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INCLUDING APLAT BOOK

OF

OF THE

VILLAGES, CITIES AND TOWNSHIPS OF THE COUNTY. MAP OF THE STATE, UNITED STATES AND WORLD. Patrons Directory, Reference Business Directory and Departments devoted to General Information. ANALYSIS OF THE SYSTEM OF U.S. LAND SURVEYS, DIGEST OF THE

SYSTEM OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT, ETG. ETC.



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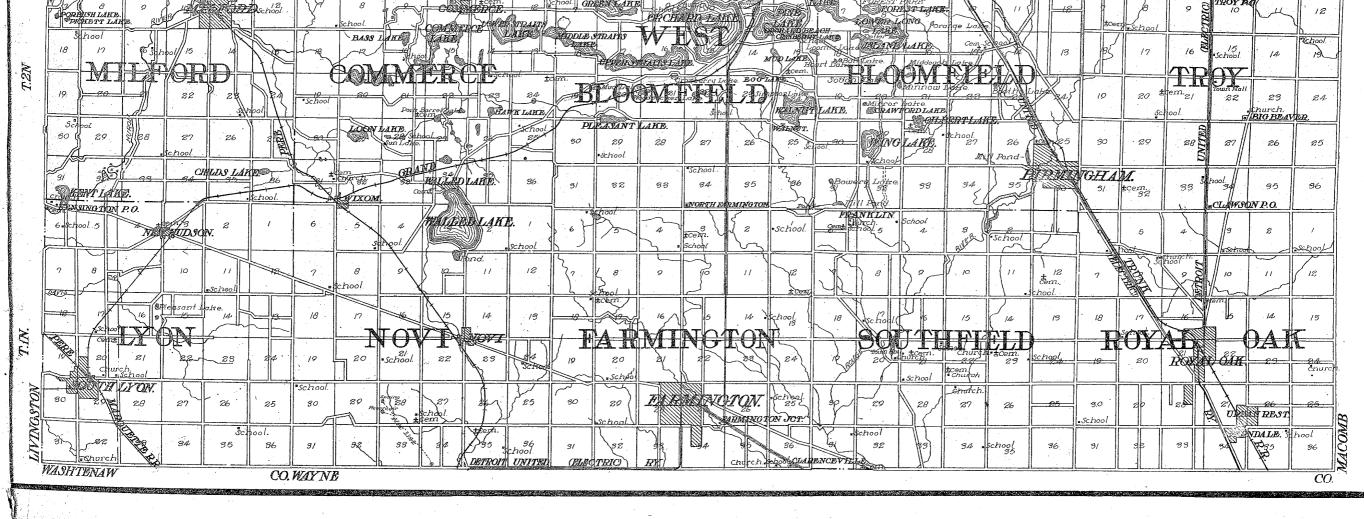
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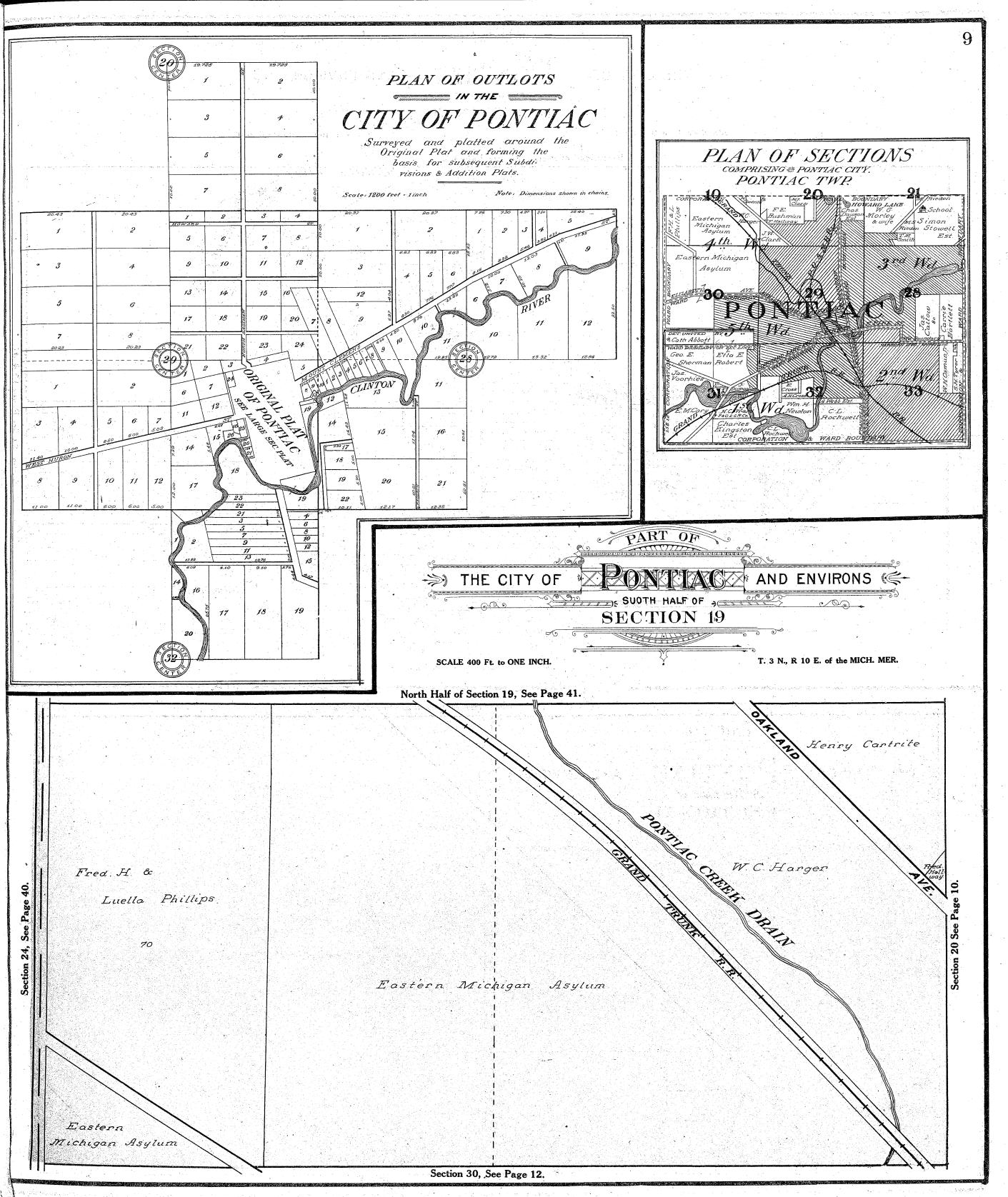
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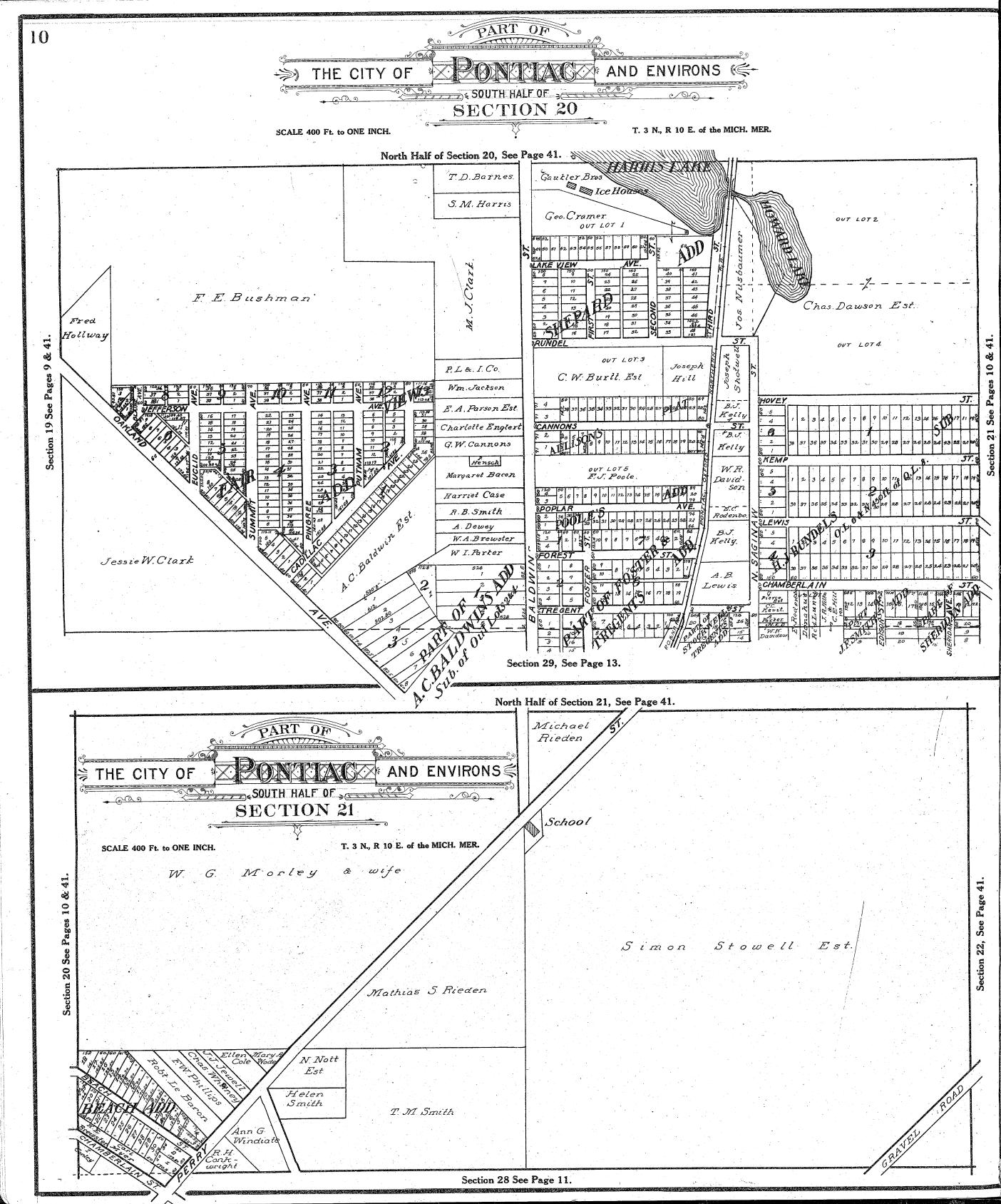
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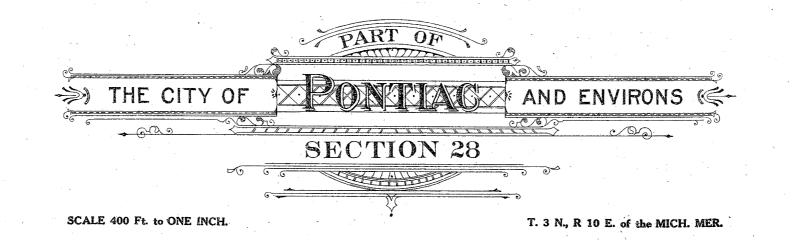
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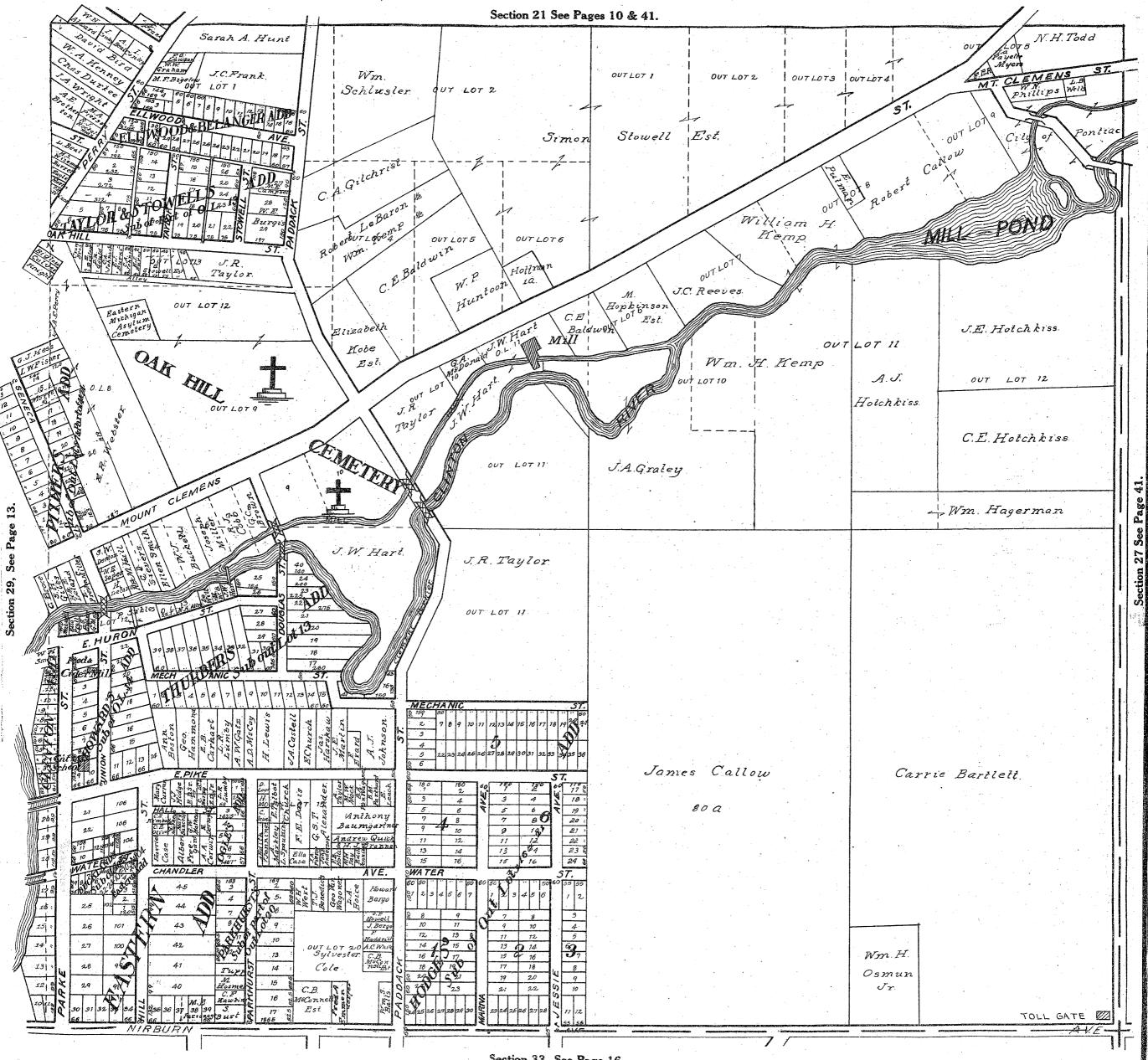
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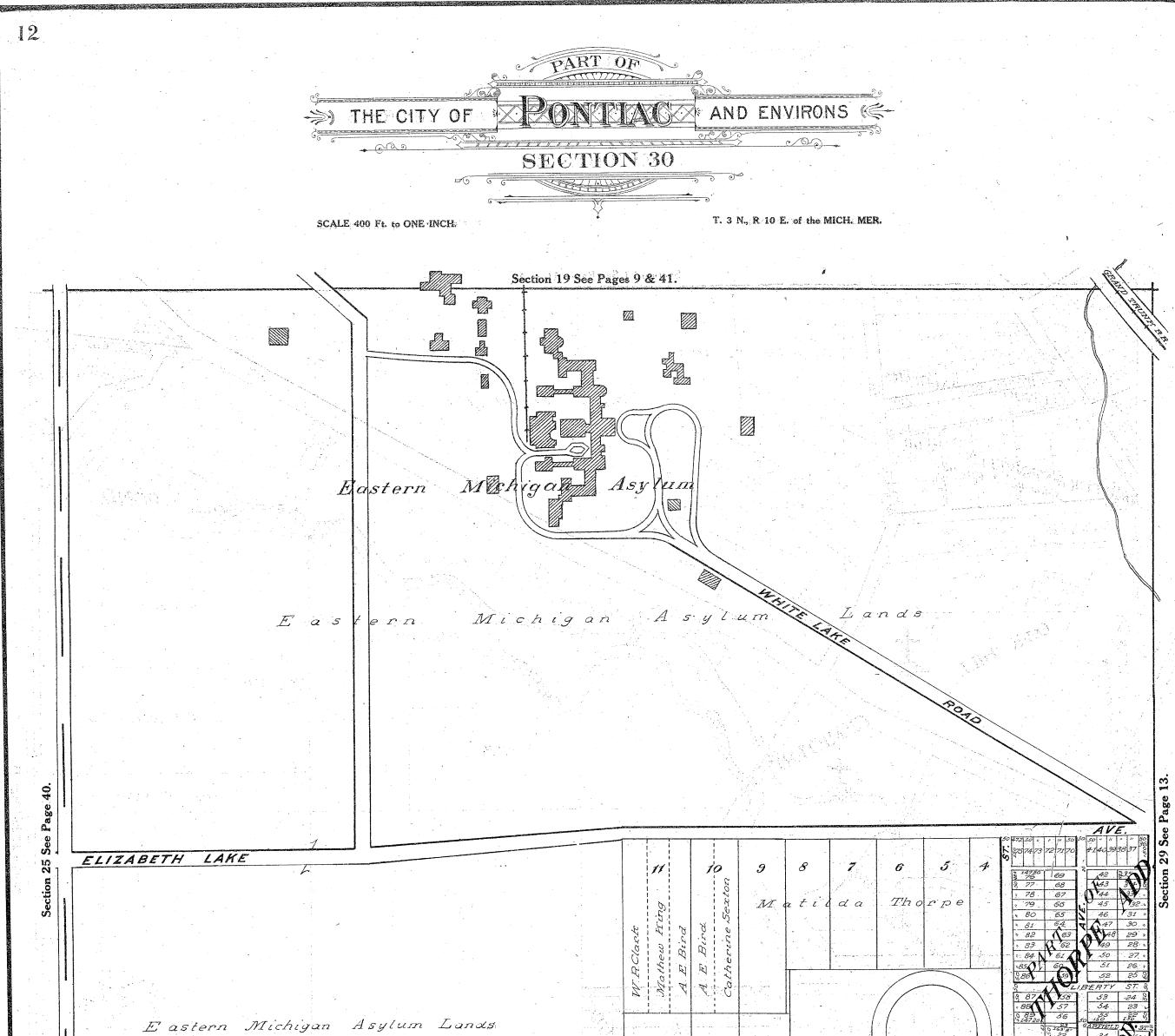




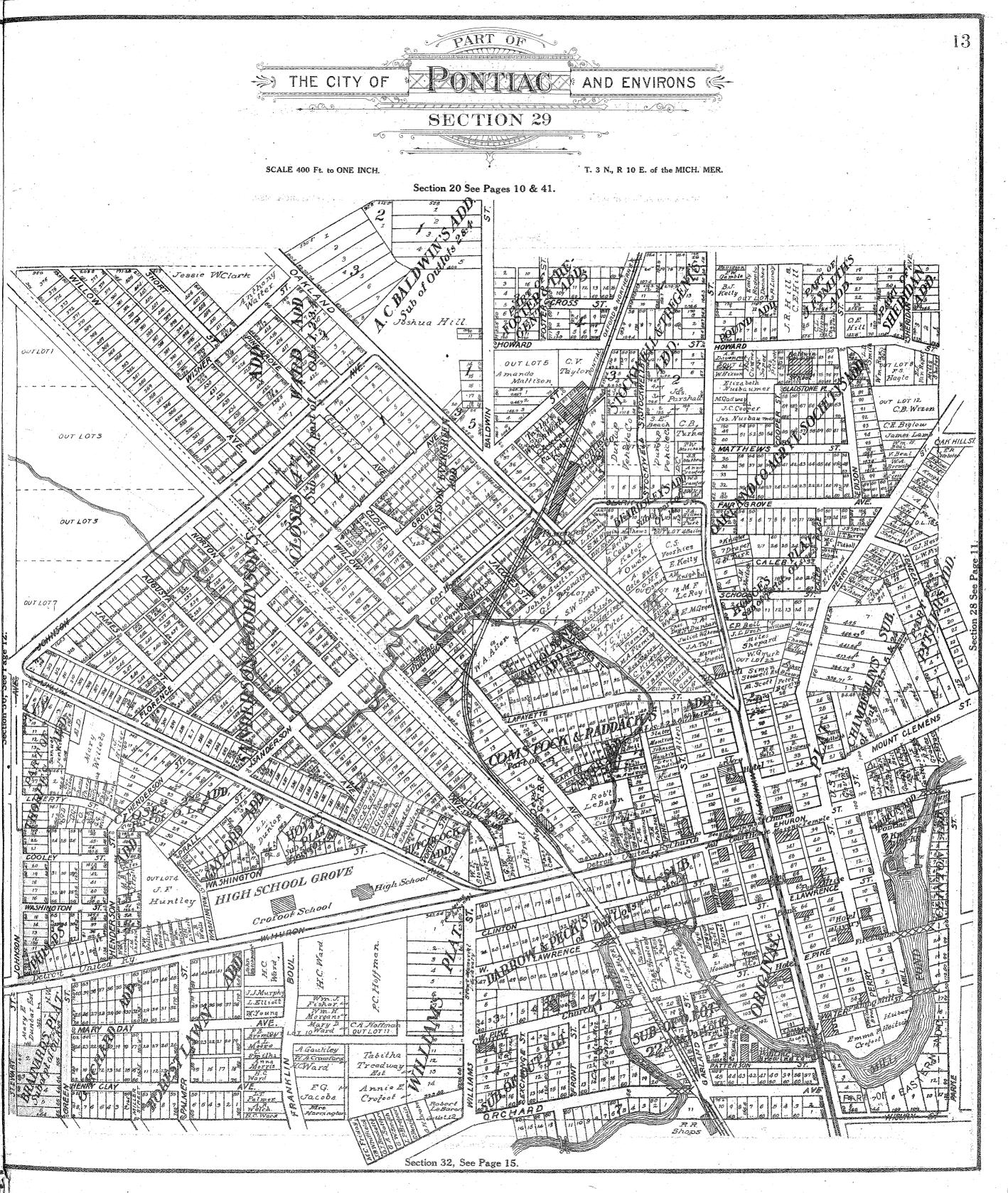


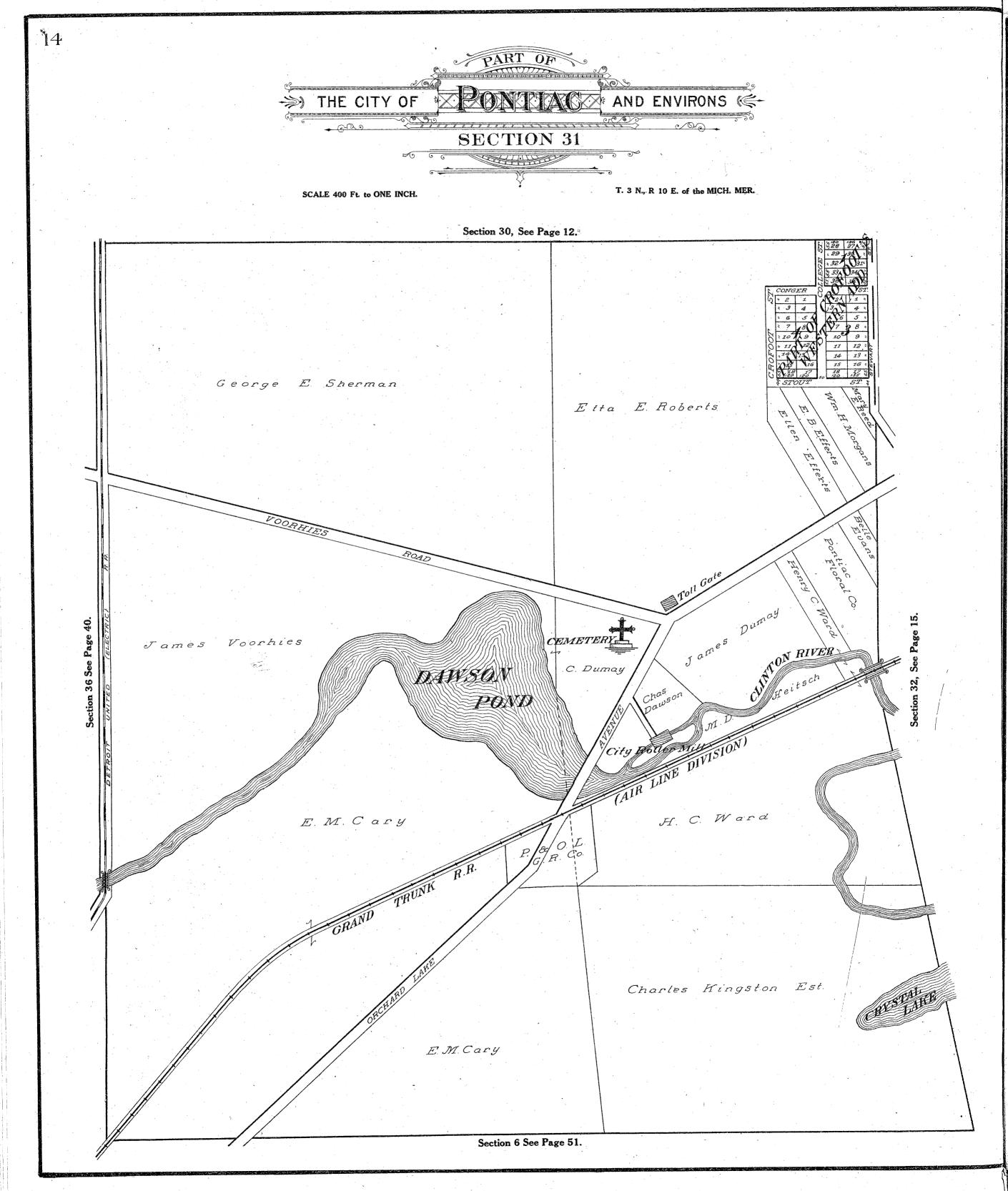


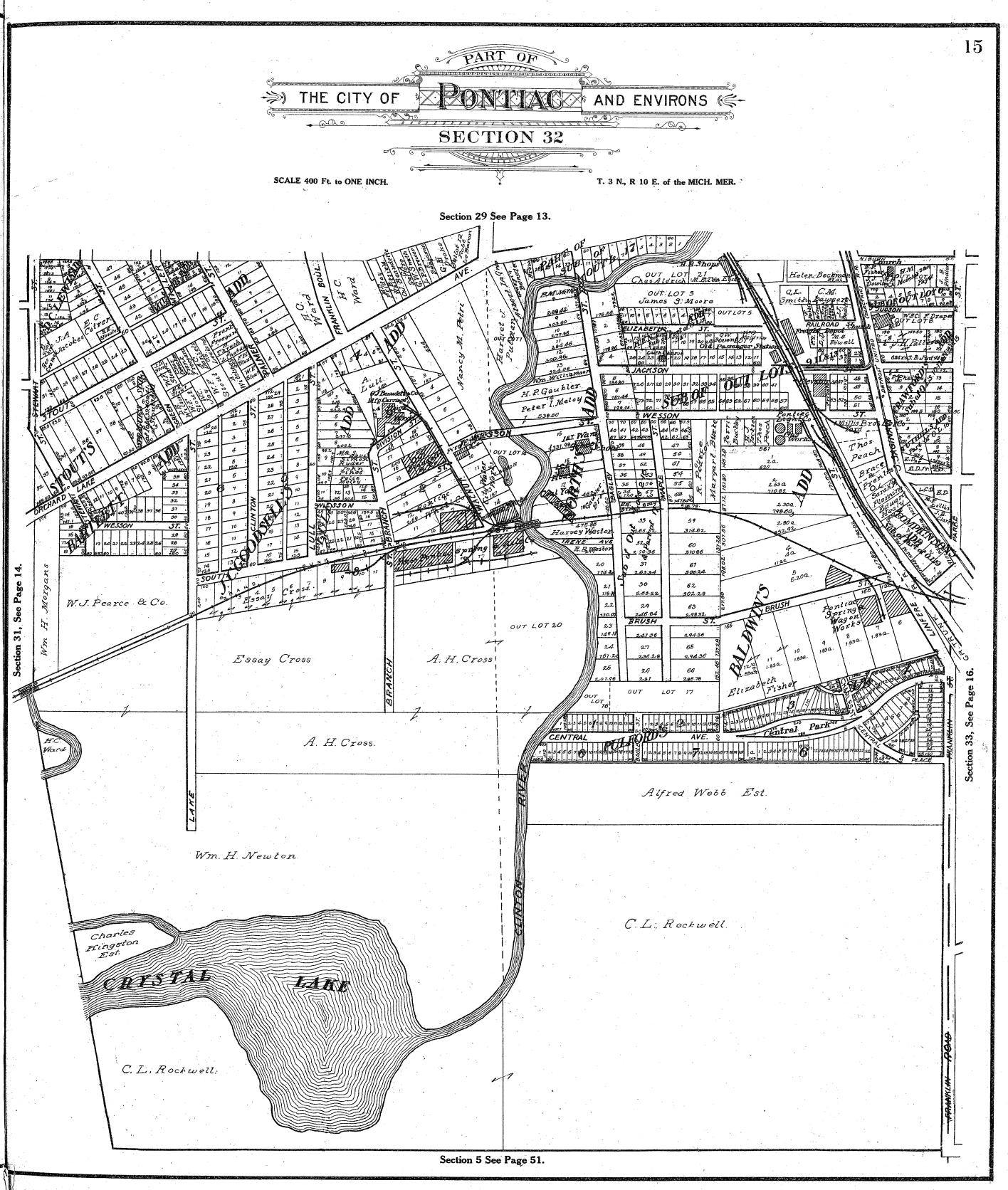
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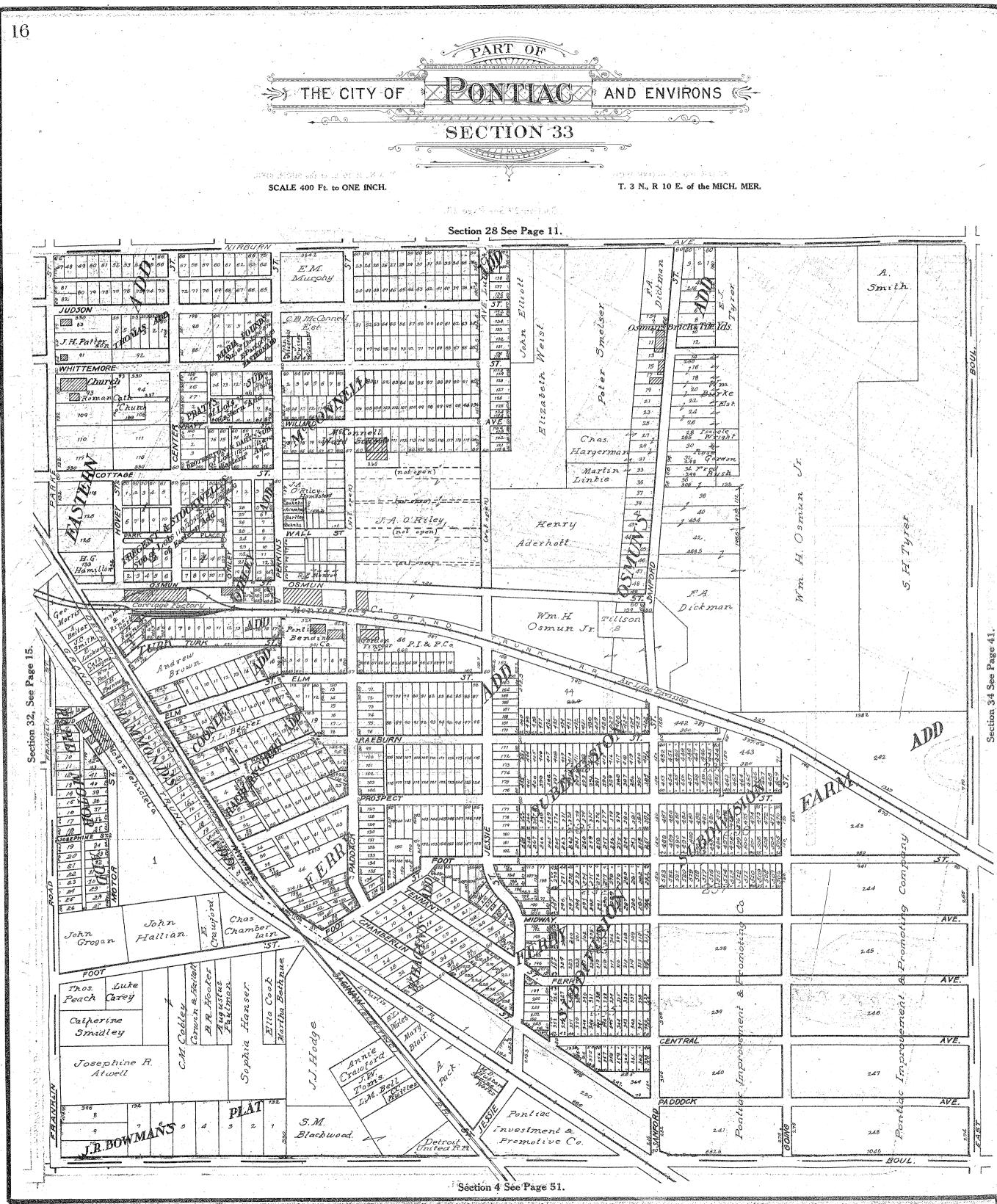


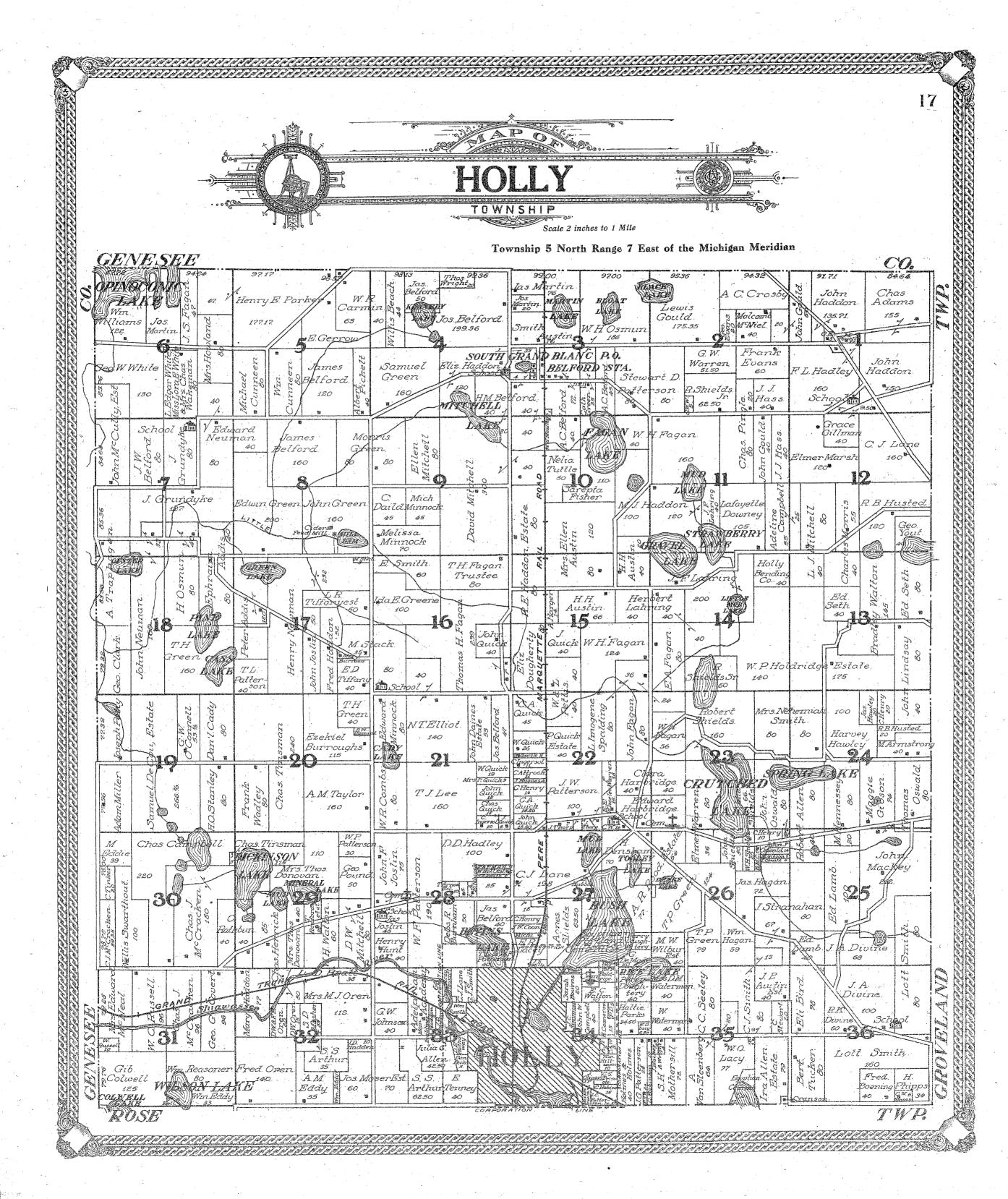
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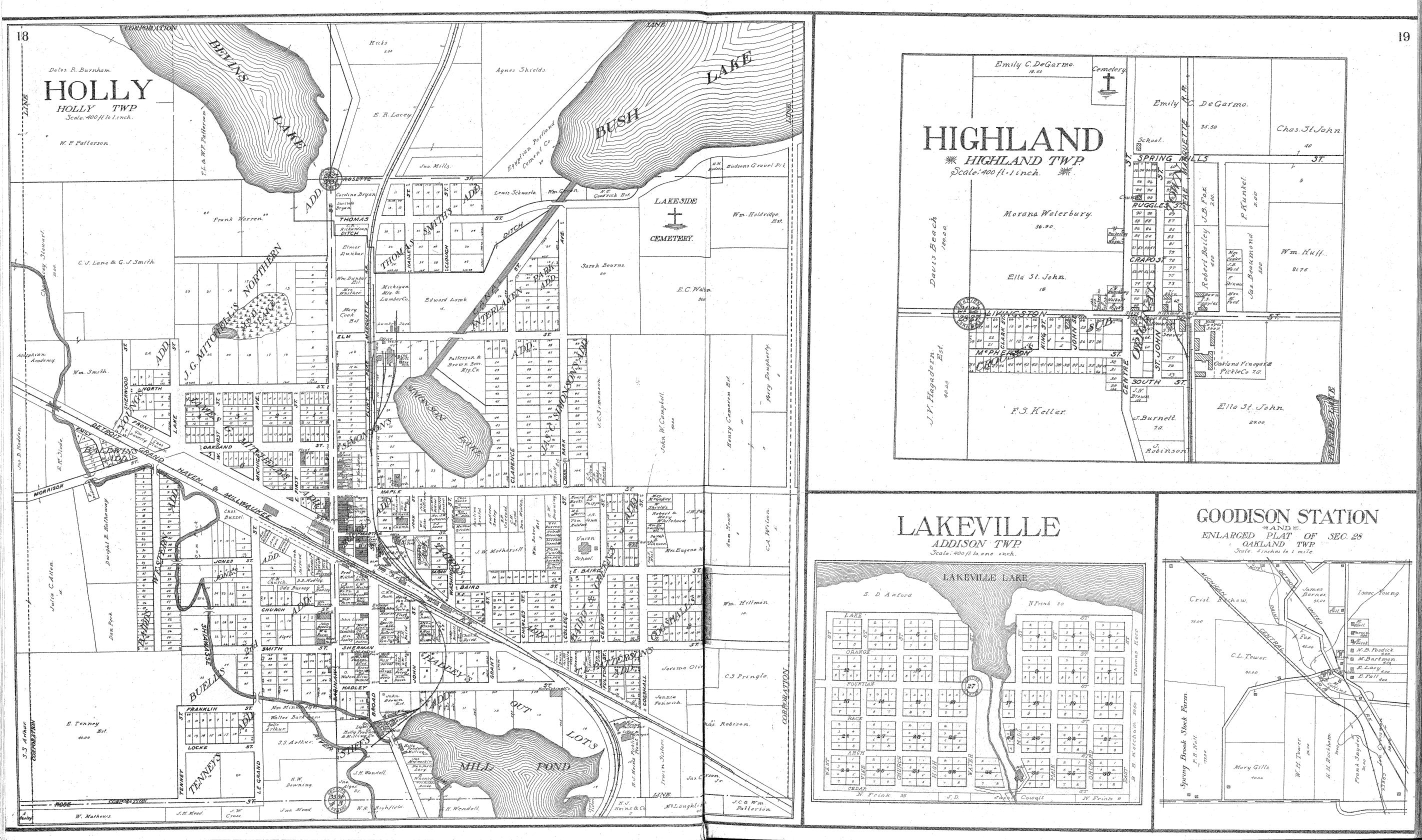




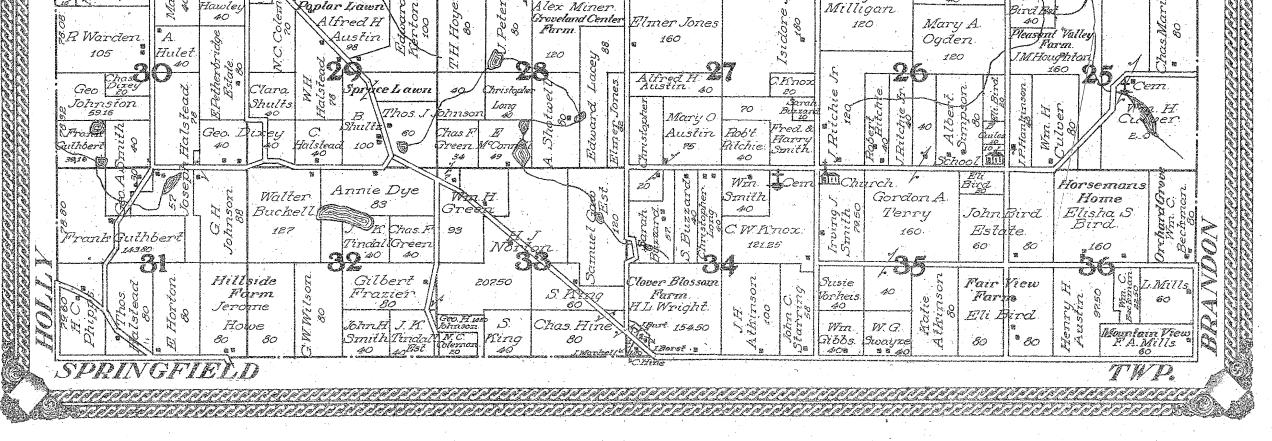




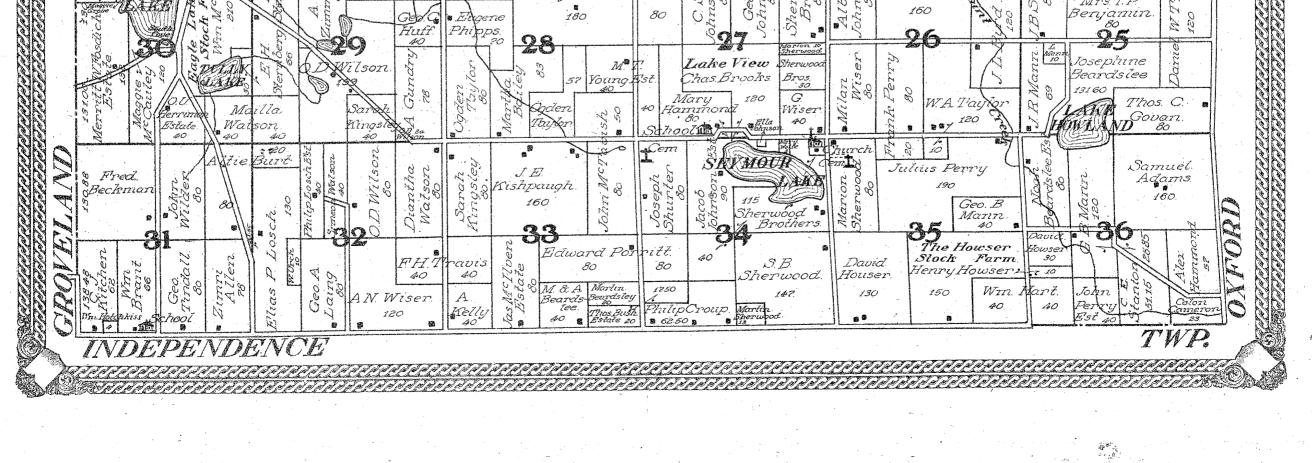


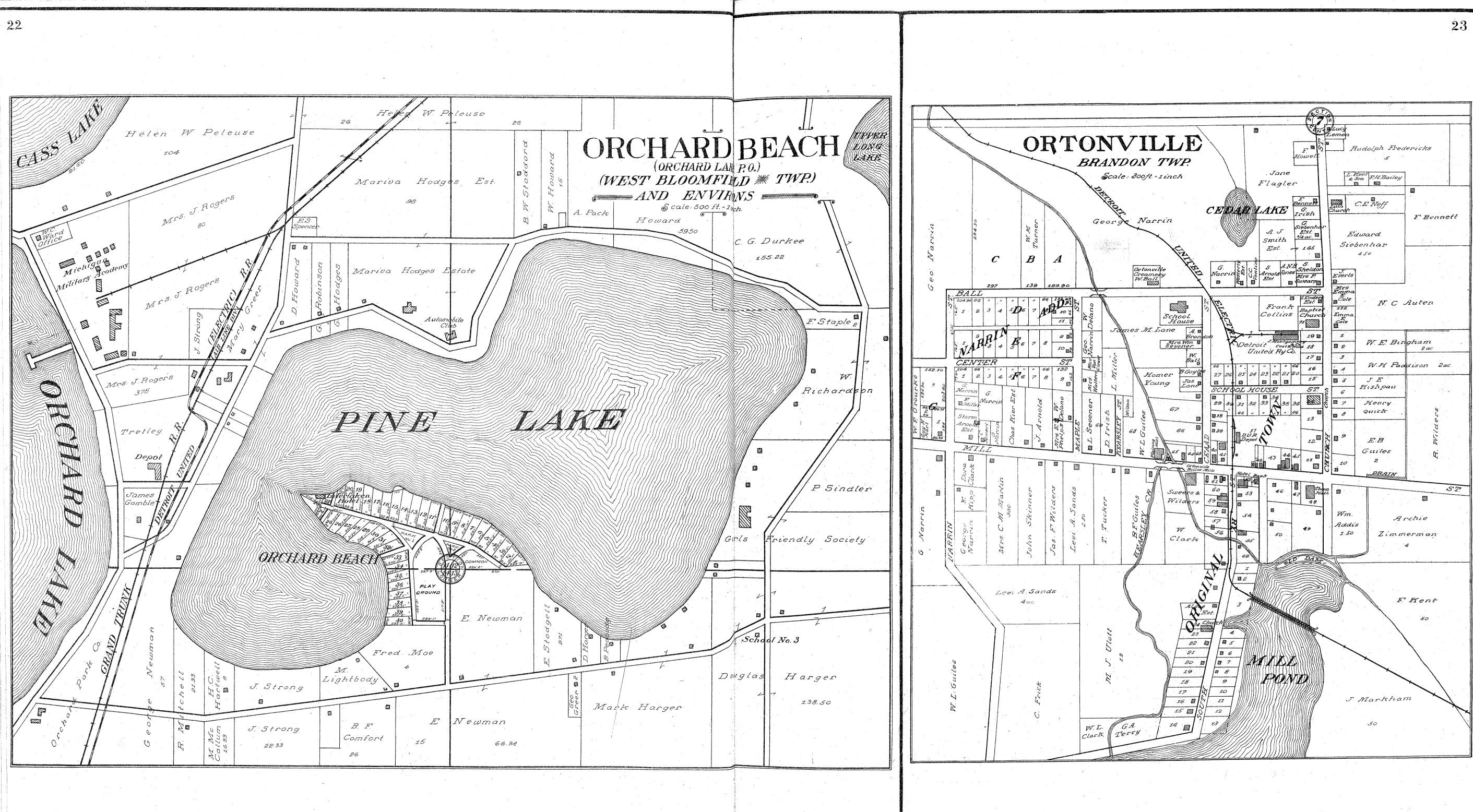


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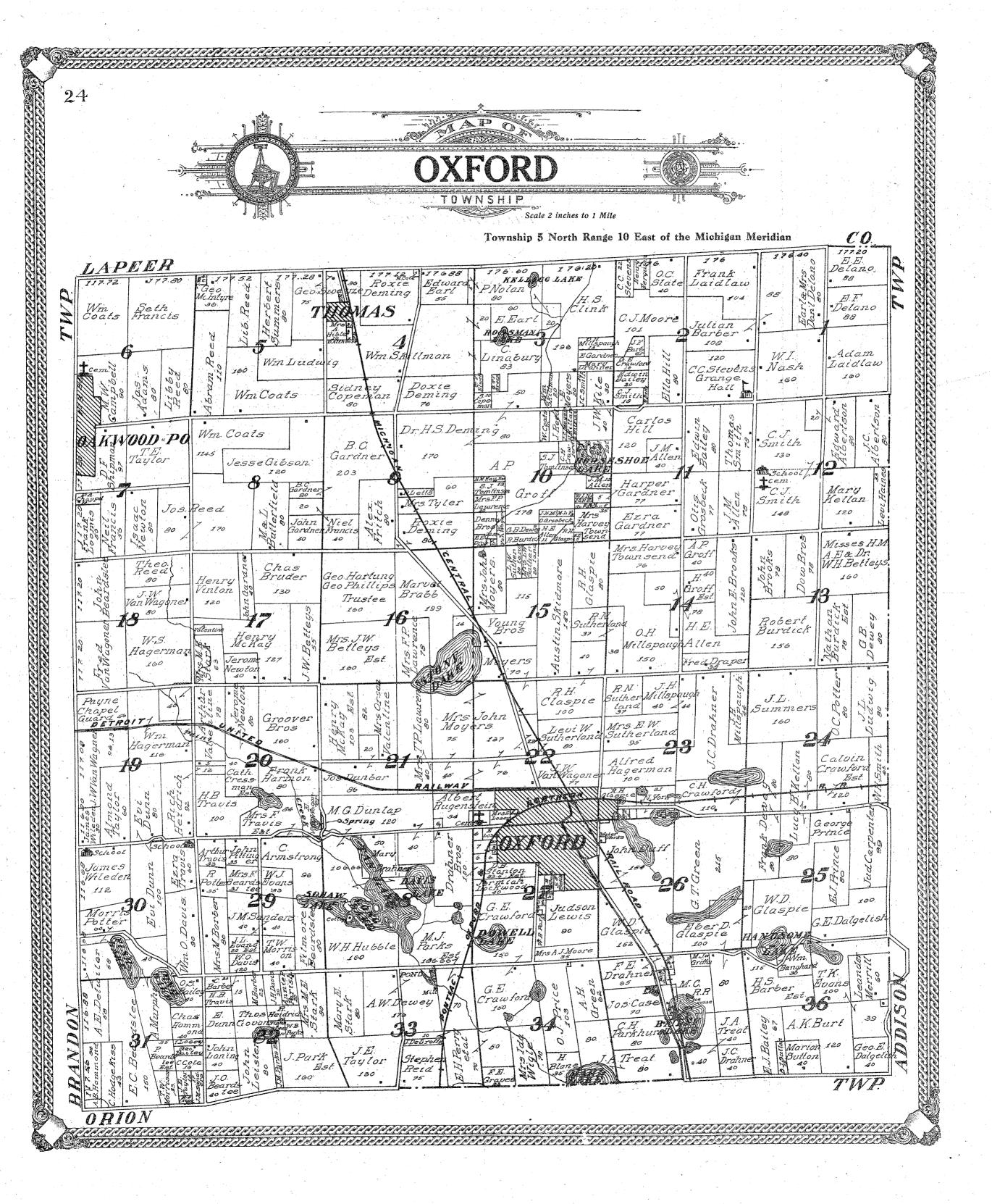


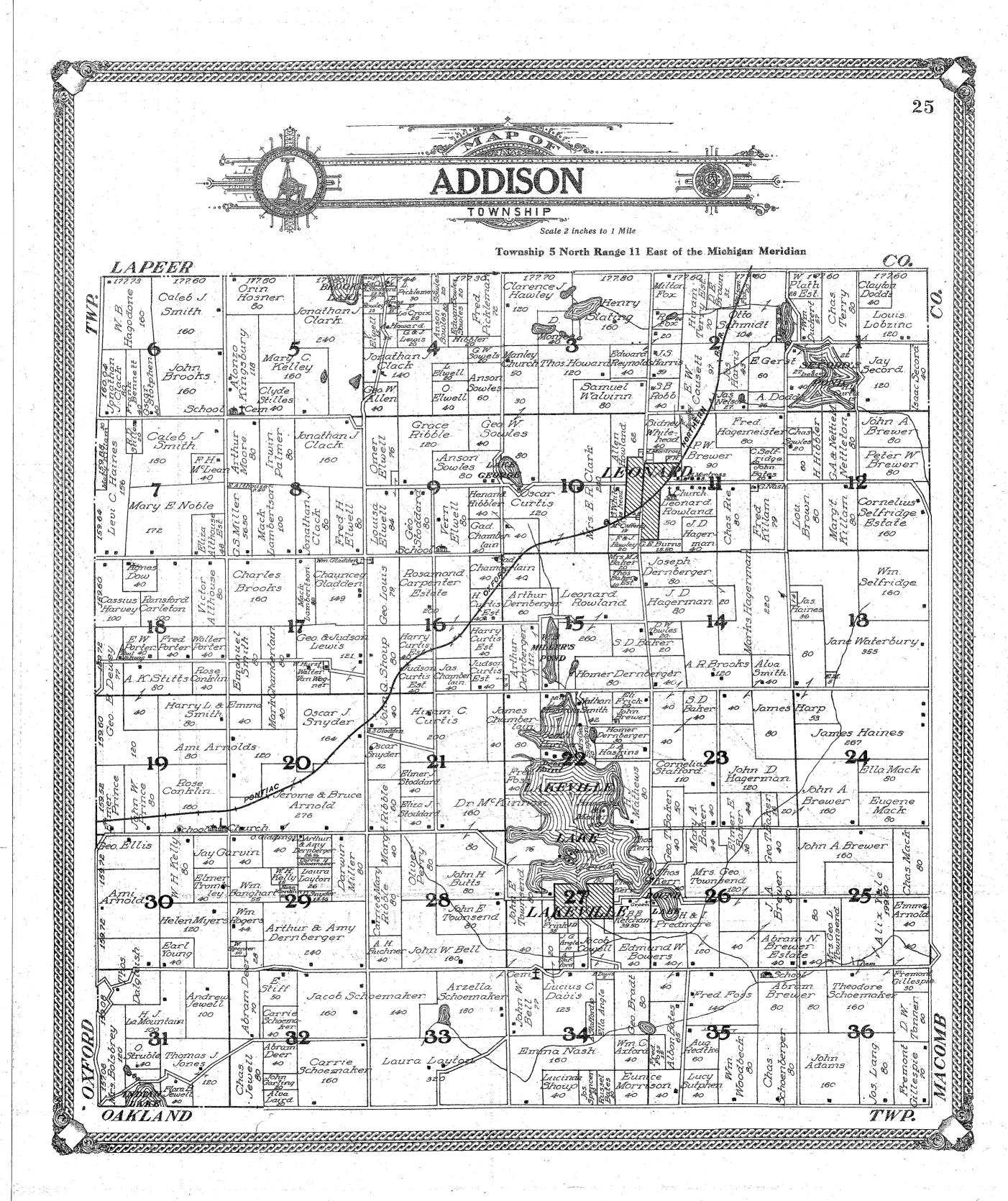
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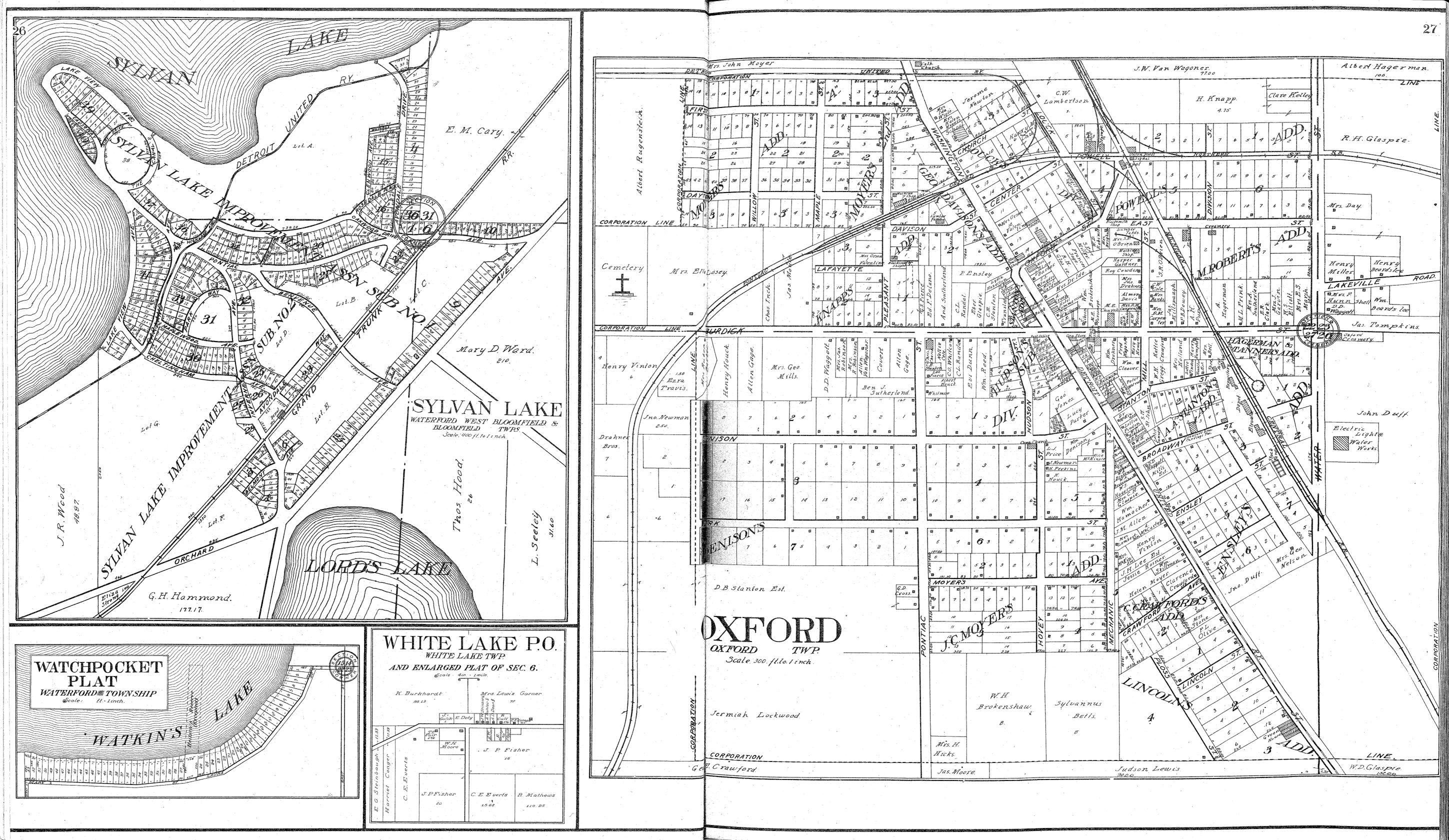




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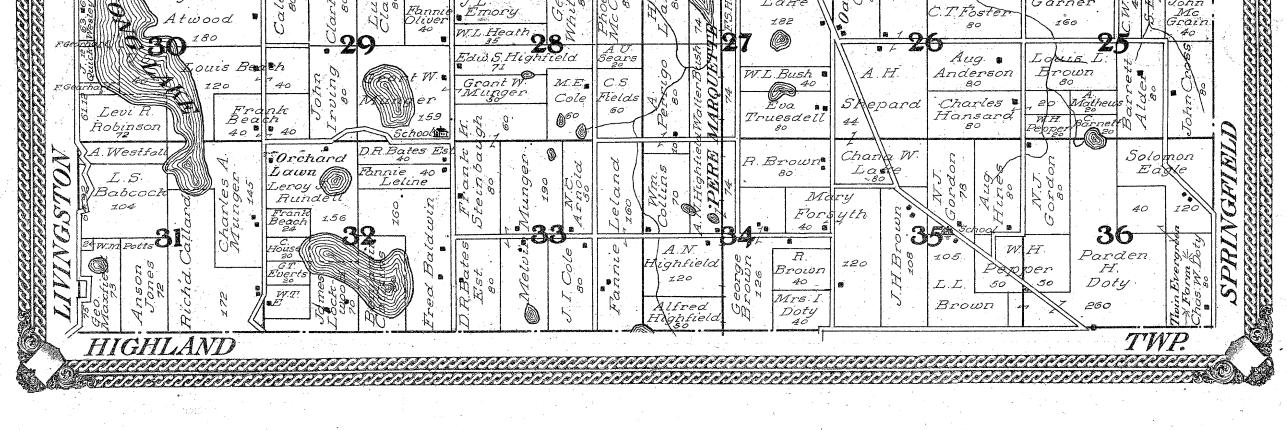


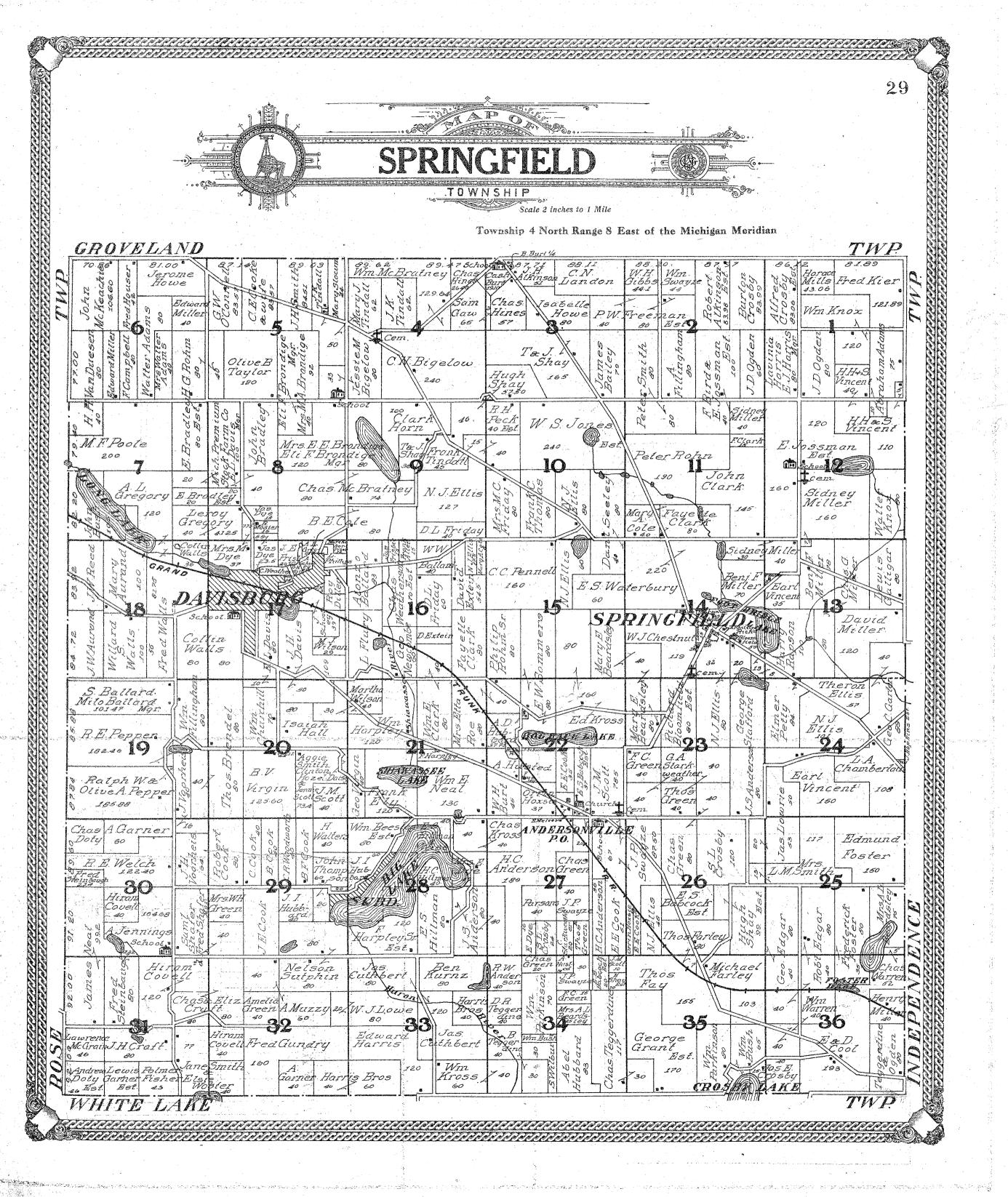


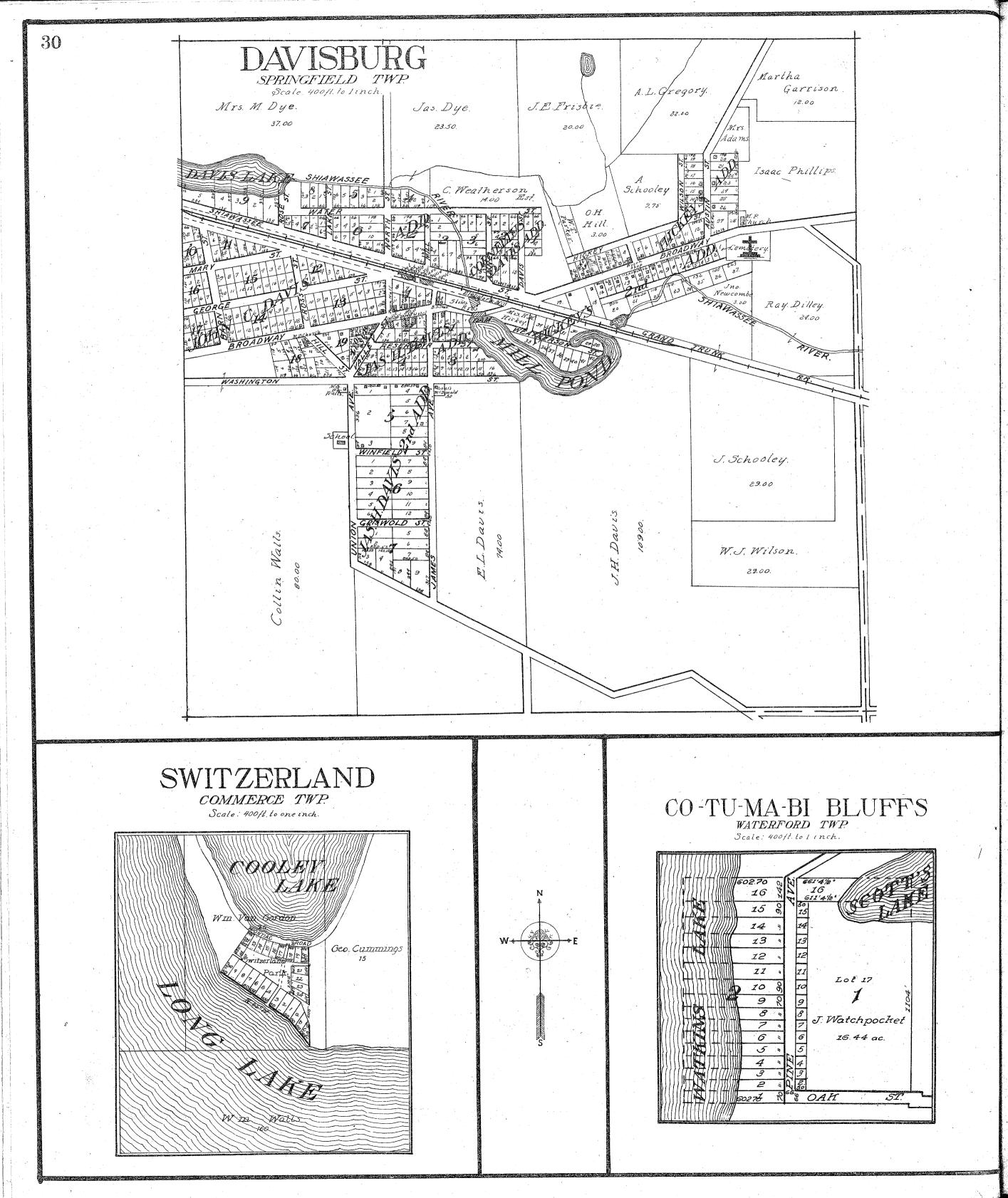


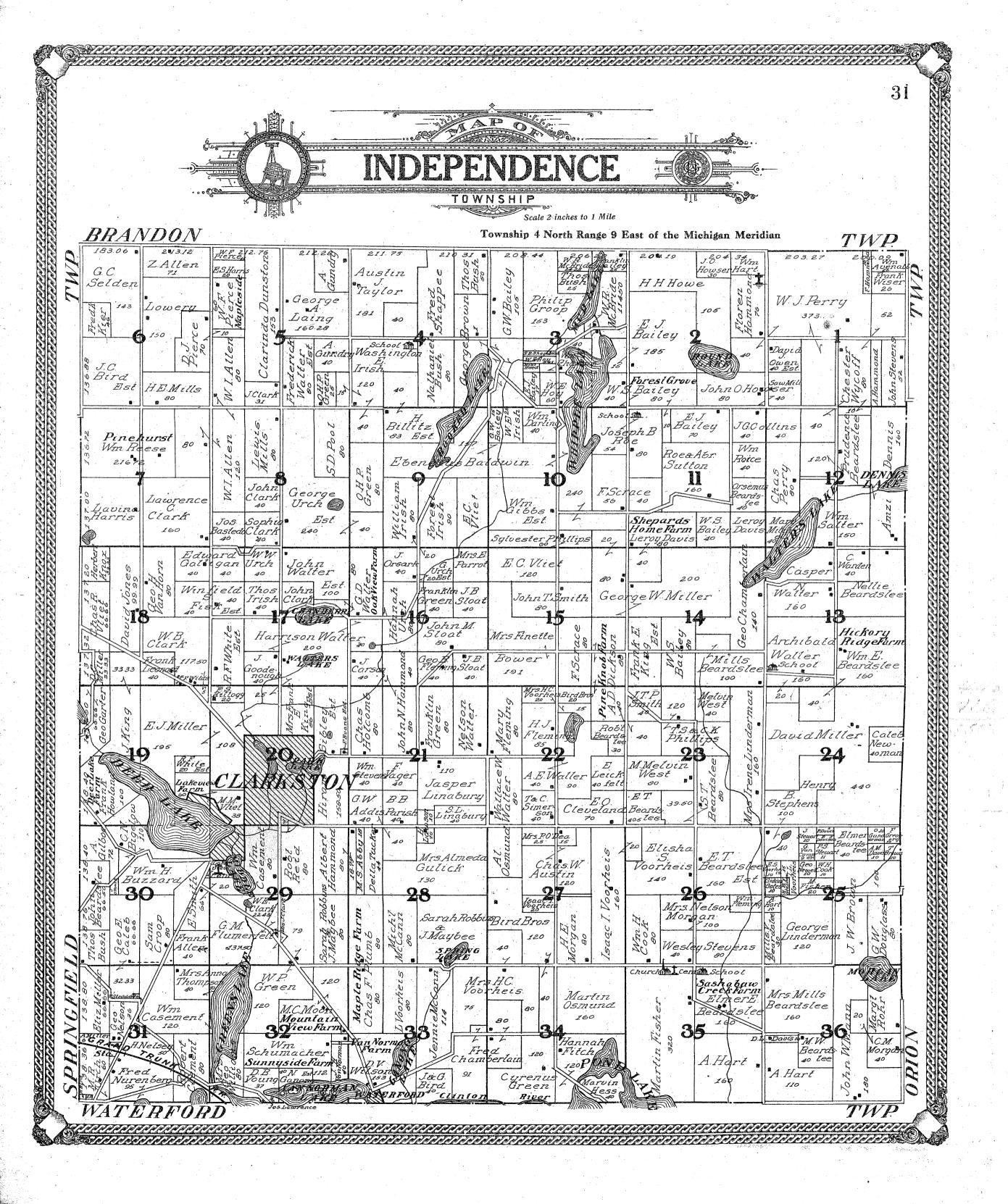
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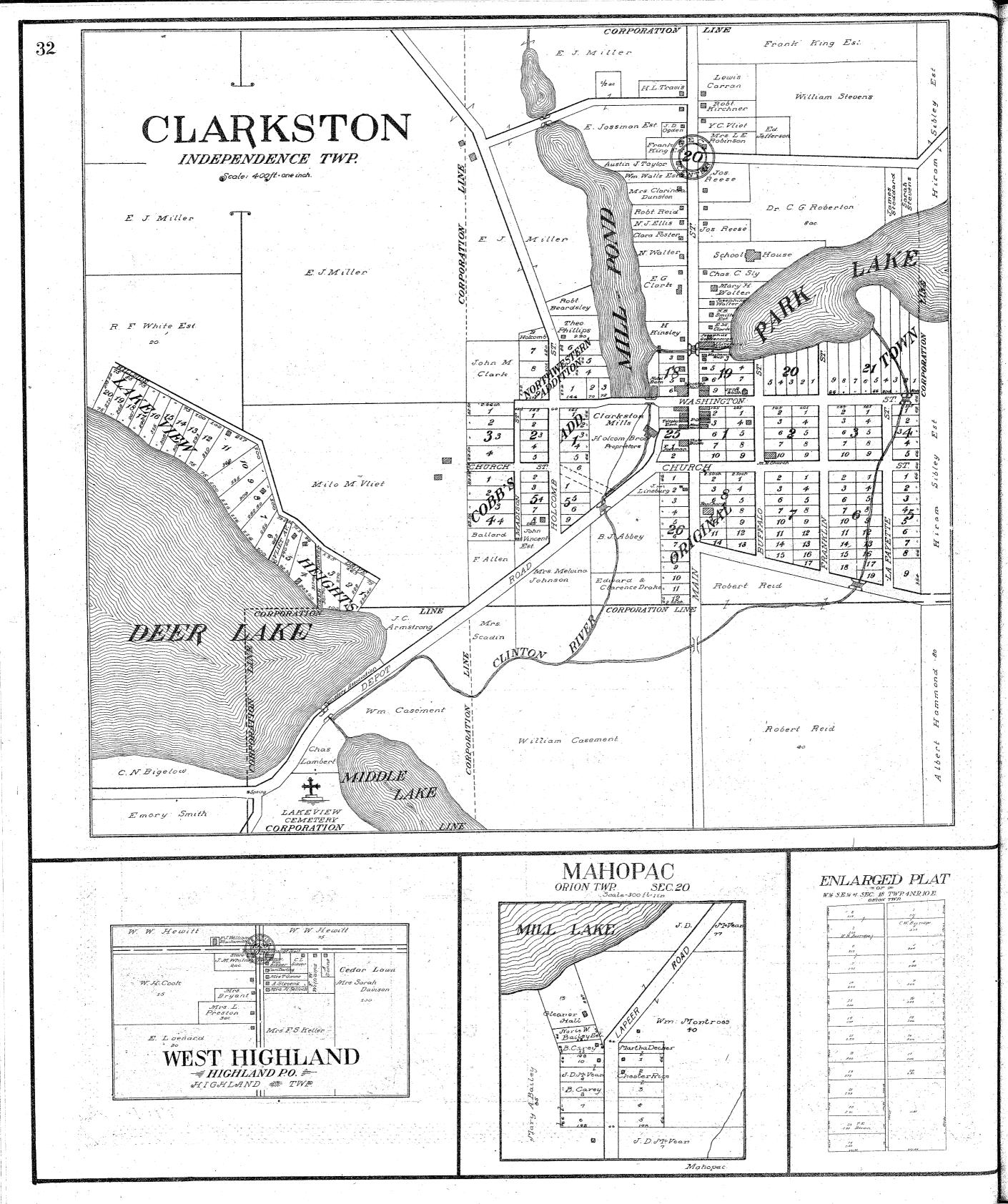
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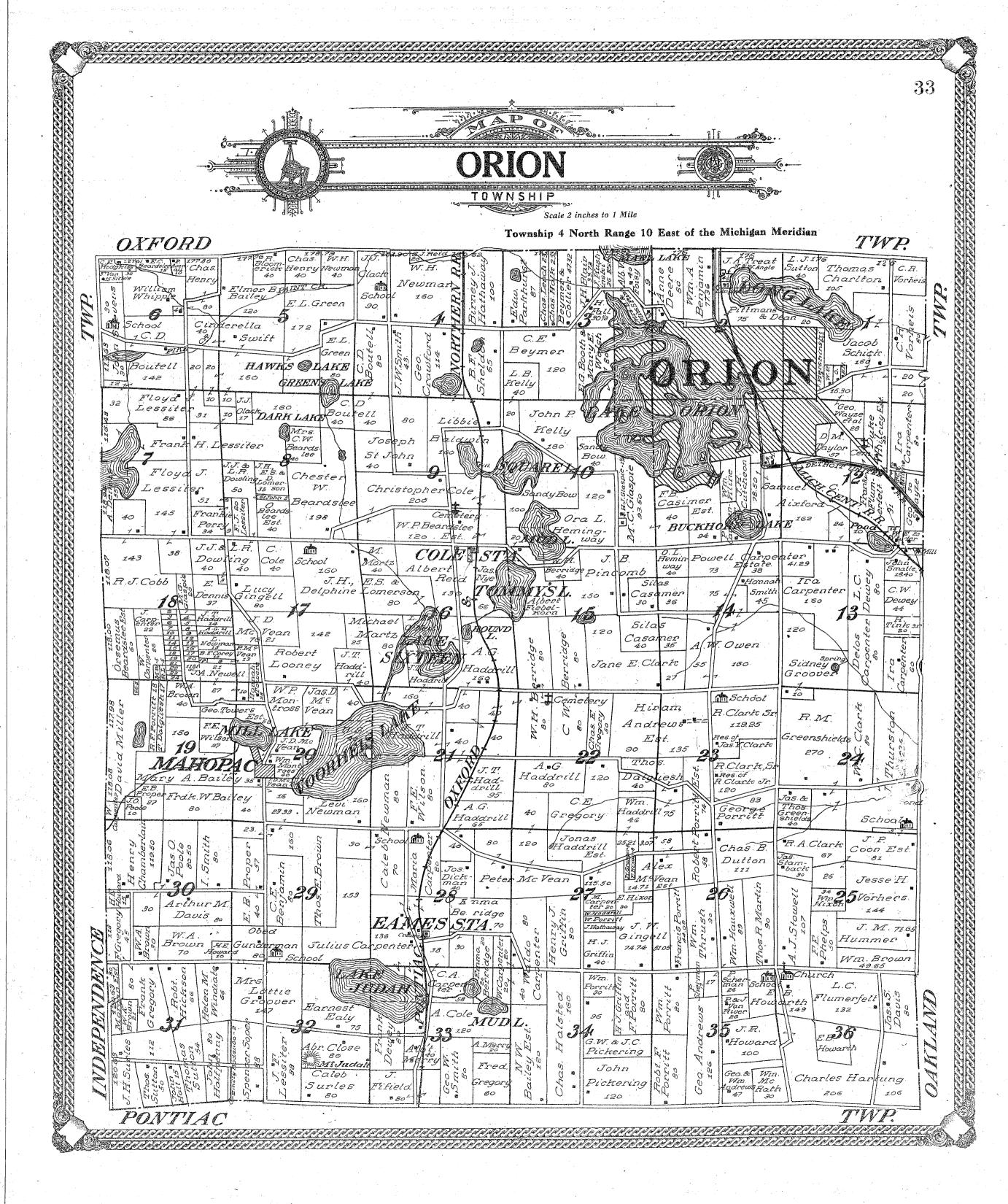


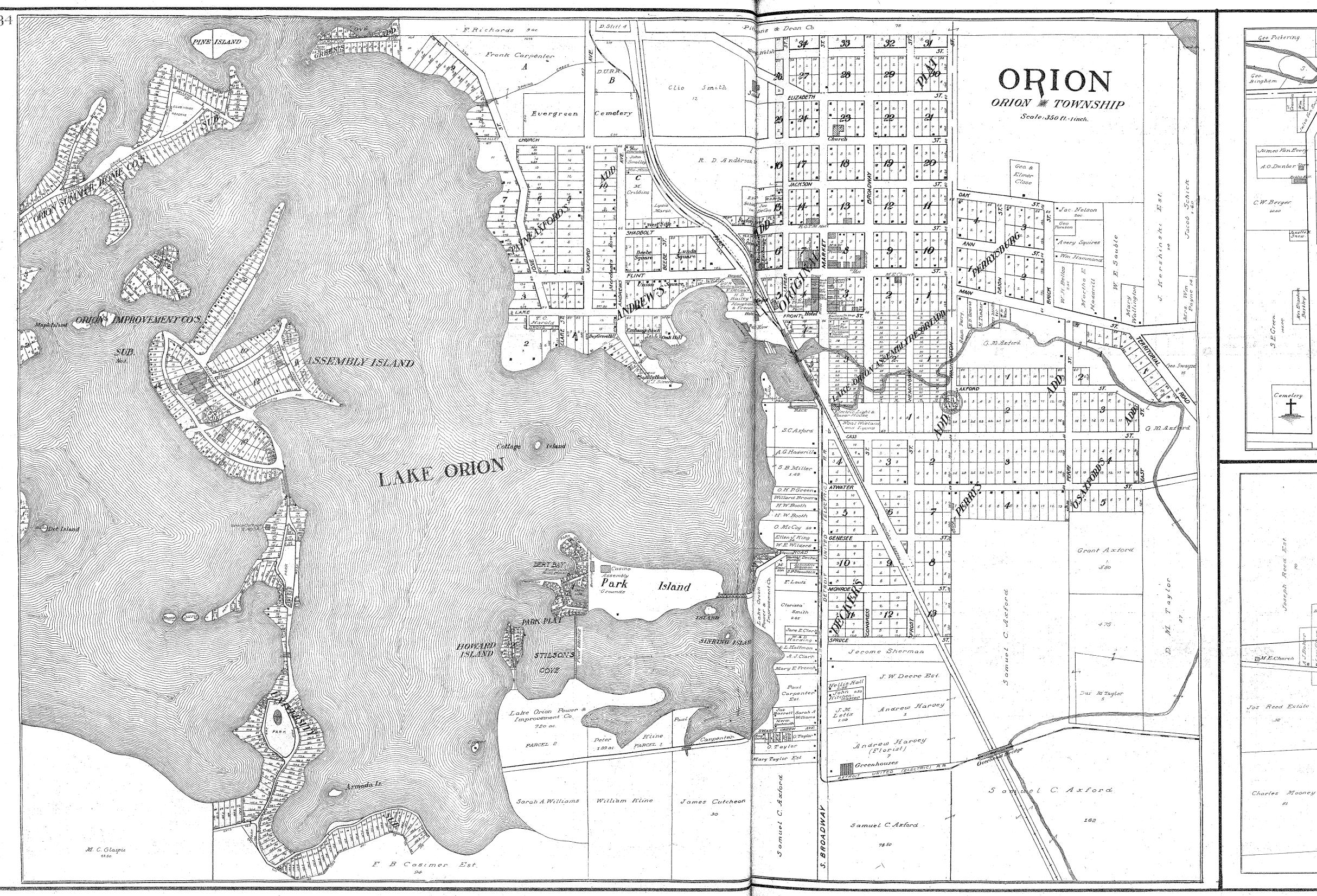




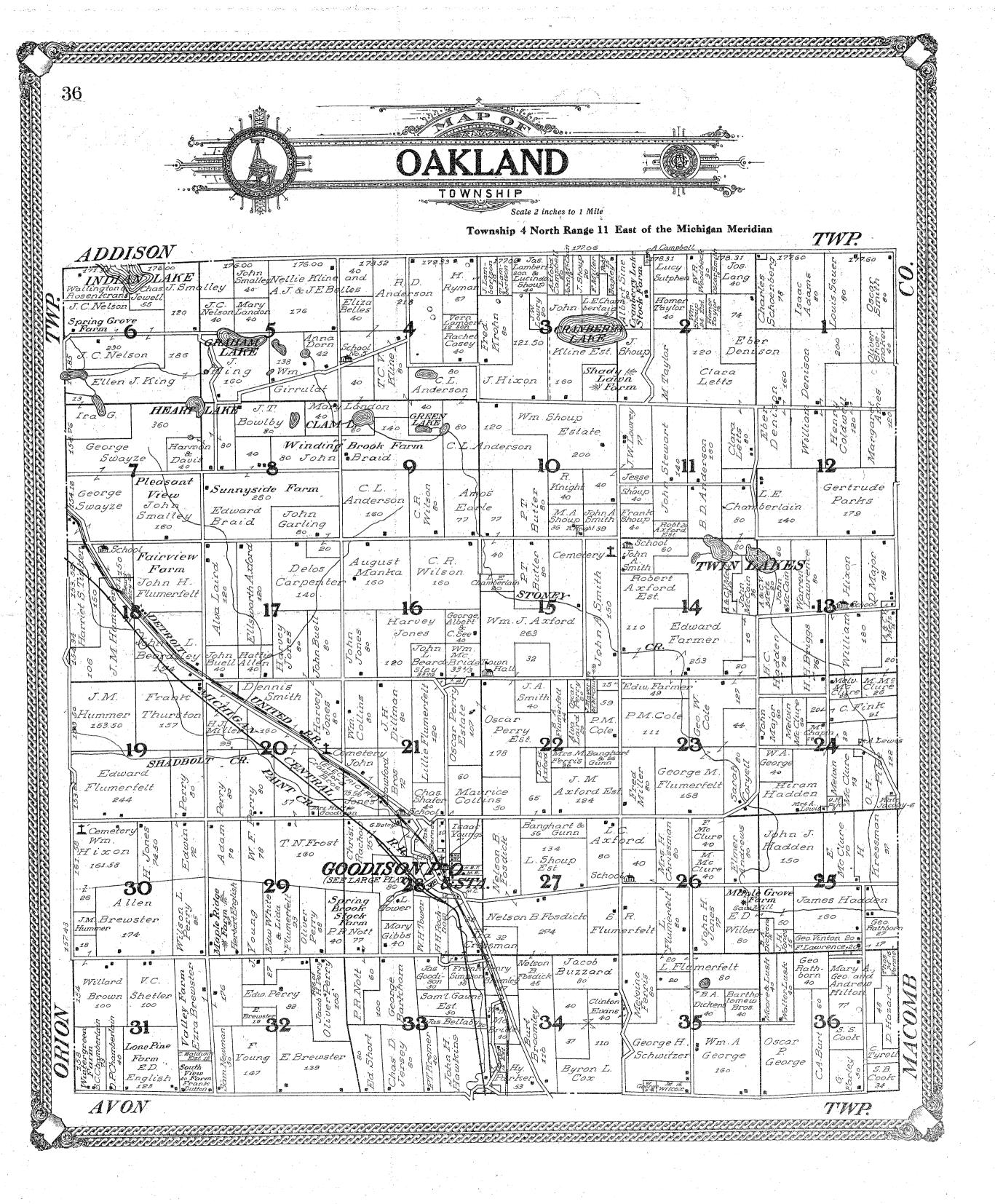


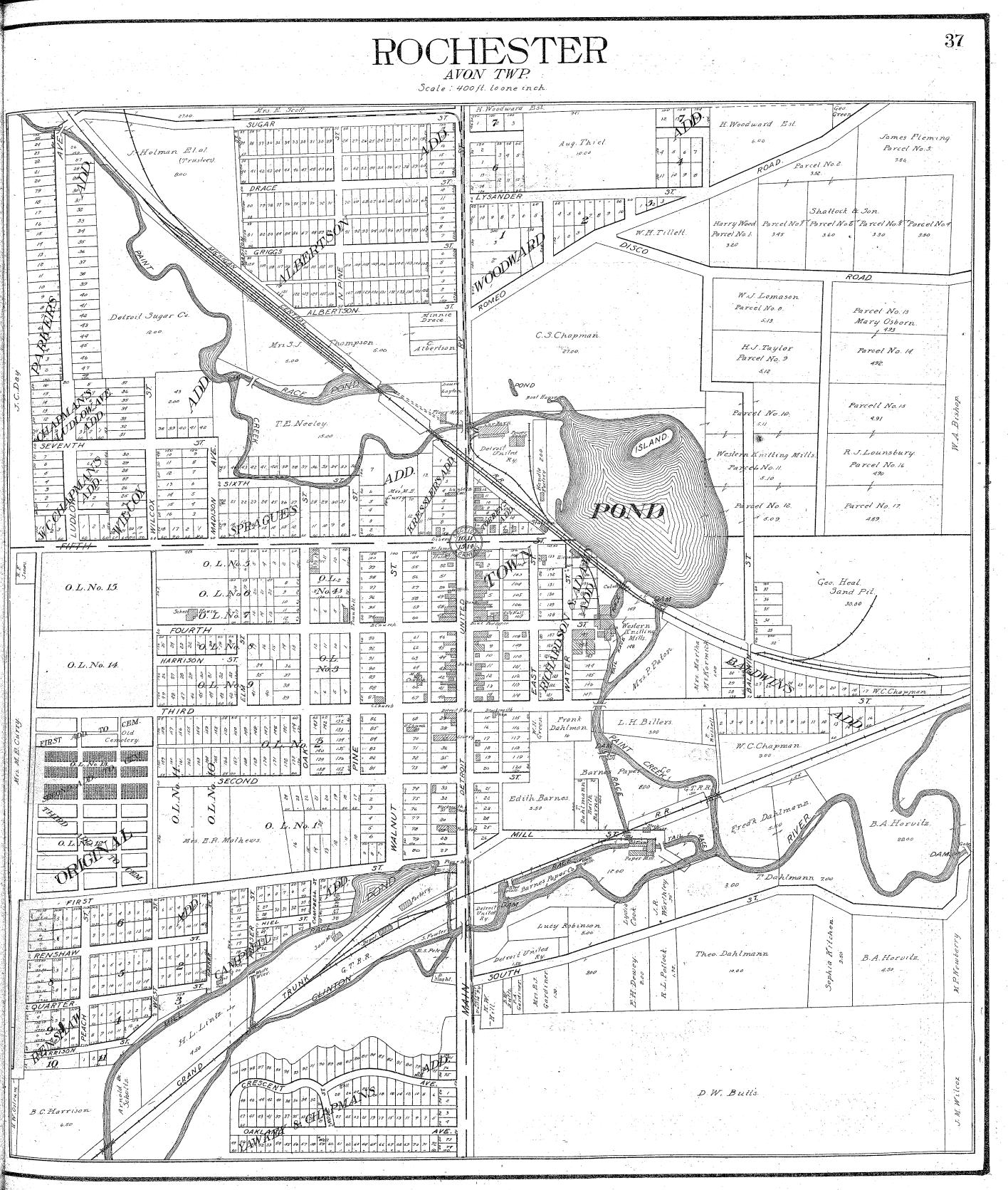


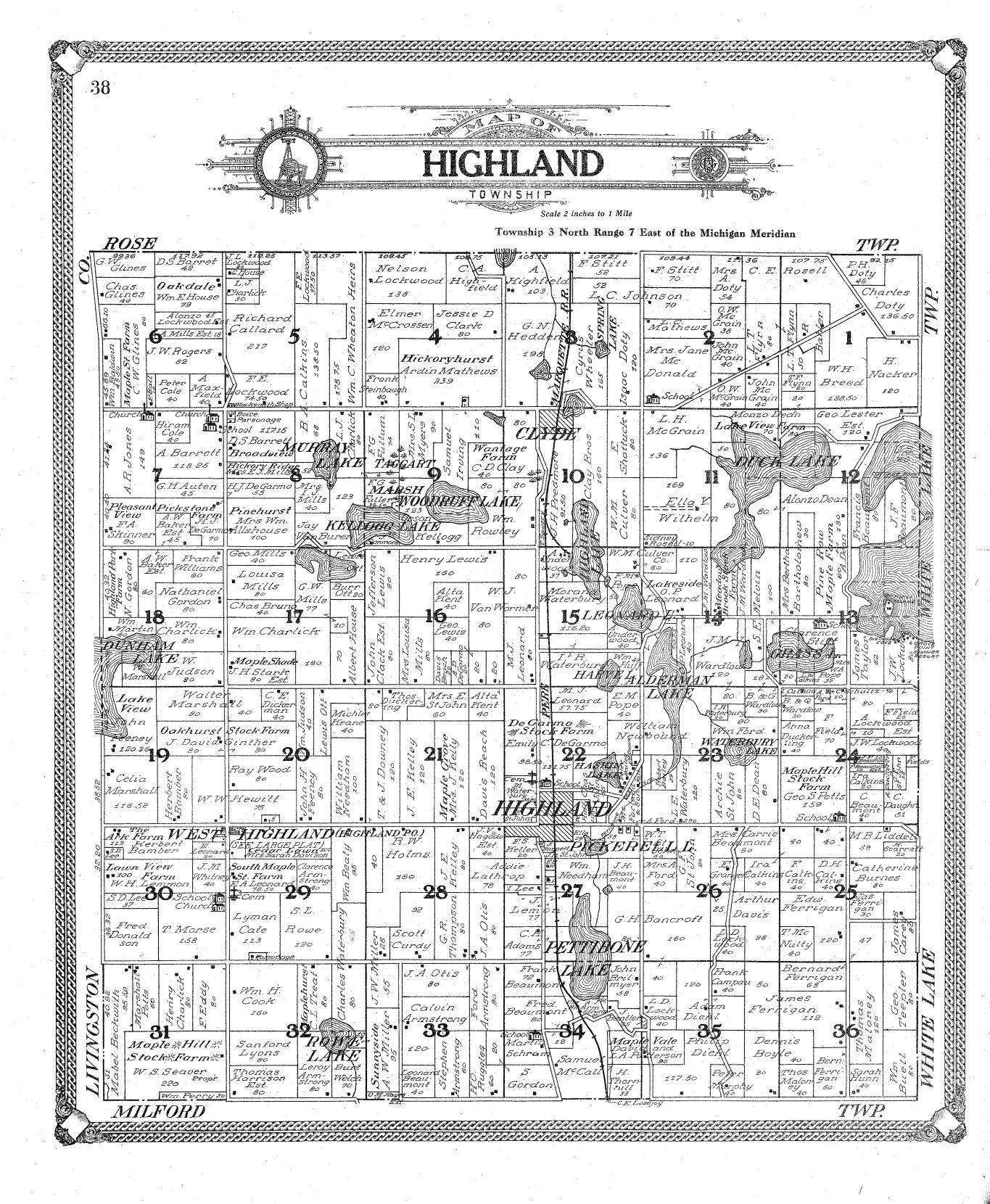




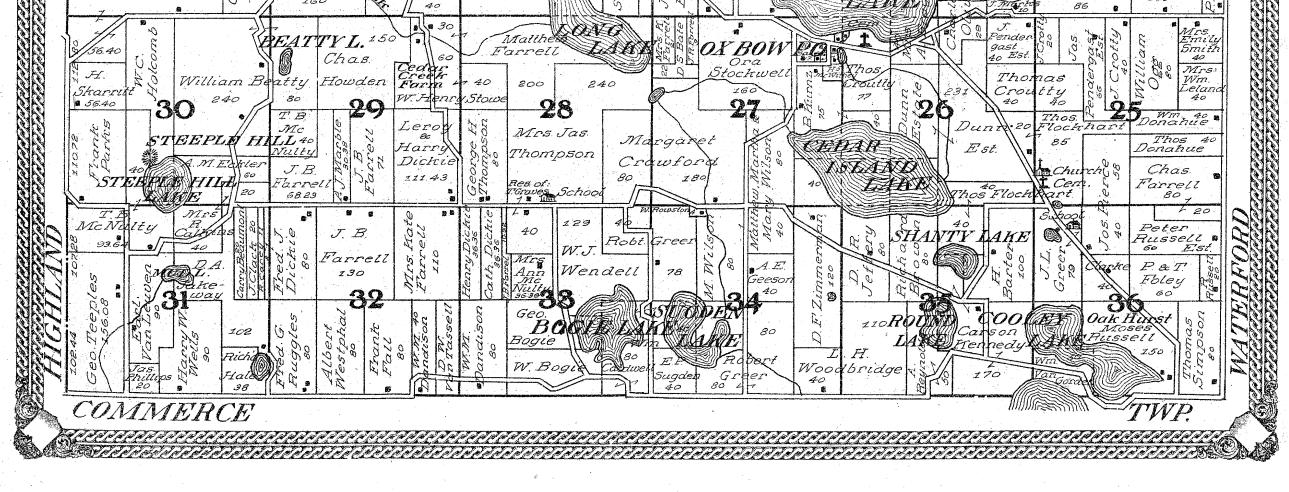
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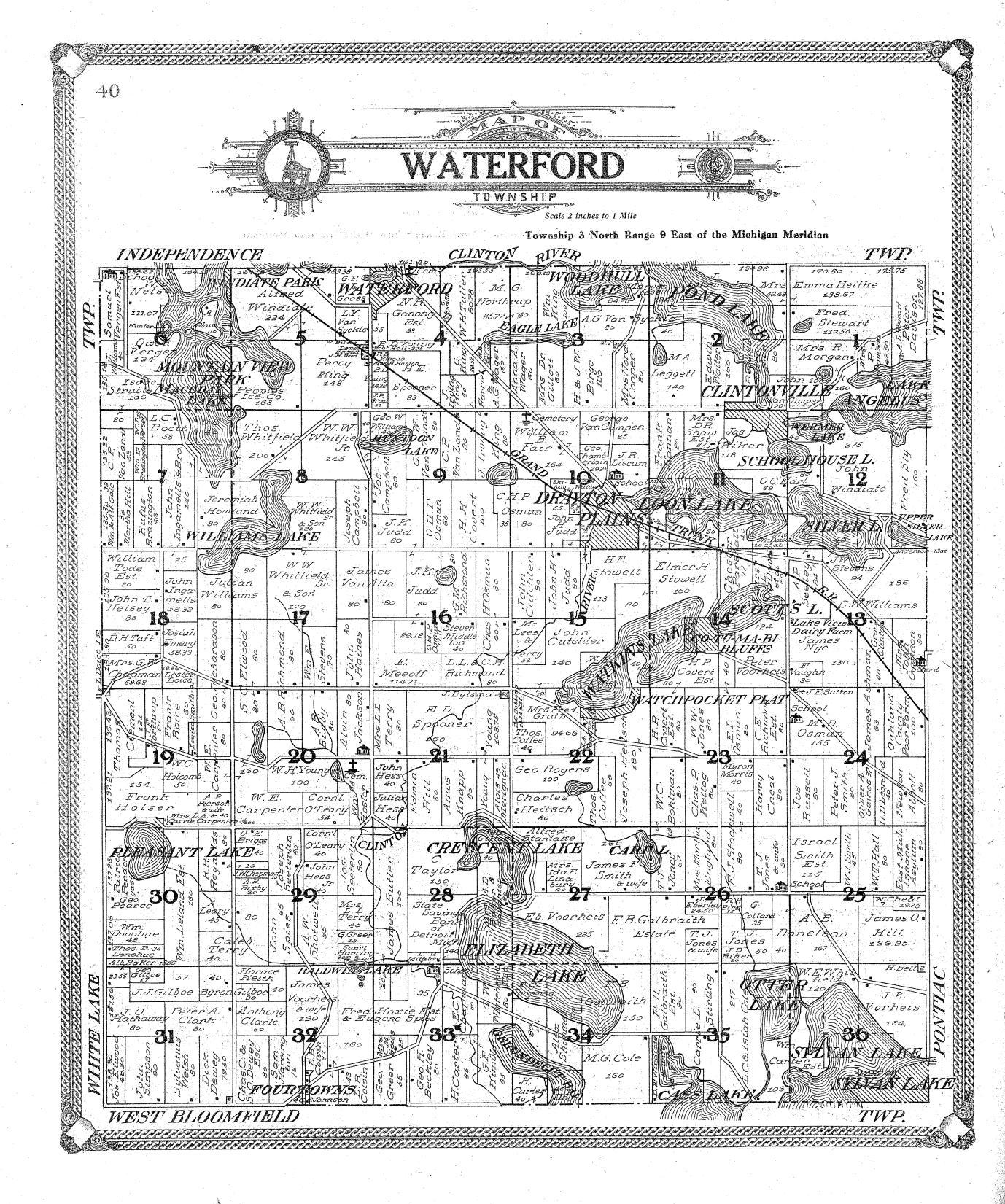


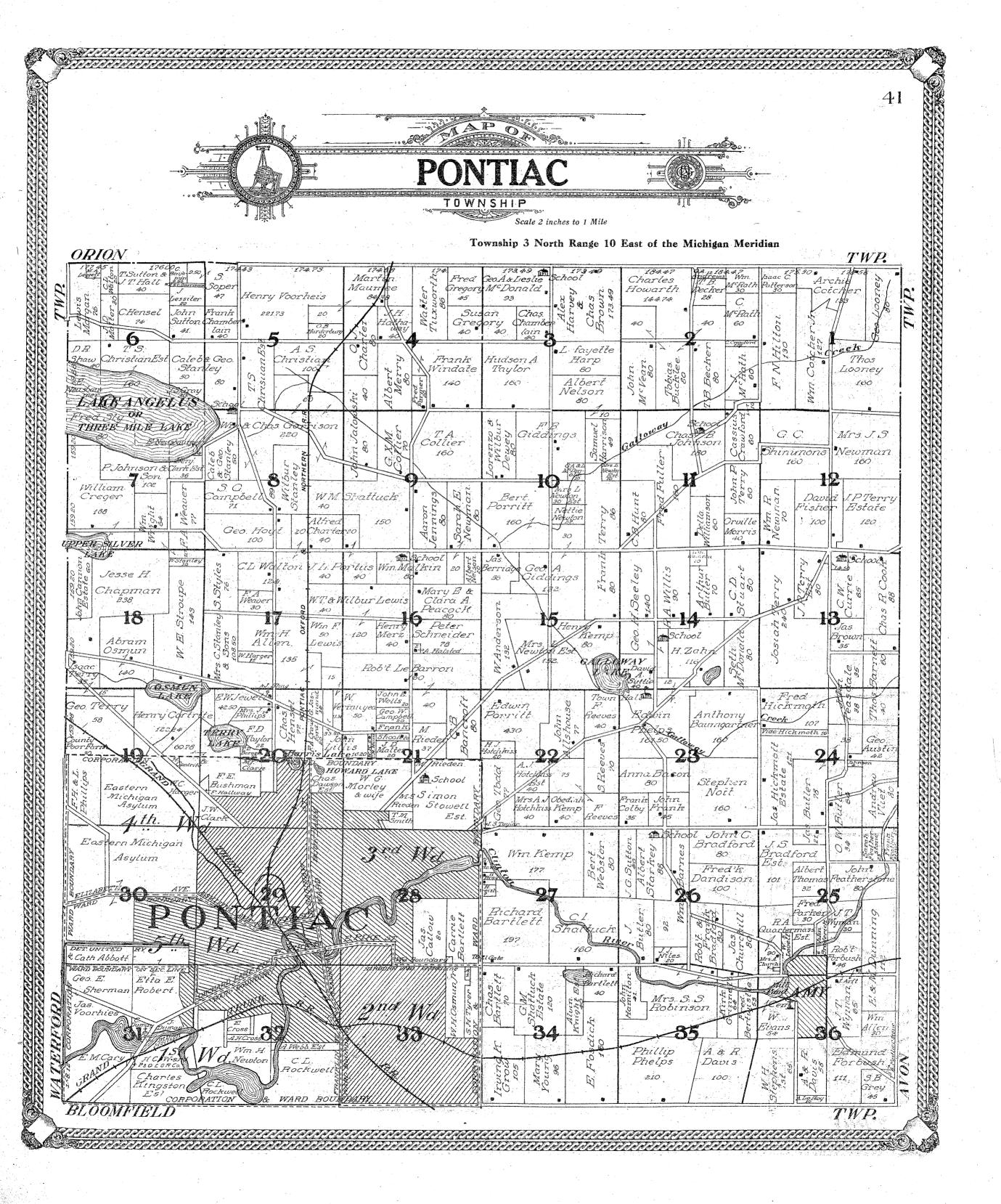


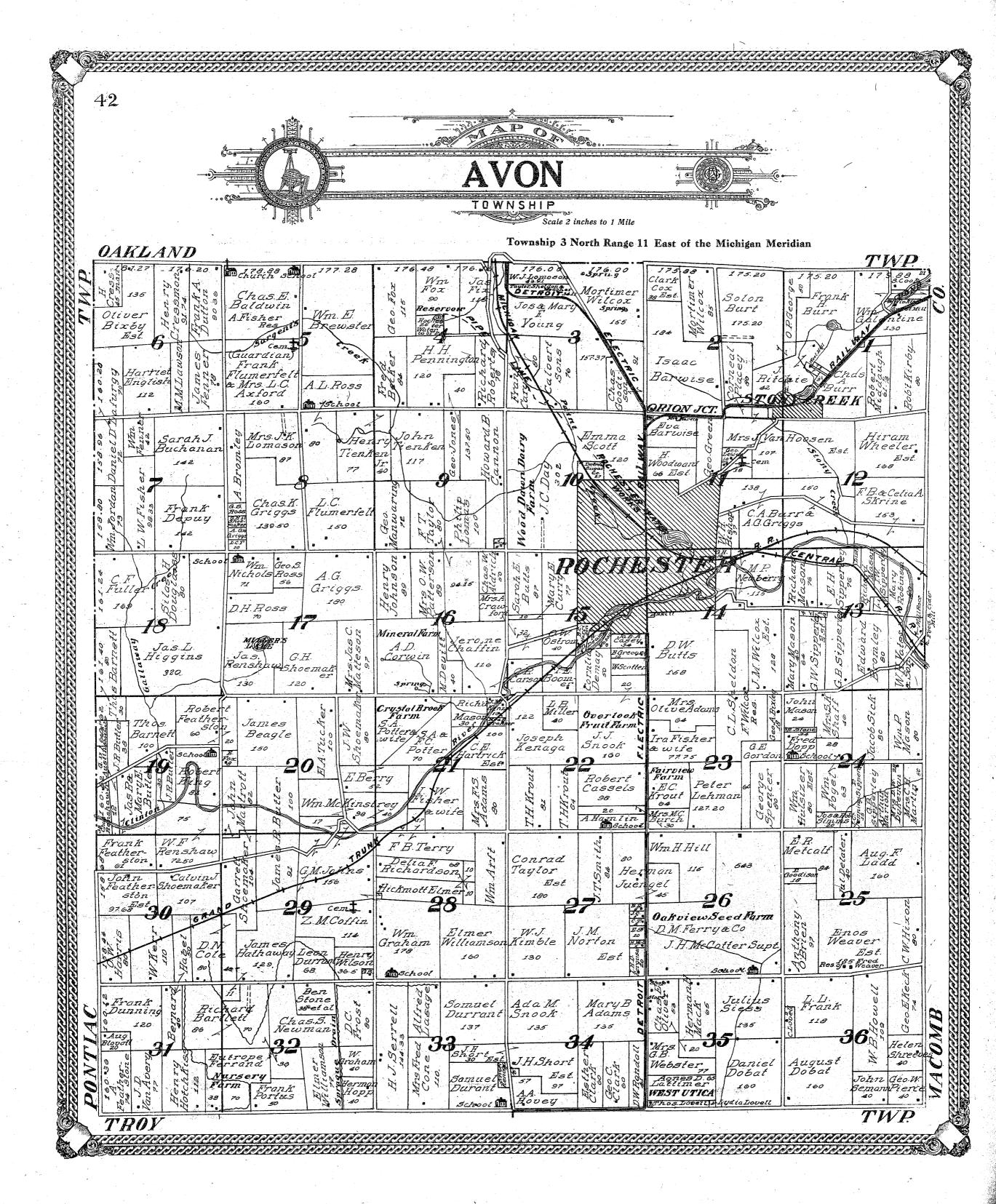


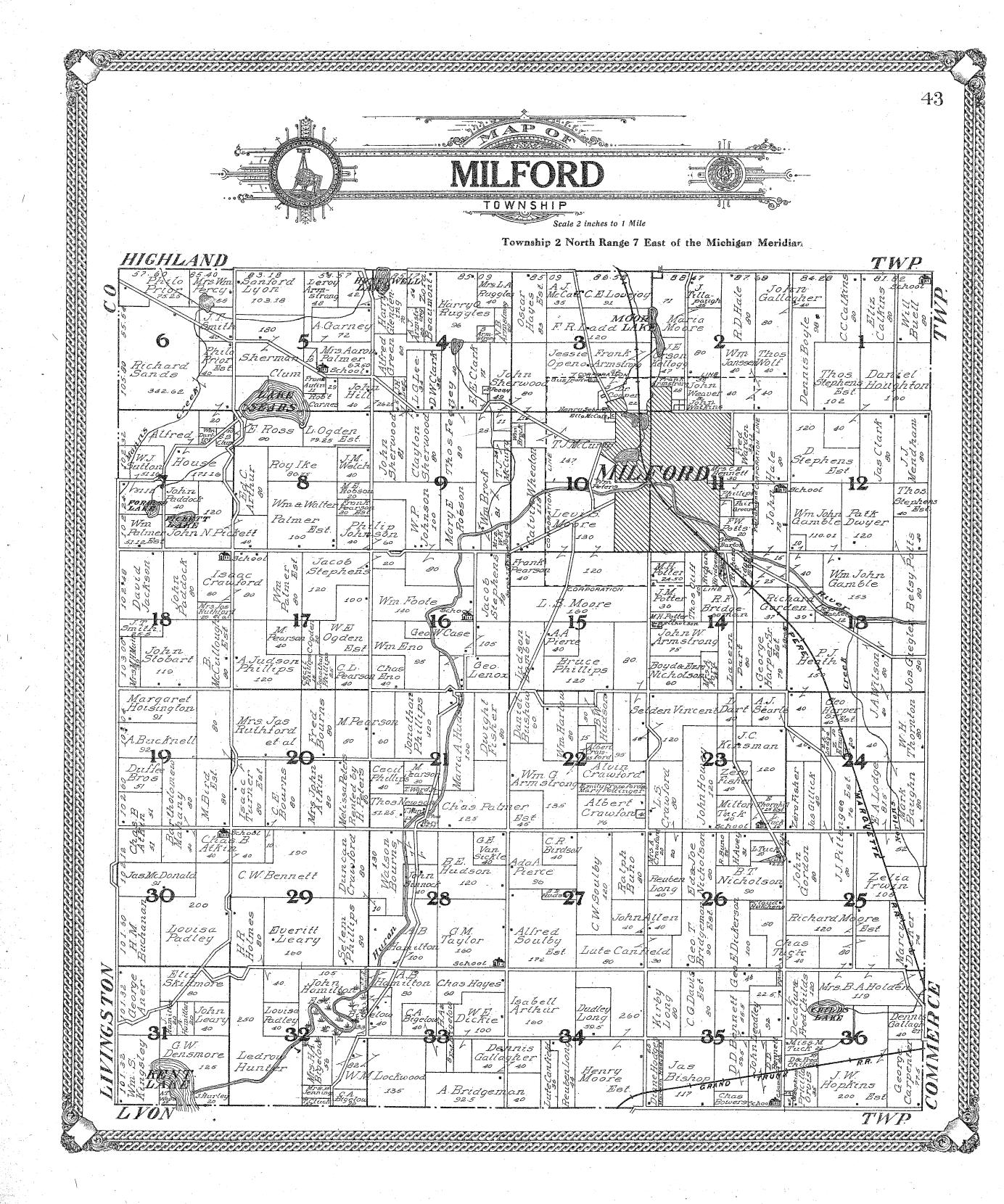
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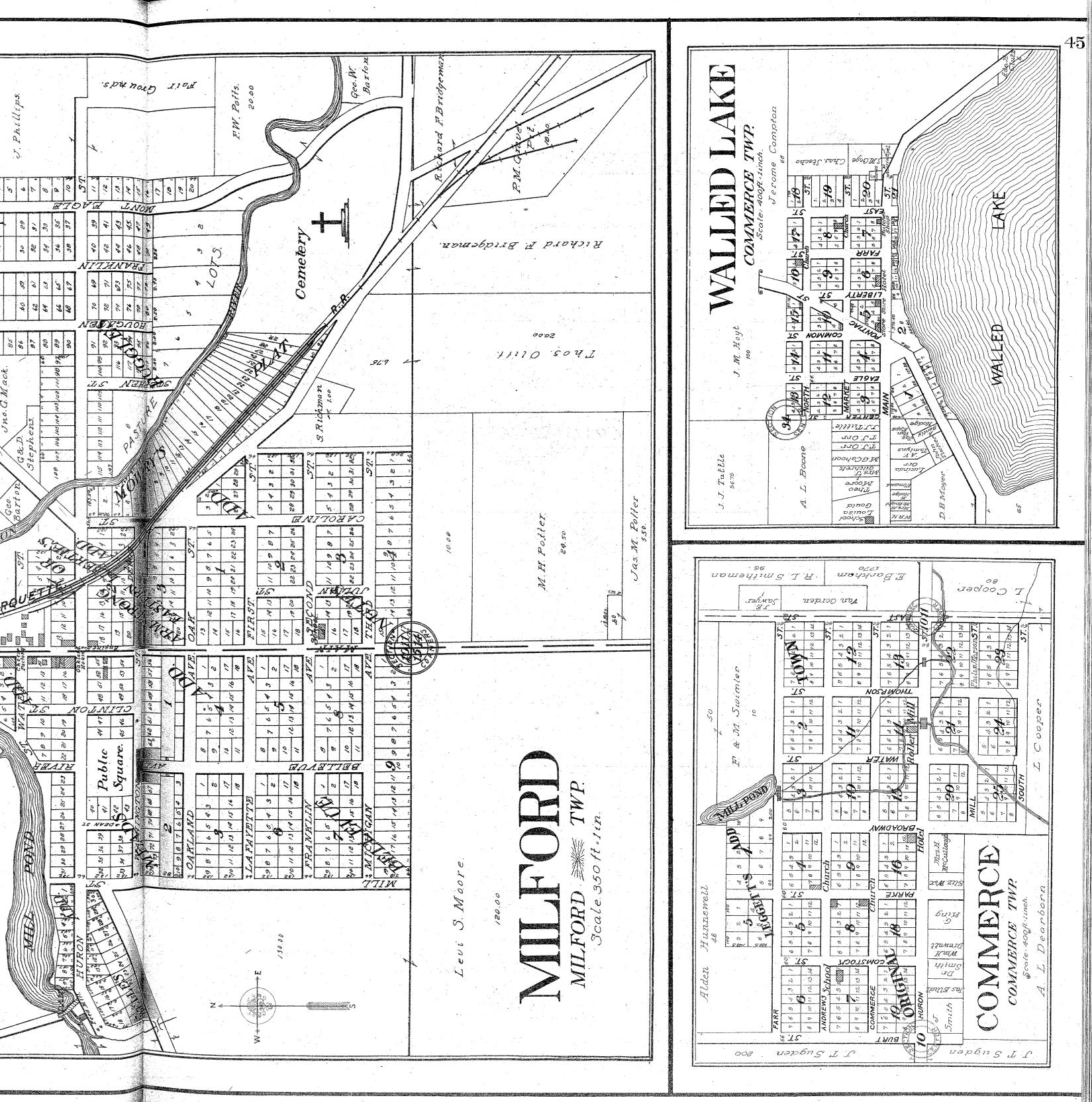


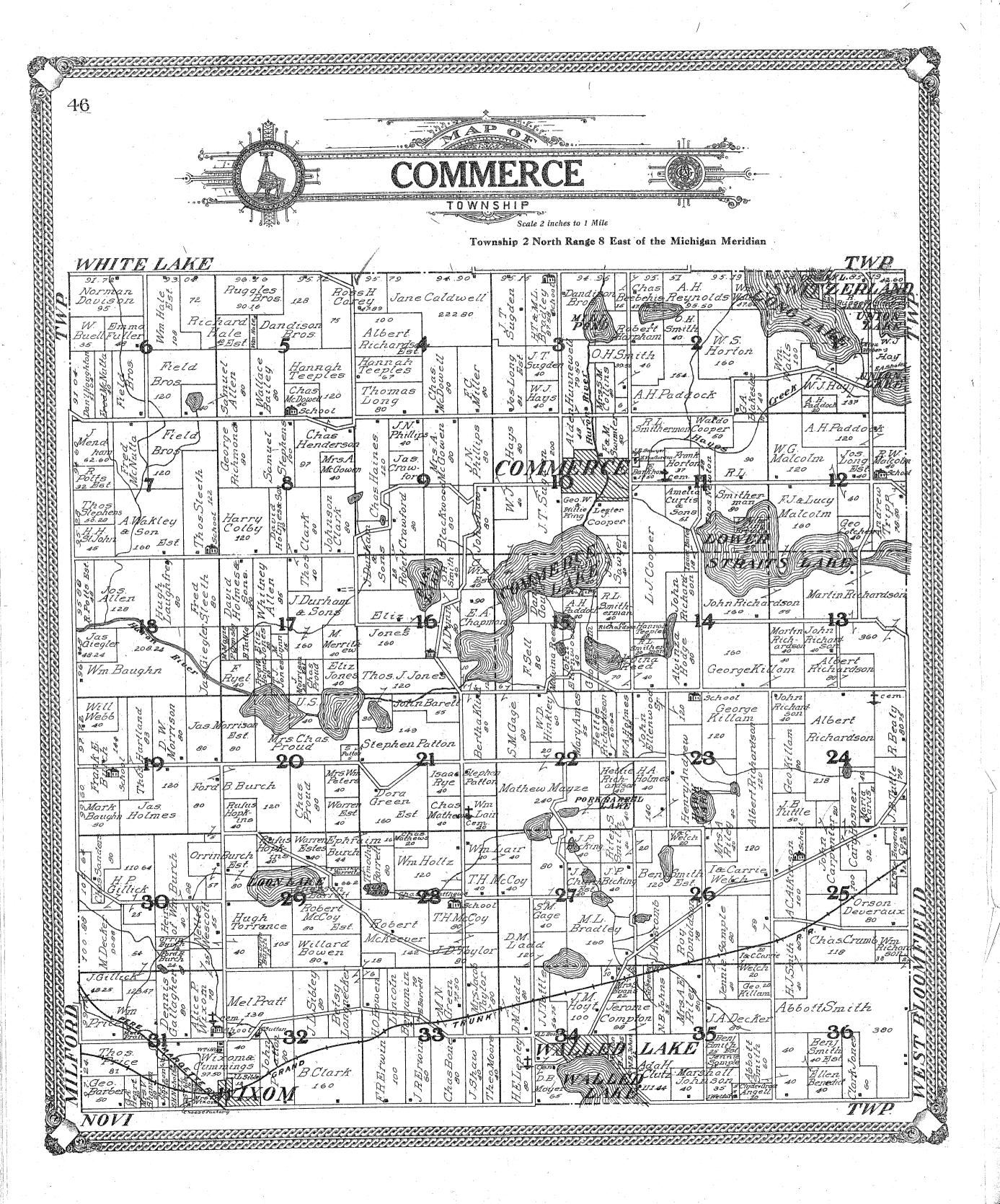


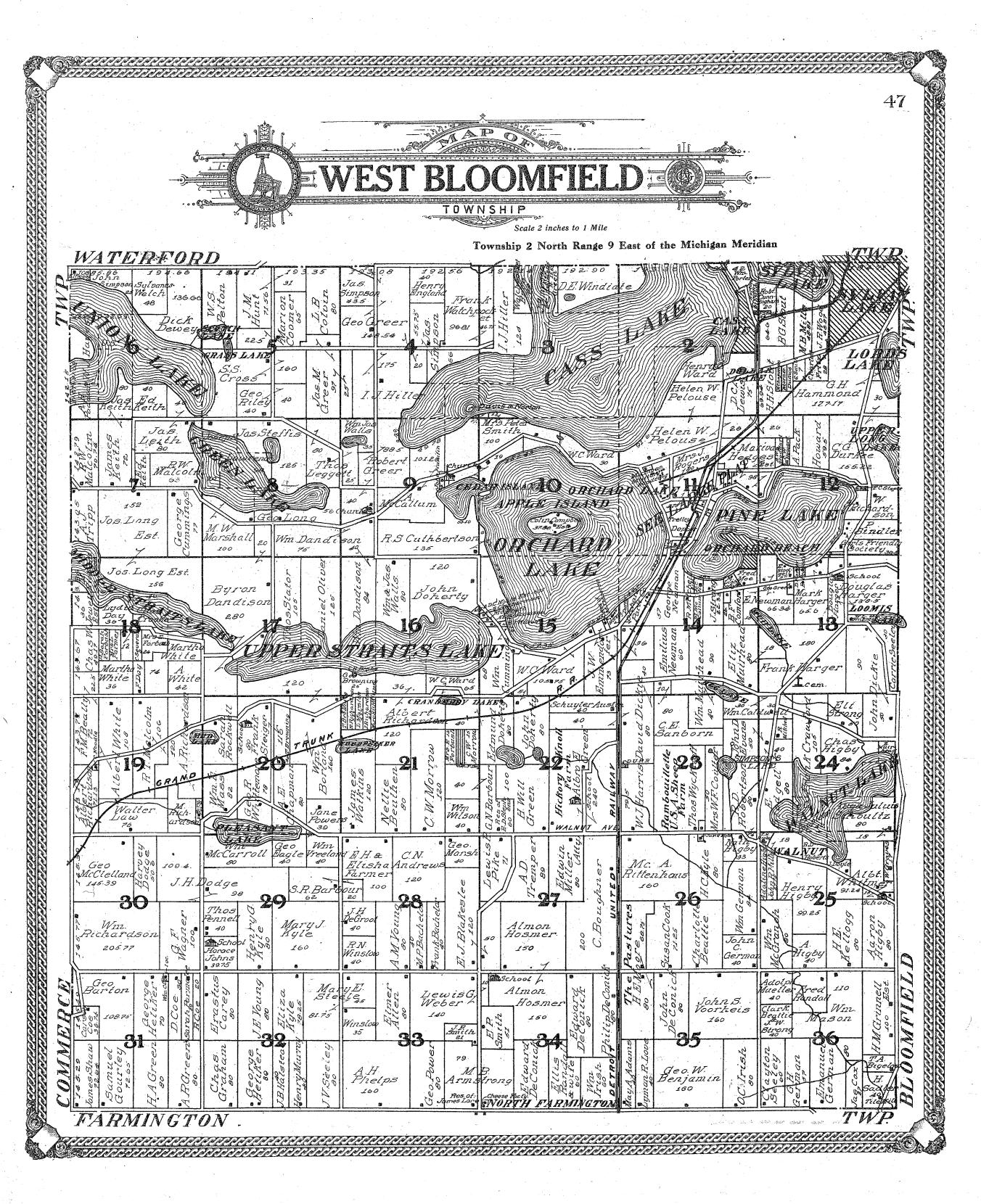




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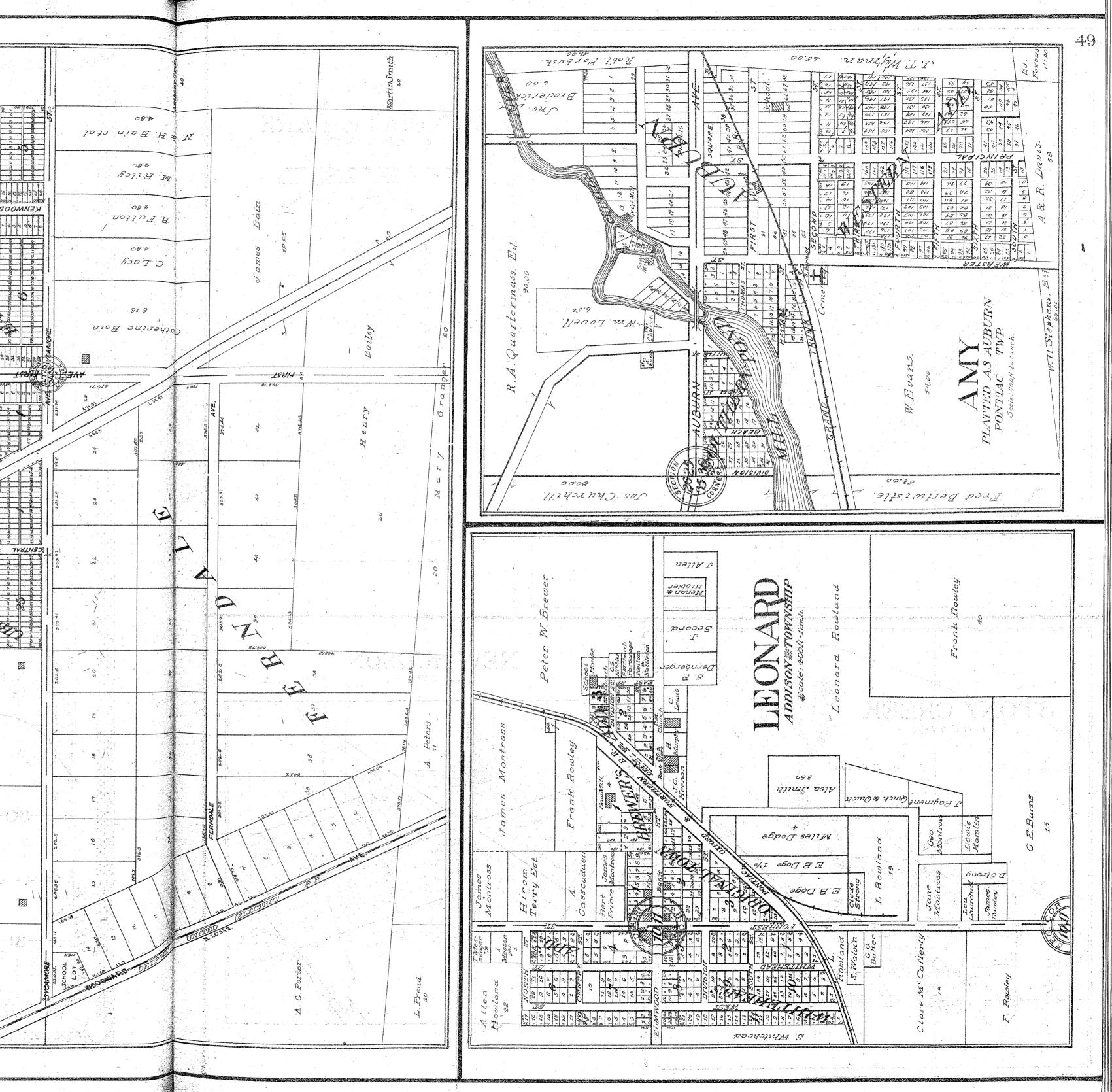
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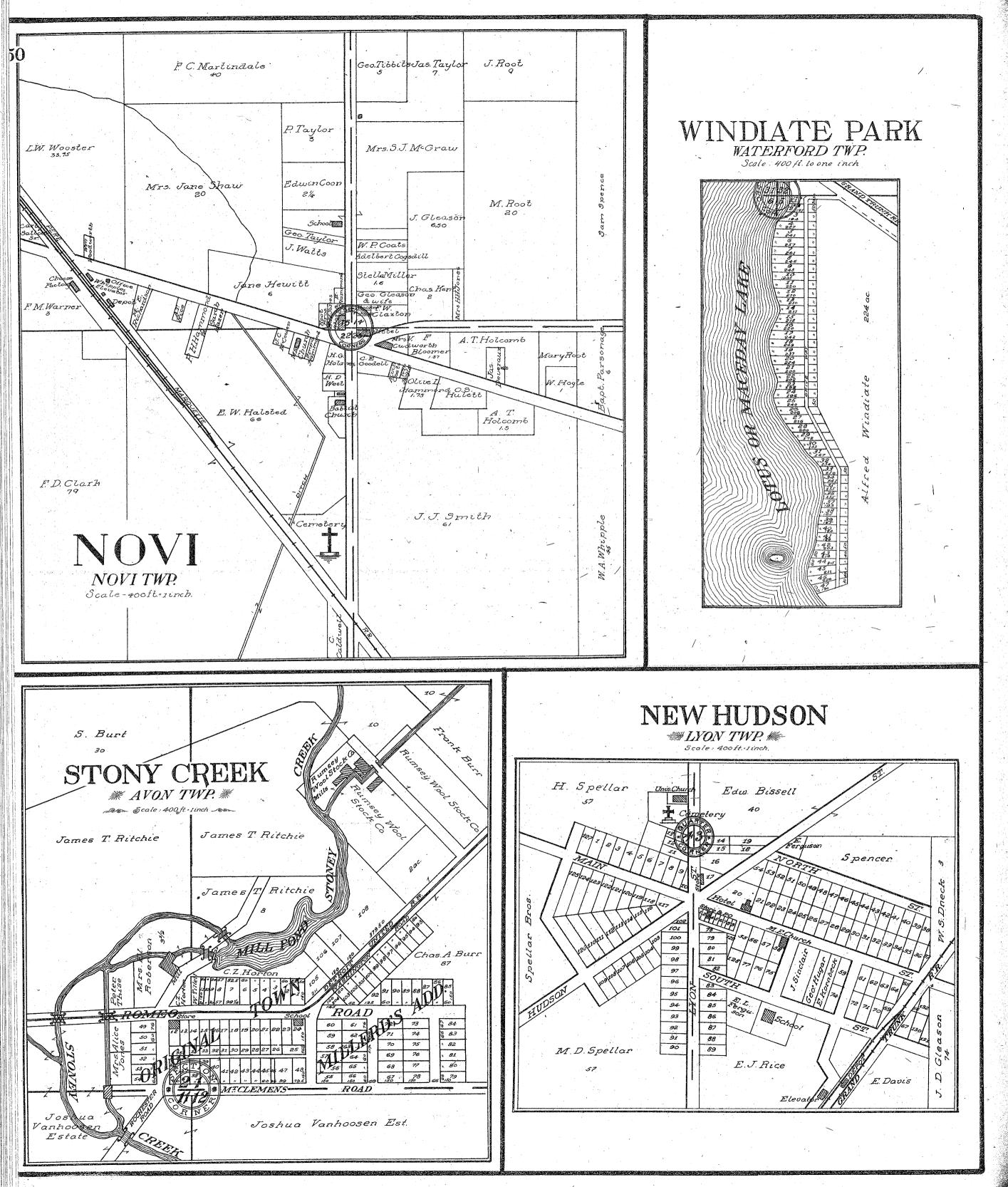
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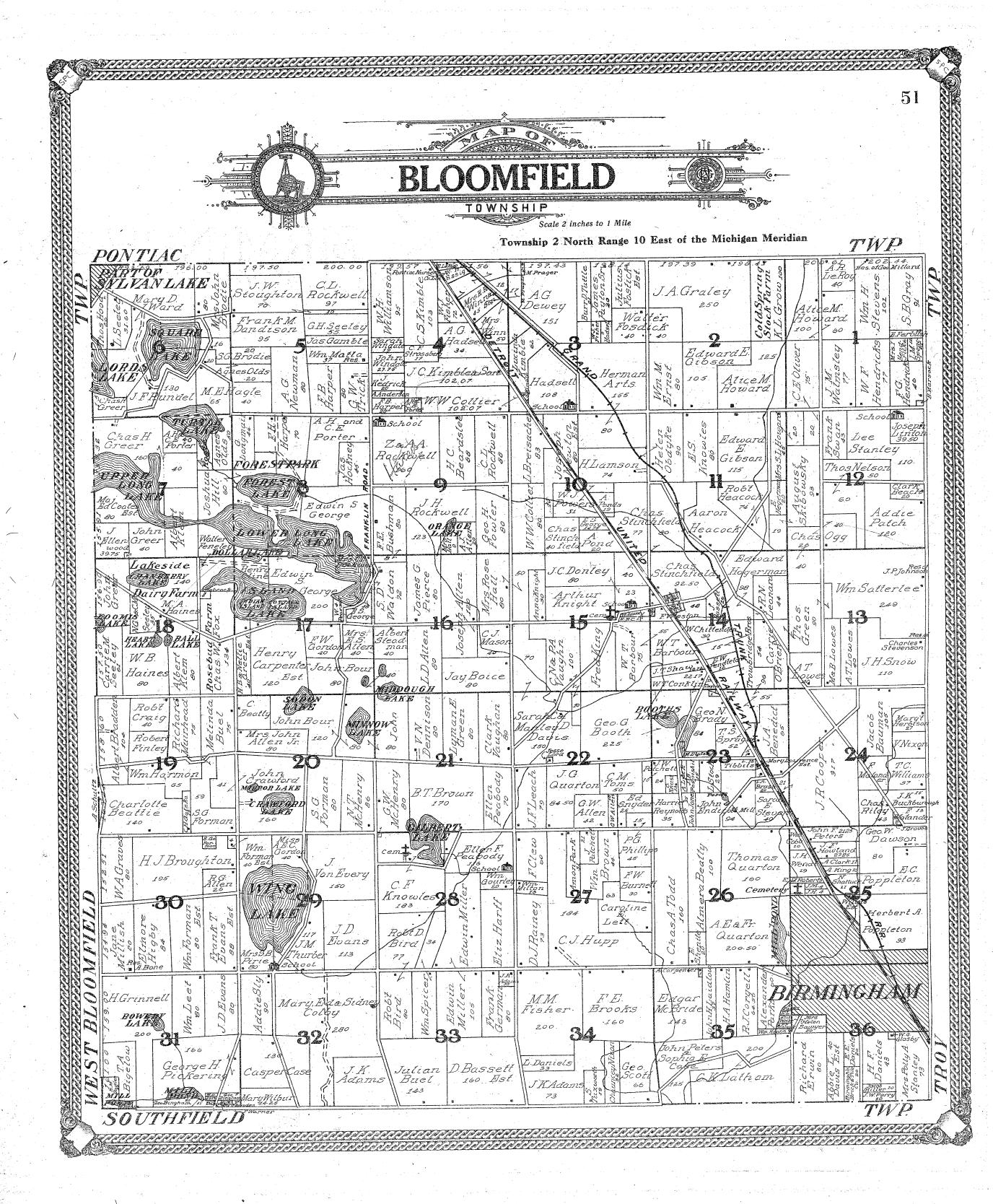
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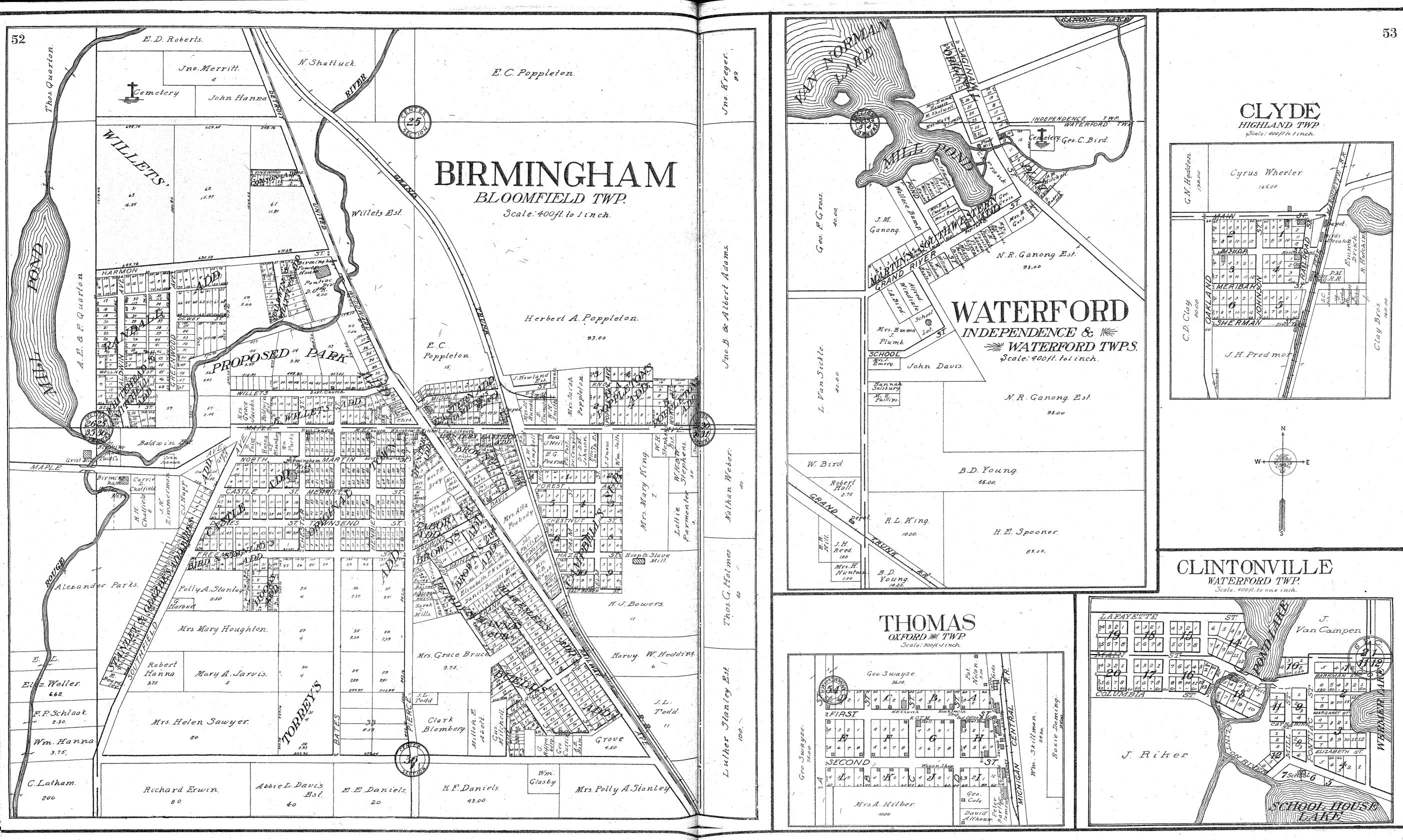
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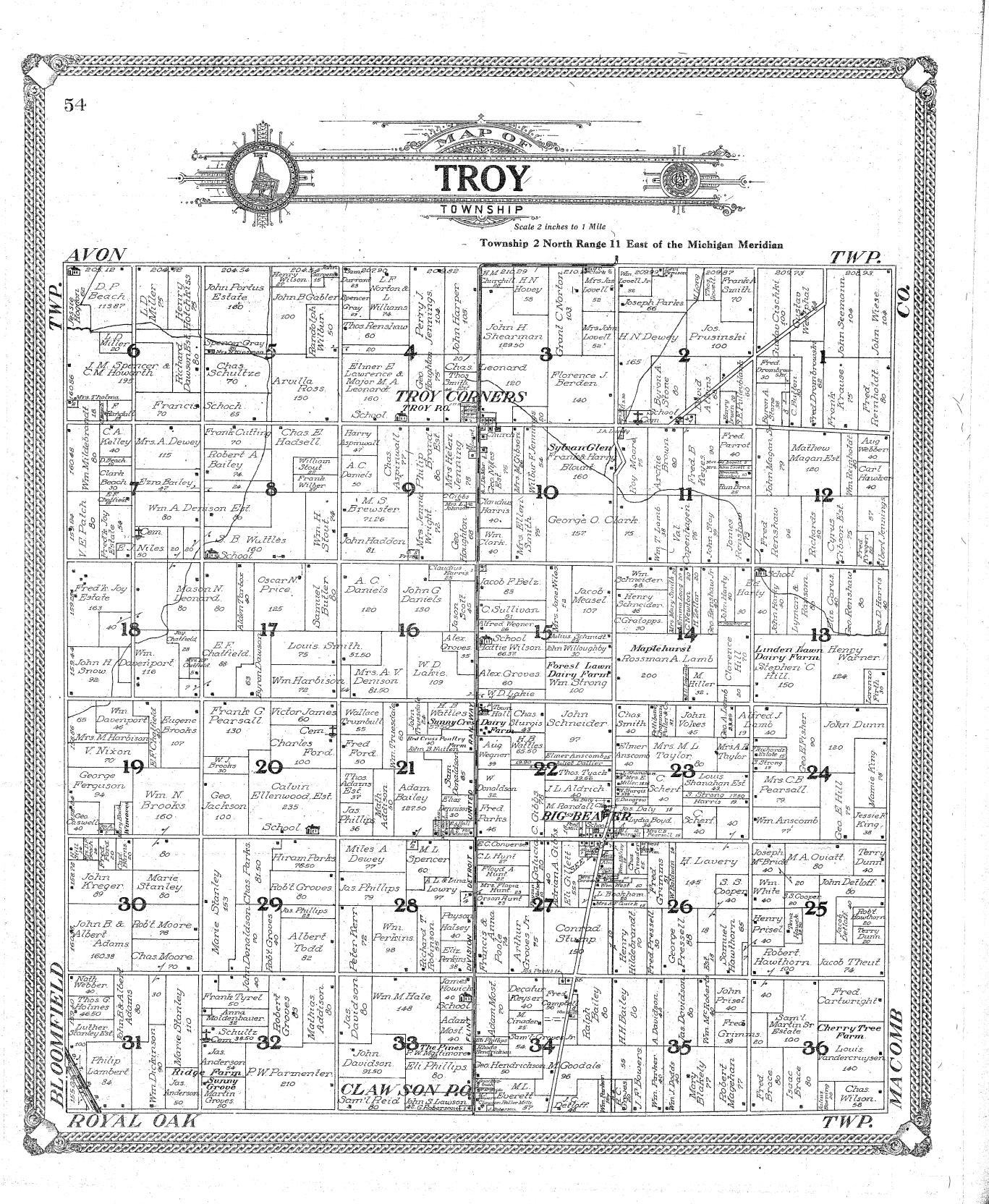
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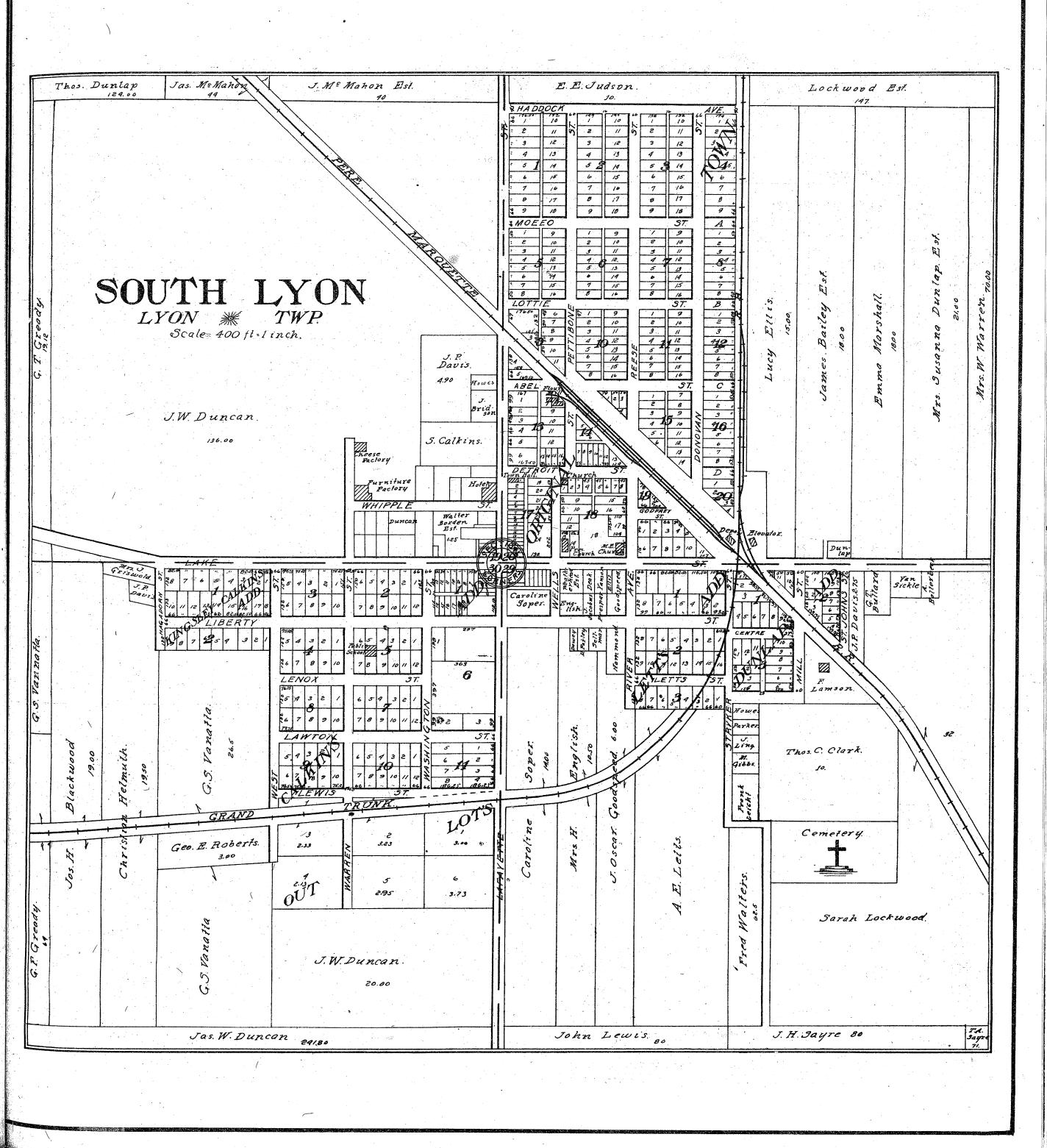






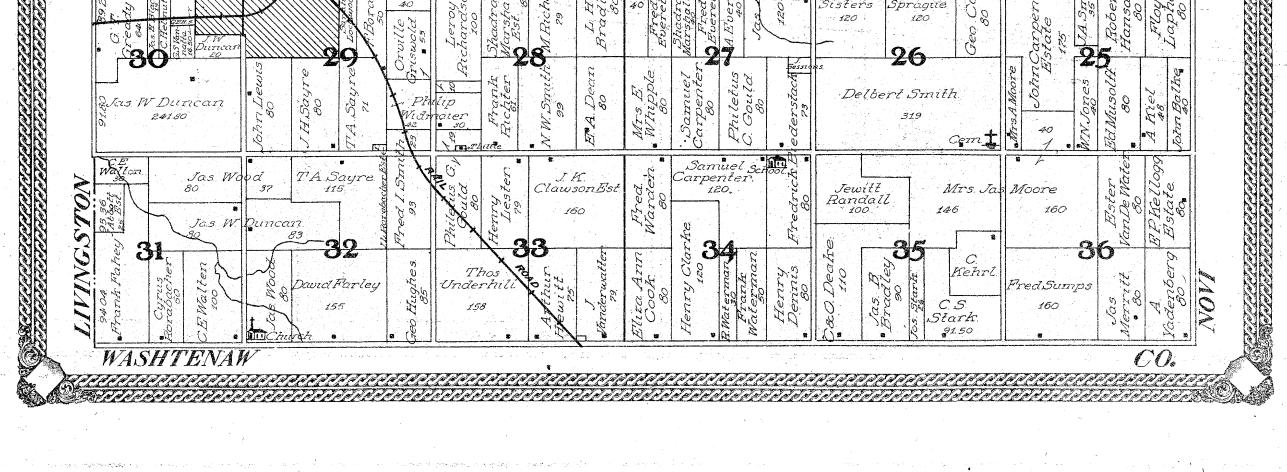


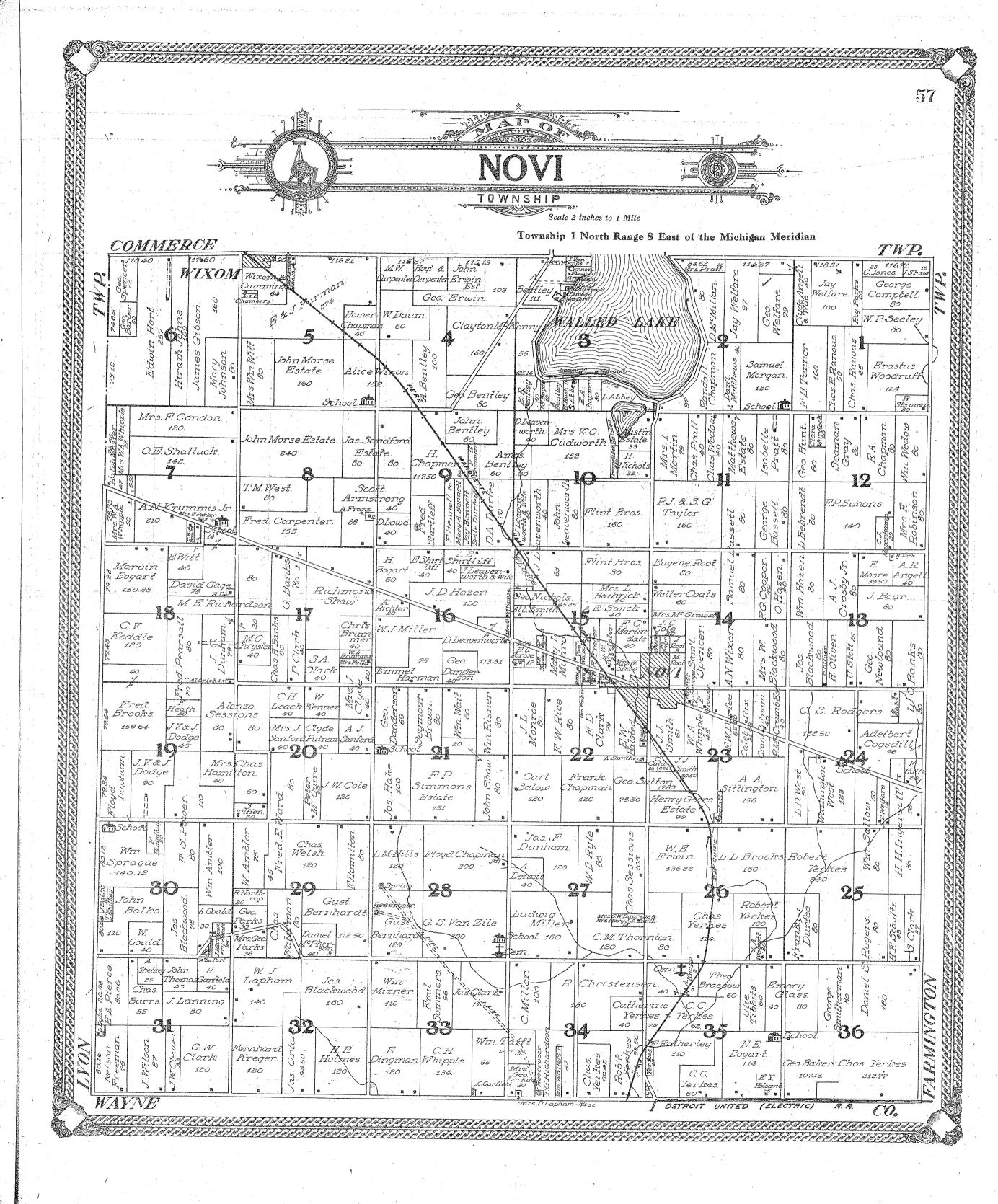


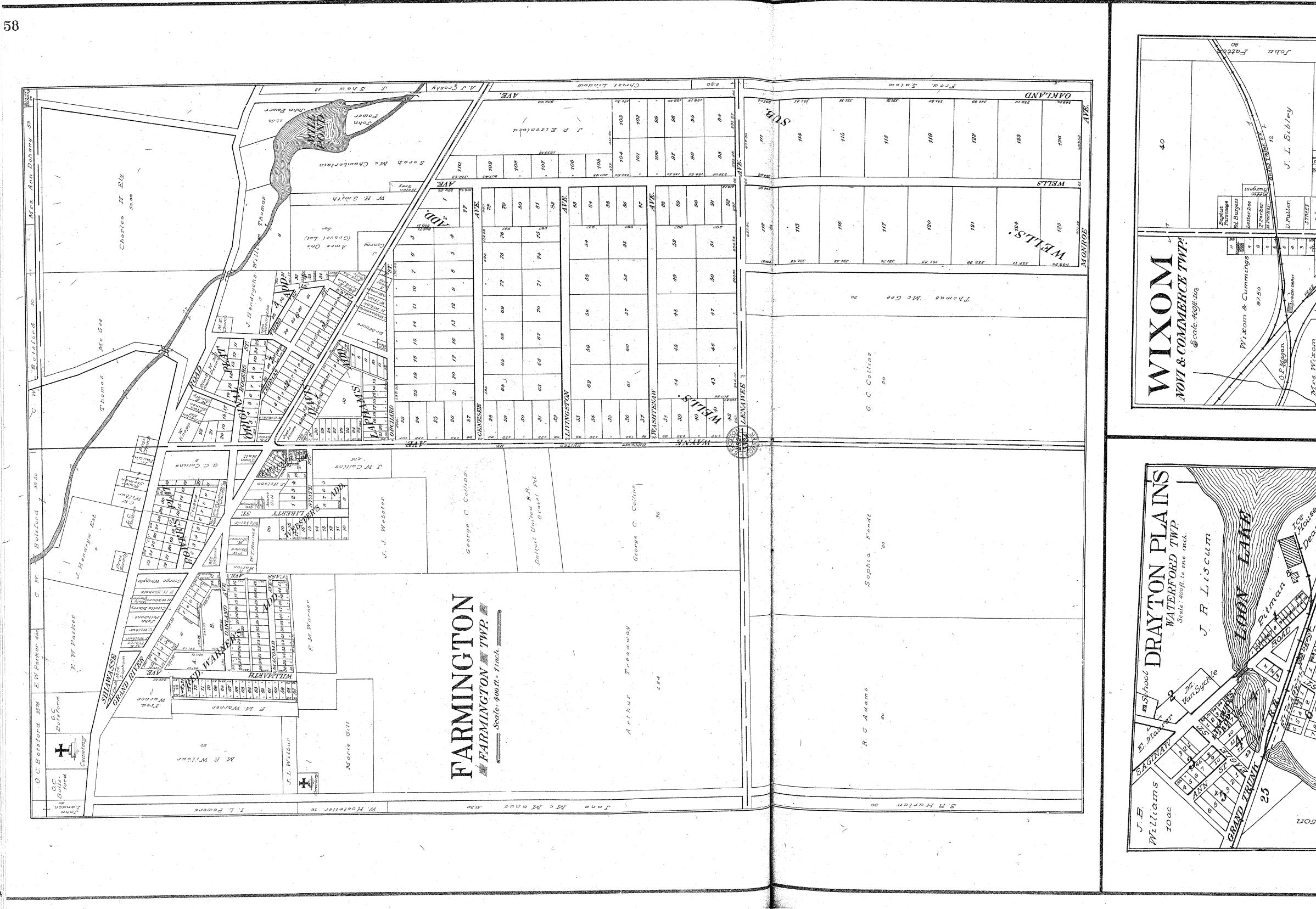


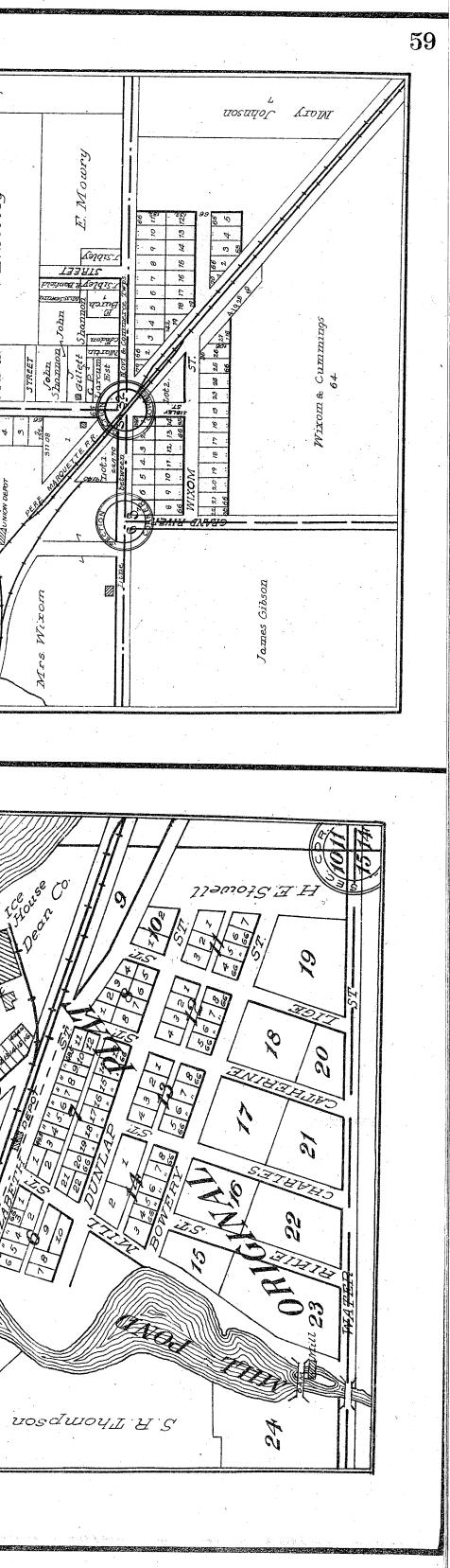
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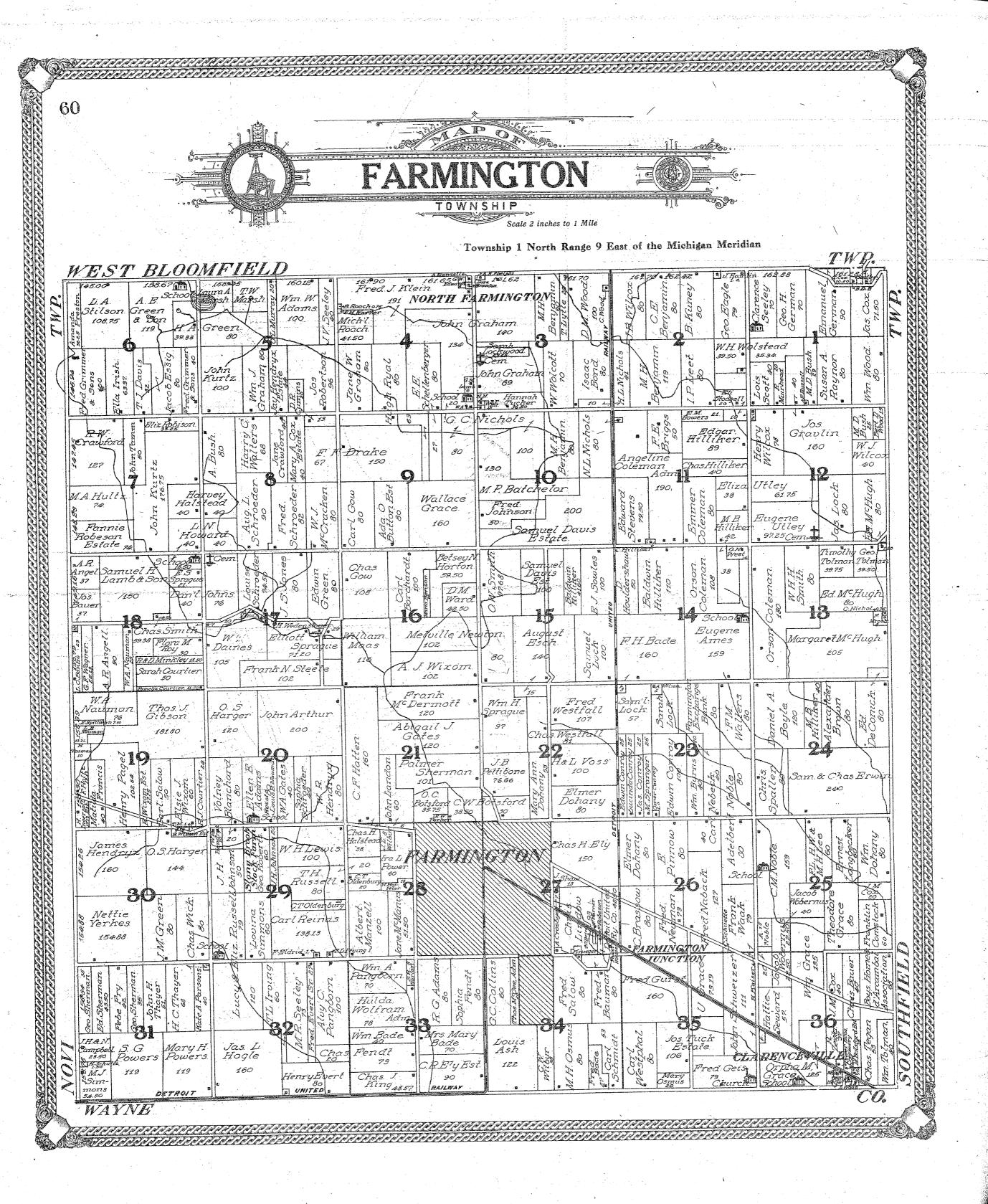
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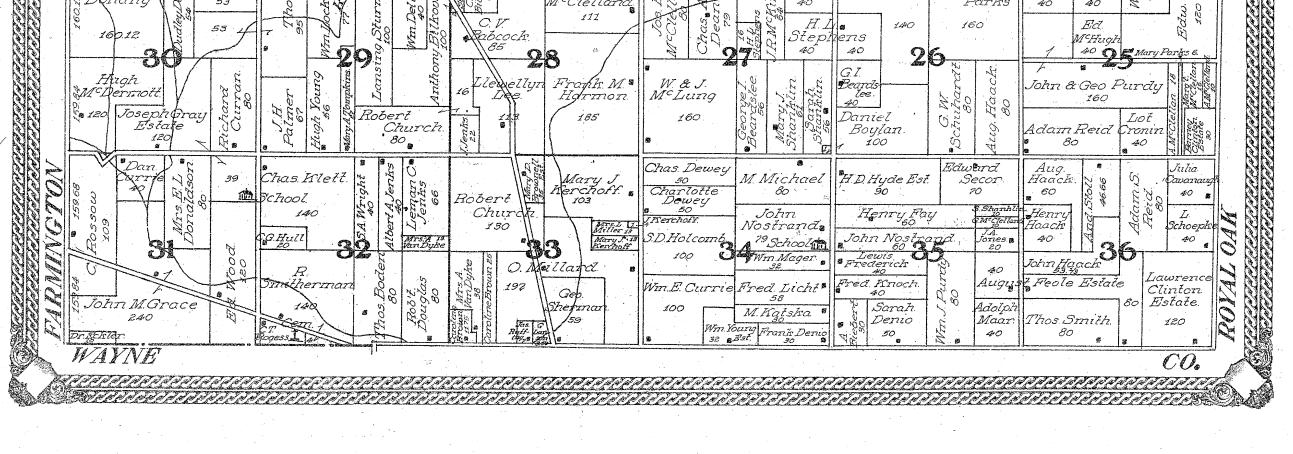
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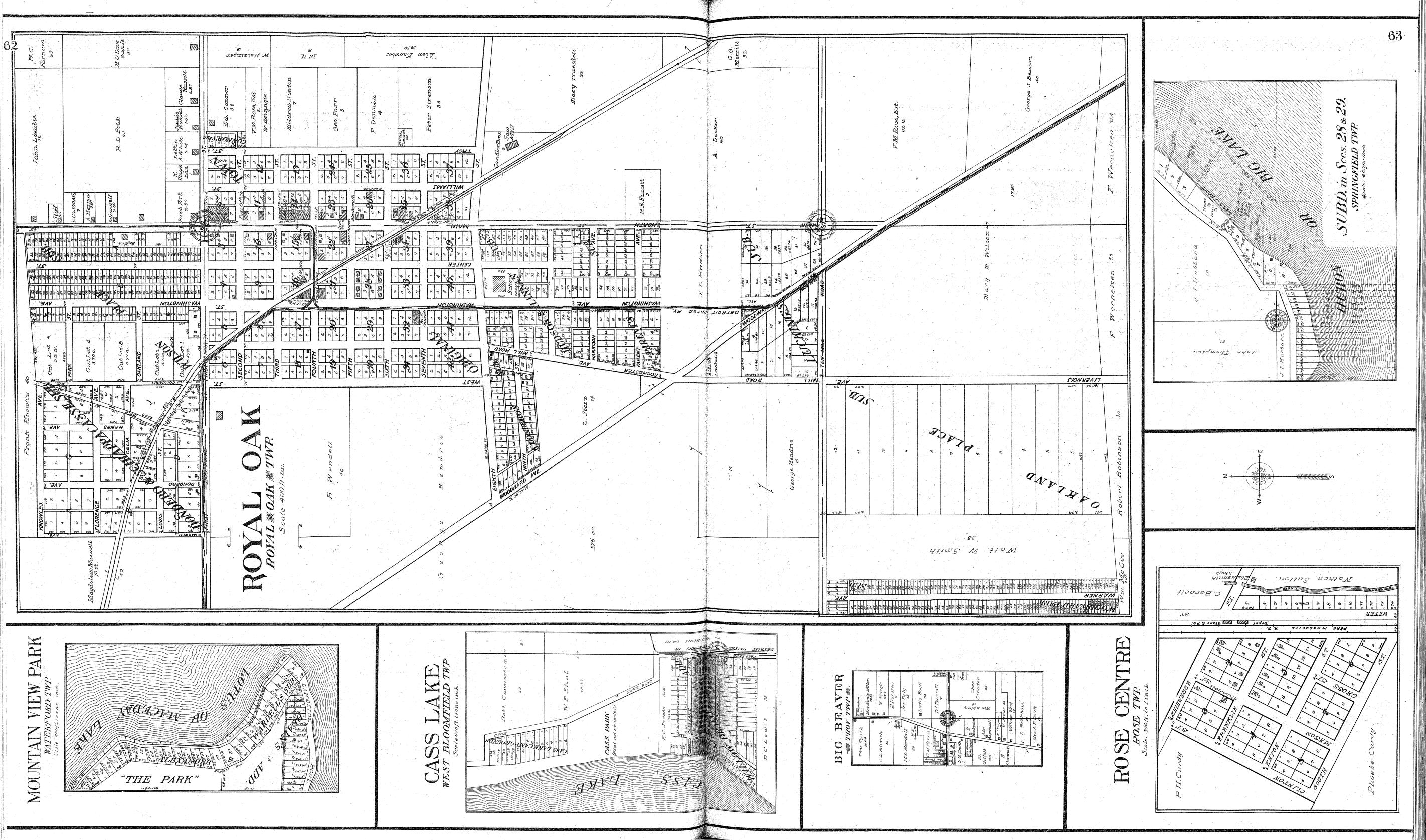
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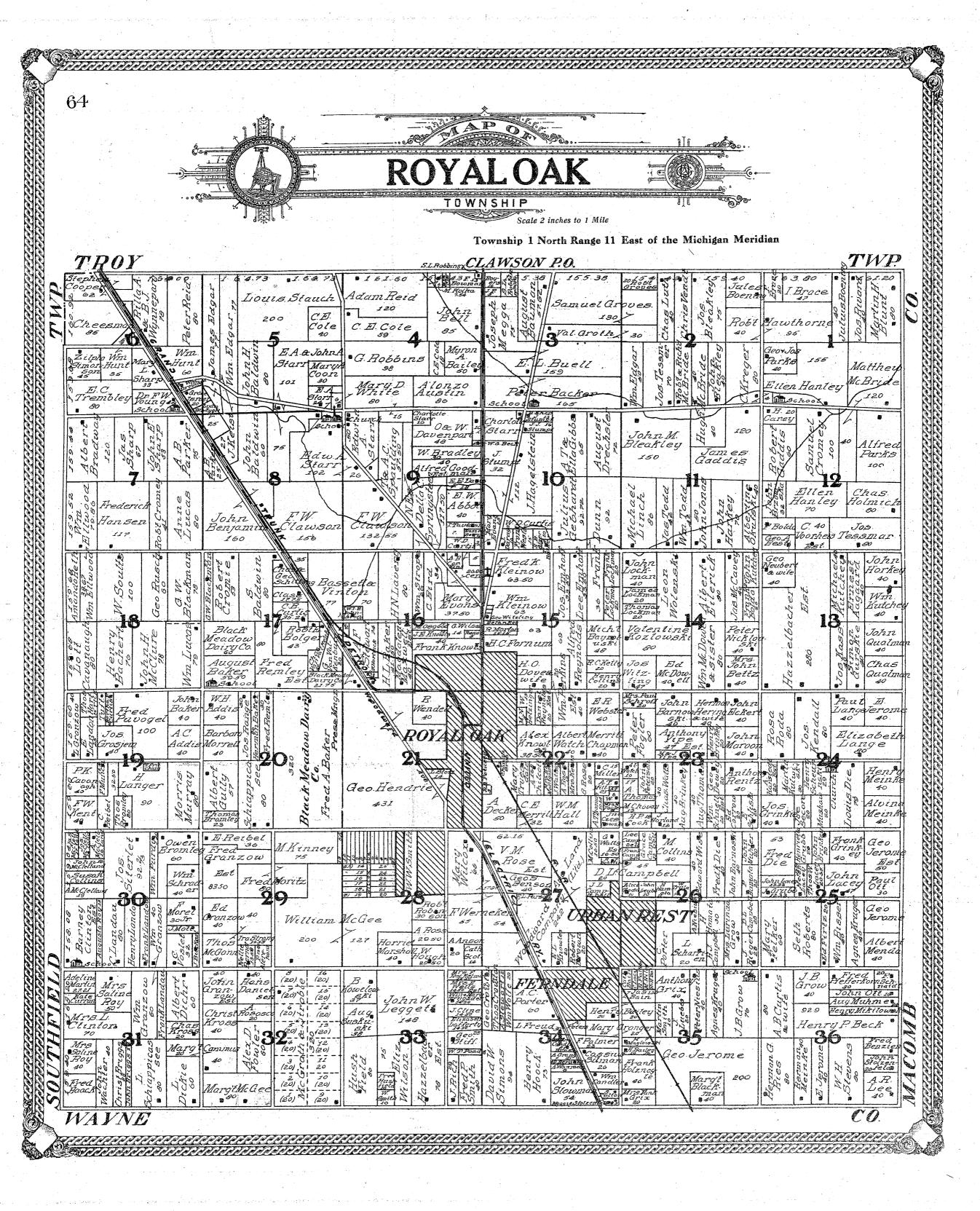
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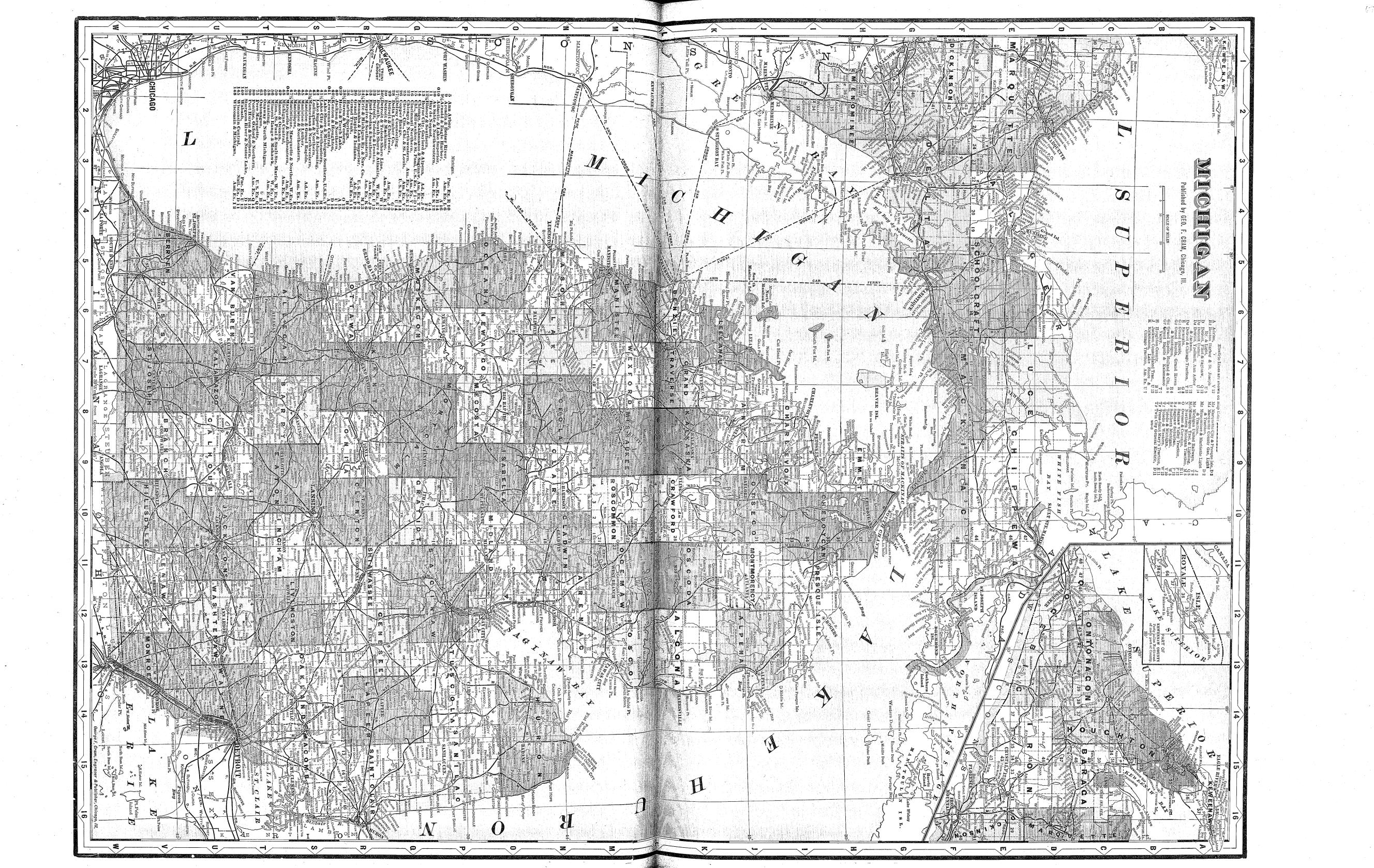
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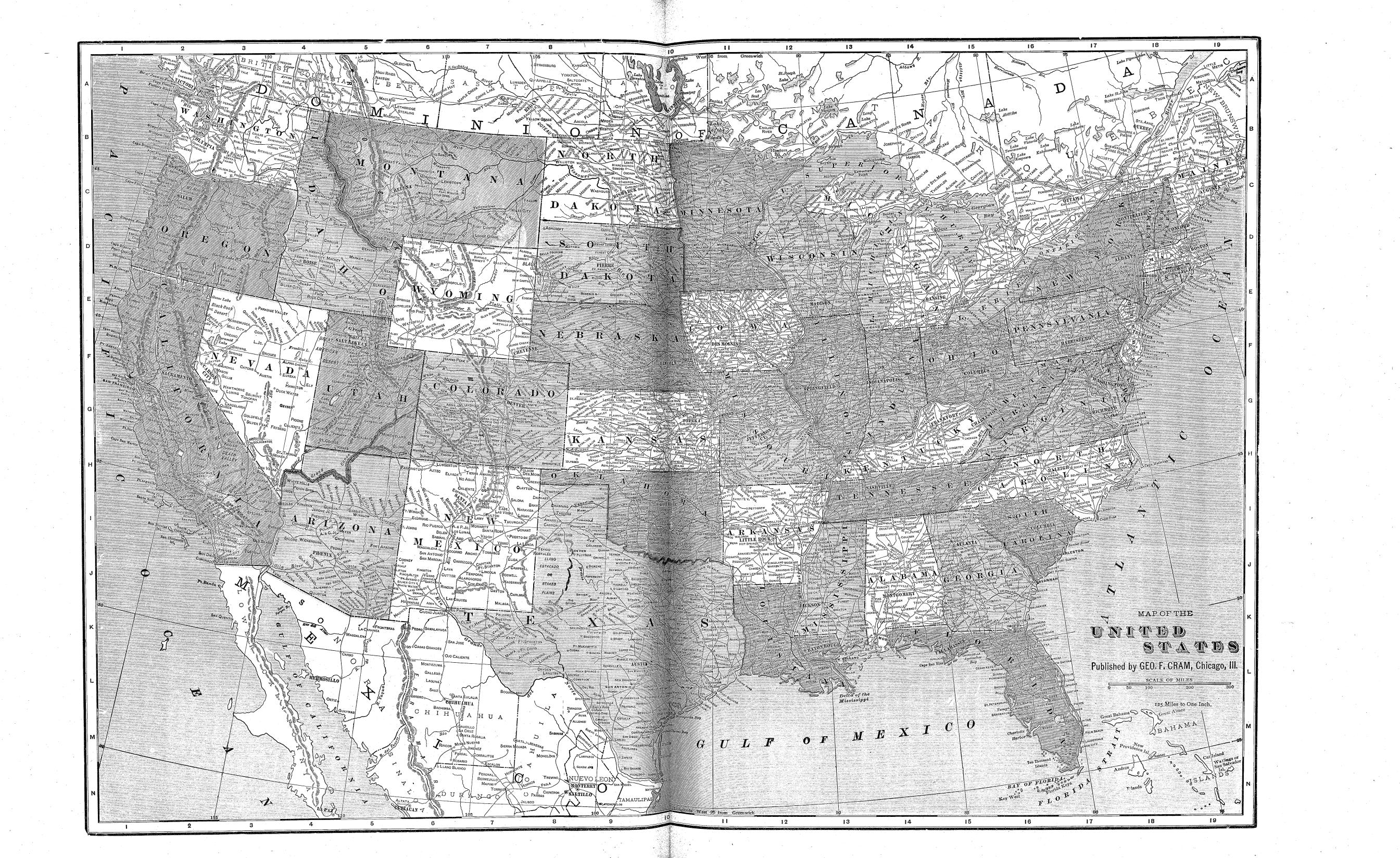


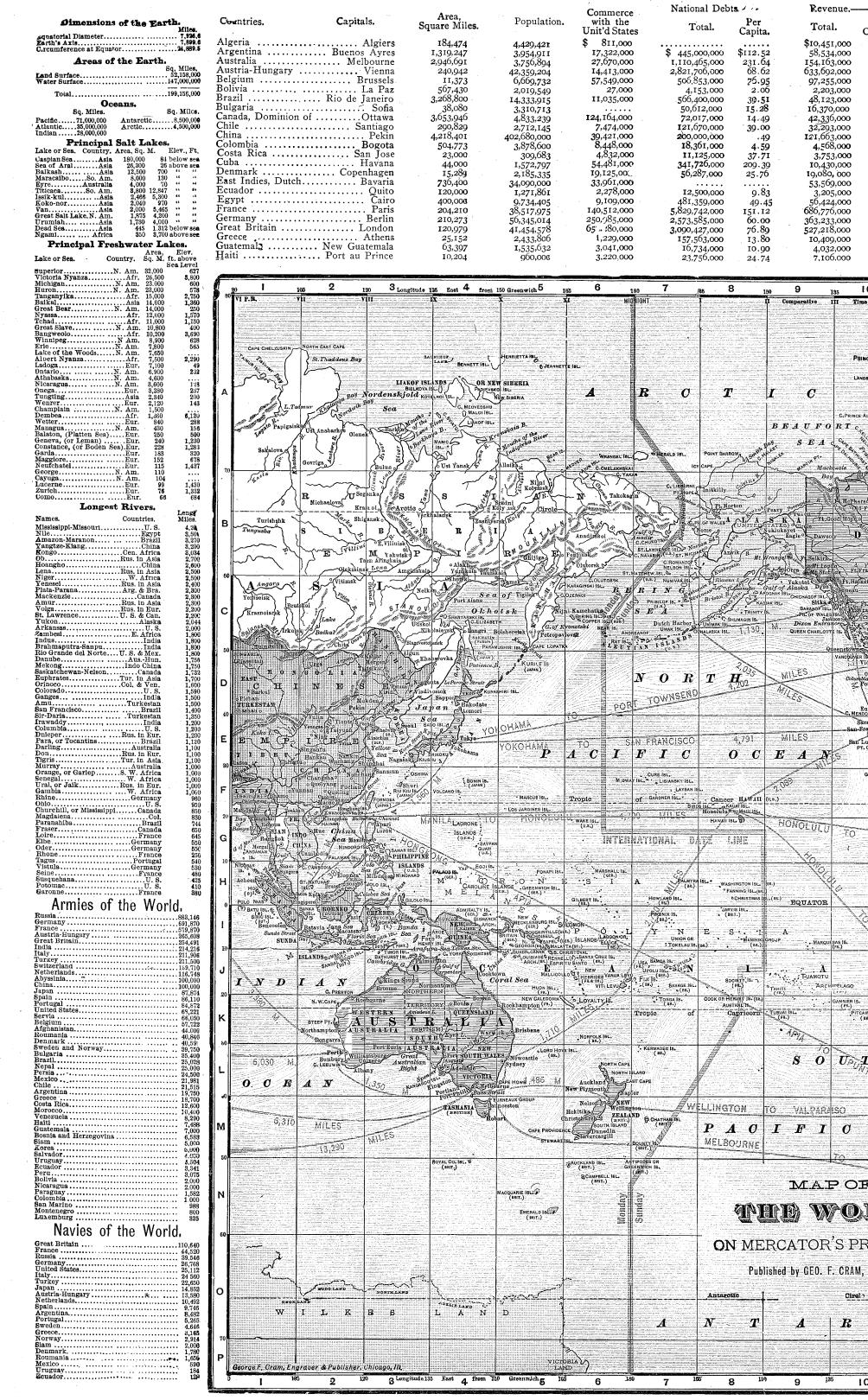
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Rooms 27-28 Cleland Bldg. 29 and 31 State Street DETROIT, MICH.	1302 PENOBSCOT BUILDING	Office 724 Chamber of Commerce PHONE MAIN 3899	Loans, General Insurance 49 Home Bank Bldg. DETROIT, MICH.	DETROIT, MICH. PHONE BUSINESS MAIN 4062 CHANCES	DETROIT, MICH. Phone, Main 4288 OBENAUER
Residence, 41 Cherry St. Phone, Main 4594 Geo. H. Keyes Established Since 1890 REAL ESTATE Bought, Sold and Exchanged Notary Public Loans Negotiated With Seal Phone. Main 1951	Telephone 49 E. J. HALLETT Heavy Hardware House Furnishing Goods Stoves, Plumbing, Heating	Phone Main 2140 Rotary Public Elmer W. Eyster Real Estate and Insurance FARMS A SPECIALTY	Phone, Main 6480 M c C O R M I C K ' S REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE Loans and General Insurance NOTARY PUBLIC LEGAL PAPERS EXECUTED FARM DEALS MADE A SPECIALTY	M. B. SAMPSON Real Estate and Rentals CHAS. KNAPP Rental Manager	WILL SELL IT If you have an Oakland County farm and wish to sell it or trade it for Detroit property that will bring you a good monthly rental, waste no time,
203 Whitney Building DETROIT, MICH.	Cor. Saginaw and Pike Sts. PONTIAC, MICH.	508-509 Majestic Bldg. DETROIT	501-2 Chamber of Commerce DETROIT, MICHIGAN	7½ McGraw Bldg. DETROIT, 149 Griswold St. MICH.	DETROIT We Negotiate Farm Loans

OF

Oakland County, Michigan

EXPLANATION.-The date following a name indicates the length of time the party has been a resident in the county. The abbreviations are as follows: S. for Section; T. for Township; P. O. for Post-office address. When no Section Number or Township is given, it will be understood that the party resides within the limits of the village or city named, and, in such cases, the post-office address is the same as the place of residence, unless otherwise stated.

- Abbey, Shube, Farmer and Dealer in Produce. Boats to rent, S. 3, T. Novi,/P. O. Novi. /Mr. Abbey was born in Michigan in 1858. He has served as constable for several years. He is married to Mary
- Simmons.
 Adams, James G., Farmer and Proprietor of Ramath View Farm, S. 6, T. Oxford, P. O. Øxford. Mr. Adams was born in Oakland County in 1842. He has served as School Director 9 years, School Treasurer 9 years and School Inspector 2 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Effie F. Ball who is a native of New York. Mr. and Mrs. Adams are the parents of six children, viz: Myrta L., (deceased) Lucius E., H. Agusta, (deceased) Herbert J., Edith V. and a boy who died in infancy. They own a nice farm with good buildings.
- Müldings. Adams, Jayno W., Farmer and Supervisor, S. 12, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac.
- Pontiac.
 Adams, Wm. W., Capitalist, Farmer, and Breeder of Holstein Cattle, Ramboulette Sheep, Poland China Hogs and Barred Plymouth Rock Chickens, S. 5, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Adams was born in Oakland County in 1842.
 Addis, Peter W., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 17, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Addis was born in Oakland County in 1864. He has served as Sehool Director for four years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Julia C. Haddon who is also a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Addis are the parents of two sons, Lee R. and Ray-mond E. They own a nice farm of 120 acres which is known as Far View Farm. Far View Farm.

- Far View Farm.
 Addison Township, Geo. Burns, Supervisor, Leonard.
 Aldrich, George A., Hardware, Davisburg. Mr. Aldrich was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Township Treasurer, and has held other local offices. He is married to Minnie Howard. Mr. and Mrs. Aldrich are the parents of two children, Audrie and Carl. Mr. Aldrich has been in the Hardware Business in Davisburg for over five years, where by his fair and square dealings he has established a large and profitable
- business.
- business.
 Alexander, George S. T., Reaf Estate, Pontiac.
 Algoe, James, Farmer and Breeder of Oxford Down Sheep and Durham Cattle, S. 5, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Algoe was born in New Brunswick in 1831, and in 1864 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Celestia J. Orton. Mr. and Mrs. Algoe are the parents of three children, John A., Clara, (deceased) and Emily M. Mr. Algoe has a nice farm which is known as Thread River Stock Farm.
- River Stock Farm.
 Allen, Chas. H., Proprietor of Owen House, Farmington. Mr. Allen was born in Oakland County in 1862.
 Allen, John, Farmer, S. 26, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Allen was born in England in 1844, and in 1858 settled in Oakland County, 'Michigan. He has served as School Assessor for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Annie Soulby, a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Allen are the parents of three children, Leslie W., Flora B. and Elenora G. They have extra good buildings upon their farm which is known as Cherry Hill.
 Allen, Wm. M., Cheese Maker, Walled Lake. Mr. Allen was born in Michigan in 1868, and in 1899 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Anna Green.
 - Anna Green.

- of about 100 acres lying partly within the limits of the village of Milford, and which is known as Spring Brook Farm. Armstrong, John W., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 14, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Armstrong was born in Oakland County in 1867. He is married to Alice I. McCall who is also a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong are the parents of two children, Kathryn J. and Howard A. They have a well appointed farm near the village of Milford.
- Armstrong, Wm. G., Farmer, S. 22, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Armstrong was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Sarah Miller who was born in Kansas in 1871. Two children blessed this union, Majorie M. and Charles A. They have a nice farm with good buildings, and are one of the representative families of the township
- Arthur, Edward C., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 34, T. Milford, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Arthur was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to Bertha B. Butterfield, also a native of Michigan. They have three sons, Chester S., Charles H. and Frank E. They have a good farm which is known as Valley Stock Farm. Mr. Arthur also manages his aunt's farm.
- also manages his aunt's larm. Arthur, Samuel S., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 33, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Arthur is proprietor of Fair View Farm. Aspenleiter, George, Farmer and Proprietor of "The New Wixom," S. 5, T. Novi, P. O. Wixom, Mr. Aspenleiter was born in Canada in 1858, and in 1907 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Emily Wardel
- married to Emily Wardel.

- married to Emily Wardel.
 Atkin, Chas. B., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 29, T. Milford, P. O. Milford.
 Mr. Atkin was born in Oakland County in 1871. He makes a specialty of breeding Short Horn Durham Cattle.
 Atkin, Charles B., Farmer, Milford. Mr. Atkin was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1871.
 Austin, A. H., Farmer and Proprietor of Poplar Lawn Farm, S. 29, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Austin was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Anna Johnson. One child blessed this upper lawsell H. union, Russell H.
- union, Russell H. Auten, Albert J., Farmer, S. 15, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Auten was born in Oakland County in 1866. He has served as Township Treasurer. He is married to Kate Devan. Five children blessed this unnon, Karl B., Basil D., Birtie O., Wilda A. and Thelma M. Their farm is known as Uplands. Avery, Elmer, Photographer, Milford. Mr. Avery was born in Ohio in 1860, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Martha M. Walls. Mr. and Mrs. Avery are the parents
- 1860, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Martha M. Wells. Mr. and Mrs. Avery are the parents of four children, Lulu, Ira E., Maude and Harold. Mr. Avery has been in business in Milford for abont eight years, where his super-ior workmanship, moderate prices and cordiality have established for him a wide reputation. He respectfully solicits a call at his Art Studio which is located in the Bissell Building.
- Bachelor, Dr. John W., Physician and Surgeon, Oxford. Mr. Bachelor has been a resident of Oakland county since childhood. He is married to Hattie Bradley. Dr. Bachelor has practiced in Oxford

- Ballard, Alonzo, Farmer, S. 16, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Ballard was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is married to Mary Perigo, who is also a native of Michigan. Seven children blessed this union, Alonzo, Ernest, Arthur, Jay, Charles, Harold and Claude. They have a good farm of about 83 acres, and are one
- of the representative families of the Township. Ballard, Elmer, Deputy Sheriff and Proprietor of Livery and Sale Stables, Holly. Mr. Ballard was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has held various local offices. He is married to Maggie Mosher, who was born in New York in 1867. Three children blessed this union, Hazel M., Glen E. and Clarence A. Mr. Ballard has conducted the Hirst House Livery in Holly for the past six years, where his good accomodations and reasonable rates have established for him a profitable business.
- fitable business.
 Ballard, Milo, Farmer, S. 19, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Ballard was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as as School Officer for six years and as Township Treasurer for one year... He is married to Carrie Frisbie. Two children blessed this union,... M. Marguerite and Harold F. They have managed the farm off Mr. Ballard's parents, who are still living, for the past 20 years.
 Bamber, Judson, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 15, T. Milfordl, P. O. Milford. Mr. Bamber was born in Michigan in 1852, and in 1875 settled in Oakland County. He has served as school director for 11 years, and is prominent in local affairs. He is married to Mary Jane Richman, also a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Bamber are the parents of one son. Ford I. They have a nice farm with
- Jane Kichman, also a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. balmeet are the parents of one son, Ford J. They have a nice farm with extra good buildings, which is known as "Far View."
 Bancroft, C. B., Farmer, S. 21, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Bancroft was born in Oakland County in 1833. He has served as School Assessor for 25 years. He is married to Marbury Clark.
 Banchart A. B. Propriator of Hotal Leonard Mr. Paughart was born

- sessor for 25 years. He is married to Marbury Clark.
 Banghart, A. R., Proprietor of Hotel, Leonard. Mr. Banghart was born in Oakland County in 1860. He also conducts a livery in connection with his hotel. Rates \$1.00 to \$1.50 per day.
 Banks, Chas. H., Farmer, S. 7-17, T. Novi, P. O. Novi., Mr. Banks was born in Oakland County in 1836. He has served as Highway Commissioner. Mr. Banks is a veteran of the Civil War.
 Banks, Earl, Farmer, S. 13-24, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Banks was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1880. He has served as Township Treasurer for two years. He is married to Miss F. Sim-mons.
- mons.
 Barber, C. E., Farmer, S. 29, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford.
 Barber, Julian F., Retired Farmer and Agent for Lamb & Adrian Wire Fence and Sharpless Cream Seperator, S. 1, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Barber was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has served as School Officer for three years. He is married to Henrietta Haggadone. One child blessed this union, Eva A., who is now Mrs. A. F. Bogardus of Oxford. They have two nice farms of about 210 acres, and call the farm where they reside "Sunset View."
 Barber, Mrs. Maria, Farmer, S. 29, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mrs. Barber was born in Oakland County in 1844. Her husband, Samuel B. Barber was born in Ohio in 1842, and died in 1895. Mr. Barber had held several local offices for a number of years. Two children
- held several local offices for a number of years. Two children blessed this union, Cassius E. and a daughter who died in infancy. Cassius, who is married to Millie Looney, has managed the farm for
- his mother since the death of his father.

Allshouse, E J., Farmer, Proprietor of Pine Hurst Farm and Breeder of Bronze Turkeys, S. 8, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Allshouse was form in Missouri in 1870, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.

American Savings Bank, General Banking, Pontiac.

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- Anderson, Julius S., Farmer and Stockrister, S. 23, T. Springfield, P. O. Andersonville. Mr. Anderson was born in Oakland County in 1843 He has served as a member of the Board of Review for 10 years, Highway Commission 2 years, and has held various school offices for 15 years. He was married to Mrs. McKinzie, a native of New York, who died in Feb. 1906. Two children blessed this union,
- York, who died in Feb. 1905. Two chararen blessed this union, R. Whitley, and L. Mae. Mr. Anderson has a large farm of about 200 acres, and has erected modern buildings.
 Andrews, Elmer, Farmer, S. 26, T. Oakland, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Andrews was born in Oakland Township, Oakland County, Michigan in 1868. He has served as Township Clerk. He was married to Elevance Lyon, who died in 1901 and in 1903 he counterated account. Florence Lyon, who died in 1901, and in 1903 he contracted a second marriage with Mary Chamberlain. Mr. Andrews is the father of one child.
- Ahscomb, Elmer, Farmer and Dealer in Produce, S. 23, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Anscomb was born in Oakland County, Michigan, in 1865.
- Armstrong, C. R., Farmer, S 33, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Arm-strong was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Mary Hogan. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong are the parents of one child.
- Armstrong, C. T., Farmer, and Proprietor of Cedar Lawn Farm, S. 20, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Armstrong was born in Oakland
- County. He is married to Margaret Davison. Armstrong, Frank J., Farmer, S. 3./T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Arm-strong was born/in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to Ruth E. Shaver. Mr. and Mrs. Armstrong are the parents of three children, Sanford F., Irine R. and Albert S. They have a nice farm

Backer, Peter, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 3, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak.

- Mr. Backer was born in Germany in 1867, and in 1882 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director for three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Margaret Sorensen, who is also a native of Germany. They have two adopted daughters, Annie and Vera M. Nelson, orphans. They call their farm "Meadow Brook Dairy Farm." They have also conducted a wholesale milk business in Detroit for the past 14 years.
- Baird, Chas. H., Postmaster, Holly.
 Bailey, James, Farmer, S. 3, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Bailey was born in Scotland in 1866, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Margaret McKeachie. Two children blessed this union, Christopher S. and Bessie. They have a good farm with modern buildings, which is known as Maple Row Farm.
 Bailey, Ralph, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 34, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Bailey was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1867.
 Baker, Herman, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 20, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Baker was born in Canada in 1860, and in 1869 settled in Oak. Mr. Baker was born in Canada in 1860 settled in
- Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Josie Remley, who was born in Michigan in 1857. Three children blessed this union, Pearl Minnie and Roswell. They have an elegant 20 acre farm with good
- buildings. , W. W., Dealer in Produce and Farm Implements, Clyde. Mr. Baker was born in Oakland County in 1860. He was married to Bertha Clark. Three children blessed this union, R. C., E. W. and 1000 tic wife died. Mr. Baker contracted a second Baker, Celia May. In 1900 his wife died. Mr. Baker contracted a second marriage with Edyth M. Gordon.
- Baldwin, Arthur D., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 9, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Baldwin was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to Libbie Beebe, who is also a native of Michigan. Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin are the parents of two children, Harrison M. and Maurice E. They have a nice farm of about 162 acres which is known as E. They have a nice farm of about 102 acres which a Pleasant View Dairy Farm, and make a specialty of Dairy Farming.

- Barbour, W. T., President, Detroit Stove Works, S. 14. Bloomnelc
- O. Birmingham. Mr. Barbour settled in Oakland County in 1903. es, C. C., Livery, Rochester. Mr. Barnes was born in Oakland County in 1873. He is proprietor of The Barnes Livery, and is a Stockholder in the Rochester Savings Bank and the Barnes Paper Barnes,
- Barrett, A. G., Farmer, Proprietor of Broad View Farm and Breeder of Merino Sheep and Polled Durham Cattle, S. 7, T. Highland, P. O.-Clyde. Mr. Barrett was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Ida Cole. Mr. and Mrs. Barrett are the parents of two-
- children, Gladys I. and Earl C. Bartlett, C. S., Farmer, Dairyman and Breeder of Berkshire Hogs, S. 28-34, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Bartlett was born in New York in 1856, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Carrie Osmun.
- Barton, Geo. W., Proprietor, Milford Marble and Granite Works, Milford, Mr. Barton was born in New York in 1865, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary Bailey. Bassett, Frank, Farmer, S. 33, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr.
- Bassett was born in Oakland County in 1864. Bassett, J., Insurance, 44 Home Bank Building, Detroit. Country home, S. 14, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bassett settled in Oakland County in 1903.
- Baughn, Mark, Farmer, S. 24, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Baughra was born in Oakland County in 1839. He is married to Amelia Weaver. Mr. and Mrs. Baughn are the parents of three children. May E., Almeda and Lottie M. They have a good farm of 120 acres. with good buildings.
- Baum, Will, Livery, Birmingham, 1872. Bauman, August, Farmer, S. 3, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak: Mr. Bauman was born in Germany in 1864, and in 1899 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary Richard, who is also a native of Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Bauman are the parents of three-

children, Joseph, Mary and Frank. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Clover Dale Dairy Farm.

- a Davis, Farmer and Proprietor of Maple Grove Farm, S. 21, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Beach was born in Oakland County in 1835. He is married to Jennie Thomas. Mr. and Mrs. Beach are the parents of two children, U. S. and May L. Beach,
- Beach, Horace, Farmer, and Breeder of Percheron Horses, Durham Cattle and Spanish Merino Sheep, S. 29, T. Rose, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Beach
- Beagle, James, Retired Farmer, S. 20, T. Avon, P. O. 27 Seneca St., Pontiac. Mr. Beagle was born in Oakland County in 1832. He is married to Helen Nelson.
- Beardslee, Chester W., Farmer and Dealer in Produce, S. 8, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Beardslee was born in Michigan in 1869. He has served as Township School Inspector for four years, and has held other local offices. He is married to May E. Allen, who was born in Michigan in 1876. One child blessed this union, Mildred I.
- They have a large farm of about 238 acres with good buildings. Beardslee, Elmer C., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 6, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Beardslee was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1862. He has served as Supervisor for three years, Treasurer two years, Superintendent of Poor for two terms and has held various school
- Superintendent of Poor for two terms and has held various school offices for 21 years. He is married to Emma Frahn, who was born in Michigan in 1864. One child, Fred C., blessed this union. Their farm is known as Paint Creek Farm.
 Beardslee, Elmer E., Farmer, Breeder of Mules and Proprietor of Sashabaw Creek Farm, S. 35, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Beardslee was born in Oakland County, Michigan, in 1863. He is married to Aradell Hall Mr. and Mrs. Beardslee are the parents of five children Laverne Irwin Josephine Clara and Irene
- of five children, Laverne, Irwin, Josephine, Clara and Irene. Beaty, R. J., Farmer, S. 24, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Beaty was born in Oakland County in 1877. He is married to Nellie Austin.

- Austin.
 Beardslee, Wm. E., Farmer, S. 13, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Beardslee was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as Postmaster. He is married to Alice Howard.
 Beattie, Reuben J., Farmer, S. 19, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Beattie was born in Oakland County in 1866.
 Becker, Fred, Farmer, Gardener and Dairyman, S. 4, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Becker was born in Germany in 1847, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Christina Brand, who, was born in Germany in 1847, and died in 1897. Four children blessed this union Louis E. Meta Herbert C. and Anna Children blessed this union, Louis E., Meta, Herbert C., and Anna C. Mr. Becker has a nice farm which is known as Avon Celery Farm. He makes a specialty of Garden Farming.
- an, W. C., Farmer and Proprietor of Orchard Grove Farm, S. 36, T. Groveland, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Beckman was born in Ger-many in 1862, and was brought to Oakland County, Michigan in Beckman, infancy. He is married to Lydia Kester. Two children blessed this union, Arthur C. and Frederick J. Beckwith, F. A., Farmer and Proprietor of Tenny Plane Farm, S. 31, T.
- Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Beckwith was born in Michigan in 1869, and in 1892 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mabel E. Tenny. Mr. and Mrs. Beckwith are the parents of five children, Bernice K., Clara M., Herbert T., Flora A. and Walter
- Beebehiser, Charles, Farmer, S. 2, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Beebehiser was born in Germany in 1846, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Treasurer for several years. He is married to Annie E. Manning. Mr. Beebehis-
- er is a veteran of the Civil War. Belford, Albert C., Farmer, S. 3, T. Holly, P. O. South Grand Blanc. Mr. Belford was born in Oakland County in 1852. He has served as a school officer for three years and as Postmaster for about six years. He is married to Euretta J. Green, who was born in Michigan in 1862. Four children blessed this union, Harriette D., Flossie B., Buella, (deceased) and Howard T. Mr. Belford has a large tract of land containing about 160 acres, which is known as Belford Stock Farm. He also has store buildings and residences located in the village of Belford, which place received its name through the families of Belfords.

- families of Belfords.
 Bell, John W., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 11, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bell was born in Oakland County in 1881.
 Bell, R. J., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 10-11, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bell was born in Oakland County, Michigan, in 1879.
 Benjamin, Wm. A., Farmer, S 2, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Benjamin was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as Justice of the Peace for four years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Eva M. Taylor, who is also a native of Michigan. Two children blessed this union. Harry A. and Geo. L. Their place is children blessed this union, Harry A. and Geo. I. Their place is known as Hill Side Farm. Bennett, Darwin D., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 35, T. Milford, P. O.
- Wixom. Mr. Bennett was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as School Director for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Alice M. Erwin. Mr. and Mrs. Bennett are the parents of two children, Susie M. and Blanche L. They have a fine tract of land containing about 115 acres, with good build-ings, which is known as Bennett Dairy Farm. Both daughters attend the Norman College
- ings, which is known as bennett Dany Faim. Both taughters attend the Norman College.
 Bennett, W. W., Real Estate, 1209 Majestic Building, Detroit.
 Bennett, V. U., Farmer, S. 3, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Bentley was born in Oakland County in 1882. He has served as Pathmaster. Mr. Bentley is married and is prominently identified with matters of deviations. local interest.
- Berger, Chas. W., Farmer, S. 6, T. Southfield, P. O. Franklin. Mr. Berger was born in Oakland County in 1867.
 Berridge, Wm. H., Farmer, S. 15, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Berridge was born in Oakland County in 1840. He has served as a school officer for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Emma Carpenter. Mr. and Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Winner and Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Winner and Mrs. Berridge and the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Mr. and Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two biddene Other Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two bidene Other Mrs. Berridge are the parents of two bidene Other Mrs. children, Chas. W. and Lee W. Mr and Mrs. Berridge own large farms with good buildings. Their son Charles owns 160 acres just east of his father's farm. Lee W. is president of the Bank of Dryden.

- Postmaster and Supervisor of Southfield Township, and is prominently identified with matters of local interest.
 Bingham, L. D., Farmer, S. 9, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bingham was born in Oakland County in 1865.
 Bird, Eli, Farmer and President of the First State and Savings Bank, S. 36, T. Groveland, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Bird was born in Groveland Township, Oakland County, in 1849. In 1872 he was married to Hulda G. Ogden. Three children blessed this union, Mable L., Florence G. (deceased) and Israel S. Florence G., (deceased) and Israel S.
- Florence G., (deceased) and Israel S.
 Bird, Elisha, Farmer and Dealer in Horses, S. 36, T. Groveland, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Bird was born in Groveland Township, Oakland County in 1845. He was married to Lucy B. Crosby who died in 1883. In 1884 he was married to Annie M. Walton, to which union was born three children, Ellen A., Ellis E. and Frank, and an adopted child, John T. Mr. Bird's farm is known as The Horsemans Home. Mr. Bird is a veteran of the Civil War.
 Bishop, Jas., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 35, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Bishop was born in England in 1843 and in 1867 settled in
- Mr. Bishop was born in England in 1843, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Moderator, Director and Assessor for nine years. He is married to Olive Quackenbush. Mr. and Mrs. Bishop are the parents of one child, Bertha L. They own a splendid tract of 117 acres which is known as Monto Born Lemma as Maple Row Farm.
- Bixby, Mrs. Flora E., Farmer, S. 6, T. Avon, P. O. Pontiac. Mrs. Bixby was born in Michigan in 1862, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County. She was married to Oliver Bixby who was born in New York in 1848 and died in 1903. Six children blessed this union, Mina A., Elmer O., Pearl M., Delia M., Lincoln A. and Olive M. She has a nice farm with good buildings.
- Blair, M. R., Groceries and Drugs, Birmingham. Mr. Blair was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has served as School Inspector and Village Treasurer, and is prominently identified with local affairs.
- Blakeslee, E. E., Attorney, Pontiac. Blakeslee, G. A., Farmer, S. 2, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Blakeslee was born in Oakland County in 1855. He has served as Commissioner for three years and as School Trustee for six years. He is married to Delia A. Beatty. Blakeslee, J. R., Hardware, Birmingham. Mr. Blakeslee was born in
- Oakland County in 1878.
- Blunt, Martin H., Farmer and Auctioneer, S. 1, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Warren. Mr. Blunt was born in Michigan in 1848, and in 1859 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Superintendent of Schools of Royal Oak Township for 9 years, Township Treasurer 1 year, Drain Commissioner 2 years and as a teacher in the public schools for 3 years. He is married to Kate Sanner, who was born in Canada in 1859. Five children blessed this union, Waldo E., Loren O., Lomira E., Milford H. and Berinthia. Their farm is
- known as the Clay Loam Dairy Farm. Boening, Frederick, Farmer, S. 36, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Boening was born in Germany in 1859, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary Kaeding, who is also a native of Germany. Nine children blessed this union, Albert F., Lewis J., Louise E., Walter, F., Myrtle W., Elmer F, Martin H., Leslie G. and Millard H. Their farm is known as Shady Lawn Place.
 Boillat, A., Builder and Contractor, Novi. Mr. Bouillat was born in Switzerland in 1854, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County.

- Switzerland in 1854, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County.
 Bond, Fred M., Lawyer, Pontiac.
 Bone, Stephen A., Farmer, S. 30, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Bloomfield. Mr. Bone was born in Oakland County in 1857.
 Booth, G. G., Publisher and President Detroit Evening News Co., S. 22, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Address, Care Evening News, Detriot.
 Borden, Frank, Farmer, S. 29, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Borden was born in Michigan in 1858, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mary Randell.
 Bour, J., Farmer, S. 13, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Bour was born in Germany in 1859, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Minnie Sexton.
 Bourns, A. T., S. 8-17, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Bourns was
- Bourns, A. T., S. 8-17, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Bourns was born in Oakland County in 1880. He is married to Florence Craw-
- Boutell, Chauncey D., Farmer, S. 4, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Boutell was born in Michigan in 1843, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Officer for 10 years, and was receiver for Livingston County Mutual Fire Insurance Co. for 18 years. He was married to Jane Ann Booth, deceased. Five children blessed this union, Grace, (deceased) Lorenzo S., Wm. J. (deceased) Ira D. and Holen. Mr. Pontoll contracted a second memory and Holen. and Helena. Mr. Boutell contracted a second marriage with Fannie J. Ovaitt. They own two well appointed farms in Orion Township
- J. Ovatt. They own two well appointed tarms in Orion Township and a farm in Tuscola County.
 Bowden, Andrew J., Farmer, S. 6, T. Southfield, P. O. Franklin. Mr. Bowden was born in Oakland County in 1868.
 Bowren, Geo., Farmer, S. 17, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Bowren was born in England in 1839, and in 1849 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Elizabeth Toby. Mr. and Mr. Deven and the married to Elizabeth Toby. Mr. and Mr. Deven and the married to Elizabeth Toby. Mr. and Mrs. Bowren are the parents of four children, Ada, Friend, John and Frank. Boyle, D., Elevator, Milford.
- Boys Home and d'Arcambal Association, S. 36, T. Farmington, P. O. Clarenceville. The Home is an institution supported by private subscription, for the purpose of caring for neglected, dependent and delinquent boys from the City of Detroit. The Institution is about six years old, and up to the 1st of April, 1907 was located in Detroit. The institution is educational, Homer T. Lane is Manager.
- Brace, Isaac, Farmer, S. 36, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Brace was born in Michigan in 1837, and in 1866 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Louisa Dewanderlier, who was born in Belgium in 1854. Six children blessed this union, Mary, Amelia, Edward, Walter, Russell and Eunice. Their farm is known as Maple Grove Farm.

Farmer S. 7, T. Royal Albert, Birmingham.

- Brewster, Ezra, Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 32, T. Oakland, P. O. Brewster, Ezra, Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 32, T. Oakland, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Brewster was born in Oakland County in 1846. He is married to Sarah A. Perry. One child blessed this union, Oscar. Mr. Brewstef is proprietor of Valley Farm.
 Bridgman, Richard F., Farmer, Milford. Mr. Bridgman was born in Oakland County in 1847. He has served as Township Treasurer three years, Highway Commissioner one year, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary A. Soulby. They are used the served as the served of the served by the served as the served by the served as the served by th
- local offices. He is married to Mary A. Soulby. They are one of the larger farm owners of the township, and also have some good property in the Village of Milford, where they reside.
- property in the Village of Milford, where they reside.
 Bridson, James, Blacksmith, South Lyon. Mr. Bridson was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as Village Trustee for years, and holds the office of Village Marshal. He is married and is prominently identified with matters of local interest.
 Brinkey, Henry, Farmer, S. 23, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Brinkey was born in Michigan in 1872, and in 1889 settled in Oakland County/ He is married to Elvina Grubb. Mr. and Mrs. Brinkey are the parents of one child, Cora E. They own a nice 20 acre farm with good buildings.
- arre farm with good buildings. Bristol, Ezra C., Farmer, S. 4, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bristol was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as
- Bristoi was born in Oakland County in 1960. At and School Inspector. Bromley, Owen, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 30, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Bromley was born in England in 1859, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Ada Lucas. Mr. and Mrs. Bromley are the parents of five children, Nellie, James, Mice. Course and Clifford Alice, George and Clifford
- Brondige, Eli F., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 8, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Brondige was born in Oakland County in 1878. He is married to Frances Van Horn. One son blessed this union, Foster. Mr. Brondige calls his place the Fairview Stock Farm. He manages the large farms of his mother and grandmother. Brondige, Geo. F., Register of Deeds, Pontiac.
- Brondige, Geo. F., Register of Decus, Fontiac.
 Brondige, J. E., Attorney, Pontiac.
 Bronson, D. L., Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 11, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Bronson was born in Michigan in 1862. He is married to Minnie L. Taylor. One daughter blessed this union. She is now the wife of Wm. H. Addis, and resides in this township. Mr. Bronson's farm is known as Placeart View. this township. Mr. Bronson's farm is known as Pleasant View Farm.
- Brooks, James, Real Estate, 505 Whitney Opera Building, Detroit. Mr.
- Brooks, James, Real Estate, 505 Whitney Opera Building, Detroit. Mr. Brooks was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as Township Treasurer and Supervisor.
 Brooks, Jos., Farmer, S. 9, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Brooks was born in Oakland County in 1861. He has served as clerk, and at present holds the office of Supervisor.
 Brosius, Allen, Farmer and Breeder of Sheep, S. 10, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Brosius was born in Oakland County in 1860. He is married to Georgia Eaton. Mr. and Mrs. Brosius are the parents of two children, Winnie E., (deceased) and Lena L. Mr. Brosius is proprietor of Orchard Home Farm
- is proprietor of Orchard Home Farm Brown, Bayard, Farmer, S. 21, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Brown settled in Oakland County in 1904.
- Brown, Geo. A., County Clerk, Pontiac.
 Brown, L. L., Farmer, S. 35, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Brown was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Nettie Neal.
- born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Nettie Neal. One child, Eva D., blessed this union.
 Brown, M. S., Farmer and Breeder of Short Horn Durham Cattle, S. 15, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Brown was born in Michigan in 1876, and has lived in Oakland County since infancy. He is married to Hattie Bell Hathaway. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are the parents of two children, Klebert L. and Tobias B. Mr. Brown is proprietor of Kelly Lake Farm.
- Kelly Lake Farm.
 Brown, Robert S., Farmer, S. 27, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Highland. Mr. Brown was born in Michigan in 1856, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He has served as a school officer for 12 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Lillie Collins. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are the parents of two children, Collins R. and Law-rence M. They have a well appointed farm with good buildings.
 Brown, Seymour, Farmer, S. 21, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Brown was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is treasurer of Novi Town-ship, and has held the offices of Director and Treasurer of Schools for years. He is married to Gertrude M. Mathewson.
 Brown. Thomas E., Farmer, S. 29, T. Orion, P. O. Orion Mr. Brown
- Ior years. He is married to Gertrude M. Matnewson.
 Brown, Thomas E., Farmer, S. 29, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Brown was born in England in 1833, and in 1936 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a school officer for 12 years. He is married to Eleanor Rossman. Five children blessed this union, Leora, Bertha L., T. Asar, Edith L. and Lulu Grace. Their place is known as Oak Crove Farm. place is known as Oak Grove Farm.
- Brown, Wallace A., Farmer, S. 30, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Brown was born in Oakland County in 1864. He has served as School Director for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary E. Looney. Mr. and Mrs. Brown are the parents of one son, G. Frank. They have a good tract of about 161 acres which is known as Sunny Slopes.
- which is known as Sunny Slopes. Brush, A. P., Farmer and Manufacturer, S. 23, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham, 1840.
- Birmingnam, 1040.
 Buell, Wm. H., Farmer, Threshing Machine Operator and Breeder of High Grade Stock, S. 1, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Buell was born in Pennsylvania in 1855, and has lived in Oakland County, Michigan University Worksfold, Mr. Worksfold, Mr. Stand Mark since infancy. He is married to Mary Westpfahl. Mr. and Mrs. Buell are the parents of four children, Ora L., Arthur L., Coral M. and Dale O. They own several nice farms in Oakland County.
- Bunn, Bert, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2-10, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hud-son. Mr. Bunn was born in Oakland County in 1873. He has served as School Director for several years. He is married to
- Mabel Stephens. Buno, Ralph, Farmer, S. 27, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Buno was born in New York in 1834, and in 1870 settled in Oakland county, Mich. He is married to Matilda A. Baker, who is also a native of

Beuthein, August, Farmer, S. 20, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Beuthein was born in Germany in 1866, and in 1894 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.

Bessenger & Moore, Real Estate, 205 Telegraph Building, Detroit.

- Bigelow, Charles A., Farmer, S. 33, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Bigelow, Charles A., Farmer, S. 33, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Bigelow was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as School Treasurer for three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Emma Skelton. They have a nice farm with good buildings. Mr. Bigelow's mother, who is 64 years of age resides with them. His father died at the age of 44 years. The farm is known as the Birelow Housetead known as the Bigelow Homestead.
- Bigelow, Chas. N., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 4, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Bigelow was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Mary M. Maybee, who was born in Michigan in 1865, and died in 1898. Two children blessed this union, Frederick N. and died in 1898. Two children blessed this union, Frederick N. and Jessie M. Mr. Bigelow owns large tracts of land in both Oak-land and Isabella Counties. The place where they reside in Springfield Township is known as Bigelow Stock Farm.
- Bigelow, Thos. A., Farmer, S. 36, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bigelow was born in Oakland County in 1867.
- Bingham, C. A., Farmer, S. 5, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Bingham was born in Oakland County in 1875. He was elected Township Treasurer in 1907.
- Bingham, George, Merchant, S. 6, T. Southfield, P. O. Franklin. Mr. Bingham was born in Oakland County in 1855. He has served as

- Mr. Bradway was born in New Jersey in 1850, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary Render. Mr. and Mrs. Bradway are the parents of two children, Ira J. and Min-
- nie. They have a nice farm which is known as Prairie Lawn. Braid, Edward, Farmer, S. 8, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Braid was born in Michigan in 1862, and in 1864 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Veda Laird. Three children blessed this union, B. E., Elva C. and Reva M. Mr. Braid is proprietor of Sunny Side Farm.
- Brandt, Oscar, Farmer and Breeder of Short Horn Durham Cattle, S. 4. T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Brandt was born in Michigan in 1855. He is married to Susan Bartenfelder. Mr. and Mrs. Brandt are the parents of four children, Grace, Clarence, Mable and Florence. Mr. Brandt is proprietor of Spruce Lawn Farm.
 Brass, J. L., Fish Culturist, S. 10, T. Waterford, P. O. Drayton Plains, Mr. Brass was born in Scotland in 1872, and in 1902 settled in Oak-
- land County, Michigan. He has served as School Assessor for years. He is married to Elizabeth Spaulding.
- Brassow, Crist, Farmer, S. 26, Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Brassow was born in Germany in 1855, and in 1874 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- Brendel, Thomas, Farmer, S. 20, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Brendel, was born in Oakland County in 1871. He has served as School Director for five years, School Inspector 2 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Nora Cook. Mr. and Mrs. Brendel are the parents of three children, Stewart, Leo and Alice. They own a large of farm 200 acres with good buildings.
- Brewster, E. A., Farmer, S. 32, T. Oakland, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Brewster was born in Oakland County in 1860.

New York. Mr. and Mrs. Buno are the parents of two children, Wilbur M., (deceased) and Luverne L. They have a nice farm with substantial buildings.

- Burdick, Robert, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 13, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Burdick was born iu Oakland county in 1854. He is married to Melina J. Porter. Their farm is known as Mountain Ash Stock Farm. Mr. Burdick makes a specialty of breeding trotting horses.
 Burnham, Delos R., Farmer, S. 28, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Burnham was born in New York in 1845. He has served as Deputy Sheriff of Holly Village for two years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Jennie S. Hall. Mr. and Mrs. Burnham are the parents of two children, Alice H. and Glennie H. They lived in Holly Village from 1873 to 1887, when they moved to Detroit, and for 17 years were engaged in the mercantile business. They then returned to their farm, which is known as The Bungalow.
 Burns Geo W. Supervisor and Livervman. Leonard. Mr. Burns was Melina J. Porter. Their farm is known as Mountain Ash Stock
- Burns, Geo. W., Supervisor and Liveryman, Leonard. Mr. Burns was born in Oakland County in 1862. Burridge, C. W., Real Estate, Pontiac.

- Burridge, C. W., Kear Estate, Fontiac.
 Bush, John H., Farmer and Drover, S. 13, T. Rose, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Bush was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Nellis Leary. One child, Zetta E., blessed this union. Mr. Bush proprietor of Evergreen Farm.
- Butterfield, L. H., Farmer, S. 5, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Butterfield was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as School Director for years, and holds the office of Moderator at the present time. He is married to Laura McCullough.

Cady, Daniel J., Farmer, S. 19, T. Holly, P. O. Fenton. Mr. Cady was born in Oakland County in 1840. He has served as School Director

for over 20 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to for over 20 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Lydia M. Berry, who was born in New York. Mr. and Mrs. Cady are the parents of two children, Bertha A., (now Mrs. F. Newton), and Mildred E. They have a nice farm with good buildings.
Campbell, David L., Farmer, Raiser of Poultry and Agent for the Monitor Fire Insurance Company of Oakland County, S. 26, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Campbell was born in Michigan in 1847. He has served as Instice of the Peace 2 years. School Director 3.

- P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Campbell was born in Michigan in 1847. He has served as Justice of the Peace 2 years, School Director 3 years, and Trustee for Royal Oak High School for 3 years. He is married to Julia H. Benjamin. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell are the parents of four children, Charles B., J. William, Ruth A. (now Mrs. Geo. Schliskey) and John D. Their place is known as Oakland Poultry Form Poultry Farm.
- Poultry Farm.
 Campbell, Geo., Farmer and Proprietor of Sun Set Hill Farm, S. 1, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Campbell was born in Canada in 1854, and in 1889 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director for several years. He is married to Miss
- Served as School Director for several years. He is married to miss Anna Campbell.
 Campbell, John E., Farmer, S. 6, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Campbell was born in Michigan in 1869, and in 1903 settled in Oak-land County. He is married to Ella L. Jordan. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell are the parents of seven children, Mary, Myrle, Bernice, Delis, Donna, John and Donald
- Campbell are the parents of seven children, Mary, Myrle, Bernice, Delia, Donna, John and Donald.
 Campbell, Milton W., Farmer, S. 6, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Campbell was born in Oakland County in 1856. He has served as Justice of the Peace 11 years, Member of the Board of Review 6 years and School Officer 6 years. He is married to Louisa Taylor. One child, Harold T., blessed this union. Their farm is known as Two Oaks Two Oaks.
- Two Oaks.
 Canfield, Lucius C., Farmer, S. 27, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Canfield was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as School Moderator 3 years. He was married to Louise Goldy who was born in 1854 and died in 1874. One child, William G., blessed this union. Mr. Canfield was married the second time to Jessie Wiley, who was born in Ohio in 1857. Three children blessed this union, Bertha N., Bernice E. and Jennie L. They are one of the representative families of the county. sentative families of the county. Cannon, Howard B., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 9, T. Avon, P. O. Roches-

- Cannon, Howard B., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 9, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Cannon was born in Michigan in 1868, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County. He is married to May Varney. Five children blessed this union, Lucy M., Laura A., Guy H. M., and Harold B. and Helen M., twins. Their farm is known as Walnut Knolls. Mr. Cannon makes a Specialty of Dairy Farming.
 Carmer, A. O., Farmer, Dairyman and Proprietor of Elm Dale Dairy Farm, S. 11, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Carmer was born in Michigan in 1874. He is married to Catharine M. Crawford.
 Carpenter, Geo. A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 36, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Carpenter was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as School Director for four years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Nettie D. Gibson. Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter are the parents of three children, Faye Gibson, Aleene M., (deceased) and Nyall James. Their place is known as Clover Dale Farm.
- Carpenter, Geo. W., Farmer, S. 7, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Carpenter was born in Michigan in 1855, and in 1860 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mrs. John McCully. Their place is known
- County. He is married to Mrs. John McCuny. Their place is known as the McCully Homestead.
 Carpenter, Judson, Farmer, S. 25, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Carpenter was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1889 settled in Oakland county. He has a nice farm of about 100 acres with good buildings.
- He lives with his a incle fail of about 100 acres with good buildings.
 He lives with his mother, his father having died in 1895.
 Carpenter, Julius, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 28, T. Orion, P. O. Fames.
 Mr. Carpenter was born in Massachuetts in 1836. He has served as a school officer for 15 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to R. M. Rolison, who was born in New Jersey in 1836.
 Three children blessed this union Minnia (now Mer A Course) Three children blessed this union, Minnie, (now Mrs. A. G. Griggs) Oscar M. and Charles A. They have a large farm of about 371 acres with commodious and substantial buildings. Their place is known as Eames Farm.
- known as Eames Farm. Carr, Dr. W. H., Physician and Surgeon, Davisburg. Dr. Carr was born March 21st, 1876 in Wood County, Ohio. He attended the public schools until he had reached the age of 18 years, when he entered schools until he had reached the age of 18 years, when he entered the Valpariso College, Valpariso, Indiana, graduating in 1899 with the degree of Bachelor of Science. In 1902 he graduated from the Chicago Homeopathic Medical College. On July 19th of the same year he was married to Bessie Loveland of Chicago. From this time until September 1903 he practiced medicine in South Dakota. He then spent a year in the Medical Department of the University of Illinois, graduating from that institution in 1904. He then located at Bays, Ohio, where he continued the practice of medicine until he located at Davisburg, Michigan in August 1906. Carter, Henry, Farming and Railroading, S. 33, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Carter was born in England in 1820, and in 1858 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Emma Blakley.
- Blakley.
 Case, Geo. W., Farmer, S. 16, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Case was born in New York in 1847, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Maria Brechwille, who was born in Ohio in 1847, and died in 1896. Eight children blessed this union, Cora, Nellie, Lottie, Abbie, Altie, Maggie, Robert and Mildred.
 Cassels, Robert, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 22, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Cassels was born in Canada in 1872, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County. Michigan. He is married to Georgina D. Meyers.
- land County, Michigan. He is married to Georgina D. Meyers. One child blessed this union, Nellie M. They own a nice farm on the line of the Detroit United Railway which is known as Clover Dale Farm.
- Cavanaugh, Lott, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 18, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Cavanaugh was born in Oakland County in 1867. He is married to Bridget Connors, who was born in England in 1868. Seven children blessed this union, John L., Jessie C., Annie M., Emma A., Estella M., Cornelius L. and Joseph E. Their place is known as Walnut Ridge Farm. Their place is known as Walnut Ridge Farm.
 Challis, John, Farm Machinery, South Lyon. Mr. Challis was born in England in 1852, and in 1870 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Treasurer for years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary E. Grady.
 Chamberlain, John, Contractor and Builder, Wixom. Mr. Chamberlain was born in Oakland County in 1882. He makes a specialty of fence building.

them one year, leaving them to enter the employ of Josdon, Marsh & Co., wholesale Dry Goods Dealers, Boston, Mass. Later with his parents he removed to Detroit, Michigan, and there entered the his parents he removed to Detroit, Michigan, and there entered the employ of Edson, Moore & Co., wholesale Dry Goods Dealers, where he remained for ten years, four years of which was spent in the house, and six years as traveling salesman on the road. In 1891 he engaged in establishing the house since known as the West-ern Knitting Mills, which can now boast of such a splendid plant. Personally he is well known to most of the jobbing trade who handle this class of goods throughout the United States. Chapman, R., Farmer and Proprietor of Lake Resort, S. 2, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Chapman was born in Oakland County in

- Chapman, R., Farmer and Proprietor of Lake Resort, S. 2, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Chapman was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as Township Clerk and Treasurer for years. He is married to Lucinda Hammond. Mr. Chapman conducts a first class lake resort, where he has good boats to rent.
 Chapman, William C., Secretary and Treasurer of the Western Knitting Mills, was born at Proctorsville, Vt., March 11, 1866. Removed with his parents to Detroit, Michigan, in 1880. There he attended business college, from which he graduated in 1881, entering the employ of W. C. Yawkey as bookkeeper, remaining with him until 1887, when he left his employ to engage in the lumber business in business college, from which he graduated in 1881, entering the employ of W. C. Yawkey as bookkeeper, remaining with him until 1887, when he left his employ to engage in the lumber business in Rhinelander, Wis. He remained there three years, when he sold out and returned to Detroit, Michigan. In 1891 he purchased an interest in the Western Knitting Mills, removing to Rochester, Michigan, at that time to take charge of their yarn mill. Mr. Chapman served three years very acceptably as President of the Village of Rochester, and is a wide-awake and progressive citizen.
 Charlick, L. J., Farmer and Breeder of Hogs, Sheep and Cattle, S. 8, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Charlick was born in Michigan in 1874, and has resided in Oakland County since infancy. He is married to Bessie Rogers. Mr. and Mrs. Charlick are the parents of two children, Willard J. Raymond and an infant.
 Childs, Fred., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 35, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Childs was born in New York in 1867, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to L. Belle Beach. Mr. and Mrs. Childs are the parents of three children, Freida Beech, Glen H. and Iva Belle. They have managed his father's farm for the past 10 years. Their place is known as Spring Lake Farm.
 Chipman, B. B., Sign Writer and Decorator, Pontiac. Mr. Chipman was born in Oakland County in 1876.

- born in Oakland County in 1876. Chipman, H. S., President American Savings Bank, Pontiac. Choate, Chas. W., Contractor, Pontiac.
- Citizens Realty Co., Ltd., Room 5 McGraw Building, 153 Griswold St., Detroit, Michigan.
- Citizens Savings Bank, John Lane, President; General Banking, Holly.
- Citizens Savings Bank, Jonn Lane, President; General Banking, Hony.
 Citizens State Savings Bank, Frank Thurstin, President; John W. Fox, Vice President; L. M. Carleton, Cashier; General Banking. Capital \$20,000.00. Organized April 1, 1907, Orion, Michigan.
 Clack, Jonathan L., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 4, T. Addison, P. O. Oxford. Mr, Clack was born in Oakland County in 1845. He has Oxford. Mr. Clack was born in Oakland County in 1845. He has served as School Officer for over 20 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Ellen Lee, who was born in England in 1848. Mr. and Mrs. Clack are the parents of ten children, Minnie, Joseph A., Jennie, James E., Mary E., Idabelle, Emma, Herbert J., Geo. E. and Lee J. They are one of the most extensive property owners in the township, owning farms containing 820 acres in Oak-land County and 270 acres in Lapeer County. Their place is known as Clack Homestead Farm.
- Clark, J. Y., Operates and controls the tract known as the Elijah B. Clark Homestead, on Section 23, Orion Township, taken up from the government in 1830, the title of which has remained continuously in the family ever since. Mr. Clark, who is a graduate of the Michigan Agricultural College, is a prominent and representative citizen gan Agricultural Conege, is a prominent and representative cluzen of his section, taking an active part in all matters, educational, political and fraternal. He has been prominent in various farmers organizations, and has served his township upon the Board of Supervisors and for many years as School and other officers. He was united in marriage in 1889 to Carrie B. Letts of the same township township.
- Clark, Romaine, Jr., Farmer, S. 23, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Clark was born in Oakland County in 1877. He is married to Edith L. Beardslee. Two children blessed this union, Ferris B. and Kenneth Mr. Their place is brown as the Security Valley Form.
- M. Their place is known as the Scenic Valley Farm. Clark, Silas, Farmer, S. 25, T. Novi, P. O. Northville. Mr. Clark was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has served as Pathmaster.
- He is married to Flora Spencer. Clark, Thomas, Farmer, S. 8-17, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Clark was born in England in 1833, and in 1860 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Pathmaster. He is married to Ann Tohnston.
- Clemens, Raymond, Manager and Bookkeeper for Pontiac Brewery Pontiac. Mr. Clemens was born in Michigan in 1859, and in 1903
- settled in Oakland County. Clum, Sherman S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 5, T. Milford, P. O. Mil-Clum, Sherman S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 5, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Clum was born in New York in 1848, and in 1852 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director six years and President of Farmers Club one year, and has held other local offices. He is married to Fannie J. Bamber. Mr. and Mrs. Clum are the parents of three children, Villeta, (deceased) Iva B., (deceased) and Merrill S., who is attending the Detroit Institute. Their farm is known as Pleasant View.
 Cole, Benjamin E., Farmer, S. 9, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Cole was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as Township Treasurer one year and Justice of the Peace one year. He is married to Orpha Aldrich. Seven children blessed this union, Fannie F., Kobert C., Benjamin C., Charles W., Floyd G., Herman H. and Pearl Ellsworth. Their place is known as City View.
 Cole, Bert, Farmer, S. 33, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Cole was born in Michigan in 1868, and in 1899 settled in Oakland County.
 Cole, Charles E., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 4, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal

- Congdon & Glaspie, Publishers, Oxford. Congdon and Glaspie have been in business in Oxford since 1898, where they publish The Oxtord Leader. They are hustlers in their line, and are one of the rep-
- Leader. They are hustlers in their line, and are one of the representative concerns of the county.
 Conroy, Edward, Farmer, S. 23, E. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Conroy was born in Oakland County in 1845.
 Cooke, Chas. E., Farmer, S. 5, T. Springfield, P. O. Holly. Mr. Cooke was born in New York in 1880, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to L. May Wilson. They have good buildings on their farm of 163 acres which is known as Wilson Homestead Farm.
 Cooper. Lester. Farmer and Stockhuver S 11 T. Commence B. O.
- Cooper, Lester, Farmer and Stockbuyer, S. 11, T. Commerce, P. O. Detroit. Mr. Cooper was born in Michigan in 1848, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married and is one of the prom-
- nent farmers of the county.
 Cooper, S. S., Farmer, S. 27, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Cooper was born in Oakland County in 1845.
 Coryell, R. J., Nursery, S. 35, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Coryell settled in Oakland County in 1905.
- Coryell settled in Oakland County in 1905.
 Covert, E. S., Farmer, S. 23, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Covert was born in Oakland County in 1852. He has served as School Director. He is married to Mary E. Bacon.
 Covert, F. L., Prosecuting Attorney, Pontiac.
 Covert, H. H., Farmer, S. 9, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Covert was born in Oakland County in 1849. He is married to Belinda Terry

- Belinda Terry. C. R., Farmer, S. 9, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Cox was born in Michigan in 1855, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Pathmaster for years. He is married to Mary W. Cox. Kirkland.
- Kirkland.
 Cox, J. M., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 36, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Cox was born in England in 1852, and in 1859 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Crane, E. M., Farmer, S. 2-3-16, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Crane was born in Michigan in 1854, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County. He holds the office of Highway Commissioner. He is married to Florence Ryal.
 Crawford & Crawford, Abstractors, Pontiac.
 Crawford, C. W., Retired Farmer, Birmingham. Mr. Crawford was born in Oakland County in 1852.
 Crawford, Duncan, Farmer, S. 29, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Crawford was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Mable Palmer. One daughter, Hester L., blessed this union. They have a good farm with comfortable dwelling.
 Crawford, G. Emerson, Farmer, S. 34, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Crawford was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is married to

- Crawford was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is married to Emma Vasbinder. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford are the parents of two children, C. Leroy and C. Harold. They own a nice farm of about 220 care with 320 acres with good buildings, which is known as Maple Street Farm.
- Crawford, John E., Postmaster, Milford. Mr. Crawford was born in Oak-land in 1852. He has served as Postmaster for 9 years, Village President one year, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary Hagadorn. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford are the parents of one daughter, F. Inez. Mr. Crawford is one of the most enterprising representative citizens of Milford.
- Crawford, Levi S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 23 T. Milford, P. O. Mil-ford. Mr. Crawford was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as School Director for six years, Member Board of Review 2 years, and also holds the office of Justice of the Peace. He is mar-ried to Sarah A. Lyon. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford are the parents of one child, Elmer S.
- Crofoot, C. G., Proprietor of Hotel Clinton, Pontiac. Mr. Crofoot was born in New York in 1840, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Emma Makley.
- He is married to Emma Makley.
 Crohn & Green, Real Estate and Insurance, Pontiac.
 Cromie, Robert, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 17, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Cromie was born in Michigan in 1855, and in 1885 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Officer for nine years, and has held other public offices. He is married to Ellen Cromie. Mr. and Mrs. Cromie are the parents of six oblidren. Filen Cromie. Mr. and Mrs. Cromie are the parents of six children, Mable, Alma, Herbert, Sarah, Dora and one who died in infancy. Their place is known as Northwood Dairy Farm.
 Crooks, John, Farmer, S. 24, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Crooks was born in Oakland County in 1883. He has served as Constable.
- Constable.
- Constable.
 Crosby, S. Levern, Farmer, S. 26, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkson. Mr. Crosby was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Grace M. Greem. They own a good tract of about 144 acres with good buildings, which is known as Fair View Farm.
 Croup, Lewis C., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 13, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Croup was born in New York in 1853, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Miranda Bixler. Mr. and Mrs. Croup are the parents of three children, Homer, A., Florence E. and Claud L. Their place is known as Poplar Lawn Farm. Poplar Lawn Farm. Crumm, C., Farmer, S. 9, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Crumm was born in
- Germay in 1866, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- He is married to Lena Sallow. Cumin, D. R., Farmer, S. 8, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Cumin was born in Brantford, Canada in 1878, and in 1894 settled in
- Cumin was born in Brantiord, Canada in 1076, and in 1074 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. Currie, C. W., Farmer, S. 13, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Currie was born in New York in 1842, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served two terms as Highway Commissioner. He is married to Ester Bryant.
- Curtis, Wm. D., Farmer and U. S. Rural Mail Carrier, S. 9, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Curtis was born in Michigan in 1870 and in

- fence building.
- Chamberlain, S. C., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 31, T. Oakland, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Chamberlain was born in Oakland Township, Oak-land County in 1864. He is married to Ella Cotcher. Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain are the parents of one child, Florence A. Mr. Chamberlain is Proprietor of Wintergreen Farm. He makes a specialty of the raising of Peaches.
- Chamberian is riophetor of wintergreen raim. He makes a specialty of the raising of Peaches. Chambers, Fred B., Hotel, Pontiac. Mr. Chambers was born in Michi-gan in 1860, and in 1896 settled in Oakland County. He has served gan in 1800, and in 1890 settled in Oakiand County. He has served as a school officer for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Carrie B. Shelp. Mr. Chambers conducts a first class hotel at 91 N. Saganaw St., Pontiac, which is noted for its prompt service and first class meals. It is located on a car line, and has a good bar in connection. Mr. Chambers makes a rate of a \$1.50 per day. \$1.50 per day.
- Chandler, Ed., Citizen, Pontiac. Mr. Chandler was born in Oakland County in 1877. He is married, and is prominently identified with matters of local interest.
- Chapman, C. S., President and General Manager, Western Knitting Mills, Rochester. Mr. Chapman was born in Proctorsville, Vt., in 1864. At the age of sixteen he left school and entered the employ of E. J. Vose & Co., retail clothing dealers, Ludlow, Vt., remaining with

- Cole, Charles E., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 4, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Cole was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as a School Officer for 12 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Elizabeth A. Todd. Mr. and Mrs. Cole are the percenter of energy of the destance of the served as a served as a served as a served to Elizabeth A. Todd. Mr. and Mrs. Cole are the percenter of energy of the destance of the served as a serve
- onces. The is married to Enzapern A. 100d. Mr. and Mrs. Cole are the parents of one child, Chester J. They own a good farm with substantial buildings which is known as Evergreen Hill.
 Cole, Christopher, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 9, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Cole was born in New Jersey in 1836. He has served as Postmaster six years, Supervisor four years, Township Treasurer four years and Treasurer of The Monitor Fire Insurance Company of Oakland County for six years. Oakland County for six years. He was married to Maggie Wyker, who was born in New Jersey in 1845, and died in 1880. One child, Grace L., blessed this union. She is now Mrs. Ira Haddrill. Mr. Cole has a large farm with good buildings. His son-in-law also owns a large tract which is known as Pine Grove Stock Farm.
- Collier, W. W., Farmer and Manufacturer, S. 4, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. 1903.

Colvin, Homer H., Attorney, Pontiac.

- Combs, W. R., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 21, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Combs was born in New York in 1851, and in 1885 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He has served as School Director for three und has held other local offices. He was married to Violette years, and has held other local offices. He was married to Violetta Case, who was born in 1849 and died in 1894. One son, Raymond O. C., blessed this union. He contracted a second marriage with Jennie S. Case, who was born in 1847. They own a nice farm with a-comfortable dwelling, which is known as Glen Dale.
- Comiskey, M., Ice Dealer and Drayage, South Lyon. Mr. Comiskey was born in Michigan in 1866, and in 1885 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Constable and Village Marshall for years. Mr. Comiskey has been in the ice and dray business for 12 years.

- 1893 settled in Oakland County. He has served as a member of the Board of Review for two years and as School Inspector for four years. He was married to Anna Rice, who was born in 1872 and died in 1897. One child, Stanley R., blessed this union. He was married the second time to Winnifred Weeks, who was born in Michigan in 1880. One son, Charles E. blessed this union. They own several percels of load with mood dwalling. Mr. Curtis has own several parcels of land with good dwelling. Mr. Curtis has been a Rural Mail Carrier for the last five years. Cuthbert, James, Farmer and Proprietor of Sunny Side Farm, S. 4, T.
- White Lake, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Cuthbert was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has held the office of Supervisor for over seven years. He is married to Rebecca Ogden. Three children blessed this union, Joseph F., (deceased) Inez M. and Ida I.
- Dahlmann, Theodor, Jeweler, Rochester. Mr. Dahlmann was born in New York in 1852, and in 1858 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Clerk at different periods for about 20 years, Postmaster 4 years, Justice of the Peace 4 years, City Clerk 2 years, Assessor 4 years, and Notary Public 20 years. He has been in the jewelery business in Rockford since he was a

- Daily Gazette, Newspaper, Pontiac.
 Daily Gazette, Newspaper, Pontiac.
 Daiby & Lunger, (F. W. Dalby—Geo. S. Lunger) Real Estate and Abstracts, 9 Walker Block, Detroit.
 Davereaux, Jas. S., Contractor and Builder, Novi. Mr. Davereaux was
- born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Miss O. Vanwormer.
- Davidson, Jas., Farmer, S. 33, T. Troy, P. O. Clawson. Mr. Davidson was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1857, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County.

- Davidson, John, Farmer, S. 33, T. Troy, P. O. Clawson. Mr. Davidson was born in Ontario, Canada in 1852, and in 1866 settled in Oakland
- County. Davis, Arthur M., Farmer, S. 30, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Davis was born in Oakland County in 1869. He is married to May E. Serrell. They own a nice farm of about 80 acres which is known as Clover Valley Farm.
- Davis, Edward, Farmer and Dealer in Hay, S. 3-10, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Davis was born in England in 1861, and in 1870 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Officer for several years. He is married to Miss M. Renwick. Davis, E. Levern, Farmer and Dealer in Live Stock, S. 17, T. Springfield.
- P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Davis was born in Oakland County in 1870. He has served as Supervisor for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Gertrude Newman. Mr. and Mrs. Davis are the parents of two children, Alene M. and Sarita I. Mr. Davis owns a nice farm of 90 acres, and has managed the Michigan Premium Stock Farm for the last five years. He is an extensive dealer in Live Stock.
- Davis, Joseph P., Section Foreman, South Lyon. Mr. Davis was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County.
 Davis, Richard P., Farmer, S, 36, T. Pontiac, P. O. Amy. Mr. Davis was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has held the office of Township Clerk for over four years. He is married to Jennie Bar-
- Davis, Wm. O., Farmer, S. 30, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford, Mr. Davis was born in Detroit, Michigan in 1842. He is a veteran of the Civil war, and participated in several notable battles. He was married to Nancy Shoemaker, who was born in 1841 in New York, and died in 1903. One son, Joseph H. blessed this union. Mr. Davis owns
- In 1963. One son, Joseph II. Blesset in a time that Data Several good farms in Oakland County.
 Dawson, Byron, Farmer, S. 17, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Dawson was born in Oakland County in 1874.
 Dawson, Geo. W., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 25, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Dawson was born in Oakland County in 1869.
- Deconac & Becker, Wholesale Liquor Dealers, Pontiac.
 DeConick, John, Farmer and Commercial Traveler, S. 35, T. West Bloom-field, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. DeConick was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as Township Treasurer. He is married and is one of the representative men of the county.
- married and is one of the representative men of the county.
 DeCou, John, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 19, T. Holly, P. O. Fenton, Mr. DeCou was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as School Treasurer for six years. His two sisters, Julia and Alice A. reside with him, and also are heirs to the estate of their parents. The farm consists of about 266 acres of good land with substantial buildings. Their father settled on the place in 1846, and five years later was married. He died in 1906 at the age of 83 years. Their mother died in 1899 at the age of 76. The place is known as Demother died in 1899 at the age of 76. The place is known as De-Cou's Pioneer Farm.
- Deer, Frank, Livery, Novi. Mr. Deer was born in Canada in 1865, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Eva McCrumb.
- DeGarmo, A. D., Breeder of Short Horn Cattle, S. 22, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. DeGarmo was born in Michigan in 1845, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Emily C. Omstedt. Mr. and Mrs. DeGarmo are the parents of eight children, Henry J., John A., Anna M., Sarah, Dale, Elias, Clara and Irene. Their place is known as the DeGarmo Stock Farm.
- DeGarmo, H. J. Farmer and Breeder of Oxford Down Sheep and Short Horn Cattle, and Agent for Page Fence Co., S. 7, T. Highland, P.
 O. Clyde Mr. DeGarmo was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to Effie A. Lockwood. Two children blessed this union, Raymond J. and Cornelia M. Mr. DeGarmo is proprietor of Pick Store Ferm. Stone Farm.
- Demay, Cornelius, Farmer, S. 15, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Demay was born in Holland in 1848, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Constable for two years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Lena Plassey, who was born in New York in 1856. Two children blessed this union, Mary S. and Jennette, (both deceased.) They own a nice farm close to Rochester which is known as River Side Farm. Dennis, Amzi, Farmer, S. 12, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston, Mr.
- Dennis, Amzi, Farmer, S. 12, 1. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Dennis was born in New Jersey in 1850, and in 1853 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Augusta Hammond. One child, Irene, blessed this union.
 Dernberger, A. F., Farmer, S. 16, T. Addison, P. O. Leonard. Mr. Dernberger was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1868. He has served as Highway Commissioner. He is married to Allie Shoupe
- Shoupe. Detroit United Railway, Detroit.
- Detroit United Railway, Detroit.
 Detweiler, Angus E., Farmer, S. 30, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Detweiler was born in Canada in 1877, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director for one year. He is married to May G. Govan. Two children blessed this union, Harold G. and Doras H. Their farm is known as Cedar Dale.
 Devine, William, Farmer, S. 16, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Dennis was born in Michigan in 1866, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County.
 Dewey, Chas. W., Farmer, S. 13, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Dewey was born in Oakland County in 1973. He was married to Jessie C. Clarke. Three children blessed this union, Glenn C., (deceased) Dorothy A. and William E. They own a nice farm, and also manage the farm of his father.

- age the farm of his father. y, Frank, Liveryman and Farmer, S. 17, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Dewey was born in Michigan in 1867, and in 1882 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Deputy Sheriff for years. Dewey,
- Dewey, George B., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 18, T. Addison, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Dewey was born in Michigan in 1867, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Highway Commis-

- Divine, Hon. Rosenknantz, Farmer, S. 36, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Divine was born in New York on the banks of the beautiful Hudson
 - Divide was born in New York on the banks of the ocautiful industri in 1820, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as State Representative, Overseer of the Poor, Supervisor, Revenue Officer, and has held many public offices. He was married to Phoebe Boice, who was born in 1819 and died in 1873. Three children blessed this union, John A., Jennie A. and a child who died in infancy. He contracted a second marriage with Elizabeth Hadley, who mea born in 1840. Mr. Devine has been an Filder in the Preswho was born in 1840. Mr. Devine has been an Elder in the Pres-byterian church for 30 years, and educated his grandson, Sherman L. in the Ministry of the same faith. Their Farm is known as
- Orchard Home. Donaldson, Roy M., Farmer, S. 26, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Donaldson was born in Oakland County in 1875. He is married to Cora Bentley. Dondero, Geo., Dealer in Coal, Feed and Real Estate, Royal Oak.
- Doty, Chas. W., Farmer, S. 36, T. Rose, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Doty was born in Oakland County, Michigan in 1844. He is married to Ray M. VanBerger. One child, Vivian A., blessed this union.
- Their place is known as Twin Evergreen Farm. Douglas, W. C., Threshing Machine Operator, S. 32, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Douglas was born in Oakland County in 1872.
- Redford. Mr. Douglas was born in Oakland County in 1872.
 Dow, William R. and Geo. A., Farmers, S. 13, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Messrs. Dow were born in Oakland County, William R. in 1872 and George A. in 1876. They reside with their mother on a nice tract of 78 acres, which is known as Lone Spruce Farm. Their father died in 1882 at the age of 37 years.
 Dowling, John J., Farmer, S. 17, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Dowling was born in Oakland County in 1846. He has served as Constable He is married to Lunette Stevens. Mr. and Mrs. Dowling are the parents of three sons. John D. Frank R. and Niel W. Their place

- was born in Oakland County in 1840. He has served as Constable He is married to Lunette Stevens. Mr. and Mrs. Dowling are the parents of three sons, John D., Frank R. and Niel W. Their place is known as Maple Ridge Farm.
 Downey, Lafayette, Farmer, S. 11, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Downey was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Emily M. Aljoe. They have a good farm with substantial buildings.
 Downing, Geo. H., Farmer, S. 21, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Downing was born in New York in 1859, and in 1881 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Katy H. Puzzell. Three children blessed this union, Mable, George and Charley.
 Drahner, Frank E., Farmer, S. 35, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Drahner was born in New York in 1850, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Marietta Duckett, who was born in New York in 1852. One daughter, Ina A., blessed this union. They own a nice farm on the line of the Detroit United Railway, which is known as Poplar Corner Farm.
 Drahner, Jacob C., Farmer, S. 23, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Drahner was born in New York in 1852, and in 1853 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Effic VanWagoner. One daughter, Lorene, blessed this union. Their farm is known as Poplar Valley. /
- Poplar Valley.
- Drahner, Jay, Farmer and Sub Mail Carrier, S. 28, T. Oxford, P. O. Ox-ford. Mr. Drahner was born in Oakland County in 1875. His mother is living and resides with him. His father was born in 1825 and died in 1883.
- Drahner, Wm., Livery and Sale Stable, Oxford. Mr. Drahner was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as Deputy Sheriff 3 years, and Village Marshal four years. He is married to Clara J. Moule. One child, Bernice E., blessed this union. Mr. Drahner has conducted a livery and Sale Stable in Oxford for the past seven
- has conducted a livery and sale Stable in Oxford of the past seven years. First-class accommodations and moderate prices have gained for him a large and profitable business.
 Draper, Fredric H., Farmer, S. 14, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford, Mr. Draper was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1885 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Alva Millspaugh. Mr. and Mrs. Draper are the parents of one daughter, Ethel M. They own a nice farm with optiontical buildings. substantial buildings. Drechsler, August, Farmer, S. 10, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr.
- Drechsler was born in Michigan in 1865, and in 1887 settled in Oak-Drechster was born in Michigan in 1805, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Highway Commissioner one year and School Moderator nine years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Eliza J. Cromie. Six children blessed this union, Fred, Chester, Allen, Margret, Ella and Cora.
 Duff, William A., Horse Dealer, Birmingham. Mr. Duff was born in Michigan in 1863, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County.
 Dunlap, Monroe G., Farmer, S. 21, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Dunlap was born in New York in 1846, and in 1854 settled in Oakland County.
- County, Michigan. He has served as Supervisor for nine years, and as a School Officer for 17 years. He was married to Louisa M. Roberts, who was born in Michigan in 1854 and died in 1878. Two children blessed this union, Olen J. and Lulu B., (deceased). Mr. Dunlap was married the second time to Altha Barn, who was born in Michigan in 1865. Four children were born of this union, Vurn, (deceased) Monroe G. Jr., Grace L. and a child who died in infancy
- Durham, John, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 17, T. Commerce, P. O. Mil-ford. Mr. Durnham was born in Canada in 1853, and in 1903 set-tled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Treasurer for four years and Justice of the Peace 13 years. He is married to Mary Elizabeth Bowcock. Dutton, Chas. B., Farmer, S. 26, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Dutton was
- born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as School Director and has held other local offices. He is married to Addie Porritt. They have a nice farm of about 111 acres with good buildings, which
- is known as Cold Water Farm. Dutton, Frank A., Farmer, S. 31, T. Oakland, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Dutton was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as School Moderator three years, and has held other local offices. He is mar-ried to Mattie A. Dalgliesh. Mr. and Mrs. Dutton are the parents

- Ellwood, Wm., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 7, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Bir-mingham. Mr. Ellwood was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to May Lewless. Mr. and Mrs. Ellwood are the parents of five children, Ruth E., H. Wright, M. Irene, B. Dow and Rachel. They own an elegant farm of about 120 acres which was taken up from the government by parents in 1835. It is knowns a The Ellwood Homestead.
- Elwell, Fred H., Farmer, S. 8, T. Addison, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Elwell was born in Oakland County in 1860. He is married to Nettie El-well. Two children blessed this union, Bert V., (deceased) and Claire G. They own a well appointed faim which is known as Murle Sheade. Maple Shade.
- Elwell, Lew, Painter, Pontiac. Mr. Elwell was born in Oakland County in 1873.
- Ely, F. G., Postmaster and Dealer in General Merchandise, Davisburg. Mr. Ely was born in New York in 1868, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Hattie E. Reed. One child blessed this union, Marjorie. Mr. Ely has been in the Mercantile business since 1887, and has served as postmaster for nine years. He is one of the prominent business men of Davisburg. Endicott, John, (Newcomb-Endicott Co., Detroit) S. 23, T. Bloomfield,
- Endicott, John, (Newcomo-Endicott Co., Detroit) S. 23, T. Bloomheld, P. O. 190-206 Woodward Ave, Detroit, Mich.
 English, E. D., Farmer, S. 31, T. Oakland, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. English was born in New York in 1864, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Edyth L. Davis. Mr. and Mrs. English are the parents of one child, Floyd E. Their place is known as Lone Pine Farm.
- English, H. W., Farmer and Breeder of Durham Cattle, Poland China Hogs and Thoroughbred Horses. S. 29, T. Oakland, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. English was born in Oakland County in 1871. He is married
- M. English was born in Garland county in 1071. He is married to Ada Brewster. He is proprietor of Maple Ridge Farm.
 Ennest, E. H., Manager Simplix Lighting Co., Pontiac. Mr. Ennest was born in Michigan in 1872, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Marjorie V. Hosmer.
 Everett, M. L., Farmer, S. 34, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Everett was born in Wayne County, Michigan in 1853, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County.
- in Oakland County
- Eyster, Elmer W., Real Estate and Insurance, 508-509 Majestic Building, Detroit.
- Fagan, Thos. H., Farmer, S. 16. T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Fagan was born in Oakland County in 1844. He has held the office of Supervisor for five years, and has also served as Highway Commissioner three years and Justice of the Peace seven years. He is married to Emma J. Andrews, who was born in New York in 1849, one daughter Emma J. blessed this union.
 Fagan, Wm. H., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 15, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Fagan was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Agnes A. Haddon. Four children blessed this union, Peter R., Flossie E., Wm. M. and Berenice M. They own several farms containing good buildings. Mr. Fagan is an extensive dealer in sheep, cattle, etc. His place is known as Catalba Home.
 Fawcett, W. T., Farmer, S. 17, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Fawcett was born in Oakland County in 1847. He has served as Pathmaster for several years, and is identified with matters of local interest.
- terest.
- Featherston, Frank, Farmer, S. 30, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester and Pon-tiac. Mr. Featherston was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Jennie B. Ladd. Two children blessed this union, Edith
- M. and Roy F. They have a nice farm with comfortable dwelling. Featherston, Fred J., Farmer, S. 20, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Featherston was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to Wrs. Libbie Fenner. Mrs. Featherston's father, Mr. Shoemaker, who owns the farm, resides with them, and is 79 years of age.
- who owns the farm, resides with them, and is 79 years of age. Their place is known as Sunset View Farm.
 Featherston, Robert E., Farmer, S. 19, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Featherston was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Daisy E. Patch. Four children blessed this union, Glen L., Gladys H., Wilda F. and Harry S.
 Fillingham, William N., Farmer, S. 19, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Fillingham was born in Oakland County in 1844. He has served as School Treasurer for 16 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Nancy Montle. One daughter, Rose, blessed this union. They have a nice place with good buildings, which is known union. They have a nice place with good buildings, which is known as Orchard Hill Farm.

- as Orchard Hill Farm. First Commercial Bank, A. Parker, President, Pontiac. Fisher Bros., Architects and Civil Engineers, Pontiac. Fisher, Ira Wm., Farmer, S. 23, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Fisher was born in Oakland County in 1849. He is married to Matilda Emery. One daughter, Gladys I., blessed this union. They have a nice farm of 78 acres on the line of the Detroit United Railway bick is bigging as The Sieher Homestead Karm. They also some 90 which is known as The Fisher Homestead Farm. They also own 80 acres in Section 21. Mr. Fisher's mother was born on the Fisher Homestead farm, and lived there practically all her life.
- Fiske, Chas. D., Dealer in Real Estate, 713-714 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich. Fogler, Peter, Farmer, S. 23, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Fog-
- ler was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Minnie Thomas. Mr. and Mrs. Fogler are the parents of eight children, Clara C., Edwin M., George P., Elsie E., Florence A., Mamie J., Ralph J. and Adeline V. Forsyth, Edward, Farmer and Auctioneer, S. 34, T. Rose, P. O. Holly.
- Forsyth, Edward, Farmer and Auctioneer, S. 54, 1. Kose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Forsyth was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is married to Bertha Vrooman. One child, Waite, blessed this union.
 Fowler, Geo. H., Farmer. S. 9, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Fowler was born in England in 1860, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Highway Commissioner and School Officer

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sioner one year and as School Officer three years. He is married to Elmira Snyder. Mr. and Mrs. Dewey are the parents of two children, LeRoy B. and Ora M. Mr. Dewey owns large tracts of land in both Oakland and McComb Counties. He organized the Farmers Telephone Co., which is also known as the Dewey Telephone Co. and the Leonard Telephone Co., and was the first man to install a rural telephone in Oxford and Addison Townships.

- Dickinson, G. W., Manager, P. O. & N. R. R., Pontiac. Dickie, John, Farmer, S. 13, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Dickie was born in Canada in 1858, and in 1885 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Pathmaster. He is married to Sophia Janeson.
- Dickie, William E., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 33, T. Milford, P. O.
 Milford. Mr. Dickie was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as a Member of the Board of Review for 14 years, and as School Director for one year. He is married to Ida M. McNulty. Mr. and Mrs. Dickie are the parents of one child, James D. They have a nice farm of about 100 acres with a good barn and dwelling. Their farm is known as Shady Lawn.
- Dietrich, E. A., Contractor and Builder, New Hndson, Mr. Dietrich was born in Pennsylvania in 1850, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Ortha Blain.
- Divine, John A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 30, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Divine was born in Michigan in 1846, and in 1865 settled in Mr. Divine was born in Michigan in 1846, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Assessor for 20 years. He was married to Nettie E. Landow, who was born in 1845, and died in 1878. One son, Sherman L. blessed this union. He was married the second time to Mary V. Biglow, who was born in 1854 and died in 1896. Four daughters blessed this union, Edith P., Bertha P., Phoebe H. and Eunice Alzina. The farm is known as Lone Sprace Lone Spruce.

of two children, Nina B. and Albert G. They have a good farm with comfortable dwelling. Their farm is known as South View.

Eade, Mary, Teacher, S, 19, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham, 1905. Eastern Michigan Asylum, Pontiac.

- Estern Michigan Asylum, Fondat.
 Ebert, Edmund L., Real Estate, 309 Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich.
 Eckert, John, Farmer, S. 23, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Eckert was born in Germany in 1850, and in 1870 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Agnes Eckel. Mr. and Mrs. Eckert are the parents of nine children, Andrew E., Frank L., Mathew S., Rosa T., John L., Albert A., Annie H., Mary A. and William
- N. Their farm is known as Maple Shade. , James, Farmer, S. 5, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Edgar was born in Ireland in 1852, and in 1861 settled in Oakland Edgar, County, Michigan. He is married to Margaret McMahon. Mr. and Mrs. Edgar are the parents of six children, Thomas, Elizabeth, Joseph, Annie, Maude, Samuel and Walter. Their place is known
- Joseph, Anne, Matte, Samuer and Warter. Then place is known as Midway Pleasant Farm.
 Edwards, W. G., Cheese Maker, Milford. Mr. Edwards was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Edna Downer. Four children blessed this union, Virgie L., Percival, Melbourn and Darwin. Mr. Edwards is a member of the firm of Edwards & Pierson, Manufacturers of fine full cream cheese, and has been engaged in this business for the past 14 years.
- Edwards & Pierson, Manufacturers of Fine Full Cream Cheese, Milford. The cheese manufactured by this company received the three high-est scores at the Michigan State Fair in 1904, and the two highest scores at Grand Rapids in 1905.
- Elkins, E. R., Spring Maker, Pontiac. Mr. Elkins was born in Michigan in 1862, and in 1894 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Laura Holwick.

- School Officer.
- Fox, Chas. W., (Fox Brothers & Co., Mantels, Detroit, Mich.), S. 18, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac.
- Fox, Geo., Farmer, S. 4, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Fox was born. in Pennsylvania in 1844, and in 1860 settled in Oakland County, Mich. He has served as a School Officer for two years. He was married twice, his first wife having died in 1872. One child blessed this union. His present wife was formerly Gertrude Jersey. Their place is known as the Old Fox Homestead.
- Fox, John W., Physician and Surgeon, Orion. Mr. Fox was born in Ontario, Canada in 1871, and in 1897 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Village President two years, County Coroner and Vice President and Director of Citizens State Savings Bank. He is married to Ina Voorheis. Dr. Fox has practiced medicine in Orion for the past 10 years and has established a large and successful practice.

Fox, W. A., "The Rochester Era," Rochester.

- Frank, Edwin R., Real Estate, Rochester. Mr. Frank was born in Oakland County in 1838. He is a veteran of the civil war, having par-ticipated in some of the most notable battles. He has served as Highway Commissioner, and has held other local offices. Mr. Frank has established a profitable Real Estate business in Rochester, and is one of the prominent business men of that place.
- Frank, Lucius L., Farmer, S. 36, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Frank was born in Oakland County in 1843. He is married to Adeline S. Kent. Seven children blessed this union, John R., Lucius H., Jos-eph K., William L., Kate B., Henry S. and Loren B. Mr. Frank is a veteran of the civil war. He has a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Old Glory.

Freeman, C. G., Produce, Pontiac.

- Friday, Daniel L., Farmer S. 9, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Fri-day was born in Oakland county in 1871. He is married to Rose Par-dee. Two children blessed this union, Myron D. and Emma E. Mr. Friday's parents, who are both living, reside with him. Their place is
- Fritch, Alexander, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 9, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford.
 Mr. Fritch- was born in Ontario, Canada in 1863, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He is narried to Julia Rogers. Four children blessed this union, Mathew W., Harmon, Hazel M. and Millard F. They have a nice place with good buildings, which is known as Brownell Farm.
- Brownell Farm.
 Fuller, Chas. F., Dealer in Stock and Produce, S. 18, T. Avon, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Fuller was born in New York in 1866, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Deputy Sherriff of Flat Head County, Montana, for two years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Nellie N. Thompson. They have an adopted daughter, Margaret. They own a nice tract of 169 acres with extra good buildings, which is known as Crystal Creek Farm. Mr. Fuller makes a specialty of Farm Produce and Stock. Fuller, C. H., Insurance, Oxford.
- Gallagher, John, Farmer, S. 1, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Gallagher was born in Ireland in 1829. He is married to Margaret Meehen. Five children blessed this union, Mary A., Hugh E., Ellen F. Wm. M. and Catherine C. They have a good farm which is known as Bing Shedo. Pine Shade.
- Pine Shade.
 Gamble, James, Real Estate, S. 11, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Gamble settled in Oakland County in 1896.
 Gamble, Wm. John, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 13, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Gamble was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as School Director for 27 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary A. Potts. Five children blessed this union, Wm. Roy, Mary B., Frank R., (deceaced) Jessie E. and Charles P. They have a large farm of about 263 acres with good buildings buildings.
- Gardner, Ezra, Farmer, S. 11, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Gardner was born in Oakland County in 1847. He has served as Supervisor 14
- born in Oakland County in 1847. He has served as Supervisor 14 years and Highway Commissioner 2 years. He is married to Lucinda Travis. One son, Lee H. blessed this union.
 Gardner, Harper, Farmer, Oxford. Mr. Gardner was born in Michigan in 1849. He was married to Rena Osmun, who was born in Michigan in 1854 and died in 1895. One son blessed this union. Mr. Gardner's present wife was formerly Louisa Stripp, who was born in New York in 1850. They own a nice farm of about 87 acres, part of which is the land originally bought from the government by his father. Mrs. Gardner owns a house and lot in the village of Oxford where they reside.
- Garner, D. M., Farmer and Breeder of Poll Durham Cattle, S. 24, T.
 Gasner, D. M., Farmer and Breeder of Poll Durham Cattle, S. 24, T.
 Rose, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Garner was born in Oakland County in 1841. He is married to Isa Biglow. His farm is known as
- Bioneer Place.
 Gebhardt, Julius, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 10, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Gebhardt was born in Germany in 1865, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Alvina Henning. Mr. and Mrs. Gebhardt are the parents of four children, Lizzie, Annie, Mary and Henry. They have a nice place with good buildings, which is known as Lone Butternut Dairy Farm. Gem Wire Fence Co. Pontiac.
- George, Edwin S., Furrier, Jefferson & Woodward Aves., Detriot, Mich.
 George, Wm. A., Farmer, S. 35, T. Oakland, P. O. Rochester. Mr. George was born in Oakland Township in Oakland County in 1874. He is married to Jennette Coryell. Two children blessed this union, Charles O. and Blanch E.
- Gibson, Jesse, Farmer, Stockraiser and Fruit Grower, S. 8, T. Oxford,
 P. O. Oxford. Mr. Gibson was born in Michigan in 1855, and in 1878 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Sarah Taylor. Two children blessed this union, Howard A. and Frank E. They own a good farm with substantial buildings which is known as
- own a good faint with substantial buildings which is known as Fruit Ridge Farm.
 Gingell, James W., Farmer, S. 27, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Gingell was born in Oakland County in 1846. He has served as School Moderator for three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Harriett Hatton. Seven children blessed this union, John, Walter, Frank P., James F., Fred, Pearl L. and Wm. R. They own an elegant place which is known as Lone Pine Farm.
- They own an elegant place which is known as Lone Pine Farm. Glaspie, Chas. H., Register of Deeds, Pontiac. Mr. Glaspie was born in Michigan in 1851. He served as City Clerk of Oxford for 9 years and on the Board of Trustees for 10 years. He is married to Min-nie A. Snyder. One son, W. Gillette, blessed this union. Mr. Glaspie was elected to the office of Register of Deeds in 1906, and tools of the in Lawary 1907. He owns some business property in took office in January, 1907. He owns some business property in Oxford, and is one of the representative public spirited business
- Glaspie, Merritt C., Farmer, S. 10, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Glaspie was born in Oakland County in 1848. He is married to Theresa M. Bailey. Three children blessed this union, Edwin C., Henry J., who manages the farm, and Lola E. They have a nice farm of the state of Lake Orion ioning their farm. Their
- who manages the farm, and Lola E. They have a nice farm of about 135 acres, part of Lake Orion joining their farm. Their place is known as Willow Ave. Farm.
 Glaspie, Wm., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 26, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Glaspie was born in Oakland County in 1848. He is married to Eva Gorton. Three children blessed this union, Cora D. and Fred D. and Lewis L. They own a nice farm with extra good buildings.
 Glines, C. W., Farmer, S. 6, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Glines was born in Oakland County. He is married to Anua Halloway.

- Gordon, Nathaniel, Farmer, S. 18, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Gordon was born in Michigan in 1859, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Delia Holdforth. Mr. and Mrs. Gor-don are the parents of three children, William, Lee E. and Howard N. Mr. Gordon is proprietor of Highland Park Farm.
- Gordon, Robert J., Farmer, S. 25, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Gordon was born in Michigan in 1869, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Effie B. Kinney. One son, Alfred E., blessed this
- union. Their farm, which is known as Sunny Side, contains an area of about 91 acres with good buildings. Grace, Orpha M., Farmer, S. 36, T. Farmington, P. O. Clarenceville. Mrs. Grace was born in New York in 1830, and in 1842 settled in Oakland County.
- Graham, Wm., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 28, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Graham was born in Oakland County in 1839. He has served as a School Officer for 12 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Lydia Summers. Mr. and Mrs. Graham are the parents of six children, William W., Edward S., Ella, Anna, Ben-jamin A. and John M. They own about 178 acres, which was the jamin A. and John M. They own about 178 acres, which was the original farm which was bought by father and grandfather about 1824. It is known as the Graham Farm.
 Grant, Wm. B., Farmer, S. 35, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Grant was born in Oakland County in 1863.
 Grant & Klinkhamer, (J. G. Grant-M. Klinkhamer), Real Estate, 724 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit. Phone, Main 3899.
 Graves, L. D., Farmer, S. 13, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Graves was born in New York in 1882, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County. He is merried and is prominently identified.

- land County, Michigan. He is married, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest. Graves, Thomas E., Farmer, S. 28, T. White Lake, P. O. Milford. Mr.
- Graves was born in England in 1861, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Alismond Frith. Mr. and Mrs. Graves are the parents of four children, J. Everett, Chas. R., Alice E. and M. Linnie.
- W. M., Painter and Decorator, Novi. Mr. Grear was born in Canada in 1884, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. Grear,
- He is married to May Deer. Green, Elmer L., Farmer, S. 5, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Green was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as Township Treasurer for two years, and as a member of the Board of Review for four years. He is married to Sarah C. Walter. Mr. and Mrs. Green are the parents of four children, J. Ina, Jay J., Geo. E. and Gladys L. They own a large tract of about 252 acres which is known as
- Meadow Brook Farm. Green, H. Will, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 22, T. West Bloomfield, P. O.
- Green, H. WII, Farmer and Darryman, S. 22, T. West Bloomheld, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Green was born in Oakland County in 1855. He is married to Susie E. Taylor.
 Green, John, Farmer, S. 8, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Green was born in Oakland County in 1852. He has served as School Assessor for 9 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Flora O. Martin. Mr. and Mrs. Green are the parents of three children. 9 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Flora O. Martin. Mr. and Mrs. Green are the parents of three children, Millard M., Marian J. and T. Arthur. They own a good farm with substantial buildings, which is known as Meadow Brook. They have operated a Feed, Cider and Saw Mill for the past 30 years. Green, M. N., Farmer, S. 21 33, T. Commerce, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Green was born in Oakland County in 1882. He has served as School Treasurer, and is prominent in local affairs. He is married to Isa-belle McCov.

- belle McCoy. Greer, Geo., Sheriff, Pontiac. Gregory, Frank, Farmer, S. 31, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Gregory was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has served as School Officer for three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Della A. Brewster. One daughter, Bernice L., blessed this union. They have a nice farm of about 135 acres, which is known as Pleasant Vallev.
- Griffin, Henry J., Farmer, Stockraiser and Dealer in Produce, S. 27, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Griffin was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as Township Treasurer for three years, School Officer three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary J. Porritt. Three children blessed this union, Bert F., Elizabeth M. and Jessie H. They have a good tract of 160 acres with good build-
- ing which is known as Sunny View Produce Farm. Grinnell, Mrs. Alice A., Farm Superintendent, S. 36, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Bingham. Mrs. Grinnell was born in Oakland County.
- Grinnell, Henry, (deceased) Farmer and Breeder of Fancy Sheep, S. 36, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Bingham. Mr. Grinnell was born in Oakland County in 1821, and died in 1902. He was married to Mary Miller.
- Groff, Austin P., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 14, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford.
 Mr. Groff was born in Michigan in 1850, and in 1866 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Justice of the Peace three years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Rose Hazelton. Mr. and Mrs. Groff reside on what is known as the Sunset View Stock Farm, which they own, and which contains about 278 acres. Mr. Groff has also been in the Dry Goods business for five years at Ox-
- ford and Leonard. Groover, Elias D., Farmer, S. 20, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Groover was born in New Jersey in 1849, and in 1862 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He and his brother Eugene own a nice farm of 160 acres with good buildings, which is known as The Pines. The farm is
- situated on the line of the Detroit United Railway. Groover, Eugene L., Farmer, S. 20, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Groover was born in New Jersey in 1847, and in 1862 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Helen H. Haines. One child blessed this union, Glen H.
- er, Sidney B., Farmer, S. 24, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Groover was born in New Jersey in 1856, and in 1863 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Lottie J. Proper. Mr. and Mrs. Groover are the parents of one child, Levi A. Their farm, which is known as Cedar Vale, is nicely located. Mrs. Groover has a nice farm in Section 32 which has been managed by her son for the past two years.

- who died in 1897. Hattie May is the only daughter, and resides on the farm with Mr. Hadden. She was married to F. R. Major. Haddon, Fred. M., Farmer, S. 17, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Haddon was born in Oakland County in 1875. He has held the office of Highway Commissioner for three years, and has also served as School Moderator three years and has held other local offices. He is married to Agnes H. Stack married to Agnes H. Stack. Two sons have blessed this union, John T. and Leo M.
- T. and Leo M.
 Haddon, Mathew J., Farmer, S. 11, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Haddon.
 was born in Oakland County in 1878. He is married to Margaret E.
 Ryan. One daughter blessed this union, Dorotha Eleanor. They have a large farm of 220 acres which is known as Hickory Wood.
 Haddrill, Geo. H., Clothing, Oxford. Mr. Haddrill was born in Oakland.
 County in 1873. He has served as Village Treasurer and Deputy Charief.
- Sheriff.
- Haddrill, Lewis A., Clothing, Oxford Mr. Haddrill was born in Oakland. County in 1875. He has served as Village Treasurer. He is married to Josephine Crawford.
- Haddrill Brothers, Dealers in Reliable Clothing and Shoes for Men and Boys. The largest and finest stock carried in this vicinity. We also buy all kinds of Junk, Scrap Iron, Old Rubber, Pelts, Furs, Etc., Oxford.
- Haddrill, W. A., Farmer, S. 27, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Haddrill was born in Oakland County in 1874. He is married to Martha Lantz. They own a nice farm of about 79 acres, and also manage the Jonas. Haddrill Estate.
- Hadley, D. D., Retired Farmer, Holly.
- Hadley, D. D., Retired Farmer, Holly.
 Hagel, Lee, Cashier, Bank of Leonard, Leonard.
 Hagelstein, John, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 10, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Hagelstein was born in Germany in 1842, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Eva. Sulkovska. Eleven children blessed this union, Mary D., John L., Elizabeth, Ludwig, William, Gustave, Reinhold, Frederick, Bertha, Rosa and Rudolph. Their place is known as Red Run Dairy Farm.
 Haines, J. C., Farmer, S. 7, T. Addison, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Haines was born in Oakland County in 1878. He is married to Ida Brown. One son, Carl L., blessed this union. They reside on his father's farm, which they manage, and which is known as Locust Valley Farm.
 Haines, M. A., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 18, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Haines was born in Michigan in 1866, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County.
- Oakland County.
- Oakland County.
 Hale, Richard D., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Hale was born in Ireland in 1854, and in 1874 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Amy Allen. Mr. and Mrs. Hale are the parents of one daughter, Iva May. They have a nice tract which is known as Fair View.
 Halfpenny, John, Farmer, S. 31, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Halfpenny was born in Ontario, Canada in 1837, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Bridget Dwyer, who was born in Ireland in 1845, and died in 1891. Five children blessed this union, Martin, Emma, John F., Nellie and Bertha. They own a good farm of 80 acres with substantial buildings, which is known as Black Walnut Shade.

- good farm of 80 acres with substantial buildings, which is known as Black Walnut Shade.
 Hallett, E. J., Hardware, Pontiac.
 Halstead, J. B., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 7, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Halstead was born in Oakland County in 1873.
 Hamilton, Arthur B., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 33, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Hamilton was born in Mic.igan in 1858, and in 1861. settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Moderator for six years, and has has held other local offices. He is married to flare the parents of six years, and has has held other local othces. He is married to Harriet A. Horwood. Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton are the parents of two sons, William J. and Louis E. The farm where they reside, and which contains about 180 acres is known as River Side Farm.
 Hance, Joseph, Painter and Decorator, New Hudson. Mr. Hance was born in France in 1863, and in 1901 settled in Oakland County, Mich. He is married to Emma Roat.
 Honlow, Mrs. Eller, Ferrura and Stockraiser, S. 1, T. Royal Oak, P. O.
- He is married to Emma Roat.
 Hanley, Mrs. Ellen, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 1, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mrs. Hanley was born in Oakland County in 1846. She was married to Thomas Hanley, who died in 1888. Four children blessed this union, Mamie, James, Michael aud Annie. She owns two nice farms which are managed by her son James.
 Hanley, James, Farmer, S. 1, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak.
 Hannan, W. W., Real Estate, McGraw Building, No. 153 Griswold St., Detroit
- Detroit.
- Hannan, Alexander, Farmer, S. 21-22, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Hannan was born in New York in 1831, and in 1833 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Treasurer for
- Hannan, C. R., Farmer, S. 21, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Hannan was born in Oakland County in 1852. He has served as School Moderator
- born in Oakland County in 1852. He has served as School Moderator for six years. He is married to Elizabeth Cogger.
 Hansen, George F., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 7, T. Royal Oak, P. O.. Birmington. Mr. Hansen was born in Ontario, Canada in 1872, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mrs. Sarah Bartels. Mr. and Mrs. Hansen are the parents of one daugh-ter, Gladys A. His wife was formerly married, and had one daugh-ter, Nettie Bartels. They own an elegant farm of 117 acres with good buildings, which is known as Hickory Grove Dairy Farm.
 Harger, F. M., Farmer, S. 13, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Hager was born in Oakland County in 1856. He has served as Supervisor, Justice of the Peace and Treasurer. He is married to Elizabeth Murihead.
 Harmon, Emmet H., Livery, Milford. Mr. Harmon was born in Oakland.
- Harmon, Emmet H., Livery, Milford. Mr. Harmon was born in Oakland County. He was married to Sarah Gur, bornin 1852, and died in 1894. One son, Frank C. blessed this union. Mr. Harmon was married thesecond time to Mary Bennett. He has been in the Livery business. in Milford for the past seven years, and for two years and a half pre-vious to this he conducted a livery in Nortonville. First class accommodations and reasonable prices have established for him a substantial business.

- born in Oakland County. He is married to Anna Halloway. Godfrey, James B., Justice of the Peace and Dealer in General Merchan-dise, Stony Creek, S. 1, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Godfrey was born in England in 1857, and in 1881 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. Besides serving as Justice of the Peace, he has held other local offices. He is married to Hannah H. Hudson. Two children blessed this union, Keyna A. and James B. Mr. Godfrey has been in the Mercantile business at Stony Creek for the past four years. Previous to this he was Vice-President and Manager of the Rumsey Wool Stock Co., for about seven years. He has also occu-Goers, Henry, Farmer, S. 23, T. Novi, P. O, Novi. Mr. Goers was born in Oakland County in 1854.

- Goodall, G. F., Farming and Drayage, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Goodall was born in New York in 1843, and in 1847 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He has served as Deputy Sheriff for five years. He is a veteran of the Civil war, and served in several not-able bettles. He is married to Cathering Unever
- years. He is a veteran of the Civit war, and selver in several note able battles. He is married to Catharine Hugger.
 Goodison, W. Earl, Li cry and Sale Stable, Holly. Mr. Goodison was born in Oakland County in 1886. He conducts the livery and sale stable formerly owned by Elmer Ballard. First class service and moderate prices have established for him a nice business. He has
- also been successful in the buying and selling of horses. Gonne, Albert, Contractor and Builder, S. 29, T. Highland, P. O. High-land. Mr, Gonne was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Dollie Preston. Two children blessed this union, Annie E. and Triscilla M.
- Gordon, Frank W., Farmer and Dealer in Real Estate, S. 17. T. Bloom-field, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Gordon was born in Michigan in 1864 and settled in Oakland County in 1903.
- Gordon, Harry C., Clothing Salesman and Township Clerk, Holly. Mr. Gordon was born in Oakland County in 1879. Besides serving as Township Clerk for three years, he has also held the office of School Inspector. He has been engaged as clothing salesman for four years, and was previously engaged in the hardware business.

- Groves, Robert, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 29, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Groves was born in Ireland in 1861, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- land County, Michigan.
 Gue, George and Dr. A. E., Stockraisers and Breeders of Holstein Cattle, S. 22, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford.
 Gundry, A., Farmer, S. 5, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Gun-dry was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Annie Drewett. Three children blessed this union, Roy, William and John. Mr. Gundry is proprietor of Spruce Lawn Farm.
- Gundry, Fred C., Farmer, S. 32, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Gundry was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has served as a School officer for six years, and has held other local offices. He is school oncer for six years, and has neurother local onces. He is married to Lucinda Hutchings. Mr. and Mrs. Gundry are the par-ents of two children, Elias F. and Mildred E. They have an ele-gant farm with good buildings which is known as Forest View Farm.
- Habel, Bernard, Farmer, S. 31, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Habel was born in Germany in 1855, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Rosa Lutke. Eleven children blessed this union, Frank A., M'ke, Anthony, Rosa A., Bernard J., August A., Aloysius D., Leo. P., Theo. A. and Annie M., twins, and Ca-therine J. Their farm is known as Spruce Shade Farm.
- Hadden, James, Farmer, S. 25, T. Oakland, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Had-den was born in New York in 1835, and in 1836 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Martha Broad, who died in 1861. In 1863 he was married the second time to R. L. Beckwith,

- stantial ousiness.
 Harmon, F. M., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 28, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Harmon was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as Township Treasurer.
 Harmon, William A., Farmer, S. 19, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr.
- Harmon was born in Oakland County in 1865. He was Postmaster at Harmon 1897-1898.
- Harper, John, Farmer, Dairyman and Raiser of Berries, S. 4, T. Troy, P.
- Harper, John, Farmer, Dauryman and Raiser of Berries, S. 4, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Harper was born in Ireland in 1853, and in 1875 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Harris, Elwin J., Farmer, S. 1, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Harris was born in Oakland County in 1878. He is married to Carrie Tree. Mr. and Mrs. Harris are the parents of three children, Josephine E., Elwin J. and Helen M. They have managed his mother's farm for the past six years

- Josephine E., Elwin J. and Helen M. They have managed and mother's farm for the past six years. Hart, Bros., Real Estate, 1005 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich. Hartung, Chas. H., Farmer, Stockraiser, Fruit Grower and Breeder of Thoroughbred Short Horn Cattle and Berkshire Hogs, S. 36, T. Orion, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Hartung was born in New Jersey in 1860 and in 1881 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Theodocia E. Brown. Two children blessed this union, Esther D. and Howard C. They have a large farm containing about 345 acress with good buildings, and which is known as Mount View Fruit and Stock Farm. Stock Farm.
- Hathaway, James H., Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 29, T. away, James H., Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 29, I. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Hathaway was born in Michigan im 1858, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County. He has served as a School Officer for six years, and has held other local officers. He is married to Ina F. Patch. Mr. and Mrs. Hathaway are the par-ents of seven children, Ada M., Everett B., Allen J., Roy, Grace M., Gertrude and Carmen M. Mr. Hathaway has made a businees.

of threshing for the past 35 years. His farm is known as Willow Knoll.

- Knoll.
 Hauxwell, Harry Leigh, Farmer, S. 26, T. Orion, P. O. Orion.
 Hauxwell, Wm., Farmer, S. 26, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Hauxwell was born in England in 1824, and in 1832 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Treasurer 2 years, School Director 6 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mira M Morris. Three children blessed this mion. Edward W Mifa M. Morris. Three children blessed this union, Edward W., Clara E. and Harry Leigh. Their farm is known as the Hauxwell
- Sprace Lawn Farm.
 Hayes, Emmet E., Farmer, S. 3, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Hayes was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is married to Winniefred Ketchum. Two children blessed this union, Wilbur M. and Lugne, (deceased.) The Hayes Estate consists of about 93 acres with good buildings.
 Hazen O. W. Harmer S. 14, T. M. in T. C. F. State and State
- buildings.
 Hazen, O. W., Farmer, S. 14, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Hazen was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Laura Baker.
 Heath, Palmer J., Farmer and Highway Commissioner, S. 24, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Heath was born in Oakland County in 1847. P. O. Miltord. Mr. Heath was born in Oakland County in 1947. He has served as Highway Commissioner for two years, School Director 15 years and Deputy Sheriff about 8 years. He is married to Frances Eastlick. Mr. and Mrs. Heath are the parents of three daughters, Katherine P., Frances M. and Helen L. Their farm is
- known as Heath Dale.
- known as Heath Date.
 Heeman & Hibbler, Bankers, Leonard.
 Heidrich, Richard C., Farmer, S. 19, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr.
 Heidrich was born in Germany in 1874, and in 1882 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Minnie A. Perkins. They have a well appointed piece of land with good buildings, which is
- Have a went appointed piece of hind wind good buildings, which is known as Pleasant View.
 Hemingway, Orra L., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 10, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Hemingway was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as Township Treasurer one year and School Officer six years. He is married to Minnie E. Sheldon. Mr. and Mrs.
- six years. He is married to Minnie E. Sheldon. Mr. and Mrs. Hemingway are the parents of three children, Carl S., Ruth and Hope. They call their place Sunny Ridge Farm.
 Henry, Dr. D. B., Physician and Surgeon, South Lyon. Dr. Lyon was born in 1873, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Village President for seven years.
 Hensel, John, Farmer, S. 10, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Hansel was born in Germany in 1845, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Mich. He is married to Rosaline Dinter. Two children blessed this union, Engene and Ervin. Eugene and Ervin.
- Hering, Herman, Farmer, S. 23, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Hering was born in Germany in 1863, and in 1877 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Louise Bidner. Mr. and Mrs.

- County, Michigan. He is married to Louise Bidner. Mr. and Mrs. Hering are the parents of six children, Clara E., Julius M., Matilda L., Herman, Mamie and Henry.
 Hesselbacher, A., Real Estate, 1302 Penobscot Bldg., Detroit.
 Highland, Township, W. S. Seaver, Supervisor.
 Hill, Stephen C., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 13, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Hill was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as Supervisor, Justice of the Peace and Member of the School Board for the past 18 years.
 Hinkley, H. D., Farmer, S 22, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Hinkley was born in Oakland County in 1840.
 Hogle, James L., Farmer, S. 32, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Hogle was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as Supervisor and County Treasurer, and is prominently identified with matters of local interest. matters of local interest.
- visor and County Treasurer, and is prominently identified with matters of local interest.
 Holcomb, Dr. A. T., Physician and Surgeon, Novi. Dr. Holcomb was born in Canada in 1861, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He served as Commissioner of Shiawassee County for years. He is married to E. May Hartshorn.
 Holden, B. A., Farmer, S. 25, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Holden was born in Michigan in 1871, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mable Heath. Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Holden are the parents of four children, Harriett M., Frances M., Berto Heath and an infant girl. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Oakwood.
 Holmes, E. C., Butcher, Grocer and Stock Buyer, Novi. Mr. Holmes was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as School Director for years. He is married to Miss C. Case.
 Holmes, Fred W., Farmer and Township Treasurer, S. 17, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Holmes was born in Michigan in 1877, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County.
 Holmes, S. C., Farmer and Machinist, S. 34, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Holmes was born in Oakland County.

- Holmes, T. G., Farmer, S. 31, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Holmes was born in Canada in 1854, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.

- Holmes, F. O., Fander, and in 1854, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Holly, Cabinet Co., Holly.
 Holly, Village of, T. E. McDonald, President, Holly.
 Holly, Village of, T. E. McDonald, President, Holly.
 Honert, Daniel, Farmer, S. 10, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Honert was born in Michigan in 1864. He is married to Minnie Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Honert are the parents of two children, Nora Margaret and Andrew H. The farm is known as The Smith Homestead.
 Hood, Lyman, Thresher, Birmingham. Mr. Hood was born in Massachusetts in 1875, and in 1891 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Hood, Thomas, Real Estate, 27-28 Cleland Building, Detroit, Mich.
 Hopkins, A. C., Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 1-2-12, T. Lyon, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Hopkins was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Lucy Baker.
 Hopkins, H., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 1-2, T. Lyon, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Hopkins was born in Oakland County in 1855. He has served as School Director and Road Master for years. He is married to Mary Hill.

- Howe, Lyman C. Jr., Farmer, S. 3, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Howe was born in Oakland County in 1882. He is married to Ethel DeMund. He manages his mother's farm which is known as Spruce Wind Break Farm. His father and mother are both living and reside with them.
- side with them. Howell, Wm. B., Farmer, S. 36, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Howell was born in New Jersey in 1851 and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Highway Commissioner one year, School Moderator three years. He is married to Alice Newyear, School Moderator three years. The is mainted to Antee Newberry. Mr. and Mrs. Howell are the parents of six children, Mabel, C. Arthur, Anna A., John S., Milo M. and Leah R. Their farm is known as Linden Lawn Place.
 Howey, John, Farmer, S. 23, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Howey was born in Ireland in 1860, and in 1873 settled in Oakland County, Michigan, Ho is married to forges Gragean. Four children blassed
- Michigan. He is married to Agnes Greacen. Four children blessed this union, Robert, John, Minnie and Calla. They have a nice farm
- of 120 acres with good buildings.
 Howland, Frank, Farmer, S. 19, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Howland was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to Miss A. Hopkins. One child, Clen P. blessed this union. Their
- Miss A. Hopkins. One child, Cleft T. blessed this union. Then place is known as Deer Lake Farm.
 Howser, Henry, Farmer, Dairyman and Breeder of Short Horn Durham Cattle, S. 35, T. Brandon, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Howser was born in Oakland County in 1867. He is married to Mattie VanHorn. One child, Henryetta, blessed this union. Their place is known as Howser Stock Farm.
- Hudson, Byron E., Farmer, S. 28, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Hud-son was born in Oakland County in 1875. He is married to Thirza C. Wolfe. Two children blessed this union, Harold E. and Hazel
- C. Their farm is known as Wild Plumb Place. on, Byron Watson, Farmer and Stoekraiser, S. 22, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Hudson was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is Hudson, married to Permelia A. Osborn. Four children blessed this union, Byron E., Helen P., Frank E., and Altie A. They own a good tract with substantial buildings, which is known as Meadow Land Farm.
- Farm.
 Huibley, M. L., Rapid Motor Works, Pontiac.
 Hulbert, S. W., General Merchandise, Highland. Mr. Hulbert was born in New York in 1878, and in 1886 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Clerk for three years. He is married to Lyda Davison.
- Hull, C. G., Fruit Grower and Breeder of Black Monorcian Chickens, S. 32, T. Southfield, P. O., Sand Hill. Mr. Hull was born in Michigan in 1851, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County.
- Hull, Lawrence Cameron, Prof. of Orchard Lake Military Academy, S. 11,
 T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake, 1903.
 Hunt, C. W., Hotel, Waterford. Mr. Hunt was born in Michigan in 1848.
- He has served as Constable for years. He is married to Lottie Nelsey. Hunt, Win., Farmer, Stockraiser, Dairyman and Agent for Agricultural
- Implements, S. 6, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Hunt was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as School Director for six years, and has held other local offices. He is mar-ried to Jennie Farrand. They have one son, Jay, and an adopted daughter, Lucile. Mr. Hunt has had the local agency for Agricultural implements for the past ten years. Their place is known as Pleasant Point Farm.

Hunter, H. C., Farmer and Breeder of Durham Cattle, S. 7, T. Lyon, P

- Hunter, H. C., Farmer and Breeder of Durham Cattle, S. 7, T. Lyon, P.
 O. South Lyon. Mr. Hunter was born in Vermont in 1847, and in 1860 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Hunter, Ledru R., Farmer, S. 6-7-8-18, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Hunter was born in Vermont in 1854, and in 1861 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Justice of the Peace for years, and has held the office of Supervisor for one term. He is married to Iulia Vorules married to Julia Vowles.
- married to Juna vowies.
 Hupp, Geo. C., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 27, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Hupp was born in Indiana in 1870, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Treasurer and Justice of the Peace.
- Treasurer and Justice of the Peace.
 Hurley, James, Farmer and Stone Mason, S. 6, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Hurley was born in Ireland in 1850, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a School Officer for 40 years. He is married to Mary Jane Andrews.
 Hyatt, Wesley, Speculator, Pontiac. Mr. Hyatt was born in Canada in 1873, and in 1896 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Lida Wert.
 Hymers, F. E. Attorney, Pontiac.
- Hymers, E. E., Attorney, Pontiac.
- Irwin, John, Blacksmith, Wixom. Mr. Irwin was born in Canada in 1852, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Annie Chambers.
- Jackson, C. G., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 14, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Jackson was born in Oakland County in 1857.
 Jackson, H. M., Retired, Pontiac.
 Jackson, LeRoy G., S. 5, T. White Lake, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Jackson was born in Oakland County in 1880. He is married to Hilda Stimson. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson are the parents of two children, Dorothy E. and Lola G. Mr. Jackson has served as Township Treasurer.
 Jennings was born in Ontario, Canada in 1862, and in 1877 settled in Oakland County. Michigan. He has served as a School Officer
- in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a School Officer for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mattie Voorheis. Mr. and Mrs. Jennings are the parents of one daughter, May, (now Mrs. Glen Jarrett.) They own a good farm

- Johnson, J. P., Farmer, S. 13, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Johnson was born in New York in 1855, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Pathmaster and School
- Johnson, Philip L., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 8-9, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Johnson was born in Oakland County in 1863. He has served as School Inspector for six years and Moderator for six years. He is married to Anna B. Muir. Mr. and Mrs. Johnson are the percents of five some William I. George C. Houvard P. Albert the parents of five sons, William J., George C., Howard P., Albert W., and Wilbur M. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Willow Dale.
- Johnson, W. C., Farmer, S. 16, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. John-son was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Flora. Stiles.
- Johnston, Edd., Farmer, S. 34, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Johnston was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to Florence Cox.
- Jones, Hiram, Undertaker, South Lyon. Mr. Jones was born in New York in 1838, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Marshal 9 years, Alderman 4 years, Constable 2 years and Postmaster 4 years. He is married to Sarah Stryker. Mr. Jones has been in the Undertaking business for 28 years. He is a veteran of the Civil war. is a veteran of the Civil war.
- Joslin, John F., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 28, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Joslin was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has served as Township Treasurer one year, School Inspector four years, Director

- Township Treasurer one year, School Inspector four years, Director three years and Moderator ten years. He is married to Ada J. Campbeli. They have an elegant farm with extra good dwelling.
 Jossman, E., State Bank, General Banking and Real Estate, Clarkston.
 Judd, John H., Merchant, Drayton Plains. Mr. Judd was born in Oakland County in 1872. He has served as School Director for six years. He is married to Mary L. Girodat.
 Judd, J. K., Clothier, S. 9-16, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Judd was born in Oakland County in 1851. He has served as Supervisor for two years, and has held the office of County Sheriff four years, and Alderman five years. He is married to Iane E. Pearson.
- Alderman five years. He is married to Jane E. Pearson. Juengel, Herman R., Farmer, S. 27, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Juengel was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1882 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Augusta Furhman. Three children blessed this union, Carl E., Fred H. and Myrtle. They have a nice farm of 125 acres which is located along the line of the Detroit United Railway.

- Kelly, E. P., Undertaker, Pontiac. Kelly, Lucien B., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 10, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. , Lucien B., Farmer and Daryman, S. 10, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Kelly was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as Justice of the Peace four years, Census Enumerator 1900-1904, and has held other local offices. He is married to Arsilvia Nelson. Mr. and Mrs. Kelly are the parents of one son, Homer J. Mr. Kelly owns a nice farm of 60 acres, and also works his father's place of 180 acres. His father is still living and resides with them. Their place is known as the Lake Side Farm
- acres. His father is still living and resides with them. Their place is known as the Lake Side Farm.
 Kendall, Joseph W., Farmer, S. 24, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Kendall was born in Germany in 1841, and in 1866 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Julia Gindernalak. Mr. and Mrs. Kendall are the parents of eight children, Joseph, Otto, William, Rosa, Emma, Henry, Frank and Agnes. They have a pleasant farm with comfortable dwelling.
 Kemp, William, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 27, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Kenp was born in Oakland County in 1853. He is married to Sarah Featherston.
- Kent, Charles, Farmer, Corn Husker and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 14, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Kent was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1896 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Naomi Downer.
- Downer.
 Kerr, John H., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 28, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Kerr was born in Canada in 1877, and in 1889 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Kerton, C. H., Farmer, S. 9, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Kerton was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to Jessie Bearinger. Mr. and Mrs. Kerton are the parents of three children, Earl B., Anna Their form is known as Maple Hurst. and Francis. Their farm is known as Maple Hurst.
- and Francis. Their farm is known as Maple Hurst.
 Keyes, F. B., Farmer, S. 2, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Keyes has served as School Director, and is prominent in local affairs.
 Keyes, Geo. H., Real Estate, 203 Whitney Building, Detroit, Mich.
 Kier, Carl, Farmer, S. 1, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr Kier was born in Oakland County in 1875. He has served as a School Officer for three years. He is married to Orpha Downey. Mr. and Mrs. Kier are the parents of one daughter, G. Leone. They have managed his father's farm for the last ten years. It is known as Big Rock Farm. His parents are living, and reside in Pontiac.
- Rock Farm. His parents are living, and reside in Pontiac. Kile, Fred., Restaurant, Pontiac. Mr. Kile was born in Michigan in 1873, and in 1890 settled ip-Oakland County. He is married to Margaret
- Ne is married to Margaret O'Brien.
 Kinney, Alf., Hardware, Milford. Mr. Kenney was born in Michigan in 1851. He has served as President of Milford Village for four years as Supervisor for six years, of which Board he is Chairman. He is married to Jennie E. Kinsman.
- Kinsman, Geo. O., Attorney, Oxford. Mr. Kinsman was born in Vermont in 1857, and in 1882 settled in Oakland County. He has practiced law in Oxford for the past twenty years, and is one of the repre-sentative business men of Oakland County.
- Kitchen, W. M., Farmer, S. 6, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Kitchen was born in New Jersey in 1846, and in 1849 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He was married to Fannie Brokenshaw. Three children blessed this union, Charles, Elizabeth and Roy. Mrs. abeth and Roy

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- Mary Hill.
- Hopkins, Jerome W., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 36, T. Milford, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Hopkins was born in Oakland County in 1846. He has served as School Assessor for three years, and has held other local offices. He has one of the nicest places in the township which
- is known as Spruce Belt Farm.
 Hopp, Otto, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 23, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham.
 Mr. Hopp was born in Michigan in 1877, and in 1907 settled in Oakland County.
- Hosner, C. H., Farmer and Produce Buyer, S. 25, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Hosner was born in Oakland County in 1875. He has served as School Director for years. He is married to Rena Bell Decker.
- Bell Decker.
 House, W. E., Farmer, S. 6, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. House was born in Oakland County in 1869. In 1893 he was married to Mary McDonald. Two children, Leah F. and James C. blessed this union. In 1895 his wife died. In 1901 he was married the second time to In 1895 his whe died. In 1901 he was married the scould time to Elizabeth Rixley. Two children blessed this union, Dorothy M. and Charles P. Their place is known as Oakdale Farm.
 Howard, L. N., Farmer, S. 7, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Howard was born in Oakland County in 1863.
 Howard, Thomas, Farmer, S. 3, T. Addison, P. O. Leonard. Mr. Howard was born in Michigan in 1842, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County He is married to Personal County.
- County. He is a veteran of the Civil war. He is married to Pernina Snover.

- nina Snover.
 Howard, Wm., Farmer, S. 2, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham, 1859.
 Howe, David E., Farmer, S. 6, T. Springfield, P. O. Holly. Mr. Howe was born in Oakland County in 1874. He is married to Clara Tilford. They have managed his uncle's farm for the past 13 years. The place is known as Hill Side Farm.
- The place is known as frin State rain. Flowe, Jerome, Farmer, S. 31, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Howe was born in New York in 1836. He has a large farm with good buildings, and which is known as Hill Side Farm.

of about 105 acres with good buildings.

- Tewell & Co., Real Estate 407-408 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich. Joerin, Robert, Hotel, Milford. Mr. Joerin was born in Switzerland in 1871, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Marie Diehl. Mr. Joerin is proprietor of "The Oakland House." At this hotel will be found first-class accomodations at moderate prices.
- Johns, D. N., Farmer, S. 18, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Johns was born in Oakland County in 1833.
- Johnson, E. E. Farmer, S. 6, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Johnson was born in Oakland County in 1861. He is married to Sarah E. Ball. Six children blessed this union, Arthur D., J. Elvin, Frank
- Ball. Six clinitien diessed tins unon, Arthur D., J. Favin, Frank B., Clyde, Freda, and Leroy.
 Johnson, Fred W., Hotel, Holly. Mr. Johnson was born in New York in 1872, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Jennie L. Castle. He is proprietor of the fine, large hotel at Holly known as the Hirst House, where first class accommo-dations are provided at reasonable prices. He also manages a farm of 77 acres in Rose Township which is called Rose Valley Dairy Farm.
- Johnson, George, Farmer and Teamster, Pontiac. Mr. Johnson was born in Michigan in 1877, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Hattie Nichols.
- married to Hattie Nichols. Johnson, Geo. A., Threshing Machine Operator, S. 19, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Johnson was born in 1862, and in 1881 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Highway Commissioner, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest.
- Johnson, Henry J., Farmer, S. 16, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Johnson was born in 1857, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Constable and School Treasurer for years.
- Johnson, J. H., Breeder of Holstein and Friesian Cattle, S. 29, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Johnson was born in Oakland County in 1867.

Mrs Kitchen was killed in a cyclone which passed over this section in 1898.

- Kline, Theodore C. V., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 12, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Kline was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has He has served as School Director for six years, and Director of the Farmers State Bank at Oxford since it was organized. He is married to Nellie A. Belles. He owns a good farm of 120 acres, which is known as the Briar Dale Fruit Farm
- Knapp, Fred E., Retired, Pontiac. Mr. Knapp was born in Vermont in 1859, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Carrie English.
- Kociser, Herman, Farmer, S. 35, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Kociser was born in Germany in 1854, and in 1887 settled in
- Oakland County, Michigan. Krout, Theodore H., Farmer, S. 22, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Krout was born in Pennsylvania in 1840, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a School Officer for two years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary Bartholo-mew. Mr. and Mrs. Krout are the parents of two children, Elmer C. and William S. They have a nice farm of about 81 acres with
- good buildings. Kyle, H. G., Farmer and Auctioneer, S. 29, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Kyle was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as School Director.
- Lacey, John R, Farmer, S. 25, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Lacey was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Hermmina A. Madell. Mr. and Mrs. Lacey are the parents of three children, Arthur A. O., George J. and Clarence H. They have a nice farm of about 60 acres with good buildings, which is known as Forest View Farm.
- Lacey, Thomas W., Farmer, S. 35, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Lacey was born in Oakland County in 1863. He has served as a

School Officer for nine years and as Highway Commissioner one year. He is married to Celia A. Bain. Mr. and Mrs. Lacey are the parents of one son, Homer R. T.

- LaCroix, Henry, Farmer and Horse Dealer, S. 4, T. Addison, P. O. Lecnard. Mr. LaCroix was born in Michigan in 1877, and in 1880
- Leenard. Mr. Lacroix was born in mining an in 1677, and in 1660 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Nancy Raymond.
 Lacy, Wm. Oren, Farmer, S. 35, T, Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Lacy was born in Oakland County in 1847. He is married to Lucy Peters. Mr. and Mrs. Lacy are the parents of two sons, William Eugene and Floyd Ray. They have a pleasant farm with comfortable lattice.
- dwelling. Ladd, Augustus F., Farmer, S. 25, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Ladd was born in Michigan in 1836, and in 1873 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Annie E. Taylor. Mr. and Mrs. Ladd are the parents of five children, Mary Jane, John G., (deceased) Chas. G. and Jennie B., twins, and Adelbert.
- Ladd, Frank R., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 3, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Ladd was born in Oakland County in 1874. He has served as School Inspector four years, and as Director six years, and has held other local offices. His father died in 1901 at the age of 70 years. his mother is living, and resides with him. His brother Edward has been engaged in the mercantile business for the past 13 years. He has a nice farm with good buildings, and also owns some good timber land.
- Lahiff, John Lawrence, Farmer, S. 15, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Lahiff was born in Canada in 1877, and in 1906 settled in Oak-
- land County, Michigan. Laidlaw, Adam, Farmer, S. 1, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Laidlaw was born in Canada in 1852, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Juliette Johnson. Mr. and Mrs. Laid-law are the parents of four children, William S., Florence B., May C. and Helen J. They own good tracts in Oakland and Lapeer Counties. Their farm is known as The Maples. Laidlaw, Frank J., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford.
- aw, Frank J., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford, Mr. Laidlaw was born in Oakland County in 1870. He has served as School Director for five years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Mary E. Stimson. Mr. and Mrs. Laidlaw are the parents of three sons, Clare, (deceased), Earl R., and Ellery A. Clare died as a result of injuries received by a cyclone. The farm, which consists of about 104 acres with good buildings, is known as Pleasant Knolls.
- Lakie, W. D., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 22, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Lakie was born in Canada in 1855, and in 1866 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- Lamb, Earnest, Restaurant and Confectionery, Pontiac. Mr. Lamb was born in Michigan in 1880, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Miss H. Cove.
- Lamb, R. A., Farmer, S. 14, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Lamb has served as School Director, and is prominent in local affairs.

- Lane, John, President Citizens Savings Bank, Holly. Lamson, J. G., Professor at the Adelphian Academy, Holly. Lange, Paul, Farmer, S. 24, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Lange was born in Germany in 1866, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Theresia Oltermatt. Mr. and Mrs. Lange are the parents of three daughters, Edna C., Angela M., and
- Langer are the parents of three daughters, build c., Angela M., and Loyola R. Their farm is known as Pleasant Home. Langer, Henry, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 19, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Langer was born in Pontiac, Michigan, in 1862. He is married to Annie M. Todd. They have 90 acres of good land and substantial buildings. Lare, James, Farmer, S. 33, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Farmington.

Lare, James, Farmer, S. 35, T. West Bioomneid, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Lare was born in Michigan in 1872, and in 1894 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Road Overseer. He is married to Eva Coe.
Larkins, Thos., Farmer, S. 29, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Larkins was born in Michigan in 1877, and in 1903 settled in Oikland County.
Lau, Harry M., Attorney at Law, 802 Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich.
Lawrence, Francis P., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 21, T. Oxford, P. O.

- Oxford. Mr. Lawrence was born in Oakland County in 1842. He has served as School Director. He is married to Phoebe D. Porter. Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence are the parents of three children, Porter J.,

- Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence are the parents of three children, Porter J., Lillie M. and Roy D. They have a nice farm of about 218 acres adjoining Stony Lake, which is known as Pine Grove Farm.
 Lawrence, John S. A., Photographer, Leonard. Mr. Lawrence was born in Oakland County in 1840. He holds the office of Justice of the Peace. He is married to Ellen J. Brown.
 Lawson, J. M., Hardware, Coal and Lumber, Royal Oak.
 Leach, Charles H., Farmer, S. 20, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Leach was born in New York in 1854, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director for years. He is married to Belle Negus. married to Belle Negus.
- married to Belle Negus.
 Leavenworth, Jay, Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 10-16, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Leavenworth was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as Director and Assessor of Schools for years. He is married to Carrie J. Parker.
 Leavenworth, Job, Farmer, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Leavenworth was born in Oakland County in 1860. He holds the office of Supervisor. He is married to Nettie Sabin.
 Lee, L., Farmer, S. 28, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Lee was born in Oakland County in 1862.

- Lee, L., Farmer, S. 28, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Lee was born in Oakland County in 1862.
 Leece, John, Farmer, S. 20, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Leece was born in the Isle of Man in 1871, and in 1877 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Martha J. Auten. Two chil-dren blessed this union, Howard and Richard.
 Leece, R. B., Farmer and Breeder of Durham Cattle and Shropshire Sheep, S. 17, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Leece was born in the Isle of Man in 1865, and in 1874 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Francis E. Otis. Mr. and Mrs. Leece are the parents of four children, Otis E., Florence L., Francis E. and Leon B. Their farm is known as Leece Lodge. and Leon B. Their farm is known as Leece Lodge

- Leonard, O. P., Farmer and Breeder of Short Horn and Poll Durham Cattle, S.'14, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Leonard was born in Oak-land County in 1860. He was married to Emma Shoebridge, who died in 1902. One child, Verne E., blessed this union. In 1905 he was married the second time to Mary Shoebridge.
- Leonard, Ray N., Fruit Grower, S. 14. T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Leonard was born in Oakland County in 1886. In 1904 he enlisted in the 18th Regiment, Co. I, U. S. Infantry, and received an honorable discharge. Lessiter, Floyd J., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Orion, P. O. Clarks-
- ton. Mr. Lessiter was born in Oakland County in 1864. He served officer two years. He is married to Lillian R. Walter. One daugh-ter, Marion R., blessed this union. They have a large tract of about 400 acres with good buildings, which is known as Lessiter Short Horn Stock Farm.
- Lessiter, Frank H., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Orion, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Lessiter was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as Township Treasurer two years, Highway Commissioner one term and School Officer twelve years. He is married to Nora A. Weiser. They own about 308 acres with substantial buildings, which is known as The Maples.
- Lewis, A. B., Florist, Pontiac.
- Lewis, A. B., Fibria, Fontac, Lewis, Judson, Farmer, S. 27, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Lewis was born in Michigan in 1869. He is married to Lena Hosner. One daughter, Florence M., blessed this union. They own a pleasant
- farm adjoining the town of Oxford. Lewis, W. T., Farmer, S. 16, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Lewis was born in New York in 1824, and in 1836 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a member of the Town Board for years. He is married to Mary Jane Powell.
- Linabury, C. H., Justice of the Peace, Pontiac. Mr. Linabury was born in Oakland County in 1871.
- Linabury, Jep, Livery and Bus Line, Clarkston.
- m, J. R., Farmer and Proprietor of Restaurant, S. 10, T. Waterford, P. O. Draydon Plains. Mr. Liscum was born in Michigan in 1851, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Martha Liscum, J. Halfield.
- Lockwood, James L., Farmer, S. 32, T. Rose, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Lock-wood was born in Oakland County in 1848. He is married to Ellen Callard. Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood are the parents of two children, known as Lakeside Farm.
- Lockwood, James W., Farmer and Manager, Grove Point Summer Resort, S. 13, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Lockwood was born in Oakland County in 1847. He is married to Emily M. Beaumont.
- Mr. and Mrs. Lockwood are the parents of five children, Cora S., Lorina J., John F., Locinta M. and Willard J.
 Lockwood, Wm. M., Farmer, S. 32, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Lockwood was born in Michigan in 1845. He was married to Fannie L. Bowman, who was born in 1849, and died in 1903. Three children blessed this union, Harry B., Theodorus W. and Celia M. He owns a large farm of about 215 acres with good buildings which is owns a large farm of about 215 acres with good buildings, which is known as Riverside Stock Farm.
- Lomerson, John H., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 16, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Lomerson was born in Oakland County in 1872. He has served as Highway Commissioner for two years and as a School Officer for three years. He is married to Eva M. Hummer.
- Lomerson, Eddie S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 17, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Lomerson was born in Oakland County in 1875. He is married to Daisy M. Moore. He and his brother, John H., own an Harriel to Daisy M. Mobie. The and its brother, John H., own an elegant farm of about 278 acres with good buildings. Their father died in 1902 at the age of 62 years. Their mother is still living. Their place is known as Valley Stock Farm.
 Long, Joe A., (Estate) S. 3, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford.
 Long, Kirby, Farmer, S. 35, T. Milford, P. O. Wixon. Mr. Long was born in Oakland County in 1877. He is married to Myrtle Phillips. Mr. and Mrs. Long are the parents of three children. Family Mr.
- Mr. and Mrs. Long are the parents of three children, Fannie M., Vida S. and Loren R. They have a nice farm with large dwelling, and which is known as Valley Farm.
 Long, Thomas, Farmer, S. 4, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Long was born in Michigan in 1844, and in 1854 settled in Oakland County.
- He is married to Susan Bailey.
- Longtin, L. P., Hctel, Pontiac. Looney, Robert, Farmer, S. 17, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Looney was born in Oakland County in 1851. He has served as Highway Com-missioner for two years and as a School Officer for 15 years. He was married to Josephine E. Gregory, who was born in Michigan in 1855, and died in 1900. One child, Nora E., blessed this union. Their farm is known as Forest View.
- Losch, Elias P., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 32, T. Brandon, P. O. Clark-ston. Mr. Losch was born in New York in 1859, and settled in Oakland County in infancy. He is married to Clara Krout. Their place is known as South Brandon Fruit Farm.
- Lovejoy, Charles E., Justice of the Peace, Real Estate and Insurance Agent and dealer in Groceries and Crockery, Milford. Mr. Lovejoy was born in Milford in 1852. He has served as Village President, and also as Justice of the Peace for eighteen years. He is married to Mary J. Greig.
- Lovejoy, Earl, Attorney at Law, Milford. Mr. Lovejoy was born in Oak-land County in 1882. He has served as Village Clerk for one year. Mr. Lovejoy graduated from the Detroit High School in 1902, and from the U. of M. in 1905. He has practiced law in the village of Milford for about one year.
- Lowry, A. L., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 28, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Lowry was born in Michigan in 1883, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County.
- Lucas, M. A., S. 18, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. oval Oak P O Roval

years. Mr. McBride is the father of four children, M. Elizabeth, Annie, (now Mrs. H. Henderson), Robert B., and Richard D. Their place is known as Clover Leaf Stock Farm.

McBride, Joe, Farmer, S. 26, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. McBride was born in Oakland County in 1871.
 McCauley, Wm., Farmer and Breeder of Thoroughbred Short Horn Durham

- Cattle, S. 30, T. Brandon, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. McCauley was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1858, and in 1862 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Truly A. Arnold, who died in 1893. Three children blessed this union. He was married the second time to Maggie Croup. Mr. McCauley is proprietor of Eagle Lake Stock Farm. Farm.
- McClure, John H., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 18, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. McClure was born in New Jersey in 1868. He has served as School Director for two years. He is married to Lucy Lorgh Mr. McClure Was on the server to a charge Charles
- Leach. Mr. and Mrs. McClure are the parents of two sons, Charles H. and Vernon L. They own a nice farm with good dwelling. II, Alexander J., Farmer, S. 3, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. McColl was born in Oakland County in 1839. He has served as McColl, School Director fifteen years and Highway Commissioner two years. He is married to Lena Van Avery. Mr. and Mrs. McColl are the parents of two daughters, Alice I., (now Armstrong), and Edith L. Their farm is known as Hill Top. Mr. McColl is a veteran of the Civil War.
- McCormick's Real Estate Exchange, 501-502 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Michigan.
- Detroit, Michigan. McCotter, Jas. H., Superintendent of the D. M. Ferry & Co. Seed Farm, S. 26, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. McCotter was born in Michigan in 1845, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Florence E. Baker. Mr. and Mrs McCotter are the parents of three children, Agnes K., Lelia K. and Howard K. For the past four years Mr. McCotter has superintended the Oak View Seed Farm which is the property of D. M. Ferry & Co., and which Seed Farm, which is the property of D. M. Ferry & Co., and which contains about 570 acress. The farm has been systematically
- drained, having over fifty miles of tile laid upon the same. McCrumb, M. B., Blacksmith, Novi. Mr. McCrumb was born in Michigan in 1870. He is married, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest.
- McFall, Wm., General Merchandise, Waterford. Mr. McFall was born in Michigan in 1882, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Elizabeth Baker.
- married to Fuzabeth Baker.
 McGaffey, Daniel A., Barber, Oxford. Mr. McGaffey was born in Michigan in 1874, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Township Clerk for four years. He is married to Anna Bell. Mr. and Mrs. McGaffey are the parents of one child, who died in infancy. Mr. McGaffey has conducted a first-class barber shop in Oxford for the past eight years.
- the past eight years. McGee, T. H., Druggist, Farmington. Mr. McGee was born in Oakland County in 1867. He has served as Village President, Township Treasurer and Clerk, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest.
- McKeachie, John, Farmer, S. 6, T. Springfield, P. O. Holly. Mr. Mc-Keachie was born in Scotland in 1866, and in 1888 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Flora Gobert. Three children blessed this union, Leslie J., Raymond W. and Gladys L. Their form is known as Pair View. Their farm is known as Fair View.

- Their farm is known as Fair View.
 McKnight, R. B., Photographer and Proprietor of Ice Cream Parlor and Cigar Stand. Boats to let, Walled Lake. Mr. McKnight was born in Michigan in 1876, and in 1885 settled in Oakland County.
 McLaughlin, Robert, Farmer and Butcher, S. 9, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. McLaughlin was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Margaret Todd.
 McMeans, Wm. R., Farmer, S. 1, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. McMeans was born in Oakland County in 1873. He is married to Inc. Margaret Todd. Ina Lambertson.
- McMillian, D., Farmer and Giocer, S. 2, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. McMillian was born in Canada in 1864, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- McNulty, F. J., Farmer, S. 7, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. McNulty was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married, and
- McNulty was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married, and is prominent in local affairs.
 McNutt, W. D., Manufacturer of Storm Tops for Buggies, Pontiac. Mr. McNutt was born in Michigan in 1875, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Daisy L. Lewton.
 McVean, Peter, Sr., Farmer, S. 28, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. McVean was born in Oakland County in 1845. He has served as a School Officer for 24 years. He is married to Ella Hollister. Five children blessed this union, Millie J., Della G., Peter, Grace M. and Homer. They have a large farm of about 240 acres which is known as Valley Farm.
 Mackey W. T. Farmer, Stockraiser and Produce Buyer, S. 21, T. Lyon,
- Mackey, W. T., Farmer, Stockraiser and Produce Buyer, S. 21, T. Lyon,
- Mackey, W. T., Farmer, Stockraiser and Produce Buyer, S. 21, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Mackey was born in Michigan in 1859, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Direc-tor and Moderator for years. He is married to Minnie Gould.
 Major, J. M., Produce. Fertilizer of all kinds, New Hudson. Mr. Major was born in Michigan in 1871, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest. local interest.
- Mann, John W., Farmer, S. 36, T. Independence, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Mann was born in Oakland County in 1880. He is married to Lola Bartlett.
- Manzel, C. W., Farmer, S. 28, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Manzel was born in Oakland County in 1881. He is married to Emma Frevdl.
- Marsh, George H., Farmer, S. 28, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Marsh, George II., Farmer, S. 25, 1. West Bioinfield, T. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Marsh was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is married to Alice L. Britten.
 Martin, Geo. B., Farmer and Agent for Harrison Valveless Stove, South Lyon. Mr. Martin was born in Michigan in 1864, and in 1895 settled

- and Leon B. Their farm is known as Leece Lodge.
 Leece, Wm., Farmer and Supervisor, S. 8, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville.
 Mr. Leece was born in the Isle of Man in 1866, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Hattie Vantine. One child blessed this union, James R.
 Leeming, Wellesley, Farmer, S. 18, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr.
 Leeming was born in Ontario in 1834, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County. Mainten He is married to Sarah F. Tohey. Mr.
- Leeming was born in Ontario in 1834, and in 1888 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Sarah E. Tobey. Mr. and Mrs. Leeming are the parents of two children, Bertha I. and Clare W. Their place is known as Evergreen Farm. Lehman, Peter, Farmer, S. 23, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Lehman was born in Pennsylvania, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County. He is morried to Althea E. Sprague. They own a placeant form of
- Was boin in Fennsylvania, and in 1009 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Althea E. Sprague. They own a pleasant farm of 127 acres with good buildings. It is known as Rose Hedge Place, and is the Birth Place of Mrs. Lehman.
- Lemke, Farmer, S. 15-16, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Lemke was born in Germany in 1849, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- Lenhoff, L. M., Local Manager of the Bell Telephone, Oxford. Mr. Lenhoff was born in Oakland County in 1880. He is proprietor of the City Opera House.
- City Opera House.
 Leonard, E. A., Earmer and Stockraiser, S. 29, T. Highland, P. O. Highland, Mr. Leonard was born in Oakland County in 1861. He is married to Maggie Arthur. Three children blessed this union, Iva D., Pearl and Margret C. Their place is known as South Maple Street Farm.
- Maple Street Farm.
 Leonard, H. G., Farnier, S. 17, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Leonard was born in Oakland County in 1892.
 Leonard, Mark J., Farmer. S. 15, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Leonard was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to Leonard was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. He is married to be and the second was born in Oakland County in 1863. Bertha Davison. Two children blessed this union, J. C. and B. Franklin.

- er and S Oak. Mr. Lucas was born in England in 1828, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He ismarried to Mary Anne Poulton, who was born in England in 1845. Eight children blessed this union, Maude, Louis W., Ada C., Percy, Harold, Leonard J., Frank and Edith M. They have a nice farm of 79 acres which is
- Lumsden & Claxton (T. O. Lumsden, F. W. Claxton), Real Estate, 49
 Home Bank Building, Detroit, Mich.
 Lynn, Mikle, Farmer, S. 16, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Lynn was born in Ireland in 1826, and in 1901 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is a veteran of the Civil War. He is married to Martha Mosher.
- Lyons, S. J., Investments, 711-712 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich. Lyon, Sanford R., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 5, T. Milford, P. O. Mil-ford. Mr. Lyon was born in Oakland County in 1857. He is married to Susan Walker. Mr. and Mrs. Lyon are the parents of three children, Lucius E. W., Byron A. P. and Maurice W. S. They own a nice farm with good dwelling.
- McBratney, Chas., Farmer, S. 9, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. McBratney was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as a School Officer for five years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Lottie Rifenburg. They own a large farm with good buildings, and call their place Sunset View Farm.
- McBrearty, Jas. R., Real Estate, 27 Buhl Block, Detroit, Mich. McBride, Hugh, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 2, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Mr. McBride was born in Ireland in 1840, and in 1854 settled Oak. in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Sarah Thomp-son, who died in 1883 at the age of 36 years. He was married the second time to Mary Walden, who died in 1899 at the age of 53

- in Oakland County. He is married to Amy Stark. Mason, Richard, Farmer, Stockraiser and Dairyman, S. 13, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Mason was born in Oakland County in 1845. He has served as a School Officer for fifteen years. He is married to Savilla G. Potter. Mr. and Mrs. Mason are the parents of three children, Heber R., Earl R., and Maona V. Their farm is known as The Pines.
- as The Pines.
 Mason, Wm. P., Farmer, S. 24, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Mason was born in Oakland County in 1872. He has served as School Treasurer one year. He is married to Bird Hothan. Two children blessed this union, Roy J. and Ruby M. They have a nice farm with good dwelling which is known as Spring Hill Farm.
 Mathews Abstract Co., Abstracts, Pontiac.
 Mathews, A. O., Farmer, S. 4, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Mathews was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is married to Lucy Middleton. Two children blessed this union. Iane A. and Ava M. Their

- ton. Two children blessed this union, Jane A. and Ava M. Their
- farm is known as Hickory Hurst. Matla, William, Farmer, S. 5, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Matla was born in Holland in 1858, and in 1891 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- Matteson, James C., Farmer, S. 17, T Avon, P. O. Rochester, Mr. Matteson was born in Ohio in 1847, and in 1874 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Sarah D. DeLisle. Mr. and Mrs. Matteson are the parents of two children, Leland J and Harvey They have a nice farm of 100 acres with good buildings, and which is known as Maple Valley. Meacham, Wm. H., Dealer in Farm Produce, Hay, Straw and Potatoes,
- Holly. Mr. Meacham was born in Oakland County in 1867. He has served as Township Treasurer and as a member of the School Board, and is prominent in local affairs. He is married to Nellie E. Belford. Mr. Meacham has been in business in Holly and at Belford Station.

for the past twenty years. His principal shipping points are from Holly, Belford, Davisburg and Clarkston. His courteous treatment and fair dealing have established for him a large and profitable business.

- Meid, Joseph, Proprietor, Inter-Laken Hotel, S. 11, T. West Bloomfield,
 P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Meid was born in Germany in 1862, and
 in 1901 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to
- Anna Hodig.
 Meinke, Henry, Farmer, S. 24, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Meinke was born in Detroit, Michigan in 1861, and in 1873 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Anna Fasel. Three children blessed this union, Ida H., Emma C. and Fred W. They have a
- nice farm with substantial buildings. Merow, Israel, Farmer, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Merow was born in Canada in 1829, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- in Canada in 1829, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Milford Times, Publishers, Milford.
 Millard, George, Farmer, S. 1, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Millard was born in Oakland County in 1881. /
 Miller, A. W, Farmer, S. 28, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Miller was born in 1860, and in 1863 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Jessie Perry. Mr. and Mrs Miller are the parents of three children, Mable E., Walter and Perry. Their place is known as Sunnyside Farm.
 Miller Reni, F. Farmer and Agent for Musical Instruments, S. 13, T.

- as Sunnyside Farm.
 Miller, Benj. F., Farmer and Agent for Musical Instruments, S. 13, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Miller was born in Oakland County in 1873. He has served as School Director 3 years and Justice of the Peace 4 years. He is married to Leda Bradley. Two children, blessed this union, Barbara E. and Bradley S. They own two good farms, and have comfortable dwelling.
 Miller, C. G., Village President, Clarkston.
 Miller, David, Farmer, S. 24, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Miller was born in Oakland County in 1840. He is married to Frances Beardslee. Mr. and Mrs. Miller are the parents of six children, Geo. W., Edward J., Nancy A., Mary M., Gertrude E. and Samuel S., (deceased).
 Miller, Forest, Farmer, S. 4, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Miller was born in Canada in 1875, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Pathmaster. He is married to Julia Smith.
- to Julia Smith.
- Miller, H. C., Farmer, S. 27, T. Novi, P. O. Northville. Mr. Miller was born in Germany in 1878, and in 1881 settled in Oakland County, Michigan He has served as School Inspector. He is married to
- Marie Kregor. Miller, Joseph, Farmer, S. 8, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Miller was born in Ireland in 1852, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County.
- Miller, Sydney, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 13, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Miller was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as School Officer for 12 years. He is married to Mar-
- has served as School Officer for 12 years. He is married to Margrett Bradey. Mr. and Mrs. Miller are the parents of two children, Galbraith and Sydney. They have a large farm with good buildings, which is known as Willow Hedge Farm.
 Mills, John S., City Dray Line, Holly. Mr. Mills was born in Michigan in 1866, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Deputy Sheriff for four years, and as a member of the Board of Review two years. He is married to Nellie E. Drake. Mr. and Mrs. Mills have one adopted daughter, Ima. Mr. Mills has been in the drayage business in Holly for the last three years, and has also the drayage business in Holly for the last three years, and has also
- done considerable dealing in Real Estate.
 Miner, A. B., Farmer, S. 13, T. Brandon, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Miner was born in Michigan in 1858, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Alice Wier. Mr. and Mrs. Miner are the parents of three children, Chas., Bertha and Winnie. Their farm is known as Garden Dale.
- as Garden Dale. Miner, Alex, Farmer, S. 28, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Miner was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Annie Longtin. Mr. and Mrs. Miner are the parents of six children, Eva, Henry, Earl, Louis, Frank and Margarete. Their place is known as Groveland Center Farm.
- Miner, C. E., Attorney at Law, Holly.
- Mitchell, Gust, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 4, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Mitchell was born in Germany in 1873, and in 1877 settled in Oakland County. Mitchell, Lewis J. Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 12, T. Holly, P. O. Holly.
- Mr. Mitchell was born in Oakland County in 1866. He has served as a School Officer for four years. He is married to Mrs. Mary E. Quick. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell are the parents of two children, Lelia F. and Josiah D. Mrs. Mitchell's mother, Mrs. Hannah Eden lives with them on their place which is known as Spruce Lawn farm. This has been her home for the past 25 years.
- Moeren, M. J., Proprietor of Hotel, S. 15, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Moeren was born in Michigan in 1868, and in 1886 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Clara Jones.
 Monitor, Insurance Co., Insurance, Pontiac.
- Monroe, Chas. E., Attorney and Dealer in Real Estate, 620 Moffat Build-
- Monroe, Chas. E., Attorney and Dealer in Real Estate, 620 Monat Build ing, Detroit.
 Monroe, R. F., Automobile Body Factory, Pontiac. Mr. Monroe was born in Michigan in 1876, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County.
 Moon, M. C., Farmer and Breeder of American Deline Merino and Rambouilette Merino Sheep, Duroc Jersey Hogs and Holstein Cattle, S. 32, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Moon was born in Oakland County in 1854. He is married to L. Huff. Mr. Moon is proprietor of Mountain View Farm.
 Moore A. L. Attorney, Pontiac.
- Moore, A. L., Attorney, Pontiac. Moore, E. M., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 26-35, T. West Bloomfield, P. Orchard Lake. Mr. Moore was born in Oakland County in 1867. Q.

- Naback, Fred, Farmer, S. 26, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Naback was born in Germany in 1873, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Nauman, Louis B., Breeder of White Langshangs and White Imperial Ducks, S. 20, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Nauman was born in Oakland County in 1869. He is married to Edith Schultz of Ducks of Colo. Denver, Colo. Neal & Wieland, Attorneys, Orion.
- Neal, Wm. E., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 21, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr, Neal was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is
- Davisourg. Inf. Neal was boin in Oakland County in 1655. The is married to Libbie Miller. Mr. and Mrs. Neal are the parents of one daughter, Tracie E. Their place is known as Maple Row Farm.
 Nelson, J. C., Farmer, S. 6, T. Oakland, P. O. Orion. Mr. Nelson was born in Ohio in 1859, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Bertha McCormick. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson are the parents of three children, Maud E., Barnard L. and Dorothv
- B. Their place is known as Spring Grove Farm.
 Neuman, Edward, Farmer, S. 7, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Neuman was born in Oakland County in 1845. He is married to Alma Kinsman. Mr. and Mrs. Neuman are the parents of four children, Orpha A., John W., Hattie M. and Jesse M. Mr. Neuman owns a for the parent of the second building methods in a second nice farm with good buildings which is managed by his son Jesse
- Neuman, John W., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Neuman was born in Oakland County in 1872. He has served as School Moderator for three years. He is married to Anna H. Pound. Two children blessed this union, Paul J. and Russell P. They own a large and well appointed farm with good buildings.
- Oyster Lake is partly located on their farm. Newman, Chas., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 32, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Newman was born in Canada in 1855, and in 1883 settled in Newman, Chas., Fainfel and Stockhalsel, S. 52, T. Avon, F. Rockeler, Mr. Newman was born in Canada in 1855, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Frances G. Pearsall. Mr. and Mrs. Newman are the parents of three children, Mason LeRoy, (deceased) Lora Hazel and Nina June. They own a good farm of about 98 acres with good buildings. Their place is known as Evergreen Farm. Mrs. Newman's mother resides with them.
 Newman, Levi, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 20, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Newman was born in Oakland County in 1857. He is married to Maggie M. Sipple. One son, Earl L., blessed this union. They have an elegant pine and oak grove on their farm.
 Newman, Wm. H., Farmer, S. 4, T, Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Newman was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Lovina Beebe. Mr. and Mrs. Newman are the parents of two children, Eva, (now Mrs. Clarence Swift) and L. J., (deceased). They have a large farm with good buildings. It is known as Newman Farm.
 Niller, W. G., Contractor and Township Treasurer, S. 22, T. Rose, P. O. Rose. Mr. Niller was born in Oakland County in 1839. He was married to Miss E. Hammond. Two children, Joel P. and Franklin, blessed this union. In 1864 his wife died, and in 1867 he was again married, this time to Harriett Burk. Four children blessed this union.

- married, this time to Harriett Burk. Four children blessed this union, Leonard R., Floyd, Grover and Wayne. Nixon, V., Merchant, Birmingham. Mr. Nixon was born in Oakland
- County in 1856.
- Norton, Grant, Farmer, S. 3, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Norton was born in Oakland County in 1868.
- Nott, P. R., Farmer, Stockraiser and Fruit Grower, S. 28, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Nott was born in Oakland County in 1855. He is married to Nettie L. Lester. Mr. and Mrs. Nott are the parents of two children, Lester J. and Lillian E. Their place is known as Spring Brook Stock and Dairy Farm.
- Nott, Stephen, Farmer, Dairyman and Breeder of Guernsey Cattle, S. 23, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Nott was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as School Treasurer. He is married to Minnie Frank.

Nye Brothers, Blacksmiths, Pontiac.

- Nye, James, Farmer, S. 13, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Nye was born in Oakland County in 1863. He has served as a member of the School Board. He is married to Clara Philips.
- Oakland County Officials: Geo. A. Brown, County Clerk; John Power, County Treasurer; Charles Gláspie, Register of Deeds; Joseph S. Stockwell, Judge of Probate; Frank L. Covert, Prosecuting Attorney; George Greer, Sheriff.
- Oakland County Savings Bank, General Banking, Pontiac. Oakland County Telephone Co., Pontiac.

- Oakland Township, Frank Thurston, Supervisor. Obenauer, Fred P., Real Estate, 1112-1120 Majestic Building, Detroit. O'Brien, Thomas, Farmer, S. 12, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. O'Brien was
- born in Michigan in 1886, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County.
- Born in Michigan in 1960, and in 1960 settled in Oakland County.
 He is married to Miss L. Stoll.
 O'Connell, Geo. W., Farmer, S. 5, T. Springfield, P. O. Holly. Mr.
 O'Connell was born in Michigan in 1853, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mary Lanning. Three children blessed this union, Charles C., Tennie L. and Kittie L. Their place is known as Clover Dale.
- is known as Clover Dale.
 Oliver, Chas. E., Farmer, Merchant and Attorney, S. 35, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Oliver was born in New York in 1850, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County. He has served as a School Officer for 20 years. He is married to Helen L. Webster. Ten children blessed this union, Wm. Aaron, Rose, Chas. E., Edward, James, Martha A., Helen E., Julia J., Isabel J. and John Webster. Mr. Oliver is an extensive property owner in Oakland County. The farm where they reside is known as Webster Place.
 Openo, Miss Jessie, Farmer, S. 3, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Miss Openo was born in Oakland County in 1878. Her father died in 1897 at the age of 64 years. Her mother died in 1893 at about the age of 51 years.
- years. Miss Openo owns a nice farm, part of which lies inside the

- Nora B. They own a nice farm with comfortable dwelling. Parker, Homer, Farmer, S. 12, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Par-ker was born in Oakland County in 1842. He has served as Path-master and School Director for years. He is married to Elizabeth Covet. He is a veteran of the civil war.
- Parks, A. R., Butcher, Birmingham. Mr. Parks was born in Oakland
- Parks, A. R., Bitter, Birmingham, Mr. Parks was born in Oakland County in 1868.
 Parks, E. A., Livery, Birmingham. Mr. Parks was born in Oakland County in 1874. He has served as Township clerk.
 Patch, Vernon E., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Troy, P. O. Birming-ham. Mr. Patch was born in Oakland County in 1872.
- Patchett, John, Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 27, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. 1872. Mr. Patchett has served as a School Officer,
- and is prominent in local affairs. Patrick & Aldrich, (W. C. Patrick—B. R. Aldrich) Real Estate, 68 Home
- Bank Building, Detroit. Patterson & Patterson, Lawyers, Pontiac.
- Patterson & Patterson, Lawyers, Pontiac.
 Patterson, Fred, Printer and Editor, Holly Advertiser, Holly.
 Patterson, Oliver W., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 16, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Patterson was born in Pennsylvania in 1847, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Lidia Johnson. Mr. and Mrs. Patterson are the parents of five children, Frank, John M., Oliver W., Harry J. and Hannah S., (now Mrs. A. Ruggles.) They own a nice farm and some property in Rochester. Their place is known as Pleasant Knoll.
 Patterson, Stuart D., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 3, T. Holly, P. O. Holly.
 Patterson was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has served as lustice of the Peace for the past 10 years.

- Patterson was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has served as Justice of the Peace for the past 10 years.
 Patterson, Wm. F., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 28, T. Holly, P. O. Holly, Mr. Patterson was born in Oakland County in 1873. He is married to Florence Donovan. Three sons blessed this union, John Donovan, Samuel H. and Stuart D. They own about 220 acres of land with good buildings which is known as The Maples.
 Patton, Stephan, Farmer, S. 21, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Patton was born in Michigan in 1867, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Overseer of Roads for years. He is married th Annie Lates.
- married th Annie Jates.
- Peabody, J. Bert, Capitalist, Birmingham. Mr. Peabody was born in Oakland County in 1867.
 Peabody, Stanley, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 28, T. Bloomfield, P. O.
- Birmingham, 1878. Pearsall, D. I., Farmer, S. 23, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Pearsall
- was born in Oakland County in 1871.
- Pelton & McGee, Lawyers, Pontiac.
 Pennell, Charles C., Farmer, S. 15, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Pennell was born in New York in 1848, and in 1890 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Helen S. Sanford. 12 children blessed this union, Gracie M., Hattie M., Isabelle, Jessie, Index County, Michigan Alma County, Alma County,
- children blessed this union, Gracie M., Hattie M., Isabelle, Jessie, Joseph S., C. Albert, Carrie, Mary, Alma, Cornie, Henry and Ellen J. Their place is known as Lake View Farm.
 Pepper, Olive A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 19, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mrs. Pepper was born in New York in 1848, and in 1875 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. She was married to David M. Pepper who was born in Michigan in 1846 and died in 1806. Us had held the effect of Supervisor for fure verse and for 1896. He had held the office of Supervisor for five years, and for many years served as Highway Commissioner. Two children blessed this union, Olive M. and Ralph W. Their place is known as Pepper

- this union, Olive M. and Kalph W. Their place is known as repper Homestead Place.
 Pepper, Ralph, Farmer, S. 19, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg.
 Perry, A. D., Farmer and Miller, S. 18, T. Groveland, P. O. Holly. Mr. Perry was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Lora E. Horton. Two children blessed this union, Alice S. and Fred H.
 Perry, Jacob H., Fruit Grower, S. 32, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Perry was born in Michigan in 1874. He is married to Lilly M. Frost. Mr. and Mrs. Perry are the parents of three children, Edyth L. Holen M. and Arthur I.

- Perry was born in Michigan in 1874. He is married to Lilly M. Frost. Mr. and Mrs. Perry are the parents of three children, Edyth L., Helen M. and Arthur J.
 Perry, Wm. F., Farmer, S. 20, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Perry was born in Oakland County in 1847. He is married to Fannie Sutton. Mr. and Mrs. Perry are the parents of five children, Eddie J., Della A., Howard H., Mabel and Sylvenus.
 Perry W. J., Farmer, S. 1, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Perry was born in Oakland County in 1875.
 Peters, John F., Lawyer, S. 25, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Peters was born in Michigan, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County.
 Peters, Harrison E., Farmer, S. 20, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Peters was born in Oakland County in 1873. He is married to Bessie H. Purdy. Mr. and Mrs. Peters are the parents of one son, G. Daniel. Mr. Peters has managed his mother's farm for the past 12 years. Hig father died in 1891 at the age of 38 years.
 Pfefferkorn was born in Detroit, Michigan in 1858, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Amelia Ray. Five children blessed this union, Emma, Clara, Arthur, Ella and Elmer. They have a pleasant and well appointed farm with good dwelling.
 Phillips, Bruce, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 15, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Phillips was born in Oakland County in 1754. He is married to Lilly Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last numer docessed docessed for the summer the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouroud the last number of the parents of two children. Ruth. Len out J. Pouro
- to Lilly Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. Phillips are the parents of two children, Ruth Iva and L. Raymond, the last named deceased. They have a nice farm with a large and commodious dwelling,
- They have a nice farm with a large and commodious dwelling, Their farm is known as Sunny Slopes.
 Phillips, Cecil L., Farmer and Dairyman S. 21, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Phillips was born in Oakland County in 1878. He is married to Hettie B. Wright. One son, Leonard A. blessed this union. They have managed the Maple Spring Farm for the past two years, which is the property of his father. They also have a good farm of their

- He is married to Sarah Lamb. Moore, Emma, Farmer, S. 13, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. She was born in Michigan in 1847, and in 1854 settled in Oakland County, P. O. Royal Oak.
- Royal Oak.
 Morel, Fred., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 30, T. Royal Oak. Mr. Morel was born in France in 1852, and in 1873 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Barbara Rush. Mr. and Mrs. Morel are the parents of five children, Fred H., George T., Annie M., Clara M. and Clarence A. Their farm is known as Green Lawn Dairy Farm.
- Morgan, C. A., Farmer, S. 10, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Mor-gan was born in Michigan in 1860, and in 1882 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Deputy Sheriff for four years, and Con-stable for 20 years. He is married to Sarah Fisher.
- Morley, Sam, Superintendent, Booth's Cranbrook Farm, S. 22, T. Bloom-
- Moritz, Fred, P. O. Birmingham. 1904.
 Moritz, Fred, Farmer, S. 29, T. Royal Oak. Mr. Mortz was born in Germany in 1846, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married and is the father of nine children, Louise, Minnie,
- Frederica, Lena, Fred, Henry, Lucy and Lillie, twins, and Hilda. Their place is known as Timothy Dairy Farm.
- Ineir place is known as Timothy Dairy Farm. Mothersill, Samuel Henry, Farmer and R. F. D. Mail Carrier, S. 35, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Mothersill was born in Michigan in 1854, and in 1881 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Town-ship Clerk 2 years, and Village Councilman 2 years. He was mar-ried to Carrie F. Smith, born in England in 1856, and died in 1905. Four children blessed this union, Ruth, Mark H., Kate and Anna. They have an elegant farm near the village of Holly.
- Muirhead, Richard, Stockraiser, S. 19, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Muirhead was born in Oakland County in 1857.

Munger, C. A., Farmer, S. 31, T. Rose, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Munger was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Flora Bates. Murry, Frank, Livery, Pontiac.

incorporation line of the Village of Milford. It is known as Openo Place.

Orion, Village of, Henry Kessell, Clerk. Ott, John, Farmer, S. 36, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Ott was born in Germany in 1842, and in 1875 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Matilda Stotcske, born in 1850 and died in 1906. Five children bless this union, Amelia, Ferdinand, Paul, Mary and John C. They own a nice farm with good buildings.
 Oxford Savings Bank, Capital Stock, \$25,000; Surplus and undivided Earnings, \$50,000. The only bank in Oakland County on the Roll of Honor. 4 per cent interest paid on saving deposits. W. J. Tunstead, President; C. L. Randall, Vice President, C. E. Stanton, Continue of Content.

Cashier.

Oxford Village of.

Pack, Arthur, Capitalist, S. 12, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. 1898.

- Paddock, John A., Farmer, S. 18, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Pad-dock was born in Michigan in 1875, and in 1898 settled in Oakland. County. He has served as School Director for four years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Alta A. Newman. Mr. and Mrs. Paddock are the parents of three children, Kenzie, Ella A.
- and Mrs. Paddock are the parents of three children, Kenzle, Ella A. and Alma M. They have a good farm which is known as Lake View. Pagels, H., Farmer, S. 19, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Pagels was born in Germany in 1856, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County. Pangborn, W. A., Farmer, S. 33, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Pangborn was born in Michigan in 1873, and in 1900 settled in Oak-land County. He is married to Flora Wood.
- Wm. B., Farmer and Dealer in Produce and Poultry, S. 27, T. Ox-Park, ford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Park was born in Oakland County in 1859. He was married to Henriette Winslow, who was born in Michigan in 1860 and died in 1898. Some time latter he was married to Mrs. Minnie May. Mr. Park is the father of two children, Fred W. and

- own in the same township. Phillips, J. M., Funeral Director and Embalmer, South Lyon. Mr. Phillips was born in Michigan in 1876, and in 1900 settled in Oakland
- County. He has served as Councilman for two years, and as a School Officer for many years. He is married to Ada G. Cole. Phillips, James N., Farmer, S. 9, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr, Phillips was born in Oakland County in 1844. He has served as Justice of the Peace and School Treasurer for years. He is married to Irvis A. Occh. to Julia A. Cook,

- Pickering, Joseph, Farmer, S. 34, T. Orion. P. O. Orino.
 Pickett, John N., Farmer, S. 8. T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Pickett was born in Oakland County in 1846. He has served as school Director for 6 years, Justice of the Peace 4 years, School Inspector 2 years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Emma Lanning. Mr. and Mrs. Pickett are the parents of one daughter, Kittie, who is a graduate of the Ypsalanti State Norman School and Clary College. She is teaching at the County Normal School at Standish. Mr. and
- Mrs. Pickett call their farm the Lone Juniper Tree Farm. Pierce, Geo. W., Farmer, S. 36, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Pierce was born in Michigan in 1875, and in 1907 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Rena Brown. Mr and Mrs. Pierce are the parents of four children, Gladys W., Geo. W., Gertrude M. and Russell E. Their place is known as Plumb Brook Farm. Mr. Pierce is a member of the firm of Pierce Brothers, of Detroit, Dealers in Tea, Coffee,
- Ber of the first of Fielde Biothels, of Defioit, Dearers in Fea, Conec, Butter and Eggs.
 Pierce, W. F., Farmer, S. 5, T. 1ndependence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Pierce was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Ada Galligan. Their place is know as Maple Side Farm.
 Pike, L. R., Farmer, S. 27, T. West Bloomifield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Pike was born in Oakland County in 1857. He is married to Emma Deiror.
- Boice.
- Pingle, Charles H., Farmer, S. 2, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Pingle was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Annie Kier. Mr. and Mrs. Pingle are the parents of two children, Lester W., and

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Mildred L. They own a nice farm with good buildings, which is known as the Elmwood. Mr. Pingle's father, Henry C. Pingle is living, and resides with them. He is 72 years of age. His mother died in 1904. Mrs. Pingle's mother is living. Her father died in 1906.

- Pinnow, Will, Farmer, S. 26, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Pinnow was born in Michigan in 1882, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County.
- land County.
 Pepper, James, Farmer, S. 5, T. White Lake, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Pepper was born in Oakland County in 1844. He is married to Mattie Garner. Two children blessed this union, James E. Jr. and M. Lillian. Mr. Pepper is proprietor of Maple Row Farm.
 Pittenger, Chas. H., Farmer, S. 25, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Pittenger was born in Oakland County in 1862. He has served as School Moderator for 9 years. He is married to Abblie Steele. Four children blessed this union, Edith, Joseph H., Roy S. and Theda. They have a pleasant farm with comfortable dwelling.
- children blessed this union, Edith, Joseph H., Roy S. and Theda. They have a pleasant farm with comfortable dwelling.
 Pittenger, John S., Farmer, S. 24, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Pittenger was born in New York in 1849, and in 1862 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary E. Crawford. They own a well appointed farm with commodious buildings.
 Plumb, C. F., Farmer, and Breeder of Short Horn Durham Cattle and Bainbouilette Sheep S. 28, T. Inderendence B. O. Waterford
- Rambouilette Sheep, S. 28, T. Independence, P. O. Waterford. Mr. Plumb was born in New York in 1853, and in 1864 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary Pool. Mr. and Mrs. Plumb are the parents of three children, Mata I., C. Ashiel and Cora. Their place is known as Mapel Ridge Farm. Pond, Ashley Jr., Manufacturer, S. 10, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac, 1906.
- Pontiac, City of.
- Pontiac Light Co., B. R. Laraway, General Manager, Pontiac.
- Pontiac Press, Newspaper, Pontiac.
- Pontiac Savings Bank, General Banking, Pontiac. Poole, Francis, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 27, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Poole was born in Oakland County in 1864.
- Mr. Poole was born in Oakland County in 1864. Poole, Jas. O., Farmer, S. 30, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Poole was born in Oakland County in 1873. He has served as School Director for one term, and has held other local offices. He is married to Myrtie Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Poole are the parents of three sons, Ray J., Ward and Frank. They have a good farm with substantial buildings and about 8 acres of timber land. Their place is known in Mondern Brook Form as Meadow Brook Farm. Porritt, Francis, Farmer, S. 26, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Porritt was
- for nine years. He is married to Elizabeth Gingell. Mr. and Mrs. Porritt are the parents of one daughter, Mary Jane, (now Mrs. H.
- J. Griffin). Their place is known as Fair View Farm. Porritt, Geo. W., Farmer, S. 23, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Porritt was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as School Moderator for six years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Sarah Thurston. Mr. and Mrs. Porritt are the parents of two children, Lewis G. and Hazel L. They own a nice farm with good build-
- dren, Lewis G. and Hazel L. They own a nice farm with good build-ings which is known as Silver Brook. Porritt, Robert F., Farmer, S. 35, T. Orion, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Porritt was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as a School Officer for 15 years. He was married to Liddie Kinney who died in 1892. One daughter, Ethel, blessed this union. He was married the second time to Lizzie Pickering, born in 1875. One daughter blessed this union, Florence. Their place is known as Distant View Farm Farm.
- Porteous, Alex, Farmer, S. 13, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr.
- Porteous, Alex, Farmer, S. 13, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Porteous was born in Scotland in 1859, and in 1887 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Margaret Ann Scott.
 Porter, A. H., Retired Farmer, Birmingham. Mr. Porter was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as Supervisor 8 years, Justice of the Peace 12 years, and Director of High School.
 Pospishil, J. B., Chief Engineer on Government Revenue Cutter "Ama-ranth," S. 23, T. Bloomfield, P. O. 995 Wabash Ave., Detroit, Mich. 1903
- Mich. 1903.
- Potter, James M., Farmer, S. 14, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Potter was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1860, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Village Councilman for two years, and has held other local offices. He is married to Catherine Marshall. Mr. and Mrs. Potter are the parents of one child, Hazel E. They conducted a confectionery business in Detroit for about 15 years. They have a nice farm, part of which is within the in-corporation line of Milford Village. It is known as Oak Lawn. Potter, Miles H., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 14, T. Milford, P. O. Milford.
- Mr. Potter was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1858, and in 1869 settled settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director two years and Assessor one year. He is married to Elizabeth M. Whitney. Mr. and Mrs. Potter are the parents of three children, Ethel M., Mabel H. and Clyde W. They have a nice farm, part of which is within the incorporation line of Milford Vil-lage. Their place is known as Hill Side Farm. Mr. Potter makes
- a specialty of dairy farming. Potter, Sampson A., Farmer, S. 21, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Potter was born in New Jersey in 1853, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Cora D. Hale. They have an elegant farm with good buildings which is known as Crystal Brook
- Potts, George S., Farmer and Breeder of Short Horn and Poll Durham Cattle, S. 25, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Potts was born in Oakland County in 1859. He was married to Elizabeth Crawford, who died in 1890. In 1892 he was married to Kate Kimmerlee, to which union was born one child, Kate K. His wife died the same year. Mr. Potts' present wife was formerly Carrie Austin. He is proprietor of

- Reason, W. M., Court Stenographer, Pontiac. Mr. Reason was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1892 settled in Oakland County. Reeves, C. A., Proprietor of Hotel Yolanda, Ortonville.
- Reeves, Stephen, Farmer, S. 22, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Reeves was born in Oakland County in 1851. He has served as Township Treasurer 2 years, and as Supervisor for 24 years. He is married to Susan Colby.
- Reid, Peter, Farmer, S. 6, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Reid was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is married to Maggie Haddow. Mr. and Mrs. Reid are the parents of two daughters, Es tella M. and Jessie M. They have a nice farm which is known as Maple Crest.
- Renshaw, Wm. F., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 30, T. Avon, P. O. Pontiac and Rochester. Mr. Renshaw was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as School Officer for 21 years. He is married to Sarah J. Featherston, who was born in Michigan in 1863, and died in 1906. Three children blessed this union, May, (now Mrs. Calvin F. Shoemaker,) Frank W. and Esther L. They have a nice farm F. Shoemaker,) Frank W. and Esther L. They have a nice farm with good building, which is known as Hickory Ridge.
 Repperkorn, Fred., S. 36, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Repper-
- korn was born in Detroit, Michigan, in 1858 and in 1884 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Amelia Ray. Five children blessed this union, Emma, Clara, Arthur, Ella and Elmer. They have a pleasant and well appointed farm with good dwelling. Rice, Merton L., Real Estate, 805 Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich.
- Rice, Merton L., Real Estate, soo Majestic Building, Derroit, Mich.
 Richards, Frank, Hotel, Orion. Mr. Richards was born in Michigan in 1867, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Roxie Van Wagoner.
 Richardson, Ordell, Retired Farmer, Pontiac. Mr. Richardson was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Miss L. Moore. Mr. Richardson is an extensive property owner, and is one of the representative men of the county. sentative men of the county. Richmond, Baker Co., Wood, Coal and Masons' Supplies, Pontiac. Richmond, E. L. Co., Wholesale Produce, Pontiac.

- Richmond, Jesse D., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 24, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Richmond was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Lulu Jennings. Four children blessed this union, Rial J., Ross B., Ezra W. and Mara A. He is proprietor of the Richmond Fruit Farm.
- Richmond Fruit Farm. Richmond, W. H., Farmer, S. 20, T. White Lake, P. O. Milford. Mr. Richmond was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Aggie Gale. One child, Charles W., blessed this union. His farm is known as The Richmond Homestead.
- Richter, August, Farmer, S. 16, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Richter was born in Germany in 1863, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Ida Smith.
- Rienas, F., Farmer, S. 25, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Rienas was born in Germany in 1865, and in 1890 settled in Oakland
- County, Michigan. He is married to Marry Tesmar. Rienas, Gust., Farmer, S. 36, T: Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Rienas was born in Germany in 1875, and in 1894 settled in Oakland
- County, Michigan. He is married to Augusta Esegrie. Riley, Ray H., Farmer, S. 26, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Riley was born in Michigan in 1882.
- Rittenhaus, Mc. A., Farmer and Lumberman, S. 26, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Rittenhaus was born in New York in 1846, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a member of the City Council at Sheboygan. He is married to Sarah Petra.
- Robinson, J. K., Farmer, S. 20, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Robin-son was born in Canada in 1846, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.

- County, Michigan.
 Robinson, Richard, Farmer, S. 28, T. Troy, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Robinson was born in Wayne County, Michigan, in 1862, and in 1907 settled in Oakland County.
 Robbins, Grant, Farmer, S. 4, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak.
 Robert, P. R., Farmer and Mining Engineer, S. 31, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Robert was born in New York in 1842, and in 1878 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Etta Petrie.
 Roberts, Richard, Farmer, S. 4, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Roberts was born in Canada in 1866, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Treasurer for one year, and has Michigan. He has served as School Treasurer for one year, and has held other local offices. He vis married to Lottie Parker. Mr. and Mrs. Roberts are the parents of four children, Lulu L., Richard L., Ceptres and Lottie. They have a nice farm with good buildings, which is known as Lone Locust. Robson, E. E., Hotel, Rochester.
- Rochester, City of. Rochester Savings Bank, W. C. Chapman, President; H. J. Taylor, Cashier. General Banking, Rockester.
- Rockwell & Zimmermann, Attorneys, Pontiac. Rodgers, C. S., Farmer and Collector, S. 24, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Rodgers was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as
- Pathmaster for years. He is married to Lottie Simons. Rohm, Chas. Farmer, S. 12, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Rohm was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Allie Kish-Mr. and Mrs. Rohm are the parents of two children, Olive and Ethel May.
- Rolison, C. E., Farmer, S. 24, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Rolison was born in Oakland County in 1871. He was married to Nora Frick, who died in 1900. In 1903 he was married to Mrs. Hattie E. Sevener. One child, Nina, blessed this union.
- Roney, William E., Real Estate 621 Moffat Building, Detroit, Mich. Root, Eugene, Farmer, S. 14, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Root was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1879 settled in Oakland County. He

and a child who died in infancy. They have a nice 60 acre tract with good buildings which is known as Elm Dairy Farm.

- Russell, Frank P., Real Estate, 718 Chamber of Commerce, Detroit, Mich... Russell, Moses, Farmer, S. 36, T. White Lake, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Rus-sell was born in Michigan in 1850, and in 1893 settled in Oakland.
- County. He is married to Elizabeth Simpson. Their place is known as Oak Hurst. Ryel, Frank, Farmer, S. 17-16-21, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Ryel was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Stella
 - E. Jones.
- Salow, Carl, Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 22, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Salow was born in Germany in 1866, and in 1868 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Frederica Witt.
 Sampson, M. B., Real Estate, 72 McGraw Building, 149 Griswold St., Detroit, Michigan.
- Samsen, L. B., South Lyon Herald, South Lyon. Mr. Samsen was born in Michigan in 1878, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County. He holds the office of City Clerk.
- Sanders, John M., Farmer and Carpenter, S. 29, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Sanders was born in England in 1849, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Director 15 Justice States and Highway Commissioner one year. He is married to Ida Van Wagoner. Mr. and Mrs. Sanders are the parents of one daughter, Lydia M., who is now Mrs. Elmer Parkhurst. Their
- farm is known as Poplar Grove. Sawyer, Joseph E., Attorney and Dealer in Real Estate, Pontiac. Schoch, F. S., Farmer, S. 6, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Schoch was borne

- Schoch, F. S., Farmer, S. 6, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Schoch Was borns in Oakland County in 1868.
 School District No. 1, A. H. Porter, Sec'y.
 School District No. 2, C. A. Bingham, Director.
 School District No. 4, C. E. Harris, Director.
 School District No. 7, O. J. Snyder, Director.
 Schooly, Augustus P., Farmer, Davisburg. Mr. Schooly was born in New Jersey in 1853, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County. He is mar-ried to Maria Harger. Mr. and Mrs. Schooly are the parents of oneried to Maria Harger. Mr. and Mrs. Schooly are the parents of one daughter, Nina. They have some nice property in the village of
- Divisburg. Schrader, William, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 30, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Schrader was born in Germany in 1859, and in 1886 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Moderator 1 year and Road Overseer 1 year. He is married to Bertha. Granzow. Two children blessed this union, Eva M. and Clara E. They have an elegant place with good buildings, which is known as Sun Dale Farm.
- Schumacher, Wm., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 32, T. Independence, P. O. Waterford. Mr. Schumacher was born in Germany in 1857, and in 1894 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Louisa Schmidt. Mr. and Mrs. Schumacher are the parents of six children, Herman, . Otto, William, Charles, Albert and Frederick. Their place is known
- as Sunny Side Farm. Scott. B. F. Jr., Farmer, S. 5, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Scott was born in Michigan in 1861. He is married to Niola Williams. Four children blessed this union, Nancy, Benjamin, David and Grover G. Seaver, W. S., Supervisor and Proprietor of Elevator, Highland. Mr.
- Seaver was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has served as Supervisor for 10 years. He is married to Helen L. Mathews. Mr. and Mrs. Seaver are the parents of one child, Helen Margaret.
- and Mrs. Seaver are the parents of one child, ricen margaret.
 Seeley, Clyde C., Coal, Wood, Ice, Cement and Building Material, Holly.
 Mr. Seeley was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Mable A. Rowe. Mr. and Mrs. Seeley are the parents of two children, Henry D. and Harold C. Mr. Seeley owns a nice farm in Holly Township, and has been in the coal, wood and ice business for the past four years. He also owns some nice village property, and is used for property business property.
- one of the representative business men of the village. Seeley, H. E., Fish Culturist, S. 10, T. Waterford, P. O. Drayton Plains. Mr. Seeley was born in California in 1866, and in 1879 settled ins Mr. Seeley was born in Canforma in 1800, and in 1879 settled the Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Clerk and. School Director and Moderator for years. He is married and is prominently identified in matters of local interest. Seeley, Hon. T. D., Farmer, S. 16, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Seeley was born in Oakland County in 1867. He has represented Oakland as a Congressman and Member of the Legislature for several
- years.
- years.
 Selfridge, Addie, Farmer, S. 12, T. Addison, P. O. Leonard.
 Selfridge, Mrs. Cornelius, Farmer, S. 12, T Addison, P. O. Leonard.
 Mrs. Selfridge was born in Massachusetts in 1825. Mr. Selfridge was born in New York in 1820, settled in Oakland County, Michigan in 1853, and died in 1892. Three children blessed this union, Frank, William and Addie. Their farm is known as Oak Grove.
 Selfridge, Wm. C., Farmer, S. 13, T. Addison, P. O. Leonard. Mr... Selfridge was born in New York in 1853, and in 1854 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He is married to Anna Houston. Five:
- land County, Michigan. He is married to Anna Houston. Five: children blessed this union, Neil H., Ruth D., Agnes L., Ada M. and Grant W. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Fair View.
- Semann, John, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 36, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Semann was born in Germany in 1864, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Lena Miller. Seven children blessed this union, William, Edward A., Fred E., John G., Lena, Ella and Mable. Their place is known as Plumb Brook Berry Farm
- Serrell, Harry J., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 33, T. Avon, P. O. Troy. Mr. Serrell was born in Oakland County in 1868. He is married to Kate L. Davis. Three children blessed this union, Grant J., Donald J. and Alice D. Their farm is known as Meadow Lawn. J. and Alice D. Their farm is known as Meadow Lawn.
 Sevener, Edward, Farmer, S. 3, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr...
 Sevener was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has served as: Supervisor for two years. He is married to Mary E. Broscious...
 Two children blessed this union, Edward Lee and Verna M. Their place is known as Fair View Farm.
 Shafer, J. Fred., Farmer, S. 30, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr...
 Shafer was born in Oakland County in 1864. He has served as a School Officer for many years. He is married to Belle Chesnut.
 For about 17 years he has managed his father's farm which is known For about 17 years he has managed his father's farm which is known as Walnut Place. His mother died in 1888 at the age of 65 years. Shanahan, Louis, Farmer, S. 23, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Shana-

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Maple Hill Stock Farm.

- Mr. Power was born in Oakland County in 1842. He has served as Power, Justice of the Peace. He is married to Lola White. Mr. Power is a veteran of the civil war.
- Prall, E. R., Architect, Pontiac. Mr. Prall was born in Oakland County in 1857. He served as Chairman of Building Inspection Committee
- for 12 years. He is married to Eva Murray. Price, Thomas, Farmer, S. 31, T. Commerce, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Price was born in England in 1850, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Eliza Williams. Priest, Warren, Farmer, S. 35, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. 1901.
- Priest, Warren, Farmer, S. 55, T. Commerce, F. O. Warled Lake. 1901.
 Mr. Priest is married to Mary Turner.
 Prince, Geo. A., Farmer, S. 25, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Prince was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Ettle R. Shoff. Mr. and Mrs. Prince are the parents of one son, Claude E. They have a nice farm of about 80 acres with good buildings.
- Putnam, E. A., Broom Maker, Pontiac. Mr. Putnam was born in Massachusetts in 1845, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mary Ford.
- Puvogel, Fred., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 19, T. Royal Oak. P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Puvogel was born in Germany in 1857, and in 1876 set-led in Oakland County. He has served as a School Officer 9 years and as Highway Commissioner one year. He is married to Emma Laich. Mr. and Mrs. Puvogel are the parents of seven children, Grace A., Frank J., Joseph F., Xenia E., Freddie L., Fern L. and Dwain A. Their place is known as Locust Side Farm. They also own some property in the village of Royal Oak.
- Read, R. J., Elevator, New Hudson. Mr. Read was born in Michigan in 1878, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Maud Stambro.

- has served as Commissioner for years. Rose, Lewis, Builder, S. 16, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Rose was born in Oakland County in 1848.
- Rose, Richard H., Justice of the Peace, Royal Oak. Mr. Rose was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as Justice of the Peace for 12 years, Township Clerk 2 years and Constable 5 years. He is married to Anna McEachin. Mr. and Mrs. Rose are the parents of two daughters, Gladys M. and Mildred I.
- Ross, A. L., Farmer and Supervisor, S. 5, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Rothwell-Wormer Realty Co., Real Estate, 71 Home Bank Building, Detroit, Mich.
- Rowley, Wm., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 10, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Rowley was born in Michigan in 1862. He is married to Mary E. Mills. Six children blessed this union, Harry W., Hattie, Virgil, Vera, Geo. and Earnest. Their place is known as The Rowley Stock Farm.
- Stock Farm. Royal Oak Savings Bank, Capital Stock \$20,000.00, Surplus \$2,000.00. Authorized to commence business by State Banking Commissioner August 15th, 1907. M. I. Brabb, President; Jacob Erb, Vice Presi-dent, Geo. J. Baker, Cashier. General Banking, Royal Oak.
- Ruggles Brothers, Farmers and Teachers, S. 5, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford
- Ruggles, H. O., Farmer, S. 33, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Rug-gles was born in Oakland County in 1873. He is married to Mary Hecherdorn. Mr. and Mrs. Ruggles are the parents of three chil-dren, Thurman H., Sarah L. and J. Morris.
- Rundell, Leroy J., Farmer, S. 32, T. Rose, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Rundell was born in Oakland County in 1874. He is married to Edna L. Two children blessed this union, Chester E., and Elsworth L. Their farm is known as Orchard Lawn.
- Rusch, George, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 18, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birhas served as a School Officer for 15 years. He is married to Adelia Lewless. Four daughters blessed this union, Carrie, Clara, Alice
- han was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Minnie:
- M. Lamb. Sharp, James, Farmer, S. 6, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Sharp was born in England in 1833, and in 1854 settled in Oakland. County. He was married to Harriette Lawson, who was born in Michigan in 1842 and died in 1897. Two children blessed this union, Mary L., who owns the farm where they reside, and John E.
- Shaw, John, Farmer, S. 21, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Shaw was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as Pathmaster. He is married to Miss E. Haver.
- Sherman, Geo. E., Retired Farmer, Pontiac. Mr. Sherman was born in-Michigan in 1854, and in 1896 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Director. He is married to Lottie Mathews.
- Shick, Jacob, Farmer, S. 1, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Shick was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Florence May Mc-Cormich. Mr. and Mrs. Shick are the parents of one child, George-They have a large farm with good dwelling, which is known as.
- Hope Farm. Shimmons, Burton, Machinist, Pontiac. Mr. Shimmons was born in Oakland County in 1885.

- Shirtliff, A. B., Farmer, S. 16, T. Novi, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Shirt-liff was born in Oakland County in 1856. He has served as School Assessor. He is married to Emma Davis.
- Assessor. He is married to Emma Davis. Shoemaker, George H., Farmer, S. 17, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Shoemaker was born in New Jersey in 1858. He is married to Rilla M. Maitrott. Two children blessed this union, Charley R. and Florence G. They have a good farm with commodious buildings,
- Florence G. They have a good fain with commontous standings, which is known as Maple Shade.
 Shoup, Jesse, Farmer, S. 2, T. Oakland, P. O. Orion. Mr. Shoup was born in Oakland Township, Oakland County, in 1870. He has served as Township Treasurer. He is married to Mabel G. Taylor. Two children blessed this union, Walter H. and Claud F. Their place is known as Shady Lawn Farm. place is known as Shady Lawn Farm.
- place is known as Shady Lawn Farm.
 Shuler, J. F., (J. F. Shuler & Co., Pontiac Feed and Cartage Co.,) Pontiać. Mr. Shuler was born in Michigan in 1876, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Ida Rudd.
 Shultz, A. J., Farmer, S. 29, T. Groveland, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Shultz was born in Oakland County in 1888. His place is known as Spruce Lown Form
- Lawn Farm.

- Lawn Farm. Sibley, J. L., Ex-Treasurer, Pontiac. Silman, Chas. H., Farmer, S. 34, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Silman was born in Oakland County in 1853. He has served as School Officer for 23 years, and as Highway Commissioner for four years. He was married to Anna Brown, who was born in Michi-mun in 1953 and died in 1904. He was married to Brouces Stream. gan in 1853, and died in 1904. He was married to Frances Straus-berg, who was born in Michigan in 1869. They own a good farm with comfortable dwelling, which is known as Silman Farm. They also own some property in the village of Royal Oak.
- Simpkins, Eli, Real Estate, Pontiac. Simpson, Harry, Blacksmith, S. 22, T. Troy, P. O. Big Beaver. Mr. Simpson was born in Missouri in 1882, and in 1888 settled in Oakland Connty, Michigan. Sine, Albert W., Farmer, S. 2, T. Oakland, P. O. Leonard. Mr. Sine was
- born in New Jersey in 1869, and in 1889 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Highway Commissioner. He is mar-ried to Lizzie Shoup. Mr. and Mrs. Sine are the parents of two children, William N. and May. Their place is known as Cranberry

- Siterlet vas born in May. Barner, S. 13, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Sipperley, Erastus H., Farmer, S. 13, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Sipperley was born in Oakland County in 1836. He has served as a School Officer for 20 years. He is married to Annette Everitt. Eight children blessed this union, Florence E., Chas. H., Geo. E., (deceased) Homer V., Hattie A., Alica M., Zay and Eddie J., (deceased). Their place is known as Pleasant View.
 Siterlet, Joseph, Farmer, S. 30, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Siterlet was born in Michigan in 1856, and in 1894 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Catherine Hullan. Seven children blessed this union, Matilda C., Anthony J., Clarence F., Alfred J., Joseph E., and Mary G. and Elmer J., twins. Their place is known as Lawn Dale Farm.
 Skidmore, Austin, Farmer, S. 15, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Skidmore, was born in Oakland County in 1851. He was married to Alma Tanner, who was born in 1853 and died in 1884. Two children blessed this union, Ida M. and Helen M. He was married the second time to Ella R. Bishop. This union was blessed with two children, Mary A. and Laura Ide. Their place is known as City View Farm.
- Skinner, Fred A., Farmer and Secretary of Highland Telephone Association, S. 7, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Skinner was born in Michigan in 1847. He is married to Elizabeth Marshall. Mr. and Mrs. Skinner are the parents of three children, Floyd, Roy, and Clifford. Their place is known as Pleasant View Farm.
- Clifford. Their place is known as Pleasant View Farm. Skrine, Fred B., Farmer, S. 12, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Skrine was born in England in 1846, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Celia A. Goff. Mr. and Mrs. Skrine are the parents of two children, William F. and Clara V. They have a nice tract with good buildings, and which is known as Central Spring Farm.
- Slater Construction Co., Dealers in and Manufactures of Building Material. Pontiac.
- Sleeth, Fred R., Farmer and Manufacturer of Ice Cream, S. 7-18, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mr. Sleeth was born in Oakland County in 1867. He has served as School Assessor and Road Master for years.
- He is married to Nina Wilson. Sinclair, D. S., Farmer, S. 14, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Sin-clair was born in Oakland County in 1835. He has served as Road Master.
- Smalley, John, Farmer, S. 7, T. Oakland, P. O. Orion. Mr. Smalley was Smalley, John, Farmer, S. 7, 1. Oakland, P. O. Ohon. Mi. Smalley was born in Oakland County in 1848. He is married to Elsie Swadling. Mr. and Mrs. Smalley are the parents of one child, Robert.
 Smith, A. B., Farmer, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Smith was born in Oakland County in 1849. He has served as Pathmaster. He is
- married to Hannah Hammond.
- married to Hannah Hammond.
 Smith, Delbert J., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 26, T. Lyon, P. O. South Lyon. Mr. Smith was born in Oakland County in 1664. He has served as Township Treasurer and School Director for years. He is married to Edith Bentley.
 Smith, E. R., Lumber and Coal, Birmingham. Mr. Smith was born in Pennsylvania in 1864, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michican
- Michigan.
- Smith, H. J., Farmer, S. 26, T. Commerce, P. O. Walled Lake. Mr. Smith was born in Pennsylvania in 1848, and in 1859 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He has served as Township Treasurer and
- School Moderator for years. He is served as Township Treasult in and School Moderator for years. He is married to Louise Smith.
 Smith, J. H., Farmer and Manager of Lakeside Summer Resort, S. 7, T. White Lake, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Smith was born in Michigan in 1850, and in 1900 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Phoebe Bush. His place is known ss Lakeside Farm. Smith, John, Farmer, S. 5, T. Springfield, P. O. Holly. Mr. Smith was born in Ireland in 1848, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a School Officer 5 years, Member of the Board of Review 6 years and Highway Commissioner 1 year. He was married to Mary J. Scott, born in 1847 and died in 1904. He was married the second time to Agnes Scott. One daughter blessed this union, Edith. They have a nice farm with good build-

participated in several notable battles. He has served as School Officer for nine years and as Justice of the Peace for 16 years. The Overlook Fruit Farm, of which he is proprietor, consists of 170 acres of beautifully and conveniently situated land on the line of the Detroit United Railway, which passes immediately in front of their

- Detroit United Kallway, which passes initiculately in front of their home.
 Soulby, C. W., Retired, Milford.
 Sowles, C., Farmer, S. 11, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Sowles was born in Michigan in 1879, and in 1889 settled in Oakland County. He has served as Pathmaster. He is married to Lena Frank.
 Spalding, Chas. H., Farmer, S. 15, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Spalding was born in Michigan City in 1844, and in 1852 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Officer for 9 years and Highway Commissioner 2 years and holds the office of Justice of the Peace. Commissioner 2 years, and holds the office of Justice of the Peace. He was married to Liza Jane Fagan, born in 1849 and died in 1891. Two sons blessed this union, Edwin, (deceased) and Peter J. He
 - was married the second time to L. Emogene Fagan, born in Michi-gan in 1859. Mrs. Liza L. Fagan, the mother of Mrs. Spalding re-sides with them, and is now 85 years of age. She and her husband took up a half section of land from the government in 1836, which
- land is still owned by the children. She is one of the very earliest settlers of Holly Township.
 Spashett & Purser, Proprietors, Pontiac Bending Co., Pontiac.
 Sprague, T. S., Broker, S. 23, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. 1905.
 Springsteen, Nelson E., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 9, T. Royal Cak, P. O.
- Royal Oak. Mr. Springsteen was born in New York in 1843, came to Detroit, Michigan, in 1865, and in 1878 settled in Oakland County. He was in the Railway service for many years, and was one of the promoters of the Detroit and Pontiac Electric Railway. He ran the first interurban freight car through Detroit Nov. 1st, 1897. He has served as Supervisor 3 years, Justice of the Peace 4 years. He is married to Della Hall. Two children blessed this union, Frank E. and Cora M., (now Mrs. Chas. Campbell.) They have a nice place with good buildings, which is known as Valley Farm.
- Stanley, Henry O., Farmer, S. 19, T. Holly, P. O. Fenton. Mr. Stanley was born in Michigan in 1849, and in 1863 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Alice Beckwith. Four children blessed this union,
- He is married to Alice Beckwith. Four children blessed this union, Frank E., Roy A., Florence M. and Ruth I. They have a nice place with good buildings which is known as Hillside Farm.
 Stanton, Clarence E., Cashier, Oxford Savings Bank, Oxford. Mr. Stanton was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1862 settled in Oak-land County. He has served as Village President and Township Treasurer. He is married to Anna L. Mulvey.
 Stark, Elmer and D. Ward, Farmers, S. 33, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Elmer was born in Oakland County in 1867, and D. Ward in 1874. D. Ward is married to Jennie H. Martin. The young men have managed their father's farm since his death in 1897. Their mother is living, and resides with them. She is 69 years of age.
 Stark, J. Mack, Farmer, S. 17, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Stark was born in Oakland County.
- was born in Oakland County. Starkweather, Gurdon S., Farmer, S. 23, T. Springfield, P. O. Clarkston.
- Mr. Starkweather was born in Oakland County in 1876. He has served as School Inspector for one year. He is married to Carrie Pennell. Four children blessed this union, Clifford, Ralph, Arthur and Alice, the last two named twins. They have managed his par-ents farm for the past eight years. It is known as Sunny Side Farm.
- Starr, Edwin A., Farmer, Seed Grower and Tile Manufacturer, S. 8, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Starr was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has served as School Director for 21 years. He is married to Mary Salisbury. Eight children blessed this union, Minnie E., George E., John A., (who is in partnership with his father) Wm. E., (deceased) Clara E., Rhoda M., Arthur C. and Alan R. Mr. Starr owns 202 acres of good land and he and his son, John A. own 179 acres. They have a number of good buildings. The place where they reside is known as Maple Side Farm.
 State Savings Bank of Rochester. Capital \$25,000.00. George M. Flumerfelt, President; A. G. Griggs, Vice President; Chas. A. Burr, Cashier. The bank was organized May 10th, 1907.
 Steiger, Frank, Farmer, S. 20, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Steiger was born in Michigan in 1883, and in 1888 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Ethel Swoan. in 1854. He has served as School Director for 21 years. He is mar-

- Oakland County. He is married to Ethel Swoap. Steinbaugh, Frank, Farmer, S. 4, T. Highland, P. O. Clyde. Mr. Stein-baugh was born in 1863, and settled in Oakland County in his in-
- batgh was both in 1055, and settled in Oakland County in ins in-fancy. He is married to Amelia McCrossen. Mr. and Mrs. Stein-baugh are the parents of two children, Fred and Manley.
 Stephens, E. D., Farmer, S. 21-22, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Stephens was born in Oakland County, Michigan, in 1874. He holds the office of School Director. He is married to
- Alta C. Browning. Stephens, Mrs. Thomas, Farmer, S. 1, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mrs. Stephens was born in Oakland County in 1863. Her husband was born in Michigan in 1843, and died in 1903. He served as School Treasurer for about 16 years. There were four sons and two step-daughters, Ora W., Earl T., Lee R., Harry T., Lora E. and Mabel L. The estate consists of several good tracts of land with commo-

- L. The estate consists of several good tracts of land with commo-dious buildings.
 Stevens, Alvin H., Dealer in Wind Mills and Supplies, S. 29, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Stevens was born in Ohio in 1860, and in 1873 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Jennie Palmer. Two children blessed this union, Lena M. and Alice L.
 Stevens, Cassius C., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Stevens was born in Michigan in 1850, and in 1854 settled in Oakland County. He has served as a member of the Board of Review for 16 years, Highway Commissioner 3 years and as a School Officer for many years. He is married to Annie Haynes. Seven children for many years. He is married to Annie Haynes. Seven children blessed this union, Fred F., Mark E., H. Leroy, Hila and Harry, (deceased) the last two named being twins, and Mablon H. and

married to Cathrine Landan, born in 1858 and died in 1907. He has served as Postmaster 8 years, Township Treasurer 8 years, Super-visor 1 year, Justice of the Peace 8 years, and has been Councilman since the village was incorporated.

- since the village was incorporated.
 Stout, Ed., Livery, Pontiac.
 Stowe, Wm. H., Farmer, S. 29, T. White Lake, P. O. Milford. Mr. Stowe was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1872, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Lottie J. Teeples. He is Proprietor of Cedar Creek Farm.
 Stowell, Andrew J., Farmer, S. 25, T. Orion, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Stowell was born in New York in 1829, and in 1835 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Officer for 25 years. He is married to Alvira Bigler. Mr. and Mrs. Stowell are the parents of five children, Ellen, Elmer E., Emma, Millie and A. J. Bert. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Plain View. View.
- View.
 Strong, Wm. T., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 15, T. Troy, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Strong was born in Michigan in 1852, and in 1859 settled in Oak-land County.
 Stroupe, W. E., Farmer, S. 18, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Stroupe was born in Michigan in 1871, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Dora Ellis.
- He is married to Dora Ellis.
 Stuart, C. L., Farmer and Threshing Machine Operator, S. 14, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac, Mr. Stuart was born in Oakland County in 1854.
 He has served as School Director. He is married to Adelia Osburn.
 Sturman, L. G., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 30, T. Southfield, P. O. Birm-ingham. Mr. Sturman was born in Oakland County in 1863.
 Sugden, John T., Farmer, S. 10, T. Commerce, P. O. Wixom. Mr. Sugden has served as Instice of the Peace and Highway. Commissioner, for
- has served as Justice of the Peace and Highway Commissioner for years. He is married, and is prominently identified in matters of local interest.
- local interest.
 Sulkowski, Michael, Farmer, S. 15, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Sulkowski was born in Germany in 1847, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He served in the 1st Division German Artillery 1869-72.
 Sullivan, C., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 15, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Sullivan was born in Oakland County in 1861.
 Sutherland, A. & J. G., General Merchandise, Oxford. Messers Suther-land have been in the village of Oxford since 1865, and as brothers in business since 1896. A. Sutherland is Postmaster, and has served
- in business since 1896. A. Sutherland is Postmaster, and has served in this capacity since 1898. Sutherland, Levi W., Farmer, S. 23, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Suther-
- land was born in Michigan in 1845, and in 1863 settled in Oakland land was born in Michigan in 1845, and in 1863 settled in Oakland. County. He has served as Township Clerk 3 years and as School Officer 15 years. He is married to Theresa M. Snover. Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland are the parents of two children, Nettie L., (deceased) and Floyd D. Their place is known as Maple Row Farm.
 Sutherland, Robert N., Farmer, S. 14, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Sutherland was born in Michigan in 1841, and in 1854 settled in Oak-land County. He is married to Mrs. Elmira Glaspie. One son, Lloyd, (deceased) blessed this union. They have a nice farm with good buildings, which is known as Pleasant Valley.
 Suttie, David A., Farmer and Fruitgrower, S. 14, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Sutter was born in Scotland in 1864; and in 1905 settled in Oak-land County, Michigan. He has served as School Director. He is married to Bertha Adams.
 Sutton, J. E., Farmer, S. 14, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Sutton was born in

- Sutton, J. E., Farmer, S. 14, T. Rose, P. O. Holly. Mr. Sutton was born in Rose Township, Oakland County, Michigan, in 1861. He is married to Lydia M. Watson. Three children blessed this union, Flossy B., Elmer J. and Ellis J. Their place is known as Oak Hurst.
- Elmer J. and Ellis J. Ther place is known as Oak Hurst.
 Sutton, Lewis J., Farmer and Carpenter, S. 36, T. Oxford, P. O. Orion, Mr. Sutton was born in Oakland County in 1854. He has served as School Director for 6 years. He is married to Eliza Struble. One daughter, Mattie, bless ed this union. They have a good farm with comfortable dwelling, which is known as Fair View.
 Sutton, Marion, Farmer, S. 36, T. Oxford, P. O. Orion. Mr. Sutton was born in Oakland County in 1864. He has served as School Officer for three years. He has a nice farm with good buildings, and is prominently identified in local affairs.
- prominently identified in local affairs. Sutton, N. B., Farmer, S. 22, T. Rose, P. O. Rose. Mr. Sutton was born in Oakland County in 1856. He is married to Amelia M. Johnson. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton are the parents of seven children, Fannie, Harry, Nora, Lennie, Hobert, Lizzie and John. Their place is known as Butternut Farm.
- Sutton, Thomas, Farmer, S. 31, T. Orion, P. O. Orion and Pontiac. Mr. Sutton was born in England in 1860, and in 1866 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a member of the Board of Review for four years. He is married to Leora Brown. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton are the parents of three children, Lawrence T., Carrol R. and Marion I. They have a pleasant home with substantial buildings.
- Sutton, William J., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Sutton was born in Oakland County in 1867. He is married to Stella Newell. Mr. and Mrs. Sutton have an adopted denoted to be the former of the set of daughter, Irene. They have a nice farm with good dwelling, which is known as Terbush Lake Farm.
- Swayze, W. G., Farmer, S. 35, T. Groveland, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Swayze was born in Canada in 1869, and settled in Oakland County, Michigan, in his childhood. He is married to Anna Kester. One
- child, Lloyd D., blessed this union. Swick, A. E., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Swick was born in Michigan in 1872, and in 1902 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mary Cooney.
- Tamm, John Farmer, S. 7, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Tamm was born in Germany in 1853, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.

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- ings.
 Smith, John T., Farmer, S. 27, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Smith was born in Oakland County in 1843. He owns a good farm of about 83 acres within a half mile of the Detroit United Railway.
 Smith, Nelson, Farmer, S. 4, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Smith was born in Oakland County in 1861. He is married to Annie L. De Bree. Three children blessed this union, L. Ruth, Florence A. and Gladys H. Their farm is known as Maple Side.
- and Gladys H. Ther farm is known as Maple Side.
 Smith, Walter W., Proprietor of Grace Hotel, Farmington. Mr. Smith was born in Ontario, Canada, in 1872, and in 1899 settled in Oakland County, Michigau. He is married to Jennie McGregor.
 Smith, Wm. H., Farmer and Breeder of Durham Cattle, S. 20, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Smith was born in Michigan in 1879, and in 1898 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Emma Shell. Mr. and Mr. Smith are the parents of one child. Margaret Shell. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of one child, Margaret M
- Smith, Wm. K., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 15, T. Lyon, P. O. New
- Smith, Wm. K., Farmer and Stockraiser. S. 15, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson, Mr. Smith was born in Michigan in 1855, and in 1858 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Nellie Sand.
 Snook, John J., Farmer, Stockraiser and Fruit Grower, S. 22, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Snook was born in Michigan in 1842, and in 1883 settled in Oakland County. He was married to Ella Davis, who was born in Michigan in 1844 and died in 1904. Six children blessed this union, Nellie M., Eugene, John H., Burton D., Clarence G. and Arthur L. Mr. Davis enlisted in the 22nd Mich. Vol. Inf., and

- Marvin C., who are also twins. Mrs. Stevens' mother, who is 99 years of age, resides with them. His father died at the age of 76. Their farm is known as Forest View.
- Stevens, Fred F., Hotel, Oxford. Mr. Stevens was born in Oakland County in 1875. He is married to Helen Skidmore. Mr. and Mrs. Stevens are the parents of one daughter, Alma A. Stevenson, Chas., Farmer, S. 13, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr.
- Stevenson was born in England in 1859, and in 1902 settled in Oak-
- Stevenson was boin in Bright in 1997, and in 1992 sected in Oak-land County, Michigan.
 Still, Hiram, Real Estate, Birmingham. Mr. Still was born in New York in 1842, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He served in the U. S. Lake Survey Department of the Government 1861-62.
- Stiles Brothers, (E. B. Styles-F. S. Styles) Millers of Flour and Feed.
- Stiles Biotners, (E. B. Styles—F. S. Styles) Enhers of Fiour and Feder.
 Dealers in Beans, Grain and Seed. Mills at Waterford. Davisburg.
 Reference, Citizens Savings Bank, Holly, Mich.
 Stiles, E. B., (Stiles Bros.) Waterford. Mr. Stiles was born in Michigan in 1875, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County. He served as Township Clerk for several years. He is married to Lena Belle Struble.
- Stiles, Floyd S., (Stiles Bros.) Davisburg. Mr. Stiles was born in Michigan in 1883, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mattie Crosby.
- Stobart, John, Farmer, S. 18, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Stobart was born in England in 1834, and in 1850 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He owns a good farm with substantial and commodious
 - buildings.
- Stock, Louis, Merchant Tailor, S. 23, T. Bloomfield, P. O. 146 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich.
- Stoddard, E. W., Manufacturer, (Plait located at Detroit) S. 12, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. 1990.
 Storz, Louis, Merchant, Royal Oak. Mr. Storz was born in Germany in
- 1854, and in 1875 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was

- Taylor, C. H., Farmer, Stockraiser and Proprietor of Cherry Grove Farm, S. 2-11, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Taylor was born in Michigan. 1884.
- Taylor, David, Farmer, S. 11-14, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1883. He is married to Gertrude Metzger.
- Taylor, Firman T., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 9, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Taylor was born in Pennsylvania in 1851, and in 1865 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as a member of the Board of Review 2 years, and Township Treasurer 2 years. He is married to Florence A. Benson. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are the parents of five children, Lillian M., Clyde B., Hattie M., Edwin J. and Ralph E. They have a nice farm with good buildings, which is known as The Markey Maples.
- Taylor, G. H., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 15, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Ida Moulton.
- Taylor, George M., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 28, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1850. He has served as Township Treasurer 1 year, Superintendent of Public Schools 3 years. He is married to Mary Fielden. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are the parents of one son, Floyd A. Their farm is known as Willow Run.
- Taylor, Hugh G., Farmer, S. 2, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1877. He is married to Mary A. King.
- Taylor, I. S., Farmer and Dairyman, Pontiac. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1871. He is married to Emma R. Greenwood,
- Taylor, John E., Farmer, S. 33, T. Oxford, P. O. Orion. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as School Moderator for six years. He is married to Hannah M. Voorhies. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are the parents of one son, Samuel C. They have a pleasant

farm with commodious buildings, which is known as Spring Brook Farm

- Taylor, Mrs. Olive B., Farmer, S. 5, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg.
 Mrs. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1847. Her husband,
 James Taylor, was born in England in 1846, and died in 1899. They have reared two children, Joseph A. and Jessie G Taylor. Mrs. Taylor owns an elegant farm of 120 acres with good buildings, and which is known as Sunny Hill Farm.
- Taylor, R. S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 21, T. Brandon, P. O. Orton-ville. Mr. Taylor was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Mary A. Burnes. Two children blessed this union, Olive M. and Edward B. Their place is known as Hickory Ridge Stock
- Farm.
 Taylor, T. Edson, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 7, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford.
 Mr. Taylor was born in Michigan in 1845, and in 1877 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Ellen Warner. Mr. and Mrs. Taylor are the parents of three sons, Chas. B., Ernest H. and Or-Taylor are the parents of three sons.
- low B. They own a quarter section with extra good buildings. Tenny, Herbert D., Furniture, Milford. Mr. Tenny was born in Oakland County in 1842. He has served as Township Treasurer 2 years and Village Assessor 1 year. He is married to Irine Ferguson. Mr. Tenny has been in the Furniture business in Milford for the past 42 years, where through fair dealing and moderate prices he has

- years, where through fair dealing and moderate prices he has established a large and profitable business.
 Terbush & Craff, Farmers and Breeders of Poll Durham Cattle and Spanish Black Top Sheep, S. 7, T. Rose, P. O. Fenton.
 Terry, F. B., Proprietor of Oak Grove Dairy Farm, S. 10-15, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Terry was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is married to Sarah Wyman.
 Terry, Jsoiah P., Farmer, S. 12-13, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Terry was born in Oakland County in 1865. He is married to Mary E. Poes Ross.
- Tessmar, Joseph, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 12, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Mr. Tessmar was born in West Prussia in 1855, and in 1888 Oak. Oak. Mr. Jessmar was boln in west Frussia 1955, and in 1955
 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Julia Gioke.
 Seven children blessed this union, John, Joseph W., Julia, August, Frank, Rosie and Emma. They have two good farms with substantial buildings. The place where they reside is known as Forest View.
 Teeples, Hannah, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 4, T. Commerce, P. O. Milford. Mrs. Teeples was born in Oakland County in 1851. She max mergind to Albert Teeples
- was married to Albert Teeples. Themm, Charles, Farmer, S. 22, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Themm was born in Germany in 1875, and in 1892 settled in Oakland County,
- born in Germany in 1875, and in 1892 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Annie Shalkey.
 Thomas, H. A., Hotel Northern, Pontiac.
 Thompson, Geo. H., Farmer, S. 28, T. White Lake, P. O. Milford. Mr. Thompson was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Mina Windham. Mr. and Mrs Thompson are the parents of five children, Zeeland G., Deroy, Dora B., and Dorotha B., twins and an infant. infant.
- Infant.
 Thompson, Jas., Farmer, S. 23, T. Southfield, P. O. Redford. Mr. Thompson was born in Oakland County in 1866.
 Thrush, Wm., Farmer, S. 26, T. Orion, P. O. Orion. Mr. Thrush was born in Oakland County in 1859. He is married to Harriette Haux-Well. Eight children blessed this union, Bessie M., Carroll, Libbie E., Thomas Irvin, Merle, Lynn, Mabel and Florence E. Their
- place is known as Maple Shade Farm. Thurston, J. J., Farmer, Stockraiser and Proprietor of Saw Mill, S. 24, T. Orion, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Thurston was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as Township Treasurer 2 years and School

- Thurston, J. J., Fainler, Stockraiser and Frophets of on Marking, Carly, M. D. Goodison. Mr. Thurston was born in Oakland County in 1860. He has served as Township Treasurer 2 years and School Officer nine years. He is married to Emma Porritt. Mr. and Mrs. Thurston are the parents of four children, Geo. F., Ernest B., Josie S. and Russell V. They have a large place of 235 acres with good buildings, which is known as Trout Valley Farm.
 Thurston, Frank, Farmer and President, Citizens State Savings Bank of Orion, S. 19, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison. Mr. Thurston was born in Oakland County in 1864. He has served as Supervisor for 13 consecutive years. He is married to Josie Sutton.
 Tibbits, Karl, Apple Grower. S. 18, T. Southfield, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Tibbits was born in Oakland County in 1867.
 Tienken, Henry, Farmer, Stockraiser and Dairyman, S. 8, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Tienken was born in Oakland County in 1866. He has served as Treasurer and Moderator of Schools for 6 years. He is married to Lizze A. Miller. Mr. and Mrs. Tienken are the parents of one daughter, Edith Adams. They own an elegant and modernly equipped farm of about 117 acres, with extra good buildings. Their farm was originally bought from the government, and they hold all the papers from the time it was first sold and signed by Andrew Jackson. Their place is known as Spring Brook Farm.
 Tienken, John, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 9, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Tienken was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to S. Anna Buzzard. Mr. and Mrs. Tienken are the parents of four children, Clarence J., Etta M., Corayell L. and Florence M. They /have a good herd of Holstein cattle, and make dairying their specialty. Their farm is known as Red Clover Dairy Farm.
 Tienken, William, Hardware, Rochester. Mr. Tienken was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is the senior partner of the firm of Tienken & Case, Dealers in Hardware. Mr. Tienken was born in Oakland County in 1870. He is the senior p

- tablished a large and profitable business. They carry a most complete line of General Hardware.
 Tillapaugh, T. Jefferson, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Tillapaugh was born in Oakland County in 1840. He is married to Sarah Beaty. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Evergreen Farm.
 Tinney, W. J., Agent, Singer Sewing Machine Co., Pontiac. Mr. Tinney was born in Wichigan in 1870 and in 1876 settled in Oakland County
- was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1876 settled in Oa

Supervisor, Township Treasurer and Deputy Sheriff for several years. He is married to Miss V. E. Ormsby. Trowbridge Brothers, Farmers and Horse Breeders, S. 23, T. Bloomfield,

- P. O. Birmingham. Trowbridge, S. S., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 23, T. Bloomfield, P. O.
- Birmingham. Tuck, Chas. A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 26, T. Milford. P. O. Wixom. Mr. Tuck was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as School Treasurer for one year, and has held other local offices. He is married to Catherine E. Reed. Two children blessed this union, Nola E. and George W. Their farm is known as The Maples.
- Tucker, Dr. W. D., Physician and Druggist, New Hudson. Dr. Tucker was born in Ohio in 1846, and in 1884 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He holds the offices of Postmaster and Justice of the Peace, and has also served as Pathmaster and School Inspector. He
- Teace, and has also served as Failingster and School Inspector. He is married to Isadore Flander.
 Tucker, Edward A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 20, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Tucker is a native of Michigan. He is married to Bethea R. Lotimer. They own an elegant farm with extra good buildings, which is known as Oak Hill. Mr. Tucker makes a
- specialty of Stockraising. Tucker, Wm. J., Farmer, S. 9, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Tucker was born in Oakland County in 1871. He is married to Cynthia Yetter. Mr. and Mrs. Tucker are the parents of one child, Carl W. Their farm is known as Walnut Hurst.

Union Trust Co., General Banking, Detroit.

- Vail, Judson L., Hotel and Summer Resort, Commerce. Mr. Vail was born in New York in 1856, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Inspector for years. He is
- married to Mary Moran. Valentine, Arthur C., Farmer, S. 20, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Valentine was born in Oakland County in 1866. He has served as School Director one year He is married to Celina E. Fifield. Two children blessed this union, Bessie May and Russell C. They have a nice place with comfortable dwelling, which is known as Elmwood
- Farm. VanAtta, R. S., Livery, Pontiac.

- VanAtta, K. S., Livery, Pontac.
 VanHorn, J. E., Livery, Pontac.
 VanSchoick, Robert, Mason, Walled Lake.
 VanSteenberg, Abram, Farmer, S. 35, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. Van-Steenberg was born in New York in 1831, and in 1838 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Highway Commis-sioner 3 years and Moderator and Director of Schools 3 years. He may more in New York in 1830 end diadies
- Stoher 5 years and moteration and Director of York in 1839 and died in 1892. One son, William R., blessed this union.
 Vantine, C. C., Farmer, S. 9, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Vantine was born in Michigan in 1869. He has served as Treasurer for two years. He is married to Florence Wilkins. Mr. and Mrs. Vantine was concentrated to relation wild and M. and Mrs. Vantine was the second true children Mildren Wilder Mildren D.
- years. He is married to Florence Wilkins. Mr. and Mrs. Vantine are the parents of two children, Mildred M. and Mary E. Vincent, Bert, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 22, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Vincent was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Irva S. Mead. Two children blessed this union, Helen L. and Donald M. They have managed the large farm of his father for the past nine years.
- Donati M. Indy Indy indugger the harge failed of the past nine years.
 Virgin, Geo., Farmer, S. 21, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Virgin was born in England in 1847, and in 1872 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He owns a good farm with substantial buildings, and is one of the representative men of the Township.

- Vliet, Jerome, Mason and Supervisor, Clarkston.
 Vliet, Milen M., Farmer and Proprietor of Lake View Summer Resort, S. 20, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston.
 Voorheis, Carl S., S. 8, T. White Lake, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Voorheis was born in Oakland County in 1872. He is married to Millie A. Teeples. Two children blessed this union, Clara G. and Helen M. Their place is know as Ouigt Home Farm
- Their place is know as Quiet Home Farm.
 Voorheis, Henry E., Farmer, Auctioneer and Produce Buyer, S. 5, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Voorheis was born in Oakland County in 1876. He is married to Carrie Predmore.
- in 1876. He is married to Carrie Predmore.
 Voorheis, John H., Farmer, S. 30, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Voorheis was born in Oakland County in 1830. He has served as School Director for 6 years, and Highway Commissioner 2 years. He is married to Lurinda Parish. Three children blessed this union, Mattie L., William and Cora. Their farm is conveniently located, and is known as Sunset View Farm.
- Voorhees, J. H., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 25, T. Orion, P. O. Goodison.
 Mr. Voorhees was born in Oakland County in 1875. He is married to Edith E. Brown. One son blessed this union, Jesse Lee. Mr.
 Voorhees is an extensive Stockraiser, Short Horn Durham Cattle being his specialty.
- Vowles, F. J., Farmer and Supervisor, S. 3, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr Vowles was born in Oakland County in 1857. He has served as Supervisor for 13 years.
- Wadley, Frank, Farmer, S. 20, T. Holly, P. O. Fenton. Mr. Wadley was born in Michigan iu 1867, and in 1901 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Mary Riley. Mr. and Mrs. Wadley are the parents of one daughter, Marjory E. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is conveniently located.
 Waite, William, Farmer, S. 21, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Waite was born in Oakland County in 1852. He holds the office of School Moderator. He is married to Margaret Parmer.
 Walker Geo, B. Farmer and Stock Breeder, S. 1, T. Brandon, P. O.
- He is married to Margaret Parmer.
 Walker, Geo. R., Farmer and Stock Breeder, S. 1, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Walker was born in Michigan in 1861, and in 1890 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Flora Deski. Three children blessed this union, Emma A., Arthur D. and Guy A.

- Wardlow, J. M., Farmer, Proprietor of Meadow Brook Stock Farm and Breeder of Short Horn Cattle and Oxford Down Sheep, S. 14, T. Highland, P. O. Milford. Mr. Wardlow was born in Oakland County in 1838. He is married to Mary J. McGill. Two children blessed
- this union, Geo. M. and Bert J. Warner, Gov. Fred M., Cheese Manufacturer, Farmington. Gov. Warner was born in England in 1865. He has held the offices of State Senator and Secretary of State. Warren, C. B., Pontiac.
- Watch, Albert, Farmer, S. 22, T. Royal Oak, P. O. Royal Oak. Mr. Watch was born in Oakland County in 1862. He is married to Mary Ann Watts. Four children blessed this union, Albert W., Clarence O... J. Earl and John R. They own a nice farm near the village of Royal Och which is however as Line Derskin.
- J. Earl and John R. They own a nice farm near the vinage of Koyar Oak which is known as Lone Beach.
 Waterbury, Edwin S., Farmer and R. F. D. Mail Carrier, S. 14, T. Spring-field, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Waterbury was born in New York in 1862, and in 1899 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as Township Treasurer for one year and School Officer nine years. He is married to Cora B. Gardiner. Four sons blessed this union, Clifford G., G. Maurice, Ronald J. and J. Lionel. They have a pleasant place with comfortable dwelling which is known as a pleasant place with comfortable dwelling, which is known as
- Waterbury Dairy Farm. Waterman, J. N., Restaurant, Pontiac. Mr. Waterman was born in Michi-gan in 1866, and in 1891 settled in Oakland County.
- Watkins, F. E., Real Estate, Pontiac. Watkins, Guy L., Breeder of Shetland Ponies, S. 11, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Watkins was born in Kansas in 1874, and in 1893 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. Watkins, James, Farmer, S. 21, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake.
- Mr. Watkins was born in England in 1868, and in 1906 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Inspector of Wayne County. He is married to Lena Braidwood.
- Wayne County. He is married to Lena Brandwood.
 Wattles, H. B., Farmer and Dairyman, S. 22, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Wattles was born in Oakland County in 1856.
 Weaver Fred, Farmer, Stockraiser and Dairyman, S. 25, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Weaver was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has served as School Treasurer for nine years. He is married to Helen O'Brien. Mr. and Mrs. Weaver are the parents of two children Hardle F. Mr. Weaver and Barthen E. Mr. Weaver has managed his Heren O Brien. Mr. and Mrs. weaver are the parents of two emi-dren, Harold E. and Blanche E. Mr. Weaver has managed his parents' farm for the past 18 years. His mother resides with him. His father died in 1904 at the age of 71 years.
 Weaver, Fred A., Farmer, S. 7-17, T. Pontiac, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Weaver was born in Canada in 1851, and in 1876 settled in Oakland County, With the accorded as Commissioner for years and is Trease.
- Michigan. He has served as Commissioner for years, and is Treasurer of Pontiac Township. He is married to Margaret Jane Newell. Webster, Elmer R., Lawyer, Pontiac. Westcott, S. H. Teacher, Ortonville. Mr. Westcott was born in New York
- in 1859, and in 1880 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He was married to Ella Esterbrook, who died in 1894. In 1896 he was mar-ried to Ella Kitchen. Mr. and Mrs. Westcott are the parents of three children, Ina M., Geo. W. and Florence L. Mr. Westcott has been teaching school in Oakland and Genesee Counties for 24 years.
- Western Knitting Mills—A railroad journey of forty-five miles, a distance of twenty-six miles from Detroit, will bring the traveller to the new and modernly equipped plant of the Western Knitting Mills, situated at Rochester, Mich., where their Varn Mill has always been located, which is two hundred feet long, sixty feet wide, two stories and a basement. A side track from the Michigan Central, five hundred and twenty feet long, where freight is loaded and unloaded, runs directly into the mills. Most of the wools that are used by them are purchased from the farmers in the immediate vicinity. Altogether the mills, including two large warehouses, occupy a space of 111,000 square feet. The mills are built of stone and brick. The machinery is of the most modern type. The company have over four hundred is of the most modern type. The company have over four hundred sewing, knitting and tufting machines, and when in full operation employ upwards of five hundred people. The mills possess every facility for the manufacture of goods in its line, and produce over five hundred different styles of woolen gloves, mittens, half-hose and lumbermen's socks, and are acknowledged to be one of the largest manufacturers of these goods in the world. Their products are sold exclusively to the jobbing trade, and have an output of 100,000 dozen pairs of gloves, socks and mittens, annually. Their leading specialty is the Esquimaux Knit Boot which is made on a leading specialty is the Esquimaux Knit Boot which is made on a patent machine which they own and control. They doubtless sell more dozens of this than any one style of knit boot that is manufactured in the United States. Same being handled by all the leading jobbers who sell this class of goods. The factory is driven by water, steam and electricity, the company controlling one of the best water powers in the state. The mills have a complete system of of electric lights, over five hundred incandescent lights, and in fact of electric lights, over five hundred incandescent lights, and in fact is equipped with every modern convenience. The Western Knitting Mills are incorporated: C. S. Chapman, President and General Manager; and W. C. Chapman, Secretary and Treasurer. Westphal, Gustav, Farmer, S. I, T. Troy, P. O. Troy. Mr. Westphal was born in Germany in 1868, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. Wheaton, Calvin A., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 10, T. Milford, P. O. Milford. Mr. Wheaton was born in Oakland County in 1869. He is married to Ethel L. Bogers. Mr. and Mrs. Wheaton are the par-
- is married to Ethel L. Rogers. Mr. and Mrs. Wheaton are the par-ents of one daughter, Frances E. They have a nice farm with good ents of one daughter, Frances E. They have a nice farm with good buildings and a spring brook running through their place. The farm adjoins the village of Milford, and is known as Cedar Grove.
 Whitehead, A., Cashier, Exchange Bank, Birmingham. Mr. Whitehead was born in Oakland County.
 White, C., Farmer, S. 11, T. Southfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. White was born in Germany in 1865, and in 1892 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He served in the Fourth Regiment German Infantry, 1887-88.
 White, Edward, Farmer, S. 32, T. Oakland, P. O. Goodison Mr. White was born in New Jersey in 1858, and in 1862 settled in Oakland

- He is married to Mary Batzloff. Tinsman, Chas. G., Farmer, Holly. Mr. Tinsman was born in Michigan in 1842, and in 1869 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Nellie Dudley. Mr. and Mrs. Tinsman are the parents of three children, Leila, Leo and Lethe. They have a pleasant farm with good buildings which is known as Evergreen Lawn Place. They also own some good property in the village of Holly. Todd, Chas. A., Dairyman, S. 26, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr.
- Todd settled in Oakland County in 1904. Toms, C. M., Farmer, S. 22, T. Bloomfield, P. O. Birmingham. Mr. Toms was born in Oakland County in 1860.
- Townsend, Harvey, Farmer, S. 14, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Town-send was born in New York in 1836, and in 1879 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Lois Brown. Four children
- blessed this union, Nathan I., Elnora A., Seraphina A. and Olin A. Travis, George A., Farmer and Sheep Shearer, S. 9, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Travis was born in England in 1846, and in 1867 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He haa served as Path-master for years. He is married to Anna Baum. Travis, Hiram B., Farmer, S. 20, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Travis
- s, rinam B., Falmer, S. 20, I. Oxiord, F. O. Oxiord, Mr. 174Vis was born in Oakland County in 1836. He has served as Highway Commissioner 9 years and School Officer 21 years. He is married to L. Elizabeth Millerdborne. Mr. and Mrs. Travis are the parents of three children, Luella T., Adelbert M. and Arthur O. They own a well appointed farm with substantial buildings, which is known as Pleasant Home.
- Treat, C. L., Farmer, S. 32, T. Highland, P. O. Highland. Mr. Treat was born in Michigan in 1861. He is married to Cora Haggerdorn. Their place is known as Maple Hurst.
- Tripp, Andrew A., Farmer, S. 12, T. Commerce, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Tripp was born in Oakland County in 1866. He has served as

- Walls, Collin, Sr., Farmer, Davisburg. Mr. Walls was born in Scotland in 1834, and in 1836 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Officer for 6 years. He was married to Catherine Cordon, who was born in Canada in 1839, and died in 1886. Eight Cordon, who was born in Canada in 1009, and died in 1000. Eight children blessed this union, Jessie, Mary, Carrie, Nellie, Annie, William J., Collin and John. He owns a large farm with good buildings. He has platted Sub-division to Davisburg.
 Walls, Fred. W., Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 18, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Walls was born in Oakland County in 1869. He has a supervised for one ware. He is married to Hottig.
- has served as Supervisor for one year. He is married to Hattie M. Lyons. One child blessed this union, Merrill F. Their place, which is beautifully located is known as Spring Dale Farm. Mr.
- Walls makes a specialty of dealing in Live Stock. Walls, Willard S., Farmer, S. 18, T. Springfield, P. O. Davisburg. Mr. Walls was born in Oakland County in 1876. He has served as School Inspector for one year. He is married to Bettie Wilds. They own a nice farm with commodious dwelling which is known as Lone Pine Farm.
- Walter, E. H., Farmer, S. 2, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Walter was born in Oakland County in 1865. He has served as Pathmaster for years. He is married to Eliza Linderman.

- for years. He is married to Eliza Linderman.
 Walter, H., Shipper of Fruit and Live Stock, Clarkston. Mr. Walter was born in Michigan in 1840. He is married to Mary M. Howell. Mr. and Mrs. Walter are the parents of two children, Eva E. and S. J.
 Walter, Henry E., Farmer, S. 30, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Walter was born in Oakland County in 1880.
 Walter, S. J., Farmer, S. 17, T. Independence, P. O. Clarkston. Mr. Walter was born in Oakland County in 1879. He is married to Nina M. Bryan. Their place is known as Orchard Hill Farm.
 Ward, W. C., Dealer in Lumber and Real Estate, S. 11, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake.
- field, P. O. Orchard Lake.

- was born in New Jersey in 1858, and in 1862 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
- White, George W., Farmer. S. 6, T. Holly, P. O. Holly. Mr. White was born in Oakland County in 1866. He is married to Jessie A. Stin-son. They have a nice farm and commodious buildings.
- Whitfield, Edward H., Farmer and Township Clerk, S. 8, T. . Waterford. P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Whitfield was born in Michigan in 1879. Whittemore, Geo. R., Farmer, S. 20, T. West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard
- Lake. Mr. Whittemore was born in Oakland County in 1856. He
- Bake. Mil. Winteenole was born in Ockland County. In 1000. The is married to Lulu L. Coe.
 Wickham, E. O., Hotel, Davisburg. Mr. Wickham was born in Michigan in 1864, and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Nettie Norris. Three children blessed this union, Grace M., Florence M. and Wayne E. Mr. Wickham has conducted a first class hotel in Davisburg since 1904, where good accommodations are to be had at reasonable rates.
- Wilbur, Mathew, Farmer and Stockraiser, S. 2, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Wilbur was born in England in 1846, and in 1881 set-tled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is a veteran of the Civil War, having participated in many notable battles. He is married to Agatha Jewett. Their place is known as the Davison Lake Stock Farm.
- Wilcox, Fabius, Farmer, S. 23, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Wilcox was born in Oakland County in 1859. He has served as a School School Officer for 16 years, Highway Commissioner 1 year and Constable 2 years. He is married to Emma Harvey. They have man-
- aged the Sheldon Farm for the past 20 years. Wilcox, O. B., Farmer, S. 23, T. Novi, P. O. Novi. Mr. Wilcox was born in Michigan in 1854, and in 1895 settled in Oakland County. He is
- married to Libbie Beeman. Wilcox, Willard, Farmer, S. 14, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Wilcox was born in Oakland County in 1864. He is married to Mary A.

Moss. Since 1891 they have managed his father's estate, he having

- Moss. Since 1891 they have managed his father's estate, he having died in 1907 at the age of 87 years. His mother, who is now 76 years of age, resides with them.
 Wileden, James, Farmer, S. 30, T. Oxford, P. O. Oxford. Mr. Wileden was born in England in 1828, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He has served as School Moderator for 6 years. He was married to Mrs. Banta, who was born in New York in 1828, and died in 1890. Three children blessed this union, Pater H., Elsie A. and Huldah M. They have a nice farm with good buildings which is known as Oak Grove Farm.
 Wilkinson, H. R., Upholsterer and Matress Maker, South Lyon. Mr. Wilkinson was born in Michigan in 1872, and in 1896 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Eula McCormick.
 Wilkinson, Nellie, D., Dressmaker, S. 29, T. Farmington, P. O. Farm-
- Wilkinson, Nellie D., Dressmaker, S. 29, T. Farmington, P. O. Farm-ington. Mr. Wilkinson was born in Oakland County in 1864. Williams, S., Retired, Royal Oak.
- Williams, S., Retired, Royal Oak.
 Williamson, Elmer, Farmer and Dairyman, S. 28, T. Avon, P. O. Troy. Mr. Williamson was born in Michigan in 1850, and in 1879 settled in Oakland County. He has served as School Director for 15 years, and has held other local offices. He was married to Edna Nctt, who was born in Michigan in 1856, and died in 1883. Three children blessed this union, Lulu E., Lena G. and Edna J. Their place, which is known as Green Field Dairy Farm, is conveniently situated.

Willis, Albert, Railroading and Proprietor of Boarding House, Pontiac. Mr. Willis was born in Canada in 1855, and in 1905 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Caroline Groh.

Willmarth, Hitchman & Company, Real Estate, 18 McGraw Building,

- Detroit. Windiate, D. E., Farmer and Stockbuyer, S. 35, T. Waterford, P. O. Pontiac. Mr. Windiate was born in Oakland County in 1858. He
- Pontiac. Mr. Windiate was born in Oakland County in 1858. He has served as School Director. He is married to Mollie D. Effonts.
 Wolf, W. J., Supervisor and Farmer, S. 3, T. Rose, P. O. Holly.
 Wolfe, John C., Farmer and Fruit Grower, S. 13, T. Groveland, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Wolfe was born in Germany in 1842, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Lucy Frick. Four children blessed this union, Frank, Samuel, George and Lewis. Their place is known as the Wolfe Fruit Farm.
 Wood, Joseph, Farmer, S. 6, T. Lyon, P. O. New Hudson. Mr. Wood was born in Oakland County in 1855. He has served as Postmaster for 18 years. He is married to Annie Farr.
 Woodbridge, L. H., Farmer and Dealer in Real Estate, S. 34-35, T. White Lake, P. O. Milford. Mr. Woodbridge was born in Michigan in 1867 and in 1904 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Grace Darling.

- Grace Darling.
- Woodruff, Mark, Farmer, S. 4, T. Brandon, P. O. Ortonville. Mr. Wood-ruff was born in Oakland County in 1853. He is married to Carrie Smith. Mr. and Mrs. Woodruff are the parents of three children, William, John and Guy.
- Wooster, James F., Hotel, Birmingham. Mr. Wooster was born in Oakland County in 1868. He has served as Deputy Sheriff.

Wyckoff, H. C., Postmaster, Pontiac.
 Wyckoff, Thos., Farmer, Sheep Breeder and Proprietor and Owner of Rambouillette U. S. A. Sheep Farm, Noted the World Over, S. 23, T.

West Bloomfield, P. O. Orchard Lake. Mr. Wyckoff was born in New York in 1846. He is a veteran of the Civil War.

- Yates, W. H. & Son, (W. H. Yates—Frank W. Yates) Farmers and Millers, S. 13, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. W. H. Yates was born in New York in 1820, and Frank W. in 1854. They settled in Oakland County, Michigan, in 1861. Their farm is located on the line of the Michigan Central Railroad, and is known as Yates Station. They have here a good farm with commodious buildings, and for the past 26 years have operated a Feed and Cider Mill
- have here a good farm with commodious buildings, and for the past 26 years have operated a Feed and Cider Mill.
 Yipe, John, Liquor Dealer, Royal Oak. Mr. Yipe was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1871 settled in Oakland County. He, his brother and sister own a nice farm in Section 23. He has been in the liquor business in Royal Oak for about one year, and is one of the representative business men of that place.
 Young, Charles, Cement, Pontiac. Mr. Young was born in Michigan in 1870, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County. He is married to May Hebmer.
- 1870, and in 1903 settled in Oakland County. He is married to May Hebner.
 Young, J. H., Farmer, S. 8, T. Farmington, P. O. Farmington. Mr. Young was born in Ontário, Canada, in 1885, and 1898 settled in Oakland County, Michigan.
 Young, Joseph, Farner, S. 3, T. Avon, P. O. Rochester. Mr. Young was born in Pennsylvania in 1849, and in 1855 settled in Oakland County, Michigan. He is married to Mary F. Hadley.
 Young, George, Carriage Builder, Pontiac. Mr. Young was born in Michigan in 1876, and in 1887 settled in Oakland County. He is married to Sarah Dalby.
- to Sarah Dalby.

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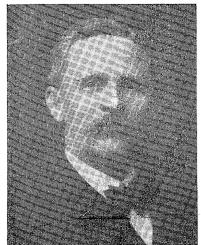
BARON DUSTIN, No. 208034-3894 X, C. B. ATKIN, Owner, Breeder of High Class Polled Durham Cattle, MILFORD, MICH.

SHETLAND PONY, Guy L. Watkins, Owner, Breeder of Pure Shetland Ponies, BIRMINGHAM, MICH.



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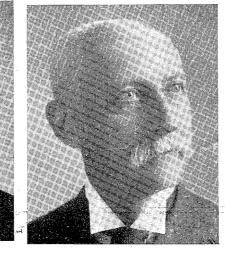


JOSEPH L. STOCKWELL, Judge of Probate.

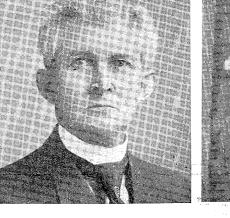


FRANK L. COVERT, Prosecuting Attorney, PONTIAC, MICHIGAN.

GEORGE W. SMITH, Circuit Judge.



HARRY S. ELLIOTT, Commissioner of Schools, PONTIAC, MICH,



CHARLES D. GLASPIE, Register of Deeds, PONTIAC, MICH.

JOHN POWER, County Treasurer, PONTIAC, MICH.



ANDREW L. MOORE, Attorney at Law, PONTIAC, MICH.



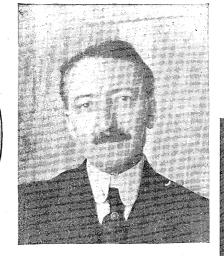
GEORGE A. BROWN, County Clerk, PONTIAC, MICH.



HENRY M. ZIMMERMANN, Commissioner, Michigan Banking Department, PONTIAC, MICH.



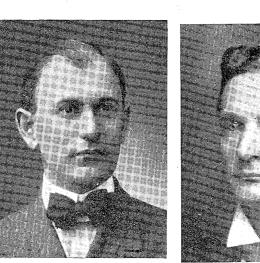
JAMES R. BROOKS.

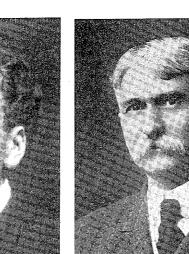


CHAS. E. MONROE, Attorney and Dealer in Real Estate, DETROIT, MICH.



GOV. FRED. M. WARNER.









E. L. RICHMOND, Manager of E. L. Richmond Co., Wholesale Hay and Potatoes, PONTIAC, MICH. President of The Busha Cerial Coffee Co., Pontiac, Mich. President of The University Extension Institute, Ann Arbor, Mich.



/≠ . St C. S. CHAPMAN. '

ELMER W. EYSTER, DETROIT, MICH.

JOHN E. BRONDIGE.

K. P. ROCKWELL.

GEO. F. BRONDIGE.





C. W. BURRIDGE, Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 37 North Saginaw Street, Opposite Commercial Bank, PONTIAC, MICH.

Oakland County Farms bought, sold and exchanged. Oakland County Property appraised. I make a specialty of Oakland County farm sales and farm loans. Have put through some of the largest farm deals in Oakland County and have a large list of satisfied customers.

H. B. JEWELL, DETROIT, MICH.

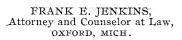
GEO. H. KEYES, DETROIT, MICH.

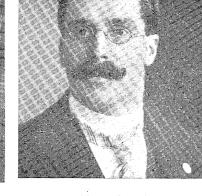
W. W. HANNAN, detroit, mich.

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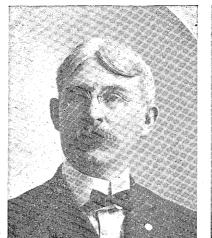




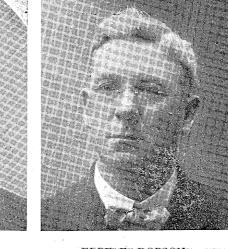




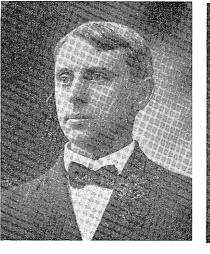
JAMES B. GODFREY, Justice of the Peace, ROCHESTER, MICH.



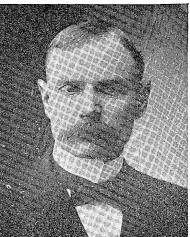
W. A. FOX, Publisher and Editor, "RochesterEra" ROCHESTER, MICH.



ELBE E. ROBSON, Proprietor, Detroit Hotel, Main and Third Streets, ROCHESTER, MICH.



GRANT S. ROWE, "Milford Times," MILFORD, MICH.

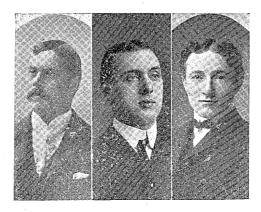




W. W. BENNETT, RealEstateBought,Sold or Exchanged. Loans, Insurance, Rentals, Auctions, 1209 Majestic Bldg., DETROIT, MICH. Phone, Main 4765



CLARENCE E. STANTON, Cashier, Oxford Savings Bank, OXFORD, MICH.



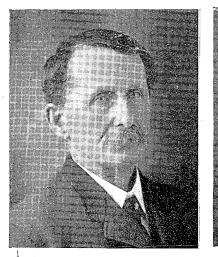
Merritt M. Willmarth, President. O. Barlow Willmarth, Vice President Thos. Hitchman, Secy. and Treas. WILLMARTH, HITCHMAN & CO., Real Estate and Fire Insurance, Main Office, 18 McGraw Building, Corner of Griswold Street and Lafayette Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.



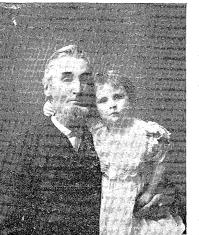
WILLIAM J. TUNSTEAD, President, Oxford Savings Bank, OXFORD, MICH.



FRED W. HOLMES, Treasurer of Commerce Township.



CHAS. TINSMAN.



JOHN STOBART.

MR. AND MRS. DAVID HOWE.



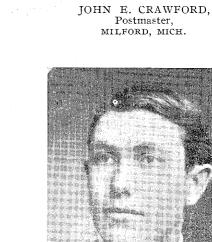
MRS. HENRY TIENKEN, EDITH TIENKEN. HENRY TIENKEN, JR.,

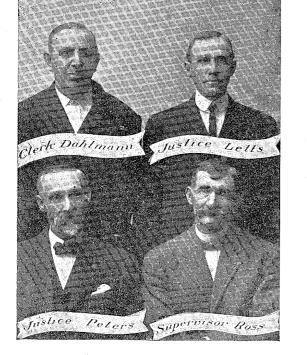


GEO. W. PIERCE.

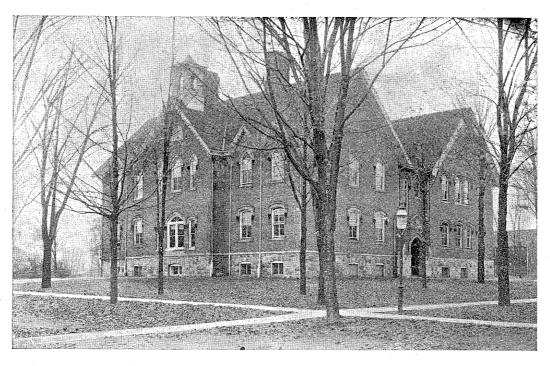


ROBERT FEATHERSTON.





AVON TOWNSHIPOFFICIALS,T. Dahlman, Clerk.E. E. Letts, Justice.J. S. Peters, Justice.A. L. Ross, Supervisor.



HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING, BIRMINGHAM, MICH.

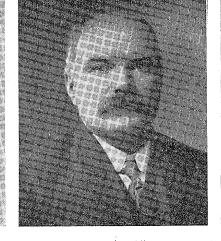
OAKLAND HOUSE, MR. AND MRS: FRED STEVENS AND DAUGHTER, ALMA, OAKLAND, MICH.

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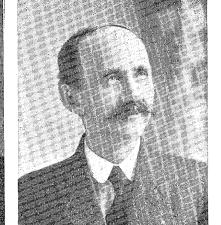
ILLUSTRATIONS



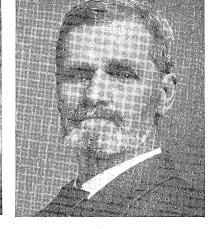
M. J. LEONARD.

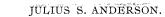


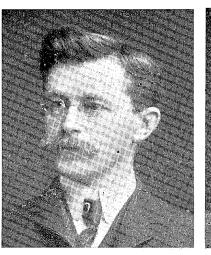
JOHN HOWEY.



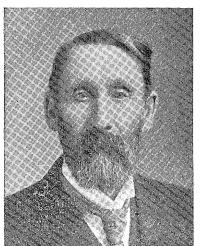
ALFRED B. KINNEY.



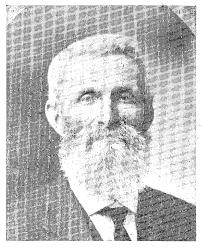




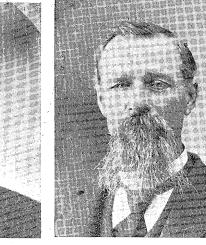
JOHN DE CONICK.

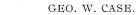


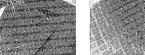
CHRISTOPHER COLE.



DAVIS BEACH.





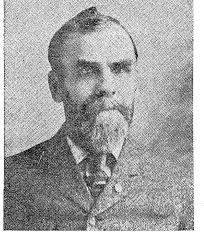


ALEXANDER HANNAN.



FRED BECKER.

ELI BIRD.



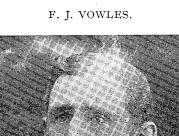


E. R. FRANK.



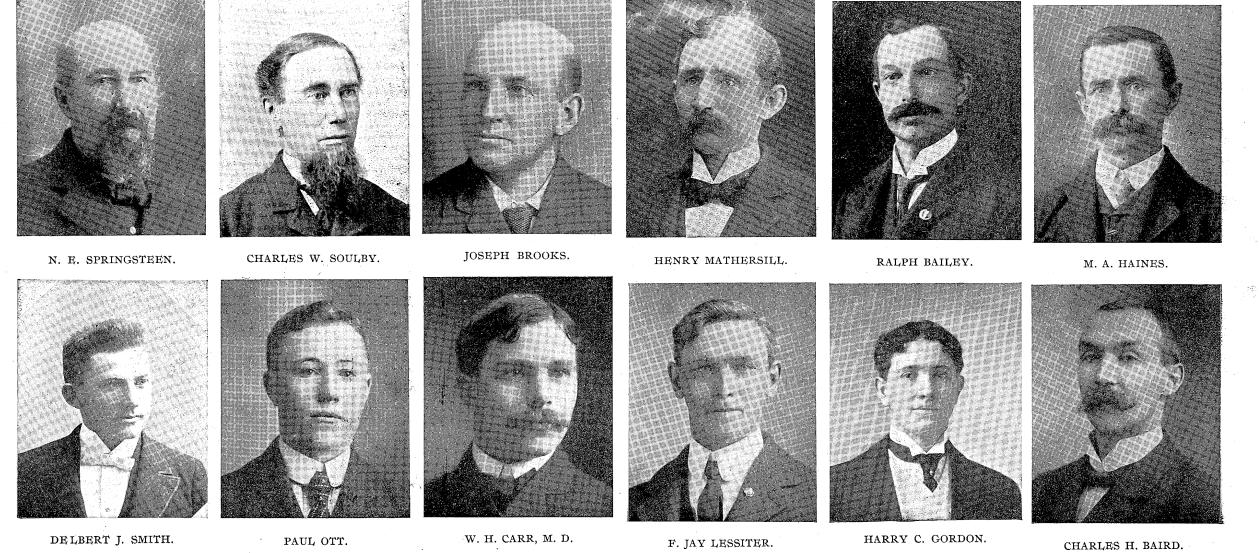






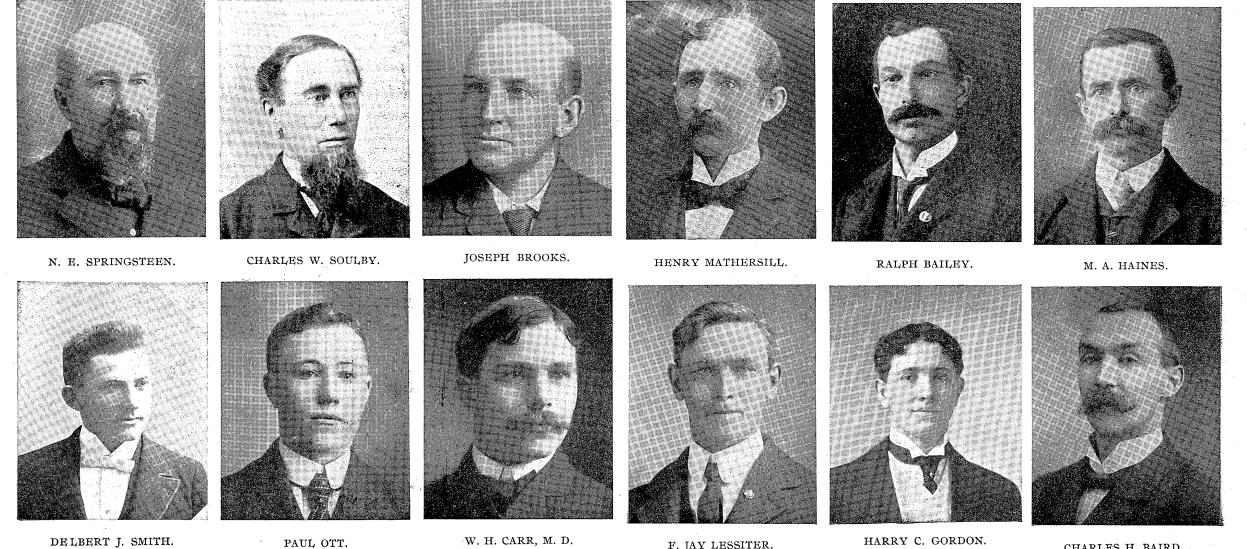


RICHARD ROSE.

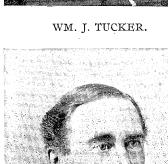


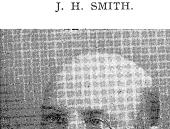


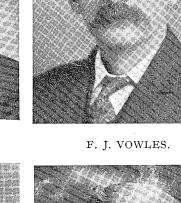
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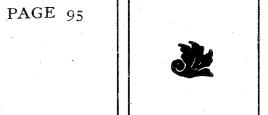










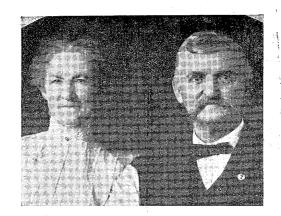




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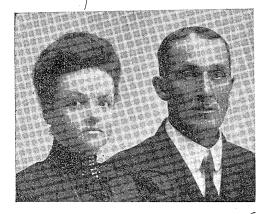
MR. AND MRS. JAMES N. PHILLIPS.



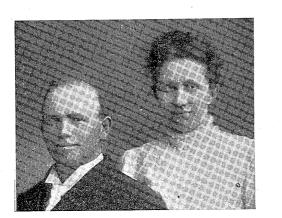
MR. AND MRS. ANDREW H. PORTER.



MR. AND MRS. DAVIS TER BUSH.

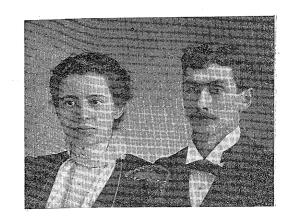


MR. AND MRS. GEO. W. WHITE.



MR. AND MRS. JOE MCBRIDE.





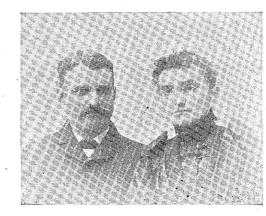
MR. AND MRS. LEROY J. RUNDELL.



MR. AND MRS. S. A. POTTER.



MR. AND MRS. WM. F. PIERCE.

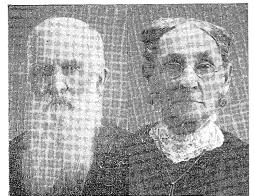


MR. AND MRS. JAS. NYE.

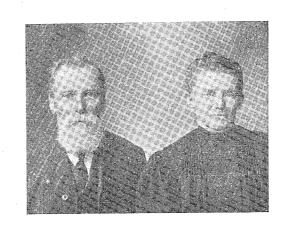


MR. AND MRS. A. O. MATHEWS.





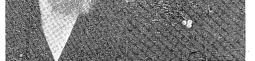






MR. AND MRS. JAMES FOOLE.

SHERMAN WILLIAMS AND MARY WILLIAMS.

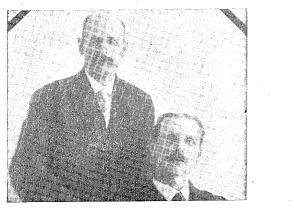


JOHN H. VOORHEIS, LUCINDA VOORHEIS.

MR. AND MRS. J. M. WARDLOW.

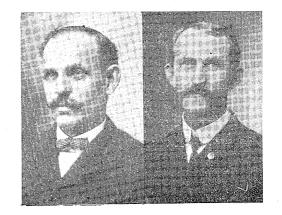


MR. AND MRS. BERNARD HABEL.

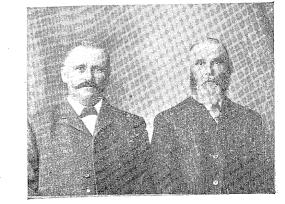


J. G. GRANT AND M. KLINKHAMER.

HADDRILL BROS. Geo. Haddrill. Lou. Haddrill Gent's Furnishings and Clothing, OXFORD, MICH.



ANDREW SUTHERLAND AND JOHN G. SUTHERLAND.

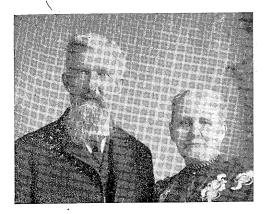


JOHN AND CHARLES PITTENGER.





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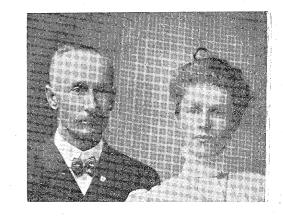
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MR. AND MRS. C. A. MUNGER.



MR. AND MRS. CHAS. E. COOKE.



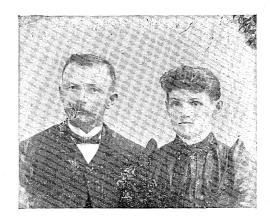
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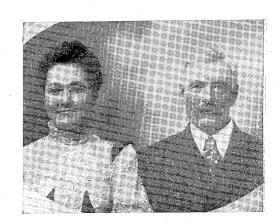
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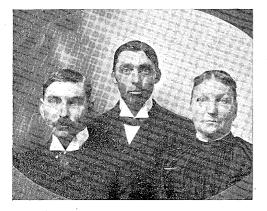
MR. AND MRS. JUDSON BAMBER.



LEWIS CROUP.

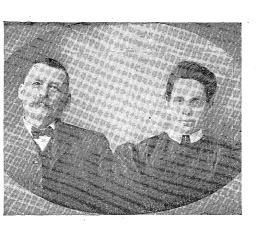


MR. AND MRS. AUSTIN GROFF.



WILLIAM R. DOW, GEORGE A. DOW, AGNES DOW.

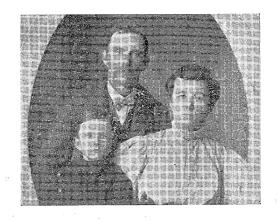




MR. AND MRS. ADAM LAIDLAW.

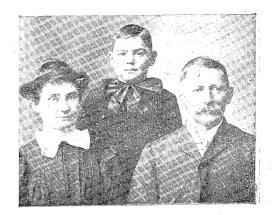


CHARLES H. BANKS, SARAH GERIRUDE BANKS, M. D.





MR. AND MRS. CHAS. COLE AND CHESTER J. COLE.





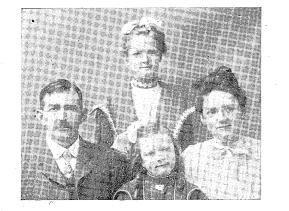
C. F. PLUMB AND FAMILY.



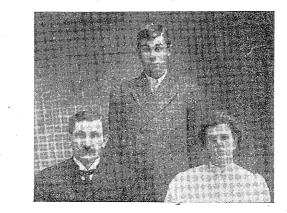
BRUCE PHILLIPS AND FAMILY.

FRANK H. HOWLAND.

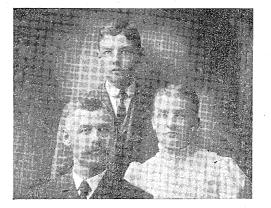
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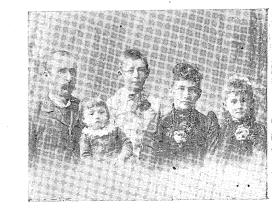
ALBERT GONNE AND FAMILY.



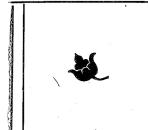
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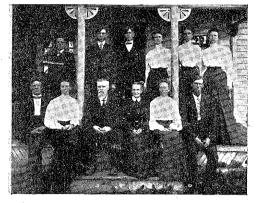


W. A. BROWN.



G. W. O. CONNELL.





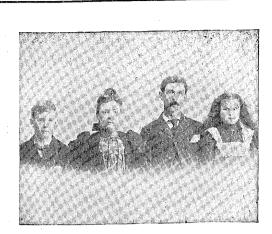
J. J. CLACK AND FAMILY.



CHRISTMAS GATHERING AT THE RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM T. FAWCETT.



FROM PHOTO RECEIVED FROM C. C. PENNELL.

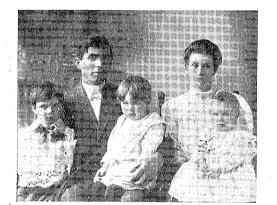


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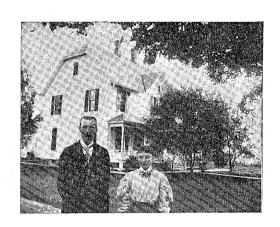
MR_AND_MRS. A. W. SINE, WM. SINE AND MARY SINE.



ELIAS P. LOSCH.



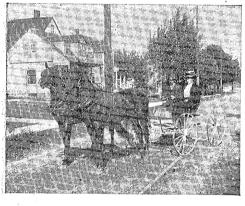
TOM BRENDEL AND FAMILY.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN TIENKEN.

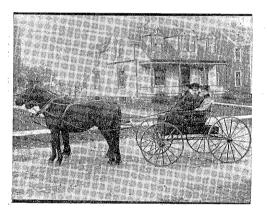


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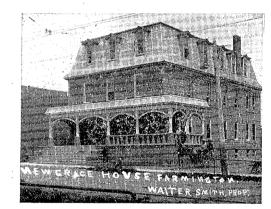
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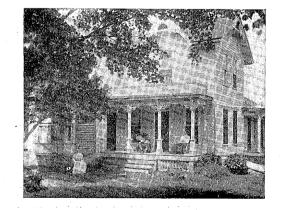


RESIDENCE OF FRED DRAPER.





NEW GRACE HOUSE, Walter Smith, Proprietor, FARMINGTON, MICH.





RESIDENCE OF GEO. W. BARTON.



RESIDENCE OF FREDERICK WIELAND.

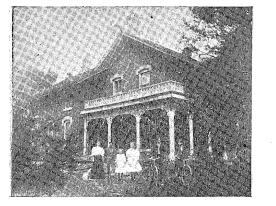


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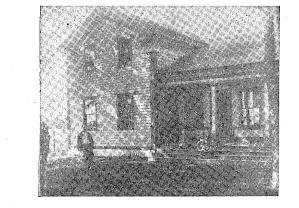
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RESIDENCE OF L. J. CHARLICK.

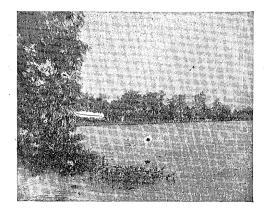


RESIDENCE OF HENRY STOWE.



RESIDENCE OF L. H WOODBRIDGE.

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SCENE ON LAKESIDE FARM, J. L. Lockwood, Proprietcr.



BARBER SHOP OF DAN A. MCGAFFEY.

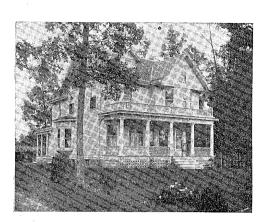




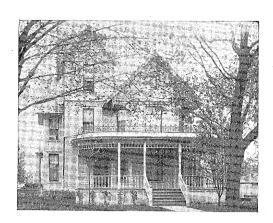
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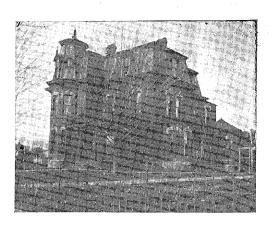
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RESIDENCE OF J M. POTTER.



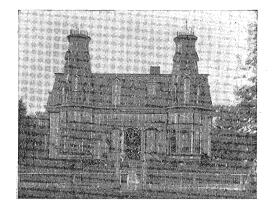
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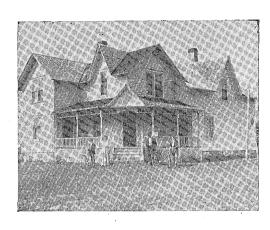
RESIDENCE OF MR. AND MRS. J. BERT PEABODY.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN GREEN.



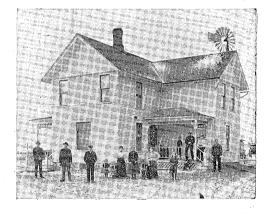
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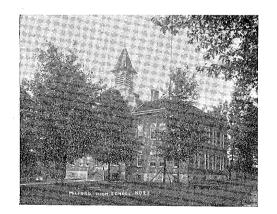
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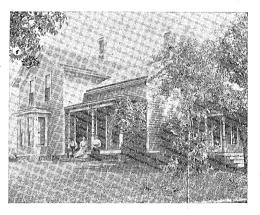
HARMONY BLOCK, Store of G. A. Aldrich, DAVISBURG, MICH.



RESIDENCE OF WM. SELFRIDGE.



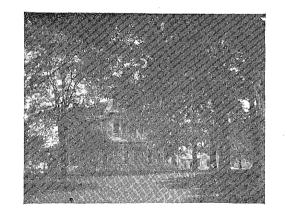
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RESIDENCE OF R. D. HALE.

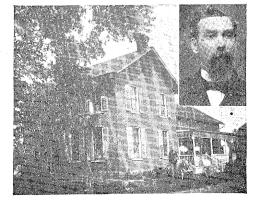


RESIDENCE OF J. M. LAWSON.





MILFORD HIGH SCHOOL.



RESIDENCE OF STEPHEN C. HILL.



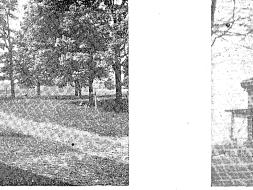
RESIDENCE AND BARNS OF WILLIAM HUNT.

> MAIN STREET, MILFORD, MICH.

RESIDENCE OF P. R. ROBERT.



FARM RESIDENCE OF THOMAS SUTTON.

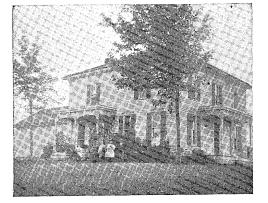


THE BOSS FARM-ER, MRS. B. A. HOLDEN, WIXOM, MICH.

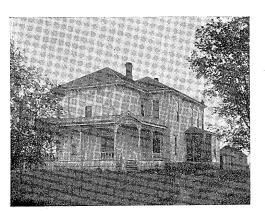


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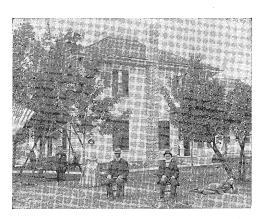




RESIDENCE OF J. H. AND E. S. LOME**RSON**.



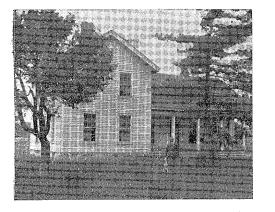
RESIDENCE OF WM. K. SMITH.



RESIDENCE OF L. B. KELLY.



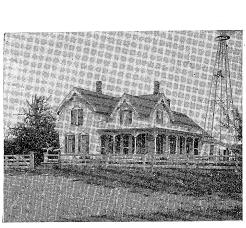
RESIDENCE OF GEO. W. PORRITT.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN HALFPENNY.



STABLES ON BRIARBANK FARM, W. T. Barbour, Proprietor, BIRMINGHAM, MICH.



RESIDENCE OF JEROME HOWE.



RESIDENCE OF MERRITT C. GLASPIE.



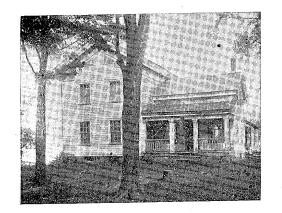
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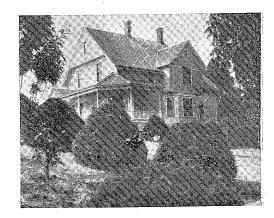


RESIDENCE OF MRS. LAURA E. STARK.



RESIDENCE OF CARL VOORHEIS.



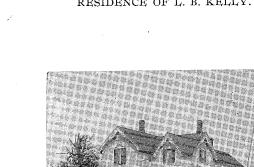


RESIDENCE OF S. S. ARTHUR.





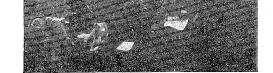






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RESIDENCE OF JOHN M. SANDERS.

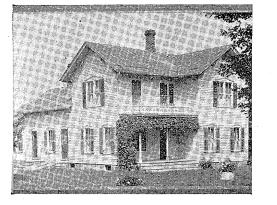


RESIDENCE OF F. B. SKRINE.

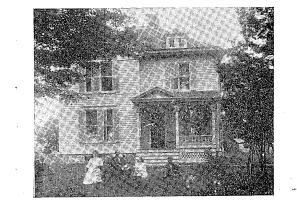
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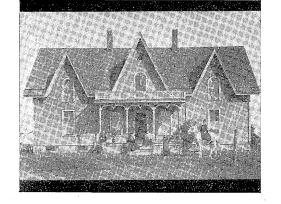
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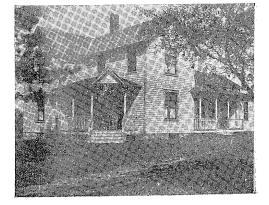
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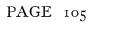
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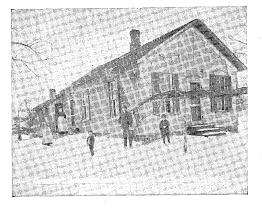
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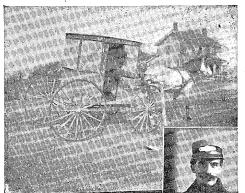
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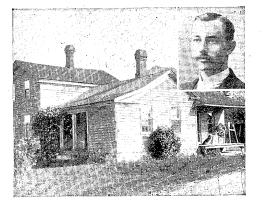




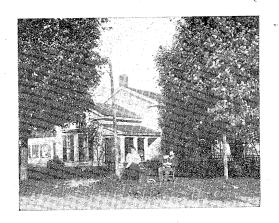


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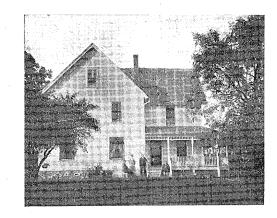


RESIDENCE OF CHARLES C. VANTINE.

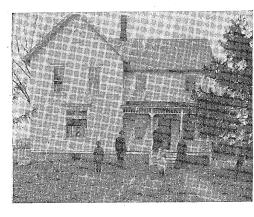




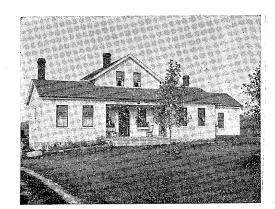
GROVELAND MILLS, A. D. PERRY & SON, HOLLY, MICH.



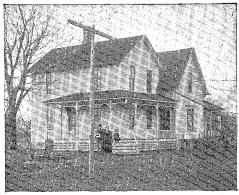
RESIDENCE OF F.A. DUTTON.



RESIDENCE OF ISAAC BRACE.

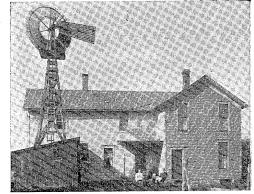


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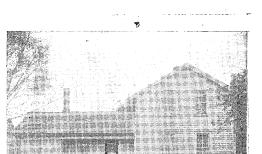


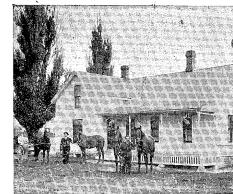
RESIDENCE OF ALBERT GONNE.





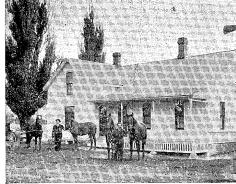
RESIDENCE OF JESSE H. VOORHEES~



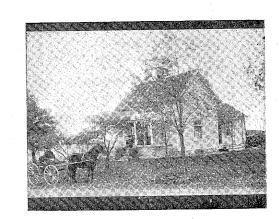


RESIDENCE OF WM. J. TUCKER.



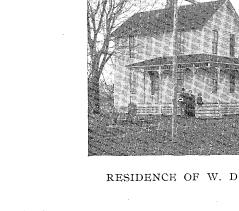


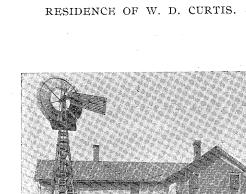




RESIDENCE OF F. E. DRAHNER.







RESIDENCE OF JESSE SHOUP.



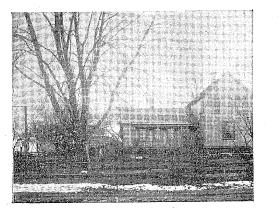
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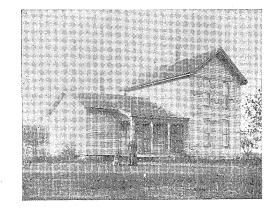
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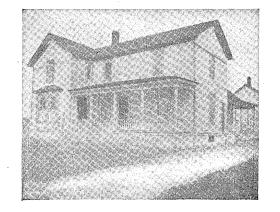
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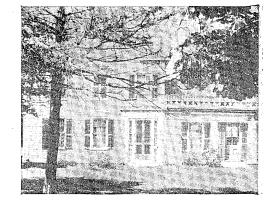
RESIDENCE OF JOHN ECKERT.



RURAL HOME FARM, RESIDENCE OF JUDSON CARPENTER.



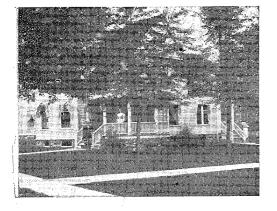
RESIDENCE OF HENRY J. GRIFFIN.



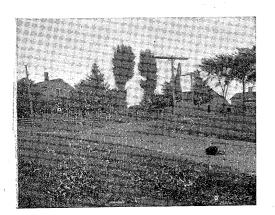
RESIDENCE OF MRS. B. F. DAVISON AND C. T. ARMSTRONG.



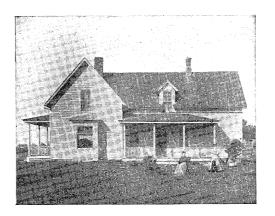




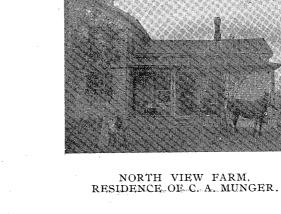
RESIDENCE OF J. A. NEAL.

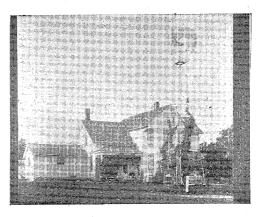


RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF J. A. DIVINE.

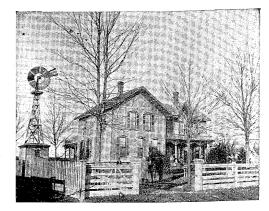


RESIDENCE OF R. S. TAYLOR.



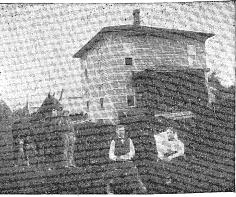


RESIDENCE OF E. A. TUCKER.



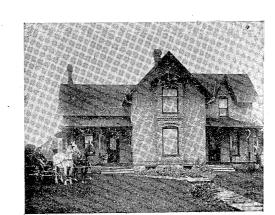
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RESIDENCE OF THOMAS CLARK.





RESIDENCE OF JOHN E. TAYLOR.

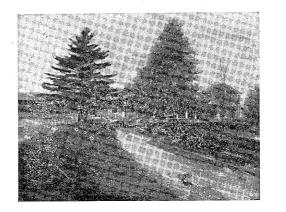


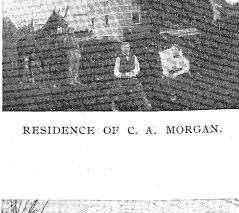
"OVERLOOK," HOME OF JOHN J. SNOOK.

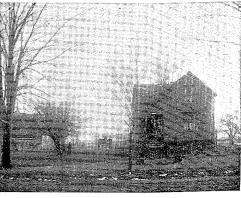
RESIDENCE OF MR. AND MRS. WILLIAM LEECE.



RESIDENCE AND BARN OF S. S. COOPER.

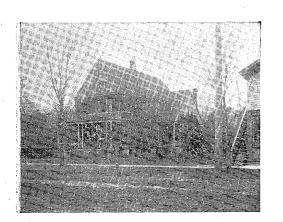


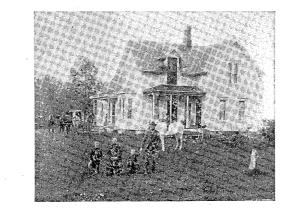




RESIDENCE AND BARN OF HERMAN HERING.







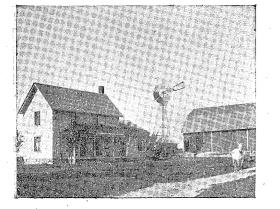
RESIDENCE OF LCUIS STORZ.

RESIDENCE OF NATHANIEL GORDON.

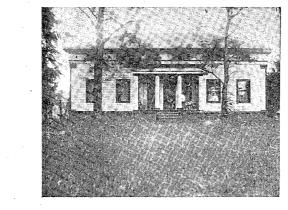
RESIDENCE OF RALPH PEPPER.



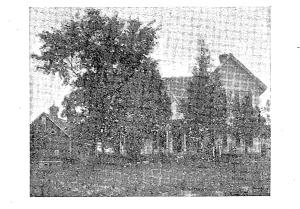
RESIDENCE OF FRANK BORDEN.



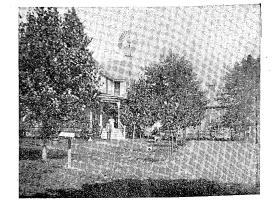
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF ED M RD SEVENER.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN H. BUSH.



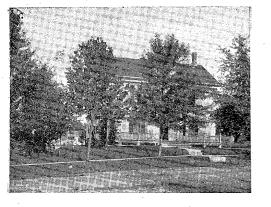
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF ANDREW J. STOWELL.



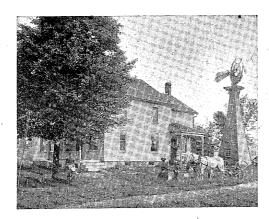
RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM T. FAWCETT.



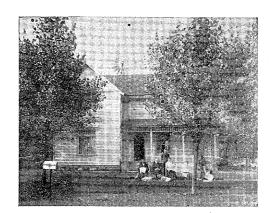




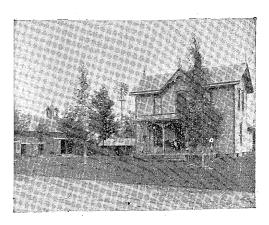
RESIDENCE OF E. E. AVERY.



RESIDENCE OF SANFORD R. LYON.

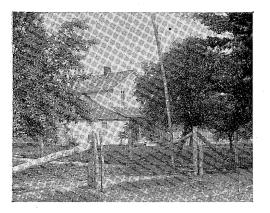


THE PIONEER FARM, RESIDENCE OF HIRAM B. TRAVIS.



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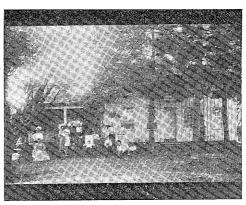
MAPLE HILL STOCK FARM, RESIDENCE OF GEO. S. POTTS.



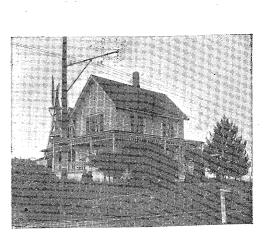
RESIDENCE OF D. S. CRAWFORD.



RESIDENCE OF THOMAS E. BROWN.



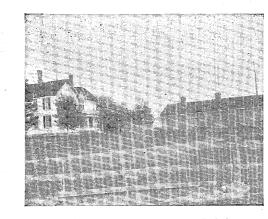
SPRUCE GROVE FARM, RESIDENCE OF ALBERT GUNDRY.



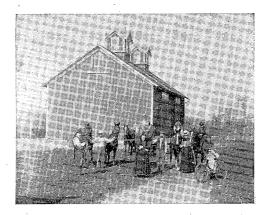
RESIDENCE OF W. A. BENJAMIN.



RESIDENCE OF N. P. SMITH.



RESIDENCE AND BARNS OF WM. MCCAULEY.

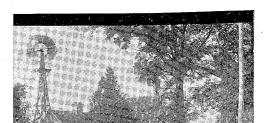


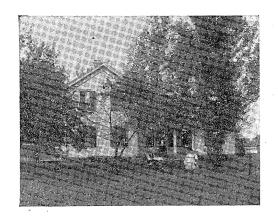
FARM SCENE, A. G. BARRETT.





RESIDENCE OF J. DE COU.









RESIDENCE OF FRANCIS P. LAWRENCE.



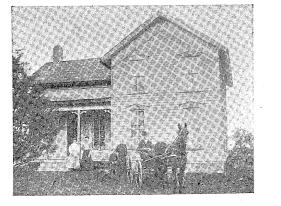
RESIDENCE OF F. M. HARMON.



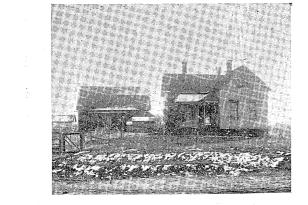
MAPLE RIDGE FARM, RESIDENCE OF H. W. ENGLISH.



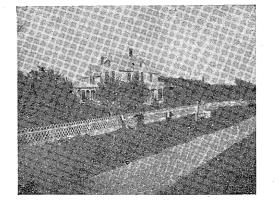
RESIDENCE OF F. JAY LESSITER.



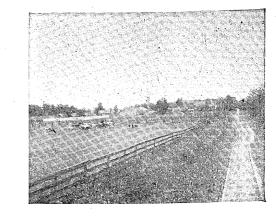
RESIDENCE OF MRS. FLORA E. BIXBY.



RESIDENCE OF PAUL LANGE.



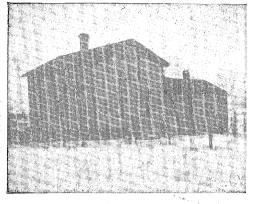
MR. AND MRS. D. M. GARNER.



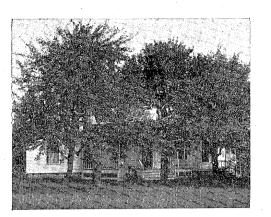
SCENE ON FARM OF DR. A. E. GUE.



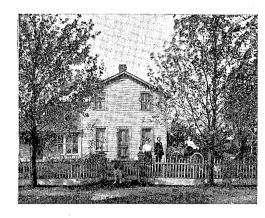




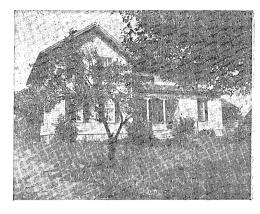
RESIDENCE OF G. S. STARKWEATHER.



RESIDENCE OF WM. B. GRANT.



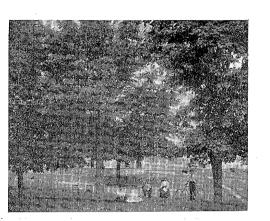
RESIDENCE OF RICHARD C. HEIDRICH.



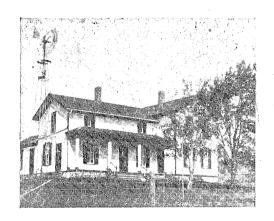
RESIDENCE OF CARL KIER.



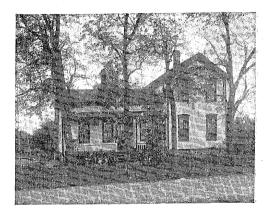
RESIDENCE OF FRED C. GUNDRY.



RESIDENCE OF ARTHUR BALDWIN.



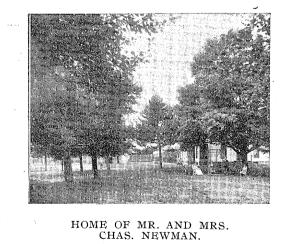
RESIDENCE OF JAMES CUTHBERT.

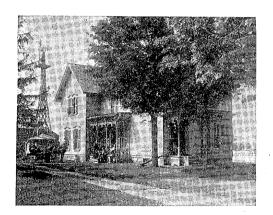


RESIDENCE OF FRED PUVOGEL.



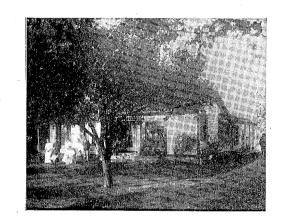
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF ALLEN BROSIUS.





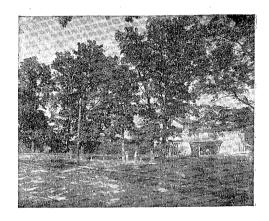
RESIDENCE OF EUGENE L. AND ELIAS D. GROOVER.



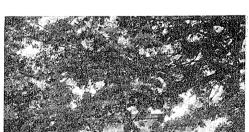


RESIDENCE OF A. B. MINER.





RESIDENCE OF IRA FISHER.





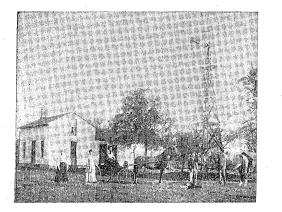
RESIDENCE OF ROMAINE CLARK, JR.



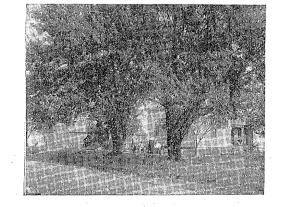
"KIRBY FARM," RESIDENCE OF JOHN LEECE.



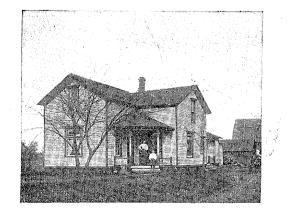
OXFORD DAIRY FARM, RESIDENCE OF MR. AND MRS. G. A. PRINCE.



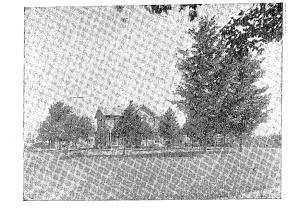
HOME OF MR. AND MRS. MATHEW WILBER.



RESIDENCE OF J. C. DRAHNER.



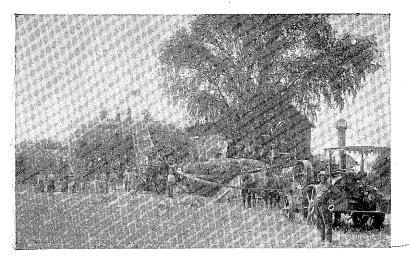
RESIDENCE OF ALBERT WATCH.



RESIDENCE OF E. H. SIPPERLEY.

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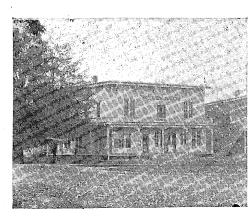
THRESHING SCENE, FROM PHOTO RECEIVED FROM GEORGE A. TRAVIS.



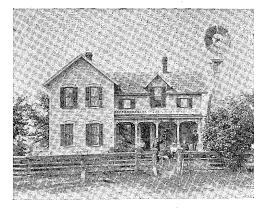
RESIDENCE OF JAMES BISHOP.



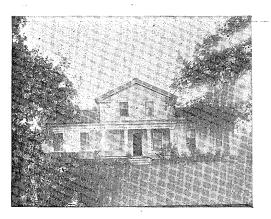
HOME OF JAMES G. ADAMS.



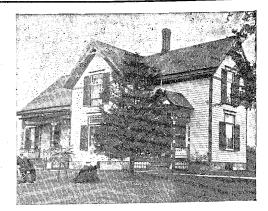
THE NEW WIXOM, Geo. Aspenleiter, Proprietor, WIXOM, MICH.



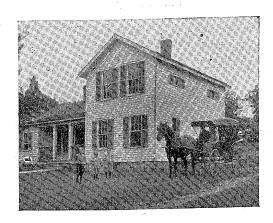
RESIDENCE OF MRS. THOS. STEPHENS.



FRUIT RIDGE FARM, Residence of Jesse Gibson, Proprietor.



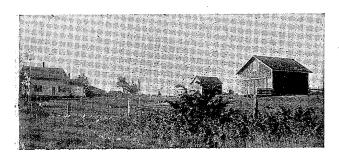
RESIDENCE OF THEO. C. V. KLINE.



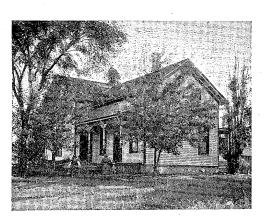
RESIDENCE OF JOHN A. PADDOCK.



OXFORD HEIGHTS POULTRY PLANT, OXFORD, MICH. Belonging to Thomas Hood of Detroit, Mich.



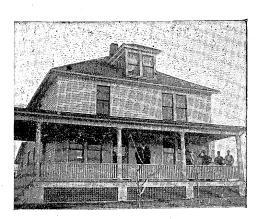
RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF ALEX FRITCH.



T. J. TILLAPAUGH.



RESIDENCE OF PETER FOGLER.



RESIDENCE OF J. B. POSPESHIL.







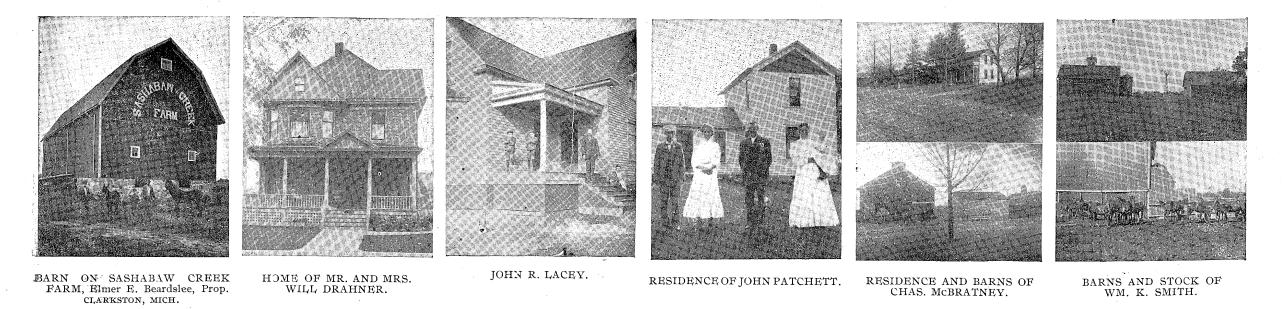
FARM BUILDINGS OF RUGGLES BROS.

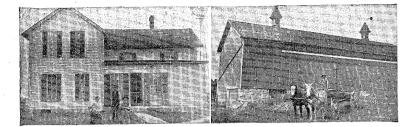


RESIDENCE AND BARN OF ROBERT LOONEY,

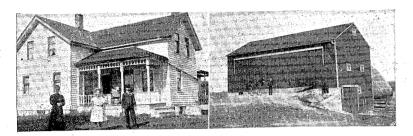


RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF A. D. DE GARMO.





RESIDENCE AND BARN OF HORACE BEACH.



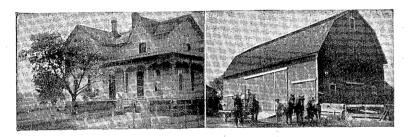
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF S. C. CHAMBERLAIN.



RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF E. A. BREWSTER.



RESIDENCE AND BARN OF HUGH MCBRIDE.



RESIDENCE AND BARN OF WILL HOUSE.





RESIDENCE AND BARN OF FRANK H. AND NORAH LESSITER.



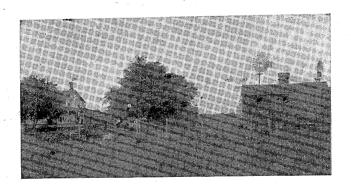
RESIDENCE AND BUILDINGS OF WILL B. PARK.



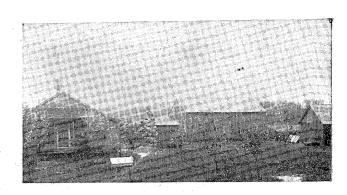
RESIDENCE AND BARNS OF CHARLES H. HARTUNG.



PLEASANT PLACE, RESIDENCE OF D. L. BRONSON.

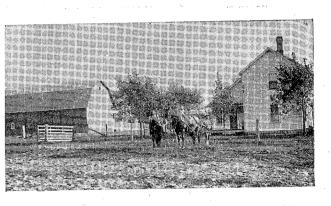


RESIDENCE OF ARTHUR C. VALENTINE.



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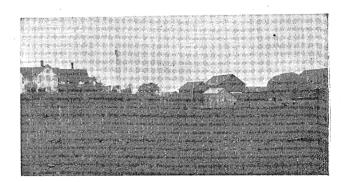
RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF C. E. ROLISON.



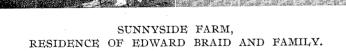
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF E. C. BEARDSLEE.



RESIDENCE AND FARM BUILDINGS OF STARK BROS.



TAYLOR STOCK FARM, RESIDENCE OF HUGH TAYLOR.

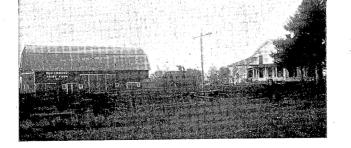




RESIDENCE AND BARN OF E. D. ENGLISH.



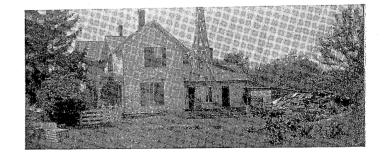
SPRINGBROOK STOCK AND FRUIT FARM, RESIDENCE OF P. R. NOTT,



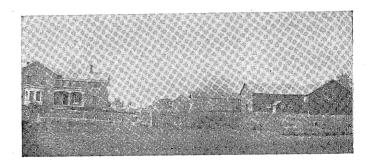
NORTHWOOD DAIRY FARM, RESIDENCE OF ROBERT CROMIE.



RESIDENCE OF JOHN J. DAVIS.



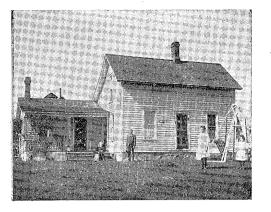
RESIDENCE OF ELISHA S. BIRD.



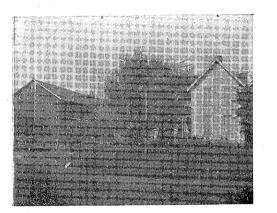
RESIDENCE OF O. W. PATTERSON, JR.



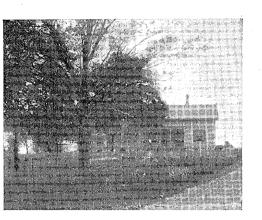




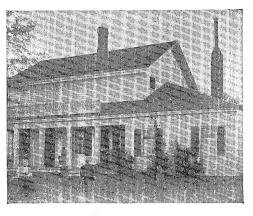
RESIDENCE OF ALBERT J. AUTEN.



LAKE VIEW FARM. RESIDENCE OF WM. ROWLEY.



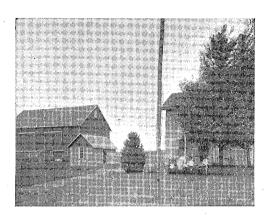
RESIDENCE OF WILLIAM THRUSH.



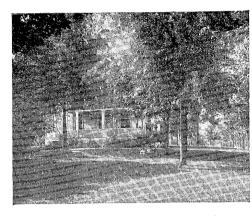
RESIDENCE OF L. W. SUTHERLAND.



RESIDENCE OF JAMES EDGAR.



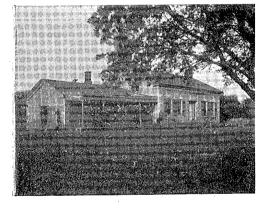
RESIDENCE AND BARN OF ROBERT F. PORRITT.



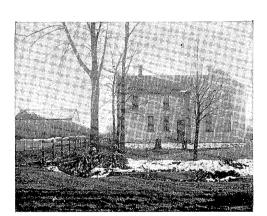
RESIDENCE OF J. E. SAWYER.



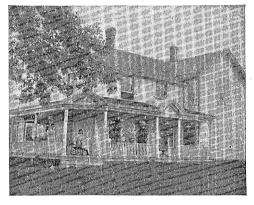
CRIPPLE CREEK STOCK FARM, RESIDENCE OF S. S. CLUM.



RESIDENCE OF LEROY JACKSON.



RESIDENCE OF JOSEPH W. KENDALL.



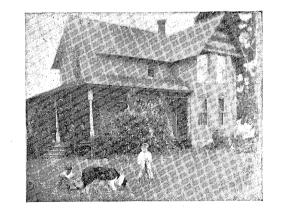
RESIDENCE OF A. G. BARRETT.



RESIDENCE OF WM. H. FAGAN.









RESIDENCE OF REUBEN J. BEATTIE.

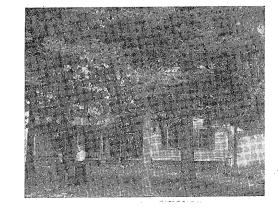
FARM SCENE FROM JAMES M. WHITE, SR. AND EDWARD WHITE. RESIDENCE OF ROBERT S. BROWN.



RESIDENCE OF O. L. HEMINGWAY.



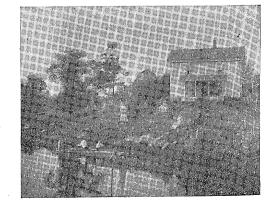
FARM RESIDENCE OF LIDNEY B. GROOVER.



RESIDENCE OF HARRY LEIGH HAUXWELL.



RESIDENCE OF FRANCIS PORRITT.



RESIDENCE OF JESSE J. THURSTIN.



ENTERED ACCORDING TO ACT OF CONGRESS, IN THE YEAR 1905, BY GEO. A. OGLE & CO., IN THE OFFICE OF THE LIBARIAN OF CONGRESS AT WASHINGTON.

UNITED STATES LAND SURVEYS.

These lines are termed "Range Lines." They divide the land into strips or divisions six miles wide, extending North and South, parallel with the Meridian. Each division is called a Range. Ranges are numbered from one upward, comm cing at the Meridian; and their numbers are indicated by Roman

Each division is called a Range. Ranges are numbered from one upward, comm cing at the Meridian; and their numbers are indicated by Roman characters. For instance, the first division (or first six miles) west of the Meridian is reached. In the same manner the Ranges East of the Meridian are numbered, the words East or West being always used to indicate the direction from the Principal Meridian. See Diagram 3. Commencing at the Base Line, at intervals of six miles, lines are run East and West parallel with the Base Line. These are designated as Township Lines. They divide the land into strips or divisions six miles, wide, extending East and West, parallel with the Base Line. This plan is followed both North and South of the Base Line is township 1 North ; the next is Township 2 North ; then comes Township 3, 4, 5, and 6, North, and so on. The same plan is followed South of the Base Line; the Townships designated as Township 1 North ; the next is Township 1 South, Township 2 South, and so on. The "North" or "South" (the initials N. or S. being generally used) indicates the direction from the Base Line. See Diagram 3. These Townships and Line; the Township, designated as Townships, are numbered from one upward, both north and south of the Base Line, and their numbers are indicated by figures. For instance : The first six mile division is followed South of the Base Line; the Township designated as Township 1 South, Township 3, 4, 5, and 6, North, and so on. The same plan is followed South of the Base Line; the Townships designated as Township 1 South, Township 3 South, and so on. The "North" or "South" (the initials N. or S. being generally used) indicates the direction from the Base Line. See Diagram 3.
These Township and Range Lines, crossing each other, as shown in Diagram 3, form squares, which are called "Townships" or "Government Townships," which are six miles square, or as nearly that as it is possible to make them. These Township 8 North, Range 4, West of the 5th Principal Meridian. As a

TOWNSHIPS OF LAND.

OWNSHIPS are the largest sub-I divisions of land run out by the United States Surveyors. In the

Governmental Surveys Township Lines are the first to be run, and a Township Corner is established every six miles and marked. This is called "Townshipping." After the Township Corners have been carefully located, the Section and Quarter Section Corners are established. Each Township is six miles square and contains 23,040 acres, or 36 square miles, as near as it is possible to make them. This, however, is frequently made impossible by: (1st) the presence of lakes and large streams; (2nd) by State boundaries not falling exactly on Township Lines; (3rd) by the convergence of Meridians or curvature of the earth's surface; and (4th) by inaccurate surveys.

Each Township, unless it is one of the exceptional cases referred to, is divided into 36 squares, which are called Sections. These Sections are intended to be one mile, or 320 rods, square and contain 640 acres of land. Sections are numbered consecutively from 1 to 36, as shown on Diagram 4. Beginning with Section 1 in the Northeast Corner, they run West to 6, then East to 12, then West to 18, and so on, back and forth, until they end with Section 36 in the Southeast Corner. Diagram 4 shows a plat of a Township

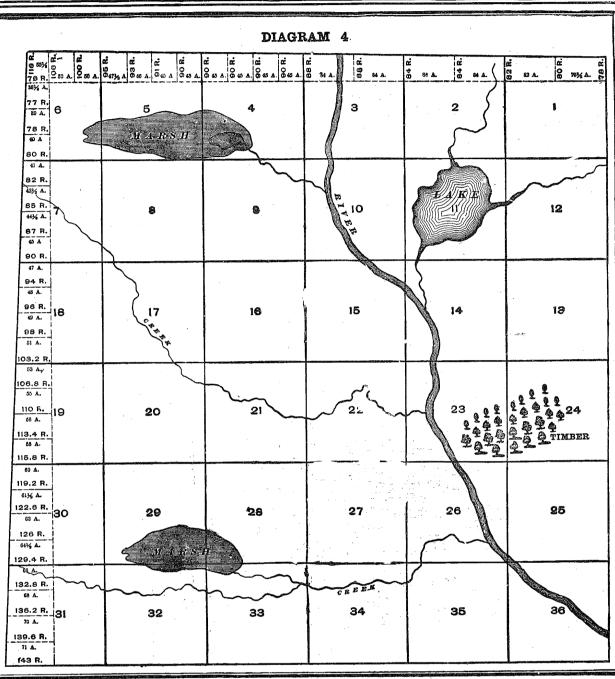
as it is divided and platted by the govern-ment surveyors. These Townships are called Government Townships or Congres-sional Townships, to distinguish them from Civil Townships or organized Townships, as frequently the lines of organized Townships do not conform to the Government Township lines.

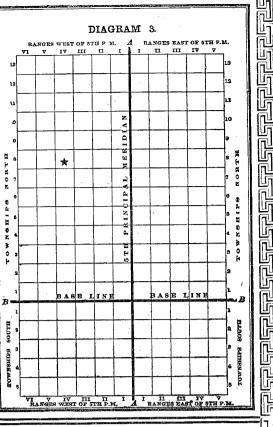
SECTIONS OF LAND.

IAGRAM 5 illustrates how a section may be subdivided, although the Diagram only gives a few of the many subdivisions into which a

section may be divided. All Sections (except fractional Sections) are supposed to be 320 rods, or one mile, square and therefore contain 640 acres-a number easily divisible. Sections are subdivided into fractional parts to suit the convenience of the owners of the land. A half-section contains 320 acres; a quarter-section contains 160 acres; half of a quarter contains 80 acres, and quarter of a quarter contains 40 acres, and so on. Each piece of land is described according to the portion of the section which it embraces—as the Northeast quarter of Section 10; or the Southeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of Section 10. Diagram 5 shows how many of these subdivisions are platted, and also shows the plan of designating and describing them by initial letters as each parcel of land on the Diagram is marked with its description.

As has already been stated, all Sections (except Fractional Sections which are explained elsewhere) are supposed to contain 640 acres, and even though mistakes have been made in surveying, as is frequently the case, making sections larger or smaller than 640 acres, the Government recog-nizes no variation, but sells or grants each regular section as containing 640 acres "more or less."





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FRACTIONAL PIECES OF LAND

ONGRESSIONAL Townships vary considerably as to size and boundaries. Mistakes made in surveying and the

fact that Meridians converge as they run North cause every Township to vary more or less from the 23,040 acres which a perfect Township would contain. See Diagram 4. In arranging a Township into Sections all the surplus or deficiency of land is given to, or taken from, the North and West tiers of Sections. In other words, all Sections in the Township are made full-640 acres-except those on the North and West, which are given all the land that is left after forming the other 25 Sections. Diagram 4 illustrates how the surplus or deficiency is distributed and the Sections it

effects. It will be seen that Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 18, 19, 30 and 31, are the "Fractional Sections," or the Sections which are affected if the Township overruns or falls short. Inside of these Fractional Sections, all of the surplus or deficiency of land (over or under 640 acres) is carried to the "forties" or "eighties" that touch the Township Line. These pieces of land are called "Fractional Forties" or "Fractional Eighties," as the case may be. Diagrams 4 and 6 show the manner of marking the acreage and outlining the boundaries of these "Fractions."

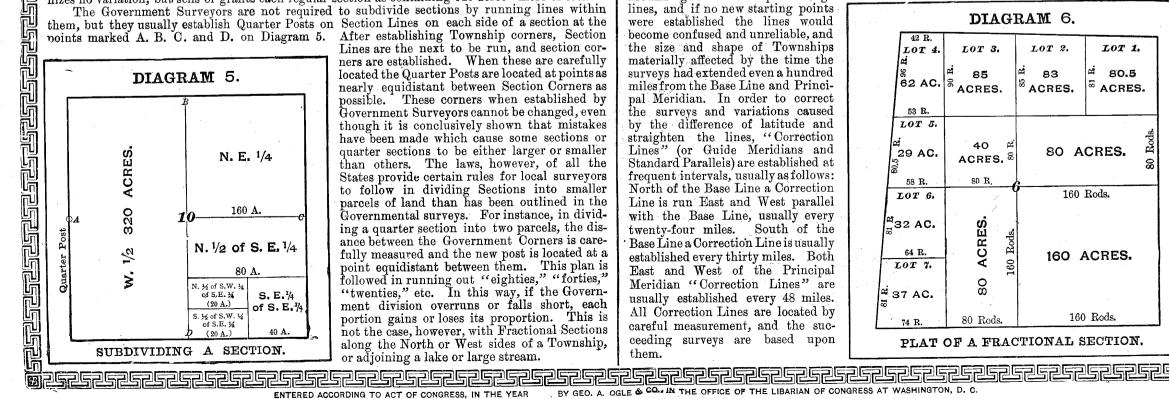
Diagram 6 illustrates how the surplus or deficiency of land inside of these Sections is distributed and which "forties" or "eighties" it affects. From this arrangement it will be

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seen that in any Section that touches the North or West Township Lines, the Southeast Quarter n 'y seen that in any Section that touches the North of West Township Lines, the Southeast quarter hay be full—160 acres—while another quarter of the same Section may be much larger or smaller. Frequently these fractional "forties" or "eighties" are lotted as shown in Diagram 6. They are always described as fractional tracts of land, as the "fractional S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 6,"etc. Of course always described as fractional tracts of land, as the "fractional S. W. 4 of Section 6," etc. Of course those portions of these Sections which are not affected by these variations are described in the usual manner—as Southeast 4 of Section 6. As a rule Townships are narrower at the North than at the South side. The Meridians of Longitude (which run North and South) converge as they run North and South from the Equator. They begin at the Equator with a definite width between them and gradually converge until they all meet at the poles. Now, as the Range lines are run North and South, it will at once be seen that the convergence of Meridians will cause every Congressional Township (North of the Equator) to be narrower at its North than at its South side, as stated. See Diagram 4. In addition to this fact, mistakes of measurement are constantly and almost unavoidably made

in running both Township and Range lines, and if no new starting points



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SUPPLEMENT III.

DIGEST OF THE SYSTEM OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT.



DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS CONNECTED WITH THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF NATIONAL, STATE, COUNTY AND TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT.

NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

HE GOVERNMENT of the United States is one of limited and specific powers, strictly outlined and defined by a written constitution. The constitution was adopted in 1787, and, with the amendments that have since been made, it forms the basis of the entire fabric of government under which we live. The constitution created three distinct branches of government, each of which is entirely separate and distinct from the others. They are the executive, legislative and judicial departments. The constitution speexecutive, legislative and junctal departments. The Constitution spe-cifically vests the executive power in the President, but all members of the cabinet are usually classed wit i the executive department; the legislative power is held by Congress, and the judicial authority is vested in the Supreme Court and various other courts which Congress has provided for in pursuance of the provisions of the constitution.

It has been the aim of these pages to explain each of these different branches of government, and to briefly review the duties and powers of the principal officials connected with each department.

The President and Vice-President are elected by popular vote, but the vote of each State is separate, so that a candidate may have a large majority of the aggregate popular vote of the country and yet fail to be elected. The Presidential election is held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, when Presidential electors are chosen in and for the various States, each State having as many electors as it has representatives in both branches of Congress. The electors are chosen by the ballots of the people of their States, and all the electors of a State constitute an electoral college. The electors meet in each State at the capital on the first Wednesday in December following a National elec-tion and vote for President and Vice-President, certificates of which are forwarded to the President of the Senate, at Washington, who, on the second Wednesday in February opens the certificates and counts the votes in the presence of both Houses of Congress and declares the result; and the final step is the inauguration, which takes place on the 4th of March. The law provides that if neither of the candidates have a major-ity then the House of Representatives shall elect a President from the three candidates receiving the highest electoral vote. In elections of this kind each State is entitled to only one vote, and two-thirds of the State^r form a quorum.

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

The President is the highest executive officer of the United States. The President is the highest executive officer of the United States. He is elected for the term of four years, and receives a salary of \$50,000. per annum. He must be thirty-five years old or more, and a native-born citizen of the United States. The President is charged with a general supervision over the faithful execution of laws passed by Congress, and has supervision over all executive departments of the government. He appoints a Cabinet of eight officials who become the heads of the various departments, and these departments are intended to be managed and departments, and these departments are intended to be managed and conducted as the President directs. The President is Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy. He has power to grant pardons and re-prieves for all offenses against the United States, except in cases of im-peachment; has power, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties. He nominates, and with the advise and consent of the Senate, appoints Ambassadors and other public Ministers and Consuls, all Judges of the United States courts, and all other executive officers of the United States, except in such cases where the appointments may be vested in the various "departments." When the Senate is not in session he can appoint, subject to its action when it reassembles. He has power, in certain extraordinary occasions, to call together both Houses of Congress, or either of them, in extra session; and is required from time to time to communicate with Congress, as to the state of the Union, and offer such suggestions or recommendations as he may deem proper. He is empowered to approve or veto all measures adopted by Congress, but it is provided that any measure may be passed over his veto by a two-thirds vote of Congress

The President consults frequently with his Cabinet, and nearly all important official matters are discussed by that body. In case the office of President becomes vacant through the death, removal or resignation of the incumbent, the law provides that the office shall in turn be filled by the Vice-President, Secretary of State, and other Cabinet Ministers in regular order.

VICZ PRESIDENT.

The Vice-President of the United States is elected for the term of four years, and receives a salary of \$10,000. In case of the death, re-moval or resignation of the President, the Vice-President succeeds him. The chief duty of the Vice-President is to act as the presiding officer of

The Bureau of Accounts, in which all of the finances of the department are looked after, such as the custody and disbursement of appropriations; also indemnity funds and bonds; also care of the building and property of the department, etc.

The Bureau of Rolls and Library, which is charged with the custody of treaties, rolls, public documents, etc.; has care of revolutionary archives, of international commissions, superintendence of library, etc. The Bureau of Statistics, for the preparation of reports on commer-

cial relations. The chiefs of all of these bureaus receive \$2,100 per year. In addi-the chiefs of all of these bureaus receive \$2,100 per year. the these there are connected with the State Department the offices of translator, at \$2,100 per year; assistant secretary, \$4,500; second assistant secretary, \$3,500; third assistant secretary, \$3,500; solicitor, \$3,500; chief clerk, \$2,750; clerk to Secretary of State, \$2,000; passport clerk, \$1,400. Besides these there are the various comptrollers, auditors, clerks and assistants, which number well up into the thousands.

TREASURY DEPA STMENT.

This department was organized in 1789 The head of this depart-ment, known as the Secretary of the Treasury, is appointed by the Pres-ident, is a member of the Cabinet, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum. The Treasury Department is one of the most important branches of the national government, as it has charge of the financial affairs of the government, custody of public funds, collection of revenue and maintenance of public credit. Among the many important duties devolving upon this department are the following: It attends to the collection of all internal revenues and duties on imports, and the preven-tion of frauds in these departments. All claims and demands, either by the United States or against them, and all the accounts in which the United States are interested, either as debtors or creditors, must be set-tled and adjusted in the Treasury Department. This department also includes the Bureau of the Mint, in which the government coin and moneys are manufactured. The Treasury Department authorizes the organization of national banks and has supervision over them; has charge of the coast surveys, the lighthouses, marine hospitals, etc. It has charge of all moneys belonging to the United States; designates depositories of public moneys, keeps a complete and accurate system of accounting, showing the receipts and disbursements of the Treasury and makes reports at stated intervals showing the condition of public finances, public expenditures and the public debt.

There are a great many very important officials connected with the Treasury Department, chief among which are the following, viz.: Private secretary of the head of the department, at \$2,400 per year; three assistant secretaries, at \$4,500 each; chief clerk, \$3,000; chief of appoint ment division, \$2,750; chief of warrants division, \$2,750; chief of public moneys division, \$2,500; chief of customs division, \$2,700; acting chief of revenue marine division, \$2,500; chief of stationery division, \$2,500 chief of loans and currency division, \$2,500; chief of miscellaneous divi sion, \$2,500; supervising special agent, \$8 per day; government actuary, \$1,800; supervising architect, \$4,500; steamboat inspector, \$3,500; chief Bureau of Statistics, \$3,000; life saving service superintendent, \$4,000; assistant, \$2,500; commissioner Bureau of Navigation, \$3,600; superintendent United States coast and geodetic survey, \$6,000; supervising surgeon-general marine hospital service, \$4,000; Bureau of Engraving and Printing, chief, \$4,500; assistant chief, \$2,250; superintendent engraving division, \$3,600.

The foregoing will serve to show many of the lines of work attended to in the Treasury Department, as the names of these offices explain the branch of work they are charged with attending to. There are a number of other important offices in the department that should be men-tioned, among them being the following: The Solicitor of the Treasury, or chief attorney, who receives \$4,500 per year for attending to the legal matters connected with the

lepartment.

The Commissioner of Customs, who receives \$4,000 per year and his deputy \$2,250, has charge of all accounts of the revenue from customs and disbursements, and for the building and repairing of custom houses

The Treasurer of the United States receives \$6,000 per year, assistant treasurer \$3,600, and superintendent of national banks (Red. Div.) \$3,500. The Treasurer receives and keeps the government funds, either at headquarters or in the Sub-Treasuries or government depos

itories, paying it out upon warrants drawn in accordance with the law, and pays all interest on the national debt. The Register of the Treasury is paid a salary of \$4,000 per year, and his assistant \$2,250. The Register keeps the accounts of public expenditures and receipts; receives the returns and makes out the official statements of United States commerce and navigation; receives from first comptroller and Commissioner of Customs all accounts and vouchers acted on by them and files the same.

The Comptroller of the C rrency receives \$5,000 per year and his deputy \$2,800. This bureau is charged with a general supervision of the national banks and matters connected with the issuing of paper

The Director of the Mint receives \$4,500 per annum, and is charged with a general supervision over all the coinage of the govern ment

Comptrollers. The first and second comptrollers are paid a salary of \$,000 per year, and each of their deputies receive \$2,700. The first comptroller revises and certifies the accounts of the civil and diplomatic service and public lands. The second comptroller revises and certifies the accounts of the army and navy and of the Pension and Indian Bureaus.

Auditors. There are six auditors connected with the Treasury Auditors. There are six auditors connected with the Treasury Department, each of whom receives a salary of \$3,600 per year, and is allowed a deputy at a salary of \$2,250 per annum. No one auditor takes rank over another. The first auditor receives and adjusts the accounts of the revenue and disbursements, appropriations and expenditures on account of the civil list and under special acts of Congress, reporting the balances to the commissioners of the customs and first comptroller respectively for heir decision. The second auditor devotes most of his attention to army affairs; looks after all the accounts relating to the pay, clothing and recruiting of the army; the arsenals, armories and ord-nance; all accounts relating to the Indian Department; reporting to the second comptroller. The third auditor has all accounts for sustenance of the army military reades for tifestions quarter. of the army, military academy, military roads, fortifications, quarter master's department, certain pensions, claims arising for military servmaster's department, certain pensions, claims arising for initiary serv-ice previous to 1817; for all property lost in the military service; he reports also to the second comptroller. The fourth auditor also reports to the second comptroller, and attends to all accounts of the service connected with the navy. The fifth auditor reports to the first comptroller, and adjusts all accounts connected with the diplomatic service of the Department of State. The sixth auditor adjusts all accounts grow-ing from the service of the Post Office Department.

approach of storms. There is also maintained a Civil Engineer ng Department, through the aid of which is carried out such improvements in War also has supervision over the West Point Military Academy.

The private clerk for the head of the War Department is paid \$2,000 per year; assistant secretary, \$4,500; chief clerk, \$2,750. The most of the subordinates and assistants in the War Department, except those mentioned, are officers of the Regular Army, who are paid salaries and perquisites.

The Commanding General comes next to the Secretary, and receives a salary of \$7,500 per year. He looks after the arrangement of military forces, superintends the recruiting service and discipline of the army, orders courts-martial, and in a general sense is charged with seeing to the enforcement of the laws and regulations of the army. The Adjutant-General keeps the rolls and the orders issued. The Quartermaster-General has charge of the barracks and the supplies, etc., that may be required for the army. The Commissary-General is head of the Subsist-ence Department, and has supervision over the purchasing and department of military justice. The Surgeon General is the head of the department of military justice. The Surgeon General, as the name implies, looks after the affairs of the army relating to sick, wounded, hospirequired by the department. There is also the Ordnance office, controlling ordnance stores, arsenals, armories, the manufacture of arms, etc. The Topographical office has charge of all plats and drawings of all surveys made for military purposes. Besides these there are the Inspector-General' Department and departments devoted to war records, publications, orc. In this connection it may be of interest to the general reader to

refer briefly to a few facts concerning the Regular Army. The United States is divided for this purpose into a number of military districts. The head of each department receives his general instructions and orders from headquarters. The term of service in the Regular Army is five years. The pay of private soldiers at the start is \$13 per month and rations, and this is increased according to time of service, being \$21 officers is proportioned to their rank. Colonels receive \$4,500 per year; brigad r generals, \$5,500; and major generals, \$7,500.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

The head of this department is the Secretary of the Navy, who is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum. This department is charged with the duty of attending to the construcion, armament, equipment and employment of vessels of war, as well as all other matters connected with naval affairs, and appropriations made therefor by Congress. The Secretary of the Navy has direct control of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland; issues orders to the commanders of the various squadrons; has general authority over the Marine Corps; and has control of all the several

authority over the marine corps, and has control of an the several bureaus of the Navy Department. There are a number of bureaus organized in the Navy Department for the purpose of more thoroughly handling the work, among the most important of which may be mentioned the following: Bureau of Steam Engineering; Bureau of Medicine and Surgery; Bureau of Navigaion; Bureau of Provisions and Clothing; Bureau of Yards and Docks Bureau of Ordnance; Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting; Bureau of Construction and Repair. Attached to this department are also officials or bureaus to attend to the following matters: Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C.; Museum of Hygiene; Naval Dispensary; Board of Inspection and Survey; Navy Supplies and Accounts; Naval Observa-Marine Barracks, Washory; Hydrographic Office; Library and War Records; Naval Intelligence; Nautical Almanac, etc. Rear-admirals in the Navy are paid \$6,000 per year; commodores,

\$5,000; captains, \$4,500; lieutenant-commanders, \$3,000; medical direct-ors (rank of captains), \$4,400; medical inspectors (rank of commanders), \$4,400; pay directors (rank of captains), \$4,400; pay inspectors (rank of commanders), of commanders), \$4,400, In the Engineer Corps the chief engineers are also paid \$4,400 per year.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

This is one of the most important branches of the National Govern-President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum. The Post Office Department has supervision over the execution of all laws passed by Congress affecting the postal service, and has general supervision over everything relating to the gathering, carrying and distribution of United States mails; superintends the distribution and disposal of all moneys belonging to, or appropriated for, the department; and the instruction of and supervision over all persons in the postal service, with reference o their duties.

In providing for handling the general work of the Post Office Department i has been found necessary to create fouri ureaus, or offices, as they are termed, each of which is presided over by an assistant post-master-general, who each receive \$4,000 per annum; are all subject to the direction and supervision of the head of the department. A review of these various bureaus and their principal officials, with the name of the office, will show very clearly the work handled by each.

The first assistant postmaster-general is allowed a chief clerk at \$2,000 per year; superintendent of post office supplies, \$2,000; superintendent free delivery division, \$3,000; chief division of salaries and allowances, \$2,200; superintendent money order system, \$3,500; superntendent Dead Letter Office, \$2,500; chief division of correspondence, \$1,800.

The second assistant postmaster-general has charge of a number of divisions, indicated by the following officials who are under his control superintendent of railway adjustments, at \$2,000 per year; chief of ection division \$2,000: chief of mail equipment d vision \$1 general superintendent railway mail service, \$3,500; superintendent

the Senate. He has no vote in the Senate, except in cases of a tie, or an equal division of the members of that body. The Vice-President administers the oath of office to the Senators.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

The head of this department is the Secretary of State, who is appointed by the President as a member of the Cabinet, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per year. The law provides that in case the office of President becomes vacant, through the death, removal or resignation of both the President and Vice-President, the Secretary of State assumes the duties of the Presidency. The Secretary of State may be said to be the official Secretary of the President, and countersigns all commissions issued by the President.

The Secretary of State is the head of the Department of State and is the chief diplomatic officer of the United States. In his department and under his supervision is conducted the public business relating to foreign affairs; to correspondence, commissions or instructions to or with public Ministers from the United States : or to negotiations with Ministers from foreign public Ministers, or to memorials or other applications from foreigners, or foreign public Ministers, or citizens of this country in foreign lands, or complications arising therefrom. The Secretary of State also has charge of all other business connected with foreign affairs, extradition matters and diplomatic officers; furnishing passports to vessels going to foreign countries, etc., and has charge of the Great Seal of the United States.

Connected with the Department of State and forming a part of it in the great work of performing and caring for the duties outlined are the following bureaus:

The Diplomatic Bureau, which looks after the affairs pertaining to foreign governments. The Consular Bureau, correspondence with consulates.

The Bureau of Indexes and Archives, the duties of which are to open the official mails, prepare an abstract of the daily correspondence and an index of it, and superintend miscellaneous work of department.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

The War Department was organized in August, 1789. The head of this department is known as the Secretary of War; is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum. The War Department attends to the execution of all laws affecting the Regular Army, and carries out and performs such duties as may be provided for by law or directed by the President relative to military forces, military commissions and the warlike stores of the United States. In former years this department also had charge of Indian as well as military affairs, but this has been transferred to the Department of the Interior. The War Department is also required, among other duties, to maintain the signal service and provide for taking meteorological observations at various points on the continent, and give telegraphic notice of the

foreign mails, \$3,000. The third assistant postmaster-general has charge of the postage The chief of the former stamp division and the finance division. The chief of the former receives \$2,550 per annum, and of the latter \$2,000 per year.

The fourth assistant postmaster-general has control of a number of divisions, as indicated by the following officials who are under his supervision, viz.: Chief of the division of appointments, who is paid \$2,000 per annum; chief of the division of bonds and commissions, \$2,000; chief post office inspector, \$3,000; and the division of mail depre-dations dations.

Besides the various chiefs of divisions mentioned above there are connected with the Post Office Department a law clerk, at \$2,500 per year; appointment clerk, at \$1,800; assistant attorney-general, \$4,000; superintendent and disbursing clerk, \$2,100; and a topographer, at \$2,500 per annum.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

The Interior Department is under the immediate control of the Secretary of the Interior. He is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per year. In this department, as the name implies, is affairs, and, like most of the public business relating to domestic or internal affairs, and, like most of the other executive departments, it is divided into a number of subdivisions and branches. The Secretary of the Interior a humber of subdivisions and branches. The Secretary of Internet is charged with a general supervision over public business connected with the following branches, viz.: 1st. The census of the United States. 2d. All matters connected with public lands. 3d. Everything relating to the Indians or Indian affairs. 4th. All matters concerning pensions or bounty lands. 5th. The issuance and filing of patents and caveats. 6th. The custody and distribution of publications. 7th. The compila-tion of statistic relating to educational matters in the various States tion of statistics relating to educational matters in the various States.

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SUPPLEMENT IV.

DIGEST OF THE SYSTEM OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

He also has oversight over several of the Government's charitable and benevolent institutions. For the purpose of handling properly the business connected with most of the subjects mentioned, there are bureaus organized for the purpose.

The salaries paid to the principal officials connected with the Interior Department are as follows: First assistant secretary of the interior, \$4,500 per year; assistant secretary, \$4,000; chief clerk, \$2,750; assistant attorney-general (Dept. of Interior), \$5,000; commissioner of the General Land Office, \$5,000; commissioner of Indian affairs, \$4,000; superintendent of Indian schools, \$3,000; commissioner of the Pension Office, \$5,000; medical referee, \$3,000; commissioner of railroads, \$4,500; commissioner of the Patent Office, \$5,000; commissioner of the Education Office, \$3,000; director of geological surveys, \$6,000; superintendent of the Census Office, \$6,000.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

This department was formerly connected with the Interior Department, but in 1889 it was reorganized and made independent, and the Secretary of Agriculture was made a member of the Cabinet. The head of this department is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum.

The general duty and design of the Department of Agriculture is to acquire and diffuse among the people of the United States useful information on subjects connected with agriculture in the most general and comprehensive sense of that word, and to procure, propagate and distribute among the people new and valuable seeds and plants. The following is a list of the chief officials connected with the

The following is a list of the chief officials connected with the Department of Agriculture and their salaries, and the list will also serve to indicate the various lines of work handled by and the various duties which devolve upon the department, viz.: Assistant secretary of agriculture receives \$4,500 per annum; chief of Weather Bureau, \$4,500; chief of Bureau of Animal Industry, \$3,000; statistician, \$2,500; chemist, \$2,500; entomologist, \$2,500; botanist, \$2,500; cnithologist, \$2,500; chief of forestry division, \$2,000, pomologist, \$2,500; chief of vegetable pathology division, \$2,000, microscopist, \$2,500; director of office of experimental stations, \$25,000; chief division of accounts, \$2,500; chief of division of records and editing, \$2,500; chief of division of illustrations and engravings, \$2,000; horticulturist, \$2,500.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE,

The head of the Department of Justice is the Attorney-General, who is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$8,000 per annum. The principal assistant of the Attorney-General is the Solicitor-General, who receives \$7,000 per year. There are a number of assistant attorney-generals who receive \$5,000 per annum, and a special assistant attorney-general is appointed for nearly all of the various departments, including the Treasury, State, Post Office and Interior Departments. Besides these there are a number of special officials connected with the Department of Justice, such as examiner of titles, who receives \$2,750 per annum; superintendent of buildings, \$2,500; appointment and disbursing clerk, \$2,000, and attorney in charge of pardons, \$2,400.

pardons, \$2,400. The Attorney-General is the legal adviser of the President, and it is the duty of the Department of Justice to give all opinions and render all services requiring the skill of persons learned in the law necessary to enable the President and other officers of the various Government departments to discharge their respective duties. This department is also required to prosecute or defend all suits or proceedings in which the United States is interested. The Attorney-General has general supervision over all the solicitors for the various departments; and also exercises general superintendence and direction over all United States marshals and United States district attorneys of all the districts of the United States and Territories.

INDEPENDENT DEPARTMENTS.

There are several independent departments, which, although none of them are as important as the foregoing, and their heads are not Cabinet members, yet they form a very necessary part and attend to very important branches of the National Government. Government Printing Office. The head of this branch of public

Government Printing Office. The head of this branch of public work is the Public Printer, who is appointed by the President, and receives a salary of \$4,500 per year. His chief clerk is paid \$2,400 per year, and there is a foreman of printing and a foreman of binding, each of whom receive \$2,100 per annum.

each of whom receive \$2,100 per annum. Civil Service Commission. This commission consists of three commissioners, each of whom are paid \$3,500 per year. The chief examiner connected with the commission is paid \$3,000 per annum, and the secretary \$2,000.

Interstate Commerce Commission. This commission was created for the purpose, and charged with the duty, of seeing that the laws regulating interstate commerce were faithfully executed and observed, and to prevent unjust discrimination on the part *st* railway corporations and common carriers. The commission consists of five commissioners appointed from different sections of the United States, each of whom receives a salary of \$7,500 per year. The secretary of the commission receives a salary of \$3,500 per annum.

Department of Labor. The general design of this department is to collect, assort and systematize statistical details relating to the different branches of labor in the United States. The head of this department is known as the Commissioner of the Department of Labor, and he is paid a salary of \$5,000 per annum. His chief clerk receives \$2,500 per year, and disbursing clerk \$1,800.

JUDICIARY.

The judicial powers of the United States are vested in the followingnamed courts, viz.: The United States Supreme Court, consisting of one chief justice and eight associate justices; the United States Court

ard of weights and measures; to declare war; to raise and support armies (but it is provided that no appropriation for this purpose can be for a longer period than for two years); to provide and maintain a navy; to grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water; to make rules for the government and regula-tion of the land and naval forces; to establish postoffices and post-roads; to promote the progress of science and the useful arts by securing for limited times, to authors and inventors, the exclusive right to their re-spective writings and discoveries; to constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court; to define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and offenses against the law of nations; to exercise exclusive legislation over the District of Columbia and places purchased for forts, magazines, arsenals, etc.; and further to make all laws necessary for the general welfare of the United States, and for "carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vested by the Constitution in the foregoing powers, and an other powers vested by the con-stitution in the Government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof." The Constitution expressly forbids Congress making any law respecting the establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press, or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances. Congress cannot suspend the privilege of the writ of *habeas corfus* except in cases of rebellion or invasion when the public safety may require it. No bill of attainder or *ex post facto* law can be passed. No tax or duty can be laid on articles exported from any State. No preference can be given by any regula-tion of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those of another. No title of nobility can be granted. Every law passed by Congress must be submitted to the President for his approval. If he returns it with his objections, or vetoes it, the measure may be passed over his veto by a two-thirds vote of both branches of Congress.

The Senate, or the "Upper House of Congress," is composed of two Senators from each State in the Union. They are elected by the Legislatures of their respective States, for the term of six years, and receive a salary of \$5,000 per annum. No person can be elected to the United States Senate who has not attained the age of thirty years, been nine years a citizen of the United States, and is when elected an inhabitant of the State from which he is chosen. The Senate has sole power to try all impeachments. Its consent and confirmation is necessary for all important officers appointed by the President. Its consent is also necessary to conclude any treaty.

The House of Representatives is the "Lower House of Congress." Each State in the Union is divided into congressional districts, of as nearly equal population as is practicable. In each district a representative is elected by the people for a term of two years, and each is paid a salary of \$5,000 per year. Besides these, a delegate from each organized Territory is admitted to the House of Representatives, who is not entitled to vote, but has the right to debate on all subjects in which the Territory which he represents has an interest. No person can be a representative who has not attained the age of twenty-five years, been for seven years a citizen of the United States, and is at the time of his election an inhabitant of the State from which he is chosen. All bills for raising revenue must originate in the House of Representatives.

STATE GOVERNMENT.

HE method of State government throughout the United States follows very closely the general plan of government that prevails in national affairs. The various functions of government in State affairs are handled in departments, with a State officer at the head of each branch, and the lines are clearly drawn between the executive, legislative and judicial powers. All the States

at the head of each branch, and the lines are clearly drawn between the executive, legislative and judicial powers. All the States are governed under a constitution, which outlines and defines the powers which each of these departments shall exercise and possess. All of the most important State officials are elected by the people, but in many of the States the less important offices are filled by appointment of the Governor, by and with the consent of the State Senate.

GOVERNOR.

The Governor is the highest executive officer in all the States of the Union, and is elected by a direct vote of the people. The term of office varies materially in the different States, ranging from two to six years. As to the matter of salary that the Governor receives, it also differs widely throughout the different States and is subject to frequent change. At the present writing two States—New York, and Pennsylvania—pay their Governors \$10,000 per year; Illinois and California both pay \$6,000 per annum; Minnesota, Indiana, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Missouri, Nevada, New Jersey, Virginia and Wisconsin all pay \$5,000 per year; Maryland pays \$4,500; Michigan, Louisiana, Mississippi, Ohio, Tennessee and Texas pay \$4,000, Florida and Arkansas pay \$3,500; Alabama, Colorado, Iowa, Kansas and North Carolina all pay \$3,000; West Virginia, \$2,700; Montana and Washington, \$2,600; the Dakotas and Nebraska, \$2,500; Connecticut, Delaware and Maine, \$2,000; Oregon, \$1,500, and New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont \$1,000. About the only statement concerning the qualifications required for this office that would be common to all the States is that he must be a citizen of the State in which he is elected. In most of the States, in addition to the salary named, the Governor is furnished with a residence, which is known as the "Executive Mansion."

known as the "Executive Mansion." The powers and duties that devolve upon the Governor are about the same in all of the States. He is charged with a general supervision over the faithful execution of the laws, and is the legal custodian of all the property of the State not specifically entrusted to other officers by law, and is authorized to take summary possession of such property. He is expected to communicate by message to each session of the State legislature such information or recommendations regarding State affairs as he may deem necessary and proper, and he is empowered to call extra sessions of that body whenever the public welfare may demand. He accounts to the same body for all moneys received and paid out, and presents estimates of amounts to be raised by taxation for various purposes. He has a negative (or veto) upon all laws passed by the Legislature, but it is provided that measures may be passed over his veto by a two-thirds vote of that body. The Governor is commander-in-chief of the State military or naval forces, and has authority to call out such forces to preserve peace and execute the laws when the local authorities are unable to accomplish this. He may require the opinion of the various State officers upon any subject relating to their respective offices, and examines and approves the bonds of State officials. In many States the Governor has power to grant reprieves and pardons, after conviction, for all offenses against the State except in cases of impeachment; but in a few of the States the pardoning power is vested in a board selected for that purpose, of which the Governor is generally ex-officio a member The Governor has the appointment of a number of State officers, and in many cases if an elective office becomes vacant he has power to fill it by appointment; has power in many States to suspend a State officer, or even a county officer, pending a legal investigation. The Governor issues requisitions upon the executives of other States for parties charged with crime who escape

ernor should devolve upon him, he shall during the continuance of such emergency be entitled to the emoluments thereof. The principal duty of the Lieutenant-Governor is to act as the presiding officer of the State Senate or Upper House of the State Legislature. In case a vacancy should occur in the office of Governor, the Lieutenant-Governor would act as Governor until such vacancy was filled by election; and in all cases where the Lieutenant-Governor is unable to act as presiding officer of the Senate, a President *pro tempore* is chosen by that body. The Lieutenant-Governor has no vote in the Senate except in cases of a tie or equal division of the members.

SECRETARY OF STATE.

The office of Secretary of State is one of the most important offices within the gift of the people of a State, and the office exists under this name in every State in the Union. The Secretary of State may be said to be the official secretary of the Governor, and countersigns all commissions issued by the chief executive, and he is the custodian of the Great Seal of the State. As a rule it is the duty of the Secretary of State to call the House of Representatives to order and preside until a temporary presiding officer, or Speaker, is elected. It is his duty to see that halls are prepared for the Legislature or General Assembly; he prepares the legislative manual and causes it to be printed and distributed; secures the printing and distribution of the State laws; indexes and files executive documents; provides and distributes election blanks; has charge of all books, bills, papers, etc., of the Legislature, and is practically "keeper of all public acts, laws, records, bonds, etc." The Secretary of State is required to keep a register of all the official acts of the Governor, and affixes the Seal of the State to all official commissions. etc., keeps a record of them, and is obliged to give any person a copy of the same when demanded. In all of the State the Secretary of State is *ex-officio* member of a number of the official State boards, but no list of thes could be given that would apply to all States, as they are different in the various States.

STATE AUDITOR.

The office of Auditor of State exists under one name or another in rearly every State in the Union. The title of this office, however, is not alike in all the States, as in many of them, notably California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, Nevada, New Jersey, New York, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and a few others, it is known as State Comptroller. In a few of the States, including Michigan and Pennsylvania, the office is called Auditor-General, and in two of the States the public accounts are audited by a Board of Auditors. In all the States, however, the duties that devolve upon this branch of the State government are practically the same, and a general explanation of the scope of work handled by the State Auditor in one State will apply, except as regards minor details, to all of the States. It is the duty of the State Auditor to keep the accounts of the State. He audits the accounts of all public officers, corporations and individuals having accounts with his State. He audits the accounts of all public officers who are to be paid out of the State Treasury. In fact, all claims against the State which are to be paid out of the State Treasury. In fact, all claims against the State which are to be paid out of the State Treasury. A complete record of each warrant is kept by the Auditor, who also keeps an account with the State Treasury must balance therewith, as settlements are made between these two officers at stated intervals. In a number of the States the Auditor, is charged with a general supervision over certain corporations, such as insurance and banking corporations and building and loan associations, and in some States is *ex-officio* a member of a number of judgments and assignments thereof in behalf of the State.

STATE TREASURER.

This is one of the most important executive offices in the gift of the people of a State. The State Treasurer handles vast sums of the people's money, and as a rule a very heavy bond, ranging from \$500,000 up into the millions, is required of him; and generally the Governor is empowered to demand additional bonds if he deems the bond insufficient to fully protect the State.

The duties of the State Treasurer are implied by the title of the office, and they are very much the same throughout all of the States of the Union. The State Treasurer is custodian of all the State funds. He deposits these funds in banks, which give bonds to secure the Treasurer or State against loss, and which pay interest on daily balances. The Treasurer pays out State funds only on warrants issued or signed by the State Auditor, or other proper official, and a full record of all warrants is kept in both the auditing office and Treasurer's office. The plan by which the Treasurer receives the revenues of the State is different in different States. In some States the Auditor issues an order for him to receive the same and charges the amount against the Treasury In others he is charged with all moneys which he is entitled to receive, and then given credit for delinquencies. In still other States the Treasurer issues duplicate receipts for all moneys paid in, which must be counter-signed by the Auditor to be valid, and one of these must be deposited with the Auditor, so he may charge the amount against the Treasurer. In this way a double system is carried on—both Auditor and Treasurer keeping a full account of all moneys received and paid out, and their books and accounts must balance, as at stated intervals the Treasurer must make settlements with the Auditor and submit books, vouchers, etc., to the Legislature. In most of the States the State Treasurer is required to publish at stated times, in the newspapers at the capital, an itemized statement of the public accounts, expenditures, funds, receipts and disbursements. He is also required to make a complete report and itemized statement to each session of the Legislature. In nearly all of itemized statement to each session of the Legislature. In nearly all of the States the law is very explicit in outlining the duties of the State Treasurer, the following being very common provisions in relation to the office, viz.: That a complete record of all moneys must be kept, showing what is received or paid out of the various "funds," which "funds" must be exhibited in separate accounts. In several of the States the Governor and one or two other State officials constitute a beard which must at certain times even in a check in the several board, which must at certain times examine and check up the accounts, books and vouchers of the State Treasurer and ascertain the amount of funds in the Treasury.

one chief justice and eight associate justices; the United States Court of Claims, which consists of one chief justice and four judges; the United States Circuit Court of Appeals; and the United States Circuit and District Courts. All judges of United States Courts are appointed for life, or during "good behavior." The chief justice of the United States Supreme Court receives a salary of \$10,500 per annum, and the associate justices \$10,000 each. The circuit judges receive a salary of \$6,000 each per annum, district judges \$5,000, and judges of the Court of Claims \$4,500 each per year.

¬The jurisdiction of the United States Courts extends to all cases in law and in equity arising under the Constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States; between a State and a citizen of another State; between citizens of different States; between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls, and those in which a State is a party the Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction. In the other cases the Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The legislative powers of the United States are vested in a Congress, which consists of a Senate and House of Representatives, and which meets annually at Washington on the first Monday of December. The constitution gives to Congress the following general powers: To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises; pay the debts of the United States; borrow money on the credit of the United States; to regulate commerce; to establish uniform laws on naturalization and bankruptcy; to coin money and regulate the value thereof; fix the stand-

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

The office of Lieutenant-Governor does not exist in all of the States in the Union, at least not under this name, as in a few of the States this officer is only known as the President of the State Senate. In some of the States the Lieutenant-Governor is paid a certain amount per day during sessions of the Legislature or General Assembly, and in others he is allowed a fixed salary, but it is provided that if the duties of Gov-

ATTORNEY-GENERAL,

The Attorney-General, as the name implies, is the general legal counsel or lawyer for the various branches of the State government. In all of the States the powers and duties of the Attorney-General are very similar. It is his duty to appear for the State in all actions and proceedings in the Supreme Court in which the State has an interest; to institute and prosecute in all courts all actions, either for or against a State officer, in which the State has an interest; to consult with and advise the various county or state's attorneys in matters relating to their official duties, and when public interest requires he assists them in criminal prosecutions. It is his duty to consult with and advise the Governor and other State officers, and give, when requested, written opinions on legal or constitutional questions relating to their official duties, and to give written opinions when requested by the Legislature or any committee thereof. It is also his duty \supset prepare, when necessary, drafts for contracts or other writings relating to subjects in which the State is interested. He is required to enforce the proper application of funds appropriated to the various State institutions, and prosecute breaches of trust in the administration of the same; and when

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SUPPLEMENT V.

DIGEST OF THE SYSTEM OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

necessary prosecute corporations for failure or refusal to comply with the laws; to prosecute official bonds of delinquent officers or corporations in which the State has an interest. The Attorney-General is required to keep a record of all actions, complaints, opinions, etc.

STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUB-LIC INSTRUCTION.

This is an office which exists in nearly every State in the Union. In three or four of the States the management of the educational interests of the State is vested in a State Board of Education, but in these cases the secretary of the board assumes most of the detail work that in most of the States devolve upon the State Superintendent. The full title given to this office is not the same in all of the States, but it is generally called "State Superintendent of Public Instruction or Public Schools." In Ohio, Maine and Rhode Island, and a few others, the office is termed "Commissioner of Schools."

The duties of the State Superintendent are very much alike in all of the States, as he is charged with a general supervision over the educational interests of the State and of the public schools. In many States his authority is not limited to the public schools, and he is authorized by law to demand full reports from all colleges, academies or private schools. It is his duty to secure at regular intervals reports from all such educational institutions and file all papers, reports and documents transmitted to him by local or county school officers. He is the general adviser and assistant of the various county superintendents or school officers, to whom he must give, when requested, his written opinion upon questions arising under the school law. It is also his duty to hear and determine controversies arising under the school laws coming to him by appeal from a county superintendent or school official. He prepares and distributes school registers, school blanks, etc., and is generally given the power to make such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry into efficient and uniform effect the provisions of the laws relating to schools. The State Superintendent is required to make a detailed report to each regular session of the State Legislature, showing an abstract of the common school reports; a statement of the condition of public schools and State educational institutions; the amount of money collected and expended, and all other matters relating to the schools or school funds that have been reported to him. He is forbidden from becoming interested in the sale of any school furniture, book or apparatus.

STATE LIBRARIAN.

In nearly all of the States the laws provide for a State officer under the title of "State Librarian." As a rule the office is filled by appointment of the Governor, although in a few States it is an elective office and is filled by direct vote of the people. The State Librarian is the custodian of all the books and property belonging to the State Library, and is required to give a bond for the proper discharge of his duties and safekeeping of the property intrusted to his care, as in many of the States the State Library is an immensely important and valuable collection. In some of the States the Supreme Court judges prescribe all library rules and regulations. In others they have a Library Board of Trustees, which is sometimes made up of the Governor and certain other State officials, who constitute a board of commissioners for the management of the State Library.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

In nearly all of the States provision is made for an Adjutant-General, who is either elected by the people or appointed by the Governor. The name of the office implies the branch of work which is handled by its incumbent. It is the duty of the Adjutant-General to issue and transmit all orders of the Commander-in-Chief with reference to the militia or military organizations of the State. Hekeeps a record of all military officers commissioned by the Governor, and of all general and special orders and regulations issued, and of all other matters relating to the men, property, ordnance, stores, camp and garrison equipage pertaining to the State military forces.

PUBLIC EXAMINER OR BANK EXAMINER.

This is a State office that is found in only about one-half of the States. In some States it is known as Bank Comptroller and in others the duties which devolve upon this officer are handled by a "department" in the State Auditor's office. The general duties and plan of conducting this work, in many respects, is very similar, but there is a great difference between the various States in the officers who attend to it. Where this is made a separate State office, generally speaking, the requirements are that he must be a skilled accountant and expert bookkeeper, and cannot be an officer of any of the public institutions, nor interested in any of the financial corporations which it may be his duty to examine. He is charged with the duty of visiting and inspecting the financial accounts and standing of certain corporations and institutions organized under the State laws. In several of the States it is also made his duty to visit certain county officials at stated intervals, and inspect their books and accounts, and e force a uniform system of bookkeeping by State and county officers.

COMMISSIONER OR SUPERINTENDENT OF INSURANCE.

In all of the States of the Union the department relating to insurance has grown to be an important branch of State government. The method of controlling the insurance business differs materially in many of the States, although they are all gradually moving in the same direction, viz., creating a department or State office in which all matters relating to insurance and insurance companies are attended to. In former years, in nearly all of the States, the insurance business formed a department in the State Auditor's office, and was handled by him or his appointees. Now, however, in nearly all the Northern States and many of the Southern States, they have a separate and distinct insurance department, the head of which is either elected by the people or appointed by the Governor. The duties and powers of the insurance department of the various States are very similar. A general provision is that the head of this department must be experienced in insurance matters, and he is prohibited from holding an interest in any insurance company. The Commissioner or Superintendent of Insurance has extensive powers concerning insurance matters, and it is his duty to see that all laws respecting and regulating insurance and insurance companies, and it is his duty to revoke the license of any company not conforming to the law. Reports are made to him at stated times by the various companies, and he has power to examine fully into their condition, assets, etc. He files in his office the various documents relating to insurance companies, together with their statements, etc., and at regular intervals makes full reports to the Governor or Legislature.

OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

In all of the States there exist one or more other State officers in addition to those already mentioned, which are made necessary by local condition or local business interests. It is, therefore, unnecessary to mention any of these at length in this article. It may be stated, however, that in all of the States may be found two or more of the following State officers, and further, that each one of the following-named officers is found in some State in the Union, viz.: Superintendent or commissioner of agriculture, commissioner of mines, secretary of agricultural board, secretary of internal affairs, clerk and reporter of the Supreme Court, commissioner of railways, commissioner of immigration, State printer, State binder, land agent or commissioner, commissioner, register or superintendent of State land office, register of lands, commissioner of schools and lands, surveyor-general, inspector-general, State oil inspector, dairy commissioner.

STATE BOARD'S.

Besides the officers and departments which have already been mentioned, there are a number of State boards or bureaus that are necessary in carrying on the complex business connected with the government of a State. The following list of such State boards and bureaus includes all that can be found in the majority of the States; some of them, kowever, are only found in a few of the States, because they are of a local nature and are only made necessary by the existence of certain local conditions or business interests. It will also be observed that some of the boards named cover the same line of work that has already been mentioned as belonging to some State officer. This grows from the fact that a few of the States place the management of certain lines of work in the hands of a State board, while in others, instead of having a State board they delegate the powers and duties to a single State official. All of the States, however, have a number of the State board s mentioned in this list, the names of which imply the line of work each attends to, viz.: Railroad and warehouse commissioners, board or commissioners of public charities, canal commissioners, pend or commissioners, board of health, dental examiners, trustees of historical library, board of pharmacy, commission of claims, live stock commissioners, fish commissioners inspectors of coal mines, labor commissioners, board of education, board of public works, board of pardons, assessment commissioners.

LEGISLATURE OR GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

The law-making power of every State is termed the "Legislative Department." The legislative power, according to the constitutions of the various States, is vested in a body termed the Legislature or General Assembly, which consists of an Upper and Lower House, designated usually as the Senate and House of Representatives. In a few of the States the Lower House is called "The Assembly." In most of the States the Legislature meets in regular sessions every two years, but this is not the universal rule, as in a few of the States the law provides for annual sessions. In all of the States, however, a provision is made whereby the Governor may, on extraordinary occasions, call a special session by issuing a proclamation. The Legislative Department has the power to pass all such laws as

The Legislative Department has the power to pass all such laws as may be necessary for the welfare of the State, and carry into effect the provisions of the constitution. The Legislature receives the reports of the Governor, together with the reports of the various other State officers; they provide by appropriation for the ordinary and contingent expenses of the government; at regular times provided by law they apportion the State into political districts, and make all other provisions for carrying on the State government. There is a general prohibition against the passage of any *ex post facto* law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or making any irrevocable grant of special privileges or immunities. Any measure to become a law must be passed by both branches of the Legislature, and then be presented to the Governor for his approval. If he withholds his approval (or vetoes it), the measure may be repassed by a two-thirds vote of the Legislature, when it will become a law notwithstanding the Governor's veto.

SENATE.

The Senate is the Upper House of the Legislature or General Assembly. The various States are divided into senatorial districts, in each of which a Senator is elected—the term of office varying from two to four years. Except in three or four of the States the presiding officer of the Senate is the Lieutenant-Governor, although a President *pro tem*. is usually elected, who acts as presiding officer during the absence of the Lieutenant-Governor. The presiding officer has no vote, however, in the Senate, except when that body is equally divided. Every Senator has one vote upon all questions, and the right to be heard in advocating or opposing the passage of any measure brought before the Legislature. In filling all of the most important State offices that are to be appointed by the Governor, the appointments must be approved or confirmed by the Senate.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The Lower House of the State Legislature, in nearly if not quite all the States of the Union, is termed the House of Representatives. Like the Senators, every member of the House has the right to be heard in advocating or opposing any measure brought before the body of which he is a member. The House is given the sole power of impeachment, but all impeachments must be tried by the Senate. As a general rule, there is a provision that all bills for raising revenue must originate in the House.

JUDICIARY.

that arises from such vast and complex business interests. The various courts are also provided with the necessary officials for carying on the judicial business—such as clerks of court, court reporters, builiffs, etc.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT.

O far as the principal county offices are concerned, the general arrangement and method of handling the public business is very much the same in all of the States; but the offices are called by different names, and in minor details—such as transferring from one office to another certain minor lines of work—there are a number of points in which the method of county government in the various States differs. The writer has adopted the names of the principal county offices which are most common in the Northern States, as in the Southern and New England States there are scarcely any two States in which the names or titles of all the county offices are identical.

AUDITING OFFICE AND CLERK OF THE COUNTY BOARD.

Generally the principal auditing officer of the county is known as the "county auditor" or "county clerk." In Illinois, Kansas, Missouri, Wisconsin and many other States the office is called "county clerk." In Indiana, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, Ohio and others it is termed "county auditor." In a few of the States under certam conditions this office is merged with some other county office. A notable example of this is in the State of Michigan, where they have one official, under the simple title of "clerk," who looks after about all of the work which in most of the States devolves upon both the county clerk and also clerk of court. In all of the States a bond in a moderate sum is required of the county clerk or auditor, and he is paid a salary of from \$1,500 to \$3,500 per year, besides in some States being allowed certain fees, unless it is in a very large and heavily populated county, where the salary paid is of necessity much higher than this amonnt. No county treasurer or member of the county board is eligible to this office. In general terms it may be stated as a rule the auditor acts as the clerk or secretary of the official county board, although in a few of the States the court clerk is required to look after this matter. The clerk of the county board keeps an accurate record of the board's proceedings and carefully preserves all documents, records, books, maps and papers which may be brought before the board, or which the law provides shall be deposited in his office. In th `auditing office an accurate account is kept with the county treasurer. Ge verally they file the duplicates of the receipts given by the county treasurer, charging him with all money paid into the treasury and giving credit for all warrants paid. The general plan of paying claims against a county is as follows: If the claim is one in which the amount due is fixed by law, or is authorized to be fixed by some other person or tribunal, the auditor issues a warrant or order which is attested by the clerk. A complete record of all t

COUNTY TREASURER,

This is an office which exists in all of the States, and it is one of the most important of the various offices necessary in carrying on the business of a county. It is an elective office in all of the States, and the term of office is usually either two or four years, but a very common provision in the various States is that after serving for one term as county treasurer a party shall be ineligible to the office until the intervention of at least one term after the expiration of the term for which he was elected. This provision, however, does not exist in all of the States, as in some of them the county treasurer is eligible for re-election for any number of terms.

The general duties of the county treasurers throughout the various States is very similar. The county treasurer is the principal custodian of the funds belonging to the county. It is his duty to receive and safely keep the revenues and other public moneys of the county, and all funds authorized to be paid to him, and disburse the same pursuant to law. He is required to keep proper books of account, in which he must keep a regular, just and true account of all moneys, revenues and funds received by him, stating particularly the time, when, of whom and on what fund or account each particular sum was received; and also of all moneys, revenues and funds paid out by him according to law, stating particularly the time when, to whom and on what fund payment is made from. The books of the county treasurer must always be subject to the inspection of the county board, which, at stated intervals, examines his bod^w and makes settlements with him. In some of the States the provision f the law relating to county treasurer are very strict; some of them provide for a county board of auditors, who are expected, several times a year, to examine the funds, accounts and vouchers of the treasury without previous notice to the treasurer; and in some it is provided that this board, or the county board, shall designate a bank (or banks) in which the treasurer is required to keep the county funds deposited—the banks being required to pay interest on daily or monthly balances and give bond to indemnify the county against loss. As a general rule the county treasurer is only authorized to pay out county funds on warrants or orders issued by the chairman of the county funds on warrants or orders issued by the chairman of the

COMMISSIONER OF LABOR STATISTICS.

In several of the States a "Commissioner of Labor Statistics" is appointed by the Governor, who is the head of what may be termed the labor bureau. In a great majority of the States, however, this branch of work is taken care of by a board of labor commissioners, a bureau of statistics or by the State Auditor and his appointees. The general design of this bureau or commission is to collect, assort and systematize, and present in regular reports to the Legislature, statistical details relatingto the different departments of labor in the State, and make such recommendations as may be deemed proper and necessary concerning the commercial, industrial, social, educational and sanitary conditions of the laboring classes.

The "Judicial Department" is justly regarded as one of the most important and powerful branches of government of either the State or Nation, as it becomes the duty of this department to pass upon and interpret, and thereby either annul or give validity to all the most important measures and acts of both the legislative and executive hranches of the government.

hipotrain incasting and sets of the registrative and executive hranches of the government. It is impossible in a general article to give a detailed review or description of the construction and make-up of the judicial departments of the various States. The courts are so differently arranged both as to their make-up and jurisdiction that it would be useless to try to give the reader a general description that would accurately cover the ground.

In all of the States, except, possibly, one or two, the highest judicial authority of the State is known as the Supreme Court, and unless questions are involved which give the United States Courts jurisdiction, it is the court of last resort. The Supreme Court is made up of a chief justice and the several associate justices or judges as may be provided for by the laws of the various States, usually from four to six. Generally these officers are elected by the people, either from the State at large or (in three of the States) as representing certain districts, but this is not the case always, as in several States they are chosen by the Governor or Legislature. In all of the States the Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction both in law and in equity, and has original jurisdiction in remedial cases, mandamus, habeas corpus and cases relating to the revenue, but there is no trial by jury in this court.

but there is no trial by jury in this court. Various other courts are provided for by the laws of the different States, such as appellate courts, circuit or district courts, probate courts, county courts, superior courts, municipal courts, courts of justices of the peace, etc. The jurisdiction of all these courts is, of course, inferior to that of the Supreme Court, and varies greatly in the different States. Besides these, where there are large cities, various other courts are also established to aid in caring for the enormous amount of judicial work

out county funds on warrants or orders issued by the chairman of the county board and attested by the clerk, or in certain cases on warrants or orders of the county auditing office. A complete record of these warrants or orders is kept, and the treasurer's accounts must balance therewith. In most of the States the law is very explicit in directing how the books and accounts of the county treasurer shall be kept.

COUNTY RECORDER OR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

In a few of the States the office of county recorder or register of deeds is merged with some other county office, in counties where the population falls below a certain amount. A notable example of this is found in both the States of Illinois and Missouri (and there are others), where it is merged with the office of circuit clerk in many counties. The title of the joint office is "circuit clerk and recorder," and the duties of both offices are looked after by one official.

both offices are looked after by one official. The duties of the county recorder or register of deeds are very similar in the various States, although in some of the Eastern and Southern States the office is called by other names. The usual name, however, is county recorder or register of deeds. In Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Ohio and many other States, it is called "county recorder." In Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, North Dakota, Wisconsin and many more it is called "register of deeds." In all of the States this office is the repository wherein are kept all records relating to deeds, mortgages, transfers and contracts affecting lands within the county. It is the duty of the recorder or register, as soon as practical after the filing of any instrument in writing in his office entitled to be recorded, to record the same at length, in the order of the time of its reception, in books provided by the county for that purpose; and it is his duty to endorse on all instruments a certificate of the time when the same was filed. All of the States have *some* of the following provisions concerning the duties of the recorder, but these provisions are not common to *all* of the States, viz. The register or recorder is not allowed to record an instrument of

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SUPPLEMENT VI.

DIGEST OF THE SYSTEM OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

any kind unless it is duly executed according to law; he is not obliged any kind timess it is duly executed according to fave, he is not oblight to record any instrument unless his fees are paid in advance; as a rule, it is unlawful for him to record any map, plat or subdivision of land situated within any incorporated city, town or village until it is approved by the proper officers of the same. In many States he is forbidden to enter a deed on the records until it has been endorsed "taxes paid" by the proper official; he is required to exhibit, free of charge, all records, and allow copies to be made; he is authorized to administer oaths and take acknowledgments.

CIRCUIT OR DISTRICT CLERK, OR CLERK OF COURT.

In nearly all of the States, each county elects a "clerk of court or courts," sometimes also known as circuit clerk or district clerk, indicating the court with which the office is connected. In some of the States, as has already been stated, the office of clerk of court is merged with some other county office. This is the case in Illinois and Missouri, where in many counties it is connected with the office of county recorder. In Michigan, one official under the name of "clerk" handles the busi-merged with the office of county clerk or ness which usually is given to the clerk of court and county clerk or auditor. In Wisconsin, Missouri, Illinois and other States the name used is "circuit clerk;" in Kansas, Minnesota, North Dakota and many others the office is called "clerk of district court;" while in many of the States, including Indiana, Ohio, Iowa and others, it is called simply "clerk" or "clerk of the court or courts."

The chief duty of this official is to act as clerk of the district or circuit court, and sometimes other courts of inferior jurisdiction. It is the clerk's duty to keep the seals and attend the sessions of their respective courts, preserve all the files and papers thereof, make, keep and pre-serve complete records of all the proceedings and determinations there-of, and carry out such other duties as may be required by the rules and orders of their respective courts. They must enter of record all judg-ments, decrees and orders of the court as soon as possible after they are rendered; keep all indictments on file as a public record, have authority to administer oaths, take acknowledgments; take and certify deposi-tions, and are required to exhibit all records free of charge. In nearly all the States the law defines the character of the record books which an the states the law dennes the character of the record books which the clerk of court must keep. Although there is no settled rule in this matter, the general provisions are that he shall keep: First, a general docket or register of actions, in which is entered the title of each action in the order in which they are commenced, and a description of each paper filed in the cause and all proceedings therein; second, a plain-tiffs index and detendant's index: third a indement book and execution paper nieu in the cause and all proceedings therein; second, a plain-tiff's index and det endant's index; third, a judgment book'and execution docket, in which he enters the judgment in each action, time of issung execution, satisfaction, etc., and such other books as the courts or the laws m² rescribe.

SHERIFF.

SHERIFF. In all of the States the office of sheriff is one of the most important of the county offices. The term of office varies in different States, being usually either two or four years; and in several of the States one party cannot hold the office a second term consecutively. The general pro-visions outlining the duties pertaining to this office are very much alike in the various States, and the following *resume* of his duties may be said to apply to all of the various States except in a few minor and unim-portant details. The sheriff is charged with the duty of keeping and preserving the peace in his county; or, as has been written, "he is the conservator of peace," and it is his duty to keep the same, suppress riots, affrays, fighting, breaches of the peace and prevent crime, and may arrest offenders "on view" and cause them to be brought before the proper magistrate; and to do this, or to execute any writ, warrant, process, order or decree, he may call to his aid when necessary any per-son or the "power of the county." It is the duty of the sheriff to serve and execute within his county, and return, all writs, warrants, process, orders and decrees of every description that may be legally directed and delivered to him. He is a court officer, and it is his duty to attend, either in person or by deputy, all courts of record held in his county; by virtue of his office he has custody of the jail. It is his duty to pursue and apprehend felons and persons charged with crime and has custody of prisoners. He is not allowed to purchase any property exposed for sale by him as sheriff.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OR COMMISSIONER OF SCHOOLS.

This is an office which exists under one name or another in nearly every State in the Union. The title of the office in a great majority of the States is "county superintendent," but in Michigan, Missouri, Ohio, The states is county superintendent, but in Mitchigan, Missouri, Ohio, New York, and possibly one or two other States, the office is termed "school commissioner," and in several of the States the laws provide for a board of county examiners or school commissioners, who are given considerable of the work that in most of the other States is handled by the courty superintendent. The name of this office implies the duties which devolve upon i

and they are very much alike in all of the States. The incumbent of this office is charged with a general supervision over the schools of the county, and must be a fitting person as to education and moral character. As a rule it is their duty to examine and license teachers, but in a few of the States provision is made for a board of examiners. County superintendents are required to visit and inspect the schools at regular intervals, and give such advice and instruction to teachers as may be intervals, and give such advice and instruction to teachers as may be deemed necessary and proper. They are required to organize and con-duct institutes for the instruction of teachers if deemed necessary, and encourage teachers' associations. They introduce to the notice of teachers and the people the best modes of instruction, the most "pproved plans of building and ventilating school-houses, etc., stimu-ate school officers to the prompt and proper discharge of their duties. They receive reports from the various school officers, and transmit an abstract of these reports to the State Superintendent, adding a report of abstract of these reports to the State Superintendent, adding a report of the condition of the schools under their charge. In nearly all the States the condition of the schools under their charge. In nearly all the States they are forbidden having any interest in the sale of any school furni-ture, apparatus or books used in the schools. In many States they have authority to annul a teacher's certificate for proper cause, and in general to take such steps and enforce such methods as will elevate and make more efficient the schools under their control.

to the county board or other county officers in relation to their official luvies; to attend, if possible, all preliminary examinations of criminals When requested, he is required to attend sessions of the grand jury examine witnesses in their presence, give legal advice and see that proper subpœnas and processes are issued; draw up indictments and prosecute the same. The county attorney is required, when requested by the Attorney-General, to appear for the State in cases in his county in which the State is interested. The county attorney makes an annual report to his superior State officer of all the criminal cases prosecuted by him.

PROBATE OR COUNTY JUDGE.

The method of handling probate matters is not uniform throughout the various States. In many States the higher courts are given juris liction over probate matters, and in others they have created districts in which are held probate courts, whose jurisdiction extends over several counties and takes in other matters besides purely probate affairs. In a majority of the States, however, particularly the Western and Northern States, they elect a county or a probate judge, who holds court and handles the probate matters which arise within his county. The jurisdiction of these county or probate courts is not always confined ex-clusively to probate affairs, being frequently extended to many other affairs, adoptions, minors, etc. In some of the States they have both a county judge and a probate judge, and in these cases the jurisdiction of he latter is confined to such matters as are in line with probate affairs. In Missouri they have a probate judge, and also a county court, com-posed of county judges, in whom the corporate powers of the county are vested—as the official county board. In Michigan they have a probate judge and a probate register. The probate judge is generally given original jurisdiction in all matters of probate, settlement of tors and settlement of their accounts. They take proof of wills, direct the administration of estates, grant and revoke letters testamentary and of administration, appoint and remove guardians, etc.

COUNTY SURVEYOR.

This is an office which is common to nearly all of the states. It is the duty of the county surveyor to execute any survey which may be ordered by any court, or upon application of any individual or corpora-tion, and preserve a record of the surveys made by him. Nearly all of the States provide that certain records shall be kept by the county surveyor, and provide penalties for his failure to place on record the surveys made by him. While he is the official county surveyor, yet the surveys made by him are not conclusive, but may be reviewed by any competent tribunal, and the correctness thereof may be disputed.

COUNTY CORONER.

This is another county office which exists in nearly all of the States. In the average county there is not much work for the coroner, but in the counties in which large cities are located the office is a very import tant one. In general terms it may be stated that the coroner is required to hold inquests over the bodies of persons supposed to have met with violent or unnatural deaths. In most States he has power to impanel a jury to enquire into the cause of death; but in some of them this is not the case, and he is given power to act alone. He can subpœna witnesses; administer oaths; in certain cases provide for a decent burial, and can bind over to the proper court any person implicated in the killing of the deceased.

OTHER COUNTY OFFICES.

The county offices that have already been mentioned are the prin-cipal ones found in all of the States. There are, however, a few other county officials besides those mentioned which exist in many of the States, and which should be briefly mentioned in this connection. These are such offices as county physician, county assessor, county collector, county poor commissioner or superintendent of the county-poor-house, master in chancery or court commissioner, county examiners, board of equalization, board of review, etc. The names of these offices imply the duties. These offices do not exist in all of the States, but in nearly every State the law provides for one or more of these county officials.

COUNTY BOARD.

The powers of every county as a body politic and corporate are vested in a county board. This official county board is generally termed the county "board of supervisors," or "board of commissioners," but there are some exceptions to this, like Missouri, where the county board is known as the "county court." There is considerable difference in the make-up of the county board in the various States. In some it is made up of one member from each township in the county. In others the counties are divided into districts, and one member of the county board is chosen from each district. No general description of this could be given that would be accurate, as some of the States follow both of these plans. For instance, in Illinois some of the counties are governed by a board of supervisors, which is made up of one member from each township, while other counties in the same State are governed by a board of county commissioners, consisting of three or more members, each rep-resenting districts into which the counties in question are divided.

The general powers of the county board throughout of all the States is about the same, except in minor details. It represents the legislative and corporate powers of the county. One of their number is always chosen as chairman or president, and acts as the presiding officer. county board has general charge over the affairs of the county. It is their duty to provide county offices, provide desks, stationery, books, fuel, etc.; examine, investigate and adjust claims against the county, and have general care and custody of all the real and personal estate owned by the county. At regular intervals they settle with the county treasurer; examine accounts and vouchers. They locate county roads; determine the amount of county tax, and regularly publish a statement of their proceedings; make statements of receipts, expenditures, etc.;

ing various executive officers and a township board in which the corporate and legislative powers, of the township are vested. In other states they follow a plan which reserves to the people all corporate and legislative powers, and therefore have no need for a township board, but have various other township officers to carry out the wishes and orders of the voters. Where this plan prevails they hold what is generally termed "town meetings," at which every legal voter of the towntownship officials, and the necessary measures are adopted and directions given for carrying on the township business.

Still other States combine good features from both of the plans above mentioned, and besides the other usual township officials they maintain a township board, which is given certain restricted powers such as those of a review or an auditing board, but they are not vested with the complete corporate and legislative powers of the township, this being reserved in a large measure to the voters, and all questions calling for the exercise of such authority are acted upon at the town meetings. In many of the States the township board just described is made up of three or more of the other township officers, who are ex-officio members of the township board, and they meet at certain times, perform the work required of them, and report to the town meetings.

The principal officials in township organizations in nearly all the States are the following: "Supervisors, or trustees," "clerk," "treas-urer," "assessor," "collector," "justices of the peace," "constables," "overseers, supervisors or commissioners of the highways," and "pound-masters," although as has been stated, many of the States do not have all of these officials. all of these officials.

SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT.

HE "common school system," or, to speak with greater accuracy, the method of governing school districts, in the various States, differs widely, yet all follow in a general way one of two sep-arate and clearly defined methods, being amended in minor respects to meet local conditions and ideas. All of these methods have their excellent points, and yet it has been claimed by eminent edu-cators that no one of them is free from fault and objection, nor has reached perfection. It will be the aim of this article to briefly explain the principal features of the several methods, but it is not possible to go into detail in the matter of giving the system of school government that is followed in each of the many States of the Union. The constitution and statutes of all the States agree, however, upon several points. They aim to provide for a thorough and efficient system of free schools, whereby all the children of the States may receive a thorough common school education; they provide that all lands, moneys and other property donated, granted or received for school, college, seminary or university purposes, and the proceeds thereof, shall be faithfully applied to the objects stated; with two or three exceptions they provide that no appropriation shall be made or public funds applied in aid of any church or sectarian purpose, or to support or sustain any school, academy, seminary, college or university controlled or run in the interest of any church or for a sectarian purpose; and they prohibit the various school officials from holding any interest in the sale, proceeds or profits of any book, apparatus or furniture used in the schools in which they, as officers, are interested.

In many of the States they follow what may be termed the "inde-pendent school district" method, inasmuch as each district, so far as its corporate powers are concerned, is entirely separate and independent of other districts. Where this plan is followed the boundaries of each dis-trict are clearly defined, and each district is complete within itself. They elect a full set of district officials, and exercise their corporate powers and manage their district affairs within themselves. In this plan the corporate powers of the district are usually vested in a district board, which has general charge of the interests of the district, hires teachers, and makes such contracts and carries into effect such methods as is deemed necessary to raise the grade or aid in the efficiency of the schools. The measure of the authority given to these dis-trict boards is not the same in all the States, and in many States it is restricted, and a part of the corporate power is reserved to the people themselves, the officials being required, in all important matters, to carry out the wishes and orders of the people of the district as expressed and decided upon at the "district school meetings." Another method which is followed in many of the States may be termed the "township system." In such States the law provides for the organization of each township or school nurroses or as one large "dis-

organization of each township for school purposes, or as one large "dis-trict," and each township, so far as its educational interests are concerned, is organized, has the necessary officials and becomes a body politic and corporate. As a general rule, where this method prevails, the townships are divided into three or more sub-districts. All of these sub-districts are a part of the whole, and the finances and general business is generally managed by a township board made up of representa-tives from each sub-district. This board is generally clothed with the corporate powers, hires teachers, provides fuel and supplies and makes all the .ontracts necessary to carry on the various schools in the township. As with independent districts, the powers of this board are not alike in all States where the township system prevails, for in some States their power is very much restricted, and is limited to certain official matters, the corporate powers and right to make important contracts being reserved to the people, who decide on these questions at what are termed the school meetings. In a few of the States where they follow the township system they have no official board. This is the case in In-diana, where they elect a township trustee, whose duty it is to look after all the educational interests of the township, subject to the approval of the people at the regular meetings. In most of the States where the township system prevails the law provides for the organization, under certain conditions, of sub-districts into independent districts, which gives them the power to elect their own officers and act independently of the other schools in the township.

COUNTY, PROSECUTING OR STATE'S ATTORNEY.

There is a great difference between the various States in the method of handling or attending to the legal business relating to county matters or growing from county affairs. In many of the States the official who attends to this line of work is known as the "county attorney," in other States he is called the State's attorney or prosecuting or district attorney. In a few of the States they divide the State into districts embracing a number of counties and a district attorney is elected in each district number of counties, and a district attorney is elected in each district, who in some cases attends to all the legal work of the various counties, and in others he assists the county attorneys in their most important duties and prosecutions. But whatever plan may be followed in the various States, and whatever title may be given to this office, the general duties of the office are very much the same throughout all of the States. It is the duty of the county attorney to commence and prosecute all actions, suits, indictments, and prosecutions, civil and criminal, in any court of record in his county in which the "people of the State or county" may be concerned; to prosecute all forfeited bonds and recognizances, and all actions for the recovery of debts, revenues, moneys, fines, etc., accruing to his county; to commence and prosecute all actions and pro-ceedings brought by any county officer in his official capacity; to defend all actions and proceedings brought against his county, or against any county officer in his official capacity; to give legal opinions and advice and in others he assists the county attorneys in their most important

and make all contracts, and do all other acts in relation to the property and concerns of the county necessary to exercise its corporate powers that are not specifically delegated to other county officials

TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT.

HE method of township government throughout the different States varies so much that it is impossible in this article to treat of it more than in a general way. In many of the States the townships are not organized as bodies corporate, and in other States in some counties they may have township organization, while in other counties in the same State it does not exist. In cases where there is no township organization the law provides that certain county officials shall attend to the local work, or that work which in other localities is assumed by the township officials. But even where they have township assumed by the township onleads. But even where they have township organization the plan of township government in the different States where it exists differs so widely that scarcely any two States may be said to be alike. About the only statements concerning the organized townships that could be made which would apply to all the States are the following: Every organized township in its corporate capacity has power to sue and be sued; to acquire by purchase, gift or devise, and hold property, both real and personal, for the use of its inhabitants, and again to sell and convey the same; and to make all such contracts as may be necessary in the exercise of its powers as a township.

In a great many of the States the township government is carried on after a plan very similar to the county and State governments, hav-

In nearly all of the States one of the two general methods given above is followed, with certain changes to make the plan more efficient and satisfactory, and to better meet the desires and needs of the people of the different States. Many of the States combine good features from both these systems, as some of the States have the township system, wherein each sub-district has its own board, and so far as controlling its own affairs is concerned, is independent of all other districts. But local conditions have in many instances made special and local provisions necessary that are different in each State, and while there may be a vast difference in the methods followed, their aim is th same, and, as a whole, the various systems have accomplished the result of giving throughout the length and breadth of the Union the grandest and most efficient system of free schools that the world has ever known.

CITIES AND VILLAGES.

CITIES AND VILLAGES.
N all of the States the laws provide for the local government of cities and villages, so that when they attain a certain population they may be seperated from, and thus manage their affairs independent of, the township in which they are located, both as to school matters and civil authority. In school affairs provision is made for handling the more complex educational interests of villages and cities—the school boards being made larger, and in many cases the scope of their authority is very much extended. In civil matters provision is made in all of the States for the organization of villages and cities as corporate bodies, seperate and distinct from the townships, and providing for the necessary officers to carry on the affairs of the municipality. pality.

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SUPPLEMENT VD.

GENERAL INFORMATION ON BANKING AND BUSINESS METHODS.

GENERAL INFORMATION Banking and Business Methods.

RELATIONS BETWEEN A BANK AND ITS CUSTOMERS.

N business life there is no more complex or important relation than that which exists between the ousiness men generally and the banks, and it should be guarded will jealous care, so that both may retain the full confidence of the other. Business development in the United States has progressed with such gigantic strides that it has long since passed the stage where it is even possible to carry on business without the agency of banks. They are to-day a necessity in the transaction of business and making exchanges. It has been said, and with a great deal of truth, that in the present day the entire and sole object and result of business is the transfer of credits on the books of the banking houses; and that about the only use to which money is put is in making small change or paying balances. Business, in the most general and comprehensive sense, is almost wholly carried on by the aid of banks with checks, drafts and exchange. And it will be seen what a very important part the element of confidence plays in business life, when it is remembered that every check or draft that changes hands, implies the confidence on the part of the party receiving and accepting it, that it will be honored at the bank when presented.

OPENING AN ACCOUNT.

THE FIRST STEP in the matter of becoming a depositor and customer of a bank is the interview with the banker, either the President, or Cashier, as the case may be If unknown to the banker it is necessary for some one who is known to identify and vouch for the applicant as being honorable and straightforward, for banks are compelled to be careful in this matter as they subsequently must handle all the checks, drafts or exchanges that the prospective customer employs in his business, so that while the business of an honest man is valuable to them and is appreciated, that of a dishonest man is shunned by them as an element of risk and danger--the same to them as to every one else with whom he deals.

The identification and reference, however, being satisfactory the prospecave customer is given a pass book or account book, writes his signature in a book kept for that purpose, is made known to the receiving and paying tellers, makes his first deposit and is then a full fledged custom depositor of the bank.

DEPOSITS.

DEPOSITS are made in the following manner: A "Deposit Ticket" or "Deposit Blank" is furnished the customer, and he enters upon this a full description of all the items which he desires entered to his credit, stating whether it is gold, silver or currency and making a separate entry for each draft or check that he deposits. In entering such items as drafts and checks some banks require a separate entry for each item which will show upon what bank or at least what city or town each draft or check is drawn. After having endorsed his name on the back of all checks and drafts he hands the "Deposit Ticket," together with all the items named upon it, and his Pass Book, to the receiving teller, who examines it, checks off the various items to see that they are all there, and enters the total amount to the 'customer's credit in the "Pass Book;" and it is also carried to his credit from the Deposit Ticket onto the books of the bank. The "Deposit Ticket" is an important feature of the transaction, and the customer is required to fill this out with ink. It bears his name and the date and is carefully preserved for future reference by the bank to settle any dispute or difference that may arise. As all men are liable to error the depositor, to prevent mistakes, should always see that the amount of the deposit is correctly entered in his book before leaving the bank. If a deposit is made when a customer has not his "Pass Book" a duplicate ticket should be taken, and the amount entered properly when next at the bank.

It will be seen from the above that all checks and drafts are entered to the credit of the customer at the time he deposits them, the same as cash items. The depositor, however, is held responsible for the non payment of all checks, drafts and other items deposited as cash until payment has been ascertained by the bank. The bank, however, must use due diligence in attending to them within a reasonable time. If a check or draft is held beyond a reasonable time and, meanwhile, the bank upon which it is drawn fails, the receiving bank would be compelled to lose it. What is a reasonable time, according to decisions of the courts, depends upon the circumstances and varies in different cases. In cities, where they have a Clearing-House, checks on other city banks are expected to reach the Clearing-House on the next day succeeding the time of the deposit; but as to checks and drafts drawn upon other or distant cities, a reasonable time must be allowed for them to be presented for payment. If the banker, however, is negligent concerning it, he must stand the loss. Such cases very rarely, if ever, occur and it may safely be stated that in the absence of any special or unusual conditions for all items such as checks, drafts, etc., the banker only receives them for collection for the account of the depositor and therefor acts only as his agent and as such is charged with using only due diligence in attending to the business.

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, ETC.

THE word "Discount" is applied to interest when it is deducted from the amount at the time a loan is made-in other words, interest that is paid in advance. It is the general rule of banks in making "short time" loans to customers to give credit for the amount of the loan, less the interest.

to give the bank time to give an abundant notice to the parties. If the customer desires to make a "sight" or "time draft" upon a debtor, upon application the bank will furnish him with blank drafts.

STATEMENTS AND BALANCES.

A FEW words concerning statements and balances will not be inappropriate in this connection. Every customer of a bank should always and without fail, once in each month, have his "Pass Book" balanced by the banker. This rule should always be observed to correct any error that might occur and avoid loss and complications. The amount of deposits is added up and a balance is struck by deducting the total amount of the customer's checks which the bank has either paid or "accepted" (certified) during the month. The cancelled checks are returned to the costomer. If any error is discovered it should be reported immediately ic th. bank so that it may be investigated and rectified.

NEGOTIABLE PAPER.

DROBABLY the greatest factor in the b siness world of to-day is "Negotiable Paper," without which it is not probable that business development could have assumed the vast proportions that it has reached in America; and without which the business of the civilized world could not be carried on. This term includes a variety of instruments, such as promissory notes, checks, drafts and bills of exchange. The bill of exchange is one of the oldest forms of negotiable paper, and has been in use for a number of centuries. The draft and check came into use at a much later day, and the promissory note is a comparatively recent invention, and has very largely taken the place of the bill of exchange as it was used in former times. The most important attribute of promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other instruments of the same class, which distinguish them from all other contracts, is their negotiability. This consists of two entirely distinct elements or branches-first, the power of transferring the paper from one owner to another, so that the assignee shall assume a complete title, and be able to sue on it; second, the effect upon the rights of the parties produced by such a transfer when made before maturity, in the regular course of business for a consideration to a purchaser in good faith, and without notice of any defect or defense, whereby all defenses of the maker (with few exceptions) are cut off, and the bolder becomes absolutely entitled to recover

A written order or promise may be perfectly valid as a contract; but it will not be negotiable unless certain requisites are complied with. The following requisites are indispense ole: It must be written; must be signed; it must be absolute, not depending upon any contingency; it must be to pay money in a certain amount or in an amount capable of being certain by computation; the time of rayment must be certain or such as will become certain; but when no time is expressed the law implies that payment is due immediately; and lastly, the order or promise must be accompanied by words of negotiability-that is payable to a certain payee's order or to bearer.

PHOMISSORY NOTES.

CCORDING to the general "law merchant," unaffected by statute, a promissory note is the written promise of a person, called the "maker" to pay a certain sum of money at a certain time to a designated person termed payee" or to his order or bearer. It must have all the requisites that have been mentioned for negotiable paper, otherwise, if it fails in any of these matters it becomes a contract, as it thus loses the element of negotiability. Contracts may be perfectly valid without all of these requisites, but they do not possess the peculiar qualities which belong to promissory notes.

It is customary in all promissory notes to write the words "value received" but this is not absolutely essential, as a consideration and value is implied in every note, draft, check, bill of exchange or endorsement. It is the common law of both England and this country that no promise can be inforced unless made for a consideration or sealed, but negotiable instruments as a rule are an exception to this. Between the original parties a want of consideration can be pleaded ... etense and would operate to defeat a recovery. It would have the san affect as between an endorser and his endorsee, but this only applies to immediate parties or to those who had notice of the defense or became holders of the paper after maturity. It may be stated as an almost invariable rule that no defense will operate to defeat the recovery if the paper has been negotiated and passed into the hands of an innocent purchaser, in the regular course of business, before maturity and for value. The absence of any of these elements, however, will allow a defense to be set up and will defeat recovery even in the hands of third parties if it can be shown that there was either: a want of consideration, that it was obtained by duress, or fraud or circumvention, or larceny; or that the consideration was illegal. In order to cut off these defenses and give the holder the absolute right to recover, all of the conditions named must be fulfilled. If he purchases the note even one day after it becomes due it is then subject to any defense or set off which the maker may have against the original payee.

Demand of payment for a note must be made at the place where it is payable at the time of maturity; if not paid notice must immediately begiven to the endorsers, otherwise, in a majority of the States, all endors ments that are no ' rualified will be released. If a note is not dated it will not defeat it, but will be considered as dated when it was made; but a written date is prima facie evidence of the time of making. When a note falls due on Sunday, or a legal holiday, it becomes payable the day previous. If a sum is written at length in the body and also in figures at the corner the written words control it. It destroys the negotiability of a note to write in the body of it any conditions or contingencies. A valuable consideration is not always money. It may be either any gain or advantage to the promisor, or injury sustained by the promisee at the promisor's request. A previous debt, or a fluctuating balance, or a debt due from a third person might be a valuable consideration. So is a moral consideration, if founded upon a previous legal consideration; as, where one promises to pay a debt that is barred by limitation or by infancy. But a merely moral consideration as one founded upon natural love and affection is no legal consideration. No consideration is sufficient in law if it be illegal in its nature, or if distinctly opposed to public policy. If a note is payable at a bank it is only necessary to have the note at the bank at the stipulated time to constitute a sufficient demand; and if there are no funds there to meet it, this is sufficient refusal. Days of Grace,—In a great many States three "Days of Grace," as they are termed, are allowed on negotiable instruments beyond the date set for payment. This is not the universal rule, however, as the tendency of late years has been toward doing away with this custom, and a number of States have already passed laws abolishing the "Days of Grace." Where the rule is in effect, however, and it is not specifically waived in the instrument the payor is entitled to the three days as fully as though it were so stipulated, and the holder cannot enforce collection until the expiration of three days after the date set for payment.



A CHECK on a bank is one form of an "Inland Bill of Exchange," but there is some slight difference in the liability of the parties to it. A check requires no acceptance, as a bank is bound to pay the checks of its depositors while still in possession of their funds, and the drawer of a check having funds on deposit has an action for damage for refusal to honor his check, under such circumstances, on the ground of an implied obligation to pay checks according to the usual course of business. Checks are usually drawn payable immediately, but they may be made payable at a future day, and in this case their resemblance to a bill of exchange is very close. As stated, a check requires no acceptance, so far as payment or liability of the drawer is concerned, but it creates no obligation against a bank in favor of the holder until acceptance. When accepted by the bank the word "Accepted" is stamped on its face with the signature of the banker. It is then said to be certified and thereafter the bank is liable to the holder. As soon as the check is "certified" the amount is charged against the account of the "drawer" the same as if paid, and it is considered paid so far as the "drawer" is concerned.

The drawer of a check is not a surety in the same sense as is the drawer of a bill of exchange, but is the principal debtor like the maker of a note. He cannot complain of any delay in the presentment, for it is an absolute appropriation to the holder of so much money, in the hands of the bank, and there it may lie at the holder's pleasure. The delay, however, is at the holder's risk, and if the bank should fail after he could have got his money the loss is his. If, before he presents the check, the bank pays out all the money of the drawer, then he may look to the drawer for payment. If the holder of a check transfers it to another he has the right to expect that it will be presented for payment within a reasonable time. He has the right to expect that it will either be presented the next day or started to the point on which it is drawn. If it is held beyond a reasonable time and a loss is occasioned thereby, the party responsible for the delay must kear the loss. If a bank pays a forged check it is so far its own loss that it cannot charge the money to the depositor whose name was forged. But it is entitled to recover the money from the party who presented it. If it pay a check of which the amount has been falsely and fraudulently increased, it can charge the drawer only with the original amount, provided the drawer himself has not caused or facilitated the forgery by carelessly writing it or leaving it in such hands as to make the forgery by carelessly writing it or leaving it in such hands as to make the forgery or alteration easy. In some of the States the Supreme Court has decided in cases where checks were "raised" that the drawer must bear the loss as they had failed to take reasonable precaution to prevent it. Perforating and cutting machines are on the market which make it almost impossible to raise or alter the amounts so as to avoid detection, and the tendency of the decisions is to regard the use of these as only a reasonable precaution on the part of check drawers to save their bank from trouble and loss. Some, however, adopt the plan of writing the amount in red ink across their signature. If many persons, not partners, join in a deposit they must join in a check. If a payee's name is misspelled or wrong in a check, the usual plan is to endorse it first exactly as it appears and then sign the name correctly. There is no settled rule as to how checks should be drawn. In nearly all the cities it is an almost invariable rule to make them payable "to order" so as to require the endorsement of the payee; but in smaller towns many check drawers make them payable "to bearer," in which case they require no endorsement, and if lost or stolen may cause loss—as whoever presents such a check at the bank is entitled to payment. himself has not caused or facilitated the forgery by carelessly writing it or

DRAFTS.

A DRAFT is a form of an "inland bill of exchange." The two forms of bills of exchange usually called "drafts" are the bank draft (or exchange) and the "sight or time draft." The bank draft is, to all intents and purposes, the same as a check, but the term is usually applied to "checks" drawn by one bank upon funds which it may have in some other bank, termed its "correspondent." A draft is but very seldom made payable to bearer, it being almost an in-variable rule to make them payable to a certain payee or order. They are negotiable and can be transferred indefinitely by endorse-ment. If a draft is lost or stolen, by applying to the bank that issued it, the payment can be stopped, and after the expiration of thirty days a duplicate will be issued. The "Sight Draft" or "Time Draft," in which case it reads to pay after a certain number of days is a very common method of mak-ing collections to-day by creditors, and it serves the double purpose of being an order to pay to a bank or third party, and is also a re-ceipt to the debtor. It is simple in its wording, the following being a general form: Stopp Chick or so many days after sight as the case may be) pay to

a general form: \$1000 CHICAGO, June 1, 1894. At sight (or so many days after sight as the case may be) pay to the order of _____ Bank One Thousand Dollars and charge to my account. John Sims. account. To GEO. SIMS, NEW YORK, N. Y.

ENDORSEMENTS.

THE signature of any payee or holder on the back of any check, draft, note, bill o exchange or other negotiable instrument is termed his "ent simply means the placing of the name of the holder, or dorsement." payee, on the back of the instrument, thus indicating that, for a consideration, he has relinquished his title to it, and in the absence of any condition or qualification expressed in the endorsement, it implies that the endorser will see that the instrument is paid in case it is not taken up by the maker or payor. Where the instrument is made payable to "bearer," as to "John Sims or bearer," no endorsement is necessary to pass the title--it passes with delivery and any holder may collect or sue upon it the same as if he were the payee named therein. In a case of this kind if any holder endorses the instrument, the law is construed strictly against him, and, as it was not necessary for him to endorse to pass title, the law presumes in the absence of a positive qualification that his endorsement was made for the purpose of indicating that he would pay it if the payor failed to do so. Where several payees are named in the instrument it must bear the en-dorsement of all of them to pass the title and make one transfer of it. In

Many business men fail to obtain the full benefit that a bank can give them, through hesitancy or diffidence in asking for a loan; and in many instances will borrow of a neighboring business man and thus, frequently embarass him, rather than go to the banker, whose business it is to help him through such times of need, when possible. This is what banks are established for largely, and they are always glad to "get their money out and keep it out" provided they can be reasonably sure of its return. If an applicant is unable to furnish reasonable security, or is irresponsible or unworthy he must necessarily be refused, but in securing money which he cannot guarantee the return of, whether it be from a banker or another business man he does an injustice to the interests of business generally. However, every business man in need of financial help, whether his needs be great or little, should go to the banker first and submit the situation, securities, etc. to him, as of all men he is by training the best judge and advisor in such matters. He may be compelled to decline to give the required aid, but this refusal should never be taken as a personal matter, as it must be remembered that he has other interests to serve and depositors, stockholders and directors to protect before following his own personal desires.

COLLECTIONS.

N leaving notes or other items for collection the customer writes on the back of each the words: "For Collection for Account of " and places his signature below it. Upon receipt of this, the proper officer or clerk of the bank, will enter the items either in the back of the customer's "pass book" or give a separate receipt as the case may be. When the bank receives payment on the items the customer is notified and the amount is entered to his credit both on his Pass book and on the books of the bank the same as any other deposit. A bank in receiving paper for collection acts only as the agent of the customer and does not assume any responsibility beyond due diligence on its part. All banks make collections either in or out of the city where they are located for their customers at very moderate rates. These items should always be left at the bank before they become due, so as

BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

THE "bill of exchange" is an open letter or order whereby one person requests another to pay a third party (or order or bearer) a certain fixed sum of money. They are of two kinds, the Inland and Foreign bills, the names of which imply the difference between them. The three parties to the bill are called the Drawer, Drawee and Payee. The bill must be presented to the Drawee and if he agrees to obey the order he "accepts" the bill by writing the word "accepted" across its face and signs his name below it—and thus becomes the "Acceptor.' The instrument is usually made negotiable and the payee can transfer it to others by endorsement, which method of transfer may go on indefinitely.

 The following is a common form of an inland bill of exchange:

 BILL OF EXCHANGE.

 \$600
 CHICAGO, ILL., June 1, 1894.

 Sixty days after sight pay to John Sims, or order, Six Hundred

 Dollars, and charge same to my account.

 TO HENRY HOLT & Co.,

 Boston, Mass.

this case, however, their liability as endorsers is joint, not several. But where two or more holders endorse one after the other in making a transfer from one to the other their liability is several, not joint.

Every check, draft, bill of exchange, note or other negotiable instrument which is made payable to a certain "payee or order" must bear the endorsement of the party named, to pass the title, and even in cases where they are made payable to "bearer" it is generally customary for the party to whom a transfer is made to require the person from whom he secures it to place his endorsement thereon.

There are several kinds of endorsement which should be mentioned in this connection. The first is the "blank endorsement," or "endorsement in blank," in making which the payee simply places his signature on the back. of the instrument, without condition or qualification of any kind. This passes the title to the instrument, and, from that time on, it becomes payable to bearer, and the title passes with delivery, until some subsequent holder sees fit to limit it by making it payable to some other payee, or places some other qualification or condition in the endorsement. When a negotiable instrument bearing a "blank endorsement," has once been put into circulation, any subsequent holder of it has the right to limit or restrict it by writing the conditions over his own endorsement, or, by writing over the endorsement of the original payee, words making it payable to himself or some other party, "or order." This point has been decided by the supreme courts of several of the States.

The endorsement may be restricted or qualified in a number of ways. One, which is called a "full endorsement," is very common in the business world. It is simply the act of the payee named making it payable to some other certain payee or order. To do this, the endorser writes on the back of the instrument, the directions, as: "Pay to John Sims, or order," and places his signature below it. This does not limit his liability as an endorser, but the title to the instrument must thereafter pass through John Sims, and it must bear his endorsement before it will be paid or honored.

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SUPPLEMENT VIII.

GENERAL INFORMATION, ON BANKING AND BUSINESS. METHODS.

Another common form of limiting the endorsement is to enable the payee (when it is made payable to his order) to transfer his title to the instrument without becoming responsible for its payment, and making the party to whom it is transferred assume all responsibility concerning payment. To do this the endorser writes the words "Without Recourse" over his signature, which has the effect of relinquishing his title without making him liable to the holder in case the payor fails to take it up.

Another method of limiting the endorsement is to make it conditional, a good illustration of which is the following: "Pay to John Sims or order upon his delivering to the First National Bank a warranty deed to lot 5, block 4, etc.," below which the endorser places his signature. He can also make it payable to "A. B. only," or in equivalent words, in which case "A. B." cannot endorse it over.

In fact, the endorser has the power to limit his endorsement as he sees fit, and either to lessen or increase his liability, such as either "waiving notice of demand;" making his endorsement a "general and special guaranty of payment" to all future holders, etc., but he cannot, by his endorsement, either increase or lessen the liability of any other endorser on the instrument.

An endorser, as a rule, is entitled to immediate notice in case the payor fails to pay it. This is the case in nearly all of the United States, as it has been a rule of the "law merchant" for many years. A few modifications, however, of the general "law merchant" have been made by statute in several of the States, relating to negotiable paper, in changing the endorser's Nability by rendering his contract absolute instead of conditional, making essary unless he suffers damage through want of it, or requirnotice upp ing a judgment to be first recovered before he can be held. In the absence however, of statutory provisions of this kind, and they only exist in a few of the States, it may be said that to hold endorsers they must have prompt notice of non-payment, and it may be said to be a general rule of the "law merchant" that all parties to negotiable paper as endorsers who are en-titled to notice are discharged by want of notice The demand, notice and protest must be made according to the laws of the place where payable.

The term Protest is applied to the official act by an authorized person (usually a Notary Public), whereby he affirms in a formal or prescribed manner in writing that a certain bill, draft, check or other negotiable paper has been presented for acceptance or payment, as the case may be, and been refused. This, and the notice of the "Protest," which must be sent to all endorsers and parties to the paper is to notify them officially of its failure.

GUARANTY.

A "GUARANTOR" is one who is bound to another for the fulfillment of a promise, or of an engagement, made by a third party. This kind of contract is very common. According to the "statute of frauds" it must be in writing, and unless it is a sealed instrument there must be a consideration to support it. As a rule it is not negotiable, so as to be enforced by the transferee as if it had been given to him by the guarantor, but this depends upon the wording, as, if it contains all the characteristics of a note, payable to order or bearer, it will be held negotiable. A contract of guaranty is construed strictly, and, if the liability of the principal be materially varied by the act of the party guaranteed, without the consent of the guarantor, the guarantor is discharged. The guarantor is also discharged if the liability or obligation is renewed, or extended by law or otherwise, unless he in writing renews the contract. In the case of a bank incorporated for twenty years, which was renewed for ten years more without change of officers, the courts held that the original sureties could not be held after the first term.

The guaranty can be enforced even though the original debt cannot, as is the case in becoming surety for the debt of a minor. A guarantor who pays the debt of the principal is entitled to demand from the creditor all the securities he holds, or of the note or bond which declares the debt; and, in some States, the creditor cannot fall back upon the guarantor until he has collected as much as possible from these securities and exhausted legal premedies against the principal. If the debt or obligation be first incurred and completed before the guaranty is given, there must be a new consider ation or the guaranty is void.

A guaranty is not binding unless the guarantor has notice of its accept ance, but the law presumes this acceptance when the offer of guaranty and acts of the party to whom it is given, such as delivery of goods or extending credit are simultaneous. But an offer to guarantee a future operation does not bind the offerer unless he has such notice of the acceptance as will afford him reasonable opportunity to make himself safe. A creditor may give his debtor some indulgence or accommodation without discharging the guarantor, unless it should have the effect of prejudicing the interests of the guarantor, in which case he would be released. Generally a guarantor may, at any time, pay a debt and so, at once, have the right to proceed against the debtor. Where there has been failure on the part of the principal and the guarantor is looked to, he must have reasonable notice-and notice is deemed reasonable if it prevents the guarantor from suffering from the delay.

It is, in many cases, difficult to say-and upon it rests the question of legal liability-whether the promise of one to pay for goods delivered to another is an original promise, as to pay for one's own goods, in which case it need not be in writing; or a promise to pay the debt or guaranty the promise of him to whom the goods are delivered, in which case it must be in writing. The question generally resolves itself into this: To whom did the seller give and was authorized to give credit? This is a question of fact and not of law. If the books of seller show that he charged them to the party to whom he delivered them, it is almost impossible for him to hold the other party for it, but if on the other hand it is shown that he regarded the goods as being sold to the party whom it is desired to hold, but delivered them to another party and it is so shown on his books, it is not regarded as a guaranty, but an original or collateral promise, and would make the party liable. In general, a guarantor of a bill or note is not entitled to such strict and exact notice as an endorser is entitled to, but only such notice as shall save him from actual loss, as he can not make the want of notice his defense unless he can show that it was unreasonably withheid and that he suffered thereby. There is a marked difference in the effect of a guaranty of the "payment," or of the "collection" of a debt. In the first case, the creditor can look to the guarantor at any time; in the latter, the navee named in the check or that the signature of the payee or party is correct. This is done by writing the words "Signature O. K." under the party's name and signing it. This has the effect of guaranteeing that the party's name is as written and that it is his proper signature. It does not guarantee that the check or draft is good or will be paid, but merely as expressed, that the signature is correct, and the only liability assumed is that he will pay the amount in case the signature proves a forgery. Many banks, however, will not accept paper endorsed this way and justly so, for it throws upon them the burden of the risk.

RECEIPTS AND RELEASES.

QNY acknowledgement that a sum of money has been paid is a receipt. **A** receipt which reads "in full" though admitted to be strong evidence is by no means legally conclusive. If the party signing it can show an error or mistake, it will be admitted in his favor. Receipts for money will be held open to examination, and the party holding it must abide the results of such examination—the great aim of the law being to administer strict justice. A receipt may be of different degrees of explicitness, as the word "Paid" or "Received Payment" written on a bill. A " release " is simply a form of receipt, but is more binding upon the parties, inasmuch as, if properly drawn, under seal, for a consideration, it is a complete defense to any action based on the debts or claims so released. Herein, releases differ from receipts. A release is in the nature of a written contract and therefore cannot be controlled or contradicted by evidence, unless on the ground of fraud. But if its words are ambiguous, or may have either of two or more meanings, evidence is receivable to determine the meaning.

NFANTS AND MINORS.

GHE incapacity of a person to make a valid contract may arise from several causes, and the fact of being an infant, or minor, is one of them. The general rule of law may be stated as being that the contract of an infant or minor is not always void, but is voidable, and in many cases special exception is made, giving validity to their contracts for necessaries. By being voidable, but not void in themselves, means that the infant has the right to disavow and annul the contract, either before or within a reasonable time after he reaches his majority. He may do this by word only, but a mere acknowledgment that the debt exists is not enough, and it must be substantially a new promise.

AGENCY.

GHERE are a few well-settled and important rules of law governing the matter of agents and agency, which every business man should understand thoroughly. The relation of principal and agent implies that the principal acts by and through the agent. A principal is responsible for the acts of the agent only when he has actually given full authority to the agent, or when he has by his words, or his acts, or both, caused or permitted the person with whom the agent deals to believe him clothed with this authority. This is a point which is not always thoroughly understood, but it is a well-settled principle of law. There are two kinds of agents-general and special. A general agent is one authorized to represent his principal in all his business, or in all his business of a particular kind, and his power is limited by the usual scope and character of the business he is empowered to transact. If he is given out as the general agent, the principal is bound, even if the agent transcends his actual authority, but does not go beyond the natural and usual scope of the business

On the other hand, a special agent is one authorized to do only a specific thing, or a few specified things, or a specified line of work. If this special gent exceeds his authority, it may be stated as an almost invariable rule that the principal is not bound, because the party dealing with the agent must inquire for himself and at his own peril, into the extent and limits of the authority given to the agent. Especially is this the case where the party knew that the agent had been or was engaged in attending to a particular and specified line of work connected with the business of the principal. The party, however, is not bound by any special reservations or limitations made secretly by the principal of which he had no reasonable or easy means of having notice. The authority of an agent may be given by the principal, by writing or orally, or may be implied from certain acts. Thus if a person puts his goods into the custody of another whose business it is to sell such goods, he authorizes the whole world to believe that this person has them for sale; and any person buying them honestly, in this belief, would hold them. If one, knowing that another had acted as his agent, does not disavow the authority as soon as he conveniently can, but lies by and permits a person to go on and deal with the supposed agent, or lose an opportunity of indemnifying himself, this is an adoption and confirmation of the acts of the agent.

A principal is bound by the acts of an agent even after the revocation of his agency, if such revocation has not been made public or is unknown to the party dealing with the agent. An agent can generally be held personally liable if he transcends his authority; but this is not the case if the party with whom he dealt knew that the authority was transcended.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF BANKING.

N general, banks may be said to be credit institutions or dealers in credit. John Jay Knox once said that "the exchanges of the modern world are barter, effected by the indirect agency of the credit system, and banks and bankers are the machinery by which this is done." Metallic money and its representative, the circulating note, are only the small change of "Trade" employed in the settlement of balances and small purchases and payments. This fact is illustrated by the operations of the New York clearing house. The exchanges have been about 800,000 millions of dollars during the past thirty years while the balances paid in money have only been about 36,000 millions, or about four per cent of the amount of the settlements.

It has always been claimed that the business of banking originated with the Venetian money changers who displayed their wares and moneys on the streets and thus supplied those in need of change. According to the most eminent authorities the earliest banking institution in Europe was the Bank of Venice, which was founded in 1172, and was based upon a forced loan of the government. Funds deposited in it could be transferred to others on the books of the bank at the pleasure of the owner, but they could not be withdrawn. The perpetual annuities of the British debt are handled in a very similar manner at the present day. The Bank of Venice was continued until 1797. In 1401, the Bank of Barcelona was formed. At a period much earlier than this, the Jewish money-dealers had invented what are known as "foreign bills of exchange," but it is said that this bank was the first institution that made a business of negotiating and handling them. The Bank of Genoa commenced operation in 1407 and for centuries was one of the principal banks of Europe. It was the first to issue circulating notes-which were passed only by endorsement, not being payable to bearer. The Bank of Hamburg, established in 1619, was a bank of both deposit and circulation based on fine silver bars. This bank, like nearly all of that early time, had, as a principal object, the protection of the people from worn, sweated, clipped and plugged coins, or coins of certain empires that were reduced in standard value. The remedy generally adopted was to lock up the debased and depreciated coins and circulate the credit granted for them. Various other banks sprang into existence throughout Europe, many of them being powerful government agencies, and in many cases exerted a wide influence in shaping the destinies of empires. In 1694 the Bank of England was established, and there is no banking institution in the world equal to it in the management of national finances The Bank of France was authorized in 1800. It is not a fiscal agent of the government as is that of England. It does not collect or disburse the revenues of the exchequer but it lends to it largely, while its credits, in the form of circulating notes and other acceptances, have borne the government safely through extraordinary needs.

1780, by the citizens of Philadelphia, and first action by Congress was taken June 22, of the same year in reference to this proposed association. Two years afterward, a "perpetual charter" was granted to the Bank of North America at Philadelphia. In 1784 the State of Massachusetts incorporated the Massachusetts Bank. The Bank of New York was chartered in March. 1791, although it had been doing business since 1784, under articles of association drawn by Alexander Hamilton. Most of these institutions are still running and have been converted into national banks. The Bank of the United States was organized in 1791. The most of the stock was owned by the United States Government, but later the Government interest was disposed of, and in 1843 the bank failed.

State banks were organized rapidly, and private banking firms sprang into existence and the business of banking assumed immense proportions.

In 1863, the NATIONAL BANK SYSTEM was adopted and in 1864 the National Bank Bureau of the Treasury Department was organized, the chief officer of which is the comptroller of the currency. In March, 1865, an act was passed providing for a ten per cent. tax on notes of any person or State bank issued for circulation, and making an exception of National banks. This had the effect of taxing the State bank circulation out of existence. As the National banking system has proven one of the most efficient and satisfactory methods the world has ever known, it will be of interest to review here some of its principal features. Under this act National banks may be organized by any number of persons not less than five. Not less than onethird of the capital must be invested in United States bonds, upon which, circulating notes may be issued equal to 90 per cent of the par value of the bonds. These circulating notes are receivable at par in the United States in all payments except for duties on imports, interest on the public debt and in redemption of the national currency. The National banks are required to keep a certain reserve; they are authorized to loan money at the rate of interest allowed by the various States-when no rate is fixed by the laws of the State, the banks may charge 7 per cent. Shareholders are held individually liable, equably and ratably, for all debts of the association to the extent of the amount of their stock, in addition to the amount invested therein. The banks are required, before the declaration of a dividend, to carry one-tenth part of their net profits of the preceding half year to a surplus fund until the same shall amount to 20 per cent. of the capital; and losses and bad debts must be deducted from net profits before any dividend is declared. A receiver may be appointed by the comptroller to close up under his supervision the affairs of any national bank which shall fail to keep good its lawful money reserve or which may become insolvent. While there have been national bank failures, there has never been any loss to the people whatever on the circulation. A suit may be brought for forfeiture of the charter of a bank if the directors shall knowingly violate the law; and in such cases they may be held liable in their individual capacity. There are other restrictions in the law-such as for instance, the prohibition against loaning to any one borrower of more than ten per cent. of the capital; or the holding of any real estate except such as is required for banking purposes, or the granting of loans upon the security of the bank stock.

The national bank circulation has been gradually growing less during the past ten years, as the United States bonds available are quoted so high above par and the rate of interest so low that there is but little profit to the banks in it. All of the States have laws regulating State Banks and providing certain restrictions, but as the laws of the various States are not alike it is impossible to give a general description of the matter that would apply to all the States. The laws, however, provide for and require State banks to hold a certain reserve, and at regular intervals they make full statements as to their condition and their affairs are examined into by certain State officials at frequent intervals. The laws of all the States have reached a high degree of perfection in the method of regulating and overseeing State banks, and the almost universal soundness and reliability of these institutions reflect credit upon the laws under which they exist.

CLEARING HOUSE.

GHE Clearing-House is the place where the exchanges of the banks are made in all the principal cities of the world. The clearing-house system was first established in London about the beginning of the present century. It was first introduced into this country by the banks of the city of New York organizing an association, under the name of the New York Clearing House, which commenced operations Oct. 11, 1853. At that time it consisted of fifty-two banks, but five of them were soon closed because of their inability to meet its requirements. Clearing Houses have since been established in nearly all of the principal cities of the continent.

In all cities a bank receives large amounts of bills of and checks on other banks, so that at the close of each day's business every bank has, in its drawers, various sums thus due it by other banks. It is, in like manner, itself the debtor of other banks, which have during the day received its bills and checks drawn upon it. Prior to the establishment of the clearinghouse it was necessary for each bank, every morning, to make up its account with every other bank, and to send its porter or agent to present the bills and checks so received to the debtor banks for payment. The balances were adjusted by payments in gold, which became so laborious, dangerous, and complicated, that the balances were settled only weekly instead of daily-a plan that resulted in great risk and evil. This was obviated by the clearing-house system, through which the settlements are so simultaneously and quickly effected that in New York the transactions in one single, day have amounted to over \$300,000,000, in adjusting which the exchanges were settled in the space of an hour. Besides saving a vast amount of work, book-keeping and expense, it enabled the banks by united aid to strengthen each other in times of excitement and financial panic

The following is the manner in which the settlements are made in about all the clearing-houses of this country: The clearing-room is provided with a continuous line of desks, one for each bank that is a member of the association, each desk bearing the name and number of the bank. Each bank is represented every morning, at the hour fixed for settlement, by two clerks, one a messenger who brings with him the checks, drafts, etc. that his bank has received during the day previous upon the other banks called the "exchanges," and these are assorted for each bank and p in envelopes. On the outside of each envelope is a slip on which are listed the amounts of the various items which it contains. The messengers take their places in a line outside the row of desks, each opposite the desk assigned to his bank, while at each desk is a clerk with a sheet containing the names of all the banks in the same order as the desks, with the aggregate amounts which his bank's messenger has against each bank. previous to the hour fixed for making the exchanges the manager takes his position and calls the house to order. At a signal the bell rings and each messenger moves forward to the desk next his own and delivers the envelope containing the checks, etc., for the bank represented at that desk to the clerk at that desk, together with a printed list of the banks in the same, order, with the amount opposite each bank. The clerk receiving it, signs and returns it to the messenger, who immediately passes on to the next desk; then to the next, and so on until he has made a complete circuit and has again reached the desk of his own bank-the starting point. All the other messengers moving in the same manner; each messenger has, by this means, visited every bank and delivered to each everything his bank held for it, taking a receipt for the same; and at the same time each bank has received all the exchanges that every other bank had against it. This operation even in the greatest clearing houses only consumes from ten to fifteen minutes.

creditor must exhaust his legal remedies for collecting it.

ACCOMMODATION PAPER.

AN accommodation bill or note is one for which the acceptor or maker has received no consideration, but has lent his name and credit to accommodate the drawer, payee or holder. He is bound to all other parties just as completely as if there were a good consideration, for, if this was not the case, it would be of no value to the party accommodated. He is not allowed to set up want of consideration as a defense as against any holder for value. But he is not bound to the party whom he thus accommodates, no matter how the instrume "tn ay be drawn.

DENTIFICATION.

The mere act of iden. "ging a party or making him known to a banker carries with it no liabidity on the part of the party who thus preforms it, unless it can be shown there was fraud or collusion. Customers of banks are frequently asked to identify and make known to their own bankers, strangers who desire checks or drafts cashed or other accommodations. In some cases a mere introduction is all that is necessary, but only because the banker relies upon the honor and integrity of his customer, knowing that an improper person would not be introduced, for in a case of this kind the bank assumes all the risk. Generally speaking, however, it is an almost invariable rule with bankers, as it should be, to require their customer to endorse all drafts or checks which are honored for the stranger. In this case the endorser becomes personally liable to the bank if any or all of the drafts or checks prove worthless.

An endorsement which is frequently made by parties who are asked to identify others is to merely indicate that they know the party to be the

It is claimed that the first organized bank in the United States had its origin in the formation of a banking company without charter June 18th,

This enables the banks to know at once the exact balance for or against it, as the clerks immediately enter from the slips on their own sheets the aggregate amount from each bank, and the difference between the total amount brought by them, which at once shows the balance due to or from the clearing house to each bank.

This is reported to their banks, and the balance is paid to or drawn from the clearing house, thus at once settling the accounts between all the banks. The lists are "proved" carefully, and certain fines are laid for all errors, tardiness, etc.

Entered according to Act of Gongress, in the year 1905, by GEO. A. OGLE & Co., in the office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington, D. G.



- 1321 King Thotmis charges the Lappine calendar.
 1320 Egyptian Obelisks erected.
 Ruth the Moabitess marries Boaz.
 1313 Kingdom of Myacena created.
 1308 Lethos builds temple of Vulcan at Mem-bis
- 1296
- 1280 1273 1250 1249
- phis. Borak and Deborah in Israel. Pelops settles in South Greese. Rise of the Assyrian Empire. Babylon conquered by the Assyrians. Gideon, the greatest of the judges of Israel. Bamses-Sesostris reigns in Egypt.
- 1240 1209 1200 1198 1193 1184 1180
- Israel. Ramses-Sesostris reigns in Egypt. Abimelech King of Israel. Proetus in Egypt. Helen carried off by Paris. Trojan war begins. Troy destroyed by Greeks. Rameses III. the last Egyptian native hero.
- $1171 \\ 1161 \\ 1152 \\ 1150 \\$
- hero. Eli, High Priest in Israel. Israel wars against Amorites. Alba Longa founded. Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon invades
- Persia. Ostia, Italy, founded. Religious reformation under Josiah, King of Judah. 621 Invasion of Assyria by the Scythians. 625 Babylon independent under Nabopolas-

Buddha

659

655

 $\begin{array}{c} 645 \\ 642 \end{array}$

641

Byzantium founded by Megarians under

Median Monarchy founded. Egypt independent of Assyria. Kajanite dynasty, Media, founded by

Cyaxares. Cyarares. Cyrene founded. Ancus Martius reigns in Rome. Invasion of Scythians who subjugate Dorsio of Scythians who subjugate

Bysas. Bacchiadac expelled from Greece.

- suppressed. Tribunes at Rome appointed. 494Patricians secede. 493 Independence of the Latins recognized. Corioli taken by Caius Martius (Cori-olanus.) The Latin League.

Athenians. The revolt of the Ionians (Greece).

Romans.
 First authentic date in Roman history.
 496 Histieus, the Persian, sent to the coast

by Darlus.
Birth of Sophocles (died B. C. 406). Revolt of the Ionians, aided by Athens,

499

 $498 \\ 497$

- - Volsci defeated. The plague at Athens. Plato born (died 347). Siege of Platea. Naval victories of Phr .o. Revolt and fall of Myti sne. Reduction of Mytilene First Athenian expedition to Sicily. First comedy of Aristophanes exhibited. Corcyrean massacre. Demosthenes in Etolia. Destruction in Fidene. Reign of Xerxes II. followed by Log-dianus.
- $\frac{430}{429}$
- $\frac{428}{427}$ Persia recovers Cyprus. Battle of Lake Regillus. Tarquin and his Latin allies defeated by

 - 426
 - 425dianus.
 Sphacteria taken.
 424 Darius II. reigns in Persia.
 Congress of Sicilians at Gela.
 423 Alcibiades begins to act in Athenian af.
 fairs

 - The Samanites (Rome) capture Valter-
- Council. Dionysius recovers the tyranny. 843 First Samnite war begins. Battle of Mt. Gaurus. Conquest of Syracuse by Timoleon. Expulsion of Dionysius. Embassy of Demosthenes and others to Philip. 842 Roman Genucian laws. Mutiny at Lantule Rome. Mutiny at Lantule, Rome. 341 Philip of Macedon's expedition to 342—341 Phil Thrac
- Birth of Epicurus (died 270).

Syria.	- sar.	olanus.) The Latin League.	nium.	Birth bir Epical Discontinum bogieged by
1143 Jepthah judge over Israel.	· Nineveh taken by the Medes.	492 First Persian expedition, under Mar-	423 Capua taken by the Samanites.	340 Perinthus and Byzantium besieged by
1136 Samson defeats the Philistines.	Assyrian Empire Ends.	donius against Greece, is defeated and	419 Birth of Diogones the Cynic, (died 324).	Philip.
1130 Tiglath Pileser I. invades Babylonia.	Assyrial Emple	fleet destroyed near Mt. Athos.	418 Battle of Mantinea.	Victory of Timoleon over the Cartha-
1130 Highath These I. Ind Cost prophet in	Periander at Corinth.	neet destroyed near Mt. Athos. He is	418 Battle of Mantheal	ginians at the Crimisus.
1123 Samuel, judge and first prophet in	624 Legislation of Draco, Archon at Athens.	491 Coriolanus banished from Rome. He is	Spartans defeated by Athens.	ginians at the orimisus.
Israel.	In repairing the temple at Jerusalem,	received by the Volscians.	415 The Hebrew, Malachi, prophesies.	Battle of Mt. Vesuvius, Rome.
1112 Death of Samson.	In repairing the the Dark of the low	490 Second Persian expedition, under Datis	Invasion of Sicily by the Athenians un-	990 Gecond Roman Pubilian laws.
1112 Death of Samson.	Hilkiah discovers the Book of the law,	490 Second Persian expedition, under Datis	Invasion of Sieny by the Athenians un-	Third Sacred War begins between Philip
1110 Tiglath Pileser seizes Babylon but is soon	and Josiah keeps a solemn passover.	and Artaphernes.	der Nicias.	Third Sacred war begins between 1
overcome,	Jeremiah prophet.	Their defeat, and victory of Miltiades at	414 Siege of Syracuse.	and the Athenians.
1103 Eolians settle in Asia Minor.		the battle of Marathon.	413 Defeat and surrender of Nicias to Gelip-	338 Philip general of the Amphyctionic
1105 Eulians settle Charm dynasty in China	623 Passover.	the battle of Maration.		League.
1100 (circa) The Chow dynasty in China	The Ark restored.	489 Coriolanus and the Volscians besiege	pus.	
founded.	616 Tarquinius Priscus begins to reign in	Bome	412 First treaty between Sparta and Persia.	Battle of Cheronea.
1095 Saul made first King of Israel.		488 Coriolanus withdraws from siege of	Constitution of the Four Hundred at	Philip subjugates Greece.
	Rome.	Rome at his mother's entreaty and is		337 First Roman Plebeian pretor.
1093 Saul defeats the Philistines.	615 The Capitol, Rome, begun in honor of	Rome at his mother's entreaty and is	Athens.	357 First Roman Trebolan provide offer two
1081 Birth of David.	Jupiter, Juno and Minerva.	slain by the Volscians.	Intrigues of Alcibiades with the Persi-	337-335 The Latin War begins; after two
1075 Death of Samuel.	Pharaoh Necho II. Egypt, circumnavi-	486 Egyptian revolt.	ans.	years the Romans are victorious.
1056 Death of Saul and Jonathan, and acces-		First Agrarian Law of Cassius proposed.		336 Murder of Philip.
1056 Death of Saul and Jonathan, and deces	gates Africa.	First Agrarian Law of Cassius Diopose 1	410 Beginning of the wars of Syracuse and	Accession of Alexander III. the Great.
sion of David.	610 Battle of Megiddo.	485 Accession of Xerxes I., King of Persia.	Carthage. They continue seventy	Accession of Alexander III. the dicut.
1050 Tyre becomes the leading city.	Death of Josiah.	Gelon tyrant of Syracuse.	vears.	Accession of Darius Codomanus.
Hirhor seizes the Egyptian throne.	Death of Jostan.	485 Recovery of Egypt by the Persians.		335 Alexander destroys Thebes; is chosen
HIFTIOF Seizes the Egyptical chronol	Necho II. Egypt, attempts to cut a canal	485 Recovery of Egypt by the restance. 400)	409 Three plebeian questors of Rome elected.	generalissimo of the Greeks, Athens
1048 David takes Jerusalem.	across the Isthmus of Suez. Failure	Birth of Herodotus (died after B. C. 409).	Second invasion of Sicily by the Cartha-	generalissimo oi the Greeks, rithons
1047 King Hiram, of Tyre, aids the Israelites.	after a loss of over 100,000 men.	483 Banishment of Aristides the Just by the		having submitted.
1044 Ionians settle in Asia Minor.	alter a loss of over Dotto in montod	485 Ballishment of miscidos the sast 15	ginians.	334 Battle of the Granicus.
1040 David defeats the Philistines and recov-	605 The Circus Maximus, Rome, is erected.	Athenians.	407 The Volscians defeat the Romans.	Macedonian Empire formed.
1040 David deleats the Finistines and recov-	Necho II. of Egypt defeated by Nebu-	481 Athenian fleet built.	Rhodes founded.	Macedonian in mpire Domine
ers the Ark.	chadnezzar.	Third and greatest invasion of Greece by		Alexander invades Persia.
The Ark removed to Jerusalem.	Jeremiah's prophecy of the seventy	Third and greatest hivasion of crocot as	406 Battle of Arginuse.	333 Battle of Issus.
David, of Israel, subdues the Syrians.	Jeremian's prophecy of the sevency	the Persians, led by Xerxes.	Condemnation of the ten generals.	Damascus taken and Tyre besieged by
David, of Israel, subdues the byrians	years' captivity.	480 Battle of Thermopyle-fall of Leonidas.	Dionysius tyrant of Syracuse; reigns	Damaseus callen and Tyre sector
1023 The revolt and death of Absalom.	Nebuchadnezzar takes Jerusalem.	Battle of Salamis—victory of Themisto-	thirty-eight years.	Alexander.
1015 Death of David.	Jehojakim, his vassal.			332 Capture of Tyre and conquest of Egypt
Solomon becomes King.		cles.	405 The siege of Veii, Rome.	by Alexander.
Solomon becomes hing.	603 Daniel prophesies at Babylon.	Xerxes destroys Athens.	Battle of Egospotami. Dionysius I.	Alexandria, Egypt, founded on the
1011 Solomon's Temple begun.	602 Jehojakim revolts from Babylon.	First invasion of Sicily by Carthage.		Alexandria, Egypt, Iounded on the
1004 Completion and dedication of Solomon's	602 Jenola Allin Tevolus in an (most asword) of	First Illvasion of Sichly by Children of	reigns in Syracuse.	Egyptian village Rhacotis.
Temple.	600 The Cloace Maxime (great sewers) of	Defeat of the Carthaginians by Gelon at	404 Athens taken by Lysander. End of the	Treaty between Alexander and Rome.
	Rome are built.	Himera.	Peloponnesian War.	Alexander visits Jerusalem and worships
990 The Queen of Sheba visits King Solomon. 975 Death of Solomon.	598 Capture of Jerusalem by Nebuchadnez-	Birth of Euripides (died B. C. 406.)	Grouponnesian war.	Alcadiuci visito Jorusatolii and Jorang
975 Death of Solomon.		Birth of Burphass (died b) of 190 togohog	Government of the Thirty Tyrants at	at the Temple.
Bevolt of the Ten Tribes.	zar.	479-450 Anaxagorus (b. 500, d. 428) teaches	Athens.	331 Phenicia subdued by Alexander.
Division into kingdoms of Israel and	Second captivity.	philosophy at Athens.	Spartan supremacy.	Battle of Arbela.
	and The supervise and the normanit	479 Occupation of Athens by Mardonius.	Death of Alcibiades.	Subjugation of Persia.
Judah.	597 Zedekiah made King over the remnant	479 Occupation of Athens by Mardonius.	Death of Alcibrades.	Subjugation of Fersia.
The kingdom of Israel established under	of Judah.	Persians defeated at Platea and Mycale	403 Thrasybulus restores democratic govern-	Settlement of the Jews at Alexandria.
Jeroboam.	596 Persians invade Syria, and Syria con-	and retreat from Greece.	ment at Athens.	330 Darius III. assassinated.
G-mie negovorg indenendence	and byna con-	Siege of Sestos.	402 Birth of Phocion (died 317.)	Demosthenes' oration for the crown.
Syria recovers independence.	tinues a subject of Persia for three	DIERE OF DEBLOD	404 BITCH OF FILOCION (ulcu SIA)	Demosthenes tration for the Monodonian
	centuries.	477 Beginning of the supremacy of Athens.	401 Expedition of Cyrus the younger who	Persia becomes a part of the Macedonian
الاستعداد فيتعدين والمعالي والمعتقي والمعتقي والمساور	594 Code of Solon at Athens published.	The Fabii perish in battle with the	rebels; at the battle of Cunaxa he is	Empire.
*Egyptian History is in a state of almost	bay Code of Solon at Athens published.	Veientes.	defeated and slain and the "Retreat of	327-325 Campaigns of Alexander in India.
hopeless obscurity, the estimates of the great	590 The seven wise men of Greece flourish,			Manage of Norgobia from the Indus to
Egyptologers differing more than 3,000 years.	Solon, Periander, Pittacus, Chilon,	475-478 Heiro I-at Syracuse.	ten thousand" Greeks under Xenophon	Voyage of Nearchus from the Indus to
syptonogers untering more than 5,000 years	Thales, Cleobulus and Bias.	474 Esther and Mordecai.	begins.	the Euphrates.
The dates here given are generally accepted	I males, Occupations and Dias.	471 Banishment of Themistocles.	401-384 Ctesias flourished.	326 Roman servitude for debt abolished.
by the greater part of Chronologists.	War between Media and Lydia.	471 Bamshment of Themistocles.	TOT OUT OUCSIDS HOULDHOU.	bao nonitali servicado for debe abonasta
2, the Breaser first of the total		1	1, · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY. B. C.
102 Victory of Marius over the Teutones at Aque Sexte (Aix). Second Servile war breaks out in Sicily.
101 Victory of Marius over the Cimbri at Vercelle and end of the war. Battle of Campus Raudius.
100 Birth of Julius Cesar. C. Marius born 157 (died 86). Sixth Ro-man Consul.
L. App. Saturninus Tribune (Rome).
96 Ptolemy Apion leaves Cyrene.
95 Birth of Lucretius (died 55).
92 Sulla on the Euphrates.
90-88 The Social or Marsic War in Italy. The Marsians, at first successful, are fin-ally defeated.
88-84 First Mithridatic War. Mithridates seizes Athens. Civil War of Marius. Sulla occupies Rome.
87 Marius retakes Rome. Proscription.
86 Revolt and Siege of Egyptian Thebas. A. D.
193 Pertinax, emperor of Rome, is murdered. Didius Julianus buys the empire. is opposed by Pescennius Niger and Septimius Severus and killed.
194 Septimius Severus sole emperor. Defeat and death of Niger.
196 Severus captures Byzantium after a siege of three years.
197 Temple of the Sun at Baalbec. Battle of Lyons, Defat of Albinus.
198 Caracalla named Augustus. Defeat of Parthians by Romans.
202 Persecution of the Christians.
204 Birth of Plotinus, philosopher (died 274).
209 Invasion of Britain by Severus. His wall completed, 220.
211 Death of Severus at York. Caracalla and Geta emperors. Roman citizenship extended to the whole empire.
212 Geta murdered. Caracalla, sole emperor.
213 Death of Clement of Alexandria.
214 First contact of the Romans with the Alamanni German tribes on the upper Rhine.
218 Heliogzabalus emperor. B. C.
8 Tiberius defeats the Germans. Diodorus Siculus, historian, flourished.
4 Birth of Jesus Christ, according to Usher's system.
Death of Herod, king of Judea. B. C.
324 Exile of Demosthenes.
323 Death of Alexander at Babylon.
Alexander succeeded by Perdiccas as
Regent. B. C.
217 The two Scipios sent to Spain.
216 Battle of Canne. Romans defeated with immense loss. Revolt of Capua.
Alliance of Hannibal with Philip V. of Macedon.
214—212 Siege and capture of Syracuse by Marcellus.
214 First Commercial War. Byzantium and Rhodes.
213 Bitle of Anitorgis. Greek works of art brought to Rome.
211 Greece concludes treaty with the Romans against Philip V. of Macedon.
Defeat and death of the two Scipios in Spain by Hasdrubal.
Capua recovered by Rome. Conquest of Judea by Antiochus. Hannibal before Rome.
208 Battle of Metaurus. Battle of Blinga.
207 Battle of the Metaurus; Hasdrubal defeated and slain by the Romans. Gold money first coined in Rome.
205 Ptolemy V. The decline of Egypt.
204 P. Cornelius Scipio conducts the war in Africa. Siege of Utica.
203 Hannibal leaves Italy. Attalus and Rhodians war with Philip.
202 Defeat of Hannibal at Zama, in Africa, by Scipio Africanus.
201 Treaty of peace between Rome and Carthage; end of the Second Punic War.
200-197 First Macedonian War. Allies attack Macedon and defeat Philip.
198 T. Quintus Flaminius proclaims liberty to the Greeks. Syria becomes independent of Egypt.
197 Battle of Cynocephale. Philip defeated by Flaminius. Palestine and Cele-Syria conquered by Antiochus the Great, and confirmed to him by the peace with Rome. The Rosetta Stone written.
196 Dynasty of Han, China, founded. Hannibal joins Antiochus.
195 Bitrh of Hipparchus, first systematic astromeme.
204 Barthe of China, founded. Hannibal joins Antiochus. 217 The two Scipios sent to Spain. 216 Battle of Canne. Romans defeated with Alexander succeeded by Perdiccas as Regent. Antipater in Macedonia. Lysimachus in Thruce. Cassander in Greece. Antigonus in Syria. Fumenes in Cappadocia. Seleucus at Babylon. Second Samnite War, lasts twenty-one vears Death of Herod, king of Judea. D. Tiberius commands on the Rhine. 8 Birth of Seneca (died A. D. 65). Judea a Roman province under Syria. Destruction of the Romans under Varus and three legions by the Germans under Hermann. Romans defeated by Charusci under Ar-minius. Banishment of Ovid. Death of Augustus Cesar. Accession of Tiberius Cesar. Accession of Artatanus in Parthia. -16 Campaigns of Germanicus in Germany. Germanicus in Parthia and the East. Death of Germanicus. War between Artabarus and Marbad. Valerius Maximus. M. Elino Sejanus dominant at Rome. Pretorian camp at Rome. 3 years. Antipater, a Macedonian general, defeats Athens and allies. 322 Ptolemy I., surnamed Soter, receives the Egyptian Kingdom. Phenicia annexed to Egypt by Ptolemy 14 Phenicia annexed to Egypt by Fusiemy Soter I.
Siter I.
First war among the "successors of Alexander."
Battle of the Caudine Forks.
Romans terribly defeated by Pontius and pass under the Samilte yoke.
Ptolemy Soter takes Jerusalem.
Revolt of Phenicia.
Jewish settlements in Egypt and Cyrene.
Agathooles at Syracuse.
Thebes rebuilt by Cassander.
Conquest of Antigonus of Phrygia.
Battle of Gaza.
Victory of Ptolemy and Seleucus over Demetrius Poliorcetes.
Pyrrhus king of Epirus.
Appian Way and aqueduct.
The great Roman military road completed.
Pathoes defacted at Himera.
Fabius crosses Ciminian Hills; defeats the Tuscans at Vadimon.
Sige of Rhodes by Demetrius.
Sige of Rhodes by Demetrius.
Sige of Rhodes by Demetrius.
Final division of Alexander's dominions.
Final division of Alexander's dominions.
Hennan democracy restored.
Chandrogupta (Sandracottus) reigns in India; makes a treaty with Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
Athenian democracy restored.
Chandrogupta (Sandracottus) reigns in India; makes a treaty with Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
Athenia besieged and taken by Demetrius.
Chandrogupta (Sandracottus) reigns in India; makes a treaty with Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
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Chandrogupta (Sandracottus) reigns in India; makes a treaty with Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
Athenia besieged and taken by Demetrius.
Battle of Jusis between Ptolemy Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
Athenia besieged and taken by Demetrius.
Battle of Jusis between Ptolemy Seleucus.
Light-house on island of Pharos erected.
Athenia besieged and taken Soter I. 321 First war among the "successors of 14-16 17 G 19 D Marius retaktes Rome. Proscription.
 Revolt and Siege of Egyptian Thebas. Death of Marius and return of Sulla. Athens stormed by Sulla. Birth of Sallust (died 34).
 Tigranes at war with Rome.
 Sulla makes peace with Pontus, king of the Mithridates.
 War with Marian party in Italy. Tigranes I. of Armenia annexes Phrygia.
 Birth of Marcus Antonius (died 30).
 Thebes destroyed. 20 M. Elino Sejanus dominant at Rome.
23 Pretorian camp at Rome.
25 Pontius Pilate Governor of Judea.
26-37 Tiberias retires to Capre.
30 The Crucifixion, according to Eusebius. Lactantius, Augustine, Origen, and other authorities give A. D. 29 as the proper vert. Rhine, Macrinus emperor, Heliogabalus emperor, Alexander Severus emperor, Sextus Empiricus, philosopher, flour- $217 \\ 218 \\ 222 \\ 225 \\ 225 \\$ Agrippina I. banished. Marco, Perfect of Data year. Agrippina I. banished. Marco, Perfect of Pretorians, upon fall of Sejanus. Accession of Caligula, Rome. Birth of Josephus (died 97). Philo Senior ambassador to Rome. Birth of Plutarch-died 120. Claudius Emperor of Rome. Claudius Emperor of Rome. Claudius conquers Mauretania. Birth of Quintilian-died 118. Expedition of Claudius to Britain. Successes of Aulus Plautius. Birth of Martial-died 104. Lyzcia becomes a Roman province. 226 Dissolution of the Parthian Empire and 31 83 82 end of Arecide. Foundation of the new Persian Kingdom of the Sassanide by Ardshir (Arta-Thebes destroyed. Second Civil War. Victory at the Colline gate. 37 Second Civil war.
Victory at the Colline gate.
Occupation of Rome.
Sulla becomes Dictator.
Abdication of Sulla. Dies in 78.
The Cornelian Laws of Rome.
79-72 Civil war of Sertorius in Spain; and of Lepidus and Catulus in Italy.
78 Alexandra Queen of Judea.
75 Nicomedes III. leaves Bithnia to Rome.
74-65 Third Mithridatic War.
74-66 Victories of Lucullus in Asia.
73-71 Servile war in Italy, led by Spartacus, who is defeated and slain by Crassus.
70 Consulship of Pompey and Crassus.
71 Birth of Virgil (died 19).
Scythians expelled from India.
69 Victory of Lucullus over Tigranes.
67 Cesar begins to take part in public affairs.
70 Distance widding the pirates of the Sassanide by Ardshir (Arta-xerxes). Ulpian (lawyer) died. Persian War begins. Triumth of Severus. Maximin murders Severus and succeeds to the throne. Persecution of the Christians. The Gordiani, Pupienus and Balbinu (jointly) and Gordianus III., emperors. Gordianus defeats Sapor, King of Persia. Gordianus murdered and succeeded by Philip the Arabian. Decius emperor of Rome. Decius orders a persecution of the Chris-40 228 231 233 235 $\frac{41}{42}$ 43 $\frac{236}{238}$ Birth of Martial-died 104. Lycia becomes a Roman province. Judea and Samaria directly Roman. London founded by the Romans. Birth of Juvenal-died 130 (?). Thrace directly Roman. The Frisians subdued by Rome. Defeat and capture of Caractacus; taken prisoner to Rome. Claudius marries Agrippiana II., and adopts Nero. $\begin{array}{c} 242 \\ 244 \end{array}$ $\frac{249}{250}$ tronomer. 192-188 War between the Romans and Antio-Decius orders a persecution of the Chris-50 chus the Great. Philopemen pretor of the Achean tians. First invasion of the empire by the League. reece declared free from Macedon by Goths. 251 Death of Decius and his son. Goths.
251 Death of Decius and his son. Gallus emperor.
252 A pestilence breaks out in the empire and lasts fitteen years.
253 Irruption of the Goths and Burgundians into Mesia and Pannonia.
First appearance of the Franks in Gaul about this time.
254 Valerian emperor. His son Gallienus as-sociated with him. Persecution of the Christians.
258 Trapezus taken by the Goths.
259 Sapor ravages Syria.
Valerian taken prisoner.
260 Gallienus sole emperor. The Thirty Tyrants between 260 and 268.
262 The Goths in Macedonia and Asia Minor. They destroy the Temple of Ephesus. Antioch taken by Sapor.
263 The Franks invade Gaul.
266 Claudius Geteats the Goths in Mesia.
270 Aurelian emperor of Rome. Victories over the Goths and the Ala-manni. Zenobia queen of Palmyra. Greece declared free from Macedon Flaminius. Philopemen defeats Nabis, of Sparta. Sparta joins the Achean League. adopts Nero. South Britain a Roman province. Agrippiana poisons Claudius and Nero fairs. fairs. Pompey subdues the pirates. Lucullus recalled. Pompey sent into Asia and war ended. Birth of Strabo, geographer (died A. D. 66 Agrippiana poisons Claudius and Nero becomes emperor.
Birth of Tacitus; died 117 (?).
Corbulo in Parthia.
Birtiannicus poisoned by Agrippiana.
Agrippiana murdered by Nero.
Parthia and Armenia at war.⁽²⁾
St. Paul at Malta.
Insurrection of the Britons under Boa-dicea. Sparta joins the Achean League.
190 Battle of Magnesia.
188 The laws and discipline of Lycurgus abrogated by Philopemen.
184 Death of Plautus.
183 Death of Hannibal and Scipio.
Lycortas, general of the Achean League.
182-174 Encroachments of Massinisa.
181 Ptolemy VI. reigns in Egypt.
The Vilian Law, Rome.
179 Perseus King of Macedonia.
Embassy of Callicrates to Greece.
Pharnaces, of Pontus, cedes Paphlagonia to Rome. 22).
 65 Birth of Horace (died B. C. 8). Antiochus Asiaticus dethroned by Pom-Gellius Egnatus, leader of the Samittes.
296 The Capitoline wolf.
295 Quintus Fabius defeats the Samittes, Etruscans and Gauls at Sentinum.
292 Execution of C. Pontius.
290 The Third Samite War ends in subpey. Birth of Messalla (died 4). Pompey reduces Syria to a Roman prov-64 Insurrection of the Britons under Boa-dicea. Victory of Suetonius Paulinus. Birth of Papinius Statius, poet; died 96. Birth of Pliny the Minor; died 105. Rome on fire six days. Persecution of the Christians. Deaths of St. Peter and St. Paul (?). Deaths of Seneca and Luscan. Conspiracy of Piso. Revolt of the Jews. Josephus governor of Gallilee. Nero at the Olympic games. Death of Nero. Galba becomes emperor. Civil war at Rome. 63 Jerusalem taken by the Romans under 200 The Third Samilte War ends in subjugation to Rome.
287 Birth of Archimedes (died 212).
286 The Hortensian Law passed at Rome; plebiscita declared binding on all the people.
285 Ptolemy abdicates in favor of his son, Philadelphus, who becomes Ptolemy II. Under his reign Egypt rose to a high rank among the nations in power and wealth. Pompey. Pompey. Birth of Augustus. Second conspiracy of Cataline suppressed by Cicero. Orations of Cicero. Lucullus founds Library at Rome. Phenicia absorbed 'n the province of Syria. 64 Flathaces, of Fontus, ceues Taphingona to Rome.
176 Antiochus makes war on Egypt.
171-168 Second Macedonian War.
170 Antiochus takes Jerusalem.
40,000 Jews slain and Temple pillaged.
Birth of Attius, Roman dramatist (died antiochus takes) 65 Phenicia absorbed 'n the province of Syria.
Pompey, Cesar and Crassus form the first Roman Triumvirate.
Birth of Seneca (died 30).
Birth of Livy (died A. D. 17).
The Gallic War begins.
Cicero banished.
Cesar invades Gaul.
Helvetii and Ariovistus defeated.
Cryus becomes a Román province.
End of the Seleucide.
Cesar defeats the Belge and Nervii.
55-54 Cesar invades Britain.
Crassus plunders the Temple at Jerusa-lem; is defeated and killed by the Parthians at Carrhe, 53.
Cesar defeats Treviri and crosses the Rhine.
Birth of Tibullus (died 18).
52-51 Cesar conquers Vercingetorix and Alesia.
Murder of Claudius by Milo.
Subjugation of Gaul completed, and becomes a Roman province.
Quintus Sextius (Stoic) flourished.
Givil war between Cesar and Pompey.
Pompeians defeated in Spain.
Cesar defeats Pompey.
Murder of Pompey in Egypt.
Ptolemy Dionysus and Cleopatra inherit Egyptian throne.
Cesar again dictator.
War in Egypt.
Partial destruction of the library of Alexandria.
Cesar afetest Pharnaces at Zela. 60 Syria. 60 Pompey, Cesar and Crassus form the first 66 67 68 wealth. 284 Alexandrian Library founded by Ptolemy 76).
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284 The Etolian League formed.
283 Kingdom of Pergamus founded. Renewed Gallic and Etruscan War. Second battle of Lake Vadimon.
281 Rome wars with Pyrrhus, king of Epirus. Rome at war with Tarentum. Lysimachus defeated and slain by Se-leucus at Corupedion.
280 Achean League between twelve cities of Achea established. Battle of Pandosia. Romans defeated by Pyrrhus. Birth of Chryssippus (died 207).
279 Irruption of the Gauls into Greece. First Plebeian censor at Rome. Romans again defeated by Pyrrhus at Asculum. Romans again defeated by Pyrrhus at Asculum. 10.1 Notice and Control gamma for the context of the cont Victories over the Goths and the Ala-manni. Zenobia queen of Palmyra. Expedition of Aurelian to Palmyra. Capture of Palmyra and of Queen Ze-nobia. $\frac{272}{273}$ Athenians attack Oropus. Athenians attack Oropus. 167 Judas Maccabeus defeats the Syrians and occupies Jerusalem, except the Cit-adel. nobia. 274 Birth of Constantine (died 337). 275 Tacitus emperor. 276 Probus emperor. 277 Probus drives the Alamanni from Gaul. 282 Carus emperor. adel. Romans ravage Epirus and Achea. Rededication of the Temple. One thousand Acheans imprisoned at Carus emperor. Expedition to the East. 166 Expedition to the East. Diocletian emperor of Rome. Maximian joint emperor with Diocletian. Revolt of Carausius over Maximian. Victory of Carausius over Maximian. Constantius and Galerius named Ce- $284 \\ 286$ First comedy of Terence performed at First comedy of Terence performed at Rome.
First comedy of Terence performed at Rome.
166-145 Hipparchus flourishes.
165 Rise of the Pharisees and Sadducees.
164 Death of Antiochus.
He is succeeded by Antiochus V. Eupator, who takes Bethoura, and besiges Jeru-salem, but makes peace with the Jews. Cyrene and Libya separate from Egypt.
163 Birth of M. Emilius Scaurus, Roman orator (died 90).
164 Victory of Judas Maccabeus at Adosa.
Embassy of Cameades, Diogenes and Critolans to Rome.
Death of Judas.
Alliance between Rome and Judea.
Jonathan Maccabeus succeeds Judas.
169 Bactrians in India.
150 Hast In Spain.
150-138 Lusitanian War.
Viriathus commands the Lusitanians.
149 Third Punic War begins.
Scipio invades Africa.
Andriscus in Maccaonia. 289 292 Asculum. Rome and Carthage allied. League between Athens, Sparta and Asctitum.
Rome and Carthage allied.
277 League between Athens, Sparta and Expot.
The Septuagint written.
The Gauls settle in Galatia.
276 Birth of Eratosthenes—died 196.
The great wall of China built (?)
274 Battle of Beneventum. Rome victorious and Pyrrhus leaves Italy.
273 Egyptian embasys to Rome.
274 Battle of Seneventum. Rome victorious and Pyrrhus leaves Italy.
274 Battle of Beneventum. Rome victorious and Pyrrhus leaves Italy.
275 Egyptian embasys to Rome.
276 Eirst Punce first coined at Rome.
276 Hirst Punce War begins.
276 Carthage disputes Rome's Empire.
276 Chronology of Arundelian (Parian) marble ends.
260 First Roman fleet launched.
276 Naval victory of Regulus over the Carthaginians.
276 Mayal victory of Regulus over the Carthaginians.
276 Berthal.
276 Berthal.
276 Parthia.
276 Pa Sars. Division of the empire. Britain recovered by Constantius. Siege of Alexandria by Diocletian. Persian War. Constantius defeats the Alamanni near 277 League $\frac{296}{297}$ 298 Langres. Defeat of Narses. Persecution of the Christians by Diocle-303 tian. Abdication of Diocletian and Maximian. 305 Abolication of Diofectan and Maximian Constantius and Galerius emperors. Beginning of monasticism in Egypt un-der St. Anthony. Death of Constantius at York. Constantine (the Great) proclaimed em-peror by the troops. Revolt of Maxentius. Insurrection of Antonius suppressed. Rome persecutes Jews and Christians. St. John banished to Patmos. 91 95 306 Partial destruction of the library of Alex-andria during the slege of Alexandria. Cesar defeats Pharnaces at Zela. The African War. Battle of Thapsus. Suicide of Cato. Reformation of the calendar by Cesar. His triumphs. War in Spain. 96 Domitian killed. Nerva becomes emperor. Polycarp, Bishop of Smyrna, born (died 307 Revolt of Maxentius.
Six emperors.
Elevation of Licinius.
311 Rome proclaims Christianity.
Edict of Nicomedia to stop the persecution of the Christians.
312 Defeat and death of Maxentius.
313 Defeat and death of Maximian.
Edict of Milan, by Constantine and Licitians, for general religious toleration.
Britain subdued.
314 War between the two emperors.
315 Constantine sole emperor.
324 Constantine sole emperor.
324 Constantine price founded; dedicated as the capital of the empire, 330 (or 334).
325 First General Council of the Church meets at Nicea.
326 Athanasius Patriarch of Alexandria. 307 46 Third Punic War begins. Scipio invades Africa. Andriscus in Macedonia. Birth of Lucillus-died 103. The Achean war with Rome begins. Ptolemy VI. killed in battle. Carthage taken by Scipio and destroyed by order of the Roman Senate. Corinth taken and destroyed by Mum-mus. 166).
96-98 Relief of taxes and distribution of lands.
98 Trajan emperor of Rome.
Buttorab flourishes $148 \\ 147 \\ 146$ 45 War in Spain. Battle of Munda; defeat of the Pom-Flatan empirical relations from the second peians. Cesar Pater Patrie Imperator, for life, Dictator. First year of Julian calendar. Assassination of Cesar by Brutus, Cas-sius and others. Flight of the assasb) 100 b) 100 (died 180). 114-117 Trajan's expedition to the East. 117 Hadrian emperor. He abandons the conquests of Trajan. The Euphrates made the eastern boundmius. 44 stus and october 1 fight be have started by and control of Rome.
Corinth and Carthage rebuilt.
43 Cleopatra poisons her brother Ptolemy and reigns alone.
Battle of Mutina.
Second TriumvIrate—C. Octavius, M. Antony, M. Lepidus.
Cicero put to death.
Birth of Ovid (died A. D. 18).
End of the Razida. sins. The Euphrates made the custom states
ary of the empire.
120 Hadrian visits Gaul and Britain.
Statues of Antonous (Hadrian's page).
Birth of Ireneus Bishop of Lyons, died 326 Athanasius Patriarch of Alexandria. Controversy with Arius. 336 Death of Arius. 337 Constantine II., Constans and Constan-tius II. joint emperors. Birth of Lucian, died 200. 121 Hadrian's walls built-Newcastle to Car-

SUPLLEMEN'T X1.

Leagues.	70).	Birth of Uvid (died A. D. 16).	lisle-Rhine to the Danube.	tius 11. joint emperors.
241 Defeat of Carthaginians by Catulus at	142 Scipio Africanus (Minor) Roman Censor.	End of the Ragida.	Birth of Marcus Aurelius, died 180.	Nephilas Meso-Gothic gospels.
the Egates Insule.	140 Birth of Crassus, Roman orator (died	42 Battle of Philippi.	Birth of Marcus Autenus, died 100.	338 Death of Eusebius.
End of the First Punic War.	91).	49 Defeat and death of Brutus and Cassius,	125 First apology for the Christians present-	340 Birth of St. Jerome-died 420.
Sicily made a Roman Province.	Simon made hereditary prince of the	The Triumviri masters of the Roman	ed at Athens by Quadratus and Aris-	347 Synod of Sardica.
Sicily made a Roman Trovince.	Jews.	world.	tides.	348 Ulfilas Bishop of the Goths (died 388).
Atalus, King of Pergamus.		41 Meeting of Antony and Cleopatra at Tar-	130 Birth of Appuleius.	350-'52 Revolt of Magentius. Defeated by
Agis IV. killed at Sparta.	Death of Viriathus-Rome.		Birth of Galen, died 200.	
240 The plays of Livius Andronicus exhib-	Macedon formally absorbed by Rome.	sus.	Hadrian rebuilds Jerusalem.	Constantius.
it is the first tragenies at Kume.	138 Birth of L. Cornelius Sulla (died 78).	40 Herod the Great made king of the Jews.	132 Second Jewish War.	354 Birth of St. Augustine (died 430).
238 Date of the decree of Canopus; tablet	136 Hycanus Governor of Judea.	Tibrory of Pergamils to Alexandria.	132 Second Jewish war.	357 Victory of Julian over the Alamanni at
i of San	134-132 Servile War in Sicily.	37 Jerusalem taken by Herod and the	Barchochebas, leader of the Jews.	Argentoratum (Strasburg).
237 Conquest of Spain attempted by the Car-	Sicilian slaves rebel, are conquered and	Romans.	Edictum perpetuum of Hadrian.	361 Julian emperor.
231 Conquest of Spann accompted as	slain.	Romans.	135 Dispersion of the Jews.	362 Julian recalls the banished bishops, and
thaginians. Seizure of Sardinia and Corsica by the		Agrippa crosses the Rhine.	138 Antonius Pius, emperor.	proclaims general religious toleration.
Seizure of Sarunna and Consider by the	133 Laws of Tiberias Gracchus passed at	36 Sextus Pompeius driven from Sicily (put	The empire at peace.	
Romans.	Rome.	to death 35).	Faustina I. flourishes.	363 Persian War.
~235 The gates of the Temple of Janus at	Gracchus murdered.	Lepidus deprived of power.	Wall of Antoninus (Graham's Dyke)	Julian killed.
Bome shut for the first time since	Kingdom of Pergamus bequeathed to	Defeat of Antony in Parthia.	built.	Jovian emperor.
Numa No war existing at the time.	Rome.	34 Antony invades Armenia.		364 Valentinian and Valens joint emperors.
234 Birth of M. Porcius Cato-died 149.	130 Demetrius Nicator, Syria, restored.	32 War between Octavius and Antony.	139 Conquests of Lollius Urbicus in Britain.	Final division of the empire.
l egg Antigonus Doson in Macedon.	129 Hycranus subdues Idumea and Samaria	32 War between Octavius and Antony.	140 Vallum Antonio in Britain.	367-'69 Theodosius in Britain; aids Briton
1) ooo Athong joing the Achean League.	129 Hycranus subdues foumea and Samaria	31 Battle of Actium.	145-175 Fustiana II. flourishes.	against Picts and Scots.
229 Athens joins the Achean League be-	and destroys Temple at Gerizim.	Establishment of the Roman Empire.	147 Development of Roman civil laws.	
227 Cleomenic war with Achean Longue se	125 Rise of the Essenes.	30 Battle of Actium. Octavius successful.	150 Establishment of schools in Roman prov-	370 The Saxons land on the coasts of Gaul.
gins.	Fluvius Flaccus and L. Drusus popular	Suicide of Antony and Cleopatra.	inces.	373 Death of Athanasius.
226 Reforms of Cleomenes at Sparta.	Roman leaders.	Criticism of the best Attic Literature at	161 Marcus Aurelius and Lucius Verus joint	375 War with the Quadi.
225 Invasion of Cisalpine Gaul and battle of	L. Caelius Antipater, Roman jurist, flour-	Rome.		Gratian emperor of the West with Val-
Clusium. Rome victorious.	ished.	29 The Gates of Janus Shut.	emperors.	entinian II.
222 Ptolemy IV. reigns in Egypt.		27 Cesar Octavius is made Emperor under	161-166 Pestilence and famine at Rome.	Invasion of the Huns.
Defeats Antiochus III. of Syria at Ra-	123 Scipio takes and destroys Numantia.	27 Cesar Octavius is made Emperor under	162 Rome wars with Parthia.	376 Valens allows the Huns to settle in
nhia	Roman Colony sent to Carthage.	the title of Augustus Cesar.	163 Persecution of Christians.	
Gallia Cisalpina becomes a Roman Prov-	121 Civil war in Rome arising from Agrarian	Pantheon dedicated by Agrippa.	166 Polycarp suffers martyrdom.	Thrace.
ince.	troubles-Caius Gracchus is murdered.	25 Tiridates seeks Roman court.	167-180 War with the Marcomanni, Quadi,	377 Birth of St. Patrick (died 493?).
221 Eattle of Sellasia.	Metullius leader of Roman Senate.	24 Defeat of Romans in Arabia.	etc.	378 Constantinople threatened by the Goths.
Aratus and Antigonus take Sparta.	120 Parthians subdue Bactria.	23 Death of Marcellus.	Greek philosophers patronized by Rome.	379 Theodosius the Great, Emperor of the
Philip V. of Macedon.	117 Ptolemy VIII. reigns jointly with his	21 Augustus Cesar founds Confederacy of	169 Death of L. Verus.	East.
Fillip V. OI Maceuon.	mother, Cleopatra.	Raconian cities.		381 Second General Council held at Con-
Alliance between Philip and Acheans	116 Birth of Varro (died 28).	20 Roman standards restored by Parthia.	Marcus Aurelius sole emperor.	
against Etolians.	116 Birth of varro (dieu 28).	ZU Ruman standards restored by ratima.	175 Rome quells rebellion in Syria	stantinople.
220 Hasdrubal assassinated in Spain.	113 The Teutones and Cimbra invade Gaul.	India embassy to Rome.	177 Christians in Gaul persecuted.	Pagan rites prohibited.
219 Antiochus overruns Palestine.	111-106 The Jugurthine War-peace conclud-	18 Death of Dionysius of Halicarnassus.	Advance of the Goths.	382 Alaric King of the Goths.
Siege of Saguntum by Hannibal.	ed.	17-7 Temple at Jerusalem rebuilt by Herod.	178 Goths attack Dacia.	383 Revolt of Maximus in Britain.
Second Illyrian war.	War renewed two years later.	Agrippa invades Asia.	180 Commodus emperor of Rome.	390 Final suppression of Paganism.
218 Second Punic War begins.	Metellus and Marius defeat Jugurtha and	Cappadocia created a province of Rome.	Statue of Aurelius erected.	Massacre at Thessalonica.
Hannibal marches from Spain across the	subjects Numidia.	16 German war; Roman defeat under Lol-	Perennis prefect of Pretorians.	Death of Gregory at Nazianzus.
Pyrenees and the Alps into Italy.	109-101 War of Rome with the Cimbri and	lius.	183 Successes of Ulpius Marcellus in Britain.	393 Honorius Emperor of the West.
Battles of the Ticinius and the Trebia,	Teutones.	15 Victories of Drusus over the Rheti.		394 Theodosius master of the whole Roman
and defeat of Scipio.			184 Commodus takes the name of Britanicus.	
	100 Hyrcanus destroys the Samaritan temple	12 Invasion of Germany by Drusus.	185 Birth of Origen (died 253).	world.
21) Hannibal passes the Apennines.	on Mount Gerizim.	11-9 Campaigns of Tiberias in Pannonia	186 Cleander perfect of Pretorians.	395 Death of Theodosius.
Battle of Lake Trasimene. Flaminius	Atricus born (died B. C., 32).	and Dalmatia.	190 Birth of Tertullian (died 240).	Arcadius Emperor of the East.
defeated.	106 Birth of Pompey and of Cicero.	9 Death of Drusus	192 Britanicus as gladiator, killed.	The Huns invade the eastern provinces.

ANCIENT. MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY. A. D. 395 Augustine made Bishop of Hippo (died A. D.
1172 The Sultan Saladin makes great con-quests in Asia. Ireland conquered by the English.
1176 Battle of Legnano. Barbarossa defeated by the Lombard League. Six circuits for the administration of justice established in England.
1130 Glanvil Chief Justice of England. Philip II. (Augustus) King of France.
1131 Glanvil makes a digest of English law.
1138 Peace of Constance establishes the free cities of Italy.
1135 Provinces of Amiens and Valois annexed to France. A. D.
1314 Battle of Bannockburn; the Scots, under Robert Bruce, defeat the English under Edward.
Louis IV. King of Germany.
Union of France and Navarre.
1315-'25 Insurrection cf English Barons.
The Swiss totally defeat the Austrians at Morgarten. A. D. 612 A. D.
936 Otho the Great in Germany.
937 Athelstan wins a great victory over the Danes, Scots, etc., and becomes first King of England.
939 Louis IV. of France subdues Hugh Capt, Count of Paris.
944 Malcolm I. in Scotland.
951 Otho invades Italy Jews persecuted in Spain. Clotaire II. King of France. Jerusalem captured by Persians. Mohammed secretly leaves Mecca and en-430). Alaric in Greece. Stilicho attains chief power under Hono-614 622 622 Mohammed secretly leaves Mecca and enters Medina. The Hegira or Arab emigration—not flight as commonly translated.
628 Dagobert, the "Solomon of the Franks," becomes King. Revises and publishes the Salic and Rimiter Version Science rius. 396 The Britons ask aid of Honorius against 944 951 962 the Picts and Scots.
297 Deaths of Martin of Tours and Ambrose of Milan.
298 Chrysostom Bishop of Constantinople 116 Swiss totally defeat the Austrians at Morgarten.
1316 John I., a posthumous son of Louis X., King, dies at the age of four days. Philip II. (the Long) King of France.
1321 Death of Dante.
1322 Battle of Muchldorf; Louis V. defeats Fraderick Matcolm 1, in Sectand. Otho invades Italy. Otho the Great becomes Emperor of the West; Italy and Germany united. Otho II. invades France. Assassination of Edward, the Martyr, of parian Laws. Mohammed re-enters Mecca; installed as 978 979 (died 407). (died 407).
400 Alaric ravages Italy.
403 Battle of Pollentia.
Defeat of Alaric by Stilicho.
406 The Vandals, Alani and Suevi inyade Snain. 630 Assassingtion of Edward, the Martyr, of England.
Battle of Basientello; Otho III. of Ger-many defeated by Greeks and Saracens.
Hugh Capet becomes King of France.
Vladimir marries Annie, sister of Basil II. of Russia, and embraces Christiani-ty and and prophet.
 beath of Mohammed.
 Cash of Mohammed.
 His religion spreads through Persia.
 Cash of Koran published. Frederick. Charles IV. King of France. Birth of John Wickliffe; died 1384. Germany invaded by Turks. Edward III. crowned, Jan. 25, King of England to France. 1187 Saladin seizes Jerusalem. 1189 Third Crusade by England, France and [5] Saladin seizes Jerusalem.
[6] Third Crusade by England, France and Germany.
[6] Store begun.
[7] Sitoge of Acre begun.
[8] Sitoge of Acre begun.
[8] Sitoge of Acre begun.
[8] Sitoge of Acre begun.
[9] Sitoge of Crysts founded.
[9] Acrois annexed to France.
[9] Richard I., Coeur de Lion, made prisoner in Germany by Henry IV.; ransomed (1194) for £400,000.
[9] Sitomet III. Pope.
[9] John becomes King of England, May 27.
[9] University of Salamanca founded.
[2] Courth Crusade; capture of Zora.
[3] Constantinople besieged and captured by the Crusaders.
[4] Normandy lost to England.
[4] Latins possess and divide Greece.
[6] Albigensian Crusade.
[6] Otho crowned Emperor of Germany at Rome.
[9] Braland interdicted by the Pope. 1324 409 The Roman legions recalled from Britain; final withdrawal about 418. 634 638 The Korah published. Syria occupied by Saracens. Clovis II., son of Dagobert, King of 1326 1327 1327 Edward III. crowned, Jan. 25, King of England.
Independence of Scotland.
200,000 Moors brought from Africa by the King of Grenada.
1328 Charles the Fair, of France, dies; Philip VI., of the House of Valois, reigns.
1329 David II. King of Scotland.
1333 The Scots defeated by Edward at Hali-don Hill.
1339 First Doge of Genoa appointed.
1340 Birth of Gerhard Groot; died 1330.
Battle of Tarifa in Spain; Moors terri-bly defeated by Alphonso XI., of Cas-tile. Sack of Rome by Alaric. France Death of Alaric. Pelagius begins to preach about this time. Elfric's Homilies. Otho III. makes the German Emperor 639 Omar institutes the new Moslem Calen-995 996 1190 dar. Perclus the philosopher born (died 455.) Marriage of Ataulphus, King of the Goths, to Placida, daughter of Theo-dosius the Great. Persecution of the Christians in Persia begins; lasts thirty years. Death of St. Jerome. Orosius, the Spanish presbyter and his-torian flourished. dar. Alexandrian Library burnt. In Britain the Mercians defeat the Berni-Paris made the Capital of all France. Paris made the Capital of all France. Death of St. Adelbert, who first intro-duced Christianity into Prussia. Gerbert, Silvester II. Pope. Genoa, Italy, becomes rich and powerful. Massacre of Danes in England by Ethel-red $640 \\ 642$ In Britain the Mercians defeat the Bernicians.
Rhodes taken by the Saracens.
Clotaire III. becomes King of France.
In Italy, Constans II., Emperor of the East, is defeated by the Lombards.
Constantinople besieged by Saracens.
Saracens driven from Spain.
'77 Wamba's "good reign" in Spain.
Cadwallader, the last king of the Britons, reigns. 997 1191 999 $\begin{array}{c} 656 \\ 662 \end{array}$ 1000 1002 Massacre of Danes in England by Ethel-red. Reign of Robert II. in Burgundy. Sweyn, King of Denmark, avenges the massacre. Ethelred flees to Normandy. Malcolm II. King of Scotland. Sweyn conquers England. Battle of Zetunium; Basil II. of Con-stantinople defeats the Bulgarians. Vladimir I. dies; Russia is divided. Ethelred dies; Edmund Ironsides and Canute divide England. Italy invaded by Northmen. Expulsion of Saracens. Canute, the Dane, becomes King of all England. 668 1192 torian, flourished. Death of Honorius at Ravenna. Administration of Etius begins, lasting 1003 672-678 about thirty years.
The Traveler's Song published.
428 Nestorius, Patriarch of Constantinople, banished (435).
429 The Vandals under Genseric invade Afreigns. Bulgarians occupy Bulgaria, in Northern bly defeated by Alphonso XI., of Cas-tile. 1346 Battle of Crecy; French, under Philip, routed by the English, under Edward III., and the Black Prince. Battle of Durban, in Scotland. Battle of Neville's Cross. 1347 The English take Calais. Rienzi, last of the Tribunes, establishes a democracy in Rome. 1348 University of Prague founded. 1349 Dauphiny annexed to France. The black death in England. 1350 Order of the Garter instituted by Ed-ward and John II., King of France. 1353 Turks enter Greece. 1354 Rienzi slain at Rome. 1356 Battle of Politiers, September 19; 8,000 $1013 \\ 1014$ 681 Mebrouin, last of the Merovingians, assassinated. 685 Saxons drive Britons into Wales and 1015 1016 rica. Death of Theodore, Bishop of Mopsues-Cornwall. Sussex united to Wessex. In France, Pepin defeats Thierry. Kent devastated by West Saxons. Anafesto becomes the first Doge of Ven-Cornwall. 687 1204 tia. Third General Council held at Ephesus. St. Patrick arrives in Ireland. Attila King of the Huns. $\frac{1207}{1208}$ 694 697 1208 Otho crowned Emperor of Germany at Rome.
1208 Otho crowned Emperor of Germany at Rome.
1208 Otho crowned against the Albegeoise.
1209 French Crusade against the Albegeoise.
1210 War between Venice and Genoa.
1213 Battle of Muret; defeat of Albigenses.
1214 Alexander II. of Scotland.
1215 Magna Charta signed at Runnymede.
1216 Henry III. becomes King of England, October 28.
1217 Fifth Crusade by Germans and Hun-garians.
1218 Frederick II. becomes Emperor of Italy.
1220 Frederick II. becomes Emperor of Italy.
1221 Tartars conquer a large part of Russia. Louis VIII. King of France.
1224 Gregory IX. Pope.
1225 Gregory IX. Pope.
1226 Gregory IX. Pope. 1017 601 Analesto Economic field into Spain to over-ice.
709 The Saracens invited into Spain to over-throw King Roderick.
711 The Saracens cross from Africa to Spain. The Bulgarians ravage the Eastern Em-ting Theodosian code published. The Vandals surprise Carthage. Leo I. (the Great) Bishop of Rome. Treaty of peace between Valentinian and Consortied. England. England.
England.
1019 The Moors enter Spain.
1026 Sancho II. of Navarre founds the King-dom of Castile.
1035 Arragon becomes a Kingdom under Ram-Genseric.
Attila in Thrace and Macedonia.
446 Messages of the Britons to Etius for aid against the Saxons.
447 Attila ravages the Eastern Empire.
Theodosius concludes a treaty with At-tila irez I. 1037 Union of Leon and Austria with Castile. 1039 Duncan I. of Scotland murdered by Macpire. The Gothic Kingdom of Spain overthrown 712 1354 Rienzi slain at Rome.
1355 Battle of Poitiers, September 19; 8,000 English defeat 60,000 French; the Black Prince takes John II. captive to London, where he dies.
Charles IV. of Germany, signs the Golden Bull, the basis of the German Constitution until 1806.
1353 Insurrection of the Jacquerie in France.
1360 Feace of Breitgny, between English and French.
1361 Idy overrup by the Free Lances. by the Arabs. Establishment of the Saracen kingdom beth. Sicily restored and Servia lost to the 1040 of Cordova. Charles Martel, mayor of the palace and Theodosius concludes a treaty with At-tila. The Robber-Council of Ephesus, Landing of the English in Britain. Hengist and Horsa in Kent. Death of Theodosius II. Invasion of Gaul by Attila. Victory of Etius at Chalons. Fourth General Council held at Chalce-don. Sicily restored and servia lost to the Eastern Empire. The Cid (Ruy Diaz) in Spain. Danes driven from Scotland. The Saxony Dynasty restored. Edward, the Confessor, King of England. Conquest of Bohemia by Henry III. Russians defeated before Constantinople. Rebellion of Godfrey in Kent. War of Roderigo, the Cid, with the Moors. real ruler of France. 716 Independent Gothic Monarchy founded in $1041 \\ 1042$ the Asturias. the Asturias. Leon and Asturias formed into a King-dom by Pelays, who checks the con-quests of the Saracens in Spain. The Saracens are defeated at Constanti-718 $1043 \\ 1051 \\ 1052$ French.
1361 Italy overrun by the Free Lances. Turks enter Greece.
1362 The English language ordered to be used in legal proceedings, England.
1363 Austria acquires the Tyrol.
1364 Charles V. (the Wise) King of France. Philip, the Bold, Duke of Burgundy. Treaty between Austria and Bohemia.
1366 H. Van Eyck, painter, born.
1367 The Mamelukes conquer Armenia.
1369 Empire of Tamerlane founded. Langland's "Piers Plowman."
1370 Ope Gregory XI. goes to Avignon.
1371 Stuart line begins with Robert IL of Scotland.
1374 Death of Petrarch. Rebellion against the Pope.
1375 Death of Boccaccio.
1377 Richard II. King of England, June 22. Papacy restored to Rome.
1380 Battle of the Don; Dimitri II., of Russia, defeats the Tartars. Wyckilffe's translation of the Bible pub-lished.
Thomas A. Kempis born. Russia wars with the Tartars. Charles VI., King of France.
1381 Watt Tyler's insurrection in London crushed.
Ghiberti, artist, born; died 1455. 720 1361 Italy overrun by the Free Lances. don. Monophysite controversy begins. 452 Invasion of Italy by Attila. Venice founded. 453 Death of Attila. Dissolution of his em-War of Roderigo, the Cid, with the Moors. Moors expelled from Italy. Macbeth defeated and slain. Malcolm III. of Scotland. Philip I., the Fair, King of France. Lambert of Herzfeld. Jerusalem captured by the Turks. William of Normandy invades England, and wins the battle of Hastings. Harold defeats the Norwegians, and is crowned King of England, January 5. Death of Harold. William I., the Norman, crowned King, December 25. The feudal system introduced in Eng-land. nople. Charles Martel created_Duke of France. 1058 The Saracens invade France. 730 Pope Gregory excommunicates the Em 131 and a state of the 453 Death of Attila. Dissolution of his empire.
454 St. Patrick fixes his see at Armagh.
455 Sack of Rome by Genseric. Intercession of Leo.
457 Hengist founds the Kingdom of Kent.
460 The epic poem of Beowulf (?).
461-'67 Rule of Ricimer. Severus nominal Emperor.
462-'72 Conquests of the Visigoths in Spain and Gaul.
456 Great fire at Constantinople.
475 Romulus Augustulus Emperor of the West (banished 476).
476 Odoacer captures and sacks Rome and becomes King of Italy. Succession of Western Emperors ends. Close of the period of Ancient History. 1060 1220 St. Douls becomes Fining Bouls File of France.
1227 Gregory IX. Pope.
1228 Sixth Crusade; Frederick II. at Acre.
1229 The Inquisition begun.
1229 Ten years' truce with the Sulian.
Jerusalem restored to the Christians.
Frederick crowned King of Jerusalem.
Albigenses defeated in France.
1231 University of Cambridge founded.
1232 Fall of Hubert de Burgh.
1233 Wars between Castile and Moors, and capture of Cordova, Seville, Toledo, and other cities by Ferdinand III.
1235 The Mongolians invade Russia.
1236 War between the Emperor and the Lombard League. 1065 1066 State settlements in Greetan Peropoli-nesus. Carloman of France abdicates. Pepin, the Short, son of Charles Martel, becomes King of France. Pepin gives Ravenna to the Pope. Insurrection in Mercia, Britain. Abderahman I. becomes King of Cordova. Pepin annexes Ravenna to the See of Rome. 752 754

SUPPLEMENT XII.

756

 $\frac{760}{768}$

conquers the Saxons; they embrace Christianity.
 Charlemagne annexes Italy after con-quering the Lombards.
 Battle of Roncesvalles.
 Beginning of the age of chivalry.
 Charlemagne unsuccessfully invades Sbain.

Charlemagne unsuccessfully invades Spain.
785 Saxons, subdued by Charlemagne, be-come Christians.
787 The Danes land in England.
791-'96 Charlemagne establishes the Margra-viate of Austria.
Reign of Alfonso, the Chaste, in Spain; independence of Christians established.
799 The Avars subdued by Charlemagne.
800 Charlemagne crowned at Rome; be-comes Emperor of the West by Pope Leo III.

410

412 414

420

449

450 451

Medieval History

- 476 Establishment of the Kingdom of the
- 476 Establishments of Franks.
 477 Second Saxon invasion of Britain.
 480 Birth of St. Benedict (died 543).
 481 Clovis I. (Merovingian) reigns in Belgic
- 485 Proclus, philosopher, died. 486 Battle of Soissons.
- Battle of Soissons. Clovius I. defeats the Gauls.

- Clovius I. defeats the Gauls.
 499 Ostrogoths invade Italy.
 491 Ella founds the Kingdom of Sussex.
 493 Theodoric establishes the Ostrogothic Kingdom of Italy, South Germany and Hungary, capital at Ravenna.
 495 Third Saxon invasion of Britain. Cerdic founds the Kingdom of Wessex.
 496 Clovis of France embraces Christianity.
 501 Laws of Burgundy published.
 502 Charbades, the Persian, ravages the Greak Empire.
- 501 Laws of Burgana, Patient, ravages the Greek Empire.
 503 Fergus lands in Scotland from Ireland.
 506-'42 The famous King Arthur said to reign
- 500-42 The famous King Arthur said to reign in England.
 507 Clovis, having conquered the country from the Pyrenees to the Loire, founds the Kingdom of all Franks.
 510 Clovis makes Paris the capital of the
- Franks. 511 Salic Law established by Clovis in
- France Division of the monarchy between Clovis'
- four sons. 514 Vitalianus, the Goth, besieges Constanti-
- norle. 519 Cerdic founds the Kingdom of Wessex in Britain
- 527 Justinian I. becomes Emperor of Rome. Fourth Sayon invasion of Pritain

- Pepin annexa-Rome. Insurrection of Toledo. Death of Pepin, who is succeeded by his two sons, Charlemagne and Carloman, who rule in France and Germany. Charlemagne rules alone. '85 Charlemagne, after a severe struggle, conquers the Saxons; they embrace Christianity.
- 1070 The feudal system introduced in England.
 1071 Norman Kingdom of the two Sicilies. Hereward in the Isle of Ely.
 1073 Hildebrand made Pope Gregory VII.
 Gregory VII. establishes universal sovereignty of the papacy, and reforms abuses in the Church. Henry VI. of Germany disputes his title.
 1075 Odericus Vitalis.
 1076 Justice of the Peace appointed.
 1077 Henry IV. submits and does penance.
 1081 Henry IV. takes Rome. The Pope flies to Salerno and dies there, in 1085. Clement III. made Pope hv Harry IV.

bard League.
 1237 The Grand Duke Juric (Russia) slain in battle.
 1238 Moorish Kingdom of Grenada founded

1238 Moorish Kingdom of Grenada founded by Mohammed I.
1239 Seventh Crusade, by Thibaud, Count of Champagne.
1241 Prose Edda.
1242 Tartars establish the empire of Kahn of Kaptschak.
1244 Jerusalem seized by the Carismians. Danes invade Russia, and are defeated by Alexander Newski.
1245 The Hanseatic League formed.
1246 Frederick II. of Austria killed in battle with the Hungarians.
1250 Louis defeats King Henry of England. Louis captured by the Saracens; truce for ten years.

Louis captured by the Saracens; truce for ten years. Mamelukes rule Egypt. 1251 Rise of Medica family in Italy. 1252 Alexander Newski is made Grand Duke of Russia, and reigns as Alexander I. 1254 Ottocar of Bohemia acquires the Aus-trian Provinces. 1259 Kubla Kahn builds Pekin. 1260 Ottocar wars with Hungary or Styria. 1262 '68 Barons' War in Englan 1263 Ottocar inherits Corinthia 1265 The first regular Parliame P of England meets.

Charles VI., King of France.
1381 Watt Tyler's insurrection in London crushed.
Ghiberti, artist, born; died 1455.
1382 'Legend of Good Women," England.
1383 The Tartars burn Moscow.
1385 Death of John Wyckliffe.
1386 John of Ghaunt in Spain.
Battle of Lempach; defeat of the Austrians by the Swiss, and death of Dukk-Leopold.
1387 German Empire divided.
Fra Angelico, painter, born; died 1448.
1388 Battle of Chevy Chase, or Otterburne, between Scots and English.
1389 Margaret of Norway.
1390 The Eastern Empire loses power in Asia. Robert III. King of Scotland. The Canterbury Tales published.
J. Van Eyck, painter, born.
1392 The Portuguese discover the Cape of Good Hope.
1395 Tamerlane the Tartar, invades Russia. The Wakefield and Towneley mysteries.
1397 Persecution of the Wycklifites or Lollards.
1397 Henry IV. crowned King of England, Sept. 30th; Order of the Bath founded.
1400 Birth of Della Robbia, architect and sculptor.
Death of Chaver and Froissart.
Death of Chaver and Froissart.

- 1086

- The Pope fies to Salerno and dies there, in 1085.
 Clement III. made Pope by Henry IV.
 Domesday Book completed in England; commenced in 1077.
 Burno founds Carthusians.
 William II. crowned King of England.
 Urban II. Pope.
 Mantua taken by Henry IV.
 The Saracens of Spain invite the African Moors to their aid in driving back the Christians.
 The Moors defeat the Christians and seize the Saracen possessions.
 Portugal becomes a separate principality under Henry of Besancon.
 William of Malmesbury.
 First Crusade begun.
 Verse Edda compiled (?).
 War between France and England.
 Death of the Cid. Jerusalem captured by Godfrey de Bouil-lon.
 Honry I. crowned King of England. 1087 1088 1090 1091
- 1095
- 1096
- \$00 Charlemagne crowned at Rome; becomes Emperor of the West by Pope Leo III.
 802 Ruric, the Norman, establishes the first regular government in Russia at Novgorod, and becomes grand duke.
 807 War between Slaves and Polyponnesian Greeks.
 814 Louis I., Emperor, dethroned, but restored to his dominions.
 817 Louis, the German (France), conquers Austria.
 820 Michael II. of the Byzantine Empire founds the Armorian dynasty.
 823 In England, Essex (and, two years later, Kent and Northumbria) are annexed to Wessex.
 825 The Servians occupy Dalmatia, 1098 1099
 - 1100
 - lon. Henry I. crowned King of England. Grants a charter restoring the Saxon laws. Crusaders capture Acre.
 - laws.
 laws.
 1104 Crusaders capture Acre.
 1106 Milan becomes a free republic. Henry I. defeats his brother Robert, and gains Normandy.
 1107 Alexander I. Scotland.
 1108 Louis VI. le gros (the Lusty) King of France.
 1110 Henry V. of Germany invades Italy.
 1114 Henry V. marries Matilda of England.
 1116 University of Bologna founded. Euclid translated into English.
 1129 Play of St. Catherine at Dunstable.
 1120 Rise of the Lombard (Italy) cities. Shipwreck of Prince William.
 1122 Treaty of Worms, between the Emperor and Pope.

 - 1124 David I. King of Scotland. 1125 Era of the glory of Venice. Victories

495 Third Saxon invasion of Britain. Cerdic founds the Kingdom of Wessex.	817 Louis, the German (France), conquers	Jerusalem captured by Godfrey de Bouil-	1263 Ottocar inherits Corinthia 1265 The first regular Parliame 11 of England	1396 Battle of Nicopolis, the Turks, under Ba- jazet I., defeat the Hungarian Chris-
496 Clovis of France embraces Christianity.	Austria. 820 Michael II. of the Byzantine Empire	lon. 1100 Henry I. crowned King of England.	meets.	Hang
501 Laws of Burgundy published. 502 Charbades, the Persian, ravages the	founds the Armorian dynasty.	Grants a charter restoring the Saxon	Birth of Dante; died 1341.	1397 Persecution of the Wycklifites or Lol-
Greek Empire.	823 In England, Essex (and, two years later,	laws.	1266 Naples and Sicily conquered by Charles of Anjou.	lards. Union of Calmar.
503 Fergus lands in Scotland from Ireland.	Kent and Northumbria) are annexed to Wessex.	1104 Crusaders capture Acre. 1106 Milan becomes a free republic.	1268 Ninth Crusade, by Louis IX, and Ed-	Union of Calmar. 1399 Henry IV. crowned King of England, Sept. 30th; Order of the Bath founded.
506-'42 The famous King Arthur said to reign in England.	825 The Servians occupy Dalmatia.	Henry I. defeats his brother Robert, and	ward, Prince of Wales.	Sept. 30th; Order of the Bath founded. 1400 Birth of Della Robbia, architect and
507 Clovis, having conquered the country	827 The Saxon Heptarchy ends and Egbert,	gains Normandy.	1270 Louis IX. dies at Carthage. Philip III. (the Hardy) King of France.	seulptor.
from the Pyrenees to the Loire, founds	king of Wessex, becomes king of all England.	1107 Alexander I. Scotland. 1108 Louis VI. le gros (the Lusty) King of	1971 The English quit Palestine.	Dooth of Chaucer and Froissart.
the Kingdom of all Franks. 510 Clovis makes Paris the capital of the	830 Louis the Debonair imprisoned in France.	France.	1272 Reign of Edward L of England; crowned Nov. 20.	1401 Rebellion in Wales; Glendower and the Percies defeated.
Franks.	839-'40 Louis separates Germany from	1110 Henry V. of Germany invades Italy. 1114 Henry V. marries Matilda of England.	Ottocar declines the Imperial Crown of	1 1409 Dottlo of Angora. Timour the Tartar de-
511 Salic Law established by Clovis in	France. 840 Charles the Bald King of France.	1116 University of Bologna founded.	Germany.	feats the Turks and captures Bajazet 1.
France. Division of the monarchy between Clovis'	841 German princes assert their independ-	Euclid translated into English.	1273 Randolph, Count of Hapsburg, chosen Emperor of Germany; Ottocar refuses	Masaccio, painter, born. 1405 Prince James of Scotland captured.
four sons.	ence. 844 Treaty of Verdun; the sons of Louis di-	1119 Play of St. Catherine at Dunstable. 1120 Rise of the Lombard (Italy) cities.	to acknowledge him.	1406 Albany, regent, in Scotland.
514 Vitalianus, the Goth, besieges Constanti-	vide the empire.	Shipwreck of Prince William.	1274 Navarre passes to the royal family of	1407 France interdicted by the Pope. 1409 Council of Pisa. Alexander V. made
519 Cerdic founds the Kingdom of Wessex	Spain ravaged by the Northmen.	1122 Treaty of Worms, between the Emperor	France. Rudolph makes war upon Ottocar, and	Dama by council of PISS.
in Britain.	846 The Saracens sack Rome. 848 Brittany becomes independent.	and Pope. 1124 David I. King of Scotland.	gains Austria, Corinthia and Styria.	1410 Sigismund of Hungary becomes Emperor
527 Justinian I. becomes Emperor of Rome. Fourth Saxon invasion of Britain. Essex	850 Russian monarchy established by Ruric.	1125 Era of the glory of Venice. Victories over the Eastern Empire.	1275 Wars of Robert Bruce and John Baliol for the crown of Scotland.	of Germany.
founded.	850(?) Scots and Picts united under Kenneth.	over the Eastern Empire. 1132 Arnold of Brescia.	1276 House of Hapsburg, of Austria, founded.	of Germany. 1411 University of St. Andrews founded. Battle of Harlaw; the Lowland defeat
529 Justinian Code published.	851 Northmen pillage France. 865 Russians attack Constantinople.	110r Otophon bosomos King of England.	1277 Rule of the Visconti, Milan.	
534 Belisarius conquers Africa. 538 The Franks appear in Italy.	867 Bassillian Dynasty founded at Constanti-	Henry's daughter, Maud, disputes the	1278 Ottocar slain at the battle of Marchfeld. 1282 Sicilian Vespers, massacre of Sicilians	1412 Birth of Fra Filippo Lippi, painter. 1413 Henry V. crowned, March 21, King of
539 Italy made subject to Belisarius. Goths	nople. 869 Ecumenical Council of Constantinople.	Crown; vivil war ensues. Lou. Vi. grants letters of franchise to	by the French.	
ravage Milan. 544 Birth of Gregory of Tours (died 590).	(Latin Church.)	oiti, and towing	Crusade against Aragon; the French ex- pelled.	1414 Council of Constance; Pope John XXIII. deposed.
545 The Turks enter Asia.	871 The Danes defeat Alfred at battle of Mer-	Benpress Maud's partisans defeated at the battle of the Standard, Aug. 22.	1283 Wales subjected to England.	Sigismund, King of Bohemia, Emperor of
547 Northumbria founded in Britain.	ton. 873 Kingdom of Navarre founded by Sancho	11.) Portugal becomes a kingdom.	1285 Philip IV. (the Fair) King of France.	Cormany
550 The Angles form the Heptarchy Anglia, Deira Mercia, etc.	Iuigo.	Maud lands in England, and defeats Ste- phen; is crowned at Winchester, March	1286 Kenigsberg made the capital of Prussia. 1287 Jews banished from England.	1415 Battle of Agincourt; 10,000 English, un- der Henry V., defeat 50,000 French.
552 Totila, the Ostrogoth, defeated in Italy	875 Charles, the Bald, becomes Emperor; is poisoned by Zedechia's, a Jewish physi-	3. 1141.	1287 Second invasion of the Mongols.	
by the imperial generals Narses and Belisarius.	cian.	1149 Moorg robel in Spain	1289 Second invasion of the Mongols.	1 of the stake betraved by Sigismund.
554 Narses overthrows Gothic power in Italy.	875-1154 Anglo-Saxon Chronicle. 877 Louis II. King of France.	1144 Alphonso of Leon defeats the Moors.	1291 Mamelukes take Acre. Christian power in Syria destroyed.	1416 The partisans of Huss take up arms;
558 Clotaire sole ruler in France.	877 Louis II. King of France. 878 Alfred the Great driven from England.	Wars of the Lombard cities.	1296 Scotland subdued by England.	a severe war ensues. 1417 Cobham burnt.
560 Fergus Moor II. of Scotland (?). 561 Death of Clotaire. His four sons divide	879 Ecumenical Council of Constantinople.	1146 Second Crusade; Louis VII. of France and Conrad III. of Germany are de-	1297 Sir William Wallace fights for the inde- pendence of Scotland.	1410 The Ungeiter take Prague.
the kingdom between them.	(Greek Church.) 881 Danes 13vage Scotland.	feated by Greek treachery, A. D. 1148. Greece plundered by Roger of Sicily.	Revolt of Scotland.	1420 Paris captured by the English; Treaty of Troyes; Henry wins the French
562 St. Colomba lands in Scotland. 563 Constantinople destroyed by fire.	881 Danes 13 vage Scotland. 888 Paris attacked by Northmen.	1147 Maud is defeated by Stephen, and retires	1299 Battle of Falkirk; Bruce and Douglas	erown birth of John Wessel.
563 Constantinople destroyed by fire. 564 History of Gildas (?).	890 Italy subjected to the Eastern Empire.	to France.	defeated by Edward I. Osman I. establishes the Turkish Em-	1422 Henry VI. proclaimed King of France
565 Death of Justinian I. Ethelbert becomes	Alfred of England founds Oxford, and establishes a code of laws; organizes	1150 Arthurian Legends published. 1152 Frederic Barbarossa made Emperor of	pire.	and England. Ottoman Empire reunited by Amurath II.
King of Kent. 568 Italy invaded by the Longobardi from	militia and a navy; subdivides the	Germany.	1300 Moscow becomes the capital of Russia.	1 1493 James L reigns in Scotland.
Germany, who found the Kingdom of	country and causes surveys of the King-	1153 Maud concludes a peace with Stephen.	1301 Philip IV. quarrels with the Pope. Charles of Valois in Italy.	1 1425 War between Milan and Venice.
Lombardy. Narses governor of Italy. 570 Birth of Mohammed (died 632).	dom. 895 Alfred's translations.	Malcolm IV. King of Scotland.	1302 First convocation of States-General in	The Paston Letters. 1429 Joan of Arc raises siege of Orleans, de-
570 Birth of Mohammed (died 632). 577 Battle of Durham; West-Saxons defeat	896 The Germans, under Arnold, seize Rome.	1154 Frederic Barbarossa invades Italy. Henry II., King of England, the first	France. 1303 Edward I. invades Scotland.	feats the English at Patay, and drives
the Britons.	Alfred of England vanquishes the Danes. 901 Death of Alfred the Great.	Plantagenet, crowned December 19.	1305 William Wallace executed.	them from all their conquests in
581 Paris mostly destroyed by fire. Sclavonians ravage Thrace.	904 Russia invades Greek Empire under	Adrian IV. Pope. Constitutions of Clarendon enacted in	1306 Robert Bruce crowned as King of Scot-	France except Calais. Charles VIII. King of France.
584 Franks invade Italy and are repelled.	Oleg. 907 The Russians receive tribute from Con-	-England.	land: 1307 Edward II. crowned, July 8, King of	1430 Henry VI. crowned at Paris, in Decem-
The Mayors of the palace the real rul- ers in France.	stantinople.	1156 Margraviate, Austria, made a hereditary	England.	ber.
596 Kingdom of Mercia founded in Britain.	910 Asser's life of Alfred written.	duchy by Frederic 1.	1307-'14 Philip suppresses the Knights Temp-	Amurath II. conquers Macedonia. Humphrey Duke of Gloucester.
587 Franks expelled from Spain by Recared L.	911 Death of Louis the Child, last of the German Carolingians.	1161 War of Guelphs and Ghibellines. 1162 Barbarossa destroys Milan.	lar, and burns the Grand Master at Paris.	The Medici at Florence.
590 Gregory I., the Great, becomes Pope: 595 The Lombards besiege Rome and overrun	912 Rollo the Northman becomes Robert,	1163 Berlin founded by a colony from the	1308 Pope Clement V. removes to Avignon, in	1431 Joan of Arc burned at Rouen. 1433 Lisbon the capital of Portugal.
Italy.	Duke of Normandy. 918-'34 Henry I. the Fowler, reigns in Ger-	Netherlands. 1165 William the Lion, King of Scotland.	France. Albert I., of Austria, attempts to subdue	1433 Lisbon the capital of Portugal. Council of Basle.
597 St. Augustine arrives in England. 598 Ethelbert, King of Kent, embraces Chris-	many; conquers the Huns, Danes, Van-	1166 Assizes of Clarendon and Northampton.	the Swiss, who have revolted under	Birth of Thomas Malory.
tianity.	dals, and Bohemians.	1167 Frederic Barbarossa takes Rome.	William Tell. (?)	1435 Treaty of Arras, between France and Burgundy.
600 Italy rayaged by Sclavonians.	921 Italy invaded by the Burgundians. 928 Five Emperors rule the Byzantine Empire.	The Lombard League formed against the Emperor!	1309 The Swiss revolt successful. 1310 Henry VII. subdues the Lombards.	Sicily and Naples united.
603 Scots invade Bernicia; are driven back. 611 The Persians make conquests in Syria,	933 Athelstan ravages Scotland.	1169 University of Paris founded.	1313 Louis V. and Frederic of Austria contend	End of Hussite wars.
Egypt, and Asia Minor, and besiege	934 Henry I. of Germany defeats the Danes.	1170 Thomas A. Becket murdered in England	for the German Empire. Birth of Boccaccio; died 1375.	War of Turks with Venice. 1436 Invention of Printing by Guttenberg.
Rome.		December 29.	Shell of Boochester, and Island	1 100 Intention of Timeing of Gatterborg.

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY.								
A. D. 1437 James I., of Scotland, murdered. James II. becomes King. Albert V., Duke of Austria, obtains Bo-	A. D. 1509 Henry VIII. King of England; he mar- ries Catherine of Aragon. Venice stripped of its Italian possessions.	 A. D. 1541 Great Tartar invasion of Russia repeiled. De Soto discovers the Mississippi River. 1542 Catherine Howard executed. 	A. D. 1576 Birth of Burton; died 1640. Birth of Fletchor; died 1625. 1577 Birth of Rubens, painter; died 1626. 1579 League of Utrecht.	1616 The present Tsing Dynasty in China es- tablished by Mantchou Tartars. Death of Cervantes and Shakespeare. Harvey discovers circulation of blood.				
 James II. becomes King. Albert V., Duke of Austria, obtains Bohemia and Hungary, and is made Emperor of Germany. 1438 University of Florence founded. The Pragmatic Sanction; Albert V., of 	 1510 Russia again invaded by Tartars. Execution of Dudley and Empson. Ojedo founds San Sebastian. 1511 Pope Julius II. forms the Holy League 	Henry VIII. takes the title of King of Ireland. Roberval's expedition to the St. Law- rence.	Northern provinces of Holland declare their independence. Fitzgerald's Irish rebellion suppressed.	1017 Ladislaus, of Poland, marches on Mos- cow. Finland ceded to Sweden. 1618 The thirty years' was begins in Behamia				
Austria, becomes Emperor of Ger- many. 1439 Council of Florence. Title of Emperor limited to the Aus- Title of Emperor limited to the Aus-	with Ferdinand and Venice. Velasquez subdues Cuba. 1512 Selim I. made King of Turkey by Janis-	1543 Ivan IV., the Terrible, reigns, at the age of fourteen. Henry VIII. marries Catherine Parr. Death of Copernicus; born 1473.	Sir Francis Drake lands in the Moluccas. 1580 Alva, of Spain, conquers Portugal; the united provinces renounce their alle- giance.	between the Protestants, under the				
1442 Battle of Vasag; Turks routed by Hun- garians.	saries. Ponce de Leon discovers the Florida coast. Birth of Vasari, painter; died 1571. Birth of Tintoretto, painter; died 1594.	1544 Griton League joins Swiss Confederacy. France at war with England and Spain. English invasion of France under Henry	English take fortress of Smerwick, in Ireland, from Italians, and butcher 700 prisoners.	varian League. Sir Walter Raleigh executed. Matthias II., of Hungary, abdicates; ac- cession of Ferdinand II. Australian coast surveyed by Zeachen				
 1443 Battle of Nissa; Turks again defeated. 1445 Birth of Leonardo da Vinci. The Arabian Nights issued (?). 1447 Nicholas V. Pope. 	Birth of Tintoretto, painter; died 1594. Navarre annexed to Spain. 1513 England invades France. Battle of Guinegate or Spurs; French	VIII. Birth of Tasso; died 1595. University of Konigsberg founded by Duke Albert.	Birth of Alexander, of Sterling; died 1640. 1581 Campian's Jesuit conspiracy suppressed. 1582 Sante Fe, New Meico, founded by Es-	and others. Kepler's Laws published. 1619 Execution of Barneveldt, Holland. The Dutch visit India and establish a united East India Company				
Duke of Gloucester murdered. 1449 The Cforzas at Milan. Alphonso V. at Aragon.	defeat. Scotland invades England. Battle of Flodden Field, Scots defeated. Balboa crosses the Isthmus of Darien,	 1545 Ivan IV. crowned by the Patriarch. Pope Faul III. erects Parma and Pla- centit. into a Duchy. Ascham "Toxophilus." Council of Trent. 	pejo. 1583 Birth of Hugo Grotius; died 1645. 1584 William of Orange assassinated. Henry III. killed by Jacques Clement;	1620 Battle of Prague; defeat of Hungarian Protestants. Puritans arrive at Plumouth				
Peacock's "Repressor." 1450 Jack Cade's insurrection. Early English ballads. Birth of Dunbar; died 1530. 1451 University of Glasgow founded.	and discovers the Pacific ocean. Leo X., Pope, encourages literature and the arts.	Council of Trent. 1546 Death of Martin Luther. France concludes peace with England. Assassination of Beaton, regent of Scot-	accession of Henry IV., of Navarre, first of Bourbon line. Expedition of Amidas and Barlow to America.	"Great Patent" to Virginia company is- sued. Dutch vessels with first negro slaves enter James River.				
1452 Earl Douglas murdered by James II. The Archduchy of Austria created, with sovereign power, by Frederick III.	 1514 Wolsey's power begins in England. 1515 Battle of Marignano. Francis I. defeats the Italians, Swiss and Germans. 	land. 1546-'52 Charles V., of Germany, makes war on the Protestants, who are assisted later by Henry II.	1585 Southern provinces of Holland subdued by the Duke of Parma. Treaty of Peace between Holland and England.	Navarre annexed to France. 1621 Spain and Holland at War. Philip IV King of Spain				
1453 Constantinople captured by Mohammed II.; End of the Eastern Empire. End of the French and English wars. The Mazarin Bible issued.	Maximillian I. secures the Hungarian succession. Francis I. becomes King of France. First English prose history.	1547 Earl of Surrey, England, executed. Death of Henry VIII. Edward VI. reigns under protectorship of the Duke of Somerset.	Failure of Raleigh's Roanoke Island set- tlements. Davis Strait discovered by Davis.	The Dutch West India Company formed. Lord Bacon impeached and overthrown. 1622 Seldon and Pyun impriconed. Birth of Moliere; died 1678. 1623 New Hammshire first softlad				
1455-"71 War of the Roses, between Henry VI. and the Duke of York, afterwards Ed- ward IV. Battle of St. Albans.	Birth of St. Theresa; died 1582. 1516 Death of Ferdinand, King of Spain. Rule of Cardinal Ximenes. Charles I. King of Srain.	Battle of Pinkey. Death of Victoria Colonna; born 1490.	1586 Battle of Zutphen. Sir Philip Sydney killed. Birth of Beaumont; died 1616. 1587 Prince Maurice becomes Stadtholder of	First edition of Shakespeare's works. 1624 Richelieu's reforms, begins with the finances.				
 1456 Battle of Belgrade; Turks repulsed by Hungarians. 1457 Frederick III. divides Austria with his relatives 	Charles I. King of Srain. Accession of the House of Austria. Turks gain Egypt. 1517 Europeans first obtain a footing in China.	The Smalcadic war. Birth of Cervantes; died 1616. 1548 Hall's Chronicle issued. 1549 Execution of Lord Seymour, England;	Holland. Execution of Mary Queen of Scots at Frotheringay Castle. 1588 Assassination of the Duke of Guise and	England declares war with Spain. 1625 Prince Frederick Henry reigns in Hol- land. Accession of Ferdinand III., of Hungary.				
 1458 Pius II. Pope at Rome. 1460 Birth of Skelton; died 1528. 1460 The Turks conquer Greece. 1461 Edward IV. deposes Henry VI. of Eng- 	Selim I. defeats Mamelukes and adds Egypt to the Ottoman Empire. Luther begins the work of reformation in Germany. Fernando de Cordova discovers the Max-	arrest of his brother, the Duke of Som- erset. 1550 John Knox's Scotch reformation. Udal, earliest English comedy.	his brother, by order of the King. Destruction of the Spanish Armada off the English coast. 1590 Battle of Ivry.	Accession of King Charles I., of Eng- land; he marries Princess Henrietta Maria, of France. Huguenot uprising				
land. Louis XI. King of France. 1462 Ivan, the Great, of Russia, founds the	Fernando de Cordova discovers the Mex- ican coast. Luther translates and publishes the Bible and Liturgy in German.	 Birth of Coke; died 1634. 1551 Wilson's Art of Rhetoric published. 1552 The Book of Common Prayer published in England. 	Henry IV. defeats the League. Barnevaldt, grand Pensionary of Hol- land.	 1626 Death of Lord Bacon. 1627 War of the Mantuan succession, in Italy. Delaware settled by Swedes and Finns. Cardina. Richelieu's scheme for coloniz- 				
modern Russian Empire. 1463 Turkish war with Venice. Close of Austria's war with Frederick III.	Birth of Surrey; died 1547. 1518 Grijalva penetrates into Yucatan, and names it New Spain. 1519 Cortez lands in Mexico.	Duke of Somerset beheaded. Metz successfully defended by the Duke of Guise. Close of religious war in Germany by	1500 Ginigmund of Dolond in Swodon	ing Canada. The company of one hundred associates formed. War between England and France.				
 1464 "League of the Public Good," formed by the nobles, against Louis. 1467 Birth of Erasmus; died 1536. 1468 The Coventary mysteries. 1470-'92 Lorenzo de Medici flourished. 	Charles I., of Spain, elected Emperor of Germany as Charles V. 1520 "Field of the Cloth of Gold" meeting of Francis I. with Henry VIII.	the Peace of Passan. Massacre of Cazan, Russia. Birth of Sir Walter Raleigh; died 1618.	 1592 Sigismund, of yound, in Sweden. Birth of Quarles; died 1644. Birth of Gassendi; died 1655. 1593 Henry IV. adopts the Catholic faith. 1594 Birth of Shirley; died 1666. 1595 Shakespeare's poems first issued. 1596 Capture of Cadiz by Essex. University of Barcellona founded. Birth of Descentes. died 1650. 	Birth of Brossnet; died 1704. 1628 The Duke of Buckingnam assassinated. Rochelle surrenders after a memorable				
1470-'92 Lorenzo de Medici flourished. 1471 League of Italian cities against the Turks. William Caxton establishes first English	Balboa passes through Magellen's Straits. 1521 Battle of Razau; Russia defeats Poland. Martin Luther excommunicated at the	1553 Mary Tudor, daughter of Catherine of Aragon, succeeds Edward, July 6. Lady Jane Gray proclaimed Queen of England, July 10, but relinquishes the	University of Barcellona founded. Birth of Descartes; died 1650. 1597 Bacon's essays published. 1598 Death of Philip II., of Spain.	siege. Petition of Right, England. Massachusetts Bay settled. Elliot sent to the Tower of London.				
printing-press. Battle of Tewkesbury. Warwick, king-maker. Birth of Durer, painter; died 1528.	Diet of Worms. Conquest of Mexico by Cortez. Henry VIII. styled the "Defender of the Faith" by the Pope.	title. Restores the Roman Catholic religion in England. Trade between England and Russia be- gun by the "Russian Company."	 Bit of Descates, due to the total of total of the total of total	Birth of John Bunyan; died 1688. 1629 English seize French possessions in Can- ada. Champlain made prisoner and sent to				
1473 Birth of Copernicus. Birth of Michael Angelo, architect and sculptor; died 1556.	France and Spain at war. 1522 Cortez made governor of Mexico by Charles V.	Servetus burnt by Calvin. Birth of Hooker; died 1600. Birth of Spenser: died 1599.	Irish rebellion of O'Niel, or Tyrone; de- feat of the English at Blackwater. Henry IV, commissions De la Roche to	Charter granted to Massachusetts Bay Company.				
 1474 Birth of Arlosto, due loss. Ferdinand II., of Aragon, marries Isabella, of Leon and Castile. 1475 Edward IV. invades France. Ivan introduces cannon and firearms 	First Scotch invasion of England. The Louvre, Paris, commenced. 1523 Italian League against Francis I. Clement VII. Pope at Rome.	1554 Lady Jane Gray and Lord Guilford Dud- ley beheaded. Mary marries Philip of Spain. Birth of Sir Philip Sydney; died 1586.	conquer Canada, in which he fails. The race of Ruric, who had governed Russia for 700 years, becomes extinct. Bodleian founded.	 1630 The city of Boston founded. Gustavus Adolphus, King of Sweden, in- vades Germany. 1631 Treaty of Cherasco, between Louis of 				
into Russia. Birth of Sir John Fortescue. 1476 Battle of Murten.	Berner's Froissart. Honduras conquered by the Spaniards. Verazzani's discoveries in North Amer- ica.	Persecution of Protestants in England. Siberia discovered. Wyatt's insurrection suppressed in Eng-	1599 Appenzel joins the Swiss Cantons. Birth of Vandyck, painter; died 1641. Birth of Velasquez, painter; died 1660.	France and Victor Amadeus I., of Sa- voy. Birth of Dryden; died 1700.				
1477 Russian war with Tartars. Artois and Burgundy united to France by Maximillian's marriage. Birth of Titian, painter; died 1576.	Birth of Rousard; died 1586. 1524 Settlement of New France (Canada). 1525 Battle of Pavia. Francis I. defeated and taken prisoner	land. 1555 The English martyrs, Latimer, Ridley, Rogers, and Cranmer burned at the stake.		Baltimore, and settled by Irish Cath- olics. Canada restored to the French by treaty				
1478 Duke of Clarence murdered. 1479 Union of Aragon and Castile, under Ferdinand and Isabella.	by Charles V. Peasants' War in Germany. Albert of Brandenburg embraces Luth- eranism and becomes Duke of East	Philip II. rules in Holland. Religious peace of Augsburg. Bale's "King John" issued. 1556 Charles, of Spain and Germany, retires		of St. Germain. The Cavalier Poets. Birth of Lock; died 1704. 1633 Champlain returns to Canada with new				
1480 Mongolian power in Russia destroyed. Mohammed II. takes Otranto. 1481 Frederick IV., of Nurenberg, purchases Broadenburg from Sigismund.	Prussia and Fief of Poland. 1526 Ferdinand I. unites Bohemia and Hun- gary to Austria. Pizarro discovers the coast of Quito.	to a monastery. Philip II. King of Spain. Ferdinand, his brother, succeeds in Ger- many.	Modern History.	settlers. Battle of Lutzen; victory and death of Gustavus Adolphus. 1634 French Academy established by Riche-				
1482 Ivan assumes the title of the C2ar of Russia. Birth of Raphael, painter; died 1520.	Selim I. defeats the Hungarians. Mongol dynasty founded in India. Tyndale's new Testament published.	Reign of Akbar, the greatest sovereign of Hindoostan. 1557 Spain at war with France. Battle of St. Quentin; Philip gains a	1600 Maurice, of Holland, invades Flanders. The Dutch East India Company char- tered with a capital of \$360,000.	lieu. Spaln at war with France, which is in- vaded. Assassination of Wallenstein.				
1483 Birth of Stephen Haws, draws, draws, Edward V. made King of England; April 8 murdered in the Tower. Richard III. usurps the throne, June 25. Charles VIII. King of France.	Spain.	decisive victory. Alva takes Rome. 1558 Calais retaken by the French. Mary, of Guise, in Scotland, marries the	Chauvin's trading voyages to Tadoussac, Canada. Birth of the painter, Rembrandt; died 1669.	Ship money levied in England. 1635 Connecticut settlements at Hartford, Windsor and Weathersfield. Rogers Williams driven from Massachu-				
Birth of Luther; died 1546. 1484 Spain invaded by Turks; first auto da fe at Seville.	1528 Narvaez's expedition to Florida coast.	Dauphine. Elizabeth accedes to English throne, No- vember 17.	Birth of Claude Lorraine, painter; died 1682. Portuguese introduce tobacco into In- dia.	setts, settles in Rhode Island. Death of Champlain. The "Tulip mania" prevails in Holland. 1636 University of Utrecht founded.				
1485 Bosworth Field. August 22, death of Richard I. Henry VII. crowned. 1486 Henry marries Elizabeth, daughter of	Constable Bourbon at Rome. James V., of Scotland, reigns. Birth of P. Veronese, painter; died 1588. 1529 Diet at Spiers, Germany.	Re-establishes the Church of England. 1559 Francis II. King of France. Treaty of Cateau-Cambreris signed. William Cecil Secretary in England.	1601 Execution of the Earl of Essex, Febru- ary 25. Alleged discovery of Australia by Portu- guese.	Claius' play of Creation. 1637 Pequod Indian war in Connecticut. Gov. De Montmagny arrives in Canada.				
Edward IV. B. Diaz rounds Cape of Good Hope. 1487 The Court of the Star Chamber insti- tuted in England.		1560 Charles IX. King of France; regency of Catherine de Medici. The Geneva Bible issued. Birth of Southwell; died 1596.	1602 Siege of Geneva, Switzerland; Charles of Savoy defeated. Champlain's first expedition to the St. Lawrence.	The Island of Montreal settled. Hampden's trial in England respecting "ship money." Prynne fined by Star Chamber.				
Provence joined to France. 1488 War between Russia and Sweden. The Yeoman of the Guard organized in	1530 The Augsburg Confession published.	Persecution of Protestants begun in Spain. 1561 Birth of Bacon; died 1626. Mary Stuart reigns in Scotland.	1603 Death of Queen Elizabeth; accession of James IV., of Scotland, to English Crown, as James I. Union of England and Scotland, March 4.					
1490 Leonardo da Vinci, painter, flourished. 1491 Charles VIII. marries Anne of Brittany. Alexander VI. Pope. Sevnigorod defeats and annihilates the	Reformation makes great progress in Switzerland. Italy conquered by Charles V.	Religious wars in France. 1562 Massacre of Protestants at Vassy. Huguenots defeated at Dreux by Guise. Russia and Sweden unite against Poland.	1604 First settlements in Nova Scotia by Acadians. Port Royal on Bay of Fundy, founded.	First peace between the Iroquois and Canada. Turks defeat Persians, and take Bagdad. Solemn League and Covenant between				
Tartars. 1492 Columbus sails from Spain, August 3, and discovers America, October 12; discovers Cuba, October 28; Hayti, De-	1531 League of Smalkald formed by Protes- tant princes. First European Colony in South Amer-	Port Royal, Carolinas, founded by Hu- guenots. 1563 Guise killed at the siege of Orleans. Temporary peace with the Huguenots.	Hampton Court Conference. 1605 Discovery of the Gunpowder Plot to blow up Parliament. 1606 Great fire in Constantinople.	England and Scotland. 1639 Van Tromp, of Holland, captures two Spanish fleets.				
ember 6. Ferdinand conquers Grenada and de- stroys the Moorish power in Spain. Cesar Borgia poisons Pope Alexander	ica. San Vincente founded. Royal printing press established in France.	The Escurial Palace of Spain founded. Tusser's Bucolics issued. Birth of Drayton; died 1631. 1564 Maximilian II. King of Germany.	Matins at Moscow. Demetrius, a pretended son of Ivan, and many Poles massacred. Liberty of worship given to Protestants,	Pacification of Dunse. Withdrawal of English army from Scot- land. First printing press in America. Birth of Racine; died 1699.				
VII. Henry sells the sovereignty of France. Werbook's insurrection: guelled in 1498.	Elliot's "Governor" issued. Death of Zwingle; born 1484. 1532 France annexes Brittany. Conquest of Peru begins.	Florida colonized by Huguenots. Birth of Shakespeare; died 1616; Birth of Galileo; died 1640.	in Austria, by peace of Vienna. Australia observed by the Dutch. Silk and other manufactures introduced	1640 John of Braganza drives Spaniards from Portugal. Portugal wins its independence. Beginning of the Long Parliament.				
Spanish persecution of the Jews. 1493 Treaty of Barcelona, between France and Spain. League between Russia and Denmark.		The Tuileries, Paris, begun. 1565 Philip establishes the Inquisition in Hol- land. Mary Queen of Scots marries Lord Darn-	Mantua ceded to the Emperor of Austria. Birth of Corneille; died 1684. 1607 Settlement of Jamestown, Va., by Lord	First American book issued. 1641 Earl of Stafford beheaded. Judgment against Hampden annulled.				
Birth of Correggio, painter; the 155. 1494 Charles VII. invades Italy and conquers Naples.	Birth of Montague; died 1592. The Hotel de Ville, Paris, founded. 1534 The Anabaptist war; they capture Mun-	ley. St. Augustine, Florida, founded by Mel- endez. 1566 Confederacy of "Guenx" (beggårs) against Philip's crueity.	1608 Quebec founded by Champlain. John Sigismund created Elector of Bran- denburg and Duke of Prussia.	English. Fort St. George built at Madras. 1642 Death of Galileo and Richelieu.				
1495 Poynings' Act in Ireland. 1496 Naples lost to Charles. Spain accrues to Austria by the marriage of Philip I. with the heiress of Ara-	Henry VIII. is styled "Head of the Church"; authority of the Pope of	against Philip's cruelty. Murder of Rizzio, by Darnley, March 9. 1567 Religious wars resuméd in France; Huguenots defeated at St. Denis, Auro enters, the Netherlands	1609 Truce of Antwerp; independence of united provinces of Holland. Moriscoes expelled from Spain by Philip	Charles I. attempts to seize members in the House. Civil war in England. Battle of Edgehill, Oct. 23. Tasman coasts. South Australia and Van				

SUPPLEMENT XIII.

Spain accrues to Austria by the marriage	Church"; authority of the Pope of	1567	Religious wars resumed in France;	1609	Truce of Antwerp, Independence of		Civil war in England.
	Rome abolished in the kingdom.	1001	Huguenots defeated at St. Denis,		united provinces of Holland.		Battle of Edgehill, Oct. 23.
of Philip I. with the heress of the	Cartier's expedition to the Gulf of the		Alva enters the Netherlands.	•	Moriscoes expelled from Spain by Philip		Tasman coasts. South Australia and Van
gon and Castile.	St. Lawrence.		Assassination of Darnley, Feb. 10; Mary		III.		Diemans Land explored.
1497 Cabot discovers Labrador, June 26; and	Rebellion of Fitzgerald in Ireland.		accused of connivance.	1.1	The Douay Bible first issued.		Hobb's Leviathan published.
surveys Hudson's Bay, July 5.	Foundation of Jesuit order.		Mary marries Brothwell, May 15; abdi-	1	Peace between Spain and the Dutch.	· ·	Birth of Newton; died 1727.
100 Tauta VII King of France.	Comeggio died; born 1493.		Mary marries Brothwen, May 10, abut-		Henry Hudson discovers Hudson River.	1. A	First ferry between New York and
1498 Louis XII. King of France and seize 1535	Execution of Sir Thomas More, in Eng-		cates in favor of her son.		Champlain's discoveries in Canada.		Brooklyn established.
Milan.	land.		James VI., Earl of Murray, regent.		Virginia obtains a new charter.	1643	Accession of Louis XIV., the Great, in
	Cartier's second voyage, enters and	1568	Mary escapes from prison, is defeated		Hawkins at Mogul Court.	T049	France.
Mohammedans expelled from Spain.	Cartier's second voyage, enters and		by Murray, at Langside, May 13, and		King James drives the Irish from Ul- ster and divides the land between Eng-		
Swiss Confederacy independent.	names the St. Lawrence, ascends the		seeks shelter in England.		ster and divides the land between Eng-		Regency of Anne of Austria, and ascend-
	river as far as present site of Montreal.		Bishop's Bible issued.		land and Sectland		ency of Mazarin.
Perkin Warbeck executed Jonuary 26	Mendoza founds Buenos Ayres, and con-	1569	Huguenots defeated at Jarnac and Mou-	1610	"King James' Version" of the Bible		Battle of Chalgrove, June 18, and New-
1500 Pinzon discovers Brazil, January 26.	quers adjacent country.		contour.	1010	completed.		bury, Sept. 20.
Cabral, the Portuguese, lands in Brazil,	California supposed to have been discov-	1570	Rebellion of Moriscoes, in Spain, out		Henry IV. of France assassinated; Marie		Covenant approved by Parliament.
May 3.	ered by an expedition fitted out by		down.		de Medici Regent.		Turrene on the Rhine.
1501 Brasle and Schaffhausen join the Swiss	Cortez under Grijalva.		Ivan massacres 25,000 persons at Novgo-		Louis XIII. King of France.		Torricelli's Barometer.
Confederation.	Cromwell, vicar-general in England.		rod. Russia.		The Palais-Royal, Paris, built.	1644	Battle of Marston Moor; victory of
Negro slaves imported into Hispaniola.	Suppression of monasteries in England.		Hungary definitely annexed to Austria.	4 0 4 4	The title of Baronet created by James I.		Cromwell.
1502 Spanish Moors compelled to adopt Chris-	Coverdale's Bible issued.		Murray murdered; Lennox becomes	1011	Champlain returns to America, founds		Second battle of Newbury, Oct. 27.
tionity	Mendoza erects the first Mexican mint.		regent.		Montreal, and is in supreme command		Charter granted to Rhode Island.
Columbus sails on his fourth voyage and 1536	Suppression of the Anabaptists, and	1001	Birth of Kepler; died 1630.		Montreal, and is in supreme command		Indian massacre in Virginia.
discovers various isles on the coast of	death of John of Leyden.	1911	Spain allied with Venice and the Pope		in Canada.		Self-denying ordinance, England.
Honduras, and explores the coasts of	Anne Boleyn beheaded; Henry marries	1	against the Turks.		Issue of the English Bible, "King James"		Birth of William Penn; died 1718.
the islands; discovers and names Por-	Jane Seymour.		against the Lucks.		Version."	1045	Archbishop Land beheaded, Jan. 10.
to Bello. November 2.	The Portuguese granted Macao, China.		Battle of Lepanto; Turkish power crip-		Carr, afterwards Somerset, favorite in	1049	Battle of Naseby, June 14; decisive de-
	The Boulevards, Paris, commenced.		pled.		England.		feat of royalists.
1503 Reign of Montezuma in Mexico.			Moscow, Russia, burned by the Tartars.	1612	Mathias becomes Emperor of Germany.		
Louis XII., of France, invades Spain. 1537	English suppression of the monasteries.		Lennox murdered; Mar becomes regent.		English factories established in India.		Battle of Philiphaugh; Montrose defeat-
Portuguese in India.	Death of Jane Seymour.	1572	Rebellion of William of Orange against		Virginia receives a third charter.		ed by Cromwell.
	Pilgrimage of Grace.		Philip's tyranny.		Death of Prince Henry.		Alexis, called the Father of his country,
Birth of Mendoza, historian; died 1575.	Adoption of the six articles, England.		Massacre of St. Bartholomew, France,	1613	Accession of the Romanoff Dynasty in		Czar of Russia.
1504 Death of Queen Isabella of Spain.	First edition of Cromwell's Bible pub-		August 24.		Russia.		Royal Society of England founded.
I Drogil ovplored by Americus vesoucius, I	lished.		Henry of Navarre marries Marguerite,		Michael Fedorvoitz Czar.	1646	Charles I. seeks refuge in Scotland, and
Columbus worried by the machinations	Vranmer's Anglican Liturgy.		of Valois.		Champlain explores the Ottawa River,	•	is surrendered to the Parliament.
of his enemies, returns to Spain, No-	Execution of Cromwell.		Birth of Inigo Jones; died 1652.		Canada.	1	Birth of Leibnitz; died 1716.
	Greece subjected to the Ottoman Em-	1574	Accession of Henry III., of France, the		The Overbury murder, England.	1647	Conversion of Indians in Canada to Chris-
1505 Birth of John Knox; died 1572.	pire.		last of the Valois.		Louis XIII. assumes the exercise of the		tianity.
1506 Death of Columbus, May 20; he was	Henry VIII. marries Annie of Cleves,		Birth of Ben Jonson; died 1637.		Government.	1648	Treaty of Westphalia.
treated with the basest ingratitude by	January 6; divorced July 9; marries	1575	Elizabeth, of England, declines the sov-		Princess Elizabeth, of England, marries	1 010	Switzerland's independence acknowl-
the Spanish Government.	Catherine Howard, August 8.	1010	ereignty of Holland.	1 g	Frederic, Elector of Palatine.	ļ	edged.
Buchanan born; died 1582.	James V., of Scotland, dies.		Birth of Guido Reni, painter; died 1642.	1011	English defeat Portuguese in Bombay.		Holland, given up by Spain, becomes a
Rule of Charles V., of Spain, in Hol-	James V., of Scotland, dies.			1014	Name American Fortuguese in Bombay.		republic.
	Mary proclaimed Queen of Scots; re-		Ghent pacified.		New Amsterdam, now New York, built		End of the thirty years' war between
land.	gency of Cardinal Beaton.		Provinces in Holland unite against		by the Dutch.		Catholics and Protestants.
Birth of Francis Xavier; died 1552.	Birth of Gascoigne; died 1577.		Spain.		Smith explores the New England coast.		
	Birth of Gilbert (magnetism); died 1603.		Accession of Rudolph II., of Germany.		Dutch settlements in New Jersey.		Pomerania, and other territory, annexed
	Orellana sails down the Amazon to the		Frobisher enters San Francisco Bay.		Napier's Logarithms.		to Prussia.
and Maximillian, against Venice.	sea.		The Holy Catholic League organized.	1615	Villier's, Duke of Buckingham, favorite.		Civil wars of the Froude. (
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	ANCIE	SUPPLEMENT XIV.	IISTORY.	
1648 Canadians at war with the Indians. The House of Brandenburg acquire Hal-	1685 Battle of Segemoor, July 6; defeat and execution of Monmouth.	1709 Battle of Malplaquet; Marlborough again defeats the French,	1744 Hostilities renewed in America between France and England, known as King	1763 Close of the Seven Years' War. Treaty of Hubertsburg; Silesia added to
berstadt and Minden. New Amsterdam contains about 1,000 in- habitants.	Texas colonized by Spaniards. Birth of Handel; died 1759 Birth of Bach. died 1759	Birth of Samuel Johnson; died 1784. 1710 Capture of Fort Royal, Nova Scotia, by the English, and name changed to An-	George's War. Friesland annexed to Prussia. 1745 Capture of Louisburg by Massachusetts	Prussia. Treaty of Madrid restores peace be- tween Spain, Portugal and England.
1649 Trial and execution of Charles I. Massacre and capture of Drogheda, Ire- land, by Cromwell. Confession of Faith.	1686 William Dampier lands in Australia. Louis marries Madame de Maintenon. Alliance between Russia and Poland against the Turks.	napolis. Rout of Spaniards, under Philip V., at battle of Almenava. Sacheverell's riots in Great Britain; dis-	militia, under Pepperell. Francis I., Duke of Lorraine, consort of Maria Theresa, elected Emperor of Ger- many.	John Wilkes arrested for sedition. Explorations of Willis and Carteret in Australia.
1650 Marquis of Montrose beheaded in Scot- land. 1651 Leopold I. made King of Hungary.	Birth of Allan Ramsay; died 1757. Birth of Young; died 1765. 1687 Athens captured by the Venetians.	senting meeting houses destroyed. The "Tattler" first published. 1711 Attack and repulse of English fleet on	The young pretender lands at Moidart, Scotland. Defeat of the Royalists at Freston Pans,	Great defeat of native princes, at battle of Buxar, India, Oct. 23. Pontiac's war; Indians capture English forts and massacre inhabitants.
Charles II. crowned at Scone, Scotland, Jan. 1. Battle of Worcester, Sept. 3, and defeat of royalists.	Hungarian crown declared to be in the Austrian male line. Accession of Joseph I.	Quebec, Russia at war with Turkey, Accession of Charles VL, of Germany,	Jan. 17, and invasion of England. Birth of Hannah More; died ——. Birth of John Jay; died 1829.	The Sandy Hook lighthouse first lighted. G. Granville, English Prime Minister. Birth of J. Paul Richter; died 1825.
Charles II. flees to France. "Barebones" Parliament. Birth of Fenelon; died 1715.	Madam Guyon, and the "Quietists," per- secuted. 1688 Trial and acquittal of the seven bishops, June 30.	A slave market opened in Wall Street, New York. Birth of Hume; died 1776. 1712 The principality of Meurs acquired by	 Birth of Benjamin Rush; died 1813. 1746 Royalists again defeated at Falkirk, Jan. 17. Total defeat of the Pretender at Culloc. 	1764 Murder of Ivan VI., by order of the Em- press. Indians sue for peace. End of Pontiac's war.
English Navigation Act. 1652 England at war with Holland. The Dutch, under Van Tromp, "sweep	Abdication and flight of James II., Dec. 23. Landing of the Prince of Orange on	Prussia. Peace of Aargau; end of the religious war in Switzerland.	Total defeat of the Pretender, at Cullo- den, April 16. Victories of Marshal Saxe. Invasion of Shirley, Nova Scotia.	British parliament decrees heavy duties on imports. The Pantheon, St. Genevieve, Paris,
the Channel." De Ruyter defeated by Blake. 1653 Negro insurrection suppressed in Mex-	English soil. Bonsset's Variations issued.	Accession of Charles as Emperor of Austria. Birth of Rosseau; died 1779		founded.
ico. Peace between England and Holland. Death of Van Tromp. Long Parliament dissolved by Cromwell,	Birth of Pope; died 1744. 1689 William and Mary proclaimed King and Queen, Feb. 13. James II. lands in Ireland.	1713 Treaty of Utrecht between the great powers, and terminates we wars of Queen Anne.	session of India. Capture of Madras by the French. 1747 The French invade Flanders. Stadtholdership revived in Holland. Execution of Lord Lovat in England.	
April 20. He becomes Lord Protector, Dec. 16. 1654 Jesuits establish themselves among the	Peter the Great, sole sovereign in Russia. Cloverhouse's rebellion in Scotland sup- pressed.	Newfoundland and Nova scotia ceded to England. Italy divided; a part of the Duchy of	 Kicostock's Messiah issued. Birth of David, painter; died 1825. 1748 The Peace of Aix la Chapelle. The House of Austria confirmed in the possession of Milan. 	
Onondaga Iroquois. Russian victories in Poland. 1655 Spain and England at war, which lasts	King William's war. French and Indians ravage New England frontier. Canadian expedition fails.	Milan given to the Emperor of Austria. Barcelona, Spain, besieged. Frederick William I. becomes King of Prussia.	possession of Milan, France takes a part of Flanders. 1749 De La ¿cuquille becomes governor of	Modern History.
five years. 1656 Russian Truce of Niemetz, or Wilma, with Poland.	The Toleration Act passes Parliament. Iroquois lay waste the Island of Mon- treal.	Peter takes the title of Emperor of Rus- sia. Birth of Sterne: died 1768.	Canada. French encroach upon Nova Scotia. Birth of Goethe: died 1832.	From A. D. 1765 to the present time, by
Prussia declared independent of Poland. Frederic William, the Great Elector. Jamaica conquered. 1657 Convention gives Cromwell power to ap-	Frontenac again made Governor of Can- ada. France at war with England.	1714 Death of Queen Anne. George I. becomes King of England, Aug. 1.	Birth of Laplace; died 1827. Birth of Playfair, died —. 1750 Treaty of Madrid, between England and	Countries.
point his successor. Death of Admiral Blake. 1658 Accession of Leopold L in Germany.	Birth of Montesquieu; died 1755. 1690 French and Indians destroy Schenectady, New York. Massacre of Salmon Falls.	Hanovarian succession begins. Treaty of Rastadt; Austria acquires the Netherlands.	Spain. The first theater in Ne * Vork opened. Discovery of Pompeii. Paoli's Corsican revolt, 1319.	CHINA.
Death of Oliver Cromwell; Richard Cromwell, his son, succeeds him. 1659 Auto de fa, of the Inquisition, Mexico.	British colonies in America resolve to invade Canada.	Birth of Whitefield; died 1770. Birth of Gluck; died 1787. 1715 Rebellion in Scotland under the Earl of Mar.	1751 Lord Clive takes Arcot, India Diderot and D Alembert French Ency-	 1793 Reception of the English Embassy at Pekin. 1812 Edict against Christianity because of Jesuits.
Richard Cromwell resigns title of Lord Protector. Peace of the Pyrenees.	Unsuccessful attack made on Quebec by the British fieet. Spain joins the "Grand Alliance" against	Battles of Preston and Sheriffmuir and defeat of the rebels.	clopedie. Birth of Sheridan; died 1817. Birth of James Madison; died 1236. 1752 The Marquis Duquesne Governor of Can-	1816 Failure of Lord Ambert's Embassy. 1832 Kingdom of Korea established.
1660 The restoration. Charles II. returns to England; the mon- archy re-established. Birth of Stahl; died 1734.	France. William III. lands in Ireland, June 10. Battle of the Boyne, July 1; James de-	December 22. Louis XV., King of France, with the Duke of Orleans Recent.	ada; he prepares for war with Great Britain and her colonies. The French dispute the claim of Virginia	1834 Opium trade prohibited. 1839 Opium seized, causing trouble with British. Chinese outrages in Canton.
1661 Death of Mazarin. Colbert, Minister of Finance, in France. Execution of the Marquis of Argyle, in	feated. 1691 French invasion of Spain. Aragon and Catalonia ravaged. Treaty of Limerick deprives James of	Austria acquires Naples, Milan, etc. Russia adds Esthonia, Levonia, and a large part of Finland to the Empire. Peter visits Germany, Holland and	to the valley of the Ohio. New style of year introduced into Eng- land; Sept. 3 counted as Sept. 14. The Journals ordered to be printed by	Hong Kong captured. Naval battles. 1840 Trade with England forbidden by the Emperor.
Scotland. Birth of De Foe; died 1731. The Royal Palace at Versailles com-	power in Ireland, and grants amnesty to rebels. 1692 Beginning of the English national debt.	France. Occupation of the Morea by Turkey. Rule of Cardinal Alberoni in Spain.	the British Parliament. 1753 Hostilities begin in the American colo- nies; French seize Hudson Bay Com-	Canton and coast blockaded. War ends in a truce. 1841 War renewed owing to China's bad faith.
menced; court opened there in 1672. 1662 Terrible earthquake in Pekin; 300,000 lives lost.	Insurrection in the City of Mexico. Massacre of Glencoe: Battles in Steinkirk and Landen.	Prussia and Sweden at war. Death of Louis the Great; accession of Louis XV., his grandson.	pany's trading posts; George Washing- ton sent to St. Pierre. Charles III. King of Spain.	Victory of the British. Treaty giving England Hong Kong and \$6,000,000 repudiated by Emperor
Act of Uniformity, May 19. The Church of England restored. Charles marries Catherine of Braganza, May 20.	Birth of Bradley; died 1762. 1693 Battle of Marsaglia; the Duke of Savoy defeated by the French under Catinat.	1716 Great era of speculation. George Law's financial schemes. The village charter of Brooklyn first	1754 Kentucky settled by Daniel Boone. Peace between France and England in India. Fort Necessity built at Great Meadows;	1842 Treaty of peace, at Nandy, with Eng- land, August 29. Hong Kong ceded to England.
1663 Canada becomes a royal government un- der Louis XIV. Earthquake in Canada.	1694 Bank of England established. Mary, Queen of England, dies. Dictionary of French Academy issued. University of Halle founded.	issued. The Septennial Bill passed in England. Birth of Garrick, actor; died 1779. 1717 New Orleans founded.	Washington surrenders it to De Vil- liere with honors of war. Kings, now Columbia, College, New	The Chinese cities of Canton, Amoy, Foochoofoo, Ningpo and Shanghae opened to British. China pays \$21,000,000.
Birth of Cotton Mather; died 1728. 1664 France begins war with Holland. New Jersey sold to Lord Berkeley; set-	University of Halle founded. Birth of Bishop Butler, died 1752. Birth of Voltaire, died 1778. Birth of Chesterfield; died 1773.	1717 New Orleans follided. Belgrade abandoned by Turkey. 1718 The Duke of Savoy becomes King of Sardinia.	York, chartered. 1755 Braddock and his army defeated by the French and Indians.	China pays \$21,000,000. 1843 Treaty ratified by Queen Victoria and the Emperor Taou-Kwang. Hong kong charter issued, April 5.
tled at Elizabethtown. The English take New Amsterdam and name it New York. North Carolina settled.	1695 Turks again invade Hungary. Bayle's Dictionary published. Abolition of censorship of the English	Peace of Passavowitz. Austria gains additional territory. Russia expels the Jesuits.	Defeat of Dieskau at Lake George. French Acadians taken from their homes. Frontier settlements in New York and	Hong Kong charter issued, April 5. 1850 Rebellion in Quang-Si successful. 1853 Nankin and Shanghae taken by rebels. 1856 Renewal of war owing to Chinese out-
North Carolina settled. De Courcelles governor in Canada. War with the Mohawks. 1665 Second Dutch war with England.	press. Namur falls. 1696 Trinity Church, New York, founded.	Turkey re-establishes supremacy in Greece. Arch of St. Denis, Paris, completed.	Pennsylvania harassed by the French and Indians. Niagara expedition fails. Lisbon destroyed by an earthquake.	rages on Europeans. Commodore Elliott, U. S. N., destroys Chinese fleet.
Death of Philip II.; regency of Anne. The Great Plague in London. Western Australia named New Holland,	1697 Peace of Ryswick. Treaty between England, France, Spain and Holland. Peter, Czar of Russia, visits Holland and	Ostend East India Company founded. Mohammed Shah ascends the throne of	Birth of Dr. Hahnemann; died 1843. Birth of Mrs. Siddons, actress; died 1831. 1756 War declared between France and Eng-	 1857 Blockade of Canton. 1858 Capture of Canton by English and French. Treaty of Lord Elgin.
by Dutch. Canada granted to French West India Company.	England, and learns useful trades. Peter suppresses the conspiracy of the Strelitz, and punishes its members with	India. Robinson Crusoe published. 1720 Sardinia is made a kingdom. Law's Mississippi South Sea Bubble, and	land. Beginning of the Seven Years' War. Austria, Russia and France allied against	1859 Commercial treaty with United States. English Envoy attacked by Chinese.
1666 De Ruyter defeated by Monk. Mohawk villages destroyed by the French. Great fire in London.	barbarous cruelty. End of King William's war. Birth of Hogarth, painter; died 1774.	other schemes, collapse. Widespread financial distress. 1721 Birth of Smollet; died 1771.	Prussia. Frederick invades Saxony and captures Saxon army.	1860 England and France at war with China. European Allies victorious. Treaty of peace signed October 24.
The French Academy of Sciences found- ed. 1667 Perpetual edict abolishes office of stadt-	1698 Death of Frontenac. First Partition treaty, regulates Spanish succession, and cedes territory to	Birth of Foote, actor; died 1777. 1722 The Pragmatic Sanction settles the Im- perial Crown of Germany on Maria	Montcalm sent to Canada and seizes Os- wego, New York. The conquest of India begun by Great Britain.	Surrender of Pekin, Oct. 12. Ratification of treaty with Russia. China forced to pay inder ity, and to
holder in Holland. First Russian vessel built. Birth of Swift: died 1745.	France. The Darien expedition sails. Second East India Company formed. Birth of Savage; died 1743.	Theresa. Death of the Duke of Marlborough. 1723 The Jesuits expelled from China. Birth of Reynolds, painter; died 1792.	Admiral Byng executed, March 14. Dowlah, Viceroy of Bengal, captures Cal- cutta after a heroic defense by Holwell.	apologize. Former treaty ratified. 1861 Allies restore Canton to the Chinese. Rebels defeated by French and English
New York City; 384 houses. 1668 Triple Alliance, England, Holland and. Sweden united against France.	Birth of Warburton; died 1779. 1699 Peace of Carlowitz, between Turks and the Allies.	Birth of Adam Smith; died 1790. Birth of Blackstone, jurist; died 1780. 1724 Philip V., of Spain, abdicates, but re-	The Black Hole tragedy, June 20.	aid. 1864 Suicide of Tien-wang, the rebel emperor. 1865 Prince Kung becomes regent during
Treaty of Lisbon. Spain recognizes Portugal's independ- ence. Russian ambassadors sent to France and	The Morea ceded to Venice. Further explorations of the Mississippi. Fenelon's "Telemaque" issued.	sumes power upon the death of Louis, his son. "Wood's half-pence."	captured by Montcalm. Lord Clive's victories in India; takes Calcutta, January 2; Chanderuagore, March 23.	minority of emperor. 1868 Burlingame Embassy visit United States and sign treaty.
Spain. 1670 France and Sweden break the triple Alliance, and declare war against Hol-	1700 The French in Canada make peace with the Iroquois. Second Partition treaty in Spain, declares	Great excitement in Ireland. Modern History at Oxford University. Guy's Hospital founded.	Battle of Plassey, June 23, establishes English power in India. Battle of the Prague, May 6, victory of	 1869 Burlingame, Chinese Embassy, received at Paris. 1870 French consul and many priests mas-
land. First settlements of English in South Carolina.	the Arch Duke Charles next in suc-	1725 Death of Peter the Great. Catherine I. becomes Empress of Russia. The New York Gazette founded.	Frederick. Frederick defeated in the battle of Ko- lin, May 18. Defeat of Prussians at Battle of Breslau. Austria concludes treaty with France for	sacred at Tien-tsin. 1871 Chinese apologize and give indemnities. Marriage of Emperor. 1873 Ki-Tsiang of age; becomes Emperor as
Champs Elysees, Paris, planted. 1671 Birth of Steele; died 1729. 1672 Coude and Turenne overrun Holland.	Charles II. of Spain, the last of the House of Austria, dies, and is suc- ceeded by Philip V., of the House of Bourbon.	Academy of Sciences, St. Petersburg, es- tablished. 1726 Prussia concludes a league with Ger-	division of Prussia.	 1873 Ki-Tsiang of age; becomes Emperor as Tung-chi, Jan. 22. 1875 Death of the Emperor, Tung-Chi, Jan. 22; accession of Tsai-Tien, born 1871,
Perpetual edict of 1667 revoked. William of Orange, stadtholder. The De Witts assassinated in Holland.	1701 War of the Spanish succession begins in Italy and continues until 1713. Death of James II., in exile, at St. Ger-	many. Birth of Hutton; died 1797. 1727 Death of George 1., and accession of George II., in England, June 11.	Rosbach, Nov. 5, and Lissa, Dec. 5. Attempted assassination of King Louis of France by Damiens. Birth of Jonathan Trumbull; died 1804.	son of Prince Chan. First Chinese railway from Shanghae to Woosung opened.
The Holland dikes or ened, and French driven out. The French acquire Pondicherry, India. Count de Frontenac, Governor of Can-	main, Sept. 16. Spain allied with France and Mantua. The French found Detroit. The Prussian monarchy established by	Death of Sir Isaac Newton. 1728 Birth of Goldsmith; died 1774. 1729 A city library founded in New York.	Birth of J. P. Kemble, actor; died 1804.	 1877 Terrible famine throughout the Empire. Edict forbidding opium smoking. 1880 Serious troubles with Russia.
ada. Paris Academy of Music founded. Birth of Addison; died 1719.	Frederick, and recognized by Leopold, of Germany. Bussia at war with Sweden.	Birth of Lessing; died 1781. 1730 Peter II., the last of the Romanoffs, deposed.	Birth of Canova, sculptor; died 1822. 1758 Louisburg captured by the English, un- der Wolfe. Cape Breton Island and Prince Edward's	 Treaty of Peace concluded with Russia. 1883 Sacking of European quarter in Canton. 1884 Treaty of peace with France, May II. The Imperial Government sanction the
1673 Virginia granted to Arlington and Cul- pepper. Discoveries of Marquette and Joliet in	Total defeat of Peter at the battle of Narva, by Charles XII. Census of New York gave 6,000 inhabit-	Anne, Duchess of Courland and daughter of Ivan IV., becomes Empress of Rus- sia. Birth of L. Watt: died 1819.	Island captured. Abercrombie defeated by Montcalm, at Ticonderoga.	introduction of railways, June 20. The Chinese Government declare war arginst France Aug. 15.
the northwest. 1674 Death of the poet John Milton. Discovery of the Mississippi.	ants. 1702 Death of William III. of England. Anne succeeds to the English throne,	Birth of J. Watt; died 1819. 1731 Birth of Cavendish; died 1810. Birth of Cowper; died 1800. 1732 Birth of George Washington, Feby. 22. 1733 Georgia settled by Oglethorpe.	Fort Frontenac capitulates to Bradstreet; Fort George built. General Forbes captures Fort Duquesne	French destroy Kinpai Forts at Foo- chow, Aug. 28. Bepulse of the French at Tamsul.
 1675 King Philip's war in New England. Birth of Clarke, died 1729. 1677 William of Orange marries Mary. "Paradise Lost" first published. 	March 8. Beginning of "Queen Anne's War." Fussia takes Guelders from the Dutch. Huland, Austria and England declare	Birth of Wieland; died 1813. 1734 "Lettres Philosophiques" burnt by the	from the French. Prussians defeated at the Battle of Hoch- kerchau.	French admiral declares all the For- mosan ports to be blockaded. Insurrection in Korea.
1678 Russia begins war with the Turks. Peace of Nimeguen, France England alarmed by Titus Oates, stories	War with France and Spain. Treaty of French with the Five Nations. Massachusetts frontier ravaged by In-	hangman. Birth of Priestly; died 1804.	The French seize Forts St. David and Ascot, India. 1759 Fort Niagara captured by the British, July 23.	Assassination of the King's son, Dec. 4. Bhamo, Korea, captured by the Chinese,
of a false "Popish plot." Sir Edward Berry Godfrey found mur- dered.	dians. 1703 Peter founds St. Petersburgh, and makes it the capital of the empire.	Naples and crowned king of the two Sicilies Birth of John Adams; died 1826.	The French abandon Ticonderoga and Crown Point. Battle of the Plains of Abraham.	1885 Langson, in Cochin China, captured by the French, Feb. 12; evacuated March 28. Peace concluded with France, April 6;
Expedition of La Salle. Bunyan's "Pilgrim Progress" published. Birth of Bolinbroke; died 1751.	Portugal joins alliance against Spain and France. Irish parliament petitions for union.	Duke of Lorraine. War between Spain and Portugal.	Death of the French and English com- manders, Montcalm and Wolfe, Sept. 13. Quebec surrenders to the English.	signed at Tien-tsin, June 9. 1885 Admiralty Board created, Dec. 15.
1079 Habeas Corpus Act passes parliament. Archbishop Sharpe murdered by cove- nanters, who defeat Cloverhouse at London Hill, but are routed at Both-	Birth of Jonathan Edwards; died 1788. Birth of John Wesley; died 1794. 1704 Battle of Blenheim; English and their	1737 Hungary again at war with the Turks. Birth of (Hibbon, historian; died 1794. 1738 Birth of Benjamin West, painter; died	Charles III., King of the two Sicilies, becomes King of Spain. The Prussians defeated in the battles of	 1890 British Consulate at Ching-Kung-Foo wrecked, Feb. 6. 1891 Floods and famine in the Northern Dis-
well Bridge. 1680 East India Company begins trading in China.	allies, under Marlborough, victorious over the French. The English capture Gibraltar. Peter abolishes the Strelitz, or royal	1820. Birth of Sir William Herschel; died 1822. 1729 England scain declares war with Spain.	Minders, Cunersdorf and Maxen. The French driven back in India. England obtains much territory from Subadhar, of Deccan.	tricts, April. 1894-5 War with Japan and continued defeats of the Chinese armies and navies.
Execution of Lord Stafford, Dec. 29. Mississippi river explored by Hennepin. Charleston. South Carolina, founded.	body guard. England passes the Irish "Popery Act." Battle of Donanwerth.	Treaty of Belgrade between Russia, Aus- tria and Turkey. Russia renounces her rights on the Black	Birth of Robert Burns; died 1796. Birth of Schiller; died 1805. 1760 Quebec attacked by the French under	1895 Peace concluded with Japan, China pay- ing a large indemnity and relinquish- ing her claims on Corea. Massacre of missionaries in the interior.
The Exclusion Bill, England. Origin of the Whig and Tory. Mahratta power begins in Ind.a.	1705 Charles acknowledged King of Spain at Barcelona. Joseph I. becomes Emperor of Germany.	Sea. Invasion of India by Persia. Delhi sacked by Nadir Shah. Methodism begins in England.	De Levi. Montreal captured by the English. Surrender of Canada to Great Britain.	Massacre of missionaries in the interior. 1°00 "Boxer" uprising in China. 1901 Chinese government agrees to terms de- manded by the powers.
1681 La Salle sails down the Mississippi, and names Louisiana. De Frontenac recalled from Canada.	1706 Defeat of the French at Ramilles. Battle of Turin. The French raise the siege and surrender	Prohibition of the publication of De- bates in England. 1740 Death of the Emperor. Charles VI., of	Death of George II., of England, and suc- cession of George III., Oct. 25. Berlin captured by the Austrians and	
Reign of Ivan and Peter 1., the Great, in Russia. Murder of La Salle, in Louisiana.	Naples and Lombardy. Girth of Ben Franklin; died 1790. 1707 Union of England and Scotland as the	Germany, last of the male line of the House of Harsburg.	Russians. Battle of Torgan; defeat of the Austrians. Thurot's invasion of Ireland. Coote retakes Arcot, India.	INDIA.
The Cossacks subdued by Russia. 1682 William Penn settles in Pennsylvania. Delaware granted to Penn. 1683 Sobjeski, of Poland, raises the siege of	Kingdom of Great Britain. Nuenburg seized and Lecklenburg pur- chased by Frederick I.	Queen of Hungary and Empress of Ger- many. Fradwight the Great King of Prussia.	Coote retakes Arcot, India. 1761 George III. marries Charlotte Sophia, of Mecklenburg, Strelitz. The French surrender Pondicherry, in	1675 Nabob of Oudh becomes tributary to
Vienna. Discovery of Rye House plot, to secure succession for Duke of Monimouth.	Holland, Germany and England at war against France. First expedition against Port Royal,	Prussia advanced to the rank of a first- class power. Ivan VI., an infant, emperor of Russia. New York Society Library founded.	India. 1762 Revolution at St. Petersburg. Peter III. murdered. and Catherine II.,	British. East India Company made receiver of Bengal, Bahar and Orissa.
Execution of Lord Russell, July 21, and Algernon Sydney, Dec. 7. Canada renews war with the Iroquois.	Nova. Scotia, fails. Defeat of the allies at Almauze. Death of Aurungzebe. Birth of Fielding; dicd 1754.	New York Society Llorary founded. Swedenborg flourishes. 1741 Prussia, Bavaria, Saxony and France make war upon Maria Theresa, who	called the Great, becomes Empress of Russia. Spain again declares war against Eng-	1765 Treaty with Nizam of the Deccan. 1767 Alliance of Nizam and Hyder Ali; who attack the British and are defeated at
Mahome: L besieges Vienna, but fails. 1384 Greece invaded by the Venstlans. Birth of Berkeley; died 1753.	Birth of Fleiding; died 1788. Birth of Buffon; died 1788. 1708 Mantua ceded to Joseph I., of Austria. The French squadron routed by the	Prussian victory at Molwitz.	land and Portugal, and invades the latter country. Battles of Freiberg and Burkersdorf; Austrians defeated in Silesia, by Fred-	Vellore. 1769 Hyder Ali. a Musselman adventurer, marches on Madras and compels Eng- lish to form alliance.
1685 Revocation of Edict of Nantes; terrible persecutions of French and Protestants follow.	English, under Admiral Byng. Discovery of Herculaneum. 1709 England determines upon the conquest	Elizabeth, daughter of Peter the Great, imprisons Ivan VI. for life and reigns in his stead.	Austrians defeated in Silesia, by Freu- erick. Jesuits banished from France. Lord Rute, Prime Minister, England.	1770 Terrible famine in Bengal. 1771 The Mahrattas enter Delhi. 1772 Warren Hastings becomes governor of
Accession of James II. of England. Argyie's rebellion suppressed, and his execution.	of Canada. Battle of Pultowa; Peter totally defeats Charles XII., of Sweden, who flies to	Russia at war with Sweden. 1742 The Elector of Bavaria elected Emperor of Germany as Charles VII.	1763 Peace of Paris. Canada ceded to Great Britain. Pondicherry restored to France.	Bengal. 1774 Office of Governor General created. Rohilla army defeated.
Duke of Monmouth, natural son of Charles II., lands at Lyme, June 11; proclaimed king at Taunton, June 20.	Turkey. 14,000 swedish prisoners sent by Peter to colonize Siberia.	1743 'The French defeated at Dettingn by the English. Birth of Thomas Jefferson; died 1826.	Governor Murray appointed governor of Canada, and first introdúces English Iaws.	1775 Benares ceded to the East India Com- pany; charges of bribery against War- ren Hastings.
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SUPPLEMENT XIV.

~) ANCIEN	NT, M	EDIEVAL AND MODERN H	ISTO	RY.	-	
	1778 1780	Pondicherry captured by the British. Arcot taken by Hyder Ali.	1866 Bengal visited by a severe famine. 1868 Earl of Mayo becomes Viceroy of India.	1.854	Battle of Balaklava, Oct. 25. Battle of inkermann, Nov. 5.	1883	Accident to the Czar while hunting, Dec. 10.		Turkish success in Armenia; Plevna abandoned, July 6; recaptured, July
		Hastings defeats Hyder Ali's invasion of Carnatic. Defeat of the triple alliance of the	 1870 Railway between Calcutta and Bombay opened. 1872 Assassination of Lord Mayo, Feb. 8. 	1855	Death of the Emperor Nicholas, March 2. Alexander II. Emperor. Sortie of Malakoff tower, March 22.		Col. Souderkin, chief of Police, assas- sinated by Nihilists, Dec. 28. Coronation of Alexander III., Czar of all		28; terrific battles in the Shipka Pass, August 21-28; Russians repulsed at Plevna, Sept. 7-11; immense losses (n
		Nizam, the Mahrattas and Hyder Ali. Battle of Novo Porto, July 1.	Lord Northbrook becomes Viceroy. 1874 Terrible famine throughout Bengal.	1000	Russians evacuate Anapa, June 5. Kars invested, July 15. Capture of Malakoff tower by the French,	1884	the Russias, Aug. 27. Anti-Jewish riot, resulting in the death of many persons, June 19.		both sides; relief of Plevna, Sept. 22, by Chefket Pasha; retreat of Turks, Sept. 24; removal of Mehemet Ali as
		Treaty of Chunar, between Hastings and the Subadhar of Oudh. Tippoo Saib, son of Haydes Ali, secures	 1875 Tour of the Prince of Wales through India, arrives at Bombay, Nov. 8. 1876 Prince of Wales sails for home, March 13. 		Sept. 8. Death of Lord Raglan.	-	Great fire in Moscow, Oct. 29. Marriage of Duke Sergius to Princess		appointed. Mukhtar Pasha gaing Wurk
•		the assistance of the French against the English.	Lord Lytton appointed Governor Gen- eral. A terrible cyclone causes loss of 220,000	-	The Russians evacuate Sebastopol and retire to their works on the north side of the harbor; destruction of the Rus-	1885	Elizabeth of Hesse, June 15. Attack of the Russians, under Gen. Komaroff, on Afghan positions near		of Mukhtar Pasha at battle of Aladja- Dagh, Oct. 15: Russians take Korr
	1783	Hyder Ali succeeded by Tippoo Saib. French troops under Bussy arrive. Tippoo Saib captures Bedmore.	lives. Queen Victoria proclaimed, in London, Empress of India, May 1.		sian fleet, Sept. Russian assault on Kars fails. Battle of the Ingour; defeat of Russians	1893	Murghat. Jews expelled from the Asiatic prov- inces.	1878	Storm, Nov. 18; surrender of Plevna, Dec. 10. Erzeroum evacuated Sent 17; complete
		Treaty of peace concluded with Tippoo Saib. Pitt's India bill passes Parliament.	Great famine in India, continuing nearly a year. 1877 Queen Victoria proclaimed Empress of	1856	by Turks, Nov. 6. Kars surrendered to Russians, Nov. 26. Council of war at Paris, Jan. 11.	1994	Prince Korsakoff, an eminent statesman, died, April 28. Alexander III., Czar of all Russia, died		defeat of Turkey; preliminary treaty of peace signed, March 3. Conference by the Powers at Berlin, to
	1785	Return of Warren Hastings to England. Succeeded by Sir John Macpherson.	India, at Delhi, and other great cities, Jan. 1. 1879 Massacres at Cabul.		Amnesty granted to Poles, May 27; to political offenders, Sept. 7. Suspension of hostilities in the Crimea,		and was succeeded by Nicholas II. Russia assists China in procuring money		Treaty of Berlin ratified Ang 3
		Lord Cornwallis appointed Governor Gen- eral of India. Reform of the Company's Civil Service.	1880 Marquis of Ripon made Governor-General of India.		Feb. 29. Treaty of peace at Paris, March 30.	-	to pay war indemnity to Japan and se- cures considerable advantages on the Pacific coast.	1019	Great Britain, July 3, secures Cyprus. Final treaty with Russia signed, Feb. 8. Russians evacuate Turkey.
)		Declaratory Act passes parliament. Trial of Warren Hastings begins in West- minster Hall; Burke opens, Feb. 15-19;	 1882 Riot between Hindoos and Mohammed- ans in the presidency of Madras. 1883 International exhibition at Calcutta 		Close of the war. Crimea evacuated July 9. Alexander II. crowned at Moscow,	1905	Labor riots at St. Petersburg, 1,500 killed Jan. 22. Gen. Stoessel surrendered Port Arthur to		England demands reforms in Turkey. Nubar Pasha resigns. The Khedive deposed by the Sultan,
	1789	Sheridan presents charges in relation to the Begums, June 3-13. Tippoo Saib attacks Travancore, Dec. 24,	opened, Dec. 4. Death of Maj. Gen. Francis Mardall. 1884 Death of Keshut Chunder Sen, head of	1858	Sept. 2. Partial emancipation of the serfs on the imperial domains.		Gen. Nogi, Jan. 2.		His son Tewfik succeeds him. The Powers protest regarding dolar in
		and is defeated. Travancore captured and plundered by Tippoo Saib.	the reformed theistic sect of Hindoos, Jan. 8. Formal installation of Mir Mahbub Ali,	1857 1859	Meeting of the Emperors at Stuttgardt and Weimar. Russia censures the warlike movements		TUDIZEN		executing provisions of Berlin treaty. Great naval demonstration. Cession of Dulcigno, Nov. 26.
	1791	Treaty with Mahrattas concluded. Lord Cornwallis takes Bengalore. Tippoo routed at the battle of Arikera,	Nizam of Hyderabad, by Lord Ripon. The Calcutta exhibition closed March 10. Terrible epidemic of small pox, at		of the Germanic Confederation during the Franco-Italian war. Treaty with Great Britain.		TURKEY.	1881	Conference of the Powers at Constantino- ple. Midhat Pasha, and others, tried for mur-
		May 14; Hastings begins his admirable defense.	Madras, March 30. The Ilbert bill passes the legislative council, Calcutta, Jan. 25.	1860 1861	Commercial treaty with China. Insurrection in Poland begins. The Emperor issues a decree providing		Rebellion of Ali Bey suppressed, in Egypt. Abdul Hamid becomes Sultan.		death; their sentence commuted to
	$1792 \\ 1793$	Peace concluded with Tippoo Saib. Renewal of charter of East India Com- pany for twenty years.	Earl of Dufferin nominated to the Vice- royalty of India, Sept. 10.		for the total emancipation of the serfs throughout the empire in two years; 23,000,000 serfs freed.	1784	Crimea ceded to Russia. War with Russia and Austria; defeat of the Turks.	1882	exile. Decree of abolition of slavery in Egypt. The Porte declines to enter conference of
	$1795 \\ 1798$	Pondicherry taken by the British. Warren Hastings acquitted. Marquis of Wellesley appointed Governor	Lord Reay appointed governor of Bom- bay, Dec. 13. 1885 Indian Parcel Post inaugurated July 7.	1862	Students' riots throughout the empire. The insurrection in Poland becomes gen-	1788 1798	Selim III., Sultan of Turkey. The French, under Napoleon, invade		Powers regarding Egypt, but subse- quently yields. Remonstrates with England for intended
	1799	General. British take Seringapatam. Tippoo Saib killed, May 4.	Burmese expedition, from Calcutta, for Rangoon, Nov. 1. Hostilities against Burmese begun by		eral; it is quelled with great severity. Trial by jury granted. Increased privileges granted to the Jews.	1799 1801	Egypt. Battle of Aboukir; French victorious. The English aid the Turks; Napoleon		bombardment of Alexandria. Dervish Pasha sent as envoy to Egypt. Turkey declines to send troops to Egypt
		Restoration of the Mysore to the right- ful Hindoo sovereign. Rajah of Tangore surrenders his power	Lieut. Gen. Prendergast, Nov. 16. King of Burmah unconditionally surren- ders, Nov. 30.	1864	Serfdom in the empire ended. War with Asiatic nations. The war in the Caucasus ended.	1803 1806	forced to retreat. Insurrection of Mamelukes at Cairo. Mehemet Ali becomes Pasha in Egypt.		but, after the bombardment, consents. Arabi Pasha sentenced to banishment to Ceylon for life, Dec. 3.
ł		to English. Surrender of Surat to the British. Nizam cedes Mysore to British.	India gives prompt aid to England dur- ing Afgnan war. India tenders assistance to England dur-	1865	Death of the Czarowitch Nicholas, at Nice, April 24. New province of Turkestan in Central	1807	War with England and Russia. British fleet passes the Dardanelles. Mustapha IV., Sultan.		Prayers offered in Mosques of Cairo for the Queen of England as the "Mirror
		Pondicherry given to France at the	ing Russian controversy. 1888 Marguis of Lansdowne appointed Gov-	1866	Asia created. Attempt by Karakosoff to assassinate the Czar, Sept. 15.	1808 1811	Mahmoud II., Sultan. Massacre of Mamelukes; Mehemet be- comes supreme.		of Justice," Dec. 13. Arabi Pasha, Egyptian Minister of War, heads opposition to the Khedive.
		The British receive further concessions. Treaty of Bassein, between the East In- dia Company and the Peishwa, breaks	ernor-General, Dec. 11. 1891 Massacre of native troops and English officers at Manifur, March 27.		Diplomatic quarrel with Rome. Marriage of Prince Alexander.	1812 1815	Treaty of Bucharest; Pruth made fron- tier of Turkey and Russia. Discoveries of Belzonia, in Egypt.		Alleged conspiracy against Arabi Pasha, Minister of War, leads to international complications.
	1,803	up the Mahratta confederacy. The third Mahratta war; the British, under General Lake, defeat French and	Defeat of the Manifurans by the Eng- lish, May 5. 1893 Mints closed as to free silver by order of	1867	Russian America, Alaska, sold to the United States for \$7,000,000. Attempted Assassination of the Czar, in	1821	Insurrection in Moldavia and Wallachia; independence of Greece secured.		English and French fleets appear at Alexandria, May. On June 11, a riot breaks out in Alex-
		Mahrattas at the battle of Delhi, Sept. 11. Battle of Assaye; Marquis of Wellesley,	the Indian Council. 1899 Lord Curzon inaugurated Governor. General, Jan. 9.	1 . ·	Paris, by a Pole. Amnesty granted for political offenses. Poland disappears from map of empire.		Turks defeated at Mitylene. Battle of Navarino; Turkish fleet de- stroyed.		andria, the natives killing 340 Eu- ropeans. The Powers called upon to aid the
		with 4,500 men, defeats 50,000 natives, Sept. 23.		1869 1870	Socialistic conspiracies among Prussian students. Neutrality in Franco-Prussian war de-	1828	War with Russia; surrender at Anapa, June 23. Bajazet taken, Sept. 9.		Khedive. Arabi erects fortifications, and threatens to blow up the Suez Canal.
	1804	Treaty of peace with Scindia, Dec. 30. Holkar lays siege to Delhi. Gen. Frazer defeats Holkar at battie of			clared. Gortschakoff repudiates treaty of 1856, as regards the Black Sea.	1829	Varna occupied by Russians, Oct. 11. Battle of Shumla. Russians take Erzeroum and enter Adri-	· .	Admiral Seymour takes command of English forces, and orders Arabi to
		Deeg, Nov. 13. Treav of peace with Holkar, who cedes	RUSSIA.	1871	Conference of the powers, at London, abrogates the Black Sea clauses. Many socialists imprisoned throughout	1831	anople; treaty of peace, Sept. 14. Revolt of Mehemet Ali. Battle of Konieh; Egyptians defeat		cease fortifying; he refuses. Bombardment of Alexandrian forts, July 12; they are destroyed by the English
		Bundelcund, and other territory. Mutiny among Sepoys. Lord Minto, Governor General.	1768 War declared against Russia by Turkey.	1873	the empire. Expedition against Khiva, which surren- ders June 10.	1832	Turks. Egypt invades Syria. Battle of Konieh; disastrous defeat of		fleets. Arabi Pasha retreats into the country under cover of a flag of truce.
		War with Travancore. Travancore subdued; mutiny at Seringa- patam.	1769 '84 Conquest of the Crimea. 1772 Catherine I. commences the dismember- ment of Poland.		Visit of the Emperor of Germany to Rus- sia.		Turks. Russians enter Constantinople; offensive and defensive treaty with Russia.		The Khedive declares him a rebel. Gen. Sir Garnet Wolsley arrives at Alex- andria, Aug. 15, with English troops.
1		Ecclesiastical establishment formed. India trade thrown open to any British subject.	1774 Rebellion of the Cossacks. 1775 Cossacks' rebellion suppressed. 1778 Prince Potemkin becomes prime minis-	1874	New treaty with the Khan of Bokhara. Marriage of the Emperor's daughter to	1000	Treaty of Kutayah. Rebellion in Egypt suppressed. Abdul Medjid becomes Sultan.		Ramleh fortified. Skirmish between Egyptians and the English.
	$1814 \\ 1817$	subject. Marquis of Hastings, Governor General. Mahratta confederacy dissolved. Ahmednuggur ceded to English.	ter.		the Duke of Edinburgh. Visit of the Emperor to Germany and England.	1839	A second revolt of Mehemet Ali. Battle of Nezib; Ibrahim Mehemet, Ali's son, defeats the Turks.		The joint fleet sails to Aboukir under sealed orders; then proceeds to Port Said; reached Ismailia.
	1818	Defeat of Holkar at Mehudpore. Pindarrie war. End of Pindarrie war; peace with Hol-	Russia, Sweden and Denmark declare that "free ships make free goods." 1784 Acquisition of the Crimea.	1875	The island of Saghalien ceded to Russia by Japan. Japan cedes the Kurile Isles to Russia.	1840	England, Russia, Austria, and Prussia aid Turkey.		The English occupy the Suez Canal. Arabs attack the British at Kassassin, and are repulsed with heavy loss.
	1010	kar. The Peishwa surrenders and cedes the Deccan.	1787 War with Turkey renewed. 1788 War with Sweden. Treaty of Warelow.		War, with Kholand. Baltic provinces incorporated into the	1841	Battle of Beyrout; Egyptians defeated. Treaty with Egypt. Mehemet Ali made Viceroy, but deprived		Battle of Tel-el-Kebir in which the whole Egyptian army is routed, Sept. 13.
	1000	Oudh becomes independent. Lord Amherst, Governor General. Burmese war begins; British take Ran-	1793 Second partition of Poland. Alliance with England. 1795 Final partition of Poland between Rus-	1876	Russia encourages the insurgents in the Turkish provinces of Servia and Bul- garia.	1847 1849	of Syria. New system of education introduced. Turkey refuses to surrender Polish ref-		Zagazig occupied. Kafr-el-Dwar surrenders. Cairo opens its gates.
	1824 1825	goon, May 5. British capture Assam, Feb. 1. Burmese defeated at the battle of Prome.	sia, Prussia and Austria. The partition of Poland completed. 1796 Death of Catherine the Great.	1077	Capture of Khokan. Conquest of Khiva completed. Russia declares war against Turkey,	1951	ugees; refusal sustained by England. Rebellion of Croatia. Treaty with France regarding the "Holy		Arabi Pasha and 10,000 troops surrender unconditionally.
	1826	Burmese defeated at the battle of From. Battle of Pagham Mew ends Burmese war. Peace declared Feb. 24; Burmah pays	War with Persia. 1798 Russia joins the alliance of England and Austria against France	1877	April 24. Melikoff enters Armenia and seizes Bay- azid, April 30.	1853	Places." A large Russian army crosses the Pruth. Turkey declares war; approved by the	1883	End of the war, Sept. 15. Total destruction of Hicks Pasha and his army in the Soudan, Nov. 3.
		\$1,000,000 and cedes large territory. English take Bhurtpore.	1799 Suwarrow assists Austrians and checks the French in Italy. Russia forms an alliance with France.		Russians defeated at Batoum, May 4. Melikoff storms Ardaban, May 17. Investment of Kars, June 3.	1854	great powers, England, France, Aus- tria and Prussia.	[,] 1884	Resignation of Egyptian ministry of Sherif Pasha, Jan. 7. Gen. C. G. Gordon leaves England for
	1828 1833	Lord Bentinck, Governor General. The northwest provinces made a separate administration.	1800 Insanity of the Emperor Paul.		Passage of the Danube by the Grand Duke Nicholas, June 22-27.	1894	Black Sea, Jan. 4. Russia refuses intervention, March 19.		Egypt en route for Kartoum, Jan. 18. Defeat of Baker Pasha near Tokar, Feb. 4.
	1835 1838	India.	Alexander I. becomes emperor; he makes peace with England. 1805 Russia joins the coalition against France,		Capture of Tirnova, July 8. Plevna occupied, July 6; retaken by Turks, July 30; great defeat of Rus-		Treaty with England and France. The allied powers guarantee Turkish in- tegrity.		Gen. Gordon arrives at Kartoum, Feb. 18. Surrender of Tokar to the rebels under Osman Digna, Feb. 22.
	1090	Afahan war declared: Capul Captures	April. Battle of Austerlitz; Napoleon defeats	1877	sians by Mukhtar Pasna. The capture of Nicopolis by the Russians,		Allied fleets bombard Odessa, and block- ade the Danube. Allies overcome Bussians at Giurgero.		Defeat of the rebels at Tet, by Gen. Gra- ham, Feb. 29. Tokar relieved by Gen. Graham, March 2
		by the British, Aug. 7. Lord Ellenborough Governor-General. Ameers of Scind defeated by Sir Charles Napier, Feb. 17. Lord Hardinge Governor-General.	1807 Treaty of Tilsit; peace with France. 1809 The Turks defeat the Russians near Silistria.		The Russians occupy the Shipka Pass. July 19. Severe fighting in the Shipka Pass, July	1855	Turks defeated at Bayazid; see Russia. Battle at Kars, Russians defeated; Turks, under Omar Pasha, win a great victory		Osman Pasha defeated by Gen. Graham at Tamasi, March 13. Egyptian troops meet with reverse at
	1844	Danish possessions in India purchased by England. England at war with Sikhs; battle of	1812 War with France. Napoleon invades Russia. Battle of Smolensko, Aug. 17; Russians		19, Dec. 31. Russian attack on Plevna partly success-	1856	at the Ingour, Nov. 6; allies take Kars, Nov. 26. Suspension of hostilities, awaiting nego-		Kartoum, March 16. Third conference of the Great Powers
	1846	Moodkee, Sept. 6. British victory over Sikhs at Sobraon,	defeated. Battle of the Borodino, Sept. 7; Russians		Great Russian victory at Aladja Dagn. Capture of Kars by the Russians, with		tiations for peace, Feb. 29. Treaty of peace signed, at Paris, April 29.	1885	upon Egyptian finances, Aug. 2. General Stewart's forces reach Gakdul, Egypt, Jan. 12.
	1848	February. Treaty of Lasore. Lord Dalhousie Governor-General.	Burning of Moscow by the Russians, Sent. 14.		Capture of Etropol by the Russians. Capture of Plevna and Osman Pasha's army, by the Russians, Dec. 10.	1050	The Crimea evacuated, July 9. Independence of Turkey guaranteed. Conflict with Montenegrins.		Battle of Abu Klea, victory of British forces, Jan. 17. British victory near Metammeh.
		taken by General Gough; again de-	Retreat of the French. 1813 Battle of Leipzig, and defeat of Na- poleon.		Emperor returns to St. Petersburg, Dec.	1858	Christians massacred at Jedda. Montenegrin boundaries determined.		Gen. Stewart wounded, Jan. 19. Fall of Kartoum, Jan. 26. Death of Gen. Gordon, Jan. 26, produces
	1849	The Sikh War ended with battle of Goo- jerat, Feb. 21. Sir Charles Napier becomes Commander-	1814 Downfall of Napoleon. The Emperor Alexander enters Paris, with the allies, in triumph.		Erzeroum invested, Dec. 24. Gen. Gourko crosses the Balkans, Dec. 31.	1859	Suez Canal begun by De Lesseps. Great fire at Constantinople. Conspiracy against the Sultan.		intense excitement in London. The Italian flag hoisted with that of Egypt at Massowah Feb 8
		in-chief. Annexation of the Rajah to British do-	1815 The Emperor Alexander organizes the "Holy Alliance," between Russia, Aus-	1878		1860	Druse and Maronite War. Massacre of Christians at Damascus. Convention of Great Powers.		British victory near Dulka Island, death of Gen. Earl, Feb. 10. The Muder of Dongola decorated by
	1850 1851	Mutiny of native infantry in Bengal. Beginning of the Second Burmese war. Degu annexed to British Empire.	Alexandria proclaimed King of Poland. 1822 The Grand Duke Constantine renounces		sians, Jan. 8, 9. Batoum attacked without success by the	1861	Abdul-Aziz Sultan. Insurrection in Herzegovina and Mon- tenegro.		Lord Wolseley. Terrific fighting near Suakim, March 22. Death of Mahdi Mohammed Achmed,
	1852 1853	Close of the Second Burmese war. Burmah deprived of its seaboard prov-	1825 Death of the Emperor Alexander. Insurrection of troops at Moscow.		Russians occupy Philippolis, Jan. 16. Russian occupation of Adrianople, Jan.	1862	Omar Pasha invades Montenegro. Servians demand their independence. Death of Said Pasha; Ismail Pasha be-		June 29. Revolution in Eastern Roumelia.
		inces. First Indian railway and telegraph	1826 The Emperor Nicholas crowned at Mos- cow.		20. British fleet enters the Dardanelles, Jan.	1863	comes Viceroy of Egypt.		Prince Alexander of Bulgaria, Governor, Sept. 18.

- 11	First Indian railway and telegraph	cow.	British fleet enters the Dardanelles, Jan.	comes Viceroy of Egypt.	Sept. 18.
	opened, Bombay to Tannah.	War with Persia.	25.	1864 Arabian rebellion suppressed by Egypt.	Meeting of Ambassadors, at Constantino.
	Renewal, for the last time, of East India	1827 The Emperor Nicholas visits England.	Erzeroum evacuated by the Turks, Feb.	1865 Suez Canal opened in part.	rle, on the Eastern crisis, Oct. 4.
- 11	Company's charter	1828 Peace with Persia.	21.	1866 Revolt in Candia.	1888 First through train from Paris to Con-
	Bongal put under a Lieutenant-Governor,	War with Turkey, Russians generally	Treaty of peace signed at San Stefano.	Cretan Greeks revolt against the Turks.	stantinople, Aug. 3.
	Indian Civil Service thrown open to com-	rictorious begins ADril 20.	Skobeleff and Radetzky capture Turkish	1867 The Khedive of Egypt, Viceroy, visits	1889 Egyptian Dervish Army routed, Aug. 3.
	petition.	1990 Peace of Adrianople with Turkey.	army in Asia Minor.	France and England.	Turkish forces occupy Crete, Aug. 30.
	1854 Ganges Canal opened.	topo Delish man of independence Degius.	Conference of powers at Berlin, June 13.	France and England.	1890 Turkish man-of-war Ertogroul founders
	1855 Calcutta Railway opened.	1921 Warsaw taken by the Russians, and the	Treaty of Berlin signed, July 13.	1869 Suez Canal inaugurated.	1890 TURKISH Man-of-war Ertogrouf founders
	Approvation of Oudh		Treaty of Bernin Signed, July 10.	1870 Sir Samuel Baker sent to suppress slave	at sea, 500 lives lost, Sept. 19.
- L.	1856 Lord Canning appointed Governor-Gen-	1832 The emperor decrees that Poland shall	1879 Final treaty with Turkey, signed Feb. 8.	trade.	1894 Insurrection in Armenia, and great mas-
- 11	1856 Lord Caming appointed devoting	henceforth form an integral part of the	Solovieff attempts to assassinate the	1872 Baker returns, after considerable suc-	sacre of Christians at Sassoun.
	eral.	Russian Empire.	Czar, April 14.	cess.	1895 Riot in Constantinople and massacre of
1	1857 Mutiny among native regiments at Bar-	1840 Failure of the Khivan Expedition.	Nihilists at Kieff and Odessa convicted.	1873 By the Sultan's firman the Khedive of	Armenian Christians in that city.
	rackpore, Burhampore and Lucknow,	Treaty of London signed by Russia.	Attempt on the Czar's life by mining	Egypt becomes independent in most	Great powers of Europe demand re-
	Mar C. The great Senov rependence	1841 War with Circassians.	railway, Dec. 1.	nointe	forms from the Sultan and protection
. 14	monood of Meerilf Way 10: Delui	1841 War with Circassians.	Discovery of plot to blow up the Winter	1974 Circular letter to the Powers, protesting	for his Christian subjects.
	asized by 40,000 repeis and the MHS	1848 Russia aids Austria in suppressing the	Palace, Dec. 12.	against treaties with Turkish tribu-	Change in the Ministry, Nov. 7.
- 14	proclaimed Emperor; mutilities at	Hungarian Revolution.	1880 Explosion under diningroom of Winter	taries.	1905 The Porte refused to authorize street sales
- 11	Compore and Allahabad.	1849 Russia demands that Polish and Hun-	Palace.	1875 Insurrection in Herzegovina and Bosnia.	of Bibles, Jan, 2.
- 11	Cawnpore surrendered by the British to	garian exiles be expelled from Turkey.	Several soldiers killed and wounded,	Bosnians victorious at the battle of	OI DIDIOS, Dall, M
- 11	Mone Schib June 25	1850 Conspiracy against the life of the em-		Boshians victorious at the battle of	
	Giogo of Lucknow begins July 1: Gen-	peror detected.	Feb. 17. Arrest of Hartmann, at Paris, Feb. 20.	Gatschko.	
-11	and Travelock enters CaWIDDIE, July	Harbor of Sebastopol completed.	Gen. Melikoff made virtual dictator, Feb.	Unsuccessful Abyssinian expedition.	
	17; victory over Nana Sahib, at Bit-	Exiles sent to Kouish, Asia Minor.		British government purchases Suez	
	hoom Tuly 10	tore Winth of the emperor to Vienna	24.	Canal stock.	
	hoor, July 19. Contume of Delhi from the rebels. Sept.	1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna.	France refuses extradition of Hartmann.	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt	
	hoor, July 19. Contume of Delhi from the rebels. Sept.	1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna.	France refuses extradition of Hartmann. Nihilists convicted at St. Petersburgh	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt	OPEECE
	hoor, July 19. Capture of Delhi from the rebels, Sept. 20: Lucknow relieved by Havelock,	1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna. 1853 Commencement of the quarrel with Tur- key about the "Holy Places."	France refuses extradition of Hartmann. Nihilists convicted at St. Petersburgh and Kieff.	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt consolidated.	GREECE.
	hoor, July 19. Capture of Delhi from the rebels, Sept. 20; Lucknow relieved by Havelock, Sort 25	 1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna. 1853 Commencement of the quarrel with Tur- key about the "Holy Places." Army sent to Turkish frontier. 	France refuses extradition of Hartmann. Nihilists convicted at St. Petersburgh and Kieff. 1881 Assassination of Alexander II., by bombs	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt consolidated. Battle of Trebinge, indecisive. Germany. Austria and Russia dema2d	GREECE.
	hoor, July 19. Capture of Delhi from the rebels, Sept. 20; Lucknow relieved by Havelock, Sept. 25. Rebels routed at Battle of Cawnpore,	 1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna. 1853 Commencement of the quarrel with Turkey about the "Holy Places." Army sent to Turkish frontier. Conference of the great powers. 	France refuses extradition of Hartmann. Nihlists convicted at St. Petersburgh and Kieff. 1881 Assassination of Alexander II., by bombs thrown at his carriage. March 13: one	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt consolidated. Battle of Trebinge, indecisive. Germany, Austria and Russia demard reform in Turkish tributaries.	1
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	hoor, July 19. Capture of Delhi from the rebels, Sept. 20; Lucknow relieved by Havelock, Sept. 25. Rebels routed at Battle of Cawnpore, Dec. 6. 1958 Battle of Futteghur, Jan. 2. Sir Colin	 1852 Visit of the emperor to Vienna. 1853 Commencement of the quarrel with Turkey about the "Holy Places." Army sent to Turkish frontier. Conference of the great powers. War declared by Turkey, Oct. 5. English and French fleets enter the Bos- 	France refuses extradition of Hartmann. Nihlists convicted at St. Petersburgh and Kieff. 1881 Assassination of Alexander II., by bombs thrown at his carriage, March 13; one assassin killed by explosion, another	1876 War with Abyssinia; the Egyptian debt consolidated. Battle of Trebinge, indecisive. Germany, Austria and Russia domand reform in Turkish tributaries. Bulgaria revolts against Turkish rule. Suicide or murder of Sultan Abdul-Aziz.	1770 Greek insurgents assisted by Russia. They are defeated by the Turks.
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ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY. War again with England.
Battle of Cape St. Vincent; defeat of the Spanish fleet, Feb. 14.
Spain cedes Parma to France.
Treaty with Portugal at Badajos.
Treaty of Madrid with France.
Treaty with England at Amiens.
Renewed war with England.
Battle of Trafalgar, Oct. 21; total defeat of French and Spanish fleets by English, under Nelson.
Invasion of Spain by the French.
Trerity of Fountainebleau.
Territory demanded by France.
Spanish fortress seized.
The French take Madrid.
Charles IV. abdicates in favor of Napoleon Amaple.
Napoleon assembles the notables at Bayonne. May 25.
Ferdinand VII. abdicates.
Napoleon I. gives crown to his brother Joseph Bonaparte, who enters Madrid, July 12, but is driven out, July 29.
The French retake Madrid, and restore King Joseph Bonaparte, Dec. 4.
Battle of Coruna and death of Moore, Jan. 16.
Surrender of Saragossa.
Spani entered by Sir Arthur Wellesley, who crosses the Douro.
Defeat of the French at Tulavera, July 28. 1864 Narvaez again becomes prime minister. He advises the relinquishment of St. Domingo; Queen Isabella refuses. Christina returns to Spain.
1865 Peace with Peru, which is compelled to pay a heavy indemnity. Queen Isabella orders the sale of the crown lands, and gives three-fourths to the nation.
Spain relinquishes St. Domingo. Quarrel with Chili, followed by war. Kingdom of Italy recognized by Spain; insurrection, headed by General Prim.
1866 General Prim lays down his arms, and insurgents enter Portugal.
O'Donnell resigns, and Narvaez forms a new ministry. The Cortes dismissed by the Queen. Spain formally recognizes and forms a treaty with the republics of Guatemala, Honduras, Salvador, Costa Rica and Nicarauga.
1867 Revolt in Catalonia and Aragon supmagna vote for annexation to Sardinia, March 9. Savoy and Nice ceded to France by Sar-dinia. The French troops leave Italy in May. Garibaldi lands in Sicily, May 11. Declares himself Dictator, and drives the Neapolitans from Sicily in the battles of Calatifinni and Melazzo, July 20. He invades Naples with his little army, Sept. 7. Insurrection in the Papal States in Sep-tember. Sardinian army enters them, and defeats the Papal troops, Sept. 18, and takes Ancona, Sept. 29. The Sardinian army, under the King, enters the Neapolitan territory; de-feats the Neapolitans, at Iseraia, Oct. 17. Garibaldi defeats the Neapolitans, at the French and Russian fleets defeat the Turks and Egyptians. Independence of Greece established. The Turks evacuate the Morea. Turkey surrenders Missolonghi. Treaty of Hadrianople. President D'Istria assassinated. Accession of Otho I. Insurrection in Athens; National As-sembly; new constitution adopted. Pireus blockaded by a British fleet. England demands indemnity for injury to British subjects. French intervention sought. Greece forced to yield. Revolt of Albanians. English and French occupy Greece. 1789 Destruction of the Bastile, July 14. The beginning of the French revolution. The king and queen compelled by a mob, at Versailles, to go to Paris, Oct. 6. The National Assembly meets at Paris, Oct 1.0 oct 1 1800 1801 1802 1805 1807 1808 English and French occupy Greece. Neutrality in Russo-Turkish war de-17. Garibaldi defeats the Neapolitans, at the Volturna, Oct. 1. Meets Victor Emmanuel, Oct. 26, and salutes him as "King of Italy." Sicily and Naples vote for annexation to Sardinia, Oct. 21. Victor Emmanuel enters Naples as King, Nov. 7. 1857 Greece evacuated by the French and En- 1861 Greece evacuated by the French and Linglish.
 1862 Serious insurrections in Greece. Otho I. forced to leave Greece.
 Prince Alfred, of England, declared King. Honduras, Salvador, Costa Rica and Nicarauga.
1867 Revolt in Catalonia and Aragon sup-pressed.
1868 The Queen grants general amnesty. Death of Narvaez. Murrillo becomes prime minister. Revolution led by Prim and Serrano, Sept. 17; revolution successful, and ministry resigns. Queen Isabella takes refuge in France, and is deposed. Provisional government organized at Madrid, by Prim, Serrano and Olozaga, Oct. 8. Religious freedom liberty of the Austria declares for Otho I. National Assembly declares Alfred elect-1792 First coalition against France. Commencement of the great wars. War with Austria declared April 20. Battle of Valmy; the Prussians defeated, and France saved from invasion, Sept. 20. Attack and coatta ed King. England refuses to allow his accession. Prince William, of Denmark, elected Garibaldi resigns the Dictatorship and re-tires to Caprera. 1861. The first Italian Parliament assembles, Feb. 18. Frince William, of Denmark, elected King, March 18, and becomes King George I., Nov. 2, 1863; new Constitu-tion adopted. King George I. married to Princess Olga, 1861. The first italian Farilament assembles, Feb. 18.
Parliament decrees Victor Emmanuel "King of Italy," Feb. 26.
The new kingdom recognized by Eng-land, March 31.
The Pope protests against the new king-dom, April 15.
Death of Cavour, June 6.
Unsuccessful revolt in Calabria, by Jose Borges, in the interest of Francis II.
1862 Ratazzi forms a new ministry.
Naples declared in a state of siege.
Ratazzi's ministry overthrown and a new one formed by Farina.
Garibaldi endeavors to wrest Rome from the Pope. and is deposed.
Provisional government organized at Madrid, by Prim, Serrano and Olozaga, Oct. 8.
Religious freedom, liberty of the press, and universal suffrage granted by new government, Oct. 26.
Revolts at different points suppressed.
The United States government recog-nizes the provisional government.
1869 Efforts to find a king for Spain, Serrano elected Regent, June 15.
Prim becomes prime minister.
Outbreaks of the Carlists and republicans suppressed.
1870 Espartero declines the Spanish crown.
Isabella abdicates in favor of her son Al-fonso; it is offered to Prince Leopold, of Germany, who refuses it.
Amadeus, son of the King of Italy, elect-ed king by the Cortes, Nov. 16.
Amadeus lands at Carthagena, Dec. 29.
1871 Amadeus enters Madrid, Jan. 2.
Serrano forms a new ministry, Jan. 5.
The Cortes dissolved, Nov. 25.
Insurrection in Cuba.
1872 Resignation of the ministry.
Carlist war begins.
Serrano enters Navarre; defeats the Car-lists at Oroquita.
Attempt to assassinate the King and Queen, July 19.
Suppression of Carlist and republican up-risings.
1873 Abdication of King Amadeus.
Republic proclaimed.
Defeat of the Carlists at various points.
Don Carlos enters Spain, July 13.
Cadiz surrenders to him, July 31.
Castelar President of the Cortes.
The "Virginius" affair.
1874 Coup d'Etat.
Marshal Serrano President and Com-mander of the army.
Overthrow of the republic.
Alfonso lands at Barcelona, Jan. 9.
Vittoria taken from Carlists, July 9.
1876 Surrender of Bilbao, Feb. 5.
Defeat of Carlists at Durango, and sur-render at Pamplona, Feb. 26.
Don Carlos flees to France.
Triumphal entry of Alfonso into Madrid.
1877 Evernal amnesty to Carlists.
Queen Isabella, visit 1809 of Russia. 1870 Trouble with the brigands, who kill many English prisoners. 1875 Neutrality observed in Herzegovinian insurrection. 1876 Declares for neutrality in Servian war. 1878 Thessalians aided by Greeks against the Spanish defeated at Ocaria, Nov. 12.
Severe battle of Molinos del Rey, Dec. 21.
Granada, Seville and Atsorga seized by the French.
Capture of Ciudad-Rodrigo by Marshal Ney, July 10.
Wellington defeats the French at Fuen-tes d'Onoro, May 6, and at Albuera, May 16.
Tarragora taken by Suchet.
King Joseph returns to Madrid.
Spanish defeated by Soult at Lorca.
Wellington victorious at Ciudad-Rodrigo, Jan. 19.
Badaloz stormed and carried April 6 1880 Berlin conference considers question of 1810 Greek and Turkish frontiers Meeting of the Legislative Assembly, Oct. 1. France declared a republic, Sept. 22. Trial and condemnation of King Louis, Nov. 12 to Dec. 13. Louis XVI. beheaded, Jan. 21. War against England, Spain and Hol-land, declared Feb. 1. Insurrection in La Vendee begins, March. Proscription of the Girondists. Robespierre becomes Dictator March 25. Beginning of the Reign of Terror, May 31. Charlotte Corday assassinates Marat, July 13. Execution of Marie Antoinette, Oct. 16. Sizge of Toulon; first victory of Bona-parte. 1881 Convention with Turkey, July 2. Thessaly ceded to Greece. 1884 Serious fire at royal palace, Athens, Garibaldi endeavors to wrest Rome from the Pope. He is made prisoner at Aspromonte, by the Italian army. 1863 Commercial treaties with France and Great Britain. 1864 Treaty with France for the evacuation of Rome by the French in February, 1867. Transfor of the Capital from Turin to 1811 Aug. 5. 1889 Princess Sophie of Russia and the Crown 1793 Prince married, October 27.
Prince married, October 27.
1890 Greek Ministry resigns, October 28.
1891 Prof. Waldstein discovers rare jewels in the ruins of Eretria, March.
1893 Ministry resigned May 10, and succeeded by a new Cabinet, with M. Tricoupis as premier, Nov. 11. 1812Jan. 19. Badajoz stormed and carried, April 6. Defeat of the French at Salamanca, July Transfer of the Capital from Turin to Transfer of the Capital from Turin to Florence. 1865 Bank of Italy established. New Parliament meets at Florence. The insurpressed. Brigands cause much trouble. 1866 The Austro-Italian war begins. Alliance with Prussia. Italy declares war against Austria, June 20. 1813 English, under Wellington, occupy Madrid. English successful at Castella, April 13; Vittoria, June 21, and Pyrenees, July 28. The French driven out of Spain, Wel-lington crossing the Bidasoa and fol-lows them into France. Ferdinand VII. restored. The slave trade abolished for a compen-sation. 20: Italians cross the Mincio, June 23. Battle of Custoza, June 24, and defeat of the Italians by the Archduke Albrecht. Battle of Lissa 1794 $\frac{1814}{1817}$ ITALY. Battle of Lissa Battle of Lissa. Defeat of the Italian fleet, July 20. Peace of Prague, Aug. 23; Eastern Lom-bardy and Venetia added to the King-1820 Revolution under Nunez del Riego begins in January. Ferdinand swears to the constitution of

SUPPLEMENT XVI.

1775 Death of Pope Clement XIV. and elevation of Pio VI.
1796-'97 Bonaparte's first victories in Italy.
1797 Treaty of Campo Formio. France and Austria divide the Venetian

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1867

1868

1869

1870

1873 1874 dom. Treaty of Nicholsburg, Aug. 26; close of

Cession of Venetia to the Italian king-

King Victor Emmanuel enters Venice, Nov. 7.

The French enter Rome. Garibaldi defeated at Mentana. Rallway over Mont Cenis opened. Crown Prince Humbert narries Princess

Severe earthquake at Florence. Dogma of Infallibility proclaimed by the

ninsula. Suppression of the convents at Rome. Expulsion of Jesuits from Italy. General assembly of free Christain churches in Italy. Brigands cause great trouble. The government suppresses the Camor-ra's.

The government suppresses the Camorra's.
1875 Visit of the Emperors of Austria and Germany to the King of Italy.
Garibaldi takes oath of allegiance to the government, and becomes a member. of the Chamber of Deputies.
Ratification of a treaty of commerce with Great Britain.
Six new cardinals appointed.
1876 Italy and anti-Turkish in the eastern question.

bert, Nov. 7. 1877 The celebrated "Antonelli" case dis-

question. Attempted assassination of King Hum-

Nov. 7. Insurrection in the Papal \$\states. Garibaldi placed under ariest.

Margherita. Ecumenical Council held at Rome.

 $1828 \\ 1829$

1831

1843

1850

1854

1863

1867

clared.

Turks.

- States. The Cis-Alpine republic founded.

- The Cis-Alpine republic founded.
 1798 Second invasion of the French. Pope Pius VI. deposed by Ronaparte.
 1799 Defeat of the French at Trebia, by the Russians, under Suwarrow.
 1800 Death of Pio VI.; Pio VII. Pope. Bonaparte crosses the Alps. Battle of Marengo, June 24; total defeat of Austrians.
 1802 The Cis-Alpine republic remodied as the Italian republic; Bonaparte President.
 1805 Napoleon crowned King of Italy, May 26. Eugene Beauharnois made Viceroy of Italy.
 1806 The Treaty of Presburg deprives Austria of her Italian possessions.
- Italy.
 1806 The Treaty of Presburg deprives Austria of her Italian possessions.
 1814 Downfall of Napoleon.
 Overthrow of the Kingdom of Italy.
 1815 Establishment of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom for Austria.
 Genoa added to the Sardinian crown.
 1823 Death of Pope Pio VII.; Leo XII. becomes Pope.
 1829 Death of Leo XII.; Pio VIII. becomes Pope.

- 1829 Death of Leo XII.; Pio VIII. becomes Pope.
 1831 Death of Pope Pio VIII., and elevation of Gregorio XVI.
 Death of Carlo Felix, and ~ inguishment of the direct male line of the House of Savoy.
 The crown falls to Prince Carlo Alberto. The "Young State Party" formed by Mazzini.
 1837 King Charles Albert, of Sardinia, promulgates a new Code.
 1846 Death of Pope Gregorio XVI.; Pius IX. becomes Pope.
 1848 The King of Sardinia grants a Constitution and openly espouses the cause of Italian regeneration against Austria.
 1nsurrection in Lombardy and Venize against Austrian for Titalian independence, June.
 War between Sardinia and Austria.
 Lombardy annexed to Sardinia, June 29. Revolution at Rome; flight of the Pope to Gaeta.
- Revolution at Rolle; hight of the Pope to Gaeta. The Sardinians, after repeated reverses, are totally defeated by the Austrians at Novara, March 23. Close of the war, and recovery of Lom-bardy by Austria. Carlo Alberto abdicates in favor of his son, Victor Emmanuel II., March-23; dies July 28. The Roman republic formed. Rome captured by the French army, un-der Marshal Oudinot. The republic overthrown, and the Pope restored. 1849
- The French evacuate Cadiz. Cadiz proclaimed a free port. The Salique law abolished. Death of Ferdinand VII.; his queen as-sumes the government as Regent dur-ing the minority of her daughter, Isa-bella II. Don Carlos claims the throne. The Quadruple Treaty of France, Eng-land, Spain and Portugal guarantees the right of Queen Isabella to the throne. Dogma of Infallibility proclaimed by the Council. Arrest of Mazzini at Palermo. The Papal States entered by the Italian army, and Rome occupied, Sept. 20. Papal States a part of the Kingdom of Italy, Oct. 9. Pope Pius IX. issues bull of excommuni-cation against the government, Nov. 1. Rome evacuated by the French, Aug. 11. Revolution in Rome imminent. The Pope takes refuge in the castle of St. Angelo. throne. Don Carlos enters Spain and claims the crown. Beginning of the Carlist war. Defeat of Carlists at battle of Bilbao. 1836 1336 Defeat of Carlists at battle of Bilbao.
 1837 Dissolution of monasteries.
 1839 Success of the government forces. Don Carlos takes refuge in England.
 1840 Espartero, commander of the royal forces, becomes the real ruler of Spain. The Queen Regent Christina abdicates and leaves Spain.
 1841 Espartero declared, by the Cortes, Re-gent during the young Queen's minori-ty. Insurrection in favor of Christina guelled. Rome annexed to Italy, and made the Capital of the kingdom by royal decree, The Italian Duke of Acosta elected King of Spain. 1871 The government transferred from Flor-18/1 The government transferred from Flor-ence to Rome, July.
 Opening of the Mt. Cenis Tunnel.
 1872 Death of Mazzini.
 Great eruption of Mount Vesuvius. Se-rious inundations throughout the pe-niceule.
 - Insurrection in favor of Christina quelled.
 - 1842 Insurrection at Barcelona against Es-partero; he bombards the city, Dec. 3, and receives its surrender, Dec. 4. 1843 Uprising against Espartero at Barcelona,

Ferdinand swears to the constitution of the Cortes.
1823 The Cortes remove the king to Seville, and thence to Cadiz, March.
Intervention of France in behalf of the king.
French army enters Spain, April 7.
Cadiz invested, June 25.
Battle of the Trocadero, Aug. 31.
Rebels defeated and the revolution crushed.

ers. 1828 The French evacuate Cadiz.

1829

1830

1833

1834

rushed. The king again restored. Execution of Riego and the patriot lead-

- 1843 Uprising against Espartero at Barcelona, Corunna, Seville and other points. Bombardment of Seville, July 21. Defeat of Espartero.
 1845 Don Carlos assigns his claims to his son. Isabella II., 13 years old, is declared, by the Cortes, to be of age. Narvaez, a friend of Queen Christina, is made commander of the army.
 1846 Marriage of Queen Isabella to her cousin, Don Francisco d'Assiz, Duke of Cadiz. Marriage of the Infanta to the Duke de Montpensier, son of the King of France. Protest of England against these mar-riages.
- riages. 1847 Attempt by La Riva to assassinate the Queen
 - Gueen. Espartero restored to power. The British Envoy ordered to quit Mad-rid within 48 hours. Birth of the Queen's first child; it dies 1848
 - 1050

- States. General amnesty to Carlists. Queen Isabella visits Spain. Marriage of King Alfonso to Mercedes, daughter of the Duc de Montpensier, 1878
- Jan. 23. Death of Queen Mercedes, June 26. Attempted assassination of Alfonso, Oct.
- 1879 Inundations in Seville, Granada and else-

- 25.
 1879 Inundations in Seville, Granada and elsewhere.
 Alfonso marries the Archduchess Maria Christina, of Austria, Nov. 29.
 Attempted assassination of king and queen, Dec. 30.
 1880 Law for gradual abolition of slavery in Cuba, Feb. 18.
 Execution of the assassin Otero, April 14.
 1881 Expulsion of Don Carlos from France, July 17.
 1882 Franco-Spanish commercial treaty approved by the Cortes, April 23.
 Introduction of a bill to abolish slavery in Cuba, Jule 10.
 Heavy snow storm at Madrid, Dec. 10.
 1883 Marriage of Infanta della Paz to Prince Louis, of Bavaria, April 2.
 King Alfonso visits Frankfort to witness German military maneuvers, Sept. 20.
 King Alfonso appointed commander of the Schleswig-Holstein Uhlan regiment by German Emperor, Sept. 23.
 Return of Alfonso to Madrid, Oct. 1.
 Hervera becomes Prime Minister, Oct. 11.
 Hervera becomes Prime Minister, Oct.
- Resignation of Spainsi ministry, occ. In Hervera becomes Prime Minister. 1884 Severe earthquakes in Spain; over 1,000 lives lost, Dec. 25-28. 1885 Resignation of the ministry, in conse-quence of the determination of the king to visit cholera-stricken districts, June
- Terrible ravages of cholera in Valencia
- and other points. Spain greatly excited over the occupation of the Caroline Islands by Germany. Announcement that of 223,546 persons at-tacked by cholera 82,619 had died, Aug.

The National Assembly meets at Paris, Oct. 9.
The National Assembly change the royal title to "King of the French," Oct. 16.
Clerical property confiscated.
The division of France into 83 departments, Dec. 22.
1790 King Louis accepts the work of the revolution, Feb. 4.
Titles of honor and hereditary nobility abolished.
Confederation of the Champs de Mars; the King takes the oath to the constitution, July 14.
1791 Flight of the king and queen from Paris, June 20.

June 20. Imprisonment of the king and queen in the Tuileries; they are arrested at Varennes, June 21. Louis sanctions the National constitution Sont 15 Sept. 15. Dissolution of the National Ássembly,

- 20. Attack and capture of the Tuileries by a mob; the royal family imprisoned in the Temple, Aug. 10. Massacre in the prisons of Paris, Sept.
- 2-5. Opening of the National Convention, Sept. 17. The Convention abolishes royalty, Sept.
- 21. Meeting of the Legislative Assembly,

- Bisge of Toulon; first victory of Bonaparte.
 The Duke of Orleans, Phillipe Egalite, beheaded, Nov. 6.
 Madamo Roland executed, Nov. 8.
 Vendee revoit suppressed, Dec. 12.
 Danton and others guillotined, April 5.
 Elizabeth, sister of Louis XVI., executed.
 Robespierre becomes president, June.
 Fall of Robespierre, July 27.
 Robespierre, St. Just and seventy others guillotined, July 28.
 Close of the Reign of Terror.
 The Dauphin (Louis XVII) dies in prison.
 Napoleon suppresses rebellion of royalists Oct. 5.
 The Directory established Nov. 1.
 Bonaparte wins the victories of Montenotte, April 12; Mondivi, April 22, and Lodi, May 10. Attehkirchen, June 1.
 Radstadt, July 5, in Italy.
 The conspiracy of Baboeuf suppressed.
 Pichegru's conspiracy fails.
 Return of Napoleon into Paris.
 Bonaparte's Egyptian expedition embarks.
 Battle of the Pyramid, July 13-21.
- 1795
- 1796
- 1797
- barks.
 Battle of the Pyramid, July 13-21.
 Destruction of the French fleet, near Alexandria, by Nelson, Aug. 1.
 1799 England, Germany, Russia, Turkey, Por-tugal and Naples coalesce against Na-poleon, June 22.
 Bonaparte returns from Egypt; deposes the Council of Five Hundred, Nov. 10, and Napoleon is declared First Consul Dec. 13.
- anu raporton Dec. 13. 1800 Battle of Marengo, June 14. Great victory by Bonaparte over the Aus-
- Great victory by Bonaparts over an array trians.
 Attempt to kill the Consul by means of an infernal machine, Dec. 24.
 1801 Treaty with Germany.
 The Rhine made the French boundary.
 Peace with Russia, Oct. 8, and with Tur-
- kev. Oct. 9
- 1802 Defeat of the French at Aboukin, March
 - 8. Peace with England, Spain and Holland signed at Amiens, March 27. Legion of Honor instituted. Bonaparte made "Consul for Life,"
- Bonaparte made Consul for Line, Aug. 2. 1803 Bank of France established. War with England declared, May 22. 1804 Conspiracy of Moreau and Pichegru against Bonaparte fails. Execution of the Duke d'Enghien, March
 - 21. The empire formed and Napoleon pro-
- The empire formed and Napoleon pro-claimed Emperor, May 18. Crowned by the Pope, Dec. 30. Napoleon crowned King of Italy, May 26. Destruction of the French fleet, Oct. 21, by Nelson at the battle of Trafalgar. Battle of Austerlitz. Austria totally defeated, Dec. 2. Treaty of Presburg, Dec. 26. Confederation of the Rhine ratified at Paris, July 12. Fourth coalition of the Great Powers against France; Prussia declares war, Oct. 8. Defeat of the Prussians at Jena, Oct. 14. 1805
- 1806
- Oct. 8. Defeat of the Prussians at Jena, Oct. 14. Capture of Erfurt by the French, Oct. 15. Russians defeated at battle of Eylau, 1807
 - Alexander and Napoleon meet at Tilsit,

dies July 28.	1877 The celebrated "Antonelli" case dis-	Queen.	Spain greatly excited over the occupation	Capture of Erfurt by the French, Oct. 15.
The Roman republic formed.	missed.	Espartero restored to power.	of the Caroline Islands by Germany.	1807 Russians defeated at battle of Eylau,
Rome captured by the French army, un-	1878 Death of Victor Emmanuel, Jan. 9.	1848 The British Envoy ordered to quit Mad-	Announcement that of 223,546 persons at-	Feb. 8.
der Marshal Oudinot.	Attempted assassination of King Hum-	rid within 48 hours.	tacked by cholera 82,619 had died, Aug.	Alexander and Napoleon meet at Tilsit,
The republic overthrown, and the Pope	bert I., Nov. 17.	1850 Birth of the Queen's first child; it dies	31.	June 26.
restored.	Death of Pope Pius IX., Feb. 7.	immediately.	1886 Alfonso XIII. King, with Maria Christina	Treaty of peace signed, July 7.
1850 Ecclesiastical jurisdictions abolished in	Leo XIII. elected Pope, Feb. 20.	Attempt of Lopez to wrest Cuba from	as Regent, May 17.	Treaty of peace signed ished Dog 17
Sardinia.	1880 Elections favorable to the ministry of	Spain.	1891 Reciprocity between Cuba and the United	The Milan decree published, Dec. 17.
Saruinia.	Cairoli.	1851 Opening of the Madrid-Aranjuez railway.	States, May.	1808 New nobility of France created.
Arrest of the Archbishop of Turin.	The monster ironclad Italia successfully	1852 Merino, a Franciscan monk, attempts to	1893 Riotous demonstrations of Republicans	The beginning of the Peninsular war.
1851 Count Cavour Minister of Foreign Af-	launched.		1893 Riotous demonstrations of Republicans	Abdication of Charles IV. of Spain.
fairs.	Resignation of Garibaldi as Deputy, and	kill the Queen, and slightly wounds her	suppressed by the police.	1809 Napoleon defeated at Aspern and Essling.
1853 Revolt in Milan subdued.	retirement to Genoa.	with a dagger.	Cargo of dynamite explodes at Santan-	Victorious at Wagram.
1855 Sardinia joins the alliance of France,	retirement to Genoa.	1853 Narvaez exiled to Vienna.	der, killing and wounding several hun-	Entry of Napoleon into Vienna, May.
England and Turkey against Russia,	1881 Cairoli ministry overthrown and a new	1854 Espartero organizes a military insurrec-	dreds of people.	Treaty of Vienna, Oct. 14.
and takes part in the Crimean war.	one founded by Depretio.	tion at Saragossa and succeeds in mak-	1895 Cuban patriots rise again in arms to free their native land. Marshal Campos	Divorce of the Empress Josephine, Dec.
1856 Unsuccessful revolt in Sicily.	Reform Bill passed by the Senate, Dec.	ing himself prime minister.	their native land. Marshal Campos	
1857 Diplomatic rupture between Sardinia and	21.	The queen-mother impeached, and com	sent with a large army to suppress the	15.
Âustria.	1882 Electoral law passed.	pelled to quit Spain.	insurrection.	1810 Napoleon marries Maria Louise of Aus-
1859 Quarrel between Sardinia and Austria,	Death of Garibaldi, June 2.	pelled to quit Spain. 1855 Death of Don Carlos.	1906 King Alphonso Married.	tria, April 1.
caused by former power refusing to dis-	1883 Discovery of site of the celebrated An-	1856 Insurrection at Valencia.	1907 Heir to Throne born.	Union of Holland with France.
arm.	trium, at Rome, Nov. 6.	Espartero resigns.	100, Hell to Hitone Solin	1811 Birth of the King of Rome, afterward
France espouses the cause of Sardinia,	1884 The cholera rages in Naples.	A new cabinet formed, headed by Mar-		Napoleon II.
and sends an army to her assistance.	. 1889 Statue of Bruno unveiled at Rome, June	shal O'Donnell.		1812 War declared with Russia.
The Austrians cross the Ticino, April 27.	9	Insurrection in Madrid quelled by the		Napoleon invades Russia.
The French army reaches Genoa, May 3.	1890 Statue of Victor Emmanuel unveiled,	government.		Great victory of the French at Borodino,
Battles of Montebello, May 20; Palestro,	Sept. 20.	Disbandment of the national guard.		Sept. 7.
Battles of Montebello, May 20, Falestro,	1891 Crispi Resigns the Premiership and Ru-	Insurrection at Barcelona and Saragossa		Disastrous retreat of the French from
May 30, 31; Magenta, June 4; Maleg-	dini appointed Feb 9			Moscow October.
nano, June 8; Solferino, June 24.	dini appointed Feb 9	quelled by O'Donnell, as Dictator.	FRANCE	Moscow, October.
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· · ·	ANCIEN	T, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN H	ISTORY.	
1815 Napoleon abolishes the slave trade,	1853 Death of F. Arago, the astronomer, Oct.	1868 Treaties with Italy, Prussia and Meck- lenburg signed.	1885 Death of Victor Hugo, aged 83, March 22. 1887 Burning of the Theatre Comique, 100	1861 No deputies present from Hungary, Cro atia, Transylvania, Venice, or Istria
March 29. Leaves Paris for the army, June 12.	2. Attempt to assassinate the Emperor.	1869 Serious election riots in Paris.	lives lost, May 25. Fall of President Grevy, Dec. 2.	at meeting of the Reichsrath, April 29 The Hungarians demand the restoration
He invades Belgium, June 15. Final overthrow of Napoleon at battle of	1854 Beginning of the Crimean war. Treaty of Constantinople, March 12.	Great radical successes in the elections. The Emperor makes new concessions in	M. Sadi Carnot elected President, Dec. 3. 1888 Remains of Napoleon III. and the Prince	of the Constitution of 1848. The new liberal Constitution for the em
Waterloo, June 18. Napoleon reaches Paris, June 20.	War declared with Russia, March 27. 1855 Emperor and Empress visit England,	favor of the constitutional government. Celebration of the one hundredth birth-	Imperial removed to Farmsborough. 1889 Centennial of French revolution cele-	pire fails to satisfy Hungary. Military levy taxes in Hungary.
Abdicates in favor of his son, June 22. He reaches Rochefort, where he intends	April. Industrial exhibition opened at Paris,	day of Napoleon the Great. Death of Lamartine, Feb. 28.	brated, May 5.	Entire independence refused Hungary b the Emperor, July 21.
to embark for America, July 3.	May 15. Pianori attempts to assassinate the Em-	Resignation of ministry, Dec. 27. 1870 Victor Noir shot by Prince Pierre Bona-	Paris Exposition opened, May 6. 1890 Cabinet, with M. de Freycinet, March 16.	The Diet of Hungary protests, Aug. 2
Entry of Louis XVIII. into Paris, July 3. Napoleon goes on board the "Bellero-	peror, April 28. Bellemarre attempts to assassinate the	parte, Jan. 10. Great riots in Paris, Feb. 8, 9.	1891 Russia bestows decoration on Pres. Car- not, March.	and is dissolved, Aug. 21. The magistrates at Pesth resign.
phon" and claims the "hospitality" of England, July 15.	Emperor, Sept. 8.	Discovery of plots against the Emperor's life.	1893 Panama Canal frauds exposed, many prominent men imprisoned.	Military government established in Hur gary, in December.
Upon reaching England he is transferred to the "Northumberland," and sent a	Queen Victoria and Prince Albert visit France, August.	Trial and acquittal of Prince Pierre Bon- aparte.	Court of Cassation quashed the sentence of the Panama Canal swindlers, and all	1862 Amnesty granted to Hungarian revolutionists.
prisoner to St. Helena, Aug. 8, where he arrives Oct. 15.	1856 Birth of the Prince Imperial, March 16. Close of the Crimean war, and the	The Plebiscitum on change of Constitu-	released from jail, except Chas. de Lesseps.	Cessation of prosecutions, Nov. 19. Ministry of Marine created.
Execution of Marshal Ney, Dec. 7. 16 The family of Napoleon forever excluded	treaty of Paris, March 30. Terrible inundations in the Southern De-	tion; affirmative vote secured for Ple- biscite, May 8.	France gives Siam an ultimatum, which was accepted, June 29.	The principle of ministerial responsibilit adopted in the imperial government.
from the throne of France. 20 Assassination of the Duke de Berri, Feb.	partments. 1857 The Archbishop of Paris (Sil, ur) as-	Nomination of Prince Leopold for Span- ish throne creates warlike feeling.	Marshal McMahon, ex-president, died,	Great reduction of the army. A personal liberty (a kind of habea
13. 21 Death of Napoleon I. at St. Helena,	sassinated by a priest named Merger, June 3.	Prince Leopold withdraws. Refusal of Prussia to give guarantees to	Oct. 17. 1894 President Sadi Carnot assassinated at	corpus) bill passed. Serious inundations throughout the en
May b.	Conference on Neuchatel difficulty, March 15.	France. War with Prussia declared, July 15.	Lyons by an anarchist. Casimir-Perfer elected president, but re-	pire. 18'3 Unsuccessful insurrection in Poland.
24 Death of Louis XVIII., Sept. 16. Charles X. becomes king.	Conspiracy to assassinate the Emperor detected, July 11.	English mediation refused, July 20. Prussians blow up bridge of Kehl.	signed shot thy after and was succeeded by Felix Faure.	Transvlvania accepts the constitution
27 National Guard disbanded. War with Algiers.	Visit of the Emperor and Empress to	The Emperor takes command of the ar- my.	1895 French army succeeds in capturing Madagascar.	and sends deputies to the Reichsrat German sovereigns meet at Frankfort
Serious riots in Paris. Seventy-six new peers created.	England. Death of Gen. Cavaignac, Oct. 28.	Severe and undecisive engagement at Saarbuck, Aug. 2-4.	1899 Dreyfus case c eates great excitement. Capt. Dreyfus pardoned, Sept. 19.	Federal Constitution reformed. 1864 Galicia and Cracow declared in a sta
29 The Polignac administration organized. 20 Chamber of Deputies dissolved, May 16.	The Emperor Napoleon meets the Em- peror of Russia, at Stuttgart, Sept. 25.	Defeat of the French at Woerth and For-	Emile Loubet elected President, Feb. 18. 1900 Theatre Francais, Paris, burned, March 8.	of siege. War with Denmark, about Schleswi
Capture of Algiers by the French, July 5. Revolution and barricade of streets in	1858 Orsini and others attempt to kill the Emperor by the explosion of three shells; two persons killed and several	bach, Aug. 6. Strasburg invested, Aug. 10. Battle of Courcelles, Aug. 14.	1901 Santos-Dumont wins prize for steerable	Holstein; meeting of the Emperor wi King of Prussia, June 22; peace wi
Paris, July 27. Flight and abdication of Charles X., July	wounded, Jan. 24.	Decisive victory of Gravelotte Allg. 18.	balloon, Nov.	Denmark, Oct. 30. Austria supports the German Confeder
31. Unpopular ordinances passed regarding	Passage of the Public Safety Bill. Trial of the Count de Montalembert.	Bazaine's army shut up in Metz, Aug. 24. Repulse of Germans at Verdun, Aug. 25. Great victory of Prussians at battle of	Austria-Hungary.	tion in the dispute respecting t
the election of deputies and the press,	The Empire divided into five military de-	Great victory of Prussians at battle of Sedan, Sept. 1.		duchies. 1865 Great financial difficulties in the empir
July 26. Duke of Orleans becomes King Louis	Republican outbreak at Chalons crushed. Orsini and Pietri executed for attempt-	The Emperor Napoleon and the French army made prisoners of war. Sept. 2.	1772 Austria acquire 3 Galicia, and other prov- inces, from F land.	concessions made to Hungary, and
Phillipe I. Polignac and the ministers of Charles X.	ing to assassinate the Emperor.	Revolution in Paris, and fall of the Empire. Flight of the Empress Eu-	1785 Vassalage abolished in Hungary. 1792 War with France begins.	more liberal manner of governing t empire introduced.
sentenced to perpetual imprisonment.	Visit of the Queen of England to Cher- bourg.	genie Sept. 7.	1793 The Austrians victorious at the battles	Convention of Gastein with Prussia f the disposal of the Danish duchies
The hereditary peerage abolished.	Conference, at Paris, respecting the con- dition of the Danubian principalities.	The Republic proclaimed in Paris, and the Provisional Government organized,	1795 The Austrians defeated at the battle of Loano.	Austria receives the temporary gover ment of Holstein, and the promise
Death of Napoleon II., Duke of Reich-	1859 France declares war against Austria, and sends an army to the aid of Italy,	Sept. 7. Paris invested by the Prussians, Sept. 19.	1796 Disastrous defeats sustained against Bonaparte at Montenotte, Lodi, Bad-	2,500,000 Danish dollars from Prussia Rescript of the Emperor suppressing t
Attempted assassination of the King,	May. The Empress declared Regent.	Strasburg surrendered, Sept. 27. Metz and French army, under Bazaine,	stadt, Roseredo, and elsewhere.	Constitution for the purpose of gran ing independence to Hungary.
Dec. 27. 834 Death of Lafayette, May 20.	The Emperor takes command of the ar-	surrender, Oct. 27. Defeat of the French army of the North,	1797 Treaty of Campo Formio. The Emperor surrenders Lombardy to	The Emperor visits Pesth, Hungary.
 Brieschi attempts, with an infernal ma- chine, to kill the King, July 28, and is 	Battles of Montebello, May 20; Palestro,	Dec. 23.	Napoleon, and obtains Venice. 1799 Additional defeats at Zurich and Bergen.	Dissatisfaction in the rest of the empiritation of the second sec
executed, Feb. 6, 1836. 836 Louis Alibaud fires at the king, June 25;	May 30, 31; Magenta, June 4; Maleg- nano, June 8, and Solferino, June 24;	1871 Rocroy capitulates, Jan. 6. Alencon surrendered, Jan. 17.	1800 Defeat of Austrians by the French at the battles of Engen, May 3; Monte-	Cassel, Saxony, Hanover, Wurtembur Hesse-Darmstadt on the Holstein qu
is guillotined, July 11. Death of Charles X., Nov. 6.	the allies victorious in each. Armistice arranged, July 6.	Paris bombarded by the Prussians. King William of Prussia proclaimed Em-	bello, June 9; Marengo, June 14; Hoch- stadt, June 19; Hohenlinden, Dec. 3;	tion. Nassau and Frankfort allied with Au
⁶ Prince Louis Napoleon attempts an in- surrection at Strasbourg, Oct. 30; is	Meeting of the Emperors of France and Austria, at Villa Franca, July 11. Pre-	peror of Germany, at Versailles, Jan. 18.	and Mincio—	tria. The German-Italian war between Aust
banished to America, Nov. 13. The ministers of Charles X. set at liberty	liminary peace effected, July 12. The Emperor Napoleon returns to	The armistice and peace signed, Feb. 27. France agrees to give up Alsace, a fifth	trian territory.	enters Silesia. The Italians defeated by the Archdu
and sent out of France.	France, July 17. Peace Conference meets at Zurich, for	of Lorraine, with Metz and Thionville,	1804 Francis II. of Germany becomes Francis I. of Austria.	Albrecht, June 24, at battle of Custor
Meunier attempts to kill the king. 1838 Death of Tallyrand, May 14.	arrangement of treaty between France	and to pay five milliards of francs. Meeting of the Assembly at Bordeaux. Formation of a provisional government.	1805 War with France declared by Francis. General Ney defeats Austrians at El-	The Prussians occupy Saxony and vade Bohemia.
War with Mexico. 1839 Insurrections in Paris.	and Sardinia and Austria. Peace signed, Nov. 12.	Prussians enter France, March 1. Peace with Germany.	Capture of Vienna by Napoleon.	Defeat of the Austrians at battle Nachos, June 27.
1840 M. Thiers becomes Prime Minister. Bringe Louis Napoleon, General Monthol-	1860 France adopts a free trade policy. Commercial treaty with England signed	Revolt of the Commune, March 18.	Battle of Austerlitz. Complete defeat of Austrians and Rus-	Battle of Skalitz; decisive defeat of Austrian army, under Benedek, at S
on, and others, attempt an insurrection	Jan. 23.	The second siege and capture of Paris, March 28.	1805 Treaty of Presburg.	dowa, July 3. Venetia ceded to France, July 4, and
at Boulogne, Aug. 6. Prince Louis Napoleon sentenced to im- prisonment for life, and confined in the	Meeting of the Emperor with the Ger-	Thiers elected President of the Third Re- public.	Austria surrenders the Tyrol and Venice.	tervention requested. Great victory by the Austrian fleet of
castle of Ham, Oct. 6. Darmes attempts to shoot the king,	Visit of the Emperor and Empress to		The Germanic Confederation dissolved. The Austrian King abdicates.	the Italian fleet, at Lissa, July 20. An armistice agreed upon between A
Oat 15	The public levving of Peter's pence for-	A large part of the war indemnity paid. Death of the Duke de Persigny, Jan. 12.	1809 Battle of Ahensberg; defeat of Austrians.	tria and Prussia, July 22; peace
Removal of the remains of the Emperor Napoleon I. from St. Helena to Paris,	the issuing of pastoral letters.	Commercial treaty with Belgium and England abrogated, Feb. 2.	the city restored Oct. 24.	Nicholsburg, Aug. 30. Hanover, Hesse-Gausel, Nassau
1842 The Duke of Orleans, the heir to the	Napoleon makes concessions to the Cham- bers in favor of freedom of speech.	1873 Death of Napoleon III., at Chiselhurst, England, Jan. 9.	1810 Marriage of the Archduchess Maria Louise, daughter of Francis II., to Napoleon	Frankfort gained by Prussia. Austria retires from the German C
throne, dies from the effect of a fall,	The Pope advised by the Emperor to give	New treaty of evacuation signed with	I., April 1. 1814 Downfall of Napoleon.	federation. Baron Von Beust made prime minist
1843 Queen Victoria, of England, visits the royal family at the Chateau d' Eu.	up his temporal possessions.	Germany, March 15. M. Thiers resigns the presidency, May 24.	Congress of Sovereigns at Vienna.	The Emperor makes great concessi- to Galicia.
Extradition treaty with England.	4 000,000 france by France.	Marshal MacMahon chosen President of the Republic, May 25.	Aústria regains her Italian provinces,	1867 A new and very liberal Constitution
1846 Lecompte attempts to assassinate the king at Fontainebleau, April 16. Louis Napoleon escapes from Har, May	Roman question.	Germans avacuate Verdun, Sept. 15.	with additions. The Lombardo-Venetian kingdom estab-	Hungary constituted an independ
95	The government issues a circular for-	' Presidential term fixed at seven years. Bazaine sentenced to twenty years im-	iished. 1825 Hungarian Diet assembles.	kingdom. Andrassy elected President of Hungar
Joseph Henri attempts to kill the king, July 29.	1 April 11.	prisonment for surrender of Metz, Dec.	1835 Death of Francis I.; Ferdinand I. suc-	The Emperor and Empress of Aust
2847 Jerome Bonaparte returns to France	Neutrality declared in the American con-	1874 Execution of communists. Escape of General Bazaine, Aug. 11.	1838 Treaty of commerce with England. Ferdinand I. crowned Emperor at Milan.	crowned King and Queen of Hunga at Pesth, June 8.
Death of the ex-Empress Marie Louise. Surrender of Abd-el-Kader to the French.	flict. France recognizes the kingdom of Italy,	Payment of the German debt, September.	1848 Insurrection at Vienna. Flight of Prince Metternich, March 13.	1868 The clergy of the Roman Catholic chu made amenable to the civil law.
2643 "Reform banquet" prohibited. Revolution of February 22, and barricade	June 24. Meeting of the Emperor and King of	two Chambers created.	Insurrections in Italy, which are crushed.	Civil marriage authorized. The State assumes the control of seco
of the streets of Paris. Flight and abdication of the King, Feb.	Prussia, at Complegne, Oct. 6.	a tunnel under the English channel.	The Emperor flees to Inspruck, May 15-	education. 1869 Serie, ^a outbreaks in Dalmatia aga
The second republic proclaimed, Feb. 26	Britain and Spain concerning intervent	Amnesty for communists.	The Archuke John appointed Vical-Gen	conscription.
The provisional government succeeded by	Embarrassment in the Government	New ministry formed by Jules Simon. 1877 Death of M. Thiers, Sept. 8.	eral of the Empire, May 29. A Constitutional Assembly meets at	1870 The Concordat repealed. Neutrality declared in the Franco-Pr
an executive commission, named by the Assembly, May 7.	Achille Fould made minister of mance.	MacMahon dissolves Chamber of Depu- ties, June 25.	. Vienna, July 22. Third insurrection in Vienna.	Bitter contest between national and f
Louis Napoleon elected to the Nationa Assembly from the Seine and three	The French conquer the province of	Gambetta prosecuted, Aug. 25.	Count Latour murdered, Oct. 6. War with Sardinia.	eral rarties. 1871 Further reforms in the government
other departments, June 13. Outbreak of the Red Republicans in	Six provinces in Cochin China conquered	Mor 1	Revolution in Hungary.	stituted. Measures adopted looking to the rep
Paris, June 23.	and ceded to France. The British and Spanish forces withdraw	Jan. 2.	Hungarians, at Szikiszo and Mohr.	sentation of all the nationalities braced in the empire.
16,000 persons killed, including the	War declared against Mexico.	Senate Ian 30	vor of his nephew, Francis Joseph.	Austria recognizes new German Com
Archbishop of Paris. Surrender of the insurgents, June 26.	Peace effected with Annam.	Gambetta becomes President of the		eration. Old Catholic movement at Vienna.
Gen. Cavaignac at the head of the gov	Aug. 2.	Communist annesty bill passed, Feb. 21.	Hungary declares independence, April 14. Kossuth proclaimed Governor.	and German constitutionalists; 0
Louis Napoleon takes his seat in the	tricts in consequence of the civil war	Bill to abolish Jesuit colleges introduced	The revolution in Hungary suppressed	throw of Beust.
The Constitution of the republic solemn	- in the United States.	Prince Louis Napoleon killed in Zululand	after a severe struggle. Count Bathyany executed.	affairs. 1872 Change in the Electoral Law.
Louis Napoleon elected president of the	e Convention with Spain for the rectifica-			Meeting of the Emperors at Berlin.
The takes the oath of omce. Dec. 40.	Growing power of the opposition in the	to succeed Waddington's, Dec. 21. 1880 Rejection of educational bills of M. Fer	of 1849.	King of Italy to Vienna.
1850 Death of Louis Philippe, at Claremont in England, Aug. 26.	The elections result in the choice of many opposition deputies, including	ry March 9.	Livenyi attempts to assassinate the Em-	opened May 1.
Freedom of the press curtained. 1951 Electric telegraph between England an	d Thiers, Favre, Onivier and Others.	national decree. General amnesty bill passed, July 3.	peror.	1874 Reforms in the empire.
France opened.	ence for the settlement of the questions	New ministry formed by Jules Ferry		Visit of the Emperor to Russia. Ecclesiastical laws of Austria condemn

SUPPLEMENT XVII.

France opened. The Coup d'Etat. Napoleon dissolves the Assembly and proclaims universal suffrage. Calls for an election of President for ten years. Declares Paris in a state of siege. Arrest of the prime minister, Thiers, and 180 members of the Assembly.

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Napoleon proposes a European Conference for the settlement of the questions of the day, Nov. 9.
England declines to join the proposed Conference, Nov. 25. The French army conquer Mexico and occupy the capital.
1864 Treaty between France and Japan. Commercial treaty with Switzerland.

General amnesty bill passed, July 3.
New ministry formed by Jules Ferry, Sept. 20.
1881 Elections favorable to the government.
\$200,000,000 loan taken up three times over.
France invades Tunis, and treaty with Bey signed, May 12, by which the republic gains virtual Suzerainty.
Ratification by Senate, May 23.

1854 The Austrians enter the Danubian principalities.
1856 Amnesty granted to the Hungarian political offenders of 1848, '49, by the Emperor.
1857 Quarrel with Sardinia, and diplomatic relations suspended. The Danubian provinces evacuated.
Visit of the Emperor and Empress to

- Visit of the Emperor to Russia.
 Ecclesiastical laws of Austria condemned by the Pope.
 Death of Ferdinand—, ex-Emperor.
 1875 Visit of the Emperor to Italy.
 Great financial crisis.
 Change in the bed of the Danube
 1876 New marriage law proclaimed.
 Austria takes a leading part in the east-en question.

180 members of the Assembly.	Convention with Italy respecting the	Ratification by Senate, May 23.	Visit of the Emperor and Empress to	Austria takes a leading part in the east-
The President crushes the opposition,	evacuation of Rome, Sept. 15.	Great excitement produced in Italy.	Hungary.	ern question.
-the groat loss of life. Dec. 3, 4,	Establishment of the Mexican empire,	Gambetta enthusiastically received at	1859 War with France and Sardinia.	Neutrality declared in Servian war.
m - Channe dy Theor substained by the Deople 1	with Maximilian, of Austria, as Em-	Cabors May 25	Austrians cross the Ticino and enter	1877 Austria remains neutral in the Turkish
at the polic and Louis Nabuleur ic-		Rejection of semiin de liste. May 9.	Piedmont.	war.
alcoted Dregident for ten years, Dec. 41, 1	peror. Death of Marshal Pelissier, Duke of	Gambetta premier on resignation of Fer-	Austrians defeated at Montebello, May	1878 Andrassy represents Austria in the Ber-
22; affirmative votes, 7,473,431; negative,	Malakoff.	mr'a cabinet	20; Palestro, May 30, 31.	lin Conference.
644.351	Malakon.	1882 Resignation of Gambetta's ministry, Jan.	Napoleon III. declares war with Austria,	Occupation of Bosnia and Herzegovina,
1852 President Louis Napoleon occupies the	1865 The clergy prohibited from reading the Pope's Encyclical in the churches.	30	More 91	and war with the former.
	Treaty with Sweden signed.	Freycinet Prime Minister; resigns, July	Battles of Magenta, June 4; Melegnano,	1879 Resignation of Count Andrassy.
man non constitution published, Jan, 14,	The plan of Minister Duruy, for compul-	20	June 8 and Solferino, June 24, In all Ol	1881 The Archduke Rudolph marries the Prin-
	sory education, rejected by the Assem-	Rejection of vote of credit to protect	which Austria suffers defeat.	cess Stephanie, Belgium.
	sory education, rejected by the most	Suez Canal.	Death of Prince Metternich.	1883 Raab, Hungary, inundated by the rising
	bly. Death of the Duke de Morny.	Disastrous floods in France, Aug. 6.	Armistice between the Austrians and the	of the Danube; many lives lost, Jan. 9.
The property of the Orleans family con-	Visit of the Emperor to Algeria.	Duclerc succeeds in forming a new min-	allies agreed upon, July 6.	1884 Burning of the Stadt Theatre, Vienna,
	The English fleet visits Cherbourg and	Matny Aug 7	Meeting of the Emperors of France and	May 16. 1885 Meeting of the Emperor and Czar of
The birthday of Napoleon L. Aug. 15,	Brest.	Death of Louis Blanc, aged 71, Dec. 6.	Austria, July 11.	Russia at Kremsier, Aug. 25.
- stand the only national hollday.	The French fleet visits Portsmouth.	Death of Leon Gambetta, aged 42, Dec.	Peace of Villa Franca, July 12.	Meeting of the Emperor with the Em-
Angenization of the Legislative Uname	The Queen of Spain visits the Emperor	24.	Austria surrenders Lombardy to Sar-	peror of Germany at Gastein, Aug. 6.
bers, the Senate and Corps Legislatin,	at Biarritz.	1883 Arrest of Prince Napoleon charged with	dinia.	1889 Crown Prince suicides, Jan. 30.
Manch 20	Ctudents' nict in Paris.	addition Tan 16 released, Feb. 9.	Further troubles in Hungary; fears of	1889 Crown Prince suicides, Jan. 30. Emperor Francis Joseph visits Berlin,
The President visits Strasbourg.	Napoleon expresses his detestation be	Designation of the Duclerc ministry .	a revolution. The Emperor grants increased privileges	Emperor Francis Joseph visits Dornin,
M. Thiers and the exiles permitted to re-	treation of 1815 May b.	Trailliones Prime Minister, 1811, 29.	The Emperor grants increased privileges	Aug. 12. 1890 The Rothschilds protest against the per-
turn to France Allg. 8.	Dependence conference in conju.	Death of Gustave Dore, aged 50, Jan. 23.	to the Protestants. Treaty of Zurich, Nov. 10; permanent	
The Senate petitions the President for	tion with England and Rilssia IOF LUC	Passage of the expulsion bill, Feb. L.	peace with France and Sardinia.	1891 Austro-German new commercial treaty.
tithe vologiablighment of the nereullary	acttion of the troubles perween	Jules Ferry forms a new ministry, Feb.	peace with France and Sardina.	April 2.
sovereign power in the Bonaparte fam-	Prussia, Italy and Austria. Austria re-	91	1860 The Emperor removes the disabilities of	April 2. House wrecked
in P Cont 12	former the join in it	Commencement of hostilities with Mada-	the Jews.	1904 Members Hungarian House wrecked
the President visits the Southern and	Enonce declares a "Watchful Neutrality"	generate bombardment of Majunga, May	The meeting of the Reichsrath, the great	Chamber in riot, Dec. 13.
Western Departments, September and		16: bombardment of Tamatave, Mada-	imperial council or diet, May 31.	· · · ·
Ostabor of Bordoguy utters his id-	Manalaon domands of Priissia a cession	gasear June 13.	Austria protests against the annexation	and the second
mous expression, "The Empire is	of a part of the Rhine provinces.	Blockade of Tonquin by French fleet,	of the Italian duchies by the King of	
Bonde "	Tim domond is reflised.	Gontomber	Sardinia.	
The President releases Abd-el-Kader,	Austria cedes Venetia to France, who	Apology offered by President Grevy to	The liberty of the press further re-	
Oct. 16.	transforg it to italy.	Tring Alfonso Sept. 30.	tained; renewed troubles in Hungary.	1
Measures for the re-establishment of the	The French occupation of Rome termin-	Gen. Thibaudin resigns office of Minister	The Reichsrath granted legislative pow- ers, the control of the finances, etc.	OO AND INTAKES
empire inaugurated, October and No-	1 -4-4 Dog 11	of War. Oct. 5.		SCANDINAVIA.
vember.	Congress at Paris on Roumanian analis.	1884 Treaty between France and China signed,	1861 Amnesty granted for political offences	
The empire re-established by the popu-	1867 Settlement of the Luxemburg question	May 11.	in Hungary, Croatia, etc.	Most of Norway was united under Har
lar vote, Nov. 21; yeas, 7,839,552; nays,	by the London Conference.	France commences hostilities by bom-	Great disaffection throughout the Em-	old Haarfager about the end of th
254,501; the President declared Emper-	i mba groat international exposition at	bardment and capture of Kelung, Aug.	pire caused by the reactionary policy	ninth century.
or, and assumes the title of Napoleon	Paris opened April 1. Visit of many	6.	of the court.	1365 Albert of Mecklenburg became king o
III., Dec. 2.	crowned heads.	Serious outbreak of cholera at Toulon.	The new Constitution for the Austrian	Sweden.
1853 Napoleon marries Eugenie de Montigo,	Attempted assassination of the Czar of	1885 Langson, China, captured by the French,	monarchy published.	1385 Margaret, the Semiramis of the North
Countess of Tepa, Jan, 47.	Duccio Tuno 6	Feb. 12.	Civil and political rights granted to	became Queen of Denmark. This grea
The Emperor releases 4,312 political of-		Peace concluded with China, April 6, and	Protestants throughout the Empire, ex-	princess died in 1412.
fenders, Feb. 2.	1868 Riots in Bordeaux and Paris, in March and June.	treaty signed of Tientsin, June 9.	cept in Hungary and Venice.	- princess ureu III 1412.
	1 . AUU JUIIC. /			•
Bread riots in Paris, and other cities.			·	

SUPPLEMENT XVIII.

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY.

	ANCIED	NT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN H	ISTORY.	
1387 Norway and Denmark became confed- erate kingdoms, under one ruler, and	1863 The Lower House closed, for the sec- ond time, by William I.	1793 Prussia seizes Dantzic and acquires Po-	der command of King William, of Prus- sia.	1816 Agricultural and Weaver riots. 1817 Specie payments resumed.
remained so until 1814. 1407 By the Treaty of Calmar, Sweden joined	German states, except Prussia, meet at Frankfort, and approve a plan of fed-	1795 Warsaw ceded to Prussia in the partition of Poland.	(See Germany and France.) The king of Prussia elected Emperor of	Habeas Corpus act again suspended. Death of Princess Charlotte, Nov. 6.
the confederacy or Scandinavian king- dom.	eral reform. 1864 The quarrel with Denmark results in war with that kingdorn.	1797 Frederick William III., of Prussia, be- comes Emperor of Germany. 1801 Prussians seize Hanover.	Germany. 1871 King William proclaimed Emperor of Germany and crowned at Versailles,	Trial of Lord Howe and acquittal. 1818 Birth of J. Anthony Froude. 1819 Queen Victoria born, May 24.
1448 Christian I. of Oldenburg became king and added Schleswig and Holstein to the kingdom.	The Danes are defeated and forced to surrender the duchies.	1805 Treaty of Vienna. Downfall of the German Empire.	Jan. 18. Trouble with the Roman Catholic clergy.	Peel's Currency Act. Birth of Ruskin.
1520 Sweden revolted from the foreign yoke and under Gustavus Vasa, her future king, became independent in 1523.	Peace restored, Oct. 30. 1865 The Gastein convention. It gives great offence to the German	1806 Prussia seizes Hanover, Posen. Prussia joins the alliance against France. Battles of Jena and Auerstadt.	1872 Creation of the new peers by the govern- ment to carry its measures in parlia- ment.	Cato Street conspiracy discovered, Feb. 20.
Gustavus Vasa died in 1560. 1523 Lutheran religion established in Den-	Diet. Prussia and Austria called upon to give	Prussia succumbs to Napoleon. Napoleon issues the Berlin Decree.	 1873 Troubles with the Roman Catholic bish- ops. The stamp Tax. 1874 Troubles with the Roman Catholic bish- 	Trial of Queen Caroline. Birth of Herbert Spencer.
mark. 1537 Catholicism suppressed and church lands annexed to the crown.	up Holstein, which they refuse. 1866 War between Prussia and Austria, and their respective allies.	1807 Peace of Tilsit. Napoleon restores one-half of his do- minions to the King of Prussia.	1874 Troubles with the Roman Catholic bish- ops. The Old Catholic bishops given salaries	Birth of George McDonald. Death of Queen Caroline, Aug. 7. Great outrages in Ireland.
1611 Gustavus Adolphus, The Lion King of the North and Bulwark of Protestant-	Austria defeated. Saxony and Holstein invaded by Prussia.	1808 Convention of Berlin. Serfdom abolished in Prussia.	by the government. Attempt to assassinate Bismarck, July	Great outrages in Ireland. 1821 George IV. crowned, July 19. 1822 King George IV. visits Scotland.
ism in Germany, became king of Swe- den. He was an important factor in	 Prussia makes peace with the several German states. North German Confederation formed, 	 1812 Prussia concludes an alliance with Russia and Austria. 1813 The French evacuate Berlin, March 4. 	 13. 1875 Conference of the Roman Catholic bish- ops at Fulda. 	 1822 King George IV. visits Scotland. "Whiteboy" outrages in Ireland. Suicide of Castlereagh. 1823 First Mechanics' Institute held.
the Thirty Years' War and was killed at the battle of Lutzen in 1632. 1664 Charles XII. became king of Sweden,	Aug. 18. 1867 Formation of the new Zollverein in- cludes Bavaria, Wurtemburg, Baden,	The war of Liberation begun. Uprising of the people. The "Landwehr" formed.	Religious agitation in Prussia. Government aid withdrawn from Cath-	Agitation about tests and corporation acts.
after engaging in successful war with Russia he was defeated by Peter the	Hesse, Darmstadt, and Prussia.	The "Landwehr" formed. Battle of Leipsic, Oct. 16. 1814 The allies invade France.	olic clergy. New Constitution adopted by the Prot- estant State Church.	 1824 English-Burmese war. Death of Lord Byron in Greece. 1825 The great commercial crisis.
Great at Pultowa in 1709 and became a fugitive.	 1868 South German military commission ap- pointed. 1870 France declares war against Germany. 	Complete defeat of Napoleon. The Prussians occupy the French capital.	1876 The German made the official language in Prussian Poland.	First railroad in England.
1792 Gustavus III. assassinated and succeed- ed by Gustavus IV. The latter being insane, was dethroned.	Munich, Stuttgart, and other cities, de- clare for union with North Germany.	Treaty of Paris. 1815 Congress of Vienna; Germanic Confed-	Deposition of Catholic bishops in Mun- ster and Cologne.	Birth of Wilkie Collins. 1827 Lord Canning Prime Minister. Lord Palmerston Foreign Secretary.
1809 Charles XIII. succeeded to the throne of Sweden.	Bavaria, Wurtemburg, Hesse, Darmstadt and Baden support Prussia. Invasion of France by the Germans. Un-	eration formed. Prussia enters the Holy Alliance. 1817 Establishment of the Ministry of Educa-	Great inundations in Prussia. (See Germany.)	1828 Battle of Navarino. The allies defeat the Turkish and Egyp-
1810 For want of a legitimate heir, Berna- dotte, prince of Ponte Corvo, one of Napoleon's marshals, was elected	paralleled success of the German troops.	tion. 1818 Formation of the Prussian Zollverein.		tian fleets. 1829 Roman Catholic Relief Bill passed, April
crown prince of Sweden. 1814 Norway taken from Denmark and given	The Emperor, Napoleon III., and two French armies made prisoners by the	 1819 Congress of Carlsbad. Death of Marshal Blucher, Sept. 12. 1840 Accession of Frederick William IV., of 		13. Great Riots in London. 1830 Death of George IV.
to Sweden as indemnity for her losses in Finland by the allies, and Lauren- berg was given to Denmark in ex-	Germans. North German Parliament opens at Ber- lin, Nov. 24.	Prussia. 1844 Attempt to assassinate the King of Prus-	Great Britain and Ireland	William IV. mounts the throne, June 26. Ministry of the Duke of Wellington.
change. 1818 Bernadotte ascended the throne of Swe- den and Norway, where his descend-	The German empire formed. The Imperial Crown offered to the King	sia. 1848 Revolution of 1848. Berlin declared in a stage of siege, Nov.	1765 American Stamp Act passed, March 22.	Opening of the Liverpool and Manchester railway. 1831 The new London bridge opened.
ants are still seated.	of Prussia, Dec. 10. 1871 King William I., of Prussia, proclaimed Emperor of Germany at Versailles.	12. The Constituent Assembly meets in	Death of the Pretender, at Rome. Percy's Reliques published. 1766 Birth of Isaac Disraeli; died 1848.	1831 The new London bridge opened. The reform bill rejected by the Lords, Oct. 7.
Laurenberg, assisted by Prussia and Austria, resulted in the loss of these	Prince Bismarck becomes Chancellor. Successful close of the French war.	Brandenburgh Castle, Nov. 29. The King dissolves the Assembly, and is-	1768 Bruce's travels. Academy of arts founded.	Riots in Bristol, Oct. 29. Earl Grey's ministry. 1832 Passage of the English Reform Bill,
Lavenberg, assisted by Prussia and Austria, resulted in the loss of these provinces to Denmark. Christian IX. crowned king of Denmark. 1872 Oscar II. ascended the throne of Swe-	The Germans occupy Paris, and deprive France of Alsace and Lorraine. Treaty of peace with France ratified,	sues a new Constitution, Dec. 5. 1849 The German National Assembly offer the Imperial Crown of Germany to the	1769 Letters of Junius. Watt's engine.	June 1. Death of Sir Walter Scott, Sept. 2.
1902 Wiking ship built of Christiana Sweden.	May 16. Triumphal entry of the victorious Ger- man army into Berlin, June 16.	King of Prussia, March 28. He de- clines it. April 29.	 1769 Letters of Junus. Watt's engine. Arkwright's Jenny. Birth of the painter, Lawrence; died 1830. 1770 Lord North's ministry. Cook's voyages in the South Sea. 1771 English debates reported. Birth of Sir Walter Scott; died 1832. 1772 Warren Hastings in India 	Passage of the Irish Reform Bill, Aug. 7. 1834 Slavery ceases in the colonies. Trades union and repeal riots.
and sailed for the World's Fair at Chicago, April 9. Dr. Nansen, the Arctic explorer, sailed from Christi- ana, Sweden, June 24.	man army into Berlin, June 16. German Parliament opened by the Em- peror, Oct. 16.	Martial law declared throughout the kingdom, May 10. Occupation of Carlsruhe by the Prus-	Cook's voyages in the South Sea. 1771 English debates reported.	Lord Melbourne's ministry.
Arctic explorer, salled from Christi- ana, Sweden, June 24.	1872 The Jesuits expelled from the empire, July 5.	sians, June 23. The revolution in Baden completely	Birth of Sir Walter Scott; died 1832. 1772 Warren Hastings in India. 1774 Suicide of Lord Clive.	Sir Walter Peel Prime Minister. 1837 Death of William IV.
	Meeting of the Emperors of Germany, Russia, and Austria, at Berlin, Sept. 6.	1850 The King takes the oath to the new Con-	1775 Commencement of the American Revolu- tion; (see United States.)	Victoria succeeds to the throne, June 20. Hanover separated from Great Britain. 1828 Queen Victoria crowned, June 28.
	Bismarck resigns the premiership of Prussia. 1873 National Liberals succeed in the elec-	stitution, Feb. 6. Attempt to assassinate the King, May 22. Treaty of peace with Denmark.	 1775 Commencement of the American Revolution; (see United States.) Birth of Charles Lamb; died 1835. 1776 "Wealth of Nations" decline and fall. 1777 Royal Marriage Act. 	Irish Poor Law bill passed, July 31. Viscount Melbourne's ministry.
GERMANY.	tions. Troubles with the Roman Catholic	Prussia refuses to join the restricted Diet	 1777 Royal Marriage Act. Birth of T. Campbell; died 1844. 1778 Death of the Earl of Chatham. Relief bill for Irish Catholics passed. Birth of H. Hallam; died 1859. 	1839. England at war with China. Assassination of Lord Northbury in Ire- land.
1765 Joseph II. becomes Emperor.	church. Monetary reform law passed, June 23. Germany receives the last payment of	Prussia warns Austria of her intention to uphold the Constitution in Hesse- Cassel, Sept. 21.	Relief bill for Irish Catholics passed. Birth of H. Hallam; died 1859.	1840 Penny postage inaugurated. The Queen marries Prince Albert of
1766 Lorraine ceded to France. 1769 Convention between Prussia and Austria. 1772 Germany shares in the partition of Po-	the French indemnity, Sept. 5. 1874 Civil marriage bill passed.	The Prussian army occupies Hesse, Nov. 12.	 1779 Rodney's victories. Eliot at Gibraltar. 1780 Lord George Gordon's "No Popery" riots, in Lordon. 	Saxe-Coburg, Feb. 10. Oxford's assault on the Queen, June 10.
land. 1788 War with Turkey.	New military and press laws. Attempt to assassinate Prince Von Bis- marck, July 13.	The Prussian troops withdraw from Ba- den, Nov. 14. The Convention of Olmutz removes the	in London. Birth of Channing; died 1842.	1841 Birth of Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, Nov. 10. Ministry of Sir Robert Peel.
1790 Leopold II. becomes Emperor. 1791 Conference between the Emperor and Frederick of Prussia.	Bismarck resigns Chancellorship, Dec. 16. Resignation withdrawn upon re-	cause of the trouble, and restores peace to Germany, Nov. 29.	1781 Trial and acquittal of Gordon. 1782 England acknowledges the independence of the United States, Nov. 30.	1842 John Francis attempts to kill the Queen, May 20; a second attempt by Bean,
1792 Accession of Francis II, of Austria. 1793 Revolt in the Rhenish provinces.	ceiving a vote of confidence. 1875 The Imperial Bank bill adopted. Visit of the Emperor to Italy, Aug. 17.	1851 Visit of the King to Russia. 1852 The King re-establishes the Council of	Lord Rockingham's second ministry. Grattan's Irish Constitution.	June 3. Income tax established, Aug. Peace with China, Dec.
Prussians seize Dantzic and acquire Posen.	Government aid withdrawn from Cath- olic clergy.	the state as it existed prior to 1848. 1853 Plot against the government discovered in Berlin.	1783 Coalition ministry. England wars with Tippoo-Saib. 1784 Settlement of Upper Canada.	1843 Queen Victoria visits France. 1844 The Emperor of Russia and King of the
1795 Warsaw ceded to Prussia in the division of Poland. War with France.	1876 Germany takes part in the Eastern ques-	1854 Wavering policy of the government re-	Birth of Sheridan Knowles; died 1862. 1785 Birth of De Quincey; died 1860.	French visit England. Trial of O'Donnell, at Dublin, for sedi- tion, his conviction, fine and imprison-
1797 Accession of Frederick William III., of Prussia.	Visit of Queen Victoria to Berlin. Trouble with Roman Catholic church. Inundations in Prussia.	Prussia remains neutral in the Crimean war. Prussia enters into treaty with Austria.	1786 Attempted assassination of the King by Margaret Nicholson, (insane).	ment, and subsequent release from prison, Sept.
1801 Prussians seize Hanover. Treaty of Luneville; Germany loses the Netherlands, the Italian states and ter-	The Czar of Russia visits Germany. 1877 Code of laws enacted March 21.	1855 Prussia not allowed to take part in the Conference at Vienna.	Birth of Dr. Chalmers; died 1842. 1788 Trial of Warren Hastings. Birth of Lord Byron; died 1824.	1845 Sir Robert Peel's new tariff. Great famine in Ireland. Puseyite or Tractarian controversy.
ritories west of the Rhine. 1804 Francis II, renounces the title of Em-	Second resignation of Bismarck; resig- nation again withdrawn. 1878 Attempt to assassinate the Emperor Wil-	1856 Takes part in the Conference at Paris. Crown Prince becomes Regent in Prus-	London Times founded. Birth of Sir H. Davy; died 1829.	Anti-corn law agitation. Great railroad speculations.
peror of Germany, and assumes that of Emperor of Austria. 1805 Treaty of Vienna.	liam by Hodel, a socialist, May 11. A second attempt to assassinate the Em-	sia. Quarrel with Switzerland about Neufcha- tel.	1790 Boswell's Johnson published. 1791 Birmingham riots. Paine and "People's Friend."	1846 Repeal of the corn laws, June 26. Great commercial panic.
Napoleon establishes the kingdoms of Wurtemburg and Bavaria.	peror, who is wounded. The Crown Prince takes charge of the	Prussia relinquishes her claim for a pe- cuniary compensation.	1792 First coalition against France. 1793 England begins war with France.	Food riots in Tipperary. Russell forms new ministry. 1847 Death of O'Connell, May 15.
1806 Dissolution of the German Empire. Formation of the Confederation of the	Empire. Death of King George of Hanover, June 12.	1857 Serious illness of the King. The Prince of Prussia, Emperor William I., made Regent.	1794 Suspension of the Habeas Corpus Act. English expedition to Dunkirk; Lord	\$50,000,000 expended by the government for relief of Irish sufferers.
Rhine. Prussians seize Hanover. War declared against Napoleon, Sept. 24.	The Berlin Conference of the Great Pow- ers.	1858 Prince Frederick William, son of the Crown Prince, married to the Princess	Howe's victory over the French fleet. 1795 Acquittal of Warren Hastings, April 23. Birth of Carlisle; died 1881.	1848 Chartist demonstrations in London. Irish rebellion, headed by Smith, O'Brien Meacher and others, sup-
Battles of Auerstadt and Jena; French enter Berlin, Oct. 21.	Suppression of many newspapers and clubs. Regency of the Crown Prince.	Royal of England. 1859 Franco-Italian war.	Cape of Good Hope doubled. Prince of Wales marries Caroline of	O'Brien, Meagher, and others, sup- pressed, and the leaders condemned to death, Oct. 9.
1807 The kingdom of Westphalia established by Napoleon. Treaty of Tilsit between France and	1879 The Emperor resumes the government. Protectionists' bill adopted, May 9.	Prussia remains neutral, but threaten- ing. 1860 Federal Diet maintains Hesse-Cassel	Brunswick. Orange clubs formed in London. 1796 England takes the Spice Islands.	Cholera in Ireland. 1849 Sentence of Irish insurgents commuted
Prussia. 1808 Serfdom abolished in Prussia.	Meeting of Bismarck and Andrassy, at Vienna, Sept. Code of laws passed in 1877 goes into	Constitution against Prussia. 1861 William I. becomes king upon the death	Birth of Princess Charlotte. 1797 Cash payments suspended, Feb. 27.	to transportation. Irish Encumbered Estates Act passed. Cholera reappears in England.
1810 North Germany annexed to France. 1812 An alliance concluded with Austria and Russia.	operation. 1880 Small states outvote Prussia, Saxony and	of his brother, Frederick William IV., Jan. 2.	Death of Edmund Burke, July 29. "The Anti-Jacobin."	The Queen visits Ireland. 1850 Death of Sir Robert Peel, and the Duke
1813 The war of Liberation, against Napoleon, begins.	Bavaria on stamp duties. Bismarck resigns a third time, and the states	National Association meets at Heidel- berg. Becher, a Leipzig student, attempts to	1798 Battle of the Nile; great victory of Lord Nelson over the French fleet. Habeas Corpus Act again suspended.	of Cambridge. Pate assaults the Queen. 1851 The first "Great Exhibition" opened,
The French evacuate Berlin, March 4. War declared against France, March 16.	yield. "New Liberal" party formed, Aug. 1881 German Reichstag opened, Feb. 16.	assassinate the King. The King and Queen crowned at Konigs-	Sidney Smith at Acre. Great Irish rebellion; defeat of the	May 1. First gold arrives from Australia.
Silesia invaded by Napoleon, May 3i. Ney defeated by Blucher at Katzbach, Aug. 16.	The Liberals successful in the October elections.	berg. 1862 The National Assembly at Berlin declares in favor of unification.	Irish. Battle of Kilcullen, May 23. Battle of Antrim; victory of the English.	1852 Death of Wellington, Sept. 14. Great riots in Belfast. Aberdeen becomes Prime Minister.
Allies completely defeat Napoleon at Leipsic, Oct. 16.	1882 Imperial rescript of Jan. 4 asserts ex- treme rights of the Emperor, and slight constitutional restraints; rescript	The government defeated in the elec- tions.	1799 Irish rebellion completely suppressed. 1800 Hatfield attempts to assassinate the	1853 English and French fleets enter the
 1814 France invaded by the allies. Battles of Brienne, Creon, and Laon. 1815 Congress of Vienna. 	modified by explanation. Disastrous floods in Germany, Dec. 6.	Count Bismarck Schonhausen made Pre- mier. The Chamber informed by him	King. Malta taken. Birth of Lord Macaulay; died 1859.	Bosphorus, Oct. 22. Protocol between England, Austria, France and Prussia signed, Dec. 5.
Final overthrow of Napoleon. Formation of the Germanic Confedera-	1883 Grand celebration in Berlin upon the twenty-fifth anniversary of the mar- riage of the Crown Prince and Princess.	that the Budget is deferred until 1863; protest of the deputies against this as unconstitutional, Sept. 30.	1801 Union of Great Britain and Ireland. Nelson's victory at Copenhagen.	1854 Alliance between England, France, and Turkey, March 12. War declared against Russia, March 28.
tion. 1817 Insurrection in Breslau put down.	The Emperor appoints the King of Spain to the command of the Schleswig-Hol-	The Budget passed by the Chamber of Peers without the amendment of the	Habeas Corpus again suspended, April 19. Peace of Amiens, Oct. 1.	Crystal Palace opened by the Queen.
 1818 The Zollverein (commercial union) formed. 1819 Anti-revolutionary Congress of Carlsbad. 	stein Uhlan regiment, Sept. 27. Death of William R. Wagner, German composer, aged 69, Feb. 13.	Chamber. The Chamber declares the act of the	 1802 Birth of Landseer, painter; died 1873. 1803 War declared against France. Mahratta India War. 	Treaty with the United States, regarding fishery claims.
1832 Death of Goethe, German poet. 1833 Other German states join the Zollverein.	1884 Conference of the Great Powers upon Egyptian finances, Aug. 2.	Peers unconstitutional, Oct. 11. Close of the session of the Chambers by the King, Oct. 13.	Emmet's insurrection in Ireland. Execution of Emmet, Sept. 20.	1355 Resignation of the Aberdeen ministry, Jan 2. Lord Palmerston appointed Prime Min-
 1834 Thuringia and Saxony join the Zoll- verein. 1840 Accession of Frederick William IV., of 	Germany occupies the Caroline Islands,	1863 Continuation of the quarrel between the Government and the Chamber.	1805 Battle of Trafalgar, Oct. 21; victory and death of Nelson. Birth of Lord Beaconsfield.	ister. Visit of the Emperor and Empress of
Prussia. 1844 Attempted assassination of the Prussian	Death of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, aged 57, June 15. Convention between Prussia and Austria.	The King closes the session a second time, and resolves to govern without	1806 Birth of William E. Gladstone. Deaths of William Pitt and Charles	France to England. The Queen and Prince Albert visit
King. 1848 Insurrection in Berlin, and revolutionary movements throughout Germany.	1887 Septemate army bill passed March 11. Ecclesiastical bill passed, April 27.	a Parliament, May 27. 1863 Severe restrictions imposed upon the press, June 1.	James Fox. 1807 Orders in Council against the Berlin Decree, Jan. 7.	France. 1856 Peace with Russia proclaimed, April 19. War with China (q. v.)

verein.	Aug. 20.	1005 Continuation of the Quarter between the	death of Nelson.	Visit of the Emperor and Empress of
1840 Accession of Frederick William IV., of	Death of Prince Frederick Charles of	Government and the Chamber. The King closes the session a second	Birth of Lord Beaconsfield.	France to England.
Prussia.	Prussia, aged 57, June 15.	time, and resolves to govern without	1806 Birth of William E. Gladstone.	The Queen and Prince Albert visit
1844 Attempted assassination of the Prussian	Convention between Prussia and Austria.	a Farliament, May 27.	Deaths of William Pitt and Charles	France.
King.	1997 Septempate army bill passed March 11.		James Fox.	
1848 Insurrection in Berlin, and revolutionary	1887 Septennate army bill passed March 11. Ecclesiastical bill passed, April 27.	1863 Severe restrictions imposed upon the	1807 Orders in Council against the Berlin	1856 Peace with Russia proclaimed, April 19. War with China (q. v.)
movements throughout Germany.	1888 Death of Emperor William, March 9.	press, June 1.	Decree, Jan. 7.	England at war with Persia.
German National Assembly meets in	Frederick III. becomes Emperor, March	The Crown Prince disavows participa-	The African slave trade abolished,	Herat taken by Persians, Oct. 25.
Frankfort.	11.	tion in the recent action of the min- istry, June 5; decree recalled.	March 25.	English take Bushire, Dec. 10.
1849 The German National Assembly elects	Wilhelm II., Emperor, June 18.		Death of Cardinal Henry Stuart, claim-	
the King of Prussia Emperor of Ger-	1889 Samoan Agreement signed, June 14.	1864 War with Denmark about the Danish	ant of the English Crown.	1857 Beginning of the Indian mutiny (see In-
many, March 28.	1890 Von Caprivi succeeds Bismarck as Chan-	duchies.	1809 Wellesley passes the Duro.	dia).
He declines the honor, and recalls the	cellor, March 19.	Holstein invaded by Prussia.	Battle of Corunna, Jan. 16.	Great commercial panic; it is relieved by the suspension of the Bank Char-
Prussian members of the Assembly.	Heligoland transferred to Germany by	Denmark ports blockaded.	"Quarterly Review" founded.	by the suspension of the Bank Char-
Frankfort Assembly removes to Stutt-	England, Aug. 9.	Denmark forced to give up the duchies,	Impeachment of the Duke of York.	ter Act of 1844. Persian war closed by treaty of Teheran.
gart. Austria protests against alliance of Prus-	1891 The Empress Friedrich visits Paris, Feb.	and make peace.	Walcheren expedition, August.	
sia and smaller German States, 1850.	Rigid passport regulations enforced in	Treaty signed, Oct. 30.	Death of Sir John Moore. Investigation into conduct of Princess	Herat restored.
Treaty between Bavaria, Saxony and	Alsace Lorraine.	1865 Quarrel between the government and the	Caroline.	1858 Marriage of the Princess Royal to Prince ⁵
Wurtemburg, Feb. 27.	Death of Gen. Von Moltke, April 24.	Chamber of Deputies over the army budget.	Birth of C. Darwin; died 1882.	Frederick William of Prussia, Jan. 25. Derby-Disraeli ministry formed, Feb. 26.
Parliament meets at Erfurt.	1893 Princess Margaret, sister of the Em-	The budget being rejected the king pro-	Birth of Alfred Tennyson.	Jewish disabilities removed, July 23.
The German Confederation meets at	peror. weds Prince Charles Frederick	rogues the parliament, and declares	1810 The King declared insane, Nov. 3.	The Conspiracy and Volunteer bills
Frankfort Sept. 2.	of Hesse, Jan. 25.	he will rule without it.	Great financial crisis.	passed.
Frankfort, Sept. 2. Hesse-Cassel invaded by the forces of	Unveiling of the statue of William I.	The King arbitrarily seizes and disposes	Irish agitation for repeal of the union.	The India Bill passed, Aug. 2.
Austria Bavaria and Prussia, Nov. 12.	at Bremen.	of the revenue, July 5.	1811 The Prince of Wales declared Regent.	The government of the East India Com-
1851 Reassembly of Diet of German Confed-	1894 Caprivi resigns the Chancellorship of	Convention of Gastein.	Feb. 5.	pany ceases, Sept. 1.
eration at Frankfort.	the Empire and is succeeded by Prince	Bismarck visits Napoleon III., at Paris.	Suddite riots, Nov.	1859 England declares her neutrality in the
1853 Insurrectionary plot in Berlin discov-	von Hohenlohe.	1866 The Diet demands the surrender of	The Roman Catholic Board formed by	Austro-Italian war.
ered.	1895 Grand celebration by German veterans of	Holstein by Prussia and Austria, which	Daniel O'Connell, Dec. 26.	Derby ministry defeated on the reform
1857 Revision of the German Confederation.	the twenty-fifth anniversaries of Grav-	they refuse.	Birth of William M. Thackeray. Died	bill.
Meeting of an assembly of the German	elotte, Sedan, etc.	Prussian treaty with Belgium.	1863.	Organization of volunteer forces.
Confederation at Frankfort, at the call	Celebration and naval demonstration at	Attempt on Bismarck's life, May 7.	1812 English storm Ciudad, Rodirgo and	Palmerston-Russell ministry formed
of Austria.	Kiel on account of the opening of the	War with Austria and her allies.	Badajos.	June 18.
Troubles in Hesse-Cassel.	great canal connecting the Baltic with	Battle of Sadowa, total defeat of Aus-	Lord Liverpool Premier.	Lord Palmerston resigns and returns.
The elector restored by the Confedera-	the North Sea.	trians.	Assassination of Mr. Percival, the Prime	Lord Stanley Secretary for India.
tion.	1898 Prince Bismarck died, July 30.	Treaty of peace with several German	Minister, by Bellingham, in the House.	1860 Commercial treaty with France.
1859 Bavaria, and other German states, mani- fest a willingness to assist Austria	1905 Great coal strike, Jan.	states and Austria.	Beginning of the second war with the	Peace effected with China, Oct. 24.
against the French in Italy		Formation of the North German Confed-	United States, June 18.	The Prince of Wales visits the United
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	eration, under the leadership of Prus-	Birth of Charles Dickens; died 1870.	States and Canada.
duchics boging		sia.	Birth of Robert Browning.	1861 Death of the Duchess of Kent, the
Federal Diet maintains Hesse-Cassel		Hanover annexed to Prussia.	1814 Peace with France.	Queen's mother.
Constitution against Prussia.		1867 Extraordinary session of the Prussian	Peace with the United States.	Complications with the United States
Holstein-Schleswig dispute with Den-	PRUSSIA.	Diet.	Birth of Charles Reade.	over the seizure of Messrs. Mason and
mark.	FRUJJIA.	First meeting of the new German Parlia-	Treaty of Ghent, Dec. 14.	Slidell, from a British mail steamer by
1861 Death of Frederick William IV.; acces-		ment.	1815 France renews war with the allies.	the U. S. steamer "San Jacinto," Nov.
sion of William I.	1780 Death of Frederick the Great, Aug. 17.	1868 Prussia passes the Rhine navigation	Battle of Waterloo, and final overthrow	8. They are released by the U.S. gov-
National Assembly meets at Heidelberg.	1792 War with France in consequence of the	treaty.	of Napoleon L, June 18.	ernment, Dec. 28.
Attempted assassination of the King.	French revolution.	1870 France declares war against Prussia.	Peace with France.	Death of Albert the Prince Consort, Dec.
1862 The National Assembly, at Berlin, de-	Battle of Valmy, Sept. 20.	Prussia receives the support of German	Insurrection in Tipperary, Ireland.	^{14.}
clares in favor of unification.	Decisive defeat of the Prussian army of	/ States.	Princess Charlotte marries Prince Leo-	The Queen proclaims neutrality in Amer-
Bismarck becomes Prime Minister.	invasion.	France invaded by the German army un-	pold of Saxe-Coburg.	ican war.
	I			

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY.

1877 United States and Canada Fishery Com-mission, at Halifax, award Canada \$5,-500,000.

1878

1879 1880

1881

1885

1886

1889

500,000. The Marquis of Lorne, son-in-law of Queen Victoria, appointed Viceroy,

Queen Victoria, appointed Viceroy, Oct. 14. Fortune Bay outrages. United States pay Fishery award, Nov.

21. Arrival of Marquis of Lorne and Prin-cess Louise, Nov. 25. Industrial Exposition at Ottawa. Earl of Salisbury refuses compensation for Fortune Bay affair; Lord Granville grants it

grants it. \$75,000 award for Fortune Bay outrages.

Bill to construct railroad from Halifax to Buzzard Inlet passed, June 31. Patents issued to Canadian Pacific Rail-

Meeting of the British Association, at Montreal, Aug. 27. Dynamite explosions at Quebec, Oct. 11. Opening conflict at Fish Creek with the half-breed and Indian rebels, under Louis Riel, April 24. Capture, near Batoche, of Louis Riel. Opening of the Canadian Pacific Rail-way.

April. Lord Stanley made Governor, June 11. Weldon Extradition Bill passed, April

way. Resolution against the Coercion Bill passed April 26. 1888 Newfoundland refuses to join Canada,

1895 Working BARTARION DIR passed, April 26.
1890 Toronto University burned, Feb. 14.
1891 Government party sustained at general election, March 6.
General census taken April 5.
1893 Earl of Aberdeen appointed Governor-General, May 11.
1895 School war in Manitoba.

UNITED STATES.

1765 First Medical College established in Phil-

adelphia. The Stamp Act passed, in England, March 22.

Virginia resolutions against right of tax-

Virginia resolutions against right of tax-ation, May 29. A congress of the colonies proposed by Massachusetts, June 26. Congress of 27 delegates meet at New York and publish a declaration of the rights and rules against the Stamp

rights and rules against the Stamp Act, Oct. 7.
Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Delaware and Maryland unite in resisting Stamp Act, November.
1766 Dr. Franklin visits England, and is ex-amined before the House of Commons, in February.
Stamp Act repealed, March 18.
Stage route between Providence and Bos-ton established.
Philip Embury and Captain Webb first introduce Methodism in America.
1767 An obnoxious tax imposed on paper, glass, tea and painters' colors imported by the colonies.
Colonies adopt a non-importation agree-ment.

Mason and Dixon, sent out by the heirs of Wm. Penn and Lord Baltimore, run a line to define the boundaries of their possessions. It afterwards became the acknowledged line between the free and playagetates

acknowledged line between the free and slave states.
1768 Meeting of a convention of delegates called by Massachusetts, at Fanuel Hall, Boston.
A military force stationed in Boston by the British government under General Gates.
1769 The Governor of Virginia dissolves the House of Burgess.
The assembly of North Carolina dissolved by the Governor.
Goods sent to Boston from Great Britain refused and sent back.
First paper mill erected at Milton.
1770 Boston massacre, March 5; British soldiers kill three and wound four citizens.

diers kill three and wound four citizens.
Repeal of the duties on tea.
1771 Insurrection in North Carolina against the government officers by regulators; rebellion suppressed, May 16, by Governor Tryon and six regulators hanged.
1772 The British man-of-war Gaspee burned in Narragansett Bay by Americans from Providence.
1773 First American Methodist Conference, consisting of ten ministers, all of foreign birth.
Blind Asylum established at Williamsburgh, Va., the first in America. The cargoes of the tea-ships in Boston thrown into the harbor by masked men, Dec. 16.
1774 Boston Port Bill deprives Boston of its port rights. March 25.

way Company, Feb. 16. 1883 The Marquis of Lansdowne appointed Governor-General, May 21. Sir John Hawley Glover appointed Gov-

ernor of Newfoundland 1884 Meeting of the British Association, at

1862 Great distress in the cotton manufactur-ing districts in consequence of the civil war in America. Confederate "Alabama" sails from Eng-

- Confederate "Alabama" sails from England.
 Second international exhibition, May 1.
 Marriage of Princess Alice to Louis of Hesse, July 1.
 Prince Alfred declines the throne of Greece, Oct. 23.
 Serious riots in Ireland.
 1863 Continued distress in cotton districts.
 Marriage of the Prince of Wales to Princess Alexandra, of Denmark, March 10.
 1864 Birth of a son to the Prince of Wales.
 Visit of Garibaldi.
 The lonian Islands ceded to Greece.
 Powers as to Confederate privateers discussed.
 European Conference, at London, on the
- discussed.
 European Conference, at London, on the Schleswig-Holstein question.
 1865 Cattle plague in England and Ireland.
 Fenian troubles in Ireland; arrest of James Stephens, "Head Center," Nov. 11; escape of Stephens, Nov. 24.
 Russell-Gladstone ministry.
 Death of Richard Cobden, April 2.
 Death of Richard Cobden, April 2.
 Important commercial treaty with Aus-tria, Dec. 16.
- tria, Dec. 16. 1866 Defeat of Lord Russell's reform bill, June 18.
 - June 18. Resignation of Russell ministry, June 26. Derby forms his third cabinet, July 6. Cattle plague continues, causing great
- loss. Princess Helena marries Prince Chris-tian of Schleswig-Holstein, July 5. Atlantic cable pronounced a success. Habeas Corpus suspended in Ireland. Fenian invasion of Canada. 1867
- Fenian invasion of Canada. New reform act passed. War with Abyssinia begins, caused by imprisonment of British subjects. Sir Robert Napier commands expedition. Fenian outbreaks in Ireland. Disraeli's reform bill. The Dominion of Canada formed. Derby ministry resigns, Feb. 25. Disraeli forms new ministry, Feb. 25. Gladstone's bill for Disestablishment of Irish Church passes the House, April 30. Scotch and Irish reform acts passed, 1868
 - Scotch and Irish reform acts passed.
 - July 13. Dissolution of Parliament, Dec. 10. Resignation of Disraeli ministry. Gladstone forms new ministry, Dec. 9. Successful termination of the Abyssinian
- war. The suicide of Theodore, King of Abys-sinia, April 13. 1869 Convention on "Alabama Claims" signed; it is rejected by the United States.
- Signed, it is rejected by the clinest States. Earl Spencer appointed Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland. Irish Church bill receives the royal as-sent, July 26. Death of the Earl of Derby, Oct. 23. Measures adopted for the spread of pri-mary education. Land bill of Ireland receives royal as-sent. July 8.
- 1870

 - Land bill of freiand receives royal as-sent, July 8. Education bill. Neutrality in France. Prussian war proclaimed, July 19. Neutrality of Belgium guaranteed, Aug.
 - 11. Resignation of John Bright, Dec. 20. Death of the Earl of Clarendon, June 26. Princess Louise marries the Marquis of Lorne, March 20.
- 1871
 - Princess Louise marries the Marquis of Lorne, March 20. Black Sea Conference, March 13. Treaty with the United States regarding Alabama claims, May 8. The Irish Church Disestablishment bill
 - goes into effect. Meeting of the Alabama Claims Com-mission at Geneva. University tests abolished; army pur-chase abolished.
 - chase abolished. The Ballot Act passed. Serious illness of the Prince of Wales. Scott centenary at Edinburgh. Great riots in Dublin. Supplemental treaty with the United States concerning Alabama claims, Feb? 3. A national thanksgiving for percentage of
- 1872
 - Feb.⁵ 3. A national thanksgiving for recovery of the Prince of Wales, Feb. 27. O'Connor threatens the Queen, Feb. 29. Settlement of the Alabama claims, Sept.
 - 14. Scotch educational bill. Commercial treaty with France, Nov. 5. Serious riots in Belfast. Abolition of tests in the Irish Universi-
- 1873

 - Automation of the Geneva award. Death of Lord Lytton, Jan. 18. Defeat of the Dublin University bill. Resignation of the Gladisone ministry, March 13; ministry resumes office, March 17. The Shah of Persia visits England. Passage of the Judicature bill, Aug. 5. War with the Ashantees; Sir Garnet Wolseley placed in command. Irish educational bill fails.
- Wolseley placed in command.
 1874 Irish educational bill fails.
 Marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to Marie Alexandrovna of Russia, Jan. 23.
 Celebrated Tichborne trial, Feb. 28.
 Defeat of Ashantees, Jan. 31, and treaty of peace signed, Feb. 13.
 Disraeli becomes Prime Minister.
 1875 Reopening of the Eastern question. The Prince of Wales visits India. France passes the English Channel Tun-nel bill.
 1876 Great revival under Moody and Sankey.

 - Great revival under Moody and Sankey.
 - Great revival under Moody and Sankey. England purchases the Suez canal. O'Conneil centenary in Ireland. Queen of England proclaimed Empress of India, March 1. Bulgarian atrocities produce intense ex-citement in England. Defeat of "Home Rule" for Ireland.

- 1880 Continued fighting in Afghan; Shere Ali made Governor of Candahar; Yakoob Khan attacks Candahar and repulses Gen. Burrows, July 27; sortie from Can-dahar fails, Aug. 16; Gen. Roberts re-lieves Candahar, Aug. 31; defeats Yakoob Khan, Sept. 1.
 Resignation of the Beaconsfield Minis-try, April 22; Gladstone forms a new ministry, April 29.
 Compensation for Disturbance Bill re-jected.
 Lord Montmorris shot, Sept. 25. "Boycotting" practiced.

 - "Boycotting" practiced. Arrest of Parnell, Healy and others on
- charge of conspiracy to prevent pay-ment of rent. Duke of Argyle resigns from cabinet, 1881
- April 8. Death of Lord Beaconsfield. Lord Salisbury the Conservative Leader. Bradlaugh excluded from House of Com-
- mons. Coercion Act for Ireland passed, March

- 1882
- Coercion Act for Ireland passed, March 21. Irish Land Bill passed, Aug. 16. Yakoob Khan routs the Ameer and en-ters Candahar. Parnell arrested under Coercion Act, Oct. 13. Land League declared illegal, Oct. 20. Yakoob Khan defeated by the Ameer, Sept. 22. Agrarian outrages in Ireland. Attempt on the Queen's life by McLean, March 2. State trial of McLean, who is adjudged insane. Prince Leopold married to Princess Helinsane. Prince Leopold married to Princess Hel-ena of Waldeck, April 27. Earl Spencer appointed Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland. Lord Frederick Course
- of Ireland. Lord Frederick Cavendish appointed Chief Secretary of Ireland. Lord Cavendish and Mr. Burke, Under Secretary, assassinated, in Dublin, May 6.
- may b. tto Trevelyan succeeds Lord Cavendish. he Repression of Crime bill passed, July 11. Otto
- John Bright resigns, July 15, as a mem-ber of Gladstone's Cabinet, owing to
- ber of Gladstone's Cabinet, owing to Egyptian policy. The "Cloture" bill passed, permitting closing of debate by majority vote. Fiftieth anniversary of Gladstone's entry into public life, Dec. 13. Prayers offered in the Mosques of Cairo for the Queen Dec. 13.
- 1883
- Prayers offered in the Mosques of Cairo for the Queen, Dec. 13.
 Fire in Hampton Court Palace, Dec. 14.
 Arrears of Rent bill passed.
 Married woman's property assessed.
 Anglo-Turkish Military Convention informally signed, Sept. 6.
 War in Egypt (q. v.)
 The assassins of Mr. Burke and Lord Cavendish identified, Feb. 10.
 Opening of the Royal College of Music, May 1.
 The Marquis of Lansdowne appointed Governor-General of Canada.
 New Parcel Post first in operation, Aug. 1.
- 1. Annexation of territory on African west coast proclaimed, Aug. 23. Surrender of Cetewayo to the British residents, Oct. 6. Sir J. H. Glover appointed Governor of Newfoundland, Dec. 19. New Patents Act goes into operation, Jan. 1.
- 1884 Jan. 1. Departure of Gen. Gordon for Egypt, Jan. 18.
- Jan. 18. The Queen visits Darmstadt, April 16. Death of Prince Leopold, Duke of Al-bany, March 28, aged 29. Monster reform demonstration in Lon-don, July 21. Jubilee of the abolition of slavery cele-brated in London, Aug. 1. Serious anti-Salvation riots, at Worthing, Aug. 17.

- Aug. 7. Earl of Dufferin appointed to the Vice-Royalty of India, Sept. 10. Greenwich adopted as the universal prime meridian, Oct. 13. Portuguese fire upon the British ship Tyburnia, at Madeira, Dec. 3. Anti-Mormon riot in Sheffield, Dec. 7. Attempt to blow up London Bridge, Dec. 13.
- Lord Rea appointed Governor of Bombay,
- Dec. 13. 1885 Attempt to blow up the House of Com-mons, Westminster Hall and Tower of London, Jan. 24. The fall of Khartoum, and death of Gor-
- The fall of Khartoum, and death of Gor-don, Jan. 26. Opening of the Mersey tunnel, Feb. 13. The reserve forces and militia forces called out, March 26. The revised Bible published, May 18. Princess Beatrice marries Prince Henry, of Battenburg, July 23. Death of Sir Moses Montefiore, aged 101, July 28. Grant memorial services at Westmin-
- July 28. 1885 Grant memorial services at Westmin-ster, Aug. 4. 1886 Parnell's land bill defeated, Sept. 21. 1887 Queen's Jubilee inaugurated, June 21. Irish Crimes Bill passed, July 8. Irish National League proclaimed, Aug.
- 1888 First White Chapel murder, April 2.
- I S. Fishery Commission treaty signed.
 1889 Marriage of Princess Louise of Wales, July 27.
 1890 Rejection of overtures from the Pope, Aug. 11
- Aug. 11. Split in the Irish Parliamentary Party, Dec. 6. 1891 Newfoundland fishery dispute, March-
 - May. . S. World's Fair invitation accepted, υ.
- May. May. 1893 Battleship "Victoria" sunk by the "Camperdown," off the Syrian coast, 400 men perished. Princess married Princess

- 1812 Americans carry Queenstown Heights. Death of General Brock.
 1813 Americans defeated at Frenchtown. Capture of Toronto, April 27, and Fort George, May 27, by the Americans. Defeat of the British at Sacketts Harbor, May 29. 1808 Gov. Bligh deposed for tyranny and sent home; succeeded by Mac Quarrie.
 1817-'23 Explorations into the interior of Aus-tralia, by Wentworth, Lawson, Blox-and, Oxley and others.
 1826 Settlement of King George's Sound formed.

 - 1826 Settlement of King George's Sound formed.
 1828 South Australia explored by Stuart.
 1829 West Australia made a province; a Legislative Council established and Capt. Sterling appointed Lieutenant-Governor.
 1820 Stuart further explores South Australia.
 Fifty ships, with 2,000 emigrants, arrive 'in Western Australia.
 1831 East Australia explored by Sir T. Mitchell.
 1834 Boundaries of the province of South Australia fixed.

May 29.

June 6.

death of Tecumseh.

of Lower Canada.

Victory of Americans at Stony Creek.

June 6. Indecisive battle of Williamsburg, Nov. 7. Commodore Perry's victory on Lake Erie. Capture of English squadron. Defeat of Proctor at the Thames, and

death of Techniseh.
1814 United States troops successful at battle of Longwood, March 4.
Defeat of the British at Chippewa, July

25.
Battle of Lundy's Lane.
Naval battle on Lake Champlain.
Treaty of Ghent closes the war.
1816 Sir George Sherbroke becomes Governor of Lower Canada.
1817 Political agitation in Upper Canada.
Career of Robert Gourlay.
1818 Duke of Richmond appointed Governor of Lower Canada.

of Lower Canada. 1822 Antagonism between the French and English inhabitants of Lower Canada. 1824 Welland Canal incorporated. First agitation against the Orangemen. 1825 Agitation in Upper Canada on the alien

1826 Mackenzie's printing office destroyed by a mob.
a mob.
Petition against misuse of revenues.
First agitation for a responsible government in Upper Canada.
Lord Aylmer becomes Governor of Low-

er Canada. 1832 Imperial duties surrendered to the Cana-

1632 Imperiate duties sintendered to the canary dian Assembly.
1835 The Pupinean party aim at a total separation from Great Britain.
1836 First Canadian railway opened. House of Assembly refuse supplies.
1837 Coercive measure of the British Parlia-

House of Assembly refuse supplies.
1837 Coercive measure of the British Parliament.
House of Assembly of Lower Canada refuses to transact business.
"Sons of Liberty" rise in Montreal.
Commercial crisis in Canada and the United States.
Troops withdrawn from Upper Canada.
Rebellion in Upper Canada begins.
Attempt the capture of Toronto, Dec. 4.
Totally defeated by St. Eustace, Dec. 14.
Rebels receive aid from sympathizers in the United States.
Affair of the "Caroline."
1838 Sir John Colborne appointed Governor, Jan. 16.
Affairs of the "Anne" and the "Sir Robert Peel."
End of the rebellion in Upper Canada.
Resignation of Sir Francis Head, who is succeeded by Lord Durham.
1839 Union of Upper and Lower Canada.
Lord Sydenham appointed Governor.
1840 Settlement of the clergy reserves question.
Responsible government established.

tion.
Responsible government established.
Death of Lord Sydenham.
Charles, P. Thompson Governor.
1843 Sir Charles Metalf appointed Governor.
1844 Government removed from Kingston to Montreal.
1845 Great fire in Quebec.
1847 Earl Cathcart Governor.
Lord Elgin Governor-General, October.
Agitation over the Rebellion Losses bill.
1848 Continued agitation over the Rebellion

Losses bill. 1849 Annexation to the United States advo-cated by the opposition. Great riots in Montreal. Destruction of Parliament House, April

Attack on Lord Elgin. Subsidence of the agitation. Reciprocity with United States urged. Construction of new rallways. Cheaper postage rates introduced. Great fire at Montreal. Covernment removed to Ouchoo

1852 Great fire at Montreal. Government removed to Quebec.
1853 Clergy reserves abolished by English Parliament, May 9.
1854 Close of Lord Elgin's administration. Prosperous condition of Canada. Treaty with the United States, June 7.
1855 Sir Edmund W. Head Governor-General.
1856 Sir John A. Macdonald, the Attorney-General, becomes leader of the Con-servatives.

General, becomes leader of the Con-servatives. Opening of railway from Quebec to To-ronto, Nov. 12. The first railway accident in Canada. Quebec made the seat of government. **1857 Stringency** in the money market caused by the mutiny in India. 1858 Ottawa, formerly Bytown, made the seat of the provincial government by Queen Victoria; the opposition defeat this scheme.

Losses bill

Attack on Lord Elgin.

26.

 $1850 \\ 1851$

1852

sponsible government established.

- Boundaries of the province of South Australia fixed.
 First Roman Catholic bishop arrives. Port Phillip, now Victoria, colonized.
 South Australia a province. Arrival of first Church of England Bish-or.
- Adelaide founded. Eyre's expedition overland from Adelaide to King George's Sound. Melbourne founded. Explorations of Capt. Gray in northwest
- 1838
- Australia. 1839 New South Wales and Tasmania explored
- by Count Stizelecki. Alleged discovery of gold in Bathurst kept secret by Gov. Gipps.
- Anegea anscovery of gold in Bathurst kept secret by Gov. Gipps. Suspension of transportation. 1840 Eyre explores West Australia. Stizelecki explores the Australian Alps. 1841 Census, 87,200 males; 43,700 females. 1842 Incorporation of the City of Sydney. Discovery of the Burra-Burra copper mines, in South Australia. 1844-48 Explorations of Leichhardt, Stuart, Mitchell, Gregory and Kennedy. 1846 Fitzroy made Governor-General. Census, 114,700 males; 74,800 females. 1847 Bishopric of Adelaide founded. 1848 Leichhardt starts on second exploration; party never heard of again. Kennedy killed by natives. Gregory explores the interior. 1849 Great agitation against transportation. 1850 Port Philip erected into the province of Victoria.

Victoria. Gold discovered, near Bathurst, by Ed-

regions. Sir William Dennison appointed Gover-

1514 Winlam Definition appointed cover nor-General.
 1555 Gregory's expedition into the interior.
 1582-62 J. McDonald Stuart's expeditions.
 Death of Archdeacon Cowper, after near-ly fifty years' residence, aged 80.
 1859 Province of Queensland established, Dec.

1860 Burke and Willis and two others cross

Wales. 1861 Stuart and M'Kinlay cross from sea to

sea. 1863 Recovery of the remains of Burke and Willis. 1864 General resistance throughout the prov-inces against transportation.

Willis.
B64 General resistance throughout the provinces against transportation.
B65 Death of Morgan, a desperate bush-ranger and murderer.
Cessation of transportation to Australia in three years announced.
Settlement of boundary between New South Wales and Victoria, April 19.
Population of Australia, natives exclud-ed, 1,298,667.
Meeting of Convention from Colonies at Melbourne, to arrange postal communi-cation with Europe.
B71 Delegates from the Colonies meet to pro-test against imperial interference with their mutual fiscal arrangements, Sept. 27.

1872 Telegraphic communication with Eng-18/2 Telegipino or analysis
 1 and.
 Synod of the Church of Australia and Tasmania held at Sydney, Oct. 25.
 1876 Willshire explores Daly and Victoria riv-

ers. 1879 International Exhibition at Sydney opened Sept. 17. 1880 Melbourne Exhibition opened Oct. 1.

appened Sept. 17.
appened Sept. 17.
Melbourne Exhibition opened Oct. 1.
Tahiti annexed to France.
The Queensland government authorizes the construction of the trans-continental railway, to bring the colonies within thirty days of England.
Railroad completed from Sydney to Mur-ray River, connecting with Melbourne. Inter-colonial conference at Sydney to consider federal action.
Majority vote in favor of a tariff com-mission and the establishment of an Australian Court of Appeal.
Terrible mining accident at Creswick Talbot, Victoria, Dec. 14.
Onefederation of the colonies and an-nexation of Papua, New Guinea.
Opening of the New University of South Wales and Monmouthshire, Oct. 24.
Fire in Sydney causing a loss of \$7,500,-000, Oct. 2.
Federation Convention draft a Constitu-tion for the Commonwealth of Aus-tralia, April 3.
Great panic in duesnad, property and life lost.
Great panic in the money market; many banks and business houses fail.

surke and Willis and two others cross the continent, starting from Melbourne Aug. 20; all perish on the return, next year, except John King. ir John Young, Governor of New South Wales.

ward Hargreaves; intense excitement in the provinces; great rush to the gold

1851

1854

Death of Lord Lytton, Jan. 18.	The revised Bible published, May 18.	consider federal action.	of the provincial government by Queen	rebellion suppressed, May 16, by Gov-
Defeat of the Dublin University bill. Resignation of the Gladstone ministry,	Princess Beatrice marries rince menty,	as in the fatter of a fatter of a fatter (U)	Victoria; the opposition defeat this	ernor Tryon and six regulators hanged.
March 13; March 17. Durit visits England		mission and the establishment of an	scheme. 1860 Visit of the Prince of Wales to Canada.	1772 The British man-of-war Gaspee burned in Narragansett Bay by Americans
March 17.	Death of Sir Moses Montefiore, aged 101,	Australian Court of Appeal. 1882 Terrible mining accident at Creswick	1860 Visit of the Prince of Wales to Canada. 1861 Great fire in Quebec, June 7.	from Providence.
	July 28. 1885 Grant memorial services at Westmin-		Commencement of the civil war in the	1773 First American Methodist Conference,
	stor Allor 4	1883 Confederation of the colonies and an- nexation of Papua, New Guinea.	United States; fears of hostilities with	consisting of ten ministers, all of for-
War with the Ashantees; Sir Garnet	toog Dame ive land bill defeated Sent. 21.	nexation of Papua, New Guinea.	that nation.	eign hirth
Wolseley placed in command.	1887 Queen's Jubilee inaugurated, June 21.	I Ononing of the New University of Bouten	Lord Monck made Governor-General,	Blind Asylum established at Williams-
1874 Irish educational bill fails. Marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to		Wolog and Monmonthenire, UCL 24,	Nov. 28.	burgh, Va., the first in America.
Marriage of the Duke of Russia, Jan. 23.	Irish National League proclaimed, Aug.	1885 New South Wales contingent leaves Syd-	British troops sent to Canada on account of "Trent" affair.	The cargoes of the tea-ships in Boston thrown into the harbor by masked men,
	19	ney for the Soudan, March 3. 1890 Fire in Sydney causing a loss of \$7,500,-	Resignation of ministry; Macdonald	Dec 16
Celebrated Tichborne trial, Feb. 20. Defeat of Ashantees, Jan. 31, and treaty of peace signed, Feb. 13.	1888 First White Chapel murder, April 2. U. S. Fishery Commission treaty signed.		forms a new cabinet.	1774 Boston Port Bill deprives Boston of its
of peace signed, Feb. 13.	1889 Marriage of Princess Louise of Wales,	1 1001 . Tedoration Convention draft a Constitu-	1000 Dooth of Sir Allan M'Nan.	nort rights March 25.
		tion for the Commonwearth of Aus-	1864 Delegates assemble at Quebec to discuss	Meeting of the First Continental or Sec-
1875 Reopening of the Eastern question.	1890 Rejection of overtures from the Pope,	instead April 2	confederation of American colonies,	ond Colonial Congress, at Philadelphia,
The Prince of Wales visits India. France passes the English Channel Tun-		1893 Serious floods in Queensland, property	Oct. 10. Confederate refugees make a raid from	Sept. 5. Congress issues a Declaration of Rights,
nel bill.	Split in the Irish Parliamentary Party,		Canada on St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 19;	Nov. 4.
1876 Great revival under Moody and Sankey.	Dec. 6. 1891 Newfoundland fishery dispute, March-	1895 Great panic in the money market; many banks and business houses fail.	Canadians arrest them upon their re-	1775 Commencement of the Revolutionary
England purchases the Suez canal.		Danks and Dusiness nouses faith	turn followed by their discharge. Dec.	War.
1 Oldenmoll contonery in [relation	May. U. S. World's Fair invitation accepted,		14. Conoral Dix proclaims reprisals;	Battle of Lexington, April 19; British
Queen of England proclaimed Empress	May.		ardor rescinded by President Lillicolli.	retreat.
	1893 Battleship "Victoria" sunk by the		1865 Parliament agrees to a confederation.	Perpetual Union of the Colonies formed,
Bulgarian atrocities produce intense ex-	"Camperdown," off the Syrian coast,		Great fire at Quebec. Canada Parliament vote £50,000 for de-	May 20. General Washington Commander-in-
citement in England. Defeat of "Home Rule" for Ireland.	May. 1893 Battleship "Victoria" sunk by the "Camperdown," off the Syrian coast, 400 men perished. The Duke of York married Princess		fense of the Dominion, March 23.	Chief of the Continental forces, June
Disraeli raised to the peerage as the	The Duke of Tork married		Canada consents to union of the prov-	15.
Tranl of Docconstield	Mary of Teck, July 0. Manahastor Ship Canal opened, Dec. 7.		incos April 1	Americans under Ethan Allen take Ti-
England takes part in the Eastern quos-	Mary of Teck, July 5. Manchester Ship Canal opened, Dec. 7. 1895 Defeat of the Liberal party and fall		1866 First Parliament of the Dominion meets	conderoge May 10
1 tion		CANADA.	i of Offawa Time 7	Generals Howe, Clinton and Burgoyne
1877 Great Britain expresses her disapproval	ceeded by the Earl of Salisbury and a	VANADA	Discovery of gold in Hastings County,	arrive from England. Defeat of the Americans at Bunker Hill,
of the Russo-Turkish war, but decides	now Radical Cabinet.	and The 11-1 Channe Ast accorded by Canadian	November. Termination of the Reciprocity Treaty	i ofter stubbern resistance dune 17.
to remain neutral. Duke of Marlborough made Lord-Lieu-	1899 Beginning of Boer War in So. Africa,	1767 English Stamp Act accepted by Canadian Provinces.	with the United States.	Washington assumes command at Cam-
	Oct. 11.	1768 Sir Guy Carleton Governor.	Fenian invasion threatened.	hridge July 3.
Rejection of Gladstone's resolutions in	1901 Queen Victoria Died, Jan. 22. King Edward VII. ascends throne.	Croot fire in Montreal	Fenians under O'Neill, cross into Can-	Continental Fast Day, July 20. Falmouth burned by the British, Oct. 17.
	1902 Boer War, in South Africa, ended in May.	1774 Roman Catholic citizens of Canada con-	ada: Canadian volunteers drive them	Falmouth burned by the British, Oct. 17.
1070 Duration odwance on Constantinople pro-	1005 Dost Office began to receive messages IOF		back and disperse them.	Generals Montgomery and Arnold invade
	wireless transmission to ships at sea,	property. 1775 Legislative council of 23 members ap-	Habeas Corpus suspended. Mr. Galt's new tariff.	Canada; capture of St. John, Nov. 3; of Montreal, Nov. 12. Repulse of Ar- nold at Quebec, Nov. 14; second and Montroup.
Several changes in the ministry. Earl of Leitrim shot in Ireland.	Jan. 1.	pointed.	1867 Formation of the Dominion of Canada	rold at Quebec, Nov. 14: second and
Earl of Leitrim shot in freiand.	ALICTOALIA	Commencement of the American War of	by the confederation of Canada, New	joint assault defeated and Montgom-
Beaconsfield and Salisbury represent England in the Berlin Conference.	AUSTRALIA.	Independence.	Brunswick and Nova Scotia, March 29.	and Irillod Dec 31
Great commercial depression in England.		Invasion of Canada by the Americans,	Lord Monck appointed Viceroy, July 2.	1776 Destruction of Norfolk by the British,
	1770 Captain Cook, Sir Joseph Banks and oth-	under Montgomery and B. Arnold.	Canadian Railway Loan act passed, April	Jan. 1.
General Roberts' victory at Piewas Pass,	ers land at Botany Bay and name the	Fort St. John taken by Montgomery,	12. 1868 Sir John Young becomes Governor-Gen-	Boston evacuated by the British in con-
Dec. 2. Jellalabad occupied by the British, Dec.	country New South Wales, April 28. 1773 Explorations of Furneaux.	Nov. 3. Montreal captured, Nov. 12.	aral Nov. 27.	sequence of the Americans having tak- en possession of Dorchester Heights,
	1773 Explorations of Furneaux. 1774 Capt. Cook explores Australia and New	Arnold's attack on Quebec repulsed,	1869 Hudson Bay territories purchased for	which commanded the harbor, March
20. 1879 Yakoob Khan recognized as Ameer of Pritish	7 Zooland	1 Nov. 14.	1 - C 300 000	17
	1777 Capt. Cook makes a third voyage of ex-	Arnold and Montgomery attack Quebec,	1870 Second Fenian raid repelled by militia; the leader, O'Neill, captured by United	Washington arrives at New York, April
	ploration.	December 31.	States troops.	14. Declaration of Independence, July 4.
	1788 First landing of English convicts at Port	Failure of attack and death of Mont- gomery.	Manitoba, formerly Rupert's Land,	Commissioners sent by Congress to solicit
	Jackson. Phillips, first Governor, founds Sydney,	1776 The Americans retreat from Canada,	formed and becomes a part of the Do-	a treaty with the French.
Sept. 38; Gen. Roberts Reaced States, Sept. 28; addication of Yakoob Khan, Oct. 19; British defeat Afghans at	with 1,039 persons, Jan. 26.	June 18.	minion of Canada.	Battle of Flathush or Brooklyn, on
	1 1700 209 Woware of Bligh	' 1794 Sottlement of Honer Canada.	Prince Alfred visits Canada.	Long Island; Howe (loss 400) defeats
I douth Africo war British froms	1790 Distress, owing to the loss of the store-	1791 Canada is given a constitution, and is	1871 British Columbia joins the Dominion of	the American generals, Putnam and Sullivan (loss 2,000), Aug. 27.
enter Zululaliu, Jali, 12, massaoro or	shin "Guardian."	divided into upper and lower prov-	Canada. Discussion of the Fisheries question.	New York evacuated by the Americans
Isandula, Jan. 22.	1793 First house for Public Worship erected.	inces. 1792 First House of Assembly opened.	1872 Prince Edward's Island becomes a part	and occupied by the British, Sept. 15.
Tratement of Kamphilla March 29, Prince	1795 First publication of Government Ga-	1794 Toronto made the capital of Upper Can-	of the Dominion of Canada.	and occupied by the British, Sept. 15. Battle of White Plains; Howe (loss 300
Louis Napoleon, son of Emperor Napol-	zette. 1798 Bass' Straits discovered, by Bass and	ada.	Earl of Dufferin becomes Governor-Gen-	or 400) defeats Washington (loss 300
	Flinders.	1803 Slavery abolished in Canada.	eral.	or 400). Oct 28.
	1800-'05 Explorations and surveys of the coast	1812 Second war between the United States	1873 Macdonald's ministry charged with cor-	Battle of Lake Champlain; capture of
Zulu king, Cetewayo, July 4; capture of	of Australia, by Grant and Flinders.	and Great Britain.	ruption, and forced to resign; new	i the American fleet. Oct. 11-13.
	1802 First brick church built.	Capture of Detroit by the British, Aug.	ministry formed by Mackenzie. 1875 Rejection of Reciprocity Treaty by United	Fort Washington capitulates, Nov. 16. English occupy Rhode Island.
	1803 Van Dieman's Land, now Tasmania, established; first settlement made at	15. Surrender of General Wordsworth, Oct.	States.	Washington retreats beyond the Dela-
Parnell visits the United States in De-	Port Philip.	14.	1876 Destruction of St. Hyacinthe by fire,	ware. Nov. 28.
half of the Land League. Anti-rent agitation in Ireland.	1804 Insurrection of Irish convicts repressed.	Van Rensselear capitulates, Nov. 27.	Sept. 3.	Congress adjourns to Baltimore, Dec. 12.
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ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY.				
1776 Battle of Trenton; Washington (loss 9) defeats Rahl and his Hessians (loss	1807 The first coast survey ordered by Con- gress.	their leader, Gen. Packenham, by Gen. Jackson, Jan. 8.	1832 Morse invents electric magnet telegraph. Cholera in New York, 3,400 deaths. Fairbank's Scale first patented.	1846 Gen. Kearney takes possession of New Mexico, Aug. 18. Commodore Stockton blockades Mexican
1,000), Dec. 26. 1777 Battle of Princeton; Washington (loss	Importation of slaves forbidden by Con- gress.	Capture of the frigate "President" by the British squadron, Jan. 15. Treaty of Ghent ratified by the Senate,	1833 The President removes the public de- posits from the Bank of the United	ports on Pacific coast. Monterey taken by Gen. Taylor, Sept. 24.
100) defeats Mawhood (loss 400). Battle of Bennington, Vt.; Stark (loss	Ell Terry manufactures first wooden clocks.	Feb. 17.	States. President Jackson begins his second	Eight days' armistice granted. California expedition, under Stephenson,
100) defeats Baum and Bremen (loss 600).	Fulton's first successful steamboat. 1808 Abolition of the slave trade, Jan. 1.	"Constitution" captures the "Cyane" and "Levant," Feb. 20. War declared with Algiers.	term, March 4. The Southern States hold a states-right	sails from New York, Sept. 26. Tobasco, Mexico, bombarded by Perry,
Battle of Brandywine; Howe (loss 500) defeats Washington (loss 1,000), Sept. 11.	France orders the seizure and confisca- tion of American vessels. First printing office west of the Miss-	The "Penguin" captured by the "Hor- net," March 23.	Convention. Clay's Compromise Tariff law passed.	Oct. 25. Tampico taken by Gen. Conner, Nov. 14. Kearney defeats Mexicans at San Pas-
Arrival of Lafayette, who is made a Major-General in Continental Army.	issippi, established at St. Louis. First Bible Society founded, in Philadel	Commodore Decatur sent against Algiers. Decatur captures Algerine frigate, June	Gayler invents first practical safe. Death of John Randolph, May 24. Removal of several Indian tribes west	qual, Dec. 6. Col. Doniphan defeats Mexicans at Bra-
Philadelphia occupied by the British, Sept. 27.	phia.	17. Hunt first manufactures axes.	of the Mississippi. Hoe's double-cylinder printing-press con-	zito, Dec. 25. Gen. Taylor relieved by Gen. Scott.
Battle of Germantown; Howe (loss 600) defeats Washington (loss 1,200), Oct.	1809 First woolen mills started, in New York. Embargo repealed, March 1. James Madison President.	Terrific gale and fiood in New England, Sept. 23. 1816 Indiana admitted as a State.	structed. First successful reaper patented.	The Mormons driven from Nauvoo, Ill. Iowa admitted as a State.
3-4. Second battle, near Stillwater; Gen.	Intercourse between France and Eng- land forbidden.	Second United States bank chartered. Steam first applied to paper making.	Ericsson invents the caloric engine. 1834 Congress passes a vote of censure against	1847 Kearney victorious at San Gabriel and Mesa, Cal., Jan. 8, 9.
Gates (loss 350) defeats Burgoyne (loss 600), Oct. 7. Surrender of Burgoyne, at Saratoga, with	1810 132 confiscated American vessels sold by Napoleon.	Election of James Monroe, President. Mrs. Emma Willard opens her girls'	the President for removing bank de- posite: subsequently expunged.	Mexican Congress resolves to raise loan of \$15,000,000 on property of the clergy,
5,752 men, to Gates, Oct. 17. Articles of Confederation adopted by Con-	First manufacture of steel pens begun. First agricultural fair, held at George-	school at Troy. This was known as the year without a	Lucifer matches first made. Walter Hunt invents first sewing ma-	Jan. 8. Revolt of Mexicans in New Mexico against United States, Jan. 14.
gress, Nov. 15. American independence recognized by	town. Porcelain clay discovered in Vermont. Hartford Fire Insurance Company incor-	summer. 1817 Illinois admitted into the UiBion.	chine, but fails to perfect and patent. Dr. Howe invents raised alphabet for	Defeat of insurgents at Canada, New Mexico, Jan. 24.
France, Dec. 16. 1778 Treaty with France concluded, Feb. 6.	porated.	Pensions granted revolutionary soldiers. Jackson subdues Indians in Georgia and	use of the blind. 1835 Great fire in New York.	Battle of Buena Vista, Feb. 23; Taylor defeats Santa Anna.
Philadelphia evacuated by the British, June 18.	1811 Engagement between U. S. frigate "President," and British sloop, "Little Belt."	Alabama. Erie Canal commenced. Mississippi admitted into the Union.	Congress establishes branch mints in Georgia, North Carolina, and Louisi- ana.	Battle of Sacramento; defeat of Mex- icans, Feb. 28.
Battle of Monmouth; Washington (loss 230) defeats Clinton (loss 400), June 26.	Depredations on American vessels by France and England.	Harper Bros. publishing house founded. Clymer invents Columbian printing	Government purchase Cherokee bonds for \$5,200,000.	Gen. Kearney declares California a part of the United States, March 1.
Massacre of Wyoming Valley, July 3. Count d'Estaing, with twelve ships of the line, six frigates, and French	Stevens devises plan for plating vessels. First manufacture of screws by ma-	press. New England Deaf and Dumb Asylum	New York Herald established by Ben-	Vera Cruz taken by army and navy, March 28.
troops, arrives.	chinery. Battle of Tippecanoe; Gen. Harrison de-	founded. 1818 Foundation of the new Capitol laid, at	Death of Chief Justice Marshall, July 6. Roger Brooks Taney, appointed Chief	Alvarado capitulates, April 2. Battle of Cerro Gordo, April 8; Scott defeats Mexicans; also at Contreras,
Battle on Rhode Island; Sullivan (loss 211) defeats Pigot (loss 260), Aug. 29. Americans retreat from Rhode Island,	feats Tecumseh, Nov. 7. Reparation made by the British for the attack on the "Chesapeake."	Washington, Aug. 24. Pensacola, Fla., captured from the Spapish by Lackson	Justice. Seminole Indian war renewed. Gas first introduced into Philadelphia.	Aug. 20. Molino del Rey taken, Sept. 8.
Aug. 30. Savannah seized by the British, Dec. 29.	Great earthquake at New Madrid, Mo. Astor's fur company establishes post of	Spanish. by Jackson. 1819 The "Savannah," the first steam packet that crosses the Atlantic, makes a voy-	Brown makes first gold pens with dia-	Gen. Scott enters the city of Mexico, Sept. 15.
Repulse of Americans at Briar Creek, March 3.	Astoria. Breech loading rifles invented.	age to Liverpool. The first permanent Lodge of Odd Fel-	Guano becomes an article of commerce in the IL S.	1848 Death of John Quincy Adams, Feb. 21. Gold discovered in California, March.
1779 New Haven plundered by the British, July 5. Fairfield and Green Farms, in Connecti-	1812 Embargo laid for ninety days. Louisiana admitted into the Union.	lows founded, in Baltimore, April 26. Alabama admitted into the Union, Dec.	Massácre of Maj. Dade and his command in Florida.	Oneida Community, New York, estab- lished.
cut, taken by the British, July 7. Stony Point taken by the Americans,	Congress levies a tax of \$3,000,000.	14. 1820 Passage of the Missouri Compromise.	1836 The national debt virtually paid. Arkansas admitted into the Union.	Wisconsin admitted into the Union, May 29. Missouri Compromise repealed.
July 16. Charleston, S. C., surrendered to the	Detachment of militia, not exceeding 100,000 men, authorized. War declared against Great Britain,	Florida ceded to the United States by Spain for \$5,000,000.	Battle of San Jacinto, Texas; Santa Anna defeated and a prisoner, April 21.	Election of Zachary Taylor as President. Corner stone of Washington Monument
British, May 12. Battle of Camden, S. C.; Cornwallis (loss	June 12. British orders in council revoked, June	Maine admitted into the Union, March 15. Heated discussion in Congress on the	Bequest of James Smithson to the U.S. of \$515,169. Smithsonian Institute at Washington	laid. Oregon Territorial bill passed, Aug. 13.
325) defeats General Gates (loss 730), Aug. 16.	23. Van Horne defeated, Aug. 5.	slavery question. Percussion caps for guns first intro-	founded. Death of James Madison, June 28.	First receipt of California gold at United States mint, Dec. 8.
Benedict Arnold betrays and deserts his country. Major Andre captured, Sept. 23, and	Defeat of Miller, Aug. 8. Gen. Hull invades Canada, July 12; sur- renders Mackinaw, July 17.	duced. Re-election of James Monroe as Presi- dent.	Governor Call, of Georgia, invades Sem-	Treaty signed with Mexico, Feb. 2. Upper California ceded to United States.
hung as a spy, Oct. 2.	Hull surrenders Detroit with 2.000 men,	Petroleum first discovered in Ohio. Macadamized roads first introduced.	Sam Houston elected President of Texas,	Maxicans unsuccessfully besiege Pueblo, held by Americans, Sept. 13 to Oct. 12. Huamantia taken by Americans, Oct. 9.
Morgan (loss 72) defeats Tarleton (loss 800), Jan. 17.	Aug. 16. The "Alert," a British ship of war, captured by the "Essex," Aug. 13.	Death of Daniel Boone. 1821 Missouri admitted into the Union, Aug.	Martin Van Buren elected President. Burning of the Patent and General Post-	Guyannes captured, Oct. 20. Great excitement at Rochester, N. Y.,
Assembling of Congress, March 2, arti- cles of Confederation having been rati-	The "Guerriere," a British frigate,	10. Jackson takes possession of Florida, July	office at Washington. Texas declared independent. Sam Colt invents the revolver.	caused by "Spirit rappings." Food sent to starving Ireland.
fied by all the States. Defeat of General Greene by Cornwallis,	captured by the "based, Aug. L. The "Guerriere," a British frigate, captured by the "Constitution" ("Old Ironsides"), Capt. Hull, Aug. 19. Gen. Harrison takes command of the	21. Burnett first introduces lithography.	First National Temperance Convention	Los Angeles, Cal., taken by Kearney, and a system of government organ-
at Guilford. Battle of Eutaw Springs; General Greene (loss 555) defeats Stewart (loss 1,100),	Queenstown attacked, unsuccessfully, by	Straw hats first made from American straw.	Adams' great debate for the right of petition.	1848 Great fire in St. Louis.
Sept. 8. The traitor, Arnold, burns New London,	the Americans, Oct. 13. The "Frolic," a British ship, captured by the U. S. sloop of war "Wasp."	1822 The United States acknowledge the inde- pendence of the South American Re- publics.	Death of Aaron Burr. Sioux and Winnebago Indians removed	Prof. Webster murders Dr. Parkman, Nov. 23. United States gold dollar first coined.
Sept. 6. Surrender of Lord Cornwallis, at York-	Both vessels afterwards taken by the "Poictiers," a British 74.	First English firm in California opens house at Monterey.	beyond the Mississippi. Scott subdues the Creek Indians.	California adopts a constitution prohib iting slavery.
town, with 7,073 men, to Washington, Oct. 19.	The "Macedonian," a British frigate, captured by the "United States," Com-	Death of MajGen. Stark. First cotton mill built in Lowell.	1837 Great financial crash and panic through- out the country. Harnden originates the express business.	Death of James K. Polk, June 15. 1849 Filibustering expeditions against Cu
1782 Independence of the United States acknowledged by Holland, April 19. 1783 Independence acknowledged by Sweden,	modore Decatur, Oct. 25. The "Java," a British frigate captured by the "Constitution," Capt. Bain-	Elliott makes first platform scales. War with the Cuban pirates.	Michigan admitted into the Union.	forbidden by the President. Visit of Father Mathew, the temperance
1783 Independence acknowledged by Sweden, Denmark, Spain and Prussia. Armistice with Great Britain, Jan. 20.	bridge. Dec. 29.	Gas first successfully introduced in Bos- ton. 1823 The Monroe doctrine, June 18.	Wilkes' exploring expedition to the South	advocate. Capt. Minie invents the Minie conica.
Peace with Great Britain, at Treaty of Paris, Sept. 23.	1813 At the River Raisin, the British and Indians surprise and defeat Winches-	1823 The Monroe doctrine, June 18. First gas company in New York. First teachers' seminary opened in Con-	United States Bank suspends specie pay-	bullet. Mason and Dixon's line surveyed.
New York evacuated, Nov. 25. Resignation of General Washington, Dec.	ter. Most of the Americans were mas- sacred by the Indians, who were left	cord, Vt. 1824 The principles of Robert Owen preached.	Mormon war in Missouri.	Cholera visits the United States severe at Cincinnati and St. Louis California Constitution formed at Mon-
23. 1784 Treaty of peace ratified by Congress,	unprotected by Gen. Proctor, July 13. The "Peacock," a British ship, captured by the "Hornet," Feb. 23.	Pins first made by machinery. First reformatory school founded in New	The Log Cabin campaign. Election of William Henry Harrison as	terey. Great riot at Astor Place Opera House,
Jan. 4. 1785 John Adams sent to England as first	The inauguration of James Madison as President, March 4.	York. Act passed to protect and encourage cot-	President.	New York. 1850 Treaty with England for a transit way
Ambassador from the United States. 1786 Cotton introduced into Georgia. Shay's rebellion in Massachusetts.	The Creek Indians subdued by Gen.	ton manufactures. Convention with Great Britain to sup-	The first steam fire engine constructed by Ericsson. Sub-Treasury bill becomes a law, June	across Panama. French Ambassador dismissed from
Delegates assemble at Annapolis, and recommend a Convention to revise ar-	The American coast blockaded by the British	press slave trade, March 13. Convention with Russia in relation to northwest boundary, April 5.	30. First Washingtonian Society founded.	Washington. Death of John C. Calhoun, March 31.
ticles of Confederation. 1787 Meeting of Convention at Philadelphia,	Duel between Gen. Jackson and Col. Benton.	Arrival of Lafayette on a visit to the	Adams' Express Company organized.	Congress passes the Oregon Donation Law.
George Washington presiding. Constitution of the United States adopt-	York (now Toronto) in Opper Canada,	Wilection of John Quincy Adams as Presi-	1841 William H. Harrison inaugurated, March	Uncle Tom's Cabin first published. Watches first made by machinery. Fugitive Slave Law passed.
ed, Sept. 17. 1788 Constitution ratified by all the States	taken by the Americans, under Gen. Pike, who was killed, April 27. The "Chesapeake" frigate taken by the British frigate "Shannon," June 1. First rolling mill at Pittsburgh.	1825 The Capitol at Washington completed. First edge tool manufactory established.	dent, inaugurated President, April 6.	Death of Zachary Taylor, July 9.
except Rhode Island and North Caro- lina. Emancipation of slaves by the Quakers	First rolling mill at Pittsburgh. Stereotyping first introduced into Amer-	Folsom	McLeod dimcuty. Webster's (Noah) Dictionary first pub- lished. Sub-Treasury bill repealed, Aug. 9.	California admitted as a Free State, Sept 9.
of Philadelphia. 1789 First Congress meets at New York.	ica. Death of Capt. Lawrence, of the "Chesa-	Folsom. Departure of Lafayette for France, Sept. 7.	Sub-Treasury bill repeated, Aug. 5. Bankruptcy Act becomes a law, Aug. 18. Imprisonment for debts due the govern-	New Mexico and Utah organized as ter-
George Washington elected first Presi- dent of the United States.	Battle of Fort George, May 27.	1826 Deaths of Thomas Jefferson and John Adams.	ment abolished. Greeley establishes the New York Tri-	Visit of Jenny Lind to America, Sept. 12. Dahlgren invents the cast-iron gun.
North Carolina ratifies the Constitution. 1790 Death of Benjamin Franklin, April 17.		Convention with Great Britain concern-	bune. 1842 Kingford produces the first sample of	1001 Appearance of the great sou sorpent
Rhode Island ratifies the Constitution. Hamilton's financial schemes proposed. 1791 Bank of the United States established,	Forts Meigs and Stephenson attacked by the British and Indians. The U. S. brig "Argus" taken by the	Fiftieth anniversary of American Inde- pendence, July 4.	pure corn starch.	July 4.
1791 Bank of the United States established, at Philadelphia. Vermont admitted as the fourteenth	British sloop "Pelican," Aug. 14. The British brig_"Boxer" captured by	Great anti-mason excitement. Abduction of William Morgan. Baron Von Humboldt visits the United	"Somers" instigated by Midshipman Spencer. The Fourier community excitement.	New York. California Vigilance Committee formed.
State. Indians defeat St. Clair.	The British fleet, 63 guns, on Lake Erie,	States. Opening of the Erie Canal, Oct. 26.	Fremont's expedition to the Rocky Moun-	American yacht victorious at regatta in London, Eng.
1792 Kentucky admitted as the fifteenth State.	guns, under Commodore rerry, sope	Randolph.	tains. Ashburton or first Washington Treaty signed, with England, Aug. 9.	Frightful catastrophe at public school
The Columbia river discovered by Cap- tain Grey.	Massacre of Bort Millins, Ala., by the	Delano's first fire-proof safes.	Bunker Hill monument completed.	Congressional Library destroyed by fire, Dec. 24.
Washington City chosen as the capital of the republic.	Burning of Newark, Canada, Nov. 12.	Treaty with the Kansas Indians, and the	Lucifer matches first made by machinery. President vetoes hill for National Bank.	1852 Dispute with "ngland about the fish- eries. Expedition to Japan, under Com. Perry.
1793 Invention of the cotton gin by Whitney, resulting in the revolutionizing of the culture of cotton.		Treat with the Republic of Colombia. Continued intense excitement over the	Dorr rebellion in Rhode Island.	First street-railway in New York. Deaths of Henry Clay, June 26, and
Trouble with the French Ambassador, Genet.	29. Niagara frontier ravaged by the British,	"Morgan affair". First railroad built at Quincy, Massa- chusetts, and operated by horse power.	Death of Dr. Chaning, Oct. 2. 1843 William Miller and the "Millerites." \$30,000 voted by Congress to aid Morse to	Daniel Webster, Oct. 24.
1794 Washington's second term as President begins.	Dec. 30.	1828 Passage of the Protective Tariff Bill.	\$30,000 voted by Congress to and Morse to establish telegraph lines.	Branch mint established in San Fran-
Whisky rebellion in Pennsylvania. France recalls Genet.	Canada, defeats and disperses the British army under Gen. Proctor, near the River Thames; death of Tecumseh,	First locomotive introduced from Eng- land, by the Delaware and Hudson		1059 Churchel Bolace New York opened.
Jay's treaty with Great Britain. 1795 Congress ratifies Jay's treaty. 1796 Tennessee admitted as the sixteenth	Oct 5	Canal Company.	Death of Noah Webster.	Treaty with Mexico, for purchase of Arizona.
1796 Tennessee admitted as the sixteenth State. Resignation of George Washington.	1 1814 The frigate "Essex" captured, at Val- paraiso, by two British vessels. Battle of Horse Shoe Bend, March 20.	Congress makes provision for officers of the revolutionary war.	1844 Explosion of the gun, the "peace-mak- er," killing the Secretaries of Navy	Treaty with Russia. Explorations for a transcontinental rail- way.

Yutu and Angene Angene and Angene and Angene Angene and Angene Angene and Angene Angen Congress makes provision for oncers of the revolutionary war.
Democrat and Republican first chosen by their respective political parties.
General Jackson elected President.
Treaty of Peace with Brazil and Buenos Ayres.
Planing mill first patented.
1829 Andrew Jackson, President, opposes the project to recharter the Bank of the United States.
Independence of Mexico recognized.
Webster's great speech in Congress, Jan.
26. er," killing the Secretaries of Navy and State. Commercial treaty with China. First telegraph line from Washington to Boltwork Resignation of George Washington 1797 John Adams inaugurated as Presiden way. Yellow fever in New York Children's Aid Society, New York, founded.
 Walker's filibustering expedition to So-nora, Mexico.
 1854 Commercial Treaty with Japan signed, March 31.
 American, or Know-Nothing Society formed. Treaty with France annulled. 1798 War with France threatened. 1799 Death of Washington, at Mt. Vernon, Dec. 14. First telegraph line from Washington to Baltimore. First anti-slavery candidate nominated for the presidency. The "Midas," first American steamboat, rounds Cape of Good Hope. James K. Polk elected President. Mormon war in Illinois, murder of Joseph Smith; Brigham Young se-lected as his successor. Copper discovered in Michigan. Texas asks for annexation. First telegraph line. Texas annexed by Act of Congress, Mex-ico takes offense. Florida and Iowa admitted into the Union. Dec. 14. 1800 The Government removed from Phila-deiphia to Washington. Treaty signed with France. General Bankruptcy Law passed. 1801 Inauguration of Thomas Jefferson as President. New York Evening Post established. War with Tripoli commenced, June 10. Death of Benedict Arnold, June 14. 1900 Obie admitted as the saventeenth State. Virginia passes resolution against Tariff bill. Virginia passes resolution against rank bill.
First Asylum for the Blind established.
First Horticultural Society formed.
Removal of 700 officeholders by Jackson.
Commercial treaty with Turkey.
South Carolina asserts "States Rights".
The Mormon church founded by Joseph Smith, April 6.
Building of the South Carolina railroad.
American Institute of Learning founded.
Great debate between Webster and Hayne. Wat what Anyon contactive the second state.
Port of Benedict Arnold, June 14.
Ohio admitted as the seventeenth State.
Port of New Orleans closed by Spain, and American vessels forbidden to pass down Mississippi river.
Louisiana purchased from the French; \$15,000,000 paid.
Pianos first manufactured at Boston.
A Aaron Burr kills Alexander Hamilton in a duel, July 11.
Frigate "President" destroyed at Tripoli by Decatur, Feb. 4.
Fort Dearborn, present site of Chicago, built. 1202 1845 1830 Union. War declared by Mexico, June 4. Naval school at Annapolis opened. Elias Howe produces his first sewing 1803 machine. Great fire in Pittsburgh. Serious fire in New York, 300 buildings 1804 Great debate between Webster and Hayne.
1831 Intense Tariff and Free trade excitement. Garrison starts the "Liberator" anti-slavery paper. Death of James Monroe, July 4. Manning mowing machines patented. Guthrie discovers chloroform. Howe invents first practical pin machine. Buttons first made by machinery. Western College of Teachers established.
1832 President Jackson vetoes the Bank Bill. New protective tariff measure passed. South Carolina nullification movement. U. S. frigate "Potomac," attacks Qualla Batoo, Feb. 6.
First case of asiatic cholera in U. S. June 21. Black Hawk war, and his capture, Aug. 27. Great fire in Pittsburgh. Serious fire in New York, 300 buildings burned. Death of Justice Joseph Story. First manufacture of files. Zachary Taylor, with 4,000 troops, ad-vanced to Corpus Christi, Texas. Negotiations toward purchase of San Domingo. Death of Andrew Jackson, June S. Free Soil party originated. Northwestern boundary fixed at 498. Hostilities begin in Mexico. Battles of Palo Alto, May 8, and Resaca de la Palma, May 9; victory of Gen. Taylor. Matamoras taken, May 14. New Tariff bill passed, July 28. President vetoes River Harbor bill, Aug. 3. "Wilson Proviso" against extension of slavery passes the House. Gun-cotton invented. Great fire in Louisville. Ether first used as an anesthetic by Dr. Jackson. built. Lewis & Clark's expedition starts across the plains.
1805 Treaty of peace with Tripoli, Jan. 4. Ice first becomes an article of commerce. Seizure cf armed American vessels by England.
Lewis and Clark arrive at mouth of the Columbia river.
1806 American commerce affected by blockade of French and English coasts.
1807 British vessels ordered to leave United States waters. the plains. cemb, Sept. 11. British expelled from Pensacola, by Jack-son, Nov. 7. Battle on Lake Borgue, La., Dec. 14. Battle below New Orleans, Dec. 22. Jethro Wood patents his own plow. Perkins makes first steel plates for en-creations. 1846 graving. Massacre at Fort Dearborn, (Chicago) by British vessels ordered to leave United States waters.
Trouble with England respecting the rights of neatrals.
Attack on the American ship "Chesapeake," by the British saip, "Leopard," June 22.
Embargo on American surps declared, Dec. 22.
Acquital of Aaron Burr on charge of conspiracy. Indians Attack on Baltimore. Bombardment of Fort McHenry. British defeated, and Gen. Ross killed, University of New York organized, Sept. Sept. 14. Sept. 14. Treaty of peace with Great Britain signed, at Ghent, Dec. 24. 1815 Battle of New Orleans. Defeat of the British, with the loss of Re-election of Andrew Jackson as President. Death of Charles Carroll, last surviving signer of Declaration of Independence.

1854 Commercial Treaty with Japan Signet, March 31.
American, or Know-Nothing Society formed.
Loss of the steamship Arctic.
Cubans seize American mail-steamer Black Warrior, Feb. 28.
First railway from Lake Michigan to the Mississippi, the Rock Island.
American ship "Cayne" hombards Grey-town, Central America, on refusal to pay for property destroyed, June 12.
Invention of the Iron Tower for iron-clad vessels, by Ericsson.
Reciprocity Treaty with England; settle-ment of the Fishery question, Aug. 2.
Bill passed organizing Kansas and Nebraska as Territories, repealing the Compromise of 1820, which excluded slavery from the entire Louisiana pur-chase, May 24.
Massachusetts Aid Society send out set-tlers to Kansas.
A. H. Reeder, of Pennsylvania, ap-pointed Governor of Kansas.
1855 Territorial Legislature of Kansas meets at Shawnee, July; great emigration to Kansas.
Free State men meet is convention at Topeka and form a Free State constitu-tion, Oct. 23.
Hostilities between the Free and Slave State settlers begin..
Sieux Indians defeated by Gen. Harney. Paraguayans attack United States steamer, "Water-Witch."
Completion of Niagara Suspension Bridge.
Court Claims established.
William Walker unsuccessfully invad Nicaragua.
Dispute with Great Britain concerning recruiting for the Crimea army.

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY.

1855 British discovery ship "Resolute" aban-doned in Arctic sea, brought to New London. 1856 Hoosac Tunnel begun.

Victory of John Brown at Ossawatomie, Kan

Kan. Republican party formed. Alden invents type-setting machine. Rock Island bridge, across the Missis-sippi, opened, April 11. Affray at Panama between passengers and natives, April 15. Page makes first wood type by ma-

Page makes nrst wood type by ma-chinery.
President declares creation of free state government in Kansas an act of re-bellion.
Brooks' assault upon Charles Sumner.
Dismissal of British envoy at Washing-ton, May 28.
Introduction of sorghum, or Chinese super-cape.

sugar-cane. Dudley observatory, Albany, inaugur-ated, Aug. 28. The government purchases the "Reso-lute," refitted and presented to Brit-ish Government. Loom for weaving Axminster carpets first patented. Election ef James Buchanan as Presi-dent.

dent. 1857 Organization of the Fenian Brotherhood. Settlement of the Central American question. Death of Elisha Kent Kane, Arctic ex-

plorer, Feb. 16. Robert J. Walker appointed Territorial Governor of Kansas. Taney renders Dred Scott decision, March 6.

Marcn b. First attempt to lay Atlantic cable. Alden secures patent for condensed milk.

milk. Great financial crash. New York, Boston and Philadelphia banks suspend, Oct. 14, 15. Banks resume specie payments, Dec. 12,

14. Murder of Dr. Burdell; arrest and trial of Mrs. Cunningham, his mistress. Foundering of the "Central America" off Cape Hatteras; over 400 lives and \$2,-

Foundering of the "Central America" off Cape Hatteras; over 400 lives and \$2,-000,000 lost.
Great religious revival throughout the country.
Great religious revival through the server of the through the through the right of search.
Completion of the first Atlantic tele-graph, Aug.
Death of Thomas H. Benton, April 15.
Congress passes bill admitting Kansas under pro-slavery constitution, Aug. 30.
Exciting campaign of Lincoln and Doug-

1858

30. Exciting campaign of Lincoln and Doug-las in Illinois. Minnesota admitted as a State, May 18. Seward announces his "irrepressible con-flict" doctrine.

nict" doctrine. Kansas rejects the pro-slavery constitu-tion by overwhelming majority, Aug. 3. First message across the Atlantic cable, from Victoria to the President, Aug. 16.

Peruvians capture two American ves-

Burning of steamship "Austria," Ham-burg to New York; nearly 500 lives

1859 Iost. 1859 The Island of San Juan, near Vancouv-er's Island, occupied by United States

er's Island, occupied by Onliced States troops. The Fenian organization perfected. Treaty with Paraguay signed, Feb. 10. Oregon admitted at a State, Feb. 14. Drake bores first oil well at Titusville,

Great storm in the Northern and South-

ern States. Daniel E. Sickles shoots Philip Barton Key, Feb 27. Kansas Free State party frame a State constitution at Wyandotte. Vicksburg Convention declares in favor of reopening slave trade, May 11. Publication of Worcester's Unabridged Dictionary.

Publication of Worcester's Unabridged Dictionary. San Juan Island occupied by General Harney, July 9. Appearance of the potato bug. Election of Republican officers in Kan-sas, Dec. 6. Comstock Great Bonanza Mine pur-chased for an Indian pony and a quantity of whisky. Treaty with Mexico signed. Grand Embassy from Japan, with treaty of peace, etc.

Treaty with means signed.
Grand Embassy from Japan, with treaty of peace, etc.
Tour of the Prince of Wales.
Hall's expedition to the Polar Sea.
Arrival at New York of the Great Eastern, June 28.
1860 Election of Mr. Pennington as Speaker of the House.
Abraham Lincoln elected President, Nov.
6. South Carolina passes the "Ordinance of Secession." being the first State of the Union to seceede, Dec. 20.
Meeting of Senatorial Committee of Thirteen, Dec. 21.
Major Anderson transfers his command from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter.
The Parrott Gun invented by Robert R. Parrott.
1861 Mississippi secedes, Jan. 10.
Alabama secedes, Jan. 10.
Alabama secedes, Jan. 11.
South Carolina troops fire upon the "Star et the Wacet"

1861 Privateer "Sumter" escapes to sea, from New Orleans, July 7. Battle of Carrick's Ford, W. Va.; Con-federate General Garnett killed. Battle at Romney, Va., June 11. West Virginia admitted as a State, June

West Virginia admitted as a start, 11. Battle at Rich Mountain; Confederates, under Pegram, defeated by Rosecrans, July 11. Battle near Centreville, Va., July 18. Destruction of the Confederate "Petrel" by frigate "St. Lawrence," Maryland invaded by Stonewall Jackson, July.

by frigate "St. Lawrence."
Maryland invaded by Stonewall Jackson, July.
Battle of Bull Run: Union forces, un-der McDowell, defeated; Union killed and wounded, 1,490; Confederates, 1,593 Killed and wounded, July 21.
Gen. McClellan assumes command of army in Virginia and on the Potomac.
Battle of Laurel Hill, July 22.
Battle of Drug Spring, Mo., under Gen-eral Lyon; Southern forces defeated.
Battle of Athens, Mo., under Gen. Lyon; Confederates defeated, Aug. 5.
Battle of Wilson's Creek, Mo.; 5,200 men, under Gens. Lyon and Sigel, at-tack 24,000, under Gens. McCulloch, Price, etc.; Lyon killed; defeat of Si-gel, Aug. 10.
President Lincoln's non-intercourse proc-lamation, Aug. 16.
Gen. Butler and Commodore Stringham take Forts Hatteras and Clark on North Carolina coast, Aug. 28.
Fort Morgan abandoned by Confederates, Aug. 30.
Fremont issues proclamation freeing slaves in Missouri, Aug. 31.
Battle of Carnifex Ferry, Gens. Rose-crans and Floyd. Sept. 10.
Destruction of privateer "Judah," Sept. 13.
Repuise_of Confederates at Cheat Moun-

Repulse of Confederates at Cheat Moun-tain, W. Va

13.
Repulse of Confederates at Cheat Mountain, W. Va.
Battle of Lexington, Mo.; Col. Mulligan defends for four days against 26,000 Confederates, but is forced to surrender; loss, 2,500 prisoners, and a large amount of gold.
Battle of Greenbrier, Va.; success of Union forces, Oct. 3.
Confederate "Savannah" captured by U. S. brig "Perry."
Wilson Zouaves repulsed at Santa Rosa Island, Oct. 9.
Confederate privateer "Nashville" escapes from Charleston, S. C., Oct. 11.
Repulse of Confederate ram and five ships at South West Pass, Oct. 12.
Escape of Mason and Slidell from Charleston.

Escape of Mason and Slidell from Charleston. Battle of Fredericktown, Mo.; flight of

Jeff Thompson, Oct. 21. Recapture of Lexington, Mo., by Union

troops. Gen. Sherman appointed to the com-

mand of Kentucky forces. Battle of Ball's Bluff; Col. Baker killed,

Det ie of Ball's Blut, Col. Baker Anled, Oct. 2. Zagonyi defeats Confederates at Spring-field, Mo., Oct. 29. Gen. Scott resigns command of army. Gen. McClellan succeeds him. Soldiers' Aid Society formed at Detroit,

Soldiers' Aid Society formed at Detroit, Nov. 1.
Commodore Wilkes, of "San Jacinto," takes Southern Commissioners, Mason and Slidell, from British steamer "Trent," in West Indian waters.
Port Royal bombarded, Nov. 7.
Battle of Belmont; Grant's first fight.
Capture of Tybee Island, commanding Savannah, taken Dec. 20.
Charleston Harbor shut by sinking stone fleet, Dec. 21.
Gatling gun invented by J. Gatling.
Death of Sam Houston, Oct. 8.
Kentucky admitted into Confederate States, Dec. 9.
Battle of Martinsburg, Va.; Gen. Pope, Union, captures 1,300 prisoners, Dec. 18.

1862

Union, captures 1,300 prisoners, Dec. 18.
Indian massacre in Minnesota. Battle of Blue Gap, Va., Jan. 8.
Death of John Tyler, Jan. 8.
"Ericsson" Monitor launched at Greenpoint, Jan. 30.
Edwin M. Stanton, of Pennsylvania, becomes Secretary of War, Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, retiring Jan. 13.
Battle of Mill Springs, Ky.; Zollicoffer defeated by Union troops, under Gen. George H. Thomas, Jan. 19.
Fort Henry, on Tennessee River, captured by anal forces, under Commodore A. H. Foote, Feb. 6.
Roanoke Island, N. C., captured by Gen. Burnside and Commodore Goldsborough, Feb. 8.
Fort Donelson, Tenn., surrendered to Gen. Grant, Feb. 16.
Confederate Congress meets at Richmond, Va., Feb. 18.

Fort Donelson, Tenn., surrendered to Gen. Grant, Feb. 16.
Confederate Congress meets at Rich-mond, Va., Feb. 18.
Jefferson Davis inaugurated President of Southern Confederacy, for six years, Feb. 22.
Battle of Pea Ridge, Ark.; Gen. Mc-Culloch killed March 8.
Confederate ram, "Merrimac" sinks "Cumberland" and "Congress," U. S. naval vessels in Hampton Roads, Vir-ginia, March 8.
"Monitor," U. S. iron-elad, attacks and drives "Merrimac" back, March 9.
Manassas Junction evacuated and occu-pied by Union forces, March 10.
Battle of Winchester, Va.; Union loss, 115 killed, 450 wounded; Confederate loss, 869 killed, wounded, and missing, March 13.

der McClellan, June 26; Mechanics-ville, June 26; Gaines' Mills, June 27; Savage Station and Peach Orchard, June 28; White Oak Swamp, June 30; Malvern Hill, July 1; change of base to lames river to James river. President Lincoln calls for 300,000 vol-unteers, July 1. Murfreesborough captured by Forrest, Murfreesborough captured by Forrest, July 5.
Raid of Morgan in Kentucky, July 7.
Surrender of Port Hudson, July 8.
Death of Martin Van Buren, July 24.
Battle of Cedar Mountain, Va., Aug. 9; Union forces under Banks, lose 1,500 killed, wounded, and missing; Confed-erates, under "Stonewall" Jackson.
Raid of Phillips into Mississippi, Aug. 16.
Battle of Sulphur Springs, Va., Aug. 24.
Fighting on Rappahannock under Pope, Confederates under Ewell and Jackson, Aug. 27.
Gen. Bragg invades Tennessee and Ken-tucky.

Aug. 27. Gen. Bragg invades Tennessee and Ken-tucky. Battle of Kettle Run, Va., Aug. 27. Battle of Groveton, Va., Aug. 27. Defeat of Union forces at Richmond, Ky., Aug. 29. Surrender of Memphis, Aug. 29. Second Battle of Bull Run; defeat of Federals, Aug. 30. Battle of Chantilly, Va.; Union Generals Kearney and Stevens killed, Sept. 1. Confederates cross Potomac into Mary-land, at Poolsville, Md., Sept. 1. Battle of South Mountain, Md.; Union victory; Gen. Jesse L. Reno killed. Harper's Ferry surrendered, after three days' fighting by General Miles, Sept. 15. Battle of Antietam between Gen. Mc.

15.
Battle of Antietam between Gen. Mc-Clellan and Gen. Lee. Retreat of the Confederates, Sept. 17.
Battle of Iuka, Miss., between Gen. Rosecrans and Gen. Price, Sept. 19.
Reoccupation of Harper's Ferry by Fed-erals, Sept. 22.
President Lincoln issues preliminary Proclamation of Emancipation, Sept. 22.

Proclamation of Emancipation, Sept. 22.
Battle of Corinth, Miss., between Gens. Rosecrans and Price, defeat of the latter, Oct. 3, 4.
Battle of Perryville, Ky., between Gens. Buell and Bragg; charge of Phil. Sheridan wins the day, Oct. 8.
Raid of Confederates under Stuart into Pennsylvania; Chambersburg seized and looted, Oct. 10-12.
Union Gen. O. M. Mitchel, astronomer, died at Beaufort, S. C., Oct. 30.
La Grange, Tenn., occupied by Gen. Grant with Union forces.
Battle of Fredericksburg, Va. Union forces under Gen. Burnside defeated. Union losses, 13,771.
Battle of Kingston, N. C. Confederates defeated, Dec. 14.
Murphy surrenders Holly Springs to General Van Dorn, Dec. 20.
Porter's fleet open fire upon Vicksburg, Dec. 26.

Dec. 26. Sherman's unsuccessful attack upon Vicksburg, Dec. 27, 28. Iron-clad "Monitor" founders at sea, off

Dec. 26.
Sherman's unsuccessful attack upon Vicksburg, Dec. 27, 28.
Iron-clad "Monitor" founders at sea, off Cape Hatteras.
West Virginia admitted as a State of the Union, Dec. 31.
1863 Battle of Murfreesboro; Rosecrans defeats Bragg, Jan. 1.
Emancipation Proclamation of President Lincoln goes into effect, liberating all slaves in Southern States.
Death of Lyman Beecher, D. D., aged 87, Jan. 10.
U. S. steamer "Hatteras" sunk by South-ern privateer "Alabama" off Texas, Jan. 11.
Capture of Arkansas Post by Gen. Mc-Clernand, Jan. 11.
Gonfederate ram "Atlanta" captured off Savannah, Ga., by Union monitor "Weehawken," Jan. 17.
First U. S. colored regiment enrolled in South Carolina, Jan. 25.
Act to provide a national currency be-comes a law, Feb. 25.
Farragut runs batteries at Grand Guif, April 1.
Con. Porter successfully runs the bat-teries at Vicksburg, April 16.
Port Gibson and Grand Guif, on Missis-sippi river, taken by U. S. Grant, May 1.
Col. Grierson's raid through Mississippi arrives at Baton Rouge, May 2.
Arrest of C. L. Valandigham.
Severe fighting between Union forces, under Hooker, and Confederates, un-der Lee, about Chancellorsville, Va.; Confederate Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson killed; Hooker deteated, May 2, 3, 4.
Battle of Jackson, Miss.; captured by Gen. Grant, May 14.
Battle of Jackson, Miss.; captured by Gen. Grant, May 14.
Battle of Baker's Creek; Pemberton routed by Grant, May 14.
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Battle at Mi

June 14. Invasion of Pennsylvania by Lee's en-

1864 General Grant made Lieutenant-Gen-

eral, March 2. A Free State government inaugurated in Louisiana, March. Admiral Porter's Red River expedition,

March 4. Gen. U. S. Grant appointed Commander-in-Chief of army of United States, March 12; assumes command, March

in-Chief of army of United States, March 12; assumes command, March 17.
A call for 200,000 more men, March 15.
Arkansas votes to become a Free State, March 16.
Battle of Jenkins Ferry, Ark.; defeat of Kirby Smith, April 4.
New York Sanitary Commission Fair receipts over one million dollars.
Union expedition to Mansfield, La., foiled, April 8; Union forces, rein-forced, repulse Confederates at Pleas-ant Hill.
Fort Pillow massacre, April 12.
Wessels surrenders Plymouth, N. C., to Confederates, April 20.
Severe fighting between Confederates, under Lee, and Union forces, under Grant, in Virginia, in advance on Richmond, May 3-11.
Battle of Wilderness, May 5.
Occupation of City Point by General Butler, May 4.
Sherman begins his march toward At-lanta, May 7.
Battle of Butler to capture Drury's Bluff, May 16.
Failure of Butler to capture Drury's Bluff, May 16.
Faiture of Butler to capture Drury's Bluff, May 18.
Sheridan captures Cold Harbor, May 31.
Evacuation of Allatoona Pass, June 1.
Battle of Cold Harbor, Jaue 2, 3.
Battle of Cold Harbor, June 2, 4.
Battle of Jeidemont, Va., June 5.
Hunter attacks Lynchburg; retreats into West Virginia, June 8.
Army of the Potomac crosses to south side of James River, June 12-15.
Assaults on Petersburg; Union forces losing 10,000 men in four days, June 16-18.
Confederate privateer "Alabama" sunk by the United States steamer "Kear-word of Confederate Steamer "Kear-bo of the Potomac Trans Sunk by the United States steamer "Kear-word of Sames River, June 12-15.

losing 10,000 men in four days, June 16-18.
Confederate privateer "Alabama" sunk by the United States steamer "Kear-sarge," off Cherbourg, France, June 19.
Hood attacks Hooker at Kennesaw and fails, June 22.
Emancipation Amendment submitted to the States by Congress, June 22.
Maryland abolishes slavery, June 24.
Repulse of Thomas and McFhierson at Kennesaw, June 27.
Fugitive Slave Law of 1850 repealed by Congress, June 28.
Farly hearing big raid into Mervlend

Congress, June 28. Early begins his raid into Maryland, July 2.

Wallace defeated by Early at Frederick,

Wallace defeated by Early at Frederick, Md., July 9. Rosseau's raid into Alabama, July 10. Early's entire army within six miles of Washington, July 12. Gold reaches highest premium, viz., 284

Washington, July 12.
Gold reaches highest premium, viz., 234 per cent, July 16.
Greeley's negotiations with Confed-erates, at Niagara, July 18.
Battle around Atlanta between forces under Hood, Confederate, and under Sherman, Union, July 22.
Chambersburg, Pa., burned by General Stuart, July 30.
Explosion of a mine under Confederate works, Petersburg, July 30.
Farragut captures Mobile, Aug. 3.
Great naval vietory, under Farragut, at Mobile, Ala., Aug. 5.
Atlanta evacuated and occupied by Sher-man, Aug. 31.
Battle of Winchester, Va.; Sheridan cap-tures 5,000 prisoners, 5 guns, and all the wounded, Sept. 19-22.
Thirteenth Amendment passed, forever abolishing slavery.

abolishing slavery. Pilot Knob evacuated by Unionists, Sept. 27. Death of Chief-Justice Roger Brooks

Taney, Oct. 12. Overwhelming defeat of Early at Cedar Creek, Oct. 19. Raid of Confederates on St. Albans, Vt.,

Raid of Confederates on St. Albans, Vt., Oct. 19.
Destruction of ram "Albemarle" by a torpedo affixed to her by Lieut. Cush-ing, Oct. 27.
President Lincoln re-elected; Andrew Johnson Vice-President, Nov. 8.
Sherman commences his "March to the Sea," from Atlanta, Nov. 16.
Incendiarism by Confederates in New York, Nov. 25.
Battle of Franklin, Tenn., between Hood and Thomas, Nov. 30.
Battle of Nashville, under Gen. Thom-as. Great victory. Confederates un-der Hood retreat, Dec. 15, 16.
Savannah, Ga., occupied by Gen. Sher-man, completing the "March to the Sea," December 21.
President orders a draft for 300,000 more men, Dec. 19.

men, Dec. 19. Butler and Porter attack Fort Fisher, N. C., and fail, Dec. 24, 25. Establishment of the Freedman's Bu-

1865 Jefferson Davis captured at Irwinsville,

Jefferson Davis captured at Irwinsville, Ga., with part of his cabinet, May 10.
Engagement at Boco Chico, between 500 Confederates and 400 Union troops, being the last in the "War of the Re-bellion," May 12.
Grand review of the army, at Washing-ton, May 23, 24.
Gen. Kirby Smith surrenders all his command, Trans-Mississippi Army, May 26.
Amnesty Proclamation of President Johnson, with fourteen different ex-ceptions, May 29.
Georgia declares slavery abolished, etc., December 4.

Becember 4. Secretary Seward officially declared slavery abolished throughout the U. S. Dec. 18. Mississippi nullified secession ordinance,

Aug. Alabama declared ordinance of secession

Anabina deciared ordinance of secession null and void, Sept. 12. South Carolina repealed the secession ordinance, Sept. 15. Florida annulled secession ordinance, Oct. 25. Proclamation opening all ports in South-ern States, and ending blockade, June 23. Execution of assassing conspirators

23. Execution of assassination conspirators, Harold, Payne, Atzeroth, and Mrs. Surratt, July 7. Rebel Indian Chiefs sign treaty of loy-

Rebel Indian Chiefs sign treaty of loy-alty, Sept. 14.
Execution of Capt. Wirz, the Anderson-ville prison commandant, Nov. 10.
1866 Death of Rufus Choate, Jan. 15.
Passage of the Freedman's Bureau Bill over the President's veto, Feb. 20.
President's proclamation declaring the insurrection ended.
Death of General Winfield Scott, May 29.
Fenians invade Canada, June 1.
Fourteenth Amendment passed the Sen-ate, June 8.

ate, June 8. Successful laying of the Atlantic Cable,

State. Tenure of Office bill passed, June 4. Confiscation and Amnesty bill passed,

Jan. 4. Purchase of Alaska, for \$7,200,000, March

Purchase of Alaska, for \$7,200,000, March 3.
Jefferson Davis admitted to bail, in the sum of \$100,000, May 13.
Southern States organized as military districts, Jan.
1868 Impeachment, trial, and acquittal of President Johnson.
Death of Kit (Christopher) Carson, trapper and guide, May 23.
Death of James Buchanan, June 1.
Death of Matthew Vassar, June 23; he donates \$800,000 for endowment, etc., of Vassar College.
Wyoming Territory organized, July 23.
Death of Thaddeus Stevens, Aug. 11.
Cornell University, of Ithaca, opened, Sept.

Sept. Election of Gen. Grant as President,

Nection of Gen. Grant as freshold, Nor. 3.
Pacific Railway completed, May 10.
Death of Franklin Pierce, Jan.
Nolle Prosequi ends prosecution of Jefferson Davis, Feb. 6.
Fifteenth Amendment passed, Feb. 25.
Supreme Court pronounces Confederate currency to be worthless.
Great peace jubilee at Boston, June 15-20.

Great peace jubilee at Boston, June 15-20.
French frontier cable laid, July 27.
Great Wall street panic, "Black Friday," Sept. 24.
Death of George Peabody, Nov. 4.
Death of Edwin M. Stanton, Dec. 14.
Ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment by the States.
Death of Gen. R. E. Lee, Oct. 12.
The Nathan murder, New York, July 28.
Proclamation of neutrality in Franco-German war.
First narrow-gauge railway built, Denver & Rio Grande.
Ku-Klux bill passes Congress.
Treaty of Washington with Great Britain.
Great fire at Chicago: 17,450 buildings

ain. Great fire at Chicago; 17,450 buildings destroyed; loss about \$196,000,000, Oct. 8. The Yellowstone National Park bill passed.

Dict. of Vellowstone National -passed. Visit of the Grand Duke Alexis to United States.

Visit of the Grand Duke Alexis to United States.
The Credit Mobilier scandal.
Settlement of the Alabama Claims.
Congress removes the political disability of the Southern people.
Re-election of President Grant.
Great fire at Boston; loss about \$78,000,-000, Nov. 9.
Death of Horace Greeley, Nov. 29.
Death of Samuel F. Morse, inventor of the electric telegraph.
Northwestern boundary question settled by the Emperor of Germany.
Death of James Gordon Bennett, June 1.
Epizootic throughout the United States.
National Granges organized.
Death of William H. Seward.
Wreck of the Atlantic, 535 lives lost, April 1

Death of William H. Seward. Wreck of the Atlantic, 535 lives lost, April 1. Modde massacre, death of General Can-by, April 11. Colfax massacre, La., by White League, April

1869

1870

1871

1872

1873

July 27. Massacre in New Orleans, July 30. 1867 Nebraska admitted as the thirty-seventh

	Major Anderson transfers his command	Manassas Junction evacuated and occu-	Invasion of Pennsylvania by Lee's en-	N. C., allu Iall, Dec. 21, 20.	April 1.
	from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter.	pied by Union forces, March 10.	tire army, June 15-25.	1865 Establishment of the Freedman's Bu-	Modoc massacre, death of General Can-
	The Parrott Gun invented by Robert R.	Battle of Winchester, Va.: Union loss,	Battle of Gettysburg, Pa.; Gen. Lee	reau.	by, April 11.
	The Partou Gun myented by hower in	115 killed, 450 wounded; Confederate	defeated by Union forces, under Gen.	Fort Fisher, N. C., captured by Gen.	Colfax massacre, La., by White League,
	Parrott.	loss, 869 killed, wounded, and missing,	deleated by Union forces, ander den.	Terry and Commodore Porter, Jan. 15.	April.
I	1861 Mississippi secedes, Jan. 9.	10ss, 605 killeu, wouldeu, allu missing,	Meade, July 2, 3.	Sherman leaves Savannah, and starts	Death of Salmon P. Chase, Chief Justice,
	Florida secedes, Jan. 10.	March 13.	Morgan begins his raid through Indiana	northward, Feb. 1.	May 7.
	Alabama secedes, Jan. 11.	Battle of Newbern, N. C., March 14.	and Ohio, July 3.	President's Conference with Confed-	Beecher and Tilton scandal, Brooklyn,
	South Carolina troops fire upon the "Star	Battle at Pittsburg Landing; Grant,	Vicksburg surrendered by Gen. Pember-	erate Commission, Feb. 3.	
	of the West."	Union commander; Gen. A. Sidney	ton to Union forces, under Grant,	erate Commission, reb. 5.	_July.
	Georgia secedes, Jan. 18.	Johnston killed: Union loss, April 6	July 4.	Evacuation of Charleston. S. C., by Con-	The Salary Grab Bill.
	Louisiana secedes, Jan. 26.	and 7, 13,573; Confederate loss, 10,-	Port Hudson surrendered to Gen. Banks,	federates, Feb. 17.	Failure of Jay Cocke & Co.; great finan-
	Texas secedes, Feb. 1.	699.	and Natchez occupied by Gen. Grant-	Its occupation by Union forces, Feb. 18.	cial panic, Sept. 19.
	Peace Convention assembled at Wash-	Capture of Island No. 10, by Union	Mississippi river being thus opened to	Re-inauguration of President Lincoln,	Trial and conviction of William M.
	Peace Convention assembled at the	forces, April 8.	Wississippi liver being thus opened to	March 4.	Tweed Nev. 22.
	ington, Feb. 4.	Raid of Gen. Mitchell; capture of	navigation, July 8.	Confederate Congress adjourns for the	Seizure of the "Virginius," and execu-
	Provisional Government of Confederate	Huntsville, Ala., and Russellville,	Anti-draft riots in New York; 2,000 riot-	last time, March 18.	tion of a number of her passengers
Į.	States meet at Montgomery, Ala., Feb.		ers killed, July 13, 14, 15.	Desperate fighting commences before	by the Spanish authorities in Cuba.
	4th.	Tenn.	Riot in Boston, July 15.	Desperate lighting commences before	by the spanish authorities in Ouba.
E	Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, Presi-	Fort Pulaski, Ga., surrendered after	Gen. Burnside occupies Knoxville,	Richmond. Battle of Five Forks,	Surrender of the "Virginius" to the
	dont Web 8	three days' bombardment, to Union	Tenn., Sept. 3.	April 1.	United States by Spain, Dec. 12.
	Abraham Lincoln inaugurated President	forces, under Gen. Gilmore, April 11.	Confederates evacuate Fort Wagner,	Gen. Grant advances upon Petersburg,	Death of Louis Agassiz, Dec. 14.
	A TINITOD States March 4.	Slavery abolished in District of Colum-	Sept. 6.	April 2.	1874 Woman's Temperance Crusade.
	That Sumter Charleston Harbor, bom-	bia April 16.	Burnside captures Cumberland Gap,	Richmond and Petersburg evacuated	Visit of Kalakaua, King of Hawaii.
Į.	barded-being commencement of hostil-	Bombardment of Fort Pillow, by Com-		during night of April 2.	Compromise Currency Bill signed by the
1	ities in the Civil War, April 12.	modore Foote, April 17.	Sept. 9.	Flight of Davis from Richmond, April 2.	President.
	ities in the orvir war, April 12.	Union fleet, under Farragut, passes up	Battle of Chickamauga; Union forces,	Fight of Davis from Alemandu, April 2.	Death of Charles Sumner, March 11.
	Lincoln calls for 75,000 volunteers, April	the Mississippi river and takes New	under Rosecrans, fall back to Chatta-	Richmond and Petersburg occupied by	Death of Charles Summer, March 11,
	15. history blackado of	Orleans, passing Forts Jackson and	nooga, Sept. 19.	Union forces, April 3.	Grasshopper raid in the Northwest.
	Proclamation announcing blockade of	Dilling tonil of	Quantrell raids Lawrence, Kan., Aug.	Selma, Ala., captured with large stores,	Abduction of Charley Ross, July 1.
	Southern ports, April 17.	Philip, April 24.	21.	April 5.	A second large fire in Chicago, July 14.
1	Federal troops attacked in Baltimore,	Gen. Butler in command, at New Or-	Gen. Wheeler starts on his raid into	Battle of Sailors' Creek; defeat of Ewell	Presidential election; result disputed,
		leans, May 1.	Gen. Wheeler starts on his raid hits	and Custis Lee, April 6.	November 7.
	Doctropotion of stores at Nortolk Navy	Yorktown evacuated, May 4.	Tennessee, destroying much Govern-	Grant demands the surrender of the	1875 Passage of the Act for the Resumption
	Wand by Union Commanuer, Autil 40.	Surrender of New Orleans to Commo-	ment property, Oct. 2.	Southern army, April 7.	of Specie Payments in 1879.
	Manufand refuses to secence. ADTH 24.	dore Farragut.	Hooker takes Lookout Mountain, Oct.	Lee surrenders to U. S. Grant at Ap-	Colorado admitted into the Union,
	Ellsworth shot at Alexandria by Jack-	Battle of Williamsburg, Va., May 5.	28.	Lee surrenders to U. S. Grant at Ap-	
	Eilsworth shot at monunding of	Battle of West Point, May 7.	First Fenian Congress held in the	pomattox Court House, Va., April 9.	March 4.
	son, May. Missouri turns over to Confederates en-	Norfolk surrendered to Gen. Wool, May	United States.	Mobile evacuated by the Confederates,	Centennial celebration at Lexington,
	tire control of financial and military	10	Gen. Meade crosses the Rappahannock,	April 10.	Concord and Bunker Hill.
	tire control of illiancial and illineary	Destruction of the "Merrimac," by the	Lee retiring, Nov. 7.	Montgomery, Ala., surrenders to Wil-	Death of Andrew Johnson, July 31.
	resources of the State, May 2.	Confederates, May 11.	Longstreet begins the siege of Knox-	son, April 11.	Trial of Henry Ward Beecher for adul-
	Government call for 42,000 three years'	Natchez, Miss., surrenders to Commo-	ville, Nov. 17.	President issues orders to stop draft-	tery.
	I moluntoorg May 3	Natchez, Miss., suffenders to commo	Pulle, NOV. 11.	ing and further purchase of war ma-	Trial of Prof. Swing for heresy, May 5.
	A stranger good or from the [[1100, 1427 0]	dore Farragut, May 13.	Battle of Missionary Ridge; success of	terial, April 13.	Death of John C. Breckinridge, May 17.
-	Capt. Lyon receives surrender of Fort	Gen. Banks defeated at Winchester, May	Federals, Nov. 24.	President Lincoln assassinated, in	Military rule discontinued in the South-
1	Lackson May 10	25.	Repulse of Longstreet at Knoxville,	Washington, by Wilkes Booth, April	
1	Baltimore occupied by General Butler,	Battle of Seven Pines, Virginia, May 29.	Nov. 28, 29.		ern States.
1	Baltimore occupied by denoral Educer,	Corinth evacuated, May 30.	Banks starts on his expedition into	14.	Suspension of the California Bank, and
	May 13. North Carolina secedes from the Union,	Little Rock captured. May 31.	Texas, Nov. 29.	Attempted assassination of Seward,	suicide of President Ralston.
	North Carolina secences from the Onion,	Battle of Fair Oaks; Union loss, heavy;	Longstreet raises the siege of Knox-	April 14.	Death of Henry Wilson, Nov. 22.
	May 20.	renewal of battle of Fair Oaks, suc-	ville, Dec. 5.	President Lincoln dies, April 15.	Great fire in Virginia City, Nev., Oct.
	Butler in command at Fortress Monroe,	cess of Unionists.	President Lincoln issues Proclamation	Andrew Johnson, of Tennessee, Vice-	25.
	May 22.		of Amnesty, Dec. 8.	President, takes oath of office as Presi-	Foundering of steamship "Pacific," be-
1	Advance of Union forces into Virginia,	Unionists lose Brashear City, June 13.	1004 Durch of 500.000 men and and har Daori		tween San Francisco and Portland,
	May 24	Slavery abolished by all the Territories,	1864 Draft of 500,000 men ordered by Presi-	dent.	
	Death of Stephen A. Douglas, June 3.	June 19.	dent Lincoln, Feb. 1.	Macon, Ga., occupied by Union forces;	Nov. 4.
	Tennessee secedes from the Union, June	Forts Pillow and Randolph evacuated,	Colt's armory, at Hartford, destroyed	great amount of army stores taken,	Death of William B. Astor, Nov. 24.
	8. East Tennessee opposing it.	June 4.	by fire, Feb. 8.	April 20.	Escape of Tweed from the custody of
	Battle of Big Bethel, Va., June 10.	Surrender of Memphis, June 6.	Disaster to Union forces in Florida, un-	Capture and death of Wilkes Booth,	the Sheriff, Dec. 4.
	Battle of Dig Detner, va., same in.	Repulse of Confederates, at Springfield,	der Gen. Seymour, Feb. 20.	April 25.	Great revivals, under Moody and San-
	Congress meets in extraordinary session,	Mo., June 8.	Kilpatrick's raid into Virginia. Gen.	Gen. Johnston's army surrenders to	key.
	July 4.	Seven days' fight before Richmond, un-	Dahlgren killed, Feb. 28.	Gen. Sherman, April 26.	Great inundation in Texas.
	Battle near Carthage, Mo., July 5.	beven days light before Richmoniu, un-	L'AIIIGI EIL KIIICU, 1'CD. 20.	, Gon, phorman, reprir av.	GI GWG HI UHUUUIUH HIL I GAUS.

SUPPLEMENT XXII

ANCIENT, MEDIEVAL AND MODERN HISTORY. 1892 Death of J. G. Whittier, poet, Sept. 7. Nancy Hanks again breaks the trotting record, 2.04, Sept. 28. Formal opening of the Chicago Univer-sity, Oct. 1. Dedication of the World's Fair build-ings, at Chicago, Oct. 21. Fire at Milwaukee destroys 315 build-ings, with \$5,000,000 loss. Anarchist monument dedicated at Wald-heim Cemetery, near Chicago, Nov. 6. Great strike at Homestead, Pa., de-clared off, Nov. 19. Stamboul lowers stallion record at Stockton, Cal., 2:07½, Nov. 23. Death of Jay Gould, capitalist, Dec. 2. Dr. McGlynn restored as a priest, Dec. 23. 1888 Deadlock in the House of Representatives over the Direct Tax bill, April 9. Death of Chief Justice Morrison R. Waite, aged 72 years, March 23. Knights of Labor appeal to Congress for a system of Government telegraph, April 12. Death of Doscoe Conkin ext I S Sen-1876 Opening of the Centennial Exhibition at Philadelphia, May 10; it closes, Nov. 1882 The Pendleton Civil Service Bill passes 1891 Chinese Government refuses to receive the American Minister, H. W. Blair, April 28. 1053 The relation of the service Bill passes Senate, Dec. 27. 1383 Civil Service Reform bill passes the House, Jan. 4. Presidential Succession Bill passed Senate, Jan. 9; not considered in the House. Inflaterpina, May 10; it closes, Nov. 10. Serious difficulties between Americans and Chinese in California. Bursting of reservoir at Worcester, Mass., destroying millions of dollars worth of property, March 3. Death of Alexander T. Stewart, April 10. War with Sitting Bull and the Sioux. Massacre at Hamburg, S. C., June. Massacre at Hamburg, S. C., June. Massacre of Gen. Custer and his command, by the Sioux Indians, July 2. Completion of the First One Hundred Years of American Independence; great rejoicing throughout the United States, July 4. Castle Garden, N. Y., destroyed by fire, July 9. April 28. Fort Berthold Reservation, N. D., opened Fort Berthold Reservation, N. D., opened for settlement, May 20. "The People's Party" formed at Cin-cinnati, May 20. Statue of Abraham Lincoln unveiled at Lincoln Park, Chicago, May 23. Bronze statue of General Grant, at Ga-lena, Ill., unveiled, June 3. The Czar of Russia presents Stanford University with a complete collection of Russian and Siberian minerals, June 12. April 12. Death of Roscoe Conklin, ex-U. S. Sen-ator, aged 60 years, April 18. Daily sales of U. S. bonds began, April Burning of Newhall House, Milwaukee, 59 lives lost, Jan. 10. Great flood in Ohio River, 50,000 people homeless, Feb. 10-15. Tariff and Tax Amendment Bill passes both Houses, March 2. Death of Alexander H. Stephens, aged ²⁵⁰ Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois, nom-inated by the President as Chief Jus-tice, April 30; confirmed by the Senate, July 20. Death of Alexander H. Stephens, aged 71, March 4. Death of Peter Cooper, aged 92, April 4. Cyclone at Beauregard, Miss., 83 lives lost; tornadoes in Iowa and Georgia, April 22. of Russian and Siberian minerais, June 12. Surrender of the Chilian ship, Itata, at Iquique, to the U. S., June 4. First shipment of block tin from Cali-fornia mines, June 15. International Postal Congress held at Vienna decides to hold next Congress at Washington, June 25. Commercial treaty with Spain signed, June 26. hinese Treaty ratified by U. S. Senate, May 7. Chinese Treaty ratified by U. S. Senate, May 7. Execution of murderers by electricity after Jan. 1, 1889, passes N. Y. Sen-ate, May 8; approved by the Governor, June 4. The President approves of bill to invite a conference of American States at Washington in 1889, May 24. Lieut.-Gen. Philip H. Sheridan con-firmed as General of the Army, June 1. National Department of Labor bill ap-proved by the President Cleve-land, June 6. National Department of Labor bill ap-proved by the President, June 13. The President signed the Chinese Ex-clusion Bill, forbidding any Chinese laborer who has been, or may now be, or may hereafter be, a resident within the U. S., and may depart therefrom, and who may not have returned be-fore the passage of this act, to return to, or remain in, the U. S., Oct. 1. Death of General Philip H. Sheridan, aged 57 years, August 5. Major-Gen. John M. Schofeld appointed to the command of the army, August 14. Chit lost; tornadoes in lowa and Georgia, April 22. Opening of the Brooklyn Suspension Bridge, May 24. Pendleton Civil Service Act passes both Houses, July 16. Steamer Proteus of the Greely Relief Expedition crushed by ice in Smith's Sound, July 23. Terrific tornado at Rochester, Minn., many lives lost, Aug. 21. Northern Pacific Railroad formally opened, Sept. 8. Civil Rights Act of March 1, 1875, de-clared unconstitutional by U. S. Su-preme Court, Oct. 15. Gen. Sherman relinquishes command of the army, Nov. 1; Gen. Sheridan suc-ceeding. Immense gold fields discovered in Utah, Younger Brothers and Northfield Bank Prof. Briggs acquitted of heresy, Dec. robbery, Sept. 7. Arrest of W. M. Tweed, at Vigo, Spain, Arrest of W. M. Tweed, at Vigo, Spain, Sept. 8. Yellow fever in Georgia, September. Trial of Molly Maguires, October. Dastardly attempt to rob the grave of President Lincoln, Nov. 7. Burning of the Brooklyn Theater, 276 lives lost, Dec. 5. First furnace for cremation built, at Washington, Penn., Dec. 6. The Ashtabula railroad horror, Dec. 29. Close of the Indian War. The Electoral Commission Bill passed by Congress, Jan. 25, 26. Rutherford B. Hayes declared President, March 2. Blue Glass mania. 29. Great floods in California, Dec. 29. George W. Vanderbilt gives a costly art gallery to the Fine Arts Society at New York, Dec. 30. Death of General Benjamin F. Butler, Jan. 11. Senate passes the Seal Protection Bill, Jan. 13. Commercial treaty with Spain signed, June 26. Transfer of the Weather Bureau to the Agricultural Department, June 30. \$500.00 accepted from the Itata for violation of the U. S. Navigation laws, July. Libel filed against the arms and ammunition on the Itata, at San Diego, July 12. Statue of Stonewall Jackson unvelled at Lexington, Va., July 21. Smokeless powder used for the first time by the U. S. Government, July 25. The "Majestic" breaks the ocean record, time being 5d. 18h. 8m., Aug. 5. Cherokee strip in Indian Territory closed to Whites, Aug. 13. Rain-making experiment at Midland, Texas, Aug. 19. The "Teutonic" breaks the trans-Atlantic record of the "Majestic," time 5d. 16h. 31m., Aug. 19. Indian lands of Oklahoma opened, Sept. 22. 1893 Jan. 13. Death of ex-President R. B. Hayes, Jan. 17. Hawaiian Provisional Government pro-claimed, supported by U. S. authori-tics, Jan. 17. Death of James G. Blaine, statesman, Jan. 27. Russian Extradition Treaty confirmed, Feb. 8. 1877 ceeding. Two-cent letter postage goes into effect Two-ceni letter postage goes into effect throughout the United States, Oct. 1. Serious riot at Danville, Va., between negroes and white military, Nov. 3. Dakota adopted a constitution erecting Southern Dakota into a State, Nov. 6. Festivals in honor of the 400th anni-versary of Luther's birth, Nov. 10-11. 48th Congress organized. 1884 House repeals the iron-clad oath law, Jan. 21. March 2. Blue Glass mania. Death of Cornelius Vanderbilt, June 4. Great Railroad riots, East and West, Feb. 8. Conflict of rival Legislatures in Kansas, Feb. 21-25. Rank of American Ambassador estab-lished, March 1. Inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4 July and August. Yellow fever epidemic along the Lower Mississippi. 1878 to the commany of the rest of Meeting of the Alabama Claims Commis-sion, Feb. 27. 14. U. S. Senate rejects the Fisheries treaty, August 21. President's message to the U. S. Senate recommending enlarged powers under the Retailation act, August 23. Floods at Augusta, Ga., destroyed \$1,-000,000 worth of property, Sept. 12. Bill prohibiting coming of Chinese la-berers approved, Sept. 13. September wheat touched \$2 on Chicago Board of Trade, Sept. 29. U. S. Supreme Court sustains the con-stitutionality of the Iowa "Prohibitery Law," Oct. 22. The "Murchison" decoy letter to Lerd Sackville West made public, Oct. 24. Lord Sackville West, British Minister, dismissed by the President; the Republican candidates elected, Nov. 6. Official yellow fever bulletin gave total number of deaths 412, and of cases 4,705, at Jacksonville, Fla., Dec. 10. U. S. men-of-war Galena and Yantic sailed for Hayti to demand release of the Haytian Republic, Dec. 12. Great storm in Pennsylvania; many lives lost at Pittsburgh and Reading, Jan. 9. March 4. Behring Sea arbitration opened at Paris, France, April 10. President Cleveland opens World's Fair at Chicago, May 1. Chinese Exclusion Act goes into ef-22. Dedication of Pope Leo XIII. statue, presented to the Catholic University at Washington, Sept. 28. Leland Stanford, Jr., University at Palo Alto, Cal., opened, Oct. 1. Equestrian statue of General Grant at Lincoln Park, Chicago, unveiled, Oct. 7. sion, Feb. 27. Fenians attempt a second invasion of Canada, May 29. Death of Robert Dale Owen, June 24. The Colorado Petrified Glant humbug. Return of Henry M. Stanley from Afri-can explorations, August. Death of Brigham Young, Aug. 29. Death of Oliver P. Morton, Nov. 1. Earthquake shocks in New England and middle States. Jan. 21. Germany returns resolutions of the House laudatory of Ruskin, Feb. 15. United States Supreme Court affirms the constitutionality of Legal Tender Act, March 3. at Chicago, May 1. Chinese Exclusion Act goes into ef-fect, May 1. Governor Altgeld pardons Chicago an-archists, June 28. Extra session of Congress called June 30. March 3. Mexican War pension bill passes House, March 3. The Senate ratifies commercial treaty with Mexico, March 11. Defeat of Morrison Tariff bill, May 6. Congress appropriates \$1,000,000 for New Orleans Exposition, May 8. Great panic in Wall street; Failure of Grant and Ward and others, May 6-14. Relief expedition rescues survivors of Commercial treaty with Germany con-Commercial treaty with Germany concluded, Oct. 11. Shoshone and Arapahoe Indians sell cnemillion acres of land to the Government at 55 certs an acre, Oct. 16. U. S. Government demands reparation from Chili for assault on the crew of the Baltimore, Oct. 26. Argument in the Sayward case, to test U. S. jurisdiction over Behring Sea, begun in the U. S. Supreme Court, Nov. 9. Extra session of Congress called June 30. Great fire at World's Fair, 24 lives lost, July 10. Behring Sea arbitrators award in favor of England, Aug. 15. Great storm on South Atlantic coast, Aug. 28. Wabash railroad accident at Kingsbury, 14 killed, 45 wounded, Sept. 22. Chicago Day at the World's Fair, attendance 716,881, Oct. 9. World's Fair closed at Chicago, Oct. 30. Repeal of the Silver Purchase Clause Act of 1890, Nov. 1. New York Court of Appeals decides that foreign corporations may hold real estate in New York State, Jan. 16. Wilson Tariff Bill and Income Tax passes the House, Jan. 31. U. S. Warship Kearsarg, famous as the destroyer of the Confederate Alabama, wrecked on Roncador Reef, Feb. 2. New York Courts W. Childs philarthromiddle States middle States. Ku-Klux Bill passed by Congress. Death of Benjamin F. Wade, March 2. Development of the telephone ar and phonograph. Bankrupt Repeal Bill passed, May 10. Death of William Cullen Bryant, June Relief expedition rescues survivors of the Greely Arctic expedition, at Cape Sabine, June 22. President vetoes the Fitz-John Porter bill, July 2. Indian outbreak in Washington Terrib. S. jurisdiction over Benring Sea, begun in the U. S. Supreme Court, Nov. 9. Congress met; Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, chosen Speaker, Dec. 7. Stevens County, Kan., war again breaks out, Jan. 5. Inter-State Commerce Commission appointed by the President, Jan. 5. Terrible mine explosion at McAlester, Ind. Ter., nearly 100 lives lost, Jan. 7. Secretary Blaine notifies foreign countries of retallatory measures, as required by the Tariff Law, Jan. 8. Special message to Congress from the President, recommending financial aid to the World's Columbian Exhibition, Feb. 24. The President submits correspondence with England to Congress, regarding Behring Sea controversy, March 9. Ex-Congressman W. R. Morrison selected as President of the Inter-State Commerce Commission, vice Judge Cooley, resigned, March 21. Free Silver coinage debate in Congress, March 22-24. French Extradition Treaty signed, March 25. The Silver bill shelved, March 28. The Free Wool bill passed April 7. Diplomatic intercourse with Italy renewed, April 14. Sisseton Reservation, S. D., opened, April 16. tory, July. Chinese Embassy visits the United States bill, July 2. Corner-stone of the Bartholdi Statue of Liberty laid, Aug. 6. The general election resulted in the election of Grover Cleveland, who car-ried 20 States, securing 219 electoral votes against 182 for James G. Blaine, Silver Bill passed by both Houses of 1892 Congress. Yellow fever in the South. Gold sold at par—the first time since 1862—Dec. 17. Resumption of specie payments, Jan. 1. Death of Richard Henry Dana, Feb. 2. Great fire at Reno, Nev., March 2. New Constitution of California adopted, May 2. Congress. 1894 1889 1879 Jan. 9. Niagara Suspension Bridge blown down at 3 a. m. Jan 10 Nov. 4 Nov. 4. Opening of the 48th Congress, Dec. 1. 1885 Grover Cleveland resigns the New York governorship, Jan. 6. Dedication of the Washington monu-ment, the tallest structure known, 555 feet, Feb. 21. Occupation of Aspinwall, S. A., by United States troops. Inauguration of Grover Cleveland as President, March 4. New Orleans Exposition opened, Dec. 16. Treaty with Colombian Government, providing a joint protectorate over the Isthmus, May 5. The Revised Old Testament and com-plete Bible published, May 18. Death of Gen. U. S. Grant, at Mt. Mc-Gregor, N. Y., aged 63, July 23. Grant memorial services held at West-minster Abbey, London, Aug. 4. Death of Vice-President T. A. Hen-dricks, aged 66, Nov. 25. 1886 The Presidential succession act signed Jan. 19. Controversy between the Senate and President ouer rescance for a monvine Opening of the 48th Congress, Dec. 1. at 3 a. m., Jan. 10. Department of Agriculture created, Ma Death of William Lloyd Garrison, May 2. Death of George W. Childs, philanthro-pist and journalist, at Philadelphia, Feb. 3. Greater New York bill signed by the Governor, Feb. 28. President Cleveland vetoes the Bland Silver bill, March 30. Behring Sea proclamation issued, April 10. 24. Terrible tornado in Kansas, Nebraska and Missouri, May 30. Bill to erect a monument on site of Washington's birthplace, passes both Houses, June 10. Waterspout in Black Hills causes great loss of property and life, June 12. Disastrous storms east and west, July. Great fire at Deadwood, Dak, Sept. 26. Death of Gen. Joseph Hooker, Oct. 31. Caleb Cushing dies at Madrid. "Exodus" of negroes from South to West. The States of North and South Dakota, Montana and Washington, created by Congress, Feb. 20. Benjamin Harrison inaugurated Presi-dent, March 4. Oklahoma proclamation issued, May 27. Opening of the Oklahoma country, April 22. 10. Unconstitutionality of the South Carolina Dispensary law declared, April 19. 136,000 coal miners ordered to strike in Ohio, April 20. Coxey's army invaded Washington, D. C., April 29. Dr. Talmage's Tabernacle in Brooklyn destroyed by fire, May 13. 177 buildings burned by fire at Boston, May 15. Centennial of Washington's inaugura-Contennal or Washington's inaugura-tion, April 30. Murder of Dr. Cronin at Chicago, May 4. Destruction by flood of Johnstown, Pa.; 5,000 to 10,000 lives lost; over \$20,000,-000 worth of property destroyed, May 21 West. James Russell Lowell made Minister to England. Fall elections favor Republicans. 1880 Death of Frank Leslie, Jan. 10. City Hall, Albany, destroyed by fire, Feb. 10. Terrific tornado sweeps over parts of Western and Southern States, April 8. Great forest fires in Southern New Jer-sey, April and May. Collision on Long Island Sound destroys the steamers "Narragansett" and "Stonington". Centennial celebration of the capture of Andre, Sept. 23. Garfield and Arthur nominated by Chi-cago Republican Convention, June 9; Hancock and English by Cincinnati Democratic Convention, the Repub-lican candidates secured 213 out of 369 electoral votes, Nov. 6. 1881 Electoral College vote counted, Feb. 9. Three per cent. funding bill passed, March 2. Steamer Corwin sails for the Arctic re-gions in search of the Arctic re-gions in search of the Arctic re-Russell Lowell made Minister to Judge D. S. Terry shot by U. S. Mar-shal Nagle, defending Justice Field, Aug. 14. International Marine Congress meets at 177 buildings burned by fire at Boston, May 15. American Railway Union boycotts Pull-man Car Company. Affected 50,000 miles of railroad, June 25. Armor-plate frauds detected, June 29. U. S. Court enjoins strikers from inter-fering with railroad trains, July 2. Railroad mobs destroy property in and near Chicago, July 6-10. Railroad strike declared off, July 13. Utah Enabling Act signed, July 17. American marines landed at Seoul, Corea, July 27. Work resumed at Pulman, Ill., Aug. 2. Hawaiian Republic officially recognized, Aug. 9. May 15. April 15. Revenue steamers ordered to Behring Sea, April 16. Copyright agreement with Germany signed, April 16. The President approves Behring Sea modus vivendi, April 18. U. S. Commercial Treaty between Switzerland and Italy, signed April 19. The President invites foreign nations to participate in an international Silver Conference, April 21. The President lays Grant monument corner stone, New York City, April 27. Chinese Exclusion bill signed, May 5. Terrible floods in the Mississippi Valee, May 8-15. Wyoming appoints women to National Republican Convention, May 7. The Alliance party proposes a new currency, May 8. The Pope approves Archbishop Ireland's Educational, Policy, May 10. Association of American authors formed, May 17. Revenue steamers ordered to Behring Washington, Oct. 16. North and South Dakota admitted by proclamation, Nov. 2. Jan. 19. Controversy between the Senate and President over reasons for removing public officers, Jan. 25. 400 Chinamen driven from Seattle, W. Ter., by a mob, Feb. 9. Death of General Winfield Scott Han-cock, aged 61, Feb. 9. Blair Educational Bill passes the Sen-ate. March 5. Jordia and Souri Datota admitted Dyproclamation, Nov. 2. Trial of Cronin suspects begun Aug. 30, ended Dec. 16. Coughin, Sullivan and Burke found guilty, and received life sentences; Kunze, imprisonment three years; Beggs found not guilty. David J. Brewer appointed a Supreme Court Justice, Dec. 4. Death of Jefferson Davis, late President of the Confederate States, Dec. 6. Appointment of Special World's Fair Committee, Jan. 18. La Grippe er Influenza prevalent throughout the Northern and Western Blair Educational Bill passes the Senate, March 5. Bill for free and unlimited coinage of silver defeated, April 8. Chicago Anarchist riot, 6 police killed and 61 wounded, May 4. Anarchists indicted at Chicago, May 27. President Cleveland married to Miss Frances Folsom, June 2. Decomprepring bill passes the Senate 1890 Aug. 9. 68 factories close at Fall River, 20,000 68 factories close at Fall River, 20,000 men idle, Aug. 13. United States recognizes the sover-eignty of Nicaragua over the Mosquito Coast, Aug. 26. New Tariff becomes a law, without the President's signature, Aug. 27. Earthquake with great loss of life at Uvalde, Texas, Aug. 31. Reciprocity Treaty with Cuba cancelled by Spain, Sept. 3. President Cleveland's Hawaiian letter first published, Sept. 5. Ammesty granted polygamists in Utah, Sept. 27. Death of Prof. David Swing at Chicago, Oct. 3. throughout the Northern and Western State Death of Gen. Crook, at Chicago, March Oleomargarine bill passes the Senate, Morrison Tariff bill defeated, June 17. House of Representatives passed bill House of Representatives passed bill repealing the pre-emption, timber culture and desert-land laws, June 7. Bill to repeal the Civil Service law in-definitely postponed by the Y Act approved providing for the World's Act approved providing for the World's Columbian Exposition, at Chicago, April 25. Death of Gen. Fremont, at New York City, July 13. March 2. Steamer Corwin sails for the Arctic re-gions in search of the Jeannette, March 4. May 17. Reciprocity with Guatemala goes into effect. May 30. James G. Blaine resigns as Secretary of State, June 4. Republican National Convention held, Revised New Testament issued, May 20. Star route frauds exposed, May 26. The great comets of 1881 first seen, June definitely postponed by the U. S. Sen-ate, June 18. First execution by electricity, at Au-burn, N. Y., Wm. Kemmler, Aug. 6. First legislature of Oklahoma meets, Aug. 31. ate, June 18. Congress requires the Treasury to issue small denomination silver certificates, July 24. The President warns office holders against attempts to control political movements, July. Death of Samuel J. Tilden, aged 74, Aug. 4. Sitting Bull, Chief of the Sioux, sur-Act forbidding the use of the mails for renders, July 31. James A. Garfield inaugurated, March 4. Contest between Garfield and Senator Conkling (N. Y.) about New-York Col-lectorship, May. Commercial treaty with China signed, May. 5 June 7. Oct. 3. Death of Oliver Wendell Holmes, Oct. 7. Government offers to arbitrate in the Japan-China war, Nov. 6. Famous Mora case settled with Spain. Cotton States Exposition at Atlanta, Ga., Benjamin Harrison and Whitelaw Reid lottery purposes, approved Sept. 19. he McKinley tariff bill takes effect, The Mc Oct. 6. nominated, June 10. Democratic National Convention held. June 21 Grover Cleveland and Adlai Stevenson nominated, June 23. Peary Arctic relief expedition sails, _June 27. 1895

Death of Samuel J. Tilden, aged 74, Aug. 4.
Chicago anarchists to the number of 8, found guilty of murder, Aug. 20.
Earthquake at Charleston, S. C., destroying \$5,000,000 worth of property and 57 lives, Aug. 30-31.
Surrender of the Apache chief Geronimo and his band, Sept. 4.
Death of Ex-President Chester A. Arthur, aged 56.
Bill to regulate the counting of electoral votes passed, Dec. 9.
1887 Inter-State Commerce bill signed, Feb. 4.
Belmont Retallation bill passed, March 2.
Bill to redeem trade dollars passed, March 19.
Inter-State Commerce commission appointed, March 22.
Mormon convention at Salt Lake City adopt a Constitution, July 1.
Defeat of the Scotch cutter Thistle by the America volunteer in race for "America volunteer in race for "America cup," Sept. 27 and 30.
President and Mrs. Cleveland leave Washington for a Western trip.
Mormon convention of monogamists petition Congress for admission of Utah as a State, Oct. 8.
United States Supreme Court refuses to interfere with the finding of Ulib. United States Supreme Court refuses to interfere with the finding of Illi-nois courts in anarchist cases, Nov. 1. Governor Oglesby commutes death sen-tences of Schwab and Fielden to life imprisonment, Nov. 10. Hanging, at Chicago, of the anarchists Parsons, Spieş, Engel and Fischer, Nov. 11. Nov. 11. Republican National Committee select Chicago for National Convention, June 16, 1888. Dec. 8. 16, 1888. Dec. 8.
Terrible blizzard in Minnesota, Dakota and Iowa; 200 lives lost, Jan. 12.
Inter-State Commission confirmed by the U. S. Senate, Jan. 16.
Fisheries treaty with Great Britain signed at Washington, Feb. 15.
Strike of engineers and firemen on the C., B. & Q. R. R. began Feb. 25. 1888

Oct. 6. General election; next House of Repre-sentatives Democratic, Nov. 4. The 51st Congress convenes, Dec. 1. Sitting Bull and seven other Indians killed near Standing Rock Agency, Dec. 15.

1896 Utah, 45th State, admitted, Jan. 6.

Commercial treaty With China Signal, May 5. Great Britain pays £15,000 award for damage done to American fisheries in Fortune Bay affair. Assassination of President Garfield by Charles J. Guiteau, at Baltimore rail-way depot in Washington, July 2. Death of President Garfield at Elberon, N. J., Sept. 19, burial at Cleveland, Sept. 26. Sept. 26. Vice President Arthur becomes Presi-dent, Sept. 26. Special session of the Senate, Oct. 10. The celebrated Guiteau trial begins, The celet Nov. 14. News of destruction of Jeannette, Arctic News of destruction of Jeannette, Arctic exploring vessel, Dec. 30. 1882 Guiteau convicted Jan. 25; sentenced Feb. 4: hanged June 30. Anti-Chinese bill (twenty years) passed March 23; vetoed by the President April 4. Senate passes Edmunds Anti-Polygamy Bill, Feb. 16; approved March 23. Apportionment bill passes the House, Feb. 17. Great Mississippi overflow, wide destruc-Great Mississippi overflow, wide destruc-tion and loss of life. 'tariff Commission Bill passes both Houses, May 6-9; approved May 15. Jill extending National Bank charters passed both Houses, May 19. Violent cyclone at Grinnell, Ia., June 8. Second Anti-Chinese bill (ten years) passed; signed by President Arthur, May 6. Collision of the Scioto on Ohio river, 59 persons drowned, July 4. Persons drowned, July 4. River and Harbor Bill passed over the President's veto, Aug. 2. Return of the survivors of the North Pole expedition. Pole expedition. Star Route trial ended by verdict of jury, Sept. 11, acquitting Turner, con-victing Miner and Rerdell, and dis-agreeing as to Brady, the Dorsey brothers, and Vail. Steamer Asia founders on Lake Huron, 100 lives lost, Sept. 14. Utah Commission completes registration of voters, Sept.

Battle of Wounded Knee, between the 7th Cavalry and hostile Indians, Dec. 28. 7th Cavalry and hostile Indians, Dec. 28.
1891 Death of George Bancroft, historian, at Washington, Jan. 17.
Death of Wm. Windom at a banquet in New York, Jan. 29.
International Monetary Congress met at Washington, Jan. 7.
Application before the U. S. Supreme Court for a prohibition to the U. S. District Court on its decision in the Behring Sea difficulty by Canadian representatives, Jan. 12.
Sioux Indian war ended by submission of the Hostiles, Jan. 12.
Sioux Indian war ended by submission of the Hostiles, Jan. 15.
Beciprocity treaty with Brazil announced, Feb. 5.
Death of Admiral David D. Porter, at Washington, Feb. 13.
Death of Gen. Wm. T. Sherman, at Washington, Feb. 14.
Charles Foster, of Ohio, appointed Secretary of the Treasury, Feb. 21.
Copyright bill passed Congress, March 3.
French Spoliation Bill passed, March 3.
The Copyright bill becomes a law, March 4.
The Enlistment of Indians in the U. S. The Enlistment of Indians in the U.S. army authorized March 6. Proposed arbitration of Behring Sea dis-pute, March 11. Lynching of 11 Italians at New Orleans, March 14. March 14. Nicaragua Canal Party sails, March 14. American Society of Authors formed for the protection of writers, March 30. Recall of the Italian Minister, Baron Fava, March 31. 25th anniversary of the founding of the Grand Army of the Republic, April 6. Ground broken for the Grant' Monu-ment, New York City, April 27.

Homestead, Pa., Steel Works closed, June 30. Prohibitionists nominate John Bidwell Prohibitionists nominate John Bidwell for President, July 1.
People's Party nominate James B. Weaver for President, July 4.
Slaughter of Pinkerton men at Home-stead, July 6.
National Christian Endeavor Society Convention at New York, July 7.
Pennsylvania troops take possession of Homestead, Pa., July 10.
Bill to close the World's Fair on Sup-Homestead, Pa., July 10.
Bill to close the World's Fair on Sundary passes both Houses, July 14.
Great storms in Minnesota, July 30.
The President proclaims Oct. 12 a National holiday, July 21.
H. C. Frick, chairman Carnegie Steel Co., shot by Berkman, July 23.
George Shiras confirmed by the Senate as Associate Justice U. S. Supreme Court, July 26.
Inman Steamer City of Paris breaks the Ocean Record, 5d. 15h. 58m., July 27.
Central Labor Union rejects anarchistic resolutions, July 30. resolutions, July 30. Congress appropriates \$2,500,000 to the World's Fair, Aug. 5. Chinese sailors forbidden employment on American ships, Aug. 5. International Monetary representatives appointed by the President, Aug. 7. Trouble among East Tennessee mifers, Aug. 13. Railroad strike of switchmen at Buf-falo, great destruction of progerty, Aug. 14. The President proclaims retaliation Aug. 14. The President proclaims retaliation against Canada on canals, Aug. 20. Nancy Hanks again breaks the trotting record, 2.05¼, Aug. 31. Death of George William Curtis, author and journalist, Aug. 31. Cholera brought to New York City by Hamburg steamer Monrovia, Aug.31. Nelson beats the stallion record, 2.13¼, Aug. 31.

opened.
1896 Utah, 45th State, admitted, Jan. 6.
William McKiniey elected President of the U. S., Nov. 3.
1897 U. S. Senate passed resolution for recog-nition of belligerency of Cuba, May 20.
Great Gold Discoveries of Klondyke, July 15.
1868 U. S. Battleship Maine destroyed by ex-plosion in Havana harber, Feb. 15.
Independence of Cuba recognized by re-solution of Congress, April 19; and Pre-sident's proclamation calling for 123,000 volunteers, April 23.
Commodore Dewey destroyed Spanish fleet in Manila Bay, May 1.
Squadron under Schley and Sampson destroyed Spanish fleet under Cervera off Santiago de Cuba, July 3.
Peace protocol signed, and President's proclamation issued suspending hostili-ties, Aug. 12.
1899 Beginning of war for suppression of Aguinaldo and his followers; Filiping Insurgents inaugurated general engage-ment, Feb. 4.
Peace Treaty with Spain ratified by the U. S. Senate, Feb. 6.
1900 City of Galveston, Tex., destroyed by hur-ricane, Sept. 8; 6000 lives lost.
Twelfth Census of U. S. gives population 76,295,320.
1901 President Wm. McKinley inaugurated for

76,295,220.
1901 President Wm. McKinley inaugurated for second term, March; assassinated, Sept. 6; died, Sept. 14.
1902 Great anthracite coal-miner strike vegan, May.
1903 Iroquois Theatre, Chicago, burned Dec. 30, 600 lives lost.
1904 Theodore Roosevelt elected President, Nov. 6.
1905 Wireless message sent from Kansas City to Cleveland, a distance of 725 miles, Jan. 15.
1907 Great financial depression, Oct.

Jan. 15.
1907 Great financial depression, Oct.
1908 Boyertown, Pa. theatre burned, 175 lives lost, January.

