

16 Oct 1947

Arrest of SHIMADA, Tamejiro

Capt. Paul T. Dupell
CIE&E Officer

Chief, Internal Affairs Section

1. At 1930 hours, 15 Oct 1947, SHIMADA, Tamejiro, was arrested at the home of Capt. Dupell, Washington Heights, 443-A, for offering a bribe to Capt. Dupell.

2. The following information is furnished:

a. Since 8 October 1947, SHIMADA, Tamejiro, has been being investigated by the undersigned for violations of SCAPIN 212, AG 350 (30 Oct 45) CIE, subject: "Investigation, Screening, and Certification of Teachers and Educational Officials", dated 30 October 1945; and for violations of Article 3, Government Ordinance 62, 21 May 1947. So overwhelming was the evidence that it was recommended on 14 October 1947 that SHIMADA be tried by Prevest Court.

b. At 1800 hours, 15 October 1947, SHIMADA had one of his interpreters telephone the undersigned to make arrangements for a meeting "to discuss the investigation". Suspecting a bribe offer, Capt. Dupell notified the Tokyo CID.

c. At 1800 hours, 15 Oct 1947, Tokyo Special CID Agents Mr. R.B. Rossei and Mr. Jean Sekelich reported at the home of Capt. Dupell, Washington Heights 443-A.

d. At 1820 hours, 15 Oct 1947, SHIMADA, Tamejiro presented himself at Capt. Dupell's home. Mr. James K. Kobayashi, SAC, Education Specialist of the CIE&E Office, was present to act as an interpreter and as a witness. After preliminary discussions, SHIMADA laid a bundle of yen on a table in the living room of Capt. Dupell's home. SHIMADA stated that the money (\$5,000) was offered to have the investigation of the Tokyo Conversation School, 10-1 enome, Taone-kanda, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo-to stopped or hushed so that SHIMADA would not be tried. SHIMADA further

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... offered Capt. Dupell \$5,000 a month to act as a "private advisor" for as long as he remained in Japan. Before anything else could be said, the Tokyo CID Special Agents entered the living room, presented their credentials, and arrested SHIMADA. SHIMADA will be prosecuted in Provost Court by Tokyo CID.

3. An information copy of this report and an information copy of a check sheet from Chief, Internal Affairs Section, Tokyo Det, to Chief Internal Affairs Section, TKMGD, subj: "Provost Court Trial of SHIMADA, Tamejiro, dtd 14 October 1947," has been furnished Tokyo CID.

-PAUL E. DUPELL, O-565845-
Captain, Air Corps
16 Oct. 1947

FROM: Chief, Internal Affairs Tokyo Det. TO: Chief, Internal Affairs TKMGD
Forwarded for information of the District Commander.

FELLHAUER

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AG-HW

10 Oct 1947

Community Chest

Chief, Int. Affairs
Tokyo Det.

Chief, Int. Affairs
TKMGD

1) The Director, Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-To has invited a representative of the TKMGD to address an organizational conference on the establishment of a Tokyo-To Community Chest called by the Tokyo-To Governor on 21 October 1947 at the Kogyo Club, Tokyo. It was suggested that the TKMGD representative speak on Community Chests in the U.S.

2) Request indication whether it is desired that a TKMGD representative address the conference cited above. If a speech is to be made, to whom will the draft of the speech be submitted for approval ?

----- FELLHAUER -----

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Correspondence
W

Sept. 29, 1947.

To : Tokyo detachment of Tokyo Kanagawa Military Government.
(Public Welfare Section)
Attention : Mrs. E. Callow,
from : Director of Public Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-to.

About the scene of the wounded soldiers

In replying to what you asked us about the scene of the wounded soldiers raising money on the street at the time of your inspection made on Sept. 22th afternoon, we would like to inform you as follows.

that is,

By your suggestion, we made our officials to inspect the real condition of the said subject around 4chome at Ginza at three times, namely, at 5, p. m. on Sept. 22th, at 11, a. m. on 23rd, and at 2, p. m. on 24th, we could see no such wounded soldiers as raising money on the street.

Signature :

M. Uehira

Director of Public Welfare Bureau
Tokyo-to.

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Tokyo detachment of Tokyo Kanagawa
Military Government (Public Welfare Section)

Attention; Mrs. E. Callow.

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Director of Public Welfare
Bureau Tokyo-to

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Correspondence

Aug 21, 1947

To: Tokyo Kanagawa Military Government District, Tokyo Detachment.

From: Public Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-to.

Subject: Concerning the report on the improvement of the Nagaura Welfare Detention Farm.

The following are the report on the improvement of certain deficiencies in the operation of the Nagaura Welfare Detention farm, which were pointed out by your officer in Chiba Military Government Team.

A. The inmates are being supplied enough food both in quality and quantity, as they are distributed extra supplies, released army food materials and also productions from their own farm.

B. As for clothings, they are now in different clothes and their old ones were wasted and mended already.

C. Concerning their health conditions, the physical examination was given to all the inmates by ~~village~~ village Doctor, Tatsuo Sato and we found no inmates needs medical treatment and since then, the physical examination has been given to them more than twice a week, and at the same time, they have been given extra food supplies and increased food stuffs of side-food as the nutritious food concerning the promotion of their health.

II. As to the sanitary conditions.

A. The latrines were moved to 24 feet from the mess hall, as they located only 15 feet, before, and the facilities were improved as follows;--

One flat building roofed with cypress barks was newly built, and it has 3,75 tsubo and its basement and other facilities were reconstructed with concrete, (started the enterprise on April 21 and finished on April 30)

B. As to the drainage and ditch.

We have ordered to have new drain pipe and have closed the ditch with wood.

In order to make the drainage of the bath water complete, we are planning to have drain of 110 meters length.

C. As to the kitchen facilities, the plan is follows;

floor _____ 14 tsubo wide

windows _____ are to be repaired ----- 4 places

ware -house --- 1 building is to be build.

roofs ----- are to be repaired (about 2 tsubos)

cooking range ----- is to be newly builbuilt.

well ----- is to be repaired.

D. As to the bath, wash -room and laundry places, the new facilities are planned as follows;

1. One wooden flat building roofed with crustomeria barks of 18 tsubo wide, and laundry accomodation, water services and drainage facilities are under construction.

E. Improvement of living rooms.

Tatami (matting) was changed

shoji (sliding screen paper) pasted new paper tp the sliding screen.

Beddings were repaired, and letrines which attached to the dwelling room was taken off already.

3. Clinic facilities.

A. One more ~~nurse~~ nurse was engaged for the completeness of health condition.

4. As to the female attentions;

They were not attendants, but inmates, according to the latest investigation and they were prohibited to engage in any task, hereafter.

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to welfare.

EWS

HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181

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MAF/mm

25 July 1947

AG-HW

SUBJECT: Nagaura Welfare Detention Farm of Tokyo-To in Chiba Prefecture

TO: Director, Public Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-To

1. Reference is made to letter of this office dated 11 June 1947 on the captioned subject requesting report on action taken to correct deficiencies found at the Tokyo-To Nagaura Welfare Detention Farm, Daijuku, Nagaura-mura, Kimitsu-gun.

2. Written report on action taken in this matter is requested within fifteen days.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WILLIAM J. HEASER, Jr.
1st Lt. Infantry
Adjutant

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HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181

MAF/mn

AG - PE

11 June 1947

SUBJECT: Tokyo-To Naguara Welfare Detention Farm in Chiba Prefecture
TO : Director, Public Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-To

1. Report has been received from the Chiba Military Government Team revealing certain serious deficiencies in the operation of the Naguara Welfare Detention Farm which call for immediate correction. The Chiba Military Government Team report is quoted as follows:

"An inspection was made of the Tokyo-To Naguara Welfare Detention Farm, Daijuku, Naguara-mura, Kimitsu-gun. The following deficiencies were observed: Inmates are not segregated, food was not suitable as to quality, sanitary conditions were deplorable (latrines located about fifteen (15) feet from the mess hall and kitchen were overflowing and allowed to drain off in an open ditch about one (1) yard from the kitchen door). Condition of clothing was poor, the general physical condition of the inmates was below standard, and no provisions existed to separate the inmates when ill. Two (2) of the female attendants were mental cases. No attempt was made to further any educational program for the inmates. The source of inmates for this welfare farm or detention home is the Tokyo-To Workhouse. Prefectural authorities are not permitted to exercise any control over this farm. The director was ordered to immediately correct all unsatisfactory conditions."

2. Request prompt report on action taken by your office to correct the deficiencies enumerated in par. 1.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WILLIAM J. HEASER, JR.
1st Lt. Infantry
Adjutant

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Ltr. Hq Eighth Army, file AG 000.6 JA (MG-1), subj: "Tokyo-to Naguara Welfare Detention Farm in Chiba Prefecture," dtd 5 June 1947

AG-IA 000.6

1st Ind

Headquarters, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District, APO 503,
6 June 1947

TO: Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District,
Tokyo Detachment, APO 181.

Forwarded for your information and any action deemed necessary.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL MELBERG:

GEORGE D. FEATHERSTON
Captain MAC
Asst. Adjutant

FROM

TO

REF NO

SUBJECT

DATE

CHECK SHEET

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT

775 013

HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

AG 000.6 JA (MG-1)

SUBJECT: Tokyo-To Nagaura Welfare Detention Farm in Chiba Prefecture

TO : Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Nagawa Military Government
District, APO 503

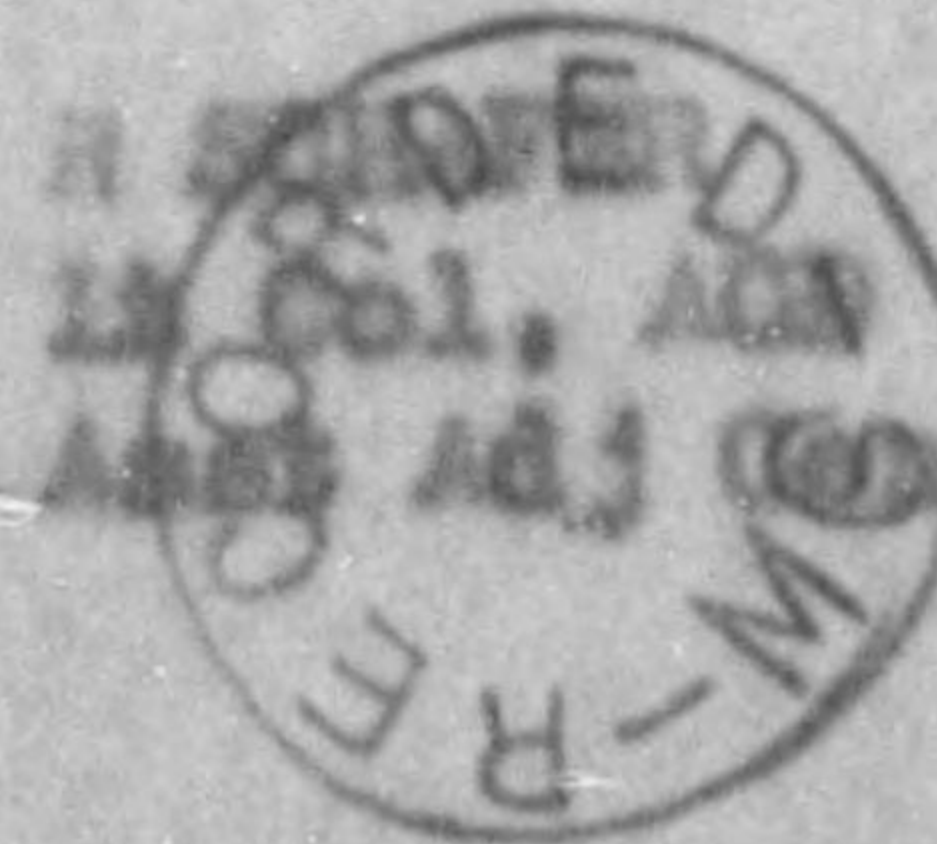
5 JUN 1947

1. The following paragraph was extracted from the April report of Public and Private Welfare Activities of Chiba Military Government Team.

"An inspection was made of the Tokyo-To Nagaura Welfare Detention Farm, Daifuku, Nagaura-mura, Kimitsu-gun. The following deficiencies were observed: Inmates are not segregated, food was not suitable as to quality, sanitary conditions were deplorable (latrines located about fifteen (15) feet from the mess hall and kitchen were overflowing and allowed to drain off in an open ditch about one (1) yard from the kitchen door). Condition of clothing was poor, the general physical condition of the inmates was below standard, and no provisions existed to separate the inmates when ill. Two (2) of the female attendants were mental cases. No attempt was made to further any educational program for the inmates. The source of inmates for this welfare farm or detention home is the Tokyo-To Workhouse. Prefectural authorities are not permitted to exercise any control over this farm. The Director was ordered to immediately correct all unsatisfactory conditions."

2. The above report is forwarded for your information and any action deemed necessary.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:



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Ltr, Hq Eighth Army, file AG 000.6 JA (MG-1), subj: "Tokyo-to Naguara Welfare Detention Farm in Chiba Prefecture," dtd 5 June 1947

AG-IA 000.6

1st Ind

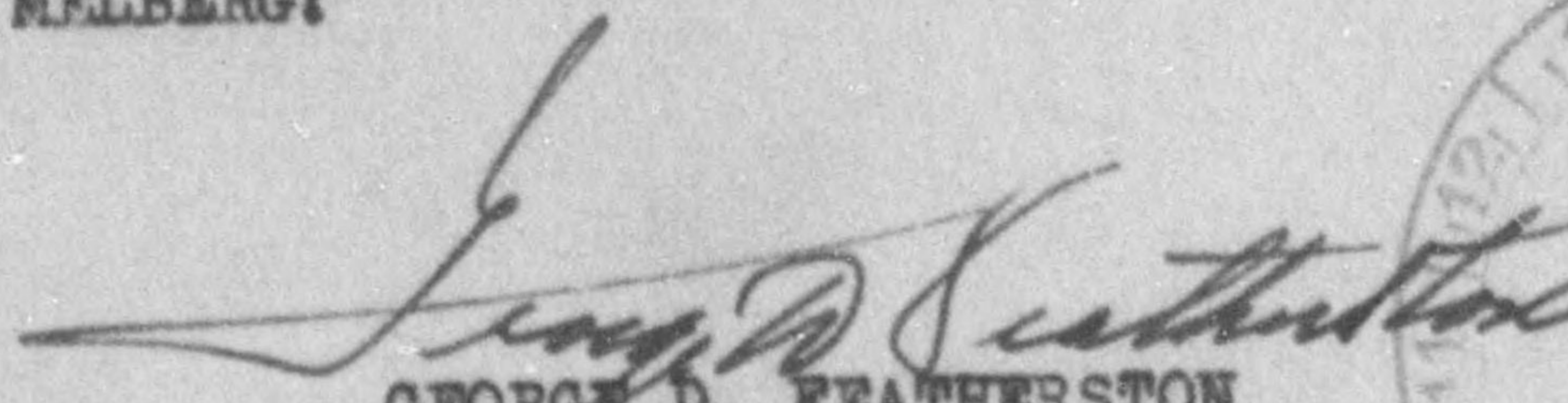
Headquarters, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District, APO 503,
6 June 1947

TO: Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District,
Tokyo Detachment, APO 181.

JUN 9 1947
A603

Forwarded for your information and any action deemed necessary.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL MELBERG:



GEORGE D. FEATHERSTON
Captain MAC
Asst. Adjutant



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HEADQUARTERS EIGHTH ARMY
United States Army
Office of the Commanding General
APO 343

AG 000.6 JA (MG-I)

SUBJECT: Tokyo-To Naguara Welfare Detention Farm in Chiba Prefecture

TO : Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government
District, APO 503

5 JUN 1947

1. The following paragraph was extracted from the April report of Public and Private Welfare Activities of Chiba Military Government Team.

"An inspection was made of the Tokyo-To Naguara Welfare Detention Farm, Daijuku, Naguara-mura, Kimitsu-gun. The following deficiencies were observed: Inmates are not segregated, food was not suitable as to quality, sanitary conditions were deplorable (latrines located about fifteen (15) feet from the mess hall and kitchen were overflowing and allowed to drain off in an open ditch about one (1) yard from the kitchen door). Condition of clothing was poor, the general physical condition of the inmates was below standard, and no provisions existed to separate the inmates when ill. Two (2) of the female attendants were mental cases. No attempt was made to further any educational program for the inmates. The source of inmates for this welfare farm or detention home is the Tokyo-To Workhouse. Prefectural authorities are not permitted to exercise any control over this farm. The Director was ordered to immediately correct all unsatisfactory conditions."

2. The above report is forwarded for your information and any action deemed necessary.

BY COMMAND OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL EICHELBERGER:

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J. E. Schaffer
R SCHAFER
Lt Col, DAGD
Asst Adj Gen



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**HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181**

Calc
RAK/hk

16 Aug 1946

file
11B
SUBJECT: Care of Homeless Children in Tokyo-To.

**TO : Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District,
APO 503.**

In compliance with letter, Hq 8th Army, dtd 29 July 1946, File AG
COO.8, Subject: Care of Homeless Children in Japan, the attached re-
ports are hereby submitted for your information:

1. Report on Care of Homeless Children in Tokyo-To.
2. Report on Public Institutions in Tokyo-To.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

**KEVIN A. KASS
1st Lt, Sn C
Actg Adjutant**

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HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181

EAK/hk

16 Aug 1946

SUBJECT: Suggestions Pertaining to Care of Homeless Children In Japan.

TO : Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government District,
APO 503.

1. In compliance with letter, Hq 8th Army, dtd 29 July 1946, File AG 000.8, Subject: Care of Homeless Children in Japan, the following suggestions are submitted for your information.

2. One installation, the Tokyo Metropolitan Almshouse, caring for about one third of the homeless children in the city of Tokyo, was inspected by members of the Tokyo Detachment, Public Welfare Section, accompanied by officials of the Tokyo Metropolitan Office Board, Public Welfare Section, Relief Section. While the institution was clean, deficiencies were found as follows:

a. The food supply is inadequate, because of the delay in ration distribution, a city wide condition. In addition, the supplementary ration distribution is insufficient.

b. The scarcity of fuel has resulted in a totally inadequate supply of hot water for bathing.

c. There is a great deal of room for improvement in medical care. Many inmates were observed to have skin diseases, and the attending physicians had insufficient medications available.

3. Generally speaking, the welfare situation throughout Japan is a serious problem. The majority of government officials connected with welfare work are often bureaucrats rather than trained welfare workers, and their approach to the problems involved is superficial and inadequate. Furthermore, the few trained social workers available are insufficient to meet the conditions imposed by the present post war dislocation and economic upset. It is recommended that an American supervised social welfare training program be initiated for the Japanese at the earliest possible time.

4. With respect to Tokyo-to, the public welfare officials are willing, seem to have experience, and appear to be capable of handling normal situ-

ation. Again under the present circumstances with a limited budget and with food and supplies available for any one group only at someone else's expense, the officials would have a difficult time in meeting even their minimum requirements without the aid of American authorities. Since the economic situation may deteriorate in the future, or at best remain difficult for some time, it is deemed advisable for the Americans to take an active part in the Japanese welfare program. Even without training in social welfare, an American of sympathetic attitude and understanding can do much toward improving the present conditions.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

EDWIN A. KASS
1st Lt, Sn C
Actg Adjutant

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*File
Correspondence*HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181*MAF/RY*

AG-HW

1 August 1947

SUBJECT: Increase in Standard Daily Life Security Grants

THRU: Commanding Officer, Tokyo-Kanagawa Military Government
District, APO 503TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
(Attention: Military Government Section)

1. Reference is made to Letter No. SHI-84, The Social Bureau of Welfare Ministry to all Governors of Japan, subject: "Increase in government subsidy under the Daily Life Security Law," dated 1 July 1947.

2. It is noted that the allowance for a single person has been increased to ¥10.80 per day. This allowance per person is on a declining scale based upon the number of persons in a family. When the family exceeds five persons the additional rate per person is ¥3.20 per day. In contrast, the allowance for each person residing within an institution remains constant at ¥10.80 per day regardless of the number of inmates.

3. It is believed that there is cause to question the validity of a fixed allowance of ¥10.80 per day per institutional inmate. Institutional experience in the United States has proven that individual maintenance costs decline in relation to the volume of inmates. If there is a valid basis for the reduction in rate per person from ¥10.80 to ¥3.20 in families having more than five persons, a similar reduction appears indicated for institutional inmates. It is to be noted that there is an additional allowance to institutions of ¥1.33 per inmate for administrative expenses and that institutions receive L.A.R.A. supplies in addition.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

*ED*WILLIAM J. REASER, Jr.
1st Lt. Infantry
Adjutant

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HEADQUARTERS TOKYO-KANAGAWA
MILITARY GOVERNMENT DISTRICT
TOKYO DETACHMENT
APO 181

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MAP / tk

29 July 1947

AG-HW

Correspondence

SUBJECT: New Welfare Institutions

TO: Director, Public Welfare Bureau, Tokyo-To

1. This will confirm the conference between you and the Welfare Officer, TIMGD on 24 July 1947 in which it was definitely agreed that your office will not undertake any new construction or extension of Welfare institution of any type without prior written approval of this Military Government Office.

2. You will recall that the welfare officer specifically cautioned against the opening of a proposed new repatriates housing project by Doho Engo Kai in Minamitama Gun. Before any new projects are undertaken by this agency it is absolutely necessary that a thorough investigation be made of the eligibility of persons now residing in institutions of this agency.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER.

WILLIAM J. HEASER, JR.
1st Lt. Infantry
Adjutant

LIAISON OFFICE
GOVERNOR'S SECRETARIAT
TOKYO METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT

Nov. 1, 1946

SUBJECT : Information on the Public Welfare Administrations.

TO : Col. P. H. Sperati, Commanding Officer.
Hq. Tokyo-Kanagawa M.G.D. Tokyo Detachment.

1. Relief of vagrants.

Wholesale accommodation of the increasing vagrants and juvenile delinquents had been done from October 14. For six days from 14 to 19 of Oct., 456 vagrants (male 297 female 159), and 315 juveniles (male 278 female 37) have been found out as a result of the inspection of the Metropolis and they are now being accommodated and protected in the existing asylum and other protection facilities equipped by the Metropolis.

2. Nursing of children.

The Tokyo Metropolis is now performing the nursing works, aiming at the protection of labor classes livelihood in Tokyo and the complete growth of children, the Kanda-Hoiku-En (the Kanda Day-Nursery) and other 24 Day-Nurseries were set up for the unweaned children under-school age but more than that of six months after birth and for those of lower classes of the primary schools by the Metropolis in March of this year.

As of October 15, 2419 children are being nursed under the protection of those day-nurseries.

As of nursing in the daytime, the rent is at present six yen per month, but 177 children were exempted from the rent and 36 ones were reduced in rent during September. At present the relieved nursing is not being performed.

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3. Patients and deads in their trips.

In 1946			
	Patients	226	persons
	Deads	720	"
	Total	946	"

In April - September, 1946.			
	Patients	610	persons
	Deads	879	"
	Total	1489	"

In Sept. only			
	Patients	93	persons
	Deads	100	"
	Total	193	"

This statistics shows a tendency of some decrease.

FOR THE GOVERNOR:

Eiichi Isomura
 Eiichi Isomura
 Director of Liaison Office
 Tokyo Metropolitan Government.

Correspondence

LIAISON OFFICE
GOVERNOR'S SECRETARIAT
TOKYO METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT

Oct. 24, 1946

SUBJECT: Information on the Public Welfare Administrations.

TO : Col. P.H. Sperati, Commanding Officer,
Hq. Tokyo-Kanagawa M.G.D. Tokyo Detachment.

1. Needy persons.

The total number of needy persons in Tokyo as of Sept. 1 was 244,955 persons or 71,534 households, including not only those who can not support themselves but also those who are in danger of becoming unable to support themselves in case of being something wrong with them, though they are barely living at present.

2. Relief of vagrants.

The Metropolitan authorities conducted a series of wholesale rounds-up of vagrants, and accommodated them (1,954 man-vagrants including 512 females, and 1,555 children including 259 girls) in the Itabashi Orphanage and other public establishment under the direct control of the Metropolitan Government in the first half of this year (from April to Sept.), giving occupational assistance and guidance to those only who can work among them. Total number of accommodated vagrants as of Sept. 15 is 4,294 persons, of which 1,697 persons are now in the Itabashi Orphanage.

3. Relief of overseas repatriates.

Overseas repatriates' settlement in Tokyo is continuing smoothly. After the termination of war, 79,743 civilian repatriates and 154,007 ex-soldiers have settled in the Tokyo Metropolis by the end of August. We have not only prepared already ten temporary homes, but also ten permanent homes (about 5,100 persons' capacity) for those settled in Tokyo. With these steps, we are making every effort to rebuild their livings.

4. Livelihood protection.

From the view point of security of minimum livings for the destitute, a throughgoing improvement in general of social welfare works is now being scheduled by our authorities in accordance with the Livelihood Protection Law which has been put in force from Oct. 1. District commissioners, who appointed since 1920, have been revised to be "public welfare commissioners", strengthening their functions in order to assist the Governor of Tokyo Metropolis and mayors of cities, towns and villages fully and freely.

5. Providing and guidance of works.

For the purpose of guiding and providing with the works of women in general homes and also for ~~that~~ of protecting people's livelihood under middle class, twenty-five employment offices and other establishments are open at present. To teach foreign dress-making and to guide handicraft works, a dress-making section in Shiba-ku and a handicraft works section have been respectively and newly established.

6. Amusement and recreation.

In order to elevate the Tokyo citizen's cultural life, we are subsidizing to the Tokyo-to Travelling Moving - picture Association and the Tokyo-to Brass Band, both of which are the outside associations of the Tokyo Metropolitan Government.

FOR THE GOVERNOR:

Michi Isomura

Michi Isomura
Director of Liaison Office,
Tokyo Metropolitan Government

Y. Sasagawa,
Assistant of Liaison Office,
Tel. Maranouchi (23) 1181