

suspected of having attended "the Table-conference concerning the Bill of the Fisheries Law" sponsored by Shizuoka Prefecture and thus made political activities.

e. Same suspicion upon Yukinao KAWAI :

According to the recognition of an Investigation Section member of Kyoto Prefecture, subject is suspected of having attended an anti-communist speech meeting and made a speech against the communist party.

f. Suspicion upon Shigeo TANIGUCHI, Nobuya UCHIDA and Shuichi SASAKI of having established the continuency of their influence :

According to an investigation conducted by order of G.S. Authorities, Shigeo TANIGUCHI is suspected of having always kept in touch with purged persons, Nobuya UCHIDA and Shuichi SASAKI, while he was in office as President of the Ship Building Public Corporation and made such activities as to realize the establishment of the continuency of their influence or



made them take actions so as to assure such an effect by giving and taking benefits to and from one another in connection with the execution of his official business.

g. Suspicion upon Shigemi HANDO, Sadaji TAKAHASHI and Kyotaro <sup>U</sup>UHINA of having made political activities :

According to the report from Member of the Nagano Prefectural Assembly IWAKURO, subject is suspected of having taken an active part in the village administration as a member of the Promotion Committee for the Building of the Unified Middle School.

h. Same suspicion upon Teiji YAMAGUCHI and Kiyoshi TATEOKA :

According to the recognition of an investigation Section member of Saitama Prefecture, subject is suspected of having interfered in the village administration in connection with the issue of lowering the salaries of the Village Office employees.



i. Same suspicion upon Juzo KATO :

According to the report from Moritaro MASUDA, subject is suspected of having made political activities in connection with the separation problem of Hatogaya, Kawaguchi City where he lives now.

j. Same suspicion upon Sagenji MIYAZAWA :

According to the recognition of a Shin-etsu District Branch official, SIB, subject is suspected of having made a representation to the Authorities concerned as to the bank-revetment, of the River Sai and other matters as Vice-chief of the Zen-kojidaira Arable Land Readjustment Association.

k. Same suspicion upon Kichiro HARA :

According to the recognition of Secretary Hiroyoshi NISHIMURA of Shin-etsu District Branch, SIB, subject is suspected of having been engaged



in an election campaign for Women Candidate Tsune SEKI on the occasion of the last election for the House of Councillors.

1. Same suspicion upon Isamu NARUSHIMA :

According to an anonymous letter, subject is suspected of having been engaged in an election campaign for Ichiro ISHII who stood for the House of Councillors, especially he is suspected to have attended the general meeting of the Tobacco Industry cooperative Union of Chiba Prefecture and asked the attendants to vote for the candidate.

II.

a. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kiyotaka KUBOMURA, Tahei-ji SHIMIZU and Jutarō HASEGAWA :

A warning was given to each subject against his activities.

b. Same case by Sezo ONO:

A warning was given to each subject against his activities.



*Pending*

c. Movement of Tetsuo FURUKAWA :

A further investigation is to be made as to this case.

d. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kazuo SASAMOTO :

This case was closed without further action.

e. Suspected violation of the Ministries of Welfare, Transportation and Home Affairs Ordinance No. 1 of 1946 and the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Tomizo SASAKI :

SIB prosecuted the subject person to Chief Public Procurator of the Hiroshima District Public Procurator's Office.

f. Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by Kyuhei SAITO and Kaneo TOMIDOKORO.

A warning was given to each subject against his activity.



g. Same case by Hidegoro UCHIDA :

This case was referred to chief Public Procurator of the Tokyo District Public Procurator's Office as an additional case to that referred on March 15, 1949 to the Public Procurator general.

h. Same case by Kazuhiko FURUMOTO :

A warning was given to subject against his activity.

i. Same case by Fumito UOTA :

This case was referred to Chief Public Procurator of the Hiroshima District Public Procurator's Office.

j. Same case by Tadao TSUCHIYA :

This case was referred to Chief Public Procurator of the Gifu District Public Procurator's Office.

k. Same case by Toyosaku KAWAMINAMI :



This case was referred to chief Public  
Procurator of the Tokyo District Public  
Procurator's Office.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.



SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

4 Sept.  
August 1, 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office;

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the  
Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by  
Kiyotaka KUBOMURA, Tahaiji SHIMIZU  
and Jutaro HASEGAWA. (久保村清高,  
清水多平司, 長谷川重太郎)

- I. According to the recognition of a Local Section member, Mie Prefecture, on June 15, 1950, Secretary Yoshiro INOUE of Tokai District Branch, SIB initiated on July 5, 1950 an investigation to determine whether or not the subject persons violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in that they had made political activities in connection with the land readjustment of the Yokkaichi City Planning Works.



II. This inquiry revealed :

(1) **Kiyotaka KUBOMURA** <sup>as</sup> subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been **Director of the Mie Prefectural Branch, the Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association and Chief of the Yokkaichi Branch of the Association.**

Name : **Kiyotaka KUBOMURA**

Date of Birth : **April 30, 1897.**

Occupation : **President of a Timber Industry Company.**

Domicile : **2,301 Kita-machi, Yokkaichi City, Mie Prefecture.**

Address : **Same as above.**

Activities :



II. This inquiry revealed :

(2) **Tahei**ji **SHIMIZU** <sup>as</sup>  
Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been **Chief of the**

✓ **Hanaga Village Branch of the Ex-service Men's Association.**

Name : **Tahei**ji **SHIMIZU**

Date of Birth : **April 16, 1900.**

Occupation : **Farming**

Domicile : **1,097 Hairomi Yokkaichi City,  
Mie Prefecture.**

Address : **Same as above.**

Activities :



II. This inquiry revealed :

(3) **Jutaro HASEGAWA** was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been **Chief of the Shichama Branch of the Ex-service Men's Association.**

Name : **Jutaro HASEGAWA**

Date of Birth : **February 17, 1880.**

Occupation : **None**

Domicile : **1,547 Haseide, Yokkaichi City,  
Mie Prefecture.**

Address : **Same as above.**

Activities :

a. **Kiyotaka KUBOHARA**

1. **He is an owner of a land of about**



1,000 tsubo within the second block of the seaside land readjustment work of Yokkaichi City, which is being carried out since November, 1941 by Governor of Mie Prefecture in the place of land-owners in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of the City Planning Law. That land was, however, decided as a fund-raising land (to be sold for raising funds for the land readjustment work), with the surrounding land of more than 50,000 tsubo and a provisional disposition was made on December 10, 1942 for the sale of the land to the DAIDO SEIKO K.K (Daido Steel Manufacturing Company) for a site of its factory. With the end of war the construction of the said factory was suspended and the disposal of the land by sale was cancelled in September, 1948. Thus for the purpose of asking for the return of the said land,

- (1) He consulted with the land owners concerned about the matter about June, 1949, drew up a representation asking to "release the said fund-raising lands to each owner", collected the signatures of the land owners concerned and submitted it to the Governor of Mie Prefecture on July 28, the same year,



as the representative of the land owners. Further he submitted to the Governor the representations and demand-notes about the matter as the representative of the land owners, three times during October 24, 1949 to May 9, 1950.

(2) He met the Governor and Chief of the Public Works Division of Mie Prefecture several times during July 30 to October 24, 1949 and entreated them to make him buy each the said fund-raising land.

2. He was commissioned by Governor of Mie Prefecture as a member of the Land Readjustment Committee for the said second black land on October 3, 1947 and relieved of his post on February 1, 1950. He attended the Committee meetings or the Council meetings several times during that time and took part in the consultations and decisions about the matters concerned.

b. Jutaro HASEGAWA was commissioned on November 8, 1941 and Takeji SHIMIZU was also commissioned on November 30, 1946 as a member of the said committee respectively, following the said Kiyotaka KUBOMURA. They remained in office until their release from office on February 1, 1950, even after they were designated as purg



designated as purgees as mentioned above and attended the Committee meetings, etc. several times and took part in the consultations and decisions thereof.

- c. Kiyotaka KUBOMURA misunderstood that he might be allowed to make efforts for the release of his own land, because the said fund-raising fund belonged to his ownership. Not only KUBOMURA, but also SHIMIZU and HASEGAWA accepted to take office as a member of the said Committee respectively for the reason of its being in no category of public office. In addition they did not know at all that their activities would be contrary to the Ordinance concerned. However, as stated above, they have already been relieved of their respective post and are showing their penitence in their having violated the ordinance concerned.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~was not~~ a violation of Para. 1, Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

— Make a further investigation.

— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General ~~for possible procurator~~

~~general~~  
— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

— Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 354)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial  
Ordinance No.1 of 1947 by Sozo ONO.  
(尾野 荘三)

I. Upon information supplied by Gompachi OKAMOTO living at Asahiyama, Kanaki, Kanaki Town, Kitatsugaru County, Aomori Prefecture on May 6, 1950, local secretary Kenji TSUSHIMA of Local Affairs Section, Aomori Prefectural Office started investigation on July 16, 1950 to determine whether ONO has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947 in connection with the suspected matter mentioned below, and attained the details described in paragraph II.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 22, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been chief of Inagaki

Village Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance  
Association.

Name : Sozo ONO.

Date of Birth : January 10, 1890.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : Shigeta, Inagaki Village, Nishi-  
tsugaru County, Aomori Prefecture.

Address : Same as above.

Activities :

a. In connection with an electrification project for  
irrigation facility for rice-fields in Shigeta area of  
Inagaki Village which was programed by Toyosaburo



KUROTAKE, Hifumi KUDO and other persons living in the same area, ONO, who was in opposition to this program, proceeded to the Western Local Affairs Office of Aomori Prefecture accompanied by Kisaburo KUROYAMA, Heijiro KATO and several others and asked Toshio HIRAYAMA, local secretary of the agriculture and forestry section, as:

"If the electrification work now in progress for drawing water to Shigeta area is completed, it is feared that the neighbouring areas will come to be wasted owing to want of water resultant from that. So we desire that you will give an adequate instruction to have that project discontinued."

b. The cause which led ONO to such an act of offence was that the completion of the electrification project would incur a serious damage on the irrigation of rice-fields that were owned by him. Accordingly, he only attempted, together with some other landowners, to have the said work stopped for the protection of their own right; and no political intention was included in his action in question. Moreover, upon being warned on the matter by concerned authorities, he was convinced of his fault and has since behaved quite prudently.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.  
(Par. 1)

✓  
IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- ~~0~~ — Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. I-1-3)

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Movement of Tetsuo FURUKAWA (古川 鉄男)  
(first report).

- I. Based on special order by G.S. Secretary Tekko NAGATA, Tokai Branch , SIB initiated an investigation on May 26, 1950 to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he is active as a secret member of the SHIN NIPPON KAIUN K.K. (New Japan Marine Transportation Co., Ltd.) in connection with Bamboku ONO, etc.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Jan. 7, '48.  
The reason for his designation was that he had been the president of the  
GIFU SHIMBUN SHA (Gifu News Agency).

Name : Tetsuo FURUKAWA

Date of Birth : February 16, 1891.

Occupation : Engaged in mining lignite

Domicile : 30, Fukuden-cho, Nagarafukumitsu,  
Gifu City, Gifu Prefecture.

Address : 20, 1-cho, Jimpo-cho, Gifu City.

Activities :

- a. There is still unknown the concrete fact that he is active as a secret member of the New Japan Marine Transportation Co., Ltd.



b. As to the staff members of the above Company, Hajime YAMAZAKI is in the office of manager-president, Kazuo, eldest son of Tetsuo FURUKAWA, in the office of auditor and Bamboku ONO assumes the post of manager. Judging from this point, Tetsuo FURUKAWA seems to hold real power over the company, having close connection with Bamboku ONO, but the details are unknown because the name of Kazuo, his son, is in use for all the ostensible cases.

c. The above company was established on April 30, 1916 and its name was changed into the present one on March 10, 1948. The main office of the company is located at 3, 1-chome, Asakusa-bashi, Daito Ward, Tokyo with the capital of 150,000,000 yen (The capital was increased on February 28, 1950. Old stocks amount to 70,000,000 yen).

d. As of May 8, 1950 Kazuo is in possession of ten thousand stocks while Bamboku ONO owns six thousand old stocks.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there ~~was~~ (was not) a violation of ~~Article~~ of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

- — Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by Kazuo SASAMOTO  
(笹本 一雄)

I. Basing on the contribution from an unknown person, SIB initiated an investigation by secretary Enjiro INOUE, Second Section, SIB to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 concerning the following contents on August 8, 1950 and got the result of II.

"Suspicion that subject is touching to the personnel affairs in Ministry of International Trade and Industry."



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Sep. 10, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the DAINIPPON SHOGYO HOKOKUKAI (Japan Commercial Patriotism Society).

Name : Kazuo SASAMOTO

Date of Birth : June 20, 1898.

Occupation : Director and President of the TOYO KAIUN SOKO K.K. (Oriental Marine Transportation and warehouse Co. Ltd.)

Domicile : 1306, Uehara, Yoyogi, Shibuya Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Address : Ditto.

Activities :

- a. Although he had been frequented to the office of the SHIN SANGYO REMMEI (New Industries League) which located in the office-room of Reparation Section, Ministry of Commerce and



Industry (changed to Ministry of International Trade and Industry) in May, 1949, as the president of that League since around November, 1948 till September, 1949, the fact that he touched on the personnel affairs of the Ministry is not detected.

- b. Although he visits occasionally (around twice a month) Daigi ASHIZAWA, chief of Secretariat Section, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of International Trade and Industry, as has acquainted with him since January, 1949, the fact that he had done such a conduct influential to the execution of chief's duty is not detected.
- c. Although, visiting his friend Yoshie IMAI, chief of First Importation Section of the Ministry, he had a talk with him about his child's school problem individually in July, 1950, we cannot recognize such a suspicion that he had committed any political movement.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article \_\_\_\_\_ of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspicious violation of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. 1, 1947 and Ministries  
of Welfare, Transportation and Home  
Affairs Ordinance No. 1, 1946, by Tomizo  
SASAKI. (佐々木富三)

I. On information from an official in Civil Affair  
Section General Affairs Department Hiroshima Prefecture  
Office, on July 5, 1950, SIB initiated an investigation  
to determine whether or not subject violated the  
provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947  
and Ministries of Welfare, Transportation and Home  
Affairs Ordinance No. 1, 1946 in that he was making  
active political activities, with installation at



the post of a staff office of the NIHON SEIKOSHO  
HIROSHIMA SEISAKUSHO JUGYOIN KUMIAI (Japan Steel  
Manufacture Company Hiroshima Plant Workers Union).  
Secretary Isamu MATSUO, Hiroshima Prefectural Office  
launched his investigation of the case on August  
1, 1950 and detected the following results.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47  
The reason for his designation was that he had been **navy officer**  
**(second lieutenant).**

Name : Tomizo SASAKI

Date of Birth : July 20, 1915.

Occupation : Farmer and worker of NIHON SEIKO  
KABUSHIKI KAISHA (Japan Steel  
Manufacture Co.)

Domicile : 213, Kahara-machi, Hiroshima City.

Address : Kanihara, Okukaida Village, Aki  
County, Hiroshima Prefecture.

Activities :

- a. Subject had become the executive committee member of the NIHON SEIKO BUNKAI, (Japan Steel Manufacture Branch Office) 2186, Irukawa, Funakoshi Town, Aki County, Hiroshima Prefecture, HIROSHIMA SHIBU, (Hiroshima Branch Department)



ZENNIHON KINZOKU RODO KUMIAI (National Federation of Metal Industry Workers' Unions), during the period from October 18, 1948 to December 4, and from January 1949 to January 18, 1950. Subject also had been a delegate of NIHON SEIKO HIROSHIMA SEISAKU SHO RODO KUMIAI (Japan Steel Manufacture Hiroshima Plant Workers' Union) during the period from January 18, 1950 to July 5.

b. In the course of the labor struggle of Japan Steel Manufacture Hiroshima Plant, June, 1949, the Workers Union decided as the struggle tactics that it would request each head of village-and town where union members were residing, to render cooperation with the workers union, for the purpose of early solution of the struggle. On the decision of this tactics, subject who had been appointed a delegate of the struggle visited the house of Morishige YAMAMURA, head of Okukaida village, on June 23, where subject lived, with Kakuzo KAWANO and other delegates, requesting the village-head assistance and cooperation, for the purpose of early solution of the struggle.

Furthermore, subject held the village people's convention, concentrating on employees of Japan Steel Manufacture Company and their families



members in the above village on the following day, June 24. On the decision of the convention, subject visited Yamamura, village master, in the village office, with 10-odds delegates of the Japan Steel Manufacture Plant employee residing in the village, on June 28. Subject demanded and requested the village-head that the head would quickly convene the village assembly and support the demand item of employee in the Japan Steel Manufacture Plant struggle, "Absolute opposition to personnel retrenchment", on the basis of the decision in the village assembly. Moreover, subject asked the village head to seek the assistance of the prefectural governor for the solution of the above struggle.

c. Subject visited the Okukaido village office on November 23, 1949 with Takeshi NIYAMA, Communist Party member. Subject requested Nobuo TOMINAGA, clerk in tax section of the village office, public announcement of taxation amount of prominent elements in the village, for the purpose of village democracy, on the basis of justification of prefectural citizen taxes and villagers tax.



d. Subject visited the village office in the beginning of May 1949, with Katsuhiko AKIYAMA, with Kazuo NAKAGAWA and 20 odds others. Subject demanded the village head the prior release of the former navy place where subject and others had already planted.

In the end of January 1950, subject visited the Plantation section of the Hiroshima Prefectural Office, with Yoneichi MOTODA and 6 others. Subject made a petition for Kazuhiko HARADA, clerk of the above section, as to prior relase of the former navy place where they had implanted. Simultaneously subject submitted a petition document for the prefectural governor stating same object, being signed with subject and 6 others.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was violation of Article 1,-2 of the Ministries of Welfare, Transportation and Home Affairs Ordinance No. 1, 1946 and Article 15-1 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to refer the case to the chief public procurator of the Hiroshima District Procurators' Office

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau  
Attorney-General's Office.



SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

✓ FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Kyuhei SAITO  
and Kenzo TOMIDOKORO of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. I of 1947. ( 斎藤久平, 富所  
甲子男 )

I. On acknowledgment made by Secretary  
Tadamichi NISHIGATA of Investigation Section,  
Niigata Prefectural Office on July 1, 1950  
the same secretary initiated an investigation  
to determine whether or not subjects violated  
the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance  
No. I, 1947 in that the former established  
the KABUSHIKI KAISHA YOSHIDA GEKIJO (Yoshida



Theatre Co., Ltd.) on April 1, 1946, and  
has taken office as President, and the latter  
has taken office as Director at the theatre.



II. This inquiry revealed :

~~The Saito~~  
Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 24, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of the

Yoshida Town Chapter in Nishikambara County,

Niigata Prefecture, DAINIPPON YOKUSAN SONENDAN

✓ (Great Japan Imperial Rule Assistant Adult Group).

Name : Kyuhei SAITO

Date of Birth : November 8, 1890.

Occupation : Textile trader

Domicile : 4814, Oaza-yoshida, Yoshida Town,  
Nishikambara County, Niigata Pre-  
fecture, Nishikambara County.

Address : Ditto.

Activities :



II. This inquiry revealed :

~~The Tomidokoro~~  
Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 24, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of the

Yoshida Town Chapter in Nishikambara County,  
TEIKOKU ZAIGO GUNJIN KAI (Imperial Reservist  
Association).

Name : Kaneo TOMIDOKORO

Date of Birth : December 12, 1901.

Occupation : Antique dealer

Domicile : 5293, Oaza-yoshida, Yoshida Town,  
Nishikambara County, Niigata  
Prefecture.

Address : Ditto.

Activities :

1. Kyuhei SAITO established the Yoshida  
Theatre Co., Ltd. on April 1, 1946, and  
took office as the president, continuing  
to hold the office till July 15, 1950.



b. Kameo TOMIDOKORO took office as a director at the foregoing theatre on April 1, 1946, and held the office till July 15, 1950.

✓ c. The both are judged to have committed the violation due to want of knowledge of laws and regulations. They resigned as soon as a warning came from the prefectural authorities.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of Article **14** of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. **(Item 1)**

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- — Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. 1-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 309 )

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

✓  
FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by Hidegoro UCHIDA  
(内田香五郎) of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

I. On recognition by Secretary Kazuo KISHI of Second Section, SIB, June 13, 1950, Secretary Susume WADA of the same section initiated on June 17, 1950, an investigation to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 2, 1947 in that he made political activity in a way of having participated in the campaign for the election of the ward headman at his living quarters, and the result of No. 2 has been attained.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Mar. 31, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been one of the constituents of Tokyo Branch of the YOKUSANSEIJI-TAISEI KAKURITSU KYOGI-KAI (Imperial Rule Assistance Political Structure Establishment Council).

Name : Hidegoro UCHIDA.

Date of Birth : November 1, 1876.

Occupation : President of SHINJUKU SEIKA K.K.  
(Shinjuku Fruits Co., Ltd.)

Domicile : 18, Iogi 2-chome, Suginami Ward,  
Tokyo Metropolis.

Address : the same as above.

Activities :

a. Around June 1949, he called on Yoshihei NAKAJIMA, the secretary of Tokyo Metropolis Government and the chief of the Central Market at the Central Market of the Economic Bureau



of Tokyo Government located at Tsukiji, Chuo Ward, Tokyo, to beg of him to take his request to the effect that he would oppose to TOINTOKYO SEIKA K.K. (Toin Tokyo Fruit Co., Ltd.) making business at the Shinjuku Branch Market of the Central Market, taking the place of YODOBASHI SEIKA K.K. (Yodobashi Fruits Co., Ltd.), and that he would like to see that the business licence should be given to a new company which would be established following the abolition of the Yodobashi Fruits Co.,.

b. Towards the end of January 1950, he called on Masafumi NOMA, the member of Tokyo Metropolis Assembly, 490, Mabashi 4-chome, Suginami Ward, Tokyo and asked him to make effort once more for amalgamating DOSHI-KAI (Comrades' Society), a bargaining body in the Tokyo Metropolis Assembly with the Suginami Branch of the Liberal Party.

c. With an intention of collecting money for the expenses in the election campaign of Ken YASUI, a candidate for the House of Councilors in Tokyo District, he attended the "explanation meeting on the New Market Law" which was held as a market Club,



YAMAHARA by its name, in the Central Market and he asked Takuji FUJIOKA, the president of Toin Tokyo Furits Co., present there to collect the money contributed from the fruits dealers as he expected them to offer 50,000 yen each, which would be presented the candidate Ken YASUI as a token of an inquiry after his health at the election front.

d. Evidence that he made political activity at the election for the head of Suginami Ward Office has not been discovered.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was~~ not) a violation of Article No. 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

(Para. No. 2)

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

~~to~~ Refer the case to the Procurator's Office for the chief public procurator as an additional case referred for the procurator-general on March 15, 1949.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 311 )

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of Imperial Ordinance  
No. 1 of 1947, by Kazuhiko FURUMOTO.  
(古本 - 彦)

- I. Based upon recognition by Yorio SERA, Shuji (Secretary) of Hiroshima Prefectural Office, SIB started an investigation on August 10, 1950, to determine whether or not the subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he, as detected by the above Secretary, was on the staff of GEIBI NICHI NICHI SHINBUN SHA (Geibi Daily Newspaper Company) in Hiroshima City.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47  
The reason for his designation was that he had been commissioned  
officer of Imperial Japanese Regular Army.

Name : Kazuhiko FURUMOTO

Date of Birth : Sept. 23, 1920.

Occupation : Member of a Stationery Company.

Domicile : 1157-3, Midori-Town, Hiroshima City.

Address : 435, Yaguchi, Kuchita-~~village~~,  
Asa-County, Hiroshima Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Around the middle of February 1950, the subject  
joined the aforesaid GEIBI NICHI NICHI SHINBUN SHI  
(Geibi Daily Newspaper Company), located at No. 1,  
Moto-Town, Hiroshima City and took service as



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Name : Kazuhiko FURUMOTO

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Domicile : 1157-3, Midori-Town, Hiroshima City.

Address : 435, Yaguchi, Kuchita-Village,  
Asa-County, Hiroshima Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Around the middle of February 1950, the subject joined the aforesaid GEIBI NICHI NICHI SHINBUN SHA (Geibi Daily Newspaper Company), located at No. 1, Moto-Town, Hiroshima City and took service as



member in charge of the advertisement business of the company. In the middle of April, however, he quitted the company owing to his family reasons.

After that, around the middle of May, that year, he joined SHOWA NICHI NICHI SHINBUN SHA (Showa Daily Newspaper Company) located at 3-chome, Minami-Town, Hiroshima City, and took service as member in charge of general affairs of the company.

In this way the subject was on the staff of "Hodo Kikan" (News Agency)

b. This inquiry revealed:

The subject misbelieved that it is not a violation for him to serve as advertisement or money collector or to engage in any works unrelated to compilation of a newspaper company. Warned by official in charge, of the Hiroshima Prefectural Office at the end of June this year, he resigned from the office which he had held in the Newspaper Company and so far has been keeping himself from any such activity.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of **Item 2**  
Article **14** of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- 0 — Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC No. 215)  
SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIGAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Fumito  
UOTA (魚田 文登)

I. On recognition by Manager Yorio SERA, Local  
Section of Hiroshima Prefecture.

On his recognition on July 2, 1950, Manager  
Yorio SERA of Local Section of Hiroshima Prefec-  
ture initiated an investigation on July 20,  
1950, to determine whether or not subject violated  
the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1,  
1947, subject is suspected of participating  
in the town administration concerning Resident  
Tax after joining the Japan Communist Party.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on

Jan. 28, '48.

The reason for his designation was that he had been

Gendamerie

First-Grade Private.

Name :

Fumito UOTA

Date of Birth :

February 3, 1920.

Occupation :

Employee of Chugoku Doken  
(Public Works) Company

Domicile :

2,064, Itsukaichi, Itsukaichi Town,  
Saeki County, Hiroshima Prefecture.

Address :

939, Ebi Shiohama, Itsukaichi  
Town, Saeki County, Hiroshima  
Prefecture.

Activities :

a. As soon as Hiroshima Prefecture Seiki  
Area Committee of the Japan Communist Party  
was formed on May 22, 1949, he became its con-  
stituent member. Further, soon after



Itsukaichi Cell of Saeki Area Committee was formed on November 11, 1949, he became its constituent member.

b. On May 25 subject visited the Itsukaichi Town Office with Akitsu URAHASHI and several other persons and questioned to Deputy Town Headman FURUKAWA closely about the unfair imposition of Resident Tax for the fiscal year of 1948.

Then he submitted the written request with the following contents.

- 1). When the examination is requested it shall be examined in haste.
- 2). Divided payment of tax shall be recognized.
- 3). While the examination is requested seizure disposal shall not be made as much as possible.

c. In May, 1950, subject visited the Town Office and said to Town Headman Itsuro FUNACKA, "when you were up to Tokyo for the approval of the government offices concerned for the harbour construction and the construction of common people's dwelling houses you wasted the



money of the town to buy off those concerned and caused the town to be in financial difficulties. So, resign holding yourself for it."

d. On June 1, subject visited the Town Office in company of Iwa UMETA and several other persons with the written request for re-examination of the Resident Tax for the fiscal year 1948 of Fujilchi FUJITA and six other persons. After reading the reason for their request mentioned in that document for the foregoing Fujilchi FUJITA and so on, he said to Deputy Town Headman FURUKAWA, "the taxation is not fair and so decrease it at once."



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of  
Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947. ~~////~~

Item 1

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.
- Refer the case to the Chief Public Procurator of Hiroshima District Public Procurators' Office.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(No. I-I-3)

(2SEC.No. 316 )

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial  
Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by Tadao  
TSUCHIYA (土屋 忠雄)

I. On recognition of the staff members of Investigation Section of Gifu Prefecture on July 28, 1950, an investigation was initiated by Secretary Yoshiro INCUE of the Tokai Branch Office of Special Investigation Bureau on August 3, 1950, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

Subject was making his political activity concerning the question of the imposition of resident tax.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 3 '47

The reason for his designation was that he had been the responsible man for the Seino Branch of Toa Remmei Doshi Kai (Eastern Asia League of Kindred Spirits Association).

Name : Tadao TSUCHIYA.

Date of Birth : January 6, 1910.

Occupation : Eating House Keeper.

Domicile : 975, Kami Minamikata, Yamato Village, Ibi County, Gifu Prefecture.

Address : 537-4, Miwa, Ibi Town, Ibi County, Gifu Prefecture.

Activities :

When "Ibi Tax Paying Conference" was formed on November 27, 1949, in Ibi Town by some townspeople subject joined it and made his activity as a substantial officer.



a. On December 18, 1949, subject attended the Conference concerning the resident tax held under the auspices of the Town Assembly in the Conference Room of the Town Office. Then he submitted to Kinsuke KAMIHARA, Chairman of the Town Assembly, the printed matter with the heading of the draft of the imposition of the prefectural resident tax for the fiscal year 1949 drawn up by the foregoing tax conference and demanded his adoption.

b. In connection with the decision of the revision of the income tax for the fiscal year 1949, the official in charge of the Ogaki Tax Office came to Ibi Town Office to examine it.

On April 25, 1950, subject was present at the examination room, and concerning the examination of the income tax of Shin-ichi YASUFUKU of Finance Ministry who was taking charge of the examination, "I came here as we had been summoned sacrificing one day, and yet we cannot understand the reason why you are going to investigate it personally in the house of each of us. Do you not recognize the certificate



documents we have brought here?"

On June 6, 1949, attending the said examination room, he said to Secretary Matsuji SEGUCHI of Finance Ministry in relation to the examination of the income tax of Toshiji YASUDA who lived at Okajima in Ibi Town, "YASUDA has not requested the examination, but it is difficult for him to pay the tax. It is therefore desirable to dispose of his tax as a loss."

c. On March 31 1950, he printed in the "Cho Ho" (Town News) No. 5 issued on March 31, 1950, published by the Ibi Town Office an article with the heading "To Fight the Trials closing in upon us," he stated, "As far as the new tax system is the American great capitalism in its fundamental ideas, its benefit cannot be expected to enjoy by the general people." Thus he argued and criticized the new tax system, and then he went on, "As the countermeasure for it it is a matter of course that the Tax Paying Conference must undertake one part of the responsibility for the accomplishment of its message."



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was ~~(was not)~~ a violation of **Item 1**  
Article **15** of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

✓ IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

Refer the case to the Chief Public Procurator  
of Gifu District Public Procurators' Office.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :



(2SEC.No. 324)

[No. I-I-3]

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION  
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

August , 1950

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHICAWA of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No.1 of 1947 by Toyasaku KAWAMINAMI.

川南豊作

- I. According to an anonymous letter dated July 14, 1950, Secretary Susumu WADA of Second Section, SIB, initiated an investigation to determine whether or not the subject person violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No.1, 1947 in that he was still establishing the continuency of his influence over the Kawaminami Industrial Company after his resignation as President thereof.



II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on May 8, 1947.  
The reason for his designation was that he had been President of the  
**Kawaminami Industrial Company.**

Name : **Toyosaku KAWAMINAMI.**

Date of Birth : **July 27, 1902.**

Occupation : **Director of a company.**

Domicile : **91 Kaminishiyama, Nagasaki City,  
Nagasaki Prefecture.**

Address : **15 Masage-cho, Bunkyo Ward,  
Tokyo Metropolis.**

Activities :

1. Around early in September, 1949, when a Foreign Section was under consideration to be established in Tokyo by the Kawaminami Industrial Company, KAWAMINAMI frequently called on Yukichi, NISHIO, managing director



of the said company and Yoichi NISHIJIMA, manager of the Tokyo office of the same company, at the said Tokyo office located in the Housing Research Institute, No.4, Kioi-cho, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo, or at his home at No.15, Masago-cho, Bunkyo Ward, Tokyo, and stressed to the two persons that it was a matter of urgent need to set up a foreign section of the Kawaminami Industrial Company in Tokyo. Further, he expressed his opinion that a certain Tatsuo KOIKE, was fit for the post of chief of the proposed section in Tokyo, and urged the two company officers to install KOIKE in the said position, finally forcing them to accept his exhortation and adopt KOIKE as chief of the Foreign Section of the Kawaminami Industrial Company on September 30, the same year.

2. About the middle of April, 1950, KAWAMINAMI was asked, at the said Reserach Institute, by Torao MIYAFUSA to use his influence to re-employ him (MIYAFUSA) at the Company. MIYAFUSA had been manager of the Tokyo office of the KAWAMINAMI Company and relieved of the post at his request. Thus entreated, KAWAMINAMI told NISHIO, the foregoing managing director of the Company, to take consideration to re-employ MIYAFUSA, and made the company director take MIYAFUSA as deputy manager of the Tokyo office of the Kawaminami Industrial Comapny on May 1.



3. After he was purged, KAWAMINAMI set up in April, 1948 the Japan Agricultural Products Company (Nihon Nosan Kabushiki Kaisha) at the site of ex-Prince Fushimi's residence at No.4, Kioi-cho, Chiyoda Ward, Tokyo, to manufacture and sell canned food. The company was re-named the Japan Canned Food Company (Nihon Kanzume Kabushiki Kaisha) on January 1, 1949. After that, he established successively 24 companies including the Japan Food Company (Nihon Shokuhin Kabushiki Kaisha) to deal in marine products. He employed Sosuke YUKI, formerly secretary to the President of the Kawaminami Industrial Company, as chief of the General Affairs Section of the Japan Agricultural Products Company. Then, KAWAMINAMI built a factory of the company in Sapporo City, Hokkaido, at the cost of 20,000,000 yen. The business, however, did not go well, and he became short of funds. Then he recalled that the Kawaminami Industrial Company of which he had been president before, had a large current account at the Teikoku Bank. He made Yoshitane YOSHIDA, senior director of the Kawaminami Industrial Company, comply with his request to provide him with funds out of the account, and give by check to the aforesaid YUKI and 6 other persons, through Teshio SANJO, deputy accountant at



the Kawaminami Industrial Company, a total of 191,173,114 yen in suspense payment out of the said account of the Kawaminami Company on 86 occasions during the period from 23 November 1948 to 15 May 1950.

4. About early in May, 1949, the Korean Mission in Japan announced that it would give an order for fishing boats and freighters. Becoming aware that the Kawaminami Industrial Company was intending to accept the order and making preparations for it, KAWAMINAMI saw several different times NISHIO, then managing director of the Kawaminami Industrial Company, Yoshio SASAKI, chief of the Business Department in the Company, and NISHIJIMA, manager of the Company's Tokyo office, at the above-stated Tokyo office. KAWAMINAMI, stressing that making an estimate beforehand was essential to accept such an order, requested to show him an estimate. He examined the estimate prepared by SASAKI, and gave his opinion that the estimated cost of 210,000,000 yen should be reduced to about 180,000,000 yen. As a result of it, the estimate was caused to be changed according to his suggestion. Besides, he gave full instructions as to the calculation of the shipbuilding cost to be bid and the bidding procedures. Further, he instructed that the negotiations be conducted through the Great Korean Products Company (Dai Kan Bussan Kabushiki Kaisha) and the outcome of the negotiations be reported to him about once every 3 days. Thus he caused NISHIO



to follow his instructions in sending Yoshio HONAMI, chief of the Business Section in the Tokyo office of the Kawaminami Industrial Company, to the above Korean Company for negotiations, of which the progress was made to be reported to Kawaminami. Thus he intervened in the management of the Kawaminami Industrial Company.

5. Around early in March, 1950, KAWAMINAMI was asked by Toshio YABUKI, president of the Shin Santoku Industrial Company, to use his influence to make the Kawaminami Industrial Company buy electric welding bars solely from the Shin Santoku Industrial Company and not from any other. This company was one of those from which the Kawaminami Industrial Company had purchased electric welding bars (shipbuilding materials), when KAWAMINAMI was still president of the Kawaminami Industrial Company. At this request, KAWAMINAMI called on NISHIJIMA at the Tokyo office of the Kawaminami Company and suggested to him that electric welding bars be bought thereafter from the Shin Santoku Industrial Company only. In the end he won over NISHIJIMA to buy 50 tons of electric welding bars at 2,250,000 yen from the Shin Santoku Industrial Company. These bars were sent from the company to the Nagasaki Shipbuilding Yard of the Kawaminami Industrial Company.



6. KAWAMINAMI being suspected of having committed other crimes, an investigation is under way as to this case.



III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 12 of the Imperial ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

- Make a further investigation.
- Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general
- Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.
- Close the case without further action.

SIB prosecuted subject on August 24, 1950 to Chief Public Procurator Yoshizumi BABA of the Tokyo District Public Procurator Office.

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Director of Special Investigation Bureau,  
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :