

# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 30.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, JANUARY 23, 1900.

NO. 110.

## Old Gold Bought.

A broken pin—an old ring—many an old trinket lying around the house that you can turn into some new and up-to-date article. You can have anything in our stock for your old gold. If we have nothing to please you, take cash.

**Challoner & Mitchell,**  
47 Government St. Phone 675.  
Jewellers.

## Silk Bargains Galore

## THE WESTSIDE'S

GREAT SILK SALE

ALL THIS WEEK.

**The Hutcheson Co., Ltd**

## SHINING EXAMPLES

Of our square dealing—giving honest goods at the lowest prices—also to be found everywhere. The advantage to be derived from buying of us is clearly perceived when you discover the difference in price and quality that distinguishes our goods from others.

Roller Oats, 7 lb. sack ..... 25c  
Roller Oats, 22 lb. sack ..... 55c  
Roller Oats, 45 lb. sack ..... \$1.05  
Cracked Oats, 2 pkgs ..... 50c  
Fresh Eggs ..... 30c. dozen  
Morgan's Eastern Oysters, 75c tin

**Dixie H. Ross & Co.**

## Starting Anew



Another year—a new beginning. We greet you at this season, wishing you great benefit from the year to come. If your name has not been on our roll of friends we want to put it there now. If you have granted us your patronage in the past we want to hold your friendship by giving you increased values.

**Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd**

41 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

## W. JONES

AUCTIONEER

Has listed several good paying concerns for sale, including:

GROCERY, CLOTHING, HOATING BUSINESS, SAIDON, HARDWARE, ETC., ETC.

Full particulars, terms, etc., on application to principals. Houses to rent and for sale in all parts—see our list.

THE CITY AUCTION MART, 73 and 75 1/2 Yates Street, Tel. 294.

**WILLIAM F. BEST**  
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST  
(Heldberg and Lepold). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 23 Broad street, opposite Dravid Hotel, Victoria.

**Flour Sacks For Sale.**  
50 lbs. sacks, 25c per doz. 100 lbs. sacks 50 cts. per doz., either jute or cotton. At **M. R. SMITH & CO.** FORT STREET.

## NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO., Ltd.

NANAIMO, B. C.

**SAMUEL M. ROBINS, SUPERINTENDENT.**

Coal Mined by White Labor.

**New Wellington Coal**

Washed Nuts, \$4.25 per ton  
Sack and Lump, \$5.50 per ton

Delivered to any part of the city.

**KINGHAM & CO.,**  
44 Fort Street.  
J. E. CHURCH, J. C. V. SPRATT,  
Tronca Avenue, Yates and Store Sts  
MUNN, HOLLAND & CO.,  
Cor. Broad Street and Tronca Avenue.  
FLINT & CO., Broad St.  
Telephone Call 947.  
Wharf—Store Street, Spratt's Wharf.

COAL AND WOOD—Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Beleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinerton & Oddy's, telephone 491.

## TWO CHEAP COTTAGES

On Labouchere St Off Vancouver St  
EASY TERMS. No. 6 at \$600  
APPLY 40 GOVERNMENT STREET. No. 8 at \$700

## CHEAP HOMES.

Lot and small house, for.....\$ 300  
Lot and 5 roomed cottage, bath, etc. only 500  
2 story house and lot, 7 rooms, only 900  
5 roomed cottage, near Government Buildings..... 1,000  
New cottage, 5 rooms, brick foundation, close cheap..... 1,450  
6 roomed cottage, large lot, stable, etc., only 2,000  
Two story house and large lot, front street, must be sold..... 2,100  
Several very cheap buildings for sale at..... 169  
A number of good cottages to let.  
Coal, Wood, Fire and Life Insurance. It will pay you to inspect my list before buying.  
**P. G. MACREGOR,**  
92 GOVERNMENT ST.  
Tel. 606.

## Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for bargains in real estate, either improved or unimproved? If so, we have what will suit you. Inspect our list of properties for sale before purchasing. It will pay you to do so. Do you want to borrow money? If so, we have plenty to loan at low rates of interest.  
We are general agents for the old reliable Phoenix of Hartford Fire Insurance Co. If you have any business in our line we solicit your patronage. Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

**F. G. RICHARDS & CO.**  
NO. 15 BROAD STREET, TELEPHONE 143.

## WE ARE SELLING

A Great Quantity of  
**London Hospital Cough Cure.**  
It is the recognized specific for throat and lung troubles.  
50cts. per Bottle.

**JOHN COCHRANE,**  
N.W. Corner of Yates, CHEMIST and Douglas Streets.

## That Cough

Can be quickly cured by taking  
**Pulmonic Cough Cure**  
Clarence Block, Corner of Yates and Douglas Sts. **HALL & CO.,** Dispensing Chemists.

## Golf Goods and Footballs

A Large Assorted Stock at  
**John Barnsley & Co.,**  
115 Government St.

## A Fac-simile

of the Brand of Cigarettes that are  
**Better Than The Best**

MANUFACTURED BY  
**B. HOUDE & CO.,**  
QUEBEC.

To make room for NEW STOCK we are selling a number of small lots of

**J. W. MELLOR,**  
78-78 FORT STREET

## FINE WALL PAPER

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

## LADIES

will find in our large stock the  
**Newest Ideas in Seasonable FOOTWEAR**

In Boys' and Girls' School Boots we are offering some splendid values.

**SPECIAL—Boys' Boston Thigh Gum Boots, \$3.00 per pair.**  
Men's Hip Gum Boots, \$4.00 up.

**THE PATERSON SHOE CO., Ltd**  
Cor. Government and Johnson Sts.

## To Oppose the British

Boers Busy Mounting Guns to Meet the Advance From the West.

Transvaal Dispatches Give the Enemy's Version of Recent Fighting.

Burgers' Scouting Parties Engaged—Eighteen Killed and Fifty Wounded.

(Associated Press.)  
London, Jan. 23, 2:22 p.m.—The absence of news of yesterday's movements north of the Turela River is occasioning some additional anxiety, but Gen. Buller is engaged in a big operation, which will take considerable time to work out.

**Boer Tactics.**  
Even the slight advancement of Gen. Warren's forces after two days fighting does not appear to have yielded an important advantage to the British, as the captured Boers were evidently only held in advanced positions in order to delay the progress of the British troops, and enable the Boers to complete their entrenchments and mount guns on the positions which they have selected, upon which to make a stand.

It is remarked that the Boers have thus far used little artillery, from which it is judged that their guns are already mounted on tactical positions from which the British will have to dislodge the Republicans before reaching Ladysmith.

Unconfirmed.  
There is no confirmation of the report that Lord Dunderberg had entered Ladysmith, and none is expected.

Espering opine that the Boers would only be too glad to let him in unopposed.

The Yeomanry Movement.  
The indignation and disgust expressed at the blunders and incapacity of the Yeomanry staff, to whom is ascribable the rank failure threatening to over-

**HASTIE'S FAIR**  
FOR WARES  
Stationery and Confectionery At the Bottom.

**Wreck "Hera."**  
SEALED TENDERS  
Will be received by the undersigned up to January 31st inst. for the wrecked schooner "Hera," cargo, as she now lies submerged in Clayoquot Harbor. Original manifest and diver's report can be seen on application at our office, Tronca Avenue. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**The Cuthbert-Browne Company, Limited**  
AGENTS FOR THE OWNERS.  
THE A1 STEAMER  
**"REMUS"**  
2,335 Tons Register, WILLIF  
Leave London, Feb. 10, 1900  
Leave Liverpool, Feb. 20, 1900  
FOR VICTORIA, B. C.  
For rates of freight apply to  
**R. P. RITHET & CO.**

**LEE & FRASER.**  
One acre, Oak Bay avenue, beautiful building site.....\$1,450  
Two lots on Buckley avenue, easy terms..... 300  
One lot, Fourth street, full sized, with back entrance..... 450  
San Juan avenue, two lots, assessed for \$800, will sell for..... 650  
Bellevue street, corner lot, building lot for..... 1,500  
Two modern dwellings, near centre of city, two stories each, hot and cold water, sewer connections, bath in splendid repair and rented to good tenants at remunerative prices..... 3,200  
Seven roomed 2 story house and 7 lots, price only..... 3,800  
Richmond avenue, 7 roomed 2 story house, hot and cold water, full sized lot, young orchard..... 1,250  
Fernwood road, 5 roomed house and two lots, price..... 1,800  
(Terms, \$100 cash, balance for first two years without interest, remainder \$15 per month and 4 per cent.)  
Fernwood road, nice cottage for..... 600  
Fernwood road, 4 roomed cottage..... 750  
Stanich, 9 miles from city, 20 acres cleared and fenced, with small house and barn, also good well..... 1,800  
Cowichan, 10 miles from city, 25 acres good land, 10 acres cleared, all fenced, 7 roomed house, barn, stables, chickens, horses, breeding pens, few fruit trees; price only..... 1,500  
Cedar Hill, 10 miles from city, 20 acres cleared land, all fenced, 4 roomed house, barn, stable, etc., easy terms..... 1,200  
**Fire, Life and Accident Insurance**  
8 AND 11 THOLINE AVE.

## Boers Busy Mounting Guns to Meet the Advance From the West.

Transvaal Dispatches Give the Enemy's Version of Recent Fighting.

Burgers' Scouting Parties Engaged—Eighteen Killed and Fifty Wounded.

(Associated Press.)  
London, Jan. 23, 2:22 p.m.—The absence of news of yesterday's movements north of the Turela River is occasioning some additional anxiety, but Gen. Buller is engaged in a big operation, which will take considerable time to work out.

**Boer Tactics.**  
Even the slight advancement of Gen. Warren's forces after two days fighting does not appear to have yielded an important advantage to the British, as the captured Boers were evidently only held in advanced positions in order to delay the progress of the British troops, and enable the Boers to complete their entrenchments and mount guns on the positions which they have selected, upon which to make a stand.

It is remarked that the Boers have thus far used little artillery, from which it is judged that their guns are already mounted on tactical positions from which the British will have to dislodge the Republicans before reaching Ladysmith.

Unconfirmed.  
There is no confirmation of the report that Lord Dunderberg had entered Ladysmith, and none is expected.

Espering opine that the Boers would only be too glad to let him in unopposed.

The Yeomanry Movement.  
The indignation and disgust expressed at the blunders and incapacity of the Yeomanry staff, to whom is ascribable the rank failure threatening to over-

**HASTIE'S FAIR**  
FOR WARES  
Stationery and Confectionery At the Bottom.

**Wreck "Hera."**  
SEALED TENDERS  
Will be received by the undersigned up to January 31st inst. for the wrecked schooner "Hera," cargo, as she now lies submerged in Clayoquot Harbor. Original manifest and diver's report can be seen on application at our office, Tronca Avenue. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**The Cuthbert-Browne Company, Limited**  
AGENTS FOR THE OWNERS.  
THE A1 STEAMER  
**"REMUS"**  
2,335 Tons Register, WILLIF  
Leave London, Feb. 10, 1900  
Leave Liverpool, Feb. 20, 1900  
FOR VICTORIA, B. C.  
For rates of freight apply to  
**R. P. RITHET & CO.**

**LEE & FRASER.**  
One acre, Oak Bay avenue, beautiful building site.....\$1,450  
Two lots on Buckley avenue, easy terms..... 300  
One lot, Fourth street, full sized, with back entrance..... 450  
San Juan avenue, two lots, assessed for \$800, will sell for..... 650  
Bellevue street, corner lot, building lot for..... 1,500  
Two modern dwellings, near centre of city, two stories each, hot and cold water, sewer connections, bath in splendid repair and rented to good tenants at remunerative prices..... 3,200  
Seven roomed 2 story house and 7 lots, price only..... 3,800  
Richmond avenue, 7 roomed 2 story house, hot and cold water, full sized lot, young orchard..... 1,250  
Fernwood road, 5 roomed house and two lots, price..... 1,800  
(Terms, \$100 cash, balance for first two years without interest, remainder \$15 per month and 4 per cent.)  
Fernwood road, nice cottage for..... 600  
Fernwood road, 4 roomed cottage..... 750  
Stanich, 9 miles from city, 20 acres cleared and fenced, with small house and barn, also good well..... 1,800  
Cowichan, 10 miles from city, 25 acres good land, 10 acres cleared, all fenced, 7 roomed house, barn, stables, chickens, horses, breeding pens, few fruit trees; price only..... 1,500  
Cedar Hill, 10 miles from city, 20 acres cleared land, all fenced, 4 roomed house, barn, stable, etc., easy terms..... 1,200  
**Fire, Life and Accident Insurance**  
8 AND 11 THOLINE AVE.

## Boers Busy Mounting Guns to Meet the Advance From the West.

Transvaal Dispatches Give the Enemy's Version of Recent Fighting.

Burgers' Scouting Parties Engaged—Eighteen Killed and Fifty Wounded.

(Associated Press.)  
London, Jan. 23, 2:22 p.m.—The absence of news of yesterday's movements north of the Turela River is occasioning some additional anxiety, but Gen. Buller is engaged in a big operation, which will take considerable time to work out.

**Boer Tactics.**  
Even the slight advancement of Gen. Warren's forces after two days fighting does not appear to have yielded an important advantage to the British, as the captured Boers were evidently only held in advanced positions in order to delay the progress of the British troops, and enable the Boers to complete their entrenchments and mount guns on the positions which they have selected, upon which to make a stand.

It is remarked that the Boers have thus far used little artillery, from which it is judged that their guns are already mounted on tactical positions from which the British will have to dislodge the Republicans before reaching Ladysmith.

Unconfirmed.  
There is no confirmation of the report that Lord Dunderberg had entered Ladysmith, and none is expected.

Espering opine that the Boers would only be too glad to let him in unopposed.

The Yeomanry Movement.  
The indignation and disgust expressed at the blunders and incapacity of the Yeomanry staff, to whom is ascribable the rank failure threatening to over-

**HASTIE'S FAIR**  
FOR WARES  
Stationery and Confectionery At the Bottom.

**Wreck "Hera."**  
SEALED TENDERS  
Will be received by the undersigned up to January 31st inst. for the wrecked schooner "Hera," cargo, as she now lies submerged in Clayoquot Harbor. Original manifest and diver's report can be seen on application at our office, Tronca Avenue. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**The Cuthbert-Browne Company, Limited**  
AGENTS FOR THE OWNERS.  
THE A1 STEAMER  
**"REMUS"**  
2,335 Tons Register, WILLIF  
Leave London, Feb. 10, 1900  
Leave Liverpool, Feb. 20, 1900  
FOR VICTORIA, B. C.  
For rates of freight apply to  
**R. P. RITHET & CO.**

**LEE & FRASER.**  
One acre, Oak Bay avenue, beautiful building site.....\$1,450  
Two lots on Buckley avenue, easy terms..... 300  
One lot, Fourth street, full sized, with back entrance..... 450  
San Juan avenue, two lots, assessed for \$800, will sell for..... 650  
Bellevue street, corner lot, building lot for..... 1,500  
Two modern dwellings, near centre of city, two stories each, hot and cold water, sewer connections, bath in splendid repair and rented to good tenants at remunerative prices..... 3,200  
Seven roomed 2 story house and 7 lots, price only..... 3,800  
Richmond avenue, 7 roomed 2 story house, hot and cold water, full sized lot, young orchard..... 1,250  
Fernwood road, 5 roomed house and two lots, price..... 1,800  
(Terms, \$100 cash, balance for first two years without interest, remainder \$15 per month and 4 per cent.)  
Fernwood road, nice cottage for..... 600  
Fernwood road, 4 roomed cottage..... 750  
Stanich, 9 miles from city, 20 acres cleared and fenced, with small house and barn, also good well..... 1,800  
Cowichan, 10 miles from city, 25 acres good land, 10 acres cleared, all fenced, 7 roomed house, barn, stables, chickens, horses, breeding pens, few fruit trees; price only..... 1,500  
Cedar Hill, 10 miles from city, 20 acres cleared land, all fenced, 4 roomed house, barn, stable, etc., easy terms..... 1,200  
**Fire, Life and Accident Insurance**  
8 AND 11 THOLINE AVE.

## Boers Busy Mounting Guns to Meet the Advance From the West.

Transvaal Dispatches Give the Enemy's Version of Recent Fighting.

Burgers' Scouting Parties Engaged—Eighteen Killed and Fifty Wounded.

(Associated Press.)  
London, Jan. 23, 2:22 p.m.—The absence of news of yesterday's movements north of the Turela River is occasioning some additional anxiety, but Gen. Buller is engaged in a big operation, which will take considerable time to work out.

**Boer Tactics.**  
Even the slight advancement of Gen. Warren's forces after two days fighting does not appear to have yielded an important advantage to the British, as the captured Boers were evidently only held in advanced positions in order to delay the progress of the British troops, and enable the Boers to complete their entrenchments and mount guns on the positions which they have selected, upon which to make a stand.

It is remarked that the Boers have thus far used little artillery, from which it is judged that their guns are already mounted on tactical positions from which the British will have to dislodge the Republicans before reaching Ladysmith.

Unconfirmed.  
There is no confirmation of the report that Lord Dunderberg had entered Ladysmith, and none is expected.

Espering opine that the Boers would only be too glad to let him in unopposed.

The Yeomanry Movement.  
The indignation and disgust expressed at the blunders and incapacity of the Yeomanry staff, to whom is ascribable the rank failure threatening to over-

**HASTIE'S FAIR**  
FOR WARES  
Stationery and Confectionery At the Bottom.

**Wreck "Hera."**  
SEALED TENDERS  
Will be received by the undersigned up to January 31st inst. for the wrecked schooner "Hera," cargo, as she now lies submerged in Clayoquot Harbor. Original manifest and diver's report can be seen on application at our office, Tronca Avenue. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

**The Cuthbert-Browne Company, Limited**  
AGENTS FOR THE OWNERS.  
THE A1 STEAMER  
**"REMUS"**  
2,335 Tons Register, WILLIF  
Leave London, Feb. 10, 1900  
Leave Liverpool, Feb. 20, 1900  
FOR VICTORIA, B. C.  
For rates of freight apply to  
**R. P. RITHET & CO.**

**LEE & FRASER.**  
One acre, Oak Bay avenue, beautiful building site.....\$1,450  
Two lots on Buckley avenue, easy terms..... 300  
One lot, Fourth street, full sized, with back entrance..... 450  
San Juan avenue, two lots, assessed for \$800, will sell for..... 650  
Bellevue street, corner lot, building lot for..... 1,500  
Two modern dwellings, near centre of city, two stories each, hot and cold water, sewer connections, bath in splendid repair and rented to good tenants at remunerative prices..... 3,200  
Seven roomed 2 story house and 7 lots, price only..... 3,800  
Richmond avenue, 7 roomed 2 story house, hot and cold water, full sized lot, young orchard..... 1,250  
Fernwood road, 5 roomed house and two lots, price..... 1,800  
(Terms, \$100 cash, balance for first two years without interest, remainder \$15 per month and 4 per cent.)  
Fernwood road, nice cottage for..... 600  
Fernwood road, 4 roomed cottage..... 750  
Stanich, 9 miles from city, 20 acres cleared and fenced, with small house and barn, also good well..... 1,800  
Cowichan, 10 miles from city, 25 acres good land, 10 acres cleared, all fenced, 7 roomed house, barn, stables, chickens, horses, breeding pens, few fruit trees; price only..... 1,500  
Cedar Hill, 10 miles from city, 20 acres cleared land, all fenced, 4 roomed house, barn, stable, etc., easy terms..... 1,200  
**Fire, Life and Accident Insurance**  
8 AND 11 THOLINE AVE.

gun and have brought the field artillery across the river to a small bridge on the northern bank, whence they keep up an incessant and terrific cannonade.

Since the beginning of the week communication with the different positions has been kept up under the ordeal of the cannonade, the casualties resulting from the being heavier than those that occurred at Colenso.

One of the shells from the naval guns killed a father and son, Free Staters, who were chatting at the time. Strange-ly neither had any wounds.

Jobert's Birthday.

Head Langer, Ladysmith, Jan. 20.—The 69th birthday of Gen. Jobert was celebrated by Gen. Buller reconnoitering in force towards the Drakenberg mountains and turning the British advance after a short engagement.

Gen. Jobert accompanied President Steyn to the Free State laagers south of Ladysmith. The president was in high spirits. He proposes to make a tour of all the laagers.

Ladysmith sent up many colored rockets last night.

(The Boer movement on the British advance referred to Gen. Warren's forward fighting, in which, according to advice from British sources received yesterday, the Boers were on the defensive almost the entire day (Sunday), as yet once, when they attempted to outflank the British left and were signally check-mated.)

**Boers Captured.**  
Pretoria, Jan. 21.—A dispatch from Colenso, dated January 18th, says a patrol of 200 men, under Field Cornet Opperman, while scouting was founded, but succeeded in fighting its way back.

It is reported that four men were killed and that thirty were wounded and made prisoners.

## WESTERN BORDER.

Pretoria Telegram Reports British Attack on Boer Positions Near Coloburg—Heavy Bombardment of Kimberley.

Pretoria, Jan. 21.—A dispatch from Coloburg, Cape Colony, says the British attacked the Boer position there at 10 o'clock this morning.

There was heavy fighting, but the result is not known.

According to the latest accounts, the Boers were holding their positions.

**Bombardment of Kimberley.**  
Kimberley, Jan. 21.—The Boers continue an active and heavy bombardment in this place.

**Boers Retire from Mafeking.**  
Gaborone, Bechuanaland, Jan. 17 (via Lorenzo Marques, Jan. 23).—News who have just arrived report that troops, not Boers, are patrolling around Mafeking.

From this it is conjectured that the Boers may have retired from that place, and that the patrols are some of Col. Baden-Powell's men.

There is increased activity in the Boer's position at Crocodile Pools, but with the exception of a couple of shells, Col. Paumer's outposts have not heard from them for some days.

**DR. LEYDS CONFIDENT.**  
Boers Determined to Continue the Struggle, But Would Consider Peace Proposals.

New York, Jan. 23.—A special to the World from Brussels says:

"Dr. Leyds, the Transvaal envoy, said today: I am as confident as ever of the ultimate triumph of our cause. A temporary success of British arms would merely have the effect of infusing fresh vigor into our men and strengthening their determination to hold out at whatever cost."

"While the actual fighting strength of both forces is only now about equal, England might even double her army now in South Africa without crushing our power of resistance. But, however resolved to continue the struggle, we have never been disposed to take advantage of any turn in affairs which might leave the door open to terms of honorable settlement."

Lieut.-Col. Steele to Command.

(Special to the Times.)  
Ottawa, Jan. 23.—Lieut.-Col. Steele has been offered and accepted the command of Strathcona's contingent.

**The Patriotic Fund.**  
Montreal, Jan. 23.—The Bank of Montreal has contributed \$1,000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Mr. Macrum in Charles.

Paris, Jan. 23.—Mr. Charles E. Macrum, former United States consul at Pretoria, arrived here today. He is called to be interviewed.

**A "Gold Cure."**  
Kingston, Jan. 23.—Capt. John McNair, of "D" company, first Canadian contingent to South Africa, writing from Belmont, says the trip to South Africa is the greatest "gold cure" ever known, and that a glass of beer or drink of whisky cannot be procured for a farm.

**Day of Prayer.**  
Kingston, Jan. 23.—February 11th has been set aside by the Archbishop of Ontario and Metropolitan of Canada as a

(Continued on page 8.)

We are Prompt, We are Careful and We are Always at Our Post.

Campbell's Prescription Store

CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS, VICTORIA, B.C.

For Pure Drugs and Chemicals.

Provincial Legislature

List of New Bills—Amending the Supreme Court Act.

Mr. Clifford's Want of Confidence Motion Defeated at Last Night's Session.

Victoria, Jan. 22, 1900.

The Speaker took the chair at 2:15 p. m. Prayers were read by the Rev. J. F. Vichart.

Petitions

were presented as follows: By Mr. McBride, from the British Columbia Yukon Railway Company, protesting against leave being granted to Michael King and others to introduce a bill this session to incorporate the Lake Bennett Railway Company.

From Mr. Eberts: From J. E. Mackay and others relating to the building of a school house in South Victoria. The petitioners object to the intended location.

New Bills

The following bills were introduced, read a first time and second reading set for to-morrow:

To amend the Evidence Act—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the law respecting the Liability of Trustees—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the Execution Act—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the Supreme Court Act—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the act amending the Companies Act, 1897—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the Game Protection Act—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the Municipalities Incorporation Act—Hon. Mr. Henderson.

To amend the Farmers' Institutes Act—Hon. Mr. Carter-Cotton.

The bills were distributed and their scope is explained below:

The Execution Act.

A radical and important change is made in the law for the recovery of moneys due in this bill to amend the Execution Act, the effect of the amending act being to destroy the advantage of priority in execution, and to secure a ratable distribution of creditors of all money recovered—the present law in this regard enabling the creditor who first proceeds to execution to satisfy his claims in full, while others may perchance be able to get nothing. This amendment is very similar in principle to the acts of Ontario and Manitoba, where good results are said to have been obtained in practice. Three months is the period allowed after execution for the filing of claims with the sheriff against the receipts of execution, and the act does not become operative until April 1st next.

Supreme Court Bill.

In the bill to amend the Supreme Court Act a step is taken to meet the growing difficulty experienced both here and in Vancouver to secure judges for the trial of original actions, owing to their being engaged the greater part of the time in appeal sittings. The amended law is calculated to give the judges more time for the taking of trials, by restricting the number of appeal sittings, and is said to coincide with the unanimous endorsement of the bench and the bar. Full court sittings are by it arranged as follows: In Victoria from the second Tuesday in January; in Vancouver from the first Tuesday in April; in Victoria from the first Tuesday in June; and in Vancouver from the first Tuesday in November.

Companies Act.

The amending legislation brought before the House in connection with the Companies Act contemplates nothing further than the repeal of section 5, which provides for the registration in the office of the Provincial Secretary of mortgages securing debentures.

The Evidence Act.

Hon. Mr. Henderson's bill (No. 3) to amend the Evidence Act, is for the purpose of making the provincial statute with relation to the law of evidence conform to the recent changes in the Dominion Evidence Act, by the repeal of section 6 of the existing act (relating to privilege on the ground that answering will tend to incriminate the witness), and the substitution of the following:

"No witness shall be excused from answering any question upon the ground that the answer to such question may tend to incriminate him, or may tend to establish his liability to a civil proceeding at the instance of the Crown or of any person; provided, however, that if his answer may tend to incriminate him or may tend to establish his liability to a civil proceeding at the instance of the Crown or of any person, and if but for this section the witness would therefore have been excused from answering the question, then, although the witness shall be compelled to answer, yet the answer so given shall not be used or receivable in evidence against him in any criminal trial or other criminal proceeding against him thereafter taking place other than a prosecution for perjury in giving such evidence."

Bowel Trouble.

"My mother, Mrs. John Reid, suffered with bowel trouble for four years and tried different doctors, but obtained no relief until she began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Three bottles of this medicine entirely cured her." LIZZIE REID, Tracy Station, N. B.

Scruffula.

"An abscess on my hip was lanced and never healed. Another broke out on the other hip and the next year three more appeared. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it helped me. Since taking six bottles of the medicine I have not been troubled, and previous to this treatment one of the eruptions had discharged seven years." MISS SARAH B. TREN, Freeport, N. S.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappoints. Hood's Pills cure liver ills; the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Technical Correction.

It is only a technical correction that is contemplated by the Attorney-General's bill to further amend the Municipalities Incorporation Act, as the existing act having been found to be, in exactly numbered 3a, and now renumbered 3a. Before the bill passes through the House, however, various other amendments will probably be brought forward, at the suggestion of the legislative committees of the various municipalities interested in Victoria, having suggested a number of radical changes.

Farmers' Institutes Act.

Hon. Mr. Cotton's bill (in his capacity as Minister of Agriculture) for the amendment of the Farmers' Institutes and Co-operation Act, amends section 22 to the extent of providing for the making of annual reports, not to the Provincial Secretary but to the Agricultural Department.

Want of Confidence Motion.

Mr. Turner interrupted the introduction of government bills by reminding the Premier that there was a want of confidence motion on the paper. He therefore, Mr. Seenu, wanted to carry out the policy he outlined the other day this motion (Mr. Clifford's) should be disposed of at once.

Hon. Mr. Seenu quite coincided with his hon. friend's request.

Mr. Clifford moved: "That in view of the hasty legislation by the government in amending the Mines Act, by which the right to acquire placer mines in this province, having proved highly detrimental to the mining industry by obstructing the introduction of capital, creating a distrust in titles to mining claims, and by hampering the development of such industries, the government has forfeited the confidence of the people of this province."

He said he was aware of the fact that the Attorney-General intended to introduce a bill to amend the act. He was glad of that, but he must say, judging from what had been said, that it would not contain anything that would not go so far enough. He would not support any bill that did not sweep the whole act out of existence.

Mr. Speaker interrupted to say that he was doubtful if the hon. member was in order. The House having only so recently as Friday expressed its confidence in the government. However, he would allow discussion.

Mr. Clifford claimed that the act practically ruined the Atlin country and prevented the government from getting a large revenue from the district. He dwelt particularly upon the hardships which he claimed had been inflicted upon the United States miners, and declared that the bill had had the effect of keeping a large amount of capital out of the country. Great hardship was caused to miners by the laying over of so many claims by the Gold Commissioner. He claimed that had Mr. Justice Irvine arrived in the country a month earlier, the miners would have been saved much loss.

Mr. Helgesen was surprised that Mr. Clifford could make such statements as he did. He himself was in Atlin from the early part of April and saw the best and worst of things. It was true that the camp was in a state of confusion, but how could it help it? Some 1,500 or 2,000 railway men rushed in when the first prospects were found. Neither the late government nor the members of the present government knew anything about that. Of course "jumping" took place. If Mr. Clifford were a novel writer, as he seemed to think, he happened in all new camps. (Hear, hear.) The late government sent up officials. They did their best, he supposed, but that was most unsatisfactory. This government did its best by sending up the best men they could get. The Commissioner went into the country as soon as it was of any use for him to do so. As to the laying over of claims, which Mr. Clifford complained of, Mr. Helgesen said it was the best thing that could have happened. (Cheers.)

Mr. McPhail since he spoke a statement made by a member of the government during the debate on the address, to the effect that all the members, save Mr. Clifford, were against the Alien Act. He himself was against it. He went at some length into the subject of the case of his opposition, repeating the marks reported before. He thought the act was wrong and not in the best interests of the country. The results of the law had been most beneficial. All that could be said in its favor was merely sentimentality. Discussing the act from the regulation point of view, he said that the act, having been tried, had been found wanting. It was not in the interests of this province, and had prevented the introduction of needed capital. The senator member for Capital could speak with authority on this subject, and he thought it would be well to correct a mistake made by the member for Cariboo (Mr. Helgesen), on the other hand, had said that everything was going on satisfactorily when he left the country. He (Mr. Helgesen) desired to show that Mr. Helgesen had changed his mind since the time when he came down from Atlin, and the time he had taken his seat in the House. Why? Perhaps it was because the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works had visited his district. (Cheers.) He said he noted the fact that Mr. Helgesen had denied appearing in the Askerick Journal; he follows:

"Mr. Helgesen authorized the Journal to say in his unalterable conclusions, first, that the eight-hour law was unwise legislation; and second, that he had been passed, at least at this time, and that various reasons by the Commissioner of Mines must be changed; second, that the existing legislation was a mistake; third, that if the present government does not do the very opposite, and make new regulations in the mining department, amending the License Act, etc., and give to Cariboo the attention it should, but has not received at its hands, he will definitely support the bill which will sit at the coming session in the opposition. That this statement was made after careful consideration and as an expression of the views entertained by him and to be given to his constituency. The conversation took place in the presence of several mining men, residents of Cariboo and constituents of Mr. Helgesen, who, to a man, assured him that his present views were those of at least the great majority, if not of all his constituents."

Mr. Helgesen—I distinctly deny ever having made such a statement. (Government applause.)

Hon. Mr. Carter-Cotton—He denied that long ago. (Renewed government applause.)

Mr. Ellison felt that Mr. Helgesen should have denied the interview in the upper country at the time, and not have waited until the coming session to deny it. Mr. Helgesen—So I did.

Mr. Ellison could not understand how a man who had been in the Atlin country, and a man who was so conversant with the mining laws and could speak so intelligently on mining matters generally as Mr. Helgesen, could say everything was right. He (Mr. Ellison) supported the resolution.

Mr. Helgesen, as a question of privilege, again denied the interview.

Mr. J. Martin was surprised that in an important matter of this kind they had not had any support from the government. Strong ground was taken against the government by the opposition, but they could get no reply from the government. He was emphasizing this point by declaring that the government had not responded to the criticism of the opposition till after nearly all the opposition had spoken, and had then moved the previous question when—

Mr. Speaker ruled him out of order, as not speaking to the question before the House.

Mr. Martin appealed from the ruling of the chair, which was sustained by 19 votes to 47.

Mr. Speaker—The hon. gentleman will speak to the motion.

Mr. Martin said he had changed his mind as to the use of the Alien Bill, at the time he said he would be moved if it was proper and judicious for the Legislature to pass this legislation, especially as it referred to Americans. He took this view because of the action of the United States with regard to the Klondike. That country was not a free country, and regulations against those who bought their goods in Canadian territory, as compared with those who purchased goods in United States towns. He dwelt on the arbitrary acts of the customs house officials at the Klondike, about which so much has been published, and said that by these means a big rush of the Klondike business was forced from Vancouver and Victoria and other Canadian cities to American towns, particularly Seattle. He believed that the Alien Bill, as introduced, had the support of the whole province. But it had since been shown that the final effect of the act was far from being of advantage to the British Columbia people. The intention of the act was justifiable. He had no sympathy with any law occasioned by the Americans in Atlin. These people could not say it was unfair legislation when many of their states, especially in the west, had similar legislation. He looked at the matter from the standpoint of the interests of the province. Why had this act not been found to be of advantage to British Columbia? There was in America a large class of mining speculators. Canada had not this class to any great extent, and Klondike mining attracted these men from across the border. The legislation of last session practically killed the market for mining claims in Atlin by keeping these men out. The effect of the statute was to drive away American industry and enterprise from Atlin. It was a bad thing. Again, it was with good cause alleged that this act had had a bad effect on hydraulic mining, especially in Cariboo. The market for Cariboo hydraulic claims was this same class of American mining speculators.

"I feel as if I should fly to pieces."

How often those words are a woman's lips. They express to the utmost the nerve racked condition of the body, which makes life a daily martyrdom.

If this condition had come suddenly it would be unbearable. But the transition was gradual. A little more strain each day on the nerves. A little more daily day of worry. Any woman would be glad to be rid of such a condition. Every woman tries to be rid of it. Thousands of such women have been cured by Dr. Pierce's treatment with his "Favorite Prescription" when local doctors had entirely failed to cure.

Sick women suffering from unpleasant drains, irregularities, bearing-down pains, inflammation and ulceration are invited to send for Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," a letter free of charge. Every letter is guarded as a sacred confidence. All letters are promptly answered and mailed in private envelopes without printing of any kind upon them.

"Favorite Prescription" is the full and complete medicine, containing neither alcohol nor opium or other narcotic in any form. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Rena Hensel of Mansfield, Stark Co., Ohio, writes: "I had been troubled with chronic constipation and female weakness and doctor after doctor, none of whom seemed to help me. I saw of your medicine in the Golden Medical Discovery, and I can say I am cured of my troubles, thanks to Dr. Pierce and his medicine. They do me a world of good to those who give them a good trial."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a perfect cure for constipation.

Mr. Helgesen was also claimed that it had affected the confidence of the Legislature to pass that act. He regretted, therefore, that the government had not announced in the speech that it would repeal the act. That was the only true remark.

Mr. McLeide felt it was his bounden duty to support this resolution, as a vote of want of confidence. The government had practically admitted that the act of last session was a gross blunder. It should be condemned for not showing foresight. He declared that the act had not been kept out as well as Americans. He claimed that it was not incongruous for him to now condemn the government for that act when he supported it last session.

Mr. A. W. Smith had always been anxious for the passing of the act. It should be repealed by any government in British Columbia. This province was already settled and should try to attract foreign capital to assist in its development. If the government did not repeal the act he should oppose it. The bill should be taken off the statute book. He would vote for the resolution.

Col. Baker claimed that the government's silence showed that it had no confidence in its own policy. This act was another example of the hasty legislation of last session. The two chief reasons for opposing the act were: (1) That we should keep our wealth for Canadians; (2) that we should retaliate against United States laws of the same character. As to the first reason, to be consistent the law should have been made to apply to the mineral as well as the placer act and English should have been kept out as well as Americans. The second reason was absurd and childish. The act had hampered the development of the province.

Mr. Hail said Mr. Helgesen was politically hide-bound and should take something to benefit himself. He did not blame the government for passing the bill, he believed its action was consistent and honest. Had he been on the floor of the House at the time he would have supported the measure. However, the bill failed to obtain its object. It was not adapted for the province and should be repealed. There would be nothing wrong for the government to look for the wiping out of the act.

Mr. Neill drew attention to the extraordinary political inconsistency of hon. gentlemen on the opposition side. He particularly dealt with Mr. McBride's speech and said the latter in condemning the government condemned himself. (Cheers.) Mr. McBride had during the debate on the address stated that the act should only be changed so as to provide for aliens purchasing claims. That was only last Thursday and yet to-day he was willing to vote for the resolution. Col. Baker, he noted, had turned a complete somersault. Last session he had asked: "Why confine this legislation to alien miners?" That was hardly a strong protest. He defied hon. members to show him in any way Col. Baker had made the "strong protest" he a few moments ago spoke of. He quoted from Mr. Smith's speech last year to show that the address stated that the act should only be changed so as to provide for aliens purchasing claims. That was only last Thursday and yet to-day he was willing to vote for the resolution.

Mr. Both had listened with interest to the eloquent address of Mr. Neill, but that gentleman had missed the point. It was a want of confidence that was being discussed now and the government had lost the confidence of the people, as the resolution said. He would support the resolution.

Mr. Kellie said that in looking up an ancient history he saw that the principle of this bill had been endorsed by the Colonist and World when the Turner party was in power. Some hon. gentlemen had tried to show that they had opposed the bill last session. He denied that. The Deane-Prentice bill of last session was a child of innocence as compared with this bill, but the opposition had spent twenty-three hours opposing the former.

Mr. J. Martin, on a point of order, asked Mr. Speaker what the Deane-Prentice bill had to do with this motion. "You never," he said, "find anybody on the other side out of order."

Mr. Speaker—The hon. gentleman will withdraw that remark. (Loud government cheers.)

Mr. J. Martin—Why, certainly, I withdraw it, Mr. Speaker. (Laughter.)

Mr. Kellie went on to remark that the right course to pursue was for the opposition to withdraw their resolution and let the government bring in its bill. But no, the opposition could not do that, it wanted to make a little cheap party capital. He quoted from an interview which appeared in the News-Advertiser about the time that Mr. Turner returned from England, to show that "Mr. Turner, like Col. Baker, claimed that his intention was to get through a similar bill." (Laughter.)

Capt. Irving condemned the government because it did not send one of its members up to Atlin last year. He argued that the laying over of claims sent 3,000 people away from the district. He criticized Mr. Helgesen's actions and said he would vote for the motion of want of confidence.

Mr. Eberts criticized the government because no member of it got up to speak. He claimed that this legislation was rushed through the House in the early part of last session. The clauses of the Sub-section 2 of section 2 had the effect of preventing English corporations from investing in placer mines. This was slipshod legislation. The government had now announced its intention of amending the act. This was not announced, however, till thirteen days after the House opened. Public opinion thought it certainly objectionable that a large number of miners should be crowded out. But the principle of legislation against the people of another country was not one that he liked. Mr. Turner then read from the Colonist to show that he had during the last session urged that legislation of this character, and not allow it to be rushed through.

Mr. Neill declared that Mr. Turner was distorting his own statement by leaving out portions. Mr. Turner read it all to show that he had said that this matter required careful consideration and a thorough comparison with the old act. He had gone on to say that while at the present time he could not see any great objection to the extension of aliens, yet at the same time there seemed to be some misapprehension in the attitude assumed towards them. He further stated that he had at that time a letter from a prominent American citizen pointing out that Canadians were then allowed to prospect in the State of Washington. He had given this letter to the House with the question: Did they want to dis-

know members of the government interviewed him? Mr. Eberts said it was quite certain they did. From January 12th, 1899, to January 18th, 1899, this Alien Act was good enough for the government. The effect of the Alien Act had been to keep a large number out of Cariboo. The people of Cariboo were against it and would "down" any government that upheld it. The same remark applied to other parts of the upper country where placer mining was carried on. This legislation was distasteful to the United States and that alone should induce the government to wipe it off the statute book.

Mr. Prentice said that though he intended to vote against the resolution he did not wish it to be understood that he supported the act. It had worked a great deal of harm, but the proper thing to do was to wait till the government's bill was brought down. (Hear, hear.) He intended to reserve his remarks till then. Mr. Turner said he had waited to rise until the last moment, as he had certainly hoped to get some very good expression of opinion from the government. The gentlemen opposite, however, seemed to wish to have the last word in order to prevent the opposition having the right to reply to any so-called arguments that might be advanced. The government was afraid to let the opposition speak only because it could so easily show that the operation of this bill was detrimental to the interests of the province. (Cheers.) They had heard the arguments by the gentlemen up to act as stalking horses for the government. Mr. Neill had read extracts from the Colonist, but he had taken very good care only to read small portions of the speeches of the various opposition gentlemen he quoted from. He had read them so as to entirely distort the remarks.

Mr. Neill-I flatly deny it. Mr. Turner-I charge him with distorting the facts in connection with the debate of last year. Mr. Turner went on to note that Mr. Neill quoted from an interview which he had been said to give. He would like to call attention to the then existing state of affairs. He had hurried back from England to attend the session, called that year earlier than usual for some incomprehensible reason. He had arrived in Vancouver on the 9th and had been in Vancouver for about ten minutes—just the time he had been going from the train to the boat—and it was stated in the News-Advertiser that he had taken place with him and that he had expressed himself in favor of the bill. There had been no talk in that statement and he had called the attention of the House to the matter as soon as he had spoken on the bill. With respect to the interview, (Mr. Turner) had no knowledge of any such thing. He certainly had no knowledge of being interviewed. He had not understood it as an interview in that sense. A young man, whom he did not even know, had approached him and asked him what he thought of the proposed alien bill, and he replied that it looked objectionable that a large number of miners should be crowded out. But the principle of legislation against the people of another country was not one that he liked. Mr. Turner then read from the Colonist to show that he had during the last session urged that legislation of this character, and not allow it to be rushed through.

Mr. Neill declared that Mr. Turner was distorting his own statement by leaving out portions. Mr. Turner read it all to show that he had said that this matter required careful consideration and a thorough comparison with the old act. He had gone on to say that while at the present time he could not see any great objection to the extension of aliens, yet at the same time there seemed to be some misapprehension in the attitude assumed towards them. He further stated that he had at that time a letter from a prominent American citizen pointing out that Canadians were then allowed to prospect in the State of Washington. He had given this letter to the House with the question: Did they want to dis-

Seal Brand Coffee

(1 lb. and 2 lb. cans.)

IS PICKED PURITY Strong in Purity. Fragrant in Strength.

IMITATORS ARE MANIFOLD. CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL AND BOSTON.

WEILER BROS.,

(Lamp and Crockery Departments, First Floor.)

Dinner Sets, Toilet Sets, Brushes, Silverware, Brooms, Table Lamps, Enamel Goods, Tea Sets, Baskets, Wall Lamps, Cutlery, Woodenware.

And everything else you need in House Furnishing, or Hotel and Store Requirements.

Write WEILER BROS. For Catalogue and Information

MERCHANTS

As you are aware the price of Cotton and Wool has advanced from 15 to 35 per cent. We beg to inform you that we bought all goods in our warehouse before the rise came. Therefore

TAKE NOTICE

Our prices are, as usual, the lowest in the market, quality considered. Write us for samples.

J. PIERCY & CO.,

Wholesale Dry Goods, 21-29 Yates St. VICTORIA.

Choice Roses

ORNAMENTAL EVERGREEN TREES AND SHRUBS. FRUIT TREES and general nursery stock.

A. OHLSON

Oakland Nursery, Victoria.

"Our Native Herbs"

The Great Blood Purifier and Kidney and Liver Regulator. Price \$1.00 a packet.

\$40,000

To Loan on Mortgage in large and small amounts on improved Real Estate.

Swinerton & Oddy.

106 GOVERNMENT ST. J. H. WARNER & CO.,

Plumbers

Roofing and Corning. 106 YATES STREET. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.

NEW WELLINGTON COAL

Washed Nuts, \$4.25 Sack and Lump, \$5.50 Delivered. Also Anthracite Coal for Furnaces.

KINGHAM & CO.

44 Fort Street. Telephone 647. STODDART'S JEWELLERY STORE. 20 TRADING STAMPS

For every dollar's worth purchased at our new stand, 44 Yates street, send silver one dollar above Broad street. 10 TRADING STAMPS

On every dollar repairing department. Purchases not requiring stamps can have 10 per cent. cash off every dollar.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE

STONE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. OPEN FROM 5 P.M. TO 10 P.M.

The Institute is free for the use of Sailors and shipping generally. It is well supplied with papers and a temperance bar. Letters may be sent here to await ships. A parcel of literature can be had for outgoing ships on application to manager. All are heartily welcome.

# G. H. MUMM'S "EXTRA DRY" CHAMPAGNE



See that Metal Cap as shown in this Cut is on each bottle.

## THIS FAMOUS WINE

Is more than ever the popular Champagne of American Wine drinkers, as shown by the increase in imports over 1898 of over 25 per cent and the fact that three times as much "Extra Dry" was imported as the next highest in the list. Mumm's "Extra Dry" forms two-fifths of the total imports of Champagne into the United States. These figures do not include the large direct imports of Mumm's "Extra Dry" into British Columbia by Pither & Leiser.

Read Comparative Table of Imports.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:

# PITHER & LEISER, Victoria

List of imports of Champagnes into the United States for the years 1898-99, compiled from official records:

	1898	1899
G. H. Mumm & Co's "Extra Dry".....	86,355	109,303
Mout & Chandon.....	34,206	38,808
Pommery & Greno.....	28,318	35,700
Heidsieck & Co.....	13,968	15,574
Piper Heidsieck.....	8,022	12,900
Vve. Cliquot.....	11,660	12,470
Perrier-Jouet.....	10,338	11,648
Ruinart, Pere & Fils.....	9,005	10,520
Louis Roederer.....	8,123	6,130
Ernest Irroy & Co.....	3,585	2,300
A. DeMontebello & Co.....	1,561	2,001
Bouche, Fils & Co.....	1,702	2,048
Delbeck & Co.....	1,265	1,759
St. Mareaux.....	1,743	1,500
Chas. Heidsieck.....	2,705	1,258
Gen. Goulet.....	1,343	
Various Brands (15 or more).....	18,677	19,678
Total.....	243,319	279,700



See that Metal Cap as shown in this Cut is on each bottle.



### PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

(Continued from page 2)

criminate against the United States when that was the sort of treatment they got over there? He had stated that he had hoped that the consideration of this bill in order that the Minister of the House might give it the consideration which it so urgently needed. He would leave it to the House whether the stand he had then taken was in favor of such legislation as the alien bill. He had thought it very hasty, and that the House should have time to consider it. It was disputed at the time as to whether the United States did give such privileges to miners from Canada. In Alaska Canadians could go in and take up placer mines. At the present time there were hundreds of Canadian miners preparing to go to Cape Nome. It would be a serious state of affairs if Americans practiced the same sort of legislation against us as this bill.

Mr. Kidd—How long is it since they had that privilege?  
Mr. Turner next took up the denied Helgesen interview. He accepted the denial, but the general impression still existed in Cariboo that Mr. Helgesen had made the statements reported in the Journal. He had recently received a letter from a gentleman referring to this matter.

Mr. Cotton—Will you give me his name?  
Mr. Turner could do so on reference to his correspondence. He noted Mr. Kellie had said that this act was evidence of a want of foresight on the part of the opposition in allowing this bill to go through. Col. Baker had voted for the second reading on the understanding that it was to go before the mining committee, and the House had reason to believe that the committee was averse to the bill. This request had been made in the full knowledge that when the bill was before that committee the persons best qualified to judge of the effect of the bill would be brought before it. The committee had rushed it through the House in spite of that opinion. He took the ground that the bill ought to have been gone through more carefully and for that purpose it ought to have been referred back to the committee. The House had refused to do that, and he ought to be pleased on the government and he was sure he ought to vote for the resolution.

Mr. Kellie—No.  
Mr. Turner declared that the government brought in the bill and that the only opposition it met with had been on the opposition side of the bill. If every man on the opposition side had rushed through the House. The responsibility of legislation rested on the government, and if it brought in bills that were detrimental to the best interests of the country the responsibility must rest on it, and the House should condemn it. Mr. Turner said opposition members had admitted it was bad legislation ("no, no,") and the Minister of Finance had done so by announcing that a bill was to be brought in.

Hon. Mr. Carter-Cotton said he never said anything about it being bad legislation.  
Mr. Turner said he did not say Mr. Carter-Cotton said it was bad legislation. He understood Mr. Cotton to say that the government intended to bring in a bill to remedy the act. The government had stated that it had allowed this bill to go through, and that, therefore, the opposition was responsible for this bad legislation. The government had brought in this bill, had carried it through the House and was responsible for it. That was his position and it was unassailable. He moved the adjournment of the debate until 2 o'clock tomorrow.

### THE EVENING SESSION.

Resuming after recess, Mr. Turner said that at the time when he returned from England he was unable, immediately upon leaving the train at Vancouver, to come to any definite conclusion in regard to anti-alien legislation. That was why he advocated delay. It was quite evident that the government sincerely regretted that legislation and he for one would favor accepting the objectionable measure of the statute books as it had proved detrimental to the whole province. The opposition, according to

the member for West Kootenay (Mr. Kellie), should be denounced for favoring this legislation. How much more, therefore, were the government to be blamed for introducing it.  
Mr. Kellie—I didn't say that, I said that if the opposition blamed the government they must also blame themselves, as they had assisted in passing the law.  
Continuing, Mr. Turner said that the anti-alien law had injuriously affected the business men and the working men of the province.  
Mr. Macpherson—You don't care for the working men, do you?  
Mr. Turner—You're not much of a working man yourself. Are you a working man? Those who make such a charge about the working men are those who are living and fattening on the working men, as the hon. gentleman I believe does. If you probe it to the bottom you will find that those who pretend to be the working man's friends are looking out for the pay from them.

Continuing, Mr. Turner said that the anti-alien law was injudicious, as the American had the whip hand with Canada in regard to Alaska.  
The speaker then went on to challenge the quotations made by the member for Alberni (Mr. Neill), who, he said, had quoted only a part of his interview at Vancouver, and had consequently misrepresented him.  
Hon. Alex. Henderson, who on rising was greeted with applause from the government benches, said that up to the present time he had not been certain whether the motion was intended to be taken seriously, and in consequence required a reply from a member of the government. The motion stated explicitly as "for the benefit of Canadian miners and Canadian traders." Proceeding, the Attorney-General said that there was no doubt that the measure at the time of its passage represented the sentiment of the people of British Columbia, and yet with general approval, as in support of his statement he quoted editorially endorsing the government's action from the Toronto World, in which the axiom of "Canada for the Canadians" was laid down. The same spirit was breathed by the press of the province, and to say that the people had lost confidence in the government was tantamount to saying that they had lost confidence in themselves. (Applause.) It was only a question of how long a government should anticipate the popular will.

Mr. Baker—Aw! (Laughter)  
Mr. Henderson—The member for South Kootenay does not express any coherent or intelligent dissent, but he says "Aw." (Loud laughter.)  
Turning to the attitude of the member for South Kootenay, the speaker said that he should have either opposed or supported the measure—a measure in which the principle was plain enough.  
Col. Baker—I said in the House that I protested against this bill, and that the Attorney-General replied that the member might have allowed those words to drop from his lips, but his general attitude to the measure had been of a very different kind.  
The second member for Victoria also, if he remembered right, had supported the measure.  
Mr. McPhillips at this stage rose and said that while he was before his constituents at the time the bill was introduced, as soon as possible he had placed himself on record as opposed to it.  
The hon. leader of the opposition, too, continued—Mr. Henderson had read a letter from a namesake in Seattle who opposed the bill.  
Mr. Turner—Oh, no! not a namesake. The Attorney-General—Yes, I think it was a namesake. Indeed, I'm sure it was a namesake.  
Concluding, he said that the bill when introduced had been in accord with the sentiment of the people, and that the government was bound to carry out their wishes. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Henderson said that some hon. members seemed to wish that their foresight had been as good as their backsight. It would be remembered, he continued, that he himself had introduced a similar measure which he afterwards withdrew.  
Finally the government introduced the present bill, and it had passed with great unanimity, the member for Cassiar consistently opposing it at that time.  
The bill had at this time of its passage met with general approval—(applause)—though the speaker had uttered a warning note that the step might bring down a reprobation from the higher powers. Since then the two great powers of Britain and the United States had drawn closer together.

He then read the letter of the Minister of Justice, dealing with the acts passed of late session, in which mention is made of the desirability of further consideration of the Placer Mining Act.  
The Legislature of this province, continued the speaker, should be careful not to offend against the provisions of the British North America Act. Taking into consideration the tentative renunciation of the Minister of Justice, he thought it would be well to reconsider that act which his information at least led him to believe had had the opposite effect to that which it was designed to accomplish. Although conceived with the best of intentions, it had been misconceived, and he thought it wise to withdraw it. (Applause.)  
Mr. E. J. Dennis said it was rather amusing to hear the hon. leader of the opposition denounce in such strong terms a measure in regard to which he had manifested such masterly inactivity last session. (Applause.)  
The speaker did not regard the bill as mischievous. On the contrary, he believed it had accomplished a great deal of good on the same line as that adopted on the other side of the boundary. At the time it was introduced Mr. Atlin was believed to be a poor man's diggings, but that camp had been a measure disappointing to the miners. Mr. Martini had presented a peculiar spectacle in rising in his place and condemning the government in unsparring terms for a piece of legislation which he himself had introduced. (Loud applause.)  
The opposition party have been sincere in their dislike of the principle of the measure. Their support of it, if such were the case, must have been due to fear of public sentiment, which at that time was strongly in favor of the measure. He did not think that such a course would commend them to the people of the province. (Loud applause.)  
Mr. Munro (Chilliwack) regarded the measure as one of self-defense, and he characterized "the opposition as inconsistent in the attitude they had assumed to it. (Applause.)  
He had been struck with the lack of cohesion which the members of the opposition had shown. Each man was fishing off his own hook. What could they expect if such a body of men got together to put the affairs of the country (Government cheers).  
Mr. C. E. Pooley said that the Minister of Finance had acknowledged that the government was responsible for the legislation of the session, and that the members of the opposition had now tried to put the blame for anti-alien legislation on the opposition.  
Hon. Members—No, no.  
Continuing, the senior member of the opposition said that the member for Cariboo had said during the debate that in the countries he had mined in claim jumping was a common thing. It might be in California or other countries, in which the member for Cariboo had worked, but it had always been discontinued by custom, and by the courts in British Columbia. The speaker had asked in Cariboo in 1882, and claim jumping there had been severely dealt with.  
The member for Cariboo had admitted that his statement in Asahroft regarding the anti-alien law had been made in a hotel, after 12 o'clock at night, when he was not quite sure of his statements. (Laughter.) In the absence of any better explanation this statement must be taken. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Pooley added that had it not been for the experimental legislation of last session mining matters in the province would not be in such a chaotic condition. There had been too much of this hasty legislation. To-day ten acts had been laid on the members' desks to come up the following day. How could any private member hope to digest it?  
Mr. Munro rose to say that he did not say that the government was impeded, but that the common sense of the people was impeded by the motion. Mr. Macpherson said he couldn't allow the statement of the leader of the opposition regarding himself to pass unchallenged. "I say his statements are untrue." (Applause.)

Opposition Members—Order, order.  
Mr. Turner—Mr. Speaker, I rise to a point of order. The senior member for Vancouver says what I said was untrue. I want him to withdraw it.  
Mr. Macpherson—I withdraw that, but I will say that what he said was not founded on fact, and he couldn't prove it.  
The member for Cariboo had admitted that his statement in Asahroft regarding the anti-alien law had been made in a hotel, after 12 o'clock at night, when he was not quite sure of his statements. (Laughter.) In the absence of any better explanation this statement must be taken. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Pooley added that had it not been for the experimental legislation of last session mining matters in the province would not be in such a chaotic condition. There had been too much of this hasty legislation. To-day ten acts had been laid on the members' desks to come up the following day. How could any private member hope to digest it?  
Mr. Munro rose to say that he did not say that the government was impeded, but that the common sense of the people was impeded by the motion. Mr. Macpherson said he couldn't allow the statement of the leader of the opposition regarding himself to pass unchallenged. "I say his statements are untrue." (Applause.)

He said, too, Mr. Speaker, that I was fattening on the laboring man.  
Mr. Turner—I said no such thing.  
Mr. Macpherson—He said I was doing the same thing as well as fattening on them, but his such men as are sitting there. (Cheers.)  
Opposition Members—Order, order.  
Mr. McBride—Please repeat that a little louder, so I can take it down. It applies to me as well as to you.  
Mr. Speaker—Take your seat. You are out of order.  
Mr. Macpherson—There will be another opportunity outside the House.  
The Speaker—Order.  
Mr. Macpherson—I'll have another chance when you can't call me to order.  
Mr. Speaker—(Of his own accord) which the speaker took his seat.  
Mr. Ralph Smith admitted that the law referred to had not been a satisfactory one in operation as was hoped for. Certain circumstances have to be taken into consideration in dealing with such matters. The history of mining had been almost impossible for a government always to give satisfaction.  
Mr. McBride—It's not so. Prove it.  
Mr. Smith—I'll prove too much for the member for Dewdney. The object of the passage of the law was to correct a wrong, but to take advantage of one they had created to knock out the government for political reasons, pure and simple.  
Quoting the attitude of the different members of the opposition, who, at the time of the passage of the law complained that the application of the law was not extended to quartz mining, he turned to the member for Dewdney who had said that if the government would make it possible for aliens to purchase claims he would support them.  
A long wrangle ensued between the member for Dewdney and South Naitano, in which the good offices of the Speaker were repeatedly employed to restore order.  
It was during this wrangle that Mr. McBride mentioned that the Speaker showed a want of patience.  
Mr. Booth reiterated his contentions of last year against the bill.  
Mr. A. W. Smith (Lillooet) complained that he had been misreported last session, when it was represented that he had favored the passage of the law.  
Mr. J. M. Martin, who was loudly applauded, said he was painful to see hon. gentlemen on the opposition benches seeking to evade their responsibility. The afternoon had been taken up by the members of the opposition in condoning their sins of omission, and all he could charge the government with was that of taking advantage of the baby like innocence of the opposition. (Laughter.)  
If the government had information which would lead them to believe its modification advisable, he hoped the motion would support them in it. (Applause.)  
Mr. Clifford, the father of the motion, in concluding the debate, could not understand why the government was retreating in the matter of "experimental legislation" when its result had been to cut the revenue in two. It had been urged that Atlin was a disappointment. The output last year from that district was \$1,000,000, and had it not been for this ill-considered legislation it would have been \$2,000,000. (Loud applause.)  
The great mistake made by the government was in not sending up a Gold Commissioner with ample powers, such as those officials had in Cariboo. Had Mr. Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

Regarding the statement in the Asahroft Journal," continued Mr. Clifford, "I don't think much of that, for the honorable gentleman has 'himself' acknowledged that he was 'slightly inebriated.' (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

A Question.  
By Mr. Helgesen: On Wednesday next, to ask:  
(1) At what date was the communication referred in the report of the Minister of Justice contained in the return relating to the acts passed in the Legislature during the session of next in chapter 20—An Act to amend the Placer Mining Act, received?  
(2) What reply, if any, was made to the recommendation therein contained?  
When was such dispatch forwarded?  
"Adversity flattereth no man," but the pains of dyspepsia turn his attention to food's Sarapanaria and in its use he finds Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

Regarding the statement in the Asahroft Journal," continued Mr. Clifford, "I don't think much of that, for the honorable gentleman has 'himself' acknowledged that he was 'slightly inebriated.' (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

By Mr. Helgesen: On Wednesday next, to ask:  
(1) At what date was the communication referred in the report of the Minister of Justice contained in the return relating to the acts passed in the Legislature during the session of next in chapter 20—An Act to amend the Placer Mining Act, received?  
(2) What reply, if any, was made to the recommendation therein contained?  
When was such dispatch forwarded?  
"Adversity flattereth no man," but the pains of dyspepsia turn his attention to food's Sarapanaria and in its use he finds Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

Regarding the statement in the Asahroft Journal," continued Mr. Clifford, "I don't think much of that, for the honorable gentleman has 'himself' acknowledged that he was 'slightly inebriated.' (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

able gentleman has "himself" acknowledged that he was "slightly inebriated." (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

By Mr. Helgesen: On Wednesday next, to ask:  
(1) At what date was the communication referred in the report of the Minister of Justice contained in the return relating to the acts passed in the Legislature during the session of next in chapter 20—An Act to amend the Placer Mining Act, received?  
(2) What reply, if any, was made to the recommendation therein contained?  
When was such dispatch forwarded?  
"Adversity flattereth no man," but the pains of dyspepsia turn his attention to food's Sarapanaria and in its use he finds Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

Regarding the statement in the Asahroft Journal," continued Mr. Clifford, "I don't think much of that, for the honorable gentleman has 'himself' acknowledged that he was 'slightly inebriated.' (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

By Mr. Helgesen: On Wednesday next, to ask:  
(1) At what date was the communication referred in the report of the Minister of Justice contained in the return relating to the acts passed in the Legislature during the session of next in chapter 20—An Act to amend the Placer Mining Act, received?  
(2) What reply, if any, was made to the recommendation therein contained?  
When was such dispatch forwarded?  
"Adversity flattereth no man," but the pains of dyspepsia turn his attention to food's Sarapanaria and in its use he finds Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

Regarding the statement in the Asahroft Journal," continued Mr. Clifford, "I don't think much of that, for the honorable gentleman has 'himself' acknowledged that he was 'slightly inebriated.' (Loud laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose excitedly. "There is not a man in the province," he cried, "that can ever say or swear that I was the worse of liquor." (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I wish I could say the same. (Laughter.)  
Concluding the speaker suggested that the Attorney-General bring in an act to wipe out all the statutes. They were of little use. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Helgesen rose to deny that he had made representations to the government contrary to his instructions from the minister. (Laughter.)  
While Mr. Helgesen was making this explanation the member for Cassiar (Mr. Clifford) resumed his seat, and upon the conclusion of Mr. Helgesen's remarks the Speaker, inferring that Mr. Clifford had finished, rang the division bell.  
Mr. McBride—Mr. Clifford had not concluded.  
Mr. Speaker—There is no point of order. Take your seat.  
Mr. McBride—I suppose I'll have to do. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Clifford—I rise to a point of order.  
Mr. Speaker—Sit down.  
Mr. Eberts—Mr. Speaker, I notice that in addressing members of the House you use the expression "sit down."  
The Speaker—Sit down. (Laughter.)  
Mr. Eberts—No, I will not sit down. I will stand right here. When you learn to use in parliamentary language I will do so, but for "sit down."  
Mr. Eberts was in the middle of his protest when the Speaker put the question, and so absorbed were the government benches in the talk between the two that when the latter asked all those in favor of the motion to signify it, there was a storm of eyes from the government benches, the members to the right of the Speaker in a moment of abstraction having been fighting. This caused a laugh, but behind the vote was counted it was found that Mr. Clifford's motion had been defeated by 19 to 16. Mr. Jos. Martin was not in his place for the vote, and Mr. Higgins is still indisposed.  
The Premier (then moved) that the House stand adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.  
After the rising of the House a noisy altercation took place in the corridors between Messrs. Hall (Clatsop) and Macpherson (Vancouver), which was a sequel to the dispute in the chamber, and in the course of which the third member for Victoria City broke the tie between the two by a gentlemanly manner on the floor of the House. Finally Mr. Eberts led the excited politician away.

By Mr. Helgesen: On Wednesday next, to ask:  
(1) At what date was the communication referred in the report of the Minister of Justice contained in the return relating to the acts passed in the Legislature during the session of next in chapter 20—An Act to amend the Placer Mining Act, received?  
(2) What reply, if any, was made to the recommendation therein contained?  
When was such dispatch forwarded?  
"Adversity flattereth no man," but the pains of dyspepsia turn his attention to food's Sarapanaria and in its use he finds Graham had these powers there would probably have been no necessity for the bill to go up.  
Hon. Mr. Cuyton—The Gold Commissioners have not that power.  
Mr. Clifford—Can't the Lieutenant-Governor in council give them it?  
Hon. Mr. Cotton—No.  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Graham was a first-rate man and a capable man, and was an excellent tax gatherer. (Laughter.) The member for Cariboo had charged him with making misstatements. He repudiated this. Anything he said he could prove.  
Besides, the member for Cariboo had told him that he had written the government recommending the repeal of the Alien law.  
Mr. Helgesen—I never said any such thing.  
Mr. Eberts—Oh, you were never in Atlin at all. (Laughter.)  
Continuing, Mr. Clifford said that Mr. Helgesen had gone down to Victoria to get a delegation to ask the government not to grant any hydraulic leases until the placers were worked out, yet he had recommended the opposite. "Still the member for Cariboo had the cheek and gall," he added, "to stand up and accuse me of misrepresentation. I'm astonished."

able gentleman has "himself" acknowledged that he was "slightly inebriated." (Loud laughter.)



IRRITATION Of the face caused by shaving or any other roughness of the face and hands may be relieved by the application of BUTTERMILK TOILET LOTION.

BOWES. HE DISPENSES PRESCRIPTIONS. Government Street, near Yates. Telephone 425.

WEATHER BULLETIN. Daily Report Published by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Jan. 22-5 a. m. The ocean storm area mentioned yesterday as approaching Vancouver Island is now centered in the Gulf of the North Pacific.

Forecast. For 24 hours ending 3 p.m. Wednesday. Victoria and vicinity—Strong winds or gales from the S. W. with S. unsettled, with occasional rain or snow.

Report. Victoria—Barometer, 29.74; temperature, 32; minimum, 41; wind, 32 miles N. W. rain, 4.6; weather, cloudy.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF.

Give your friends Blue Ribbon Tea. The street railway system of the city was tied up for over an hour last night by a break in the line from Goldstream.

To-night there will be a parade of the Fifth Regiment, when all members, whether in possession of uniforms or not, are requested to attend.

A magic lantern exhibition will be given by the Y. W. C. A. at their rooms, 32 Rae street, this evening, to which all young women of the city are invited.

The "Brown Jew" saloon, the popular resort at the corner of Fort and Government streets, was yesterday sold by J. B. Simpson to Steve O'Brien, of the "Grotto" saloon.

The man on the street corner advertises his wares by wind. If you buy and find you are sold, it's your fault. You take no chances in buying "HONDI". Ask all those friends of yours who use it.

At the regular monthly missionary meeting of the Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church held last night, Miss Morgan gave a very interesting account of her work here. A business meeting followed the missionary services.

The King of Sweden and Norway, in recognition of the services of Mr. Robert Ward, his consul in British Columbia since 1878, has conferred upon him the Cross of a Knight of the Royal Order of Wasa (First Class).—Pall Mall Gazette, 2nd January.

Those desiring a musical treat should not miss attending the Metropolitan church choir concert to be given Tuesday evening, January 23rd, at 8.15. The choir have for some time been preparing under Mr. Hicks' direction for this event. A splendid programme of glee, part songs, quartets and solos, also violin selections by Miss Smith will be rendered. This will be good, don't miss it. Admission 25 cents.

Lieut. Danneberg, R.N., read a very interesting paper last night before the Natural History Society on the subject of "Tides." There was a large attendance of members and the greatest interest was manifested in the lecture, which gave valuable information in regard to the tides of this coast. Capt. Smythe and several of the other officers of H.M. survey ship Eecia were present and took part in the discussion.

Work commenced this morning on the addition which is being made to the Methodist church building in Victoria West. A large annex is being built at the rear of the present structure which will afford increased room for the regular congregations, and will also provide the church with much needed classrooms and school rooms. The congregation is devoting its contribution to the Twentieth Century Fund to this purpose.

Superb hair and all facial beauties removed by electrolysis. Electric Parlor, 114 1/2 Yates street.

Have you seen the \$1 per dozen Printed Cups and Saucers at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street?

Four samples of 1900 Crawford Bicycles can be seen at Oulson & Pimley's, Broad street, and they are beautiful.

Tree Pruners, Pruning Knives, Hedge Trimmers and Garden Tools cheap for cash, at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

Clean, bold cash—a discount of 30 per cent. on all cash sales of over one dollar until January 31st in all lines of clothing, men's furnishings, hats, etc., at Reid's winter clearance sale, 122 Government street.

Messrs. Oulson & Pimley have opened a beautiful establishment of General Hardware and Cooking utensils next door to their bicycle store on Broad street, and are selling at the lowest cash prices. Give us a trial.

Last Saturday evening, on the occasion of Ladies' Night, the Temperance Hall was full to the doors, showing the ever increasing popularity of the Saturday evening concert. Next Saturday night a splendid bill of fare is being prepared. Mr. Anson Parfitt, with an orchestra of a dozen pieces, supported by vocalists, etc., will give the entire programme.

Mr. John Brethour of Saanich has received a letter from his son, Private W. H. Brethour, of the Victoria detachment of "A" company, in South Africa. The letter, which was written from De Aar, gives an interesting description of the incidents of camp life, and reports an unanimous desire on the part of the Canadians to get at the enemy.

Yesterday the Tyee mine at Mount Slesker shut down, the development company having completed their work and opened up a large body of ore. Work will be resumed as soon as the new company, which Mr. Livingstone is forming in England, takes control. Work is being pushed on the Leona, which now has about one hundred men employed on it. The tramway is being rapidly completed, and will be greatly appreciated as the roads are now becoming almost impassible.

The high wind played havoc with the wires early this morning, particularly on Yates street, between Douglas and Broad, where tramway, telephone and electric light wires became crossed, to the rather unsympathetic accompaniment of fire bell ringing. Accordingly, Chief Deasy and Lineman Daley, assisted by Constable Murray and Woods, set to work and succeeded in straightening matters up, thereby bringing order out of chaos.

Mr. H. De Meillon, of Sonoma, the secretary of the Duncan show, is at the Oriental, having come down to Victoria for a few days in order to push the interests of the association with which he is connected. In conversation with the Times man, he learned that it is the intention of the Duncan Association to hold a show on Dominion Day, which will be supplementary to the regular exhibition. This show will be confined to poultry and small fruits, with the exception that it will include a bench show. Bicycle races and sports will also be carried out, the organization now having a track which is in splendid shape for racing.

Preparations are going on apace for the Burns anniversary concert next Friday evening in the lecture hall of the First Presbyterian church, under direction of Mr. J. G. Brown. Tickets are selling with unusual rapidity, indicating a very large attendance. Mr. Brown has always been a point of attraction, and on this occasion will introduce to Victorians a gentleman, a good elocutionist, who served many years in the famous 42nd (Black Watch) Highlanders, and who took part in the four principal engagements in the Crimean war, at Alma, Inkerman, Balaklava and Sebastopol; also a lady well known to Victorians, who will make her first appearance at a Scotch concert, and many of the old favorites.

The charge against John Harding of stealing a gold watch from Mrs. Murphy was remanded in the police court this morning until Thursday. The charges of cruelty to animals, instituted by the S. P. C. A. Society against Geo. Carter and Jno. Terrell, were continued, the former being fined \$12.50 or ten days imprisonment. The magistrate, in giving his decision, held that although Carter was not the driver of the horse, yet, as owner, he was responsible for its condition. Terrell was also convicted, but in his case sentence was suspended. Mr. Lindley Creamer prosecuted on behalf of the society. The case of Arthur Beattie, who is charged with being implicated with John Fay in an attempt to assault and rob M. Meiss is being continued this afternoon.

To-morrow evening in Institute Hall a complimentary concert will be given by the Choral Union and Arion Club as a benefit for Mrs. W. Greig, widow of the late beloved organist and conductor of the societies. The programme is as follows: Soldiers' Chorus (Faust).....Gounod; Arion Club; Dankhallo.....Molloy; Hesperus.....Kuller; Chorale of England.....Person; May Morning.....Deben; Hail Victoria.....Downen; Concerto in F Major.....Rach; The Rose Tree.....Lodge; King's Rhapsody.....Mrs. F. B. Kellerman; Widmung.....Schumann; Lieat; The Tallers.....Florentini; Pilgrims' Chorus.....Wagner; Arion Club.

The latest line of Sideboards, Cabinets, Hall Stands, Tables and Bedroom Suits in B. C. can be seen at Weller Bros., "The House Furnishers."

Radam's Microbe Killer. GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. Will Cure Your Rheumatism.

JOHNS BROS. AGENTS. 220 DOUGLAS STREET.

Townsend a Total Loss. Engineers Driven Out by Steam. She is Swept out to a Reef.

Passengers Escape—The Vessel Being Broken Up by the Waves.

City of Seattle Loses Her Propeller—Was Towed to Juneau.

Tees in the Storm—A Skagway Hotel Destroyed by Fire.

The long overdue steamer City of Seattle has been heard from at last. As anticipated she had broken down. She lost her propeller during the recent gales, and has been towed to Juneau by the steamer Cottage City.

Townsend has been totally wrecked, fortunately though, without loss of life. Steamer Tees is reported to have weathered the storm, and she will no doubt reach port to-night or to-morrow.

Again has the storm flooded ridden over the waters of the northern coast, and again the path of the gale is marked by dire disaster to shipping. Fortunately, though, there has been no loss of life. What with heavy downfalls of snow, blinding rain and hail, winds that tore up the face of the waters with a terrible velocity, and at night, darkness that was almost impenetrable, the lot of the mariner on the vessels plying to Skagway has been far from a sinicure for some time past.

For the last three trips all the steamers have reported experiencing terribly heavy storms on both the upward and downward trips, but this latest voyage, which to one of the fleet was fatal, and in which another suffered, was the worst they say that any of them have encountered since they have sailed through those waters.

It is said to have been the most severe storm that raged along the Alaskan coast for years. The wind blew with awful force and the heavily falling snow which covered the ground to a depth of from three to eight feet, together with the lowness of the thermometer, which registered several degrees below zero, added to the severity of the strenuous weather, and it is little to be wondered at that some of the vessels have met with mishap.

The worst disaster reported is the total loss of the steamer Townsend. She is said to be a complete wreck on Rocky Point, four miles from Haines Mission. The steamer had started south and went ashore on Katshin Falls. It was a low tide when she went ashore, and she remained fast until the tide rose, when she was floated, and turned her bow back to Haines Mission. She sailed again from that port on Tuesday last. The wind was blowing a gale. She had made but four miles, when a steam pipe burst, and her engine room and fire room were filled with scalding steam. The firemen and engineers were driven from the engine room, and the vessel unmanageable, before the helpless force of the gale, was driven whither the storm took her, those on board being all powerless to alter her course from the evident disastrous one in which the gale was driving her. On she went until she brought up with a sudden jerk, which shook the timber in her. She had been driven with the full force of the storm on a reef. The shock tore a hole in her hull, and the water rushed in. She filled in no time.

The boats were at once lowered and a line was taken ashore to assist in saving the passengers. Before all had reached the shore the wrecked vessel capsized and began to break up. She was going to pieces.

To reach Haines the passengers had to face a blinding snow storm, with the thermometer at several degrees below zero, and trazel along the shore through snow that was from four to ten feet deep. The cook of the vessel had both his hands, his feet and face frozen on the journey. The Rosalie, which has gone to Haines Mission to pick up the shipwrecked passengers, is expected down with them shortly.

The missing Seattle is now safe at Juneau. She was towed there by the steamer Cottage City, which picked her up in a disabled condition, with her propeller gone, and for this service the Cottage City will no doubt see about the Amur for a similar service in the

same locality a few days ago, receive salvage from the Seattle's owners.

The Seattle lost her propeller during the heavy gale, and helpless in the face of the storm, she put out her three anchors. These dragged and it was not until she was within thirty yards of Berner's Bay that they held. With the good fortune that sometimes watches over steamers in distress, the steamer Cottage City saw her signals of distress and hurried to the rescue.

She made several futile attempts before, at length, a line was placed on board. Then when an attempt was made to tow her from her perilous position the line parted and she drifted towards the reef.

To save herself the Seattle set what canvas she had, and even with her small sail area so great was the fury of the wind that she was carried past the Cottage City and was soon lost sight of in the blinding snow. It was with difficulty that she was replaced with canvas, and she was again in a perilous position. That again there was difficulty in putting a hawser on board, and great difficulty in towing the disabled steamer through the storm to Juneau.

There she was to be placed on the beach, and the crew were obliged to work with an extra one that she carries with her. The Tees was also tossed by the awful storm. She was at anchor in William Henry Bay, about forty-five miles from Skagway, sheltered in a cove from her anchorage by the gale's fury and obliged to work with an extra one that she carries with her. The Tees was also tossed by the awful storm. She was at anchor in William Henry Bay, about forty-five miles from Skagway, sheltered in a cove from her anchorage by the gale's fury and obliged to work with an extra one that she carries with her.

News is also given by the Cottage City of the burning of the Branick Hotel and the St. Claire building on Wednesday last. The loss is estimated at \$12,000.

DEATH'S HARVEST AT HONOLULU. There Were Twenty-Seven Deaths From Plague to January 12th.

A correspondent writing from Honolulu under date of January 12th says there have been twenty-seven deaths from imhohu plague to date. Of these thirteen have been Chinese, two Japanese, one South Sea Islander and the remainder Hawaiians or part Hawaiians. So far no white persons have been attacked by the disease.

One of the patients is a member of the National Guard, who was on duty in the quarantine district. He is the only one of the 400 guardsmen who have been in the quarantine district to get "scabies," a native intoxicant, food for other purposes.

The government is now feeding daily about 1,700 persons, mostly Hawaiians, within the quarantine district of Chinatown, the Chinese and Japanese of that district, including themselves, for the most part. Besides those, the government is providing for those in the detention barracks, about 2,000 more. The question of what is to be done with the people after they have passed through the quarantine period in the detention barracks, many of whom have lost their all, has become an important one.

Detention barracks capable of accommodating upwards of 4,000 people are in process of construction. The people detained are those who have been removed from infected houses and districts and the houses or districts burned. Already over fifty houses have been burned, including nearly two whole blocks in Chinatown and other buildings in the same district, as well as single dwellings scattered throughout the town wherever deaths from plague have been discovered.

January sale 20 per cent. discount. Stevens & Jenkins, 84 Douglas Street.

Still Giving Away. Our hat sale last week was a decided success. So much so that instead of running some other line as is our custom we have decided to push the hat sale into another week. All pur

Fine Hats at \$1.50. Both regular and broken sizes. All these goods are worth from \$3.00 to \$4.00. A clear give-away of \$1.50 to \$2.50 on each hat. Everything goes at \$1.50. Stamps added.

Geo. R. Jackson 57 Government Street.

SHIPPING NEWS. HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WEST COAST.

At 4:30 yesterday afternoon storm signals were hoisted over the customs house. Mr. Byrnes, the collector's assistant, gave the mariners and others notice of several hours of the coming of the heavy storm which raged last night. That the storm signal department in connection with the Dominion meteorological office, which is now in working order, will be of great assistance to the shipping fraternity, and that its signals will be eagerly looked for, goes without saying.

Yesterday the signal hoisted was the cone. This signifies the coming of a heavy wind. The hoisting of the cone and drum gives warning of the approach of a gale. When the wind is expected from the west or west-south-west, the cone is inverted. At night two lamps are hoisted side by side as a signal of a gale coming from the east or south, while should a gale be expected from the west or north one lamp is shown above the other. The storm of last night, therefore, no warning was given by the American offices, extended as far south as Northern California. The wind blew in squalls of about forty miles an hour. While the work of the meteorological department in arranging for storm signals is being well spoken of on all sides, at the same time there is some one to the front with a burlesque, which while it must not be considered for a moment that it is intended for a reflection on the work of the department, is published to show what treatment every meritorious work receives at the hands of the alleged funny man. The story as it is being told is that while the observer and his assistant were on the roof of the custom house overlooking the Roads, a steamer was seen coming back to port. "Is that the Maude?" asked the observer. "It is," said the assistant, "she is coming back. "Then hoist the storm signal, there is a storm coming." No verification can be found for this story.

There are now 10 steamers and 18 sailing vessels en route to the Royal Roads. The list is given below: Aethiopia, Am. sh. 2,534 tons, Mar. 16th; Liverpool, British Columbia, Sept. 16th; Prodeok Castle, Ferguson, Br. sh. 1,745 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Brussels, Tonkin, Br. sh. 901 tons, Liverpool, British Columbia; Creedmore, Kennedy, Br. sh. 1,200 tons, Manila, British Columbia; Centennial, Marshall, Am. sh. 1,130 tons, Honolulu, Nanaimo; Charming, Davis, Am. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; Mlowera, Hemming, Br. sh. 1,911 tons, Sydney, Vancouver, Jan. 2nd; Neillies, Millions, Br. sh. 2,905 tons, Singapore, British Columbia; Oriantia, Parker, Am. sh. 1,550 tons, San Francisco, Departure Bay; Rhineland, San, Br. sh. 1,727 tons, Honolulu, Departure Bay; Elginshire, Hannah, Br. sh. 2,038 tons, Liverpool, Victoria, Dec. 13th; Empress of China, Archibald, Br. sh. 3,002 tons, Hongkong, British Columbia; Glenlochy, Stevenson, Br. sh. 2,193 tons, London, British Columbia; Goodwin, Jackson, Br. sh. 2,882 tons, Kobe, Victoria, Jan. 14th; J. D. Peters, Townsend, Am. sh. 1,030 tons, Santa Rosalia, Comox; M

"The best value for the least money" is the motto of Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

Business of the Schools

Principal's Salaries Increased—Trustee Belyea Not in Favor of Lady Principals.

Estimates of the Schools for the Year Passed by the Trustees.

Proposal for the Erection of a New High School—Music in Schools.

At the meeting of the board of school trustees held last night at the city hall, the salaries of the principals of the city schools were raised from \$90 to \$100, excepting, of course, that of Principal McNeill, who was already paid at that figure.

The matter referred to in the editorial columns of the Times last night regarding the fact that the trustees had not taken the Declaration of Office was taken up, Trustee Hall speaking to a question of privilege at the opening of the meeting in this regard.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee McNeill said that while a motion was made and carried to this effect, another important matter brought up at the meeting last night was the proposal for the building of a new High school at a cost of \$30,000.

Table with 2 columns: Item, 1900, 1901. Rows include Janitors, Fuel, Board expenses, Advertising, Furniture, Supplies, Repairs, Insurance, Miscellaneous, Emergencies, Salaries.

It will be seen that there is an increase of \$27.50 in the appropriation for janitors. This is to allow of an increase being made in the salary of the janitor at the High and Boys' Central school.



MEN OF ALL AGES suffering from the effects of early folly quickly restored to robust health by the use of the Lost Manhood, Premature Decay, Weak Memory, Errors of Youth, Varicocele, for ever cured.

ing Rock Bay school and other additional expenses. In the appropriation for furniture an increase of \$200.50 above that of last year is proposed.

The following committees were appointed: Finance—Trustees McCandless, Drury and Mrs. Gordon Grant.

Management—Trustees Belyea, Mrs. Helen Grant, Drury and Brown. Building and Grounds—Trustees Brown, Belyea and Mrs. Gordon Grant.

Equipment and Supplies—Trustees Mrs. Helen Grant, Drury and Brown. Mr. James A. Grant wrote saying that the statement that Hillside school was overcrowded was not borne out by facts.

Trustee Dr. Hall moved that unless teachers hold certificates required by the board in the grade in which they teach, applications for an increase of salary will not be entertained.

Trustee Belyea said that the salary of male principals be \$100, which, he said, meant that the salary of

female teachers more than female teachers was in vogue elsewhere. The payment of teachers was purely a business proposition.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee McNeill said that while a motion was made and carried to this effect, another important matter brought up at the meeting last night was the proposal for the building of a new High school at a cost of \$30,000.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

Trustee Belyea said the members of the board were sitting without making a declaration of office trustees were awaiting time. The question should be settled so as to avoid trouble hereafter.

don Grant and Mrs. Helen Grant. Trustee Belyea then moved that on and after January 1st, 1901, all the principals be made teachers holding at least first certificates, except in the case of the Girls' Central school, the principal at which may be a female, holding first "A" certificate.

Trustee Belyea then moved an amendment to the motion that Messrs. Gillies and Tall, Messrs. Cameron and Williams be paid \$100 per month, that the names Cameron and Williams be struck out of the amendment.

For Extraordinary Expenditure, and suggested that the council be asked to introduce a by-law for the raising of that sum.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

Trustee Belyea also brought up the question of music in the schools, and asked that an appropriation be provided for its introduction. The other schools of Canada, England, and the United States were now teaching music in their schools, and Victoria should not be behind.

MUNYON The Learned Professor Creating a Sensation. REMARKABLE CURES In All Parts of Canada Convince the Most Confirmed Invalids That They May Yet Enjoy Health and Happiness.

THE CURED TELL The Glad Story of Their Relief from Suffering.

Mrs. Laura Ross, 215 Victoria Street, Toronto, Canada, writes: "One bottle of Munyon's Sore Throat Cure cured me of a very severe sore throat accompanied with stiffness and pain in the muscles of the neck. I also had a stiff hand accompanied with pain and numbness for ten years. The hand was practically useless, and it was cured of this trouble with one bottle of Munyon's Remedies, and I can now confidently recommend them to every sufferer from Rheumatism, Catarrh, every kind of neuralgia, and all forms of indigestion and stomach troubles.

Munyon's Cold-Cure prevents pneumonia and keeps up a cold in a very short time. Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, croup, and all forms of bronchitis, whooping cough, and all forms of lung disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Kidney Cure speedsily cures pain in the back, sides or groin, and all forms of kidney disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Headache Cure stops headache in five minutes. Price 25c.

Munyon's Female Remedies are a boon to all women. Munyon's Catarrh Remedies cure all forms of Catarrh—urethra, bladder, and all forms of urinary disease. Price 25c.

Munyon's Asthma Remedy relieves in three minutes and cures permanently. Price 25c.

Munyon's Pills are a great tonic and all-around medicine for every ailment. Price 25c.

NOTICE: The Amur has been thoroughly overhauled and is provided with accommodation for passengers and freight of an exceptionally suitable character.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. Scientific American.

TRANSPORTATION. Esquimalt & Nanaimo Ry

New Time Card TO TAKE EFFECT SATURDAY, DEC. 2.

LEAVE VICTORIA Daily, except Sunday, 9:00 a.m. Saturday, 9:00 a.m. and 9:30 p.m.

CURE SICK HEADACHE and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Rheumatic Cure.

Excursion Tickets On sale to and from all stations on Saturday and Sunday good to return on Monday.

Victoria & Sidney RAILWAY. Daily: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SAFURDAY AND SUNDAY: Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION. Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED) WHARF STREET, VICTORIA.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, except Monday, at 1 o'clock a.m., Sunday, 11 p.m.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave for Fort Simpson and Intermediate ports, via Vancouver, the 1st and 15th of each month, at 8 o'clock p.m.

ALASKA ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave every Wednesday at 8 p.m. for Wrangell, Dyea and Skagway.

RAILWAY SOUND ROUTE. Str. Willapa leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports, on the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month, extending later trips to Quatsino and Cape Scott.

G. A. CARLETON, General Freight Agent, C. S. BAXTER, Passenger Agent.

For Cape Nome SS. AMUR CAPE NOME MAY 1st, 1900

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., Limited, will dispatch their steamer from Victoria, B. C., for Seattle, Wash., on the 23rd of January, 1900.

C. P. N. Co., Ltd., Steamers Will leave Turner, Repton & Co's wharf for DYEA, SKAGWAY, WRANGELL

"TEES" Jan. 24 "DANUBE" Jan. 31

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE

Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO. For Alaska and Gold Fields.

"Dirigo" and "Rosalie" EVERY THURSDAY

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways

"The Milwaukee"

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. AUSTRALIA, Wed. Feb. 7, at 2 p.m. S. S. ALABAMA to sail Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 4 p.m.

THE White Pass and Yukon Route THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. BRITISH YUKON M., T. & C. CO.

Two First-class Trains Daily Between Skagway and Lake Bennett, B. C. Through Telegraph Service Skagway to Dawson and Intermediate Points. Skagway is the Gateway to Atlin, Dawson and Cape Nome Gold Fields.

For rates and particulars apply to S. M. THWIN, Traffic Manager, Dexter Horton Bldg., Seattle.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY. 500 PACIFIC LINE. Pacific to Atlantic WITHOUT CHANGE.

Toronto, Montreal, Boston and St. Paul.

Operating the Latest Improved Pullman First-class and Tourist Sleepers

Steamer Victorian TIME CARD NO. 7. Effective Monday, October 16th, 1899.

NORTH BOUND. DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY. Leave Tacoma 8:30 p.m. Arrive Seattle 11:15 a.m.

"ALPHA" (Otto Bockholz, Master.) Will sail from Victoria, April 1st and Vancouver, April 15th.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco.

FOR ALASKA. LEAVE SEATTLE 9 A.M. Cottage City, Jan. 10, 25, Feb. 9, 24, Mar. 11, 26, Apr. 9, 24, May 19, 3, 18, 31, Jun. 14, 29, Aug. 12, 27, Sep. 19, 4, 19, 3, 18, 31, Oct. 14, 29, Nov. 11, 26, Dec. 12, 27, 31.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT.

HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government Street.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. AUSTRALIA, Wed. Feb. 7, at 2 p.m. S. S. ALABAMA to sail Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 4 p.m.

FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia.

S. S. AUSTRALIA, Wed. Feb. 7, at 2 p.m. S. S. ALABAMA to sail Wednesday, Feb. 21, at 4 p.m.

# And Still Another

## City Council Receives a Further Proposal Regarding Victoria-Chilliwack

### Conference Arranged for Tuesday Evening—Discussion Regarding Tram Passes.

The regular weekly meeting of the Board of Aldermen last evening was of a highly interesting character, being just 11 o'clock when an adjournment was taken. The principal business was the receipt of a communication from Bodwell & Duff, with a new proposition regarding the proposed Victoria-Chilliwack railway. In connection with the proposal now being considered by the council another important step taken was the consideration of the by-law which provides a few amendments was declared complete, and the third reading fixed for next Monday evening.

Before commencing the regular business Ald. Yates rose to a question of privilege, deploring having made use of the expression in reference to the C.P.R., attributed to him by the Colonist on Saturday morning. Ald. Beckwith also took exception while the mayor was of the opinion that reporters should be readily excused in making inaccuracies while reporting that meeting, which was conducted regardless of the rules of order.

After the usual preliminaries the following communication was read from Messrs. Bodwell & Duff, which is self-explanatory:

Gentlemen: Re the proposed extension of the Victoria & Sidney railway to Chilliwack. In this matter we are instructed to inform you that, if the city of Victoria will grant in aid of this undertaking a bonus of \$40,000 a year for twenty years, a number of gentlemen of good financial standing, who are all business men of the city of Victoria and whose interests are entirely with the city, are prepared to undertake the construction and operation of this railway. They will procure the necessary legislative authority and proceed with all expedition to the construction of the road if they can obtain financial assistance from the city of Victoria to the amount referred to in the former part of this letter.

We are not at liberty at present to mention the names of our clients, but we beg to assure you that their standing in this community is sufficient guarantee for their bona fides, as well as their ability to perform any undertaking they make with the city of Victoria, and if this proposition is accepted, the undertaking will be in the hands of persons whose interests are identical with those of the citizens of Victoria generally.

Yours truly,  
**BODWELL & DUFF.**

Ald. Beckwith was of the opinion that such a communication as the foregoing should certainly receive the early consideration of the council, and that a conference should be held with Messrs. Bodwell & Duff on the subject, say this (Tuesday) evening.

Ald. Yates said that if no more Messrs. Bodwell & Duff than that received from Messrs. Tupper, Peters & Potts, a conference was useless. He did not think it right that one railway scheme should be killed by another before the taxpayers had given their views on the subject. He advocated pressing on the present by-law.

Ald. Stewart said that there was a difference between the two communications, inasmuch as an assurance was given by the latter gentlemen that the promoters were Victorians, while the former did not. Ald. Messrs. Bodwell & Duff desired was a bonus of \$40,000 annually, and they would commence. He would accordingly move that the communication be laid on the table and a conference arranged for on Wednesday night with the promoters.

Ald. Kinsman seconded, but advised a slight delay in action, as more offers and perhaps better ones might be received. Finally it was decided to hold the conference on Thursday evening with Messrs. Bodwell & Duff.

A communication was read from Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmecken, on behalf of Mr. O'Connor, of Coburg street, directing attention to the fact that at times his place is flooded with water, which rises to the floor of his residence, making it unhealthy for the inmates.

Ald. Yates advocated ascertaining what information led the city engineer to take action in the matter. If the flooding was due to the drain being defective he thought some decided step should be taken.

The city engineer stated that he had investigated the complaint and could not understand how, from what Mr. O'Connor had told him, the water could reach the floor of the house if it did not cover the road.

Ald. Williams moved that the matter be referred to the city solicitor, while Ald. Yates moved that the matter be referred to the city engineer, and that Messrs. Drake, Jackson & Helmecken be informed that the council were not liable in the matter. Ald. Yates's amendment was carried, Ald. Williams withdrawing his motion.

J. P. Walls wrote on behalf of Samuel Goodwin asking that he be admitted into the Old Men's Home. The council decided to notify Mr. Walls that it was necessary that the required papers should be made out, after which the matter would be referred to the home committee.

The following communication was read from the manager of the B. C. Electric Railway Company:

Gentlemen: Re—Rock Bay Bridge. With further reference to the offer made by this company of \$700 in connection with Rock Bay bridge, we may say that

we are advised by the city engineer that the repairs made to the bridge will result in this company being entitled to run its big cars over the bridge, that being the condition that influenced us in offering the \$700.

It is perhaps unnecessary for us to remark that it will be a matter of pleasure to us and one of great convenience to the public when it will be possible to put the large cars on the Esquimalt line.

I have the honor to be your obedient servant,  
**ALBERT T. GOWARD,**  
Local Manager.

Received and filed.  
Adjutant Galt, of the Salvation Army, wrote directing attention to the good work performed by the army in the past and asking that \$150 be appropriated for the purchase of another horse in place of the one they had lost. Received and referred to the finance committee.

T. Matthews, of Vancouver, wrote offering grants for building, for sale if required. Referred to city engineer.

The clerk reported a number of communications referred to the previous council to the city engineer. Received and filed.

The engineers reported as follows:  
Victoria, Jan. 22nd, 1900.  
To His Worship the Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

Gentlemen: I have the honor to submit for your consideration the following report: Re communication from F. J. Claxton requesting certain improvements on Pandora avenue, easterly from Fernwood road, a distance of about 180 feet. Upon examination of this locality I do not consider the improvements suggested at all urgent, as many of our central streets are in a much worse condition. However, I would recommend the large boulevard be removed from the sides of the street, together with minor repairs. Estimated cost, \$20.

Re communication from Fanny Haynes asking to have the drain extended on Parkington street, a distance of 120 feet, so that connection can be made with the sewer. It would respectfully recommend the above extension be carried out at once. Estimated cost, \$50. Total estimated cost with water pipe connection for flushing, \$60.

Re Government street, between Flanagan and Cornorant streets, which was passed, etc., is about to be surfaced with stone. After due consideration, I would recommend sufficient curbstone be taken from the market and set throughout the above block. Estimated cost, setting, hauling, etc., \$60.

Re drainage in the vicinity of Stadacona avenue, Cadboro road and Elford street. In accordance with instructions I herewith submit an estimate of the cost of a 12 inch pipe drain between Stadacona and Belmont avenues; the same to follow a straight line nearly parallel to Cadboro Bay road and through Major Dupont's property. I would suggest that this drain be used for surface drainage only, and if constructed I will have the houses inspected before any permits be granted for connection therewith. Estimated cost, \$215.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,  
**C. H. TOPP,**  
City Engineer.

This report was dealt with clause by clause, the first two being adopted, the third laid over, and the last referred to a special committee composed of Ald. Brydon, Yates and Hall. The report was further discussed and was adopted as a whole with amendments.

Messrs. Fell & Gregory wrote on behalf of Taylor Mill Co., informing the council that their action in repairing the Rock Bay bridge was not legal, and requesting that the swing portion be restored to its former position. They did not intend to allow their clients' interests to be overridden by the council. Received and referred to the city solicitor and city engineer.

The health officer reported as follows:  
Victoria, Jan. 19th, 1900.  
Dr. C. J. Fagan, Secretary Provincial Board of Health:

Dear Sir:—In reply to your letter of 15th inst. re sanitary condition of the "Chinese quarter" in this city, I beg to report that "Chinatown" may be said to extend from Johnson street to Pembroke street, from Douglas street to the waterfront. In this section of the city there are a large number of old and extremely dirty buildings, most of them without proper sanitary conveniences and unfit for human habitation. There are also many alleys, back yards, cellars, vacant lots, etc., that are very unsanitary. I recently made a report on this subject to the city council, and suggested that on account of the danger of the introduction of "plague" and of the impossibility of satisfactorily applying existing sanitary laws to Chinatown the legislature be asked for increased power to deal with it. I am pleased to be able to state that the council promptly adopted my

report, and that the council has adopted my

## Droppings in the Throat

### A Symptom of Catarrh Permanently Cured by Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure.

The hawking and spitting which the catarrh sufferer goes through in the morning to clear the throat of the droppings is a marked symptom of this distressing disease. In the early stages the discharge may become slight, but it becomes so thick and tough that considerable effort is required to expel it from the throat.

It is encouraging for the catarrh victim to know that he can be relieved of this distressing and permanently cured of catarrh by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Both acute and chronic catarrh are eradicated from the system by Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. It cleans the choked up air passages, heals the ulcers, and quickly conquers disease.

Mr. Thomas Squirrel, 214 Bay street, Ottawa, Ont., states: "I was afflicted with a very severe form of catarrh for many years, and was so bad that the doctors gave me up to die of consumption. A careful, systematic use of Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure brought about a complete change. I no longer have any hawking and spitting and am perfectly cured. The doctors burnt out my throat three times for this disease."

Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, 25 cents a box. Blower free, at all dealers, or E. J. Mansson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

suggestion and is now asking the government for the required powers.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,  
Your obedient servant,  
**R. LE FRASER,**  
Medical Health Officer,  
Victoria.

Victoria, Jan. 15th, 1900.  
Sir:—In view of the fact that "the plague" is spreading to ports with which your city has direct communication, I would like to have a special and immediate report on the sanitary condition of your Chinese quarters.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,  
**C. J. FAGAN,**  
Secretary.

Dr. Fraser, Medical Health Officer, Victoria.

This communication was received and filed.  
Tenders for the yearly supplies were then brought up, the mayor stating that it was imperative for the city engineer to have lumber at once. But when the figures were made known, their complex character caused the board to refer the matter to the finance committee and city engineer, with power to act. The tenders for supplying groceries to the Old Men's Home were referred to the purchasing agent and the home committee, while the other tenders were referred to the finance committee and the purchasing officer.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts of sums in Victoria West in necessary and city engineer, with power to act. The tenders for supplying groceries to the Old Men's Home were referred to the purchasing agent and the home committee, while the other tenders were referred to the finance committee and the purchasing officer.

The fire wardens reported as follows:  
Gentlemen:—Your fire wardens committee having considered the undermentioned subject, beg to report and recommend as follows:

That the purchase of ground, erection of a fire hall and equipment of same in Victoria West is necessary and should receive immediate attention.

That we have given the question serious consideration and estimate the cost at \$60,000. We recommend the appropriation in the estimates for the year of said sum for the purpose mentioned, and also that your fire wardens be empowered to advertise for tenders for a site and to purchase a combined chemical engine and hose wagon.

That with the erection of a new hall and equipment of same the placing of six additional hydrants will be necessary in Victoria West, to afford protection to buildings at present outside the reach of the department, with a limited supply of fire hose.

In explanation, Ald. Stewart said that a guarantee as to the condition of the engine was offered, and all that was required was that it be ascertained whether or no the engine was in the condition it was stated to be in. It would save the council \$1,200.

Ald. Kinsman was in favor of securing the engine as he considered that it was necessary.

Ald. Yates was in favor of calling for tenders for the lots; as to the engine the purchase should be deferred until the next meeting of the council.

Ald. Cameron was not in favor of second-hand bargains, although he knew that Victoria West should have something done for them in this respect.

Ald. Williams advocated the erection of a fire hall in Victoria West. The people of that district were promised this and other improvements, and he thought these should be inaugurated.

Ald. Brydon expressed his opinion that the council should exercise caution in the purchase of the engine. If it is represented to be in a certain condition, and if it is not found suitable the council could reject it. He was decidedly opposed to allowing any official over to inspect the engine.

Ald. Beckwith advised deferring the matter until the estimates had been prepared, so that the council could see where they stood financially.

The report was moved and amended so as to provide for the calling of tenders for the lots, but the remaining portion was to be laid over until the estimates had been drawn up. But the council later voted decided that such was not to be the case; neither was the report adopted and the report with amendments, were declared lost.

Ald. Brydon's resolution, providing for the laying of concrete sidewalks on Government street, between Cornorant and Fignard, was passed without discussion.

The electric light committee, recommending that tenders be called for the supplying of carbon for the ensuing years; also that two new commutators be secured to replace the old ones; price, \$180. Referring to the light on Pembroke street the committee reported that the raising of the lamp to a great height as the pole would allow would obviate all difficulty as to light.

Received and adopted.  
Ald. Yates's resolution regarding the disallowance of certain employees of the corporation receiving tram car passes, provoked a long-drawn discussion. Ald. Yates, in explanation, emphasizing the broad principle underlying the resolution that no man could serve two masters. He wished to protect the employees of the corporation from any insinuation that may be hurled at them in case trouble arises between the council and the electric corporation.

Ald. Beckwith thought the resolution a distinct slur on those civic servants who possessed a pass, and he would vote against the resolution.

Ald. Yates said that his experience did not enable him to say who should have a pass, and the wording of the motion was perhaps not explicit, but he would amend it so as to read as follows: "That no employee of the corporation of the city of Victoria except policemen and firemen shall be permitted to receive from the British Columbia Electric Railway Company a free pass or permit to travel on the said company's lines, but the corporation shall provide passes to the city engineer, the superintendent of streets, the superintendent of electric, chief of fire department, the sanitary officer, plumbing inspector, and other servants the heads of the various departments shall determine."

Ald. Stewart, the seconder, favored the resolution on principle, while Ald. Kinsman said he had a pass and was

# RHEUMATICS



**Pains in Your Joints--Pains in Your Back--Pains From Hip to Knee--Pains That Move From One Place to Another and Make Your Life Miserable--They Are Rheumatism.**

—that awful, grinding pain of which a patient said: "It feels just as if somebody had put my sore knee in a vice and turned the screws until they could go no further, and then given them one more twist to be sure."

I can cure it. I can give relief sometimes in three hours, a certain cure in the worst cases in from one to ten days. My Electric Belt has cured thousands of cases of rheumatism, and with my twenty years' experience I know just how to apply it.

## Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt

is the best on earth. It gives a warm, glowing electric current into the seat of the pain; it arouses a vigorous circulation of blood through the afflicted part; freeing the tissues from obstruction, dissolving the uric acid and driving the impurity from the body. It cures by removing the cause. Nothing but electricity properly applied can do this. My Belt does it.

It never burns nor blisters, as it has my special cushion electrodes and regulator. It is as good for women as for men. Warranted in every case for one year. A strong, continuous current that you can feel.

**Free Test. Free Book.**

Call if possible and test this grand remedy, free. See how wonderfully it works and let me tell you whether it will help you. If you cannot call, let me send you my 80-page book about it, free, by mail. Address

Centerville, Wash., Oct. 28, 1899.  
Dr. M. A. McLaughlin,  
Dear Sir:—Your Electric Belt which I received has given entire satisfaction. Before I got your Belt I suffered awfully with my back. Now I feel all right.  
Yours most truly,  
**LEE SMITH.**

**DR. M. A. McLAUGHLIN,**  
1004 COLUMBIA STREET, SEATTLE.

one of those fellows who "liked to get all they can" in this respect. Ald. Cameron did not believe in splitting the principle, while Ald. Brydon also opposed the resolution. The amendment was finally put and lost.

The consideration of the Victoria-Chilliwack railway was the next and last item of business, the council resolving itself into a committee of the whole to deal with the matter. The clauses were adopted with little amendment, and after arranging for the third reading next Monday evening, the board adjourned until Wednesday.

**AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.**  
Sopwith "Lombardo" says there is no difference between genius and madness. Waggle—"Parson's" madness gets three square meals a day."

## STRONG NERVES

Are Sure Indications of Good Health and Vigor.

### Paine's Celery Compound Builds Up the Nerves, Flesh, Bones and Muscles.

It is a Boon to Men and Women of All Ranks and Conditions.

Our Ablest Physicians Recommend Paine's Celery Compound.

Well-braced and steady nerves, strength of body and a vigorous constitution are bestowed without fail by Paine's Celery Compound on all men and women who are run-down, weak, nervous and sleepless.

While the great majority of medicines tend to lower vitality and weaken the system, Paine's Celery Compound commences to impart strength from the first dose. The nerves and muscles are fortified, the blood is made pure and rich, and flesh is built up. These improved conditions give regular action to the stomach, liver and kidneys.

Sweet sleep, perfect appetite, sound health, and long years will be your portion after being made well by Paine's Celery Compound. Ask your druggist for "Paine's"; never take a substitute.

—Knife Trays, Furniture Brushes, Table Mats, Bath Mats, Knife Boards, Japanese Trays and a host of novelties from England. Weller Bros.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## Provincial News.

**VANCOUVER.**  
Health Inspector Marrion and Medical Health Officer Dr. Maclean paid a visit to Chinatown last week. All the cities on the coast are determined to have their Chinese quarters cleaned up, on account of the prevalence of the plague on the Oriental side of the water. It is in just such places as the cellars of Chinatown that the plague most freely breeds, according to the statement of the medical officer, so that action is being taken to clean up and make habitable in a system that cannot be too fully impressed upon the festive Chinaman. Half a dozen cellars were found in Chinatown where the sunlight has never entered for years, and where white-mice probably never were before. The inspector himself has been in most places in that quarter, but a cellar in the rear of No. 41 Throssel street was found to be the worst place he had ever been in. There was absolutely no furniture in the things in the nature of household wares being boards with a few thin cloths over them for beds and the invariable paraphernalia of the opium den.

**NEW WESTMINSTER.**  
The annual meeting of the New Westminister District Liberal Association was held last week. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, John Oliver; vice-presidents, R. McDonald (New Westminister), Dr. Wilson (Ladner), John Armstrong (Surrey), Captain Stewart (Richmond), R. Ballour Fox (Capetown), Eber Stride (Burnaby), Hector Ferguson (Maple Ridge), Albert Dion (Dowdney), Fred Hughes (Mission), Dr. Farwell (Kent), A. Hawkins (Mattson), J. V. Means (Sumas); secretary, Wells Marcher; treasurer, H. A. East; auditor, A. Mallin.

**CAPT. SLOCUM AND OOM PAUL.**  
In the January Century Captain Slocum tells of the Spirit's arrival at Capetown, and of a visit to Pretoria, where he met President Kruger, to whom he sold his being sailing around the world. This statement Oom Paul flatly contradicted.

I traveled the country over from St. Johns-Town to Pretoria, being accredited by the colonial government a free rail-road pass over all the land. The trip from Capetown to Kimberley, Johannesburg and Pretoria was a pleasant one. At the last-named place I met Mr. Kruger, the Transvaal president. His excellency received me cordially enough, but my friend, Judge Beyers, the gentleman who presented me, by mentioning incidentally that I was on a voyage around the world, unwittingly gave great offence to the venerable statesman, which we both regretted deeply. Mr. Kruger corrected the judge rather sharply, reminding him that the world is flat. "You don't mean 'round' the world," said the president; "it is impossible." You mean 'in' the world. Impossible," he said, "impossible!" and not another word he uttered either to the judge or me. The judge looked at me, and I looked at the judge, who should have known his ground, so to speak, and Mr. Kruger showed at us both. My friend the judge seemed embarrassed. I was delighted, for in those days I was fond of fun, and the incident pleased me more than anything else that could have happened. It was a nugget of information quarried out of Oom Paul, some of whose sayings are famous. Of the English he said, "They took first

my coat and then my trousers." He also said, "Dynamite is the cornerstone of the South African Republic." Only unfeeling people call President Kruger dull. Soon after my arrival at the Cape, Mr. Kruger's friend, Col. Sanderson, M.P., who had arrived from Durban some time before, invited me to Newlands Mansions, where I met many agreeable people. His Excellency Sir Alfred Miller, the governor, found time to come aboard with a party. The governor found a seat on a box in my cabin; Miss Murie sat on a keg, and Lady Sanderson sat by the skipper at the wheel, while the consul, with his kodak, away in the dingy, took snuff shots of the sloop and her distinguished visitors. Dr. David Gill, astronomer royal, who was of the party, invited me the next day to the famous Cape observatory. An hour with Dr. Gill was an hour among the stars. His discoveries in stellar photography are well known. He showed me the great astronomical clock of the observatory, and I showed him the tin clock of the Spray, and we went over the subject of standard time at sea, and how it was found from the deck of the ship's ship without the aid of a clock of any kind. Later it was advertised that Dr. Gill would preside at a talk about the voyage of the Spray; that alone seemed for me a full house. The hall was packed, and many were not able to get in. This success through me sufficient money for all my needs in port and for the homeward voyage.

**SOME FRIENDLY ADVICE.**  
"Hello, old man; how are you feeling to-day?"  
"Rotten."  
"Dyspepsia had still?"  
"Yes."  
"Did you try those Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets?"  
"Yes."  
"Do you any good?"  
"No."  
"What? You took Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets and they didn't do you any good?"  
"That's what."  
"How many did you buy?"  
"One box."  
"How many did you take?"  
"I don't know. About half dozen."  
"Half a dozen! When did you take them?"  
"After meals generally."  
"Didn't you take them regularly?"  
"Well, I took the first one after breakfast at night and then I forgot to take any until the next night."  
"How long did it take you to consume the half dozen?"  
"About a week."  
"Well, you're a bird."  
"Eh?"  
"You're a peach."  
"Why?"  
"Did you expect to get cured that way?"  
"No."  
"How do you expect to get cured?"  
"I don't."  
"No, no, you won't if you don't use common sense."  
"Thanks, old man, thanks, for those few kind words."  
"No, but you're such an idiotic chap. You got down in the month, lose heart; so you won't let yourself be cured. Now, Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure you if you take them regularly after each meal—sure. You understand? But can't expect a medicine to cure you taking it the way you started Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. Take them regularly; give them a chance; go at it hopefully, and wake up from that gloomy morbid faithfulness in everything."  
"I'm afraid I'm an awful fool old man."  
"Oh! no worse than lots of other people I guess," said his friend cheerfully.

**ATLIN MINES.**  
Reliable information can be had by applying to  
**RANT & JONES,**  
Notaries, Mining Brokers, and General Agents. ATLIN, B.C.

**ANDREW SHERET, Plumber**  
102 LINT ST. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.  
**NOTICE.**  
Rock Bay Bridge is closed to traffic during repairs.  
C. H. TOPP, City Engineer.

**Notice to Contractors.**  
Tenders for the erection of a frame dwelling house on Dallas road will be received up to noon Saturday, 27th inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.  
S. MACLEURE, Architect, Room 5, Five Sisters Block.

**\$50.00 REWARD.**  
The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of the party or parties who broke the cars and sink my boat at Turley's ways.  
VICTOR JACOBSON, January 23rd, 1900.

**Free Cure For Men.**  
A new remedy which quickly cures men's weakness, varicocele, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. J. W. Knapp, 2844 Hall Building, Detroit, Mich., gladly sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every weak man may cure himself at home.

**APIOL & STEEL For Ladies PILLS**  
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.  
Superior Bitter Apple, Pil Cochis, Peany-royal, etc.  
Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, Eng.

**Cook's Cotton Boot Compound**  
Is successfully used monthly by over 750,000 ladies. Safe, efficient, Lotion and Cream. Take no other, as all Mixture, pills and injections are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 11 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 15 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two-cent stamp. The Cook Compound Window, Ont. 125 No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.  
No. 1 and No. 2 sold in Victoria by all wholesale and retail druggists.

**CURE YOURSELF!**  
Use Big 6 for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, 5 per meter's dose, White, Urinary discharge, or any inflammation of mucous membrane. Irritation or absorption of mucus from urethra. Not satisfying to patients.  
Sold by Druggists, Clearcut seal on wrapper.

# THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MINING RECORD

## CHRISTMAS EDITION

1899  
IN MAGAZINE FORM.

128 Pages on finest enameled paper. Litho Graphed Cover. Beautifully illustrated with upwards of 100 engravings reproduced from original drawings and photographs.

Numerous Leading Articles and Short Stories by prominent men of British Columbia and Eastern Canada.

The Finest Publication ever produced in the West.  
We intend to make this edition a credit to British Columbia and the best advertising medium ever offered to business men in the Province.

CIRCULATION 10,000 COPIES.  
PRICE 10 CENTS.



**JOHN MESTON**  
Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc.

BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

**British Columbia Tanning Co., LIMITED.**  
ROCK BAY, VICTORIA, B. C.

**Buckskin Dressed for Gloves Lace and Lash Leather.**  
Highest cash price paid for Hides, Pelts and Skins.

**ATLIN MINES.**  
Reliable information can be had by applying to  
**RANT & JONES,**  
Notaries, Mining Brokers, and General Agents. ATLIN, B.C.

**ANDREW SHERET, Plumber**  
102 LINT ST. Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.  
**NOTICE.**  
Rock Bay Bridge is closed to traffic during repairs.  
C. H. TOPP, City Engineer.

**Notice to Contractors.**  
Tenders for the erection of a frame dwelling house on Dallas road will be received up to noon Saturday, 27th inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.  
S. MACLEURE, Architect, Room 5, Five Sisters Block.

**\$50.00 REWARD.**  
The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of the party or parties who broke the cars and sink my boat at Turley's ways.  
VICTOR JACOBSON, January 23rd, 1900.

**Free Cure For Men.**  
A new remedy which quickly cures men's weakness, varicocele, etc., and restores the organs to strength and vigor. Dr. J. W. Knapp, 2844 Hall Building, Detroit, Mich., gladly sends free the receipt of this wonderful remedy in order that every weak man may cure himself at home.

**APIOL & STEEL For Ladies PILLS**  
A REMEDY FOR IRREGULARITIES.  
Superior Bitter Apple, Pil Cochis, Peany-royal, etc.  
Order of all chemists, or post free for \$1.50 from EVANS & SONS, LTD., Victoria, or MARTIN, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Southampton, Eng.

**Cook's Cotton Boot Compound**  
Is successfully used monthly by over 750,000 ladies. Safe, efficient, Lotion and Cream. Take no other, as all Mixture, pills and injections are dangerous. Price, No. 1, 11 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, 15 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two-cent stamp. The Cook Compound Window, Ont. 125 No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.  
No. 1 and No. 2 sold in Victoria by all wholesale and retail druggists.

**CURE YOURSELF!**  
Use Big 6 for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, 5 per meter's dose, White, Urinary discharge, or any inflammation of mucous membrane. Irritation or absorption of mucus from urethra. Not satisfying to patients.  
Sold by Druggists, Clearcut seal on wrapper.

