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You will Need Me for Future Reference.

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A Descriptive....
Catalogue



STELLA PEACH.

*Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Flowering
Shrubs, Vines, Roses and Small Fruits.*

....Cultivated and for Sale at....

BONHAM NURSERIES,

Five Miles North of Bonham, Texas.

ESTABLISHED IN 1869.

B. L. ADAMS, Proprietor.

Successor to E. H. ADAMS & SON.



DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

...OF...

Fruits, Ornamental Trees,

Flowering Shrubs, Vines,

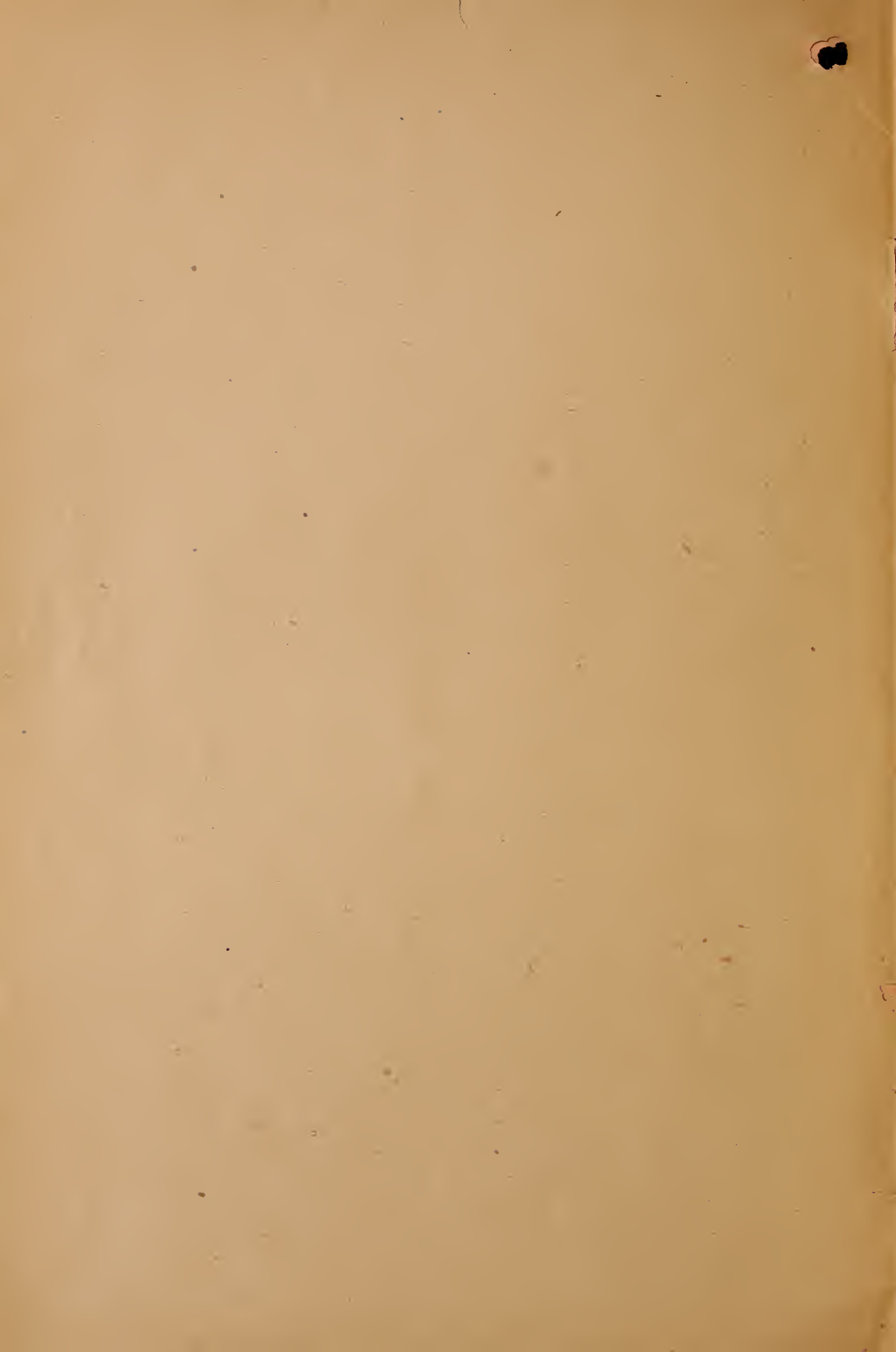
Roses and Small Fruits.

Cultivated and for Sale by _____

BONHAM NURSERIES,

B. L. ADAMS, Proprietor,

BONHAM, - - - - TEXAS.



INTRODUCTION.

In presenting to the public a short, revised and condensed Descriptive Catalogue of BONHAM NURSERIES, we take pleasure in thanking our numerous friends for their liberal patronage, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

While we do not claim that our stock is better than others, we do claim that our assortment of fruits cannot be surpassed in this country, and take pride in asserting that in point of quality it will class with the best grown in any locality.

We propagate principally such fruits as have been fully tested and proven best adapted to this climate; and new, untested varieties sparingly, but enough to keep before the public such varieties as seem to us worthy of cultivation.

If you wish to set an orchard for profit, buy your trees from your home nursery, of parties who are reliable, and have a reputation to sustain. This is your only safety. By a system of fair and liberal dealing, we hope to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage we have heretofore received.

With thanks for the past, we promise our hearty efforts to please in the future. Other remarks will be found in the different divisions of this catalogue, and in addition to this you should read Texas Farm and Ranch.

Respectfully,

B. L. ADAMS.

BONHAM, TEXAS.

Sept. 1. 1900.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.

Write name and address plainly, also name of each article wanted, with special directions for shipping. When no directions are given we exercise our best judgment.

We adhere as near as possible to purchaser's selection.

Would recommend inexperienced persons to leave selections of varieties principally to us, as our experience gives superior advantages in making selections best suited to our climate. Everything guaranteed true to name, and while we use every precaution possible, we assume no responsibility above the value of the stock sold.

We use great care in packing to secure safe transportation, but responsibility ceases when delivered to freight or express agents.

Terms, cash with order or satisfactory references. Send money by postal or express money orders, registered letter or bank draft, at our risk.

I replace at the Nursery at half price all stock that dies within six months from time of delivery—provided reasonable care has been given such stock, and prompt notice is given me.

Will ship C. O. D. if one-fourth cash is sent before shipment. Send in orders early to secure what you want, as some varieties may be exhausted. Correspond with us for prices on large quantities.

I employ agents, and try always to secure reliable, trustworthy men, and I commend them to my friends. Some agents may impose on me, and also on you, hence I say this: **I will not be responsible for their debts, nor for verbal agreements unless written on face of order.**

SUGGESTIONS TO PLANTERS.

For an orchard, a dry, sandy loam is best, sufficiently rolling to drain, otherwise it should be drained artificially, and put in a good state of cultivation, prepared suitable for a crop of corn. Lay off your rows as far apart as you wish the trees and cross it like planting corn in hills and plow out deep enough to take in the roots without cramping. Procure young trees from some reliable home nursery, and after pruning off all broken or bruised roots, by a clean cut with a sharp knife from the under side, and pruning the top of the trees to two feet or less, set in the ground so that when the earth is well settled around them they will be but little deeper than they grew in the nursery. If these directions are complied with, and after-cultivation well attended to, success will be almost certain. If for the first three years one-half of each year's growth is pruned off and all straggling limbs and water-sprouts taken off, and the trees protected from rabbits and borers, not one in a hundred will fail to have fruit in abundance. A borer commences its depredations about the middle of May and continues through June and until it is destroyed, or it destroys the tree. The peach trees are generally damaged at the surface. Leached ashes or slaked lime will generally protect them from this pest. Protect trees from rabbits with cloth, paper or corn-stalks tied on about November first.

DISTANCE TO PLANT.

Apple trees,	20 to 30	feet apart	each way.
Peach trees,	20 to 30	"	"
Pears and Cherries,	16 to 20	"	"
Plums,	16 to 20	"	"
Dwarf Pears,	10 to 16	"	"
Grapes,	8 feet in rows	8 feet apart.	
Black and Raspberries,	3 to 4 in rows	8 feet apart.	

The following table will be found of interest to those planting an orchard :

At	3	feet	by	eight	feet	1815	will	plant	an	acre
"	4	"	"	"	"	1360	"	"	"	"
"	6	"	"	"	"	909	"	"	"	"
"	8	"	apart each way			680	"	"	"	"
"	10	"	"	"	"	435	"	"	"	"
"	12	"	"	"	"	302	"	"	"	"
"	14	"	"	"	"	222	"	"	"	"
"	16	"	"	"	"	170	"	"	"	"
"	18	"	"	"	"	134	"	"	"	"
"	20	"	"	"	"	108	"	"	"	"
"	24	"	"	"	"	81	"	"	"	"
"	30	"	"	"	"	49	"	"	"	"

APPLES.

The apple is our most profitable fruit for Northern Texas. It succeeds on most soils and in almost any locality, and ripens in regular succession from June 1st to November 1st. A number of our winter varieties will keep until May. Some valuable apples North are worthless here. Some succeed in one locality and not in another. Persons setting an orchard cannot be too cautious in the selection of varieties. Many worthless trees are palmed off on the unsuspecting by tree dealers; after years of toil and labor, the planter finds that he has no fruit, but a lot of worthless trees. Consult your neighbor who has made a success of the business and you will not fail.

Any one can have apples without stint. After many years of labor we can with safety offer the public the following list:

IN ORDER OF RIPENING.

JUNE.

Red Astrachan. Above medium, showy, ripens early in June.

Early Harvest. Large, bright yellow, tender, well flavored.

Early Cluster. Small, red striped on pale yellow ground; bears in large clusters, beginning at two or three years old—very prolific—ripens June 15th to July 1st.

Red June. Medium, conical, deep red; ripens June 15th to July 10th; prolific.

Striped June. (Local.) Akin to Red June, which it resembles in growth of tree, shape of fruit and time of ripening, though decidedly larger and of as good quality; beautiful red striped.

Yellow Transparent. Above medium, whitish yellow; very upright grower, good bearer; tree weak, a very showy Apple.

JULY.

Sops of Wine. Medium, dark red, flesh white, subacid, good flavor, ripens July 1st to 10th.

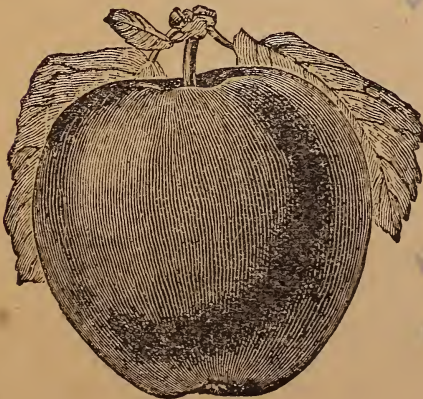
Cole's Quince. Large, roundish ovate, with ridges, pale yellow; flesh yellow, tender and juicy; a great and regular bearer, good for market and cooking either ripe or green.

Gravenstein*. Medium to large, yellow flesh and skin, beautifully striped with red; a most excellent Apple.

Scottson. Probably an old sort unidentified; I secured stock from J. W. Scott, of Grayson county, Texas; large, prolific; fruit most excellent and of great beauty—July 15th to 25th.

Striped July. (Local.) Above medium, striped with red, sub-acid, excellent, sure and early bearer; ripens July 10th.

American Summer Pearmain. Medium to large, oblong, covered with red stripes; best of its season: fruit good when unripe.



MRS. BRYAN.

Mrs. Bryan. Large, yellow flesh, skin almost covered with bright red stripes; very showy; quality best; home and market; 50 cts. each.

Seek no Further. Large, flesh and skin yellow, usually striped with red; best quality; prolific; ripens July 15th.

Summer Queen. Large, conical, red striped, showy, productive.

Benoni. Tree vigorous, upright, spreading; fruit large, round, nearly covered with dark red, juicy and tender; July 25th.

AUGUST.

- Yellow Horse.** Large, greenish yellow, fine for cooking and drying
- Carter's Blue.** Large, dull red, blue bloom, crisp, sugary; fruit excellent; tree vigorous.
- Jonathan.** Above medium, beautiful red; fine for market; tree slender and productive.

SEPTEMBER.

- Buckingham.** Very large, yellow, with red cheek, sub-acid; market.
- Fall Stripe.** (Local.) Medium, bright red, striped, vigorous and productive; market.

Bismark. Large, showy, productive; dwarf habit; rather new in Texas; established in the North; may be grown in pots; bears very young; 50 cts. each.

Smokehouse. Large, roundish, yellow with crimson stripes, rich and juicy; all purposes.

OCTOBER AND LATER.

Wine Sap. Medium, beautiful, dark red, excellent; profuse bearer; very popular on light sandy soil.

Ben Davis. Large, nearly covered with crimson, tree vigorous and profuse bearer; one of the best for market.

Rome Beauty. Large, almost covered with bright red on pale yellow ground; flesh tender, juicy, quality good; fine for market.

Gano. (New.) Large, deep red, flesh pale yellow, fine grained, tender, pleasant, sub-acid; good keeper, tree vigorous, and a regular and abundant bearer. Valuable for market.

Kinnard's Choice. Medium, almost covered with dark, rich red; flesh yellow; profuse bearer.

Mammoth Blacktwig. Fruit resembles Wine Sap; is much larger and keeps well; tree vigorous and productive.

White Winter Pearmain. Large, pale yellow, dotted with white; fine flavor, keeps well; tree hardy and productive. Good for West Texas.



BISMARK APPLE.

Shockley. Medium, conical, yellow with bright crimson cheek; flesh firm; virgorous, prolific; one of the best; keeps through winter.

Yates. Small, dark red, dotted with white; flesh yellow, firm and very juicy; a good bearer and long keeper; a cider crab.

I grow, but do not recommend for general planting, Elkhorn, Missouri Pippin, Kentucky Streak, Stephenson's Winter, Arkansas Black, and other varieties.

I have a small stock of Scott's Early, Limbertwig, Swaar, Striped Horse, Kitageskee, Ozark, Golden Ball*, Maiden's Blush, Bentley, McKinley Green* and Keepsake.*

CRABS

Should have a place in every fruit garden, as they are very ornamental and valuable for preserving, and bear abundantly. We cultivate only a few varieties—the best.

Yellow Siberian. Small to medium; profuse bearer, one of the best for preserving.

Hyslop. Large, bright red; flesh yellow; cooking and cider.

Whitney No. 20. Large; valuable for cider, jellies, etc.

Florence. Valuable; bears young; jelly and preserves.

Transcendent. Large, golden yellow; striped; good for jellies and preserves.

“Texas trees are the best for the Southwestern planter.”

“Don't send to Arkansas or Missouri for trees, when you can get Texas raised trees.”

“Don't attend to everything else before the orchard.”

“If you don't cultivate your trees well the first year, don't blame the Nurseryman if they die.”

PEARS.

The pear is one of the most desirable of all fruits, but the most unreliable, because of blight, which is practically the only disease that affects the pear in North Texas. I cultivate but few varieties—that succeed best in this locality.

Alamo. A Grayson county seedling, introduced by Mr. Kerr. It has the general appearance of Bartlett, but said to be of smoother shape, better quality and much better bearer. Ripens quickly and thoroughly on or off the tree. Price 75 cts.

Koonce.* It is exceedingly early; an excellent shipper; free from blight; heavy and productive, and an annual bearer; does not rot at core.

Duchess. A magnificent pear, often weighing over a pound; greenish yellow, with russet splashes; ripens from core out. Very popular; August.

Clapp's Favorite. Large, rich and juicy; generally free from blight.

Garber's Hybrid. Resembles the Kieffer in size, appearance and quality; tree very vigorous; ripens September 1st.

Kieffer. Chinese Origin—the hardiest and most productive pear we cultivate; bears very young. “Blight proof,” with us; ripens middle to last of September; keeps well. See back cover.

Lincoln Coreless. The original tree stands in Lincoln county, Tennessee, is now more than sixty years old, has regularly borne large crops of fine fruit and has never shown signs of blight. Many specimens are said to be entirely free from either core or seed; ripens in October. Fruit should be gathered and housed until it becomes mellow—as winter apples; 75 cts. each.

Winter Nellis. Small to medium; yellowish green and russet; fine grained, very melting, rich and delicious; very productive; one of the best pears.

I grow other varieties: Doyenne, Leconte, Bartlett and Early Harvest. Leconte, Japan Golden, Russet and Idaho are entire failures in North Texas.

PEACHES.

The Peach does well in almost any soil, but succeeds best on land sufficiently rolling to drain, put in good state of cultivation and prepared for corn crop. No definite date can be given as to time of ripening, as soil, location and season influence the ripening to a great extent. They generally ripen about in the order they appear in this list.

After many years of incessant labor and expense in getting up the best collection of peaches ripening from May to November, we present the following list and feel safe in recommending it to the public as equal to any:

The Sneed. (New.) Originated at Memphis, Tenn. White, with blush; semi-cling. It is better than and ripens 5 to 10 days before Alexander. Of fine size and appearance. Tree very crooked and ugly.

Alexander. Good bearer, first quality; the standard for early peaches. Ripens May 25.

Briggs' Red May. Fine quality; equal to Alexander; very red.



ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Admiral Dewey.
Introduced by J. D. Husted. "Admiral Dewey" marks as great an advance in Early Peaches as did the Triumph, and while that variety is proving even better than ever claimed for it, Admiral Dewey possesses many important points of superiority. It is a perfect freestone; ripens with the Triumph; flesh is yellow, of uniform color and texture with the pit. Has better form and brighter color on the surface; is equally hardy and productive. The tree is a strong

symmetrical grower, and as near perfection as we can obtain in a single variety. Price 50 cts.

Triumph.* (New.) Originated by J. D. Husted, of Vineyard, Ga. Ripens just after Alexander, and is a large yellow freestone, skin nearly covered with red; an extra early yellow peach. It is a beauty.

Japan Dwarf Blood.* Bright color, healthy, fine shaped trees. Ripens with Alexander. Blood red.

Greensboro.* Said to be the largest and most beautiful of all early peaches. Freestone, juicy. Ripens about with Alexander, which makes it of great value.

Mamie Ross. The finest early cling. Ripens with or just after Early Rivers. A seedling of Chinese Cling, which it very much resembles. Fruit almost as large as that of Chinese Cling. White, nearly covered with delicate carmine; flesh white, juicy and of good quality: a regular and very prolific bearer. June 15.

Pearson, Gov. Hogg,* Rogers. These varieties are very like each other and like the Mamie Ross, and ripen not far from the same time. I prefer the Rogers.

Carman. Origin, Limestone county. Ripens with Mamie Ross; same size; has a yellowish tinged flesh; fine quality; productive.

Everbearing Peach. Introduced by P. J. Berckmans Co., Augusta, Ga. Recommended as being truly an everbearing, ripening fruit from July 1 to September 1. The introducer says it is almost impossible for frost to kill all the blooms; that the first ripening averages $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long by 3 inches broad, the last ripening being about 2 inches in diameter. Recommended by introducer especially for family use. Quality very good to best. Freestone of the Indian type. I have not yet fruited this variety, but offer them for sale as a novelty, believing that the size of the fruit in Texas will rate medium to *small*, and so will disappoint those who expect large fruit. Price 50 cts. each.

Family Favorite. Prolific and sure. White, red cheek; free, fine flavor. From Chinese Cling. Deservedly popular.

Alice Haupt. A Texas seedling of Chinese Cling. Large, creamy, white-fleshed. Prolific and sure.

Amelia. Very large, white, nearly covered with crimson; highly flavored; one of the best. Ripens July 5 to 15.

Crosby. Tree low, spreading, willowy. Hardy in bud. Said to be "frost-proof." Fruit medium, rich orange yellow, splashed with crimson. Flesh yellow, rich and sweet. Very beautiful; perfect freestone. Ripens July 10.

General Lee. Similar to Chinese Cling—not so large, less inclined to rot. Best quality. Ripens 10th to 20th July.

Elberta. Very large, yellow, with red cheek. The best of its season. Free. Ripens middle of July. This variety has no superior and cannot be planted too extensively.

Oldmixon Free. Large, red cheek, white flesh, juicy and melting. Rich flavor, profuse and regular bearer. Ripens July 15.

Champion. Very large, fine quality. Very hardy. Skin creamy white, with red cheek. Sweet, rich and juicy. Perfect freestone. Ripens in July.

Oldmixon Cling. Large, oblong, creamy white, very red. Juicy, sweet and good. Prolific. Ripens July 20.

Chinese Cling. Very large, creamy white, mounted with red. Very juicy, high flavor. Canning and eating. Ripens July 20.

Stump the World. Large, white, red cheek, free, best for canning, ripens July 25th and continues three weeks.

VanBuren's Golden Dwarf.* Tree very ornamental, bears good crops of large yellow cling peaches, beautifully shaded with red.

Chilow.* Size and color of Elberta, cling, very productive, ripens August 10th.

Davis. Origin Fannin county. Similar to Columbia, a better bearer. August 15th.

Stella. Chinese cling seedling Originated by Dr. Burton, of Grayson county, from whom I secured stock. A large, white freestone, red cheek, good quality, productive, ripens Aug. 20th. 50c. each.

Mathew's Beauty. A seedling from Randolph county, Ga. The original tree has been fruiting 8 years and missed but one crop; is being largely planted as the most valuable successor to Elberta yet introduced. Its bearing and shipping qualities are fully equal to

Elberta; it is a size larger, superior in quality, ripens about three weeks later. Perfect freestone, skin golden yellow, streaked with red, flesh yellow, firm, of excellent quality. 50 cts. each.

Raisin Cling. Red Indian, large, fine, juicy, quality the very best, August 20th.

Heath Cling. Well known, large, white, ripens last of August.

Ringgold Cling. Similar to Heath Cling, but much larger; ripens last of August.

Picquett's Late. Very large, yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow, rich and sweet, freestone. Ripens September 1st to 10th.

Henrietta. (Levy.) A magnificent cling, largest size, reliable, ripens September 15th.

Austin's Late. Medium, white, red cheek, flesh white, firm, cling, ripens October 1st.



STELLA.

Crouth's Late. Bright yellow skin and flesh. free, most prolific and sure, needs thinning, popular.

Nix Late. Medium size, oblong, white. October.

CHERRIES.

We cannot recommend cherries as being very reliable in this country. We cultivate only a few varieties, which will probably give general satisfaction.

Early Richmond. Deep red, medium, early, reliable.

English Morello. Large, nearly black, hardy, ripens in midsummer.

Olivet No. 1. Medium to small, red, changing to very dark; very vigorous, productive.

PLUMS.

Succeed on any land where peaches do well. Those of the Chickasaw type are generally considered best for our soil and climate, but some varieties of Japanese origin have recently been tested and proven to be adapted to our climate. We offer the following list, which will give general satisfaction:

McCartney,* C. Large, pure yellow. Bears very young, immense crop. A surprise. Ripens May 20th.



RED JUNE, J.

Red June,* J. Bright red, juicy and good. One of the best, prolific. June 5th.

Abundance, J. Upright grower large, round, greenish yellow skin, red cheek, very sweet and juicy. Best of all. June.

Wild Goose. The "old reliable," large, rich crimson. Always plant other plums near this. Ripens June.

Gonzales,* J. & W. G. Originated in Gonzales, introduced by F. T. Ramsey, of Austin. Very prolific, large size, round, handsome, brilliant and showy, good quality, ripens June 20th to July 1st. 50 cts. each.

Potawatomie, C. Rather large, oblong, pink, sweet and good, June 20th to July 10th.

America, J. Yellow skin and flesh, nearly covered with bright red, very showy and productive, large size. Introduced by Luther Burbank in 1898; ripens July 1st to 10th 50. cts. each.

Burbank, J. The heaviest bearer among the Japs. Large, round. Dark red, very showy, tree very spreading. Everybody should plant a few.

Hale,* J. Very thrifty, upright grower, fruit very large, highly colored. Professor Bailey says: "The Hale is the best in quality of all the Japan plums." Ripens about August 1st.

Wickson, J. The largest of the Japs. Tree most upright. Color usually dark red, ripens July 20th to August 1st.

Roulette. Tree similar to Wild Goose. Fruit of the finest flavor, rather large, red with white specks. July.

Eagle. The great Texas Ever-bearing Plum. The introducers claim for this plum:

1. It has not failed to fruit in 27 years, and is immensely productive.

2. Two or three times the size of Golden Beauty. 3. Sweet, juicy and very pleasing flavor. Generally pronounced by those who try it to be "the finest plum ever tasted."

4. Chickasaw type. Tree very hardy—not affected by the February freeze in 1899.

5. Flesh yellow, skin yellow, changing to bright red, ripens from June 17th to August 10th, being nearly two months. 75 cts. each.

Wayland. Similar to Golden Beauty, and ripens with it. Color red.

Golden Beauty. Small to medium, yellow, round. Abundant and regular bearer. No home should be without it. Ripens Aug. and Sept.

Weaver. Upright grower. Medium to large, red, blooms late, sure bearer, ripens about with Golden Beauty.

Irby.* Medium, round, red, never fails to bear. Some growers consider this the very best late plum. Ripens September.



APRICOTS.

Early Golden. Medium size, pale orange, flesh yellow, delicious. Tree of strong growth. June 1st to 15th.

Moorpark. One of the largest, orange, with a red cheek, firm, juicy, with a rich flavor. Very productive.

Cluster. Originated from Russian seed by Ramsey & Son, of Austin, Texas, who claim that, blooming late, it bears regularly and abundantly, never missing a crop. Fruit medium, clear yellow, with red cheek.

FIGS.

In this latitude Figs are often winter-killed to the ground. Nevertheless we have varieties which spring up rapidly and bear the same season. Farther south and east they are hardy.

Brown Turkey. Small, dark, sweet, prolific.

Magnolia. Medium, yellowish-brown, rich, abundant.



AMERICA.

GRAPES.

The grape will succeed upon almost any soil. We cultivate principally the old standard varieties, such as succeed best in this latitude, with a few of the most reliable new varieties. In order of ripening—

Moore's Early. Very large, black, good market. Three weeks earlier than Concord. 15 cts.

Moore's

Diamond.

Large, greenish white, juicy, good quality. The best very early white variety, ripens with Moore's Early. 25c.

Ives Seedling.

Bunch large, compact, berries medium, black, thick skin, pulpy, sweet, vigorous, sure prolific. 10c.

Delaware.

Best for table berries small, pink skin, bunches medium. 15 cts.

Brighton.

Large, red, fine table, market, wine pistillate. 20 cts.

Niagara.

Large, white, very good, table. 25 cts.

Concord.

Large, black, sweet and good. The standard. 10c.



MOORE'S DIAMOND.

Salem. (Rogers No. 22.) Large, dark chestnut, compact cluster, sweet, rich aromatic flavor, productive, ripens with Concord. 20 cts.

Herbmont. Vigorous, small or medium, bunches large, purple, finest quality, very prolific, good for arbor. 20 cts.

MUNSON'S GRAPES.

I offer the following grapes produced by Prof. T. V. Munson, and which will furnish grapes from July 1st to October. They are his best introductions:

1.	Presley	Red	July 1	each	25	cents.
2.	Manito	Black	July 10	"	50	"
3.	Marvina	White	July 10	"	50	"
4.	Brilliant	Red	July 20	"	25	"
5.	Lukfata	Black	July 20	"	50	"
6.	Wapanuka	White	July 20	"	50	"
7.	Roimmel	White	Aug 1	"	25	"
8.	Beacon	Black	Aug 10	"	25	"
9.	America	Black	Aug 10	"	25	"
10.	Carman	Black	Aug 10	"	25	"
11.	Gold Coin	White	Aug 20	"	25	"
12.	Laussell	Red	Sept 1	"	25	"
13.	Marguerite	Red	Sept 15	"	25	"
14.	San Jacinto	Black	Oct	"	1.00	"

For full description of above grapes see Bulletin No. 56, Texas Experiment Station, which will be sent free upon application to J. H. Connell, College Station, Texas.

BLACKBERRIES.

\$2.00 PER 100.



EARLY HARVEST.

Of all small fruits, the blackberry seems to succeed best, being practically adapted to our soil and climate. Many varieties are subject to rust. The following have proven nearly or quite free from that disease.

Early Harvest. Very early, small or medium, immensely prolific, valuable.

Dallas. Early, large, round, tender and juicy, reliable, prolific. The very best berry.

Missouri Mammoth. Late, large, tender, juicy. No core. The best of all—round late berry.



RASPBERRIES.

We have selected the following list of this luscious fruit for propagation:

RED.

Turner. Almost thornless. Vigorous, productive, fair size, luscious. Continues ripening several weeks.

Cuthbert. Large, deep rich crimson, firm, good quality, a vigorous grower, hardiest and best. \$4.00 per 100.

BLACK CAP.

Kansas. Very large, one of the best black caps for North Texas, prolific, hardy and early.

Gregg. The leading late black cap, berries large, firm and of fine flavor, requires rich soil.

Doolittle Improved. This old black cap has ever proved the hardiest, most prolific and profitable, the canes enduring better than any other.

DEWBERRIES.



AUSTIN-MAYES.

Austin-Mayes. Not so large as Lucretia, of much better quality, ripens with Early Harvest Blackberry. Every fruit garden should have a row.

Lucretia. Berries very large, specimens grown by us having measured $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches in circumference, very prolific and hardy, does not rust, ripens for three or four weeks.

STRAWBERRIES. \$1.00 per 100.

Michel, S. Very early; large, vigorous, market; perfect flower.

Clyde, S. Large; good quality and color. A splendid variety.

Brandywine, S. Very vigorous; large dark red berries. Needs rich land. A splendid pollinizer for pestillates.

Nick Ohmer, S. A medium, very prolific berry, of good form and color.

Gaudy, S. Standard late berry; large; good form, color and quality.

Charles Downing. Large, conical, fine flavor and quality. An old reliable variety.

Parker Earle. Large, good quality; vigorous; needs high culture; very productive. Midseason. Something good.



CLYDE.

MULBERRIES.

Hicks' Everbearing. A rapid grower, and immensely prolific; berries ripen for three months. 35 cts. each.



TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY.

Tea's Weeping. Russian origin. Graceful and hardy; umbrella-shaped head; long, slender branches drooping to the ground. The best weeping tree. Usually bears a poor quality of fruit. \$1.00 each.

QUINCE.

Champion. Large, handsome; later than the Orange; trees bear young.

Orange or Apple. Golden yellow, large, roundish, very productive. Ripe in early autumn.

FLOWERING SHRUBS.

25 CENTS.

Crape Myrtle. Of this we grow several varieties, blooming through summer and fall; white, pink and purple; beautiful.

Japan Snowball. New variety from Japan; upright, hardy; beautiful leaves and flowers; from the base of each leaf a pure white "snowball" of flowers appears.

Japan Quince. (*Pyrus Japonica*.) The very best plant for an ornamental hedge; compact growth, brilliant red flowers; very attractive.

Double Flowering Peach. Rapid grower, beautiful leaves; flowers red, pink and white, and appear like small double roses; perfectly hardy.

Double Althea. Vigorous growth; blooms in late summer when flowers are scarce; pink and white varieties; very desirable.

Upright Honeysuckle. Hardy; delicate, pure white, wax-like flowers. Blooms early, before leaves appear—often in midwinter.

HONEYSUCKLE.

We cultivate several varieties; most beautiful climbers, flowers very fragrant, and continue in bloom all summer; some varieties are evergreen.

Wistaria, Chinese. Purple; vigorous, rapid grower, with long, pendulous clusters of very handsome blue flowers.

EVERGREENS.

ARBOR VITAE.

Goden Small, compact, dwarf habit; very ornamental.

Rosedale Hybrid. The most beautiful variety; having pea-green, compact foliage, and very erect form; perfectly hardy.

Citrus Trifoliata. (Hardy Orange.) A very striking ornamental, shrubby tree, giving in the spring a profusion of orange-like blossoms, followed in the fall with small oranges of a lemon-like acidity, not generally considered edible, yet very ornamental. The thick, glossy leaves drop here in winter, yet the bright yellow oranges make it very striking and attractive for the lawn. Very suitable for single specimens or hedges.

Cedrus Deodara. The great cedar of the Himalayan Mountains. Perfectly hardy. Attains a great height; pea-green; feathery; spreading branches.

Magnolia Grandiflora. Broad, glossy, dark green foliage; immense white flowers; very fragrant; leaves should be cut off in transplanting.

Tree Box. A beautiful dark green, glossy-leaved evergreen shrub; easily transplanted; fine for specimens or borders.

California Privet. Probably the most satisfactory hedge for general use. Rarely dies in transplanting. Prices: One to two feet, \$4 a 100; two to three feet, bushy, \$5 a 100.



ROSEDALE HYBRID.

SHADE TREES.

Catalpa. Rapid grower, very large, fan-like leaves; beautiful shade.

Silver Maple. Smooth, stately tree, beautiful foliage.

Box Elder. Handsome, hardy, easily transplanted.

White Elm. Broad-leaved, long lived; the noblest trees of all.

Ash. Handsome, hardy; easily transplanted.

Lombardy Poplar. Rapid grower, very upright.

Mulberry. Several varieties, rapid growth, quick shade.

Walnut. Rather slow grower, long lived; fine for shade and nuts.

Pecan. Medium, vigorous, long lived; beautiful shade, fine nuts.

Sycamore. Symmetrical, lofty, long lived, rapid. Succeeds well on waxy soil, as well as on others.

English Oak. A splendid, hardy tree; rather slow grower; quite a curiosity when full of acorns. 50 cts. each.



No yard or flower garden should be without an assortment of these lovely flowers; they continue in bloom almost the entire season. To secure an abundance of roses, the soil must be very rich, and well cultivated.

Gen. Washington. Large, very double, bright red.

American Beauty. The queen of red roses; very large.

La France. Very large, delicate pink, profuse, nothing better.

Catherine Mermet. Large, full, very sweet; bright flesh color, vigorous; fine buds.

Kaiserin Augusta Victoria. Delicate, creamy white, very fragrant; elegant, large pointed buds; full double flowers, glossy foliage.

Marie Lambert. Pure white, medium; blooms all summer.

Mary Washington. Snow white, in large clusters; very sweet, abundant and constant; a very strong growing Tea. 50 cts. each.



KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA.

White Maman Cochet. Large, vigorous, double, large buds, creamy white tinged with carmine.

Perle des Jardins. Vigorous, large, fine yellow; good bloomer; beautiful buds.

Etoile de Lyon. Very hardy, sure; foliage heavy and rich; pure yellow.

Papa Gontier. A magnificent red Tea rose, buds large and long.

Maman Cochet. Extra large flowers, very double, exquisite in bud or half-blown; deep rosy pink.

Sunset. Tawny shade of saffron and orange; very double and handsome; flowers and buds extra large, very fine blossom.

Meteor. A rich dark velvety crimson; very double and perfect; fine buds.

Crimson Rambler.* A vigorous climber and profuse bloomer; immense clusters of crimson flowers.

General Jacqueminot. A rich velvety crimson. A magnificent rose, equally beautiful in the bud state or open. Very hardy.

Marechal Niel.* Deep sulphur - yellow, full, large, and exceedingly sweet. The most magnificent climbing Tea Rose for the South.

R. E. Lee,* A sure bloomer. Desirable in every collection. Peculiar rich yellow.

I have also CLIMBING METEOR,* MADAM CHAS. WOOD and FISHER HOLMES, red; EMPRESS EUGENIE and MAD. DE VATREY, pink; and MAD. WELCH, yellow.



METEOR.


Bonham Nurseries, Bonham, Texas.

B. L. ADAMS, Prop.

TERMS AND PRICES.

Terms Cash. Remit by Bank Draft, Express or Post Office Money Order on Bonham. **Packing free, except boxing** at cost of same. Purchasers' selections filled as far as possible. Please state whether similar varieties may be substituted in case of shortage of those ordered.

Claims for shortage or errors must be made promptly on receipt of goods, for correction.

 **The prices following new or scarce varieties** throughout the Catalogue take precedence of the following regular prices as regards those articles.

	EACH	100	1000
PEACHES. Leading varieties. 2 to 3 ft., 1-year.....	\$0 10	\$8 00	\$50 00
" " 4 to 5 ft.	20	12 50	75 00
" " Extra large. Also those marked*	30	20 00	100 00
PLUMS. Leading varieties. 3 to 4 ft.....	20	15 00	120 00
" " 4 to 5 ft.....	25	18 00	160 00
Extra large trees and those marked*.....	35	20 00	170 00
APRICOTS, ALMONDS and CHERRIES	25	18 00	120 00
APPLES. Leading varieties. 3 to 4 ft., 1-year.....	10	6 00	40 00
" " 4 to 5 ft.....	15	8 00	60 00
Extra large trees and those marked*.....	25	15 00	100 00
PEARS. Standard. 3 to 4 ft. Leading varieties.....	25	20 00	140 00
" 4 to 5 ft. " " 	40	22 50	160 00
Dwarf. 3 to 4 ft. " " 	40	20 00	
Extra large size and all varieties marked*.....	50	35 00	200 00
QUINCES and FIGS.	25	15 00	
MULBERRIES. 6 to 8 ft., 35 cts. each; 4 to 6 ft.....	25	15 00	

	EACH	100	1000
JAPAN PERSIMMONS. 3 to 4 ft., 50 cts. each; 4 to 5 ft.-----	\$0 75	\$50 00	
WALNUTS. Black. American. Small trees half-price; 4 to 5 ft.	20	15 00	
Black. 6 to 7 ft.-----	25	17 50	
CITRUS TRIFOLIATA. (Hardy Orange.)-----	25	15 00	\$100 00
STRAWBERRIES. Leading varieties. Doz., 30 cts.-----	05	1 00	5 00
RASPBERRIES. Leading varieties. Doz., 50 cts.-----	10	2 00	15 00
BLACKBERRIES. Ldg. var. and Lucretia Dewberry. Doz., 50c.	07	3 00	10 00
DEWBERRY. Austin-Mayes. 2-year-----	15	5 00	25 00
GRAPES. Concord and Ives' Seedling-----	10	6 00	40 00
Moore's Early, Delaware, Champion-----	15	10 00	70 00
Herbemont, Salem, Brighton-----	20	13 00	85 00
Niagara, Diamond White-----	25	15 00	100 00
Munson's New Grapes, Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 6-----	50	30 00	
" " " No. 14-----	1 00	60 00	
" " " Nos. 1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13-----	25	17 50	
SHADE TREES. Sycamore, Elm, Maple, 4 to 6 ft.-----	20	15 00	100 00
Sycamore, Elm, Maple, Weeping Willow. 6 to 8 ft.-----	25	20 00	120 00
" " " " " 8 to 10 ft.-----	30	25 00	
Umbrella China. 3 to 4 ft.-----	20	15 00	
" " 4 to 6 ft.-----	25	20 00	
All varieties not mentioned above. 4 to 6 ft.-----	20	12 00	
" " " " " 6 to 8 ft.-----	25	18 00	
" " " " " 8 to 10 ft.-----	35	25 00	
EVERGREENS. Golden Arborvitae. 12 to 18 inches-----	35	25 00	
" " 18 to 24 inches-----	50	35 00	
" " 24 to 30 inches-----	75	50 00	
Rosedale Hybrid, same price as Golden Arborvitae.			
Red Cedar, thrifty, nice. 1 to 2 ft.-----	20	13 00	
" " 2 to 3 ft.-----	25	17 00	
" " 3 to 4 ft.-----	30	20 00	
Cedrus Deodara, per foot-----	50	30 00	
Box, per foot high-----	25	12 00	
California Privet, per foot high-----	10	4 50	
Magnolia grandiflora , per foot high-----	50	30 00	
Mahonia aquifolia and Cape Jasmine , per foot high-----	50	30 00	
Wild Peach , per foot high-----	20	15 00	
ROSES. Monthly, outdoor-grown, strong-----	40	25 00	
Special varieties, marked*-----	50	40 00	
BLOOMING SHRUBS , except as noted, strong-----	25	17 50	
CLIMBERS. Honeysuckles, Virginia Creeper-----	25	15 00	
Wistaria-----	35	25 00	

Texas State Horticultural Society.

Every fruit grower in the state of Texas should be a member of the Texas State Horticultural Society and attend its annual meetings ; by so doing he will stay up-to-date as to varieties best adapted to his part of the state, best methods of pruning and cultivation, how to save fruits in an overstocked market, and how to handle and pack fruits to get best results. In fact a man who attends its meetings will forget more next year than he will know at the end of this year. The next session of the Society will be held at College Station, Texas, in connection with the

TEXAS FARMERS' CONGRESS,

and every live, up-to-date farmer who can should attend next year.

The membership fee in the Horticultural Society is (\$1.00) one dollar. Send your name and one dollar, either to me or to Sam H Dixon, Secretary, Pauli, Texas, and you will at once become entitled to all the privileges of a member. The State Horticultural Society has no doubt saved to the fruit growers of Texas thousands and thousands of dollars, and its days of usefulness have just begun. If you are a fruit grower you owe it to the industry to become a member of the

TEXAS STATE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

