

Wikipedia Primary School

Providing the information necessary to the cycle of Primary Education in the languages used by the different education systems

The project The research project aims in developing and evaluating a system to assess Wikipedia articles for primary education and seeks to involve a wide network of scholars and contributors in their production. The research project is developed within a Swiss-South African cooperation (2014-2017) and it aims at increasing the quality and quantity of a selection of focuses on Wikipedia content relevant to primary education as prescribed by the South African primary school curriculum.

Research problem

Wikipedia is meant to be an educational tool and it is currently available online, via mobile phones and offline. Experiences have shown that Wikipedia does not generally provide information that responds directly to curriculumbased questions. The project relies on Wikipedia as an existing and growing resource, it solves the need for an encyclopedia capable of responding to curriculum-based questions, and it fosters Wikipedia content, quality and outreach.

Research team The research is developed within a Swiss-South African cooperation lead by the University of Applied Sciences and Arts of Southern Switzerland (SUPSI) and the University of Cape Town, in partnership with Wikimedia Switzerland and the Africa Centre based in Cape Town, and with the support of SNF and the South African

<u>Switzerland</u> Iolanda Pensa (principal investigator) Luca Botturi Florence Devouard Giancarlo Gianocca Erica Litrenta Giovanni Profeta Marta Pucciarelli

National Research Foundation (NRF).

South Africa Tobias Schönwetter (principal investigator) Isla Haddow-Flood Kelsey Wiens

Methodology • Establishment of a scientific committee. • Establishment and implementation of

a Wikipedia Scientific Journal. • Partnerships with scientific journals and scholars. Partnerships with institutions working in education. Evaluation.

Milestones

Since its commencement, the project has progressed through the following key milestones:

- 1. Analysis of the South African primary school curriculum and identification of relevant themes and content.
- 2. Identification, selection and involvement of a scientific committee comprised of international subject-matter experts (education, open content, OER, Wikipedia and Wikimedia, expertise on African topics) to assist with content-related questions.

3. Identification of Wikipedia articles in English that are relevant to the South African primary school curriculum with feedback from the scientific committee.

4. Development of guidelines for the review process. 5. Development of a survey to involve teachers in the process.

6. Drafting of Issue 0 ("pilot issue") of the Wikipedia Scientific Journal. 7. Identification of academic experts and pertinent scientific journals to contribute to the review process of the Wikipedia articles selected. 8. Launch of the review process. Selection of

articles and invitation of potential reviewers to review articles. 25 experts are currently involved in the review of 37 articles. 9. Pilot launch of the journal review process. Selection of articles, identification of potential journals, and invitation to review articles.

10.Development and testing of approaches

to trigger article creation and improvement directly on Wikipedia. 11. Selection of criteria and data collection for the evaluation (information design).

12.Organization of three events (edit-a-thons) in South Africa to improve articles related to primary school curriculum. 17 articles have been edited and expanded. 13.Meetings in South Africa (Cape Town

and Johannesburg) to discuss project methodology and expected outcomes with around 15 stakeholders working in the education sector as well as 30 Wikimedia community members.

For more information http://bit.ly/WikipediaPS **SUPSI** January Control of the Control of th

Project Leaders

University of Applied Sciences and Arts of Southern Switzerland





AFRICA CENTRE



Giovanni Profeta Ph.D. Candidate in Design at Politecnico di Milano

Giovanni Profeta's research thesis focuses on the representation of stream data coming from the Internet. The thesis aims to provide a theoretical model and visual tools for the analysis of the increasing amount of data daily generated through the web (by collaborative platforms, social networks, connected appliances etc.). Furthermore, the thesis tries to investigate the physical representation of data as a means to increase accessibility and user engagement.

For the Wikipedia Primary School project Giovanni Profeta is leading the evaluation process of the articles under examination through digital quantitative methods.

- Giovanni's main contributions are the following: Analysis of the state of the art of articles relevant to primary education for South African primary school curriculum. Verification of the project impact to
- Wikipedia content Evaluation of significant variables of interest for further research projects.

The visual evaluation is conceived as an iterative process. All the data visualizations are designed and optimized thanks to the feedback of team members involved in the qualitative evaluation. Giovanni has developed a web scraper to gather data about Wikipedia articles and a set of data visualizations, as objective as possible, in order to provide visual tools for understanding the actions that should be undertaken by the research team. Giovanni has also released in open source the datasets and the code for web scraping and data visualization (as a GitHub project called Wikimole).

Network of the articles under examination*

The visualization shows relationships among the selected 176 articles and their incoming links (in Wikipedia: "What links here"). Clusters of circles refers to the areas of interest from which incoming links come. The size of the bubbles shows the amount of incoming links. Bubbles with the same colors are clusters of articles with incoming links in common. The closest the bubbles, the more correlated the articles. The circles show the areas of interest from which incoming links come.

August 2015 March 2016 articles under examination **174** 176 (2 new articles) incoming links per article (average) 309 **342** (+10.6%) outgoing links per article (average) 386 **667** (+173%) Google page rank (average) 5,19 **5,18** (-0,003%) total amount of editors **773** (-8,5%) 845 number of edits 1463 1481 (+1,2%) Issues per article (average) 0,52 (-12%) 0,59

South Africa Mapungubwe Kaditshwene of South Africans Economy of South Africa Music of South Africa outh Africa Transport in South Africa Alcoholism HIV/AIDS transport Health life skills Hydraulics **Pneumatics** Design Human nutrition Decanting Sieving Rail transport Sound Settling Bicycle Textile Fiber Ecosystem Automobile Reproduction sound * In order to hide smallest bubbles a degree range Vibration Only 78 articles of 176 are displayed. materials and others Longitude data source Wikipedia API Google Page Rank stat.grok.se visualization tools Gephi D3.js timestamp March 2016



The visualization shows the balance between incoming links (in Wikipedia: "What links here") and links to other Wikipedia pages (Wikilinks). On the top the bars show the amount of incoming links. On the bottom the bars show the amount of outgoing links. From left to right, articles users categories templates portals

Articles' features

The visualization shows the amount of issues, references, notes, images and see also for every article. On the top the bars show the number of issues. On the bottom the bars show the amount

onew article under examination from 2016 reviewed by the community reviewed by an expert reviewed by the community and by an expert benchmark previous analysis (August 2015)

