An Observation of Dr. Johnstons of Pomphret, communicated by him to Mr. Lister, and by him sent in a Letter to the Publisher, concerning some Stones of a perfect Gold-colour, found in Animals.

 $lue{\Gamma}$ Hat no page of this Letter may be empty (faith Mr. Lifter) I shall transcribe for you an Observation of Dr. Johnstons. In the German Philosophic Ephemerides of the year 1672, I meet with these words of Doctor Wedelius, Obs. 246. pag 439. Pollideo particulam Calculivaccini, inftar Auri foliorum fulgidi; the subject of that Observation being an Enumeration and the Description of feveral Stones found in divers Animals, as in Doggs, Hoggs, Staggs, and in Cows also; of which last the now quoted words are all he faith. I do begg Dr. Johnstons pardon for having kept by me two years an Observation of this nature, which he was pleased to communicate to me, and which yet was fo surprising, that I had not the assurance to offer it to you, being, in this as well as in all other matters, relating to the phanomena of Natural History, very distident. What reasons I then had to doubt of the truth of this Observation, he best knows, and I shall not trouble you with; being a little more confident since I read the words of D. Wedelius, that the Stones ient me by the Learned Doctor were fuch indeed, and not some Insects Eggs, as I once did verily perswade myself they were.

His Letter bears date April 22. 1672. from Pomphret.

Bout this time twelve month (faith the Doctor) one Thomas Capidge, a butcher of Pomphret, killed an Ox for the shambles, in which nothing was observed, preternatural, till the Bladder being blown by his servant, there was some thing observed sticking to the inside with a duskish froth. Keeping the Bladder half-blown, the butchers Son, who first discover'd it, knocked with his hand on the side and the bottom of the bladder, to make it settle to the neck, and by shaking and squeezing it got out the froth, and about two bundred little globular stones of several sizes, the biggest being about this (O) circumference; others like pin-heads or mustard-seed. He

rubb'd the flimy froth from them, and they appear'd of a duskish yellow colour and smooth. Some he broak, and the rest he kept in a paper; which when dry, they were like Seed-pearl, but more smooth, and of a perfect gold-colour, and so ever after continued, as you see them. Viewed in a Microscope, they appeared very polished, and without any rugofities: The Figure in most was sphærical; in some a little compressed; the colour like burnisht gold. I broke one or two of them with some difficulty, and I found by the Microscope, that it was only a thin shell that was so orient and bright, the inner fide of which shell was like unpolish't gold; The inmost substance was like brown Sugar-candy to the naked eye, but not so transparent: The taste was not In Spirit of Vitriol they shrunk much and wasted, but continued their colour, (possibly by reason of the outward skin, which, it feems, in these was as difficult to dissolve as in true pearls:) Likewise Aqua fortis would corrode and diffolve them tumultuously.

Thus far the Doctor. I do not question (so concludes Mr. Lister,) but he hath store of these guilt stones in his cabinet; for, as I remember, he was so choice of them, that the parcel he sent me to view, was order'd to be returned again; at least, none of them remained with me.

I am

Yours.

York March 12.