


# Barnhart Brotherse sis Spinder <br> in 2007 with funding from 

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## BOOK OF TYPE



RULES, BORDERS, GALLEYS. PRINTING PRESSES, ELECTRIC.WELDED CHASES PAPER AND CARD CUTTERS, WOOD GOODS, BOOKBINDING MACHINERY ETC., TOGETHER WITH VALUABLE INFORMATION TO THE CRAFT.

SPECIMEN BOOK NO. 9**


## BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER

TYPE FOUNDERS
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U. S. A.



## TO THE TRADE



O better evidence is needed of our position in the van of the great forward and upward movement in the printing industry than that disclosed by the contents of this book. A comparison with our earlier specimens will show the marked advance we have made in the art of letter designing, and an examination of our product will prove our progress in letter founding.

All of this has been possible through the patronage of our printer friends to whom we cordially acknowledge our indebtedness. Without this hearty support we could not have attained the perfection we have reached; without it we would have lacked the incentive that has enabled us to lead our competitors.

In this specimen book we present for the first time, in a fixed and permanent manner, our latest and best productions. We are certain that it will be thoroughly and appreciatively examined, and intelligently criticised; that something of the pride we have in it will be imparted to those interested. But only ourselves can know the amount of thoughtful care and sustained effort expended in its production.

Herein we show more faces cast Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body, than can be found in any specimen book ever issued. Only Superior CopperMixed Metal, the most durable known, is used.

As we lead in Type, so do we lead in the production of Chases, Brass Galleys, Electrotypes, Leads, Slugs and the full line of Printing Supplies.

The Book is a Complete Compendium; the only book of its kind needed in a printing office; a wellrounded, instructive, valuable book. We recommend it to the careful study of every printer.

BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER
Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

THIS SPECIMEN BOOK SUPERSEDES ALL TYPE BOOKS ISSUED BY US IN THE PAST.


Medal awarded Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler, at the World's Columbian Exposition, at Chicago in 1893.

DO NOT MUTILATE THIS SPECIMEN BOOK BY CUTTING OUT LINES OF TYPE OR CUTS. QUOTE ONLY NAME AND NUMBER AND YOU WILL RECEIVE WHAT YOU ORDER.

## POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY A PERFECT LINING SYSTEM

To our lot as twentieth century type founders has fallen the task of devising and putting into practice a lining system which embodies the all-in-all of type founding perfection.

The average printer probably does not realize how many different conditions must be constantly taken into account, and that only by everlasting vigilance can a lining system as perfect as ours be successfully maintained.

Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler were the first to use the iteration, Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body, in connection with a lining system. What more appropriate words could have been employed? Soon after the adoption of the Point-Body system, we inaugurated a self-justifying system of cast type faces, which was introduced to the public as Point-Set; naturally when we established our lining system we added to the iteration, Point-Body and Point-Set, the word Point-Line. Let us consider carefully the integral features of a perfect lining system:

## POINT-LINE

Faces are cast upon the following three well-known lines:
Uniform-Line:-The line upon which is cast all roman and old style body and book faces, leaders, and the majority of job faces, is so devised that the proper relative proportion between ascending and descending letters may be cast with a minimum of kerns. All Uniform-Line cast faces line with one another, body for body, and all inter-body faces may be lined together by the use of point lead and slug justification. Uniform-Line was so devised that in the majority of inter-body linings, the two-point lead or multiple of same could be employed. Uniform-Line permits the casting, entirely upon the body, of the same proportionate length of descender in the larger bodies as in the smaller bodies.

Cap-Line:-The line upon which is cast all title, two-line, and other faces when no lower case accompanies. Upon examination of the line chart on opposite page, it will be seen that the faces in the several groups of bodies, viz: 36 -point and smaller, 42 to 66 -point inclusive, and 72 to 108 -point inclusive, all line with each other at the bottom without justification, and any face in any one group may be lined with any face in any other group with the use of a two-point lead or multiple thereof.

Text-Line:-A line placed higher upon the body, permitting a variation in the proportion of the ascending and descending letters. All Scripts and Texts and such faces which are now in vogue with the long descending letters, are cast upon the Text-Line. The Text-Line in each body is two points, or a multiple of two points, above the Uniform-Line, thus simplifying inter-linings between the Text and UniformLine cast faces.

## POINT-SET

Point-Set cast type, in connection with our system of Point-Set cast spaces, quads and accurately cut leads, slugs, brass and copper thin spaces, all unite to form a simple system of justification.

## POINT-BODY

Under this head are to be classified the following component features:
First:-The metal which should combine the following essential qualities: Lightness, Toughness, Hardness and Durability. Superior Copper-Mixed combines the above features perfectly.

Second:-Accuracy as to body and height are items of very great importance. Since the introduction of the Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System, we have redoubled our efforts to secure the highest degree of accuracy by the inauguration of the most rigid system of inspection ever attempted by any type founder.

Third:-Depth of counter-a detail in the cutting of type faces, so little taken into account by many type founders. Our faces are cut the deepest, thus insuring the depth of counter so essential to the life of type. Without deep cut counters, good stereotyping and electrotyping can not be expected. Deep counters do away with the filling up of type on long press runs.


Grand Prix and Medal awarded Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler at the Paris Exposition held in 1900.

## GENERAL INFORMATION

## HOW TO ORDER GOODS.

By observing the following rules in making up orders customers will avoid annoyance and delay.
Credrt.-If you have had no previous dealings with us supply us with available references, and then allow us sufficient time to obtain from them information as to your financial standing. If. being unknown to us, you desire immediate shipment of goods, accompany your order with a remittance covering the same, or enough money to cover express charges both ways, when we will send C.O. D.
Terms.-Instead of asking our best terms on time, if you will indicate amount of cash you can pay down and the shortest time in which you can pay the balance, business will be facilitated, and a conclusion arrived at in much less time than if you write to learn the best we can do. You best know your circumstances and resources.
Be Explicit.-In ordering goods explicitness is essential. Order every article by its name and number as given in the specimen book, and we will have no difflculty in understanding just what you want. "Send me one font of 8 -Point Modern Gothic." is better than saying "Send me a font of 8 point Gothic shown on page 278 of your Specimen Book." In the first instance we know at a glance just what you want; in the last we must refer to the catalogue before booking the order. Above all things never mutilate a specimen book, as it necessitates looking up and locating every item. Refer to some previous invoice, and obtain your "cue" from it. A specimen book is expensive, and a mutilated one is practically worthless. Take one line of your paper for each item ordered.

Opening Invoices.-Don't allow your purchases to lie around the office days before checking up your bill. In justice to the type founder, goods should be checked when opened, and if any omissions occur, prompt notice should be given.
Proofs of Job Fonts.-Always take a proof of each job font before laying, to satisfy yourself if any sort is missing, and also hold the proper person responsible if letters are thrown in the wrong box-a thing often done, and then the innocent type founder is unjustly berated. In making claims for shortages in such cases be sure to accompany your letter with the proofs before mentioned.

## SHIPMENTS.

Where shipping instructions are omitted, we will exercise our own best judgment. Customers occasionally order small articles, such as a single font, sent by freight; shipments so made are likely to be lost in transit, and entail extraordinary expenses for drayage charges, etc. When a shipment will weigh less than twenty pounds we advise express shipment. After goods have been properly despatched, whether by mail, ex-
press or freight, the law holds that they are at the purchaser's risk. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for any delay or miscarriage, unless the fault is ours, but we will always aid the customer to recover.
Small Packages by Express. -The express companies allow on all small prepaid packages a special rate. If the package weighs 15 ounces or less, it may be sent for 15 cents; west of the Rocky Mountains the minimum charge is 25 cents; if more than 15 ounces add one cent per ounce. If you W 1 sh your package sent by express prepaid remit the charges with the order.

GOODS BY MAIL.-If money is remitted for any article to be sent by mail a sufficient sum should be enclosed, in addition to cost of article, to pay postage. Purchasers should remember that the post-office authorities give no scripts for merchandise, consequently all shipments sent this way are at purchaser's risk.
Why Shipments are Delay yed.-Every order received by us is supposed to be filled without unnecessary delay. Many times the demand for type of certain styles is so large that we are unable to keep it in stock. Sometimes orders call for goods of outside manufacture, which we must order.
When an order calls for Wood Type, a delay of six to ten days in its fllling is unavoidable, since these goods are seldom carried in stock even by the manufacturers. Sorts, in many cases, are cast to order and sometimes, though rarely with us, are cause for a delay in a shipment. Unless we receive instructions to the contrary, we uşually hold an order until we can fill it complete.

## MACHINE REPAIRS.

MACHINERY REPAIRS are not ordinarily carried in stock, but for standard machinery we can easily procure them without much delay. If you want repairs for a machine of old pattern, or one not in general use, it is always best to send us the broken part with the order In all cases give the size, number and maker of press.

## OLD METAL.

Old Type, (unmixed with other metals) electrotypes stereotypes and brass, delivered at our foundry will be taken at current prices in exchange for new type.

Old type should be securely boxed and plainly directed to the founder, and shippers name placed on lower left hand corner of the box. The shipper should promptly notify the founder of shipment, and furnish net weight of same. Old type, electrotypes, stereotypes and brass should never be mixed together as a seperate value attaches to each. Always ship as "old metal," and thus save expensive freight charges.

Type melted and run together, zinc plates, metal containing zinc or type and other plates mixed with zinc plates will not be taken at any price.

Plate matter and plate bases furnished printers by Newspaper Unions will not be taken at any price.

## BODY ITALIC FONTS

Body Italic fonts are cast to regular scheme and sold in 5 pound fonts or multiples thereof. excepting $5,5 \frac{1}{2}, 6$ and 7 -point, which are sold in $2 \frac{1}{2}$ pound fonts or multiples thereof.

Body Italic fonts are put up in two packages, Lower case and Points in one and Caps. Points and Figures in another.

Body Italic fonts sold at First Class rate per pound.

## JOB FONTS OF SPACES AND QUADS

Put up in packages weighing as follows:

| 81ZE | WEIGHT |  | 812E | WEIGHT |  | SI2E | WEIGHT |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LBS | Oz |  | LBS | 02 |  | LBS | O2 |
| 3 Point |  |  | 10 Point | 1 | $3{ }_{4}^{1}$ | 36 Point | 2 | 2 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ Point |  |  | 11 Point | 1 | 21 | 42 Point | 2 | 6 |
| 4 Point |  |  | 12 Point |  | 31 | 48 Point | 2 | 12 |
| $4 \frac{1}{2}$ Point |  |  | 14 Point | 1 | 6 | 54 Point | 3 | , |
| 5 Point | 1 | 0 | 16 Point |  | 14 | 60 Point | 3 | 6 |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ Point | 1 | $0{ }^{1}$ | 18 Point | 1 | 14 | 66 Point | 3 | 12 |
| 6 Point | 0 | 15 | 20 Point | 1 | 14 | 72 Point | 4 | 0 |
| 7 Point | , | 11 | 24 Point | 1 | 14 | 84 Point | 4 | 10 |
| 8 Point | 1 | 1 | 26 Point | 1 | 14 | 96 Point | 5 | 6 |
| 9 Point | 1 | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | 30 Point | 1 | 14 | 120 Point | 6 | 10 |

Spaces and Quads are not put up with Job Fonts excepting Scrlpts.

Justiflers for Typewriters put up in 1 and 5 pound fonts.

## PRICE LIST OF QUADS

Regular stock, point body, 1, 2 and 3 em quads (high or low) of one body, ordered at one time, assorted sizes or separately.

| SIZE |  |  |  |  | 100 LB8. OR OVER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 Point | \$0.90 | \$0.85 | \$0.80 | 80.70 | $\$ 0.60$ |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ Point. | . 84 | . 62 | . 53 | . 45 | . 40 |
| 6 Point | . 64 | . 54 | . 47 | . 40 | . 36 |
| 7 Point | . 56 | . 50 | . 44 | . 38 | . 34 |
| 8 Point | . 52 | . 45 | . 40 | . 36 | . 32 |
| 9 Point | . 48 | . 42 | . 38 | . 34 | . 31 |
| 10 Point | . 46 | . 40 | . 36 | . 32 | . 30 |
| 11 Point. | . 44 | . 38 | . 34 | . 30 | . 28 |
| 12 Point | .42 | . 36 | . 32 | . 28 | . 26 |
| 14 Pt. and Larger | . 40 | . 36 | . 31 | . 26 | . 24 |

The list prices on all spaces, en spaces and justifiers less than 1 -em body of 18 point and smaller, will be the regular Body weight price and discount; 20 point and larger, 40 cents per pound less prevailing discount.

## JOB TYPE FONTS

All of the fonts shown in this specimen book are put up in accordance with the standard scheme of A's printed on page 8.

For the convenience of the printer. we have divided all job fonts into separate parts; the lower case and a proportionate amount of points in one part, and the caps. points and figures in another part.

Job Type weight fonts do not contain spaces and quads.

Job Type Accents when ordered with the font will be chargedeat the same rate per pound as the font. When ordered separately they will be treated as sorts.

## HOW TO ORDER SORTS

The following table shows what each box in the type case will hold and will be found usefulin ordering sorts;
acdhimnorst u......................................... 2 pounds
$\qquad$
b fglp v w y and comma................................. 15 ounces
k j q x z . : ; - ' : ? ff filf and all figures... 6 ounces Caps. Small Caps and side sorts ........................ 5 ounces
A pair of News Cases holds 50 pounds of type. an Italic or Job Case holds 25 pounds.

## APPROXIMATE NUMBER OF WORDS IN A SQUARE INCH

In calculating the number of pages a manuscript will occupy, the following table giving number of words to the square inch, may be found useful.

| 5 Point. leaded | 50 |  | Point, solid | 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 Point, solid. | . 69 |  | Point, leaded |  |
| 6 Point, leaded | 34 |  | Point, solid | 21 |
| 6 Point, solid | 47 |  | Point, leaded |  |
| 7 Point, leaded | 27 |  | Point, solid. |  |
| 7 Point, solid | 38 |  | Point, leaded |  |
| 8 Point, leaded | 23 |  | Point, solid |  |
| 8 Point, solid | 32 |  | Point, solid |  |
| 9 Point, leaded | 21 |  | Point, solid |  |

2 point leads used as a basis in above table.

## ESTIMATE WEIGHT OF BODY TYPE

To ascertain the quantity of plain type required for a newspaper or magazine, or any other work, find the number of square inches and divide the same by four, the quotient will be the approximate weight of matter; but as it is impossible to set the cases entirely clear, it is necessary to add 25 per cent. to large fonts and 33 per cent. to small fonts, to allow for dead letter. The average weight of 12 inches of solid matter set in 13 ems pica measure is $63 / 4$ pounds; if leaded it will weigh about $5 \frac{1}{4}$ pounds. A single column of six column folio, solid, will weigh about $10 \frac{1}{8}$ pounds, requiring about 13 pounds of type, while the same length column leaded with 2 point leads will contain but $7 \% / 8$ pounds solid matter. requiring about 10 pounds to set the same.

## NUMBER OF EMS IN ONE POUND OF TYPE

Four square inches (two by two inches) solid type weighs approximately one pound.

| 5 Point | . 829 ems | 9 Point. | 256 ems |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 51/2 Poin | . 686 ems | 10 Point | 207 ems |
| 6 Point. | 576 ems | 11 Point | . 171 ems |
| 7 Point | 423 ems | 12 Poi | 44 ems |

## BODY TYPE WEIGHT FONTS

Body Type Weight Fonts consist of all Roman, Old Style and German faces advertised as body type, 18 point and smaller, also the following special faces in the same bodies:

Authors Roman
Authors Roman Wide
Barnhart Old Style
Barnhart Old Style No. 2
Caslon Old Roman
Caslon Old Style
Elzevir No. 5

French Old Style No. 3
Lining Fifteenth Century Mission
Old Roman Black
Old Roman Bold
Old Roman Condensed Paragon

Body Type Fonts, cast to regular scheme are put up in fonts of 25,50 and 100 pounds or multiples thereof. If a customer orders lower case for say 25,50 or 100 pound fonts, he will get lower case and the necessary points. No figures, spaces or quads will be included with such an order unless specifled.

Parts of Body Type Fonts cast to regular scheme sold in the following sub-divisions, provided no characters are omitted.
Cap fonts ................. in $21 / 2$ pounds or multiples thereof Small Cap fonts. . $3 / 4$
Point fonts $\qquad$ $1_{1}^{1 / \frac{1}{16}}$
Figure fonts " 1
Lower-Case fonts Space fonts $14 \frac{1}{16}$
Quad fonts.

Auxiliaries for Body Type Fonts will not be sent unless specially ordered, and as given below are the smallest quantities put up. By ordering them in their regular packages you will save extra charge.
Braces and Dashes....-. in 1 pound or multiples thereof References and Indices. ". $1 / 2$ "
Fractions $\qquad$ "، $1^{1 / 2}$
Commercial Marks
Leaders in 3 and 5 pound font assortments or multiples thereof.

Logotypes for Mailing Type, in 2 and 5 pound font assortments or multiples thereof.

Italics are not furnished with Body Type unless specially ordered.

Accents for Body Type when furnished with regular fonts will be sold at same price per pound as the font. When ordered separately they will be treated as sorts.

When ordering sorts always enclose a cap "H" and lower case "m" (as little worn as posslble) of the type you wish to match, and plainly state the amount of each character wanted; also give name or number or both, and size of body of face desired.

When sending samples always be sure they are enclosed with order. The failure of samples to reach us causes delay in filling orders.

Mailing Type sold at same price per pound as Body Type.

## SCHEME FOR BODY TYPE AND AUXILIARIES



Lower Case Scheme



## Cap Scheme



All our Job Fonts, with the exception of Scripts, Texts, and Germans, are put up by the above Schemes.

## SYNOPSIS OF BODY TYPE

CAST FROM SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED METAL ON THE POINT-LINE POINT-SET AND POINT BODY LINING SYSTEM


## Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler

 Type Founders, Chicago, IllinoisST. PAUL, MINN.
Minnesota Type Foundry Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
St, Louis Printers Supply Co.
DALLAS, TEX.
The Barnhart Type Fonndry Co. Southern Printers Supply Co. SEATTLE, WASH. Pacific Printers Supply Co.

KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry OMAHA, NEB. Great Western Type Foundry NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the systeni of llning m ade famllar by the lining gothles to all faces of type. As everyone $k$ nows, in the old llnlng gothles only fonts of caps are made so that th Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 16 \% \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adoptation of the sustem of lining mad efamiliar by the tining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know $s$, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they wi ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTCVWXYZ ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

123456:890
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

The Uniform-L.lne system is the adaptation of the system of lining made fam Ilnlng gothics only lonts of caps are made so that they will line logether; In Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 15 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adnpention of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old tining gothics only fonts.of cnps are made so that they will tine to ABCDEFGHIFKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

## 5 Point Authors Roman Wide

The Uniform-Line System ia the adaptation of the system of lining $m$ ade familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. Aa everyone $k$ nows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made ao that the Low'er case alphabet, a to z, $162-5$ ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptotion of the system of lining made fami liar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everbone knows, in the oid lining gothics oniv fonts of caps are mode so that they will line together; in $U$

1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGH1JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

51/2 Point No. 63
The Unlform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of llnin $g$ made familiar by the linlag gothics to all faces of type. As ev eryone knows, in the old llning gothics only fonts of caps are mad Lower case alphahet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 153 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyo ne know's, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made $80 t$ ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMYOPQRSTUVWXYZ
$\xrightarrow[?]{?}$
51/2 PoINT No. tif
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o f lining made famillar by the lining gothics to all faces of t ype. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fon Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 171 / 2 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made fimiliar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyon ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVIWXYZ
1234567890
ABCDEFGH1JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


6 Point No. 63
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of typ e. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothies only fonts o Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 151 / 2 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of li ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A ABCDEFGHIJ KLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\&
6 Point No. 66
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syste $m$ of lining made famillar by the lining gothics to all fa ces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothi Lower case alphaket, a to $\mathrm{z}, 171 / 2 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of li ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only $f$ Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 16 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o $f$ lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of $t$ ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234564890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234568890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


6 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of 1 i ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A $s$ everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps a Lower case alphabet, a to z, 14 5-6 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sysiem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


6 Point Caslon Old Style
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining mad e familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know s , in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they will Lower case alphabet, a to $z, 13$ ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made fa miliar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As cveryone knows, in th ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

## 1234567890

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUYWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

6 Point Old Style No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all fa ces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothi Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 17$ 1-6 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of $l i$ ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type.

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHiJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

## 주

Point Old Style No. 70
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fo Lower case alphabet. a to $\mathrm{z}, 161 / 2 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lini ng made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A.s ABCDE FGHIЭKLMNOPQRSTUVWXIZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234507890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

6 Point Old Style No. 200
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of 1 ining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of cap $s$ are made so that they will line together; in Uniform-Line ty pe, fonts including lower case are made to line as readily. T hus in Uniform-Line type all faces on the same body will line Lower case alphabet, a to $z, 15 \frac{1}{2}$ ems.
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Q
6 Point No. 80
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only $f$ Lower case alphabet, a to $z, 161 / 8 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of $l$ ining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

6 Point Authors Roman Wide
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all f aces of type. As everyone knows, in the old linirig got Lower case alphabet. a to 2.17 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


6 Point Old Style No. 1
The Unitorm-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin g made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As eve ryone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lin ing made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type, As ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234367890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567800 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
(3)

6 Point Old Style No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of li ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A s everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps a Lower case alphabet, a to $\mathrm{z}, 147 / 8 \mathrm{ems}$.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lin in $g$ made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type As ev ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVIVXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ $\quad$ I234567800 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

~~~~ ( )
6 Point Old Style No. 90
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type, As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 151 / 8\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lini ng made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As ABCDEFGHIFKLMNOPQRSTUVWXIZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Q3 6 Point Elzevir No. 5
The Uniform-LIne system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the Iinlng gothics to all faces of typ e. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 15 \mathrm{5}-6 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining mad efamiliar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know ABCDEFGHIJKL.MNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\begin{abstract}
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin g made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As eve ryone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps were ma Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of \(l i\) ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGH1JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\end{abstract}

\begin{abstract}
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of ca Lower case alphabet, a to z. \(15 \mathrm{5}-6 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system 0 \(f\) lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of \(t\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\end{abstract}

\begin{abstract}
Q3 6 Point Barnhart Old Style
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining mad \(e\) familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they will li Lower case alphabet, a to z, 13 1-6 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyon ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\end{abstract}


6 Point Old Roman Bold
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyon e knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they will line together; in Uniform-line type, fonts including lower case are made to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all fac es on the same body will line together at the bottom without any w ork of justification by the compositor, which allows the use of sever al faces in the same line without extra expense. Suppose the job be
wer case alphabet, a to \(z, 13\) 5-6 ems.
12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXYZ
67890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\footnotetext{
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys tem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to al 1 faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 15\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o \(f\) lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of \(t\) ype. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fon ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \(123456 \% 890\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
}


6 Point French Old Style No. 3
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatlon of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of typ e. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 155-6 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining mad e familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of iype. As everyone know ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Q3
6 Point Old Roman Condensed
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining mad e familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know s, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they wll 1 line together; in Uniform-Line type, fonts including lower-case are \(m\) ade to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all laces on the sa me body will line together at the bottom without any work of justifica tion by the compositor, which allows the use of several faces in the sa

12345 Lower case alphabet, a to z. 13 1-6 ems.

ABCDEFGHUKLLMNOPQRSTUYWXYZ
67890
ABCDEFGHUKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\(\square \rightarrow\)
6 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lin ing made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps ar Lower case, a to \(z, 15\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As evervon \(e\) knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


\section*{6 Point Misslon}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, i n the old lining gothics only the fonts of caps are mada so that they will line together; in uniform-Line type, fonts including lower case ara made to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all faces on the same bod \(y\) will line together at the bottom without any work of justification by the compositor, which allows the use of several faces in the same line witho ut extra expense. Suppose the job being set requires some words in a blacker or other different face, as the junction-points in a railroad tariff: Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
67890
\(\square \rightarrow\)
7 Point No. 63
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothies o Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 141 / 2\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of \(l\) ining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of cap

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 15 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o \(f\) lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of \(t\) ype. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fon

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123456\%890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

7 Point Old Style No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys tem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining go Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 151-7 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaption of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of \(t\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\(1234567^{8}\) ABCDEFGH1JKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\(Z\) Point Paragon
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syste \(m\) of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all face \(s\) of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics Lower case alphabet, a to z. \(141-7 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all fa ces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining goth ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW
12345


8 Point No. 63
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothi cs to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys tem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to al ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
123456 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123456 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
[2)
8 Point No. 66
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lini ng gothics to all faces of type. As everyone k Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 151 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to

\footnotetext{
ACBDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
}

7 Point Old Style No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys tem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to al 1 faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \frac{1}{\mathrm{~h}} \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of typ ABCDEFGHIIKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


7 Point No. 80
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lini Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 152-7 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o flining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of \(t\) ype. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fon ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJKLM NOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123157890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\section*{(6)}

8 Point No. 60
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) othics to all faces of type. As everyone know, is Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to
\(A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z\)
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


8 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 15 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics
\(A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z\)
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY'/


8 Point No. 74
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining go thics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the li ning system made familiar by the lining gothics to a
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST UVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}

\begin{abstract}
(2)

\section*{8 Point No. 80}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of thes ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics \(t\)
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\end{abstract}
\(\square\) 8 Point Old Style No. i
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining \(g\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 121 / 2\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all ABCDEFGHJJKLMA'OPQRSTUVWXYZ
- 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP(ORSTUVWXVZ

8 Point Old Style No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lin Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothi ABCDE FGHKJKLMNO PQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXIZ
(6) 8 Point Old Style No. 90

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th \(e\) system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY


8 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Caslon Old Style
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the 1 i ning system made familiar by the lining gothics to al 1 faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old linin Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 1316\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the lining system made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHiJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Old Style No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining go thics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, i Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 111 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the linting goth ABCDEFGHİJKLMNOOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Old Style No. 70
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t h\) e system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKL,M NOPQRSTUVWXỲZ 12375 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Old Style No. 100
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining go thics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are mad e so that they will line together; in Uniform-Lin e type, fonts including lower case are made to li Lower case alphabet. a to \(z, 141 / 2\) ems.
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 67890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\(\square\) ©
8 Pt. Authors Roman Wide
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the lin ing gothics to all faces of type. As everyone Lower case alphahet. a to z . 153 s ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

BODY FACES


8 Point Elzevir No. 5
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys tem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to a 11 faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old linin Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \% \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all face

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 1234567 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


\section*{8 Point Paragon}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics \(t\) o all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old Lower case alphabet, a to z. \(133 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the s ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics \(t\)

ABGDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
123456 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123456
- ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


8 Point Mission
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of ca ps are made so that they will line together; in Uniform.Line type, fonts including lower case are made to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all faces on the same body will I ine together at the bottom without any work of justification Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 11 \% \mathrm{ems}\).
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 67890

8 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics o fall faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old li Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of

\section*{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \\ 12345678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345678} ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


\section*{8 Point Lining XV Century}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only
\[
\text { Lower case alphabet, a to } \mathrm{z}, 111 / \mathrm{ems} \text {. }
\]

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syste \(m\) of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all \(f\)

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lin Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 / \mathrm{d} \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all face ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Old Roman Condensed
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system o f lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only f onts of caps are made so that they will line together; in \(U\) niform-Line type, fonts including lower case are made to 1 ine as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all faces on th Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12 \mathrm{ems}\).
12345 ABCDEFGHHKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 67890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
[~

\section*{8 Point Old Roman Bold}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all fa ces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining got hics only fonts of caps are made so that they will line \(t\) ogether; in Uniform-Line type, fonts including lower c ase are made to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 3 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ \\ 67890}

\section*{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ}

8 Point Barnhart Old Style
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of 1 ining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of ca Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 11\) ems.
The Uniform-Line systerm is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345678 ABÇDEFGHIJKLMN@PQRSTUVWXYZ 12345678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

8 Point Caslon Old Roman
The Uniform-Line System is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining goth ics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in th Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line System is the adaptation of the \(s\) ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics \(t\)

\section*{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ}

123456 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 123456
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}

BODY FACES


9 Point No. 60
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lini ng gothics to all faces of type. As everyone k Lower case alphabet, a to z, \(13 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ } \\
& 12345 \text { ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ } 12345
\end{aligned}
\] ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


9 Point No. 66
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


9 Point No. 80
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o f the system of lining made familiar by the li ning gothics to all faces of type. As everyo Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141.9 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


9 Point Old Style No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining go thics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, i Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 12 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining goth
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 AbCDEFGHijklmNopgrstuvwxyz 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

\section*{(2)}

9 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the linin g gothics to all faces of type. As everyone kn

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 131 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the s ystem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics \(t\)
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

T~0
9 Point No. 74
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the li ning gothics to all faces of type. As everyon Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 131 / 8\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\)
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHJJKLMNOPQRSTUVWx 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

9 Point Old Style No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio n of the system of lining made familiar by t he lining gothics to all faces of type. As e Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{e}\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the linin ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

9 Point Old Style No. 70
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform=Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the lin ABCDEFGHIJIKLMNOPORSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Q 9 Point Old Style No. 90
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 142-9 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform=Line system is the adaptation o f the system of lining made familiar by the lin ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


9 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line System is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the linin g gothics to all faces of type. As everyone kno Lower case alpbabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\)

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


10 Point No. 60
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familia \(r\) by the lining gothics to all faces of ty Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX


10 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As e Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 133 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar
\(A B C D E H G H I J K L M N O Q R S T U\)
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW
\(\sim\) ( ) 9 Point Caslon Old Roman
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the li ning gothics to all faces of type. As everyon Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the \(1 i\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

9 Pt. Authors Rom. Wide The Uniform-Lining system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made famili ar by the lining gothics to all faces of typ Lower case alphabet. a to \(\mathrm{z}, 153 / 3 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\(\{\because\) 10 Polnt No. 63

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the 1 ining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12 \% / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the \(l\) ABCDEFGMIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUYW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY
© 10 Point Roman No. 66
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made famil iar by the lining gothics to all faces of Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX


10 Point No. 80
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type.

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY

TOS
io Point O. S. No. i
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 123 / 8\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the li ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGH1JKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

Q io Point O. S. No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th e lining gothics to all faces of type. As ev Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lini ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX


10 Point O. S. No. 90
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type.

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar \(b\)
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX
?
10 Point Caslon O. S.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone know Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 12 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line System is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) A BCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR I2345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY

io Point O. S. No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio n of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 132-5\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar A BCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

TOS
10 Point O. S. No. 70
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familia \(r\) by the lining gothics to all faces of typ Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 13 y / 2\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar by ABCDEF GHIJKLMNOPQRST UV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX


10 Point O. S. No. 100
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As ever yone knows, in the old lining gothics only fo nts of caps are made so that they will line t ogether; in Uniform-Line type, fonts includ

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 124-5 \mathrm{ems}\).
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 67890
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}

BODY FACES


10 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As every Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 127.10\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


10 Point Barnhart O. S.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining goth ics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in \(t\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 112-5 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


10 Point Elzevir No. 5
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in th Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) be system made familiar by the lining gothics to ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ


10 Point Caslon O. R-
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio n of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 132-5 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familia ABCDEFGHIJKL MNOPQRSTUVWX 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

10 Pt. Authors Rom. Wide
The Uniform-Line system is the adap tation of the system of lining made fa miliar by the lining gothics to all face Lower case alphabet, a to a, 151.5 ems.
The Uniform-Line sustem is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar \(b\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

\section*{10 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th e lining gothics to all faces. As everyone k Lower case alphabet, a to z, 13 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 1234 abcdefghuklmnoparstuvwxyz 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

10 Pt. French O. S. No. 3
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As ever Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 13\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of \(t\) he system of lining made familiar by the lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST UVWXYZ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
~~

\section*{10 Point Mission}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothic \(s\) to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in th e old lining gothics, only fonts of caps are made so that they will line together; in Uniform-Line ty pe, fonts including lower case are made to line as readily. Thus in Uniform-Line type all faces on the same body will line together at the bottom w Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 111-5 \mathrm{ems}\).

\footnotetext{
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ
67890
}

\section*{\([10\) Point Lining XV Century}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy stem of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lin ing gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 10.2 \mathrm{~s}\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the linin ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 12345 ABCDEFCHIJKLMNOPOR 12345


10 Point Old Roman Bold
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation o \(f\) the system of lining made familiar by the 1 i ning gothics to all faces of type. As everyon e knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they will line together; in Uniform-Line type, fonts including lower c Lower case alphabet, a to z. 123.10 ems.
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTUVWXYZ 67890 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ
\(\square\)
11 Point No. 60
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all \(f\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \% \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fa \(A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V\) 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
~
11 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 12\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar
\(A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U\)
12345 ABCDEFGHJJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW

T
10 Point Paragon
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th e lining gothics to all faces of type. As ev Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the ABGDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXY 12345 abgdefghijklmnopqRSTUvwx 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

10 Point Old Roman Cond.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of th e system of lining made familiar by the lining \(g\) othics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are \(m\) ade so that they will line together; in Uniform-L ine type, fonts including lower case are made to Lower case alphabet, a to \(z\), \(11 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).
12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ 67890

\section*{ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ}
\(\square \sim\) Q
11 Point No. 63
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio n of the system of lining made familiar b \(y\) the lining gothics to all faces of type. A Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio \(n\) of the system of lining made familiar \(b\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO PQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX
\(\square\)
11 Point No. 66
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all f Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}


11 Point No. 80
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all f Lower case elphabet, ato z, 1310.11 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fa ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
© \(\sim_{1}\) Point O. S. No. 58
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made \(f\) amiliar by the lining gothics to all fac

Lower case alphabet, a to z, 13 7-11 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt tation of the system of liming made fa ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 AbCDEFGHijklmNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU
- 11 Point O. S. No. 70 The Uniform-Line system is the adap tation of the system of lining made fa miliar by the lining gothics to all face Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 133 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP \(2 R S T U\) 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
© 11 Point Caslon O. R.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 12611\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made famili ABCDEFGHIJKL MNOOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

\section*{To \\ if Point O. S. No. i}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 12 / \mathrm{s}\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familia A BCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX
© \(\sim_{\text {II Point O. S. No. } 59}\)
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type.

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptati on of the system of lining made familiar ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX

Q 11 Point O. S. No. 90 The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all \(f\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP QRSTU 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

12 Point Caslon O. S. The Uniform-Line system is the ad aptation of the system of lining ma de familiar by the lining gothics to Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made famili ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}
(2)

12 Point No. 63
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam iliar by the lining gothics to all faces o Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 AbCDEFGHJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV


12 Point O. S. No. i
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12 \% \mathrm{ems}\).
The.Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made \(f\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 AbCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU
[) 12 Point O. S. No. 70
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining mad Lower case alphabet, a toz 133 mms .
The Uniform-Line system is the a daptation of thesystem of lining ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU
© 12 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,131 / 8\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the ad aptation of the system of lining ma ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU


12 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining mad e familiar by the lining gothics to al Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adap tion of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU

12 Point O. S. No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made \(f\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adap tation of the system of lining made fa ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU

12 Point O. S. No. 90
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining mad Lower case alphabet, at ot, 13 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the a daptation of the system of lining A BCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU

12 Pt. Aut. Rom. Wide The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lini ning made familiar by the lining Lower case alphabet. a to \(z, 151-6\) ems.
The Uniform Line system is the ad aptation of the system of lining ma ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}

BODY FACES


The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 11 \%\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 abcdefghijklmnopqrst 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

12 Pt. French O. S. No: 3 The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made famili ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW

12 Point Caslon O. R.
The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 1211-12 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the ad aptation of the system of lining ma ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV
(a) 12 Point Lining XV Century The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lini

\section*{Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,95-6 \mathrm{ems}\).}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptat ion of the system of lining made familia \(r\) by the lining gothics to all faces of ty ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 1234 ABCDEGFHIJKLMNOPO 1234

\section*{12 Point Barnhart O. S. No. 2}

The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 125-6\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adapt ation of the system of lining made fam ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU 12345 abcdefghijklmnoporst 12345 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

12 Pt. Elzevir No. 5
The Uniform-Line system is the adap tation of the system of lining made \(f\) Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 125.6 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adapta tion of the system of lining made famili ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW
[ (12)
12 Point Mission
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th e lining gothics to all faces of type. As every one knows, in the old lining gothics only fonts of caps are made so that they will line together; in Uniform-Line type, fo Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 10 \%\) ems.
1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 5678

난
12 Point Paragon
The Uniform-Line system is the adap tation of the system of lining made fa Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 / / \mathrm{sems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the ad aptation of the system of lining mad ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV 1234 ABGDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS 1234 ABGDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUV

\begin{abstract}
(2) 12 Pt . Old Roman Bold The Uniform-Line system is the ada ptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all f aces of type. As everyone knows, i n the old lining gothics only fonts of 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPORSTU 6789 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVW
\end{abstract}

14 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin \(g\) made familiar by the lining got hics to all faces of type. As eve
1234 ABCDEFGHIKJLMNOPQRST 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST

14 Point Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system is th e adaptation of the system of 1 Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 13\) 1-6 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) he adaptation of the system o ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRST

\section*{14 Point Barnhart O. S.}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lini

Lower case alphabet, a to z, \(121-14\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin \(A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q\) 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR
© 12 Point Old Roman Cond.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptatio n of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. As everyone knows, in the old lining gothics o nly fonts of caps are made so that they w Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 10 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{ems}\).
1234 AbCDEFGHuKLMNOPORSTUVWXY 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

14 Point Elzevir No. 5
The Uniform-Line system is th e adaptation of the system of li ning made familiar by the lining gothics to all faces of type. A

> 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS

14 Pt. Authors Roman Wide The Uniform-Line system i s the adaptation of the syst Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 15 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) he adaptation of the system o ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR 1234 abcdefghijklmn 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

14 Point Barnhart O. S. No. 2 The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) he adaptation of the system o Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 135-7\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 1234. abcdefghijklmnop 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

\section*{SYNOPSIS OF}

\section*{14 Point Old Roman Bold} The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th e lining gothics to all faces of

\section*{1234 abcdefghijklmno 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS}

14 Point Caslon Old Style The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) he adaptation of the system o Lower case alphabet, a toz, \(132,7 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP
1234 AbCDEFGHIJKLMNO 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

\author{
14 Point Paragon
}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 141-7\) ems.
The Uniform-Line system is ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 1234 abcdefghijklmno 1234 ABGDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ

\section*{14 Point Old Roman Condensed} The Uniform-Line system is the a daptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining goth ics to all faces of type. As every one knows, in the old lining goth 123 ABCDEFGHISLMNOPORSTUV 456 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTU

14 Point Old Style No. 59
The Uniform-Line system is th e adaptation of the system of li Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 126\) 6.7 ems.
The Uniform-Line system is th ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR I 234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

\section*{14 Point Caslon Old Roman}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of linin Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is \(t\) ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

14 Point Mission
The Uniform-Line system is the a daptation of the system of lining made familiar by the lining gothic \(s\) to all faces of type. As every one knows, in the old lining goth

1234 ABCDEFGHIJKL 5678

16 Point Caslon Old Roman The Uniform-Line System i s the adaptation of the syste Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 1211-16 \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system ABCDEFGHIJKL MN
123 abcdefghijklmnop 123 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP

16 Point No. 64
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th
1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMN 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQR

16 Pt. Authors Roman
The Uniform-Line system i \(s\) the adaptation of the syst em of lining made familiar

\section*{Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13\) 1-16 ems.}

The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLM 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ

16 Point Barnhart O. S.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sys The Uniform-Line system is
the adaptation of the syste
ABCDEFGHIJKLMN
1234 ABCDEFGHIJLL 1234
ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO

16 Point Old Roman Cond.
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the system of lining made familiar by th 1234 ABCDEFGHIKLMNO 5678 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQ

16 Pt. Authors. R. Wide The Uniform-Line syst em is the adaptation of the system of lining \(m\) The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the sy ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOP 1234 abcdefghijkl 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO

16Pt. BarnhartO.S.No. 2 The Uniform-Line syste m is the adaptation of th Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 143 / \mathrm{ems}\).
The Uniform-Line system is the adaptation of the syste ABCDEFGHIJKLMN 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLM 1234 ABCDEFGHIJKLMNO

\section*{ROMAN BODY AND JOB TYPE}

CAST FROM SUPERIOR COPPER MIXED METAL ON THE POINT LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY LINING SYSTEM :: :: :: :: ::

\section*{BARNHART BROTHERS \& SPINDLER}

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ST, PAUL, MINN. Minnesota Type Foundry Co.

ST. LOUIS, MO.
St. Louis Printers Supply Co.
DALLAS, TEX.
The Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry OMAHA, NEB. Great Western Type Foundry NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

\section*{Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal by Barnhart bros. © Spindler, Chicago.}



A British Vessel Basil Quarantined at Galveston Because of Case of

Plague on Board.

\section*{VESSEL}

SONVT TVOD HHL W0HLOYd LSAK
The Method of Doing So Is In Itself One
Enormous Proposition.
bered lands were reported, the amount of
timber cut being valued at \(\$ 397,000\).
panoidul subipul jo suot?!pu00
 improvement under the administration of
the present commissioner. He has managed their affairs extremely well. W
Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal by Barnhait l3ros. d Spindler, Chicago

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal by Barnhart bros. di Spindler, Chicago.} \\
\hline WATERBURY IS SWEPT BY FIRE & CHINESE REFORMING \(\qquad\) EMPRESS DOWAGER PROPOSES A DARING UNDERTAKING. & WAR VESSELS SUNK \\
\hline Connecticut Town has All Night Battled with Flames and Business Center is Wiped Out. & System of Tortures Which Are to be Prohibited by Imperial Edict is Dear to the Mongolians, Even Though it Cripples the Women and Sometimes Kills Them-Intense Suffering is the Cost of the Desired "Beauty"-Description of Process. & Fierce Engagement Between the Fleets of the Insurgents and Colombian Government \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{SURROUNDING TOWNS SEND AID} \\
\hline Militia is Called Out to Guard Streets and Stop the Work of Thieves Trying to Loot Deserted Residences. \(\qquad\) & China by decree of the Empress Dowager, according to a late report from the Orient. The custom which has been followed for centuries by Chinese women of the better classes has been & United States Cruiser Philadelphia Is on the Scene and \\
\hline THE STRONG WIND AN OBSTACLE & so vigorously attacked by native societies and the influence of the missionaries has been so powerful that the Dowager at last is said to be awake to & ill Land a Force of Marines if Circumstances Demand. \\
\hline clal.]-With a gale blowing at the rate of fifty miles an hour, the City of Waterburs spent & the welfare of her women subjects. & \\
\hline the night battling for life. Beginning at 7 o'clock with a general alarm, to which the local & showing when footbinding became a & \\
\hline department was slow in responding, calling for & fashion in China. Tradition relates & result of an attempt to prevent the landing of rebel forces at Savana, \\
\hline its immediate nelghbors among Con- & that a certain Empress of China who reigned in the early days was afflicted & The battle lasted several hours. Reports regarding the result are con- \\
\hline with a general call upon the fire departments of southern New England municipalitles. the & with club feet and that she compelled & flicting, but agree in stating that the Lautaro, a government vessel, \\
\hline city kept up an unequal and losing fight. & all the women of her court to bind & and the Darien, of the rebel fleet, have been sunk, and that General \\
\hline The total loss will be in the nelghborhood of & their feet in the attempt to secure & Alban, the Colombian Governor of Panama, is among the killed. \\
\hline y under control, starts up anew, which is & artificially the same deformity which
nature had inflicted upon her. & Other reports say the entire rebel fleet and two government vessels \\
\hline & The custom is peculiar to the full- & were sunk. \\
\hline The State militia is guarding the town, and many thieves have been arrested while trying to rob residences temporarily deserted. & blooded Chinese and to the mongrel races of the southern coast provinces. & Six vessels took part in the engagement. The insurgent fleet consisted of the steamers Padilla, Darien and Gaitan. \\
\hline ype used above: 18 , 12 and 10 P'oint Monitor No. 5, and & 5, a & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

\author{
Partly leaded with two-point leads.
}

\section*{5 Point Roman No. 64}

The matter of ilming type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Polnt-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition thme, to say nothing of she tnereased beanty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to ine, and in iming rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of larger type that begin paragraphs, as weil as some others, must be ifned as near as may be with the fetter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuabie time must be spent by the compositor having oniy old-system material at his disposai, becanse of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring abont even a semblance of alignment between the varions faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent In linlng different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of sertous moment. All such expense is unmecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type. and the printer is enabled to poeket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler PointLine, Point-Set, Point Body Lining-System embodies the following weli-known and tried ilnes: UniformLine. - The point ilne in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this ilne, as well as the leaders, etc. This ilne is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will tine together body for body withont justification; and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readliy made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of eases the difference in jine between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereol. Text-Line.-For such faces as Seripts, Texts, or the flke

Lower case aiphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 163 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{512 Point No. 60}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be fantilar with the details of onr Point-line, Point-set, Point-bod, Lining system. This system silves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beanty of his work. Every printer has experienced tronbie in bringing type on different bodies to ime, and in ining ruie with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unaroidable when innig type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs. as well as some others. must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected or the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule mist be lined with the type; lours of valuable time minst be spent by the compositor having only old-system materlal at his aisposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bing abont even a semblance of allgnment between the virlous faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Unfform-line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money here-to-fore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-line, Point-set, loint-body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders. etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 163 / \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{51/2 POINT NO. 63}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer shonld be fanlliar with the detalls of our Point-Line, Point-Sct, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in compositlon time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer lias experienced trouble in bringing type on different hodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not avallable. Take a tegal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lincd with the type: bours of valuable itme must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, bccause of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of allgnment between the varlous faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the thme spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serlous moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spladler Point-Linc, Point-Set, PulntBody Lining system embodles the following well-known and tried lines: Unform Line. The point line In each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, ctc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 15 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).


Cast on U'niform-Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

5 \(1 / 2\) Point No. 64
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be famlliar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. Thls system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of hls work. Every printer has experieneed trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in linlng rule wlth type and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoldable when lining type is not avallable. Take legal blank, for instance, in which words of a larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of Whe compositor having only old-system materlal at his disposal, because of the neeessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of allgnment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out sllp-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All sueh expense is unneeessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to poeket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Polnt-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodes the following well-known and trled lines: Unlform-Line. - The point line in each body to whieh the majority of faees are east. All Roman and body faees are east on thls line, as well as the leaders, ete. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders ean be east entirely upon the body, free from all

Lower case alphabet, a to z, \(16 \frac{1}{4}\) ems.

51/2 Point No. 66
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollarin composition time, to say nothing of the increased beanty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in iining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not avallable. Take a legal blank. for instance, in which words in larger type that type is not avaliable. Take a legal blank. for instance, in which words in larger type that egin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be inned as near as may be with the letter the type; honrs of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal. because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of allgnment between the various faces and between type and rule, No printer worthy of the name will wilingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent In lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line. Point-Set. Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc.

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z} .171 / \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{6 Poin't No. 63}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-13ody Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beatity of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-lBody Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line-The Point

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}


\author{
Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.
}

\section*{6 Point No. 60}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system materlal at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any body is two points or a multiple thereof. Text Line. - For such faces as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is obtained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line and other faces without

\author{
Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 16 \mathrm{ems}\).
}

\section*{6 Point No. 64}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Polnt-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when linlng type is not avallable. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work. and in which two-point brass-rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system materlal at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work: hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line. Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the followlng well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Unlform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification: and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in llne between any body is two points or a multiple thereof. Text Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 171 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

\section*{6 Point No. 66}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not a vailable. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining the different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money formerly expended on work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point Line, Point Set, Point Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from the smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 171 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

6 Point No. 74
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others. must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected par the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hor the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the varions faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typograpbical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is obtained as easily. Cap-Line.For Title, Two-line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification. All Cap-Line faces in bodies

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 16 \mathrm{ems}\).

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform-Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{6 POINT NO. 80}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work. and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros, and Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line. -The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free from kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such face as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Henceany Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in

Lower case alphabet. a to z. \(161 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).

7 Point No. 60
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point Set Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines. Uniform-Line-The point-line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free from kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads and slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

\author{
Cast on Uniform-Line. Yartly leaded with two-point leads.
}

\section*{7 Point No. 63}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringlng type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of tine unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule mnst be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The Point-Line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders ean be cast entirely upon the body, free from kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can readily be made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text

Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{7 Point No. 66}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, becanse of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the varions faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The Point-Line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free from kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification: and by the use of point leads or slngs, one size body can

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

7 Point No. 80
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each otherand with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Sct, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free from kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 152-7 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{8 Point No. 60}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

\title{
ROMAN BODY \\ TYPE FACES
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded wlth two-polnt leads.

8 Point No. 63
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in a larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{8 Point No. 64}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not a vailable. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Unlform-Llne. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

8 Point No. 66
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity of using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 151 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).

8 POINT NO. 74
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in a larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform-Line. Partly leaded with two-pofnt leads.

8 Point No. 80
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beaut of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnbart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.--The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as

Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,14 \not 2 / \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{9 Point No. 60}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \&

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \% \mathrm{ems}\).
}

\section*{ROMAN BODY} TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

9 Point No. 64
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various type-faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler
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Lower case alphabet, a to z, 13/4 ems.
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\section*{9 Point No. 66}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the UniformLine type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partiy leaded with two-point leads.

9 Point No. 74
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in a larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / \mathrm{ems}\).

9 Point No. 80
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14\) 1-9 ems.
}

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on C'nllorm-LIne. Partly leaded with two point leads.

10 Point No. 63
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the varions faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the

\section*{10 Point No. 60}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

\section*{TYPE FACES}

\author{
Cast on Uniform-Inne. Partiy leaded with two-polnt leads.
}

10 Point No. 64
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work; and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces

\section*{10 Point No. 66}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point No. 80
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.

11 Point No. 60
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

11 Point No. 63
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time navoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 12 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{11 Point No. 64}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,12 \mathrm{ems}\).
}

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Cnlform-Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

1 I Point No. 66
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining system. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a

Lower case alphabet, a to z. 14 ems.

11 Point No. 80
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining system. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a

\title{
ROMAN BODY \\ TYPE FACES
}

Cast on Uniform-Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

12 POINT NO. 63
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and

\section*{12 Point No. 6}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type-faces on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with ty.pe, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable. when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal,

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\)
}

\section*{ROMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

14 Point No. 64
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected

\section*{16 Point No. 64}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(22 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Cond. No. \(53 \quad 21 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\) CONSOLIDATED CORPORATIONS 1234567890

18 A
16 Point Cond. No. \(53 \quad 29 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) EXPOSITION LITERATURE 1234567890

\section*{CONDENSED} NUMBER 51

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(26 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) SOUTHWESTERN MANUFACTURERS BEAUTIFUL ROCKERS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION 1234567890

22 A 9 Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 13 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) bargain in Furniture MORRIS CHAIRS 9 FOR COMFORT

20 A
11 Point Cond. No. 51 13/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) FORTY-SECOND SESSION UNITED STATES 7 CONGRESS
\(17 \mathrm{~A} \quad 14\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 29 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.80\) MAHOGANY 4 DRESSER
\(12 \mathrm{~A} \quad 20\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 33 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) PRETTY 2 DESIGN
\(26 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) MAHOGANY AND BLACK WALNUT CABINET SALE THURSDAY COME EARLY 1234 ธั 67890
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) HAVE JUST RECETVED THOUSAND 2 NICE IRON BEDS

19A. 12 Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) BOYS AND GIRLS SMALL 3 WRITING DESKS
PICTURES 8 FRAMED
\(11 \mathrm{~A} \quad 24\) Point Cond. No. \(51 \quad 315 \mathrm{hb}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) NORTH 5 WINDS
COMBINATION 82 B00KCASES

36 Point Cond. No. 51

\section*{TITLE}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

19A 6 Point Title No. \(52 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\), , \(\$ 1.00\) A CARELESS PRINTER MAKES A GREAT DEAL OF UNNECESSARY WORK 1234567890
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Title No. \(52 \quad 1\) 11/6 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) INCORPORA'ION BELLEVUE 3 COMPANIES

20 A
8 Point Title No. 52 11/4/ Ibs., \(\$ 1.25\) 'IWEN'TY 'IHOUSAND
LOUISIANA CENTRAT ENGINES 1234567890

12 A
12 Point Title No. \(52 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)

\section*{CALIFORNIAN} CHESTER 2 COUNTY

LIGHTFACE
NUMBER 54

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

21 A 6 Point Lightface No. \(543 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) PAPER ENGINE WHEELS THE GREAT WESTERN RAILROAD TRAINS 1234567890

18 A
10 Point Lightface No. \(541^{\text {H/ } / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 1.40\)
BOOTS AND SHOES
LEATHER 8 MERCHANTS

22 A
8 Point Lightface No. 54 WEATHER REPORTS BEAUTIFUL MORNING SUNSHINE 1234567890

\author{
14 Point Lightface No. 54 21/2 lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) \\ BUILDING \\ ROUND 6 HOUSE
}

20 Point Lightface No. 54
37/6 lbs., \$2.25
PUBLISHING 34 COMPANIES

8 A
24 Point Lightface No. 54
\(4^{1}\) /26 lbs., \(\$ 2.60\)
CHEMICAL 86 STUDENTS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

16 A 30 a 51/2 Point Title No. 11 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\) MARVEROUS ANTICS PEREORMED Balloon Ascension with Parachute Descent 1234567s90

18 A 34 a 6 Point Title No. 9 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) GHEAT NATHONAL BALIGAMES Merchants and Meelianics 8 Weekiy Jonrinal

16A 32 a \(\quad 8\) Point Title No. \(9 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) PAINTEIRS ANISCULPTORS Chamcoal Picture 8 Walnit Franied

16 A 33 a \(51 / 2\) Point Title No. 9 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\) GREAT WESTERE FOUNDRY
Headquarters for Superior Copper-Mixed Type 1234567890

16A \(32 \mathrm{a} \quad 7\) Point Title No. \(9 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) PHOPISN ANB CXUNTIRIES
- Tomriey Through 's Her-lin Germany

18A 36a 9 Point Title No. 9 23/4 lbs., \$2.50
HAPPY HUNTING GROUNDS
Hinters Trapping Hear and Deer \(^{\text {Thent }}\)

\section*{CONSOLIDATED ENGLISH CORPORATIONS} Wholesale Dealers in English 45 French and German Broadcloth

TWO-LINE LETTERS
 NO. 55, 56 AND 58

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Two-line No. \(55 \quad 13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.40\)

THE DEFEATED RUSSIANS 1234567890
\(16 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Two-line No. \(58 \quad 21 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.50\)
PRINTING 4 PRESSES

12A \(\quad 16\) Point Two-line No. \(56 \quad 23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.85\)
NORTH 5 POUND
FINE 2 BIRD

15 A 12 Point Two-line No. \(55 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) COUNTRY DRUGGISTS 1234567890
\(16 \mathrm{~A} \quad 14\) Point Two-line No. \(55 \quad 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.75\)
CHINESE 3 EMBLEM
\(11 \mathrm{~A} \quad 18\) Point Two-line No. \(56 \quad 3\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
PUNTA 3 GORDA
\(6 \mathrm{~A} \quad 30\) Point Two-line No. \(56 \quad 415 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.10\)
RED2INK
\(61 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 4.00\)

\section*{BOWL}

QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

17 A 34 a \(51 / 2\) Point Title No. \(10 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) CANOEING ALONG THE CEDAR RIVER Reveals Much Beauty of Bright Water and Grass 1234567890

20 A 38 a 7 Point Title No. \(10 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
MANY PEOPLE AND COUNTRIES
Were Visited by Great ShipsLast Year \(5 \boldsymbol{2}\)
\[
18 \text { A } 37 \text { a } \quad 9 \text { Point Title No. } 10 \quad 23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50
\]

\section*{CHICAGO RACE COURSE}

Decided they would 67 Hold June Meet

20 A 41 a 6 Point Title No. \(10 \quad\) 19/r lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) ANNUAL CONGRESS PROCEEDINGS National United Prison Association Transactions 1234567890

16 A 34 a 8 Point Title No. \(10 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 2.25\)
POIRTRAIT PATNTEIRS
Charcoal Drawings 57 Oil Paintings
15 A 32 a 10 Point Title No. \(10 \quad\) 31/16 lbs ., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{MUSICAL MEASURES}

Several Popular 431 Song Hits

\section*{UNITED STATES PRINTING INDUSTRIES} Modern Machines Superior 52 Type Careful Workmen

\section*{17A 32 a}

6 Point Title No. 53
\(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\)
DO NOT THINK THAT ALL THE IMPROVEMENTS HAVE BEEN MADE
Upon the Two-revolution Press for a large Per cent of the Best Printing is Done on a Drum 1234567590
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 21 A 41 a 6 Point Title Italic No. \(10 \quad 19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) WASHINGTON AND HIS GENERALS & 16 A \(33 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Title 1 talic No. \(10 \quad 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) HISTORICAL LITERATURE \\
\hline Lives of Signers of the Declaration of Independence
\[
1234567890
\] & The Obsolete English Words Are Mamy
\[
1234567890
\] \\
\hline 18 A 36 a 9 Point Title Italic No. \(10 \quad 23 / 66 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) & 15 A 29a 10 Point Title Italic No. 10 31/16 lbs., \$2.50 \\
\hline MEMBERS OF CONGRESS & \(\boldsymbol{T}\) AVELER SPORTSMEN \\
\hline Delegates to 682\% Southern Convention & Vebrasha Hunting \%89 Grounts \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

12A 23 a
12 Point Title Italic No. 10
311/16 lbs., \$2.75
SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE
Unequaled Finish and 786 Great Lasting Qualities

NUMBER 4

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

16A 31 a 6 Point Expanded No. 4 19\% lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) REPORTS FROM THE BOARD Will Be Decided the First of the Month 1234567890

14 A 28 a 10 Point Expanded No. 4 31/b lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) CANADIAN HUNTERS United States 8 Game Laws

17 A 34 a 8 Point Expanded No. 4 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) SKETCHES FROM NATURE

Mexicans Rounding Hexds of Cattle 1334567890

11 A 22 a 12 Point Expanded No. 4 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) POWER HOUSE

Hlectrical 2 Automobiles

\title{
BEAUTIFUELY ARRANGED \\ Displaying the Best 3 Summer Neckwear
}

15A 28 a 6 Point Expanded No. 5 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) BUSINHESS AND PRINTEER Northern Pacific Railroad Hxtended 12:34567890

12A 21 a 10 Point Expanded No. \(5 \quad 3^{\text {I } / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 2.50\)
BRITISH EMDPIRE
Green Hills 4 of England

13A 24 a 8 Point Expanded No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
THOSE POPULAR MCEN
Senatorial Campaign Society 12:34.567800

10 A 17 a 12 Point Expanded No. \(5 \quad 3^{21 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{POST CARD}

Chicago 4 Postmen

22 A 45 a 6 Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
TEN THOUSAND TROOPS IN THE FIELD The Roar of a Cannon is Heard Distinctly For Miles 1234567890

22 A 42 a 10 Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 31 / 66 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) GENERAL MOSCARDO
Will Surrender 375 Thousand Troops

18 A \(32 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) STOCK EXCHANGE Good Investments Offered 58

\section*{10 A 19a 20 Point Cond. No. 54 \\ 5 lbs., \$3.35}

GREAT WESTERN Irrigation Company 231

24 A 49a 8 Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.25\) SPANIARDS DRIVEN NORTH
Many Fleeing to the Mountain for Safety 1234567890

20 A 39 a 12 Point Cond. No. 54 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) SOLDIERS RETREAT After Burning 76 Small Villages

12 A 23 a 18 Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\) COUNTRY MALDEN
Looked For 5 Young Men

8 A 16 a 24 Point Cond. No. \(54 \quad 5^{1 / 2}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.55\) SUBSTANTIAL Granite Building 389

\title{
GOLDEN STATE RESORT Restful Retreat 7 Lovely Flowers
}

\title{
gatiden Plavis \\ 53 Califormia Nasturtiums
}

\title{
A STEEL CHASE ELECTRICALLY WELDED FROM SILVER-GLOSS STEEL
}

\author{
A DESCRIPTION OF THE ONLY PERFECT CHASE AND THE METHOD OF ITS MANUFACTURE
}


\section*{BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER}

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY THREE TO ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY SEVEN MONROE STREET, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

\begin{abstract}
navoldably bring about variations in width of bar. the outside cannot be made exactly parallel, and, unless they are, the sides and ends cannot be at right angles. Even were it possible to make a hand-welded-and-hand-finished chase accurate in the first place, it wonld not remain so long, and the larger the chase the worse the trouble. The defiection caused by tight lock-up soon becomes permanent, and lost time and spoiled work follows as matter of course. "That chase is bowed" is heard so often where the inferior hand-welded chases are used that it becomes monotonous.
Cast-iron chases are furnished with platen presses mostly. They are seldom true; when forms are locked up in them they are bound to be "springy," and nothing causes more lost time and spoiled work than a "springy" form. Cast-iron chases break on the slightest pro-
\end{abstract}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

20 A 38 a 6 Point Lightface No. 7 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) WILL YOU BUY A NEWSPAPER The Little Fellow Pressed Before me Sobbing Have a Sister Awful Sick at our Home 1234567890

17 A 32 a 10 Point Lightface No. \(7 \quad 3^{3 / 6}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) APRICOT ORCHARDS Bananas Oranges Cherries Pears Raspberries 643 Blackberries

17A 34a 8 Point Lightface No. \(7 \quad\) 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CABLE AND ELECTRIC
Elevated Railroads and Street Cars Rapid Transit Very Essential 1234567890

16 A 30 a 12 Point Lightface No. \(7 \quad 3^{11} / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
RHVOLUTIONISTS
Take the Future as it Comes Calm Your Minds 6523

\section*{CHICAGO SUMMER GARDEN} Beautiful Flowers 79 Many Varieties

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN} Patrick Henry 35 James Monroe

\title{
BEST TYPE MADE \\ Superior Copper-Mixed 185
}

\section*{MODERN IDEAS}

Never before has such beautiful printing been done as is being turned out at the present time. The every-day work of the modern printer excells the choicest products of a few years ago, and when an attempt is made now-a-days to produce something extra fine the result is often nothing short of marvelous. A truer conception of the artistic, and facilities greatly improved over those at the printer's disposal in former years, are responsible for this satisfying condition of things. Type faces are no longer noted chiefly for their freakishness; on the contrary, designs of today are notable for genuine artistic excellence, and they are of a nature, as a rule, that will always be used. Series shown in our late specimens and in this Specimen Book serve admirably to show the trend of modern ideas in type design.

One thing of decided value to the printer desirous of doing the best work in

\title{
Specimens of \\ Barnhart Brothers \& Spindler’s Lightface No. 7 Series
}

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal
Iu deep cut matrices on the Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body
Lining System

Dividend Paying Type, Borders, Rule aud Material of every Description

\begin{abstract}
the shortest possible time is Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler's Poiut-lining system. Nothing but ordinary leads or slugs are needed for thelining of Point-line faces on different bodies: if the bodies agree in size the faces line naturally.

This lining system is a far reaching improvement, both in the matter of saving composition time and the improved appearance of the finished work. In the matter of time on work in which rules are to be lined with type the saving is especially noteworthy, as rules may be lined with any Point-1ine system face as quickly as the same space could be filled with quads.

In a word the improvement brought about by the adoption of our Pointlining system enables the office having type so cast to make a fair profit at prices which with less modern facilities would mean a loss.

It should be the aim of every printer to replace his present outfit of type with Point-line faces as rapidly as possible. The saving in composition sure to result will go far toward paying the cost of the change. We have considerably more than 2,100 separate faces cast on the Point-iining system, to which additions are being made constantly. The variety is ample for every need, includ-
\end{abstract}
\(24 \mathrm{~A} 46 \mathrm{a} \quad 5\) Point Lining Aldine \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) sew door hinges haye hecently been infented For the Sake of Those Who Never Think of Closing Doers After Them 123456:890

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Lining Aldine \(\quad 21 / 41 \mathrm{bs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) LOVELX TEA GOWNS AND HOUSE Dresses Made of Silk 123 with Artistic Taste

16 A 29 a 12 Point Lining Aldine \(311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)
WAREHOUSE FIRESALE Great Bargains 7 in Dry Goods

\author{
8 A 16 a 20 Point Lining Aldine \(\quad 45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\)
}

SUPERIORITY Pictures 83 Framed

24 A 47 a 6 Point Lining Aldine 19/6lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THIS DOOR SHUTS NOISELESSLY WITHOUT Nollce And Will Hit the Person Who Falls to Close it 1234567890

18 A 36 a 10 Point Lining Aldine \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) BUY COPPER-MIXED TYPE
The Best Type 82 Made in the World

10 A 21 a . 18 Point Lining Aldine \(45 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\)

\section*{DISCONCERTED}

United States 13 Soldier

\section*{6 A 10 a \(\quad 30\) Point Lining Aldine \(63 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\) \\ BUILDING \\ Male 5 Laborer}

4A8a
36 Point Lining Aldine
PRODCCT Silks Spices 83 Grain Coal

4 A 8 a
42 Point Lining Aldine
109 /6 lbs., \(\$ 6.35\)

\section*{neat clerks \\ Handsome 5 Nechwear}

4 A 7 a
48 Point Lining Aldine
\(123 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} . . \$ 7.65\)



Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

30 A 58 a 6 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(19 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.00\) OUT WHERE TIIE SILVERY C0L0RAD0 WEXDS ITS WAY When The Sun Set Torns the 0ceans Beautiful Blue to a Golden Hee 1234567890

30 A 65 a 10 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) PROGRESSIVE IS THE PRINTER WHO LOOKS After His Customer and Workmen as Well as Ilimself 324

24 A 48 a 14 Point Lining Aldine Cond. 45/it lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) STYLSII MILLINERY EMPORIUMS Latest Ilats from 46 to One Hundred Dollars

16A 31 a 18 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(415 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
SWEET BLLSHIIVG DAISELS Contimally Walk the Streets 6.92

29 A 63 a 8 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) NEIER FORGET THAT A SATISFIED CLSTOMER Will Indoubtedly Prove Advantageous to any Established Firm 1245067890

26 A 51 a 12 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(33 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
THE TORTHERI INSURANCE COMPAN President Secretary Vice President and Agent 46

20 A 37 a 16 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(47 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) GERMAT OFFIODRG COMMAND Regiments of 1457 Disciplined Soldiers

10 A 21 a 24 Point Lining Aldine Cond. \(51 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50\)
SEVIOR PODLIK Escenping Lord Courtuey 98

\section*{IUIIERSIL LITHOOGRIPIPIIGG COIIPIIIIES}

Conreention is in Session 764 Hemberss are Present

\title{
6 A 11 a \\ 36 Point Lining Aldine Condensed \\ \(67 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\) \\  Iristoraticic Proviginers lumigititug 4
}

NO. 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{SCHOOL OF TECHNICAL PRINTING}

Instructors of Adwriting 63 and Commercial Printing English and French Technical Printing School

\section*{NORTH DIVISION CADET}

\section*{Carringtons Second 23 Grade Academies} Seniors and Juniors Baseball Game

\section*{COMMENCEMENT}

School Board 75 Representative

\section*{REPRESENTING}

\section*{Minnesota 89 Universities}

EXTRA CONDELSED
NUMBER 56

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

28 A 58 a 8 Point Ex. Cond. No. 56 17/8 lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) WHEX A MAN HAS SOCGHT A TRAIN OF THOLGHT WE ARE
Not Surprised That lie is Quite Carried Away by the Force of his Ideas 1234567890

24 A 49 a 12 Point Ex. Cond. No. 56 3 \(1 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) CHIRP AND FLUTTER OF BLUE BIRDS Wild Brooklets Babbling Down The Mountain Side 890

9A 19a 30 Point Ex. Cond. No. 56 5 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 4.00\) FRRARRWNT FLOWERS Groving ii 27 ISmmer Carderis

26 A 50 a 10 Point Ex. Cond. No. \(5621 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) HISTORY OF THE ENITED STATES AND GERYANY Taken From the Weekly Vewspapers and Original Documents 1234567890

18A 34 a 18 Point Ex. Cond. No. 56 4 1 /io lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) PRINTERS FINE MATTRALL
Printiug P Pesesses Sands Cabiniets Cuiteris 981

14 A 25 a 20 Point Ex. Cond. No. \(564^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
ILLLINOIS AND KEXTLCKY
Consolidated American Corporation 6ã

\section*{COLLIDBIS EXPSSITION DIRECTORS}


8A 12 a
42 Point Extra Condensed No. 56

\section*{}

Naking Preparations 59 Cenity Pxilibitinus

6 A 11a

\title{
 \\ 
}

\title{
OLD STYLE BODY AND JOB FACES
}

CAST FROM SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED METAL ON THE POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINTBODY LINING SYSTEM


\author{
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER \\ TYPE FOUNDERS \\ CHICAGO \\ WASHINGTON. D.C. Southern Printers Supply Co. \\ SEATTLE, WASH. \\ Pacific Printers Supply Co. \\ KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry \\ OMAHA, NEB. Great Western Type Foundry \\ NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. Barohart Type Foundry Co.
}

Cast on Unlform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

\section*{5 Polnt Old Style No. 59}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be lamiliar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available.
Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words \(\ln\) larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity of having to use paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification ; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or
a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect. we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-line two points or a multiple thereol. Hence any Text-Line face can be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are hrought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification. All Cap-Line faces from the smallest size to \(36 \cdot\) point line with each other at the bottom without any justification. All 42 -point and larger Cap-Line faces line with each other without any justification. All Cap-Line faces in bodies from the smallest to 36 -point will line with 42 -point and larger sizes by the use of a 2 -point lead. All Cap-Line faces, too, may be lined with any Uniform-Line or Text-Line face with ordinary point-lead justification, the same as Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are lined together, and with no loss of time whatever. The thinking printer upon reading the above can not but he convinced of the superior features offered in the Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. We claim that in inter-body lining combinations, the greatest use of 2 -point lead is an important item to be considered. Deep cut matrices, which insure deep counters and shoulders, so necessary for electrotyping, stereotyping, and good presswork, are used in the casting of all Uniform-Line system type. Properly proportioned descenders, cast entirely on the body, is another feature peculiar alone to the Barnhart Lining System.

Lower case alphabet, \(n\) to z, 15 ems.

\section*{6 Point Caslon Old Style}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line. -For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Lne.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification. All Cap-Line faces from the smallest size to 36 -point line with each other at the bottom without any justification. All 42 -point and larger Cap-Line faces line with each other with out any justification. All Cap-Line faces in bodies from the smallest to 36 -point will line with 42 -point and larger sizes by the use of a 2 -point lead. All Cap-Line faces, too, may be lined with any Uniform-Line or Text

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{OLD STYLE}

BODY FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{6 Point Old Style No. 1}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together ody for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line, -For such faces as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap Line.-For Title, Two-line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification, All Cap-Line faces from the smallest size to 36 -point line with each other at the bottom without any justification. All 42 -point and larger Cap-Line faces line with each other

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 14\) ems.

6 Point Old Style No. 59
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unvavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body with out justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we bave established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification. All Cap-Line faces from the

Lower case alphabet. a to \(\mathrm{z} 14 / 1 / \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{OLD STYLE}

\author{
Cast on Uniform Line. Partiy leaded with two-polnt leads.
}

\section*{6 Point Old Style No. 58}

The matter of. lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in unavoidable when ining type is not available. Take a egal iank, for instance, in lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposai, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Unform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification, and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point-line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 17\) 1-6 ems.

\section*{6 Point Elzevir No. 5}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.- The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kernlng, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification, and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other

Lower case alphabet, a to z, 15 5-6 ems.

\section*{OLD STYLE}

\section*{6 Point Old Style No. 70}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the varions faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serions moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money beretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification, and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or multiple thereof. Text-Line.For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for ty pographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-

Lower case alphabet, a to z, \(161 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{6 Point Old Style No. 90}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer hasexperienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for nsing paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tricd lines: Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body withont justification, and, by the use of pêint leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform Line or Cap Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom


\author{
Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.
}

\section*{*6 Point Old Style No. 200}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words of a larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-sliod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines. Uniform-Line. The Point-Line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification.
\[
\text { Lower case alphabet, a to } z, 151 / 2 \text { ems. }
\]
*This face matches Linotype Ronaldson Series.

\section*{6 Point French O. S. No. 3}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some othres, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment
between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work, hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The Point-Line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification, and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easlly. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line

Lower case alphabet. a to \(z, 155-6\) ems.

\section*{7 Point Old Style No. 59}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnlart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast, All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders. etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of

Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,141 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{7 Point Old Style No. 58}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type: hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-line, Point-set, Point-body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference

\section*{OLD STYLE}

\section*{8 Point Caslon Old Style}

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Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{8 Point Old Style No. 1}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification, and, by the use

\section*{OLD STYLE}

\section*{8 Point Old Style No. 58}

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Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 141 / 4 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{8 Point Old Style No. 59}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line

\title{
OLD STYLE
}

\section*{8 Point Old Style No. 70}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines. Uniform-Linc.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast
\[
\text { Lower case alphabet, a to } 2,14 / 4 \mathrm{ems} \text {. }
\]

\section*{8 Point Old Style No. 90}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor' having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that

\section*{OLD STYLE}

BODY FACES
*8 Point Old Style No. 100
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 141 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
*This face matches Linotype Old Style No. 1 Series.

\section*{8 Point Elzevir No. 5}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.- The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc.

\title{
OLD STYLE
}

BODY FACES

\section*{8 Point French Old Style No. 3}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned decenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13 \% \mathrm{~d}\) ems.

\section*{9 Point Old Style No. 58}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to

\section*{OLD STYLE}

BODY FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{9 Point Old Style No. 59}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and card board to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining

Lower case alphabet, a to \(2,12 \% \mathrm{ems}\).

9 Point Old Style No. 70
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket

\title{
OLD STYLE
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The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and card board to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore

\section*{10 Point Caslon O. S.}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass-rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and card board to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and

\title{
OLD STYLE
} BODY FACES

Cast on Unlform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point Old Style No. 1
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such
L.ower case alphabet, a to \(z .123 / 6 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{10 Point Old Style No. 58}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This System saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the

\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Unlform Line. Partiy leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point Old Style No. 59
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other

Lower case alphabet a to \(z 13 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{10 Point Old Style No. 70}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence

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Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).
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\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point Old Style No. 90
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining ty pe is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and card board to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 14 \mathrm{ems}\).
*10 Point Old Style No. 100
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and card board to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious

Lower case alphabet, a to z, 12 \(4-5\) ems.
*This face matches Linotype Old Style No. 1 Series.

\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partiy leaded with two-point leadis.

10 Point Elzevir No. 5
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type: hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass-rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious

\title{
OLD STYLE
}

BODY FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{11 Polnt Old Style No. 1}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 123 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{11 Point Old Style No. 58}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance

\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{11 Point Old Style No. 59}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{11 Point Old Style No. 70}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Liining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not a vailable. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment

\title{
OLD STYLE
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{11 Point Old Style No. 90}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. 'Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work.. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity

\title{
OLD STYLE
}

BODY FACES

Cast on Unlform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

\section*{12 Point Old Style No. 59}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be, with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because

\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Unlform Line. Partly leaded with two-polnt leads.

12 Point Old Style No. 70
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 131 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).

12 Point Old Style No. 90
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal

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OLD STYLE
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THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using

12 Point French O. S. No. 3
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to z 13 ems .
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\title{
OLD STYLE
}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type of different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected

Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 13\) 5-7 ems.

14 Point Old Style No. 59
The matter of lining type is so important that printers should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the

\title{
OLD STYLE \\ BODY FACES
}

Cast on Untform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

14 Point Elzevir No. 5
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for

The matter of lining type is so important that printers should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and

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Lower case alphabet, a to \(\mathrm{z}, 121 / 8 \mathrm{ems}\).
}

\section*{OLD STYLE} BODY FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

18 Polnt Old Style No. 59
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time

18 Polnt French O. S. No. 3
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time

Cast on Uniform Line. Partiy leaded with two-polnt leads.

18 Point Old Style No. 70
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. It saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor


\title{
THE TOOLS AND USAGES OF THE EARLY PRINTERS
}

Types made without any System...From an Adjustable Mould...The Appearance of Early Types... Rudeness of Early Composition... Method of Dictation... Faults of Compositors... Slowness of Improvement ... Construction of Hand-Press, with illustration.

THE types of the fifteenth century were made without system. The dimensions of each body and the peculiarities of each face were determined chiefly by the manuscript copy which had been selected as the model. No printer had any idea of the advantages to be derived from a series of regularly graduated sizes, nor of the beauty of a series of uniform faces, nor of the great evils they would impose on themselves and their successors by the use of irregular bodies. Gutenberg's larger bodies were irregularly graduated and of Pointed Gothic face; his smaller bodies were not separated at proper distances, and were of Round Gothic face. The unknown printer had four faces and four bodies of the size English. Caxton had two faces and two bodies each of the sizes Paragon, GreatPrimer and English. The types of many printers at Paris and Venice show irregularities of body which seem inexplicable to the modern printer.

A classification by scale of the types of any printer of this period will show that there are often wide gaps between the larger, and confusing proximities between the smaller bodies. The smallest sizes which I have met in any book of the fifteenth century are in the Decretals of Gregory, printed in black and red by Andrew Torresani at Venice in 1498, in which book the text is in Bourgeois and the surrounding notes are in Brevier. Nonpareil was first made by Garamond of Paris about the middle of the sixteenth century. Diamond was made by Jannon of Sedan about 1625 . Nothing smaller was attempted until 1827, when Henry Didot, then 66 years old, cut a font on the French body of two and onehalf points-a body known to American printers as Brilliant, or Half-Nonpareil-about twenty-five lines to the American inch. As the size of every body is determined by the mould in which it is cast, it would seem that there must have been a separate mould for every distinct body. (It has been suggested that these distinct bodies were founded in sand moulds; that a new pattern for the body was made every time a new font was cast; and that the irregularities in body are the results of unintended or undetected variations in the pattern. But this hypothesis cannot be accepted. The small bodies, the sharp edges, close fitting-up and even lining of the types, are peculiarities which could not have been produced by a sand mould, nor by a mould of any plastic material.) This inference is encumbered with fatal objections. The type-mould of hard metal is, and always has been, a very expensive tool, and it cannot be supposed that any early printer made two or four moulds for one body when one mould would have served. It is much more probable that he tried to make one mould serve for two or more bodies. The inventor of the mould may have thought that it should be constructed with adjustments, so that it should cast different bodies as well as different widths of types. The practicability of a mould of this description is properly demonstrated by the old-fashioned adjustable mould for irregulat bodies, or by the mould used for casting leads, which can be so enlarged or diminisped that it will cast many bodies or thicknesses. If we suppose that this mould was used by Gutenberg for casting the two bodies of the Letters of Indulgence, and by the unknown printer of the Netherlands for his four bodies of English, and that it was, of necessity, newly set or adjusted each time a new font was cast, we shall at once have a precise explanation of irregularitics which are unaccountable under any other hypothesis. Casting types

8 Point Lining XV Century
Set Solid


without the system, standards and gauges which modern type-founders use, it is not surprising that the first printers made types with difference of body. It was the impracticability of casting in this primitive mould, at different times, types of uniform body, that compelled later type-founders to discard it, and to use instead a mould for each body.

The casting of the types, which was always done in the printing office, was then adjudged a proper part of a printer's trade. The earlier chroniclers said the first types were made of lead and tin. The Cost Book of the Ripoli Press specifies these metals, and obscurely mentions another which seems to have been one of the constituents of type-metal. If this conjecture can be accepted, types were probably made in the fifteenth century as they are now, of lead, tin and antimony. Was this obscure metal antimony? The text books say that antimony was, for the first time, set apart as a distinct metal in 1490, by Basil Valentine, a monk of Erfurt. But Madden says that a book supposed to have been printed at Cologne, before the year 1473. plainly describes antimony as a metal frequently used and much abused by many monks of the thirteenth century in their pharmaceutical preparations. Not one of the millions of types founded during the fifteenth century has been preserved, nor is there in any old book an engraving or a description of a type. This neglected information has been unwillingly furnished by a careless pressman in the office of Conrad Winters, who printed at Cologne in 1476. This pressman, or his mate, when inking a slackly justified form, permitted the inking ball to pull out a thin-bodied type, which dropped sideways on the face of the form. The accident was not noticed; the tympan closed upon the form, and the bed was drawn under the platen. Down came the screw and platen, jamming the unfortunate type in the form, and embossing it strongly in the fibres of the thick wet paper, in a manner which reveals to us the shape of Winters' types more truthfully than it could have been done even by special engraving. The height of this type is a trifle less than one American inch. It agrees exactly with the old French standard (of 1723) for height of type, which was ten and one-half geometric lines, or, by modern French measure, 24 millimetres. The sloping shoulder, or the beard, as it was once called, was made to prevent the blackening of the paper, for it would have been blackened if the shoulder had been high and square. The sloping shoulder, which was in general use in the first quarter of this century, was discarded to meet the requirements of the new art of stereotyping. It was found that these sloping shoulders made projections in the plaster mould, which imperiled the making of an accurate cast. The blackening of the sheer from square shoulders was prevented by altering the mould and placing the shoulder lower on the body. The circular mark, about one-tenth of an inch diameter, on the side of the type, was firmly depressed in the metal, but did not perforate it. As this type had no nick on the body, it is apparent that the circular mark was cast there to guide the compositor. When the type was put in the stick with the mark facing outward, the compositor knew, without looking at the face, that it was rightly placed. There is no groove at the foot. Duverger says that the early types had no jet or breaking-piece; that the superfluous metal was cut off, and the type made of proper height by sawing. These details may seem trifling, but they are of important: they show that, in the more important features, the types of the early printers closely resembled ours.

There is a disagreement among bibliographers about the quantity of types ordinarily cast for a font by the early printers. Some, judging from appearances which show that one page only was printed at an impression, say that they cast types for two or three pages only; others maintain that they must have had very large fonts. That the latter view is correct seems fully established after a survey of the books known to have been printed by Zell, Koburger, Leeu, and others. It would have been impossible to print these books in the short period in which we know they were done, if the printer had not been provided with abundance of types. As
the types were made in the printing office, by a quick method, from an alloy which could be used repeatedly for the same purpose, the supply was rarely limited by considerations of expense. Bernard believes that Gutenberg cast for the Bible of 42 lines at least 120,000 types, or enough for two sections, or forty pages. He supposes that twenty pages were perfected, and ready for press or under press, white the succeeding twenty pages were in the compositor's hands. This would be the method adopted by the modern printer, and it may have been the method of Gutenberg, but it is probable that the difficulties connected with the new art compelled him to print the book more slowly, and with imperfect system. But the printers who followed him certainly used quick methods. The trades of compositor and pressman, and possibly that of type-caster, were kept about as distinct then as they are now. There were more compositors than pressmen, and the compositors, says Madden, in the heroic age of printing, were not boys, but men of education and intelligence. The early printers who were taught the business that they might become masters had to pay a premium for their education. Caxton said that he had "practysed \(\mathcal{E}\) learned at [his] grete charge and dispense to ordeyne this said booke in prynte." In the brief time that they gave to the work, their education must have been more theoretical than practical. As the branch of composition required the largest number of workmen, and more intelligence, and less manval labor than any other, it was usually selected by the pupil for practice. Of type-casting and presswork he learned no more than was sufficient to enable him to direct the labors of his future workmen. The knowledge of the trade which the pupil coveted was the ability to practice it on his own account, and this knowledge was, in most instances, satisfactorily acquired when he got a theoretical knowledge of its secret processes.

The frequent specifications of the foremen in the earliest notices of printing shows that the mould, with its accompanying matrices, was regarded as the key to the knowledge and practice of the art. As the moulds were made by master mechanics, not bound to secrecy, and as the earlier compositors had some knowledge of the process of type-casting, it was not difficult for a journeymen to become a master printer. When he had bought a type-mould and matrices, he could go to any city and begin to print books. He could cast types and mix ink as he needed them; he could buy paper and the constituents of type-metal in any large town; properly instructed, any joiner could make the press. Many of the early master printers practiced their trade for a few years in one place, and a few years in another, roving about from town to town with a seeming indifference to change which seems unaccountable to the modern printer, who knows how expensive it is to move a printing office. The roving habits of the masters will not seem so strange when it is known that the equipment of the early office was simple, and that the more expensive tools could be carried with little difficulty. This illustration, a fac-smile of one Amman's engravings of a printing office, is from this book dated 1564. The case for the

12 Point Lining XV Century Set Solid


type is of one piece and is resting on a rude frame. All the boxes are represented as of the same size, but this is probably an error which is frequently made by designers of this day. The engravings of cases shown by Moxon have boxes of unequalsize. No doubt, they were so made from the beginning, for a day's experience would teach any compositor that his case must have a larger box for the letter e than for the letter x. In this, and in many other early illustrations of type-setting, the compositors are seated on stools. In Italy and in Paris, women were employed as compositors.

The early stick was not like the neatly finished iron tool of our time, with steel composing rule and an adjustable screw and knee adapting it to any measure. It was a real stick of wood, a home-made strip of deal, with the side and end-piece tacked on. For every measure, a new stick or retacking of the movable piece was required. The date of the introduction of the stick cannot be fixed, but it was used, without alteration for many years, by the printers of all countries. It is possible that some of the early printers had no sticks. The peculiar workmanship of the unknown printer and of Albert Pfister shows that the types were taken direct from the case and wedged in mortised blocks of wood which served


\section*{EXCERPT FROM THE BIOGRAPHY OF BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}


ROM my infancy I was passionately fond of reading, and all the money that came into my hands was laid out in the purchasing of books. I was very fond of voyages. My first acquisition was Bunyan's works in separate little volumes; I afterwards sold them to enable me to buy Burton's Historical Collections. They were small chapmen's books, and cheap; forty volumes in all. My father's little library consisted chiefly of books in polemic divinity, most of which I read. I have often regretted that, at a time when I had such a thirst for knowledge, more proper books, had not fallen in my way, since it was resolved I should not be bred to divinity. There was among them Plutarch's Lives, which I read abundantly, and I still think that time spent to great advantage. There was also a book of Defoe's called An Essay on Projects, and another of Dr. Mather's called An Essay to do Good, which perhaps gave me a turn of thinking, that had an influence on some of the principal future events of my life. T This bookish inclination at length determined my father to make me a printer, though he had already one son, James, of that profession. In 1717 my brother James returned from England with a press and letters to set up his business in Boston. I liked it much better than that of my father, but still had a hankering for the sea. To prevent the apprehended effect of such an inclination, my father was impatient to have me bound to my brother. I stood out some time, but at last was pursuaded and signed the indenture when I was yet but twelve years old. I was to serve an apprenticeship till I was twenty-one years of age, only I was to be allowed journeyman"s wages during the last year. An a little time I made a great progress in the business, and became a useful hand to my brother. I now had access to better books. An acquaintance with the apprentices of booksellers enabled me sometimes to borrow a small one, which I was careful to return soon, and clean. Often I sat up in my chamber reading the greatest part of the night, when the book was borrowed in the evening and to be returned in the morning, lest it should be missing. \&After some time a merchant-an ingenious, sensible man, Mr. Matthew Adams, who had a pretty collection of books-frequented our printing-office, took notice of me, and invited me to see his library, and very kindly proposed to lend mesuch books as I chose to read. \(\$\) I now took a strong inclination for poetry, and wrote some little pieces. My brother supposing it might turn to account, encouraged me, and induced me to compose two occasional ballads. One was called The Light-House Tragedy, and contained an account of the shipwreck of Captain Worthilake with his two daughters; the other was a sailor song, on the taking of the famous Teach, or Blackbeard, the pirate. They were wretched stuff, in street ballad style; and when they were printed my brother sent me about the town to sell them. The first sold prodigiously, the event being recent and having made a great noise. This success flattered my vanity; but my father discouraged me by criticising my performances and telling me verse-makers were generally beggars. Thus I escaped being a poet, and probably a very bad one; but, as prose writing has been of great use to me in the course of my life,

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}
and was a principal means of my advancement, I shall tell you how in such a situation I acquired what little ability I may be supposed to have in that way. There was another bookish lad in the town, John Collins by name, with whom I was intimately acquainted. We sometimes disputed, and very fond we were of argument, and very desirous of confuting one another-which disputatious turn, by the way, is apt to become a very bad habit, making people often extremely disagreeable in company, by the contradiction that is necessary to bring it into practice; and thence, besides souring and spoiling the conversation, it is productive of disgusts, and perhaps enmities, with those who may have occasion for friendship. I had caught this by reading my father's books of dispute on religion. Persons of good sense, I have since observed, seldom fall into it, except lawyers, university men, and generally men of all sorts who have been bred at Edinburgh. 【A question was once, somehow or other, started between Collins and me on the propriety of educating the female sex in learning, and their abilities for study. He was of the opinion that it was improper, and that they were naturally unequal to it. I took the contrary side, perhaps a little for disputes sake. He was naturally more eloquent, having a greater plenty of words, and sometimes, as I thought, I was vanquished more by his fluency than by the strength of his reasons. ©As we parted without settling the point, and were not to see one another again for some time, I sat down to put my arguments in writing, which I copied fair and sent to him. He answered and I replied. Three or four letters on a side had passed, when my father happened to find my papers, and read them. Without entering into the subject in dispute, he took occasion to talk to me about my manner of writing; observed that though I had the advantage of my antagonist in correct spelling and pointing (which he attributed to the printing-house), I fell far short in elegance of expression, method, and in perspicuity, of which he convinced me by several instances. I saw the justice of his remarks, and thence grew more attentive to my manner of writing, and determined to endeavor to improve my style. 【About this time I met with an odd volume of the Spectator. I had never before seen any of them. I bought it, read it over and over, and was much delighted with it. I thought the writing excellent, and wished if possible to imitate it. With that view I took some of the papers, and, making short hints of the sentiments in each sentence, laid them by a few days, and then, without looking at the book, tried to complete the papers again, by expressing each hinted sentiment at length, and as fully as it had been expressed before, in any suitable words that should occur to me. Then I compared my Spectator with the original, discovered some of my faults, and corrected thern. But I found I wanted a stock of words, or a readiness in collecting and using them, which I thought I should have acquired before that time if I had gone on making verses; since the continual search for words of the same import, but of different length to suit the measure or of different sound for the rhyme, would have laid me under a constant necessity of searching for variety, and also have tended to fix that variety in my mind, and make me master of it. Therefore I took some of the tales in the Spectator and turned them into verse; and after a time, when I had pretty well forgotten the prose, turned them back again. \(I I\) also sometimes jumbled my collection of hints into confusion, and after some weeks endeavored to reduce them into the best order before I began to form the full sentences

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}
and complete the subject. This was to teach me method in the arrangement of the thoughts. 【By comparing my work with the original, I discovered many faults, and corrected them; but I sometimes had the pleasure to fancy that, in certain particulars of small consequence, I had been fortunate enough to improve the method or the language, and this encouraged me to think that I might in time come to be a tolerable English writer, of which I was extremely ambitious. The time I alloted for writing exercises, and for reading, was at night, or before work began in the morning, or on Sundays, when I contrived to be in the printing-house, avoiding as much as I could the constant attendance at public worship, which my father used to exact of me when I was under his care, and which I still continued to consider a duty, though I could not afford time to practice it. 【When about sixteen years of age, I happened to meet with a book, written by one Tyron, recommending a vegetable diet. I determined to go into it. My brother, being yet unmarried, did not keep house, but boarded himself and his apprentices in another family. My refusal to eat flesh occasioned an inconvenience, and I was frequently chid for my singularity. I made myself acquainted with Tyron's manner of preparing some of his dishes, such as boiling potatoes or rice, making hasty pudding and a few others, and then proposed to my brother that, if he would give me weekly half the money he paid for my board, I would board myself. He instantly agreed to it, and I presently found that I could save half what he paid me. ■ This was an additional fund for buying of books; but I had another advantage in it. My brother and the rest going from the printing-house to their meals, I remained there alone, and despatching presently my light repast (which was often no more than a slice of bread, a handful of raisins, or a tart from the pastry-cook's, and a glass of water), had the rest of the time, till their return, for study; in which I made the greater progress from that greater clearness of head and quicker apprehension which generally attend temperance in eating and drinking. \(\mathbb{4}\) Now it was that (being on some occa-

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sion made ashamed of my ignorance in figures, which I had twice failed learning when at school), I took Cocker's book on Arithmetic, and went through the whole by myself with the greatest ease. I also read Seller's and Shermy's books on Navigation, which made me acquainted with the little geometry they contain; but I never proceeded far in that science. I read about this time Locke On Human Understanding, and The Art of Thinking by Messrs. de Port-Royal. © While I was intent on improving my language, I met with an English grammar (I think it was Greenwood's), having at the end of it two little sketches on the Arts of Rhetoric and Logic, the latter finishing with a dispute in the Socratic method; and soon after I procured Xenophon's Memorial Things of Socrates, wherein there are many examples of the same method. I was charmed with it, adopted it, dropped my abrupt contradictions and positive argumentation, and put on the humble inquirer. And being then from reading Shaftesbury and Collins made a doubter, as I already was in many points of our religious doctrines, I found this method the safest for myself and very embarrassing to those against whom I used it; therefore I took delight in it, practised it continually, and grew very artful and expert in drawing people even of superior knowledge into concessions, the consequences of which they did not foresee, entangling them in difficulties out of which they could not extricate them-

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}
selves, and so obtaining victories that neither myself nor my cause always deserved. \(\mathbb{I}\) I continued this method some few years but gradually left it, retaining only the habit of expressing myself in terms of modest diffidence, never using, when I advance any thing that may possibly be disputed, the words certainly, undoubtedly, or any others that give the air of positiveness to an opinion; but rather say, I conceive, or apprehend a thing to be so and so; It appears to me, or I should not think it, so or so, for such and such reasons; or, I imagine it to be so; or It is so if I am not mistaken. 4 This habit, I believe, has been of great advantage to me when I have had the occasion to inculcate my opinions and persuade men into measures that I have been from time to time engaged in promoting. And as the chief ends of conversation are to inform or to be informed, to please or to persuade, I wish well-meaning and sensible men would not lessen their power of doing good by a positive assuming manner, that seldom fails to disgust, tends to create opposition,

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}
and to defeat most of the purposes for which speech was given to us. In fact, if you wish to instruct others, a positive dogmatical manner in advancing your sentiments may occasion opposition, and prevent a candid attention. If you desire instruction and improvement from others, you should not at the same time express yourself fixed in your present opinion. Modest and sensible men do not love disputation, will leave you undisturbed in the possession of your errors. In adopting such a manner, you can seldom expect to please your hearers, or obtain the concurrence you desire. \(\mathbb{\$}\) My brother had, in 1720 , begun to print a newspaper. It was the second that appeared in America, and was called the New England Courant. The only one before it was the Boston News-Letter. I remember his being dissuaded by some of his friends from the undertaking, as not likely to be a success, one newspaper in their judgment being enough for America. At this time, 1771, there are not less than five-and-twenty.

\section*{BENJAMIN FRANKLIN}

He went on, however, with the undertaking. I was employed to carry the papers to the customers, after having worked in composing the types and printing off the sheets. \(\mathbb{\$ H e}\) had some ingenious men among his friends, who amused themselves by writing little pieces for this paper, which gained it credit, and made it more in demand, and these gentlemen very often visited us. Hearing their conversations, and their accounts of the approbation their papers were received with I was excited to try my hand among them. But, being still a boy, and suspecting that my brother would object to printing anything of mine in his paper, if he knew it to be mine, I contrived to disguise my hand, and, writing an anonymous paper, I put it at night under the door of the printing house. -It was found in the morning, and communicated, tohis writing friends

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3A 4 a
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MONUMENTS
Entomb 2 Monarchs

25 A 48 a \(\quad 8\) Point Design \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) EXCURSIONS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES
And Often Through Purple Midnight Meteors Flashed 1234567890

18 A 33 a
12 Point Design
317/6 lbs., \$2.75

\section*{ECLIPSE PREDICTED}

Shadows of the 56 Night Appear

12 A 22 a
18 Point Design
\(415 / \mathrm{h} 1 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)
PURPLE RHOWER
Dark Grotto 23 Lone Cave

\section*{GORGEOLS SOLVENIRS}

Eastern Dramatic 7 Stock Company

5A 10 a
36 Point Design
81/16 lbs., \$5.00

\section*{SPORTSMEN RETURN}

Graphic Story 9 Rose Garden

5 A 8 a
54 Point Design
PROSPECTIVE

\title{
Graduate \\ 8 \\ 112 \\  \\ SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE
}

\title{
SPRING TOURS FOR MEN OF LEISURE, TIRED MINISTERS, ETC.
}

Pleasant Journeys to New Zealand, The Philippine Islands, Somoa Islands, Fiji Islands, Java, Japan, China, India, The Mediterranean, Egypt, Spain, France, England, Cuba, Etc. via the National Blueline Steamers

\section*{BLUELINE EXCURSION SOCIETY}

MOBILE
NEW YORK

INENT
er which fast and xurious passenger
 reach the Eastern reach the Eastern
metropolis of the \(r\) may visit on his hrough which the s once in Chicago, ey is fairly begun erest may flag for ty itself is quit as ger is apt to find h has grown from of men now living n libraries and art e energy that has nd railway center les of the journey arming regions of sas, passing many City is the largest heastern Colorado hrough the unusal the route famous. not the traveler's to that celebrated s , the road forces on Pass into New

BOSTON
LONDON

LIVERPOOL heastern Colorasal Mexico. From this time canons and cliffs, mountain
streams and tunnels, gorges and pinnacles, are the alternating forms of nature. The sky is blote the air is clear and however the details of the landscape change,

Weights.and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

12 A 24 a 8 Point Wide Old Style \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 2.25\) SOUTTHEIRN SOCIFYTY Hyerybody should Atterid 1234567890

8 A 17 a \(\quad 12\) Point Wide Old Style \(\quad 33 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)
FROUND TFRP Coney 66 Island
10 A 19 a 10 Point Wide Old Style \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
CHEAP CLOTH
Hor allcheap Johnis
1234567890

5 A 9 a 18 Point Wide Old Style \(45 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
CIGARS
For 86 Men

\title{
BIG SHAFTS Deep New 37 Mine
}

\section*{FICHMOND}

Historic 3 Story 3 A 3a

36 Point Wide Old Style
95/i6 lbs., \$5.75

\section*{MICHIGAN Eight 9 Mines}


\section*{for}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Women } \\
& \$ 3.89
\end{aligned}
\]








 evexywhrexe，bxit if yoxx deelex doed ruet lxeve


 over orxe huximdred stylee shali ve perid orep

\section*{Fead Shoe Co．}

\author{
Lastville
}

8 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
24 A 47 a
21/4 lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
REMARKABLE CARPET BARGAINS
Send us Your Orders for Anything in Tapestries and
They Will be Promptly Filled on Standard Time 1234567890

10 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
\[
24 \mathrm{~A} 47 \mathrm{a} \quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50
\]

UNITED STATES CUNBOATS Equipped with Rapid Fire Guns and Smokeless Powder do Great Execution on Enemys Ships 1234567890

21A41a
12 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
31/616 lbs., \$2.75
CALIFORNIA AND FLORIDA SEEDLESS ORANGES ARE FINE California and Florida are Great Winter Resorts for People who Live in the Northeastern States Some People Have an Idea That it is Always 86 Hot but at Nights Blankets are Needed

\section*{THE EASTERN LEATHER COMPANY}

Ten Thousand Horses Sold in 23 New York Last Month 8A 15 a

\section*{THE MOON IS FULL TONIGHT} Brightest Thoughts of 85 Boyhood Happy Days

\section*{5A9a \\ 36 Point Lining Fifteenth Century \\ 71/8 lbs., \$4.40 \\ SATURDAY TIMES Thousand Politicians 3 in Offices}

\section*{4A9a}

48 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
\(107 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.55\)

\section*{PERSIAN GOODS \\ Oriental Rug 6 Company}

LINING FIGURES ARE FURNISHED WITH THE ABOVE SERIES. THE IRREGULAR OLD STYLE FIGURES
WILL BE SUBSTITUTED IF SPECIALLY ORDERED.

\author{
ABBOTT \& STAHLING \\ 217 to 231 Thirty-Second Street \\ platington, glassville
}

8 Point Lining Fifteenth Century Italic
22 A 44 a
\(23 / 4 \mathrm{bs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
GREATEST RUSH ON EARTH
Women Rush to the Department Stores to Save on
The New Frocks that they wish to Purchase 1234567890

10 Point Lining Fifteenth Century Italic 21 A 42 a
\(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
ALL ANXIOUS TO UNLOAD They Have Danced in the Big Pit and Now Must Pay Bear Fiddlers Handy Bill 1234567890

WEALTH DOES NOT ALWAYS CREATE HAPPINESS Many Men Deprive Themselves of Health and Happiness Struggling for Fortunes Knowledge Places more Men Before 673 the World than Immense Wealth

\section*{THOUSANDS GO EVERY DAY}

Pushing the Hudson River 54 Underground Tunnels

\section*{CANDIDATES FOR SENATOR} Seekers for Public Office 57 will Soon Appear

\title{
DENVER VIEWS Beautiful Mountain 8 Sceneries
}

48 Point Lining Fifteenth Century Italic


Weights and Prices given are Approximate ; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

25 A 46 a 6 Point Elzevir No. \(5 \quad 19 / 6 \mathrm{Ibs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) IMPRESSIONS FROM AROUND THE OLD WORLD Recollections of a Journalists Hasty Trip for His Health 1234567890

22 a 43 a 10 Point Elzevir No. \(5 \quad 3^{1 / 616} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) MANY BOLD ADVENTURERS Have Cleared the 24 Way for Civilization

\author{
15 A 30 a 14 Point Elzevir No. 5 41/4 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) ORIENTAL DANCERS Enraptured 83 Paradise Lost
}

24 A 44 a 8 Point Elzevir No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) TAPESTRIES FROM OLD CATHEDRALS The Rarest and Most Priceless Treasures of Europe 1234567890

17 A 33 a 12 Point Elzevir No. \(5 \quad\) 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) INDIAN CAMEL ROUTE Covered Deep 76 with Dry Bones

> 8 A 16 a 20 Point Elzevir No. \(5 \quad 51 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.35\)
> EXPLORATION Granadas 95 Castles

6 A 12 a
24 Point Elzevir No. 5
\(55 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.60\)

\section*{RAREST EASTERN SPICES} Musk Perfumery 37 Damascus Silks 4 A 8 a 36 Point Elzevir No. 5
\(81 / 10 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
ELECTRIC WELDER Neptune Balboa 4 Drake

\section*{4A 6 a \\ 48 Point Elzevir No. 5 \\ \(123 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.70\) MATRIMONY \\ Swedish 5 Maidens}

Small Caps, for 6 to 18 Point inclusive, put up in separate fonts as follows: 6-Point, 22A, \(602 ., 50 c\).; 8-Point, 18A, \(8 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\).; 10-Point, \(14 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{oz}\)., \(50 \mathrm{c} . ; 12\)-Point, \(10 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz}\)., \(50 \mathrm{c} . ; 14\)-Point, \(9 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\).

\section*{BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER}

\section*{CHICAGO, ILLINOIS}

NEW YORK CITY
Barnhart Type Foundry Co. KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry OMAHA, NEB.
Great Western Type Foundry

WASHINGTON, D.C. Southern Printers Supply Co. ST. LOUIS, MO.
St. Louis Printers Supply Co.
SEATTLE, WASH.
Pacific Printers Supply Co.

> ST. PAUL, MINN. Minnesota Type Foundry Co.

DALLAS, TEX.
The Barnhart Type Foundry Co.
THERE are several things to consider in type quality. Durability, of course, is very important; but durability is not all. Finish, accuracy, artistic design, correct lining principles, depth of cutting-all must be taken into account. I To be durable, type must be cast from a perfectly proportioned and perfectly blended alloy of copper, antimony, tin and lead-in fact, from Superior Copper-Mixed metal. All our type is cast from this metal, which gives at once the hardest, lightest, toughest, and, as a consequence, the most durable type in the world. \(\boldsymbol{T}\) Superior Copper-Mixed type is finished in a very superior manner, and is absolutely guiltless of burrs, rough edges, or any other imperfection that so commonly destroy justification, alignment, and height to paper. It is perfect in size and face. TAny number of Superior Copper-Mixed Types taken at random will not, even in the aggregate, show variations in size, though the test made in a gauge graduated to the hundred-thousandth part of an inch. \(\mathbb{I}\) Examine our pamphlets, and this specimen book. They tell the tale. Superior Copper-Mixed Type leads all others in artistic design. \(\mathbb{I}\) Deep cutting means better work and better plates. Deep cut type does not fill up on the press; it saves time and money.


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

26A 52a 6 Point Elzevir Italic No. 5 19/10 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) FIRST PROCESSES IN THE PRACTICE OF TYPOGRAPHY The cutling of punches and making of moulds, demanded a degree of skill in the handling of tools and of experience in the working of metal rarely found in any man who undertook to learn the art of printing. They were never regarded as proper branches of the printer's trade, but were, from the beginning, set aside as kinds of work which could be properly done by the goldsmith only. Jenson, Cennini, Sweinheym and Veldener seem to have been the only printers of the fifteenth century who had the preliminary education 1234567890

21 A 41 a 10 Point Elzevir Italic No. \(5 \quad 31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
READINGS IN ASTRONOMY BY SMEN VERSED IN SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE Close beside the star Mizar, the middle star in the bandle of the Great Dipper, is a tiny star, which still bears the name given it by the Arabs, --Alcor the Faint-one. Alcor and Mizar form together what might be called 1234567890

22A 44a 8 Point Elzevir Italic No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.25\) GUTENBERG AND HIS WORK AT MENTZ Gutenberg's last act upon record in Strasburg was the selling out of the last remnant of his inberitance. The first evidence we have of bis return to DMent? is an entry, on the 6th day of October, 1448 , in a record of legal contrafts, in which he appears as a borrower of money. It seems that Gutenberg had persuaded 1234567890

16 A 34 a 12 Point Elzevir Italic No. 5 33/4 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) GOOD STUDIES IN SCIENCES ASTRONOMY AND PHYSICS Having traced the great cbain of life tbrough the long geological ages from the present day to the Cambrian, we may take our stand on 1234567890

FRENCH O. S. NO. 3 SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

25 A 48 a 6 Point French O. S. No. 3 19/ib lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) FEW PEOPLE ARE AWARE THAT THE Emperor of China is a Newspaper Editor the Drawback Being Only a Single Copy is Published each Day 1234567890

18 A 35 a 12 Point French O. S. No. 3 33/4 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{ALL NEWS RELATIVE}

To The Condition of the Kingdom Must Always be 79 Excluded

22 A 42 a 8 Point French O. S. No. \(3 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) THE NAME OF THIS UNIQUE Journal is the Pekin Gazette and is the Official Organ of the Chinese Imperial Court 1234567890

20 A 40 a 10 Point French O. S. No. 3 3¹/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{NOT A LINE OF GOSPEL}

About the Son of Heaven or Sensational
Details in his 25 Corrupt Court

\section*{AND NO CHINESE JOURNALIST DARE}

Draw any Deductions or 38 Make Comments Upon Any
Small Caps, 6 to 12 Point inclusive, put up in separate fonts as follows: 6-Point, \(22 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{oz}\)., \(50 \mathrm{c} ; 8\)-Point, \(15 \mathrm{~A}, 8 \mathrm{oz} .\), \(50 \mathrm{c}: 10\)-Point, \(13 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}: 12-\mathrm{Point} .10 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\).

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

29A 6 Point French O. S. No. \(56 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \$1.00 COLORADO MOUNTAIN HUNTERS CONVENTION EXCURSION RATES FROM ALL OVER THE UNITED STATES 1234567890

24 A \(\quad 9\) Point French O. S. No. \(56 \quad 13 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) PASSENGER CONDUCTORS BLACKSMITH 48 AND YARDMASTER

17A 12 Point French O. S. No. \(56 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) LOCOMOTIVES BRAKEMEN 95 TRAINMEN

24 A 8 Point French O. S. No. 56 11/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.25\) GREAT WESTERN RAILROADS EMPLOY MANY THOUSAND WORKMEN 1234567890
\(21 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point French O. S. No. \(56 \quad 11 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) THROTTLE ECCENTRIC LUBRICATORS 673 WHISTLES

16A 14 Point French O. S. No. \(56 \quad 21 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) SMOKE STACKS PILOTS 82 AIR BRAKE

\section*{IMPROVED FARM MACHINES} WAGONS CARTS 74 AND ELEVATOR

\section*{BLACKSMITH HUSTLERS} SEVENTEEN 45 BOILER FLUES

30 Point French Old Style No. 56
55/16 lbs., \$3.30
ENGINEER 6 MACHINIST RIVETING 4 HAMMER STEEL 8 CHISEL

24 A 45 a 6 Point O. S. Italic No. \(59 \quad 19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) STORIES OF THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY Will Never Cease to Interest 686 the Coming Generations

20A 38 a 10 Point \(O\). S. Italic No. \(59 \quad 3\) 1/66 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) PERICLES DEMOSTHENES Grecian Celebrities 868 Ancient Athens

14 A 27 a 14 Point O. S. Italic No. \(59 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) RUBBER SUITS
Great Demand 8 Rainy Days

20 A 40 a 8 Point O. S. Italic No. \(59 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) THE EUPHRA TES RIVER Marks the Beginning 868 of Civilization of Man

17 A 30 a 12 Point O. S Italic No. \(59 \quad 3^{11 / 16}\) lbs., \$2.75 ENGLISH NOBILITY
Have a Long 686 Line of Ancestors

10 A 20 a 18 Point O. S. Italic No. \(59 \quad 45 / 5 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\) SHAKESPEARE
At Stratford 54 on Avon
DRAMATIC SUCCESSES

Lion And The Mouse 68 Prince of India 6 A 10 a

\section*{RICHARD MAKESHIFT}

Macbeth Othello 94 And Cleopatra 5A 8 a

30 Point Old Style Italic No. 59
\(67 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\)
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ANCIENT TIMES } \\
& \text { Government was } 59 \text { Intolerable }
\end{aligned}
\] 4A 6 a
\(8^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)

\section*{36 Point Old Style Italic No. 59 \\ CHARLEMAGNE \\ Science Art 6 and Music}

\footnotetext{
Weights and Prices given are Approximate ; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 42 \text { Point Old Style Italic No. } 59 \\
& 10^{11 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} .,} \$ 6.40 \\
& \text { ALEXANDER } \\
& \text { Hannibal } 2 \text { Napoleon } \\
& \text { 4A } 6 \text { a } \\
& 48 \text { Point Old Style Italic No. } 59 \\
& \text { 1375/6 Ibs., \$8.30 } \\
& \text { GAUNTLETS } \\
& \text { Sioords } 5 \text { Knights } \\
& \text { 3A 3a } \\
& 72 \text { Point Old Style Italic No. } 59 \\
& \text { 193/8 lbs., } \$ 11.25 \\
& \text { GRAND } \\
& \text { Crusader } 8
\end{aligned}
\]

LININIG FIGURES ARE FURNISHED WITH THE ABOVE SERIES. THE IRREGULAR OLD STYLE FIGURES
WILL BE SUBSTITUTED IF SPECIALLY ORDERED.



24 A 50 a 6 Point O. S. No. 59 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) BUSINESS CARDS AND LETTER HEADS Printed in Two Colors Attracts the Customers Attention 1234567890

19 A 38 a \(\quad 10\) Point O. S. No. \(59 \quad 31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) USE COPPER-MIXED TYPE Compositors and 68 Pressmens Delight
\(10 \mathrm{~A} 20 \mathrm{a} \quad 18\) Point O. S. No. \(59 \quad 45 / \mathrm{tr}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) NEAT CLEAN And Useful 24 to Printer

22 A 44 a \(\quad 8\) Point O. S. No. \(59 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) SMILE AND THE WORLD SMILES With You But When You Sigh You Sigh Alone 1234567890

16A 33a 12 Point O. S. No \(59 \quad 311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.75\) TRY TO IMPROVE YOUR Time in Sketching 86 Title Pages

16A 29 a 14 Point O. S. No. \(59 \quad\) 41/4 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) FOR YEARS IN USE And Never 67 Fails to Please

\section*{NATIONAL BANK BUILDING} Frederick Center 37 Evening Headlight

\section*{BOOKS AND MAGAZINES} Are Mailed to all 76 Parts of Europe

\title{
POSTERS PRINTED \\ Bright Red 34 Printing Inks
}

4 A \(6 a\)
36 Point Old Style No. 59
\(8^{1 / 56} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.05\)

\title{
COMPOSITOR \\ Looking for 87 Saturday
}

Small Caps, for 6 to 18 Point inclusive, put up in separate fonts and sold as follows: 6-Point, 21A, 6oz., 50c.; 8-Point, 17A, \(8 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\). ; 10-Point, \(14 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\). ; 12 -Point, \(11 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\). ; 14-Point, \(8 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ; 18\)-Point, \(6 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz} ., 55 \mathrm{c}\).

Weights and Prices given are Approxinate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{4 A 7 a 42 Point Old Style No. 59 \\ \(1011 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 6.50\) \\ INCORPORATE Domestic 37 Industry 4 A 6 a \\ 48 Point Old Style No. 59 \\ 131/16 lbs., \(\$ 7.85\) \\ ESTABLISH \\ Electric 8 Machine}

3A 4 a
60 Point Old Style No. 59
155/8 lbs. \(\$ 9.45\)

\section*{HURRIES}

Correct 4 Style

72 Point Old Style No. 59
193/6 lbs., \$11.20


LINING FIGURES ARE FURNISHED WITH ABOVE SERIES. IN THE BOD:ES IS POINT AND SMALLER THE IRREGULAR OLD STYLE FIGURES WILL EE SU日STITUTED IF SPECIALLY ORDERED.

OLD STYLE
TITLE NO. 59

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
21 A 6 Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) DESIGNED SYSTEMATICALLY CORRECT 1234567890

19 A \(\quad 10\) Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) CONTINUOUS 58 PROGRESS
\(13 \mathrm{~A} \quad 14\) Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 21 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) HONOR 3 HEROES
\(10 \mathrm{~A} \quad 20\) Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 33 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.45\) TENNYSON 8

21 A 8 Point Old Style Title No. 59 11/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.25\) SWEET MUSIC WELL RENDERED 1234567890

17A 12 Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) POPULAR 37 OLD STYLE \(11 \mathrm{~A} \quad 16\) Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 29 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) MAGIC 5 SIGHT 8 A 24 Point Old Style Title No. \(59 \quad 43 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 3 MIRRORS 6 A

30 Point Old Style Title No. 59


5 A
42 Point Old Style Title No. 59
715/16 lbs., \$4.60


RICH 8 MEN


\title{
COSTER RANGES
}


\section*{Coster Stove Company}

Manufacturers
General Offices and Warehouses, 78 Canal Street Irontowne

Range City Office and Warehouse 245 Alleghany Avenue

Foundries: Hoboken, Swissvale and Delphi

23 A 44 a 6 Point West O. S. No. 70 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) INDIANA FARMERS CUTTING RYE

Wheat Corn Oats Hay and Barley Good Crops Reported 1234567890

19 A 38 a 10 Point West O. S. No. 70 31/i6 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) FANTASTIC ENIGMAS

Weak Men Led 74 Astray by Fanațics

20 A 39 a 8 Point West O. S. No. \(70 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.25\) GREAT RAILROADS BUILT

Through Canada United States Old Mexico 1234567890

16 A 32 a 12 Point West O. S. No. 70 3 \(71 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) MISERABLE JUDAS

Betrayed His 6 King and Master 9 A17a

45/16 lbs., \$3.25

\section*{SATURDAY EVENING BAND}

Auditorium Concerts 25 are Highly Praised

\title{
CHINESE PRINTERS Daily and Weekly 75 Newspapers
} 4A6a 36 Point West Old Style No. 70

\title{
Rose 5 Cemetery
}

\footnotetext{
Small Caps, for 6 to 12 Point incluslve, put up in separate fonts and sold as follows: 6-Point, 19A, 6 oz., 50c.; 8-Point,
} \(15 \mathrm{~A}, 8\) oz., \(50 \mathrm{c} . ; 10\)-Point, \(13 \mathrm{~A} .10 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} . ; 12\)-Point, \(9 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\).

\section*{Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.}


3 A
72 Point West Old Style No. 72 (Cast on Cap Line.)
14 lbs., \(\$ 8.10\)



22 A 68 a 6 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(1 \%\) 化 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) robbed on street car in broad darlight Police and Robbers in Desperate Hand to Hand Duel three Captured 1234567800

16A 47a 10 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(3^{1 / 166 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50}\) UNITED STATES SAILORS Will Row For 92 the British Loving Cup
\(12 \mathrm{~A} 27 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(4 \frac{1}{4} / \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\) COLD STORMY Winter Months 52 are Past

5 A 14 a 24 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(57 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50\)

\author{
MEETING Actors 68 League
}

18 A 50 a 8 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(\quad 2 \frac{1}{4}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) GIRL BECOMES HEIR TO FORTUNE Left Her by an old Friend Whom She Befriended 1234567890

12A 39 a 12 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(311 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) COUNTY POLITICIANS Adopts Some 68 Nerw Principles
\(9 \mathrm{~A} 20 \mathrm{a} \quad 18\) Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\) PAINT STORE
Brushes and 46 Gluepots

7 A 16 a 20 Point Caslon Old Style Italic \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{WEATHER}

Fair and 86 Warmer

\title{
GENEROUS PUBLIC South Haven 74 National Bank
}

36 Point Caslon Old Style Italic
\(81 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.10\)

\section*{BROTHERHOOD Firemen 86 and Engineers}
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LAKE HURON } \\
& \text { Moonlight } 6 \text { Excursions }
\end{aligned}
\]

\title{
The ORIGIN OF STYLE
}

Through many well defined avenues of information this store is in immediate touch with the earliest indications of style tendency, so that the first expression and the highest development of the season's modes are almost invariably associated with this unique style center.
\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { George Hagerty } \\
\text { Company }
\end{gathered}
\]

\section*{CASLON}

OLD STYLE

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

22A 63a 6 Point Caslon Old Style \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THE ONLY WAY TO WEALTH AND HAPPINESS Lies in the Grasp of Every Man Who Uses His Talent and Tact 1234567890

17A 48a 10 Point Caslon Old Style 31 16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY

Carriages Wagons 83 Phaetons Automobiles

18A 52a \(\quad 8\) Point Caslon Old Style 2 \(2 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) TEACHERS AND PROFESSORS
English Language Should be Taught in Schools 1234567890

13A 36a 12 Point Caslon Old Style 3 胃 16 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
THE LOYAL CITIZENS
Should Vote for 45 Honest Men

\section*{GRASP THE OPPORTUNITY}

Fortune Knocks at 36 Least Once at Your Door

\section*{ELASTIC COMPOSITION}

The Toughest and 56 the Most Serviceable

\title{
LADIES JOURNAL \\ Questions for 85 Parliaments
}

\footnotetext{
Small Caps, for 6 to 18 Point inclusive, put upin separate fonts and sold as follows: 6-Point, \(21 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{oz} .050 \mathrm{c}\).; 8-Point, \(17 \mathrm{~A}, 8\) oz., 50 c .; 10 -Point, \(11 \mathrm{~A}, 9\) oz., 50c.; 12 -Point, \(10 \mathrm{~A}, 10\) oz., 50 c .; 14-Point, \(8 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\).; 18-Point, 5 . A, 12 oz ., 50 c.
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{4 A 7 a}

36 Point Caslon Old Style

\title{
MAGNIFICENT
}

Display of 68 Machines 4A 6 a

42 Point Caslon Old Style
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 6.25\)

\title{
EXPERIMENT \\ Models 24 Examined
}
\(3 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{a} \quad 54\) Point Caslon Old Style \(\quad 149 / \mathrm{H6}\) lbs., \(\$ 8.75\)

\title{
Sheep 3 Raising
}

3A3a
72 Point Caslon Old Style
173/6 lbs., \$10.00

\section*{NORTH}



26 A 50 a 6 Point Barnhart Old Style \(19 / 6\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) AFTER ELEVEN HOURS OF HARD LABOR
Plowmen Leave Their Work in the Fields and Plod Homeward 1234567890

23 A 43 a 10 Point Barnhart Old Style \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) PUBLISHING COMPANIES
Standard Works by 583 Celebrated Authors

25 A 50 a 8 Point Barnhart Old Style \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) MANY MEN IN BATTLE ARRAYED
Fighting Redskins in Early Days of American Republic 1234567890

18 A 32 a 12 Point Barnhart Old Style \(311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) FORGED BANK CHECKS
Embeizlers and 432 Sneak Thieves

\section*{NATIONAL BANK CASHIER DISCHARGED}

Moonshiners Apprehended by 372 United States Revenue Officer

\section*{SOUTHERN FARMING INDUSTRY}

Cotton Pickers Second 589 Annual Dress Parade

\section*{HISTORICAL SPEECHES}

Interested Twenty 86 Hundred Students

\title{
NATIONAL EMBLEM Patriotic People 37 Celebrating
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line

\section*{5A 8a \\ 36 Point Barnhart Old Style \\ \(8^{1 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 5.00\) \\ EXPERT BUYERS \\ Recommend 6 Satisfaction}

\section*{4 A 8 a}

42 Point Barnhart Old Style
\(1011 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.40\)
GUARD HONOR Excellent 8 Character

\section*{4A7a}

48 Point Barnhart Old Style
123/4 lbs., \$7.65
ROAN HORSE Catching 3 Broncos

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\section*{BORDERS Unique 4 House}

\section*{PAPERS}

\section*{Green 6 Style}

\section*{ Stanhopes \\ Traps \\ Broughams \\ Extension and \\ Canopy Top Surries \\ TIREVILLE \\ Telephone, East 724 \\  \\ Delivery \\ Express \\ Milk \\ Laundry \\ Grocery \\ Lumber and \\ Farm Wagons}

\section*{BARNHART}

OLD STYLE

HAMLET
Prince of Denmark By
William Shakespeare

\section*{Act 1.-Scene 3.}

Pol. Yet here, Laertes! aboard, aboard, for shame! The wind sits in the shoulder of your sail, And you are stay'd for. There; my blessing with thee! And these few precepts in thy memory See thou character.* Give thy thoughts no tongue, Nor any unproportion'd thought his act. *Engrave
Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar.
Those friends thou hast, and their adoption tried,
Grapple them to thy soul with hoops of steel;
But do not dull thy palm with entertainment Of each new-hatch'd, unfledged comrade. Beware
Of entrance to a quarrel, but being in,
Bear't that the opposed may beware of thee.


Give every man thy ear, and few thy voice;
Take each man's censure, \(\dagger\) but reserve thy judgement.
Costly thy habit as thy purse can buy,
†Opioion
But not express'd in fancy; rich, not gaudy;
For the apparel oft proclaims the man,
And they in France of the best rank and station
Are of a most select and generous chief in that.

The best and greatest modern exponent of the most profound character in the drama of the world, was Edwin Booth as Hamlet. This faithful portrait, from life, expresses the thoughtful mood and pose of the simulated part, and equally protrays the lofty characteristics of the man.

Nearly every actor of ability has essayed the part of "Hamlet," and there have been many variations of the role. With Mr. Wilson Barrett its melodramatic side is most emphasized, and his skilled knowledge and taste have lent a new interest to a character hitherto traditional, even in its variations. The magnitude of Shakespeare's genius is seen in his adaptability to all times.

The cord of deep emotion which Modjeska's playing invariably strikes is the very key-note of the character of Ophelia.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniforin. Line.

> 24A 46a 6 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \(19 / 1\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THIS BEAUTIFUL AND USEFUL SERIES
> Always Carried in Stock and is Sold by all our Branch Houses 1284567890

20 A 40 a 10 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \(3^{1 / 1 / 6}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
ATTRACTIVE SPECIMENS
Neat and Tasty 432 Job Work Executed

22A 44a 8 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) BARNHART OLD STYLE ITALIC Adapts Itself to Almost Any Kind of Finest Printing 1234567890

16A 33a 12 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
SPLENDID CREATION
Handsome 256 Souvenir Calendar

\section*{SIXTH ANNUAL BICYCLE RACE}

Thursday Morning 27 December Twenty Seventh at Cleveland

\section*{DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE}

Expensive Land Given 895 Farmers for Growing Corn

\section*{MAGNIFICENT FURNITURE}

Great Sacrifice Sale 753 Slightly Damaged Pianos

\section*{BARGAINS IN ROCKERS} Fine Bedsteads 346 Reclining Chairs

\title{
RIBBON COUNTER \\ Embroideries 48 Needlework
}

\section*{BARNHART OLD}

Style italic

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
36 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \\ EXTRA LINES \\ Reduction 9 in Remnants
}

\title{
SOLID GOLD \\ Hunting 8 Case Sold
}

\title{
48 Point Barnhart Old Style Italic \\ 1211/16 lbs., \$7.60 \\ ELEGANT \\ Newest 23 Models
}

\section*{5}

141 b

QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{BARNHART OLD}



Screwport,
190

\section*{S. BRONSON \& COMPANY bread like mother Made.}

Largest Bakery of its kind
in the World.

\author{
364 Apple Street \\ Cor. Livingston Park.
}

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23 A 46a 6 Point Barnhart O. S. No. 2 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) STAR CHAMPION BASE BALL PLAYERS

Winners of the Pennant for Nineteen Hundred and Seven 1234567890

16A 33a 12 Point Barnhart O. S. No. 2 311/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) SUMMER BOARDERS Leaving Home 672 Every Season

22A 43 a 8 Point Barnhart O. S. No. 2 2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) ERECTED ENORMOUS STRUCTURE Which Collapsed During a Terrific Wind Storm 1234567890

20 A 40 a 10 Point Barnhart O. S. No. \(23^{\text {T/16 }}\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.50\)
INDIAN SUMMER RATES
Blenheim Heights and 234 Monk Railway

\section*{ANNUAL DISPLAY OF FALL CLOTHING}

Clothes That Were Made for 984 Men to Wear This Season

\section*{LADIES OR GENTS CALLING CARDS} Fancy Wedding Stationery 237 and Society Printing

\section*{MERCHANTS ANNUAL MEETING}

Reception Held at 896 Sheridan Park Junction

\section*{ENORMOUS STRUCTURE}

Builders Wrought with 62 Great Care

\section*{NATIONAL LEAGUE}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
36 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2 \\ \(8^{1} / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\) \\ MODEL WOMAN
}

\section*{Pleasant 35 Companion}

\title{
Express 8 Company
}

48 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2
123/4 lbs., \$7.65

\section*{FIRST PRIZE}

Carriage 5 Horses

Stylish 9 House

\section*{BARNHART OLD}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform L.jne.

\section*{BANKERS}

\section*{Loan 3 M oney}

72 Point Barnhart Old Style No. 2
16316 lbs ., \(\$ 9.75\)

\section*{MASONS}



STYLE NUMBER 2
 EVER before has such beautiful printing been done as is being turned out at the present time. The every-day work of the modern printer excels the choicest products of a few years ago, and when an attemnt is made now-a-davs to produ
thing extra fine the marvelous. A truer and facilities greatly printer's disposal in for this satisfying co are no longer noted on the contrary, desi genuine artistic excel ture, as a rule, that \(y\) shown in our late sp trend of modern ide One thing of dec sirous of doing the \(b\) ble time is Barnhart system, Nothing bu needed for the linin ent bodies; if the bo ment both in the matter time and the improved work. In the m The House of Quality.

\section*{JAMES}

\section*{rules are to}

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23 A 46 a 6 Point Catalog Old Style \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\)
YOU ARE ALWAYS RIGHT WHEN YOU Buy Copper-Mixed Type Cast on the Point Lining System 1234567890

18A 36 a 10 Point Catalog Old Style \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) INVEST IN REAL ESTATE Homes in the Nice 86 Part of Town

12 A 25 a 14 Point Catąlog Old Style \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) STORY FINISHED Told Before the 6 Parson
\(22 \mathrm{~A} 43 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Catalog Old Style \(23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) THE STORK CAME TO OUR HOME Team and Carriage We Have Had to Purchase 1234567890

15 A 33 a 12 Point Catalog Old Style \(3^{\text {t1 } / 16 ~} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) YOUNG SOLDIERS
Printers in a Printing 84 Office

INDUCEMENT
All 6 Trading Stamps

\title{
GOAL FOR WHICH ALL STRIVE
} Resigned as Clerk Now 86 Employer

\section*{SUCCESS IN BUSINESS}

Put Your Best Foot 74 in Front
\(5 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{a} \quad 30\) Point Catalog Old Style
\(655 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\), , \(\$ 4.35\)

\section*{RICH BRIDAL GIFTS}

Groom to Bride 9 the Best

5A7a

\section*{BRANCH HOUSE} Detroit Berlin 5 London

\title{
42 Point Catalog Old Style \\ 10116 lbs . \(\$ 6.40\) \\ FINE PEACHES Cream and 8 Sugar
} GOOD DAYS
Homes to 7 Rent 3 A 5 a.

54 Point Catalog Old Style
149/6 lbs., \$8.75 MODERN Candy 9 Store


\title{
Catalogue Thirteen \\ GOLDENROD NURSERIES
}

\section*{Floriculture Plants Seeds Horticulture}


\title{
FUCHSIA, DAISY \& VIOLET \\ cultivators OF GODS GIFTS
}

GERANIUMVILLE


25A 49 a 6 Point Monitor No. 5 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) DIVIDEND PAYING SERIES OF TYPE SHOWN In This Book are Cast From Superior Copper Mixed Metal 1234567890

20A 40 a 12 Point Monitor No. \(5 \quad 3\) "/í lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
WHOLESALE WAREHOUSES Great Bargains in 86 Boots and Shoes

25 A 49a \(\quad 8\) Point Monitor No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CONSIDER THE MERITS OF OUR POUND Selling System It Will Certainly Pay to Investigate 1234567890

23 A 45 a \(\quad 10\) Point Monitor No. \(5 \quad 31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) SATISFACTORY RESULTS SECURED Printers Use Superior 54 Copper-Mixed Type

\section*{SUMMER RESORTS OVERLOOKING WATER FALLS} Autumnal Thunder Storms Bursting 42 0ver Mountains and Valleys

\section*{GRAND OPERA MUSIC SELDOM APPRECIATED} Universal Peace Growing 7 Stronger Among the Nations 7 A 15 a 24 Point Monitor No. 5

57/16 lbs., \$3.50

\section*{HARD KICKS THE YANKEE MULE} Waiting Twenty Years 5 to Square Matters

\section*{SENTIMENT OF VENERATION} Memorial Tribute 78 Dead Heroes

\section*{4A 7 a \\ 36 Point Monitor No. 5 \\ 67/8 lbs., \(\$ 4.30\)}

NO. 5 SERIES

\title{
SINISTER DESIGN
}

\section*{Heiress 2 Great Fortune}

48 Point Monitor No. 5

\title{
OLD TIME DANCE Pretty Girls 9 Attend
}

\section*{3A 6 a}

\section*{54 Point Monitor No. 5}

FISHING CAMPS Boating 7 Excursion

60 Point Monitor No. 5


147

\title{
Gardner Hardware Company
}

\section*{Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers Hardware and Builders Supplies}

Factory, North Manchester, Vermont

\section*{PATENT COPPER AND BRASS THIN SPACES}

> No device so simple and inexpensive ever saved the printer so much time and money. These spaces never break or wear out. Write for full description.


BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER, SOLE OWNERS OF THE PATENTS, 183 TO 187 MONROE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

\section*{TRAINS MEET IN COLLISION}

East Bound Mail and West Bound Express Meet Head On in Collision Near Altoona, Pa .

MANY DEAD OR INJURED

Cars are Smashed to Matchwood; Feared 25 Were Killed or Hurt In One Coach; Several are Under Wreckage.

Altoona, Pa., May 5th, 3 a. m.-(Special.)The Chicago mail train No. 18, cast bound, and the Chicago and St. Louis express No. 21, west bound, collided while running on the Pennsylvania railroad at full speed, eighteen miles from this city, at 11 o'clock to-night.

One coach in which twenty-five persons were travelling was smashed to matchwood. It is feared that every one in this car was either killed or injured.
The first report said three persons were killed and twenty-seven injured. Succeeding reports increased the number of dead to ten body set in 6 point roman no. 68

\title{
MODERN BODY AND JOB FACES
}

CAST FROM SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED METAL ON THE POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINTBODY LINING SYSTEM

\author{
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER TYPE-FOUNDERS CHICAGO \\ ST. PAUL, MINN. \\ Minnesota Type Foundry Co. \\ ST. LOUIS, MO. \\ St. Louis Printers Supply Co. \\ DALLAS, TEXAS \\ The Barnhart Type Foundry Co. \\ KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry \\ OMAHA, NEB. \\ Great.Western Type Foundry \\ NEW YORK GITY; N. Y. \\ Barnhart Type Foundry Co.
}


\section*{FROM INDIA TO EGYPT.}
voyage to aden - aden to suez - through the canal - port said.

TRAVELERS who have toured across India sail on the next stage of their voyage from Bombay, by one of the big liners, which run weekly from that city to London via the Suez Canal. The next port of call is Aden, which is reached by a sail of 1,664 miles southwest across the Arabian Sea. Here the 'round the world traveler meets again the vessels of the through service from Australia to England. Tourists who omit the journey through India, and remain with the Australian steamer throughout the voyage, sail directly from Colombo, and after a course of 2,093 miles northwest across the Arabian Sea, past the Island of Socotra and Cape Guardafui, where Arab dhows in the slave trade may be seen cruising at times, reach the same port of Aden. Aden is known as the Indian Gibraltar. With this to guard the entrance to the Red Sea and the other citadel at the Pillars of Hercules to guard the Mediterranean, Great Britain controls all the great interior area of water so far as naval power is concerned. The peninsula of Aden is situated on the southeast coast of Arabia, about ninety miles from the entrance to the Red Sea. Originally it formed part of the Arabian province of Yemen, but for nearly half a century it has been included in British territory, under the governor of Bombay. The peninsula is connected with the Arabian continent on the north side by a narrow neck of land such as Gibraltar is joined to Spanish territory. The whole area of peninsula and harbor is estimated at thirty-five square miles, and the population not less than 20,000 , exclusive of the garrison. The military cantonment is the place of greatest interest. There are barracks and mess-houses built of stone and mud for the accommodation of the garrison. The brigadier-general in command has under his direction a force which consists of artillery, British and Indian infantry, native sappers and miners, and a troop of native cavalry, to which camel-mounted Arabs are attached. The place is famously hot, and service on that military station is considered as exile by British officers. A notable feature of the Arabian city is the water supply. In such a climate and a large population it is not to be wondered that great care has been taken to provide a reservoir system. There are about fifty tanks in Aden with an aggregate capacity of nearly \(30,000,000\) gallons. The date of the original construction of some of these was as early as the year 600 A. D., and many were in fair preservation at the time of the British conquest. Not all have been fully restored, but the supply now is ample. The Red Sea is the scene of more objects of interest and of the romance of history than the casual reader is apt to remember. In the early days of civilization its waters were full of Egyptian and Arabian commerce, and the region is famous in fable as well as history. The narrow entrance to this peculiar body of water is the Strait of Babu'l Mandib, but twelve and a half miles in breadth. Just within the strait is the little island of Perim, volcanic and arid, but occupied by a small detachment of British troops and a cable station. Near by on the A rabian coasts the village of Mocha, which has given its name to a favorite brand of coffee. Two hundred miles north in the Red Sea is the little island of Kamaran, also occupied by the British government and as a cable station. On the Arabian side of this narrow sea are the cities of Yamba and Jiddah, the ports respectively of Medina

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
and Mecca, which lie more than one hundred miles inland. On the other side-on the Egyptian and Abyssinian coast, are Annesley Bay, Massowah, the center of Italian influence in Africa-Suakin and Kosair. The Red Sea lighthouses so far are maintained by the government of Egypt, although European keepers are employed. The Turkish government, on the Arabian side, wholly neglects such aids to commerce. Near the northern extremity of the Red Sea are rocky islets which mark the entrance to the Gulf of Suez. All the way through this gulf the water is shallow and lighthouses are numerous. The place where the Israelites crossed is well identified by local tradition. At the same place Napoleon with his generals attempted a crossing on horseback, but was deterred by a sudden change of wind and tide, which swept a great volume of water in breakers over the place. Across these flats a passage had to be dredged for ocean steamers. A few hours more and one reaches the cities of the isthmus. The channel of the Suez Canal, which connects the Mediterranean with the Red Sea, is about one hundred miles in length. It starts from the roadstead of Suez, which has been a seaport at the head of the Red Sea for two centuries. It possesses unique interest as a city of the desert, and as marking the spot where East and West have met in their commerce and travel. The picturesque sailing dhows which lie at its wharves bear cargoes of coffee, spices, gums, senna, rose leaves, and all other drugs and perfumes of Araby. For some reason M. de Lesseps did not bring his canal through the ancient channel and past the old town, but when about five miles off he turned it eastward, avoiding altogether the head of the gulf, through which the direct road would have led. Thus it came to pass that the Suez Canal does not go to Suez at all, but has had formed for it a port of its own, about three miles from the head of the gulf. Some day Port Tewfik may be one of the great maritime and commercial cities of the world, though at present it contains little besides the offices of the canal company and homes of the pilots. The canal has at present an average width of only twenty-five yards, but great improvements are being made in this respect. A deepening is quite as essential as a widening, because of the slow pace required of ships when there is little depth of water under keel. The average rate of speed of vessels passing through the canal is five miles an hour in the excavated channels. Of course they travel at full speed in the open lakes, so that the entire journey from Suez to Port Said is made in about twelve hours. Ships are piloted on the block system, well known in railway operation. Parts of the Suez canal have been cut through sandstone, while at other places it runs through clay and sand hills. In its course several lakes are passed. This is the same channel that was followed by the ship canal built by the Egyptian monarch Necho, 600 B. C., from Suez to the Nile. This cutting became choked with sand, but was afterward cleared and reopened by Caliph Omar, in the seventh century. The town of Ismailia is situated on Lake Timsah, the half-way point in the canal. It clusters around a summer palace of the Khedive, and was the center of the celebrations at the opening of the canal in November, 1869. Again in 1882 it was the base of Lord Wolseley's campaign against Cairo and Alexandria. Port Said, the northern entrance to the canal and the Mediterranean port, owes its existence altogether to the canal and its commerce. It is built on

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Opened with one-point leads.

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
reclaimed sands between the sea and Lake Menzaleh, and lies so low that it seems sometimes as if the sea would overwhelm it. It is not a picturesque place, and except for the canal has little interest. Lake Menzaleh is separated from the sea by a succession of sand beaches, which extend all along the delta of the Nile and far eastward almost to the coast of Palestine. Formerly Lake Menzaleh was a part of the delta, but the sea has claimed it, and it is now a vast, half-marshy lagoon dotted with islets, the fishing ground of Arabs, and the home of millions of waterfowl.

\section*{THE LAND OF PHARAOHS.}

In all the world, no country has seen more change in methods and safety of travel in the last few years than has Egypt. Experts in the organization of comfort for tourists have expended their best energies in devising ways by which access can be had to the sights of greatest interest at the least cost of time and trouble. There was a day not long ago when a visit to Cairo, Alexandria, the Pyramids, and the Sphinx was the limit of possibility for the most daring traveler, and then great expenditure of money and labor was involved. Now it is but the beginning of a journey in Egypt. The cataracts of the Nile may be reached by steamers which afford every luxury of stateroom and table. Ancient Thebes and Luxor are way-stations on the voyage. The pilgrim who remembers Gordon's brave fight and death may, thanks to Lord Kitchener's brilliant re-conquest of the Soudan region, extend his tour to Khartoum and the upper Soudan without great difficulty, and it will not be long until the lakes of Central Africa and the head waters of the Nile, the scenes of infinite labor and bravery on the part of Speke and Baker and Livingston and Stanley, may be included in the itinerary of a personally conducted excursion, with a coupon ticket as the guarantee of practability. Though Cairo is only about sixty miles in a direct line from Suez, the railway makes the journey more than double that distance. It follows the west bank of the canal to Ismailia, then turns directly westward along the bank of the fresh-water canal into the delta of the Nile. The line passes through a country which was the scene of much of the fighting between British troops and those of Arabi Pasha in I882. This same fertile region, the delta, was the scene of the most of the labors of Joseph in the time of the Pharaohs, and it was from here, with the Exodus, that the captivity of the Jews ended and their wanderings in the desert of Sinai began. The soil of the delta is perhaps the most fertile in the world. It is always supplied with water by innumerable canals, annually filled when the Nile is high, and

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
gradually diminishing till the inundation recommences in June. As the water subsides, the character of the crops is varied, but three distinct harvests commonly are taken off the same ground each year if it is artificially watered. This is effected for the most part by the primitive methods of antiquity, although steam pumps and windmills are becoming more common. The Nile and its inundation are objects of constant interest and solicitude. A low Nile means something like starvation for thousands. The cause of the inundation is the heavy rains of Central Africa. The Nile receives no tributaries for the last 1,800 miles of its course, but is constantly feeding canals and reservoirs, so that by the time it arrives at the delta very little of the original volumn remains. There are plenty of hotels in Cairo, so that one may choose as he likes as to degrees of fashion and expense. The city is another of those whose characteristic it has been of recent years to be the meeting place for East and West. It is a favorite resort for European travelers during the cold months of their own northern cities. The mixture of occidental and oriental types and costumes helps to make street scenes picturesque, and the city is unlike any other in the world. The new town is modern, with wide streets and many trees, but it is the old town, with its narrow, winding lanes, sometimes roofed over, and its red and white mosques, that affords the greatest pleasure to the stranger. Within the reach of daily excursions from Cairo are the Pyramids of Gizeh, the Sphinx, and the ruins of Memphis. The pyramids are but seven miles from Cairo, across the Nile, which one passes by a fine iron bridge. Altogether there are about sixty of these gigantic sepulchers in Egypt, of which those at Gizeh are the nearest to Cairo and the largest. The nearest, which, though not now the highest, is always called the great pyramid, is that of Cheops. In addition to the pyramids and Sphinx, an immense number of tombs

Opened with one-point leads.

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
may be visited in the same part of the cemetery of Memphis. This excursion from Cairo may be made comfortably in a carriage, without fatigue or inconvenience. The Boolak Museum of Gairo, the streets of the native city, the mosques and citadel, the bazaars for the sale of Egyptian and Turkish work in gold and silver, sweetmeats, embroidery, rugs and other wares, will easily provide entertainment for a fortnight in Gairo, and the perfection of the climate, except in the height of summer, justifies a leisurely stay at this Egyptian capital. Sufficient variety of choice is offered to the traveler who wishes to go up the Nile, to gratify almost any demand. If there be sufficient time at disposal, the best way to see the wonders of Egypt is to take a sailing boat or dahabeeah. The voyage to the second cataract occupies about three months, is very pleasant, very healthful, and, considering what one gets out of it, very cheap. Tourist steamers offer an alternative method by which one may visit the Nile as far as Assuan and back, including the first cataract, in twenty days. Another plan is to go by rail as far as Siout, where the railway terminates, about two hundred and fifty miles above Gairo, and thence by the postal steamers, which run twice a week and permit a visit to some of the principal objects of interest. The tourist steamer journey up the Nile provides for sufficient time with donkeys and guides to visit each of the points of interest reached on the journey. Among these are the site of ancient Memphis, with some neighboring pyramids; Maghagga, with its sugar

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
manufactories; the tombs and grottoes near Beni-Hassan, with fine examples of the Doric and lotus columns; the town of Siout, the terminus of the railway; the ruins of the temple of Abydos; the tombs of the kings Rameses near Thebes; the ruins of Karnak; the temple and town of Luxor, and finally the cataract, and the rapids near Assuan. Above the first cataract, comfortable steamers connect with the voyage just outlined throughout the tourist season, making the journey to the second cataract and return in seven days. From this point connecting service can be availed of to Khartoum.

\section*{THE HOLY LAND.}

With remarkably small expense and little difficulty the traveler 'round the world may next visit Palestine and thus diverge from his direct course. For this part of the journey a method of travel is employed altogether different from anything which he meets in his entire experience, and peculiarly appropriate to the country. The primitive modes of

\footnotetext{
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Opened with one-point leads.
}

\section*{AROUND THE WORLD.}
life and curious method of travel that have survived in the land of Ganaan from the days of the patriarchs have been utilized and adopted to tourist travel in such a way as to multiply the pleasure of the experience and enable every feature of it to appeal strongly to the imagination and excite the interest of all. The charm and beauty of the climate and scenery of Palestine the associations of its hills and valleysand cities with the stories of the Old Testament, the events of the New Testament, and the wars of the Grusades, are some of the attractions acknowledged by people of every nationality. The journey through Palestine is a camping tour, provided with


\section*{BACK TO AMERICA}

\section*{THE BRITISH ISLES AND TRANSATLANTIC ROUTE}

IONE were touring the world "in eighty days," it would be necessary to sail from England without delay, but except for some imperative demand, the fóreign traveler around the world will hardly quit that country without a glimpse of its attractions. So intimately are the United States and Great Britain bound together by commercial and blood relationships, and so directly do they trace the beginnings of their national greatness to the same sources, that it becomes a primary neceasity for every American who wishes to understand well his own country and its history to acquaint himself with the British Isles. In a volume of this size it would be superfluous to attempt even a aketch review of the things to be seen in the United Kingdom. London alone is inexhaustible. One might devote himself to the literature, the art, the commerce, the history, which have centered there, and in either subject find material for endless interest. Only to name the Tower, St. Paul's, Westminster Abbey, and the National Gallery is enough to eatablish the truth of this assertion. There is hardly a mile of English and Scottish soil that does not contain a memory of aomething worth visiting. Stratford-on-Avon, the lake district, the home of Scott, the abbeys, the castles, all offer material for the traveler, whatever his tastes may be, out of which he may select what is most pleasing to him. Equally romantic and enchanting is the scenery of Ireland, the ports of which are the last to be seen by the trans-Atlantic traveler. From the British Isles the round the world tourist may choose any one of the dozen ocean steamship lines sailing from Southampton, Liverpool, London, Glasgow, Londonderry, or Queenstown. If, instead, he aelects one of the continental cities as a port of debarkation, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp. Havre, or Cherbourg are at his disposal. German, French, English, and American lines are open to choice of the traveler who patronizes the American and Australian Line in the purchase of his ticket. If he has a favorite port, a favorite ateamer, or a favorite captain, any one is at his disposal. Then after a voyage across the North Atlantic by the most commodious, most luxurious, aafest, and fastest steamers in the world, he may land again on American soil at any one of the Atlantic coast cities, from which there is prompt, rapid and luxurious service back to the point of starting. This voyage across the North Atlantic Ocean, which leads to an American port, the railways of the United States, and home, is a very different thing from the voyagea in the tropics and in the Pacific and Indian Oceana, which have been passed earlier in this "round the world" journey. On these big Atlantic liners the number of passengers is many times as great as on the steamers which ply on the longer routes. Scores of travelers cross the Atlantic to every one who visits the Orient. which after all is one thing which helps to make the long journey to the Far East more attractive because less hackneyed. Nevertheless, the "Atlantic Ferry" has its very definite and distinct attractions not ever forgotten by one who has made the voyage. The astonishing perfection of the arrangements made for the comfort of travelers, the great size of the vessels in the service, the richness of their appointments, the variety of sports, and the wide sweep of the decks available for them, all help to make the voyage a pleasure. With a passenger list including hundreds of travelers, and a voyage lasting one week instead of several, the social life on board is more apt to take the form of acquaintance with congenial cabin, deck, and table neighbors than with the whole of the company, as is usually the case on the Pacific Ocean. This is none the less a pleasure of the voyage. Then, on the last night before making port, it is usual that a concert is given by the passengers. Inasmuch as it

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\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
is seldom that the number does not include authors, artists, musicians, and actors of eminence traveling between Europe and America, such events are likely to be of peculiar interest, and the last memory of the journey before reaching home a pleasant one.

\section*{FROM AUSTRALIA TO THE ORIENT.}

The waters of the Pacific and Indian Oceans, north and west of Australia, are traversed by scores of great steamships of modern construction under the British flag, which provide frequent and rapid communication between the ports of Australia, the East Indies, and the Asiatic continent, as well as with the home ports of Europe. These lines are operated under the flag of the British India Steam Navigation Company, The Queensland Royal Mail, and the Australasian United Steam Navigation Company. The fleets in this service are enormous and their volume of traffic correspondingly large. It is true that they do not carry the larger volume of passenger traffic between Europe and Australia, most of this business going by way of the southern Australian ports, instead of the northern. As has been related in previous pages, such lines as the Peninsular and Oriental, the Orient, the North German Lloyd, and the Messageries Maritimes afford a luxurious and swift service between London and Sydney, via Melbourne, Adelaide, Albany, Colombo, Aden, and Suez. But there is another series of attractions to the north of Australia, reached by equally comfortable methods of travel, and altogether novel. The sailing port for these steamers is Brisbane, the capital of Queensland. From this city lines start whose other terminals include all the commercial ports from Yokohama to Aden, as well as the through service to London. It is quite worth while to consider these less frequented lines of travel in planning a journey round the world. From Brisbane to the northernmost extremity of the Australian continent at Cape York is a distance of nearly 2,000 miles. On the way there are many interesting ports of call, including Rockhampton, Townsville, and Cooktown. These and the half-dozen others which break the journey for a few hours are by no means uninteresting to the traveler beginning the long ocean voyage. Some of them are outlets for large gold-mining industries in the interior of the colony. Others are agricultural markets for wheat, mutton, wool, and sugar cane. The northward journey takes one farther and farther into the tropics, and at the first port beyond the Australian continent one enters the waters of Torres Strait, notable for the savagery of the natives discovered on the shores which bound it. Thursday Island is the port right in the strait. York Cape a few miles to the southward, and the mountains of New Guinea are in sight to the north. New Guinea has been subdivided of late years by those colonial promoters of the East Indies, the British, Germans, and Dutch, each of whom has taken a segment for development. Nevertheless this largest of all islands is still to a great extent unexplored, and the natives in the remoter parts are as dangerous as they were in the days of the first explorers. The recent unprofitable rush of gold seekers into the island from Australia brings the last mentioned fact forcibly to mind. Thursday lsland is the center of pearl-shell fisheries of great value. It is recognized as an important strategic point, and has been fortified

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
strongly by the British imperial authorities, who quarter a permanent military force there. From Thursday Island the steamers of the British India Company sail almost directly westward for more than two thousand miles, through the Arafura, Banda, Flores, and Java seas, coasting the Dutch Spice Islands all the way to Batavia, the capital of the Dutch East Indies and the metropolis of the Archipelago. The voyage is a tropical one, but the steamers are built for this service and provide accommodations adapted to the climate. At Batavia the lines of this company diverge, some vessels sailing directly to Aden, and reaching Plymouth as a home port, by way of the Red Sea, the Suez Canal, the Mediterranean, and Gibraltar. Others sail northwestward to Singapore, coasting the eastern shores of Sumatra, through the Straits of Malacca, and into the Bay of Bengal, touching at the ports of the Malay Peninsula, and finding their terminus at Rangoon, Calcutta, or Madras. By the vessels of this same great company one may visit Kurrachee, Muscat, Bushire, and the other ports of the Persian Gulf, even reaching Bagdad without difficulty. Another service maintained by the same company reaches all the ports of the east coast of Africa from Delagoa Bay northward to Mozambique, Zanzibar, and thence to Bombay. Still another service extends from Bombay and Colombo to the island of Mauritius the scene of the tale of "Paul and Virginia." As for the ports of India and British Burmah, either on the Arabian Sea or the Bay of Bengal, they are brought as easily within reach by the frequent service of splendid steamers as are the Atlantic coast cities of the United States. Those countries of Europe which maintain colonies in the Pacific Ocean find it desirable to subsidize transportation lines, in order to provide satisfactory means of communication to these remote settlements. Passenger and freight traffic alone might support occasional steamers, but could not be depended upon to do so. The expenditure made by these governments, therefore, comes to the assistance of every individual tourist, and the traveler who visits these seas will find awaiting him commodious, safe and

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD.}
fast steamers sailing on regular schedules to islands that are but names to most dwellers in the northern hemisphere. In the pages devoted to New Zealand something has been said concerning the facilities for travel to Samoa, Tonga, Tahiti, and the more easterly islands of the South Pacific. From the Australian ports another service is maintained to New Caledonia, the French colony of the West Pacific, the New Hebrides, Norfolk Island, and the Fiji Islands. These steamers sail in the service either of the Australasian United Steam Navigation Company or the Messageries Maritimes from Sydney, vessels passing each way every two weeks. Noumea, the capital of New Caledonia, is a very pleasant city, its French atmosphere making it altogether different from any other of the Pacific islands. It possesses a fine harbor, stone wharves, wide streets with shade trees, excellent public buildings, and a botanical garden. New Caledonia is a penal colony of France and an excellent convict band of forty performers furnishes music in the public square. The town is well lighted, provided with good hotels, and the drives in the vicinity are exceedingly interesting. The chief industries are the mining of chrome and nickel and the raising of coffee. Steamers leave Noumea for a circuit of the island every week. They are new and comfortable, lighted by electricity, and the service is entirely satisfactory. The trip around the island consumes eight days, every moment of the time offering fresh views of novel scenery. The entire voyage is inside the reef, in smooth water, and the

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD}
vessel anchors every night. From the ports of Australia to those of the extreme Orient there are three steamship companies performing regular service, and their schedules are arranged alternately, so the passenger may be sure of a direct sailing once a week. Two of these lines, the China Navigation Company and the Eastern and Australian Steamship Company, are English corporations, the steamers a product of English shipyards, and officered by Englishmen. The third line, the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, or Japan Mail Line, is one part of that great service maintained in the Orient by the Japanese, whose steamers now ply between most ports of the Pacific. They too are English built and officered by Englishmen, although line and steamers have Japanese names. All of the vessels in these services are large enough to be entirely comfortable, and offer a very attractive journey to the passenger who visits Asia by this route. They sail from Sydney northward to Brisbane, at either of which ports passengers may join the vessel. All the principal ports of Queensland are visited in turn. From

\section*{A TRIP AROUND THE WORLD}

Thursday Island the track follows directly across the entrance to the Gulf of Carpentaria and around the northern coast of Australia to Port Darwin, which is the landing place of the submarine cable connecting these colonies with Europe by way of Java, Sumatra, and Singapore. Heretoothe transcontinental telegraph begins its southern journey across the Australian desert toAdelaide. From Port Darwin to Hongkong the track chart shows a very direct line of sailing, past the islands of Timor, the Moluccas, Celebes, Mindanao, and Luzon, into the China Sea. Under Spanish dominion the Philippine Islands were not favored by either trade or travel, consequently steamers did not choose to call at Manila, although that capital was almost within sight of the

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HISTORICAL SKETCH OF THE PRINTING PRESS.
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HE invention of the printing press must have followed the making of movable types, Nothing absolutely certain is known of the time at which either was first introduced. As the invention of type lies somewhere between the years 1438 and 1450, it may be assumed that this period also produced the first printing press, all the important features of which are still preserved in the modern hand press. As printing from blocks had been practised for many years previously, the method of taking such impressions now uncertain, it is possible that the first press for printing type may have derived some or all of its characteristics from that used for printing blocks. TGutenberg's printing press consisted of two upright timbers, with cross pieces of wood to stay them together at the top and bottom, and two intermediate cross-timbers. On one of these the type was supported, and through the other a wooden screw passed, its lower point resting on the center of a wooden platen, which was thus screwed down upon the type after it had been inked and the paper spread over it. This simple form continued in use for 150 years, or until the early part of the seventeenth century, without any material change. The forms of type were placed upon wood or stone beds, incased in frames called coffins, moved in and out laboriously by hand, and after each impression the platen had to be screwed up with the bar so that the printed sheet might be removed and hung up to dry. TThe first recorded improvements to this press were made by William Jenson Blaeuw, of Amsterdam, about 1620, Blaeuw's press was introduced into England, and used there as well as upon the continent, being substantially the same as that used by Benjamin Franklin in London in 1725. TLittle further improvement was made before 1798, when the Earl of Stanhope had a press built, the frame of which was one piece of cast iron. A necessity had arisen for greater power in giving impression, especially in the printing of wood-cuts, and the tendency was naturally toward larger forms of fype, requiring greater exertion on part of the printer. The screw was retained with the addition of a combination of levers to assist in gaining greater power with less expenditure of energy. TThe next practical improvement was by George Clymer, of Philadelphia, who, about 1816, devised an iron machine entirely dispensing with the screw. Clymer took his invention to England where it became known as the Columbian press, In England Ruthven, Brown and others made iron hand presses, all improving on the Stanhope. In 1822 Peter Smith devised a machine with cast iron frame, in which a toggle-joint, at once simple and effective, took the place of the screw with levers. TIn 1827 Samuel Rust, of New York, worked out a great improvement on the Smith press. This patent was purchased by R, Hoe \& Co. wbo improved upon it. The new invention was known as the Washington press, and in principle and construction has'never been surpassed by any hand printing machine. GThe bed-and-platen system of printing was up to the middle of the nineteenth century the favorite method for fine books and illustrations, and still has a limited use. The first power or steam press upon this principle was made by Dr, Daniel Treadwell of Boston in 1822. The frames were of wood, but only a few were constructed. The best press of this description is that devised and patented by Issac Adams, of Boston In 1830 and 1836, and by Otis Tufts, of the same place, in 1834. This was first made with a wooden and afterward with an iron frame, In 1858 Adams' business became the property of Hoe \& Co., who improved the machine. \(T\) The method of printing from forms carried upon flat beds backward and forward beneath a cylinder had been rudely employed by printers of copperplate engravings in the fifteenth century. With the introduction of this system began an entirely new era in the history of the printing press. The credit of actually introducing into use a flat-bed cylinder press is due to a Saxon named Friederich Koenig, who, in England, in 1806, through the aid of Thomas Bensley, a printer in London, devised a machine which was used in 1812-13. Koenig was assisted also by a mechanic named Andrew Bauer, a fellow countryman. THe also devised what has proved even to this day to be the best mechanism for producing reciprocating motion of the type bed. FIn 1814 Koenig patented a continuously revolving cylinder press. He also showed designs adapting it for use as a single cylinder, and also as a two-cylinder press, both for printing on one side of the paper at a time, likewise a two-cylinder press for printing both sides at one operation. In the same year he erected two two-cylinder presses for the London Times that printed one side at the rate of 800 sheets per hour. Bacon, Donkin, Cowper and Applegath also patented improvements about the same time. TThe most ingenious and practical device improving the flat-bed and cylinder press was patented by Napier in 1829 and 1830. He first introduced grippers for conveying the sheets around the cylinder during impression, and for delivering them after printing. Tapes had been previously used. He was the first to construct presses in which the cylinders are of small size and make two or more revolutions to each impression, lifting the cylinder by toggles. TAbout 1832 Robert Hoe made the first cylinder press ever used in the United States. This was of the single large cylinder pattern, making one revolution for each impression, and never stopping. The stop-cylinder was devised and patented by a Frencbman named Dutartre in 1852, and was later introduced into the United States and improved in many respects. TUp to 1847 American newspapers were printed upon single small cylinder or two cylinder machines at 2000 to 4000 an hour. Then came in the Hoe type-revolving machine, where a central cylinder held the type pages upon its surface, and grouped about it were from four to ten impression cylinders as the case required. Each cylinder required a feeder, usually a boy, who was required to handle 2000 sheets an hour. Later type forms gave place to curved plates on these machines. In 1865 William Bullock constructed the first machine to print from a continuous web of paper. It consisted of two form or plate cylinders and two impression cylinders, the second impression cylinder being of large size to provide additional tympan surface to lessen the offset from the first printed side of the paper, In 1868 the London Times set up the first rotary perfecting press, similar to the Bullock, except that the cylinders were of the same size and placed one above the other, In 1871 R. Hoe and Co, turned their attention to the rotary perfecting press, and built machines containing many improvements, with little limit to their capacity for printing except the ability of the paper web to stand the strain of passing through the press. Then was developed the Hoe double supplement press, the first of which was used by the New York Herald, and for the third time completely revolutionizing newspaper printing. A later time (1887) witnessed the installation in the New York World of the first quadruple newspaper press, and in 1890 the Herald installed a sextuple press. Since then various changes and improvements by several makers principally Hoe, Goss and Scott, have added greatly to the speed and perfection of machines for newspaper printing.

\section*{THE OPTIMUS TWO-REVOLUTION; ITS SIMPLE BED MOTION.}


OR fifty years or more printing press builders have striven to attain perfection in the bed motion. In recent years the demand for greater speed but stimulated their exertions. Only through improvement could speed be reached. Individual effort along different lines has produced motions more or less commendable in the most vital and most important movement of a printing press. In this, as in every line of invention, there is only one really good way out-only one way that, because of high efficiency and perfection, can be said to be the very best and superior to all else for the purpose. This pre-eminence in driving motions we embody in the Optimus. \(\$\) All the desirable modern bed motions consist of some adaptation of a shifting or a movable gear which, in each of two positions, engages a rack attached to the type bed. Experience indicates that a three-to-one gear is the best for speed; that is, a gear which makes three revolutions to each impression. A number of presses in common use have a three-to-one bed gear. If this were all, there would be no choice in these mechanisms. But all of these three-to-one bed motions, with the exception of the Babcock, are made up of a complexity of motions. The gear is thrown back and forth or up and down, and the shoes moved in and out, at each end of the rack at each stroke of the bed by separate and independent mechanisms more or less complex, all of which are expected to work in unison. The builders of these bed motions, taking as a model an early and intricate mechanism, have been forced to ignore simplicity. TThe most efficient device for any purpose is that which gives desired results with fewest parts and least motions. Simplicity is the first characteristic of the Babcock patented ball and socket bed motion. It is not made up of different mechanisms receiving motion from different sources. It has few parts, less than any other. It is a perfect motion, practically indestructible by wear, and eliminates the faults others contain. It is only a shaft with the driving pulley on one end and the star gear on the other. On this shaft is the series of balls and sockets so placed that one part of the shaft is deflectable, giving a reciprocating as well as a rotary motion to the gear. This permits the star gear to engage the single rack from above at one movement of the bed and from below at the next, and secures the advantage of driving in both directions from the same point. This patented device is the only one imparting motion with absolute uniformity regardless of the angle of transmission. The mechanism is so strong, so perfect in construction, that it will endure many times the strain that any work can give. During the years of its use no amount of hard running or actual abuse has impaired in the least its efficiency or its perfection of operation. TThe ball and socket principle is carried further, and becomes the source of greatest advantage in our patented bed driving gear and rack. It is of the greatest possible efficiency at the points of reverse of the bed. Each end of the rack is fitted with a large hardened steel ball adjusted on a large steel stud, which engages the star gear. The space or socket in the gear which engages these balls is absolutely spherical, giving perfect contact between the gear and the ends of the rack, and furnishing large and durable wearing surfaces. TThe shaft which carries the bed gear is of very large proportions, being actually many times as strong as was considered necessary in well built machines a few years ago. The whole mechanism is so accurately balanced and nicely constructed as to admit of the highest speed without jar or vibration. TThe rack is located not in the center of the bed, but in the center of the load. The inking rollers, geared direct to one side of the bed, require a large amount of power to drive. The rack is placed at the proper point between the middle of the bed and the end which drives the rollers to insure its being in the center of resistance. All other bed drives move the bed in one direction with a rack close up under the bed, and in the other with a rack near the base of the machine, a bad application of power which makes impossible the use of a strong center-girt under impression. In the Babcock bed motion, however, there is but one rack, and this is sufficiently high to permit the use of a cross-girt of great strength. TOne of the serious objections to other bed driving devices is that the shoes are movable and long. The roll on the bed gear which engages these shoes and stops and starts the bed, travels a long distance quickly, and frequently under high pressure, touching the shoe at a point only. The result is worn roll and shoes, which "pound" at the points of reverse, reducing the speed and injuring the whole machine. The Babcock shoes for reversing the bed are small and curved to fit the star gear roll. They are not thrown in and out of action, but bolted solidly in position, and produce little motion in the roll. They run years without needing adjustment. TA common device for overcoming the irregularities of a poor bed motion is a long rack and segment for gearing bed and cylinder together during impression. This arrangement is positive evidence of a faulty bed motion, and is never entirely satisfactory. On Babcock presses a short rack and segment are used just before the impression, and the perfect bed motion does the rest in a manner beyond criticism: TThe secret of the success of the whole

Babcock Optimus patented bed motion is in the proper adaptation of the ball and socket mechanism, a unique feature in a bed motion. The Babcock Company has invented special machinery for making the shoes and for making perfect balls and perfect sockets, and the result is an absolutely perfect bed motion, the acme of simplicity and durability, and unequalled speed. It is the only one unchanged and unchanging. Some other bed drives greatly boasted a year or so ago, are now entirely abandoned, while today the most vaunted are not as they were some months since. That of the Optimus has not given trouble nor cost anyone one cent. It gives easily a press of highest speed, greatest steadiness and smoothness in operation, and absolute register. The extreme and unusual uniformity of action of the driving motion of the Optimus makes the attaching of automatic feeders to this press exceedingly easy and satisfactory, and insures the best possible performance from these delicately adjusted machines. It gives, also, long wear to forms. On a No. 11 ( \(45 \times 63\) ) Optimus a run of 800,000 was recently made from one set of plates, "and the plates do not look as if they had been used",-a performance impossible on any other press.

\section*{STRENGTH AND DELICACY OF IMPRESSION.}

Strength, pure and simple, is a matter of construction. If omitted by the builder the pressman cannot supply it. It does not depend upon mere weight. The metal must be properly placed. In some presses the pecularities of the driving motions do not admit of the use of a sufficiently massive center-girt to withstand the strains of impression, which often are great. The line of contact between cylinder and form in a press of average size is one-half inch wide. The pressure required for fine work on heavy forms is about six hundred pounds per square inch. On a forty-inch form the total pressure is nearly twelve thousand pounds, or six tons. Whether a press is well designed to withstand the intermittent blows of strong impression is best told by the absence of "guttering," which is caused by the springing of the metal when press is on and off impression. To gutter is to be weak. It is the evidence of a lack of rigidity. TThe Optimus does not gutter. In this respect it stands alone, and is, under impression, the most rigid of presses. Just why this is so is due to the original, simple and effective means adopted to meet the conditions. TWe show a view of that portion of an Optimus press immediately under the impression line. It displays the massive center-girt used in all Optimus presses, and also the extreme simplicity of the driving motion, to which we have before referred. This center-girt supports six tracks which in turn support the bed. In addition to the heaviest girt, the Optimus possesses the heaviest side frames in use, and upon these the girt is supported by heavy flanges so that the strain of impression is not imposed upon the bolts which unite girt and frames. At this point the frames are solid, and in no way are they weakened by being cut away for rods, springs, toggles, or other complexities for raising the cylinder. Not only does the girt contain a great weight of metal, but its form is such as to greatly add to its power of resistance. It is not weakened by being cut away to admit the passage of a bed rack that hangs too low. It is not merely a tie between the side frames, but a massive, unyielding support for impression. TThe pressure required today to print a high-class cut form would have been impossible in the strongest press built a few years ago. It is a comparatively

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10 Point Old Roman Condensed
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simple problem to make the cylinder sufficiently strong, though it is one not yet solved by everybody. The problem of the bed support is quite a different proposition, principally because the stopping and starting of a needlessly heavy bed produces shock and strain to the press and foundations, consumes power and limits speed, and speed is one of the prime factors in a modern press. TThe first presses had two tracks. - One of the early devices for increasing the bed support was a single wheel under the center of impression. Then two independent wheels made two runners between the tracks. These proved difficult of adjustment, and unequal to the strain. Then two or three smaller wheels in clusters were tried, making a short wheel track, resulting in increased strength, but still lacking in accuracy of adjustment, and this lack was fatal to best printing. Later a builder put four full-length roller tracks under the bed, abandoning a better arrangement because of his inability to devise a way to accurately adjust the wheels, which, with several in each track, must all have their upper surfaces exactly in line and touch the tracks under the bed with equal precision. With an exception or two the fourtrack practice became general. \(\quad\) FFour long roller tracks cannot be adjusted accurately to compensate for wear, which is greatest on the inside tracks. A common expedient to correct wear in these is to "wedge up" between the center girt and the tracks; but here is met the same trouble as with the wheels-the impossibility of wedging accurately. Rebuilding at the factory is the only remedy. WWe have always contended that four non-adjustable tracks were a poor arrangement, and that four tracks of any kind were insufficient for medium and large-sized beds. A support under each end is as necessary as at any point. The first effect of taking impression is strain between bed and cylinder. This strain must be maintained until the form is printed. The only possible way to accomplish this is by firm contact between the bearers on ends of cylinder and the bearers on ends of bed. Otherwise every time the cylinder passes a margin it will drop into it to be picked up again by the opposite edge of the form, working ruin in the wake of its guttering weakness. \(\mathbb{T}\) Tests proved that a wheel five or six inches in diameter was more durable under a press bed than a roller track the same length as the diameter of the wheel; and that a short track of two or three wheels was more durable and retained adjustment longer than a roller track of whatever length, each wheel having three times the wearing surface of a straight track as long as its diameter. Three wheels each five inches in diameter, are equivalent to a track about four feet (forty-seven inches) in length. As it is impossible to concentrate four feet of straight roller track under the point of impression, and entirely feasible to concentrate a track of wheels
with four feet of track surface on their circumferences, it is easy to understand why a wheel track of three wheels is more durable than any other arrangement. The ordinary long roller or guide tracks are needed to direct and maintain the bed in position; but wheel tracks made of several wheels each are the perfect support for sustaining impression. The original users of wheel tracks, and other builders, have always conceded the desirability of wheels; but because of failure to adjust them accurately they were abandoned for a mechanism even less adjustable. The use of the four long roller tracks is advocated by saying that they will wear, and therefore will not need adjust-ing-a statement that the experience of printers will not substantiate. When, four or five years ago, a prominent press that had been for years made as a two-track machine was changed to four, its makers said that they knew the last was not as good construction as the old; but they intended to take advantage of the fallacy of the printer concerning four tracks, and would furnish an inferior machine in order to sell more. \(\mathbb{F}\) Satisfying ourselves beyond all doubt that wheel tracks adjustable for unevenness of wear are vastly more desirable than the non-adjustable roller tracks, we invented a way to readily adjust them to mathematical accuracy, and made positively practical the use of this unequalled means of bed support. TThe result of this study is that for several years Optimus presses have been equipped with patented semi-automatic adjustable wheel tracks, three wheels in a track, and four of these tracks, beside the two long guide tracks, six in all, to each medium or large-sized press. Each of these wheels can be adjusted in a few seconds so that it bears against the bed uniformly with all the others without special care on the part of the operator. This adjustablity does not exist in any other press, while the two Optimus roller tracks themselves have twice the durability of the ordinary style. The two new patented roller
tracks, combined with the four wheel tracks, all sustained by the most massive center-girt in use, make a six-track bed support never before equalled in durability and power of resistance to impressional strains. TThe strength supporting the bed is met above by a heavy and thoroughly well braced and accurately balanced cylinder, supplied with a steel shaft as large and nearly twice as strong as the cast iron shafts others use. This shaft runs in unusually large and long steel boxes, with close connections between cylinder and bearings, offering a rigidity equal to that of the bed supports. The boxes, or bearings, are themselves a part of the heavy side frames, solidly bolted to them. The upward thrust of impression is, therefore, sustained by the cylinder shaft held in immovable boxes. In other words, the cylinder is held to form by the side frames, contrary to the practice in all other presses, wherein the boxes are loose in the side frames, and slip up and down as the cylinder rises and falls at each impression. The Optimus cylinder is adjusted for impression by means of a very heavy screw so fitted into the box that all strain is taken upon its head, and this screw is capable of resisting fifty times the strain that it will ever be called upon to endure. The raising or lowering of the cylinder never throws it out of line with the bed. Whether cylinder is high or low, its relation to bed and tracks is always true.

A word about the bearings in which the cylinder shaft runs. A pipe box is one that is made out of a solid piece of metal. It has no cap, and cannot be taken apart. The bearings in such boxes are not true, and one end is larger than the other. The inside cannot be scraped thoroughly, or very well in fact, to work off the high spots. All that can be done is to make them as good as can be, and fit them so they will slide on the shaft, which, of course, touches only the high places. When the high spots are gone through wear the shaft is loose, and a very bad condition exists. \(\mathbb{T}\) A split box is one that is in two pieces, has a cap, and can be taken apart. This is the one that is used in the Optimus. With the two parts securely fastened together these boxes are bored and reamed with two reamers, with the greatest care. Taken apart the interiors are easily accessible to the workman, who scrapes them until a perfect bearing throughout is secured. The shaft lies within them touching in every part, and has a full and complete bearing throughout its entire surface, giving slow wear and a perfect fit. After years of use, when wear is appreciable, the split box affords a ready take-up.
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\footnotetext{
18 Point Old Roman Condensed
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\section*{THE OPTIMUS TWO-REVOLUTION, CONTINUED.}


NLY in the certainty of great atrength can evenness and delicacy of impression exiat. Particularly does weakness make waste of time and effort. Only through rigidity is a press fast under make-ready-fast while standing still. On the Optimus a tissue overlay counts for all that it is worth, and the pressman's efforts are quickly fruitful in the expected resulta. There is no lifting around overlays where the last has borne off the impression from all around, and patch after patch is needed to bring it up. Not many overlays are needed. On aome forms none. Strength givea delicacy, evenness, uniformity, certainty. Solids can be made aolid, deep shadows strong, high lights clear, with least effort and little time, on a lasting tympan. Strength saves work. TA vitally important point in every two-revolution press is the manaer in which the cylinder is lifted to clear the form at the reverse of the bed after impression. The Optimus way differs from any other. In simplicity, directness of action, freedom from many parts and all complications, it is vastly better, and eliminates evils due to imperfect devices for this purpose. It offers less opportunity for wear, and the consequent lost motion, than any other arrangement, while it secures the maximum of strength and resistance. It is only an oscillating eccentric box holding the cylinder shaft journals, rotating with them while lifting, and the cam and lever necessary to operate the eccentric. That is all. During impression the eccentric is firmly locked upon its center, and, therefore, no atrain whatever comes upon the lifting connections. The trip is only operative when cylinder is off impression. The use of trip when cylinder is on impression has no effect, the impression will be completed perfectly. There are no aprings, toggles, rods or other complexities. The massive side frames are left uncored, unbored and uncut, and take the place of the springs and rods usually employed in other presses. These other machines have their cylinder boxes loose in the aide frames, in which they slide up and down with the rising and falling of the cylinder. On the contrary, ss we have shown, the boxes of the Optimus are fixed as a part of the aide frames, and it is the only press whoae side frames carry the brunt of impression. Through them only can the greatest impressional rigidity be found, for they are the natural, most effective, most direct and simplest means possible to use for holding the cylinder to its work. © Excepting the Optimus there is no press that does not use a spring to assist in lifting the cylinder, and for that reason safety pins and mechanical devices, not always effective, are used to prevent accidents should the trip be used at the wrong time.

\section*{ROLLERS AND DISTRIBUTION.}

Entirely inside the frame and out of the way our patented device for driving the vibrators on form and table rollers is the perfection of simplicity. There is nothing else like it. It is positive and noiseless, and the most effective mechanism ever used for a like purpose. T The ductor roller taking ink from the fountain roller deposits it upon the first ateel vibrator over the forward pair of table rollers. It is impossible for the ink to come in contact with the ink plate until after the press has made one entire revolution. It is thoroughly distributed, therefore, on one vibrator and two table rollers before it reachea the plate, and better distributed when put on the plate than is usual with many two-roller presses in common use when put on the form. In other words, it is well enough manipulated before it reaches the plate to print an ordinary two-roller iob. This approaches very cloaely the boasted method used on stop cylinders, where the ink was worked up and evenly distributed on the cylinder before it was put upon the ink table. Not only does it increase distribution, but it gives a better, more delicate and more positive control than when the ink goes directly from fountain to plate. Table, or plate, rollers are in contact with the ink plate during both its forward and backward movements, and this, too, is a great advantage over those machines where they act upon the plate in one direction only. Compared with such a press the Optimus has practically double distribution. TExcepting the pony sizes (Nos. 3 and 4) 0 ptimus presses have the form and table rollers interchangeable. This is an economy to the user, as a roller not quite good enough for the form may go to the table, its usefulness extended. TThe patent eccentric roller bearings are an unequalled convenience. By a siagle motion of the hand they admit of the rollers being thrown out of contact with form and vibrator when it is desirable to run press to work up color, or for any other purpose. Just as simply are they brought into contact and firmly locked in place. Adjustment for contact is independent of the eccentric throw out, and is not disturbed by it. Both form and table rollers may be thrown out of action, or removed from press without affecting the adjustment of their bearings. All the rollers of an Optimus fully clear the largest form that can be worked conveniently upon the bed and cylinder. 9 Roller capacity and distribution must be adapted to apeed. Both are ample. Always with a larger superficial area of roller surface than of form, speed and high-class product are both assured. On all sizes larger than No, 6 the rollers are three and a half inches in diameter, a fact the good pressman always appreciates.

\section*{SHEET DELIVERY.}

One of the distinguishing features of the Optimus is its superb patented sheet delivery. Although others have made attempts at imitation it remains absolutely uarivalled. No matter what the size of the sheet, whether it be to the full capacity of the press or but an eavelope, the delivery is always ready to receive it. It needs no adjustment for either aize, or anything between. Printed side up or down can be had within the time required for one impression. Either way it is impossible for anything to come in contact with the printed surface, nor can the aheet be marred or broken in the least. On much work freedom from offset is assured and alip-sheeting saved. It ia the only delivery fit for the most artistic work, and best for all. Tissue or French folio can be delivered at the usual apeed of the press, an impossibility on any other. Tissue is handled at 2000 per hour as a regular thing. TEach sheet printed on an Optimus press ia exposed to the air through the space of three impressions. The action of the delivery is like this: The first sheet printed passes from the cylinder to the rear of the delivery; with the next movement it is carried to the front of delivery, and with the next the second sheet takes its place at the rear. There are now two aheets on the delivery, one in front of the other. At the next movements the front aheet is deposited upon the jogger board, the second moves to the front, the third comes on the rear. Three impressions have been made, and we have one sheet exposed upon the board and two exposed upon the delivery, all lying flat, printed side up, without contact one with the other. The next impression covers the one on the table, which has been exposed through three impressions. After the third, every impression, of course, deposits upon the
board a sheet which has been and will be exposed as its predecessors. It falls naturally and lightly by its own weight and is accurately jogged. Even when covered by succeeding sheet it is done so delicately that a stratum of air remains for some time to still further the drying process. If the paper be of fair size, a dozen sheets or more may hold air between them for a long time. IIn a moment's time the delivery carriage can be disconnected and moved forward, telescoping upon itself, to give access to the form and rollers at the front of the cylinder. Even in this position the press can be moved or run without disturbance or interference. The delivery table is supplied with the best jogger in use; and when necessary on very fine work we have a patented device for slip-sheeting that is labor saving and unknown on other machines. Our new patented automatic tape tightener guards against shrink or stretch of tapes under atmospheric changes, prevents breakage, and maintains an even tension at all times. An even greater improvement are, our patented sheet delivery fingers. No matter how buckled or unevenly bent the edge of a sheet may be they always prevent it from catching as it leaves the cylinder, while they make easy the delivery of the very narrowest gripper hold possible to securely take. Optimus presses are the only ones built' without the old and noisy tumbler gripper motion, and the only ones dispensing with the objectionable shoo flies. Our patented mechanism operates quietly and registers perfectly. If the machine is started while grippers are turned back no damage can result. Altogether the perfection of this delivery works a saving of many dollars a year, not only by expediting work, but in the greatly lessened spoilage of printed sheets. The out of date and detrimental fly forms no part of it.

\section*{REGISTER.}

Register is not entirely a matter of grippers, guides and tongues. It lies quite as intimately in the driving motion; and other movements in the press may affect it seriously. Permanent register can only be secured by building it into the press from the base up. The Optimus has register built in; it is incorporated as a part of every movement. It is the only way to secure and keep it. It is not patched on by some sort of a make-shift used to counteract structural faults, and which at the best is unreliable. TThere has not been an 0 ptimus out of register between bed and cylinder in ten years, or since the adoption of our bed motion and the making of the improvements the new motion necessitated. A pressman may have flattened a gripper, misplaced the cam, got the tongues out of line, or done some other thing to interfere with register at the guides, all of which is easily corrected; but the assuring fact remains that the press registers perfectly on the tympan all the time. No other press is so closely coupled with as few parts between bed and cylinder. There is little opportunity for wear, and the consequent lost motion due to it. Register is thus protected and guarded, and lasts with certainty. A large number of 0 ptimus presses are running exclusively on three and four-color process work in many places devoted to work of this character, and have been for years. In fact the first three-color work ever done on a two-revolution was done on an Optimus press, and then was first demonstrated the usefulness of this style of machine for a purpose for which it had been thought previously only stop-cylinder presses were adequate.

\section*{SPEED.}

When we described the 0 ptimus bed motion we gave the reason why speed was developed in the highest degree in this press. The fastest press must always be the simplest, the one of fewest parts and least motions. It is just this that makes an 0 ptimus superior in speed to any other of like size. TThe mere fact that a press can make impressions rapidly does not constitute it a fast press. This is illustrated in the case of a printer who bought a certain machine because of its alleged speed, and found after some months' use that he must run fine work so slowly as to leave no profit; nor can he run cheap work fast and get good cheap work because, while his press will make impressions with fair speed, it is equipped with a slow distribution. To deserve the distinction of being fast a press must be speedy not only when running but when standing still, and this last speed is as important as the other and pays as large a profit. In giving to the 0 ptimus the ability to furnish impressions at high speed we have calculated every part and action to support it, and thus aim to make rapidity thoroughly effective no matter what the character of the work. We have not made it fast in one thing only, but fast in all, a well-balanced machine. It is the only way in which a truly fast press
can be built. It gives fine work at high speed, and cheap work that is good work. \(T\) The high speed of the 0 ptimus is based not only upon its superb bed drive, but upon tremendous strength, great weight, and painstaking construction. Its rigidity gives a fast make-ready. Its impression is so even that on some forms little if any make-ready is required. On the finest cut forms these qualities combine to reduce the time and labor usually consumed. Every overlay counts for itself without disturbing the results from any other. There is rapidity in washing up and the working up of color; in interchangeability of form and table rollers; in accessibility for oiling so that this is easily done and not neglected; in absolute register; in certainty of perfect delivery without loss of time in adjusting for different sizes of sheets; in a sheet delivery whereon tissue or cardboard may be handled without bother at the usual speed of the press; in ability to back up cylinder from feeder's platform; in short, there is great handiness, which is but another name for speed. \(\mathbb{G}\) We make a guaranteed speed with every press. It is entirely within the safety limit, and can be maintained day in and day out for years without detriment beyond the natural wear. We are the only manufacturers who urge printers to get the speed. It is there. It is not what a press can do but what it does that counts in dollars and cents. And there is a speed away beyond the guaranteed speed that can be had on occasion. Some users habitually drive their Optimus presses beyond our mark. We know of a No.12, a very large size, that has been running for five years at 1900 an hour when our guarantee is 1500. We know that on a good foundation that it will make 1800 easily. Slow speed does not necessarily save the press. Some machines at slow speed wear faster than others at a high speed. It is entirely a matter of design and construction. \(\mathbb{T}\) To produce good work speedily is success. Time is money in the pressroom. Money cannot be made on a slow press. no matter how good the work, nor on a so-called fast press incapable of the best product. Speed and quality must be combined. They are-in the Optimus.

\section*{AIR SPRINGS, BACK-UP, MOTOR ATTACHMENT, ETC.}

As previously stated the reverse of the bed is assisted by air springs. These are the most efficient on any press, their superiority lying in the Babcock over-balanced piston head, which is adjusted without wrench or other tool; stays on the screw where left, and is always air-tight. By a hand nut in the center of the head all the wear is taken up. It always remains perfectly round. The air valve acts automatically, and is free from any pipe connections. TAn effective back-up is furnished that is operated from the feeder's platform. It also acts as a brake. Not all other machines are so equipped. TFive times as many 0ptimus presses were sold at Baltimore after the great fire as of its next highest competitor, and several times as many as all others combined. The publishers of one of New York's great magazines compliment us on the manner nine large Optimus presses have stood an extraordinary test forced upon them by a rush of orders. "On a run of 150,000 impressions on a cut form, \(39 \times 54-140\) coated paper, we kept one of your presses running night and day at a speed of fifteen hundred an hour, using one set of plates
for the entire run. The cut form of \(39 \times 54,170\) coated, is run at the rate of fourteen hundred an hour, and the super and machine finished forms on \(39 \times 54,155\) paper, at the rate of fifteen hundred or sixteen hundred per hour, all with one set of plates. We are told by some of our pressmen who have not previously worked on the Babcock presses, that there is less time lost, and less expense for repairs with the Babcock Optimus than with any presses on which they have ever worked. You may rest assured that the next time we are in the market for another press, and we expect it will be soon, our choice will be the Babcock". TThere are ten sizes of the Optimus: Two of two-roller pony presses are made; one three-roller for a \(25 \times 38\) sheet and less, and seven sizes of four-rollers each. To any of these direct belt connected electric motor is readily attached. The motor can be located on the floor near the rear or front of the press, or placed inside the frame at the rear entirely out of the way. In either case press is arranged for motor drive before shipping. It is necessary for us to know motor speed and the size of motor pulley.

THE NO. 43 OPTIMUS.
For forms taking a \(25 \times 38\) sheet and less, the No. 43 0 ptimus has never been approached in perfection of detail, economy and efficiency. Its combination of advantages furnishes a small press that absolutely stands alone in the market, without a rival or a competitor. We know of no work so exacting in any direction as to fully test its capabilities. MIt is not a pony press. While it possesses the high speed, ease of running, perfect bed motion, superb sheet delivery, compactness, accessibility and handiness of our very popular pony 0ptimus, and is a little larger, the No. 43 unites with these the great strength, weight, interchangeability of form and table rollers, the patented inking arrangement, perfect distribution, and all the other advantages of our large sizes. TThe success and superiority of the No. 43 were assured from the beginning. The first four were built nearly five years ago. These were sold at once, and have been in constant and highly satisfactory use since. From all sections of the United States, from Canada and England, we have received most flattering testimonials concerning it, and covering widely varying conditions. TThree three-inch form rollers cover the form entirely. These are driven by two
geared vibrators. Table rollers of same size are also driven by two vibrators, and are interchangeable with form rollers. The form rollers and their vibrators have an inking surface of 441-4 inches to cover a 23 -inch form. If the form were a solid surface, there is inking capacity sufficient to cover it nearly twice. The rollers alone have a surface of 281-4 inches, or 51-4 inches in excess of form. \(\$\) The ink is taken from the fountain to a vibrator, and thence over the composition rollers to the ink table, where it is further worked before going to the form rollers. This is of special value on fine illustrated work. The distribution of ink, and the strength of the press, are ample for the heaviest forms possible. It is impossible to overtax either. Like all Optimus presses it will not gutter. © The three-roller arrangement gives us a press occupying less space than a four-roller taking the same form, makes higher speed, requires less power, stands lower, and is more easily and quickly handled, while the new device furnishes as perfect results as heretofore obtained with four. © There are five tracks under bed, two of the usual roller type, and three wheel tracks. The press runs easily, almost noiselessly, at twenty-five hundred.

\section*{THE PONY OPTIMUS}

The Optimus Pony-there are two of themis a large 0ptimus condensed, and is made under the same conditions to be as good as can be built. In fact the demand has been so great for these machines that we have been forced to set aside one large factory especially for their construction, with the advantages of securing from special men and special tools the very best possible product. They have the simple and speedy 0 ptimus ball
and socket bed motion, the most perfect in use; and all the other patented and special features of Optimus machines. The only notable difference is in handling the ink. There are two three-inch form rollers and plain table distribution, with riders on the table rollers. The form roller vibrator carries two composition rider rollers when necessary, an advantageous arrangement which places our pony distribution in a class by itself. With these composition riders the inking efficiency of a four-roller press is approximated. This will be appreciated in printing those forms requiring extra inking capacity. Of special value, too, are our new stripper fingers, as they make easy the delivery of sheets with the very narrowest gripper hold. WFast, strong, almost noiseless, accurate in register, and handy for make-ready, the Optimus pony is the money maker of a pressroom, and will get out several times as much work as a large jobber and do it better. It offers economy in production, and this is as necessary in printing as in any other line of manufacture.

18 Point Old Roman Bold set solid

\title{
THE LOW-PRICED RELIANCE DRUM CYLINDER PRINTING PRESS.
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HE Reliance is the best low-priced drum cylinder press obtainable. It has air springs, tapeless delivery, steel tracks, cut gears, noiseless safety gripper motion, eccentric bearings for throwing form rollers in or out of action, and a first-class fountain. The bed has four bearings under impression. It is, in short, a high class drum cylinder press for newspaper and job work where but one cylinder is required. It is made either with rack and screw or table distribution, in one size only, six-column quarto. IIn the beginning, more than twenty years ago, we learned, as some had learned before and others have learned since, that it is not possible to make a press of low cost to the manufacturer a good press to the buver. Our aim then was, as it now is, to build a good press for as little money as possible. Our object led us easily to a good press-at a high cost to us. Nothing deterred, however, we proceeded to furnish a good press at a price that pays its manufacturers a profit much less than it should, and much less than any other press of its kind anywhere. Had we not been building other printing machines the continuation of the manufacture of the Reliance on its present plane of excellence would bave been impossible at the price. No pretense, therefore, is made to build it cheaply for the purpose of meeting the demands of a cheap trade. The people for whom it is designed are those who can least afford a cheap press. The aim always has been to give its users a press exactly suited to their needs; whose excellencies would enable them to do better work; whose possession would add to the dignity and influence of the business; one that would give little or no bother, and would be durable, without constant repairs. There are some that have been in use for fifteen or sixteen years, the last few on daily editions, and they must be good machines yet; for we notice that their owners are not seriously contemplating any changes. \(\Phi\) We found that a press for the smaller offices should be as carefully designed and constructed as machines sold at a much higher price; that while its range of work was more limited it yet must possess certain qualities common to all, even the best. Impressional strength, register, distribution, speed, and correct proportion to insure long wear, are as essential in the "country" press as in the most expensive machine favored by the metropolitan printer; and these have been incorporated in the Reliance in a higher degree and in a better way than in any other of its kind. It will print the paper and the jobs, and do both well; and at maximum speed will operate easily and quietly. TA number of customers are using Reliance presses that have been in service for years to print their daily editions; and though we make a guaranteed speed of 1500 an hour, some are running it at speeds much higher. We have heard of a few who speed it on daily editions to 1800 or 1900 , and in one instance it is turning out over 2000. TWe recommend the Reliance unreservedly for all work within its capabilities. Its users commend it highly. It is a good press at a low price, and was never so good as now. The last one set up at this writing is the best ever built. TThere are some good low-priced folders that are readily attached to the Reliance, and when attached the equipment is complete for newspaper work, and the investment will scarcely exceed one thousand dollars for the two machines. T Here is a bit of evidence that shows good mechanical design and honest construction, at least. The Reliance referred to was bought second hand by the firm now using it, and has had long use. Our claims that this press was "built on honor" and was good, are substantiated not by this one case but by many. We know that it requires instances like this to best bring conviction, and they are cited enthusiastically, yet not as often as they might be. The letter is dated Coshocton, Ohio, July 27. 1905: "Gentlemen: There is in the office of the Daily Age, Coshocton, Ohio, a Babcock Reliance that has been in use several years, that is making a record hard to believe to be true; but it is, for I have witnessed what I have to tell you. Their daily is a six-column quarto, and their circulation is from 2100 to 2900 daily (every evening). You can readily see that it would keep this press humping at the guaranteed speed of 1500 per hour to get their paper out in time with late news, but they do it with a speed as high as 2100 per hour. The press has stood this racket for a year. Yours truly, A. N. Starkes." © The manufacturers say that they have known for many years that the Reliance under proper conditions, with the right man, would run 2000 to 2100 per hour, and do it nicely. They cite one in their home town that has been in use for ten or twelve years, that is in excellent shape and never gives trouble, that seldom runs less than 1800 , and frequently a good deal over 2000. TIn a letter dated February, 22, 1906, we find this; "We note you do not care for the old Reliance, which the Globe Company is offering. They have sold this machine for three hundred dollars. It is fourteen years old and has printed a daily paper, without cessation or intermission, every business day all that time, getting out an edition of eighteen hundred. It has never broken down and never has delayed them for a minute for repairs. The working speed, for several years past, has been eighteen hundred an bour on the second side. They have bought a second hand Duplex to take its place. It is still in real good working order, and apparently, would run another fourteen years."

\section*{THE STANDARD AND REGULAR DRUM CYLINDER PRESSES.}

About seven years ago we placed the remodeled Standard on the market as the highest type of the drum cylinder ever built. We remade it in its most vital part by adapting the Optimus driving mechanism to the new purpose, securing great speed, accuracy of register, and ease and quietness in operation. We gave it increased strength, and made other improvements until we perfected a drum press that for a lot of work is quite as good as a two-roller two-revolution at about half the price. With all we preserved extreme simplicity. Minor improvements have been made since, and others will be made as the advancement of printing and consequent new needs of printers disclose in what direction these shall lie. TOur patent ball and socket bed motion gives the Standard the only perfect bed drive
on a drum press. Add to this air springs, tapeless delivery, high fountain and excellent distribution, strength of impression, exact register, noiseless gripper action, back-up mechanism, controlled sliders, patent eccentric bearings for quickly throwing form rollers in or out of action, removable and adjustable fly fingers, slitter, counter, and easily accessible type bed, with a general convenience and handiness unsurpassed, and we have the most satisfactory drum to be had at any price. We think there are more of them in use than of any two others combined. TThere are four sizes. Nos. 2 and 4 are used almost exclusively by job printers, for whose use these small sizes are particularly well adapted. They are "handy," and lend themselves most conveniently to quick changes of forms and short runs, and their high speed rapidly disposes of long ones. TThe No. 2 will do more and better work than two large jobbers, and will scarcely cost as much either at first or in operation. It will print a form \(171 / 2 \times 23\), or a \(19 \times 25\) sheet, and will give a range of work in size that is impossible on a jobber. nor can the jobber equal it in power of impression, in evenness of color or in character of high-class product. One printer we know uses three of this size. He makes a specialty of fine color and half-tone work, and the product of his machines is superb. There is nothing better issued from any two-roller press of any kind, and very little four-roller work excells it. Speed 2400 per hour. TThe No. 4 is like the No. 2, but larger, printing a \(25 \times 38\) sheet, form \(23 \times 36\). A few publishers of six and seven-column folio newspapers use this size for two pages at a time. If a weekly, much of the press's time can be given to job work; if a daily its speed of 2200 an hour is an advantage. Ordinarily, the No. 4 is to be found in the job office. As its maximum it prints the stock sheet most used for books, catalogues, pamphlets and the like; and this, in connection with its good qualities as a printing machine, its comparatively small size and speed, has made it desirable and popular. TThe No. 6 prints a six-column quarto, and the No. 7 a seven-column quarto. These are the newspaper sizes. We think more of them are in daily than in weekly pressrooms; and wherever they are their users, without exception, are speaking well of them. They are used by publishers of monthly religious, medical, insurance, fraternal and other journals, for reprints of popular fiction, etc. Some have their presses of these sizes equipped with automatic feeders, and secure a large output. From two No. 6's, automatically fed, one user reports 28,860 and 28,240 respectively, in fifteen hours, or an average of 1900 an hour. These presses often run twenty-four hours a day for weeks at a stretch, and are easily averaging 1800 net impressions all the time. It is a large output. After the fire one firm in Baltimore put in seven, another two, while other firms in other cities make use of them in numbers. TThe Standard has rack and screw distribution. We make it also with table distribution and call it the Regular. We furnish either style in the same sizes having equal speeds. Aside from the manner of distributing the ink they are exactly alike. Some prefer the table distribution, and for some work it is best. The high fountain of the Standard, with its extra vibrators and distributors, give excellent distribution, and approximate the advantages of the table method very closely. The Standard has the bed accessible from the front, and this is a point appreciated by the newspaper man and many others. TThe Standard with table distribution (The Regular) in the Nos. 6 and 7 sizes, is often nsed by show printers, sign printers and poster printers. We have just furnished one large show printing house with four, two of each size. One metallic sign company has bought one of each for printing tin, iron and steel signs, and embosses these on the same machines. This work is done surprisingly well in black and several colors in exact register. Half-tones on tin have their distinctness and softness fully preserved, quite equalling the effects as shown when worked on coated paper or cardboard. GTo three drum presses, the Standard, the Regular, and the Express, we have adapted the driving mechanism of our Optimus two-revolution machine. The driving motion is the vital part of a printing press, and the one upon the exactness of which the effectiveness of every other part most intimately depends. In the ball and socket motion, the simplest in use, lies the vital and basic principle for driving a reciprocating bed. It insures register, high speed and smoothness in operation. It is mechanically perfect,
and has proved through years to be the best, the most natural, the only correct, the only lasting and satisfactory device for driving a printing press bed. Thousands have been in use for years. Not one has cost a user one cent, nor shown appreciable wear. TIt is not necessary for the man who wishes to do clean, workmanlike printing to go beyond the cost of a Standard or Regular drum to accomplish his purpose. This style of press is not going out of fashion. It is as much in demand now as at any time. In fact we are selling more. For most work it is fully competent. There is some work, the result of recent development in engraving and printing, for which another style of press is better suited; but for that work which comes to the smaller offices the Standard is sufficient, in some cases best. It provides what is required, a simple and easily understood machine, low in first cost, economical in operation, and capable of high class work when such is demanded and the required skill is applied. To either the Standard or Regular a folder is readily attached.

\section*{THE FAST NO. 7 EXPRESS NEWS AND JOB PRESS.}

A few years ago the demand for seven-column quarto presses began to be pronounced, and it has constantly grown. The majority of users wanted a fast press that could be sold at a less price than the No. 7. Dispatch even if such a press did not have as high speed. As most of these prospective buyers were job printers as well as newspaper publishers, a machine that would prove to be an all around good book and job press was advisable, as in the combination lay the highest possible returns on his investment to the owner. TWith a good understanding of the needs of this class of publishers and printers, it was a comparatively easy matter to meet them. Improving upon and extending the original ideas incorporated in the No. 3 Express, a very fast machine designed especially for the exclusive use of the job printer, and which already had had several years of practical use in which to demonstrate the value of its special features, the No. 7 Express was built. It prints four pages of the standard seven-column quarto sheet. The bed is \(38 \times 51\); size of matter \(331 / 4 \times 46\); guaranteed speed 2600 per hour; shipping weight 14,000 pounds. There is only one other flat-bed press of like size that equals or surpasses it in speed, and that is the Dispatch, described herein. No other drum, and no two-revolution, of same size, approaches the No. 7 Express in this respect. In fact, in the shop, and in one or two instances in pressrooms, the machine has been run at 3000 an hour "just to show what it could do." QSeveral unique features combine to make this machine speedy; but this special and very valuable feature depends primarily upon the bed motion and the inking mechanism. The bed motion is three to one, that is, three revolutions of the star-gear to each impression. The bed, traveling a much shorter distance than in the ordinary drum, is driven by our new patented ball and socket bed mechanism, the shaft of which is nicely balanced by a new bedshaft balancing device. The whole gives great speed to the bed, and extreme smoothness of action. The result is fully sixty per cent more speed than is possible in a press constructed in the usual way. The ball and socket principle is not new, as it has been used for years on our well known two-revolution press, and, somewhat modified, upon the Standard, Regular and No. 3 Express drums. In its highest perfection it is found in the Optimus and the No. 7 Express. TThe inking mechanism is our new patented high fountain, threevibrator combination, with two form rollers, each three inches in diameter.

Both of the form rollers pass completely over the form with the exception of a narrow strip an inch or so wide at the back which one roller does not cover. This roller is automatically raised clear of the form at the point of reverse, but is held in close contact with its vibrator. This obviates all tendency to streak the form by reversing on the type. The other form roller, which passes entirely over the type, is driven between two steel vibrators moving endwise in opposite directions, and because of its location, possesses nearly double the inking capacity of the ordinary. roller. The entire arrangement is highly efficient. \$The fountain and rollers are placed closer to the cylinder than is the usual practice, the rollers passing under it as far as practicable. Space is thus utilized that in all other presses is wasted, and a valuable reduction in the run of the bed is secured that materially increases speed. By hand levers conveniently placed on the side frames the entire inking mechanism can be moved forward away from the cylinder sufficiently for conveniently putting in, removing or adjusting rollers. All become readily accessible. These levers not only move the inking apparatus in and out, but automatically lock it in either position. If necessary it can be thrown forward and back while the machine is in operation. No screws or clamps of any sort are used. TThis press has our patented safety gripper action, which registers perfectly and operates quietly: and while it is vastly superior to, it is also a much appreciated relief from, the old fashioned, commonly used and excessively noisy tumbler gripper motion. There are air springs, tapeless rear fly delivery, and the adjustable fly as used on our Standard, Regular and Express drums, any finger of which can be easily removed or adjusted. The fly table is fitted with a first-class jogger. \(F\) The driving pulleys are high speed, running seven and one-half to one, that is, seven and one-half revolutions of driving pulley to one impression. The outrigger supporting this high-speed shaft is constructed to admit a large driving pulley, making it easy to use a direct belted electric motor without alteration. There is a back-up which can be used as a brake, an adjustable feeder's platform on each side, and a feedboard but slightly inclined. The bed is perfectly supported by a strong center-girt. The cylinder is very heavy, with large steel shaft and big bearings, giving great strength of impression. TThe press is admirably built and finished. We have spared no pains to make it the most thoroughly up-to-date two-roller press for newspaper, first-class periodical and high speed commercial work. It is the latest and best of the drum class, and is without a rival anywhere. Its price is within easy reach of everyone who requires such a machine, and for what it secures we think it surprisingly low.

\section*{THE DOUBLE-FEED DISPATCH PRESS.}

Faster than the No. 7 Express, heavier, and only for newspaper and like work, is the Double Feed Dispatch. It is an old favorite, and is intended particularly for the printing of the daily in the smaller cities,

It is the fastest single cylinder flat-bed press of its size ever made, either drum or two-revolution. The bed runs just far enough to print the form, which is inked from both ends. For this purpose there is a high fountain, with vibrators and rollers, in front, and another in rear of cylinder. The short run of the bed has the advantage of materially reducing the size of the cylinder, which is not as large as it would be in an ordinary drum having bed of same size. The driving gear is three-to-one, and this with its heavy construction, short travel and double inking, gives a speed unknown to other flat-bed machines. It is quite as simple to operate as the ordinary drum. \(\$\) Its special service alone has been considered, without any attempt to fit the Dispatch for any thing else. For its purpose it has no rival. It is the only machine of its kind, and fills the gap between the ordinary drum and the perfecting press. For evening editions of 3500 or so there is no press as satisfactory. A larger morning edition can be printed as then there is more time. TThe Dispatch is made in one size only, a seven column quarto, bed \(39 \times 52\), with a speed, on a good foundation, of 3000 an hour. Weight, 16,800 pounds. \(T\) On special orders it can be built single-feed, which has as great speed as the double-feed; but this style requires the services of a very expert feeder to utilize the full capacity of the press. The double-feed permits the use of two feeders, each of whom is required to handle sheets to half the speed of the machine, with a greater certainty of securing it. A double-feed can be run as a single-feed, the change requiring but a moment's time. It is usual to run the first side with one feeder, and the last with two. Either feed-board may be used with one feeder, and but one folder is necessary. Either feeder has full control of the press. \(\$\) Compared with a flat-bed perfecting press the Dispatch possesses all the advantages required for the average circulation in the small cities. Not only does the former cost more than twice as much, but it requires more power, more space, higher priced labor, and the wastes are greater. Add the depreciation and interest on the increased cost, and the whole makes the expense for printing the average country daily antagonistic to an adequate profit, and far in excess of that incurred should the Dispatch be used. This machine requires a small investment, ordinary skill and experience, little power, little space, and makes little waste. It most satisfactorily solves the principal problem confronting the publishers of papers having circulations within its capacity. A folder can easily be attached. A good one is necessary to stand the pace.

\section*{THE FAST EXPRESS AND PONY DRUMS.}

Read, if you have not already done so, what we have said of the Standard, giving special heed to the claims made for the smaller sizes, the sizes used by job printers. Then imagine a Standard made heavier, stronger, and improved until it runs easily and quietly at 3600 an hour. This will be the Express, in every way deserving its name. It possesses every excellence of the Standard, all its special patented features, with some others of its own. Its great speed, its smoothness in operation, its accuracy of register, come through that simplest and most perfect of bed drives, our patented ball and socket motion, which we again borrow from the Optimus. TThe Express is the latest development in the drum cylinder, with speed as its chief characteristic. No quality, however, needed in a first-class printing machine has been neglected or sacrificed to furnish a speed heretofore impossible in this style of press. There is considerable low-priced work that can be done on this machine at a profit because of low cost and high speed; and there is little or no work, no matter how fine or exact, coming within the limitations of two rollers, that it cannot satisfactorily do in the hands of a good workman. TThe Express bed is \(24 \times 31\); form \(181 / 2 \times 27\). Rack and screw distribution; patented high fountain. Weight, 7100 pounds. TThis machine with the Pony Standard ( \(22 \times 27\), form \(171 / 2 \times 23\), speed 2400 ) and the Pony Regular, same size and speed as the Standard, but with table distribution, completes a trio of Pony drums that are without a rival. Three-color process work has been done upon them; color work in many printings and most good work is possible with them. Their cost is about one half of that of a two-roller two-revolution press. They will not cost as much as two large jobbers, will do more work and will do it better. Of two of them a Kansas City firm says: \(\mathbb{T}^{\prime}\) "We wish to say that the Pony Standard and the Pony Express cylinder presses which you have installed in our plant in the past year are absolutely satisfactory, both as to speed and quality of work produced. We do not believe there is a press in the market that will give the same results at anywhere near the price for which these
presses are sold." \(\$\) For nearly eleven years we have had a Standard Pony in constant use in our own printing department. It is an "old style" machine. It is not the perfected machine we sell now. Through all sorts of rushes; upon all sorts of work from plainest to that in several colors, it has always been a ready and certain means to a satisfactory end. It is a favorite, and deserves the partiality our employees have for it. Its last notable performances were the printing of the 35000 specimens (in invitation form) showing our new scripts, and the first edition of our handsome Chase Book in two colors, with halftones. \(\$\) Few printers indeed would put script forms-specimen forms-on a drum, and an old drum at that; nor would they attempt three-color work on such a press. This is because they do not know the Standard, and are not in any way familiar with the advantages and niceties of a first-class drum. They forget that all the improvements in presses have not been made upon the two-revolution, and that a large percentage of all printing can still be done upon a tworoller drum quite as well. TThe man who has a good trade that demands really nice, workmanlike, every-day printing, cannot go amiss in selecting either the Express, the Standard, or the Regular. Each has some special advantage of its own; and which of these is best adapted to his special needs is easily determined by the printer himself. No other drums as good have ever been made. They do not cost much, either at first or in operation. If he has the skill remarkably good results can be had, as satisfactory to his customers as profitable to himself. Of course a drum has limitations, but its range is not nearly as restricted as most printers pretend to believe. \(\boldsymbol{T F}\) or the job office the Nos. 2 and 4 Standard or Regular, or the No. 3 Express, are very desirable, and
will prove profitable. In the large pressroom they offer a low-cost and very efficient relief to the crowded two-revolutions, as in a recent case where illustrations of field flowers in eight colors were surprisingly well done on an old Standard.

\section*{THE DRUM IN GENERAL.}

Each style of printing press has its good points and its special uses; and there are some things within the easy range of drum cylinders that cannot be so perfectly produced on tworevolutions, surprising as such a statement may be to many. This is illustrated by a bit we find in a recent "Progressive Printer," wherein the writer recalls "taking a printer friend to see an up to date job office in which a large amount of color-work was done on very heavy cardboard. In the pressroom was a drum cylinder, right beside a latest pattern two-revolution; and our friend said to the manager, 'Why in the world do you keep such a trap in this modern office?' We were amused at seeing his look of incredulity when told there was no other press that would do the particular work they were doing quite so well." FMany are inclined to believe that the drum cylinder is a thing of the past. This in the main is an error, and is refuted by the steadily growing demand for presses of this class. It cannot be denied that much work requires a different kind of press; but there is now, and always will be, a large amount of good, clean, every-day printing to be done under
conditions that preclude the advantageous use of high-priced machines. These conditions demand a simple and easily understood press, one that will not require the services of an expert, and on which any good pressman may secure gratifying results with least possible outlay of time. These machines often run a part of the time only, and the investment should not be great. When the two-revolution came into prominence, the attention of both builders and users was turned to it, and for a time the drum was neglected. At that time the drum was not all it should have been; but its defects were not at all a necessary part of the drum style of press. The development of the tworevolution led later to the perfection of the drum, and its reinstatement in the good opinion of an exacting and constantly increasing trade. All that the drum needed was the careful improvements we have given it. These we have borrowed in part from the two-revolution, and they reach their highest development in the Standard, Regular and the Express. IONIC

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast in Uniform Line

\author{
6 Point Lining Ionic \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) \\ NEW PRIMARY ELECTION LAW Hot Wave Sweeps Over the Western Hemisphere \\ Yesterdays Temperature Above Normal 1234567890 \\ 18A \(35 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Lining Ionic \(3^{\mathrm{T}} / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) GOOD ADVERTISING \\ Lays the Foundation for a Successful And Sound 32 Business Venture
}

21A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Lining Ionic \(2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) MODERN MACHINERY
Used in the Construction of New Subways Made Far More Durable and Safe 1234567890

15A 28a 12 Point Lining Ionic \(31 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.75\)
IMMENSE STEEL
Structures Being Remodeled
Gigantic 32 Building

\section*{ELGIN IRON AND STEEL WORKS}

Foreign Contracts Placed With American Companies Business Blocks and 95 Tenement Houses

BEAUTIFUL SITES SELECTED
Building Operations Will Soon be Completed Beautiful Architectural 65 Designs

\section*{TREASURY DEPLETED}

Plans Submitted 38 For Three Bridges

\section*{ADVISORY BOARDS}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
\(24 \mathrm{~A} 50 \mathrm{a} \quad 6\) Point Clarendon No. \(5 \quad 19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) GREAT TRANSCONTINENTAL RAILROAD Grand Central Passenger Station and Freight House in Ruins

Three Thousand Passenger and Freight Cars Burning 1234567890

21 A 41 a 10 Point Clarendon No. \(5 \quad 31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
PULLMAN Palace COACH Reduced Rates to all Points in the North South and West 43 Beginning Today

23 A 46 a 8 Point Clarendon No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) NORTH BOUND LIMITED EXPRESS
Daily Arrival and Departure of Excursion Trains Grand Central Station Fifth Avenue 1234567890

15A \(31 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Clarendon No. \(5 \quad 37 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) DETROIT FAST MAIL Evanston Midnight Special Train Dining Car 64 Fine Service

\section*{DURABLE PRINTING MATERIAL}

Superior Copper Mixed Type on the Point Lining System
With Deep Cut Counters 53 Will Stand the Wear

\section*{CALIFORNIA EXPRESS TRAINS}

Fastest Time Record Ever Made December Second Beautiful Scenery 32 Vestibule Sleepers

\section*{GREAT INTERNATIONAL ROAD}

Passes Through Tunnels 37 and Dense Forest

6 Point Clarendon Extra Condensed No. 5
33 A 65 a
19/6 lbs., \$2.00
PAMOUS COLLEGE RIVALS MEET IN ANNUAL FOOTBALL GAME Tale Defeats Harvard in an Interesting Game and Clinches Championship 1234567890

12 Point Clarendon Extra Condensed No. 5
22A 44 a
311/26 lbs., \$2.75
MAKE A BUSINESS OF SAVING Your Savings Will 568 Make You a Business

8 Point Clarendon Extra Condensed No. 5
26 A 57 a
\(23 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
ANCIENT HISTORY OF ROMAN EMPIRE
Very Facinating and Educative Stady for Present Generation 1234567890

10 Point Clarendon Extra Condensed No. 5
26A52a
\(3^{1 / 26}\) lbs., \$2.50
CRUMBLING ALHAMBRA DESERTED
Where the Bodies of 39 Ancient Spanish Kings Rest

SPECIAL SALE ON HAND PAINTED HAVLIN CHINAWARE Unusual Purchase oi Samples 497 at Less Than Hali of Regular Price

\section*{COMPANY TO INSTALL RAILROAD T0 AURORA} New Line will be Equipped 635 With Modern Improvements

\title{
TWELVE UNITED STATES PRESIDEMTS Several Government Ofiicials 43 Visited Switzerland
}

\section*{6 A 12 a}

\section*{REVISED AMERICAN HISTORY Contains Biography of 7 Georye Washington}

17 A 33 a 5 Point Caledonian No. \(5 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) ALPHONSOS NEW AUTOMOBILE

Moves Forward Slowly and is Guaranteed not to Kill 1234567890

20A 36 a \(\quad 8\) Point Caledonian No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CALIFORNIA AND MICHIGAN
Four Thousand Apple 63 and Peach Trees

18 A 36a 6 Point Caledonian No. 5 1Y/16 Ibs., \(\$ 2.00\) SEVERAL LARGE CROPS OF CORN Wheat Rye and Oats Destroyed very Recently 1234567890

16 A 31 a 10 Point Caledonian No. 5 31/r lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) ELEGANT CHERRIES
Large Shipments 7 Received Daily

\title{
SEVERE COLD SNAPS Furnished by the 48 Weather Man
}

\title{
CORNER STONES Bought Sold 94 and Crushed
}

\title{
ONE PAPER MILL Situated on 6 Fox River
}

\title{
FINE GRADE People 3 Agreed
}

\section*{TABLETS}

\section*{Linen 8 Paper}

21 A 42 a 6 Point Lining Doric \(19 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.00^{\circ}\) CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY DIRECTOR Proficiency and Advancement in all Branches 1234567890

17A 34 a
10 Point Lining Doric \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
TWO BILLION IN COIN United States 32 Money Order

11 A \(20 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point Lining Doric \(45 / \mathrm{hb}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{YOUNG WOMEN} Little Girls 5 at Play

22 A 44 a \(\quad 8\) Point Lining Doric \(\quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) DRESS SKIRTS IN HOMESPUN
Among the Many Bargains Offered Today 1234567890

14 A 28 a 12 Point Lining Doric \(31 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
HAVANA CIGARS
Three Dollars 6 Per Box
7 A 14 a 18 Point Lining Doric \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\) KING JOHN
Brave 2 2 Soldier

\section*{ONE HUNDRED YEARS} Grandest Historical 28 Events

\title{
FAMOUS FORTS \\ Guarded With 7 Soldiers
}

3A \(6 a\)
36 Point Lining Doric
83 /r lbs., \(\$ 5.10\)

\title{
KING HENRY \\ Soldiers 3 Attacking \\ \\ OLD ROMAN \\ \\ OLD ROMAN \\ Burying 5 Ground
} NUIMBER 6

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

> 19 A 37a 6 Point Lin. Antique No. \(6 \quad 19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\) HORSE RACE AT BRIGHTON PARK Beatemall Wins Opening Event at Fifty to One Jockey Punkrider is Thrown in Second Race 1234567890

12 A \(24 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Lin. Antique No. 6 3 \(\mathrm{HI} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{TRAIN WRECKED} Accident in 715 Elma City
\(20 \mathrm{~A} 40 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Lin. Antique No. \(6 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) WORTDS GREATEST CIRCUS

Acrobatic Performers the Chief Attraction
Wild Man from Borneo Eats Gorillas 1234567890

15 A 30 a 10 Point Lin. Antique No. 6 31/i6 lbs., \$2.50
PLAYER BADIY HURT Baseball Fits 428 His Stomach

\section*{LARGE STAMP COLLECTION} Many Varieties from 78 Both Continents

\section*{STOCK SHOW A SUCCESS} Rare Specimens 36 on Exhibition

\section*{4A7a \\ 30 Point Lining Antique No. 6 \\ 71/16 lbs., \$4.35 \\ MINER RETURNS \\ Dug Gold 29 California}

\section*{3 A 6 a}

\section*{watch sale}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

23 A 43 a \(51 / 2\) Point Antique No. 53 11/4 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) LAWBREAKERS FIND STERN JUDGES Thugs Being Severely Punished for Crimes Committed 1234567890

20A 39 a 8 Point Antique No. \(53 \quad 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) NATIVES OF THE PHILIPPINES Exhibited at the 67 Worlds Exposition

15 A 30 a \(\quad 12\) Point Antique No. \(53 \quad 33 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)
ERIE STATE BANK Three Per Cent 82 Interest.

7 A 12a 24 Point Antique No. \(53 \quad 51 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.60\)

\section*{ENGINES} Ladies 37 Club
\(22 \mathrm{~A} 41 \mathrm{a} \quad 6\) Point Antique No. 53 19/r lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) BOYS AND YOUNG MENS CLOTHING Headwear Leather Goods Rubbers and Umbrellas 1234567890

18 A \(35 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Antique No. 53 31/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) CHICAGO WATER WORKS Elgin and Aurora 36 Electric Cars

12 A 23 a 14 Point Antique No. 53 41/4 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
COITON FABRTCS Wholesale and 93 Retail

> 9 A 17 a \(\quad 18\) Point Antique No. \(53 \quad 45 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
> HOSPITALITY Harvard 3 Student

\title{
HORSE RACING Oranges 6 and Peaches
}

\section*{3A6a \\ 36 Point Antique No. 53 \\ 81/2 lbs., \(\$ 5.25\) \\ CREAM ROLLS Daily and 4 Sunday}

\section*{NATURAL}

Open
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S


192

Canal
SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

\section*{ANTIQUE}

NO. 7

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

20 A 40 a \(\quad 5^{1 / 2}\) Point Antique No. \(7 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) STREET CARS OF LATEST PATTERN

North Division Suburban Electric Railroad Companies 1234567890

16 A 32 a 10 Point Antique No. \(7 \quad 3^{1 / 66}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
HOMELESS CHILDREN Receiving 6 Christmas Presents

20 A 40 a 6 Point Antique No. \(7 \quad 19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) EXPENSIVE HOUSEHOLD PRESENTS Purchased for the New Brides and Grooms 1234567890

19A 37 a 8 Point Antique No. \(7 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) FINEST DIAMOND STICKPIN

Very Handsome 8 Solid Gold Necklaces

\section*{GENERAL BUSINESS OFFICE OPENED}

Investors Protective and 94 Loan Association Incorporated

LINING ANTIQUE
 CONDENSED SERIES

> Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

26 A 50 a 8 Point Lining Antique Cond. \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) HIGH GRADE PIANOS AND ORGANS

The Largest and Finest Stock of Pianofortes in the Country 1234567890

21 A 39 a 12 Point Lining Antique Cond. \(317 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
FINE VIOLINS AND GUITARS
Concerts Given by the 8 Mandolin Clubs

23 A 48 a 10 Point Lining Antique Cond. \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) GRAND AND UPRIGHT PIANOS
Excellent Bargain in Slightly Used Instruments 1234567890

16A 34 a 14 Point Lining Antique Cond. \(45 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 3.00\) MUSICIANS FAVORITE
Wonderful Instrument 4 Exhibit

\section*{TICKETS SOLD AT THE GRANT MUSIC HOUSE}

Cotton Pickers Brass Band 6 Playing at the Riverview Parks

\section*{LARGEST COLORED MINSTREL TROUPE}

Africans Sing and Play the 9 Popular Songs of the Day

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
28A 55 a 10 Point Skeleton Antique No. \(55 \quad 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) magnificent scenery along the lake shore \\ Excursion steamers Now Running From Chicago to Milwaukee 1234567890
}

13A 25a 20 Point Skeleton Antique No. \(554^{1} / 1 / 6\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) CONSOLIDATED BAKERY
Dealers in Firist 97 Class Fancy Pastry

24 A 46 a 12 Point Skeleton Antique No. \(55 \quad 3^{1 / 66}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) FASHIONABLE ORIENTAL COSTUMES Colored Ostrich Plumes for Ladies Spring Hat Styles 1234567890

20A 39a 14 Point Skeleton Antique No. 55 39/6 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) gram porex fir in ichilial Bnildings Surrounded 36 by Walls of Flame

\section*{GREAT OPPORTUNITIES II IHE COVERNMENT SERVICE}

Honesty is a steppining stone that Lealds 3804 to Conificontial Positums

54 Point Skeleton Antique No. 55 GERIIAN SALTEN PRETHELSS


\section*{LINING}

CHAMFEA
are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.


\title{
36 Point Lining Chamfer \\ 35/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.90\) \\ MEETIMG OF OIBECTOAS 54 PPOUVEE CISH
} BAMK EXAMMNER 28 SMITH PREEENT TAKES CHARGE 93 OF BANK ASSETS WILL START 82 PAYING MONDAY

NUMBER 55

Weigths and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

THOMAS JEFFERSON MUST HAVE THOUCETP HE HAD OUTCROWN SHORT TROUSERS When He astonished the Cabinet by His Appearing Betore Them in Long Irousers and a New Frock Coat Red Neckie Standing Collar Fancy Yest Buttonolole Bouquet Feedora Hat and Tan Shoes 1234597890

\section*{FINEST WOOLEN MILLS LOCATED ALONG THE OLD CREEK}

\title{
Prisoners Robbed Colorado Gold Mines Saturday Morning August Fourth
}

Detective Brown Awarded Lead 32 Medal for Making Capture

24 Point Antique Condensed No. 55
TROUSERS BICYCLE RIDERS WEAR TODAY
Are Somewhat Similar to Those Worn in Colonial Times Wheels Having 95 Revived Olden Time Styles

\section*{COPPER-MIXED TYPR RECEIVED} Highest Award at the 8 Columbian Exposition

\section*{6 A 10 a}

42 Point Antique Condensed No. 55
\(71 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.25\)

\section*{THOUSANDS OF PRIINTING OFFICES} Use Only Superior 46 Copper-Mixed Type

NUMBER 52

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Cap Line．

29 A 12 Point Antique Cond．No． \(52 \quad 2^{1 / 26}\) lbs．，\(\$ 1.50\) united states minstrels concerts 1234567890

23 A 14 Point Antique Cond．No． \(52 \quad 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.75\)
CONCERT GIVEN BY ORCHESTRA 1234567890
\(19 \mathrm{~A} \quad 18\) Point Antique Cond．No． \(52 \quad 3^{1 / 66} \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.00\)
FINEST FARMS 2 LOWEST

\title{
SHEEP SWINE POULTRY 29 AND STOCK FARMI
}
9 A

36 Point Antique Condensed No． 52

48 Point Antique Condensed No． 52
63 华 lbs．，\＄4．05
HOUSES 4
T
41 O
 B R
是

60 Point Antique Condensed No． 52


72 Point Antique Condensed No． 52
\(8^{13}\) 后 \(\mathrm{Ibs} ., \$ 5.10\)


LOW PRIIEF 5 LANDS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

13 A 25 a 6 Point Ant. Extended Nó. 5519 亿 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) HOUSES R:XCEIANGED City and Country Pxopexty Boushet 1234567390

9A 17a 10 Point Ant. Extended No. 55 3¹/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
NERRO IS KITNG Said the 4 Romans

3A 6a 20 Point Ant. Extended No. \(5545 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{INETV} EIat 7 Pin

11 A 20 a 8 Point Ant. Extended No. 55 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) EIINTET ERETITE F"MEla IEOMO IBatxoc Pios 1234567890

7A 14a 12 Point Ant. Extended No. 55 3 \(11 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
FRICEIEST Roast 58 Moats

5A 10a 16 Point Ant. Extended No. 55 43/8 1bs., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{ITCTBI퐁} Send 9 Cow

30 Point Antique Extended No. 55

Ant. Brxted
81/8 Ibs., \$5.05

\title{
R円D IANV Bring 8 Greed
} Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

7A 14 a 12 Point Ant. Extended No. 56 333/4 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)

\section*{EEUTNMMPIRES}
shot 68 Deers

5A 9a 16 Point Ant. Extended No. 56 47/16 lbs., \$3.05

\section*{GIINGTER But 4 Giold}

\title{
20 Point Antique Extended No. 56 \\ 51/4 lbs., \$3.50 \\ 3A6a \\ FIOLD TPIGEHT Till Stars 45 Shine
}

\title{
 Ring:s 3 MIade
}

\title{
ANTIIQUE \\ Еス工．NO． \(5 B\)
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Úniform Line．


\section*{IINIMNG FEFMVCII AM，ANIIQUE EエエID．}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Unitorm Line．

15 A 29 a 6 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.00\) CエIMAAK E®ACFIED WエIエI Eeautiful Poem loy Wm．Shalzespeare 1234567890

I1 A 22 a 10 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(3^{1 / 16}\) Ibs．，\(\$ 2.50\)
エエエモ゙スベリモ尸 IIundred Years 39 Old

6 A 9 a 16 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(43 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{DAIEJ Coms 6 Calves}

14A 25 a 8 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\) FINTE NJFてV BOOFSS Eobinson Crusoe East Iエアnne 1234567890

8 A 15 a 14 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(4 / 4 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) DUTMAS Good 57 Dremas

4A 8 a 20 Point Lining French Ant．Extd． \(45 / 16\) lbs．，\(\$ 3.25\)


Solo 8 Irret

24 Point Lining French Antique Extended
55／8 1bs．，\＄3．60
ユル上上上ICIES

Lining Antique

9 A 19 a 14 Point Lining Antique Pointed \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\) PORK CHOPS Fine Mutton Stews 1234567890

6A 13a 18 Point Lining Antique Pointed 5 lbs ., \(\$ 3.30\)
DIRFCHOR
Music Colleges 1234567890

\title{
SMALL RED BEETS
}

\author{
String Beans Pickled Onions Green Peas and 5 Cabbage
}


COMPLETE OUTFITS OF FINE MAHOGANY BOOKCASES ROLLTOP DESKS FINE CHAIRS 95 ALL KINDS OFFICE FURNITURE

BRUSSELS CARPETS AND TAPESTRY FASHIONABLE DINING 58 ROOM DECORATIONS \\ \title{
\section*{24 Point Lining Concave \\ \title{
\section*{24 Point Lining Concave \\ \\ 8 A \\ \\ 8 A \\ \\ PERFORMING \\ \\ PERFORMING MORNING 5 EXERCISES
} MORNING 5 EXERCISES
}

\section*{5A}

30 Point Lining Concave
4行化 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{CHINA 7 CABINETS}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

22 A 41 a 6 Point Lining Modern Antique \(19 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) CHOICE FLOWERS OF CENTRAL AMERICA Traveling the Beautiful Switzerland Mountains 1234567890

19A 38a 10 Point Lining Modern Antique \(3^{1 / 166}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) FINE BARGAIN COUNTERS Small Store Has 947 Artistic Display

18 A 38 a 8 Point Lining Modern Antique \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) STONE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT Beautiful Scenery of the Rocky Mountains 1234567890

17 A 32 a 12 Point Lining Modern Antique \(3^{11 / 616 ~ I b s ., ~} \$ 2.75\) AMERICAN STEAMBOAT Pleasant Refreshing 43 Stream

\section*{GENERAL QUARTERS FOR IMPORTED FIGS} Reception and Ball given 56 by Prominent Clubmen

\section*{EASTERN CONFERENCE MEETS} Chicago Madison 73 and Saint Paul Bonds

\section*{GRADUATING EXERCISES} Evanston Musical 64 College Enlarged

\title{
SUBSTANTIAL COMFORTS President of 36 Three Railroads
}

\title{
SPRING CHICKENS Received 8 Friday Morning
}

\title{
42 Point Lining Modern Antique \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ \mathbf{\$ 6 . 2 5}\) \\ CURIOUS DEPOSIT Found Gold 9 Nuggets
}

\title{
SHEET MUSIC Operatic 7 Singing \\  \\ Diisplay \\  \\  3 A 3 a \\ 72 Point Lining Modern Antique \\  \\ 
}

\section*{Lining Light Modern Series}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

7 A 14 a

\section*{HARVESTING MACHINERY}

First Class Results Obtained Through The
Good Work of 36 These Machines

5A 10a
30 Point Lining Light Modern

\section*{\(67 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\) \\ FINE DAIRY BUTTER Wisconsin Full 7 Cream Cheese}

5A 8 a
36 Point Lining Light Modern
\(8^{1 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} .,} \$ 5.00\)

\section*{MORNING PAPERS General Delivery 5 Station}
\(105 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.35\)

\title{
ORNAMENTAL Mahogany 4 Rockers
}

48 Point Lining Light Modern
\(13 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.80\) GEOGRAPHY Mounds 8 Streams

\section*{LATIN}

COME AND SEE OUR BIG BARGAIN UPHOLSTERED PARLOR FURNITURE SETS 1234567890

FURNITURE CONVENTION SOLID OAK ROCKING 27 CHAIRS

20 Point Latin No. 52
37/6 lbs., \$2.25
OAK AND 45 BRASS BEDS
GRAND 3 FURNITURE FINE COUCHES 7

42 Point Latin No. 52
77/8 lbs., \$4.75

\title{
RED 8 ROOMS
}

48 Point Latin No. 52


QUALITY ANDFINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{LIGHT}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

17 A 34 a 6 Point Light Latin \(19 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\) READY TO WEAR GARMENTS Our Quality and Workmanship Unequaled 1234567890

14 A 29a 10 Point Light Latin \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) RESCUING SINNERS Enlightens Your 32 Burden 6 A 10 a 24 Point Light Latin \(5 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.60\) HOME RUN Scored 7 Eight

15A 31 a
8 Point Light Latin
2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\)
MANS COMPLETE CLOTHIER Clothing for Particular Dressers 1234567890

14 A 26a 12 Point Light Latin \(311 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) CANNED APRICOTS

Delicious 5 Canned Goods

7A \(15 \mathrm{a} \quad 18\) Point Light Latin 5 lbs , \(\$ 3.30\)
ESTABLISHED Printing 6 Office

5A 9a

\section*{MELODIOUS STRAINS}

Mandolin Violin 4 and Guitar

36 Point Light Latin
87/8 lbs., \(\$ 5.50\) LARGE STORE Wholesale 5 Jewelry 3 A 5 a

13¹/60 lbs., \$7.85

\section*{ONE \\ }


206


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE


MILITARY CARNIVAL Great Opening 5 Tonight

\title{
FRESH MEATS
}

Pure Jersey 2 Butter
3 A 5 a
48 Point Latin No. 5
\(1215 / \mathrm{T6}\) lbs., \(\$ 7.80\)
HARD


8W \(\square\) NUMBER ONE

28 A 55 a 10 Point Latin Condensed No. 1 3¹/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
CELEBRATING VICTORIA DAY IN CHATHAM
Bold Bad Men Robbed the Banks in Broad Day Light 1234567890

11 A 21 a 24 Point Latin Condensed No. 1 51/2 lbs., \$3.55
BOYS TAKE WARNING
Danger is 34 Hovering Near

8 A 15 a 30 Point Latin Condensed No. 1 67/\% lbs., \(\$ 4.00\) PACIFIC SAILOR Dangerous 52 Voyaǵe

24 A 48 a 12 Point Latin Condensed No. 1 3 \(1 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) Par II THe DISTAMCE CAME THE Enemy Our Whole Regiment Kept as Still as Death 1234567890

16A 33a 18 Point Latin Condensed No. \(145 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) SPEND NOT YOUR TIME IDELY Make Hay While 65 the Sun Shines

\footnotetext{
6 A 10 a 36 Point Latin Condensed No. \(1 \quad 6316\) lbs., \(\$ 4.25\)
}

\section*{EIGHT WOMEN \\ Arrested 2 Sunday}

\section*{6 A 10 a \\ 48 Point Latin Condensed No. 1 \\ \(1011 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 6.40\) \\ THAMES RIVER TRAGEDY \\ Wost Delightruill 8 Summer Outing}

3 A 4 a
60 Point Latin Condensed No. 1
\(85 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
Stylish June 3 WEDDINGS

3 A 4 a
72 Point Latin Condensed No. 1
93/16 lbs., \$5.30

\title{
COMING
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

22 A 43 a \(\quad 10\) Point Lining Runic \(\quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) REFRESHING RECREATION
From the Daily Business Adventures of Life 1234567890

11 A 20 a 18 Point Lining Runic \(\quad 45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\) SENIOR GRADES Graduation 7 Exercise

18 A 37 a \(\quad 12\) Point Lining Ranic \(\quad\) 3 \(4 / 6\) lbs., 82,75 LINING SYSTEM TYPES
From Superior Copper-Mixed Metal 1234567890

14 A 27 a 14 Point Lining Runic \(\quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) ELEGANT DESIGNS
Large Display 4 of Fine Art

7 A 12 a
24 Point Lining Runic
57/i6 lbs., \$3.50

\section*{RAILWAY FREIGHT STATION} Household Goods 58 Safely Transported 5A11a 30 Point Lining Runic

\section*{GRAND STREET PARADE} Consisting of 9 New Brass Bands

5 A 8 a

42 Point Lining Runic
9 lbs., \$5.40
FINE READING ROOM Institute Public 7 Library 4 A 8 a

54 Point Lining Runic
\(129 / 16 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{s} ., \$ 7.55\)

CONVENTIONS

CLARENDON

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

29 A 58a 6 Point Lining Fr. Clarendon \(19 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) aUCiton sale tuesday and saturday
Eousehold Furniture Horses Cows Sheep Eogs and Farming Machinery 1234567890

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Lining Fr. Clarendon \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{Jbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) MOST NOBLE CHARGER
Carried Him From 374 the Battle Fields

13 A 25 a 18 Point Lining Fr. Clarendon \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\) FAITHFUL GUARD Saved Many 592 Buildings

25A 49a 8 Point Lining Fr. Clarendon 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) PRETTY AND TASTY DESIGNS

Made by Using our Lining Type Rules and Borders 1234567890

18 A 35 a 12 Point Lining Fr. Clarendon \(3^{11 / 16 ~} \mathrm{lbs} . . \$ 2.75\) RUSSIAN SEALSKIN
Fur Coats Cloaks 386 and Jackets

16 A 31 a 14 Point Lining Fr. Clarendon \(4 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
GOLD AND SILVER
Mines of Utah 453 and Nevada

\section*{IMPORTED LACE CURTAINS}

\section*{Plain and Fancy 73 Portiers and Table Covers}

\title{
FINE FARM PRODUCTS
}

Butter Chese Millk 42 Honey Poultry

4 A \(7 a\)
36 Point Lining French Clarendon
\(73 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.45\)

\title{
LONDON GARDENS \\ Manchester 59 Outing Club
}

23A 45a 14 Point Lin. Egyptian Ex. Cond, 39/ro lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
 Found in Aburames in South Amarica and Africa 12045569800

7A 15 a 36 Point Lin. Egyptian Ex. Cond. 55/8 Ibs., \(\$ 4.30\)


18A 36a 18 Point Lin. Egyptian Ex. Cond. \(4^{1 / 66}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)

Twanty Motroins 88 Chooks in Mamas City 123450880

13A 23a 24 Point Lin. Egyptian Ex. Cond. 4 \(4 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.50\)

\section*{}


60 Point Lining Egyptian Extra Condensed
ACROSSS THEE 8 Allantic in Boats

4A6a
72 Point Lining Egyptian Extra Condensed
13 Ibs., \$8.85
Langest Body AGOFWATEB
```
14A 26a 8 Point Lining Egyptian Extd. 21/4/ lbs., $2.25
    BLUSEING M&AIDEN
Mexry Millsmaid Dxiving Com;
    Fome From the Pastuxe
            1234567890
```

\section*{SPORTSMEN FUNTING WILD GAME} Deer Antelopes Buffalos 23 Bears Iions and Tigers

\section*{RABBITS DEER AND QUAIL} Fiunters Pursued by 5 Savage Founds

\title{
ELCIN DAIRT Aurora 97 Milk Depot
} 3 A 4 a

48 Point Lining Egyptian Extended
\(121 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)

\title{
BUTTER \\ Fresh 65 Dairy
}

\section*{LINING GOTHIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

34 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(821 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) many men makea mistake when they fail to live this out 1234567890

23 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(823 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) WITH THE STRONGEST 346 BANK IN AMERICA

20 A
6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 825 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) ARE OFTEN 864 MANY MILES SQUARE

16A 10 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(821^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) DRIVE WITHOUT 3 HARM
\(8 \mathrm{~A} \quad 16\) Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(8229 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.75\)

\section*{NORTH 3 WEST}

8A 20 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 82 39/1b lbs., \(\$ 2.35\)

\section*{BATHING \\ 2}

\section*{\(4 \mathrm{~A} \quad 36\) Point Lining Gothic Title No. 82 \\ 63/8 lbs., \$3.95 \\ MODEL 4 SUIT}

\section*{4 A}

48 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 82
85/46lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)



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QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC} TITLE SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

> 28 A 6 Point Modern Gothic Title No. 1 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) THE INVENTION OF PRINTING HAS BEEN RECOGNIZED BY ALL MEN AS THE MOST IMPORTANT 1234567890

> 22A 8 Point Modern Gothic Title No. 3 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\)
> THE FIFTEENTH CENTURY TYPES MADE 24 WITHOUT SYSTEM

> 17 A 10 Point Modern Gothic Title No. 5 11/16 1bs., \(\$ 1.40\)
> LINING SYSTEM POINT LINE 72 POINT SET

> 13 A \(\quad 12\) Point Modern Gothic Title 2 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)
> COPPER MIXED DURABLE 65 TYPES

\author{
10 A \(\quad 16\) Point Modern Gothic Title \(25 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 1.80\) \\ FINE TYPE MANY 5 FACES
}

22 A 6 Point Modern Gothic Title No. \(23 / 4\) lb., \(\$ 1.00\) BIG SILK CLEARANCE SALE EVERY ODD AND BROKEN LINE SOLD BELOW COST 1234567890

18 A 8 Point Modern Gothic Title No. 4 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) WEDNESDAY BARGAINS GREAT DAY AT 92 THE STORES

16 A 10 Point Modern Gothic Title No. 6 11/16 lbs., \$1.40 TRADING STAMPS MONDAY 48 PURCHASES

\title{
\(12 \mathrm{~A} \quad 14\) Point Modern Gothic Title \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) \\ SUNSHINE RAIN 23 STORMS
}
\(10 \mathrm{~A} \quad 18\) Point Modern Gothic Title \(33 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.15\)

\section*{LIGHTNING DARK 7 CLOUD}

9 A 20 Point Modern Gothic Title
31/2 Ibs., \$2.30
BEST STEAMERS 3 AFLOAT
\(6 \mathrm{~A} \quad 24\) Point Modern Gothic Title
THE POETS 7 OF OLD

30 Point Modern Gothic Title


36 Point Modern Gothic Title
\(6^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.75\)

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.


4A


3 A


60 Point Modern Gothic Title

\(119 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.95\)
54 Point Modern Gothic Title

\(14^{1 / 8}\) Ibs., \(\$ 8.50\)

\(163 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 9.70\)



53 A 6 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) montu amenienk dook and marazine poblishine compant incorpontted stamenra woprs hy tue most celebrated authons embracimo selence aro litebature 12 2567999

34 A 6 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 3 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) ENLARGED CYCLOPAEDIA OF ENGLISH LITERATURE BOUND VOLUMES OF SHAKESPEARES 23 CHOICEST PRODUCTIONS

31 A 8 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 5 1 \(1 / 4 \cdot \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) FRENCH AND ITALIAN MUSICIANS REHEARSE FOR CHRISTMAS 49 ENTERTAINMENTS

29 A 10 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 7 11/6 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\)
FORTY BASS AND TENOR SOLOISTS CONCERT BY GOVERNMENT 89 INDIANS

40 A 6 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 2 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) annual of scientific oiscovery in science art and chemistry important inventions and improvements in mechanics on exhibition 1234567890

36 A 8 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 4 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) NATIONAL MINING MACHINERY COMPANY MANUFACTURERS OF SHAFTING 45 AND WELL PUMPS

34 A 10 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title No. 6 11/66 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) NORTHWESTERN INVESTMENT BUREAU INTEREST PAID ON 73 TIME DEPOSITS ONLY

23 A 12 Point Modern Go. Cond. Title 2 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) TORNADOES AND HURRICANES FIERCE ELECTRICAL 57 STORM

\title{
FOREIGN BUYERS IN AMERICAN MARKETS Struggle to place large 23 orders for spring stock
}

\section*{PATRIOTIC ENTHUSIASM DEMONSTRATED} FOURTH OF JULY CELEBRATED 46 BY SCHOOL CHILDREN

\title{
MAGAZINES FOR STORING EXPLOSIVES discovered by mounted 85 SCOUTS IN MICHIGAN
}

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC}

\section*{GOVERNMENT 7 RESERVATION}

\title{
natural 3 HISTORY
}

\section*{5 A}

HORSES
54 Foint Modern Gothic Condensed Title
8 lbs., \$4.80

\section*{5}
 ITT LE

60 Point Modern Gothic Condensed Title
65/8 lbs., \$4.00


\section*{MODERN GOTHIC \\ \& CONDENSED TITLE}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

72 Point Modern Gothic Condensed Title
99/16 lbs., \$5.55

\section*{ \\ 7}
*

84 Point Modern Gothic Condensed Title
13 lbs., \(\$ 7.30\)



\section*{THROUGH SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS}

SUPERIOR EQUIPMENT CONSISTING OF COACHES, PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS and dining cars, heated by steam and lighted by electricity.

\section*{CHICAGO CITY}

T0

\section*{Manchester ano Geneva}

\section*{via NIAGARA FALLS}

AND
Chicago and Port Huron Rallroads


TITLE NO. 117

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

33 A 5 Point Lining Gothì Title No. \(117 \quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) SUPERIOR COPPER MIXEO TYPE CIST ON THE POINT LINIGG SYSTEM acknowledged to be the hardest lichtest ano most durable Tpe in the morld 1234567890

39 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(117 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) hUWTING IN THE WILD JUNGLES OF SOUTH AFRICA bold and adyenturous travelers undertake dangerous journey

39 A 10 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 1171 1"/6 lbs., \$1.40 FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE BUILDING TOTALLY DESTROYED BY 364 FIRE THURSDAY NIGHT

25 A 12 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(117 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) MEN OF BUSINESS ABILITY ACCUMULATING 257 LARGE FORTUNES

36 A \(\quad\) 512 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(117 \quad 5 / 26 \mathrm{Ib} ., \$ 1.00\) HOW TO BE KAPPY THOUGH MARRIED AND OTHER FAIRY STORIES WRItten expressly for young couples who contemplate making the fatal step 1234567890

44 A 8 Point Lining Gotbic Title No. 117 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.25\) INTERESTING HISTORICAL INCIDENTS WITH BRIEF account of THE hardships endureo by the early settlers

33 A 10 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 1172 1t1/16 lbs., \$1.40 PATRIOTIC ENTHUSIASM DISPLAYED LEGTURERS RECEIVE 948 HEARTY WELCOME

21 A 16 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117 29/6 lbs., \$1.75

MAGAZINES FOR STORING DYNAMITE AND 27 GUN COTTON

\title{
GREAT DELUGE CAUSED BY CLOUD BURST LAST WEEK MANY SHIIPS ARE LOST UPON 34 THE ROCKS IN THE FIERCE GALE
}

18 A

\title{
DISCOVERED THE ENEMY HIDING IN AMBUSH MOUNTED SCOUTS GIVE 68 CHASE AND CAPTURE TWENTY
}
\(14 \mathrm{~A} \quad 24\) Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(117 \quad 37 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
STORY BOOKS TO 92 AMUSE THE LITLLE FOLLS

9 A
30 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117
4 lbs., \$2.65
MACHINES AND 84 PRINTING PRESS

8 A
36 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117
53/8 lbs., \(\$ 3.35\)
AMBITION LEADS 57 TO SUCCESS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ENTHUSIASTIC 4 MERCHANTS}
HANDSOME 25 SELECTION


60 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117
59/r6 lbs., \$3.35
DURABLE 98 TYPES 3 A

72 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117
7 \(1 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.35\)

\(101 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.45\)
96 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 117

\section*{POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY \\  \\ BRICK}


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

68 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(601 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\)


 133667790

43 A 6 Poịnt Lining Gothic Title No. \(603 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) the amusement parks are crowded to their capacity thousanos of people passing their 3276 Leisure hours in the parks

32 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(605 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) GREAT FRUIT INDUSTRY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA elghteen hundred cars 672 Were shipped last year

28 A 8 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 607 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) GLASSWARE QUEENSWARE STOVES CARPETS 84 AND FURNITURE

18A 12 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(60 \quad 2\) lbs.. \(\$ 1.50\)
MUSICAL JOURNALS INCREASE 9 CIRCULATION
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 52 \text { A } 6 \text { Point Lining Gothic Title No. } 602 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00 \\
& \text { the consolidated north american book and magazine company } \\
& \text { stanoard works by the most celebrateo authors embracing theology and science } \\
& \text { exhibiting the most important discoveries in mechanics and chemistry } \\
& 1234567690
\end{aligned}
\]

35 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(604 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) STEEL CONSTRUCTED SHIPS PROTECTED WITH ARMOR EVERY COUNTRY STRIVING FOR 4652 SUPREMACY ON THE WATERS
\(\begin{array}{rl}32 \mathrm{~A} & 8 \text { Point Lining Gothic Title No. } 606 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25 \\ & . \text { MONTHLY BARGAINS ADVERTISED }\end{array}\)
HONEST POLITE 23 ACCOMODATING SALESMEN

23 A 10 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 60 11/6 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) FIVE THOUSAND MEN EMPLOYED AT 42 THREE-RIVERS

18 A 14 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(60 \quad 29 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.80\) LARGE ORDERS PLACED 65 BY PHONE

\title{
MODERN ELECTRICAL MACHINERY GRADUALLY TAKING 5 PLACE OF STEAM
}

\title{
HORSES CATTLE BOUGHT 36 AND SOLD
}

\section*{COMPETITION \\ TRADE 58 JOURNAL}

42 Point Lining Gotbic Title No. 60
53/8 lbs., \$3.25

\section*{PNEUMATIC ROAD 36 HOUSE}

54 Point Lining Gothic Title No, 60
73/4 lbs., \$4.65


60 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 60
91/16 lbs., \$5.75



POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY



QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

25 A 6 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(90 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\)
extra fine grade woolen goods placed on bargain counter next tuesday 1234567890

19A 8 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(902 \quad 1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES 3759 VEGETABLES
\(15 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(90 \quad 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.50\)
LATEST NOVELTY WIRELESS 3 MESSAGE

24 A 8 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 901 11/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.25\)
WHEN A PERSON DIES DEATH
MAY BE FROM NUMEROUS DISEASES 1234567890

18 A 10 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(90 \quad 11 / 56\) lbs., \(\$ 1.40\)
MEDICAL COLLEGE YOUNG 8473 PHYSICIANS

13 A 14 Point Lining Gothic Title No. \(90 \quad 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.75\)

\section*{GOLD WATCH SILVER 379 RINGS}

11 A
18 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 90
3\%/16 lbs., \$2.00
LARGE BANKING CONCERN WESTCHESTER 562 TIMES-HERALD

\title{
LARGE POWER HOUSES GREAT ENGINES 38 DYNAMOS
}

24 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 90
\(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.70\)
PROMINENT 47 SPEAKER

5 A
GREAT 59 WISDOM

42 Point Lining Gothic Title No. 90
\(71 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.50\)

\title{
PIANO
}

8224

33 A 6 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 71 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) BIJOU THE WORLDS RENOWN HAIRLESS WONDER
WILL MaKe his last appearance before the public eye 1234567890

34 A 8 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 7 I \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) NORTH AVENUE KENNEL COMPANY PEDIGREED DOGS SILK 463 hares and Pigeons

23A 14 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 7 2 \(1 / 2\) Ibs., \(\$ 1.75\)
TWELVE LARGE CAMELS KILLED CROSSING 82 RAILWAY

31 A 6 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(72 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) SAMBO THE CELEBRATED TRICK ELEPHANT
WILL BE ON EXHIBITION DAILY AT THE NEW AUDITORIUM 1234567890

3IA 10 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 7 1t/16 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) FIREWORKS FOR THE CHILDREN
SKY ROCKET BALLOONS 35 AND TORCHES

23A 12 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(7 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) CHRISTMAS EVERGREENS FROM HENDERSON 57 NURSERIES

\section*{PROHIBIT SUNDAY 87 BASE BALL GAMES}

\section*{FINE HARNESS 34 ROBES AND WHIP}

30 Point Gothic Compressed Title No. 7
45/i6 lbs., \$2.70
REPAIR BOOTS 57 AND SHOES

\section*{6A \\ 42 Point Gothic Compressed Title No. 7 \\ 55\% lib lbs., \$3.5 \\ FINE DRESS 2 PARADES \\ }

GOTHIC COMPPESSED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(41 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(8 \quad 11 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.25\) FOUR BAYS TRAMP THBOUGH THE WILDS OF AFFICA GBEAT HAROSHIISS WEBE ENOUBED BY THE ADVENTUROUS TRAVELERS 1234567800

32A 14 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(8 \quad 2^{2} / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\)
TWELFTH ANWUL PABAOE AT BARHWALLE FRIDAY EVENNMG JANUARY THE ELEVENTH AT EGHT \(15 \mathrm{~A} \quad 24\) Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(8 \quad 31 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)

41 A 10 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 8 13/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) MANY LIVES LOST IN THE TERRIFIC EXPLOSION BOILER EXPLOUES KLLLING THREE AND INJURING TWENTY SEVEN 1234567890

33 A 12 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. 8 15/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)
BEAUIFIFUL SCENEEY ALONG THE RIVEE NILE ELIIZ AlIO TOM CROSSIMG 27 THE FIELOS OF COTION

21 A 20 Point Gothic Comp. Title No. \(8 \quad 219 / 6\) 1bs., \(\$ 2.25\) PROUOEST BOOS 98 IT THE SCHOOL

\section*{\(11 \mathrm{~A} \quad 30\) Point Gothic Compressed Title No. \(8 \quad 37 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.60\) BARRES OF APPIES OB AND BOXES OF C CAOY}
SPPCLIL SHLE OF MEES 30 SLIK SHRTRTS

\section*{\(7 \mathrm{~A} \quad 48\) Point Gothic Compressed Title No. 8}

55/16 lbs., \$3.75
MCHIGAI RESOOTS 84 NOW OPEN

\section*{54 Point Gothic Compressed Title No. 8 PRVVATE CROUNOS G3 KEEP OUT \\ NILLION60 Point Gothic Compressed Title No. 8 \\ 41/8 lbs., \$2.90 OOLLAR \\ 47}

\footnotetext{
Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Cap Line．
}

21 A 6 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． \(5201 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\) ．，\(\$ 1.00\) COMFORT OF A HEADACHE

ATTENDED WITH A REFREEMING OLEED MAKE日 THE RAIN LE日G EEVERE

234E67890

16 A 6 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． 5203 3／4 lb．，\(\$ 1.00\) BIG FLOWER GARDEN ROSES CARNATIONS PANSIES VIOLETS 36 WATER LILIES

13 A 8 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． 520 1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 1.25\)
LEWIS AND CLAFK SAINT LOUIS O2 FAIF

18 A 6 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． \(5202 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) HOUSE DAMAGED BY FIRE
MANY CHILDREN WERE RESCUED INSURANCE COVERS LOSSES 1234567890

14 A 6 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． 5204 3／4 lb．，\＄1．00 PASSENGER STATION

PUBLIO REOEPTION ROOMS FREIGHT 45 TRAINS RUN

11 A 10 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． 520 111伯 lbs．，\(\$ 1.40\)巴ATTLESHIP

NAVY 22 YAFDS

12 Point Wide Lining Gotbic No． 520
21／16 lbs．，\＄1．50
FINE BANQUET TABLES GOVERNORS 28 RECEصTION

FANCY GROCERIES CROCKERY 6 STORES

\section*{INE×صENSIVE COP尸ER 6 SPACES}

5A 24 Point Wide Lining Gothic No． 520
41／4 lbs．，\＄2．70


\footnotetext{
Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
}

43 A 6 Point West Lining Gothic No. 532 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) dont ever do today what can be put off until
tomorrow is a poor motto for a person to follow if they ever expect to become buccessful gusiness men or women

25 A 6 Point West Lining Gothic No. 534 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) MERCHANTS THIRD NATIONAL BANK

ROYAL TRUST AND LOAN ASSOCIATION BUILDING PHOENIX NATIONAL 35 FOREIGN SOCIETY

31 A 6 Point West Lining Gothic No. 533 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) GRAND JOURNEY THROUGH THE CHINESE EMPIRE RETAIL DEALER IN ENGLISH FRENCH AND GERMAN GOODS AMERICAN PUBLISHERS PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATIONS 1234567890

21 A 6 Point West Lining Gothic No. 535 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) ELEVATED RAILROAD STATIONS
BROOKLYN BRIDGE TRANSIT COMPANIES OVERHEAD TROLLEY 3 INTRODUCED

SHORT VACATION TRIPS THROUGH WISCONSIN
FINE HUNTING AND FISHING AT OUR POPULAR SUMMER RESORTS bOATS FISHING TACKLE AND 49 BAIT FURNISHED FREE

ELEGANT SAMPLES OF BUSINESS CARDS FOURTH NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK OF NEW BRADFORD board of trade clerks 35 SURPRISE PARTIES SELECTION OF 86 INTERESTING READING

\title{
NATURAL HISTORY STUDENT REHEARSE THE MUSICAL PROGRAMS SOPRANO AND 3 TENOR SINGERS
}

\title{
LIGHTFACE
} GOTHIC NO. 45

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

29 A 6 Point Lightface Gothic No. 45 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) ENGLISH AND AMERICAN YACHT RACE CONTEST FOR THE CUP WHICH AMERICA NOW HOLDS ANNOUNCED TO COME OFF NEAR STATE ISLAND 123456789

23 A 12 Point Lightface Gothic No. 45 2 \(1 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) MOUNTAIN RAILROADS SHORT ROUTES FINE SCENERY SPECIAL 78 TOURISTS CARS
\(30 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Lightface Gothic No. \(45 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS

EXPENSIVE MARBLE COVERED TABLES CHAIRS STANDS AND FINE MAHOGANY DESKS 123456789

28 A 10 Point Lightface Gothic No. 45 17/t6 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) BANDMEN CELEBRATING ELEVEN HUNDRED UNIFORMED MEN PARADE 34 PRINCIPAL STREETS

THE UNITED STATES GRAIN INSPECTORS REPORT THE POSSIBILITY OF GREAT WHEAT YIELD FOR THIS SEASON WESTERN ELEVATORS ENLARGING 375 THEIR CAPACITY


\section*{SLOPE GOTHIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

34 A 6 Point Slope Gothic No. \(501 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) YOU ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO OUR SOCIETY COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS ADMITTING GENTLEMAN AND LADIES THERE WILL BE GAMES MUSIC AND LIGHT REFRESHMENTS 1234567890

28 A
6 Point Slope Gothic No. 503 3/4 lb., \$1.00 WHEAT HARVESTING IN MANITOBA
SIXTY FIVE ABLE BODIED YOUNG MEN WANTED FOR THE MONTH OF 543 JULY AND AUGUST
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Slope Gothic No. \(505 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) WILD FLOWERS OF AMERICA DECORATING FIELDS AND FORESTS GRADUALLY 243 FADE AND DIE

28 A 6 Point Slope Gothic No. 502 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) OUR MAMMOTH SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE ENTIRE STOCK AT SIXTYFIVE CENTS ON THE DOLLAR STORE OPEN UNTIL SIX EVERY FRIDAY EVENING 1234567890

23 A 6 Point Slope Gothic No. 504 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) GRAND EXHIBITION OF STATUARY SHORT LECTURES DELIVERED BY ARTISTS ANCIENT AND 467 MODERN PAINTERS

21 A 12 Point Slope Gothic No. 5062 Ibs., \(\$ 1.50\) STEAM LAUNCH TO RENT ROW BOATS MADE TO ORDER SAILORS 325 RELIEF HOUSE

RETAIL DENTAL LABORATORY SUPPLIES
FIRST CLASS BRIDGE AND.PLATE MAKERS WANTED MUST BE QUICK AND 639 COMPETENT WORKMEN

\section*{INCLINED} GOTHIC NO. 120

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(26 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Inclined Gothic No. 1201 3/4 1b., \$1.00 GREAT MANUFACTURING CENTER AT WESTERN TERMINUS NUMEROUS RAILROAD LINES 1234567890
\(21 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Inclined Gothic No. \(1203 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) DIAMOND MINING COUNTRIES POPULATION SEVEN 9 HUNDRED MILLION

25 A 6 Point Inclined Gothic No. 1202 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) THIRTY MODERN HOTELS HAVE
PUBLIC RECEPTION ROOMS FOR GENTLEMEN 1234567890

19 A 6 Point Inclined Gothic No. \(1204 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) MAGNIFICENT DECORATIONS
FINE GALLERIES 28 AND COLLEGES

PASSENGER STATION BUREAU OF INFORMATION AND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 46 OFFICE OF PRESIDENT

EMPLOYERS ARE ADVANCING THEIR MEN AS FAST AS BUSINESS WILL 39 PERMIT THE RAISE

LENINGTON GRAIN INSPECTORS EIGHT GREAT PRINTING 75:CONCERNS

\section*{LARGE BANKING HOUSE WEST DRUMMOND 8 SENTINEL}


Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

50 A 6 Point Lining Utility Gothic No. 14 53/6 lb., \$1.00 our utility series should be in every printing office in
the world as any good printer will reaolly appreciate the multiplicity of advantages it has where neat effects are bought it can ee used in

41 A 6 Point Lining Utility Gothic No. \(13 \quad 13 / 6 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) combinations which makes it not only useful but one
of the most attractive series ever made the cost is so small that it is within the reach of everyone and we are sure 1234597880

6 Point Lining Utility Gothic No. \(12 \quad 13 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\)
THAT NO PRINTER CAN INVEST THE SAME SUM OF MONEY
- FOR ANY OTHER LETTER FROM WHICH HE CAN DERIVE AS MUCH USE AS HE CAN

FROM THIS GOTHIC MADE FROM 645 SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED METAL

37 A 6 Point Lining Utility Gothic No. 3 13/16 \(\mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) SUPERIORITY OF OUR TYPE IS NOT FULLY REALIZED
UNTIL COMPARED WITH OTHER MAKES aND THAT IS THE REASON oUR TYPE IS 8ECOMING MORE POPULAR EVERY SEASON

1234567890

31 A 6 Point Lining Utility Gothic No. 2 13/16 lb., \$1.00 EXPERIENCE HAS TAUGHT THE PRINTERS THAT
OUR COPPER MIXED WILL STAND THE WEAR AND IS THE MOST DURABLE TYPE MADE IN ANY KNOWN COUNTRY

1234667890

\section*{DEGREE GOTHIC}


33 A 65 a Pearl on 6 Point Degree Gothic No. 2 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) the advantages of havilig a fountain attached
To a Job Press Ars So Many and So Valuable That it is Surprising the Number of Pressse There Are Without This Valuable Adjunot 1234567890

24 A 48 a 8 Point Degree Gothic No. 2 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) POPULAR TINTS USED IN JOB PRINTING For the Instruction of Beginners at Press Work Take the Best Possible 67 Care of Your Type

30 A 58a 6 Point Degree Gothic No. 2 19/16 lbs., \$2.00 THERE IS A WIDE SPREAD BELIEF THAT TYPOGRAPHY
Was In Each and Every Detail A Purely Original Invention More Than Thirteen Vears of Secret Experimenting Done

1234567890

22 A 42 a 10 Point Degree Gothic No. \(23^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.50\) GRAY IS PRODUCED BY MIXING
White with Black Varied by the Use of Blue White and Green 58 Make A Nice Tint

\section*{PRINTERS THAT ARE WANTED AROUND AN OFFICE ARE}

Men who have Correct and Careful Habits of Thought and who are Possessed With a Mental Determination to 36 do Everything That is Right NUMBER ONE

24 A 50 a 8 Point Degree Gothic No. \(1 \quad 211 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \$2.25 COMEDIANS ENTERTAINING AUDIENCE Popular Music and Clever Buck and Wing Dancing Thursday Evening and Saturday Afternoons 1234567890

22 A 46 a 10 Point.Degree Gothic No. \(13^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) WESTERN ATHLETIC MEETING President Secretary and Treasurer Elected Running Races Baseball and Football 1234567890

MAUD MULLER ON A SUMMERS DAY MOUNTED HER WHEEL And Rode Away But When She Looked to the Far off Town Her Hopes Went up and Her Feet Went Down and Her Speed 9386 Increased until the Wheel Broke

\section*{MINNESOTA STREET RAILROAD COMPANIES}

Numerous Proposed Street Railway Companies Demanding Franchise International Switchmen 328 Protective Association Meet

\section*{NORTHERN PASSENGERS PROTECTIVE}

Association Capital Twenty Hundred Thousand Dollars Chicago Elevated and 235 Electric Railroads

18A 35 a 6 Point Lining Oblique Gothic \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) PROFESSIDNAL GOLF PLAYERS Compete for Prizes at Tacoma Washington 1234567890

14A 27 a 10 Point Lining Oblique Gethic \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) TLIN SCREW BDAT Chicago and 85 New York

16A31a 8 Point Lining Oblique Gothic \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) CRONDS FROM ELEIN
Attend Boat Races at Lake Prospeot 1234567690

12 A 20 a 14 Point Lining Oblique Gothic \(4 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 3.00\) SHERIGAN PARK Hunting and 25 Fishing 6A11a

20 Point Lining Oblique Gothic
45/6 lbs., \$3.25
CHICAGロ TENNIS CLUE National Championship 6 Games
4A 7a


25A51a 6 Point Circular Gothic No. 44 19/r lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) HARDVILLE MACHINERY COMPANY

Manufacturers of Heavy Farming Machinery and Wholesale
Dealers in Hardware Tinware and Fancy Cutlery
1234567890

24 A 49a 8 Point Circular Gothic No. 44 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) SEVENTEEN COUNTERFEITERS

Arrested by United States Secret Service Officers Many Convicts Recently Released Involved
- 1234567890

\section*{BATTLE OF SANTIAGO FOLLOWED BY SURRENDER OF THE}

Spanish Troops at Havana and Manila Ended the Brief War Between America and Spain Giving Freedom to Several Million People and 923 Making Our Country a World Power

21A 41a

\section*{GREAT FRUIT INDUSTRY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA}

Eighteen Hundred Car Loads of 'Apples Pears Oranges Plums Lemons and Raisins Green and Evaporated Fruit Sold 375 and Shipped to Eastern Markets

\section*{MARVELOUS MODERN INVENTIONS}

Electric Lights Trolley Cars Phonographs Ocean Cables Wireless Telegraphy 649 and the Automobile


28 A 55 a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 60 19/ro lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) EIGHTEEN HOMELY GOSSIPING OLD WOMEN
Continually Creating Scandalizing Stories About The Young Men
When Ever You Speak of Any One Speak Well or Not at All
1234567890

26 A 50 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. 60 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) THE RETURNING OF THE SOLDIERS

Several Interesting Stories Told of The Encounters Many Bloody Scenes Reproduced on Canvas 1234567890

24A 49a
10 Point Lining Gothic No. 60
\(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \$2.50
DEMONSTRATIONS HONORING GREAT HEROES OF OUR NATION
Many Children are Named in Honor of the Greatest Naval Conqueror the World Has Ever Known Captured Gunboats are Returned Sailors 645 Paroled and Prisoners of War Exchanged

20A 40a
12 Point Lining Gotbic No. 60
3 \(7 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING EMPORIUM ESTABLISHED}

Handsome Presents to Every Customer Great Bargains in Elegant New Spring Waists
Clearance Sale of Fine Hosiery 632 Public Has Opportunity to Attend

\section*{STYLISH NECKWEAR AND FANCY HOSIERY}

Complete Satisfaction Ladies 932 Tailor Made Garments

\section*{WESTERN NOVELTY FIRM} Genuine Hungarian 98 Champagnes


\section*{Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.}
36 Point Lining Gothic No. 60


CLEAR STREAMS
Picturesque 3 Scenes

\section*{REFRESHING}
Ocean 5 Bathing

\title{
Highest 2 Peak
}
72 Point Lining Gotbic No. 60

\section*{GOLDEN}

\section*{SMITH \& JONES}

\author{
845-851 WEST THIRTY-EIGHTH STREET
}

\section*{Elegant China, Rich Cut Glass, Lamps, Clocks, Art and Japanese Wares}

An intensely interesting group of sterling and unusual values, that are especially attractive now, at the very height of the wedding gift season.

\section*{Appropriate for Wedding Gifts}
and also extremely desirable for those who are refurnishing the city or country home. Every item we list shows a price of splendid saving.

\section*{Rare Opportunities Offered in Open Stock Patterns}

During this timely sale we shall offer complete 54 -piece dinner sets (ample for six people) from any of our open stock patterns in fine English semi-porcelain, at a saving of great importance. The offering is made with the idea of interesting those who may desire a small set for the summer home and also to induce many who may not care to purchase a complete set at once to secure a splendid start in some one of our many attractive patterns to which additions can be made from time to time as their needs require. This is the great advantage of making your initial purchase from an "open stock" pattern.
6 dinner plates
6 tea plates
6 coupe soups
6 fruit saucers
6 individual butters
6 tea cups
and saucers
1 meat platter


1 covered vegetable dish 1 open vegetable dish 1 gravy boat
1 covered butter
1 sugar bowl
1 creamer
1 pickle dish

\title{
DOESKIN Shoes for Girls
}


\section*{The Best \$1.75 Shoes in the World}


Sold in the United States and Canada Exclusively by


CHESTNUT STREET AND RAWHIDE AVENUE Cobbleville

17 A 35 a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 82 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) EASTERN COMMERCIAL CLUB Seventh Annual Plonic and Ball Belng Held 1234567890

12 A 26 a 12 Point Lining Gothic No. 82 3 \(31 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) GALLANT KNIGHT Brave on 9 the Battlefield

18A 38 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. \(82 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs. \(\$ 2.25\) SOUTH AMERICAN PROGRESS

Immense Forests of Superior Mahogany 1234567890

16A 32 a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. 82 31/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) GRAND OPERA STAR
Reached a Stage 4 of Perfection

\section*{SUPERIORITY OF MODERN MUSICIANS} Celebrated People 657 Reading Classical Music

\title{
LARGE POWER HOUSE
} Great Engine 5 and Dynamo

\title{
THREE EDITIONS \\ Morning 56 Noon Night
}

3 A 5 a

\title{
CRANBERRY \\ Banana 8 Oranges
}

NUMBER 82

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{HISTORIES \\ Night 3 Edition}

60 Point Lining Gothic No. 82
17 15/16 lbs., \$10.75

\section*{BUSTED} Sand 6 Bag

22 A 43 a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 90 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THERE IS A GREAT DIFFERENCE IN
Type Metal Greater Than the Average Printer Has 1234567890

17 A 33 a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. \(90 \quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.50\) SUPERIOR COPPER MIXED
The very Best Type 26 for Wearing

7 A 13 a 20 Point Lining Gothic No. \(9047 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{TYPE MUST}

Fine 49 Finished

> 20 A 38 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. \(90 \quad 2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) LIGHT AND TOUGH METAL
> The Most Desirable Quality is Toughness 1234567890

15A 28 a 12 Point Líning Gotbic No. 90 3 \(7 / 66 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) LETTERS SHOULD Always go 95 as First Class 9 A 17 a 18 Point Lining Gothic No. \(90 \quad 47 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) LARGE STOCK
Repairing 68 Cheap

\title{
COME RAMBLE THROUGH Years of Art in 3 French Furniture
}

5A9a
30 Point Lining Gothic No. 90
71/8 Ibs., \$4.45

\section*{TARRY AMONG THE} Odd Designs 2 in Furniture

\title{
3A6a \\ 36 Point Lining Gothic No. 90 \\ \(81 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\) \\ REMAIN IN THE Shade 47 Old Dutch \\ 3A6a \\ 48 Point Lining Gothic No. 90 \\ 123/4 lbs., \$7. 60 \\ FURNITURE \\ Ancient 6 Design
}

\section*{THE CLOTHES SHOP} Holderness System Clothes - Carter's Furnishings

\section*{Neckwear}

During the coming month we will offer a lot of Silk and Washable Ties and Scarfs in popular color combinations and styles at Greatly Reduced Prices,

\section*{\(\$ 2\) values \(95 c\)}

The goods are above reproach and the only reason for reduction is to help a local maker who is "long." Take the tip now as we shall not advertise it again.

\section*{Silk and Lisle Hosiery Offerings}

Broken lines and odd sizes, best imported stock in black and fancy colors, \$2 and \$3 values at \$1.25 Popular Grays and Mixtures, Plain Black Lisle, 25c

\section*{3805 CHADWICK STREET}

20 A 41 a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 71 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) MANY AMERICANS ARE DRIFTING Further Northward Into The Dominion of Canada 1234567890

16 A 33 a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. \(713^{1 / 66} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) PHILIPPINO INSURGENTS Are Constantly 879 Surrendering

19A 40 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. 71 2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) THE MACCABEE REGIMENTS Showing Much Bravery On The Firing Line 1234567890

15A 29 a 12 Point Lining Gothic No. \(713^{11 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{FOREIGN PEOPLE}

Many Apply 8 for Admission

\title{
RUSSIAN PEOPLE Struggling 47 for Liberty \\ 36 Point Lining Gothic No. 71 \\ 87任 lbs., \$5.25 Fighting 5 Rebellions \\ \\ \section*{PETERSBURGH}
} \\ \\ \section*{PETERSBURGH}
}

\section*{Hats}

KNOCKS, SOMBREROS AND PANAMAS SPECIAL STRAWS 43

Square Hatters 364 Everly Road

\section*{THE CENTRAL BANK OF MELTOWN crons}

CAPITAL . . . \$125,000

The Greatest of Household Econimizers

\section*{STEEL RANGES}

NOTHING on the market can compare with these stoves in cutting down the expense of your kitchen. Maximum of heat from any grade of coal and perfect control by improved dampers are salient features. Sizes to meet all requirements. \$5 to \$95

\section*{LION-HARDWARE-SHOP}

JACKSON \& AMES, Proprietors
Crampton City, Nebraska

15A 30a 5 Point Modern Gothic Italic 1 lb., \(\$ 2.00\) HANDSOME SUMMER LAWNS

Kopt In Good Order are Pleasing to the Passers by And Great Comfort to the Property Owner

16A 28a 8 Point Modern Gothic Italic \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
SUPERIOR QUALITY
Our Lining Types on Point System Labor Saving to 75 Printers

16A 31 a 6 Point Modern Gothic Italic \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) GOVERNMENT OWNERSHIP Is Advocated by Many Mon as a Sofution Of the Pending Financial Questions 1234567890

13 A 28 a 10 Point Modern Gothic Italic \(31 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{VICTOR SARDOU} Composed Many Very Good Interesting 58 Stories

MEXICAN AND CIVIL WAR VETERANS Held a Grand Reunion at Central Music Hall New York There Being Many 24 Noted Generals Present

\section*{DISCOVERIES AND INVENTIONS}

Since the Commencement of the Eighteenth Century Many 32 Improvements Made Completed 84 Immediately

\title{
INDESTRUCTIBLE Fine Rain Coats and Ulsters Fall and 5 Winter Style
}

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC ITALIC SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
GETTYSBURG
Bull Run Shenandoah Missionary 3 Ridge

\author{
3A4a \\ 36 Point Modern Gothic Italic \\ 811/16 lbs., \$5.40
}

\section*{DANGEROUS}

Young 8 Elephant

\section*{3 A 4 a \\ 42 Point Modern Gothic Italic \\ DOMESTIC Servant 9 Duty}

\section*{COLONIZE}

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

54 Point Modern Gothic Italic


3A4a


60 Point Modern Gothic Italic


\section*{Little 4 Boy}

3 A 3 a
72 Point Modern Gothic Italic
243/16 lbs., \$14.00



\section*{PETERSONS}

\section*{\$23 silk-lined suits reduced to \$14.75}

2450 of them-the originals from which the best houses ordered their swell \(\$ 24.50\) silk-lined suits, destined by the favor of fashion to be very popular this coming spring. Some are our exclusive designs and if you neglect to buy now you'll find that these identical styles will cost you \(\$ 23.50\) later on in the season. \(\$ 23\) sllk-Ilined suits \(\$ 14.75-\) A large collection of manufacturers samples and some of our own sample suits. Made of the finest
 quality cheviot-all blouse style. Workmanship the best, colors in blue and black-all sizesentire suit over taffeta silk-a \(\$ 23.50\) suit for \(\$ 14.75\)


NO. 01, BOC

The only reason that we can quote so low a price is that they are samples, the maker taking the loss-the materials are the finest-consider what a suit of like style character would cost you if you bought the materials and had it made.
Now spring Suits-Pretty effects, latest styles, collarless effects, etc., all the latest colors and newest materials-lightweight cheviots. Venetians, broadcloths, etc., strictly mantailored, elegantly made over the finest taffeta silk trimmed with silk band and
 buttons. Speciali introductory prices \(\$ 25\) and \(\$ 35\).
Special bargalns on all winter suits \$10.00 and \$12.00

\section*{A remarkable sale of women's kid gloves.}

\section*{\$1.15, \$1.25 and \$1.35 qualities for 79c a pair.}

That practically tells the story, yet when you see the gloves you will agree that they are wonderful bargains. It's not a sale of "seconds" or broken lines, but the result of an important purchase of nearly six thousand pairs at a special price concession.

> Women's street kid gloves, pique sewn, with correct embroidered backs, one pearl and two metal clasp wrists. They are approved London street styles and come in the popular and fashionable shades of tan, brown, gray, and black. It's a glove opportunity that seldom occurs and it will be a good investment to buy half dozen and dozen lots at the price-79c a pair.

Economy Basement-Here you'll find in progress in our newly appointed glove section the greatest half-price sale of gloves at 5Oc ever held in Chicago-men's and women's gloves at half price-pair,

\section*{Extra salespeople have been employed for this extraordinary event.}

SCROLL BOROER NO. 4

\section*{GOTHIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

19 A 38 a 5 Point Modern Gothic \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) CLASSICAL MUSIC FOR THE EDUCATED EAR

Fallure to Render Appreciative Music Attributed to the Lack Of Instruction Directors Have had in Instrumentation 1234567890

18 A 36 a 8 Point Modern Gothic \(21 / 4\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.25\) PRESENT TIME INSTRUMENTS Fail To Resemble Those Used Years Ago During the Reign of Charlemagne

15 A 28 a 10 Point Modern Gothic \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
MUSIC HATH CHARMS Soothe the 75 Savage Beast

20A 41 a 6 Point Modern Gothic \(C_{C}\) 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) EVERY HEART BEATS TRUE TO THE Red White And Blue When The Band Plays Our National Song The Old Star Spangled Banner 1234567890

16 A 33a 9 Point Modern Gothic \(23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)

\section*{MUSICAL JOURNALS}

Articles on the Origin of Music Advancement 89 Made Yearly

13 A 26 a 12 Point Modern Gothic \(\quad 31 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{MANDOLIN CLUBS} Recital at 48 Sparks Park

\section*{FREE CONCERT AT LINCOLN PARK}

Classical Music Saturday 53 Special Programme

\title{
WASHINGTON MARINE BAND Baritones Bugles 48 Cornets Clarinets
}

\title{
EXPENSIVE PURCHASE American Talking 29 Machines
}

4A 7a
30 Point Modern Gothic
\(67 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\)

\title{
RETAIL GROCERY \\ Staple and 3 Fancy Stock
}

\section*{MODERN}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
3A6a 36 Point Modern Gothic \\ 85/16 lbs., \(\$ 5.20\) \\ PANTOGRAPHS Sporting 2 Microbes
}

\section*{3 A 5 a \\ 42 Point Modern Gothic \\ \(101 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.40\) \\ FIRST DAILY \\ Hourly 7 Editions}

\section*{3 A 5 a \\ 48 Point Modern Gothic \\ 127/8 lbs., \$7.70 \\  \\ Rainy 5 Season}

\section*{MODERN}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.


\section*{OMAHA} AND


\section*{THREE TRAINS DAILY VIA}


Leaves Chicago at 8:00 a. m., 5:30 p. m., 9. 30 p. m.

\section*{THE}

\section*{PACIFIC COAST
}

\section*{LEAVES CHICAGO 5:30 P. M. DAILY}

PROVIDED FOR THE DISCRIMINATING TRAVELER THE BEST OF EVERYTHING

The service on this superb train is interestingly described
in a new booklet, copy of which can be had free on application by any person contemplating a trip to the Pacific Coast.

Ticket Office: General Passenger Station

\title{
Late Autumn Stylish Suits
}

We have added many new lines to our magnificent showing of Tailored Suits. This event will attract the attention of all smart dressers because of the variety of styles. Many of these suits are our own creations, others by famous modistes

> The elaborate showing of individual style that prodominates at peterman's style center will be of interest to all ladies in this vicinity, and the exclusiveness and elegance of these suits never deserved more praise from the critically inclined

TAILOR-MADE SUITS-Great variety of new and exclusive ideas in chiffons, velvets velveteens, broadcloths, and the newest novelty weaves in fancy materials, polka dots checks, stripes, etc. We can conscientiously recommend this showing of suits as far more elaborate in variety than we have ever before attempted. We cordially invite all smart dressers to attend this sale
and see this fine showing of suits. Priced from \(\$ 25.00\) up to and see this fine showing of suits. Priced from \(\$ 25.00 \mathrm{up}\) to

\section*{Silk Petticoats for Fall}

The Autumn showing of Silk Petticoats is displayed to particularly good advantagge. Owing to the special prices quoted it will be productive of pleasure and profit Silk Petticoats, of heavy rustling taffeta, deep tucked raised flounce and silk dust ruffle, light and dark shades. Taffeta Silk Petticoats, accordion plaited or sectional flounce. Taffeta Silk Petticoats, in two styles, accordion plaited. Is a beautiful display of Petti-
coats. Prices from \$5 up to \(\mathbf{\$ 1 7 : 6 3}\)

\section*{Autumn Undergarments}

This fine hygenic Underwear takes rank as the most perfectly adapted for a climate of such changeableness as this. In point of fit, comfort and durability is unrivaled Women's Silk Vests, low neck and sleeveless, fancy openwork, silk lace and crochet trimmings. Extra quality Vests and tights, of fine ribbed blue merino, are in fall and winter weights. Pure Wool Union Suits, heavy weight, natural short sleeves: This is a grand
display. From 48 c up to

\title{
NATIONAL FUEL COMPANY
}

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in


435 East Canalport Avenue
MINERSTOWN

\section*{STRUCTURAL IRON AND STEEL COMPANY}

\section*{BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER}

Manufacturers of ElectricWelded Chases. General Western Agents for Babcock Cylinder Presses. Dealers In Platen and Hand Presses, Folders, Power and Lever Paper Cutters, Perforators, Paper Cutters, Perforators,
Stitehers and Printers SupStitchera and Printers Sup-
plies of every deserlption.


Point-Line Point-Set Point-Body

Superior Copper Mixed Type Cast on the Point LIne, Point Set, Point Body Lining System recommends Itself to the purchasing Printer. The Pound Selling System is falr to both purchaser and seller. to both purchaser and seller. The printergets what he pays
for and pays for what he gets.

Chicago,
Sold to \(\qquad\)

26A 50a 10 Point Modern Gothic Cond. \(31 / 61\) lbs., 82.50 HEAVY WORKING HORSES FOR SALE Good Sound Horses Purchased Sold and Parted Auction Sale Every Monday and Wednesday 1234567890

22 A 45 a 12 Point Modern Gothic Cond. \(311 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)

\section*{HOME GROWN WATER MELONS}

Your Choice Today for Only Thirty Five Cents We Make a Specialty of Domestic Fruit 1234567890

\section*{NATIUES CROSSING THE DESERT ON THE BACKS OF ELEPHANTS} Many of the Party Died From Starvation and Many Others From Want of Water Some Fine Elephants Were Sacrificed 234 to Supply Food and Drink

\section*{MANY BEAUTIFUL BUTTERFLIES HAVE PERISHED}

Fierce Rain Storm Destroyed 56 Thousands of Rare Specimens

\section*{SCENERY ALONG THE PACIFIC COAST}

Unexcelled by Others for 562 its Picturesqueness

\title{
THE WESTERN MOTOR SCHOOL Mid Winter Class 78 December Thirteenth
}

\section*{5A 8 a}

36 Point Modern Gothic Condensed
ACROBATIC EXHIBITION Greatest Circus 43 in the World

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC CONDENSED}

\title{
28A55a 6 Point Modern Gothic Condensed 19 后 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) OUT WHERE THE SILVERY COLORADO RIVER WENDS ITS WAY
} When the Sunset Turns the Bounding Oceans Beautiful Blue to a Magnificent Rich Golden Hue 1234567890

26A52a 8 Point Modern Gothic Condensed \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
 FIRST PROCESSES IN THE PRAGTICE OF TYPOGRAPHY

Cutting of Punches and Making of 3425 Moulds Demanded a Degree of Skill

\section*{MODERN GOTHIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{42 Point Modern Gothic Condensed CORNER DRUG STORE CORNER DRUG STORE Prescriptions 2 our Specially}

\section*{DENTAL PARLOR \\ Students 7 from Stayton}

54 Point Modern Gothic Condensed

\section*{CONVENTIONS}

\section*{Historical 6 Speeches}

\title{
Spectators 4 Invited
}

\section*{AVONDALE Beautiful 7Town}


\section*{thREE FAST DAILY TRAINS}

T0

\section*{CALIFORNI}

The
San Francisco Limited

ELECTRIC LIGHTED THROUGHOUT Less than three days from Chicago to San Francisco and Seattle. Finest drawing room and private compartment sleeping car, Composite Observation Cars.

\section*{The} North Portland Limited

ELECTRIC LIGHTED THROUGHOUT Less than three days from Chicago to Los Angeles and Portland, via the new Omaha Route. Finest drawing room and Tourist Sleeping car, Composite Obsrvation Cars.

\section*{Philippine and China Fast Mail}

Finest through daily train to San Francisco, Los Angeles and Seattle without change. Elegant Drawing Room and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

\section*{ALL MEALS SERVED IN DINING CARS.}

\title{
CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY \& OMAHA RAILROAD
}

Ticket Offices: Main Passenger Station and 475 Railway Avenue, Corner Highroad. Telephone, Skidoo 23
\(30 \mathrm{~A} 60 \mathrm{a} \quad 5\) Point Lining Gothic No. \(117 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) richardson and broadoent wholesale candy manufacturers
Faciory and Salesrooms Seventean Thousand Seven Hundred and Mineteen South Carmel Street 1234587890

34 A 63 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. 117 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) LOVE OF MONEY IS THE ROOT OF ALL EVIL
Yet all are After the Root and DIg 234 a Hundred Feet Searching

30 A 58 a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. 117 31/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) SOME MEN OBTAIN MONEY YERY EASILY Men who Talk the Most 384 About Money have Little

33 A 68 a \(51 / 2\) Point Lining Gothic No. \(117 \quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\) sporting extra with full report of the foot ball game
Latest News of the Terrible Murder and Suicide Commited on Seventy Second Street Yosterday 1234567890

33 A 65 a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 117 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) SOME PEOPLE FLY HIGH WITHOUT A FLYING MACHINE
When They Have Plenty of Money 598 it has Wings and Qulckly Vanishes

26A 50 a 12 Point Lining Gothic No. 117 3t1/6 lbs., \$2.75 MUCH MONEY MADE ON EXCHANGE
Great Loss to Brokers 257 by Declining Stocks

\section*{MONEY DENOMINATIONS OF THE SAME VALUE ARE THE GRECIAN}

Drachma Italian Lira Finland Mark Spanish 465 Peseta French Belgium Switzerland Francs

\section*{TWENTY MILLION SILVER DOLLARS COUNTED}

Money to be Expended for 265 Magnificent Theatre Building

\title{
FOUR HUNDRED AND NNETY YEARS \\ Before Chrisist the Greaks 47 Defeated the Persians
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniforn Line.

\section*{SOLDIER BOYS MARCHMM Band Playing 587 and Flasg Flying}

\title{
Oriental University 100 Students
}


Battles Manila 324 Santiago

\section*{CORRESPONDENCE}

\section*{SWEET VIOLETS Handsome 397 Fragrant}

3 A 4 a

\section*{LARGE NURSERY}

\section*{Beautiful 562 Flowers}

3A 3a
84 Point Lining Gothic No. 117


\section*{News of the Day Bulletined on this Train}

News Bulletins are issued twice a day for the passengers on the

\title{
UNDERLAND LIMITED
}
and "extras" if important news warrants them. That's but one of the many reasons why you should ask for tickets via the

\section*{STANDARD PaCIFC R'Y}

WRITE FOR INFORMATION TO
A. G. SWAMSOM, G. P. A., Kansas, Mo.

\section*{When You go to CALIFRISCO}

\section*{COOK OPERA HOUSE LAST 3 WEEKS}
of the soul-stirring Melo-Drama

\section*{DECEIVERS}

\section*{A TREMENDOUS HIT}

Supported by a Strong Cast of Well Known Players

YOU WILL MISS IT IF YOU MISS IT MATIMEE PRICES, 25c, 50c, 75 c .

NIGHT PRICES, 50c, \(75 \mathrm{c}, \$ 1.00\)

\section*{GRAY HAIR} RESTORED

\section*{Chestnulty Hair Stain}

Restores Gray, Streaked or Bleached Hair or Moustache Instantaneously, Gives any shade from Light Brown to Black. Does not wash or rub off. Contalns no poisons and is not sticky or greasy. Sold by all druggists at 60c per bottle. Sample sent upon request.

\section*{The Chestnutty Company}

HAIRSBURG, DAK.

\title{
26 A 52a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 19/r lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) PLEASANT JOURNEYS THROUGH ENGLAND Visiting Towns Villages and Cities Where Lords and Barons Control the Largest Portion of Land and Buildings 1234567890
}

23A 45a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 3/1/0 1bs., 92.50 SOUTHERN COLLEGE SOCIETY Everybody Invited to Attend Monday Evening New Westminster 42 Chapel Building

26 A 50 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) EASTERN NATIONAL BANK COMPANY
Forty-Five Hundred Thousand Specimen Sheets Printed Lashers Revised The United States Postal Guide 1234567890

19A 37a 12 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 311/16 Ibs., \(\$ 2.75\) SOUTHERN CONVENTIONS Commission Merchants and Traders Excursions 35 October Seventh

\section*{MANY GOOD SHOWER BATHS GRATIS TO EVERYBODY}

Water Received Freely from the Clouds 65 Expressly for the Needy Ones

\section*{RAILROAD AND TELEGRAPH CORPORATIONS}

Union Southern and Central 98 Pacific Railroad Freight Houses

\section*{KENTUCKY GROCERS ANNUAL BANQUET}

Massachusetts and Connecticut 36 Telegraph Company

\section*{NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY} Handsomely Decorated 54 Apartment House

\section*{5 A 9a \\ 48 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 \\ ANCIENT METHODS \\ Ornamental 98 Decorating \\ 3A 4 a \\ 60 Point Lining Gothic No. 47 \\ \(103 / 16\) lbs.,\(\$ 6.10\) \\ MARINE CADETS \\ Steamboat 3 Artillery}

\section*{SUNDAY EXCURSION}

Mandilere Pavilion
on cool Placid Lake has the most beautiful site for recreation and outings that can be imagined. The beach offers fishing, boats, and bathing. On the blufi are all kinds of sports and Open-air Vaudeville Show.

\section*{Mandilere Park... \$2}

Two Restful Boat Rides Healthful Recreation A Place to Visit Many Times Sunday, August 14, 1906 at 8:30 A. M.

\title{
CRESCENT STEAMER FROM NEW PIER
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

28 A 54a 6 Point Lining Gothic No. 111 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) REPAIRING WOODEN LEGS A SPECIALTY Artistic Designs And Unnatural Limbs Made to Order Lowest Prices Sales Room One Hundred and Seventy Five Castout Street 1234567890

21A 40a 12 Point Lining Gothic No. \(1113^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) SENATORS AND GOVERNORS Holding Positions are 37 Well Protected

28 A 58 a 8 Point Lining Gothic No. 111 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) 'FURNITURE ON TIME AND EASY PAYMENTS Large Consignments of Fine Carpets Rugs Tables And Couches Goods Delivered Free of Charge to Any Part of the City 1234567890

28A53a 10 Point Lining Gothic No. \(1113^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) TESTIMONIALS AND CATALOGUES

Compound Distilled Rute 68 Tute Superfine Toilet Soap

\section*{REVIVAL OF THE ANCIENT LANGUAGES}

Hebrew Greek Latin and 76 Chinese Taught in Colleges

\section*{INSURRECTIONS AND REBELLIONS}

Diplomatic Tangles of 53 Santo Domingo Republic

30 Point Lining Gothic No. 111
67,价 lbs., \$4.00

\section*{AFRICKANDER HOMESTEADS}

Land Cheap To Old 46 Settlers Out West

SA 10 a

\section*{INCOMPREHENSIBLE}

\section*{Washingtons 45 Birthday}

\section*{FROST THE BABE, MOTHERS' ADVICE.}

Clubwomen in St. Paul Told That Chilly Treatment Will Make Their Infants Fat.

SNOWBANK BEST CRADLE. Models Shown of "Cage" to Keep Baby in When Mother Attends Meeting of the Club.
[By a Staff Correspondent.] St. Paul, Minn., June 5.- [Special.]-The discovery of a cold air and chilled water treatment for babies was announced today to the general federation of women's

NUMBER SEVEN

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

30A58a 6 Point Gothic Comp. No. 7 19/rblbs., \(\$ 2.00\) GARDEN CITY PARK OPENS SUNDAY AUGUST FIFTH Band Concert in the Afternoon by Case Brothers Famous Itallan Band Admittance to Grounds Including Chicken Supper One Dollar 1234567890

25 A 49a 12 Point Gotbic Comp. No. 7 311/6 lbs., \$2.75 GOTLIEB PETERSON FLORIST Various Designs for 46 Weddings and Parties 16A 30a 18 Point Gothic Comp. No. \(7 \quad 45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\) SHIPPING WILD ANIMALS Crossing the 83 Stormy Ocean

31A 63a 8 Point Gothic Comp. No. \(7 \quad 2 \frac{1 / 4}{4} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CONSTRUCTED BY WILLIAM BIRTHINGTON

Bullding Contractor of Bridges and all Kinds of Steel Structures Office and Factory Twelve Hundred Prospect Strest 1234567890

29 A 60 a 10 Point Gothic Comp. No. \(7 \quad 3^{1 / 26}\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.50\) GRAND RAPIDS POWER BOAT SHOW

August Fifth Sixth Seventh 234 Eighth Ninth and Tenth

19A 38a 14 Point Gothic Comp. No. \(7 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{BAZAAR IN DUKES HALL}

Monday Tuesday 46 and Wednesday

\section*{LACROSSE MATCH TODAY AT CROSSE POINT} Between the Detroit White 94 Caps and The Montreal Stars

\section*{ANCIENT ORDER OF BACHELORS} Men Thirty Years Old 6 Initiated in November

\title{
EXAMINATION IN SPELLING School Reopens 8 October Eighteenth
}

\title{
REGULAR VOLUNTEER \\ Shooting Ducks 4 Along the River
}

NUMBER SEVEN

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{48 Point Gothic Compressed No. 7 \\ 4A9a \\ TOMATO CATSUP \\ Delicious Cherry 5 Pudding \\ 3A 4 a \\ 60 Point Gothic Compressed No. 7 \\ 10 ³/自 lbs., \(\$ 6.55\) \\ COMICAL SONGS Many New 7 Features}
 NUMBEE 8 SERES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

33 A 63 a 10 Point Gothic Comp. No. \(8 \quad 21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
rane and expensile IRISH LaCE Exhibited at palis
Latest and Most Stylish Designs In Ladies Easter Hats and Suits 1234567890

21A 4la 18 Point Gothic Comp. No. 8 41/6 lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
SEEE HUNOEE MEE PPFPPABE EXHBITS Peavilar Police Rules 948 Vey Stricly Eforiced

33 A 63a 12 Point Gothic Comp. No. 8 31/i6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

 \({ }^{12 \pi}\)

25 A 49a 14 Point Gothic Comp. No. 8 39/16 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
Vallable minatuine paniting on Ivory
Mastericiecs of the 821 Worlds Celebrated 'Painters

12A \(25 a\)

\section*{SUPFRIOR COPPER MIXED TYPE CAST ON THE POINT LINIIG} Sysiem is the Harcest Tougheses Lightest 57 and Most Duradel Type that is Male 9 A 17 a

\section*{}


6 A \(13^{\circ} \mathrm{a}\)
36 Point Gothic Compressed No. 8
59\% lbs., \$4.25

\section*{ \\ }

7A 13a
48 Point Gothic Compressed No. 8
\(815 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 6.25\)

\section*{ \\ }

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

54 Point Gothic Compressed No. 8

\section*{OLD RELIABLE FARY STOREES} Nary Handsome 4 Steel Egraxings

\section*{FINE COSTUNES DESCIWED} Lagie Importion 30 I Noelly Coorts

21 A 12 Point Outline Gothic No. \(61 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) HOW EASY TO DECEDVE A FROEND AT ANYY TUME OR PLAEE !23 \(₫ 5\) 67890

8 A 30 Point Outline Gothic No. \(61 \quad 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) GENTLEMEN


17 A 18 Point Outline Gothic No. \(61 \quad 311 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.05\) ACRES SALT WATER NEW YYORK TO LONDON 123థ5ํ7890

14 A 24 Point Outline Gothic No. \(61 \quad 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.55\) GRAND OCEAN





3 A
72 Point Outline Gothic No. 61
\(83 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 5.10\)


\title{
THE NOTARA CLUB BANQUET
}

\section*{MENOKEN HOUSE}

MONDAY JANUARY FIFTH MCM


Brook Trout

\section*{Cucumbers}

New Potatoes

\section*{Broiled Spring Chicken}

Fresh Mushrooms

Asparagus Salad
Ice Creams
Strawberries
Assorted Nut Cakes

Coffee Chocolate

POST SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

21 A 41 a 6 Point Lightface Post \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) BEAUTIFUL EASTER GARMENTS They Roamed Far Beyond the Snowclad Mountains Shooting Lions in the Jungles of South Africa 1234567890

18A 37 a 10 Point Lightface Post \(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) BETTER A HOMELY WIFE Than One Who is Not Home Much And Singing 6 Rag Time to You

20 A 40 a \(\quad 8\) Point Lightface Post \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) EXCURSION TO FOREST ISLAND Round Trip Including Dinner Two Dollars Music and Dancing on Board the Boat 1234567890

15A 28 a 12 Point Lightface Post \(\quad\) 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) SAVE ALL COUPONS Redeemable in Graniteware Union Glass 8 Company

\section*{BOYS TRAINING FOR MARKSMEN}

Requires an Eagle Eye and Steady Nerve Senators Convention 4 July Twentieth

\section*{FRENCH AND ALGEBRA} Gymnastical Daily Performances London 3 Collegiate Institute

\section*{OLDEST RESIDENT} Lived Near Champion Hills Wagons or 7 Implements

\section*{LIGHTFACE POST SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{4 A 6 a \\ 36 Point Lightface Post \\ \(8^{1 / 4} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.10\) \\ BROAD ROADS \\ Dangerous 8 Locality \\ 4A6a \\ 48 Point Lightface Post \\ 12915 lbs., \$7.70 \\ ENORMOUS \\ Spring 7 Chicken \\ 3 A 4 a \\ 60 Point Lightface Post \\ 175/16 lbs., \$10.75 \\ }

3A3a
72 Point Lightface Post
191/2 Ibs., \$11.30
 \(\mathbb{O P R E}\)

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

MOST PIROSPEROUS SEASON RVEIR \(K N N O W N\)
Severan Minlion Bushiels oi Cereall Raised on Manitoba Hills Many Suggestioms on Prepaning Chrppped Corm Fodder 1234567890

\section*{BUSINNESS BLOCKS BURINED}

Loindon and \(\mathbb{N}\) orth Manlinattan Fiipe Pation Money Dipawer 53 Comipletely Ennpiy

\section*{BASKET BALI SCHOOL} Giraduated Studemts are Playing Successinu 29 Minor Leagues
\(\mathbb{P E T R I F I E D ~ T L M B E R}\) Montana \(4 \mathbb{Z}\) State Exhibit

\section*{POST}

\section*{Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform line.}

\section*{4A5a \\ 123/16 lbs., \$7.70
 \\ Furiniy \& Stoifies}




277


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{POST}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

21A 41a
6 Point Post
19/6 lbs., \$2.00 THANKSGIVING DINNER PARTIES

Observe this Day in the Old Fashioned Manner Church Service First then a Turkey Dinner 1234567890

18A 35 a 10 Point Post
\(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{ADVERTISING POSTERS}

Neat Colored 42 Newest Specimens

8A 15 a
18 Point Post
45/6 lbs. \$3.25

\section*{FRESHMANS}

Extract 59 of Beef

19A 38 a
8 Point Post
2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
MARVELOUS DEVELOPMENTS
Improvement of the Nineteenth Century
Astonishing Discoveries are Made 1234567890

15A 29a \(\quad 12\) Point Post \(\quad\) 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
MONEY MAY SEEM
The Root of 89 All the Evil

\title{
6 A 10 a \\ 24 Point Post \\ 51/2 lbs., \$3.50 \\ \\ ENGINEERS \\ \\ ENGINEERS \\ Prizes 6 Given
}

\section*{SEVENTH DISTRICT} Convention 4 Entertained

\title{
OPERA HOUSE
}

\section*{Financial 8 Questions}

48 Point Post
135/6 lbs., \$7.95

\section*{POST SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.


72 Point Post


96 Point Post (Cast on Cap Line)



\footnotetext{
POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY
}


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

21A 42a 6 Point Inclined De Vinne \(19 / 1 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) We have decided that all goods Carried in our Corner Store Must be Sold at Once 1234567890
\(18 \mathrm{~A} 35 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Inclined De Vinne \(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{CARPETS ARE SLIGHTLY} Damaged at Half 57 Regular Price

20A 41a 8 Point Inclined De Vinne \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) GENEROUS SATURDAY SALE

Surprising Bargains in all Wool Knee Pants 1234567890

15A 30a 12 Point Inclined De Vinne \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
LARGEST STOCK
Gents Furnishing 93 Goods

\section*{PRINTING MATERIAL STANDARD GOODS} Always on Hand and Shipped 35 Promptly Everywhere

\section*{CELEBRATED COPPER-MIXED}

Type Orders Filled 278 With Great Care

\title{
HEALTHY RESIDENTS Beautiful 58 Mansions on Lakes
}

\title{
ONE HUNDRED DAYS Grand State 24 Exhibition
}

3A 7a
36 Point Inclined De Vinne
\(83 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 5.05\)

\title{
MODERN DRUM Cylinder 73 Job Press
}

\section*{INCLINED}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
42 Point Inclined De Vinne \\ \\ FINEST RUGS \\ \\ FINEST RUGS Ingrain 85 Carpets
}

\section*{3A6a}

48 Point Inclined De Vinne
133/46 lbs., \$7.95

\section*{OPEN HOUSE} New Years 2 Day SPECIAL
Fire 73 Sales

3 A 3 a
72 Point Inclined De Vinne
17\% \(/ 8\) lbs., \(\$ 10.80\)


\section*{Annual June Sale of Mens Negligee Shirts at 95c}

It was a foregone conclusion that intense interest should develop at once we announced the opening of this annual June event-the large size of the offering and the exclusiveness of many of the patterns still favor the customer in a very generous measure. There is

\section*{A Splendid Variety to Select From}

To increase the interest of critical buyers it is sufficient perhaps to say that there is a variety to select from that cannot fail in its mission to please. Embraced in the showing are the latest novelties in medium and dark effects and plain colors, with attached or detached cuffs. There are also neat attractive designs on light grounds with a choice of plaited or plain bosoms. The sizes included are 14 to \(19 \frac{1}{2}\). These are our regular \(\$ 1.50\) to \(\$ 2.50\) shirts, at

95c

\section*{Boys' Suits Reduced to \(\mathbf{\$ 6 . 5 0}\)}

Sharp reductions in our "Best to Buy" double breasted and Norfolk suits, and Russian and sailor blouse suits, sizes 2 to 10 years, in many of the most popular shades of all wool materials. Reduced from the former selling prices of \(\$ 7.50, \$ 10.00\) and \(\$ 12.50\) to, each, \(\$ 6.50\).

\section*{Soakemall \(\mathfrak{\&}\) Company}

\author{
711 Cheapside Avenue, Buncoville
}

\title{
House Furnishings
}

\section*{Mission Furniture}

\section*{We Place on Sale Today a Special Lot of Arts and Crafts Furniture at 25\% Discount}

The maker of our fumed oak English furniture shipped us a special lot of this furniture, including Tables, Chairs and Rockers, which are too dark to place in stock with others so they must go at this sacrifice. Some exceptional bargain opportunities are offered.

\section*{Oriental Rug Opportunities}

\section*{Rugs of Rare Quality in Great Variety of Patterns and Complete Range of Sizes}

At no time have we offered anything like the assortment of beautiful floor coverings which comprise this lot. Genuine Imported weaves in neutral color mixtures. Every piece worth twice the special marking.

Anglo Persian rugs, 9x12, each, \(\mathbf{\$ 5 0 . 0 0}\)
Monosul Persian, antique and perfect, about 4x7, \$12.00
Oriental Rug curtains, something novel and beautiful in pattern, pair, \(\$ 4.00\)

Anglo Indian rugs, \(12 \times 16\), each, \(\$ 36.00\)
Kashmere rugs, Oriental designs, \(6 \times 10\), 8×11, at \(\$ 14.00\)
French and Royal Wilton in latest and popular patterns, odd sizes, \(\mathbf{\$ 5 . 0 0}\)

\section*{Some Odd Pieces Real French China at Half Price for a Determined Clearance}

Dainty bits of the best of modern pottery. Every piece a decoration to the table and thoroughly useful. Mostly odd pieces and sets of six.

Salad Bowls in beautiful shapes; at 75c Olive Trays to match the above, at 50c Chop Trays, odd little decorations, 50c

Berry Sets, six saucers and bow1, \$1.25
Haviland China Plates, set of six, \(\$ 3.00\)
Individual Salts and Peppers, each, 15c

> Importer Furnishing Company 7346 Orrington Avenue . Charlottesville . Georgia

23 A 44 a 6 Point Lining De Vinne \(19 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) GREAT CROWDS VISIT WORLDS FAIR
New Attractions are Presented as the Years Roll By 1234567890

19A 40a 10 Point Lining De Vinne \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) PAINTERS ASSOCIATION

Conventions Holding 86 City Meetings

13A 25a 14 Point Lining De Vinne \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 3.00\) SPRING POETS
And Four Happy 45 Boys

21A42a 8 Point Lining De Vinne \(2 \pi / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
MASTERPIECE IN LITERATURE
Darwins Series Fascinating and Beautiful 1234567890
\(16 \mathrm{~A} 30 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Lining De Vinne \(3 \mathrm{th} / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{UNEXPERIENCED}

Moulder and 86 Wire Finisher

9A18a 18 Point Lining DeVinne . \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\)

\section*{MAIL ORDER}

Bargain 5 Day Sales

\section*{POST OFFICE CLERKS} Money Orders 37 Issued and Paid

\title{
YOUNG SOLDIERS Pursuing their 43 Enemies
}

36 Point Lining De Vinne
87/16 lbs., \$5.25

\section*{FANCY LUNCH} Room to 89 Open Soon 4A 6a

\title{
FALL STYLE \\ Coats and 4 Sacques
}

\section*{LINING}

\section*{BUILDING}

\section*{Cages for 5 Sale}

3A 4 a





QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{DE VINNE}

\section*{BOLD}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

16 A 31 a
6 Point De Vinne Bold \(19 / 10 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\) CHICAGO SHEET MUSIC

Company Furnished Music on Request Without Delay All the Latest 1234567890

15A 29a 8 Point DeVinne Bold \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) DOWN TOWN DISTRICT Crowds of Struggling Humanity

Seeking Bargains in Flowers 1234567890

\section*{EMPORIUM OF FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING}

Satisfaction Guaranteed in Ladies Tailor Made Garments Latest Novelties of the 73 Season in Fancy Neckwear

\section*{UPSETTING OF THEORIST CLAIMS}

Not by Ridicule which often Signifies Ignorance But with sound 28 Argument well Delivered

\section*{MUSEUM ORCHESTRA}

Organ Grinders Trolley Parties On an Excursion 46 Train

\section*{GENUINE BOURBON}

\section*{Entertainments Furnished} On Shortest 35 Notice

\section*{DE VINNE \\ BOLD}

\author{
Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
}
\({ }^{3 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{a}}\)
Strains in 2 Discord

3A5a
36 Point De Vinne Bold
85/6 lbs., \$5.15
OPERA MUSIC
New York 8 Artist

\section*{3 A 4a 48 Point De Vinne Bold \\ \(143 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 8.55\) \\ MELODY \\ Piano 5 Duet}

3 A 4 a
60 Point De Vinne Bold
. \(211 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 12.90\)


COMPRESSED

30A 58a 6 Point DeVinne Comp. \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\) LIVINGSTONE WAS THE GREATEST EXPLORER Worlds Stupendous Achievement Was In The Nineteenth Century 1234567890

26A 50a \(\quad 10\) Point DeVinne Comp. \(3^{1} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) CAPACITY TWENTY THOUSAND POUNDS Leased by New Brunswick 85 Refrigerator Line

12A 25a 18 Point DeVinne Comp. \(45 / 5 \mathrm{lb}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
ARTISTIC DESIGNING Picture Framing 73 Experts

25A 50a 8 Point DeVinne Comp. 2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) GREAT DEMAND FOR LOCOMOTIVES Sent to Hawaiian Islands Sumatra Borneo and Java 1234567890

21A 42a 12 Point DeVinne Comp. \({ }^{111 / 6} \mathrm{Jbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) CONSPICUOUS LOOKING WOMEN Staring in Leading 0pera 82 Companies

> 16A \(34 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point DeVinne Comp. \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\) STRICTLY HOME COOKING Special Turkey 8 Dinner Sunday

\section*{MISS0URI PRINTING INDUSTRIES}

Modern Machines and 34 Latest Improvements

30 Point DeVinne Compressed
67/亿6 lbs., \(\$ 4.00\)

\section*{DEMANDS MORE READING}

Newspaper Rapid 8 Perfected Presses

\section*{COSTUMES FROM PARIS} Handsome Face 5 Appearance

\section*{EXPOSITION}

\section*{Shaving 4 Parlors}

\section*{RELLC SOLD}

\section*{Heavy 7 Rocker}

\section*{The DAILY COURIER}

Official Organ and the Only Republican Paper in Toraine County

> GUARANTEED CIRCULATION \(\mathbf{4 7 5 0} \begin{aligned} & \text { SUBSCRIBERS } \\ & \text { AT } \$ 2 \text { A YEAR }\end{aligned}\)

Circular of Rates and Information About The Courier Territory the dally courier press - publishers - henderson, north dakota

24A 48a 10 Point De Vinne Extra Comp. \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) GREAT DEMAND FOR MODERN MACHINES

Machinery Shipped to all the Civilized Countries 1234567890

24 A 46 a 12 Point De Vinne Extra Comp. \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) ANTIQUE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT
Exhibited at Philadelphia Academy of Music 1234567890

\section*{TWENTY THOUSAND GOLD DOLLARS} Expended for Two Magnificent 52 Exposition Buildings

\section*{TW0 THOUSAND THREE HUNDRED}

Years Ago Greece 74 Defeated the Persians

6A 10 a
36 Point De Vinne Extra Compressed
\(71 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 4.35\)
SOLDIER BOYS MARCHING Chattanooga 94 Eighteen Sixty=Three

5A9a
48 Point De Vinne Extra Compressed
\(107 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.50\)

\title{
SOUTHERN FARMERS
} COMPRESSED SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{3 A 4 a}

60 Point De Vinne Extra Compressed
97/8 lbs., \$5.90

\section*{CREAM CHEESE} American 8 Products

\section*{3A 4 a}

72 Point De Vinne Extra Compressed
\(103 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 6.25\)

\section*{BAND STANDS} Pumpking 6 Garden

\section*{CHICAGO THE GREAT MART}

City Leads in Packing, Grain Trade and Food Stuffs REPORT PLACES TOTAL IN BILLIONS

Report by a reliable mercantile and credit agency shows the largest growth in the city's history and Chicago men attribute the increase to advertising in country mediums and mail orders from

DeVinte
The First Real Type Family
The Ad Mens' Standard


Barnhart

Castle Trust Company
Banking by Mail is a prominent feature in this institution and a great accomodation to those on the rural free delivery. Let us send our booklet"Banking"

Opposite the Court House
Belleville, Indiana

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
\[
15 \text { A } 27 \text { a } 6 \text { Point Mode } \quad 19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00
\]

FILLED WITH SUNBEAMS Smiles From Sweet Tempered Wife 1234567890

12A 24 a
10 Point Mode
\(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)

\section*{BUILDS HOUSES} Center 64 Avenue North

13 A 27 a
8 Point Mode
2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\)
COMMISSION MERCHANT
Wholesale and Retail Markets 1234567890

10A 19a
12 Point Mode
31/16 Ibs., \$2.75

Lario Red H (1heriy

\section*{HUNDRED ENGINEERS} Elevated Railroads 7 Consolidate

24 Point Mode
53/4 lbs., \$3.70

\section*{GRANDEST NIGHT}

Coolest Ocean 8 Breeze

36 Point Mode
\(8^{1 / 2} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.25\)
BLOSSOMING
Pretty 5 Wild Rose

3 A 3 a
48 Point Mode
123/4 Ibs., \$7.65
BUILDER

\title{
JONZTONE BROK \& \\ \\ CO.
} \\ \\ CO.
}

Cold Storage for Furs-The distinctive feature of our great Fur Storage Room is that pure, dry, cold air is in constant circulation at a temperature of about 20 degrees below freezing; an atmosphere in which no fur-destroying insect can live. An inspection is solicited.

\title{
Men's Fine Suits of the Latest Summer Mixture
}

\section*{The arrival of extensive re-orders places our present stock in splendid condition}

Measured by every standard, whether it be material or workmanship, whether style or patterns, our Men's Suits prove their superior worth-prove that they are the faultless productions of men who have made the designing and making of men's highclass clothing their life study, and have been wonderfully successful in their attainments.

\section*{Misses' Shirt Waist Dresses}

Misses' dimity shirt waist dresses in combinations of white grounds with red, blue or black rings. The waist cheap at 16c.

\section*{JONZTONE BROK CO.}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

25 A 50 a \(\quad 8\) Point French Title \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) METROPOLITAN BANK ASSOCIATION Millions of Resources Greatest Assets and Llabilities 1234567890

20 A 41 a \(\quad 12\) Point French Title \(\quad 31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) SCIENCE IN JOURNALISM Treatise On Electric 46 Developments

23 A 44 a 10 Point French Title \(31 / 26\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) MANCHESTER MACHINE COMPANY Manufacturers of Heavy Farm Implements 1234567890

\section*{16A 33a \(\quad 14\) Point French Title \\ 41/4 lbs., \$3.00}

NATIONALS ORGANIZED Lively Game 94 Fair Attendance

15A 30a \(\quad 18\) Point French Title \(\quad 45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 3.25\)
PROSPEROUS MERCHANT Small Profit 23 Numerous Sales

\section*{ELABORATE AUTOMOBILE EXHIBITION} Great Crowds Witnessed 276 Grand Speed Contests 8A 14a

\section*{BANDMEN FURNISHED UNIFORMS} Soldiers Reception 753 Paradise Boulevard 5A8a

36 Point French Title
\(65 /\) /b \(_{6}\) lbs., \(\$ 4.30\)

\section*{SUBMARINE DISCOVERIES Sixteen Mines 48 South Harbors}

48 Point French Title
POLITICAL MEETINGS Commissioners 23 Assembling

\section*{HUDSON STREET}

\section*{Splendid 54 lnvestment}

\title{
FIERCE FIRES
}

\section*{Handsome 8 Building}

96 Point French Title, (Cast on Point Line)


1913/16 lbs., \(\$ 10.30\)


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

21 A 40 a 6 Point Modern Title 19 虎 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THERE IS AN UNUSUAL AMOUNT Of Obscurity about the First Printed Books and The Lives and Works of Early Printers 1234567890

19A 37 a 9 Point Modern Title \(23 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) DARKTOWN QUARTETTE Will Sing all the Latest Coon Songs Guitar and Mandolin 62 Concert

18A 36a • 8 Point Modern Title \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) .FINE DIAMOND RINGS Handsome Solid Gold Necklace Durable Watch Charm and Fine Jewelry 1234567890

16 A 33a \(\quad 10\) Point Modern Title \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) SOUTH DAKOTA FARMS Are the Largest in the Country Seventeen Cattle 75 Ranches

\section*{ROBERTS AND PHILIPS CIRCUS IS THE BEST ON EARTH} They Have the Largest and Most Complete Menagerie Ever Exhibited Lions Tigers Elephants Bears Zebras Buffalos Monkeys and Hyenas
\(3^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)
HUNDREDS OF HOMELESS CHILDREN
Made Very Happy. Receiving 58 Useful Handsome Presents

\section*{FINEST DIAMOND EARRINGS}

Handsome Solid 47 Gold Durable Watches

\title{
GRAND CELEBRATION \\ Spanish and Civil 38 War Veterans
}

\title{
EXPENSIVE CAPES \\ Beaver Coats 63 and Jackets
}

36 Point Modern Title
\(8^{1 / 66}\) lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
RIVER FRONT
Commerce 84 Trade

\section*{4 A 6 a}

48 Point Modern Title
\(13^{\mathrm{I} / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 7.85\)

\section*{MONUMENT}

General 35 Grant

\title{
Fairy 79 State
}

\section*{Steep}

\section*{RICO GOLD MINING COMPANY \\  \\ A Permanent Mine Defined Ledges \\ Ten leases have been constantly developing the several claims of this Company, resulting in the uncovering of \(\$ 10,000\) ore which will net the leasers a handsome income, and insure large returns to the Rico. Gold Mining Co. \\ Rico Gold Pays}

Five Cent Monthly Dividends on Every Share of Our Stock

\section*{Signal to Buy is Now}

Wire your reservations for Stock at Our Expense

\section*{Getrich Quick Co.}

SKIDOO, NEVADA


20A 40 a 12 Point Lining Bisque No. 2 3 \(2 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) PRINTERS WAREHOUSE

We Furnish the Printer with the Best 1234567890

11 A 17 a 20 Point Lining Bisque No. \(2 \quad 45 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{EUROPEAN HOTEL}

Steam Heated 84 Rooms

16A 31a 14 Point Lining Bisque No. 2 45/6 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) LABOR SAVING GOODS Turn wasted time into Profits 1234567890

7 A 14 a 24 Point Lining Bisque No. \(2 \quad 59 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.50\)
SUBSTITUTE Modern 52 Presses

\title{
LADIES COMFORT SHOES \\ Lace Shoes the Best 37 on the Market
}

\section*{5A8a}

42 Point Lining Bisque No. 2
\(83 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 5.25\)

\section*{GREATEST VARIETY \\ Nine Handsome 23 Patterns}

\title{
TRUE HARMONY \\ Established in 5 Business
}

\section*{COMMANDERS}

\section*{Northern 6 Province}

\section*{CLEOPATRA} Ancient 3 Dueens

\(25 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Lining Bisque \(11 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\)
CRAFT INVITED TO VISIT OUR DISPLAY ROOM OF FINE TYPE 1234567890

21 A
12 Point Lining Bisque
2 lbs., \$1.50

\section*{PRINTERS SHOULD}

HAVE OUR NEW LINE TYPE 1234567890

16 A
18 Point Lining Bisque
31/10 lbs., \$2.00
TWELVE THOUSAND 576 AND EIGHTEEN YEARS

12A 20 Point Lining Bisque
CYCLONES ARE 68 VERY DISTRUCTIVE

9 A
30 Point Lining Bisque
43/16 lbs., \$2.60
THE LONG DREAMY 59 DAYS PAST

5A
BRIGHT
36 Point Lining Bisque
4 II/6 lbs., \$2.90
43 SUNSHINE 4A

48 Point Lining Bisque
\(63 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.80\)
PICNIC


60 Point Lining Bisque
MARCH 7

72 Point Lining Bisque
83/4 lbs., \$5.05
3 A


31 A 12 Point Lining Facade Cond. No. 1 15/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BULIDIMG CONTANING HUWDREDS OF NEAILY FUNISHHED OFFICES 1234567890

12 A 30 Point Lining Facade Cond. No \(133 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.55\)



11 A 36 Point Lining Facade Cond. No. \(1 \quad 35 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)


25A 18 Point Lining Facade Cond. No. 1 2 \(1 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) GRTHND SYMPHONY GONNEERTS
AMERICHN TRANSPORTATION CORPORRTION 1234567800

17 A 24 Point Lining Facade Cond. No. 1 33/16 lbs., \$2.50


10A 42 Point Lining Facade Cond. No. 1 45/8 lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)


9 A


25 A 50 a 14 Point Lining Facade Cond. \(39 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
THE MAN WHO PAYS HIS HONEST DEBTS
Gan Secuire More Financial Ald Than He Who Does Nol
1234567890

10 A 20 a 30 Point Lining Facade Condensed

15A 28 a 24 Point Lining Facade Cond. \(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.50\)

\title{
STIUEETS OF MEDCRLL COLLEEES \\ 
} |2345607800

\section*{PRETYY SUMNEF RESORTS OEFROOXNY IHE GPFEN VALILEY}




\title{
Hinill mixilu Mixs Mexamil

}

54 Point Lining Facade Condensed
\(1011 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 7.50\)



\title{
60 Point Lining Facade Condensed \\ \(63 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.70\) \\ \\ MMMESEOTA MERPCHANTS BAMOUEEE \\ \\ MMMESEOTA MERPCHANTS BAMOUEEE \\ Aedl| Estute Board 4 Elected Theil Presildenil
}


NUMBER 5

24 A 46a 12 Point Spire No. \(5 \quad 31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
IRESILES AND RAILROAD BRIDGES Steel Constructed 582 Elevated Roads of chicago

\section*{7A 13a \\ 30 Point Spire No. 5 \\ 51/4 lbs., \$4.00}

REGIMENI REPORT
Guards Shot 45 Soldiers

14 A 27 a 18 Point Spire No. \(5 \quad 41 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
MOTORS ON ALL PRESSES Handsome Pressed 75 Steel Corinices 9A 19a

24 Point Spire No. 5
\(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50\)

\section*{giorious surssille}

Will (ast 49 Radiant Beams

\section*{ (redings Hapiness 42 Livierexid Esteen}

60 Point Spire No. 5
83/16 lbs., \(\$ 5.75\)
Hundreds Receiving Y DONATIONS

4A 6 a
GRRSTMAS

BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S

72 Point Spire No. 5
8 Presentí

306
\(8^{1 / 2}\) lbs., \(\$ 5.75\)


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

\(32 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Headletter Cond. 11/61 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) FOURTH OF JULY IS LIKE A CRACKER JACK 1234567890

26A \(\quad 14\) Point Headletter Cond. \(21 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) MONKEY WRENCH 85 IS NOT NAMED
\(19 \mathrm{~A} \quad 18\) Point Headletter Cond. 3 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) MAY NEVER 68 CRACK JOKES

\(28 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Headletter Cond. 2 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)
RELIEVED OF ILL SMELLING BREATHS 1234567890

21 A \(\quad 16\) Point Headletter Cond. \(29 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\)
PUBLIC SCHOOL 52 ESTABLISHED

15 A 24 Point Headletter Cond. \(37 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
SOAP MADE 74 IN IIALY
rulee by 38 Kilicics

9A
42 Point Headletter Condensed
\(5^{1 / 2}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.30\)
LLCHI CANDE 84 TOCCH THE WICK

\section*{9A - 54 Point Headletter Condensed \\ \(73 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.30\) \\ COMPUUING 85 INTERES RULES}

3A
60 Point Headletter Condensed
47/16 lbs., \$2.65
COPRECOT 64 MEASIVRENENI

\title{
INVESICGTIOISOO FAMK SHOW MAIV ARE SATVG
}

\section*{SECOND REPORT ON THE TYPO NATIONAL BANK OF PRINTERDOM DISPERSES CLAIMS THAT THERE IS NO MONEY IN THE PRINTING BUSNESS AND ESTIMATES ACTUAL PROFIT}

\section*{PRNIERS ALL CREDIT THE PONNT SSSIEM}

\section*{CHAIRMAN PICA SAYS AGGREGATE IS OVER \$12,500 FOR THE CURRENT YEAR}
\[
\left.\begin{aligned}
& \text { Printerdom has a justly proud and } \\
& \text { self-satisfied lot of printer men today } \\
& \text { since proof has been shown that they }
\end{aligned} \right\rvert\, \begin{aligned}
& \text { system type justifies in the stick and } \\
& \text { sith compositor's time saved thereby is }
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{SUNHASNEWTYPES}
dRess of Point system faces FOR THE PAPER AND JOB OFFICE ENLARGED

\section*{ALLOW 10 CENTS ON METAL}

PURCHASE ON ACTUAL WEIGHT BASIS

\footnotetext{
Every employe as well as the happy owner of The Sun rejoices in the past year's success and feels an honest and rightful satisfaction in being able to claim a share. Their reward will be a banquet this evening and a continued inspiration in which the new material is proving itself exceptional. Type on
}

\section*{HOME THEATRE}

Messrs. Tinsel \& Dazzle present the NEWEST BURLESQUE AND COMEDY ON THE ISLE OF SEASAME
WITH A SPLENDID CAST INCLUDING MAE FLYE AND TED WHITE Summer Prices: 25, 50, and 75 cents SUNDAY : FRIEND OR FOE?


GUARD


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

18 A 36a 6 Point Guard I9/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
NEW MOWN HAY MEADOWS Green Fields of Wheat Oats and Corn Make

The Good Old Farmers Feel Happy 1234567890

15A 30a
10 Point Guard
\(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
SHORT ARTICLES
Accounts of 35 Book Makers

7 A 15 a
18 Point Guard
45/46 lbs., \$3.25

\section*{OLD POEMS}

Modern 75 Books

16 A 32 a 8 Point Guard \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) FARM LABOR MADE Easy by New Improved Machinery Now Being Sold by Merchants 1234567890
\(12 \mathrm{~A} 25 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Guard \(\quad 3^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
SOMETHINGGOD
Today for 92 the Ladies

5A9a 24 Point Guard
57\% lbs., \$3.50
HATTER
Boys 38 Hats

\section*{DEEPEST DEPTH}

Below Deep 59 Blue Sea

3A4a
36 Point Guard
\(81 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 5.00\) PIKES PEAK Perpetual 6 Snow 3A4a

48 Point Guard
129\% Ibs., \$7.15

\section*{CHANGE}

22 A 6 Point Lining Celtic No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}, \$ 1.00\) GENUINE AFRICAN DIAMONDS WASH THEM IN PURECRYSTALIZED WATER SHINING SPARKLING GLISTENING 1234567890

21 A
10 Point Lining Celtic No. 1 13/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.45\)
FINANCIAL AGENTS COMMISSION AND BROKERS MEMBERS 46 EXCHANGE

22 A 8 Point Lining Celtic No. \(1 \quad 1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) WALL STREET BROKERS
RAILWAY SECURITIES AND BONDS STOCKS AND REAL ESTATE 1234567890

17 A 12 Point Lining Celtic No. \(1 \quad 21 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.75\) FINE GARDENS
AMERICAN ROSE BUDS SWEET 82 VIOLETS

LEADING OFFICERS IN SERVICE GENERAL SHERMAN AND WASHINTON GREATEST FIGHTING 86 STRATEGISTS

\section*{MISTY FOUNTAIN SLOWLY 78 FLOWING}

26A 8 Point Lining Norman Condensed \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) MANY LARGE STEAM BOATS TRAVEL THE GREAT LAKES EVERY DAY AFFORDING PLEASANT JOURNEYS 1234567890

26A 10 Point Lining Norman Condensed \(1^{11 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} \text {., } \$ 1.40 ~}\) PROGRESS IN BUSINESS
MEANS AN INCREASE IN WEALTH COSTLY HOMES AND STORES 1234567890


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(40 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Nadall No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) senators art profound in speaking and debatt spetches made by cainent men for and against many new biles 1234567890

25 A 6 Point Lining Nadall No. \(3 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) PERSONAL' AND FISTIC ARGUMENTS
MOUNTAIN SCENERY 6 SKIL'L'FUL'L'Y REPRODUCED
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 16A } 12 \text { Point Lining Nadall } 21 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} \text {. } \$ 1.50 \\
& \text { ROCK OF AGES } \\
& \text { WEAK AND } 9 \text { EFFICIENT }
\end{aligned}
\]

32A 6 Point Lining Nadall No. \(2 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) STATESMEN ENTANGLED WITH FINANCIAL' PROBl'EMS TWENTY MILLION BUSHEL'S OF WHEAT RAISED IN MANITOBA 1234567890
\(24 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Lining Nadall \(\quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) BUSINESS EDUCATION SCHOOL RIVERDAL'E UNIVERSITY 3 COL'ORADO
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Lining Nadall \(13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) MEXICAN INDIAN TRIBE VIIITING PARIS 8 EXPOSITION
KANG OF SPAIN AND PRINCESS

MUL'TITUDES HAIL' O BRIDAL' COUPL'E HIORIDA OSTRICH 5 FARM


\section*{LINING}

28 A 6 Point Lining Spenser \(\quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) THEY COST LIKE THE VERY MISCHIEF FLOWERS THAT BLOOM IN THE MILLINERS GARDENS 1234567890

24A 10 Point Lining Spenser 11/16 lbs., \$1.40 BOYS SEEKING KNOWLEDGE FOLLOWING 84 WESTERN COWBOYS
\(28 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Lining Spenser \(\quad 11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) RETURN OF THE YOUNG SOLDIER
STORIES TOLD OF THE BLOODY ENCOUNTER 1234567890
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Lining Spenser 2 lbs ., \(\$ 1.50\)
THE CHOICEST ESSAYS EIGHTEEN GIRL 7 GRADUATES

15 A

\section*{SWEET MOWN HAY AND CLOVER} GLORIOUS SUMMER 5 MEADOW BLOOMING

\section*{THE CHICAGO 6 CITY LIBRARIES} ,

5 lbs., \$3.10
EXCURSION 8 STEAMERS
\(7 \mathrm{~A} \quad 36\) Point Lining Spenser
GREATER 5 BARGAIN LUNCHES 4 SERVED

\footnotetext{
RAPID

BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S

60 Point Lining Spenser


314

75/8 lbs., \(\$ 4.55\)


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE
}


16A 6 Point Lining Wide Spenser 13/6 1b., \$1.05 SUBUREAN PAILROAD OFPICIALS ARE RUSHING NEW RURAL ELEVATED ROADS 1254567890

16A 10 Point Lining Wide Spenser \(13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.45\)

\section*{PRINTING PRESS} EACTORY REIMODIED 1234567890

INDIAN NAVIGATION COMPANY FIRST CLASS PASSENGER STEAMERS TOURING THE 537 ENTIRE GLOBE

\title{
MUSICAL DIRECTOR CONVENTION ATTRACTS SEVERAL 4 THOUSAND
}

\section*{6 A \\ 24 Point Lining Wide Spenser \\ 41/8 lbs., \$2.65 \\ WILD FLOWERS FAVORITE GARDEN ROSES 3 VIOLETS}

\title{
RICH MEN BUILD 6 HOUSE
}

\section*{LINING \\ STERLING}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Sterling \(\quad 13 / 6 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) NEVADA MINING GOMPANY

GOLD SILVER COAL ORE AND ZING 1234567890

16A \(\quad 10\) Point Lining Sterling
1"/56 Ibs., \$1.40
SHETLAND PONIES INTELLIGENT 3 ANIMALS


17 A 8 Point Lining Sterling \(11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) STEAMBOAT EXCURSION EVERY TUESDAY 5 EVENING 1234567890

\section*{13 A 12 Point Lining Sterling \(\quad\) 2 \(1 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\) \\ SILVER W丹TGH DIAMOND 2 RINGS}



NEW AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINE COMPLETEST MACHINES ON THIS CONTINENT THOMAS WILLIAMSON 23 LOCAL AGENT

PLEASANT LAKE OUTING SLEPT NIGHTLY ON THE LOUNGE MANY HEALTHY 84 PEOPLE

\title{
COUNCIL MEETINGS AUGUST THE SIXTEENTH SAVINGS 72 ACCOUNTS
}

\title{
FANCY SUITS LATEST CLOTHING WHITE 23 VESTS
}

\section*{LINING}
\(21 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Mayo No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) EVERYMAN HAS HIS DOUBLE BUTTHECONTORTIONISTHAS SEVERAL YOU WOULD THINK HIM RUBBER 1234567890

15 A
10 Point Lining Mayo
13/4 lbs., \$1.45
BRIGHT MOMENT SUPPER OR DINNER MOTHER 8 COOKS

17 A 6 Point Lining Mayo No. 2 3/4lb., \$1.00 NERVE SPLITTING MUSIC MOSQUITOES IN SLEEPING CARS THE GOOD OLD SUMMER TIME 1234567890

16A 8 Point Lining Mayo
15/r lbs., \$1.30
GREATEST HONOR CANDIDATES NOMINATED FOR THE O JUDGESHIP

\section*{EXCELLENT PROGRAMME}

\section*{THE TROMBONE SOLOISTS MUSICAL GRAND 8 SUCCESS TUESDAY}

\section*{PUTS ON GREAT AIRS}

\section*{OUR MAJOR BEATS THE BAND} HAS THE 6 NICEST GIRL

\section*{GRAIVD MUSICAL EVENIVG 4 CONCERTS}

\section*{24 Point Lining Mayo \\ 45/16 lbs., \$2.75 \\ 6 A \\ . \\ LEMON TREES ORANGE 3 GROVE}
\(21 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Arcade \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\)
LAREE HORSE AND OATTLE CAR BADLY WRECKED NEAR BENTON HAREOR TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS LOST 1234567890
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Lining Arcade \(11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 1.25\) PERFEOTION CORSETS ONLY EXPERIENCED OLERKS ONE LADY MODEL WANTED 1234567890

> 13 A \(\quad 10\) Point Lining Arcade \(13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) SPRING LAMB CHOICE TURKEYS FRESH 456 MILK

\section*{SUN BATH EIGHT CENTS FREE 52 RUB}

\title{
FRESH OYSTERS CANNED 72 LOBSTER
}

24 Point Lining Arcade
43/16 lbs., \$2.65

\section*{FALL SUITS NEAT 35 STYLE}

4 A
36 Point Lining Arcade
63/ro lbs., \$3.85

\section*{WILD MAN} BLUE 8 JAY



20 A
8 Point Lining Tasso
I1/4 lbs., \$1.25
BLACK UALLEY COMPANY MANUFACTURERS OF BICYCLES 1234567890

18 A
10 Point Lining Tasso \(13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.45\)
ELECTRIC WELDED STEEL CHASE 83 IS BEST

10 A
18 Point Lining Tasso
3 lbs., \$2.00
BEYOND THE ALPS LIES ITALY KEEP THE FRIEND 6 THOU HAST

8 A
 CHANGE 5 ATMOSPHERE


\section*{LINING}

STILLSON

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

33 A 6 Point Lining Stillson No. 1 Y3í lb., \(\$ 1.00\) NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS ENDURE GREAT hardships when traveling through strange lands 1234567890

22 A 6 Point Lining Stillson No. 3 13/2 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) SHORT STORIES FOR THE CHILDREN ENTERTAINING FROM 425 START TO FINISH

\author{
\(18 \mathrm{~A} \quad 10\) Point Lining Stillson \(13 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.40\) \\ FLORAL ASSOCIATION PLANTING 469 SHRUBBERY
}

25 A 6 Point Lining Stillson No. 2 11/6 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) BICYCLES WITH COASTER BREAKS

ARE VERY SERVICEABLE FOR HILL CLIMBING 1234567890
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Lining Stillson \(11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.25\) NEW GAMES FOR BOYS YOUR CHOICE 234 TEN CENTS
\(16 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Lining Stillson 2 lbs ., \(\$ 1.50\) JAPANESE. SAILOR SEVEN 8 BATTLESHIPS

WAR DECLARED IN THE EAST SOLDIERS RUSH 7 TO THE FRONT

24 Point Lining Stillson
4 lbs., \$2.55

\section*{TERRIBLE DISASTER} MANY PEOPLE 4 MAIMED

5 A
4316 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
CONNUTRITIOUS MENTAL 6 ACTION




Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

24A 6 Point Lining Racine No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) MODERN HOMES FOR SALE CHEAP PIFTEEN MINUTES RIDE FROM THE POST OFFICE NICE LAWNS FRUIT TREES AND SHRUBBERY 1234567890

21 A 8 Point Lining Racine

11/4 lb., \$1.25 BARGAINS IN CUT GLASS FURNITURE STOVES RND FRUITS BREAD TEN 42.CENTS A LOAF
\(22 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Racine No. \(2 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) SALE OF FANCY DRESS SUITS
COMMENCING MONDAY SEPTEMBER FIRST ALL GOODS SOLD AT REDUCED PRICES 1234567890

19 A 10 Point Lining Racine

13/4 lb., \$1.40 STOCK EXCHANGE
BUREAUFOR INFORMATION CHILDS 98 COMPLAINTS

WILLOUGHBY RIGHTwORTH LONGINGTON TEACHER OF MATHEMATICS FRENCH AND GREEK ROOMS SEVEN AND 32 EIGHT WRENNS BLOCK OVERCOATS OR 6 UMBRELLAS



29A 6 Point Lining Menu No. 1 13/16 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) ROUND STEAK AND GREEN ONIONS DELICIOUS STRAWBERRIES WITH ICE CREAM 1234567890
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Lining Menu No. \(3 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) FANCY MIXED FRUIT CAKE BLUE POINTS ON 45 HALF SHELL
\(23 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) point Lining Menu No. 2 13/16 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) CORNED BEEF AND CABBAGE RICH BEAN SOUP WITH MUSHROOMS 1234567890

22 A 8 Point Lining Menu No. 4 1 1/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.25\) FRESH BEEF SAUSAGE CHERRY AND 35 MINCE PIES



25 A 6 Point Engravers Title No. \(1 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\), , \(\$ 1.00\) ENGRAVERS TITLE UNIVERSALLY CONCEDED TO BE THE MOST USEFUL FACE IN THE MODERN EQUIPIPED PRINTING OFFICE

1234567880

16 A 6 Point Engravers Title No. \(2 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) MONSIEUR CARL HIGHSTEP ACADEMY OF DANCE WHHIRLIGIGX HREE LESSONS 57 HOR OLD MEN

15 A 8 Point Engravers Title No. 4 11/4 lbs., \(\$ 1.25\)
LABOR SAVING SLUGS LEADS 78 RULES
\(11 \mathrm{~A} \quad 12\) Point Engravers Title No. \(7 \quad 2\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)

\author{
BRASS RULE BEST 5 QUALITY
}

20 A 6 Point Engravers Title No. \(11 / 2 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) THIS NEW FACE IRECOMMENDED BEING UNEQUALED FOR SOCIETY AND AII, KEINDS OF COMINERCIAL, WORE 1234567890

17 A 8 Point Engravers Title No. \(3 \quad 11 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 1.25\) DOOLITILE AND BUMI PRONIOTERS OF THE NEVER STVEAT :32 BOATMNG CLUB

14 A 10 Point Engravers Title No. 5 1"/ro lbs., \$1.40 GOOD PRESES BABCOCIS OBTIMES

12A \({ }^{10 \text { Point Engravers Title No. } 6 \text { 11/61bs., } \$ 1.40}\)
BANDOLINSS

SHADE OF THE OLD MAPLE DOWN ON THE 76 COUNTRY ROAD

\title{
HISTORICAL SOCIETY NEW SUBJECTS 32 TONIGHT
}

\section*{FLOWER GARDENS STRRANGERS 5 RESORTS}

24 Point Engravers Title
43/8 lbs., \$2.80
LUNCH ROOM SIXTY 4 TABLES BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S


CONDENSED SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

48 A 6 Point Engravers Roman Cond. No. 1 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) fiye thovsand ladorers wanted to tinload bio lumber baboes
apply by mall or ferson to butley brothers and holmes conthactino conpany three hondied ano elobty atwater street copner oreznwood avenue 123 4667800

29A 6 Point Engravers Roman Cond. No. \(43 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\) tifere will be no meeting of the vestry during tie summer months of july and august the first meeting begins 683 SEptember first

42A 6 Point Engravers Roman Cond. No. \(23 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) frances henderson school of science and dramatic art
special rates for people from abroad during algust and september our twenty two story bullding is situated on nortil oak grove

1234567890

37 A 6 Point Engravers Roman Cond. No. 3 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) yourself and company are urged to present
yourselves at olr monthly oathering in northwoods hall SATURDAY AFTERNOON THE 345 SEVENTH DAY OF OCTOBER

THOMPSON AND WHITEHEAD ELECTRICAL SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED HAS MOVED TO ITS NEW BUILDING FOUR HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN HAWKINS STREET HEREAFTER THE ENTIRE ESTABLISHMENT 527 WILL CLOSE AT NOON SATURDAYS

\section*{OUR SISTER MARTHAS TRIP T0 PARADISE} WRITTEN BY REAL GOODBOY AUTHOR OF SWEET ALICE MOST SENSATIONAL 462 STORIES EVER PUBLISHED

\section*{THE HUNTSMAN'S HOTEL}

Big Game Excellent Fishin


ECONOMY
BEING LETTERS FROM PRINTERS

ENDORSING POINT-SYSTEM TYPES
-

1905
THE FOUNDRY PRESS
point-Line

For the Benefit of The Building Fund
LAKOTA COUNTY POLO CLUB MONDAY \(\Lambda\) ND WEDNESDAY AUGUST 4-6, 1907 eight orclack
Balcony
Admission 75 Cents

AK0TA


\section*{MONDAY}

Section.

Row.

SEAT

34A 6 Point Lining Engravers Roman No. 1 3/4 lb., \$1.00 there is a superstition in the public
mind that poor spelling is a makk of ignorance theke are many men who are ever ready to knock

18 A 6 Point Lining Engravers Roman No. 3 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) DESIRE TO WLN A GOOD NAME MAKE FRLENDS INS'TEAD OF FOES BE HONORABLE 26 AND UPRIGHT

23 A 6 Point Lining Engravers Roman No. 2 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) CANNONS AND REVOLVERS SOLD
EITHER MONTHLY OR WEEIKLY IPAYMENTS WEAPONS GUARANTEED FOUR MONTHS 1234567890

17 A 8 Point Lining Engravers Roman \(\quad 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) ESE OF THE PROOF READER IS NECTASSARY IO PRODUCE 53 GOOD WORK

\section*{SPORTSMEN LAST ANNUAL EXCURSION} SPECLAL TRATNS LEAVE FOR HUNTINGSTOWN WEDNESDAY MORNING 26 AT EIGHT SHARP

2 lbs., \$1.50
ROOM FOR COLLEGE STUDENT MUST PRODUCE GOOD RECOMMENDS EIGHT TWENTY 83 ASTOR AVENUE

\section*{FIVE MLLLION MEN EMPLOYED AT DUNNING REPATRING 4 CHATRS}

\title{
STRIKE OVER MILITLA DEPARTS NEXT 9 TUESDAY
}



No. \(\qquad\)
TORONTO, 1908

\section*{FIRST COMMMERCLAL BANK}

РАУ TO \(\qquad\) OR ORDER

DOLLARS
\(\$\) \(\qquad\)
TREASURER


ALSO AN ELAEGANT ASSOR'MEN'T OF

\section*{TATLORED SUITS}

BEING MADE OF LIGHTWEXGHT MATEERIALS THESE SUITS CAN BE WORN IN MORNINGS AND EVENINGS THROUGHOUT THE SEASON

MARLOWE BROS., TAILORS


6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 1 3/4 lb., \(\$ 1.00\) DOWN WHERE THE COTTON BLOSSOMS GROW pICTURE TONIGHT. A FIELD OF SNOWY WHITE in OLD GEORGIA 1234587890

25 A 6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(3 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) NATIONAL MILITARY HOME DESTROYED CIVIL WAR VETERAN 62 HAD NARROW ESCAPE

20A 8 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(5 \quad 1 \frac{1}{4}\) lbs., \$1.25 HEALTH CLUB RESORTS MORNING AND 56 EVENING VISITS

17 A 10 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 7 11/16 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\) GENERAL MERCHANTS SLIPPERS 29 AND SHOES

28 A 6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(2 \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) ELECTRICITY WAS DISCOVERED GY FRANKLIN ONE HUNDRED GLOBES USED TO LIGHT THE STEAMER 1234567890

20 A 6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 4 23/61b., \(\$ 1.05\) SOAKEM AND SKINEM COMPANY DEALERS IN WATERED 34 MINING STOCK

17 A 8 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(6 \quad 1 / 1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\) DRESSMAKING TAUGHT
FREE FROM ONE 57 UNTIL SIX

15 A 12 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(8 \quad 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.50\)
ANIMAL CIRCUS DOGS AND 82 PONIES

\title{
IMPORTED CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS BEST CHEWING OR 35 SMOKING TOBACCO
}

\title{
FIRST CLASS BARBER SHOP HAIRCUT SHAVE 28 AND MASSAGE
}

8 A
18 Point Lining Plate Gothic
31/16 lbs., \$2.05

\section*{GENERAL SHERIDAN BATTLE OF 39 BUNKER HILL}

6 A
24 Point Lining Plate Gothic
37/8 Ibs., \$2.50

\title{
COUNTY HOSPITAL POOR AND 4 DISABLED characters © LY LT AY AT C contained in font
}


SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

24 A 49a 6 Point Paragon 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) BRIDEGROOM STANDETH ARRAYED

In Wedding Garments Beside His Young Bride Surrounded By Bridesmaids Groomsmen Friends and Relatives 1234567890

21 A 44 a 8 Point Paragon 21/4 lbs., \$2.25 TEXAS LOAN AND TRUST

Association Does a General Banking Business Public Administrators and Guardians 1234567890

\section*{MOUNTAIN SCENERY SKILLFULLY REPRODUCED}

Grandest Exhibition of Magnificent Portraits Painted by American and European Artists Seventeenth Semi-Annual Convention 475 of Painters and Sculptors

\section*{MANY BEAUTIFUL FLORAL DEGORATIONS}

Most Attractive Display of the Very Rarest Tropical Specimens of Flowers Giant Trees With Dense 426 Growth of Rustling Foliage

\section*{GRAND RIVER VEHIGLE FAGTORY}

Manufacturers of Goaches Sulkies Chariots and Wagons Orders for Grand Phaetons 893 Received Daily

\title{
AUTOMOBILE EXHIBITIONS \\ Great Growd Witnessed the Speeding Gontests Many Foreign 385 Gars Were Entered
}

ORDER OF DANCES

1 WALTZ
2 TWO-STEP
3 QUADRILLE ..
4 WALTZ
5 TWO-STEP
6 LANCIERS
INTERMISSION

7 KALAMAZOO
8 WALTZ
9 TWO-STEP
10 QUADRILLE
11 VIRGINIA REEL
12 WALTZ
13 SCOTTISCHE

HOME SWEET HOME

GRAND BALL GIVEN BY

The Bachelor Girls Glub
PROGRAM

Monday Evening
January Sixth 1908

TOMBOY HALL

\author{
Monday Evening
}

January Sixth

ADMIT ONE
TOMBOY HALL

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

23 A 46 a 6 Point Paragon Italic 19 亿6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) FAMOUS KENTUCKY THOROUGHBRED Old Record Broken on New Race Track By Blind Horse Highball Winner of the American Derby is Dead 1234567890

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Paragon Italic \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CHIGAGO SWIMMING CLUB
- Natatorium Opened Every Night During Season Ghildren Under Eleven Years of Age Free 1234567890

PIKES PEAK IS COVERED WITH SNOW THE YEAR ROUND Railroads Climb Steep Mountain Sides Twenty Thousand Feet Above Level of the Ocean Yellowstone Park is the Most Beautiful 3 Place For Recreation in the Country

BAND CONGERT TONIGHT AT LINGOLN PARK
Classical and Rag Time Music Will Be the Features for the Evening Cornet Solo by the Famous 5 Artist Herr Karl Von Becker

\section*{REHEARSE GREAT MUSIGAL PROGRAM} Sixteenth Annual Ghristmas Entertainment and Festival Given By the National 8 Brotherhood of Buttinskis Apple Pickers Brass 2 Band Plays Today

MUSIGAL INSTRUMENTS Bought Exchanged 4 and Repaired
 FALL MILLINERY M

SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Unilorm Line.

\title{
26A 52a 6 Point Mission 19/ro lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) VALUABLE GOLLECTION OF ANEGDOTES Exciting Narratives of Foreign Travels Explorations and Discoveries 1234567890
}

19 A \(35 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Mission \(311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)
CHICAGO WHIST SOCIETY Election of Officers 2 Day in August

25A 49a 8 Point Mission \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) ADVENTURES OF CAPTAIN JINKS Adrift on the Ocean for Sixty Two Days Without Food 1234567890
\(22 \mathrm{~A} 44 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Mission \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
THREE FIRESIDE COMPANIONS
Watching the Glowing 3 Embers Disappear

\section*{LITERARY AND MUSISALENTERTANMENT}

Handsome Assortments of Rare and 4 Beautiful Christmas Presents

\section*{PARISIAN COSTUME DESIGNERS}

The Largest Importations of 5 European Novelty Goods 7A 12a

24 Point Mission
57/it lbs., \$3.50

\section*{GERMAN DEPOSIT COMPANY} Life and Fire Insurance 6 Policy Claim Paid

\title{
GENERAL DELIVERY \\ Clear Havana Gigars 7 for a Dollar
}

5A9a
36 Point Mission
81/4 lbs., \$5.10

\section*{MORNING GLORIES}

Pink Carnations and 8 Roses

\title{
42 Point Mission \\ \(10{ }^{15} / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 6.55\) \\ 5A7a \\ FISHING POLE \\ Bathing and 95 Hunting
}

\title{
BRI \\ 13 lbs., \$7.80 \\ BRIDAL FALLS Annual Dog 34 Show
}

\section*{THE \\ Electric-Welded Steel Chase \\ \(\longrightarrow\) BUILT FOR STRENGTH}

\section*{Made from Silver-Gloss Steel A One-Piece Chase}

> THE Electric-Welded Steel Chase is the strongest chase made, it is strictly a OnePiece Chase. There is no other process that will do this to any degree of certainty. Hand welding is bad because of the impossibility of obtaining a perfect weld through inefficient or over-heating of the steel...a half united joint is the result, which is liable to pull apart when subjected to the rigor of printing office handling.
> T The fact that we have sold 30,000 Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases should be convincing enough to the prospective purchaser of chases that the Electric-Welded.One Piece Steel Chase is the only one to be considered. It costs no more than the hand half. welded, hammered together, soldered brazed or dove-tailed variety. The modern printing office equipment including Electric-Welded Steel Chases for hand, platen, web and cylinder presses.


\section*{CASLON OLD ROMAN ITALIC}

Seventh Annual Picnic...

\section*{\(\left\|_{\|}\right\| \|\)} class printers doing high-grade work


DESIGNING
ENGRA VING PRINTING

626 MULBERRY STREET

CLARKSKY, 190

22A 41a 6 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic 19 Ibs., \(\$ 2.00\) BELLOW OF BULL QUIETED BY RAIN Northwest Grain Crop Conditions Are Most Excellent 1234567890

18A 35 a 10 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) LIVE MUTTON TRADE Farmers Holding 3 the Cattle Market

13A 25 a 14 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic 4 \(4 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\) MANY CHILDREN Instantly Killed 8 by Trains

21A 42a 8 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \(2^{1 / 4} / \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) VETERAN OF CIVIL WAR
Railroad Trains Race Through a Wall of Fire 1234567890

15 A 31 a 12 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \(3^{\mathrm{HI} / 66 \mathrm{lbs} \text {., } \$ 2.75}\) COUNTER CHARGE Royal Guest Flees 2 from Hotel

10A 20 a 16 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \(47 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
LIBRARY BOOK
Gold Brick 5 Merchant

\section*{NOTED WORKER OF CHICAGO} Doing Charity Work 3 in the Slums of Dublin

\author{
5A11a
}

24 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
59 后 lbs ., \(\$ 3.55\)

\section*{SPECIAL MEETINGS}

Discuss Cost to 34 Repair a Boat

5A8a
30 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
67/8 lbs., \$4.25

\section*{GLORIOUS NOTES Special This 14 Week Only}

\title{
42 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 6.25\) \\ UMBRELLA Morning 68 Glory
}

\section*{3 A 4 a \\ 48 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \\ \(125 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.55\) \\ HUNTING \\ Fishing 19 Trip}

\section*{HEART \& HAND Announce}

As a special attraction during the months of July and August that their splendid appointed dress-making section which is now even more up-to-date than ever will properly execute

TAILOR-MADE SUITS, at \(\$ 65.00\) and up
SHIRT-WAIST SUITS, at \(\$ 50.00\) and up
LINEN TUB SUITS, at \(\$ 40.00\) and up

Do not miss this rare opportunity to purchase these goods which you will find satisfactory in every respect and
on sale at prices very much below the cost
1646 YORK STREET
MAZUMAS, OREGON

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

23 A 46 a 6 Point Caslon Old Roman \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THIS HOUSE IS A TRADING PLACE For Printers Appreciating the Best the Market Affords We Handle Everything in the Printing Office Line 1234567890

19A 39a 10 Point Caslon Old Roman \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
VISITORS ARE WELCOME
Large Corps of 36 Assistants on Hand

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Caslon Old Roman \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) CUSTOMERS FIND COURTEOUS
Treatment Quick Service Up to Date Business Methods in Vogue at all Branch Houses 1234567890

17 A 32 a 12 Point Caslon Old Roman \(3^{11 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{DIVIDEND PAYING}

Superior Copper 73 Mixed Types

MANY HANDSOME SOUVENIRS GIVEN Great Clearing Sale of Men's Fine 56 Summer Shirts and Collars

\section*{KENTUCKY ICE MACHINE COMPANY}

Largest Makers of Refrigerators 28 and Water Coolers

\section*{CELEBRATED CHARACTERS}

Brief Sketch of Popular 34 Men and Women

\title{
RIBBON DESIGNS \\ Annual Millinery 5 Opening
}

\footnotetext{
Small Caps, for 6 to 18 -Point Inclusive, put up inseparate fonts and sold as follows: 6 -Point, \(21 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ; 8\)-Point, \(17 \mathrm{~A}, 8\)-oz., 50 c ; 10 -Point, \(15 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ; 12\)-Point, \(10 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz}\)., 50 c ; 14 -Point, \(8 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz}\)., 50 c ; 16 -Point, \(6 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz}\). 50 c ; 18 -Point, \(5 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz}\)., 50 c .
}

\section*{CASLON OLD ROMAN}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

4A \(6 a\)
36 Point Caslon Old Roman
87/i6 lbs., \(\$ 5.25\)

\section*{NEW STYLES}

Beautiful 8 Tailorings

4 A \(6 a\)
42 Point Caslon Old Roman
111/16 lbs., \(\$ 6.65\)
HANDSOME
Appears 5 Pleased

\section*{4 A 6 a \\ 48 Point Caslon Old Roman \\ 133/8 lbs., \$8.05 \\ PRACTICAL \\ Mens 3 Clothing}

\section*{3A 4 a}

60 Point Caslon Old Roman
113/4 Ibs., \$7.05
FEDORA
Boys 4 Make

\section*{GREEN Ball 7 Caps}

\section*{Shoe Findings}


\author{
VOGUE ORNAMENT NO \(42,75 C\) \\ Catalogue 1908
}

\author{
A. LEATHERHEAD \& SON \\ WEARING GREEN
}


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform L.ine.

26A 54a 6 Point Old Roman Condensed \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) SUPERIORITY OF TYPE MADE FROM

Copper Mixed Metal is not Fuily Realized Until Compared With Other Makes and is the Reason Our Type is Popuiar 1234567890

24 A 48 a 10 Point Old Roman Condensed \(3^{\mathrm{Y}} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.50\) DURING THE PHILIPPINE WAR Many Brave Soldiers Lost Their Lives on the Bloody Battle Fields of 36 Luzon Island

25 A 49a 8 Point Old Roman Condensed \(21 / 4\) Ibs., \(\$ 2.25\) WAR MAY BE BARBAROUS BUT

Our National Honor Must be Defended and Maintained Oppression resented by the Cannons Mouth 1234567890

20 A 40 a 12 Point Old Roman Condensed 3 H/to lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) GOVERNOR GENERAL Commanding United States Campaign Against Aguinaldo 48 the Dictator

\section*{SPANISH FLEET DESTROYED AT SANTIAGO}

Admiral Cervera Fails to Escape 36 Yankee Soldiers are Victorious

\section*{TRADE WITH ISLANDS INCREASED}

Porto Rico Hawaii Guam and 26 the Philippine Islands

\section*{SUPERIOR COPPER MIXED TYPE}

Unequaled for Toughness 84 Durability and Finish

\section*{PRINTERS SUPPLY HOUSES}

Furnish Everything 29 the Printers Need

\title{
BUILDERS MATERIAL Upholding 45 Logical Arguments
}

\footnotetext{
Small Caps, for 6 to 18 -Point inclusive, put up in separate fonts as follows: 6-Point, \(25 \mathrm{~A}, 6 \mathrm{oz}\)., 50 c ; 8 -Point, \(21 \mathrm{~A}, 8\) oz., 50 c ;
} 10 -Point, \(18 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ; 12\)-Point, \(13 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ; 14\)-Point; \(10 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz} ., 55 \mathrm{c} ; 16\)-Point, \(7 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\); 18-Point, \(5 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{oz}\)., 50 c .

CONDENSED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{36 Point Old Roman Condensed \\ \\ COPPER MIXED \\ \\ COPPER MIXED \\ Universally 67 Demanded}

3 A \(7 a\)
42 Point Old Roman Condensed

\section*{ROMAN FACES}

\section*{Generous 39 Approval}

\title{
BRICK HOUSE Private 8 Residence
}

\section*{3A6a}


\title{
Florida 5 Oranges
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{PERFUME}

\title{
Fragrant 9 Rose \\ 3A 4 a \\ 72 Point Old Roman Condelised \\ 155 /6 lbs., \(\$ 8.90\)
}

\section*{STRONG}

\section*{Hard 2 Paper}


\section*{RODERICK \& CO.} ALL PAPER PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

24A 49a 6 Point Old Roman Bold \(19 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) WE CLAIM THAT SUPERIOR COPPER

Mixed Type Cast on the Point Lining System is the Best made
Most Durable and Satisfactory Type Sold on the Market 1234567890

17 A \(33^{\circ} \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Old Roman Bold \(\quad 31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
A NEW STYLISH HAT
Given to every Customer who will Call at Our 358 Store Friday

23A 44a 8 Point Old Roman Bold \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) ADVENTURES OF HUNGRY DICK Most Thrilling True Detective Story Ever Published For Sale by all Leading Stationess or Booksellers 1234567890

22A 42a 10 Point Old Roman Bold \(3^{\mathrm{t}} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
AN ELECTRIC WELDED
Chase Made from Silver Gloss Steel gives Satisfactory 658 Results Always

SHEEP NOSE OR EARLY HARVEST APPLES Demands for Early Fruit in 467 Large Cities are Enormous

\section*{TWO LARGE PLEASURE BOATS}

Collide in Mid Ocean 263 Many Lives Being Lost

57/6 lbs., \$3.50

\section*{RELIANCE CANNING WORKS} Tomatoes and 934 Cucumbers Bought

\section*{CARRIAGE HORSES}

Bought Sold 83 and Exchanged

4A9a
36 Point Old Roman Bold
\(8^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)

\section*{gigantic trees} Have Seen 9 Many Years

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

4A7a
42 Point Old Roman Bold
105/8 lbs., \$6.35

\section*{RABBIT HUNT}

Delightful 8 Pleasure

3 A 6 a
48 Point Old Roman Bold
1211/16 lbs., \$7.65

\section*{CARPENTER \\ Bicycle 2 Repairer}

\section*{SALESMEN}

Street 3 Passage 3A 4 a

60 Point Old Roman Bold

\section*{PLUMBER}


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

72 Point Old Roman Bold
BAKERY
Cherry 8 Pie

\section*{We are Offering High-Grade}


MEATS AND GROCERIES

\section*{AT EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES}

Our wagons cover the South and West Sides and part of the North Side daily. Get acquainted with us.

WE HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND
Sirloin or Porterhouse Steaks - - - - 12c
Prime Rib Roasts - - - - - 10 c
For other bargains in the meat or grocery lines call us up by phone or come and see for yourselves.

THE CENTRAL MEAT SUPPLY COMPANY


27A 52a 6 Point Mazarin Italic No. 5 19/6 lbs., \$2.00 MARVELOUS ELECTRIC INVENTION Automobiles and Tramways Electric Light and Power Companies 1234567890

20A 40a 10 Point Mazarin Italic No. 5 3 \({ }^{1 / 66} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) PROFITABLE FARMING
Northern Grangers 92 Debating Clubs

14A 26a 14 Point Mazarin Italic No. 5 4 \(4 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\) LARGE GRAINERY Harvesting 34 Machinery

24A 46a 8 Point Mazarin Italic No. \(5 \quad 2 \% / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) MEXICAN FINANCIAL AGENCY
Promoting the Developement of Central America 1234567890
 GIGANTIC BUILDING Chicago Court 89 House Building

11A 19a 18 Point Mazarin Italic No. \(545 / 5 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{GROUND FLOOR}

Grocery and 27 Market

\section*{BRADNER IRON COMPANY} Manufacturers of 46 Farm Machinery

\author{
6A9a
}

30 Point Mazarin Italic No. 5
\(63 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\)

\title{
SPLENDID ORCHARD Raising Prunes 47 in California
} 5A8a

\title{
CHICAGO CLUB Gymnasium 38 Exercises
} 5A7a

\title{
BANK CLERK \\ Foreign 9 Exchange
}

OUTINGSMay now be spent in various ways and at various resorts, but for a fine time spend your vacation at

\title{
THELMAN
}


Situated on the shore of Cork Lake, one and a halt miles north of Dogtown, stage runs daily except Tuesday and carries the mail,
FISHING AND

\section*{boAting}
are of the very best in this state, grape seeds, blue carp and other gamey fish are very numerous. Steamers make daily trips to and from Frogneck, return by way of the Goose Island Boating Club.

\section*{HOTEL}

The service of this hotel and summer resort is considered the best by the most conservative guest.

Rates, \(\$ 2.00\) Per Day and \(U_{p}\)


Thomas E. Bradmin \& Company Proprietors and Managers

务
Cork Lake
Illinois

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Unfform Line.

28A 58a 6 Point Mazarin No. 5 19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) PLEASANT SUMMER COTTAGE TO RENT With Gas Range Cooking Utensils and Good Stationary Wash Tubs Groceries and Meats Delivered Free of Charge Every Day 1234567890

17 A 36 a \(\quad 12\) Point Mazarin No. 5 311/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{MOONLIGHT NIGHTS}

When the Nightingale Sweetly Sings
Lovers Tell 23 the Same Story

24 A 46 a \(\quad 8\) Point Mazarin No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) TWENTIETH CENTURY EXPRESS
Railway Steamship and Wireless Telegraph Service
Foreign Money Market Commission Reports 1234567890

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Mazarin No. 5 3t/ro 1 bs ., \(\$ 2.50\) IMPORTED RUSSIAN SABLES
Money Loaned on Furniture and Jewelry
Real Estate Life and 58 Fire Insurance

\section*{ENGLISH LITERATURE OF THE CENTURY}

Latest Books Magazines and 86 Periodicals on Modern Languages

\section*{NEW FANCY UMBRELLA HANDLES}

Special Brand of Walking 34 Sticks and Riding Whips

\section*{ATTRACTIVE BEDSTEADS} Steel Springs and 28 Chilled Iron Shafts

\title{
5 A 7 a \\ 36 Point Mazarin No. 5 81/i6 lbs., \(\$ 5.00\) \\ BLACK SQUIRREL Wild Turkeys 98 and Geese
}

\section*{NICE}

\title{
Elegantly 6 Furnished
}

\section*{ROCK BASS} Lake 8 Resorts

\section*{BELGIAN HARE FARM}


IMPORTERS OF THE RENOWNED PRIZE-WINNING STOCK KNOWN AMONG THE HARE FANCIERS AS THE BROWN THRUSH BEAUTIES

\section*{SEND FOR A PAIR AT ONCE}

We send you a complete pedigree and all the information that you desire concerning Hares bought from us. We will refund your money if Hares are not as represented.
BELGIAN HARE FARM , , RABBITSTOWN


\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

20A 40a 6 Point Talisman Italic \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) GERMAN LEATHER COMPANY Manufacturers of Leather Pocket Books and Valises 1234567890

15 A 27 a 12 Point Talisman Italic \(3^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 2.75\)
RAPID TRANSIT
Erie Gity 38 Light Company

17 A 34 a \(\quad 8\) Point Talisman Italic \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) PRINCE AND THE PAUPER Interesting Novel by Sir Henry Shannon 1234567890

16A 29a 10 Point Talisman Italic \(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) FOREIGN COURTS
Our Citizens 75 Honored Many

\section*{LONG GOLD WINTER MONTHS}

From December to 24 March the Twenty Eighth

\section*{YOU WANT GOOD WORK}

Always use Superior 47 Copper Mixed Type

\title{
TALISMAN ITALIC Series Cannot be 58 Overlooked
}

\section*{4A7a \\ 30 Point Talisman Italic \\ \(63_{36}\) lbs., \(\$ 4.25\) \\ GRAND SCENERY Colorado 5 River Canyon}

Fancy Characters of Talisman Italic
\(W\)

co
of
and
the

12 Point
Weights and Prices given are Approximate

14 Point 18 Point 24 Point 30 Point
\(\begin{array}{lr}3 / 6 \mathrm{lb} ., & \$ 0.15 \\ 1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., & .20 \\ 3 / 8 \\ & .25\end{array}\)
5/8 lb., \(\quad .25\)

36 Point 48 Point 60 Point
72 Point
\(\begin{array}{lr}15 \mathrm{lb} \mathrm{lb},, & \$ 0.60 \\ 11 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., & .45 \\ 1 / \mathrm{lo} \\ 158 \mathrm{lbs} ., & .65 \\ 15 \mathrm{lbs} . & .95\end{array}\)

Cbaracters 6 and 7 not made in 48,60 and 72 point.

\title{
TALISMAN
}

\title{
36 Point Talisman Italic
}

48 Point Talisman Italic
\(13 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.80\)

\section*{BUILDING} Strong 37 Bridge

\title{
RURAL Mail 25 Bags
}

\section*{3 A 3a}

72 Point Talisman Italic
\(213 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 12.30\)

\section*{R}




Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

20A 39a 6 Point Talisman \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURER Marble Covered Tables Mantels and Sideboards 1234567890
\(16 \mathrm{~A} 30 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Talisman \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
COMPLETE OUTFITS Finest Mahogany 37 Furniture

18A 35a
8 Point Talisman
21/4 lbs., \$2.25

\section*{LATE BOOKS OF FICTION}

Why Dexter Left Home and Undaunted 1234567890

14 A 25 a \(\quad 12\) Point Talisman \(\quad 3^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 2.75\)
CARPETS TAPESTRY
Parlors and 48 Bed Rooms

\section*{NIAGARA FALLS PROGRAMME} Entertainment Offered 75 United States Senators

\section*{NEW YORK YACHT CLUB}

Attending Atlantic 26 City Race Meetings

\title{
MIDLAND BEACH \\ Rockaway 38 Luna Parks
}


\section*{TALISMAN}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line

36 Point Talisman

\section*{GOLD FIELDS}

\section*{Southern 78 Districts}

42 Point Talisman
SONGSTER Operatic 38 Leader

48 Point Talisman
\(121 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)

\section*{DANCING}

\section*{String 47 Music}

\section*{TALISMAN} SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{ROCKERS}

\title{
Fancy 5 Chair
}

3 A 3 a
72 Point Talisman
\(205 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 11.75\)

\section*{BRAINS}

\section*{Big 6 Head}

TEA ROSES
10c DOZ.

CARNATIONS
10c DOZ.

ESTABLISHED 1868

\section*{W. B. CARMEN \& CO.} FLOWERS

Choice Cut Flowers
Received Daily
Orders Recelve Prompt Attention


626 CACTUS ST. GERANIUM, PA.

\footnotetext{
VOGUE ORNAMENT NO. 46, 3SC.
}


22A 44a 6 Point Pastel Lightface \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) CANADAS GREAT HARVEST FIELDS

Millions of Bushels of Cereals Raised on Manitoban Prairies Valuabie Suggestions on Farming 1234567890

17A 34a 10 Point Pastel Lightface \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) PRINTER BOOK BINDER Engraver Lithographer Embosser Highest Class 48 of Printing

19A 39a 8 Point Pastel Lighface \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) MACHINE MODEL DESIGNING Contractors Draftings and Specifications Everything Scientifically Prepared 1234567890

15A 26a 12 Point Pastel Lightface 311 Ib Ibs., \(\$ 2.75\) CIVIL ENGINEERS
Civil Service Examinations Post Office 97 Clerks

\section*{REPUTATION ESTABLISHED}

Optimus Standard and 58 Reliance Press

\section*{MACHINERY CONCERN}

Business Method 62 Established

\section*{DESIGN ARTIST}

Engraved 68 Program

4 A 6 a
48 Point Pastel Lightface
1211/16 lbs., \$7.65

\title{
MERCHANT \\ General 24 Store
}

\section*{PASTEL}

LIGHTFACE

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{RAISINS}

\section*{Fresh 5 Crop}

72 Point Pastel Lightface
175/8 lbs., \$10.40


\section*{Big 3 Store}

\section*{Demonstration of Fireworks \\ NEW INVENTION}

You are most respectfully invited to witness a grand display of Fireworks. A new and marvelously beautiful entertainment. It being the first demonstration of its kind given anywhere in this country. We hope to have you join us for an evenings pleasure and we can assure you of our hearty appreciation in accepting this invitation.

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE



PASTEL

22A 44 a 6 Point Pastel \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) YOU CAN'T GO WRONG WHEN YOU Buy Copper-Mixed Type it is the Best on the Market Write Us When You are in Need of New Fonts 1234567890

17A 35 a
10 Point Pastel
\(3^{1 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~ \$ 2.50 ~}\)
WRECKED STORE REBUILT Fire Proof Material Used Exclusively Work Done by 35 Contractors

19A 37 a
8 Point Pastel
21/4 lbs., \$2.25
PEOPLE ARE IN DANGER WHEN They are Crossing the Crowded Streets For Which Our Large Cities are Noted 1234567890

15 A 28 a
12 Point Pastel
\(3^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~ \$ 2.75 ~}\)
DELIVER FURNITURE
Sideboards Chairs Couches New Vans 492 and Drays

\section*{POTATOES FROM THE COUNTRY} Vegetable Orders 57 Promptly Delivered

\section*{DRY GOODS BELOW COST} Keep Your Eye 4 on the Windows

\title{
HIGH SCHOOLS \\ Teaching 25 Students
}

4A6a
48 Point Pastel
125/16 lbs., \$7.75

\title{
SOCIETIES \\ Friday 5 Nights
}

\section*{PASTEL}

SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

60 Point Pastel
159 化 lbs., \$9.35
BUILDING

72 Point Pastel
TURE

\title{
RHEUMATISM
}

\section*{A POSITIVE CURE}

We guarantee to cure absolutely and permanently the worst cases of Rheumatism, whether it be acute, inflamatory, sciatica or muscular, and do it in a safe and speedy way. It is not necessary for you to suffer any longer with your affliction, you don't have to take our word for it but ask your druggist for Rheumo Nut Grape Powders, They don't keep them; they sell them. Remember that we guarantee them to cure you. Directions on each package. Buy today, give them a trial and if not satisfied you get your money back.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

LIFE FIRE AND ACCIDENT INSURANEE POLICIES Debentures Issued First Mortgages Bought and Exchanged Valuable Farm and city Property For Sale at Bargains 1234567890


\section*{}

Peaches and 25 Apples for Sale


Very Artistic 8 Designs

4 A \(6 a\)
48 Point Pastel Open
1215/6 lbs., \$7.75


\(\square \pi\)
 s U
 , r


378



Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.





\section*{Uppmain of Bodde} Clothing Specialls

Summer Clothing, Overcoats, Rain Coats, Top Coats, Trousers, Wash and Fancy Vests Sweaters, Smoking Jackets and Bath Robes
190r-08

Romer Avenue and Case Street Selectville

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.
20A 40a . 5 Point Pastel Bold \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) We are drifting farther every day Continuous Performances Excepting Sundays and all Hoildays 1234587890

19 A 38a 8 Point Pastel Bold 2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) MANY HANDSOME DESIGNS Shirts and Blouses 36 for Spring Wear

14A 28 a
12 Point Pastel Bold
31/16 lbs., \$2.75
STREET CARNIVAL
Many Special 21 Attractions

22A 42 a 6 Point Pastel Bold 19/ib lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THERE IS A GREAT DIFFERENCE In the Traffic of Today and That of a Few Years Ago 1234567890

16A 30a \(\quad 10\) Point Pastel Bold 31/16 \(^{16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) DETROIT FAST MAIL Tourists and 25 Homeseekers

12A 23a
14 Point Pastel Bold
41/4 lbs., \$3.00

\section*{PRIZE WINNER}

Grand 34 Turkey Raffle

\section*{BLOCKADED BY LANDSLIDES} From the Great Peaks 8 of the Rockies

\section*{LARGE BANKING HOUSE} Wrecked by 23 Dishonest Clerk

\title{
4A.8a \\ 30 Point Pastel Bold \\ 7 lbs., \$4.35 \\ ROOMS TO RENT Apply First 5 of January
}

\section*{Fancy Characters of Pastel Bold}

\section*{Weights and Prices are Approximate.}


Fonts contain characters 1 to 4 inclusive.

\section*{PASTEL BOLD}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

3A 6 a

\section*{INTERESTING}

\section*{Magazine 21 Articles}

\section*{4 A 5 a}

42 Point Pastel Bold
107/i6 lbs., \$6.30
COMMISSION
Oranges 3 Grapes

3A 5 a
48 Point Pastel Bold
\(12 \%\) Ib Ibs., \(\$ 7.55\)

\section*{CARRIAGE}

Livery 5 Stables

3 A 4 a
54 Point Pastel Bold
149/6 lbs., \$8.75
MILLINERY
Open 8 Friday
60 AND 72 POINT SHOWN ON NEXT PAGE.

PASTEL

Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line

\section*{PICKLES}



\title{
A.G. ROGERS \& CO. HARDWARE
}


626 SMITHSONIAN STREET CINCINNATI, TENN.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

24 A 45 a 8 Point Pastel Condensed \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) ANCIENT ORDER OF BACHELORS Good Organization for Men of Sound Judgement 1234567890

21A 39a 12 Point Pastel Condensed \(31 / 61\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) VACATION PLEASURES
Sixty Thousand 637 Pleasure Seekers

9 A 18 a 24 Point Pastel Condensed \(51 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.55\)

\section*{EXPERIENCED}

Eight Expert 9 Artists

22 A \(44 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Pastel Condensed \(3^{1 / 26}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
hunting in the jungles Writing an Interesting and Educative Novel 1234567890

16 A 31a 14 Point Pastel Condensed \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
MODERN PRESSES Optimus Reliance 43 Standard
\(13 \mathrm{~A} 24 \mathrm{a} \quad 18\) Point Pastel Condensed \(45 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.25\)
MONTHLY CONCERTS Songs of the 6 Sunny South

\section*{RELIABLE POLITE SALESMEN}

\section*{Selling Staple and Fancy 34 Groceries}

\section*{HUMOROUS CUSTOMERS}

\section*{Beautifully Decorated 82 Windows}

\section*{GRAND SHOW ROOM}

\title{
Exhibiting Fine 5 China Silks
}

\section*{PASTEL} CONDENSED
\(\qquad\)
Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform I.ine

\section*{48 Point Pastel Condensed \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \$6.25 \\ BURGLAR ALARM \\ Photographs 67 Retouched}

\title{
3 A 4 a
}

60 Point Pastel Condensed

72 Point Pastel Condensed
\(1111 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.80\)


\title{
Tobacco
}


385

\section*{PASTEL}


THE BUILDERS ASSOGIATION PUBLISHING COMPANY . 1234 SCAFFOLD BUILDING . MASONRYBURG


23 A 44 a 6 Point Merit \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\) FASHIONABLE DRESSMAKING EMPORIUM Guarantee Satisfaction In Ladies Tailor Made Suits 1234567890

21 A 42 a \(\quad 10\) Point Merit 3 /í Ibs., \(\$ 2.50\) gROCERIES AND MERCHANDISE Beautiful Modern 35 House Furnishings

11A 21a
18 Point Merit
\(45 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
TICKET 0FFICES
Arkansas 35 Excursion

21 A 40 a \(\quad 8\) Point Merit \(\quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
LENINGTON GRAIN SPECULATORS Cattle Buyers and Dealers in Pine Lumber 1234567890

17 A 38 a \(\quad 12\) Point Merit \(\quad 31 /\) /b lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
GRAND FLORAL PARADE Minstrel Bands 20 in Attendance

15A 28 a
14 Point Merit
45/16 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{PASSENGER STATION}

Express Train 46 Eastbound

\section*{SEVERAL DIFFERENT DRAWINGS} Specifications Submitted for 12 New Bridges

\section*{TOUGHEST AND MOST DURABLE} Clothing for 83 Hunting and Fishing

5A 10a
36 Point Merit
85/r6 lbs., \(\$ 5.15\)

\section*{ELECTRIC AUTOMOBILE} General Repair 8 Department 5A 9a

48 Point Merit
\(125 / 16\) Ibs., \(\$ 7.80\) EASY PAYMENTS Furniture and 5 Carpets

SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{60 Point Merit \\ 115/46 lbs., \$6.80 \\ WHEAT MARKET \\ Growing 2 Stronger}

3 A 3 a
72 Point Merit
155/i6 lbs., \$8.90
MONUMENT
Shows 4 Respect


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

13A25a 6 Point Club \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) STAR OPERA HOUSE English and French Best Plays Three Comlc Shows Daily 1234567890

12A 22 a
8 Point Club
\(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\)
PUPILS WELCOME
Dainty Lunch For Ladies Samples for Children 1234567890

BRUSSELS CARPETS AND TAPESTRY Complete and Fashionable Line of Easy Chairs Grocery Department 28 on Sixteenth Floor

\section*{MORNING GLORIES}

Sketches from Slumberland American Beauty 5 Rose

\section*{CLUB SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{3A4a • 36 Point Club \\ 99\% lbs., \(\$ 5.90\) \\ MINCE PIE \\ Bread 24 Tray}

3 A 4 a

\section*{48 Point Club}

14 lbs., \(\$ 8.40\)

FOXDOG Large 8 Man

\section*{TIGERS}

\section*{Red 7 Caps}

72 Point Club
211/8 lbs., \$12.25



\title{
HARD TIRES
} FOR LIGHT VEHICLES

FASTEST RUNNING


SLOWEST WEARING

The Only Patented Solid Rubber Detachable Light Vehicle Tire in the World Giving Satisfaction
Endorsed by The Amalgamated Order Autoists and Chauffeurs of Good Road City Clubs and Owners Everywhere

THE HARD TIRE MANUFACTURING COMPANY PHILADELPHIA VALVELESS, OHIO

SAINT ANDREWS


Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

22 A 43 a \(\quad 6\) Point Arno No. 2 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) WHEN BEAUTIES CALMLY SLEEP
Lights Must be Burning Low and Silence Prevail Otherwise They Will Wake Up With a Headache 1234567890

17A 34 a
10 Point Arno No. 2 31/16 lbs., \$2.50

\section*{WELCOME SUNLIGHT}

Gladdens Many 275 a Sad Heart Brightens Many Dark Paths

23 A 43 a 8 Point Arno No. \(2 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) SECOND ANNUAL RECEPTION
Wholesale and Retail Grocery Clerks Outing Trains Leave for Grove Every Minute 1234567890

16 A \(33 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Arno No. 2 3H/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) SANDVILLE BANKS
Loan and Trust 368 Company Mortgages Bought and Sold

\section*{SUNDAY MORNING GAZETTE} Foreign and Domestic 924 Ball Game News

\title{
COLLEGE PROFESSORS \\ Cambridge Yale 85 and Harvard
}

5A 8a
30 Point Arno No. 2
71/8 lbs., \$4.45

\section*{SEASIDE RESORTS \\ Bathing in 47 the Ocean}

4 A 6 a
36 Point Arno No. 2
\(8^{\mathrm{I}} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 5.00\)
MODEL MAKER
Handsome 38 Design


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

4A6a
48 Point Arno No. 2
131/8 lbs., \(\$ 7.80\)

\section*{ENORMOUS}

\section*{Copper 9 Mining}

\section*{PRINTER}

\section*{Blank 3 Card}


27A 55a
6 Point Topic No. \(5 \quad 19 / 10\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) INDIAN AND AMERICAN ANIIQUITIES

Revealed in Buried Cities Where Once Enlightened Peopie Dwelt American Buffalo Gradually Being Extingulshed 1234567890

22 A 45 a \(\quad 10\) Point Topic No. \(5 \quad 3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
HUNTING SEASON OPENS
Scarcity of Wild Game in Canada Causing
Hunters to Invade 42 African Jungles

25 A 50 a \(\quad 8\) Point Topic No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) WHERE BUSY CHICAGO NOW STANDS

Once Grew Dense Forests Filled with Savage Indians Constantly Watching for the Whitemans Scalp 1234567890

20 A 41 a \(\quad 12\) Point Topic No. \(5 \quad 311 / 6\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{SHEET IRON WORKERS}

Cutting and Shaping Heavy Sheet Iron
Makes Men of 37 Strong Muscle

\section*{UNITED STATES BATILE SHIPS SAILING NORTHWARD}

Captured Cruisers Returned Sailors Paroled and many Prisoners Exchanged Treaty of Peace Signed 486 and Diplomatic Relations Resumed

\section*{HANDSOME MACHINES EXHIBITED AT PARIS}

Exposition Judged by Many to be Light Strong and Speedy Most Perfect Machine 529 on the Market today

\title{
OPPORTINITY MOST EXCEILENT \\ Farmers fietting 23 Beautiful Homesteads
}

\title{
6 A 9 a \\ 36 Point Topic No. 5 \\ 71/4 lbs., \$4.45 \\ REPLBLICAN AND DEMOCRAIS \\ Young Men Running 59 for 0ffice
}

5A9a
42 Point Topic No. 5

\section*{SIAIE REGIMENT BAND \\ Bold Guards 65 New Armory}

\section*{LARGE GRANARIIS}

Wheat Corn 73 and Barley


Elegant Cut 62 Diamonds

\section*{BRIGHII MINDS} Iraining 37 Humanity

3A 4 a DEEP Whales
 Sharks

3 A 3 a



22A 44 a
6 Point Wesel
19/16 lbs., \$2.00
GRAND OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MEN Invest Your Money in the Wildcat Mining Company Big Returns Promised on Smali Investments 1234567890

19A 39 a
10 Point Wesel
31/6 lbs., \$2.50
ANNUAL HARVEST REPORTS Large Yield of 27 Grain in the West Farmers are Paying Mortgages

21 A \(44 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Wesel \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) GOVERNMENT IRRIGATION CANAL Extensive Tracks of Land Through the West Made Property Valuable with Irrigation 1234567890

17A 35 a
12 Point Wesel
31/16 lbs., \$2.75

\section*{EXTENSIVE BUSINESS}

Shipping Snowballs 63 to Florida Shipped via the Hotair Line

\section*{AMERICAN CELEBRATED LITERARY CHARACTERS} Brief Personal Sketch of 78 some Distinguished Writers Solicitors Wanted to Take Orders in Every Large City

\section*{WONDERFUL MECHANICAL DEVELOPMENT} Present Century Makes 69 an Excellent Showing Modern Machinery Shipped to South America

\section*{RELIABLE PRINTING PRESSES} Babcock Optimus 5 Reigns Supreme

30 Point Wesel
\(65 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\)
REAL ESTATE BARGAIN Suburban Property 23 Selling

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{36 Point Wesel \\ 83/16 lbs., \$5.10 \\ STRANDED STEAMER Building 57 Eighty Ships}

5A7a
48 Point Wesel
12 \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 7.70\)

\section*{BLACK \\ DIAMOND}

Express 3 Company

3A 4 a
60 Point Wesel
123/8 lbs., \$7.45
BOATSWAIN
Climbing 2 Mast

3A3a
72 Point Wesel
149/16 Ibs., \$8.45


Open


\section*{OPEN DAY AND NIGHT}
The best service that can be obtained in the city is guaranteed at our establishment and the best the market affords served to our patrons.
tables will be reserved FOR PRIVATE DINNER PARTIES
Game of All Kinds in Season

\title{
AUT0 RAGES
}


Week of September 5 \(5^{\text {th }}\)-10 \({ }^{\text {th }}\) The Haviland Auto Glub Gourse

\section*{SHERIDAN}

SERIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

20A 38 a 6 Point Sheridan 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
LADIES FASHIONABLE TAILOR
Satisfaction Guaranteed ih Tailor Made Sults
Waists Skirts Gloaks Gapes and Jagkets
1234567890

15A 31a
10 Point Sheridan
\(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
GLOTHING BARGAINS
Great Glearing Sale Gontinuing Gotton Goods 23 Sacrifiged

18A 37a 8 Point Sheridan \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.25\) FANGY NEGKWEAR SALE Wednesday Bargains in Latest Novelties Stylish Hats Boots and Shoes 1234567890

15A 29a . 12 Point Sheridan 3 以/6lbs., \(\$ 7.75\) UNUSUAL BARGAINS Handsome Souvenir Present With Each 59 Pupghase

\section*{GENERAL MERGHANDISE DEPARTMENT}

Head to Foot Outfitters and Household Furnishings
Salt and Fresh Meats 86 Groceries and Drugs

\section*{ONE HUNDRED SUMMER HOMES}

Beautifully Logated Rich and Gostly Furnishings Situated on the 92 Shores of Lake Easter

\section*{IMPROVED MAGHINERY} Exhibition at the 59 Saint Louis Fair

\title{
JUDGED BY EXPERTS Durable Strong 56 and Efficient
}

\section*{SHERIDAN SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{NORTON AVENUE Evanston Glub 68 Rooms}

\title{
FOUNDATIONS \\ Wholesale 34 House
}

\title{
AMERIGAN Sand 94 Banks
}



22A 42a 6 Point Luxor No. 5 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) EXCURSION BOAT MANCHESTER

Flnest Excursion Boat on Water Maklng Dally Trips to Luna Island Rocky Park Conway 1234567890

18 A 38a \(\quad 8\) Point Luxor No. \(5 \quad\) 2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) PRESENT DAY PROCRESS Electric Lights Trolley Car Automobile Printing Press and Ocean Cable 1234567890

INTRODUCTION OF THREE DISTINCT METHODS
Of Printing was Made by Different Persons and at three Different Places During the same Period \(\mathbf{7 8 4}\) of Fifteenth Century

\section*{BIG CITIZENS NONPARTISAN MEETING}

Opposing Election of Designing Politicians Men Prominent In Business Affairs Take 529 Part in the Meeting

\section*{BUYERS IN AMERICAN MARKET}

Struggling to Buy 36 Spring and Summer Goods

\section*{PRINCIPAL INSTRUCTIONS} Reproducing the 37 Human Thoughts

\title{
POPULAR MELODIES Marine Band 24 Give Concert
}

\title{
DOMESTICS Bargain 39 Hunter
}

\title{
CHESTER Neat 57 Dairy
}

\title{
High Grade \\ PRINTING INK
}

Fine Book, Cut and
Half-Tone Blacks.

We handle the best obtainable at prices that are in keeping with the goods.


\section*{Orchard Creamery}

Butter, Eggs, Dairy Products
Peartree Grove . . . . Iowa

M \(\qquad\)


19 A 38 a 6 Point Plymouth 19 is lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
FINE LILAC AND ROSE BUSHES
Magnificent Display in all the Summer Gardens
Large Crowds Visiting the Parks every Day 1234567890

13 A 26 a 12 Point Plymouth \(3^{11 / 66}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
ATHLETIC GAME Breaks all 49 the Records Silver Medals Awarded

18A \(34 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Plymouth \(2 \frac{1}{4} / \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.25\) PROSPECT FOR DIAMONDS South Australian Investment Company

Insures Success to Diligent Seekers 1234567890

15A 29a
10 Point Plymouth \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{SECRET SOCIETIES}

Holding First 12 Annual Picnic
Prize for Best Looking Girl

\section*{EASTERN COLLEGE GRADUATES}

Seeking the Golden West for Financial Openings Selling of Government 65 Land an Attraction Base Ball Parks 71 Close for Season

\title{
GRAND OLD FLAGS National Emblem 92 Display
}

\section*{STORM CLOUDS} Moonlight on 2 the Lake

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

3 A \(6 a\)

\section*{36 Point Plymouth}

\title{
EAST GROVE Pleasing 3 Comedy
}

\section*{48 Point Plymouth \\ 131/4 lbs., \$7.95 \\ ELECTRIC Storm 7 Hacks}


\section*{Fancy Characters of Plymouth}


6 Point ....-. .-......... 1/4 lb., \$0.30
8 Point
10 Point
12 Point
14 Point

Weights and Prices are Approximate
 36 Point ....-.-....-.-. \(1^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., .70 48 Point................. 13/8 lbs., . 70

54 Point 60 Point 72 Point

 120 Point -----......... 37/16 lbs., 1.70

\section*{PLYMOUTH SERIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{3A 4 a \\ 60 Point Plymouth \\ 197/8 lbs., \(\$ 11.90\) \\ BRIDGE \\ Dark \\ 5 Spot}

3 A 3 a

\section*{FR \\ 72 Point Plymouth OGS}

\title{
Leaping 4
}


96 Point Plymouth



\section*{PLYMOUTH}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.


\section*{Colonial Furniture}

\section*{The Plymouth Rock Beds Duckingstool Settles}

\author{
Winthrop-Alden Company Provincetown
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

17 A 33a 6 Point Plymouth Italic \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) FINE GENUINE BUTTER All Packages Properly Marked and Delivered 1234567890
\(14 \mathrm{~A} 28 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Plymouth Italic \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) COUNTV FAIR Prize Cattle 67 are Exhibited
\(10 \mathrm{~A} 20 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point Plymouth Italic \(4^{1 / 4} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
HORSE SHOW
Big Society 35 Events

15 A \(31 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Plymouth Italic \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) UNUSUAL BARGAIN
Presents to Every Ne飞e Customer 1234567890

12A 22a 12 Point Plymouth Italic \(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) CORNER STORE Important 42 Dispatch

7 A 12a 18 Point Plymouth Italic \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\)

\section*{HUNTING}

Rabbits 8 Ducks

\section*{ORANGE CENTER} Daily Lives of 8 Noted Men

\title{
GREEN BACKS Kindly Give 5 Depositor
}

Fancy Characters of Plymouth Italic


\section*{PLYMOUTH ITALIC}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

3A 4 a
36 Point Plymouth Italic
85/16 lbs., \$5.20

\section*{ROSE BUSH}

Fragrant 4 Flowers

48 Point Plymouth Italic
133/16 lbs., \$7.90

\section*{GENUINE}

Rhine 6 Stones

3A 4 a
60 Point Plymouth Italic
183/4 lbs., \$11.25


Larǵe 3 Duck

72 Point Plymouth Italic
195/8 1bs., \$11.40



POINT-LINE, POINT-SET. POINT-BODY


\section*{Fine Printing}

\section*{By Experts}

We wish to call the attention of our many patrons that we have been fortunate enough to secure the services of the best to be had among the higher grade workmen and can guarantee our customers the most perfect workmanship in every respect on

\section*{Catalogs} Booklets Folders Pamphlets Heralds
Stringers
Dodgers Circulars Maps, etc.


22 A 45 a 6 Point Plymouth Condensed \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.00\) OLD BUNKER HILL MONUMENT

Erected at Boston will ever be a Source of great Pride To the Citizens of the State of Massachusetts 1234567890

18A 36a 12 Point Plymouth Condensed \(3^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 2.75\)
NATIONAL PROBLEMS
Eighty Constitutional Amendments Several 386 Immigration Laws

22 A 43a 8 Point Plymouth Condensed \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) NORTHWESTERN BARGAIN HOUSE Latest Styles in Millinery and Rare Plumes Are now Selling at Greatly Reduced Prices 1234567890

19 A 40 a 10 Point Plymouth Condensed \(31 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
GRAND CANYON SCENERY
Purchased from the Governments Art
Collection 897 Exhibited at Paris

\section*{ENORMOUS YIELDS OF EARLY WHEAT}

Shipments Made to England 55 Scotland and Switzerland

\section*{FAST MAIL SPEEDS TO BUFFALO}

Bargain Sale in Mens 83 and Womens Clothes


CONDENSED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
5 A 10 a
}

\section*{DEPOSIT VAULTS}

Money Loaned 8 on Buildings

\section*{4A7a}

36 Point Plymouth Condensed
\(8^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
GREAT BARGAIN
Grand Country 4 Ruined

4A7a
48 Point Plymouth Condensed
\(1211 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.65\)
ESTIMATING

\section*{Riverdale 5 Cottage}

\title{
CENTRAL Long 8 Express
}

THE EASTERN AND WESTERN


Both together being without doubt, in every respect, the finest and fastest excursion boats that are run in the interest of the traveling public in the United States. A trip on one of these famous steamers, on the noblest stream in the country, offers the rarest attractions. They are fitted up in the most elegant style, exclusively for passengers. Their great speed, fine orchestra, spacious saloons, private parlors and luxurious accommodations renders them unexcelled in every respect.

BOLD

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

\title{
15A 28 a 6 Point Plymouth Bold \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\) ，\(\$ 2.00\) INTELEIGENT MERCEANT Prosperous Farmers Grand HIome 1234567890
}

12A 23a 10 Point Plymouth Bold \(3^{1 / 16}\) Ibs．，\(\$ 2.50\)

\section*{BLACK WALNUT} Rockers 352 and Chairs

14A 27a 8 Point Plymouth Bold 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\)
STIKING KNOWITDGE
Instructions in Keeping Books 1234567890

11 A 21 a 12 Point Plymouth Bold
311／16 lbs．，\＄2．75
DIXON NORMAL Business 418 Colleges

\section*{RELIABLE BANK DIRECTORS} Monthly Statements 36 Fully Submitted

\section*{FINE SHEPHERD DOGS} Watch Over the 37 Sheep Fold

\title{
BOAT TO RENT Grand 6 Sunday Papers
} 3A6a

30 Point Plymouth Bold
71／8 Ibs．，\＄4．40

\section*{CIRCULATION Morning 56 Evening}

\section*{Fancy Characters of Plymouth Bold}
a \(h \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{n} \mathbf{x}\) 最䏩 \(R\) of Ghe

> Weights and Prices are approximate.


8 Point．
10 Point.
12 Point．
Character No． 10 not made in 60 and 72 point．
\(\begin{array}{rr}1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., & \$ 0.35 \\ 1 / 2 & \mathrm{lb} ., \\ 11 / 35 \\ 5 / 8 \mathrm{lb} ., & .45 \\ 5 / 8 & 45\end{array}\)
36 Point 48 Point
60 Point
72 Point
7／8 lb．，\(\$ 0.60\)
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(11 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} .\), & .80 \\
\(13 / 8\) & \(\mathrm{lbs} .\), \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
115 f6 lbs．， 1.15
Character No． 11 not made in \(6,48,60\) and 72 point．

\section*{PLYMOUTH}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Liné.

\section*{3A4a \\ 36 Point Plymouth Bold \\ 89 /blbs., \(\$ 5.30\) \\ RAILROADS \\ Demand 4 Money \\  \\ Linen 8 Paper}

60 Point Plymouth Bold
\(1913 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 11.90\)


Birds 8 Sing

3A3a
72 Point Plymouth Bold
211/2 lbs., \(\$ 12.50\)


32 A 65 a 6 Point Adstyle \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 2.00\)
THOUGHTFUL WORKERS USUALLY PREPARE FOR THE FUTURE While Some Never Think Anything Abont it Nor Will They Heed a Warning 1234567890

25 A 50 a \(\quad 10\) Point Adstyle \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) PRINTERS INK MAKES MILLIONS THINK Did You Ever Give 516 Type Any Consideration

28A 58a 8 Point Adstyle \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
NEVER FORGET THAT A SATISFIED CUSTOMER Will Undoubtedly Prove Advantageous to an Established Business 1234567890

23 A \(44 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Adstyle \(\quad\) 311/it lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
HERE IS A GOOD DURABLE FACE Adaptable to Many 78 Classes of Printing

THERE IS ALWAYS A CALM BEFORE A STORM THE OLD Proverb Goes and as a Rule There 1427 is Usually a Repetition Afterwards

\section*{} Satisfy the Continuous Demands 316 of Young Spendthrifts

\section*{PR0GRESSIVE IS THE PRINTER WH0} Looks After His Customer 15 as Well as Himself

6 A 11 a

\section*{KEEP YOUR PRESSES MOVING} Fair Profits if You 27 Would Prosper 5A 9a

36 Point Adstyle
\(71 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 4.35\)

\section*{DID YOU PICK A WINNER} Our Material 2 Wins High Praise

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{4A 9 a}

\section*{42 Point Adstyle}

9!任 lbs., \$5.50
BREAKING RECORDS

\section*{Champion 2 Bicycle Races}

\section*{CONTINUED}

\section*{Ruinous 3 Habit}



\section*{LINING}

GRANT

Weights and Prices given are Apppoximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

24A 48a 8 Point Lining Grant \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.25\) THE MERITS OF OUR PRINTERS SUPPLIES Has Been Amply Demonstrated by the Ever Increasing Demand upon Our Fine Line of Printers Material 1234567890

21A43a
12 Point Lining Grant \(\quad 311 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) HAMILTON GOUNTY FAIR Opens Saturday 3 October Seventeenth Horse Races and Athletic Contests

25A 47a
10 Point Lining Grant
\(3^{1 / 1 / 6} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) MANY HOURS OF TIME fRE WASTED
When Hardly a Job can be Set Without Pulling Type Brass Rule and Sometimes Leads and Slugs 1234567890

17A 34a \(\quad 14\) Point Lining Grant \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{ORDER OF BAGHELORS}

Miss Vera 68 Antique Presiding New Members were Admitted

\section*{NORTHWEST LIGHT AND HEAT COMPANY}

Special Rates Given During the 769 Months of May June and July

\section*{SPEGIAL LEADS FOR LINING TYPE} Gut to Labop Saving Sizes 945 and put up in Neat Gases

\title{
DISHONEST BANK OFFIGIILS Robbed the Bank of 32 Eightit Million Dollaps
}

\title{
HANDSOME PIGTURE HAT \\ 
}

48 Point Lining Grant
\(101 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.30\)

\section*{PRESIDENT NOMINATED}

Brass Bands 43 and Fipeworks

54 Point Lining Grant

\section*{OSTRIGH FEATHERS}

Ppige List of 6 NeW Goods


3A4a
72 Point Lining Grant
LARGE BIIRD Lavar the 48 Planins

\section*{LINING}

GRANT

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
MOURNING \\ \\ Winter 37 Sulnmber
} \\ \\ Winter 37 Sulnmber
}

\section*{Tho Nopth Amepigan}

Prepares and delivers to any part of the city or suburbs


\section*{Put up in Wax Boxes}

Gontaining the following choice eatables: three sandwiches of fried chicken feet, horseradish pie, potato pan cake, larded eyebrow, a sweet pickle and a toothpick. GRANT


23 A 48a 10 Point Cadillac Condensed \(3^{1 / 1 / 6}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) EIGHTY EDUCATED GENTLEMEN Have Established Many Libraries and Schools 1234567890

11 A 22 a 18 Point Cadillac Condensed \(45 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.25\)
GENERAL BANKING Four Per Gent 9 Interest

18A 37a 12 Point Cadillac Condensed \(3^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~} \$ 2.75\)
JUSTICE NEVER CHANGES
Though Conceptions of Right Vary 1234567890

15A 30a 14 Point Cadillac Condensed \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{GARRIAGE FAGTORY}

Chariots Wagons 2 and Carts

\section*{beAutiful floral decorations} Displayed at Lincoln 54 Park Green House

\section*{STATE REGIMENT BANDS} Play Daily at the 25 Grand Pavilion

\author{
5A 8a
}

\title{
PROSPEROUS FARMING North and 36 South Garolina
}

\title{
BARGANS TODAY Large Talking 78 Machine
}

\section*{CADILLAC} CONDENSED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.
54 Point Cadillac Condensed

\section*{MIXED PAINIS Varnish 35 and 0ils}

Country 86 Parade

\section*{M. A. REMLER \& SONS COMPANY 187 BADENOTE STREET}

\title{
Real Estate Investments \\ Town and Gountry Property . Loans Stocks . First Mortgage Gold Bonds
}

General Banking Business . Four Per Cent Interest on Savings

\section*{Boston CHICAG0 Denver}

31 A 60 a 6 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 2.00\) BEADTIFUL CRAYON PORTRAITS ON EXHIBITION Wanted One Huadred Experienced and Indastrious Solicitors and Canvassers 1234567890

25 A 50 a 10 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 2.50\) NORTHWESTERN TRADES SUPPLY HOUSE Embossing Bookbinding 234 and Engraving Material

13 A 25 a 16 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{MODERN DEVICES}

Steam Launch 32 Motor Boats

27A 54 a 8 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 2.25\) BOWMAN RESTAURANT AND LUNCH ROOM Our Motto Most Courteous Treatment Extended to All Our Patrons 1234567890

20 A 40 a 12 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 2.75\)
EAGLE BRAND PAPER MAKERS
Envelopes Recounted 576 Paper and Twine

16A 32 a 14 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed \(\$ 3.00\) HISTORICAL LITERATURE
Fine Magazines 89 Delivered Cheap

\section*{DECORATORS CONVENTION ANNOUNCED}

Railroad Rates Greatly Reduced 54 During the Month of March

\section*{RESCUERS HERO FUND RECORDED} Applications Received 76 for Lighthouse Keepers

\title{
RENOWNED PUBLISHERS \\ Large Attendance 89 June Celebration
}

36 Point Old Roman Bold Condensed
\(\$ 4.25\)
HOUSTON DIVISION Grand Central 23 Railroad Depot

\section*{EIGHT LONG RIDES}

\section*{Exhilarating 4 Amusements}

\section*{EXCURSIONIST}

Small Size 5 Race Boat

\title{
Machines \\ 3 Repaired
}


\section*{OLD ROMAN BOLD CONDENSED SERIES}

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Sét, Point-Body.



3 A 3 a

\(\$ 17.35\)



\section*{HOLCOMB AND SHERIDAN}

Egyptian Undertakers 954 and Embalmers
SCHEDULE OF TRAINS Beautiful Hand 32 Painted China

\section*{4A9a \\ 30 Point Old Roman Black \\ ENORMOUS TREES Have Seen 45 Many Years}

\title{
MARGIN FIGURE Weekly 8 Time Sheet
}

\title{
3 A 5 a \\ 42 Point Old Roman Black \\ \\ NUMBER ONE
} \\ \\ NUMBER ONE
} First 3 Paragraph

3A 4 a
48 Point Old Roman Black
\(\$ 7.60\)

\section*{CARRIAGE}

\section*{Wagon \\ 3 \\ Shops}

3 A 3 a
54 Point Old Roman Black
\(\$ 9.00\)

\section*{EASTERN}

Drug 6 Clerks

3A 4 a
60 Point Old Roman Black

\section*{OLD ROMAN BLACK SERIES}

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

\section*{72 Point Old Roman Black \\ \(\$ 11.90\) \\ BAKER \\ Nut 8 Cake}


\footnotetext{
Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.
}

\title{
20 A 40 a 6 Point Old Roman Black 1talic \\ \(\$ 2.00\) BANK GUARANTY ABSORBING ISSUE Passengers from Chicago Grand Rapids and Mansfield 1234567890
}

16A 32 a 10 Point Old Roman Black Italic \(\$ 2.50\)
THRILLING PERFORMANCE Witnessed by 1234 Thousands in Italy

11 A 21 a 14 Point Old Roman Black Italic \(\quad \$ 3.00\) FOREST FIRES Ruined 890 Lumbermen

18 A 36a 8 Point Old Roman Black Italic \(\$ 2.25\) EFFECTIVE ORGANIZATION WORK Shown Following Truthful Campaign Oratory 1234567890

13 A 27 a 12 Point Old Roman Black Italic \(\$ 2.75\) COTTON MILLS IDLE Notes from 567 Foreign Lands

\author{
9 A 16 a 16 Point Old Roman Black Italic \(\quad \$ 3.00\)
}

\section*{ADVERTISER}

Morning 312 Sentinel

\section*{INSTRUCTIONS SIMPLIFIED} Wider Experience in 546 'Railroad Service

\author{
5 A 9 a \\ 24 Point Old Roman Black Italic \\ \(\$ 3.50\) \\ BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY Commercial 9 Conditions Observed
}

\title{
4A7a \\ 30 Point Old Roman Black Italic \\ \(\$ 4.25\) \\ \\ DETROIT LIMITED \\ \\ DETROIT LIMITED Round Trip 23 Tickets Sold
} Round Trip 23 Tickets Sold
} 3 A 5 a

\title{
BANK NOTES Checking 56 Accounts
}

BLACK ITALIC

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

\title{
42 Point Old Roman Black Italic \\ SOUTHERN Clothing 3 Houses
}

\section*{48 Point Old Roman Black Italic \\ BUILDING \\ Lengthy 7 Stable \\ Sizes 24 point and larger cast upon offset body.}

Made-to-Measure

\title{
Spring Overcoats
}

Most attractive line of woolens, direct from the mills, to select from. All the very newest shades and patterns. Stripes are in demand, and we have a very classy variety. Every garment that we make is fashioned by an expert and built to fit you. We guarantee all styles and fit.

\section*{WE KINDLY SOLICIT YOUR PATRONAGE}

\section*{Morse Tailoring Parlors}

\section*{Old Roman Semitone}

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

\section*{FINANCIALLY EMBARRASSED} Great Telegraph 17 Department Closed

\title{
GAME IN SEASON Fish Oysters 4 and Clams
}

3A 4 a
48 Point Old Roman Semitone


Sausage 9 Factory

3 A 4 a
60 Point Old Roman Semitone
\(\$ 11.65\)



BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S


142


CHIAO AND \(\mathbb{H} A R M O N Y\) OF THIE PAST AND PRESENT Railway Steamship amd Wireless Telegraph Service are Being Improved Foreign Money Market Commission Reports Duly Recorded 1234.567890
\(\mathbb{P R E L U D E ~ T O ~ A R T ~ A N D ~ S C I E N C E ~}\)
Pleasing Bewillderment and Assimilative Joy Uninterrupted 584 Commercialism

\section*{DANCE OF TRHE WITCHIES} Played to the 48 Stoical Audience

BLACK

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.


ENTIRE STOCK SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION The Romances of Pioneer Days Bound in Seven Volumes 1234567890

18A36a
10 Point Adstyle Black
DISCOVERED WONDERFUL Adaptability of 234 Territory Bought

20A 40 a 8 Point Adstyle Black \(\$ 2.25\)
DIAMONDS WATCHES AND JEWELRY
Retailers of Finest Gold Rings and Silverware 1234567890

16A 30a \(\quad 12\) Point Adstyle Black \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{CHRISTMAS SHOPPING}

Large Stores 675 Display Goods

\section*{CHINESE AND JAPANESE LITERATURE} Standard Magazines and 94 Periodicals on Modern Topics

\section*{AUTOMOBILE EXHIBITIONS}

Buyers Witnessed the 83 Speeding Contests
BEAUTIFUL DECORATIONS Finest Flowers 72 Rare Specimens

\title{
MACHINE BUILDER Union Park 65 Boat House
}

Cast on Uniform Line, Point Set. Point-Body.

\section*{TREASURE}

\section*{Shadow 5 Pictures}

\author{
3 A 5 a
}

48 Point Adstyle Black

\title{
BRICK HOUSE
}

London 6 Cement

\section*{3 A 4 a \\ 54 Point Adstyle Black \\ \(\$ 8.80\) \\  \\ Doctor 3 Smith}

\section*{ADSTYLE BLACK}

Cast on Unfiorin Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

3A 3a
72 Point Adstyle Black

\section*{MARKET} New 2 Road

3 A 3 a
96 Point Adstyle Black
\(\$ 16.40\)


ONE PINT
SELECTED

> STAR BRAND OYSTERS

Packed Expressly for BURTON FISH CO., West Charles, Missouri

\section*{ADSTYLE \\ CONDENSED}

Cast on Uniforin Line, Point Set, Point-Body
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 10 Point Adstyle Condensed. \(\$ 2.50\) SUPERIOR COPPRE MIXED TYPE & \[
25 \mathrm{~A}
\] \\
\hline & \\
\hline 既est When Compared With Any Other Kind & Are Widely Known Throughout Many Countries \\
\hline e is Cast From Superior Copper-Mixed Met & Durability Counts in the Making of Chas \\
\hline 1234567890 & 1234567890 \\
\hline 188 37a 14 Point & Condensed \\
\hline AUDIENCE DELICHTED WI & VISED VERSION OF PLAYS \\
\hline ominent Writers Declare Simplified & ake Lasting Impression Upon Listen \\
\hline dependent Theater Agents Reap & arge Harvests Resulting Therefrom \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DIPLOMATIC SALESMAN SECURES MANY LARCE ORDERS} Automobile Manufacturing Concern Bankrupt Aitter Few Years Business

\section*{SEWER CONGESTION QUICKLY RELIEVED}

Reinforcements Concerning 52 Regular Law Now Solicited

\section*{DAMAGED STEREOPTICON MACHINE} Terriicic Wind Storms 7 Cause Great Suffering

\section*{THIRD CONVENTION NICHT} Home Benevolent 6 Society Welcome

\section*{JUDGMENT DEMANDED}

\section*{Insubordinates 8 Discrimination}

4A9a
48 Point Adstyle Condensed

\section*{BOLD MIDNGGHT RAID}

\section*{Hotel Guests 6 Scare Bandit}

STATE BOARD
Governors


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Pofnt-Body.

\section*{DISOBEDIENCE}

Criminal 2 Offenses

\section*{DECISION}


Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

15A 29a 6 Point Adstyle Wide \(\$ 2.00\)
COMING EVENTS FORETOLD Boys Wonderiul Powers Demonstrated Proves True After Strangers Left 1234567890
\(10 \mathrm{~A} 18 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Adstyle Wide \(\quad \$ 2.75\)
CONGREGATE Bruisers Department Moist 86 Roads

13A 27a 8 Point Adstyle Wide \(\$ 2.25\)
GOVERNMENT BONDS Furnish Money For Rebuilding Stations and Warehouses 1234567890

12A 24a \(\quad 10\) Point Adstyle Wide
\$2.50
RIVERSIDE DRIVE
Automobile Race Courses
Abolished 53 Forever

\section*{SINGERS COSTUME LOST} Wardrobe Keeper 79 Held Responsible

\title{
LONESOME EVENING Spent Near 20 Roaring Fires
}

A 6 a
24 Point Adstyle Wide
\(\$ 3.50\)

\section*{NORTH RESORT Beautiful 13 Snow Girl}

3A 5 a
30 Point Adstyle Wide

\title{
MONSTERS Horrible 4 Change
} 3A 5 a

36 Point Adstyle Wide
\(\$ 6.45\)

\title{
DIAMOND \\ Bands 5 Taken
}

\section*{Adstyle Wide}

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Sét, Point-Body.

42 Point Adstyle Wide
\(\$ 8.15\)

\section*{MINERS \\ Blind 6 Hero}

3A 4 a
48 Point Adstyle Wide
\(\$ 10.60\)


Gold 7 Seat


3A 4 a
60 Point Adstyle Wide
\(\$ 16.50\)


Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.

18 A 38 a 6 Point Bard \(\$ 2.00\)
MOST GLORIOUS SUNSHINE
Spreading its Bright Rays over the Universe 1234567890

12 A 24 a
12 Point Bard
\$2.75
TENNIS GAMES Muscular 213 Exercises

15A 31 a
8 Point Bard
\(\$ 2.25\)
TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW
Six Hundred Square Feet of Canvas 1234567890

15 A 30 a
10 Point Bard
\(\$ 2.50\)
CRYSTAL LAKES
Cool Refreshing 54 Breezes

\section*{SOUTHERN BRICK COMPANY} Best Grade Vitrified 36 Paving Bricks
\(\$ 3.60\)

\section*{24 Point Bard \\ PIANO RECITAL}

Commencing 54 Promptly

\section*{PINE}

Growing 7 Upward
3A 4 a
48 Point Bard
\(\$ 7.55\)

36 Point Bard
\(\$ 5.20\)

\section*{TREES}

\section*{TUREMSH BRTH R R R R R R}

\[
7 \mathrm{~A}
\]

24 Point Bard Open
\(\$ 2.55\)

\section*{} SMOKERERS SUPPルIES


COMPETITION IS SAID TO BE THE LIFE OF TRMDE
Our nim is to make Our Goods Prove themselves Valuable to all Our Customers 123

This Ticket and Ten Cemts Admits the Bearer to


For the Performance of
UNGLE TOMPS RENDEEMOUS
A New Drama Produced for the First Time in this Section of the Stateo

Cast on Uniform Line, Point-Set, Point-Body.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \({ }^{24} 4\) 50a \({ }^{12}\) Point Lining Archer \({ }^{\text {82,75 }}\) & 22 A 43 a 14 Point Lining Archer \({ }^{\text {83.00 }}\) \\
\hline SUPERIOR COPPER MIXED TYPE & NEBRASKA STOCK EXCHANG \\
\hline Produces the Cleanest Effect to the Observe & Twelve Thousand Head of Cattle Sold \\
\hline 1234567890 & 1234567890 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{(LEARANCE SALE OF WOMENS SHIRT WAISTS} Sale wilf Commence Tomorrow 78 Afternoon at Three O'clock

8A 15a
30 Point Lining Archer

\section*{CRESTON BICYCLE COMPANY} Oidest Automobile 35 Manulactureers in America

\section*{(HAMPIONSHIP}

\section*{5}

\section*{Awarded}

QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

15A 31 a \(\quad 6\) Point Lining Emerald \(\$ 2.00\) ELEOTRIO MOTORS
Improvements of Ninteenth Century 1234567890

10 A 22 a 10 Point Lining Emerald \(\$ 2.50\)
FINE SGENERY
Mountain 5 and River

> 13A 24 a
> 8 Point Lining Emerald
> \$2.25
> MODERN MAOHINE
> Exxoursion on Lake Superior 1234567890

9A15a 14 Point Lining Emerald
\(\$ 3.00\)



\section*{36 Point Lining Emerald \\ \(\$ 5.10\) \\ PRINTER \\ Society 9 Work}

3A 3 a
48 Point Lining Emerald
\(\$ 9.10\)
 ast


26 A 6 Point Engravers Title Condensed No. 11/2 \(\$ 1.00\)
FASIIONABLE SLMMER RESORT WIIL REOPEN MARCH 1234567890

8 Point Engravers Title Condensed No. 3 23 A EUROPEAN POWERS 48 SEND WARSHIPS

10 Point Engravers Title Condensed No. 5
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad \$ 1.40\) NATIONAL 53 LADIES HOMES

\author{
12 Point Engravers Title Condensed No. 7 \$1.50
}


14 Point Engravers Title Condensed \(12 \mathrm{~A} \quad 14\) Point Engravers Title Condensed \(\quad \$ 1.75\) HUNTER 9 SHOOTS 20 Point Engravers Title Condensed MONKEYS 5 PICTURING BRIGHT 6 METEOR SMOTE 7 WIDTH 4A 3A

17 A 34 a 5 Point Franklin Roman \(\$ 2.00\) IMMORTAL. PRINCE OF MORAL PILILOSOPIIERS In the Afternoon There Will be Two Games of Baseball Ilayed Also Golfing Should Weather Conditions Prevail 1234567890

20 A 38 a 8 Point Franklin Roman
\(\$ 2.25\)
PROVERBS OF TRUTH AND FAITII Opening Day is an Especially Eventful Affair Fruit and Flowers 9 in Abundance

21 A 44 a 6 Point Franklin Roman \(\$ 2.00\) REAL WILD INDIANS IN CAPTIVITY
Terms of the School are also Listed Low in the Prospeetus Arehitect Won 5 Fame With the Idea 1234567890

15 A 30 a \(\quad 10\) Point Franklin Roman \(\$ 2.50\)
DAILY LESSONS GIVEN
See the Giant Caves of Kentucky Mosaic Sold 5 by Reserve

\section*{FESTOONED AND ILLUMINATED BY ARC LAMPS} Farmers in the West are Brimming Over With Successful Harvest Some Remains of 9 Ecclesiastical Architecture

\section*{ILLUSTRATED BY EMINENT ARTISTS}

\title{
Antiquity of China and Her Rising to Western Methods Admittance at the 5 Gate by Ticket Only
}

\section*{RESEARCHES ARE HISTORICAL}

Cultivation of the Gifts of Intellectual Genius Proverbial Wisdom 7 of Solomon

\section*{THEBES AND MEMPHIS}

\section*{Schedule of all Steamboats Sent by Mail New England 5 Courant Issued}

\section*{HISTORY OF CHICAGO} Biographical 8 Sketch From Life

\section*{MAGNETIC ZONES} Fine Selection 5 of Jewels

36 Point Franklin Roman

\title{
FINE ANTIQUES Shades Old 9 Faithful
}

\title{
Towers 8 of Babel
}


\section*{9}

33 A 6 Point Light Plate Gothic No. \(1 \quad \$ 1.00\) greens history of ancient greece and rome falling shades of evening was weaving night from day 1234567890

25 A 6 Point Light Plate Gothic No. \(3 \quad \$ 1.00\) MARCHING THROUGH GEORGIA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY 52 YELLOWSTONE PARK
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 8\) Point Light Plate Gothic No. 5 \$1.25 MORNING NOON AND NIGHT PSYCHOLOGICAL 5 PUBLICATIONS
\[
17 \text { A } 10 \text { Point Light Plate Gothic No. } 7 \quad \$ 1.40
\]

EXPLOITING MINES SERVICE 5 ISIFIRST CLASS

28 A 6 Point Light Plate Gothic No. \(2 \quad \$ 1.00\) ANCESTRAL HOMES OF FAMILIES ABOUND EASTERN HEMISPHERE is THE CRADLE OF THE WORLD 1234567890

20 A 6 Point Light Plate Gothic No. \(4 \quad \$ 1.05\) ADMITTANCE BY TICKET ONLY LEAGUE ISLAND 59 ON THE DELAWARE

17 A 8 Point Light Plate Gothic No. 6 \$1.25 ENGLISH HOMESTEADS ABYSS OF 29 ETERNAL TIME

15 A 12 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. \(8 \quad \$ 1.50\)
HONOR SIX HEROS
ANTIQUE 25 DEALERS

\title{


}

\section*{SOLD GOVERNMENT BOND NOMINATION 25 OF CONGRESSMEN} 8 A

18 Point Light Plate Gothic
\$2.05
CHOICE MODERN DESIGN MADE 4 SOUND 8 SHOE HOUSE

6 A

\title{
GRAND OPERAS GARDEN 25 THE GODS CHARACTERS © AT LY, LT AY CONTAINED INFONT
}

\section*{PROGRAM}

Cast on Cap Line, Point-Set, Point Borly.
\(32 \mathrm{~A} \quad 6\) Point Program Italic No. \(1 \quad \$ 1.00\) THE BALL WILL BE LED OFF PROMPTLY ON TIME
and entranging strains of beautiful melody filled the air benefigial and refining to art and litera ture \(\$ 123456789\)

25 A 6 Point Program Italic No. \(3 \quad \$ 1.00\) HAYDENS GREATION WAS SECOND THE DANGE GAME OFF NEAR THE NORTH POLE THEY FOUND NO 7 DISCOVERY FLAG

21 A 12 Point Program Italic No. \(5 \quad \$ 1.50\) ADMIT ONE TO BALCONY SONATA IN G BY THE GONDUCTOR GURTAIN WILL 8 RISE PROMPT

27 A 6 Point Program Italic No. \(2 \quad \$ 1.00\) HARMONY OF THE HEAVENS WAS THE THEME
ALL TICKETS ARE DOUBLE FOR LADY AND GENTLEMAN REFRESHMENTS 9 BETWEEN INTERVALS \$1234567890

24 A 12 Point Program Italic No. \(4 \quad \$ 1.50\) BOOKINGS AT GRESANDOS
PLAYED THE FALL OF SARDANAPOLIS FOR PROGRAMME 25 IS GHARGED

17 A \(\quad 12\) Point Program Italic No. \(6 \quad \$ 1.50\) SPEGIAL BYREQUEST \(G R A N D M A R G H F O M A I D A\) IMPROMPTU 5 SOLO

MAZEPPA OR THE WILD HORSE OF TARTARY GAVALCADE OF 9 MOUNTED TROOPERS

\section*{ANGIENT ORDER OF ANTEDILUVIANS MOZARTS 9 TWELFTH MASS}

\section*{9 A \\ 18 Point Program Italic No. 9 \\ \(\$ 2.00\) \\ SALES OF HIGH GLASS JEWELRY PISAS 5 LEANING TOWER}

\section*{WAGINERS TANNHAUSER CONGERT 5 SINGERS}


17A 50a 6 Point Engravers Old Black \(\$ 2.00\) Yublir §entiment Enrouragè fitu
 1234567898

14 A 37 a 12 Point Engravers Old Black \(\$ 2.75\)
Current Iftrrature Carrirs Eumatimal Halur is Amony Zrople
\(\$ 3.00\)
TReuiru of Cimilization Wrintimg Art 5 现eraruer of Arts

17 A 50a 8 Point Engravers Old Black \(\$ 2.25\)
Sumpathu Often fiegrts ©ur Taue Anthers ©enuer Appral © muaris Haumarì Daughter 1234567890

16 A 45 a 10 Point Engravers Old Black
\(\$ 2.50\)
Aftagnifirent Elertrital Aisplau Calcium Stage Ifights 12 Hesrì with Dinmers


\section*{Autumuhile Crallisim Hunaunìatle}


\section*{Neat Compliment fi Tenuered IIadu}

4 A 8 a 36 Point Engravers Old Black
\(\$ 5.00\)

\section*{Snall Chanty 7 Came slou} 3 A 7 a 48 Point Engravers Old Black
\$7.50 Thewember 8 Itarumed

3 A 4 a sumata Text

Cast on Uniform Line. Point-Set, Point-Body

14 A 40 a 6 Point Köln Text \(\$ 2.00\)

 1234567890

12 A 38 a
10 Point Köln Text
\(\$ 2.50\)
2ire eaige werten fthon länger
Alexamer uat 5 ffarèmien kam cimmal it

9 A 28 a
14 Point Köln Text
\(\$ 3.00\)
Fes fallen gralje tixgentropten


14 A 40 a
8 Point Köln Text
\$2. 25

In warnen ©agrn litt fie 738 aut irn tilumen herum
1234567890

11 A 30 a \(\quad 12\) Point Köln Text . \(\$ 2.75\) Dn tex munkeln 1Hnlke blitst es Stioinc retur 52 Iuft fiu flentrl unt

6 A 16 a
18 Point Köln Text
\$3.25
Zurei kleine Thnabren Ioham gitug in trethrieg

\section*{dite sthuahtren halten fhr jährelithes Ifvit} Thitrdte war mit kaftharen 5 sadtern geldhmiirkt 3 A 8 a 30 Point Köln Text \$4.25
 3A6a

\section*{Ant IKnahe 125 wat uerlaren}

19A 38a 5 Point Authors Roman \(\$ 2.00\) MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR New Fancy Calendars are Given away by all the Popular Haberdasheries Children Looking Forward to Give Santa Claus a Hearty Welcome . 1234567890

22 A 44 a 8 Point Authors Roman \(\$ 2.25\) AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN Magnificent Hammond Beach Hotel Surroundings Free Ride in our 567 Air Ship to all Stations

24 A 48 a 6 Point Authors Roman \(\$ 2.00\) GREAT EASTERN ELECTRIC SUPPLY HOUSE Employing Five Thousand Four Hundred Skilled Mechanics Struck by Bolt of Lightning and Burned to the Ground 1234567890

21 A \(42 \mathrm{a} \quad 9\) Point Authors Roman \(\$ 2.50\)
THE AMATEUR ROLLER RACE
Takes Place Tomorrow Night at Eight 0'clock
Admission Including 23 Lunch One Dollar

EXPLORERS LOCATE MAMMOTH GOLD AND SILVER ORE MINE These Mines in South America Known as The Powerful Veins Produce an Abundant Supply

Stock for Sale at Graft Brothers Loan Bank 258 Skinnum Street on January Twentieth

\section*{PLEASURE EXCURSION GIVEN BY HUNGRY NOLAN}

Editor of the Famous Papers The Morning Sunrise and The Shining Star The Proceeds of This Excursion is 32 for the Benefit of John Getout

\section*{SPECIAL PRICES ON READY MADE GOODS}

Stylish Winter Overcoats Fancy Vests and New Fedora Hats Steady Customers 67 Will Receive Christmas Presents

\section*{FIVE THOUSAND AGENTS WANTED}

\section*{Ford Wire and Window Screen Manufacturing Company Office and Sales Rooms 38 North Shade Street}

\section*{AUTHORS}

ROMAN

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

6 A 10.a
24 Point Authors Roman
FARMERS TOWN MARKET Staple Groceries 3 and Garden Truck


30 Point Authors Roman
63/16 lbs., \$4.25

\section*{INTEREST ON SAVINGS}

Fort Zanzibar 2 Savings Bank

36 Point Authors Roman
\(8^{1 / 16}\) Ibs., \(\$ 5.00\)
LINCOLN STREET
Handsome 5 Residences

3 A 6 a
42 Point Authors Roman
\(10 \frac{18}{8} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.25\)

\section*{STONE FRONT}

Boulevard 6 Mansion

3A6a
48 Point Authors Roman
\(12^{1 / 2} \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 7.50\)
REGIMENTS
Morning 8 Sentinel
\(20 \mathrm{~A} 38 \mathrm{a} \quad 5\) Point Authors Roman Italic 11b., \(\$ 2.00\) NEAR MY OLD NEW HAMPSHIRE HOME FAR AWAY Where we Sat and Listened to the Sweet Songs of the Old Brown Thrush Where the Ohlo River runs and Yau Hear the Old Church Chimes 1234567890
\(18 \mathrm{~A} 35 \mathrm{a} \quad 8\) Point Authors Roman Italic \(21 / 1 \mathrm{bs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) EXQUISITE WEDDING STATIONERY Commercial Law Printing 145 Establishment

12 A 25 a 14 Point Authors Roman Italic \(41 / 1 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
HOLIDA Y OFFERS
Kiddo Hats 350 Neckwear

21 A 40 a 6 Point Authors Roman 1talic \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) THE FLOWERS BLOOM IN SPRING TIME And the Morning Glories Twine Around the Cabin Door In Those Happy Days Gone By So Manv Years
\[
1234567890
\]

17 A 34 a 10 Point Authors Roman Italic \(31 / 16\) bs., \(\$ 2.50\) COMPLIMENTARY TICKET Turkey Dinner 630 at The Stag Hotel

15 A 30 a 12 Point Authors Roman Italic 3 H/blbs., \(\$ 2.75\) HOME MADE CANDIES
Guaranteed 754 Absolutely Pure

\section*{RAILWAY OFFICE MANAGERS} Special Steam Boat and 345 Ship Builders Supplies

\section*{GRAND MILLINERY EXHIBIT}

New Designs in Girls 2781 Stylish Riding Habits

\title{
GARMENT DRY CLEANED Pressed and 24 Remodeled by Expert
}

\section*{SEPTEMBER GALE Warm 23 Summer Breezes}

ITALIC SERIES

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

\title{
36 Point Authors Roman Italic \\ \(8^{\mathrm{t}} /\) /6lbs., \(\$ 5.00\) FLOWER SHOW \\ November 7 Eighteenth
}

\author{
3 A \(6 a\) \\ 42 Point Authors Roman Italic
}
\(103 / 3 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 6.25\)

\section*{Weather 5 Reporter}

\section*{..... \\ \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) lbs., \(\$ 7.50\) \\ MORNINGS}

Fancy [haracters of Authors Roman Italic
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & e \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5 Point, 4 type each
6 Point, 4 type each
6 Point, 4 type each
\({ }_{10}\) Point, 4 type each
. \(\$ 0.15\)
.15
\begin{tabular}{llr}
14 Point, 3 type each......... \(\$ 0.30\) \\
16 Point, 3 type each........ & .35 \\
18 Point, 3 type each......... & .45 \\
24 Point, 3 type each......... & .80 \\
30 Point, 2 type each........ & .80
\end{tabular}


Fonts contain Characters 1 to 15 inclusive.

19 A 38 a 5 Point Authors Roman Wide \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) COMPLIMENTS ARE THE FRUITS OF THE JUST It is well sometimes to dweil on thought rather than be rash and reap the harvest of indiscretion and wake up in a mire 1234567890

18 A 36 a 8 Point Authors Roman Wide \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\) SUCCESS IS CROWNING GLORY At the Banquet Fruit will be Served to All Evenings at 30 after the Games

20 A 40 a 6 Point Anthors Roman Wide 19 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) AMBITIOUS HOMES OF SPLENDOR
Trains Will Leave Promptly on Scheduled Time Accommodation for Bathing and Swimming 1234567890

18 A 35 a 9 Point Authors Roman Wide \(23 / 4 \mathrm{Ibs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) THE WORLD'S FAIR CHICAGO Manufacture Agriculture and Science The Arts in 5 Agglomeration

IN THE TROPICAL SOUTH SO WILD AND LUXURIANT
Or Amid Past Dynastic Glories of Egypts Pyramids Tombs and Sepulchres Train will Leave the Station 9 Every Day During Winter

THE DANCE OF THE GOBLINS BY MEYERBEER
Principles Art Science Physical Geography Geology Astronomy
Proceeds to go Toward 5 Defraying the Hospital Fund

\section*{ANNIVERSARY OF THE INSTITUTION}

Amid a Labyrinth of Beauty and a Garden of Verdure Concert and Music by 9 the Mozart Club Choir

\section*{WORKS OF FENNIMORE COOPER} Walter Scotts Complete Works Bound in Cloth Being Reprinted 7 at Popular Prices

\section*{SHIFTING WINE PRESS}

Gives Attendant 15 Fine Holiday

30 Point Authors Roman Wide
\(6376 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.25\)
DETERMINE SORT Creatures 67 Shot Pelican
\[
3 \mathrm{~A} 5 \mathrm{a}
\]

36 Point Authors Roman Wide

\section*{WORKS NOISY}

Lonesome 8 Mourner

\title{
FINE SINGER \\ Denver 9 Colorado
}


48 Point Authors Roman Wide
I27. folbs., \$7.50

\title{
MONSTERS \\ Notice \\ 2 Hunter
}

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

\section*{TYPE FACES}

\author{
Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.
}

\section*{5 POINT AUTHORS ROMAN}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of Point-Line. Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System, This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type ls not available. Take a egal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as sear as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the ype; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having old system materlal at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in inmk to the Uniform-Line The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines: Uniform-Line. The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line. - For such faces as Scripts. Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point Ine on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is obtained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Title. Two-line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the bottom without justification. All Cap-Line faces from the smallest size to 36 -poinl line with each other at the bottom without any justification. All 42 -point and larger CapLine faces line with each other withoul any justification. All Cap-Line faces in bodies from the smallest to 36 -point will line with 42 -point and larger sizes by the use of a 2 -point lead. All Cap-Line fades, too, may be lined with any Uniform Line or Text-Line face with ordinary point-lead justification, the same as Unitorm-Line faces on different bodies are lined ogether, and with no loss of time whatever. The thinking printer upon reading the above can not but be convinced of the superior features offered in the Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set. Point-Body Lining System. We claim that in inter-body lining combinations, the greatest use of 2 -point leads is an important item to be considered. Deep cut matrices, which insure deep counters and shoulders, so necessary for electrotyping, stereotyping, and good presswork, are

Lower case alphabet, a to z. \(144-5 \mathrm{ems}\)

\section*{6 Point Authors Roman}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others. must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity of using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scrips, Texts, or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is obtained easily. Cap-Line.-For Title, Two-Line, and other faces without Iower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same

\title{
ROMAN BODY \\ TYPE FACES
}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{8 POIN'T AUTHORS ROMAN}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended 'for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, PointBody Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast.

Lower case alphabet, a to \(z, 131-8 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{9 Ponst Acthors Roman}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring abont even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

\section*{TYPE FACES}

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point Althors Roman
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set PointBody Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet, a to z, 12 7-10 ems.
}

\section*{1: Point Authors Roman}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our PointLine, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line Partly leaded with two-point leads.

14 Point Authors Roman
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some

16 POINT AUTHORS ROMAN
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, PointSet, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point learls.

\section*{Point Authors Roman Wide}

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringling type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necesslty for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serlous moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is moment. All such expense is unnecessary now. thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is Point-Line, Point-Set, Polnt-Body Lining System embodies the following well known and tried lines: Uniform-Line. - The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line ls so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform Line cast faces will line together body for body without justification; and, by the use of point leads or slugs one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference between any two bodies is two points or a multiple thereof. Text-Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts, or the like, where a longer descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-Line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different bodies are brought to alignment, and the result is attained as easily. Cap-Line.-For Tltle, Two-Line, and other faces without lower case. All Cap-Line faces on the same bodies line with each other at the hottom without justlfication. All Cap-Line faces from the smallest size to 36 -point line with each other at the bottom without any justification. All 42 -point and larger Cap-Line faces line with each other without any justification. All Cap-Line faces in bodies from the smallest to 36 -point line with 42 -point and larger slzes by the use of a 2 -point lead. All Cap-Line faces, too, may be lined with any Uniform-Line or Text-Line face with ordinary point-lead justification, the same as Uniform-Line faces on different bodies

Lower case alphabet. a to \(z, 162-5 \mathrm{ems}\).

\section*{6 Point Authors Roman Wide}

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of the work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System embodies the following well-known and tried lines. Uniform-Line.-The point line in each body to which the majority of faces are cast. All Roman and body faces are cast on this line, as well as the leaders, etc. This line is so placed that properly proportioned descenders can be cast entirely upon the body, free of kerning, from smallest to largest size. All Uniform-Line cast faces will line together body for bodv without justification; and by the use of point leads or slugs, one size body can be readily made to line with all other sizes. In the majority of cases the difference in line between any body is two points or a multiple thereof. Text Line.-For such faces as Scripts, Texts or the like, where a long descender is cut for typographical effect, we have established a point line on each body always varying above the Uniform-Line two points or a multiple thereof. Hence any Text-line face may be made to line with any face cast on Uniform-Line or Cap-Line in the same way that Uniform-Line faces on different

Lower vase alphahet, a to \(x, 17\) ems.

\author{
ROMAN BODY
}

8 Point Authors Roman Wide
THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slipshod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the printer is enabled to pocket the money heretofore expended for work of this kind. The Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining

Lower case alphabet, a to z. 15 3-4 ems.

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and rule. No printer worthy of the name will willingly send out slip-shod work; hence the time spent in lining different faces with each other and with rule is a matter of serious moment. All such expense is unnecessary now, thanks to the Uniform-Line type, and the

\footnotetext{
Lower case alphabet. a to \(\mathrm{z}, 152-3 \mathrm{ems}\).
}

\title{
ROMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

10 Point Authors Roman Wide
The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our PointLine, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined with the type; hours of valuable time must be spent by the compositor having only old-system material at his disposal, because of the necessity for using paper and cardboard to bring about even a semblance of alignment between the various faces and between type and

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type-faces on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in larger type that begin paragraphs, as well as some others, must be lined as near as may be with the letter selected for the body of the work, and in which two-point brass rule must be lined

The matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and therefore knows the great loss of time unavoidable when lining type is not available. Take a legal blank, for instance, in which words in

THE matter of lining type is so important that every printer should be familiar with the details of our Point-Line, Point-Set, Point-Body Lining System. This system saves the printer many a dollar in composition time, to say nothing of the increased beauty of his work. Every printer has experienced trouble in bringing type on different bodies to line, and in lining rule with type, and

\section*{6 Point Circular Gothic No. 44}

25A 51a
19/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
THE SIMPLENESS OF STRAIGHT LINES
Light Lines Having a Delicacy and Effect Similar to
The Work of Expensive Steel Engravings 123456789

10 Point Circular Gothic No. 44
23A 46a
\(3^{1} / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
DIAMONDS AND JEWELS
Watches and Clocks Repaired and Sold
Commission of \(\$ 5\) is Required

8 Point Circular Gothic No. 44 24A 49a

21/4 lbs., \$2.25
NEW FADS IN TYPOGRAPHIC ART
Several Have Been Introduced in Late Years
None Can Abolish the Plain Gothics 123456789

12 Point Circular Gothic No. 44
\(21 \mathrm{~A} 41 \mathrm{a} \quad 3^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)
PEDAGOGY SCHOOL
Teaches New Teachers Discipline
Truant Rule 97 Violations


```
    6 \text { Point Lining Engravers Roman No. } 1
34 A
    MISGISSIPPI wATERS HLOW VERY RAPID
counting the gTarg for an evening entertainment
                    1344507880
    6 \text { Point Lining Engravers Roman No. } 3
18 A 3/4 lb,,$1.00
    PIOKING PEARS IN PARIS
NEWSPAPERS GIVE 2G THE NEWS
            12 Point Lining Engravers Roman
11A
            2 lbs., $1.50
    JELLY FRUIT
MUSIC 9 CHORD
```

6 Point Lining Engravers Roman No. 2 23 A

EXCEPTIONS TO EVERY RULE UNLESS PERCHANCE 1T BE THE GOLDEN 1234567890

8 Point Lining Engravers Roman
```
17 A
1 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.25\)
```

HARVEST TLME AGALN DOWN ON THE 38 PIRATES

10 Point Lining Engravers Roman
11/616 lbs., \$1.40

\section*{MINISTERS TALK} LATEST 419 PHOTOS

\section*{ANNOUNCEMENT}

AN EVENT OF MORE THAN ORDINARY INTEREST TO BUSINESS MEN IN OUR LOCALITY AS WELL AS OUR PATRONS AND STOOKHOLDERS IS THE ANNOUNCEMENT BY

\section*{THE}

SKINEM DEPARTMENT STORE
OF THEIR ACQUISITION OF THE PREMISES, 389 AND 391 ADJOINING THE SKINEM'S PRESENT LOCATION. POSSESSSION HAS ALREADY BEEN TAKEN, AND THE OLD BUILDING REMOVED AND REBUILDING IS NOW UNDER WAY. THIS MOVEMENT, INVOLVING AS IT DOES, THE EXTENSION OF THE SIIINEM BUILDING ACCOMMODATIONS, MARES

\section*{ANOTHER MILESTONE}

IN THE GROWTH OF A HUSINESS WHIOH IN THHE THREE YEARS OF ITS EXISTANOE HAS ADVANOED TO A FOREMOST PLACE IN THE RETAIL BUSINESS OF THE CITY
in Circular Wori


```
6 Point Engravers Title No. 1
6 Point Engravers Title No. 2
PARTNERS 432 WANTED
8 Point Engravers Title No. 4
5 A
11/4 lbs., \$1.25
CIGAR 98 STORES
12 Point Engravers Title No. 7
11 A
2 lbs . \(\$ 1.50\)
MAT 5 SALE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline (c) & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{6 Point Engravers Title No. 11/2} \\
\hline 20 A & \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{RELIABLE WONEN WANTED 1234567890}} \\
\hline & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{8 Point Engravers Title No. 3} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{17 A (11/4 lbs., \$1.25} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{BUSINESS 6S CARDS} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{10 Point Engravers Title No. 5} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{14 A} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{RTATA G WSTATE} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{10 Point Engravers Title No. 6} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{12 A (11/16 lbs., \(\$ 1.40\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{ROOMM} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
12 Point Engravers Title No. 8
2 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)
10 A
GE
HORSE 8 AND CARRIAGE
```

AFTER TEARS OF CAREFUL THOUGIIT AND PERSUASION WE IIAVE DECIDED TO OPEN AN ENCLUSIVE DEPARTMENT


IN CONNECTION WITH OUR NEW MAMMOTH ESTABLISIIMENT, AND WE NOTV ANNOUNCE: IN THIS ENCLOSURE, THE OPENING OF OUR

JEWELLRY DEPARTMEN'T
ON THE SHCON1) FIOOR

WHERE WVE WILL DISPLAY AND IBE PLEASED
TO SHOW TO OUR MANY PATRONS A MOST COMPLETE IINE OF

JEWELRY NOVELTIES, ETC.

OUR LARGE ASSORTMENT CONSISTS OF HOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ARTICLES OF UNSURPASSED BEAUTY AND MERIT

FASHION SUIT COMPANY
TAILOR MADE SUITS
542 DRESSWELL 'H3OULEVARD TAILORINGTON


\section*{ANNOUNCEMEN'T}

DUIRING 'TIE IREMAINDEIR OF TIIIS MONTII WE WILL MAKE TO YOUR OIRDER

\section*{TAILOR MADE SUITS}

\author{
AT A SPECIAL REDUCTION
}

THE AAMEEXPERT CUTTERS AND FINE WORKMANSIIL THAT CHARACTERIZE AKL OUR GARMENTG WILL BE APPLIED TO TIIESE TAILOIR MADE SUITS

\section*{THIS SPECIAL REDUC'IION}

IN MADE FOR TIIE PRESENT MONTII ONLY, AND IS FOIR THE PURPOSE OF TURNING AN ORDINARY DULLPERIOD INTO A HUSY ONE, THEREBY ENAHLING UB TO RETAIN THE COMPLETE ORGANIZATION IN OUIR DIRESEMAKING SECTION INTACTE

\section*{HASHION SUIT COMPANY}

TAILORINGTON, MARCII EIGIITII
NINETEEN IIUNDRED AND SEAVEN

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap 1ine.

6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 1
 1234587890

6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 3 \(25 \mathrm{~A} \quad 3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.00\)
INVITATIONS 5 AND PROGRAMS

8 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 5
20 A
11/4 lbs., \$1.25
SPOTTED 36 LEOPARD

10 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 7
\(17 \mathrm{~A} \quad 11 \mathrm{tr}\) lbs., \(\$ 1.40\)
YACHT 79 RACES

6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 2
28 A
\(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 1.00\)
MOUNT EASYREST HOME FOR IDLERS
1234567890
\[
20 \mathrm{~A}
\]

6 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 4
13/16 lb., \$1.05
BICYCLES 57 EXCHANGED

8 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 6
\[
17 \mathrm{~A}
\]

11/4 lbs., \$1.25
PEACH 8 ORCHARD

12 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 8
\(15 \mathrm{~A} \quad 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\)
INDIAN 4 CHIEF

12A • 12 Point Lining Plate Gothic No. 9
\(2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\)
PREPARE FOR 71 COLD DAYS

\section*{CLARKE, RANDOLPH \& ADAMS FINE SUITS FOR MEN}

MEASURED BY EVERY STANDARD, WHETHER IT BE WORKMANSHIP OR MATERIALS, WHETHER STYLES OR PATTERNS, OUR MEN'S SUITS PROVE THEIR SUPERIOR WORTH-PROVE THAT THEY ARE THE FAULTLESS PRODUCTIONS OF MEN WHO HAVE MADE THE DESIGNING AND MAKING OF MEN'S HIGH-CLASS CLOTHING THEIR LIFE STUDY, AND THEY HAVE BEEN WONDERFULLY SUCCESSFUL IN THEIR ATTAINMENTS. THERE IS REFINEMENT IN EVERY DETAIL-IN THE, APPROPRIATENESS OF THE COLOR EFFECTS, IN THE FASHIONING OF THE SLIGHTLY ROLLING LAPELS, IN THE GRACEFUL BACK LINES OF THE COATS, AND IN THE PERFECT SET OF THE TROUSERS. ALL SUITS KEPT IN REPAIR FOR ONE YEAR

for Circular Work


\section*{(2)}

\section*{Announcement 1908}

YOU are invited to inspect our exceptionally attractive display of advance styles for the coming year. This exhibit includes the following special lines

SILVERWARE NOVELTIES HAMMERED SILVER AND COPPER VASES AND DESK ORNAMENTS, BRONZES ELECTRIC LIGHT AND FIREPLACE FIXTURES

There are no duplicates in these advance styles and an early inspection will insure the choice of these attractive designs. - Prompt and careful delivery to all parts of the city and surrounding country.


\section*{ATKINSON \& HOPKINS}

6 Point Catalog Old Style

23 A 46 a
SHOOTING WILD DUCKS IN THE RIVER Interesting Stories Are Often Told By Some Hunters 1234567890

10 Point Catalog Old Style
18A 36a
31/6 lbs., \$2.50
ADVERTISING NOVELTY Never Placed 35 On The Markets

14 Point Catalog Old Style
12A 25 a
DINNER IS READY Table Set 36 For Three

8 Point Catalos Old Style.
22A \(43 \mathrm{a} \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
PRESIDENT SENDING WARSHIPS
Possibility of Trouble with the Cuban Island 1234567890

12 Point Catalog Old Style
15A 33a
\(3^{11 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75}\)
EXPRESSING CARTS Painted While 69 They Sleep

18 Point Catalog Old Style
9 A 19a
45/6 lbs., \$3.25
CAMPHOR ICE
Chocolate 84 Coated THANKSGIVING TURKEY
Meat That Made 47 A Reputation

\section*{BE AN ACTOR \\ YOU CAN IF YOU WILL} OR ACTRESS

No profession so fascinating and profitable. I teach you thoroughly so you will be qualified to go at once on the stage. My course is complete and embraces every branch of knowledge necessary to become a successful actor. Some of the most prominent on the American stage have taken my course. You can be the same.

DO NOT DELAY. START AT ONCE BUMTOWN STUDIO OF DRAMA


\footnotetext{
12 POINT BORDER NO. 92
}

\section*{PAYS FOR ITSELF}

Men of limited income are prone to fancy that they cannot afford to investigate the merits of the Gød Heat Furnace. Bless your hearts! You are just the ones who should be most interested. Be sure the bankers, lawyers, leading merchants, etc., are fast learning its merits and are not slow in recognizing them. Besides gaining freedom from the ordinary furnace troubles and nuisances, they have found by careful investigation that the

\section*{GOOD HEAT FURNACE Saves 1-2 to 2-3 on Coal Bills}

Isn't that an important item to the thrifty book-keeper, clerk, mechanic or others of limited income? Fat up the bills for the kind of coal you have been using, then find out what the same number of tons of the very cheapest grade coal obtainable in your neighborhood would cost you, and the difference is what you could have saved by using the Gød Heat.

\section*{GOOD HEAT FURNACE CO. COALOPOLIS}

26A52a 6 Point Mission \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) BEAUTIFUL AND DELICATE MISSION
A New Attractive and Very Useful Face Lately Designed 1234567890

19 A 35 a \(\quad 12\) Point Mission \(311 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
ARTISTIC STYLES
Found in all 729 Modern Offices

25A 49a 8 Point Mission \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) APPROVAL OF CUSTOMERS

By Printers Famous for Their Good Judgement
1234567890

22A 44 a 10 Point Mission \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) FINE SOCIETY WORK Is Universally 450 Conceded Desirable

\section*{NORTH AMERICAN GRAIN COMPANY}

Operating the Largest Grain 845 Elevators in the World

\section*{PAMPHLETS AND GIRCULARS} Proved Best in Artistic 95 Typograph Display

\section*{RECORDS BROKEN TIME AND QUALITY}

Two things are necessary in making good ice cream quickly. The first is a Snowflake Freezer; the second is to know how. Your dealer will sell you the freezer and we will send you free of charge the book that tells how. Ordinary freezers are seldom used because they make hard disagreeable work which always becomes an easy delightful and economical task with the

TRIPLE MOTION

\section*{SNOWFLAKE ICE CREAM FREEZER}

The Freezer with a character and reputation to sustain; recognized the World over to be the highest type of excellency in lce Cream Freezers.


Here's a refrigerator that keeps milk longer than others. We say milk because that's the hardest thing to keep. You know its germ life that sours milk and spoils other foods. Cold discourages germ life, moisture encourages it, and that's why other refrigerators can't keep milk longer, the moistture counteracts the cold. Now, the

\section*{BAUM SYPHON REFRIGERATOR}

Is so much colder and dryer than any other because the syphons pass the air through the ice chamber so many more times, and don't let it stay with the ice long enough to absorb its moisture, and that's the first and last word on refrigeration. We want to put the same kind of a refrigerator right in your home

\section*{Try it for Fifteen Days Free}

So you can know how much longer it will really keep mille and other foods; and then you must see one to appreciate it.

REFRIGERATOR MFG. CO.



Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line

\title{
6 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \\ \(22 \mathrm{~A} 41 \mathrm{a} \quad 19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\) \\ RINGING THE OLD FIRE BELLS \\ Anniversary of the Duke Will Occur Tomorrow 1234567890
}

10 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
18 A 35 a 31/6 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) CHICAGO'S INDUSTRIES
Walking Through 26 The Garden

14 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
\(13 \mathrm{~A} 25 \mathrm{a} \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
HAPPY DARKIES
Continuing 35 A Journey

8 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
21A 42a \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
SCENES THAT ARE BRIGHT
Ships That Sail in The Deep Blue Waters 1234567890

12 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic
15A 31 a
311/16 lbs., \$2.75
MISERABLE MEN Hunting in 74 The Mountain

\author{
16 Point Caslon Old Roman Italic \\ 10 A 20 a \\ WINTHR \\ Burn in 18 The Grate
} The White Cap 43 Society on Parade Foundations 58 of Gray Stone

\section*{SANITARY PLUMBING to meet modern demands}

We carry the most complete line of plumbing equipment in the city. It is sanitary in construction, durable in material, perfect in design and workmanship. Our goods are just as high a grade as intelligence and ingenuity can conceive

\author{
THE EUREKA PLUMBING CO. \\ plumbing goods and steam specialties
}



6 Point Old Roman Bold
24A 49a
19/6 lbs., \$2.00
AUTOMOBILES TO RENT BY THE DAY
The Steamer Nantucket Will Land in The Bay Tonight 1234567890

12 Point Old Roman Bold
17A 33a
\(3^{11 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} .,} \$ 2.75\)
INSPECT THESE GOODS
Before Making 68 Your Order

8 Point Old Roman Bold

\section*{23A 44 a}

21/4 lbs., \$2.25
RED DRESSES ARE NOT POPULAR
Unless Worn With Complexion to Harmonize 1234567890

10 Point Old Roman Bold
22A 42 a
\(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.50\)
STRAW AND FELT BONNETS
Black Birds Are 35 Scarce This Year

DARKEST HOUR IS JUST BEFORE DAY Select Balads Are Sung 94 by Renowned Vocalists

\section*{NO OTHER SOAP HAS BEEN FOUND SO PURE AND EFFECTIVE AS}

\section*{THE CHAMPION WASHING SOAP}

Worth more because it will do more work Cleanses easily and thoroughly. Protects and preserves the most delicate fabrics. Its great value as a true household soap is its excellent quality and purity.

\section*{SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER DURING JULY AND AUGUST MONTHS}

FOR SALE BY ALL FIRST-CLASS DEALERS NOWHERE

\section*{BUILD YOUR OWN HOME}

\section*{Our Grand Special Offer}


\section*{OUR BIG BOOK OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS}

For the next 30 days we are going to dispose of these books at the remarkably low price of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS

The big book of over one hundred pages contains 262 designs of practical homes built in frame, stone, brick and a few in cement, ranging in price from \(\$ 400\) to \(\$ 15,000\), showing floor plans, exterior view and approximate estimates of cost. The above cut is a fair sample of these designs, being a neat Colonial dwelling built at a cost of only \(\$ 1,500\). Just think how cheap.

\section*{The Home Building Company}

8 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
\(24 \mathrm{~A} 47 \mathrm{a} \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.2 \mathrm{~S}\)
WAlKing In The garden
Have a Living Power, a Live Interest, Etc. 1234567890

12 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
21A41a
3 \({ }^{\text {IV }}\) /h lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
GENEROUS PEOPLE
Make Us A 541 Generous World

10 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
24 A 47a \(3^{1 / 26}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
HEARTBREAKERS CLUBS
Expert Fishermen Often Catch Suckers 1234567890

18 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
\(45 / 46\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
ROUND HEAD Visiting 23 In Rome

8A 1Sa
24 Point Lining Fifteenth Century
51/2 lbs., \$3.s0
WATERMELONS ON ICE Very Delicious in 86 Warm Summers


Vogue ornament no. 231, 75C

\section*{HOW TO BUY PROFIT}

You can get profit by buying right. There is as much money made in buying right as in saving in any other way or at the selling end of your business. I especially pride myself on my

\section*{System of Careful Buying}
of buggies, wagons and harness, and know that by buying in large contracts, direct from factories at jobbers' prices, that we are in better shape to make lower prices than any firm in this or any surrounding counties. My heavy cash buying for two houses gives me the inside prices and we can and will undersell all competition.

The Lake Shore Horse Market


\section*{GENUINE DIAMONDS ON INSTALLMENTS}

The chief consideration in buying a Diamond should be based not on price but on brilliancy, pure color and perfection in cut, shape and polish. These high qualities you will find in our goods. Any article illustrated in our catalogue will be forwarded for your examination. If it is not exactly as represented return it at our expense.

\section*{TERMS TO SUIT THE BUYER}

All transactions are confidential, and with every purchase we give a certificate guaranteeing quality, value and the privilege of exchange. We are the Oldest Diamond House in the world. Established since 1843.

Getu. A. Flashire \& Company SOUTHWEST CORNER GOLD AVENUE AND SHINER STREET



 Circular Work

\section*{GRECIAN PANELS VASES MEDALLIONS \& STATUES}

We desire to call attention to the many new additions made in our stocks this year and which we secured only thru strenuous hustling and diplomacy.
The ruins of the Periclean age are again the source delight to connoisseurs and lovers of the Grecian art cannot find a more interesting exhibit anywhere.

\section*{Restorations of Dainty Statuettes Chandeliers and Lamps}

Made after the partially destroyed and antique models, they are alone a sight worth seeing. It is almost needless to add that our show-room is always open

\section*{THE ATHENIAN EXPOSITIONS}

2528 BROADWAY
NEW YORK CITY

6 Point Mazarin No. 5


NOVELS OF GREAT MOMENT
Stories of Romance and Pioneer Days Adventure
Shed Sidelights on Life of the Frontiersmen
1234567890

10 Point Mazarin No. 5
21 A 42 a
\(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
CHURCH BUILDINGS
Fine Example of the Gothic Art
Lofty Spire 59 Has Symbol

8 Point Mazarin No. 5
\(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
FASHIONABLE TAILOR
Wonderful Sartorial Effects Produced By the Servants of the Wealthy 1234567890

12 Point Mazarin No. 5
17A 36a
31/16 lbs., \$2.75
ITALIAN VILLAS
Retreats from City Hustle
Noise and 48 Confusion

\section*{ALDUS MANUTIUS THE PRINTER} Invented Italic Types 83 to Reproduce Writing

\section*{INCREASED CIRCULATIONS}

\section*{Special Offering ,Walking Skirts , \(\$ 6.00\)}

During the Months of September and October
We offer an Exceptional Bargain Opportunity
In Our Man-tailored, Walking Skirts Guaranteed in Fit and Style and Workmanship the Equal of any Higher Priced Skirt Made

We also have Skirt Clubs in which Twelve Ladies pay Fifty
Cents a week for Twelve Weeks and Some Member is
Entitled to a Skirt Each Week Come and See Our Samples and You'll Start a Club or Order a Skirt Outright
At the Little Old Tailoring Shop in the Bushelman Block
Button \& Ninegore © © Ec The Artistic Tailors in Circular Work


6 Point Lining Southey

Simple in Construction and Accurate in Register 1234567890

10 Point Lining Southey
\(22 \mathrm{~A} 43 \mathrm{a} \quad 3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
DRAMATIC SUCCESS
Houses are 583 Filled to Capacity

18 Point Lining Southey
13 A 25 a . \(45 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
STORE HOUSE
Southern 319 Avenue

8 Point Lining Southey
\(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \$2.25
MODERN HISTORY STUDIES
Students Greatly Interested in Lessons 1234567890

12 Point Lining Southey
19A 38a
311/16 lbs., \$2.75

\section*{FREQUENT SHOWERS}

Cooling the 627 Atmosphere

14 Point Lining Southey
4 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{CIGAR FACTORY}

High Grade 57 of Tobacco

We wish to announce to the reading public of our great country, that on Saturday April the third, the first issue of

\section*{THE COSMOPOLITAN WEEKLY}

\section*{will appear on sale at all first-class News Depots}

Its pages will contain articles from the pens of the most competent and interesting writers in this as well as foreign countries, interspersed with illustrations by world known artists. Sixty-four pages will be devoted to literature of the highest standard and by perusing its contents one can be enilghtened on the various events continually happening on this great continent. Get one of the first issue, it is sure to please you.
\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Subscription Price } \$ 3.00 \text { Per Year } \\
25 \text { cents per copy }
\end{gathered}
\]

\section*{PRESERVE THE TYPE-FOUNDER}

The issues of which serve as supplements to our Specimen Book. The publication should be considered of importance as presenting the latest and the best in

\section*{Type Faces, Borders, Ornaments, Printing Material and Machinery}

Its mission is to keep the printer apprised of all that is up-to-date. If he does not need at once anything it may contain, it is yery possible that he may need to refer to it later, either for his own satisfaction to demonstrate something to a customer.

\section*{Keep in Mind The Fact}
that we print only enough Type-Founders to cover our lists, therefore we cannot send duplicate copies.



8 Point Lining Racine Circular


NUMBERLESS MULTITUDES
Crowds of Patriotic Subjects Attended Coronation of the Queen of the May 1234567890

12 Point Lining Racine Circular
16 A 30 a
3 \(\mathrm{t} / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 2.75\)

\section*{POULTRY FARM}

Incubators Opened Great Profitable 9 Business

10 Point Lining Racine Circular
3516 lbs., \$2.50
FINE WHEAT FIELDS Emigrants Discover Wonderful Adaptibility of New Territory 1234567890
14 Point Lining Racine Circular
12 A 25 a

WINTER HOME Beautiful Place in the South of 8 Mexico


With the Opening of our Portiere Street Room we shall have ample facilities to satisfactorily display our Especially Designed Lines of Exclusive
\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { WALL PAPERS } \\
\text { CURTAINS AND PORTIERES }
\end{gathered}
\]

In addition we will display
An Entirely New Line of Bric-a-brac. Artware and Pinchwood Pottery, Foreign Glass and Metal Goods dapanese Novelties PAINTINGS AND PRINTS

One hundred ninety-elght Portlere Street
Seventy Card Street

\section*{AUTHORS} ROMAN BOLD Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

25A 50a 5 Point Authors Roman Bold 11 b ., \(\$ 2.00\) SOUND bUSINESS WELL MANAGED WITH REASONABLE Capital to Conduct it Operated Under Conservative Principies Presents the Most Stapie and Paying Form of Investment Combination Necessary 1234567890

19A 38a 10 Point Authors Roman Bold \(215 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) REGULAR TRADE DISCOUNT Best Holiday Goods in Leather and Metal Novelties Made 36 for Every Season

23 A 44 a 6 Point Authors Roman Bold \(19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) LADIES IN THIS VICINITY AND SURROUNDING Towns are Cordially Invited to Visit and Examine Our Elaborate Showing of Parisian Designed Costumes 1234567890

20A 40a 8 Point Authors Roman Bold \(23 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) AMSTERDAM EMPORIUM OPENED

Wish to Announce the Arrival and Reduction Special Importation 28 of Chinese Silks

FAMOUS SAINT CHARLES EUROPEAN HOTEL REMODELED Most Comfortable Hotel Adjacent to Lake Commands Beautiful Scenery Elegantly Furnished Throughout 98 Handsome Passenger Elevators

\section*{RAREST OPPORTUNTNEES OFEERED NEXT WEEK} Splendid English Porcelain Offered at Extraordinary Prices Complete Dinner Sets of 76 Our Open Stock Patterns

\section*{DESIRABLE FOR HOME FURNISHING}

Intensely Interesting Group of Sterling and Unusual
Bargains Appropriate 54 for Wedding Presents

\section*{HAND PAINTED CROCKERY STORES} Elegant Hand Painted China Rich Cut Glass Ware Finest Lamps Clocks 32 and Japanese Goods

\section*{AUTHORS}

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{SOUNDING RUSE FOR CORNET} Christmas Enjoyments of Small Boys Older People 2 Become Nervous

5A 9a
30 Point Authors Roman Bold
67/6 lbs., \$4.25

\section*{INDUSTRIOUS WORKERS} Should Receive 3 Promotions

SUPERIOR FINISH Great Men 8 of the Times

4A 6 a
42 Point Authors Roman Bold
107/6 lbs., \$6.25

\section*{DEMONS BENCH} Mysterious 8 Feature

\section*{DINE \\  \\ BIRD} Favored 4Turkeys

\section*{AUTHORS ROMAN BOLD}

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{CONCOURSE}

\section*{Boston 2 Gardens}


\section*{Radio \\  \\ }

\section*{KINGFISH}


\footnotetext{
Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.
}
\(22 \mathrm{~A} 44 \mathrm{a} \quad 5\) Point Authors Old Style \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 2.00\) BOND TRADE TAKING STOCK MARKET TINGE Successfui Saiesmen Are Those Who Make Profits on Fluctuations Rapid Bond Buying Movement Attracts Many Followers 1234567890

21 A 40 a \(\quad 8\) Point Authors Old Style \(\quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) LABORERS TO GET PENSION
Sewer Workmen Must File Applications Today Celebrates Occasion 46 Without Friends

16A 32a 12 Point Authors Old Style 3 1t/16 lbs., \$2.75 PRODUCTION SUCCESS Proceeds For Many Worthy Poor Christmas Feast 20 for Waifs

22 A 44 a 6 Point Authors Old Style 19 ir lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) POULTRY SHOW ATTRACTS CROWDS Interest in Breeds Shown in Large Sale of Young Birds Give Demonstrations on Fine Poultry Raising 1234567890
\(20 \mathrm{~A} 40 \mathrm{a} \quad 9\) Point Authors Old Style \(23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) MEDICINE WORKS MIRACLES Famous Physician Discovers Compound Saves Lives on 13 Train Incurables

18A 36a 10 Point Authors Old Style \(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST Barnharts Superior Copper Mixed Type Has Outlived All 95 Other Makes

\section*{AN EXTRAORDINARY FLOWER EXHIBITION}

Conservatory of Music Beautiful Mass of Blooming Roses Some Classical Music by 75 Famous Street Musicians

\section*{COMMANDING CRACK REGIMENTS}

When the Nation Mourns Demise of Noted Warrior Funeral Procession 63 are Largest in History

MASTER POTTERS HERE Exhibits Shown at the Art Institute Unique Clean 82 and Inspiring

OLD STYLE

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

\section*{5A 9a \\ NOURISHING BABIES Our Armored 58 Battleships}

36 Point Authors Old Style
81/16 lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
4A6a
MODERN KNIGHTS African 73 Opportunity

\section*{3 A \(6 a\) \\ 42 Point Authors Old Style \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.25\) \\ SWITCH BOARD} Printing 24 Material KINGS MOTTO
Grand 58 Canyon

\section*{AUTHORS OLD STYLE AUXILIARIES}

\section*{used effectively with authors old style}

C Ǵ J



Font contains Characters 1 to 15 inclusive
are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

21 A 40 a . 6 Point Adstyle Italic \(19 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.00\) ONLY WHOLESALE CAN MANUFACTURER Factory and Salesroom Nineteen Hundred Pine Street 1234567890
\(18 \mathrm{~A} 37 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Adstyle Italic \(\quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) MONEY MADE ON EXCHANGE General Brokers 93 Security Boulevard
\(9 \mathrm{~A} \quad 17 \mathrm{a} \quad 18\) Point Adstyle Italic \(\quad 45 / \mathrm{kb}\) lbs. \(\$ 3.25\)
ESTABLISHMENT Cloudton 27 Reporter

21 A 42a 8 Point Adstyle Italic \(21 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\) TWENTY MILLION SILVER DOLLARS
Expended for the Magnificent Theatre Building 1234567890
\(16 \mathrm{~A} 32 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Adstyle Italic \(33 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\) HOME GROWN MELONS
Domestic and 54 Foreign Fruits

13A 26a 14 Point Adstyle Italic \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{ONE SUBSCRIPTION}

Dextertown 68 Enterprise 6A 10a 24 Point Adstyle Italic

57/16 lbs., \$3.50

\section*{DEARBORN PARK ORCHESTRA Concerts During 82 Summer Months} 5A 9a

\section*{BUILDING INSPECTORS} Governments 2 Conservation 3A 7 a

\title{
Childhood 3 Recreation
}

\title{
42 Point Adstyle Italic \\ \(107 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.25\) \\ 4A6a \\ COMMON FRUIT Resident 4 Members
}

\section*{ADSTYLE ITALIC}

Weights given are Approximate. Cast on Uniform Line.

3A \(6 a\)
48 Point Adstyle Italic
\(121 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)
SUBURBANITE
Deserts 6 Country
3A5a
54 Point Adstyle Italic
\(141 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 8.70\)

\section*{CONSUMERS}

Market 5 Report 3A 3 a

60 Point Adstyle Italic
153/4 lbs., \$9.50


Shade 8 Cords

3A 3a
72 Point Adsyle Italic
17 lbs, \(\$ 9.85\)


These three lines are printed direct from type. The same face is used in the letter below, printed through silk to give it the ribbon effect.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .

To the Printing Trade:
This is the much-wanted OLIVER PRINTYPE.
\(\therefore \quad\) As the name indicates it is made to match and does exactly match one of the latest and most popular faces used on the Oliver Typewriter.

The type is not cut for direct printing, but is designed for printing thru silk thus giving the ribbon efrect.

To print thru ribbon is but a little more difficult than to print direct from type; few can detect the difference between regular typewriting and circulars printed from this type. In any case the oliver will make a most effective circular.

When your form is really to lock spread a piece of China silk over its face, tuck the edges down into the furniture and lock them up with the form; the silk need not be tight; a little looseness makes the slight blur of the original; the form is printed thru the silk.

Use only new process ink; we can supply it; use rollers that have never taken other ink; do not wash them or use them for other purposes.

Try it and you will find plenty of work waiting you.
Yours truly,

BARNHART BROTHERS \& SPINDLER.

The following letter is set in 8 point Lining Typewriter No. 1 and printed direct from type.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 68 cents per lb .

May 21, 1906
Babcock Printing Press Mfg. Co..
New London, Conn.
Gentlemen:
That I should have purchased my fifth Optimus press from you, with four in use, seems sufficient answer to your recent inquiry. Nevertheless, I will enter into particulars, as it is that I infer you desire.

When, nine years ago, I bought my first optimus, and the first cylinder press I ever owned, I had difficulty in deciding which of the several presented to me offered the most for my money. I did not know as much about printing machines then as I think I do now. I could not afford to experiment, for which I had neither time nor money, especially money. I remember I considered carefully and conservatively every claim made by all. Being "taken" with the delivery of the Optimus I gave the order to you. I think that that was the point I then considered most striking and valuable about the press, for I was intending to do a line of very nice cut work, "and your manner of delivering the sheet pleased me as offering the cleanest way of accomplishing the purpose.

Whatever doubts I may have had nine years ago about buying, do not possess me now. Practical experience for that. length of time has convinced me of the value and dependability of the Optimus in other things than its delivery. In two very important points, its driving motion and its eccentric cylinder lift, I believe it embraces in the simplest forms that which is most desirable for the purposes. My first press was among the early ones with the ball and socket motion, and though this machine, a No. 6 , has been in continuous use it has given no trouble whatever. So far as i can see its reverse is as smooth and easy as the latest press put in; it is absolute in register, and recently on a long run we drove it considerably beyond its guaranteed speed for five consecutive days. It has lost none of its productive power in any direction. We unhesitatingly give it the run of the forms, and have no reason to discriminate against it in any way.

At one time I did not think it possible for any machinery to grow better as it grew older in use. I know it is not theoretically sound, and it may not be practically; but I often think my Optimus presses are getting better and better. My pressman seems of the same opinion. We cannot account for it; yet we think we obtain daily evidence of this fact.

If I were not fully satisfied I would have bought some other machine. I have investigated others closely at times with this in view; but have found none offering as much as I already possessed in the optimus. Your later presses have some minor improvements that are valuable, and are marked advances over the first I bought; but I am pleased to see that the main principles and features are the same in all.

I am, therefore, satisfied to buy the Optimus because I believe it unequaled; because it has proved a profitable thing to do, and because you have treated me to a square deal every time.

Very truly yours,
Wm. D. Dunn.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

These three lines are printed direct from type. The same face is used in the letter below, printed through silk to give it the ribbon effect.

\section*{Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 60 cents per lb .}

The Forum Printing Co.,
Fargo N. D.
Gentlemen:-
We appreciate what you say in your letter of the 17 th. and no one appreciates more than we do loyalty and friendship. Mr. Joe M. Chappel, met the writer in New York sometime ago and told this little story:- "I was a kid; I had aspirations to become a great newspaper man. I had no money, but my character was good; I knew I was honest. With blithe heart, therefore, I wended my way to your St. Paul house, stated my case and was kindly advised by them that if I had not any money it was not a good thing to contract a debt and go into business, that I had better get some money first. It nearly broke my heart. I went to the hotel and shed bitter tears. Then I braced myself up and said try again, and I went to your competitor and he said, 'Why certainly; we will start you in business and.lend you money and let you take your time to pay it. ' And then he took me out and gave me a dinner and paid 50 cents for it, by gosh, and gave a tip of a dime to the waiter, and I thought I was in the hands of millionaires and that my future was bright and rosy. Many times after that. I concluded that the advice of your concern was sound, for I had a hard row to hoe, with many discouragements, mostly up-hill work, nearly ruin, and if I had not had good luck and good health I would have been ruined, but for years I laid it up against you that you would not trust me without any collateral. Now, however, I see that it would have been unfair to you and unfair to me if you had done it. It is not the right thing to do. I should resent it if you started a competitor against me who had not any money, i.e., if you went into business as my competitor. You would be doing me an injustice, and every other logitimate printer. It was a personal accommodation at the time, but it was a bad business policy. I recognize now that you were right and he was wrong and I prefer the right man to the wrong man, therefore you get my business. I paid up the little debt and the dinner and the tip many times over; in fact I paid dreadful usurious rates for them. We both gambled and both won, but it was a gambler's game nevertheless."

That is our case. We believe we are doing the right thing to-day in not starting competitive houses against you-houses that have not sufficient capital to do business. It has always been our principle, so that if you owe our competitor something for having started you, you owe us a great deal for not having started others against you. Isn't that a fair statement of the case and on that basis don't you think you could spare us apart of your trade at least?

Yours truly,

These three lines are printed direct from type. The same face is used in the letter below, printed through silk to give it the ribbon effect.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .

Messrs. Bronson \& Sanbron, Middlesex, Ind.
Gentlemen:
Printing an imitation typewritten letter is littie more troible than ordnary printing. It is a growing specialty, as is shome by one chicago man who does this work and nothing else. He began some years ago with one man and weekly expenses of \(\$ 25.00\). Now he employs 160 , and his reekly pay roll alone is over \(\$ 1500.00\), and growing.

Tho imitation can be so well done that not many will detect it; and even if known to be counterfeit it is yet a more effective circular than the one printed in ordinary type.

When your form is ready to be locked up, spread a plece of China sily orer its face, tucking the edges down into the furniture and locking them up with the form. Silk need not be tight. A little looseness gives more of the almost imperceptible blur that marks the original. The form, of course, is printed through the silk, the rollers inking the silk and not the type. If you want a heavier effect use two thicknesses of silk.

Copying ink will not do. A new process ink is necessary. Use rollers that have never been covered by any other ink. When used with process ink rollers should never be used for any other purpose, and should never be washed.

A little experimenting will open up a new and profitable business for you.

> YOURS truly
> BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER

\title{
LINING CALIGRAPH
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

The following letter is set in 12 point Lining Caligraph No. 2. and printed direct from type.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .

January 2, 1906
Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Chicago, Ills.
Gentlemen:
I have been a customer of your house for fifteen years; I have traded with you in preference to all others. Do, you know why? Well I'll satisfy your curiosity.

I have discovered that you fill orders, not only with the best type and material and machinery, but that you fill them with such promptness and care that an error or a delay is something almost unheard of: certainly it is something that \(I\) have almost never experienced in my dealings with you.

Last Tuesday I had a hurry order which came in at \(3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}\). It must be delivered to the customer the next evening; upon starting the work I found to my dismay that I was unable to do the work because I lacked two fonts of type, and some special brass rule. I called you up told you of my dilemma and at 8 o'clock the next morning you landed the material in my office. I now have a happy customer and his sovereigns are in my breeches pockets. It was your usual way.

I have had printing offices in various parts of the country and have had occasion to order irom various branches of your house. In every case I have found the branches like the main house prompt, exact and intelligent. And that's why I trade with you.

Gratefully yours,
THE COAKLEY PUBLISHING CO.

\title{
The following letter is set in 12 point Lining Yost and printed direct from type.
}

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .

August 24, 1905
Barnhart Bros: \& Spindler
Chicago, Ills.
Gentlemen:-
We have in our printing office the following supplies: 1575 pounds of your Superior Copper-Mixed PointLine, Point-Set and Point-Body body type; 325 fonts of your Uniform-line job type; 210 pounds of your brass rule; 800 pounds, more or less of your leads, slugs and metal furniture; one No. 7, four-roller Babcock Optimus Press; one No. 4, Babcock Standard Press; two Chandler \& Price Gordon Presses; two Challenge Gordon Presses; one 28 1/2 inch Reliance Paper Cutter; one Hamilton Upright Engine; Silver Gloss Steel Electric-Welded Chases including full sets for each job press, and a complete equipment of Hamilton's Wood Goods, Cabinets and Furniture.

We don't want to sell them; we want to keep them and get more. Every article above mentioned we have bought of you, and every article is a money-maker; with two trifling exceptions we have never had a complaint to make of anything you sold us or any service you gave us, and in those cases you so promptly.and heartily "made good" that we were almost ashamed of our complaints. Anyway your goods and your ways have tied us to you for all time; and in this thanksgiving season we are moved to write you this letter of good will and to say that if we've never said it before we have nevertheless felt thankful to you for all the good you have done us.

Sincerely yours,
HARMONY PRINTING CO.

These three lines are printed direct from type. The same face is used in the letter below, printed through silk to give it the ribbon. effect.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .

> The Nealy-Beaumont Company Eastwood

Dear Sirs:-
In reply to your inquiry of recent date, regarding chases, our Electric-Welded chases made of Silver-Gloss steel will do away with the trouble you call attention to. For color printing where a perfect register is a matter of utmost importance, the Electric-Welded chase bridges the difficulty so often present in chases of the old pounded together style. Possibly a comparison between the old (hammered together variety) and the new (Electric-Welded product) methods of manufacture will convince you of the superiority of the Electric-Welded chase when made of Silver-Gloss steel. The forge, the anvil, the hammer, and the smithy's strong arm were the necessary factors in the manufacture of the chase made before the introduction of the Electric-Welded. The uneven heat of the forge and the uncertain blow of the hammer in the old, has in the new way been superseded by the gradually increased heat of the electric current, and the lever controlled pressure, both of which are scientifically. combined in the modern electric welding forge. Only by the latter method is it possible to produce a perfect chase; one that is square inside and out; one that will lay flat; one in which type will not work up.

Under separate cover we are sending you our latest chase pamphlet, in which will be found full information as to size, prices, etc. Hoping to be favored with an order from you at an early date, we beg to remain, Yours very truly,

Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler.

These three lines are printed direct from type. The same face is used in the letter below, printed through silk to give it the ribbon effect.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per 1 b .

Dean-Hicks Printing Co.,
Feb. 10, 1906 Grand Rapids, Mich.
Gentlemen:
Concerning your letter referring to ours of the 20 th.
To make an excavation costs time and money. The larger the hole the more it costs, and the less chance for its being filled quickly or easily.

In type the excavation is the "counter", tre deeper it is the hetter for the printer, and the more it costs the type-founder. It cannot ke filled readily with lint from paper, sediment from ink and washing liquids, and dust and dirt from every source.

Being deep-cut there is opportunity for the face of the letter to wear down considerably before it will begin to show indistinctly as a blotch. The shallow counter, as the small hole, is filled quickly and easily; and often this sort of type is rendered useless by the filled counter when the face itself is little worn. High shoulders accompany the shallo.: counter and these are apt to show on paper, as you have sometimes seen.

Deep-cut type is necessary not only for maximum service when it itself is used on the press, but is even more essential when electros and stereos are made from it. In these it duplicates itself, and gives the deep shells and matrices negded in good and fast presswork.

Deep-cut type.-- and that is our type -- is best for every use. Type possesses no quality more important than this. It means longest wear, good plates, good presswork. It saves at every turn; and were we to charge a considerable percentage more than we do, ours would still be cheapest. We furnish, too, the most durable metal known, with point-line, point-set and point-body, supporting faces that are artistic and handsomely useful.

Respectiully yours,
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER.

The following letter is set in 12 Point Lining Remington No. 6 and printed direct from type.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 54 cents per lb .
\(\qquad\)
\[
\text { April 14, } 1906
\]

Mr. Morgan L. Wrightley,

> Compliance, Ohio.

Dear Sir:
You ask concerning the term "Superior Copper Mixed" employed to distinguish the quality of our type metal.

It came about quite spontaneously years ago when we had ended our primary experiments to discover an alloy for use in the manufacture of type that would be more durable and better than any known. When, with much money and time we had accomplished this, it came as naturally as breathing to call the result "Superior Copper Mixed" Type Metal.

As you know, ordinary type metal is an alloy of lead, antimony and tin. These can be mixed in many proportions. Each mixture will give a different metal, and each will have a wearing quality at variance with the others. Our experiments discovered those proportions of these metals giving highest result in durability, and to these we added Copper to give even greater tenacity and wear resistance.

We make the best type metal known. We make it uniformly and all the time. It is a very Superior metal, and is Copper Mixed.

Respectfully yours,
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER.

Lin. Remington

Chicago, Ill.
Dear Sirs:
When \(I\) bought my outfit of you nearly five years ago, your salesman mentioned as one of the reasons for dealing with you and using your type that you cast all your type under one roof; that if I wanted in future to add to a font or to procure sorts I would get quick service from you because of that fact, because \(I\) wouldn't have to wait till the casting foundry, perhaps located in a distant city, should cast and forward the supplies. That seemed to me a good reason for giving you the order at that time, I have had something like fifty chances to applaud my good judgment and to confirm your excellent argument.

In past years \(I\) have had bitter experience of waiting for sorts and type and material, I have lost work and patience and almost imperiled my immortal soul because of delays that have followed orders. Since \(I\) have traded with you its been smooth sailing and I do not think \(I\) have had just cause for complaint.

I find that \(I\) do not now feel compelled, as I once did, to lay in large and unnecessary stocks of goods to provide for POSSIBLE future wants. If I need a thing QUICK \(I\) can get it of you.

I like that sort of a thing and therefore I like you and I don't care who knows it.

Yours fraternally
WILLIAM B. TEMPLE.

Feb. 9, 1906
Messrs. Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler, Chicago, Illinois.
Gentlemen:
I used to be in the machine business, and having recently bought a press from you am moved to make a few reflections. The rebuilding of machinery in the proper way requires no mean ability; if anyone doubts this statement let him experiment a little in buying second hand machinery from various firms that overhaul it. I have bought several machines, and without flattering, want to say to you that none of them has come up to the high standard which you established in the Cottrell \& Babcock Drum Cylinder that you have just sent me. The things that l have gotten under the title of overhauled machines have generally proven wrecks, and caused lawsuits, failures and profanity. \(\quad\) believe, as one of your advertisements says, you have applied to this part of your business the same ability and conscientious thought used in making SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE famous. Quality tells! Quality Pays! and the best man will want the best; perhaps he will experiment to find what the best. IS, but my experience is that in all lines of printers, supplies you are furnishing the best that can be had. You are saving money to the buyer and you are making it easier for him to do business. I saw a statement that during the past 15 years you have sold nearly 10,000 second-hand machines, and \(I\) wonder with how many kicks. You must have come out without bruises and with abundant credit to yourselves for you have made 10,000 buyers happy. I went thru your shop once and noticed these things: When a press comes in it looks like a heap of old iron; you put it into a lye vat, so that all the grease, putty, paint and other concealing makeshifts come off and the thing lies there in its nakedness, exposing all its weak spots; that you throw away many a machine because you cannot, recommend it or because it will not pay to rebuild it; but that when a machine is rebuilt it is rebuilt, not rubbed up, slicked up, puttied, pasted and painted up, but rebuilt. I like to tellyou this, it is simple justice to a firm that does its work right and gives the customer a square deal.

Yours truly,
John N.Albro.

Justifiers sold in 1 and 5 lb . fonts, at 60 cents per lb .

8 Point Lining Tasso No. 2
21A 40a
21/4 lbs., \$2.25
EARTHQUAKERUINS
Terrific Trembling Demolishes All
Business Blocks and Homes 1234567890

10 Point Lining Tasso No. 2
\(18 \mathrm{~A} 36 \mathrm{a} \quad 3^{2} / \mathrm{rb}_{6} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)

POPULAR BOOKS
Historical Novels Favorites
Romance and Adventure 1234567890

15A 30a
12 Point Lining Tasso No. 2
31156 lbs., \$2.75
NEWSPAPER AN INDEX TO HISTORY Items Showing National 78 Progress Appear Hourly

\section*{THE WOMEN'S MISSIONARY CLUB CATHEDRAL CHURCH OF MISSION CITY zarens}

Invites all Young Women of the church and congregation to attend their regular annual Harvest Thank Offering Meeting which will be held November 25th, 1907 in the parlors of the new cathedral on Church Street. We are promised a fine program, a supper and excellent music.
You are Urged to be present that Evening.
MARY SMITH-dONES
R. S. V. P. Secretary Arrangements Committee.

WHEREAS, a society having been formed for the promotion of universal happiness and good will among all classes of citizens, whatever nationality or color; and whereas, this society having been named by its promoters and arganizers, in accordance with the objects of its organization, The American Universal Fellowship League, each and every member thereof binds himself to the strict observance of the by-laws which make it obligatory to use his best endeavors to promote happiness and good-will among all classes with no partiality or preference, all being equal and none higher or lower or of more or less importance. Therefore, it shall be the duty of each and every Dated at Springfield, this.............day.of. 190

KNOW ALL MEN, that I, Henry Bowleg, of the County of Hope and State of Anticipation, party of the first part, for the consideration of Thirty Dollars, hereby Sell, Grant and Convey to Ike Pinwheel, of the County of Hope and State of Anticipation, party of the second part, the following described personal property, to-wit: One Hot Air Dispenser, One Barrel Liquid Wind, One Imaginary Airship, Two Pink Monkeys and Four Goats. And I, the said party of Witness my hand and seal this.......day of ............... 190

\title{
L.AW ITALIC
}


18A 34a
10 Point Law Italic No. 5
\(3^{1 / 26}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
THIS IS TO CERTIFY, that Thomas R. Rogers has been duly appointed solicitor and general salesman throughout the northwest for the firm of Pickemout and Keepemclean, manufacturers of and dealers in hardwood toothpicks. Said Thomas R. Rogers is also authorized to collect all bills that are past due and receipt for same in the name of the company, the company holding itself in readiness to cancel all bills collected by him. We bespeak Mr. Rogers will call on you the day of .......................... 190

15 A 30 a
12 Point Law Italic No. 5
33/4 lbs., \$2.75
\(\mathcal{N O T I C E}\) is hereby given, that the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Barney Van Meter, deceased, will offer for sale at public auction, at the late residence of the deceased, in Fayette Township, Decatur County, Iowa, Wednesday, February 21, 1900, the personal property of said decedent, conDated this \(\qquad\) day of

THE DEFENDANT, Jeremiah Hoddlekins, is notified of the pending of this action, that plaintiff's cause for action therein is a petition for divorce, and that the plaintiff has fixed February 31, 1910, for said defendant to appear to said Dated this \(\qquad\) day of 190

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

22 A 40 a 6 Point Marshall Italic No. 5 19/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) METHUSELAH PICNIC AND REUNION Brothers in good standing of all Lodges of the Modern Order of Methuselah are cordially invited to attend the State Annual Picnic and Reunion to be held at Shantyville, October first. The best of speakers, of national reputation, have been secured; also the best band and orchestral music, vocal solos, and choruses. Degree work will be carried on in the evening by six competing teams from various parts of the state, and 1234.567890

20 A 37 a 8 Point Marshall 1 talic No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
EXPERT WORKMEN NECESSARY For the proper care of machinery. Many a machine has been ruined for lack of a drop of oil at the right time. Many another has come to grief because some blunderer with a screw-driver has aimlessly loosened and tightened, without any idea of what he was 1234567890

\section*{EXTRACT FROM OUR STANDARD INSURANCE POLICY}

The party of the second part, otherwise known as the Cheetar Fire Insurance Corporation, hereby agrees to and does accept all liability for damage, either to buildings, stock, tools or machines, belonging to the party of the first part, or in use by them, in case of fire or demolished by earthquake, except from blazing caused by rapid oxidation, spontaneous combustion, explosion, incendiarism or ignition from adjoining buildings, defective grates, chimneys or flues, overheated heating apparatus, electrical currents, motors or dynamos, cigar smoking 386

18A 35a 10 Point Lining Venetian \(3^{21 / 6} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) BUSINESS THRU THE MAIL Within a few years multitudes of small manufacturers and agents have found a simple and speedy means of securing and delivering their orders by post. A fuller comprehension may be had when 1234567890

16 A \(31 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Lining Venetian \(33 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\) TO ALL NEW SOLICITORS To those who have lately become our cooperators and profit sharers some few words of explanation should be noted. First, the fine quality of our 1234567890

\section*{BE CONSISTENT IN BUYING}

There is no economy in buying a makeshift unless it is only for temporary use. The very best material should be procured in starting or adding to a printing office, consistent with the business done or expected to be done in the future

\section*{EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS NEEDED}

Do Not Tramp as Lorigg as You Gan flvoic It That is to Saz Do Not Give Up a Steadz Position For An Uneertainty 1234567890

EXGITEMENT GHUSED FROM FIRES
Gompelling Other People to Breathe Hot Hir Gas Manafacturec̃ By 29 Meckanical Devices

\section*{STYLE IN WINTTER HATS}

Exkibiting the Most Important. Method Of GRemistry 5 4and Goofing

\section*{Radial Vtalic eVo. 5}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line,

Typography had to wait for the inoention of paper, the only material that is mechanically adapted for prointing, and the only material that was required to free the world from the many disadoantages of parchment and papyrus. dind how simple, too, was the solution of the
gitudquate
©ext \(\frac{10}{2} 5\)

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

 123456i8890

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Extensive Gssortment of \(\mathfrak{F a n c y ~ J o b ~ T u p e ~}\) Tinting Opfice Estimates Fuznisfed on \(\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{Fp} \text { ficationt }}\) \(123456 \% 890\)

9A 25a
18 Point Pen Text No． \(5 \quad 4^{15}\) 后 Ibs ．，\(\$ 3.25\)
Treasury Department． Gransporting 5 Company

Teople ©zoun dif Ovez the Whozld

－ 1234567890

12A 36a
14 Point Pen Text No． \(5 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 3.00\) وโammotf seafiezies露esh and Good 9 Gridde Cafies

6 A 16a
Financial and Commercial פlianagers dumual geport from 4 gnvurance Company 4A 13a

Tew Ingland Acadenny Gradnating 首xercives 9 gehearsed

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9tineteen fundzed and seven

Text ana. 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

16A 45a 6 Point Stationers Text No. 5 19后 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) FHang gllen in the 33attle strxayed Fightixg findiaus irt the Eaxie Daps of aux Histoxp 1234567890

15A 41a 10 Point Stationers Text No. 5 3 1/16 lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) Narth Ameriran 耳̧ouk ©̂murnu Publishtrs for 375 orederated Authors

15 A 47a \(\quad 8\) Point Stationers Text No. \(5 \quad\) 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\) Fipe dampaign of out etrmy in
Citra and of the Naup at Santiaga and आamila 1234567890

13 A 37 a 12 Point Stationers Text No. 5 311/16 lbs., \$2.75 (1)d Enylish Jiterature


Gletals Combint Fowses a Cextain Axyrex of Elastivity and Hardress 268 urhen Properly Antalyamated

\section*{Paxthasinu (1)f Neu Press Frollers}
(1)ne of the 93est 743 ghuestments yon \(\mathfrak{y}\) an make
qute rardially sulirit an inspertion of anx latest and most axtistic displaw of

\title{
Wutdding and Surinty Finuitations \\ and Higlt-Class Statimery \\ Printed mith the ruer fupular \$tatimurs Text
}

\author{
A. Silhrexinith, fleurelpx
}


2̃o. \(\qquad\) a゙eho 'Toumship \(\qquad\)
Paw tor the arder of
the sumn of
Alollax: and rharge to oux aroumt.
(1)dfixd datrhem \& \(\mathfrak{C u}\).


19A55a 6 Point Sylvan Text No. 5 I 19 lbs., \(\$ 2.00\) Emporium of fashionable Dressmaking Eatisfaction Guaranteed on our Eabies ©ailor Made Bowns 1234567890

15 A 44a 12 Point Sylvan Text No. 5 3 \({ }^{11 / 6}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\) Striking \(\mathfrak{B e a u t y}\) of \(\mathcal{Z}\) ature Grand Canyon 2735 Rocky 2ifountains

19 A \(53 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Sylvan Text No. \(53^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) Justice 2lever Seems to Shange
Thongh its Conception of Right and Wrong Dary 1234565890
\(13 \mathrm{~A} 35 \mathrm{a} \quad 14\) Point Sylvan Text No. \(5 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
farm Labor rightened
Invention for 468 Cgriculturalists

Steamboats and Railroads Southwest ©ransportation 58 Company
(brnaments and Borders Copper Mitixed 82 2itetal ©ypes

3 A 8 a
42 Point Sylvan Text No. 5
\(8^{3 / 4}\) lbs., \(\$ 5.25\)
2lammoth Collection Southeastern 5 Expositions

Established
1903

\section*{Ereations Imported from Paris}

The 2 lianagement for 2 ITadame Patricia amominces the return of the madame from the Cumual ©omr of Paris, rondon and the Centers of fashion Gbroad. Patrons of the establishment will find on Exhibition Wonderful Effects for amy Vecasion and priced from 2Toderation to the Extravagant. ©o those \(\mathfrak{U n}\) ammiliar with? (Duw 2ltethods an Jnvitation is 2Most Geartily Extended.
Opening 2Reception on 21Tonday, September ©wentietl?

\section*{NTadame Patricia}

NTodiste and Importer
Suite 55 Jeweler's Building 2Tew Chateanx

\title{
16A 50a 6 Point Tell Text No． 5 19／亿 lbs．，\(\$ 2.00\) Antrille Department Store Carries the Most Complete Line of Mens fine Shoes In the Country 1234567890
}
\(13 \mathrm{~A} 36 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Tell Text No． 5 3 \(1 / 16\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.50\)
Great 《aestern Animal Show Ponies Dogs 6 Monkeys and Cows

16A 43a \(\quad 8\) Point Tell Text No． \(5 \quad 21 / 4\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.25\)
fancy 《ubite Vests and Neckwear Embroidered Silk Shirt Uaísts for Xuomen 1234567890

11 A \(33 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Tell Text No． \(5 \quad\) 311／rb lbs．，\(\$ 2.75\)
Great Dísaster Occurs Kansas Cyclone 4 Cears State

6 A 20 a
18 Point Tell Text No． 5
45／i6 lbs．，\＄3．25

\section*{Great Nortbern Assurance Company} Che Greatest Capabilities 3 Are Developing

\title{
darecked Theatre is Rebuilt New Company to 6 Play Sbakespeare
}

\title{
Panoramic Scenery \\ Grand Canyon 4 Colorado
}

\title{
Californía Via \\ Unestern 5 Railroad
}

No. 5

\section*{Daily Paper}

\section*{fíne Art Studios}


ae belíeve that the bigbest art is that which ís connected with us, and we bave spared no thought or expense in bríngíng out our art studio to a bígh degree of perfection
© In thís studio our artists make and execute desígns for
fíne Art Studios :: 34 Lake Ave.



24 A 46a 8 Point Tudor No． \(5 \quad\) 21／4 lbs．，\(\$ 2.25\) CWonderfut Exa of IDecbanical Development One Ebousan Dears EDoancement of Printing Ifrougtry 1234567890

16 A 31a \(\quad 12\) Point Tudor No． \(5 \quad 311\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.75\)
Excellent Elccommodations ffirst Class 4 5ummer Resorts

8A 16a 20 Point Tudor No． \(5 \quad 45\) 后 Ibs．，\(\$ 3.25\)

\section*{Evening \(\mathbb{C w i l l i g h t ~}\)} ふbeautiful 2 『pictures

19A 37a
10 Point Tudor No． \(5 \quad 31 / 16\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.50\)
 Hoted Diano IPlayer at Euditorium mall 1234567890

12A 23 a
16 Point Tudor No． \(5 \quad 43 / 8\) Ibs．，\(\$ 3.00\)
［Public TReading lRooms Dictionary of 8 Englisb Law

\author{
6 A 11 a \\ 24 Point Tudor No． 5 57／i6 lbs．，\(\$ 3.50\) \\ \section*{Tland wewing} Klisachine 9 COlork
}

\title{
ITrivate Camping Grounds JEutchers \(\mathfrak{i n n u a l} \mathfrak{G}\) Excursion
}

\section*{Large Cigar Jfactory} Jfine ifland 3 ，llsade Cigars

3A5a
48 Point Tudor No． 5

\title{
Cerrible Calamity Foutbern 2 Country
} Ifo. 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

3 A 4 a
60 Point Tudor No. 5
135后 Ibs., \(\$ 8.40\)

\section*{Cattle IRancb}

\section*{Cows and 4 wheep}

\section*{\(\mathfrak{F a m e s} \mathfrak{A}\). \(\mathbb{L a n d s o m e}\)} cbicago, illi.

\title{
Illerchant Cailor
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\section*{Fuits siliade to Orber on \(\mathfrak{w b o r t ~ i n o t i c e ~}\)}
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625=627 \text { Jbluewater } \mathfrak{T t r e e t}
\]

Cleaning, Presging and myeing

\author{
Cbicago, IIII.
}

\section*{Onited States Gold and Silver Certificates} Government Ilssued IInterest 874 JBearing Gold JBonds

\section*{Greatest Ghow on Earth Coday} Advertisíng Grand 86 Automobile IDarade

\section*{The TReporters Club llouse} Electing IBoard 829 of Directors

\section*{Thewsboys 47 Annual jreast}


\section*{Your Correspondence}
may be the omly means by which another man can judge you. Tbe vital phase of a strong letter is not alone the substance of the letter itself, but also the dress in which it goes fortb as your silent messenger.

\section*{The IInterstate School}
teacbes thorougbiy and in a sbort period of time the essential points necessary to become a skill= ful penman. Send for our book of information.

\section*{Jfree Scholarstivs}
will be given to the first twenty answering this advertisement
©udor


Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

15A 44 a
6 Point Tudor Bold 19／6 Ibs．，\(\$ 2.00\)
Printers tubo Have Used ©ur
Superior Copper＝flixed Lining Eypes Ifeed no Reminder as to Quality and Durability 1234567890

13 A 41 a \(\quad 8\) Point Tudor Bold \(21 / 4\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.25\) ©id Entique specimens Expensive Embroidery and Dress Goods Capestry found in Switzerland 1234567890

 Seventeentb Einnual Convention 375 of \(\mathbb{P}\) ainters and 5 culptors

Erecting IFandsome School JBuildings
University Surrounded by 円ense Growth of Green Jfoliage Snow Capped \(\mathbb{l}\) llountains 482 in the Distance

Special Sunday Iflorning Edition
Enterprising 快ewspaper Editors Ennual Excursion


\section*{United States JBattlesbips}

Elrmoured Cruisers and Gunboats JBattle Wlith the \(\mathfrak{5 p a n i s b} 85\) at \(5 a n t i a g o\)

\section*{Cudor}

Jisold

\section*{Spanish Tlllansion}

Old UUlorlds 594 Castles

\title{
Green ipastures \\ Delightful 38 scenes
}

\title{
Hew Clock \\ steel26 Spring
}

\title{
IPrintíng \\ 543
}

\section*{Ilmported and Domestic Gloves and llittens}


Paust Gext

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

18 A 57 a
8 Point Faust Text
\(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.25\)
Modern Printing is one of the many Deqelopments of the Dresent Generation, shoaing. 1234562890

8A 23a
I8 Point Fanst Text
\(4^{15} 5 \mathrm{~F}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
Gailor ©ade Suit Fine Ginglish 8 Suiting

15A 43a
neckaear and Fancy Ribbons Most Fashionable Silk Fined Jackets 1234567890

14 A 39a
12 Point Fanst Text
311́6 lbs., \$2.75
hadies Fashion Bazaar
Ørimmed hats in 614 Latest Styles

\title{
©odern Skyscrapers are high Datellings are the 6 Droduct of Genius
}

\section*{3A8a}

36 Point Faust Text
7 lbs., \$4.40

\section*{Colonial Daellings} Architect and 3 Contractor


15A 43a \(\quad 8\) Point Reed Text \(\quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\)
Sheet 3ails and Coffer Cen Cents
Cea or Coffex seved daith all strat Brotrs 1234567890

12A 32a 14 Point．Reed Text \(45 / 1 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 3.00\)
Obio \(\mathfrak{A l o u n t a i n} \mathbb{E}\) express Sbart ©umme 97 xaute Clased

8A 22a 18 Point Reed Text \(45 / 16\) lbs．，\(\$ 3.25\)
U0U1L1世g（Fxpritton

\(14 \mathrm{~A} 35 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Reed Text \(\quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
Uhiro Antual Excursion On ひxeonesoay september \(\mathbb{T}\) wentietl） 1234567890

12A 33a \(\quad 12\) Point Reed Text 315 后 lbs ．，\(\$ 2.75\)
Gentlement 2moking xaom Jirgi Clawg 42 foatgengrug（only

10A 27a
16 Point Reed Text \(47 / 16\) 1bs．，\(\$ 3.00\)
Grand faty yestival玉econd and 38 chitd of ftay

\section*{\(\mathfrak{C y c l o n e s}\) and \(\mathbb{C o r n a d o e s}\) in \(\mathbb{C}\) anada} Boind Considerable 45 Bamage to ヨroperty

36 Point Reed Text
81／16 lbs．，\＄5．00

\section*{Grand 1 Floral 刃isplay}

Carnations 78 and

48 Point Reed Text
\(12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)
4 A 5 a


13A 37 a
8 Point Carbon Text \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\)
（6）

2）
1234567890

12A 35 a 10 Point Carbon Text \(3^{1 / 66}\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.50\)


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Flate Text alar. 4

Weights and Prices given are Approxinate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

16 A 51 a 8 Point Plate Text No. \(4 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)


 12345678911

14 A 33a. 14 Point Plate Text No. 4 4 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)



15A 47a 10 Point Plate Text No. \(43^{11}\) /ro lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) Censurs \(\mathbb{C a k e n t i n ~ S i x u t u e r t ~ S i t e s ~}\)

 12345678x

14 A 40 a 12 Point Plate Text No. \(4 \quad 3^{11} / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
 Arramye Series af CZ Xares at Elimira





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Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line. \(\qquad\)

10A 40a
14 Point French Plate
33/8 lbs., \$3.75
Jwenty-soverv Experienced Sewing MRachine Operators \({ }^{\circ} 88\) anted
 1234567890

9 A 28 a
18 Point French Plate
\(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.50\)
Thanksgiving Day פtovember the Thirtieth Harvest Home Services 235 Celebrated October Seventh

7 A 22 a
Choir Rehearsing their Christian Carol
 6A 18a

24 Point French Plate No. 2
Meeting of College Societies
Tuesday Genning 72 July the Seventeenth

5A 15a
30 Point French Plate
\(67 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.50\)
Rubber Stamp 9 OTGReroo
Gook Sounding 8 and \(\mathscr{F}_{\text {Fine }} \mathscr{P R}_{\text {inkling }}\)

4A 12a
36 Point French Plate
81/8 lbs., \$6.65
Homeseckero Gexcuroion
House 'GRith: Y Timber Lands

\section*{ announce the marriage of their aughter \\ Gelizabeth}

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91r. Foratio R. \({ }^{\text {IS }}\) Srightmore on the evening of Juceday, the Xentho of O1Farch one thowand mine hundered, ana five

> at eightudocock 815 Coutrabip Jevzace
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\text { JIniolvill }^{2}
\]


\section*{OHrOCorman Handsome} announces the opening of his decant new store with a complete and fashionable line of imported
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\begin{aligned}
& \text { good for } \\
& \text { Fall and } \delta 8 \text { inter }
\end{aligned}
\] Clothes
Our new goode excel those of part years and ave hope to see our patrons and friend o, so as Ko, give them the first choice
\(\Theta_{\text {pear, evening }}\)
until nine

\section*{Mira: Flattie Winsomer}
request the honor of your presence al the marriage reception of her daughter
flarriet
and

\section*{Mri. Henry Softhearl}
on the evening of Tuesday, March the eighth one thousand nine hundred and seven
at half after seven s'clock

Thotel der Comfort
Harmony

 1234.567590

8 A 22 a
18 Point Wedding Plate
\(41 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 4.50\)
Nannausa sand Company Merchant Talos,


5A 18a
24 Point Wedding Plate No. 1
\(5 \% / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
Yourself and Friends are Thequested to
Friend, a' Socice(Onemingist in ont Lodge Glom

5 A 14 a
24 Point Wedding Plate No. 2
\(5^{11 / 16 ~ l b s ., ~ \$ 5.10 ~}\)
Thursday September the Seventh
nineteen Thousand 5 and Six Years R Po

3A12a
30 Point Wedding Plate
\(63 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.50\)
alboin Douglas, Chemist Prescriptions Carefully 1 Executed

3 A 10a
36 Point Wedding Plate
75/16 lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)
Handsome Furniture
Expensive 9 Japanese PLats

Nuw and NTor Cater Semmell

\section*{At Kome}

Theodayo afteo Rugust the minth mincteen hundred and eight

218 Broadway
Cartervillo


Sining Plate
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) 14 Point Lining Plate Script
\(35 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.75\)
Wishing You and Your Wife the Compliments of the Season
That the Coming Exr will Sing Forth to You Bounteous Realms of Untold Joy From your Loving Brother and Friend William Eidworth Siblinson 1231567890

8A 23a
18 Point Lining Plate Script
The Iiverovight © Boarding School for Girls Oldest and Most Reliable College Today on the American Soil Most Backward Children 234. Made Prominent Women 6A14a

24 Point Lining Plate Script
\(59 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)



5 A 13 a
36 Point Lining Plate Script
715 I6 lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)
RotoriOinaton Cram in Dealer


4A9a
48 Point Lining Plate Script
\(10^{3 / 8}\) lbs., \(\$ 7.50\)


Liming Plate Sorint Series

The Senion Class of 1908
of the
Torest Street SPublic Schoot
condially imvite your presence at thein
Commencoment Ơxercises
Torthwoords Slall
Wednesday Övening, Gune Fifteenth
Nineteen hurudred and six at four o'clock
Invitation
admits younself
and friend

\section*{Lining Plate}

14 Point Lining Plate Script No. 2
35/r6 lbs., \(\$ 3.75\) Mid Winter e Singing and mincing Clausius Will Open
The First of Deventer With den Eintivaly Neva List of Serichons \(12 \% 1567890\)

7A 21a
18 Point Lining Plate Script No. 2
41/2 lbs., \(\$ 4.50\) Attend Our Grand Ammeral Fuel Opening of Gents Ready-to-weme 916 Trousers. Suits and Oreveants 5A 16a

24 Point Lining Plate Script No. 2
\(59 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
Handsome Wedding Stmnanucoments Eixcouted With Ore 542 Populure Plate Sovijts

4A 13a
36 Point Lining Plate Script No. 2
75/56 lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)
Cant/anuestoper Mlenacnalnanvil
Meetings Shunt 95. First of Octatoor

3A9a
48 Point Lining Plate Script No. 2
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\). , \(\$ 7.50\)
Claperancercal?
Traneton 2:Ömapuean. Patel

Lining Plate Script No. 2

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Milton
request the hance of your presence at the mans inge of theine druightor

Lamar Aden
and
Mr. Cronald Owing Young
an the evening of Wertuesdry Fine the eighth
nineteen hundred and eight at six a'dackishanfor

785 South \(\mathscr{B}_{\text {Burnside }}\) Street
Chicago

Lining Plate Script: No. 3

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see Page 2. Cast on Text Line. \(\qquad\)

BA 25 a
14 Point Lining Plate Script No. 3
35/16 lbs., \$3.75
Trefur Walter Frederick Dealese in Pine Lumber
Coutrenctare and Prildere of Modern Frame Duelling Housed Guarantee ta Complete Any Duelling in Three Days 1234567890

7 A 21 a
18 Point Lining Plate Script No. 3
41/2 lbs., \$4.50
 Tatting. but Thasoung hexed Chickens and Pigeons Office and Guards Twenty 536 Norton Sheree

5A 16a
24 Point Lining Plate Script No. 3
\(5 \% / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
Good Useful Chmistmas Presents
Conemats \(\mathscr{B}_{\text {auth }} \mathscr{R}_{1}\) bess 895 and Suspenders

4A 13a
36 Point Lining Plate Script No. 3
\(715 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.50\)
Tunable Winters Blathosa
Tho Dory. Tomest 234. Trull Styles

3A9a
48 Point Lining Plate Script No. 3
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{Ibs} ., \$ 7.50\)


Good Machine ' Oprenatore

\section*{Lining Plate Script Na. 3}


Simery Gumat


Quanself andel firiondo mer inuitod to attend a
Banquet and Ball
- jium by

The Crave Saript Clube
Ohmustay cuming OF buruary Seumtanth ninateon hunoturd and light

Script Series
\(\square\)
lames Ridgeway and Sons Tailors and Drapers
Announce the arrival of their Ready=to- Hear Fall -Clothes These-Loods are Closely. Woven and Highly Tailored 1234567890

6A 20a
24 Point Lining Myrtle Script

\section*{West Side Thee Employment Bureau} Twenty-nine-hood Reliable Sewants Wanted Telephone-bentral 584 Bight Hundred

\section*{camel \& Brown}

Announce the semi=annual opening of their fine
Here Shoe Department eight hundred and fourteen Dongola Street Monday, October the thirty-first nineteen hundred

This card entitles holder to a new pair of Opera Slippers

Sining Alaral Scrifit Series. Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

6A19a
14 Point Lining Hazel Script
33/8 lbs., \$3.75
Allsence Makes the Ateart Prave fonder
Perver Pufvid Pngagementin Sieree Soue Battled Foung Poufule Plofred and. Warmed in poret 1294567890

6 A 15 a
18 Point Lining Hazel Script
\(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.50\) -unnmer Lesarti Name. Nany
Neru Altwactians and Nnursements this fear Qsticit farm and 56 -rndian Pitlage
4.A 13 a

24 Point Lining Hazel Script
59/16 lbs., \$5.00
Pusctixg aursumsent Siuestey.Noarevilte Worpere Stursoduy Odotow ss Findh

3A8a
36 Point Lining Hazel Script
755 fo lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)




Wr.and Wres. Pilliam Branure
sequest your fresence
at the maviage of their daughter

to

an the evening of Firday the tenth of Nay
nincteen hundied and seven
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ateighta'dack } \\
& \text { 58'" Astaland Pout }
\end{aligned}
\]

Brytoun
\(\qquad\)

6 A 21 a
14 Point Lining Standard Script
33/8 lbs., \$3.75
Qentral @llilineng Gompramy OTakes OPleasuve in Omiting Eyou Omspaction of OThii Batest Glovelitics in Ottrts 1234567890

6 A 15 a
18 Point Lining Standard Script
41/2 lbs., \(\$ 4.50\)
OThe Oberdeen OPiothers ORequest the athonot of Gour OPresence39 at © Fheir OMer \&tores.

5A. 12 a
24 Point Lining Standard Script
59/16 lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
dolan eruid ©rporcrompany
OPooksellers and Wedding o8 ©Stationcis

3A8a
36 Point Lining Standard Script
\(75 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)


3 A 4 a
48 Point Lining Standard Script
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)

ofhe Pommittee
olmites Efouself and Lady firends
to attend the of hird

of the
ellanly elvemue ofthletios.
on the floor of
Of umet ollall
\(\$\) \(\qquad\) ORondervous, Maine, \(\qquad\) \(190-\) SReceived of \(\qquad\) \(\overline{i o o}\) Qollais

OThe ONeighbois Phib \(\qquad\) © Tieasnete

Lining Gamier

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see Page 2. Cast on Text Line. \(\qquad\)

6A 19a
14 Point Lining Premier Script
\(33 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.75\)
© Shy Overshadowed with darkest Clouds
Qthunwer Quashed Sighting Clashed and Vain Came Boru
1234567890

6A 16a
18 Point Lining Premier Script
\(41 / 2\) lbs., \(\$ 4.50\)
© stranded upon the Rocks at Midnight Eleven Stundied and 23 Ewentyfive Lives Lost

4 A 12a
24 Point Lining Premier Script
59/56 lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
Consturting Battleships
SNorthom Shipbuilding 45 Company

3A Ba
36 Point Lining Premier Script
75/16 lbs., \(\$ 6.50\)


3 A 4 a
48 Point Lining Premier Script
109 /bibs., \(\$ 7.60\)


3 A 4 a
48 Point Lining Premier Script No. 2
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.50\)


Bining eramiar


Lining Prrenk


Somijet Series
\(\qquad\)

WA 25 a
14 Point Lining Bank Script
33/8 lbs., \$3.75


1234567890

6 A 14 a
18 Point Lining Bank Script
\(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 4.50\)
Trull Stiyfas in. Ni:llinemy Storm in


4A 11a
24 Point Lining Bank Script
\(59 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
- Nohow © Branle of Dublin

Maris. Moved to 6 \& Chemmy PRilyge

3 A 7 a
36 Point Lining Bank Script
75/66 lbs., \$6.50


BA 5 a
48 Point Lining Bank Script
103/8 lbs., \$7.50
Cl?

Liviny Brante PoniptPovies

3A 5 a
\(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 7.50\)

\section*{}



\section*{Shill so R Richundanou} Glathions Sixty seven Young Street invite your inspection of their. Sen STall Goods

These goods ave manufactured lay aus awn waalen mills and ave now and strictly uff=ta=dute

Gun dorks mill be pleased la see you whothon you come to buy ax lack axound

Open OVednesday and Saturday evenings until nine

Living Bronte

\section*{Nivilut Na. :}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line. \(\qquad\)

5A 15a
18 Point Lining Bank Script No. 3
\(41 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 4.50\)
Testoin Coloured ORaifiouds
- Nilmurekee TRrfidTTransit Companies \(129456 \% 890\)

4A 10a 24 Point Lining Bank Script No. 3
\(59 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.00\)
Grand Canenting Rate Prettiest 26. Mountain Scones

3 A \(6 a\)
36 Point Lining Bank Script No. 3
\(715 / 46 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.50\)
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Souonue@ficers } \\
& \text { Examine g/Gunbarts }
\end{aligned}
\]

3 A 4 a
48 Point Lining Bank Script No. 3
105/8 lbs., \(\$ 7.65\)



Liniug Bante Scipt No. is

Qumlapis
Colectic Autamaliles.
Corty Prumning
The. Nem Drenlofe. Nadel suifusises all comfoling muchines, leing fillod with unfunatrivaleletives. Tt is lighted will alocticicily and is the smaathost inemming
Nem. Norlel

Grxibition at the Galisoum Came and innestigute

Yaurself and Friends' wed \(\Phi_{\text {mited }}\) to 9 Attend the \(A_{\text {m }}\) mal Bald Piven' by the (OMaine Pleasuid Qhul' at Basymans' Road' Mlouse (Omay Frouith 1234567890

10A 26a
18 Point Lining Pantagraph Script
Fomitenth Olnnurl prize (Omasqueiade Foall Seven Ihandsomed prizes 45 Olucided foi the Beest Postumes 7A 20a

24 Point Lining Pantagraph Script
59/16 lbs., \$5.00
Heondsomed Mbedting Clmouncements's



Sining Oltestew Sarilt Sevies

> 12A 36a
> 12 Point Lining Nestor Script
> Avrangenent Committed ©efected for the Givst Annual Ball
> Reperts Ravge Cduaned Safe of Tiekels for this' Grant Olew Opars Eve Event \(123456 \%\) \& \(q 0\)

Beauliful and Delightful Secenes' of Spring'
Preinted and Sblended by' 135 Olatures' Olnewing' Stand

\section*{Cotonial Gramportation Compromy}

Graud Eastword on the 26 Shegan Reute

4A 13a
36 Point Lining Nestor Script
75/化 lbs., \$6.50

\section*{Puerstected OWarehecties}

\section*{Sigy Reductions sin © evereats}

3A 10a

Sining Olestov
Script Sevied

\section*{Euthoud 9 Illandelin Club}
requests the honer of yaw furesence at theiw

\section*{Thiva Grand Prine Sto}
on the evening of Grestay Gelenumy the Eloventh and thansand nine hundved and seventeen at hatf afters seven 'edeck 365 Pavty Cand Geytami

Present this ineitation
at the doond

Frourth Annual Conuention of Tracticing Sakers
Nem Machines for Separeating People from their Money 1234567890

5A 14a
18 Point Dennison Script
41/2 lbs., \$4.50
Geautiful Scenerey Stlong the Rivere TRo/rooduced from 253 Original Toainting

\section*{S/acial Announcement} Lodge Meets 4 every Gimiday

\section*{Glower Exhibition September 5 gifteenth}

\title{
Gioreign \(\mathcal{E}\) Nobility
}

\section*{Madam Louise Schirving} announces the opening of here. elegant comparetment with a complete and handsome display of imported materials for the coming

\section*{Gill and Winter}

Gailon=made Garments
These fabrics are direct from Travis and New Work and fare exceed those offered our e patrons in past
seasons. We will be
delighted to see our e many friends

Skies Are Overshadowed With Dark Clouds
Urdnesdary is The Day Jor The Annrual Yacht Race Everybody is Respectfully Invited 1234567890

7A 22a
18 Point Lining Hazlett Script
41/2 lbs., \$4.50
Calling Cards Arr Much in Vogue The Formal Opening of a Great Institution Society Work 68 on Short Notice

Lining fence Script Series

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

WA 21 a

\section*{20 Point Lining Jewel Script}

55/i6 lbs., \(\$ 5.00\)
Yrhen the Marring Glary Invines
Ground the Cabin LIar of my Old Hame Aud the YFhip=a=will sings Marguerite 1234567890

SA 14 a

\section*{24 Point Lining Jewel Script}
\(\qquad\)

A 30 a
14 Point Lining Princess Script
35/亿 lbs., \(\$ 3.80\)
yourself and friends ane invited so attend
On Iwenty=Finst Annal Summer Sake of Stylish Millinery Special Reductions one made on our Imported Fats 1234567890

9A 25 a
18 Point Lining Princess Script
High Irade Society and Gook Printing
Wedding Invitations 5 Cmmouncements and \(C\) ards Produced from our fine lime of Script Faces

6 A 17a
30 Point Lining Princess Script
\(63 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 5.50\)
Tampon Sale of Cuts Applies
Sold Pritum Frames 88 and Oil Colons Thassupines of Fin Fonows Clusisss

\section*{Mr, and Mrs, Scone E, Fomphush} At tome
 Ibo Honeymoon Civemue Bridesuille

Eining Cakeside
Seript Surirs

Sargi Prowoss frou Chicago Visit Michigaw Thousands of Seople pross Lake and spend Swinuer in the Beantiful eity of south roaver, pisturespur nesort 23456 2780

We will have on Exhibition the Latest Designs Millinary Impartations 25 frowi Erawer

5 A 16a
24 Point Lining Lakeside Script
Qurpaver Euards and scurce Euns Shots Finud at ut Brisomus

\title{
Sia Sim rill Qamow
}

Houns Mass 30 of Ruins

\title{
German JBody and Job Jfaces
}

Cast from Superior Copper=illixed lifletal on the \(\mathbb{p}\) oint Line, Ipoint Set and [Point JBOdy Lining System


\section*{Karnbart TBros. \(\mathcal{Z}\) Spinder}

\section*{Gype dfounders, Chicago}

\section*{ST, PAUL, MINN.} Minnesota Type Foundry Co. ST. LOUIS, MO. St. Louls Printers Supply Co.

DALLAS, TEX.
The Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry OMAHA, NEB. Great Western Type Foundry NEW YORX CITY, N. Y, Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

Pacific Printers Supply Co.

\title{
GERMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

\section*{6 Point Lining Gernian}

 ren follte. Der \%igi, welder von Bürid aus in etrem ₹age erreidit merben fann, bietet zwar in biefer
 bem \(\mathfrak{Z u f}\) ) ber Uetliberg bei Sürid einen allgemeinen Meberbliá äber bie glpentete vom Gentis bis zur sunairau. Man rieth mir baher etne Tour nad bem Wallenfee unb nad (larus an. Tめ fuhr nit bem Dampifilif nad

 mitibem Dampfidiff nad ©dmeriton, am Enbe bes Sürider ©ee's gelegen, unb von Gier auß getangt man
 fithrt burd ein breites, vom \&inthtanal burdfloffenes Thal, an beffen beiben Eeiten fid bie eriten Bergriefen
 feitab getebrten ©pike anş. Bei Weefen theilt fid bas shal in zwei neue: bas redts fortlaufenbe führt nad ©larus, bas lints gelegent wird dom wallenfee angefullt. Weefen hat eine ungemein idsne wage uno erregt
 शad ber hinteren Geite fieht man in bas छlarner \{hal bitein, weldes von bem toloffaten, mit ©dnee und



 bes ©ee's йberidauen. Diefe llmgebungen werben immer wilber unb ungewöhnlider, je meiter baş Dampf=
 ununterbrodenen æeige zađiger und zertlifiteter felfen von ben veridiebenartigiten formen, weldae feil aus

 ber Quft zertheilt, wie ein zerfajerteş feibenes Band ben Felfen berunter. Mehnlide Wafferfälle, jebod von


\section*{6 Point Lining German No. 2}
 möglidft turzer Beit möglidit biel and beridiedenartige (erideinungen der idmeizerijaen gatur vor


 Dieß̉ gewährt fan ber Hettiberg bei Suirid einen allgenteinen Ueberbliaf itber bie glpentette bom Sentiß



 gelegen, und bon hier aus gelangt mant mit dem Noftwagent in cinigen Stunben nadi \(\mathfrak{W}\) eefen, mo ber





 fieht man in baş Glarmer \(\mathfrak{T h a l}\) bittein, weldes bon bem foloffalen, mit Sante und (sletfおern iiberzogenen

 zenftoti, ein §auptafyl ber Gemfen und Murmexthiere, in bie \(\mathfrak{A}\) иgen, beffen zierliche, gothifden Thurms
 Des See's itberfdauen. Diefe Umgebungen werben immer wiber und ungeröhntidier, ie meiter bag
 auß eiter unuterbrodenen Feibe zactiger und zertlufteter \(\mathfrak{F e l f e n}\) von Den verfaiedenartigiten formen, welde fteil anz Demt Gee heraus zu einer burcfagittliden §obbe bon 6-7000 Fuß in Die Ruft gitauffarren.



\section*{GERMAN BODY}

Cast on Uniform Line．Partly leaded with two－point leads．

8 Point Lining German
 benuben，ber mir in moglidit furjer Beit möglidit viel unb veridiebenartige Erideint＝ ungen ber id）weizerififen Natur vor \｛ugen fithren jollte．Fer §igi，weldjer von 马it＝
 genug；aber bas ßanorama，bas man von igm aus überblift，liegt mit fenen（Ein＝
 fönte．Heberbieß̄ gewährt id）on ber lletliberg bei Зürid einen alfgemeinen lleber＝ blid̛ über bie Mfpenfette vout Sentis bis zur Jungiratt．Man rieth mir baher eine
 அapperswyl，in beffen Yiähe Jreifigrath，nadtbem er mit mir von Briifiel gefommen war，eine ländlid）Surilfogejogenheit fultivitte，mit fand in ifm einen bereitmilligen Reijegeiährten．Bon Rapperswyl fährt man mit bem Dampifaifi uad Sdymerifon， ant Ende bes Buirider See’s gelegen，und von fier ats getangt man mit bem Foft＝ wagen in einigen Ctunden nadi Weejen，wo ber Wakemiee beginnt．Der Weg von Sdmerifon führt burd）ein breites，vom Qinthtanal butdffoifenes Thal，an befien beiben Seiten fidi bie erjten Bergrieien in unthmender（bröße aufgeitellt baben．
 Spize aus．Bei Weejen theilt fid）bas zhal in zwei nent：bas redtis fortfaufenbe ¡ührt nad（blarns，bas linte gelegene wirb vom Wallemiee ausgefült．Weejen hat
 liegt，uidt zur \(\mathfrak{A n l a g e}\) einer großen Stabt benukt worben ijt．Mad ber ginteren Seite jiegt man in bas glarner Thal hinem，weldes von ben foloffalen，mit Saute und

\section*{9 Point Lining German}
（Finige（Fryolungstage，bie ick entick）erübrigte，beichlo \({ }^{\text {bich }}\) 子u emem 2ubflug zu benuben，ber mir in möglichit furzer Beit möglichit viel mid berichiedenartige Gricheinungen ber ichmeizerifden Matur vor 2tugen fïhren follte．Der Rigi， welder von Bürid）aus in einem Tage erreidt werden fam，bietet ztoar in biefer Sinficht Reidythum gemug；aber bas Ranorama，bas nan von igm aus überblictt，
 Specielfen kefriebigen fönte．Heberbien gewährt ichon ber Metliberg bei Sürich einen alfgemeinen Meberbliff über bie 2lpenfette vom Sentis bis zur Jungfrau． Man rieth mir baher eine Tour nach bem Wakfenfee und nach（Gfarus an．Jch
 er mit mix bon Brïfifl gefommen war，cine länoliche Burüdgezogenheit fulti＝ virte，und ich fand in ifm einen bereitmilligen Reifegefährten．Bon \(\Re a p p e r 马 ̉ t o n l ~\) fäbrt man mit bem Dampfichifi nact Schmerifon，am Ente bes Büricher See＇s gelegen，und von fier aus gelangt man mit ben Pojtmagen in einigen Stumben nach \(\mathfrak{W e c j e n , ~ w o ~ b e r ~ W a l f e n j e e ~ b e g i n n t . ~ D e r ~ W e g ~ b o n ~ S c h m e r i f o n ~ f u ̈ h r t ~ b u r c h ~}\) ein breites，yom Sinthfanal burchflofienes Thal，an befien beiben Seiten fich bie
 fich ber 6000 Fuft hohe „Epeer＂mit jeiner jeitab gefefrten Spike aus．Bei Beejen theilt fich bas Thal in swei neue：bas rechts fortlanfende fïhrt nach（blarus，סas

\title{
GERMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line．Partly leaded with two－point leads．

\section*{9 Point Lining German No． 2}

 benartige Eridecinungen ber idmeizerifden Natur bor 2tugen fïfren jollte． Der Rigi，welder von 马ürid）aus in eitm Tage erreid）werben fant，bietet
 ifm aus überblift，liegt mit jeinen（Eitzelheiten bent Butchauer zu ferme，als
 ichon ber lletliberg bei Bürid）einen alfgemeinen lleberbtiaf über die 2lfpenfette vom Sentis bis zur Jungiran．Man rieth mir baher cine Tour nad bem Walleniee und nad（jlarus an．Jd）fubr mit dem Dampiidifi nad Rappers＝ \(\mathfrak{w y l}\) ，in befien \(\mathfrak{R a ̈ h e}\) Freiligrath， \(\mathfrak{n a d}\) bem er mit mir von \(\mathfrak{F r i t i f e l}\) gefommen toar， eine โänoliche Surüfgezogenteit fultivirte，und jand in ilm cinen bereitmifli＝ gen 凡eijegefägrten．Bon Rapperswnl jährt man mit dem Dampifdifi nad） Sdmerifon，am Ende bees Bürider See＇s gelegen，und von hier ans gelangt man mit bem \(\mathfrak{B o j t m a g e n ~ i n ~ e i n i g e n ~ S t u n b e n ~ n a d ) ~ W e e j e n , ~ m o ~ b e r ~ W a l l e n i c e ~}\) beginnt．Der \(\mathfrak{B e g}\) bon Sdmerifon fübrt burd）cin breites，vom Einthfanal burdflojienes Ibal，an beffen beiben Sciten fid bie erften Bergricjen in zunel）＝ menber Giröße anfgeftell haben．Unter ifnen zeidnet iid ber 6000 Fun hohe ＂Speer＂mit jeiner jeitab gefehrten ©pige auణ．Bei Wecien theilt fid bas

\section*{10 Point Lining German no． 2}
 flug zu benußen，der mir in möglichft furzer 3eit möglidfit viel uno ber＝ if iedenartige Eridecmungen ber idmeizerififen 刃atur vor Nagen fiihren follte．Der \(\mathfrak{F i g i}\) ，welder bon 3 ürid ats in einem Tage erreidt merden fann，bietet zwar in diefer 乌infidt ßeidethum genug；aber das Panorama， bas man von igm aus iiberbfift，liegt mit jeinen Einjelheiten dem 3uidauer зu ferne，als dáp er jeine Rengier im Specieflen befriedigen fönnte．Heber＝ Diē gemährt faton der Hetliberg bei Bürid einen allgemeinen lleberblid tuber die এllpenfette vom Sentis bis zur Jungfraut，Man rieth mir baher eine
 i我iff nady ঞapperswhl，in Defien Mähe Freiligrath，nad）dent er mit mir bon Briilijel gefommen war，eine länolides Suriiafgejogenheit fultibiste，und fand in ifm einen bereitwilligen ßeifegefährten．Bon Æapperāwul fährt man mit dem Dampfidifif nad Samerifon，am Ende dee Bürid）er Єee＇s gelegen， und von hier aus gelangt nan mit dem Bojtwagen in cinigen Stumben nax \(\mathfrak{W e e f e n}\) ，wo der \(\mathfrak{B a l l e n f e e}\) beginnt．Ter \(\mathfrak{W e g}\) von Sdmerifon fiilhrt ourd） ein breites，bom Sinthtanal durdflofienes Thal，an defifen beiden Seiten fids die eriten Bergriejen in zunehmender ©röße aufgeitellt haben．Ilnter ifmen

\section*{GERMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line，Partly leaded with two－point leads．

10 Point Lining german
 flng zu benuken，ber mir in möglid）it furjer 马eit möglichit viel und veridie＝ Denartige（5richeimungen ber ichneizerijchen Matur vor Maten führen jollte． Der \(\Re i g i\), weld \({ }^{2}\) er von Bürid aus in einem Tage erreid）t werben fann，bietet zwar in biejer §infidt Яeidthum gentg；aber bas Panorama，bas man von ign aus überbliaft，liegt mit jeinen（Einjetheiten Dent 马uidanter zu jerne，alg סаß er jeine Reugier im Specielfen bejriedigen fönnte．Heberdieß gemäbrt id）on ber Hetliberg bei Bütridy emen alfgemeinen lleberblidf über bie ？lfpenfette vom Gentis bis jur Jungirau．Man riety mir baher eine Tour nad）bem
 perswyl，in beffen \(\mathfrak{P a ̈ g}\) Freifigrath，nachoem er mit mir von Britifel gefom＝ men war，eine länoliche 马urüafgezogenteit fultivirte，umo id jand in ign emen bereitmilfigen Æeijegeälyten．Bon ケapperswyl fäfrt man mit bem Dampi＝ ídififnat Samerifon，am（Enbe bes Bürider See＇s gelegen，uno von hier ans gelangt man mit bem ßoitnagen in einigen Stunden nad）Weejen，wo ber Wallenjee beginnt．Der Wieg von Sdmerifon fübrt burch ein breite马，vom Einthfanal burdffojenes Thal，an beifen beiben Seiten fich bie eriten Bergrie＝ jeu in zunchmender（ Siröße anfgeftell haben．Hnter ifnen zeidunct jich ber

\section*{11 Point Lining German}

 veridiebenartige Eridjeinuggen ber jameijerijden Matur vor 2 Hgen füthren jollte．Der Figi，welder non Bitrid）aus in einem Tage erreidt werben fann，bietet zwar it biejer §ititidt Reidetyum genug ；aber bas Fanorama，bas man non ifnt aus überblifft，liegt mit jeinen Einzelfeiten
 igen founte．Heberbiés gewährt jáon ber lletliberg bei Bürid einen all＝ gemeinen \(\mathfrak{H}\) eberblicf iuber bie \(\mathfrak{A l p}\) penfette oom ©entis bis zur Jungirau．

 Freiligrath，nadfoen er mit mir von Britijel gefommen war，eine 〔änd＝ lide Surüdgezogenheit fultivirte，umb fand in ihm einen bereitmilligen Ћeijegefăgrten． \(\mathfrak{B o n}\) Rappers̉myl fägrt man mit bem Dampijaifi nad） Scymerifon，am Ende bes Büridfer Gee＇s gelegen，und von fier aus ge＝ langt man mit bent Pojtmagen in einigen Etumben nad weejen，mo ber

\section*{GERMAN BODY}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

12 Point Lining German
Einige ©ryolung itage, die id) emolid) erïbrigte, bejchlop id)
 möglidfit viel und veridfiedenartige Eridfeimugen Der idf)we
 bon Bürid) aus in einem Tage erreidy twerben fann, bietet zwar
 mant von ifm anz überbliff, liegt mit jeiten Einzelfeiten bem Suiffauer zut ferte, ate dap er jeine Neugier im Speciellen be= friedigen tömte. Uleberbiés gewährt jcyon ber Hetliberg bei Sürid) einen allgemeinen Ueberblict über bie altpenfette nom Sentiz biz zur Jungfran. Man rieth mir baher eine \(\mathfrak{Z}\) our nadid bem wallemife umb nad) (blartis an. Jdifuhr mit bem Dampfidjiff nadi æapperswyl, in defien Miähe Freiligrath, tadd)= Dem er mit mir bon ßriilijel gefommen war, eine 〔ändlidfe 3uruinfigezogenteit fultivirte, und idf fand in ifn cimen bereit=

\section*{POINT LINING GERMA}

Sinige (ergolungatage, Die id) endlid) erübrigte, be=
 möglich ft furzer Beit möglidit viel mo veridicocnar=
 gen führen jolfte. Der Rigi, welder volt Büridy ant in einem Iage erreid)t werben fann, bietet zwar in Diejer §einicht Reidetyun gemug; aber das ßano= rama, bas man vou ifm ane itberblift, liegt mit jeinen Sinzelheiten Dem Bujduner zu ferne, alz Dan er jeine Meugier in Specieffen befriedigen fömte. Heberdés gewäht jchon Der \(H\) etliberg bei Bürid cinet alfge= meinen \(\mathfrak{H e b e r b l i f}\) über Die \(\mathfrak{M l p e n f}\) ette vom Sentis bis jut Jungfrau. Mian rieth mix Daher cine Iour nad)

\title{
GERMAN BODY
}

TYPE FACES

Cast on Uniform Line. Partly leaded with two-point leads.

18 Point Lining German
(Sinige (rrbolutg itage, bie idi) endlid) erit=
 mukent, Der mir in mogglidit furzer Beit mög= liduft viel and veriditedenartige (5ridueimutgen
 jolfte. Der Rigi, welder bon Bürtat ats it einten Tage erreidt werden fant, bietet zwar
 Banorama, Das mant bou ignt ats überblicto, liegt mit jeinent sinzelfeiten bem Buiduter zu ferme, alk baf er jeite Mengier int Spe= ctellen befriedigentönte. Heberdiez gemährt id) \(n\) ber lletliberg bei 马ürtad einent alfge= meinen \(H\) eberbliaf über bie aftpenfette wom Sentis biz zut Sutgitat. Mant rieth mix baher eine \(\mathfrak{I}\) dur nadi den Warlentee utb nad (5s)ants an. Sal fugr mit bem Dampaidifi
 nathont er mit nix bon Britijel gefommen war, einte läutolidge Butuitfogezogentheit fultivirte,
 fährten. Bon \(\mathfrak{R} \mathfrak{a p p e r} \mathfrak{w b y}\) fährt mant mit dem Dampfidifi nad Sdumerifon, amt (Ende

Conticus̃ 920. 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.


Berbittert mir meine zrenbe nidt went idi fonme Interftize bie Gefangenen ausz bem Gefängrip im \(\mathfrak{B a t e r f a n t o ~}\) 1234567890

12 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
13A 40 a
311/16 Ibs., \$2.75
Der flciue \(\mathfrak{B a u c r}\) lädultte idanlfhait
Der Wfrob=5inuder 52 verlor feiue werbe

16 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
10 A 25 a
\(43 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
(broke Scjiff Cryduittermig Mänuer ıuถ 6. תituber crtranfen

10 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
15 A 44 a \(31 / 16 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\)
 Franzojen gefangen min dann in cin Sager georadt 1234567890

14 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
\(\qquad\) 41/4 lbs., \$3.00
Thener ift mir Der freutio Dod mud Den feiti 4 faut idi gebranticu

20 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
\(7 \mathrm{~A} 20 \mathrm{a} \quad 45 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\), \(\$ 3.25\)
Sprity Mur 68 waต่ wafli iit

30 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
4A9a
67/it lbs., \(\$ 4.00\)
Sturfer 9 Miatroic

\section*{3 A6a}

\section*{}

\section*{48 Point German Title Condensed No. 5 \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.25\) \\ Ťiluct MZ̈̈nlucr 3 iflyr ielten}

\section*{3A4a}

60 Point German Title Condensed No. 5
\(143 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 8.70\)
\(\mathfrak{D r}\) O)
\(163 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 9.40\)

\section*{72 Point German Title Condensed No. 5 \\ Deutitide \\  \\ 596}


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

\section*{Title Scrick}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

12 A 36a 6 Point Lining German Title \(19 / 16\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.00\) Der Menid faicbt feht off Dic sdulb Suf Dic fleinct sinder dic fehr wenig bavou wiffen 1234567890

12A 34 a 9 Point Lining German Title \(23 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.50\) （5）Hutif \(1 t 0 d\) affç bcimt gutct grcibcit fagte ocr s sofiduutsc fcierlid）

10A 28 a 12 Point Lining German Title \(311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.75\)
Sleif ift Des Ginicfez Bater Der Mivef madht 3 nidht ben Mrant

13 A 33a 8 Point Lining German Title 2 \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\)习id）t att Dic（6ütcr bäugc ocit Serf
 12854588890

10 A 30 a 10 Point Lining German Title \(3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\) ，\(\$ 2.50\) Gcicll Did）cillem Bcifern \(\mathfrak{z u}\) sab uttilnt Dcinc 6 beifern Ruaftc

9A 28 a 14 Point Lining German Title \(41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 3.00\) Dic ©cutiducu ©olbateu Siti grojartig 48 und itavf

\section*{Rente Miflivu \(2 \mathfrak{L f a x}\) Eanitäre suipital}


\section*{©onntaģ unt Säglidye 3citung} タルfe Mnfinmigutgen 92 füu Mivntag

\title{
2Sillbelm Dructer verfanit Minge fĭt Samen s uns Siltser
}

\title{
Oer Mienich S hat Curgen
}

597



QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

Siumber 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

13 A \(36 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Modern Fraktur No. \(53^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
 Gin Sturm an ber 5 Ditssiift nom Mfrifa
 Morgen frititum geht bic ©omuc nuf

14 A 40 a 9 Point Modern Fraktur No. \(523 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\) 28emt jeutaid etwas erzäglt wax̉ man nidjt
 1234567890

12 A 34 a 12 Point Modern Fraktur No. \(53^{11 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.75\)
 2fuf icm Baucruthofe 4 itcht cime Sifrune

9 A 24 a 16 Point Modern Fraktur No. \(543 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
©ez fiug nu heftig \(3^{n}\) diliten CFin iturfex (6ewitter 3 jag leran

\section*{}


\title{
Dic Bitue iit ciut ieft fleine Suieft Su maruct \(\mathfrak{Z a g c u}\) figt fic \(\overline{7}\) muf Den Bhumen
}

30 Point Modern Fraktur No. 5

\section*{Dic Intic merict ictun läntyer}


\title{
3 A \(7 a\) \\ 42 Point Modern Fraktur No. 5 \\ \(103 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 6.25\) \\ Dic Guldene פudjzeit Sic murden 9 alle ïberaidt
}

IJch nabm meín ©ewebr Ciger kam 6 immer näber

14A 44 a
12 Point Schiller No. 5
311/16 lbs., \$2.75
Der Adler wobnt in den boben Gebirgen
Thit den [charfen Tkrallen feft er [eine JBeute an 1234567890

11A 34a
16 Point Schiller No. 5
\(43 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
Columbus wurde in Genoa geboren
Sein Uater war ein 8 armer đulollkämmer

\title{
TBín ích auch noch jung und kleím Alrtig und fleifig 45 kamn ích 「chon seín
}

\section*{Thaben Sie dré Jfreímarken} Das ist eín 768 doppelter TBrief

\title{
Vererinigite Staaten Der Đeutiche 4 Volksfreund
}

\author{
3 A \(4 a\)
}

60 Point Schiller No. 5
155/8 lbs., \$9.45

\section*{Zeitung ift 32 Ihuibl‘‘b}

14 A 42 a \(\quad 8\) Point Goethe No. \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.25\)
Elte und 3 unge \(\mathfrak{m o l}\) baten im Cdinterquartier ©eneral ©eorg thalbington und die Emerikanflcbe Armee 1234567890
\(10 \mathrm{~A} 32 \mathrm{a} \quad 12\) Point Goetbe No. \(5 \quad 311 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.75\)
Uieb und Dankbarkeit getällt Unoank bakt die 46 ganze valt

5 A 14 a
20 Point Goethe No. \(5 \quad 45 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\)
Ikluger Fagdbund Ikarl war 45 eín \(\mathfrak{F a ̈ g e r}\)

12A \(32 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Goetbe No. \(5 \quad 3^{1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\) wpricb nie etwas JB öres von einem nisenfcben wenn du es relber nicht weikt 1234567890

8 A 24 a 16 Point Goethe No. 5 43/8 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
Fobann war mit feinem Grobvater 23 binausgegangen
\(3 \mathrm{~A} 10 \mathrm{a} \quad 24\) Point Goethe No. \(5 \quad 57 / \mathrm{l}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.50\)

\title{
Grofes Jfener Viele90 perbrannt
}

4A7a
TInsceníung war 20 vortrefflicb

3A 4a

\section*{36 Point Goethe No. 5}

Fungens balt 27 wobl fest

3 A 4
48 Point Goethe No. 5
\(121 / 4 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 7.35\)

\section*{此inTreucr39Jfeuno}

3A 4a
60 Point Goethe No. 5
18 Ibs., \(\$ 10.85\)

\section*{Ikleine}

86
wtaaten

72 Point Goethe No. 5
2315/6 lbs., \$14.15

3A 4a
Arme
BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S

600


Series

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

12 A 36 a
6 Point Bismarck \(\quad 19 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.00\)
Zwei muntre Knaben Jranz und fritz Sie waren die gröfzte freude von ibrem vater 1234567890

9A 24 a
12 Point Bismarck
3116 lbs., \$2.75
Crink nur was klar ift Sprich auch 9 was wabr ift

11 A 34 a \(\quad 8\) Point Bismarck \(\quad 2 \frac{1}{4}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
Von den tBergén ftrömt das Leben Scoöne reine Luft für 1 tienfot und vieb 1234567890

10 A 26a
10 Point Bismarck
\(3^{1 / 16}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.50\)
Das 5 chiff fotwankte gewaltig Capitain fleigt 8 auf die JBrïcke

Die kleine fbiene ift ein febr fleifgiges \(\mathbb{I n f e k t}\) When die Cage warm find 8 fitgt fie auf den Jblumen

\section*{Der fllond kommt berauf im ©ften} Iflit feínem blaffen 7 freundlíben Gefiot

\section*{Vergib deinem 2 Lieben Ifreund}

\section*{30 Point Bismarck \\ 7 lbs., \(\$ 4.30\) \\ Iflan Ifriert 5 im Uainter}

\section*{3.A 4 a \\ 36 Point Bismarck \\ 91/8 1bs., \$5.65}

\section*{Vereinigte 6} staaten

3A 4a 48 Point Bismarck
15 lbs., \(\$ 9.00\)
IKleiner 3 UUald

3 A 4 a
Sein
60 Point Bismarck
4

247/8 lbs., \$14.95

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

15A 42 a 6 Point Schwabacher No. 5 19/6 lbs., \$2.00 Wenn jemand etwas erjäb̧lt was man niḑt Glauben fann fo nent man ibn cinen Mändhaufen \{234567890

12A 36a 12 Point Schwabacher No. 5 3 \({ }^{\text {II } / 16 ~ l b s ., ~ \$ 2.75 ~}\) Jn der dunfeln Wolfe bliţt es Ein fhwahes Domern 2 hört man jeţt

7 A 22 a
18 Point Schwabacher No. \(54^{15 / 6}\) lbs., \(\$ 3.25\) Jwoi fleine Knaben
Sie gingen ju 4 dem 2Iteiter

14 A 42 a 10 Point Schwabacher No. 5 3 \(1 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.50\) Die Deutiden Soldaten find fehr folo

Es giebt Jäger Jnfantrie Cavalrie und Mlaḥnen 1234567890

10 A 30 a 14 Point Schwabacher No. \(5 \quad 41 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
Es fallen gro \(\mathfrak{j e}\) Regentropfen Wie wohlthätig ift 3 das (Gewitter

3 A \(10 \mathrm{a} \quad 24\) Point Schwabacher No. 5 57/6 lbs., \(\$ 3.50\)
\(\begin{aligned} & \text { Tyroler sand } \\ & \text { Edelweis } 7 \text { 23lïhen }\end{aligned}\)

\section*{Der Knabe war verloren} Seine Eltern 5 warteten auf ihn

3 A \(6 a\)

\section*{Ehristoph Columbus \\ Endecfte ein 6 fremdes \(\mathfrak{L a n d}\)}

3A4a

54 Point Schwabacher No. 5
\(143 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 8.50\)

\section*{Der Schul-2ITeititer Er hat viel 8 Weisheit}

Suries

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Cast on Text Line.

14A 39a
8 Point Kaiser
2 \(1 / 4\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)





11A 29a
14 Point Kaiser
41/4 lbs., \$3.00



13A 36a
10 Point Kaiser
31/16 lbs., \$2.50


Sis hatent nuter hentral Anthatr Heyler 123 45 战

12A 34a
12 Point Kaiser
311/16 lbs., \$2.75
和 yixht brieter Thatmetter






\section*{}


\section*{}

\section*{}

\section*{
}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

10A 34 a 10 Point Teuton Ext．No． \(53^{1 / 1 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\＄2．50 Hx frug einen fifeinen liaften In wefdem ex 5dpmudtractelt tatte 1234567890

10A 31a 12 Point Teuton Ext．No． 5 3 \({ }^{116}\) lbs．，\(\$ 2.75\)

 1234567890

8A 28 a
14 Point Teuton Extended No． 5
41／4 lbs．，\(\$ 3.00\)


 bie fängen beide 56 5triintpfe an dat Geft

\section*{ Sie befift eine 7 ungethenre fferfigheif} \(3 \mathrm{~A} 7 \mathrm{a} \quad 30\) Point Teuton Extended No． \(5 \quad 6316 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 4.25\)

\section*{Sie arbeiteten 6 fethr fleifigu}

Cutanic Ald． 5 mid
 ©entan Blach did． 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

13A 39a
10 Point Teutonic No． \(5 \quad 3^{11 / 16} \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.50\)
Die sinder find \}ur Sゅule gegangen
Da fernen fie fefen fareiben zeidinen und fingen 1234567890

13A 35a
12 Point Teutonic No． 5 311／16 lbs．，\＄2．75
Deint defen falfen wir die suande Euf Dic Sffieferfafef fdereiff mant mif griffel 1234567890

 123456＇890

販がmbex 5

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2．Cast on Uniform Line．

11 A 34 a 8 Point Wide Germania No． \(5 \quad 21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\) ．，\(\$ 2.25\)


 1234567890
\(10 \mathrm{~A} 28 \mathrm{a} \quad 10\) Point Wide Germania No． 5 31／亿 lbs．，\(\$ 2.50\)


 1234567890







 gatix glautren nidyt alle 45 nat mix hälwen

刃心x まutjo lodkte かen dialy bexuntex



\section*{
}

14A 40a 14 Point Composite Cond. No. \(5 \quad 4 \frac{1}{4} / \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)
Wier ciumal Ciigt dem ghoubt man Joicht und wenn er aucf die Mỉajrfjeit โpriffit 1234567890

10 A 28a 18 Point Composite Cond. No. \(545 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 3.25\)
 Dellu es fififict wie oin den S(f)ulero 1234567890

\title{
Dis iff die Ciefie oul goll, andj wirt feine
}


\title{


}
ghack (Tombensed


筑muer 55

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see Dage 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

 1234567890



\title{
ORNAMENTS AND BORDERS
}


\section*{Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler Type Founders, Chicago}

ST. PAUL, MINN.
Minnesota Type Foundry Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
St. Louis Printers Supply Co.
DALLAS, TEX.
The Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

KANSAS CITY, MO
Great Western Type Foundry OMAHA, NEB.
Great Western Type Foundry NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

BORDERS

Weights and Prices given are Appreximate; see page 2.

Five and one-half Feet


No. 116


\section*{UNIQUE} BORDERS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Five Feet

 ancomerne





Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Five Feet






\(15 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\)




No. 148
ה


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

Five Feet






6 Point Borders



\(15 / 16 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\)


(1) No. 328




\section*{UNIQUE}

BORDERS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2.

Five Feet


15/16 lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)



10 Point Border
\(15 / / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.40\)





21/4 lbs., \$1.50
revacrecrecere No. 66



Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Four and one-half Feet





Four and one－half Feet


1） 4，这地䜤栓

No． 174
（4）

 No． 183


No． 186


21／4 lbs．，\＄1．50






Four and one－half Feet

 8

No． 195
OQAQAQAQQA



2 Point Borders
x H H H H H H H H （ No． 193 （n）

（1）BOB（B）（B） ©

No． 196
（3）（ ）
（以）Oいいいい





21／4 lbs．，\＄1．50
8000000000
8
8000000000


No． 412
gigngigsisgigsgegis
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 (4) No. 452

ardododade SOMOADONA


21/4 lbs., \$1.50

No. 441





Four and One-Half Feet
12 Point Borders



No. 474




МMMMMMMMMMM




BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S


618


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

Four and One-Half Feet


Three Feet
18 Point Borders
21/8 lbs., \$1.30

 *

No. 151


 -15

No. 153


 No. 152 皆


\section*{}



Three Feet



新䉼 No. 500






SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

 Eै No. 513 年





POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

*** \(\operatorname{co}^{*} * * * * * * * * *\) TH No. 514



\section*{ \\ }



Three Feet
18 Point Borders



QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED






Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.




\section*{}

\title{



}

No. 222







********** 3

No. 240


Three Feet
24 Point Borders
(2,
\%opoporoper




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\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(5) (3.} \\
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\end{tabular}


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Three Feet
24 Point Borders
215/6 lbs., \$1.65


\section*{}


631

\footnotetext{
QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED
}

\section*{- \\ }

\section*{}




30 Point Borders
27/16 lbs., \$1.35


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Two Feet
36 Point Borders


Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2.

36 Point Borders



The borders below register for color work.


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Two Feet
36 Point Borders
215/16 lbs., \$1.65


No. 3631

No. 3632


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

Two Feet
36 Point Borders
\(2^{15 / 6}\) 1bs., \(\$ 1.65\)


These borders register for color work.

72 Point Borders No. 7201
25/8 lbs., \$1.35


Twelve Inches
96 Point Borders No. 9601
\(31 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.50\)


NAPOLEON WREATHS AND INITIALS


Per font, containing four wreaths of either No. 1 or No. 2 and one set of initials, cast on uniform body, \(\$ 1.00\)


Per font, containing one character of each, 75c





Four and One-half Feet


12 Point Borders



\(\square\)


Three Feet
18 Point Borders

\section*{
䏱
}

POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

Weights and Prices given are Approximate

18 Point Borders
2 \(1 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 1.30\)


\author{
Three Feet
}

24 Point Borders
25/16 lbs., \$1.65



AD-ARROW


Labor-saving font \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) feet of matching metal rule, 75c

AD-ARROWS NO. 3


\section*{UNIQUE}

BORDERS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

American Flag Borders
No. 1201 (one color) \(4^{1 / 2}\) feet, \(2^{1 / 4}\) lbs., \(\$ 1.50\)
No. 1202 (two colors) \(21 / 4\) feet, \(21 / 4 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 1.50\)


No. 1801 (one color) 3 feet, \(21 / 8\) lbs., \(\$ 1.30\)
18 Point
No. 1802 (two colors) 18 in., 21/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.30\)
䬺

No. 2401 (one color) 3 feet, \(21 / 6 \mathrm{hbs}\)., \(\$ 1.65\)
24 Point
No. 2402 (two colors) 18 in., \(25 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)
国


No. 1803 (one color) 3 feet, \(21 / 8 \mathrm{lbs} . \$ 1.30\)
18 Point
No. 1804 (two colors) 18 in., 21/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.30\)


No. 2403 (one color) 3 feet, \(25 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)
24 Point
No. 2404 (two colors) 18 in., \(25 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)


No. 3601 sone color) 2 feet, \(215 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)
36 Point
No. 3602 (two colors) 12 in., \(215 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)


Cuban Flag Borders
No. 1204 (one color)



No. 2405 (one color) 3 feet, 2 15/16 lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)

24 Point
No. 2406 (two colors) 18 in., \(25 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 1.65\)



ORNAMENTS

PAGE ORNAMENTS NO. 57


PAGE ORNAMENTS NO. 58


PAGE ORNAMENTS NO. 59


The figures before each hyphen denote the number of the character; the following figures denote the number of characters contained in each font.

METAL RULE
3 Point
Per foot, 71/2c

6 Point with 3 point face
Per foot, 15c

6 Point
Per foot, 15 c

12 Point



Price per font, 50 cents. Single characters, 20 cents each.


ORNAMENTS NO. 61

Price per font, 80 cents. Single characters, 25 cents each.

\footnotetext{
The figures before each hyphen denote number of the character; the following figure the number of characters contained in font.
}






8 POINT ROCOCO BORDER NO. 5

\(2-24\)
\(3-27\)
89


Price per font, \(\$ 2.00\)


The figure before each hyphen denotes the number of the character; the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.
 BOBDEBS



Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.


-

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2.




TEMPLE




SCROLL BORDER


SCROLL BORDER NUMBER 57






Price per font, \(\$ 2.60\)
The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

Font includes 33 inches of matching brass rule cut to labor-saving lengths \(1 / 2\) to 12 ems (pica) inclusive.

UTILITY BORDER NO. 54

CHARACTERS


Price per font, \(\$ 2.60\)
The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

Font includes 33 inches of matching, brass rule cut to labor-saving lengths
\[
1 / 2 \text { to } 12 \text { ems (pica) inclusive. }
\]

A bove borders register for color work.

UTILITY

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.



RECHERCHÉ

Antin


\section*{CHARACTERS}





\section*{GARLAND}

OUTLINE GARLAND ORNAMENTS NO. 54


GARLAND ORNAMENTS NO. 51



 OUTLINE GARLAND ORNAMENTS NO. 55

\(\mathrm{NA}_{2}^{125-2}\)

sh






GARLAND ORNAMENTS NO. 52






Price per font, \(\$ 1.00\)
The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character,
The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character,
the following figure the number of characters contained in font.
These Ornaments will work in combination with 6 point Borders No. 321,\(322 ; 12\) point Borders No. 439, 440


\section*{FLORETTE}


COMBINATION


BORDER NO. 22


COMBINATION


ORNAMENTS NO. 20


VERONESE ORNAMENTS


The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

VERONESE ORNAMENTS


The figures before the hyphen denote number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

Veronese and Veronese Outline Ornaments register for color work.


\section*{ORNAMENTS}



\section*{COMBINATION}

\section*{BORDER NO. 25}



ORNAMENTS


NUMBER 70



\section*{ORNAMENTS}
 NUMBER 64



Price per font, 75 c
The figures before the hyphen denote the number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.

ORNAMENTS NO. 81


离


Price per font, 85 c
The figures before the hyphen denote the number of the character, the following figure the number of characters contained in font.
\(\qquad\)
ORNAMENTS NO. 79


Price per font, 75c
Font contains one of each character.

ORNAMENTS NO. 77



Price per font, 75c
The figures before the hyphen denote the number of the character,
the following figure the number of characters contained in font.


Price per font, 75c
Font contains one of each character.

\section*{ORNAMENTS NO. 82}


Price per font, \(\$ 1.50\)
Font contains one of each character
6 Point Plymouth Ornaments No. \(303 / 8 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c} \mid 8\) Point Plymouth Ornaments No. 30 1/2 lb., 50 c

12 Point Plymouth Ornaments No. 30 11/61b., 50c
10 Point Plymouth Ornaments No. \(30 \quad 5 / 8 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\)

\[
\begin{array}{lllllll}
1 & 2 \\
3 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 8 & 7 & 8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]

14 Point
34



Plymouth Ornaments No. 30
\(11 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., 50 \mathrm{c}\)


Plymouth Ornaments No. 30
\(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\), , 50c
\(35 \int_{0}^{2} 5\)

24 Point
3
 Plymouth Ornaments No. 30

3/4 lb., 50c
3. 3


36 Point
Cl s)

48 Point

Plymouth Ornaments No. 30
376 lb., 50c


Plymouth Ornaments No. 30
13/16 lb., 50c


Plymouth Ornaments No. 30
3716 lb., 50c

ORNAMENTS NO. 65


ORNAMENTS NO. 66
坆 18 POINT

24 POINT


Price per font, 60c
ORNAMENTS NO. 67
12 POINT 10 POINT 10 POINT 12 POINT




Price per font, 60 c

ORNAMENTS NO. 68


ORNAMENTS NO. 69


\section*{ORNAMENTS}

NUMBER 84


601-20c


Font contains one of each character.
Price per font, \(\$ 1.25\)

\section*{DISPLAY}

ORNAMENTS

ORNAMENTS NO. 75


ORNAMENTS NO. 76


Font contains two of each character.

ORNAMENTS


VOLUNTEERS


Per font, containing one character of each, 60 c . Single characters, 25 c each.

\section*{MIDWAY MIDGETS}


Small Font Series No. 1, containing one character each,
\(\$ 1.50\). Single characters, 60 point bodies, 20 c each: 72 point bodies, 25 c each

POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

ADVERTISING

GLIDERS


Per font, containing one character of each, 75c


Per font, containing one character of each, \(\$ 1.00\)


Per font, containing one character of each, \(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{ADVERTISING}


Per font, containing one character of each, \(\$ 1.00\)

CHICKS


Per font, containing one character of each, \(\$ 1.25\)

CUPIDS


Per font, containing one character each, \(\$ 1.10\)


Per font, containing two characters of each, 75c. Single characters 25 c each.


CONVINCERS


Per font, containing one character of each, 75c. Single characters 25 c each.

\section*{ADVERTISING}


Per font, containing one character of each, 75c. Single characters, 25 c each.


JESTERS


Per font, containing one character of each, 50c.
Single characters, 25 c each.

MEPHISTOS


Per font, containing two characters of each, 50 c . Single characters, 20 c each.


ADVERTISING
ORNAMENTS

\section*{AUTOS AND HORSES}


Per font, containing one character of each \(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{OLYMPICS}


Per font, containing one character of each, 75 c


Per font, containing one character of each, 75c


\section*{JOB TYPE} SUNDRIES

\section*{MOONIES}


Per font, containing one character of each, 50c. Single characters, 20c each.

\section*{MALTESE CROSSES}
 Price per font, each size, 25c. Single characters, \(5 c\) each.

\section*{OUTLINE STARS}
 (241

Fonts containing four of each size, 50c

\section*{FIVE POINTED STARS}


Fonts containing four of each size, \(\$ 1.00\). Single characters 12 point and smaller, 5 c ; 14 to 20 point, \(6 \mathrm{c} ; 24\) to 30 point, 10 c ; 36 to 42 point, 15 c ; 48 point, 20 c .

\section*{CATTLE BRAND BLANKS}


The first figures in each number designate the size of the body. Cattle Brand Blanks sold in quantities at 2 d class prices.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & APPX. NO, PCS & & & & APPX, NO. PCB 1418. & & & & APPX. NO. PCS IN LB \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } \\
61
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { EACH } \\
& \$ 0.05 .
\end{aligned}
\] & per le.
\[
\text { . . } \$ 1.28 .
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { IN LB. } \\
. .1728
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { NO. } \\
& 125
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { EACH } \\
& \$ 0.05 .
\end{aligned}
\] & PER Le.
. . \$0.78. . & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { IN L8. } \\
\ldots \\
\hline . . \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { NO. } \\
& 301
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{EACH} \\
30.10 .
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PER LB. } \\
& \ldots \$ 0.62 \ldots . .
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { IN LB. } \\
& . \quad 23
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 62 & . 05. & 1.28 . & 384 & 161 & . 06 & . 68. & 76 & 361 & . 15. & . 62. & . 64 \\
\hline 91. & . 05 & . 90 & 256 & 181. & . 06 & . 66. & . 127 & 362 & . 15. & . 62. & . 16 \\
\hline 101. & . 05. & . 82. & 205 & 182. & . 06 & . 66. & . 64 & 481 & . 20. & . 60 & - 9 \\
\hline 121. & . 05. & . 78 & . 288 & 183. & . 06. & . 66 & . 32 & 482 & . 20. & . 60. & . 36 \\
\hline 122. & . 05. & . \(78 .\). & . 144 & 241. & . 10 & . 64 & ... 36 & 601 & . 20. & . 60 & . 15 \\
\hline 123. & . 05. & . 78. & . 72 & 242. & . 10 & . 64. & . . 24 & 602 & . 20. & . 60 & . 4 \\
\hline 124. & . 05. & . \(78 . .\). & . 108 & 243. & . 10. & . \(64 .\). & ... 18 & 721 & .25. & . 58. & . 12 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Clear or Fair Weather. - Print No. 4 in black. Displayed alone, indicates fair weather, stationary temperature; displayed with No. 5 above it, indicates fair weather, warmer; displayed with No. 5 below it, indicates fair weather, colder.
Rain or Snow.-Use No. 1 or print No. 3 in blue. Displayed alone, indicates rain or snow, stationary temperature; displayed with No. 5 ahove it, indicates rain or snow, warmer: displayed with No. 5 below it, indicates rain or snow, colder.
Local Rain.-Use No. 6 or print No. 7 in blue over lower half of No. 4 in black. Displayed alone, indicates local rain, stationary temperature; displayed with No. 5 above it, indicates local rain, warmer; displayed with No. 5 below it, indicates local rain, colder.
Temperature Signal.-Print No. 5 in black. Displayed in conjunction with other signals, as above described.
Cold Wave. - Print No. 2 in black. Displayed alone, indicates temperature will fall \(20^{\circ}\) or more, to a minimum of \(32^{\circ}\) or less. When displayed with No. 4 , indicates fair weather, cold wave.

\section*{ALMANAC SIGNS}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

10 Point No. 2


12 Point No. 3
7/8 lb., \$1.00

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{10 Point No. 1} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{3/4 1b., \$1.00} \\
\hline 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & \({ }^{6}\) & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 \\
\hline \(\uparrow\) & \(\gamma\) & ■ & б & \(\Omega\) & m & \(\sim\) & \(\eta\) & 1 & Vs & min \\
\hline 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 18 & 17 & 18 & 18 & 20 & 21 & 22 \\
\hline \% & (\%) & \(\bigcirc\) & q & \(\oplus\) & \(\delta\) & 4 & h & H & \(\Psi\) & D \\
\hline 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 28 & 28 & 30 & 31 & 32 & 33 \\
\hline \(\bigcirc\) & - & & ¢ & 8 & \(\triangle\) & \(\square\) & * & \(\Omega\) & 89 & \(\theta\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

16 Point Series No. 4
16 Point Series No. 5


Single Characters 6 c each.

PHARMACEUTICAL SIGNS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 6 Point & & 1/8 lb., \$0.25 \\
\hline 3 & 3 & B \(R\) \\
\hline 7 Point & & 1/8 lb., \$0.25 \\
\hline 3 & 3 & Э. R \\
\hline 8 Point & & 1/8 lb., \$0.25 \\
\hline 3 & 3 & - \(\quad\) R \\
\hline 9 Point & & 3/616 1 b, \$0.25 \\
\hline 3 & 3 & Э R \\
\hline 10 Point & & 3/'́6 lb., \$0.25 \\
\hline 5 & 3 & D) R \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \({ }^{11}\) Point &  \\
\hline \% & 7) P \\
\hline \(\stackrel{12}{3}\) Point \(_{3}\) &  \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{PIECE ROOT SIGNS}


ARITHMETICAL SIGNS


Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

\section*{ALGEBRAIC SIGNS}




\section*{COMMERCIAL MARKS NO. 5}




\section*{\(\underbrace{30 \text { Paint }}_{\infty} \quad a / c \quad \% \quad \% \quad \neq\)}
@ \(\% \% \%\) ¢

@ \(\% \% \%\) \%
48 Point
15/9 lbs., \$1.00 @ \(\% \% \%\) C

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Uniform Line.

COMMERCIAL MARKS NO. 6

\(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\)
@ \(1 \mathrm{~b} \% \% \%\) q
@ 1b \(\quad \alpha_{c} \% \% \%\)

36 Point
13/16 lbs., \$0.75
@

42 Point




11/4 lbs., \$0.75
 48 Point

@1b



15/8 lbs., \$1.00


\section*{60 Point}

@



15/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.00\)

72 Point



682

\(1^{11 / ́ 6} 1 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.00\)

\section*{COMMERCIAL MARKS NO. 7}


\section*{COMMERCIAL MARKS NO. 8}


24 Point
@ \% \% \begin{tabular}{l|l}
\(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) & 30 Point
\end{tabular}
@ \% \% " \(\varnothing\)

\section*{\% \\ @} \%
13/16 lbs., \$0.75
@ \% \% ¢

\section*{48 Point \\ @}


15/8 lbs., \(\$ 1.00\)


The following Characters cast to order only


11 Point Per lb., \$1.22
 \(\begin{array}{lllllll}12 & 13 \\ 66 & 14 & 15 & 18 & 17 & 18 \\ 11 & & \% & \%\end{array}\)

12 Point
Per lb., \$1.16


 \(\mathrm{R}^{30} \quad \stackrel{31}{\%} \quad \% \quad \stackrel{32}{4}\)
14 Point
\(\begin{array}{llllllll}1 & 1^{2} & { }^{3} & 6_{6}^{4} & 99 & 9 & 0_{0}^{8} & 9\end{array}\)
16 Point
Per lb., \$1.06
+ \(\dot{x}=\dot{\text { b }} \dot{6} \dot{\gamma} \% \dot{\%}\) \(\% \quad \% \quad\)\begin{tabular}{lllllll}
10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 18 & 9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{18 Point}

Per lb., \(\$ 1.00\)
 \(C_{0}^{11} \quad{ }^{12} \quad{ }^{13} \quad \begin{array}{llll}15 & 18 \\ 66 & 9^{17} & \text { (a) }\end{array}\)

20 Point
\[
)^{2} \int^{3} 0 / 0
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 24 \text { Point } \\
& 10 \text { cents each }
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ) [ } \% \text { \% }
\end{aligned}
\]

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS CHARACTERS}


NAIL, SCREW AND PIN HEADS


\section*{CHECKERS}


Price per font, complete with rule, \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{ELECTROTYPED IMPRINTS}

50 cents each.
Style 11
ogers a rrench. puolishens, enclewoor. owio
Style 12
the evening herald press, chicago, ill.
Style 13
GEO. MARSHALL, PRINTER, OMAHA, NEB.
Style 14
dunn \& Co., Printers, Pittsbura, Pa.
Style 15
samuel kinney, job printer, memphis, tenn.
Style 16
Western Union Print Shop, San Franciszo, Cal.
Style 17
JACKSON * PETERB, PRINTERE AND BINOERE
Style 18
NORTHWESTERN PUBLISHING, CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO
Style 19
MOORE a LANGEN, PRINTERS, WARSAW, IND.
Style 20
CHARLES A. BOOTH, JOB PRINTER, DALLAS, TEXAS
Style 21
GLOBE-DEMOCRAT PRINT, LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Style 22
WELLS \& BRO., WRAPPING PAPER, CAIRO, ILL.
Style 23
George R. Stevens, Printer, Holden, Mo.
Style 24
J. H. DOUGLASS CO., WOLFSVILLE, MD.

\section*{IMPRINT MATRICES}

Imprint Matrices of any of the above or other faces that
can be electrotyped - 6 point and smaller, up to 1 inch
in length ........... \(\$ 4.00\)
Each additional inch or fraction thereof........................ . . 4.00

\section*{TYPE-METAL IMPRINTS}

Cast from Superior Copper Mixed Metal.
Price of type in addition to cost of matrices as follows:
50 type or less from one matrix
51 to 100 type from one matrix
200 or more type from one matrix, per hundred ......... 4.50
50 or less type from each of two matrices.............. 5.75
51 to 100 type from each of two matrices. 9.50

Special prices on larger quantities.

\section*{THEATER TICKET LOGOTYPES}

Cast on ten point and sold as follows; 50 type or more from one matrix at 82 cents per pound; Less than 50 type from one matrix at \(\$ 1.30\) per pound.
monday tuesday wednesday thursday FRIDAY SATURDAY JAN. FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE JULY AUG. SEPT. OCT. NOV, DEC, EVENING EVE, MAT. matinee afternoon Night

AND BRACKETS

\section*{PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 15}

Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, \(25 \mathrm{c} ; 16\) to 24 point, \(25 \mathrm{c} ; 30\) and 36 point, \(25 \mathrm{c} ; 42\) and 48 point, 25 c . Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font.

\section*{IIT(I) 10 \\ }

\section*{PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 16}

Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25c; 16 to 24 point, 25 c; 30 and 36 point, 25 c; 42 and 48 point, 25 c.
Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font.

\section*{[]()[]() [JO ITOIIO
}

\section*{PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 17}

Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25 c; 16 to 24 point, 25 c \(; 30\) and 36 point, 25 c; 42 and 48 point, 25 c.

\section*{Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font, \\ }

\section*{PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 18}

Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25 c ; 16 to 24 point, 25 c: 30 and 36 point, 25 c : 42 and 48 point, 25 c Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 72 point inclusive, 50 c per font.


\section*{PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 19}

Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25 c; 16 to 24 point, \(25 \mathrm{c} ; 30\) and 36 point, 25 c ; 42 and 48 point, 25 c . Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclnsive, 50 c per font.

\section*{PARENTHESES}

AND BRACKETS

PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 12
Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25 c; 16 to 24 point, 25 c; 30 and 36 point, 25 c ; 42 and 48 point, 25 c .
Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font.

PARENTHESES AND BRACKETS NO. 14
Per font, containing sizes 6 to 14 point, 25 c; 16 to 24 point, 25 c; 30 and 36 point, 25 c ; 42 and 48 point, 25 c .
Separate fonts of each body as follows: 6 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font.

\title{
 \\ UNIFORM LINE \\  \\ \\ DASHES
} \\ \\ DASHES
}


\footnotetext{
Separate fonts of each body and style as follows: 5 to 24 point inclusive, 25 c per font; 30 to 48 point inclusive, 50 c per font.
} Lining Dashes also sold in quantities at second-class prices.

\section*{SUNDRIES}

\section*{PARAGRAPH MARKS NO. 1}

Font including all sizes.
Per font, \(\$ 1.00\)
 48 POINT

\section*{PARAGRAPH MARKS NO. 2}

Font including all sizes.
Per font, \(\$ 1.00\)


\section*{PARAGRAPH MARKS NO. 3}

Font including all sizes.
Per font, \(\$ 1.00\)


PARAGRAPH MARKS NO. 4
Font including all sizes.
Per font, \(\$ 1.00\)



\section*{HANDY FISTS}

HANDY FISTS NO. 5
Per font, containing one character each of 6 to 30 point size,

ए

\(\int_{0}^{241-100}\)
\[
\underset{\sim}{121-5 c} \overbrace{2}^{141-8 c} \overbrace{2}^{122-5 c}
\]
\[
\overbrace{0}^{242-100}
\]
\[
\overbrace{\square}^{111-5 c}
\]
 \(\stackrel{101-5 C}{102-5 c}\)


Above fists sold separately at the prices given over each.

HANDY FISTS NO. 6
Per font, containing one character each of 6 to 30 point size, 50c; 36 to 48 point size, 75 c .


Above fists sold separately at the prices given over each.

\section*{HANDY FISTS NO. 7}


Handy fists shown above, per font including one each, 50 c .

\(\frac{248-10 \mathrm{c}}{2 \mathrm{c}+\mathrm{c}+\mathrm{m}) \mathrm{y}}\) 1812-6c
\(\frac{1811-6 c}{2(-3-3)}\)


The font prices quoted are for separate fonts of Superior Letters with Figures and Inferior Letters with Figures.

6 Point No. 640
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline klmnopqrstuvwxyz \\
\hline 7 Point No. 640 \\
\hline abedefghijklmnopqrsturwxyz \\
\hline 1234567890 \\
\hline 8 Point No. 640 \\
\hline abcdefghijklmnopqrsturwxyz \\
\hline 2345 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

9 Point No. 640
abedefgh1jklmnopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890

10 Point No. 640
abcdefgbljklmnopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890

11 Point No. 640
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw
1234567890

12 Point No. 640
abcdefghljklmnopqrstuvw
1234567890

Per font, \$2.10
abcdefghijkimnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.90\)
abedefghijkimnopqrsturwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \$1.65
abedefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.45\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.40\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)
abcdefghijklmnoparstuvw 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 2.10\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.90\)
abcdefghijklmıopqrstuvwxyz \(123+567890\)

Per font, \(\$ 1.65\)
abcdefghijklinnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.45\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

10 Point No. 590
Per font, \$1.40
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

11 Point Nó. 590
Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw
abcdefghijkImnopqrstuvw
1234567890
1234567890
12 Point No. 590
Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvw 1234567890

1234567890

6 Point Italic No. 640
abcdefghijhlmnopqrstuvwxyz
1234568890
7 Point Italic No. 640 abedefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567840

8 Point Italic No. 640 abcdefghtjklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234568890

9 Point 1talic No. 640 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

10 Point 1talic No. 640 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

11 Point Italic No. 640 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy \(123+567890\)

12 Point Italic No. 640 abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy 1231567890

6 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzz 1237567890

7 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrsturvuxyz 1234567890

8 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrsturvwxyz 1234567890

9 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnoøqrstuvnuxyz
\[
1234567800
\]

10 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\[
1234567890
\]

11 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\[
r 234567890
\]

12 Point Italic No. 590
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz
\[
1234567800
\]

Per font, \$1.20

Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)
abcdefohijklmnopqrstuvwxy 1234567890
cdefohijklmnopqrstuvzuxyz I234567800

Per.font, \(\$ 1.20\)
Per font, \$2.10
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234568890

Per font, \(\$ 1.90\)
abcdefghijklntnopqrstuvuxyzz 1234568890

Per font, \$1.65
abcdefghijklmnopqrstue'wxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.45\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 123+567890

Per font, \$1.40
abcđefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy \(123+567890\)
\(\qquad\)
font, \(\$ 2.10\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1224567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.90\)
abcdefghijklmnopgrstuvzwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \(\$ 1.65\)
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz 1234567890

Per font, \$1.45
abcdefghijklmnoparsturvwxyz 1234567800

Per font, \$1.40
abcdefghijklmno力口rstuvzuxyz 1234567800

Per font, \(\$ 1.20\)

1
abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvexxyz 1234567890

\section*{UNIFORM LINE}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Fine Hyphen Leaders.} \\
\hline 6 Point & 3 lbs., \$1.92 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.20\) \\
\hline 7 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.68^{\prime}\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.80\) \\
\hline 8 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.56\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.60\) \\
\hline 9 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.44\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.40\) \\
\hline 10 Point & 3 lbs ., \$1.38 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.30\) \\
\hline 11 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs}\). , \$1.32 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.20\) \\
\hline 12 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.26\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.10\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Hyphen Leaders.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 5 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.60\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 6.00\) \\
\hline 51/2 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.20\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.70\) \\
\hline 6 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.92\) & \(5^{\circ} \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.20\) \\
\hline 7 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.68\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.80\) \\
\hline 8 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.56\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.60\) \\
\hline 9 Point & 3 lbs., \$1.44 & 5 lbs , \$ 2.40 \\
\hline 10 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.38\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.30\) \\
\hline 11 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., 1.32\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.20\) \\
\hline 12 Point & 3 lbs ., \$1.26 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.10\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{One Dot to the Em.} \\
\hline 51/2 Point & 3 lbs., \$2.20 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.70\) \\
\hline 6 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.92\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.20\) \\
\hline 7 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.68\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.80\) \\
\hline 8 Point & 3 lbs., \$1.56 & 5 lbs., \$2.60 \\
\hline 10 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.38\) & 5 lbs., \$2.30 \\
\hline 11 Point & \(3 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 1.32\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.20\) \\
\hline 12 Point & 3 lbs., \$1.26 & 5 lbs., \$2.10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Two Dots to the Em.




Three Dots to the Em.


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{BODY TYPE}

\section*{SUNDRIES}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate；see page 2.

\section*{COMMERCIAL MARKS NO． 70}

6 Point No． 70 8 Point No． 70
P＠＠ 1 lb ，\(\$ 0.52\) 9 Point No． \(70 \quad 11 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 0.48\) P＠！ 1 b \％\％\％\(\%\) 10 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb}\) ．，\(\$ 0.46\) P＠tb \％\％\％\＆ 11 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb}\) ．，\＄0．44 や＠tb \(\%\) \％\％\％ 12 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb}\) ．，\(\$ 0.42\)〇 1b a／c ．\％\％ф 14 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb}\) ．，\(\$ 0.40\) P＠ \(\mathrm{tb} \% \% \% \%\)
 P＠16 \％\％\％ 18 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb}\) ．；\(\$ 0.40\) P＠1b \％\％\％申

\section*{BRACES AND DASHES NO． 70}


16 Point No． 70
\(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\)
－－


18 Point No． 70
\(11 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\)


\section*{REFERENCES AND INDICES NO． 70}


12 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.21\)
 14 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.20\)
 16 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.20\)



\section*{FRACTIONS NO． 70}

Cast on Uniform Line

 \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 3 / 6 & 5 & 1 / 6\end{array}\) 9 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.48\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\) 10 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.46\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)

11 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.44\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
12 Point No． \(70 \quad 11 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.42\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\) 14 Point No． \(70 \quad 1 \mathrm{Ib} ., \$ 0.40\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
 \(\begin{array}{llllllll}18 \text { Point No．} 70 \\ 1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8\end{array}\)

\section*{REFERENCES AND INDICES NO. 60}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
5 \text { Point } \underset{*}{N o .} \underset{\dagger}{60}
\] & \(\pm\) & & & & & & & \[
\frac{1 / 21 b ., \$ 0.60}{}
\] \\
\hline \[
\stackrel{5}{51 / 2} \underset{*}{\text { Point }}+\underset{\ddagger}{\text { No. }} 50
\] & & & & & & & \(8{ }^{7}\) & \[
\frac{1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.37}{}
\] \\
\hline \[
6 \text { Point No. } 60{ }_{\ddagger}{ }_{\ddagger}
\] & 8 & & & & & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 / 2 \mathrm{~b} ., \$ 0.32 \\
=1
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& * \quad \ddagger \\
& \ddagger
\end{aligned}
\] & § & & & & & & & \[
\frac{1 / 2}{} \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.28
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& * \quad \dagger \\
& \ddagger
\end{aligned}
\] & § & & & & & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \frac{\$ 0.26}{8} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& * \quad \dagger \quad \ddagger
\end{aligned}
\] & & & & & & & &  \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& * \quad \dagger \quad
\end{aligned}
\] & § & & & & & & & \[
\frac{1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.23}{4 c \pi}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& { }^{11} \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& *+\quad \ddagger
\end{aligned}
\] & § & & & & & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 / 2 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.22 \\
0
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\stackrel{12}{12}+{ }^{\text {Point No. } 60}
\] & & & & & & & \(\sqrt{28}\) & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}, \$ \$ 0.21 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMMERCIAL MARKS NO. 60
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 5 Point No. 60 & & 9 & \% & & \[
\varepsilon^{1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.20}
\] \\
\hline \[
51 / 2 \text { Point No. } 60
\] & & 9 & \% & & \[
e^{1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.74}
\] \\
\hline \[
6 \text { Point No. } 60
\] & th & \(\%\) & \% & \% & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.64 \\
\text { c. }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 7 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& \text { © } \quad \text { @ }
\end{aligned}
\] & 1 b & \% & \% & & \[
\%
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& \text { @ }
\end{aligned}
\] & tb & \% & \% & & \[
\underset{\%}{1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9 \text { Point No. } 60 \\
& \text { @ }
\end{aligned}
\] & Hb & \% & \% & & \[
{ }_{\%}^{1 \mathrm{lb} \cdot, \$ 0.48}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
10 Point No. 60 q \\
@
\end{tabular} & H6 & \(0 / c\) & \% & & \[
\%_{0}^{1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.46}
\] \\
\hline \[
11 \text { Point No. } 60
\]
\[
\eta
\] & 1b & \(a / c\) & \% & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.44 \\
& \%
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
12 Point No. 60 \(\theta\) \\
@
\end{tabular} & 16 & \(a / c\) & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.42 \\
\%
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

14 Point No. \(60 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\)
\% @ 1b a/c \(\%\) \% \% 16 Point No. \(60 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \% @ 11 \(\quad\) \% \(\%\) \% 18 Point No. \(60 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \% @ 1 b \% \% \% C POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

\section*{BRACES AND DASHES NO. 60}

5 Point No. 6
\(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.20\)

6 Point No. \(60 \quad \sim \sim \sim \sim \underbrace{1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.64}\)
7 Point No. 60 .

8 Point No. 60
\(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52\)

9 Point No. 60
\(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.48\)
\(-\longrightarrow \sim \sim \sim \sim \sim_{10 \text { Point No. } 60}^{-\infty}\)
\(-\longrightarrow \sim \sim \sim \overbrace{11 \text { Point No. } 60}^{-\infty}\)

-__

FRACTIONS NO. 127
Cast on Cap Line. Em Set.
5 Point \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.20\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllllll} & & 1 / 2 & 1 / 2 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 6 & 3 / 8 & 3 / 6 & 3 / 6\end{array}\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 3 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 6 & 3 / 6 & 3 / 6 & 3 / 6\end{array}\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 3 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 3 & 3 / 3 & 3 / 6 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
\begin{tabular}{lllllllllll}
7 & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
8 Point \(\quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52\)
\(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
9 Point \(\quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.48\)
\(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
10 Point 1 lb ., \(\$ 0.46\) \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 4 \quad 1 / 6 \quad 1 / 8 \quad 3 / 8 \quad 5 / 8 \quad 78\)
\(\begin{array}{lllllllll}11 & & & & & & & & \\ 1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8\end{array}\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 1 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 & 1 / 8 & 1 / 8\end{array}\) 12 Point \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.42\) \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 4 \quad 1 / 6 \quad 1 / 8 \quad 3 / 8 \quad 5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8\) 14 Point 1 lb ., \(\$ 0.40\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\) 16 Point \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \(1 / 21 / 3 \quad 2 / 3 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 41 / 6 \quad 1 / 8 \quad 3 / 8 \quad 5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8\)
\[
18 \text { Point } 11 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40
\] \(1 / 21 / 32 / 31 / 43 / 41 / 61 / 83 / 85 / 87 / 8\)

\section*{BODY TYPE}

SUNDRIES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 125}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & & & & & & & \\
\hline Point & \% & & & & \% & \% & \[
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 1.20
\] \\
\hline \[
\underset{1 / 2}{51 / 2}
\] & & 1/4 & * & \(\%\) & \(\%\) & & \[
{ }_{\% / 6}^{11 \mathrm{~b},, \$ 0.74}
\] \\
\hline \[
{ }_{\substack{1 / 2}}^{6 \text { Point }}
\] & & 1/4 & 3/4 & 1/6 & 1/8. & 3/8 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \mathrm{lb},{ }_{5 / 8}^{50.64} \\
& 9 / 6
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
7 / 2 \text { Point } \\
1 / 2
\end{gathered}
\] & 3/3 & 1/4 & 3/4 & \%/6 & 1/8 & 3/6 & \[
\underset{\substack{1 \mathrm{~b} ., \mathrm{y}, \mathrm{~s}}}{\substack{3 / 56}}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & 2/3 & 1/4 & \(3 / 4\) & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & \[
\begin{array}{cc}
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52 \\
5 / 8 & 7 / 8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & 2/3 & 1/4 & & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & \[
\begin{gathered}
11 \mathrm{~b} ., 90.48 \\
5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & 2/3 & 1/4 & & 1/6 & 1/8 & \(3 / 8\) & \[
\begin{array}{ll}
111 \mathrm{lb}, & \$ 0.46 \\
5 / 8 & 7 / 8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & 2/3 & \(1 / 4\) & & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & \[
\begin{array}{cc}
11 \mathrm{~b}, \text {, } \$ 0.44 \\
5 / 8 & 7 / 8
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & & \(1 / 4\) & & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { 1b., \$0.42 } \\
& 5 / 8 \quad 7 / 8
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& 14 \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 21 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & & 4 & \[
3 / 4
\] & \[
1 / 6
\] & \[
1 / 8
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40 \\
& 5 / 87 / 8
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& { }^{16} \text { Point } \\
& 1 / 21 / 3
\end{aligned}
\] & &  & & & \[
1 / 8
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40 \\
& 5 / 87 / 8
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline & & & & & & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \text { 1b., } 50.40 \\
& 5 / 87 / 8
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 126}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{6 Point \({ }_{\text {1 }}\)} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{Cast on Cap Line. En Set.} \\
\hline & \(\frac{1}{3}\) & & & \% & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.64 \\
\substack{\frac{7}{8}} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
7 \text { Point }
\] & 3 & \(\chi\) & I & \(t\) & \(\frac{1}{8}\) & \% & \[
1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.56
\] \\
\hline 8 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52\) \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \({ }^{2}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{1}{8}\) & & \(\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline 9 Point & & & & & & & 1 lb ., \$0.48 \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{1}{8}\) & & \(\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline 10 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.46\) \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \(\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline 11 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.44\) \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \(\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline 12 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.42\) \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \[
\begin{array}{ll}
\frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 14 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \\
\hline \[
\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}
\] & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \(\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline 16 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \\
\hline \[
\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}
\] & \(\frac{2}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4}\) & \(\frac{3}{4}\) & & \(\frac{1}{6}\) & \(\frac{3}{8}\) & \[
\frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}
\] \\
\hline 18 Point & & & & & & & \(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.40\) \\
\hline 11 & & 1 & & & 1 & 3 & \(5 \quad 7\) \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2}\) & 3 & 4 & 4 & & 6 & 8 & \(8 \quad 8\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CANCELLED LETTERS AND FIGURES}

10 Point
Per lb., \$1.30
\(\begin{array}{llllll}12 & 3 & 4 & 6 & 7 & \$ 9\end{array}\)
12 Point
Per lb., \$1.16
Oux New Styles 467 are the Best 14 Point

Per lb., \$1.12
Showing the 1908 Eatest Borders

\section*{SPECIAL ROMAN FIGURES}

Per 1b., \$0.74

5½ Point Two-Third Figures
Per Ib., \$0.74
\(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0\end{array}\)
6 Point Three-Fifth Figures
Per 1b., \$0.64

Per lb., \$0.64 \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0\end{array}\)

7 Point Two-Third Figures Per lb., \$0.56
\(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0\end{array}\)
12 Point
Per 1b., \(\$ 0.42\)
1223455678990

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS}

FRACTIONS

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2.

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 128}

EnSet


\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 130}

Em Set
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6 Point No. 130} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Em Set} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.64\)}} \\
\hline & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{lll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3\end{array}\) & 1/4 & 3/4 & 36 & 1/8 & 3/8 & 5/8 & 7/8 \\
\hline 8 Point No. 130 & & & & & & 1 lb . & \$0.52 \\
\hline \(1 / 2\) 1/3 \(\quad 1 / 3\) & 1/4 & 3/4 & 1/6 & \(1 / 8\) & \(3 / 8\) & 5/8 & 7/8 \\
\hline 9 Point No. 130 & & & & & & 1 lb. & \$0.48 \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{lll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3\end{array}\) & 1/4 & \(3 / 4\) & 1/6 & 1/8 & \(3 / 8\) & 5/8 & 7/8 \\
\hline 10 Point No. 130 & & & & & & 1 lb . & \$0.46 \\
\hline \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 2 / 3\) & 1/4 & \(3 / 4\) & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & 5/8 & 7/8 \\
\hline 11 Point No. 130 & & & & & & 1 lb . & \$0.44 \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{llll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3\end{array}\) & \(1 / 4\) & \(3 / 4\) & 1/6 & 1/8 & 3/8 & 5/8 & 7/8 \\
\hline 12 Point No. 130 & & & & & & 1 lb . & \$0.42 \\
\hline \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 2 / 3\) & 1/4 & \(3 / 4\) & 1/6 & 1/8 & \(3 / 8\) & 5/8 & \(7 / 8\) \\
\hline 18 Point No. 130 & & & & & & & \$0.40 \\
\hline \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 2 / 3\) & \[
1 / 4
\] & \[
3 / 4
\] & \[
1 / 6
\] & \[
1 / 8
\] & \[
3 / 8
\] & 5/8 & \[
7 / 8
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MISCELLANEOUS FRACTIONS}

8 Point No. 132
\(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
10 Point No. \(132 \quad\) Per font, \(5 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
10 Point No. 134 \(\begin{array}{lllllll}\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}\end{array}\)

5/8 lb., \$0.50
\[
1 / 2 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 4
\]

Per font, \(3 / 6 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.25\)

12 Point No. 135

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 129}

Em Set
 5½ Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.74\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 9 / 8 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 9 / 8 & 5 / 8 \\ 7 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
6 Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.64\)
\(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 3 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 6\end{array}\)
7 Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.56\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 8 & 2 / 8 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
8 Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.52\)
\(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
10 Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.46\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 8 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\) 12 Point No. \(129 \quad 1 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.42\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 131}

18 Point No. 131
Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) \(\begin{array}{lllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4\end{array}\)

20 Point No. \(131 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\)
\[
1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 2 / 3 \quad 1 / 4 \quad 3 / 4
\]

24 Point No. \(131 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 1 / 3 / 4\)
36 Point No. 131

Per font, \(13 / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 0.75\)
\(3 /\)

FRACTIONS NO. 133
5½ Point No. 133
Per lb., \(\$ 1.60\)


\section*{DIAGONAL FRACTION MARKS}

Font containing three sizes
\(\$ 0.75\)
6 Point 9 Point
12 Point
\(1 / 1 / 1 / / / / / / / / / / / /\) Examples
\(33 / 100 \quad 2 / 2 / 8 / 100\) \begin{tabular}{lllllll}
\(17 / 10000\) & \(2 / 5\) & \(13 / 16\) & \multicolumn{1}{l}{\(/ 8\)} & \(15 / 16\) & \(8 / 5\) & \(16 / 10000\)
\end{tabular}

FRACTIONS NO. 65
8 Point No. \(65 \quad\) Cast EnSet \(\quad\) Per font, \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}\frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}\end{array}\)
10 Point No. \(65 \quad\) Perfont, \(5 / 16 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}\end{array}\)
12 Point No. \(65 \quad\) Per font, \(5 / 8 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}\end{array}\) 14 Point No. 65 Per font, \(11 / 16\) lb., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) 18 Point No. \(65 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) 24 Point No. \(65 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) 30 Point No. 65 Perfont, \(5 / 16\) lb., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{8} \frac{3}{8} \frac{5}{8} \frac{7}{8}\) 36 Point No. 65 Per font, \(13 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 0.75\) \(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{8} \frac{3}{8} \frac{5}{8} \frac{7}{8}\)

FRACTIONS NO. 66
Cast En Set
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Cast En Set & \\
\hline 12 Point No. 66 & & Per font, 5/8 lb., \$0.50 \\
\hline \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3}\) & \(\frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{8}\) & \(3 \quad \frac{5}{8} \frac{7}{8}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular} 16 Point No. 66 Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}\frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{8} & \frac{3}{8} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{7}{8}\end{array}\) 20 Point No. \(66 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) \(\frac{1}{30} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{8}\)

FRACTIONS NO. 67
18 Point No. \(67 \quad\) Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\)
\begin{tabular}{llll}
18 Point No. 67 \\
\(1 / 2\) & \(1 / 3\) & \(2 / 3\) & \(1 / 4\)
\end{tabular}

FRACTIONS NO. 64
Cast Cap Line

10 Point No. \(64 \quad 5\) Point set Per font, 5/6 lbs., \(\$ 0.25\)

 20 Point No. 64 : Point set Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{3}{4} \quad \frac{1}{6} \quad \frac{1}{8} \quad \frac{3}{8} \quad \frac{5}{8} \quad \frac{7}{8}\) 30 Point No. \(64 \quad 12\) POINt set Per font, \(13 / 16 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.50\) \(\frac{11}{2} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{6} \frac{1}{8} \frac{3}{8} \frac{7}{8}\)

36 Point No. \(64 \quad 14\) POint set Per font, \(13 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 0.75\)



\section*{Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.}

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 62}


10 Point No. 62 to point set Per font, \(5 / 6 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8\end{array} \quad 7 / 8\) 12 Point No. \(62 \quad 14\) point set \(\quad\) Per font, \(5 / 8 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\)


10 Point No. \(620 \quad 12\) point set \(\quad\) Per font, \(5 / 16 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\) 16 Point No. \(62 \quad 1 \mathrm{~b}\) point set Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(1 / 21 / 43 / 41 / 3 \quad 1 / 6 \quad 1 / 8 \quad 3 / 8 \quad 5 / 8\) 18 Point No. 62 1s point set Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
 \(\begin{array}{llllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 6 & 1 / 8 & 3 / 8 & 5 / 8 & 7 / 8\end{array}\)
 \(1 / 21 / 32 / 31 / 43 / 41 / 6^{1 / 8} 3 / 85 / 87 / 8\) \(1 / 21 / 32 / 31 / 43 / 41 / 61 / 83 / 8\) \(1 / 2 \quad 1 / 3 \quad 2 / 31 / 41 / 41 / 8\)

FRACTIONS NO. 63


10 Point No. 63 Per font, \(5 / 16 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 23 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 38 & 58 & 78\end{array}\) 14 Point No. \(63 \quad 14\) point set Per font, \(15 / 16\) lb., \(\$ 0.50\) \(1 / 21 / 3731 / 4341 / 8385878\)

8 Point No. 63 P point set Per font, \(1 / 4 \mathrm{lb} ., \$ 0.25\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 38 & 58 & 78\end{array}\) 12 Point No. \(63 \quad 12\) point set Per font, \(5 / 8 \mathrm{Ib}\)., \(\$ 0.53\) \(\begin{array}{lllllllll}1 / 2 & 1 / 3 & 2 / 3 & 1 / 4 & 3 / 4 & 1 / 8 & 38 & 58 & 78\end{array}\) 18 Point No. \(63 \quad 18\) point set Per font, \(3 / 4 \mathrm{lb}\)., \(\$ 0.50\) \(1 / 2^{1 / 3} 3^{2 / 1 / 43 / 4} 1 / 8385878\) \begin{tabular}{llllllll}
\(1 / 2\) & \(1 / 3\) & \(2 / 3\) & \(1 / 4\) & \(3 / 4\) & \(1 / 8\) & 38 & 58 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

697

QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\section*{JOB TYPE FRACTIONS}

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

\section*{FRACTIONS NO. 60}

6 Point No. 60
 20 Point No. 60
\begin{tabular}{llllllllll}
\(1 / 2\) & \(1 / 3\) & \(2 / 3\) & \(1 / 4\) & \(3 / 4\) & \(1 / 6\) & \(1 / 8\) & \(3 / 8\) & \(5 / 8\) & \(7 / 8\)
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lllllllll}
\(1 / 2\) & \(1 / 3\) & \(2 / 3\) & \(1 / 4\) & \(3 / 4\) & \(1 / 6\) & \(1 / 8\) & \(3 / 8\) & 5 \\
\(1 / 8\) & \(7 / 8\)
\end{tabular}
30 Point No. \(60 \quad{ }_{24}\) POINT SET Per font, \(13 / 51 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 0.50\)


\title{
\(1 / 21 / 32 / 31 / 43 / 41 / 61 / 83 / 857 / 8\)
}

FRACTIONS NO. 61


DECIMAL FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}
 \(123456790 \$ 3.46\) 5c \(\$ 7.98\) 23c
 16 Point No. 101

5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(1234567890 \$ 429.3875 \mathrm{c}\) 18 Point No. 101

5 lbs., \$3.00 1234567890 \$2.95 8c 20 Point No. \(101 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 \$6.54 uraina ma

SETS, 18-18-6
\({ }^{\text {Sbancan }}\) 1234567890 3c \(12345678 \$ 9\) 123456 5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 8c \(12345 \$ 6\) 48 Point No. 101 56789 54 Point No. 101 8ET8, 30-26-18 5 lbs., \$2.70


123456

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}

16 Point No. \(1010 \quad\) sets, 6 -3 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

20 Point No. 1010
SETS, 7-4
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

24 Point No. 1010
SET8, 9-4 5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 1234.56\)

36 Point No. 1010
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\$12345678.90 \$12
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

EXAMPLES
16 Point
\(\begin{array}{llll}\$ 8.37 & \$ 312.50 & \$ 56.00 & \$ 8.75\end{array}\)
\(\$ 450.00\)
\(\$ 8.33 \quad \$ 34.98\)
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 9.89 & \$ 49.67 & \$ 2.10\end{array}\)
\(\$ 65^{12} \$ 34^{20}\) 48 Point \(\$ 4.05 \quad \${ }^{15}\)


\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}

12 Point No. 102
\(1234567890 \$ 3.78\)
sets,
2-6-s
2 c \(\$ 9.54 .68 \mathrm{c}\) 14 Point No. 102

5 Ibs., \(\$ 3.10\) 1234567890 82c \(\$ 636.34\) 16 Point No. 102

5 Ibs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 \$245:36 98c 18 Point No. 102

5 Ibs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 9c \(\$ 2.45\) 20 Point No. \(102 \quad\) sets, \(12-10-4\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 75c \$8 24 Point No. \(102 \quad\) SETS, \({ }^{\text {1s-1 3-6 }} \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 1234567895 c \(12345678 \$ 9\) 36 Point No. 102 12345678 c 42 Point No. 102 12345 5 lbs., \$2.70 123456 456890

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}
\(\begin{array}{lrr}16 \text { Point No. } 1020 & \text { sets, } 6-3 & 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00 \\ \$ 12345678.90 & \$ 12345678.90\end{array}\)

20 Point No. 1020
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

24 Point No. 1020
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 1234.56\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12\)
\(\$ 12345678.90\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}

16 Point
\(\$ 736.40 \quad \$ 0.13 \quad \$ 1.98 \quad \$ 45.00\)
\(\$ 45.25 \$ 2.30777\)
\(\$ 2.4750 .950 .25\)
\(\$ 47^{24} \$ 35^{.76}\)
\(\$ 9.63\) \$8.54

\section*{ADVERTISING AND}

DECIMAL FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}

12 Point No. 103
\(123456789063 \mathrm{c}, \$ 3.288 \mathrm{c}\) 16 Point No. 103 1234567890 2c \$25 123456789054 c 20 Point No. \(103 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) 1234567890 5c \(12345678 \$ 9\) 1234567 c 1234 \$5 123456 67890 12345

DECIMAL FIGURES

\section*{16 Point No. \(1030 \quad\) sets, 7 r-s \(\quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)} \(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

20 Point No. 1030 \$12345678.90 \$12345.67
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \stackrel{512}{512}\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$\)
\(\$ 1234567.89\)

Only figures dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}
\(\$ 15.90 \quad \$ 6.21 \quad \$ 4.08 \quad \$ 2.75\)

20 Point
\(\$ 3.25 \quad \$ 9.38 \quad \$ 46.30\) \(\$ 78.00 \quad \$ 22^{24}\) \({ }^{\$} 6^{.35} \quad \$ 8.67\) \({ }^{5} 3255^{50}\)

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case c and period respectively

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}
 \(1234567890 \$ 897 \mathrm{c}\) 1234567890 2c \(12345678 \$ 9\) 123456789 1234567 48 Point No. 104

5 lbs., \(\$ 2.70\) 12345

\section*{6}

54 Point No. 104 56789

5 lbs., \$2.70

0

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}

16 Point No. 1040
\$12345678.90
sers,, 3.
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(\$ 12345678.90\)

20 Point No. 1040
\(\$ 12345678.90\)
\(\$ 12345678.90\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 1234.67\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$ 12\)
\(\$ 123456 \$ 8.90\)

\section*{EXAMPLES}
\(\$ 23.15 \quad \$ 468.75 \quad \$ 90.20\)
\(\$ 57.43 \quad \$ 83.26 \quad \$ 64.85\)
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 8.52 & \$ 26.34 & \$ 7.67\end{array}\)
\(\$ 49.94 \quad 53.59\)
\(\$ 8.35 \quad \$ 9.12\)

ADVERTISING AND
 DECIMAL FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

ADVERTISING FIGURES
\({ }_{123}^{12 \text { Point No. } 125} 5\) \({ }^{16}\) Proint No. 105 \(1234567890 \$ 4.725 \mathrm{c}\) \(1234567890 \$ 2.65 \mathrm{c}\) \(1234567890 \$ 4.38\) 123456789 2c \(123456 \$ 7\) 12345 cc 12345

5 lbs., \(\$ 2.70\)


60 Point No. 105 789
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.70\)


5 lbs., \$2.70


\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}
\(\begin{array}{lrr}16 \text { Point No. } 1050 & 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00 \\ \$ 12345678.90 & \text { sетs, } \text { 6-2-6 } & \$ 12345678.90\end{array}\)

20 Point No. \(1050 \quad\) sets, 7 -2-5 \(\quad\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

\(\$ 12345678.90^{\$ 1}\)
\(\$ 1234567.89\)

Ónly figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}

16 Point
\(\begin{array}{llll}\$ 4.98 & \$ 25.00 & \$ 36.52 & \$ 7.18\end{array}\)
\(\$ 326.43 \quad \$ 4.18 \quad \$ 52.60\)
24 Point
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 8 & 92 & \$ .56\end{array} 6^{88}\) \(\$ 56.48 \quad \$ 2.73\)
\(\$ 1.75 \$ 6^{56}\)

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case c , period and figure one respectively.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}

12 Point No. 106
SETS, 8-5-3
5 lbs., \$3.30
1234567890 25c \(\$ 6.83\) 86c \(\$ 9.76\) 54c 16 Point No. 106

SETS, 7-7-4
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(1234567890 \$ 48.76\) 58c \(\$ 96.54\) 20 Point No. 106

SETS, 9-9-5
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 8c \(\$ 13.245 c\) 24 Point No. 106 SETS 11-11-6

5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\(1234567890 \$ 16.15\)

30 Point No. 106
1234567890 3c 1234567890

54 Point No. 106
123456
7

\section*{12345}

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}
\begin{tabular}{lrr}
16 Point No. 1060 & sets, 4-2 & 5 lbs, , \(\$ 3.00\) \\
\(\$ 12345678.90\) & \(\$ 12345678.90\) \\
& & \\
20 Point No. 1060 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) \\
\(\$ 12345678.90\) & sets, б-9 & \\
\(\$ 12345678.90\)
\end{tabular}

24 Point No. 1060
s, \(7-4 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

30 Point No. 1060
SETS, 9-5
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)

\section*{\(\$ 12345678.90 \$ 1234.56\)}

54 Point No. \(1060 \quad\) SET, \({ }^{\text {11-8 }} 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.70\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$ 1.23\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}
\(\$ 36.87\)
\(\$ 3.75\)
\(\$ 7.54\)
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 9.35 & \$ 8.68 & \$ 5.94\end{array}\)
\$2.60
\(\$ 6.32\)
\(\$ 4.89\)

\section*{30 Point}
\$59.63
\(\$ 8.49\)
\(\$ 2.98\)
24 Point

54 Point

DECIMAL FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate: see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}

12 Point No. 107 1234567890 42c \$2.36 76c \$7.80 16 Point No. \(107 \quad\) sets, 9-7-4 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 53c \(\$ 4.5087 \mathrm{c}\) 20 Point No. \(107 \quad\) sets, 12 le9-6 \(\quad \$ 3.00\) 1234567890 49c \$9 24 Point No. \(107 \quad\) SETS, 15-11-7 5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 1234567890 3c 30 Point No. 107

SETS, 18-12-7
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)

(1) 0

36 Point No. 107
1234567
42 Point No. 107
12345687 1234567 54 Point No. 107


5 lbs., \$2.70


60 Point No. 107
67
sETS, \(36-25-14\)


5 lbs., \$2.70


\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}

16 Point No. \(1070 \quad\) bets, c.o \(\$ 12345678.90\)

20 Point No. 1070 sets, 7-4
\(\$ 12345678.90\)

24 Point No. 1070 sETs, 9-4
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 1234.56\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$ 1.23\)
\(\$ 12345678.90 \$\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}

16 Point
\(\$ 320.50 \quad \$ 5.05 \quad \$ 24.15 \quad \$ 7.97\)

20 Point
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 53.25 & \$ 200.00 & \$ 31.50\end{array}\)

24 Point
\(\begin{array}{lll}\$ 4.65 & \$ 6.37 & \$ 2.29\end{array}\)
36 Point
\({ }^{\$} 80^{.20} 843.75\) \(\$ 9.28\)

48 Point
\(\$ 5.63\)

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case c and period respectively.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES} 12 Point No. \(108 \quad\) sers, \(10-9-4-8\) lbs., \(\$ 3.30\) 123456780 94c \(\$ 39.25\) \(1234567890 \$ 6.30\) 20 Point No. 108 20 Point No. 108 24 Point No. 108 \(1234567 \$ 8\)
123456 c


\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}

16 Point No. \(1080 \quad\) sets, s-3-8 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345.67\)

20 Point No. \(1080 \quad\) seTs, 10-4-5 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 123.45\)
\(\$ 1234567.90 \quad \$ 12\)

36 Point No. \(1080 \quad\) SETs, \({ }^{17-5-9}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) \(\$ 1234567.90\) 48 Point No. 1080

Only figures, dollar marks and periods are cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}
\(\$ 250.00^{16 \text { Point }} \$ 078.50\)

4ヵ.90 420 68.20 Point

24 Point
\(\$ 84.27\) \$62.30 \(\$ 3.45 \$ 4.66\) \(\$ 596.00\)

The sets

DECIMAL FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 12 Point No. 109 & SETS, 0-5-4 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.30\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{123456789076 c \$465.13 23c \$98.25} \\
\hline 16 Point No. 109 & SETS, 7-8-4-8 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1234567890 67c \$10345.98 23c} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{20 Point No. 109 sers, s-7-5-7 5 lbs., \$3.00} \\
\hline  &  & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{24 Point No. 109 \\ SETS, 10-9-8-9 \\ 5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) \\ \(123456789075 c \$ 8.32\)} \(12345678900 \$ 24\)
123456789080 \(123567890 \$ 2\) 123456789 123456789

DECIMAL FIGURES


SETS, 8-5-7
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 1234,56\)

48 Point No. 1090 \(\$ 12345678,90 \quad \$ 12,34\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \$78.35 & \({ }_{5} 584.56\) \\
\hline \$32.53 & S884.26 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\$ 56.79 \quad \$ 75.97 \quad \$ 89.90\)
s4,52
(1) 46
(1) 087

48 Point
\$5. 36 s0.98 sg.45

ADVERTISING FIGURES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Point No. 110 & & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.30\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1234567890 \$450.69 435.68756} \\
\hline 14 Point No. 110 & SETS, 7-6-4 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.10\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1234567896 \$88.368 495234} \\
\hline 16 Point No. 110 & \%s, \({ }^{\text {s-7 }}\) & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\[
123456789104485485
\]} \\
\hline 18 Point No. 110 & SETS, 9-7-6 & \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\[
143456789 \quad \text { 4 } 4.59 \text { औ } 5.59
\]} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{20 Point No. 110 SETs, 10-8-6 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline
\end{tabular} 24 Point No. \(110 \quad\) sets, \({ }^{12-11-6}\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 1234567890 5c \$4 30 Point No. \(110 \quad\) sets, \(16-13-9 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 12345678 90c 36 Point No. \(110 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs}, \$ 280\)


42 Point No. 110
123456 7c 48 Point No. 110 123456

54 Point No. 110
4567890

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}
\begin{tabular}{lrr}
16 Point No. 1100 & 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \\
\(\$ 12345678.90\) & sers, \(5-3\) & \(\$ 12345678.90\)
\end{tabular}

20 Point No. \(1100 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs}\) sets, 703.00
\(\$ 12345678.90 \quad \$ 12345678.90\)

24 Point No. 1100
4TVAA5F78

36 Point No. 1100
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
\$12345678.90 \$12.34 \(\mathbf{\$ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 . 9 0 ~ \$ 2 3}\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts

EXAMPLES
\$56.95
\(\$ 1.65\)
16 Point
\(\$ 9.68\)
\(\$ 68.76\)

20 Point
\(\$ 7.49\)
\(\$ 8.45\)
\(\$ 6.84\)
\(\$ 8.25\)
\(\$ 2.79\)

36 Point

S45.36
\({ }^{5} 6 .{ }^{23}\)
572.59

48 Point
\(\$ 8.98\)

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Advertising figures cast on Cap Line.

\section*{ADVERTISING FIGURES}

12 Point No. \(111 \quad\) sets, 10-9-5 5 lbs., \$3.30 1234567890 \$2.65 8c 14 Point No. 111

SETS, 12-10-6
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.10\) 1234567890 \$9.47

\author{
16 Point No. 111 \\ SETS, 13-12-7 \\ \(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
} 1234567890 \$43 18 Point No. 111

SETS, 15-12-6
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)

\section*{1234567890 2c} 20 Point No. \(111 \quad\) sets, \(17-15-7\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567809 c


24 Point No. 111


48 Point No. 111


54 Point No. 111


SETS, 45-99-22-30
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.70\)



5 lbs., \$2.70

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case c and period respectively. In the sizes 36 Point and larger, last set given denotes set of figure one.

ADVERTISING FIGURES


16 Point No, 112
SETS, 16-13-8-10
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.40\) \(12345678908 c\)

20 Point No. 112
SETS, 20-18-10-12
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.30\) 1234567 \$8

24 Point No. 112 SETS, 25-21-12-16
425 30 Point No. 112 SETs, \(82-2551 \mathrm{~d}=18\) l

36 Point No. 112
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.10\)
\(2345 c\)

42 Point No. 112
12345

48 Point No. 112
6 SETS, 78

\section*{DECIMAL FIGURES}

16 Point No. 1120
SETS, 10-6-7
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.40\)
\$12345678.90 \$123.45

\author{
20 Point No. \(1120 \quad\) SETS, \(12-6-8\) lbs., \(\$ 3.30\)
}

97234567892
\(\$ 12345678.90\)
\(\$ 123456.78\)
\(\$ 1234.56\)

Only figures, dollar marks and periods cast in decimal fonts.

\section*{EXAMPLES}

16 Point
\(\$ 2.81 \quad \$ 4.39 \quad \$ 6.53\) \(\$ 15.46 \quad \$ 83.27\)

24 Point
\(\because 0-10 \rightarrow 10\)
\(\$ 709.75\)

48 Point


The sets given above are for flgures and dollar marks, lower case \(c\), period and figure one respectively.

\section*{ADVERTISING}

12 Point No. 113
sETS, 7-S-3-5
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.30\)
\(1234567890 \$ 682.58\) 64c \(\$ 53.20\)

16 Point No. 113
SETS, 8-7-4-7
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
\(1234567890 \$ 172.6586 c\) \(1234567890 \$ 58 \mathrm{c}\) \(1234567890 \$ 5\) 30 Point No. 113
12345678\$9 123456

5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)
7 c

\section*{123456}

5 lbs., \(\$ 2.70\)
7

14 Point No. 114
BETS, 9-5-4-7
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.50\) \(1234567890680 \$ 64.93\)

18 Point No. \(114 \quad\) sets, \(11-8.8-9 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs}\). \(\$ 3.30\) \(123456789023 c\)

20 Point No. \(114 \quad\) seTs, \({ }^{\text {14-10-5-10 }} 5\) lbs., \(\$ 3.30\) \(1234567 \$ 73.47\) 12345678 c \(123467 \$ 8\) 1234567 42 Point No. 114 SETS, 27-21-10-24 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) P ? 1234 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 60 Point No. 114 678

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case c , period and figure one respectively

FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

\title{
12 Point No. 115 \\ sETS, \(7-6-4\) \\ 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.30\)
}

1234567890 32c \$4.90 57c \$7.26

16 Point No. 115
SETS, 9-7-5
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 35c \(\$ 6.4278 \mathrm{c}\)

20 Point No. 115
SETS, 11-10-6
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 8c \$1.92

24 Point No. 115 SETS, 12-ti-6

5 lbs., \$2.80
\(1234567890 \$ 4350\) \(1234567890 \$ 6\) 1234567890 C \(1234567 \$ 8\)

\section*{}

123456789

12 Point No. 116 sets, 9-7-4 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.30\)
1234567890 \$1.32 13c \$24

\author{
16 Point No. 116 \\ SET8, 10-9-4 \\ 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
}
\(1234567890 \$ 1.4547 c\)

20 Point No. \(116 \quad\) 9ets, 14-12-6 5 lbs ., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 \$20
123456789
\(1234567 \$ 8\)
12345 6c

54 Point No. \(116 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.70\) 123456

60 Point No. \(116 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.70\) 67890

12 Point No. 117
SETS, s-s-4
5 lbs., \$3.30
1234567890 \$8.90 32c \(\$ 1.56\)

16 Point No. 117
sETs, \(9-9-4 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 \$25.43 98c
\(12345678902 c^{\text {Stho.s.0.0 }}\)

20 Point No. 117
SETS, \(14-13-6 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\)
1234567890 3c \$1
\(123456789 \$ 8\)

30 Point No. 117
gets, 19-19-B
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\)

\section*{12345678\$9}

36 Point No. 117
\(123456 \$ 7\)
3456 \$9
123456

12 Point No. 118
SETS, \(8-7-4-8\)
5 lbs., \$3.30
1234567890 32c \(\$ 16.87\) 98c

16 Point No. 118
SET8, \(10-\mathrm{s}-5-8\)
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234567890 5c \$27.16
123456789045 c 24 Point No. \(118 \quad\) eete, 16 lbs. \(4-7-12\), \(\$ 2.80\) \(12345678 \$ 90\) 1234567 c \(123456 \$ 7\)

42 Point No. 118
\(5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.70\) 123456

48 Point No. 118
8ет8, 30-26-18-18
5 lbs., \(\$ 2.70\) 567890

54 Point No. 118 8ETB, 34-29-14-20

5 lbs., \$2.70 ?


FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cäp Line.
12 Point No. \(119 \quad\) sers, \(9-9-4\) lbs., \(\$ 3.30\) \(123467890 \$ 784.89239 c\) 16 Point. No. \(119 \quad\) sets, \(11-9\) lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(1234567890 \$ 5.284\) c 20 Point No. 119 SETS, 15-13-7 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 \$6 24 Point No. \(119 \quad\) sets, \(9 \mathrm{~g}-1 \mathrm{~s}-9 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 2.80\) 123456789c \(123456 \$ 7\) 36 Point No. 119 12345 6c 42 Point No. 119

5 lbs., \$2.70 1234 \$2

48 Point No. 119


54 Point No. 119


16 Point No. 120 8ET8, \(14-15-7-10 \quad 5 \mathrm{Ibs} . \$ 3.00\) 20 Point No. \(120 \quad\) sets, 17-18-7 \(10 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) H23 \(2 \rightarrow\) ? 24 Point No. \(120 \quad\) 8ETs, \(23-22-10-18 \quad 5\) lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 123456 7c 30 Point No. 120 SETs, 25-28-12-15 42 Point No. 120 SETB, \(87-30-16-22\) lis., \(\$ 2.70\) 54 Point No. 120

SETB, 45-42-18-97
5 Ibs., \$2.70


18 Point No. 121
BET8, 11-8-5
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)

24 Point No. 121 30 Point No. 121 seTs, 18-15-8 36 Point No. \(121 \quad\) sETs, 20-16-10 5 lbs., \(\$ 2.80\) 123456789 123456

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case \(c\), period and figute one respectively.

FIGURES

16 Point No. 122 sETS, 6-6-3 5 lbs., \$3.00 \(1234567890 \$ 2.34430 \$ 9.86320 \$ 47\) 20 Point No. 122 sETS, s-7-4 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) \(1234567890870 \$ 16.54600\) 24 Point No. 122 SETS, \(11-\mathrm{-}-\mathrm{s}\) 5 lbs., \$2.80
 30 Point No. 122 \(1234567890490 \$ 3\) \(1234567890 \$ 6\)
123456789 \(1234567890 \$ 2.43\) 20 Point No. 123 8ETs, \(16-15-7-8 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) 1234567890 1c 123456789 12345678 42 Point No. 123 123 3 SETS, 34-29-1 1-14 5 lbs., \$2.70


\section*{16 Point No. 124}
sETs, \(14-11-6-8 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs}\)., \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{123456789078 c}

\section*{20 Point No. 124 sETs, 15 -14-7-10 5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\) 1234567890 \$1}

1234567 c 42 Point No. 124 sets, \(32-27-10-16\) 2 5

54 Point No. 124
5 1bs., \$2.70


16 Point No. 125
5 lbs., \(\$ 3.00\)
1234569078c \$1.64 20 Point No. \(125 \quad\) sets, \(15-18-5 \quad 5 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 3.00\) 123456790 10c
123456\% \$8 123456789 123456

The sets given above are for figures and dollar marks, lower case \(c\), period and figure one respectively.

FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

Calendar figures are put up in fonts sufficient to set any one month. Order by name and number.


\section*{CALENDAR}

FIGURES

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

Calendar figures are put up in fonts sufficient to set any one month. Order by name and number.
Point No. 56

PERPETUAL
- Fonts of Perpetual Calendars contain fifty-two logotypes, rules, letters and figures for month and year; can be used for any month in any year; can be changed instantly.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1909 & \multicolumn{1}{|c|}{ MARCH } & 1909 \\
\hline \hline SUN & MON & TUE & WED & THU & FRI & SAT \\
\hline \hline & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 \\
\hline 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\
\hline 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20 \\
\hline 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 27 \\
\hline 28 & 29 & 30 & 31 & & & \\
\hline \hline & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{ Calendar X33 } & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline SUN \\
\hline \\
\hline 2 \\
\hline 7 \\
\hline 16 \\
\hline 21 \\
\hline 30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Price per font, \(\$ 1.75\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c||c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1909} & \multicolumn{3}{c|}{ APRIL } & \multicolumn{2}{c|}{ 1909 } \\
\hline SUN & MON & TUE & WED & THU & FRI & SAT \\
\hline & & & & 1 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\
\hline 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 \\
\hline 18 & 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 \\
\hline 25 & 26 & 27 & 28 & 29 & 30 & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ Calendar X34 } & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Price per font, \(\$ 2.00\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline swr & 1908 & 8 & FEB & duar & RY & & 908 \\
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{20} & smm & now & Tre & wo & mu & ra & \\
\hline & & & & & 6 & 7 & 1 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{23} & & & 11 & 12 & & & \\
\hline & 161 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20 & & 22 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{25} & 232 & & 25 & 26 & 27 & & 29 \\
\hline & & & & Lutatex x \(\times 2\) & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Price per font \(\$ 3.00\)

CALENDARS


CALENDAR NO. X 9 Price, \(\$ 1.50\) By mail, \(\$ 1.70\)


CALENDAR NO. X 8 Price. \(\$ 1.00\) By mail, \(\$ 1.15\)


CALENDAR NO. X 13
Price, \(\$ 1.00\) By mail, \(\$ 1.10\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{MAY} \\
\hline S & M & T & W & T & F & 5 \\
\hline & 6 & \(\cdots\) & 8 & & 3 & 4 \\
\hline 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 \\
\hline 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 \\
\hline 26 & 27 & 28 & 29 & 30 & 31 & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

CALENDAR NO. X3
Price per set of 12 months, \(\$ 3.75\)


CALENDAR NO. X 30 Price, \(\$ 1.00\) By mail, \(\$ 1.15\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
5 Point Roman Time Table Figures \\
1 EnSet 1234567890
\end{tabular} & Per lb., \$1.20 \\
\hline 5 Point Lightface Gothic Time Table Figures
\[
\text { EnSet } \quad 1234567890
\] & Per lb., \$1.80 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
5 Point Clarendon Time Table Figures \\
En Set
\[
1284567690
\]
\end{tabular} & Per lb., \$1.80 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
5 Point Black Clarendon Time Table Figures \\
En Set
\[
1234567890
\]
\end{tabular} & Per lb., \$1.80 \\
\hline 5 Point Lin. Gothic No. 117 Time Table Figures EnSet 1234567890 & Per lb., \$1.80 \\
\hline 5 Point Medium Clarendon Time Table Figures EnSet
\[
1234567890
\] & Per lb., \$1.80 \\
\hline 51/2 Point Gothic Cond. Time Table Figures EnSet 1234567890 & Per lb., \$1.44 \\
\hline 51⁄2 Point Roman Time Table Figures
EnSet
1234567890 & Per 1b., \$0.74 \\
\hline 51/2 Point Clarendon Time Table Figures & Per 1b., \$1.44 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 51/2 Point Black Gothic Time Table Figures \(2-3\) Set \(\quad 1234567890\) & Per 1b., \$1.44 \\
\hline 5½ Point Light Gothic Time Table Figures 3-5 Set
\[
1234567890
\] & Per lb., \$1.44 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
6 Point Roman Time Table Figures \\
EnSet \(\quad 1234567890\)
\end{tabular} & Per 1b., \(\$ 0.64\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
6 Point Clarendon Time Table Figures \\
EnSet \(\quad 1234567890\)
\end{tabular} & Per lb., \$1.16 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
6 Point Gothic Time Table Figures \\
EnSet \(\quad 1234567890\)
\end{tabular} & Per 1b., \$1.16 \\
\hline 6 Point Light Gothic Time Table Figures En Set \(\quad 1234567890\) & Per 1b., \$1.16 \\
\hline 6 Point Telescopic Gothic Time Table Figures
\[
3-5 \text { Set }
\]
\[
1234567890
\] & Per lb., \$1.16 \\
\hline 6 Point Antique Time Table Figures
\[
4-5 \text { Set } \quad 1234567890
\] & Per lb., \$1.16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPECIAL LOGOTYPES AND REFERENCES}

5 Point Time Table Logotypes
\(\begin{array}{llllllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8\end{array}\) \(\begin{array}{cccccccc}1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ \text { LV } & \text { Ar } & \text { AM } & \text { PM } & \text { AM } & \text { PM } & \text { am } & \text { pm } \\ 7 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 6 & 6\end{array}\)

51/2 Point Time Table Logotypes Per lb., \(\$ 1.44\)

6 Point Time Table Logotypes

 \(\begin{array}{llllllll}15 & 18 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 \\ a m & p m & \text { am } & \text { pm } & n^{\prime} \mathbf{n} & \mathbf{n}^{\prime} t & n^{\prime} n & n^{\prime} t\end{array}\)

Order by number. The figure above each character designates the number of character; the figures below designates the set.

5 Point Time Table References Per lb., \$1.20 - \begin{tabular}{lllll}
8 & \begin{tabular}{l}
3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} & 4 & 5 & 8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

All cast \(21 / 2\) point set

51/2 Point Time Table References Per lb., \$0.74 \(\begin{array}{llllll}1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 5 & 6 \\ 4 & 8 & + & * & \ddagger & "\end{array}\)

All cast \(23 / 4\) point set

6 Point Time Table References
Per lb., \(\$ 0.64\)

\section*{EXAMPLES SHOWING TIME TABLE FIGURES IN PRACTICAL USE}

5 Point Lightface Gothic and Clarendon Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 706 & 702 & 720 & STATIONS & 703 & 715 & 719 \\
\hline \(7{ }^{\text {PM }} 50\) & \({ }_{9}^{\text {AN }} 10\) & & & \({ }_{2}{ }^{\text {PM }}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AM } \\
& 715
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
P W \\
1050
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 750 & 910
845 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 410 \\
& 847
\end{aligned}
\] & Ar....... Wlikes-Barre........ . . \({ }^{\text {Av }}\) Avy & 2330
249 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 715 \\
& 735
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 1050 \\
& 1105
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 715 & 838 & 838 & Ar........... Nanticoke ............ \(\mathrm{Lv}_{\text {Lv }}\) & 258 & 743 & 1118 \\
\hline 709 & 833 & 381 & Ar......Hunlock's Creek.......Lv & 806 & 749 & 1119 \\
\hline 659 & 822 & 320 & Ar........ ShickshInny . . . . . . . Lv & 320 & 801 & 1131 \\
\hline 641 & 805 & 803 & Ar. . . . . . .Beach Haven...... . . Lv & 337 & 819 & 1148 \\
\hline 684 & 757 & 258 & Ar........ . Berwick .......... Lv & 844 & 827 & 1154 \\
\hline 620 & 744 & 246 & Ar........ Lime Ridge ......... Lv & 358 & 840 & 1209 \\
\hline 618 & 738 & 240 & Ar............ Espy . . . . . . . . . . Iv & 406 & 846 & 1215 \\
\hline 605 & 733 & 233 & Ar........ Bloomsburg ......... Iv & 412 & 853 & 1222 \\
\hline 601 & 726 & 229 & Ar........... Rupert............ Lv & 415 & 857 & 1225 \\
\hline 556 & 721 & 223 & Ar........ Cata & 420 & 902 & 1232 \\
\hline 584 & 657 & 201 & Ar......... Cameron.......... Lv & 443 & 924 & 1257 \\
\hline 525 & 645 & 150 & Lv..... Northumberiand & 455 & 935 & 110 \\
\hline P.M & AM & P.M & & PM & AM & AN \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5 Point Roman and Medium Clarendon Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \hline \text { No.1 } \\
& \text { Dally } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 3 \\
\text { Ex.Sun. }
\end{gathered}
\] & STATIONS & \[
\text { No. }{ }^{\text {Nim }} \text { ted }
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 8 \\
\text { Speclal }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 230 pm & 119 am & Ar........ Caldwell, Ida.........lv & 430 & 40 pm \\
\hline \({ }^{2} 35 \mathrm{pm}\) & 212 am & Ar........ Ont & 338 am & 335 pm \\
\hline \({ }^{3} 45 \mathrm{pm}\) & 220 am & Ar....... Payette, 1daho ........ Lv & 330 am & 325 pm \\
\hline \({ }^{4} 10 \mathrm{pm}\) & \({ }_{2}^{2} 48 \mathrm{am}\) & Ar...........Welser, Idaho........... Iv & \({ }^{3} 10 \mathrm{am}\) & 251 pm \\
\hline 509 pm
415 pm & 310 am
255 am & Ar............ Huntingtington, Ore............ Ar & 2 25 am & \({ }_{1200}{ }^{200}\) \\
\hline \({ }_{5} 40 \mathrm{pm}\) & & Ar..........ileasant Valle & & \({ }^{12} 40 \mathrm{pm}\) \\
\hline 015 pm & 440 am & Ar.......... Baker City ...........Lv & 1115 pm & 1045 am \\
\hline 735 pm & 546 am & Ar............Union........... Lv & 830 pm & 910 am \\
\hline 805 pm & 610 am & Ar............ La Gran & 905 pm & 845 am \\
\hline  & 725 am & Ar........................ & & 8
7
720 am
amm \\
\hline 1020 pm & 815 dm & Ar....... Bingham Spri & 025 pm & 550 am \\
\hline 00 pm & 855 am & Ar........ Pendleton, Ore........lv & 40 pm & 500 am \\
\hline 1159 pm & 1000 am & Ar........... Echo, Ore. & \[
488 \mathrm{pm}
\] & \[
350 \mathrm{am}
\] \\
\hline & \[
1040
\] & & \[
358 \mathrm{pm}
\] & \[
305 \mathrm{am}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5 Point Lightface Gothic and Black Clarendon Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 1 \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { No. } 3 \\
\text { Ex. Sun. } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & STATIONS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. 2 } \\
\text { Lim'ted }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 6 \\
\text { Speclal }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline *1100 PM * & * 802 P.M & & 900 AN & 730 AM \\
\hline 11.11 PM & 812 PM & Lv........... Kedzle Ave........... Ar & & 719 AN \\
\hline 1244 AM & 831 PM & Ar........... DeKalb. Iil............Lv & 728 AN & 5.53 AM \\
\hline ......... & 530 PM & Lv.............Peoria..............Ar & \$1102 AN & 1102 Nm \\
\hline 220 NM & "10 41 PM & Ar........... Stering. . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 618 NM & 425 AM \\
\hline \[
315 \mathrm{AM}
\] & 1125 PM & Ar........ Clinton, Iowa..........Lv & 535 AN & 340 AM \\
\hline \[
545 \mathrm{AM}
\] & 130 AM & Ar......... Cedar Raplds......... Lv & 335 AM & 130 AM \\
\hline 1002 AM & 423 AM & Ar.......... Boone, Iowa...........Lv & 1238 AM & 1010 PM \\
\hline 845 PM & 915 AM & Ar..........Omaha, Neb.......... Lv & 838 PMM & 550 PM \\
\hline 425 PM & 940 M & Lv..........Omaha, Neb.......... Ar & 818 PMM & 510 PM \\
\hline 305 Mm & 520 PM & Ar......... North Platte . . . . . . . . Lv & 1008 PM & 850 AM \\
\hline 210 NM & 425 PM & Lv......... North Platte & 1208 PM & 740 N \\
\hline 625 AM & 745 PM
11
10 PM & Ar.......... Sidney, Ne & 923 M
\(7 \mathrm{O3}\) M & 405 NM
140 AM \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

51/2 Point Gothic Condensed Time Table Figures


51/2 Point Lightface and Black Gothic Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 3 \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { No. } \bar{o} \\
\text { Speelal }
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & STATIONS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 6 \\
\text { spelal }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. }{ }^{2} \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 1040 Am & & & & \\
\hline 1055 " & 608 & & & \\
\hline 11 & 6 & & & \\
\hline 140 & & ، .............Pilger........... " & & \\
\hline 02 & & ".........Stanton.......... & 12 & 6 \\
\hline 25 & 735 " & Norfolk & & \\
\hline 50 & 800 " & Lv. ...... Norfolk J & & \\
\hline & 820 & Ar........Battle Cre & 152 ald & \\
\hline 仡 & 833 & : …...Mead &  & ". \\
\hline 142 ' & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 845 \\
& 903
\end{aligned}
\] & :، ............. Tllde & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11226 \\
& 1106
\end{aligned}
\] &  \\
\hline 08 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 903 \\
& 913
\end{aligned}
\] & .، ............ Ne. Nelig & 1055 " & 29 \\
\hline 29 & & & & 410 " \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Point Telescopic Gothic Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
No. 1 \\
Haily
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 3 \\
\text { Ex.Sun }
\end{gathered}
\] & STATIONS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 2 \\
\text { Ex. } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 4 \\
& \text { Jaily }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 340 PM & 810 am & LV.... WALL LAKE .... AR & 755 PM & 125 PM \\
\hline 355 PM & 825 AM & AR. . . . LAKE VIEW . . . . . LV & 740 PM & 108 PM \\
\hline 413 PM & 845 AM & AR...... SAC CITY...... Lv & 721 PM & 1250 PM \\
\hline 429 PM & 901 am & AR....... EARLY ....... LV & 703 PM & 1233 PM \\
\hline 445 PM & 917 AM & AR. . . . SCHALLER . . . . . Lv & 646 PM & 1216 PM \\
\hline 457 PM & 930 AM & AR. . . . . . GALVA . . . . . . . Lv & 633 PM & 1203 PM \\
\hline 514 PM & 946 ам & AR..... HOLSTEIN . . . . . Lv & 615 PM & 1145 AM \\
\hline 528 PM & 1002 AM & AR. . . . . CUSHING. . . . . . Lv & 559 PM & 1128 AM \\
\hline 600 PM & 1030 AM & AR. . . . . PIERSON . . . . . Lv & 531 PM & 1102 AM \\
\hline 615 PM & 1048 Am & AR. . . . KINGSLEY . . . . . Lv & 518 PM & 1048 AM \\
\hline 634 PM & 1109 am & AR. . . . . MOVILLE . . . . . LV & 500 pm & 1025 AM \\
\hline 648 PM & 1123 Ам & AR...... LAWTON . . . . . . LV & 446 PM & 1012 Am \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Point Clarendon Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 35 & 47 & STATIONS & 18 & 22 \\
\hline 1240 pm & 755 am & Lv........ Nelson ........ AR & 810 pm & 1235 pm \\
\hline 100 mm & 810 am & AR...... V an Petten. . . . . . Lv & 755 pm & 1210 pm \\
\hline 120 pm & 820 am & AR.... . IIahnemann . . . . Lv & 746 pm & 1150 am \\
\hline 140 pm & 832 am & AR..... . Normandy . . . . . Lv & 739 pm & 1130 am \\
\hline 210 pm & 848 am & AR........ Manllus ........ Lv & 725 pm & 1055 am \\
\hline & 901 am & AR. . . . . . . Langley. . . . . . . Lv & 712 pm & \\
\hline 245 pm & 910 am & AR.... ... . . Buda . . . . . . . . Lv & 704 pm & 1020 am \\
\hline 310 pm & 924 am & AR . . . . . . . . Mor'se . . . . . . . . Lv & 653 pm & 955 am \\
\hline 335 pm & 937 am & Ar. . . . . . Broadmoor'. . . . . . Lv & 643 pm & 937 am \\
\hline 405 pm & 947 am & Ar.... . Camp Grove . . . . Lv & 636 pm & 855 am \\
\hline 435 pm & 1000 am & Ar. . . . . . . . Speer. . . . . . . . Lv & \({ }_{6}^{6} 26 \mathrm{pm}\) & 825 am \\
\hline 500 pm & 1013 am & AR........ Akron .... . . . . Lv & 616 pm & 800 am \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

5 Point Lightface Gothic and Lin. Gothic No. 117 Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 4 \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] & Ex.Sun. & STATIONS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 5 \\
& \text { Daily } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. 7 } \\
\text { Ex.Sun. }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 500 MM & 535 PM & Lv......... Linwood, Neb...........Ar & & 1045 PM \\
\hline 525 Am & \[
548 \mathrm{PM}
\] & Ar................. Able. .................... & \(145 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}\) & 1025 Pl \\
\hline 545 MM & 558 PM & Ar. . . . . . . . . . . Bruno.............. Lv & 138 P.M & 855 PM \\
\hline 640 AN & 813 P.M & Ar........... Brainard............ Lv & 124 PM & 850 PM \\
\hline 705 MM & 831 P.M & Ar......... . . . Dwight . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 108 PM & 803 PM \\
\hline 730 NM & 642 PM & Ar............ ... Bee.... . . . . . . . . . Lv & 1258 PM & 732 PM \\
\hline 845 AN & 701 PM & Ar........... . Seward........... . . Lv & 1241 PM & 701 PM \\
\hline 920 NM & 718 PM & Ar............ Goehner............ Lv & 1224 PM & \({ }^{8} 00 \mathrm{PM}\) \\
\hline 1005 AM & 732 PM & Ar....... Beaver Crossing . . . . . . Lv & 1211 PM & 525 PM \\
\hline 1045 AM & 744 PM & Ar........ 2. . Cordova . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 1139 AM & 450 PM \\
\hline 1125 AN & 800 PM & Ar. . . . . . . . . . Exeter... . . . . . . . . . Lv & 1125 AM & 420 PM \\
\hline 1210 PM & 812 PM & Ar............ Sawyer ............. Lv & 1112 AM & 345 PM \\
\hline 110 PM & 825 PM & Ar............ Geneva. . . . . . . . . . Lv & 1100 AM & 320 P.M \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{ll}1 & 35 \mathrm{PM} \\ 2 & 10 \mathrm{PM}\end{array}\) & 839 PM
848 PM & Ar & \(1046 ~ A M\)
1037 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 240 \mathrm{PM} \\
& 210 \mathrm{PM}
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

51⁄2 Point Clarendon Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 27 & 33 & STATIONS & 22 & 40 \\
\hline AM & PM & & AM & P/ \\
\hline 758 & 820 & Lv. . . . . . . . . . Seribner. . . . . . . . . . Ar & 1020 & 940 \\
\hline 830 & 837 & Ar. . . . . . . . . . . Snyder . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 1000 & 915 \\
\hline 845 & 848 & Ar. . . . . . . . . . . Dodge . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 946 & 848 \\
\hline 925 & 907 & Ar. . . . . . . . . . . Howells . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 925 & 750 \\
\hline 955 & 920 & Ar. . . . . . . . . . Clarkson. . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 908 & 700 \\
\hline 1020 & 937 & Ar...............Lelgh. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . & 852 & 610 \\
\hline 1045 & 953 & Ar...... . . . . . Creston . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 835 & 530 \\
\hline 1125 & 1012 & Ar. . . . . . . . . Ilumphrey. . . . . . . . . Lvv & 816 & 450 \\
\hline 1158 & 1021 & Ar........... Cornlea . . . . . . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\text {c }}\) & 806 & 430 \\
\hline 1245 & 1036 & Ar............ . Lindsay . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 750 & \\
\hline 130 & 1046 & Ar. . . . . . . Newman's Grove . . . . . . . . \({ }^{\text {d }}\) & 738 & \\
\hline 210 & 1105 & Ar............ Bradish . . . . . . . . . . . Lv & 718 & \\
\hline P.M & PM & & AM & PM \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Point Lightface Gothic Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { No. } 1 \\
& \text { Ex.Sun }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 3 \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] & STATIONS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 2 \\
\text { Naily }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { No. } 6 \\
\text { Ex.Sun }
\end{array}
\] \\
\hline 00 am & 835 AM & Belle Plai & 205 PM & M \\
\hline 755 Am & 910 AM & Hartwlek & 149 PM & 335 PM \\
\hline 815 Am & 925 Ам & Caruforti & 139 Pm & 300 Pm \\
\hline 900 am & 942 ам & Guerns & 28 PM & 230 PM \\
\hline 1000 am & 1002 am & Deep & 17 PM & 150 \\
\hline 1045 Am
1150 Am & 1020 Am
10 & What & 104
1247 PM & 1150 \\
\hline 1250 Pm & 1117 Am & . Atwood & 1228 Pm & 020 Am \\
\hline 105 Pm & 1130 am & Tioga & 1222 Pm & 1000 am \\
\hline 145 PM & 1201 PM & Wrig & 1207 Pm & 925 Am \\
\hline 230 PM & 1212 PM & "، .........Star & 1159 Am & 900 am \\
\hline 340 Pm & 100 PM & " .......Lakonta......." & 1134 A & 750 Am \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Point Gothic Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 1 \\
& \text { Lmtd. }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { No. } 3 \\
& \text { Daily }
\end{aligned}
\] & STATIONS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No.: } \\
\text { Lmt. }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { No. } 6 \\
\text { Daily }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 135 PM & 755 AM & & 825 PM & 205 PM \\
\hline 145 PM & 805 AM & AR..... Wall La & 815 PM & 155 PM \\
\hline 202 PM & 827 AM & AR........ Odebol & 757 PM & 120 PM \\
\hline 212 PM & 838 AM & AR........ Arthu & 745 PM & 10 PM \\
\hline 225 PM & 850 AM & AR...... Ida Gro & 732 PM & 1258 PM \\
\hline 238 PM & 803 AM & Ar..... Battle Cree & 719 PM & 1245 PM \\
\hline 252 PM & 917 AM & AR........ Danb & 702 PM & 1228 PM \\
\hline 305 PM & 830 AM & AR...... Mapleto & 650 PM & 1217 PM \\
\hline 320 PM & 945 AM & AR........C \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 632 PM & 1201 PM \\
\hline 330 PM & 955 AM & AR & 622 PM & 1152 AM \\
\hline 345 PM & 1010 AM & Ar........ Onawa & 610 PM & 1140 AM \\
\hline & 10 & & 553 PM | & 1122 AM \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

6 Point Antique No. 5 Time Table Figures
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 23 & 35 & STATIONS & 34 & 56 \\
\hline \(3^{\text {AM }} 30\) & 515 & & \[
9{ }^{A M}
\] & \\
\hline 330
345 & 5
5
5 15 &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 900 \\
& 853
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline 410 & 5 41 &  & 853
838 & 702
630 \\
\hline 420 & 545 & AR....... Andove & 833 & 615 \\
\hline 440 & 555 & Ar.... ... . Bryant & 825 & 555 \\
\hline 454 & 601 & AR.......Goose Lal & 817 & 535 \\
\hline 520 & 610 & Ar.... ...Charlotte & 807 & 513 \\
\hline 538 & 619 & AR...... Petersville & & 455 \\
\hline 555 & 628 & Ar........ Delmar. & 751 & 440 \\
\hline 630 & 640 & Ar. .... . Maquoketa & 740 & 420 \\
\hline 645 & 652 & AR.......Nashville. & 725 & 341 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DIAMOND}

\section*{MUSIC TYPE}

\section*{Smallest font, about 30 lbs .}


\section*{MUSIC BRASS RULE}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Excelsior-} \\
\hline Lines & er lb. & \$2.50 \\
\hline Logotypes & & 3.00 \\
\hline Stems. & " & 2.50 \\
\hline Slurs. & " " & 2.50 \\
\hline Tails & " & 2.50 \\
\hline Short Stems & " \({ }^{\prime}\) & 3.50 \\
\hline Quads. & , & 2.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Diamond-
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Lines & per lb. & \$2.30 \\
\hline Logotypes & & 2.75 \\
\hline Stems. & & 2.30 \\
\hline Slurs. & ' & 2.30 \\
\hline Tails & & 2.30 \\
\hline Short Stems & & 3.30 \\
\hline Quads. & & 1.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{AGATE}
\(\qquad\)

Smallest font, about 30 lbs .


GIPSY RONDO
J. Haydn.


\section*{MUSIC BRASS RULE}

\section*{Agate-}

Lines ................. per lb. \$2.15 Logotypes .......... " " 2.50 Stems............... " " 2.15 Slurs................. " " 2.15 Tails................. " " 2.15 Short Stems ........ " " 3.15 Quads............... " " 1.50

Nonpareil-
Lines ................. per lb. \$2. 10
Logotypes .......... " " 2.55
Stems............... " " 2.10
Slurs................ " " 2.10
Tails ................. " " 2.10
Short Stems ........ " " 3.10
Quads................ "، 1.40

Brass Bars for Music-
1 Point.............. per lb. \(\$ 5.00\)
11/2 Point............ " " 3.90
2 Point............. " " 3.35

\section*{MAILING}

TYPE

Mailing Type is cast in fonts adapted to mailing purposes only．Parties ordering will please state whether en or ein abbrevia－ tions are desired；also whether Aldine or Clarendon is wanted for P．O．Type．Abont 100 pounds of mailing type is required to set 1000 names．Price same as Roman．

8 POINT UNIFORM MAILING TYPE
Every character is cast on \(2 / 3\) set，and by setting composing stick to a multiple of 8 Points， 3 em spaces only are used for spacing．
\begin{tabular}{lr}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{c}{ Hartvilie mass } \\
Chas G Glasgow & 16Aug07 \\
Barney Cogwell & 23Sep08 \\
C 0 Hagstrom & 15Jan06 \\
Miss Lulu Peach & 4Apr09 \\
Daniel Jackson & 25 May07 \\
Henry Adams & 29Mar06 \\
L G Morrison & 8Jul08 \\
Harry A Hart & 290ct06 \\
Fred Milligan & 17Aug07 \\
Algred Smith & 12Nov06 \\
Wm Starbuck & \(240 \mathrm{ct09}\) \\
Frank Plimmer & 18Jul07 \\
I K Hammerstein & 6 Sep 06 \\
W Smokestack & 21 Mar06
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline James Southern & 29 宴09 \\
\hline Franklin Hager & 6 \\
\hline Louis Snyder & 30 号06 \\
\hline Casper Mayhew & 24匍08 \\
\hline Louise James & 17307 \\
\hline A E Roberts & 27号06 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Manistee mich} \\
\hline Clarence Hogan & 4\％07 \\
\hline Harry Domer & 25容09 \\
\hline Robert Baker & 20906 \\
\hline Claude Daggert & 13㖪08 \\
\hline J D Appleby & 26氟06 \\
\hline Homer Gray & 24807 \\
\hline Ivan E Windmill & 28．509 \\
\hline George A Davis & 16\％06 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mark Dangers \(\begin{array}{r}\text { La } \\ \text { 190 } 060 \\ \text { Ind }\end{array}\) La Porte Ind

Charlie Lange24？08 Louisiana Mich

Dallas Tex
总George Childs 17良06 Johnstown Pa

Harry Thornton 23z09
是7 Los Angeles Cal
Wm M Munger 6e07
Atlanta Ga
Tony Weaver 30 08
Pueblo Colo
U J Woodruff 25 ： 06
Wichita Kas
Messie Glaze 16品07
Chillicothe Mo

10 POINT UNIFORM MAILING TYPE
Every cliaracter is cast on en set，and by setting composing stick to a multiple of 5 Points，en quads and 4 em spaces only are used for spacing．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline QUINCY & ILL & Charles Taylor & 13 ssp 06 & Hugh Nelson 14．⿳亠口冋刂107 \\
\hline Clara Young & 26 Dec 06 & Jackson Munro & 5 mar08 & \\
\hline John Milan & 18 Feb 08 & Ha & 25 feb 07 & Benjamin Holden 14 09 Clinton Mo \\
\hline H E Mason & 31Apr06 & Cora Stedman & 29 nov09 & \％Artemus S Blair 2707 \\
\hline S A Waters & 14 Jan 07 & CARTHA & M0 & Denver Colo \\
\hline R S Kelley & 30 Aug 07 & George Baxter & 30ava 06 & Maude Dangerfield 13g08 Carterville Texas \\
\hline Myrtle Elvin & 12 Sep 06 & Norval Wallace & 12 une08 & \\
\hline Markus Luff & 25Nov09 & J G Thorndyke & 40 oce 07 & St Louis Mo \\
\hline A Peabody & \(130 \mathrm{ct07}\) & Chas E Fletcher & 18 apr 09 & annah Collins 2908 \\
\hline W H Phelps & 290 ct06 & William Barrie & 25 mar 06 & c \\
\hline id Scott & 13 Jun 08 & ude Bowers & 24 uvu08 & Fred J Workman DeKalb \({ }^{7808}\) \\
\hline J T Salyar & 16May06 & Sophia Smith & 16 oct 09 &  \\
\hline Lazarus Siler & 22Jan09 & F N Goldwater & 24 Jav 06 & Macon Ga \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TYPE

Mailing Type is cast in fonts adapted to mailing purposes only. In ordering please state whether en or em abbreviations are desired; also whether Aldine or Clarendon is wanted for P. O. Type. About 100 pounds of mailing type is required to set 1000 names. Prices same as Body type.

10 POINT NO. 3. MAILING TYPE



\section*{METAL}

\section*{BRACES}

6 POINT METAL BRACES NO. 3
Per font, \(\$ 1.00\) Per dozen, any one size, 50 cents.


With the exception of the first seven characters, the number of character also denotes the width in points.

Weights and Prices given are Approximate; see page 2. Cast on Cap Line.

\section*{AUSTRALIAN BALLOT HEADINGS AND SIGNS}


23 A 20 Point Election Antique \(23 / 16\) lbs., \(\$ 2.25\)
DEMOCRATIC STATE TICXET
\(20 \mathrm{~A} \quad 24\) Point Election Condensed \(33 / 6 \mathrm{lbs} ., \$ 2.50\)
THE REPIBLLCAI TICKET


12 Point Roman No. 55.
42c per pound
81
\(\square\)
\(\square\)
\(\square\)
\(\square\)
WILLIAM W. HARTMAN

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 61. & \$0.05. & \begin{tabular}{l}
1 L.B. AND OVER PER LB. \\
. . . . \$1.28 . .
\end{tabular} & APPX. No. PCs. IN 1 Le
.576 . . . 576 \\
\hline 81. & . 05. & 1.00. & .. 300 \\
\hline 82. & . 05. & 1.00 & 300 \\
\hline 101. & . 05. & . 82. & .. 205 \\
\hline 102. & . 05. & . 82. & .. 205 \\
\hline 103. & . 05. & . 82. & . 205 \\
\hline 104. & . 05. & .82.. & .. 205 \\
\hline 121. & . 05. & . 74. & .. 144 \\
\hline 122. & . 05. & .74.. & . 144 \\
\hline 123. & . 05. & . 74. & . 144 \\
\hline 181. & . 06. & .66.. & .. 64 \\
\hline 182. & . 06. & . 66. & .. 64 \\
\hline 183. & . 06. & . 66. & .. 64 \\
\hline 201. & . 06. & . 66. & . 52 \\
\hline 202. & . 06. & . . 66. & .. 52 \\
\hline 203. & . 06. & .... .66.... & ... 52 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ACCENTS

Body Type Accents when ordered with a font will be charged at the same rate per pound as the font itself，and for accents so ordered there will be no minimum quantity or sort matrix charge．

Fonts of accents of any language when ordered separately will be charged at the same rate per pound as the font they match，same subject to minimum charge of 35 cents，but no sort matrix charge．

The following is a list of accents in the different languages，and unless otherwise stated orders for body type accent fonts will be furnished as follows；

\section*{Bohemian}


Danish and Norwegian
æø 历 \(\varnothing\)
Dutch
y ジ
French

 German
ä 0 ü \(\not \approx\) Ö Ư

Hungarian


\section*{Icelandic}


\section*{Italian}
à è iò ù À È İOUU

\section*{Lithuanian}


\section*{Polish}


\section*{Portuguese}
áãçé ê íñóo ốu A ÃÇÉE


\section*{Spanish}
áé ó ú üñ ÂÉİN ÓUU ÁEfinó ÚÜ

Swedish åäö Å ÄÖ Å Äö
\(\tilde{g}^{\text {Tagalo }}{ }^{\mathbf{G}} \underset{\mathrm{G}}{ }\)

We give below a complete list of accents made（up to the time of the issue of this book）for all the body type faces shown in this specimen book．

\section*{Roman No． 60}






7 Point，á ésñóú äëiöü àèiò ù âê̂̂ôu ạo åç ạ \(\AA\) Å ÖÇ


 žAEfNOU ÄEYOUUAEIOUUAEIOUUAEEIO




9 Point，á éfinóú ä ëiöü à è ì ù ââêô û ạọ ạ åçø ÁÉl



 OU A Å





\section*{Italic No． 60}





 E ËEN



 Ż ČĎビビŠŤU゚ÝŽ



\section*{Itallc No．60，Continued}









\section*{Roman No． 63}
 ó ú Ư ¢




7 Point，áéíñóú ä ëïöü à èì ò ù âê̂îô̂ áç \(\varnothing\) Å ÄÖƯ ÇN

8 Point，á éfñó ú äëïöü à è iò ù âê̂̂ôû āēīōū ǎěǐǔảa ¢




 ÄEYÖƯ AEIOUU ÂEIOUÅÃOØOUUCIOUA










Italle No． 63
51／2 Point，ã ẽõ̃̃ \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)






\section*{Italic No．63，Continued}

7 Point，ạo áéñóú äëz̈öü àèìò û âêîôû åç \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü ÇN






 ŠT U゚ÝŽ
11 Point，ạo áéfñóú äë iöii à c̀iò ù âê̂̂ô û āīō̄ ǎěǐǒŭ







\section*{Roman No． 64}



\(51 / 2\) Point，áéfñóú äë iöü à è ìò ù âê̂ô ûaç申 ÅÄÖÑ \(\varnothing\) ÅÄ


 Ñó Ú Ü ç


 ǨŠTYƯYŽZ ÁEf










 Åç \(\varnothing\) G




















\section*{Italle No． 64}

5 Point，áéfñóú äëïöu àè âêîốu ặ̣̊ç \(\varnothing\) ÅÖƯCÇN \(\varnothing\)
6 Point，ạo áécñóń äëiöü à èiò ù âêîôû ạo ãõ ç AÇ厓自芭领

\section*{Italic No，64，Continued}























16 Point，áé́ñóú äëiöü à èiò̀̀ âê̂̂oûạ̧̣ \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Roman No． 66}



 \(\bar{U} \bar{Y}\) ĂĚ̛̌̆̆ŬY̌̃̃̃ \(\bar{\emptyset}\) ç
7 Point，\(\AA\) Ä ÖÇ \(\overline{\mathbf{N}}\)
8 Point，áćfñón äëzöü àèiòù ọa ạọ ÁÉfíNOÚ ÄE












 ẾÑó Ú Ü

\section*{Italic No． 66}



 E Ř Š Ť Ư Ý Ž
7 Point，ạo áéfñóú äëiöü àèiò̀̀ âêîôû ạ ãō̧ ÁÇE ËE E N
 ao ãō åç \(\varnothing\) ó dgknṭt ącę̧ńśźz čd＇ěř̌̌t＇ủýž Á

 Ż ČĎ Ė ŘŠT Ú Y̌Ž
 Ú Ä EXYÖÜ À È ì Ò U ÂE EOOU ÃO ÅC




\section*{Italic No．66，Continued}





\section*{Roman No． 74}

 Ê̂̂ô

9 Point，ạo áćiñóú äëïöü àèiòò âê̂̂̂ồ ạọ ç ÁÉíNó ÚỬ ÀÇEE EZE Ê ÁÉfNóv́ Ư

\section*{Italic No． 74}

6 Point，ạ áéfñóú äëïöü à èìò ù âê̂̂ô̂a ạo ãōç AÇ立E ËEN

 EíNOUU Ä EYOUU À È IOU Û Â？OU ĀEIOUX





\section*{Roman No． 80}














 \(\breve{\mathbf{Y}} \overline{\mathrm{Y}}\)







 čš̌hpyy ącę ŃSŹŻ íÉfヘ̃ó ú

\section*{Italic No． 80}



 ŘŠT ƯÝž
7 Point，ạo áéfñóú äëiỏủ àèiò ù âêîô̂ạ ãōç ÁÇE EEEN

 EíNÓU ÜEZOOU À EİOUU ÂEIOU ÁEIOUA


 Ú ÄËlOUU À È Ì OU Û Âlô Û Ãס ÅC

\section*{Italic No．80，Continued}

10 Point，ạ áéfinóú äëiöü à̀̀ iò ù âê̂ô

 T ĄEも ČĎĚ̌̌ŠŤU゚ ÝŽ Ø

 À EIOUU ÂEIOU ĀEIOUAEIOUU ÃO ACQE


\section*{Old Style No． 1}








 Il Point，áéfinóú äëïöü ạọ̆ø \(\AA\) ÄÖøN
12 Point，ạo áéfñóú ä ëiö ï à̀̀̀iò ù âê̂̂ô û ao áçøēiup

 \(\AA \ddot{\mathrm{A} O \ddot{\mathrm{v}}}\)

\section*{Old Style Italic No． 1}

 ÝZ







 ńsźż č d’ěřŠt＇ůýž ÁE


\section*{Old style No． 58}




























\section*{Old Style No．58，Continued}

11 Point，ạ ọ́éfñóń äëïöii à èìò ù âêîo û āēiōū ăěǐðŭ
 ÚÄEYOUUAEIOUU ÂEIOU AEEIOUAEIOUU ÇØス̃O AĆEと ó Ú ÅÄÖ ÇĖË Ê \(\emptyset\)

\section*{Old style Italic No． 58}

6 Point，aọ áéf ñóú äëziö ï à èiò ù \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
7 Point，ạ á éf ñóú äëïöü àèìò ù âêî́ û ăŭ áçøẽ čd＇







11 Point，ạo áéínóú äëz̈öü à èìò ù âêîô û ạ åçø ąç ę



\section*{Old style No． 59}









 ÂÊ̂O Ơ̈

















10 Point，ạ á áf́ñóń äëiö ii à̀̀̀o ù â êîô û āēiō̄̃ ăěǐð

















Old Style No．59，Continued
14 Point，åäöüø ąć ę
18 Point，áéíñón áäö à è ù ão āêôç \(\varnothing\) ąçęłńsíż č d＇ěřš



\section*{Old Style Italic No． 59}


7 Point，ạo áéfñóú äë̈öü àèiò ù \(\widetilde{N}\)

 E E E
9 Point，ạ áćíñóú äëïöü à Èì̀ ù ạọ \(\AA\) Äö̀ \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，ạo áéfñóú äëz̈öü à èìò ùâîêô ãẽ̃ ạo åçø

 ÝŽ À È Ë ÊC


12 Point，å áéínóć äëiö ü à èiò ù âê̂̂ô áç申 ạ ą \(\varepsilon_{\text {ę }}\)


14 Point，áéíñóú åäö Å ÄÖN
18 Point，áéfinóú åäö ão à çèêồù ạ ëïiìo ÉNÇ

\section*{Old Style No． 70}

6 Point，á éíñó ú äëiö iu à è ìò ù â êî ô û āēīō̄ ǎă çőü ạ






 iò ט̀ ÂÊ̂OO
9 Point，ạo áéfñóú äëiöü à̀̀iò ù âêîo ả a̧ ÁEíNó


 aọu ágôsx ącęlńsíż č d＇ěř̌̌t＇ủýžiu ÁÉf





 Eíl Ư ÅC

18 Point，á éíñóń àâçè êë îîôù ü ûãõ ÇN
Old Style Italic No． 70
6 Point，ạo áéfiñóu ä ëïö ü à̀̀̀ iò û âê̂̂ou ạ ãõ áçø čd＇
 ƯYZ
8 Point，ạ á éfiñóú ä ëiöü à è iò ù âê̂̂́ û āēīō ăěǐ ŭ ạo ão óçø čd＇ěř̌̌t＇ůýž ju ÁÉf

9 Point，ạo áéínóú äë ïöü à èiò ù âêîôu ạo åç ÁEíN ठÚAÄÖAÇEEE E


 OÚƯ ĄÇE ËE E



\section*{Old Style No． 90}







 AEiờ̛̀ Âeîóo Ãō
9 Point，ạo áécinóń äëïöü àèiò ù âê̂̂o û åç ÁÉf Ñó Ư ÅÄÖ ÂÇĖE Ê ÁÉfĩ ó Ú Ü̂








 EIOUU ÅÇE


\section*{Old Style Italic No． 90}

 ƯÝZ̆



9 Point，ạo áéfñón äëiöü à èiò ù âê̂̂ôu ạọ åç ÁÉf̃

10 Point，ạ áéfñóú äëiöü àèiò ù âêîô̂ âēīō ă ǎǐðŭ

11 Point，ạo áéfñóu äëïöui à èiò̀ âê̂ô û ạoç ÁEf́N OUU ƯCC ĖE E E
12 Point，ạo áćfñóń ä ëïöü à èìò ù âêîô ụọ ãơ åç Á Eイ̃

Old style No． 100
8 Point，á éfñó ú äëïö ü à èìò ù âêîôu \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áé́íñó ú äëiö ü à èiò ù âetîốû \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Old Style No． 200}

6 Point，á éínóú äë̈öü àèiò ù âêîô̂ \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Barnhart Old Style}

8 Point，ạo áéiñóń ö ü őčš́ž 1 Át





\section*{Caslon Old Roman}

6 Point，á é fñó ú äëïöü àèìò ù âê̂̂ô ůçø ąćęlńśż













\section*{Caslon Old Roman，Continued}

11 Point，á éfñó ú åä ö ü č d＇č ř̌̌t＇ủýžąćęlnsźż ÅÄÖU U

12 Point，á éíñón äëïö ü à èiò ù ạo åçöủ éju ÁÉf
 EIU ÁÉf Ñó Ú Ü



 ƠU Ü




\section*{Caslon Old Roman Italle}


 Ž ETU

 EIU
 ŘŠŤ UٌÝŽ

 Ě ǨŠŤU゚ÝŽ EI U
 ŘSTƯY Y̌Ž

 ŤU゚ Y̌Ž EI U
 ÁE



 U゚Y̌̌ ĚIU

\section*{Caslon Old Style}






 EfNÓUUU甘ÇE ËÊA 18 Point，äö ü ÄƠU ƯN

\section*{Caslon Old style Italic}

8， 12 and 18 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
14 Point，ạo áéiñóúu ú Éí Ñ Ó Ú Ü
Elzevir No． 5



 ĚŇǨŠTU゚ÝŽ AÇÉEEE Ẽ








\section*{Elzevir Italic No． 5}

8 Point，áéiñóú äëiöü à èiò ù âêîou ç póy qृéęlísźz

 ÓU ÅÄÖ ゆ甲Ý ÀçEEE ÖƯ
12 Point，áéiñóu äëiöü à èiò ù âê̂̂ôự̧ ÅÄÖ ÀÇÈE ËEN

\section*{French Old Style No． 3}

6 Point，áéfñón äëiöü àèìò ù âê̂ôuçö ÁÉf̃ó Ú Ä

8 Point，á éiñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
 ËEN
 ÉŇǨŠŤU゚Y゙Z


\section*{Lining Fifteenth Century}
\(8,12,24,36\) and 48 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 and 18 Point，áéiñóú ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Fifteenth Century Italle
\(8,10,12,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，áéíñ ú \(^{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining German
\(6,8,9,10,11,12,14\) and 18 Point，åäö ü \(\emptyset ~ \AA \AA\) Ä Ö Ư \(\emptyset\)
Lining German No， 2
6 and 10 Point，åäöü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä ÖƯ \(\emptyset \quad 9\) Point，äö ii Ä Ö Ư

\section*{Mission}

6 Point，áéíñóú àåäöø ii \(\AA\) ÄÖø \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\) Ư
8 Point，á éíñóú åäöii \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{A} O ̈ \mathrm{O}\)
10 Point，á éíñó ú åäö \(\varnothing \tilde{\mathrm{N}} \emptyset \AA\) Ä Ö
12 Point，áéíñóú å äö \(\varnothing\) ui \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\) Ä Ö Ừ
I4 and I8，Point，áéíñó ú åäö \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Old Roman Bold}
\(6,8,10,12,14,18\) ，Point，áéíñó ú \(\emptyset \tilde{\mathbb{N}} \emptyset\)
Old Roman Condensed
\(6,8,10,12,14\) and 18 Point，ạo áéiñó ú äë̉̈öui àèìò ù Á

16 Point，áéíñóú äëïöü à èì ò ù \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Paragon}

6 Point，áé íñó ó äëïö ii à è ù âêîôû åçőî č d＇ě ř̌̌t＇ủýž








 í мิó Ú Ü

 Å ÄÒ ÀEEEEEN

\section*{Paragon Italic}

6 Point，áéiñóú ä ëjö ii à è ù âêîô û åç ÅÄÖ ÀÇEEE E \(\hat{\mathrm{E}} \mathrm{N}\)
 Ö ÀÇ良E E
 Å̈Ö ÀÇE E E E
 ÖÜ ÀÇ È Ë
 N \(\mathrm{A} \mathrm{E}_{1}\)


\section*{JOB TYPE ACCENTS}

Job Type Accents when ordered with a font will be charged at the same rate per pound as the font itself，and for accents so ordered there will be no minimum quantity or sort matrix charge．

Accents of any language when ordered separately will be charged at the same rate per pound as the font they match， same subject to minimum charge of 35 cents，but no sort matrix charge．
－Accents for Job Faces also put up in Fonts at weights and prices shown on page 743.
Unless otherwise stated orders for job type accent fonts will be furnished as follows：
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Bohemian á č d＇é ě \(\mathbf{f}\) ň ó ř š št ů ú ýž & Hungarian á é íóöőú ü ü & Polish
\[
\text { ąćęłnós źz } \dot{z} \text { Ą } \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{z}} \mathrm{E}
\] \\
\hline Danish and Norwegian æø \(\varnothing \emptyset\) & Icelandic & \begin{tabular}{l}
Portuguese \\
áã çé êiñooóô úü Ç
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Dutch
\(\ddot{y} \ddot{\mathrm{y}}\) & p ठ 甲 p & \begin{tabular}{l}
Spanish \\
áérñóúu \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline French & Italian & \\
\hline àâçéè ë ê î ï ô ù ü û ÀCE它E゙ É & à è íò ù À È İƠ Ư & \begin{tabular}{l}
Swedish \\
å ä \(̊\) Å Ö
\end{tabular} \\
\hline German & Lithuanian & Tagalo \\
\hline äö ü \(\AA\) Ö Ü &  & \(\overline{\mathrm{g}} \mathrm{G}\) G \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

We give below a complete list of accents made（up to the time of the issue of this book）for all the job type faces shown in this speciman book．


\section*{Antique Condensed No． 52}

12 and 20 Point，ÁÉf
14 Point， \(\mathbf{C} \widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)
18，30， 36 and 60 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
48 Point，Á É íN ÓU U̧
72 Point，ÁÉf̂̃óUú

Antique No． 7
\(51 / 2,6,8,10\) and 12 Point，á é íñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Antique No． 53}
\(51 / 2\) Point，áéfñóń äëïö ü à èiò ù âêîô û āēiō̄̄ ăěĭðŭ ã
 EIOU AEOCU ÃO ÅC
\(6,8,30\) and 36 Point，á éíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áéíñóú åäöü \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)


18 Point，áéíñóú åäö äỏ č d＇ěřšt＇ưýž äő ÁÉÍNÓÚ Ů

24 Point，áé íñóú ãõếç C \(\mathbb{N}\)
42 Point，áéíñóú åäö ÅÄÖ Ñ
Antique Condensed No． 55
14 and 18 Point，áéfñóú ÉN
30 Point，á éfinóú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，áéíñóú àäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö N
42 Point，áéfinóń ãõêoç Ç \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Antique Extended No． 53
14 Point，áéfinóú ÊN
18 Point，áéínóú ão êôç ÇÑ
24 Point，áéiñóú Ñ
Antique Extended No． 55
6 Point，áéfñóú äåöü ãōç ÅÄÖ ÇE Ẽ
8，10，and 12 Point，á éfnóú åäöü ÅÖÖ ÉN
16 Point，á éíñó ú åäö üø \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ư \(\emptyset\)
20 Point，áéfñón ãõêç ÇEN
30 Point，áéfinóú EN
Antique Extended No． 56
12，16，and 30 Point，áéfñó ú EN
20 Point，áéfñóú \(\mathfrak{N}\)
Arno No． 2
\(6,8,10,12,1824,30,36,48\) and 60 Point，á éiñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Bard} \\
\hline 6，8，10， 12 and 16 Point，á é íño ó ú \(\varnothing\) & EN \(\emptyset\) \\
\hline 20 Point，á éfinóú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\) & \\
\hline 24 Point，á éíñóú ãôêôü ç Ç⿵人 & \\
\hline 36 Point，á éf ñóú ôêôç Ç Ñ & \\
\hline 48 Point，áéfinóń ç ÇÑ & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Bard Open
12 and 24 Point， \(\mathrm{C} \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
16 Point，Á ÉfíN Ó Ú
36 and 48 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Barnhart Old Styie}
 8 Point，ạo áéiñóú ö üőčšýžt ÁÉÍN ÓƯƠUUCČŠŽ 10 Point，ạo áéíñó ú ëï iu à è ù âêîôu ç ÁÉíN Ó Ú Ư ÀÇ

 14 and 18 Point，ạo áéíñó ú ü ÁÉíN ÓUUU ẢéfN̄ó Ú Ü 24 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Bismarck}
\(6,8,10,12,16,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，ä ö iu Ä Ö Ù
30 and 36 Point，á éfñó ú äö ü Ä ÖŨ Ñ

\section*{Black Condensed No． 55}

14 Point，áéfinóú äö ü \(\varnothing \widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
18 Point，ä ö ï \(\varnothing \varnothing\)
24 Point，áéfñóú äö ü ão êô ç ÇÑ

\section*{Cadillac Condensed}
\(10,12,14,18,24,30,36,42,54\) and 60 Point，áéíñỏ ú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
Caledonian No． 5

 OUXAEIOŨ Ã ÕC
 A \(_{\text {E }} \mathrm{E}\) Ł




12，42，and 48 Point，áéíñóú ącę̧ńsźz A \(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{L} \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，áéfnóú ảäöü ąćęlńsíż ãõç Å ÃOUU ĄÇEも N

\section*{Carbon Text}

8 Point，á éíñó ú äöü ãõêoç \(\emptyset\) ÄÖ Ü \(\emptyset \tilde{\mathbb{N}}\)
10 Point，á é iñó úäö ü \(\varnothing\) ÄÖ Ứ \(\varnothing \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áé íñó ú ä öü \(\varnothing\) ÄÖ Ü \(\varnothing \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
14 Point，áéfñó ú äö ü \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
16 and 18 Point，á é íñó ú ä ö ii ã õêóçø ÄÖ Ừ ÇN \(\varnothing\)
24 Point，á é íñó ú äö ï âôếç \(\emptyset\) ÇEN ÄÖÜ \(\emptyset\)

\section*{Caslon Old Roman}






 STUYYŽ EIUOZU ÁÉCNóÚ




12 Point，áéfñóń äëïöü à èlò ù åçỏảạo ēị ÁÉfíNo
 EIU ÁÉiNóóU
 ÓÚ ČĎĚǨŠŤU゚ÝŽ AĆE E EŃŠ́Ż ÖÜ Ö Ư
 Ñ Ó ÚČĎĚǨŠŤ U゚ÝŽÅÄÖAĆE E





\(30,42,48,60\) and 72 Point，á é íñó ú ą ćę 1 ńśżż č d＇ě ř̌ št＇û ýž \(\mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{E}\) £ \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)


\section*{Caslon Old Roman Italic}

6 Point，áéiñóú äëïöü à èì̀̀̀̀̀ âêîôư å̧ ąć ęłńsźż

 E！！


 ëi ï åäö è ị ųế Á

12 Point，áéíñóúç ąćętńśźz č d＇ěřšt＇ủýy̌à äö ii ēju
 ƯÝZ̆ EI U U
14 Point，áéiñóú ąçęłńsźż čd＇ěřšt＇ủýž àçèê ù ÁÉÍN


ACCENTS

\section*{Caslon Old Roman Italic，Continued}



 ƯYZ EIU
 \(\AA\) Ä Ö
\(30,36,42\) and 48 Point，á éíñóń č d＇ěřšt＇ůýž \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Caslon Old Style}
 EEE Áió Ú Ữ
 Å ÄÖ ÁÉfÑÓUU Ư ÁEÑóÚU Ư
 ÅÖO ÁÍNÓÚU ÚÉíÑóÚU

 E E Ê
18 and 24 Point，äö ï \(\neq\) Ö Ư N
20 Point，ąćęłnósźz ĄEも
30 Point，äö ü Ä Ö Ü
36 Point，ąćęłnóśźż ĄEと

\section*{Caslon Old Style Italic}

8，12， 18 and 24 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
14 Point，ạ ạ áiñóńü ÁÉİNOUUU Ư
Castor
6 Point，á é iñó ú ÊN
\(8,10,12,18,24,36,48\) and 60 Point，á éiñóú ¢ CEEN

\section*{Catalog Old Style}

6 Point，áéiñó ú öðpý ÁEÉÑ Ú Ú ĐÖゆÝ



12 Point，åo áé́iñóú ą ęju çēčšžż סöpý ÁÉí̃ ó Ú Č Š ŻI ĐÖ
18 Point，á éfiñó ú åäöý ÁÉ́íN ƠƯ ÅÄÖÝ 24 Point，åäö \(\AA\) ÅÖ N
36 Point，á éíñóú ãõôćç ảäö Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}} \AA \AA \not \approx O ̈\)
42 and 48 Point，á éfñó í \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Circular Gothic No． 44}

6 and 12 Point，áéiñó ũ ãôôç ÇEN
8 Point，á éíñón çe EN
10 Point，á éíñó ú ãõê \(\operatorname{ç}\) à è ù ÁÉíN
18 Point，áéíñóú ÁEíÑ ÓU Ç
24 Point，áéínóúç Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Clarendon No． 5

 IÓU ĀEĪOU AĚ̌OU Ǔ Ã OCC


 T \(\varnothing\)
12 Point，á éfñóń aُäö ü ão̧ ¢̧ Å Ö Ư Ç̃̃
16 Point，á éf inó ú aäö ü ãõ ¢ \(\AA\) Ä Ö ƯÇ ÉN
18 Point，á éíñó ú åäö ii \(\AA\) ÅÖU U \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
20 Point，á éínóó \(\mathbf{E} \hat{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，á éíñóú č d’ěř̌̌ ť t̛̉ ýž ãõêôç ÇÑ
Clarendon Extra Condensed No． 5
6， 10 and 36 Point，á éf ñ ó ú \(\hat{\mathbf{N}}\)
8 Point，á éf ĩó ú ç Ç \(\mathbb{N}\)
12 and 30 Point，á éiñó ó ã õ ü c C C \(\tilde{N}\)
18 Point，á éiñớú ÉN

\section*{Club}

6，8，10， 60 and 72 Point，á éfiñ ó ú à çè ê ù \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
\(12,18,36\) and 48 Point，á é íñó ú ảäö à c è ề ù \(\AA\) ÄƠ Ñ

Composite Condensed No． 5
14 Point，ä ö ü
18 and 42 Point，á éiñó ú äöü \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，á éfñóú äöü ç Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)
6 Point，ÉN
Condensed No． 51
8 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
9 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö Ç \(\overline{\mathbf{N}}\)
10，11，20，and 30 Point， \(\mathrm{C} \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，ÁE ÉN \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\) Ó Ů Ä ÖC
14 Point，ÁÉíN ÓU ŮÄÖ Ã ƠÇ ĄCEもŃSŹŻ
18 Point，Á Éf Ñ ÓU Å ÄÖ

Condensed No． 53
12 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
16 Point，C

\section*{Condensed No． 54}

6 Point，áéñ̃óú ãõ êoç ÇÉN
 єáóg ạụaou essx \(\mathbb{N}\)
 åçe áóg ạ ụ ạu esnx Å ÄÖ Ç N
12 Point，áéíñóú ãō êô üç Ç \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
14 Point，áéíñó ú ảäö ãõ êóç ÁÉíÑ Ú Ú ÅÄOC Ç


20 Point，áéfñóú åäö ÁÉfÑ Ú ÅÄÖ
24 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，áéíñóú ÇÑ
36 Point，áéfiñóú ÇÑ


\section*{Cosmos}

12 Point，áéfñó ú ë ïü à è ù â êîôûç ÇEÑ
18 Point，á éiñó ú ãõ êóç ÇE ÉN
24 Point，áéfñóńãõ ü c ÇÉN

Degree Gothic No． 1
8，10，12，Point，áéiñóñ ÉN \(\overline{\mathrm{g}}\)
16 Point，áéiñóú ¢ Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
20 Point，áéiñóú \(\overline{\mathrm{g}}\) E \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \widetilde{\mathrm{G}}\)
24 Point，áé́ĩóú \(\overline{\mathrm{g}} \widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \widetilde{\mathrm{G}}\)
Degree Gothic No． 2
6 Point Pearl Face，á éiñóń ÁE íÑoú Ãơ̂êÛ Ç



12 Point，á éíñóú ã õê ôç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{g}}\) ÇE \(\mathbb{N} \widetilde{\mathrm{G}}\)

\section*{Dennison Script}
\(14,18,24,36\) ，and 48 Point，áéiñóń \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
Design
\(6,8,10,12,18,24,30,36\) ，and 54 Point，áé iñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
De Vinne Bold
\(6,8,10,12,24,30,36,48\) ，and 60 Point，áéiñóń \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)


\section*{De Vinne Compressed}

6 and 8 Point，áéfino ón åäö àçè ê ì č d＇ěř̌̌ t＇ựýž ÁÉíN

 Ú ÅÄÖÖÜ Č ĎĚǨŠTY ƯÝZ

\section*{De Vinne Compressed．Continued}
 \(\AA\) ÄƠU Ủ Č Ď Ě Ǩ Š Ť U゚ÝŽ
14 Point，áéíñóńà çèề ù č d＇ěǐŠt＇ůýž ÁEÉNÓÚ ČĎEZ ŘŠTƯY さ̌

 24 Point，áé íñó ú åäö à çè ê ì č č d＇ěř Št＇ůýž ÅÄÖ Ñ 30 and 60 Point，áéf ñó ú à çè ê ù č d＇ěř št＇ủýž 36 Point，áéfiñó ú åäö \(\varnothing\) àçèe ê ù č d＇ěř̌̌t＇ự́y̌z ÅÄÖ Ñ \(\varnothing\) 48 and 72 Point，á éíñóú åäö àçèe è ù čd＇ěř̌̌t＇ůýž ÅÄNÖ

\section*{DeVinne Extra Compressed}

10,18 ，and 24 Point，áéf ñóú ä ëiö ü à è ù â êîô̂û ãõ ç ÇÑ 12 Point，áéfnó ú ëiiu à à ù â êî̂ô û ã ç ÇN
 48,60 and 72 Point，á éfinóń äö ü ãõ àçè ê ù ÇÑ

\section*{Dewey No． 5}
\(6,8,10,12,18,24,36,48,60\) and 72 Point，áéfinó í \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Elzevir No． 5}

6 Point，á éfnóń äëïïöii à èiò̀̀ âê̂̂ôûçöí \(\AA\) Éfõ Ú


 ĎĚ Ň ŘŠŤ̛̛ÝŽ Áçè ÉEEE N





14 Point，áéfñóń à âçèe êêîio ù üǔ AÇÈEEZE Ñ ÁíOÚ

20 Point，áéiñóú à çèe ù \(\mathbf{E} \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，áéínóú àçèêù CEEN
36 Point，áéiñóúñõ à çèêù ui ÇEN
48 Point，á éfñóú à çè ê ù \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Elzevir Italic No． 5}




 E゙も

\section*{Engravers Roman Condensed}

6 Point Nos．1， 2 and 3，ÁE íN OÚƯ Ư
6 Point No．4，10， 18 and 24 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö N

\section*{Engravers Title}

6 Point No．1， 8 Point No．3， 10 Point No．5，and 12 Point No． 7，ÄÖ Ü N
6 Point No．1̌2， 6 Point No．2， 8 Point No．4， 10 Point No．6， 12 Point No．8，14， 18 and 24 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Expanded No． 4}

6 Point，áéfinóú ÊN
8,10 and 16 Point，á éf ñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 and 20 Point，áéiñóú åäö ãõ êốçç Å ÄƠÇN
Expanded No． 5
6 Point，áé íñóú \(\varnothing\) EÑ \(\emptyset\)
8 Point，áéínóú ÉN
 Ť ƯY̌̃
10 and 16 Point，áéfñóú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Extra Condensed No． 56}

8 Point，áéfinóú åäö ãôêôç ÅÖÇE Ẽ 10 Point，á éiñóú åäö ÅÄÖE N
12 Point，áéínóú ảäö ãōêôüç ÅÄÖ ÇEN
18 Point，á é í ñó ú E N
20 Point，áéíñóú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，áéíñóń ảäö ÅÄÖ Ñ
36 Point，áéínóú ãô êôü ç ÇN
42 and 54 Point，á éíñón ääö \(\widetilde{N}\)

\section*{Faust Text}
\(8,10,12,18,24\) and 36 Point，á é íñón ń \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{French Old Style No． 3}

6 Point，áéíñó ú ä ëïö ï à èìò ù âêîồn çỏ ÁÉ íN Ơ Ú

8 Point，áéiinióú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，á é íńóń äëïö ü à è ìò ù âê̂îoûçő ÄOUU ACE E Ë E
 Ě N゙ ŘŠT ƯÝZ


\section*{French Old Style No． 56}

6 Point，AÉ̂́N ÓU ÄÖUU O AÇÈE Ê
8，9，10， 30 and 48 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
12 Point，ÀCééèễ
14 Point，C \(\widetilde{\mathbb{N}}\)
18 Point，E N
24 and 36 Point，ÇEN

\section*{French Plate}

14 and 36 Point，áé iñóú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
18， 24 Point No．1， 24 Point No．2，and 30 Point，áéiñóú à çè ề̀ \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{French Title}

8 Point，áéíñóú à è ù çêû č d＇ěy̌ Št＇ůýž ÇE





18 Point，à ç èéêu čšžáíñón d＇ěřt＇ůý ÁÉfĩ̃Ú
24 Point，áéíñóú àçè ê û čšž d＇ěřt＇ủý N
20 and 30 Point，áésñóú ç č d’ěřšt＇ủýž ÇEN
36 and 48 Point，áé iñó ú à çè û čd＇ěřŠt＇ůýž ÇÉN

72 Point，áéíñóú àçè û č d＇ěř̌̌t＇ưýž ÇE EN
96 Point，áéfinóńà àçè âč d＇ěř̌̌t＇ůýž \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{German Title Condensed No． 5}
\(6,10,14\) and 16 Point，åäö ü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä Ö \(\emptyset\)
12 Point，દ́亻́ñóú åäöü \(\varnothing\) ÅÄƠ Ư \(\emptyset \widetilde{\mathbb{N}}\)
20 and 30 Point，åäöüø á éíñó ú \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü \(\emptyset \tilde{N}\)
24 Point，å äö ü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä Ơ Û \(\varnothing\)
36 Point，áéfñóú äöö \(\varnothing \widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
48 and 60 Point，äö ï \(\varnothing ~ \emptyset\)
72 Point，ä ö ü

\section*{Gothic Compressed No． 8}

10 Point，áéínóú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
\(12,14,18,24,30,36,48,54,60\) and 72 Point，áé́iñóú àçè ê ù Ñ Gnard
\(6,8,12,18,24,30,36\) and 48 Point，áéiñón ÊN
10 Point，áéíñó ú à ç è ê ù ÉÑ

\section*{Hecla}

10 and 24 Point，áéíñóú àçèê \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 and 16 Point，áéiñóú àçèe EN N
30，36， 48 and 60 Point，á éíñóú ÊN
－Hugo No． 5
\(6,8,10,12,18,24,30,36,48,60\) and 72 Point áéíñón \(\hat{\mathrm{N}}\)

ACCENTS

\section*{Inclined DeVinne}

6, 8, 10, 18, 24, 36 and 48 Point, áéiñóú ãõ àçèề̀ì Çर्N 12 Point, áéíñóú ãõ àçèêù ü ÇÉEN
14 Point, àçè éê ù \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
30,42 and 60 Point, à çè é ê ù
Inclined Gothic No. 120
6 Point No. 1201 and 1202, Á ÉfÑ Ú Ũ Õ Ê ÓC 6 Point No. 1203, ÁÉ íN Ó Ư Ơ̂ ÔÇ
6 Point No. 1204, C N N
8, 10, 12, 16 and 24 Point, Ç N

\section*{Kaiser}

10 Point, á é ínóú ảäö ü \(\AA\) Å Ö Ü N
8 and 12 Point, áéínó ú åäö ü à çèêù \(\varnothing \AA \AA\) Ä Ü \(\tilde{N} \emptyset\)
14, 16, 24, 30 and 36 Point, á éíñóú åäöü ÅÄÖ Ữ \(\widetilde{N}\)
18 Point, áéiñóú åäöü à çè ê ù \(\AA\) Å Ö Ü \(\hat{N}\)
Latin Condensed No. 1
10 Point, ạo áéiñó ú åäö àçè ề̀ ÅÄÖN
12 Point, áéíñóú åäö àçè ề ù ÅÄÖN \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\) E
18 Point, áéíñóú åäö ü ã ठ̂ à ç è ù Å ÄÖÇÑ
24 Point, áéíñóú åäö ãōô̂è àçè ù \(\varnothing \AA \AA\) ÄÖÇÑ É \(\varnothing\)
36 Point, ạ á áéñóú ảäö̀ü ãōç \(\AA\) ÄÖÇN
48 Point, áéíñóú åäö ü ãõç àçè ê ù Å̈̈ÖÇÉN
60 Point, áéinóú E N
72 Point, á éíñóú åöä Å ÄƠ EN Ñ
Latin No. 5
30 Point, áéiñóú ENN
36 Point, áéíñóu ü EN
48 Point, á éíñóú äö ī \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
Latin No. 52
12, 20 and 36 Point, ÁÉf Nó Ú
16 and 48 Point, \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
42 Point, Ç \(\mathbb{N}\)
Law Italic No. 5
10, 12 and 14 Point, á éíñó ú EXN
Legal Italic No. 5
8 and 12 Point, áéíñóúçč d'ě ř̌̌t'ůýž ÇÑ
10 Point, áéíñóú č d'ě ř̌̌st'ủýž \(\widehat{N}\)
Lightface Gothic No. 45
6, 8, and 12 Point, ÇÉN
10 Point, ÁÉfíNóÚ
14 and 18 Point, Á É f̂N Ó Ú Ç
20 Point, \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point, Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lightface No. 7}

6 Point, áéfñóú äö î \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point, áéiño óú ãõêôç ÁE
10 Point, á éíñó ú ãoçcü Ç N
12 Point, áéíñón ãõ êô ûçü ÇÉN Ư
 ēīágóçs ÇÑ U
20 and 30 Point, áéíñó ú ãōêoç Ç N
24 Point, áéiñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lightface No. 54
6,20 and 24 Point, \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

10 Point, ÇENUU
14 Point, Ç U U
18 Point, Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lightface Post}
\(6,8,24,36\) and 72 Point, áéiñó ú \(\hat{\mathrm{N}}\)


\section*{Light Latin}

6, 8, 18 and 30 Point, áéíñó ú EXN 10 Point, áéíñóú àçè ê \(\hat{1}\) EN
12 Point, áéíñó ú àçèêè ù \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
36 and 48 Point, áéiñóú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Light Warren}

6 Point, á éiñóú àâçèêëîî́òü û ÇN
8 and 48 Point, áéíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
\(12,18,24\) and 36 Point, áéínó ú ãõêôç ÇÑ

\section*{Lining Acme}
\(6,8,10,12\), and 18 Point, áéf ñóú \(\varnothing\) Ễ̃ \(\varnothing\)
24 Point, ạo áéfñóúç Ç \(\mathbb{N}\)
30 Point, áéfĩóú

\section*{Lining Aldine}

5 Point, áéfinóú åäö ç \(\AA\) ÄÖ ÇÉN






 Ư ÝŽ


 ŠTU゚ÝŽ




20 Point, áé́inóú åäöç à è ê ù ÅÄÖ ÇEN
30 Point, áéíñóń ãõçü ąćélńsźż à è ê ù Ą \(\mathrm{E}_{\ell}\) E EN
36 Point, á éiñóú àçèề E EN
42 Point, á éíñóú åäö EN
48 Point, áéínóú EN
Lining Aldine Condensed
6 Point, á éiñóú äöö ÅÄÖ N
8 Point, á ésiñóú à çèêù \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point, áéíñó ú ã ô êôç ü à è ù ÇN
12 and 16 Point, áéíñóú àçè ê ù \(\tilde{\tilde{N}}\)
14 Point, á é íñó ú åäö ü ãō êóç à è ù \(\AA\) ÅÖÇN
18 Point, áéíñóú à çè ê ù \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point, á éíñó ú zäö à ç è ê ù \(\AA\) ÅÖ \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point, áéíñóú ã ơç ü à èề ç ÇN
36 Point, áéfnóú åäö ü ãōç à è ê ù Å ÄÖ ÜÇN
48 Point, áéíñóú āōêôçü ÇÑ
Lining Anglo

18 Point, áéínóú ÉN
24 Point, á éíñóú āōêôç ÇEN
Lining Antique Condensed
8 and 20 Point, áéiñó ú ÉN
10 Point, áéíñóú çü ÇE EN
12 Point, áéíīóú ãôç \(\widetilde{A}\) ƠÇẼ
14 Point, áéiñóú ãôêoç ÂÉ̂Ñ ÓU ŨÕ̂ÔÇ
16 Point, áéíñóú āōçü ÇEN
Lining Antique No. 6
6 Point, áéiñóú ãõêôç ÇÑ
8 Point, á éiñó ú ā \(\bar{e} \bar{i} \bar{o} \bar{u}\) ŭ \({ }^{\text {S }}\) EN
10 Point, ạo áéiñón ÉN
 18 and 36 Point, áéíñóú c Ç \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
24 and 30 Point, á éiñó ú \(\hat{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Antique Pointed}

14 and 24 Point，á éiñóú åäö \(\AA \not ̊ O ̈\) Ö
\(18,30,36\) and 48 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Arcade
\(6,8,10,14,18\) and 24 Point，Á Éf Ñ Ú
36 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
54 Point，C \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Archer}

12，14， 30 and 60 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
24 Point，áéiñóú ãõè oç ÇN
42 Point，á éiñóú ãõ ê ôçü ÇN

\section*{Lining Bank Script}


24 Point，á éíñóú à è ù ão ô ĉ ç ii ÇN

Lining Bank Script No． 2
14，24， 36 and 48 Point，á éíñó ú ã \(\begin{gathered}\text { êoç Ç } \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\end{gathered}\)

Lining Bank Script No． 3
18 Point，áéiñóú ÁẾ̃̃ ÓU ÇÊÔO
24 and 48 Point，á é íño ó ú ÇN
36 Point，á éiñớú ç Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)
Lining Bisque
10 Point，ÉE
12 Point，ÁẾN Ñ Ú
\(18,20,36,48,60\) and 72 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，ÇE EN
Lining Bisque No． 2
12 Point，áéíñóú à çè ê ù ÉN
14 Point，áéíñóú àçè ê ù ÁEíÑ Ó Ú
\(20,24,42,48,72\) and 84 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，áéíñóú ãõçü CEEN
60 Point，áéíñó ú ãõçü ÇÑ
Lining Caligraph No． 2
12 Point，áéiñó ú åäö \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Celtic No． 1
6，8，12， 14 and 18 Point，Á ÉíN Ó Ú
10 and 30 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Chamfer
24 and 48 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Concave}

6 and 36 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
10 and 18 Point，Â É í Ñ Ó Ư Ç
12 and 24 Point， \(\mathrm{C} \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，Â É í Ñ Ơ Ú

\section*{Lining Congo}
\(8,10,16,24,30\) and 36 Point，á é ín ó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
42 Point，á éíñó ú Ç N

\section*{Lining De Vinne}

 TƯイ̛で EIU
 ěř̌̌t＇ủýže eit





\section*{Lining \(\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{e}}\) Vinne，Continued}



14 Point，áéíñóń åäö à è ù çêø ąćęłnisź żēị u ÅÄÖ̃ \(\varnothing\) AEしIU




30,60 and 72 Point，áé í ñó ú åäỏ à è ù çêø \(\AA \AA\) ÄÖN \(\overline{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
36 Point，áéínóú åäö à è ù çêø ąćęłńśżēju ÅÄÖN \(\emptyset\) Ą \(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{C}}\) も




Lining Doric
6 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 and 14 Point，á éiñó ú
30 Point，áéíizó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
42 Point，á éíñóú ÉN

\section*{Lining Engravers Roman}
 Î Ô Û
 Â Ê
6 Point No．3，ÁÉÍN OÚ Å ÄÖ À È Ì Ò Ù Î ÔC ËÜ ÊU

18 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，ÁÉ íN ÓU U̧

\section*{Lining Egyptian Extended}
\(8,10,24,36\) and 48 Point，á é íñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 and 18 Point，áéíñó ú ÉN

\section*{Lining Egyptian Extra Condensed}
\(14,18,36,42\) and 60 Point，á é í ñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，áéíñóú ã ô êô ç Ç \(\widehat{N}\)
48 Point，á éíñón ãôêôçü ÇÑ
72 Point，áéíñóú ü \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Emerald}

6， 8 and 14 Point，á éiñó ú à è ù ãōêôç ÇÉN
10 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ù ãôêç Å ÅỚÇÉN
20 Point，á éíñó ú à è ù ãõêç ÉN
24 Point，áéíñóú à è ù çe ÇÉN
36 and 48 Point，áéíñó ú à è ù çê ÉN
Lining Facade Condensed
14， 24 and 60 Point，á éí ñ ó ú åäö \(\AA\) ÄÖ N
30， 42 and 84 Point，á éíñóú ảäö éčšž \(\AA\) Ä Ö Ñ 36， 54 and 72 Point，áéíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

Lining Facade Condensed No． 1
\(12,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Fair}

10，12， 14 and 30 Point，áéfinóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 and 42 Point，áéíñó ú ç ÇÑ
Lining Fair Open
14 and 30 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 and 42 Point，áéíñóú ç Ç Ñ
Lining Fifteenth Century
\(8,12,24,36\) and 48 Point，áéf ñóń \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 ，and 18 Point，áéíñóú ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Fifteenth Century Italic
\(8,10,12,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，áéínóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining French Antique Extended}

6 and 8 Point，áé ín ó ú ãõêoç \(\emptyset\) ÇÉN \(\emptyset\)
10， 16 and 20 Point，áé íñó ú ÉN
14 Point，áéíñóú ç à è ề ù ÇEN Ñ
24 Point，áéíñón \(\tilde{N}\)

\section*{Lining French Clarendon}

6 and 8 Point，áéiñó ú ãōêoç ÇEN
10 Point，áéíñóú ö ü ãõêoç \({ }^{\text {b }}\) ÇÉEN
14 Point，áéíñóú ö ü āōêoçơ ÇÉN
24 Point，áéíñó í ư ãōêôç č d’ěřš st＇ůýž ÁÉfíN Ó Ú č D̀ ĚǨ ŠŤ U゚ÝŽ
30 and 36 Point，áéiñóú ü ãôêç ÇÊN
48 Point，á éincó ú N
Lining German Title
\(6,8,9,10,14,18\) and 24 Point，å ä ö ü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä Ö Ư \(\emptyset\)
12 Point，äö ü ÄÖ Ü
30 and 36 Point，ä ö ü \(\emptyset\) Ä Ö Û \(\emptyset\)
48 Point，äö ï \(\varnothing\) ÄOUU \(\emptyset\)

\section*{Linling Gothic No． 47}

8 Point，áéíñó ú äö ii à è ù ąęiuçēêčšż á申 ÄÖỨEN

10 Point，áéiñóú ääöùàè̀̀çê ąćę ńśźż âš \(\AA\) ÄÖÜ É \(\tilde{N} \varnothing \mathrm{AF}_{2} \mathrm{~L}\)


14，and 24 Point，áéíñó ú ăäö ü \(\AA\) ÄÖU U N
18 Point，á éíñóú śäö ii \(\AA\) ÄÖU甘 ÉN
20 Point，áé íñó ú åäö üč d＇ěř̌̌t＇ưýž \(\AA\) Ä ÖƯN
36 Point，á éíñóủ åäö č d＇ěř̌̌ \(t^{\prime}\)＇ůýž ÅÄÖ Ñ
48 and 60 Point，áéiñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Gothic No． 60}

6，8 and 10 Point，áéiñó ú åäö ÁÉíN OÚ ÅÄÖ
12 Point，áéiñóú áäö ãõ êoç \(\AA \AA\) Ä ƠÇ
18 and 30 Point，á éíñó ú åäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö Ñ
24 Point，áéiñóú åäö ï ãōê6ç \(\AA\) ÅÖç
36 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
48 Point，áéíñóú à è ão ç ü û Ç N
60 and 72 Point，á éiiñó ú à èç û \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Gothic．Title No． 60
6 Point No．602，and 604，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point No． 606 and 607 ，ÁÉ f̂̃ \(\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{U}}\) Å ÄÖ
10 Point，ÅÄÖÇN
14 and 20 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)
30,54 and 60 Point，\(\subset \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
42 Point，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Gothic No． 71
6 Point，áéíñó ú åäö à è ù çê \(\AA \AA \nexists O Z \tilde{N}\)
8 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ùçê ącę̧lńsźż ÅÄÖN AEEも 10 Point，á éíñóú åäö à è ù çêø \(\AA\) ÃÖN \(\varnothing\)
 Č ĎĚ Ǩ ŠŤU゚ÝŽ


24 Point，á éíñón áä ö à è ùçê ącę

30 Point，á éíñóú åäö \(\AA\) ÄÖ \(\bar{N}\)
36 Point，áéiñóú åäö ç \(\AA\) ÄÖÇ \(\bar{N}\)
48 Point，à çè é éê ù
Lining Gothic No． 82
6 Point，áéiñóú áäö ÁEfN \(\sigma\) Ú ÅÄÖÇ
8 Point，áéíñó ú åäö à çè ê ù \(\AA\) Ä Ö \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áéfiñóú åäö àçè ê ù ÁÉfÑóU ÅÄËlOUU ÀE


\section*{Lining Gothic No．82，Continued}

12 Point，áé íñó ú åäö \(\AA\) Ä ÖÇÑ \(\varnothing\)
14 Point，áéíñó ú à çè ê ù Ñ \(\varnothing\)
18 and 24 Point，á é íñó ú åäö à çè ê ù \(\AA \AA \not \approx O O N\)
30 Point，áéíñóú àçèê ù ÁÉf̃̃ ÓU Ũ ̃̃ ÊOC
36 Point，áéíñóú áäö à çè ê ù \(\AA\) ÄÖÇ \(\widetilde{N}\)
48 Point，áéínóú C \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
60 Point，áéíñóú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Gothic Titie No． 82
6 Point No．621，Á Éfĩ ÓÚC Ç
6 Point No． 622 and No．623，ÁE ETNÓÚ
6 Point No．624，AÉ íN ÓÚ Å ÄÖÇ
6 Point No． \(625, \AA\) Ä Ö Ñ

10 Point，\(\AA\) Ä ÖÇ \(\bar{N} \emptyset\)
12 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}} \emptyset\)
16 and 20 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö N
18 and 54 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

30 Point，\(\AA\) Ä ÖÇ \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
36 Point，Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Gothic No． 90
6 Point，áéíñóú ãoççi C CN
8 Point，áéíñóú áäö \(\AA\) Ă ÖN


18，24，30， 36 and 48 Point，áéíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
20 Point，áéíñóú ÊN
Lining Gothic Title No． 90
6 Point，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point No． \(901, \AA\) Ã Ö \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point No． \(902 \AA\) Ä Ö É Ñ Ą E も
10 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö \(\overline{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
\(14,20,24,30\) and 42 Point，\(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
18 Point，ÉN
Lining Gothic No． 111
6，8 and 12 Point，áéinnó ú à è ùçê č d＇ěř̌̌ t＇ủýž ÁÉf̃̃̃

10 Point，áéíñó ú åäö à è ùçê č d＇ěřšt＇ủýž ÁÉíNÓÚ Á ÄÖ Č Ď Ě ǨŠŤ U゚Y̌̌
14 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ùçe \(\AA \AA \ddot{A}\) ÖN
18， 24 and 30 Point，á éiñóú à è ù çe ê \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
36 and 48 Point，áćíñó ú à è ùçê č d＇ěřšt＇ůýž Ñ ÁÉÍÓU

60 Point，áéíñóú à è ù ãõçê ü čd＇ěř̌̌t＇ůýž ÇÑ ÁÉÍÓ Ú


\section*{Lining Gothic No． 117}




 ĎĚ ŘŠT ƯÝŽ ÅÄ Ư
10 Point，áéíñóú ö ü à è ù ãõê̂çő ącęlñsíż č d＇čň̌̌̌̌ št
 Y̌Z AÄÖ Ü Ơ Ư EIU
 ůy̌ž å







\section*{JOB TYPE}

ACCENTS

\section*{Lining Gothic No．117．Continued}




 ǨŠTU゚Y̌Z EIIU ŃSŹŻ

 Ủ ƯƠOU


48 and 60 Point，áéínóú ąCelúsíz AEも \(\mathbb{N}\)
 EN A E E



 źz ÉNÇEEEA ĄとE

Lining Gothic Title No． 117
 Ž ÅA ETU
 Ž Å Å U
 U OU EIU


12 and 60 Point，ÉN ACEECC̀ËE Ê
 U゚Y̌̌ Ét U
 ERSTTƯYŽ EIU
 NSŻ


42 Point，A E \(£ \tilde{\mathrm{~N}}\)
48 Point，C ÉN ĄEモ
54 Point，ÉNÇE ÊE Ą E


\section*{Lining Grant}

8 and 10 Point，áéíñóú ëïii à è ù âêîô̂u ç ącęłńśźż Ç N \(\mathrm{A}_{2} \mathrm{~F}_{\ell}\) も
12 Point，áéíñóú ącę̧ńśśz Ą \(\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{z}}\) モ Ñ
14 Point，áéíñóú ąäö ąćę的售文 ÅÄOBEN

 OAEECEN


36 Point，áéíñó ú ää ącęlniśzí ÅÄÖ Ą \(\mathrm{F}_{\varepsilon}\) モN

54 Point，áéíñó ú ÉN
60 Point，áćiñóú ç ąćęlísźż Ç \(\mathbb{N}\) Ą \(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}}\)

\section*{Lining Grace Script}

30 Point Nos． 1 and 2，áéínóú ãõêôç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Hazei Script}

14 Point，áéínóú ãoç \(\overline{\mathrm{g}} \subset \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
18 Point，áéíñóú à è ù ãoçç ąćę！nśźż ĄEともŚz Ñ
 36 Point，áéíñóú ãoc c \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Hazlett Script}

12 Point，áéiñóú āōêôç ÁÉf̛̃́ Ú Ãõ ÊOÇ 18 Point，áéiñóú EN

Lining Ionic
6， 20 and 24 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point，áéíñó ú EN
10 Point，áéíñó ú åäö ãōê̂ç \(\AA\) ÅÖÇÉÑ Ó
12 Point，áéínó ú ãōçü ÇÉN
14 Point，á é íño ó ú ảäö iu āō êcôçőø ü č d＇ěň ř š t＇ûýy̆ ÁẾ Ñ Ó Ú Å Ä Ö ÜÇ \(\emptyset\) ƠU Č ĎĚǨŠT ƯY Y̌
16 Point，á é iñó ú ë ï î à è ì ù âêî 6 ûç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) AÇè Ë E
Lining Jewel Script
18 Point，áéiñóú ç ãō ÇÑ
24 Point，áéiñóń ç Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)

\section*{Lining Lakeside Script}

12， 18 and 24 Point，áéíñó ú \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Light Modern}

30 Point，áéíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
42 Point，áéíñóú ã ōê \(\widehat{6}\) Ç

\section*{Lining Menu}

6 Point No．1，ÁÉ̂́N Ó Ú ÃÔếÇ È Ë
6 Point No． 2 and 12 Point No．6，ÁÉ̂́N Ó Ú Ã Ô Ê Ô Ç È Ë Ư 6 Point No．3， 10 Point No． 5 and 12 Point No．7，Ç ÉE Ë ÊN


\section*{Lining Modern Antique}
\(6,8,20,42\) and 48 Point，á éiño ó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，ạo áéínóúc̈̈̈ï à à âê̂ôûç EN
12，Point，áéiñóń ÉN
18 and 30 Point，áéíñó ú åäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö Ñ
Lining Moorish
14 and 24 Point， \(\mathrm{C} \overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
18 and 36 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Moorish Open
14 and 24 Point， \(\mathrm{C} \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
18 and 36 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Myrtle Script}

24 Point，đéiñóu ãô êoç ï čd＇ěřšt＇íýž Ç̃̃

\section*{Lining Nadall}

12， 18 and 24 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Nestor Script
\(12,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，áéíño ón ãõ êôçü Ç N
Lining Norman Condensed
8，10， 20 and 24 Point，\(\tilde{N}\)
12 and 16 Point，ÁÉf N ÓU
36 Point，Ç \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Oblique Gothic
6，8， 10 and 14 Point，áéínó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
20 and 30 Point，áéíñó ú ç Ç Ñ
Lining Pantagraph Script
12 and 60 Point，á ííñóú ã ôêç ÇN
18 Point，áéíñóú ãō êôç ü Ç \(\tilde{N}\)
24 Point，áéínó ú ãôê̂ç àè ù ÇN
36 Point，áéiñó ú ãõê̂oç cui à è ù \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
48 Point，áéiñóú ão ôôçỉ à è ù Ç̃̃

\section*{Lining Plate Gothic}

6 Point No．1，and 6 Point No．2，ÁÉfÑ Ú Ç ÄËl̉OU À

 Ô Û

\section*{Lining Plate Gothic，Continued}

6 Point No．4， 10 Point No．7， 12 Point No． 9 and 14 Point，Á É ÍNó Ứ AÇEL
 Ô Û
 Ô U
18 and 24 Point，Á É íNơ Ư Á \(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{L}\)

\section*{Lining Plate Script}

14 Point，áéíñó ú à è ù ãõê̂́ç ąćę lńśziz č d＇ěřšt＇ůýz̆ g Ą \(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{LC} \subset \tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) ČS


24 Point，áéíñóú ä ëïü à è ù âê̂̂̂ồ ãõ ç ąćę nńsźż č d＇ě

 N \(\mathrm{A}_{2} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}}\) モ
48 Point，áéíñó ú äë iö ü à è ù âê̂îo û č d’ěř̌̌ t＇ůýž \(\bar{g} \quad C ̧ \tilde{N}\)
Lining Plate Script No． 2
14 Point，áéíñóú AEもCTN

24 Point，áéiñóú A E Ł S ṠCCN
36 and 48 Point，áéíñóú Ç

\section*{Lining Plate Script No． 3}


24 Point，áéiñ ó ú A \(\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{L}} \mathrm{L}\) SŻÇN
36 and 48 Point，áéíñóú ÇN

\section*{Lining Premier Script}

14 and 36 Point，áéíñó ú Ç \(\mathbb{N}\)
18 and 48 Point，áeéínó ú āōêôçü ÇN
． 24 Point，áéiñóú ãōêôç ü ÇN
Lining Premier Script No． 2
48 Point，áéíñóú Ç \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Pxincess Script}

12 and 18 Point，áéíñóú ãõ Ç Ç
24 Point，áéiñóú ãõç Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Princeton
14 Point，áéíñó ú ë ü \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
18， 24 and 36 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Racine}

6 Point No． 1 and 2 ； 12 and 24 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
8 Point，C \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
10 Point，ÉN
18 Point，Á É í Ñ Ó Ư

\section*{Lining Racine Circular}

8 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áéínóń ä ëö ü à è ò ù âêîôu̧ Ç \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéiñón \(\hat{E} \overline{\mathrm{~N}}\)
14 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Remington
10 Point，áéíñóú åäö ü ÅÄÖU U N
Lining Remington No． 2

 ČĎĚ ŘŠŤ̆ÝY̌

\section*{Lining Remington No． 6}

12 Point，á é í ūó ú åäö ïâ ãōêôç \(\varnothing\) ēj ụ ąć ęłńsíž č d＇êřšt＇
 ĆḊ Ě Ǩ ŠT U゚YŽ

Lining Remington No． 7


\section*{Lining Runic}

10 Point，áéíñó ú åäö à è ùçê \(\AA\) ÅÖ \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12， 18 and 24 Point，áéíñó ú à è ù çê \(\tilde{\mathbb{N}}\) 14 Point，áéiñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
30 and 54 Point，á éi ñóú à çèê ù \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
42 Point，à çè é é ù
Lining Southey
\(6,8,10,14,24,30,36,48\) and 72 Point，áéíñ ó ú \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\) 12 and 18 Point，\(\overline{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Spenser}

6 Point No．1，8，10，12，18，24，30，36， 48 and 60 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Lining Standard Script}

14,18 and 24 Point，áéíñóúä ëïöii à èiò ù âêîô ũ ãõç ÇN 36 Point，á éíñóń ãõç à è ê ù ÇÑ
48 Point，áéíñóú äö ì ò ãç ÇN
Lining Steelplate
12， 18 and 24 Point，ÁéfíÑ Ú Ç
Lining Sterling
6 and 8 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，À È ì Ñ Ò Ù
12 and 20 Point，\(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
24 Point，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
30,36 and 42 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Lining Tasso
6 and 12 Point，EN
8， 10 and 24 Point，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Tasso No． 2
8 and 14 Point，áéíñó ú ÉN
10 and 12 Point，à èinnòù \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Umbra
18， 24 and 36 Point，C \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Lining Utility Gothic
6 Point No．2，ÁÉíñó Ú ÃÕ̂O C
6 Point No．3，ÁÉíN ÓU Ũ ÕÈÔÛC
6 Point No．12，\(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
6 Point No．13；Áé í Ñ Ó Ú ÅÄỠ Ãôê Ô Ç
6 Point No．14，ÁÉf Ñ ÓU A ÄÖÜ Ãơ̂ê Ç

\section*{Lining Venetian}

10 Point，áéiñóó \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéíñóúäöü č d＇ěř̌̌t＇ủýž É Ñ
13 Point，áéiñóú ãõeôç ÇÉN
Lining Wide Spenser
\(6,12,18,24\) and 30 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，Á É Í Ñ Ó Ú
Luxor No． 5
6，8， 24 and 36 Point，á éiñó ú àçè ê ù \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
10,12 and 18 Point，áéiñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
60 Point，áéíñóú ÅÉfíNó Ú
Marshall Italic No． 5
6，8 and 10 Point，áéiñó ú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Mazarin No． 5}

6 Point，áéiñ̃ó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

10 Point áéiñó ú äëïö ü à è ù âêîôû åçý ÁÉÍN Nó Ú Äت̈ YÖUXÇÉE E E
 \(\hat{\mathbf{E}} \hat{\mathbf{N}}\)
\(14,18,24,30,36,48\) and 60 Point，á éíñó ú åäö \(\AA\) ÄÖ N

ACCENTS

\section*{Mazarin Italic No． 5}

6 Point，áéíñóú \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
8 Point，áéiñóń ëïü à è ù âêîôû ạọ ç è ÉËE N
10 Point，á éíñó ú ãõçè ù Ç \(\mathbb{N}\)
12 and 24 Point，ácéiñóć ú äëïöü àè ù âêîốu ãōåç ÅÄÖ C EEEBEN
 E E E N
30 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
36 Point，á éíñóú åäö ii ãō ç ÅÄÖ Ç N
48 Point，åäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö

\section*{Merit}

6，8， 10 and 12 Point，áé íñó í \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
14 Point，áéíñóú åäö ÅÄÖ N
18,24 and 36 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
20 Point，áéíñóú åäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö
48 Point，á éiñó ú ão çü ÇN
60 and 72 Point，áéiñóú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Mission
6 Point，á éíñó́ú à åäöø ü \(\AA\) ÄÖ N \(\emptyset\) Ü
8 Point，áé任和úåäö ii \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) Ä Ö Ư
10 Point，á éíñóú åäö \(\varnothing \widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \emptyset \AA\) ÄÖ
12 Point，á éíñó ú åäö \(\varnothing\) ui \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\) Ä Ö Ü
\(14,18,24,30,36,42\) and 48 Point，áéíñóú åäö \(\widetilde{N}\)
6 Point，áéíñóú à è ù ãôêó ç ąćęłnsíż ĄEも，ÇEN





18 Point，áéíñón àè ù çê ącę̧h́síz č d’ěřšt＇ûýž ÁEモ．



36 Point，áéíñóú ãōçü ąćęlaśźz ĄEと ÇEÑ
48 Point，áéíñóú à è ù çê ąćęlńszíz Ą Eと ÇEN

\section*{Modern Fraktur No． 5}

6 Point，ä ö ïø ÄÖÜ \(\emptyset\)
9 and 10 Point，åäö ü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä Ö Ư \(\varnothing\)
12 Point，àä öü \(\AA\) Å Ö Ü
14 Point，åäöü \(\varnothing\) Ø
16 Point，äö ü \(\varnothing \emptyset\)
18 Point，äö ü
24 Point，äö ü \(\varnothing \varnothing\)
30 and 42 Point，äö ü

\section*{Modern Gothic}

5 Point，áéíñóú åäö ü \(\AA \AA\) ÄÖ \(\varnothing \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
6 and 10 Point，áéín nóú äë̈̈öü à èiò ù âêîôû ảçø ącę ln

 TU゚Y゙Ž


 ÝŽ
9， 14 and 54 Point，áéíñó í \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
 AEと苂

 Ø AEと

42 Point，á éin ñ ú \(\overline{\mathbf{N}}\)
48 and 60 Point，á éiñóú ąćęlńsizz ĄEも \(\tilde{N}\)


\section*{Modern Gothic Condensed}
\(10,12,14,24,30,36,42,48,54,60\) and 72 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\) I४ Point，áéiño ó ú áäö \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}} \AA \AA\) ÄÖ

\section*{Modern Gothic Condensed Title}

16 Point，ÅÄÖ

\section*{Modern Gothic Italic}
\(5,6,8,10,12,14,18,24,30,36,42,48,54,60\) and 72 Point，á é in óú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Modern Gothic Title}

6 Point，No．1，Å ÄÖ \(\emptyset\)
6 Point No．2， 8 Point No． 3 and 10 Point No．5，Á Éf î ÓÚ Ä
 ČĎĚ ŇŘŠT U゚ÝŽ
10 Point No． 6 and 16 Point，\(\AA\) ÄÖ \(\emptyset \quad\) A \(\mathrm{F}_{\ell} £ \tilde{\mathrm{~N}}\)
20 Point，A ELE \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
24， 30 and 36 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Modern Title}

6 and 8 Point，áéiñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
9 Point，áéiñóúảäö \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，á éíñóú åäö ÅÄÖ N
12 Point，áéíñóń č d＇ěř̌̌̌t＇ưýž N ČǨ̌̌̌

24 Point，áéíñóú N


36 Point，á éiñóú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
48 Point，áéíñóú c Ç EN Ñ
60 and 72 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Monitor No． 5}
\(6,8,12,18,24\) and 48 Point，á éíñó ú à è ù çê \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
 30 and 36 Point，áéiñ̃ó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Old Roman Bold}
\(6,8,10,12,14,18,24,30\) and 36 Point，átéiñóú \(\emptyset \tilde{\mathbf{N}} \emptyset\) \(42,48,54,60\) and 72 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Oid Roman Condensed}
\(6,8,10,12,14\) and 18 Point，ạo áéíñóú äë̈̈ö ii à èiòù Áé


\(24,30,36,42,48,54,60\) and 72 Point，áéiñóú \(\hat{\mathrm{N}}\)
Old Style Condensed No． 50
10 and 36 Point，áéíñóú \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéiñóń àè ù çê Ñ
18 Point，áéiñóni à è ù çê ÉN
24 Point，áéíñóú àè ù āō çêii ÇE EN
30 Point，áéíñóú à è ù çê ÉN
42 Point，á éíñóń àè ù ãõ çe ÇE EN
48,60 and 72 Point，áéíñóú à è̀ ù çê EN
Old Style Condensed No． 52
10 and 12 Point，áéiñó ú ÉN
18 Point，áéíñóúāō êb çü CEEN
24 Point，áé iñớú EN
30 Point，áéíñó ú ääö EN
36，48， 60 and 72 Point，áéiñó ú Ñ
Old style No． 1
8 Point，立 Ë E E Ë E
Old Style No． 59
\(6,8,10,12,14\) and 18 Point，same as body type list on page 730

 ÇNั \(\emptyset\)

\section*{Old Style No．59，Continued}

30 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ù ãôêo çø \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ç \(\emptyset E \hat{N}\)
36 Point，áéínoóú ąćę\}niśiż Ą \(\mathrm{F}_{\ell}\) モ \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 42 Point，á éiñóú aäö à è ù ãōêó ¢ \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ç E Ñ 48 Point，å äö

\section*{Old Style Italic No． 59}
\(6,8,10,12,14\) ，and 18 Point same as body type list shown on page 730 ．
20 Point，áéíñóú EN
24 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ù çê \(\AA\) ÅÖ N
30 Point，á éíñó ú åäö \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
36 and 42 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Old Style Title No． 59}

 T ƯYŽ C G S

 ŘŠでさ゚ぞそ ĈG S

 Uٌ Y̌Z Z


16 Point，\(\AA\) Ä Ö \(\emptyset\) EN
20 Point，A E E \(£ \AA\) Ä Ö \(\varnothing\) Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)
24 Point，Å̈̈Ö Çø E Ñ
30 Point，Ą Eと \(\check{\tilde{N}}\)
36 Point，Å ÄÖ ÇEN

\section*{Paragon}









 Y̌Z Ü

 £ÄÖ AÇEEEEEN
24 Point，áéínóóú åäö àçè ë ù \(\widehat{N} \AA \not \AA O ̈ O\)

\section*{Paragon Itallc}
 E \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)


10 Point，áéiñóu äëïöü à è ù âê̂̂ôû āōåç ÁEfíNớ

 ÖÜ ÀCE Ë
 E \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{A} \mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{I}\) 。
 24 Point，áéíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Pastel}
\(6,8,10,12\) and 18 Point，áéfíñó ú č d＇ěř̌̌ ť űýy̌z \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 24 Point，áéíñóú ãōç \(\mathbb{A} O \subset \subset \widetilde{N}\) \(36,48,60\) and 72 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Pastel Bold}

6， 12 and 18 Point，áéiñóú
8 and 24 Point，áéfñóú à è çe ÈEN
10 Point，áéíñóú çè ÈEN
\(14,42,48,54\) and 72 Point，á éíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
30 and 36 Point，á éíñóú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Pastel Condensed
8 Point，áéíñóúãõêóç iu Ç \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
10 Point，áéíñóú ãō ç ü Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéfñó ú ãõêo ç ui Ç̃
\(14,30,42,54\) and 72 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
18，24， 36 and 48 Point，áéfinó ú ãõ ç ii ÇN
60 Point，áéfñót \(\hat{\mathbf{N}}\)
Pastel Lightface
\(6,8,12,18,24,36,48,60\) and 72 Point，áéfinó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áéíñóú ãõêô ççN
Pastel Open
12，18，24，36， 48 and 60 Point，áéfñóú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Pen Text No． 5}

8 Point，áéíñóú çà è ê ù \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\) ÇE
10 Point，á éíñón ä ä ü E N
 \(\hat{O} \mathrm{C}\)
18 Point，á éíñ ó ú äö ü à è ãõ êo őü ç ÇE
24 Point，áéíñóú äöü ãōêo ç申 ÇE
30 Point，áéíñóu äö ii à è ãô̂êç ÇEN
Pisa No． 5
6，8，10，12，18，24， 36 and 60 Point，áéíñóú ãō êô ç Ç N
48 Point，áéíñóú ã ẽō âêô ¢̧ \(\dot{C}\) © \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Plate Text}
\(8,10,12,14\) and 18 Point，áéíñó ói c ÇN
Plate Text No． 4
8 and 12 Point，áéfiñóú åäö ui à çè ê ù \(\varnothing \AA\) ÄÖ Ü Ñ \(\emptyset\) \(10,14,16,24,30\) and 36 Point，á é í ñó ú åäö ï \(\AA\) ÄÖ ƯN \(\widehat{N}\) 18 Point，á éíñóú åäöü àçè ê ù \(\tilde{N} \AA \not \AA O ̈ U\)

\section*{Plymouth}

6 Point，áéíñó ú åäöü àè ù çê čd＇ěňř̌̌t＇ůýž ÁÉfiNó Ú



10 Point，áéíñó ú åäö ü çơ č d＇ěň̌̌řšt＇ủýž ãōô ÁEÍNO

12 Point，áéíñóú åäö ü à è ù çêỏ ob y ý č d＇ě ňřš st＇ůýž ÁE

 Č Ď Ě N゙ ŘŠ Ť U゚ÝZ
18 Point，áéíñóú ääö ï à è ù ãōçê č d＇ěň̌̌̌̌̌̌t＇ůýž ÁÉf

24， 36 and 48 Point，á éíñó ú åäöü à è ù çê č d̛ẻňřšt＇úýž ÅÖ Ü N
30 Point，áésiñóú åäö ü čd＇ěňǐ̌st tửy̌ž \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü N
54,60 and 72 Point，áé íñó ú åäö \(\AA \AA ̈ O ̈\) N

\section*{Plymouth Bold}

24 Point，áéíñóú \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
Plymouth Condensed
\(6,8,10,12,18,24\) and 36 Point，áéciñóń åäö ü č d＇ěǐ̌̌t＇ủ ýž \(\AA \ddot{\mathrm{A} O} \tilde{\mathrm{~N}}\)
14 Point，åäö áéíñóú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \AA\) ÄÖ
30 Point，á éíñóú åäö č d＇éř̌̌t＇ûýž ÅÄÖN
48,60 ，and 72 Point，á éíñóú åäö ü \(\AA\) ÄÖ N

\section*{Plymouth Ytalic}

6 Point，áéíñóú åäö č d＇ěřšt’ưýž \(\AA\) ÅÖ Ñ
\(8,10,12,18,24,30\) and 36 Point，á é ín nó ú åäö ii ãõ ¢ čd＇ě ř š t＇ůýż Ä̈Ö ÇN
14 Point，áéíñó ú åäö č d＇ě̌̌št＇ưýž ÅÄÖ ÖN
48 Point，áéíñóú ãọ̧çü åäö \(\AA\) ÄÖ ÇN
60 and 72 Point，áé́inóú \(\widehat{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Post}
 ÁÉfÑOÚ ĄEと ÇÖƯƠ
 ÁÉíN OÚ ĄEも ČĎĚĚŠŤƯYŽ ÇÖÜO
10 Point，áéfinóú à è ù äö ü çû ąćęlñśż č d＇ěň̌̌̌̌ št＇ưýž





 AEも，ÇEN
 ýž Ą ĘもÇE Ñ
 Eも ÇÉN

96 Point，\(\widehat{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Post Open}
\(12,24,30,36,48,60\) and 72 Point，á éf ñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 18 Point，áéiñó ú ÇÑ

Radial Italic No． 5
18 Point，áéíñóń ãõç ÇÊN

\section*{Reed Text}
\(8,10,12,14,16,18,24,30\) and 36 Point，áéfiñó ú N̂

\section*{Schiller No． 5}

8， 12 and 18 Point，áéfñóń äö ii à è ù âêû ç ÄÖƯ ÇÑ 10 Point，áéfinóń äö ü à è ù çê ÄÖ Ư Ñ
24 and 36 Point，ácéiñóń äë iö ui à è ù âê̂îô â a̧ Å ÄƠ CEEEEE N
30 Point，áé́ñó ú äëiö ii à è ùâê̂̂̂ôúç \(\widetilde{N}\)
48 Point，áéfinóú ääöü à è ù çêû \(\AA \AA\) ÄƠU \(\mathbb{N}\)

\section*{Schwabacher No． 5}

6 Point，áéfinóú åäöü \(\emptyset\) ç ÅÖ Ü CCÑ \(\varnothing\)

12 and 18 Point，áéfiñóú åäö ï \(\varnothing\) àè̀̀ ũ õoçê \(\AA\) ÄƠƠ Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
24 Point，áéfinóú åäö ü \(\varnothing\) à è ù çê \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ứ \(\varnothing\) ÇÉN
36 Point，áéfñó ú ąäö ii \(\varnothing\) ãõc \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü ÇÑ \(\varnothing\)
42 Point，áéciñóń äö ü \(\varnothing\) Ä ÖÜ \(\overline{\mathrm{N}} \emptyset\)
54 Point，áéíñó ú äö iu ø ãôç ÄÖƯÇÑ \(\emptyset\)

\section*{Sheridan}
\(10,12,18,24\) and 60 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Skeleton Aptique No． 55}

10 Point，áéiñóú à è ù çêé \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12， 20 and 36 Point，áéíñóń ảäö üi à è ù çê \(\AA\) ÄÖUU ÉN
14 Point，ácéiñóú åäöü à è ù çe č d’ěňř̌̌t＇ưýž ÁÉfíN \(\sigma\) Ú ÅÄÖU Č ĎĚǨ̌̌TƯYŹ
24 Point，áéíñóú åäö ü à è ù ãõ êô ç č d＇ěř̌̌st＇ůýž ÁÉf

48 Point，áéíñó ú ảäö ï à è ù ão çe è \(\AA\) ÄỎUÇN
54 Point，áéíñóú åäö à è ù ãõ êô ¢̧ Å ÄÖ Ç

\section*{Slope Gothic No． 50}

6 Point No．501， 6 Point No．502， 6 Point No．503， 6 Point No． 504， 12 Point No． 506 and 12 Point No．507，ÁÉf OÚ ÃO ÊO C
6 Point No．505， 12 Point No． 508 and 18 Point No．50，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 24 Point No．50，N

Spire No． 5
\(12,18,24,30,36,60\) and 72 Point，áéín ó ú \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
48 Point，áéíñó ú ãō çü ç N
Stationers Plate
6 Point No．2， 6 Point No． 4 and 8 Point No．6，\(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Stationers Text No． 5}
\(6,8,16,20\) and 24 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
10 Point，áéínóúg \(\overline{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéíñó ú ãõ êô ç ̃̃ Ç
14 Point，\(\overline{\text { s }}\)
Steelplate Text No． 5
18， 24 and 30 Point，áéíñó ú \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

\section*{Sylvan Text No． 5}

6 Point，á éíñó ú åäö ü \(\emptyset\) ç \(\AA\) ÄÖƯ Ç Ñ \(\emptyset\)

12 and 18 Point，áéínóó ú åäöu \(\emptyset\) à è ù ãõ çê \(\AA\) ÅÖƯC \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \emptyset\)
24 Point，á éíñó ú åäö ü \(\varnothing\) à è ù çê \(\AA\) ÅÖ Ư \(\emptyset\) ÇÉN

42 Point，á éiñón äö ü \(\emptyset\) ÄÖ Ữ Ñ \(\emptyset\)


\section*{Talisman}

6，8，10，18， 24 and 36 Point，á éf ñó ú äö ü \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
12 Point，áéíñóú äö ï è \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
30 Point，äö iu

\section*{Talisman Ytalic}
\(6,8,10,12,18\) and 24 Point，áéíñó ú äö ii \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
14 Point，áéíñóú \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
30 and 36 Point，ä ö ii
Tell Text No． 5
\(6,8,10,12,18,24,36,48\) and 60 Point，áéíñóń \(\tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
Teuton Black No．\(\sigma\)
14 Point，áéíñóú äö ü Ñ
Teuton Extended No． 5
10， 12 and 14 Point，äö it ÄÖU
18 Point，áésinóú äö ü \(\varnothing\) ÄÖ Ừ N \(\emptyset\)
24 and 30 Point，äö ï \(\varnothing\) ÄÖ U甘 \(\emptyset\)
Teuton No． 5
10 Point，zéíñó ú äöü ÄÖU N
12 Point，äö ü
Title No． 5
18 Point，áćíñóú àè ù çêûãõ è ų č̌̌ ącę̧nsíż ÁÉf סÚ ÃƠ Ç ĄCELŃSŹ亡̇
24 Point，áéiñóú àè ù ãõ êo ç ii ÇE命
30 Point，áéíñó ú à è ù çê ui ÁÉfNó Ư Ư ÉNU Ư
36 Point，áéínóń à è ù ão ô ê ç ÇEN
48 Point，áéíñóú à è ù çê ü ÉNU Ư
Title No． 9



7 Point，áéíñóú àäöü \(\AA\) ÄƠU U EN

Title No． 10
\(51 / 2\) and 6 Point，áéínóú åäö ü \(\varnothing\) à è ù çêu ącęlńsíz \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü \(\emptyset E N\) A CEE ŃÓSŻZ
7 Point，áéiñóú åäö ÅÄÖ ÉN









Title Italic No． 10
6 Point，ácéíñóú åäö ç \(\AA\) ÅÖ Ç N
8 and 9 Point，áéíñó ú åäö ç \(\AA\) ÄÖ C E EN

12 Point，áéíñóú åäö ąçę的价玄 ÅÄÖ EN ĄC゚EとN Ó SŻZ

Titie Italic No． 50
6 Point，áéíñóú åäö ¢ \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ç \(\widetilde{N}\)
Title No． 11
\(51 / 2\) Point，áéiñóú åäö \(\AA\) Ä Ö N
Title No． 52
6 Point，Ç N
8 and 12 Point，\(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Title No． 53
6 Point，á éiñ̃ó ú ÇN
Topic No． 5
\(6,8,10,14\) and 30 Point，á éíninó ú Ñ
\(12,18,24,48,60\) and 72 Point，áéciñóńn à è ù çê \(\tilde{N}\)
36 Point，áéfñóń à è ù â êîô̂̂ ëïü ¢ ÇÑ
42 Point，à çè éề ù 6
96 Point，à è ù çéê
Tudor Bold
\(6,8,10,12,16,18,24,36\) and 48 Point，ä ö ü Ä Ö Ü
20 and 60 Point，áéfñóń äö ü A Ö Ư Ñ
Tudor No． 5
8 and 16 Point，á éiñó ú åäö ü \(\varnothing \AA\) Ä Ö Ü \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \emptyset\)
\(10,12,30\) and 36 Point，á éíñó ú åäö ü \(\varnothing\) č d＇ěřŠt＇ủýž \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü \(\overline{\mathbf{N}} \emptyset\)

48 and 72 Point，áé́iñóńäöü \(\varnothing\) ÄÖU \(\cup \widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \varnothing\)
60 Point，äö ü \(\varnothing\) áéiñóń \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}} \mathrm{A}\) Ö Ü \(\emptyset\)
Tudor Text No． 5
10， 16 and 24 Point，áéfiñó ú äö ü à è ù âêû ¢ ÄÖÜ Ç \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 12 Point，áéíñóń äöü à è ù çê ÄÖÖ Ñ
30 and 48 Point，áéíñóú äëïö ü à è ù âê̂̂ốu åç \(\AA\) ÄÖ Ü Ç ÈÉE Ê
60 Point，áéíñó ú å äöü à è ù çêû \(\AA\) Ä ÖÜ \(\widetilde{N}\)
Two Line No． 55
12 Point，\(\widetilde{N}\)

16 Point，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
18 Point，Çé ÉN
24， 30 and 36 Point，ÉN
Two Line No． 58
12 Point，C

\section*{Warren}
\(6,8,12,18,24\) and 48 Point，áéínóú àèt̂ãõ ç ÁEíÑó Ư Ã C
36 Point，áéíñóú ãō ç ÁÉÑÓU ŨÕ Ç

\section*{Wedding Plate}

14，18， 24 Point No．2， 30 and 36 Point，áéíñóú \(\tilde{\mathrm{g}} \tilde{\mathbb{N}}\)
24 Point No．1，á éiñ̃ó ú à ç è ê ù \(\tilde{\mathrm{g}} \tilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Wesel}
\(6,10,12,14,18,30,36,48,60\) and 72 Point，áéíñó ú à è ùçê \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

24 Point，áéíñóú à è ùçê N Ó

\section*{West Lining Gothic}

6 Point Nos．532，533， 534 and 535， 12 Point No．538，and 18 Point No．539，\(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)

West Oid Style No． 70
18 Point，á éíñóú à è ù ãō êo çü ÇÑ
24，48，and 72 Point，á é íñó ú à è ù çê ÇN
36 Point，áéíñóú à è ù ão êô ç ÇN
60 Point，á éíñóń à è ù çê \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
Wide Germania No． 5
8 Point，á éíñóú äọii ãõ êô ç \(\varnothing\) Äö Ü ÇE Ẽ \(\varnothing\)
10 Point，áéiñóú ä ö ü \(\varnothing\) ÄÖ Ư \(\emptyset \widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)
12 Point，á éíñóú äö ü \(\varnothing \emptyset \widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\) ÄÖ Ư
14 Point，áéíñó ú äöü \(\widetilde{\mathrm{N}}\)
16 and 18 Point，áéíñóń äö ü ãõ êô çø ÄÖ Ư ÇÑ \(\emptyset\)
24 Point，á éíñó ú äö ü ãō êô çø Ç ÉN ÄÖ Ü ø

\section*{Wide Lining Gothic No． 520}

6 Point，Nos． 5201 and 5204；8，12，18，and 24 Point No．520，Ç \(\tilde{\mathrm{N}}\) 6 Point No．5202，ÁÉİN Ó Ú Ç
6 Point No．5203，ÁÉf ÑÓU ÃO ÊÔ Ç
10 Point，and 16 Point No．520，\(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{Wide Old Style}

8 Point，á éíñóú åäö \(\AA\) ÄÖ ÉN
10 Point，á éíñóú åäö ãõ êo çà è ù ÅÄÖ ÇT N
12 Point，á éínóú åäö \＆\(\AA\) ÅÖ ÇN
18 and 30 Point，áéíñó ú åäö \(\AA\) ÅÖ N
24 Point，á éíñó ú ảäö āō êô ¢ \(\AA\) ÄÖ ÇN
36 Point，á éiñóú ÁÉíÑ Ó Ú
48 Point，á éíñó ú \(\widetilde{\mathbf{N}}\)

\section*{PIECE ACCENTS}


\section*{6 Point Piece Accents．}

Price per font，\(\$ 0.50\)


\section*{ACCENT FONTS FOR JOB TYPE}

Minimum Approximate weights and prices for Fonts of Accents for Job Type:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{BODY} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Second Class Special List A, B and D.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Extra Condensed List C and F .} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Third Class List E.} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Third Class List C, E and F.} \\
\hline & WEIGHT. & PRICE. & welart. & PRICE. & welart. & PRICE. & wEIGHT. & PRICE. \\
\hline 5 Point, & \(1 / 8 \mathrm{lb}\). & \$0.25 & 1/81b. & \$0.25 & \(\ldots\) & & \(\ldots\) & \\
\hline \(51 / 2\) Point, & 1/81b. & . 25 & 1/8 1 lb . & . 30 & ...... & ...... & .. & ...... \\
\hline 6 Point, & 3/6 lb. & . 25 & 3/616. & . 30 & ...... & ...... & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 7 Point, & 3/6 lb. & . 25 & 3/61b. & . 25 & ...... & ...... & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 8 Point, & 1/4 lb. & . 25 & 3/4 lb. & . 30 &  & ...... & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 9 Point, & 1/4 lb. & . 25 & 1/4b. & . 25 & . \(\quad .\). & ...... & & \\
\hline 10 Point, & \(5 / 6 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 25 & 1/46. & . 25 & & ...... & ..... & \(\ldots .\). \\
\hline 11 Point, & 5/6 lb. & . 25 & 5 5/6 lb . & . 30 & & & \(\ldots\) & \(\ldots .\). \\
\hline 12 Point,. & \(5 / 6 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 25 & 5/61b. & . 30 & 5/6 lb. & . 35 & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 14 Point, & \(7 / 10 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 30 & 3/8 lb . & . 30 & \(5 / \mathrm{Ktb}\). & . 35 & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 16 Point,. & 7/61b. & . 30 & 3/8 lb. & . 30 & \(5 / 16 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 35 & \(\ldots\) & \(\ldots\) \\
\hline 18 Point, & 1/2 1 lb . & . 35 & 7/6 lb. & . 35 & \(3 / 8 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 40 & \(\ldots\) & ...... \\
\hline 20 Point, & 1/2 lb . & . 35 & 7/61b. & . 35 & 7/616. & . 40 & . & ...... \\
\hline 24 Point, & \(9 / 6 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 35 & 7/6 lb. & . 35 & 9/61b. & . 50 & & \\
\hline 26 Point, & \(9 / 6 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 35 & 7/6 lb. & . 35 & & & ..... & \(\ldots .\). \\
\hline 30 Point, & 5/8 lb. & . 40 & 1/2 lb . & . 35 & 9/6 1 lb . & . 50 & ..... & \(\ldots .\). \\
\hline 36 Point, . & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{lb}\). & . 40 & 1/2 lb. & . 35 & 5/8 1 b . & . 50 & ..... & ...... \\
\hline 42 Point, & 5916 lb. & . 60 & 9/60 lb. & . 40 & 5/81b. & . 50 & ..... & ...... \\
\hline 48 Point, & 1 lb . & . 75 & 11/6 lb. & . 50 & 7/ lb . & . 65 & ...... & \\
\hline 54 Point, & 11/1 libs. & . 75 & 11/6 lb. & . 50 & 7/81 15 & . 65 & ..... & \(\ldots\) \\
\hline 60 Point, & 11/2 lbs. & . 90 & 1 lb . & . 70 & \({ }^{15 / 616} 1\) & . 70 & ...... & ...... \\
\hline 66 Point, & 2 lbs . & 1.20 & 1 lb . & . 70 & \({ }^{15 / 616 . ~}\) & . 70 & & \\
\hline 72 Point, & \(2^{1 / 161 b s}\). & 1.20 & ..... & ..... & ..... & ..... & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\). & 1.00 \\
\hline 84 Point, & \(21 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}\). & 1.40 & ... & ... & ...... & .... & 158 lbs . & 1.20 \\
\hline 96 Point,. & \(27 / 8 \mathrm{lbs}\). & 1.50
1.75 & \(\ldots\) & .. & ...... & ..... & \(1{ }^{15} / 6 \mathrm{lbs}\). & 1.40 \\
\hline 120 Point, & 33/4 lbs. & & . & .... & ... & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TYPE METAL
CORNERS

24 Point Type-Metal Corners, per set of four, 40c

36 Point Type-Metal Corners


12 Point Corners, 20c per set of four.


24 Point Corners, 40 c per set of four.
(3) Tot

(20)

(ninn min

(as
Per set of four, 50 c

4801
R


Per set of four, 50c

Corners without * copyrighted by Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler
The above corners work in combination with the various brass rule faces shown in this book.

\section*{ar}

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{NLLO \(<\) intal} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline - \(\mathcal{T}\) B & C D E F & F \\
\hline H & J \(火\) K \(\mathrm{L}^{\text {d }}\) & 凩 2 \\
\hline © \({ }^{\text {c }}\) & - R R S & S \\
\hline v & V W F & 7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{- B C D F} \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{E \(e^{-1}\) J J} \\
\hline 1 & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{JJ J J \(\sim^{\circ} \mathrm{P}\)} \\
\hline (2) & S & 1 U \\
\hline I & \(17 \sim 2\) & 3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l}
\(A\) & \(B\) & \(C\) & \(D\) & \(E\) & \(F\) & \(G\) \\
\(M\) & \(\Gamma\) & \(J\) & \(K\) & \(L\) & \(M\) & \(\mathcal{F}\) \\
\hline\(O\) & \(P\) & \(Q\) & \(R\) & \(S\) & \(I\) \\
\hline\(U\) & \(V\) & \(W\) & \(X\) & \(V\) & \(Z\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Initials Mortised}
\begin{tabular}{lllll}
\(A\) & \(B\) & \(C\) & \(D\) & \(E\) \\
\(F\) & \(G\) & \(H\) & \(\Gamma\) & \(J\) \\
\(K\) & \(L\) & \(M\) & \(N\) & \(O\) \\
\(P\) & \(Q\) & \(R\) & \(S\) & \(I\) \\
\(U\) & \(C\) & \(W\) & \(X\) & \(V\)
\end{tabular}

\section*{ELZEVIRINE}

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.

20 cents each


72 Point Elzevirine Initial


50 cents each.
96 Point Elzevirine Initials


\section*{DE VINNE}

20 cents each.


60 Point De Vinne Initials


Per set, \$3.25


36 Point De Vinne Initials.
15 cents each. Per set, \(\$ 1.75\)
 (3) [困 ( (

24 Point De Vinne Initials 10 cents each. Per set, \(\$ 1.00\)


E


25 cents each.


POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

Rococo Initials No. 5
40 cents each


Rococo Initials No. 6


60 cents each


Rococo Initials No. 7


Mazarin Initials No. 1


Mazarin Initials No. 2


48 Point




72 Point
60 Point


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED


50 cents each



Dolsen Initials No. 8


Dolsen Initials No. 9


50 cents each


Dolsen Initials No. 10


Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.



No. \(66, \$ 1.00\)


No. 71, 75 cents


No. 69, 75 cents


No. 68, \(\$ 1.00\)


No. 67, \$1.00


No. 70, 75 cents


No. 72, 50 cents


No. 73,50 cents

Nos. 74 and 75 cast from Superior
Copper-Mixed Metal.



No. 76, 50 cents


BRASS

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.

The Two Point Dotted, Hyphen and Single Rules (Nos. 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 431) will line with all our Point Line, Point Set, Point Body Lining System Cast Faces by means of point system lead and slug justification.


BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
number \\
429
\end{tabular} & 1 Point & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PER FT. } \\
& \$ 0.05
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 430 & 11/2 Point & .07\% \\
\hline 431 & 2 Point & . 10 \\
\hline 432 & 3 Point & .15 \\
\hline 433 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 434 & 5 Point & . 25 \\
\hline 435 & 51/2 Point & . 27312 \\
\hline 436 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline 437 & 7 Point & . 35 \\
\hline 438 & 8 Point & . 40 \\
\hline 439 & 9 Point & . 45 \\
\hline 440 & 10 Point & . 50 \\
\hline 441 & 11 Point & . 55 \\
\hline 442 & 12 Point & . 60 \\
\hline 443 & 1 Point & . 05 \\
\hline 444 & \(11 / 2\) Point & .071/6 \\
\hline 445 & 2 Point & . 10 \\
\hline 446 & 3 Point & . 15 \\
\hline 447 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 448 & 5 Point & .25 \\
\hline 449 & 54/6 Point & .2716 \\
\hline 450 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline 451 & 1 Point & . 05 \\
\hline 452 & 11/6 Point & .0716 \\
\hline 453 & 2 Point & . 10 \\
\hline 454 & 3 Point & . 15 \\
\hline 455 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 456 & 5 Point & .25 \\
\hline 457 & 51/2 Point & .2736 \\
\hline 458 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
NUMBER \\
459
\end{tabular} & 1 Point & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\text { PER FT. } \\
\$ 0.05 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & nUMBE
\[
900
\] & 2 Point & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PER FT. } \\
& \$ 0.10 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 460 & 1126 Point & .073/2 & 901 & 3 Point & . 15 \\
\hline 461 & 2 Point & . 10 & 902 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 462 & 3 Point & . 15 & 903 & 5 Point & . 25 \\
\hline 463 & 4 Point & . 20 & 904 & 51/2 Point & .271/2 \\
\hline 464 & 5 Point & . 2.5 & 905 & 6!Point & . 30 \\
\hline 465 & 51/2 Point & . \(271 / 8\) & 906 & 7 Point & . 35 \\
\hline 466 & 6 Point & . 30 & 907 & 8 Point & .40 \\
\hline 467 & 11/6 Point & .073/2 & 908 & 9 Point & . 45 \\
\hline 468 & 2 Point & . 10 & & & \\
\hline 469 & 3 Point & . 15 & 909 & 10 Point & . 50 \\
\hline 470 & 4 Point & . 20 & 910 & 11 Point & . 55 \\
\hline 471 & 5 Point & . 25 & & & \\
\hline 472 & 51/2 Point & .271/2 & 911 & 12 Point & . 60 \\
\hline 473 & 6 Point & .30 & & & \\
\hline & & & 912 & 2 Point & . 10 \\
\hline 474 & 7 Point & . 35 & 913 & 3 Point & . 15 \\
\hline 475 & 8 Point & . 40 & 914 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 476 & 9 Point & . 45 & 915 & 5 Point & . 25 \\
\hline & & & 916 & 5112 Point & .271/8 \\
\hline 478 & 10 Point & . 5 & 917 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline 478 & 11 Point & . 55 & 918 & 7 Point & . 35 \\
\hline 479 & 12 Point & . 60 & 919 & 8 Point & .40 \\
\hline & & & 920 & 9 Point & . 45 \\
\hline 480 & 11/2 Point & . \(071 / 2\) & 921 & 10 Point & . 50 \\
\hline 481 & 2 Point & . 10 & & & \\
\hline 482 & 3 Point & . 15 & 922 & 11 Point & . 55 \\
\hline 483 & 4 Point & . 20 & 923 & 12 Point & . 60 \\
\hline 484 & 5 Point & . 25 & & & \\
\hline 485 & 51/2 Point & .271/2 & 924 & 3 Point & . 15 \\
\hline 486 & 6 Point & . 30 & 925 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRASS}

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.


\section*{BRASS}

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.


\section*{BRASS}

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline nUMBER 587 & No Shoulder & 6 Point & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PER FT. } \\
& \$ 0.30 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
NUMBER \\
608
\end{tabular} & 5 Point & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PER FT. } \\
& \$ 0.25 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 588 & & 7 Point & . 35 & 609 & 53/2 Point & . 2716 \\
\hline 589 & & 8 Point & . 40 & 610 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline 590 & & 9 Point & . 45 & 611 & 7 Point & . 35 \\
\hline 591 & & 10 Point & . 50 & 612 & 8 Point & . 40 \\
\hline 593 & & 12 Point & . 60 & 613 & 9 Point & . 45 \\
\hline 954 & & 14 Point & . 70 & 614 & 10 Point & . 50 \\
\hline & & & & 616 & 12 Point & . 60 \\
\hline 595 & & 16 Point & . 80 & & & \\
\hline & & - & & 618 & 16 Point & . 80 \\
\hline 596 & & 18 Point & . 90 & & & \\
\hline & & & & 619 & 18 Point & . 90 \\
\hline 598 & & 5 Point & . 25 & & & \\
\hline 599 & & 51.6 Point & .273/2 & 621 & 4 Point & . 20 \\
\hline 600 & & 6 Point & . 30 & 622 & 5 Point & . 25 \\
\hline 601 & & 7 Point & . 35 & 623 & 6 Point & . 30 \\
\hline 602 & & 8 Point & . 40 & 624 & 7 Point & . 35 \\
\hline 603 & & 9 Point & . 45 & 625 & 8 Point & . 40 \\
\hline 604 & & 10 Point & . 50 & 626 & 9 Point & . 45 \\
\hline 606 & & 12 Point & . 60 & 627 & 10 Point & . 50 \\
\hline BARN & NHART BRO & \& SPIND & & & IOR COP & TYPE \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRASS}

\section*{RULE}

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.



Sold in Strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{NUMBER PER FT.} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{710 5 Point \(\$ 0.30\)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline 712 & 6 Point & 36 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


722 11/4 Point 09 . 09 .

116 Point
.09
723 2 Point \(\quad 12\)
72316
2 Point12

724 3 Point 18

\(7241 / 2\) 3 Point 18
 7254 Point 24
\[
\text { 72516 } 4 \text { Point } 24
\]

7:26 5 Point . 30 АНП以 \(726 \frac{16}{2} 5\) Point .30


727 51/2 Point 33
 72716
 728 . 6 Point .36
 7281/2 6 Point


732 3 Point 18

733 4 Point

\section*{734 5 Point 30 \\ 734 5nละ Point 30}

735 ( \({ }^{6}\) Point


\section*{BRASS}

RULE

Sold in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.



Soid in strips of two feet each. Special prices on large quantities.

NUMBER
807
3 Point
PER FT.
- \(\$ 0.18\)

808
4 Point
.24

8095 Point 50
810.6 Point \({ }^{6}\)



8124 Point .24
813 6Point 36
\(814 \quad 6\) Point . 36


815
8 Point
.48

8168 Point 8


82

POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY

\section*{NUMBER}

PER FT 828 4 Point \(\$ 0.24\)
829
51/6 Point
.33

830
8 Point
.48

\section*{}

832 8 Point 48

\(833 \quad 6\) Point .36

8348 Point .48

835

\(840 \quad 6\) Point .36

8418 Point .48

\(\qquad\) \(\rightarrow \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \rightharpoonup\)
843
12 Point
\(\uparrow \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet\)

844 . 6 Point . 36

8458 Point .48


846
8 Point

\(847 \quad 10\) Point .60

\(848 \quad 12\) Point .72



\section*{PRICE LIST OF STRIP RULE.}

One body and one face ordered at one time.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BODY & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& 1 \text { FOOT }
\end{aligned}
\] & nUMbER OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT & number OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT & NUMBER OF FEET & PRICE PER FOOT & NUMBER OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT \\
\hline 1 point & \$0.05 & 200 & \$0.04 \({ }^{\text {² }}\) & 400 & \$0.04 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 1000 & \$0.04 & 2000 & \$0.04 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) point & 0.071 & 134 & 0.07 \({ }^{1}\) & 267 & \(0.06{ }^{3}\) & 667 & \(0.06{ }^{\frac{3}{8}}\) & 1334 & 0.06 \\
\hline 2 point & 0.10 & 100 & 0.093 & 200 & 0.09 & 500 & \(0.08{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 1000 & 0.08 \\
\hline 3 point & 0.15 & 67 & \(0.14 \frac{1}{4}\) & 134 & \(0.13{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 334 & \(0.12{ }^{3}\) & 667 & 0.12 \\
\hline 4 point & 0.20 & 50 & 0.19 & 100 & 0.18 & 250 & 0.17 & 500 & 0.16 \\
\hline 5 point & 0.25 & 40 & \(0.23{ }^{3}\) & 80 & \(0.22 \frac{1}{2}\) & 196 & \(0.21{ }^{3}\) & 400 & 0.20 \\
\hline \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) point & 0.271 \(\frac{1}{2}\) & 37 & \(0.26 \frac{1}{8}\) & 73 & \(0.24 \frac{3}{4}\) & 181 & \(0.23{ }^{\frac{3}{8}}\) & 364 & 0.22 \\
\hline 6 point & 0.30 & 34 & \(0.28{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 67 & 0.27 & 167 & \(0.25 \frac{1}{3}\) & 334 & 0.24 \\
\hline 7 point & 0.35 & 29 & \(0.33 \frac{1}{4}\) & 58 & \(0.31 \frac{1}{2}\) & 143 & \(0.29{ }^{3}\) & 286 & 0.28 \\
\hline 8 point & 0.40 & 25 & 0.38 & 50 & 0.36 & 125 & 0.34 & 250 & 0.32 \\
\hline 9 point & 0.45 & 23 & \(0.42{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & 45 & \(0.40 \frac{1}{6}\) & 112 & \(0.38{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 223 & 0.36 \\
\hline 10 point & 0.50 & 20 & \(0.47 \frac{1}{3}\) & 40 & 0.45 & 100 & \(0.42{ }^{\frac{1}{3}}\) & 200 & 0.40 \\
\hline 11 point & 0.55 & 19 & \(0.52 \ddagger\) & 37 & \(0.49 \frac{1}{2}\) & 91 & \(0.46{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & 182 & 0.44 \\
\hline 12 point & 0.60 & 17 & 0.57 & 34 & 0.54 & 84 & 0.51 & 167 & 0.48 \\
\hline 14 point & 0.70 & 16 & \(0.66 \frac{1}{2}\) & 34 & 0.63 & 84 & \(0.59 \frac{1}{2}\) & 166 & 0.54 \\
\hline 16 point & 0.80 & 16 & 0.76 & 34 & 0.72 & 84 & 0.68 & 166 & 0.64 \\
\hline 18 point & 0.90 & 16 & \(0.85 \frac{1}{2}\) & 34 & 0.81 & 84 & \(0.76 \frac{1}{2}\) & 166 & 0.72 \\
\hline 20 point & 1.00 & 16 & 0.95 & 34 & 0.90 & 84 & 0.85 & 166 & 0.80 \\
\hline 24 point & 1.20 & 16 & 1.14 & 34 & 1.08 & 84 & 1.02 & 166 & 0.96 \\
\hline 30 point & 1.50 & 16 & 1.42 \(\frac{1}{2}\) & 34 & 1.35 & 84 & 1.27) \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 166 & 1.20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

These prices are for plain rule. To obtain the price of fancy rule add 20 per cent. to the above table. For Beveled Linotype Column Rule add 40 per cent. using larger end of body as a basis.

\section*{PRICE LIST OF CUT RULE.}

All rule other than that put up in regular labor-saving fonts will be charged according to "Price List of Cut Rule" tables. These prices are for Plain Rule. To obtain the price of Fancy Rule add 20 per cent. to the following table. For Beveled Linotype Column Rule add 40 per cent., using larger end of body as a basis. For Brass Perforating Rule add 50 per cent. to the following table:

SHORT LENGTHS-Prices given are per hundred pieces. Any number of pieces under or over at the same rate.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BODY & \[
{ }_{\text {EM }}{ }^{1} \mathrm{PICA}
\] & \[
\text { EMs } \stackrel{1 \frac{1}{2}}{2}
\] & ems pica & EMS PICA & \[
\stackrel{3}{\text { EMS PICA }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
a_{2}^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
\text { EMS PICA }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\stackrel{4}{4} \text { PICA }^{2}
\] & \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) AND 5 ems pica & \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) AND 6 EMS PICA & G \(\frac{1}{2}\) AND 7 ems pica & \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) AND \(:\) EMS PICA & 6 \(\frac{1}{2}\) AND 9 ems pica & 8 \(\frac{1}{2}\) AND 10 ems pica \\
\hline 1 point & \$ . 60 & \$ . 60 & \$ .70 & \$ .70 & \$ . 80 & \$ 80 & \$ . 80 & \$ . 90 & \$1.00 & \$1.00 & \$1.10 & \$1.20 & \$1.20 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) point & . 70 & . 70 & . 80 & . 80 & . 90 & . 90 & 1.00 & 1.10 & 1.20 & 1.30 & 1.40 & 1.50 & 1.60 \\
\hline 2 point & . 70 & . 80 & . 90 & . 90 & 1.00 & 1.00 & 1.10 & 1.30 & 1.40 & 1.60 & 1.70 & 1.90 & 2.00 \\
\hline 3 point & . 90 & 1.00 & 1.10 & 1.20 & 1.30 & 1.40 & 1.50 & 1.70 & 1.90 & 2.10 & 2.30 & 2.50 & 2.70 \\
\hline 4 point & 1.10 & 1.20 & 1.40 & 1.50 & 1.70 & 1.80 & 1.90 & 2.10 & 2.40 & 2.70 & 3.00 & 3.30 & 3.60 \\
\hline 5 point & 1.20 & 1.40 & 1.60 & 1.80 & 2.00 & 2.20 & 2.40 & 2.70 & 3.00 & 3.30 & 3.60 & 4.00 & 4.40 \\
\hline \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) point & 1.30 & 1.50 & 1.70 & 1.90 & 2.10 & 2.30 & 2.60 & 3.00 & 3.30 & 3.70 & 4.10 & 4.40 & 4.90 \\
\hline 6 point & 1.40 & 1.60 & 1.80 & 2.00 & 2.20 & 2.40 & 2.70 & 3.20 & 3.60 & 4.00 & 4.50 & 4.90 & 5.40 \\
\hline 7 point & 1.60 & 1.90 & 2.20 & 2.40 & 2.60 & 2.80 & 3.10 & 3.60 & 4.10 & 4.60 & 5.20 & 5.70 & 6.20 \\
\hline 8 point & 1.80 & 2.10 & 2.40 & 2.70 & 2.90 & 3.20 & 3.50 & 4.00 & 4.60 & 5.20 & 5.80 & 6.40 & 7.00 \\
\hline 9 point & 1.90 & 2.30 & 2.60 & 2.90 & 3.20 & 3.50 & 3.80 & 4.40 & 5.00 & 5.70 & 6.30 & 7.00 & 7.70 \\
\hline 10 point & 2.00 & 2.40 & 2.80 & 3.10 & 3.40 & 3.80 & 4.10 & 4.80 & 5.50 & 6.20 & 6.90 & 7.60 & 8.30 \\
\hline 11 point & 2.10 & 2.50 & 2.90 & 3.30 & 3.70 & 4.10 & 4.50 & 5.20 & 5.90 & 6.60 & 7.30 & 8.10 & 8.70 \\
\hline 12 point & 2.20 & 2.70 & 3.10 & 3.40 & 3.90 & 4.30 & 4.80 & 5.60 & 6.30 & 7.00 & 7.70 & 8.50 & 9.50 \\
\hline 14 point & 3.00 & 3.50 & 4.00 & 4.50 & 5.00 & 5.50 & 6.00 & 7.00 & 8.00 & 9.00 & 10.00 & 11.00 & 12.00 \\
\hline 16 point & 3.50 & 4.00 & 4.50 & 5.00 & 5.50 & 6.00 & 6.50 & 8.00 & 9.00 & 10.00 & 11.00 & 12.00 & 13.00 \\
\hline 18 point & 4.00 & 4.50 & 5.00 & 5.50 & 6.00 & 6.50 & 7.00 & 9.00 & 10.00 & 11.00 & 12.00 & 13.00 & 14.00 \\
\hline . 20 point & 4.50 & 5.00 & 5.50 & 6.00 & 6.50 & 7.00 & 8.00 & 9.50 & 10.50 & 12.00 & 13.50 & 15.00 & 16.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The minimum charge for Cut Rule on one order is 40 c list, subject to the prevailing discount.
For lengths between those given charge the next longer piece.
Quantity Discount-If the amount of cut rule, one body and face, ordered at one time, equals or exceeds \(\$ 10.00\), deduct 5 per cent before taking off the regular discount allowed on rule; if \(\$ 20.00\) deduct 10 per cent.; if \(\$ 50.00,15\) per per cent.; if \(\$ 100.00\), deduct 20 per cent. This quantity discount applies only to the above cut rule.

For Nicking, at one end or bottom, add 5 cents per pound, based on the number of ems in table on page 769 ; at both ends, or one end and the bottom, 10 cents per pound and on both ends and bottom 15 cents per pound. Nicking charge is not subject to the quantity discount above mentioned.

\section*{PRICE LIST OF CUT RULE.}

All rule other than that put up in regular labor-saving fonts will be charged according to "Price List of Cut Rule" tables. These prices are for Plain Rule. To obtain the price of Fancy Rule add 20 per cent. to the following table. For Beveled Linotype Column Rule add 40 per cent., using larger end of the body as a basis. For Brass Perforating Rule add 50 per cent. to the following table.

Price per piece, in cents and fractions.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SIZE} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\stackrel{\ddots}{\mathrm{z}}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{登
a} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
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\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
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& \text { t } \\
& \frac{z}{2} \\
& \text { \& }
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline EMS PICA & IN. & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) to 12 & 2 & . \(01 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 013 & . \(02 \frac{1}{4}\) & . 03 & . 04 & . 05 & . \(05 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 06 & . 07 & . 08 & . \(08 \frac{1}{3}\) & .093 & . \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 11 & . 14 & 15 & 17 & 19 \\
\hline \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) to 15 & \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 013 & . 02 & . \(02 \frac{1}{3}\) & . 04 & . 05 & . 06 & . \(06 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(07 \frac{1}{2}\) & .082 & .091 & . \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 16 & . 19 & . 21 & . 23 \\
\hline \(15 \frac{1}{2}\) to 18. & 3 & . 02 & . \(02{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 03 & . \(04 \frac{1}{1}\) & . \(05{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 07 & .071 & .08 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 10 & . 11 & . \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 15 & . 16 & . 19 & . 22 & . 25 & . 27 \\
\hline \(18 \frac{1}{2}\) to 21. & \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 02 & . 03 & .03 \(\frac{1}{2}\) & . 05 & .061 & . 08 & . 09 & . 10 & . \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 13 & . \(14 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 16 & . \(17 \frac{1}{2}\) & .18 \(\frac{1}{2}\) & . 22 & . 25 & . 29 & . 32 \\
\hline \(21 \frac{1}{2}\) to 24 & 4 & . \(022^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & . 03 & . 04 & . \(05 \frac{1}{2}\) & .071 & . 09 & . 10 & . 11 & . 13 & .14 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 16 & . 18 & . \(19 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 21 & . 25 & . 29 & . 33 & . 36 \\
\hline \(24 \frac{1}{2}\) to 27 & \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(022 \frac{1}{2}\) & .03 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . \(04 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(06 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 08 & . 10 & . 11 & . \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(14 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 16 & . 18 & . 20 & . 22 & . \(23 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 28 & . 32 & . 36 & . 40 \\
\hline \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) to 30. & 5 & . \(022 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 04 & . 05 & . 07 & . 09 & . 11 & . 12 & .131 & . 16 & . 18 & . 20 & . 22 & . \(23 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 26 & . 31 & . 35 & . 40 & . 45 \\
\hline \(30 \frac{1}{2}\) to 33 . & \(5 \frac{3}{2}\) & . \(02{ }^{3}\) & . 04 & . \(05 \frac{1}{2}\) & .071 & . 10 & . 12 & . \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 15 & .171 & . 191 & . 22 & . 24 & . \(26 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(28 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 34 & . 39 & . 44 & . 49 \\
\hline \(33 \frac{1}{2}\) to 36. & 6 & . 03 & . \(04 \frac{1}{3}\) & . 06 & . 08 & . \(10 \frac{1}{3}\) & . 13 & .142 & . 16 & .183 & . 21 & . \(23 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 26 & . \(28 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 31 & . 37 & . 42 & . 48 & . 53 \\
\hline \(36 \frac{1}{2}\) to 42 . & 7 & . 04 & . 05 & . 07 & . 10 & . 13 & . 16 & . 17 & . 19 & . 22 & . 25 & . 28 & . 31 & . 34 & . 36 & . 43 & . 49 & . 55 & . 61 \\
\hline \(42 \frac{1}{2}\) to 48. & 8 & . 04 & . 06 & . 08 & . 11 & . 14 & . 18 & . 19 & . 21 & . 25 & . 28 & . 31 & . 35 & . 38 & . 41 & . 49 & . 55 & . 62 & . 69 \\
\hline \(48 \frac{1}{3}\) to 54 & 9 & . 05 & . 07 & . 08 & . 12 & . 16 & . 20 & . 22 & . 24 & . 28 & . 31 & . 35 & . 39 & . 43 & . 46 & . 54 & . 62 & . 70 & . 77 \\
\hline \(54 \frac{1}{2}\) to 60. & 10 & . 05 & . 07 & . 09 & . 13 & . 18 & . 22 & . 24 & . 26 & . 31 & . 35 & . 39 & . 43 & . 47 & . 51 & . 60 & . 69 & . 77 & . 86 \\
\hline \(60 \frac{1}{2}\) to 66. & 11 & . 06 & . 08 & . 10 & . 15 & . 19 & . 24 & . 26 & . 29 & . 34 & . 38 & . 43 & . 47 & . 52 & . 56 & . 66 & . 75 & . 85 & . 94 \\
\hline \(66 \frac{1}{2}\) to 72. & 12 & . 06 & . 08 & . 11 & . 16 & . 21 & . 26 & . 28 & . 31 & . 36 & . 41 & . 46 & . 51 & . 56 & . 61 & . 72 & . 82 & . 92 & 1.02 \\
\hline \(72 \frac{1}{2}\) to 78 & 13 & . 06 & . 09 & . 12 & . 17 & . 23 & . 28 & . 31 & . 34 & . 39 & . 45 & . 50 & . 56 & . 61 & . 66 & . 78 & . 89 & 1.00 & 1.11 \\
\hline \(78 \frac{1}{2}\) to 84 & 14 & . 07 & . 10 & . 13 & . 18 & . 24 & . 30 & . 33 & . 36 & . 42 & . 48 & . 54 & . 60 & . 66 & . 71 & . 84 & . 95 & 1.07 & 1.19 \\
\hline \(84 \frac{1}{2}\) to 90. & 15 & . 07 & . 10 & . 13 & . 20 & . 26 & . 32 & . 36 & . 39 & . 45 & . 51 & . 58 & . 64 & . 70 & . 76 & . 89 & 1.02 & 1.15 & 1.27 \\
\hline \(90 \frac{1}{2}\) to 96. & 16 & . 08 & . 11 & . 14 & . 21 & . 28 & . 34 & . 38 & . 41 & . 48 & . 55 & . 61 & . 68 & . 75 & . 81 & . 95 & 1.09 & 1.22 & 1.36 \\
\hline \(96 \frac{1}{2}\) to 102. & 17 & . 08 & . 12 & . 15 & . 22 & . 29 & . 36 & . 41 & . 44 & . 51 & . 58 & . 65 & . 72 & . 79 & . 86 & 1.01 & 1.15 & 1.30 & 1.44 \\
\hline \(102 \frac{1}{2}\) to 108. & 18 & . 08 & . 12 & . 16 & . 23 & . 31 & . 38 & . 43 & . 46 & . 54 & . 61 & . 69 & . 76 & . 84 & . 91 & 1.07 & 1.22 & 1.37 & 1.52 \\
\hline \(108_{\frac{1}{2}}\) to 114 & 19 & . 09 & . 13 & . 17 & . 25 & . 33 & . 41 & . 46 & . 49 & . 57 & . 65 & . 73 & . 81 & . 89 & . 96 & 1.13 & 1.29 & 1.45 & 1.61 \\
\hline \(114 \frac{1}{2}\) to 120 & 20 & . 09 & . 13 & . 18 & . 26 & . 34 & . 43 & . 48 & . 51 & . 60 & . 68 & . 76 & . 85 & . 93 & 1.01 & 1.19 & 1.35 & 1.52 & 1.69 \\
\hline \(120 \frac{1}{2}\) to 126. & 21 & . 10 & . 14 & . 18 & . 27 & . 36 & . 45 & . 50 & . 54 & . 63 & . 71 & . 80 & . 89 & . 98 & 1.06 & 1.24 & 1.42 & 1.60 & 1.77 \\
\hline \(126 \frac{1}{2}\) to 132 & 22 & . 10 & . 15 & . 19 & . 28 & . 38 & . 47 & . 52 & . 56 & . 66 & . 75 & . 84 & . 93 & 1.02 & 1.11 & 1.30 & 1.49 & 1.67 & 1.86 \\
\hline \(132 \frac{1}{2}\) to 138. & 23 & . 10 & . 15 & . 20 & . 30 & . 39 & . 49 & . 54 & . 59 & . 69 & . 78 & . 88 & . 97 & 1.07 & 1.16 & 1.36 & 1.55 & 1.75 & 1.94 \\
\hline \(138 \frac{1}{2}\) to 144. & & . 11 & . 16 & . 21 & . 31 & . 41 & . 51 & . 56 & . 61 & . 71 & . 81 & . 91 & 1.01 & 1.11 & 1.21 & 1.42 & 1.62 & 1.82 & 2.02 \\
\hline 2 -foot strip & 24 & . 10 & . 15 & . 20 & . 30 & . 40 & . 50 & . 55 & . 60 & . 70 & . 80 & . 90 & 1.00 & 1.10 & 1.20 & 1.40 & 1.60 & 1.80 & 2.00 \\
\hline \(144 \frac{1}{2}\) to 150. & 25 & & & & & & & & . 64 & . 74 & . 85 & . 95 & 1.06 & 1.16 & 1.26 & & & & \\
\hline \(150 \frac{1}{2}\) to 156 & 26 & & & & & & & & . 67 & . 77 & . 88 & . 99 & 1.10 & 1.20 & 1.31 & & & & \\
\hline \(156 \frac{1}{2}\) to 162. & 27 & & & & & & & & . 69 & . 80 & . 91 & 1.03 & 1.14 & 1.25 & 1.36 & & & & \\
\hline 162 to 168. & 28 & & & & & & & & . 71 & . 83 & . 94 & 1.06 & 1.18 & 1.29 & 1.41 & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The minimum charge for Cut Rule on one order is 40 c list, subject to the prevailing discount.
For lengths between those given charge the next longer piece.
Quantity Discounts-If the amount of cut rule, one body and one face, ordered at one time, equals or exceeds \(\$ 10.00\), deduct 5 per cent. before taking off the regular discount allowed on rule; if \(\$ 20.00\) deduct 10 per cent.; if \(\$ 50.00,15\) per cent.; if \(\$ 100.00\), deduct 20 per cent.

For Nicking, at one end or bottom, add 5 cents per pound, based on the number of ems in table below; at both ends, or one end and the bottom, 10 cents per pound; and on both ends and bottom 15 cents per pound. Nicking charge is not subject to the quantity discount above mentioned.

STANDARD TABLE FOR ESTIMATING CUT BRASS RULE.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BODY & NUMBER OF EMS TO POUND & NUMBER OF INCHES TO POUND & nUMBER OF FEET TO POUND & BODY & NUMBER OF EMS TO POUND & NUMBER OF INCHES TO POUND & NUMSER OF FEET TO POUND \\
\hline 1 point. & 1548 & 258 & 21.5 & 6 point & 258 & 43 & 3.6 \\
\hline \(1_{5}^{1}\) point. & 1290 & 215 & 17.9 & 7 point & 221 & \(36{ }_{6}^{5}\) & 3.1 \\
\hline 12 point & 1082 & 172 & 14.3 & 8 point & 194 & 32 s & 2.7 \\
\hline 2 point. & 774 & 129 & 10.75 & 9 point & 172 & 283 & 2.4 \\
\hline 3 point. & 516 & 86 & 7.2 & 10 point & 155 & \(25^{8}\) & 2.2 \\
\hline 4 point. & 387 & \(64 \frac{1}{2}\) & 5.4 & 11 point & 141 & 231 & 1.9 \\
\hline 5 point. & 310 & \(51{ }^{\frac{2}{3}}\) & 4.3 & 12 point & 129 & \(21 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1.8 \\
\hline \(5 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) point. & 282 & 47 & 3.9 & 18 point & 86 & \(14 \frac{1}{3}\) & 1.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

PRICES FOR LABOR-SAVING BRASS RULE OF PLAIN FACES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SIZE FONT & 1 Point & \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) POINT & 2 Point & 3 Point & 4 Point & 6 Point & 8 POINT & 10 POINT & 12 POINT \\
\hline 1 pound & \$2.10 & \$1.95 & . \(\$ 1.60\) & \$1.55 & \$1.55 & \$1.50 & \$1.50 & \$1.50 & \$1.35 \\
\hline 2 pounds & 4.00 & 3.60 & 3.20 & 3.00 & 3.00 & 2.90 & 2.90 & 2.70 & 2.60 \\
\hline 3 pounds & 5.70 & 5.40 & 4.50 & 4.35 & 4.35 & 4.20 & 4.20 & 4.05 & 3.75 \\
\hline 4 pounds & 7.40 & 6.80 & 6.00 & 5.60 & 5.60 & 5.40 & 5.40 & 5.20 & 5.00 \\
\hline 5 pounds & 8.75 & 8.25 & 7.25 & 6.75 & 6.75 & 6.50 & 6.50 & 6.50 & 6.00 \\
\hline 10 pounds & 17.00 & 15.00 & 13.50 & 12.50 & 12.50 & 12.50 & 12.50 & 12.00 & 11.50 \\
\hline 15 pounds & 25.50 & 22.50 & 20.25 & 18.75 & 18.75 & 18.75 & 18.75 & 18.00 & 17.25 \\
\hline 20 pounds & 33.00 & 29.00 & 26.00 & 24.00 & 24.00 & 23.00 & 23.00 & 23.00 & 22.00 \\
\hline 25 pounds & 41.25 & 36.25 & 32.50 & 30.00 & 30.00 & 28.75 & 28.75 & 28.75 & 27.50 \\
\hline 50 pounds & \(\begin{array}{r}80.00 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & 70.00 & 62.50 & 57.50 & 57.50 & 55.00 & 55.00 & 55.00 & 52.50 \\
\hline 100 pounds. & 155.00 & 135.00 & 120.00 & 110.00 & 110.00 & 105.00 & 105.00 & 100.00 & 100.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Fonts DO NOT include miters. For prices of miters see tables below.
The above prices are for regular standard Labor-Saving fonts, put up according to schemes shown on pages 772 and 773 . All rule cut to, or put up, by any other scheme will be charged for in accordance with the price list for cut rule pages \(\tau 68\) and \(\tau 69\).

Other bodies are so seldom called for that fonts are not carried in stock and will be made up to order only at price per piece listed in price list of cut rule.

Odd size fonts may be put up out of any two of these schemes. Thus a 30 -pound font may be put up out of a 25 and a 5 pound font, 20 and 10 , or two 15 -pound fonts; but it may not be put up out of a 25,3 and 2 pound fonts. Such special fonts will be charged for at the rate of the next smaller font. In the above case ( 30 pounds made up out of a 25 and a 5 -pound font) divide the cost of a 25 -pound font by 25 and multiply by 30 . If a 5 -pound font be made up out of 4 and 1 pound fonts, or 3 and 2 pound fonts, the combined price of the two fonts will be charged.

\section*{MITERS IN SINGLE SETS}

Miters will be sold in single sets, 1 to 6 ems in length, at the following prices per set (4 each right and left).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BODY & PRICE PER SET & во0Y & PRICE PER SET & BODY & PRICE PER SET \\
\hline 1 point.. & \$0.15 & 5 point. & \$0.25 & 9 point. & \$0.40 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) point. . & . 15 & \(5 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) point. & . 25 & 10 point. & . 40 \\
\hline 2 point.. & . 15 & 6 point. & . 25 & 11 point. & . 40 \\
\hline 3 point.. & . 15 & 7 point. & . 25 & 12 point. & . 40 \\
\hline 4 point. & . 15 & 8 point. & .25 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{FONTS OF MITERS}

Fonts of miters are put up at the following prices, containing the number of sets as noted:-A "set" of miters consists of 4 right and 4 left miters.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{BODY} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NO. SETS} & \multirow{2}{*}{PRICE} & \multirow{2}{*}{BODY} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NO. SETS} & \multirow{2}{*}{PRICE} \\
\hline & \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) EMS & 5 EmS & & & 212 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) EMS & 5 Ems & \\
\hline 1 point. & 2 & 2 & \$0.50 & 6 point. & 2 & 1 & \$0.50 \\
\hline 11 \(\frac{1}{3}\) point. & 2 & 2 & . 50 & 7 point. & 2 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline 2 point. & 2 & 2 & . 50 & 8 point. & 2 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline 3 point. & 2 & 2 & . 50 & 9 point. & 1 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline 4 point. & 2 & 2 & . 50 & 10 point. & 1 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline 5 point. & 2 & 1 & & 11 point. & 1 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline \(5{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) point. & 2 & 1 & . 50 & 12 point. & 1 & 1 & . 50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Larger than 12 point, figure "price per piece" according to price list for cut rule, pages 768 and 769, plus charges for page rule miters.

\section*{PAGE RULE MITERS}

Miters are sold by the "price per piece," as per price list of cut rule, pages 768 and 769 , for the lengths of rule used, plus the following list prices per page or set of miters.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
NUMBER \\
pages
\end{tabular} & 1 TO \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) POINT
PER PAGE & 6 TO 12 POINT PER PAGE & 14 TO 18 POINT PER PAGE & OVER 18 POINT PER PAGE \\
\hline 1 to 8. & \$0.12 & \$0.14 & \$0.16 & \$0.20 \\
\hline 9 to 16. & . 11 & . 13 & . 15 & . 19 \\
\hline 17 to 32. & . 10 & . 12 & . 14 & . 18 \\
\hline Over 32. & . 09 & . 11 & . 13 & . 17 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPACE RULE FONTS}

Consisting of all faces and bodies from 1 to 12 point, containing an equal number of each length from 1 em pica to 4 ems pica ( 12 point) inclusive, by \(1 / 2 \mathrm{ems}\) pica. Fonts weigh approximately 1 pound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BODY & No. PIECES EACH LENGTH & \begin{tabular}{l}
PER \\
FONT
\end{tabular} & Body & NO. PIECES EACH LENGTH & PER FONT \\
\hline 1 point.. & 90 & \$4.50 & 6 point. & 15 & \$2.10 \\
\hline 1) point. & 59 & 3.40 & 7 point. & 13 & 2.10 \\
\hline 2 point.. & 45 & 2.85 & 8 point. & 11 & 2.00 \\
\hline 3 point.. & 30 & 2.50 & 9 point. & 10 & 2.00 \\
\hline 4 point. & 22 & 2.30 & 10 point. & 9 & 1.90 \\
\hline 5 point. & 18 & 2.25 & 11 point. & 8 & 1.80 \\
\hline \(5^{\frac{1}{2}}\) point. & 16 & 2.15 & 12 point. & 7 & 1.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

No quantity discounts allowed on anything quoted on this page.

\section*{LABOR-SAVING}

2 Point No. 418
\(\qquad\)

\author{
2 Point No. 422
}
 \(\bar{\square}\) \(\bar{\Longrightarrow}\) \(\bar{\Longrightarrow}\) \(\bar{\square}\) \(\bar{\square}\) \(\bar{\square} \bar{\square}\) \(\overline{\underline{\square}}\)

3 Point No. 491


3 Point No. 534


6 Point No. 549


I- -\(\square-\square\) \(\square \longrightarrow\) \(\square \quad \square \quad \square\)
\(\qquad\)

2 Point No. 468


2 Point No. 489
\(\simeq \Longrightarrow\) \(\square=\) \(\bar{\square}=\square\) \(\bar{\Longrightarrow}\) \(\Longrightarrow \quad=\) \(\bar{\square} \bar{\square}\) \(\bar{\square}\) \(\Longrightarrow \quad \simeq \quad \bar{\square}\)

4 Point No. 535


4 Point No. 513


7 Point No. 516


QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

FONT


1 Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
Point
12 Point
12 Point
12 Point
12 Point
12 Point
12 Point
\(1 \frac{1}{2}\) Point
12 \(\frac{1}{2}\) Point
112 Point
\(1 \frac{1}{2}\) Point
\(1 \frac{1}{2}\) Point

\section*{Point}

Point
Point
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\section*{Point} Point Point Point Point Point Point Point
6 Point
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6 Point
8 Poin
Point Point Point Point Point Point 8 Point 8 Point
8 Point
8 Point
8 Point






 25 lb.
50 lb.


200 each \(\qquad\) \(\stackrel{80,80 / 80,80,80,80,80,80}{\leftarrow}\)


\(3 \mathrm{lb} 181818181818181818181818181818181818181919191919 \quad 6\)

5 f 1b

 20 lb. 6 25 lb . 808080808080808080 50 lb . \(\qquad\) 160 each \(\qquad\) \(\xrightarrow{\rightarrow} \stackrel{4}{4}\) \(\qquad\) 120 each \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) \(\stackrel{60,60,60}{\leftarrow-120 \text { each } \rightarrow 80} 804040,404040.2020202020\)

11
2
3
4
5
10
15
20
25
50
00 \begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|l|}
4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 \\
8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8
\end{tabular}




 50 lb . \(\stackrel{+}{\leftarrow}\)

1 lb.
2 lb.






 100 lb \begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c}
\hline 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & & 8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{\begin{tabular}{ll|llllllll|l}
2 & lb. & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & \(\ldots\) \\
3 & lb. & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & \(\ldots\) &
\end{tabular} \\ \begin{tabular}{l|llllllll}
3 & lb. & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 \\
4 & lb & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 & 12 \\
5
\end{tabular}}




25 lb. 4040404040404030303030303030303030303020202020202020202020202020202010101010
50 lb . 8080808080808060606060606060606060606040404040404040404040404040404020202020


\section*{2 lb.
3 lb. \\ \(41 \mathrm{lb}\).
5 lb.}

4 \begin{tabular}{lllllllll|l|l|l}
4 & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & \(\mathbf{4}\) & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
4
\end{tabular}

10 lb.
151 b .
20 lb.






\section*{LABOR-SAVING BRASS PANEL RULES}

The panels shown below are made from Rule No. 468 showing various sizes and lengths. The waste and labor necessary to cut the pieces from Strip Rule is large and expensive.

Each piece is mitered at both ends and the outside measurement is stamped upon each piece and is always even picas unless otherwise ordered. Panels of any given number of ems up to 50 outside measurement may be made with four pieces of this rule, and with a font "ads with panels" can be as quickly and cheaply set as ordinary matter.

Regular fonts contain four pieces of each length from 1 to 25 or 1 to \(50-12\) point ems, outside measure ment graduated by 12 point ems.

Brass Panel Rules can be furnished in regular fonts of all plain faces at prices below. They may be cut to order of any face rule to any scheme or lengths wanted at prices quoted upon application.

Black face, parallel, and other plain face rules furnished in regular fonts at prices below.

\section*{LIST PRICES OF LABOR-SAVING BRASS PANEL RULE IN FONTS}2 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length\$ 5.00
3 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length ..... 5.04
4 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length ..... 7.05
5 Point, 1 to 25 ems in lengtn ..... 8.06
6 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length ..... 9.80
8 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length ..... 11.82
10 Point, 1 to 25 ems in length ..... 13.23
14.86

2 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length
\$13.58
3 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length 12.13

4 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length 20.17

5 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length 23.12

6 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length ..................... 27.70
8 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length 36.39 10 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length ..................... 41.47
12 Point, 1 to 50 ems in length


12 POINT SOLID BRASS ROUND CORNERS


18 POINT SOLID BRASS ROUND CORNERS


\footnotetext{
Order corners by the number given. The last three figures indicate the matching face rule
}

\section*{24 POINT SOLID BRASS ROUND CORNERS}


36 POINT SOLID BRASS ROUND CORNERS


75 cents per set of four
Order above corners by the numbers given. The last three figures indicate the matching face rule shown on preceding pages.

CORNERS




\section*{BRASS BRAZED CORNERS}

The \(2,3,4,6,8,10\) and 12 point corners are made 2 by 4 ems pica, 18 point 3 by 6 ems pica



Order above corners by the numbers given. The last three figures indicate the matching face rule shown on preceding pages.

\section*{QUANTITY RATES FOR BRASS CORNERS}


\section*{BRASS SQUARE CORNERS}


8,10 and 12 point faces, 24 point body, per set of four, 50 c


Order above corners by the numbers given. The last three figures indicate the matching face rule shown on preceding pages.

BRASS SQUARES


12, 18 and 24 point, per set of four 35c 36 point, per set of four 50 c


Prices given are per set of four. For quantity rates of Brass Corners see page 778.

\section*{SOLID BRASS DIAGONAL CORNERS}


2, 3, 4 and 6 point face, per set of four, 35c 12 point face, per set of four, 50c
Order above corners by the numbers given. The last three figures indicate the matching face rule shown on preceding pages.

\section*{BRASS CORNERS}


24 Point Body, per set of four, 60c
For quantity rates of Brass Corners see page 778.

PLAIN FACE BRASS RULE
No. 402
2 Point
Per foot, 10c
\begin{tabular}{|ccc|}
\hline No. 403 & 3 Point & Per foot, 15c \\
\hline No. 404 & 4 Point & Per foot, 20c \\
\hline No. 407 & 6 Point & Per foot, 30c \\
\hline No. 409 & 8 Point & Per foot, 40c \\
\hline No. 411 & 10 Point & Per foot, 50c \\
\hline No. 413 & & Per foot. 60 c \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRASS}

LEADERS

\section*{LABOR SAVING FONTS OF BRASS LEADERS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & SIZE FONT & 8 POINT & 8 POINT & 10 POINT & 12 POint \\
\hline 1 Pound & & \$ 1.70 & \$ 1.60 & \$ 1.50 & \$ 1.40 \\
\hline 2 Pounds & & 3.40 & 3.20 & 3.00 & 2.80 \\
\hline 3 Pounds & & 4.95 & 4.65 & 4.50 & 4.05 \\
\hline 4 Pounds & & 6.40 & 6.00 & 5.80 & 5.20 \\
\hline 5 Pounds & & 7.75 & 7.25 & 7.00 & 6.50 \\
\hline 10 Pounds & & 14.00 & 13.50 & 13.00 & 12.00 \\
\hline 15 Pounds & & 21.00 & 19.50 & 18.75 & 18.00 \\
\hline 20 Pounds & & 27.00 & 25.00 & 24.00 & 23.00 \\
\hline 25 Pounds & & 33.75 & 31.25 & 30.00 & 28.75 \\
\hline 50 Pounds & & 65.00 & 60.00 & 57.50 & 55.00 \\
\hline 100 Pounds & & 125.00 & 115.00 & 110.00 & 105.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

All other bodies are so seldom called for that fonts are not carried in stock, and will be made up to order only at price per piece listed in Price List for Cut Rule.

The weights given are approximate, fonts containing the number of pieces as shown in schemes below.

6 Point Body
Fine Dot
Hyphen

\section*{8 Point Body}

10 Point Body

12 Point Body

When ordering, be particular to state the style of Leader (whether Dotted or Hyphen). If Leaders are to be used with other than Uniform Line Type, send a cap "H" and lower case "m" as little worn as possible, so that exact line may be assured.

STANDARD SCHEMES OF LABOR SAVING BRASS LEADERS.


The number of pieces contained in a 100 -pound font is 2 times that of a 50 -pound font.

RULES

BRASS COLUMN RULE
\begin{tabular}{ll|l|l|l|r|r|r|r|r|r|}
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}


For lengths not listed above figure according to the "Price List of Cut Rule" pages 768 and \(\tau 69\). Full length of rule over all is used as a measure.
Add 2 cents for each notch over, and add 5 cents for each notch under for use of brass reglet. Add 10 cents for each lug or shank or 8 cents in addition to above prices. Column Rules-made as per style "B" -10 cents each extra; as per styles "C" or "D" 15 cents each extra or 13 cents in addition to the above prices
A "notch over" is the shoulder cut from the face of the column rule, to allow for foot slugs. This style is seldom used for perfecting press.
A "notch under" is where column rule is cut out at head to allow for brass or metal reglet next to head rule. This allows column rule to go flush to head rule and obviates the necessity of using slugs at head of type column.
A "lug" or "shank" is a portion of column rule, which is cut off face at foot, to allow for foot sticks in perfecting press chases. Notching and lug charges are subject to both the quantity and the regular rule discount.

\section*{Styles of Notched Column Rules Most Commonly Used.}


Regular Notched Column Rule, Style A.
In ordering Column Rules, Style A, give quantity, size of body and length of face. The shank on this style is always made as long as the body of the rule, viz: on 6 -point rule, the shank is 6 points; on 8 -point, 8 points, etc.


Special Column Rule, Style B.
In ordering Column Rules, Style B, give quantity, size of body, and length of face, and height and length of shank. This style is most generally used for stereotyping.


Special Notched Column Rule, Style C.
In ordering Column Rules, Style C, give quantity, size of body and length of face, and height and length of shank, height of notch under and length of nib.


Special Notched Column Rule, Style \(D\).
In ordering Column Rules, Style D, give quantity, size of body and length of face; height and length of shank; height and center notch and height and length of lower nib.

\section*{BEVELED LINOTYPE COLUMN RULES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 8IZE & FULL LENGTH & 5×8 PT. & \(8 \times 7\) PT. & 7×8 PT. \\
\hline 6 column & 198/4 in. & \$0.74 & \$0.86 & \$0.98 \\
\hline 7 column & 218/4 in. & . 81 & . 95 & 1.07 \\
\hline 8 column & \(238 / 4\) in. & . 88 & 1.02 & 1.16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

These prices include the \(\mathbf{2 c}\) charge for notch over. Figure other sizes and leng ths according to "Price List of Cut Rule" pages 768 and 769 , adding 40 per cent thereto, using larger end of body as a basis.

Quantity Discounts-If the amount of cut rule, one body and face, ordered at one time, equals or exceeds \(\$ 10.00\), deduct 5 per cent before taking off the regular discount allowed on rule; if \(\$ 20.00\), deduct 10 per cent; if \(\$ 50.00\), deduct 15 per cent; if \(\$ 100.00\), deduct 20 per cent.

RULES

\section*{BRASS HEAD RULES}

Following prices are for any single, double, parallel, or triple rule shown on preceding pages.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & sIzE & LENGTH INCHES & \[
\stackrel{3}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{4}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{5}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
5 \frac{1}{2} \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\stackrel{8}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{7}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{8}{\text { POINT }}
\] \\
\hline 4-column & & 87/8 & \$0.12 & \$0.16 & \$0.20 & \$0.22 & \$0.24 & \$0.28 & \$0.31 \\
\hline 5 -column & & 111/8 & . 16 & . 21 & . 26 & . 28 & . 31 & . 36 & . 41 \\
\hline 6 -column & & 133/8 & . 18 & . 24 & . 30 & . 33 & . 36 & . 42 & . 48 \\
\hline 7-column & & \(158 / 4\) & . 21 & . 28 & . 34 & . 38 & . 41 & . 48 & . 55 \\
\hline 8-column & & 18 & . 23 & . 31 & . 38 & . 43 & . 46 & . 54 & . 61 \\
\hline 9 -column & & 201/4 & . 27 & . 36 & . 45 & . 50 & . 54 & . 63 & . 71 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

All lengths not listed above will be charged accoridng to "Price List of Cut Rule" pages 768 and 769. If head rules are to be notched for special column rules, time for cutting notches will be charged extra.
Quantity Discounts-If the amount of cut rule, one body and face, ordered at one time, equals or exceeds \(\$ 10.00\), deduct 5 per cent before taking off the regular discount allowed on rule; if \(\$ 20.00\), deduct 10 per cent; if \(\$ 50.00\), deduct 15 per cent; if \(\$ 100.00\), deduct 20 per cent.

\section*{STYLES OF HEAD RULES}


Special Head Rule, Style "D"


In ordering Head Rules give quantity, size of body, length of face and style. The following faces are the styles mostly used for head rules:
\begin{tabular}{l}
\hline 491-4 Point \\
\hline \(513-4\) Point \\
\hline \(535-4\) Point \\
\hline \(558-4\) Point \\
\hline \(505-53 / 6\) Point \\
\hline \(493-51 / 2\) Point \\
\hline \(526-51 / 2\) Point \\
\hline \(494-6\) Point \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
& \(527-6\) ' Point \\
\hline \hline \(538-6\) Point \\
\hline \hline \(560-6\) Point \\
\hline \hline \(516-7\) Point \\
\hline \(539-7\) Point \\
\hline & \(540-8\) Point \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRASS AND METAL FOOT SLUGS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Single column & double column & & SINGLE COLUMN & double Column \\
\hline Brass, 12 Point. & . . \(\$ 0.15\) & \$0.25 & Metal, 12 Point & ... \$0.04 & \$0.06 \\
\hline Brass, 18 Point. & . 20 & . 30 & Metal, 18 Point & . 05 & . 07 \\
\hline Brass, 24 Point. & . 25 & . 35 & Metal, 24 Point & . 06 & . 08 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BRASS CROSS OR ADVERTISING RULES.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & ems pica & \[
\stackrel{1}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\frac{1 \frac{1}{2}}{} \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\stackrel{2}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{3}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{4}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{5}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
5 \frac{1}{2} \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\] & POINT \\
\hline \(101 / 2\) to 12 & & \$0.01 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & \$0.01 \({ }^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & \$0.02 \({ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & \$0.03 & \$0.04 & \$0.05 & \$0.05 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & \$0.06 \\
\hline \(121 / 2\) to 15 & & . 013 & . 02 & . \(02 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 04 & . 05 & . 06 & . \(06 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(07 \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline \(151 / 2\) to 18 & & . 02 & .02 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 03 & .041 & . \(05 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 07 & .071 & . \(08 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) \\
\hline \(181 / 2\) to 21 & & . 02 & . 03 & .03 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . 05 & . \(06 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 08 & . 09 & . 10 \\
\hline \(211 / 2\) to 24 & & .02 \({ }^{\frac{1}{3}}\) & . 03 & . 04 & . \(05 \frac{1}{2}\) & . \(07 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 09 & . 10 & . 11 \\
\hline \(241 / 2\) to 27 & & .02 \(\frac{1}{3}\) & .03 \(\frac{1}{2}\) & . \(04 \frac{1}{2}\) & .061 & . 08 & .10 & .11 & . \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline \(271 / 2\) to 30 & & . \(02 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 04 & . 05 & . 07 & . 09 & .11 & . 12 & .13 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) \\
\hline \(301 / 2\) to 33 & & .023 & . 04 & . \(05 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) & . \(07 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 10 & . 12 & . \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 15 \\
\hline \(331 / 2\) to 36 & & . 03 & . \(04 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 06 & . 08 & . \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 13 & . \(14 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 16 \\
\hline \(361 / 2\) to 42 & & . 04 & . 05 & . 07 & .10 & .13 & . 16 & . 17 & . 19 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For sizes not listed above see "Price List of Cut Rules" on Pages 768 and 769.
In ordering always give width of column.
Although any face selected from our regular rules can be cut to order, the following styles of faces are the ones most used.


\section*{BRASS BRACES}


The first figure indicates the body.


\section*{OVALS, DIAMONDS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline diameter & PLAIN-RULE CIRCLES & FANCY-RULE CIRCLES & PLAIN-RULE
OVALS
AND DIAMONDB & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { FANCY RULE } \\
\text { OVALS } \\
\text { AND DIAMONDS }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 6 ems and smaller, 1 inch & \$0.75 & \$0.90 & \$0.90 & \$1.00 \\
\hline 7 to \(12 \mathrm{ems}, 2\) inch. & 1.00 & 1.25 & 1.20 & 1.45 \\
\hline 13 to 18 ems, 3 inch. & 1.25 & 1.60 & 1.50 & 1.90 \\
\hline 19 to 24 ems, 4 inch. & 1.50 & 1.95 & 1.80 & 2.35 \\
\hline 25 to 30 ems , 5 inch. & 1.75 & 2.30 & 2.10 & 2.80 \\
\hline 31 to 36 ems, 6 inch. & 2.00 & 2.55 & 2.40 & 3.25 \\
\hline 37 to \(42 \mathrm{ems}, 7\) inch. & 2.25 & 2.90 & 2.70 & 3.70 \\
\hline 43 to 48 ems , 8 inch. & 2.50 & 3.25 & 3.00 & 4.15 \\
\hline 49 to \(54 \mathrm{ems}, 9\) inch. & 2.75 & 3.60 & 3.30 & 4.60 \\
\hline 55 to 60 ems , 10 inch. & 3.00 & 3.95 & 3.60 & 5.05 \\
\hline 61 to 66 ems , 11 inch. & 3.25 & 4.30 & 3.90 & 5.50 \\
\hline 67 to \(72 \mathrm{ems}, 12\) inch & 3.50 & 4.65 & 4.20 & 5.95 \\
\hline Each additional inch diamet & . 25 & . 35 & . 30 & . 45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Diameter of Ovals and length of Diamonds figured the long way. Inside measurement.
Note.-Circles, Ovals and Diamonds made to order from any face of rule shown on preceding pages.




For prices of circles and ovals see page 786.



For prices of Circles and 0vals see page 786.


BRASS LEADS AND SLUGS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{STRIPS} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{cut to measure} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{Labor-saving} \\
\hline SIzE & 1 L8. & 25 LBS. & 100 LBB . & 200 L88. & 1 Lb . & 25 Les. & 100 LBS. & 200 LBs. & 1 LB. & 25 Le8. & 100 LB8. & 200 L88. \\
\hline 1 point & \$0.75 & \$0.70 & \$0.65 & \$0.60 & \$1.25 & \$1.20 & \$1.15 & \$1.10 & \$1.75 & \$1.35 & \$1.30 & \$1.25 \\
\hline 11/2 point & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 & 1.15 & 1.10 & 1.05 & 1.00 & 1.60 & 1.20 & 1.15 & 1.10 \\
\hline 2 point & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 & 1.00 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & 1.25 & 1.05 & 1.00 & . 95 \\
\hline 3 point & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 & 1.00 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & 1.25 & 1.05 & 1.00 & . 95 \\
\hline 4 point & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & . 80 & 1.20 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 \\
\hline 6 point & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & . 80 & 1.20 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Cut to measure is 10 ems or longer, and not less than 1 pound of a length. Otherwise labor-saving prices will prevail.

BRASS LEADS AND SLUGS IN A POUND
This table to be used in estimating, regular height ( \(8 / 4\) inches).
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & EMS TO POUND & inches to POUND & & EMS TO POUND & inches to POUND \\
\hline 1 point & 1872 & 312 & 3 point & 624 & 104 \\
\hline \(1{ }_{16}^{1}\) point & 1560 & 260 & 4 point. & 468 & 78 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) point & 1248 & 208 & 6 point & 312 & 52 \\
\hline 2 point & 936 & 156 & 12 point & 156 & 26 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

BRASS PERFORATING RULE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 812E & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& 1 \text { FOOT }
\end{aligned}
\] & NUMBER OF FEET & PRICE PER FOOT & number OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT & number OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT & nUMBER OF FEET & PRICE PER FOOT \\
\hline 2 point. & \$0.15 & 100 & \$0.14 \({ }^{\text { }}\) & 200 & \$0.13 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 500 & \$0.12 \({ }^{3}\) & 1000 & \$0.12 \\
\hline 3 point. & \(0.22{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 67 & \(0.21{ }^{\text {\% }}\) & 134 & 0.20 \({ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 334 & \(0.19 \frac{1}{8}\) & 667 & 0.18 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Special tooth or depth 3c net extra per foot. For Brass Perforating Rule, cut to measure, see pages 768 and 769.

BRASS SCORING RULE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SIZE & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& 1 \text { FOOT }
\end{aligned}
\] & NUMBER OF FEET & PRICE PER FOOT & number OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT & NUMBER OF FEET & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& \text { PER FOOT }
\end{aligned}
\] & NUMBER OF FEET & PRICE
PER FOOT \\
\hline 2 point. & \$0.10 & 100 & \$0.09 \({ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 200 & \$0.09 & 500 & \$0.081 & 1000 & \$0.08 \\
\hline 3 point. & 0.15 & 67 & \(0.14 \frac{1}{4}\) & 134 & \(0.13 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 334 & \(0.12{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & 667 & 0.12 \\
\hline 4 point. & 0.20 & 50 & 0.19 & 100 & 0.18 & 250 & 0.17 - & 500 & 0.16 \\
\hline 6 point. & 0.30 & 34 & \(0.28{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 67 & 0.27 & 167 & \(0.25 \frac{1}{2}\) & 334 & 0.24 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For Brass Scoring Rule, cut to measure, see pages 768 and 769 .

\section*{STEEL PERFORATING RULE}

These rules are not guaranteed accurate to Point Bodies.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SI2E & 1 FOOT & 50 FEET & 100 FEET & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Steel Perforating Rule also put up in fonts containing 4 feet of Rule cut to pica ems of assorted lengths. \\
Price per font, 2 point, \(\$ 2.00 ; 3\) point, \(\$ 2.50\)
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline 2 point & \$0.40 & \$0.39 & \$0.38 & \\
\hline 3 point & 0.50 & 0.49 & 0.48 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Special tooth or depth 5c net extra per foot.

\section*{STEEL CUTTING AND CREASING RULE}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{8IZE} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{tempered, NOT POLISHED} & \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{tempered and polished} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{soft steel} \\
\hline & 1 FOOT & SO FEET & 100 FEET & 1 FOOT & 50 FEET & 100 FEET & 1 FOOT & SO FEET & 100 FEET \\
\hline 2 point. & \$0.15 & \$0.14 & \$0.13 & \$0.25 & \$0.24 & \$0.23 & \$0.10 & \$0.09 & \$0.08 \\
\hline 3 point. & . 22 & . 20 & . 19 & & & & . 15 & . 14 & . 13 \\
\hline 4 point & . 30 & . 28 & . 27 & & & & . 20 & . 19 & . 18 \\
\hline 6 point..... & .35 & . 33 & . 32 & & & & .25 & . 24 & . 23 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Cutting, 1c a cut.


THIN SPACES

\section*{PATENT COPPER AND BRASS THIN SPACES}

One of the handiest things a printer can have is a full assortment of Patent Copper and Brass Thin Spaces. To use them once is to appreciate them. They are made in two thicknesses, one-half and onepoint, and are cut upon order for any point body. The half-point spaces are made of copper and the onepoint of brass, so that different thicknesses may be distinguished at a glance. They are accurately cut by machinery; are cheap, never break, and never wear out. These spaces are put up in fonts of different assortments as follows:


WOODEN CASE, CONTAINS 10 OUNCES OF ONE-HALF AND ONE-POINT THIN SPACES ASSORTED IN SIZES FROM 8 TO 72 POINT INCLUSIVE.

Font No. 1, Containing 16 oz . of One-Half Point Copper Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: \(6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,24,30,36\), \(42,48,60,72\) point. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Font No. 2, Containing 16 oz . of One-Point Brass Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: \(6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,24,30,36,42,48,60\), 72 point .... ...................................... Containing 16 oz . of One-Half Point Copper and One-Point Brass Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: 6,8 , \(10,12,14,16,18,20,24,30,36,42,48,60,72\) point.
Above price per font includes a neat wooden box.


CARDBOARD BOX, CONTAINS 10 OUNCES OF ONE-HALF AND ONE-POINT THIN SPACES ASSORTED IN SIZES, 12, 18, 24, 38 AND 48 POINT.

We cut upon special order any point body, from smallest to largest size and furnish same in 2-ounce packages of either the one-half point copper or one-point brass or 2 ounces of copper and brass assorted at a price of 25 cents per package of any one size. Also sold by the pound as follows: 5 point, \(\$ 2.50 ; 51 / 2\) point, \(\$ 2.25 ; 6\) point, \(\$ 2.00 ; 7\) point \(\$ 1.85 ; 8\) point, \(\$ 1.75 ; 9\) point, \(\$ 1.65 ; 10\) point, \(\$ 1.55 ; 11\) point, \(\$ 1.45 ; 12\) to 16 point, \(\$ 1.40 ; 18\) to 30 point, \(\$ 1.35 ; 36\) point and larger, \(\$ 1.30\). A pound may contain either brass or copper or both.
1.75

\section*{Ounce and Pound Prices}
\(\begin{aligned} & \text { Font No. 5, Containing } 10 \text { oz. of One-Point Brass } \\ & \text { Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: } \\ & \text { 12, 18, 24, 36, and } 48 \text { point....................... }\end{aligned}\)
Font No. 6, Containing 10 oz . of One-Half Point
Font No. 6, Coper and One-Point Brass Thin
Spaces, cut the following sizes: 12,18 ,
24,36 and 48 point.
1.00
Above fonts are put up in cardboard boxes as
shown in cut.
Font No. 4, Containing 10 oz . of One-Half Point Cop-
Containing 10 oz. of One-Half Point Cop-
per Thin spaces, cut the following
sizes: \(12,18,24,36\), and 48 point........

\section*{SHORT LEADS AND SLUGS}

Each font consists of accurately cut labor-saving leads and slugs in four thicknesses, 1, 2, 3 and 6 point, as shown in illustration, which also shows style of box in which they are sold.
18 point assortment, including case, per font . \(\$ 1.50\) 24 point assortment, including case, per font 1.50 36 point assortment, including case, per font 1.50 48 point assortment, including case, per font .50 60 point assortment, including case, per font 1.50
Five assortments ordered at one time. ..... 7.25
Four-ounce packages of 2,3 or 6 -point, each ..... 25

BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S
Font No. 1, Brass, one-point; contains 7 pieces each 1 to 10 ems by nonpareils, 7 pieces each 11 to \(14^{\circ} \mathrm{ems}, 5\) pieces each 14 to 19 ems . and 6 pieces 20 ems by picas. from 1 to 20 ems by picas, 12 pieces each from 1 to 10 ems by nonpareils.....
Font No. 3, Three-point: contains 8 pieces each from 1 to 20 ems by picas, 12 pieces from from 1 to 10 ems by nonpareils..... "The Midget," labor-saving case, having twentynine compartments, will hold either of No. 2 or 3 .

\section*{MISCELLANE0US}


\section*{BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER}

TYPE FOUNDERS, CHICAGO

ST. PAUL, MINN.
MINNESOTA TYPE FOUNDRY CO.
ST. LOUIS, MO.
ST. LOUIS PRINTERS SUPPLY CO.
DALLAS, TEX.
the barnart type foundry co.

KANSAS CITY, MO.
GREAT WESTERN TYPE FOUNDRY
OMAHA, NEB GREAT WESTERN TYPE FOUNDRY
NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. BARNHART TYPE FOUNDRY CO.

COMMERCIAL LOGOTYPES

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline DATE & LINES TYPED \\
\hline \[
\text { Klandike, Miss., Syle Ase } \quad 190
\] & Whading, Wile Va, \\
\hline \[
\text { Dayton, } \mathrm{O}^{\text {sulv B, ze }}
\] &  \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Sutem, Ore., \\
190
\end{tabular} &  \\
\hline - Mosan, Ta. 190 & Soston, OMass, 190 \\
\hline  & \begin{tabular}{l}
O, 75c
\(\square\) \\
Quyden, \(\qquad\) 190
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & Babemingten, Texas, \\
\hline Ghion, lud., 190 & Racine, 9 Dis. \\
\hline Calcloys, & \[
\text { Clustin, Sill., } 190
\] \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Quanston, eleb, \(\qquad\) 190 \\
Svile E,, zc \\
©Mull, ond., \(\qquad\) 190
\end{tabular} & \[
\text { Eraigo, } 100
\] \\
\hline Linden, 190 & Quie, \(\quad 190\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CHECK \\ BLANKS}

\section*{ELECTROTYPED}



BARNHART BROS, \& SPINDLER'S



SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

\section*{ADVERTISING \\  CUTS}

Cast from Superior Copper-Mixed Metal.



\begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{(exyen us mivi} \\
\hline \\
\hline \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



A523 15c
A236 15c


ELECTROTYPED


\footnotetext{
POINT-L1NE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY
}


A31 10c


C44 20c


795
QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED


EMBLEMS

ELECTROTYPED
MASONIC


B2128 50c


B1120 50c


\(Z 609\) 50c


B1508 50c


Z208 35c


B1204 30c


B1111 40c


10007 50c


B1203 40c


KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS


POINT-LINE, POINT-SET, POINT-BODY




KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS


\section*{ELECTROTYPED}

FORESTERS OF AMERICA


SOCIETY
EMBLEMS

ELKS AND FORESTERS



10031 50c


10021 30c


10024 75c

\section*{ODD FELLOWS}



10015 40c







\section*{AMERICAN MECHANICS}


10069 40c



\section*{SOCIETY}

EMBLEMS

ELECTROTYPED
FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES



1004 + 75c


RED MEN



Z432 35c


10059 40c


2172 50c


10058 35c


256 35c

\section*{EPWORTH LEAGUE}


\section*{KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES}



Z541 30c


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

EMBLEMS

ELECTROTYPED
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES


\section*{ELECTROTYPED}

\section*{ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKMEN}


B1807 50c



B1829 40c

GRAND ARMY


\section*{MISCELLANEOUS}



804


SUPERIOR COPPER-MIXED TYPE

vogue
- Sisher

*No. 59, 40c*

*No. 5, 40c

*No.75, 45c

\({ }^{*}\) No. 79, 35c

*No. 76, 45c


No. 20, 50c





No. 28, 50c


No. \(32,50 \mathrm{c}\)



No. 13, 60c


No. 9, 60c


No. 118, 75c


No. 113, 60c


No. 17, 50c

* Indicates metal base


No. 89, 60c

VOGUE


Indicates metal base


*No. 58, 35c


No. 167, 75c

No. 26, 60c



*No. 102, 25c


*Indicates metal base.

No. 30, 50c


No. 30, 50 c


No. \(33,60 \mathrm{c}\)


No. 176, 65c


ELECTROTYPED


No. 95, 75c



No. 43, 50c


No. 114, 50c


No. 40, 75c 2
*No.47, 60c

*No. 205, 50c


No. 37, 50c


No. 81, 40c

*Indicates metal base.
No.91, \$1.25


No. \(25,35 \mathrm{c}\)


No. 45, 75c



No. 203, \$1.00
* Indicates metal base

VOGUE


No. 107, 75c


* Indicates metal base


No. 85, 50c


ORNAMENTS


No. 181, 75c

*No.77, 25c


No. 217, 60c


No. 236, 75c

* Indicates metal base
\((\pi 0)(64)(\pi a y)\)
\((5)\)
No. 225, 60c


No. 127, 50c



No. 166, 50c



No. 119, 75c



No. 273, 40c


No. 305, \$1.00


No. 282, 40c


No. 280, 50c


No. 289, 40c


No. 277, 50c

(No. 286, 50c


No. 290, 40c



No. 288, 50c



ELECTROTYPED





No. \(278,40 \mathrm{c}\)


No. 292, 60c




No. 276, 30c


No. 199, 60c
QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED



No. 295, 75c


No. 297, 75c


No. 207, 75c


No. 271, 50c

\section*{ELECTROTYPED}


No. 216, \$1.25


No. 136, 50c


No. \(125,75 \mathrm{c}\)


No. 179, 60c


No. 42, 75c

\section*{VOGUE}


No. 250, \$1.00



No. 180, 75c


No. 212, \(\$ 1.00\)

No. 308, \$1.50


No. 204, \$1.25


No. 235, \$1.00

No. 239, \$1.25


No. 208, \(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{}

\section*{VOGUE}


No. 254, \$1.50


No. 255, 75c


No. 256, \$2.00


VOGUE ORNAMENTS.


SUB-HEADS

Made to column width, 50 cents each.

No. 200
NORTHAM JOURNAL.

No. 201
SOUTHERN PLOWMAN.

No. 202
Grand Folks Times.

No. 203
Market Review. CLINION COUNTY NEWS.

The fulton \(\mathfrak{t a n t u a l . ~}\)

No. 206
Utah dailiy Record.

No. 207
BENTON SIGNAL.

No. 208
Kansis City Daily Hotel Reporter.

No. 209
WESTERS POULTRI JOLRNAL.

No. 210 ,
dot duxing ditax.
No. 211

No. 212
Carson Center Humorist.

No. 213
SOUTH HAVEN EAGLE.

No. 214
Cye exyatyam 3iade.
No. 215
Eveníng Temocrat.
No. 216
IIIorgan Címes.
No. 217
Columbus y free IDress.
No. 218
MARLETTE MONTHLY.

No. 219
THE WISCONSIN WEEKLY ECHO,

No. 221
South Dakota Farmer.

No. 222
WASHINGTON NEWS.

No. 223
M0RNING REVIEW.

No. 224
LAKESIDE TIMES.

No. 225
avondale daily bulletin.

No. 226
MARKET GUIDE.
DAILY SENTINEL.
QUALITY AND FINISH UNEQUALED

\title{
Saturday Brmorrat
}

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


60 Point Tudor
Each additional word, 50c

\section*{Fentinel}

One word, \$1.25; two words, \$1.75
60 Point Tudor Bold
Each additional word, 50c
Racine |post

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Black No. 2


One word, \(\$ 1.35\); two words, \(\$ 2.00\)



ELECTROTYPED

48 Point Modern Title
Each additional word, 50c

\section*{One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)}

LEON GRAPHIC

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


48 Point Herald Roman


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
48 Point Lightface


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)

\section*{UTICA}

Each additional word, 50c INDEX

\title{
MOLINE CLIPPER
}

One word, \(\$ 1.25\) : two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
48 Point Luxor No. 55
Fenton

\title{
HOME \\ PR ESS
}

\title{

}

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)

\section*{Star}

48 and 60 Point Post
Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\) (

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
48 and 60 Point Talisman
Each additional word, 50c

\section*{CADIZ} E CHO

One word, \$1.25 : two words, \$1.75
DAILY
48 and 60 Point Pastel Bold
ARGUS

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


Each additional word, 50c Pos'T

\section*{One word, \(\$ 1.25\) : two words, \(\$ 1.75\)}


54 Point Caslon Old Style


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)

\section*{UNION}

Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
54 and 72 Point Caslon Old Style
Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Old Roman Condensed
Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


60 Point Caslon Old Roman


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Barnhart Old Style
Each additional word, 50c


60 Point Plymouth Condensed
Each additional word, 50c


60 and 72 Point Barnhart Old Style
Each additional word, 50c

 Cl

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point De Vinne No. 55
Each additional word, 50c

\section*{Union}


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Old Roman Bold
Each additional word, 50c ENTERPRISE

One word, \$1.25; two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Talisman
Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
CHR

\section*{4}

60 Point Bold Pastel


Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
GARY

Each additional word, 50c

60 Point Old Style No. 70
Each additional word, 50c

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)



Each additional word, 50c
One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Modern Title
Eachaditional word,

\section*{REPUBLICAN}

60 Point Post


60 Point De Vinne
One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
60 Point Lightface


Each additional word, 50 c


\section*{ELECTROTYPED}

\title{
One word, \(\$ 1.25\) : two words, \(\$ 1.75\) \\ 72 Point Old Style Italic No. 59
}

Each additional word, 50c Fulton Post

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
72 Point Old Style No. 70

\section*{}

72 Point Modern Title
Each additional word, 50c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


72 Point Post I Cls)

Each additional word, 50c ER

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
72 Point Barnhart Old Style
Each additional word, 50c IAN


\section*{ELECTROTYPED}

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)
72 Point Old Style No. 72


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


72 Point Lightface Post


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


72 Point De Vinne


Each additional word, 50 c


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)

\section*{REPUBLICAN}

72 Point Talisman
Each additional word, 50c

\section*{CLARION \\ }

One word, \$1.25; two words, \$1.75


One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


72 Point Plymouth
Each additional word, 50c

One word, \(\$ 1.25\); two words, \(\$ 1.75\)


Each additional word, 50c


72 Point Bold Pastel


QUADS

\section*{ANGULAR QUADS}

With these quads lines can be set quickly and securely at any one of several different angles to the straight lines, and with but little space between.

Angular Quads are put up in fonts, one of which contains quads whose straight sides are \(8 \times 8\) points and \(8 \times 4\) points respectively; the second, \(10 \times 10\) and \(10 \times 5\); and the third,


PIANOS
AND
ORGANS


Largest assortment to select from in the city, and at prices to suit the buyer. ©
THE HOME COMPANY 168 NOISE STREET

Scale of fonts showing the number of letters in each font from 3 A 's to 30 A 's. These fonts are carefully assorted and do not contain surplus characters.


REVISED PRICE LIST
Per Letter
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ভ్ర & \[
\begin{array}{|c}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathbf{L}
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { class } \\
\mathbf{M}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLAES } \\
\mathbf{N}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Class } \\
0
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\hline \text { CLASS } \\
P
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathbf{Q}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathbf{R}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathbf{S}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathrm{T}
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { CLASS } \\
\mathbf{U}
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline \[
\stackrel{\text { w }}{\underset{\sim}{2}}
\] &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline 2 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 13 & 16 \\
\hline 3 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 12 & 15 & 18 \\
\hline 4 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 12 & 15 & 18 \\
\hline 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 14 & 17 & 20 \\
\hline 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 11 & 16 & 19 & 22 \\
\hline 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 10 & 12 & 13 & 18 & 22 & 26 \\
\hline 10 & 9 & 9 & 10 & 10 & 12 & 15 & 16 & 20 & 25 & 30 \\
\hline 12 & 10 & 10 & 12 & 12 & 14 & 17 & 18 & 23 & 28 & 32 \\
\hline 14 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 16 & 20 & 22 & 26 & 30 & 34 \\
\hline 15 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 18 & 21 & 24 & 28 & 32 & 36 \\
\hline 16 & 12 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 19 & 22 & 25 & 30 & 34 & 38 \\
\hline 18 & 13 & 15 & 17 & 18 & 21 & 24 & 28 & 33 & 37 & 42 \\
\hline 20 & 14 & 16 & 18 & 20 & 24 & 28 & 32 & 37 & 40 & 44 \\
\hline 24 & 17 & 19 & 22 & 24 & 28 & 32 & 36 & 42 & 45 & 48 \\
\hline 25 & 18 & 20 & 23 & 25 & 30 & 34 & 38 & 45 & 48 & 50 \\
\hline 30 & 21 & 24 & 27 & 30 & 35 & 40 & 44 & 52 & 55 & 58 \\
\hline 36 & 28 & 31 & 34 & 36 & 41 & 46 & 50 & 56 & 59 & 62 \\
\hline 40 & 33 & \(36^{\circ}\) & 38 & 40 & 45 & 50 & 56 & 60 & 63 & 66 \\
\hline 45 & 36 & 39 & 42 & 45 & 50 & 58 & 63 & 64 & 67 & 70 \\
\hline 50 & 45 & 47 & 48 & 50 & 56 & 65 & 70 & 70 & 72 & 74 \\
\hline 60 & 50 & 53 & 56 & 60 & 66 & & & 80 & 83 & 86 \\
\hline 72 & 60 & 62 & 64 & 72 & 78 & & & 90 & 95 & 100 \\
\hline 80 & 64 & 66 & 68 & 80 & 86 & & & 100 & 107 & 114 \\
\hline 100 & 75 & 78 & 80 & 100 & 106 & & & 115 & 125 & 135 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Wood type is priced by the letter, and sold in various sized fonts, as shown above.

Customers should bear in mind that End Wood Type can be made any size desired. A wood type letter increases in width in exactly the same proportion as it does in length. For example: If a 12 -line letter is 2 inches wide, the same letter in 15 -line will be \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches wide, the increase being one-quarter each way.

The prices for all sizes of each style of type shown in this book can be found in this Revised Price List. The left hand column gives the size of Type or lines Pica. The letters L, M, N, etc., at the top of table, gives the class to which the letter belongs, and the figures in the different columns give the price per letter. The sizes of fonts are given above.

Always state whether Caps alone are wanted, or Caps and Figures, or Caps, Lower Case and Figures, or Caps and Lower Case, and how large a font or number of A's.

Give full direction for shipping, unless it is desired to leave the matter to us, in which case we will ship the cheapest way, freight or express.

Style N-Eight Point

Style E-Twelve Point

Style H-Eighteen Point

Style J-Twenty Four Point


\section*{Style A A-Six Point}

\section*{- Style B B—Eight Point}

Style CC-Twelve Point

Style FF-Eighteen Point

Style H H-Twenty Four Point

On Sidewood, yard lengths, per yard, 12c On Endwood, cut labor-saving lengths, per foot, 15c Solid Corners to match any Rule, Endwood or Sidewood, 25 c per set of four

As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Rule made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Rule will be sent on application.

\section*{STAR RULE}

BORDERS

12 Point No. 1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline + & + & + & + & \(\cdots\) & + & \(\pm\) & + & + & - & \(\pm\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

18 Point No. 21/2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 5 & \(\underline{5}\) & 5 & I & \(I\) & \(I\) & I & 5 & 27 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

24 Point No. 4


36 Point No. \(51 / 2\)


12 Point No. 71/2


24 Point No. 10


36 Point No. 111/2


New series of Star Rule faces-all cut on the point system. Prices of all sizes 30c per foot. Solid Corners, 40c per set of four.

END WOOD BORDERS

No. 166-50c per foot

\section*{}

No. 416-50c per foot

As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Rule made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Rule will be sent on application.

\section*{END W00D}

BORDERS

No. 164-60c per foot

No. 167-60c per foot


No. \(129-60 \mathrm{c}\) per foot

\section*{* * * \(* * * * * * * * * * * * *\)}

No. \(173-60 \mathrm{c}\) per foot


No. 84-60c per foot
00000000000000000

No. 47 - 60 c per foot

\section*{}

No. 275-70c per foot

\section*{x.}

No. 270-70c per foot

\section*{}

No. 74-70c per foot


No. 181-70c per foot

\section*{}

As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Rule made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Rule will be sent on application.

\section*{END W00D}

BORDERS

No. 56-80c per foot

\section*{}

No. 192-90c per foot


No. 244-90c per foot


No. 333-90c per foot


\section*{ROUTED BORDER}

Three Line


Four Line


No. 448-85c per foot
Corners, per set of four, 85c


No. 448-95c per foot


Corners, per set of four, 95c

As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Rule made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Rule will be sent on application.
\(\qquad\)
No. 634-Class O
Four Line, 6 c per letter


No. 634-Class O
Five Line, 6 c per letter


No. 634-Class O
Six Line, oc per letter


No. 634 -Class 0
Eight Line, Bc per letter


TYPE

No. 627-Class O


No. 627 -Class O


No. 627-Class O

No. 627-Class O


Six Line, 6c per letter


Eight Line, 8c per letter


Ten Line, 10c per letter


Twelve Line, 12c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 257-Class N


No. 257 -Class N


No. 257-Class N


No. 257 -Class N
Fifteen Line, 14c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book
of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 180-Class N
Five Line, 6 c per letter


No. 180 -Class N


No. 180 -Class N


Eight Line, 8c per letter


No. 180 - Class N



Fifteen Line, 14c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 155-Class O
Three Line, 6c per letter

\section*{Rose Garden 6}

No. 155-Class O


Four Line, 6 c per letter


Five Line, 6c per letter


No. 155 -Class O


No. 155-Class O


Six Line, 6c per letter


Twelve Line, 12c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 5009-Class N
Four Line, 6 c per letter

\section*{Modernized 5}

No. 5009-Class N
Five Line, 6 c per letter


No. 5009-Class N
Six Line, oc per letter


No. 5009-Class N
Eight Line, 8c per letter


No. 5009-Class N



Ten Line, 10c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application. TYPE

No. 81 - Class L


Ten Line, 9c per letter Race 6

Twelve Line, 10c per letter


Fifteen Line, 12c per letter

As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

TYPE

No. 266-Class L
Precious

Five Line, \(\mathbf{6 c}\) per letter Diamond 82

Six Line, 6c per letter


No. 266-Class L



As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.
\(\qquad\)

No. 6243 - Class L

\section*{Garden}

No. 6243-Class L


No 6243-Class L

No. 6243-Class L




Eight Line, 8c per letter

\section*{Six Line, 6 c per letter}




No. 6243-Class L


Ten Line, 9c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 98 -Class O
Six Line, 6c per letter


No. 98-Class O


No. 98-Class O

No. 98 -Class O


Eight Line, 8c per letter



Ten Line, 10c per letter


Twelve Line, 12c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 50r1-Class O
Six Line, 6c per letter


No. 5071-Class O



Eight Line, 8c per letter


Ten Line, 10c per letter


Twelve Line, 12c per letter


As space will not permit the showing of all Woodrype made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

No. 662-Class O


No. 662-Class O


No. 662-Class O


Eight Line, 8c per letter


Ten Line, 10c per letter


As Space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application. Sthiniz

Six Line, 8c per letter \\ \section*{Sill \\ \section*{Sill \\ \\ boturcer} \\ \\ boturcer}

No. 614-Class P


No. 606-Class P


Six Line, 8c per letter


Six Line, 8c per letter

No. 615-Class P


Six Line, 10c per letter
No. 616-Class Q




As space will not permit the showing of all Wood Type made, a complete Specimen Book of Wood Type will be sent on application.

\section*{ILLUSTRATED CATALOG AND PRICE LIST OF PRINTING MATERIAL MACHINERY AND SUPPLIES}


BARNHART BROTHERS \(\overline{\text { SPIND }}^{\text {AND }} \overline{\overline{L E R}}\) TYPE FOUNDERS CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. Barnhart Type Foundry Co.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Southern Printers Supply Co.
ST. PAUL, MINN.
Minnesota Type Foundry Co.
KANSAS CITY, MO. Great Western Type Foundry

ST. LOUIS, MO.
St. Louis Printers Supply Co.
OMAHA, NEB.
Great Western Type Foundry
SEATTLE, WASH.
Pacific Printers Supply Co.
DALLAS, TEX.
The Bsrnhart Type Foundry Co.

\section*{TO THE TRADE}

On the pages following will be found described and illustrated almost everything in the way of material, machinery and supplies required in the printing office.

Every article listed is the best of its class, and prices are as low as legitimate business principles will allow. No one can buy cheaper than we; no one buys in such large quantities; hence it is that our prices are as low as the lowest.

A letter to us giving full particulars as to what you require will bring you an estimate by return mail.

\section*{PRICE LIST}

\section*{We quote Manufacturers' Prices, which are subject to change.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{BACKING POWDER-Vivian's} \\
\hline 25 pounds & \$1.50 \\
\hline 50 pounds & 2.50 \\
\hline 100 pounds & 4.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BELLOWS}


Our Bellows are correct in shape, and strongly made of the best materials.
Small size, weight 1 lb . 2 oz.......................... \(\$ 1.00\)
Large size, weight 1 lb. 9 oz............................... 1.25
Cylinder, wood 1.25

\section*{BELTING}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline inch. & . 0.24 & 31/2 inch. & 50.84 \\
\hline 11/4 inch. & . 30 & 33/4 inch. & . 90 \\
\hline 11/2inch. & . 36 & 4 inch. & 96 \\
\hline \(18 / 4\) inch. & . 42 & 41/2 inch. & 1.08 \\
\hline 2 inch. & . 48 & 5 inch. & 1.20 \\
\hline 214 inch. & . 54 & 51/2 inch. & 1.32 \\
\hline \(21 / 2 \mathrm{inch}\). & . 60 & 6 inch. & 1.44 \\
\hline 284 inch. & . 66 & 7 inch. & 1.68 \\
\hline 3 inch. & . 72 & 8 inch & 1.92 \\
\hline 31/4 inch & 78 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For double belting double the above prices.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & BELT LACING \\
\hline & Per bundie of 25 feet. \\
\hline 1/4 inch & . \(50.25 \mid 1 / 2\) inch . \\
\hline 3/8 inch & .40 5/8 inch \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


For Single Leather or same thickness of other kinds of Belting.



This Punch is light and strong, and is equipped with four different sizes Steel "Drive" Tubes. Bright Finish.
8 inch, each.
\(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{BLANKETS-Felt}
Thick, 36 inches wide. ..... per yaro
Thick, 44 inches wide. ..... 6.60
Thick, 54 inches wide ..... 8.10
Thin, 44 inches wide. ..... 3.25
BLANKETS—Rubber

\section*{BOOKS FOR PRINTERS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline The Color Printer & 00 \\
\hline Cost of Printing & 1.50 \\
\hline Guide to Practical Embossing & . 75 \\
\hline Hints on Imposition. & 1.00 \\
\hline Inland Printer Account Book, 400 & 5.00 \\
\hline Inland Printer Account Book, 200 & 3.50 \\
\hline List of Prices and Estimate Guide & 1.00 \\
\hline Practical Printer & 1.00 \\
\hline Presswork & 1.50 \\
\hline Printer's Ready Reckoner & . 50 \\
\hline Typographic Style Book. & . 5 \\
\hline Vest-Pocket Manual of Pr & . 50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Cost of Printing ..... 50Hints on Imposition1.00
Inland Printer Account Book, 400 pages .....  50
List of Prices and Estimate Guide ..... 1.00
Practical Printer ..... 1.00
Printer's Ready Reckoner .....  50
Vest-Pocket Manual of Printing ..... 50


Truxell


Success

\section*{BENZINE CANS}

Safety cans prevent leakage of benzine or its vapor. Insurance companies require benzine to be kept in entirely closed metallic cans, and these with automatic stoppers not only save loss caused by evaporation, but tend to keep premiums on insurance policies at the lowest rate, besides avoiding any chance for claims that fires were caused by the ignition of benzine contained in an open receptacle. They are cheap and handy, and no printer can afford to be without them.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Truxell Success} & & & & \\
\hline & PInts & quart & 2-QuART & \({ }^{\text {1-gallon }}\) \\
\hline Truxell Safety Benzine Can & & \$1.00 & \$1.25 & \$1.50 \\
\hline Success Safety Benzine Can & \$0.60 & . 75 & 1.50 & 2.00 \\
\hline Steel Clad Safety Benzine Can & . 90 & 1.20 & & \\
\hline Imperial Non-Explosive Benzine Can & 1.25 & 1.50 & 1.75 & 1.85 \\
\hline & 2-gallon & 3-gallon & 5-gallon & 10-GAllon \\
\hline Imperial Non-Explosive Storage Can. & 2.50 & 4.00 & 5.00 & 7.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BODKINS AND TWEEZERS}


BOOKBINDERS SUPERIOR LETTERING PALLET


\section*{BRASS TYPE}

Specimen book of Brass Type will be sent upon application.

This is the best made Pallet in the market. Made of solid brass and is handsomely finished. Has capacity for a line \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches long. Its adjustment is governed by thumb-screws centering the line with one operation from either end. It is an indispensible tool for bookbinders.
Superior Lettering Pallet
\(\$ 6.00\)

\section*{BOOKBINDERS PRESS BOARDS}

These cases are made of hardwood, paneled sides and nicely finished. The boards are separated by fixed hardwood strips. The prices of cases given below do not include the boards.


\section*{BRONZING MITTEN}

Convenient for bronzing. Made of sheep's wool, with backs of strong cloth; made impervious to bronze.
Price, each
\(\$ 0.50\)


\section*{BRONZING PAD}


Receives the bronze in a cavity on top (which is closed tightly with a slide) and delivers it through valves which are opened and closed by the thumbscrew at the end, which regulates the flow of bronze onto a sieve in the midst of fine fur. The bronze is fed only as fast as wanted, and just where wanted on the work, and not over the whole table. No bronze escapes except on the work being done, and a large quantity usually wasted is thus saved.
Large, \(21 / 2 \times 6\) inches
.
Small, \(21 / 2\) inches square, for light work

\section*{BRUSHES}


Benzine Brush, all bristle, oval back.......... \(\$ 0.40\)
Benzine Brush, all bristle, with handle \(\qquad\)


Lye Brush, all bristle ............................. \(\$ .75\)
Lye Brush, medium, tampico.................... . . 40
Lye Brush, large, tampico .50


Stereotype Beating Brush, Net......... ...... \(\$ 7.00\)


Cement Brush of French bristles, flat and double thick
1 inch............. \(\$ 0.30\) inches......... . \(\$ 0.55\)
\(11 / 2\) inches.......... . 40 31/2 inches.......... . . 75


No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Bracket

CASE BRACKETS


No. 5 Hamilton 3-case Bracket


No. 3 Hamilton Patent 3-case Tilting Bracket

No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Bracket PER PAIR
No. 2 Hamilton Patent 3-case Tilting Brac ..... \(\$ 2.00\)
No. 2 Hamilton Patent 3-case Tilting Bracket, for 18 in. bank. ..... 2.40
No. 3 Hamilton Patent 3-case Tilting Bracket, for 20 in . dump. 2.50 No. 4 Hamilton 3 -case Bracket, for 18 inch bank ..... 1.90
No. 5 Hamilton 3 -case Bracket, for 20 inch dump ..... 2.00
No. 6 Double Case Bracket, Style A ..... 1.50
No. 7 Double Case Bracket, Style B ..... 1.25
No. 8 Double Case Bracket. Style C. ..... 1.75
No. 9 New York Case Bracket ..... 1.50
No. 10 Detachable Single Case Bracket ..... 2.00
No. 11 Single Case Bracket. ..... 1.25
No. 12 Single Autocrat Case Bracket. ..... 1.25
No. 13 Roller Bracket ..... 50
No. 14 Detachable Galley Bracket ..... 40

\section*{GALLEY CABINETS}


No. 3 Galley Top Cabinet with Paneled Ends


No. 9 Flat Top Galley Cabinet with Flat Ends and Number Plates attached

Hamilton Galley Cabinets have proved their worth by actual tests covering a period of twenty-five years. Thousands are in use in the best printing offices throughout the United States and foreign countries. The severe strain to which a Galley Cabinet is subjected when filled with loaded Galleys is fully realized, and their construction is such as to enable the manufacturers to give an absolute guarantee that every Galley Cabinet of their make, large or small, will remain firm and rigid for an indefinite period. They are made of selected hardwoods throughout from well seasoned stock and finished like the best grades of printers' Cabinets.

List Prices and Dimensions of Galley Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{NO.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{TIERS} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{STYLE} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{CAPACITY} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{outside dimensions} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{WEIGHT POUNDS} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{PRICE} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{EXTRA WITH NUMBER PLATES} \\
\hline & & & & HEIGHT INCHES & LENGTH INCHES & DEPTH INCHES & & & \\
\hline No. 1 & 1 & Galley Top & 22 Double Galleys & 505 & 121 & \(26 \frac{3}{8}\) & 165 & \$14.00 & \$1.10 \\
\hline No. 2 & 2 & Galley Top & 44 Double Galleys & \(50 \frac{5}{8}\) & 23 \(\frac{1}{8}\) & 26. & 280 & 25.00 & 2.20 \\
\hline No. 3 & 3 & Galley Top & 66 Double Galleys & 505 & \(34 \frac{1}{1}\) & 268 & 350 & 36.00 & 3.30 \\
\hline No. 4 & 4 & Galley Top & 88 Double Galleys & \(50 \frac{5}{8}\) & 45 & 268 & 475 & 47.50 & 4.40 \\
\hline No. 5 & 6 & Galley Top & 132 Double Galleys & 50 5 & \(66 \frac{3}{2}\) & 268 & 650 & 62.00 & 6.60 \\
\hline No. 6 & 9 & Galley Top & 198 Double Galleys & \(50 \frac{5}{8}\) & \(98 \frac{1}{2}\) & 268 & 900 & 85.00 & 9.90 \\
\hline No. 7 & 1 & Flat Top & 20 Double Galleys & \(43{ }^{3}\) & 11/ & \(26 \frac{1}{2}\) & 125 & 8.00 & 1.00 \\
\hline No. 8 & 1 & Flat Top & 30 Double Galleys & 62 & 11. & \(26 \frac{1}{2}\) & 165 & 11.50 & 1.50 \\
\hline No. 9 & 2 & Flat Top & 40 Double Galleys & 433 & \(21 \frac{1}{8}\) & \(26 \frac{1}{2}\) & 200 & 15.00 & 2.00 \\
\hline No. 10 & 2 & Flat Top & 60 Double Galleys & 62 & 21䂝 & \(26 \frac{1}{2}\) & 230 & 22.00 & 3.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
The efflciency of a Galley Cabinet is greatly increased by having the Galley Shelves numbered consecutively. This feature, as noticed by the price list above, is provided at a small addition to the list price. Number Plates add system to the Galley equipment.
}


\section*{INK AND ROLLER CABINETS}

A very necessary article of printing office furniture. The ust of it will result in a saving of ink and rollers, which will quickly pay for the Cabinet.
No. 1-With shelf for ink, shelf for brayers and slab, and Brackets to hold 6 eighth and 6 quarto rollers. Weight, 75 pounds. Height, 363 inches; width, \(27 \frac{1}{1}\) inches; depth, 15 inches, outside. Price.....................................
No. 2-With shelf for ink, shelf for brayers and slab, and Brackets for 6 each, eighth, quarto and half medium rollers. Weight, 100 pounds. Height, \(36^{3}\) inches; width, \(33 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) inches; depth, 15 inches, outside. Price.............
No. 3-With shelf for ink, shelf for brayers and slab, and Brackets to hold 12 each, eighth, quarto and half medium rollers. Weight, 135 pounds. Height, 483 inches; width, \(33 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; depth, 15 inches, outside. Price.............

\section*{POLHEMUS CABINETS}

Concentrate the Type Case Equipment into the Smallest Possible Floor Space. At the Same Time it Gives More Room and Relieves the Congeation.


The object of the Polhemus Cabinet is to save time and space. Time is lost on the ordinary Cabinets by standing the compositor in front of twenty cases, all frequently in use by other men. In the Polhemus Cabinets the Job Cases are unobstructed and the compositor stands at the back, where he cannot be interrupted. Every inch of space on the Polhemus Cabinets is utilized to advantage. The Galley Top or Bank is a most useful addition; the space between the cases is used as a Galley Cabinet or Sort Cabinet, as may be preferred; the top is flat and tied-up matter may be kept on it as the iron Case Brackets admit of easy access to the space under the Case and Galley Top. The Brackets which hold the cases project into the alley eight inches, giving the compositor plenty of knee-room, while saring floor space. In construction our Polhemus Cabinets are unsurpassed in solidity, appearance and finish. They are made of hard-wood, nicely polished and no handsomer Cabinets have been offered to the craft.


This Cabinet is a veritable printing office in itself. Contains 75 cases; 10 sort drawers; storage room for 20 double-column Galleys: 15 square feet of storage in the Galley Dump for tied-up matter and standing forms; 3 pair New Cases on top. Six men can work at this Cabinet at the same time without inter-fering-3 job men and 3 news compositors. The practical value of this splendid Cabinet is greatly enhanced by brass lining the full length Galley Dump shown in the illustration. With such a bank no moisture can enter the woodwork and the life of the Cabinet is prolonged indefinitely.

\section*{POLHEMUS CABINETS}

Excel Other Cabinets, Because They Utilize Space to Best Advantage, Combine Every Possible Convenience, and Prevent Waste of Time


No. 6 Double Polhemus Cabinet

This Cabinet possesses all the distinctive features of other Polhemus Cabinets, except the tier of sort Drawers or Galley Cabinet between the two tiers of Cases. By this omission space enough is gained to allow room for two tiers of full size Cases. This arrangement is perferred by those printers having an ample supply of sort Cabinets and Galley Cabinets. It utilizes the entire capacity of the Cabinet for laying fonts of type. The floor space occupied is the same as other double Polhemus Cabinets. It embraces the limit of Case concentration, baving 25 Cases in each tier within working beight.
No. 1 Double Polhemus Cabinet with Wood Runs, containing 18 full size California Job Cases in one tier, and 20 two-third size California Job Cases in one tier, two pairs of News Cases and two pairs of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump and one tier of ten Sort Drawers between the two tiers of Cases...
No. 2 Single Polhemus Cabinet with Wood Runs, containing 18 full size California Job Cases in one tier, one pair of News Cases and one pair of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Board under Lower Case. Full length Galley Dump
No. 3 Triple Polhemus Cabinet with Wood Runs, containing 40 two-third size California Job Cases in two tiers, 20 Cases in each tier, 18 full size California Job Cases in one tier, three pairs of News Cases and three pairs of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top, with Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump, one tier of Sort Drawers and series of Galley Shelves between tiers of Cases
No. 4 Triple Polhemus Cabinet with Steel Runs, containing 50 two-third size California Job Cases, 25 Cases in each tier and 25 full size California Job Cases in the center tier, three pairs of News Cases and three pairs of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump, one tier of Sort Drawers and one series of Galley Sbelves . Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump and one tier of Sort Drawers between the two tiers of Cases ...............................................

No. 6 Double Polhemus Cabinet with Steel Runs, containing 50 full size California Job Cases, 75 Cases in each of the two tiers, two pairs of News Cases and two pairs of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump. Without Sort Drawers or Galley Cabinet
No. 7 Single Polhemus Cabinet with Steel Runs, containing 25 full size Cases in one tier, one pair of News Cases and a pair of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Board under Lower Case. Full length Galley Dump
No. 8 Double Polhemus Cabinet with Steel Runs, containing 25 full size California Job Cases in one tier and 25 two-third California Job Cases in one tier, two pairs of News Cases and two pairs of No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top with Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump and one tier of Galley Shelves between the two tiers of Cases
No. 9 Double Polhemus Cabinet with Wood Runs, containing 18 full size California Job Cases in one tier and 20 two-third California Job Cases in one tier, two pairs of News Cases and two pairs of Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets on top. Galley Boards under Lower Cases. Full length Galley Dump and one tier of Galley Shelves between the two tiers of Cases.

\section*{CABINETS GRAND}

The Acme of Type Cabinet Construction. Embracing all the Distinctive Features of other Type Cabinets, in Addition to Special Features not Embodied in Other Cabinets.


No. 20 Cabinet Grand-Rear View


No. 21 Cabinet Grand-Rear Vlew

In presenting this new line of improved Extension Front Cabinets, which is designated as Cabinets Grand, we do so with complete confidence that the manufacturers are offering the best and most complete Printers' Type Cabinet ever devised. Embracing as it does every distinctive feature of other popular Type Cabinets, it also embodies the use of the new Three-Case Tilting Brackets, the Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 8, and the Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case, a combination of labor-saving arrangement for job and news composition which it would be difficult to excel.

The Cabinets Grand have the Porter Extension Front, which is the one distinctive feature of the patented Porter Cabinet. They have the flat Steel Runs and Interlocking Rods passing through the runs and dividing strips.

The Cabinets Grand also accommodate the job and news compositors on opposite sides, and have the full length Galley Dump, which are the distinctive features of the Polhemus Cabinets.

All of these advantageous features, long tried and universally approved by progressive printers, combined with the Lead and Slug Bank, Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case, and the reversing of the Sort Drawers and Galley Rack to the news side of the Cabinet, completes the combination and makes a Type Cabinet that is truly Grand from an economical standpoint, and hence the name they have adopted to designate this, their latest and best venture in Type Cabinet construction.


The above illustration shows the front view or job side of the No. 22 Triple Cabinet Grand. The left hand tier of 24 Cases are full size; the center tier of 23 Cases are three-quarter size; the right hand tier of 23 Cases are two-thirds size. The top equipment is supported by three pairs of No. 2 Three-Case Tilting Brackets. Over the Job Cases there is a No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case. The working bank at the front of this Case will take a \(10 \times 24\) inch Galley. This working space is five-eights of an inch deep. At the back of this Bettis Case are the lead and slug compartments in duplicate. These compartments are \(1 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) inches deep. A Blank Case holds the Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case and the Brass Galley. Three pairs of News Cases face opposite to the job side.

\section*{CABINETS GRAND}


No. 22 Cabinet Grand

No. 20 contains a total of 47 California Job Cases, arranged in two tiers, as follows: 7 full size Cases 1 inch deep; 3 two-third size Cases 1 inch deep; 14 full size Cases \(1 \frac{8}{8}\) inches deep; 17 two-third size Cases 18 inches deep; 3 full size Cases \(1 \frac{3}{4}\) inches deep; 3 two-third size Cases \(1 \frac{3}{4}\) inches deep, also ten Sort Drawers between the two tiers of Cases. The top equipment comprises two pair No. 2 Three-Case Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets, with Galley Boards, one pair of News Cases, one Blank Case, one Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case, one No. 2 Adjustable Lead and Slug Case, one No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case. Height, 43 inches; width, 71 inches; depth, 27 inches. Weight crated for shipment, 700 pounds. Price, complete.
contains a total of 47 California Job Cases, arranged in two tiers, as follows: 7 full size Cases 1 inch deep; 3 two-third size Cases 1 inch deep; 14 full size Cases 18 inches deep; 17 two-third size Cases \(1 \frac{8}{8}\) inches deep; 3 full size Cases 14 inches deep; 3 two-third size Cases 19 inches deep, also 16 Galley Shelves, enclosed by door, opening from the news side of the Cabinet. The top equipment comprises two pairs of No. 2 Three-Case Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets, with Galley Boards, one pair of news Cases, one Blank Case, one thirty-inch Space and Quad Case, one No. 2 Adjustable Lead and Slug Case, one No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case. Height, 43 inches; width, 71 inches; depth, 27 inches. Weight, crated for shipment, 700 pounds. Price, complete
contains a total of 70 California Job Cases, arranged in three tiers, as follows: 7 full size Cases 1 inch deep; 3 three-quarter size Cases 1 inch deep; 14 full size Cases 1 in inches deep; 17 three-quarter size Cases, 1 inches deep; 3 full size Cases \(1 \frac{3}{4}\) inches deep; 3 three-quarter size Cases 13 inches deep; 3 twothird size Cases 1 inch deep; 17 two-third size Cases 18 inches deep; 3 two-third size Cases 13 inches deep, also 10 Sort Drawers between the two tiers of Cases and 16 Galley Shelves, enclosed by door, opening from the news side of the Cabinet. The top equipment comprises three pairs of No, 2 ThreeCase Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets, with Galley Boards, three pairs of News Cases, one Blank Case, one Thirty-inch Space and quad Case, one No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case. Height, 43 inches;
width, \(110 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; depth, 27 inches. Weight, crated for shipment, 1,200 pounds. Price, complete......

\section*{PAPER AND CARD STOCK CABINETS}


We offer here a proper receptacle for highpriced papers and fancy cardboard stock. Such material quickly becomes soiled and unfit for high grade work if.exposed to the air and dust. These Cabinets are practically dust proof and the colors will not fade or the quality of the paper deteriorate when stock is stored in them.

No. 1 contains 12 drawers, eight of which are 2 inches deep and four \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep. Each drawer will take \(22 \frac{1}{2} \times 28\) inch stock. Occupies floor space \(28 \frac{1}{2} \times 34 \frac{8}{8}\) inches. Height, 48 inches. Weight, crated, 340 pounds.
No. 1, Paper and Card Stock Cabinet...
. \(\$ 37.00\)
No. 2 contains 12 drawers; eight of which are 2 inches deep and four \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep. Each drawer will take \(28 \times 44\) inch stock. Occupies floor space \(34 \frac{1}{2} \times 495\) inches. Height, 48 inches. Weight, crated, 400 pounds.
No. 2, Paper and Card Stock Cabinet. ..... \(\$ 48.00\)

\section*{PORTER EXTENSION FRONT CABINETS}

\section*{Filled with "New Departure" Cases}


No. 7 Porter Extension Front Steel Run Cabinet
This Cabinet possesses distinctive features which are found in no other Cabinet, and places it at once at the very front rank of all Cabinets. They have been thoroughly tried by extensive printing establishments in all parts of the world, and all who have used them are enthusiastic in their praise. They have also been adopted in the Government Printing Office, at Washington, D. C. It is a well known fact that nothing goes into that office that is not strictly first-class and of the very best make.

The distinctive feature of this Cabinet is the extension of the front, as shown in the illustration. This enables the compositor to draw any Case well out beyond the other Cases, and makes the back tier of type boxes as accessible as any boxes in the case. It also allows, owing to the absence of extension side rails, the use of Job Cases on the Brackets. These are features found in no other Type Cabinet, and the value will be readily appreciated by every compositor. The extension front also permits the top or bottom Cases to be drawn from their places and placed at the proper height for setting purposes, without partly drawing another Case to be used as a rest.

Combined with the improved Steel Run and the extension front, allowing any Case to be drawn and placed at any convenient height, without using another Case as a rest, the Porter Cabinet has all the excellent features of other Steel Run Cabinets. The depth of the extension front is 4 inches. As these Cabinets are fitted on the 23 -Case and 46 -Case sizes, with patented Tilting Brackets, they can be attached so that News Cases on top are on the opposite side from the Job Cases, thus acquiring the distinctive and valuable feature of the Polhemus Cabinets. Unless otherwise stated, all Porter Cabinets are filled with California Job Cases.

List Prices of Porter Extension Front Steel Run Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

Cabinets Nos. 6 and 7 have paneled backs. Other Cabinets of this series have plain backs.

\section*{WISCONSIN CABINETS}


No. 124 Wisconsin Steel Run Cabinet

The merits of the modern Steel Run Cabinets have met with general recognition and the best offices are now being equipped with these economical additions to the printing office. Where rents are high and space is limited these Cabinets are especially recommended. They save twenty-five per cent. in space in the smaller sizes, and by using the high Cabinets containing forty, fifty and sixty Cases the saving is enormous. Space is utilized in the upper part of these high Cabinets that was not occupied before. The same result is obtained by using the high Cabinets that is obtained in the 18story office building.

\section*{The capacity is enormously increased while \\ the ground spsce occupied remains the same.}

The proprietor of a printing office who is so fortunately situated as to be able to gaze from his office window over a broad expanse of unoccupied real estate may not at once grasp the great advantages arising from the use of the modern "sky scraper" Steel Run Cabinet. Mere space does not represent the same amount of money to him that it does to his metropolitan brother.!

How many modern printing offices are crowded below but with lots of room overheads These Cabinets are especially designed to utilize this space. The Cases are readily accessible? and those at the top of the Cabinet can be brought down to the proper height for type-setting purposes, as shown in the illustration. These Cabinets are furnished in ash finished antique, unless otherwise specified. They are strongly built and will bear the strain to which they will be subjected.

Sky scrapers in Cabinets have come to stay. They are not a fad in any sense of the word. Long before their introduction there was a constant demand for - high Cabinets-those containing more Cases than the old so-called stained Cabinets then in use. All this was before the Steel Run had become a factor in printing office furniture. As soon as introduced they were quickly adopted by progressive printers.

All these Steel Run Cabinets are filled with "New Departure" Cases. There is no friction and the Cases cannot cramp. While the price of a Cabinet is higher than the Wisconsin Cabinets with wood runs, there are more cases in a given space and the cost per case is lower than in other Cabinets.

\section*{WISCONSIN WINDOW CABINETS}

The Wisconsin Window Cabinet differs from other flat top Cabinets in the arrangement of the top, which projects behind 7 inches. Two pair of Brackets are placed so as to face the Cases to the sides. The top is cleated to prevent the projecting top from being broken. The back is paneled.

Designed for placing in front of a window, as it does not obstruct the light. Two men may work undisturbed at the sides, while the Job Cases in front are convenient for the job men.

These Cabinets have the Hamilton Patent Tilting Bracket with Galley Rest, which enables a compositor to empty his stick without leaving the Cabinet, by simply tilting his lower Case, as shown in the cut, thus exposing the galley board.

Made in ash, with antique finish. Bottom is made flush to floor to prevent pi from getting underneath Cabinet.
No. 1 Wisconsin Window Cabinet, with Wood Runs and flled with 18 full size California Job Cases, 2 pairs of News Cases and 2 pairs of Hamilton's Patent Tilting Brackets No. 1 on top. Weight, \(350 \mathrm{lbs} . . . \$ 36.00\)
No. 2 With 23 full size California Job Cases and Steel Runs, 2 pairs of News Cases and 2 pairs of Hamilton's Patent Tilting Brackets No. 1 on top. Weight, 375 lbs.
47.00

Width, \(35 \frac{3}{3}\) inches; height, 43 inches; depth, 214 inches. Weight includes Cases and Brackets on top, crated, ready for shipment.


\section*{WISCONSIN CABINETS}

\section*{With Steel Runs and "New Departure" Cases}

There are no better Cabinets made for all-around general use than are represented in the Wisconsin Steel Run Cabinets. They are substantially constructed of selected hardwoods, beautifully finished in antique shade of color, and they will prove an ornament in âny office wherever installed. They represent the maximum of case concentration and they are space savers in the fullest sense of the term. All these Cabinets have paneled sides with tastefully moulded edges.


No. 122 Wisconsin Steel Run Cabinet. Flat Top

The one, two and three-tier Wisconsin Steel Run Cabinets with flat tops and holding twenty-five Cases in each tier, can be utilized for body type composition by attaching Case Brackets on top. Accommodating twenty-five Cases in the space usually taken up by eighteen or twenty Cases in the ordinary Cabinet or Stand, saves 25 per cent in the floor space. The capacity of the type Cases, for holding type is not reduced in the least, as regular Cases are used. The saving in space is attained by using the Steel Runs, which allow the Cases to be placed more compactly in the Cabinet.

The proper Brackets to use on the top of a Cabinet \(44 \frac{3}{4}\) inches in height are as follows:

No. 6, Style A. Double Case Bracket to attach to the edge of the Cabinet. List price. per pair. \(\qquad\)
No. 7, Style B. Double Case Bracket to set on the flat top. List price, per pair.. \(\$ 1.25\)

Hamilton Patent Tilting Bracket No. 1. To set on the flat top. List price, per pair.. \(\$ 2.00\)

No. 2. Three Case Tilting Bracket to set on the flat top-takes 18 -inch dump at the back. List price, per pair. \(\qquad\) .. \(\$ 2.40\)
No. 4. Three Case Bracket to set on the flat top-takes 18 -inch dump at the back, List price, per pair. \(\qquad\)
For price list and illustrations of all Brackets see page 86 ?

List Prices, Dimensions and Weights of Wisconsin Steel Run Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ORDER BY NUMBER ONLY & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{OUTSIDE DIMENSIONS} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{WEIGHT} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{WITH FLAT TOP} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{With galley top} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{WITH FLAT TOP, BLANK CASES} \\
\hline SİE AND NUMBER OF CASES CONTAINED & HEIGHT INCHES & WIDTH INCHES & DEPTH INCHES & & NUMBERS & PRICE & NUMBERS & PRICE & NUMBERS & PRICE & WEIGHT \\
\hline 20 Two-Thirds, one tier & 373/4 & 2534 & 21 & 180 & 100 & \$25.00 & 200 & \$28.00 & 300 & \$21.00 & 150 \\
\hline 25 Two-Thirds, one tier & 45 & \(25^{1 / 4}\) & 21 & 225 & 101 & 30.00 & 201 & 33.00 & 301 & 25.00 & 190 \\
\hline 30 Two-Thirds, one tier & \(531 / 4\) & 2514 & 21 & 275 & 102 & 35.00 & 202 & 38.00 & 302 & 29.00 & 230 \\
\hline 40 Two-Thirds, one tier & 69 & 2514 & 21 & 350 & 103 & 48.00 & 203 & 52.00 & 303 & 40.00 & 290 \\
\hline 50 Two-Thirds, one tier & 84. & 2514 & 21 & 425 & 104 & 60.00 & 204 & 65.00 & 304 & 50.00 & 350 \\
\hline 50 Two-Thirds, two tiers & 45 & \(483 / 4\) & 21 & 425 & 105 & 60.00 & 205 & 65.00 & 305 & 50.00 & 350 \\
\hline 75 Two-Thirds, three tiers & 45 & 7214 & 21 & 600 & 106 & 88.00 & 206 & 95.00 & 308 & 73.00 & 480 \\
\hline 60 Two-Thirds, one tier & 99 & 2514 & 21 & 475 & 107 & 72.00 & 207 & 78.00 & 307 & 60.00 & 385 \\
\hline 60 Two-Thirds, two tiers & 5314 & 483/4 & 21 & 475 & 108 & 72.00 & 208 & 78.00 & 308 & 60.00 & 385 \\
\hline 90 Two-Thirds, three tiers & 5314 & 7214 & 21 & 700 & 109 & 105.00 & 209 & 113.00 & 309 & 88.00 & 575 \\
\hline 20 Three-Quarter, one tier & 373/4 & \(293 / 4\) & 21 & 200 & 110 & 30.00 & 210 & 33.00 & 310 & 26.00 & 170 \\
\hline 25 Three-Quarter, one tier & 45 & 293/4 & 21 & 250 & 111 & 35.00 & 211 & 38.00 & 311 & 30.00 & 215 \\
\hline 30 Three-Quarter, one tier & \(531 / 4\) & 293/4 & 21 & 300 & 112 & 40.00 & 212 & 43.00 & 312 & 34.00 & 265 \\
\hline 40 Three-Quarter, one tier & 69 & 293/4 & 21 & 400 & 113 & 53.00 & 213 & 57.00 & 313 & 45.00 & 340 \\
\hline 50 Three-Quarter, one tier & 84 & 293/4 & 21 & 475 & 114 & 65.00 & 214 & 70.00 & 314 & 55.00 & 400 \\
\hline 50 Three-Quarter, two tiers. & 45 & 58 & 21 & 475 & 115 & 65.00 & 215 & 70.00 & 315 & 55.00 & 400 \\
\hline 75 Three-Quarter, three tiers & 45 & 8614 & 21 & 675 & 116 & 95.00 & 216 & 102.00 & 316 & 80.00 & 550 \\
\hline 60 Three-Quarter, one tier... & 99 & 293/4 & 21 & 550 & 117 & 78.00 & 217 & 84.00 & 317 & 66.00 & 460 \\
\hline 60 Three-Quarter, two tiers & 5314 & 58 & 21 & 550 & 118 & 78.00 & 218 & 84.00 & 318 & 66.00 & 460 \\
\hline 90 Three-Quarter, three tiers. & 5314 & 8614 & 21 & 800 & 119 & 112.00 & 219 & 121.00 & 319 & 95.00 & 650 \\
\hline 20 Full Size, one tier. & \(373 / 4\) & \(353 / 4\) & 21 & 250 & 120 & 35.00 & 220 & 38.00 & 320 & 31.00 & 220 \\
\hline 25 Full Size, one tier. & 45 & \(353 / 4\) & 21 & 300 & 121 & 40.00 & 221 & 43.00 & 321 & 35.00 & 265 \\
\hline 30 Full Size, one tier & 5314.4 & \(353 / 4\) & 21 & 350 & 122 & 45.00 & 222 & 48.00 & 322 & 39.00 & 305 \\
\hline 40 Full Size, one tier & 69 & 353/4 & 21 & 475 & 123 & 60.00 & 223 & 64.00 & 323 & 52.00 & 415 \\
\hline 50 Full Size, one tier & 84 & 3534 & 21 & 575 & 124 & 75.00 & 224 & 80.00 & 324 & 65.00 & 500 \\
\hline 50 Full Size, two tiers & 45 & 693/4 & 21 & 575 & 125 & 75.00 & 225 & 80.00 & 325 & 65.00 & 500 \\
\hline 75 Full Size, three tiers & 45 & 1033/4 & 21 & 800 & 126 & 110.00 & 226 & 119.00 & 328 & 95.00 & 680 \\
\hline 60 Full Size, one tler. & 99 & 353/4 & 21 & 650 & 127 & 90.00 & 227 & 96.00 & 327 & 78.00 & 560 \\
\hline 60 Full Size, two tiers & 5314 & 693/4 & 21 & 650 & 128 & 90.00 & 228 & 96.00 & 328 & 78.00 & 560 \\
\hline 90 Full Size, three tiers & 5314 & 103\%/4 & 21 & 900 & 129 & 130.00 & 229 & 140.00 & 329 & 113.00 & 750 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{WISCONSIN CABINETS}

\author{
With Wood Runs and "New Departure " Cases
}


No. 27 Galley Top 20-Case Wisconsin Cabinet, with Copy Drawer

Wisconsin Cabinets are all substantially made of selected, thoroughly seasoned hardwood, beautifully finished, sides made with double panels, tastefully moulded. Bottoms are made flush with floor to prevent pi from getting underneath.

The height of the galley top Cabinets is the same at the front as the flat top Cabinets. The backs of galley top Cabinets are 63 inches higher than given in the list for flat top Cabinets. All galley top Cabinets are supplied with an extra blank copy drawer at the top. This drawer will be found useful for the storage of copy and small tools used on the working bank of galley top Cabinets. It is also useful for the storage of electrotypes and small tied-up forms.

\section*{Brackets for use on Flat Top Cabinets}

To get the full value of a flat top Cabinet of standard height, Brackets and Cases should be placed on top. The styles of Brackets that work most conveniently with these Cabinets are as follows:
No. 6 Style A Double Case Bracket, per pair \(\$ 1.50\) No. 7 Style B Double Case Bracket, per pair 1.25 No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Bracket,
per pair............................. 2.00
No. 2 Three Case Tilting Bracket, per pair.. 2.40 No. 4 Three Case Bracket, per pair........... 1.90

List Prices of Wisconsin Wood Run Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & NUMBER OF CASES & HEIGHT inches & WIDTH INCHES & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { DEPTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & WEIGHT POUNDS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FLAT } \\
& \text { TOP }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { GALLEY } \\
& \text { TOP }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline No. 19 & 12 Two-thirds Cases & \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) & 254 & 20 兵 & 140 & \$15.00 & \$18.00 \\
\hline No. 20. & 16 Two-thirds Cases & 43 & 25. & \(20 \frac{8}{8}\) & 170 & 18.00 & 21.00 \\
\hline No. 21. & 20 Two-thirds Cases & 43 & \(25 \frac{1}{4}\) & \(20 \frac{5}{8}\) & 190 & 21.00 & 24.00 \\
\hline No. 22. & 12 Three-quarter Cases & \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) & 293 & 205 & 180 & 18.00 & 21.00 \\
\hline No. 23. & 16 Three-quarter Cases. & 43 & 293 & \(20 \frac{5}{5}\) & 215 & 22.00 & 25.00 \\
\hline No. 24. & 20 Three-quarter Cases & 43 & 29 ? & \(20{ }^{\text {¢ }}\) & 235 & 26.00 & 29.00 \\
\hline No. 25. & 12 Full Size Cases... & \(34 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(35{ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) & \(20{ }^{5}\) & 190 & 22.00 & 25.00 \\
\hline No. 26. & 16 Full Size Cases. & 43 & \(35{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}\) & \(20 \frac{5}{8}\) & 235 & 26.00 & 29.00 \\
\hline No. 27. & 20 Full Size Cases. & 43 & \(35{ }^{\frac{5}{8}}\) & \(20 \frac{5}{8}\) & 270 & 30.00 & 33.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

When ordering by number state clearly whether flat top or galley top Cabinets are wanted.

\section*{HANDY SORT CABINETS}

The Handy Sort Cabinets arevery compact and will hold an immense amount of material within a small floor space. They are made of hardwood thronghout and are nicely finished. Drawers are \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 20\) inches over all and \(2 \frac{1}{8}\) inches deep inside. Each Drawer is divided into ten compartments, each \(3 \frac{1}{4} \times 3 \frac{1}{8} \times 2 \frac{1}{8}\) inches inside.

List Prices of Handy Sort Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { NO. } \\
& \text { TIERS }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\text { NO. } \\
\text { DRAW'R8 } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { DEPTH } \\
& \text { INCHES } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LENGTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & HEIGHT INGHES & WEIGHT
POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1 & 1 & 10 & 21 & 113 & 35 & 100 & \$17.50 \\
\hline No. 2 & 2 & 20 & 21 & \(21 \frac{1}{4}\) & 35 & 165 & 27.00 \\
\hline No. 3 & 3 & \(\therefore 0\) & 21 & \(30 \frac{1}{2}\) & 35 & 230 & 36.00 \\
\hline No. 4 & 4 & 40 & 21 & 40 & 35 & 290 & 45.00 \\
\hline No. 5 & 5 & 50 & 21 & \(49 \frac{1}{2}\) & 35 & 350 & 54.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{"NEW DEPARTURE" CABINETS}

\author{
Where Compactness is Essential in Saving Space, We Unqualifiedly Recommend These Cabinets to our Customers. Guaranteeing them to give Perfect Satisfaction.
}


In these days when most modern printing offices are fast outgrowing their present quarters, it is essential that economy of space receive the greatest consideration. A short time ago it was not thought possible to make Type Cabinets with more than 18 Cases in a single tier and have the Cabinets the right height for typesetting purposes. Even this was a great advance over the old style Case Stand which accommodated but 8 or 12 Cases in a single tier.

We now present the "New Departure" Cabinets. These Cabinets, which possess all the advantages of other Cabinets, have the remarkable feature of combining from 25 to 33 Cases within the height of 43 inches, which is the correct height for a Flat Top Cabinet with Cases and Brackets on top for type-setting purposes. This represents a gain of \(33 \frac{1}{3}\) per cent in Case capacity over the best Steel Run construction heretofore offered to printers. This result has been made possible by the use of the flat Steel Run which we illustrate. These runs are thin pieces of steel of great strength, fitted into saw-kerfs cut in the sides of the Cabinet and held in place by means of lips on the ends of the Runs, so that such Runs cannot possibly get out of place or become loose. These flat Steel Runs were originated and perfected by the manufacturers more than ten years ago, and have been in continual use in Steel Run Stands since that time. They have given such universal satisfaction that they have decided to incorporate them in a line of modern Steel Run Cabinets, feeling sure that the printers will appreciate this new departure, and will be quick to take advantage of the large saving in Case capacity. Having found that the cost of constructing these Cabinets is somewhat less than the regular Steel Run construction, therefore the prices on these Cabinets are somewhat lower than other Cabinets. The manufacturers, however, guarantee that in points of strength and beauty, the New Departure


Showing Steel Run Construction of New Departure Type Cabinets Cabinets are not surpassed by any other Cabinets.

New Departure Cabinets are constructed of hardwood, finished antique; the ends are tastefully paneled and moulded, and the fronts ornamented and fitted with bronzed pulls. The Cases are of "New Departure" pattern covered with paper on the inside; the paper absorbs the moisture and prevents it from entering the bottom. Top Equipment for No. 68 Cabinet shown above, can be selected as desired. The illustration shows as follows:

2 Pairs News CasesList Price,5.00

List Prices of "New Departure" Type Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{NUMBER AND SIZE OF CASES OUTBIDE MEASURE IN INCHES} & number of TIERS & DEPTH OF CASES OUTSIDE FRONT & FLOOR SPACE IN INCHES & HEIGHT INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline No. 50 & 25 Two-thirds & \(16{ }^{5} \times 21{ }^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & Single tier & Standard 188 inches & \(21 \times 24 \frac{7}{8}\) & 43 & 230 & \$ 29.00 \\
\hline No. 51 & 33 Two-thirds & \(165 \times 21{ }^{3}\) & Single tier & Special 1 inch & \(21 \times 24 \%\) & 43 & 260 & 37.00 \\
\hline No. 52 & 30 Two-thirds & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 21 \frac{3}{4}\) & Single tier & Standard \(18{ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) inches & \(21 \times 24 \frac{7}{8}\) & 52 & 280 & 34.50 \\
\hline No. 53 & 40 Two-thirds & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 21{ }^{3}\) & Single tier & Standard 188 inches & \(21 \times 24 \frac{7}{8}\) & 67 & 360 & 45.50 \\
\hline No. 54 & 50 Two-thirds & 165 & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 248\) & 82 & 430 & 56.50 \\
\hline No. 55 & 50 Two-thirds & \(165 \times 21\) & Double tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 49 \frac{1}{2}\) & 43 & 440 & 57.00 \\
\hline No. 56 & 25 Three-quarters & \(16{ }^{\frac{5}{6}} \times 26 \frac{1}{2}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 295\) & 43 & 250 & 34.50 \\
\hline No. 57 & 33 Three-quarters & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 26 \frac{1}{2}\) & Single tier & Special 1 inch & \(21 \times 29{ }_{6}\) & 43 & 275 & 43.00 \\
\hline No. 58 & 30 Three-quarters & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 26 \frac{1}{2}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 29 \frac{5}{8}\) & 52 & 300 & 39.50 \\
\hline No. 59 & 40 Three-quarters & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 26 \frac{1}{3}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 \({ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) inches & \(21 \times 295\) & 67 & 400 & 52.00 \\
\hline No. 60 & 50 Three-quarters & \(16{ }^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 26 \frac{1}{2}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 295\) & 82 & 400 & 63.50 \\
\hline No. 61 & 50 Three-quarters & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 26 \frac{1}{2}\) & Double tier & Standard 188 inches & \(21 \times 583\) & 43 & 415 & 64.25 \\
\hline No. 62 & 25 Full Size & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 35{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 43 & 300 & 38.75 \\
\hline No. 63 & 33 Full Size & \(16{ }^{5} \times 32{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Single tier & Special 1 inch & \(21 \times 35{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 43 & 330 & 49.00 \\
\hline No. 64 & 28 Full Size & \(16{ }^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) & Single tier & Special four depths & \(21 \times 35 \frac{1}{4}\) & 43 & 310 & 42.50 \\
\hline No. 65 & 30 Full Size & \(16^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 32{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 35 \frac{1}{\text { a }}\) & 52 & 360 & 45.00 \\
\hline No. 66 & 40 Full Size & \(16{ }^{5} \times 32{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 inches & \(21 \times 35{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 67 & 485 & 59.25 \\
\hline No. 67 & 50 Full Size & \(16{ }^{5} 8 \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) & Single tier & Standard 18 \({ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) inches & \(21 \times 35 \frac{1}{4}\) & 82 & 585 & 72.50 \\
\hline No. 68 & 50 Full Size & \(166^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 322^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Double tier & Standard 18 \({ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) inches & \(21 \times 69 \%\) & 43 & 600 & 74.00 \\
\hline No. 69 & 66 Full Size & \(16{ }^{5} \times 3 \times 32{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Double tier & Special 1 inch & \(21 \times 69{ }_{8}\) & 43 & 670 & 93.00 \\
\hline No. 70 & 56 Full Size & \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 32{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Double tier & Special four depths & \(21 \times 697\) & 43 & 630 & 81.00 \\
\hline No. 71 & 20 Full Size & \(16{ }^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 322^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Single tier & Special 13 inches & \(21 \times 35 \ddagger\) & 43 & 275 & 38.00 \\
\hline No. 72 & 78 Full Size & \(16{ }^{\frac{5}{8}} \times 32 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4}}\) & Three tiers & Special three depths & \(21 \times 108{ }^{3}\) & 43 & 850 & 113.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The prices quoted above do not include the Top Equipment.
All the above prices and descriptions are for Flat Top Cabinets. If wanted with Galley Tops add to the price given for single tier Cabinets \(\$ 3.00\), and for double tier Cabinets \(\$ 6.00\).

All of the New Departure Cabinets listed above, with six exceptions, contain Cases of standard depth, \(1 \frac{8}{8}\) inches outside the front, and such cases require no further description. The six special Cabinets we describe more particularly below:

No. 51-Contains 33 two-thirds size Cases \(165 \times 21 \frac{3}{8}\) outside measure. These Cases have a uniform depth of 1 inch outside the front, and are deep enough for all medium and small sizes of metal type without doubling fonts.

No. 57-Contains 33 three-quarter size Cases, size \(165_{8} \times 263{ }_{3}\) outside measure. These Cases have a uniform depth of 1 inch outside the front, and are deep enough for all medium and small sizes of metal type without doubling fonts.

No. 63 -Contains 33 full size Cases, size \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 324\) outside measure. These cases have a uniform depth of 1 inch outside the front, and are deep enough for all medium and small sizes of metal type without doubling fonts.

No. 64 -Contains 28 full size Cases, size \(16 \times \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) outside measure. These cases are of four different depths; five Cases are \(\frac{3}{4}\) inch, ten Cases are 1 inch, ten Cases are Standard, 18 inches, and three Cases are extra deep, being \(1 \frac{13}{4}\) inches, all measured outside the front.

No. 69 -Is a two-tier Cabinet containing 66 full size Cases, size \(16 \frac{5}{8} \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) outside measure. There are 33 Cases in each tier. All these Cases have a uniform depth of 1 inch outside the front, and are deep enough for all medium and small sizes of metal type without doubling fonts.

No. 70-Is a two-tier Cabinet containing 56 full size Cases, size \(16.6 \times 32 \frac{1}{6}\) outside measure. There are 28 Cases in each tier of four different depths; five Cases are \({ }_{4}\) inch, ten Cases 1 inch, ten Cases are standard, \(1 \frac{8}{8}\) inches, and three Cases are extra deep, being 1 inches, all measured outside the front.

All of the six special Cabinets mentioned above have a uniform height of 43 inches which is the correct height for type-setting purposes when Cases and Brackets are placed on top. These Cabinets represent an achievement in Type Case construction never before attained. Heretofore the most compact Cabinets have only contained 25 Cases in the height of 45 inches; here we have Cabinets containing 33 Cases all within the height of 43 inches, and all of the Cases deep enough for practical purposes except for the very largest fonts of metal type. In the two Cabinets, Nos. 64 and 70, containing Cases of four different depths, we have a result of 28 Cases within 43 inches, and some of these Cases are unusually deep, thus accommodating the very largest sizes of metal type.

\section*{DORSEY COMPOSITOR'S WORKING CABINET}

The sloping top is same size as ordinary lower case. 8 -inch flat surface at top for slugs, etc. Two drawers each with two compartments for copy, tools, etc. Five Letter Boards, \(21 \frac{1}{2} \times 24\) inches inside, to store forms as completed. Convenient Galley Racks at side to keep galleys off the floor, free from dust and dirt; accommodate four Brass Galleys, as follows: One \(15 \frac{1}{2} \times 22\) inches; one \(12 \frac{1}{2} \times 18\) inches, and two regulation Single Column Galleys. This is an extremely handy arrangement and the workman has within reach Galleys to accommodate different sizes of work. Under Letter Boards is large open space for storage of cuts in work, personal property of compositor, etc.

This Cabinet is as handsome as it is useful. Beautifully varnished and finished it stimulates personal pride and neatness, and is conducive to better workmanship. Don't make the compositors work on live type Cases in the way of others and compel them to lay out their work on the window, or throw it together without lay-out. This Cabinet is a profitable investment-not an expense. Height, front 45 inches; back 53 inches. Width, 31 inches. Depth, 35 inches. Weight, crated, ready for shipment, including Letter Boards, 300 lbs .

Dorsey Compositor's Working Cabinet..
. \(\$ 36.00\)


\section*{REVERSIBLE UNIT CABINETS}

Unquestionably one of the greatest improvments in Printers' Cabinet construction during recent years has been the addition of the Unit System-a systemwhich hasgrown and expanded from a small beginning until now it is found in all linies of trade where system has made any material progress. There are many points of superiority in a Unit System over any other construction. It allows of expansion with a small outlay. A single Unit will often provide the additional room required, and the expense involved in the purchase of a complete new Cabinet is avoided. At the same time the Cabinet will always be complete and the general balance of the office equipment will be maintained.

Heretofore the Unit System, so far as printing office furniture is concerned, has not been attempted beyond regular type Cabinet construction. We now offer a line of Units which
 allows almost unlimited possibilities in the way of different combinations, including Type Case Units of various patterns, Galley Units, Letter-board Units, and Sort Drawer Units. This allows the furniture in any printing office. equipped with these new Reversible Units to be kept at an even balance. If new fonts of type are added, a Unit containing a few type Cases can be ordered.

The fact should not be lost sight of that reversible Units have greater capacity than other type Cabinets. owing to the increased depth from front to back, which is necessary on account of the 24 -inch depth being required for Galley Cabinets, so as to accommodate full length standard 24 -inch galleys. This increases the capacity of the type Cases and allows shallower Cases to be used without reducing the standard capacity of a type Case. It allows more Cases to be placed in a standard height of 43 inches for type setting purposes. It condenses a large amount of material into a small space and one Reversible Unit Cabinet will often take care of all of the material that would require two Cabinets of ordinary construction to hold.

Reversible Unit Cabinet Combination No. 4 is made by combining 2 Units No. 22 , each containing seven Letter Boards. 1 Unit No. 10, containing 12 large California Job Cases, standard depth. 1 Unit No. 11, containing 15 large California Job Cases inch deep inside the rail. 2 No. 1 Banks, 2 Cap pieces and 2 Base pieces, 2 pairs of Tilting Brackets and 2 pairs of News Cases on Brackets.

List Prices, Dimensions and Weights of Reversible Unit Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline UNITS & FLOOR SPACE OCCUPIED INCHES & OUTSIDE HEIGHT inches & OUTSIDE SIZE OF CASES & number of cases ETC., PER UNIT & STYLE OF CASES, ETC. & APPROXIMATE WEIGHT CRATED LBS. & PRICE \\
\hline No. 10 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \times 381\) & 12 Cases & California Job Cases & 185 & \$25.00 \\
\hline No. 11 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \pm \times 32\) & 15 Cases & California Job Cases & 195 & 28.00 \\
\hline No. 12 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \times 15\) & 24 Cases & Wells Job Cases & 200 & 30.00 \\
\hline No. 13 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \frac{1}{2} \times 15\) & 30 Cases & Wells Job Cases & 210 & 35.00 \\
\hline No. 14 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \times 15\) & 24 Cases & Yankee Job Cases & 200 & 30.00 \\
\hline No. 15 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \frac{1}{2}\) & 30 Cases & Yankee Job Cases & 210 & 35.00 \\
\hline No. 16 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(15 \frac{1}{3} \times 1 \frac{1}{4}\) & 22 Cases & California Job Cases & 195 & 28.00 \\
\hline No. 17 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & 15 x \(\times 21 \frac{3}{}\) & 28 Cases & California Job Cases & 200 & 35.00 \\
\hline No. 18 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \times 32\) & 12 Cases & Indexed Electro Cases & 185 & 25.00 \\
\hline No. 19 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(21 \times 15 \frac{1}{2}\) & 24 Cases & Indexed Electro Cases & 200 & 30.00 \\
\hline No. 20 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(71 \times 22{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 24 Drawers & Sort Drawers & 235 & 40.00 \\
\hline No. 21 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & 6 and 81x24 & 27 Shelves & Galley Shelves & 135 & 16.00 \\
\hline No. 22 & \(25 \times 35\) & 19 & \(23_{4}^{3} \times 3\) 2 & 7 Boards & Letter Boards & 195 & 18.00 \\
\hline Cap.. & \(26 \times 35\) & \(2^{23}\) & & & & 45 & 6.00
2.50 \\
\hline Base \({ }_{\text {Bank No. }}\) 1.... & \(26 \times 35\)
\(17 \times 35\) & \(\stackrel{2}{7}\) & & & & 35
30 & 2.50
3.00 \\
\hline Bank No. \(2 .\). & \(28 \frac{1}{2} \times 35\) & \(11 \frac{1}{4}\) & & & & 50 & 6.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Two Units with Cap and Base make a Cabinet 423 inches high, Three Units with Cap and Base will make a Cabinet \(62 \frac{1}{8}\) inches high. Four Units with Cap and Base will make a Cabinet \(80 \frac{3}{4}\) inches high. The price of Unit No. 20 includes the removable sort boxes, 14 for each drawer; or 336 separate boxes for each Unit.

\section*{REVERSIBLE UNITS}


Reversible Unit Nos. 12 and 14
Reversible Unit No. 12 is fitted with 24 of the half size Wells Job Cases. The size of these cases is \(21 \frac{1}{3} \times 15 \frac{1}{3}\) inches outside. In this Unit the cases are all standard depth. Compared with the regular size two-thirds case, the Wells Half Size Job Case is about 10 per cent smaller. The cases in this Unit will easily take medium and large sizes of cap and figure fonts. Unit No. 14 externally the same as Unit No. 12, but fitted with 24 half size Yankee Job Cases, which will conveniently hold all small and medium size cap, lower case and figure fonts.


Reversible Unit No. 20
This Unit is fitted with 24 Sort Drawers, each sort drawer being flled with 14 removable sort boxes. The size of each sort box is \(2 \frac{8}{8} \times 2 \frac{8}{8} \times 2 \frac{1}{8}\) inches inside. The side ralls of the drawers are cut away, leaving the sort boxes projecting above the rails, which allows their easy removal. Each box will hold \(1 \frac{1}{4}\) pounds of sorts. Each drawer will hold \(17 \frac{1}{2}\) pounds and each Unit will hold 420 pounds of type.


Reversible Unit No. 22
This Unit is fitted with 7 large Letter-Boards, size of each board \(22 \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) inches inside, with one-half inch lip at front to receive the brass galley. Provides 32 square feet of letter board surface in each Unit for the convenient storage of standing forms and tied up matter.


Reversible Unit No. 18
Unlike the other Units of this series, the cases pull from both ends. By adding one of these Units to a cabinet, the arrangement can be such as to have cases pull from the four sides of the cabinet. Holds 22 California Job Cases, size \(15 \frac{1}{2} \times 21^{\frac{1}{4}}\) inches outside, being but a trifie smaller in size than a standard two-thirds case. Unit No. 17 is identical with this except containing 28 cases of similar pattern, but shallower. Such cases easily take all small and medium fonts of caps, lower case and figures.


Reversible Unit No. 10
Each Unit of this pattern is fitted with 12 of the large California Job Cases of standard depth. Size of these cases is \(32 \frac{1}{4} \times 21 \frac{1}{2}\) inches outside measure. The cases in this Unit will easily take the very largest cap, lower case and figure fonts without crowding. No other type case has a like capacity.


Reversible Unit No 21
This Unit has four tiers of Galley shelves, each tier taking nine galleys, or 36 galleys to the Unit. Three tiers are for double column galleys, having a width of \(8 \frac{1}{8}\) inches in the clear. One tier takes single column galleys having a width of 6 inches.

\section*{REVERSIBLE UNIT}


Reversible Unit Bank No. 1
Length 35 in.; width 17 in., outside measure. Divided into three equal spaces, each space \(4 \frac{5}{8} \times 33\) in. inside. This Bank makes a convenient working space and provides storage room for standing jobs. It is intended to be used at the back of a pair of Case Brackets holding a pair of News Cases.


Reversible Unit Bank No. 2
Length, 35 in.; Width, \(28 \frac{1}{2}\) in., outside measure. It has a working space at the front \(33 \times 163\) in., inside measure. Back of the working space is an adjustable lead and slug rack divided into two sections, each section \(4 \frac{1}{4}\) in, wide. The working space at the front will take a Job Galley 16x24 inches in size.

Price, \(\$ 3.00\)
Price, \(\$ 6.00\)

\section*{WOOD TYPE CABINETS}


No. 9 Mammoth Wood Type Cabinet

These Cabinets furnish the most economical method of keeping Wood Type. The Type is preserved and kept free from dust, and at the same time every letter is available without disturbing others. The No. 9 Cabinet shown here occupies but 9 square feet of floor space and affords 140 square feet of case surface for the systematic storage of Wood Type.

Wood Type Cabinets are made to hold two sizes of Cases, viz.: Nos. 1, 2, 3, 7 and 8 , to hold Cases \(23 \times 321\) and known as the Regular Wood Type Cabinet, while Nos. 4, 5, 6, 9 and 10 are made to hold Cases \(23 \times 44\), and this size is known as the Mammoth Wood Type Cabinet. They are very substantially constructed of ash finished in antique oak. The Cases are slotted on the sides and have movable strips which may be adjusted to picas. The Cases in the Mammoth size ( \(23 \times 44\) ) have a center bar as shown in the illustration below, while the Case in the regular Cabinets have no center bar.


Style No. 3. Size \(23 \times 44\) inches

List Prices of Wood Type Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{No.} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{STEEL OR WOOD RUNS} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{NUMSER OF CASES} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{CABINETS WITH FLAT TOPS} & \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{WITH GALLEY TOPS} \\
\hline & & & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { SIZE } \\
\text { OF CASES } \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & HEIGHT INCHES & WIDTH INCHES & DEPTH INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE & HEIGHT AT FRONT INCHES & \begin{tabular}{l}
height \\
AT BACK INCHES
\end{tabular} & weight POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1 & Wood Runs. & 12 & \(23 \times 324\) & 36 & \(35 \frac{1}{2}\) & 268 & 250 & \$24.00 & 36 & 42 & 275 & \$27.50 \\
\hline No. 2 & Wood Runs. & 16 & \(23 \times 32 \frac{1}{1}\) & \(44 \pm\) & \(35 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(26{ }^{6}\) & 300 & 30.00 & 44 \({ }^{4}\) & 504 & 325 & 33.50 \\
\hline No. 3 & Wood Runs. & 20 & \(23 \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) & \(52 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(35^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 265 & 350 & 36.00 & \(52 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(58 \frac{1}{2}\) & 375 & 39.50 \\
\hline No. 4 & Wood Runs. & 12 & \(23 \times 44\) & 36 & 471 & 268 & 300 & 30.00 & 36 & 42 & 325 & 34.00 \\
\hline No. 5 & Wood Runs. & 16 & \(23 \times 44\) & \(44 \frac{1}{4}\) & \(47 \frac{1}{2}\) & 268 & 370 & 40.00 & \(44 \frac{3}{4}\) & \(50 \frac{1}{4}\) & 395 & 44.00 \\
\hline No. 6 & Wood Runs. & 20 & \(23 \times 44\) & \(52 \frac{1}{2}\) & 473 & 268 & 435 & 48.00 & \(52 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(58 \frac{1}{2}\) & 460 & 52.00 \\
\hline No. 7 & Steel Runs. & 25 & \(23 \times 32\) 年 & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(35 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(26{ }^{5}\) & 400 & 46.50 & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(56 \frac{1}{2}\) & 425 & 50.00 \\
\hline No. 8 & Steel Runs. & 50 & \(23 \times 324\) & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(69 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(26{ }^{5}\) & 750 & 87.00 & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(56 \frac{1}{2}\) & 800 & 94.00 \\
\hline No. 9 & Steel Runs. & 25 & \(23 \times 44\) & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(47 \frac{1}{2}\) & 265 & 500 & 63.00 & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(56 \frac{1}{2}\) & 525 & 67.00 \\
\hline No. 10 & Steel Runs. & 50 & \(23 \times 44\) & \(50 \frac{1}{2}\) & 931 & 26\% & 950 & 118.00 & \(50 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(56{ }^{\frac{1}{2}}\) & 1000 & 125.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Price List of Wood Type Cases Only}

No. 1, \(168 \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) inches, size of regular type Case, no center bar................................................... \(\$ 0.90\)
No. \(2,23 \times 32 \frac{1}{4}\) inches, fits regular Case Stand, and gives 224 sq. in. more space than No. \(1 . . . . . .\).
No. 3, \(23 x 44\) inches, gives 276 sq. in. more space than No. 2-with center bar.................................... 1.30
Case Rack with Wood Runs to hold 20 No. 3 Wood Type Cases, flat top, height \(577^{\frac{g}{8} \text { inches ................. } 9.00}\)
Case Rack with Steel Runs to hold 25 No. 3 Wood Type Cases, flat top, height \(57 \frac{3}{8}\) inches ................... 14.00


No. 27 Handy Letter Board Cabinet
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BOARDS & SIZE OUTSIDE
INCHES & 8IZE INSIDE INCHES & WEIGTT PERBO'RD POUNDS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& \text { PER } \\
& \text { BOARD }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline No. 1 Letter Board. & \(21^{\frac{3}{4} \times 20 \frac{1}{3}}\) & \(20 \times 19 \frac{1}{4}\) & 9 & \$1.20 \\
\hline No. 2 Letter Board. & \(26 \frac{1}{4} \times 20 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(24 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{1}{4}\) & 12 & 1.40 \\
\hline No. 3 Letter Board. & \(32 \frac{1}{4} \times 20 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(30 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{1}{4}\) & 131 \(\frac{1}{3}\) & 1.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{HANDY LETTER BOARD CABINETS}

For Job work these small Letter Board Cabinets are unrivalled. Nos. 25,26 and 27 , in single tier, occupy floor space of \(16 \frac{1}{2} \times 19\) inches, and are filled with Letter Boards constructed of hardwood throughout. The sides of the Cabinets are tastefully paneled and all exterior surfaces are finished and varnished like the best type Cabinets. They have hardwood tops and are made with closed backs.
\begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c}
\hline \hline NO. & \begin{tabular}{c} 
FLOOR SPACE \\
INCHES
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
NO. OF \\
BOARDS
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
SIZE OF GOARDS \\
INSIDE, INCHES
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{c} 
HEIGHT \\
INCHES
\end{tabular} & WEIGHT & PRICE \\
\hline NO.25 & \(16 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{2}{4}\) & 10 & \(12 \times 15\) & 32 & 125 & \(\mathbf{\$ 1 4 . 5 0}\) \\
NO. 26 & \(16 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{4}{4}\) & 12 & \(12 \times 15\) & 36 & 145 & 17.00 \\
No. 27 & \(16 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{1}{4}\) & 16 & \(12 \times 15\) & 44 & 175 & \(\mathbf{2 1 . 0 0}\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{HARDWOOD LETTER BOARDS \\ With and Without Cabinet}

These Boards areofstandard size, and will fit any regular Case Stand or rack for standard size type Cases. No. 1 is the same length as a two-thirds size Case. No. 2 is the same length as a three-quarter size Case. No. 3 is the same length as a full size Case. They are made of the finest selected hardwood with retaining rims on three sides. These Boards are made to provide for contraction and expansion. Climatic changes do not affect them. Boards can be ordered singly or in lots, and will always be found uniform in size. For the convenience of customers who have no Stand room for the accommodation of these Boards we list them with Cabinets to hold 16 Boards.

\section*{LETTER BOARD CABINETS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & FLOOR BPACE
INCHES & NO. OF BOARDS & SIZE OF BOARD8 INSIDE, INCHES & HEIGHT INCHES & WEIGHT & PRICE \\
\hline No. 20 & \(16 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \times 108\) & 72 & \(12 \times 15\) & 36 & 640 & \$ 95.00 \\
\hline No. 21 & \(22 \frac{1}{2} \times 58 \frac{1}{4}\) & 20 & \(1993 \times 24\) & 34 & 390 & 52.00 \\
\hline No. 22 & \(22 \frac{1}{2} \times 104\) & 36 & \(19+\times 30 \frac{1}{3}\) & 38. & 750 & 84.00 \\
\hline No. 23 & \(22 \frac{1}{2} \times 96 \frac{1}{2}\) & 64 & \(19 \pm \times 20\) & 48 & 900 & 110.00 \\
\hline No. 24 & 28\% \(\times 88\) & 45 & \(25 \times 25\) & 41 & 1000 & 120.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{DORSEY COMBINATION PRESS ROOM CABINET}

The top is covered with plate glass, substituting the old ink slab. Beneath the glass are receptacles for inks, oil cans, tympan paper, etc. Beneath this is a tool drawer \(3 \ddagger\) inches deep. Beneath the tool drawer is a V-shaped opening into which spoiled sheets and anything else of a waste-basket nature may be thrown, falling into a deep drawer below, that pulls from the rear side of the cabinet for emptying. Below this drawer is a compartment for old rags.

This rag compartment is lined with metal throughout to effectually obviate all danger should spontaneous combustion take place. This compartment is accessible from both sides of the Cabinet by means of trap doors secured at the bottom with spring hinges.

The Cabinet is mounted on castors and can be pushed about the press room as required.

Weight, crated, ready for shipment, including glass top, 150 pounds. Dorsey Combination Press Room Cabinets
. \(\$ 36.00\)


\section*{INDEXED ELECTROTYPE CABINETS}


Hamilton Indexed Electrotype Cabinet No． 15
＂Where is that cut？＂is a question asked a hundred thousand times every year，and it is a question often hard to answer．The use of these Indexed Electrotype Cabinets absolutely pre－ vents any cut from being lost or mislaid．The cabinet is so arranged that each cut or electro－ type has a place specially partitioned off for its accommodation．

To find a cut，a glance of the Index Book will show the exact location，giving the number of the Drawer in which it is located，also the section of the Drawer and the division of the section，as shown in the illustration．No other cut is looked at or disturbed and no time is lost．

When an original cut is withdrawn from the Cabinet for the purpose of having electrotypes cast from it，a slip of paper can be deposited， giving the date of its withdrawal and a record of where it was sent，thus maintaining a constant control and certain knowledge of the location of each cut．

Drawers are slotted on the inside，at inter－ vals of three－eights of an inch．The full length divisions which run from front to back are also slotted at intervals of three－eights of an inch on both sides．The smaller cross divisions are placed in position，separating each cut and making a distinct compartment to fit each cut．

These Cabinets are made with Steel Runs， which allow the Drawers to be placed compactly in the Cabinet and these Steel Runs afford a saving in space by accommodating 25 per cent more Drawers than would be possible if Wood Runs were used．Each Drawer is also fitted with a metal Number Plate，and the Index Book ac－ companies each Cabinet without extra charge． All Drawers placed in these Cabinets are of the ＂New Departure＂pattern，which is now so well and favorably known．The Cabinets are made of ash，finished in antique oak，and we can confi－ dently assert that this Cabinet will give thorough satisfaction and soon pay for itself in time saved．They are constructed in three sizes like regular type Cabinets．The two－third size Drawer is \(15 \frac{1}{8} \times 20 \frac{1}{2}\) inside： the three－quarter Drawer is \(15 \times 24 \frac{5}{8}\) inside；the full－size Drawer is \(15 \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) inside．All Drawers have exten－ sion side rails at the back，enabling a Drawer to be fully drawn and making the cuts in the back readily access－ ible．The prices given are for the Cabinets，fully equipped，ready for use．

\section*{This Cut Shows a Drawer}
as it appears when divided off and filled with cuts or electrotypes．See part of in－ dex showing manner of indexing four of the cuts in the Drawer．Note that every cut is in a distinct compartment，and that the dimensions are arranged in both direc－ tions to fit the various sizes of cuts．


\section*{The Electrotype Cabinet Index Book}

We give below an illustration of pages from the Index Book．This book is \(7 \frac{1}{2} 83\) inches，and contains 130 pages．There are 100 pages ruled as below and with an alphabetical margin．The book is neatly printed and ruled and bound in a canvas cover．A comparison of the index given below with the cut of the filled Drawer will show the simplicity of the arrangement．Find the four original wood cuts in drawer 12.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{original cut} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{name of cut} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{OWNER OF CUT OR ELECTROTYPE} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{DATE OF DELIV－ ERY TO OR ON ORDER OF OWNER} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{ELECTROTYPES} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Zo } \\
& \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{5} \\
& \text { O}
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Z } \\
& \frac{W}{y} \\
& \text { 立 }
\end{aligned}
\] & & & &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Zo } \\
& \stackrel{⿸ 厂 巳 心}{6} \\
&
\end{aligned}
\] & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{divisions} & \\
\hline 12 & D & 3 & BICYCLE & SMITH，JONES \＆CO． & 8－4 1907 & 31 & E & 1 & 2 & 3 & \\
\hline 12 & A & 2 & LAWN MOWER & WAGNER HDW．CO． & 6－3 1907 & 33 & A & 4 & 5 & 6 & \\
\hline 12 & E & 3 & SEWING MACHINE & REMINGTON \＆CO． & 7－81907 & 35 & B & 1 & 2 & 3 & \\
\hline 12 & D & 4 & FACTORY PLAN＇T & HAMILTON MFG．CO． & 1－10 1907 & 30 & C & 7 & 8 & 9 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Explanatory；－The initial of every cut indexed on the sample page above illustrated should properly begin with the letter＂B．＂The cuts mentioned were chosen for the reference because of their visibleness as they lie in the Drawer illustrated．

List Prices of Indexed Electrotype Cabinets
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NUMBER AND SIZE OF DRAWERS & HEIGHT INCHES & WIDTH INCHES & DEPTH INCHES & \begin{tabular}{l}
WEIGHT \\
POUNDS
\end{tabular} & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1, 20 Two-thirds & 37 \% & 254 & 21 & 180 & \$25.00 \\
\hline No. 2, 25 Two-thirds & 444 & \(25 \frac{1}{4}\) & 21 & 225 & 30.00 \\
\hline No. 3, 30 Two-thirds & 53 & \(25^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 21 & 275 & - 35.00 \\
\hline No. 4, 40 Two-thirds & 68 & - \(25{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & 21 & 350 & 48.00 \\
\hline No. 5, 50 'Two-thirds & 84 & \(25 \frac{1}{4}\) & 21 & 425 & 60.00 \\
\hline No. 6, 60 Two-thirds & 99 & \(25 \frac{1}{4}\) & 21 & 475 & 72.00 \\
\hline No. 7, 20 Three-quarter & 379 \({ }^{\text {g }}\) & 293 & 21 & 200 & 30.00 \\
\hline No. 8, 25 Three-quarter & \(44 \frac{1}{4}\) & 293 & 21 & 250 & 35.00 \\
\hline No. 9, 30 Three-quarter & 53 & 293 & 21 & 300 & 40.00 \\
\hline No. 10, 40 Three-quarter & 68 & 293 & 21 & 400 & 53.00 \\
\hline No. 11, 50 Three-quarter & S4 & 293 & 21 & 475 & 65.00 \\
\hline No. 12, 60 Three-quarter & 99 & 293 & 21 & 550 & 78.00 \\
\hline No. 13, 20 Full-size & 378 & 35 & 21 & 250 & 35.00 \\
\hline No. 14, 25 Full-size & \(44 \frac{1}{4}\) & 354 & 21 & 300 & 40.00 \\
\hline No. 15, 30 Full-size & 53 & \(35{ }^{3}\) & 21 & 350 & 45.00 \\
\hline No. 16, 40 Full-size & 68 & \(35{ }^{3}\) & 21 & 475 & 60.00 \\
\hline No. 17, 50 Full-size & & 353 & 21 & 575 & 75.00 \\
\hline No. 18. 60 Full-size & 99 ! & \(35 \frac{3}{4}\) & 21 & 650 & 90.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The 50-Drawer and 60-Drawer Cabinets are furnished in one or two tiers, as desired at the same price.
The above prices include the Cabinets fitted with a full equipment of Division Slats, including 5 of the slotted divisions for each Drawer in the two-thirds size Cabinets, and 6 for each Drawer in the three-quarter and full-size Cabinets; also with a large assortment of cross divisions, in various lengths. Each Drawer is fitted with a metal number plate, as shown in the illustration.

One Indexed Book is furnished for each Cabinet, regardless of the size of the Cabinet. Additional Books, If required, will be furnished for \(\$ 1.00\) each, list, subject to the same discount that applies on the Cabinet.

\section*{ELECTRO AND CUT CABINETS}

\section*{With Wood Runs and Plain Blank Drawers}

These Cabinets are filled with Blank Drawers, and are
 very handsomely made of ash, antique finish, with bronze Drawer Pulls. In addition to the ordinary uses of the printer, these Cabinets can be recommended to advertisers for keeping their wood cuts, etc., and many other purposes. A two-third Drawer is \(15 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{8}} \times 20 \frac{7}{8}\) inside; three-quarter is \(1418 \times 24_{8}^{8}\) inside, and the full-size Drawer is \(14 \frac{18}{18} \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) inside.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & SIIE OF DRAWERS & HEIGHT INCHES & LENGTH INCHES & DEPTH INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1 & 12 Two-thirds & \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(25^{\frac{1}{8}}\) & 20.5 & 125 & \$12.00 \\
\hline No. 2 & 16 Two-thirds & 43 & \(25 \frac{1}{8}\) & \(20 \frac{5}{8}\) & 150 & 14.00 \\
\hline No. 3 & 20 Two-thirds & 43 & \(25 \frac{1}{8}\) & 20.5 & 165 & 16.00 \\
\hline No. 4 & 12 Three-quarter. & \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) & 30 & 208 & 165 & 15.00 \\
\hline No. 5 & 16 Three-quarter. & 43 & 30 & 208 & 195 & 18.00 \\
\hline No. 6 & 20 Three-quarter. & 43 & 30 & \(20{ }^{5}\) & 210 & 21.00 \\
\hline No. 7 & 12 Full-size.. & \(34 \frac{1}{3}\) & \(35{ }^{3}\) & \(20 \frac{5}{8}\) & 170 & 19.00 \\
\hline No. 8 & 16 Full-size & 43 & \(35{ }^{3}\) & \(20{ }^{5}\) & 215 & 22.00 \\
\hline No. 9 & 20 Full -size & 43 & 353 & \(20 \%\) & 240 & 25.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{B00KBINDERS' CABINETS}

Made with bronzed pulls on each Case, and highly finished. The Cases are made in exactly the same style as printers' Cases, with threeply bottoms, and are the same size and proportioned like one-half of the regular Cap Case. These Cabinets may be put on or under a bench. "A place for everything and everything in its place" is a rule bookbinders should live up to, and these Cabinets will enable them to do so.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NUMSER & CAPACITY & WEIGHT POUNDS & \begin{tabular}{l}
HEIGHT \\
INCHES
\end{tabular} & FLOOR SPACE INCHES & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1 & 6 Cases & 75 & 16 & \(20 \times 20\) & \$ 8.00 \\
\hline No. 2 & 10 Cases & 110 & \(24 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(20 \times 20\) & 12.00 \\
\hline No. 3 & 15 Cases & 150 & \(33 \frac{3}{4}\) & \(20 \times 20\) & 16.50 \\
\hline No. 4 & 18 Cases & 190 & 39 & \(20 \times 20\) & 19.00 \\
\hline No. 5 & 20 Cases & 210 & 43 & \(20 \times 20\) & 21.00 \\
\hline No. 6 & 25 Cases & 250 & 618 & \(20 \times 20\) & 25.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{MATRIX CABINETS}


Eight-Drawer Linotype Matrix Cabinet
Six metal slugs are furnished with each Drawer in all these Cabinets. These will be found very useful-holding up the ends of lines of matrices and also for separating special characters not always required. These slugs are made the same shape and size of a matrix and inch wide.

Provides a convenient and safe receptacle for the storage of the valuable matrices, space bands and tools which accompany every Linotype outfit. The construction is based on a careful study of the requirements and after the suggestions of practical Linotype experts. No Linotype outfit is complete without one. This is the only practical Cabinet ever made for holding the matrices and other small tools which accompany a Linotype machine. They are firmly and substantially constructed of hardwood, nicely finished. The roll curtain front will effectually exclude the dust, and being provided with a first-class lock insures the contents of the Drawers from being tampered with.

Each Drawer is \(14 \frac{3}{4} \times 15\) inches inside, having ten grooves upon which the matrices are placed edgewise as illustrated below. The capacity of each Drawer is 142 running inches of matrices set edgewise. These Drawers are set in the Cabinet on an incline. This position of the Drawers prevents the matrices from falling down or becoming disarranged when the grooves are not full. The illustration shows the matrices in place, the unfilled lines being held by a metal slug. In the lower part is a Drawer \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep inside, fitted with a pin lock. This Drawer cannot be opened until the curtain is raised. It will accommodate all the small tools which go with the Linotype machine.


Detailed Section of Matrix Drawer showing Matrices in place

List Prices and Dimensions of Matrix Cabinets


\section*{MONOTYPE CABINETS}

The door of this Cabinet is arranged with holders for the various wrenches, screw-drivers and gauges furnished with the machine.

The Molds are kept in two sliding trays at the top of the Cabinet; each holds six Molds in such a manner that it is impossible for them to strike. Beneath these trays are two shelves for Normal wedges; each shelf holds fifteen wedges, and each wedge has its particular place where it is protected from injury and where it may be quickly found. Two additional shelves provide for twenty-eight Matrix Cases; each case being held on edge and prevented from striking the other Cases. Beneath these shelves are four Drawers for individual Matrices; each Drawer is divided in thirty-seven grooves, in which the Matrices are stood on end. A bar across the center of each Drawer divides it so that Matrices taken from the Matrix Case, in making changes are put above the bar in the same groove from which the Matrices below the bar are taken to replace those removed from the Matrix Case.

Height, \(25 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; width, 14 inches; depth, 16 inches; weight, ready for shipment, \(\%\) pounds. Monotype Cabinet.



\section*{SPECIMEN CABINETS}

No. 1 Specimen Cabinet contains 8 drawers with inside dimensions \(15 \frac{7}{8} \times 20\) inches. Four of these drawers are 2 inches deep and four are \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep inside. This Cabinet occupies floor space \(20 \frac{3}{4} \times 25 \frac{8}{8}\) inches. The height is \(37 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. It is made of ash and is nicely finished. Each drawer is divided into nine compartments, with removable partitions. Weight, crated for shipment, 165 pounds.
No. 1 Specimen Cabinet
No. 2 Specimen Cabinet contains 12 drawers with inside dimensions \(15 \frac{7}{8} \times 20\) inches. Six of these drawers are 2 inches deep and six are \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep inside. This Cabinet occupies floor space \(20 \frac{3}{3} \times 25{ }^{\frac{8}{8}}\) inches. The height is \(52 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. It is made of ash and nicely finished. Each drawer is divided into nine compartments with removable partitions. Weight, crated for shipment, 200 pounds.
No. 2 Specimen Cabinet
\(\$ 32.00\)

\section*{AD-MAN'S CABINET}

This Cabinet is designed to meet the requirements of the ad-man who must necessarily have recourse to an abundance and great variety of material. The aim is to place all this material directly before the workman in the most convenient form. The two tiers of cases and other equipment are reversed, both sides of the Cabinet being alike. When two ad-men are working at the Cabinet, one on each side, they occupy the same position and each has the material in the same form. A two-faced Lead and Slug Bank is supported by uprights over the working top; this Bank has adjustable partitions providing separate compartments on each side for leads and slugs, This entire Lead and Slug Bank can be raised or lowered six inches. Four men can work at the Cabinet on straight work without interference, two on each side, The ad-man places his type case at the right hand end of the working top. He will have before him within reach his leads and slugs. At his left on the working top he will place a large dumping galley; his copy drawer will be directly under the working type case; under the copy drawer on the supplementary bank he can place another dumping galley. The Cabinet is fully equipped with electric lights, mortised label holders and foot rails, which are listed as extras. The inverted V-shaped Lead and Slug Bank has electric lights arranged inside where the direct rays will not reach the workman's eyes; the light will be thrown down and evenly diffused over the entire working top. The inside surface is lined with bright tin serving as a reflector.

Occupies floor space \(13 \frac{1}{2} \times 70 \frac{1}{3}\) inches. Height to apex of Cabinet proper, 53 inches. Height to apex of Adjustable Lead and Slug Bank-maximum, 74 inches; minimum, 68 inches. Weight, crated for shipment, 950 pounds.
Cabinet No. 1 - 24 regular cases in each tier
\(\$ 120.00\)
Cabinet No. 2-22 extra deep cases in each tier
120.00

Extras-Electric light equipment complete for attachment, including sockets, shades, switch and elongated lamps over each tier of cases and under the Lead and Slug Bank \(\$ 15.00\). Mortised Label Holders with celluloid covers, 6 cents each; Cabinet No. 1, \(\$ 2.88\). Cabinet No. \(2, \$ 2.64\). Two Foot Rails, \(\$ 7.00\).

\section*{SUPERIOR ALL-IRON CASE STANDS}

Barnhart's Iron Case Stands are used more and more, They have advantages in durability; in freedom from wear and defacement ; in easy cleansing and sanitation. They give a ligbter and neater appearance to the composing room. They occupy a few inches less space than wood, and where necessary to crowd this is something worth more than the increased cost. They can be furnished in any desired way to accommodate any possible number of cases, or in combination with galley racks, etc. Barnhart's Iron Case Racks are of various capacities, reasonable cost and economical in space.



No. 9. Double, with racks for 16 full cases and galley rest 20.50
No. I0. Double, with racks for 8 full and 8 two-third cases, gall
No. 10. Double, with racks for 8 full and 8 two-third cases, galley rest, and 16 galley racks........................ 30.00
No. 11. Rack to hold 12 cases ................................................................................................................. 16.00



Extra runs riveted to stands, 40 cents per pair additional. Estimates and drawings of special sizes furnished upon application.

\section*{N0. 21 STEEL RUN STANDS}


News Compositors' Side


Job Compositors' Side

This is the cheapest of all Steel Run Stands. It represents the maximum of case capacity. It is strongly made and durable, and will prove economical wherever installed.

This frame is made with flat top and requires Case Brackets to hold the News Cases. The Job Cases can be put into the Racks from either side of the Frame, and the Steel Runs are placed so close together as to require Pulls on the fronts of the Job Cases to get the best results. Regular cases can be put into the Racks without planing off the fronts. It has capacity for 40 Cases under the top. Brackets and Cases for the top can be selected to meet the requirements.

The top equipment illustrated is as follows:-Two pair No. 2 Three-Case Tilting Brackets, one pair News Cases, two Blank Cases, one Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case, one No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case. and four Quarter Cases as follows:-Ideal Brass Leader Case, Compact Rule Case, Time Table Quarter Case, Wisconsin Quarter Case, Style C.

\section*{List Prices of No 21 Steel Run Stand and Equipment}

Stand only, open front. Weight, 215 pounds................................................................. \(\$ 20.00\)
Stand only, closed plain front. Weight, 260 pounds . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 23.50
Stand only, closed paneled front. Weight, 255 pounds ..................................................... 25.00
Above prices are for stand only, and do not include the Cases in the body of the frame or the News Cases on the top. Selection of Case equipment can be made as requirements demand. Case Pulls can be furnished in bulkto attach to the fronts of old Cases for 4 cents each, list.

\section*{NO. 22 STEEL RUN STAND}


The No. 22 Steel Run Stand requires no Brackets, as it is built with a top to hold News Cases. The Job Cases are put in from the back, as the illustration shows. There is ample knee room for the news compositor, as the Cases do not come to a line of the front of the Stand, but set back about five inches as shown. Regular full size lip Cases can be used in all of these Stands, and there will be ample finger room between Cases, so that Pulls will not be required. However, the withdrawing of the Job Cases will be facilitated by attaching Pulls to the Case fronts.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CAPACITY, 32 FULL SIZE CASES & HEIGHT FRONT & WEIGHT POUNDS & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { FLOOR } \\
\text { SPACE, } \operatorname{IN} .
\end{gathered}
\] & PRICE \\
\hline Open Front & 443 in. & 285 & \(26 \times 70\) & \$25.00 \\
\hline Closed Plain Front & \(44{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 330 & \(26 \times 70\) & 28.50 \\
\hline Closed Paneled Front. & \(44{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 320 & \(26 \times 70\) & 30.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Above prices are for Stand only and do not include the Cases in the body of the frame or the News Cases on top. Selection of Case equipment can be made as requirements demand
Case Pulls can be furnished in bulk to attach to the fronts of old Cases for 4 cents each, list.

\section*{NO. 23 STEEL RUN STAND}


Job Side, showing full length Galley Dump


News Side, showing Paneled Front

This Frame is very similar to the No. 22 Steel Run Stand, but has Copy Drawers under the News Cases and full length Dump over the Job Cases. It also has other points of superiority and is most substantially and compactly built. This Stand, made with paneled front or closed plain front, is about as good an article as could possibly be devised for the composing room. The news compositors and the job compositors are placed on opposite sides and there will be no interference. Four men can work continuously at the same Stand, two on each side. Made of selected hardwoods and finished like the best grades of Cabinets. These modern Steel Run Stands really belong to the Cabinet class, and when filled with Cases and fully equipped they compare in every respect with the best of Cabinets. The No. 23 Stand will take 32 full size lip Cases arranged in two tiers, 16 Cases in each tier.

The No. 23 Steel Run Stand requires no Case Brackets, as it is built with a top to hold News Cases. The Job Cases are put in from the back, as the illustration shows. There is ample knee room on the side for the News Compositors, as the Cases do not come to a line on the front of the Stand, but set back about five inches as shown. Regular full size lip Cases can be used in all of these Stands, and there will be ample finger room between Cases, so that pulls will not be required. However, the withdrawing of the Job Cases will be facilitated by attaching pulls to the Case fonts.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CAPACITY, 32 FULL SIZE CASES & FLOOR SPACE INCHES & HEIGHT FRONT & ẆEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline Open front & \(26 \times 70\) & \(44{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 300 & \$30.00 \\
\hline Closed plain front & \(26 \times 70\) & \(44^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 345 & 33.50 \\
\hline Closed paneled front & \(26 \times 70\) & \(44^{\frac{3}{4}} \mathrm{in}\). & 340 & 35.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Above prices are for the Stand only and do not include the Cases in the body of the Cabinet or the News Cases on top. Selection of Case equipment can be made as requirements demand.
}

Case Pulls can be furnished in bulk to attach to the fronts of old Cases at 4 cents each, list.

\section*{THE POLHEMUS STAND}

The news compositor stands behind the Job Cases, where he works without being interrupted by the job men. He can empty his stick without leaving the Stand, on a Galley kept under the Lower Case, as the top Cases are held on Hamilton's Patent Tilting Brackets. Over the Job Cases there is a working bank or a galley top, for keeping live or dead matter. Between the Case racks on the No. 3 Stand there is a Galley Cabinet, shown in the illustration.

No. 1 Single, with Racks for 12 full size Cases; weight with Brackets, 100 lbs . ; occupies floor space \(20^{\frac{1}{2} \times 36}\) inches. Price \$ 7.50
No. 2 Double, with Racks for 24 full size Cases, and no Galley Cabinet; weight, 180 lbs.; occupies floor space \(26 \times 70 \frac{1}{4}\) inches. Price.
No. 3 Double, with Racks for 12 full size Cases, and 12 two-thirdsCases, with Galley Cabinet; weight, 250 lbs.; occupies floor space \(26 \frac{1}{2} \times 71 \frac{3}{8}\) inches. Price.. 20.00
The prices given above include the Brackets but not the Cases on the Brackets or in the body of the stand. Polhemus Stands are crated and shipped in knock-down form.


\section*{NO. 24 STEEL RUN STAND}



Job Compositors Side

News Compositors Side

This excellent piece of Cabinet work, when fully equipped with "New Departure" Cases, represents the acme of Steel Run Stand construction, and the most advanced type of composing room equipment. The ends are paneled with neatly moulded edges. The back has seven panels with chamfered edges like a Polhemus Cabinet. The front rail is set back several inches, and the Job Cases when in place, set back several inches from the front, providing the extension front feature of the Porter Cabinets. This allows plenty of knee room for the compositor. Constructed of hardwood throughout, with all exterior surfaces nicely varnished like the best of Cabinets. The runs are of flat steel capable of sustaining great weight.

The top equipment illustrated is as follows:-Two pairs of No. 4 Three-Case Brackets; one pair of News Cases; two Blank Cases; one No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case, and four quarter size Cases as follows:-One Perfection Rule Case, one Compact Rule Case, one All-Right Space and Quad Case, one Wisconsin quarter Case, Style D. Under the top there are Steel Runs to accommodate 40 full size Cases.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline EQUIPMENT & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { FLOOR SPACE } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & HEIGHT INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline Stand only, without top equipment & \(21 \frac{1}{2} \times 70\) & 441 \(\frac{1}{8}\) & 260 & \$25.00 \\
\hline Plain Galley Dump & & & 30 & 3.50 \\
\hline No. 8 Bettis Lead and Slug Case, as illustrated & & & 22 & 5.00 \\
\hline No. 9 New York Case Brackets, per pair & & & 25 & 1.50 \\
\hline No. 7 Style B Double Case Brackets, per pair & & & 17 & 1.25 \\
\hline No. 1 Hamilton Patent Tilting Brackets, per pa & & & 2 S & 2.00 \\
\hline No. 2 Three-Case Tilting Brackets, per pair & & & 35 & 2.40 \\
\hline No. 4 Three-Case Brackets, per pair & & & 25 & 1.90 \\
\hline News Cases, per pair. & & & 14 & 1.60 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
Above prices are for Stand only and do not include the Cases in the body of the Stand or the News Cases on the top. Selection of Case equipment can be made as requirements demand. Prices given for Brackets in the list above are net, and any discount allowed on the Steel Run Stand does not apply on such Brackets. Case Pulls can be furnished in bulk to attach to the fronts of old Cases at four cents each, list.
}

LIST PRICES OF NEW YORK STANDS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & description & capacity & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { FLOOR SPACE } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & WEIGHT WITH BRACKETS & PRICE \\
\hline No. 1 & New York Single Stand & 15 Cases and 1 pair on top & \(18 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 75 pounds & \$ 6.50 \\
\hline No. 2 & New York Double Stand & 30 Cases and 2 pairs on top & \(18 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 135 pounds & 10.50 \\
\hline \[
\text { No. } 3
\] & New York Quadruple Stand & 60 Cases and 4 pairs on top & \(35 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 225 pounds & 18.00 \\
\hline No. 4 & New York Window Stand .. & 30 Cases and 2 pairs on top & \(35 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 185 pounds & 10.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Prices given above include the Brackets, but not the Cases on top.

\section*{CASE STANDS AND RACKS}


No. 15 Double Stand, with Galley Rest and Racks for 24 full size Cases


No. 6 Double News Stand with 8 Racks

Our Case Stands and Racks are all made of hardwood, and bolted together firmly. The high Case Racks are braced at the center with bolted rods to prevent spreading, and both Stands and Racks will remain rigid after long and steady use.

Price List of Case Stands
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & description & FLOOR SPACE
INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PRICE \\
\hline 1 & Single, without Rac & \(26 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 32 & \$2.75 \\
\hline 2 & Single, with Racks for 12 two-third Cases & \(26 \times 25{ }^{\text {㡲 }}\) & 38 & 3.00 \\
\hline \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) & Single, with Racks for 12 three-quarter Cases & \(26 \times 30\) 窩 & 42 & 3.00 \\
\hline 3 & Single with Racks for 8 full size Cases........ & \(28 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 39 & 3.00 \\
\hline 4 & Single, with Racks for 12 full size Cases & \(26 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 45 & 3.25 \\
\hline 5 & D'ble News, without Racks & \(26 \times 60\) & 50 & 3.25 \\
\hline 6 & D'ble News, with Racks for 8 full size Cases.. & \(26 \times 60\) & 55 & 3.75 \\
\hline 7 & D'ble News, with Racks for 10 full size Cases & \(26 \times 60\) & 56 & 4.25 \\
\hline 8 & D'ble News, with Racks for 12 full size Cases & 26x60 & 58 & 4.75 \\
\hline 9 & Double Job Stand, with Racks for 8 full size and 8 two-third Cases & \(26 \times 60\) & 61 & 4.25 \\
\hline 10 & Double Job Stand, with Racks for 10 full size and 10 two-third Cases & 26x60 & 65 & 5.00 \\
\hline 11 & Double Job Stand, with Racks for 12 fuli size and 12 two-third Cases & \(26 \times 60\) & 70 & 5.50 \\
\hline 12 & Double Job Stand, with Racks for 12 fuli size and 12 three-quarter Cases & \(26 \times 64{ }^{3}\) & 72 & 5.75 \\
\hline 13 & Double Stand, with Galley Rest and Racks for 16 full size Cases. & \(26 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 70 & 5.50 \\
\hline 14 & Double Stand, with Galley Rest and Racks for 20 full size Cases.. & \(26 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 74 & 5.75 \\
\hline 15 & Double Stand, with Galley Rest and Racks for 24 full size Cases. & \(26 \times 70 \frac{1}{3}\) & 78 & 6.00 \\
\hline 16 & Double Stand, with Galley Rest and Racks for 30 full size Cases. & \(26 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 83 & 7.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Paneled ends for any of the above Stands, \$2.00 extra

\section*{Price List of Case Racks}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & CAPACITY & HEIGHT INCHES & FLOOR SPACE INCHES & WEIGHT POUNDS & PLAIN AS IN CUT BHOWN & closed back AND SIDES \\
\hline No. 20 & Single tier 10 full size Cases & 38 & \(201 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 45 & \$ 5.50 & \$ 7.75 \\
\hline No. 21 & Single tier 12 full size Cases & 41 & \(20 \frac{1}{2} \times 368\) & 49 & 6.00 & 8.50 \\
\hline No. 22 & Single tier 16 full size Cases & 50 & \(20 \frac{1}{2} \times 36 \frac{1}{2}\) & 56 & 7.00 & 9.50 \\
\hline No. 23 & Single tier 20 full size Cases & 60 & \(20 \frac{1}{2} \times 36\) d & 58 & 8.00 & 11.00 \\
\hline No. 24 & Single tier 24 full size Cases & 70 & \(20 \times 1 \times 36 \frac{1}{8}\) & 67 & 9.00 & 12.00 \\
\hline No. 25 & Single tier 30 full size Cases & 84 & \(20 \times 368\) & 83 & 10.00 & 13.00 \\
\hline No. 26 & Double tier 40 full size Cases & 60 & \(20 \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 104 & 14.00 & 17.00 \\
\hline No. 27 & Double tier 60 full size Cases & 84 & \(20 \frac{1}{2} \times 70 \frac{1}{2}\) & 144 & 18.00 & 22.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

All Case Stands and Racks are furnished unfinished and shipped knocked down.

\section*{PRICE LIST OF "NEW DEPARTURE" CASES}


Section showing Triple-Veneer Bottom
Our Cases all have "New-Departure" three-ply bottoms, which prevent splitting, shrinking and warping. These bottoms are set into the side and front rails (see AA) so that the case slides on the side rails. As the grain of the side rails and of the cross runs in stands and cabinets run the same way, the cases slide much easier and with considerable less wear and tear.


The series of illustrations shown on the following pages. gives a uniform lay for all standard Type Cases. There has always been more or less diversity of opinion among printers in regard to the location of certain odd characters, fractions, and diacritical marks. After much investigation, we adopted the various lays, as embodied in the illustrations, and we hope they will prove an assistance, especially to young printers.

\section*{"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES}


Cap Case, 80c
The old standard and universally used Cap Case. All boxes same size.


California Job Case, 90c
Most popular of all Job Cases. Note the large Cap boxes Used exciusively in all our type Cabinets unless otherwise ordered.


Triple Case, 90c
A most useful and popular Case. Will take three fonts of caps, figures and points.


Two Rivers Cap Case, 90c
A sensible Cap Case now coming into general use. Large cap boxes, \(23 / 4 \times 3\) inches. Worth a dozen regular Cap Cases. Copy covers least used characters. Economical.


Lower Case, 80c
The universal lay as put into the regular Lower Case from which every printer has learned his a-b-c's.


Italic Job Case, 90c
Oid standard Job Case, universally used before the introduction of the California Job Case. Convenient for fonts with accented letters.


Quadruple Case \(\$ 1.20\)
Very useful for certain fonts. It is a double Cap Case Holds four fonts caps, figures and points.


Double Lower Case, \(\$ 1.20\)
For holding two fonts of caps and figures; or caps, lower case and double font of fignres; or a font each of roman and bold face.

\section*{"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES}


Improved Job Case, \(\mathbf{\$ 1 . 2 0}\)
The only Case combining all the boxes found in a reg. ular pair of News Cases. Takes caps, small caps and lower case with figures.


Yankee Job Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
The cap boxes in this Case are placed at the back instead of the right side. A popular case in two-thirds and threequarter sizes.


Wells Job Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
Holds two fonts of caps and figures. Large boxes insuring large capacity. Cap boxes one-third larger than those in a News Case.


Improved New York Job Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
Holds cap, small cap, lower case and figure fonts. Cap side California style with five rows of boxes.


Spaceless Job Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
The Spaceless Job Case should be a twin companion to the Space and Quad Case. All space and quad boxes omitted.


Double Yankee Job Case, \$1.20
A very useful Case. Accommodates two complete fonts of caps, lower case, figures and points. Size of boxes allows ample finger room.


Dearing Job Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
For large sizes of type. Has greater capacity than any other Job Case. Lower case boxes extra large.


Patterson Job Case, \$1.00
Llke the New York Case, this is designed to hold cap. small cap, lower case and figure fonts.
"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES


Russel Tabular Job Case, \(\mathbf{\$ 1 . 8 0}\)
Has separate series of boxes for odd characters and diacritical marks, brass rule and brass leaders, plece fractions, quads and spaces, fractions, etc. Large boxes for main figures.


Combination Job Case, \(\$ 1.20\)
For use in legal blank and similar work. Holds brass leaders from 1 to 16 ems , half ems from 1 to 5 . Will hold a 25 -pound font of type, and a 12 -pound font of brass leaders.


Accomodates large size cap and figure fonts of metal type, and small sizes of wood type. Holds one font caps, figures and points. Cap boxes \(2 \frac{1}{4} \times 43 / 8\) inches.


Border Case. \$1.25
A roomy case of large capacity for all slzes of borders.


Music Case-Lower, \(\$ 1.00\)


Music Case-Upper, \(\$ 1.00\)
Music Compositors will find these illustrations of great service in laying type. If the lettering is not distinct, use a hand glass.









\section*{"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES}


Figure Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
A necessity in every large office. Takes extra large supply of figures and fractions. Can be furnished double depth.


German Cap Case, 80c
Same as the regular Cap Case. The illustration simply shows how the German characters should be laid.


No. 1 Adjustable Lead and Slug Case, \(\$ 1.50\) (Single depth)
Can be adjusted by picas to meet any requirement and furnished also in double depth if desired.


Two Rivers Lead and Slug Case, \$1.75
A new and most valuable Case. Takes length from 4 to \(251 / 6\) with varlations by half picas.


Byerly Figure Case, \(\$ 1.10\)
An improved figure case of great value. Figure boxes \(23 / 4 \times 43 / 4\) inches. Fraction boxes \(21 / 8 \times 13 / 8\) inches.


German Lower Case, 80c
This case is the same as the regular Lower Case with the exception of the doubie " \(s\) " boxes, as shown.


No. 2 Adjustable Lead and Slug Case, \$2.75
(Double depth)
Center bar adds both strength and utllity. Furnished in either single or double depth as desired.


Hamilton Lead and Slug Case, \$1.00
Leads and siugs can be stacked two tiers deep. Can be had in double depth, if desired.
"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES


Improved Space and Quad Case, \(\$ 1.00\)
A slight modiflcation of the old Space and Quad Case which we no Ionger list. Furnished on all orders for regular Space and Quad Cases.

\section*{}

Rule Case, (Ordinary) \$1.15
The old style full-sized Brass Rule Case. Many printers now prefer the new Quarter-size Rule Cases shown on following pages.


Neshota Rule Case, \(\$ \mathbf{2 . 0 0}\)
Takes a larger number of lengths than any other Ruie Case. All lengths from 1 to 50 picas, with the usual half pica length and places for mitred pieces.


Metal Furniture Case, \(\mathbf{\$ 1 . 5 0}\)
Compartments for each length as shown. Furnished in single or double depth. A single depth Case will take two layers of furniture, a double depth Case three layers.


Practical Space and Quad Case, \$1.10
Provides for half-point and one-point spaces without the necessity of mixing. Accommodates seven sizes of spaces and quads.


F urneaux Rule Case, \(\$ 1.40\)
This Case will hold two large fonts of rule.


Zenobia Rule Case, \(\$ 1.50\)
Holds fewer sizes and larger fonts than the Neshota. Takes all lengths up to 36 ems . A very useful and popular Rule Case in the larger composing rooms.


Graduated by picas on the ends. Strips can be adjusted to fit any size of wood type. Six strips go with each Case

\section*{"NEW DEPARTURE" CASES}


Italic Job and California Job Case, 75c The standard two-thirds Case for all Cabinets.


Yankee Job Case, 75c
The most popular of all two-third Cases.


Hamilton Lead and Slug Case. 75c Two-thirds size.
Separate compartments by plcas, for lengths 4 to 25 picas inclusive.


Improved Job Case, 90c Two-thirds size.
An odd size, \(213 / 4 \times 193 / 4\) inches. Fits regular two-third Case Rack. Takes caps, small caps, lower case and figures.


Dearing Job Case, 75c
The largest capacity of any two-thirds Case.


Spaceless Job Case, 80c
Two-thirds size.
Boxes for spaces and quads are omitted from this case.


Brass Leader Case, 75c
Two-thirds size.
Compartments for lengths 1 to 25 picas. Half ems \(11 / 2\) to 91/2 picas.


California Job Case. Three-quarter size, 85c
All three-quarter Cases listed, are made in the same form and arrangement as the full size of the corresponding styles.

\section*{QUARTER SIZE AND SPECIAL CASES}


Carpenter Quarter Case
This Case is most useful in tabular and other intricate work. It is a vertical Figure Case with double spaces for 5 's and ciphers-the figures most used-and compartments for justifying material and special sorts. Size, \(7 \frac{3}{8} \times 15 \frac{7}{8}\) inches. Weight, 17 ounces.
Carpenter Quarter Case
. \(\$ 0.75\)


Happy Border Case
The partitions in this Case are adjustable by picas the long way and by 6 points from front to back. Eight long slotted divisions and an assortment of short divisions in various lengths accompany each Case. Size, \(7 \frac{8}{8}\) \(x 158\) inches. Weight, 22 ounces.
Happy Border Case.
\$1.25


Time Table Quarter Case
The special compartments for A. M. and P. M. This Case can be made useful in other work, such as legal notices, market reports, etc. Size, \(7 \frac{8}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 17 ounces.
Time Table Quarter Case. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.75\)


All Right Space and Quad Case
Has compartments for \(\frac{1}{2}\) point thin copper and 1 point thin brass spaces also compartments for \(3,4,5\) and 6 em spaces, em quads, en quads, 2 and \(3 \mathrm{em} q u a d s\). Case will hold a Standard 10 -pound font of spaces and quads of any size. Size, \(7 \frac{8}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 15 ounces.
All Right Space and Quad Case .
. \(\$ 0.75\)


Ideal Brass Leader Case
Designed to hold ordinary 5 and 10 -pound fonts of brass leaders. Has compartments for all lengths from one to twenty-two ems, variations by one-half picas from 1 to 10 and by full picas from 10 to 22 . Size, 78 x \(15 \frac{8}{8}\) inches. Weight, 17 ounces.
Ideal Brass Leader Case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.90\)


Space Rule Case
Designed to take Standard Fonts of Space Rules. Made in three sections each taking a one pound font in any size from 1 to 12 points. Three one-pound fonts of any one size or three separate fonts of different sizes will just fill the Case. Size, \(4 \frac{7}{8} \times 6 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 8 ounces.
Space Rule Case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.50\)


Thirty-inch Space and Quad Case
The idea is to use in connection with this Case a Blank Case as a working bank. The Thirty-inch Case is pushed to the rear of the Blank Case, which leaves a clear space at the front 10 inches wide to receive the Brass Galley, Size \(4 \frac{1}{8} \times 30\) inches, outside. Weight, 21 ounces.

\section*{THE HARRIS RULE CASES}

The sexies of Harris Rule Cases, quarter-size, and including the Sanspareil Harris Rule Case, one-half size, are in some respecits the most economical, efficient and satisfactory Rule Cases ever constructed. The saving in time and space in prolonging the' life of the high priced brass rule by always keeping it face up, have made the Harris Cases popular with systematic printers.


Four Harris Rule Cases in a Full Size Blank Case. List Price \(\mathbf{\$ 4 . 6 5}\), including the Blank Case


Harris Rule Case No. 1
This Case holds two complete small fonts of laborsaving rule, each weighing 8 pounds, or 16 pounds in all. Each half of this Case holds 18 pieces each length from 1 to \(8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ems}\) (varying by ens), 18 pieces each from 9 to 18 ems (varying by ems), and 9 pieces each 19, 20, 21, 22,24 26, and 28 ems , besides boxes for right and left miters. Size \(7 \frac{8}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 19 ounces.
No. 1 Harris Rule Case \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) ..... \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)


Harris Rule Case No. 2
This Case holds one complete font of 16 pounds weight. It has compartments for 36 pieces each from 1 to 9 ems long (varying by ens), 18 pieces each from 10 to 24 ems (varying by ems), and 18 pieces each of \(26,28,30\), \(32,34,36\) ems long, besides boxes for right and left miters, A large proportion of small lengths. Size \(7 \frac{78}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 19 ounces.
No. 2 Harris Rule Case
\$1.00


Harris Rule Case No. 3


Harris Rule Case No. 4

These two Cases are designed to be used together to hold a font of rule, suitable for a large office, weighing 32 , pounds or less. Two and in some cases four boxes are used to hold the most used sizes. Each case has its proportion of the small sizes, so that if it is desired to carry one Case to a compositor's Stand for use in rule work, the other is a vailable in its regular place with a good working font.

Case No. 3 has compartments for all short lengths up to and including the 20 em length. Case No. 4 has compartments for all of the short lengths and also all long lengths up to and including the 36 em lengths. Together these Cases have compartments for 72 pieces each from 1 to 9 ems long (varying by ens), 36 pieces each from 10 to 24 ems longs (varying by ems), and 18 pieces each from 25 to 36 ems long (varying by ems), besides boxes for right and left miters. Size, \(7 \frac{3}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, No. 3,18 ounces; No. 4,17 ounces.
No. 3 Harris Rule Case.......................... \(\$ 0.75\) No. 4 Harris Rule Case ............................. \(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{HARRIS RULE CASES}


Harris Border Case No. 5

In this a compositor may keep his much valued 12 to pica and other thicknesses of leads for justifying purposes, his pickups of dashes, rule, etc. It has boxes from 1 to \(9 \frac{1}{3}\) ems (varying by ens), from 10 to 22 ems (varying by ems), and from 22 to 28 ems (varying by two ems), with a long box for longer lengths. Size, \(7 \frac{8}{8} \times 7 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, or \(\frac{1}{8}\) inside size of full size Case. Weight, 10 ounces.


Harris Rule Case No. 0

The No. 5 Case may be used in combination with any other Quarter-size Cases, being exactly the same size. To meet the varied requirements of all border and ornament fonts, the short partitions are movable, but are so nicely fitted that they remain in any position in which they are placed. This special and novel feature makes it an easy matter to change the sizes of the boxes at will. Size, \(7 \frac{8}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 18 ounces.

\section*{List Prices of Harris Rule Cases}

No. 0, Harris Rule or Individual Lead Case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.75\)
No. 1, Harris Rule Case, holds two 8-1b. fonts . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25
No. 2, Harris Rule Case, holds one 16-1b. font . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
\(\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { No. 3, Harris Rule Case, } \\ \text { No. 4, Harris Rule Case, }\end{array}\right\}\) together hold 32-1b. font \(\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 75 \\ \text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 1 .\end{array}\right.\)
No. 5, Harris Ornament or Border Case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ........................................................... 1.00


\section*{SANSPAREIL AND QUARTER-SIZE CASES}

This is without doubt one of the best Rule Cases yet designed. The walls and partitions are a trifle higher than type high, so the rules are at all times protected; anything can drop, or be laid on the Case without touching rule.

It has compartments for all sizes from 1 to \(9 \frac{1}{2}\) ems, (varying by


Sanspareil Harris Rule Case ens), and from 10 to 42, (varying by ems), with an extra allowance for small sizes; also an additional row for miters, which, when no miters are carried, can be used for overflow on small sizes. For large fonts of rule, running in lengths not usually included in fonts of labor-saving brass rule, it is especially valuable, and there is no Case to replace it. It has become very popular and its use is constantly increasing.

The size of this Case is \(14 \frac{3}{4} \times 15 \frac{1}{4}\) inches- 2 Cases fit into one standard Blank Case.

It is compact and every bit of space is utilized, thus insuring a capacity that cannot be equaled by any Case on the market. The cross partitions are one piece of wood from wall to wall, and they cannot slip down or break; the long downward partitions are durable. and the general construction is substantial. It has a "New Depart. ure" bottom. Weight, 38 ounces.
The Sanspareil Harris Rule Case
. \(\$ 1.50\)


Perfection Rule Case
The Perfection Rule Case has two compartments for all lengths from 1 to 12 ems , and one compartment for lengths from 13 to 36 ems . The variations are by onehalf ems from 1 to 10 and by ems from 10 to 36 . Four of these Cases will fit into an ordinary Blank Case.
Perfection Rule Case.
.\(\$ 0.90\)


Compact Rule Case
The Compact Rule Case has one compartment for each length from 1 to 36 ems, varying by ens up to 10 ems. and by single ems from 10 to 36 ems . It also has compartments for the miters. Four of these Cases will fit into an ordinary Blank Case.
Compact Rule Case .
. \(\$ 0.90\)

\section*{HAMILTON RULE CASES}


\section*{No. 59 Hamilton Rule Case}

This Case takes a 5-pound font of Standard Rule on 3 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 26 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(5_{8}^{7} \times 11_{4}^{\frac{3}{4}}\) inches, outside. Weight, 15 ounces.
No. 59 Hamilton Rule Case
... \(\qquad\) . \(\$ 0.7\)


No. 61 Hamilton Rule Case
This Case takes a 5-pound font of Standard Rule on 6 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 26 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(5 \frac{3}{8} \times 11 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, outside. Weight, 14 ounces.
No. 61 Hamilton Rule Case
. \(\$ 0.75\)


The No. 58 Case takes a 5 -pound font of Standard Rule on 2 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(8 \frac{1}{4} \times 9 \frac{1}{8}\) inches, outside. Weight, 15 ounces.
No. 58 Hamilton Rule Case \(\qquad\) . \(\$ 0.75\)
The No. 70 Case takes a 10 -pound font of Standard Rule on 6-point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 30 picas long, inclusive. with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(9 \frac{1}{8} \times 11\) inches, outside. Weight, 19 ounces.
No. 70 Hamilton Rule Case . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1.00\)


No. 95 Hamilton Rule Case

The No. 95 Case takes a 25 -pound font of Standard Rule on 3 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for two sizes of miters. Size, \(13 \frac{8}{8} \mathbf{x} 14 \frac{1}{4}\) inches, outside. Weight, 34 ounces.
No. 95 Hamilton Rule Case.


No. 67 Hamilton Rule Case
This Case takes a 10 -pound font of Standard Rule on 2-point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(7 \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \frac{3}{4}\) inches, outside. Weight, 24 ounces.
No. 67 Hamilton Rule Case \(\qquad\)


No. 68 Hamilton Rule Case
This Case takes a 10 -pound font of Standard Rule on 3 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for miters. Size, \(81_{6}^{5} \times 15\) inches, outside. Weight, 28 ounces.
No. 68 Hamilton Rule Case

\section*{HAMILTON RULE CASES}


No. 94 Hamilton Rule Case
This Case takes a 25 -pound font of Standard Rule on 2-point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas iong, inclusive, with separate compartments for two sizes of miters. Size, \(15 \frac{2}{8} \times 12 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, outside. Weight, 33 ounces.
No. 94 Hamilton Rule Case \(\qquad\)


No. 97 Hamilton Rule Case
This case takes a 25 -pound font of Standard Rule on 6 -point body. Separate compartments are provided for every length from 1 to 36 picas long, inclusive, with separate compartments for two sizes of miters. Size, \(13 \frac{1}{4} \mathbf{x}\) \(16^{\frac{1}{4}}\) inches, outside. Weight, 40 ounces.
No. 97 Hamilton Rule Case . . \(\qquad\) \(\$ 1.40\)

\section*{QUARTER SIZE CASES}

Our varied lines of Quarter-size Cases have come into general use and their popularity is steadily increasing. Originally introduced for holding brass rules only, the economical features of these small Cases soon became apparent, and they are now designed for a variety of uses. In use the Quarter Cases with contents can be carried about the office where the work is being executed. This is hardly possible with a full-size Case heavily loaded. Their use preserves high priced material, facilitates its use, enables the compositor to do more and better work. Only one man can work at a full-size Case when filled. A Blank Case filled with four Quarter Cases will accommodate four workmen by removing the Cases and carrying the material to the work.


Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "A"
Convenient for holding figures, spaces and quads, fractions, etc. Size, \(7 \frac{3}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 15 ounces. Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "A"................ \(\$ 0.65\)


Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "C"
Large boxes for figures and smaller compartments for fractions. Size, \(7 \frac{1}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 14 ounces. Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "C", \(\qquad\)


Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "B"
This pattern is suitable for holding accented letters, split fractions. Size, \(7 \frac{3}{8} \times 15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 17 ounces. Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "B" \$0.65


Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "D"
Especially convenient for holding signs, borders and odd characters. Size, 78 8 \(15 \frac{1}{8}\) inches. Weight, 16 ounces. Wisconsin Quarter Size Case "D" .... ......... \(\$ 0.65\)

\section*{BETTIS LEAD AND SLUG CASES}

This Case has compartments from 4 to 28 picas wide, varying by single picas. Partitions run from front to back without central division.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; Depth, inside, \(1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{in}\); Weight 21 lbs .
Price . \(\$ 4.00\)

This Case has compartments from 30 to 60 picas wide, one compartment for each of the following lengths; \(30,32,34,36,38\), \(40,42,45,50\) and 60 picas.

Length, 72 in. ; Width, 18 in. outside; Depth, inside, \({ }^{1 \frac{1}{3}}\) in.; Weight, 18 lbs.
Price
. \(\$ 4.00\)

This Case has compartments from 3 to 48 picas wide, varying by single picas. It also has compartments for \(\frac{1}{2}\) pica lengths, from \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) to \(9 \frac{1}{2}\) picas.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; Depth, inside, \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) in.; Weight, 23 lbs.
Price
\(\$ 5.00\)

This Case is the same as No. 1 and No. 2 combined, having a central bar running the long direction of Case.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; depth, inside, \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) in.; Weight, 21 lbs.
Price.
.\(\$ 5.00\)

This case has a center bar running the long way dividing the case into two sections, allowing one to be used for leads and the other for slugs.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; depth, inside, \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) in.; Weight, 22 ibs.
Price. \(\qquad\)

This Case is the same as No. 2, having one section for leads and one for slugs. Each section has compartments for lengths from 30 to 60 picas wide.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; depth, inside, 11 in .; Weight, 19 lbs.
Price \(\qquad\) .\(\$ 5.00\)

Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 1

Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 2

Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 3

Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 4

Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 5


Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 6


Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 7


Bettis Lead and Slug Case No. 8

This Case has compartments in duplicate for all the lengths provided forin Cases Nos. 1 and 2. Leads and slugs can be carried in separate compartments.
Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; Depth, inside, \(1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{in}\).; Weight, 23 lbs.
Price
.\(\$ 6.00\)

This Case takes same lengths as the No. 1, with a working section in front which is large enough to take a \(10 \times 24\) brass lined or all brass Job Galley.

Length, 72 in.; Width, 18 in. outside; Depth, inside, \(1 \frac{1}{3}\) in. ; Weight, 22 lbs.
Price
.\(\$ 5.00\)

The Bettis Space and Quad Case is made to fit top of regular stand 72 in . long, 18 in . wide, 6 in . deep at front, \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). deep at back. The use of this case will enable all spaces and quads for job fonts to be kept in a single case.
Bettis Space and Quad Case
. \(\$ 10.00\)
METAL FURNITURE CASE


Jones Metal Furniture Case
This Case is constructed of hardwood with a thick 3 -ply bottom, firmly fastened to the edges and also to the center bar. Being \(21 / 2\) inches deep on the inside, it will hold a great quantity of metal, and it is strongly constructed with this end in view. It has 49 compartments as follows:
3 for 4 -line metal furniture; 4 for 5 -line; 5 for 6 -line; 6 for 8 -line; 7 for 10 -line; 7 for 15 -line; 7 for 20 -line; 7 for 25 -line; 1 for 30 -line; 1 for 50 -line; 1 large blank space for odd sizes. The weight of this Case, not crated, is 30 lbs.
Jones Metal Furniture Case.

\section*{METAL FURNITURE CABINET}

The use of this Rack will prove a most economical investment and will greatly prolong the life of metal furniture It is made with a double face, being filled from both sides, and thus only one-half of the capacity is shown in the illustration. It has two compartments for each length and width, one on each side of the Cabinet. Each compartment holds 16 pieces arranged in two tiers, stacked 8 pieces high, a total capacity of over 300 pounds of metal furniture. It is \(15 \frac{1}{3}\) inches wide, 9 inches deep and 4 feet 10 inches long, outside dimensions. Weight, crated, 75 pounds. Price.................................................................... 12.00

\title{
ELECTRIC-WELDED STEEL CHASES \\ Made from Silver-Gloss Steel \\ tRADE \\ MARK
}

Every bar of steel used in the manufacture of our Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases is made up from a special grade of open hearth steel. This special mixture was compounded to meet the peculiar conditions of electro-welding, which requirements are that the impurities


Cuts through the hard steel with astonishing ease. shall be very low, so that the steel shall weld well and also prevent what is known as a congregation of impurities rendering the steel brittle and liable to breakage, which happens when the impurities collect together. In order to bring about the right mixture, the proper proportions of carbon and manganese must be effected. Carbon imparts the property of brittleness, therefore only a small percentage of carbon may be used. It is also necessary to have manganese in the proper quantity for the purpose of making it dense, close-grained, tough and strong. Sulphur and phosphorus are great enemies of steel and the best steel contains only very slight traces of these ingredients. Silver-Gloss steel contains the proper proportions of carbon and manganese and is as free from sulphur, phosphorus and other impurities as it is possible to make it. After the steel is made it is first hot drawn through dies to approximately the size, then cold drawn to the correct size. This very process of drawing is a guarantee of strength of each and every some 40,000 pounds to dra bar that breaks in this drawing process is thrown aside as defective. Therefore the secret of the Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases lies, first, in the grade of steel used and second in the method of welding-In electric-welding the heat is first generated at the center of the bars, and thus the weld is made from the center outward. This is just the opposite to what takes place in making the common hammer and anvil weld, and is largely responsible for the perfection of the electric-weld. In electric-welding, too,


Gradually becomes bright until in a few seconds it is dazzling.


Is rigidly held in a right-angle vise, while cooling.
exactly the right amount of heat may be applied to bring the metal to just the degree of fusibility that gives the best results. The material is not weakened by burning, nor is its temper drawn at any point except where the weld is made; and yet the heat is sufficient to cause the molecules of steel to inter-mingle just as they would were the metal melted and cast in a mold; hence it is that the four bars originally used for making an Electric-Welded Chase really becomes one solid, perfect piece of steel, without a flaw or blemish of any sort to indicate that a weld had ever been made.

\section*{STRENGTH OF SILVER-GLOSS STEEL}

Silver Gloss steel has a tensile strength almost double that of the material used in the past, as is shown by tests made for us in the testing labratory of one of the largest steel plants in this country. Three ordinary cast-steel chases and three Electric-Welded chases made from this special steel, were tested to find the breaking strain of each. The test chases were in pairs, there having been one Electric-Welded and one cast-steel chase in each pair, the two being identical in all respects except as to the material from which they were made. The three cast-steel chases broke at the corners at the following strains in pounds per square inch: \(20200,20600,23400\). The ElectricWelded chases broke at strains of \(40100,40400,43400\) pounds per square inch. As will be seen, in each case the ElectricWelded chase withstood a strain almost twice as great as the other. The test by no means ended here; mere strength lacks much of being the only test of a good chase. Deflective tests showed that, on two chases of the same size, when each was sprung a quarter of an inch the Electric-Welded chase returned to its original shape on the removal of the pressure, while the one made from cast-steel remained \(3-64\) of an inch permanently out of true. In another test the


Double cutter milling machine.
cast steel chase was sprung \(21-64\) of an inch and the Electric-Welded \(24-64\) of an inch, the result being, on removal of the pressure, that the former showed a permanent deflection of \(1-8\) of an inch, while the latter was but 1-32 of an inch out. A series of these tests were made, every one


Emery Grinding Machine of which showed the Electric-Welded chases to have more than double the resisting power of any others. The tests were all made with a view of determining which of the many samples submitted was best for chase making. Because of its bright, glossy finish we named the new material Silver-Gloss Steel.

\section*{THE PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE}

The bars of steel from which Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases are made are drawn expressly for us. Being cold-drawn, every bar is of the finest texture, and is perfectly true in all dimensions. The bars come from the steel mill in all the special sizes and shapes used in chases. The first process of manufacture is the sawing of the bars to lengths suitable for the work in hand, for which purpose a circular saw is used that cuts through the hard steel with astonishing ease and speed. The bars could, of course, be cut just as you have seen a blacksmith cut a piece of iron on his anvil, and just as most of the cutting is done for hand-welded chases; but that is a crude process that batters the bar all out of shape; so we use a saw. When they leave the saw the pieces are passed to the man in charge of the welding. He places them in the electric-welder, where they are held tightly against each other by huge, vise-like jaws, which gradually, at the will of the operator, close up as the heat increases, the movement being just sufficient to insure a perfect unblemished joint. This weld being made, the now solid piece is rigidly held in a right angle vise that prevents warping out of shape or springing while it is cooling. The illustration shows the appearance of the weld-points. But for the small ridges of excess metal seen at the points where the weld was made, the welding would finish the chase; as it is, all that remains to be done is to cut away the ridge, which work is quickly done by the milling and grinding machines that leave the bars from which the chase is made as smooth and perfect as they were before the welding. The excess of metal formed in the welding process in each inside corner, is removed on the punch press (see illustration). If the chase is to be fitted with bars, the special automatic dove-tailing machine is brought into play, this machine has a specially made table chuck which automatically, and mathematically holds the chase in such positions as to insure the dove-tails being cut exactly in the center, where solid bars only are wanted, and in center and one-sixth off center for the shifting Punch Press for Squaring out bar chase. After the chase is finished both the serial number and our
 trade mark is stamped on same. From the very beginning we have kept a card index of all dimensions, size of stock, etc., thus simplyfying the ordering of duplicate chases.

\section*{THE CHASE FOR PLATEN PRESSES}

It must not be supposed that the manufacture of Electric-Welded Chases is confined to those used on cylinder presses. Far from it. There is an immense demand for other varieties of Electric-Welded Chases made from Silver-Gloss Steel. While it is true that so far as our knowledge extends, there is but one manufacturer of platen presses furnishing any except cast-iron chases. It is equally true that printers everywhere have recognized the value of the improved chases for their jobbers, and hundreds have been sold. Our business in Electric-Welded chases for job presses is increasing beyond our most sanguine expectations. The first cost of the Electric-Welded Chases for platen presses is a little higher than the prices charged for chases made from cast-iron; but they will last a life-time, and, when cost alone is considered, are much cheaper in the end. But when the value of the time they save stoneman and pressman, and the cut-.
Dovetailing Machine ting out of loss through pied forms caused by broken chases are taken into acthem must be short-sighted indeed.

\section*{54,000 ELECTRIC-WELDED CHASES SOLD}

We do not think that we could add a more convincing argument for the introduction of Electric-Welded Chases in every printing office, than to say that we have sold to date over 54,000 chases. These points explain why Electric-Welded Chases are "practically everlasting and everlastingly practical."


Stamps it with its serial number and the Barnhart trade-mark

\section*{ELECTRIC-WELDED STEEL CHASES}

All cross-bars are made to exact picas. The trade-mark stamped on every chase is a guarantee that it is made from silver-gloss steel and electrically welded.

IMPORTANT-In ordering chases mistakes will be avoided by observing the following instructions: Give ontside measurements. Where chase or chases are to fit press give actual size of bed; an allowance of \(1 / 8\) inch will be made in length of chases. If chases are to be made from other than regular stock, state size desired. If side sticks are ordered, state whether they are to be straight or beveled, and give length of forms if other than standard newspaper size.

Bearer Chases cost one-half more than regular chases.
Special Tool-Steel Chases cost one-half more than the regular chases.
SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED BOOK CHASES


Solid Cross-Bar


One Bar Shifting


Both Bars Shifting
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \multirow{3}{*}{outside measurement} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
measurement \\
length \\
and BREADTH
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{SIZE OF MATERIAL} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{PRICE OF CHASE WITH BOLID cross barb} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{PRICE OF CHASE one bar shifting} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{PRICE OF Chase both bars shifting} \\
\hline & & & & WID & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & BIDE BARS & END BARS & \begin{tabular}{l}
Long \\
CROSS bars
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { SHORT } \\
\text { CROSS BARS } \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
\] & Of BARS & & & \\
\hline 1 & \(17 \times 21 \mathrm{in}\). & 38 in. & 1 in. & 1 in. & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & \$8.50 & \$9.50 & \$10.50 \\
\hline 2 & \(20 \times 25 \mathrm{in}\). & 45 in. & \(1_{1}^{2} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{17} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 8.95 & 9.95 & 10.95 \\
\hline 3 & \(21 \times 27 \mathrm{in}\). & 48 in. & \(1^{1 / 8} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }^{16} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 9.30 & 10.30 & 11.30 \\
\hline 4 & \(22 \times 27 \mathrm{in}\). & 49 in. & \(1^{1 / 16} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{6} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 9.40 & 10.40 & 11.40 \\
\hline 5 & \(22 \times 28 \mathrm{in}\). & 50 in. & \(11_{16}^{16} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{6} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 9.50 & 10.50 & 11.50 \\
\hline 6 & \(23 \times 29 \mathrm{in}\). & 52 in . & \(1_{1}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 9.70 & 10.70 & 11.70 \\
\hline 7 & \(24 \times 30 \mathrm{in}\). & 54 in. & \(1_{10} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11_{6} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 9.95 & 10.95 & 11.95 \\
\hline 8 & \(25 \times 30 \mathrm{in}\). & 55 in. & \(1{ }^{2}{ }^{2} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{10} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.05 & 11.05 & 12.05 \\
\hline 9 & \(26 \times 32 \mathrm{in}\). & 58 in. & \(1_{11^{\prime}}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 10.40 & 11.40 & 12.40 \\
\hline 10 & \(26 \times 34 \mathrm{in}\). & 60 in. & \(1_{16}^{16} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.60 & 11.60 & 12.60 \\
\hline 11 & \(25 \times 35 \mathrm{in}\). & 60 in. & \({ }_{1}^{16}{ }_{1}^{16} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{12} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 10.60 & 11.60 & 12.60 \\
\hline 12 & \(26 \times 36 \mathrm{in}\). & 62 in. & \(1_{18}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{3} \mathrm{in}\) in. & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.80 & 11.80 & 12.80 \\
\hline 13 & \(27 \times 39 \mathrm{in}\). & 66 in. & \(1_{16}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{11^{3}} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11.25 & 12.25 & 13.25 \\
\hline 14 & \(29 \times 41 \mathrm{in}\). & 70 in. & \(1{ }^{3}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11_{18}^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \% in. & 11.70 & 12.70 & 13.70 \\
\hline 15 & \(29 \times 42 \mathrm{in}\). & 71 in. & \(1_{18}^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{3} \mathrm{E}\) in. & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11.80 & 12.80 & 13.80 \\
\hline 16 & \(30 \times 42\) in. & 72 in. & \(1_{16}^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }^{\frac{8}{6}} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11.90 & 12.90 & 13.90 \\
\hline 17 & \(32 \times 44 \mathrm{in}\). & 76 in. & \(11^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 12.35 & 13.35 & 14.35 \\
\hline 18 & \(32 \times 46 \mathrm{in}\). & 78 in. & \(1_{16}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{186}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 12.60 & 13.60 & 14.60 \\
\hline 19 & \(32 \times 47 \mathrm{in}\). & 79 in. & \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{1}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\) in. & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 12.70 & 13.70 & 14.70 \\
\hline 20 & \(331 / 2 \times 46 \mathrm{in}\). & 791/2in. & \(1_{16}^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{186}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 12.80 & 13.80 & 14.80 \\
\hline 21 & \(331 / 2 \times 48 \mathrm{in}\). & \(811 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{1}{ }_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}{ }^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.00 & 14.00 & 15.00 \\
\hline 22 & \(34 \times 48 \mathrm{in}\). & 82 in. & \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.00 & 14.00 & 15.00 \\
\hline 23 & \(35 \times 50 \mathrm{in}\). & 85 in. & \({ }_{17}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{156}^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8 in. & 13.35 & 14.35 & 15.35 \\
\hline 24 & \(36 \times 52 \mathrm{in}\). & 88 in. & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 13.70 & 14.70 & 15.70 \\
\hline 25 & \(38 \times 51 \mathrm{in}\). & 89 in. & \(1_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{15} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.80 & 14.80 & 15.80 \\
\hline 26 & \(371 / 2 \times 52 \mathrm{in}\). & 891/2in. & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.90 & 14.90 & 15.90 \\
\hline 27 & \(39 \times 53 \mathrm{in}\). & 92 in . & \(1_{18}^{88} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}{ }^{\frac{5}{6}} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 14.10 & 15.10 & 16.10 \\
\hline 28 & \(41 \times 55 \mathrm{in}\). & 96 in. & \(1_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }^{\frac{5}{16}} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 14.55 & 15.55 & 16.55 \\
\hline 29 & \(43 \times 56 \mathrm{in}\). & 99 in. & \(11_{16}^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 14.90 & 15.90 & 16.90 \\
\hline 30 & \(40 \times 60 \mathrm{in}\). & 100 in. & \(1_{186}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{56} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & 5/8 in. & 15.00 & 16.00 & 17.00 \\
\hline 31 & \(43 \times 60 \mathrm{in}\). & 103 in. & \(1_{16}^{76} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{176}{ }^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 15.35 & 16.35 & 17.35 \\
\hline 32 & \(43 \times 63 \mathrm{in}\). & 106 in. & \(11^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{176}^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 15.65 & 16.65 & 17.65 \\
\hline 33 & \(45 \times 62 \mathrm{in}\). & 107 in. & \({ }_{1}^{176} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{76} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8\) in. & 15.75 & 16.75 & 17.75 \\
\hline 34 & \(45 \times 65 \mathrm{in}\). & 110 in. & \(1_{186}^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{76} \mathrm{in}\). & 4 picas & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 16.10 & 17.10 & 18.10 \\
\hline 35 & \(47 \times 66\) in. & 113 in. & \(11^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{7}\) in. & 4 picas & 6 picas & \% \(\%\) in. & 16.45 & 17.45 & 18.45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

To Estimate Price of a Book Chase, size not listed.
Find price of same size Poster or Skeleton chase and add \(\$ 4.00\) if solid bars only are wanted. Add \(\$ 5.00\) if one bar only is to be shifted and \(\$ 6.00\) if both bars are to be shifted. Unless otherwise ordered, Book chases will be furnished with one bar only shifting. Minimum price of Book chase with both bars shifting, \(\$ 10.50\). For bar only add \(\$ 1.00\) to list; for pair of dovetails add \(\$ 1.00\) to list; for both add \(\$ 2.00\) to list. For extra stock charge same as in Poster Chases. See Poster list for figuring measurements ending in fractions.

\section*{SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED POSTER CHASES}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{4}{*}{} & \multirow{4}{*}{outside meaburements} & \multirow{4}{*}{measurement Length and BREADTH} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{SIzE OF MATERIAL} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{PRICE OF pOSTER CHASE WITHOUT bar} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{price of POSTER chase WITH bar} \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{WIDTH OF bars} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{thickness of BARS} & & \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{SİE bars} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{end bars} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{CROSS
bars} & & & \\
\hline & & & WITH BAR & without bar & WIth bar & WITHOUT BAR & & & & \\
\hline 1 & \(17 \times 21 \mathrm{in}\). & 38 in. & 1 in. & \(1 \frac{18}{16} \mathrm{in}\). & 1 in. & \(1 \frac{1}{16} \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & 5/8in. & \$4.50 & \$6.50 \\
\hline 2 & \(20 \times 25 \mathrm{in}\). & 45 in. & \(1{ }^{2} \mathrm{E}\) in. & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }^{\frac{1}{8}} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 4.95 & 6.95 \\
\hline 3 & \(21 \times 27 \mathrm{in}\). & 48 in. & \(1{ }^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{10}^{10} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5.30 & 7.30 \\
\hline 4 & \(22 \times 28\) in. & 50 in. & \(1_{\mathrm{r}_{1}^{1} \mathrm{I}}^{1} \mathrm{n}\). & 11/8in. & \(1 \frac{1}{18} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5.50 & 7.50 \\
\hline 5 & \(24 \times 30 \mathrm{in}\). & 54 in. & \(1_{16} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{1}^{1}\) d in . & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5.95 & 7.95 \\
\hline 6 & \(26 \times 32 \mathrm{in}\). & 58 in. & \(1{ }^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / \mathrm{in}\). & \(1^{1 / 8} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6.40 & 8.40 \\
\hline 7 & \(25 \times 35 \mathrm{in}\). & 60 in. & \(1{ }_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/8 in. & \(1_{1}^{\frac{1}{6}} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6.60 & 8.60 \\
\hline 8 & \(27 \times 39 \mathrm{in}\). & 66 in. & \(11^{3 / 8} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }^{\frac{3}{18}} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4 in. & 6 picas & \%/8in. & 7.25 & 9.25 \\
\hline 9 & \(29 \times 42 \mathrm{in}\). & 71 in. & \(1_{18}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4in. & \(1_{18}^{\frac{3}{6}} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \%/8in. & 7.80 & 9.80 \\
\hline 10 & 32 x 46 in . & 78 in. & \(1_{18}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{186}^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4 in. & 6 picas & 3/8in. & 8.60. & 10.60 \\
\hline 11 & \(32 \times 47 \mathrm{in}\). & 79 in . & \(1_{16}{ }^{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{36} \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 8.70 & 10.70 \\
\hline 12 & \(331 / 2 \times 48\) in. & 811/2in. & \(11_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{186}{ }^{\text {8 }}\) in. & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 9.00 & 11.00 \\
\hline 13 & \(34 \times 50 \mathrm{in}\). & 84 in. & \(1_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{86} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 9.25 & 11.25 \\
\hline 14 & \(35 \times 52 \mathrm{in}\). & 87 in. & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 \% \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{\text {f }}\) in. & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \%/8in. & 9.55 & 11.55 \\
\hline 15 & \(37 \times 54 \mathrm{in}\). & 91 in. & \(1{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\) in. & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{58} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.00 & 12.00 \\
\hline 16 & \(39 \times 53 \mathrm{in}\). & 92 in. & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.10 & 12.10 \\
\hline 17 & \(39 \times 55\) in. & 94 in. & \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{16} \frac{18}{} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.35 & 12.35 \\
\hline 18 & \(41 \times 55 \mathrm{in}\). & 96 in. & \(1_{18}^{58}\) in & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}{ }^{\frac{5}{6}} \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.55 & 12.55 \\
\hline 19 & 43 x 60 in . & 103 in. & \(11_{16}{ }^{7} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/2in. & \(1_{18}^{78} \mathrm{in}\). & 11/2 in. & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11.35 & 13.35 \\
\hline 20 & \(47 \times 66\) in. & \(113 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{78}\) in. & 11/2 in. & \(11^{\frac{1}{8}}\) in. & \(11 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 12.45 & 14.45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{To Estimate Price of a Poster Chase, size not listed}

Add length and breadth in inches together to obtain measure. Multiply this measure by 11 cents For price of News or Poster with bar add \(\$ 2.00\) to list of Poster without bar. Minimum price of Poster. chase \(\$ 4.50\). For extra bar only add \(\$ 1.00\). For extra pair dovetails only add \(\$ 1.00\). Measurements ending in fractions to be figured as next full figure. For example: \(17 \times 203 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). \(=378 / 4 \mathrm{in}\)., figure 38 in .; \(33 \frac{1}{2} \times 458 / 4\) in. \(=791 / 4 \mathrm{in}\)., figure 80 in .; \(293 / 8 \times 401 / 2 \mathrm{in} .=697 / 8 \mathrm{in}\)., figure 70 in .

\section*{*Charges for Extra Stock}

For each \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). wider than regular, add for measurement, length, and breadth, 40 in . and smaller .... \(\$ 0.20\) For each \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). wider than regular, add for measurement, length, and breadth, 41 to 60 in . inclusive.. . 30 For each \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). wider than regular, add for measurement, length, and breadth, 61 to 80 in . inclusive.. . 45 For each \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). wider than regular, add for measurement, length, and breadth, 81 to 100 in . inclusive.. . 60 For each \(1 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). wider than regular, add for measurement, length, and breadth, 101 in . and larger.... . 75 For \(3 / 4\) in. thick stock add for measurement, length, and breadth, 40 inches and smaller................ . 60 For \(\frac{8}{4} \mathrm{in}\). thick stock add for measurement, length, and'breadth, 41 to 60 inches inclusive ............ 1.00 For \(\frac{8}{4}\) in. thick stock add for measurement, length, and breadth, 61 to 80 inches inclusive ............. 1.40 For \(8 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). thick stock add for measurement. length, and breadth, 81 to 100 inches inclusive ........... 1.80 For \(8 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). thick stock add for measurement, length, and breadth, 101 and larger......................... 2.20 For extra width and \(3 / 4\) in. thick stock, add both of the above advanced charges.
*Charges for extra stock are based on \(1 / 4\) inch increase in width over size of stock regularly used for a chase of similar total length and breadth. If a chase is ordered with side bars \(\frac{1_{18}^{18}}{} \mathrm{inch}, \frac{1}{6} \mathrm{in}\). or \({ }^{\frac{3}{8}} \mathrm{in}\)., wider than regular, no extra charge will be made. If extra stock is ordered for three side bars only take three quarters of the extra charge for that size chase; for two bars one half, and if only for one bar onequarter.

Note-There will be no extra charge for special size cross bars.

SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED QUARTO CHASES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 唇 } \\
& \sum_{\text {w }}^{\text {z }}
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{ll}
2 & 0 \\
x_{2} \\
3 & 0 \\
0 & 0 \\
0
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{8IZE OF PAIR OVER ALL.} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{sIzE OF EACH CHASE OUT SIDE} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{measure LENGTH AND BREADTH OVER ALL} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{Size of material} & \multirow{3}{*}{PRICE OF Pali} \\
\hline & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SIDE BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{END BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{BACK sars} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{CROSS SARS} & \\
\hline & & & & & WIDTH. & thickNESS & WIDTH & THICKNESS & WIDTH & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THICK- } \\
& \text { NESB }
\end{aligned}
\] & WIDTH & THICK-
NES8 & \\
\hline 1 & *4 & \(357 / 8 \times 241 / 4\) & \(171_{6}^{5} \times 241 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 601/8in. & \(1_{11_{6}^{1}}\) in. & 5 & \(1_{16}^{1 / 2} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8 & \({ }_{1}^{13} 3 \mathrm{in}\). & n. & 6 picas & n. & \$13.40 \\
\hline 2 & 4 & 36 x241/2in. & 18 x241/2in. & 601/2in. & \(1_{1 / 8}^{1 / 2}\) in. & \% \(/ 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{1} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \(\frac{13}{13} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.40 \\
\hline 3 & *5 & 43 x281/2in. & 211/2x281/2in. & \(711 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/8in. & \%/8in. & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & \({ }_{13}^{13} 12\). & \%/8in. & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 15.85 \\
\hline 4 & 5 & 441/8x291/2in. & 22 1 x \(\times 291 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(735 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/8in. & 5/8in. & 11/8in. & 5/8in. &  & \%/8in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 16.30 \\
\hline 5 & * 6 & \(46 \times 32 \frac{1}{2}\) in. & 23 x \(321 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 781/2in. & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & 11/4in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{1}^{13} 18 \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 17.40 \\
\hline 6 & * 6 & \(47 \times 321 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 231/2x321/2in. & 791/2in. & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & 11/4in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{1}^{13} 18 \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 17.60 \\
\hline 7 & 6 & 475/8x34 in. & \(2315 \times 34 \mathrm{in}\). & \(815 / \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4in. & 5/8in. & \({ }_{1}^{13} 18 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 18.05 \\
\hline 8 & * 7 & \(51 \times 371 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(251 / 2 \times 371 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(881 /\) in. & \({ }_{1}{ }^{4} \mathrm{f}\) in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(\mathrm{l}_{18}^{8} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & \({ }_{\text {c }}^{\frac{1}{1}}\) & \%/8in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 19.60 \\
\hline 9 & 7 & \(521 / 8 \times 39 \mathrm{in}\). & \(26_{16} \times 39\) in. & \(911 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & \(1{ }_{18}^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. &  & 5/8in. & 6 picas & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 20.25 \\
\hline 10 & *8 & \(561 / 8 \times 431 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(28_{16}^{1} \times 431 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 995/8in. & \(1_{16}^{8} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \(1_{16}^{5} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & \({ }_{1}^{185}\) & 5/8in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 22.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{To Estimate Price per Pair of Quartos, sizes not listed.}

Add length and breadth of pair over all in inches and multiply this sum by 22 cents per inch. In figuring extra-stock charges, consider each chase separately; charges will be same as for Poster chases. Minimum price pair of Quartos, \(\$ 12.00\). See Poster list for figuring measurements ending in fractions.
*These sizes carried in stock, and will be furnished unless otherwise specified.


SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED QUADRUPLE CHASES
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{SIZE OF SET OVER ALL} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{sIzE OF EACH CHASE OUTSIDE} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{MEASUREMENT LENGTHAND BREADTH OVER ALL} & \multicolumn{8}{|c|}{SIzE Of MATERIAL} & \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
PER SET \\
of FOUR
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{SIDE BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{INSIDE END BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{OUTSIDE END BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SACK BARS} & \\
\hline & & & & & WIDTH & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THICK- } \\
& \text { NESS }
\end{aligned}
\] & WIDTH & THICKNESS & WIDTH & THICKNESS & WIDTH & thickNESS & \\
\hline 1 & *5 & 28 x421/2 in. & \(14 \times 211 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 701/2 in. & \(1_{176}^{12} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \({ }^{\frac{1}{13}} \mathrm{in}\) in. & 5/8in. & \(1 \frac{1}{1} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \({ }_{1}^{13} \mathrm{E}\) in. & 5/8in. & \$19.90 \\
\hline 2 & *6 & \(321 / 2 \times 47\) in. & \(161 / 4 \times 231 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(791 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \({ }^{\frac{1}{13}} \mathbf{i z}\) in. & 5/8in. & \(1_{16}^{1} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \({ }_{1}^{13} 6\) & 5/8in. & 22.40 \\
\hline 3 & *7 & \(38 \times 501 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(19 \times 251 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(881 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/8in. & 5/8in. & \({ }_{1}^{13} \mathrm{in}\) in. & 5/8in. & 11/8in. & 5/8in. & \(\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{6} \mathrm{in}\). & \%/8in. & 24.90 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{To Estimate Price of a Set of Quadruples, sizes not listed.}

Add length and breadth in inches of set over all and multiply by 28 cents per inch. In figuring extrastock charges consider each chase separately; charges will be same as for Poster chases. Minimum price for set of Quadruples, \(\$ 18.00\). See Poster list for figuring measurements ending in fractions.
*These sizes carried in stock, and will be furnished unless otherwise specified.

\section*{SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED FOLIO CHASES}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} & \multirow{3}{*}{COLUMN FOLIO} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{SIZE OF PAIR OVER ALL} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
CHASE aIZE \\
EACH OUTSIDE
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{MEASUREMENT LENGTH AND BREADTH OVER ALL} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{8IZE OF MATERIAL} & \multirow{3}{*}{PRICE OF PAIR} \\
\hline & & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{SIDE BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{end bars} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{BACK BARS} & \\
\hline & & & & & WIDTH & THICKNESS & WIDTH & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THICK- } \\
& \text { NESS }
\end{aligned}
\] & WIDTH & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THICK- } \\
& \text { NESS }
\end{aligned}
\] & \\
\hline 1 & *5 & \(28 \mathrm{x} 213 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(14 \times 213 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 493/4in. & \(1_{176}^{1} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \(1_{1}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & 1218 in. & 5/8in. & \$9.50 \\
\hline 2 & 5 & \(293 / 8 \times 221 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(14 \frac{11}{17} \times 221 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(515 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{11^{6} 6 \mathrm{in}}^{16}\) & \(5 / 8\) in. & \(1_{18}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }^{3} 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & 9.90 \\
\hline 3 & * 6 & \(321 / 2 \times 24\) in. & \(161 / 4 \times 24\) in. & \(561 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{186}^{1} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1_{16}^{1} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }^{3} \mathrm{~B}\) in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 10.85 \\
\hline 4 & 6 & \(337 / 8 \times 24\) in. & \(1615{ }^{5} \times 24\) in. & \(57 \%\) in. & 11/8in. & \%/8in. & 11/8in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(\frac{13}{13} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11.00 \\
\hline 5 & * 7 & \(38 \times 253 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(19 \times 258 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(638 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/8in. & 5/8in. & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{1}^{13}{ }^{\frac{1}{8}} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 12.15 \\
\hline 6 & 7 & \(387 / 8 \times 26\) in. & \(19^{76} \times 26\) in. & \(647 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 \%\) in. & \(\frac{13}{\frac{1}{8} \text { in. }}\) & \(5 / \mathrm{in}\). & 12.35 \\
\hline 7 & Special & \(41 \times 27\) in. & 201/2 \(\times 27\) in. & 68 in. & 11/8in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \({ }_{1}^{13} 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & 12.90 \\
\hline 8 & *8 & \(42 \times 28 \mathrm{in}\). & \(21 \times 28\) in. & 70 in. & \(1_{18}^{83} \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(1{ }_{18}^{3}\) in. & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(\frac{1}{1} \frac{3}{8}\) in. & \(5 \% \mathrm{in}\). & 13.30 \\
\hline 9 & 8 & \(435 / 8 \times 281 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(21{ }^{13} 8 \times 281 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(717 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 58 in . & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & 58 in . & \({ }^{\frac{1}{6} 5 \mathrm{in}}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 13.70 \\
\hline 10 & *9 & \(47 \times 301 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(231 / 2 \times 301 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(771 / 2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 11/4in. & \(5 / 8\) in. & \(\frac{15}{\frac{5}{6} \mathrm{in} \text {. }}\) & 5 in. & 14.80 \\
\hline 11 & 9 & \(483 / 8 \times 301 / 4\) in. & \(24^{3} \mathrm{~B} \times 301 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \[
785 / 8 \mathrm{in} .
\] & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(5 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & & \({ }^{\frac{5}{6} \mathrm{in} \text { in. }}\) & & 15.00 \\
\hline 12 & PAPER 24×86 & \(40 \times 261 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(20 \times 261 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(661 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(13 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \(11 / 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & \({ }_{\frac{1}{1} 818}^{18} \mathrm{in}\). & 5/8in. & 12.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

To Estimate Price of Pair of Folios, sizes not listed
Add length and breadth of pair over all in inches and multiply this by 19 cents per inch. In figuring extra-stock charges, consider each chase separately; charges will be same as for Poster chases. Minimum price of pair folios \(\$ 9.00\). See Poster list for figuring measurements ending in fractions.
*These sizes carried in stock and will be furnished unless otherwise specified.

\section*{SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED HEADING CHASES}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{size} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{SIZE OF CHASE OUTSIDE WITH BAR} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
SIZE OF \\
Chase \\
INSIDE
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{measureMENT LENGTHAND BREADTH} & \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{SIZE OF MATERIAL} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
PRICE OF \\
CHASE WITHOUT BAR
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{PRICE OF CHASE WITH BAR} \\
\hline & & & & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{WIDTH OF BARS} & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { THICK- } \\
& \text { NESS } \\
& \text { OF BARS }
\end{aligned}
\]} & & \\
\hline NUMBER & & & & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{SIDE BARS} & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{END SARS} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{CROSS RARS} & & & \\
\hline & & & & WITH SAR & Without bar & WITM bar & WITMOUT BAR & & & & \\
\hline 1 & \(8 \times 19\) in. & \(6 \times 17 \mathrm{in}\) & & 1 in. & \(11^{1} 8 \mathrm{in}\). & 1 in. & \(1{ }^{1} \frac{1}{8}\) in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & \$4.50 & \$6.50 \\
\hline 2 & \(10 \times 23\) in. & \(8 \times 21 \mathrm{in}\). & 33 in. & 1 in. & \(1{ }_{16}^{18}\) in. & 1 in. & \(1{ }^{16}\) in. & 6 picas & 5/8in. & 4.50 & 6.50 \\
\hline 3 & 101/8x301/8 in. & \(8 \times 28\) in. & \(401 / 4 \mathrm{in}\). & \(11^{2} 6\) in. & 11/8 in. & \(1_{1}^{1 / 6}\) in. & 11/8 in. & 6 picas & 5/8 in. & 4.50 & 6.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

To Estimate Price of Heading Chase, sizes not listed, same as Poster Chase
Minimum price of Heading chase without bar, \(\$ 4.50\). For bar and pair of dovetails add \(\$ 2.00\). Unless otherwise ordered, cross bar Heading chases will be furnished. Figure extra stock same as in Poster chases. See Poster list for figuring measurements ending in fractions.

\section*{SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED ELECTROTYPE CHASES}


\section*{SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED CHASES FOR JOB PRESSES}



JOB CHASE WITH BAR AND JOB CHASE WITH ROLLER BEARERS


Job Chase with Bar


SILVER-GLOSS STEEL ELECTRIC-WELDED STEREOTYPE CHASES


\section*{The Best Made}

These Stereotype chases are made in the most accurate manner, exactly type high, perfectly square and true. The side lock-up screw is attached to the side stick with a collar in such a manner so as to enable the operator to lock up and unlock the form with the wrench, moving the side stick backward and forward instantly, thus saving much time and avoiding the use of shooting stick and mallet, and consequent injury to the side sticls.
6-column . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 36.00\)
7-column . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
8-column 40.00

9 -column 42.00

Blank column . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.50
Lock-up Wrenches for Stereotype chases 2.00

\section*{CAST IRON SPIDER CHASES}

\section*{For Job Presses}

These chases are invaluable for locking up small forms; they require but little furniture and forms do not spring as in the case when locked up in a large chase. In ordering give outside measure.


For \(8 \times 12\) press, inside chase \(5 \times 7\) inches



" \(13 \times 19\) ، 6 ، \(8 \times 12\) ، 6 ........................................ 3.00



\section*{CAST-IRON CHASES, FINISHED INSIDE}


\section*{CHASES FOR C. \& P. GORDON PRESSES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 812E & cast iron & cast iron screw & cast stegl & steel screw & & Stre & cast mon & cast iron schew & cast steel & bteel screw \\
\hline \(7 \times 11\). & . \$1.00 & \$1.50 & \$2.70 & \$4.00 & 12 & \(x 18\). & . \$2.00 & \$3.00 & \$5.25 & \$8.00 \\
\hline \(8 \times 12\). & 1.25 & 1.90 & 3.00 & 4.50 & & x 20. & . 2.50 & 3.75 & 5.75 & 8.50 \\
\hline \(10 \times 15\). & 1.50 & 2.25 & 4.50 & 6.75 & 141/2 & ¢ x 22. & 3.00 & 4.50 & 6.00 & 9.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CAST-IRON CHASES FOR PEERLESS PRESSES}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(8 \times 12\) & \$1.25 & \(11 \times 17\) & \$2.00 \\
\hline \(9 \times 13\) & 1.50 & \(14 \times 20\) & 2.50 \\
\hline \(10 \times 15\) & 1.50 & \(141 / 2 \times 22\) & 3.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

CHASES FOR GALLY AND OTHER UNIVERSAL PRESSES


\section*{IRON SIDE AND FOOT STICKS}

 In ordering be careful to state whether straight or beveled side and foot sticks are wanted.


\section*{FORM TRUCKS}

The use of a Form Truck should be insisted on in every press-room of any size, not only because it is a time-saver, but because sliding chases along the floor is a source of frequent accidents.
Form Truck, with iron tire.
Form Truck, with rubber tire
COMPOSING RULES


Set of Composing Rules in Leather Case


Set of Composing Rules in Plush Lined Oak Box
Set of Composing Rules in a Plush Lined Oak Box ..... \(\$ 3.50\)
Set of Composing Rules in a Leather Case. ..... 1.50
Steel, 15 ems and under, each
15
.15
Steel, make-up, 15 ems and under, each

Each additional 5 ems or fraction, 5 cents


\section*{CIRCULAR QUADS}

Per font of 8 sets


THE BUCKEYE AND GROVER STICKS

 .. 1.20 12-inch


14-inch
\(\$ 1.60\)
16-inch 1.80

20-inch . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
24-inch
2.60

ROUSE JOB STICKS


The Rouse Job Stick is scientific in design and faultless in construction. Easiest to set to picas or nonpareils. Measures are practically perfect. Undoubtedly the best Job Stick made. Every stick warranted.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2 INCH & \(21-4 \mathrm{inch}\) & 21.21 NCH \\
\hline 12-inch & \$2.50 & \$2.60 & \$2.70 \\
\hline 15-inch & 3.00 & & ..... \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ELM CITY SINGLE MEASURE NEWS STICK


Price, japanned . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1.00\)
Price, nickled 1.25

PERFECT NEWS STICK NO. 2


No. 2, steel riveted, 13 or \(131 / 2\) ems pica

\section*{STAR COMPOSING STICKS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 8 INCH & 8 Inch & 10 INCH & 12 INCH & 15 INCH & 18 INCH \\
\hline 2 inch.........Steel, Nickel-plated & \$2.00 & \$2.25 & \$2.75 & \$3.25 & \$3.75 & \$4.25 \\
\hline \(21 / 4\) 6 .......... 6 , 6 & 2.25 & 2.50 & 3.00 & 3.50 & 4.00 & 4.50 \\
\hline 2 inch.......... Brass & 2.50 & 2.75 & 3.25 & 3.75 & & \\
\hline 21/4 " .......... " & 2.75 & 3.00 & 3.50 & 4.00 & & \\
\hline BARNHART BROS. \& SPINDLER'S & 908 & & SUP & R COP & R-MIX & TYPE \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{WOOD POSTER STICK}

\section*{THE HAMILTON MFG. CO.}

With brass-lined ends, iron knee, and screw clamp. Width, inside, two and one half inches. Made of the bestcseasoned cherry, and fitted with japanned clamp, polished knurl-headed screw and japanned knee.


\(\Gamma\)

\section*{METAL AND BRASS CORNER QUADS}

The use of Corner Quads insures a better junction of mitered corners by preventing them from slipping past each other. They are made in both brass and metal, and, sold at following prices:
Brass Corner Quads, made on both 2 point and 3 point body, in sets of four, per set.... \(\$ 0.20\) Metal Corner Quads, made on 3 point, 6 point and 12 point body, in sets of four, per set .15

\section*{DURANT COUNTING MACHINES}


Are especially adapted for use on printing presses. They are made entirely of iron, steel and brass. The dials have large black figures that are easy to read at a distance. They can easily be re-set to 0 , or any number required. A bracket is furnished with each machine for convenience in securing it to the feed-board of a press. They are nicely finished, the cover, lever, dials, springs, etc., being nickle-plated.-Circular


\section*{HART COUNTING MACHINES}

It saves valuable time and paper. Counts to 100,000 and repeats automatically. Is accurate and durable. Made in a thorough manner and guaranteed every way reliable.-Circular. Hart Counter, counts 100,000 .


\section*{COUNTERS FOR JOB PRESSES}


A good, reliable Counter for the job press at a reasonable price Every part is first-class and nickle-plated. Gears and dogs are stamped from steel and case-hardened, making them very durable.-Circular.


\section*{THE REDINGTON COUNTING MACHINE}

The Redington Counting Machine has all the necessary qualifications for accurate and rapid counting, is durable, neat in appearance, convenient in size and low in price. All parts are made from sheet steel formed by dies and are, therefore, interchangeable. Simplicity in design, heavy material and large wearing surfaces insure ease of operation and long life for the counter. All working parts are enclosed and protected, yet easily accessible as the case opens both front and back, exposing all mechanism for oiling or inspection. The counter can be set back to zero without the use of a key or other device. It can be run at any speed without jumping or loosing count. Redington Counting Machine, size \(3 \frac{1}{4} \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \frac{1}{8}\) inches \(\qquad\) . \(\$ 5.00\)


COPY HOLDERS
Rouse, for composing stick

\section*{PATENT CUTTING STICK}


The Patent Stick consists of a main body-piece (A), made to fit the groove of your paper cutter. The body-piece has a groove or recess in it, which holds a small strip (B), \(\frac{1}{86}_{6}\) of an inch square. This movable strip is the cutting-surface, and is held in place by a steel clamp (C), which is drawn up by the bolts (D). The Cutting Strips, being square, can be used on four sides, thus giving the same amount of service as the large sized sticks heretofore used.

A is the Body-Piece made to fit groove in cutter. B is the Cutting Strip on which knife strikes; is \(\mathrm{r}_{\mathrm{s}}\) inch square, and always fits. C is Steel Clamp which holds the Cutting Strip and prevents warping. D is the Screw which grips the clamp to the body piece.

How to Order. 1. Give size square the main body-piece is to be. Be particular on this point, and see that groove in cutter is accurately measured. 2. Give length of stick. 3. State how far from front edge of stick the knife strikes. 4. State whether knife cuts from right to left or left to right. In ordering cutting-strips, give the exact length required. All strips are cut to a standard uniform gauge, and are sure fit.

\section*{Net Price List}

Main Body-piece, under 38 inches long
Strips, under 38 inches long, per dozen ..... 25
Main Body-piece, 38 to 54 inches long .....  00
Strips, per dozen ..... 40
Main Body-piece, 55 to 70 inches long ..... 7.00
Strips, per dozen ..... 50
Main Body-piece, 71 to 84 inches long
60
Strips, per dozen

\section*{CUTTING STICKS}

Cutting Sticks are made of selected Rock Maple, thoroughly dry, and guaranteed to be true and accurate in every respect. They have a smooth velvety finish.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline nch square, per dozen. & 26 inch, \$0.40 & 30 inch, \$0.50 & 34 inch, \$0.55 \\
\hline \({ }^{3}\) inch square, per dozen. & 26 inch, .70 & 30 inch, . 85 & 34 inch, .95 \\
\hline 1 inch square, per dozen. & 26 inch, 1.00 & 30 inch, 1.15 & 34 inch, 1.30 \\
\hline 11 1 inch square, per dozen. & 26 inch, 1.10 & 30 inch, 1.30 & 34 inch, 1.45 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{1}\) inch square, per dozen & 26 inch, 1.25 & 30 inch, 1.45 & 34 inch, 1.65 \\
\hline \(1{ }^{\text {d }}\) inch square, per dozen & 26 inch, 1.40 & 30 inch, 1.60 & 34 inch, 1.80 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{4}\) inch round, per dozen. & 26 inch, 2.10 & 30 inch, 2.40 & 34 inch, 2.70 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{1}\) inch octagon, per dozen & 26 inch, 1.55 & 30 inch, 1.80 & 34 inch, 2.05 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{CHICAGO DRYING RACK}

A more economical addition can not be made to a modernly equipped printing office than a suitable outfit for the proper drying of the printed sheets. An enormous waste of good material is constantly going on throughout the printing field, and there are large quantities of smutted work being delivered to dissatisfied customers, most of which could be avoided by the installation and proper handling of a drying outfit.

These Drying Racks are substantially constructed of selected hardwood, and the framework is finished in the best Cabinet style. They have wide bases, which prevent the frames from toppling over under heavy loads. The Racks are supplied complete with Dryers, and the Dryers are also sold separately in dozen lots.

\section*{List Prices of Chicago Drying Racks}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{NAME OF DRYING RACK} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{SHELVES IN EACH RACK} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{PRICE COMPLETE} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{COMPLETE WEIGHT POUNDS} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{PRICE OF RACKS ONLY} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{PRICE PER DOZEN SHELVES ONLY} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{WEIGHT PER DOZEN POUNDS} \\
\hline & NUMBER SHELVES & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { SIZE } \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & & & & & \\
\hline Chicago No. 5 & 12 & \(24 \times 24\) & \$20.25 & 200 & \$12.50 & \$7.75 & 95 \\
\hline Chicago No. 6 & 10 & \(24 \times 36\) & 22.00 & 225 & 14.00 & 9.60 & 125 \\
\hline Chicago No. 7 & 10 & \(30 \times 48\) & 32.50 & 250 & 21.00 & 13.50 & 185 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{KOERNER'S PATENT INTERLOCKING DRYING RACK}

With these. Racks sheets are taken direct from the fly and may be stacked ceiling high, in a perfectly straight and rigid pile, which cannot be knocked over by accident, and with no more weight on the bottom than on the top sheets. This pile is a most effective drying room, occupying only the floor space of one Rack, and from the time the sheets are fed into the machine until ready for the bindery they need not be handled.

The Interlocking device, which makes the pile straight and rigid, is shown in the illustration. Each Rack is firmly locked on its neighbor, but each slides with ease on the Rack immediately below it. They


Interlocking Racks. stacked with Paper, straight and rigid. save handling, all the time of that operation, and the consequent waste of paper through offset, smearing fingermarks and tearing. In many cases these Racks save expensive slip-sheeting. They save 75 per cent of floor space over any other method of drying sheets, from one to two per cent of paper, and a vast amount of time. A further saving of time may be effected by placing the Racks as they come from the fly board on a Wisconsin Printers' Truck, made specially to take these Racks, (see Printers' Trucks.) Using this Truck saves handling the Racks-you can move a pile of Racks to any point quicker, safer, and easier on the Truck than the single armful can be moved by hand. The Patent Interlocking Drying Racks are made with hardwood sides, wide softwood slats, and are very strongly put together.

Price List, Weights and Dimensions
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SIZE INSIDE & WEIGHT EACH & Price Each & SIzE INSIDE & WEIGHT EACH & Price each \\
\hline \(8 \frac{3}{4} \times 13\) inches. & \(1 \frac{1}{3}\) pounds & \$0.20 & \(24 \times 36\) inches. & 8 pounds & \$0.55 \\
\hline \(11 \times 17\) inches. & 3 pounds & . 25 & \(32 \times 48\) inches. & 12 pounds & . 85 \\
\hline \(13 \times 19\) inches. & \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) pounds & . 30 & \(38 \times 52\) inches & 15 pounds & 1.20 \\
\hline \(15 \times 21\) inches. & 4 pounds & . 35 & \(43 \times 63\) inches & 19 pounds & 1.55 \\
\hline \(18 \times 25\) inches. & 5 pounds & . 45 & \(45 \times 65\) inches. & 20 pounds & 1.60 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The side rails on Koerner's Racks are \(1 \frac{1}{4}\) inches wide. The slats which support the sheets are \({ }_{8}\) of an inch thick When stacked, each Rack adds 19 inches to the height. Unless otherwise ordered, the side rails are always made to run the longest dimension.

The prices given above are for Racks with a clearance of \(1{ }_{10}^{3}\) inches between, when Racks are stacked. For a clearance of \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches add 25 per cent to above prices, and for a clearance of 3 inches add 35 per cent to theabove prices

\section*{NEW YORK DRYING RACK}

A suitable Drying Rack is a necessity in every economically managed printing office. It will improve the quality of the product, and facilitates the handling of the printed sheets.

The New York Dryers are removable and can be transferred to the press in order to take the sheets direct from the fly. Thus undue handling, which means an excess of spoilage, is avoided. The use of these Dryers prevents undue stacking of the freshly printed sheets, and also expensive slip sheeting is reduced to a minimum. The rightful use of a good set of Dryers will prevent much of the smutting commonly experienced.



\section*{EMBOSSING COMPOUND}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline B. B. \& S. & . \(\$ 0.50\) & Michener's & \$1.00 \\
\hline Burbank's & . 75 & Peters' & . 75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ELECTRIC MOTORS}

We can supply Electric Motors on short notice. Full information, prices, terms, etc., on application.

\section*{ELECTROTYPING}

We carry a very complete line of stock cuts, and on short notice can furnish duplicates of any cuts shown in our electrotype catalogue.

We make a specialty of reproductions of half-tone engravings, the printing from our electros being practically as good as from the original.

\section*{ENGINES}

We can supply gas or gasoline engines on short notice and at manufacturers' prices. Full information, prices, terms, etc., on application.

ENGRAVERS' TOOLS


\section*{ENGRAVERS' W00D}

Boxwood-In four grades, blocks made any size desired. Stock is usually made about \(12 \times 12\) inches, 2 -cent, 3 -cent, 4 -cent, and 5 -cent, per square inch, according to quality. Boxwood blocks weigh approximately \(4 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) pounds per square foot.
American Boxwood, per square inch, blocks made any size desired.......................................... \(\mathbf{5 0 . 0 2}\)
Maple Blocks, per square inch, blocks made any size desired.
.01
An additional charge of 25 per cent. is made for furnishing Maple blocks dressed on both sides.


\section*{EYE SHADES}

Eye shades, each
Eye shades, per dozen........................................................ . . . 1.50

\section*{TRIUMPH EYELET PUNCH AND SET}

An indispensable tool in the printing office. Punches the hole and sets the eyelet. Takes only one size eyelet (No. 2 Skirt).
Price, complete..................................................................................................... \(\$ 2.00\)
Eyelets, per box of 1,000 .50


\section*{SECTIONAL CHASE AND FORM RACK}


The Sectional Chase and Form Rack is a new article for press room and composing room requirements, and provides a suitable holder for chases and locked forms at a very moderate price. In the press room the Sectional Chase and Form Rack can be put in position convenient to presses and forms when received from the composing room, ready for the press can be temporarily placed in this rack until required for printing. In the composing room the use of the Sectional Chase and Form Rack will clear up the office, allow more stone room and minimize the danger of pied forms. The Sectional


Section "A"


Section "B"
Chase and Form Rack is made in two sections and sold in sets consisting of two sections "A" and one section "B." One each of sections "A" and "B" is screwed to the floor and one section " \(A\) " to the wall. A set arranged thus accomodates six chases or forms. If provision for more chases or forms is required other sets can be added, as the sections are designed to work in multiples. Made of cast iron, strongly re-inforced to withstand any amount of hard usage. The Sectional Chase and Form Rack represents the newest device for economically placing chases and forms.
Set, consisting of two of Section "A" and one of Section "B " ..... \(\$ 3.75\)
Single Section "A," each ..... 1.25
Single Section "B," each ..... 2.50
HAMILTON FORM TRUCK

A most convenient article to have around a printing office. It can be used to advantage trucking forms back and forth between the composing room and the press room, without danger of accident. It will take two forms, one on each side, up to \(34 \times 48\) inches, or several small forms, without overlapping the edge of form beds. It is made of hardwood throughout, re-inforced by cleats underneath, and mounted on four double-wheeled swivel castors. Diameter of wheels is \(3 \frac{5}{8}\) inches. This insures easy motion. The Truck can be turned around and reversed within the floor space it occupies. The bottoms of the grooves where the chases rest on the Truck are lined with iron. Length, 48 inches; extreme height from the floor, \(39 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; extreme width,
 42 inches; size of the sloping form beds, 34 inches high, 48 inches long. Weight, crated, ready for shipment, 300 pounds. Other sizes of this truck can be made to order at proportionate prices.

\section*{FEED FOLDERS}


\section*{FOLDING MACHINES}

We are manufacturers' agents for all the leading makes of folders, and are prepared to make quotations on any style desired. Descriptive circulars, prices, terms, etc., on application.

\section*{F00T SLUGS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Brass, 12 point, cut to newspaper measure, each & \begin{tabular}{l}
single col. \\
\$0.15
\end{tabular} & uble col. \(\$ 0.25\) \\
\hline Brass, 18 point, cut to newspaper measure, each & 20 & . 30 \\
\hline Brass, 24 point, cut to newspaper measure, each & 25 & . 35 \\
\hline Metal, 12 point, cut to newspaper measure, each & . 04 & . 06 \\
\hline Metal, 18 point, cut to newspaper measure, each & . 05 & . 07 \\
\hline Metal, 24 point, cut to newspaper measure, & . 06 & . 08 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{PATENT STEEL FURNITURE}


Style No. 1-24-point steel with one 12 -point notch


Style No. 2-36-point steel with two 12 -point notches


Style No. 3-36-point steel with one 18 -point notch


Style No. 4-48-point steel with three [2-point notches


Style No. 5-54-point steel with two 18 -point notches

Patent Steel Furniture is a well tried and useful device for saving time in making up and locking up printing forms. It consists of pieces of steel in accurate lengths with notched ends, which can be quickly thrown around blank spaces, instead of filling them in the ordinary way with wood or metal furniture. As it takes less material to go around a space than to fill it, so it takes less time to do it. The larger the space the greater the saving both time and material. It pays for itself over and over again in the time and trouble it saves and the accuracy it secures over the ordinary material.

For color and blank work there is nothing in use that can compare with it. Weight for weight it goes six times as far in filling space as metal furniture, and can be used in from one-half to one-sixth the time. It is accurate in every way, to the one-thousandth of an inch. It is not only practically perfect when new, but being made of steel it is always accurate. It is made of 24,36 and 54 point steel \(5 / 8\) of an inch high, and with either 12 or 18 point notches.
Font A-The lengths from 8 to 42 are of 24 point steel, with 12 point notch, namely: \(8,10,12,14,16,18\),
\(20,22,24,26,28,30,32,34,36,38,40\) and 42 picas. The lengths from 45 to 72 are of 36 point
steel, with two 12 point notches, namely, \(45,48,51,54,57,60,63,66,69\), and 72 picas. Total-
28 different lengths, eight pieces of each, 224 in all.

> Font C-Is the 24 point stock only of Font A, 8 pieces each, 8 to 42 ems, 144 pieces in all................ 29.00
> Font D-Has half the quantity of Font C. \(\boldsymbol{\pi}\) pieces in all..................................................... 14.50
> Font E-Is the 36 point stock of Font A, 8 pieces each, 45 to 72 ems , 80 pieces in all..................... 25.00
> Font F-Has half the quantity of Font E. 40 pieces in all..................................................... 12.50
> Font G-Is made entirely of 36 point steel, with one 18 point notch, as per Style Number Three, and runs in length from 9 to 72 picas, varying by 3 picas, namely: \(9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36\), \(39,42,45,48,51,54,57,60,63,66,69,72\) picas. Total- 22 lengths, 8 pieces each, 176 in all.
> Font H-Has half the quantity of Font \(G, 88\) pieces in all.................................................. being 15, 18, 21 and 24 picas, there being four outside pieces and two cross bars for each length, or 24 pieces in all. The outside pieces are notched to receive the cross bars, which are halved together.
> Font J-The lengths from 6 to 30 are of 24 point steel, with 12 point notch, namely: 6, \(8,10,12,14,16\), 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 picas. From 33 to 60 it is 36 point steel, with two 12 point notches, namely: \(33,36,39,42,45,48,51,54,57\) and 60 picas. From 63 to 72 it is 48 point steel, with three 12 point notches, namely: \(63,66,69\) and 72 picas. Total- 27 different lengths, 8 pieces of each, 216 in all

\section*{IMPROVED METAL FURNITURE}

Our Labor-Saving Improved Metal Furniture is light, strong and accurate. It has no unnecessary metal. Put up in fonts containing the following sizes: \(2,3,4,5,6,8\), and 10 ems pica in width, and 4,5 , \(6,8,10,15,20\) and 25 ems pica in length, finished to point system. The 50 and 100 pound fonts contain in addition to the above, 30 and 50 em pica lengths in 2 , 3,4 and 5 em pica widths. We also furnish pieces 30 , 40 and 50 ems pica long, in 2 to 10 em widths, on special order.

12 lb . font ..... \(\$ 3.00\)
24 lb . font ..... 6.00
50 lb . font ..... 12.50
100 lb . font ..... 25.00
Sorts, per pound ..... 25

\section*{RAILROAD FURNITURE}


Railroad Furniture is made 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 10 ems pica wide by 17 inches long. Any length cut to order.at 25 cents per pound.
12 lb. font........................................................... . . 3.00
24 lb . font...................................................... . . . 6.00
50 lb. font...................................................... 12.50
100 lb . font........... ......................................... . . . 25.00
Sorts per pound . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25

\section*{QUOTATION FURNITURE}

Put up in fonts containing the following sizes: 2,3 and 4 ems pica in width, and \(4,8,12,16\) and 20 ems pica in length. Upon special order we furnish lengths from 20 to 80 ems pica, graduated by 4 ems pica.


QUOTATIONS QUADS
Cast on Regular Type Casting Machines


\footnotetext{
\(1 \frac{1}{2} \times 2\) ems pica. orders of less than 6 pounds, per pound
\(1 \frac{1}{x} 4 \mathrm{ems}\) pica orders of 6 pounds and over and less than 50 pounds, per pound.
\(2 \times 2 \mathrm{ems}\) pica........\} orders of 50 pounds and over and less than 100 pounds, per pound .36
\(2 \times 3 \mathrm{ems}\) pica........ \(\int_{\text {orders of } 100 \text { pounds and over, per pound }}\) 34
\(2 \times 4,2 \times 5,2 \times 6,2 \frac{1}{2} \times 5,3 \times 3,3 \times 4,3 \times 4 \frac{1}{2}, 3 \times 5,3 \times 5 \frac{1}{3}, 3 \times 6\) and \(4 \times 4 \mathrm{ems}\) pica, per pound, any quantity .25
}

\section*{SUPERIOR CAST-IRON FURNITURE}


Not only is cast iron furniture a big improvement over the old metal furniture every body knows, but the Barnhart cast iron furniture in its "hump" possesses an improvement over all other iron furnitures. This "hump" is practically a handle cast as part of each piece \(3 \times 10 \mathrm{ems}\) and larger, and easily grasped by the thumb and finger. It adds to the readiness and convenience with which the furniture can be used. It makes unnecessary the jamming of a knife-blade or bodkin between pieces, and its further use as a pry to raise a piece so it can be seized by the fingers. Not only is the lifted
 piece more or less damaged, but the adjacent piece which serves as a fulcrum. The "hump" saves all this and time besides. The Barnhart cast iron furniture is: First-Guaranteed to be point system both ways, with point system exactness, Second-The "hump" or projection facilitates handling, saves the furniture itself, saves time. Third-It is forty per cent lighter than regular furniture, and many times stronger. Fourth-As cast iron is
 harder and more durable than type metal, it will hold its accuracy longer. With ordinary care in handling it will last indefinitely. Fifth-It is not as easily dented nor as readily affected by heat as lead metal furniture. Sixth-It makes forms lighter. Seventh-It is along the line of the modern movement that is giving us iron imposing surfaces, iron stero. tables, iron composing stands, etc. Eight-The hump entails no extra cost.

\section*{Sizes and Prices of Fonts}

All two em furniture is made from specially drawn bright steel.
Font A, 12 pieces each 3,4 and \(5 \times 5,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,3,4,5,6,8\),
\(\quad\) and \(10 \times 15,3\) and \(4 \times 20 ; 8\) each of \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25.392\) pieces \(\ldots \ldots \ldots .83 .00\)
Font B, 12 pieces each \(2 \times 4,2,3,4\), and \(5 \times 5,2,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,2,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20,2 \times 25 ; 8\) each, \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 488 pieces
37.00

Font D, 16 pieces \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 336 pieces 36.00
Font E, 36 pieces each 2, 3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 x 5,2,3\) and \(4 x 6 ; 28\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \mathrm{x} 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12 ; 16\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 16,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20\). 588 pieces
31.00

Font F, 28 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6 ; 2,3\) and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12,2,3\) and \(4 \times 16\), 2,3 and 4x20. 588 pieces
32.00

Font G. 6 pieces each 3,4 and \(5 \times 5,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,3\) and \(4 \times 20 ; 4\) pieces each of \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25.196\) pieces
Font \(H, 6\) pieces each \(2 \times 4,2,3,4\) and \(5 \times 5,2,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,2,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,2,3,4\), \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20,2 \times 25 ; 4\) pieces each of \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 244 pieces
18.50

Font \(I, 8\) pieces each \(3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 144 pieces \(\ldots .\).
Font J, 8 pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 168 pieces 18.00
Font K, 18 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6 ; 14\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12\);
8 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 16,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20\). 294 pieces
Font L, 14 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6,2,3\) and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12,2,3\) and \(4 \times 16,2,3\)and \(4 \times 20.294\) pieces
Font-M, 3 pieces each 3,4 and \(5 \times 5,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8 ; 3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,3,4,5,6,8\)and \(10 \times 15,3\) and \(4 \times 20 ; 2\) pieces each \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 98 piecesFont N, 3 pieces each \(2 \times 4,2,3,4\) and \(5 \times 5,2,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,2,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10\)\(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20,2 \times 25 ; 2\) pieces each \(5,6,8\), and \(10 \times 20,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\).122 pieces
Font \(O, 4\) pieces each \(3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20.3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 72 pieces .9.25
Font \(\mathrm{P}, 4\) pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 84 pieces ..... 9.00Font Q,9 pieces each, 2, 3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6 ; 7\) piecès each 2,3 and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and\(4 \times 12 ; 4\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 16,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20\). 147 pieces
7.75
Font R, 7 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6 ; 2,3\) and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12,2,3\) and \(4 \times 16\) 2,3 and \(4 \times 20.147\) pieces ..... 8.00
Font A 1, 32 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4 ; 24\) pieces each \(2,3,4\) and \(5 \times 5,2,3,4,5\), and \(6 \times 6,2,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15 ;{ }^{\prime} 16\) pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4\), \(5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 1016 pieces ..... 74.00
Font A 2, Same sizes but one half the quantity of Font A 1. 508 pieces ..... 37.00
Font A 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font A 1. 254 pieces ..... 18.50
Font A 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font A 1. 127 pieces ..... 9.25
Font B 1, Same assortment as Font A 1 with all pieces two ems wide omitted. 832 pieces ..... 64.00
Font B 2, Same sizes but half the quantity of Font B 1. 416 pieces ..... 32.00
Font B 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font B 1. 208 pieces ..... 16.00
Font B 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font B 1. 104 pieces ..... 8.00
Font C 1,84 pieces each 2,3 , and \(4 \times 4 ; 72\) pieces each \(2,3,4\) and \(5 \times 5 ; 60\) pieces each \(2,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6 ; 48\) pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6\) and \(8 \times 8\); 36 pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 10\). 1380 pieces ..... 68.00
Font C 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font C 1. 690 pieces ..... 34.00
Font C 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font C 1. 345 pieces ..... 17.00
Font C 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font C 1. 172 pieces ..... 8.50
Font D 1, 32 pieces each 2,3 , and \(4 \times 4 ; 24\) pieces each \(2,3,4\) and \(5 \times 5,2,3,4,5\) and \(6 \times 6,2,3,4,5,6\), and \(8 \times 8,2,3,4,5.6,8\) and \(10 \times 12,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 16 ; 16\) pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3\), \(4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 24\). 1016 pieces ..... 76.00
Font D 2 , Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font D 1. 508 pieces ..... 38.00
Font D 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of font D 1. 254 pieces ..... 19.00
Font D 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font D 1. 127 pieces ..... 9.50
Font E 1,72 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 4,2,3\) and \(4 \times 5,2,3\) and \(4 \times 6 ; 56\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 8,2,3\) and \(4 \times 12 ; 32\) pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 16 ; 2,3\) and \(4 \times 20,2,3\) and \(4 \times 24\). 1272 pieces ..... 72.00
Font E 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font E 1. 636 pieces ..... 36.00
Font E 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font E 1. 318 pieces ..... 18.00
Font E 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font E1. 159 pieces ..... 9.00
Font F 1,32 pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\). 672 pieces ..... 74.00
Font' F 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font F 1. 336 pieces ..... 37.00
Font F 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font F 1. 168 pieces ..... 18.50
Font F 4, Same sizes but one-eighth the quantity of Font F 1. 84 pieces ..... 9.25
Font G 1, Same assortment as Font F 1 with all pieces 2 ems wide omitted. 576 pieces ..... 64.00
Font G 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font G 1. 288 pieces ..... 32.00
Font G 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font G 1. 144 pieces ..... 16.00
Font H 1,16 pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 30,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 40,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 50,2,3\), \(4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 60.448\) pieces ..... 111.00
Font H 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font H 1. 224 pieces ..... 55.50
Font H 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font H 1. 112 pieces ..... 27.75
Font I 1,16 pieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 15,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 20,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 25\); eightpieces each \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 30,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 40,2,3,4,5,6,8\) and \(10 \times 50,2,3,4,5,6,8\)and \(10 \times 60\). 560 pieces95.00
Font I 2, Same sizes but one-half the quantity of Font I 1. 280 pieces ..... 47.50
Font I 3, Same sizes but one-fourth the quantity of Font I. 140 pieces ..... 23.75
Font J 1, 18 pieces each of 2,3 and \(4 \times 10,2,3\) and \(4 \times 15,2,3\) and \(4 \times 20,2,3\) and \(4 \times 25,2,3\) and \(4 \times 30,2,3\)and \(4 \times 40,2,3\) and \(4 \times 50,2,3\) and \(4 \times 60 ; 15\) pieces each 5 and \(6 \times 10,5\) and \(6 \times 15,5\) and \(6 \times 20,5\) and\(6 \times 25,5\) and \(6 \times 30,5\) and \(6 \times 40,5\) and \(6 \times 50,5\) and \(6 \times 60 ; 9\) pieces each 8 and \(10 \times 10,8\) and \(10 \times 15,8\) and\(10 \times 20,8\) and \(10 \times 25,8\) and \(10 \times 30,8\) and \(10 \times 40,8\) and \(10 \times 50,8\) and \(10 \times 60\). 816 pieces15 pieces each, 5 and \(6 \times 10,5\) and \(6 \times 15,5\) and \(6 \times 20,5\) and \(6 \times 25,5\) and \(6 \times 30 ; 9\) pieces each 8 and\(10 \times 10,8\) and \(10 \times 15,8\) and \(10 \times 20,8\) and \(10 \times 25,8\) and \(10 \times 30\). 510 pieces
Font L 1, Same as Font J 1 with the following pieces additional, 18 pieces each 2,3 and \(4 \times 70 ; 15\)pieces each 5 and \(6 \times 70 ; 9\) pieces each, 8 and \(10 \times 70\). 918 pieces

\section*{SUPERIOR CAST-IRON FURNITURE SORT PRICES}

Price per 100 pieces (Smaller Quantities st Same Rate.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Stze & PRICE & size & PRICE & sIzE & PRICE & Stze & PRICE & SIZE & PRICE \\
\hline \(2 \times 4\) & 83.00 & \(3 \times 15\) & \$ 7.00 & \(4 \times 30\) & . 817.00 & \(6 \times 6\) & \$ 5.50 & \(8 \times 25\) & \$14.75 \\
\hline \(2 \times 5\) & 3.50 & \(3 \times 16\) & 8.00 & \(4 \times 35\) & 19.50 & \(6 \times 8\) & 6.00 & \(8 \times 30\) & 19.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 6\) & 4.00 & \(3 \times 20\) & 10.00 & \(4 \times 40\) & 22.00 & \(6 \times 10\) & 7.00 & \(8 \times 35\) & 21.50 \\
\hline 2 x 8 & \(4 . \% 5\) & \(3 \times 24\) & 12.00 & \(4 \times 40\) & 24.50 & 6x12 & 8.00 & \(8 \times 40\) & 24.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 10\) & 5.00 & \(3 \times 25\) & 12.00 & \(4 \times 50\) & 27.00 & \(6 \times 15\) & 9.00 & \(8 \times 45\) & 26.50 \\
\hline \(2 \times 12\) & 6.00 & \(3 \times 30\) & 16.00 & 4x60 & 32.00 & \(6 \times 16\) & 10.00 & \(8 \times 50\) & 29.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 15\) & 7.00 & \(3 \times 35\) & 19.00 & 4x70 & 37.00 & \(6 \times 20\) & 11.50 & \(8 \times 60\) & 34.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 16\) & 7.00 & \(3 \times 40\) & 21.00 & 5 x 5 & 4.50 & \(6 \times 24\) & 13.75 & \(8 \times 70\) & 39.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 20\) & 9.00 & \(3 \times 45\) & 24.00 & 5 x 6 & 5.00 & \(6 \times 25\) & 13.75 & \(10 \times 10\) & 9.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 24\) & 10.00 & \(3 \times 50\) & 26.50 & 5 x 8 & 6.00 & \(6 \times 27\) & 15.50 & \(10 \times 12\) & 10.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 25\) & 10.00 & \(3 \times 55\) & 29.00 & \(5 \times 10\) & 6.75 & \(6 \times 30\) & 18.00 & \(10 \times 15\) & 11.25 \\
\hline \(2 \times 30\) & 14.00 & \(3 \times 60\) & 31.50 & \(5 \times 10\) & 8.00 & \(6 \times 35\) & 20.50 & \(10 \times 16\) & 12.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 35\) & 16.00 & \(3 \times 70\) & 36.50 & \(5 \times 15\) & 9.00 & \(6 \times 40\) & 23.00 & \(10 \times 20\) & 13.50 \\
\hline 2 x 40 & 18.00 & 4 x 4 & 4.00 & 5x16 & 9.50 & \(6 \times 45\) & 25.50 & \(10 \times 24\) & 15.75 \\
\hline \(2 \times 45\) & 20.50 & \(4 \times 5\) & 4.25 & 5x:0 & 11.00 & \(6 \times 50\) & 28.00 & \(10 \times 25\) & 15.75 \\
\hline 2 x 50 & 23.00 & 4 x 6 & 4.75 & \(5 \times 4\) & 13,50 & \(6 \times 60\) & 33.00 & \(10 \times 30\) & 20.00 \\
\hline 2 x 60 & 28.00 & 4 x 8 & 5.00 & 5x25 & 13.50 & 6x\%0 & 38.00 & \(10 \times 35\) & 22.00 \\
\hline \(2 \times 70\) & 35.00 & \(4 \times 10\) & 6.00 & \(5 \times 30\) & 17.50 & 8 x 8 & 7.00 & 10x40 & 25.00 \\
\hline 3 x 4 & 3.00 & \(4 \times 12\) & 7.00 & \(5 \times 35\) & 20.00 & \(8 \times 10\) & 8.00 & \(10 \times 4\) \% & 27.50 \\
\hline 3 x 5 & 4.00 & \(4 \times 15\) & 8.00 & 5 x 40 & 22.50 & \(8 \times 12\) & 9.00 & \(10 \times 50\) & 30.00 \\
\hline \(3 \times 6\) & 4.25 & \(4 \times 16\) & 9.00 & \(5 \times 45\) & 25.00 & \(8 \times 15\) & 10.00 & \(10 \times 60\) & 35.00 \\
\hline \(3 \times 8\) & 5.00 & 4×20 & 10.75 & \(5 \times 50\) & 27.50 & \(8 \times 16\) & 10.50 & 10x\%0 & 40.00 \\
\hline \(3 \times 10\) & 6.00 & 4 x 24 & 13.00 & \(5 \times 60\) & 32.50 & \(8 \times 20\) & 12.50 & & \\
\hline \(3 \times 12\) & \%.00 & \(4 \times 25\) & 13.00 & \(5 \times 70\) & . 37.50 & \(8 \times 24\) & 14.75 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Prices on Special Sizes not listed above will be quoted on application.

\section*{LABOR-SAVING REGLET CASES}


Labor-Saving Reglet Case No. 4
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{No.} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
NUMBER \\
YARDS
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{NUMBER CUT PIECES} & \multirow{2}{*}{length picas} & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{dimensions of case, inches} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{CASE AND REGLET} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{WEIGHT POUNDS} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{REGLET ONLY} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{WEIGHT POUNDS} \\
\hline & & & & HEIGHT & LENGTH & DEPTH & & & & \\
\hline No. 2... & 560 & 2,400 & 10 to 120 & \(20 \frac{1}{2}\) & 21 & 15 & 18.00 & 120 & 12.00 & 60 \\
\hline No. 3... & 600 & 4,200 & 10 to 51 & \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(35 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) & \(9 \frac{1}{2}\) & 18.00 & 110 & 11.00 & 60 \\
\hline No. 4... & 300 & 2,100 & 10 to 51 & 161 & 203 & 91 & 11.00 & 62 & 5.50 & 30 \\
\hline No. 5... & 1,550 & 6,200 & 10 to 150 & 161 & \(53 \frac{1}{4}\) & 26 & 45.00 & 275 & 30.00 & 150 \\
\hline No. 6 & 775 & 3,100 & 10 to 150 & \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) & 31 & 26 & 27.00 & 175 & 15.00 & 75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{LABOR-SAVING W00D FURNITURE CASES}


No. 12 Standard Furniture Case


No. 17 Mammoth Furniture Case

All furniture which goes into these cases is cut from carefully selected stock, thoroughly seasoned and oil-soaked. It is smoothly finished, accurate and uniform in size.

The feature of Extension Furniture Cases is entirely new and such cases are here listed for the first time. Many printers have found that the lengths which usually go with an ordinary funiture case are not long enough for all requirements. With the Extension Furniture Cases a printer requiring longer lengths can order the companion case to the one he already has and the two will work together. The case with shorter lengths can be set on top of the one with longest lengths. The two cases combined make practically one complete Furniture Case.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & NAME & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PICA } \\
& \text { LENGTHS }
\end{aligned}
\] & No. OF PIECES & HEIGHT INCHES & WIDTH INCHES & DEPTHAT SASE IN. & CASE AND FURNITURE & WEIGHT CRATED & FURNITURE only & WEIGHT BOXED \\
\hline No. 10 & Midget & 10 to 60 & 280 & 31 & 10 & \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & \$ 6.00 & 50 & \$ 2.75 & 25 \\
\hline No. 11 & Midget Extension & 70 to 160 & 245 & 28 & 10 & \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) & 17.00 & 130 & 8.25 & 70 \\
\hline No. 12 & Standard & 10 to 60 & 560 & 31 & \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & 10.00 & 80 & 5.00 & 50 \\
\hline No. 13 & Standard Extensio & 70 to 160 & 490 & 28 & \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) & 23.00 & 190 & 15.50 & 140 \\
\hline No. 14 & Double Standard. & 10 to 60 & 1,176 & \(41{ }^{3}\) & 222 & \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) & 20.00 & 175 & 11.50 & 100 \\
\hline No. 15 & Double Standard Extension & 70 to 160 & 1,029 & \(34 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(22 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) & 45.75 & 375 & 33.75 & 275 \\
\hline No. 16 & Baby Mammoth. & 10 to 160 & 765 & 41 & 18 \({ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) & 29.00 & 240 & 15.00 & 136 \\
\hline No. 17 & Mammoth . & 10 to 170 & 1,530 & 41 & 31 & \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) & 40.00 & 400 & 25.00 & 230 \\
\hline No. 18 & Variety & 12 to 120 & 1,112 & \(24 \frac{1}{2}\) & 30 & 21 & 24.75 & 190 & 13.75 & 100 \\
\hline No. 19 & Caslon. & 12 to 120 & 2,080 & \(39 \frac{3}{4}\) & 30 & 21 & 46.50 & 340 & 26.00 & 200 \\
\hline No. 20 & Jumbo & 12 to 216 & 3,800 & 62 & 31 & 37 & 110.00 & 760 & 73.00 & 500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Order by name and number.

\section*{W00D FURNITURE}

Cut in Labor-Saving Lengths
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PIECES AND WIDTHS & 10 PICAS LONG & 15 PICAS LONG & 20 PICAS LONG & 25 PICAS LONG & 30 PICAS LONG & 40 PICAS LONG & bo picas LONG & 60 PICAS LONG & 70 PICAS LONG & So PICAS LONG & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { OO PICAS } \\
& \text { LONG }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 100 Pieces Nonpareil or Pica. & \$0.15 & \$0.20 & \$0.25 & \$0.30 & \$0.35 & \$0.45 & \$0.55 & \$0.65 & \$0.75 & \$0.85 & \$0.95 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 2 picas wide ... & . 20 & . 30 & . 40 & . 50 & . 60 & . 80 & 1.00 & 1.20 & 1.40 & 1.60 & 1.80 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 3 picas wide & . 23 & . 35 & . 46 & . 58 & . 70 & . 92 & 1.16 & 1.40 & 1.62 & 1.84 & 2.08 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 4 picas wide & . 26 & . 39 & . 52 & . 65 & . 78 & 1.04 & 1.30 & 1.56 & 1.82 & 2.08 & 2.34 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 5 picas wide & . 29 & . 44 & . 58 & . 73 & . 88 & 1.16 & 1.46 & 1.76 & 2.04 & 2.32 & 2.64 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 6 picas wide & . 32 & . 48 & . 64 & . 80 & . 96 & 1.28 & 1.60 & 1.92 & 2.24 & 2.56 & 2.88 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 8 picas wide & . 37 & . 57 & . 74 & . 93 & 1.14 & 1.48 & 1.85 & 2.28 & 2.59 & 2.96 & 3.33 \\
\hline 100 Pieces 10 picas wide & . 43 & . 66 & . 86 & 1.08 & 1.29 & 1.72 & 2.15 & 2.58 & 3.01 & 3.44 & 3.87 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Other lengths and widths of Labor-Saving Furniture can be furnished at proportionate prices.

\section*{REGLET AND W00D FURNITURE \\ In Yard Lengths}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline WIDTHS & \begin{tabular}{l}
WEIGHT \\
100 YARDS \\
POUNDS
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
PRICE \\
PER \\
YARD
\end{tabular} & WIDTHS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WEIGHT } \\
& \text { Yoo YARDS } \\
& \text { POUNDS }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& \text { PER } \\
& \text { YARD }
\end{aligned}
\] & WIDTHS & \begin{tabular}{l}
WEIGHT \\
100 YARDS \\
POUNDS
\end{tabular} & PRICE PER YARD \\
\hline Pearl to Pica. & 10 & \$0.02 & 7 line & 70 & \$0.06 & 14 line & 140 & \$0.10 \\
\hline Great Primer & 15 & . 03 & 8 line & 80 & . 06 & 15 line & 150 & . 10 \\
\hline 2 line & 20 & . 03 & 9 line & 90 & . 06 & 16 line & 160 & . 10 \\
\hline 3 line & 30 & . 04 & 10 line & 100 & . 08 & 17 line & 170 & . 12 \\
\hline 4 line & 40 & . 04 & 11 line & 110 & . 08 & 18 line & 180 & . 12 \\
\hline 5 line & 50 & . 04 & 12 line & 120 & . 08 & 20 line & 200 & . 14 \\
\hline 6 line & 60 & . 06 & 13 line & 130 & .10 & 24 line & 240 & . 16 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

BARNHART'S PATENTED ONE-PIECE RIM ALL-BRASS GALLEY


This all-brass galley has a rim of only one piece : a continuous strip of heavy flanged brass, formed to perfectly square corners inside, and secured to the bottom by more rivets than are used by any other manufacturer.

This patented galley is made solely by Barnhart Brothers \& Spindler and is sold by them and all their affiliated houses under a guarantee that it is better and stronger than any other galley.

With proper use, it will practically last forever; of rough use, such as galleys invariably get in large offices, it will stand more than any other.

Heretofore there has never been a galley which would hold fast at the corners when used around machines or for handling large, heavy pages, but this one-piece rim galley will hold fast all around.

The rim is flanged so that the galley with its load can be readily and safely grasped; no type load will cause yielding and nothing short of inexcusable abuse will effect the accuracy and durability of this galley.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline job galleys & PRICE \\
\hline \(6 \times 10\) inside & \$2.00 \\
\hline \(83 / 4 \times 13\) inside & 2.50 \\
\hline 9 x 14 inside & 2.75 \\
\hline \(10 \times 16\) inside & 3.25 \\
\hline 12 x 18 inside & 4.00 \\
\hline 14 x21 ińside & 4.75 \\
\hline \(15 \times 22\) inside & 5.25 \\
\hline 18 x25 inside & 7.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline COLUMN GALLEYS & Price & Column galleys & PRICE \\
\hline Single Column \(33 / 4 \times 233 / 4\) inside & \$2.50 & Extra 13x23\%/4 inside & \$5.00 \\
\hline Single Column \(38 / 4 \times 153 / 4\) inside & 2.00 & Six Column 15x23\%/4 inside & 5.50 \\
\hline Single Column \(38 / 4 \times 113 / 4\) inside & 1.75 & Extra 17x238/4 & 6.25 \\
\hline Medium Column \(5 \times 238 / 4\) inside & 2.75 & Seven Column 171/4 \(\times 233 / 4\) inside & 6.25 \\
\hline Double Column \(61 / 4 \times 238 / 4\) inside & 3.00 & Extra 19x233/4 & 7.00 \\
\hline Double Column 61/4 \(\times 153 / 4\) inside & 2.50 & Eight Column 191/2x238/4 inside & 2.00 \\
\hline Double Column 61/4x118/4 inside & 2.25 & Mailing, 11/2x30 inside & 3.00 \\
\hline Triple Column \(81 / 4 \times 238 / 4\) inside . & 3.50 & Mailing, \(61 / 4 \times 231 / 2\) inside & 3.50 \\
\hline Four Column 101/2x233/4 inside & 4.25 & Mailing, \(71 / 2 \times 231 / 2\) inside & 3.75 \\
\hline Five Column 123/4x233/4 inside. & 5.00 & Mailing. 10x \(231 / 2\) inside . . . . . . & 4.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Write for Estimates on Special Sizes

\section*{SUPERIOR ALL-BRASS GALLEYS}

\section*{Extra Heavy Rims, Bottoms of Standard Thickness'and Absolutely Flat}

The Superior All-Brass Galley is the strongest and most serviceable galley made. The rim is made of extra heavy brass with an extra lip at the top and bottom, which not only acts as a reinforcement but enables the printer to get a more secure grip on the galley as he lifts it from the case or stone. The
 corners are securely interlocked and are exceptionally strong and true. The method of interlocking the corners increases the life of the galley to over double that of any other galley. In an all-brass galley the corner construction is the most important point to investigate, as it is there that most of the lock-up strain comes.

,


Shows how corners are interlocked

The bottoms are treated to a special straightening process' which insures their nearest approach to a perfect flatness. The rivets which hold the sides and ends securely to the bottom are of extra hard brass, extend clear through the sides and bottom of the galley, the holes are deeply countersunk and the rivet headed over, top and bottom. Our method of interlocking the corners and strongly riveting the sides and bottoms has brought the Superior All-Brass Galley to a point of perfection where it is acknowledged to be the standard of quality and construction.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline job galleys & PRICE \\
\hline \(6 \times 10\) inches inside. & \$2.00 \\
\hline 84x13 inches inside. & 2.50 \\
\hline \(9 \mathrm{xl4}\) inches inside & 2.75 \\
\hline \(10 \times 16\) inches inside. & 3.25 \\
\hline \(12 \times 18\) inches inside. & 4.00 \\
\hline \(14 \times 21\) inches inside. & 4.75 \\
\hline \(15 \times 22\) inches inside & 5.25 \\
\hline \(18 \times 25\) inches inside. & 7.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline columns & INCHES INSIDE & PRICE & columns & inches inside & PRICE \\
\hline Single Column & \(3^{3} \times 23{ }^{3}\) & \$2.50 & Five Column & \(124 \times 23{ }^{3}\) & \$5.00 \\
\hline Single Column & \(3 \mathrm{x} \times 15\) 亲 & 2.00 & Six Column. & \(15 \times 233\) & 5.50 \\
\hline Single Column & \(3{ }^{3} \times 11^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & 1.75 & Seven Column & \(17 \times 233\) & 6.25 \\
\hline Medium Column & \(5 \times 23\) 3 & 2.75 & Eight Column . . . . . . . . . & \(19 \times 233\) & 7.00 \\
\hline Double Column. & \(64 \times 23{ }^{\text {a }}\) & 3.00 & Mailing Galley, both ends closed & \(12 \times 30\) & 3.00 \\
\hline Double Column. & \(61 \times 15\) & 2.50 & Mailing Galley, both ends closed & \(64 \times 2321\) & 3.50 \\
\hline Double Column & \({ }^{61 \times 11}\) & 2.25 & & \(7 \frac{1}{1} \times 23 \frac{1}{2}\) & 3.75 \\
\hline Triple Column. & \(\begin{array}{r}8 \times 23{ }^{3} \\ 102 \times 23 \\ \hline\end{array}\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 3.50 \\
& 4.25
\end{aligned}
\] & Mailing Galley, both ends closed & \(10 \times 23 \frac{1}{3}\) & 4.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Special sizes made to order at proportionate prices.
MUSTANG, McFATRICH AND MERCANTILE MAILING GALLEYS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Mustang Mailing Galley} \\
\hline McFatrich Mailing Galleys, all zinc, 30 inches long, each & \[
\begin{array}{r}
10 \mathrm{EM} \\
\mathbf{\$ 0 . 8 0}
\end{array}
\] & \[
\begin{array}{r}
14 \mathrm{EM} \\
\$ 1.00
\end{array}
\] & 16 EM \\
\hline Mercantile Galleys, all zinc, 30 inches long, each & . 80 & 1.00 & 1.10 \\
\hline Mustang Mailing Galley, 10 picas x 283 inches long, brass bottom, & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{. 75} \\
\hline Mustang Mailing Galley, 10 picas x28 \({ }^{3}\) inches long, zinc bottom, & \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{. 50} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ALL-BRASS LINOTYPE GALLEY}


Style A, with one slde low


End View of Style A


End Vlew of Style B


Style B, with both sides high

This galley was designed to furnish an efficient and quick method of handling linotype slugs. It is made in two styles; Style A, where slugs are used exclusively, and Style B, where type is used in connection with the slugs. In Style A one side of the galley rim is made considerably lower than the other and the inside of the rims are tapered at the top, which permits very rapid corrections, as the slugs can be tipped up endwise and lifted out of the galley without interference from the sides. Style B is made with both sides of equal height and finished straight inside. Both styles are locked at the bottom by a foot clamp which slides over the rims and is tightened by pushing the lever to the left. Pins are set into the ends of the rims to keep the clamp from sliding off and getting lost. Prices for either style are the same.
12 inches long, any width, not exceeding 15 ems pica ........................................................ \(\$ 1.50\)
16 inches long, any width, not exceeding 15 ems pica ......................................................... 1.75
24 inches long, any width, not exceeding 15 ems pica......................................................... 2.00
Extra Foot Clamps, each.............................................................................................. . 50
For each additional pica em in width exceeding 15 ems pica, add to the list price........................ . 05
The above prices include Foot Clamp. In ordering it is necessary to give exact width of column and to send a sample linotype slug: also be sure and state whether Style A or B is wanted.

\section*{ALL-BRASS LINCOLN GALLEY}


The advantages of this galley are apparent to all. There is no trouble, confusion, or loss of time in handling side-sticks and quoins, either to the compositors or stone hands. The type is always secure and held intact during composition, making-up, or in standing matter. When sufficient type is placed upon the galley, close up the side, which is caught by a spring catch at the head of the galley, adjust the clamp tightly against the matter and turn the lever to the left. In correcting, loosen the matter by simply turning the lever to the right.
12-ins. long, any width, not exceeding 15 ems pica \(\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .\).


Extra Foot Clamps, each ........................................................................................... 50
For each additional pica em in width exceeding 15 ems pica, add to the list price.......................... . 05
The above prices include Foot Clamp. In ordering it is necessary to give exact width of type matter for which galleys are required.

WOOD GALLEYS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INCHES INSIOE & PRICE & INCHES INSIDE & PRICE & INCHES INSIDE & PRICE \\
\hline \(4 \times 6\) & \$0.20 & \(6 \frac{1}{2} \times 24\) & \$0.60 & \(10 \times 16\) & \$0.65 \\
\hline \(5 \times 8\) & . 25 & \(6 \times 20\) & . 50 & \(9 \times 18\) & . 70 \\
\hline \(5 \times 15\) & . 30 & \(7 \times 22\) & . 55 & \(10 \times 24\) & . 75 \\
\hline \(5 \frac{1}{2} \times 18\) & . 40 & \(8 \times 10\) & . 40 & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 24\) & . 50 \\
\hline \(6 \times 10\) & . 30 & \(8 \times 24\) & . 60 & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\title{
BRASS LINED, HALF LINED AND UNLINED JOB GALLEYS
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INCHES INSIDE & BRASS LINED & half Lined & BRASS BOTTOM UNLINED & INCHES INSIDE & bRASS LINED & halF LINED & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { BRASS BOTTOM } \\
& \text { UNLINED }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \(6 \times 10\) & \$1.50 & \$1.40 & \$1.25 & \(12 \times 18\) & \$3.75 & \$3.50 & \$3.00 \\
\hline \(83 \times 13\) & 2.00 & 1.90 & 1.75 & \(14 \times 21\) & 4.50 & 4.00 & 3.50 \\
\hline \(9 \times 14\) & 2.50 & 2.25 & 2.00 & \(15 \times 22\) & 5.00 & 4.50 & 4.00 \\
\hline \(10 \times 16\) & 3.00 & 2.75 & 2.50 & \(18 \times 25\) & 6.00 & 5.50 & 5.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

BRASS LINED, HALF LINED AND UNLINED COLUMN GALLEYS


\section*{BRASS LINED, HALF LINED AND UNLINED MAILING GALLEYS}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { INSIDE } \\
\text { MEASUREMENTS }
\end{gathered}
\] & BRASS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { HALF } \\
& \text { LINED }
\end{aligned}
\] & brass воттом UNLINED & ZINC воттом unlined \\
\hline 10 picas \(\times 30\) in & \$1.50 & \$1.00 & \$ .75 & \$ . 65 \\
\hline \(6 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in} . \times 22 \frac{1}{4}\) & 3.00 & 2.75 & 2.50 & 1.50 \\
\hline \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) in. \(\times 22 \frac{1}{4}\) in & 3.25 & 3.00 & 2.75 & 1.75 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CHALLENGE RIVETED ZINC GALLEYS}

Designed for general use-particularly for storage purposes where it is desirable to keep the type in the galleys while taking proofs and correcting. The corners are square where the sides attach to the bottom, thus insuring perfect proofs. The material used is Compressed Plate-Zinc, especially made for this purpose.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline COLUMNS & INCHES INSIDE & 99 OR LEss & 100 OR OVER & 250 OR OVER & 500 OR OVER \\
\hline Single Column ........ & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 23 \pm\) & \$1.10 & \$1.05 & \$1.00 & \$ . 95 \\
\hline Single Column, Half Length & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \frac{1}{4}\) & . 90 & . 85 & . 80 & . 75 \\
\hline Double Column . & \(6 \frac{1}{4} \times 233^{\frac{3}{4}}\) & 1.40 & 1.35 & 1.30 & 1.25 \\
\hline Triple Column & \(8 \pm \times 23 \frac{1}{4}\) & 1.70 & 1.65 & 1.60 & 1.55 \\
\hline Job and book. & \(6 \times 10\) & 1.10 & 1.05 & 1.00 & . 95 \\
\hline Job and book. & \(83 \times 13\) & 1.30 & 1.25 & 1.20 & 1.15 \\
\hline Job and book.. & \(10 \times 16\) & 1.60 & 1.55 & 1.50 & 1.45 \\
\hline Double Column Mailing, both ends closed & \(6{ }^{\frac{1}{4} \times 22}\) & 1.60 & 1.55 & 1.50 & 1.45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CHALLENGE PLATE-ZINC STORAGE GALLEYS}


Challenge Plate-Zinc Storage Galleys are shaped in special molds, the corners reinforced, making them very substantial and durable. The material used is double-rolled plate-zinc. Especially desirable for storage purposes where Type-Setting and Linotype machines are used.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline columns & INCHES INSIDE & 99 OR Less & 100 OR OVER & 250 OR OVER & 500 OR OVER \\
\hline Job and Book & \(6 \times 10\) & \$ .80 & \$ . 75 & \$ . 70 & \$ . 65 \\
\hline Job and Book & 8 3 \({ }^{\frac{3}{4} \times 13}\) & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & . 80 \\
\hline Job and Book & \(10 \times 16\) & 1.30 & 1.25 & 1.20 & 1.15 \\
\hline Single Column & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 23 \frac{1}{3}\) & . 75 & . 70 & . 65 & . 60 \\
\hline Single Column, half length & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \frac{1}{4}\) & . 60 & . 55 & . 50 & . 45 \\
\hline Double Column & \(6 \frac{1}{4} \times 23 \frac{1}{8}\) & 1.00 & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 \\
\hline Triple Column & \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 23 \frac{1}{8}\) & 1.30 & 1.25 & 1.20 & 1.15 \\
\hline Mailing Galley, both ends closed & \(3 \frac{1}{2} \times 22 \frac{1}{2}\) & . 95 & . 90 & . 85 & . 80 \\
\hline Mailing Galley, both ends closed & \(6 \frac{1}{4} \times 22 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1.20 & 1.15 & 1.10 & 1.05 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CREIGHTON STANDING GALLEY SHELVING}

This new Shelving represents a most economical idea for a crówded office. It makes waste space available. The Shelves when fastened to a wall or partition project only \(6 \ddagger\) inches. Built any length desired and sold by the running foot. The Shelving can be fastened to wood partitions or to brick walls. Only Brackets and Shelving are required for wood partitions. For brick partitions hardwood Uprights should be used, on which the Brackets are fastened, and the Uprights can be screwed to the brick walls, the screws being fastened into wood plugs set into the brick. Any vacant wall space can be used and converted into valuable storage space for standing ads., jobs under way, electrotypes or book pages. Pages nine inches long can be accommodated with heading to the front, and every line will be easily accessible for correction. The Galley Shelves are furnished either of hardwood or softwood. The softwood Shelving is for drying Simplex type and can be divided, when required, into column widths.


In a wall space six feet long by \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) feet high, from fifty to sixty pages \(7 \times 9\) can be stored, taking up only 6 inches of space from the wall, and every line of type will be in plain sight, and in a position for alteration. The Brackets are of cast iron, enameled, drilled for screws and ready for adjustment. The hardwood Uprights are drilled for screws to fasten to the wall and also for Brackets properly spaced. It is an easy matter to put the Shelving in place. In ordering Brackets for long lengths about one Bracket should be figured for each three feet of Shelving, taking into consideration the end Brackets. Thus, three Brackets would be required for a six-foot length. When.in place, each Shelf takes up a perpendicular space of 9 inches. Weight of Brackets, per pair, 6 pounds; Shelving, per foot, \(2 \neq\) pounds; one Upright for brick wall, 7 pounds.


Regular Galley Rack.

Hardwood Shelving, any length, per running foot.......\$0.35 Softwood Shelving for Simplex type, any length, per running foot30

Extra for dividing Shelving lengthwise into 13 -em columns or wider, per running foot
. 10
Brackets, per pair, including screws......................... . . 75
Uprights for brick walls, size \(1 \ddagger \times 3 \times 65\) inches, bored for wall screws and Brackets, each .75

The prices of the Uprights include heavy screws for fastening into brick walls. Uprights should be spaced about 36 inches apart.

\section*{REGULAR GALLEY RACKS}

Brackets are held on a stout hardwood frame, and braced as shown in cut. Made of iron, and held in sockets which are firmly screwed to the frame; take single and double Galleys. This is the most substantial Galley Rack made.
Regular Galley Racks for 6 Galleys...................... \(\$ 3.00\)
Regular Galley Racks for 8 Galleys. .................... 4.00
Regular Galley Racks for 10 Galleys...................... . . 5.00
Regular Galley Racks for 12 Galleys...................... 6.00
Regular Galley Racks for 15 Galleys...................... . 7.50
Regular Galley Racks for 20 Galleys...................... 10.00
The above prices are for Racks with 8 -inch arms No. I4, to take double column Galleys.



No. 4 Standing Galley with Cases in Racks.
These Standing Galley Frames are constructed of hardwood throughout and finished antique. They provide convenient dumping and storage surface at moderate cost. The brass-lined tops are covered on the bottoms with heavy sheet brass, such as is used for galley bottoms. The surrounding rims and division strips on such tops are of heavy square brass tubing, making an all-brass top, first class in every respect. These Standing Galleys as constructed hold standard size Letter Boards, No. 1 and 3. They can be specially built with more Case Racks to utilize all the space under the top, and with closed back and ends. Prices given below do not include Cases.

Prices, Dimensions and Weights
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline The width of single columns is three inch; of double columns, 6 inches. These may be varied and made to actual pica and nonpareil measures. & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c|}
\text { 5 SINGLE } \\
\text { COLUMNS, } \\
\text { TOP 20 INE. } \\
\text { WIDE. }
\end{array}\right.
\] & 8 SINGLE COLUMNS INS. WIDE. & \[
\begin{gathered}
7 \text { SINGLE } \\
\text { COLUMNS. } \\
\text { TOP } 27 \text { INB. } \\
\text { WIDE. }
\end{gathered}
\] & 8 8INGLE
COLUMN8.
TOP \(301-2\)
INB. & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { 8 SINGLE } \\
\text { cOLUMNS. } \\
\text { TOP } 34 \text { INS. } \\
\text { WIDE. }
\end{gathered}
\] & 10 SINGLE
COLLMNE.
TOP INS. WIDE. \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
1. 5 feet long, with racks to hold 8 two-thirds and 8 full-size cases, \\
Hardwood top, with wooden strips \\
Zinc-lined top \\
Brass-lined top
\end{tabular}} & & & & & & \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 14.75 \\
19.75 \\
26.00
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 15.25 \\
21.00
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 15.75 \\
22.50
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\$ 16.25\)
24.00} & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\$ 17.25\)
27.50} \\
\hline & & & & & 25.75 & \\
\hline & & 29.00 & 32.00 & 35.00 & 38.00 & 41.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{2. 6 feet long, with racks to hold 8 two-thirds and 8 full-cases and 14 galley racks,} \\
\hline Zinc-lined top & 22.75 & 16.55
24.00 & 17.10 & 27.00 & 28.75 & 30.50 \\
\hline Brass-lined top & 31.00 & 34.50 & 38.00 & 41.50 & 45.00 & 48.50 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{7 feet long, wit
Hardwood top,
Zinc-lined top,
Brass-lined top} & 18.80 & 19.45 & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 21.40 \\
& 32.75
\end{aligned}
\]} & \\
\hline & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{26.75
35.50} & 19.45
27.50 & 20.10
29.50 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20.75 \\
& 31.00
\end{aligned}
\] & & 22.05 \\
\hline & & 39.50 & 43.50 & 47.50 & 51.50 & 55.50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{4. 8 feet long, with racks to hold 16 full cases and 14 galley racks,} \\
\hline Zinc-lined top & 23.50
31.75 & 24.25
32.50 & 25.00
34.50 & 36.00 & 37.75 & 39.50 \\
\hline Brass-lined top & 42.00 & 46.50 & 51.00 & 55.50 & 60.00 & 64.50 \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline Zinc-lined top & 35.75 & 38.50 & 27.25
40.50 & 42.00 & 43.75 & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{45.50
75.75} \\
\hline Brass-lined top & 49.50 & 54.75 & 60.00 & 65.25 & 70.50 & \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
6. 12 feet long, with racks to hold 32 full cases, Hardwood top, with wooden strips. Zinc-lined top \\
Brass-lined top.
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 29.50 \\
& 40.75 \\
& 57.75 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
30.65 \\
43.50 \\
64.50 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\]} & \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 31.80 \\
& 45.75 \\
& 71.25
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 32.95 \\
& 48.00 \\
& 78.00 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 34.10 \\
& 50.75 \\
& \mathbf{8 4 . 7 5}
\end{aligned}
\]} & \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
& 35.25 \\
& 53.50 \\
& 91.50
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STANDING GALLEY WITH LETTER BOARDS}

\section*{Equipped with Twenty Hardwood Letter Boards, Providing 102 Square Feet of Letter Board Surface and Accommodating Twenty-Eight Double Column Galleys}


No. 10 Standing Galley with Twenty Letter Boards and Galley Racks.
This Standing Galley is specially constructed for use in machine offices requiring large storage room for type forms. The space beneath a Standing Galley hias usually been left vacant or partly filled with ordinary case racks, and there was always a consequent loss of floor space and a want of storage room for standing forms. The Letter Boards can be utilized for large and tied-up forms, while the small matter and untied forms can be accommodated in the series of Galley Racks at one end which will take 28 Triple Column All-Brass Galleys. The frame is substantially constructed to stand great weight. The Letter Boards are made of hardwood with side rails mortised to bottoms as shown in the illustration. These Letter Boards are lipped at the fronts to receive the Brass Galley, thus facilitating the transfer of type matter from Galley to Boards and vice versa. These twenty large Letter Boards provide 102 square feet of storage surface.

When top is brass lined it contains over 40 pounds of the finest patent leveled sheet brass, the whole top being covered, and all division strips and surrounding rim are of square brass tubing secured with screws from the under side, providing a smooth all brass top. The zinc lined top contains over 50 pounds of heavy sheet zinc. Both brass and zinc are of the same quality and thickness as used in regular Column Galleys.

The dimensions are: Length over all, \(S\) feet; depth, 27 inches; height, at front, 3 feet; height, at back, 3 feet 10 inches. Size of Letter Boards is \(24 \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) inches inside.

This Standing Galley can be furnished with 10 Letter Boards \(24 \times 21\) inches inside, in place of the Galley Rack, without change in price.
\begin{tabular}{l|l|l|l|l}
\hline \hline No. & & WEIGHT & PRICE \\
\hline No. 10 & Unlined, wood top, with twenty Letter Boards and Galley Racks... & 775 pounds & \(\$ 72.00\) \\
No. 11 & Zinc lined top, with twenty Letter Boards and Galley Racks......... & S85 pounds & S15 pounds & \(\mathbf{9 5 . 0 0}\) \\
No. 12 & Brass lined top, with twenty letter Boards and Galley Racks....... & S107.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{WROUGHT-IRON STANDING GALLEY}

With Iron Racks and All Brass Top
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & DESCRIPTION & 5 SINGLE COLUMNS & 6 Single COLUMNS & 7 Single columns & B SINGLE COLUMNS & - SINGLE columns & 10 SINGLE COLUMNS \\
\hline No. 1 & 5 feet long, with racks to hold 8 two-third and 8 full cases & \$54.00 & \$58.00 & \$62.00 & \$66.00 & \$70.00 & \$74.00 \\
\hline No. 2 & 6 feet long, with racks to hold 8 two-third and 8 full cases, and 16 galley racks .............. & 70.00 & 75.00 & 80.00 & 85.00 & 90.00 & 95.00 \\
\hline No. 3 & 7 feet long, with racks to hold 16 full cases & 65.00 & 71.00 & 77.00 & 83.00 & 89.00 & 95.00 \\
\hline No. 4 & 8 feet long, with racks to hold 16 full cases and 16 galley racks & 80.00 & 86.00 & 92.00 & 98.00 & 104.00 & 110.00 \\
\hline No. 5 & 10 feet long, with racks to hold 24 full cases & 85.00 & 92.00 & 99.00 & 106.00 & 113.00 & 120.00 \\
\hline No. 6 & 12 feet long, with racks to hold 32 full cases. & 95.00 & 104.00 & 113.00 & 122.00 & 131.00 & 140.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

GAUGE PINS AND GUIDES



Screw Adjusting Gauge Pin


Flexible Side Gauge Pin


Perfect Register Gauge


Extension Feed Guldes



Cylinder Side Guide Pin
Golden Steel Gauge Pin, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, per dozen ..... \(\$ 0.40\)
Original Steel Gauge Pin, Nos. 1, \(2,3,4\), per dozen ..... 60
No. 1, 12 -point high; 2, 15-point; 3, 18-point; each with a \(\frac{1}{16}\) inch lip; 4, 12-point, no lip; 5,15 -point, \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch lip; 6 ,
12-point. Measures over all.
Spring-Tongue Gauge Pin, per dozen, with 12 extra tongues. ..... 1.20
Spring-Tongue Gauge Pin, per set of three, with 3 extra tongues ..... 40
Tongues, per dozen ..... 25
Screw Adjusting Gauge Pin, per set of three, with extra tongues .....  00
Flexible Side Gauge Pin, per dozen ..... 60
Perfect Register Gauge, per set of three, with extra tongues ..... 1.25
Eccentric Stud Gauge, per set of three ..... 75
Extension Feed Guide, per pair, with short guide and tongues ..... 1.00
Cylinder Side Guide Pin, each ..... 50
Radiating Sheet Supporters, complete sets, either lengthLengths, \(3 \quad 3 \frac{1}{2} \quad 4 \quad 4 \frac{1}{2} \quad 5 \quad 5 \frac{1}{2} \quad 6\) inches\(11 \times 17 \quad 12 \times 18 \quad 13 \times 19\) pressIron Gauge Pin Drawer, size, \(2 \frac{1}{8} \times 3 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, each25

\section*{AUXILIARY GRIPPERS}


Pressmen have always been given to the use of all sorts of cumbersome devices in cardboard, string, rubber, or wire, for temporary relief when common grippers fail. Instant relief can be had in nearly every case by the use of Auxiliary Grippers. They are held firmly to gripper by a strong steel spring having three-eighths-inch throw, and can be placed instantly at any point on gripper. Admits of the use of left-hand gauge pin in all jobs. With small forms right-hand gripper can be thrown to right out of feeder's 'way. If your form has narrow margins the gripper-attachment tongues can be adjusted between lines or at head or foot of sheet. By a slight bend of tongues they will hang to sheet after side grippers let go. All parts are accurately made of the best material, and they are acknowledged by pressmen to be the only practical gripper made. They do not interfere with either wood reglet or metal furniture.
Price per pair, sizes \(\frac{8}{8}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{8}, \frac{3}{3}, \frac{7}{8}, 1\) inch
Be sure and state size wanted.

\section*{GLUE POTS}1 Quart, each\(\$ 0.90\)
2 Quart, each ..... 1.20

\section*{MULLER PATENT HALF-TONE SOFTENING HAMMERS AND PUNCHES}


Invaluable in pressrooms where halftone or process plates are used, as their use on the first job usually results in a saving which more than equals their first cost. They are used for softening the harsh edges of vignetted cuts, whether original halftones, electrotypes, stereotypes or wood engravings. The hammers are made with lines on each end to match any screen, and the edges are softly tapped, thus softening them as if by magic. Unlike a hand tooled edge the effect of the hammer is not noticeable on the printed page, but the vignetted edge or other lightened spot appears as if it were re-etched and not touched with a tool. The
 punches are made in three different shapes, oblong, square and diamond. By the aid of these punches it is possible to carry the softening effect immediately up to a solid, which it is impossible to do with an underlay or overlay alone, and impossible to do with a graver without showing the tool mark.
No. 1 Hammer, with different Screen at each end, weighs 5 ozs........................................... 5.00
No. 2 Hammer, with Screen at small end, and Stipple at large end, weighs 5 ozs............................. 6.50
No. 3 Hammer, with Screen at small end, and Burnisher at large end, weighs 5 ozs....................... 3.50
Oblong Punch, any Screen, \(\frac{1}{8} x^{\frac{1}{8}}\) inch, weight 2 ozs................................................................. 1.50
Square Punch, any Screen, 合x \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch, weight 2 ozs............................................................... 1.50
Diamond Punch, any Screen, 古x \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch, weight 2 ozs................................................................ 1.50
Oblong and Square Punches, for Stipple, weight 2 ozs.......................................................... 2.50

\section*{THE HAMILTON IMPOSING STONE FRAME.}

\section*{Fitted with Letter Boards, Galley Racks, Furniture Rack, Reglet Rack and Drawers for Metal Furniture.}

This, is the largest Stone Frame made or ever listed. In large offices it will be found of inestimable value in providing a large space where the stone hands can work freely without interfering. It is firmly constructed of hardwood throughout and finished the same as our best Cabinets. The Stone is hard and the best procurable. This is the only Stone Frame or other piece of printing office furniture which provides Labor-Saving Reglet and Furniture from small sizes up to yard-lengths, with frequent variations.


The Hamilton Imposing Stone Frame. Size of Stone, \(48 \times 96\) inches.
Galley Racks-This Frame has accommodations for two tiers of Galleys on each side, 14 Galleys in each tier, a total of 56 Double Column Galleys.

Reglet Racks-One on each side of the Frame. There are 38 pieces of nonpareil and 38 pieces of pica of each length, making a total of 4,256 pieces of Reglet, amounting to 1,639 yards, all cut labor-saving and comprising lengths by short variations from 12 picas to one yard, or 216 picas.

Furniture-There are two Furniture Racks-one on each side of the Frame. The following lengths are accom-modated:-12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48,54. 60, \(70,80,90,100,120,140,160,180,200\) and 216 picas of \(2,3,4,5,6,8\) and 10 -line furniture making a total of 2,244 pieces or 888 yards of Labor-Saving Furniture.

Letter Boards-The Frame contains 11 Letter Boards, size \(24 \frac{1}{2} \times 49\) inches inside measure. These run through the Frame and can be drawn from either side. They have a removable partition bar across the center which can be used to back the type against when desired.

Drawers-There are 6 Drawers in the upper part of the Frame, all of which run clear through and can be drawn from either side. The sizes of the Drawers are as follows (inside measurements): -1 Drawer \(13 \frac{1}{2} \times 481 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; 1 Drawer \(25 \times 48 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \times 2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches; 2 Drawers \(8 \frac{3}{3} \times 48 \frac{1}{2} \times 1\) inch; 2 Drawers \(13^{3} \times 48 \frac{3}{2} \times 1\) inch. The four 1 -inch Drawers are for the storage of Metal Furniture laid in single depth.

The weight of this Stone and Frame, complete, ready for shipment, including all the Reglets and Furniture is 2,800 pounds. Weight of Stone only, 1,100 pounds.
Hamilton Imposing Frame with Stone, complete

\title{
THE KAUFMAN IMPOSING STONE FRAME
}

\author{
Fitted with Letter Boards, Sort Drawers, Galley Racks and Indexed Electrotype Cases. Size of Stone, \(40 \times 80\) inches
}

The general use of large modern Imposing Stone Frames with all space under the Stone utilized, is steadily increasing and few good offices are now without one or more of these decidedly economical pieces of modern Printing Office Furniture. No single article of printers' furniture has undergone such unusual development as the Stone Frame.

The Kaufman is an improved Imposing Stone Frame, somewhat after the style of the original Dorsey Frame but with a different arrangement and accommodating Electrotype Cases and Galley Rack not found in most other Stone Frames of the kind. It will be found very useful in large offices and it has proved to be one of the most popular Imposing Frames on the market.


Letter Boards-There are 11 Letter Boards, \(15 \times 28 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, and 22 Letter Boards, \(15 \times 20\) inches inside measure. These Letter Boards have a lip at the front on which to rest the Galley, and type matter can be pushed from the Galley on to the Board without difficulty. There is a rail at the back and also side rails to push the type against and hold it in position. They are made of the finest selected hardwood, free from imperfections. Climatic changes will not affect them.

Drawers-There are two Drawers which pull clear through and can be drawn from either side of the Frame; size, \(16 \times 40^{3} \times 2^{3}\) inches. In the center there are two Drawers for metal furniture, which pull clear through and can be drawn from either side. These Drawers are \(16 \times 40 \times \mathrm{x} 1 \mathrm{inch}\). They provide a convenient place for the systematic storage of the metal furniture where the stone man can always have it handy without leaving his work.

Indexed Electrotype Cases-There are 18 special Indexed Electrotype Cases in this Frame; size \(20 \times 20\) inches inside These Cases are numbered consecutively so that a proper record can be kept in the index book of the contents of each Case. With each Case there is an assortment of all kinds of division strips, including four of the long, double slotted ones which run from front to back of the Case, and various sizes of the short cross-division strips. An Indexed Book accompanies this Frame for use in connection with these Indexed Electrotype Cases.

Sort Drawers-There are 16 Sort Drawers in this Frame, each divided into ten equal size compartments, the size of each compartment being \(3 \times 4 \times 3\) inches. These Sort Drawers provide storage room for an immense amount of special type not in general use but which must be kept in readiness for special and large jobs.

Galley Racks-This Frame has accommodation for 60 Galleys. There are three tiers to accommodate Double Column Galleys, and one tier to accommodate Single Column Galleys, 15 Galleys in each tier.

The shipping weight of this Frame, complete, with the Stone, is 1,750 pounds. Weight of Stone only, 770 pounds. Occupies floor space, \(42 \frac{4}{4} \times 82 \frac{1}{4}\) inches.


Kaufman Imposing Frame, complete with Stone, \(40 \times 80\) inches.

\section*{THE ALGOMA IMPOSING STONE FRAME}

\author{
Fitted with Chase Racks, Sort Drawers, Letter Boards, Reglet and Furniture, and Drawers for Tools and Metal Furniture
}

The Algoma Frame is a companion piece to the Two Rivers and Wisconsin Frames, taking the same size of Stone, \(36 \times 60\) inches, but with a change in equipment.

The placing of the Furniture on the end is an especially good feature. It prevents waste of room. One end is entirely taken up by the Reglet and Furniture, which leaves the entire surface of both sides to be utilized for Letter Boards, Chase Racks and Sort Drawers, with the exception of 10 inches, which is covered by panels, as shown. The Assortment of Reglet and Furniture is in the usual widths from 2 to 10 picas wide, and in the most convenient lengths from 10 to 60 picas long, with variations of 3 to 6 picas. The Reglet assortment is of nonpareil and pica from 30 to 60 picas long, with variations of single picas.

This is a most convenient Frame for all around purposes, and it embraces most of the good features of other Stone Frames combined into one piece of furniture. It is thoroughly made of selected hardwoods, nicely finished, like the best of printers' Cabinets, and strongly bolted to safely carry any load to which it can be subjected. The use of this modern Stone Frame is decidedly economical. It contracts the space occupied by material used about the Stone, and brings it within easy reach of the make-up man. It does away with useless running back and forth about the office, hunting for material and interference with other workmen. It will save space as well, and where rents are high and space is necessarily limited, this Stone Frame will replace the cost in a saving of time and material in a very short time.

Letter Boards-There are 22 Letter Boards arranged in 2 tiers, 11 Boards in each tier, size \(15 \times 17\) inside. These Letter Boards are made with lips on the front to receive the Brass Galley, so that type can be easily transferred from the Galley to Letter Boards.

Sort Drawers-8 Sort Drawers arranged in one tier. Each Drawer is sub-divided into 6 compartments, each \(5 \frac{1}{4} \times 4_{4}^{3} \times 2 \frac{3}{4}\) inches deep inside.

Drawers-Under the Coffint there are 5 Drawers, all of which run clear through and can be withdrawn from either side. The 2 large Drawers are 4 inches deep and \(13 \frac{1}{2} \times 36 \frac{3}{}\) inches inside. In the center are 3 shallow drawers for metal furniture, 1 inch deep and
 \(13 \frac{1}{2} \times 36 \frac{3}{3}\) inches inside.

Chase Racks-One side of the Frame is taken up with Chase Rack equipment. There are 14 Racks \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) inches in height by \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep; 9 Racks 16 inches high by 19 inches deep; 6 Racks \(26 \frac{1}{8}\) high by 18 inches deep. All of these Chase Rack compartments are lined with iron on the bottom turned at the edges to prevent damage to the wood work when heavy forms are pushed into the compartments.


Furniture-A total of 181 yards of selected oil soaked Furniture of various widths cut on the point system and cut into 1,008 pieces as follows: 16 pieces each \(2,3,4,5\) and 6 picas wide, cut 18,21 and 24 picas long. 8 pieces each 8 and 10 picas wide cut 18 , 21 and 24 picas long. 20 pieces each 2 , \(3,4,5\) and 6 picas wide cut \(30,36,42,48\). 54 and 60 picas long. 10 pieces each of 8 and 10 picas wide cut \(30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas long.

Reglet-Anassortment of nonpareil and pica. 34 pieces each of nonpareil and pica 30 to 60 picas long, with variations by single picas: a total of 458 yards cut into 2,108 pieces.

Stone-The best Vermont marble free from imperfections.

Weight of Algoma Frame complete with Stone and full equipment, crated, 1,100 pounds. Weight of Stone only, 500 pounds. Occupies floor space \(35 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{1}{2}\) inches.
Algoma Imposing Frame complete with stone, \(36 \times 60\) inches, and full equipment.
\(\$ 136.00\)

\section*{TWO RIVERS IMPOSING STONE FRAME}

\section*{Fitted with Labor-Saving Furniture and Reglet, Letter Boards and Sort Drawers, Roller Cabinet and Drawers for Metal Furniture}

There has been a demand for medium size Imposing Stone Frames built after the style of the Dorsey Frame. To meet this demand several Frames have been devised, one of which is represented by the Two Rivers Frame. It embodies most of the good features of the Dorsey and at the same time provides Letter Board and Sort Drawer equipment. This Frame has been on the market for some time and is proving a general favorite. It is strongly constructed of selected hardwoods throughout and is strongly bolted. The finish is like the best printers' Cabinets.


Letter Boards-Eleven Boards on one side. inside measure, \(25 \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. These Boards are lipped at the front to receive the brass Galley.

Sort Drawers-Sixteen in two tiers, each divided into 10 equal compartments, size \(4 \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \frac{3}{8} \times 3\) inches inside.
Drawers-Two large Drawers at top which run through Frame and can be drawn from either side. Size, \(13 \frac{1}{4} \times 37\) \(x 2^{3}\) inches. In the center, at the top, one above the other, running through the Frame from side to side are two Drawers for the storage of metal furniture. Size inside, \(13 \ddagger \times 37 \times 1 \mathrm{inch}\).

Furniture-Of clear selected stock, oil soaked, each piece with length stamped on the end. There are nine different lengths, as follows: \(12,18,24,30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas, the variation being by inches, or 6 picas. The widths and number of pieces are as follows: 18 pieces of 2 -line cut 12,18 and 24 picas long; 24 pieces of 2 -line cut \(30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas long; 15 pieces of \(3,4,5\) and 6 -line cut 12,18 and 24 picas long; 20 pieces of \(3,4,5\) and \(6-1 i n e\) cut \(30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas long; 12 pieces of 8 and 10 -line cut 12,18 and 24 picas long; 16 pieces of 8 and \(10-1\) ine cut \(30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas long. Total number of pieces, 1122 ; a mounting to 200 yards.

Reglet-Absolutely accurate and on the point system. A double Rack for holding 37 pieces of nonpareil and 37 pieces of pica of each of the following lengths: \(12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,26,27,28,30,33,36,39,42,45\), \(48,51,54,57\) and 60 picas, a total of 2072 pieces \(r_{\text {a }}\) mounting to 290 yards.

Stone The best Vermont marble, and with a perfect imposing surface.
Roller Compartment-Made with door. Rollers stand on end. Has accommodation for three each, rollers for eighth, quarto and half medium presses. When roller compartment is not required, this cupboard can be used for a variety of purposes. An additional shelf will convert it into a convenient ink Cabinet or it can be used for the storage of Galleys, etc.

The Two Rivers Frame occupies floor space \(38 \frac{1}{2} \times 62 \frac{1}{4}\) inches. Shipping weight, with Stone complete, 1,140 pounds Stone only, 500 pounds.


Two Rivers Imposing Stone Frame, complete with Furniture, Reglet and Stone, \(36 \times 60\)

\section*{WISCONSIN IMPOSING STONE FRAME}

Fitted with Blank Cases, Chase Racks and Drawers for Metal Furniture
This will be found a most useful Frame, containing as it does Racks for large sizes of chases, something not found in most other Stone Frames. We furnish this Frame with plain Blank Cases as shown in the illustration, or with Indexed Electrotype Cases. It is thoroughly well built of hardwood throughout and bolted at the ends. The Coffin is of selected oak. The ends are tastefully paneled with molded edges.


Wisconsin Imposing Stone Frame. Size of Stone, \(36 \times 60\) inches
Cases-On one side of this Frame there are 28 Cases, \(15 \times 26\) inches. These Cases are arranged in two tiers, 14 in each tier. They are of the "New Departure" pattern with 3 -ply bottoms, and as placed in the Frame are practically dust proof.

Chase Racks-On the other side are Chase Racks, as follows:-9 compartments, \(26 \times 18\) inches; 9 compartments, \(14 \times 18\) inches; 9 compartments, \(11 \frac{1}{2} \times 15\) inches. The bottoms of Chase Racks are covered with heavy sheet iron, turned at front edge land securely fastened, thus preventing injury to the Frame by the iron chases when pushed into place.

Drawers-At the top are two Drawers, \(36 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{x}} 21\) inches and 4 inches deep, running through the Frame and can be drawn from either side. These are for quoins, tools, furniture, etc.

Stone-The best Vermont marble, 2 inches thick, and free from imperfections. This Stone is hard and it makes the best stone imposing surface ever offered.

The Wisconsin Frame occupies floor space, \(38 \frac{1}{2} \times 62 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. Weight of Frame, complete with Stone, 1100 pounds. Stone, only 500 pounds.


Wisconsin Imposing Stone Frame. Size of Stone, \(36 \times 60\) inches
Wisconsin Imposing Stone Frame with 28 Blank Cases as shown in the illustration and including the Stone, complete.
\(\$ 95.00\)
Wisconsin Imposing Stone Frame with 28 Index Electrotype Cases and full equipment of division strips and Index Book, complete and including the Stone.

\title{
THE DORSEY IMPOSING STONE FRAME \\ Fitted with Furniture Case, Reglet Rack, Chase Racks, and Drawers for Metal Furniture
}


The Dorsey Imposing Stone Frame with Labor-Saving Furnlture and Chase Racks

We show here one of the most improved Imposing Stone Frames. It will be noticed that there is no waste room, but all space is utilized in the most advantageous manner. The Dorsey Frame was the pioneer of all modern Stone Frames and was introduced several years ago. It has proved a popular Frame and is still more often called for than any other Frame of its kind. Modifications of this Frame can be furnished at proportionate prices. It is made in one size only. The size of Stone is 40 x 80 inches, with smooth face and free from imperfections. The height from floor to top of Stone is \(41 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. The frame occupies floor space \(42 \ddagger \times 82 \ddagger\) inches.

Labor-Saving Furniture Rack-The Frame contains a labor-saving rack filled with Furniture, This Furniture is cut in the following lengths and widths:-18 pieces, each 2,3 and 4-line; 15 pieces, each 5 and 6-line; 9 pieces, each 8 and 10 -line, cut \(25,35,70,80,90,100,120,140\) and 160 ems long. 24 pieces, each 2,3 and 4 -line: 20 pieces, each 5 and 6 -line; 12 pieces, each 8 and \(10-1\) ine, cut \(30,40,50\) and 60 ems long. A total of 500 yards cut into 1,562 pieces. This gives a better and larger assortment than the Mammoth Furniture Case. The length and width is stamped on the end of each piece.

Cupboard or bins-On the opposite side from the one shown in the illustration, over the chase rack, are 2 large compartments for general storage; one compartment is 17 inches deep, 37 inches long and \(10 \frac{1}{2}\) inches high; the other is 28 inches deep, 37 inches long and 13 inches high. This arrangement utilizes every inch of space under the Stone. The Frame has paneled ends and is varnished.

Chase Racks-At the bottom, on the side shown in illustration, are 36 Racks for chases for \(8 \times 12\) job press. On the opposite side are Racks for 18 chases for \(10 \times 15\) job press, and 18 chases for \(12 \times 18\) job press. On the side of second tier of Drawers there are 8 compartments, 4 on each side of the Frame, for string or small tools.

Rack for Steel Furniture or Cut Reglet-In the center, arranged in double tier, are 36 compartments for Steel Furniture or cut Reglets. These compartments hold the following lengths: \(-12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36,39,42,45,48,51,54,57\) and 60 ems ; 2 compartments for each length, except the 42 -em length, which has 4 compartments. Each compartment holds 35 pieces of pica or 70 pieces of nonpareil Reglet, or 11 pieces of Steel Furniture, 3 picas wide.

Drawers-There are 6 Drawers at the top. On the left-hand side. extending half-way through, are 2 pulling out from each side, and 2 on the right-hand side at the top, reaching clear through, and can be pulled out from either side. These Drawers are \(\frac{8}{4}\) inch deep and \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) inches wide, and are used for storing Metal Furniture. Under these Drawers are 3 large Drawers, 1 reaching clear through and 2 reaching half-way through. These Drawers are 3 inches deep by \(22 \frac{1}{2}\) inches wide inside,

Weight-Complete, ready for shipment, including Stone, 1,700 pounds. Weight of Stone only, 770 pounds.
Dorsey Imposing Frame and Stone, without Steel Furniture or Reglet but including labor saving
wood furniture........................................................................................................ \(\$ 140.00\)
Steel Furniture to fill center Racks, consisting of 22 pieces of each length as mentioned above, except the 42 -em length, of which there are 44 pieces-a total of 396 pieces.

\section*{TEXAS IMPOSING STONE FRAME}


Texas Imposing Stone Frame fitted with Letter Boards and Sort Drawers. Slze of Stone \(40 \times 80\) inches.
This Stone Frame is a companion piece to the Dorsey Stone, the two being exactly alike in form and size, only differing in the interior arrangement under the Stone.

Sort Drawers-There are twenty drawers for sorts, and each drawer is sub-divided into twenty equal compartments. Each drawer is \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches deep, 14 inches wide and \(40 \frac{2}{8}\) inches long, inside measure. Each of the 400 compartments is \(3^{3} \times 6\) from either side. Each drawer runs on 12 steel rollers, fitted into the runs, six on each side. The edges of drawer sides which come in contact with the steel rollers are lined with iron.

Letter Boards-In the center, arranged in four tiers, two tiers drawing from each side, are fifty-six hardwood Letter Boards, fourteen Boards in each tier. These are placed compactly and represent 140 square feet of storage surface. These Letter Boards are \(18 \frac{1}{2} \times 19 \frac{1}{4}\) inches inside measure.

Weight-Complete, ready for shipment, including Stone, 1,900 pounds. Weight of Stone only, 770 pounds. Texas Imposing Frame with Stone, complete
. \(\$ 150.00\)

\section*{ECONOMIC IMPOSING STONE FRAME}


Economic Imposing Stone Frame. Size of Stone \(24 \times 36\) lnches.

\footnotetext{
- This represents the smallest Imposing Frame made, taking a Stone \(24 \times 36\) inches. It is a modern Frame and possesses many of the excellent features found in much larger Frames. A strictly first-class piece of furniture in every way, and fully guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction to our customers.

There are eleven Letter Boards on one side, size inside, 33 inches wide and of varying depths from \(13 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) to 19 inches. At the top there are two Drawers for the storage of metal furniture and one deep Drawer for quoins. tools, and other accessories. These Drawers run clear through the Frame and can be drawn from either side. On the other side of the Frame is an assortment of Wood furniture, as follows: 21 pieces of 2,3 and \(4-1\) ine; 15 pieces of other side of the Frame is an assortment of Wood furniture, as follows: 21 pleces of 2,3 and \(4-1\) line; 15 pieces of
5 and \(\theta\)-line; 12 pieces, 8 and 10-line, cut 12,18 and 24 picas long. 28 pieces, 2,3 and \(4-1 / n e ; 20\) pieces, 5 and 6 -line; 16 pieces, 8 and \(10-1 i n e\), cut \(30,36,42,48,54\) and 60 picas long. This is a fine assortment of lengths and widths most used, and brings the Furniture close to the stone man, where it is required. The Frame is strongly constructed, of hardwood throughout, and the Stone is of the finest quality. Weight, crated, ready for shipment, without Stone, 450 pounds; including Stone, 650 pounds.
Economic Imposing Frame with Stone, complete
}

\section*{IMPOSING STONES AND FRAMES}

A liberal equipment of imposing surface will help to secure the maximum output. In most offices there is a decided weakness in this respect, and constant shifting of type matter is necessary, with much pi and damage to valuable material. This is particularly true of country printing offices, where the paper forms monopolize the Stone surface seven days in the week, and the job forms are made ready on wooded surfaces and in odd corners all of which is wasteful and expensive.

The utility of a Stone frame is doubled by utilizing the space underneath for Letter Boards, Chase Racks, Furniture, Reglet, etc. We show a full line of Imposing Stone Frames where concentration is desirable, the modern Frames, like the Dorsey, Algoma, Economic, Two Rivers, Kaufman, Wisconsin, Texas, and Hamilton Frames are recommended.

These low-price, square-legged Frames will answer admirably in country offices where space is not at a premium.


Price List and Dimensions of Square Leg Imposing Stones and Frames


Price of Coffins-When Coffins only are desired we can furnish them, made in any size, at 75 cents per running foot the long way. The prices of Tables without Stones include the Coffins. Imposing Stones only for larger Frames list at \(\$ 1.00\) per square foot.

Imposing Frames are made of hardwood in knock-down form. This insures convenience in handling, and large Frames can be taken up stairways and through narrow doors.

How to Bed a Stone-To properly bed an imposing surface it should be laid in putty. Take the stone and place it on skids on the floor face down. Roll strips of putty and lay on the Stone where the supporting strips will rest Take Coffin and reverse, placing it over the Stone. Lift Coffin and Stone together and place on the Frame. Tap Stone to thorougly bed and see that it projects evenly above the inner edge of the Coffin the thickness of a brass Stone to thorougly bed and see that it projects evenly above the inner e
Galley bottom. Fill space between edges of Stone and Coffin with putty.

Iron Surfaces-All Stone Frames listed in this catalog can be furnlshed for iron surfaces. Such surfaces do no usually require a Coffin, which reduces the list price of the Frame 50 cents per foot the long way. For instance, a \(36 \times 60\) Frame without the Coffin would take a reduction in the list price of \(\$ 2.50\). When iron surface is to be used customer should determine the exact size of the iron surface which should conform with the size of the Frame. It is usual to allow iron surfaces to overlap the edges of the Frame one-half inch all around.

Write for full particulars covering Stone Frames with iron surfaces.
Notice-All Imposing Stones are crated separately and are shipped at the customer's risk. No claim can be made on us or the Transportation Company if breakage occurs. As Stones are very heavy this is necessary in order to get a low freight rate. If shipped released they take 4th Class rate, if not released they take 1st Class rate. Orders for Imposing Stones are accepted only on this basis, unless otherwise specifled.

\section*{IMPOSING STONE FRAMES WITH LETTER BOARDS}

These Frames are strongly constructed to sustain the great weight to which they will be subjected. The frames and coffins as well as the letterboards are made of hardwood, and all the material entering into them is carefully selected and free from imperfections. The outside is filled and varnished like all cabinets. No better disposition of the space underneath an Imposing Frame can be made than to use it for letter boards. If the type is dead it is shifted from the stone to the board without any loss of time; if the matter is alive, it is handy for imposition.


No. 9 Imposing Stone Frame with Letter Boards. Size, \(36 \times 60\) inches
\begin{tabular}{ll|c|c|c|c|c|c}
\hline \hline
\end{tabular}

ALL-IRON IMPOSING STONE FRAMES


These frames are made in widths 36 and 48 inches, and can be furnished any length desired, at proportionate prices. Each is equipped with two drawers and six letter boards.
Standard size, \(36 \times 40\) inches, without stone
Standard size, \(48 \times 60\) inches, without stone \(\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots\).
Orders for frames of above widths and other lengths and combinations promptly executed. Prices on Application.
Iron Imposing Surfaces containing 864 square inches and larger, price per square inch ................ \(\mathbf{\$ 0 . 0 3}\)
Surfaces containing less than 864 square inches, prices upon application


\section*{SUPERIOR ALL-IRON IMPOSING AND BEATING TABLES}

These tables are constructed to withstand hard usage and are practically indestructible. The tops are strongly bolted to the frame-work made up of double thick gas-pipe ( \(1_{1}^{5} \mathrm{E}\) inches outside diameter). The whole table rests upon four Martin swivel roller bearing casters, permitting it to be moved freely and easily in any direction.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 812E & SIZE OF TOP IN INCHES & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { HEIGHT } \\
& \text { IN } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { PRICE } \\
& \text { SOLID IRON } \\
& \text { TOP }
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
PRICE COPPER \\
PLATED \\
IRON TOP
\end{tabular} & PRICE BRASS COVERED IRON TOP & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { SOLID } \\
& \text { SRASS TOP }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline 6 column... & \(20 \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \frac{1}{2}\) & 39 & \$38.00 & \$43.00 & \$50.00 & \\
\hline 7 column. & \(23 \times 28 \frac{1}{2}\) & 39 & 42.00 & 47.00 & 56.00 & upon \\
\hline 8 column & \(25 \frac{1}{4} \times 30 \frac{1}{2}\) & 39 & 46.00 & 51.00 & 62.00 & applica- \\
\hline 9 column & \(27 \frac{1}{2} \times 32 \frac{1}{2}\) & 39 & 50.00 & 55.00 & 68.00 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Orders for other sizes and helghts promptly filled.

\section*{INK FOUNTAINS}


Chandler \& Price Fountain


The Chandler \& Price Fountain is simple and effective-quickly cleaned; quickly adjusted to proper flow, at any rate needed; easily removed from press and replaced by extra fountain for colors, if desired. Ink blade is of finest steel and its adjustment insures positive flow.
Chandler \& Price Fountain. \(\qquad\) . \(\$ 20.00\)

The Buckeye Fountain is easily attached -is perfect in construction and action. The roller is easily removed for cleaning; ink supply regnlated by a "twist of the wrist." Buckeye Fountain
\(\$ 10.00\)


Challenge Full Width Fountain is similar in construction to the cylinder press fountain and is intended for cut and solid tint work.

Challenge Pony Fountain is built on the same principle as the full width fountain and is intended for the general run of work in a job office.

The Direct Full Width Fountains are very simple, have spring steel blade with a series of thumbscrews for regulating supply of ink; a hinged joint provides suitable adjustment and permits the fountain to be raised clear of the rollers when not in use.

Direct Pony Fountain is built on the same principle as the Direct Full Width; intended for the general run of small work; it is very easily cleaned.
Challenge Full Width Fountain................. \(\$ 27.50\)
Challenge Pony Fountain........................... 15.00
Direct Full Width Fountain ....................... 20.00
Direct Pony Fountain.............................. . . . 10.00


The New Century Fountain is built to wear. The feed-roll, ratchet nut, and driving stud are all cut from cold-rolled steel shafting stock. The ink box is carefully milled out smooth and clean, as are also the bearings in bed. The thumbscrews are drop-forged. For imitation typewriter work, and on all work requiring a well-regulated, uniform, steady flow of ink, the value of the New Century fountain cannot be overestimated.-Circular.
New Century Fountain
\(\$ 10.00\)

\section*{INKING STONES}



\section*{INK SLICE}


Brass handle, steel blade

\section*{INK SPADE}


A new tool, combining several articles in one. Just the thing to clean out a fountain, ink can or keg, scrape an ink plate or disc. The blade is made of finest crucible spring steel, fully nickled, and being thin and flexible is particnlarly suited to mixing black and colored inks. Will save its cost in a week.-Circular.
Challenge Ink Spade, nickeled.
\(\$ 0.60\)
Sent by mail, 12 ets. extra.

\section*{INK REDUCERS}
Chesapeake Economy Compound, 1 lb . can. ..... \(\$ 0.75\)
5 lb . can. ..... 3.25
10 lb . can. ..... 6.00
Inkoleum ..... 50
Reducol, per lb ..... 50

\section*{12 Point BARNHART OLD STYLE}

\author{
Barnhart Bros. \& Spindler.
}

\section*{LABEL HOLDERS}

Invaluable for labeling type cases, sort drawers, and compartments of all descriptions. Prices given are per hundred, complete with brass tacks and blank cards.
\(3 \times 1\) inch........................................ \(\mathbf{\$ 2 . 2 5}\)
5!x1 " ..................................... 2.75
Other sizes to order

\section*{LAMP BRACKETS}
No. 1 Bracket, with thumb screw, each.
50.75
Challenge Lamp Bracket, each

\section*{LEADER BOXES}

The handiest receptacle for leaders. Can be put on cap case, bringing leaders close at hand. One or more required in every office for every size of body type used.
Each............................................................................ . . \(\$ 0.25\)
Per dozen ................................................................ . 2.50


Boston Lead Rack

\section*{BOSTON LEAD RACK}

Made in four sections, which are sold separately, if desired. The different lengths which go in each section are stamped at the bottom of each compartment, as shown in cut. A line-gauge for determining lengths is attached to each section. The four sections accommodate lengths from 4 to 7 picas varying by ens, and from 7 to 60 picas, varying by ems.

\section*{TWO-TIER WISCONSIN RACK}

In this Rack leads and slugs lie flat and will not pi. (In Racks where leads are placed on edge pi inevitably results). There are compartments to take leads from 4 to \(12 \frac{1}{2}\) ems, varying by ens, and from 13 to 60 ems , varying by ems, the lengths being stamped over each compartment. The Rack is solidly built. Compartments are eight inches high. Will hold 750 pounds of leads and slugs.

\section*{FOUR-TIER WISCONSIN RACK}

Has two compartments each for all sizes in the two-tier Rack described above, and is similar in design and construction. One compartment of each size may be used for leads and the other for slugs or reglet. Will hold 1,500 pounds of leads and slugs.

\section*{REGLET TO FILL}

A font of Labor-saving Reglet to fill a Two-Tier Wisconsin Rack, consists of 600 yards cut into 4,554 pieces, 23 pieces of pica, and 46 pieces of nonpareil of each of the 66 different lengths. Weight, 40 pounds.

A font of Labor-saving Reglet to fill a Four-Tier Wisconsin Rack, consists of 1,200 yards, cut into 9,108 pieces, 46 pieces of pica and 92 pieces of nonpareil of each of the 66 different lengths. 'Weight, 80 pounds.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Style & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { SIZE } \\
& \text { OUTSIDE }
\end{aligned}
\] & HEIGHT OF COMPARTMENTS inside & PRICE RACK ONLY & WEIGHT BOXED & price of reglet TO FILL & WEIGHT REGLET ONLY \\
\hline Two-tier Wisconsin Rack. & \(18 \times 42 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). & \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) in. & \$6.00 & 73 lbs. & \$14.00 & 40 lbs. \\
\hline Four-tier Wisconsin Rack & \(34 \frac{1}{4} \times 42 \frac{1}{2}\) in. & \(7 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}\). & 9.00 & 105 lbs . & 28.00 & 80 lbs. \\
\hline Eureka Lead Rack.. & \(14 \frac{1}{2} \times 28 \frac{1}{2}\) in. & & 2.50 & 15 lbs . & 4.25 & 113 los. \\
\hline Boston Rack, No. 1,4 to 15 ems. & \(8 \frac{1}{3} \times 17 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(6 \frac{1}{3}\) in. & . 90 & 5 lbs. & . 80 & \(2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs}\). \\
\hline Boston Rack, No. 2, 16 to 30 ems . & \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 17 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}\). & \(6 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{in}\). & 1.20 & 11 lbs. & 1.80 & \(6 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs}\). \\
\hline Boston Rack, No. 3, 31 to 45 ems . & \(8 \frac{1}{3} \times 17 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{n}\). & \(6 \frac{7}{8} \mathrm{in}\). & 1.50 & 15 lbs. & 3.00 & \(10 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{lbs}\). \\
\hline Boston Rack, No. 4, 46 to 60 ems . & \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 17 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}\). & 68 in . & 1.80 & 20 lbs . & 4.25 & 15 lbs . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Eureka Lead Rack

\section*{EUREKA LEAD RACK}

Substantially constructed in two sections, each section holding lengths, from 4 to 28 ems, varying by single ems. One section may be used for leads and the other for slugs. The partitions in this Rack are placed on an incline to prevent the leads and slugs from falling.

A font of Laborsaving Reglet to fill this Rack, consists of 170 yardscut into 2,250 pieces, 30 pieces of pica and 60 pieces of nonpareil for each of the 25 different lengths. Weight, 11立 pounds.


Four-tier Wisconsin Lead Rack.

\section*{LEADS AND SLUGS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{2}{*}{THICKNESS OF LEADS} & \multirow{2}{*}{8TRIP8} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Cut to measure} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{LABOR-saving} \\
\hline & & 2 TO \(61-2 \mathrm{EmS}\) & 7 EMS \& OVER & \\
\hline 1 point, per lb. & \$0.40 & \$0.68 & \$0.48 & \$0.48 \\
\hline \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) point, per lb. & . 24 & . 44 & . 30 & . 30 \\
\hline 2 point or thicker, per lb. & . 16 & . 35 & . 20 & . 20 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{LABOR-SAVING LEADS AND SLUGS}

2 points or thicker, in fonts of graduated lengths, from 4 to 25 pica ems.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline pound font & \$1.00 & 25 pound font & 5.00 \\
\hline 10 pound font & 2.00 & 50 pound font. & 10.00 \\
\hline 12) pound font & 2.50 & 100 pound font : & 20.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{LEADS FOR LINING TYPE}


Font No. 1, Brass, one point; contains 7 pieces each 1 to 10 ems by nonpariels, 7 pieces each 11 to \(14 \mathrm{ems}, 5\) pieces each 14 to 19 ems , and 6 pieces 20 ems by picas
Font No. 2, Two point; contains 12 pieces each from 1 to 20 ems by picas, 12 pieces each from 1 to 10 ems by nonpariels
Font No. 3, Three point; contains 8 pieces each from 1 to 20 ems by picas, 12 pieces each from 1 to 10 ems by nonpariels

\footnotetext{
"The Midget," labor-saving case, having twenty-nine compartments, will hold either three fonts of No. 1, or one font each of No. 2 or 3
}

\section*{SHORT LEADS AND SLUGS}

Every printer will appreciate the value of having a good supply of short leads and slugs and a place to keep them.

Each font consists of accurately cut labor-saving leads and slugs in four thicknesses, \(1,2,3\) and 6 point, as shown in illustration, which also shows style of box in which they are sold.

18 point assortment, including case, per font ..... \(\$ 1.50\)
24 point assortment, including case, per font ..... 1.50
36 point assortment, including case, per font ..... 1.50
48 point assortment, including case, per font ..... 1.50
60 point assortment, including case, per font ..... 1.50


\section*{CHALLENGE METAL TIE-UP SLUGS}

Metal Tie-Up Slugs are of 12 point body and made from the best grade of metal and are grooved on one side so they can be placed around the type pages, when being locked up, without removing the string. This will save many a page from being pied just when it is needed. It will save all of the time usually consumed in removing the string and consequently will save the time required for putting string around the form when it is again taken from the chase.

Full Length, 18-inches long, per lb. ........................ \(\$ 0.18\)
Cut to measure, 7 -ems pica and over, per lb............... . . 25
Cut to measure, 4 to \(6 \frac{1}{2}\)-ems pica, per lb...................... . 35
Labor-saving fonts, 5,10 or 25 lbs., per lb.................. . . 25

\section*{ROUSE LEAD AND RULE CUTTERS}

\section*{Numbers 30 and 20}


The Rouse Lead and Rule Cutter No. 30 is the best Cutter made. The gauges can be set instantly. They are locked automatically and can not possibly slip. The Front Gauge slides on a stationary rod which is graduated to picas, and which acts as a truss to the gauge-rod proper, the whole forming an extremely rigid and unvarying construction. This gauge is especially convenient for cutting short lengths, as it sets to one nompareil as readily as to any other measure. The Point Gauge comes with the No. 30 Cutter only, and can be set quickly and accurately from six points to forty-five picas by points. In every other respect the No. 20 and No. 30 Cutters are identical. Both machines are graduated to picas, and numbered every five ems, the back-gaugerod indicating the measures when reversed and extended beyond the bed of the machine.-Circular.
No. 30 , Rouse Lead and Rule Cutter, gauges to 105 picas by nonpareils; also 45 picas by points....... \(\$ 12.00\)
No. 20 , Rouse Lead and Rule Cutter, gauges to 105 picas by nonpareils................................ 10.00

\section*{ROUSE LEAD AND RULE CUTTERS}

\section*{Numbers 10 and 1}

The No. 10 Cutter is a good, serviceable machine, more particularly adapted for small offices, paper box makers, and for cutting odd lengths. The Bed Gauge is reversible and is clamped quickly and securely by means of a compression thumb screw. Both Gauges are graduated to picas and numbered every five ems. The Bed Gauge has two rows of figures, one to indicate the measures when in its normal position, the other row to indicate the measures when the gauge is reversed and extended beyond the end of the bed. This cutter also has the grooved bed, which, with the flanges on the gauge-head preclude the possibility of thin material getting under the gauge.-Circular.

The No. 1 Cutter is exactly the same as the No. 10, except that
 it is not graduated.
No. 10, Rouse Lead and Rule Cutter, graduated to picas. Capacity, 84 ems ................................ \(\$ 7.00\) No. 1, Rouse Lead and Rule Cutter, not graduated. Capacity, 84 ems................................................. 6
"SUCCESS" RULE AND LEAD CUTTERS



\section*{LINOTYPE SLUG CUTTER}

This cutter is designed for cutting single Linotype slugs. It is of great advantage where irregular lengths, a single letter, or a small portion of a slug has to be cut off. The adjustable gauge can be instantly set for cutting any desired length.-Circular.
Linotype Slug Cutter.
.\(\$ 12.00\)


\section*{B. B. \& S. LEAD CUTTER}


A strong, cheap and reliable lead cutter.
B. B. \& S. Lead Cutter

\section*{CHANDLER \& PRICE LEAD AND RULE CUTTER}

This cutter embodies several valuable features, and is a radical departure from old styles. The bed is nearly vertical, but inclines slightly backward, with a raised guide along its lower edge. The lead or rule rests on edge and assumes its position by gravity, assuring a square cut. The guide is accurately graduated to 12-point ems, and numbered to \(\overline{5}\)-em lengths. The gauge is reversible for cutting leads longer than the bed and fitted with a latch to gauge the slots of the guide. A thumb screw holds the gauge for odd lengths. Gauges fourteen inches, 0 to 84 ems .-Circular. Chandler \& Price Lead and Rule Cutter, weight, 15 pounds.... \(\$ 8.00\)


\section*{MERCANTILE ADDRESSING MACHINE}


A modern system of addressing envelopes, letters, circulars, bills, statements, etc. Soon pays for itself in the saving of labor, time, postage and paper. Operated by foot power, fitted for steam when so ordered. Prints and moves the next address into place at one motion of the foot. No. 4 machine automatically prints same name twice if desired-once on bill and once on stub or envelope. This machine is especially adapted for use of Printers, Publishers, Wholesale Merchants, Manufacturers, Gas Light Companies, Electric Light Companies, Fire and Life Insurance Companies, Lawyers, Collection Agencies, and in fact every one with a mail list of a few hundred up to the millions. With one of these machines your office boy or girl can attend to mailing your circulars, etc., at the rate of 2000 or more an hour. Costs but a trifle to keep your list corrected up to date. Names are stored away in a neat, convenient cabinet, occupying less space than by any other system. It is built of iron and steel, in the most substantial manner, very simple in all its parts, not liable to get out of order, and will last a lifetime. It is operated by treadle and both hands are free for handling papers.-Circular.

No. 1 Mercantile Addressing Machine, for 10 em names ..... \(\$ 40.00\)
No. 2 Mercantile Addressing Machine, for 14 em names ..... 50.00
No. 3 Mercantile Addressing Machine, for 16 em names ..... 60.00
No. 4 Mercantile Addressing Machine, for 16 em names, with Duplicating Attachment ..... 90.00
No. 5 Mercantile Addressing Machine, for 16 em names, with duplicating and self-inking attachments 1 ..... 180.00
Power Attachment fitted to any Mercantile Addressing Machine, extra ..... 30.00
Style A Cabinet, each ..... 12.00
Style B Cabinet, each ..... 17.00
Style C Cabinet, each ..... 24.00
Style D Cabinet, each ..... 36.00
Style E Cabinet, each ..... 48.00
10 em Metal Slugs, 10 Point, ( 20 slugs to a pound), per lb. ..... 20
14 em Metal Slugs, 10 Point, ( 14 slugs to a pound), per lb ..... 20
16 em Metal Slugs, 10 Point, ( 12 slugs to a pound), per lb. ..... 20
10 em Wood Reglets, 6, 8 or 10 Point, per 100 ..... 15
\(14^{\circ}\) em Wood Reglets, 6,8 or 10 Point, per 100 ..... 20
16 em Wood Reglets, 6,8 or 10 Point, per 100 ..... 25
10 em Bell Slugs, steel, per doz. ..... 30
14 em Bell Slugs, steel, per doz ..... 40
16 em Bell Slugs, steel, per doz. .....  50
Extras:-Ink Stone in Cabinet, Cast Hand Roller, 1 Pound Ink, Ink Knife, Poole's Safety Benzine
Can, Brush, Screw Driver and Wrench ..... 7.50
Galleys fitted with Screw Lock or Quoin Lock as desired. Screw Lock furnished unless otherwisespecified.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline specified. & than & 00 то & 50 & 00 OR \\
\hline 10 em Galleys, all zinc, 30 inches long, each & \$0.66 & \$0.64 & \$0.62 & OVER
\(\$ 0.60\) \\
\hline 14 em Galleys, all zinc, 30 inches long, each & . 80 & . 78 & . 76 & . 7 \\
\hline 16 em Galleys, all zinc, 30 inches long, each & . 88 & . 86 & . 84 & . 82 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Acme Mailing Machine

\section*{ACME MAILING MACHINE}

The Acme has been simplified, strengthened and improved without materially altering the shape of the mailer. Anyone who has used other mailers will at once be able to handle this with increased facility, because it is much lighter and more convenient. That the machine is a favorite wherever used is attested by numerous testimonials from those who use it daily.

The machine was designed by a practical mailer, for years employed by one of Chicago's largest dailies, and he has produced something that will do the greatest amount of work in the smallest space of time and with the least labor to the operator.-Circular.
Acme Mailer, net ................................................................... . \(\$ 15.00\)


Mustang Mailing Machine
The Mustang Mailer occupies space 37 inches in length and \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) inches in width, is made wholly of iron, without springs or complications of any kind to get out of order. They are capable of printing addresses at the rate of 1,500 to 2,500 an hour, according to the expertness of the operator. The mail list is imposed (made up) on galleys 13 inches ( 10 ems pica) in width on the inside. Each galley will contain 75 to 80 addresses, is easily accessible for making corrections, and is convenient for handling.-Circular:
Price.
Galleys, each.

\section*{WOODEN MALLETS}

Made of thoroughly seasoned and selected stock, handles screwed in, finished in oil, attractive shape. Our lignumvitae Mallets are especially recommended. They are heavier than hickory mallets, and wear like iron.


\section*{RAWHIDE BOUND MALLETS}

The most durable, finest finish, and handsomest mallets made. Positively will not split.


2 -inch face, each................... \(\$ 0.60\)
21 -inch face, each
.75
3 -inch face, each.................. 1.00

\section*{SOLID RAWHIDE MALLETS}

Made entirely of rolled rawhide except the handle, which is of wood.

No. 4. Diameter, 2 in.; length, 3 ? in., weight, 10 oz ., each.
\(\$ 0.75\)


No. 5. Diameter, \(2^{3} \mathrm{in}\); length, \(4_{4}^{1} \mathrm{in}\)., weight, 20 oz ., each

\section*{IMPROVED UPRIGHT MITERING MACHINE}

The regular machine is fitted with a special sliding gauge by which rules can be cut to picas or other lengths, both rapidly and accurately, for the gauge can not slip.

The machine fitted with the micrometer gauge enables the operator, through its extremely accurate gauge combinations to shave a piece of rule exactly to any number of picas, nonpareils, or even points of the new standard system. The gauge itself consists of two main parts-the body and a sliding front piece, which is advanced or retracted by a milledhead micrometer screw, which allows exactly one pica lateral motion, and which, at each complete revolution, alters the distance between the shaving-knife and the gauge four standard points, or three-to-pica. A pointed indicator on the micrometer screw enables the operator to determine readily each half revolution, two points.-Circular.
Price, with sliding gauge
\(\$ 15.00\)
micrometer gauge.
20.00



\section*{MITER BOXES}

We offer here a Miter Box whích can not be broken. It is made of lumber that is built up of different layers, with the grain crossed.
Unbreakable Miter Box, \(13 \frac{1}{2}\) ems wide, \(\$ 0.50\) Unbreakable Miter Box, 3 in. wide... . 60 Old-Style Miter Box, 3 in. wide ...... . 50 Iron Miter Boxes, each
2.50

\section*{CHANDLER \& PRICE MITERING MACHINE}

Miters perfectly all kinds of brass or metal rule. The knife is made of the best steel and is easily sharpened. By adjusting the screw at the end of the hub, the cutting-wheel receives sufficient movement on the stud to readily admit of cutting rule to exact lengths.
Chandler \& Price Mitering Machine, weight, boxed, 42 lbs.... \(\$ 15.00\)

HAMILTON NEWSPAPER FILE



\section*{THE SUPERIOR NEWSPAPER FILE}

Made of steel, light, simple, and indestructible with ordinary use. Asquickly worked as picking upa pencil. Simply lift up the top strip, file your paper, and put back the top clamp which automatically locks itself. No screws nor hinges. No space required for opening. Takes any size paper.-Circular. 26 inch

Made of oak, nicely finished, with brass fastenings and polishedsteel thumbscrews. The method of opening and closing our file is novel and simple. The clasp end of the file has a flat-headed thumbscrew (see cut), which is passed through a slot, and by giving the screw a quarter turn the file is securely locked. When the head is turned parallel with the file it opens instantly.-Circular.

These files are made in regular sizes, to hold sheets \(20,22,24,26\), 28,30 and 34 inches wide. Other sizes made if desired.
Hamilton Newspaper Files, each.
\$1.25

 for cleansing-without removing any screws-and is as quickly re-assembled. Provision is made for skipping any number necessary, as may be required for check and other work which runs several forms to the page. All parts are absolutely interchangeable. The figures are engraved upon steel wheels and are practically indestructible. Only the size and style of figures shown in the illustration are carried in stock; others are made to order. Size of standard machine:- \(1 \frac{1}{2} \frac{x}{\frac{7}{6}}\) inches. Special small sizes made to order. Prices on application.

Model No. 28 is the same in every respect as Model No. 27 , except that it is made with six instead of five wheels. Capacity 1 to 999,999 . Size, \(1 \frac{1}{8} \mathrm{X}^{\frac{7}{8}}\) inches.
Model No. 27 .
Model No. 28.
18.00

\section*{Model No. 29 for Cash Sale Books}

Model No. 29 shown in the accompanying cut is of the same construction as Model No. 27, but designed to number consecutively from 1 to 50 or 1 to 100 and repeat automatically. Same machine made to number backward if desired. The simplest and most durable machine for this purpose ever produced. Size: 2 wheels, \(1 \frac{1}{8} \times \frac{7}{8}\) inches; 3 wheels, \(1 \frac{5}{8} \times \frac{7}{\frac{7}{6}}\) inches. Made with same style figures as Model No. 27 without extra charge. Model No. 29, 2 wheels
10.00

Model No. 29, 3 wheels
14.00


\section*{Model No. 31 for Numbering Pawn Tickets, Baggage Checks, Cotton Tags, Etc.}

An Automatic Machine made with any size figures from one quarter inch to one inch in height. The design and construction is the same as Model No. 27. These machines are more than type-high, but are used with entire success on ordinary printing presses by mortising the bed or re-adjusting the platen.
Model No. 31 ( 5 wheels, \(\frac{8}{8}\) inch figures)
\(\$ 45.00\) Model No. 31 ( 6 wheels, \(\frac{8}{8}\) inch figures)
50.00

\section*{Model No. 32 for Printing Waiter Numbers on Restaurant Checks, Etc.}

A type-high non-automatic machine, made with steel figures, which are set by hand, 12345 without unlocking the form. It is designed to take the place of type which must be fre- 12345 being constantly removed with tweezers. Size \(1 \times \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{2}\) inch. Price of Model No. 32 , each............... \(\$ 10.00\)

\section*{Model No. 33 for Dating Church Collection Envelopes, Transfer Tickets, Etc.}

A type-high dating machine designed to be locked in a form. Steel wheels are engraved with dates for twenty years, and set by hand as required, without unlocking the form. Size \(1 \ddagger \times \frac{1}{4}\) inch. Price of Model No. 33, each.

\author{
AUC 22 \\ 1905
}


\section*{Model No. 41 for Numbering Sales Books, Tags, Etc.}

An Automatic Type-high Numbering Machine made with figures of the greatest height that can be operated with type or without special adjustment of the press. In general design and construction it is the same as Model No. 27. It is made with six wheels and to number either forward or backward. Also, to repeat the number fifty times and advance one unit automatically.

Model No. 40 is the same in design and construction as Model No. 41 but made with five wheels.
Model No. 40, 5 wheels .
Model No. 41, 6 wheels
30.00

\section*{Extra Interchangeable Parts of Bates Numbering Machines}
Letter Wheels (9 letters) each ..... \(\$ 2.50\)
Skipping Unit Wheels ( 2 to 9) each
50
Letter Slides, with one letter, each ..... 50

\section*{Bates Model No. 39 for Numbering Gangs of Strip Tickets}

An Automatic Type-high Numbering Machine. The plunger may be located either above or below the alignment of the figures and the machine imposed in the form to strike upon the tympan outside the margin of the stock or used in connection with sectional ink rollers. Six wheels are usually provided and if an additional figure or a serial letter is required, it is engraved upon a fixture to be attached to the preceding end of the case. When used in gangs of ten machines, similar fixtures are placed upon the end of the case following the figures, engraved with one or two figures, thus providing for skipping ten or twenty and the tickets afterward collated in consecutive order. Made to order only, with any size or style of figures desired.-Circular.
Model No. 39.
\(\$ 30.00\)

\section*{WETTER NUMBERING MACHINES}

The New Model Wetter is the perfected Type-High Automatic Numbering Machine. Each impression of the press automatically changes the numbers. The Wetter is operated by plunger containing the word "No." to precede the figures; this "No." slide is removable without taking the form from the press and any other character such as "A," "B," etc., can be inserted in its place in a moment. With each machine a "blank" slide is furnished to use in place of the word "No." when working the machines on a job press and when it is more desirable to have only the figures print. The New Model Wetter is constructed of the best materials; parts are hardened where necessary and workmanship the best. All Figures are cut deep, and the faces perfectly flat and sharp.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
& \hline \text { MODEL } \\
& \text { NO. } \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
\] & WHEEL8 & Style of figures & WIDTH INCHES & LENGTH INCHES & LIST PRICE & MODEL
no. & WHEELS & STYLE OF FIGURES & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WIDTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LENGTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & LIST PRICE \\
\hline 237 & 3 & & \({ }^{61} 6\) & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{3}\) & \$10.00 & 188 & 3 & & \({ }^{81}\) & \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{3}\) & \$10.00 \\
\hline 186 & 4 & & 81 & \(1{ }^{1 \frac{3}{2}}\) & 11.00 & 182 & 4 & & 81 & \(1 \frac{1}{3}\) & 11.00 \\
\hline 125 & 5 & 12345678 & \({ }^{81}\) & \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) & 12.00 & 130 & 5 & 10123 & \({ }^{81}\) & \(11 \frac{1}{2}\) & 12.00 \\
\hline 126 & 6 & & \({ }_{81}^{88}\) & \(14 \frac{1}{4}\) & . 15.00 & 131 & 6 & & \({ }_{68} 8\) & \(12{ }_{3}\) & 15.00 \\
\hline 127 & 7 & & 88 & \(12 \frac{5}{3}\) & 19.00 & 132 & 7 & & \({ }_{8}^{68}\) & 181 & 19.00 \\
\hline 238 & 3 & \(18-1\) & \({ }_{8}^{81}\) & \(1{ }^{13}\) & 12.00 & 135 & 5 & \(\bigcirc-101\) & \({ }_{8}^{81}\) & \(1{ }_{3}^{28}\) & 16.00 \\
\hline 217 & 4 & \(10 \pm 2\) & \({ }^{81}\) & 11.1 & 14.00 & 136 & 6 & No 204 & \({ }_{81}^{81}\) & \(18 \frac{18}{64}\) & 19.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For numbering checks with stubs, any number to a page, "Skipping" unit wheels are necessary; these are interchangeable with the consecutive unit wheels furnished with each machine and can be adjusted to machine by any printer. We will send a little pamphlet telling all about them on request.
Skipping Wheels, (to skip any one number from 2 to 9) each
\$2.50
Letter Slides, (1 letter) each.
.50

\section*{The Midget Wetter}

A neiw machine, made entirely of steel, size \({ }^{3} \times 1 \frac{18}{9}\); the smallest stock machine made. Two sizes only. Model No. 115, 5 wheel.
\(\$ 18.00\)
Model No. 116, 6 wheel.
20.00

\section*{Wetter Model No. 185 for Numbering and Dating Church Envelopes, Etc.}

Five automatic wheels precede the dating attachment, and number 33141 DEC 251902 is also fitted with attachment, so that the same number can be printed any number of times, and can be adjusted to do this without taking the machine out of the form.
Model No. 185.
\(\$ 30.00\)

\section*{WETTER PLUNGERLESS NUMBERING MACHINE}

This is the only typographic numberer for use with or without type on printing presses, that prints nothing but the figures, without "No.," a period, or any other prefix or suffix intended to act as plungers or to prevent the printed sheet from being smeared by the revolving figures. The pressure of the platen or cylinder on the figures operates the mechanism which changes the numbers and also brings into action ingenious bearers which raise automatically and hold the printed sheet off the figures while they are changing. These bearers do not print on or indent the paper. All machines on this list are type-high. Order by Model Number.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline MODEL NO. & WHEELS & Style of figures & WIDTH INCHES & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { LENGTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & LIST PR:CE & MODEL No. & WHEELS & Style of figures & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WIDTH } \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & LENGTH INCHES & LIST PRICE \\
\hline 437 & 7 & \multirow{5}{*}{1234} & \(1_{64}{ }^{2}\) & \(1 \frac{7}{8}\) & \$18.00 & 388 & 3 & \multirow{5}{*}{\[
12345
\]} & \(1{ }_{64}{ }^{1}\) & \(2{ }_{3}{ }^{12}\) & \$18.00 \\
\hline 386 & 3 & & \(1{ }_{64}^{14}\) & \(1_{16}{ }^{7}\) & 19.00 & 382 & 4 & & \(1{ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) & \(1_{18}^{76}\) & 19.00 \\
\hline 325 & 4 & & \(1{ }_{64}^{14}\) & \(1_{18}{ }^{\prime}\) & 20.00 & 330 & 5 & & \(1_{64}{ }^{1 / 4}\) & \(1{ }_{18}{ }^{\prime}\) & 20.00 \\
\hline 326 & 5 & & \(1_{64}^{1 / 4}\) & \(1{ }^{2} \frac{1}{2}\) & 23.00 & 331 & 6 & & \(1{ }^{1 / 4}\) & \(1{ }^{\text {1 }}\) & 23.00 \\
\hline 327 & 6 & & \(1 \frac{1}{64}\) & 13 & 26.00 & 332 & 7 & & \(1{ }_{64}\) & 17 & 26.00 \\
\hline 438 & 3 & 2915 & \(1{ }_{64}^{1 / 4}\) & \(1_{18}{ }^{\text {9 }}\) & 19.00 & 335 & 5 & 15 & \(1_{64}{ }^{1 / 4}\) & 17 & 21.00 \\
\hline 417 & 4 & 2045 & \(1_{88}{ }^{1}\) & \(1{ }_{3}^{2} \frac{1}{2}\) & 20.00 & 336 & 6 & , & \(1{ }^{1 / 4}\) & \(2 \frac{1}{3}\) & 24.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


Model No. 50
123456

\section*{AUTOMATIC HAND NUMBERING MACHINES}

\section*{Model No. 50}

This new model embodies the highest achievements in the art of numbering machine construction. It has absolutely no equal even in the most expensive machines now upon the American or foreign markets. In its design there have been many departures from the usual plan. Every part is of steel, giving it rigidity and strength with minimum weight. It is made with three movements, consecutive, duplicate and repeat. Machines made to triplicate or repeat any number of times up to ten and advance automatically, made to order at an extra charge of \(\$ 1.00\). Special letter wheels furnished to order, \(\$ 2.00\) extra. Only the standard size and style of figures shown in the cut are furnished in stock machines. Other styles and sizes made to order.
Model No. 50 Hand Numbering Machine. \(\qquad\) \(\$ 15.00\)

\section*{Model No. 49}

This machine has been designed to meet the popular demand for a very moderate priced automatic numbering machine of durable construction, capable of accurate work. It is made with three movements, consecutive, duplicate and repeat. Only the standard size and style of figures shown in the cut are carried in stock. Other styles and sizes


Model No, 49
123456 made to order at an extra charge of \(\$ 1.50\) each. Machines made to triplicate or repeat any number of times up to ten and advance automatically made to order at an extra charge of \(\$ 1.00\). Model No. 49 Hand Numbering Machine

Specially prepared numbering machine ink is furnished in red, blue and black, record or copying. One-half ounce bottles, 25 cents. Ink pads 10 cents.

OVERLAY KNIFE.


In leather case, \(6 \times{ }^{\text {P }}\) 品 \(\$ 0.60\)
Without case . 50

\section*{PRINTERS' KNIVES}

Knife with bodkin ........................................ \(\$ 1.50\)
Knife with bodkin and tweezer
2.00

\section*{ST. JOHN PAPER KNIFE}
Each . ..... \(\$ 0.50\)
OIL CANS
Tin, small. .....  \(\$ 0.20\)
Tin, large ..... 25
PAGE CORD
Linen, per ball. .....  \(\$ 0.40\)
Cotton, per ball ..... 15

\section*{THE MANUFACTURER'S CARD CUTTER}


The Manufacturer's Cutter is a strong machine having a twenty-four inch blade, adapted as a whole to any reasonable work for which such a cutter may be used. An essential feature for manufacturing purposes is the automatic grip or binder which securely holds the work in position before the descending blade begins to cut and throughout its movement. Manufacturer's Card Cutter.
\(\$ 25.00\)

\section*{THE PREMIUM CARD CUTTER}

The Premium Card Cutter is a popular, all round machine, with a twelve inch blade, meeting the requirements of a medium sized cutter. A distinctive advantage is secured by a peculiar arrangement of the joint, by means of which a sheet of any length may be cut. By the simple adoption of a spring overhead connected by a cord attached to the handle, the cutter is adapted to rapid work where a great number of small pieces of uniform size are to be cut.
Premium Card Cutter
. \(\$ 10.00\)



\section*{STUDIO CARD CUTTER}

The Studio Cutter has a ten inch blade and is suited to a class of work lighter than that done by the "Premium." Studio Card Cutter
. \(\$ 3.00\)

\section*{CHANDLER \& PRICE PAPER CUTTER}

This cutter is built from new designs by scientific methods. It has ample metal, properly distributed to withstand strains. Being perfectly counterbalanced, it works quickly and with the minimum of effort. The back gauge and clamp interlock, clamping as narrow as one-half inch. The fingers of the clamp have a broad surface to avoid creasing the stock. All gauges are accurately squared with the knife. The back gauge extends to within one inch of the side gauge, and is divided and adjustable for book trimming or squaring small work. All parts are strictly interchangeable, and accurately fitting replacements may be ordered by number.-Circular.


\section*{"HOWARD GEM" LEVER PAPER CUTTER}

This is the original "Howard Gem" Lever Cutter. IIt has been improved from time to time, and has long been and:is still the most popular lever cutter on the market. It is a very fieavy, compact and rigid machine; powerful compound leverage makes it cut exceptionally smooth and easy. Clamp has large handwheel and quick-acting screw. Knife cuts clean and true. It is pravided with interlocking back gauge and clamp for cutting narrow widths. It is also supplied with our late "easily squared" split back gauge and stationary side gauges back and front on both sides. Half-inch cutting sticks with eight cutting surfaces same as large ones at one-third the cost. Gibs and setscrews in side frames to take up wear of knife bar. The lever is extra long and heavy, counterbalanced and adjustable to any desired position.-Cireular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & WEIGHT PRICE & extra knife \\
\hline 30-inch & . 1500 lbs . \$ \(\$ 175.00\) & \$16.00 \\
\hline 32-inch & . 1600 lbs., 200.00 & 18.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RELIANCE LEVER CUTTER}

The Reliance is amply braced to insure strength and rigidity. The bed is cross-ribbed underneath, with an extra-wide, brace or flange on the outer edge, and it is additionally strengthened by the heavy center brace. The top arch, which receives the strain of the clamp, is well formed and extra heavy, as is also the knife-bar and clamp. These are reasons why there can be no springing or yielding on the Reliancefeatures essential to accuracy as well as durability.

The lever system is simple and unusually powerful, rendering heavy cutting remarkably easy. The lever is keyed to the shaft, as is also the crank. The arm connecting knife-bar with crank has a motion in direct line with the motion of the knife-bar, thereby giving the leverage full force and guarding against lateral strain and wear on the knife-bar and slots. The knife, when elevated, is about three-fourths of an inch higher on the right end than on the left. This gives to the descending knife the desirable shear-like motion, cutting smoother and much easier than is the case with cutters having little or no shear cut.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & weight & PRICE & extra knife \\
\hline 161-inch & 350 lbs & \$ 55.00 & \$ 6.75 \\
\hline 23t-inch & 650 lbs & 90.00 & 9.25 \\
\hline \(25 \frac{1}{2}\)-inch & 750 lbs & 105.00 & 11.00 \\
\hline 282-inch & 900 lbs & 125.00 & 12.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{BROWN \& CARVER PAPER CUTTERS}


34 -inch, weight 5.200 pounds \$ 750.00 38 -inch, weight 5,900 pounds 875.00 44-inct weight 6,600 pounds ........................ 1075.00 50-incht, weight 7,500 pounds ................. . 1300.00 57 -inch, weight 10,150 pounds Oswe, N. Y. No overhead pulleys or fixtures of any kind are included.

\section*{\(\because \quad\) Automatic Clamp, Foot Treadle, and Hand Clamp}

These machines are the same in every particular as the regular Brown \& Carver Auto described above except they have the Hand Clamp parts in addition.
 Oswetro, N. Y. No overhead pulleys or fixtures of any kind are included.

\section*{Plain Automatic With or Without Treadle}

These machines are the same in every particular as the regular Brown \& Carver Auto described above except the Clamp and Back Gauge are plain (not figured), cutting work up to \(3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) inches, the Table is plain (not grooved), the Back Gauge is in two parts.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 34 -inch, weight 5,150 pounds. & Without & 660.00 & With treadle. & 735.00 \\
\hline 38 -inch, weight 5,850 pounds. & Without & 785.00 & With treadle. & 860.00 \\
\hline 44 -inch, weight 6,550 pounds. & Without treadle & 985.00 & With treadle. & 1060.00 \\
\hline 50 -inch, weight 7,450 pounds. & Without treadle & 1210.00 & With treadle. & 1285.00 \\
\hline 57 -inch, weight 9,950 pounds. & Without treadle & 1450.00 & With treadle. & 1525.00 \\
\hline 63 -inch, weight 12,450 pounds. & Without treadle. & 1750.00 & With treadle. & 1825.00 \\
\hline 68 -inch, weight 14,250 pounds. & Without treadle & 2050.00 & With treadle & 2125.00 \\
\hline 74-inch, weight 16,450 pounds. & Without treadl & 2500.00 & With treadle & 2575.00 \\
\hline 84 -inch, weight 18,950 pounds. & Without tread & 2900.00 & With tread & 2975.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Each cutter furnished complete with knife, oil can and wrenches delivered skidded and boxed f. o. b. cars Oswego, N. Y. No overhead pulleys or fixtures of any kind are included.

\section*{Semi-Automatic With Foot Treadle and Hand Clamp}

The Clamp on these Machines may be operated as on the Regular Hand Clamp Cutters, or`it may be brought down to the work quickly by Treadle and will lock automatically on the work or return to the top as desired.

\section*{BROWN \& CARVER \\ HAND CLAMP POWER PAPER CUTTER}

Cuts work up to one-half inch wide and the knife rises six and one-half inches. The back gauge is in three parts and when split, the section forms a side gauge so that work can be cut near the center of the knife as well as at the side of the machine. The back gauge is close to the side gauge for small work. The knife is bolted solidly to the bar and is instantly adjusted for level or wear by a turn of the connecting rods. The clamp is provided with a flat removable plate for fine work, which otherwise might be marred by the clamp fingers.
34 -inch, weight 4,500 pounds.
\$ 625.00
38 -inch, weight 5,200 pounds. 750.00 44 -inch, weight 6,000 pounds. ................. 950.00 50 -inch, weight 6,800 pounds.................... 1150.00 5 z-inch, weight 8,200 pounds. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1400.00 63 -inch, weight 10,500 pounds. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1700.00 68-inch, weight 12,300 pounds.................. 2000.00 74 -inch, weight 14,500 pounds. .................. . 2400.00 S4-inch, weight 16,000 pounds.................. 2800.00

Each cutter furnished complete with knife, oil can and wrenches delivered skidded and boxed f. o. b. cars Oswego, N. Y. No overhead pulleys or fixtures of any kind are included.


\section*{OSWEGO POWER AND HAND AND POWER PAPER CUTTER}

These are lively running, accurate Cutting Machines. The base is webbed directly under the clamping and cutting strain rendering the machine absolutely rigid. The Clamp rises \(4 \frac{8}{8}\) inches. The Clamp and Back Gauge interlock allowing work to be cut up to one-half inch, The Back Gauge is in two parts on 26 -inch and 32 -inch sizes, in three parts on 36 -inch size. The Hand Wheel is graduated to insure the movement for Back Gauge. The table is plain (not grooved); front scored in \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch squares with brass rule graduated to sixteenths of an inch, back graduated to sixteenths of an inch. The handles on the clamping wheel render clamping easy. (Round Rim Clamping Wheel furnished if desired). The Friction Clutch is thrown out automatically after every cut and the knife stopped at the top by a positive brake.
26 -inch, wt. 2,100 lbs. Power, \(\$ 280.00\). Hand and Power, \(\$ 300.00\) 32 -inch, wt. 2.400 lbs. Power, 315.00. Hand and Power, 335.00 36 -inch, wt. \(2,600 \mathrm{lbs}\). 0 Power, 400.00 . Hand and Power, 420.00

\footnotetext{
Each cutter furnished complete with knife, oil can and wrenches delivered skidded and boxed f. o. b. cars Oswego. N. Y. No overhead pulleys or flxtures of anyelkind are included.
}

\section*{OSWEGO COMBINATION HAND AND POWER CUTTER}

This machine has a mechanical device for changing speed and power. For Hand Power drive by shifting gear at right the speed can be decreased and power increased. Grooved Table furnished regularly (plain table to order) ; front scored 1 -inch lines with brass rule graduated to sixteenths of an inch, back graduated to sixteenths of an inch. Clamp rises \({ }^{\frac{3}{8}}\) inches. The Clamp and Back Gauge interlock allowing work to be cut up to \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch. Double clamp screws are operated by Pilot Hand. (Round Rim Hand Wheel if desired). The Hand Wheel is graduated to measure the movement of Back Gauge.
33 -inch, weight 2700 pounds .
. \(\$ 425.00\)

\section*{OSWEGO HAND WHEEL DRIVE CUTTERS}

Each cutter furnished complete with knife, oil can and wrenches delivered skidded and boxed f. o. b. cars Oswego. X. Y. No overhead pulleys or fixtures of any kind are included.



\section*{ADVANCE LEVER PAPER CUTTER}

The Advance Cutters have gibs and setscrews in side frames to take up wear of knifebar. The lever and knifebar are counterbalanced. The knife has a dip-cut, which makes the cutting very easy. It has side gauges on both sides, both back and front. This cutter is provided with "easily squared" back gauge, which also interlocks with the clamp, thus permitting stock to be cut as narrow as threefourths of an inch. The back gauge is made extra long, which brings it close to the side gauge, enabling both gauges to be used in squaring small stock. A figured scale is sunk in the table for convenience in cutting to measure.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & weight & Price & Extra knife \\
\hline 20)-inch & 685 lbs., & \$ 90.00 & \$ 9.00 \\
\hline 25 -inch & 765 lbs., & 110.00 & 10.00 \\
\hline 30 -inch & . 1160 lbs., & 165.00 & 14.00 \\
\hline 33 -inch & . 1440 lbs., & 200.00 & 16.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{ADVANCE POWER PAPER CUTTER}

The Advance Power Paper Cutter is the most substantial paper cutter ever made for the price. It has a side frame protector which absolutely prevents trimmings from wedging between knife and side frame, which is the cause of so many breaks on power cutters. The knife-bar is perfectly balanced, obviating all danger. The dip cut of knife insures easy cutting and economy of power. The throw-off stops the knife at the highest point of stroke automatically. It may be thrown off at any point by hand, in case of error and backed up to save stock. It has gibs and set screws to take up wear of knife-bar; figured rules cut in bed, back and front; "easily squared" back gauge which may be squared with knife in a moment's time; back gauge interlocks with clamp for trimming narrow work, and extends to within one inch of side gauge.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Weight & price & Extra knife \\
\hline 30-inch & 1774 lbs., & \$300.00 & \$14.00 \\
\hline 33 -inch & 18\%0 lbs., & 350.00 & 16.50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\section*{PONY ADVANCE LEVER PAPER CUTTER}

These "Pony" Advance cutters fill a special field of usefullness. They are unequaled for cutting and trimming labels and small work of any kind, and are valuable alike to small and large establishments, even though larger lever or power cutters be employed. These cutters are first-class in every respect, and equal to the large Advance paper cutters in material, workmanship and finish. They possess greater strength and durability, and are more easily operated than any other cutter of likecapacity. Gauges squared to the knife.-Circular. 16 -inch \(\$ 50.00\) 19-inch
65.00



\section*{COMBINATION PAPER JOGGER}

It is an admitted fact by those who have tested the merits of the Jogger, that there is nothing in a press-room that will so soon pay for itself as a device for evening up paper. It will take two hours of a good man's time to even the paper from a press one day, say nothing of the sheets that are torn on the edges by handling uneven paper. These Joggers will save the price they cost from one to four times a year. In ordering, always give size of the largest sheet you want to print. If your table is fitted to the press, give accurate measurements of the same. State the kind of press.-Circular.


\section*{EXTRA HEAVY ROSBACK PROGRESS POWER PERFORATOR WITH FEED GAUGE}

Has hardened tool steel dies and punches, reclining rear table feed gauge, automatic sheet delivery, steel slugs, punches on the center of guide pins, etc.

28 inch, steam power, complete, weight 750 pounds........................................................... \(\$ 275.00\)
30 inch, steam power, complete, weight 800 pounds
300.00

\section*{EXTRA HEAVY HARDENED DIE ROSBACK PERFORATORS}
15 inch foot power, weight 300 pounds ..... \(\$ 85.00\)
20 inch foot power, weight 325 pounds ..... 100.00
24 inch foot power, weight 335 pounds ..... 125.00
28 inch foot power, weight 350 pounds ..... 150.00
24 inch steam power, weight 410 pounds ..... 175.00
28 inch steam power, weight 425 pounds ..... 200.00

\section*{ROSBACK PERFORATOR}

The original independent punch perforator embodies all improvements found in the power perforator. 15 inch, foot power, weight 300 pounds. . \(\$ 60.00\)

24 inch, foot power, weight 335 pounds. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100.00
28 inch, foot power, weight 350 pounds........................................................................... 125.00
28 inch, steam power, weight 425 lbs .............................................................................. . . . 175.00



\section*{FRANKLIN HAND PERFORATOR}

Perforates 10 inches and is provided with gauges on both sides, so that the sheets may be turned and fed in again, making a continuous perforated line 20 inches long. Needles make round holes, like the perforation on a sheet of postage stamps.-Circular.

10 inch
\(\$ 25.00\)

\section*{MONITOR ROUND HOLE PERFORATOR}

The Monitor Extra Heavy Perforator embodies points of superiority and durability; very massive and strong. The side guides for head are supported by a cross-brace, thereby insuring a true and perfect perpendicular motion. The head is connected with operating shaft below by side rods which are joined to the head by means of a projecting hub, on which the collar of the side rod operates; this removes any possible lateral motion or strain to the perforator head. Bed plate supports lower die thoroughly. Stripper is made on angle steel, preventing springing of stripper in center and avoiding the binding of die and stripper by needles during operation. Needles are in line with center of side rods, assuring a true and perpendicular motion. Every needle is separate and can be removed and replaced independently, and can be sharpened while in machine. Provided with hardwood tables, back and side gauges.-Circular.
24-inch, Foot Power, extra heavy
. \(\$ 200.00\)
2S-inch, Foot Power, extra heavy. 225.00

30-inch, Foot Power, extra heavy. 275.00

24-inch, Steam Power, extra heavy 250.00

28 -inch, Steam Power, extra heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 275.00
30 -inch, Steam Power, extra heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 325.00


Special Patented Feeding Gauge, extra........................... 30.00

\section*{MONITOR STANDARD PERFORATOR}

The Monitor Standard Perforators are constructed on same principle as our heavy pattern, embodying the same recent improvements and conveniences. It is fully capable of meeting the requirements for general work, will give entire satisfaction and prove to be a machine superior to that of any other manufacture. Provided with fine hardwood tables, back and side gauges. These machines are furnished with or without power, the power device being very simple and quick in action. The machines are thoroughly guaranteed in every respect.-Circular.
12-inch, Hand Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 40.00
20-inch, Foot Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75.00
24-inch, Foot Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100.00
28-inch, Foot Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 125.00
30-inch, Foot Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 150.00
24-inch, Steam Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 150.00
28-inch, Steam Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 175.00
30-inch, Steam Power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 225.00
Special Patented Feed Gauge, extra . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 30.00

\section*{IMPROVED GEM PERFORATOR.}

This machine, the Gem Perforator, is perfect in all its parts, made of the best material, and is the only perforator made which has hardened and tempered steel dies. The perforations are round, as on postage stamps. Needles bent by accident or otherwise can be removed very easily, and others inserted, as the needles are all independent and are not soldered together-a notable fault with other perforators now in use. When needles are worn too short new ones can be purchased for fifty cents per hundred from the dealer. One hundred extra needles, one pair of pliers, one screwdriver, one file for sharpening needles, and directions for operating, sent with each perforator.-Circular.
15-inch, foot power ..... \(\$ 40.00\)
20 -inch, foot power ..... 50.00
24 -inch, foot power ..... 60.00
28-inch, foot power ..... 70.00


\section*{BATES TYPOGRAPHIC PERFORATING MACHINES}

Models No. 45 and No. 46


This is a machine designed for the purpose of perforating at the same time as the printing operation is performed, without, however, injuring the rollers as is the case with the ordinary steel perforating rule.

The driving head, Model 46. consists of a metal block in which the plunger and a powerful spring are mounted. The blades are made in two and three inch sections which are assembled in line and connected to the driving head, so that any length perforation may be obtained; the driving mechanism being so located in the form that it strikes the tympan beyond the margin of the stock to be perforated. Dimensions of drivin. head, \(70 \times 92\) points. Width of perforating blades, 18 points. This plunger, when at rest, is above "type high," and as the impression is made, its depression raises the perforating blade or blades to a position in which the cutters are slightly more than "type high," Creasing or scoring blades may be quickly substituted for perforating blades and used in the same cases with the same driving head. It may be successfully operated upon either platen or cylinder presses, but upon the later it is designed to perforate in line or parallel with the cylinder only. It should be borne in mind, that the character of the perforation is not simply an indentation, but a clean cut, equaling the best pin-hole perforation which is otherwise only accomplished with the most expensive perforating machines at a separate operation. Not only is the entire cost of perforating eliminated but the expense and annoyance caused by the delays invariably associated with a second operation are also overcome.-Circular.
Model No. 45 Perforating Blades, 3 -inch sections .......................... ..................................... \(\$ 6.00\)
Model No. 45 Perforating Blades, 2-inch sections ................................................................... 5.00
Model No. 46 Driving Head............................................................................................. 4.00
Scoring Blades, (2-inch or 3-inch interchangeable with perforating blades) ............................. 2.50

\section*{PROOF PLANERS}

Made of Maple, carefully faced with high-priced closely woven, firm and durable felt.
Proof Planers, \(3 \ddagger \times 8\) inches ......................................... \(\$ 0.60\)
Proof Planers, \(3 \ddagger \times 8\) inches, with leather top................... . . 70


\section*{PLANERS}

Made of the best selected rock maple.


Maple, small, \(3 \ddagger \times 6\) inches
\$0.25
Maple, large, \(3 \ddagger \times 8\) inches.
.30
Maple, leather top, \(3 \ddagger \times 8\) inches ......... . . 40
Midget Planers, \(1 \frac{13}{3} \times 3 \times 1 \frac{1}{2}\) inches ....... . . 07

\section*{LINOTYPE PLANER}

A necessity in every office having linotype machines. Faced with corrugated rubber, it removes the "whiskers" from linotype slugs without injury to the face of the type.


Linotype Planers, \(34 \times 6\) inches ................... \(\$ 0.50\)

\section*{PILOT PRESS}

These presses rank as the best of this class in the market, and have never yet failed to give entire satisfaction. They are time savers, as many jobs of card or other work can be put on this press and completed in less time than would be consumed in making ready on ordinary job presses.

The size, \(6 \frac{1}{2} \times 10\) inches inside chase, embraces all ordinary commercial work. Each press is furnished with one set of rollers, wrench and chase.
\(6 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \times 10\) inside chase . \(\$ 35.00\) With fountain...................................................................... 45.00

\section*{THE UNIVERSAL PRESSES}


No. 3 Improved Galley Universal

New Styles compared with the old style Universals have heavier shafts, gear wheels, bridges and platens; greater weight, strength and durability; they run faster, easier and smoother, with an almost noiseless movement; they have an improved distribution, improved bridge locks, improved changers, new pattern combination belt shifter and brake, and the least possible liability to breakage in all parts.

They are adapted to all kinds of work, from the lightest card work to the heaviest embossing and wood printing. They are made of the best material, by skilled workmen, from new patterns, with new machinery and special tools, and challenge comparison with any presses ever made, in all the qualities required for perfect printing machinery.

\section*{Description of the Three Styles and List Prices}

Quarto Medium Universals are equipped with five cast iron chases, one roller mold (for which a set of cast rollers or two cast iron chases will be substituted, if preferred), six form roller stocks, four distributor roller stocks, two ductor roller stocks, six large and six small roller wheels, two iron lateral distributors, two feed tables, three wrenches and treadle fixtures (for which two cast iron chases will be substituted, if preferred. The same parts are included with the Half Medium, except chases, and one steel chase and three cast iron chases are supplied; with the Half Super Royal, Styles No. 1, 2, and 3 two steel chases and two cast iron chases are supplied; with the Super Royal, Style No. 4, five steel chases are supplied. No treadle fixtures are supplied with any of the styles of Half Super Royal. Half Medium, except an additional charge. All Quarto Medium Presses have the single adjuster latch.

Style No. 1
This is the regular press, adapted for general commercial letter-press work.


\section*{Style No. 2}

This style differs from the No. 1 in that it is heavier and stronger in its general build, having a much heavier platen and a heavier fly-wheel for "carrying over" on a more powerfulimpression. It also has the steel section welded into the rim of the large gear wheel, in which are formed the teeth which are in engagement with the teeth of the driving pinion during the time of the impression.

The Style No. 2 is equipped with our new style double rolling device, which lifts one of the form rollers clear of the form on the downward movement of the carriage, by means of latches, which drop automatically, as the rollers leave the distributing cylinders, and hold one roller off the form by supporting its journal boxes. When the roller carriage passes the lower edge of form, the latches are released by pins coming in contact with stops on frame of press and the roller with a fresh supply of ink, passes over the form on the upward movement.
Half Medium, \(13 \times 19\) inside chase, shipping weight 2,750 pounds
.\(\$ 500.00\)


\section*{Style No. 3, Combination "A"}

For letterpress printing of the highest grade, cold embossing, stamping and all work that can be executed on a platen set to print at the height of type.


\section*{Style No. 3, Combination "B"}

For letterpress printing and (in addition to all work that can be done on Combination A) book-cover inlaying, and cutting and creasing. This combination is fitted with a movable s inch steel platen plate and a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch brass platen plate, the latter for use in cutting and creasing.
Quarto Medium, \(10 \times 15\) inside chase, shipping weight 2,000 pounds .
\(\$ 470.00\)
Half Medium, \(13 \times 19\) 66 \({ }_{66}\)
626.00


\section*{Style No. 3, Combination "C"}

For letterpress printing and hot embossing (in addition to all work that can be done on Combinations A and B). This combination is fitted with a steam-blank, \(\frac{z}{8}\) inch thick, a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch steel plate for same, a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch steel platen plate, a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch brass platen plate and two cast-iron platen plates.
Half Medium, \(13 \times 19\) inside chase, shipping weight 2,900 pounds .
\(\$ 738.00\)


\begin{abstract}
Style No. 3, Combination "D"
For letterpress printing, printing on wood (not exceeding 1 inch in thickness), and cold embossing. This combination is fitted with a \(\frac{\frac{7}{8}}{}\) inch movable cast-iron platen blank, a movable \(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{8}}\) inch steel platen plate, and a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch brass platen plate, the latter for use in cutting and creasing.


\section*{Style No. 3, Combination "E"}

For letter-press printing, printing on wood (not exceeding 1 inch in thickness), hot embossing, and all work that can be done on Combination A, B, and C. This combination is fitted with steam blank and pipe connection, \({ }^{8}\)-inch movable cast-iron platen blank, one .405 -inch movable cast-iron platen blank, \(\frac{1}{8}\)-inch steel platen plate, a movable steel plate on steam blank, and a movable \(\frac{1}{8}\)-inch brass platen plate.


\section*{Style No. 4}

To meet the demand of those printers who require a larger press than the \(14 \times 22\) inches; to publishers using ready prints, in small towns, for one-page work; blank-book makers and others, who do not have constant need for a cylinder press, we offer the Style No. 4 Universal. This press is built in one size only \(-17 \times 25\) inches inside chase, on new lines, and no expense has been spared in this new production. The frame is of a solid, modern design and is proportionately heavier than the \(14 \times 22\) inches; the bridge, flywheel, hook connection and cam lever are heavier; the cam-way in the large gear wheel is of an improved design, requiring a larger friction roller; the gear wheel has the steel section in the rim like the Style No. 2 and Style No. 3 Universals; the carriage ways are of a new design, the carriage slot being perpendicular its full length; an adjustable counterweight to balance the weight of the carriage, when carrying one, two or three form rollers is a new feature; this press has the long pinion shaft with the outside floor support like the Style No. 3 Universal and the new style double inking device without springs is a part of the regular equipment.
Style No. \(4,17 \times 25\) inches inside chase, shipping weight 3,300 pounds.
\(\$ 600.00\)

Electric Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases furnished as follows;
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline sIzE & THE FOLLOWING DEDUCTION WILL BE MADE FROM THE NET PRICE OF PRESS IF ONE ELECTRIC-WELOED CHASE IS ORDERED INSTEAD OF THE USUAL 3 new cast iron chases. & THE FOLLOWING CHARGE WILL BE ADDED TO THE NET PRICE OF PRESS IF TWO ELECTRIC-WELDED CHASES ARE SUPPLIED IN PLACE OF THE USUAL 3 NEW CAST, IRON CHASES. & THE FOLLOWING CHARGE WILL \(8 E\) ADDED TO THE NET PRICE OF PRESS If THREE ELECTRIC-wELDED CHASES ARE GUPPLIED IN PLACE OF THE USUAL 3 NEW CAST IRON CHASES. \\
\hline Quarter medium, \(10 \times 15\) & \$1.33 & \$3.35 & \$ 8.02 \\
\hline Half medium, 13x19 ... & 1.23 & 4.30 & 9.82 \\
\hline Half Super Royal, 14x2\%. & . 59 & 4.07 & 10.23 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

We do not guarantee or recommend cast iron chases for job presses.

\section*{UNIVERSAL EMBOSSING MACHINE.}

No. 1, \(214 \times 22\) inch bed, 18 x20 inside chase.......................................................................... \(\$ 800.00\)


\section*{UNIVERSAL STAMPING PRESS.}

This is a very heavy, powerful press, built especially for stamping book covers, and making signs and photo mounts.
No. 3, size of bed \(24 \times 26\) inches....................................................................................... \(\$ 1600.00\)
For hot work, steam blank............................................................................................ . . . . . . . 150.00
For hot work, gas blank. . ............................................................................................. 200.00

\section*{UNIVERSAL CUTTERS AND CREASERS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. 1, & size & of bed, & \(22 \times 313\) inches & . \(20 \times 30\) & inside & hase, & hipping & eight & 4,800 & unds & & 700.00 \\
\hline No. 12, & " & " " & \(24+\times 313\) inches. & .221 \(\times 304\) & " & " & , & * & 4,900 & " & & 800.00 \\
\hline No. 2, & " & " " & \(25 \times 33\) inches. & .23łx 31 & " & " & . & " & 5,100 & " & & 900.00 \\
\hline No. 3, & " & " " & \(27 \frac{1}{1} \times 41 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. & \(.27 \times 40\) & " & " & . & * & 6,500 & " & & 1200.00 \\
\hline No. 4, & " & " ، & \(31 \times 45 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) inches. & . \(30 \times 44\) & " & " & - & " & 7,400 & " & & 1400.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Each press is furnished with a steel platen plate, \(\frac{1}{8}\) inch thick, (or a brass plate, if preferred,) three chases, two feed tables, power fixtures on press, brake and one wrench.

\section*{CHANDLER \& PRICE PRESS}

The Chandler \& Price is heavier and stronger than any other Gordon press, but is constructed upon scientific lines and principles that insure its running easily, quietly and as quickly, as it is possible to feed, without racking or undue wear. The side-arms and shaft are of forged steel. The throw-off is instantaneous, positive and easy to operate, without springs, clamps, or catches. The depressible grippers can not get beneath the rollers. The chase clamp is positive and instantaneous. The distribution is unequaled. The horizontal platen, with long rest, insures speed and ease in-feeding. In short, the Chandler \& Price press is the standard of excellence in Gordon presses. That it is the cheapest in the long run is proved by the thousands in successful use for many years. Every press is given an expert's severe test before leaving the factory. This test of the complete machine, after the rigid scrutiny of all parts during their making, is the good reason why not one press out of more than 23,000 has been found defective in material or make. It is better to detect than to have to correct.-Circular.

\(7 \times 11\) inside chase, weight \(1,000 \mathrm{lbs}\).
165.00
\(10 \times 1\) \(10 \times 15\) inside chase, weight \(1,800 \mathrm{lbs}\) ..... 250.00
\(12 \times 18\) inside chase, weight \(2,500 \mathrm{lbs}\) ..... 300.00
\(14 \times 20\) inside chase, weight \(3,000 \mathrm{lbs}\) ..... 400.00
\(14 \frac{1}{3} \times 22\) inside chase, weight \(3,100 \mathrm{lbs}\) ..... 450.00
Steam fixtures. ..... 
Buckeye fountain ..... 10.00
Chandler \& Price fountain ..... 20.00

Each press is furnished with throw-off, depressible grippers three chases, a brayer, two wrenches, two sets of roller stocks, a treadle, and one roller mold.

Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases furnished as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline SIZE & \begin{tabular}{l}
NET EXTRA CHARGE FOR ONe ELECTRIC \\
welded chase instead of the \\
- usual 3 new cast iron chases.
\end{tabular} & NET EXTRA CHARGE FOR TWO ELECTRIC welded chases instead of the usual 3 new cast iron chases. & net extra charge for three elec TRIC WELDED Chases instead of th usual 3 new cast iron chases. \\
\hline \(7 \times 11\) & \$3.62 & \$ 7.87 & \$12.12 \\
\hline \(8 \times 12\) & 3.62 & 7.87 & 12.12 \\
\hline \(10 \times 15\) & 3.77 & 8.45 & 13.12 \\
\hline \(12 \times 18\) & 4.17 & 9.70 & 15.22 \\
\hline \(14 \times 20\) & 4.60 & 10.76 & 16.92 \\
\hline \(14 \frac{1}{2} \times 2\) & 4.57 & 10.73 & 16.89 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

We do not guarantee or recommend cast iron chases for job presses.


POINT-LINE, POINT-SET,' POINT-BODY

\section*{WASHINGTON HAND PRESS}

Printers who have been accustomed to using the Washington Hand Press will appreciate the radical improvements made in the press which we offer to the trade. It is made from new patterns, and all parts are interchangeable. The platen is strengthened by transverse ribs, and the bed is made heavier, to resist the force of the impression and make it uniform at all points. The lever support is strengthened by a brace extending upward against the frame. The bed trucks are stronger, and the studs, steps and points are all of steel, hardened. -Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & platen & BED & IGht & PRICE \\
\hline \(6-\mathrm{col}\). foli & \(21 \times 30\) & \(25 \times 3\) & 1,675 lbs. & \$200.00 \\
\hline 7 -col. folio & . \(23 \times 35\). & \(27 \times 39\). & .1,850 lbs. & 225.00 \\
\hline S-col. folio & \(25 \times 38\). & \(29 \times 42\). & .2,275 lbs. & 250.00 \\
\hline 9 -col. folio & 281 \(\times 43\). & \(31 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} \times 47}\) & .2,850 lbs. & 275.00 \\
\hline \(6-\mathrm{col}\). qto & \(29 \times 43\). & \(32 \frac{1}{2} \times 48\). & 2,950 lbs. & 300.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Price includes one screw wrench one ink brayer one pair bearers, and ink slice; also boxing and cartage. Extra bearers per pair, 50 cents. Extra friskets, \(\$ 3.50\) to \(\$ 6.00\).

As a rule we can supply second-hand Washington Hand Presses of all sizes on demand.

\section*{CHALLENGE-GORDON PRESS}

Recent patented improvements place this in the front rank of job presses. The patented impression throw-off is the only device that holds the eccentric shaft absolutely stationary both on and off the impression. The ink disc is large, and noiseless in operation, is highly polished, easily cleaned and no grooves to harbor dirt; this is especially desirable for color printing. The platen is counter balanced, prevents wear on cam and cam roller. In presses with this improvement in use five years the cams are as perfect as the day they left the factory. The platen of \(10 \times 15\) and smaller sizes have extra heavy truss ribs in center; the \(12 \times 18,13 \times 19\) and \(14 \times 20\) have five impression screws; the \(14 \frac{1}{2} \times 22\) has six-insures a rigid and true impression. Gear wheels are extra wide and the cam-way and cam roller are broad, giving extra strength and wearing surface. The cam roller and stud are made of tool steel, tempered and ground to micrometer gauge. Patented depressidle gripper-bar and grippers are the simplest and best. The bar is malleable iron, with groove to hold grippers, prevents swinging and injury to forms. The grippers are slotted for use on close margins. Forged steel crankshafts and connecting rods on all sizes. The \(12 \times 18\) and all larger sizes have cut steel pinions, also new style folding feedboard. Instantaneous chase lock fastens or releases the chase without soiling the fingers. Each press is supplied with foot brake and gauge pin holder. All bearings are carefully fitted, hence smooth, easy running and perfect in every movement. This is the secret of accurate register for which the noiseless Chatlenge Gordon is noted.-Circular.
Eighth Medium, \(8 \times 12\) inside chase, weight 1,040 lbs
\(\$ 165.00\)
Quarter Medium, \(10 \times 15\) inside chase, weight \(1,660 \mathrm{lbs}\). 250.00

Quarter Medium (large), \(12 \times 18\) inside chase, weight \(2,500 \mathrm{ibs}_{\text {. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 300.00}\)
Half Medium, \(13 \times 19\) inside chase, weight 2,650 lbs............... 350.00

Challenge Speed Treadle for \(8 \times 12\) only 15.00

Side Steam Fixtures, extra. 15.00

Three chases, foot brake, gauge pin box, gripper and impression wrench, three cast rollers, oft brayer with cast roller and three roller stocks furnished with each press.

Electric-Welded Silver-Gloss Steel Chases furnished as follows:


We do not guarantee or recommend cast iron chases for job presses.

\section*{B. B. \&eS. PRESS BRAKE}

\section*{For all Gordon and Other Presses}
- A simple, durable and effective Job Press Brake. Made of cast iron. Easily attached to any platen press. Belt can be run on fly wheel if desired. Stops press instantly, thus avoiding accidents and expensive repairs. A trial is the most conrincing argument.

Size No. 1-Shipping weight \(18 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{lbs}\)., fits \(7 \times 11,8 \times 12\) Gordon \(\$ 5.00\)
Size No. \({ }^{2}\)-Shipping weight 21 lbs., fits \(9 \times 13,10 \times 15\) Gordon 5.00
Kike No. 3-Shipping weight 22 lbs., fits \(12 \times 18,13 \times 19\) Gor-
dons and \(10 \times 15\) and \(13 \times 19\) Universals and Colts Armory
Size No. 4-Shipping weight 22 lbs., fits \(14 \times 22\) and \(14 \frac{1}{2} \times 2\) Gordon and \(14 \times 22\) Universals and Colts Armory 5.00

Size No. 5-Shipping weight 22 lbs., fits \(12 \times 15\) and \(15 \times 21\) Golding Jobbers
5.00

Special Brakes can be furnished for any press if the following dimensions are given: The diameter of the fly wheel; the distance from the fly wheel to the floor, and the distance from center of fly
 wheel to front of press.

\section*{THE OPTIMUS TWO-REVOLUTION PRINTING PRESS}
 includes the No. 43 and the Pony presses. Therein we set forth the reasons why it is the superior machine it is. The recof of the Optimus makes it worth the consideration of every good printer; and to one at all interested in presses of this style we suggest that a perusal of what we have said will be worth while. The better printer the inquirer may be, and the more exacting his demands for the production of high-class work, economically and speedily, the more will this press appeal to him.

The Optimus is simple, strong, fast, and enduring, the least complicated of all two-revolutions, with the least number of parts.

No matter-what its use may have been in length or amount of service, register between bed and cylinder icxat and unvarying.

An everinimyielding impression is secured by great strength in the cylinder, shaft, journals and bopes, and a solid support of six tracks under the bed of medium and large sizes, which are in turn stipported by the most massive center-girt in any press. Four of the tracks are quickly adjusted for wear:

The patent cylinder lifting device is simply an efccentric box holding the cylinder journals. Impression is always taken when the eccentric is on the center. There is no strain, therefore, on connections. There is no counter-balance. The Optimus is the only press wherein the cylinder boxes
 atts fixed as a part of side frames, and do not slide up and down with the cylinder. The side-frame frere, are made to bear the brunt of impression contrary to the general practice.

The cylinder is adjusted by a short and very heavy steel screw so fitted into the box that all straipois take upon its head. This screw will sustain fifty times the strain that it ever will be called upon to endure.
\({ }^{7}\) The Optimus bed and cylinder mechanism embraces the patent ball and socket motion. It is the only derge insuring a perfectly uniform movement, and absolute register between bed and cylinder. It is the simplest, and perfect mechanically. It makes possible a large driving gear, which consumes one-third of its time in reversing the bed. With the air spring this avoids all jar, and results in smooth running at the

Pony OptImus highest speed known to two-revolution presses, withont wear to forms. It also affords the great advantage of driving bed forward and back from same point of contact.

The rack is not in the center of the bed but in the center of the load. The rollers, geared direct to one end of the bed, require a large amount of power to drive. The rack is located at the proper point from center of bed to bring it in the center of load.

The patent overbalanced piston head is adjusted without any tool, stays where placed, is always
air tight, and wear can be taken up quickly. The patent controlling device holds the sliders under bed in position.

Table and form rollers are geared to the bed positively, and are interchangeable, except on ponies. On all sizes except ponies, ink passes from fountain to vibrator on first pair of table rollers. It cannot reach the plate until one complete revolution of press has been made, when it is as well distributed as it is when placed on forms by some two-roller machines. The Optimus distribution is the best in the world.

The patent roller bearings hold both form and


Cylinder Exposed for Make-Ready table rollers firmly locked in contact with form (or table) and vibrator, or quickly release them, both operations being by a simple movement of the hand, and independent of the device for adjusting contact.

There is a patent safety gripper mechanism. It is noiseless and absolutely accurate.
The back-up is used as a brake.
The famous front delivery of the Optimus is one of its great advantages over all others. It requires no adjustment for varing sizes of paper, and delivers printed side up in plain view of feeder and pressman. It is easily and quickly disconnected to give
 access to form in front of cylinder, in which position press can be run.

The extreme rigidity of the Optimus makes it extremely fast in make-ready, and this added to its unequaled speed in operation makes it the fastest two-revolution in use. At highest speed it runs easily and almost noiselessly, the quietest known. It is the only press that does not gutter.

We emphasize the advantage of the Optimus in its little need of repairs. It is a real, positive, extraordinary fact. Optimus simplicity, Optimus strength, Optimus construction make repairs practically nothing during the life of the press. Not only is money saved, but delays that aggravate and disorganize are avoided.

\section*{Dimensions, Speed and Weight of 0 ptimus Presses}

Each press is boxed, and delivered f. o. b. cars or dock at factory, and is furnished with steam fixtures (or arranged for belt attached electric motor); one set cast rollers, one extra set roller cores, counter. slitter, wrenches, oil cans, and hard packing.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & \[
\begin{array}{|l|l}
\text { No. OF } \\
\text { Rouls }
\end{array}
\] & \[
\underset{\text { BED }}{\mathrm{SILE}_{\mathrm{BE}} \mathrm{OF}}
\] & SIZE OF matter & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { GUARAN- } \\
\text { TEED } \\
\text { SPEED } \\
\text { PER HOUR }
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & foundation & SPACE OVER ALL &  \\
\hline 3 & 2 & \(26 \times 32 \mathrm{in}\). & \(21 \times 27 \mathrm{in}\). & 3.000 & \(7 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 3 \mathrm{ft}\).10 in & \(9 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 6 \mathrm{ft} .7 \mathrm{in}\). & 7.500 \\
\hline 4 & 2 & \(27 \times 39 \mathrm{in}\). & \(23 \times 36\) in. & 2.800 & 7 ft .8 in. x 4 ft .5 in . & 10 ft .3 in. x 7 ft .2 in . & 8,200 \\
\hline 43 & 3 & \(28 \times 41 \mathrm{in}\). & \(24 \times 3 \% \mathrm{in}\). & 2.500 & 8 ft . \(1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 4 \mathrm{ft}\). 7 in . & 10 ft . 6 in . x 8 ft . & 10,150 \\
\hline 5 & 4 & \(30 \times 43 \mathrm{in}\). & \(25 \times 38 \mathrm{in}\). & 2.400 & 8 ft .11 in . x 5 ft . & 11 ft . 9 in. x 8 ft .8 in . & -14,500 \\
\hline 6 & 4 & \(34 \times 47 \mathrm{in}\). & \(29 \times 42 \mathrm{in}\). & 2.100 & \(9 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 5 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{in}\). & 13 ft . x 9 ft . 2 in . & 16,500 \\
\hline 7 & 4 & \(36 \times 52 \mathrm{in}\). & \(31 \times 47 \mathrm{in}\). & 1,900 & 10 ft .8 in . \(\mathrm{x} 5 \mathrm{ft}\).10 in . & 14 ft .4 in . x 9 ft .8 in . & 19,000 \\
\hline 9 & 4 & \(39 \times 55 \mathrm{in}\). & \(34 \times 50 \mathrm{in}\). & 1,500 & \(11 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 6 \mathrm{ft} .1 \mathrm{in}\). & 15 ft . 4 in . x 10 ft . & 21,000 \\
\hline 10 & 4 & \(41 \times 55 \mathrm{in}\). & \(36 \times 50 \mathrm{in}\). & 1,700 & 11 ft .9 in . x 6 ft .1 in . & 16 ft . \(2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 10 \mathrm{ft}\). & 22,100 \\
\hline 11 & 4 & \(45 \times 63 \mathrm{in}\). & \(40 \times 58\) in. & 1.600 & 12 ft . 3 in . x 6 ft .9 in . & 16 ft .9 in . x 10 ft .8 in . & 23,300 \\
\hline 12 & 4 & \(47 \times 66 \mathrm{in}\). & \(42 \times 61 \mathrm{in}\). & 1.500 & \(12 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{x} 7 \mathrm{ft}\). & \(17 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 10 \mathrm{ft} .11 \mathrm{in}\). & 24,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Form Rollers for Nos. 3 to 6, inclusive, are three inches in diameter; on No. 7 and larger, three and a half inches. Form and table rollers interchangeable on No. 43 and larger.

THE STANDARD AND REGULAR DRUM CYLINDER PRESSES


Babcock Standard Press
The Standard in sizes Nos. 6 and 7 is used on weekly and daily editions of newspapersin the smaller cities; by publishers of monthly religious, medical, insurance, women's and other journals; for reprints of popular fiction, etc. In some instances presses are equipped with automatic feeders, and a heavy output is secured.

This press presents a great advantage in its bed drive, a perfect and mechanically correct motion for operating a reciprocating bed, and the best ever used on a drum cylinder. To this more than to any other thing, except painstaking construction, is due its almost noiseless operation, its little wear to forms, its exact register and high speed. It has a patented high fountain, affording much greater distribution than is usual in the rack and screw press; has noiseless safety gripper action, air springs, back-up, controlled sliders, adjustable fly fingers, counter and slitter. The eccentric roller bearings make it possible to quickly throw form rollers out of action, and then to pass an unlocked form back and forth under them without picking up type. Handy when making changes on press.

The Standard is very satisfactory as a job press. Nos. 2 and 4 are used almost entirely by job printers. No. 2 is particularly handy for all sorts of work, taking a \(19 \times 25\) sheet and less. One customer who keeps several pony Standards busy, objects to sending us specimens of high grade work because he does not wish printers generally to know that his splendid work (in colors of many printings) is produced on a press of low cost.

We make the Standard with table distribution also, and call it the Regular. This style of distribution is preferred by a number, and for some classes of work it is better than the other. It offers those advantages which make this distribution essential on two-revolution presses. It gives a thorough breaking and working of the ink, and furnishes an, even and uniform supply to form rollers.

The No. 4 takes a \(25 \times 38\) sheet, and prints a seven-column folio; the No. 6 prints a six-column quarto, and the No. 7 a seven-column quarto. Like all Babcock presses each machine is a specimen of high-class mechanical construction and finish, from materials the best possible to obtain, and each is furnished with steam fixtures complete (or arranged for electric motor). one set cast rollers, one extra set roller stocks. counter, slitter, hard packing (or rubber blanket), wrenches and oil cans. Boxed and crated, and delivered f. o. b. cars at factory.

Please see extended description on page 176.


Babcock Regular Press

DIMENSIONS, SPEEDS AND WEIGHTS OF STANDARD AND REGULAR PRESSES
Babcock Standard Two-Roller Presses
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & SIIE OF BED & SIZE OF MATTER & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { GUARANTEED } \\
& \text { SPEED PER HR. }
\end{aligned}
\] & Foundation & space over all & SHIPPING WEIGHT \\
\hline 2 & \(22 \times 27\) inches & \(17 \frac{1}{2} \times 23\) inches & 2.400 & \(5 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in} . \times 3 \mathrm{ft}\).5 in . & \(8 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 6 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in}\). & 5,750 \\
\hline 4 & \(273 \times 40\) inches & \(23 \times 36\) inches & 2,200 & 6 ft . 8 in . x 4 ft .6 in . & 10 ft . \(88 \mathrm{ft}\).1 in . & 8,300 \\
\hline 6 & \(33 \frac{1}{2} \times 48\) inches & \(28 \frac{1}{2} \times 44\) inches & 1.800 & 7 ft . 8 in . x 5 ft .2 in . & 11 ft .4 in . x 8 ft .9 in . & 9,600 \\
\hline 7 & \(38 \times 51\) inches & \(33 \times 47\) inches & 1,700 & 8 ft .10 in . x 5 ft .6 in . & \(12 \mathrm{ft}\).4 in . x 9 ft .5 in . & 11,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Babcock Regular Two-Roller Presses
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2 & \(22 \times 27\) inches & 1712 \(\times 23\) inches & 2,400 & \(5 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 3 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{in}\). & \(9 \mathrm{ft} .3 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 6 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in}\). & 5,950 \\
\hline 4 & \(273 \times 40\) inches & \(23 \times 36\) inches & 2,200 & 6 ft . \(9 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 4 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in}\). & \(10 \mathrm{ft}\).10 in . \(\mathrm{x} 8 \mathrm{ft}\).1 in . & 8,700 \\
\hline 6 & \(33 \frac{1}{2} \times 48\) inches & \(28 \frac{1}{2} \times 44\) inches & 1,800 & \(7 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 5 \mathrm{ft} .2 \mathrm{in}\). & \(12 \mathrm{ft} .2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 8 \mathrm{ft} .9 \mathrm{in}\). & 9,900 \\
\hline 7 & \(38 \times 51\) inches & \(33 \times 47\) inches & 1,700 & \(8 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 5 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in}\). & \(12 \mathrm{ft} .11 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 9 \mathrm{ft}\).5 in . & 11,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For Silver-Gloss Steel Electric-Welded Chases see pages \(902-908\)

\section*{THE BABCOCK FAST NEWS AND JOB EXPRESS PRESSES}


New No. \% Express Press
A speed of 2600 an hour is high for a flat-bed press large enough to print four pages of a seven-column quarto. If it can do this easily, and still do better quite as well, it must have attractions for the daily publisher in the small cities, especially if the price is as enticing as the press itself.

The Babcock No. 7 Express has a bed \(38 \times 51\), with a short run, and a three-to one star gear. Its speed lies in these. The short run of bed requires a special inking arrangement. This consists of a fountain, with the usual composition rollers, vibrator and ductor, back of cylinder. The two form rollers here do not quite cover the form. In front of cylinder there is a form roller with geared vibrator that passes entirely over the form, and equalizes the ink over its whole surface, including the narrow strip at the front of bed not previously covered by the rollers in the rear. The arrangement is both efficient and sufficient: in fact it has been used for years on the Babcock Dispatch fast press, with even a shorter bed run.

In front of cylinder the bed is entirely free for putting on and taking off of forms. for changes and corrections. Motor drive is quickly possible. The press is constructed in the most substantial manner, with Babcock quality throughout. It does excellent work at speed, and is shipped complete with every necessary part, so that when installed. with form on bed and ink in fountain, it is ready for business, and a lot of it.

The No. 3 (Pony) Express is away ahead of anything of the kind ever made. It possesses all of


No. 3 Express Pony our patented features with some that are its own exclusively. Its great speed ( 3600 an hour), its ease and smoothness in operation, its accuracy in register, make it valuable for everything within the compass of two rollers no matter how fine or exact it may be. No quality needed in first class printing has been neglected. There is, too, a lot of low priced work that can be done on this machine at a profit because of its low cost and high speed.

Compared with the Pony Standard, a very popular small drum, the No. 3 Express, printing a 21 x 28 sheet, is larger, heavier, stronger, and fifty per cent faster. It is, in our opinion, the ideal pony drum, and we recommend it unreservedly for all work within its capacity.

The description of the No. 7 Express on page 178 does not apply to the later New No. 7 shown here.

\section*{DIMENSIONS, SPEED AND WEIGHT OF FAST EXPRESS PRESSES}

Each machine is supplied with steam fixtures, or arranged for belt attached electric motor, one set cast rollers, one extra set roller stocks. counter. slitter, rubber blanket, wrenches and oil cans. Jogger is included with both. Boxed and delivered f. o. b. car at factory.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline NO. & SIZE OF BED & SIZE OF MATTER & guaranteed SPEED PER HR. & Foundation & Space over all & SHIPPING WEIGHT \\
\hline 3 & \(24 \times 31\) inches &  & 3,600 & 6 ft .8 in. x 3 ft .9 in. & 10 ft . \(\quad\) x 7 ft .4 in . & 7,100 \\
\hline 7 & \(38 \times 51\) inches & \(33 \times 47\) inches & 2.600 & \(9 \mathrm{ft} .9 \frac{1}{2}\) in. \(\times 5 \mathrm{ft} .6\) in. & 13 ft .9 in. x 9 ft .10 in . & 13,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE DOUBLE-FEED DISPATCH NEWSPAPER PRESS}


Faster than the No. 7 Express, heavier, and only for newspaper and like work, is the Double-Feed Dispatch. It is an old favorite and is intended particularly for the printing of the daily in the smaller cities. It is the fastest single cylinder flat-bed press of its size ever made, either drum or two-revolution. The bed runs just far enough to print the form, which is inked from both ends. For this purpose there is a high fountain, with vibrators and rollers, in front, and another in rear of cylinder. The short run of the bed has the advantage of materially reducing the size of the cylinder, which is not as large as it would be in an ordinary drum having bed of same size. The driving gear is three-to-one, and this with its heavy construction, short travel and double inking, gives a speed unknown to other flat-bed machines. It is quite as simple to operate as the ordinary drum.

Its special service alone has been considered, without any attempt to fit the Dispatch for anything else. For its purpose it has no rival. It is the only machine of its kind, and fills the gap between the ordinary drum and the perfecting press. For evening editions of 3500 or so there is no press as satisfactory. A larger morning edition can be printed as then there is more time.

The Dispatch is made in one size only, a seven-column quarto, bed 39 x 52 inches, with a speed, on a good foundation, of 3000 per hour.

On special orders it can be built single-feed, which has as great speed as the double-feed; bnt this style requires the services of a very expert feeder to utilize the full capacity of the press. The double-feed permits the use of two feeders, each of whom is required to handle sheets to half the speed of the machine with a greater certainty of securing it. A double-feed can be run as a single-feed, the change requiring but a moment's time. It is usual to run the first side with one feeder, and the last with two. Either feed-


AII there is of the Optimus Driving Motion board may be used with one feeder, and but one folder is necessary. Either feeder has full control of the press.

Compared with a flat-bed perfecting press the Dispatch possesses all the advantages required for the average circulation in the small cities. Not only does the former cost more than twice as much, but it requires more power, more space, higher priced labor, and the wastes are greater. Add the depreciation and interest on the increased cost, and the whole makes the expense for printing the average country daily antagonistic to an adequate profit, and far in excess of that incurred should the Dispatch be used. This machine requires a small investment, ordinary skill and experience, little power, little space, and makes little waste. It most satisfactorily solves the principal problem confronting the publishers of papers within its capacity.

\section*{DIMENSIONS, SPEED AND WEIGHT OF BABCOCK DOUBLE-FEED DISPATCH PRESS}

Each press furnished with steam fixtures, or arranged for belted electric motor, one set cast rollers, one extra set roller stocks, counter, slitter, rubber blanket, wrenches, and oil cans. Boxed and delivered f. o. b. cars at factory.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & SILE OF BED & SIze of matter & guaranteed SPEED PER HR. & foundation & SPACE OVER ALL & SHIPPING WEIGHT \\
\hline 7 & \(39 \times 52\) inches & \(34 \times 47\) inches & 3000 & \(10 \mathrm{ft} .7 \mathrm{in} x 5 ft .8 in.\). & \(17 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{Sin} . \mathrm{x} 9 \mathrm{ft} .10 \mathrm{in}\). & 16,800 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For Silver-Gloss Steel Electric-Welded Chases, see pages 902-908.

\section*{THE LOW-PRICED RELIANCE DRUM}


The Rellance Drum Cylinder Press
This press is made in one size only, to print a six-column quarto. It is a high-class drum cylinder for the smaller offices where but one cylinder press is needed for both newspaper and job work. It is made with either rack and screw, or table distribution. Has air springs, and is tapeless. All gears are cut. With its noiseless safety gripper motion, it runs easily and quietly at the guaranteed speed of 1500 an ohour. Eccentric form roller bearings are furnished by means of which it is possible to quickly lock the form rollers in place, or to throw them out of contact with vibrator and form. In this last position an unlocked form can be passed back and forth under the rollers without picking out type, an arrangement that will be appreciated when changes on press are necessary.

The Reliance is thoroughly well built. It is the best ever made in its class. It is sold at a low price to be the most satisfactory machine at anywhere near its cost. As we have been selling it for a quarter of a century or more, our experience with hundreds of them has been most satisfactory, and has been sufficiently long to be of the utmost value to our customers. We recommend this machine unreservedly for all work within its capacity.

We sell many more of the rack and screw style of distribution than of the table. The latter costs something more, and perhaps that has something to do with the sales; but if one has quite an amount of job work to do, running from posters to good book and circular work, the table distribution is the best. It not only gives a more thorough breaking and working of the ink, but often it is possible to make a short run in a color without washing up the fountain, the ink being put on the table with a brayer. This will be a considerable saving in time and ink.

With rack and screw distribution, where the fountain is close to the cylinder, the bed is readily accessible from the front of the press, and forms are more quickly placed and lifted than with table distribution, where forms must be handled from rear of press after removing fly.

One user says: "The Free Press is printed on a Babcock Reliance Country press, with table distribution. It is a good press, and has done me excellent service for five years. It will do poster work, and all job press work required in a country office. The press work on the paper speaks for itself."

Workmanship and materials are of the best. Each press is furnished with steam fixtures complete (or arranged for belt attached electric motor), one set of cast rollers, one extra set of roller stocks, rubber blanket. wrenches and oil cans. Boxed and crated, and delivered f. o. b. cars at factory.

This press is further described on page 176.


Reliance Drum Cylinder, Table Distribution

DIMENSIONS, SPEED AND WEIGHT OF LOW-COST BABCOCK RELIANCE PRESS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline No. & SIIE OF BED & SIZE OF MATTER & guaranteed SPEED PER HR. & FOUNDATION & space over all & SHIPPING WEIGMT \\
\hline 6 & \(33 \frac{1}{2} \times 46 \frac{1}{2}\) inches & \(28 \frac{1}{2} \times 42\) inches & 1,500 & \(7 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} 5 \mathrm{ft}\). & \(11 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \times 8 \mathrm{ft} 7 in.\). & 7,500 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

For Silver-Gloss Steel Electric-Welded Chases, see pages 902-908.

\section*{THE DIAMOND CYLINDER PRESS}


The Diamond is the up-to-date press for the country publisher. It is made to meet his wants and in design, material, construction and workmanship, the highest standard is maintained. The frame is strong and compact. The iron being put where it is needed and the appearance of the machine is fine and symmetrical.

The ink fountain is the celebrated Challenge Book Fountain, with screws conveniently placed to regulate the supply, furnishing the ink to a ductor roller which then carries it in turn to a vibrating roller resting upon the two form rollers. These ink the form in both directions as it is carried back and forth on the bed of the press beneath the cylinder. The rollers can be easily and quickly removed for cleaning.

The cylinder is heavy and unyielding under the impression strain; the journals at both ends run in antifriction, oil retaining roller bearings, a single, simple screw and lock nut at each end of the cylinder adjusts the impression to a hair. The bed is heavy, finely machine finished, evenly balanced; the motion is made free and easy by bearing upon three anti-friction steel rollers on the line of impression, making it absolutely rigid. The feed board is large, made of white pine, varnished; has just enough pitch to insure easy feeding. It has sockets to fit over supporting standards and can be removed instantly by simply lifting it off, and can be put back without any adjustment of any kind. The sheets are neatly delivered by a fly, printed side up, on a finely finished white pine delivery table.-Circular.
No. 614 Steam Power Machine is a six-column folio: size of bed \(24 \times 321\) inches; will print any smaller size sheet without any special adjustment; floor space \(40 \times 43\) inches; the delivery table extending 30 inches back of the frame; speed 900 to 1200 impressions per hour; shipping weight 2500 pounds
\(\$ 450.00\)
No. 4 Hand Power Machine is a six-column folio; size of bed \(24 \times 32 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, will print any smaller size sheet without any special adjustment; floor space \(40 \times 43\) inches; the delivery table extending 30 inches back of the frame; speed 700 to 900 impressions per hour; shipping weight 2100 pounds.
\(\$ 350.00\)
Each press is furnished with Felt Blanket, set of Cast Rollers, extra set of Roller Cores, Fly Table, Wrenches, Oil Can and Screw Driver. The Steam Power Series, in addition to the above, has Tight and Loose Pulleys, Shifter and Fly Wheel. Rubber Blanket furnished in place of Felt at an additional cost of \(\$ 4.00\). Felt Blanket complete with trimmings, \(\$ 18.60\). Rubber Blanket complete with trimmings, \(\$ 22.60\). Steam Power Attachments (for Hand with trimmings,
Power Presses),
\(\$ 1218.60 .00\)

\section*{PRESS BOARDS}
\(28 \times 42\) inches, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.50 \mid 40 \mathrm{x} 60\) inches, each ..................................... \(\$ 1.00\)
\(30 \times 45\) inches, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60
\(45 \times 60\) inches, each 1.20

\section*{ELECTRIC PROOF PRESS}

This is a self-inking proof press which is designed to be operated by an electric motor. Power required for an ordinary 16 -candle power light is ample to run the press, the expense for same being merely nominal. If desired it may be operated by hand by using the crank attached to the sprocket shaft at the right hand end of the bed, as shown in the illustration. The press stands on a strong pedestal, and the bed is supported by four braces extending from the top of the pedestal to the four corners of the bed. The motor is set on a strong bracket near the base of the pedestal at the rear, and is connected by a short belt with the friction clutch pulley at the rear of the press at the right hand side. The depression of the pedal at the base of the pedestal operates the friction clutch and throws the pulley into mesh with the crank shaft. To stop the press it is only necessary to release the pedal, thus throwing the pulley out of gear and automatically applying a quick stop brake. The entire press is thoroughly made and finished, and is fully guaranteed for fast and accurate work. It is being used successfully in some of the best and largest printing
 and publishing offices in the country. Twenty-five proofs per minute can be easily taken, equaling that of four ordinary galley proof presses. It gives a sharp, clear impression over the whole form.-Circular. Bed, \(10 \times 29\) inches, with motor, complete............................................................................. \(\$ 210.00\) Bed, \(12 \frac{1}{2} 29\) inches, with motor, complete....................................................................... . . 265.00

In ordering, state voltage of current by which motor is to be driven. With each press a set of cast rollers is furnished.

\section*{PR00F PRESSES}

This press is a great improvement over the old-style proof press. The circumference of the cylinder or roller, is the same measurement as the printing surface of the bed, the cylinder revolving once from stop to stop. Notice particularly that these are extra heavy machines. The No. 1 cylinder weighs \(8 \overline{5}\) pounds, and is ample weight for a full galley proof. Other cylinders of proportionate weights. The cylinder is covered with a felt blanket, and a brayer is furnished with each press, excepting those without iron stands. Nos. 1 to 5 have shelf for paper underneath the cabinet.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & SHIPPING WEIGHT PRIC \\
\hline No. \(0,9 \mathrm{x} 27\), with iron stand. & 219 lbs . \$ 25.00 \\
\hline No. 1, \(104 \times 32\), with iron stand. & 235 lbs . \(\mathbf{3 0 . 0 0}\) \\
\hline No. \(2,16 \frac{1}{2} \times 35\), with iron stand. & \(430 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 40.00\) \\
\hline No. 3, 20 x 38 , with iron stand. & \(830 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 60.00\) \\
\hline No. \(4,24 \times 42\), with iron stand. & \(900 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 75.00\) \\
\hline No. 5, \(27 \times 54\), with iron stan & 1,300 lbs. 125.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


These proof presses are the same style as those described above, but without stand.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & Shiping weight price \\
\hline No. \(00,9 \times 27\) bed & 135 lbs . \(\$ 17.50\) \\
\hline No. 01, \(10 \frac{1}{4} \times 32\) bed & \(175 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 20.00\) \\
\hline No. 0: \(216 \frac{1}{2} \times 35\) bed & 34.5 lbs .30 .00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RELIANCE JOB-GALLEY PROOF PRESS}

No. A. Will take on \(14 \times 20\) job galley
.. \(\$ 24.50\)
No. B. Will take on \(15 \times 22\) job galley, or two book or
double news galleys......................................... 27.50
No. C. Will take on \(18 \times 25\) job galley, or two book or
double news galleys.
35.00

Shipping weight: No. A. 200 pounds: No. B, 225 pounds; No. C. 300 pounds.


\section*{PRESS POINTS}


Price, per dozen
Wrench
These points are far superior to the old method of driving nail or wire in wood furniture to make holes in sheet, as they are screwed in as far as the cross-bar with wrench furnished, when they will stand the right height: or, for a larger hole in paper, screw the point out.-Circular.

\section*{PRINTER'S CARTS}

No. 2 has double tongue, \({ }^{3}\)-inch iron axle, \(29 \frac{1}{2}\) inches long; wheels 30 inches high; box \(20 \times 32\) inches outside, and 9 and 10 inches high. A very substantial and serviceable cart for general work. Weight. 45 pounds.

No. 1, shown in cut, has double tongue or handles, is made with \(\frac{7}{8}\) round iron axle, 34 nches long; wheels 36 inches high and one inch tire; box, \(23 \times 40\) inches, 10 inches high. and well ironed on top. End-gates can be removed. Weight, 80 pounds.
No. 2.
\$ 7.50
No. 1
10.00
Extra wheels, 30 inches high, finished, per pair 4.50
Extra wheels, 36 inches high, finished, per pair 5.00


\section*{UNIMATIC PUNCH No. 2}

Has removable and interchangeable punch heads, adjustable side and back stops, graduated scale for setting the heads and the side stop. Thumb nuts conveniently located at the back of machine for locking heads in position. Will take from eight to
 twenty-five sheets, and punch holes any distance apart from \(\frac{1}{2}\) to \(10 \frac{1}{4}\) inches on any size sheet. Maximum distance from center of hole to edge of sheet for special heads that can be used in machine is \(\frac{5}{8}\) inches. Punch heads have punch guides and die in one piece, being machined from solid steel, which insures the durability of the punch


Back View and die. Punches are easily removed and can be sharpened with a round file by anyone. Machine finished in Japan and gilt striped. Punch heads and all small parts are nickel-plated. Shipping weight of machine with two heads, 13 pounds. Weight of single hole heads, 4 ounces each. This machine will never wear out and cannot get out of order.-Circular.


\(\$ 7.50\)


\section*{UNIMATIC PUNCH No. 3}

Unimatic No. 3 is a larger size on the No. 2 principle. It is made like and contains all the parts and characteristics of the No. 2, but on a larger scale. Punches holes any distance apart up to \(14 \frac{3}{}\) inches. Shipping weight of machine with two heads 20 pounds. Takes same heads as the No. 2 machine.
Unimatic Punch No. 3 including two round hole punch

Some of the Shapes Punched by this Machine-Actual Size


\section*{STERLING ROUND CORNERING MACHINE}

In the Sterling Round Cornering Machine printers will find the most useful and comprehensive machine yet offered to the trade. Its thorough construction and simplicity of operation, together with the amount and high quality of work it is capable of doing, makes it without an equal. The machine is self-clamping and very rapid. Every part is made with the utmost care. It is the most popular machine for the purpose ever devised and over 5,000 of them have already been sold. The operation is so simple that any boy can round corner 1,000 cards in a few moments with hardly any cost. Booklets, Calendars, Menus and an endless variety of work, usually turned away or farmed out, can now be taken at a good profit. The Sterling is like the "Elastic Book Case" always complete but never finished.

\section*{Perforating Attachment}

The Perforating Attachment which we here illustrate can be added to any Sterling and will prove a great convenience. The system of gauges is the finest ever devised and they can be instantly adjusted for handling any particular size or shape of work, and are so constructed that adjustments can be made to the hundredth part of an inch. When you add this attachment to a Sterling you will have the best 10 -inch Perforator on the market.

\section*{Punching Attachment}


Punching Attachment

The Punching Attachment will be found very useful and profitable for punching round holes in cards, paper, etc. The fast operation and capacity of the machine makes it desirable for the printer to have this attachment, owing to the large demand for loose sheets in the modern filing systems.

\section*{Stabbing Attachment}

Every printer finds it necessary now and then to do a job of bookbinding. With this attachment a printer can do a very successful job on check books, etc., or where he would not have work enough to warrant the installing of a wire stitcher, which are very expensive; and even the large printer and book binder finds it a very useful attachment owing to its powerful and quick working properties.

\section*{Pedestal Foot Power Attachment}

We illustrate the Pedestal Foot Power Attachment on which a Sterling can be mounted in a few minutes, allowing the operator to sit down when using the machine, leaving both hands free for guiding the stock. It will be appreciated by every owner of a Sterling.

\section*{PRICE LIST OF MACHINE AND ATTACHMENTS}

Round Cornering Machine, with one knife ..... ........................ ........ \(\$ 15.00\)
Pedestal Attachment ....................................................................... . . . . . 15.00
Treadle Attachment, additional ........................................................ 10.00
Punching Attachment, additional. ...................................................... . . . . 10.00
Perforating Attachment ................................................................ 18.00
Stabbing Attachment, additional . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5.00
Cutting Blocks, per dozen................................................................. . . . . . 35
Extra Corner Knives, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25
Extra Punch and Die, \(\frac{3}{32}, \frac{3}{8}, \frac{5}{32}, \frac{3}{16}, \frac{7}{32}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{32}, \frac{5}{16}, \frac{11}{7 \frac{1}{2}}, \frac{8}{8}\), each.......................... 2.00
Thumb-Hole Indexing Attachment, additional ................................. 10.00
Eyelet Attachment, Style P, about \({ }^{3}\) inch.\(: \$ 2.00\) B. P. Eyelets, per \(1000 .\). . . 25
Eyelet Attachment, Style R, about \(\frac{1}{\ddagger}\) inch .. 2.00 D. D. R. ." .. .. .. . 50
Eyelet Attachment, Style S, about inch .. 2.00 E. S. .. .. .. ... . 55
Loose Leaf Punching Attachment................................................... 12.00
Card Index Punch Head................................................................. . 7.00
NOTE-The Eyelet Attachmenl is used on the Punching Attachment. It cannot be applied to the Round Corner Machine alone. Eyelets packed in boxes containing 5000 .


> at a ase "



Stabbing Attachment


Pedestal Foot Power Attachment


\section*{MONITOR MULTIPLEX POWER PUNCHING MACHINE}

This machine is 30 inches wide and is furnished with six standard round hole punches, dies and blocks complete, as shown in cut. The position of the punch and die can be changed instantly by moving a lever on side of machine to a perpendicular position. This head will punch paper \(3 \frac{1}{2}\) inches from center of hole to edge of paper. We also furnish separate punch and die blocks for punching holes any distance from edge of paper if desired. The frame is very heavy, solid and substantial. The material is of the best and finish superb.-Circular.
Including 6 Round Hole Punches. .............................................. \(\$ 250.00\)
Extra Punch and Die, for Round Holes. 2.50

Combined Punch and Die Head, for Round Holes............................... \(\quad 7.50\)
Special Loose Leaf Punches and Dies, standard sizes.................... 12.50
Card Index Cutting Attachment............................................... 110.00
Motor and Attachment by Gear, complete, 110 and 220 Volts......... 100.00
Speed Regulator, extra..

\section*{THE PRINTERS PUNCH}

The Printers Punch is a substantial and first class machine and offered at a moderate price. The punches are constructed without any springs and move straight up and down, avoiding the friction and wear caused by any but a direct up and down movement, thus making it the most durable and economical of all punches.-Circular.
No. 2, hand power . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 22.00
No. 7, foot power, without stand 50.00

No. 8, foot power, without stand 65.00

No. 8 , foot power, with iron stand 75.00

No. 9 , steam power 90.00

No. 10, steam power 115.00
. 130.00 11 inches 0 panch holes up to \(8 \frac{1}{2}\) inches from center to center; Nos. 7 and 9 punches with each machine.

\section*{MONITOR DUPLEX POWER PUNCHING AND ROUND CORNER CUTTING MACHINE}


\begin{abstract}
For offices whose requirements for punching of paper do not necessitate the use of such an elaborate machine as Latham's Monitor Multiplex Power Punching Machine, we herewith present a less costly machine operated by power, which will punch paper of same thickness and as quickly as the Multiplex, and it can also be used as a power round corner cutting machine, covering the use of two separate machines and saving space and power at practically one-half the investment. This machine is furnished with combined punch and die blocks that will punch holes \(3 \frac{1}{8}\) inches from edge of paper, and paper of any width, as there are no obstructions on sides of the machine. Maximum distance between center of holes that can be punched, 14 inches; minimum, \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) inches. Combined punch and die blocks will allow for punching holes \(3 \frac{1}{8}\) inches from edge of paper, and will punch through \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch in thickness. Three round corner cutting knives are furnished with corner cutting attachment.-Circular.
Complete with two punches and dies, without round corner attachment.. \(\$ 140.00\) Round corner attachments, extra. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25.00 Extra punch and die blocks, each...................................................................... 5.00
Extra round hole punches and dies, per set. upper and lower die........... 2.50 Special punch and die and block for loose leaf ledger standard sizes, each 12.50 Extra round corner cutting knives, each.
\end{abstract}

\section*{BULLOCK PRESS PUNCH}

One or more may be locked in a type form and will cut a clean, round hole \({ }^{3}, \frac{1}{n}, 3^{3}\), or \(\frac{1}{1}\) inch, in paper or card stock, the same time the job is printed. This punch will not clog, as each piece cut is automatically ejected by the plunger as soon as the impression is released, and falls on the floor. The ejector also protects the rollers from any danger of injury from the cutter. All parts being interchangeable, new cutters can be readily fitted in case of accident. The spring for controlling the ejector can also be made stronger by turning screw at the bottom.-Circular.

\({ }_{\mathrm{I}}^{5}\), \({ }^{\frac{3}{8}}\) inch, on bases \({ }_{18}^{\circ}\) inch square, each.

. \(\$ 0.75\) 1.25


Extra Cutters Extra Cutters

.\(\$ 0.35\)

\section*{IMPROVED HEMPEL QUOINS}

No. 1. Small, per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 2.50\)
No. 2. Large, per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
Keys, each.


\section*{HEMPEL QUOINS AND KEYS}

No. 1. Challenge Hempel Quoins, per dozen . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1.00\)
No. 2. Challenge Hempel Quoins, per dozen . . . . . . . . . 1.50
B. B. \& S. Key, either size, plain........................... . . . . 50
B. B. \& S. Key, either size, nickeled..................... . . . . 75

Pressman’s Combination Quoin Key, plain . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.00
Pressman's Combination Quoin Key, nickeled......................................... . . . . 1.15
Right Angle Quoin Key, Style D, either size, plain .................................. . . . . . 75
Right Angle Quoin Key, Style D, either size, nickeled............................ . . . . 90

\section*{ROUSE REGISTER QUOINS}

By using Rouse Register Quoins, mounted plates or pages may be registered independently just as unmounted plates are registered with hooks. The quoins are placed on all four sides of the blocks and any page may then be moved in any direction without disturbing the other pages.
No. 1. Margin 16 to 24 points, per doz.
\(\$ 2.00\)
No. 2. Margin 36 to 48 points, per doz.
2.00

Key for either style
.15

\section*{UNION LOCKABLE QUOIN}


No. 1


No. 2


An exact duplicate of the original Hempel Quoin, with three notches cut in the central rib for the purpose of using the quoin in connection with the Brower Lock.-Circular.
No. 1. Small, per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 2.50\)
No. 2. Large, per dozen . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
Keys, each.................................... . . . . . . . 50

\section*{MIDGET SAFETY QUOIN}


The Midget Safety Quoin is locked by a tap of the mallet, and occupies no more space in length when locked than when unlocked. Can be used in a space 18
 points wide by 120 points long, either outside or inside a form. It is absolutely safe, as when locked it rests against its corresponding flat surfaces, and the harder the surface it bears against the better.-Circular: Price. per dozen, with key, net.
\(\$ 2.00\)


\section*{WOOD QUOINS}


\section*{PECK QUOIN LOCK}

A simple, practical and inexpensive device to prevent quoins from working loose while the press is running. Useful where close register is desired. Where the press is run at high speed or for long runs.
No. 1, for small quoins, per \(100 .\). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1.50\)
No. 2, for large quoins, per 100.
2.00

THE MORTON LOCKUP


Direct Spread No Slide No Spring of Form


An Iron Side-Stick, with broad bearing, (true and square), attached to the best machinefinished steel Quoins. The quickest, safest and most complete Lock-up in use-all in one piece. Place directly against the type, furniture or chase, as most convenient; give the key a half-turn, and the work is done. No time wasted, no skew, and no quoin can drop out. By this method of imposition, all looseness, bowing or springing of the form is impossible.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline 3 -inch, 1 Quoin. & 50.40 \\
\hline 3 -inch, 1 Quoin & 0 \\
\hline \(3{ }_{3}^{3}\)-inch, 1 Quoin & . 40 \\
\hline 4-inch, 1 Quoin.. & 40 \\
\hline 5-inch, 1 Quoin. & . 40 \\
\hline 6 -inch, 2 Quoins & . 70 \\
\hline 63.1 inch, 2 Quoins & . 70 \\
\hline 7-inch, 2 Quoins & . 70 \\
\hline 8 -inch, 2 Quoins & . 75 \\
\hline 9 -inch, 2 Quoins & . 75 \\
\hline 10 -inch, 2 Quoins & . 80 \\
\hline 12-inch, 3 Quoins & 1.10 \\
\hline 13-inch. 3 Quoins & 1.15 \\
\hline 14-inch, 3 Quoins & 1.20 \\
\hline 15 -inch, 3 Quoins & 1.25 \\
\hline 18-inch. 3 Quoins & 1.75 \\
\hline 20 -inch, 4 Quoins & 2.50 \\
\hline 22 -inch. 4 Quoins & 3.00 \\
\hline Key, plain.. & . 50 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE WICKERSHAM QUOIN}

The only Quoin which locks by a direct spread, without any slide, against straight or beveled furniture: can't slip; absolutely safe. No. 1 is \({ }^{6}\)-inch wide: No. 2 is \({ }^{3}\)-inch wide; expands 14 points.
Quoins, per dozen
Keys, each ..... 50

\section*{SLAUSON CYLINDER PRESS LOCKS}

The Slauson Cylinder Press Locks are made of flat drawn steel tubes which telescope one into another and are drawn out to fill a given space and then locked by an ordinary Hemple key. The quoin which is in the form of a coil or snail, has an extension of two picas and is absolutely safe. The parts are dropped steel forgings. The chief value is on the beds of cylinder presses where forms are being locked that are smaller than the beds. They are almost as quick as a flash and they hold a form solid to the bed, taking out the spring of a chase and preventing the working up of material inside. Pressmen appreciate them for this value even more than for the time they save. With these locks the press clamps are not used for locking the form but are tightened at the start. The chase is squared against the clamps and the locks "do the rest." They work equally well behind the chase or between chase and bearers. Another good use is inside cylinder chases where otherwise a lot of wood furniture would be used. For example a long, narrow heading can be locked in a full-sized chase, a wide strip of furniture intervening or a steel bar. In this use foot piece of the lock comes against the form. In all cases quoin end comes against the chase.-Circular.



Closed


Open

Wall Pocket for holding a set, 50 cents. Longer lengths up to 36 inches made to order.


\section*{ROLLER COMPOSITION}

Bingham's Standard, per pound.
\(\$ 035\)
Bingham's Durable, per pound
\(\$ 0.50\)

\section*{ROLLER CLOTH--Felt for Distributors}
In rolls of \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches wide and 12 yards long, per roll. .....  \(\$ 5.00\)The same, per yard50

\section*{ROLLER CORES}

\section*{For Gordon Job Presses}



\section*{BARNHART'S STEEL ROLLER BEARERS}

For 5 x 8 chase, per pair
. 0.35
For \(6 \frac{1}{2} \times 10\) chase, per pair
.40
For \(7 \times 11\) chase, per pair
.40
For \(8 \times 12\) chase, per pair....................................... . . . 45
For \(9 \times 13\) chase, per pair. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
For \(10 \times 15\) chase, per pair .50
For 11 x 17 chase, per pair.............................................................. . 60
For \(12 \times 18\) chase, per pair........................................ . . 75
For \(13 \times 19\) chase, per pair ............................................... 75
For \(14 \times 20\) chase, per pair .90
For \(14 \frac{1}{2} \times 22\) chase, per pair
.90


\section*{RULING MACHINES}

Catalogues and prices furnished on application.

\title{
THE MILLER SAW-TRIMMER \\ \\ Universal Type
} \\ \\ Universal Type
}

With Standard Equipment, without counter-shaft or motor .... \$300.00 Extra for Counter-shaft mounted on machine base, including
belt to saw arbor
25.00

The Standard Equipment furnished with the Miller "Universal" SawTrimmer includes two 6 -inch linotype saws and heads complete with trimmers, one 50 -pica swivel gauge, one micrometer point end gauge, one 5 -point line holder, one mitre vise, one removable work-holding vise, one batter with locking bolt, one saw hood with bolt and nut, one point elevating dial, one elevating crank, one belt tightener, one saw swage, one \(4 x / \frac{7}{6}\) Inch flat emery wheel,

Special Attachments for Universal Type
Beveler head for tacks
\$ 10.00
Beveler head for register hook 10.00

Router and Jig Saw attachment complete with all tools 200.00

\section*{MILLER SAW-TRIMMER}

\section*{Special-Purpose Type}

With Standard Equipment, without countershaft or motor ..... \$200.00 With Countershaft mounted on base of machine, with endless belt to saw arbor, extra 25.00

The Standard Equipment furnished with the Miller "Special-Purpose" Saw-Trimmer includes two 5 -inch linotype saws and heads with trimmers, one 50 -pica swivel gauge, one micrometer point end gauge, one 5 -point line holder, one mitre vise, one removable work-holding vise, one batter with locking bolt, one saw hood with bolt and nut, one 4 -inch flat emery wheel, locking bolt, one saw hood with bo


Universal Type

Special Attachments for Universal or Special-Purpose Type Furnished only on order, and at the prices listed below:
150-pica extension micrometer point end gauge .................................................................. \(\$ 25.00\)
Brass saw and head with trimmers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 20.00
Brass saw grinding attachment with \(\mathfrak{j}\)-inch dish emery wheel.................................................. . 10.00
10-point line holder ....................................................................................................... . . . 5.00
18-point line holder............ ................................................................................ . . . . . . . .. 5.00
12-point vise attachment.................................................................................................. 10.00


\section*{PRINTER'S SAW TABLE}

This is the regular saw table for printer's use. It is designed for cutting and trimming cuts, wood or metal furniture, reglets, slugs, brass rule, leads, etc. Accurate squaring up and parallel gauges are furnished. The table on the right hand side extends outward, and that side is fitted in as a shootboard and plane. The table is raised and lowered by a hand wheel under the front edge of the table. as shown in the illustration. A shelf attached to the pedestal provides a handy receptacle for tools. Slug cutting attachments can be had for use with this table, making it in effect a linotype
 saw. The slug cutting at- tachments may be used on any Table having an adequate parallel gauge. They can be used for trimming to size all such material as leads, slugs, reglet and furniture, and are accurate and reliable.-Civcular.

\footnotetext{
Without Shoot Board and Plane, top \(24 \times 2 \pi\) inches, with Countershaft on machine
}

\section*{BACK SAW}

Back Saw, for cutting wood or soft metal .


\section*{HACK SAW}

S-inch frame, complete with 1 dozen Griffin blades.....\$1.50 Extra blades, per dozen

\section*{SCREW-DRIVERS}

Each
\(\$ 0.75\)

\section*{SCREW-WRENCHES}

8-inch, each so. 75 10-inch, each
\(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{SH00TING STICKS}
"The Correct," wrought-steel, nickel-plated, small, each....\$0.60 "The Correct," wrought-steel, nickel-plated, large, each... . 75


\section*{HICKORY SHOOTING STICKS}


Price, hickory.
.each, \$0.08 Per doz., \$0.85

\section*{PATENT COPPER AND BRASS THIN SPACES}

One of the handiest things a printer can have is a full assortment of Patent Copper and Brass Thin Spaces. To use them once is to appreciate them. They are made in two thicknesses, one-half and onepoint, and are cut upon order for any point body. The half-point spaces are made of copper and the onepoint of brass, so that different thicknesses may be distinguished at a glance. They are accurately cut by machinery; are cheap, never break, and never wear out. These spaces are put up in fonts of different assortments as follows:
 point thin spaces assorted in sizes from 6 to 72 point.


Cardboard Box, contains 10 oz . of one-half and one-point thin spaces assorted in sizes, 12, 18. 24,36 and 48 point.

Font No. 1, containing 16 oz . of One-Half Point Copper Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: 6, 8, 10,

Font No. 2, containing 16 oz. of One-Point Brass Thin Spaces, cut the following sizes: \(6,8,10,12,14\),

\section*{Ounce and Pound Prices}

We cut upon special order any point body, from smallest to largest size and furnish same in 2-ounce packages of either the one-half point copper or one-point brass or 2 ounces of copper and brass assorted at a price of \(\$ 0.25\) per package of any one size. Also sold by the pound as follows: 5 point, \(\$ 2.50 ; 5 \frac{1}{2}\) point. \(\mathbf{\$ 2 . 2 5} ; 6\) point, \(\$ 2.00 ; 7\) point, \(\$ 1.85 ; 8\) point, \(\$ 1.75 ; 9\) point, \(\$ 1.65 ; 10\) point, \(\$ 1.55 ; 11\) point, \(\$ 1.45 ; 12\) to 16 point, \(\$ 1.40 ; 18\) to 30 point, \(\$ 1.35 ; 36\) point and larger, \(\$ 1.30\). A pound may contain either brass or copperor both.

\section*{PLATE MOUNTS}


These mounts will be found invaluable at make-up table, as supports to the thin plates cast from Advertiser's Matrices. By use of these mounts, the time and waste of metal by melting, incident to making thin plates typehigh before the make-up can handle them, is saved. Cast from hard metal, shaved accurately to required height, cut from one inch to full column length, varying by \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch steps as desired; 13 ems or \(26 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ems}\) wide. When ordering, send sample of thin plate so height of mount can be made correct.
Single or double column, in any length up to 20 inches, per pound.


\section*{METAL SECTIONAL BLOCKS}

Metal Sectional Blocks are made from extra hard metal, cored on their under sides to lighten them. They are sufficiently heavy for the most exacting impression of half-tone or tint plate.

The most economical bases for plates of all kinds. They hold the plates securely and save one-half the time of make-ready. Save plates from injury because they do not bend or warp them. As easy to make-up as metal furniture, and are as necessary to a pressroom as the modern cylinder press.
Sizes, \(16 \times 16,8 \times 16,8 \times 8,4 \times 8,2 \times 8,2 \times 6,2 \times 4\),
\(1 \times 8,1 \times 6\) and \(1 \times 4 \mathrm{ems}\), per pound
\(\$ 0.25\)

\section*{CAST IRON SECTIONAL BLOCKS}
\(16 \times 32\) ems, each....................................... \(\$ 1.00\) ..... 0.30\(16 \times 24 \mathrm{ems}\), each.................................... 85 . \(6 \times 8\) ems, each
18\(16 \times 24\) ems, each 6
\(16 \times 16 \mathrm{ems}\), each
\(6 \times 6 \mathrm{ems}\), each
\(8 \times 32 \mathrm{ems}\), each \(804 \times 24 \mathrm{ems}\), each ..... 4015
\(8 \times 94\) ems, each \(604 \times 16\) ems, each
\(8 \times 16 \mathrm{ems}\), each \(354 \times 8 \mathrm{ems}\), each ..... 15
\(5 x 8\) ems, each \(204 \times 6 \mathrm{ems}\), each ..... 15
\(6 \times 24\) ems, each .404 x 4 ems, each ..... 10

\section*{STEEL SECTIONAL BLOCKS}

\section*{The Lightest and Most Rigid Sectional Block Made}

Steel Sections may be considered as the basis of the expansion system of printer's blocks. They are very light and rigid, micro-ground and full forms of these for large presses can be easily handled.
\(8 \times 8\) ems, each
. 0.18
\(2 \times 16\) ems. each
.15
\(2 \times 8\) ems, each
09
\(2 \times 6\) ems, each .08


\section*{BRASS SECTIONAL BLOCKS}

These are used for very fine adjustments on small plates, made of solid brass, micro-ground.
\(1 \times 16\) ems, each
. \(\$ 0.09\)
ix 16 ems, each............................................. . . . . 07
\(1 \times 6\) ems, each.................................. . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.05\)
\(1 \times 8\) ems, each................................................................ . . . . . . 07
x6 ems, each............................................... . . 04
\(\frac{1}{2} \times 8\) ems, each........................................... . . . . . . 05
\(1 \times 4\) ems, each............................................... . . . 03

古 \(x 4\) ems, each............................................... . . . . 02

\section*{LITTLE GIANT REGISTER H0OK}

Size \(6 \times 6\) ems. Made from solid Brass. The screw and slotted head are in one piece, cut from steel and tempered; the clutch is also made of steel, and there are but four pieces to each hook. It is actuated by a steel key.

Especially designed for fine register and color printing. Hooks are placed on all sides of the plate, and by use of the steel key the clutch on one side is released and the one opposite is tightened, the plate being easily moved the smallest fraction of an inch.
Little Giant Register Hooks, \(6 \times 6 \mathrm{ems}\), each
. \(\$ 1.00\)

\section*{EUREKA REGISTER HOOK}

Eureka Register Hooks will enable you to place plates within eighteen points of each other. They are so constructed that the operating mechanism follows the clutch-one plate can be moved and the adjoining one follow it without interfering with the operating mechanism-the narrow margins are in this way preserved. Made from solid brass, clutch and screw of steel. Slotted head of steel, tempered. Eureka Register Hooks, \(6 \times 6\) ems, each


\section*{STEEL KEYS FOR REGISTER HOOKS}

\section*{SWIVEL REGISTER H00K}

Made from solid steel and brass. The center portion is the well known Eureka Register Hook so mounted that it will turn in any direction even after being locked up in form. By use of these hooks an irregular plate can be held perfectly or any plate can be placed at any desired angle in the form. The Hook being swiveled adjusts itself automatically to the position desired. These Hooks can be used as plain register hooks when the swived feature is not needed.
Swivel Register Hooks, \(8 \times 8\) ems, each
\(\$ 1.50\)

\section*{QUICKEST REGISTER HOOK}

Especially designed for book work where it is desirable to change from one plate to another quickly. One turn of the key moves the clutch far enough to release the plate. By this it will be seen that the Quickest Hook is quicker than a ratchet Hook with the additional advantage of doing away entirely with the necessity of placing the low slugs around each page. Made from solid brass. Clutch and screw of steel. Slotted head of steel, tempered. There are but four pieces to each Hook. Quickest Register Hooks, \(6 \times 6\) ems, each.
\$1.00


\section*{KYLE REGISTER HOOK}


Designed for the narrowest possible margin. Plates can be placed within eight points of each other. This just allows room enough for the steel key. The Kyle Register Hooks, like the Eureka, permits the plates to be moved in both directions, even when used for the very narrowest margins. Made of solid brass, clutch and nut of steel.
Kyle Register Hooks, \(6 \times 6\) ems (right or left), each
\(\$ 1.10\)

\section*{PONY NARROW MARGIN HOOK}

Brass body, steel screw and clutch. General construction same as Little Giant, except that it is worked with a ratchet instead of a key. Used where register is not a necessity. For strength, durability and accuracy it is equal to the large hooks. Pony Narrow Margin Hooks. \(6 \times 7 \mathrm{ems}\), each. . \(\$ 0.90\)
Brass Rachet, each
.50
Steel Rachet, each
.75


\section*{BRASS CATCHES}

These Brass Catches are made in the lengths given below (or in any length on special order). If not otherwise instructed all orders will be filled with the eight em length.
1x 4 ems Brass Catches, each
\(1 \times 6\) ems Brass Catches, each. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 12
1 x 8 ems Brass Catches, each................................................................... . . . . . . 15
\(1 \times 16\) ems Brass Catches, each. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 25

\section*{QUETSCH RAPID REGISTER HOOK}

Is a high grade register hook suitable for registering the finest three-color plates, and at the same time is quite as rapid as an ordinary ratchet hook. As the jaw has an adjustment of about two picas, it is equally desirable for either fine color printing or ordinary book work. The body of the hook is made of solid brass and the working parts of steel.
Quetsch Register Hook No. 1, \(6 \times 8\) ems.
\(\$ 1.00\)
Quetsch Rapid Register Hook No. 2. .
1.10

Key for Quetsch Hook
.30


\section*{ROUSE REGISTER H00K}

Is strictly a register hook and as such is unexcelled. It is very strong and compact the body is made of brass, the working parts of steel. The jaw has a movement of two picas and is operated by a screw of unusually large diameter, insuring unequalled power as well as fine adjustment.
Rouse Register Hook, 6 x 6 ems
\(\$ 0.90\)
Key for same.


This block is designed to meet all the requirements of those who print from flat plates. It is made of solid iron three-quarters of an inch thick (unless otherwise ordered) and has a one-eighth inch rabbet on all sides. It is lined over its entire surface in squares of one 12 -point em, the grooves being cut diagonally across the block one inch apart. The blocks are usually made two inches larger each way than the largest form that can be printed on the press for which the block is required. Blocks larger than \(20 \times 25\) inches are made in two or four sections at no extra charge. The sections are accurately fitted together with dowel pins and each section may be used as an independent block. Patent Groove Blocks are made to order only. In ordering give name of the press for which a block is required, with the exact bed measurements, and the narrowest margin required. Write for net prices.

\section*{PATENT STEREOTYPE BLOCKS}

New, Old, and Boston Style-When made regularly, these blocks are of back of plate, or \({ }^{3}\) inch larger each way than size of printed matter. The Hook, Ratchet Gutter and Clasp Brass occupy a space of \({ }_{16}\) inch, including necessary allowance for taking plate on or off freely, and the two bevels on plate are \({ }_{16}^{3}\) inch wide, or \({ }^{3}\) inch in all. The block will take on a plate \({ }^{3}\) inch smaller each way than the largest plate, back dimensions, when the Slot in which the Hook moves is one inch; and the smallest plate the Block will take is \(1 \frac{1}{4}\) inch smaller than the size of Block overall.

Patented Ruled Block-The largest plate taken on is one inch smaller each way (back dimensions) than outside measurements of Block; and the smallest plate (back dimensions) is 21 inches smaller than outside measurements of Block when the Slot in which Hook moves is 1 inch long.

Blocks for Narrow Margins-There are instances where it is impossible to get the desired margins on regularly made Blocks. In such instances we can reduce the widths of Hooks, Ratchets, and Gutters, or increase the variation between largest and smallest plates by lengthening the Slots in which Hooks move. as conditions allow. Whenever margins are apparently too scant, our long experience will usually enable us to overcome the difficulty. In some cases we must make a special charge for such special work. When the Slot in which the Hook moves is made longer than 1 inch on New Style Blocks it requires longer Pinions, and \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) cents per Hook is added to the list price for each \(\ddagger\) inch longer than 1 inch.

All Blocks are made \(\frac{3}{}\) inch thick unless otherwise ordered.
For each extra Hook and Pinion add 50 cents to list; for each Hook less, deduct 25 cents from list.
Rule Blocks-Prices for Blocks with Brass Rule Borders will be quoted on application.
For price of Blocks with Head Brass but no End Hooks, add to List Price of Blocks without End Hooks as follows: 8 to \(16 \frac{1}{2}\) inch measurement, 10 cents; 17 to 27 inch measurement, 15 cents; \(27 \frac{1}{2}\) to \(38 \frac{1}{2}\) inch measurement, 20 cents.

Steel Pinions, 15 cents each. Hooks. 10 cents each.


RATCHETS


Wood Handle


Steel Handle

Brass Ratchet, wood handle . \(\$ 0.50\)
Steel Ratchet, wood handle. .75
Brass Ratchet, steel handle. .50
Steel Ratchet, steel handle . .75
New Style

\section*{PARTICULARS OF MAHOGANY AND IRON PATENT BLOCKS}

To ascertain price of Block of any style, add together the length and width measurements, then?find the nearest "measurements" in second column of Price List; and the price of the style and size of Block required will be found in the same line as the corresponding "measurement" in the second column. When the measurements of the Block required differ from any "measurement" printed in second column, the price of such Block will be the price in the same line as the next lower "measurement."

In sending orders, give the size of Block outside, and also the sizes of the largest and smallest plates to be used on the Block, always measuring the back of the plate. Unless otherwise stated we assume that all plate measurements given are of the back of the plate.


\footnotetext{
*The measurement is the sum of the outside length ąnd width of a Block added together.
}

\section*{STEREOTYPE OUTFITS}

The Ideal Casting Box and Furnace is certainly an Ideal machine as the name implies. This outfit is manufactured in three sizes, \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 14,12 \times 20\) and \(20 \times 26\). The \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 14\) will cast a plate three columns wide by twelve inches long if required; the \(12 \times 20\) will cast a plate ten by seventeen inches, and \(20 \times 26\) will cast full eight column pages. When this outfit is used for drying matrix the casting box, the form clamped in solidly, is pushed over the metal pot, and the heat radiating from the melted metal dries the matrix quickly and safely. There is no possibility of injury to type in using this machine. notwithstanding the fact that the matrix is dried rapidly and thoroughly. The \(8 \frac{1}{2} \times 14\) size is best adapted for small job offices where no large forms are desired. The \(12 \times 20\) is the best general utility machine, and forms as large as ten by seventeen can be cast, and this is as large as the ordinary electrotype foundry can handle. By dividing the form a seventeen by twenty plate can be easily turned out. The \(20 \times 26\) size is especially adapted to cast newspaper pages, and a perfect full page plate can be cast speedily and satisfactorily. In ordering state kind of fuel you will possibly use.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Furnace and Casting-box, including ladle and thin gauges &  & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \times 20 \text { nech } \\
& . \\
& \hline 80.00
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 20 \times 28 \text { INCH } \\
& . \$ 125.00
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Type-high-base-high bars & 9.00 & 11.00 & 12.00 \\
\hline Shute-board and Plane & 12.00 & 18.00 & 22.00 \\
\hline Miter-box and Saw & 12.00 & 18.00 & 22.00 \\
\hline Beating-brush & 5.00 & 7.00 & 9.00 \\
\hline Blankets, brushes, small tools, lumber, matrix paper. etc & 12.00 & 16.00 & 20.00 \\
\hline Total. & \$100.00 & \$150.00 & \$210.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STEAM AND OVERHEAD FIXTURES}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Light 3-speed cones, 6 to 9 inches. & .13 \({ }^{\text {®ELT }}\) inch \\
\hline Light 4 -speed cones, 7 to 10 inches & 112 inch \\
\hline Heavy 3 -speed cones, 8 to 10 inches & .2 inches \\
\hline Heavy 4-speed cones, \(4 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) to \(8 \frac{3}{}\) inches & . 2 inches \\
\hline Heavy 3 -speed cones, 9 to 12 inches & . \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) inches \\
\hline Heavy 4-speed cones, 7 to 10 inche & . 24 inches \\
\hline Heavy 3 -speed cones, 10 to 18 inche & . 21 inches \\
\hline Heavy 4-speed cones, 10 to 13 inche & . 21 inches \\
\hline Heavy 3 -speed cones, 12 to 15 inch & inches \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{driving pulley \\ 8 inches \\ size \\ medium}

8 inches
8 inches
8 inches
12 inches
12 inches 12 inches 12 inches 16 inches
\(\frac{1}{8}\) medium
\(\$ 15.00\) \(125 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 18.00\) \(\frac{1}{8}\) medium \(155 \mathrm{lbs} \quad 20.00\) \(\frac{1}{8}\) medium \(\quad 160 \mathrm{lbs} . \quad 22.50\) 4 medium \(185 \mathrm{lbs} \quad 22.50\) \(\frac{1}{4}\) medium \(\quad 190 \mathrm{lbs} \quad 25.00\) \(\frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}\) medium \(\quad 190 \mathrm{lbs} \quad 27.50\) \(\frac{1}{5}\) medium \(\quad 225 \mathrm{lbs} \quad 30.00\) Cylinder 225 lbs. 40.00

If split cone pulley for line shaft is wanted, add 10 per cent to above prices.

\section*{SHAFTING}

Cold rolled and turned, straightened and polished.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 18 -inch. & \begin{tabular}{l}
weight per foot \\
.. 2.35 lbs.
\end{tabular} & PRICE PER LE. NET
..... \(\$ 0.053 / 2\) \\
\hline 1 -inch. & . 2.68 lbs .. & ... . \(053 / 2\) \\
\hline \(1{ }_{1}{ }^{1}\)-inch. & 3.02 lbs . & . \(051 / 2\) \\
\hline \(1{ }_{16}{ }^{3}\)-inch. & . 3.77 lbs.. & . 05318 \\
\hline \(1_{18}^{88}\)-inch. & . 4.61 lbs.. & . \(051 / 2\) \\
\hline \(1{ }_{1}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{A}^{\text {andinch. }}\) & . 5.52 lbs. & . \(0531 /\) \\
\hline \(11^{1} 8\)-inch. & . 6.52 l lbs. & . . 05 \\
\hline 14 -inch. & 7.61 lbs.. & . 05 \\
\hline \(1{ }_{1}^{13}{ }^{\frac{1}{8}-\text { inch. }}\) & 8.78 lbs.. & . 05 \\
\hline  & \(10.03 \mathrm{lbs} .\). & . 05 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


COMPRESSION COUPLINGS AND COLLARS


\section*{ADJUSTABLE BALL AND SOCKET DROP HANGERS}

All of these hangers have machine-finished bases, and Standard bearings machine-reamed and faced.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Frame symbol and shaft sizes} & \multicolumn{7}{|c|}{DROP IN INCHES} \\
\hline & 8 & 10 & 12 & 14 & 16 & 18 & 20 \\
\hline B \(\left\{1^{\frac{15}{6}}\right.\) inch & 3.85 & 4.00 & 4.20 & 4.45 & ... & & \\
\hline \(B\left\{1_{186}{ }^{3}\right.\) inch & 3.95 & 4.10 & 4.30 & 4.55 & . . . & & \\
\hline D \(\left\{1_{1}{ }^{7}\right.\) inch & 4.90 & 5.05 & 5.25 & 5.50 & 5.60 & 6.00 & 6.45 \\
\hline D \(1_{1 \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{6} \text { inch }}\) & 5.00 & 5.15 & 5.35 & 5.60 & 5.70 & 6.10 & 6.55 \\
\hline E \(\left\{1 \frac{15}{15}\right.\) inch & 6.85 & 7.35 & 7.50 & 7.80 & 8.05 & 8.30 & 8.80 \\
\hline G \(\left\{22^{\frac{3}{16}}\right.\) inches & 8.70 & 9.05 & 9.20 & 9.70 & 10.30 & 10.75 & 11.65 \\
\hline G \(2_{16}^{7}\) inches & 9.35 & 9.70 & 9.85 & 10.35 & 10.95 & 11.40 & 12.30 \\
\hline K \(\quad 211 \mathrm{inches}\) & 10.85 & 11.35 & 11.85 & 12.35 & 13.35 & 14.45 & 15.50 \\
\hline I. 21.8 inches & 12.80 & 13.30 & 13.80 & 14.30 & 15.30 & 16.40 & 17.45 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{W00D SPLIT PULLEYS.}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{16}{|c|}{WIDTH OF FACE IN INCHES.} \\
\hline diameter & \(\stackrel{3}{3}\) & InCHES & INCHES & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
8 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
7 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
s \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\stackrel{9}{\text { INCHES }}
\] & \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
10 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{array}\right|
\] & \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
11 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}\right.
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
12 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 13 \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
14 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 15 \\
& \text { INCHES }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
18 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
17 \\
\text { INCHES }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline 3 inches & 1.90 & 2.00 & 2.10 & 2.25 & 2.40 & 2.60 & 2.85 & 3.10 & 3.35 & 3.60 & 3.85 & 4.10 & 4.40 & 4.75 & \\
\hline 4 inches & 2.00 & 2.10 & 2.20 & 2.40 & 2.60 & 2.85 & 3.10 & 3.35 & 3.60 & 3.85 & 4.10 & 4.40 & 4.75 & 5.10 & \\
\hline 5 inches & 2.10 & 2.20 & 2.40 & 2.60 & 2.85 & 3.10 & 3.35 & 3.60 & 3.85 & 4.10 & 4.40 & 4.75 & 5.10 & 5.45 & \\
\hline 6 inches & 2.20 & 2.35 & 2.55 & 2.75 & 3.00 & 3.25 & 3.50 & 3.75 & 4.00 & 4.30 & 4.65 & 5.00 & 5.35 & 5.70 & \\
\hline 7 inches & 2.30 & 2.45 & 2.65 & 2.85 & 3.10 & 3.35 & 3.60 & 3.85 & 4.15 & 4.50 & 4.85 & 5.20 & 5.55 & 5.90 & \\
\hline 8 inches & 2.45 & 2.60 & 2.80 & 3.00 & 3.25 & 3.50 & 3.75 & 4.00 & 4.30 & 4.65 & 5.00 & 5.40 & 5.80 & 6.20 & \\
\hline 9 inches & 2.60 & 2.80 & 3.00 & 3.25 & 3.50 & 3.75 & 4.00 & 4.30 & 4.65 & 5.00 & 5.40 & 5.80 & 6.20 & 6.60 & \\
\hline 10 inches & 2.80 & 3.00 & 3.25 & 3.50 & 3.75 & 4.00 & 4.30 & 4.65 & 5.00 & 5.40 & 5.80 & 6.20 & 6.60 & 7.00 & \\
\hline 11 inches & 3.00 & 3.25 & 3.50 & 3.75 & 4.00 & 4.30 & 4.65 & 5.00 & 5.40 & 5.80 & 6.20 & 6.60 & 7.00 & 7.50 & \\
\hline 12 inches & 3.15 & 3.40 & 3.65 & 3.90 & 4.20 & 4.55 & 4.90 & 5.30 & 5.70 & 6.10 & 6.50 & 6.90 & 7.40 & 7.90 & 8.50 \\
\hline 13 inches & 3.30 & 3.55 & 3.80 & 4.10 & 4.45 & 4.80 & 5.20 & 5.60 & 6.00 & 6.40 & 6.80 & 7.30 & 7.80 & 8.40 & 9.00 \\
\hline 14 inches & 3.45 & 3.70 & 4.00 & 4.35 & 4.70 & 5.10 & 5.55 & 6.00 & 6.45 & 6.90 & 7.40 & 7.90 & 8.50 & 9.10 & 9.70 \\
\hline 15 inches & 3.60 & 3.90 & 4.25 & 4.60 & 5.00 & 5.45 & 5.90 & 6.35 & 6.80 & 7.30 & 7.80 & 8.40 & 9.00 & 9.60 & 10.30 \\
\hline 16 inches & 3.80 & 4.15 & 4.50 & 5.00 & 5.50 & 6.00 & 6.50 & 7.00 & 7.50 & 8.00 & 8.50 & 9.00 & 9.60 & 10.30 & 11.00 \\
\hline 17 inches & 4.00 & 4.40 & 4.90 & 5.40 & 5.90 & 6.40 & 6.90 & 7.40 & 7.90 & 8.40 & 8.90 & - 9.50 & 10.20 & 11.00 & 11.80 \\
\hline 18 inches & 4.20 & 4.70 & 5.20 & 5.70 & 6.20 & 6.70 & 7.20 & 7.80 & 8.40 & 9.00 & 9.60 & 10.30 & 11.10 & 11.90 & 12.70 \\
\hline 19 inches & 4.40 & 4.90 & 5.40 & 5.90 & 6.50 & 7.10 & 7.70 & 8.30 & 8.90 & 9.50 & 10.20 & 11.00 & 11.80 & 12.60 & 13.40 \\
\hline 20 inches & 4.60 & 5.20 & 5.80 & 6.40 & 7.00 & 7.60 & 8.30 & 9.00 & 9.70 & 10.40 & 11.20 & 12.00 & 12.90 & 13.80 & 14.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\section*{IMPROVED FAST LETTERING AND STAMPING PRESS.}

Made in two styles. No. 1 , size of platen, \(12 \times 12\) inches; size of head, \(11 \times 11\) inches. The wheel at the top carries the screw that raises or lowers the head to any required place, and the set screw at the front binds it firmly. The bed on this machine slides in and out.

Can be furnished in two sizes, \(19 \frac{1}{4}\) or 26 inches between uprights. Three embossing-stamp holders, varying sizes; one chase, inside measure \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) inches square; one large plate, full size of head, for electros and brass work; one atmospheric gas heater; set of band holders, and assortment of steel fillers for chase, go with each machine.

Our No. 2 Stamper works on the same general plan as the No. 1 machine, except that the bed is a permanent piece and does not slide like it does on the larger machine. Size of head, \(12 \times 12\); size of platen, \(13 \frac{1}{2} \times 13 \frac{1}{2}\). Takes work 14 inches wide and any length.

The head will allow a change of six inches in thickness. One chase holder with chase, two plates for electros, one set of fillers for chase, and an atmospheric gas heater, go with each machine.-Circular:
No. 1 Machine arranged for steam and hand power.

\section*{BOSTON STAPLE BINDER}

\section*{Foot Power and Hand Power}


The Boston Staple Binder is built on new lines with valuable features never before used in a stapler. It is the nearest approach to a stitcher yet devised, and its work is neater and better than some of the old line stitchers. It is difficult to distinguish its stapling from the best wire stitching. Staples are strung on tin cores (no shrinking or swelling of wood) with paper covers, and placed in the machine at the right hand side, as shown in the illustration. The cores may be lifted out of the stapler, and replaced, as often as necessary without loss of staples, saving from 25 to 50 per cent. in staples over all other machines. A supporter (an exclusive feature) prevents buckling staples, and permits the use of finer wire than heretofore possible. The result is cleaner work. The driver is a single piece of hardened steel, reversible, and can be instantly replaced when worn without the aid of a wrench. Iron tables are provided at each side of the stitching head with pockets underneath to hold four boxes of staples. The stitcher work table tips forward or back for flat and saddle, and is held in the flat position by the back gauge. Wire No. 26 , round, is used, the same being slightly flattened in the process of staple making. The staples are strung on tin cores of 334 each. A paper covering protects the staples from moisture, permits of changes from one size to another without waste, and keeps the staples in line for sure feeding. The feed is positive, the hardened steel pusher being operated by a steel spiral spring which also engages to a locking device at the end of the tin core to hold the same in position. This lock is pulled backward to release the core when sizes of staples are changed. Screw driver and tools are unnecessary after the stapler is assembled, as all changes in staples are made without them. The foot power Boston Stapler has a pedestal and table, as shown in the illustration; the hand power is screwed to a bench or table. The capacity of both styles is three-sixteenths of an inch, flat or saddle work.-Circular.
 Style B, Hand Power, saddle and flat, shipping weight, 50 lbs............................................ 25.00

Staples are put up in boxes of 5000 , there being two sizes, \(\frac{7}{}\)-inch for thin work, and 8 -inch for thick work.
\(\qquad\)
25,000 Lots, per 1,000. ..... 15
50,000 Lots, per 1,000 . ..... 14
100,000 Lots, per 1,000 . ..... 13

\section*{N0. 6 ACME STAPLE BINDER}

The No. 6 Wire-Staple Binder does a greater range of work, and does better work, than any other staple binder. At one stroke of the treadle it drives, clinches, and releases the staple-each operation being independent, though continuous. It holds two hundred and fifty staples at a charge, and round or flat and fine or coarse staples may be used. Staples are fed automatically to the driver by positive pressure on both legs, and clogging is prevented by a device which effectually prevents more than one staple getting under the driver at a time. The clinch is perfect on any thickness. There is ample room for putting in and taking out work, as the driver arm lifts more than an inch above the table after each clinch. There is a long space under the arm for calendar work. The treadle has a positive movement. Every machine is furnished with a strong iron stand. Will bind to a thickness of \(\bar{a}\)-inch through any kind of paper, and is furnished with both flat and saddle-back tables, with gauges on the flat bed. For hard or coated papers, when the work is heavy, flat wire staples are used.-Circular.
No. 6 Acme Wire-Staple Binder, capacity \({ }^{2}-\) inch and under on all kinds of paper, for round or flat wire, with table and treadle complete.
\$40.00 Staples for Acme Binder No. 6: No. 21, \(\frac{1}{2}\)-inch, round; No. \(22,{ }_{18}^{3}-\)-inch, round; No. 23, \({ }_{\ddagger}\)-inch, flat; No. \(24,{ }_{\mathrm{P}_{6} 6}\)-inch, flat-per box of 5.000 of one size



\section*{ACME STAPLE BINDER NO. 1}

The frame swings on a pivot and lifts high enough to give ample room for putting in and taking out the work-An advantage not obtainable on other lowpriced staple binders. It will not clog. Holds one hundred staples. Binds \(\frac{1}{4}\)-inch and under. Uses flat staples only.-Circular.
Acme Staple Binder No. 1.
\(\$ 6.00\)

per box of 5,000 of one size
1.25


\section*{STAPLE BINDER No. 10}

This machine is built with the following improvements which enhance its intrinsic value. It will use six different sizes of staples, both flat and round wire. It will stitch through the fold and through the back from 2 sheets up to 60 sheets, (flat staples) and from 2 sheets up to 30 sheets (round staples) of ordinary book or pamphlet paper, and 11 inches from margin. The wearing parts are all made of Malleable Steel, and not liable to break or get out of order. The Staple Case adjustment is far superior to any of our other Machines. Only one adjustment, and easily under-stood.-Circular.

Staple Binder No. 10, complete with Flat and Saddle Table........... \(\$ 34.00\) Flat Wire Staples, No. 4, \({ }^{3} \mathrm{~B}\)-inch long, per box of \(5,000 \ldots . . . . . . . . .\). . . . 1.25 Flat Wire Staples, No. 5, \(\ddagger\)-inch long, per box of \(5,000 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . .\).
Flat Wire Staples, No. 6, \({ }_{\mathrm{r}}^{\mathrm{B}}\)-inch long, per box of \(5,000 \ldots . . . . . . . . . .\). ...... 1.25
Flat Wire Staples, No. \(6 \frac{1}{2}, \frac{8}{8}\)-inch long, per box of \(5,000 \ldots \ldots . . .\).
Round Wire Staples, No. 14, \({ }^{3}\) B-inch long, per box of 5,000................. 1.25
Round Wire Staples, No. 15, \(\frac{1}{1}\)-inch long, per box of \(5,000 \ldots .\). . ....... 1.25

\section*{STAPLE BINDER No. 4}

This is a very useful binder for the office or printer, and can be put to a grea variety of uses. It will bind papers etc., from 1 to 50 sheets. Holds 125 staples at a charge. It is impossible for staples to clog in the machine, as by the new device one staple must be driven before another can enter. This machine requires no adjustment, feeds automatically, uses three sizes of staples, put up 5.000 in a box, and are exactly the same as used on the No. 10 Binders-viz: No. 4. \({ }_{18}^{3}\)-inch; No. 5, \(\frac{1}{4}\)-inch, and No. 6. \({ }_{18}^{6}\)-inch.-Cireular.

Staple Binder No. 4
\(\$ 3.00\)


\section*{SURE SHOT STAPLE BINDER}

The most reliable binder for office use. Holds one hundred staples at a charge. Works on the same principle as Acme No. 1, but has no lever. Binds from two to fifty sheets.-Circular.
Price
. \(\$ 3.00\)
Staples for Sure Shot Binder: No. 23 A, \(\ddagger\)-inch: No. 24 A. \({ }^{6}\)-inch-per box
of 5,000 of one size

\section*{WIRE STITCHING MACHINES}


Styles No. 000, 00, and 0 Monitor Wire Stitchers

\section*{No. \(\mathbf{0 0 0}\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

This Machine is the largest wire stitching machine in the world. It has a range of work from three-eighths to two inches in thickness The machine embodies all those valuable features and improvements that have been thoroughly tried and tested by constant use for years on the number 00 and No. 0 sizes. It has a range of work from \(\frac{8}{8}\) to 2 inches in thickness. Uses \(18 \times 20\) and \(19 \times 21 \frac{1}{2}\) flat wire.-Circular.
No. 000 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine
\(\$ 800.00\)

\section*{No. \(\mathbf{0 0}\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

This machine has the largest range of work of any Stitcher in the world except our No. 000. Can be used for pamphlet saddle work or for the heaviest flat or side stitching. Quickly adjusted and simple throughout, finest material and finish; interchangeable parts, gauges, etc. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(1 \frac{18}{8}\) inches. Uses No. 25 round wire, Nos. \(20 \times 25\) and \(19 \times 21 \frac{1}{2}\) flat wire.-Cireular.
No. 00 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine.
\(\$ 700.00\)

\section*{No. 0 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

This machine is constructed for flat (or side) stitching only. Instantly adjusted for different thicknesses of work, requiring no change of parts whatever. Made of the best material and of the finest finish. Capacity, \(\frac{1}{4}\) to \(1 \frac{8}{8}\) inches. Uses \(19 \times 21 \frac{1}{2}\) and \(20 \times 25\) flat wire. -Circular. No. 0 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine.
\(\$ 600.00\)

\section*{No. 1 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

This machine covers the requirements of large binderies and printing offices because of its large range of work. Will stitch four, eight, and sixteen page pamphlets with No. 30 round wire as neatly and quickly as a small machine; also
 paper; will produce 75,000 staples in one day of ten hours. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(\frac{7}{8}\) inch. Uses Nos. \(25,26,27,28\) and 30 round and \(20 \times 25\) flat wire.-Circular. No. 1 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine
.\(\$ 450.00\)

\section*{No. \(11 / 2\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

Same description applies to this machine, the only difference being in the capacity. Combined flat and saddle table. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(\frac{5}{d}\) inch. Uses Nos. \(25,36,27,28\) and 30 round and \(20 \times 25\) flat.-Circular.
No. \(1 \frac{1}{2}\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine
. \(\$ 300.00\)

\section*{No. 13/4 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

Same description applies to this machine, the only difference being in the capacity. Combined flat and saddle table. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(\frac{1}{2}\) inch. Uses


StylesNo. \(21 / 2\) and 2 Monitor Wire Stitchers Nos. \(25,26,27,28\) and 30 round and \(20 \times 25\) flat wire. -Circular.


Styles No. 1, 13/6 and 3/4 Monitor Wire stitchers

No. \({ }^{13}\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine.
\(\$ 275.00\)

\section*{No. \(21 / 2\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

The No. 2t machine is especially adapted for pamphlet work, large or small. It has a long reach from stand to stitching box for calendars, also a long drop for large saddle stitching. The wire is fed into machine between steel rollers. The pressure on the wire can be regulated to a nicety by an eccentric lever, insuring a smooth. perfect, even feed at each stroke. Provided with combination flat and saddle table, back and side gauges, etc. Speed, up to 7.500 staples per hour, according to skill of operator. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(\frac{1}{\ddagger}\) inch. Uses Nos. \(25,26,27,28\) and 30 round wire.-Circular
No. \(2 \frac{1}{2}\) Monitor Wire Stitching Machine.
\$175.00

\section*{No. 2 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine}

No. 2 Monitor, "roll feed." Same description applies to this machine. Capacity, 2 sheets to 8 inch. Uses Nos. 25 to 30 round and \(20 \times 25\) flat wire. -Circular.


MONITOR WIRE STITCHING MACHINE, No. 4
To reach a demand of small offices not provided with power, we herewith show a small foot-power stitcher at a price to bring it within the range of all medium-sized offices. It feeds direct from the spool. making its own staples, at a cost of less than two cents per thousand. Will stitch both flat and saddle work without change of parts for different thicknesses of work or different sizes of wire. It has its own pedestal, similar to our power machines, and is of the same high standard of workmanship and material. Capacity, 2 sheets to \(\frac{1}{5}\) inch. Uses Nos. 25, 26, 27, 28 and 30 round wire.
No. 4 Monitor Wire Stitching Machine
. \(\$ 100.00\)


\section*{BOOKBINDER'S WIRE, ON SP00LS}

We carry in stock the very best wire procurable, and it will be sold at prices as favorable as any obtainable elsewhere.

The frequent changes in the prices of wire, on account of the fluctuations in the cost of metals. prevents us from quoting prices in this book.

\section*{WIRE-STAPLE TABLE}

Table showing number of feet, inches and eighths of inches in all sizes of wire from No. 18 to No. 32. To ascertain the number of staples to one pound of wire, measure full length of wire in staple, go to tirst column on left of table and pass down same until you reach the size that corresponds with the staple measured: pass along to right until you reach size of wire used, shown by top row of figures. Example: if your staple measures \(11 / 2\) inches, and the size of wire is No. 28 , there are 11940 staples to the pound, as shown in table.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Length of Wire in Staple & 18 & 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 28 & 29 & 30 & . 31 & 32 \\
\hline 3/2 inch & 4104 & 53.4 & 7408 & 8856 & 11594 & 14544 & 17142 & 23840 & 28236 & 31578 & 35820 & 40678 & 47058 & 50000 & 54546 \\
\hline \(5 / 6\) inch & 3283 & 4315 & 2926 & 7084 & 9275 & 11635 & 13713 & 18112 & 23588 & 25262 & 28656 & 32542 & 37646 & 40000 & 43836 \\
\hline 3 inch & 2736 & 3596 & 4938 & 5904 & 7729 & 9696 & 11428 & 15093 & 188.4 & 21052 & 23880 & 27118 & 31372 & 33333 & 36364 \\
\hline 3 inch & 2345 & 3082 & 4233 & 5060 & 6625 & 8310 & 9795 & 12937 & 16134 & 18044 & 20468 & 23244 & 26890 & 28571 & 31169 \\
\hline 1 inch & 2052 & 2697 & 3704 & 4428 & 5797 & 7272 & 8571 & 11320 & 14118 & 15789 & 17910 & 20339 & 23599 & 25000 & 27273 \\
\hline 13 inch & 1824 & 2397 & 3292 & 3936 & 5152 & 6464 & 7618 & 10062 & 12549 & 14034 & 15920 & 18079 & 20914 & 22222 & 24:42 \\
\hline 13 inch & 1641 & 2157 & 2963 & 3542 & 4637 & 5817 & 6856 & 9056 & 11294 & 12631 & 14328 & 16271 & 18823 & 20000 & 21818 \\
\hline 1\% inch & 1492 & 1961 & 2693 & 3220 & 4916 & 5888 & 6933 & 8232 & 10267 & 11482 & 13025 & 14792 & 17112 & 18181 & 19834 \\
\hline \(11 / 2\) inch & 1368 & 1798 & 2469 & 2952 & 3864 & 4848 & 5714 & 7546 & 9412 & 10526 & 11940 & 13559 & 15686 & 16666 & 18182 \\
\hline 1\% inch & 1262 & 1659 & 2279 & 2724 & 3567 & 4475 & 5274 & 6966 & 8688 & 9716 & 11021 & 12516 & 14479 & 15384 & 16783 \\
\hline 13 inch & 1172 & 1541 & 2116 & 2530 & 3312 & 4155 & 4897 & 6468 & 8067 & 9022 & 10234 & 11622 & 13445 & 14285 & 15584 \\
\hline \(1 \%\) inch & 1094 & 1438 & 1975 & 2361 & 3091 & 3878 & 4571 & 6037 & 75.99 & 8420 & 9552 & 10847 & 12548 & 13333 & 14545 \\
\hline 2 inch & 1026 & 1348 & 1852 & 2214 & 2898 & 3636 & \(428 \bar{\square}\) & 5660 & 7059 & 7894 & 8955 & 10169 & 11764 & 12500 & 13636 \\
\hline \(2 \%\) inch & 965 & 1269 & 1743 & 2083 & 2728 & 3422 & 4033 & 5327 & 6643 & 7430 & 8428 & 9571 & 11072 & 11764 & 12834 \\
\hline 23 inch & 912 & 1198 & 1646 & 1968 & 2576 & 3232 & 3809 & 5031 & 6274 & 7017 & 7960 & 9039 & 10457 & 11111 & 12121 \\
\hline 2\% inch & 864 & 1135 & 15.59 & 1864 & 2440 & 3061 & 3608 & 4766 & 5944 & 6648 & 7541 & 8.563 & 9906 & 10526 & 11483 \\
\hline \(23 / 2\) inch & 820 & 1078 & 1481 & 1771 & 2318 & 2908 & 3428 & 45.88 & 5647 & 6315 & 7164 & 8135 & 9411 & 10000 & 109097 \\
\hline 2\% inch & 781 & 1027 & 1411 & 1686 & 2208 & \(27 \% 0\) & 3265 & 4312 & 5378 & 6014 & 6822 & 7748 & 8963 & 9523 & 10389 \\
\hline 233 inch & 746 & 980 & 1346 & 1610 & 2108 & 2644 & 3116 & 4116 & 5133 & 5741 & 6512 & 7396 & 85.56 & 9090 & 9917 \\
\hline 23 inch & 713 & 938 & 1288 & 1540 & 2016 & 2589 & 2981 & 3937 & 4910 & 5491 & 6229 & 7074 & 8184 & 8695 & 9486 \\
\hline 3 inch & 684 & 899 & 1234 & 1476 & 1932 & 2424 & 2857 & 3773 & 4706 & 5263 & 5970 & 6779 & 7843 & 8333 & 0091 \\
\hline 313 inch & 656 & 863 & 1185 & 1416 & 1855 & 2327 & 2742 & 3622 & 4517 & 5052 & 5731 & 6508 & \%529 & 8000 & 8727 \\
\hline \(3{ }^{1 / 3} \mathrm{inch}\) & 631 & 829 & 1139 & 1362 & 1783 & 2237 & 2637 & 3483 & 4344 & 4858 & 5510 & 6258 & 7239 & 7692 & 8391 \\
\hline 3\% inch & 608 & 799 & 1097 & 1312 & 1717 & 2154 & 2539 & 3354 & 4183 & 4678 & 5306 & 6036 & \(69 \% 1\) & 7407 & 8080 \\
\hline \(31 / 2\) inch & 586 & 770 & 1058 & 1265 & 1656 & 2077 & 2448 & 3234 & 4033 & 4511 & 5117 & 5811 & 6722 & 7142 & 7792 \\
\hline No. of \(1 / 8 \mathrm{inch}\) in 1 & 16416 & 21576 & 29632 & 35424 & 46376 & 58176 & 68568 & 90560 & 112944 & 126312 & 143280 & 162712 & 188232 & 200000 & 218184 \\
\hline No. of feet in 1 lb & 171 & 294 & 3083 & 369 & \(4831 \frac{1}{12}\) & 606 & \(714 \frac{1}{4}\) & \(43^{3}\) & \(1176 \frac{1}{2}\) & 1315 & 14921 & \(1604 \frac{11}{2}\) & \(1960{ }_{4}^{3}\) & 2083! & 22723 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
table Copyrigmted 1893 by C. d. blackmall. publismed by permission

\section*{PAPER COUNTER}

To make ready for use in pad work, count out number of sheets wanted by hand on top of which place the plate, then draw the stab up firmly against the paper. The screw in handle holds the stab in place. To operate, place plate on top of lot to be counted and push stab into paper bearing down at same time.
Price.

\(\$ 0.75\)

\section*{THE IDEAL TABLETING APPARATUS}


Fig. 1

This is a simple, common-sense apparatus, designed to be used by practical printers. It has no clamp or screws to be operated, and is effective, rapid. and thorough. Figure 1 shows the apparatus with iron base-plate in position, forming the bottom of the box, and a small pile of sheets resting on it. All trash, dust, etc., are sifted out as the sheets are put in, the two side-pieces not coming quite together, and thus leave an opening for that purpose. Figure 2 shows a pile of sheets ready for gluing. Having the sheets in the box, as shown in Figure 1, and having placed the iron brick on top of the pile, it is only necessary to take the apparatus by the handle and leg and put it in a perpendicular position. Now, continuing to hold the box in a perpendicular position, withdraw it from under the base-plate, (which is made possible by the ingenious and simple arrangement of the bottom frame of the box.) and the pile is left standing on the base-plate, all ready for the glue-brush.-Circular.


Price, complete, with box, base-plate and iron brick, size \(8 \times 8 \times 18\) inches, capacity 6,000 sheets...... \(\$ 7.50\)
Extra iron bricks, weight about 25 pounds, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3.00
Extra base-plates, each


For straightening up and holding sheets of paper while being glued for tablets. Will take 3,000 sheets; is simple, convenient, and durable; one of the best and handiest articles yet devised for the purpose. Any number of sheets can be handled, whether 100 or 3,000 , with equal ease; allows glueing on two sides; it is made sloping so the paper will stand alone while being adjusted. The clamp is separate from the box; is quickly and easily adjusted to the various thicknesses, and any desired pressure can be obtained. The paper is set against the notched board, with the upper edge down, and the board of nearest size is placed against it. When even, the clamp is placed over it and tightened with a fair pressure; afterwards it is lifted out and turned over, so that the edges to be glued are uppermost.-Circular.
Price, complete, including five beveled press-boards for tableting ...........................................530
Extra clamp, with five boards . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2.00
Clamp only
1.40

\section*{ELASTIC PADDING GLUE}

An elastic, tough, quick-drying preparation, which is applied hot after melting in an ordinary glue pot, and, while entailing more labor, gives better results than the liquid glue. Does not adhere to the edges of sheets as they are removed from the pad, thus preventing tearing of pages in invoice and letter copying books. The color is bright red.-Circular.
Pri.e, per pound
\(\$ 0.35\)

\section*{LIQUID PADDING CEMENT}

This cement is much superior to glue. Being a liquid it is always ready, and can be applied cold as ea sily as paste. Blocks of the tablets made with this cement should be cut apart as soon as removed from tt: ę press.-Circular.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & half PINT & PINT & QUART & GALLON \\
\hline Red or blue & \$0.30 & \$0.50. & \$0.90 & . \$3.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{SPHINX PASTE FOR PRINTERS}
-The ideal Paste for the press room. Keeps soft and free from mould. No risk of lumps getting into the packing or overlays and battering the type. It does not swell the packing nor wrinkle the paper.
Half pint cans................................................................................................................. . . . . . . 10.
Pint cans.

1 gallon pails........................................... . ..................................................................... . . . 75



\section*{TABLET KNIFE}

Made extra thin and strong, each
\(\$ 0.50\)

\section*{COMBINATION CASE AND TAKE SLUG}


Take Slug [Fig. 1]


Case Slug [Ftg. 2]


Combined Slug [Fig. 3]

The illustrations herewith presented show a combined "take and case slug." especially adapted to newspaper composition, though applicable to any other kind of piece work. 'The slug is in two parts, one giving the number of the "take" and the other the number of the case, and is so matched and grooved that it can very readily be extracted from lock-up matter on a galley. The "case" portion of the slug (fig. 2) is to be kept at respective cases. At or near the copy desk is placed a receptacle for the "take" portion (fig. 1). When a compositor takes copy he takes the first slug out of the receptacle, places it in his stick, and arriving at his case, places the case slug alongside of the one in the stick, the combined slug being shown in figure 3.
Combined Case and Take Slug, each.
\$0. 25

\section*{BRASS AND ELECTROTYPED TAKE SLUGS}

\section*{10}

Brass Figure Slug
12
Electrotyped Figure Slug

Brass Letter Slug

\section*{TWELVE}

Electrotyped Letter Slug

Brass Take Slug, figured or lettered, single column, each...................................................... 0.25
Electrotyped Take Slug, figured or lettered, single column, each.

\section*{BRASS TYPE-LINE GAUGES}


These Brass Type-Line Gauges are made of 4 point brass, and the graduations on same are absolutely accurate:

\section*{6-inch Length}

Agate, with hook..................................... \(\$ 0.45\)
6 and 12 Point, with hook.......................... . . . 45
6 and 12 Point and Agate, with hook........... . 60

\section*{12-inch Length}

Agate, with hook....................................... . \(\$ 0.75\)
6 and 12 Point. with hook . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
6 and 12 Point and Agate, with hook ........... 90

\section*{Brass Newspaper Line Gauges}

200 Agates long, with hook . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1.00
With 6 and 12 Point on reverse side........ 1.75
300 Agates long, with hook.......................... . . 1.25
With 6 and 12 Point on reverse side . . . . . . 2.25

\section*{PRINTERS' SNIPS}

Length \(7 \frac{1}{2}\) inches, blade 2 inches, each.
Tempered by patent method and fully warranted.


\section*{TAPE COUPLERS}

\(\frac{1}{2}\)-inch, per box of \(50 \ldots .\). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 1.00\)
\(\frac{5}{8}\)-inch, per box of 50 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.25
\({ }_{3}^{3}\)-inch, per box of \(50 \ldots .\). . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.50


\(1 \frac{1}{8}\)-inches, per box of 50 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1.75
Pilers for fastening tape couplers............................................ . . . . 1.00

\section*{TAPE FASTENER}


TYPE WASH AND LYE
Peerless Type Wash, 1 lb. cans, each . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \(\$ 0.20 . . .\). . . per dozen...... \(\$ 2.00\)
Concentrated Lye, single cans..................................................... . . \(15 . .\). . .case, 4 dozen... 4.20

\section*{HOERNER'S COMBINATION SHUTEBOARD AND TYPE-HIGH MACHINE}

This machine will take blocks ten inches wide, and any length, the carriage, or guide frame, for plane being movable from side to side while in operation; blocks full width of bed are shaved at one setting. For trimming rules, slugs, or furniture, for cutting miters and squaring blocks, the guide frame is taken off and either of the planes may be used on side of the bed.-Circular.
Complete with two planes (one file plane and one knife-plane)
\$35.00


\section*{CHALLENGE TYPE-HIGH MACHINE}

For making cuts or electrotypes mounted on wood type-high and true to gauge; will save one-half the time usually spent on make-ready. Simple and easily understood. For squaring, the planer is placed in groove in front of machine and used same as ordinary shoot board and plane. The cutting surface is a special hand-cut file and never requires sharpening.-Circular. Challenge Type-High Machine, including \(8 \times 12\)
zinc galley
. \(\$ 15.00\)


\section*{SUPERIOR TYPE-HIGH GAUGE}

This little instrument is designed to cover the wants of every printer who uses mounted electrotype plates, half-tones, wood cuts, rules, borders, ornaments and initials. This Gauge is absolutely accurate, is micro-ground to .918 of an inch and will tell in an instant whether every part is type-high and therefore ready to put on the press. The one end is a cylinder and bearer gauge and with it the cylinder, bearers and rollers of a press can be adjusted accurately. The time lost is an immense item where guess work is used in fixing forms. With the Superior Type-High Gauge all this time is saved.
Superior Type-High Gauge, each................................................. \(\$ 1.50\)

\section*{IMPOSITION}

\section*{8 PAGES, Work and Turn, Oblong}


8 PAGES, Work and Turo (Used with 16 pages to form 24 pages)

\(\square\)

8 PAGES, Work and Turn


12 PAGES, Hand Fold
\(\square\)
\(\square\) \({ }_{11}{ }^{\text {43 }}\) \(\square\)
\(\square\)
\(\square\) \(\cdots \omega\) \(\frac{\stackrel{y}{w}}{\substack{\omega \\ \frac{a}{\widetilde{N}} \\ \frac{2}{5}}}\)

12 PAGES, Four and Eight, Inserted
\(\square\)
\(\square\) \(\infty\)

\(\square\) cut
\(\square\) - \(\square\)
\(\stackrel{5}{3}\) \(\sim\) \(\qquad\)
- \(\square\)
\(\qquad\)

16 PAGES, Work and Turn

Hand Fold


20 PAGES, Four-Fold

\(\square\)


16 PAGES, Oblong


\section*{IMPOSITION}

\section*{16 PAGES, Long}


18 PAGES, Work and Turn, Side Stitch
Note-This form can only be used for side-stitched work. It should be used only where absolutely necessary.


12 PAGES
Hand Fold (Oblong)


Four and Eight to Insert (Oblong)

\(\stackrel{5}{5}\)
\(\square . \square\)


占


64 PAGES, Work and Turn
Double Thirty-Two (Hand or Machine Fold)

\(\square\)


\section*{IMPOSITION}

32 PAGES
Double Long Sixteens, to be cut apart and folded separately.


GENERAL
INFORMATION

TABLE SHOWING THE AMOUNT OF PAPER REQUIRED
For any Job of from 50 to 5000 copies. No allowance is made for waste. 480 sheets to the ream.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline UMber & \[
\begin{gathered}
2 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
3 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { BHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\mathbf{4} \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
6 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
8 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 9 \\
& \text { TO THE } \\
& \text { SHEET }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 12 \\
& \text { TO THE } \\
& \text { SHEET }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
15 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
16 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 18 \\
& \text { TO THE } \\
& \text { SHEET }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
20 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 24 \\
& \text { TO THE } \\
& \text { SHEET }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
32 \\
\text { TO THE } \\
\text { SHEET }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline OF COPIES required &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  &  \\
\hline 50 & 1-1 & 0-17 & 0-13 & 0-9 & 0-7 & 0-6 & \(0-5\) & 0-4 & 0-4 & 0-3 & 0-3 & 0-3 & 0-2 \\
\hline 100 & 2-2 & 1-10 & 1-1 & 0-17 & 0-13 & 0-12 & 0-9 & 0-7 & 0-7 & 0-6 & 0-5 & 0-5 & 0-4 \\
\hline 200 & 4-4 & 2-19 & 2-2 & 1-10 & 1-1 & 0-23 & 0-17 & 0-14 & 0-13 & 0-12 & 0-10 & 0-9 & 0-7 \\
\hline 250 & 5-5 & 3-12 & 2-15 & 1-18 & 1-8 & 1-4 & 0-21 & 0-17 & 0-16 & 0-14 & 0-13 & 0-11 & 0-8 \\
\hline 300 & 6-6 & 4-4 & 3-3 & 2-2 & 1-14 & 1-10 & 1-1 & 0-20 & 0-19 & 0-17 & 0-15 & 0-13 & 0-10 \\
\hline 400 & 8-8 & 5-14 & 4-4 & 2-19 & 2-2 & 1-21 & 1-10 & 1-3 & 1-1 & 0-23 & 0-20 & 0-17 & 0-13 \\
\hline 500 & 10-10 & 6-23 & 5-5 & 3-12 & 2-15 & 2-8 & 1-18 & 1-10 & 1-8 & 1-4 & 1-1 & 0-21 & 0-16 \\
\hline 600 & 12-12 & 8-8 & 6-6 & 4-4 & 3-3 & 2-19 & 2-2 & 1-16 & 1-14 & 1-10 & 1-6 & 1-1 & 0-19 \\
\hline 700 & 14-14 & 9-18 & 7-7 & 4-21 & 3-16 & 3-6 & \(2-11\) & 1-23 & 1-20 & 1-15 & 1-11 & 1-6 & 0-22 \\
\hline 750 & 15-15 & 10-10 & 7-20 & 5-5 & 3-29 & 3-12 & 2-15 & 2-3 & 1-23 & 1-18 & 1-14 & 1-8 & 1-0 \\
\hline 800 & 16-16 & 11-3 & 8-8 & 5-14 & 4-4 & 3-17 & 2-19 & 2-6 & 2-2 & 1-21 & 1-16 & 1-10 & 1-1 \\
\hline 900 & 18-18 & 12-12 & 9-9 & 6-6 & 4-17 & +4 & 3-3 & 2-12 & 2-9 & 2-2 & 1-21 & 1-14 & 1-5 \\
\hline 1000 & 20-20 & 13-22 & 10-10 & 6-23 & 5-5 & 4-16 & 3-12 & 2-19 & 2-15 & 2-8 & 2-2 & 1-18 & 1-8 \\
\hline 1250 & 26-1 & 17-9 & 13-1 & 8-17 & 6-13 & 5-19 & 4-9 & 3-12 & 3-7 & 2-22 & 2-15 & 2-5 & 1-16 \\
\hline 1500 & 31-6 & 20-20 & 15-15 & 10-10 & 7-20 & 6-23 & 5-5 & 4-5 & 3-22 & 3-12 & 3-3 & 2-15 & 1-23 \\
\hline 1750 & 36-11 & 24-8 & 18-6 & 12-4 & 9-3 & 8-3 & 6-2 & 4-22 & 4-14 & 4-2 & 3-16 & 3-1 & 2-8 \\
\hline 2000 & 41-16 & 27-19 & 20-20 & 13-22 & 10-10 & 9-7 & 6-23 & 5-14 & 5-5 & 4-16 & 4-4 & 3-12 & 2-15 \\
\hline 2500 & 52-2 & 31-18 & 26-1 & 17-10 & 13-1 & 11-15 & 8-17 & 7-0 & 6-13 & 5-20 & 5-5 & 4-9 & 3-7 \\
\hline 3000 & 62-12 & 44-16 & 31-6 & 20-20 & 15-15 & 13-22 & 10-10 & 8-8 & 7-20 & 6-23 & 6-6 & 5-5 & 3-22 \\
\hline 4000 & 83-8 & 55-14 & 41-16 & 27-19 & 20-20 & 18-13 & 13-20 & 11-3 & 10-10 & 9-7 & 8-8 & 6-23 & 5-5 \\
\hline 5000 & 104-4 & 69-11 & 52-2 & 34-18 & 26-1 & 23-4 & 17-9 & 13-2: & 13-1 & 11-14 & 10-10 & 8-17 & 6-13 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{TYPE STANDARD}

The following is the standard adopted by the International Typographical Union. The basis of measurement is the lower-case alphabet from a to z inclusive, and the ems used are the same body as the type measured:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \(4 \frac{1}{2}\) Point. & 18 ems & 8 Point. & 14 ems \\
\hline 5 Point. & . 17 ems & 9 Point. & 13 ems \\
\hline \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) Point. & . 16 ems & 10 Point. & 13 ems \\
\hline 6 Point. & . 15 ems & 11 Point. & 13 ems \\
\hline 7 Point. & . 14 ems & 12 Point. & 13 ems \\
\hline The & , viz., & c, d, e, b & to 1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} one-half the space occupied by the entire twenty-six letters.

\section*{NEWSPAPER ESTIMATES}

Table showing the number of ems of the different sizes of newspaper type in a line, the number of lines necessary to make 1000 ems , and the length in inches; the number of ems in the regular lengths of column, the number of leads required, and the number of 2-point leads ( 13 ems in length) contained in one pound.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline WIDTH OF STANDARD COLUMN, 13 EMS PICA & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 51-2 \\
& \text { POINT }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\stackrel{6}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\stackrel{7}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
8 \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\stackrel{9}{\text { POINT }}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
10 \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Number ems in line & \(28 \frac{2}{}\) & 26 & 224 & \(19 \frac{1}{2}\) & \(17 \frac{1}{3}\) & 15 \(\frac{1}{2}\) \\
\hline Number lines in 1000 ems & \(35 \frac{1}{3}\) & 38 & 45 & \(51 \frac{1}{3}\) & 57 & \(64 \frac{1}{1}\) \\
\hline Number inches in 1000 ems & \(2{ }^{3}\) & \(3 \frac{1}{4}\) & 43 & \(5{ }^{2}\) & 74 & 9 \\
\hline 4-Column Folio or Quarto, number ems in column & 5040 & 4325 & 3175 & 2465 & 1950 & 1610 \\
\hline 5 -Column Folio or Quarto, number ems in column & 6505 & 5615 & 4115 & 3200 & 2525 & 2085 \\
\hline 6 -Column Folio or Quarto, number ems in column & 7180 & 6160 & 4515 & 3510 & 2770 & 2290 \\
\hline 7-Column Folio or Quarto, number ems in column & 7900 & 6785 & 4970 & 3865 & 3050 & 2520 \\
\hline 8-Column Folio, number ems in column.. & 8630 & 7410 & 5440 & 4220 & 3330 & 2755 \\
\hline \(9-\) Column Folio, number ems in column. & 9310 & 8030 & 5885 & \(45 \%\) & 3615 & 2970 \\
\hline Number 2 -point leads to the pound....... & 66 & 66 & 66 & 66 & 66 & 66 \\
\hline Number 2-point leads to \(1000 \mathrm{ems} .\). & 26 & 29 & 35 & 41 & 47 & 54 \\
\hline 4-Column Folio or Quarto, number 2-point leads in column & 132 & 124 & 110 & 99 & 90 & 82 \\
\hline 5-Column Folio or Quarto, number 2-point leads in column & 170 & 160 & 142 & 128 & 116 & 107 \\
\hline 6 -Column Folio or Quarto, number 2-point leads in column & 190 & 178 & 158 & 142 & 129 & 119 \\
\hline 7 -Column Folio or Quarto, number 2-point leads in column & 209 & 196 & 174 & 157 & 142 & 131 \\
\hline 8 -Column Folio, number 2-point leads in column & 221 & 207 & 184 & 166 & 151 & 138 \\
\hline 9 -Column Folio, number 2 -point leads in column & 266 & 250 & 222 & 200 & 182 & 167 \\
\hline Weight of 2 -point leads in 1000 ems of leaded matter & 6 oz . & 7 oz . & \(8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{OZ}\). & 10 oz . & \(11 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{Oz}\). & 13 oz . \\
\hline Weight of 2 -point leads required to lead 1000 ems solid matter. & \(8 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{OZ}\). & \(9 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{OZ}\). & 11 oz . & \(12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{Oz}\). & 14 oz. & 16 oz . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{STANDARD SIZES OF NEWSPAPERS}

The following are the regular sizes of newspapers, adopted by the auxiliary printers. We would advise parties planning new newspapers to adopt one of these sizes. The width of column is 13 ems pica.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & SIZE OF PAPER & SIZE OF FORM & head rule & COL. RULE \\
\hline & inches & InCHES & incmes & INCHES \\
\hline 5-Column Folio & 20x26 & \(18 \times 23{ }^{3}\) & 111 & \\
\hline \({ }^{6}\). \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & \(22 \times 31\) & \(193 \times 284\) & \(13 \frac{3}{3}\) & 193 \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{lll}7 & \text { " } \\ 8 & \text { " }\end{array}\) & \(24 \times 35\) & \(213 \times 33\) & 15 & 213 \\
\hline 8
9 & \(26 \times 40\) & \(23 \frac{3}{} \times 37 \frac{1}{2}\) & 18 & 23. \\
\hline 4-Column Quarto & \(22 \times 31\) & \(18 \times 29\) & \(8 \frac{8}{8}\) & 13 3 \\
\hline 5 ¢ \({ }^{6}\) & \(26 \times 40\) & \(23 \times 37\) & \(11 \frac{18}{}\) & 18 \\
\hline 6 .. & \(30 \times 44\) & \(273 \times 41\) & 133 & 193 \\
\hline 7 " & \(35 \times 48\) & \(32 \frac{1}{2} \times 45\) & 15. & 213 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{A VALUABLE TABLE}

The following table, invaluable for reference, shows the number of leads and slugs that go to the pound in the several lengths and thicknesses pica given:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline LENGTHS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11-2 \\
& \text { POINT } \\
& \text { LEADS }
\end{aligned}
\] & \[
\stackrel{2}{\text { POINT }}
\]
LEADS & \[
\begin{gathered}
3 \\
\text { POINT }
\end{gathered}
\]
LEADS & \[
\begin{gathered}
6 \\
\text { PINT } \\
\text { SIUC }
\end{gathered}
\]
SLUGS & LENGTH8 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11-2 \\
& \text { POINT } \\
& \text { LEADS }
\end{aligned}
\] &  &  &  & LENGTHS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 11-2 \\
& \text { POINT } \\
& \text { LEADS }
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
2
POINT \\
LEADS
\end{tabular} & \[
\begin{gathered}
3 \\
\text { POINT } \\
\text { LEADS }
\end{gathered}
\] & 6
POINT \\
\hline 3 ems & 384 & 288 & 192 & 96 & 19 ems & 60 & 45 & 30 & 15 & 35 ems & 32 & 24 & 16 & 8 \\
\hline 4 ems & 288 & 216 & 144 & 72 & 20 ems & 56 & 42 & 98 & 14 & 36 ems & 32 & 24 & 16 & 8 \\
\hline 5 ems & 224 & 168 & 112 & 56 & 21 ems & 54 & 40 & 27 & 13 & 37 ems & 30 & 23 & 15 & 7 \\
\hline 6 ems & 192 & 144 & 96 & 48 & 22 ems & 52 & 39 & 26 & 13 & 38 ems & 30 & 22 & 15 & 7 \\
\hline 7 cms & 164 & 123 & 82 & 41 & 23 ems & 50 & 37 & 25 & 12 & 39 ems & 30 & 23 & 15 & 7 \\
\hline 8 ems & 144 & 108 & 72 & 36 & 24 ems & 48 & 36 & 24 & 12 & 40 ems & 28 & 21 & 14 & 7 \\
\hline 9 ems & 128 & 96 & 64 & 32 & 25 ems & 46 & 34 & 23 & 11 & 41 ems & 28 & 21 & 14 & 7 \\
\hline 10 ems & 112 & 84 & 56 & 28 & 26 ems & 44 & 33 & 22 & 11 & 42 ems & 28 & 90 & 14 & 7 \\
\hline 11 ems & 104 & 78 & 52 & 26 & 27 ems & 42 & 31 & 21 & 10 & 43 ems & 26 & 20 & 13 & 6 \\
\hline 12 ems & 96 & 72 & 48 & 24 & 28 ems & 40 & 30 & 20 & 10 & 44 ems & 26 & 19 & 13 & 6 \\
\hline 13 ems & 88 & 66 & 44 & 22 & 29 ems & 40 & 30 & 20 & 10 & 45 ems & 26 & 19 & 13 & 6 \\
\hline 14 ems & 82 & 61 & 41 & 20 & 30 ems & 38 & 29 & 19 & 9 & 46 ems & 24 & 18 & 12 & 6 \\
\hline 15 ems & 76 & 57 & 38 & 19 & 31 ems & 38 & 28 & 19 & 9 & 47 ems & 24 & 18 & 12 & 6 \\
\hline 16 ems & 72 & 54 & 36 & 18 & 32 ems & 36 & 27 & 18 & 9 & 48 ems & 24 & 18 & 12 & 6 \\
\hline 17 ems & 68 & 51 & 34 & 17 & 33 ems & 34 & 26 & 17 & 8 & 49 ems & 22 & 17 & 11 & 5 \\
\hline \(18 \mathrm{ems} . .\). & 64 & 48 & 32 & 16 & 34 ems & 34 & 25 & 17 & 8 & 50 ems .... & 22 & 17 & 11 & 5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

ROMAN NUMERALS
\begin{tabular}{rrrr} 
I-1 & VI-6 & XI-11 & XVI-16 \\
II-2 & VII-7 & XII-12 & XVII-17 \\
III-3 & VIII-8 & XIII-13 & XVIII-18 \\
IV-4 & IX-9 & XIV-14 & XIX-19 \\
V-5 & X-10 & XV-15 & XX-
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rr}
\(\mathbf{X X X}-30\) & \(\mathrm{LXXX}-80\) \\
\(\mathrm{XL}-40\) & \(\mathrm{XC}-90\) \\
\(\mathrm{~L}=50\) & \(\mathrm{C}-100\) \\
\(\mathrm{LX}-60\) & \(\mathrm{CL}-150\) \\
\(\mathrm{XXX}-70\) & \(\mathrm{CC}-200\)
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
CCC- 300
CD- 400
}

DCCC- 800
CM-900
M-1000

\section*{NUMBER OF EMS IN A SQUARE INCH OF TYPE, AND COST PER SQUARE INCH AT VARIOUS RATES PER THOUSAND EMS.}

Note-Where a fraction of an em remalns the next larger whole number is taken. Therefore there are actually 207.36 five-point ems in a square inch (figuring 72 points to the inch) instead of 208.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 8IZE & \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\text { EMS IN } \\
\text { ONE } \\
\text { SQ. INCH } \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 20 C & 25 C & 30 C & 350 & 40 C & 45 c & 50 C & 56c & 60 C & 85 C & 70 C & 750 & 80 C & 85 c & 90 c & 95 c & \$1.00 \\
\hline 5 Point & 208 & . 0416 & .0520 & . 0624 & . 0728 & . 0832 & . 0936 & . 1010 & . 1144 & . 1248 & . 1352 & 1456 & . 1560 & . 1664 & . 1768 & . 1872 & . 1976 & . 2080 \\
\hline \(51 / 2\) Point & 172 & . 0344 & . 0430 & . 0516 & . 0602 & . 0688 & . 0774 & . 0860 & . 0946 & . 1032 & . 1118 & . 1204 & . 1290 & . 1376 & .1462 & . 1548 & . 1634 & . 1720 \\
\hline 6 Point & 144 & . 0288 & . 0360 & . 0432 & . 0504 & . 0576 & . 0648 & . 0720 & . 0792 & . 0864 & . 0936 & . 1008 & . 1080 & . 1158 & . 1224 & . 1296 & . 1368 & . 1440 \\
\hline 7 Point & 106 & . 0212 & . 0265 & . 0318 & . 0371 & . 0424 & . 0477 & . 0530 & . 0583 & . 0636 & . 0689 & . 0742 & . 0795 & . 0848 & . 0901 & . 0954 & . 1007 & . 1060 \\
\hline 8 Point & 81 & . 0162 & . 0202 & . 0243 & . 0283 & .0324 & . 0364 & . 0405 & . 0445 & . 0486 & .0526 & . 0567 & . 0607 & . 0648 & . 0688 & . 0729 & . 0769 & . 0810 \\
\hline 9 Point & 64 & . 0128 & . 0160 & . 0192 & . 0224 & . 0256 & . 0288 & . 0320 & . 0352 & . 0384 & . 0416 & . 0448 & . 0480 & . 0512 & . 0544 & . \(05 \sim 6\) & . 0608 & . 0640 \\
\hline 10 Point & 52 & . 0104 & . 0130 & . 0156 & . 0182 & . 0308 & . 0234 & . 0260 & . 0286 & . 0312 & . 0338 & 0364 & . 0390 & . 0416 & . 0442 & . 0468 & . 0494 & . 05.20 \\
\hline 11 Point & 43 & . 0086 & . 0107 & . 0129 & . 0150 & . 0172 & . 0193 & . 0215 & . 0236 & . 0258 & . 0279 & . 0301 & .0322 & .0344 & . 0365 & . 0387 & . 0408 & . 0430 \\
\hline 12 Point & 36 & . \(00 \% 2\) & . 0090 & . 0108 & . 0126 & . 0144 & . 0162 & . 0180 & . 0198 & . 0216 & . 0234 & . 0252 & . 0270 & . 0288 & . 0306 & . 0324 & . 0342 & . 0360 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Of course, as will at once occur to any one making use of the above table, the easiest way to use it is to take lots of 10,100 , or 1000 square inches.

\section*{to estimate the weight of matter}

To ascertain the quantity of plain type required for a newspaper or magazine, or any other work, find the number of square inches and divide the same by four; the quotient will be the approximate weight of matter; but as it is impossible to set the cases entirely clear, it is necessary to add 25 per cent to large fonts and 33 per cent to small fonts to allow for dead letter. The average weight of 12 inches of solid matter set in 13 ems pica measure is \(6 \frac{1}{2}\) pounds; if leaded it will weigh about \(5 \frac{1}{2}\) pounds. A single column of sixcolumn folio, solid, will weigh \(10 \frac{1}{8}\) pounds, requiring about 13 pounds of type, while the same length column leaded with 2 -point leads will contain but \(\% \frac{\pi}{8}\) pounds solid matter, requiring about 10 pounds to set the same. The following table showing what each box in the type case will hold, will be found useful in ordering sorts:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline LETTERS & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { WEIGHT IN } \\
& \text { BOX }
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline acdhimnorstu. & 2 pounds \\
\hline & 3 pounds \\
\hline \(\mathrm{kjq} \mathrm{\times z.:} \mathrm{-}\), ? ff fiffand all figures & 15 ounces \\
\hline Caps, small caps and side sorts............... & 5 ounces \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{CARE OF ROLLERS}

Soft, thin ink left on rollers over night, and having them carefully washed in the morning before working them, will preserve them longer in cold weather than if put away clean. Pans of water placed at the bottom of a closet containing rollers are also conducive to their well keeping.

The following method of recuperating a hard and unworkable roller has been found to work admirably: After washing the roller carefully with lye, cover the surface with a thin layer of molasses,. and lay aside till next morning. Then wash it with water and let it hang till dry enough for using.

A well-built roller closet, as nearly air-tight as possible, is a necessity in every press-room. Rollers are among the most expensive perishable articles, and if carelessly attended to they become doubly so.

\section*{A VALUABLE RECEIPT}

Compositors who suffer from sore or dry skin on their fingers will find the following mixture very beneficial:

Glycerine, 1 ounce; rosewater, 3 ounces; carbolic acid, \(\ddagger\) ounce.
Before going to bed, wash the hands in warm water, then pour a little of the mixture into the palm of the hand, and rub thoroughly into the skin. The carbolic acid is very healing; the rosewater is a good diluent of the glycerine, and likewise tends to counteract the smell of the carbolic acid, which is unpleasant to some. Any druggist can supply this for a few cents.

\section*{A PLACE FOR EVERYTHING}

Order, convenience and simplicity in arranging a working place ought to be carefully observed. A crowded, helter skelter condition of things makes daily labor irritating and uncomfortable; while ease in getting at or using any implement or material expedites its execution and increases the profits of an office.

\section*{TELEGRAPH CODE}

The Telegraph Code herewith given will be found very convenient and economical to our customers who have occassion to wire for type. For example: A patron desiring us to ship by United States Express 25 pounds of 12 point Barnhart Old Style, 3 fonts of 18 point Old Roman Bold and I font of 24 point Plate Text No. 4, would wire as follows: "Unisex Welfare Bacca; Faction Palmated Model: Facadeful Palpus Morose." It should be understood that this code applies only to type shown in this Specimen Book. and this code supersedes all other codes appearing in previous catalogues.

\section*{SHIPPING CODE}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Adex & Ex \\
\hline & erican \\
\hline Boxtex & N. J. \& Boston Disp. Express \\
\hline Frebalt & Baito. \& Ohio \\
\hline Frebash & Wabash \\
\hline Freboard & Seaboard Air Line \\
\hline Freboat & New Haven Boat \\
\hline Frebof & B. \& O. Train 94 Sure \\
\hline Frebridge & Bridgeport Bo \\
\hline Frebue & Blue Line \\
\hline Freburl & C., B. \& \\
\hline Frecanso & Canada Southern Lin \\
\hline Frecedar & Buri., Cedar Rap. \& Norn \\
\hline Frecest & Centl. Sts. Disp. Fast Fr. \\
\hline Frecind & Chicago, Indiana \& Ea \\
\hline Frecit.. & Citizens Line (Hudson Riv.) \\
\hline Frechand & C., H. \(<\) D. \\
\hline reclyde & Clyde Line \\
\hline Frecoast. & Atiantic Coast Line Boat \\
\hline Freconsol & Consoildated Lines \\
\hline Frecrip & C., R. I. \& P. Fretght \\
\hline Frefour & Big Four \\
\hline resoo & Sait Line \\
\hline Frefall & Fall River Line \\
\hline Fregreat & Chicago \& Great Western \\
\hline Fregrand & runk Western \\
\hline Frehart & Hartford Boat \\
\hline reehave & New York, New Hlav. \& Har \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Freehigh \\
Freho
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Lehigh Valtey \\
Hoosac Tunnei Fast Fr. L.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Frejer & Central R. R. \& N. J. \\
\hline Frekan & Kenawha Dispatch \\
\hline Frekuk & Keokuk \& Western \\
\hline Frefasla & Lacka. Fast Freight Line. \\
\hline Frelac & Dela ware, Lac \\
\hline Frelew & Lake Erle and Western \\
\hline Frelake & 1, ake Shore \\
\hline Freline ... & Peopies Line (Hudson Riv.) \\
\hline & Maine S. S. \\
\hline Fremerch & Merchants Dispatch \\
\hline Fremich & Michigan Central \\
\hline Fremil.. & Chlc., M11w. \& St. Paul \\
\hline Fremoines & Des., Io. Falis \& North \\
\hline Fremonons & Chicago. Ind. and Louisvilie \\
\hline Fremont & Vermont Centrai \\
\hline Frenab & Savannah Line Boat \\
\hline Frenash & Lonlsvilie \& Nashville \\
\hline Frenick & Nickleplate \\
\hline Frenols & lilinols Centrai \\
\hline Frenorp & Burington \& Norn. Pacific \\
\hline Frenorth & Burington \& Gt. Northern \\
\hline Frenowes & Norfolk \& Westn. Fst. Frt. \\
\hline Freold & Old Dominion Line \\
\hline Freonta & New York, Ont. \& Western \\
\hline Frepan & uand \\
\hline & \\
\hline Frepenna & Pennsyivania R. R. Freig \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Frepire & pire Line Fast Frelght \\
\hline Frepol... & Metropolitan Line \\
\hline & ..Providence Line \\
\hline Frequette & Pere Marquette \\
\hline Frerie & Erie Frelg \\
\hline Frered & Redijne Fast F \\
\hline Freriepatc & Erie Dispatch \\
\hline Fresee & Chicago \& Eastern Itilnois \\
\hline Freeshore & West shore \\
\hline Fresouth . & Southern Raliway \\
\hline Frebplice & Southern Pacific \\
\hline Frestafe & Santa Fe \\
\hline Frestar & Star Union Line \\
\hline Frestrad & Trades Dispatch \\
\hline Fretral. & Iowa Central \\
\hline Frevince & Indianapoils \& Vi \\
\hline Frewest & C. \& N. W. R. R., Freight \\
\hline Frewich & Norwich Boat \\
\hline Frewis & Wisconsin Central \\
\hline Freyork & New York Central \\
\hline Frinstate & Inters. Disp. Fast F'reight \\
\hline Natex & Nationai Express \\
\hline Pacex & Pacific Express \\
\hline Southex & Southern Expres \\
\hline & United States Express Co. \\
\hline Wellsex & ells Fargo Exp \\
\hline Boex & Bait. \& Ohio Express Co. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{WEIGHT}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Wakeful & 4 ounces & Wealth & 5 pounds \\
\hline Wander & 8 ounces & Weapon & 10 pounds \\
\hline Warmth & 12 ounces & Wedding & 15 pounds \\
\hline Warning. & 1 pound & Welcome & 20 pounds \\
\hline Warrant. & 2 pounds & Welfare. & 25 pounds \\
\hline Watchful & 3 pounds & Welkin & 50 pounds \\
\hline Weaken & 4 pounds & Welter & 75 pounds \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Widen & 100 pounds \\
\hline Wild & 125 pounds \\
\hline Wilful & 150 pounds \\
\hline Winding & 175 pounds \\
\hline Wisdon & 200 pounds \\
\hline Witness & 225 pounds \\
\hline Wizard & 250 pounds \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Woman & 275 pounds \\
\hline Wonder & 300 pounds \\
\hline Woning & 350 pounds \\
\hline Wonted & 400 pounds \\
\hline Woodeut & 450 pounds \\
\hline Workman & 500 pounds \\
\hline Wrangle. & 000 pounds \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{BODY TYPE}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Babbitt & 6 point Barnhart \\
\hline Babble & \\
\hline bboon & 10 point Barnhart O.s. \\
\hline cca & 12 point Barnhart \\
\hline Bacchus & 14 point Barnhart O.S. \\
\hline & 16 point Barnhart O. S. \\
\hline Baden & 18 point Barnhart 0 . \\
\hline Baconlan & \(6 \mathrm{pt}\). Barnhart O.S. No. 2 \\
\hline Bacterlu & 8 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Bacterold & .. 10 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Baddish & 12 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Badenag & . 14 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Badiun. & 16 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Badlam & 18 pt. Barnhart O. S. No. 2 \\
\hline Badger & 6 point Casion O. R. \\
\hline & 8 point Caslon O. R. \\
\hline Baggy & 10 point Casion O. R. \\
\hline Bagpipe & 11 point Casion O. R. \\
\hline Bailer. & . 12 point Caslon O. R. \\
\hline Baird & 14 point Casion O. R. \\
\hline Baize.. & 16 point Casion O. R. \\
\hline Balbec & . 18 point Caston O. R. \\
\hline Balder & 6 point Casion Oid Style \\
\hline Baled & 8 point Casion Oid style \\
\hline Ballard. & . 10 point Casion Oid Style \\
\hline Balming & 12 point Caston Old Style \\
\hline Baluster & 14 point Casion Ofd Style \\
\hline Bamoth. & . 18 point Casion Oid Style \\
\hline Bandage & . 6 point Eizevir No. 5 \\
\hline Bandbox & 8 point Eizevir No. 5 \\
\hline Bandit & . 10 polnt Eizevir No. 5 \\
\hline Bangs & 12 noint Elzevir No. 5 \\
\hline Banish & . 14 point Elzevir \\
\hline Banjo.. & .. 6 point French O. S. No. 3 \\
\hline Banquet & 8 point French O. S. No. 3 \\
\hline Bantam. & . 10 point French O. S. No. 3 \\
\hline Banting. & . 12 point French O. S. No. 3 \\
\hline Baptist. & 18 point French O. S. No. 3 \\
\hline Barbara & . 6 point Lining German \\
\hline Barbate. & .. 6 point Lin. German No. 2 \\
\hline Bardel & .. 8 point Lin. German \\
\hline Barked & . 9 point Lin. German \\
\hline Barker. & 9 point Lin. German No. 2 \\
\hline Barnum & . 10 point Lin. German \\
\hline Barrett & . 10 point Lin. German No. 2 \\
\hline Barter & 11 point Lin. German \\
\hline Beacon. & 12 point Lin. German \\
\hline Beady & 14 point Lin. German \\
\hline & 18 point Lin. German \\
\hline Bea & point Lin. XV Ce \\
\hline Beaver & 10 point Lin. XV C \\
\hline Beckon & point Lin. XV Century \\
\hline & 8 point \\
\hline & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



POINT


\section*{POINT-Continued}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Palade.............. . 11 point & Palpusi................. 24 point & Paneling .............. 48 point & Papal.................. 72 point \\
\hline Paladin ................ 12 point & Paltry ................. 30 point & Panful ................... 54 point & Papist . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 84 point \\
\hline Paling.................. 14 point & Pamper . . . . . . . . . . . 36 point & Pantile .................. 60 point & Parade................ 96 point \\
\hline Palmated............ 18 point & Panda................. 42 point & Pantry ............... 66 point & Paradox ............... 120 point \\
\hline - . & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{FONTS} \\
\hline Facadeful .............. 1 font & Faint.................. 6 fonts & Famous ............... 11 fonts & Felon.......... Lower case fonts \\
\hline Facial................. 2 fonts & Fairy .................. 7 fonts & Fancial ................. 12 fonts & Femur .............. Point font \\
\hline Faction ................ 3 fonts & Faking ................. 8 fonts & Fecal .................. Cap font & Fenton ...............Quad font \\
\hline Fading ................. 4 fonts & Falcon ................. ifonts & Feeble .............Figure font & Fernald ............... Space font \\
\hline Fagged ................. 5 fonts & Fallow .................. 10 fonts & Feint . .Job fonts spaces and qds. & Fervid .......... Smail Cap font \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

JOB TYPE
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Labefy. & Adstyle & Leeching & Decimal Figures No. 1110 \\
\hline Labarum & Adstyle Condensed & Leeward & Decimal Figures No. 1120 \\
\hline Label & Adstyle Black & Legacy & Degree Gothic No. 1 \\
\hline Labiate & Adstyie Outline & Legate & Degree Gothic No. 2 \\
\hline Laboran & Adstyle WIde & Legation & Dennison Seript \\
\hline Labial & Advertising Figs. No. 101 & Legator. & Vesign \\
\hline Labium & Advertising Figs, No. 102 & Leghom & De Vinne Bold \\
\hline Labrax. & Advertising Figs. No. 103 & Legion & De Vinne Compressed \\
\hline Labyunth & Advertising Figs. No. 104 & Legiess & De Vinne Extra Compressed \\
\hline Lacerate.. & Advertising Figs. No. 105 & Leman & Electlon Antique 20 point \\
\hline Laches. & Advertising Figs. No. 106 & Lement & Election Cond. 24 point \\
\hline Lacing. & Advertising Figs. No. 107 & Lemux. & Elzevir Condensed No. 50 \\
\hline Laconic. & Advertising Figs. No. 108 & Lennox & Eizevir No. 5 \\
\hline Lacquer & Advertising Figs. No. 109 & Lentigo & Elzevir Itallc No. 5 \\
\hline Lactant. & Advertising Figs. No. 110 & Lentner & Engravers Oid Black \\
\hline Lactic. & Advertising Figs. No. 111 & Lenton & Engravers Roman Co \\
\hline Lacuna & Advertising Figs. No, 112 & Leonard & Engravers Rom, Cond. No. I \\
\hline Ladder. & Advertising Figs. No. 113 & Leopard & Engravers Rom. Cond. No. 2 \\
\hline Ladle. & Advertising F1gs, No. 114 & Leroy & Engravers Rom. Cond. No. 3 \\
\hline Lafferty & Advertising Flgs. No. 115 & Leslie & Engravers Rom. Cond. No. 4 \\
\hline Lager. & Advertising Figs. No. 116 & Lethargy & Engravers Titie \\
\hline Lagoon & Advertising Flgs. No. 117 & Lettuce & Engravers Title No. 1 \\
\hline Lakelet. & Advertising Figs. No. 118 & Levanted & Engravers Title No. 11/2 \\
\hline Lama.. & Advertising Figs. No. 119 & Levator. & Engravers Title No. 2 \\
\hline Lambkin & Advertising Figs. No. 120 & Levelness & Engravers Title No. 3 \\
\hline Lament & Advertising Figs. No. 121 & Leverage & Engravers Titie No. 4 \\
\hline Lamina & Advertising Figs. No. 122 & Leviathan & Engravers Title No. 5 \\
\hline Lammas & Advertising Flgs. No. 123 & Levitical & Engravers Titie No. 6 \\
\hline Lampad & Advertising Figs. No. 124 & Lewdly & Engravers Title No. 7 \\
\hline Lampic & Advertising Flgs. No. 125 & Lewison & Engravers Title No. 8 \\
\hline Lamprey & Algebra Signs & Lexical & Engravers Title Condensed \\
\hline Lanate & Almanac Signs & Lexicon & Expanded No. 4 \\
\hline Lanced & Antique Condensed No. 52 & Lexigrapl & Expanded No. 5 \\
\hline Lancinate & Antique Condensed No. 55 & Libament & Extra Condensed No. 56 \\
\hline Landers & Antique Extended No. 53 & Libation & Faust Text \\
\hline Landlady & Antique Extended No. \(5 \overline{5}\) & Libbard. & Fractions No. 60 \\
\hline Landlock & Antique Extended No. 56 & Libelant & Fractions No. 61 \\
\hline Landmark & Antique No. 7 & Liberate & Fractions No. 62 \\
\hline Landscape & Antique No. 53 & Cibkin & Fractions No. 63 \\
\hline Langate & Arithmetical Signs & Library & Fractions No. 64 \\
\hline Languid & Australian Baliot Signs & Librated & Fractions No. 65 \\
\hline Lanius. & Authors Roman & Libretto & Fractions No. 66 \\
\hline Lanner. & Authors Roman italle & Licenser & Fractions No. 67 \\
\hline Lanolin & Authors Roman Wide & Lichen & Fractions No. 70 \\
\hline Laniate & Arno No. 2 & Licker & Fractions No. 125 \\
\hline Lanifice & Bard & Licorice & Fractions No. 126 \\
\hline Lankly & Bard Open & Lidless. & Fractions No. 127 \\
\hline Lantern & Barnhart Oid Style & Liegeman & Fractions No. 128 \\
\hline Lanthorn & Barnhart Oid Style Itailc & Lifeless & Fractions No. 129 \\
\hline Lantify. & Barnhart Old Style No. 2 & Ligament & Fractions No. 130 \\
\hline Lanyard & B1smark & Lighten & Fractions No. 131 \\
\hline Laydog. & Black Condensed No. 55 & Lightness & Fractions No. 132 \\
\hline Lapidate & Braces and Dashes No. 60 & Lignify . & Fractions No. 133 \\
\hline Lapland & Braces and Dashes No. 70 & Lignous & Fractions No. 134 \\
\hline Lapper. & Cadillac Condensed & Lignum. & Frankiin Roman \\
\hline Lapwing & Caledonian No. 5 & Likeness & French Oid Style No. 3 \\
\hline Larcenou & Calendar Figures No. 51 & Limation & French Oid Style No. 56 \\
\hline Larch. & Calendar Figures No. 52 & Limbless & French Plate \\
\hline Larder & Calendar Figures No. 53 & Limbling & French Titie \\
\hline Largeness & Calendar Flgures No. 54 & Limmer. & German Title Cond. No. 5 \\
\hline Largo.... & Calendar Figures No. 55 & Limper & Goethe No. 5 \\
\hline Larimer & Calendar Figures No. 56 & Limpidity & Gothic Compressed No. 7 \\
\hline Larker. & Calendar Figures No. 57 & Limpsy & Gothic Compressed No, 8 \\
\hline Larkspux & Calendar Figures No. 58 & Linchpin & Gothic Comp. Title No. 7 \\
\hline Larsen.. & Calendar Figures No. 59 & Lindsay & Gothic Comp. Title No. 71 \\
\hline Larva. & Carbon Text & Lineal. & Gothic Comp. Titie No. 72 \\
\hline Larynx & Caslon Old Roman & Linforth & Gothie Comp. Title No. 8 \\
\hline Lashed & Caslon Old Roman Italic & Lingaid & \\
\hline Lassie & Caslon O1d Style & Linguist & Handy Fists No. 5 \\
\hline Latched & Casion Old Style italic & Linnet. & Handy Fists No. 6 \\
\hline Lateral & Catalog Old Style & Linstock & Head Letter Condensed \\
\hline Lathing & Circular Gothie No. 44 & Liquate & Inclined De Vinne \\
\hline Laudable & Clarendon Extra Cond. No. 5 & Lıquid. & Inclined Gothic No. 120 \\
\hline Laudatory & Clarendon No. 5 & Lisbon & Inclined Gothie No. 1201 \\
\hline Laughed. & Ciab & Lisped & Inclined Gothic No. 1202 \\
\hline Launched & Commercial Marks No. 5 & Lissom. & Inclined Gothie No. 1203 \\
\hline Laureate & Conmerctal Marks No. 6 & Listless & Incilned Gothle No. 1204 \\
\hline Lavaret & Commerclal Marks No. 7 & Literalist. & Koin Text \\
\hline Lavender & Commercial Marks No. 8 & Literate. & Kalser \\
\hline Lavenock & Commercial Marks No. 60 & Litharge & Latín No. 5 \\
\hline Lawlor: & Commercial Marks No. 70 & Lithia & Latin No. 52 \\
\hline Lawson & Composite Condensed No. 5 & Lithodome & Latin Condensed No. 1 \\
\hline Laxness & Condensed No. 51 & Lithology & Law Italic No. 5 \\
\hline Layman & Condensed No. 53 & Lithotint. & Leaders, Fine Hyphen \\
\hline Lazard.. & Condensed No. 54 & Litigant & Leaders, Hyphen \\
\hline Lazarite & Cosmos & Littered & Leaders, One Dot to Em \\
\hline Leachy & Dashes & Livelihood & Leaders, Two Dots to Em \\
\hline Leadwort & Decimal Figures No. 1010 & Livery. & Leaders, Three Dots to Em \\
\hline Leafage. & Declmai Flgures No. 1020 & Lividity & Legal Italic No. 5 \\
\hline Leanness & Decimai Flgures No. 1030 & Lizard & Light Latin \\
\hline Leapfrog & Decimal Figures No. 1040 & Loafing & Lightface No. 7 \\
\hline Leathern & Dectmal Figures No. 1050 & Loatlasome & Lightface No. 54 \\
\hline Leaven. & Decimai Figures No. 1060 & Lobelia & Lightrace Gothic No. 45 \\
\hline Lebanon & Decimal Figures No. 1070 & Lobule & Lightface Post \\
\hline Lection. & lecimal Figures No. 1080 & Lobuius & Light Plate Gothle \\
\hline Lecture & Dectmal Figures No. 1090 & Locket & Lining Aidine \\
\hline Ledger... & Decimal Figures No. 1100 & Lockjaw & Lining Aidine Condensed \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline  & 10 \\
\hline Locution & Lining Antique Condensed \\
\hline Lodger & Lining Antigue No. 6 \\
\hline Loftily & Lining Antique Pointed \\
\hline Loftus & Lining Arcade \\
\hline Logger & Lining Archer \\
\hline Logistic & Lining Bank Seript \\
\hline Logman & Lining Bank Seript No. 2 \\
\hline Logogra & Lining Bank Seript No. 3 \\
\hline Logwood & Lining Bisque \\
\hline Loitered & Lining Bisque No 2 \\
\hline Lombard & Linlng Callgraph No. 2 \\
\hline Londoner & Lining Celtie No. 1 \\
\hline Lonely & Lining Chamfer \\
\hline Lonesome & Lining Concave \\
\hline Loomis & Lining De Vinne \\
\hline Looseness. & Lining Doric \\
\hline Looting & Lining Egyptian Extended \\
\hline Loquacity & Lining Egytian Ex. Cond. \\
\hline Lording & Lining Elite \\
\hline Lordship & Lining Emeraid \\
\hline Lorenzo. & Lining Engravers Roman \\
\hline Lothian & Lin. Engravers Roman No. 1 \\
\hline Lottery & Lin. Engravers Roman No. 2 \\
\hline Loudness & Lin. Engravers Roman No. 3 \\
\hline Lounging & Lining Facade Condensed \\
\hline Loutish & Lining Facade Cond, No. 1 \\
\hline Loveless & Lining Fair Open \\
\hline Lovesick & Lining F'ifteenth Century \\
\hline Lowliness & Lining Fif. Century ltalic \\
\hline Lubbard & Lining French Antique Ex. \\
\hline Lubrican & Lining French Ciarendon \\
\hline Mackle & Oid Roman Black Itaile \\
\hline Madly & Lining German Titie \\
\hline Madonna & Lining Gothic No. 47 \\
\hline Madwor & Lining Gothie No. 60 \\
\hline Maffle & Lining Gothie No. 71 \\
\hline Maggot & Lining Gothle No. 82 \\
\hline Magical & Lining Gothle No. 90 \\
\hline Magilp & Lining Gothie No. 111 \\
\hline Magner & Lining Gothic No. 117 \\
\hline Magneti & Lining Gotinc Title No. 60 \\
\hline Magnify & Lining Gothic Title No. 601 \\
\hline Magog & Lining Gothic Title No. 602 \\
\hline Mahomed & Lining Gothic Title No. 603 \\
\hline Maiform & Lining Gothic Title No. 604 \\
\hline Malign & Lining Gothie Titie No. 605 \\
\hline Malkin & Lining Gothic Title No. 606 \\
\hline Mallard & Lining Gothic Titie No. 607 \\
\hline Mallet & Lining Gotbic Title No. 82 \\
\hline Mallon & Lining Gothie Titie No. 821 \\
\hline Malmsey & Lining Gothic Title No. 822 \\
\hline Malta & Lining Gothit Title No. 823 \\
\hline Maltreat & Lining Gothic Title No. 824 \\
\hline Malum. & Lining Gothie Title No. 825 \\
\hline Mamma & Lining Gothie Titie No. 90 \\
\hline Mamnet & Lining Gothic Title No. 901 \\
\hline Manacle & Lining Gothic Title No. 902 \\
\hline Mamock & Lining Gothle Title No. 117 \\
\hline Manade. & Lining Gothie Title No. 1171 \\
\hline Manakin & Lining Gothie Title No. 1172 \\
\hline Manape & Linlng Grace Script \\
\hline Manation & Lining Grant \\
\hline Manpate & Lining Hazel Script \\
\hline Mancus. & Lining Hazlett \\
\hline Mandamı & Lining Ionic \\
\hline Mander & Lining Jewei Script \\
\hline Mandoli & Lining Lakeside Script \\
\hline Manch & Lining Light Modera \\
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\hline Mange & Lining Menu No. 1 \\
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\hline 1 & . 813 & . \(\$ 1.50\) & 21. & . \(80{ }^{7}\) & . 80.60 & 41 & . 806 & . \(\$ 0.50\) & 61 & . 806 & \$0.30 & 81 & 811 & \$0.40 \\
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