

VOL. IV.

KNIGHT'S LANDING, YOLO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1861.

NO. 10.

Knight's Landing Hews.

THE

S. W. RAVELEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

@UBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

Terms--In Advance.

One year,.....\$5 00 Six months,..... 3 00

Advertising.

One square of ten lines or less, first insertion, \$3 00-each subsequent insertion, \$1 50. Business cards of ten lines or less, one year, \$25; three months, \$10.

A liberal discount will be made on the above rates for all yearly or quarterly adver-tisements which exceed one square.

JOB PRINTING.

Having a complete assortment of the best Job Printing material, we are prepared to do work of all kinds in our line, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Handbills, Ball Tickets, Circulars, Bill Heads, Law Blanks, Cards, etc., in the best style of the art, at the most reasonable prices, FOR CASH.

Terms of the Courts of Yolo County.

DISTRICT COURT—Hon B. F. MYERS, Judge— 3rd Monday in March; 2nd Monday in August, and 3rd Monday in December. County Court—Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge— 1st Monday in January. 3d Monday in May, and 1st Monday in September.

Court of Sessions-Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge; 1st Monday in April; 1st Monday in July, and

1st Monday in December. Probate Court—Hon. ISAAC DAVIS, Judge--2nd Monday in January; 2nd Monday in March; 4th Monday in May; 2nd Monday in July; 2nd Monday in September, and 4th in November.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS-1st Monday in Feb-ruary; 1st Monday in May; 1st Monday in August, and 1st Monday in November.

BUSINESS CARDS.

D. LAFAYETTE PICKETT, Physician and Surgeon,

Knight's Landing, Yolo County, Cal.

DR. S. F. RODOLPH,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office at the Drug Store. North-east corner of Union Hotel. Knight's Landing, March 9, 1861.

L. R. HOPKINS,

Attorney and Counselor at Law, Cacheville, Yolo Co.; Cal. nor Office in Baskett's Building.

POETRY. **Printers'** Parod.

Oh, how happy are they Who the printer do pay, And have paid for a whole year or more; Tongue can never express The great joy of the "Press"

When delinquents square up an old score. Printers all the day long Labor hard for a "song," O, that all their hard fate could but see;

They have worked hard all the day, And, of course, want their pay, To buy sugar, and coffee, and tea.

One would hurdly believe How few dimes they receive For the paper addressed to each name, Yet 'tis farther below Than some people can know, Or they'd pay up, for fear or for shame.

A Honeymoon Adventure.

A few years since a friend, who had lived a bachelor until he was over thirtysix years old, and then saw a lady whom he fancied. Trunk was modern, but head, as well as habits slightly antique ! Still, she was but a year or two older than my friend; but a regular "blue stocking," of strong will as well as intellect. She had always been indulged by her parents in everything, while her fancies and whims were permitted to have full scope, without being questioned. She was, however, naturally kind, and owned a good, big and sympathetic heart; and like most of her sex, wanted to have her own way in everything. However, she fancied my friend, and the fancies of both ultimately grew into an ardent af-fection. When this became generally known amongst the associates of my bachelor friend, they all endeavored to dissuade him from the thought of making the lady his wife, saying she was head-strong, self-willed, and extremely dog-matical in her opinions, and that he would be simply a henpecked husband. None of the persuasions, however, had any ef-fect, except rather to increase the ardor of my friend's desire to take the woman of his choice for "better or for worse." And here let me state, that my friend was of a remarkably kind, gentle and amiable disposition, but of wondrously cool manner and method, and, withal, resolute and firm as a Russian soldier. After a somewhat protracted courtship, the two became one through the iron band and bans of the marriage ceremony. On retiring to their marriage bed, my friend was not a little surprised to find that his new-made spouse had taken with her to bed a big Tom Cat! He very naturally protested against having such a bed-fellow; but his wife insisted that, as

The husband told her that he had put it

and brought back the cat with her! My

friend continued to expostulate with his

wife upon the impropriety of her course,

but to no effect, so far as getting clear of

the annoyance: but so far as the tears and

sobbings of his wife were concerned, he

had been extremely effective. Finding,

however, that reason would have no ef.

fect towards carrying conviction to the

mind of his wife, he quietly took "Tom" in his arms, as if to caress him, and

getting out of bed, dashed Tom's brains

out against the wall, and flung his body

into the street. From that hour my friend and his wife had no more bicker-

ings, disputes or contentions; but are

now living as happy, as affectionate and

loving a couple as there is in the world.

dicted his misery in married life, upon

his present comfort and happiness, his

quaint reply is, "I killed the cat in

A young gentleman in one of our fash-

ionable little villages, complimented one of our modern belles, remarked that she

was the best looking person he ever saw.

She said she was really sorry that she

could not return the compliment. He

replied she could if she paid as little re-

gard to the truth as he did.

season!'

deadly poison.

When congratulated by those who pre-

The Quaker's Opinion of a Church Organ.

The following anecdote is vouched for as a fact by Harper's Magazine:

The Society of Friends, as is well known, are among the most upright and worthy of the Christian sects. Their mode of public worship is very plain and simple. Divested of all forms and ceremonies, they profess to serve God in spirit and in truth; sometimes in silence, at other times by exhortation or preaching by some one who feels impelled to address them. Thomas Coles-more familiarly known from his great amiability and good nature, as Tommy Coles -was a consistent member of this society. At the delightful village of Glen Cove, Long Island, where he resided, the Episcopal congregation has just erected in their church a very sweet toned organ, which was the admiration not only of the members, but of many others who were attracted to the service by the eloquence of the Rev. Mr. Malleby, the rector. On some particular occasion our venerable friend, Tommy Coles, took a seat among the congregation, and his opinion of the organ was gathered from the following

conversation a few days afterwards : "Friend Malleby, I am pleased that thee has got such a fine organ in thy church."

"But," said the clergyman, "I thought you were opposed to having an organ in a church.

"So I am," replied friend Tommy, "but, then, if thee will worship the Lord by machinery, I would like thee to have a first rate instrument"

THE CHINESE PLUNDER.-It has been estimated, says a correspondent at Pekin, that the amount of property pillaged and destroyed exceeds £6,000,000 sterling. Every soldier who was present is replete with loot. On entering the Emperor's particular residence no one knew what to take; silver was thrown away to take up gold, and gold to take up jewelled watches and gems; china and enameled vases (the manufacture of which is lost,) of priceless value, were broken because too bulky to carry away. Rooms and rooms full of costly silks, bronzes, jadestone ornaments, and the presents received by the Emperors, every article being labeled with the name of the donor, were ruth-lessly looted and destroyed. Much more has been buried beneath the ruins, however, than was carried away. The Emperor's washstand, basin, and ewer of gold, studded with stones, were sold for £2,000 by the captor. Lord Amherst's watch was sold by a French soldier for \$20; it was worth £200. Many men she had been so long accustomed to have have 30 or 40 pounds of pure gold in her pet sleep with her, she could not, their possession, and others have pearls and would not, now be deprived of his and precious stones of unknown value. company. My friend made no reply, A SHORT ROAD .- A correspondent, but soon, apparently, fell into a sound dating "Old Dominion," writes : "A sleep, which, under the circumstances, I am free to confess was a somewhat sinneighbor of ours has a pretty daughter, who was surrounded by a host of adgular proceeding. However, he soon ascertained that she, whom he had sworn mirers. Among the most assiduous was to love, protect, but not obey, was also a conceited coxcomb, and withal a thunlocked soundly in the arms of old Mor- dering fool. Notwithstanding his unremitting attentions, the lady married an pheus, (another extraordinary circumstance,) while in his darling's arms was unassuming farmer, and the fop, in nine firmly clasped her favorite cat! My days, (the usual time, I believe, with friend rose stealthily from his bed, and, puppies,) showed evident symptoms of insanity. Old Amos, who is full of with extreme caution and gentleness, shrewd negro wit, while making his retook from his wife's embrace her "Tom," and put him out of the room, the spitting spects to his mistress, one Sunday mornand growling of the cat to the contrary ing shortly after, was told of the lamentable fact, when he broke out : "Dat hyfolutin' gemman done went notwithstanding. The wife soon awoke, and anxiously inquired for her "Tom."

PLANT SYMPATHY AND ANTIPATHY. A correspondent writes as follows to the American Farmer.

We give it for what it is worth ; we do not youch for it : SYMPATHY.

The vine likes the nearness of cherry. trees and elms.

A white vine planted immediately be-side a blue, gets blue grapes.

Chestnut trees among mulberry trees get twice as large fruit.

Lemon, orange, myrtle, cypress and laurel trees grow and succeed best among one another.

The asparagus increases much better near the hedeoma pulegioides, which gives the pennyroyal.

Will you increase the smell of the roses? Plant some garlic or onions among them.

It you plant some roses and white lillics together in one bed, both get much more sweet scents.

If you have a valuable flower, which commences to fade by any accident, put next to it a camomile plant, with its roots in the same plot, and you will see revive the fading flower from day to

day. Will you produce extraordinary big turnips, beet roots, carrots, or red beets? Excavate a few of these, put the seed into the hole, and after a few days sow it.

Will you attain a considerable fertility of the vines? Strew some powdered tartar, mixed with a little ox-blood, among their roots, and you attain incredible success.

ANTIPATHY.

The walnut tree is hostile and noxious to every other fruit tree in its near neighborhood.

Enemies against one another are : the olive and oak, the vine and the laurel tree.

Cucumbers planted among olive trees perish.

An oak tree beside a walnut tree, dries

Colocynths are noxious to every herb or flower in the same bottom.

Hemlock beside a vine, dries up. Rose and orange waters lose their sweet scent during the time of the blow-

ing of those plants. Wine becomes unquiet and ferments

in the tanks while the vine blooms.

WINDING UP A STEAMBOAT .--- It is

seldom that one sees a more forcible instance of the "pursuit of knowledge un-der difficulties," than is recorded in the following sketch of a verdant Connecti-

cut youth's first voyage in a steamboat : His curiosity was unbounded. He examined here, and he scrutinized there; he wormed from the engineer a compullecture on the steam engine and mechanics in general; and from the fireman an essay on the power of white heat, and the average consumption of pine wood, etc. At length his inquiring mind was checked in the investigations. He had mounted on the wheelhouse, and was asking the pilot, "what you doin' that for, Mister? what good does it do?" He was here observed by the captain,

READING ALOUD .- There is no treat so great as to hear good reading of any kind. Not one gentleman in a hundred can read so as to please the ear, and send the words with gentle force to the heart and understanding. An indistinct ut-terance, whines, drones, nasal twang, gutteral notes, hesitations, and other vices of elocution, are almost universal. Why it is no one can say, unless it be that it is no one can say, unless it be that either the pulpit, or the nursery, or the Sunday-school, give the style in these days. Many a lady can sing Italian songs with considerable execution, but cannot read English passably. Yet read-ing is by far the more valuable accom-plishment of the two. plishment of the two. In most drawing rooms, if a thing is to be read, it is discovered that nobody can read, one has weak lungs, another has an abominable sing-song, evidently a tradition of the way in which Watts' hymns were sung, when he was too young to understand them; another rumbles like a broad wheel wagon; another has a way of read-ing which seems to proclaim that what is read is of no sort of consequence and had better not be attended to. As good as it is plain and forcible, is the above pithy series of observations Pass it along.

A MODEL.-A friend of ours is in the habit of visiting a very charming young lady about three times a week-perhaps oftener. It is not positively known that there is an engagement, but the gentleman is so completely domesticated that he enters the house without knocking, and if his lady love is not in the parlor, he does not scruple to go up stairs in search of her. The other day he went through half a dozen rooms without seeing anybody, and at last came to the fair one's own chamber, but found the door locked.

"Are you in there, Mary ?" inquired he.

"Bless my heart, Charles, is it you? Go

"Bless my neart, Charles, is it you? Go away, you scamp, you can't get in !" cried the lady, in great trepidation. "I must, Mary," said the young gen-tleman, giving the door a shove which threatened to break away its fastenings. "For Heaven's sake, Charles !" cried the lady, now in the last stage of terror,

"go away this instant, I'm—I'm—" "You're what?"

"I'm a model!" shrieked the lady; and the gentleman, what could he do but leave with a hearty laugh ?

THE SAN FRANCISCO AND MARYS-VILLE RAILROAD.-A letter has been received by the last steamer, from the President of the San Francisco and Marysville Railroad Company, in which he says that the iron, together with all the spikes, chains, etc., have been contracted for in England. Also, that negotiations for money sufficient to put the road in

HUMPHREY GRIFFITH, G. W. BOWIE. BOWIE & GRIFFITH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Nos. 5 and 6 Read's Block. Sacramento, Cal.

dec-3tf

aug4-tf

H. H. HARTLEY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

North-west corner 2nd and J sts., Sacramento.

jan1. tf

BURTON & MCCARTY,

Wholesale Dealers in Groceries. Provisions, Liquors, Flour, Grain, California Produces, and General Merchandise, Brick store, 125 J street, one door west of 5th apl6-tf Sacramento.

New Corner Cigar Store!

M. GREENHOOD & CO. Importer and Dealer in CIGARS AND TOBACCO, Cor. 3rd and J st., Sacramento. gan5-tf



Practical Printers, and Dealers in Type, Presses, Printing Materials, Ink, Paper, Cards, &c., 51) Clay street, above Sansome

PAINTER & CO,

J. B. PAINTER) San Francisco. Offices fitted out with dis-J. M. PAINTER T. P. PAINTER) patch. dec22-ly

CHARLES F. ROBBINS,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

TYPE, PRESSES, PRINTING MATERIAL, INKS, CARD STOCK, &c.,

Nos. 111 and 113 Clay Street

feb2-ly San Francisco.

Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon.

In the New Brick Union Hotel Building, Knight's Landing.

JAMES E. JOHNSON,

AVING established himself permanently H in Knight's Landing, invites all those who wishes anything in his line of business to give him a call. J. E. JOHNSON.

and gone mad? what fur, missus?"

out of the room, and, moreover, said the "Because your Miss Carry would not marry him." cat should not sleep in bed with them. Upon this his "darling leaped out of bed

"Well," said Amos, after a preliminary scratch of his kinky head and a mischievous twinkle of his black eye, "Well, missus, dar's one ting sartin-he didn't have fur to go."

Chutterbuck's story of the old lady (his aunt) is excellent. Being very nerv-ous, she told Sir W. Farquahar she thought Bath would do her good. "It is very odd," said Sir W., "but that's the very thing that I was going to recommend to you. I will write the particulars of your case to a very clever man there, in whose hands you will be well taken care of." The lady, furnished with the letter, set off, and on her arriving at Newbury, feeling as usual very nervous, she said to her confidant, "Long as Sir Walter has attended me, he has never explained to me what ails me. I have a great mind to open his letter, and see what he has stated of my case to the represented to her the breach of confidence this would be. She opened the letter and read, " Dear Davis, keep the old lady three weeks, and send her back

It is said that the ladies of Troy have invented a new feature in their fairs. A parcel of the handsomest girls set themselves up, and allow the "fellows" to MILK, so nutricious when taken as kiss them for twelve and a half cents per food, if injected into the veins, acts as a kiss. One girl made \$62 in one evening. One man took \$11 worth.

again.

who said in a gruff voice,

"Go away from there. Don't you see the sign? No talking to the man at the helm! Go 'way!"

"O, certain-ye-as; but I only wanted to know-"

"Well you do know now that you can't talk to him-so just go away."

With unwitting willingness the verdant youth come down; and as it was soon dark, he went below; but four or five times before he "turned in," he was on deck and near the wheelhouse, eyeing it with a thoughtful curiosity ; but with the captain's rebuff still in his ears ventured to ask no question.

In the first gray of morning he was up and out on deck ; and after some hesitation, perceiving nobody near save the pilot, who was turning the wheel as when he had last seen him, he asked his suppressed question in an oblique style, somewhat characteristic of his region :

"Wal, goin' it yet, ha? Been at it all night, ha? A screwin' on her up?" What vague ideas of "screwin' up" to make her go ahead, must have bothered the poor fellow's brain during the night !

A young lady said to her beau after fifteen years courtship, "Charles, I am going out of town to-morrow." "Where?" "I don't know." "When are you com-Bath physician." In vain her friend ing back ?" "Never." "What are you going for ?" " I am going to look for something which you have not, never had, and yet can give me without loss to yourself," "You are very welcome to it I am sure; but what is it?". "A husband!" "Why, you might have had that fifteen years ago, if you had only said the word; but I was afraid to ask you the question."

> "THRICE is he armed who hath his quarrel just." But six times armed is he who hath a good revolver. rowing principle a trifle too far when he asks us to lend our ears. e who hath a good revolver.

running order to Suisun are pending, but which have been delayed by war troubles. It is expected, hower, that the delay will be but temporary, and the full completion of the road is only a matter of time. All that can be done to forward the work is being done by the President and Contractor, who are now in New York.

A RECIPE WORTH TWENTY DOLLARS. To kill squirrels, rats, mice and gophers : Take white glass and beat as fine as meal, then mix up one quart of corn meal with milk till it is in a proper state for baking. Add to that one-half tea cup full of the fine pounded glass, stirring thoroughly through. Place portions of this mixture in barns, around gardens, and in the mouth of their dens, and then bid them farewell! This recipe has proved infalli-ble with me. It will cost you nothing. Make the experiment, and you will be satisfied. - Cor. Oregon Farmer.

A MULE WITH A COLT. --- A mule passed through this city on Sunday morning last with a foal by her side, which, from unquestionable evidence, is the actual, legitimate, bona fide progeny of said mule. She was in company with a drove of cattle from the lower country, belonging to Major Hensley. One or two instances of the kind are on record, but they are very rare. Henry Clay, we believe, owned a mule that brought forth a colt. Another case occurred in Texas some years ago.

An Irishman just from the sod, was eating some old cheese, when he found, to his dismay, that it contained living inhabitants. "Be jabers," said he, "does your chase in this country have children?"

"First boy, state what were the dark ages of the world ?" Boy hesitates. "Next, Master Jones, can you tell me what the dark ages were?" "The ages before gas was invented."

LADIES, prepare for an extreme change of habits, for a Paris correspondent says the ladies are coming out "without hoops, bustles, wadding, or anything else !"

We think that a man carries the bor-

THE Anight's Landing Helvs.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

SATURDAY, JULY 6TH, 1861.

Political Advertisements.

No advertisement of a political character will be published in the KNIGHT'S LANDING News unless paid for in advance.

Justices Blanks.

Blanke Affidavits, Undertakings, Writ of Attachmsnt and Subpoenas, under the NEW LAW, for Sale at this Office.

WE publish in this issue two communications on our National Affairs, one on each side of the question, and as we are a neutral paper we refrain from commenting on them, but leave the readers to judge of the merits or demerits as their political proclivities may dictate.

THE BALL .- The ball at the Union Hotel, on the evening of the 4th, was an entire success. The attendance was very large, music good, and the evening deliciously cool and pleasant. All these combined, with a general feeling on the part of the participants to enjoy themselves, rendered the occasion more than ordinarily pleasant and agreeable.

THE Democratic County Convention, which met at Cacheville on Saturday last, nominated a full ticket for county officers, as will be seen by referring to the report of their proceedings in another column. The nominee for County Judge, Hon. H. Griffith, reflects credit on the party. He is a gentleman of fine legal ability, and would fill the position alike with credit to himself and honor to the county. We have no doubt he will be elected. James A. Douglas, our present Sheriff, has been re-nominated. He has made an efficient officer, and gave very general satisfaction to the people during his last term. which is a good recommendation as to his future course if elected. J. B. Chinn, the nominee for County Clerk, is a very affable gentleman, much esteemed by all who know him. We predict he will make a strong run. The other candidates are not personally known to us.

WE would call the attention of our readers to the advertisement in another column of Messrs. Grimes & Felton, 49 and 51 Fourth street, Sacramento.

THE weather here during the past week has been intensely hot, the thermometer ranging for two or three hours during the day as high as 100° Fahrenheit in the shade.

We would call attention to the Semi-Annual Report of the Board of Super-

The Crops.

The harvest for this county has now entirely matured, and the greater portion of it is cut, stacked and ready for thrashing and sacking. We have made general inquiry as to the result, and give the following as a nearly reliable estimate of the yield as compared with last year. The wheat crop, which last year averaged 35 bushels to the acre, has this season fallen off to about 25 bushels, with about the same number of bushels sown as last year. In quality, the wheat will average very even, being somewhat smaller grain and less plump than last year, caused by the extreme dry weather during the latter part of April and beginning of May. Yet, experienced judges say it will make as good quality of flour as ever before. There is very little smut or foul matter in it, and with the exception of a little barley, it is generally very clean. The barley crop is a somewhat larger yield than the wheat, and will probably go about 30 bushels to the acre, with a larger number of acres sown than formerly, which will make the total about equal to that of last year. The farmers generally feel disposed to hold their wheat for an advance in prices, to \$2, while barley is freely offered at \$20 per ton.

Democratic Convention.

CACHEVILLE, June 29th. The Democratic County Convention met pursuant to adjournment, John H. Murphy, of Washington, presiding. On motion that the Chair appoint a

committee of three on order of business, the following gentlemen were appointed, viz : H. Gwinn, C. F. Reed and Wm. Minnis.

After a recess of half an hour, the Committee reported the following order of business, which was adopted : 1st, Resolutions. 2d, Nomination of County Judge. 3d, Assemblyman. 4th, Sheriff. 5th, County Clerk. 6th, County Treas urer. 7th, District Attorney. 8th, to be torn down, and we exposed to ruin County Surveyor. 9th, Assessor. 10th, Superintendent of Public Instruction. 11th, Coroner. 12th, Delegates to the District Convention. 13th, County Central Committee.

On motion that the Chair appoint a committee of three on resolutions, the following gentlemen were appointed : C. F. Reed, H. Gwinn and Wm. Minnis.

After a recess of two hours, the Committee reported the following resolutions, which, on motion, were received, and the Committee discharged.

On motion, the resolutions were taken up and read, and it was agreed that they be passed upon separately, which resulted in their adoption, to wit : Seward in 1850, that "there is a higher law than the Constitution," and his subsequent young eyes may fall is filled with disavowal, that "the conflict is irrepress

Resolved, That we endorse the resolutions adopted by the National Democratic Conven-tion which assembled at Gincinnati in 1856, and as re-affirmed by both National Conven-tions assembled at Baltimore in 1860.

The following candidates were then nominated by the Convention in their regular order, viz : For County Judge, Humphrey Griffith; for Assembly, A. H. Willard; for Sheriff, J. A. Douglas; for Clerk, J. B. Chinn; for Treasurer, David McGowin ; for Surveyor, William Minnis; for Assessor, W. W. Hannum; for District Attorney, Presley Dunlap; for Superintendent of Common Schools, M. A. Woods; for Coroner, Dr. J. J. Rackerby.

The following delegates to the Senatorial District Convention were then appointed, viz : Wm. Minnis, William Montgomery, Wm. Reid and George Snaigle.

The following gentlemen were then appointed to compose the County Central Committee, viz : A. A. Bennett, J. H. Murphy, A. P. McCarty, Wm. Minnis, and Harrison Gwinn.

The Convention then adjourned sine J. H. MURPHY, Pres't. die. A. H. WILLARD, Sec.

[Communicated.]

The Union. Look at this, our glorious Union, which

has been so long admired and praised by her people and the surrounding world for her freedom, both nationally and individually. Shall we see her torn down and ruined by a few hot headed demagogues or politicians, who are only seeking for their own interests, and not for the interests of their fellow men? Shall they have their way? Has the memory of the dreadful sufferings of '76 died away? Is not a single drop of the blood of that glorious period warm in the veins of any one? Where is our, is our Washington? Have we no great men in this our day? And shall we submit to what is now going on in our Union? Is she and degradation? That Union which has hitherto protected us and our property is now broken, and we are, as it were, called upon to take up arms against

our countrymen and brethren. And what has caused all this discord and disunion, this separation of our States? Why, it is caused by a few unprincipled men, and not by the people; they have nothing to say in the matter. And why do the people thus suffer themselves to be led about? What kind of an example is this to set before the young and rising generation, who are shortly to fill responsible stations in the world, and manage the affairs of our Government, if we have any? What can we expect of Resolved, That the avowal of William H. them, when every paper upon which their

PONY NEWS.

The Pony Express, with date Fort Kearney to Monday, the 22d arrived in Sacramento on Tuesda ing last; the news is not of special ance. Both sides are making p tions for tremendous struggle mastery. The tenor of the new that the Confederate army are en and pushing their lines close up to andria, while general confidence s inspire their leaders. On the othe Gen. Scott is pushing forward large of troops into Virginia, evidently the intention to outflank the Time can only show the result. lowing summary is taken from th Francisco Bulletin :

WASHINGTON, June 18 .- The Department has accepted three add regiments from Iowa, making si cluding cavalry. It is stated, o doubted authority, that Senator W visited this city in the disguise of tle drover, and after making a tho reconnoissance, returned to Ma Junction. The War Department 1 cepted, for three years, or for the Chicago battalion, raised by Capt. Wilcox, consisting of 212 men, ran file, called the Illinois Brigade of B work and Fortification Fusileers.

The rebels' guns and flags are dist seen at Aquia Creek, and a large ber of tents are distinguishable. certain that a strong force is gat there, which is to be reinforced time to time from the Maryland sho

The New York World's Washi dispatch of the 17th says, that info tion reached there at a late hour to-n that four regiments are advancing to Fairfax. It is said that the rebels e ated the village, returning to Man

The officials across the river credi reports which reached them this n ing, that a large number of rebel t had retreated to Manassas Junctio direction of Aquia Creek- This i doubtedly true. Beauregard antici that it is the design of the Federal f to move on Richmond from several d points, and that the Potomac rive Aquia Creek, is one of them. By movement they will have no doubt supplied with reinforcements from Harper's Ferry column.

A gentleman has received informa from Richmond, that the troops t are drilling in the bayonet exercise of the time, preferring to adopt method of warfare after making the charge. He further states that the r troops will ultimately fall back on H mond, for the defense of that city.

HESPERIAN .- This monthly visito July has arrived from the hands of publishers-and fully meets our expe tions for excellence and variety-the full sized pattern of the Cavalier W for ladies dresses is of the latest fash and beautiful in style.

MARRIED

At Gacheville, July 4, John E Blackmon Miss Sarah Elizabeth Smith. With the above notice we received a ple

in the			
		UNAPPORTIONED SCHOOL FUND. Received from December 1st, 1860,	
es from d June,		to June 1st, 1861\$1,304 67	
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eems er har		Dist. No. 2.—On hand last report190 27 Received131 79	
e bod	ies	322 06 Expended	
y wi enem	y.	Balance June 1, 1861	
The f		Dist. No. 3.—On hand last report319 68 Received	
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lition ix, i	al	Balance June 1, 1861 31 03	
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has a	c-	Balance June 1, 1861	
war, J. W k an	7.	Dist. No. 5.—On hand last report115 08. Received	
Breas		194 16 Expended130 00	
inctl		Balance June 1, 1861 64 16	
It i here	is	Dist. No. 6.—On hand last report 62 41 Received	
from ore.		Balance June 1st, 1861101 95 Dist. No. 7.—On hand last report116 80	
ngtor	n .	Received	
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vacu		Balance June 1st, 1861	
it the morn	- 1	Receipts	
roop: on, in is un	I	194 38 Expended 55 00	
pates	s I	Balance, June 1st, 1861	
lirect r, by	tI	Dist. No. 9.—On hand last report 77 79 Received	
to be	F	160 46 Expended160 36	
the		Balance June 1st, 1861 10 Dist. No. 10.—On hand last report321 59	
ation	R	Received	
most that first	E	420 93 Expended150 00-	
ebel lich-	B	Balance June 1st, 1861	
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r for the	D	Balance June 1st, 1861 8 71 Dist. No. 12.—On hand last report 61 03	
ecta- new	R	teceived 41 95	
/aist hion	1	xpended103 03	
		verdrawn June 1st, 1861 05 ist. No. 13.—On hand last report132 49	
re to	Re	eceived	
enti-		xpended197 09	
the	Di	alance June 1st, 1861 26 45 ist. No. 14.—On hand last report 64 50	
	Re	alance June 1st, 1861	
oard		Assetts-JUNE 1, 1861.	I
and ac-	the	Balances justly remaining to the credit of e General and Special Gounty Funds.	I
), to ebt-	Int	eneral Fund	1
ong- lay,	Ho Co	ospital Fund	1
	Un Scl	napportioned School Fund	L
42 00			L
24 50		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
15 IND.		" 8 139 38 " 9 10	
27 77		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
04 28	Eat	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
76	List	Total Assetts	
49 69	nig	NOTE.—The Treasurer states that on the the of April 13th, or the night following or	
18	and	notime between Saturday evening the 13th d Monday the 15th, his safe was opened and obed of its entire treasure, and that only the	L
	sun rem	n of \$12 75 the contents of a small purse nained in his possession of all the State and	
86	cept	unty Funds committed to his charge. Ex- ot to the General and Contingent Funds, balances shown above, are the same that	
32	exis	sted at the time of the robbery and repre- t the loss sustained.—To the General Fund	
00	and	that time belonging the sum of \$459 86, i to the Contingent Fund \$672 30. So the ount stolen belonging to the Gounty, was	
81	\$71 \$12	120 20, less the pro rata apportionment of 2 75. That the sureties upon the official	
65	cien und	ed of the Treasurer are liable for the defi- ncy, and also abundantly responsible is doubted. However, unless embarrassment	
47	sho	deem it advisable to delay prosecution up-	
14	on t incu T	the Bond until the close of the term of the umbent Treasurer. The total amount of Bonds outstanding pay-	
	able 185	e out of the Sinking and Interest Fund of 55 is \$3680 00; the interest due upon them	
10	T Gen	30 80. The amount of Warrants payable out of the neral Fund registered and outstanding, was	
00	on t O	the First day of June \$2023 70. On this First day of July, 1861, this Report I Statement is made, and ordered to be pub-	
10 30	lish	ned in the KNIGHT'S LANDING NEWS. By order of the Board of Supervisors,	
80		y6-1t S. N. NORTON, President.	

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visors published in another column. It contains instructive information to the tax payers of the county.

For the benefit of those concerned we would recommend them to read the advertisement of G. W. Read's in another column.

SONORA .- The extensive publishing house of H. H. Bancroft & Co. have just issued a very interesting work entitled "Sonora, Its Extent, Population, Natural Productions, Indian Tribes, Mines, Minerals, etc., translated from the Spanish of Francisco Velasco, by W. F. Nye." The work abounds in practical information, and every Californian ought to read it. Persons who contemplate visiting Sonora will find in this work valuable and reliable information which cannot be otherwise obtained.

GRASSHOPPERS.-These horrible beasts are doing much damage to the gardens about our town .- Stanislaus Index.

The grasshoppers at Knight's Landing must be mammoth in size, if in that region they can be classed among beasts. What glorious times the Diggers must have slaying the winged "varmints." Napa Reporter.

The Napa Reporter gives us credit for having a class of "horrible beasts" among us which destroy our substance ; but we confess until we saw the above article, we were in blissful ignorance of their presence. We presume the editor transported our town, in his imagination, somewhere down on the Stanislaus river.

NOMINATIONS IN COLUSA.-The Union men of Colusa county held a Convention on Saturday last, and nominated the following, among other officers : for County Judge, Diefendorff, Douglasite; Treasurer, Charles Spaulding, Bell-Everett ; Sheriff, O. C. Buckey, Douglasite; Clerk, B. Hants, Republican. The Assemblyman will be nominated in joint convention by Colusa and Tehama counties.

that all must be free, or all must be slave States;" the elevation to power of the party entertaining and avowing these sentiments; and the repudiation, by the Republican party of the Northern States, of the plain letter of the Constitution of the United States, and the decisions of the Supreme Court upon the slavery question ; the aggressions upon the institution of slavery through the medium of the Republican press and Republican organization, all having a direct teadency to pro duce servile insurrection, and total disregard by the Administration, of the supplications of the conservative Border States for a peace policy; all these have so alarmed the Southern States, as to precipitate the present fearful nd lamentable revolution. Therefore, we can but charge the Republican party as being the primary cause of these National troubles.

2d. Resolved, That we condemn the mode and manner adopted by the South for redress, seeking security for their rights out of, rather than in, the Union.

3d. Resolved, That the President of the United States has been guilty of violating the Constitution, and usurpation of power, in borrowing and appropriating money, raising armies and increasing the navy, without the authority of Congress; and that such acts are dangerous to liberty, and tend to convert the Government into military despotism.

4th Resolved, That we pledge the Democracy of Yolo County as loyal to the Constitution and the Union, and that it is the duty of the State of California to yield obedience to all Constitutional acts of Congress, and to all Constitutional and legal acts of the Federal Executive.

5th. Resolved, That it is the duty of our State, through her representatives in Congress to labor for a peaceful settlement of our national troubles upon a basis of justice and equality to both sections of our common country; and if all efforts for a reunion should fail, then let California stand (in Congress) on this sectional contest, between her com mon parents, as did Burke and Pitt in the Commons, on the seven years' struggle between England and her colonie -- deploring separation, but denying the policy of subjuga-

6th. Resolved, That the Democratic party of this nation has always recognized the Cor stitution of our country as the highest law of the land. And we invite all good citizens to rally to the standard of that party which has ever recognized the obligations of the Constitution upon all, and the Constitutional rights of all under it, and rescue if possible, our whole country and her institutions from both Northern and Southern fanatizism; and present, or accept any plan of a peaceful solution which can be honorably adopted.

H. Gwinn offered the following additional resolution, which was unanimously adopted :

union? All their daily reading is about the Union being dissolved. Those glorious stars and stripes which have floated in triumph over every part of the United States, and bid defiance to the world, are now trailing in the dust, and I fear, soon will be drabbled in the blood of those citizens whom they have hitherto guarded and protected. Is this Republic to be like the many republics or kingdoms which have flourished and swayed a mighty influence for a while, and then dying away, sunk back into oblivion? Will this people, instead of meeting t smiles, and receiving the approbation the different nations of the world, ha the finger of scorn pointed at them ? hope and trust this will not be; that t people will stir themselves, throw the forces together, and avert the dreadf ruin that now threatens them. A may the time soon come when our Uniwill be strongly bound together, wh opposition will be done away with. The and not until then, can we expect to a prosperity smiling over our land. How can we expect to see better times, w everything is in confusion? We can We may expect starvation. The ho is divided against itself; and the g Father of the Universe has declared a house divided against itself can stand; therefore, we may expect to s dissolution of the Union; and that solution will cause perpetual war bloodshed. Then will be the time w destruction will stalk abroad over land ; when our liberties will be trod under foot; our enemies will throw so and contempt in our faces, and we not help ourselves. No, we will be trea worse than those worthless beings have caused all this trouble. Our c merce will be destroyed; our telegra lines will be broken down ; our great stitutions of learning will crumble to dust, and we, the most enlightened tion of people upon earth, and the n honored in the eyes of all the great r ers, will soon relapse into barbarism heathenish darkness.

ful supply of wine, with which we drank health and happiness to the happy couple

Board of Supervisors.

State of California, County of Yolo. Be of Supervisors, Washington, July 1st 186 Semi-Annual Report of the receipts expenditures of the Treasury, and the counts allowed, from December 1st, 1860 June 1st, 1861; also, the outstanding inde edness of, and the amount of revenue belo ing to, the County on the last named of made by requirement of law.

ACCOUNTS ALLOWED, PAYABLE OF	UT OF	
General Fund	\$3,804	42
Road Fund		
Hospital Fund	479	24
Contingent Fund	66	
Total	\$4,561	1!
RECEIPTS AND EXPEDITURES-GENEI	RAL FU	ND
On hand last report	\$3,125	27
Received	1,666	77
	4,792	04
Expended	4,290	28
Balance June 1st, 1861	501	76
INTEREST AND SINKING FUND OF	1855.	
On hand last report	\$3.077	49
Received		

rhen	Carrow Market and a start of the start of the	3,359	1
not.	Expended, including Treasurer's commission for moneys received		
ouse	in November, 1860, and not en-		
reat	tered by him Dec. 1st, 1860	351	8
that	Balance June 1st, 1861	3,007	3
nnot	ROAD FUND.		
ee a	On hand last report	1,277	8
dis-	Received	185	0(
and	and the second s	1,462	81
hen	Expended	780	
the	Balance June 1st, 1861	682	6!
lden	HOSPITAL FUND.		
orn	On hand last report	1,213	4
can	Received,	281	6'
ated	the first of the state will see a state of the state	1,495	1
who om-	Expended	584	
aph	Balance June 1st, 1861	911	11
t in-	CONTINGENT FUND.		
the	On hand last report	.\$339	10
na-	Received	. 660	00
nost			
00W-	Expended	999	10
and	Expended	. 176	31
1			

Balance June 1st, 1861 822 80 july6-1t

[Communicated.] NUMBER II.

In reviewing the attitude of the Republican party in its war policy and the powers which it is assuming, I shall, in this communication, endeavor to show, and I think, conclusively, that it is verging into anarchy, and arrogating to itself powers which, carefully considered, will make the people of this free Government shudder for their future safety and liberties of speech and expression. I allude, in this connection, to the case of Merryman, who was arrested in Pennsylvania, carried to Baltimore, and there incarcerated in Fort McHenry, without the privilege of a trial as provided by law; and when he made application by writ of habeas corpus, for an investigation of his case, before the Chief Justice of the United States, even that was refused him. I quote from Chief Justice Taney's opinion:

" Λ copy of the warrant, or order, under which the prisoner was arrested, was demanded by his counsel, and refused. And it is not alleged in the return that any specific act, constituting an offense against the laws of the United States. has been charged against him upon oath; but he appears to have been arrested upon general charges of treason and rebellion, without proof, and without giv-ing the names of witnesses, or specifying the acts, which, in the judgment of the military officer, constituted these crimes. And having the prisoner thus in custody, upon these vague and unsuported accusations, he refuses to obey the writ of habeas corpus, upon the ground that he is duly authorized by the President to suspend it.

"The case, then, is simply this. A military officer residing in Pennsylvania issues an order to arrest a citizen of Maryland, upon vague and indefinite charges, without any proof as appears. Under this order his house is entered in the night; he is seized as a prisoner, and conveyed to Fort McHenry, and there kept in close confinement. And when a habeas corpus is served on the commanding officer, requiring him to produce the prisoner before a Justice of the Supreme Court, in order that he may examine into the legality of the imprisonment, the answer of the officer is that he is authorized by the President to suspend the writ of habeas corpus at his discretion, and in the exercise of that discretion, suspends | Why, if their present course is continued it in this case, and on that ground refuses obediece to the writ.

As the case comes before me, therefore. I understand that the President not only claims the right to suspend the writ of habeas corpus himself at his discretion. but to delegate that discretionary power to a military officer, and to leave it to him to determine whether he will or will not obey judicial process that may be served upon him.'

Now, I ask, what security has any individual in the land for his liberties, if this high handed proceeding of the President of the United States is sustained by the people? The Habeas Corpus Act was first passed and brought into practical effect by the English, prior to the reign of Charles I., and only then after a severe and protracted struggle. It had, previous to the passage of this Act, been the custom of kings and tyrants to send and arrest, without warrant or process of law, any individuals who, from any cause, was obnoxious to them, and either keep them in dungeons or behead them, as their malice or caprice might dictate. This, evil and assumption of power became so flagrant and of such frequent occurrence, that the English people rose in their might and demanded that every man should be allowed a hearing and a fair trial by jury, and if found guilty, dealt with accordingly, but it innocent of the crime charged, he should be acquitted; and the Habeas Corpus Act provides for an examination into his case, and procures him a speedy trial, or admits him to bail, as the magnitude of the offense requires. But lo! in this, the nineteenth century, in these free United States of America, President Lincoln, by at one bold leap, scales the barriers of law and justice established for our pro tection, and suspends the Habeas Corpus Act-not by proclamation and by order of the Legislature and Congress as the law provides, but by his own individual authority, and then delegates this authority to his military officers whom he has appointed to do his bidding, and this, too, in the loyal State of Pennsylvania, where he had United States Marshals and Judges of his own appointing. Does any candid man deny that Merryman would not have had a fair trial in Penn- Clothing and Furnishing Goods sylvania or in Maryland, both loyal States, both recognizing the supremacy of the stars and stripes, both of whose Governors sustain Lincoln in his war policy? Then why this flagrant assumption of power? I confess I am at a loss for an answer. Queen Victoria to-day would be impeached by the English people, if at she dared to do what Lincoln has done in this case. Then what is becoming of

our boasted freedom? Where is this pure liberty we so much boasted of, and held up to the world to pattern from? I assert we are on the verge of the rankest anarchy and despotism that ever existed in the world. If this act is right in Pennsylvania, it must be right in Califrom his home and family and incarcerated in a fort, any man may be dealt ment. with in the same manner here; and if he demands a hearing or a trial, no matter how innocent he may be, the fiat, it is the order of the President, must be The Sureties of William N. BROOKS, County Treasurer of Yold conclusive-he must lie in durance vile until his Republican lord and master wills his release or death. Are we not march. ing with rapid strides to Red Republicanism as depicted in France in the days the Revolution? If this state of of things even were the worst we had to anticipate, we might still endure it for a time. But what are the prospects? We are told by parties in Washington that Lincoln is busily engaged on his address to Congress, which convened on the 4th instant, and he has determined to recommend a vigorous war policy, with an appropriation of five hundred million dollars, and other measures to enable him to prosecute this war against the South, among which I presume will be unlimited power bestowed on the President, to declare war, suspend the writ of habeas corpus, jury trial, and proclaim martial law at his discretion; and if Lincoln asks for these things Congress can't refuse to grant his request; they are all his partizans and blind followers. The South will have no representation, and a majority of the Congressmen are already officers in the army of which the President is commander in chief. Then what a farce will its proceedings be: Lincoln demands, and they comply, of course. Now, look for a moment at the position of the President : he is to-day invested, mainly by his own usurpation, with greater powers than any monarch in Europe, not excepting the Czar of Russia. Then how long can our republic exist? What will become of the Government? in, in less than one year we will be governed by a despotic Emperor. I don't believe, either, that that Emperor will be Lincoln; but the Abolition power behind the throne will use him just as long as notice. it serves their ends to do so, and then use him as they are now using other but honester citizens whom they denounce as traitors. tended to Knight's Landing, July 5th. New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

MAY Affairs demand a prompt settle-

this course of inform-

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

PURPOSE going East the 20th June, and PURPOSE going East the 20th June, and desire to close up my business before leav-ing, and take this plan to inform my patrons, and request them to call on or before that time and settle. They may rely upon my fornia. If Merryman can be dragged usual indulgence for liberal arrangements; at the same time hoping that previous indulgence will insure some aid and prompt settle-G. W. READ. may 11-tf

THOMAS

STOCK of

and now Offer them at

Knight's Landing, January 19, 1861.

San Francisco.

\$1,000 REWARD.

county, hereby offer a reward of One Thousand Dollars for the arrest and conviction of the party of parties who robbed said Treasurer's tafe at Cacheville, Yolo county, on Sunday evening, April 14th, 1861, or a propor-tionate reward for information which may lead to the discovery of the perpetrator of the robbery, or the recovery of the funds. The names of the party offering this reward can be had at the Union office, Sacramento.

apl27-tf

Summons. By Order of the County Judge. In the District Court of the 11th judicial district, of the State of Galifornia, in and for the County of Yolo. The People of the State of Galifornia, to Mary P. McKinney, greeting : You are hereby summoned to answer the com-plaint of E. F. McKinney, in said Court, filed against you, within ten days from the service of this rest. of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county, but if served on you without said county, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the tenth day of June, 1861, in said Court, in an action of divorce; wherein Plaintiff prays the Gourt for a decree annulling and dissolving the bonds of matrimony hitherto existing between you and this Plaintiff and for costs, and for other and further relief. And you are hereby notified that if you fail to answer the complaint as directed, Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded herein. In testimony whereof, I, J. T. Daly, Clerk of the Eleventh Indiaia Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and impress the Seal of said Court, at Office in Cacheville, this SEAL 24th day of June, A. D. 1861. J. T. DALY, Clerk. june 29-3m

WHEAT, S. R. SMITH, BARLEY, CARPENTER AND BUILDER, Front Street, Knight's Landing. THE subscriber having made large additions to his business, is now prepared to do all kinds of work, such as Cabinet Making, Paper Hanging, Painting and Glazing. -ALSO-BACON AND Houses Built and Removed. All kinds of Farmers' Machinery Repaired, and general Jobbing done at the shortest notice. SAM. R. SMITH. CASH, N. B .- Coffins of every description made to order on the hortest notice. All Orders from the Country Promptly at-C. C. WARNER & CO., At Old Stand, Corner Ninth and J streets, Sacramento.

DEALERS IN

Groceries and Provisions.

THE UNION RESTORED: NEW GOODS! AND THE New Goods!! New Goods!!! Patriot's Heart Made Glad! SL By the subscribers receiving from the cities of BROWNELL San Francisco and Sacramento, Have just returned from San Francisco A very large, carefully selected and most vawith the LABGEST and BEST SELECTED ried assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS. Ladies' Bonnets, Trimmed and DRY GOODS, Untrimmed. Ladie's and Children's and Gentlemen's Hats. Ladies' and Child-CLOTHING. ren's Dress Goods. Gentlemen's and Boys' GEROCETRITES CLOTHING, HARDWARE, SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, HATS, Gaiters and Slippers, of all kinds, together with a fine assortment of CAPS, QUEEN'S-WARE, HARD-WARE, BOOTS AND CROCKERY, TIN-WARE, CLOCKS. WHIP STALKS, WHIPS, AND LASHES. And a full assortment of Ever offered for sale in Yolo county. They have Selected their Stock with special reference GROCERES to the wants of their numerous Customers, Our goods were bought when the stocks in San Francisco were very large and complete, and before the rise in prices; and we extend Wholesale or Retail, a cordial invitation to all to call and examine our goods and prices before buying elsewhere. Every Article in General Use by Families, Farmers and Mechanics, Cheaper than they We take this occasion to return thanks for past favors, and to solicit a continuance of the can be obtained at any other store this side of same; and to call upon those knowing themselves indebted to us to make payment at once, for "we must have money." Grain and flour sacks made and kept on hand for sale. Country produce taken in ex-change for goods, and money not refused. J. & J. W. BALDWIN. Knight's Landing, May 12, 1860. junel-tf BUTTER, GROVER & BAKER'S EGGS, Noiseless Sewing Machines for Family Use and Manufacturing HAMS, Purposes. PRICES FROM \$60 UPWARDS. OVER 50,000 IN USE! Taken in Exchange for Goods. WE beg to assure the public that the well known reputation of these ma-chines for *Reliability* will be fully sustained, CALL AND EXAMINE Our Stock and Prices Before and in our rapidly increasing business the same care will be faithfully exercised in every **Purchasing Elsewhere.** department of their manufacture. Every ma-chine sold by us is WARRANTED IN EV-ERY RESPECT. THOMAS & BROWNELL.

The public attention is respectfully requested to the following Card from the Grover & Baker S, M. Company.





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