

Comments:

7/13/48

The plan is praiseworthy. It is another tangible step forward in informing the Japanese people.

Regarding the publicizing of the plan, several questions arise.

1. Informing the public, generally will not reduce, materially, the number of appellants; the lawyers should be educated, possibly, to advise clients as to necessity and ultimate success of an appeal, thus reducing the number of appeals.

2. The use of radio is fine, but at what hours will the broadcasts be given? What group of listeners will hear the programs? Proper time on the radio program is desired.

3. Newspaper coverage: Two avenues of action can be utilized. (a) Legal Officer prepares material to be issued to the press as background material, from which news stories can be written. (b) A press conference be held by the Legal Officer who is armed with an outline of the material to be publicized and permit the reporters to ask questions to supplement the statements.

The latter suggestion is preferable.

Avery
CIO

*Goel - make this the subject of
activities report for July - Tokai-ichi
and Tokai-ichi branch -
JA -*

TOKAI-KURIKU MIL GOVT REGION ROUTING SLIP

SMGO	2	GOVT & LEGAL	3	RES & IND	
EXECUTIVE	1	LABOR		AGF & FISH	
ADM OFF		PUB HEALTH		EMP & EXP	
CHIEF CLERK		PUB WELFARE		TRPT SECTION	
COMPS CLERK		REGISTRATION			
CIVIL I & E					

FILE INFO INITIALS ACTION BY

REMARKS:

*L.G. approves this plan + we
are working close with Aichi -
Conferences will be held + Tokai will be
represented when necessary.*

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

10 July 1948

SUBJECT: Democratic Justice Procedure

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region
APO 710
(ATTN: Leg. - Gov't Section)

1. Owing to the general lack of understanding of and the need for democratic justice procedure throughout Japan plans have been under preparation for the education of the peoples of Aichi Prefecture. These plans have had the following points under consideration:

- a. to clarify knowledge of the functioning of Japanese courts.
- b. to instill high regard for law and the necessary enforcement of law.
- c. to inspire confidence in the judicial arm of the Japanese government.
- d. to cause the people to demand democratic justice procedure on the basis of their acquired knowledge of their rights and of the responsibilities of the judicature. (judiciary)

2. It is felt that thorough understanding and appreciation of the courts of law will in time prevent an overabundance of appeals as now exist. Any enlightened individual knows when he has been fairly tried. The people of Aichi Prefecture need this enlightenment.

3. Preparations are now underway to hold a mock trial on the radio as a step toward increasing general understanding of the courts. The Nagoya High Court in conjunction with the Lower Court is preparing this trial. The best judges, procurators and lawyers in Aichi Prefecture will assist in making this mock trial successful and technically correct.

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Democratic Justice Procedure", dtd 10 July 1948

4. This headquarters submits the following plans and recommendations for advice and further recommendations by your headquarters:

a. The Constitution of Japan.

- (1) Chapter III of the Japanese Constitution dealing with the rights, privileges and responsibilities of the people.
- (2) Chapter VI of the Constitution explains the Judiciary and should be brought to the public at large so that the people may intelligently evaluate the efficiency of their courts.

This headquarters recommends that the aforementioned Chapters of the Constitution be explained over the radio as background to the organization of a court. This information has already been furnished the CI Section of Tokai-Hokuriku MGR by the Legal Section upon recommendation of this headquarters.

b. Japanese Courts.

- (1) Summary Courts.
- (2) The Lower (District) Courts.
- (3) The High Courts.
- (4) The Supreme Court.

This headquarters recommends that the courts as listed be explained by radio broadcast in detail as to case types, personnel qualifications and adjudged sentences. This information to be furnished by the Japanese authorities and reviewed by Mil Gov't.

c. Introduction to mock trial.

- (1) Explanation of purpose.
- (2) Resume of salient points.
- (3) Insight into the actors.

This headquarters recommends that the above matters be explained by radio broadcast. This information to be furnished

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Democratic
Justice Procedure", dtd 30 July 1948

by the Japanese authorities and reviewed by Mil Gov't.

d. Mock Trial.

The details of the mock trial will be furnished by the Japanese court authorities for review by Military Government.

e. Publicity.

This headquarters recommends that much publicity be given in advance to the various broadcasts as outlined above. Also, this headquarters recommends that newspaper coverage be given on the day following each broadcast to the subjects broadcasted by radio. This headquarters further recommends that the points as listed in par 1, above, be a part of the newspaper coverage.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:



FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 20 July 48
Subj: "Transmittal of Smuggling Case."

000.5

1st Ind

SMF
WJD/mi

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 21 July 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded as a matter pertaining to higher headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

MARION S. BELL
Capt, INF
Adjutant

(48)

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

30 June 1948

SUBJECT: Plan Of Operation For Public Safety Commissions

TO: Commanding General
Hq I Corps
APO 301
(ATTN: Mil Govt Section)

1. Public Safety Commissions in each of the sixty-six autonomous entities of Aichi Prefecture, as provided for by Diet Law 196, have now been in operation for three months. The functioning of these commissions has been observed closely by this headquarters, for their success hinged upon many problems. By an intensive campaign of personal interviews, conferences, newspaper and radio publicity, many factors concerning the Public Safety Commissions were brought into open discussion. The following outline of this survey, plus inclosures, is submitted for information.

a. Existing problems:

- (1) Inexperience of Commissioners in Police affairs.
- (2) Lack of knowledge and understanding of the mission and duties of the Commission.
- (3) Public indifference as the result of ignorance.
- (4) Lack of public-spiritedness among Commissioners.

b. Possible problems:

- (1) That the Commissions become dominated by Chiefs of Police, and used for greater power for the Chiefs of Police.

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Plan Of Operation For Public Safety Commissions", dtd 30 June 48
Cont'd

- (2) That the Chief of the N.R.P. exert his influence over the commissions.
- (3) That the commissions use their office and powers for personal gain.
- (4) That the commissions by misuse of authority become ineffective, inoperative, or exist in name only.

c. Probable problems:

- (1) That owing to existing economic instability commissioners devote too much time to personal problems and therefore be unable to properly perform their duties.
- (2) That for a time at least the Chiefs of Police would influence the Commissioners until such a time as the Commissioners became oriented in their work and capable of acting on their own.
- (3) That once established the Commissions would exercise too little authority over the Chiefs of Police because of the great differences in experience and knowledge of Police affairs.
- (4) That the Mayors would ensure that the Commissions exercise authority in accordance with the desires of the Mayors.

2. Much consideration was given to all these problems by the Legal-Gov't Section of the Aichi Military Government Team. As a result of a comprehensive survey the following steps have been taken to correct existing problems and to prevent non-existing problems from becoming realities:

a. Visits were made to twenty-five Public Safety Commissions; a discussion of their peculiar problems was held and Diet Law #196 was explained. The mission of the Public Safety Commissions was clarified along with suggested plans of operation.

b. A survey in the form of twenty-five plans submitted to Mil Gov't was made and a consolidated, general plan evolved for the information and guidance of all Commissioners, Mayors, and Chiefs of Police (See inclosure 1)

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Plan Of Operation For Public Safety Commissions", dtd 30 June 48
Cont'd

c. Meetings were held monthly with all Mayors of Aichi Prefecture and an effort made to solicit their support toward the successful functioning of the Public Safety Commissions.

d. All Commissioners met monthly in Nagoya to discuss their work and duties. At such time all Commissioners were complimented on their meeting and urged to publicize their activities.

e. Detailed information concerning Public Safety Commissions has been given to all Newspapers in Nagoya in an effort to make the people conscious of the great public service available to them and to urge the people to demand support and cooperation from their Public Safety Commissions. (See inclosure 2)

3. It is felt that the people can best judge the actions and efficiency of the Public Safety Commissions. If they know how such commissions can help them then they will see to it that they get the benefits due them. Therefore, the entire subject has been thrown open to public observance and hence to public censure.

4. None of the possible or probable problems have as yet become realities except that some commissions were as expected dominated by their Chiefs of Police. However, this dominance no longer exists. The need for the cooperation between the Chiefs of Police and the Commissions, the cooperation between the Mayors and the Commissions, and finally the cooperation between the commissions and the people of their communities has put the complete system on an understandable and workable basis.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

2 Inclosures:

- Incl 1. Plan for Public Safety Commissions
- Incl 2. Publicity plan for Newspapers.

PLAN FOR PUBLIC SAFETY COMMISSIONS

Contents:

- I. Administerial matters
- II. Executive matters
- III. Emergency operations
- IV. Education & Training
- V. Publicity
- VI. Priority Issues

I. Administerial matters.

A. Housing:

1. Office space for Public Safety Commission should be adequate for efficient operation.
2. Survey should be made to determine whether homes of police personnel could be so located as to permit ease and efficiency in assumption of assigned duties.

B. Police boxes:

1. Police boxes should be so located as to meet the present need resulting from population changes.
2. Sites for Emergency police box locations should be determined in advance to meet possible future needs.

C. Transportation:

1. Available transportation should be maintained with great care.
2. Police should requisition needed transportation or purchase same when possible.
3. Plans for the use of privately owned vehicles in event of emergency should be prepared.

D. Weapons:

1. Available weapons should be maintained to permit efficient operation.

E. Awards:

1. Proper significance should be placed upon superior service or exceptional performance of duty.

F. Welfare:

1. The moral of the police should be regarded in a proper light.
2. The health of the police should be sought and maintained.
3. Welfare generally should be a cooperative service within police forces.

G. Discipline:

1. A high order of discipline should exist within police forces.
2. Police forces must be respected and obeyed.
3. Police personnel should be charged with maintaining the prestige of their organizations.
4. Police personnel must through personal merit and public service inspire proper regard for police functions.

II. Executive matters:

A. Emergencies:

1. A plan should be prepared whereby Police Forces are capable of coping with emergencies. (See Sec III)

B. Police regulation:

1. Police officials must enforce the police regulations.

C. Patrols:

1. Consideration of existing patrol duties should be given with a view to improving the efficiency of said patrols.
2. Patrol routes, times of patrols; personnel engaged in patrolling, etc., are matters for consideration.

D. Liaison:

1. Police officials should be charged with maintaining efficient liaison between autonomous police forces and the N.R.P.

E. Moral, etc.:

1. Moral, health and welfare should be an executive

responsibility.

F. Discipline:

1. Discipline is an executive responsibility.
2. Police officials are responsible at all times for their own proper behavior.

G. Campaigns:

1. Campaigns in line with crime prevention, etc., should be carefully planned.
2. All personnel should be thoroughly instructed concerning expected results.
3. Publicity should be given any police campaign.
4. No campaign should be sponsored by the police unless it is for the benefit of the community as a whole.

III. Emergency operations.

A. General rules:

1. When normal guard cannot cope with situation.
 - a. Liaison should be set up between guard boxes.
 - b. Care of refugees, suppression of riots, and protection of police communications should be ensured.
 - c. Organization of night patrols prepared.
 - d. Check points within guard area to facilitate dissemination of information should be established.
2. Disposition of criminals, tabulation of dead and other guidance and control measures should be properly handled.
3. When traffic becomes a serious problem:
 - a. Report promptly interrupted area, reasons therefore, etc., to Police Chief.
 - b. Evaluate the situation and seek suitable routes for traffic flow.
 - c. Maintain control at all costs.

47

4. When danger threatens:

- a. Report to superior officials date, time, place, nature of outbreak.
- b. State opinion concerning counter-measures.
- c. Estimate number of personnel needed to handle the situation.
- d. Keep at all times personally informed.

B. Mustering of personnel:

1. Plans should be prepared for handling any situation, rosters of available personnel kept, and means of mustering quickly provided.
2. Notification of all officials must be immediate.
3. Upon notification, police chief should efficiently ensure a prompt roll call if time permits.
4. Transportation if needed should be promptly dispatched.
5. All necessary weapons and equipment should be on hand.
6. If necessary all personnel should be available except in case of serious illness.
7. Location diagrams of housing of police personnel should be maintained and kept up to date.
8. Location diagrams of important government buildings should be maintained to include fire stations.
9. An adequate system of records should be provided whereby valuable information could be obtained whenever needed.
10. Means should be provided in the event of the division of police forces and only when additional numbers are required to organize a volunteer force from among the citizenry.
11. Records should be maintained showing names, addresses, ages, occupations, of all men and women physically fit who in the event of emergency would volunteer their services to the police.

C. Organization of police guard and emergency reinforcements.

1. Rescue squads should be organized from among police personnel.

2. Rescue squads should be organized from among volunteers.
3. Prior plans should be made for the employment of forces from the M.R.P.
4. First aid equipment should be provided for the treatment of casualties.
5. Medical personnel should be provided for the care and treatment of casualties.

D. Communications:

1. Efficient use of available public phone and telegraph service should be made.
2. Emergency signals should be provided and their meanings understood by all.
3. All systems of communications should be maintained in operative condition at all times.
4. An adequate system of coding should be provided as a security measure.

E. Calamity:

1. All police personnel must study an emergency with a view to possible calamity.
2. Matters pertaining to guard against calamity are as follows:
 - a. Routes of communication and supply among police forces must be kept in tact.
 - b. Refugees and displaced persons must be led to a safe refuge.
 - c. The saving of life should be of paramount importance, the protection of property should come next.
 - d. Control of persons taking advantage of calamity for theiving, etc., should be enforced.
 - e. Control of and contact with guard units is of utmost importance and should be maintained.

F. Riot:

1. Care must be exercised when organizing and using Fire Brigades and other assistance groups in order that they be used to the best advantage without any disadvantage to themselves.

2. Police forces in riot control must remain in tact and not dispersed.
3. Extreme care must be exercised in order to prevent an emergency from arising from an irate throng. Caution should be exercised in the use of weapons. However, firm determination must always be used in dispersing a crowd.
4. Singular acts of violence or attempts to incite a crowd must be immediately checked.
5. Group leaders should be taken into custody as rapidly as possible.
6. Riot equipment such as billys, gas etc. should be provided and made available when needed.
7. Records of riots should be kept, particularly as pertains to leaders or sponsoring organizations.

IV. Education and Training:

A. Education:

1. Education of police forces should be included in routine work.
2. Education material should be provided and made available to all police personnel.
3. Emergency plans once prepared should be studied by all members of the police forces. Explanations of important matters pertaining to emergency plans should be made by competent persons.
4. Education in police matters should include the following:
 - a. Maintenance of law and order.
 - b. Apprehension of criminals.
 - c. Criminal investigation, i.e., fingerprinting, photography, interrogation, chemical analysis, etc.
 - d. Mob psychology and the control of riots.

B. Training:

1. Training of police personnel should be routine and concurrent with education program.

2. Physical fitness should be of great importance and stressed.
3. Self-defense, with and without arms, should be included in training.
4. All police personnel should be familiar with available weapons, the use and care of same.
5. Practical training should be conducted with respect to:
 - a. Emergency plans
 - b. Riot duty
 - c. Rescue Squads
 - d. First aid treatment of casualties

V. Publicity.

- A. The citizens of any community should be kept informed at all times of police activity.
- B. Emergency plans should be publicized for the information of all except with respect to security measures.

VI. Priority Issues.

A. Economic:

1. The suppression of blackmarketeering should be of prime importance.
2. All efforts should be made to prevent and discover hoarding.
3. Assistance should be given Tax Office officials in cases of tax evasion.
4. Surveillance of price controls and ration distribution channels should be conducted.

B. Other:

1. Subversive group activities should be closely watched.
2. Plans for coordination of the joint employment of Fire Brigades and the Police in the event of fire should be prepared.
3. It is a responsibility of the police that purges do not hold public office.

PUBLICITY PLAN FOR NEWSPAPERS

The following outline consists of information which the public should know and understand and of steps which is taken will ensure the successful operation of a valuable public service.

A. Information:

1. The men chosen to be Public Safety Commissioners were for the most part elected by the people and appointed by the Mayors to public office.
2. The Commissioners are not salaried employees of the Gov't. Their positions are honorary.
3. The Commissioners are the Peoples' Voice in Police affairs.
4. The Commissioners are the Peoples' Voice in Public Welfare affairs.
5. The Commissioners are the Peoples' Voice in Fire Control and Prevention affairs.
6. The Commissioners are not experts. They are public-spirited individuals serving the people under Diet Law 196.
7. All police affairs must be in behalf of the general public welfare.
8. The Police are public servants.
9. The Police are at all times subject to public censure.
10. The public service rendered by the police is great. Therefore the police must be respected and obeyed.
11. The authority rested in the Public Safety Commissions as regards the police is as follows:
 - (a) Art. 3, Chap I, Diet Law 196, provides that all categories of personnel subject to the Police Law shall be obliged to uphold the Constitution and laws of Japan.

47 Inclosure #2.

- (b) Art. 45, Sec III, Chap III, of said Police Law provides that the location, name, and jurisdiction of each police station and the establishment and organization of the Headquarters of the Police of cities, towns and villages shall be determined by the PUBLIC SAFETY COMMISSIONS of cities, towns and villages.
- (c) Art. 47, Sec III, Chap III, of the Police Law provides that the CHIEFS OF POLICE of cities, towns, and villages shall be appointed and dismissed for cause by the PUBLIC SAFETY COMMISSIONS of cities, towns and villages in accordance with by law.
- (d) Art. 48, Sec 3, Chap III, of the Police Law provides that with the approval of the PUBLIC SAFETY COMMISSION Chiefs of Police shall appoint and dismiss for cause the police personnel of their respective cities, towns and villages.
- (e) Art. 49, Sec 3, Chap III, of the Police Law provides that chiefs of police stations shall be subject to the direction and supervision of their superiors.
12. No campaign should be sponsored by the Police unless it is for the benefit of the people as a whole.
13. In any emergency the saving of life should be of paramount importance.
14. The citizens of any community should be kept informed at all times of Police affairs.
15. The people should know what their Public Safety Commission is doing for them at all times.

B. Necessary actions:

1. The public must seek information concerning their Public Safety Commissions so as to evaluate their actions well.
2. The public must feel free to confer with the Commissions on matters of public interest.
3. The public must demand active and efficient support from the Commissions.
4. The public must support the Public Safety Commissions and assist them in their work.

5. The public must present their problems to the Commissions.
6. The public must demand the support of the Police.
7. Police personnel must through personal merit and public service inspire proper regard for police functions.
8. The public must bring inefficient or illegal Police activities to the notice of the Public Safety Commissions.
9. In the event that danger threatens the public must aid the Police by:
 - a. Reporting to officials date, time, place, nature of outbreak.
 - b. Stating opinion concerning counter-measures.
 - c. Estimating number of personnel needed to handle the situation.
 - d. Keeping at all times personally informed.
10. The public should help the Police by taking an active interest in the prevention of:
 - a. Blackmarketeering
 - b. Hoarding
 - c. Tax evasion
 - d. Illegal prices
 - e. Illegal ration distribution
 - f. Subversive group activities
11. The public should report exceptional or superior performance of duty by the Police to their Public Safety Commissions.

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Acihi Mil Govt Team, dtd 17 June 48,
Subj: "Gift Painting of U.S.S. Manhattan.

1st Ind

WJD/mi

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 19 June 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

1. Forwarded for your information and action deemed
necessary.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

(46)

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 6 May 48
Subj: "Petition for Passage to Siam."

7th Ind

LWC/mi

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 11 June 48

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

Attention is invited to the 4th indorsement.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

45

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 1 Apr. 48
SUBJ: "Additional Government Personnel for Vegetable
Program"

7th Ind

LWC/mi

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 9 June 48

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

1. Forwarded for your information.
2. Your attention is invited to the 4th indorsement.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

44

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

15 May 1948

SUBJECT: Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Case

TO : Legal and Government Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region
APO 710

1. In compliance with letter, Headquarters Tokai-Hokuriku M.G.R., APO 710 dtd 12 May 1948, the following information is submitted:

a. Chronology of case

- (1) The ship, "Kaikoku Maru," entered the port of Tokoname, Aichi Prefecture, 9 Jan '47.
- (2) The "Kaikoku Maru" was investigated by the local Japanese Police, 7 Feb '47.
- (3) The Japanese Customs Authorities were notified and began their investigation, 7 Feb '47.
- (4) The Japanese Customs Authorities confiscated the "Kaikoku Maru's" sugar cargo, 15 Feb '47.
- (5) The Nagoya District Procurator's Office received the case for investigation, 13 Mar 47.
- (6) The ship's Captain, Koji Watanabe, went on a ¥500 bail, 12 May '47.
- (7) Heihachiro Higuchi, suspected ringleader, was apprehended by Showa Police, found to possess Chinese citizenship papers and turned over to the P.M.O. 23 July '47.

BASIC: Lt Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Case" dtd 15 May 48 Cont'd

- (8) Heihachiro Higuchi turned over to Economic Crime Prevention Section, Aichi Police Department because he was a Japanese national 23 Aug '47.
- (9) Ship's Captain, Watanabe, sentenced by Nagoya District Court to 8 mo's confinement, 27 Sept '47.
- (10) Watanabe appealed his case to Nagoya High Court, 29 Sept '47.
- (11) Nagoya District Court Judge appealed the case because of too light a sentence, 6 Oct '47.
- (12) Heihachiro Higuchi sentenced by Nagoya District Court to 2 yrs confinement, ¥50,000 fine, 26 Jan '48.
- (13) Higuchi appealed his case to Nagoya High Court, 29 Jan '48.
- (14) Nagoya High Court accepted case against Watanabe, 25 Feb '48.
- (15) Nagoya High Court accepted case against Higuchi, 6 Mar '48.
- (16) Watanabe and Higuchi to be jointly tried by Nagoya High Court, 25 May '48.

b. Actions by Legal and Government Officer, this headquarters, in the case of the "Kaikoku Maru".

- (1) First notification of the case (by the Japanese court authorities), 17 Aug '47.
- (2) Special Report submitted, 12 Sept '47.
- (3) Legal & Government Officer transferred from this headquarters, 14 Oct '47.
- (4) Second notification of the case (by Legal and Government Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku M.G.R., APO 710), 12 May '48.

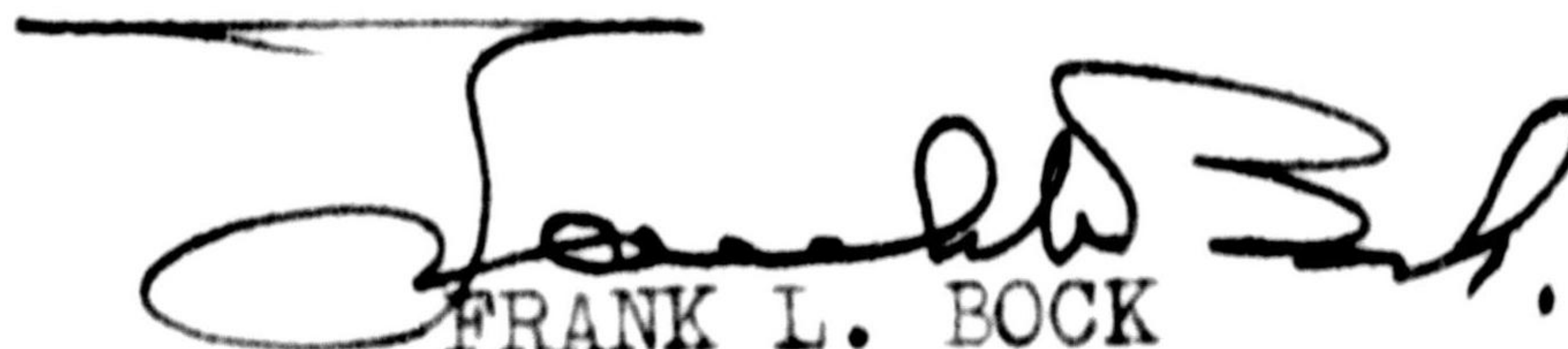
BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Illegal Entrants
and Smuggling Case" dtd 15 May 48 Cont'd

- (5) Investigation begun by this headquarters in the case against the United Nations Nationals involved, 12 May '48.
- (6) In order to place the perishable cargo of the "Kaikoku Maru" in ration channels and thus avoid unnecessary waste the "Kaikoku Maru" case is being turned over to the proper occupation authority. Charges are being preferred based upon Art. 2, Imperial Ordinance No. 311. This is not in violation of the Statute of Limitations under authority of operational Directive #29.
- (7) Upon orders of CG, 25th Inf Div. APO ~~713,25~~^{CA}, per telephone conversation with Provost Marshal, 25th Inf. Div., Japanese authorities will be ordered to dispose of the perishable cargo of the "Kaikoku Maru". At the same time the "Kaikoku Maru" itself together with all non-perishable cargo will be returned to its owner.
- (8) It had been the intention of the Japanese court authorities to turn the case of the "Kaikoku Maru" over to the Occupation Forces after the Japanese nationals involved had been tried. This was in violation of Art 2 Imperial Ordinance No. 311 which specifies that the Japanese Public Procurator does not have the discretionary right not to prosecute unless he has presented the case to Occupation Court authorities and received permission not to prosecute. (Reference OD #27/2, Headquarters 8th Army, dtd 17 Aug 1946.) Therefore, in cases not within his jurisdiction the same discretion should be exercised and such cases reported to Occupation Court Authorities.
- (9) The case of the "Kaikoku Maru" was not properly reported. The Japanese Authorities concerned have been notified of this fact.
- (10) A copy of this report will accompany the charge sheets sent to the Provost Marshal, 25th Inf. Div. as information concerning the case.

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, subj: "Illegal Entrants
and Smuggling Case" dtd 15 May 48 Cont'd

- (11) It is the opinion of the Provost Marshal that the establishment of a Military Commission for purposes of setting this case would prevent the prompt disposition of the "Kaikoku Maru's" perishable cargo.
- (12) Vigorous steps will be taken to insure the prompt disposition of this case.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER


FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

C-O-P-Y

*File
in Aichi team
file.*

GEW/sm

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

12 September 1947

SUBJECT: Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships
THRU: Commanding Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt
Region, APO 710
TO: Commanding General
Hqs Eighth Army
APO 343

1. In compliance with par 3 and 4, CD 45, dtd 24 May 47 the following report on three Formosan smugglers is submitted:

a. Concerning individuals

- (1) RI-SOGEN 37, male, Formosan, #3 one chome, Sakuma-cho, Taihoku City, Formosa, entered Japan for purpose of smuggling sugar with two other accomplices. The man who chartered and procured the boat was promised half the profits. There were ten other Formosan passengers and seventeen Okinawan sailors as crew members.
- (2) J-SEKIJO 25, male, Formosan, #178 Ryuzanji-cho, Taihoku City, Formosa, entered Japan for purpose of smuggling sugar as an accomplice of above person.
- (3) TEI-NANFO 28, male, Formosan, #15 Six chome, Taihei-cho, Taihoku City, Formosa entered Japan for purpose of smuggling sugar as accomplice of above person.

b. Concerning the vessel

- (1) Port of embarkation was Tansui, Formosa.

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships" dtd 12 Sept '47 Cont'd

- (2) The name of the vessel was "Kaikoku Maru" formerly the "Eubei Maru" a Japanese ship, which was confiscated by the Formosan government at the end of the war and her name changed to "Kaiko Maru" until the time she was used as a smuggling ship at which time she became the "Kaikoku Maru."
- (3) Port of registry unknown.
- (4) Registry No. unknown.
- (5) Gross tonnage, 71.
- (6) Horse power and motor, 60 horsepower oil burning engine.
- (7) Name and address of owner, Kaiko Business Vessel Company, Shinki-cho, Taihoku City, Formosa.
- (8) Name and address of captain, Watarabe, Koji #1135, Chikura-cho, Chiba prefecture, Japan.
- (9) Date and port of departure, layovers, port of arrival and date; departed Tamsui, Formosa on 25 Dec 1946 and stopped at Yonago-shima, Okinawa before entering the port of Tokoname, Aichi Prefecture, Japan on 9 Jan 1947.

2. The ship and the cargo of sugar were confiscated by the Japanese customs officials, and the three Formosans are to be deported. The crew members and the other Formosan passengers are still unapprehended.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ROBERT S. GARNER
MAJOR CAV
Executive Officer

Correspondence

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

5 May 1948

MEMORANDUM:

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region
APO 710
ATTN: Mr. Forbes
Legal & Gov't Section

Application has been made by the League of Koreans, Democratic Young Koreans Association to the Police Dept, forwarded to this Hqs and approved by the Legal Section, to hold a Parade on 7 May. Pertinent data is as follows:

- (1) Parade: 7 May 1948 from 1100 - 1500 hrs.
- (2) Reason: "To oppose the election of South Korea and to accelerate unification of south and north and perfect independence."
- (3) Estimated number in parade: 10,000
- (4) Route: Nagoya Station south on 5th St. to 3rd Avenue; East on 3rd Ave to 1st St. south on 1st st to temple at 4th ave.
- (5) Responsible party "Lee Ho En," President of the League was advised that although he could stand on his rights of free assembly, Mil Govt would not tolerate any demonstration, or disturbance.
- (6) Mr. Miyazaki, chief of Nagoya Police was instructed to operate on an Alert Plan similar to that of 1 May (but on a reduced scale)
- (7) Surveillance will be conducted by this headquarters, with liaison between the Police and this Hqs.
- (8) Although no disturbance is anticipated, compliance with directives

FILE COPY

Memo to Tokai-Hok MGR, dtd 5 May 48. Cont'd

from Hqs Tokai-Hokuriku Region. Subject Reports of Riots will be made if warranted.

ROBERT S. GARNER
Major CAV

1

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 6 May 48,
Subj: "Petition for Passage to Siam"

1st Ind

SMF/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 7 May 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

Recommend approval.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

6 May 1948

SUBJECT: Petition for Passage to Siam

TO : Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region
APO 710
ATTN: Legal and Government Section

Forwarded herewith, a petition for passage two Japanese Nationals to Siam for such action as deemed necessary in accordance with SCAPIN 1609, dated 14 April 47.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incls:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

Petition for Passage
with forwarding letter

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 13 Apr 48,
Subj: "Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships"

1st Ind

JHT/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 16 Apr 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

For your information.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

13 April 1948

SUBJECT: Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships

THRU: Commanding Officer
Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region
APO 710

TO: Commanding General
Hqs Eighth Army
APO 343

1. In compliance with paragraph 3 and 4, CD 45, dtd 24 May 1947 the following report on a Korean illegal Entrant is submitted:

a. Concerning individuals

(1) Sen Yu Kon aged 28, male, Korean, without a regular residence, illegally entered Japan with the hopes of making a better livelihood in Japan. He paid ¥1,700 passage fare to RI GEN, a member of the crew.

(2) There were three other Korean passengers.

b. Concerning the vessel

(1) Port of embarkation, Rei Su, Korea

(2) Name of the vessel, Gyoshin Maru

(3) Port of registry, unknown

(4) Registry number, unknown

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Illegal Entrants
and Smuggling Ships" dtd 13 April 48 Cont'd

- (5) Gross tonnage, about 40 tons
- (6) Horse power and type of motor, unknown
- (7) Name and address of owner, unknown
- (8) Name and address of captain, unknown
- (9) Departed Rei Su, Korea on 11 September
1947 and after a brief stopover at
Chinto (an island), arrived in Hakata,
Japan, on 15 Sept 1947.

2. The Korean has been tried and sentenced to one
year four months imprisonment for theft and failure to
have proper registration cards.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. DOCK
Major, INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 1 Apr 48,
Subj: "Additional Government Personnel for
Vegetable Program"

1st Ind

SMP/un

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 8 Apr 48

TO: Commanding General, Hq I Corps, APO 301
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

For your information.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT HEAD
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

CMG/ek

1 April 1948
48/E/FC #3

SUBJECT: Additional Government Personnel for Vegetable Program

TO: Commanding Officer
Tokei-Mokuriku Military Government Region
APO 710

1. Reference letter Hq 1 Corps, no date, AG 430-BA subject; Additional Information Concerning Distribution and Control of Fresh Vegetable Enforcement Drive, Appendix J (Perishable Foods) Additional Governmental Personnel".

2. Section 1 of subject appendix provides for grant in aid from the National Treasury to the prefectural governments for the employment in this prefecture of twenty (20) agricultural technicians for the purpose of promoting vegetable production. This prefecture has selected the personnel for this assignment but to date authorization for their employment has not been received from the Central Government.

3. Section 2(a) of reference appendix provides for detached service of seven (7) Central Ministry personnel to Nagoya for the purpose of improving local rationing procedure. To date this personnel has not arrived.

4. Prefectural officials have made inquiry to the Central Government concerning this situation but to date have received no reply.

5. The operation of the control program thus far has disclosed large overshipments of vegetables to the

**BASIC: Ltr, Hqs Aichi Mil Govt Troop, dtd 1 Apr 43,
subj: "Additional Government Personnel for
Vegetable Program"**

consuming areas with consequent shortages in rural areas.
It is believed that the assignment of Central Government
personnel to coordinate local rationing procedures is
especially important to equalize the operation of the vege-
table distribution system.

The assistance of higher headquarters therefore
is requested to correct this situation.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICERS

**FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant**



BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 27 Mar 48,
Subj: "Emergency Billets" Hotels

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 30 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

For your information.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

2 Incls:
n/c

FILE COPY

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

27 March 1948

SUBJECT: "Emergency Billets" Hotels

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Procurement Section

1. Reference Sec III, Cir 42, Hqs 8th Army, dtd 25 March 1947.

2. In compliance with above reference and with verbal instructions, CG I Corp, it is reported that the Japanese Hotels in Aichi Prefecture listed below were placed on an "Emergency Billets" Hotel status for the dates indicated:

Osakiya Hotel, Kitshidara-gun	15 March 1948
Yonekyo Hotel, Toyohashi	24 March 1948
Otsuya Hotel, Kitashidara-gun	25 March 1948

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

2 Incls:

1. Travel Orders 3/12
2. " " 3/14

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 25 Mar 48, Subj:
"Report of Accident."

3d Ind

MSB/ai

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 8 Apr 48

TO: Commanding Officer, Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710

Report of investigation is returned for corrective action in
accordance with par 1 & 2, 2nd indorsement.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL JUMONT:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

2 Incls: n/c

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 25 Mar 48, Subj:
"Report of Accident."

AG 150 - 0

2d Ind

ncr

HEADQUARTERS I CORPS, APO 301, Apr 3, 1948

TO: Commanding Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Military Government Region,
APO 710.

1. Inclosed Report of Claims Officer returned for corrective action.
2. Check sheet, which may be extracted and retained for future use in preparing claims, is attached for your assistance. Attention is invited to paragraph 7 of said check sheet.
3. When completed, report should be returned this headquarters, marked for the attention of the Judge Advocate Section.

BY COMMAND OF MAJOR GENERAL SWING:

2 Incls:
Added:
2. Check sheet.

/s/t/ WILDER A. JOHNSON
Capt, AGD
Asst Adj Gen

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 25 Mar 48,
Subj: "Report of Accident"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 30 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301
ATTN: Judge-Advocates Section

For your information in compliance with AR 25 - 25.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

FILE COPY

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

25 March 1948

SUBJECT: Report of Accident

TO: Commanding General
Hq I Corps
APO 301
ATTN: Claims Service

In compliance with circular No. 296, Headquarters Eighth Army, dated 4 November 1945, as amended by circulars No. 43, dated 4 February 1946, and No. 172, dated 3 June 1946, the following report concerning an accident on 20 March 1948, is herewith submitted.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

Report of Claims and Investigating Officer
with Exhibits "A - L" (in triplicate)

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 23 March 1948,
Subj: "Special Report: Communist Anti-Tax Tactics"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 26 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

The special report in the basic communication is submitted for your information and possible action on the basis of the recommendations in paragraph 10 thereof.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ROY G. LUMPKINS
1st Lt, INF
Asst Adjutant

C-0-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

23 March 1948
48/LG/T/2

SUBJECT: Special Report: Communist Anti-Tax Tactics

TO: Commanding General
Hq I Corps
APO 301

1. So great has the opposition to the tax program become that a special report is submitted in the hope that definite action could be taken to lessen this opposition or effectively reduce its effect upon the people of Japan. Throughout Aichi Prefecture great masses of people are uniting and under the leadership of clever spokesmen are voicing their grievances and demanding that the present tax system be abolished and a more democratic one be instituted (See enclosures 1 & 2).

2. Under the supposition that the taxes are too high and that by joining in large groups they may effectively cause their taxes to be reduced, these people are unconsciously being molded by their communist leaders into useful communist robots. These large groups are exemplified by the Farmer's Union, Industrial and Commercial Unions of all sorts, the Korean League, the Aichi Women's Democratic League, and even the Financial Worker's Union. There is considerable evidence to substantiate the claims that these groups are communist lead and that their demonstrations are communist inspired. At every meeting at least one man is a communist and this man is the one who speaks the most. The tactics of all groups are identical with those carried out by the Communist Party. Posters and signs read alike. In Toyohashi at a farmer's union demonstration there were signs deploring the "tax decided-one-sidedly by the taxation office." These same words appeared on communist and Korean signs carried at separate meetings and demonstrations in various parts of Nagoya City.

3. It would be folly to suggest that the communists not be allowed the right to assemble and speak against the tax program or that they be forbidden the right to campaign for supporters to their party. These rights are constitutionally theirs. However, the people of Aichi Prefecture hear the communist party line too frequently.

4. The people wish security. They need the knowledge that they are not being unjustly taxed. The Government's voice does not reach their ears for the communist voice is too loud. Japanese officials have been urged to speak publically in support of their government but such has not been the case. The example should be set by those in high positions as well as by subordinates. Local tax office officials have spoken to the people of their districts and urged them to support the tax program. But the opposition's voice is much louder and more frequently sounded. Most of the people do pay but not in full and it is felt that the incentive to accept a little hardship now with a promise of future prosperity is lacking.

5. In the Nagoya Times Newspaper on March 14 under the heading, "Reader's voice", one reader regrets the fact that she turned in an honest income tax report. Blackmarketeers laugh at her and tell her of her folly. This reader has this to say, "We cannot suffer our agony any longer UNLESS all the blackmarketeers are searched out and taxed." Local tax offices do investigate and have been seizing property but very seldom do these actions involve blackmarketeers.

6. Communists have gained high positions in the largest and strongest organizations in Aichi Prefecture. Under the mask of "union rights" they are openly fighting against government policies, making demands upon the government, challenging the government by every step to stop them. The Government has offered only passive resistance. Management is rapidly being completely dominated by labor. In the case of the Kinjyo Rock-drill Manufacturing Co: under the leadership of its communist members (see Incl. 4) the Conference of Labor Unions presented a resolution to Mr. Masaichi Imaoka, President of the Kinjyo Sakuganki which ended as follows:

"We, workers in the Southern District and citizens, hereby do impeach you for your extreme unfaithful conduct, at the same time we demand that you should resolve the problems with faith as soon as possible and we demand your answer concerning the abovementioned problems."

(This Conference of Labor Unions consisted of the following:

- (1) Nagoya Area Committee of the Nippon Communist Party,
- (2) Nagoya Tax Payment Democratic Union (the citizen's group),
- (3) Electric Industry Worker's Union, (4) League of Koreans resident in Japan.)

7. As a result of this action against the Kinjyo Rockdrill Manufacturing Co. the union seized control of the plant and its management was completely taken over by labor.

8. It is felt that unions throughout Japan are exercising rights they were never granted and that the Government acts only after actual violence has taken place. The communists recognize the value to them of union (labor) supremacy and they are using every opportunity to encourage this condition. In their own self-interest they are working hardships upon the Japanese people.

9. The tax collection program of Aichi Prefecture is being seriously hampered by the communist effort to prevent tax payments. Their methods are subtle, their numbers few, but their effect is great. Even the government employees themselves openly attack their government's policy, strike, and in every manner hinder the carrying out of the tax program (see Incl 3). Most of them would not participate in such sabotages were they not ordered to so do. At present action can only be taken after the commitment of an illegal act. It is the opinion of this headquarters that the communist propaganda, although legal, creates a great crime against the people of Japan.

10. This headquarters requests assistance in this matter and submits the following recommendations concerning possible preventive measures:

a. That the Japanese Government be urged to combat this communist opposition by use of motion pictures, posters, radios and public speeches explaining the tax program and showing the people that their government is capably run and that its policies are just.

b. That the Japanese Government undertake a well and loudly voiced campaign to urge people to expose blackmarketeers.

c. That the Japanese Government instruct its union members in their rights, privileges, responsibilities, and the limitations concerning these incident to government employment.

d. That the Japanese Government demand the lyalty of its own employees by instituting immediate action in cases of open and flagrant opposition to its policies, breeches of contracts, and violations of labor laws.

e. That the Japanese Government expose communist and their anti-government tactics showing how these tactics do not work for the good of the people but benefit only the communist party.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ **FRANK L. BOCK**
Major **INF**
Adjutant

4 Inclosures:

1. A Tax Office Official's Report
2. A Farmer's Union Resolution
3. A Certificate by A Tax Office Official
4. Excerpts from a Nagoya Municipal Police Bureau Report

C-O-P-Y

A TAX OFFICE OFFICIAL'S REPORT

6 March 1948

SUBJECT: Anti-tax movement by the Farmer's Union

TO: Chief, Nagoya Finance Bureau

FROM: Chief, Toyohashi Tax Office

On 6 March 1948, approximately 1,000 members of the Higashi Mikawa district Farmer's Union sent a representative with a petition to democratize the tax system. As a result, a meeting was held with 17 representatives of the Farmer's Union with representatives from the Occupation Force also present.

The main points of the meeting are as follows:

1. Demand for the formation of a democratic committee to investigate and settle tax problems.
2. Publication of tax allotments to prevent concealing of unfair allocations.
3. Publication of the standards used to assess the tax.
4. Abolishing the farmer's surtax and the forfeiture tax. However, according to present tax laws this is impossible. A verbal agreement was made that the tax office would present these problems to their higher headquarters and that they would do their utmost to help solve these problems.

During this meeting the Conference room became very crowded and disorderly but due to the presence of the Occupation Force there were no acts of violence. During the course of the meeting a member of the Aichi Strife committee and also a member of the Toyohashi tax office, gave a speech sympathizing with the farmers, and giving the reason the top officials of the tax office are disliked by the general public, is because they do not consult anyone but make important decisions based only on their own limited observations.

After three hours of discussion and frequent advice from the occupation force representative the meeting was finally closed.

The influence of the communistic element is apparent and there is indication that movements against the tax program will increase greatly.

A FARMER'S UNION RESOLUTION

We don't think the recent decision of income tax allocation for 3 class enterprises for the fiscal year of 1947 has been democratic. It is against the democratic principle in taxation. It was decided by yourselves disregarding our first reports. If you force us to pay this tax, it will not mean anything other than thorough destruction in agricultural reproduction. It will deprive us of desire to increase agricultural production and of enthusiasm to reconstruct Japanese agriculture.

The "East Mikawa Regional Conference Group of All Japan Farmer's Union" is strongly opposed to this decision from its deep patriotic feeling. You investigate and decide rightfully, and then tax reasonably! Today at the "Farmer's Mass-meeting of East Mikawa", we decided the following resolutions, which we require you to put into practice as soon as possible.

- a. We are opposed to such an anti-democratic decision.
- b. Make public the standards for your decision.
- c. Don't collect any money as forfeit from working farmers.
- d. Establish a democratic investigation committee for taxation.

This resolution is addressed to the Chief of Toyohashi Taxation Office. March 6, 1948.

By
Executive Committee
of Farmers' Mass Meeting of
East Mikawa

The above translation is typical of many such resolutions presented almost daily to local office officials throughout Aichi Prefecture.

**A CERTIFICATE BY A TAX
OFFICE OFFICIAL**

I certify that on 6 March, Fujishiro, Toyomasa of the Toyohashi Tax Office gave a speech at the farmers meeting held at the Toyohashi Public Hall; the gist of which is as follows:

1. The present tax is a tax against the masses (poorer class).
2. The demands by the Farmer are just.
3. The all Japan Labor Union of the Finance Bureau will fight side by side with you.
4. The tax officials are responsible for the present unjust taxes.

13 March

Toyohashi, Koike Cho, #56
Mitsuya, Toshio (Han)

This person speaks as a government employee and a union member against Government Policy. There are many like him in Aichi Prefecture. Is the Government of Japan subordinate to the Finance Worker's Union?

**EXCERPTS FROM A NAGOYA MUNICIPAL
POLICE BUREAU REPORT**

'We beg to report to you that the united people's meeting of Nagoya South Worker's Association of Labor union, people of Showa and Mizuho Wards, and the taxpayers', took place under the auspices of Kenji Yoshida, member of the Communist party, on March 10, 1948,.....'

- - - - -

'Masaaki Suzuki (member of the Communist Party) became chairman of the meeting, and then discussion was made about election of the meeting committee. The following were elected the committee:

- (1) President: Kenji Yoshida (member of the Communist Party)
- (2) Vice-President: Masaaki Suzuki (Member of the Communist Party)

'President Yoshida delivered opening address - Workers, farmers and medium and small industrialists are being oppressed by the capitalist class. So it is necessary for us to form people's front by ourselves, and must fight for the right of collective bargaining in the sphere of tax payment against the capitalist class.'

- - - - -

'Thirdly, Mr. Maki, executive committee of the Finance Bureau Workers Union, made a speech as follows:

"We, who are in charge of tax, recognize that the present revised tax is quite unreasonable. The authorities must not impose such a high tax /....."

'By Hide Tajima
Committee of Aichi Area
the Communist Party

".....inducement of foreign capitals intended by the capitalists will only enslave us, and we are positively opposed against this, and moreover we object against such worst tax as to threaten our lives. Please give your ardent support for our Communist Party in order to protect your lives."

The abovementioned report is typical of many such reports. Those that speak are carefully chosen to represent the majority of the Japanese people. It is significant to notice that the President and Vice-President of this meeting are both avowedly Communists.

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 18 Mar
48, Subj: "Tax Surveillance Program"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 26 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

The basic communication illustrates one example of numerous other activities which are being conducted throughout this region to the detriment of the tax collection program.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

FILE COPY

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

18 March 1948

SUBJECT: Tax Surveillance Program

TO : Commanding General
Hqs 8th Army,
APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Section
(Thru channels)

This headquarters requests instructions pertaining to the following situation:

1. A tax office worker, having been hired by, paid by and under obligation to the Japanese Government to collect taxes, gives derogatory speeches at Mass Meetings that the "taxes are unfair and should not be paid." Can he be held liable to trial by either or both of the following:

a. Japanese Court action based on Article 38 of Diet Law #25, dated 27 Sept 1946 "Coordination of Labor Relation Law".

b. Provost Court, for actions prejudicial to the aims of the occupation in that tax collection is a high priority program of SCAP.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

18 March 1948

SUBJECT: Tax Surveillance Program

TO : Commanding General
Hqs 8th Army,
APO 343
ATTN: Mil Govt Section
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FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 12 March 1948,
Subject: "Confirmation of Fish Shipments"

3rd Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 26 March 48

TO: CO, Shizuoka Mil Govt Team, APO 1007

For your information.

BY ORDER OF COLONEL DUMONT:

ROY G. LUMPKINS
1st Lt, INF
Asst Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

BASIC: Ltr, Hqs Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 12 March 1948, subject: Confirmation of Fish Shipments.

2nd Ind

Hqs Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, 25 Mar 48

THRU: CO, Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710

TO: CO, Shizuoka Mil Govt Team, APO 1007

1. Further investigation of the receiving agency in this prefecture indicates that a total of 142,081 kan of fish were received from Shizuoka. Of this total, however, only 48,533 kan were classified as fresh and frozen fish. 86,338 kan were processed fish and a shrinkage allowance of 5% or 7,210 kan are included in the total.

2. The total of 38,538 kan originally reported as received from Shizuoka included fresh fish only. To this should be added approximately 10,000 kan of frozen fish erroneously omitted by the reporting authorities in this prefecture.

3. The 5% shrinkage was determined by the receiving agency here and is considered normal.

4. The major part of this apparent discrepancy, therefore, evidently hinges upon whether the bulk of the shipments were actually fresh or processed.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

BASIC: Ltr, H2 Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 18 Mar 48,
Subj: "Special Report"

1st Ind

MSB/ag

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 23 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

A perusal of the inclosures in basic communication will reveal that the Fuso Metal Corporation is a closed corporation which is continuing to operate in violation of SCAPIN 244, 6 Nov 1945.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

1 Incl
n/c

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

18 March 1948
48/LG/G/5

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO : Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301

Reference Special Report 48/LG/G/3, Hqs Aichi
Mil Govt Team, dated 24 February 1948. Inclosure 1
is submitted for your information.

Request that the results of interpretation of the
inclosure, with the Legal opinion of I Corp Hqs, thereto
be given this Headquarters as a matter for further
action in this case and guidance for similar cases that
may arise in the future.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:

Contract Legality between Housing Corporation,
and Fuso-Metal Company Ltd.

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 15 Mar 48,
Subj: "Emergency Billets" Hotels

1st Ind

JHT/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 17 Mar 48

TO: Commanding General, I Corps, APO 301

Submitted herewith a report of the use of "Emergency
Billets" Hotels in compliance with Sect III, Cir 42, Hq
Eighth Army, dtd 25 March 1947.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

2 Incls:
n/c

Report Control Symbol
LG/T/1

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 27 Feb 48,
Subj: "Special Report"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 1 Mar 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

1. Forwarded for your information.
2. The instance indicated in basic communication shows an intent to defraud both the theatre organizations concerned and the Japanese government.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

FILE COPY

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

27 February 1948
48/LG/T/1

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO : Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301

Reference: Report, of investigations conducted by this Headquarters and submitted in Special Reports; 48/LG/G/2, and 48/LG/G/4. On the basis of these reports, the following conclusions have been made.

1. The Korean Youth League based the legality of their actions on Art 5, Amusement Tax Law #44, dated 29 March 1940, which states: "Amusement tax shall be exempted when the manager of performance or facilities appropriate admission fees, or total sum of profit to charitable work provided by order, or to other purpose provided by order."

2. Chapter VII, Finance Article 89 of the Constitution of Japan states: "No public money or other property shall be expended or appropriated for the use, benefit or maintenance of any religious institution or association, or for any charitable, educational or benevolent enterprises not under the control of public authority."

3. It is the opinion of this Headquarters that the Amusement Tax is public money, and therefore that Article #5 of Amusement Tax Law #44, is in conflict with Article #89, Chapter VII, Finance of the Constitution.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 26 Feb 48,
Subj: "Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 1 Mar 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

FILE COPY

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSC/sm

26 February 1948

SUBJECT: Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships

THRU : Commanding Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt
Region, APO 710

TO : Commanding General, Hqs Eighth Army,
APO 343

1. In compliance with paragraph 3 and 4, OD 45, dtd 24 May 1947 the following report on two Korean Illegal Entrants is submitted.

2. Information on the first Korean is as follows:

a. Concerning individuals

(1) Ri Mtsu Shun (alias Saburo Suzuki) aged 38, male, Korean, formerly residing at Chintori, Chintomen, Shogengun, Keishonando, Korea illegally entered Japan due to difficulty in making a living in Korea. He paid ¥3,000 passage fare to a Korean who seemed to be the owner of the fishing boat in which he was a passenger.

(2) There were seven other Korean passengers.

b. Concerning the vessel

(1) Port of embarkatio, Bazan, Korean.

(2) Name of the vessel, unknown.

(3) Port of registry, unknown.

Cont'd

C-O-P-Y

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Illegal Entrants and Smuggling Ships" dtd 26 Feb 48 Cont'd

- (4) Registry number, unknown.
 - (5) Gross tonnage, unknown other than that it was a small motor driven fishing boat.
 - (6) Horse power and type of motor, unknown.
 - (7) Name and address of owner, unknown.
 - (8) Name and address of captain, unknown.
 - (9) On the night of 26 February 1947 the boat departed from Bazan, Korea and arrived near the port of Nagasaki, Japan on midnight 1 March 1947. There were no stopovers.
3. Information on the second Korean is as follows:
- a. Concerning individuals
 - (1) Gakujutsu Ri (alias Gakujutsu Kimura) aged 36, male, Korean formerly residing at Chudori, Genpumen, Tatsujo-gun, Keishohokudo, Korea illegally entered Japan to engage in balckmarket activities. He paid ¥250 passage fare to a Korean who seemed to be the owner of the fishing boat in which he was a passenger.
 - (2) There were one hundred and fifty other Korean passengers.
 - b. Concerning the vessel
 - (1) Port of embarkation, Urusan, Korea.
 - (2) Name of the vessel, unknown.
 - (3) Port of registry, unknown.
 - (4) Registry number, unknown.
 - (5) Gross tonnage, unknown.

C-O-P-Y

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Illegal Entrants
and Smuggling Ships" dtd 26 Feb 48 Cont'd

- (6) Horse power and type of motor, unknown.
- (7) Name and address of owner, unknown.
- (8) Name and address of captain, unknown.
- (9) On midnight 15 July 1946 the boat departed
Urusan and arrived at Shimonoseki, Japan
without any stopovers.

3. The two Koreans have been apprehended and will be
sent to Nagasaki for deportation to Korea by the Japanese Police

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

Report Control Symbol
LG/G/3

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 24 Feb 48,
Subj: "Special Report"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 1 Mar 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded as a violation of Scapin 244.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

24

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSC/sm

24 February 1948
48/LG/G/3

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO: Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301

The following summary of events, and action taken by this Headquarters is submitted for your information.

1. Group Houses (Nakone Dwelling Houses) totalling in number 114, and managed by the former Housing Corporation (Jyutaku Eidan), are located in "Aza Yokode, Aza Shirasuna, and Aza Kondada, Yatomi-cho, Mizuho-ku, Nagoya City.

2. In 1943, Sumitomo Kinzoku Kogyo K.K., one of the Japanese Zaibatsu, under the control of the Japanese Navy, contracted to buy these houses from the Housing Corporation. The terms of the contract were basically as follows:

a. The Contract stipulated installment payment for 20 years; 1943 to 1963.

b. Rental for the houses were to be paid to Sumitomo Kinzoku Kogyo by the respective tenants.

c. The amount collected in monthly rent was to be the amount paid to the Housing Corporation for monthly installments.

d. With no investment, and with the tenants paying for the Houses, Sumitomo in 20 years would be the owners of the property.

3. In 1945, all contracts between Sumitomo and the Housing Corporation were supposedly dissolved.

Cont'd

C-O-P-Y

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Special Report"
dtd 24 Feb 48 Cont'd

4. In 1945, the Firm name was changed from Sumitomo Kinzoku Kogyo, to "Fuso-Metal Industry Co. Ltd."

5. Despite the fact that Fuso-Metal Industry Co. Ltd. disclaims any Zaibatsu tendencies, and states they are not the former Sumitomo Co; in collaboration with the Housing Corporation have continued with the terms of the 1943 contract- have collected and are still collecting rents and paying monthly installments, with no break in the terms of the contract. This is an apparent violation Par. 3, Scapin 244, dated 6 Nov 1945.

6. Fuso-Metal, with the concurrence of the Housing Corporation that the contract of 1943 is still in effect, are demanding that the tenants move from the houses.

7. The contract price per house in 1943 was ¥ 6839. A conservative estimate of the value today is ¥ 80,000.

8. This Headquarters has acted on and requested the following information:

a. Frozen any further action by Fuso-Metal in regard to eviction of tenants, or collecting rents until investigation is completed.

b. Why the contract was not dissolved in 1945?

c. Why the Housing Corporation, a Government Agency allowed such contract to continue?

d. Why the tenants who have paid rent since 1943 should not have priority to purchase individual Houses at the 1943 contract price?

e. Complete report, including monies involved from 1943 to date.

9. On the basis of information that this level, it appears that the Fuso-Metal Industries Co. Ltd. is still in effect the old Zaibatsu Sumitomo Kinzoku Kogyo, and an attempt is being made to evade the provisions of Scapin 244.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

Report Control Symbol
LG/G/4

BASIC: Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 24 Feb 48,
Subj: "Special Report"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 1 Mar 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

1. Forwarded.

2. The basic communication is a supplemental report to Aichi Mil Govt Special Report 48/LG/G/2 dated 26 Jan 1948 which is a case of fraud against the theatre operators and the Japanese Government.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

24 February 1948
48/LG/G/4

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO : Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301

1. Reference Special Report 48/LG/G/2, the following results of investigation by this headquarters is submitted.

a. Chin Cho-hen; Chairman of Aichi Office of Korean Youth League.

Kannon Theater: Sept. 1947; ¥14,000) Pay of League
Nov. 1947; ¥14,000) members.

Okazaki Theater: Nov. 1947; ¥15,895 Office Expenses

Chitose Theater: Nov 26, 1947; ¥72,055: Office
Expenses

Metro Theater: Dec 31, 1947; ¥30,000: Office
Expenses

Chukyo Theater: Dec 1947; ¥473,130: Salaries,
eating expenses and
¥200,000 as present to
Kyogan, head of the
Youth League.

Kyomasu Theater: Jan 1948; ¥90,000: To a lawyer
for legal advice.

Otawa Theater: Jan 1948; ¥70,000: Spent by Chin
Cho-hen.
¥50,000: Lent to a friend
to be married.

Cont'd

C-O-P-Y

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Special Report"
dated 24 Feb 48 Cont'd

b. Setso Chin-Ko; Chief of Liaison Office, Korean Youth League.

Meiho Theater: Dec 30, 1947 - 5 Jan 1948, ¥473,130
¥180,000 deposited in Minato Branch, Sumitomo Bank to his account.
¥77,000 - For his eating and entertainment expenses.
¥216,130 - Expenses and salaries for Youth League.

c. Chin Do-Hen: Director of Local Aichi Hq. Korean Youth League.

¥10,000, received from his brother Chin Cho Hen. See a, as a present.

d. Kyo Tai-Kon: Member of board of Youth League.

Kyomasu and Otowa Theaters:

14 Jan - 20 Jan, 1948.
¥60,000, to his lover Hisa Yoshida
¥100,000 - to his bank account.

e. Mei Nin: International Culture Society.
(Korean Youth League)

Misono Theater: 24-25 Dec 1947
¥101,000; spent for living expenses, his own salary and to his bank account.

f. Ri To Kei: Chief Liaison section, International Culture Association.

Mizonoza Theater: 24-25 Dec 1947
¥100,000 for his personal use.

g. Kyo Gan: Chairman, General Affairs Committee, Korean Youth League.

¥701,425 - in his personal bank account - money obtained from proceeds of two theater performances.

C-O-P-Y

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Special Report"
dated 24 Feb 48 Cont'd

2. All seven (7) have been indicted and are to be tried
for Fraud by the Japanese courts.

3. Results of Trial will be submitted by Special Report
as soon as practical.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

/s/t/ FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 20 Feb 48,
Subj: "Unauthorized Use of United States Army of
Occupation Unit Name by Japanese Firm"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 1 Mar 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded for information and verification as
requested in basic communication.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

2 Incls:
n/c

FILE COPY

RRI/ks

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

20 February 1948

SUBJECT: Unauthorized Use of United States Army of Occupation
Unit Name by Japanese Firm

TO: Commanding General
Headquarters Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Legal Government, Military Government Section

1. Transmitted herewith for your information and verification, a letter (Inclosure 1) issued by the Central Industrial Company, Limited, (Chuo Sangyo K.K.) c/o Kiku Masamune Building, No. 16 Ginzanishi 3, Kyobashi, Tokyo using the "8th Army Military Gov't Economic Section" heading, requesting textile materials from Tomato Boseki Kogyo Kojo, No. 9-1 Chome, Imaichibai-cho, Tsushima-shi, Aichi Prefecture.

2. Information based on the attached inclosure 1 was brought to the attention of this headquarters by the Aichi Prefectural Industrial Section, Aichi Prefecture for verification.

3. The channel or route and persons that handled the letter in question are mentioned on a separate inclosure ("inclosure 2".)

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

2 Incls:

1. Fictitious letter (3 copies)
2. Route slip

1. LETTER ALLEGEDLY PREPARED BY:

Central Industrial Co., Ltd. (Chuo Sangyo K.K.)
c/o Kiku Masamune Building
No. 16 Ginzaishi 3, Kyobashi, Tokyo Japan

2. FORWARDED BY THE ABOVE FIRM TO:

Yoshisaburo Kameda
Hokoku Sangyo Co.
No. 30 Yushimatenjin-cho, 2-chome, Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo

3. WHO IN TURN TRANSMITTED SAME LETTER TO:

Takeda Shinichi
Tomato Boseki Kogyo Kojo
No. 9-1 Chome, Imachibai-cho, Tsushima-shi, Aichi Ken

4. THEN FORWARDED SAME TO:

Hisao Nosue
Industrial Section, Aichi Prefectural Office
Aichi Prefecture

5. WHO IN TURN TRANSMITTED SAME TO AICHI M.G. TEAM FOR VERIFICATION:

Inclosure 2

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
8TH ARMY MIL. GOV'T ECONOMIC SECTION


25 Nov. 1947

To Whom It May Concern,

This is to certify that Nippon Chuo Sangyo Co. Ltd. is engaged in the business concerning 8th Army Supply Service. I, hereby, request Toyo Boseki Co. Ltd. to supply 340 tans of Kinpuku textile (36 inches, 40 yards) at the authorized price to Nippon Chuo Sangyo Co. Ltd. The goods is supposed to be transported by train from Tsushima, Aichi Prefect. to the Co. concerned in Tokyo. Any assistance given to this case will be heartily appreciated.

s/ George E. Vallas
t/ George E. Vallas
Chief of Economic
Section, 8th Army
Mil. Gov.

Certified a True Copy:


ROBERT S. GARNER
Major CAV
Certifying Officer

C-O-P-Y

Inclosure 1

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 17 Feb 48,
Subj: "Pre-Trial Confinements"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 20 Feb 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301
ATTN: Mil Govt Section

Forwarded for inclusion to Annex A, Military Govern-
ment Activities Report, Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 8 Feb 48.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

17 February 1948

SUBJECT: Pre-Trial Confinements

THRU : Commanding Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt
Region, APO 710

TO : Commanding General, Hqs I Corps, APO 301

The report on cases of pre-trial confinement exceeding sixty days was omitted from the January Annex A to the Monthly Activities Report, and is hereby submitted:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Reason for Delay in Trial</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1. Tei Shuju	Date of trial extended on request from the defense attorney.	Tried 5 Feb 48 and sentenced to 2 years confinement.
2. Katayama, Hozumi	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case and sentenced to 2 years confinement.
3. Ri Bokukin	Trial extended by procurator due to additional crimes being uncovered.	Tried 3 Feb 48 and sentenced to 6 years confinement.
4. Hayashi, Shigetoshi	Trial extended on request from the defense attorney.	Tried 7 Feb 48 and sentenced to 1 year confinement.
5. Murai, Mitsuo	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case and sentenced to 6 years confinement.
6. Sakuma, Shizuya	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case and sentenced to 6 years confinement.

Cont'd

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Pre-Trial
Confinements" dtd 17 Feb 48 Cont'd

<u>Name</u>	<u>Reason for Delay in Trial</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
7. Wakida, Toshiitsu	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case and sentenced to 6 years confinement.
8. Tomida, Tatsuo	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case and sentenced to 6 years confinement.
9. Noda, Kinnojo	Trial extended on request from the defence attorney.	Preliminary trial held 3 Feb 48 second trial 7 Feb 48, and third trial 12 Feb 48. Final trial not held yet.
10. Kimura, Kiyoharu	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case.
11. Iritani, Kakusho	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case.
12. Takahashi, Hideo	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case.
13. Kato, Isao	Same reason as above	Accomplice in above case.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Adjutant

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 9 Feb 48
Subj: "Report of Accident"

1st Ind

JHT/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 20 Feb 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

24

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 31 Jan 48,
Subj: "Emergency Billets Hotels"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 5 Feb 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

1. Forwarded.
2. The hotels mentioned in basic communication were used in connection with the Fish & Vegetable Price Control Program.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

1 Incl:
n/c

B
FILE COPY

C-O-P-Y

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

31 January 1948

SUBJECT: "Emergency Billets" Hotels

TO: Commanding General
Eighth Army
APO 343
ATTN: Procurement Section

1. Reference Sec III, Cir 42, Hqs 8th A, dtd 25
March 1947.

2. In compliance with above reference and with
verbal instructions, CG I Corp, it is reported that the
Japanese Hotels in Aichi Prefecture listed below were
placed on an "Emergency Billets" Hotel status for the
dates indicated:

Marukyu Hotel, Tokunabe-cho, 26 January 1948

Utsumi-Kan, Utsumi-cho, 27 January 1948

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

1 Incl:

Travel Orders 1/24

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Executive Officer

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 30 Jan 48,
Subj: "Stolen Imported Sugar"

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 2 Feb 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

4 Incls:
n/c

FILE COPY

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

30 January 1948

SUBJECT: Stolen Imported Sugar

THRU: Commanding Officer, Tokai-Hokuriku Military
Government Region, APO 710

TO: Commanding General, Eighth Army, APO 343
ATTN: Military Government Section

1. Transmitted herewith are reports from the Aichi Prefectural Feeding Section and the Aichi Prefectural Crime Prevention Section stating that on 10 December 1947, ten (10) bags of sugar (75 kins each) were stolen from the warehouse of Oyama Kinzo Shoten at Kariya, Hekka-gun, Aichi prefecture.

2. The above mentioned information has been checked and found to be accurate by this headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Maj INF
Executive Officer

4 Incls:
Incl 1. Aichi Pref Govt Report dtd 25 Jan 48
Incl 2. " " " " " 9 Jan 48
Incl 3. " " " " " 14 Dec 47
Incl 4. Economic Crime Prevention Section

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

W-6 FILE 3
RSG/sm

25 November 1947

47/LG/G/2

A.G. 319.1 - BA

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO : Commanding General
Hq I Corps
APO 301

1. An inspection of the Nagoya Detention Prison was made by this Hqs on 22 November 1947, with the following report of findings submitted.

- a. Prison cell capacity: 380
- b. Number of prisoners: 875
- c. Number of prisoners sentenced to death and awaiting appeal of cases: 12
- d. Hospital ward cases: 34 (Scabies)
32 (TB)
- e. Number of semi sick inmates: 200. These include pneumonia, early stages of T.B., venereal disease and scabies cases. These inmates are confined in cells approximately 16 x 18 ft; 30 prisoners to a cell.

2. The average time of detention of a prisoner is 40 days before trial. The longest period: 105 days before trial.

3. The overcrowded unsanitary conditions are caused primarily by:

- a. Lack of judges and procurators, resulting in a backlog of untried cases which are steadily mounting to reach a serious breaking point.

Cont'd

21

BASIC: Ltr Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, Subj: "Special Report"
dtd 25 Nov 1947 Cont'd

b. Attitude on the part of local prison officials that the overcrowding of the prison is not their doing, resulting in a passive attempt to remedy the situation.

4. It is recommended that as this prison is directly responsible to the Japanese Ministry of Justice; that the proper Japanese authorities be awakened to their responsibilities and their need for immediate action to alleviate such conditions.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
MAJOR INF
Executive Officer

1st Ind

RPS/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 28 Nov 47

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

1. Attention invited to basic communication.

2. To alleviate the unsatisfactory and undesirable conditions referred to in basic letter a conference was held with the Procurators Office of the District Court in Nagoya. The Procurators were advised to study the pending cases with a view of determining which of the accused could be released from detention on their own recognizance.

3. None of the accused are awaiting trial before Provost Court.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

ROY G. LUMPKINS
1st Lt, INF
Asst Adjutant

BASIC: Special Report from Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 26 Jan 48

1st Ind

MSB/af

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 27 Jan 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301
ATTN: Mil Govt Sect

Forwarded for your information.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

B
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20

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RSG/sm

26 January 1948
48/LG/G/2

SUBJECT: Special Report

TO : Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301

Confirming a telephone report to Mr. Scott, Legal and Government Section, I Corps, this date, the following report is submitted.

1. Members of the Korean Youth League, supposedly authorized by Japanese Branch tax office managers have been collecting from theater managers the Government tax of ¥18 imposed on theater admission tickets.
2. To date this Hqs has receipts signed by Koreans, of funds received from these theater managers in the total sum of ¥1,333,000.00.
3. The five (5) Koreans implicated in the transaction are now confined in the Nagoya Jail awaiting further action.
4. The "International Culture Society", whose members are those of the Korean Youth League have intimidated store owners to sell tickets to a "Phoney" variety show. Theater managers were told that said tickets will be honored by the theater manager on certain specified days; the theater manager receiving no payment.
5. Investigation is being continued by this Headquarters. Further information and report of results will be submitted to I Corps Headquarters.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Executive Officer

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 20 Jan 48, Subj:
"Transient Hotel Service"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 23 Jan 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

5 Incls:
n/c

B
FILE
COPY

BASIC: Ltr, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, APO 710, dtd 15 Jan 48, Subj:
"Transient Hotel Service"

1st Ind

MSB/mk

Hq Tokai-Hokuriku Mil Govt Region, APO 710, 17 Jan 48

TO: CG, I Corps, APO 301

Forwarded.

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

WALTER O. WADE
Capt, INF
Adjutant

6 Incls:
n/c

FILE COPY

HEADQUARTERS
AICHI MILITARY GOVERNMENT TEAM
APO 710 (Nagoya, Honshu)

RC/mk

15 January 1948

SUBJECT: Transient Hotel Service

TO: Commanding General
Hqs I Corps
APO 301
ATTN: Procurement Division

1. Transmitted herewith is Procurement Receipt JPNO 5-1 for Transient Hotel Services during the month of November 1947.

2. Transient Hotel Services for the month of September have been added. (See inclosure 4, 5 and 6)

FOR THE COMMANDING OFFICER:

FRANK L. BOCK
Major INF
Executive Officer

6 Incls:

1. Procurement Receipt JPNO 5-1 (9 copies)
2. Travel Orders, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 3 Nov 47 and Transient Hotel Service Receipts for 4 Nov 47 (1 copy)
3. Travel Orders, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 3 Nov 47 and Transient Hotel Service Receipts for 5 Nov 47 (1 copy)
4. Letter, Hq Aichi Mil Govt Team, dtd 6 Nov 47 and 7 indorsements.
5. Letter, Hq 24th Inf., dtd 12 Sept 47 and Transient Hotel Service Receipts (1 copy)
6. Letter, Hq 24th Inf., dtd 23 Sept 47 and Transient Hotel Service Receipts (1 copy)