

# BOMBAY COURIER EXTRAORDINARY

THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1825.

**WE** beg to announce the arrival from England of the Recovery, Capt. Chapman, having left the Downs the 17th April—Passengers by this opportunity, Mrs. Maclean, Mrs. Darby, Mrs. Ottey, Miss Cotgrave, 2 Misses Furlong, 2 Misses Darby, Capt. Maclean, H. M. 2d Regt., Capt. Darby, Paymaster H. M. 2d, Capt. Ottey, Bombay N. 1, Lieut. Lewis, H. M. 4th Dragoons, Ensign Bowes, H. M. 6th Regt., Messrs. Budden, Mayor, Owen, Pope, Geddes, and Price, and five Children.

The arrival of this ship and of the Ganges which reached Bombay on Sunday last has enabled us to peruse English papers up to the 26th April. They contain no intelligence of prominent importance but we have attempted to embody a few of the most interesting scraps we have met with into the shape of an Extra.

No Brevet had taken place on the 23d April as had been anticipated.

The following ships had reached England from Bombay. The Simson, Catherine Stewart Forbes, Dorotea, Upton Castle, Ganges, and Marquis of Hastings. We remark that the Triumph from Bengal, Captain's name apparently not known, is stated to have arrived at Deal. We suspect it must be the Triumph from Bombay.

The following Ships have been chartered by the Company to convey troops to this Port viz. the James Sibbald and Cambridge to sail on the 16th May and the Maitland and Lady Kemaway on the 2d June.

## THE ARMY.

**LEVY FOR INDIA.**—By the last returns that have been received from the different Recruiting Parties throughout Great Britain and Ireland, it appears that 2,574 men have been enlisted for the British Regiments now serving in India.

There is a probability of Paisley Barracks being soon occupied by military again. The following towns having been fixed upon for depots, viz.—Paisley and Ayr under the Glasgow division; and Perth, Aberdeen and Dundee, under the Edinburgh.—*The Sun, April 4.*

By the death of General the Earl of Balcarras, which took place on the 27th ult. the Colonelcy of the 63d (West Suffolk) Regiment of Foot has become vacant.

A detachment belonging to the East India Company's service proceeded from Westminster to Billingsgate, under the command of Serjeant Allison, for the purpose of embarking for Gravesend, on route to the Company's Depot at Chatham.

A detachment belonging to the 6th Dragoon Guards (Carbineers), that volunteered for the 2d (the Queen's Royal) Regiment of Foot, arrived, on Friday last, in Westminster from Glasgow, on route to the Depot in the Isle of Wight.—*The Sun, April 5.*

The head-quarter division of the 31st (Huntingdonshire) Foot, will embark forthwith for Chatham for India.—*The Star, April 9.*

Detachments belonging to the 2d, 6th, 11th, 21st, 38th, 44th, 45th, 47th, 48th, 54th, 91st, and 98th, Regiments of Foot, marched yesterday morning, under the command of two Staff Serjeants, from Westminster for Albany Barracks.

Detachments belonging to the 41st and 59th Regiments of Infantry, marched yesterday morning from Westminster, for Portsmouth.

A detachment belonging to the 99th Regiment of Foot, marched yesterday morning from Westminster for Gosport.

A detachment belonging to the 4th Regiment of Light Dragoons, marched yesterday morning from Westminster, for Maidstone.—*The Sun, April 7.*

**DEAL, APRIL 24.** Arrived and sailed from the river Triumph, ———, from Bengal. The Princess Charlotte, from Calcutta, for Liverpool, was off Paskar, 21st instant. The Asia, Eastwick, from China to Hamburg, was stranded 21st inst., off Calan-soog, but expected to be got off.—Chargo discharging.

**LIVERPOOL, APRIL 25.**—Arrived off the port, the Bencoolen, Kirkwood; Princes Charlotte, Kean and Perseverance, Brown, from Calcutta.

The *Diamond*, 46, Captain Lord Napier, arrived at Plymouth, on Thursday afternoon, with a dispatch of a very favourable nature from Vera Cruz, which she left on the 7th January, bringing passengers Lionel Harvey, Esq and suite, and Lieut. Charles Browning, of the 9th regiment. The Mexican Government was firmly established; but the Castle of St. Juan d'Ulloa still held out, and was likely to do so for many months, provisions being thrown in by the Americans.—*The Times, March 22.*

An alarming rumour was aff at yesterday morning, of an overland despatch from India having brought intelligence of a revolt of several regiments of Sepoys, and of their having gone over to the Burmese army. Absurd as this report is, on account of the infusion of the latter ingredient, it was for a long time believed, and influenced the Consol market to a considerable extent. Though the least inquiry sufficed to show that no despatches had arrived, few took the pains to inquire, and the depression continued till the close of the market.—*The Times, March 25.*

It is stated that Mr. STRATFORD CANNING is about to return home, having wholly succeeded in his mission, which was a special one, relating solely to the adjustment of the differences between Russia and the United States on the subject of the navigation of the Pacific Ocean. Lord STRATFORD will become the resident Ambassador to that Court, it being considered that his Lordship's knowledge of the affairs of Turkey will render his interference useful at this juncture in cementing the good understanding which has recently been established between the two Powers.

**RETURN OF MAJOR DENHAM**—We feel great pleasure in announcing the safe arrival in Tripoli of the gallant and enterprising officer and his companions, from Bornu, in central Africa, after a residence of 18 months with the Sobeik of that powerful and extensive kingdom. A letter which we have seen says, "We shall leave this place in a few days for England, and are happy in stating that we have been successful beyond our hopes."—*Sun.—The Times, March 26.*

We have reason to believe, that notice of a bill for granting a provision to the Catholic clergy of Ireland, and likewise of one for abolishing the 40s. votes in that country, will be given in the House of Commons this day or tomorrow.—*The Times, March 28.*

**THE GREEKS.**—Extract from a letter received yesterday, by way of Trieste, from Zante, dated March 21:—"The Turkish and Egyptian fleets have arrived in port at Coron and Modon, where they have landed troops. The preparations by the Greeks for the attack of Patras still continue; but the four blockading vessels, by the last accounts, are under weigh off Chiatenza, through fear of the Turkish fleet at Modon. It is said that a considerable force of Albanians is about to commence operations by land against the Morea."—*The Times, March 29.*

It appears by the *Paris Journals* of Wednesday, that the coronation of the King of FRANCE is postponed till the 12th of June.

Mr. Huskisson's commercial policy has given such satisfaction to his constituents at Liverpool, that a subscription is already on foot for a piece of plate to be presented to him. Subscriptions are restricted to 5l. each: 100 persons have already subscribed, 100 are expected.—*The Times, April 2.*

## DREADFUL CONFLAGRATION.

[Extract of a Letter from the Agent to Lloyd's, at St. Croix, dated 15th April.] "About one third of the town of St. Thomas's (our neighbouring island) was destroyed by fire on the 12th inst. The loss of property is estimated at a Million and a half of dollars."

The appointment of Prince MAVROCORDATO to the direction of the Foreign Affairs of Greece is confirmed, and a Junta of twelve Deputies has been nominated in his place to manage the affairs of Western Greece.

A General public cemetery is about to be erected at Liverpool. It is to contain 24,000 square yards; the form an oblong square, and surrounded with a wall 15 feet high.

A communication with the Brazils, by means of steam-vessels, the first used for regularly crossing the Atlantic, will take place immediately. The *Hibernia* steam-boat is about to sail from Falmouth to Para, Maranham, Pernambuco, Bahia, and Rio de Janeiro.—*The Sun, April 5.*

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It is said that the embassy of the Duke of NORTHUMBERLAND will cost nearly £50,000, and that the expense will be borne entirely by himself.—*The Star, April 6.*

A fine regular rigged ship, sloop of war, is now fitting out at Blackwall. Her destiny is to cruise against the Mahratta pirates who infest the coasts of Batavia. This extraordinary ship, the first of the kind made in Europe, unites the powers of sailing or streaming, separate or connected, at pleasure. The paddles fold up like a lady's fan, and with great facility.—*The Sun, April 7.*—Very good indeed!!!

A communication has been made to the Assembly of Upper Canada, from the British Government, offering to loan to the province the sum of 70,000l. for the purpose of making a canal from Lake Ontario to the river Ottawa, provided the legislature of the province will secure the payment of it by a specific tax.—*New York Paper*

Throughout Europe more than nine-tenths of the steamboats now in use are the property of Englishmen. The steam-boats at Venice and Naples are English property; and an English company has proposed to establish others upon the lakes of Switzerland.—*The Times, April 6.*

**FORGED NEWS FROM INDIA.**—A correspondent enables us to strengthen a useful caution we have before given to the public, by a letter, of which the following is an extract:—

"A few days ago, you very properly reprobated the practice of spreading false intelligence from India. I have strong reasons for thinking that a shameful and dishonest trick of the kind took place at Deal, by putting a letter from a pretended correspondent in Bengal, to a coffee house in London, into the Ship Letter-office at that place, which preceded the ship's arrival, and was duly circulated as a secret in London. It answered the purpose of creating and alarming a few. I am almost certain that an old envelope of a letter (similar to the enclosed) in the hand-writing of a house of agency, was surreptitiously obtained, and is now being applied to the purpose of giving cover to a supposed original letter from India."—*The Times, April 7.*

## EXTRACT OF A LETTER FROM ALGIERS, DATED MARCH 7.

"On Wednesday, the 2d inst., this city and neighbourhood was visited with a tremendous earthquake, which continued at intervals for the five following days. It has thrown down several houses and injured many others, and has totally destroyed the town of *Annaba*, one day's journey from this, burying in its ruins nearly all the inhabitants. Out of a population of 15,000 souls, chiefly Moors, Jews, and Arabs, about 300 only have been saved, and those in a sadly mutilated state."—*The Times, April 8th.*

Frankfort Papers of the 2d instant communicate the recognition by the German Diet of Lieut. Colonel CATHCART, as Minister Plenipotentiary from his BRITANNIC MAJESTY to the Germanic Confederation.—*The Sun, April 9.*

His Majesty's health daily improving. It is said his Majesty will hold two Levees on the 20th and 27th instant, at Carlton Palace.—Drs. Doyle, Murray, and Kelly, are gone to Cheltenham.—Sir P. Musgrave, Bart. elected M. P. for Carlisle, *vice* Sir Jas. Graham, deceased.—Colonel Lushing on elected M. P. for Petersfield, *vice* Sir P. Musgrave.—A private letter from Paris states, that Prince de Metternich, and M. de Villele have had a serious misunderstanding.—Mrs. Coult entertained the Duke of St. Alban's and a select party to dinner, Monday, at the Villa, Holley Lodge, Highgate.—The nuptials between the rich widow and a young Nobleman of very high rank, but of slender wealth, are expected to be celebrated very shortly.—A copy of the first edition of the *Orlando Furioso*, printed at Ferrar, in 1516, has been discovered by Mr. Duppa in the public library at that place.—*Sunday Monitor, April 17.*

## "NAPOLI DI ROMANIA, 12TH MARCH, N. S.

"The Egyptian troops landed at Modon were completely beaten by VASSOS, ZAVELLA, and CARAIKAKI. A great part of them were killed, many taken, and the remainder are closely hemmed in. At present our vessels are sailing for Modon."

## CEPHALONIA, MARCH 11.

"The Egyp's who landed at Modon have been completely beaten, and IBRAHIM PACHA himself is blocked up in the fortress of Modon. His troops only landed in Greece to meet their death. Among those who have been taken prisoners are many Europeans, especially Frenchmen, among whom there is a General. What a terrible stigma for their country!"—*The Courier, April 21.*

The second reading of the Catholic Emancipation Bill was carried last night by a majority of 27, in a House consisting of 509 Members. The numbers stood thus:—

Ayes..... 268

Noes..... 241

Majority..... 27

This, of course, is decisive of its success, as to its future stages, in the House of Commons.

## Extract of a Letter, dated Smyrna, March 21, 1825.

"IBRAHIM PACHA has landed at Modon, and has taken possession of Navarin, Calamata, and some other minor places in the west; whilst on this side, (the north east side), it appears that ODYSSEUS has deserted the Greeks, and has joined the Turks under OMER PACHA, and that they, together, have taken Corinth, so that the Turks, even in winter, are gaining ground in all quarters."—*The Courier, April 22d.*

**The Burmese War.**—Letters have been received from Calcutta to the 18th December, and convey unpleasant intelligence of the progress of the war. The British troops at Rangoon were very sickly. One battalion of 800 men had only ninety fit for service; and other corps were in nearly as deplorable a state. A spirit of discontent was, it was feared, still prevalent among the sepoy's; yet it was determined to advance upon the Burmese capital. The King of Ava is said, by some accounts, to have been assassinated in his palace, by



his Queen and her brother, who, a few days afterwards, with all her accomplices, was massacred by the King's party. Doubts, however, are thrown upon this circumstance. The oath of allegiance, it is further said, had been taken by the King's son, who had ascended the throne; but the affairs of the kingdom were in great confusion. The Prince who commanded the army employed against the English had been superseded. The doubts of the alleged assassination are founded on the supposition that the party who perpetrated the deed were opposed to the war with the English, and, it was expected, would have made overtures for a cessation of hostilities, but no such proceeding had taken place. The Burmese Court, in its alarm, had despatched, it is added, an embassy to Peking, to supplicate the aid of the Emperor of China. The imperial reply was at once pompous and discreet: "He could not believe it possible that the English would be so rash as to engage in hostilities with a tributary of the celestial empire!"

Despatches to the 28th of November, from Sir Archibald Campbell, Commander-in-Chief at Rangoon, contain accounts of a successful expedition against Martaban, a seaport town and fortress, some way to the eastward of Rangoon, and giving name to the gulf formed by that part of the coast of Pegue. The place appears to have been well protected by military works, with many pieces of cannon mounted, and a garrison of three or four thousand men. Two of the chief ports of the Burmese empire are now in our possession.

**Reciprocity of Trade**—It is said that the government of the Netherlands has signified its readiness to remove all restrictions on the importation of British manufactured goods into the territories and colonial possessions of that country, on condition that the duty on Dutch butter and cheese imported into England be withdrawn. It is calculated, that in the event of this proposal being acceded to, the exportation of British manufactures to Batavia and the other Indian possessions of the Netherlands will amount in value to several millions annually.

**The Great Unknown**.—The long expected *Crusaders*, from this mysterious personage, was sold by his publishers to the trade on Tuesday. It is in four volumes, post 8vo. and embraces two stories; one is called *The Betrothed*, and the other *The Talisman*. Nearly 3500 copies were agreed to be taken. The work is to appear the first week in May.—*Liverpool Mercury*, April 22.

Leave was given last night to bring in the Bill for regulating the Elective Franchise in Ireland, as far as regards the registered Freeholders. The discussion on it was postponed.

**THE FUNDS**.—The English and Foreign markets are both closed. Several brokers and jobbers assembled at an early hour this morning on the Royal Exchange, but there was very little business done. Consols for Account, 92½. In foreign stocks, and in shares, no business whatever reported.

The East India Company's ship *Earl of Balcarras*, arrived off the Start the 21st inst. She sailed from China the 8th January, and from St. Helena the 14th March. She left at St. Helena the *William Fairlie*, *Murquis Camden*, and *Lady Melville*.

An article from Madrid states that the renewal of religious processions through the streets had led to an affray in which an officer of the King's Guard was insulted by some Royal Volunteers, and the soldiers having been called out, several individuals received serious wounds, and two women were crushed to death.

**THE PLAGUE IN EGYPT**.—From the agent to Lloyd's at Milford, 21st April:—"Arrived at the quarantine station, at this port, the *Cadmus*, Sweden, and *Latona*, Campion, from Alexandria for Liverpool, with suspected bills of health, in consequence of two cases of plague having occurred at Alexandria on 27th February."—*The Globe*, April 23.

Dutch and Flanders papers arrived this morning. The following are extracts: Extracts of a letter from Turin, April 11.—Every thing was prepared for the reception of Prince Metternich, whose intended arrival in this capital was announced before he left Vienna for Paris; but an express received yesterday has brought word that he will go directly to Genoa. The news of the visit of the Emperor of Austria to Genoa is confirmed. His Majesty will go to that city by way of Modena and Parma, before he goes to Milan.

It is generally thought that the meeting at Milan will have two objects: the first is the general policy of Europe; the second the interests of Italy in particular. The last, which affects us the most nearly, naturally excites the curiosity of the Italians. It is hoped that the observations which Prince Metternich cannot fail to have made, during his visit to Paris, will make him more inclined to have some regard to the wishes of the Italians. Every thing is in motion around them, and at a distance. Representative governments exist in France and the Netherlands. Several German Princes have also followed this example by introducing a system to which Great Britain owes its prosperity.

The letters from Liverpool, received this morning, state that during last week, the sales of cotton were 100,898 bags; the quantity is without precedent; the value is estimated about two millions!

It seems certain that a body of Egyptian troops has been landed at Modon. It seems equally certain that they have not been able to effect any thing, but it is not quite clear whether their landing was the result of a necessity of disburthening some of the ships, or whether it had a view to ulterior operations. These troops are said to be concentrated between Coron and Modon.

The highest personage in the realm is said to have expressed himself decidedly hostile to a dissolution of Parliament during the present year.—*Morning Paper*.

The East India Company's ship *Castle Huntly* arrived off the Wight the 23d inst. She sailed from China the 19th December, and from St. Helena the 3d March.

Mr. Secretary CANNING is confined to his bed at Gloucester Lodge, by an attack of gout, which has been brought on by his exertions in the House of Commons on Thursday last.

Mr. KEAN.—On Tuesday night Mr. KEAN acted *Sir Giles Overreach*; on Wednesday, *Othello*; and on Thursday *Macbeth*,—to tolerable, but not crowded houses; and there was, on each occasion, the same paucity of ladies which was observable on the Monday evening.

The wine-merchants of Boulogne and of other parts of the French coast undertake to deliver the best Champagne, and other French wines, at 5s. 6d. per bottle duty and all expences paid.—*The Globe*, April 25.

We understand that a Bill will be very speedily brought into Parliament to alter the mode of electing sheriffs in the City of Dublin. It is proposed that twelve persons should be nominated by the Court of King's Bench, out of which number the Commons shall choose eight, and from these the Board of Aldermen shall elect two.

We have good authority for stating that Mr. PLUNKETT will very shortly be made Lord Chancellor of Ireland.—*Dublin Morning Post*.—*The Globe*, April 26.

The Share Market is exceedingly heavy; the Mining Shares are without alteration. Of the New Companies issued, the only business doing is in Plate Glass Shares, at 8 and 9 premium, and in the Rock Salt Company about 5 premium.

The Shares in the Potosi Mining Company are hourly looked for. There are considerable purchases reported at 7 to 8 premium.

Yesterday the despatches for China by the ship *Warren Hastings*, Captain Richard Rawes, were closed at the East India House, and delivered to the Purser of that ship.—*The Globe*, April, 27 1825.

**BOMBAY**:—Printed and Published for the PROPRIETORS, at the Courier Press, No. 1, Church Gate Street, by SHREEKRISHNA JAGANNATHJIJI PRABHU, Hindoo, of No. 15, Fallow Street, without the Fort of Bombay.