Particular Speeches and Behaviors
of the members of Former Rightwing,
Anti-communist and Religious Organizations.

Date	Name (address and Organizations to which he belongs)	Contents of Speeches
Biginning Part of May	辻 政 信 (香川縣) TSUJI Masanobu (Kagawa Prefecture) Former Colonel, Staff-officer.	After the evacuation of the Occupation forces, a left-wing revolution will inevitably occur. Until such time, the activities of the Japan Communist Party must be brought to the face so as to sweep away them on the best opportunity. Until then, the communist revolution shall be pushed as my principle.
18, May	Same Person (長野縣) (Nagano Prefecture)	1. The rearmament will be accomplished only giving a true training to 200,000 members of the Police Reserve provided with the American weapons. The aggression is expected to come from the Soviet, but the power for defence will be needed only the half of that for the attack. 2. I am opposed to the plan to offer military bases to America. If Soviet invades Japan, the American army will retreat to Okinawa and Japan will become the target of bombing by the both nations, Soviet and America. 3. As long as a peace treaty is concerned, it is useless to say America nor Soviet. A peace treaty only in the Orient will be enough. It is my great gratitude that Neil of India sent me a private letter by the Olympic champions. 4. America is boasting a great victory against the human-wave maneuvres of Communist China, but Communist China to which starvation of one million and a half persons makes no difference feels easy for the loss and damage in such degree. Therefore, the Korean Incident will not be settled soon.

20, May	Same Person (Nagano Prefecture)	1. As Soviet had a great trouble on food problem in Soviet-German War, it is making utmost efforts for such problem and it is reported that food enough for four years' use has been stored. 2. Soviet has a good deal of efficient weapons. Particularly, the number of fighters exceeds that of America, though that of bombers does not.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Tanaka 14 ,I.D. Second (5)(June, 6 ,1951)(363)477. S.

June 12 , 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Monthly Movements of Anti-Communist Organizations.
(May)

I. The monthly movement in May of each anti-Communist organization shall be pictured in the following way.

A. General View:

The view of the movement of every anti-Communist organization during this month (May) explains that each organization was generally low-toned and deficient in outward activities, as it was just after the development of a gallant propaganda warfare aimed to expand the party influence or to penetrate in the local administrative assembly in the opportunity of the local elections of last month. There was seen in this phenomenon a point to be considered as intraparty readjustment

of the over-growth in each organization, though it took a definite shape as self-criticism against electoral campaigns, settlement of the next movement objective, and others, and it is seen there, that each organization expects to have further developments in the future.

The NIHON KAKUMEI KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI (Japan Revolutionary Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society) (in the Fukushima faction) held on May 5 and 6 its Fifth National Supreme Leaders' Conference at Beppu City, Oita Prefecture, to set up the movement course for the latter half of this year and to confer on the objective of the present activities, while the Shimazu faction of the said society decided in the beginning of May its plan of reduction of Hokkaido pending since last fall, and prepare now for going over to this island. Besides the KOKUMIN TO (People's Party), RIKKEN YOSEI KAI (Constitutional Justice Party) and others also prepare now each for its own national convention to be held in May or June.

These movements, however, are regarded as the promotion toward the long-standing theme of national unification of anti-Communist organizations in view of the recent situations foreign and domestic, and particularly, the moves of old right-winggers and ex-

army and navy officers are being gradually raised, as the anticipation of a wholesale remission in the near future of the expelled persons has been made clear in accordance with SCAP Gen. Ridgway's statement May

3. There are found considerably many persons in favor of the above unification in the SOKOKU BOEI 祖国 防衛 KOKUMIN DOMEI 国民 同盟 JUMBI KAI 準備 会 (Preliminary Group of the Fatherland Defense People's League), AIKOKU DANTAI 愛国 団体 ZENKOKU 全国 KYOGI 協議 KAI 会 (National Council of Patriotist Organizations) (both being found in Osaka 大阪), SHINSEI 新生 NIHON 日本 KOKUMIN 国民 DOMEI 同盟 (New Japan People's League), etc.

It is evident that those supporters naturally expect the movement of purged persons in the wake of their depurging, even though they might have been not immediately concerned with the matter yet. This evident phenomenon shall have much to be paid attention in view of the line-up or the movements of the anti-Communist organizations in the future.

B. NIHON 日本 KAKUMEI 革命 KIKUHATA 菊旗 DOSHI 同志 KAI 会 (Japan Revolutionary Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society):

(Fukushima 福島 Faction)

This society is a pure anti-Communist organization constituted with one headquarters, 8 area committees, 6 chapters and the membership of 177 persons, taking its central position in Kumamoto City and displaying

its talentful influence over Fukuoka (福岡) and Nagasaki (長崎) Prefectures. It publishes an organ (called KIKUHATA (菊旗) or Chrysanthemum Flag) and are now devoted to the publicity of its cause and the acquisition of comrades. Representative of the society FUKUSHIMA (福島) makes always a tour from place to place, to maintain his connection with various organized bodies throughout the country, and particularly, he has been recently affiliated with the AIKOKU DANTAI (愛国団体) ZENKOKU KYOGI KAI (全国協議会) (National Council of Patriotist Organizations) in the preliminary phase of the formation in Osaka (大阪) and is believed to have participated in a meeting of arrangement for the above formation held on May 8 in Oita City.

The society held on May 5 and 6 its Fifth National Supreme Leaders' Conference at Beppu City, Oita (大分) Prefecture, to debate on the plan of its movement in the latter half of this year, but to have only a few participants, as it was said, not to be able to reach to the predetermined objective of the conference. The contents of the conference are now under investigation.

(Shimazu (島津) Faction)

This faction displayed whirlwind campaign moves on the occasion of the recent local elections, presenting Central Commissioner AKIYOSHI (秋吉) Yutaka (豊) for the election of the Oita (大分) Prefectural assembly, and he failed

to pass the election, receiving some 1,200 votes. It was said, however, that the faction gave support to other candidates in other electoral districts, taking the opponents in the flank, and took as its chief objective the acquisition of funds and strengthening of the party influence, and reached to a considerable effect. The plan of reduction of Hokkaido pending since last fall was decided in the beginning of May and the decision was communicated to various responsible persons throughout the country. The faction is now preparing for the schedule of going over to Hokkaido (北海道), that its advance-party will start early in June and a big horde of the rest of factionists will follow them in the middle of the same month.

C. DAIWA TO (大和党) (Great Concord Party):

There is not seen at present any lively moves ostensibly. In Kyushu, however, chapters were settled in such prefectures as Fukuoka, Nagasaki, Kumamoto, Kagoshima and Saga. The faction is believed to have been maintaining intercourse with old right-winggers such as KODA (紅田) and FUJINO (藤野) (old relatives to the defunct GEN-YO SHA (玄洋社) (Black Ocean Society), an ultra-nationalist body) by timely and reciprocal visitings. The party is kept now under surveillance.

祖小防衛~~委員会~~ 自衛団 日本 独立青年党
D. SOKOKU BOEI JIEI DAN DAI-NIHON DOKURITSU SEINEN TO

(Great Japan Independent Youth Party as the National Defense-Voluntary Guards):

清水
The President SHIMIZU Wataru stood for the metropolitan governor election on the occasion of the recent local elections, but he failed in it. The party has not ever since made any remarkable actions.

憂国同志会
E. YUKOKU DOSHI KAI (Patriotic Comrade Society):

The society has come to be famed since the incident of excretions which were thrown over Communist 風早八十二 KAZEHAYA Yasoji, member of the House of Representatives, in the Diet last fall. The society holds now only 21 members and it is characteristic of the society, that it has been mainly constituted by old non-commissioned officers as members of the so-called special attacking parties. It places its objective as an extremely anti-Communist body in the safeguarding of the Emperor and the annihilation of the Communists. However, no lively move is seen with the society at present, because of lack of funds. Recently the society developed signature drives for the abolition of cycle racing in schools, the shift of women, labor unions, religious organizations, youth associations, etc., in order to present a request of this abolition to the office and assembly of 久留米市 Kurume City,

Fukuoka Prefecture, as this comrade society notioned, that the cycle racing is a policy ruinous to the country.

A member of the society GYOTOKU (行徳) Hiroyoshi (博美) (25 years of age), resident at Sojima-cho (荘島町), Kurume City, went on a 100-hour "hunger strike" starting on May 4 at 6:00 p.m., to end on May 8 at 10:00 p.m., in order to give help to the above drive.

It is learned, however, that the mass people favored the prospect of that drive, though they thought it was still premature, and that there were found few who supported the drive on the ground that the society thus sought to find a way out of the financial difficulties and to court notoriety.

F. NIHON HANKYO REMMEI (日本反共連盟) (Japan Anti-Communist League):

This anti-Communist body holds such a cause that all anti-Communist organizations should be raised to a joint struggle against Communism and it should be then developed as far as an anti-Communist movement by the whole population of Hokkaido. With this in mind, the league prepares now to form a new organization, dissolving the present Japan Anti-Communist League and taking as affiliated organizations five influential organizations in Hokkaido (SEKAI KOKYU HEIWA REMMEI (世界恒久平和連盟) (World Permanent Peace League), NIHON KAKUMEI KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI (日本革命菊旗同志会) (Japan Revolutionary Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society), NIHON HEIWA REMMEI (日本平和連盟)

大和竟
(Japan Peace League), DAIWA TO (Great Concord League) and
仆籍社
F.T.M. FUSEKI SHA (LOVE OF PEACE, FELLOW MEN AND SACRI-
FICE SOCIETY; "F (useki)" means love of peace; "T (enshu)"
love of fellow men; "M (ikihito)" love of sacrifice)).

新日本 建設同盟
G. SHIN NIHON KENSETSU DOMEI (New Japan Establishment League)
(provisional name):

青木栄治
Such leading figures as AOKI Eiji, Horo-cho, Kanazawa
金沢市 母衣町 荒尾 正之
City, Ishikawa Pref., ARAO Masayuki, 29, Babasaki-cho,
金沢市 鞍場先町 藤田 元章 金沢市 池田町
Kanazawa City, and FUJITA Gensho, Ikeda-cho, Kanazawa City,
東亜 連盟
who were all old substantial actives of the TOA REMMEI
石川
(East Asian League) Ishikawa Chapter and members of the
精華会 國柱会
SEIKA KAI (National Glory Society) and the KOKUCHU KAI
(National Pillar Society), both now being defunct, had
planned to form an organization provisionally to be named
新日本建設同盟
the SHIN NIHON KENSETSU DOMEI (New Japan Establishment
League) on the pivotal cause of the old idea of the East
Asian League, in relation to the formation of the SHIN
新日本國民同盟
NIHON KOKUMIN DOMEI (New Japan People's League) in the
center of this country.

It was expected at that time to hold on April 28
a "ritual service in memory of Nichiren," founder of a
荒尾 正之
Buddhist sect, at the residence of ARAO Masayuki mentioned
above, to lay a Nichiren's mausoleum in state. In this
opportunity attendants, some 20 in number, held after the

religious service a research meeting on the theme of
新日本進路
"SHIN NIHON SHINRO" (New Course of Japan), a posthumous
石原定爾
work of the late ISHIHARA Kanji as a preliminary move of the formation of the above organization and planned there to obtain new comrades, which is now under way.

H. JUSEI KURABU (Constellation Club):
藪野忠作
YABUNO Chusaku, who is responsible for publication of the YUKOKU SHIMBUN (Patriotist News), opened on May 10 at 6:00 p.m. a meeting with ex-army officers, some 30 in number, at Saginomori Branch Temple of the orthodox honganji sect of Shinshu, a Buddhist religion, at Sagi-
和歌山市
nomori, Wakayama City, Wakayama Prefecture and they prepare now to launch a movement of enlightening the thought, taking anti-Communism as its chief objective.

I. SHIKOKU HANKYO REMMEI (Shikoku Anti-Communist League):
上野泰成
The Central office of SIB made some time ago an investigation into a terroristic offence by KANNO Yasunari, president of this league, and gave him severe warning. He, who felt from the responsibility, reported recently to our office the dissolution of the league at the date of May 1.

J. SOKOKU BOEI KOKUMIN DOMEI JUMBI KAI (Preparatory Society for the Fatherland Defense National League):
This society held on last May 9 a preparatory meeting

to such a state that TOMATSU Keigi of the Great Concord Party and TAJIMA (田島) Yoshiyuki (善行) of the Fatherland Defense National League divided the opinion. There will be most possibly many complications, before the council comes to the formation.

L. SHINSEI NIHON KOKUMIN DOMEI (新聞 日本 国民 同盟) (New Japan National League):

The formative convention of this league was held in Tokyo (東京) on May 6 last. Local sympathizers, who attended the convention, are now devoted at their native places to form its chapters there. The movement at each local place known up to this day shall be outlined in the following note:

1. Osaka (大阪):

The NIHON KOKUMIN TO (日本 国民 党) (Japan National Party) takes its initiative in the formation of a chapter in Osaka, to which people make now efforts.

2. Kyushu (九州):

KAMIMERA Toshiharu, ex-president of the NIHON DOKURITSU KOKUMIN TO (日本 独立 国民 党) (Japan Independent People's Party), KIKUCHI (菊地) Minetaro (峯太郎), and further SUMITA-And-so (角田), president of the KUMAMOTO KYUSHU SHIMBUN (熊本 九州) (Kyushu Newspaper of Kumamoto) in Kumamoto City, Kumamoto Pref. display positive moves, in which there is seen an action to place the Kyushu headquarters in this city.

3. Niigata (新潟):

AKASHI (明石) Katsutoshi (勝利), resident at Gakko-cho, Niigata (新潟) City, Niigata Pref., participated in the formative

for the formation in Room 801, Dojima Building in Osaka (大阪) City, and in the course of the meeting TAJIMA Yoshiyuki, chief preparatory commissioner, and TAKEOKA Rinzo, deputy chief commissioner, divided the opinion, from which it resulted, that TAJIMA seceded with himself alone from the society, to be affiliated with the NIHON KAKUSHIN (日本 革新) SEINEN DOMEI (青年 同盟) (Japan Renovation Youth League) organized by comrade KOKURA Keiyu (a man converted from left wing camp) and others.

The preparation came to a wit's end by this secession of TAJIMA Yoshiyuki, though he afterwards returned to this league on a basis of compromise between him and KOKURA Keiyu. It is believed, however, the league did not make any particular movement on account of secessions and conflicts in succession.

K. AIKOKU DANTAI ZENKOKU KYOGI KAI (愛国 団体 全国 協議 会) (National Council of Patriotist Organizations):

This council held on May 4 the first meeting preparatory for the formation in Room 801, Dojima Building in Osaka City, for the purpose of strengthening defense of the fatherland of Japan, by mustering to a large extent right-wing, patriotist organizations throughout the country. It has not yet come to any decisions in concrete shape and it has come in these days particularly, as it is said,

convention, mentioned above but in respect to the formation of the Niigata prefectural headquarters he takes the view that "It should be decided whether or not to form it after its consideration and review and in conformity to intra-prefectural circumstances," so that one may not find there any early move of the formation.

4. Shizuoka (静岡):
NAKANO (中野) Ichiro (一郎) (a relative to AMANO Tatsuo), resident in Hamamatsu City, Shizuoka Pref., who attended the formative convention held in Tokyo, as mentioned above, held a meeting with several comrades of his on May 13, to report on the convention, and adjourned the meeting, giving the assurance, that "Intra-comrade contacts must be kept close, to provide against occurence of any unexpected state of affairs." There has not been seen any ostensive move ever since.

5. Tokyo (東京):
SAKAMOTO (坂元) Ken-ichi (兼一) (a relative to the "5.15 Case"), resident at Kojiya-cho, Ota Ward, is believed to have formed a youth action corps with the main body of young officers relative to the old "5.15 Case" for the league in question.

The number of the corps men is not known, though its objective is said to protect the independence of Japan against left-wing moves.

6. Ibaraki: 茨城

TOYOSHIMA Takeo (豊島 武雄), a pupil of the ex-AIKYO JUKU (愛郷 塾 Love of the Country School) had been preparing for every needed things with HOMMA MITSUKO (本間 光子), sympathizer KURUSU (来栖 Koichi 光一) (Director-General of Niihari Cooperative Hospital), and others, getting help from HOMMA Ken-ichiro (本間 憲一郎), HOMMA Mitsuko (本間 光子)'s father, (principal of the defunct SHIZAN JUKU (Purple Mountain School); "the purple mountain" is another name of Mt. Tsukuba in Ibaraki Pref.) from the idea that the formation of the New Japan National League in Ibaraki Pref. should be promoted as early as possible.

He met on May 13 last some 30 persons including SUMOTO Chojiro (須本 長次郎), chief commissioner to the central headquarters of the league, at the office of the Kasumigaura Tuberculosis Prevention Society, a corporate juridical person, at Miyoshi-cho, Tsuchiura City, Ibaraki Pref., to hold a preparatory meeting for the formation of the Southern Ibaraki (茨城) Prefectural Chapter of the league.

They set up a schedule to make prearrangements to prepare for the chapter formation on June 2 and to hold the formative ceremony on June 3.

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Mitsugi A ,I.D. Second(5)May 8 ,1951)(329 380. S.

May 12 , 1951

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Peculiar speeches and activities by the former rightist, anti-Communist and religious organization members. (April report)

Date	Name, Address & Organization	Outline of speeches and activities
In latter part of March	高田 照美 TAKADA Terumi Supporting member of former KEIAI DOJUN RENMEI (Mutual Respect and Aid League) Fukuoka Prefecture 敬愛同潤連盟	1. I have a large number of men under my command as I was once in a military secret service. I have been studying internal situation especially the Communists move and gathering informations on them. About mid-February, I got an information that SHIDA Yoshio, one of the Communist top leaders had come at Setaka of Kumamoto. 熊本 I am able to be well versed in prevailing conditions through my comrades scattered throughout the country. 2. Communist regards Hokkaido as the most important place. There is a fear that Hokkaido will be the possible landing place by Red army. Japan must establish a firm defence line on Hokkaido. 3. As the result of recruiting anti-Communist volunteers as of last July and August, two comrades are now in action in Formosa. But I would not talk the details about them. It is us to have thrown night-soils at KAZEHAYA, a Communist Diet member. Yoshida Government lukewarm policy have not led the public opinion in a decisive way. It must be replaced with a strong anti-Communist
	平田 盛之 HIRATA Shigeyuki Director of AIKOKU DOSHIKAI (Patriotic Comrade Society) Tokyo 愛国同志会	

April 1	某原 朴水 ARAHARA Bokusui Standing director of SOKOKU BOEI SOREN-GOKAI (General Federation of Defence of Fatherland) Tokyo 祖国防衛総連盟	government. Rearmament should be carried out immediately and on a big scale. I am on intimate term with ASHIDA Hitoshi. The Communists always schemes for the domination of the world. If one is docile its land will be invaded by them. Man such as Stalin should be punished at an international trial as soon as possible.
April 3	奸 滅 隊 SAIKEN KETSUMEIDAN KANBATSUTAI (Villain Subjugating Unite of Reconstruction Blood Brotherhood Group) Chiba Prefecture 再建血盟団	The unit mailed to some Communists the letters to the following effect. Your activities to have deceived the Japanese people and obstructed Japan's rehabilitation so far on your faith that your fatherland is the Soviet Union, not Japan deserves death. All of us have much expected you on your movement from the war-end, but now we are convinced that yourare nothing but the fifth column of the Soviet. Our toleration also has a limit. Any one's activities of your group are under our watch.
April 4	日高 清光 HIDAKA Kiyomitsu Leader of HINOMARU TEIDAN (Rising Sun Repatriation Squad), Chief of Guard Division of Asaoka Working Institute. Nagasaki Prefecture 日の丸隊団	We came home after we had been indoctrinated by Communism in Siberia. Our people should band themselves to break down the Communists. We feel indignant about even the matter that the Communist party is lawful. This Asaoka Working Institute has an aim different to that of an ordinary business. We are in preparation to carry out anti-Communist national movement with our comrades gathered through the business. We have so far come into contact with the repatriates in Hinomaru Squad in each repatriation ship. In future, all of our comrades will unite under the banner of anti-Communism.

April 16	太田 藤十郎 MINSHU-SEKAI KENSETSU-DOMEI (Democratic World Establishment League). Chief of the Arrangement Committee, OTA Tojuro (Wakayama Prefecture) 和歌山縣. 民主世界建設同盟	1. After I will get to Tokyo in May, I will go on the all-out movement and am planning to get two hundred-three hundred thousand party members through a grand signature drive, starting from Kansai district. I have a thought that when I can get a considerable number of party members of party members I hope to have Prince TAKAMATSU for the president of the League. At any rate, the rearmament will have to precede others, and the soldiers shall be applied by their own will, if it be inconvenient, it will be another way that he shall be excluded from his nationality in Japan during the term of his service.
April 16	本庄 恒道 HANKYO-REMMEI HOMBU (Anti-Communism League's Headquarters). Responsible man, HONSHO Tsunezo (Wakayama Prefecture). 反共連盟本部.	1. The Communist Party is about to appear before the mass of people, making use of all the opportunities such as the election of this year because they feel those the last legal struggles. We, the Anti-Communism camp, must fight against them with the tactics of defeat at a blow. The actual Socialists will necessarily be broken up, a part of which will apparently join to the Communists. At any rate, our rearmament is the only way to relieve our fatherland, by concluding the separate peace as early as possible.
Early April	禾永 節 former GENYO-SHA (Dark Ocean Society), director, SUENAGA Setsu (Fukuoka Prefecture) 元玄洋社 福岡縣.	1. Those who are advocating democracy are liable to reject feudalism not knowing the meaning of it, but feudalism is coming from the clan-government, so that where is the consciousness of race existing there is necessarily feudalism attacking. If US and BC conceive feudalism be opposing democracy, they should allow the Japanese immigrants into their countries unconditionally. What they don't allow it is nothing but feudalism, isn't it?

		2. It is most important that Japan concludes the peace treaty as early as possible and join in the countries of the world as an independent state. Until the day we must be in obedience to His Majesty's wish "To bear up the unbearable and to endure the beyond endurance", where Restoration will appear.
April 23	梅原　明 KYUKOKU-SEINEN-DOMEI (Youngmen's League for Relief of Country), chief of the Central Committee, UMEHARA Akira (Osaka City). 大阪市 救心青年同盟	1. The dismissal of Gen. MacArthur is nothing but a play as the reconciliation policy to USSR. Gen. MacArthur has been utilized for the play of US Government. 2. Since the Korean upheaval the american policy over the Orient has been changing gradually.
April 25	小野　盛 RIKKEN-YOSEIKAI (Constitutional Righteousness Promotion Society), ONO Sei (Chiba Prefecture) 立憲養正会　千葉縣	1. The dismissal of Gen. MacArthur is greatly regretful, but it will rouse the public opinion of US and stimulate the leading members of the country, which will bring about a good influence to the US policy to Japan in future. The RIKKEN-YOSEI-KAI had an assertion from the bigining that the North Korea should be overwhelmed. 2. It is absolutely necessary, to drive home the emperor's spirit to the nation in their mental education and to expand the Police Reserve Force in a grand scale.
In the end of April	関　正入 The Constitutional Righteousness Promotion Society, Chief of Asahigawa Chapter, SEKI Shohachi 北海道 (Hokkaido) 立憲養正会　旭川支部長	We approve entirely the Far-East Policy of Gen. MacArthur, and which is right between it and that of President Truman is the question in future. It is a too mild measure that the US Government is trying to settle the problem through any political operation. The Communist China ought to be hit by force to the last. Owing to the dismissal of Gen. MacArthur, the Communist's power in the Far East will be expanded.

		2. As the Japanese Administration should be that of one man ofthe emperor and the nation. When it is on the verge of crisis in the point of its independence, anti-communism and rearmament are absolutely necessary.
In the end of April	石田 元宏 FUSEKI-SHA (Non-Domicile Society), leader, ISHIDA Motohiro (Hokkaido) 北海道 不籍社.	1. It is feared that the peace treaty will be weakened by the dismissal of Gen. MacArthur. The Korean Upheaval is presumed to enter in a political negotiation at the 38 parallel line, but when we think of Gen. MacArthur's ousting, the abandonment of Korea and Formosa may be realized with the US policy of opportunism. The Japanese must keep up their nerve more than ever.
In the end of April	牧野 信夫 HOKKAI DO-SEINEN-DOMEI (Hokkaido Youngmen's League), leader, MAKINO Nobuo (Hokkaido) 北海道青年同盟	1. It is the question that what will be the anti-communism policy in Asia of the new SCAP, Ridgway. It will be feared for us that the recent announcement of President Truman makes us feel something of the strengthengthened Pro-Communism. We must fight against them, holding a country-wide organization aiming at the future strong anti-body.
In the end of April.	金沢 總雄 NIHON-HANKYO REMMEI (Japan Anti-Communism League), KANAZAWA Tokuo. (Hokkaido) 日本反共連盟	1. The recent disposition is a concession to BC and France. We have a principle to go on the anti-communism movement more than now. It will be a luck for us if it will not make the Communists grow more and more selfish since there existing a line of pro-communism in the Washington Government.
In the end of April	鈴木 孫四郎 The Constitutional Righteousness Promotion Society, Chapters' Federation of Hokkaido, chief director. SUZUKI Magoshiro 立憲養正会	1. Of course we are to go on along the party principle already settled, but whether this disposition is proper or not is the future problem. It will be lucky if Gen. Ridgway can get a nice result.

		The change of head is the only policy of US and we have no reason to oppose it, as we are the nation under occupation. As the party, we are to advance, aiming at the increased members and strengthened party.
In the end of April	荒木 昌保 NIHON KAKUMEI-KIKUHATA-DOSHI-KAI (Japanese Revolution Chrysansemums Comrades Society), chief of the Tokyo Regional Committee, ARAKI Masayasu, (Tokyo) 日本革命菊旗同志会	There appeared the problem of Japanese rearmament, which we have a confidence to be carried out. Even if it be realized, the nature of soldiers, youngmen, is questionable. It is absolutely needed that the Youngmen who are conceiving of democracy in its misjudged character should be reeducated fundamentally by the mental education. The Japanese restoration should not be realized only by the power of substance, but for the purpose, the true spirit of Japan centering on the emperor is really needful.
In the end of April	里見 岸雄 NIHON-KOKUTAI-GAKKAI (Japan National Character Society), president, SATOMI Kishio. (Tokyo) 日本国体学会	It will well be said that the whole occupation policy over Japan taken by Gen. MacArthur is not always proper. It will be the real crisis of Japan when we may find any opinion which overthrow the general sentiment of our nation to make the emperor ruler in any journalist here. We will rise up with our utmost effort for the maintenance of Tenno-System.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

1200. ?

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Aichi 14 I.D. Second (3) (May, 30, 1951) (631) 461. S.

June 8, 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

File

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Movements of Religious Organizations during May.

I. Current movements in religious circle:

A. On April 14, this year, the NIHON SHUKYO REMMEI (日本宗教連盟) (Japan Religious League) passed a resolution for expressing a gratitude to General MacArthur, asking GHQ to communicate him this message of thanks.

B. SATOMI Tatsuo (里見達雄), managing director of the BUKKYO (佛教) RENGOKAI (連合会) (Buddhists' Association) and former chief director of the Japan Religious League, stated his opinion on the peace problem as follows:

"Though there are prevailing hot arguments on separate or overall peace treaty, the question is,

after all, whether the understanding of the realities is right or not. In the present stage, it is insignificant to persist in the opinion on separate peace treaty while it is irresponsible to waste time in emphasizing overall peace treaty. Notwithstanding that the peace problem is a matter beyond political parties or factions, it is regrettable that it is being handled too much politically.

C. The Japan Religious League which had previously been establishing a plan for the preservation of religious freedom formed formally the SHUKYO NI KANSURU 宗教に関する
JINKEN YOGO IINKAI 人権擁護委員会 (Human Rights Protection Committee relevant to Religion) on April 14.

II. Organizations under investigation.

A. Organizations under continued investigation.

1. Religious incorporation HOMMICHI ほんみち (formerly called TENRI HOMMICHI 天理ほんみち)

Location: 大阪府泉北郡高石町羽衣 8808. 8,88, Hagoromo, Takaishi Town, Semboku County, Osaka Prefecture.

Superintendent: 大石愛子 OHISHI Aiko

Report initiated on November 1, 1950.

First report completed on November 14, 1950.

Second report completed on December 12, 1950.

Investigation is being continued.

Secretary in charge of this case: 大石秀典 OHISHI Shuten.

2. Religious incorporation, ANANAI KYO. 三五教

Location: 481, Shimo-shimizu, Shimizu City, 静岡縣清水市下清水 481
Shizuoka Prefecture.

Superintendent: NEGAMI Shin. 根上 信

Report initiated on November 17, 1950.

Unreported.

Investigation is being continued.

Secretary in charge of this case: TSURUFUJI Ikuta. 鶴藤 幾太

3. Religious incorporation, MAKOTO KYODAN. まこと 教団

Location: c/o SHINCHOJI Temple, 282, 1-chome, 東京都立川市柴崎町 19282 真澄寺
Shibasaki-cho, Tachikawa City, Tokyo
Metropolis.

Superintendent: ITO Shinjo. 伊藤 真乗

Report initiated on October 10, 1950.

Unreported.

Investigation is being continued.

Secretary in charge of this case: OHISHI Shuten 大石 秀典

B. Organizations whose investigations were initiated during May.

1. Incorporated body, MEIJI JINGU SHOWA KAI (Meiji Shrine Showa Society). 明治神宮 昭和会

Location of its office: 164, Kago-machi, 東京都文京区籠町 164
Bunkyo Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

President: MIYATOH Takayuki. 宮東 秀行

Secretary in charge of this case:
HASHIMOTO Hideyasu. 橋本 秀保

2. Religious incorporation: 一元教 HITOTSUMOTO KYO

Location: 愛知縣渥美郡二川町大字大浦166
166, Ohiwa, Futakawa Town,

Atsumi County, Aichi Prefecture.

Superintendent: 手塚金助 TEZUKA Kinsuke.

Secretary in charge of this case:
鶴藤 幾太 TSURUFUJI Ikuta.

3. Religious incorporation, 日の本神誠講 HINOMOTO SHINSEI KO

Location: 東京都北区東十條一丁目2
2, 1-chome, Higashi-jujo,

Kita Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Superintendent: 岡本ツヱ OKAMOTO Tsue.

Secretary in charge: TSURUFUJI Ikuta.

C. Organizations whose investigations were completed during May are as follows; but there are found no violations of the Organizations Control Order.

1. 誠心会 SEISHIN KAI (True Heart Society)--- under the Article 3 of the Religious Incorporation Law.

Superintendent: 田美馨 TAMIYA Kaoru.

2. 天籟教団 TENRAI KYODAN --- under the same.

Superintendent: 奥名滋次郎 OKUNA Shigejiro.

3. 神道國靖教 SHINDO KOKUSEI KYO --- under the same.

Superintendent: 細田清房 HOSODA Kiyofusa.

4. 神示誠心教団 SHINJI MAGOKORO KYODAN --- under the same.

Superintendent: 千葉真資 CHIBA Shinshi.

5. KAN JIZAI KYODAN --- under the Article 3 of the said law.

Superintendent: YAMADA Hidezo.

6. SHAKUSON KAI (Buddha's Society) --- under the Article 2 of the Religious Incorporation Law.

Superintendent: NAKAO Kishiro.

7. KANNON SHINSHU (Kwannon Shinshu Sect)--- under the same.

Superintendent: FUJITA Katsuhiro.

8. JOZAN KOKYODAN --- under the same.

Superintendent: KOYAMA Shigetaka.

9. TENCHI SHIZENKYO --- under the same.

Superintendent: TAKAGI Sanjiro.

10. NIHON KIRISUTOKYO HEIWA KYOKAI (Japan Christian Peace Association)--- not juridical person.

Superintendent: ABE Yoshimune.

11. KOKUSAI HEIWA KYOKAI (International Peace Association)

Superintendent: KAGAWA Toyohiko.

D. Organization under private investigation.

IKKANDO:

According to what was reported by the Peiping People's News on April 11, the religious organization IKKANDO,

considered a secret association in China, is an organization previously ordered by the Chinese Communist Government for dissolution. But, it is reported that the Chinese Communists arrested WAN Tao (王道), chief Taopriest and other leading members on the ground that this organization is still working secretly "for the disturbance of human minds as well as for the extension of reactionary powers."

Thus it seems that a great member of the IKKANDO staff members might have been scattered over the neighboring countries in the Orient. Their taking refuge in Japan is easily thinkable in view of the following fact.

(1) Since spring in 1950, CHIH Hsiang-yin (宋相印) from China is frequenting religious organizations in Tokyo and other areas, whether he is aimed to propagate the principle of the IKKANDO (MIRAI WAHEI SHUKYO (未来和平宗教)---religion for the future peace) or reportedly to make private inquiries into Japan.

(2) The rumor has it that since May, 1950 a Chinese national named CHING Tu (清度) living in the Higashi-honganji (東本願寺) Temple in Yokohama (横浜) City is very busy in frequenting many temples.

(3) At present there is a religious organization called the IKKAN TENDO (一貫天道) in the Kyushu area. This organization consisting mostly of Chinese nationals is considered to

have some connection with the IKKANDO.

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

A-600
General

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Tanaka /d, I.D. Second (6) (Apr. 7, 1951) (363) 379.5
May 11, 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attoney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Movements of Anti-Communist Organizations during April throughout the Country.

I.

A. General View:

The discharge of Gen. MacArthur suddenly put forth short from the peace treaty for Japan was a big shock to the Japanese people, who are now recovering calmness in their outward appearance, because the immutableness of the U.S. Far Eastern policy has been clarified by President Truman's statement and the re-visit of Japan by the special envoy Dulles. The anti-Communist organizations have come with the discharge of Gen. MacArthur to the notion that

the Communist menace will be all the more increased and to the claim of the rearmament for establishing Japan's economical autonomy and self-defense structure attributed to the immediate realization of the peace treaty for her.

In the recent local elections almost all of the anti-Communist organizations acted upon the support of the conservative parties, tieing up with other organizations in their friendship, and some of them presented their own party members as electoral candidates, with whom to front on the election war.

It shall be considered as a forward step from the field of anti-Communist actions, that the anti-Communist organizations, getting out of the old ivory tower, have roused their concern in the local elections and have an attempt to penetrate into the political world, but, on the contrary, it is also a fact not to be overlooked that those organizations have aimed at the publicity of their associations or the expansion and strengthening of their party influences or the acquisition of their background supporters, as, for example, SHIMIZU 清水 Wataru 亘, President of the DAINIHON 大日本 DOKURITSU 独立 SEINEN TŌ 青年党 (Greater Japan Independent Youth Party), having stood for the election of the Metropolitan Governor, said, "It is not aimed to be returned, that I have presented myself for the election of the Metropolitan Governor, but to act upon the

publicity and enlightening of my party for rousing the people's concern in the defense of our fatherland."

The DAIWA TO (Great Harmony Party), making a frontal attack on the three-point principle of the peace advocated by the Japan Social Democratic Party, branding it as opportune, made the electoral movement and that of exapanding the Party in parallel.

Besides the above, the NIHON KAKUMEI KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI (Japan Revolutionary Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society) (represented by SHIMAZU) established its course to come over the present issues such as the attack upon the Japan Social Democratic Party and the counter-measure against the local elections as shown determined in its directives No. 22 - 25 issued toward the end of March, and fronted on the election war.

While thus attaining to strengthen their fronts based upon the local election war, the anti-Communist organizations, stimulated by the aggravation of the world circumstances coming from the spring offensive of Red China in the Korean battle fronts, the Iran issue, etc., are recently seen in the inclination directed toward a Communist annihilating movement, getting a step out of the anti-Communist movement, as, for example, AIYAMA Shigemi, central commissioner of the DAI NIHON KYUKOKU SEINEN TO (Great Japan Save-the-Nation Youth Party) (in Yamaguchi

Prefecture) is believed to have produced the other day his view to the BOKYO SHIMBUN SHA (Anti-Communist News Co.) "the word 'bokyo' (anti-Communism) is too mild; it may be more suitable, if it is replaced by 'tokyo' (overthrow of Communism)."

The Anti-Communist News recently published in its paper an article titled: Measures for the Extinction of the Communists, the International Homicidal Burglars, to attack on the Communists. It may be anticipated that this trend will be made still more positive through the anti-Communist organizations in the future and this movement should be paid still more attention.

B. Movement of the Great Harmony Party:

1. President TOMATSU Keigi of the Great Harmony Party made last February a campaign tour in the Hiroshima districts to make efforts to the publicity of the expansion of the Party and lead the common people to have profound concern in the Great Harmony Party, as it has already been reported to you. This party distributed afterwards a rough number of 50,000 sheets of publicity handbills in the Northern Kyushu coal mine districts, to launch there a positive propaganda operation, while the party, gathering some parts of those who had seceded from the Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade

Society, was at last successful in a year since the opening of the secretariat, in building up its foundation.

2. Defense operation in Osaka-Kobe area:

President TOMATSU made up his mind to settle down in Ashiya City (located between Osaka and Kobe), leaving at the end of March MASUDA's house at Ryogae-cho, Fushimi Ward, Kyoto City, where he had lived as his inmate up to that time, to devote himself to the industrial defense operation in the Osaka-Kobe area throughout this year. And it is believed that he has decided an arrangement to make ~~OKINO~~ KAMINO-and-so, serving for the party headquarters, live in this city permanently, to act there as a full-time operator, succeeding him in that operation, on the ground that the general situation may come up into a new phase in the next year, to ask him to stay in the Tokyo headquarters.

3. Affiliation with the Provisional Society against the SOKOKU BOEI KOKUMIN DOMEI (Fatherland Defense People's League):

With the Provisional Society against the Fatherland Defense People's League, which had been in the time of the formation under the leadership of such old red, but now right-turned persons as TAJIMA Yoshiyuki,

鍋山 貞親
NABEYAMA Sadachika, etc., had been affiliated the
Great Harmony Party with the NIHON KOKUMIN TO (Japan P
People's Party), KANSAI BOKYO SHIMBUN SHA (Kansai
Anti-Communist News Co.), NIHON FUKKO SEINEN DOMEI
(Japan Rehabilitation Youth League), NIHON KAKUSHIN
SEINEN DOMEI (Japan Renovation Youth League), etc. al-
together. However, the member organizations of the
said society divided the opinion on many points on the
occasion of an address meeting held on the last 29 of
March with the guest speaker HASHIMOTO Tetsuma at Naka-
noshima Public Hall of Osaka, which caused finally
TOMATSU with his party as well as with the above organiza-
tions to secede from the society in question so that he
made up a firm mind to form a novel council of patriotic
organizations including those ones.

4. Counter-measure against the local elections in the
Kyushu Secretariat of the Great Harmony Party:

The Great Harmony Party was making actions, making clear of its course to be confronted with the local elections, taking such an attitude as stated below, while acting upon the movement of enlightening the whole party.

a. The Party recommended as candidate for the election of the municipal assembly of Iizuka City SUDO Shin-ichi (fellow-traveller of the SHINDO SEINEN KAI (Shintoist Youth Society) and ex-member of the

Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society), who is priest of Mishima Shrine in Iizuka City.

b. SHIMADA Noboru, accountant of the Futase Area Committee of Japan Iron Manufacturing Co. Labor Union, was presented for member of the assembly of Futase Town, Kaho County, Fukuoka Prefecture.

c. The Kami-Yamada Coal Field Area Committee of the Mitsubishi Coal Mining Co. Labor Union at Yamada Town, Kaho County, Fukuoka Prefecture, was fully committed to select the candidate for the assembly of the town concerned from this committee.

d. The Party recommended ISHIZAKA Kyukichi of the Liberal Party with respect to the election of the mayor of Iizuka City and decided to exclude positively HIRATA Yuzo, the opponent candidate to ISHIZAKA, in the line of attacking on the Social Democratic Party. The Party was making efforts to ferret out the illegal case of TATEISHI Toyohachiro of the SHOKURYO HAIKYU KODAN (Staple Food Distribution Public Corporation), a prominent person close around HIRATA Yuzo, in order to bring about his downfall.

e. The Party expected persistently to see the election of MATSUKUMA Matagoro, the candidate jointly supported by the opposition parties, in the electoral warfare between TANAKA Yasuzo of the Liberal Party, member of Fukuoka Prefectural Assembly elected from

the constituency of Iizuka City, and MATSUKUMA 松隈
Matagoro 又五郎 in the election of Iizuka 飯塚 City, as the Party took the view, that it could be attended by evils, to have a single colour of the Liberal Party in the line-up of the political parties in the city assembly.

C. Movement of the Japan Revolutionary Chrysanthemum Flag Comrade Society:

1. The Shimazu 島津 faction of this party had been making external actions in a brisk manner since the early days of this year, as they saw that as for the movement of the Party the time had come to dash into the political phase or the third period of the three-phased revolution aimed at by the Party in accordance with the progress in the preparation for the peace settlement and held in various places meetings of lectures or consultations as its counter-election measure, as, for example, in February of this year in Oita Prefecture, in March in Yamaguchi 山口 and Miyazaki 宮崎 Prefectures and in April in Nagasaki 長崎 Prefecture. In the meantime, the main body of Chief Commissioner SHIMAZU 島津 and other staff members as TAGATA 田形, YOSHITOMI 吉富, AKIYOSHI 秋吉, etc. made conference on the electoral measures, the selection of recommended candidates and other articles and recommended chief leaders of the Party, as stated below, as its officially authorized candidates:

秋吉 豊
AKIYOSHI Yutaka,

candidate for the election of the 大分 Oita Prefectural assembly,

倉重 達治
KURASHIGE Tatsuo,

Candidate for the election of the 下関 Shimonoseki City assembly, 山口 Yamaguchi Prefecture,

井町
IMACHI-and-so,

Candidate for the election of the 萩 Hagi City assembly, 山口 Yamaguchi Prefecture.

The Party further presented as the party-recommended candidate for the election of the 福岡 Fukuoka Prefectural assembly:

堀川 之助
HORIKAWA Kyusuke,

the present member of the Prefectural assembly and President of the 堀川バス HORIKAWA BASU K.K. (Horikawa Bus Co.)

from Yame district of the prefecture concerned and recommended besides the above candidates independent candidates for the election of town and village assemblies, totaling 50 or thereabouts (of which 15 in Fukuoka Prefecture).

The Party formed then three electoral campaign teams, which moved by truck in every direction, to act positively in confidence of victory.

2. The Fukushima faction of the comrade society concerned, standing short from the peace conference for Japan, carried out the strengthening of the Party in the present phase in the training of individual members, exercising prudence, as it thought that the time was still premature to do political actions. Accordingly, there was not seen any special movement for the local elections.

FUKUSHIMA Seishi came to Shimonoseki City toward the end of March and called on YOSHITOMI Kosuke of the Shimazu faction, to represent him once again the problem of the unification of the two factions. And it was believed that the latter refused to agree with the former.

The activity of this faction was considered as to have been inclined more and more negative, but the faction had issued the directive to hold the fifth national supreme leaders' congress from May 3 to 6 in Kawara Apartment House at Kitahama-cho, Beppu City, Oita Prefecture.

D. Candidacy of SHIMIZU Wataru, President of the SOKOKU BOEI JIEI DAN (Fatherland Defense Self-Protection League) for the Election of the Metropolitan Governor:

With respect to SHIMIZU's candidacy for the election of the Metropolitan Governor we have already reported to

you. He revealed to a secretary of our bureau the following talk about this matter:

"It is not to be returned that I have presented myself for the election of the Metropolitan Governor, but to rouse the people's concern to the defense of our fatherland and to make publicity and enlightenment of our party.

"A third world war threatens to break out at any moment under the international circumstances with U.S. and the Soviet Union split in the two rival camps. If Japan remains what it is now, it must be inevitably led to such wretchedness as now in Korea. We should, therefore, organize a powerful self-defense army, to prevent Japan from being done so, not relying upon foreign forces. For this purpose I am fighting.

"I have been keeping YASUI (安井) and KATO (加藤) perfectly under in the address meeting, though I do not intend to be returned.

"YASUI (安井) and KATO (加藤) say, they will lower the tax and build Metropolitan houses, but it will be no good in the atomic war to come in the future, if we have simply the tax slightly reduced or such Metropolitan houses as in the building at present.

"I think, Japan should ask U.S. for a loan of $ 10 billion, to build up the national foundation on this loaned funds.

"We must build, for this reason, Metropolitan houses with three basements and four floors and construct buildings with three basements for keeping food stuffs in storage, to get prepared for the atomic war in the future.

"We shall be able to pay back that U.S. loan easily in the term of thirty years or so.

"The Japanese people should be conscious of themselves. We are now at ease, because the dangerous moment has not yet touched at our threshold. I think, it might be rather much better, if such places in the peninsula as near to Pusan had been once occupied. If so, the Japanese people may keenly feel from the necessity for the defense of their fatherland and their defense army.

"The discharge of Gen. MacArthur was realized ostensibly on the ground of the preservation of the peace or on the ground that the bombing of Manchuria could lead the world to a third big war, but this may not tell us the truth. It was for the readjustment of U.S. fighting structure by nominating young Lt. Gen. Ridgway commander of the U.N. armies.

"The U.S. attempts at a double-play by the discharge of Gen. MacArthur, to advocate the peace before the world and on the other side, to readjust its fighting structure.

"Another reason of the discharge may also be comprehended here, that the chief executives of the U.S. were no

match for Gen. MacArthur, and they will attain to make their orders perfectly understood by nominating young Lt. Gen. Ridgway the commander."

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

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SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Toyooka.) 4 ,I.D. Second (1) (May, 7 ,1951) (540) 375, i
May 10 , 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: MOVEMENTS IN APRIL OF DISBANDED RIGHTWING ORGANIZATIONS' MEMBERS.

I. General Outlook:

Japanese people at large received with great shock the news of General MacArthur's release from his posts of Far Eastern command, and so with the ex-ultra rightists of this country. On this event, however, they are of different opinions from each other. Some of them expressed their profoundest regrets for his leaving and others agreed to the principle of politic's precedence over military matters while feeling sorry for his dismissal.

On the other hand, there is a general wishful thinking among them that America's policy towards Japan will be relaxed a great deal, that mass depurge will be seen in the near future, and so on.

Yet as a whole there is no noticable movement of them for the present. Just calm and quiet they were during the period.

Movements towards Formation of New Japan National League:

Since January this year a group of nationalistic figures, with HOMMA Ken-ichiro 本間憲一郎 (head of the defunct Shizan Private School), etc. as their back-curtain leaders, have been appealing to their comrades all over the country in their attempt to form SHINSEI NIHON KOKUMIN DOMEI 新生日本國民同盟 (New Japan National League). The formation ceremony is scheduled for May 6.

The organization presumedly aims to buildup 'the third force' standing for anti-communism and racial independence, and its future activities may deserve special attention in view of the changing objective circumstances.

Movements of FUJI KAKAI 不二歌会 (Fuji Japanese Poem Society):

KAGEYAMA Masaji 影山正治, ex-Daito Private School head and a leader of FUJI KAKAI, has finally complied with about-half-a-year-old request of its members for his stumping tour in Kyushu 九州. He is going round in Kyushu for one month starting May 8.

Meanwhile, the branches in Kyushu are to hold the 2nd liaison conference of delegates from each branches in Kyushu. The agenda at the conference are: (1) Schedule

for KAGEYAMA's stumping tour. (2) Order of Kyushu joint session to be held on May 20 at Kagoshima City. (3) Realization of the issue of Kyushu branches' united organ "Tsukushijima", taking this opportunity.

In Niigata Prefecture, the native land of KAGEYAMA's close associate HASEGAWA Yukio, the society's activities are rather dull contrary to our expectations. Shin-etsu branch of S.I.B. revealed that members there dwindled down in number from 70 to 50, and that "Koshiro", an organ for the publication of the members' works, has been reduced to silence since this January due to the failure of collecting the membership fee. Also it is reported that they despatched Imperial Palace Cleaning Service Corps and raised construction funds for Ise Shrine, and these are all they worked outside the society.

Movement of ISHI Hisao:

ISHI Hisao, who was a member of the defunct KINNO DOSHI KAI (Loyalist Comrade Society) and ex-professor of Hiroshima College of Literature and Science and once received considerable attention as a theoretical leader for the rightwing camps, made a stumping tour recently in Chugoku and Kyushu district claiming to awaken Japanese spirit in the defeated Japan. He delivered speeches at nine places in Kuma County and Hitoyoshi City where he

called for people's self-consciousness and raised public opinions regarding peace treaty issue and rearmament controversy. The audiences appeared much impressed by his advocation.

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

File Misc

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Mitsugi. A ,I.D. Second (5)(Apr. 11,1951)(329; 332. S

April 20 , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

500

SUBJECT: Particular Words and Behaviors of members of former each right-wing, anti-communist or religious organization (during March).

I. I.

1. Date: February 15.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

戸松 武夫
TOMATSU Takeo (Tokyo),

central leading staff of 大和党 DAIWATO

(Great Harmony Party).

Words and Behaviors:

(1) The underground leaders are doing nothing. They have left the full powers in the hands of their inferiors and they only encourage them patting their shoulders, saying, "Do your best and go on

desperately". They themselves are inactive doing nothing.

(2) As Koreans have massed in Hokkaido and Yamaguchi Prefecture, the Party is endeavoring to cope with the situation through a close connection with the organizers dispatched to Hokkaido on one hand, and has examined how to manage themselves in an urgent need in connection with a former colonel, 伏見 FUSHIMI, affiliated with the former 櫻会 SAKURA KAI (Cherry Society) in 山口 Yamaguchi Prefecture on the other hand.

伏見 Former Colonel FUSHIMI is working at present as a coal-mine worker. He was once a subordinate of former Lt. General 松本 NEMOTO and the network of organization has been established in this prefecture by the former staff-officers graduated from the Staff College.

2. Date: February 28.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

野本 史郎 NOMOTO Shiro (Niigata Prefecture), superintendent of former 革乙会 KAKUSEIKAI (Revolutionary Justice Society).

Words and Behaviors:

(1) After the war-end, we attempted to push on all-rising action against the Japan Communist Party, but the organization was dissolved by order

of the Occupation Forces. Neverthless, our belief can not he changed by such perfunctory dissolution.

Out blood handed comrades are combined by an invisible blood vessels.

(2) Rearmament should be accomplished before a peace treaty is concluded.

At this juncture, we must initiate all-rising action for the sake of defense of our fatherland in a strong cooperation of our blood banded comrades.

3. Date: March 7.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

丸山直臣
MARUYAMA Naoomi (Niigata Prefecture),
branch chief of Niigata Prefectural
立憲養正会
Confederation of RIKKEN YOSEIKAI
(Constitutional Justice Party).

As recognized by all the people throughout the world, Japanese race is an cexcellent one in Asia, therefore we must have a pride on this belief.

4. Date: Febraary 24.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

杉浦斗南 群馬
SUGIURA Tonan (Gumma Prefecture),
群馬反共
leading staff of GUMMA HANKYO
連盟 群馬
REMMEI (Gumma Anti-Communist League)
言論自由連盟
and GENRON JIYU REMMEI (Free Speech League).

In my belief, the sign of seceding activity among the members the group of Communist Party members who were once the leaders of the former League of Koreans in Japan with KIN Seitetsu (金 仁哲) and RI Kan (李 灌) as its center concerning the recent purge problem of harmful Koreans is, after all, nothing but a proof of the fact that the Communist Party is on the brink of the ruin.

About twenty members of this group, members of the former League of Koreans in Japan, led by the said two, were the ringleaders of the two disturbances of the Free Laborers' union which occurred in last January and February.

As a result of discussions concerning the purge problem of harmful Koreans at BOKU's (朴) at Mukai-cho (向町), Maebashi (前橋) City, the following conclusion was obtained.

"Even if we are purged, we have no intention to live under the reign of Ree Sung-man. Accordingly, the urgent need for us is not only to investigate what is the real ground of the purge of this time but also to recollect on our past activities.

"In one word, it is a matter of inevitableness that those who are active on the first line, agitated by the Communist Party, are oppressed as harmful

Koreans. It is we that are most injured. Therefore, the principle of Communist Party with a terroristic revolutionary slogan aiming at the control of us is needed to be reexamined and what we must do in future is that we should retreat from the open activities and we should lead the terroristic activities to be risen from the side of the masses, in vigilance not to be controled by the communist agitation".

5. Date: March 12.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

友坂 靖一
TOMOSAKA Seiichi (Niigata Prefecture),
立嶌 義一
Chief of Sanjo Branch of RIKKEN YOSEI-
会
KAI.

Words and Behaviors:

"Great favor of freedom" called Democracy originates in mercy of the spirit of the Emperor.

As every thing originates in the spirit of the Emperor, it is undoubted that squeezing and class struggles should be dissolved.

6. Date: March 3.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

今井 豊
IMAI Yutaka (Niigata Prefecture),
大日本山 妙法寺
in Dainippon-Zan Myohoji Temple.

Words and Behaviors:

(1) Under the present situation of Japan even though military forces of 210,000 should be reestablished on the view point of self-defense, is it really useful?

It is only Dainippon-Zan Hommyoji Temple that advocates the disarmament of Japan. There are some in the Government who advocate the disarmament of Japan, but they are all lacking belief and theory.

(2) The power which is able to cope with and to drive away thought or powerty of materials, science and munition of Soviet and America is the belief of NIPPON-ZAN which is nothing but Budhist competency.

7. Date: March 12.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:

MARUYAMA Juntaro, former central committee member of KIKUHATA (Chrysanthemum Flag).

Words and Behaviors:

As long as we are Japanese, when we understand the real sense of the justifiable revolution, an intention of "we will do at any cost." comes up

to our mind. Any organization without ability of activity is meaningless, therefore, the urgent need is to be aware of it.

8. Date: March 18.

Name of person and his affiliating Organization:
HASEGAWA Mine (Niigata Prefecture), mother of HASEGAWA Kosaku, president of former DAITO JUKU (Great East Academy).

Words and Behaviors:

(1) We can never look over the incompetency of recent education, because the boys and girls are obsessed with the idea that MacArthur is far superior to the Emperor.

(2) Leave it as it is, and the racial spirit of Japanese will be faded and there is a fear that the Japanese will degenerate to the level of Nisei.

9. Date: March 17

Name of Person and His Affiliating Organization:
浦口 鉄男
URAGUCHI Tetsuo (Niigata), director of
立憲養正会
RIKKEN-YOSEI-KAI (Constitutional Righteousness Cultivation Society).

Words and Behaviers:

(1) The Constitutional Righteousness Cultivation Society asserts the volunteer army system. From the point of actual state of Japan, other systems except the voluteer one contain many economical and ideological difficulties.

An independent state is incapable to expect its safety without any defense power.

(2) The most developed and best ideological politics in Japan, at prensent and in future, is necessarily to be what is capable to contribute to the world's peace with a complete design harmonizing both mental and material civilizations, that is, we are to advocate the establishment of Japan, newly born and of righteousness, due to the spirit of Emperor to the people.

(3) What the Japanese race should do will be clearly revealed as the leading principle of them, if they would carry on their way along the prospectus of the Constitutional Righteonsness Cultivation Society: The Emperor and the people should be considered in one. They, not recognizing the Emperor as a God, but should clarify his spirit only through his benevolent mind or the spirit of the Emperor, If such a tendency is brought about as all the people bow their heads naturally, there will be appeared a volunteer army and be existed Japan as a leading state in the Orient with an idea.

10. Date:

March 20.

Name of Person and His Affiliating Organization:

田島義幸
TAJIMA Yoshiyuki (Osaka), chief of Secretariat of Arrangenent Society of 護国防衛国民同盟
SOKOKU-BOEI KOKUMIN-DOMEI (National League for Defense of Fatherland).

Words and Behavier:

中山
NAKAYAMA, a Representative, says the Japan Communist Party requested the opposition to repatriation of fellow people to the Soviet Union.

Such a party announcing these vicious words the Japanese should denounce, even if they should not be POW's families.

Three hundred thousand (300.000) Japanese Internees in the Soviet territory are getting a training as para-troupers every day.
They are making a preparation of using internees as a spearhead for the aggression into Japan.

The Korean Upheaval has been broke up as the patrol skirmish for the aggression.

As long as the aggressive scheme of them, the Communists, is clear, a gap of the defense structure in Japan will necessarily make all-over territory of Japan into a battle-field, scattering down the well-trained para-tronpers all at once in Tokyo, Kyushu, or Hokkaido.

The left faction of the Japan Social Democratic Party is over-believed the Soviet's propagation, not understanding the real program of the country. The Party is made a cat's-paw of it.

11. Date: March 29.

Name of Person and His Affidiating Organization:

HASHIMOTO Tetsuma (Tokyo), member of Arrangement Society of the National League for Defense of Fatherland.

Words and Behaviers:

Premier YOSHIDA declared non-rearmament of Japan to Mr. Dulles because if she should set out re-armament her restoration would necessarily be weakened by probable over-allotment of tax and her giving key-position for activity to the Communist Party. Although YOSHIDA states that the Third World War will not be broken out, it is nothing but his tactics taken by an deplomat. Does'nt Mr. Dulles hope the guarantee for security after the peace treaty concluded? Or, what does secure the safety of Japan? At any rate, the rearmament of Japan is inevitable and her affiliation to the United Nations Organization has an historical necessity.

12. Date: March 10.

Name of Person and His Affiliating Organization:

MIZUNO Toshiyuki (Yamaguchi Prefecture), responsible compiler of HOKUSHIN-KAKAI (North Mind Japanese Poems Society).

Words and Behaviers:

(1) We must clarify the relations of sovereign and subject and go along with a strong idea on the protection of Emperor.

(2) We had been watched by the special service men on our activity for a long time. Under the present occupation we are also incapable to have freedom of speech and others, for example, our teacher KAGEYAMA Shoji 影山正治 gave up his going to Kansai at last because of various interference of the occupation force and other authorities against his cherished desire to accomplish it in the end of last year.

13. Date: March 12.

Name of Person and His Affiliating Organization:
SUGI Kenji 杉 憲次 (Yamaguchi 山口), member of KYUKOKU-SEINEN-TO 救国青年党 (Youth Party for Relief of Country).

Words and Behaviers:

Of late the morale of our party is low. Particularly since the unification song 'Voice of Loyal Soul' (The Song of GURENTAI 愛国隊歌) was made public, we are under something of watching attitude of the occupation authorities, so that our party is now dwindled.

If such a condition be continued, the restoration of our fatherland is far off from its realization, I have made up my mind to be active outwardly in any movement as chief-committee of the Party, sacrificing myself for encouragement of the party.

Particulor words and behavior of former Soldiers.

坂本 兼一
SAKAMOTO Ken-ichi, military cadet.

(a person involved in 5.15 case).

The development of the Korean War is worthy of attention. In the worst case that the American forces evacuate from Japan, those who must defense Japan are Japanese themselves. The good points of communism should be adopted open-heartedly.

(Dec. 24, 1950).

伊吹 元次郎
IBUKI Motogoro, colonel and president of former confederation of ex-service men's association.

It is said that history is repeated.

I thought the peace after the war of this time would not continue for 10 years. As I expected, the Korean war brok out and the confrontation between America and Soviet is fatalistic. In order to cope with such actual circumstance, rearmament is unavoidable.

Therefore, though I am old, I am prepared for it in my mind. (Jan., 1951)

山下 作太郎
YAMASHITA Sakutaro, former major in air forces,
松坂市大字上川
3,602, Kamikawa, Matsuzaka City.

The present internal circumstances need a strong patriotic movement (anti-communistic movement) inevitably. Rearmament and increase of Police Reserve are of course disirable. The point is that the patriotic sentiment of all the people should be accelerated, and this tendency is very strong as long as I know. (February 10, 1951).

石井 四郎
ISHII Shiro, former surgeon major-general, 7 of 7,
新宿区牛込若松町
Ushigome Wakamatsu-cho, Shinjuku Ward.

Japan should go on the way to the establishment of the East Asia for the sake of Asians, leaning on neither America nor Soviet.

As Soviet is a random opportunistic country, so America is. What we must remember is that they are so selfish that once they knocked down Japan and Germany in cooperation with communists with whom they never accord in future, and yet they are going to utilize them because the threat of invasion of Soviet is increasing. (Jan. 24, 1951).

小川泰三郎
OGAWA Taisaburo, former major general, 373 of 3,
埼玉県川口市朝日町
Asahi-machi, Kawaguchi City, Saitama Prefecture.

The members of the Police Reserve are all job-hunters for the sake of living, therefore in case of emergency, they are not trustworthy. My earnest disire is to complete the rearmament by the old soldiers, having military equipment given by America.

(February, 1951)

古野直也
FURUNO Naoya, former sublieutenant, Président of
七星産業株式会社
SHICHISEI SANGYO K.K. (Seven Stars Industrial Co. Ltd.).

The rearmament of Japan is at hand. We have an intention to join in it willingly, but if the leading staffs consist of those who are now the leaders of the present Police Reserve, old soldiers will not join in. We must strongly insist in concert that the cores of the Japanese rearmament should consist of the young officers at that time and young men with a sound ideology. I am wating impatiently such time come. (February, 1951)

鯉登行一
KOITO Koichi, former Lt. General, Obihiro City
北海道帯広市
Hokkaido.

The third world war is unavoidable, and the chief battle fields will be Europe.

I am of opinion that the final victory will smile on Soviet, because the territory of Soviet is too vast for the influence of the atomic-bombs of America.

As for the rearmament of Japan, judging from such international circumstances, Japan should maintain neutrality by all means. (Mar., 1951).

今 不二雄
IMA Fujio, colonel, chief of a corp in former
旭川
Asahigawa Division.

When the rearmament has been accomplished, aggression should be carried out regardless of any false rumor concerning the time of invasion of Soviet. I am confident to gather my old subordinates and form a corps, because the socalled soldier's spirit advocated by the militarists ddwells in our minds distinctly as ever. I am sixty years old now, and yet I am young enough to command my corps for the sake of the Emperor and Japanese people.

(March, 1951).

Particular words and Behaviors of constituent members of former right-wing organizations.

Date: Late January.

Name of person acted:
宇都野 性中
UTSUNOMIYA Seichu, superintendent of "KOTO 「ことたま」
TAMA (Word Spirit)", Rokugatsuta-machi, 福岡市六月田町
Fukuoka City.

Words and Behaviors:

The real reconstruction of Japan should be promoted through the study of Japanese classical literature, and there is no other way. Through the 31-syllabled verses, the comrades should be gathered and organization should be enlarged. What the new born right-wing organizations do are dangerous because they have no center figures.

Date: During a period: from Jan. 25 to Mar. 18.

Name of person acted:
井上 日召
INOUE Nissho, a person involved in 5.15 incident, president of former Blood Brotherhood.

Words and Behaviors:

1. Japanese race has a mission to stand at the head of all human beings throughout the world to lead them. In this sense, the spirit which is displayed in our old books, KOJIKI (古事記) or NIPPON SHOKI (日本書紀), will become a bible which saves all human beings.

2. Rearmament should be completed in a long run.

3. A tremendous incident will be occurred around August of this year. I am of opinion that a war will break out in Germany around August.

Date: Middle of March.

Name of person acted:
YOSHIDA Masuzo (吉田益三), president of former DAINIPPON (大日本) ISSHIN KAI (一新会) (Great Japan Renovation Society).

Words and Behaviors:

In order to cope with the Communist Party which is controlled and organized under a certain ideology, the right-wing and anti-communist organizations must be consolidated with the Emperor as its center. Judging from the present international circumstances, the 3rd world war or terroristic revolution by the communist party are expected, therefore the urgent need is to accomplish an regimented organization in order to cope with it.

As for the rearmament, armament for the sake of self-dense with ministers as its supreme commanders is necessary, and it should be under the control of the Primier.

Date: Middle of March.

Name of person acted:
宇都宮征中 「ことたま」
UTSUNOMIYA Seichu, superintendent of KOTOTAMA,
福岡
Rokugatsuta-machi, Fukuoka City.

Words and Behaviors:

Such words, "Pay attention to the right-wings," advocated by Dr. Alfred C. Opler, the chief of Legislation Section, Judicial Division, G.H.Q., are considered not to be a reasonable expression. If oppression is put one-sidedly on those who are not really right-wingers, resistance will surely be occurred.

Date: 29 March.

Name of person acted:
頭山秀三
TOYAMA Hidezo, president of former TENKO KAI
(Heaven Behavior Society).

Words and Behaviors:

The past right-wing organizations had no root among the peoples and each of them was socalled " a party under a person". Therefore, the influence of the right-wings was reigning over only the upper class. In the present Japan where the pyramidal social structure has been destroyed, America need not fear or watch the right-wings. I am of

openion that the future national movement will be developed only in such places. Where the organization of the former YOKUSO (Adult Group of Imperial Rule Assistance Association) is existing still now. (particularly conspicuous in Nagano Prefecture).

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

File A-600 General

Tanaka. I/d, I.D. Second (5)(Apr. 7, 1951)(363) 311, S

April 13, 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Activities by Anti-Communistic organizations throughout this country, during a period from the beginning of February to the end of March, 1951.

I.

A. Summary statement.

On the opportunity of the arrival of Mr. Dulles, special Envoy to Japan on this January, a great topic concerning the Japanese peace treaty has been arisen in the Japanese political circles for a while.
On the other hand, various influential anti-communistic

organizations, such as TAIWA TO (大和党 Taiwa Party), KIKUHATA DOSHIKAI (菊旗同志会 Chrysanthemum Flag Comrades Society) have presented their opinion documents in regard to peace treaty draft and rearmament problem, to Mr. Dulles, special envoy. Moreover, these organizations have manoeuvred various active propaganda movements for stirring up nationwide public opinion, by means of opening lecture meeting or distribution of propaganda leaflets in various districts.

Rearmament program of Japan, suggested by Dulles, special envoy, has been favorably welcomed by this nation. Specially, these organizations in the anti-Communistic quarters seem to have promoted their morale to a great extent, in sympathy with the rearmament plan. It is noteworthy that anti-communistic organizations have clearly indicated their welcoming view for rearmament, on the chance of arrival of Mr. Dulles in spite of their formerly obscure attitude.

For instance, Japan Revolution Chrysanthemum Flag Comrades Society (島松派 Shimatsu section) having assumed opposite attitude against rearmament has turned out in support of the program. The same is seen in MINZOKU SHINSEI UNDO HOMBU (民族新生同盟 Headquarters of Race Renovation Movement Society) which has stuck to opposition

to rearmament. The Headquarter is now showing gradual anti-Communistic attitude. On the other hand, KOKUMINTO (National Party) 日本建設会 NIHON KENSEI KAI (Japan Kensei Society) and 精華会 SEIKA KAI (Seika Society) which were covered by doctrine of 東亜連盟 TOA RENMEI (Far East League) have indicated their attitude of absolute opposition to rearmament.

In regard to attitude of anti-communistic organizations for April local election, these anti-communistic organizations having formerly been far from election campaign as their direct object have become to go on the way of political manoeuvre, on the opportunity of the April election. Moreover, there is a more active tendency of front unification movement among anti-communistic organizations, in reflection of the impending situation. In other words, 祖国防衛愛国 SOKOKU BOEI 国体連合会 AIKOKU DANTAI RENGOKAI (Federation of Fatherland Defence Patriotic Organizations) is schemed to be formed in Tokyo, under the leadership of 荒原朴水 ARAHARA Bokusui and 木村秀則 KIMURA Hidenori, 愛国同志会 AIKOKU DOSHIKAI (Patriotic Comrades Society). In Osaka, establishment of federation of various organizations in every place is being promoted in the name of 祖国防衛同盟準備会 SOKOKU BOEI DOMEI JUNBIKAI (Fatherland Defence Preparation League). These organizations'

movement is considerably noteworthy.

福島　　鳥津
FUKUSHIMA and SHIMATSU factions of the Chrysanthe-mum Flag Comrades Society dared to challenge their fight to firm Communist-dominated area in 山口 Yamaguchi and 九州 Kyushu districts, since the middle of January, on the basis of activities principle this year. Their campaign for enlargement of the Party influence is expected to be more strenuously carried out. As far as Taiwa Party, National Party, Constitutional Justice Party Chrysanthemum Flag Comrades Society are concerned, they are manoeuvring acquisition of their supporters, aiming at success of election can-vass and fund assistance, by means of mobilizing pro-paganda corps throughout this nation in view of neces-sity of requisition of numerous dietmen for enlargement of these Party influence.

大日本独立青年党
SHIMIZU Wataru, chief of DAINIHON DOKURITSU SEINEN TO (Japan Indapendence Youth Party) and of
祖国防衛自衛団
SOKOKU BOEI JIEIDAN (Fatherland Self-defence Corps) has determined to run a candidate for gubernatorial election, in order to enlarge his party influence in Tokyo, by means of taking advantage of gubernatorial election. As mentioned above, these activities of anti-communistic Parties seem to have stepped a great stride compared with former attitude.

B. Activities of NIHON KAKUMEI KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI (日本革命菊旗同志会 Japan Chrysanthemum-Flag Comrades Society):

(1) NAGANO Kazuyo (永野一兵), member of Kawaminami (川南) Branch Office, Fukushima faction of this society planed to establish a branch office at Tomishima Machi, Miyazaki Prefecture, by leading GIRI Motoichi (義理元一), Tomishima Kami Machi (富島上町), Higashi Usuki County, Miyazaki (宮崎県東臼杵郡富島上町) Prefecture, and held a "lecture meeting for annihilation of communists", by inviting campaign speakers from Tokyo (東京) and Kumamoto (熊本) Branch Offices, on February 16, this year, at the hall of Tomishima (富島) primary school. Furthermore, on March 6, he held a lecture meeting at the Miyazaki (宮崎県) Prefectural Public Hall, by assistances and efforts of Miyazaki District Committee, and succeeded in gaining numerous Party members, by giving a great impressive influence over audience. Especially, after the closure of lecture at Tomishima primary school, he held a joint speech meeting with communists among the audience and completely defeated communist speakers, in front of the audience. Details of the Joint speech meeting were as follows.

a. Major participants:

Chrysanthemum Flag Comrades Society:

下田 宮次郎
SHIMODA Miyojiro Central Committee

Central Committee member.

金谷 繁
KANAYA Shigeru

Chief of the Second Youth Canvassing Corps.

奥山 功
OKUYAMA Ko

Tokyo District Central Committee member.

桑原 富重
KUWAHARA Tomimichi

of
Member, Miyazaki Branch Office, Yatsushiro (八代)
District.

谷口 治男
TANIGUCHI Haruo

Member of Miyazaki Branch Office,
Yatsushiro District.

米岡義治
YONEOKA Yoshiharu

standing committee member of Miyazaki
Branch Office, Yatsushiro District.

松浦 伝一
MATSUURA Den-ichi

Chairman of Miyazaki Kenhoku District
Committee.

Other several members.

永野一夫
NAGANO Kazuyo

Member of Kawaminami (川南) Branch Office.

黒木 繁
KUROKI Shigeru

Ditto

GIRI Motoichi

member of Establishment Preparation Committee for Miyazaki Branch Office.

Communist Party:

伊藤一郎
ITO Ichiro

member of Nobuoka district committee.

山本
A certain YAMAMOTO

Other several members.

上田好
UEDA Ko

Miyazaki cell member, 延岡 Nobuoka District Committee.

Other several members.

b. Circumstances of the oratorial meeting.

Two and half hours long severe attack on the Communist Party was made by KANAYA 金谷 繁 Shigeru and SHIMODA 下田 宮次郎 Miyajiro, both members of the Chrysanthemum Flag Comrades' Society, who uncovered the Communists' past criminal records as well as termed its theory advocating over-all peace treaty and immediate withdrawal of the Occupation Forces as academic. They persuade the attendants what Japan and Japanese people should stand for or what attitude they should hold at the peace conference. Their speeches gave the audience of about 1,200 deep impression while the Communists present failed in agitation because their several hecklings were completely checked by the hearers.

Further, the speeches were followed by the debate with one person fifteen minutes between the society and the Communists for a hour long in which the latter was talked down in completeness. In the meanwhile, more than 1,2000 hearers were in a exciting mood of "down with the Communists". It was a great failure the Communists ever experienced and a great success for the Chrysanthemun Flag Commrades' Society.

Comment on the reactionary Communist Party (gist) by KANAYA Shigeru.

"Productive and other facilities in present community are not in the hands of a few Capitalists or Dictators, but in the hands of the public at large. The Communists are trying to take them away from the public for exploitation.

Marxist's saying and doing run to excess, The Communists advocate "for the public" and "for peace" in mouth while act for dictatorship and disturbance of peace."

The speaker, taking up such cases as "Mitaka Train Runaway Incident" "Taira Police Assault Incident" etc., hit at the Communists' over-all peace treaty and peace movement as fake

Dedicated to the war-dead patriots (gist)
by SHIMODA Miyajiro.

"Japanese self-importance brought Japan's defeat in the war. It was a big mistake for Japanese who are unable to hold Japan as a house, to attain their dreamy ambition to hold the world as a house at its commands."

The speaker, praising gentlemanship in both sides at Sino-Japanese and Russo-Japanese Wars, and denouncing

the manners of Generals 松井 MATSUI and 山下 YAMASHITA at the last war, continued his words:

"America internationally demonstrated our emperor's bow to General MacArthur in distributed pictures of their interview. She also called it a victory of civilization to having killed hundreds of thousands of both Hiroshima and Nagasaki with the atomic bombs. According to the press, Mr. Dulles' visit indicates the conclusion of peace treaty within this year. We will never have the forthcoming, peace treaty follow in the past Versaille Treaty.

As far as a peace treaty is disciplinary to a defeated nation, it will never invite a permanent peace. Now is the time that we Japanese should have our eyes on the proceeding of the peace conference in order to make Japan a peaceful democratic nation.

This is the way to compensate the war-dead patriots for their merits."

c. Debatings with the Communists.

By One YAMASHITA (Communist).

What the Communist Party now advocates is over-all peace and opposition to military base. Separate peace and rearmament is the way to war. Impossibility of over-all

peace is claimed by Yoshida Cabinet, but it is brought about by strong suppression of top administrators. Besides, it is some Capitalists who make money in war who seek the separate peace.

The Crysanthemum Flag Comrades' Society is a terroristic organization and the people should expel it.

By KANAYA Shigeru (Chrysanthemum).

Show us the proof that our society is the terroristic one. We are not concerned in the assault-on-TOKUDA incident. Study more! Of couse, the people are all looking forward to over-all peace and anti-war. However, who stand in the way are Stalin and MAO Che-tung, both are the boss and senior of the Communists. The Communist Party is exerting itself in the anti-tax struggle. Now show its effectiveness. It does nothing but to disturb the national tax administration.

上田 悦

By UEDA Yoshi (Communist).

The lecture by the Crysanthemum Flag Comrades' Society so far is another Aesop's Fables. Express its opinion on how to manage Japanese living rather than to state its empty theory. As there are capitalistic Imperialists including America, a war in the world will not come to end.

下田宮次郎
By SHIMODA Miyajiro (Chrysanthemum)

Then, is there no war among the socialistic nations. In the Second World War, the Soviet Russia declared the war against Japan even in the effective term of Russo-Japanese Non-aggression Pact.

伊藤一郎
By ITO Ishiro (Communist).

We should keep close watch on the rise of exclusive Capitalism from 1946 soon after the democratic camp's victory over Fascist Nations with difficulty in the Second World War. America has compelled the West Europian nations to come under the Marshal Plan while invested in Japan the counterpart funds. These are the way to overcome the standatill of exclusive capitalism, and a step to advance the colonization of these nations.

(2) 島津 SHIMAZU Group placed its activitity plan before this June the conquer of the Communist-influenced region and the local election. In its first practice, anti-Communism propaganda movement was carried out throughout the whole area of Onoda City, 山口県小野田市 Yamaguchi Prefecture with its foothold of Sakurayama Coal Mine in the city. The movement pending since last March was so successful with the formation of an area committee in that district. The group has continuously held several anti-Communism

meetings in the prefecture.

The group, furthermore, has now a plan of speaking tour in the North Kyushu, Hokkaido (北海道) and Sanin (山陰) regions to break the Communist influence.

Movement plan for the first half of this year:

Early in March, a great anti-communist lecture meeting is scheduled to be held at the Watanabe (渡辺) Hall with a seating capacity of fifteen thousand (15,000) persons located at Ube City (宇部市), Yamaguchi Prefecture (山口県) presided by chairman MINAMI Kiichi (南 亀一) of the Yamaguchi Prefectural Committee. YOSHITOMI (吉富), a member of the Yoshitomi Central Committee was in charge of the scheme. Before that time, they will conduct leaflets and wall-paper propaganda as the previous operation, try to overthrow the Communists and form a new organization in Utsube City where is much affected by the Communists.

Chairman SHIMAZU, TAGATA (田方), member of the Central Committee and the Youths Action Corps from the headquarters supported this movement in anticipation of the interference by the Communists.

In mid-March, an anti-communist lecture meeting is scheduded to be held at seven places in Yame (八女) and Mizumo (三潴郡) Counties in Fukuoka (福岡) Prefecture presided by Chairman Shimazu (島津).

In May, the lecture meeting is expected to be held by MATSUMOTO Takayuki of the Enga Area Committee and Chairman YOSHITAKE of the prefectural committee for the purpose of increasing more comrades chiefly in Yahata City and its neighboring places in the North Kyushu district.

A movement is scheduled to be waged for the formation of any organization by acting on comrades of the TOYO KOATSU K.K. (Oriential High Pressure Steel Company) and the MIIKE SENRYO K.K.(Miike Dyestuffs Company) at Omuta City.

In mid-May, they are scheduled to go on a stumping tour to Tottori and Shimane Prefectures and Hokkaido Since Hokkaido.

Since Hokkaido is an important place in view of the current situation, where they and the Communist are keenly pitted against each other.

The nation-wide stumping party is scheduled to go to Hokkaido headed by the chairman after TAGATA and YOSHITOMI, members of the Central Committee go there at first.

Furthermore, another party is scheduled to go on a stumping tour to Tottori and Shimane Prefectures with AKIYOSHI as its head and TSUDOME.

Their principal destination is Shonai Village nearby Matsue City where two-thirds of villagers are communists

including the village headman and village assembly men.

Their aim seems to break down the tieup of the Communists group there.

In April they are scheduled to support election compaign.

菊旗
The KIKUHATA (Chrysanthemum Flag Society) will nominated two (2) persons in Fukuoka, one (1) person in Oita and one(1) person in Yamaguchi Prefectures respectively for the condidates of prefectural assembly men.

The following is the major decided matters for the election campaign policy.

Expected condidate for prefectural assembly men are as follows:

堀川　　久助　　福岡
HORIKAWA Hisasuke in Yame County, Fukuoka Prefecture is a nominated candidate.

秋吉
AKIYOSHI Yutaka, director of the Organization Bureau of the headquarters is a candidate authorized the KIKUHATA for the 大分 Oita Prefectural Assembly man.

Expected candidates for municipal assembly men are as follows:

倉重　達男	下関
KURASHIGE Tatsuro	in Shimonoseki City.
〃　町.	萩
IMACHI	in Hagi City.

Expected candidates for town assembly men are as follows:

Some fifty(50) comrades throughout this country running on a neutral ticket.

Fifteen(15) comrades in Fukuoka Prefecture.

The essential points of the election campaign counter-measure for Candidate HORIKAWA (堀川) for the prefectural assembly man nominated by the above Yame (八女) Area Committee.

Guidance Body:

Consultant: 島津 定泰
SHIMAZU Sadayasu (Central Executive Committee member)

Election Campaign management chief:
宮川 廉一
MIYAGAWA Ren-ichi

Election Counter-policy Division chief:
田形竹雄男
TAGATA Takeo

Corps members: 田形又次
TAGATA Mataji
樋口泰男
HIGUCHI Yasuo
大渕光義
OBUCHI Mitsuyoshi
山口光男
YAMAGUCHI Mitsuo
中島秀水
NAKAJIMA Shusui

(Each of members mentioned above have duty on two or three villages as their territory and is a responsible person)

Election Counter-policy Headquarters is located at Kuroki-cho and at this office, the liaison officer and counter policy division member are stationed.

Lecture corps' organization:

This corps is organized with four Headquarters' members including SHIMAZU Sadayasu and seven temporaly members, and the traffic car is used for election campaign.

The Second Lecture Corps consist of three members headed by 入江 IRIE Gengo.

The Third Lecture Corps consist of three members headed by 田形博行 TAGATA Hiroyuki.

These Corps use bicycle for the campaign and at every village, the lecture corps of the village consisting of three members is formed and its expenses depends on members' debt and fixed according to the actionpplan.

C. Activity conditions of the National Propaganda Corps of the Constitutional Justice Party in Tokyo.

The Party Headquarters is despatching the National Propaganda Corps since middle of February for the purpose of propaganda.

And the concrete activities in Tokyo could not find and,at last at three places--- Kojimachi Primary School, on Mar. 7, Motoka Primary School on Mar. 8, Shinjuku-Okubo Primary School on Mar. 9 --- the lecture meeting was scheduled to open under the sponsorship of each branches.

The conditions of the lecture meeting at Kojimachi 麹町 Primary School on Mar. 7 was as follows:

Date: From 7:00 p.m. to 9:20 p.m. on Mar. 7

Location: Kojimachi Primary School's Hall.

Sponsor: Chiyoda 十代田 Branch of the Party.

Responsible person: MITAKE Mojuro 三浦 武十郎

Participants: Number of auditory --- 10

Branch members ------- 20

Conditions of meeting room:

At the entrance of the room, a sign described as "Lecture Hall of the National Propaganda Corps of the Constitutional Justice Party" was set and a Japanese lantern described as "Chiyoda Branch of the Constitutional Justice Party" was hanged, and in front of the room, a slogan entitled as "All people, gather to the Constitutional Justice Party" and a Japanese flag were pasted.

Contrary to the schedule, the meeting was opened at 7:00 p.m. after 30 minutes behind the scheduled time because number of participants was only ten. All them were male who was about 40 years old.

Course of meeting:

Opening address was offered by sponsor MITAKE Mojuro.

Lecture entitled as "Management of Policy due to the Emperorism" was given by Headquarters director TSUJI Ken-ichi.

Contents of lecture:

The Constitutional Justice Party was established in 1927 with intention of realization of polity due to Emperorism. And this doctorine is not changed still now and the Party has been making efforts in opposition to the other parties which have the worship of the Almighty Dollar.

In consequence, 1942, the comrades numbered about 130,000 and after the end of the war, the party is making efforts in reconstruction.

Recently, the word of the Democratic Polity is popular among people, but many of them can't understand the Democratic polity and they think of the Democratic polity without existence of Emperor. In my opinion, the polity should be taken by Emperor and people, and the center of moral lies in Emperor. By this reason Emperor's government is needed. Under present situation of the world, the coming war is inevitable and we should make the rearmament against the Soviet Union.

Opinion on present situation of the world was given by Chiyoda Branch member 吉田聖一 YOSHIDA Seiichi.

The present Japan can't be escaped from difficulties by settlement of thought problem that which way we choice, Capitalism or Communism, and the united polity is only way to save Japan.

Because Emperor is fairness and impartiality, the polity of Japan will become good if we put the Emperor at the center of polity.

The purpose of our Party is the construction of Democratic Japan centering around Emperor.

Comparing our Party with the other parties, we found the ill-points of the other parties.

Now in Korean front, the U.N. Army is fighting against the Red China Army and this will bring the third world war. But war will over shortly.

The lecture entitled as "The Right Japanese Policy in view of people's consciousness." was given by general director of Headquarters SHIMAZAKI Denzo.

Establishment of the racial consciousness is to rise the patriotism. Without patriotism, the construction of Japan is impossible and the present parties have no patriotism, I wonder.

"Peace" under the slogan of the Social Democratic Party is a peace for individual and is not peace for all Japanese.

Members of Police Reserve, who gathered for the purpose of a retiring allowance of ¥ 20,000, can't protect Japan against enemy. And it is doubtful that most of them have a patriotism.

Only Emperor has a patriotism that I make Japan peace country.

Our Party aims at the realization of good polity with people having the aforesaid patriotism.

In the Constitution of Japan, the construction of peaceful Japan after abandonment of war is described. And we can protect Japan by this measure, I doubt. And rearmament of Japan will be driven by necessity. and then establishment of racial consciousness is necessary. The Party despatched the National Propaganda Corps for the sake of this.

People's power gathered by a patrictism appeared in the form of the Party and, by practise of our doctorine, the right Japanese polity is taken. This doctorine is the consistent policy of our party since formation in 1927.

Long Live the Emperor! The meeting was over.

As shown in speechs by lecturers, the necessity of rearmament and establishment of polity centering around Emperor are required but the atomosphere of the room was low-keyed and two or three attendants out of all left the room in the middle of lecture and no one who sympathized with the doctorine were seen.

Lecturers and contents of lecture of lecture meetings on Mar. 8,9, was as well as the meeting at Chiyoda Branch, it is said by a sponsor.
Chief of Chiyoda Branch is MITAKE Shokichi and the responsible person of this lecture meeting was

MITAKE Shigejuro and his name was written in the leaflet concerning opening of the meeting.

And this seems to be his election campaign by MITAKE's for his candidature of Chiyoda Ward Assembly member election.

II. None.

III. None.

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

Mitsugi. A, I.D. Second (5) Mar. 1, 1951) (329) 249, S

March 20, 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Movements of the members of former Right Wing Anti-Communistic, and Religious Organizations. (During February).

Investigation of the members of former right wing, anti-communistic and religious organizations.

Date : December 14, 1950

Name : ONASHI Yasuemon 尾越 安右エ門

Office : Chairman of OITAKEN HANKYO REMMEI (Anti-Communists' league in Oita Prefecture). 大分縣 反共 連盟

Address: 275, Kusunoki-cho, Beppu City. 楠 町 別府

Speech :

1. On Occupation Policy :

I went to Tokyo 東京 in the end of March 1950,

where I had an interview with General MacArthur, who proposed to me that the Occupation Forces will hand their weapons over to the Anti-Communistic organizations here when they leave Japan.

2. On the Korean Fray.

The Soviet Union wishes the revolution of Japan by inside operation on the pretext of the Korean fray; smuggling is said to be carried on through Shanghai, Korea and Japan. All the Korean should be sent back compulsorily.

I know from my experience of twenty odd years that the Korean tell a lie and steal, and they are quite incorrigible, but they will come to ask help to Japan in due time when everything will be in disorder there.

Date : Jan. 17,1951

Name : SAMI Tetsuo 佐味鉄雄

Office: Chief of Ishikawa 石川 Branch of the BOKYO SHIMBUN 防共新聞 (Anti-Communist Press).

Speech :

Seeing from the situation of Korean War, the general trend is as follows :

1. Trend of lower class :

U. S. A. is weak in the war after all boasting, The Chinese Red is said to be coming within this year. A time will surely come when the anti-communist will feel repentance. If we support the Communist Party, we shall have some profit such as tax reduction while there is nothing profitable in the camp of anti-communist, i.e. U. S. A.

2. Trend of middle and Lower Classes :

It does not seem to be a dream for the Chinese Red or Soviet to advance into Japan under the present situation of war, for they have lurking power. We had better be pro-Sovietistic to some extent from now, or else we shall find ourselves in difficulties.

Date : Jan. 14, 1951

Name : YAMANAKA Takuo 山中 拓雄

Office: Branch Chief of Kumamoto 熊本 of KOKUMINTO 国民党 (Nationalist Party)

Address: 1236, Kengun-cho 健軍 町, Kumamoto City 熊本, Kumamoto 熊本 Prefecture.

Speech :

At the coming election, I shall organize a storming party to canvass disregarding success or failure but for letting public know our Party.

We are against the rearmament as a rule from our ideology. Peace cannot be maintained by the weapon. We want to support the Gandhiism which is non-resistance but disobeidience.

There is a friend of mine who is subscribing for forty kinds of American newspaper. He says that it is apparent for America to abondon Japan, but not to defend us to the last when the war brecks out. We are on the merge of crisis, and shall have to experience a hard time if we believe in what the Americans say.

Date : Jan. 19, 1951

Name : TSURUMA Torakichi 鶴間 虎吉

Office: Chiba Prefecture Main Office Head of SOKOKU 祖国 BOEI SEINEN JIEIDAN 防衛 青年 自衛団 (Motherland Defence Young Men's Self Protection Association).

Address: Chiba Prefecture.

Speech :

1. The Police will be unable to manage to suppress the riot if the Communists revolts from three places at once in Chiba 千葉 Prefecture.

2. We can call about six hundred persons together at a command.

Date : Jan. 19, 1951

Name : TABAYASHI (田林) Toshio (俊雄)

Address: Yamaguchi (山口) Prefecture.

Speech :

Although General MacArthur said in the New Year Message that one must protect his own country, I don't know how much armaments is necessary to protect Japan from the attack by the modern weapon. The moderate armaments may rather give rise to the aggression by other countries, and lead the country again to ruin.

Date : Jan. 19, 1951

Name : KADOGAWA (角川) Masaji (政治)

Office: Standing Secretary of Hagi (萩) District Committee of KIKUHATA (菊旗) DOSHIKAI (同志会) (Japan Revolution Chrysanthemum Flag Society).

Address: Yamaguchi (山口) Prefecture.

Speech :

The post war policies for rebuilding Japan are not a mere diplomacy, but the embodiment of General MacArthur's pure humanity. We are very grateful to that, and we take it for the solemn suggestion to the future of Japanese nation who hope earnestly for peace.

Date : Jan. 19, 1951

Name : HAYASHI (林) Yoshio (良雄)

Office: Person who falls under Item D. of the Purge Directive.

Address: Yamaguchi (山口) Prefecture.

Speech :

It is rather ridiculous to hold fast to the new Constitution in which is prescribed renunciation of war. I think there is no obstacle in rearming Japan when all the Japanese hope so.

Date : Jan. 19, 1951

Name : YAMAMOTO (山本) Tameyoshi (為善)

Office: Person who falls under Item E.

Speech :

In order to protect the independence hoping for peace, it is necessary to prepare ourselves with the armaments of self-defence and ardent patriotism and international faith. It must be the first thing to acquire the freedom of keeping the armaments, and then to provide with the practical armaments step by step as far as the internal affairs permit.

But we must pay extraordinary attention to the administrative system and military education so that the militalist may not suppress the politician against the will of people.

Date : Jan. 24, 1951

Name : ISHIDA Bunzo 石田豊蔵

Office: Ex-Colonel. Former Head of Special Infomation Organ. Assistant Chief of Yamagata 山形 Prefecture of BUTOKUKAI 武徳会 (Marshal Virtue Society).

Speech:

The Chinese Red is superior in the Korean War, but will not dare to cross the Japan Sea. They have not enough ships nor command of the air, but the Korean in Japan revolt from time to time. Some information says that the Japanese Communists are moving to Hokkaido 北海道. Perhaps they are carrying the weapons there. The revolting Koreans have used club till now, but they will revolt with the missle in the future. Though there are the Police Reserve Foree and maritime Safety Force, here, they have no idea of risking their lives for the sake of state.

Date: Jan. 24, 1951.

Name: 織田正信
ODA Masanobu.

Office: Head of 救国青年連盟 KYUKOKU SEINEN REMMEI

(Young Men's Association of Country Salvation)

Address: 香川 Kagawa Prefecture.

Speech and Behavior:

1. About Problem of Peace:

I have stated my opinion about the Peace problem two years ago, and my view is unchanged even now. Of course, we should conclude the separate Peace Treaty, and my opinion on the problem of territory and the other hopes have been reported to the SCAP already. I have hoped the withdrawal of the Occupation Force from Japan, but now I have come to embrace the opinion that fifty thousand (50,000) or a hundred thousand (100,000) soldiers are hoped to stay here.

2. About Rearmaments:

As America's attitude toward the Peace problem is not clear, I am now examining it, and shall make publice our attitude.

3. Prevention of Civil War:

Under the present state of affairs in Japan, it is difficult to support self-independence of economy, and, it will be no easy matter to prevent the possible civil war.

We cannot rely solely upon the Police Reserve Force to defend ourselves. It is said that the discord occurred in the Corps of Hokkaido 北海道 and Shizuoka 静岡, and that the communists have stolen in there. We must be closely careful.

Date: Jan. 27, 1951.

Name: 菊川 末吉 KIKUKAWA Suekichi.

Office: Member of Prefectural Assembly.

Adviser to Prefectural Branch of Liberal Party.

Address: 熊本 Kumamoto Prefecture.

Speech:

It is very pleasing for the people that the prospect of Peace become widened by the visit of Dulles mission. The Liberal Party hopes the Peace Treaty will be concluded with as many countries as possible in equal terms as President Yoshida 吉田 says, and the Kumamoto 熊本 Prefectural Branch of the Liberal Party support generally the Peace policy of the present Cabinet.

Date: Jan. 29, 1951.

Name: 尾形 彦太郎 OGATA Hikotaro.

Office: Member of Prefectural Assembly.

Adviser of Prefectural Branch of Democratic Party.

Addresson: 熊本 Kumamoto Prefecture.

Speech:

熊本 Kumamoto Prefectural Branch of the Democratic Party support the attitude of MIKI 三木 Takeo 武夫, chief secretary of the Democratic Party, following the fundamental course of the Party, but the leaders of the Prefectural Branch of the Party support the policy of the present Cabinet, I support the peace policy of Premier Yoshida 吉田 privately and there are many people who support the present Government's peace policy in 熊本 Kumamoto Prefecture.

Date: Jan. 29, 1951.

Name: OKAZAKI 岡崎 Juro 十郎

Office: Socialist member.

Prefectural Assembly member of 熊本 Kumamoto.

Addresson: 熊本 Kumamoto Prefecture.

Speech:

Each party's diplomatic policies should have been unified at the moment when Japan would start into the world of democratic nations as an independent state. As a Japanese, I am sorry that each party is still debating the practical problem of peace.

Date: Jan. 30, 1951.

Name: 福島 青史
FUKUSHIMA Seishi.

Office: 日本 菊旗 同志会
Chairman of NIHON KIKUHATA DOSHI KAI

(Japan Revolution Chrysanthemum Flag Association)

Address: 熊本
Kumamoto Prefecture.

Speech:

We have displayed already this year's slogans such as the "eary Peace", "self independence", "anti-Communism", "anti-war" and "self-defence", and "today's Korea is tomorrow's Japan".

We shall trace the course of the Liberal Party's peace policy which is resembling to ours.

Date: Jan. 30, 1951.

Organization: 日の丸 同志会
HINOMARU DOSHIKAI.

(Rising Sun Comrades Association).

Address: 熊本
Kumamoto Prefecture.

Speech:

Concerning the peace problem, our principle is to annibilate the Communist Party, to establish the democratic peaceful Japan; and the policy of the Liberal Party agrees with what we wish, and we wish the Bonin Islands, Loochoo Islands and Kurile Island, which formerly belonged to Japan, should be returned to us.

Date: Jan. 25, 1951.

Name: 丸山直臣 MARUYAMA Naomi.

Office: Deputy Chairman of Board of Directors of Combined Branch of Niigata of RIKKEN YOSEIKAI. 新潟 立憲養正会

(Constitutional Justice Party)

Address: 新潟 Niigata Prefecture.

Speech: 養正会

Our YOSEIKAI (Constitutional Justice Party) will demand resolutely limitless rearmament. It will take twenty or thirty years to rearm ourselves to the equal level of America and Russia, and the future army shall not be an aggressive one like former militarists, who neglected the will of the Tenno. 天皇

After all, we shall have to be able to cope well with the terroristic revolution by the Communist Party.

Date: Jan. 31, 1951.

Name: 若森佐一 WAKAMORI Saichi.

Office: Ex-Standing Secretary of Bofu Branch of TENKAN DAKAI 天関打開 防府 期成会 KISEI KAI.

(National Crisis Overcoming Association)

Location: 山口 Yamaguchi Prefecture.

Speech:

1. On the problem of the outlaw of the Japan Communist Party.