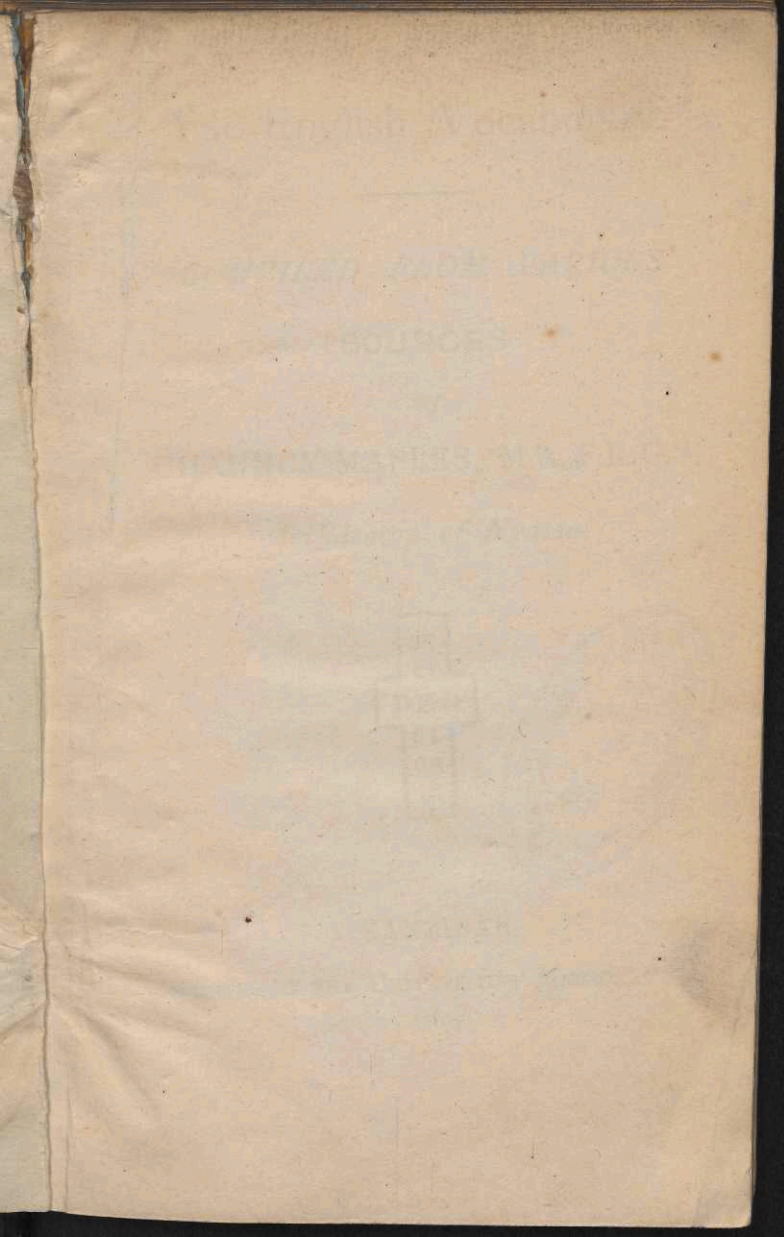


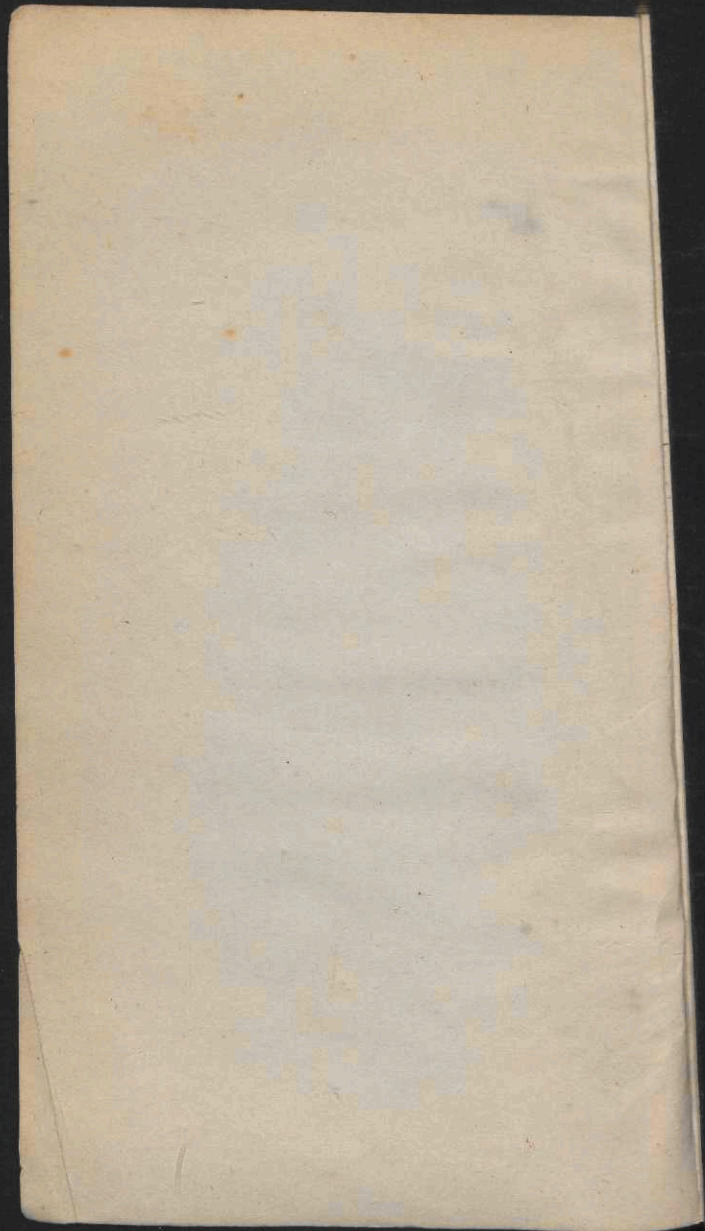
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Bantunop,

Yao





Yao-English Vocabulary.

COMPILED FROM VARIOUS
SOURCES

by

CHAUNCY MAPLES, M.A., F.R.G.S.

Archdeacon of Nyassa.



ZANZIBAR.

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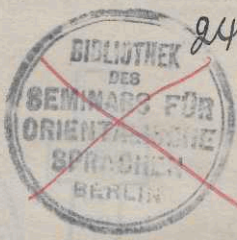
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INTRODUCTION.

It is now fully ten years since I compiled, from Bishop Steere's "Collections for a Handbook of the Yao Language," the "Yao-English Vocabulary" of which the present issue is an enlargement. The former Compilation was made in the most mechanical manner, at a time when I had no acquaintance whatever with the Yao tongue, and while I was still living in Zanzibar. It is scarcely a matter for surprise, therefore, that it contained many downright errors, in addition to its various other defects, and its general incompleteness. For the present edition of this vocabulary I have many apologies to offer. At one time, indeed, I had formed a more ambitious scheme, and had hoped to have been able, ere this, to issue a tolerably complete Yao-English lexicon; but as years went on, my early enthusiasm for linguistic studies began to flag, and press of other work, and varied occupations and distractions, combined to cause me to banish all thoughts of a dictionary. Add to this, my long sojourn at Masasi did not bring me in contact with the main body of the Yao people, nor can I be said ever to have had an opportunity of picking up the language anywhere near its true source, I, however, continued to note down from time to time, though in a sadly desultory manner, the words in the language which were new to me and to the old vocabulary; and in this way, by the time I left

Newala last year to come and reside in Lukoma, where Yao is never spoken. I had added to the original collection some 300 new words. In August last year I had the great pleasure of meeting the Rev. Alexander Hetherwick, of the Mission of the Established Church of Scotland at Blantyre. In him I found a Yao scholar not less enthusiastic than industrious, and I had the great advantage of much conversation and comparing of notes with him on the subject of the intricacies and puzzles of Yao grammar. It was interesting to both of us to find that we had independently arrived at the same conclusions with regard to several of the problems presented, while, with regard to others I believe we were able each to throw light on the other's researches. I found, that having already made some excellent translation of Bible stories and smaller portions of the Scriptures, Mr. Hetherwick was, at the time of my visit, engaged upon a Yao version of St. Mark. In addition to these labours, he had found time to amass a very large number of new Yao words, and to make many notes for a complete handbook to the language. He told me that, if spared to return home a few years hence, he hopes to see both the grammar, and the Vocabulary (which no doubt will deserve the title of lexicon) through the press. I can say with confidence that, if these are published, our Mission will derive the greatest benefit from them, and will owe their author no small measure of thanks. Meanwhile, however, it may be some years before they are duly printed and published, and for this reason I am emboldened to put forth another edition of the old Yao-English vocabulary. Mr. Hetherwick has

very kindly permitted me to incorporate all his new-found words, and these amount to certainly not less than 1,500, many of which are identical with some of those on my own shorter list. Perhaps the present edition of the Vocabulary contains double as many words as the former one, and this fact will be allowed, I think, to constitute a sufficient reason for its issue. Comparing it with the tolerably full vocabulary of Bondei which Mr. Woodward has published, I find the number of words in the Yao list to exceed those of the Bondei by at least 1,000. In the new edition, many of the errors in the old one have been avoided or corrected, and several more than doubtful words, which had crept into the Vocabulary by mistake, have been omitted, but I cannot claim to have thoroughly revised Bishop Steere's works, though aware of its urgent need of revision. Neither have I attempted any classification of the various meanings of the words. All I have done, is to mark by numbers (1, 2, 3 &c.) meanings which appear to be perfectly distinct, and to have no connexion with one another. Where the meanings have been either synonymous or evidently derivative the one from the other, I have usually, though not always, written them together without numbers. I send the little book out as a simple vocabulary, because of Mr. Hetherwick's forthcoming dictionary which must necessarily take its place. My own Yao studies, such as they have been, at all times desultory, superficial, and slovenly, are probably now set aside for ever. At Lukoma the language is never spoken, and on the shores of the lake throughout its upper part, with the exception of Chingomanje's town,

hardly at all. Until some new station is founded in Yao-land, our friends at Blantyre, and our own workers at Masasi and Newala, will be our only authorities on the language. Before quitting the subject however, I should like to add a few words on some points connected with it, that struck me after studying the Yao translations published at Blantyre. I am astonished beyond measure to find the exceedingly small amount of variation that exists between the Yao as spoken at Blantyre and that of Masasi 300 miles distant, I refuse altogether to recognize different dialects of Yao after seeing those translations, except indeed in such a sense as, in England, we speak of the dialects of Hants and Cambridgeshire. I believe the Yao language to be practically the same wherever it is spoken, and the cause of this to be found in the fact that the Yaos are never stay-at-homes, but that since they are always travelling about from place to place, their language has no chance of differing much in different places. Words do not remain peculiar to one village because of the constant communication that is kept up between all of them. Thus, if a new word ever does arise in one village, it is soon spread about everywhere; or if, on the other hand, an old one should begin to fall into comparative disuse, it is not allowed to be forgotten altogether, by reason of the numerous caravans visiting the villages. when the word is sure at one time or another to crop up again, and so rarely dies out entirely in any part of Yao land, except, indeed, in the general decay of the language which, however slowly, is nevertheless surely going on. I can safely aver that Mr. Hetherwick's translation of St. Mark can be read in our

Churches at Newala and Masasi, so as to be perfectly well understood by the Yaos there assembled. Mr. Hetherwick, indeed, told me, that any translation of St Matthew would not be understood at Blantyre. He was, however, too polite to add the reason which is certainly not far to seek. The translation was made before I had been at Masasi 14 months, or had had time to gain any real knowledge of the language. Hence, in addition to the large amount of clerical errors which a careless correction of proof sheets did not remove, there is an untold number of mistakes, grammatical and verbal, which are sufficient to make it unfit for reading, except by one who knows how to alter and correct as he reads. Again, another of its defects is to be found in the fact that my assistant in the work, a mere boy, was able to furnish me so seldom with special words, that, over and over again, I had to fall back upon Swahili for words which a better knowledge of Yao would have supplied. I take this opportunity of pointing out the reasons of the worthlessness of the translation, in order to warn others against following the example of my presumption. Mr. Hetherwick has never once, or only once, fallen back on Swahili: indeed, I believe he has little or no acquaintance with that tongue. It is also remarkable as affording a grand testimony to the fulness of the Yao language, that only a very few of the words he uses can be traced to Portuguese for their origin. Let any one take up Bishop Steere's translation of St Mark, and count up the Swahili words there, which are Arabic in origin, and then let one who knows Yao count up the foreign words in the Yao version

of the same gospel. He will no longer remain in any doubt as to which language must receive the palm for being purely African throughout and able to stand on its own original basis. Thus in the first page of St Mark's gospel, as it stands in our Swahili version, there are at least 16 words, some of which are used several times over, which are of direct Semitic origin. In the same number of verses in the Yao St. Mark, there is not a single word which can be traced to any foreign source, and I think I shou'd be within the mark, were I to add, that, in the whole gospel, not more than half a dozen words are from the Portuguese. I do not wish to appear to be putting any slight on the Swahili language as it now stands. I am ready to admit that, in one and all of its grammatical relations, it is and always has been, a pure and unmixed African tongue. Its grammar is full and comprehensive, and owes no thanks for this to Arabic or to any other foreign idiom. In itself, however, it is remarkably poor as to its vocabulary, having had to borrow largely, *how* largely, let the translation of words so simple as many of those used in the Gospels witness, from Arabic. This was necessary, hence the language has become, *in consequence of this enrichment from an external source*, an admirable vehicle for cultivated thought, and a thoroughly useful one for imparting education. Nevertheless, in justice to the language whose praises I desire always to sing, it must be said that, foreign enrichment apart, Yao is infinitely fuller and more copious than, and therefore infinitely superior to, Swahili. Only one entirely ignorant of the facts can dispute this. It will appear in the eagerly looked-for

biography of Bishop Steere, how thoroughly he appreciated the wide reach of the Yao language, its ability to stand alone, and its excellence as a medium for Biblical translations. It cannot be doubted, I think, that, in this latter respect, it far excels any of the neighbouring tongues. If I may be allowed to point out that which, among the many merits of the Yao version of St Mark, appears, to me the greatest, I should say that it lies in the thorough manner in which the translation keeps to the Yao idiom. The version is always accurate and perfectly literal, and yet all the peculiarities and the delightful terseness of Yao idiom have been held and preserved in it throughout. To my mind this is a genuine triumph of translation, and I cannot refrain here from expressing my admiration for this splendid achievement. It is, I will go so far as to say, the gospel as a born Yao would have written it. Having spoken of Mr. Hetherwick's work, I ought not to omit to mention that of another industrious Yao Scholar, Mr. Buchanan of Zomba, whose translation of St. Luke, though certainly inferior to the St. Mark, is still an excellent specimen of what good work in this line may be done by one who has had no special training in linguistics. I may be forgiven here for expressing my opinion, that a small proportion of the words made use of in both these versions do really belong to the Nyassa tongue. This is not the place to discuss any of the interesting problems of comparative philology upon which a study of Yao and neighbouring language are calculated to throw so much light; but I may mention that some of us are convinced, that a careful comparison of a few of these lan-

guages would lead to a knowledge of the origin of most, if not all, of the so-called pronominal and tense prefixes whose etymology and derivation have hitherto defied explanation. They are indeed, as Dr. Bleek long ago pointed out, the last lingering syllables of words formerly complete in themselves but worn down in the long process of phonetic decay, and whose meaning is still retained more or less in the tenses of verbs, and in the substantive to which they are now prefixed. *Ka--*, *li*, *lu. sa*, &c, &c, all yield up their secrets readily to the 'comparative' method of linguistic study. To anyone wishing to know *how* a genuine African thinks, or to speak more plainly, in what order he arranges his thoughts, I would say, study the Yao language. Study it, not in books, whether they be translations, grammars or vocabularies. Use these only for reference, but study the language by keeping ears open, and minds free from theories as to how the people might be expected to express their thoughts. Let any one keep to these simple rules, and he cannot fail to make a good Yao scholar, and, if he has a good ear, will end by speaking like one of the people themselves.

I have had but one motive in penning so long an introduction to so trivial and meagre a work. I have descanted on the merits of the Yao tongue, because I am anxious to stimulate others to take an interest in it, and to stir up the enthusiasm of fresh workers in a field I am deserting. If anything should prevent the issue of Mr. Hetherwick's dictionary within the next few years, I hope some one of our staff, whose labours lie among the Yaos, may find time to add the English-

Yao part of this Vocabulary, and make other improvements in my imperfect work. As I have already said, I send it forth with many apologies, and a full consciousness of its many defects; yet in spite of these, I am not without hope that it will fill up a gap, and prove useful to all whose travels or labours bring them into connexion with the Yao race.

CHAUNCY MAPLES.

Lukoma. Lake Nyassa.

June 23rd 1887.

The first of the following are the
arrangements in my mind for the
month of June. I have written
down the names of the persons
in charge of each of the
will be the same as in the
of the month of June.

CHARTERED

London, 1st June

Dear Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge
the receipt of your letter of the
1st inst. in relation to the
charter of the

London and South Western
Railway Company, and in reply
to inform you that the same
has been forwarded to the
proper authorities for their
consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

J. H. B. [Signature]

Secretary to the

London and South Western
Railway Company

15, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4

Enclosed are the

minutes of the meeting of the
Directors of the Company, held
on the 28th inst., in relation
to the charter of the

London and South Western
Railway Company, and in
reply to inform you that the
same has been forwarded to the
proper authorities for their
consideration.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,

J. H. B. [Signature]

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YAO-ENGLISH VOCABULARY.

A

- a, *of.*
a-, *the sign of the third person, sing. and plur. in verbs.*
Abusa, *n. s. pl. Shepherds, (see mbusa).*
Achajetu, *n. s. pl. Companions, neighbours.*
Achakongwe wa mitengu, *n. s. pl. Concubines.*
Achalendo, *n. s. pl. 1. Foreigners, 2. travellers, 3. guests.*
Achambuye, *n. s. pl. 1. Masters of a slave, 2. ancestors.*
Achambumba, *n. s. pl. 1. Women, 2. young women or girls.*
Acheni, *int. pr. Who?*
Achikulugwe, *n. s. His mother.*
Achimwene, *pl. achachimwene, 1. A king or chief, 2. master.*
Achinampapwala, *n. s. pl. Pouches for bullets, wads, flints.*
Achinasala, *n. s. pl. Coast traders.*
Achiwana, *n. s. 1. Children, 2. subjects.*

ALA

- Ai, *adv. Thus.*
Ajangu, *pl. achajangu, n. s. Companion.*
Ajenda, *Deceased.*
Aju, *pers. pr. This one, he or she.*
Ajila ku-, *v. 1. To suit or please, 2. to besit or beseem.*
Akawe, *(part of verb.) Except, but.*
Akaweje, *Except he be there.*
-ako, *poss. pr. Thy.*
Akoko, *adv. There.*
Akolelwa, *Verb. sub. A drunkard.*
-akowe, *poss. pr. Their own.*
Akuli, *He is there, it is there.*
Akulu, *n. s. pl. achakulu, An elder brother.*
Akwe, *n. s. 1. A father in law, 2. a son in law.*
-akwe, *poss. pr. His.*
-akweu, *poss. pr. His own, her own, its own.*
Akwelume, *n. s. Maternal uncle.*
-alakwe, *Such an one, such a thing, such and such people, &c.*

- Alambi, *n. s.* Citizens who pay tribute.
- Alambwao, *n. s.* Their or his brother or sister in law.
- Alamu, *n. s.* A brother or sister in law.
- Alendo, *n. s.* 1. A foreigner, 2. guest.
- aliji-, *v.* The past perfect of the verb kuwa, to be; Was or had been.
- Alina, Which is (exists).
- Alongo, *n. s.* 1. A brother or cousin, 2. a blood relation.
- Aluka ku-, *v.* 1. to be light, easy &c. 2. to be deprived of power, to be deposed, 3. to be brought to naught, 4. to deteriorate.
- Alumba, *n. s.* 1. A hunter, 2. a smelter of metals.
- Alumbu, *n. s.* A sister.
- Ama-ama, Either- or.
- Amao, *n. s.* A mother.
- Amao wanandi, An aunt (maternal).
- Ambiri, *n. s. pl.* Subjects.
- Ambosanga, *pl. achambo-sanga, n. s.* A friend or companion.
- Ambuje, *n. s.* 1. A master, 2. a grandparent.
- Amila ku-, *v.* 1. To deter from, prevent, to shame people from doing wrong

- by making their actions public, to drive wild beasts from an enclosure by making a noise.
- Amukuka ku-, *v.* To get up, and stand up straight, 2. to leave off bad ways.
- Amuli, He is inside.
- Amwali, *pl. achamwali, n. s.* A maiden, a young girl.
- Anasi, *n. s.* 1. Relations, 2. people living in the same village.
- Andika ku-, *v.* To be near.
- Andichila. ku-, *v.* To draw near to
- Andichisya ku-, *v.* To make draw near to.
- Angala ku-, *v. a.* To shout for joy, rejoice &c.
- Angali chiilu, Incorporated, (lit. he has no body).
- Angali machili, Weak, (lit. he has no strength).
- Angali malango, He has no manners.
- Angagoloka mtima, Insincere (lit. his heart is not straight).
- Angasalala mtima ku-, *v.* To hate, detest &c.
- angu, *poss. pr.* My.
- angune, *poss. pr.* My own.
- Anguya ku-, *v.* To make haste, to hurry.
- Angulila ku-, *v.* To cut off

- the topmost branches of a tree.*
- Ankawa, *Perhaps.*
- ao, *Their.*
- aoule, *Their own.*
- Apali, *He is here.*
- Apala, *Here.*
- Apano, *Here.*
- Apongwele, *pf. of pongola ku-, He has bred, (only used of animals).*
- Apowele, *pf. of poola ku-, It is bored.*
- Apuka ku-, *To ease.*
- Apwanga, *n. s. A younger brother.*
- Asa, ku-, *v. 1. To bury, 2. throw away &c.*
- Asanga ku-, *v. 1. To scatter, pour out. 2. to have an abortion.*
- Asiene, *n. s. l. An owner, possessor &c. 2. possessing.*
- Asiene chilambo, *n. s. A king.*
- Asika ku-, *v. To be destroyed, corrupted, lost.*
- Asiwani, *n. pl. of msiwani, Cousins (if children of a brother and sister, but not, if children of two brothers or two sisters).*
- Asokola matuli, *A carpenter, (lit. he hollows out mortars).*
- Asono, *n. s. A husband or*

wife.

- Atati, *n. s. A father.*
- Atati wanandi, *n. s. An uncle.*
- Atelesi, *n. s. The person who performs the ceremony at an unyago.*
- Atuswiche, *v. He is blind, his eye is put out.*
- Awa ku-, *v. a. l. To crawl, to creep, 2. to grow less.*
- awaga-, *The past imperf. of the verb kuwa, to be; Was.*
- Awala, *pers. pr. They.*
- Awowo, *A day which is more than four days in the future.*
- Awilo, *n. s. pl. They who who bury others.*

B.

- Balala-balala, *Helter-skelter.*
- Balalika, ku-, *v. To run away helter-skelter.*
- Balasa, *(Swahili) The place of concourse or meeting in a village or at a house.*
- Bangula ku-, *v. To roar as wild beasts.*
- Bimbi, *n. s. A dreamer.*
- Bungula ku-, *v. To blunt.*
- Bwasya ku-, *v. To leap (of fish).*

Bwasira ku-, *v.* To be very drunk.

Bwaliso, *n. s.* A table for drying fish, meat &c.

Bumusi, (?) *n. s.* breath.

CH.

Cha ku-, *v. n.* 1. To dawn
2. to fill up, 3. to leave
off raining, 4. to get ripe.

Chaigala, *Anything.*

Chajila, *n. s.* Good ground.

Chaka, *n. s. pl.* yaka, A year.

Chaka chakumala likumi, *Ten years ago*; chakachi, *When*; chakachichipitechile, *Last year*; chaka chikala, *The year before last*; chaka muchikupitila, *Annually.*

Chakulia, *n. s. pl.* yakulia, A meal, food, victuals.

Chala, *n. s. pl.* yala, A finger, toe; chala chachikongo, *A big toe, a thumb.*

Chalamandula ku-, *v. n.* To be tough and stiff like skin.

Chalii, *n. s.* Insolence, impudence.

Chalulimba, *n. s.* A le'l.

Chaluka, *n. s.* A kind of bean.

Chalumo, *adv.* Just like, equal, easily.

Chalumope, *adv.* Just together, easily.

Chamba, *n. s.* Cannabis Indica (*hang*).

Chambo, *n. s.* A kind of fish, 2. bait?

Chambesi, *Last.*

Chambonepe, *Thoroughly good.*

Chambujo, *In front.*

Chamchileu, *Lengthwise.*

Chamchipingula, *Across, oblique'y.*

Chamchitipa, 1. South, 2. broad, *breadthways.*

Champasupasu, *Used with Chilambo, in the sense of, A land where there is always war.*

Chimbunga, *n. s.* A whirlwind, an eddy of wind.

Chanache, *n. s.* A joke, derision.

Chanasa, *n. s.* Pity, mercy.

Changalama, ku-, *v. n.* To rustle because dry.

Changalamana, ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be healthy and lighthearted, 2. to fight without being wearied. 3, to have nothing to give a quest. Wandu wasiene kuchangalamana, *People who have good health.*

Changapagwa, *There is nothing there.*

Changatema, *Blunt (lit. it does not cut.)*

- Chanya. *Above.*
 Chau, *The dry season.*
 Chechena, kwasama chechena, ku-, *To grin and show the teeth.*
 Chejela, ku-, *v. n. To redden, become red. (pf. njejele).*
 Chejesya, ku-, *v. a. To dye red.*
 -chejeu, *adj. Red, brown.*
 Cheka, ku-, *v. a. To cut as with a saw.*
 -chekulu, *adj. Old.*
 Chela ku-, *v. a. 1. To clean (cotton) from the seeds. 2. to castrate. (pf. njesile).*
 Chelela, ku-, *v. a. To hollow out.*
 Chelenga, ku-, *v. n. To go fast, hasten, (pf. njelejile).*
 Chelwa, ku-, *v. n. To be late.*
 Chenga ku-, *v. n. To dazzle.*
 Chengulamya, ku-, *v. a. To stop a quarrel.*
 Chenje, *n. s. The hair on the body.*
 Chenjela, ku-, *v. a. To make peace. (pf. njejele).*
 Chenjele, *n. s. The blade of a knife.*
 Chenjelesya, ku-, *v. a. To reconcile. (pf. njejelesye).*
 Chenjerere, *n. s. Threads of soot which hang from the roof in houses.*
 Chenuka, ku-, *v. n. To become ripe and dry, as seeds or fruit.*
 Chengolanya, ku-, *v. a. To make peace.*
 Chepemba, *n. s. Great hunger or thirst.*
 Cherereka, ku-, *v. n. To be late.*
 Chereweka, ku-, *v. a. To call away, draw away the attention.*
 Cheseka, ku-, *v. n. To be without hair on the eyelids*
 Chesula, ku-, *v. a. To dye.*
 Chesuka, ku-, *v. u. To ferment; ichiswiche, it has fermented.*
 Chesya, ku-, *v. n. To stay the whole night.*
 Chete, *n. s. Silence.*
 Chi, *Expresses kind, prefixed to the name of the sort, e. g. the Yao sort, chiyao; the coast sort, chinasala, nyumba sya chinasala, Houses of the sort built on the coast.*
 Chi-, *The subjective verbal prefix, singular, denoting a Substantive*

- of the fourth class.
- Chi-, *The adjectival prefix, singular, agreeing with a substantive of the fourth class.*
- chi-, *The objective verbal prefix, singular, denoting a Substantive of the fourth class.*
- Chibuluri, *Arabic.*
- Chichi? *What?*
- Chichileko, *n. s. Anything strained through a sieve?*
- Chidulo, *n. s. Anything strained through a sieve into a basin or plate.*
- Chiduswa, *n. s. A bit of anything.*
- Chifunde, *n. s. Beer or food when stale.*
- Chigajigaji, *n. s. A rent sewn with thread.*
- Chigamba, *n. s. A patch.*
- Chigasa, *n. s. The palm of the hand.*
- Chigono, *n. s. A sleeping place in a journey.*
- Chigogo, *n. s. 1. Nausea, 2. great forgetfulness (as in forgetting ones work and thinking of something else).*
- Chigonele, *(He is) in bed, (ali) chigonele.*
- Chigoti, *n. s. A switch for beating people.*
- Chigugumusi, *n. s. Stam-*

- mering, stuttering.*
- Chigula, *n. s. Instinct, prudence.*
- Chiguluka, *A fibre used for making string.*
- Chigulukwanda, *n. s. A lizard.*
- Chigumuchiic, *n. s. A landslip.*
- Chigungumila, *A rumbling indistinct sound.*
- Chigunuka ku-, *v. n. To become level.*
- Chigwagwa, *n. s. A mocker (one who hears what is said and makes fun of it to others), one who laughs at everything.*
- Chigwedeka ku-, *v. n. To be shaken.*
- Chigwembele, *One who cannot work.*
- Chigwiri, *n. s. A short stump left of a hoe or axe.*
- Chiiga, *n. s. A hind limb.*
- Chiija, *n. s. A swelling.*
- Chiilu, *n. s. A body.*
- Chiimbundi, *n. s. A grass fence.*
- Chijani, *n. s. A running knot.*
- Chijao, *n. s. A feast, a gathering together of people to hoe a garden with a brew of beer afterwards.*

- Chijeje, *n. s.* *The cheek.*
 Chijesya, *n. s.* *A small potsherd.*
 Chijonjo, *n. s.* *A potsherd.*
 Chijoso, *n. s.* *An insect like a grasshopper but very small.*
 Chijuni, *n. s.* *A bird.*
 Chikala, *adv.* *Anciently.*
 Chikalakala, *n. s.* *A paper, ticket, book, letter &c.*
 Chikalakasa, *n. s.* *A skull.*
 Chikalala, *n. s.* *A large kind of basket.*
 Chikalangano, *n. s.* *An appointment made at parting.*
 Chikalawesa, *n. s.* *A nail (of the fingers).*
 Chikambi, *n. s.* *A quid of tobacco.*
 Chikasa, *n. s.* *A box.*
 Chikasu, *n. s.* *Ginger.*
 Chikengele, *n. s.* *A bell.*
 Chiko, *or pachiko,* *A ford.*
 Chikoi, *n. s.* *A large spoon or ladle.*
 Chikokalupia, *n. s.* *The first rains.*
 Chikokou, *n. s.* *Loitering.*
 Chikoko, *n. s.* 1. *A wild beast,* 2. *weeds,* 3. *dregs,* 4. *a mote in the eye.*
 Chikokomo, *n. s.* *Sound of rain or of a waterfall.*
 Chikola, *n. s.* *Food made soft by grinding.*
 Chikolola, *n. s.* *A kind of tree.*
 Chikololo, *n. s.* *A tobacco pipe.*
 Chikolongo, *n. s.* 1. *A spear,* 2. *a hippopotamus.*
 Chikolosa, *n. s.* *A room in a house.*
 Chikolowondo, *n. s.* *A whirlpool.*
 Chikombe, *n. s.* *A spoon or cup.*
 Chikombwa, *n. s.* *An eggshell.*
 Chikomo, *n. s.* *A gate.*
 Chikongo, *n. s.* 1. *A red-legged partridge,* 2. *a thumb or big toe.*
 Chikonyo, *n. s.* *The top of a pumpkin.*
 Chikopa, 1. *A shield,* 2. *a quiver.*
 Chikopia, *n. s.* *A close-fitting white skull cap.*
 Chikotwa, *n. s.* *A hoof.*
 Chikose, *n. s.* 1. *A claw,* 2. *the dead part of a nail.*
 Chikosomola, *n. s.* *A cough.*
 Chikowe, *n. s.* *A leathern belt.*
 Chikuku, *n. s.* *Chicken-pox.*
 Chikukulu, *n. s.* *The large mass of pig iron after smelting.*
 Chikulosa, *n. s.* *The*

- bride chamber.*
 Chikukumo, *n. s.* Vide chikokomo.
 Chikula, *n. s.* 1. *White ants*, 2. *anthills.*
 Chikululu, *n. s.* 1. *Adultery*, 2. *fornication.*
 Chikulundine, *n. s.* *The third party who accompanies the bridegroom in asking the bride.*
 Chikulukutu, *n. s.* *Strong calico, or string.*
 Chikumba, *n. s.* *A flood.*
 Chikumbu, *n. s.* *The handle of a knife.*
 Chikungu, *n. s.* *Brass or copper.*
 Chikuni, *n. s.* *Tail of a bird.*
 Chikuti, *n. s.* *A framework made of reeds for holding food.*
 Chikusilo, *n. s.* 1. *A heap of grass to be burned in planting gardens*, 2. *a stick used in taking off the bark of a tree.*
 Chikusa, *n. s.* *Disease of teeth with bleeding at anus.*
 Chikutumu, *n. s.* *A big drum*, 2. *sound made in beating water.*
 Chikutu, *n. s.* *An anthill.*
 Chikuwo, *n. s.* *Shouting made at a beer drinking*

- or in war with hands beating the mouth.*
 Chikwakwata, *n. s.* *A sandal.*
 Chikwekwe, *n. s.* 1. *A heap*. 2. *a dunghill.*
 Chikwesya, *n. s.* *An ascent.*
 Chikwelekwesi, *n. s.* *A kind of quail or partridge.*
 Chikwengwe, *n. s.* *A kind of quail or partridge.*
 Chikwelu, *n. s.* *A whistle.*
 Chikwindi, *n. s.* *A short stout person.*
 Chilabu, *n. s.* 1. *A remedy*, 2. *an oath.*
 Chilagu, *n. s.* *Medicine.*
 Chilala, *n. s.* *Old grass of the preceding year.*
 Chilambo, *n. s.* *Land, earth, country.*
 Chilandamlima, *n. s.* *A halting place without water.*
 Chilanga, *n. s.* 1. *The singing accompaniment in vogue at magambo*, 2. *a farewell with an appointment to meet at a certain place.*
 Chilapo, *n. s.* 1. *An oath*, 2. *ordeal.*
 Chilendo, kwenda chile-ndo, *Not to go purposely.*
 Chile, *adj.* *Ready.*

- Chileme, *n. s.* *A song with drums and dance.*
- Chilengwe, *n. s.* 1. *A wonder, or wonderful thing.*
- Chilenje, *n. s.* 1. *The small of the back, 2. narrow (-a chilenje). Mundu jua chilenje, a thin man.*
- Chilepe, *Least, in the least, at all.*
- Chilewelewa, *n. s.* *Dewlap.*
- Chili, *vide chile.*
- Chilika, *ku-, v. t.* *To strain salt from burnt banana stalks.*
- Chilikati, *Between, in the middle.*
- Chilili, *n. s.* *A raised place for sleeping, in house or verandah.*
- Chililika *ku-, v. n.* *To glide, to slip. Mesi gachililika pasi, the water is gliding down.*
- Chililo, *n. s.* 1. *weeping, lamentation, 2. a wake.*
- Chilimbika, *ku-, v. n.* *To settle, determine.*
- Chilindimo, *n. s.* 1. *Thunder, 2. a storm?*
- Chilindo, *n. s.* *A hut to scare birds from.*
- Chilinga, *n. s.* 1. *Custom, 2. instinct, 3. prudence.*
- Chilingo, *n. s.* 1. *Work of any kind, 2. a utensil, 3. furniture.*

- Chiliuka, *ku-, v. n.* *To turn back.*
- Chilo, *n. s.* *Night.*
- Chilongo, *n. s.* *A pipe.*
- Chilongwe, *n. s.* *Wages.*
- Chiloosi, *n. s.* *A present.*
- Chilonje, *n. s.* *What is scooped out of the inside of a drum.*
- Chilope, *n. s.* 1. *The marks of a murderer, red eyes, eyelids fallen out &c.*
- Chilopo, *n. s.* *A hook.*
- Chilowa, *n. s.* *A bamboo needle.*
- Chilu, *n. s.* *Millet blight.*
- Chilumbo, *n. s.* *A knot on a string.*
- Chilulu, *n. s.* *Shouting.*
- Chilumi, *n. s.* 1. *The right hand, generosity, 2. rheumatism, neuralgia. 3. a place of victory, as where a battle has been fought or an animal slain.*
- Chilumba, *n. s.* *An island.*
- Chilumbilwa, *ku-, To be without goods.*
- Chilungo, *n. s.* *Corn steeped for making beer, malt.*
- Chilungu, *n. s.* 1. *An earthquake, 2. a scented root.*
- Chilwele, *n. s.* *Sickness, disease.*
- Chima *ku-, v. a.* 1. *To hate, 2. to strain at stool.*

- Chimaje, *n. s.* A small kind of knife.
- Chimalasi, *n. s.* 1. *Acrocodyle*, (?) 2. a fabulous serpent living in large lakes and rivers which transforms itself into various articles and seizes people who attempt to pick them up.
- Chimamo, *n. s.* *Mystery*.
- Chimana ku-, *v. r.* To hate one another.
- Chimanga, *n. s.* Indian corn.
- Chimanyilo, *n. s.* A mark, credentials. A stick or sword or knife belonging to a chief which he sends as a sign that the bearer is sent by him.
- Chimasya ku-, *v. s.* To disgust, to offend, to make angry.
- Chimatule, *n. s.* A kind of leprosy.
- Chimbanga, *n. s.* A hawk with a red throat.
- Chimbeta, *n. s.* A flute of reeds, a pipe.
- Chimbichisya ku-, *v. s.* 1. to obey, serve, 2. to reverence, to worship, adore.
- Chimbuli, *n. s.* A vessel with a narrow mouth.
- Chimbundi, *n. s.* The lower jaw, the chin.
- Chimbunga, *n. s.* A whirl-

- wind.
- Chimeme, *adv.* Akwete chimeme, *He stammers.*
- Chimila ku-, *v. a.* To hate for.
- Chimilisya ku-, *v. a.* To offend, to insult.
- Chimiminga, *n. s.* A small drum beaten quickly.
- Chimula ku-, *v. a.* To tinkle. Tukuchimula masewe, *We are shaking rattles.*
- Chimwembe, *n. s.* A cloth folded round the loins, and worn like a kilt reaching nearly to the feet.
- Chimyemwe, *n. s.* Laughter.
- Chinamila, *n. s.* A finger ring.
- Chinamile, *n. s.* *Stooping.*
- Chinandipe, *n. s.* A morsel, little piece, the least.
- Chinasala, *n. s.* Language, dress, customs &c of the coast.
- Chinawilo, *n. s.* A ring.
- Chindanda, *n. s.* A bedstead.
- Chindang'anda, *n. s.* An instrument resembling a harp.
- Chindawi, *n. s.* A story, proverb, riddle.
- Chindende, *n. s.* A heel.
- Chindimba, *n. s.* 1. *Abun-*

- dance, plenty (especially of food,) 2. a feast, 3. a particular kind of dance, 4. good fortune and prosperity generally.
- Chindindi, *n. s.* A mangouste.
- Chindu, *n. s.* A thing, a matter.
- Chindumba, *n. s.* A small grain much in favour for porridge.
- Chindundu, *n. s.* A small basket, a little burden, 2. stirring up of ill feeling.
- Chinena, *n. s.* The abdomen.
- Chinga ku-, *v. a.* 1. To overtake, 2. to tend, watch over, 3. to hunt, 4. to parry a blow, 5. to store up carefully, 6. to foster.
- Chingala, *n. s.* A kind of flower having much honey.
- Chingamba, *n. s.* A fan.
- Chingamila ku-, *n. a.* To meet on the way.
- Chingamisya ku-, *To prop up, support.*
- Chingana ku-, *n. s.* 1. To come up with, meet, 2. to distribute food, 3. to accompany on the same road, 4. to unite.
- Chinganda, *n. s.* Gold (?)
- Chinganga, 1. A necklace, 2. a small drum.
- Chingangana ku-, *v. a.* To meet coming from the opposite direction.
- Chingongo, *n. s.* Talkativeness.
- Chingongoli, *n. s.* 1. A cock's comb, 2. crest of a bird, 3. the elbow (?)
- Chingusa, *n. s.* The substitute in the poison-ordeal.
- Chingwamba, *n. s.* A big palm leaf.
- Chingwengwe, *n. s.* A lip ring.
- Chinjika ku-, *v. a.* 1. To parry, 2. to stretch out.
- Chinjila ku-, *v. a.* To parry.
- Chinjinika ku-, *v. a.* To tie fast.
- Chinjirichisya, ku-, *v. a.* 1. To make the flour fall into basket in grinding, 2. to refuse again and again, 3. to meet another path and enter it.
- Chinolo, *n. s.* A whetstone.
- Chinya ku-, *v. a.* To dip.
- Chinyama, *n. s.* A hoed strip of ground.
- Chinyeranyera, *n. s.* A small insect that swims on the surface of water.
- Chinyesi, *n. s.* A damp spot where water has fallen or been spilled.

- Chinyese, *n. s.* A land reptile.
- Chinyengu, *n. s.* Deceit, hypocrisy.
- Chinyetanyeta, *n. s.* A firefly.
- Chinyelo, *n. s.* A small animal belonging to the family of mustelidæ.
- Chinyindila ku-, *v. a.* 1. To pack, 2. to beat an anthill in order to drive out the ants.
- Chinvong'onyo, *n. s.* Blue calico.
- Chinyuzu, *n. s.* A crest.
- Chinumba, *n. s.* A small basket chiefly used for native beer.
- Chiuniko, *n. s.* A cover, a lid.
- Chipagala, *n. s.* A roof.
- Chipago, *n. s.* 1. Nature, 2. kind, 3. what a man is born with, as e. g. deformity.
- Chipala, *n. s.* A forge.
- Chipalamandu, *n. s.* A splinter or piece taken off by an adze.
- Chipandu, *n. s.* A wild beast or man that kills people.
- Chipanje, *n. s.* A possession, wealth, goods.
- Chipapiko, *n. s.* A wing.
- Chipalipali, *n. s.* Dirt on body.

- Chipato, *n. s.* Insult to a superior.
- Chipere, *n. s.* Mbcga made soft by grinding.
- Chipeperu, *n. s.* Paper.
- Chipesa, *n. s.* Sixteen yards (of calico &c).
- Chipiepie, *n. s.* The tail of a fish.
- Chipikwa, *n. s.* The frame work used in fixing a rat trap of stone.
- Chipera, *n. s.* End, tip, point.
- Chipembere, *n. s.* A rhinoceros.
- Chipi, *n. s.* Darkness.
- Chipichiti, *n. s.* A small piece, a small man.
- Chipinga, *n. s.* 1. Nature (?), 2. enclosure, 3. the whole body or mass of things, 4. a large crowd.
- Chipini, *n. s.* A nose ornament.
- Chipisya, *n. s.* A half, a piece.
- Chipindupindu, *n. s.* 1. A tumbling about, 2. fainting, 3. fit, 4. cholera.
- Chipingo, *n. s.* A small bird.
- Chipolopolo, *n. s.* A bullet.
- Chipongolelo, *n. s.* A newly born child.
- Chipoo, *n. s.* A rent in calico.
- Chipongwe, *n. s.* Derision.

- Chipote, *n. s.* A long string of beads tied round the neck or loins.
- Chipoto, *n. s.* A small trap made with a calabash.
- Chipumulisi, *n. s.* The distance between resting places on a road.
- Chipukusu, *n. s.* 1. A sand fly, 2. a wood-boring insect, 3. an insect living in the bark of trees.
- Chipukuso, *n. s.* The outer skin of beans.
- Chipundi, *n. s.* The chin.
- Chiputa, *n. s.* A garden of ground nuts.
- Chipusapusa, *n. s.* Foolishness.
- Chiputi, *n. s.* Strands of fibre.
- Chipupu, *n. s.* A boil or abscess in the finger.
- Chipula, *n. s.* A knife.
chipula cha lupanga, A sword like a knife.
chipula cha ulusi, A dagger, (Arab knife.)
- Chiputiputi, *n. s.* A bat.
- Chirungu, *n. s.* 1. An earthquake, 2. malt.
- Chirikula ku-, *v. a.* To prop up.
- Chiriri, Kurima chiriri, To stand still.
- Chirimula ku-, *v. a.* To snort, clear ones throat.
- Chisa ku-, *v. a.* To make even at the ends as grass of roof, or fringe on calico.
- Chisagili, *n. s.* A scaffold or shelf for drying food.
- Chisagwa, *n. s.* A bunch of bananas.
- Chisango, *n. s.* Ordeal, test for proving witchcraft.
- Chisasi, *n. s.* Oil vessel.
- Chisapo, *n. s.* A bag for carrying food, usually made of bark cloth.
- Chisao, *n. s.* 1. Measure, 2. size, shape, figure, 3. account, number, standard.
- Chisangali, *n. s.* A large blazing fire made at the unyago, round which there is dancing.
- Chisegwe, *n. s.* A noise, a cry.
- Chiseko, *n. s.* Laughter, merriment.
- Chiselo, *n. s.* 1. A basket used as a dish, shallower than a chinumba, though of the same make.
- Chisienene, *n. s.* A frog.
- Chisiano, *n. s.* Iron.
- Chisimba, *n. s.* Much goods.
- Chisimopia, *n. s.* The

- first rains.*
 Chisichi, *n. s.* *A shoot.*
 Chisikati, *adv.* *Between.*
 Chisima, *n. s.* *A well.*
 Chisinga, *n. s.* *A place between stones where fire is put.*
 Chisindo, *n. s.* 1. *The top of a root where it meets the stem.* 2. *stubble.*
 Chisindisindi, *n. s.* *Much goods.*
 Chisingwindi, *n. s.* *A short stump.*
 Chisinje, *n. s.* *Hair covered with oil.*
 Chisinjino, *n. s.* *The elbow.*
 Chisisa, *n. s.* *A fireplace.*
 Chisiowe, *n. s.* *Fellowship.*
 Chisiula, *n. s.* *A kind of diarrhœa, dysenteric diarrhœa.*
 Chisiwani, *n. s.* 1. *Rubbish,* 2. *dust,* 3. *husks.*
 Chisipo, *n. s.* *A pore or hole.*
 Chisiwilo, *n. s.* *A stopper or cork.*
 Chisogosi, *n. s.* *Fruit.*
 Chisokasoka, *n. s.* *A mantis.*
 Chisoma, *n. s.* 1. *A pain in the ribs,* 2. *Pleurisy.*
 Chisolokoto, *n. s.* 1. *A kind of bird,* 2. *a moth.*
 Chisonde, *n. s.* *The core of a cob of Indian corn.*

- Chisonga, *n. s.* *The tip.*
 Chisongolo, *n. s.* 1. *A warrior,* 2. *fierceness; ferocity, cruelty.*
 Chisosola, *ku-, v. a.* *To sleep with the feet towards the fire.*
 Chisoti, *n. s.* *A cap.*
 Chisou, *n. s.* 1. *Navel,* 2. *A screw for fastening the parts of a gun.*
 Chisopo, *n. s.* *Fish hook.*
 Chisonde, *n. s.* *Interruption in speaking at a magambo.*
 Chisugulu, *n. s.* *An anthill.*
 Chisugusugu, *n. s.* *A small troublesome kind of fly.*
 Chisubao, *n. s.* *A jacket.*
 Chisu, *n. s.* *A red dye got from trees.*
 Chisya ku-, 1. *To employ, send on a business,* 2. *to press on, to constrain to do a thing.*
 Chisui, *n. s.* *A leopard.*
 Chisukutu, *n. s.* *A grandfather or grandmother.*
 Chisukusuku, *n. s.* *The condyles.*
 Chisungula, *n. s.* *A hare.*
 Chisungupete, *n. s.* *A kind of small painful eruption.*
 Chisuu, *n. s.* *Screaming.*
 Chisula ku-, *v. a.* *To kick away with the foot.*

- Chisusi, *n. s.* *A bird's nest.*
- Chisumbukute, *n. s.* *An abscess or boil.*
- Chita ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To say,* 2. *to wish (?)*, 3. *to suppose.* Ngachite, *I should have thought or said.*
- Chitaka, *n. s.* *Medicine for thieves, (he who has this is thought to be able to steal without being seen).*
- Chitakulo, *n. s.* *A garment.*
- Chitalaka, *n. s.* *Red beads.*
- Chitakulile, *n. s.* Ali chitakulile, *He has his clothes on.*
- Chitambala, *n. s.* 1. *A rag, bit of cloth.*
- Chitando, *n. s.* 1. *Origin,* 2. *width.* -a chitando, *wide.*
- Chitani, *n. s.* *A sweet sap got from trees.*
- Chitapwila, *n. s.* *A muddy place where people have passed, leaving steps.*
- Chiteleko, *n. s.* *A cooking pot.*
- Chitema, *a-, adj.* *Easy, quick, short (of a road).*
- Chitengu, *n. s.* *A seat.* Chitengu cha achimwe-ne, *a throne.*
- Chitenje, *n. s.* *A load of firewood.*
- Chitete, *n. s.* *A grasshopper.*
- Chitimutimu, *n. s.* *The yolk of an egg.*
- Chitipa, *n. s.* *Breadth,* chitipachi mwati ali? *How wide is it?* Litala lia mchitipa, *a broad path.*
- Chitiwi, *n. s.* Chitiwi cha msokolo, *rice water.*
- Chititi, *n. s.* *The yolk of an egg.*
- Chitiosile. Chitiosile chejusi, *He went away three days ago.*
- Chitipula, *n. s.* *Ground hoed for ground nuts.*
- Chitolilo, *n. s.* *A flute of reeds.*
- Chitopotopo, *n. s.* *Medicine made by witches.*
- Chitopole, *n. s.* *A trap, a bad bow.*
- Chitopotopo, *n. s.* 1. *Disturbance of the existing state of things,* 2. *disorder,* 3. *a jumping spider which eats white ants.*
- Chitukuta, *n. s.* *Heat, perspiration.*
- Chitumbo, *n. s.* 1. *The foetus, pregnancy,* 2. *the womb.*
- Chitumbili, *n. s.* *A small kind of monkey.*
- Chitundu, *n. s.* Chitundu

- cha nguku, *A fowl house.*
 Chituti, *n. s. A smell of animal decomposition.*
 Chitulangata, *n. s. A tithe.*
 Chitupa, *n. s. A little door at the back of a house.*
 Chitutu, *n. s. A dunghill.*
 Chiukula, *n. s. A form of diarrhæa.*
 Chiuko, *n. s. A small bag.*
 Chiulawe, *n. s. A large bamboo.*
 Chiuli, *n. s. Deafness.*
 Chiulo, *n. s. 1. Scum, 2. foam.*
 Chiulu, *n. s. A wild cat.*
 Chiulugo, *n. s. A pot for boiling porridge.*
 Chiumbuluku, *n. s. 1. mould, 2. anything old.*
 Chiungululu, *n. s. A kind of fish.*
 Chiungu, *n. s. A caterpillar.*
 Chiundo, *n. s. A knot.*
 Chiunichilo, *n. s. A lid, cover.*
 Chiuti, *n. s. A kind of bird (? a small quail.)*
 Chiwala wala, *n. s. A centipede.*
 Chiwalo, *n. s. 1. A limb, a member, 2. the thigh.*
 Chiwawile, *n. s. The smell of burning hairs*

- or feathers.*
 Chiwango, *n. s. One of the stomachs of animals.*
 Chiwamba, *n. s. 1. cold and shivering, 2. a small plant of tobacco.*
 Chiwela, *n. s. 1. Health (?), 2. still, 3. alive. Ali chiwela, He is alive, or he is present.*
 Chiwelecheto, *n. s. Language.*
 Chiwesa, *n. s. 1. A lip ring, 2. a hook.*
 Chiweti, *n. s. A kind of bird.*
 Chiwewe, *n. s. A skipping rope.*
 Chiwiga, *n. s. An earthen pot for cooking.*
 Chiwiliwili, *n. s. 1. A shadow, 2. the waist, 3. the trunk.*
 Chiwinje, *n. s. Kilwa.*
 Chiwisya, *n. s. 1. A piece, 2. the vertebræ (?).*
 Chiwombolo, *n. s. Redemption.*
 Chiwombole, *n. s. The price of redemption.*
 Chiwuta, *n. s. 1. One of the pictures at an unyago, 2. A sound heard about graves, 3. A very large snake.*
 Chiwuti, *n. s. Quail.*
 Chokota ku-, *v. a. To dig a hole with a stick.*

- Chochola ku-, *v. a.* To hoe ground in the dry season.
- Chokola ku-, *v. a.* To begin, to originate.
- Chokoleka ku-, *v. a.* 1. To be begun, 2. to go crying to one's father.
- Cholima ku-, *v. a.* To go away, to hoe deeply.
- Chole, *n. s.* 1. Touch hole of a gun, 2. A small hill, 3. Eye of a needle.
- Chola ku-, *v. a.* 1. To do a thing much. Mte kuchola uchenene, you did well. Mte kuchola kusakasya, You have done very ill.
- Choteka ku-, *v. a.* To plant in the bush.
- Chosi, *n. s.* A fibre for making string.
- Chome, *n. s.* A cat.
- Cholochoteka, *v. a.* To run away.
- Chonde! Please.
- Chondela ku-, *v. a.* 1. To say please, 2. To supplicate.
- Chondelela ku-, *v. a.* To fall down before a person and embrace his knees. Masokagamchondalele, the evil spirits persuaded him.
- Chopera ku-, *v. a.* To spear fish.
- Chopya ku-, *v. a.* To dip.
- Chopa ku-, *v. a.* To dig with a sharp pointed stick.
- Chua ku-, *v. a.* 1. To cut close to the ground, 2. to taste food while it is cooking.
- Chuamsakaga, *n. s.* Grey coloured cloth.
- Chuambepo, *n. s.* Grey coloured cloth.
- Chuchu, *n. s.* A kind of game.
- Chukucha ku-, *n. s.* To wash the mouth with water.
- Chuku, *n. s.* The rainy season. Chuku cha kutanda, the beginning of the rains.
- Chukula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To retch, 2. to grumble. (?)
- Chuluka ku-, *v. n.* To be many, to abound.
- Chuluchila ku-, *v. n.* To be many.
- Chuma, *n. s.* A bead or beads.
- Chumbi, *n. s.* The hump of an ox.
- Chunga, *n. s.* A large male elephant.
- Chunja ku-, *v. n.* To be blunt.
- Chuuka ku-, *v. a.* To come up out of the water.
- Chuula ku-, *v. a.* To draw

out.

Chuukula ku-, *v. a.* To steep in water.

Chuukuta, *n. s.* The house where smelting is done.

Chuwisuku, *n. s.* Fever.

Chuwika ku-, *v. a.* To dip in water.

Chuya ku-, *v. a.* To eat the relish that always accompanies the porridge.

D

Dagala ku-, *v. a.* To go into the woods and stay there, as part of the ceremony of entering on manhood.

Dandaula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To grumble, 2. to be vexed.

Deletu. Malowe ga deletu, Good words.

Dema, *n. s.* A fish trap.

Delela ku-, *v. a.* To grumble at receiving too little.

Dendambwi, *n. s.* A fog.

Dendechera ku-, *v. a.* To balance.

Dodoloka ku-, *v. a.* To be greedy.

Domondo, *n. s.* An hippopotamus.

Dudulusya ku-, *v. t.* To pitch carelessly on the ground.

E

Eja! *An expletive expressive of glad assent or delight at anything.*

Elo, *Yes, very well, it is so.*

Enda ku-, *v. a.* To go.

Enda kulisya ku-, *v. a.* To graze.

Enda luwilope ku-, *v. a.* To run.

Enela ku-, *v. n.* To suffice, to be enough.

Enelana ku-, *v. n.* To suffice.

Enesya ku-, *v. t.* 1. To spread about, 2. proclaim, preach, declare.

Enga ku-, *v. a.* To cook out oil.

-Enu, *poss: pr.* Your.

-Etu, *poss: pr.* Our.

-Enumwe, *poss: pr.* Your own.

-Etuwe, *poss: pr.* Our own.

Esya ku-, *v. t.* 1. To hawk about, 2. to give to another to sell.

F

Fundisya ku-, *v. a.* To teach.

Fusa ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be quiet, 2. to have learned well.

Fwamba ku-, *v. a.* To lie in wait for in order to plunder.

G

Ga-, *The syllable which is added to the simple form of the verb to form the past imperfect tense.*

Ga-, *The subjective verbal prefix plural denoting a substantive of the 5th class.*

-Ga-, *The objective verbal prefix plural denoting a substantive of the 5th class.*

Ga ii, *Such as these.*

Gaikanya ku-, *v. a.* To divide.

Gailio, *There is nothing.*

Gala ku-, *v. n.* To split like wood or clay in the sun.

Galagatika ku-, *v. a.* 1. To walk about, 2. to turn over on the ground.

Galambuka ku-, *v. n.* To turn over, to fold over (as in a book.)

Galambula, *v. n.* To roll, Mtela ugalambwile, *The tree rolled.*

Galambusya ku-, *v. a.* To roll, to turn over.

Galamika ku-, *v. n.* To

lie on the back.

Galauka ku-, *v. n.* To turn round.

Galauchila ku-, *v. n.* To turn round.

Galausya ku-, *v. n.* To overturn, to convert.

Ganagwa wa mele, *Unintentionally.*

Ganakola chindu, *There is nothing, poor.*

Gamba ku-, *v. a.* 1. To begin, 2. to name a person, 3. to beckon to.

Ganakugwa, *Not there, there is not.*

Ganapagwa, *Not there, there is not.*

Ganatenda mele, *Unintentionally.*

Ganda ku-, *v. n.* To get thin, to be lean, to waste away.

Gandisya ku-, *v. a.* To weaken, to cause to get thin.

Gangalama ku-, *v. a.* To work hard without stopping.

Gangasika ku-, *To split.*

Ganisya ku-, *v. l.* To think about, to reflect, to consider, to care.

Gatatu, *num.* Three.

Gawa ku-, *v. t.* To cut or break.

Gawanya ku-, *v. a.* To divide, to separate.

- Gawili, *Two.*
 Goloka ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be upright, to be straight,*
 2. *to be steady.*
 Golosya ku-, *v. a.* *To stretch, to straighten.*
 Goma ku-, *v. a.* *To be convicted at a trial.*
 Gomba ku-, *v. a.* *To weave.* Agombile lika-
 mambo, *he wove cloth.*
 Kugomba ngoma, *to beat a drum.* Kugomba
 uti, *to fire a gun.*
 Gombelesya ku-, *v. a.* *To proclaim, to give orders to.*
 Gona ku-, *v. a.* *To lie down, to sleep.* Tugone-
 le lugali, *we lay on our backs.* Kugona ma-
 kuku, *to lie on the stomach.* Kugona usu-
 ngula, *to sleep with the eyes open, (i. e. like a hare.)*
 Goneka ku-, *v. n.* *To lie down, to be tired out.*
 Goola ku-, *v. t.* *To reap.*
 Gongomala ku-, *v. n.* *To be corked.*
 Gopola ku-, *v. t.* *To untie, to let loose, to solve.*
 Gosa ku-, *v. t.* *To lead, to guide, to guard, to care for, to tend.*
 Gopolanya ku-, *v. a.* *To distribute cloth to, to*

- explain.*
 Gowola ku-, *v. t.* 1. *To break apart,* 2. *to separate, to unfasten the breech of a gun, to pull off the cobs of Indian corn.*
 Gubuduka ku-, *v. n.* *To roll down.*
 Gudumila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To overflow,* 2. *to grow too many leaves.*
 Gudumusya ku-, *v. t.* *To roll down.*
 Gugunda ku-, *v. n.* *To shiver.*
 Guguda ku-, *v. t.* *To beat, to sound.*
 Gugusya ku-, *v. a.* *To knock.*
 Guluguchisya ku-, *v. t.* *To do violence to, to be quarrelsome.*
 Gulugusya ku-, *v. a.* *To be bumptious, overbearing, or self-reliant.*
 Guluka ku-, *v. a.* *To fly, to jump.*
 Gulukaguluka ku-, *v. a.* *To hop.*
 Gulupanya ku-, *v. a.* *To be quarrelsome.*
 Guma ku-, *v. a.* *To bark.*
 Gumba ku-, *v. t.* Kugu-
 mba iwiga, *To make earthenware pots.*
 Gumbala ku-, *v. n.* *To be full, to become full.*

- Chilambo chetu chigumbele masimba, *Our country abounds in lions.* Luulo lugumbele mesi, *The jar is full of water.*
- Gumbalichisya ku-, *v. t. To fill.*
- Gumbalila ku-, *v. n. To be very full.*
- Gumbasya ku-, *v. t. To fill.*
- Gumila ku-, *v. a. To cry out, scream.*
- Gumuchila ku-, *To be thrown down.*
- Gumuka ku-, *v. a. To tumble down.*
- Gumusya ku-, *v. t. To throw down.*
- Gungula ku-, *v. t. 1. To store, harvest, reap, 2. to go and fetch a person.*
- Gungulila ku-, *v. a. 1. gather for, 2. to sound hollow.*
- Gunguluma ku-, *v. a. To roar, to bellow like a bull. - Agungulwime, He bellowed.*
- Guta ku-, *v. a. To cry, weep, lament.*
- Gutula ku-, *v. a. To cry out, lament.*
- Gwa ku-, *v. n. To fall.*
- Gwagula ku-, *v. t. To pull apart, to tear off skin.*

- Gwala ku-, *v. n. To bolt, to go away quickly.*
- Gwalilila ku-, *v. a. To track and follow up people or beasts.*
- Gwamba, *Never! no! (a very strong expression of dissent, and denial).*
- Gwe, *poss: pr. Thou.*
- Gwedela ku-, *v. n. To be loose and shaky.*
- Gweju, *pr. Thou.*
- Gwere! *An expression denoting disappearance.*
- Gwesela ku-, *v. a. To doze.*
- Gwimbi, *n. s. Eyebrows.*

I

- I-, *The verbal subjective prefix, plural, denoting a substantive of the 4th class.*
- I-, *The objective verbal prefix, plural, denoting a substantive of the 4th class.*
- I, *As, like.*
- Ichila ku-, *v. a. To arrive at, to reach up to, to be equal to in point of worthiness, (!) to deserve (!)*
- Icho, *A cry made at a door to gain admittance.*
- Igalila ku-, *v. a. To carry to.*

- Iguta ikuo ku-, *v. a.* To scream.
- Ii-, *So.*
- Imba ku-, *v. v.* To swell.
- Iipe, *As, like.*
- Iipei, *So.*
- Ijikana ku-, *v. n.* To be narrow.
- Ika ku-, *v. a.* To arrive at, reach.
- Ikambilo (ya milungu), *n. s.* That part of the sugar cane that is spit out after chewing.
- Ikangana ku-, *v. n.* To be collected together. Mbusi siose siikangene, *The goats are all collected together.*
- Ikuta, *n. s.* A kind of grass or reed of which mats are made.
- Ikwekwe, *n. s.* 1. In heaps, 2. a heap.
- Ilaila, *pr.* Just those, in that very way, as, like.
- Ilijila ku-, *v. t.* To fold. Chilijiliwe, *It was folded up.*
- Ilijilila ku-, *v. t.* To wrap up. Auilijilile kwa chikalata, *He wrapped it up in a piece of paper.*
- Ilima ku-, *v. n.* To be round.
- Ilimala ku-, *v. n.* To be round.
- Ima ku-, *v. a.* To halt,

- stop, stand up.*
- Imajima ku-, *v. a.* To walk about, to stroll.
- Imango. Nguo sya imango, *A kind of spotted cloth.*
- Imbo, *n. s.* Bark cloth worn when coming from the unyago.
- Imbala ku-, *v. n.* To be fat, to grow fat.
- Imuka ku-, *v. n.* To get well. Kuimukaga, *Are you well? (an ordinary salutation amongst the Yaos.)*
- Ina ku-, *v. a.* 1. To dance, 2. to dye.
- Inamisya ku-, *v. a.* To prostrate oneself.
- Inani, *adv.* Above.
- Indimala ku-, *v. n.* To be distorted, as a limb out of joint.
- Ineinepe, *adj.* Other, various, of different kinds.
- Inga, *n. s.* Food for a journey.
- Ingalaula, *v. t.* To roll away.
- Inikana ku-, *v. a.* To be friends.
- Injila ku-, *v. t.* To enter, to go into.
- Intula ku-, *v. a.* To speak quickly and in anger.
- Inya ku-, *v. a.* To shake

or nod the head.

IPA ku-, v. n. 1. To be sour,
2. to chew sugarcane &c.

IPia ku-, v. t. To lessen.

IPisya ku-, v. t. To lessen.

IPikiti, n. s. A piece, a
little piece.

ISA ku-, v. a. To come.

Kuisa nayo, To come
with or bring.

ISila ku-, v. a. Kuisila

lusasu, To make up a
fire.

ISya ku-, v. a. 1. To make
to arrive, 2. to be sorry.

Kuisya mtima, To sigh.

ITA ku-, v. a. To pour out.

ISirisya, n. s. A plant
used in weaving baskets

ITula ku-, v. a. 1. To
anneal iron, 2. to set off
a trap.

ITungula, n. s. A kind of
potatoe growing on a
climber, and cultivated
(*helmia bulbifera*)

ITumbo, n. s. An earring.

Itumbo ya mapemba,
Corn in the ear.

ITakulo, n. s. Raiment,
clothing.

IUPI, (?) Shortness.

Iwili iwili, In pairs (two
by two.)

Iyoyo, So, truly, it is so.

lula ku-, v. n. To be ripe.

J

Ja ku-, v. a. To go.

Jala ku-, v. t. To lay in
order.

Jaluka ku-, v. n. To be
light (not heavy.)

Jalusya ku-, v. a. To
dishonour.

Jalukula ku-, v. a. To
take off the top.

Jambuchisya ku-, v. t. To
cross over to, 2. to infest.

Jamila ku-, v. a. To cry
aloud so as to scare
animals.

Jamuka ku-, v. a. 1. To
rebuke, 2. to refuse.

Janga ku-, v. a. 1. To
answer, 2. to catch (a
ball.)

Jangala ku-, v. a. To hop
about.

Jangata ku-, v. t. To help.
Nimjangatile, I helped
him, 2. to cure of.

Jangwasya ku-, v. t. To
sharpen.

Janika ku-, v. a. 1. To
put out to dry. Akusi-
janika nguo, He is
putting his clothes out
to dry.

Janikula ku-, v. t. To
gather up what has been
spread out.

Japuka ku-, v. a. To ease
oneself.

Jasa ku-, v. t. 1. To throw
away, to strew, to spend,

2. to bury.
- Jasama ku-, v. a. 1. To open the mouth, 2. to grin. Mbwa ijaseme ilumanganile meno, *The dog opened his lips and fixed his teeth.*
- Jasima ku-, v. a. To borrow or lend.
- Jasika ku-, v. n. To be thrown away and lost. Chipula changu chijasiche, *I have lost my knife.*
- Jasilila ku-, v. a. Kujasilila maganga, *To stone.*
- Jatusya ku-, v. a. To spread out to dry.
- Jaula ku-, v. a. To go away, to go off. Ndenda kwaula, *I am going off.* Ngaja nyaula, *I shall not go away.*
- Jawa ku-, v. n. To become or be little.
- Je, *Just, indeed, truly.*
- Jegama ku-, v. a. 1. To lie across, 2. to be contracted in the abdomen, 3. to lean against.
- Jejeka ku-, v. a. To lean against anything.
- Jejekula ku-, v. a. To lift and carry a spear or staff.
- Jelejela ku-, v. a. To swim.
- Jelesesya ku-, v. a. To be

- quarre'some.
- Jembecheya ku-, v. a. To wait.
- Jembula ku-, v. a. To take the top off anything.
- Jemguiya ku-, v. a. To be quick.
- Jenda ku-, v. a. To go.
- Jenechesya ku-, v. a. To finish properly.
- Jenela ku-, v. a. To spread.
- Jenela ku-, v. a. To suffice.
- Jenesya ku-, v. a. 1. To spread, 2. to preach, 3. to explain.
- Jenga ku-, v. t. To cook out oil
- Jergula ku-, v. a. To take out oil or fat by laying something on it.
- Jepa ku-, v. a. To draw in the stomach as a sign of hunger.
- Jepekula ku-, v. a. To parry.
- Jepepala ku-, v. a. 1. To be thin as cloth, 2. to be poor and in bad condition.
- Jepula ku-, v. t. To take the top off anything.
- Jesya ku-, v. a. 1. To offer for sale, to hawk about, 2. to cause to rain.
- Jesamula ku-, v. a. To sneeze.
- Ji-, *The subjective verbal*

prefix singular and plural denoting substantives of the 2nd and 3rd classes.

-Ji-, The objective verbal infix singular and plural denoting substantives of the 2nd and 3rd classes.

Jigala ku-, v. t. 1. To carry, bear, take away, 2 to be pregnant.

Jigalila ku-, v. a. To carry for.

Jiganisya ku-, v. a. To teach.

Jiganya ku-, v. a. To teach, instruct.

Jigasya ku-, v. a. To load (a porter.)

Jigasyana ku-, v. a. To carry two and two.

Jijilika ku-, v. a. To play the fool.

Jijilinka ku-, v. a. To come back again and again.

Jijiu, adj. Ripe.

Jikape, Alone.

Jikuta ku-, v. n. To have eaten enough, to be satisfied.

Jikutisya ku-, v. a. To fill, to satisfy with bread.

Jilana ku-, v. a. To be agreed, to agree, to be of one mind, to be at peace. Tujileneje, We

agreed

Jilanya ku-, v. a. To restore, set to rights, improve.

Jila ku-, v. a. To say, (mostly used in future and imperfect tenses.)

Jilima ku-, v. a. To flow past, to flow.

Jima ku-, v. a. To stand.

Jimajima ku-, v. a. To walk about, to walk.

Jimba ku-, v. a. To sing.

Jimbala ku-, v. n. To grow fat.

Jingala ku-, v. n. To shrivel up.

Jimika ku-, v. n. To be set up, to be erect, to stand.

Jimilila ku-, v. t. To oversee, to stand by.

Jimuka ku-, v. a. 1. To get up, arise, 2. to get well, 3. to greet.

Jimwichila ku-, v. t. 1. To greet, to salute. Anyimwichile, He saluted me.

Jinama ku-, v. a. To bend down, to incline.

Jinamisya ku-, v. 1. To bend down (act.), to bend down (neut.)

Jinamuka ku-, v. a. To raise up.

Jinglamula ku-, v. a. To roll.

- Jinichila ku-, *v. a.* To
*bless, to praise, to hon-
 our, to reverence, to
 glorify.*
- Jinikana ku-, *v. a.* To be
friends.
- Jinji, *adj.* Many.
- Jinjila ku-, *v. a.* To go
into, enter. Kujinjila
 likapo, *To get dirty.*
 Kujinjila lukutu, *To
 rust.* Chijinjile likutu,
It is rusty.
- Jinjisyā ku-, *v. a.* To
*admit, to introduce, to
 cause to enter.*
- jipi, *adj.* Short.
- Jipipa ku-, *v. n.* To be
short.
- Jipisyā ku-, *v. a.* To
shorten.
- Jita ku-, *v. a.* To pour
out. Ajitile mesi gose,
*He poured out all the
 water.*
- Jitichila ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
accept, to be content,
 2. *to believe, assent to.*
- Jitika ku-, *v. n.* 1. To
be poured out.
- Jitika ku-, *v. a.* To answer.
- Jitichisyā ku-, *v. a.* To
answer, to assent, Kuli-
 tichisyā, *To confess.*
- Jitila ku-, *v. a.* To pour
upon.
- Jiula ku-, *v. n.* To ripen.
 Magombo gajiuwile,

- The bananas are ripe.*
- Jiwa ku-, *v. a.* To steal.
- Jiwila ku-, *v. a.* To rob,
steal.
- Joga ku-, *v. a.* To bathe.
- Jocha ku-, *v. a.* To burn,
to roast, to set fire to.
- Jogopa ku-, *v. a.* To fear,
to be afraid of.
- Jogopesyā ku-, *v. a.* To
be very much afraid.
- Jogosyā ku-, *v. a.* To
frighten.
- Jogoya ku-, *v. a.* To
frighten.
- Joka ku-, *v. a.* To bake,
to roast, to burn.
- Jokola ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
take out of the fire, 2.
to save, 3. *to take food
 off the fire and let it
 cool.*
- Jolowa ku-, *v. a.* To be soft.
- Jomboka ku-, *v. a.* To
cross a river. Tujombo-
 che mwe likungwa,
*Let us go over in a
 canoe.* Ngapajomboka,
It cannot be crossed.
- Jonanga ku-, *v. a.* To
destroy.
- Jonga ku-, *v. a.* To suck.
- Jongoka ku-, *v. a.* To
become straight.
- Jongola ku-, *v. a.* To
*stretch out, to make
 level.*
- Jongolela ku-, *v. a.* To

steer a canoe.

Jongolosya ku-, *v. a. To scare away animals.*

Jongosya ku-, *v. a. To steer a canoe, to stretch out.*

Jonjesya ku-, *v. a. To suckle.*

Jonjichesya ku-, *v. a. To increase.*

Josepe, *Entirely.*

Josya ku-, *v. a. To wash.*

Josochela ku-, *v. a. To sink down (as food boiling in a pot.)*

Jota ku-, *v. a. To warm oneself at the fire.*

Juawii, *n. s. A thief.*

Juawina, *n. s. A beggar, an orphan.*

Juga ku, *v. a. To beg, pray, entreat.*

Jukula ku-, *v. a. To take bark off a tree.*

Jula ku-, *v. a. To take bark off a tree.*

Juguwela ku-, *v. a. To peel off.*

Jumana ku-, *v. a. To quarrel, to murmur against.*

Jumi, *adj. Healthy.*

Jumo jumo, *Some, different, apart, one by one.*

Jumu, *adj. Dry.* Nyama ja nyumu ja kwainka na lina, *Dried meat.*

Jumula ku-, *v. n. To dry,*

to fade. Siangajumula, *They are not dry.* Sijumwile, *They are dry.*

Jumulila ku-, *v. a. To dry.*

Junda ku-, *v. n. To be wet and tasteless like ill-cooked potatoes.*

Jutuka ku-, *v. n. To escape as a spring.*

Juuka ku-, *v. a. 1. To emerge, 2. to rise again, 3. to transpire.*

Juwa ku-, *v. a. 1. To hide oneself, 2. to take shelter from.*

Juwilila ku-, *v. a. To watch or lie in wait for.*

K

Ka-, *The verbal prefix singular, subjective and objective, denoting a substantive of the 7th class.*

-Ka-, *The sign of the 2nd future tense, expressing the idea of being about to do something.*

Kabulu, *n. s. A colt.*

Kacheche, *num. Four times.*

Kacheni, *n. s. A creature.*

Kachi, ! *An expletive expressive of a bursting or explosion.*

- Kachilole, *n. s.* A looking glass, a glass.
- Kaguo, *n. s.* A little piece of cloth.
- Kagula ku-, *v. a.* To follow, to adhere to.
- Kaja, The sign of the negative of the subjunctive.
- Kajekaje, Indeed, in truth.
- Kajumba, *n. s.* A hut, a room.
- Kakajinji, Often.
- Kakavalo, *n. s.* A colt.
- Kakolong'ombe, *n. s.* A small tusk.
- Kakolosa, *n. s.* A low fence.
- Kakopa, *n. s.* A shield.
- Kakoswe, *n. s.* A mouse.
- Kakumi, Ten times.
- Kalakala, *adv.* Old.
- Kalalisya ku-, *v. a.* To be pitiless.
- Kalamuka ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be precocious, to be on the look out, to have one's wits about one, 2. to pronounce.
- Kalamusya ku-, *v. a.* To eat up all the food, not having any for others.
- Kalalichisya ku-, *v. a.* To treat hardly.
- Kalanga ku-, *v. a.* To fry.
- Kalenje, *adj.* Narrow.
- Litala lia kalenje, A narrow path.
- Kalilole, *n. s.* A glass, a small round looking glass.
- Kalingwa? How often?
- Kalipila ku-, *v. a.* To scold, to be cross with.
- Kalise, *n. s.* A scorpion which lies in rotten wood.
- Kaliwo, *n. s.* A tobacco pipe.
- Kalulila ku-, *v. a.* To make a break.
- Kalume, One hundred.
- Kama ku-, *v. a.* To milk, to pound oil seed, to squeeze out anything.
- Kambila ku-, *v. a.* To speak.
- Kambilo, *n. s.* Pieces of chewed tobacco, sugar cane, or food of any kind.
- Kamaje, *n. s.* A little knife.
- Kamo, Once.
- Kamokamo, Sometimes.
- Kampepe, Once.
- Kamula ku-, *v. a.* To seize. Akamwile makongolo, He seized my legs. Mwezi ukamwile na lijoka, The moon is eclipsed.
- Kamulana, *v.* To wrestle.
- Akamulene, They wrestled.

Kamusya ku-, *v. a.* To help. Awilange mundu ankamusye, Call a man to help him. Ngapakombola kunyakula, mbe mundu angamusye, I cannot lift it, make some one help me.

Kana ku-, *v. a.* To refuse, to deny. Kukana cha mtima, To hate.

Karache, *n. s.* A baby. Kanache kate pyuu, A baby.

Kandapala, *v. n.* To lie thick. like cloth.

Kanga, *If, whether, perhaps.*

Kanga ku-, *v. a.* To fell.

Kangamala, *v. a.* To hasten.

Kangala ku-, *v. a.* To be busy.

Kangamasya ku-, *v. a.* To hasten.

Kangana ku-, *v. a.* To quarrel, to murmur against, to grumble.

Kang'anda ku-, *v. a.* To fell, to cut down. Kukang'anda chalumope, To cut in half.

Kanganichila ku-, *v. a.* To urge, to press, to constrain, to encourage.

Kang'wa, *n. s.* Mouth.

Kanichisya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To forbid, to refuse, 2.

to be difficult.

Kanila ku-, *v. n.* To disappear.

Kanisya ku-, *v. a.* To prohibit, to forbid.

Kanya ku-, *v. a.* To forbid.

Kanjesa, *n. s.* The date palm.

Kanjema, *n. s.* A small gnat.

Kanyenda, *n. s.* Bamboo needle for sewing mats.

Kanula ku-, *v. a.* To open up.

Kanyata ku-, *v. a.* To stamp with the feet.

Kapa ku-, *v. a.* 1. To cut, 2. to grow thick (*v. n.*)

Kapamu, *n. s.* A ball of food made ready to put in the mouth.

Kapawala, *n. s.* A gazelle.

Kapeko, *n. s.* A fire stick.

Kapele, *n. s.* A pimple.

Kapepelo, *n. s.* A fan.

Kapichi, *n. s.* A switch.

Karupa, *n. s.* A small comb.

Kasa ku-, *v. a.* To break, to split. Kukasa mlamba, To make a short cut by breaking through the forest.

Kasako, *Outside.*

Kasaku, *n. s.* A bag.

Kasanu, *Five times.*

Kasanya ku-, *v. a.* To

- lay apart, to cut up into joints.
- Kasamusi, jua kukasamusi, *One who treats badly.*
- Kasiana ku-, *v. a. To fix.*
- Kasika ku-, *v. n. To become broken. Iuulo tukasiche, The jar is broken.*
- Kasingano, *n. s. A small needle.*
- Kasinje, *n. s. A large needle.*
- Kasombolangola, *n. s. The urula.*
- Kasopela, *n. s. A small bag.*
- Kasulu, *n. s. A brook.*
- Katambala, *n. s. A rag.*
- Katakula, *n. s. A small garment.*
- Katasipe, *adv. Anciently, long ago.*
- Katasipe-a, *adj. Ancient, of long ago. Musi wa katasipe, An ancient town.*
- Katasipeko, *adv. Frequently.*
- Katatu, *Thrice.*
- Kati, *In the middle, the middle.*
- Katima, kukatima mtima, *To be hard hearted.*
- Katoto, *n. s. 1. A seam, a hem, 2. a rough made needle.*

- Katoto, *adv. Fast, often.*
- Katondo, *n. s. Red earth.*
- Katumbi, *n. s. A hill.*
- Katumbwi, *n. s. An otter.*
- Katundu, *n. s. A little load or burden.*
- Kausi, *n. s. A kid, an otter.*
- Kauwa, *n. s. A little dog.*
- Kawa ku-, *v. a. 1. To gather fruit, 2. to tarry, to delay.*
- Kawago, *n. s. A small axe.*
- Kawalo, *n. s. A horse.*
- Kawili, *A second time, twice.*
- Kawilila ku-, *v. a. To be late, to loiter, to delay, to tarry.*
- Kawilisya, ku-, *v. a. To detain.*
- Kichilikati, *Between.*
- Kisasi, *n. s. A small gourd used to carry oil.*
- Kisongolo-a, *adj. Bold, fierce, savage.*
- Kisuipulilo, *n. s. A noose.*
- Kisukusuku, *n. s. The wrist.*
- Kitawa, *n. s. A trap to catch birds with.*
- Kitela, *n. s. A piece of wood.*
- Kitowe, *n. s. A dwarf.*
- Kitukululu, *adv. Back wards.*
- Ko, *There.*

Kojola ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To tread among brushwood,* 2. *to urinate.*
 Kodola ku-, *v. a.* *To beckon.*
 Kochesya ku-, *v. a.* *To bring to anchor.*
 Kokotela ku-, *v. a.* *To shake off.*
 Koka ku-, *v. n.* *To be peeled off.*
 Kokowa ku-, *v. a.* *To be late, to loiter.* Kukokowaga, *Gently.*
 Kokomba ku-, *v. a.* *To loiter, to delay.*
 Kokota ku-, *v. a.* *To untie a knot.*
 Kokola ku-, *v. a.* *To gather into a heap.*
 Kola ku-, *v. a.* *To get.*
 Kukola chindamba, *To become pregnant.* Kukola chitumbo, *To become pregnant.* Kukola soni, *To be ashamed.* Kukola upili, *To gain.* Kukola utelesya, *To become slippery.*
 Kolanga ku-, *v. a.* *To call by name.*
 Koleka ku-, *v. n.* *To hang up.* Chikoleche, *It hangs up.*
 Kolekanya ku-, *v. a.* *To tangle.*
 Kolela ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To make drunk.* Kukole-

lwa, *To be drunk,* 2. *to blaze.*
 Kolesya ku-, *v. a.* *To set on fire.*
 Kolesisya ku-, *v. a.* *To light up.*
 Koliga ku-, *v. a.* *To arrange and finish well.*
 Kologanya ku-, *v. a.* *To stir.*
 Kolocheka ku-, *v. n.* *To be made smooth.*
 Kolojela ku-, *v. a.* *To brew.*
 Kolokola ku-, *v. a.* *To take down what has been hung up.*
 Kolokomba ku-, *v. a.* *To loiter, to delay.*
 Kolola ku-, *v. a.* *To hawk up spittle.*
 Koloma ku-, *v. a.* *To snore.*
 Kolombana ku-, *v. a.* *To be variegated.*
 Kolopola ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To snatch away from,* 2. *to dip a stick in oil for anointing.*
 Kolosya ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To care for, to take care of,* 2. *to touch up, to put to rights, to finish off, to set in order.*
 Kolowa ku-, *v. n.* *To be smooth.*
 Kolowana ku-, *v. n.* *To be smooth.*

- Kolupuka ku-, *v. n.* To slip out of one's hands.
- Koma ku-, *v. a.* To beat, to hurt, to injure.
- Komachisya ku-, *v. a.* To salute.
- Komangala ku-, *v. n.* To be big and full grown.
- Komanga ku-, *v. a.* To hit and kill a wounded animal.
- Komala ku-, *v. n.* 1. To have power of medicine, 2. to be ripe or matured.
- Komba ku-, *v. a.* To lick up with the finger.
- Kombola ku-, *v. a.* To be able.
- Komboleka ku-, *v. n.* To be possible.
- Komela ku-, *v. a.* To drive in.
- Komoka ku-, *v. n.* To be faint.
- Kona, *adv.* While.
- Kondesya ku-, *v. a.* To thank.
- Kondowesya ku-, *v. a.* To do a thing again and again.
- Kongola ku-, *v. a.* To lend goods for trading, to advance wages.
- Kongolekanya ku-, *v. a.* To gather into a heap and carry away.
- Kong'ondeka ku-, *v. n.* To be beaten flat out as

- cloth.
- Kongondeka ku-, *v. a.* To cackle.
- Kong'onda ku-, *v. a.* To rap as in detaching native cloth.
- Kongongoli, *n. s.* A fowl's cry.
- Kongwe, *adj.* Female. Litunu lia likongwe, A she hyæna.
- Koni! Take this.
- Konjesya ku-, *v. a.* To go often in a path.
- Konochela ku-, *v. a.* To deceive.
- Konya ku-, *v. a.* Kuli-konya, To act foolishly on one's own account, to deprive, to injure.
- Konyoka ku-, *v. n.* To be broken off as bananas, or as head of pumpkin.
- Kopa ku-, *v. a.* To entice away from one place to go and live in another.
- Kopochela ku-, *v. n.* To be within sight of, to appear.
- Kopochelela ku-, *v. a.* To appear to, to come out to.
- Kopoka ku-, *v. a.* To come or go out of.
- Kuposya ku-, *v. a.* To put out of a house.
- Koroma, *n. s.* A wooden stand for a hat.

- Kosa ku-, *v. a.* To miss.
 Kukosa litala, To miss the way.
- Kosisya ku-, *v. a.* Kukosisya litala, To mislead, to cause to lose the way.
- Kosya ku-, *v. a.* To repeat, to heat up again.
- Kosomola ku-, *v. a.* To cough.
- Koto, *adj.* Fine beautiful.
 Nyumba sya ngoto, Fine houses.
- Kotoka ku-, *v. n.* To leave off.
- Kotopa ku-, *v. n.* To be agreeable.
- Ku-, *At.*
 Ku, *To.*
 Ku-, *The sign of the infinitive mood in verbs. When in the present tense, preceded by n, it becomes gu.*
- Kuchilume, *To the right.*
- Kuinani, *High up, upon, the top.* Kuinani ku Mulungu, *Heaven.*
- Kuisambula ku-, *v. a.* To strip off leaves or bark.
- Kuita ku-, *v. a.* To thresh.
- Kuiwanda, *In the plain level country, e. g. in the valley of a river.*
- Kujendesya, *v. a.* To go down much, thus (*adjectivally*) deep.
- Kujolowa, *v. a.* Soft.
- Kukalamuka -a, *v. n.* Acute.
- Kukapa -a, *v. n.* Very thick, stout.
- Kukujila ku-, *v. a.* To cackle and call chickens.
- Kukula, *Thick.*
- Kukwangwii, *Hastily.*
- Kula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To grow great or larger, to sprout, 2. to pull out, to root up.
- Kulakula, *There, yonder*
- Kulangwa -a, *Tame.*
- Kulika ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be (full) grown, 2. to be pulled out.
- Kuliko *When.*
- Kulikuswela lina, *The west (i. e. where the sun sets.)*
- Kulikutioka lina, *The east (i. e. where the sun rises.)*
- Kulimba -a, *Strong, endurable, lasting.*
- Kulumula ku-, *v. a.* To rub in bathing.
- Kulungwa, *adj.* Great, large, important.
- Kulupiande, *To the left.*
- Kulupili, *n. s.* The soliri duck.
- Kulupila ku-, *v. a.* To trust in, to rely on, to believe in.
- Kulupilila ku-, *v. a.* To

- have confidence in, or reliance on, a person.
- Kulupuka ku-, *v. n.* To slip away from, to slip down, to be saved, to escape, to run away.
- Kulupusya ku-, *v. a.* To save, to rescue, to cause to escape.
- Kulusya lu-, *v. a.* To miss the mark, to fail.
- Kuluia ku-, *v. a.* To miss.
- Ku nacheio, Dawn.
- Ku nalembe, Oaths at the graves.
- Kumasikusiku, Very.
- Kumba ku-, *v. a.* 1. To shave off, to mow, 2. to overflow.
- Kumbanya ku-, *v. a.* To draw the fire together.
- Kuwambanya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To draw all together. to tie the first string in a mat.
- Kumbuchila ku-, *v. n.* To recollect, to remember, to think, to reflect, to pity, to hope. (!)
- Kumbuchisya ku-, *v. a.* To remind.
- Kumbusya ku-, *v. a.* To remind.
- Kumeso, *n. s.* Face.
- Kumika ku-, *v. a.* To hem in.
- Kumpoto, To the north.
- Kunakuna ku-, *v. n.* To

- be fat and well-favored.
- Kunda ku-, *v. a.* 1. To accept, to consent, 2. to rub the body in bathing.
- Kundawi, Morning.
- Kundawipe, Very early in the morning.
- Kundilila ku-, *v. a.* To be satisfied with.
- Kundungu, The back of the head.
- Kungula ku-, *v. a.* To gather up what has been spread out.
- Kunga ku-, *v. a.* To string a bow.
- Kungulo, *n. s.* The throat.
- Kung'unda ku-, *v. a.* To knock lightly.
- Kungulu, *adv.* Better, even if, though, sometimes, Chingulu.
- Kunguluka ku-, *v. a.* To converse, chat, spend time with.
- Kunokuno, *adv.* Thither.
- Kunula ku-, *v. a.* To beat. Kukunula lipende, To box the ears.
- Kunyuma, *adv.* After, afterwards, behind.
- Kupa ku-, *a. a.* To stir.
- Kupanjila ku-, *v. a.* To lave water over oneself.
- Kupila ku-, *v. a.* To wink.
- Kupula ku-, *v. a.* To pluck.

- Kusa, *adr.* Outside.
 Kusa ku-, *v. a.* To hoe
 an old garden.
 Kusika ku-, *v. a.* To
 gather grass in.
 Kusya ku-, *v. a.* To
 magnify.
 Kusula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 finish magambo, 2. to
 empty.
 Kusieto, *n. s.* A mother.
 Kuta ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 polish, 2. to chew a
 tough substance.
 Kuta ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 rasp, 2. to tie up tightly.
 Kuti, *I say, he says,*
 sometimes Nguti akuti,
 Kutuka ku-, *v. n.* To
 break.
 Kutula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 jerk, to snap, 2. to cut
 up.
 Kuwala ku-, *v. n.* To
 stumble.
 Kuwesi, 1. The part of a
 house away from the
 bed 2. the monthlies.
 Kuwila ku-, *v. a.* To
 find game slain by some
 one else.
 Kuwili, *Double.*
 Kuya ku-, *v. a.* To follow
 after.
 Kwa, *By, with (of the*
instrument)
 Kwakujinji, *Many times.*
 Kwali, *I don't know.*
- Kwaluka ku-, *v. n.* To
 be light (not heavy,
 to be easy.
 Kwanaula, *Afar, far off.*
 Kwakula ku-, *v. a.* To
 rob.
 Kwangula ku-, *v. a.* To
 drink what remains in
 the pot; to scrape up
 what remains in the jar,
 whether water, *zambe,*
 &c.
 Kwapata ku-, *v. a.* To
 carry under the arm.
 Kwapi? *Where, whence,*
when (?)
 Kwasula ku-, *v. a.* To
 eat something nice and
 tasty.
 Kwata ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 clap the hands together,
 2. to pull the trigger.
 Kwawa ku-, *v. r.* To
 crawl.
 Kwaya ku-, *v. a.* To feel,
 to touch, to handle.
 Kwayisya ku-, *v. a.* To
 lay on the hands, to
 touch.
 Kwekula *There.*
 Kwela ku-, *v. a.* To climb,
 to ascent, to mount. to
 ride, also written. Ku-
 kwera.
 Kwelana ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
 jump on one another,
 to meet one another, 2.
 to cover (*i. e. engender.*)

- Kwelegula ku-, *v. a.* To joke.
- Kweleko, *Thither.*
- Kwesya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To make to climb up, 2. to hang up, 3. to offer for sale.
- Kweta ku-, *v. a.* 1. To make a fence with reeds, 2. to clear ground.
- Kwesisya ku-, *v. v.* To extol.
- Kwikwitika ku-, *v. a.* To sob after, crying.
- Kwikale, *Level country.*
- Kwi-dimala ku-, *v. v.* To harden as in ripening of fruit.
- Kwilanga, *adv.* Openly.
- Kwina ku-, *v. a.* 1. To dance, to play, 2. to paint or stain.
- Kwima ku-, *v. a.* To draw together. Nyama jikwimile, *The meat has shrunk in boiling.*
- Kwipuka ku-, *v. a.* To run away from pursuers.
- Kwita ku-, *v. a.* 1. To pick up 2. to thresh out.
- Kwiwana ku-, *v. n.* To congeal, to become thick.
- Kwiwanda, *Down the hill, in the plain.*
- Kwiwogo, *The direction of the feet in sleeping.*
- Laga ku-, *v. a.* To doubt, to be troubled, to be poor, to be miserable.
- Laguchisya ku-, *v. a.* To give a present.
- Lagulila ku-, *v. a.* To spy out.
- Laiya ku-, *v. a.* To ask for many different things.
- Lagala ku-, *v. n.* To be dry.
- Lagusya ku-, *v. a.* To treat hospitably.
- Lajilila ku-, *v. a.* To be in doubt about.
- Lajisya ku-, *v. a.* To give goods to buy with, to commission.
- Lalata ku-, *v. a.* To deride, to reproach.
- Lalatila ku-, *v. a.* To deride, to reproach.
- Lala ku-, *v. a.* To wear down an axe or knife.
- Lalika ku-, *v. a.* To send out for porters, to call to war.
- Lalulila ku-, *v. a.* To finish speaking.
- Iakatika ku-, *v. n.* To fall down as leaves, to trickle down.
- Lama ku-, *v. n.* 1. To recover from sickness, to revive, 2. to be excellent.
- Lamba ku-, *v. a.* 1. To

- lick, 2. to pay tribute.
- Lambilila ku-, v. a. To finish up a magambo or to slip it while somebody is speaking.
- Lambuchisya ku-, v. a. To deceive.
- Lambusya ku-, v. a. To cheat, to deceive.
- Lamila ku-, v. a. 1. To be sufficient for, 2. to last, to be safe, to endure, to exist.
- Lamisya ku-, v. a. To save.
- Lamukwa ku-, v. n. To be ready.
- Lamula ku-, v. a. 1. To judge, 2. to order, command.
- Landana ku-, v. a. To resemble.
- Langa ku-, v. a. 1. To tame, 2. to take leave.
- Langana ku-, v. a. 1. To take leave, 2. to make a contract.
- Landanichisya ku-, v. a. 1. To copy, to make a pattern, to follow a pattern, to liken, to compare.
- Languka ku-, v. n. To be light, to shine, to be clear or distinct.
- Langusya ku-, v. a. To clean, to make smooth or clean.
- Lanji, n. s. Sealing wax, paint, polish (s w: rangi)
- Lanjila ku-, v. a. To show, to point out.
- Lapa ku-, v. a. To praise, to be surprised, to wonder at.
- Lapita ku-, v. a. To touch with the tongue, to lick.
- Lapula ku-, v. a. To take a taste of.
- Lasima ku-, v. n. To duck down so as to avoid a blow.
- Lasya ku-, v. n. To wear out.
- Lawa ku-, v. a. To get up early and start.
- Lawalala ku-, v. a. To injure (as by the desertion of a wife, &c.)
- Lawalawa ku-, v. a. To be continually on the move.
- Lechela ku-, v. a. To pardon, to drop, to let go, to forgive.
- Lechesya ku-, v. a. To pardon, to remit, to loosen.
- Lejela ku-, v. n. 1. To be loose, 2. to have pains in the body.
- Lejesya ku-, v. a. To loose.
- Leka ku-, v. a. To omit, to neglect, to leave, to

- let go, to avoid, to cease, to divorce.*
- Lekana ku-, *v. a. To alienate, to become alienated, to leave one another, to separate.*
- Lekangasya ku-, *v. a. To put off.*
- Lekanya ku-, *v. a. To divide.*
- Lekasya ku-, *v. a. To send away, to forbid.*
- Lela ku-, *v. a. To train up, to nurse.*
- Lelo, *n. s. To-day.*
- Lema ku-, *v. a. 1. To give one something to do which he cannot accomplish, 2. to overcome, to perplex (?)*
- Lemala ku-, *v. n. To be deformed. Mundu alenele, The man is deformed. Litala likulemala, The road is rough and broken.*
- Lemba ku-, *v. a. To adorn, to ornament, to carve, to write, to inscribe, to mark.*
- Lembeka ku-, *v. n. To be marked, inscribed, adorned, written, &c.*
- Lemwa ku-, *v. a. 1. To err, to miss, to fail, to overcome.*
- Lemuchisya ku-, *v. a. To sin against, to offend*

- against, to injure.*
- Lemwisya ku-, *v. a. To err, to cause to err, to mistake.*
- Lenga ku-, *v. a. To cut into strips, to slice, to cut up.*
- Lengula ku-, *v. a. To pare, to hollow out a cup.*
- Lenjela ku-, *v. n. 1. To be meek, gentle, 2. to have good luck.*
- Lepano, *adr. Now, to-day.*
- Lepanoje ku-, *This very day, at once, straightway.*
- Lepela ku-, *v. n. To be conquered, to be beaten, to be outdone.*
- Lepelana ku-, *v. a. To strive with one another.*
- Lepetala ku-, *v. n. To be weak and feeble.*
- Lesya ku-, *v. a. To slit up.*
- Lesa ku-, *v. n. To be half mad with drink.*
- Lewa ku-, *v. a. To err, sin, fail.*
- Lewelega ku-, *v. a. To sin against.*
- Li-, *The objective and subjunctive prefix, singular, denoting a substantive of the 5th class.*
- Li-, *Self (verbal infix.)*
- Lia ku-, *v. a. 1. To eat, 2. to use up, consume,*

- waste. Moto ulile nyumba, *The fire consumed the house.*
- Liaja, *n. s. Jack-fruit, (or rather a wild fruit resembling it.)*
- Lialiajisya ku-, *v. a. To fail to perform a promise or commission.*
- Iibanda *n. s. A gabled house.*
- Libeta, *n. s. A pouch worn on a belt.*
- Libosa, *n. s. A quarrel.*
- Lichela, *n. s. The foot of a hill.*
- Lichele, *n. s. Grime on a pot, (also lichile.)*
- Lialiasya ku-, *v. a. 1. To refuse, 2. to cheat.*
- Licheka, *n. s. A bracelet.*
- Licheko, *n. s. A very large male eland.*
- Lichenje, *n. s. 1. A valley, 2. precipice.*
- Lichinga, *n. s. 1. A stretch of forest land. 2. a kraal for cattle.*
- Lichilu, *n. s. A small monkey.*
- Lichiti lichiti, *adv. Violently.*
- Lichese, *n. s. A kick.*
- Lichiga, *n. s. The thigh.*
- Lichinji, *n. s. A bat.*
- Lichemba, *n. s. A slope.*
- Lichika, *n. s. A mat made of millet stalks.*
- Licholocholo, *n. s. A cock's comb.*
- Lichongwe, *n. s. An aloe.*
- Lidolilo, *n. s. The porium adami.*
- Liele, *n. s. Generosity.*
- Lienga ku-, *v. a. To mend by binding round.*
- Liganigani, *n. s. Doubt, uncertainty, hesitation.*
- Ligamba ku-, *v. a. To regret, to feel remorse for, to be sorry for.*
- Ligalawa, *n. s. A canoe.*
- Ligana, *n. s. 1. One hundred, 2. measurement, price, equivalent.*
- Liganga, *n. s. A stone.*
- Liganga lia uti, *A gun flint.*
- Ligaga, *n. s. A plaited bag.*
- Ligasa, *n. s. The palm of the hand.*
- Ligoluwe, *n. s. A pig.*
- Ligombo, *n. s. A banana.*
- Ligoneka ku-, *v. n. To lie down.*
- Ligondo, *n. s. The iguana.*
- Ligondola, *n. s. Coloured cloth.*
- Ligongwe, *n. s. A small house without thatched ends.*
- Ligonelo, *n. s. A sheath, a scabbard.*
- Ligongo, *n. s. A cause, a reason, a meaning.*

- Ligono, *n. s.* A place to lie in, a sleeping place, a bed.
- Ligugu, *n. s.* Marsh grass.
- Ligulo, *n. s.* Evening.
- Ligulu, *n. s.* A shelf.
- Ligumi, *n. s.* A toad.
- Ligwagulilo, *n. s.* A cast snake skin.
- Ligwa ku-, *v. a.* To be edible.
- Liiga, *n. s.* A stone on which the cooking pot is placed.
- Liindo, *n. s.* A rat.
- Liiya ku-, *v. a.* To be firm, to be fast, to be strong.
- Liipato, *n. s.* A charge of powder.
- Lijani, *n. s.* An ape.
- Lijasa ku-, *v. a.* To throw oneself away, to be a castaway.
- Lijego, *n. s.* A molar tooth.
- Lijeje, *n. s.* The part of the cheek below the bone.
- Lijela, *n. s.* A hoe.
- Lijeje, *n. s.* An egg.
- Lijelenesya, *n. s.* A centipede.
- Lijesa ku-, *v. a.* To go well on a journey without hurting oneself.
- Lijuganya ku-, *v. a.* To teach oneself, to learn.

- Lijila ku-, *v. a.* To lie in wait for.
- Lijimbi, *n. s.* A plant of the yam family. "native spinach."
- Lijoka, *n. s.* A snake.
- Lijongola ku-, *v. a.* To lie down, to stretch oneself out.
- Lijongolo, *n. s.* A millipede.
- Lijuni, *n. s.* A bird.
- Lijusi alili, *n. s.* Three days ago, the day before yesterday.
- Likaku, *n. s.* Dirt scraped from the body after bathing.
- Likakala, *n. a.* A fishing weir.
- Likalangulu, *n. s.* Great thirst.
- Likalambu, *n. s.* A large kind of scorpion that lives in holes.
- Likalilo, *n. s.* A fin.
- Likamatu, *n. s.* A spoonful of porridge or gruel.
- Likama, *n. s.* 1. milk, 2. honey (?)
- Likamambo, *n. s.* Home-made cloth.
- Likambi, *adj.* Bitter.
- Likambo, *adj.* Strong, lusty, a tive.
- Likangala, *n. s.* An iron or brass anklet.
- Likangata, *n. s.* A fun-

grass that grows on trees.
 Likandi, n. s. *A little child.*
 Likao, n. s. 1. *The sole of the foot,* 2. *footprint.*
 Likapa, n. s. *Red cloth.*
 Likarata, n. s. *Paper.*
 Likasa, n. s. *A box.*
 Likaya, n. s. *An anklet.*
 Likangaga, n. s. *A rush that grows on river banks.*
 Likoa, n. s. *Peel or husk of fruit.*
 Likoka, n. s. *A fish trap, a trap for small animals.*
 Likoka ku-, v. a. *To make thin porridge for children.*
 Likong'ondela, n. s. *A close fitting necklace for girls.*
 Likolo, n. s. *A root.*
 Likolomiko, n. s. 1. *Cock's wattles,* 2. *the throat.* (*Adam's apple*)
 Likelwa, n. s. *A stable.*
 Likombelo, n. s. *A street*
 Likombwa, n. s. *The skin (of fruit, vegetables &c)*
 Likome, n. s. *A large house.*
 Likonde, n. s. *Jungle, a jungle path, a path by the river where the grass is long.*
 Likondo, n. s. *A road, a*

path.
 Likonja ku-, v. a. *To make oneself comfortable.*
 Likony'ondo, n. s. *An egg.*
 Likongwa, n. s. *A slave stick, a wooden collar.*
 Likonokono, n. s. *A snail.*
 Likopa, n. s. *A shield.*
 Likoswe, n. s. *A rat.*
 Likovi, n. s. *A blow on the side of the head.*
 Likosa, n. s. *A large iron bracelet.*
 Likowela ku-, v. a. *To ask the cause of a quarrel.*
 Likoyo, n. s. *The shoulder.*
 Likuga, n. s. *A company, a herd, a crowd.*
 Likuka ku-, v. n. *To be uprooted.*
 Likula ku-, v. a. 1. *To uproot (of the wind),* 2. *to ruminate.*
 Likule, n. s. 1. *A fox (?)* 2. *a wild dog.*
 Likuli, n. s. *A forest.* (*Mikuli, In the forest.*)
 Likulu, n. s. *The prow of a boat.*
 Likuluwango, n. s. *A species of grass.*
 Likui, n. s. *A large male buffalo.*
 Likuluwe, n. s. *A pig*

- (*written also liguluwe and ligoluwe.*)
- Likumbi, *n. s.* 1. *A cloth worn between the legs and fastened with a string round the waist,* 2. *a baraza, a convention of elders to settle cases and disputes.*
- Likumbo, *n. s.* *A faintly marked path.*
- Likumbu, *n. s.* *A herd.*
- Likumi, *num:* *Ten.*
- Likunami, *n. s.* *The skin of men &c.*
- Likunda, *n. s.* *A kind of drum.*
- Likunda ku-, *v. a.* *To rub oneself in bathing.*
- Likunde, *n. s.* *Derision.*
- Likungulu, *n. s.* *A raven.*
- Likungu, *n. s.* *Ill-luck.*
- Likungwa, *n. s.* 1. *The bark of a tree,* 2. *a bark canoe.*
- Likupanjila ku-, *v. a.* *To lave water over oneself.*
- Likupula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To fan oneself,* 2. *to wave off flies from one's face.*
- Likupe, *n. s.* *A tick.*
- Likuti, *n. s.* *A gun wad.*
- Likutwe, *n. s.* *A kind of corn with a small seed like linseed:*
- Likwakwa, *n. s.* *A very large species of lizard.*
- Likwanjila ku-, *v. a.* *To*

- be dirty and careless of one's personal appearance.*
- Likwambatu, *n. s.* *A coil of rope.*
- Likwenda, *n. s.* *A fruit used as a relish.*
- Likwata, *n. s.* *A dance.*
- Likwati, *n. s.* *Leaves on the stems of corn.*
- Likwepe, *n. a.* *A small hornbill.*
- Likuseka ku-, *v. a.* *To fold the arms over the shoulders.*
- Likwinjili, *n. s.* *A bracelet.*
- Lila ku-, *v. a.* *To cry, to shout, to bark.*
- Lilama, *n. s.* *Pride, triumph.*
- Lilamba, *n. s.* *Fame, tongues of flame.*
- Lilambo, *n. s.* *An open space, generally more or less marshy and devoid of trees, of frequent occurrence in forests.*
- Lilaja, *n. s.* *A coat, jacket.*
- Lilanga, *n. s.* *A light clear space.*
- Lilembe, *n. s.* *A grave.*
- Lilimuka ku-, *v. n.* *To be fevered and covered with a rash.*
- Liliwa, *n. s.* 1. *A large stone,* 2. *the bottom of a*

- canoe
 Lilombalomba, *n. s.* A bell.
 Lilombe, *n. s.* War-drum.
 Lilombola, *n. s.* Beads plaited among the hair.
 Lilonga ku-, *v. a.* 1. To enter a cause, 2. to accompany.
 Lilonji, *n. s.* A calabash.
 Lilowe, *n. s.* A sound, a voice, a word. Lilowe lisowile, *He is hoarse.*
 Liluga, *n. s.* A cleft, a crack.
 Lilungo, *n. s.* The knee.
 Lilwala, *n. s.* A rock.
 Lima ku-, *v. a.* To cultivate, to dig.
 Limanga, *n. s.* A cob of indian corn.
 Limba ku-, *v. n.* To last, to be durable, to be strong, to be tight.
 Limbilila ku-, *v. a.* To be tight.
 Limbangana ku-, *v. a.* To be very strong.
 Limbachiga, *n. s.* Swollen glands.
 Limasa, *n. s.* Spots in the skin after eating certain animals.
 Limbapiko, *n. s.* A wing.
 Limbisyaa, *v. a.* To tighten.
 Limbuka ku-, *v. a.* To taste a new crop.
- Limo, *num.* One.
 Lina, *n. s.* A name.
 Linami, *n. s.* A top. (r)
 Linamimila ku-, *v. a.* To deceive oneself.
 Linda ku-, *v. a.* To watch, to guard, to wait for.
 Lindaka, *n. s.* A breaking out into sores.
 Lindanda, *n. s.* An egg.
 Lindandambuli, *n. s.* A spider's web.
 Lindenga, *n. s.* A long feather.
 Lindeya, *n. s.* A dance with drums.
 Lindila ku-, *v. a.* To watch for, to wait for.
 Lindilila ku-, *v. a.* To watch for, to wait for.
 Lindima ku-, *v. n.* To thunder.
 Lindonda, *n. s.* A drop.
 Linenyela ku-, *v. n.* To be happy.
 Linga ku-, *v. a.* 1. To try, to measure, to attempt, 2. to imitate, to mock Kulinga jua chimene, To mock a stutterer.
 Lingana ku-, *v. a.* To imitate, to resemble, to suit, to match, to complete.
 Ling'andu, *n. s.* The shoulder piece and guard

- of a gun.
 Iinganichisya ku-, v. a.
 1. To imitate, to copy,
 to pretend to be, to make
 like.
 Lingole, n. s. A cocoa
 nut.
 Ling'omba, n. s. A feather.
 ingulila ku-, v. a. To
 peep, to spy.
 Linjika ku-, v. n. 1. To
 be tempted, 2. to be
 measured.
 Lino, n. s. A tooth.
 Linolo, n. s. A whetstone.
 Lanonokea ku-, v. a. To
 humble oneself.
 Linyasi, n. s. Grass,
 Linyemia ku- v. a. To
 go well on a journey
 without hurting oneself.
 Linyenyau, n. s. A
 humble bee (?)
 Linyongolosi, n. s. A
 worm.
 Lioliopela ku-, v. n. To be
 sweet.
 Liosi, n. s. Smoke.
 Lioto, n. s. Warmth.
 Lipa ku-, v. a. To pay.
 Lipakana ku-, v. n. To
 repent.
 Lipamanga, n. s. Light
 reflected in the sky.
 Lipanda, n. s. A forked
 stick, the bifurcation in
 a tree.
 Lipande, n. s. A chip.

- Lipanga, n. s. A sword,
 a spear.
 Lipanga ku-, v. n. To
 stay a distance away.
 Lipanya, n. s. A rat.
 Lipato, n. s. A chip.
 Lipapiko, n. s. A wing.
 Lipata, n. s. A dam for
 catching fish.
 Lipemba, n. s. One
 grain of millet.
 Lipe, n. s. Grass used
 for walls of houses.
 Lipenda, n. s. The palm
 of the hand.
 Lipeade, n. s. The skin
 of animals.
 Lipeuga, n. s. A horn, a
 trumpet made from a
 horn, ivory (?)
 Lipeau, n. s. The leanto
 of a house.
 Lipesa, n. s. 1. Space,
 room, 2. opportunity.
 Lipeta, n. s. A yam.
 Lipila ku-, v. a. To pay to.
 Lipili, n. s. A large and
 thick snake very poison-
 ous but very slow in
 motion.
 Lipipa, n. s. A large
 cask of gunpower, a cask.
 Lipipi, n. s. A black ant.
 Lapiombio, n. s. A reed
 pipe, a kind of grass.
 Lipingwe, n. s. A kind
 of bird.
 Lipisya, n. s. Beads on a

- string.*
 Lipolwe, *n. s.* Food put away after being cooked.
 Lipondo, *n. s.* A gun-stock.
 Liponji, *n. s.* A ball of fat for smearing the body with.
 Lipogolo, *n. s.* A noose, a loop.
 Lipou, *n. s.* Grief, sorrow, remorse, distress.
 Lipuchilwa ku-, *v. a.* To be fevered.
 Lipuka ku-, *v. n.* 1. To have fever, 2. to bend oneself to work.
 Lipujungu, *n. s.* Steam.
 Lipukusi, *n. s.* Porridge tied up in leaves.
 Lipuisa, *n. s.* A small animal of various species belonging to the order *Mustelidæ*.
 Lipuje, *n. s.* Breath.
 Lipuji, *n. s.* A water tortoise.
 Lipukuu, *n. s.* A rat.
 Lipula, *n. s.* Bees' wax.
 Lipuloputwa, *n. s.* A butterfly.
 Lipululu, *n. s.* Wilderness, any tract of uninhabited country treeless or tree-clad.
 Lipuluwa, *n. s.* A scar.
 Lipundugulu, *n. s.* A mist.
- Lipungu, *n. s.* A part, a share, a division.
 Lipupa, *n. s.* A wall.
 Lipupe, *n. s.* An insect that feeds on pumpkins.
 Lipute, *n. s.* Boils.
 Liputi, *n. s.* Long grass.
 Liputiputi, *n. s.* A bat.
 Lipwala, *n. s.* The scrotum.
 Lisache, *n. s.* A head of corn.
 Lisagala, *n. s.* A dry branch on a tree.
 Lisakasa, *n. s.* A hut of grass or branches built at halting places on journeys, a booth.
 Lisale, *n. s.* A rush, a reed.
 Lisalo, *n. s.* Firewood sp it up for burning.
 Lisamba, *n. s.* A leaf.
 Lisambala, *n. s.* A dance.
 Lisamolo, *n. s.* A comb.
 Lisandi, *n. s.* A heap of trees for burning.
 Lisanga, *n. s.* A sheaf of corn.
 Lisangasi, *n. s.* An aunt.
 Lisapila ku-, *v. n.* To be well, to have good health.
 Lisega, *n. s.* Honey-comb.
 Lisegolo, *n. s.* The skin of snakes &c.
 Lisegwe, *n. s.* A noise.
 Lisengo, *n. s.* A deed, an action, a work; a

- business.*
 Liseo, *n. s.* *The flying squirrel.*
 Lisewe, *n. s.* *A rattle. (pl: Masewe, A dance at which rattles are used.)*
 Lisembeleka, *n. s.* *An early kind of millet.*
 Lisi, *n. s.* 1. *The shore,* 2. *the other side of a river.*
 Lisiki, *n. s.* *The trunk of a tree, a pole, a stake.*
 Lisiago, *n. s.* *The upper mill stone.*
 Lisilwa, *n. s.* 1. *The peg of a top,* 2. *the float of a fishing line.*
 Lisilu, *n. s.* *A crack on the sole of the foot.*
 Lisimba, *n. s.* *A lion.*
 Lisimbo, *n. s.* 1. *A hole, a pit.* 2. *a stick.*
 Lisimo, *n. s.* *A pit-fall.*
 Lisimwi, *n. s.* *An evil spirit, a jin.*
 Lisinga ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To remain quiet, to be patient,* 2. *to put up with a thing without making a fuss about it.*
 Lisinde, *n. s.* *A root of corn.*
 Lisinjasi, *n. s.* *An uncle.*
 Lisinjila ku-, *v. n.* *To be comforted.*
 Lisinchila, *n. s.* *A lin-*

- gering sore.*
 Liso, *n. s.* *Yesterday.*
 Liso, *n. s.* *An eye.*
 Lisoka, *n. s.* 1. *A spirit, a devil, a ghost,* 2. *mania.*
 Lisolosolo, *n. s.* *A bottle.*
 Lisonga, *n. s.* *A point, a stake, a pointed stick in an animal trap.*
 Lisongolo, *n. s.* 1. *A s'ave boy,* 2. *a nucleus (?)*
 Lisomwa, *n. s.* *A hole where rats and small vermin live.*
 Lisongolomembe, *n. s.* *A canine tooth.*
 Lisosi, *n. s.* 1. *A tear,* 2. *weeping.*
 Lisua, *n. s.* *A fist.*
 Lisuani, *n. s.* *A straw.*
 Lisugulu, *n. s.* *An anthill.*
 Lisulu, *n. s.* *A mangouste.*
 Lisuku, *n. s.* *A famous native fruit resembling a medler in appearance.*
 Lisungu, *n. s.* *A heap.*
 Lisusa, *n. s.* *The height or stature of a person.*
 Lisusi, *n. s.* *A nest.*
 Liswalulu, *n. s.* *Bees honey'ess.*
 Liswaluluswalulupe, *n. s.* *Great leanness.*
 Lisya ku-, *v. a.* *To feed, to nourish.*
 Litagalale, *n. s.* *A large pumpkin.*

- Litagandaga, *n. s.* 1. *A bier*, 2. *a palanguin*.
 Litagi, *n. s.* *An egg*.
 Litaka, *n. s.* *Earth, dirt*, 2. *32 yards of cloth—a whole piece of calico sheeting*.
 Litala, *n. s.* *A way, a path*. Litala lia kutalika, *A low road*. Litala lia liuna, *A short way, a newly opened path*. Litala lia mchitipa, *A broad path*. Litala lile mele, *An uneven road*.
 Litama, *n. s.* *Greediness*.
 Litambichi, *n. s.* *A chain*.
 Litambula, *n. s.* *A snare made with ropes*.
 Litanda, *n. s.* *A lake, a marsh, the sea*.
 Litanga, *n. s.* 1. *A door*, 2. *a cucumber*.
 Litanga nyate, *n. s.* *The bustard*.
 Litapa ku-, *v. a.* *To praise oneself*.
 Litapanya ku-, *v. a.* *To ruin oneself, to harm oneself, to get oneself into difficulties*.
 Litawale, *n. s.* *A large pool*.
 Litawala, *n. s.* *An elephant-shrew*.
 Liteleko, *n. s.* *A large pot for brewing beer*.
 Litemba, *n. s.* *A blow on the side of the head*.
 Litendin, *n. s.* *A rash on the skin*.
 Litendeu, *n. s.* *A hornet, a wasp*.
 Litenga ku-, *v. a.* *To sit quiet*.
 Litepo, *n. s.* *The place where seed is planted, a root (of cassave, &c)*.
 Litenje, *n. s.* *A hedge*.
 Litesi, *n. s.* *A toad*.
 Litete, *n. s.* 1. *A reed*, 2. *a grasshopper*, 3. *strips of matting*.
 Liteu, *n. s.* *A dark green poisonous snake with white belly*.
 Litegwa, *n. s.* *A nephew*.
 Litika, *Half-full*.
 Litikiti, *n. s.* *A water-melon*.
 Litila, *n. s.* *A bundle*.
 Litimalika ku-, *v. s.* *To be happy, to be content*.
 Litimbe, *n. s.* 1. *A muddy hollow*, 2. *a husk*.
 Litindi, *n. s.* *Stalk of corn*.
 Litita, *n. s.* *A sheaf*.
 Litimbwi, *n. s.* *A big drum*.
 ititi, *n. s.* *A tree crow*.
 Lititimiko, *n. s.* *Full moon*.
 Litiwo, *n. s.* *A plait*.
 Litoga, *n. s.* *Liver*.
 Litogolela ku-, *v. a.* *To rejoice, to be happy*.

- Litonga, *n. s.* 1. *A wild fruit with round hard shell,* 2. *a large lip ring.*
 Litongo, *n. s.* *The penis.*
 Litondo, *n. s.* *A rain drop.*
 Litondolo, *n. s.* *A halter, a tether.*
 Litonji, *n. s.* *Cotton.*
 Litope, *n. s.* *Mud, mire.*
 Litowa ku-, *v. a.* *To overdo a thing.*
 Lituku-, *n. s.* *A blister.*
 Lituli, *n. s.* *A mortar (for cleaning grain)*
 Litulu, *n. s.* 1. *A gift,* 2. *a male flower of the banana.*
 Litumbi, *n. s.* *A hill.*
 Litumbilo, *n. s.* *Anger.*
 Litutili, *n. s.* *A mole-heap.*
 Litunguwe, *n. s.* *A large rock.*
 Litumbusi, *n. s.* *A vulture.*
 Litunu, *n. s.* *A hyæna.*
 Litunda, *n. s.* 1. *Fruit,* 2. *a grave mound.*
 Litunungu, *n. s.* *A hyæna.*
 Lituya, *n. s.* *A corpse.*
 Lituta, *n. s.* *A raised bed for planting seeds on.*
 Liu, *n. s.* *Ashes.*
 Liua, *n. s.* 1. *A day,* 2. *the sun.* Liua likuswa. *The sun is setting.* Liua likutioka. *The sun is rising.* Liua pachanya

- mtwe, *Noon.*
 Liucho, *n. s.* *A house where person has died. (the word is used as an oath.)*
 Liukutu, *n. s.* *A small tree or shrub.*
 Liuji, *n. s.* *The bent tree of a trap.*
 Liugugu, *n. s.*
 Liula, *n. s.* *A frog.*
 Liumba, *n. s.* *A smel'.*
 Liui, *n. s.* *Deep, depth.*
 Liundo, *n. s.* 1. *A large kind of hawk,* 2. *a knot.*
 Liundu, *n. s.* *The site of an abandoned house.*
 Liulo, *n. s.* *Froth, foam.*
 Liula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To make a big house,* 2. *to mou't, to cast hair,* 3. *to tidy up one's personal appearance.*
 Liuli, *n. s.* *Unmarried state, the sacrum.*
 Liulawe, *n. s.* *An anvil.*
 Liunjiri, *n. s.* *A crowd, a heap, a multitude.*
 Liunde, *n. s.* *Sky.*
 Liundi, *n. s.* *An owl.*
 Liundika ku-, *v. a.* *To have a pain in the chest, influenza, bronchitis.*
 Liunga, *n. s.* *A goat's beard worn on the head in dances.*
 Liunga ku-, *v. a.* *To swing.*

- Liungaliunga ku-, *v. a.*
To sway about like a
drunken man.
- Liungu, *n. s.* A gourd
used as a ladle. Liungu
mbondo, A kind of
vegetable marrow.
- Liungutwa, *n. s.*
- Liungo, *n. s.*
- Liupa, *n. s.* A bone.
- Liupulu, *n. s.* A cutting
or green branch of a tree.
- Liuto, *n. s.* 1. Space,
opportunity, room, 2. a
wild beast's lair.
- Liuvu, *n. s.* The top of
the head.
- Liwago, *n. s.* An axe.
Liwago lia kusepela,
On adze.
- Liwala ku-, *v. a.* To
mistake.
- Liwale, *n. s.* A pledge
consisting of breaking a
small piece of stick or
straw.
- Liwalangwanga, *n. s.* The
breast bone.
- Liwalila ku-, *v. a.* To
forget. Alulile kuti
taliwalile, He said he
should forget. Punga-
kawilile ngaliwalile, If
I had stopped I should
have forgotten.
- Liwangula, *n. s.* 1. An
axe for splitting trees, 2
a beating.
- Liwandama, *n. s.* The
spleen.
- Liwamba, *n. s.* 1. The
skin of a serpent, 2. a
ground for a quarrel.
- Liwande, *n. s.* Track,
spoor.
- Liwano, *n. s.* A bird trap
made by a split bamboo.
- Liwanga, *n. s.* A sore.
- Liwangulu, *n. s.* The
skin of crocodiles, &c.
- Liwasa, *n. s.* 1. A wife,
2. house of a superior
wife, or of newly married
women.
- Liwasi, *n. s.* A scar.
- Liwata, *n. s.* A duck.
- Liwata ku-, *v. a.* To
tread, to step.
- Liwatika ku-, *v. n.* To be
trodden.
- Liwatana ku-, *v. n.* To
tread on one another.
- Liwela, *n. s.* 1. A breast,
2. sort, kind, tribe.
- Liwela, *n. s.* Lead, tin (?)
- Liwengwa, *n. s.* 1. An
elephant's tusk, 2. a
horn, 3. a powder horn.
- Liwembe, *n. s.* A fly.
- Liwelechelo, *n. s.* The
placenta and its mem-
branes.
- Liwenda, *n. s.* A blow on
the side of the head.
- Liwelenje, *n. s.* A kind
of grass.

- Liwewe, *n. s.* A large fire.
 Liweta, *n. s.* A box.
 Liwiga, *n. s.* A cooking pot.
 Liwila, *n. s.* An old garden hoed.
 Liwinda, *n. s.* Refuse of oil.
 Liwiwi, *n. s.* 1. An our (?) 2. a chicken.
 Liwolo, *n. s.* The penis.
 Liuwii, *n. s.* A serpent that lives near a stream.
 Liya ku-, *v. a.* To make firm or fast.
 Liwumbi, *n. s.* An egg.
 Liwunde, *n. s.* Clouds, heaven.
 Liwungu, A caterpillar.
 Liwuta, *n. s.* A sound heard near graves.
 Loga ku-, *v. a.* To bewitch.
 Lokota ku-, *v. a.* To pick up.
 Logo, *n. s.* The shiny colour of fish.
 Lola ku-, *v. a.* To look, to observe.
 Lolechesya ku-, *v. a.* To beware, to look after, to examine, to look well at.
 Loleka ku-, *v. a.* To be well regarded or considered. Lilowe lia kuloleka, A just cause.
 Lolela ku-, *v. a.* To look out for or after.
 Lowela ku-, *v. n.* To be

- stupid or foolish.*
 Lomba ku-, *v. a.* To pray (?)
 Lombela ku-, *v. a.* To marry (of the man.)
 Lombelwa ku-, *v. a.* To marry (of the woman.)
 Loloma ku-, *v. a.* To war.
 Londongana ku-, *v. n.* To be near.
 Lombesya ku-, *v. a.* To ask in marriage.
 Londa ku-, *v. a.* 1. To follow a track in grass. 2. to follow a speech in magambo.
 Longa ku-, *v. a.* 1. To one, 2. to put things into a pot to be cooked.
 Londola ku-, *v. a.* To divine by ordeal.
 Longana na ku-, *v. r.* To accompany.
 Longola ku-, *v. a.* To lead, to guide, to go before.
 Longolela ku-, *v. a.* To go before, to lead, to guide.
 Longolesya ku-, *v. a.* To drive.
 Lonjela ku-, *v. a.* To stay, to delay, to tarry.
 Lonjelela ku-, *v. a.* To precede.
 Longosola ku-, *v. a.* To arrange.
 Loosya ku-, *v. a.* To

accompany (of the wife when she goes home with her husband.)

Lopola ku-, *v. a. To make medicine.*

Lopotoka ku-, *v. n. 1. To be all sore over the joints, 2. to be boiled so as to be disjoined.*

Loposya ku-, *v. a. To catch (fish &c.)*

Losya ku-, *v. a. 1. To make visible, 2. to escort, 3. to show.*

Lososo, *n. s. Catarrh of nostrils.*

Loweka ku-, *v. a. To soak.*

Lowela ku-, *v. n. To be foolish.*

Lu-, *The singular prefix denoting a substantive the fifth class.*

Luambi, *n. s. A bough, a branch.*

Luani, *n. s. 1. A skewer, 2. a fence.*

Luaou, *n. s. A net.*

Lua, *A lip (?)*

Luali, *n. s. A side, a part.*

Lucheche, *n. s. 1. A white ant, 2. a crying peevish child.*

Luchese, *n. s. A kick.*

Luchinji, *n. s. The point of a sharp weapon.*

Luesi, *n. s. Moonlight.*

Luese, *n. s. A cock's comb.*

Luga, *n. s. A crack.*

Lugali, *adv. On the back.*

Luganga, *n. s. A crack.*

Lugapela, *n. s. A crack.*

Lugagawi, *n. s. Niggardliness.*

Lugomo, *n. s. A lip.*

Lugoji, *n. s. A cord.*

Lugono, *n. s. Sleep.*

Lugongomila, *n. s. A little steep path.*

Lugomba, *n. s. The ground that lies just over the boundary.*

Lugua, *n. s. Cord, rope.*

Luisi, *n. s. A whistle.*

Lugulila ku-, *v. a. To tell.*

Lugulu, *n. s. Memory.*

Luimbo, *n. s. A song.*

Lujanga, *n. s. A ramrod.*

Lujenji, *n. s. Fringe.*

Lujili, *n. e. A line, a course.*

Lujinga, *n. s. A yoke for carrying two loads, one at each end.*

Lujambi, *n. s. A branch.*

Lujeje, *n. s. 1. A hem, 2. a check.*

Lujemo, *n. s. A lip.*

Lujenda, *n. s. A large river.*

Lujiluna, *n. s. A current.*

Lujondo, *n. s. A confluence of rivers.*

Luka ku-, *v. a. To plait.*

Lukalala, *n. s. A large*

- basket.*
 Lukanda, *n. s.* 1. *Like-ness, resemblance,* 2. *a strap, belt.*
 Lukangangama, *n. s.* *Red oxide of iron.*
 Lukokosi, *n. s.* *A belt of twine.*
 Lukoloma, *n. s.* *A ditch, a trench.*
 Lukokola ku-, *v. a.* *To run away.*
 Lukoka, *n. s.* *A trap made by a falling tree in a path made by animals.*
 Lukomo, *n. s.* *A desire for things to eat.*
 Lukole, *n. s.* *A room in a house separated by partitions.*
 Lukolokombo, *n. s.* *A hook for pulling fruit on trees.*
 Lukondwa, *n. s.* *Joy.*
 Lukongolo, *n. s.* *A leg.*
 Lukonga, *n. s.* *The handle of a ladle.*
 Lukonji, *n. s.* *Rope, twisted rope, string, a fishing line, a snare for birds, a trap of twisted rope.*
 Lukope, *n. s.* *An eyelid.*
 Lukose, *n. s.* 1. *A claw,* 2. *a finger mark.*
 Lukoselo, *n. s.* *A ramrod.*

- Lukosi, *n. s.* *A neck.*
 Lukosyo, *n. s.* *A tribe.*
 Lukula ku-, *v. a.* *To spit out food to unminate.*
 Lukumbuchilo, *n. s.* *Grief.*
 Lukumbi, *n. s.* *Place of tribunal, tribunal, court of enquiry.*
 Lukumbo, *n. s.* *Track, spoor.*
 Lukundi, *n. s.* *Flock.*
 Lukundu, *n. s.* *The anus.*
 Lukunula ku-, *v. a.* *To run away.*
 Lukuta ku-, *v. a.* *To rub a skin in curing, to scrape as with a hoe or razor.*
 Lukutu, *n. s.* *Rust.*
 Lukwambala, *n. s.* *A plaited cord.*
 Lukwangulo, *n. s.* *A razor.*
 Lukweso, *n. s.*
 Lula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To say, to command, to tell,* 2. *to bubble up in boiling.*
 Lulanga, *n. s.* *Sunshine.*
 Lulasi, *n. s.* *Baldness (of old age.)*
 Lulele, *n. s.* *Gratis, for nothing, idly, without purpose.*
 Lulilwa ku-, *v. a.* *To be*

overstuffed from eating too much.

Lulimba, *n. s.* A musical instrument in which tongues of iron are stretched on a board with their ends free to allow of their being set in vibration by the fingers.

Lulimi, *n. s.* A tongue.

Lulo, *n. s.* A water jar.

Lulusya ku-, *v. a.* To boil and afterwards to wash several times.

Lulusi, *n. s.* Whistling.

Luluta ku-, *v. a.* To scream.

Kululuta (*ilula.*)

Luma ku-, *v. a.* To bite, to hurt.

Lumanganya ku-, *v. a.* To gnash (the teeth.)

Lumba ku-, *v. a.* 1. To crack, 2. to fire a gun, 3. to mention names in songs.

Lumbape, *n. s.* A kind of thin porridge.

Lumbalati, *n. s.* A rib.

Lumbana ku-, *v. a.* To be good.

Lumbila ku-, *v. a.* To swear.

Lumbikana ku-, *v. n.* To unite, to join together.

Lumbili, *n. s.* 1. Praise, 2. character, report, fame.

Lumbisi, *n. s.* A kind of

small bird.

-Lume, *adj.* Male.

Lumenya ku-, *v. a.* To run away.

Lumsisi, *n. s.* A porch.

Lumuli, *n. s.* A lamp.

Lumila ku-, *v. a.* To eat the flesh of game obtained by oneself.

Lumika ku-, *v. a.* To cup.

Lunda ku-, *v. a.* To join.

Lunduka ku-, *v. a.* To refuse to give.

Lundukwa ku-, To be in poor estate

Lundewa, *n. s.* A species of reed.

Lundila ku-, *v. a.* To change words in giving a message.

Lundusya ku-, *v. a.* To despise and speak ill of.

Lungama ku-, *v. a.* To go straight to a place.

Lungamika ku-, *v. a.* To speak the truth, to speak well and to the point.

Lung'wanu *n. s.* Lust, evil desires.

Lungusya ku-, *v. a.* To explain, to interpret, make plain, tell.

Lunguchisya ku-, *v. a.* To explain, to interpret.

Lungula ku-, *v. a.* To pass on through.

Lunga ku-, *v. a.* To tie firmly, to fish a pot.

Lunjesa, *n. s.* Young

- leaves on a tree.*
 Lupala, *n. s.* Baldness.
 Lupalase, *n. s.* The stem of a pipe.
 Lupalasa ku-, *v. a.* To run away.
 Lupata ku-, *v. a.* To hunt.
 Lupande, *n. s.* A side, a piece, a scrap.
 Lupanga, *n. s.* A straight Arab sword.
 Lupelele, *n. s.* A hole for a lip ring in the upper lip.
 Lupenu, *n. s.* A lean-to.
 Lupenga, *n. s.* The handle of a cup.
 Lupeta, *n. s.* A sifting basket of width without depth.
 Lupepelo, *n. s.* A fan.
 Lupiajilo, *n. s.* A broom.
 Lupilikanyilo, *n. s.* An ear.
 Lupinda, *n. s.* A bag of salt.
 Lupinga, *n. s.* 1. Nature (?) 2. handle of a cup.
 Lupota, *n. s.* Thread, yarn, string.
 Lupula, *n. s.* A nose.
 Lupuso, *n. s.* 1. Jealousy (?) 2. the will, 3. ill-will envy.
 Lupungulo, *n. s.* A screw key.
 Lupwawale, *n. s.* Any-

- thing with flat surfaces. not round.*
 Luplano, *n. s.* A tin snuff box.
 Lupundo, *n. s.* A belt.
 Lusa ku-, *v. a.* 1. To speak insultingly to, 2. to lie in wait for.
 Lusajo, *n. s.* A footprint.
 Lusanji, *n. s.* A small-grained cereal growing a foot high and used for porridge and in beer.
 Lusausyo, *n. s.* Punishment.
 Lusanje, *n. s.* A bundle tied on the end of a pole and carried over the shoulder.
 Lusasa, *n. s.* A partition in a house.
 Lusasu, *n. s.* Firewood.
 Lusele, *n. s.* Anything very small.
 Lusemba, *n. s.* A thief who has a medicine to prevent people's seeing what he is doing.
 Lusenga, *n. s.* Dregs.
 Lusepule, *n. s.* A fish's tail.
 Lusichi, *n. s.* A post.
 Lusinga, *n. s.* A bow string. Lusinga lua ndembo, A bracelet.
 Lusimbo, *n. s.* A staff, a rod.
 Lusiengo, *n. s.* Bracelets

- of brass wire.
- Lusiungusiungu, *n. s.*
Reeling.
- Lusomo, *n. s.* 1. *The going away to buy people,*
2. *any kind of prickly grass.*
- Lusonga, *n. s.* 1. *An end,*
2. *point.*
- Lusongolo, *n. s.* 1. *A kernel,* 2. *a kidney.*
- Lusonjo, *n. s.* *The skin.*
- Lusoso, *n. s.* *The top of a branch.*
- Lusulo, *n. s.* *A stream, a river* Lusulo lugasile, *The river has dried and the bed is cracked by the sun.* Lusulo lukuliku-ka, *The river is rising.* Lusulo lulikwiche, *The river is in flood.*
- Lusungu, *n. s.* *A heap.*
- Lusungulusungu, *n. s.* *In heaps.*
- Lutau, *n. s.* *The salvia at the corners of the mouth on getting up in the morning.*
- Lute'a, *n. s.* 1. *A float (in fishing.)* 2. *a shoot of a plant or tree.*
- Lutenje, *n. s.* 1. *A fence, hedge,* 2. *a load of grass, firewood, bambs and.*
- Lutete, *n. s.* *Begging, or beseeching (as a child of its parents.*
- Lutindi, *n. s.* *Asking for many things.*
- Lutitili, *n. s.* *A flea.*
- Lutua, *n. s.* *A flower.*
- Lutumbu, *n. s.* *Entrails.*
- Luula ku-, *v. a.* *To tell, say.*
- Luulawili, *n. s.* *Small lice in fow's.*
- Luuli, *n. s.* *A white hair.*
- Luulo, *n. s.* *A water jar.*
- Luuluge, *n. s.* *A small pot.*
- Luumbo, *n. s.* *Hair.*
- Luundu, *n. s.* *Dust.*
- Luungulilo, *n. s.* *A key.*
- Luunda, *n. s.* *Wits, wisdom, prudence.*
- Luuno, *n. s.* *A new village.*
- Lungwi, *n. s.* *Large firewood.*
- Lutando, *n. s.* *A bridge.*
- Luu, *n. s.* *A fruit (something like a large damson)*
- Luwagala, *n. s.* *A stockade, a fence, an encampment.*
- Luwala, *n. s.* *A floor, an open place.*
- Luwalati, *n. s.* *A rib.*
- Luwale, *n. s.* *A cut piece of pumpkin.*
- Luwali, *adv.* *Aside, apart.*
- Luwani, *n. s.* *A spit for drying fish.*
- Luwasi, *n. s.* *The blood of a murdered man which*

- blinds the murderer.*
 Luwesi, *n. s.* *Moonlight,*
 Luwesi lukulanguka
 mnope, *The moon shines*
very brightly.
 Luweta, *n. s.* *A razor.*
 Luwila ku-, *v. a.* *To be*
narrow (as a path.)
 Luwilo, *adv.* 1. *Fast,* 2.
a race.
 Luwindu, *n. s.* *Darkness.*
 Luwolawola, *n. s.* *The*
string of a bee.
 Lwala ku-, *v. a.* *To be ill.*
 Lwala, *n. s.* 1. *A rock,*
 2. *the pan of a gun.*
 Lwaso, *n. s.* *Accuracy in*
shooting, good aim.
 Lwasi, *n. s.* *A charm to*
cause death, (vide luwa-
si.)
 Lwanga ku-, *v. n.* *To be*
drunk and noisy,
 Lwela ku-, *v. a.* *To be ill.*
 Lwasya ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To*
nurse, 2. *to follow game.*
 Lwesa ku-, *v. a.* *To curse.*
 Lwendo lwendo, *Love for*
wandering about,
 Lweselela ku-, *v. a.* *To*
imprecate against.
 Lweselela ku-, *v. a.* *To*
swear at.
 Lwisi, *n. s.* *Whistling.*
 M-, *The personal prefix*
of the 2nd person plural.
 Machela, *n. s.* 1. *A large*
quantity, 2. *the pointed*

- bamboos of a pig trap.*
 Machila, *n. s.* 1. *A drag*
net, a net fixed by stakes,
 2. *a palanquin.*
 Machile, *n. s.* *The grime*
on a pot.
 Machili, *n. s.* *Force,*
power, authority, streng-
th.
 Mabusu, *n. s.* *Gun wads,*
 Mafumbula, *n. s.* *A witch-*
finder.
 Magambo, *n. s.* 1. *An*
accusation, a trial, a
decision a debt.
 Magana likumi, *n. s.* *One*
thousand.
 Magana, magana ga ku
 chipala, *Iron ore.*
 Maganyiganyi, *n. s.* *Sud*
thought, musings.
 Maganisyo, *n. s.* *Thoughts.*
 Magawagawa, *n. s.* *Lep-*
rosy.
 Magawanyo, *n. s.* *Separ-*
ation.
 Magongo, *n. s.* *Debt,*
enemies, faults. (?)
 Magoolelo, *n. s.* *Husks*
of corn.
 Mai, *n. s.* 1. *Manure,* 2.
a kind of fruit.
 Maimbo, *n. s.* *A swelling.*
 Maindi, *n. s.* *Madness.*
 Majemba, *n. s.* *Spots.*
 Majiganyo, *n. s.* *Teaching.*
 Majinya, *n. s.* *Eggs of an*
insect.

Majina, *n. s.* Liwonda
 lia majina, *Black bark
 cloth dyed.*
 Majita, *n. s.* Irrigated
 ground.
 Majugo, *n. s.* Prayer.
 Makacha, *n. s.* Husks of
 corn.
 Makala, *n. s.* 1. Charcoal,
 2. Makala ga liosi, Soot.
 Makalamuko, *n. s.* Craft,
 wisdom.
 Makambali, *n. s.* A kind
 of fish very common in
 rivers, ponds, &c.
 Makani, *n. s.* A disagree-
 ment.
 Makasa, *n. s.* 1. A species
 of pumpkin, 2. the spots
 on a fowl.
 Makati, *n. s.* 1. Time,
 season, 2. leprosy.
 Makolowele, *n. s.* 1. A
 sprout of millet, 2. shoot,
 a young banana plant, &c.
 Makombwa, *n. s.* Eggshells.
 Makosa, *n. s.* Faults.
 Makuku, Agwile maku-
 ku, *He fell on his stom-
 ach.*
 Makulupililo, *n. s.* Hope,
 trust, confidence.
 Makumi likumi, *One hun-
 dred.*
 Makunguluko, *n. s.* Con-
 versation.
 Makupete, *n. s.* The
 thread and apparatus

*for scaring the pigs and
 causing them to turn
 backward on the bamboos.*
 Makutu, *n. s.* The vagina.
 Makwelelo, *n. s.* A ladder
 Makwati, *n. s.* Leaves of
 corn.
 Makweso, *n. s.* Urine.
 Mala ku-, *v. a.* To finish,
 conclude, complete.
 Malaga, *n. s.* Clothing.
 Malaka, *n. s.* Tatoo marks.
 Malambo, *n. s.* Meaning,
 interpretation.
 Malango, *n. s.* Manners.
 Malangano, *n. s.* An
 agreement, farewells.
 Malawi, *n. s.* To-morrow,
 hereafter.
 Malekano, *n. s.* The part-
 ing of two roads.
 Malenjelo, *n. s.* Meekness.
 Malepelo, *n. s.* Scraps,
 (left after eating.)
 Malilolilo, *n. s.* Gum
 oozing from gum tree.
 Malile, *n. s.* A boundary.
 Malinga, *n. s.* 1. A figure,
 resemblance, 2. like, equal
 to.
 Malilo, *n. s.* Mowing.
 Malindi, *n. s.* A secret
 plot.
 Malilwe, *n. s.* Completion.
 Malipo, *n. s.* Pay.
 Malisya ku-, *v. a.* To
 accomplish, to finish, to
 complete.

- Maliwalo, *n. s.* *Faults, omissions.*
 Maliwato, *n. s.* *Steps.*
 Malo, *n. s.* *Place.*
 Malota, *n. s.* *Bosom.*
 Malombo, *n. s.* *Tassels or tails of calico hanging down.*
 Malonda, *n. s.* *Trade.*
 Malonjelo, *n. s.* *A stage (of a journey.)*
 Maluchu, *n. s.* 1. *Merchandise, 2. a truss of calico.*
 Maluli, *n. s.* *Good shooting, good aim.*
 Malulo, *n. s.* *News, things told.*
 Malumbo, *n. s.* *The meaning of a thing, interpretation.*
 Maluma, *n. s.* *A joint or splice.*
 Malweso, *n. s.* *Curses.*
 Mamasa, *n. s.* *Spots on the skin after eating certain food.*
 Mamboko, *n. s.* *The matter that oozes from the eyes.*
 Mambwimbwi, *n. s.* *The waves that rise after a stone has been pitched into the water.*
 Mamila, *n. s.* *Phlegm.*
 Mamenyano, *n. s.* *A fight.*
 Mamyengwe, *On the bank.*
 Mangawa, *n. s.* *Debt.*
 Mang'omba, *n. s.* *Feathers.*
 Mangame, *n. s.* *Dew.*

- Mangumba, *n. s.* *The younger wives of a chief.*
 Manangwa, *n. s.* *Cassava.*
 Manenyelo, *n. s.* *Love.*
 Mandindili, *n. s.* *"Pins and needles."*
 Manganyato, *n. s.* *Stamping (with the foot.)*
 Manganyi, *n. s.* *The outer skin of the sugar-cane peeled off.*
 Mang'ungutu, *n. s.* *Deformity through disease.*
 Manyika ku-, *v. a.* *To be understood.*
 Manikangana, ku-, *To be understood, to be intelligible.*
 Manungo, *n. s.* *A smell.*
 Manunjilo, *n. s.* *Scents.*
 Manya ku-, *v. a.* *To know, to comprehend, to understand.*
 Manyamalo, *n. s.* *Silence.*
 Manyasi, *n. s.* *Grass.*
 Manyi, *n. s.* *Excrement.*
 Manyila ku-, *v. a.* *To understand, to know.*
 Manyisya ku-, *v. a.* *To notify, to make to know.*
 Manunu, *Jua manunu, A madman.*
 Manyeranyera, *n. s.* *Sparks that fly from the anvil.*
 Maondo, *n. s.* *Bark cloth.*
 Mapasa, *n. s.* *A sacrifice (of a fowl.)*

- Mapalapatwa, *n. s.* *Chips, scrapings.*
- Mapalamandu, *n. s.* *Scrapings, chips.*
- Mapalilo, *n. s.* *Scrapings of bamboo in preparing it for basket work.*
- Mapapilo, *n. s.* *Fins, wings of a bird.*
- Mapemba, *n. s.* *Millet, sorghum.*
- Maperamapera, *Kwenda*
- Mmaperapera, *To pass through.*
- Mapeto, *n. s.* *Secrets.*
- Mapesi, *n. s.* *Stalk of millet, indian corn. &c.*
- Mapipi, *n. s.* *Black beads.*
- Mapokolanyo, *n. s.* *Judgement.*
- Mapulua, *n. s.* 1. *Lumps (as in bad flour,) 2. a scar left after tattooing,*
- Mapwelelo, *n. s.* *danger, frightening.*
- Mapupu, *n. s.* *Lungs.*
- Mapweni, *Alone. Ali mmapweni, He is alone. Kulola mmapweni, To look aside, 2. unknown country.*
- Mapundi, *n. s.* *Quarrelsome disposition, ill nature.*
- Masagamilo, *n. s.* *A dream.*
- Masakasa, *n. s.* *Grass huts.*
- Masako, *n. s.* *Want.*
- Masalilo, *n. s.* *An answer.*
- Masamba, *n. s.* *Leaves.*
- Masame, *n. s.* *A former place of residence, deserted villages or gardens.*
- Masanjala, *n. s.* *Worn-out calico.*
- Masale, *n. s.* *A twitching of skin.*
- Masapi, *n. s.* *Chaff, bran.*
- Masauko, *n. s.* *Troubles.*
- Masengo' *n. s.* *Work, business.*
- Masete, *n. s.* *Husks.*
- Masewe, *n. s.* 1. *Anklets for the feet, 2. a dance called from the former being worn.*
- Masiji, *n. s.* *A widow.*
- Masije, *n. s.* *The house of a dead man not yet entered by his successor.*
- Masichiri, *n. s.* *Intestinal worms.*
- Masika, *n. s.* *The cool season.*
- Masila ku-, *v. n.* *To be accomplished.*
- Masimaniilo, *n. s.* *A meeting place.*
- Masimano, *n. s.* *A crowd, a gathering together.*
- Masionga, *n. s.* *A rumbuling sound.*
- Masiowekano, *n. s.* *Agreeing.*
- Masimanyo, *n. s.* *A seam (as between two boards.)*

- Masisya, *n. s.* Rotten eggs left after the good ones are hatched.
- Masiwianilo, *n. s.* A joint or splice.
- Masiuchila, *n. s.* 1. An ulcer, 2. water dripping from a tree.
- Masoka, *n. s.* 1. Spirits, 2. madness.
- Masokoliko, *n. s.* Husks of rice.
- Masuani, *n. s.* Straw.
- Masuani ga mpanga, Rice straw.
- Masumilo, *n. s.* A sale.
- Masuso, *n. s.* Stubbornness, disobedience.
- Masulila, *n. s.* Concubines.
- Masundo, *n. s.* Horse leaches.
- Mata, *n. s.* 1. Spittle, 2. lust.
- Matakope, *adv.* Naked.
- Matando, *n. s.* Beginning.
- Matana, *n. s.* Leprosy.
- Mata ku-, *v. a.* To plaster.
- Matopwata, *n. s.* Worn-out clothes, rags.
- Mate, *n. s.* Wits, intelligence.
- Matetemelo, *n. s.* A shaking, trembling, quaking.
- Matikana ku-, *v. a.* To draw up, to contract.
- Matimba, *n. s.* A place near a river fit for millet

- growing.
- Matimba, *n. s.* Chaff.
- Matita, *n. s.* Sheaves.
- Matuka ku-, *v. a.* To peel off (as the scab of a wound.)
- Matogo, *n. s.* Liver.
- Matongo, *n. s.* Testicles.
- Matumbela, *n. s.* Waves.
- Matulu, *n. s.* A present.
- Maulukutu, *n. s.* Restlessness.
- Maunde, *n. s.* Clouds.
- Maunda, *n. s.* Young pigeons.
- Maundi, *n. s.* The last days of the Unyago.
- Maundu, *ns. s.* An old (deserted) garden.
- Mauno, *n. s.* Harvest.
- Mausyo, *n. s.* A question.
- Mauta, *n. s.* Fat, oil.
- Mauwondo, *n. s.* Bark cloth.
- Mawala, *n. s.* Stains, spots.
- Mawalanga, *n. s.* Leprosy.
- Mawalango, *n. s.* A numbering, number.
- Mawasa, *n. s.* A young wife or wives.
- Mawawa, *n. s.* 1. Bitter weeds, 2. a shower of rain.
- Mawele, *n. s.* 1. Milk.
- Mawele ga majui, Ourdled milk.
- Mawelecheto, *n. s.* Language.

- Maweleko, *n. s.* A bandage worn by women after child bearing.
- Mawila, *n. s.* Twine.
- Mawilo, *n. s.* The friends of a person who has injured another
- Mbagu, *n. s.* A wild overgrown place.
- Mbalasi, *n. s.* 1. A horse, 2. the injuring of one's friends.
- Mbagwile, *n. s.* Nature, origin, birth (')
- Mbalambala, *n. s.* A laying hen.
- Mbakamiko, *n. s.* A ravine a road with precipice on each side.
- Mbala, *n. s.* A wife who lives with her husband away from her relations.
- Mbalambanda, Kuchele mbalambanda, It has dawned brightly.
- Mbali, *adv.* On the side.
- Mbalati, *n. s.* 1. The ribs, 2. the side.
- Mbale, *n. s.* A plate, a dish.
- Mbamba, *n. s.* A small kind of ant.
- Mbamu, *n. s.* A small ball of porridge.
- Mbambu, *adv.* In addition.
- Mbanda, *n. s.* 1. A bank of a river, 2. pieces cut off a tree.
- Mbande, *n. s.* 1. Husks, 2. pieces.
- Mbanaiiga, Ambisile mbanaiiga, He put him between his legs for warmth.
- Mbanda, *n. s.* The bifurcation in trees.
- Mbauga, *n. s.* 1. A shoal, 2. a cane.
- Mbango, *n. s.* 1. A cave, 2 the phacochærus or wart-hog.
- Mbangwe, *n. s.* A very large male hippopotamus.
- Mbanje, *n. s.* A new garden.
- Mbapani, *n. s.* Dog ticks.
- Mbasa, *n. s.* Spoil, booty.
- Mbatata, *n. s.* Sweet potatoes.
- Mbawe, *n. s.* The nardvark on earth-pig.
- Mbawala, *n. s.* A small kind of antelope.
- Mbe! An expression used to denote whiteness.
- Mbeju, *n. s.* A seed.
- Mbeko, *n. s.* A stick for making fire.
- Mbela, *n. s.* A rhinoceros.
- Mbelete, *n. s.* 1. Light-holes, windows, 2. a mbelita, Plain.
- Mbelemba, *n. s.* Basket-

- work.*
 Mbelimende, *n. s.* *The bean-tree.*
 Mbendi, *n. s.* *A joint.*
 Mbendu, *n. s.* *The genet.*
 Mbepesi, *n. s.* 1. *A sacrifice, offerings,* 2. *a priest (?)*
 Mbengo, *n. s.* *A nostril (Mbengo mupula.)*
 Mbenya, Akwete mbenya, *He has lost one of his front teeth.*
 Mbera, *n. s.* *The inside of fruit.*
 Mbepo, *n. s.* *Air, cold.*
 Mbesi, *adv.* 1. *Completely, finally,* 2. *as n. s. the end, the top or bottom,* 3. *"it is enough," "it will do," "never mind."*
 Mbeto, *n. s.* *Millet cut down and left lying on the ground.*
 Mbeu, *n. s.* *A cockroach.*
 Mbiko, *n. s.* 1. *A present,* 2. *food put away after being prepared for cooking,* 3. *a precipice.*
 Mbindi, *n. s.* 1. *A joint in the stems of indian corn or millet,* 2. *a joint,* 3. *a trap made by a rope tied to a bent tree.*
 Mbilichila, *n. s.* *Turmeric.*
 Mbingu, *n. s.* *The lot cast for a journey, divining as to the success of*

- a journey.*
 Mbinjika, *Sleeping with the legs overlapping.*
 Mbisi, *n. s.* *A wooden plate.*
 Mbisu, *n. s.* *Maggots.*
 Mbito, *n. s.* 1. *The new moon when it is not seen,* 2. *pink beads.*
 Mboga, *n. s.* *A relish.*
 Mboka, *n. s.* *A marsh plant whose stems are worn round the neck for scent.*
 Mbolela, *n. s.* *Dark blue or black beads.*
 Mbolebole, *adv.* *Gently.*
 Mbone, *n. s.* *Goodness.*
 -Mbone, *adj.* *Good.*
 Mboni, *n. s.* *Witness, testimony.*
 Mbonda, *n. s.* 1. *A calabash,* 2. *a ball of tobacco.*
 Mbopo, *n. s.* 1. *A bill,* 2. *an axe.*
 Mbota, *n. s.* 1. *A seam,* 2. *strong threads.*
 Mbote, *n. s.* *Wages, hire.*
 Mbotole, *n. s.* *Bee bread.*
 Mbu, *An expression denoting whiteness.*
 Mbugu, *n. s.* *A hole (in wood) the hollow of a tree. Mbugu wa chipala, The nozzle of the bellows.*
 Mbugalilo, *n. s.* *Sticks for barring the door of a house.*

- Mbulilo, *n. s.* Authority.
 Mbulutu, *n. s.* The clearing of mist.
 -Mbuku, *adj.* Hollow.
 Mbulukwanda, *n. s.* A large lizard with blue tail.
 Mbulo, *n. s.* An ass (?)
 Mbulu, *n. s.* Intestinal dropsy.
 Mbulundwa, *n. s.* A small lizard.
 Mbunju, *n. s.* An eland.
 Mbunda, *n. s.* A zebra
 Mbunde, *adv.* Further, a little more.
 Mbumu, *n. s.* Breath.
 Mbumbi, *n. s.* Mustard.
 Mbunumbu, *n. s.* A large tusk.
 Mbungo, *n. s.* Wind.
 Mbujo, *n. s.* 1. An interpretation, 2. *adv.* in front.
 Mbuyo, *adv.* Pa mbuyo, In front.
 Mbusi, *n. s.* A goat.
 Mbutu, 1. A gun barrel, 2. small bundles of grass used for tying a roof.
 Mbuu, *n. s.* Ticks, bugs (?)
 Mbuta, *n. s.* A small-mouthed fish.
 Mbwa, *n. s.* A dog.
 Mbwanda, *n. s.* 1. French beans. 2. an expression denoting a breaking.
 Mbwani, *n. s.* The coast.

- sea shore.
 Mbwese, *n. s.* Loose beads.
 Mbwabwata, Chisiano cha mbwabwata, Iron hammered out flat.
 Mbwinya, *n. s.* Pride, obstinacy, ill-nature, sulkiness.
 Mchalumo, *adv.* Likewise.
 Mchanda, *n. s.* 1. A young man, 2. -a Mchanda, *adj.* Young.
 Mcheche, *num.* Four.
 Mchesela, *n. s.* Disgrace. Kwatesya mchesela, To make a man a disgrace, to put to shame.
 Mchese, *n. s.* An eunuch.
 Mchenje, *n. s.* A quiver.
 Mchiga, *n. s.* Rootlets.
 Mchiji, *n. s.* 1. The left hand, 2. -a mchiji, On the left.
 Mchila, *n. s.* The tail.
 Mchililo, *n. s.* 1. A nail, 2. the iron which fastens the slave stick round the neck.
 Mchileu, *Lengthwise.*
 Mchimbo, *n. s.* A tawny baton.
 Mchimwa, *adj.* Bad, hateful.
 Mchimba, *n. s.* Excrement.
 Mchiringo, *n. s.* A prosperous person.
 Mchisima, *n. s.* A halting place where no fire is to

- be had.
- Mehisigambali, Kulola
mchisigambali, *To turn
the eyes on one side.*
- Mehisimu, *adv. In truth.*
- Mehiuno, *n. s. The loins.*
- Mehokoto, *n. s. A bamboo
for digging in the ground.*
- Mchokwe, *n. s. That which
is put in the mortar after
being once pounded.*
- Mchoma, *n. s. A small
drum*
- Mchulusi, *n. s. One who
does a thing too often.*
- Mdala, *n. s. A cover for
a gun.*
- Mdalanga, *n. s. A gather-
ing for dances.*
- Mdio, *n. s. The right hand.*
- Mego,, *n. s. A kind of
potatoe.*
- Mela ku,- *v. a. To grow.*
- Melepe, *adv. On purpose.*
- Melemenda ku,- *v. n. To
fall steadily (as rain.)*
- Memesya ku,- *v. a. To
cry after the other sex.*
- Membe, *n. s. A fly.*
- Memenela, *v. a. To gnaw.*
- Menyeka ku,- *v. n. 1. To
be good, 2. to fall down
(used in speaking deri-
sively,) 3. to be dead
beat.*
- Menema, *Therefore.*
- Meno, *Teeth (meno ga
ndembo, Ivory.)*

- Menya ku,- *v. a. To beat,
to strike, to hit or knock.*
- Kumenya ligasa, *To box
the ears. Kumenya lipe-
nga, to blow a trumpet.*
- Menyana ku,- *v. n. To
fight.*
- Menye, *A cry used in
setting dogs on game.*
- Merimeta ku,- *v. n. To
glitter.*
- Mesa ku,- *v. a. To pluck
a fowl.*
- Mesi, *n. s. Water. Mesi
ga kuisisima, Cold water.*
- Mesimesi, *adj. Moist,
damp, wet.*
- Meso, *n. s. (pl.) The eyes.*
- Mesya ku,- *v. n. To glitter,
to flash like lightning.*
- Metelela ku,- *v. a. To
shave the head.*
- Mgao, *n. s. 1. A ladle
(made of a kind of veget-
able marrow which grows
with a natural handle, 2.
any ladle for dipping
out water or drinking
from.*
- Mgoji, *n. s. 1. Rope, 2.
bark rope or cord of
any kind.*
- Mgomalilo, *n. s. Rations.*
- Mgomba, *n. s. A weaver.*
- Mgombo, *n. s. A cross
beam.*
- Mgongo, *n. s. A back.*
- Mgulugulu, *adv. Beside,*

- Mgulugulu lusulu, *Be-
side a river.*
- Mgumba, *n. s. Mgumba
iwiga, A potter.*
- Mgumbi, *n. s. A large
kind of ant very much
in request as a relish.*
- Mgunda, *n. s. A culti-
vated field, a garden.*
- Mgungu, *n. s. A large
male sable antelope.*
- Mgwimbi, *n. s. Eyebrows.*
- Mialala ku,- *v. n. To
become quiet, to be calm,
to leave off making a
disturbance, to be con-
tented.*
- Mialasya ku,- *v. a. To
quiet, to soothe, to calm.*
- Miasi, *n. s. Blood.*
- Michiga, *n. s. Stumps
(of trees.)*
- Michomo, *n. s. Small
drums held against the
breast when beaten*
- Mikando, *n. s. A dwarf.*
- Mikondo, *n. s. Green
maize.*
- Mikumbu, *n. s. Beans
boiled and afterwards
husked.*
- Mikuli, *n. s. Hunting
ground, forest.*
- Mikunje, *n. s. The spring
of a gun.*
- Mila ku,- *v. a. To swallow.*
- Milala ku,- *v. a. To be
old (of wine &c.)*
- Milimbu, *n. s. Firstfruits.*
- Milo, *An expression for
disappearing under water
and drowning.*
- Milu, *n. s. A heap (?)*
- Milemeta ku,- *v. n. To
shine.*
- Minya ku,- *v. a. To press
out, to squeeze.*
- Minika ku,- *v. a. To hem.*
- Mipama, *n. s. Edible roots
found in the brush.*
- Miombo, *n. s. Fish spear.*
- Misaku, *n. s. Misaku za
chipala, Bellows.*
- Misanga ku,- *v. a. To
scatter, to spread.*
- Misana ku,- *v. n. To be
scattered.*
- Misila ku,- *v. a. To splash,
to spread upon.*
- Miula, *n. s. Miula ya
chipala, Bellows.*
- Mjengwe, *n. s. The brink
or bank of a river.*
- Mjembele, *n. s. A woman
who has born children.*
- Mjinganyi, *n. s. A tea-
cher.*
- Mnjilinjili, *n. s. The polysy.*
- Mengwa, *n. s. A brink.*
- Mjigo, *n. s. Authority.*
- Mjigete, *n. s. One who
carries.*
- Mjombo, *n. s. A common
kind of tree of gums
acacia.*
- Mjumi, *adj. Alive Jua*

- mjumi, *He is alive.*
 Mkala, *n. s. A curved Arab sword, a sickle.*
 Mkambaku, *n. s. The male of animals.*
 Mkang'wa, *n. s. A talkative person.*
 Mkapolo, *n. s. A slave.*
 Mkati, *adv. Within, inside.*
 Mkago, *n. s. An edge, border, hem.*
 Mkakasa, *n. s. Mkakasa chiwiga, A mantis.*
 Mkangamba, *n. s. Lilies.*
 Mkapwe, *n. s. A small red bead.*
 Mkolo, *n. s. 1. A laying hen, 2. the female of animals.*
 Mkoiko, *n. s. A herd of wild beasts.*
 Mkonga, *n. s. 1. A banana stem, 2. a cloth worn round the loins and reaching to the knees.*
 Mkombelo, *n. s. The bamboo round the rim of chisels.*
 Mkono, *n. s. 1. The hand, 2. a cubit.*
 Mkopa, *n. s. A small waist bag.*
 Mkota, *n. s. 1. A small goat, 2. stacks of millet, 3. a grass hut.*
 Mkubwa, *n. s. A small waist bag.*
 Mkucha, *n. s. The day.*

- after the day after tomorrow.*
 Mkuli, *n. s. 1. The forest, 2. the ratel.*
 Mkuo, *n. s. Rust.*
 Mkuti, *adv. When, as for, concerning, that.*
 Mkuita, *n. s. An iron anklet.*
 Mkutula, *n. s. A company, flock, herd.*
 Mkupulile, *n. s. A switch for beating off dew.*
 Mkuputu, *A word expressive of a four-legged animal running.*
 Mkungumwale, *n. s. A wild fruit with red flesh tasting like a pear.*
 Mkungulu, *n. s. A fallen trunk.*
 Mkungusa, *n. s. 1. A wood scraped and used as a scent, 2. disease of the eyes.*
 Mkunje, *n. s. A bow.*
 Mkoma, *n. s. The sprout that grows below the ground.*
 Mkwala, *n. s. 1. A large road, a road made by animals passing, 2. a kind of arrow used in shooting birds.*
 Mkwesu, *n. s. A tamarind tree.*
 Mkwia, *n. s. Semsem.*
 Mkwandala, *n. s. A leather*

- belt.*
- Mlamba, *n. s.* 1. *A common kind of bird,* 2. *the track made by leaving the path and going through the bush.*
- Mlambe, *n. s.* *A baobab tree.*
- Mlamisya, *n. s.* *A saviour, a healer.*
- Mlasi, *n. s.* *A bamboo.*
- Mlangani, *n. s.* *Red calico.*
- Mlendo, *h. s.* *A traveller, a stranger, a guest.*
- Mlindilile, *n. s.* *A guard.*
- Mlisya, *n. s.* *A herdsman, a feeder.*
- Mlira, *n. s.* 1. *A place without water,* 2. *a rough steep path.*
- Mlimba, *n. s.* *A small cloth for a child.*
- Mliri, *n. s.* *Small pot.*
- Mliwi, *n. s.* *A deep place in a lake.*
- Mlongo, *n. s.* *A brother or sister (used by one sex when speaking of the other.)*
- Mlonji, *n. s.* *A baobab tree.*
- Mloopa, *n. s.* *Bridegroom.*
- Mloposya, *n. s.* *A fisherman.*
- Mlowe, *n. s.* *Maize steeped for pounding.*
- Mlikano, *n. s.* *American sheeting, calico.*
- Mlingo, *n. s.* *A measure.*
- Mlukosyo, *n. s.* *A free man.*
- Mlula, *n. s.* 1. *A glutton,* 2. *greediness.*
- Mlupa, *n. s.* *A hunter.*
- Mlungu, *n. s.* 1. *A week,* 2. *sugar cane.*
- Mlutu, *n. s.* 1. *Gun barrel,* 2. *a plant of the leguminosae whose seeds are used to kill fishes.*
- Mlusulo, *n. s.* *A river.*
- Mng'andu, *n. s.* *The morning star.*
- Mnami, *n. s.* *A liar.*
- Mnangu, *n. s.* *A smooth stone found inside the shell of Ngalekale and carried by women in their mouth.*
- Muope, *n. s.* *Very much, exceedingly, with force.*
- Mnong'o, *n. s.* *Sweetness.*
- Mnung'una, *n. s.* *A younger son.*
- Mnunji, *n. s.* *Incense.*
- Mnyango, *n. s.* *A steep place.*
- Mnyanga, *n. s.* *A tusk, a horn.*
- Mnou, *n. s.* *Flesh.*
- Monyoka ku-, *v. n.* *To be chipped, to be cracked.*
- Mong'onoyoka ku-, *v. n.* *To be chipped, to be cracked.*
- Mnyelo, *n. s.* *A glutton.*
- Moga ku-, *v. a.* *To shave.*
- Mosepe, *Everywhere.*

- Moto, *n. s.* Fire, heat, warmth.
- Mopo, *n. s.* Green fresh grass.
- Mola, *n. s.* Frogs (*pl. of liora.*)
- Mpago, *n. s.* Nature.
- Mpagwilo, *n. s.* 1. Custom, 2. generation, 3. nature (?)
- Mpaka, *adv.* Until, so that.
- Mpalilo, *n. s.* A small cutting blade.
- Mpalu, *n. s.* A hunter.
- Mpama, *n. s.* An edible root in growth like a yam.
- Mpamba, *n. s.* An arrow.
- Mpango, *n. s.* A belt of cloth.
- Mpangwa, *n. s.* A cousin.
- Mpata, *n. s.* 1. A pass, 2. a road between hills.
- Mpatila, *n. s.* A small bag.
- Mpapa, *n. s.* 1. A species of field rat, 2. a kind of tree.
- Mpelewelo, *n. s.* The fifth day from to-day.
- Mpela, *Like, as.*
- Mpelaga, *As, like, perhaps.*
- Mpelesya, *n. s.* A kind of wild potatoe.
- Mpelesi, *n. s.* A vine.
- Mpepe, *n. s.* Rain brought by the wind.
- Mpepe, *adj.* Single, one.

- Mpesi, *n. s.* The stalk of millet.
- Mpichi, *n. s.* A thin stick.
- Mpika, *n. s.* A limit, a boundary.
- Mpiido, *n. s.* Cloth worn between the legs.
- Mpingo, *n. s.* 1. A flock, a host, 2. ebony.
- Mpini, *n. s.* A handle (of a knife, sword, &c.)
- Mpiko, *n. s.* A tree (or *po'e*) used in carrying a load.
- Mpingu, *n. s.* 1. The fetish carried on a journey, 2. a cruel man, 3. a man who does not have connection with women.
- Mpopo, *n. s.* A land reptile.
- Mpoto, *n. s.* The worth.
- Mpolo, *n. s.* The young of any animal.
- Mpukuso, *n. s.* A stick for stirring beans.
- Mpumbulu, *n. s.* Calico tied round the waist.
- Mpupulusi, *n. s.* Hunger.
- Mpungu, *n. s.* The man who presides at an Unyago.
- Mputi, *n. s.* A judge.
- Mpunga, *n. s.* Rice.
- Mputo, *n. s.* A staff.
- Mpwanga, *n. s.* A younger brother.
- Msakato, *n. s.* Fewness.

Wandu wa msakato,
Few people.
 Msakula, *n. s. A hunter*
(who hunts game by
spreading nets.
 Msamilo, *n. s. A pillow.*
 Msagamilo, *n. s. 1. Dream*
(?) 2. pillow (?).
 Msangu, *n. s. 1. Character,*
nature, disposition 2.
price of goods.
 Msanimanga, *n. s. The*
croton oil plant.
 Msanga, *n. s. Sand.*
 Msangamsanga, *adv. Qui-*
ckly.
 Msakasa, *n. s. A roof.*
 Msano, *n. s. The chief*
wife.
 Msanu, *num. Five.*
 Msalapa, *n. s. Whiskers.*
 Msapulo, *n. s. Rootlets*
of corn.
 Msati, *n. s. A flystaff,*
house support, (used as
an oath.)
 Msaula nguo, *n. s. A*
washerman.
 Mselu, *n. s. Nausea.*
 Msele, *n. s. Cooked rice.*
 Msengo, *n. s. A horn (of*
goats, &c.)
 Msemu, *n. s. Cost, price.*
 Mseche, *n. s. Talking of*
a person in his absence.
 Mseka, *n. s. A grass bun-*
dle used in thatching
eaves.

Msera, *n. s. A line.*
 Msese, *n. s. 1. Fornica-*
tion, 2. craving for the
female sex. 3. strips of
meat.
 Msewa, *n. s. An idiot.*
 Mseso, *n. s. A desert.*
 Mseo, *n. s. A path which*
is kept clear.
 Msenga, *n. s. Pink beads.*
 Msinda, *n. s. A city.*
 Msindo, *n. s. The sound*
of maize being pounded.
 Msimbi, *n. s. The long*
feathers of a cock.
 Msika, Pa msika, *A place*
where a crowd is accus-
tomed to gather.
 Msingu, *n. s. Height,*
size.
 Msisi, *n. s. Threshold.*
 Msiwani, *n. s. Cousin by*
mother's side.
 Msitu, *n. s. A forest.*
 Msimu, *n. s. A spirit.*
 Msipi, *n. s. A fish trap.*
 Msinga, *n. s. A cannon.*
 Msinjili, *n. s. Bitterness*
of spirit.
 Msilu, *n. s. The refrain-*
ing from doing a thing
from fear.
 Msiungu, *n. s. Girth, size,*
stature.
 Msokolo, *n. s. Cleaned*
grain.
 Msolo, *n. s. The tree as*
which propitiatory offer-

ings are made.

Msolola, *n. s.* A bottle weir.

Msoka, *n. s.* Ill-luck.

Msombi, *n. s.* 1. A back-flow of water from a stream, 2. a small stream flowing by the side of a big one.

Msomari, *n. s.* A nail.

Msomelo, *n. s.* A flat kind of ladle.

Msombola, *n. s.* A thief.

Msondo, *n. s.* A kind of drum.

Msongolo, *n. s.* 1. A youth, 2. a slave boy.

Msonogwe mnesi, *n. s.* The evening star.

Msopela, *n. s.* A ramrod.

Msopelo, *n. s.* That which is offered first for sale.

Msongo, *n. s.* The smacking of the lips in anger.

Msuku, *n. s.* 1. A company, 2. a favourite fruit tree.

Msukulu, *n. s.* A grandchild.

Msuli, *n. s.* A red fez cap.

Msululu, *n. s.* A leaking place.

Msundi, *n. s.* A kind of corn with a small seed like linseed.

Msusi, *n. s.* Gravy.

Msunje, *n. s.* Flour mixed with water as a drink.

Msunduli, *n. s.* Craving for the other sex.

Msusa, *Kutama msusa,* To sit on one's heels.

Mswaga, *n. s.* A stem of a kind of millet chewed like sugar cane.

Mswakanyo, *n. s.* The sound of anything passing through the grass.

Mswalulo, *n. s.* A kind of rattle snake.

Mswele, *n. s.* A kind of corn in appearance like a bulrush.

Mtambo, *n. s.* A trigger.

Mtambala, *n. s.* A load, a burden.

Mtalawanda, *n. s.* The tree from which bows are made.

Mtanda, *n. s.* 1. A basketful of porridge, 2. a grass shed where witches are tried.

Mtapo, *n. s.* 1. The matrix in which metal is found, 2. iron ore.

Mtala, *n. s.* A vessel, a washing pot.

Mtamilo, *n. s.* A seat.

Mtandasya, *n. s.* A porridge of dry cassava root.

Mtasi, *n. s.* 1. The first born, 2. a blood-vessel, a nerve. Mtasi wa likolomiko, The wind pipe.

Mtau, *n. s.* 1. Craving

- for the other sex, 2. a person who contradicts.
- Mtawanga, *n. s.* A quarrelsome person who will not hear what people say.
- Mtega, Pa mtega, Uselessly, Jua mtega, One who is alone.
- Mtecheta, *n. s.* Weakness, want of strength.
- Mtela, *n. s.* 1. A tree, 2. medicine.
- Mtelesi, *n. s.* A cook.
- Mtembo, *n. s.* A corpse.
- Mtemela, *n. s.* 1. Secrecy, privacy, 2. leisure, 3. advice (?)
- Mtepa, *n. s.* The end.
- Mtengo, *n. s.* 1. Usury, 2. price, 3. custom.
- Mtega, *n. s.* 1. A person sent on a message.
- Mtendere, *n. s.* Peace
- Mtesa, *n. s.* Ground nuts.
- Mtete, *n. s.* 1. A box of bamboo used for carrying powder, lime, snuff, &c. 2 the measure contained in such a box.
- Mtianga, *n. s.* A vagabond.
- Mtiko, *n. s.* A spoon.
- Mtima, *n. s.* The heart, mind, soul.
- Mtimbo, *n. s.* The west wind.
- Mtindiso, *n. s.* Staff.
- Mtina, *n. s.* Arrows used in shooting birds.
- Mtinga, *n. s.* Kutola mtinga, To be with child.
- Mtiosya, *n. s.* A saviour, a deliverer, one who takes away.
- Mtolo, *n. s.* 1. A run-away, 2. a bundle of bamboos.
- Mtiti, *n. s.* 1. Yolk of an egg, 2 a young bamboo sprout.
- Mtondo, *n. s.* The day after to-morrow.
- Mtondogola, *n. s.* The fourth day from to-day.
- Mtonga, *n. s.* An eunuch.
- Mtoto, *adv.* Quickly, often.
- Mtoto, *n. s.* 1. A suture, a seam.
- Mtowasi, *Plain.*
- Mtui, *n. s.* A corpse.
- Mtuka, *n. s.* A gift (that which is given to a stranger by the man whom he visits.)
- Mtukuta, *n. s.* 1. Warmth, perspiration.
- Mtulo, *n. s.* An altar.
- Mtulu, *n. s.* A gun barrel.
- Mtulundusi, *n. s.* The india rubber vine.
- Mtumatusya, *Slowly.*
- Mtumbo, *n. s.* A necklace of beads closely fitting the throat.
- Mtumba, *n. s.* 1. A long shaped basket, 2. a bundle of cloth, a load.

- Mtumba ja mitembo, *A bundle tied to a pole between two men (like a corpse.)* Mtumba ja mluinga, *A package, carried one before and one behind on a pole.*
- Mtundula, *n. s. A load of meat.*
- Mtundu, *n. s. Life (?)*
- Mtutu, *n. s. The euphorbia.*
- Mtunguu, *n. s. Covered baskets.*
- Mtuwa, *n. s. Young bamboo.*
- Mtwe, *n. s. The head.*
- Mu-, 1. *As (when, while),* 2. *in, into, within.*
- Mukweti, *n. s. Dense bush.*
- Mulika ku-, *v. n. To lighten, to flash.*
- Mulimuli, *n. s. A firefly.*
- Mulungu, *God.*
- Mulungunguli, *n. s. Black oxide of iron.*
- Mumbo, *n. s. 1. The north (?), 2. the west wind.*
- Mumbula, *n. s. In the nostrils.*
- Mundu, *n. s. A man.*
- Mundu juakuilila, *A dwarf.*
- Mung'ando wa liua, *Before sunrise.*
- Mungo, *n. s. Tame monkeys.*
- Mungu, *n. s. A bundle of things tied together.*

- Mung'unya ku-, *v. a. To twist the mouth.*
- Muno, *At, very, although, or, exceedingly.*
- Musi, 1. *Noonday, noon,* 2. *a town.*
- Musi letetete totolo, *-All day long.*
- Musundi, *A kind of corn resembling linseed.*
- Mumupenu, *Just in this way, exactly here.*
- Muulaji, *n. s. A murderer.*
- Muule, *n. s. A gridle of beads.*
- Mwa! Oh! (*in addressing people solemnly.*) Mwa'-chimwene, *Oh chief.*
- Mwa Mulungu, *Oh God.*
- Mwagaku-, *v. a. To scratch.*
- Mwacheso, *n. s. Last year.*
- Mwajii, *n. s. A yawn.*
- Mwakemwakepe, *Alone.*
- Mwali, *A young girl, a virgin.*
- Mwachejusi, *Two years ago.*
- Mwakuwatana, *In a level place.*
- Mwambone, *adv. Indeed, truly, right, certainly.*
- Mwamele, *For the very purpose of, on purpose.*
- Mwa muno muno, *There-in.*
- Mwanjinyi *adv. Frequently, often.*
- Mwana. *n. s. A boy, a son, a child.*

- Mwanache, *n. s.* A child.
 Mwanasi, *Acquaintance.*
 Mwanda, *num.* An hundred.
 Mwanja, *n. s. l.* A journey.
 Kwaula na mwanja,
And he went away. mwanja! I'm off!
 Mwangalumbana, *adv.*
Badly.
 Mwayi, *l.* Poison, especially that which is used in ordeals.
 Mwasya ku-, *v. a.* To scatter.
 Mwe, *In.*
 Mwele, *n. s.* Arrow poison.
 Mweju, *pr.* You.
 Mwenemu, *Meaning (?)*.
 Mwepano, *You yourselves.*
 Mwera, *n. s.* The south.
 Mwesemulo, *n. s.* Sneezing.
 Mwesi, *n. s.* Month. Mwesi mwoneche, *This month.*
 Mwesi wa sieto *Next month.* Mwesi wana woneka, *Next month,*
 Mwesi wa malawi, *Next month.* Mwesi uoneche mpale linganje, *New moon.* Mwesi utesile litumba, *Full moon.*
 Mwesiutuonecheu, *Next month.*
 Mwewe, *n. s.* A hawk.
 Mwigasa, *A handful (lit: in the palm.)*
- Mwijo, *n. s.* A small species of bird with a clear flute like note.
 Myikangamila ku-, *v. a.*
To gather together.
 Mwilili, *Shade.*
 Mwina, *n. s.* A pitfall.
 Mwinji, *n. s.* A flock (?)
 Mwinjilo, *n. s.* A jacket, coat.
 Mwipwa, *n. s.* A cousin, a nephew.
 Mwisi, *n. s. l.* The shore, 2. a pestle.
 Mwisichana, *n. s.* A maiden, a girl who has not been through the unyago.
 Mwisya, *n. s.* A hole (in the earth &c.)
 Mwisyo, *n. s.* Sneezing.
 Mwiwa, *n. s.* A thorn.
 Mwuta, *n. s.* Mwuta somba, *A fisherman (who uses a net.)*
 Myu! *An expression denoting completion.*
 N-, *The sign of the first person singular in most tenses of the verb.*
 Na, *And, also, even, with, together with. by (of an agent.)* Naju (na aju). *With him.* (Nawa (na awa), *With them.* Na is used to express the comparative degree of adjectives:— Achichi

chinandipe na chilachila, *This is merely little with that, i.e. this is less than that* Mundu ajuju juamkulungwa na aju-lajula, *This man is greater than that.*

Naga. *If.*

Nakagongolo, *n. s. A kind of mushroom.*

Nakana ku, *v. n. To grow (used of animals, &c.)*

Mbusi jinakene, *The goat is fat.*

Nakusa, *n. s. A fly that bites sharply.*

Nalugumbo, *n. s. A hornet that builds on the walls with clay.*

Nalukukuti, *n. s. A small snake.*

Nalumbapala, *n. s. The night-jar.*

Nalwii, *n. s. A chameleon.*

Namanila ku-, *v. a. To slander, to bear false witness.*

Namandelengwa, *n. s. Tall men.*

Namasonjo, *n. s. Tall men.*

Namiaka, *This year.*

Nambo, *adv. But, nevertheless.*

Nambuta, *n. s. A short legged fowl.*

Namkoko, *n. s. A kind of bird.*

Namkopoka, *n. s. A boy*

who has passed through the unyago.

Namkweka, *n. s. A kind of bird.*

Namlukuwewe, *n. s. A mysterious thing supposed to exist in the bush like our spectre or bogey.*

Namlume, *n. s. A large male elephant.*

Nanda ku-, *v. a. 1. To cut, 2. to be sticky as glue.*

Nanambula ku-, *v. n. To be elastic.*

-Nandi, *adj. Little, small.*

Nandumbwi, *n. s. A small bird with a long tail (? whydah finch.)*

Nandupa ku-, *v. n. To be few, to shrink, to be small.*

Nang'amula ku-, *v. a. 1. To joke. 2. to speak lies.*

Nanguli, *n. s. A whipping top.*

Nangulu, *Although.*

Nangumi, *n. s. A large fish (whale) whose picture is drawn on the ground by the head cook of the unyago.*

Nangwinja, *n. s. Bark cloth that refuses to be stretched.*

Nanu, *At dawn.*

Nasonda, *n. s. A frog.*

Nawa, *As to, if, albeit.*
 Nawa ku-, *v. a. To wash oneself.* Nawile miala, *I have washed my hands.*
 Naula, Kwa naula, *Afar off, apart.*
 Nda, *Then. (?)*
 Ndagala, *n. s. The huts in which boys live during the time after circumcision.*
 Ndaka, *n. s. Dropsy.*
 Ndakatulo, *n. s. A joking talkative person.*
 Ndala, *n. s. Time, season, period.*
 Ndalama, *n. s. Silver,* Ndalama sya njejeu, *Gold.*
 Ndamile, *n. s. A manner of living.*
 Ndambwi, *n. s. Mist, drizzle.*
 Ndandandawela, *In a line.*
 Ndandagasi, *n. s. Seeing badly.*
 Ndango, *n. s. A woven mat.*
 Ndano, *n. s. A story.*
 Ndanga, *n. s. Seed of the cucumber.*
 Ndawa, *n. s. A kind of small fruit.*
 Ndawi, *n. s. 1. A riddle, 2. distance between two places.*
 Ndawalawa, *n. s. A ladder.*

Nde, *Expression denoting fulness.*
 Ndechetu, *n. s. A twig.*
 Ndela, *n. s. The part of an arrow.*
 Ndele, *n. s. The green algee that grows in a stream.*
 Ndembo, *n. s. An elephant.*
 Ndendela, Kutenda ndendela, *To whirl about.*
 Ndenga, *n. s. Long feathers.*
 Ndeo, *n. s. A swelling.*
 Ndesi, *n. s. 1. A boil, 2. the cheek bone.*
 Ndete, *n. s. Sparks.*
 Ndeu, *n. s. 1. A beard, 2. cock wattles.*
 Ndikatika, *Crumbs. (?)*
 Ndime, *n. s. Hoeing ground*
 Ndimba, *n. s. A small antelope.*
 Ndinu, *n. s. A porcupine.*
 Ndipuka ku-, *v. n. 1. To get a fever (?), 2. Ndi-puka ku-mtima, To gasp for breath.*
 Ndiopé! *Dear me! good gracious!*
 Ndolola, *n. s. A hole for an earring.*
 Ndolo, *n. s. Ndolo sya litambichi, Links of a chain.*
 Ndolopupusya ku-, *v. a. To turn the eyes from*

- a person who is looking.*
 Ndondwa, *n. s.* 1. *A star,*
 2. *a drop.*
 Ndototo, *n. s.* *A kind of*
nut.
 Ndui, *n. s.* *Small pox.*
 Ndulo, *n. s.* *Belching.*
 Nduli, *n. s.* *A small part*
of anything cut off.
 Ndulu, *n. s.* 1. *A gull,* 2.
a kind of palm.
 Nduluko, *n. s.* 1. *First*
rains, 2. *the source of a*
stream.
 Ndumba, *n. s.* *A quiver.*
 Ndumbu, *n. s.* 1. *The*
corner of a house, 2. *the*
articles in the gourd of
a diviner.
 Ndumbulisa, *A flood in*
a river.
 Ndumbwi, *n. s.* *A flood*
in a river.
 Ndunu, *n. s.* *A stone cup*
with bent handles.
 Ndunda, *n. s.* *An expected*
meeting.
 Ndimdu, *n. s.* 1. *A burden,*
 2. *a bamboo pipe for*
smoking.
 Ndundi, *n. s.* *A cicatrix*
left after a burn.
 Ndanduli, *n. s.* 1. *A*
pinnacle of things piled
one above the other, 2.
an obstacle in the path (?)
 Ndungo, *n. s.* *Bamboo*
couplers (of a house)

- Ndungu, *n. s.* *The back*
of the head.
 Nduni, *int. pr.* *Who ?*
 Ndunjini, *Near.*
 Ndundumala pa, *Apart.*
 Ndwelo, *n. s.* 1. *A germ,*
 2. *seed of the water*
melon &c.
 -Ne, *Other.*
 Neju, *pr. I.*
 Nembo, *n. s.* *A tribal*
mark.
 Nema ku-, *v. a.* *To rub*
with oil.
 Nenembela ku-, *v. s.* *To*
fall short, to be nearly
finished.
 Neng'a, *On the point of.*
 Neng'ena ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To*
reap, 2. *to cut off the*
heads of millet.
 Nenyela ku-, *v. a.* *To love,*
to like.
 Nenyeyesya ku-, *v. a.* *To*
please.
 Nenyula ku-, *v. a.* *To tie*
a cloth round the loins
so that the part of the
body near it shakes in
dancing.
 Nepano, *I here, (I my-*
self.)
 Nga, *Not (the negative*
sign in verbs.)
 Ngachi, *n. s.* *The euphor-*
bia.
 Ngailio, *He is not here.*
 Ngalekale, *n. s.* *A basin,*

- a cup. (?)*
 Ngala, *n. s. Water crabs.*
 Ng'ala, *n. s. A disease of the eyes.*
 Ngalansango, *n. s. A ferret.*
 Ngali, *Without.* Ngali chindu, *Empty, without anything.* Nyumba ja-ngali chindu, *An empty house.*
 Ngalwa, *n. s. Hatred, ill-treatment of one who has not done ill, bad temper.*
 Ngalulilo, *n. s. A break in speaking as when a third person joins in conversation.*
 Ngama, *n. s. A ruddle, paint.*
 Ngamba, *n. s. Rice porridge.*
 Ngambo, *n. s. A bait.*
 Ngana— *The sign of the negative in the past tense.*
 Ngana, *n. s. A kind of fruit.*
 Nganali, *Not yet. (?)*
 Ng'anda ku-, *v. a. To dance, to play.* Kung'anda makoyo, *To shrug the shoulders.*
 Ng'andila ku-, *To mock.*
 Ng'ambula ku-, *v. a. To swim.*
 Nganga, *n. s. 1. A guinea fowl, 2. a toast, leaven.*
- Ngani, *n. s. A saying.*
 Nganya, *1. A council, 2. a baraza.*
 Ngapagwa, *There is none.*
 Ngasi, Ngasi ja kusiajila, *An upper mill stone.*
 Ngapo, *Then.*
 Ng'aso, *n. s. A furnace.*
 Ngavi, *A paddle.*
 Ngelekale, *n. s. Bivalve shells used as spoons.*
 Ngokwata, *n. s. Boots.*
 Ngokwe, *n. s. A store house for grain.*
 Ngolokombo, *n. s. A stick with crook or head for beating down fruit.*
 Ngololo, *n. s. The crested guinea-fowl.*
 Ngolombe, *n. s. A stick (?)*
 Ngolombwe, *n. s. A small species of antelope,*
 Ngolongondi, *Looking to the ground.*
 Ngo, *An expression denoting the gathering into a heap.*
 Ngoma, *n. s. A drum.*
 Ngomalilo, *n. s. Rations.*
 Ng'ombe, *n. s. An ox, cattle.*
 Ngomo, *n. s. A noise.*
 Ng'onde, *n. s. A very small antelope.*
 Ng'ondo, *n. s. A quarrel, war.*
 Ngondolo, *n. s. Sheep.*
 Ng'ondo, *n. s. Large land*

- reptile.*
 Ngongo, *n. s.* A spear shaft.
 Ngong'o, *n. s.* A tortoise.
 Ng'ong'ondala ku-, *v. a.*
To shrivel up.
 Ngongondo, *Steadily looking at.*
 Ngongole, *n. s.* Goods lent to trade with.
 Ngonokono, *n. s.* Snails.
 Ngongwa, *n. s.* A quartz stone.
 Ngope, *n. s.* Countenance.
 Ngosa, *n. s.* Sheep.
 Ngosi, *n. s.* Necks.
 Ngose, *n. s.* 1. A claw, 2. the hartebeest.
 Nguguluma ku-, *v. a.* To thunder.
 Nguju, *n. s.* A fig.
 Nguka ku-, *v. n.* To be clear, to be open.
 Nguku, *n. s.* A hen.
 Ngulakuna ku-, *v. n.* A swelling (illness.)
 Ngulo ku-, *n. s.* The throat.
 Ngulukulu, *n. s.* A kind of bird like a small guinea fowl a touraco.
 Ngulukulu, *On the side, a corner (?)*
 Ngulung'unda ku-, *v. a.*
To scrape up what remains sticking to the side of vessels, (as in a snuff box when snuff refuses to come out by shaking.)

- Ngumba ka-, *v. a.* To deceive.
 Ngumbwa, *n. s.* Shells of water molluses.
 Ngunde, *n. s.* Beans.
 Nguna ku-, *v. s.* To bend in passing under trees, rocks, &c.
 Ngunda, *n. s.* A pigeon.
 Ngunga, *n. s.* 1. A man who refuses to return goods lent to him, or who fails to fulfil his promise of giving, 2. an eel, 3. a plant used as a dye for the rim of baskets.
 Ngungu, *n. s.* A haze.
 Ng'ung'unda ku-, *v. a.* To strain a liquid.
 Ngunguni, *n. s.* A bug.
 Ngungulukuku, *n. s.* A mould.
 Ngunguta, *n. s.* Beans.
 Ngungwa, *n. s.* The bark of a tree.
 Ngungusi, *n. s.* A small animal of the family of mustelide.
 Nguo, *n. s.* Cloth.
 Ngupu, *n. s.* A track seen by all the grass being turned one way.
 Nguta, *n. s.* Tendon.
 Ngato, *n. s.* Cry, complaint, lamentation.
 Nguukwe, *n. s.* A hiccough.
 Ng'wa ku-, *v. a.* To drink.
 Ngwaga ku-, *v. a.* To

- scratch.*
- Ngwala, *n. s.* An ornament to stick in the hair.
- Ngwale, *n. s.* 1. A partridge. 2. a quail (?) francolin. (?)
- Ngwalu, *n. s.* A parrot.
- Ngwapa, *n. s.* The armpit.
- Ng'wang'wasya ku-, *v. a.* To be quarrelsome.
- Ngwasi, *n. s.* A fish eagle.
- Ngwena, *n. s.* A crocodile.
- Ngwengwe, *n. s.* A cross branch of a tree that gives out a scraping sound.
- Ngwechesya ku-, *v. a.* To give drink.
- Ngwesa, *n. s.* A kind of euphorbia used as a fish poison.
- Ngwesi, *n. s.* A bird that builds a hanging nest.
- Ng'wesya, *v. a.* To give to drink, to water.
- Ngwilili, *n. s.* 1. A top, 2. a kind of blue bead.
- Ngwingwisu, *n. s.* Beans.
- Ninya ku-, *v. a.* To grunt.
- Njalale, *n. s.* Stealing all the food, taking it away or destroying it as in war.
- Njale, *n. s.* The *sterculia* tree.
- Njama, *n. s.* A hard kind of ground nuts.
- Njasi, *n. s.* Lightning.
- thunder.* Njasi chikuwalula, *Lightning which rends trees.*
- Njati, *n. s.* A buffalo.
- Njelele, *n. s.* A bent chisel for hollowing out drums.
- Njelengo, Jua njelengo, A person who continually jokes.
- Njembo, *n. s.* A bucket, a vessel to draw water in, a calabash.
- Njengwe, *n. s.* A brink.
- Njenjema, *n. s.* A mosquito.
- Njerwa, *n. s.* Bricks. (?)
- Njenje meso, *The looking at different things as in singling out a good buck from a herd.*
- Njenjengwe, *All right.* (?)
- Njete, *n. s.* Salt.
- Njilisi ya lisimba, *A small thing taken from a lion and reputed as a charm against lions.*
- Njijo, *n. s.* Authority.
- Njipi, *n. s.* Lice.
- Njinga, *n. s.* The distaff.
- Njilinjili, *n. s.* 1. A fit, 2. epilepsy.
- Njo! *Expression denoting height.*
- Njombi, *n. s.* Hair tied up in little tufts.
- Njota, *n. s.* Thirst.
- Njominjo, *n. s.* Hopping.

- Njojo, *The noise of people talking.*
 Njombwa, *n. s. A kind of chess.*
 Njua, *n. s. A dove.*
 Njusi, *n. s. A serval.*
 Nogwe, (Na ugwe) *With thee.*
 Nokosoka ku-, *v. a. To break or tear off.*
 Nola ku-, *v. a. To sharpen, to whet.*
 Nombo, *n. s. The fringe of calico.*
 Nomwe, (Na umwe) *With you.*
 None, (Na une) *With me.*
 Nona, *An expression of climbing.*
 Nong'a ku-, *v. n. To be sweet, nice, pleasant.*
 Nonduya ku-, *v. a. To make small.*
 Nong'ola ku-, *v. a. To whisper.*
 Nonokea ku-, *v. a. To talk loud, to boast.*
 Nonopa ku-, *v. n. To be hard, to last.*
 Nowe, (Na uwe) *With us.*
 Nunga ku-, *v. n. To stink.*
 Numkwe! *Let me see!*
 Nuna ku-, *v. n. To cut a little off anything.*
 Nunjila ku-, *v. n. To smell sweet.*
 Nusya ku-, *v. a. To kiss.*

- Nya ku-, *v. n. To rain.*
 Ula jinyele, *It rained.*
 Nyakala ku-, *v. n. To grow old, to go bad.*
 Nyakata ku-, *v. a. To press, to urge.*
 Nyakula ku-, *v. a. To lift up, to raise.*
 Nyakaka ku-, *v. n. To be raised, to be exalted.*
 Nyale siwili, *Two pieces of wood, pumpkin, &c.*
 Nyalala ku-, *v. n. To wither.*
 Nyala ku-, *v. a. 1. To wither away, 2. to avoid one's mother-in-law.*
 Nyama, *An animal, flesh.*
 Nyamanyanka ku-, *v. n. To be erect, to stand upright.*
 Nyambatila ku-, *v. a. To stick to.*
 Nyambo, *n. s. A bait.*
 Nyamilwa, *n. s. A kind of potatoe.*
 Nyamula ku-, *v. a. To lift, to raise.*
 Nyanga, *n. s. A brown and white eagle, the sparrow hawk eagle (?)*
 Nyangala, *n. s. Wooden arrows.*
 Nyangata, *n. s. A spider.*
 Nyani, *n. s. An ape.*
 Nyanima, *n. s. Lightning.*
 Nyanya ku-, *v. n. To itch.*
 Nyanyika ku-, *v. a. 1. To*

speak loud, 2. to place a thing at a distance or high up.

Nyanyamila ku-, *v. a. To reach by stretching up.*

Nyasa, *n. s. A lake, a sea, a large river (l)*

Nyata ku-, *v. n. 1. To be wet (of porridge too watery.) 2. to be sticky.*

Nyela ku-, *v. a. To eat to excess.*

Nyenga, *n. s. An animal something like a large weasel.*

Nyenyeka ku-, *v. n. To be smashed up, (as ripe fruit at bottom of basket.)*

Nyenenyenduka ku-, *v. n. To melt.*

Nyenenyendusya ku-, *v. a. To melt.*

Nyenyela ku-, *v. a. To run away.*

Nyenyeresā ku-, *v. a. To cheat a person, to outwit.*

Nyenyenula ku-, *v. a. To bite off, to laugh at, to make fun of.*

Nyenyeswa, *n. s. Fragments, crumbs.*

Nyesima ku-, *v. a. To dazzle, to shine.*

Nyichisya ku-, *v. a. To make anything firm and strong and not liable to be destroyed by the wind.*

Nyikanyika ku-, *v. n. To shake about.*

Nyinda ku-, *v. a. To scout.*

Nyindika ku-, *v. n. To press down.*

Nyinyita ku-, *v. a. To speak to oneself or in a low tone.*

Nyitichila ku-, *v. a. To be sorry for to pity.*

Nyochola ku-, *v. a. To pluck up by the roots.*

Nyokonya ku-, *v. a. To make a noise.*

Nyongo, *n. s. Gall, bile. Nyongo jitindene, He is excited, [his bile is upset.]*

Nyonga ku-, *v. a. To twist.*

Nyolo, *n. s. Chains.*

Nyolola ku-, *v. n. To be small in stature, to be choked and small as plants planted in the bush.*

Nyolosya ku-, *v. a. To choke (as plants are choked by weeds.)*

Nyonja ku-, *v. n. To bend down.*

Nyosya ku-, *v. a. To disobey, to smack the lips in derision at.*

Nyopoka ku-, *v. n. To be weak, to be friable, to break off as thread.*

Nyowa ku-, *v. n. To get*

- wet, to wash.*
 Nyowesya ku-, v. a. To
wet.
 Nyuchi, n. s. A bee.
 Nyulunyusya ku-, v. a.
To sprinkle.
 Nyukula ku-, v. a. To
remove the top.
 Nyuma, adv. *After, be-*
hind.
 Nyumba, n. s. A house.
 Nyumba jisakele, An
old house.
 Nyumbu, n. s. A small
scented plant.
 Nyundo, n. s. A hammer.
 Nyundu, n. s. A hump.
 Nyung'unya ku-, v. n. To
turn sour.
 Nyunula ku-, v. a. To
stretch out.
 Nula ku-, v. a. To hit
with a stick.
 Nunga ku-, v. n. To smell.
 Nusya ku-, v. a. To make
to smell.
 Oka ku-, v. a. To burn,
to set on fire.
 Ola ku-, v. n. To go bad,
to rot.
 Ona ku-, v. a. To see, to
perceive, to feel. Kuona
 mbepo, *To feel cold.*
 Onanga ku-, v. a. To des-
troy, to waste, to corrupt.
 Onekana ku-, v. n. To see
one another.
 Onesya ku-, v. a. 1. To

- exhort, to warn, to show.*
 Onga ku-, v. a. To kiss.
 Ongola ku-, v. a. To stretch
out.
 Ongoka kn-, v. n. To be
stretched out.
 Ongonyoka ku-, v. n. To
be dislocated.
 Onjehesya ku-, v. a. To
add to, to increase.
 Onjesela ku-, v. n. To be
added to.
 Onjeshu ku-, v. a. To add.
 Opagwe, n. s. 1. Image,
 picture (2.) kind, pattern
 (3.) origin.
 -Ose, adj. All, every.
 Pa-, 1. Above, on, among,
 by, at 2. as, when, while,
 during, if (?).
 Pa-, A tense sign express-
 ing the meaning that
 it is in the nature of the
 person or thing to be or
 to do that which the verb
 denotes
 Pa-, The prefix denoting
 a substantive of the 8th
 class.
 Pa ku-, v. a. To give to.
 Pachaka, Next year.
 Pachanya, On, above, over.
 Pachera, Below, under.
 Pachika ku-, v. n. To
become jammed, to stick
in a hole, to hang up.
 Pachikana ku-, To jam.
 Pachila ku-, v. a. To

- resume work, to repair a gem.*
- Pachilikati, *Between.*
- Pachisiepe, *Aside.*
- Pachisya ku-, *v. a. To place alternately.*
- Pachula ku-, *v. a. To tear off with the fingers (as in pulling off the limbs to a fowl to give another.)*
- Pagala ku-, *v. a. To tie the bamboos or other frame-work of a roof.*
- Pagwa ku-, *v. n. (1.) To be born (2) to exist, to be.*
- Paila, *As, like.*
- Pakala ku-, *v. a. To anoint, to rub on, to smear.*
- Pakata ku-, *v. a. To carry in the arms.*
- Pakwepakwe, *Here and there.*
- Pakang'wa, *1. In the mouth, 2. a bird's bill, a gun's muzzle.*
- Pakama ku-, *v. n. To be caught and to stick (as in mud, or in a tree.)*
- Pakana ku-, *v. a. To threaten, to reproach.*
- Pakatika ku-, *v. a. To shed., Mtela upakatiche masamba, The tree has shed its leaves.*
- Pakombola ku-, *v. n. To be possible.*
- Pakula ku-, *v. a. To ladle out. to serve up, food.*
- Pala ku-, *v. a. 1. To scrape (as e.g. the scales off a fish) 2. to carry to go to, to visit.*
- Pala ku-, *v. n. Fire away from a place, 3. to look for.*
- Palala ku-, *v. n. To be visible.*
- Palalika ku-, *To go helter skelter.*
- Palagula ku-, *v. a. To steal openly, to steal in the owner's absence.*
- Palamula ku-, *v. a. To give cause for a trial.*
- Palangwisa ku-, *v. a. To scrape (of a fowl.)*
- Palapala, *Here.*
- Palasa ku-, *v. a. To touch.*
- Palasya ku-, *v. a. 1. To paddle, 2. to shell (beans, &c.)*
- Palawandula ku-, *v. a. To split a little.*
- Palatula ku-, *v. a. To slash, to cut a bowstring.*
- Palepata ku-, *v. a. To scrape (as in peeling potatoes.)*
- Palila ku-, *v. a. 1. To hoe, 2. to go about seeking food in time of famine.*
- Palula ku-, *v. a. To cleave, to split up.*

Palusya ku-, *v. a.* To turn aside from the path.

Palutumbo, *The stomach.*

Pamalekano, *Cross roads.*

Pamanyiche, *Openly.*

Pamba ku-, *v. a.* 1. To light up, to set fire to, 2. to put food in the mouth, 3. to dip a mouthful of porridge in the relish.

Pambakanyika ku-, *v. a.* To stand in a ravine.

Pambakika ku-, *v. a.* To stand in a crowd.

Pambalati, *On the side.*

Pambali, *On one side, separately.*

Pambanula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To separate one from another (as sheep from goats), 2. to free one from the grasp of another.

Pambeko, *The pan of a gun.*

Pambesi, *The end, the tip.*

Pambichila ku-, *v. a.* To add to the price of, to give in addition to.

Pambila ku-, *v. a.* To add to a person's load.

Pambukula ku-, *v. a.* To take down things placed one above the other.

Pambula ku-, *v. n.* To be more, to exceed.

Pampepe, *Together.*

Pamsululu, *A leak.*

Pamtima, *The chest.*

Pamtulo, *The season near the rains.*

Pamulila ku-, *v. a.* To dig up damp soil.

Pamwisya, *n. s.* 1. The touch hole of a gun, 2. the mouth of an animal's lair.

Panzimu, *n. s.* A place for offerings.

Panaula, *It is remote, it is altogether different.*

Panda ku-, *v. a.* To plant, to sow seeds.

Pandese, *The cheek, on the cheek bone.*

Pandichila ku-, *v. a.* To transplant.

Pandu, *n. s.* A place.

Panduka ku-, *v. a.* To make an insurrection.

Pangula ku-, *v. a.* 1. To cut game, 2. to open up a path, 3. to add more water (as in making beer,) 4. to cut out a doorway in the wall of a house.

Pangali, *There not being.*

Panganichisya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To make for a person, 2. to mend.

Panganisya ku-, *v. a.* To make by working.

Panganya, *n. s.* A seat outside the house.

Panganya ku-, *v. a.* To do,

to make.

- Pangulugulu, *Near.*
 Panjila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To take off a little of the bark of a tree to test if it will make good cloth,* 2. *to spread india rubber on the body.*
 Panopano, *adv.* *Here.*
 Panya ku-, *v. a.* Kupanya meno, *To cut the teeth to a point.*
 Panyuma *After, behind.*
 Papamba ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To beat fast (of the heart,)* 2. *to be in a hurry.*
 Papasva ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To stroke,* 2. *to grope.*
 Papopo, *Just there.*
 Papuka ku-, *v. n.* *To be torn.*
 Papulanya ku-, *v. a.* *To tear.*
 Papula ku-, *v. a.* *To tear, to claw. to lacerate.*
 Pasa, *adv.* *Outside, without abroad.*
 Pasapo, *Outside there.*
 Pasa ku-, *v. a.* *To clean grass.*
 Pasi, *adv.* *Down, under, low.*
 Pasya ku-, *v. a.* *To taste.*
 Pata ku-, *v. a.* *To despise, to revile, to insult.*
 Patenga ku-, *v. a.* *To look all over.*
 Patikana ku-, *v. n.* *To be*

- close together, to accompany on the road.*
 Pateku'ula, *A wide place.*
 Patichisya ku-, *v. a.* *To meet a path.*
 Patuka ku-, *v. n.* *To fall down.*
 Patula ku-, *v. a.* *To take down.*
 Pausyo, *n. s.* *The forehead.*
 Pe, *Only, merely, barely.*
 Pochela ku-, *v. a.* *To receive.*
 Pechesya ku-, *v. a.* *To accompany, to escort.*
 Pechela, *adv.* *Below, underneath, at the bottom of.*
 Pegwa ku-, *To be given.*
 Pekolomiko, *The throat.*
 Pela ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To think,* 2. *to let out to hire,* 3. *to get tired, to be harassed.*
 Pelela ku-, *v. n.* *To be deficient.*
 Pelegenya ku-, *v. a.* *To divide.*
 Pelengana ku-, *v. a.* *To pass on.*
 Pelembe, *n. s.* *Graves.*
 Pelebela ku-, *v. n.* *To be deficient, to be a little too short.*
 Pelesya ku-, *v. a.* *To make to pass through.*
 Pelepeta ku-, *v. a.* *To pass through.*

- Peleta ku-, *v. a.* To penetrate, to go through.
- Pawa ku-, *v. a.* To be given (i.e. to receive).
- Kupelwa mbote, To get hire, to earn.
- Kupelwa kwa mbote, To hire.
- Pelwana ku-, *v. a.* To get from one another.
- Pembelesya ku-, *v. a.* To lull, to pacify, to soothe, to coax.
- Pembeneka ku-, *v. a.* To close a door leaving a little open.
- Pembeka ku-, *v. n.* To be in weak health.
- Pemendela ku-, *v. a.* 1. To sprinkle water over, 2. to squirt water out of the mouth.
- Pembesya ku-, *v. a.* To quiet a child by soothing or rocking.
- Pembula ku-, *v. a.* To sift corn.
- Penani, Above, over, upon, on the top of.
- Pengasi, *n. s.* A small tree with a rough stem.
- Penda ku-, *v. a.* 1. To offer oneself for a journey, 2. to give the ordeal to an animal, 3. to escape from danger.
- Pendama ku-, *v. n.* To slant (as in the sun

- setting.) to lurch.
- Pendeka ku-, To turn the ear to one, to turn or slant a thing towards one so that the contents of it may be seen.
- Penyuka ku-, *v. n.* To be chipped.
- Penupenupe, Alone by yourselves.
- Pepelela ku-, *v. a.* To fan.
- Pepa ku-, *v. n.* To sink before setting.
- Pepeluka ku-, *v. a.* To stumble from side to side.
- Pepula ku-, *v. a.* To separate one seed from another.
- Pesya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To follow up herds (?) 2. to harass.
- Peta ku-, *v. a.* 1. To sift, 2. to pull down the branches of a tree so as to reach the fruit, 3. to write the pictures at an unyago.
- Petanda, At the lake.
- Petee, Expressive of consolation.
- Petula ku-, *v. a.* To clear away trees that a path may be formed.
- Peteka ku-, *v. a.* To ache, to give pain.
- Peuto, At the place.
- Peza ku-, *v. a.* To peep through.

- Pi? *int. pr. Which?*
 Pia ku-, *v. n. To be burned.*
 Piajila ku-, *v. a. To sweep.*
 Piatangusya ku-, *v. a. To offend.*
 Pichila ku-, *v. a. To tie beads round the string that forms the necklace.*
 Pietechesya ku-, *v. a. To crush down, to push down.*
 Pietangula ku-, *v. a. To trip up.*
 Pika ku-, *v. n. To carry a load by 2 or more persons.*
 Piganya ku-, *v. a. To perform a task well.*
 Pikula ku-, *v. a. 1. To overturn, to upset, 2. to "prise" up.*
 Pikusya ku-, *v. a. 1. To throw down, 2. to turn down the head.*
 Pila ku-, *v. n. 1. To be consumed, 2. wink, 3. to lust after, 3. to be without, to lack.*
 Pilipita ku-, *v. a. To wriggle about.*
 Pilikana ku-, *v. a. To hear, to attend.*
 Pilikanila ku-, *v. a. To listen to, to hearken.*
 Pilila ku-, *v. n. To be black*
 Pilyuu, *adj. Black, dark.*
 Pinda ku- *v. a. 1. To bend,*

- to fold, 2 to buy.*
 Pindanya ku-, *v. a. To fold.*
 Pindula ku-, *v. n. To change (as in one's opinion or in clothes)*
 Pimindika ku-, *v. a. 1. To bind to secrecy, to outbid in buying.*
 Pinjikanya ku-, *act. To cross.*
 Pinduchila ku-, *v. a. 1. To get advantage, 2. to become at variance, 3. to be turned over.*
 Pindikula ku-, *v. a. To overthrow.*
 Pingulana ku-, *v. a. To lay across diagonally.*
 Pingusya ku-, *v. a. To object.*
 Piriga ku-, *v. a. To wrap up.*
 Pipilisya ku-, *v. a. To give a hint to by speaking to another what is meant for one to hear.*
 Pisa ku-, *v. a. To blunt.*
 Pisiangana ku-, *v. n. To pass each other.*
 Pisyu ku-, *v. a. To let pass by, to pass through.*
 Pionyoka ku-, *v. n. To be pointed.*
 Pita ku-, *v. a. To flow, to pass.*
 Pitangana ku-, *v. n. To pass, to go by.*

Pitikuka ku-, *v. n.* To
turn round, to repent.

Pitikusya ku-, *v. a.* To
turn round.

Po. *Here, at, while.*

Pojola ku-, *v. a.* To make
a path through the grass.

Poka ku-, *v. a.* To prosper,
to be happy, to be for-
tunate.

Pokasya ku-, *v. a.* To
save, to heal, to rescue.

Pokola ku-, *v. a.* To go
to one's assistance.

Pokolanya ku-, *v. a.* To
judge (?), to separate
people when fighting, to
reconcile.

Pokosoka ku-, *v. a.* To be
hard and brittle as grass.

Pola ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
recover from a wound or
illness; 2. to grow cool.

Poola ku-, *v. a.* To bore,
to pierce.

Polosya ku-, *v. a.* To bear
a dead child.

Polanganya ku-, *v. a.* To
cross over, (one over the
other) and lie down to-
gether.

Polopoteka ku-, *v. a.* To
be foolish and forgetful
of one's work.

Pomoka ku-, *v. n.* To
have the skin rubbed off,
to be bruised (?)

Pomola ku-, *v. a.* To rub

off the skin.

Ponda ku-, *v. a.* To pound,
to knead.

Ponechesya ku-, *v. a.* To
throw to.

Pongola ku-, *v. a.* To breed
(of animals.)

Ponya ku-, *v. a.* To throw.

Pongwepongwe, *n. s.*
Niggardliness.

Popela ku-, *v. a.* To pray
to.

Popola ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
beat the bush with a stick
to scare out animals, 2.
to cut down grass in the
bush with a knife, 3. to
beat anything out of a
tree with a stick.

Popolanya ku-, *v. a.* To
tie bamboos on the roof
of a house.

Poposya ku-, *v. a.* To
knock at a door.

Popotoka ku-, *v. n.* To
be twisted, to warp.

Popotola ku-, *v. a.* To
distort, to wrench, to
strangle, to hang,

Posepe, *Everywhere.*

Posya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
cool 2. to remedy, to cure,
to save.

Pota ku-, *v. a.* To twist.

Poya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To pound
malt, 2. to be peevish and
difficult to please.

Pu, *While. When placed*

- before the verb, it expresses the being in a state, or in the act, of doing anything.)
- Pua ku-, v. n. To grow lean.
- Puga ku-, v. a. 1. To blow, 2. to separate into two divisions.
- Pugulila ku-, v. a. To pour in.
- Pugwa ku-, v. a. To be simple or ignorant, to be foolish.
- Pukuta ku-, v. a. To wipe.
- Pukutuka ku-, v. a. 1. To shed leaves, 2. to be easily detached.
- Pukunya ku-, v. a. To shake the head as in dissent.
- Pukuswa ku-, v. a. To be bored (of wood riddled by insect holes.)
- Pulana ku-, v. a. 1. To close the lid of a box, to shut an umbrella.
- Pulichira ku-, v. a. To be silly, to emit to repeat the words of a message.
- Pulula ku-, v. a. To strip off.
- Puluwa ku-, v. a. To be mad or foolish.
- Pulula ku-, v. a. To strip off.
- Pumasika ku-, v. a. To breath heavily.
- Pumula ku-, v. a. 1. To rest, 2. to breathe.
- Pumusya ku-, v. a. To refresh, to give rest to.
- Pumulila ku-, v. a. To rest.
- Punda ku-, v. a. To surpass, to excell, to increase.
- Pundila ku-, v. a. To outrun.
- Punguka ku-, v. n. 1. To decrease, to fall short, 2. to be poured out.
- Pungula ku-, v. a. To decrease, to diminish.
- Pungusya ku-, v. a. To diminish.
- Punila ku-, v. a. To come together (as a man and woman in a dance.)
- Punja ku-, v. a. 1. To use filthy language, to insult, 2. to rebel.
- Pupa ku-, v. a. To flutter.
- Putu ku-, v. a. To hit (with the fist). Kuputa lichese, To kick.
- Putukula ku-, v. a. To strip off seeds from a cob of indian corn.
- Pupukusa ku-, v. a. To stir beans while cooking.
- Pupwajila ku-, v. a. To flutter.
- Puulingana ku-, v. n. To scatter, to be separated, to run off in different directions.

- Puwana ku-, *v. n.* To be dried and withered as a plant.
- Pwa ku-, *v. a.* To sink down as loose earth in a hole, to sink into the soil as rain.
- Pwanya ku-, *v. a.* To be inattentive, to be disobedient, to be obstinate
- Pwinya ku-, *v. a.* To blunt, to go apart alone.
- Pwisa ku-, *v. a.* To expel wind from the bowels.
- Pwetchela ku-, *v. a.* 1. To fall down as a pot on the fire wood, 2. to be stuck fast or sink down in the mud.
- Pwelela ku-, *v. a.* To harm, to be in great fear or danger.
- Pwiinganisya ku-, *v. a.* To scatter.
- Pya ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be cooked, 2. to be burnt up.
- Pyonyoka ku-, *v. n.* To be pointed.
- Sa, *Outside.*
- Sagamila ku-, *v. a.* To dream.
- Sagamula ku-, *v. a.* To be a prophet.
- Sagamukula ku-, *v. a.* To interpret.
- Sagamuka ku-, *v. n.* To stumble.
- Sagula ku-, *v. a.* To pick over, to choose.
- Sagata, *n. s.* The iguana.
- Saka, *n. s.* A cooking shed, a roof, a hut (?).
- Sai, *Thus, in this manner.*
- Saipi? *In what manner?*
- Sakata, *n. s.* The iguana. (*Also Sakata.*)
- Saka ku-, *v. a.* To want, to ask for, to will, to intend.
- Sakala ku-, *v. a.* 1. To spoil, 2. to be destroyed, to be old and worn out.
- Sakalawe, *n. s.* Rough hard ground.
- Sakalika ku-, *v. n.* To be tired, to be worn out with fatigue, to be troubled (?).
- Sakalisya ku-, *v. a.* To destroy, to molest, to weary.
- Sakalila ku-, *v. a.* To condemn.
- Sakasya ku-, *v. a.* To destroy, to spoil.
- Sala, *n. s.* Hunger, famine.
- Salamba, *n. s.* A bell.
- Salala ku-, *v. a.* To be pleasing, to avail, to be of use to, to be worth something, to be beautiful or comely.
- Salamanda ku-, *v. a.* To struggle in dying.
- Salanga, *n. s.* A fowl that has its feathers standing out.

- Salasya ku-, *v. a.* To store up, to preserve, to lay aside.
- Salila ku-, *v. a.* 1. To mention, to speak of, 2. to accuse, 3. to sell, to offer for sale.
- Sama ku-, *v. a.* To change houses, to migrate to another place.
- Sambano, *adv.* Now, soon.
- Sambano paño, *Immediately.*
- Sambano a-, *adj.* Fresh, recent, new.
- Sambe, *n. s.* A tree that grows near water.
- Sambila ku-, *v. a.* To cut a root below the ground.
- Samisya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To overheat iron in a furnace, 2. to take off skin. (Kusamigya lipende.)
- Samula ku-, *v. a.* To comb.
- Samwa ku-, *v. a.* To drink.
- Sangalala ku-, *v. a.* To rejoice.
- Sandula ku-, *v. a.* To cut in pieces, to lop off.
- Sanja, *n. s.* A hut for watching gardens from.
- Sandulisya ku-, *v. a.* To turn over.
- Sangasanga ku-, *v. a.* To leap from tree to tree.
- Sangula ku-, *v. a.* To finish up (of the termination of the unyago.)
- Sangusa ku-, *v. a.* To shake together.
- Sanjila ku-, *v. a.* 1. To cut down corn, 2. to clear ground.
- Sanyanta ku-, *v. a.* To break up the bones of a fowl.
- Sapangula ku-, *v. a.* To unfold.
- Sapangana ku-, *v. a.* To be narrow.
- Sapuka ku-, *v. a.* To become little, to be lessened.
- Sapula ku-, *v. a.* To diminish by taking away a little.
- Sapulanya ku-, *v. n.* To shrink.
- Sapuli, *n. s.* Brass rings, brass.
- Sasawila ku-, *v. a.* To spread over, to swell up as food in a pot, to overflow.
- Sasika ku-, *v. a.* To do violence to.
- Sasula ku-, *v. a.* To finish up a dance or a 'maga-mbo.'
- Satu, *n. s.* A python.
- Sauka ku-, *v. n.* To suffer, to be distressed.
- Saula ku-, *v. a.* To wash clothes.
- Sausya ku-, *v. a.* To

- punish.*
 Sawa ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be tasteless and bad, 2. to be in need.*
 Sawawa, *n. s.* *Peas*
 Sawola, *n. s.* 1. *Onions, 2. a kind of chicken pox.*
 Sechelela ku-, *v. a.* *To rejoice, to laugh at.*
 Segu, *n. s.* *The honey guide.*
 Segwe, *n. s.* *A chatter-box. (?)*
 Sejelela ku-, *v. n.* *To move up a little so as to give room.*
 Seka ku-, *v. a.* *To laugh, to be happy.*
 Sekela ku-, *v. a.* *To laugh at (in derision.)*
 Selewenda ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To pass through, 2. to slip down (of one's clothes.)*
 Selula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To ruminant, 2. to come of one's own accord, 3. to turn up towards the surface (as a mole does the earth from its hole.)*
 Sembenduka ku-, *v. v.* *To glance off.*
 Sembula ku-, *v. a.* *To glance off (as an arrow glances off the body.)*
 Semula ku-, *v. a.* *To gather up earth into a heap.*
 Senda ku-, *v. a.* *To peel.*

- Senga. *n. s.* *Dregs.*
 Sengula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To cut down (as in opening up a road through long grass,) 2. to cut the hair.*
 Senyenda ku-, *v. a.* *To sift.*
 Senjelemka ku-, *v. a.* *To fall into, to slip down.*
 Sepa ku-, *v. a.* *To peel.*
 Sepuka ku-, *v. a.* *To get out of the way of, to avoid.*
 Sesewala ku-, *v. a.* *To be foolish.*
 Seta, *n. s.* *Tin.*
 Seuka ku-, *v. n.* *To overflow and be spilled.*
 Shwenga ku-, *v. a.* *To snort.*
 Si-, *The verbal prefix plural denoting substantives of the third and sixth classes.*
 Sia, *About, of.*
 Siaga ku-, *v. a.* *To grind (corn &c between stones.)*
 Sijala ku-, *v. a.* *To grind with.*
 Siana ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To hammer, 2. to forge.*
 Siangandala ku-, *v. a.* *To live happily.*
 Siasia ku-, *v. a.* *To imitate, to repeat one's words in speaking.*
 Siasijala ku-, *v. a.* *To wash house by plastering*

- it with a smooth coat of clay.*
- Sichila ku-, v. n. *To be rich.*
- Sichitika ku-, v. n. *To be cut off.*
- Sichitila ku-, v. a. 1. *To make a short cut in order to meet a person,* 2. *to cut off.*
- Siene, 1. *Having, possessing,* 2. *itself.* Msiene, *Himself, the very man,* &c.
- Sienga ku-, v. a. 1. *To attack,* 2. *to twine round.*
- Siengo, n. s. *An armlet or anklet bound round in many coils.*
- Sienjekula ku-, v. a. *To untwine.*
- Sienjela ku-, v. a. *To threaten.*
- Sietela ku-, v. a. *To go to the other side of.*
- Sigala ku-, v. n. *To be over, to remain or be left.*
- Sigalagani, *Good bye.*
- Sijilila ku-, v. a. *To shave the hair all round the edge.*
- Sijuka ku-, v. n. *To be changed.*
- Sika ku-, v. a. 1. *To make fire with two sticks,* 2. *to gather grass into heaps for burning.*
- Sikita ku-, v. a. *To cut.*
- Kusikita chamchileu, *To cut length ways.* Kusikita chamchipingula, *To cut obliquely.*
- Sikitanya ku-, v. a. *To divide into parts.*
- Sikituka ku-, v. n. *To be divided into two or more parts.*
- Sila ku-, v. a. *To refuse with scorn.*
- Silala ku-, v. n. *To smoulder.*
- Sile, n. s. *Ashes of charcoal.*
- Silila ku-, v. a. *To fill in.*
- Silika ku-, v. a. *To bury the medicine applied after recovery.*
- Silenji, n. s. *A small cask of gunpowder.*
- Sima ku-, v. a. 1. *To put out (of fire),* 2. *to go out (of fire.)*
- Simana ku-, v. a. *To meet with.*
- Simasya ku-, v. a. *To rub out, to choke, to destroy.*
- Simbo, n. s. 1. *A pit,* 2. *a staff.*
- Simbwa ku-, v. a. *To make fun of.*
- Simika ku-, v. n. *To go out like a lamp.*
- Similila ku-, v. n. 1. *To smoulder,* 2. *to vanish, to sink altogether, to be utterly lost.*

- Simonga ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be astonished, to be surprised,* 2. *to be puzzled.*
- Sinya ku-, *v. a.* *To extinguish.*
- Singā ku-, 1. *To cut the throat,* 2. *Kulisinga, To bear, endure, to put up with (li is perhaps the reflexive pronominal infix, or it may be a part of the root of the verb, vide Kulisinga.*
- Singanga, *n. s.* *A doctor.*
- Singalilwa ku-, *v. a.* *To be anxious.*
- Singana ku-, *v. a.* *To meet together, to discover.*
- Singanga ku-, *v. a.* *To make a noise.*
- Singa jika ku-, *v. a.* *To make a noise.*
- Singano, *n. s.* *A needle.*
- Sinia, *n. s.* *A wrinkle.*
- Sinji, *n. s.* *Small brass wire.*
- Sinjila ku-, *v. a.* *To splice.*
- Sinjilila ku-, *v. a.* *To mock.*
- Sinya ku-, *v. a.* *To frown.*
- Sionya ku-, *v. a.* *To chirrup.*
- Siowela ku-, *v. a.* *To become used to.*
- Siowekana ku-, *v. a.* *To be accustomed to one another, to agree, to be friends.*

- Siowelega ku-, *v. a.* *To become tame, to become used to.*
- Siowesya ku-, *v. a.* *To accustom.*
- Siowola ku-, *v. a.* *To wipe off.*
- Sipuka ku-, *v. a.* *To sprout.*
- Sisa ku-, *v. a.* *To hide, to conceal.*
- Sisima ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To be cold, to be fresh (of water),* 2. *to shut the eyes.*
- Sisimuka ku-, *v. a.* *To revive, to be startled.*
- Sisinikuka ku-, *v. a.* *To open one's eyes.*
- Sisya ku-, *v. a.* *To deny what one says, to contradict, to refuse, to reject.*
- Sitisyā ku-, *v. a.* *To stroke.*
- Sitopa ku-, *v. n.* *To be heavy.*
- Siuka ku-, *v. a.* *To rise again, to come or appear after search has been made for one.*
- Siula ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To wipe, to dry up.*
- Siungula ku-, *v. a.* *To go round.*
- Siungulika ku-, *v. n.* *To be dangerous.*
- Siwa ku-, *v. a.* *To plug up.*
- Sochela, *n. s.* 1. *A sty*

- on the eye, 2. a sap that trickles from trees.*
 Sochela ku-, *v. a. To pile up a load in a basket by putting something round the edge and filling in again.*
 Sochelela ku-, *v. a. To be lost.*
 Sochelesya ku-, *v. a. To make to lose.*
 Socheya ku-, *v. a. To err, to sin against.*
 Sogola ku-, *v. a. To bear fruit, to come to maturity. to bear.*
 Sogoja ku-, *v. n. To be tied loosely.*
 Sokoka ku-, *v. n. To be great and famous.*
 Sokola ku-, *v. a. To pick with a knife.*
 Sokolela ku-, *v. a. To hollow out.*
 Sokolowe, *n. s. 1. Underground grains in flour, 2. rough strong ground.*
 Sola ku-, *v. a. To dig a small hole as with an iron bar.*
 Solola ku-, *v. a. 1. To make a hole in, 2. to pluck out.*
 Soma ku-, *v. a. 1. To thrust, to stab, to pierce, 2. to hit a mark (in shooting.) Kusoma na mpamba, To pierce with*
an arrow.
 Somelela ku-, *v. a. 1. To teach one what to say in singing, 2. to accuse.*
 Someka ku-, *v. a. To be unfixed.*
 Somba, *n. s. Fish.*
 Sombe, *n. s. Locusts.*
 Sombola ku-, *v. a. To snatch away, to take by force, to plunder.*
 Somola ku-, *v. a. 1. To begin to sing, 2. to extract a thorn.*
 Somya ku-, *v. a. To make mistakes.*
 Sona, *n. s. Tobacco, snuff.*
 Sona ku-, *v. n. To sound.*
 Songa, *n. s. 1. A young millet or rice plant, 2. spikes of bamboos or stakes put in gardens to act as man traps.*
 Songana ku-, *v. n. To collect, to gather together.*
 Songangana ku-, *v. n. To collect, to gather together.*
 Songandeo, *n. s. The trigger of a gun.*
 Songanya ku-, *v. a. To collect, to gather together.*
 Songola ku-, *v. a. To adze.*
 Songolo, *n. s. Grain.*
 Songo, *n. s. A large and*

very deadly snake that lays in wait for people more dreaded than any other kind.

Songona ku-, *v. a. To whisper.*

Soni, *n. s. Shame, modesty.*

Sonya ku-, *v. a. To smack the lips in anger.*

Sooni, *adv. Again, likewise, also.*

Sopa ku-, *v. a. 1. To peck, 2. to hollow out a drum, 3. to lick one's fingers after eating something nice.*

Sopela ku-, *v. a. To ram down, to load a gun.*

Sopola, *n. s. Red pepper.*

Sosa ku-, *v. a. To seek, to ask for, to search for, to want.*

Sosela ku-, *v. a. To procure for.*

Sosola ku-, *v. a. To hatch.*

Sosolima ku-, *v. a. To outdo one's companions in anything.*

Soso, *n. s. 1. A fist, 2. a blade.*

Soto! *No! a very strong negation, or affirmation. (?)*

Sotola ku-, *v. a. To pierce to make a hole through.*

Sowa ku-, *v. n. To be wanting, to be lost, to be scanty.*

Sowela ku-, *v. a. To give freely.*

Soya ku-, *v. a. To err in speaking.*

Suejela ku-, *v. n. To become white or clean.*

Suaji, *n. a. The male flower of maize.*

Suchi, *n. s. A shoot, (as in the centre of a palm tree.)*

Sugu, *n. s. A hard ground nut.*

Sujila ku-, *v. a. To float, to swim.*

Suka ku-, *v. a. 1. To plait, 2. to be niggardly, 3. to wash.*

Sua ku-, *v. n. 1. To set (of the sun), 2. to grow dark.*

Sua, *n. s. The fist.*

Sukuna ku-, *v. a. To be afraid of.*

Sukunya ku-, *v. a. 1. To frighten one with words, 2. to make firm (as a nail in its hole.) 3. to shake. Asukwinye mtwe, He shook his head.*

Sukusa ku-, *v. n. To be addled.*

Sukusula ku-, *v. a. To wash hands and face.*

Sulula ku-, *v. a. To leak out.*

Sululuchisya ku-, *v. a.*

- To cause to leak out.*
 Suma ku-, *v. a.* *To buy, to sell, to barter.*
 Sumanya ku-, *v. a.* *To change, to alter.*
 Sumanga ku-, *v. a.* *To eat porridge without any relish.*
 Sumba ku-, *v. a.* *To leap, to jump.*
 Sumbila ku-, *v. a.* *To leap, to jump.*
 Sumila-ku-, *v. a.* *To buy for.*
 Sumuchila ku-, *v. a.* *To set (of the sun), the west, (i.e. the setting.)*
 Sumula ku-, *v. a.* *To snatch away, to steal, to take by force.*
 Suna ku-, *v. a.* *To spit.*
 Sundulila ku-, *v. a.* *To pound the last of the 'mchokwe' that sticks in the mortar.*
 Sungula, *n. s.* *A hare or rabbit.*
 Sungula ku-, *v. a.* *To strain the grain out of the beer.*
 Sungumuluka ku-, *v. a.* *To make up after a drunken fit.*
 Supuka ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be startled, to be frightened, 2. to covet.*
 Sasa ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To increase, 2. to prove*
another in the wrong, 3. to lift up the head (?)
 Susanya ku-, *v. a.* *To heap up the fire.*
 Susua, *n. s.* *A wart.*
 Susulila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To sob, to sniff, 2. to take food for a journey.*
 Susukwa ku-, *v. a.* *To be greedy.*
 Susula ku-, *v. a.* *To eat in the morning.*
 Susuwa, *n. s.* *A marsh.*
 Suya ku-, *v. a.* *To pass over, to omit (as in speaking or as in looking for a thing that is under one's nose.)*
 Swa ku-, *v. a.* *To set (of the sun,) to grow dark.*
 Swakala, *n. s.* *Lime.*
 Swala, *n. s.* *A kind of antelope of medium size and short horns.*
 Swamba ku-, *v. a.* *To lay in wait for, to rob.*
 Swejela ku-, *v. a.* *To give light, to be light.*
 Swekula ku-, *v. a.* *To pull out, to unsheath.*
 Swakanya ku-, *v. a.* *To make a noise in going through grass.*
 Swenga ku-, *v. a.* *To give out sap in burning (as green firewood.)*
 -Swela, *adj.* *White, clean.*

Swinyala ku-, v. n. To shrivel up.

Syasyasila ku-, v. a. To plaster the second coat of sand on walls.

Tabachilo, n. s. A snuff box.

Taga ku-, v. a. 1. To lay eggs, 2. to put, 3. to dip in. Kutaga luga, To crack. Kutaga njete, To put salt.

Tagaluka ku-, v. a. To jump over, to step over by putting over one leg first.

Tagula ku-, v. a. To announce.

Tagulila ku-, v. a. To tell, to explain, to interpret, to say.

Tajila ku-, v. a. To lay (eggs.)

Takasika ku-, v. n. To be dead.

Takanya ku-, v. a. To heal slowly.

Takula ku-, v. a. To wear, to put on, to clothe.

Takusya ku-, v. a. To clothe.

Takataka ku-, v. n. To be restless.

Talala ku-, v. n. To be hard, to be emptied of everything as a barren-land.

Talasya ku-, v. a. To make

a fringe to cloth.

Talichisya ku-, v. a. To go very far, to be at a great distance.

Talika ku-, v. n. To go far, to be remote.

Tama, n. s. Lust, covetousness, evil desires.

Tama ku-, v. a. To live, to dwell, to remain, to sit, Kutama msuuso, To sit on one's heels.

Tambala, n. s. A cock.

Tambala ku-, v. a. To creep.

Tambalika ku-, v. n. To be stretched out.

Tambalisya ku-, v. a. To stretch out.

Tamika ku-, v. a. 1. To console, to still, 2. to set down.

Tamichila ku-, v. a. To put down anything after using it.

Tamilila ku-, v. a. To be finished, to be complete.

Tanda ku-, v. a. 1. To try, to begin, 2. to tease.

Tandanla ku-, v. a. To mourn.

Tandalika ku-, v. a. To be in a row.

Tandula ku-, v. a. To begin.

Tandukula ku-, v. a. To fold up a mat.

Tandua ku-, v. a. To

- tease, to bully, to harass, to bully.*
- Tandwa ku-, *v. n. To be withered.*
- Tandika ku-, *v. a. To lay out, to spread.*
- Tanuka ku-, *v. n. To be wide, to be spread out.*
- Tanjisya ku-, *v. a. To catch, to entrap.*
- Tanjila ku-, *v. n. To be caught, to have war waged on a county.*
- Tapika ku-, *v. a. To be sick, to vomit.*
- Tapu, *n. s. Rottenness.*
- Tapuka ku-, *v. n. To be mired, to be stuck in mud.*
- Tapula ku-, *v. a. 1. To tread on something offensive, to become muddy or filthy.*
- Tasya ku-, *v. a. To haggle over a bargain, to refuse to give the price asked.*
- Tatala ku-, *v. a. To grow blind.*
- Tatalika ku-, *v. n. To throw out sparks, to scintillate.*
- Tatamala ku-, *v. a. To prosper, to become rich.*
- Tatasika ku-, *v. n. To crackle.*
- Tauchila ku-, *v. a. To press a person to do a thing, to urge.*
- Tauchisya ku-, *v. a. 1. To compel, to urge, 2. to repeat again and again.*
- Taula ku-, *v. a. To judge, to command.*
- Tauna ku-, *v. a. To chew, to gnaw.*
- Tawa ku-, *v. a. To fasten, to bind, to tie, to imprison, to build. Kutawa luwagala, To build a stockade. Kutawa mau-ndo, To unite.*
- Tawanya ku-, *v. a. 1. To push away, 2. to be quarrelsome.*
- Ta ku-, *v. a. To give a name to.*
- Tawikanya ku-, *v. a. To tie two and two together.*
- Tawilila ku-, *v. a. To tie up to.*
- Tawisya ku-, *v. a. To hold tightly, to tie firmly, to press.*
- Tebwe, *n. s. Peace.*
- Techetuka ku-, *v. n. To be brittle.*
- Tega ku-, *v. a. To set a trap, to snare, to cock a gun, to snare.*
- Tegula ku-, *v. a. To take off the fire.*
- Teka ku-, *v. a. To dip up, to draw (water.)*
- Tekanya ku-, *v. a. To dip up beer and give it out for drinking.*



Tela ku-, v. a. Kutela
lina, *To name.* Andele
lina, *He called me by a
name.*

Teleka ku-, v. a. *To boil,
to cook.*

Telesa ku-, v. a. 1. *To
cackle,* 2.

Telesya ku-, v. a. 1. *To
boil (vegetables &c),* 2.
*to glide, to slip, to make
to slip.* Matope gamte-
lesisyé, *The mud made
him slip.*

Talulila ku-, v. a. *To
give leave to.*

Tema ku-, v. a. 1. *To cut
or slash with a sword,* 2.
to break.

Temangula ku-, v. a. *To
break.*

Temanya ku-, v. a. *To
break.*

Temeka ku-, v. n. *To
become broken.*

Temesya ku-, v. a. *Ku-
temesya moto, To burst
into a blaze.*

Tembeta ku-, v. a. *To
carry two and two.*

Temulila ku-, v. a. 1. *To
go round about,* 2. *to
stay in the morning,* 3.
*to be carried on the wind
like the scent of a flower,*
4. *to give leave to.*

Tenda ku-, v. a. *To do,
to cause to be, to make.*

Kutenda cha chijipi,
To shorten. Kutenda
cha chipilyuu, *To black-
en.* Kutenda chalumo,
*To equalise, to make
alive, to retaliate.* Ku-
tenda chanache, *To
deride.* Kutenga chipo-
ngwe, *To deride* Ku-
tenda chimpepe, *To
unite.* Kutenda chipi,
To obscure. Kutenda
chitukuta, *To sweat, to
make to perspire.* Ku-
tenda chisegwe, *To cry
out.* Kutenda lipesi,
*To clean the pith out of
a reed.* Kutenda liwa-
nga, *To wound.* Ku-
tenda lukosyo, *To make
free.* Kutenda lusungu-
lusungu, *To reel.* Ku-
tenda lutenje, *To make
a fence.* Kutenda lutete,
To entreat like a child.
Kutenda luwisi, *To
whistle.* Kutenda ma-
chili, *To force.* Ku-
tenda makweso, *To
urinate.*

Tenda ku-, v. a. *Kutenda
malinga, To make
smooth, level, equal.*
Kutenda malonda, *To
trade.* Kutenda mase-
ngo, *To work.* Kutenda
mawala, *To stain.* Ku-
tenda mwau, *To gape,*

- to yawn. Kutenda mwi-
syo, *To sneeze.* Kute-
nda ngondo, *To make*
war. Kutenda uchene-
ne, *To behave well, to*
finish off well. Kute-
nda ioyo, *To make*
equal, to do likewise.
Kutenda ukoto, *To*
improve. Kutenda uku-
lungwa, *To make great.*
Kutenda unami, *To*
tell lies, to act falsely.
Kutenda uwilo, *To*
joke, to deride.
- Tendela ku-, *v. a. To do*
to, to behave towards.
Kutendela chanasa, *To*
pity. Kutendela soni,
To shame. Kutendela
mchesela, *To disgrace.*
- Tendegulu ku-, *v. a. To*
cut out an opening (as
in begining to scoop out
a cup.)
- Tenganya ku-, *v. a. To*
give a push to, to shake.
- Tengana ku-, *v. n. To be*
shaken.
- Tenganisya ku-, *v. a. To*
give a push to.
- Tenguka ku-, *v. a. To be*
tired out, to be broken
down (as on receipt of a
bad piece of news.)
- Tengula ku-, *v. a. To*
pluck, to finish up a
song.
- Tenjela ku-, *v. a. 1. To*
rest, 2. to flourish, to
prosper.
- Tepetala ku-, *v. n. To be*
smooth.
- Tepetesya ku-, *v. a. 1. To*
make porridge too thin,
2. to stir up anew a
strife that has been
settled between too par-
ties.
- Tepana ku-, *v. n. 1. To*
be slender, to be easily
bent (as a thin knife or
a reed.)
- Tetela ku-, *v. a. To strive*
with.
- Tetema ku-, *v. a. To*
shudder.
- Tetemela ku-, *v. a. To*
shiver, to tremble.
- Tetemya ku-, *v. a. To be*
employed at a task the
whole day.
- Tetekula ku-, *v. a. To*
pour off liquid so as to
leave the dregs behind.
- Tetesya ku-, *v. a. To*
burst open (like a ripe
bud.)
- Ti ku-, *v. a. To say.*
- Ti-, *The sign of the future*
tense in the verb.
- Tiala ku-, *v. a. 1. To*
play, 2. to flinch, to
avoid a missile.
- Tialambusya ku-, *v. a. 1.*
To dislocate, 2. to dece-

ive as to what one has said, 3. to make a thing pass on one side.

Tialambuka ku-, *v. n. To slip, to be dislocated.*

Tianga ku-, *v. a. To walk.*

Tiasa ku-, *v. a. To sprain (?)*

Tiasya ku-, *v. a. To flinch from.*

Tiatia ku-, *v. a. To bribe.*

Tika ku-, *v. a. To tempt or try a man (as when saying 'do you want this')*

Tikita ku-, *v. a. To rub.*

Tikitisya ku-, *v. a. To tickle.*

Tikula ku-, *v. a. To show off the body in dancing.*

Tila ku-, *v. a. To run away.*

Timalika ku-, *v. a. 1. To be shy, to be retiring and quiet, 2. to be encouraged.*

Timba ku-, *v. a. 1. To touch, to nudge, 2. to smack, hit (with the hand.)*

Timbuka ku-, *v. n. 1. To be husked, 2. to moulder away, 3. to run away.*

Tina ku-, *v. a. To tie tightly (as a belt round the body.)*

Tindana ku-, *v. a. 1. To interchange, 2. to miss*

a person on the way, 3. to hate.

Tindanya ku-, *v. a. To change.*

Tindimajila ku-, *v. a. To go lame.*

Tindisya ku-, *v. a. To be doubtful about.*

Tindiwika ku-, *v. a. To dip into the water.*

Tindiwala ku-, *v. a. To kneel.*

Tindikwa ku-, *v. a. To be satisfied.*

Tinichila ku-, *v. n. To be scolded or scorched.*

Tinika ku-, *v. n. To be scalded.*

Tinisyua ku-, *v. a. To scald, to scorch.*

Tiningula ku-, *v. a. To break through.*

Tioka ku-, *v. a. To come from, to get up and go, to set out, to go away.*

Tipitila ku-, *v. n. To be rubbed over outside, to have on the hands or lips the marks of having eaten food.*

Titilika ku-, *v. a. To push through, to push into.*

Tiwalika ku-, *v. n. To be comfortable.*

Tiosya ku-, *v. a. To take away, to put out, to take forth.*

Tisya ku-, *v. a. To van-*

- quish, ta make to flee.*
 Tirigu, *n. s.* Wheat.
 Tiwa ku-, *v. a.* To dress hair.
 Tiwe-, *The future tense of kuwa, To be.*
 Tiwila ku-, *v. a.* To sink, to dive.
 Tiwisya ku-, *v. a.* To cause to sink.
 Togolela ku-, *v. a.* To be pleased, to rejoice, to be glad.
 Tojima ku-, *v. a.* To start, to be startled.
 Tojimya ku-, *v. a.* To startle.
 Tokosya ku-, *v. a.* 1. To boil vegetables, 2. to clean teeth.
 Tokota ku-, *v. n.* To be boiling.
 Tola ku-, *v. a.* To bring, to take. Kutola meso, To look with astonishment. Kutola ndua, To flower.
 Tolana ku-, *v. a.* To give to one another.
 Tomela ku-, *v. a.* 1. To make choice of as one's one, 2. to betroth.
 Tomokoka ku-, *v. n.* To wear into holes like rotten cloth.
 Tona ku-, *v. a.* To pinch.
 Tonde, *n. s.* A male goat.
 Tondowa ku-, *v. a.* 1. To

- slacken (as a tight rope,) 2. to change one's mind.*
 Tondowela ku-, *v. a.* To forgive.
 Tongola ku-, *v. a.* To roar, (of lions and other animals.)
 Topwana ku-, *v. n.* To be weak hearted, to be easily daunted.
 Topola ku-, *v. a.* 1. To turn out, to make to run away, 2. to wear calico reaching to the feet.
 Tota ku-, *v. a.* To sew.
 Totoka ku-, *v. n.* 1. To have the hair plucked out, 2. to get very tired.
 Totoli, *n. s.* Firmness (as of porridge.)
 Totolo, *n. s.* Nightfall
 Totoganya ku-, *v. a.* To speak much and fast.
 Totokola ku-, *v. a.* To unpick anything sewn.
 Totomeka ku-, *v. a.* To transfix.
 Totosya ku-, *v. a.* To knock lightly.
 Towanya ku-, *v. a.* To palpate, to feel over with the fingers.
 Tu-, 1. The verbal prefix, 1st person plural, 2. the prefix denoting a substantive of the seventh class.

- Tua ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To clean corn by pounding,* 2. *to strip off bark to make rope.*
- Tuamula ku-, *v. a.* *To roar.*
- Tuchi, *A word expressive of smoke rising.*
- Tuka ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To be broken,* 2. *to rise in a cloud.*
- Tukana ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To insult, to abuse by bad or filthy language,* 2. *to pluck fowls.*
- Tugala ku-, *v. a.* *To go quickly.*
- Tukuka ku-, *v. a.* *To draw back.*
- Tukunya ku-, *v. a.* *To pulsate (as the heart.)*
- Tukuchila ku-, *v. a.* *To draw back.*
- Tukuku, *n. s.* *Little chicks.*
- Tukusya ku-, *v. a.* *To move.*
- Tukutila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To be painful within,* 2. *to cover up with hot ashes as in roasting.*
- Tulala ku-, *v. a.* *To be meek or quiet.*
- Tuluka ku-, *v. n.* *To descend.*
- Tulusya ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To let down. to cause to descend,* 2. *to forgive (?)*
- Tulumbala ku-, *v. n.* *To*

- be inflated as a bladder.*
- Tuma ku-, *v. a.* *To send a person on a message, or to employ one on a business.*
- Tumbila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To be angry, to rage,* 2. *to swell (as corn in the ear.)*
- Tumbilila ku-, *v. n.* *To be irritable.*
- Tumbilisya ku-, *v. a.* *To make angry on irritable.*
- Tumbika ku-, *v. a.* *To fall into a pit.*
- Tumbuchilwa ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To sink in the mud (i. e. to have finished all one's goods.)*
- Tumbuka ku-, *v. n.* *To bud out.*
- Tumbukisya ku-, *v. a.* *To make to fall into.*
- Tumbulá ku-, *v. a.* *To cut open an animal, to gut.*
- Tumichila ku-, *v. a.* *To serve a master, to wait upon.*
- Tumika ku-, *v. a.* *To be a servant.*
- Tunda ku-, *v. a.* *To urinate.*
- Tundajila ku-, *v. n.* *To be lame.*
- Tunduchila ku-, *v. a.* *To run away to another country.*
- Tunduka ku-, *v. a.* *To*

- abuse by word or deed,
to slander.
- Tundumukula ku-, v. a.
To inflate.
- Tundumuka ku-, v. n.
To be a hill or eminence.
- Tundumalila ku-, v. a.
1. To place at the back
of anything, 2. to turn
one's back on another.
- Tunga ku-, v. a. To
string beads.
- Tungulumula ku-, v. a.
1. To snort, 2. to mis-
carry.
- Tungulule, n. s. A long
sleeping mat.
- Tupasapa, n. s. Bags.
- Tusu, A word expressive
of breaking.
- Tusula ku-, v. a. To burst.
- Tusuka ku-, v. n. 1. To
be smashed, 2. to be burst
(as the eye.)
- Tusya ku-, v. a. 1. To
quiet, to pacify. Ku-
tusya mtima, To bear
or put up with.
- Tutila ku-, v. a. To
launch forth.
- Tutumya ku-, v. a. To
send forth.
- Tuungula ku-, v. a. To
inflate.
- Tupa ku-, v. n. 1. To be
many, 2. to swell up.
- Tupula ku-, v. a. To
pull out (a hair, &c.)
- Turuma ku-, v. a. To
grunt.
- Tuta ku-, v. a. To push,
to nudge.
- Tutuma ku-, v. a. 1. To
boil, 2. to blow like the
wind.
- Tutumbo, n. s. The smaller
intestines.
- Tuunguka ku-, v. n. To
be inflated or expanded.
- Twanga ku-, v. a. 1. To
excel one's companions
in using high words, 2,
to pound.
- Twesela ku-, v. a. To
clean corn for.
- Twichila ku-, v. a. To
put upon, to load.
- Twika ku-, v. a. To hoist
up.
- U-, The verbal prefix
singular denoting a sub-
stantive of the 2nd class.
- Uala ku-, v. a. To wear,
to dress, to put on clothes.
- Uamba ku-, To stretch
over (as skinover a
drum.)
- Ucheche, n. s. White ants.
- Uchi, n. s. Honey.
- Uchinene, adv. Well.
- Uchimwa, n. s. Hatred,
vexation.
- Uchimwene, n. s. A king-
dom.
- Uchisya ku-, v. a. To ask
on behalf of.

- Uchemia, *n. s.* *A kind of palm toddy.*
- Uchulusi, *n. s.* *An over supply of anything.*
- Udadi, *n. s.* Kutama udadi, *To be languid.*
- Udandausi, *n. s.* *Grumbling, regret.*
- Udiesi, *n. s.* *Greediness for food.*
- Ufeleje, *n. s.* *Cracks made by the sun in dried mud.*
- Uga ku-, *v. a.* *To stir*
- Ugala ku-, *v. a.* *To fasten, to be fastened as with a bar.*
- Ugalasya ku-, *v. a.* *To fasten.*
- Ugali, *n. s.* *Porridge.*
- Ugalila ku-, *v. a.* *To fasten into.*
- Ugalilo, *n. s.* *Posts for fastening the door.*
- Uganja, *n. s.* *Friendship.*
- Ugoma, *n. s.* *Conviction in a 'majambo.'*
- Ugono, *n. s.* *A mat, mattress, bed.*
- Ugwalato, *n. s.* *The stocks.*
- Ugogodi, *n. s.* *Betrayal.*
- Uguka ku-, *v. n.* *To be opened.*
- Ugula ku-, *v. a.* *To open, to unfasten.*
- Ugulila ku-, *v. a.* *To open to.*
- Ugwembele, *n. s.* *Poverty, loss of strength.*
- Uimba ku-, *v. a.* *To thatch.*
- Uimula ku-, *v. a.* *To unthatch, to take the grass off a roof.*
- Uja ku-, *v. a.* *To return, to rebound. Kuuja nacho. To restore.*
- Ujiti, *n. s.* *A shoot.*
- Ujila ku-, *v. a.* *To retain a part of what has been given to another for a certain purpose.*
- Uka ku-, *v. a.* *Kuuka pachiilu, To whiten.*
- Ukadili, *n. s.* *Speaking of a person in his absence.*
- Ukali, *n. s.* *Fierceness*
- Ujusi, *n. s.* *Continual begging.*
- Ukambitiku, *n. s.* 1. *The reporting to another what a third party has said about him,* 2. *somersault, turning.*
- Ukana, *n. s.* *Beer.*
- Ukani, *n. s.* *Obstinacy.*
- Ukanga, *n. s.* *The long hair in the tails of animals.*
- Ukapolo, *n. s.* *Slavery.*
- Ukati, *n. s.* *Time, occasion.*
- Ukawamba, *n. s.* *A cause of strife.*
- Ukomu, *n. s.* 1. *Malice,* 2. *difficulty.*
- Ukoto, *n. s.* *Beauty.*

- Ukongosi, *n. s.* 1. *A debt, a loan, a borrowing, hire, usury.*
- Ukopi, *n. s.* *A debt.*
- Ukulu ku-, *v. a.* *To dig up the second time.*
- Ukulungwa, *n. s.* *Greatness.*
- Ukunje, *n. s.* 1. *A bow,*
2. *the hem of a garment,*
3. *the hammer of a gun.*
- Ukunje wa Mulungu,
The rainbow.
- Ukungwi, *n. s.* *Skill, taste.*
- Ukwira, *n. s.* *The giving on y a little of what is ordered or expected and keeping the rest.*
- Ukusipuka, *n. s.* *A blade of grass.*
- Ukutila ku-, *v. a.* *To blow (with bellows.)*
- Ukuta ku-, *v. a.* *To blow the bellows.*
- Ukutu, *n. s.* *Mouldiness.*
- Ukwesu, *n. s.* *A tamarind.*
- Ukwete, *n. s.* *A desert.*
- Ula, *n. s.* *Rain.* Ula ja maganga, *Hail.* Ula jikunyulunyunda, *There is a driving mist.*
- Ula ku-, *v. a.* *To take off clothes.*
- Ulaga ku-, *v. a.* *To kill, to slaughter, to murder.*
- Ulala ku-, *v. n.* *To be hurt.*
- Ulalo, *n. s.* 1. *A platform or bridge,* 2. *a mat.*
- Ulamba, *n. s.* *Cheating.*
- Ulama ku-, *v. a.* *To stoop down.*
- Ulambi, *n. s.* *Tribute.*
- Ulamusi, *n. s.* *Commandment.*
- Ulanda, *n. s.* *Poverty.*
- Ulechelo, *n. s.* *Pardon.*
- Ulepetala, *n. s.* *Feebleness.*
- Ulasya ku-, *v. a.* *To hurt.*
- Ulesi, *n. s.* *Idleness.*
- Uleu, *n. s.* *Length, height.*
- Uli ? *How?* Uli kwimukaga ? *How are you?*
- Uli malulo, *What news?*
- Uli mjiwicheje ? *How are you?* Uli pali ? *What sort is it?*
- Uliaha, *n. s.* *Cheating in the matter of other men's goods.*
- Ulikwi, *n. s.* *A kind of flying ant.*
- Ulika ku-, *v. a.* *To come above ground.*
- Ulili, *n. s.* 1. *Dying of oneself,* 2. *the oozing of water,* 3. *a mat.*
- Uliwa, *n. s.* *Oozing of water.*
- Ulongo, *n. s.* *Relationship.*
- Ulua, *n. s.* *A flower.*
- Ulukosyo, *n. s.* *Freedom.*
- Ulukusu, *n. s.* *Chyle and fæces in the intestines.*
- Ulukuta ku-, *v. a.* *To move like a snake or living thing.*

Uluuta ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To speak with a weak voice,*
2. *to tumble or roll about on the bare ground.*

Ulula ku-, *v. a.* *To glean what has been left in the fields.*

Ulunga ku-, *v. a.* *To make into a ball.*

Ulusi, *n. s.* *Thread.*

Ulombela, *n. s.* *Marriage.*

Ululu, *n. s.* *A disease of the gums.*

Uluwe, *n. s.* 1. *Manhood,*
2. *semen.*

Uma ku-, *v. a.* *To come out, to come from.*

Umana ku-, *v. a.* *To fight.*

Umanyilisi, *n. s.* *Understanding, wisdom.*

Umba *n. s.* *Medicine for increasing the supply of goods.*

Umla, *n. s.* *Secret things.*

Umlala ku-, *v. a.* *To circumcise.*

Umlata ku-, *v. a.* *To close the fist.*

Un *n. s.* *Hair.*

Umbusya ku-, *v. a.* *To follow up the track of game.*

Umi, *n. s.* *Health.*

Umika ku-, *v. a.* *To put on firewood.*

Umila ku-, *v. n.* *To be left deserted (of a house*

or village.)

Umpepe, *n. s.* *Unity.*

Umula ku-, *v. n.* *To dry up.*

Umusya ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To remove to another place,*
2. *to cease giving a higher price for goods.*

Umwe, *p. pr:* *You.*

Una ku-, *v. a.* *To reap.*

Unami, *n. a.* *Falsehood, lies, deceit.*

Unandi, *n. s.* *Littleness.*

Undanda ku-, *v. a.* *To put one off from day to day with promises.*

Unda ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To teach,* 2. *to smell of rottenness.*

Undika ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To sip,* 2. *to ripen,* 3. *to force, to cause to ripen artificially.*

Unduka ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To run away from, to go away for a time after a quarrel.*

Undukula ku-, *v. a.* *To hang up.*

Une, *p. pr:* *I.*

Ungana ku-, *v. a.* *To come together.*

Unganya ku-, *v. a.* *To gather, to put together, to collect.*

Ung'asi, *n. s.* *A dance with drums.*

Unga, *n. s.* *The long*

feathers of a bird.

Ungo, *n. s.* The banded civet cat.

Ungoswe, *n. s.* The third party in a marriage.

Ungulu, *n. s.* A noise.

Unichila ku-, *v. n.* To be covered.

Unjika ku-, *v. a.* To gather into a heap.

Unjila ku-, *v. n.* To be gathered into a heap.

Unonono, *n. s.* Hardness.

Unukula ku-, *v. a.* To uncorer.

Unya ku-, *v. a.* To stir up.

Unyega, *n. s.* Ignorance, stupidity.

Unyolo, *n. s.* A chain.

Uole, *n. s.* Rottenness.

Uonga, *n. s.* Gun powder.

Uongo, Marrow.

Upa ku-, *v. a.* To make a gift to a workman.

Upagwe, *n. s.* Origin, race, kind. Upagwe umo, *All of one place.*

Upala, *n. s.* A waterfall.

Upande, *n. s.* Cow itch.

Upandu, *n. s.* The desire to kill.

Upanganye, *n. s.* The method of doing a thing.

Upato, *n. s.* A gong.

Upasini, *n. s.* Trade, things, for sale.

Upele, *n. s.* The itch,

skin eruption.

Upengo, *n. s.* Wilderness.

Upile, *n. s.* Fortune, profit, blessing.

Upilile, *n. s.* 1. Green.

Upilile wa masamba, *Colour of leaves.*

Upililiu, *n. s.* Patience.

Upia, *n. s.* A place where the ground has been burned.

Upwawale, *n. s.* A square.

Usakaliu, *n. s.* 1. Fatigue, 2. idleness.

Usakwa, *n. s.* 1. Filth dirt.

Usangu, *n. s.* Cowitch.

Usangwali, *n. s.* A bedstead.

Usanje, *n. s.* A kind of cereal with a small round seed growing 18 inches from the ground and with 4 ears at the top of each stalk and growing at right angles to it.

Usimbwa, *n. s.* White beads.

Usau, *n. s.* A drying place.

Usauchi, *n. s.* Poverty in clothes.

Usawi, *n. s.* Witchcraft.

Usalalane, *n. s.* 1. Treachery, 2. spreading false reports.

Usilu, *n. s.* Foolishness.

- Usianyukula ku-, *v. a.*
To return the same day.
- Usio, *n. s.* *Countenance,*
face.
- Usito, *n. s.* *Weight.*
- Usongolo, *n. s.* *Youth.*
- Usuli, *n. s.* *The flower*
of the pumpkin.
- Usungu, *n. s.* 1. *Poison*
on an arrow, 2. *semen.*
- Uswele, *n. s.* *Whiteness.*
- Usya ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To put*
back, to return, 2. *to*
ask. to question.
- Uta ku-, *v. a.* *To draw,*
to pull, to drag.
- Utala ku-, *v. n.* *To be*
overgrown with grass.
- Utale, *n. s.* *Iron ore.*
- Utandi, *n. s.* *Flour (of*
any grain), powder.
 Utandi utesile mapulua,
The flour has gone lum-
ppy.
- Utamila ku-, *v. a.* *To sit*
on eggs.
- Utawe, *n. s.* *Manner of*
building.
- Utelesya, *n. s.* *Slipper-*
iness.
- Utembo, *n. s.* *A mushroom.*
- Utende, *n. s.* 1. *Way or*
manner of doing. We-
 utende uno, *In this*
manner.
- Uti, *n. s.* *A gun.*
- Utiatya, *n. s.* *Slipper-*
iness.

- Utila ku-, *v. a.* *To draw*
to drag.
- Utisya ku-, *v. a.* *To draw,*
to pull, to drag.
- Utombo, *n. s.* *The milky*
sap of the euphorbia.
- Utomongo, *n. s.* *Milky*
sap.
- Utomoni, *n. s.* *The sap*
of trees.
- Utuka ku-, *v. a.* *To run*
away.
- Utuchila ku-, *v. a.* *To*
run away to.
- Utukutu, *n. s.* *Indian*
corn roasted and pound-
ed.
- Utula ku-, *v. a.* *To cut*
the tops off weeds, hair
&c.
- Utuli, *n. s.* *A long white*
bead, (the Yaos make
lime of them for chewing;
they are used also as lip
rings.)
- Utulwa, *n. s.* *Beer which*
is not much fermented.
- Ututu, *n. s.* 1. *The brain,*
 2. *pith.*
- Ua ku-, *v. a.* *To die.*
 Awile sala, *He has*
died of starvation.
- Uko, *n. s.* *A mole-rat.*
- Uuji, *n. s.* *The sharp edge*
of a knife.
- Uulasi, *n. s.* *Murder.*
- Uula ku-, *v. a.* *To take*
off clothes.

- Uuli, *n. s.* *White hair.*
 Uula ku-, *v. a.* *To groan.*
 Uuta ku-, *v. a.* *To soften a skin by pulling.*
 Uta ku-, *v. a.* *To draw.*
 Kuuta sona, *To smoke tobacco.*
 Uutika ku-, *v. n.* *To become soft*
 Uwanga, *n. s.* *Malice, quarrelling, bullying.*
 Uwe, *p. pr:* *We.*
 Uweju, *p. pr:* *We.*
 Uwelesi, *n. s.* *Birth.*
 Uwepano, *We ourselves.*
 Uwigo, *n. s.* *A fence.*
 Uwilo, *n. s.* 1. *A joke, mockery, derision,* 2. *a funeral.*
 Uwisi, *n. s.* *Strife.*
 Uwongo, *n. s.* *The brains.*
 Uwungu, *n. s.* *The warp in weaving.*
 Uya ku-, *v. a.* *To half cook a thing so as to be able to lay it aside with out fear of its going bad.*
 Wa ku-, *v. a.* *To be.*
 Wa ku-, *v. a.* *To die.*
 Wagajila ku-, *v. a.* *To tremble.*
 Wagulililwa ku-, *v. a.* *To meet an ill omen.*
 Wajila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To besit, to beseem, to be owed to (imbajile, He ought.)*
 Wakanya ku-, *v. a.* *To tread among dry grass.*
 Wala ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To put on, to wear,* 2. *to shine, to scintillate.*
 Walanga ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To count,* 2. *to read.*
 Wala, *p. pr:* *Those.* Wandu wala, *Those people.*
 Walanjesya ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be postponed, to be put off till a day appointed.*
 Walawalila ku-, *v. a.* 1. *To tie bumboos on a house.* 2. *to be small and insufficient.*
 Wale, *pr:* *They.*
 Wəlika ku-, *v. n.* 1. *To be split open like ripe fruit, to crackle like green wood in burning.*
 Walingwa? *How many?*
 Waluka ku-, *v. n.* *To be split, to be torn.*
 Walula ku-, *v. a.* *To split, to tear.*
 Wamba, *adv.* *Aimlessly.*
 Kunuka wamba, *To smell badly.*
 Wamba ku-, *v. a.* *To stretch over (as skins are stretched on the face of a drum.)*
 Wambone, *n. s.* *Goodness, justice, good people.*
 Wambukula ku-, *v. a.* *To slacken or remove anything that has been*

- stretched.*
 Wana ku-, *v. a.* To squeeze.
 Wanaka, Wanaka jimo,
Of one family.
 Wanasala, *n. s.* People
of the coast.
 Wanda ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
clear a path by laying
aside the grass, 2. to skim.
 Wandichila ku-, *v. a.* 1.
To bring near to, to
come near to, to ap-
proach.
 Wandika ku-, *v. a.* To
be near.
 Wandikana ku-, *v. a.* 1.
To approach one another,
2. to mould to shape.
 Wandu, *n. s.* People.
 Wanga ku-, *v. a.* 1. To
fill, 2. to begin to hoe a
new garden.
 Wanga, *adv.* Unprofit-
able (?)
 Wanganya, *n. s.* Corn-
rades.
 Wanganya ku-, *v. a.* To
confound, to mix.
 Wangula ku-, *v. a.* To
split open, to clear a
path by slashing the
trees with a knife.
 Wanichisya ku-, *v. a.* To
make a mistake in
recognition, to doubt.
 Wani? *Who?*
 Wasambanoje, *People of*
to-day.

- Wasa ku-, *v. a.* To take
out of a store.
 Wasasi, *n. s.* Waste.
 Wasya ku-, *v. a.* To
clothe, to scatter about.
 Wato, *n. s.* A boat.
 Wawa ku-, *v. n.* To be
bitter
 Wawanya ku-, *v. a.* To
steal openly.
 Welechela ku-, *v. a.* To
bear fruit. children. &c.
 Welecheta ku-, *v. a.* To
speak. to talk. to advise.
 Tukuwelechete inteme-
la. We advised you
privately.
 Welechetela ku-, *v. a.* To
scold.
 Welechetsya ku-, *v. a.*
To talk over-much.
 Weleka ku-, *v. a.* To bear
fruit, children.
 Weluka ku-, *v. n.* To be
at liberty.
 Welusya ku-, *v. a.* To for-
give, to excuse, to liberate
from work.
 Wepano, *Thou thyself.*
 Wende, *n. s.* Example,
behaviour, manner of life.
 Wenga ku-, *v. n.* To be
covered with rash or
blotches after eating the
flesh of certain animals.
 Wengana ku-, *v. a.* To be
at variance with one
another.

Wese, *n. s.* A father.

Wesi, *n. s.* The lower or inner part of a house, the side opposite the sleeping place.

Weseka ku-, *v. n.* To be deferred.

Weta ku-, *v. n.* To be clothed. (?)

Weweta ku, *v. a.* To rave as a prophet or madman.

Weule, *n. s.* A young unmarried person of either sex.

Wichila ku-, *v. a.* 1. To prepare for, 2. to entrust with, 3. to place with.

Wiga ku-, *v. a.* To tie up a fence.

Wigula ku-, *v. a.* To walk, to start off.

Wika ku-, *v. a.* To lay, to put, to put away.

Kuwika pachisiepela, To put out of the way.

Wilanga ku-, *v. a.* To call, to call to, to beckon.

Wilima ku-, *v. n.* 1. To be round, 2. to increase, 3. to recoil (as a gun,) 4. to run fast (of water.) 5. to be strong (as beer.)

Wilimana ku-, *v. a.* To spherical.

Wilila ku-, *v. n.* To be overgrown with weeds

and grass.

Wilijilila ku-, *v. a.* To wrap up in.

Wilichita ku-, *v. a.* To excell.

Wilisya ku-, *v. a.* To repeat.

Wimba ku-, *v. a.* To thatch.

Wimula ku-, *v. a.* To take off thatch.

Winda ku-, *v. a.* 1. To guard with medicine, 2. to cease shaving because of a journey or a 'malilo.'

Windika ku-, *v. n.* To be betrothed.

Winga ku-, *v. a.* To banish, to drive away, to pursue, to hunt, to chase.

Winuka ku-, *v. a.* To go over the top of anything.

Wipa ku-, *v. a.* To be sour, acid, &c.

Wirima ku-, *v. a.* To slow (vide wilima.)

Wisala ku-, *v. a.* To become old, to wear out.

-Wisi, *adj.* Fresh, new, green, uncooked.

Wisikala ku-, *v. a.* To be green, to be fresh.

Wisikasya ku-, *v. a.* To screw the face up

Wiu, *n. s.* Jealousy.

Wiwila ku-, *v. a.* To b'ow with the mouth with a

hissing sound, to blow up the fire.

Woga, *n. s.* Fear.

Wona ku-, *v. a.* To see, to find, to perceive, to feel.

Wonyela ku-, *v. a.* To give away a little.

Wose, *adj.* All. Wose wawili. *Both.*

Woswera, *adj.* Wa uswera, *White, clean pure.*

Wondokoro, *n. s.* A foolish person.

Wuga ku-, *v. a.* To stir, to cook.

Wuu, *n. s.* Deaf and dumb person.

Wunda ku-, *v. a.* 1. To teach, 2. to begin to get bad.

Yaka, *n. s.* Years (*pl: of*

chaka). Yaka yose, *Annually.*

Yaka a-, *adj.* Usual, ordinary.

Yakulia, *n. s.* Nourishment.

Yala, *n. s.* Fingers.

Yalo, *n. s.* The private parts of male or female.

Yangalandana, *Various.* (*Vide kulandana.*)

Yangalingana, *Uneven.* (*Vide kulingana.*)

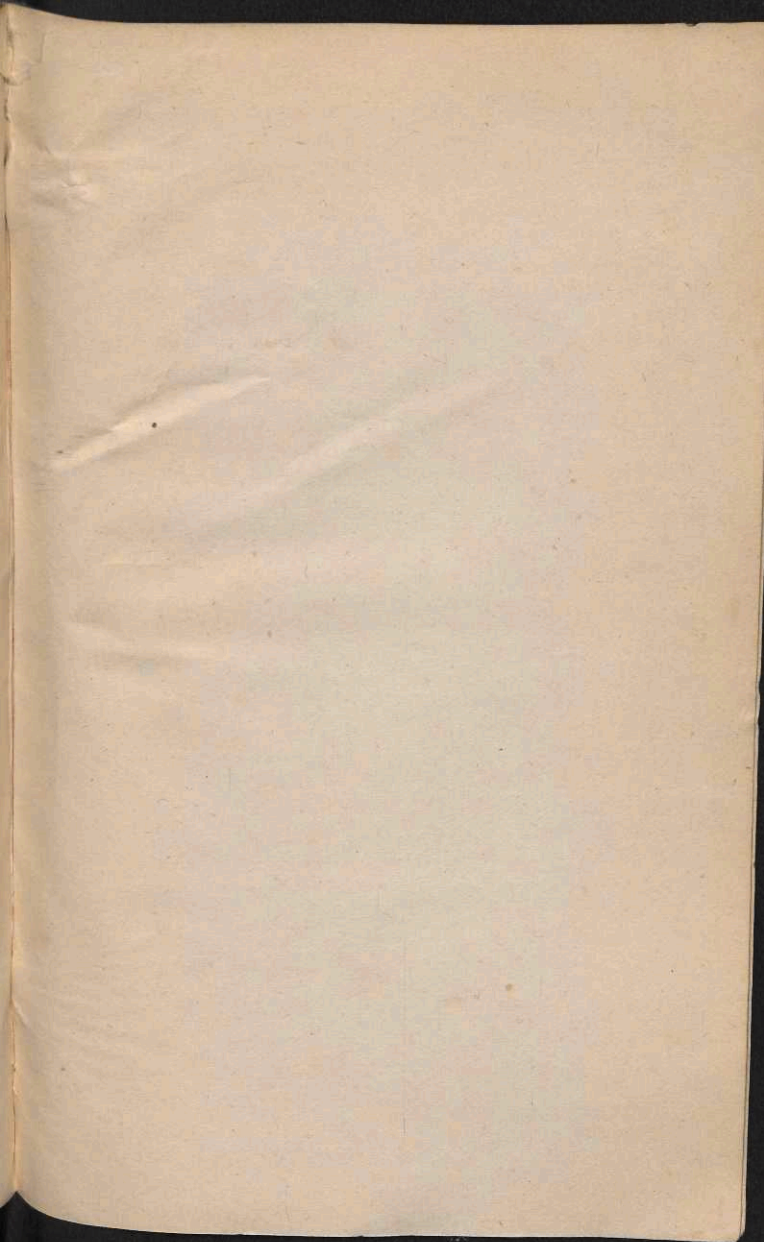
Yangamanikana, *Unknowable.* (*Vide kumani-kana.*)

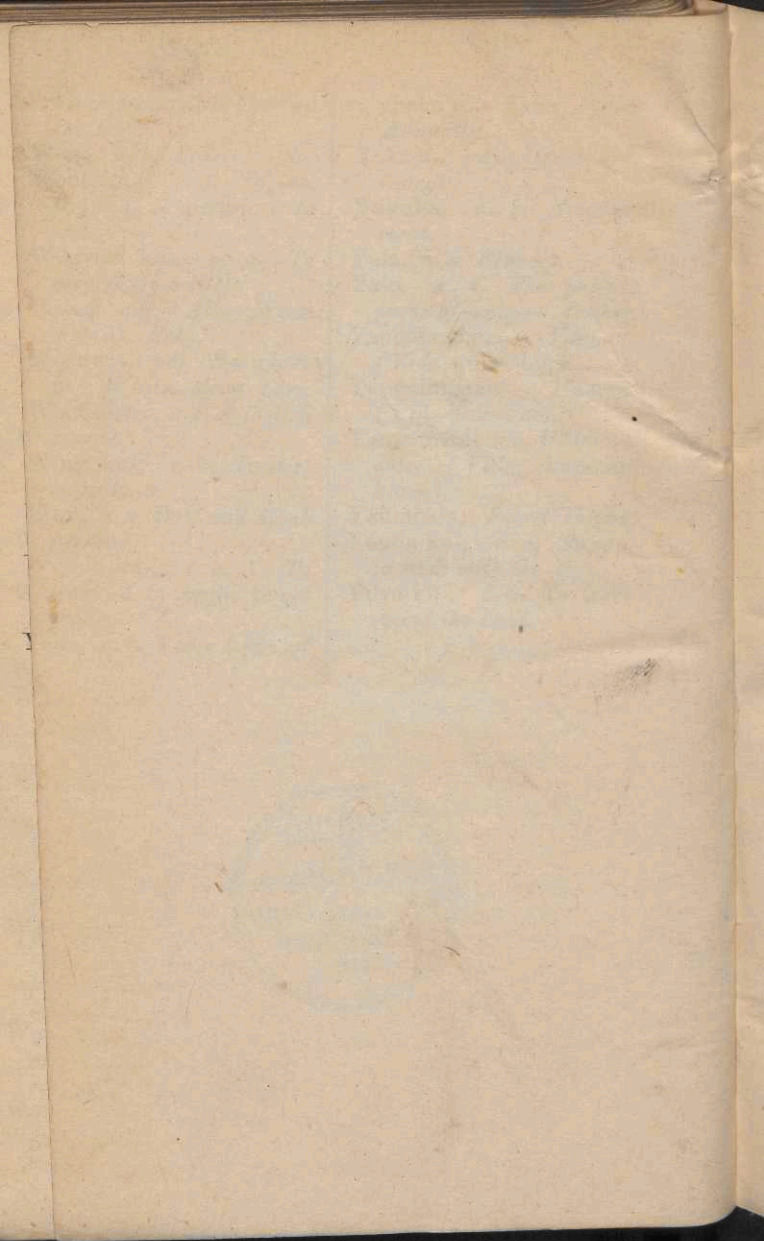
Yaumbala, *Secret things.*

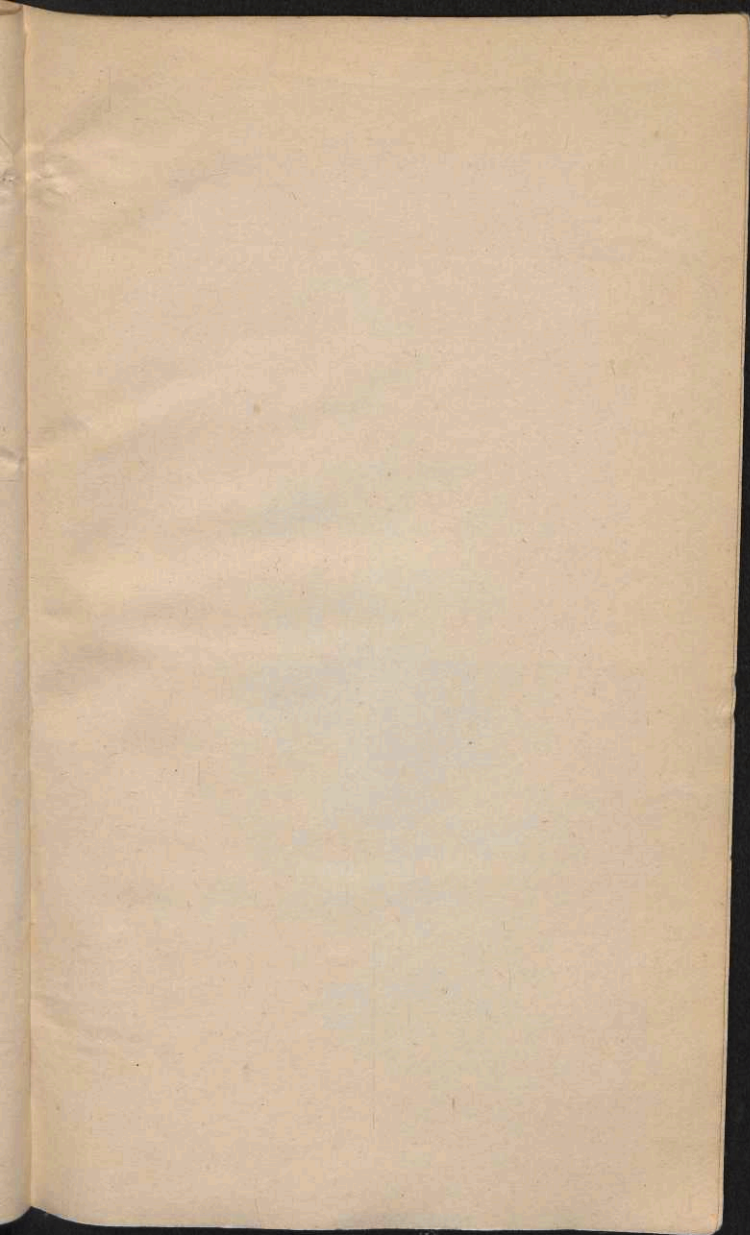
Yonda ku-, *v. a.* To sap, to suck with the lips.

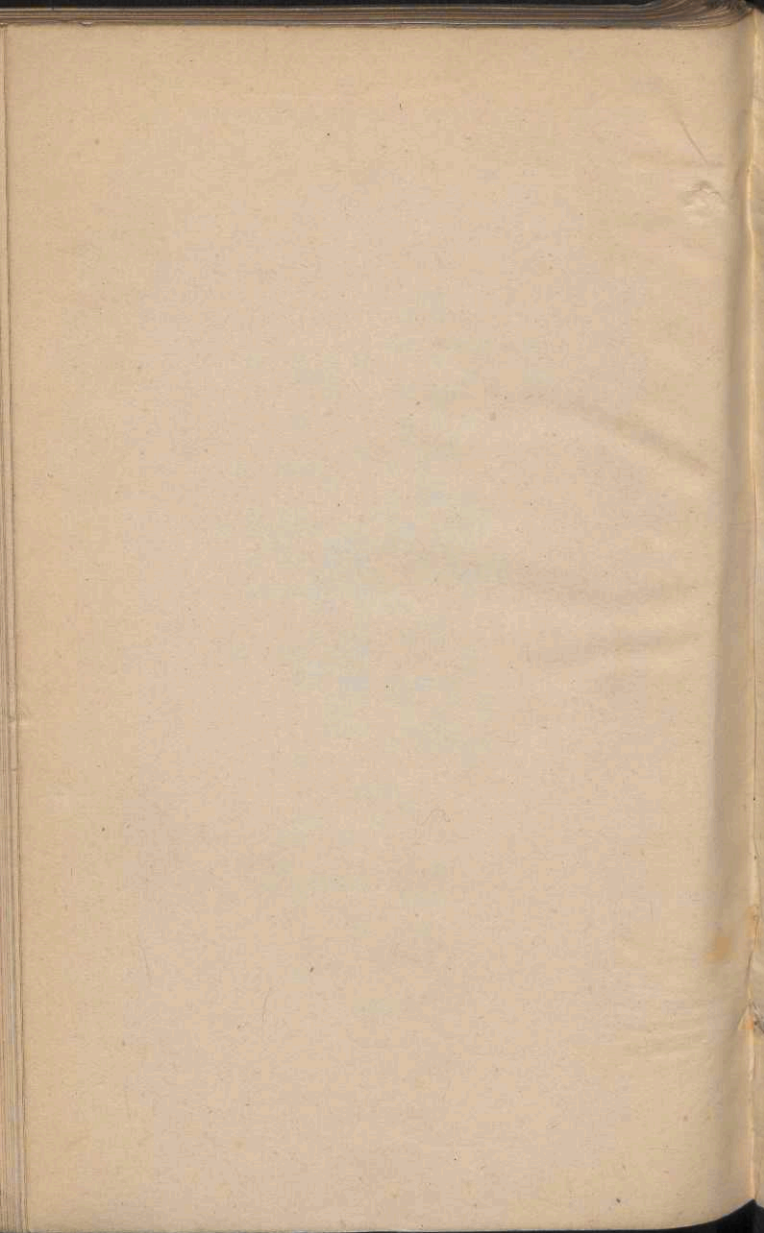
Yuya ku-, *v. a.* To wave round the head.

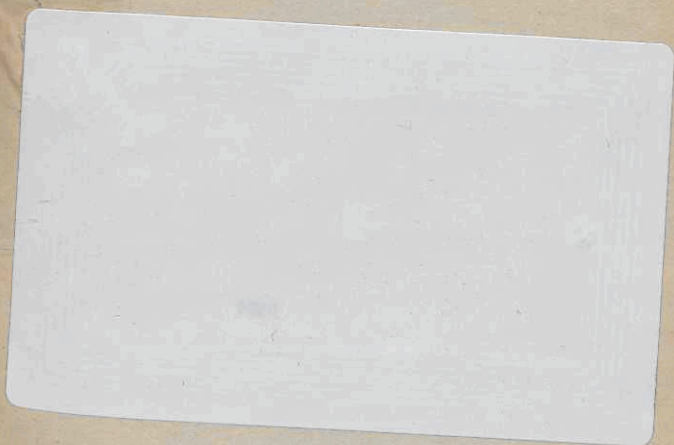












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