

TODAY and
TOMORROW

FREEDOM FIRST

AFTER his recent talks with Janab Jinnah, Mahatma Gandhi has repeatedly made it clear to the British that the Indian people's entire attention today is concentrated on the one issue of achieving immediate independence. Gandhiji has thoroughly exposed the British game of divide and rule—of setting up one party or community against another with a view to justifying their own imperialistic rule by emphasising the necessity of their remaining in India to patch up quarrels and to protect minority and vested interests. Gandhiji's statements have been universally acclaimed throughout India and by all Indians overseas.

It is Gandhiji's firm conviction that the relations between Indian communities can be settled smoothly only in a free and independent India. On the other hand, so long as the alien rulers are in India, such a settlement is absolutely impossible and any discussion of, and quarrel over this and that minor problems will only strengthen the British position in India. That is why Gandhiji has decisively stated that any discussion or activity in which he is engaged, will be only for the purpose of finding out ways and means of ousting the British from India and thereby securing India's political emancipation. In his recent unity talks in Bombay, Gandhiji had this purpose as his one and only objective, whereas Mr. Jinnah had a different one in view, and so the talks had to be given up.

Gandhiji's unrelenting attitude and firm determination to achieve India's independence, whether Mr. Jinnah gives his active support or not, has struck mortal terror and panic in the hearts of the British. It is no wonder then that the British in their utter desperation are trying to confuse and sidetrack the Indian people by all sorts of propaganda tricks. They are suggesting various solutions of the so-called problem of communal differences and also giving publicity to the activities of small communal organisations only to make it appear that the greatest problem before the Indian people is the communal problem and not independence. Encouraged by Mr. Jinnah's attitude, the British think they can persuade more and more Indians to make much of the communal problem and to disregard the question of independence. But with his characteristic vision and foresight, Gandhiji has anticipated these British tactics and by his outspoken utterances completely eradicated the least traces of fog from the minds of the Indian people.

To-day the entire nation is for freedom first, and everything else afterwards.

UNITY . . . FAITH . . . SACRIFICE

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7 Cent.

DEVASTATING RAID ON FOE CHINA BASES

44 Planes Either Set On Fire Or Destroyed In Surprise Raid

Tokyo, Oct. 9 (Domei)—Our air units in the China war theatre surprise-raided a group of enemy airfields near Chengtu in Szechuan Province, on the night of Oct. 7 and set afire or destroyed on the ground a total of 44 enemy aircraft against the loss of one plane on our side, according to a communique issued by Dai Honyei at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The text of the communique follows:

"Firstly, our air units in China surprise-raided a group of enemy airfields near Chengtu on the night of Oct. 7 in the face of inclement weather, and struck at the American air force concentrated in the airfields for offensive action dealing a heavy blow upon the enemy;

"Secondly, war results achieved by our air force included 44 enemy aircraft either set on fire or destroyed on the ground at the airfield at Pengshan. Of the 44 planes, 23 were B-29's, 19 small aircraft, and two others of unidentified category. Our air units also blasted enemy installations at one point. In other airfields which our air force attacked, fires were started at several points, but owing to bad weather details of war results have not been ascertained. "Thirdly, our side lost one plane."

Churchill & Entourage Arrive In Moscow

Lisbon, Oct. 9 (Domei)—Major Clement Attlee, British Deputy Prime Minister, announced in the House of Commons this afternoon that British Prime Minister Winston Churchill and Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden arrived in Moscow today to hold consultations with Soviet Premier Josef Stalin, according to a London dispatch.

He said that the Chief of the British Imperial General Staff and the Chief of Staff Officers to the Minister of Defence, together with other military advisers, had also arrived in the Soviet capital.

As to the nature of the impending talks, he briefly remarked, "This is a sequel to the meeting of the Prime Minister and President Roosevelt at Quebec."

Enemy Is Sure To Meet Doom In Pacific War

Nippon Navy Press Chief On Anglo-U.S. Pacific Strategy

Nanking, Oct. 9 (Domei)—Captain Keizo Matsushima, Chief of the Press Section of the Nippon fleet in China waters, in the course of a press interview, declared that the strength of the Nippon Air Force in the Pacific sector will, in the near future, far surpass that of the enemy's first-line planes. He stressed that this advantage, coupled with the completion of Nippon's inner-line defence structure, will enable Nippon to deal a sledgehammer blow against the enemy who is blindly and recklessly throwing his forces at Nippon advance bases.

He pointed out that it is perfectly clear that the enemy's counter-offensive is directed against the Philippines which, he said, rests at the apex of a triangle with the Moluccas and Palau Islands forming its base. In parallel with the United States' operational plan to land on the South China coast via the Philippines, the British Indian fleet gradually expanded its strength in the Ceylon sector, Captain Matsushima said.

From all appearances, the enemy's plan for counter-offensive is being conservatively planned and steadily progressing, the Captain said. However, he added, as shown in the landing operations on Piliou and Morotal Islands, the extreme stretching of the enemy's supply lines is beginning to tell on his operational plan. When consideration is given to the

ANTI-BRITISH REVOLT HITS CLIMAX; INDIAWIDE STRIKES AFFECT TRANSPORT SYSTEM

Burmese Nation Determined To Crush Enemy

Rangoon, Oct. 9 (Domei)—"We saw great strength flowing from the tough sinews of stout Burmese men and women farmers and labourers driving the vital cogs of food production, communications and maintenance in the Burmese war effort machine," Thakin Lun Baw, Lands and Agriculture Minister, and Thakin Nu, State Minister and Chief of Staff of the Maha Bama Aslayone, stated on their return late last week from a tour of the Thaton, Moulmein and Pegu areas.

They added that they found striking examples of the war effort welling powerfully and spontaneously from the Burmese masses in response to the nation's need for the total mobilization of the people's strength in order to successfully cope with, and to surmount this critical stage of the Greater East Asia War.

Thakin Nu expressed confidence that the governmental encouragement given during the tour by Thakin Lun Baw himself will increase the Burmese war effort to an irresistible torrent which will overwhelm the Anglo-Americans in their wild attempts to enslave and reconquer Burma.

dimensions of the battle area, the enemy's casualties in the above two sectors have already reached seven times as much as those suffered at Saipan.

Further Consolidation Of All-Front Move Against British

The anti-British revolution in India continues to rage with unabated fury, striking terror and panic in the minds of the British authorities both in India and Britain.

Latest reports from India states that labour strikes in British-controlled factories and mines have spread like wild fire with the result that the British war effort has been well nigh paralysed. Strikes are reported to have spread to the railways also, seriously dislocating British war transport.

Meanwhile, further consolidation of the anti-British front in India is going on rapidly. According to a New Delhi report on Sunday last, the Akhand Hindustan Leaders' Conference concluded its session yesterday at New Delhi. This conference, as its name indicates, was held to stress the oneness and indivisibility of the Indian nation.

The conference passed a unanimous resolution declaring its unflinching faith in the oneness and integrity of India. The conference also placed on record its firm conviction that the partition of India into Pakistan and such other communal regions, will be fatal not only to the best interests of the country as a whole but also to the best interests of every community in India.

The resolution appealed to all patriotic Indians to resist the British-sponsored attempt to break up the integrity of India, and called upon the entire nation to continue its ceaseless efforts for the achievement of the country's freedom.

A similar resolution was also unanimously adopted by the Punjab Christian Association at its meeting held in Lahore on Sunday last.

King Farouk Of Egypt Dismisses Cabinet

Lisbon, Oct. 8 (Domei)—King Farouk of Egypt has dismissed the Egyptian Cabinet under Premier Nahas Pasha and called on Ahmed Maher Pasha to form a new Government, according to Cairo dispatches received here today.

A Reuter's dispatch said that the announcement caused a "first class" sensation in Cairo, although it had been long known that there were differences between the Palace and Nahas Pasha.

CHUNGKING-YENAN RIFT IS WIDENING; STERN MEASURES AGAINST CHIANG'S REGIME

Peking, October 8 (Domei)—The Yen-an regime will convoke a Communist Party Congress on Oct. 10—Double Tenth festival day—and is expected to adopt a 16-point resolution directed against Chungking's despotism, according to information received here from the seat of the Communist regime.

It said the resolution consists of the following salient points:

Firstly, abolition of the Kuomintang's despotism and opposition to the dictatorship of the Chungking regime. Secondly, the rapid establishment of a Chungking-Yenan coalition regime. Thirdly, disciplining of Ho Ying-chin, Kung Hsiang-hsi, and Chen Li-fu. Fourthly, revision of Chungking's military, political, and cultural policies. Fifthly, establishment of civil

rights and security of the people's livelihood. Sixthly, enlargement of the 13th Group Army and the newly organized Fourth Army, as well as Chungking's approval of people's guerrilla units. Seventhly, freedom of speech of the press and assembly, and release of political offenders detained by the Chungking regime.

The information further revealed that Lin Tsu-han and Tung Pi-wu, Yen-an's representatives in the Chungking regime, will return to Yen-an soon after the Double Tenth festival. In this connection local observers opined it will be interesting to note the repercussions it will have in Chungking circles when this resolution is actually adopted by the Communist Party Congress.

NOTICE TO THE DEPOSITORS OF THE ENEMY BANKS UNDER LIQUIDATION

With reference to MALAI GUNSEIKAN KOKUJI NO. 52 depositors of the enemy banks under liquidation are requested to register their names and amounts of deposits in accordance with the following paragraphs:

- (I) Registration Period
From October 1st 2604 To November 15th 2604.
Applications after the period shall not be accepted.
- (II) Period of payment:
From October 15th to November 30th, 2604.
- (III) Registration Places.
- SYONAN TOKUBETU SI**
Depositors with
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Singapore.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Singapore.
Mercantile Bank of India, Singapore.
Thomas Cook & Son, Singapore.
American Express Company, Singapore.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., SYONAN,
No. 21, Collyer Quay, Syonan.
 - JOHORE-SHU.**
Depositors with
National City Bank of New York, Singapore.
Netherlands Trading Society, Singapore.
Netherlands India Commercial Bank, Singapore.
Bank of China, Singapore.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD., SYONAN,
Cecil Street, Syonan.
 - MALACCA-SHU.**
Depositors with
Eastern Bank, Singapore.
Kwangtung Provincial Bank, Singapore.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE CHINA & SOUTHERN BANK, LTD., SYONAN,
Medeiros Building, No. 18, Cecil Street, Syonan.
 - JOHORE-SHU.**
Depositors with
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Johore Bahru.
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Muar.
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Batu Pahat.
Bank of China.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., JOHORE BAHRU,
No. 46, Jalan Ibrahim, Johore Bahru.
 - NEGRI SEMBILAN-SHU.**
Depositors with
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Seremban.
Bank of China.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., SEREMBAN,
No. 127A, Birch Road, Seremban.
 - SELANGOR-SHU.**
Depositors with
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Kuala Lumpur.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.
Mercantile Bank of India.
Bank of China.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Klang
are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LTD., KUALA LUMPUR,
No. 2, Ampang Road, Kuala Lumpur.
 - PAHANG-SHU.**
Depositors with
Chartered Bank of India, Kuala Lipis, are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., KUALA LIPIS,
316, Government Office Building, Kuala Lipis.
Depositors with Mercantile Bank of India, Kuantan, are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., KUANTAN.
 - PERAK-SHU.**
Depositors with
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Ipoh.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.
Mercantile Bank of India.
Bank of China.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Sitiawan, are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., IPOH,
No. 138, Belfield Street, Ipoh.
Depositors with Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China, Taiping, are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LTD., TAIPING,
Kota Road, Taiping.
 - PENANG-SHU.**
Depositors with
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Penang.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia & China.
Mercantile Bank of India.
Netherlands Trading Society.
Bank of China.
are requested to apply for registration to
THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., PENANG,
No. 2, Beach Street, Penang.
- (IV) N.B.
- Depositors should produce the relative PASS BOOKS or DEPOSIT RECEIPTS at the time of registration.
If the depositors have lost the above, they should produce one of the following:
(a) Identification Cards or Certificates issued by Government Offices, Public Corporations, or firms, etc., that employ them at present.
(b) Census Taking Lists.
(c) Any evidence sufficient enough to prove them to be the real depositors.
 - Depositors are requested to apply for registration themselves. If

Gen. Bor Blamed For Premature Warsaw Revolt

Stockholm, Oct. 8 (Domei)—Although Polish elements in Moscow connected with the Lublin Committee of National Liberation were somewhat surprised to learn of the news of the German capture of General Tadeusz Komorowsky (Bor), Commander-in-Chief of the Polish Refugee Regime in London, "inside" Warsaw, they appear not wholly displeased about the General's fate as they feel that the removal of the prominent figure in the British-sponsored Regime from the Polish scene only serves to strengthen the position of the rival Lublin Committee, according to Moscow dispatches.

General Komorowsky's capture came as somewhat of a surprise to Moscow circles, because it followed close on the heels of the charge made by General Rola Zimiersky, Defence-Delegate of the Lublin Committee in Moscow, several days previously that the newly-appointed Commander-in-Chief of the London Refugee Government never has been "inside" Warsaw since the uprising in the city.

Meantime, the international observer of the "Pravda," official mouthpiece of the Communist Party, commenting on General Komorowsky's capitulation, today was reported by the Tass News Agency to have flayed the role played by the general charging Komorowsky with blundering miserably in the Warsaw uprising.

"Not content with sending hundreds of thousands of Polish patriots to certain death by starting the uprising prematurely, he has now delivered over the survivors into the hands of Germany," he says. "The facts which now are universally known, upset and blow asunder the lies of Komorowsky's communiques."

The failure of the Warsaw uprising, the "Pravda" writer infers, clearly is the responsibility of the Polish regime in London, because it was "started without

the knowledge of the Allies, and no contact was established by Komorowsky either with the Red Army or with the Polish Army."

the depositors cannot present themselves owing to unavoidable circumstances, those who have powers of attorney given by all of the depositors are allowed to apply presenting the necessary documents mentioned in (a).

3. Should the "amount deposited" asserted by depositors differ from the records of the Banks, the latter shall generally be regarded as correct.

4. Enquiries, if any, should be referred to the above-mentioned offices of Nipponese Banks.

Banks in Charge of payment for the deposits with the Enemy banks:
YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LTD.
BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD.
CHINA & SOUTHERN BANK, LTD.

The Malai Banking Association 21, RAFFLES PLACE, SYONAN

Syonan, 29th Sept., 2604.

TO ALL DEPOSITORS OF THE ENEMY BANKS UNDER LIQUIDATION.

In connection with the first refund of the deposits of the enemy banks which is to be executed from the 15th October, 2604, according to the Official Notice No. 52 of the Malai Gunseikan-bu, the receivers of those refunded amounts are kindly asked to collaborate with the Banking Association to re-deposit those refunded amounts in the following ways for the purpose of controlling the floating money in the market in order that the living conditions of the people may be stabilised.

The refunded amounts which exceed \$100 shall be deposited in the form of FIXED DEPOSITS or SPECIAL CURRENT ACCOUNT DEPOSITS with the banks handling the affairs of the enemy bank, through which the refunding is made, or any other bank which the receiver of the said amount may desire to re-deposit.

In case that the said amounts are to be re-deposited in the form of Special Current Accounts, the payments for such accounts shall be within the limit of \$100 each month.

G.E.A. Students in Nippon Entertained

Tokyo, October 8 (Domei)—More than 600 students from various nations of Greater East Asia, at present studying in Nippon, enjoyed a delightful program of national dances and songs of Greater East Asia nations sponsored by the Society for International Cultural Relations and assisted by the Takarazuka dancing troupe at the Kokumin Shin-Gekijo here this afternoon.

Taking part in the program, which was held in order to appreciate the various dances of the Co-Prosperity Sphere and promote friendship among students of East Asia, were students representing Nippon, China, India, Djawa, Burma, the Philippines and other countries, who performed dances and sang national songs.

Indian Muslim Merchants To Visit Jhansi Rani Camp

The second fortnightly visit to the Rani of Jhansi Regiment Camp sponsored by the civilian section of the local Indian community will take place tomorrow at 5 p.m. when the Indian Muslim merchants of Syonan will be the hosts.

The party will assemble at the I.L.L. Syonan Branch, in Waterloo Street before they leave for the Jhansi Rani Camp and Indian ladies who are willing to take part in the function are welcome.

Willkie Passes Away In New York At 52

Lisbon, October 7 (Domei)—Wendell Willkie, one of the leading figures in the United States and Republican candidate for the presidency in the 1943 election, died this morning in a New York hospital from coronary thrombosis, according to a New York dispatch.

Willkie was reported to be suffering from streptococcus infection for the past 11 months. He was 52 years old.

the knowledge of the Allies, and no contact was established by Komorowsky either with the Red Army or with the Polish Army."

American Attack Bugged Down In Aachen Theatre

Lisbon, Oct. 8 (Domei)—Grim fighting continued yesterday on the western bank of the Scheldt River in Belgium and in the area north of Aachen just inside the Belgian-German border, German forces bitterly contesting Anglo-American attempts to drive forward, according to front-line dispatches received here.

American forces battling north of Aachen yesterday launched a furious assault supported by a heavy artillery barrage and planes, but the attack, Berlin said, was bogged down in the maze of strong pillbox defences held by stubbornly fighting German troops. Heavy fighting is reported to be under way for some breaches in the German lines.

Indicating that the Germans are furiously counter-attacking in the Scheldt sector, Seagham Maynes, Reuter's special correspondent, said that Canadian troops in the battered bridgehead in the south Scheldt pocket today are struggling grimly under a hail of mortar, bomb, and machinegun fire from well-prepared German positions. Last night the Germans sent patrols right through the bridgehead and over the canal into Canadian positions on the other side, he reported.

Anti-Axis reports said that the American Third Army yesterday launched a new attack on a 20-mile front from the east bank of the Moselle between Metz and Nancy in north-eastern France. Units of the American Third Army were still battling yesterday for Fort Driant on the way to Metz.

The German High Command said the enemy group was bottled up north-east of Epinal.

In the Balkans, the German communique said, strong Soviet pressure on the Theiss estuary, off Belgrade, and in the area of Zazecar, has been continued. It added that in Southern Hungary a fierce battle developed against further attacking Soviet formations, particularly for bridges across the Kreisch. Soviet attacks in the wooded passes of the Carpathians were frustrated. German troops are waging a heavy defence battle against further advancing Soviet infantry and tank formations between Memel and the upper Windau in Lithuania, the German High Command announced. It added that 180 Soviet tanks had been destroyed in this fighting since October 5.

The Finns have started hostilities and heavy clashes occurred off Tornea on the Swedish-Finnish border, the German communique said. The Soviets started an attack with strong forces west of Murmansk in the far north, and tough fighting developed for strongholds on the Soviet-Finnish border. In the last two days German fighters downed 75 Soviet planes on the Eastern Front, the communique added.

In Italy the American Fifth Army troops were still 12 miles from Bologna, communication hub of the Po Valley, dispatches from Rome said. The British Eighth Army is battling the Germans in Monte Farneto, a mile and a half north-east of the upper Fiumicino River, 15 miles west of Rimini.