The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE 88 CHARTRES ST. | NEW ORLEANS, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 14, 1859. | VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 11,025.

THE DAILY BEE.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 14.

THE WATER QUESTION.

The various fires which have of late occurred, and especially the disastrous conflagration of the Lower Cotton Press, have once more excited one of those grave questions of municipal administration, the solution of which can never be indefinitely postponed. On this occasion referred to, the intrepid firemen valiantly struggled against the devastating flames which devoured the immense stock of cotton deposited in the yards and sheds of the press. The engines were there, and brave hearts and sturdy arms were willing to man them, but water was wanting. The wells and cisterns of the neighborhood furnished but a scanty and insufficient supply, while the pipes of the water-works do not extend to the entire of the Third District. The firemen were therefore compelled almost inactively to witness the progress of destruction. The river, it is true, was but a few hundred yards distant, with its waters rising even the level of our streets, but yet it was too remote to feed the engines, and extinguish the flames.

This disaster proved so complete as to awaken our authorities from their usual somnolent condition, and to inspire them with the idea of devising some plans of preventing similar catastrophes hereafter. A desire was at first manifested to render the Water-Works Company responsible for the losses incurred, on the ground, that that corporation should long since have prolonged the pipes to the extremity of the District. But this view of the case was incorrect and unjust. The charter makes it obligatory on the company to lay pipes only in what was formerly styled "the Square of the City"—viz: the space embraced between the levee and Rampart street, and between Canal and Esplanade streets—and the principal streets of the faubourgs. The company was formed in 1833, and at that time the First and Third Districts were merely suburbs of the city. The provisions of the charter have been more than fulfilled, and the Commercial Bank at various times expended large amounts in enhancing the usefulness of the water-works. The result has been that the profits of the company have been measurably absorbed by these outlays, and dividends even now seldom exceed four and a half or five per centum annum. Of course the value of the stock has deteriorated nearly one-half.

To require new shareholders from the company would be equivalent to reducing it to bankruptcy. The resources are too limited, and, moreover, its charter does not compel it to incur new and heavy expenses. It must be borne in mind that the privileges enjoyed by the Water-Works are amply compensated by the obligation of the company to supply water gratuitously to all the asylums, to the charitable institutions, and to the city for cleaning and watering of the streets. When they, or six hundred water-plugs are open at one time, is it so all surprising that there should be a deficiency of water for the fire engines?

We hope not, however, conclude from all this that there is no remedy for existing evils. On the contrary, the interest of our population imperiously demands the adoption of prompt and efficacious measures for our protection from such calamities as have visited us of late. The city might readily effect an arrangement with the Water Works Company, in virtue of which each might be released from a portion of its obligations. Thus, for example, the city might agree to lay pipes along the levee at her own expense, with branches leading to the several streets connecting with that thoroughfare; while the company might contract to furnish the forcing pumps or other machinery necessary to maintain an unfailing supply of water. One of our contemporaries suggests that the city should abandon its right to a portion of the dividends, as well as to the privilege of purchasing the machinery of the company in 1868, provided the latter will consent to defray the expense of laying pipes along the levee. It is doubtful whether this arrangement will suit the interests of both parties. It is evident that something must be done, either by the city acting independently, or in concert with the company.

With the broad Mississippi flowing past our doors the gutters should invariably be supplied with an abundance of pure running water. During four or five months in each year the level of the river is considerably higher than that of our streets. To ensure a plentiful supply of water, it is only necessary that pipes should be placed on the levee communicating on one side with the river, and on the other with the streets opening on the levee. The steam forcing pump would be only required during the low stage of water. The expense to the city would not be enormous, while the double advantage of safety and salubrity would be secured. In case of fire the engines would never lack water, and the gutters would be always full, while the city would enjoy a fresh and limpid element, instead of the poisonous and nearly stagnant stream, which in warm weather impregnates the atmosphere with noisome odors.

We perceive that the Board of Aldermen on Tuesday evening adopted a wise and salutary measure—to wit, an appropriation of $75,000 for the purpose of commencing the work of laying down a sufficient number of water pipes to supply the city with all the necessary water to put out fires and cleaning the streets; also, to purchase a sufficient number of double force pumps, to put on the levee, of the Washington plant and manufactory. We trust the resolution will meet the unanimous sanction of the Assistant Aldermen. The execution of the project will offer a satisfactory guarantee against the recurrence of such disfigurations as those to which we have referred.

AMERICAN PRISONERS IN PERU.—The New York *Herald* publishes letters from three citizens of the United States who have been robbed, imprisoned, and subjected to grievous indignities at the hands of the Peruvian Government. Their names are Alexander Robinson, R. M. Jefferson, C. G. Mopsolve. Mr. Robinson accuses Mr. J. R. Clay, the American Minister resident at Callao, of great neglect and remissness, saying that though his protection has been requested, and the outrages of the Peruvians clearly shown, yet he has refused to move in the matter. Mr. Robinson has been sentenced to six years' labor in the chain gang. The British Charge d'Affaires, Mr. Lima offered his services, though Mr. Robinson is not a British subject. Mr. Jefferson states that, two years ago last November, he was thrown into a prison in Callao, where he had remained up to the date of his letter, the 11th March. He says that he has often and doubly called for protection and justice at the hands of the representative of his country, but has been entirely neglected. Mr. Robinson was arrested on the 20th of last December, and thrust into prison; there he remained till the 19th of February, the date of his letter. The alleged ground of this ill-treatment of American citizens is that they have been engaged in plotting against the Peruvian Government.

TO-MORROW EVENING, AT ARMORY HALL, the artists of the Orleans Theatre give a grand vocal and instrumental concert, for the benefit of an artist's widow. The entertainments are extremely select and varied, as may be seen by reference to the programme, and the array of vocal talent on the occasion is quite remarkable, numbering as it does of Mlles LEPRANCIER, Mlle CHRISTEN, Mlles BOUCHOUX, and Messrs. DELAGRAVE, BOUCHOUX, TASTE, BEATCE, &c., with a full orchestra conducted by PEYTOUT. The amateurs will be glad to learn that the celebrated pianist, Mlle la BARONNE BUZONNIA, has consented to perform two favorite fantasias. We trust that the cause, as well as the attraction of the entertainments, will secure a munificent contribution to the unfortunate and impoverished beneficiary.

MRS. HAYNES A MANIAC.—It is stated that this unfortunate woman has become a raving maniac, and has had to be chained, hands and feet, to prevent her from self-destruction; and that Governor Morgan, in consequence of this sudden change, has suspended her sentence until her real condition can be ascertained, and transferred that she be taken to the Insane Asylum at Auburn.

JAMES STRAWBRIDGE.—We are indebted to the polite attention of Mr. T. BACHELDER, Nos. 28 and 30 Ursulines street, for a specimen of strawberries of his raising, which are perfectly gigantic in size, beautiful to the eye, and exquisite to the palate. Finer strawberries, we have never seen.

HONEY, &c.—The lovers of Cuba honey are referred to the advertisement of B. DOUDIGNAN, corner Ralphs and Tchoupitoulas streets. Mr. DOUDIGNAN has likewise received a large supply of drugs, chemicals, &c.

MAYOR OF BATON ROUGE.—The election for Mayor of Baton Rouge on Monday resulted in the success of J. R. KLAR over J. H. DUNBOGG.

FROST.—The weather during the past week has been quite cool. There was frost on Sunday and Monday mornings, and we have heard some apprehensions expressed that it may yet injure cotton.—*Plantation (La.)*

Arthur Napoleon's Concert.

It will be seen by reference to our advertising columns that Arthur Napoleon and his company will give one grand concert in this city, at Odd Fellows' Hall, on Saturday evening, the 16th inst. The Charleston *Evening News* of the 11th ult. says:

THE CONCERT TO-MORROW NIGHT.—The concert to-morrow night promises to afford the highest enjoyment to those who are capable of watching the improvement of musical talent of a high order by a more than ordinary process of development. Master Arthur Napoleon supplies an example of this kind as rare as it is wonderful. That child is the opinion of the best judges wherever he has exhibited his marvelous powers, the proofs are so many that it is difficult to make a selection. Among the number of highly flattering notices of him we copy the following from a correspondent of the Albany *Journal*, who is a man of acknowledged musical taste.

It will be perceived that the piece has been changed from the Military to the Institute Hall, and the time from this to to-morrow night, and from the excessive of parties to obtain seats for the last concert, we predict a crowded room.

"Arthur Napoleon, the boy pianist, is the musical wonder of the age! We predicted it yesterday by what we heard from reliable sources, for all musical New York has gone crazy over him; and before he had half finished his first piece at last evening's concert, he settled the matter beyond a doubt. Every good thing that has been said about his extraordinary powers is no exaggeration. We have heard Louis Gottschalk and Thalberg, and they have again and again excited us to the wildest enthusiasm, (as they would any true lover of music here) but to think that this pale, slight boy of fifteen equals them—yes, fully, and in something —, but never mind comparisons. We only beg our *dilettanti* just to hear him."

The Firemen's Celebration in Mobile.

We take from the Mobile *Tribune* the subjoined account of the celebration in that city of the Twenty-first Anniversary of the Fire Department, on Monday last:

Yesterday opened somewhat cloudy, and did not give much promise of a dry day. Occasional showers of the rain, however, imparted a brightness to everything, and the clouds still kept the good effect to keep off the sun's heat, very from the unprotected heads of the resident and visiting firemen.

THE NEW ORLEANS FIREMEN,

Amounting to some ninety-six in all, arrived at about half past 4 o'clock, on board the steamer Choctaw. The delegation is small, compared with what we expected, but this falling off may be amply accounted for by the very destructive fires which appear now to be epidemic in our sister city. Under these circumstances a larger delegation would not be spared.

THE RECEPTION

The General Committee of Reception, with a committee of the Fire Department, met the visitors on the wharf. Mr. Jewett, Chief Engineer of the Mobile Fire Department, in a neat and appropriate little speech, extended to the delegation a hearty welcome, and the hospitality of the city during their stay with us, which was responded to by Mr. J. P. Horner, President of Louisiana Hose, and Mr. James Biggs, Foreman of No. 20. Congratulations over, the delegation was escorted to their quarters, (the Battle House and the City Hotel) where they were left to the amiable employment of throwing away the necessary amount of solids under their fire shirts.

The inner man having been attended to, and the outward appearance fixed to taste, the delegation, again under escort, together with all our city companies, were marched into

THE PROCESSION

on Government street. The sidewalks on each side, from Royal street to Cedar, were lined with ladies and children, forming a spectacle of beauty second only to the long line of firemen in their pretty uniforms. The engines belonging to the different companies were gorgeously decked with the rarest and most beautiful flowers, and in style of arrangement reflecting great credit to the different parties getting them up. At half-past 11 o'clock the long procession commenced its march, according to the published programme, and wended its way to the Theatre, on Royal street, where

THE ORATION,

preceded by prayer from the Rev. P. E. Collins, was delivered by M. C. McLemore, Esq. After the oration, which was delivered in the speaker's usual style of eloquence and happy effect, came the presentation of a handsome silver goblet, by the Chief of the Fire Department, to the company which had supplied first with water the greatest number of times at the fires during the past twelve months. The honor was adjudged to Washington No. 3, and Mr. Jewett, the Chief Engineer, with very appropriate remarks, presented the goblet to Mr. T. B. Lyons, the popular foreman of No. 3, who received it with the modesty for which he is noted, in behalf of his company, and returned thanks in a very creditable manner.

Amongst the delegation from New Orleans we were pleased to take by the hand our friend Mr. Gibbons, of the *Daily Crescent*, who is handsomely put up in "Sol's" dress, and looks as fresh as a newly culled bouquet. We believe Mr. Gibbons is the only representative of the press in the city.

The procession over, the large crowd which filled the theatre dispersed, the several companies took their respective places in the procession and marched back again to the place of starting, where they were dismissed, after the usual three cheers for each and wended its way to quarters where it could best entertain them.

Merchants' Fire Co. No. 4 had in charge a portion of the delegation from New Orleans, and marched them to Armory Hall, on Church street, where a handsome collation awaited them, and to which they, doubtless, did ample justice.

Toast, champagne and sentiment followed sentiment, champagne and toast in rapid succession, and the fleeting moments were spent in a joyful and happy interchange of congratulations between the firemen of Mobile and the firemen of New Orleans.

Perseverance No. 13 and a portion of other delegates from New Orleans, being the especial guests of Washington No. 8, were under the charge of Mr. Stephens, Foreman, and with them, accepted the invitation extended by Madame Levert to call at her residence and take refreshments. This was one of the happiest incidents of the day, and we may mention that those present, and particularly the members of that company whose foreman so gracefully presented her with the badge entitled to honorary membership in their company, will not soon forget the hospitable treatment received from the distinguished lady.

Taking leave of their hostess, they marched to the Irving Association Hall, where a sumptuous dinner, modestly dubbed a collation, was spread, and to which every one sat down with a will. Amongst the guests present belonging to the City were Hon. James M. Wilkins, Maj. A. D. Wood, Maj. Wm. Hunter, Hon. John Hurlbut, Mr. I. I. Jones, and others, who raised their voices when called upon, and furnished that entertainment which is expected on such occasions. Toasts were given which brought to their feet Mr. James P. Horner, of Louisiana Hose, Mr. James Beggs, of No. 20, Mr. Salomon, Secretary to the Honor Mayor Mills, of New Orleans, Mr. Gibbons, of the City Council, and others. We should dislike to select from the fund of true sentiment and compliments which were gotten off on the occasion, but we will be pardoned for giving our readers an impromptu sentiment which was delivered by a guest from New Orleans, who professed himself a friend to firemen, though belonging to no company. Being equally the guest of Perseverance No. 13 and Washington NO. 8, he offered the following:

"Perseverance and Washington. Without the former, the latter would never have freed the happy country."

The cheers which followed this toast were long and loud.

The thoroughly enlivened lads next assembled their guests to quarters, and then wended their way to their own quarters.

A regular fire followed dinner anniversary with dancing. Every available hall in the city was alive with the beauty and manhood, and the wee small hours found them fully as active as the day, and they were lost in the beginning of their sojourn.

And thus has ended one of the happiest anniversaries which has yet been celebrated by the firemen of this or any other city. The fund of which they are in the departments of New Orleans and Mobile has been occasioned in the happiest and most satisfactory manner. May it never be severed.

The Washington correspondent of the New York *Tribune* says:

The Administration is more than surprised, it is positively shocked, at the result in Louisiana. Mr. Toucey cannot account for it, after all the assurances he received, and contributions to the President, promising at least that the Democracy should hold their own, and probably gain in the Congressional representation. In the midst of this tribulation, however, the secretary of the Navy takes comfort to himself in the fact that he is no worse off than the rest of his colleagues. Pennsylvania has repudiated Buchanan and Black, Michigan, long ago, cast off the yoke of the venerable Cass, the Democratic candidate for Governor in Virginia avowedly rejects the whole policy of the Administration, which, of course, is very comforting to Mr. Floyd. In Kentucky, the rank and file of the party are not a few of the leaders, take sides with Douglas against Buchanan, and thus contribute their support to the new Postmaster-General. Mr. Cobb is unstabled in the same lamentable way in Georgia, where Stephens, Toombs, and the principal managers proclaim that the administration has ruined the party. In Mississippi, Gov. Brown and others have exhibited their displeasure by assuming the imbecility—and worse than that—the dotage of the President, doubtless, much to the gratification of Mr Secretary Thompson.

Under these circumstances Mr. Toucey walks into Cabinet Council with a prepared array, asserting that they are all in the same boat, and with a sanguine promise that all will yet come off well. These gentlemen take the world easy, and draw their pay accordingly. The only thing which really grieves them is the prospect of being cut off in twenty-two months and twenty-five days. Some of them took in sail last winter, in view of the first shadowed dawn; for the houses of Mr. Cobb and Mr. Toucey were virtually closed, while those of some of their colleagues were only half opened. The whole concern will be apt to put "sociably" on short commons next session, and turn the screw of retrenchment at home.

Personal.

Anna Bishop, with her children, is coming to the United States to reside.

José Martinez, a native of Buenos Ayres, now twenty-five years of age, when sixteen years old ran away from home and after a while brought up in Boston, where he has been gaining an honest livelihood in a stall-loft. A few weeks since he received information that his parents were dead, and that their estate, valued at $300,000, was at his disposal as heir; and yesterday he sailed in the bark Emily Walter for home, not only to claim his fortune, but a bride—the latter maiden having been very conveniently arranged by proxy.

Information has been received that Mr. Bourasse, of the late firm of Bourasse & Peyro, who left the city of New York eight years ago for a voyage in Europe, and was reported to have been drowned, and believed by his friends to have been murdered, is safe in New Orleans, and will return home in two weeks. Mr. Bourasse writes his wife that he became involved in Government difficulties in France, and was imprisoned. Upon his discharge, he heard that she had married again, and was only recently disabused of the impression. Mr. Bourasse's family had commenced a suit against an insurance company for the amount of a policy upon his life, and it was to have been tried at the next circuit.

The New York *Tribune* learns that a textile message has passed between M. G. Hart, Esq., and the Hon. John Cluney, of the Sixth Ward, late President of the Board of Aldermen. The cause of the difficulty is an alleged libelous attack in a weekly journal. The Hon. Mr. Clancy, as the challenged party, claims the choice of weapons and place; while the friends of Mr. Hart claim that the Hon. Mr. Clancy is only entitled to the choice of weapons. The two localities proposed are Hoboken and Canada; and we presume that as soon as this question is settled, the duel will be brought to a bloody termination.

According to the Cincinnati *Gazette*, Strakosch pays his opera folks quite liberally. Colson gets two thousand dollars a month; De Wilhorst sixteen hundred; Parodi fifteen hundred; Brignoli fifteen hundred; Amodio one thousand; Junca eight hundred; Squires eight hundred; Bailey six hundred; Patti Strakosch six hundred. The most attractive opera at Cincinnati was Norma, which drew a four thousand dollar house.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

THE CUBAN FLAG HOISTED.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The New York *Sun* this morning hoists the Cuban flag, and says that by this time, no doubt, the whole Island of Cuba has revolted.

The *Sun* says that a strong expedition left New York in the latter part of March, and have doubtless arrived and landed on the island. (Where is General Lersundi?)

RECOGNITION OF SENOR MATA.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Our Government has not yet received any official advices from Mr. Molane, our Minister to Mexico, but it is certain that Senor J. M. Mata, the Mexican Minister to Washington, appointed by the Government of President Juarez, will be officially received on his arrival at Washington.

CHARLESTON AND SAVANNAH COTTON MARKET.

CHARLESTON, April 12.—The sales of Cotton to-day were 1000 bales at the quotations of yesterday.

The Savannah Cotton market closed firm, and quotations are unchanged.

THE GREAT BILLIARD MATCH.

DETROIT, Mich., April 13.—The great billiard match between Phelan and Sexton for $10,000 came off this night.

Phelan gained the victory, winning the match by ninety-six points.

The ball in which they played was filled with spectators, comprising amateurs from all parts of the Union.

ARRIVAL OF THE PHILADELPHIA.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The steamship Philadelphia, from New Orleans, via Havana, has arrived at this port, having left Havana on the 8th instant.

Her Havana advices have been anticipated by the Isabel and Empire City.

Nothing had been discovered in relation to the intended revolution, or of the expedition which the New York *Sun* of this morning announces left New York in the latter part of March.

The destructive fire reported by the steamer Isabel occurred in the western portion of the island between Alimonas and Cardenas, and destroyed the cane on twenty sugar estates.

THE CUBAN EXPEDITION.

NEW YORK, April 13.—The New York *Herald* of this evening, in its editorial columns, expresses the opinion that it is possible the expedition which left Alimonas early the morning *Sun* that an expedition has sailed for the coast of Cuba with the intention of attempting to revolutionize the island.

We are requested to call the attention of the trade to the extensive stock of goods to be sold THIS DAY, at half-past 11 o'clock. See D. E. Murphy's auction advertisement.

Milburn's Liver Pills.

PREPARED BY FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURG, PA.

From the unsolicited testimony continually offered from all quarters of the country, it is impossible to resist a conviction of the great excellence of these Pills in all diseases of the Liver and Stomach.

TUSCUMBIA, Ala., April 22, 1858.

MESSRS. FLEMING BROS.—I take this opportunity of informing you of the benefit I have derived from Dr. Milburn's valuable Pills. I have for the last year been troubled with a pain over the eyes, accompanied with a nervousness and sense of dizziness. Some of the doctors tried bleeding and various other remedies but all in vain, for the development disease still stuck fast. At last I procured a box of your valuable Liver Pills from a druggist here, and feel, after taking a portion of them, that the disease and painful sensation over the eyes has almost entirely left me. With sincere gratitude and respect, I remain yours, &c. GEO. W. FLOWERS, Tenn.

Our Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. MILANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS, manufactured by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURG, PA. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, alike the celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of FLEMING BROS.

SCOTT, KMRAD, Wholesale Agents for the South, 111 and 113 Chartres st.

apl 11 d1.

☞ Dr. J. HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, for the cure of Fever and Ague, is beyond all controversy, the safest and best remedy that could be used by the afflicted for all diseases of the above nature. The most violent attacks of this dreadful disease have often been prevented by the use of this reliable remedy. The "Bitters" have been used by the proprietor in his extensive practice, in the treatment of Fever and Ague, for a number of years, and its wonderful curative powers are well known both to the press and the public. Those desirous of obtaining a cure for their entire system should not fail to use the "Bitters."

For sale by Druggists generally, everywhere.

apl 12 6t

A GREAT MEDICINE FOR FEMALES!

Hundreds of unsolicited have been received and sold purporting to be proofs of the wonderful cures and derangements in which the delicate form of woman render her subject. The result of all these testimonials has been to impart immediately to the nervous system, and false vigor to the muscles; but this relief has been succeeded by a depression and prostration proportionate. Not so with the Proprietor's attempts of invalids to build themselves up by these false remedies have finally ended in destroying what little vital organization was left. But in using "Berkeley's Hollard Bitters" you will find no such disastrous results. It is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Italian Physician, Berkeley. Under its influence every nerve and muscle receives new strength and vigor, appetite and sleep returns, and health, perfect health.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by J. WRIGHT & CO., 71 and 73 Chartres street.

Who will suffer from foul humors, sores, or diseases of the skin, when such certain remedies as McLane's VERMIFUGE COMMON AND PILLOW PILLS, and McLane's VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS can be so easily obtained? The Cordial will purify the blood thoroughly, and the Liniment will cure any sore. See the advertisement. apl 12 d

"Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—Habit. is that iron chain, the weight of which, in debility, and premature decay, is painlessly carried by a choice of the Pills, and no external disease can bear resist the Ointment.

☞ Look out for Imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

New Louisiana Benevolent Association of New Orleans.

GENERAL MEETING.

PURSUANT to Art. VII of the Constitution, the regular quarterly meeting of the above association will be held at their Hall, No. 265 Old Levee street, between Dauphine and St. Philip streets, on MONDAY NEXT, the 18th instant, at 7 o'clock, P. M., precisely.

The members are requested to be punctual, as important business will come up for consideration.

By order of the President.

ANTHONY RAMBOLA, Secty.

apl14

NOTICE

NEITHER the captain nor consignees of the Barque DORA CRISTOFO COLOMBO, Amato, master, will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew of said ship. PIAGGIO & VIGNE'S, Jr.

apl14 2 Canal st.

CUBA HONEY—200 gallons, just received and for sale by the barrel or gallon, at the wholesale warehouse of SCOTT, KMRAD, Corner Natchez and Tchoupitoulas sts.

By the last arrivals from Europe and the North—We have a large supply of fresh DRUGS, CHEMICALS, GLASSWARE, &c. H. DOUDIGNAN.

At the wholesale warehouse, corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas streets.

Genuine Havana Cigars.

HAVANA CIGARS, just landing from the brig West Indian, consisting of a few cases of Regalias, Principes, Cazadores, Cabos, Dorees, and Regalia Dejesdes, of the brands Washington, Flor de Vuelta Abajo, Flor de Vuelta Abajo, Flor de Vuelta Abajo