

Doc. 2612 Evid.

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ROOM NO. _____

*Expts used
in court
Ex 1326
1330*

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

Doc. No. 2612

30 August 1946

ANALYSIS OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

DESCRIPTION OF ATTACHED DOCUMENT

Title and Nature: Gov't Report "Ten Years of Japanese
Burrowing in Netherlands East Indies"

Date: Feb 1944 Original Copy Language: English

Has it been translated? Yes No

Has it been photostated? Yes No

LOCATION OF ORIGINAL

Document Division

SOURCE OF ORIGINAL: Netherlands Division

PERSONS IMPLICATED:

CRIMES TO WHICH DOCUMENT APPLICABLE: Jap-Netherlands Relations

SUMMARY OF RELEVANT POINTS

This book, published in the U.S. by the Netherlands Information Bureau, 10 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, contains the official report of the Netherlands East Indies Gov't on Japanese subversive activities in the Archipelago during the last decade.

Analyst: 2d Lt Blumhagen

Doc. No. 2612

1330

Dispatched: November 29, 1941.
Arrived: November 30, 1941.
Sent by: Consul General Ishizawa.
To: Consul Nonomura.
Subject: Re investigating and reporting of the movements of
foreign ships (to be kept secret for "foreign").
Code No. of signal 344.
Telegram from the Minister, signal No. 2431.
Urgent telegram.

As from December 1st, please investigate and telegraph in each
instance: nationality, name, port of arrival or departure, date of
arrival or departure, port of destination, etc. of foreign merchantmen
or warships operating in the Pacific, the Indian Ocean and the South
China Sea zones.

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361

A F F I D A V I T

I, LEENDERT KAMPER, Lt. Col., Royal Netherlands Indies Army, make oath and state as follows:

From January 1936 until February 1942 I was Head of the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government in Batavia.

The attached "Official Report of the Netherlands East Indies Government on Japanese Subversive Activities in the Archipelago During the Last Decade", which was published in 1942, was prepared in the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government while I was in charge thereof.

The photostat copies of Japanese and Chinese documents that form a part of this report are true and correct reproductions of documents that were then a part of the official files of my office, and which have since been lost or destroyed as a result of the war. The letter identified as Document No. II (I.P.S. Doc. 2612B) in this report, and dated 24 December, was written in the year 1938. The letter identified as Document No. V (I.P.S. Doc. 2612C) in this report, and dated 20 May, was written in the year 1939.

/s/ L. Kamper
Leendert Kamper, Lt. Col.
R.N.I.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of November, 1946.

/s/ Turner D. White
Capt. AUS
Summary Court Officer

X 6

2612 F

<p>石澤總領事</p> <p>野村領事</p> <p>外國船舶行動調查報告件</p> <p>三月三十四日</p> <p>外機密</p> <p>大臣命令第二四三一號</p> <p>緊急電報</p> <p>十二月可以停左太平洋、印度洋、南支那海</p> <p>方面之行動之外國船舶、軍艦、國籍、船名、</p> <p>出(入)港名、出入港口、行先等御調查、上述</p>	<p>次電報相成度</p> <p>(了)</p>
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文書第二六一二号

供述書

Doc 2612

私即チ和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐レンティルト・カムペール
LEENDER KAMPERの宣誓上ノ通陳述致シマス。
一九三六年昭和十一年一月ヨリ一九四二年昭和十七年二月迄
私ハバタビヤ BATAVIAノ和蘭領東印度政府東亞局日
本課ノ課長ヲ致シテ居リマシタ。

添附セラレテアル司取近十年間ニ於ケル蘭領東印度群島
ニ於ケル日本ノ破壊的活動ニ就テノ和蘭領東印度政府公報
コレハ一九四二年昭和十七年ニ公刊セラレタリテアリマスガハ私ガ
其ノ課長デアリマシタ。當時和蘭領東印度政府東亞局
日本課デ編纂奈致シタモノデゴザイマス。

ユ一報告書ノ一部デアリマス日本文書ト中國文書ノ直接
複寫々直ハリ當時私ノ役所ノ公式綴中一部ノ文書ト其
且正確ナル複本デアウテ該文書ハ戦争ノタメ其後失ハシ或
ハ放棄セラレテ居ルモノデゴザイマス。該報告書中十二月

ニテ四日附書面デ文書第二号(國際檢察部文書第二六
一二)ト同一ノモノハ一九三八年昭和十三年ニ書日カレマシタ。
該報告書中五月二十日附書面デ文書第五号(國際

檢察部文書第二六二)ト同一ノモノハ一九三九年昭和
十四年ニ書日カレマシタ。

和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐
LEENDER KAMPER 署名
ROOM 361

一九四六年昭和二十一年十一月二十二日余ノ面前ニ於テ
宣誓ノ上署名セリ

即決裁判所掛リ士官亞米利加合衆國陸軍大尉
ターナー・デイ・ホワイ・TUNER D. WHITE 署名

EXHIBIT NO. 1330

Outside on the envelope: HAYASHI, Kyujiro, President Director of
the Japanese South-Seas Association,
Batavia

from CHUANG, from British Penang Street 167.

Inside the envelope: Addressed to President Tsukihara

Dear President Tsukihara:

It is a long time since I saw you last, but I have been feeling an irresistible yearning after you and have been always wondering as to how you are getting along. In any case I hope that things are going along smoothly with you both in your official and private life.

You were so kind at the time to engage me for the Overseas Intelligence Bureau, but I feel ashamed that I have as yet been able to do so little, which I believe is due to my not being favoured yet with the right opportunity.

Recently when the situation in Europe has become tense, and with the prospect of the collapse of this European Empire, your Bureau has with redoubled energy worked towards realizing the great plan for the domination of East Asia, which is a gigantic scheme unparalleled in history. I feel indeed extremely happy at the honour of being made a member. In the event of this purpose being achieved in future by rendering meritorious services, it would probably become impossible to fully describe our delight on seeing the blue-eyed people who oppressed us in the past having to hang their heads low beneath the knees of the Japanese people.

In accordance with your instructions to intensify my activities, I have made contact with my comrades in Siam and five of them have already entered that country in disguise. As objects of espionage it is our duty to obtain confederates, to commit sabotage, to incite the natives to hostility, and to spread alarming rumors. In this respect I entirely follow your instructions. These five agents each work separately. You previously wrote me that a high official would come to the South and that we should receive instructions from him on secrecy items. This has now happened, judging from the report in the press that Kyujiro Hayashi, an important diplomat and also head of the Intelligence Bureau has arrived safely at Batavia by a Royal Dutch Company's plane at 4:30 P.M. of the 23rd inst. It is obvious that our work hereafter will increase in seriousness still more and that we shall be receiving definite instructions more and more. It sheds a great light upon us.

From what I have heard, Britain has no more military strength to fight back ^{because} British Imperialism has lately suffered disastrous defeats in the European War, and will before long suffer the sad plight of national ruin and a doomed race. To cover their shame, the local authorities have expressly stationed mixed troops, consisting of old and feeble soldiers, at important points of communication, such as railway bridges for defense purposes, and strategic points like air-bases are also in the list of places to be patrolled.

This crazy small nation has the fancy that the stationing of troops in this manner would serve to inspire confidence among the people, quite ignorant of the fact that, by so doing, they are only cutting a still more

FILE COPY ridiculous
RETURN TO ROOM 361

ridiculous figure of their own hurry-scurry confusion. On investigating the morale of the said mixed troops of volunteers it has been found that they all entertain a grudge in their hearts, and only few among them are willing to sacrifice their lives for this devilish regime. I may safely assert that, should I incite them by taking advantage of their weak spot, these volunteers would find it impossible to fulfill their duties.

In accordance with orders duly received from our superiors we have decided to utilize large amounts in nearest future for the purpose of corrupting the soldiers and the people as well as to organize a fifth column to be ready when the fighting begins. In view of the important nature of the matter, I am afraid that it would be impossible to obtain satisfactory results unless personnel, labor and materials are supplied in large number and volume and reasonably distributed. As I am enjoying your special patronage I feel I should advise you of all matters in detail. I do hope you will pay due attention to it.

The salary and campaigning expenses that you secretly sent me the other day have been already safely received.

As regards results, it has become further improved and effective propaganda combined with the war situation have convinced soldiers and people that this inferior Government will soon collapse so that another powerful nation must be obtained to guarantee their security, apart from which they are all desirous of rendering their services as a result of having given them a little money. However, the chance has not yet come. My comrades have already, by disguising themselves, succeeded recently in stealing various important topographical maps as well as data regarding the distances of military forces. Should you desire to have them, please advise me, at the same time inform me in detail the manner of forwarding the same, which will skip the attention of the censorship. I shall send it all right.

Please address your correspondence hereafter to my former address, as I intend to cast off public suspicion by my removal.

Be so good as to translate this letter into Japanese before passing it on to the higher authorities. Best regards,

(signed) Chuang Kung Ming
Overseas Intelligence Bureau No. 265

dated 30 May, the 29th Year of the
Republic (1940)

EX 1326-E

Doc 2612E

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361
在バタバヤ大日本南洋協會理事長

林 久 次 郎 殿

英領ベナン／彼南／ニテ莊ヨリ

／註、封筒／

月原會長殿

拜啓長ラク御無音ニ打過思慕ノ情ニ堪エ難ク遙
カニ御起居ヲ案ジ且私共御順境ニ在マサンコト
所念仕居候。

茲ニ御厚情ヲ賜リ入部工作ニ招聘相受候處殘念
乍ラ小生碌々トシテ何等成績ノ見ル可キモノ無
之ハ蓋シ未ダ機會ノ到來ニ恵マレザル儀ト存候。
近來歐洲ノ風雲緊張シ帝國ハ趨勢上將ニ覆滅ニ
瀕シ居リ、貴部ノ各高級職員亦夙ニ見ラ此ニ及
ボシ乃チ倍舊ノ努力ヲ以テ對外活動ヲ試ミ以テ
東亞ノ覇主、大陸之王者タル可キ雄圖ノ實現ヲ
冀求セラレ、大方略ハ曠古未層有儀ト存候。
小生悉クモ部員ニ屬シ欣快ニ堪エズ若シ將來目
的ヲ達シ功成リ名遂ゲナバ將ニ我輩ヲ壓迫セシ
碧眼兒ハ已ムナク首ヲ垂シテ貴國ノ膝下ニヘ

1.

Doc 2612E

2

リ下ラザルヲ得ザルベク、斯ノ時ノ樂ミハ試ニ筆
舌ニ盡シ難カルベク存候。曩ニ御訓示ヲ賜リ緊急
活動スベシトノ事ニ候へ共小生已ニ命ノ如ク暹羅
在住同志ニ通知シ五名ヲ假裝ノ上該地ニ進入セシ
メ候。主要目標ヲ偵察シ同志ヲ召集シ相提携シテ
機ニ乘ジ諸施設ヲ破壊シ土人ノ反感ヲ鼓勵シ險惡
ナル謠言ヲ流布スルハ誠ニ吾輩ノ責任ニ有之候。
如何ニ進捗セシムルヤハ全テ命令ヲ遵守致スベク
以上各項遂行ノ爲同志五名各分擔シテ職務ヲ果
スベク候。又曩ニ御來示ニ依リ詳シク高官ノ南行
ヲ仰キ機密事項ノ御指示ニ預ルベシト承リ候處今
日已ニ實現致シ候。小生日頃新聞ヲ讀ミ外交要員
兼情報長林久次郎ノ已ニ本月廿三日午后四時半和
蘭陀皇家會社ノ飛行機ニテ「パタピヤ」ニ安着セ
ラレシコトヲ承知仕候。今後吾輩ノ工作ハ必ズヤ
更ニ緊張ヲ加ヘ益々明確ナル訓示アルベキハ明々
曰々ノコトニ存候。實ニ近來歐洲戰爭ニテ英帝國
主義ハ慘敗ヲ喫シ候間將ニ應戦スベキ兵力モ無之
久シカラズシテ亡國滅族ノ浮目ヲ見ルベシト傳聞
致后候。當地政府ハ其ノ醜態ヲ蔽ハシ爲特ニ各老
弱ノ雜軍ヲ召集シ鐵橋ノ如キ交通要點ニ駐屯防備

シ、飛行場ノ如キ軍事要點モ亦巡視ノ列ニ入り居
リ候。氣ノ狂ヒタル小國ハ斯クノ如キ配置ヲ爲サ
バ人心ヲ安定セシムルニ足ルト自慰シ、殊ニ愴愴
狼狽ノ醜態ヲ表示スルニ足ルモノナルコトヲ知ラ
ザルモノニ有之候。蓋シ該雜種義勇軍ノ意氣ヲ調
益スルニ各人ハ心中ニ怨ヲ懷キ、惡魔ノ如キ政府
ノ爲ニ犠牲ト爲リ生命ヲ抛ツヲ肯ンズルガ如キハ
極メテ少數ニ有之候。若シ吾輩ガ各人ノ弱點ニ乘
ジ挑發セバ將ニ此等義勇軍ハ其ノ用ニ當ルコト難
カルベキハ斷言スルモ憚リナカルベク候。小生等
ハ已ニ上官ノ命令ニ接シ最近ノ間大量ノ金錢ヲ利
用シ、各箇處ノ軍民ヲ買収シ、且一個ノ「第五列
」ヲ組織シ以テ事ヲ舉ゲシ時響應ニ便ナラシムベ
ク候。但シ事ハ關係スル所重大ニ有之候間人員勞
力及物資ヲ大量ニ供給シ合理的ニ分配セザレバ恐
ラク大ナル效果ヲ收ムルコト不可能ト存候。
小生特別ノ御寵愛ヲ得居候間知レル所ヲ舉ゲザル
ヲ得ズ以テ詳察ヲ告グルヲ得バ幸甚ト存候。先日
秘密ニ御送付アリタル俸給並運動費已ニ領收仕リ
相違無之候。成績ノ一件ニ就テハ近來更ニ良好、
宣傳ノ法ヲ待タルト又戰爭ニ協力シ各軍民ヲシテ

Doc 2612 E

益々劣弱政府英國ガ久シカラズシテ滅亡スルヲ以
テ一侷有力ナル國家ヲ得、之ニ保障ヲ爲サシメザ
ルベカラズト信ゼシムル外金錢ヲ少シク惠與シタ
ル結果、皆盡力センコトヲ希望致居候。但シ苦難
ノ時機ノ未ダ到來致サズ近來各險要ナル土地ノ圖
樣竝兵力距離ノ事ニ關シ已ニ各同志ハ假裝シテ盜
取スルコトニ成功致候。若シ御所望ナラバ御來示
有リ度併セテ送達方法ヲ詳細明示アリ以テ當地ノ
檢閲ノ耳目ヲ掩蔽スルヲ得バ即刻相違ナク送付申
上ベク候。今後ノ通信ハ何卒前住所ニ寄セラレ度
轉居ヲ以テ衆疑ヲ蔽ヒ度キ含ミニ有之候。

敬具

本警翰ハ貴殿ニ於カレ日本文ニ辭出ノ上
上官ニ手交被下度存候

海外情報部員 265 號「莊孔明」拜

民國廿九年五月卅日

4.

Doc 2612

文書第二六一二号

供述書

私即チ和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐レシテールト・カムペール
LEENDERT KAMPERの宣誓テ上テ通陳述致シマス。
一九三六年昭和十一年一月ヨリ一九四二年昭和十七年二月迄
私ババタビヤBATAVIAノ和蘭領東印度政府東亞局日
本課ノ課長ヲ致シテ居リマス。

添附セラレテアル司取近十年間ニ於ケル和蘭領東印度群島
ニ於ケル日本ノ破壊的活動ニ就テノ和蘭領東印度政府公報
コレハ一九四二年昭和十七年二月ニ公刊セラレタルデアリマスガ、私ガ
其課長デアリマスレドモ當時和蘭領東印度政府東亞局
日本課ヲ編員致シマス。

ユノ報告書ノ一部デアリマス日本文書ト中國文書ノ直接
複寫々直ハル当時私ノ役所ノ公式綴中一部ノ文書ノ其
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一二)ト同一ノモノハ一九三八年昭和十三年ニ書日カレマシム
該報告書中五月二十日附書面テ文書日第五号(國際
檢察部文書日二六一)ニシト同一ノモノハ一九三九年昭和
十四年ニ書日カレマシム。

和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐

レシテールト・カムペール LEENDERT KAMPER 署名

一九四六年昭和二十一年十一月二十二日余一面前ニ於テ
宣誓ノ上署名セリ

即決裁判所掛リ士官亞米利加合衆國陸軍大尉
ターナー・デイ・ホワイツ TURNER D. WHITE 署名

G. 1326 D. Ex. 1326 D

DOCUMENT 2612C

Page I

I trust that you are all in the best of health and working hard. I beg to also thank you for your various courtesies extended to me on the occasion of my recent furlough return to Tokyo.

After a stay of 3 days in Palao, I finally leave at noon tomorrow, the 21st, per Palao Maru. It is remarkable how here at Palao the expansion of all tropical industries has continued in all possible directions; the establishment of new companies, large and small, is most astounding. I was greatly impressed (inspired) by the various things which I learned in the course of my interviews with all of the leading personalities. In brief, I believe this to be nothing else than the realization of the Empire's trend towards filling the needs for various resources that it depends upon Southern industries, through the hands of the Japanese instead of importing same (Tr. Note: from abroad). But it is not possible to have the requirements of Japan which progresses by leaps and bounds satisfied by the Mandated Territories only. The next important problem lies therein that its solution will, of necessity, have to be met by the expansion of the Japanese in Great New Guinea, and I think that the time is rapidly and silently approaching when we shall be taking an active part.

For the sake of the Nanyo Kohatsu Kaisha's newly advancing to the Spratley Islands, Mr. Takeda, Chief of the General Affairs Section of the Palao office, will be proceeding to the said islands by the "Saipan Maru" on the 27th. I am informed that in the Island of Hainan, all forms of enterprises are flourishing, and the Nanyo Kohatsu's research party too is at present engaged in research work.

The aerial route between Tokyo and Palao has been completely opened, and passengers at a fare of 360 yen per person are conveyed to Tokyo in two days. Letters are 30 sen in excess of the ordinary postage. There is one plane per week. Large four motor hydro planes are used and in order to perfect this air line they are piloted by naval officers on the active list (commanded by lieutenant-commanders).

Naval Attache Okuma, from whom we always have received the greatest possible help for our New Guinea Enterprise Department, has been promoted to the Navy Ministry, and his successor, Naval Captain Funaki, has already arrived at Palao.

At present a large quay is being constructed on the Island of Marakuru (Malakni, Palao group) which will be able to accommodate two vessels of 6000 tons. The work is being executed by the Nampo San'yo K.K., while today, the 20th, with great ceremonial, the ground has been inaugurated for the construction of two 10,000 ton oil tanks. It is extremely gratifying that such large installations which are signs and symbols of the expansion of New Guinea are steadily taking headway.

Also, as regards the increase in personnel for New Guinea, I have been informed by Naval Attache Okuma, after my arrival at Palao, that permission has been given for 10 persons. He said, "Ten persons for New Guinea is rather few, but these ten men must at least be equivalent to 10,000, because they represent a group of only matchless warriors, each of whom is a match for 1,000 men." I shall now conclude my letter of

thanks

DOCUMENT 26120

Page 2

thanks as well as of Palao news. I ardently hope, my comrades,
with the motto 'Health First' in mind, that you will do your best
for the exploitation of Great New Guinea.

Palao, May 20,

To: Branch Manager, Horiyo
Department Chief, Makita
and the Entire Staff
at Momi.

INOUE

A F F I D A V I T

I, LEENDERT KAMPER, Lt. Col., Royal Netherlands Indies Army, make oath and state as follows:

From January 1936 until February 1942 I was Head of the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government in Batavia.

The attached "Official Report of the Netherlands East Indies Government on Japanese Subversive Activities in the Archipelago During the Last Decade", which was published in 1942, was prepared in the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government while I was in charge thereof.

The photostat copies of Japanese and Chinese documents that form a part of this report are true and correct reproductions of documents that were then a part of the official files of my office, and which have since been lost or destroyed as a result of the war. The letter identified as Document No. II (I.P.S. Doc. 2612B) in this report, and dated 24 December, was written in the year 1938. The letter identified as Document No. V (I.P.S. Doc. 2612C) in this report, and dated 20 May, was written in the year 1939.

/s/ L. Kamper
Leendert Kamper, Lt. Col.
R.N.I.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of November, 1946.

/s/ Turner D. White
Capt. AUS
Summary Court Officer

Doc. 2612D

Duplicate

有考

御一日儀查し先

氣を御奮斗の

事をお存し

今度心陰を如く

賜暇帰京に際し

種々御存念を致し

申す

ハラオ三白子滞在

愈々如平上り正午

ハ身丸を去帆等し

ト、ヨロシク、ニ、ニ、

[107]

い、あ、ぱ、う、り、行、け、る

各種熱帯的産業

の發展は、あ、あ、る、部、門

は、あ、あ、る、目、覚、一、く、大、小

會社の新設と、此、種

に、目、覚、さ、る、一、き、程、に、中

座、の、各、專、人、の、中、心、に

種、々、の、関、心、を、大、に、

感、ず、る、と、有、る、の、要

さ、る、大、帝、國、が、あ、る、方

業、業、に、あ、る、諸、物

資、と、輸、入、を、あ、ら、わ、す、と

日、本、人、の、手、に、あ、る、甘、油、之

の、出、産、地、に、あ、る、ト

[101]

日本に入るといふ事は
 ともなう動向の具現に外
 ならず書寫し然し乍
 踏道日本が需給を
 全からんやまゝには年々任
 統治欲のみを以て満ちて
 し得るも亦次に来る一
 き大問題として之が解
 決には大ニテキニテ邦人
 の發展が必然的とおぼし
 申すべく、我等の飛躍
 する時代の刻々と無音
 の雨の迫りゆくあるを
 南洋興業会社に在りし
 新に新南洋印島の進出
 為に心を尽す所所産務

De 2012

博長武田君、
 サイン丸も同冊島、
 向付取付、
 島夫、
 業、
 亦、
 山、
 東京、
 完全、
 下、
 且、
 自、
 鉄、
 型、
 之

1101

型は核型上と云ふ
之の航空の美全を期す
為海軍現没得技の
操~~は~~じかりに望むる司令
海軍少佐

部^の為絶大の助力
を裁きしるる大船武官
は在者^に榮轉され後
ほは舟木大佐未^にハ
小

更に目下ハオマウカ島
には南^に方^に産業^を得^て今^に此
の請^をも^て六千^に級^に二
艘^を増^し付け^る大船^に
着^て了^り追^つ中^に伊^に
い^て更^には^も亦^に三^日ハ^日島

に一万七才イルク武基
 敷地の地鎮祭甚大
 に集りさき等侍来
 ニヤキヤウ登壇を前提
 とるる大説傳書
 西海軍を謀り愉快
 了るる也
 ニヤキヤウ場を問題
 ハノオ列書の大奥志官
 より十名許可ありぬ
 旨の取善し武官
 はニヤキヤウ十名は少な
 き七十名は一万人と尋し
 即一騎當千の丈夫
 のみ果日り侍る奴十名
 は平凡人の一万人也

い...
の身果りり序々数十名
は平凡人の一万人世を

先ハ礼...
ハ牙...
友如新...
同志諸賢...
先健康...
大...
直の...
...
...
...

友如新

同志諸賢

先健康

大...

直の

...

...

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...

...

2012 C

龍毛

堀江傳長集

牧白立活

外沸一月
集

井上

文書第二六一二号

供述書

Doc 2612

私即ち和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐レンテールト・カムペール
LEENDERT KAMPEERの宣誓上次の通陳述致しマス。
一九三六年昭和十一年一月ヨリ一九四二年昭和十七年二月迄
私ハバタビヤ BATAVIA、和蘭領東印度政府東亞局日
本課ノ課長ヲ致シテ居リマシタ。

添附セラレテアル司取近十年間ニ於ケル蘭領東印度群島
ニ於ケル日本ノ破壊的活動ニ就テノ和蘭領東印度政府公報
フシハ一九四二年昭和十七年ニ公刊セラレタムテアリマスガハ私ガ
其ノ譯長デアリマシタ。當時和蘭領東印度政府東亞局
日本課ヲ編置奈致シタモノデゴザイマス。

ユ一報告書ノ一部デアリマス日本文書ト中國文書ノ直接
複寫ク真ハリ當時私ノ役所ノ公式綴中一部ノ文書ト其
且正確ナル複本デアウテ該文書ハ戦争ノタメ其後失ハレ
ハ放棄セラレテ居リマシタ。該報告書中十二月
ニ付日附書面ニテ文書第二号(國際檢察部文書第二六
一二)ト同一ノモノハ一九三八年昭和十三年ニ書日カレマシタ。
該報告書中五月二十日附書面ニテ文書第五号(國際
檢察部文書第二六一二)ト同一ノモノハ一九三九年昭和
十四年ニ書日カレマシタ。

和蘭國印度軍陸軍中佐

レンテールト・カムペール LEENDERT KAMPEER 署名

一九四六年昭和二十一年十一月二十二日余一面前ニ於テ
宣誓ノ上署名セリ

即決裁判所持リ士官亞米利加合衆國陸軍大尉
ターナー・デイ・ホワイ・TUNER D. WHITE 署名

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361

1320-D

6x

73

Ex. 1326 C

DOCUMENT 2612D

~~Ex 1326 C~~

Page 1

Letter Paper Heading:

Nanyo Kohatsu Kabushiki Kaisha
(South Seas Development Co. Ltd)
Head Office: Saipan Island, South Seas,
Tokyo Office: Toyo (Oriental) Building,
No. 1 Vehiyamashita-Cho, 1-Chome,
Kojimachi-Ku, Tokyo.

Ginza
Telephones: / (57) (Basic No.) 2186 (5)
(L.D. No. 2180)

15 March 1935

Foreign Outward No. 29, from President Matsue at Tokyo, also sealed by Mizuno and Saito Bunya, (Overseas Section), addressed to Mr. Kosugi Michinari at Momi Office.

Subject: "Foundation of the Dutch New Guinea Oil Company."

I have the honor to transmit herewith for your reference the reports received from the Naval Staff and from the Consulate General at Batavia, both dated February 14th, concerning the conditions regarding the starting of enterprises in Dutch territory.

Our company would also like to apply for the permission to do experimental drillings in the territory which has been colored red on the enclosed map.

In this connection thorough study of the Netherlands Indian mining legislation is necessary: I enclose a copy of "Mining in the Netherlands East Indies and the Mining Law," and request you to make preparations for the future.

In view of the opinion of the local authorities it is to be expected of course that they may not be well disposed towards this application. I request you, therefore, to bear this in mind and in great secrecy to make investigations regarding the red colored territory which has an area of about 1.7 million hectares and also to inquire about the procedure, etc. for making applications. Also, you will please submit some sort of a definite plan.

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361

A F F I D A V I T

I, LEENDERT KAMPER, Lt. Col., Royal Netherlands Indies Army, make oath and state as follows:

From January 1936 until February 1942 I was Head of the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government in Batavia.

The attached "Official Report of the Netherlands East Indies Government on Japanese Subversive Activities in the Archipelago During the Last Decade", which was published in 1942, was prepared in the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government while I was in charge thereof.

The photostat copies of Japanese and Chinese documents that form a part of this report are true and correct reproductions of documents that were then a part of the official files of my office, and which have since been lost or destroyed as a result of the war. The letter identified as Document No. II (I.P.S. Doc. 2612B) in this report, and dated 24 December, was written in the year 1938. The letter identified as Document No. V (I.P.S. Doc. 2612C) in this report, and dated 20 May, was written in the year 1939.

/s/ L. Kamper
Leendert Kamper, Lt. Col.
R.N.I.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of November, 1946.

/s/ Turner D. White
Capt. AUS
Summary Court Officer

昭和 年 月 日 又頁

南洋興發株式會社

三付將來ニ對シテハ用意ヲ始メ交商地方官廳ノ意向等ヲ
 忖及セムヲ請ヒ此等ノ諸般ノ事ハ其ノ事情ニ依リテ付キ
 其ノ旨ニテ紅色地方約一百七方ヘ多ク事情及請願手續等
 ニ關シ穩密ニ研究ヲ進メテ何等ノ成案ヲ出テ相成度
 願上候
 以上

本社
 東京事務所
 南洋
 東京市麹町區内山下町一丁目一番地
 電話二二二二番
 支店
 東京市三軒丸の内三丁目一丁目一番地
 電話二二二二番

2612D

昭和 10年 3月 15日

1頁

外發第二九號

東京

外國

南洋興發株式會社

毛三事發所

社長

小杉方也殿

蘭領三ギア石油會社設立ニ關スル件

右蘭人側ノ企業事情ニ就キハ何レモ二月十四日附ニ軍令部
及バ多クヤ總領事ニ多夫々ニ情報ニ接シタルヲ以テ御答々ニ供
シ申上ル

當社ニ於テ又附國紅色ノ地方ニ試掘ノ請願ヲ試ミ度但シ此レガ
諸類ニ對シテハ蘭領鑛業法ニ依リ充分ニ深ク研究ヲ要スル次第イニ
有之茲許世蘭領東印度鑛山業ノ鑛業法一部ヲ送附申上ル

本社 南洋ヲイバン島
東京事務所 東京市麹町區内山下町一丁目一番地
電話セルヤイシヤ

南洋興發株式會社
電話(東京)二二八六(島)二八〇〇

Front of the Envelope

Mr. KUBO Tatsuji

BATAVIA

Back of the Envelope (in print)

2 Cho - - - - Nagata-Cho, Kojimachi-ku, Tokyo City
 Limited Stock Company Sanno-----
 Telephone Ginza (57)-----

(The parts marked "-----" have been torn off)

At the end of the year the atmosphere in the fatherland in connection with war conditions is very tense, if compared with other years.

There are very few decorations in the streets, but the first class restaurants are full each day. But one sees no Geisha festivities.

The business for which during so many years I have given myself so much trouble and which I expected to be a success has unfortunately ended in failure again. In these days when the problem of the Southward policy has come to the fore, I cannot find sufficient words to offer apologies to my country.

How worried I felt at the moment of returning from the Foreign Office after inquiring whether any report had yet been received that the publication of the newspaper had commenced. Although I had made up my mind that the banning of my return (to the Netherlands Indies) would be a mere question of time, the only thing that weighs heavily on my mind is the question of progress regarding the "Warta Harien."

I am quite aware of the various local complications, but if you think that it will not do to make Saeroen president and chief editor, please manage (assume control of) it yourself and start publication immediately. It is obvious that the propaganda value would then of course become considerably minimized. Both Mominoki and myself shall defy the oppressive measures of the Netherlands Indies authorities by re-entering the country. I have already conferred with the General Staff about this step which I will take as a final measure.

If the plan with Saeroen should become realized, better matters come to the aforementioned stage, it would merit many banquets in view of its representing my long-cherished desire. It is the policy of both of us not to force our return until this object has been achieved.

Even if it should become impossible for me to re-enter the country I shall not fail to send you sufficient operating funds. I have entrusted Mr. Kotani of the Foreign Office with the safe-keeping of yen 5,000 only which I persuaded President Matsuoka of the South Manchurian Railway Company to give. Further, the Bureau for East Asiatic Economic Research (Toa Keizai Chosa Kyoku) of the South Manchurian Railway Company (under

leadership

EXHIBIT NO. ~~1347~~
 1326 B

leadership of Okawa Shumei) has also promised to give a subsidy of around 50,000 yen per annum as from next year. Also, our elder Iwata takes a great deal of trouble about the matter. He intends to supply Siamese cowhides to the army and upon its realization as well as his succeeding in acquiring special rights (concessions) in South China he will send about 20,000 or 30,000 yen for the work in the Netherlands Indies. Also, as regards the question of shortage of personnel, preparations have already been completed to send same to you promptly depending upon the prospects. In brief, please advise me as promptly as possible of the necessary counter-measures after taking the local conditions at your end into careful consideration. I particularly and ardently hope that you will realize the establishment of a Malay paper. If the publication of a new paper is impossible, I think it would become necessary to buy and to transfer to Batavia the Sinar Selatan.

Mr. Amano is back in Japan, but he has not arrived in Tokyo yet. Messrs. Saito and Iizumi have arrived in Tokyo but I feel no inclination to visit them, especially as Mr. Saito appears to be confined to his bed ever since his arrival in Tokyo from a chill which he caught on board the ship on his way back. I have been letting Mr. Mominoki take a rest at the Shuzenji Hot Springs in Shizuoka since the end of last month. His weight has increased by over two "Kan" (16 2/3 Lbs.) and he has completely recovered his health.

Here in Japan I can do nothing but await your instructions. As regards the supply of money, it can be depended upon that all requirements will be provided for. I hope that you will soon formulate a plan concerning the following points:

1. In case both or Kaneko alone cannot return to the Indies;
2. The purchase of the Sinar Selatan.

Provided that Saeroen's will remains the same as at first, please, until the publication of the paper, arrange to have him provided with ample funds by consulting with Mr. Mijoshi.

Also, I expressly request you to continue remitting also to Mrs. Mominoki. If you need money I shall, at any time, send you the 5000 yen which Mr. Kotani has deposited with the Bank of Taiwan.

If, after taking all the circumstances at your end into consideration it is impossible to start publication of a paper for the time being, you should promptly return to Japan in order to get in touch with various parties so as to form the basis for future activities. In that case you should expressly let me know about your return a fair length of time in advance.

I leave Tokyo on about December 28th on a tour of inspection to Amoy, Canton and Hong Kong via Formosa. I have arranged that telegrams arriving after my departure will be sent on to me. If you take a vessel going to Formosa I will assist you there in all possible ways.

In collecting money for future work the closest contact should be kept with the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and it is urgently desirable thereby

/
in

DOCUMENT 2612B

in all respects to cooperate with the Consulate General. Even if Mominoki and I are not allowed to return, I trust you are firmly decided to give your service in the interest of the State. Please answer me to c/o Mr. Iwata, Shirokane Dai-machi I, No. 81, Shiba-ku, Tokyo.

(signed) Kaneko Keizo

24, December

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I, LEENDERT KAMPER, Lt. Col., Royal Netherlands Indies Army, make oath and state as follows:

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/s/ L. Kamper
Leendert Kamper, Lt. Col.
R.N.I.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of November, 1946.

/s/ Turner D. White
Capt. AUS
Summary Court Officer

Doc. 2612 A

2612 A



麴子区永田町三丁目七十三番地

山王木三三三四号

金子克郎 殿

昭和十三年十月廿一日

陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省
甲和島橋 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省
白室町 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省 陸奥省

外務省用

Doc. 2612A

子方廿四、庚三

小島以平

合方廿四

大坂近江守松平定房

會

「東印度に於ける

邦人經營局案新聞刊計制

一、要刊大綱

イ、主筆にサヘロン氏起用

サヘロン氏ハ前ベマンドンソン紙主筆、東印度人智識階級に屬し親日家なるが故に先年事情財閥より逐はれ目下マダガスカル通信社に據る。

岡氏は東印度政府國民多識會常任議員として東印自治案の主唱者たるタムリン、スカル、コウ爾氏と關係濃厚にして久保辰二氏と密接な連絡裡にあり。

ロ、全副相談役に久保辰二氏

前日蘭南東新聞社々長久保氏は在蘭三十年、東印政治經濟界の

彼等に感服し第印度人有力者と親交あり國策的活眼を具有する
の士、サヘロン氏の背後に在りて指導活動す。

ハ、日本ニュース編輯 木宮 英君

木君は在國餘年の生活を専心馬來係研究に没頭せる青年に
して前日南商業新聞社主筆、目下馬來系新聞スワラ。ムン紙
他三紙に投稿し日支事變の真相を露印度人に明かにすべし書
中、邦人馬來系として讀者間に唯一の定評を受く、サヘロン
氏の傘下に在りて日本語ニュース翻譯係として協力せしむ。

ニ、日刊紙とす。

ホ、發行所は國策政治の中心バクビヤに置く

ヘ、頁数は八。又は十頁とす。

ト、購料は月五十仙並七十五仙とす。

但郵税は別、十頁迄は郵税一割一仙。

2612A

右購料、低廉、然あるも東印度人習俗の收入狀形より、
て彼等を指導啓蒙するには郵税共最高一盾以下を至當とす。

発行津算
支出之部

イ、紙代

五千部發行八頁として一日十連を要し連四頁として一日四〇所
之を月廿五四發行する新聞紙代。 月一、〇〇〇盾

ウ、郵税

五千部とし月二十五回

月一、二五〇盾

ハ、印刷費及雜費

月二五〇盾

ニ、人件費

月一、五〇〇盾

カ、家屋水電賃料

月三〇〇盾

2612A

以上支出總計豫算 四、三〇〇圓
收入之部

イ、購置料

一 部月五十圓として月三、五〇〇圓

ロ、國稅戻り

月一、二五〇圓

ハ、廣告料

月 五〇〇圓

以上收入總計豫算

四、二五〇圓

差引收入不足

五〇圓

右營業豫算表は六ヶ月間の勢力の後に於て成立する同紙の自主經營の
平常の豫定を算定したるものである。

一、發行準備費

イ、既刊新聞の権利を買収し金償買する。

買収費 一〇、〇〇〇圓

但しヤヘロン、久保爾氏が昭和十二年六月迄発行せし馬來語
旬刊紙を繼承し日刊名義變更を政府に届出れば買収費は殆ん
ど不要なり。

ロ、設備費

活字印刷機等の購入 一〇、〇〇〇圓

ハ、愛刊誌の雜費 一、〇〇〇圓

ニ、六月月間の収入不足補填經費

一〇、〇〇〇圓

三一、〇〇〇圓

以上合計

之を要するに關印に於ける邦字新聞では第一紙の日本人間に限まるゝ
に留まり、支那人爪哇人等には全然知られない。
もし夫れ馬來語として日本の事情其他を知らしめんか、その効果たる
や計り知るべからざるものあり。



この新聞に日本廣告を掲げ、日本商業の説明をなし、また眼光日本、
 商工日本の紹介をなさば親善工作は元より促進され東印度人六千萬大
 衆をして支那一流の親報より救ふことを得べし。

右商業新聞發刊の計劃は既に前日ヶ年になんなんとして未だに實現
 を見ざるもである。幾度か障形を呈へ幾度か修補すると雖も更に發刊
 の運びに至らざりしものである。

从前在會邦人は先般の新聞事業の際支那式ニュースに抗し勝つて悪宣傳
 の限りを盡された者を経験を有し來る。今や日支事業はより擴大され
 より紛亂し南洋華僑の故郷は終に戰火の毒にある。経済的實権を掌握
 せる在商華僑の熱心を買はんとする全國新聞界は擧げて支那の提
 灯持ちをなしてゐる。

新聞に於ける支那人は商業新聞のみでも十数種を經營し支那新聞
 圖を十数種を發行す。

獨り我が在留邦人のみならず、二つの邦字新聞とへ併報事務の手で合併されて一つになり、ひたすら外務省の記事に追隨するに過ぎず、況んや
 東京新聞の發行をや。

然りと雖も在留邦人の希望は東京新聞による日本宣傳、日本産業宣傳にある。否、寧ろ是れ日本國の正統受を彼等に知らしむるにある。

爪哇、スマトラ等の東印度人讀者の日本に期待する處のもの亦邦人經營東京新聞發行にあり、これをまことに日爪兩國民同然の要求の一致する處である。抑既に古より蒸し待つこと久し、今日にして發行せざれば何日の日か實現するを得ん。

ひそかに祈する處と豫算を考弁して三再び故國に歸り最後の努力を拂はんは欲す。

乞ふ、先登附費よ、邦家前途の爲めに協賛あらんことを。

Doc. 2612 B.

2612 B

久保氏宛
15/11

昭和 年 月 日



株式
會社

山
王

東京市麹町區永田町三十一

BA. 1326-B

電報掛號

Doc. 2612B.

Telegraphic Address
"SANYOHO"

TEL. CANTON 187 (LONG)

THE SANYO HOTEL
TOKYO, JAPAN

山保原の伝

又此に我々の下年不況の何年かしの緊張を
 中々多う。漸くの要餅は部案に併し、もろ
 印記の素。如くは、塊、料亭に併し、もろ
 之の場所。三々三々味、一、瓶身に見え
 うの素。如くは、塊、料亭に併し、もろ
 今日の中、何れ何れ多う。若くは、もろ
 結ぶ。如くは、塊、料亭に併し、もろ
 世に、何れ何れ多う。若くは、もろ
 創想、何れ何れ多う。若くは、もろ
 既、何れ何れ多う。若くは、もろ

2612 B

Geographic Atlas
"KINYO"

THE SANNO TEMPLE
KIYOTO, JAPAN

27
 此の御宇に於ては、五穀豊穡は神の功に依りて
 成り給ふ事とあり。尚、左の如き御宇に於て
 非常の御災に罹りて、天下の人心を憂へしにや。此の御宇に於ては、
 牛馬の如き御災に罹りて、天下の人心を憂へしにや。此の御宇に於ては、
 災現に、本年大旱、御災に罹りて、天下の人心を憂へしにや。此の御宇に於ては、
 正徳の御宇に於ては、御災に罹りて、天下の人心を憂へしにや。此の御宇に於ては、
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 弘和の御宇に於ては、御災に罹りて、天下の人心を憂へしにや。此の御宇に於ては、
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2612 B.

Telegraphic Address
"SANYO"

TEL. NO. 181-1512

THE SANYO HOTEL
TOKYO, JAPAN

買収(買収)の事務終了に
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2612 B

Telegraphic Address
"SANTOCHI"

TEL. GINZA 1871 (8 LINES)
KITA 2

QUINCE STATIONED EUROPE
POST OFFICE JAPAN

この如き、便船は台湾心、
東の下より、
中々

将来の工作費、
連絡、
蒙受、
意思、
即成、
即成、
山

手紙

DOCUMENT 2612A

Page I

Front of the Envelope

4 sen
Japanese
Postage
Stamp

Mr. KANEKO Mitsuro

Room 314, Sannō Hotel

No. 73, 2-Chōme, Nagata-Chō, Kojimachi-ku

Back of the Envelope

May 30th, 1938

3rd Section of the Europe-Asia Bureau of the Foreign Office (in print)

(One Chinese Character struck off, one Chinese Character illegible)

Hizashiku, Aioichō (7 or 8 characters illegible)

In front of Uwazimabashi Bridge car-stop (Muro-machi) "Jingisuka Ken"

For Foreign Office Use (in print)

FILE COPY
RETURN TO ROOM 361

EXHIBIT NO. 1320.A

Accompanying letter, May 30th: 3rd Section of the Europe-Asia Bureau, from Kotani Tanun to Mr. Kaneko Keizo.

I send hereby the original of the scheme and wish you success.

Plan for the Publication of a Daily Paper in the Malay Language by Japanese in the Netherlands Indies

1. Scheme of Publication

a. Saeroen to be appointed Chief Editor. Saeroen who used to be editor of the *Pemandangan*, who is known amongst the East Indian intellectuals as pro-Japanese and whose dismissal was therefore brought about by the wealthy overseas Chinese, is now connected with the "Aneta" press bureau.

He has close relations with the elected members of the People's Council, Thamrin and Soekardjo, who are the leaders of the native independence movement. He collaborates closely with Mr. Kubo Tatsuji.

b. Plan adviser, Mr. Kubo Tatsuji. The former director of the *Nichiran Shogyo*, Mr. Kubo has been in the Netherlands Indies for the last 30 years and is well acquainted with the political and economic world in the Netherlands Indies. He has friendly relations with influential natives and has a clear view of national policy. He would stand behind Saeroen as the leading force.

c. Mr. Mominoki Tatsuo would look after the Japanese news. He is a young man who has been in the Netherlands Indies for more than ten years and has profoundly studied the Malay language. He used to be editor of the *Nichiran Shogyo Shimibun* and is now a contributor to the Malay daily paper *Soeara Oemoen* and three other papers. He is in the center of the struggle for the purpose of convincing the East Indians of the true situation of the Chinese conflict and enjoys an established reputation among the intelligentsia as being the most proficient expert of the Malay language among the Japanese.

He is to work under Saeroen for the translation of the Japanese news.

d. Daily paper.

e. Place of publication: Batavia, the political center of the Netherlands Indies.

f. Number of pages: 8 to 10.

g. Subscription: 50 to 75 cents per month. Postage extra. Up to ten pages the postage is 1 cent per copy. This subscription may be thought too low but in view of the state of income of the East Indian intellectuals the subscription, including postage, should not be more than one guilder per month.

2. BUDGET for the Publication

Section Expenses

a. Paper: for a circulation of 5,000 copies each, 3 pages daily, ten rolls required @ fl. 4.00 per roll makes per day fl. 40.00 or at 25 copies

makes

makes per month (fl. = guilder)	fl. 1,000.00
b. Postage.	
25 x 5000 copies per month	fl. 1250.00
c. Printing and Miscellaneous Expenses per month	fl. 250.00
d. Staff per month	fl. 1500.00
e. House rent, water and light per month	fl. 300.00
	<hr/>
The above estimate of expenses	fl. 4300.00

Receipts

a. Subscriptions @ 50 cents per copy per month	fl. 2500.00
b. Refunded postages	fl. 1250.00
c. Advertisements	fl. 500.00
	<hr/>
The above estimate of receipts	fl. 4250.00
Deficit	fl. 50.00

This budget can be accepted as defined--after an experimental period of six months--for an independent circulation of this daily paper according to normal calculation.

3. Preparatory Expenses

a. Purchase of the rights and name of an existing paper.	
Amount of purchase	fl. 10,000.00
If the Malay ten page paper which Saeroen and Kubo published together until June 1937, be continued and changed into a daily paper with change of name and be registered with the Government, almost no purchase money will be required.	
b. Foundation expenses: Printing presses, etc.	fl. 10,000.00
c. Expenses until beginning of publication	fl. 1,000.00
d. Provision for insufficient receipts during the first 6 months	fl. 10,000.00
	<hr/>
Total	fl. 31,000.00

The Japanese newspapers in the Netherlands Indies are read by only a very small portion of the Japanese and never come under the eyes of the Chinese, Javanese, etc.

When the paper is printed in Malay and the situation in Japan is made known, a result of inestimable extent can be expected.

When this paper inserts Japanese advertisements, explains Japanese Commerce, and furthermore introduces touristic and industrial Japan, not only would same serve to foster amicable relations, but would also save the 60,000,000 East Indian populace from the false reports so characteristic of the Chinese. This plan for a Malay daily paper has already been considered for three years without being realized. However often the front was formed

/ and

and however frequently discussions took place, publication did not materialize. The Japanese living in Java could hardly counteract Chinese news during the Manchurian conflict and they experienced great hardships through this adverse propaganda.

Now that the Sino-Japanese Incident has become more magnified and complicated, the home country of the Overseas Chinese in the Netherlands Indies is on the verge of becoming the scene of warfare.

The entire Netherlands Indian press is boosting China in order to curry favor with the Chinese who have the real economic power.

In the Netherlands Indies the Chinese publish more than ten papers in the Malay language alone and over ten in Chinese.

For our compatriots there were only two Japanese papers which through the intermediary of the Consulate were fused into one and this contains only news along the line provided by the news service of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Of a Malay daily paper there is under those circumstances, of course, no question. The hope of the Japanese inhabitants is that a Malay paper will insert Japanese propaganda and commercial news. But not only this; others have to be made acquainted with Imperial Japan's love of justice.

The intellectual East Indians of Java, Sumatra, etc., expect Japan to publish a Malay paper under Japanese management and the wishes of Japan and Java coincide remarkably. This opportunity, which is now mature, has been long and eagerly awaited, but if publication is not now begun it will never be realized.

In order to thoroughly study the prospects and the budget I have returned for the third time to the fatherland so as to make a last effort.

I request, dear Gentlemen, that you will agree to this for the sake of our country's march to the South.

A F F I D A V I T

I, LEENDERT KAMPER, Lt. Col., Royal Netherlands Indies Army, make oath and state as follows:

From January 1936 until February 1942 I was Head of the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government in Batavia.

The attached "Official Report of the Netherlands East Indies Government on Japanese Subversive Activities in the Archipelago During the Last Decade", which was published in 1942, was prepared in the Japanese Section of the Bureau for East Asiatic Affairs of the Netherlands East Indies Government while I was in charge thereof.

The photostat copies of Japanese and Chinese documents that form a part of this report are true and correct reproductions of documents that were then a part of the official files of my office, and which have since been lost or destroyed as a result of the war. The letter identified as Document No. JI (I.P.S. Doc. 2612B) in this report, and dated 24 December, was written in the year 1938. The letter identified as Document No. V (I.P.S. Doc. 2612C) in this report, and dated 20 May, was written in the year 1939.

/s/ L. Kamper
Leendert Kamper, Lt. Col.
R.N.I.A.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22 day of November, 1946.

/s/ Turner D. White
Capt. AUS
Summary Court Officer