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MAC LAREN'S IMPERIAL CHEESE

NONE BETTER

HUDSON'S BAY CO.,
DISTRIBUTING AGENTS

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PEAR'S
UNSCENTED, TRANSPARENT
SOAP
100. CAKE
Genuine French Castile Soap,
3-Lb. Bar, 25c

Dixie H. Ross & Co.,
The Independent Cash Grocers.

House Painting, Paper-hanging and Kalsomining
TENDERS GIVEN ON ANY WORK
The Melrose Co., Ltd., 78 Fort Street.

GOOD POTATOES
We have them. They are first class cookers, and we guarantee them.
Free delivery.
SYLVESTER FEED CO., 87-89 Yates St. Tel. 413.

WAS DEPENDENT.
Suicide of a Former Well Known Theatrical Manager.
(Associated Press.)
St. Cloud, Minn., June 4.—C. P. Elliott, formerly a theatrical manager in Chicago, has killed himself in the dressing room of a theatre. Elliott's business partner declares that Elliott had an unfortunate love affair, over which he brooded until he became dependent. C. P. Elliott was at one time one of the most successful theatrical managers in the West, having been the owner and manager of several Chicago vaudeville houses.

INTER-VARSITY MEET.
Athletes of Oxford, Cambridge, Harvard and Yale Will Try Conclusions.
London, June 4.—The official acceptance of the challenge sent by the Oxford University Athletic Club, on behalf of Oxford and Cambridge Universities, to Harvard and Yale for an athletic meeting in London this summer, has been received by cable. The meeting will be subject to the conditions governing previous similar contests. The British University authorities say there will be no difficulty in meeting the wishes expressed by the Harvard and Yale associations.

NUMBER OF SHARP FIGHTS REPORTED

RUSSIANS DEFEATED NORTH OF PORT ADAMS

Cossacks Unable to Drive the Japanese Force From Position Near Feng Huang Cheng.

(Associated Press.)
Tokyo, June 4.—4 p. m.—The commander of the Japanese forces south of the Yalu river telegraphed from Seoul to-day news of a series of fights north of Poland, about 40 miles north of Port Adams, Liao Tung peninsula, on Monday, received from the Japanese cavalry scouting in the vicinity of Chu Chia Tung.

It was learned that Cossacks had been located at Tolisu and the Japanese thereupon dispatched infantry and cavalry which defeated and pursued them. The Russian force consisted of three squadrons.

At Chang Chia Tun this force was joined by two additional squadrons, and the Japanese again attacked and defeated the Russians.

Five companies of infantry and a battery of horse artillery joined the Russians at Lung Wang Miao, where the Japanese attacked for the third time and the Russian cavalry continued in contact on Monday night.

4 p. m.—General Haraguchi, in command of the Japanese forces south of the Yalu river, telegraphed from Seoul that an infantry reconnaissance dispatched from Gensan struck a patrol of Cossacks at Munchi Han yesterday and killed many of them.

HELD THEIR POSITION.
Cossacks Tried in Vain to Drive Out Japanese Troops.

St. Petersburg, June 4.—3.45 p. m.—The war office has received news of a sharp fight twenty miles north of Saimonsa, north of Feng Huang Cheng, on June 1st, in which six Cossacks were killed and twenty-two wounded. The Japanese losses are not known.

Five companies of General Rennenkampf's Cossacks discovered Japanese detachments at Feng Chou Ling pass, half way between Samatza and Ajidjan. The Cossacks dismounted and attacked on foot, but owing to the difficult nature of the ground, and the strong defensive position held by the enemy and the latter's stubborn resistance, the attack was not pressed, and the Cossacks drew off.

No particular importance is attached at the war office to the appearance of this detachment of the enemy. It being believed that General Kuroki is keeping his flank well secreted in order to rid himself of the spying of the Cossacks.

The war office has received no fresh news from Liao Tung. Since the receipt of General Stossel's report, the general staff is convinced that the Japanese losses in the fighting about Kinchow were greater than officially admitted. It is known that only the very seriously wounded were included in that category. There are indications that both of the commanders are pursuing this plan, as the wounds by the small calibre high velocity bullets used in modern warfare, unless they reach a vital spot, heal quickly, and almost in a few weeks the injured are ready for battle again.

The general public at the Russian capital is imbued with the belief that important military developments are impending at Liao Yang, and that a general engagement between General Kuroki's and Gen. Kouropatkin's armies is imminent. While the authorities are doing nothing to discourage the idea, the best informed circles at the war office do not anticipate a decisive battle immediately unless brought on more or less unexpectedly by an accidental collision between strong columns.

The war office information does not indicate that the Japanese have concentrated for an attack on Kouropatkin, and it is said that they are not ready to assume the offensive. Nevertheless it is known that differences of opinion exist at the Russian headquarters as to the advisability of taking the aggressive, and it is believed the matter was the subject of conference between the commander-in-chief and the viceroy at Mukden on Tuesday. Kouropatkin's position is becoming very formidable, both in the number and character of the troops at his disposal. The condition of some of the Siberian reserves, who are called to the colors, was not satisfactory, and caused Kouropatkin misgivings, but it is now reported that they have been drilled into a state of efficiency. More important, however, are the large reinforcements of field artillery, in which the Russian army was especially weak. These now have arrived.

AMBUSHED BY JAPS.
Six Cossacks Killed in Skirmish With Force of Scouts.

Seoul, June 4.—(Noon.)—A skirmish took place between 20 Cossacks and an unknown force of Japanese scouts at a point 12 miles north of Gensan, on the morning of the 3rd inst. The Cossacks were evidently ambushed by the Japanese, who were concealed in the bush on a hillside. The Russian eventually retreated toward Ham Huen, leaving six

TRANSPORTATION INVESTIGATION

RAILWAY COMMISSION COMING NEXT MONTH

Assurance Given That Work on the V. V. & E. Will Be Carried on Vigorously.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, June 4.—The railway commission is going to the Pacific coast to hold sittings early in July.

The V. V. & E.
The bill extending the time for the completion of the Vancouver, Victoria & Eastern railway five years from the present passed the Senate yesterday. Senator Templeman proposed to ask for a reduction of the extension to two years, because the charter was already seven years old, and practically no construction had been done, but the company, through Mr. Hendry and others, declared its intention to prosecute the work vigorously in future and have the road in operation at the end of the term asked for. The bill, interests, which controls the charter, favors the early completion of the line. The extension to Phoenix and Midway, to be completed this year, are indications of a change of policy, and with assurances of the prosecuting of the work on the main line to the coast, a more hopeful feeling in regard to railway development in British Columbia will be the result.

AT DALNY.
Japs Have Driven Out the Brigands and Restored Order.

Chefoo, June 4.—(Noon.)—A Chinese passenger on a junk, which has arrived here from Dalny, states that he was at Port Arthur recently, and that the Russian force, inclusive of sailors, numbers 40,000 men only. The four larger vessels of the Russian fleet are undamaged, but all the others are in the hands of the reparators.

The Japanese have restored order at Dalny and Tallienwan, and have driven out the bandits.

FROM MUKDEN.
Bulletin Reports No Change in the War Zone.

Mukden, June 4.—The situation in the war zone is not altered, and no news has been received here from Port Arthur.

The Russian successes in northeastern Korea are said to be causing great disquietude among the Japanese.

THE KLONDIKE HAS BROKEN ALL RECORDS

To Date Royalty Has Been Paid on Nearly Fifty-Six Thousand Ounces of Gold.

(Special to the Times.)
Dawson, June 4.—Since sluicing commenced in the Klondike on May 8th royalty has been paid on 55,753 ounces of gold, nearly two tons. This is the largest amount ever produced up to June 1st in previous years. Last year only eleven thousand ounces were taken out. The water is holding out well, and the miners are taking full advantage of it. Water in the Yukon is very low and navigation bad.

Ultra Vires.
The lien law protecting working miners has been declared to be ultra vires by Justice Craig. The decision created a sensation. According to this the Yukon miners can pass no legislation giving miners a lien on anything more than the dump them out. The claim cannot be attached.

ELECTRIC CARS COLLIDE.
Six People Killed and a Number Injured—Cars Smashed to Pieces.

(Associated Press.)
Norwalk, O., June 2.—Six persons were killed and a dozen or more hurt this afternoon as a result of the collision on the Lake Shore electric road between an east-bound electric passenger car and a west-bound "package freight" car at Wells Corners, a few miles east of this city. All those killed were in the smoking compartment of the passenger car.

The cars were suburban electric cars of the largest type, and were smashed to pieces. They met in collision at full speed.

LINERS REPORTED.
(Associated Press.)
New York, June 4.—The Cunard line steamer Slavonia, from Trieste, is reported by wireless telegraph as having passed the Nantuxet lightship at 2.15 a. m. She will probably reach her dock at 8.30 p. m.

The American line steamer St. Paul, from Southampton for New York, was reported in communication by wireless telegraph at five o'clock this morning off Nantuxet light ship.

BRAKEMAN KILLED.
(Associated Press.)
Chiemals, June 4.—John Jacobson, brakeman on a logging train, was run over by a train near the camp at six o'clock this morning and instantly killed.

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KING AND EMPEROR.

London Spectator Expresses Alarm at Possibilities Which May Ensnare From Meeting.

(Associated Press.)
London, June 4.—King Edward's activity in the field of international diplomacy has given rise to some uneasiness in the foreign office and other government circles, which finds special vent in the comments regarding the forthcoming meeting of His Majesty with Emperor William at Kiel. The Spectator voices this feeling to-day, expressing grave alarm at the possibilities which may ensue from King Edward's Germany visit. It says: "It is suggested that the Emperor will take the opportunity of his royal uncle's visit to entangle us in some form of agreement with Germany, or that even if things do not go so far, that Emperor William will somehow manage to compromise us in the region of foreign politics."

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.
Championship Events at St. Louis Exposition—Many Record Holders Take Part in Contests.

(Associated Press.)
St. Louis, Mo., June 4.—Athletes from all parts of the country, many of them holders of world's records, were seen at the stadium to-day, where the championship events of the Amateur Athletic Union were held. The junior contests and the senior championship were contested in that order. The heavy rains of the last few days prevented exceptionally fast time being made on the sprints and short distance runs, but as the entries included the country's best men in their respective classes great interest was taken in the several events. A feature of the day was the presentation of medals to the winners of the senior championships by Miss Alice, Roosevelt, the daughter of the President. President Roosevelt is the honorary president of the Olympic games and she represented him. The contests included all the regulation events recognized by the A. A. U. Several were divided into heats.

Additional special prizes are reported by Secretary Swinerton, of the B. C. Agricultural Association as follows: W. W. Waitt & Co., \$5; J. J. Loutit, representing Lake of the Woods Milling Co., \$15 for best loaf of bread made from five roses flour; \$10 second prize, for best loaf of bread made from five roses flour; H. Kent, Columbia graphophone.

—Just drop in and see the magnificent showing of pressed glass we have—exact reproductions of cut glass at one-tenth the cost, at Weiler Bros.

HAVOC WROUGHT BY FLOODS.

SERIOUS DAMAGE TO OIL FIELDS IN SOUTHERN KANSAS—RIVERS CONTINUE TO RISE.

(Associated Press.)
Kansas City, June 4.—Further rains have fallen in Southern Kansas within the past twelve hours, and the flood conditions in the valley of the Neosho and Cottonwood rivers continue to grow worse. These streams are higher than at any previous time in twenty years, not excepting the rise of a year ago, and they are still rising. The Kaw, which caused the real damage from Kansas City west to Manhattan in the flood of 1883, continues to come up slowly at Topeka, Lawrence and Kansas City, but as yet no alarm is felt over the result of the flood along this stream. Although the Missouri river at Kansas City is high and rising slowly, it is believed it will be able to carry off the great amount of water coming this way from the west through the Kaw.

As the streams which are the highest are those of the Kaw watershed and drain into rivers south of Kansas City, whatever damage is done must affect Southern Kansas territory, and will not do material damage at Kansas City, Lawrence and North Topeka, which towns suffered the brunt of last year's flood. Oklahoma and the Indian Territories streams are also high, and in some instances have already overflowed their banks, inundating valuable farm lands and doing more or less damage in the vicinity of Lawton, Oklahoma City, Guthrie and Shawnee, Oklahoma and around Muskogee and Sapulpa. The greatest damage wrought is in the great oil fields of Southern Kansas around Chanute and at Iola, Florence, Emporia, Fort Scott and further west along the Arkansas at Wichita and other points. At Chanute, the Neosho is now higher and the water is higher than since 1883. Dykes built in that vicinity were all washed out by flood a few weeks ago, and as a result practically all the oil country is under from two to fifteen feet of water. Scores of oil-lakes filled with water, and many derricks and rigs have been swept away. Railroad traffic on all lines in that section have been abandoned.

TWO CARS DEMOLISHED—FOUR PEOPLE INJURED

Collision at Port Arthur—Frenchman Who Murdered Brother Taken to Asylum.

(Associated Press.)
Winnipeg, June 4.—In a street railway collision at Port Arthur last evening, two cars were demolished and the following passengers injured: Miss Alice McCranor and Miss Fiteau, Fort William; A. D. McMillan and Motorman Hampshire. The cars met on a curve.

The Lash.
Winnipeg, June 4.—A. Mutiwell received two years' sentence and 30 lashes for assaulting a six-year-old girl this week.

Sent to Asylum.
Winnipeg, June 4.—Frank Merritt, the Frenchman who murdered his brother near Canmore, N. W. T., has been brought to Brandon asylum, the court having adjudged him insane.

Bled to Death.
Winnipeg, June 4.—A singular and fatal accident happened at Weyburn a few days ago. Alex. Hassard, a young farmer, and a child in his hip pocket, and jumping from his buggy, the child struck the wheel and cut the main artery in his arm. No doctor being near he bled to death.

To Extend Work.
Winnipeg, June 4.—At the Women's Missionary Society meeting of the Methodist church yesterday, Mrs. Ross, Moderator, one of the visitors, announced that the society was planning to raise \$50,000 for foreign field extension.

Died From Injuries.
Winnipeg, June 4.—Adam Specht, injured near Rosthern, N. W. T., by John Newfeldt, who ran into him while driving in a buggy, is dead. He was a farmer, aged 43, and leaves a widow and five children. An inquest will be held.

In Favor of Union.
Montreal, June 4.—The Montreal Methodist conference yesterday afternoon passed a resolution in favor of church union.

Horse Buyer Robbed.
Kingston, June 4.—A horse buyer named McCoy was held up last night on the railway track and robbed of nearly \$200. Had the robbers tried a second pocket they would have found \$1,000.

On Strike.
Toronto, June 4.—Thirty-four members of the Engravers' Union are on strike for an increase in wages and recognition of the union.

To Resume Work.
Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., June 4.—Andrew Elliott, one of the solicitors for the reorganized Lake Superior Consolidated Company, say all the works of the company are being started in operation as rapidly as possible. A special effort will be made to commence the piling of rails in order to provide for the large supplies required for the Grand Trunk Pacific. The directors of the new company will be elected next week.

LOW EXCURSION RATES
To St. Louis and Chicago and return account World's Fair via Great Northern Railway, June 7th, 10th, 17th and 18th. K. J. Burns, agent, 75 Government street, Victoria, B. C.

SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST T. B. HALL

TAKEN INTO CUSTODY YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

Accused of Stealing Funds of His Department—Shortage Totals Several Thousand Dollars.

Thos. B. Hall, assessor and collector of taxes for the Victoria assessment district, was arrested by Sergeant Murray and Constable Campbell, of the provincial police, yesterday on the charge of stealing funds of the department with which he was connected to the amount of \$4,500, from December 13th last year up to May 31st. He was apprehended on a warrant, near the Gorge, where he had gone to weigh a situation which bore most heavily upon him.

The arrest was very quietly performed on a Friday afternoon issued by Magistrate Hall a short time previously. Mr. Hall was conveyed in a carriage to the provincial police department, and subsequently to the jail on Topaz avenue. It was the intention to have him appear before the police magistrate for preliminary hearing, but at the time of writing this had not been definitely decided upon.

The defalcation was discovered about a week ago by Mr. Goepel, inspector of offices for the provincial government, when he made his regular examination of the accounts. It was promptly reported to the proper authorities, and Mr. Hall was given a chance to supply the deficiency. Unfortunately, he was unable to do this, and yesterday the provincial police received instructions to take him in custody. When arrested he made no resistance nor protestation, facing the situation calmly, although he feels its grievous character most keenly.

Holding a responsible position in the service of the government, he was bonded in a surety company for \$3,000, which is the customary sum for the provincial employees, although as will be noted it was considerably less than the amount involved in the defalcation.

The news of Mr. Hall's arrest created a profound sensation in all quarters, completely staggering his host of friends. For years he has been prominently identified with the public life of the city, and so man was more widely known than more universally respected. He came to Victoria about 15 years ago from Montreal, where he is highly connected, and embarked in a rice mills enterprise, erecting the premises on Store street and receiving a concession from the city for establishing the industry. Unfortunately, the venture proved unsuccessful, and its failure involved no little financial loss to its promoter.

Following this disastrous enterprise, he opened an office in the heart of the trade building, where he conducted a commission business. About a year ago he was appointed assessor and collector of taxes for the Victoria assessment district, in succession to Cornelius Booth. His was one of the first appointments made by the present government, and was regarded in all quarters as a highly popular one.

It is because of the high standing he has held in the country, his intimate connection with the business life of the city, and his numerous admirable qualities, that he was considered among the last at whom the finger of suspicion could be directed. The causes which have led up to his present sad position are unknown, but it is not to be doubted that he made every effort to retrieve his loss. He also interested himself considerably in municipal affairs, and for years has been a valued member of the licensing board.

He will probably appear before the police magistrate on Monday morning. He will be defended by counsel.

THE BOUNDARY OUTFIT

Shipments for the Year Over Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand Tons.

(Special to the Times.)
Phoenix, June 4.—Boundary line shipments this week bring the total for the year over 350,000 tons. The mines sending out are reported as follows: Granby Mines, to Granby smelter, 1,020 tons; Mother Lode, to Greenwood smelter, 4,894 tons; Emma, to Granby and Greenwood smelters, 1,010 tons; Oro Duro, to Granby smelter, 520 tons; Broy Pagle, to Granby smelter, 66 tons; total for the week, 35,960 tons; total for the year to date, 350,800 tons.

This week the Granby smelter treated 11,464 tons, making a total of 2,574 tons thus far this year.

BRITISH EXPEDITION.

A Lhasa General Killed and Two Pounders Captured From the Tibetans.

(Associated Press.)
Simla, British India, June 4.—The British expedition into Tibet has captured two four-pounders from the enemy and a Lhasa general is reported to have been killed.

The Tibetans have refused to forward to Lhasa the letter of Colonel Younghusband, the political agent with the expedition, fixing the latest date on which the British are prepared to meet and negotiate with the Amban and Tibetan delegates at Gartog before advancing on Lhasa.

—Afternoon tea trays—something new—"Metlisch" plaques in polished oak frames, in three sizes at Weiler Bros., Government street.

PRESCRIPTIONS.

Our prescription department is our especial pride. Physicians' prescriptions are family recipes entrusted to us will be compounded with the utmost care. We check our work, which makes it impossible to make a mistake in dispensing.

OUR DRUGS

Are always fresh and of the best quality. Your prescription will be filled exactly as ordered if left with us. Let us do your dispensing.

Campbell's Prescription Store

Cor. Fort and Douglas Streets.



Our Linemen ARE WORKING OVERTIME.

To keep pace with the orders coming in for electric light.

Why is This?

Because all up-to-date and right thinking persons recognize it as being the only light worth having.

B.C. Electric Ry., Co.
35 YATES ST.

HEIGHTS NEAR CITY HELD BY THE JAPS

HEAVY ARTILLERY PLACED IN POSITION

Fire From the Gunboats at the Battle of Kinchoo Annihilated Russian Batteries.

London, June 4.—The Rome correspondent of the Central News telegraphs: "A Tokyo dispatch to the Globe states that the Japanese have occupied the first line of the outer fortification of Port Arthur after a feeble resistance."

The correspondent at Tokio, of the News Agency Liberas, says that four divisions of Japanese troops have occupied heavy artillery dominating Port Arthur. The same correspondent adds that the Russian squadron attempted a sortie, but was forced to return, being threatened by the Japanese fleet.

Ready For Russians. Kalchoo, June 3.—The Japanese moved a division up to Polandien as a screen for their operations on the Kwantung peninsula, and also to arrest a possible Russian advance intended to interfere with the siege operations.

Reinforcements. Liao Yang, June 3.—General Kuroki's outpost now hold the line at Liao-pu-shan and Chandiay. The Japanese forces disembarking at Taku Shan have reached Ulassa and Feng Huang Cheng. The Japanese landing at Pitsewo, Liao Tung peninsula, continues. The Chinese are again willing to accept Russian paper roubles.

Batteries Annihilated. St. Petersburg, June 3.—Lieut. General Sliniski, chief of staff, through General Kourapatkin, transmits to the War Office, under date of June 2nd, a report of General Strassel, dated Port Arthur, May 28th, as follows: "After a fierce battle lasting two days, I ordered our positions at Kinchoo to be evacuated in the evening. We had opposed to us at least three divisions with 120 guns. The enemy's fire, particularly that from four gunboats and six torpedo boats, completely annihilated our batteries mounted at Kinchoo. The Fifth Regiment, which was posted on this spot, stood their ground heroically. The fire of this regiment was as well as that of our batteries, and the gunboat Behr, of Khoun, inflicted enormous losses on the Japanese. Our losses amounted to 20 officers and 800 men killed or wounded. We blew up our guns which the Japanese had not put out of action."

"The battle, May 26th, began at 5 a.m. and lasted until 8 p.m., when I ordered the position evacuated gradually. The Japanese advanced through water up to their waists under the protection of their ships."

The best informed military circles attach no importance to the reports that General Kourapatkin has detached a large force from his army at Liao Yang and dispatched it southward to relieve Port Arthur.

While, no such army has been dispatched southward, it is natural that Kourapatkin will do all possible to harass General Okita's rear. The railroad has been kept open so far as Valangue, 25 miles above Kinchoo, and it is not unlikely that several thousand Russians may be sent down the railroad to impede the Japanese and inflict as much damage as possible. Even the loss of a few trainsets would be considered cheap if the Japanese operations against an appreciable time. However, it is realized that, with the Japanese occupation of Port Dajay and Tallewan as bases for landing siege guns, the small force above Kinchoo could accomplish but little, and now is more likely to be withdrawn, destroying the railroad as it retreats northward.

For strategic purposes Kourapatkin may be trying to make the Japanese believe that a movement southward is contemplated in order to divert Kuroki's attention in that direction. The impression is being thrown out in certain

INCREASE IN THE CHURCH MEMBERSHIP

Statistics Submitted to the Presbyterian General Assembly—Young Men Ends His Life.

St. John, N.B., June 3.—Yesterday afternoon's session of the Presbyterian General Assembly was taken up in consideration of applications from ministers of other churches who desire to become connected with the Presbyterian church in Canada. These applications this year number twelve. Certain others, numbering three or four, call for special action. A committee was appointed to deal with the applications and report at a later day. The majority of applications come from the United States. The report of Dr. MacLaren regarding the question of enlarging the powers of synods of the church was laid on the table. Dr. Thompson's report, giving statistics of the denomination for the past year, was received and commended. The number of ministers on the roll is 1,250, and number of congregations and stations nearly 1,850. The seating capacity of church buildings is 612,000. The number of members runs up to nearly a quarter of a million, an increase during the year of 20,000. The report of the committee on the aged and infirm ministers' fund was very gratifying, no better year having been seen in the history of the church. The home mission meeting in the evening attracted a large audience. Dr. MacLaren, Dr. Carmichael and Dr. Herdman covered the work of missions from Quebec to British Columbia. Rev. Dr. Gordon, of Fernie, also spoke of the encouraging work in British Columbia, and Mr. Pringle of the work in the Yukon.

New Presidents. Montreal, June 3.—The London Methodist conference has elected Rev. Robt. Hobbs, of Strathroy, as president; the Hamilton conference, Rev. John Pickering, of St. Catharines, and the Bay of Quinte conference, Rev. J. P. Wilson, of Peterboro.

New Choral Work. Ottawa, June 3.—Novelle & Co., the publishing house of London, has purchased the performing rights of a new choral work by Charles A. E. Harris, entitled "Pan Idyll," for soprano, tenor, bass, solo, chorus and orchestra. The librettist is Josephine Preston Peabody, of Boston, Mass., author of the classic play "Marlowe," and a writer of poetry and verse.

Mr. Justice Sewell Dead. Montreal, June 3.—Montreal, June 3.—Mr. Justice Sewell, who died here yesterday, was 104 years of age. He was born at Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.

The Sydney Strike. Sydney, C. B. June 3.—The management of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company say that they are practically satisfied with the way in which the strike is going, and maintain that the number of men in the plant is double what it was yesterday. On the other hand the strike leaders declare that the exact opposite is the case. The men say that the strike will be a peaceful one as long as the company does not make an effort to import labor, but if they do, the P. W. A. will immediately call out the men employed in the mines, and if that does not answer the purpose, the employees of the international will also be brought out and business generally tied up in the maritime provinces.

Winnipeg Clearings. Winnipeg, June 3.—Winnipeg bank clearings for the week ending June 2nd were \$5,007,324; same week, 1903, \$5,081,380; and 1902, \$3,580,908.

Shot Himself. Winnipeg, June 3.—A young man named Bert Kjabohm killed himself by deliberately shooting himself in the head with a revolver Thursday afternoon two miles west of Keewatin. He was employed as a cook by Foley Bros. and was on duty at the time. He had written a letter to a young woman saying that he intended to take his life.

New School. Winnipeg, June 3.—A new school, to be called after Lord Strathcona, will be erected in the north end this summer at a cost of \$45,000.

To Survey Townsites. Winnipeg, June 3.—J. W. Tyrrell, D. L. S., has arrived in the city with a party of twenty-four, on their way to lay out new townships for settlers near Battleford for the Dominion government.

Purchased Block. Winnipeg, June 3.—McLaren Bros., formerly of the Brunswick hotel, have purchased the Assiniboia block for a big figure, and will spend \$20,000 in converting it into an hotel.

ENDED IN FIVE DEATHS. White Planter and His Manager Murdered—Two Negro Assaults Killed.

Greenville, Miss., June 3.—John Sims, a prominent white planter of Trail Lake, 30 miles from here, and Wm. Cato, his manager, were killed by two negroes in a dispute over a trivial matter. The negroes, whose names were Samuel Clark and Van Home, escaped. Van Home was captured and lynched to-day. Clark returned to Trail Lake, where he was shot and killed by Mr. Crow, the bookkeeper for Planter Sims. The posse which arrested Horne shot and killed another negro named Mayfield, probably thinking he was Clark.

PRISONER LYNCHED. Orangeville, La., June 3.—T. H. Myers, who killed Brownlee and wounded Wallace Bennett, three weeks ago, has been taken from a party of officers and lynched near White Bird. The lynchers were masked, and outnumbered the officers three to one. Myers was being taken to jail.

THE MASTER MECHANIC'S PURE TAR SOAP cleans and softens the skin, while promptly removing dirt, grease, oil, rust, etc., invaluable for mechanics, farmers, stockmen. Free sample on receipt of 2c. for postage. Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal.

"It's Just This Way."

The quality is such that once tried, it is never forsaken.

"SILVER"

CEYLON tea is rich, pure and delicious. Black, mixed or natural green.

Sold only in sealed lead packets. By all Grocers. KELLY, DOUGLAS & CO., DISTRIBUTORS.

IS LOOKING INTO MEXICAN MARKET

GEO. COURTNEY HAS IMPORTANT MISSION

Jan. Dunsuir Will Investigate Opening for Coal and Coke Trade in Republic.

Geo. L. Courtney, general traffic manager of the E. & N. railway, has gone to Mexico. The object of his visit is to look into the opportunities for introducing coal and coke from the Dunsuir mines into Mexico. The continued uncertainty with respect to the coal business on the San Francisco market for some years past, has induced James Dunsuir to look elsewhere for openings where he may build up a trade in the commodities from his mines.

The use of oil in California continues to upset that market, and Mr. Dunsuir hopes that in the Republic to the south of the United States a consumer may be found for the valuable coal which Vancouver Island produces.

While there Mr. Courtney will undoubtedly look into the whole subject of trade between the two countries. It is supposed that should his report be favorable, Mr. Dunsuir may be a tender for the steamboat service to be established between British Columbia and Mexico. Of course it is premature to expect any announcement on the subject from him, but it is generally believed that Mr. Courtney's mission has very much to do with the whole subject of the proposed service. The liberal subsidy offered by the two governments should make the trade a lucrative one, and Mr. Dunsuir undoubtedly sees in it the prospects for a paying investment.

Mr. Courtney expects to be absent about two months, in which time he will be able to form a very good idea of what the Mexican trade is capable of.

AUSTRALIAN SWINDLED.

Fleeced of \$25,000 By Band of Wire Tappers at New York Hotel.

New York, June 3.—The Times says a wealthy Australian, who arrived in New York ten days ago from London, was swindled out of \$25,000 by a band of wire tappers at Broadway hotel. On account of his large business connections, and also because of the fact that he was equally guilty with the wire tappers, the Australian made no report of the matter to the police, but sailed on the following day for London.

It appears that the Australian met a well-known New York swindler in London three weeks ago who urged him to come over here, promising him great results on rating investments. The Australian came and was fleeced soon after his arrival. The conditions on which the swindler brought the dupe to New York were that he should receive half the proceeds, but his confederates gave him only \$600. In a fit of pique the dupe informed the detective bureau, and two detective sergeants are working on the case. A sensational raid is anticipated. During the last week fleecing by wire tapping to the extent of \$5,000 has been reported to the police of the tenderloin.

HUNDREDS HOMELESS.

Floods in Kansas Have Driven Many People From Their Homes.

Kansas City, Mo., June 3.—All tributaries of the Kaw river in Kansas are rising rapidly to-day, and a serious flood is threatened. Railroad traffic is demoralized, and already many through trains, both east and west-bound, are stalled. So far no casualties have been reported. At Newton, Kansas, over 600 persons have been rendered homeless by a sudden rising of a creek following a cloudburst. In many of the houses the water stands as high as the second story windows. Hundreds of men worked all night rescuing the unfortunates. There were many narrow escapes, and much suffering. At Emporia the Cotton Wood river overflowed, and the business portion of the town was flooded. Much damage was done. At Council Grove the city is threatened with a flood as serious as that of last year, when the property damaged amounted to over \$300,000.

Original Corn Cure Is Putnam's

More than thirty-five years ago Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor was first introduced to the public. Owing to merit, its sale now extends over Great Britain, United States and Canada, wherever English speaking people are found. The success of "Putnam's" is due to its superiority over substitutes and to its ability to cure any kind of a corn or a wart without pain. Have you tried "Putnam's"? If not you've missed a good thing.

A Correction

The Sack of Flour that we give in our \$5.00 and \$10.00 orders for \$1.35 is not "our own" brand, but ANY BRAND of Flour the customer desires, whether it be Ogilvie's, Lake of the Woods, Three Star, or any other. In addition to our Great Bargain, Lists we will offer you on Saturday:

3 lbs. Picnic Biscuits for 25c

All kinds of summer drinks, mineral waters, syphons for making your own soda. Every variety of home and foreign wines.

Glairet - 25c and 35c per bottle
Native Port - 25c per bottle
Native Port - \$1.25 per Gallon

Carne's Cash Grocery

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Troncau Avenue.

DESIRABLE SIX ROOMED HOUSE, with two large lots in lawn, fruit and vegetables, can be purchased on terms for \$1,500.

THREE WELL SITUATED LOTS on Fernwood Estate, assessed for \$800, to be sold for \$500.

BURNSIDE ROAD, 25 or 30 acres of good land, suitable for farming, 8 acres cleared, fenced and under cultivation, balance partly slashed and light brush; price \$100 per acre.

FOR \$900 YOU CAN PURCHASE a four roomed cottage, off Oak Bay Ave.

NEW HOUSE on View street, for sale, fitted with all modern conveniences; price \$3,200.

\$1,000 WILL PURCHASE a 5 roomed cottage on Caledonia Ave., electric light and sewer connection, large lot, with double frontage and stable; terms can be arranged.

A LOVELY HOME on Quadra street, comprising 2 acres of cleared land, all fenced, 100 fruit trees, 1 acre in strawberries, 7 roomed two story house; price only \$5,200.

COTTAGE on Leighton road, 1 1/2 story, 6 rooms, beautifully finished, every convenience; also three lots under cultivation; can be bought for \$2,800.

LEE & FRASER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 9 and 11 Troncau Avenue.

P. R. BROWN CO., Ltd.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, 10 roomed dwelling, all modern conveniences, \$3,150.

FOR SALE—3 choice building lots, Dallas road, fine view of Straits and mountains, \$1,000; or will be sold separately.

FOR SALE—Dallas road, 2 lots and modern 10 roomed dwelling, \$1,000; easy terms.

FOR SALE—The Arm, 2 large front front lots and 10 roomed dwelling, only \$3,000.

FOR SALE—Niagara street, on car line, modern bungalow of 7 rooms, \$2,500.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, new cottage and two lots, on car line, only \$2,200.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay, 2 1/2 acres, 4 roomed house, good soil, city water laid on, price \$2,625.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, and 7 roomed house, McClure street, \$1,900.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, near Rockland avenue, 2 vacant lots, only \$150.

FOR SALE—Shawigan Lake, 5 acre and cottage, with furniture, only \$500.

FOR SALE—Lot, 60x120, new cottage of 5 rooms, bath and pantry, Old Esplanade road, \$1,500; particularly easy terms.

FOR SALE—Pembroke street, near Douglas street, lot 60x120, 5 roomed cottage, modern conveniences, only \$1,600.

FOR SALE—150 acres, South Cowichan, 20 acres cultivated, dwelling, 2 large barns, one mile from wharf, 1/2 mile from railway, only \$2,100.

FOR SALE—175 acres, six miles from town, small house and barn, \$5,000.

FOR SALE—7 1/2 acres and small dwelling, near the exhibition building, \$500 cash and balance in small monthly payments, no interest.

FOR SALE—Water lot and dwelling, near new C. P. R. wharf, James Bay; price and terms on application.

FOR SALE—Comlakh District, 200 acres, 50 cultivated, stream runs through property; dwelling, barns, sheds, etc., only \$3,150.

FOR SALE—Oak Bay avenue, 2 lots and 7 roomed cottage, \$2,000.

FOR SALE—Henry street, Victoria West, 3 vacant lots, only \$325.

FOR SALE—Esquimalt road, 1/2 acre and 5 roomed cottage, \$1,500.

FOR SALE—Esquimalt road, with frontage on beach, 1/2 acre and 8 roomed house, \$2,500; terms.

FOR SALE—Pandora street, lot 60x120, 6 roomed cottage, only \$1,900.

FOR SALE—Yates street, near Quadra, vacant lot, \$1,800.

FOR SALE—9 1/2 acres, four miles from city, \$350.

FOR SALE—First street, modern 8 roomed dwelling, lot 60x135, only \$1,900.

FOR SALE—First street, cottage of 4 rooms and 1/2 lot, all modern conveniences, \$1,150; easy terms.

FOR SALE—240 acres, Lake District, excellent fruit soil, plenty of water, only \$5,250.

FOR SALE—Cowichan District, 138 acres, large dwelling, barns, etc., well adapted for a dairy farm, only \$6,500; easy terms.

MONEY TO LOAN, Fire Insurance Written, Estates Managed, P. R. Brown, Ltd., 30 Broad street.

BUILDER & GENERAL CONTRACTOR. MOORE & WHITTINGTON—Rough and dressed lumber, shingles and moldings for sale. 150 Yates street. Phone A700.

THOMAS CATERALL—16 Broad street. Building in all its branches; wharf work and general jobbing. Tel. 830.

CONTRACTORS. ESTIMATES GIVEN on moving buildings; work carefully done at reasonable prices. Johnson & Co., 111 North Pembroke St.

CARRIERS, DICKSON & BROWN, 131 to 135 Johnson street. Grimsby Block, manufacturers of show cases and store fixtures in hard and soft wood; designs and estimates furnished.

CEMENT WORK. SLATE AND GRAVEL ROOFING, cement sidewalks laid, etc.—John Bell, leave orders at Nicholls & Renouf.

CLEANING WORKS. GENTS' CLOTHES cleaned, pressed, repaired or altered, at 130 Yates street, opposite Dominion Hotel. All work guaranteed. James Dupon.

PRACICAL CLEANING AND PRESSING WORKS—Lace, Curtains and Blankets a specialty. Paul's, 165 1/2 Douglas street. Phone 1012.

COFFEE AND SPICES. VICTORIA COFFEE AND SPICE MILLS—Office and mills, 148 Government street. A. J. Morley, proprietor.

EMPLOYMENT BUREAU—J. Devereux, 1 Richardson street.

EDUCATIONAL. SHORTHAND SCHOOL—15 Broad street. Special attention given to bookkeeping. Thorough instruction in bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, E. A. Macmillan, principal.

ART SCHOOL—53 Douglas street, cor. of Fort. All subjects, including wood carving and mechanical drawing. Martindale, master. Private lessons given.

HALF TONES. OUR HALF-TONE CUTS in copper are executed by the biggest Eastern firm. See our list prior to the B. C. Photo-Engraving Co., 26 Broad street.

MACHINISTS. L. HAFFER, General Machinist, No. 130 Government street. Tel. 830.

NURSE. MRS. GALE, nurse, 7 Amelia street. Phone 918.

PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS. A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Bell Bangers and Tinsmiths; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; supplying at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 126.

POTTERY WARE. SEWER PIPE, FIELD TILE, GROUND FINE CLAY, FLOWER POT, ETC. B. C. POTTERY CO. LIMITED, CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA STREETS, VICTORIA.

RENOVATING. B. C. STEAM DYE WORKS, 141 Yates street. Largest dyeing and cleaning establishment in the province. Country orders solicited. Tel. 300.

UNDERTAKING. W. J. HANNA, Graduate U. S. College of Embalming, New York, 102 Douglas street. Office telephone, 405. Residence telephone, 611.

ENGRAVERS. TO ADVERTISERS—We make cuts which enhance the effectiveness of your advertisements one hundred per cent. Nothing so effective as illustrations. From 25 upwards, according to size. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

ETCHINGS. SPECIAL DESIGNS for firm names executed by us in zinc. Just the thing to use in your advertisements, maps, plans, etc. B. C. Photo-Engraving Co.

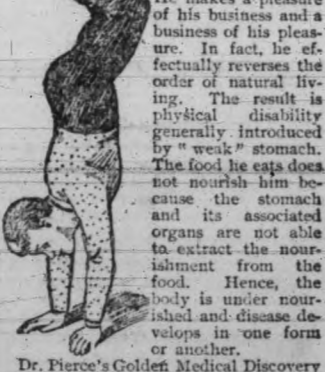
Black Loam FOR SALE

Suitable for garden purposes; delivered. WOOD AND COAL YARD. W. H. JONES.

Phone 407. 33 Belleville St.

Topsy-turvy.

That's a favorite attitude of the small boy. And in this case "the child is the father of the man." The man does not essay to walk through life on his hands, but he creates for himself a kingdom of topsy-turvy.



He turns right into day. He eats regardless of time and physical necessities. He makes a pleasure of his business and a business of his pleasure. In fact, he effectually reverses the order of natural living. The result is physical disability generally introduced by "weak" stomach. The food he eats does not nourish him because the stomach and its associated organs are not able to extract the nourishment from the food. Hence, the body is undernourished and disease develops in one form or another.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It cures through the stomach diseases which originate in a diseased condition of the stomach and its allied organs. Hence, it cures "weak" lungs, "weak" heart, "weak" nerves and other forms of so-called weakness.

"I had been troubled with catarrh of the stomach and heart trouble," writes Mr. W. D. Merchant, of Tylerburg, Carbon Co., Penna. "I had doctors for some time without relief, then I began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took seven bottles. Before I began to take it I weighed 115 pounds and now I weigh 176. I am working steadily and feel like a well man. I send you many thanks."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

The Daily Times

Published every day (except Sunday) by the Times Printing & Publishing Co., LIMITED.

JOHN NELSON, Managing Director. Office: 26 Broad Street

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The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

- Smery's Cigar Stand, 23 Government St.
Eagle's Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.
Victoria News Co., Ltd., 80 Yates St.
Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 61 Gov't St.
W. N. Hildes, 65 Government St.
A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.
Campbell & Cullin, Gov't and Tronnie alleys.
George Marsden, cur. Yates and Gov't St.
W. W. Walker, corner Esquimalt road.
W. Wilby, 91 Douglas St.
W. J. Cook, cur. Esquimalt and Gov't St.
Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.
W. Redding, Craigflower road, Victoria.
W. J. Cook, cur. Esquimalt and Richard.
J. J. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.
Orders taken at Geo. Marsden's for delivery of Daily Times.

OUR MARINE INTERESTS

The Laurier government since its accession to power in 1896 has manifested an especial interest in the waterways and fisheries of the country.

In 1896 the expenditure for ocean and river service was \$181,451.71. In 1903 this had been increased to \$415,088.08.

The light-house and coast service cost only \$466,057.55. Last year there was expended on it \$968,097.76.

For scientific institutions the expenditure increased from \$82,000.02 in 1896 to \$225,155.79 in 1903.

For marine hospitals in 1896 there was an expenditure of \$36,683.36; in 1903 this had reached the sum of \$48,822.99.

Steamboat inspection cost \$26,321.27 in 1896; but in 1903 reached the sum of \$92,148.99.

It is gratifying to learn that while these increases were made, to meet the actual needs of the department, yet the cost of civil government salaries in connection with it was kept down, showing a very slight increase.

In 1896 this cost \$70,703.71. In 1903 it had increased to only \$74,059.00.

The total expenditure for marine and fisheries very nearly doubled in the seven years being \$892,917.52 in 1896 and \$1,664,558.52 in 1903.

There has been, it will be seen, a very large increase in the expenditure for ocean and river service and for light-house and coast service.

The additions and improvements in the services were the result of the most careful consideration from year to year.

In 1903 in keeping with the progressive policy adopted by the present administration there was a very large addition in the light-houses and fog alarms installed.

Since the year 1896 one hundred and fifty-six towers and enclosed light-houses have been built, and fifty pole lights erected, making in all one hundred and six new lights put in operation.

The effect of this cannot be overestimated in its bearing upon shipping. In this work British Columbia has not been overlooked.

On the contrary this province has had twenty light-houses and four pole lights installed, while another light-house is now under construction.

Since 1896 there has been expended \$53,000 on the construction of steel buoys made by contract. The coast steel buoys numbered 170 in 1896, and in 1903 reached the number of 250, showing an increase of 80 steel buoys on the British Columbia and eastern coasts.

There are now 330 harbors and districts buoyed, an increase since 1896 of 50 districts.

There has been a great increase since 1896 of steamers utilized in the service of the department. Among the thirteen is the Kestrel, built in 1901 for the fishery protection service in British Columbia, and the Georgia of the same year and utilized in the same service.

Navigational schools where mariners may receive instruction in navigation are being established. Schools of this nature have not been in existence in Canada, and consequently seamen contemplating the study of navigation have been compelled to procure their education in private schools where navigation is taught, or by studying without the assistance of teachers.

The merchant marine of Canada contains a number of as fine seamen as can be found anywhere; but their facilities for the study of navigation have not been commensurate with the requirements of sailors or those who wish to become officers.

The system and plan of operation in connection with establishing and maintaining these schools is now receiving attention by the department of marine and fisheries.

eries of the Dominion was valued at \$20,100,338.00. In 1901, the last published statistics, they yielded \$25,737,133.00.

In 1895 the fishing fleet, comprised 1,221 vessels, valued at \$2,318,200.00, manned by 9,804 sailors, and 34,298 fishing boats, valued at \$1,104,057.00.

used by 61,530 fishermen, employing over six million fathoms of net and other fishing gear, aggregating a capital of \$9,253,848.00.

In 1901 there were 1,231 fishing vessels, valued at \$2,417,680.00, and 38,186 fishing boats, estimated at \$1,212,207.00.

manned by 78,230 fishermen, using fishing gear aggregating in value of \$11,491,900.00, showing an invested capital of more than two million dollars, over that in 1895.

The salmon industry in British Columbia shows a splendid increase from 1895 to 1901, which was regarded as an exceptionally good year.

Between the two dates there was an increase of 18 canneries, representing \$569,000 in value, instead of 28,847,101 cans as in 1895, there was 59,866,176 cans in 1901, showing increased values from \$2,884,710 in 1895 to \$5,986,637 in 1901.

In other branches of the fishing industry there has been a marked increase. There has been a steady growth in the number of fishery licenses issued.

In British Columbia the increase has been from 1,801 licenses in 1895 to 4,156 in 1901; in the Northwest it increased in the same time from 174 to 697, and in Manitoba from 322 to 506.

In other branches of the fishing industry there has been a marked increase. There has been a steady growth in the number of fishery licenses issued.

In the maritime provinces of the East the increase has been 3,183 licenses.

In 1895 there were only fourteen fish hatcheries, from which was distributed about two hundred million fry, while in 1903, there were twenty-one such establishments, and the distribution of fry was increased fifty per cent, over that of 1896, when about three hundred million.

These hatcheries are located as follows: In Quebec, in New Brunswick, in Ontario, in Nova Scotia, in British Columbia, in Manitoba, in Prince Edward Island.

The department is giving a great deal of attention to the curing and packing of herring for shipment from Canada.

With this object in view, Canadian herring is being put up according to the methods in vogue in Scotland and other European fishing centres.

In order to carry out a scheme for the improvement of catching and curing herring in the Dominion, a Scotch expert has been employed to visit the different fishing localities in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, to report upon the feasibility of adopting a practical method of effectively teaching our fishing population how to produce a superior article of pickled herring.

The introduction of the system of giving practical instruction and information, will be carried on by a staff of Scotch and Canadian fishermen, fish curers and coopers.

Chas. N. S., has been selected as the station from which to act as a centre, being convenient for fishermen in the lower provinces who fish on the Atlantic coast, Gulf of St. Lawrence and Northumberland Strait.

It is intended to employ a steamer to collect herring from the traps and weirs and to carry on deep fishing by drift-netting.

If the experience is successful, it is probable that other stations will be established for the purpose, extending the improved method of catching and pickling fish to several districts in the Dominion.

In a recent issue of the New York Fishing Gazette, Canadian pickled herring in New York market are quoted from \$4.25 to \$6 per barrel, while in the same market Scotch, English, Irish, Norwegian and Dutch herring are quoted from \$11 to \$12.50 per barrel and are smaller fish than the Canadian herring and not any finer in flavor.

In a letter recently written to a Halifax gentleman by a dealer in Chicago it is stated that 25,000 barrels of Dutch and Norwegian cured herring are annually imported into Chicago. The dealer referred to is of the opinion that all or nearly all of Chicago's needs in cured herring might be supplied by Canada.

It is proposed to ship 1,000 or 1,200 barrels of herring cured in Canada by the Scotch method to New York, Chicago and Germany as an experiment.

The protection of the fisheries is being well looked after by vessels for that purpose. In 1895 this was confined to the Acadia, La Canadienne, Curlew, Constable, Vigilant, Kingfisher, Petrel and Dolphin.

In addition to these the Stanley and Aberdeen were used when considered necessary. The Quadra in these waters was also used now and then.

In the year 1903, the following vessels formed the fisheries protection fleet: Acadia, La Canadienne, Curlew, Kingfisher, Osprey, Brant and Constance on the Atlantic coast; Kestrel on the British Columbia coast; and Petrel on the Great Lakes.

In addition to these there are four large steam sea-going patrol boats which are mainly used in looking after our own lobster fishing. The officers and crews amounted to about 260.

In addition to the above, provision has been made for building two 16-knot cruisers, one for service on the Great Lakes and the other on the Atlantic coast. This will increase the number of officers and crew to about 300.

The expenditure under the fishery branch has been increased to meet the needs of this great industry.

This increase has taken place notwithstanding that since 1899 the expenditure in the province of Ontario has decreased by over 80 per cent., and in Quebec by nearly 50 per cent., owing to the withdrawing of our local staff of officers in those provinces.

In the year 1895-6 the expenditure for fisheries proper was \$96,961. In 1901-2 it had reached the sum of \$104,880. Fish breeding cost \$28,050 in 1895-6; in 1901-2 it reached the sum of \$79,801.

Wedding Presents
See our stock of beautiful Cut Glass, Tea Services
And other useful and elegant articles in sterling Silver and Silver-plate. Fish and Dessert Knives and Forks
In polished oak cases, and numerous other pieces suitable for presentation, all of the best quality and at moderate prices.
C. E. Redfern, 43 GOVERNMENT ST. Established 1862. Telephone 118.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.
General Hardware
GARDEN TOOLS, LAWN MOWERS, GARDEN HOSE, BARROWS, GALVANIZED POULTRY NETTING, ETC., IRON, STEEL, PIPE AND FITTINGS, ETC.
Telephone 3. P. O. Box 423. Wharf St., VICTORIA, B. C.

Come to Headquarters
FOR THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Flour, Sugar, Butter, Tea.
Hardress Clarke, 86 Douglas St.
Fresh B. C. Butter, 25c per lb.

Made in Canada is Good Made in B. C. is Better
£ Flavoring Extracts
Are the Best, Prepared by HENDERSON BROS., LD., WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, VICTORIA & VANCOUVER, B. C.

means, for Boards of Trades, and similar organizations which are working for an improvement of transportation facilities, to lay their plans, and prepare the data to be placed before the members of the Commission.

JAPS NOT ASIATICS. One effect of the present war will be the necessity for a revision by European nations and races of the estimates which have generally been accepted with regard to the Japanese.

The remarks of the Spectator have evoked from the Canadian Gazette, published in London, a statement to the effect that it will "watch with great interest" the views of the Japanese.

White Vests
The popular thing and worn by all good dressers. We have them in endless variety.
Cooper & Linklater 57 FORT, FACING BROAD.

Summer Babies Should Be Sensibly Fed.
LACTATED FOOD
Makes Strong and Happy Babies.

The June White Goods Sale
Growing in Interest
SPENCER'S
Western Canada's Big Store
White Blouses on Sale Monday

Seasonable Merchandise
Now in greatest demand, at prices far below the ordinary, is the only witchcraft we are using this month to crowd the store every day with eager buyers.

Women's White Shirt Waists, on Sale Monday
35c Each for White Lawn Shirt Waists, worth 75c Each.

50c for White Lawn Shirt Waists, Sold in the Regular Way at 85c.
75c for White Lawn, Muslin and Canvas Shirt Waists, Sold Usually at 85c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 each.

SEE WINDOWS FOR STYLES

An Extraordinary Offering of Washable Dress Materials, at Twenty-Five Cents a Yard
Monday, 25c Yard

Dress Materials, at 15c Yard
Everything That Everybody Wants Now and for Weeks to Come, at Special Prices

Do You Shave Yourself?
RADIUMITE Razor Strop
Terry & Marett, Chemists

SHAM BATTLE ARRANGED. Fifth and Sixth Regiments Will Engage in Conflict During the Mobilization.

Definite arrangements have been made for a sham battle between the Fifth and Sixth Regiments, to take place in connection with the annual mobilization, which is to be held in Victoria on Monday, the 20th inst.

Summer Babies Should Be Sensibly Fed.
LACTATED FOOD
Makes Strong and Happy Babies.

was because of first making arrangements with owners on whose property it was probable skirmishing would take place.

The Reason Why Oils, Plasters, Pastes, Etc. Do Not Cure Cancer.

LOW EXCURSION RATES. To St. Louis and Chicago and return account World's Fair with Great Northern Railway, June 7th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

Are you interested in Den furniture? We think we have the finest things in this popular line ever shown: Arm chairs, couches, writing tables, card tables, tabourette, cabinets, etc.

NAVY SAILING RACE. The Event Was Won Yesterday Afternoon by One of Flagship's Midshipmen.

NAVY SAILING RACE. The Event Was Won Yesterday Afternoon by One of Flagship's Midshipmen.

Useful Wedding Presents.—Artistic electric table lamps complete with shades, ready to use, from \$5 up. Novel and useful. Hinton Electric Co., Government street.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Ladies' Favorite. Is the only safe, reliable regulator on which woman can depend.

Are you interested in Den furniture? We think we have the finest things in this popular line ever shown: Arm chairs, couches, writing tables, card tables, tabourette, cabinets, etc.

Preserve Your Eggs WITH WATER GLASS

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST, 98 Government St., Near Yates st. PHONE, 425 AND 450.

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

The merchants' lunch at the Driard served from 12 m. to 2 p. m., 50c. Cheap trip to Mayne Island Sunday. V. & S. R. and steamer Iroquois, \$1.00 return. Finest Ashcroft potatoes at Erskine's grocery, corner Johnson and Quadra streets. Tel. 100. For Skagway and way ports. Fast steamer Dolphin sailing June 3rd, 13th and 23rd. Office, No. 100 Government street. The streets, bridges and sewers committee held a meeting last evening, when it was decided to construct a septic tank on Mary street, Victoria West. The West Dental Parlors are removed to their fine new quarters, the Imperial Bank Chambers, corner of Yates and Government streets. Entrance on Yates street. If you are going to St. Louis, or any point East, take the Northern Pacific railway. Three trains daily from Seattle. Tickets on sale for the exposition, June 7th, 16th, 17th and 18th. Steamers for Puget Sound points: Steamer Rosalie sails daily except Tuesday, at 9 a.m.; steamer Whatcom sails daily, except Thursday, at 8 p.m., calling at Pt. Angeles daily, except Tuesday and Thursday. Cheap week-end excursions. Fruit Sugar is the result of long, careful, patient experiment. Unlike the article we all know in our childhood days, it does not turn lumpy while you wait, and need to be broken up with a hammer or a brick, but remains free and granular till used. Try it.

Health Brings Happiness

Good drugs mean much to you, a properly filled prescription is a small investment that makes the doctor's advice worth taking. Bring your prescriptions to us. A qualified dispenser always in charge. Prices low, considering quality. FAWCETT FAMILY DRUG STORE, COR. KING'S ROAD AND DOUGLAS ST. The monthly open meeting will be held at the Y. M. C. A. hall tomorrow afternoon. Hermon A. Carson, B. A., will give the address. Subject, "Temptation." The Congregational church choir will also render selections. A cordial invitation is extended to strangers.

At Victoria West last night the Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society repeated their excellent entertainment which was well attended, presenting Fraser's comedy-drama in aid of the Victoria West Athletic Association. The house was packed, and the clever work of the amateurs elicited much applause. The society added another successful hit to their already long list of achievements, and the dancing, which was carried on till 1 o'clock, served to make the evening a very enjoyable one, and one to be remembered by all who were fortunate to be there.

It is always an event when the ever-welcome Norris & Rowe's big shows give exhibitions in this city. To the really splendid show these clever young managers have added a "huge" strong world in itself. It contains gymnasts, acrobats, tumblers, equilibrists, clowns and athletes, whose marvellous flights through the air will prove spectacularly thrilling to audiences. The greater show is just twice as large as it ever was before. It will be given in two rings, and upon an elevated stage a multitude of new features never before presented in this country will be shown. It will contain a menagerie, which will include native beasts, performing elephants, camels, lions, tigers, taptirs, llamas, buffaloes, kangaroos, ostriches, elk, deer, ponies, goats and monkeys, but most wonderful of all will be the thrilling acts performed high up in midair by athletes. The new big shows will give two performances here on Monday.

Foot Elm Positively Cures

There is no remedy that will compare with the genuine original Foot Elm for relieving foot troubles. Tired, aching, sweaty, inflamed feet are made comfortable in a day. All Drug Stores, 18 Powders 25 cents, or postage free. V. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF THE LATEST AND MOST UP-TO-DATE Suitings and Trousers JUST RECEIVED Get the best for the least money, at PEDEN'S 38 Fort St. Merchant Tailor.

Fine Residence to Rent

Eight rooms, fine situation, centrally located, in AI order and connected with the sewer.

Only \$15.00

Fire and Life Insurance Agents, Money to Loan. Fine office or store to let on Broad St., in the MacGregor Block.

Grant & Conyers

Successors to P. C. MacGregor & Co., NO. 2 VIEW STREET.

Mrs. Campbell, scalp specialist, 161 Fort.

Ladies' luncheon at the Driard from 12 to 2 p. m., 50c.

Good dry cordwood at Johns Bros., 259 Douglas street.

Saw and tool sharpening, Walter Bros., 58 Fort street.

The rite of confirmation will be administered in St. James' church at the usual evening Sunday service.

When washing greasy dishes or pots and pans, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder), will remove the grease with the greatest ease.

Made in Canada is all very well, but made in British Columbia is better. If you doubt it, try the new Fruit Sugar.

The Hotel Driard billiard and pool parlors are now open to players. First-class tables, good lights. The finest billiard parlors in Victoria.

The Problem Solved.—Buy an artistic electric table lamp for that wedding present. We have them from \$3 up. Hinton Electric Co., Government street.

Sunday, June 5th, the Iroquois will make one of those delightful trips through the islands of the Gulf and Pender Island canal, stopping at Plumpers Pass several hours.

The Dominion fisheries steamer Kestral arrived in the harbor yesterday afternoon on her way from Vancouver to the northern coast. The vessel left here for Comox early this morning.

Nothing more wholesome or appetizing than marmalade. We have Batger's best in 4 lb. tins for 50 cents; and 7 lb. tins for 80 cents. This is a bargain, at Erskine's grocery, telephone 100.

A field expedition of the Natural History Society in the vicinity of Parson's Bridge is being held this afternoon. Members left the corner of Yates and Government streets about 1.15 o'clock.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ministerial Association will be held in the Y. M. C. A. parlor on Monday morning at 10.30 o'clock. All resident or visiting ministers invited. Subject for discussion: "Harnack's What is Christianity?" Discussion opened by Rev. A. Ewing.

James K. Worsfold, chief clerk in the provincial secretary's department, has been appointed to succeed Thos. B. Hall as assessor and collector of taxes for the Victoria assessment district. Wm. Gordon, of the lands and works department, will take the place rendered vacant by the transfer of Mr. Worsfold.

Employees of the B. C. Electric Railway Company have rented rooms above E. J. Salmon's cigar store, corner of Government and Yates streets, and intend fitting them up as waiting apartments. Up to the present men coming to work have had to wait for their cars on the street corner, which has been exceedingly uncomfortable, especially during the winter months. The new rooms will be provided with popular literature, writing material and other conveniences. It is also announced that portable seats have been applied for by the company for the use of the motormen on the cars. These are something after the style of bicycle seats, and are only intended to relieve the men from the tediousness of standing all day. They are expected to arrive in a few weeks, and needless to say, will be much appreciated.

A splendid bill at the Grand theatre on Johnson street kept this popular house crowded to the doors every night, and the performances this afternoon and tonight bring to a close its second and most successful week. To say that the programme for the coming week promises to be the best yet, is saying a good deal, but such appears to be the fact. It is headed by Farmer Jones and his tribe of trained pigs, the greatest novelty on the stage to-day. The brutes show great intelligence in various ways, but when they play tunes on the bells they show the most wonderful evidence of something—no one knows what. Many say it is genuine intelligence, others shake their heads and say impossible, but are wholly at a loss to explain how an Arkansas razor-back hog can be taught to play "Home, Sweet Home," "Annie Laurie," etc., with perfect melody and in proper time, to play certain parts of a piece and omit the others at the direction of the trainer, and then to play all of it and do it. Another strong act is that of the Vernon-Kennedy Trio Comedy Co., entitled "Says I to Mary Jane, Says I," introducing Baby Ethel, the smallest buck and wing dancer in the world. Sidney and Elmo, expert musical artists, will introduce aluminum chimes, bamboo chimes, aluminum harp, saxophones, etc., while the Lamont Bros., champion boy acrobats and dancers, will also appear. Signor Peralte will sing "The Two Congresses," a new illustrated song, and the performance will conclude with a new lot of moving pictures, including "The Busy Bees," "The Mystic Cave" and "The Battle Royal." The first evening performance will begin each night at 7.30 sharp, doors being open at 7 o'clock.

MAJOR ROSS MONRO DIED LAST NIGHT

Former Commander of Fifth Regiment Passes Away After Brief Illness—Funeral Monday.

After an illness of about six weeks Major Robert Ross Monro, one of Victoria's most prominent citizens, passed away about midnight at his residence, Stanley avenue. Previous to the time mentioned Major Monro was in perfect health, and his many friends were surprised when they heard that he had found it necessary to take a trip to California owing to sudden illness. The change of climate, however, did not effect the looked for improvement, but his condition became gradually worse until it became necessary for relatives here to employ a nurse to take charge of the patient. He was brought back to this city seriously ill, and sank steadily, despite the best of medical attendance, and all hope of recovery was finally abandoned. The cause of death was hemorrhage of the brain.

The news of the demise of Major Monro will be received with general regret. He was widely acquainted, and numbered among his friends all those with whom he came in contact, socially or in business. Practically all his life has been spent in Victoria. In his younger days he took a prominent part in amateur athletics, and more recently went in for hunting and fishing for recreation. During almost the whole time of his residence here Major Monro has been connected with the Fifth Regiment. Joining that corps as a private over 20 years ago, he advanced from one grade to another, until being placed in charge as the successor of Col. Gregory. After discharging the duties of commander for over a year, he decided to retire from local military circles, and the position was taken over by the present officer, Lieut.-Col. Hall. While acting as lieutenant and captain, Major Monro was connected with No. 1 company, and the present commander of that section of the corps is largely to be attributed to his faithful services. Before retiring he was the recipient of the long service medal. When he first came to Victoria he took employment in the office of Findley Durham & Brodie. Occupying this position for a number of years, he then secured a place on the staff at R. P. Ritchie & Co., an accountant. He has discharged these duties for the past 18 years. Major Monro was a native of Bothwell, Kent county, Ontario, and 46 years of age. He received his education at the Bluebird school, London, and soon after leaving his studies emigrated to British Columbia. Settling down here he married Miss Edith Findley, whose father occupied prominent official positions in this province and elsewhere. He was at one time a stipendiary magistrate of Nanaimo, and subsequently governor of the Seychelle Islands. Mr. Findley was also afterwards connected with the government of Hongkong and the Mauritius Islands. Besides a widow, Major Monro leaves a daughter, a mother and two married sisters to mourn his loss. It is announced that the funeral will take place on Monday from the residence, 19 Stanley avenue, at 3 p.m., and at St. John's church at 3.30. The remains will be laid at rest with full military honors, members of the Fifth Regiment turning out in a body to pay a last tribute of respect to the memory of their late commander.

A SUCCESSFUL COMPANY.

The Western Medicine Company, Ltd., with headquarters in this city, are pushing the sale of their Never Fail Remedies outside. In Vancouver the sales retail in less than three weeks amounted to \$700.00, while the wholesale was \$2,700.00. To realize the magnitude of the company's possibilities in the same success attends them throughout Canada, placing the population of Vancouver at 30,000 and that of Canada at 5,500,000, by dividing the figures and multiplying the result by the sales in Vancouver it shows the enormous turnover of \$550,000.00 per month. Surely this is worth considering by those who have money to invest while the shares are obtainable at 25 cents. All proceeds from the sale of shares are used for advertising purposes, the profits on the remedies being placed in a dividend and reserve fund. Profits to date are sufficient to pay a liberal dividend besides placing a good sum in reserve. The company has an opening for an energetic man willing to invest some money, capability more desirable than cash. Space 10x14 feet has been secured at the Dominion exhibition in Winnipeg, July 25th to August 4th; this space could be divided if any other company from Victoria wishes to exhibit their products; particulars at the office, 92 Government street. The company deserves the support of Victoria citizens, as the wide distribution of their medicines will greatly advertise the city. The directors are greatly pleased with an article in the May number of the Ladies' Home Journal, condemning the use of alcohol in medicines. The Never Fail Remedies put up by the Western Medicine Company, Ltd., contain no alcohol or spirituous liquor of any kind. Judging from the many testimonials received by the company their medicines are doing a great deal of good.

MEMBERS OF THE DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND SOCIETY WILL HOLD THEIR ANNUAL CHURCH SERVICE TOMORROW EVENING AT ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH, VICTORIA. WEST. ALL MEMBERS OF THE SONS OF ENGLAND LODGE ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO ATTEND.

THE INDIANS TAUGHT OUR ANCESTORS

The virtues of tobacco, how to play lacrosse, and how to make snowshoes. The marvellous staying power of the Indian was partly due to the use of tobacco. Modern methods of manufacture have improved on the tobacco the Indian used, and Pay Roll plug chewing tobacco is the white man's great stand-by nowadays. All stores sell "Pay Roll" and the tags are valuable for premiums.

This morning's police court session contained little of importance. The case of the Chinaman charged with stealing \$5 from a countryman was dismissed. This was the only matter before the magistrate.

The ship, Donna Francisco, which was in company of the Cape with the American schooner Robert Hind, now in the Roads, reached Port Angeles this morning. She is on her way from San Francisco to the Hastings Mills for lumber cargo. The Robert Hind has received orders to proceed from here to Newcastle island for her load of stone.

Messrs. S. W. Reel, Livingston, P. W. Dempster, T. M. Brayshaw, W. Huxtable, J. Bell, Hufnagel and T. Booz, delegates to the grand lodge, I. O. O. F., leaves to-night for Rossland via the Great Northern. They will be accompanied by Grand Secretary Davey, Grand Warden Sheritt and a number of ladies. The delegates expect to be away about a week.

STOP RIGHT NOW AND START OVER

What's the Use of Feeling Miserable When Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets Will Make You Bright and Healthy and Cheerful. Do you feel irritable? Do little things bother you? Are you making your life miserable over trifles that ordinarily you would hardly notice? If you are, don't blame the weather. It's your stomach that needs attention. Put it in working order by using Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets and the world will look sunnier and brighter all round. People who have used Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets tell you to quit being miserable and to start enjoying life. M. Monro, of Masson, Que.-says: "I suffered from Dyspepsia and was terribly troubled with nervousness. For eighteen months I was miserable. One fortunate day an advertisement led me to try Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. The first box helped me and I was soon completely cured."

A Splendid Bargain \$1.900

Will buy an Dominion Island, 150 acres of land including coast rights, 60 acres cleared and seeded down, orchard of 100 trees (various ages), 20 acres under bottom, good black loam. The land is all fenced. Frontage of half a mile on water with fine beach, on main road, about 2 1/2 miles from wharf. Good market at Union and Cumberland. The best of shooting and fishing. Five roomed house and barn.

SWINERTON & ODDY, 102 GOVERNMENT ST.

The D. W. H. STORIES

In response to a general request it has been decided to issue the series of historical sketches from the pen of D. W. HIGGINS. In a handsomely bound and illustrated volume of about 400 pages, at a uniform sale price of \$1.50. The stories are about 28 in number and have been carefully edited for the press by the author. SALE WILL BE BY SUBSCRIPTION ONLY. Delivery will be about July 1st. Lists will be found at the book stores and in the hands of authorized agents.

\$650.00 Will Buy a \$4,000 House

Of ten rooms, large attic and cellar, all modern conveniences, including hot air furnace, electric light, sewer, on one of the principal streets near the centre of the city, and well adapted for a private boarding house. Price, \$3,150. Terms, \$500 cash and balance \$250 per year. MONEY TO LOAN. FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

P. R. Brown, Ltd., 30 BROAD ST.

A Grand Production of MENDELSSOHN'S ELIJAH

Will Be Given in the Metropolitan Methodist Church Tuesday, June 7th, '04, at 8.15. Principals: Mrs. J. H. Edmunds, Seattle; Miss Emma Sehl, Mrs. Gideon Hicks, Mrs. H. Currie, Mr. A. E. Howard, Mr. R. Worlock, Mr. William Hicks, Mr. Herbert Taylor, and full chorus, 125 voices. Conductor, Mr. Gideon Hicks. Organist, Mr. G. J. Barrett. Tickets at Waitt & Co., Victoria Book & Stationery Co., and place of reserved seats at Hicks, Lovick Co., 88 Government street. Admission, 50c; reserved seats, 75c.

WEILER BROS. Importers of Fine Linens. Dealers in Manchester Goods. VICTORIA'S LEADING EMPORIUM

Table with 4 columns: Honey-Comb Quilts, Plain or Twill Sheetting, Premier Sheets, Horrocks's Sheetting, Pillow Slips, Table Napkins. Includes size and price information for various items.

Useful Wedding Presents

ARTISTIC, HIGHLY FINISHED AND PERFECTLY MADE Embroidered Irish Linen Goods. Counterpanes (Beautiful Goods) \$12.50 to \$25.00. Pillow Slips to Match, at \$9.50 to \$12.00 pair.

HANDSOME TABLE CLOTHS, WITH NAPKINS TO MATCH, IN SUPERIOR QUALITIES AND DESIGNS. WE HAVE A DELIGHTFUL RANGE OF WEDDING PRESENTS THAT ARE NOT ONLY BEAUTIFUL TO THE EYE, BUT OF REAL UTILITY. YOU WILL SURELY FIND SELECTION EASY. SEE THEM AT ONCE.

At Weller Bros., Government Street

Tennis Goods. We have the largest and best selected stock in the city, consisting of Racquets, Balls, Nets, Poles Racquet Presses, Court Markers, Etc. M. W. Waitt & Co., LIMITED, 44 GOVERNMENT ST.

WEDDING CAKES.. FOR JUNE BRIDES. The quality and artistic excellence of your wedding cake is of first importance. A cake from us is a guarantee of excellence and artistic and original designs. From CLAY'S LEADING CATERERS, TEL. 101, 30 FORT ST.

Campers Attention. Now is the time to provide yourself with a Victor Gramophone. It will amuse you in camp as nothing else can. It stings to you, plays to you and talks to you. See and hear for yourself at FLETCHER BROS., 38 GOVERNMENT ST.

Garnation Plants and Bedding Plants. JAY & CO., 19 BROAD ST. PHONE 404.

The out-of-the-ordinary size man has 99% chances in 100 to be fitted perfectly in the Fit-Reform Wardrobe. Fit-Reform builds clothes especially for such men. Designs styles that harmonize—tailors garments that fit the unusual man just as easily as the normal man.

It's a Fit-Reform specialty, perfected by artists. Fit-Reform originated this idea—just as Fit-Reform was the originator in Canada of tailor-made clothes, ready to wear. \$12 to \$30.

FIT-REFORM ALLEN & CO., 73 GOVERNMENT STREET. MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

For Saturday Only. Christie's Cream Sodas, 2-pound tins 25c. Armour's Deviled Ham, 1-2c 10c. Fancy Creamery Butter, per pound 25c. See our Stock of Strawberries, Cherries, Apricots, Grape Fruit, Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, Pine Apples, Asparagus, Cauliflower, Cucumbers and Tomatoes. THE SAUNDERS GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED, PHONE 28, 30 AND 41 JOHNSON STREET. THE "WEST END" GROCERY COMPANY, LIMITED, PHONE 28, 42 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Look on Yates Street for Number Seventy Seven Seven New Goods, Fresh Goods, Clean Goods Quality and Purity Always Tell, and Are Made Specialties at MOWAT'S GROCERY



CRICKET. MATCH TO-DAY.

A match is in progress this afternoon between the Victoria Cricket Club's first eleven and a team selected from the officers and men of the warships stationed at Esquimalt. The game is taking place on the grounds adjoining the Jubilee hospital.

VICTORIA V. ENGINEERS.

Play commenced at 2 o'clock this afternoon in a match between the Victoria club and an eleven representing the Royal Engineers. The game is taking place at Work Point.

THE KENNEL TO RECEIVE CUP.

The annual meeting of the Field Trials Club was held in the Tourist Association rooms, Vancouver, on Thursday evening. There was a fairly representative attendance, and the officers for the year were elected as follows: President, J. L. G. Abbott; vice-presidents, H. S. Holston (Vancouver), Thomas Pimley (Victoria), T. W. Tweedie (Steveston); secretary-treasurer, N. F. Lyne.

It was decided to hold a field trial of Mongolian pheasants on September 30th and October 1st, all entries to close on September 15th. It is not yet decided whether these trials shall be open or provincial only. Michael Fitzpatrick offered to donate a cup for the all-age stakes, and J. L. G. Abbott kindly promised to give another for the Derby stakes. The club has also resolved to present a cup to Miss Winifred E. Davis, of Victoria, who won the Derby stakes last year with the English setter, Roy's Lady. Vancouver News-Advertiser.

BASEBALL. THE VICTORIA CLUB.

To the Sporting Editor—I have just been reading a letter which appeared in your issue of Thursday evening from Elmer Emerson, in which he complains of the unsportsmanlike manner in which himself, Tredway and Eric have been treated by the Victoria Baseball Club. I understand the club have some money to the good and more promised them by the citizens, so they surely could have carried on some time longer. It would have been soon enough to dismiss the players when there was no money at their command. The treatment they have received should cause no surprise to Emerson after the treatment they dished out to J. Holness last season, who everyone must agree, did wonderful pitching for several seasons. In fact in several matches, when the support was of the worst, his pitching was marvelous and won the match. Of course, Victoria was sorely in need of another good pitcher, and they were very lucky in securing the services of such a splendid one as Emerson. But there was no need after they got him of giving Holness the worst of it, and I am sure the general public think the same way, for Holness is a great favorite.

FAIR PLAY. CHASE'S POPULARITY.

Recent issues of San Francisco papers

contain accounts of the unsuccessful attempt made by Dr. E. Dugdale to obtain the services of H. Chase, formerly of this city and now a member of the Los Angeles nine. The following telegrams refer to the negotiations: James F. Morley, Los Angeles: Will you give me Chase? My team is badly crippled. (Signed) DUGDALE.

Dugdale, San Francisco: Can you give me Newton, Spies, Bernard, Flood, Ross and Cravath, but can't spare Chase. (Signed) MORLEY.

Commenting on the above a "Frisco" exchange says: "These wires between Los Angeles and this city caused much merriment in the Morley camp. "As is well known, Dugdale's team is terribly crippled, no less than five of his regulars being on the injured list. Hal Chase, Morley's clever young first baseman, was the one man who was not injured. Dugdale's earnest suit closed with Oakland, causing a spiked hand. Some sympathizing friends of the Portland Impresario noted Chase's absence from the Angela line-up, and misinterpreting its meaning suggested to Dugdale that he ask Manager "Jacks" to give him the youngster. Dugdale was impressed with Chase's work at the initial bag and he hastened to the telegraph office. "Morley, nearly fainting when he read the message. After a second reading, however, he refused to regard it as anything but a joke on Dugdale's part. Chase will remain on the Los Angeles payroll."

LEAGUE CONTEST. This afternoon one of the junior league games is taking place between the North Ward and Central teams at the Beacon Hill grounds. Following is the line-up of the respective aggregations: North Ward—A. Penker, c.; C. Hall, p.; W. Cox, 1st b.; J. Dakers, 2nd b.; B. Hill, 3rd b.; C. McCarter, short stop; V. Auld, r. f.; N. Seabrook, c. f.; S. Humber, l. f.; Centrals—Phillips, c.; Noel, p.; Morley, 1st b.; McKittick, 2nd b.; Brooker, 3rd b.; Shanks, short stop; Nesbitt, l. f.; John, c.; Spencer, r. f.

GAME TO-DAY.

This afternoon the first match of the newly organized British Columbia team is taking place with the Eskimos, of Seattle, at the Caledonia grounds. Before the game members of the opposing teams paraded the principal streets in uniform, headed by the Fifth Regiment band. Play commenced at 2:30 o'clock, the visitors going to bat in the first inning.

JUNIOR MATCH. At Beacon Hill on Wednesday evening a match was played between the North Park and St. Louis College junior teams, resulting in a victory for the former after an exciting contest by a score of 8 runs to 7. The winning run was made in the last inning. The battery work on both sides was most effective. B. Schwengers gave general satisfaction as umpire.

LACROSSE. VICTORIA IS NEUTRAL.

An informal meeting of the Victoria lacrosse club was held yesterday afternoon when the position of the local team, now drawn from the association, was discussed. As far as can be gathered, it was decided to let matters rest until after a meeting of the executive of the B. C. Association.

when it will be known whether or not the difficulties between the Royal City club and Vancouver can be readjusted. President Hooper was therefore empowered to communicate with the secretary of the league, formally informing him that the Victoria club had received official notification of the withdrawal of New Westminster and asking for a general meeting at an early date as possible.

When this session is held it will be attended by delegates from Vancouver, Westminster and Victoria. This is definitely stated by local officials, who claim that the withdrawal of Westminster from the league will not prohibit the attendance of delegates from that club at the executive meeting. The three clubs will therefore be able to present their views, and it is not improbable that a satisfactory settlement can be reached. In the event of the representatives of Westminster and Vancouver being unable to come to an understanding, there is no doubt that the fact that the result will be the disorganization of the British Columbia league for 1904.

Meanwhile active preparations on the part of the local twelve for the match scheduled to be played on Saturday, the 12th inst., with New Westminster at the Royal City have been discontinued. All must immediately upon word having been received of the determination of Westminster to withdraw, a telegram was sent to the secretary of that club asking what was to be done about this game, and a curt reply was received to the effect that as Westminster had withdrawn from the association it was not proposed to fill any scheduled games. To-day in conversation with a Times reporter a prominent local official expressed the opinion that Westminster's plan all along has been to force a meeting of the executive in order to make an effort to have Vancouver penalized for detaching the game deciding the championship of last year, which was to have been played on the 14th of last month. For this purpose their resignation was sent to the secretary with the intention of making a general meeting absolutely necessary. The latter, however, possibly ignored the communication thinking it only a "bluff," and the result is Westminster has had to call a general meeting to endorse the resignation before it was recognized. Under such circumstances there should not be any great difficulty in arranging matters to the satisfaction of all concerned.

A number of local officials contend that if Westminster holds to their decision it would be useless to continue to fill scheduled games. No interest would be taken in a two team league, and the result would be a deplorable failure from a financial standpoint. The result of the forthcoming executive gathering is therefore looked forward to with general interest.

YACHTING. CLUB RACES.

To-day the second race of the regular Victoria Yacht Club series is taking place. A start was made at 3 o'clock from Point Rock, and the contest is being held over a triangular course.

THE CATERPILLAR NUISANCE.

Spray Devised Which Is Said to Be an Effective Remedy.

Although the festive caterpillar has made its undesirable appearance here, according to reports, it is doubtful if the incursion is yet so formidable as that which necessitates an organized campaign in the state of Washington. Or, the destructive enemy in considerable force, and armed with the spray devised under the direction of R. M. Palmer should be able to dispose of the invaders by the wholesale. One fruit grower has been experimenting with the spray and finds that it works satisfactorily. A single drop of the stuff dropped upon the head and back of a big, woolly caterpillar, killed the insect instantly; so quickly, in fact, that he could not believe the beast was dead until minute examination proved that it had departed this life with amazing celerity.

C. C. Revas, a well known fruit grower, suggests the following remedy: Wrap some newspaper, say, half an inch thick, round the end of a light pole, and bind it on with a few turns of fine wire, then soak the paper in coal oil, light it and hold it about a foot below the nest of caterpillars; these will fall off more or less, but the greater number will die within a few minutes. It is a good plan to beat the ground where they have fallen with the back of a spade, which flushes those few which may have escaped the flash of fire. The lighted end being held a foot below the nest saves the tree from harm.

The Seattle Post-Intelligencer in its account of the campaign against the pest, humorously says:

"The defeated caterpillar army of Queen Anne hill embarked on transports at an early hour this morning for Victoria. After the battle of last night the army was completely demoralized. A few regiments escaped the general slaughter and at once embarked for Canadian shores. No attempt was made to hinder their embarkation by Gen. Brown, as his army is badly in need of a rest after last night's battle. "Gen. Brown this afternoon assembled the forces and joined by reinforcements of several regiments of city park employees waged a guerilla warfare on the foe in the various parks and orchards of the city. Large numbers of the enemy were destroyed, and aided by patriotic volunteers, Gen. Brown assures your correspondent that the safety of the city is possible, provided prompt action is taken. "There are still large numbers of the foe encamped in the various suburbs of Seattle, and it is rumored that to-morrow the enemy will break camp and make a concerted advance upon Seattle. To prevent this attack Gen. Brown is mobilizing his troops."

Church Services To-Morrow

CHURCH OF OUR LORD. Morning and evening prayer at 11 and 7, with sermons by Rev. H. J. Wood, Sunday school at 3. At the close of the evening service there will be a celebration of the holy communion. Bishop Criddle's Bible class on Friday afternoon at his residence, and a short service in the evening conducted by the rector at 7:45 in the chancel of the church.

ST. JAMES'S. Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Matins and sermon at 11; preacher, Rev. A. J. Hall, of Alert Bay. Holy communion at 12, evening song and confirmation service at 7.

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL. Services: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and holy communion, 11 a. m.; evening service, 7 p. m. Preachers, morning, the Lord Bishop; evening, Rev. W. Baugh Allen. The music set for the day follows:

- Morning. Voluntary—Allegretto..... Dr. Hopkins Venite..... Stanley Psalms for 5th Morning, Cathedral Psalter To Deum..... Woodward Benedicite..... Harby Kyrie..... Harby Gloria..... Russell Hymns..... 37, 186 and 321 Voluntary—Intermezzo..... Rhebenberger Evening. Voluntary—Simple Aven..... Thome Professional Hymn..... 298 Psalms for 5th Evening, Cathedral Psalter Magnificat..... Turner Nunc Dimittis..... Turner Anthem—O Worship as King..... Mauder Tenor Solo, H. Worlock; Bass Solo, H. Hymns..... 282 and 27 Revenant Amen..... Sauter Recessional Hymn..... 477 Voluntary—Marche des Gladiateurs..... Tronsselle

ST. BARNABAS'S. Holy eucharist, 8 a. m.; matins, 10:30 a. m.; choral eucharist, 11 a. m. Preacher, Rev. H. St. J. Payne. Hymns..... 290, 322 and 324 Evening. Voluntary—Berceuse..... Redhead Hymns..... 281, 220 and 24 Offertory—Melody in G..... Wely Postlude—Festal March..... Scotson Clark Preacher, Rev. C. B. Basket, vicar of Buxton, Yorkshire.

ST. JOHN'S. The musical portion of the services follows: Matins. Venite..... Stanley Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter To Deum—Alternative (2nd Set)..... Agston Hymn..... 4 Kyrie..... McEldon Gloria Tibi..... Goss Offertory Sentences..... Harby Hymn..... 313 Evening. Pro. Hymns..... 300 Psalms..... Cathedral Psalter Magnificat..... Sauter Nunc Dimittis..... Foster Hymns..... 220, 281 and 477 Vesper—Lord Keep Us Safe..... An organ recital will be given after the service by F. T. Watkins; soloist, Miss H. Leteron.

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN. Services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The morning service will be devoted specially to the children. The preacher for the day will be Rev. A. Ewing. The musical portion is as follows: Morning. Organ—Eloquence..... Smith Psalm..... 14 Anthem—Praise Ye the Father..... Gounod Hymns..... 482, 404, 252 and 493 Solo—The Children's Home..... Cowen Miss Queenie McCoy. Organ—Processional March..... Mason Evening. Organ—Priore Offertorie..... Devred Psalm..... 110 Anthem—For the Sake..... Simper Hymns..... 281, 404 and 386 Solo—The Unseen Kingdom..... Lane H. Kent. Organ—Allegro Vivace in D..... Field

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN. Services will be held at 11 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening, at which the pastor, Rev. Dr. Campbell, will preach. Junior Christian Endeavor Society meeting at 10 a. m. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m. Musical selections follow: Morning. Psalm..... 72 Hymns..... 561, 330 and 200 Anthem—Praise the Lord..... H. A. Slater Evening. Hymns..... 47, 245, 192 and 284 Anthem—Protect Us Through the Coming Night..... Cushman Tenor Solo; G. Redman; Alto and Tenor Duet, Miss Howell and Mr. Redman. Solo—Guard While I Sleep..... Mrs. H. Currie.

CHRISTIAN PSYCHIC RESEARCH. The Christian Psychic Research Society meets at Labor hall at 8 p. m. Address by Dr. Jameson. REGIMENTAL ORDER. The Peace Establishment of the Fifth—A Number of Promotions. The following regimental order has been issued by Lieut.-Col. J. A. Hall, commanding the Fifth Regiment: Regimental Headquarters, Victoria, B. C., June 4th, 1904. The following is the peace establishment of the Fifth Regiment C. A. as authorized by the Governor-General in council, 22nd February, 1904: Regimental Staff—Lieut.-Colonel, 1, horse, 1; major, 1, horse, 1; adjutant, 1, horse, 1; quartermaster, 1, medical officer, 1; paymaster, 1; sergeant-major, 1; quartermaster sergeant, 1; bandmaster, 1; orderly room sergeant, 1; paymaster sergeant, 1; corporal medical orderly, 1. Detachment of Companies (6)—Captains, 2; subalterns, 3; company sergeant-major, 1; sergeants, 4; trumpeter, 1; corporals, 3; bombardiers, 2; gunners, 4. Recaptulation—Officers, 96; staff sergeants and sergeants, 35; trumpeters, 6; rank and file, 271; total, 348; horses, 3. The following promotions, having been recommended, the undermentioned will act



Sunlight Soap makes flannels, merino, cashmere, lisle thread or silk underwear, soft, fleecy and clean smelling. It will not shrink, harden, roughen or eat the fabric because there is no free alkali or sharp-biting acids in Sunlight Soap. It is pure soap, made of pure fats and pure vegetable oils. All the fat is saponified in

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It will not make flannels, woollens or blankets greasy, oily, yellowish or musty smelling. And Sunlight Soap will never turn rancid or sticky. Sunlight Soap, when used according to directions, will do twice as much as common soap. The best soap in the world for the general wash. BUY THE OCTAGON BAR. LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO, CANADA

the morning at 11; Rev. Mr. Dakin, of Emmanuel Baptist church, will address the children in the afternoon at the open session, and the pastor will preach his farewell sermon in the evening. Special music will be furnished by the choir, and the services otherwise made especially attractive. Come and encourage us. S. S. Osterhout, Ph. D., pastor.

METROPOLITAN METHODIST. Rev. Elliott S. Rowe will preach at both services. Topic of the morning sermon, "Elijah." At the morning service Mrs. Gideon Hicks will sing "The Shall Feed His Flock," from "The Messiah"; and at the evening service Miss Charlotte M. Spencer will sing "My Redeemer and My Lord," by Dudley Buck. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2:30 p. m.

CALVARY BAPTIST. Pastor, Rev. J. F. Viebert, M. A. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. The pastor will preach the morning subject, "The Greatness of the Servant"; evening, "The Son's Thine and Satisfaction." The ordinance of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the evening service. Sunday school and Bible class at 2:30 p. m.; R. Y. P. U., Monday, 8 p. m.; prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m.

PSYCHIC RESEARCH SOCIETY. A spiritual meeting will be held at the K. of P. hall on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. Spiritual readings only toward the close. All interested are cordially invited.

SPIRITUALISTS. R. H. Kneeshaw will hold a meeting at 155 Superior street on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the lecture will be "Spiritual Laws." Admission free. All welcome.

CHRISTIAN PSYCHIC RESEARCH. The Christian Psychic Research Society meets at Labor hall at 8 p. m. Address by Dr. Jameson.

REGIMENTAL ORDER. The Peace Establishment of the Fifth—A Number of Promotions. The following regimental order has been issued by Lieut.-Col. J. A. Hall, commanding the Fifth Regiment: Regimental Headquarters, Victoria, B. C., June 4th, 1904. The following is the peace establishment of the Fifth Regiment C. A. as authorized by the Governor-General in council, 22nd February, 1904: Regimental Staff—Lieut.-Colonel, 1, horse, 1; major, 1, horse, 1; adjutant, 1, horse, 1; quartermaster, 1; medical officer, 1; paymaster, 1; sergeant-major, 1; quartermaster sergeant, 1; bandmaster, 1; orderly room sergeant, 1; paymaster sergeant, 1; corporal medical orderly, 1. Detachment of Companies (6)—Captains, 2; subalterns, 3; company sergeant-major, 1; sergeants, 4; trumpeter, 1; corporals, 3; bombardiers, 2; gunners, 4. Recaptulation—Officers, 96; staff sergeants and sergeants, 35; trumpeters, 6; rank and file, 271; total, 348; horses, 3. The following promotions, having been recommended, the undermentioned will act

as provisional lieutenants pending publication in Gazette, and are posted to companies as under: Co. Sergt.-Major C. Harris, to No. 2 Company; Sergt. J. Sweet, to No. 1 Company; Gr. L. H. Garnett, to No. 5 Company. The following men have been re-engaged for three years' further service: No. 66, Gr. H. Smethurst. The following men, having been attested, will be taken on the strength of the regiment from the date hereafter mentioned and will assume the regimental number opposite their respective names: No. 112, Gr. Albert Jeffs, June 2nd; No. 114, Gr. Wm. Patterson, June 2nd. The following men, having been granted their discharge, are struck off the strength: No. 203, Corp. B. H. Anderson, May 1st; No. 288, Gr. G. C. Bailey, May 18th. In accordance with the new establishment Co. Sergt.-Major McDougall will be acting Regimental Sergt.-Major until further orders.

The officer commanding has been pleased to approve of the following promotions: In No. 2 Company—To be Acting Co. Sergt.-Major, Sergt. W. Richdale, vice Co. Sergt.-Major Harris, promoted. In No. 4 Company—To be Acting Bombardier, Gr. W. H. Spofford, vice F. Ware, received his discharge. In No. 6 Company—To be Acting Co. Sergt.-Major, Sergt. R. M. Lorimer, vice Co. Sergt.-Major Lettice, promoted. To be Acting Corporal, Gr. E. A. Lakin and G. A. Ross, until end of camp. By order. (Signed) D. B. MCCONNAN, Capt., Adjutant.

A tornado which struck the little town of Selmon, Kan., demolished a church, five dwellings, a much farm property. A funeral service was being conducted in the church at the time, and 300 persons were in attendance. A dozen persons were hurt, none seriously. No loss of life is reported.

The per capita consumption of rice in the United States was three pounds in 1900, is five pounds now, and the agricultural department says that it will go to 40.



Grandma Here sits dear old Grandma in silk and old lace. We boast that no wrinkles disfigure her face; She's healthy and bright and I've oft heard her say: 'Tis because she has used Abbey's Salt every day. No matter how hearty the old folk appear, their digestive organs are on the wane. The stomach and bowels are noticeably weaker. The liver often sluggish. Nature needs assistance. ABBEY'S SALT is the tonic laxative to keep the old folk in healthful vigor. It is so mild—yet so effective—that it puts the stomach, bowels and liver in perfect order without the least discomfort. Abbey's Effervescent Salt Renews Youth in Old Age

Advertisement for Orange Meat. Orange Meat is the Best of the Wheat. The very essence of cereal goodness and nutriment—mixed with another product which adds flavor and pleasant taste. Ready to serve—hot or cold. This Silverware is Free with the Cereal. Coupons in every 15c. package are redeemable at our address. Heavy silverplated teaspoons in sets of six, dessert and tablespoons in sets of three, beautiful silver sugar shells and new pattern butter knives—these are the free premiums. ASK YOUR GROCER FOR ORANGE MEAT—SEND US THE COUPONS. THE FRONTENAC CEREAL CO., LTD., 43 SCOTT ST., TORONTO, ONT.

Advertisement for T. N. Hibben & Co. 10c Will Buy A BEAUTIFUL UNMOUNTED VIEW OF THE PARLIAMENT BUILDING Size 6x8. There are also nine other subjects to select from. See our window. T. N. Hibben & Co. Agents for all the local and Pacific Coast papers. Agency of Crystal Laundry. 96 Government St., Tel. 278

Advertisement for Old Post Office Cigar Store. Smith & Worthington, Props. Finest line of Imported and Domestic Cigars, Cigarettes, Tobaccos and Pipes. Pipe Repairing a Specialty. Agents for all the local and Pacific Coast papers. Agency of Crystal Laundry. 96 Government St., Tel. 278

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117 GOVERNMENT STREET

BANKRUPT SALE

Gent's Clothing Boots and Shoes, Gent's Furnishings, Etc., Etc. The Greatest Slaughter Sale Ever Known in B. C., to Commence

Saturday Morning, June 4th

DOORS OPEN AT 9 A. M.

Great Bargains May Be Expected, as All Goods Must Be Disposed of at Once. No Reserve

NEWS OF DECK AND DOCKYARD.

Admirably arranged and most spiritedly contested were the naval races run off at Esquimalt on Thursday. The weather proved most propitious for the occasion, and the crowds of spectators gathered on the decks of the men-of-war were treated to the liveliest competitions. The ships were lined up at the entrance to the harbor in such a manner as to afford those aboard an unobstructed view of the races, which finished between the vessels. The whole made a pretty sight. Flags and bunting floated gaily to the breeze from all the ships. Ladies in beautiful costumes, and their escorts, and officers in uniform, sat beneath in the shade of the ship's awnings, while blue-jackets swarmed every vantage place about the rigging, and cheered lustily as their comrades swept by them in the races. The flagship's band kept up inspiring music, and as event after event was pulled off enthusiasm ran high. The Flora's men were the pride of the navy, or perhaps to be more accurate, the envy of the navy for the time being. And little wonder; nine events out of twelve went to the smart ship's company, and best of all the Commodore's Challenge Cup went with them. This has now been captured twice by the Flora's men, and once by the Amphion.

Probably the keenest contested event was that of officers' whalers races, which ended in a remarkably exciting and close finish.

The results of the afternoon's programme was as follows:

1. Pacific Station challenge cup, for cutters, distance 3 miles—First, Flora, \$20; 2nd, Flora, \$12.

2. Pacific Station challenge cup race for whalers, distance 3 miles—First, Shearwater, \$14; 2nd, Flora, \$7.

3. Cutters (Marines), distance 2 miles—

First, Flora, \$20; 2nd, Grafton, \$10.
4. Officers' whalers, distance 1 mile—First, Flora; 2nd, Shearwater.
5. Whalers (signalmen), distance 2 miles—First, Flora, \$6; 2nd, Grafton, \$3.
6. Cutters (stokers), distance 2 miles—First, Grafton, \$20; 2nd, Bonaventure, \$10.
7. Whalers (daymen), distance 2 miles—First, Flora, \$10; 2nd, Shearwater, \$5.
8. Whalers (Marines)—First, Flora, \$10; 2nd, Shearwater, \$5.
9. Gigs (open), distance 3 miles—First, Flora, \$12; 2nd, Grafton, \$6.
10. Cutters (duty crews), distance 2 miles—1st, Flora, \$20; 2nd, Bonaventure, \$10; 3rd, Grafton, \$5.
11. Whalers (duty crews), distance 2 miles—First, Shearwater, \$10; 2nd, Shearwater, \$5; 3rd, Bonaventure, \$3.
12. Skiffs (open)—First, Flora; 2nd, Flora; 3rd, Shearwater.

A trip up the northern coast as far as Port Simpson will be included in the cruise which the ships of the station are to take when leaving here on the 13th inst. The vessels will circumnavigate Vancouver Island, and will reach Vancouver by the 28th or 29th inst. to be present in that port for the annual Dominion Day festivities. These over, the Shearwater will, according to report, sail for Behring Sea, and the other vessels of the fleet will return to Esquimalt.

On Tuesday night the ships in Esquimalt will take up a position in the Straits to keep the patch clear for the firing to be done at the forts. Searchlights of the vessels will be brought to bear on the restricted territory and every precaution will be taken to prevent possible accident.

The Bonaventure, which was out on torpedo practice in the Straits early in

the week, had the misfortune for a time to lose one of her torpedoes. It was not lost for long, however, for the next day it was found by an artilleryman near the entrance to the harbor. Some of these torpedoes cost \$500, so that there was quite a bit of anxiety about the one which had for a time disappeared from the Bonaventure.

It is understood that the Grafton and Flora's annual prize firing will be done in July. That of the Flora has already been completed. Last year, it will be remembered, this latter cruiser stood third in the British navy for prize firing, but according to some of her gunners she did not meet with as good luck this season, owing to the range having been increased by 1,000 yards. This was necessitated by the new regulations, of which the navy were recently apprised. Gunners are not yet accustomed to the increased distance, and for this reason the Flora's score, it is feared, will not stand as high as it did in 1903.

H. Fentiman, the storehouseman who relieved the late F. J. Bailey, and who was promoted a short while since to inspector of storehousemen, left last night with his wife and children to take up his appointment at Devonport.

A party of invalids, together with two fine-expired men, leave tonight for England via C. P. R. The invalids will be accompanied as far as Montreal by Dr. Alderson, of H. M. S. Flora, and a sick berth attendant, who will both return after seeing the party on board.

A bluejacket named Albert Williams, of H. M. S. Shearwater, under treatment at the Royal Navy hospital, died Monday last in a fit of apoplexy, and was buried on Wednesday morning.

A London dispatch says: "Captain Colin R. Keppel, D. S. O., who was flag captain to Vice-Admiral A. K. Bickford, C. M. G., when the latter commanded the Pacific squadron, has been appointed to the command of the battleship Implacable in the Mediterranean fleet. The Implacable is a first-class battleship of 15,000 tons displacement and manned by 780 officers and men."

As previously intimated in the Times the result of the Grafton, flagship of Commodore J. E. C. Goodrich, will be carried out at Esquimalt. The sum of £2,200, or about \$11,000, will be expended upon her. Of this sum \$4,000 will cover the dockyard labor, \$5,000 the contract work and the balance will go towards the purchase of material.

A London correspondent of this paper says: "Should the Pacific squadron not be able to discharge its duties with its present strength of four ships, it will be increased, but it is scarcely likely that it will resume its former status as a rear-admiral's command. The south Atlantic squadron, which consists of six ships, is commanded by a commodore of the second class, and it is much stronger in personnel than the Pacific squadron."

It will interest the garrison gunners at Esquimalt to learn that the 4.7 inch mobile gun, which is a result of the mobile 'Long Toms' of the Boers, is to get another chance, as it was rather hastily condemned for want of mobility at the last manoeuvres. It will be again tried at the coming manoeuvres. The 'four-point seven' is a powerful weapon, having an effective range of over 7,000 yards.

"Officer Genge, victualling store officer, has left for England. He has been congratulated on his engagement to one of Victoria's fair daughters," says the Naval and Military Record.

PROVINCIAL NEWS.

YMIR.
The residence of Alfred Garvin was destroyed by fire on Sunday. There was no insurance. Loss about \$700.

NELSON.
Helen West, of Kaslo, was tried before Police Magistrate Crease on Monday on the charge of attempting to procure, in the case of Edith and Mildred Decker, two girls from Spokane, whose story appeared in these columns some days ago. The magistrate reserved judgment for a short time, and later on dismissed the case, holding that the evidence did not quite fully satisfy him that the offence charged had been committed.

ROSSLAND.

St. George's congregation has decided to build at the corner of Earl street and Le Roi avenue. The proposal is to acquire the lots facing on Kootenay, making a block of eight lots in all, and getting permission, under due provisions, to close the lane between the two avenues, as far as these lots are concerned. The present building will stand as it is, to be used as a Sunday school and parish hall for meetings, socials, etc. Rooms will be left on the site for the building hereafter of a rectory. As to the church proper, plans are being got out by Charles Simpson for submission to the vestry. It is hoped that a start will be made this year. There are two or more proposals before the vestry, the one being to utilize the rough stone of the camp, and put up a rough stone church, completing sufficient of the building as will serve for present purposes, and leaving its addition and its adornment to a later period in the history of Rossland. The other is to put up a complete but small building, which will be in fit keeping with the present status of Rossland, and let the future take care of itself. It is understood the parish is clear of all debts, has some funds on which it can draw for an immediate start, and moreover has much real-estate which can be used as wanted.

In the Sunday morning service at the Methodist church, Rev. R. P. Stillman referred to the work at the New West-

minster conference and his impending departure from Rossland to Chilliwack. Since coming to the Golden City, he said, he had formed many strong friendships, the memory of which would remain with him through life. It was a source of keen regret to him to sever his ties with the Rossland congregation. The departing clergyman leaves Rossland on Monday next. He has six weeks' leave of absence from his new charge, and will take advantage of the holiday to revisit his home at Campbellford, Ont.

VANCOUVER.

Hon. C. O. Aellano, who came in on the Empress, has gone East. He is a native-born Filipino, and chief justice of the Philippines. This is his first visit from the islands, and he is now on his way to Washington. On the 29th of this month he is to have the degree of LL.D. conferred upon him by Yale University. Chief Justice Aellano will also visit the St. Louis exposition, and will take part in the judicial congress on September 28th, 29th and 30th.

The Veterans' Association held its annual meeting on Thursday evening, on the anniversary of the battle of Ridgeway. The gathering was very representative, veterans of the Imperial army and navy, as well as members of the Canadian forces that had served in the Fenian raid and the Northwest rebellion, being present. The following officers were elected: President, Dr. Tunstall (re-elected); vice-president, Lieut.-Colonel W. Arsenault; secretary-treasurer, James Stark; executive committee, Messrs. H. Hewick, H. T. Thrift, Chas. Nelson, S. Lucas, Hunt and W. Pedder.

A SEA VETERAN

CAPTAIN DUNLOP, ONE OF THE OLDEST R. & O. COMMANDERS, GIVES INTERESTING EXPERIENCE.

From Niagara to Quebec Captain Dunlop is as well known as he is in his native city, Kingston. For more than twenty years he suffered unceasingly from Bronchitis, but at last was thoroughly cured by catarrhose.

The Captain says: "Catarrhose is the best cure for Bronchitis on the globe, pleasant to use, quick to relieve, sure to cure—a wonderful cure for diseases of the throat, lungs and bronchial tubes." Nothing surpasses Catarrhose; it cures every time. Have you tried it? Price \$1.00 at all druggists or by mail from N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn., U. S. A.

A GRAY-FOUR HELP.—A pain in the back is a cry of the kidneys for help. South American Kidney Cure is the only cure that hasn't a failure written against it in cases of Bright's disease, diabetes, inflammation of the bladder, gravel and other kidney ailments. Don't neglect the apparently insignificant "signs." This powerful liquid specific prevents and cures. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—70.

—The only daylight route to Vancouver and Westminster is by the Terminal railway, 7 a.m. daily.

Superfluous Hair

Removed permanently with or without electricity; also FACIAL MASSAGE and SCALP TREATMENT, with or without electricity.

Mrs. G. Mosche
Hair Dressing Parlors,
35 DOUGLAS ST.

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If you want to enter business. We teach bookkeeping, Gregg shorthand and typewriting. Our school is the best school in the province at any price. Write for prospectus.

The Vogel Commercial College,
VANCOUVER, B. C.

FOR SALE

Two lots and new house, containing 7 large rooms and reception hall. Modern conveniences, beautifully situated near Beacon Hill Park. Easy terms. Will be sold at a bargain.

Moore & Whittington, Contractors
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TO BE LEASED

The handsome residential property on Calhoun Bay road and St. Charles street, known as REGENT PARK, is offered for lease: city water supply, sewer connection, electric light, orchard, ornamental trees and shrubbery, vegetable and flower garden, tennis court, stabling, etc. The grounds occupy an entire city square, being surrounded by streets. A car line passes the gate. Apply on the premises from 2 to 4 p. m. daily.

LEARN SHORTHAND AT HOME

By correspondence. Ten weekly lessons will make you perfect.

OBTAIN HIGHER SALARY

Shorthand is nowadays indispensable to everybody. Utilize spare time. Very moderate fee. We procure positions. Write for free booklet.

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House Painting
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Real Estate

FOR SALE

A SNAP
79 Acres of Land, 12 Miles From City, Heavy Timber, Only \$200 Cash.

FOR RENT

5 roomed house and 3 lots \$15
5 roomed cottage (furnished) 15
6 roomed house 15
7 roomed house 15
Store and 6 rooms 25
8 roomed house 15
Apply to—

Jas. A. Douglas
73 1-2 Government St.

We Have Just Received

Another Shipment of

Massey Harris and Rambler Bicycles

These are Canada's standards, and are acknowledged to be the best. We also repair all makes of bicycles.

T. PLIMLEY

Metropolitan Block, Opp. Post Office, and 42 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the estate of John Wilson, late of Eight-Mile Creek, near Ashcroft, B. C., gentleman, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act," that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said John Wilson, who died on or about the 25th day of January, A. D. 1904, are required on or before the 1st day of June, A. D. 1904, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Denis Murphy at his office, Railway Avenue, Ashcroft, B. C., a list of their claims, and descriptions, the full names, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them.
And further take notice, that after such last mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the time of such distribution.
Dated this 9th day of February, A. D. 1904.

DENIS MURPHY,
Railway Avenue, Ashcroft,
Solicitor for the said Executors.

The Daily Use of COWAN'S PERFECTION COCOA

Ensures health and happiness. Made from the finest cocoa beans obtainable, without any admixture, it produces a beverage of delicious aroma and absolute purity.

Atkinson's White Rose
 Recognized as the Standard
 the World Over.
 We have just received a consignment of this delightful perfume and would appreciate an opportunity of showing it to you.
JOHN COCHRANE
 CHEMIST
 N. W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

W. Jones
 DOM. GOVT. AUCTIONEER.
 Will Sell at
48 Simcoe St., James Bay, 2 p. m., Monday, June 6th
Desirable Furniture

Leather Covered Lounge and Arm Chair; Upholstered Easy Chair; Bamboo Settee; Fancy Rattan Chairs and Rockers; Whatnot; Centre and Occasional Tables; Pictures; Lace Curtains; Dining Ex. Table; H. B. Chairs; Books and Book Shelves; Banners; 4 Fine Bedroom Suits; All Box Mattresses; Spring Cots; Bedsteads; Pillows; Toilet Sets; Excellent Carpets; Matting; Oilcloth; Fire Screens; Clocks; Lamp; Horn Hat Rack; Hall Stand; Majestic Steel Range and H. W. Connections; Glassware; Crochery; Scales; Lot Carpenters' Tools; Garden Tools; Hose; Wire Netting; Chickens, etc.
 Terms cash. House open Saturday, Beacon Hill car.
W. JONES,
 Auctioneer.

Preliminary Notice Customs Sale
 I have received instructions from Acting Collector of Customs, J. C. Newbury, Esq., to hold the annual sale of
Unclaimed, Abandoned and Seized Goods
 On hand at this port, on
Wednesday, June 15th, '04
 At 10.30 a. m., at the King's Warehouse, Customs Building. Terms cash. Details in a few days.
W. JONES
 Dominion Government Auctioneer.

HARDAKER,
 AUCTIONEER
 I am instructed by Mrs. Smart to sell at her residence,
73 Blanchard Street
Tuesday 7th, 2 p. m.
Almost New and Well-Kept Furniture Piano, Etc.

W. T. Hardaker, Auctioneer
 Ladies' luncheon at the Driard from 12 to 2 p. m., 50c.

The marriage of Miss May Dunsun and Lieut. Arthur Bromley, R.N., is postponed indefinitely owing to the illness of her brother, Mr. Robin Dunsun.

In Emmanuel Baptist church tomorrow the pastor, Rev. E. Le Roy Dakin, B. A., will conduct services morning and evening. His morning subject will be "The Royal Law and Life Today." For the evening sermon his theme will be "A Common Concern—Our Sins."

Last evening a meeting of Far West lodge, No. 4, K. of P., was held, there being a good attendance. After the transaction of routine business seven candidates were initiated in the rank of page. Other matters of minor importance were considered, after which the meeting adjourned.

Judging by the generous support which is being accorded the Victoria Tourist Association, local businessmen fully appreciate the beneficial effect of its work. Yesterday the treasurer was the recipient of two cheques for \$500 and \$100 from James Dunsun and the Hudson Bay Company, respectively.

Lord Dundonald's Banquet.
 In Western social events as well as Eastern, the New Scale Williams piano figures prominently, usually being selected specially for the purpose.
 At Lord Dundonald's Banquet in Prince Albert, on the occasion of his late visit there, a New Scale Williams was supplied and so pleased was the proprietor of the Hotel, where the Banquet was held, with its excellent qualities, that he purchased the instrument at the close of the evening.
 Fletcher Bros., Sole Agents, 39 Government Street, Victoria, B. C.

Windsor Grocery Company
 Opposite Post Office Government St.
 Just received a new consignment of Peck, Freau & Co.'s English Biscuits
Nic Nac Biscuits
2 Lbs. for 25 Cents
 Also a consignment of Lime Juice at 25 cents per large bottle.

THE TEES BRINGS BUDGET OF NEWS

RETURNED FROM THE SKEENA EARLY TO-DAY

A Pitiful Case of Attempted Suicide at Port Eslington—Georgetown Has Been Quarantined.

It was fortunate that the recent accident to the steamer Tees did not occur in Queen Charlotte Sound, or in some other open stretch of water, as the consequences attending might have been serious. The vessel arrived from the Skeena early this morning with a new shaft and propeller in position, and in good sea going condition. She will sail again this evening, just two days behind schedule time.

As previously reported the ship shaft broke close to what is known as the lining. The propeller dropped into the water and the steamer was at once rendered helpless. She was taken back to the wharf, a new propeller and shaft were sent for and were shipped north on the steamer Amur. On the Skagway liner Dwyer McHardy and Supt. Engineer McGowan, of the C. P. R. service, took passage, the latter to oversee the work of installing the new shaft and propeller. Inasmuch as considerable boring had to be done to accommodate the new shaft, which was larger than the old one at the time and place of breakage, the overhauling proved tedious. The old propeller has not yet been recovered; it lies somewhere at the bottom of the Skeena.

The Tees brought south five passengers, including Dr. Fagan, who went north to investigate the case of smallpox landed at Simpson. The man suffering, who was with the Tees, is still in quarantine. His case seemed out to be more serious than had been at first expected. Georgetown, where the Nell had called and landed cargo after the case had been discovered, and where the crew had gone ashore, has been quarantined. Another passenger on the Tees was Dr. Lowe, of Regina, medical attendant of the Northwest Mounted Police. He made the round trip on the Tees to recuperate in health, and greatly enjoyed the scenery and pleasure of the voyage. Other arrivals were Miss Pilcock, Mr. Loewen, Mr. Butterfield and C. E. Harding.

Up at Eslington news was learned of a pitiful case of attempted suicide. An Indian boy, as a result, it is stated, of a disagreement with his father, endeavored to take his life by shooting himself in the head. The stock of the gun had been placed on the ground and the muzzle under the chin. Instead of only inflicting a terrible wound by blowing the whole chin away, as also a portion of the lower part of the face, including the nose. The boy was afterwards taken to the hospital and is there receiving medical attention.

Indians and Japs on the Skeena are holding out for more than the customary fee—incited to do so. They want ten cents a fish, while the wage offered them is one-cent less. A large number of Indians were recently brought down the Skeena of the river, and everything is in readiness to commence fishing on the 15th inst., as soon as the question of wages has been settled. The spring run of salmon, however, had not yet set in when the Tees sailed.

The Tees passed the Danube heading for Surf Island, and that ship should arrive tomorrow or on Monday. An estimated 92 tons of freight were landed for the government steamer Ruth. The Tees made only one port of call returning.

SPOKANE'S STOPPAGES.

The Alaska excursion steamer Spokane, which inaugurates her service on the 7th inst., will arrive here about 4 o'clock on the afternoon of that day, remaining in port four hours. This arrangement will apply to all sailings of the ship on her summer schedule, and the opportunity of seeing this city. It is expected that on her first trip the ship will be well filled. It is also thought that many of her passengers will embark here.

EXODUS FOR NOME.

More than 1800 persons sailed from Seattle for Nome on five large steamships early in the week. The steamships Victoria and Roanoke were scheduled to depart for the North yesterday with 500 passengers. Last season the vessels in the first Nome fleet carried 3,500 passengers, and in the months of June and July a total of 4,800 persons departed from Seattle for Alaska.

STEAMER SINKS.

News has been received of the sinking of the N. C. Co.'s steamer Leah, which was tied up last fall in the Yukon between Forty-Mile and Eagle. A hole was punched in her hull when the ice broke up, and she filled with water. The Leah was valued at \$80,000.

MARINE NOTES.

An Ottawa dispatch says that the Victoria Dock Company have filed a plan of their wharf with the minister of public works. Some of the stormy weather encountered by the H. M. S. Empress of Japan on her recent voyage from the Orient is

believed to be detaining the steamship Pleiades on her trans-Pacific trip. She was due to arrive yesterday, but up till noon to-day had not been reported.

Steamer Tees sails for Northern British Columbia ports at 11 o'clock to-night. She will carry among her Victoria passengers, E. G. Russell, P. H. Gilmore, R. W. Stewart, A. W. Stewart and G. E. Seata.

BEAUTY'S CHARM.

A Clean Skin, Rosy Cheeks and Bright Eyes Compel Admiration.
 No woman needs to be told the charm of a clear complexion. No man can be blind to the beauty of rosy cheeks, or the power of sparkling eyes. And every woman—no matter what her features—bright eyes and a perfect complexion come from pure blood—and pure blood comes from Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. By enriching the blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give vigor, strength, health, happiness and beauty. Here is a bit of proof: "For upwards of three years I suffered from anaemia," says Miss Mary Jackson, of Normandale, Ont. "I had no color in my face, my lips and gums were bloodless, and I grew so weak I could scarcely walk about the house. I doctored a good deal, but got no benefit until I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had taken them more than a couple of weeks I could see a change for the better, and continuing the use of the pills for some time longer my strength returned, the color came back to my face, and I gained fourteen pounds in weight. I can recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to every weak, ailing girl or woman."
 These pills are good for all troubles due to poor blood, or weak nerves. Don't take any other medicine—see that the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," is found on the wrapper around every box. If in doubt send direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and the pills will be mailed at 50 cents per box or six boxes for \$2.50.

CRYSTAL THEATRE

Has Become Member of Northwestern Vaudeville Circuit Incorporated.

The Le Petit Crystal Theatre, Yates street, has just become a member of the only legally incorporated vaudeville circuit in Canada and the Northwest, known as the "Northwestern Vaudeville Circuit Incorporated," extending from Minneapolis, Minn., through the Northwest to the Sound and thence to California. Victoria theatregoers can now be assured of at least one family theatre that will have a position to have the latest and best talent procurable.

It is largely due to the untiring efforts of G. W. Boyd that the managers of the various theatres have been brought together and incorporated for mutual protection and benefit. The public will be the gainers, as is evidenced by the many new and novel acts that will be played in the Crystal theatre. The bill for Monday will be: "Olvio, the red-eyed monster," the greatest of all astonishing acts, combining mechanical and electrical effects; Lolo Fawn, comedienne; the great Eastern hit, Wilson and Moran, comedy sketch team, in an act entitled "The First Quarrel"; and the celebrated Eastern novelty act, Mexis and Mexis, the acrobatic candle and the clown.

Besides these, there will be the beautiful illustrated song, "Like a Star as it Falls from Heaven," by Mr. Mitchell, and a new list of interesting moving pictures. Admission 10 cents.

PERSONAL.

J. Adam, assistant city engineer, Mrs. Adam and their two children, left last night on the Princess Victoria for a trip to the Mainland. Mr. Adam will return in the course of a couple of days, but Mrs. Adam and the children will remain for a while on a visit to friends.

Rev. Mr. Knappe, Mrs. Knappe, G. D. Atack and J. M. Bradburn were among the passengers from the Sound yesterday by the steamer Rosalie.

Neuralgia Relieved Instantly

Modern Science knows of no better combination for killing neuralgia pain than Nerviline, which is a miracle of efficiency. Nerviline quickly reaches the inflamed congested nerves. It soothes, quiets, heals them. It Cures forever.

Nerviline
 Where Nerviline is used there can be no Neuralgia, no pains. It is so certain to cure that we guarantee it. Price, 25c.

Nasco
 TRADE MARK REGISTERED
 THE NEW SOAP

Nasco is a household necessity. It will clean linoleum and carpets. It will be found an excellent furniture polish and will clean leather and brighten the colors.

A specialty for blankets, flannels, silks and lace goods. There is nothing in the house that it will not cleanse. It is as effective in cold as in hot water, and is as cheap as other soaps, if not wasted.

Give it a trial, and you will buy only Nasco in the future.



Paint is to a Building

what clothing is to the body. It is just as important. You should take as much care in selecting the paint to clothe your property, as you do in selecting the material to clothe your person. Paint preserves the building. Paint gives beauty to the building. In painting the labor costs more than the paint. There will be a large waste if the right paint is not used.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINT
 is made for painting buildings. It is not a low-priced paint, but it is cheap because the best. It is made of the purest materials—that wear the longest. The colors are bright and handsome.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
PETER McQUADE & SON,
 78 WHARF STREET

CITIES MUST PAY

Expenses Formerly Borne By Government in Connection With Administration of Justice.

Municipalities of the province will be interested to learn that hereafter they will be expected to defray the cost involved in the performance of an important part of the administration of justice. In other words, when it becomes necessary for a police officer to be dispatched to another place to secure a prisoner, assist in a prosecution or an extradition, the municipality with which he is connected will have to foot the bill. Officers have had occasion recently to interview the attorney-general's department on this point, and have been informed that such was the attitude of the powers that be. If this attitude applies to extradition cases, there will be very few prisoners extradited, no matter how serious may be the offence committed. Proceedings of this kind run up into formidable figures, and cities, have all they can do to meet their maintenance bills without incurring any additional burdens.

It is understood that Mayor Barnard interviewed the authorities on this matter the other day, and was apprised of the government's determination, which will bear with especial weight on the younger municipalities.

Baptist Testimony

INSTANT RELIEF FROM COLDS, HEADACHE AND CATARRH.
REV. FREY'S STATEMENT:
 Rev. P. I. Frey, pastor of the Maple St. Baptist church, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have been greatly troubled with colds, headache and catarrh. I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. In fact it has done wonders for me, and I wish to recommend it to everyone." This remedy is also a perfect specific for influenza.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment is without an equal for skin diseases or piles, 35c. 24

Dr. Jameson's last lecture Sunday night at Labor hall at 8 p. m. sharp. Topic, "Success."

Metal bedsteads are very popular, and no wonder, when such artistic creations as Messrs. Weiler Bros. are showing are placed on the market. They have just received a carload in iron and brass in the very latest designs.

This morning a race took place on the Gorge between crews representing the Tomlin and Collegiate schools. A start was made from off E. Crow Baker's boat house shortly after 10 o'clock, and after a close contest, over a straight course as far as the bridge, the Collegiate boys won out by about a boat's length. The crews comprised two oarsmen and a coxswain. Those who handled the oars in the opposing boats follow: Tomlin, Messrs. Hancock and Gillespie; Collegiate, Messrs. O'Connell and Todd. There was only one official in attendance, J. O'Reilly, and he looked after the starting as well as declaring the crew which reached the finishing point first the victors.

DIED.
MONRO—At his residence, No. 19 Stanley avenue, on the 4th instant, Robert Ross Moore, a native of Bothwell, Ontario, aged 40 years.
 The funeral will take place on Monday, June 6th, at 3 p. m., from the residence as above, and at St. John's church at 3.30 p. m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

LEE & FRASER,
 A BARGAIN
 Caledonia avenue, cottage, 5 rooms, electric light, sewer connection, stable, etc. Price, \$1,000. Apply
LEE & FRASER, 9 AND 11 TROUCE AVENUE

Money to Loan
 At Lowest current rates, on approved security. Large and small amounts.
B. C. LAND AND INVESTMENT AGENCY, LD.,
 40 GOVERNMENT STREET

SMALL FARMING PROPERTIES FOR SALE NEAR THE CITY
 We have a considerable selection of these on our lists, of various sizes and prices, distant from the city from two to five miles. Intending purchasers personally shown the properties.

Pemberton & Son,
 45 FORT STREET, VICTORIA.

FOR SALE
 At a bargain, about 20 acres of excellent land, with small house and good orchard, beautifully situated on Union Bay, North Saanich. Apply to
A. W. JONES,
 28 FORT STREET.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED,
 General Agents for
 London and Provincial Marine & General Ins. Co., Ltd.
 Ocean Marine Insurance Company, Limited.
 London Assurance Corporation (Marine) of London, England.
 Absolute Security—Prompt and Liberal Settlements.
 Insurances Effected to Dawson City
 And Other Alaskan Ports at Current Rates.

For Lumber, Sash, Doors,
 And All Kinds of Building Material, Go to
THE TAYLOR MILL CO., LIMITED LIABILITY.
 MILL OFFICE AND YARDS, NORTH GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
 P. O. BOX 628.

.Carvers in Cases.
 We have a fine assortment of these USEFUL PRESENTS. Just the thing for a June purchase. PRICES TO SUIT ANY POCKET, at
AT FOX'S 78 Government St

REMOVED
J. T. Braden's Plumbing and Hot Water Fitting Establishment
 Has Removed from 70 Fort Street to
78 1-2 Douglas Street

Kingham & Co.
 VICTORIA AGENTS FOR THE WESTERN FUEL CO., NANAIMO, B.C.
NEW WELLINGTON COAL
 Lump or Back \$3.50 per ton
 Delivered to any part within the city limits.
 OFFICE, 54 BROAD ST.
 TELEPHONE 647.

NEMENTO WANTED.
 Any reader who may have in his or her possession a photograph of the late Sir Joseph Needham, formerly Chief Justice of Vancouver Island, will convey a favor by communicating with the Times Office.

Trucking, Teaming and General Contracting
 Black loam, sand, gravel and rock for sale.
JOHN HAGGARTY,
 40 DISCOVERY ST. TELEPHONE 184.

St. Margaret's College, Toronto
 A High Class Residential School for Girls
 Mrs. GEORGE DICKSON, Director, Late Principal Lady Principal.
 GEORGE DICKSON, M. A., Upper Canada College, Toronto.

Granite and Marble Works
 Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.
A. STEWART
 COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STS.

Hotel Davies Cigar Store
 55 1/2 YATES STREET.
 Headquarters for all daily and Sunday Eastern and Pacific Coast papers; full line of domestic and imported cigars, cigarettes and tobacco always on hand; souvenir postal cards, etc. Sole agent for "Common Sense Cuff and Collar Buttons," once used always used.
 GEO. C. ANDERSON, Proprietor.

VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY JUNE 4, 1904.

The Famous Pathfinder.

SOME MEMOIRS OF THE LATE SIR HENRY STANLEY, G. C. B.



AN "ECONOMIC" PROBLEM.

Kindly Disposed Citizen—"Young man, doesn't your conscience tell you that you should drink more water and less whiskey?"

The Aged Chief of The Salvationists.

General Booth is 75. Three-quarters of a century have rolled over the head of this man, leaving him still alert and active in command of the wonderful organization he called into being nearly forty years ago.

How well I remember giving out that old Methodist hymn: O for a thousand tongues to sing My great Redeemer's praise.



GEN. BOOTH.

Pacing up and down his room while he talks, with his grey hair and beard, his strong face, his iron will, General Booth at 75 reminds one of nothing so much as an old warrior.

"What do I regard as the chief work of my life?" he repeated after me. "Preaching. Advancing years make no difference to me as a preacher. I forget everything when I get on my feet.

"The Salvation Army had its rise in open-air meetings," he went on. "It is now some 38 years ago since I, then a Methodist minister in the East end, commenced the series of open-air meetings on Mile-End-Waste which laid the foundations of the Salvation Army.

"I divide my work into three principal parts," came the ready answer. "First and foremost I place preaching. Then I have the business side of the Army to attend to. There are 14,000 officers to direct in the four quarters of the globe.

"Satisfied? How can a man at seventy-five be satisfied when sin has got hold of the nation so?" And the old General held out his hand and bade me good-bye.

Nature, not man, is responsible for the existence of adventurers as well as of poets. The longing to shake oneself free of the restraint of bricks and mortar, the insatiable curiosity to see what is round the corner—such instincts are born in one, grafted in childhood, perhaps, by tales of buccannery and travel, but scarcely implanted by any human agency, unless Mother Nature herself dropped the seeds of restlessness in the young blood.

Yet man and the general circumstances of life as mankind has built it up were strong factors in pushing on the late Sir Henry Mottion Stanley on the path for which Nature so clearly intended him. That desire for expansion, of which we all know so much nowadays, was beginning to make itself felt when Stanley was young, after lying dormant since the age of Drake and Raleigh.

Had Stanley been born in the purple of Carlton House terrace, he might have done no more than "go abroad in a 6,000-ton hotel and ask the engineers if it wasn't hot in the stokehold." To all intents and purposes he first saw the light in a workshop, and one may well imagine that the first conscious thought of his childhood was, "this is a bad place; we must get out of it as soon as possible."

There was a great controversy at one time as to whether Stanley was born in England or America. As a matter of fact he was born at Denbigh, in North Wales, and his original name was John Rowlands.

Small wonder that when he started in search of Livingstone his hair was brown and curly, but when he went to the relief of Emin Pasha it was white, scanty and straight as bristles.

In 1850 Sir Henry returned home to marry the lady who had been waiting for him for three years, while he contended with savages and wilderness. Then came more travelling, but this time of the luxurious order—a lecturing tour in America, under the guidance of the famous Col. Pond, who provided the explorer and his bride with a specially built car, on which the couple lived throughout the whole tour.

Politics and Personality. In 1865 Sir Henry was returned in the Liberal-Unionist interest for North Lambeth. With the exception, however, of one speech on the Uganda railway, he did little in political life, and in 1890 he retired into seclusion, to enjoy a well-earned rest in the company of his wife and the little son whom, having no children of his own, he had adopted from a distant relative.

Sir Henry was physically a small man, but possessed of very square shoulders, and a most remarkable strength and steadiness of gaze. Doubtless he must have found this fixed, steady gaze of his big, brilliant eyes very useful to him in his encounter with savages.

However, when the war was ended Stanley threw up his commission, and turned his attention to journalism, which eventually guided him on to the staff of the New York Herald, for which paper he followed the British campaign of 1868 against King Theodore of Abyssinia, after which he continued on a roving commission for the same journal through Spain, Crete, Egypt, Turkey and Persia.

It was in 1869 that the editor of the Herald sent Stanley, "Go and find Livingstone," of whom nothing had been heard for over two years. Stanley was quiescent about the costliness of the undertaking. "No matter," replied his chief; "draw £1,000 now, and when that is spent draw another, and then draw another, and so on, but find Livingstone."

From this time until 1890, when he shook off the dust of travel and returned to marry Miss Dorothy Tennant—the charming painter of street children—Stanley was backwards and forwards between civilization and Africa. Till he learnt to know it as the clubman knows Pall Mall. He fit was that first circumnavigated the 40,000 square miles of Lake Victoria Nyanza, thus proving that it was one lake, and not a series of lagoons, as previously supposed.

On another occasion he lost in one single march 104 men out of 300 by death or desertion. Another journey took him through 400 miles of utterly unknown country—no great, compact, remorselessly-sullen desert, swarming with immense numbers of man-eating savages and crafty, under-sized men.

About Stanley's boyhood there is no very clear information. But at the age of fifteen he had thrown up whatever occupation the workshop had trained him for and worked his way out to New Orleans as a cabin boy, where he had the good fortune to be adopted by a wealthy merchant, from whom he took the now so well known name.

But the adopted father died intestate, and there was young Stanley thrown upon the world again. It was a good moment for the adventuresome. The American war had been raging, for some time; Stanley entered the Confederate army, was taken prisoner at Pittsburg, escaped by swimming across a river, enlisted in the United States navy, and signally distinguished himself by swimming, under a hostile fire, with a rope which he attached to a Confederate vessel, the crew of which had been driven out by the Federal guns. This exploit made him an ensign.

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LORD DUNDONALD,

Whose Sweeping Recommendations Are Absorbing the Attention of Military Men.

AN ACCOMPLISHED MINISTER

Lord Lansdowne's part in the Anglo-French agreement has been, in one respect, easier than either the late Lord Salisbury or Lord Beaconsfield would have found it.

Lord Lansdowne was described at Eton as a "French-looking boy," and distinguished himself by invariably taking a high place among the prize-winners in foreign languages.

Lord Dundonald's report for the current year is an exceptionally interesting state paper. This year we have not the bald chronicle of 1903, says the Toronto News, but a series of proposals of remarkable insight and organizing skill.

Lord Dundonald's plan amounts to a reorganization of the militia on sagacious and convenient lines. It is remarkable how keenly this officer, a nobleman and a professional soldier, has apprehended the democratic and industrial character of our country.

Lord Dundonald's remedy is interesting. First, he would give the district officers commanding greater powers of administration. He would also confine them to office work, for the further progress a grouping of "districts" into large "commands."

Another important suggestion is appended. "Every command," says Lord Dundonald, "should contain within itself everything that is required to enable the troops contained in it to take the field and operate for a period of at least three months, independent of external sources of supply—arms, equipment, ammunition, transport, stores of every kind other than food; in a word, everything necessary for the subsistence and action of the troops composing the command."

It is interesting to note that this is substantially the same plan for separating military training and military routine administration which has been proposed by the Escher committee for the British army.

So much for higher organization. For the lower organization Lord Dundonald has an ingenious scheme. He recognizes (a) that we must have plenty of men, (b) that comparatively few men can

To Reform Militia System SAGACIOUS AND REMARKABLE REPORT ON SUBJECT BY LORD DUNDONALD

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MODERN DREDGE ON ATLIN CREEK.

Courtesy of H. Mining Exchange.

spare time even for the slight amount of training required. Here is his plan for combining these two conditions:

First of all, the militia should contain corps enough to provide 300,000 men when they are at war strength—each battalion 1,000 strong, each cavalry regiment 650 strong.

Secondly, each corps shall "enroll" men up to its full war strength, but.

Thirdly, only a portion of these men so enrolled will be asked to go to camp. The remainder will be asked to practice rifle shooting and to drill half a dozen times a year in plain clothes.

Fourthly, a certain number of officers, non-commissioned officers and men will be attached to every corps whose duty on mobilization will be to act as nuclei to the new corps which will be raised and trained to form a second line of defence.

Military Education.

So much for organization. But a force, however well organized, must be trained, and training means military education. Lord Dundonald's strictures upon the present way of doing things are severe. The present system, he caustically says "has permitted a provisional subaltern, young, inexperienced and untried, to enter and at once obtain a certificate which entitled him to the command of his regiment without any further promotion examination, and without any obligation to keep himself up to date in military knowledge, although many years might elapse between the date of his certificate and his coming to the command."

Here again Lord Dundonald has devised an ingenious combination to meet two differing conditions. He wishes militia officers to remain steadily at their work, learning something new from year to year and keeping up to date. At the same time he wishes to get hold of the busy men who cannot spare the three months' training formerly demanded for a certificate. He has substituted for the former rather protracted courses two "classes." These classes are to qualify officers for appointment as lieutenant, captain, major or adjutant, lieutenant-colonel, commanding, and staff and higher commands, respectively. An officer will take these "classes" as he rises in the service, and thus will return to the schools for instruction from time to time. Elaborate arrangements are made whereby each class can be taken with the least possible absence from business. He recognizes that two weeks is the standard holiday in this country and the whole scheme is based on "courses" each a fortnight long.

Training the Rank and File.

So much for military education. For the training of the rank and file the general officer commanding proposes a scheme based on the method of regimental organization already described. First, he proposes the use of the central training camp of which a good deal has been heard. Then, he proposes that "a few in every unit shall be thoroughly versed in the art of war through instruction given at the central camp by the best men of every arm in Canada, that a larger number shall be fairly instructed by the better taught and more capable few above named, who would go straight from the central camp to district camps, and that finally, the whole 'skeleton' thus constructed shall be clothed with 'flesh and blood' by the addition of men who can shoot fairly well and have some slight knowledge of a soldier's work and duties—that knowledge being acquired partly in the ranks and partly through association with their company headquarters, its lectures and its library."

Thus there will be a certain number, about 40,000, enlisted for service in peace and war, and a larger number, about 54,000, enlisted for service in war time only.

The Company Armories.

What about the fifty or sixty thousand "war service" militiamen who will never go to camp? Lord Dundonald again is resourceful. Everyone knows the little company armories, dating from the Fenian Raids, which dot the country side. When the Lee-Enfield rifle was introduced, exaggerated ideas were entertained of the delicacy of its climate. The rifles were to be kept in central armories, and captains of rural militia were mortified by having to march their men unarmed to and from their company headquarters. Lord Dundonald proposes to reverse this policy and to make every company and squadron armory a centre of instruction and, indeed, of social life in the company or squadron. The plan is already been announced, but it is worthy of note. First of all the armory must seat the whole of the hundred or hundred and fifty men who will compose the war strength of the unit. It must have a few conveniences, such as blackboards, lockers and private rooms for officers and non-coms, such as are provided for the National Guards of the American States. It must have a supply of books and instructional placards, pictures, models, etc. In their men to officers will encourage them, will discuss matters with them, and will be able to impart a great amount of information.

A specimen company will have several officers, a number of non-coms, and twenty odd privates who will go to camp. It also will have eighty or a hundred privates who will never go to camp, and will never put on a uniform. They will shoot at a Saturday afternoon, or of an evening they will be drilled, so that they can form four and march about in fairly good order; and in winter evenings they will meet and be told how the Boers dug their trenches, how a regiment would march with advanced guards out, how a camp would be projected by an outpost line. They will be encouraged to read military books. If war broke out these non-coms would be fair rifle shots, and would have a knowledge of a lot of things a soldier must know. Trained officers and non-coms would make good soldiers of them in an astonishing short time.

A New Drill.

An exceedingly interesting feature of Lord Dundonald's plan is that he actually has provided a new system of drill. By it the cavalry and infantry will learn virtually the same kind of drill. The convenience is obvious. A mass of recruits can be enrolled and given

their preliminary training; then they can be drafted to cavalry or infantry, as the need arises. The whole system, which is exceedingly simple, is devised to get rid of formality, and to encourage individuality combined with mutual aid. The basis is a group of eight men with a "leader." The leader will be able to direct his little command with greater ease than a sergeant can a section of twenty odd men. The officer in command of a company or squadron also will have a number of handy little groups of men, each under a fairly well trained man.

The coherence of the whole scheme will attract the attention and admiration of all militiamen. Higher organization, regimental organization, education, training, all fit into each other. It is a simple and yet ingenious plan, based on our needs and our national peculiarities.



1—Hello! A box washed up by the sea waves.



2—It's marked "bicycle tires." I'll open it.



3—Um—me—I'll run for big chief at the next election.



4—(He was elected by a large majority).

RAINY RIVER MAN HAD TROUBLES

TILL DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HIS KIDNEYS.

Then His Rheumatism and Other Pains Vanished Once and For All—His Case Only One of Many.

Barwick, Ont., June 3.—(Special)—That Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure Rheumatism, or any other disease resulting from disordered kidneys is the experience of many of the settlers in this Rainy River country. The case of William John Dixon of this place is a fair sample of the work the great Canadian Kidney Remedy is doing.

"I had Rheumatism so bad I had to use a stick to walk. I had pains in my back and right hip and I had no comfort in sleeping.

"I could no more than dress or undress myself for nearly two months, and I was for nearly three weeks I could not lace my right shoe.

"My brother advised me to try Dodd's Kidney Pills, and I did so. After taking three boxes I could walk around and lace up my shoes and do my work. Six boxes cured me completely.

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the one cure for sick kidneys. Sick kidneys are the cause of nine-tenths of the ill the human family suffers from.

A Decided "No."

Why should a woman ever be expected to say "Yes" or "No?"

So thought Claude, as she sat one morning at her writing table, with her chair tilted back and a frown of vexation on her pretty face. It was too bad! For Jack had asked her the night before to marry him, and had made her promise to send an answer the next day. Why had he not insisted on a reply at the time? Then it would all have been settled by now, one way or the other.

"Of course, I should have refused him," she said to herself, "but it would have been so much easier to say than to write." All the same, she could not help remembering how nice Jack had been on the occasion, and she felt that she might almost have been tempted to say "Yes." When he put his hands gently on her shoulders, and looking closely into her eyes had asked the question. If he had only drawn her to himself and had dared to kiss her—well, she did not know what she might have said. Perhaps it was just as well he didn't. She was still free!

But this horrid letter had to be written. Of course, it must be "No!" At the same time, how was she to put it? Must she write a formal letter and give her reasons? That would be, to say the least, unpleasant, and besides she would not like to hurt him; and he most certainly would not like her reasons. Perhaps a postcard with the single word "No" on it would be best! But sermons are given to read postcards, and she would have to sign her name, or at least put her initials. That would not do; it must be a letter.

So Claude began:

"My Dear Jack,—I'm sure this is the last letter I shall ever write to you because I'm going to say "No!" I see that I've begun it all wrong, but this is my last sheet of paper. So, please, don't read the words in brackets—I should have commenced "Dear Captain Vane."

"I suppose, that just like a man, you want reasons for my answer. You used to say that women never had any reasons for what they did only excuse. You added that this was one of their chief attractions—now, I must be most untractable, for I've had no reasons, and incredibly strong at infinitesimal distances (I have found it so). Then having got so far, you should say, Claude for whatever the name of the other girl may be, I love you. Will you be my wife?"

"You'll possibly hear then a sound like the warning of the clock, a sort of sob—all the strings-of-its-heart. You should have lost all hesitation by this time, and you could say, the face of, say, the clock, quite close, and kiss it gently first on the figure XII. (that's the brow), then most warmly on figures IX, and III. (these are the cheeks), and then rapturously on figure VI, just where the comic artists put the mouth when they make the clock-face human. You shouldn't neglect the hands, which are often fascinatingly pretty and delightful to kiss—at least so they say in clock-and I hope your little clock when you try all this, will give the true cuckoo cry, which is the fit sign of the ever new season when the young maid's fancy turns—but not lightly—to thoughts of love.

"I shan't trust this letter in the hands of the penny postman, but shall send it by my little room. Isn't it funny that we used to call him Cupid because of his rosy face and bow legs? Now he shall speed, not indeed with his shafts, but behind them, in my own polo-cart.

"I enclose the glove, in case you may have liked to have something to remind you of an old friend, who is very sorry to have to send you such a decisive 'No.'

"I shall be in the conservatory at 9 to-night, and if you care to go through a rehearsal of the scene with the other girl I shall be on my prettiest frock—the pale green one that you like—and do my best to make you perfect (I think you are that already).

"But don't forget that you must always be kind to your little clock; firm, too, so as not to let the works run down for want of judicious winding. There is only one universal key, and you have it. "Ever yours,"

"CLAUDE."

CAN THE TURKS FIGHT?

Mr. Reginald Wyon, in "The Balkans From Within," makes a remarkable prediction as to the result of the Turco-Bulgarian war which he regards as inevitable. When the war comes, he declares, "Bulgaria will walk through Turkey until Europe stops her." The Turkish army is numerically stronger than the Bulgarian army, but the superiority exists "on paper" alone. The Bulgarians are virile and brave, energetic, and patriotic; whereas the Turks are effete. The Turkish soldier has lost the fighting qualities with which it has been the fashion to endow him. He is utterly demoralized; he is a coward—a "most abject coward," says Mr. Wyon, and he has proved it scores of times in conflict with the insurgent bands; he cannot shoot, and has never had any training; he refuses even to be drilled, and he never attacks.

"Colonel and acting brigadier" admitted to the author that "we never fire unless our position is very favorable. Usually we let the band (of insurgents) depart in peace." And when by any chance it comes to a fight the Turk wastes his ammunition in an "appalling" way. Then, to add to the catalogue of his many imperfections, he is bestial and cruel.

The Turks will fight, and probably in some places fight hard, but they will make a hopeless muddle of anything like combined action, and a well-disciplined, homogeneous army will walk through and through them.

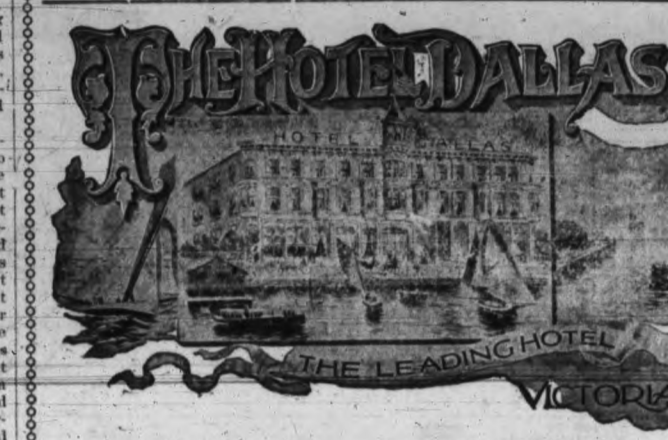
She—"The man I marry must be both brave and smart." He—"When we were out sailing and upset I saved you from a watery grave." She—"That was brave, I admit, but not smart." He—"Yes, it was, I upset the boat on purpose."



The Hotel Driard

C. A. HARRISON, PROP. NEW MANAGEMENT

European and American plans. Service and appointments first class. Rates reasonable. The only first-class hotel in Victoria.



Leading Summer Resort and Hotel

NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON

J. PATERSON, Mgr



Shawnigan Lake Hotel

Shawnigan Lake

The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort outside of Victoria. Twenty-eight miles ride on E. & N. railway. Tennis and croquet lawns, pleasure boats, fishing and hunting. Get off at Koenig's.

MRS. A. KOENIG, Proprietress



Hotel Davies

Family and Tourist Hotel. Poodle Dog Restaurant. Unexcelled Cuisine

Don't Hesitate

Where to take lunch, but just drop into the

Victoria Coffee Parlors 40 Broad St.

AN EXCELLENT MENU

To select from. Everything first-class and up-to-date.

Open from 7.30 a.m. to 12 p.m. Sundays from 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Victoria Transfer Co's

Best Equipped Mack and Livery Stables in the Province

All rubber-tired hacks and finest livery turnouts. Baggage, furniture and freight handled or reloaded—rates and with dispatch.

10, 21, 23 Broughton St. TEL. 129.

Victoria Gardens Gorge Road

B. M. EWING, PROP.

Chicken Dinners a Specialty. Meals at all Hours.

Grand Musical Entertainment Every Afternoon and Evening.

PHONE 332

The Gorge Hotel

Mrs. Marshall, Prop.

TOURIST RESORT.

The Daily Times 75c. a month.

The Semi-Weekly Times \$1 a year.

THE DAILY TIMES, DELIVERED AT YOUR HOME, 75c. PER MONTH.

SYNOPSIS OF REGULATIONS FOR DISPOSAL OF MINERALS ON DOMINION LANDS IN MANITOBA, THE NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES AND THE YUKON TERRITORY.

Coal—Coal lands may be purchased at \$16 per acre for soft coal and \$20 for anthracite. Not more than 320 acres can be acquired by one individual, or company. Royalty at the rate of ten cents per ton of 2,000 pounds shall be collected on the gross output.

Quartz—Persons of eighteen years and over and joint stock companies holding free miners' certificates may obtain entry for a mining claim.

A free miner's certificate is granted for one or more years, not exceeding five, upon payment in advance of \$7.50 per annum for an individual, and from \$50 to \$100 per annum for a company, according to capital.

A free miner, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500x1,500 feet by marking out the same with two legal posts, bearing location notices, one at each end on the line of the lode or vein.

The claim shall be recorded within fifteen days if located within ten miles of a mining recorder's office, one additional day allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction. The fee for recording a claim is \$5.

At least \$100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When \$500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at \$1.00 an acre.

Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also other minerals in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1/2 per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bench, the former being 100 feet wide and extending between high and low water mark. Where steam power is used, claims 300 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each side of the lease.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of lease. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—His leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, and shall be on a base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days. The claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold a number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$300.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery for the purpose, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined to be sold to the discoverer at the rate of \$1.00 an acre, subject to royalty at such rate as may be specified by order-in-council.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, February, 1904.

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Permission may be granted by the Minister of the Interior to locate claims containing iron and mica, also other minerals in the Yukon Territory, of an area not exceeding 100 acres.

The patent for a mining location shall provide for the payment of a Royalty of 2 1/2 per cent. of the sales of the products of the location.

Placer Mining—Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee, \$5, renewable yearly. On the North Saskatchewan River claims are either bar or bench, the former being 100 feet long and extending between high and low water mark. The latter includes bar diggings, but extends back to the base of the hill or bench, the former being 100 feet wide and extending between high and low water mark. Where steam power is used, claims 300 feet wide may be obtained.

Dredging in the rivers of Manitoba and the N. W. T., excepting the Yukon Territory.—A free miner may obtain only two leases of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable in the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, and subject to the rights of all persons who have, or who may receive entries for bar diggings or bench claims, except on the Saskatchewan River, where the lessee may dredge to high water mark on each side of the lease.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles, where a person or company has obtained more than one lease one dredge for each fifteen miles or fraction is sufficient. Rental, \$10 per annum for each mile of lease. Royalty at the rate of two and a half per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds \$10,000.

Dredging in the Yukon Territory.—His leases of five miles each may be granted to a free miner for a term of twenty years, also renewable.

The lessee's right is confined to the submerged bed or bars of the river below low water mark, that boundary to be fixed by its position on the 1st day of August in the year of the date of the lease.

The lessee shall have one dredge in operation within two years from the date of the lease, and one dredge for each five miles within six years from such date. Rental, \$100 per mile for first year and \$10 per mile for each subsequent year. Royalty, same as placer mining.

Placer Mining in the Yukon Territory.—Creek, gulch, river and hill claims shall not exceed 250 feet in length, and shall be on a base line or general direction of the creek or gulch, the width being from 1,000 to 2,000 feet. All other placer claims shall be 250 feet square.

Claims are marked by two legal posts, one at each end, bearing notices. Entry must be obtained within ten days. The claim is within ten miles of mining recorder's office. One extra day allowed for each additional ten miles or fraction.

The person or company staking a claim must hold a free miner's certificate.

The discoverer is entitled to a claim of 1,000 feet in length, and if the party consists of two, 1,500 feet altogether, on the output of which no royalty shall be charged, the rest of the party ordinary claims only.

Entry fee, \$10. Royalty at the rate of two and one-half per cent. on the value of the gold shipped from the Yukon Territory to be paid to the Comptroller.

No free miner shall receive a grant of more than one mining claim on each separate river, creek or gulch, but the same miner may hold a number of claims by purchase, and free miners may work their claims in partnership by filing notice and paying fee of \$2. A claim may be abandoned, and another obtained on the same creek, gulch or river, by giving notice and paying a fee.

Work must be done on a claim each year to the value of at least \$300.

A certificate that work has been done must be obtained each year; if not, the claim shall be deemed to be abandoned, and open to occupation and entry by a free miner.

The boundaries of a claim may be defined absolutely by having a survey made and publishing notices in the Yukon Official Gazette.

Petroleum.—All unappropriated Dominion Lands in Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and within the Yukon Territory are open to prospecting for petroleum, and the Minister may reserve for an individual or company having machinery for the purpose, an area not exceeding 640 acres, including the oil well and such other land as may be determined to be sold to the discoverer at the rate

Sericulture--SILK FROM EGG TO REEL

PAPER READ BEFORE VICTORIA NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY BY E. A. WALLACE.

From 1805-1880, my father, Dr. Wallace, of Colchester, Eng., conducted a most exhaustive series of experiments in silk worm cultivation. These experiments were undertaken for the purpose of demonstrating that silk could be grown as successfully in England as in other countries, and also in the hope that it might become one of our national industries.

He did not confine his attention to the ordinary silk worm of commerce, Bombyx Mori, but had in cultivation nearly every species of silk-producing insect that could be obtained. His experiments with the mulberry worm, at least, were highly satisfactory. His moths, cocoons, reeled and woven silk of this and many other species, were exhibited in many parts of the country. He wrote several pamphlets on this subject, part of one of which was reprinted in Cassell's Popular Educator. With facts from this publication and what I learned from working with my father I shall endeavor to interest you for a short time this evening.

It has frequently occurred to me that the coast climate, especially that of this island, is peculiarly well adapted to the industry, and while giving you a short sketch of the life history of these insects, and of the modus operandi of educating them, I shall endeavor to give prominence to those facts which have led me to this conclusion.

Silk, as you are all doubtless aware, is the product of a caterpillar, and is reeled from the cocoon or covering that the insect spins round itself as a protection during its pupal stage of existence. The greater portion of the silk used is the product of the Bombyx Mori, or mulberry silk worm, though many other species are used in different countries. I intend only to mention one other kind, the B Yama-mai, a native of Japan, which feeds on the oak. For centuries the product of this species belonged to the royal family of Japan, and the penalty for exporting the eggs was death. However, in 1861 eggs were obtained by the French, and in 1865 my father began to experiment with it. It is a very handsome species in all its stages, and spins a large cocoon, weighing 8 grammes, whereas the cocoon of B Mori only weighs 2.5-3 grammes. The silk is stronger than that of B Mori, and reels very readily, and fetches almost as much as that of B Mori. Unfortunately, as soon as hot weather came on the worms invariably became diseased, and many died. Not only did he cultivate them indoors, but had a large canvas structure, and also one covered with wire netting erected in the garden, in which various oaks were planted, including the Japanese varieties, on which they naturally feed. But the experiment was a failure. The following is taken from his work: "I cannot but believe that with a little more information we shall be able to naturalize in the cooler and moister localities of Great Britain and Ireland this Bombyx and its valuable product." I have mentioned this species because it seems to me we have in this locality the very climatic conditions which it seems to demand, and an abundance of waste land covered with scrub oaks. Anyway an experiment would be worth the trial.

Now let us take up the mulberry silk worm. There is one great difference between this and any other species. It is domesticated. The worms do not stray from the trays on which they are fed, and the moths do not attempt to fly. If you throw them in the air they fall to the ground within a few yards. This seems to be a curious instance of artificial "survival of the fittest." During thousands of years those worms that have shown a tendency to stay at home have been selected, and the eggs from those moths, which exhibited a similar tendency have been selected for stock until the stay at home race which we now possess has been evolved. Every species but this must be kept in confinement.

The first step in the raising of silk worms is a plantation of mulberry trees. Lettuce or dandelion leaves or any other substitute tend to induce disease, produce weak cocoons, poor silk and a rapid deterioration of the breed. Of the different time to speak now of the pruning or care of the same. The young orange is sometimes used, and produces good silk, but the leaves are small and take too long to pick.

The next on the list is a "Cocoonery" or "Maganerie"; the establishment where the worms are raised or "educated." This should be moderately lighted, supplied with artificial heat so as to maintain a most abundant ventilation free from all draughts. Absolute cleanliness and absence of noise must also be insisted on. Unless these requirements are met the result is loss of vitality and rapid deterioration, resulting in a smaller quantity of silk of an inferior quality. Though silkworms can be, and frequently are, educated in an ordinary room and profitable results obtained, persons who do so should never save their own seed, but obtain it fresh every season from the best source possible.

There are almost as many breeds of silkworms as there are of dogs. There are those which produce only one brood a year, called bivoltine, and those which produce two or more, called polyvoltine. One first thought it would seem profitable as so many more broods could be educated in the same space in the year, but as their silk is of less value and the labor of raising them the same as that of raising an annual experience have proved that the latter is the most to be desired.

Of annuals there are again many named breeds, 6 or 7 in Japan, as many in China, several in Australia, and many on the Continent. These races are distinguished by the cocoons, and have evidently been produced by careful selection.

Let us now start with the eggs. These should be from some reliable source, for if the start be wrong the result can never be satisfactory. They should be kept at a temperature of 50 degrees to

55 degrees, but never exposed to frost, as that induces changes in the egg and sets up processes that once started cannot be stopped without danger, and the eggs will hatch out prematurely. In Italy eggs hatch out naturally about the beginning of March, in France about the beginning of April, and in England early in May. When there is a supply of leaves the temperature should be raised a few degrees daily until 70 degrees to 75 degrees is reached; at least so say the authorities. My father found that his eggs hatched out satisfactorily at 60 degrees to 65 degrees. In fact all through the education of the worms he adopted a lower temperature than that usually recommended with the most excellent results. One ounce contains about 40,000 eggs. It is well to start with double the amount of eggs that you expect to arrive at the spinning stage. This allows for accidents, and you can then throw away all weakly or ailing worms at once. As soon as the eggs begin to hatch, which they do in the morning, spread a piece of cambrie over them and put a few pieces of leaf, cut up fine with scissors, upon it. The young worms soon rise to their food and may then be removed to the tray they are to occupy, on which is a card with the date of birth, written upon it. It is very necessary to keep each day's hatch by itself for reasons that will presently be given. For the first few days only a few stragglers will appear, and these had better be thrown away. Then the bulk will begin to hatch, and in five or six days all will be out. The best way of handling them is on trays supported by four corner posts. These trays should be 16-18 inches apart, beginning at six inches from the floor, and the bottoms may be composed of boards, laths, strips of tape or netting. My father preferred nets. On these are laid sheets of stout brown paper, and on this paper the nest containing the young worms are placed. These trays may be carried up as high as the ceiling if necessary, but special ventilation must be provided if this is done. Usually five or six tiers are used. It is obvious that the amount of worms that can be educated in a given space is the amount that can be accommodated when fully grown. The usual size of a tray is that of a large double sheet of brown paper 46x29 inches; 2,100 cubic feet of air space should be provided for each ounce of eggs, and 183 square feet of tray space for the same quantity. The young worms should be fed four times daily with finely cut leaf, which should be sprinkled mostly round the edges so as to draw the worms to the sides, and thus give them increased space as they grow in size. Great care must be exercised in feeding not to give them more food than they can eat, as any surplus means decaying vegetable matter. When the refuse composed of leaf stalks and excreta which bed by the worms should be dry, and the air in the room must be kept dry for this purpose. A thickness of one-quarter of an inch the bed must be changed. The operation is as follows: Place a fresh piece of net over the tray, and in the morning before feeding, then feed lightly on the top. By noon the worms will have come through. Lift out the sheet of brown paper with the new worms upon it, disturbing them as little as possible. Spread a new sheet of brown paper on a table, lift up the net you placed over them in the morning and place it on this new sheet of brown paper and return to its former position on the tray; lift the old bed to the table and examine it. Usually a few worms will be found left behind. These are weakly ones, and if you have enough had better be thrown away. If you are short they may be kept, but not put back on the same tray. They must be put with those that hatched out a day later. If about five days the worms will be observed to be sluggish and disinclined to feed. They will be seen to be standing on their hind legs with their heads in the air, which they wave slowly backwards and forwards. They are preparing to moult, or exchange their skins. They perform this operation four times in their larval existence, and these four periods need careful watching by the educator. The operation usually lasts about 48 hours, and during this time they must neither be fed nor disturbed. As they approach a moult they must be fed sparingly, and the first feed after moult also be light. The process of moulting is as follows:

They first spin a secure foothold, which is attached to some part of the bed. If this foothold is disturbed they will be unable to crawl out of their skins, and will die.

The skin cracks at the back of the head and a white patch appears. This is the new face, which is white. The worms are only black in their first age, and each moult finds them with a lighter coat.

They then begin to wriggle about inside the old skin, and finally crawl out, leaving the old skin attached to the bed. Do not feed them until all, or very nearly all, have changed, as if they are fed while changing, many will be smothered. Twenty-four hours after moulting the bed may be changed and the worms will now be much larger and eat voraciously. About a week after the last moult they will be observed to be getting lighter in color, and to be wandering about with their heads up as if looking for something. This is the sign that they are ready to spin, and that the work of attending to them is nearly done. For the last ten days they will have eaten enormously, it being necessary to feed them eight times daily. Their excrement is profuse and moist, and it is necessary to watch the hygrometer closely and see that ample ventilation is afforded. It is also well to raise the temperature a little, 70 degrees to 75 degrees will now be right. Faggots or bushes of broom or some other suitable material must now be placed round the trays for them to crawl into and spin. Ample space must be provided or two or more will spin in the same cocoon, thus forming what are called doublets. These are of very little value, as the silk thread constantly breaks when reeling. A good sample of cocoons should not contain more than two per cent. of doublets; more than five per cent. means a reduction in price. It

has occurred to me that the fillers of egg boxes would be very suitable for them to spin in if set up round the trays. Each worm could have its own corner, plenty of fresh air, and it would be almost impossible for them to spin doublets. Some worms seem unable to spin, though apparently healthy and full of silk. These should be placed in a basin of vinegar and made into gut for fishing. This operation is not difficult, but requires some practice.

A week after the worms have begun to spin on any tray the cocoons may be gathered. And now the work is to be tested. If the worms have been well attended to and are free from disease the cocoons will be heavy and the silk of good quality. If they have been improperly looked after many cocoons will be soft, many worms will die while spinning, and the quality of the silk will be inferior.

A careful breeder selects the best shaped cocoons for the purpose of getting eggs. As the moths emerge in three weeks, and in so doing spoil the cocoon for reeling purposes. All those cocoons not wanted for stock must be subjected to dry heat to kill and dry up the pupa or chrysalis. In hot countries a few days' exposure to the sun's rays will do it. In England and on the Continent they are baked. Two hours in a baker's oven at a temperature of 170 degrees is about right. Cut open a few cocoons and see if the pupa is dried up. If not return to the oven for a short time. Three pounds of green cocoons will make one pound of dried cocoons, four pounds of dried cocoons will produce one pound of raw silk.

The operation of reeling hardly comes within the scope of this article. It is carried on in the reeling mills. I will merely say that the silk thread from six or eight cocoons is twisted into one thread on the reel.

The moths emerge early in the morning, and two hours after may be paired. The males should be taken away in the evening, and the females placed on lard or some other suitable substance to lay. Each female lays 300 to 400 eggs, of which those first laid are the largest and best.

I find it impossible to more than touch on the education of worms in the limits of this paper, but I want to bring prominently before you the facts which lead me to believe that silk raising would be profitable here. I have been in communication with Mr. Felix Gillis of Nevada City, Cal., a gentleman I knew personally, and who has attained some reputation as a sericulturist. He informs me that the industry is not and will never be a success in that country. In the mountains where he dwells the weather gets too hot in the summer. A temperature of 88 degrees Fahr. is sure to produce disease. For the same reason it is impossible to succeed in the valleys. The most suitable locality is Southern California, where there is a more equable climate. But it is too warm for annual races, and they can only raise polyvoltines.

Now, to return to my father's experience. He found that abundant ventilation and a dry air had far more to do with the health of the worms than had the temperature, which he invariably tried to maintain at 10 degrees less than that considered best on the Continent. He had almost no disease in seven years' experience. He grew principally for seed or grain. At that time perbribe and other diseases were rife in France and Italy, and they were seeking new stocks. The price for good grain was then 25s. per quarter. He obtained his seed at 42s. per ounce for some of his. I do not say that these prices could be realized to-day, as I do not know the conditions of the market, but this I do say that we could raise grain here equal if not superior to any in the world. My father, though not raising for silk, sent several parcels of cocoons to market to test their value, and he always obtained a high price for his. Now, we have here very highest summer. There would be no need to revert to artificial means to retard the hatching of the eggs. Mulberries would thrive well here, they prefer hilly and stony ground. I do not think the danger point, 88 degrees Fahr., would ever be reached in fact the magnerie could always be kept below 80 degrees. You will probably ask me here then is the nigger in the woodpile? And I must say at once: The price of labor, if you look at the great silk-producing countries, Japan, China, India; Syria, Turkey, France and Italy, you will see at once that they are all well supplied with cheap labor. But this difficulty is not so great as it appears. The labor is very light, and can well be performed by women and children. The greater portion of the labor is needed during the last stage of their existence, when the amount of work they consume is enormous. The labor of cutting up the leaves can be much reduced by using a leaf-cutter, a machine like a chaff-cutter. Again some of the more recently introduced varieties of mulberry have much larger leaves of very fine quality, and by proper pruning these may be kept as dwarf trees, and all the leaves picked from the ground, so that, as no ladders are required, women and children can really do every part of the work.

In conclusion, I want to say a few more words about the B Yama Mai. If some person who has a patch of scrub oak were to cut these trees back so as to keep them within reasonable bounds, say 9 to 10 feet high, and would procure eggs of this Bombyx, and as soon as the worms hatched out turn them loose in this plantation, I believe he would stand a very fair chance of success. If success were to attend these efforts, you will see at once that the profit would be very large. This is the way they grow this worm in Japan, and of course if you can do away with all attention and merely have to gather your cocoons from the trees, silk raising becomes at once a most lucrative undertaking.

EDW. ALEX. WALLACE.

LITTLE BRAVES.—Old time a quarter-breed "Purgers" are quitting the field in whole battalions. Dr. Agnew's Little Pills at 10 cents a vial are driving them out at all points. Because they act gently, more effectively, never pain, and are easy to take. Sick headache succumb to one dose. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—00.

"Come and dine with us to-morrow," said the old fellow who had made his money and wanted to push his way into society. "Sorry," replied the elegant man, "I'm going to see 'Hamlet.'" "That's right," said the hospitable old gentleman, "bring him with you."



Field Labor for Women.

AMERICAN WOMEN BETTER OFF THAN THE WOMEN OF EUROPE.

Statistics prove that there are larger numbers of women compelled to till the soil in Europe than in America. In some countries of Europe women do a large part of the agricultural work. This is thought to be degrading and showing a poor state of civilization. At the same time there is no doubt that if our American women could live more in the open air they would be stronger and healthier. Young girls are often crowded into poorly ventilated schools. Later in life they suffer from backache, spineaches and headaches. They are not fitted to take up the burden of married life.

A woman does not have to be a business woman to get tired. Many women have housekeeping duties and the care of children, which wears them out—makes them nervous. Our advice to all such women is to lie down in the middle of the day or a short period, on the flat of the back, without pillows or supports, and completely relax, endeavor to forget worries. More important than all is to get at the root of the troubles. A garden full of weeds will not grow beautiful vegetables, fruit or flowers. In the same way a woman cannot look well who has allowed her constitution to be undermined by the weaknesses, pains and aches which so many American women are prone to. To get at the real source of her trouble, a woman should consult a good specialist in the diseases of women. Perhaps the physician who has had the widest practice in this class of disease in all the United States, is Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y. You can get a medical opinion of your case from him free of charge, and your letter will be treated in the strictest confidence. For the majority of women suffering from those distressing pains and drains which come upon her periodically, there is nothing better than Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Many mothers of families in the United States have reason to be grateful to the person who recommended Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is a medicine specially prescribed for diseases of womanhood. It does not cure eczema, catarrh in all its forms, nor heart disease, for it is put up for the single purpose of curing diseases peculiar to women. It has a reputation of over thirty-five years of cures, and has sold more largely on this continent than any

other medicine for women. Another point in its favor—it does not contain a single drop of alcohol or of any narcotic. It is purely vegetable. An alcoholic compound for women is something no woman should take. Womanly weakness will always bring on nervous irritability and a nervous condition, for which alcohol is the worst thing in the world. What the woman needs is a vegetable tonic, like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which will build up her delicate system and bring about a healthy tone. It cures the drains and weaknesses of women, and the manufacturers offer to pay \$500 reward for any case of Leucorrhoea, Female Weakness, Protrusion, or Falling of the Womb, which they cannot cure. All they ask is a fair and reasonable trial.

Mrs. Albert Christ of Banbury, Ontario, writes: "It is over a year ago since I wrote to you describing my symptoms and feelings as well as I could, and asked you if you could cure me. You replied, saying that I had a bad form of kidney disease. As I could not afford to take your special treatment, I made up my mind to try Dr. Pierce's medicines. I took two bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and two bottles of Golden Medical Discovery. Am now almost entirely well; can do all my own work, and without any pain. Had suffered with kidney disease for about seven years, and doctored with three different doctors, and took a lot of patent medicine, but they did me no good. Since I have taken your medicine I can safely say that I am well, and work is not a trouble to me as it used to be. I always speak highly of your medicines and recommend them, because I know they deserve a good name. I wish you every success."

Miss Carrie Sprecher, of Mount Morris, Ill., writes Dr. R. V. Pierce, as follows: "I was back in my old home when your letter came. I will try and explain regarding the good I received from your medicines: For over one year I suffered from what my physicians pronounced womb trouble. Had doctored with doctors in the East and also in the West but found only temporary relief. The next time of my sickness I found myself no better, and in that way it kept going on from time to time until I became discouraged. I finally resolved to write you for advice. I purchased two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets,' and by using only that small quantity I have found wonderful relief. I say to all who are suffering from troubles similar to mine that it is unnecessary to be sick when one can use Dr. Pierce's remedies."

Read The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, by R. V. Pierce, M.D. Sent 21 cents in one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for this 1008 page book in paper covers, or 31 cents for a cloth-bound copy.

FREE DURING MAY

During this month only, I have decided to give away free of charge to every person sending me his name and address, one copy of the latest edition of my beautiful medical book, entitled "Electro-Therapeutics," which explains all diseases of men and women, and how to cure them in every case. It is an invaluable book, beautifully illustrated, and should be read by every man and woman. I have decided to give away a limited number of these splendid books, and every person, man or woman, who wants to thoroughly understand the human body in health and disease, and how to maintain its perfect strength and health always will find this new book a God-send, and of great constant value.

Field Labor for Women.

IT IS FREE

And to be had for the asking. It explains fully all men and women's diseases, how to avoid them, and gives a positive home cure for each. Varicocele, Lumbago, Sciatica, Rheumatism, Losses, Sexual Diseases, Female Troubles, Weak Nerves, Kidneys, etc., fully explained and treated. Send me a post card with your name and address and receive by return post, charges prepaid, sealed in plain wrapper, this magnificent Medical Treatise. Do not delay, but send at once for a copy of this splendid new book. One copy only will be sent to each person. Write to-day.

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Ending 7th June, highest tender not necessarily accepted: Two brick dwellings on Gorge road, eight and eleven rooms.

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All three built by day work, have electric light, modern conveniences and near the tram.

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A Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, with a strong shooting, full choked barrel, suitable for trap or duck shooting, and an extra interchangeable modified choke or cylinder bore barrel, for field shooting. Lists at only \$42.00. Dealers sell them for less. This makes a serviceable all round gun within reach of everybody's pocket book. Winchester Shotguns outshoot and outlast the most expensive double barrel guns and are just as reliable besides.
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Prices Rule at Stoddart's Jewelry Store

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Which will do credit to your home, call on the undersigned for a tender.
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Children's Corner



SCENES FROM CANADIAN HISTORY.

On their second refusal to take the oath of allegiance to the King, the English resolve that the inhabitants of this part of the country must be removed from it altogether. Six thousand exiles thus are forced to leave their homes.

OH, ISN'T IT A BOTHER! Oh, isn't it a bother, When you want to go and play, When mother says, "Here, Jenny, Come put these clothes away!"

Or perhaps it's "Hold the baby," While she mends Tommy's shirt, Or shakes the dustie hearth, Or says, "That's a nice little thing, That you've made thick with dirt."

The children are all playing, But in you have to stay, You do wish she would finish, And let you go and play.

But isn't it a bother, When mother's lots to do, And all those she's working, And gets no help from you? You've only got one mother, The best you ever had, And sure you ought to help her, You know it please Dad.

Our mothers and our fathers, To please us always try; We should return their kindness, Nor ever cause a sigh.

So, don't let it be a bother, To help your mother tidy, You'll find it gives you pleasure, And she's done a lot for you.

And if just feels awful pleasing, To hear your mother say, "Jenny, I'm glad you've helped me, Now run away and play!"

THE VICEROY'S HAT. The Viceroy of Tralee could not find his hat. It was not a very beautiful hat, but it was the best he had. In fact, it was the only one he had.

He looked under the table, and under the bed, and on the top of the cupboard, and outside the door, and in the garden, and down the well, but it was nowhere to be seen.

The Viceroy of Tralee was in those days a very poor man, who lived in a little hut with a peat roof, and a potato-patch and a pig, whose name was Brian Born.

There was only one room in the hut, and he and Brian shared it. There was only one table and one chair in the room, and one bed and one cupboard. Brian Born slept on the floor.

Answer to Scene 32—Walker's expedition destroyed by a storm in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, 1711. Correct answers to last week's puzzle have been received from Edith Maitreux (Victoria West).

see my hat?" shouts the Viceroy of Tralee at the top of his voice, and with that the donkey, who had not his mouth empty, let out a bray that could have been heard from there to Wicklow.

The Viceroy of Tralee was so astonished that he fell backwards into the ditch, because he had never seen a donkey before, much less heard one. There was no donkey in Ireland in those days, hearing that one, and he was only over there on a visit.

So the Viceroy of Tralee thought the end of the world had come, and he did not stop running until he had put two hills, and a stream between him and the donkey.

So he came to an Irish bull by the roadside, and he said, "The top of the mornin' to you," says he. "Boo," says the Irish bull Viceroy of Tralee, "but I'm not deaf."

"Boo," says the bull, again, louder than ever. "Yes, I know," says the Viceroy of Tralee, "but have you seen my hat?" "Boo!" says the bull, louder of all, and up goes his tail into the air and down goes his head.

The Viceroy of Tralee did not wait for any more, but turned and ran as hard as ever he could, past the two hills and the stream and the donkey, and past his house and Brian Born still eating potato skins, and the bull was after him. At last he came to a tree, and it wasn't long before he was up at the top of it, with the bull underneath.

The bull looked up at him, but it couldn't climb, which was lucky for the Viceroy of Tralee.

He was perched on the top branch, and right in front of him was a nest with five little jackdaws in it. So as soon as he got his breath, he said, "The top of the mornin' to you, gentlemen, have you seen my hat?" But they were very frightened, and began to call out, "Mother!" in very loud, squawky voices. So he didn't get any satisfaction out of them. He had to stop there for a very long time—and it was lucky the mother jackdaw did not come home, or she would have pecked him—but at last he was very glad to see the bull go home to his tree, tired of waiting.

So he came down, and very pleased he was to be on dry land again. It was dry, because there had not been any rain for a long time.

And he was dry, too, because of all the running he had been doing, so he knelt down by the side of a stream to drink. The water was very still and quiet, and as he drank he saw his reflection in the water, and thought it was another man. So, "The top of the mornin' to you," says the Viceroy of Tralee. "Have you seen my hat?" The reflection made no reply whatever. The Viceroy of Tralee began to get angry, when it suddenly dawned upon him that it was his own reflection that he was angry with.

And, what was more, he saw that the reflection had a hat on its head. He could not understand that at all, because he had lost his hat, and had been looking for it all day. "Oho!" says he. "That's where it is, is it?" And he reached down into the water to try and pull the reflection of the hat off the reflection of his head. But he only got his sleeve wet, and stirred up the water so that the reflection all went circling and wobbling. At last a brilliant idea occurred to him. He put up his hand to his own head, and there, sure enough, was his hat, exactly where it had been all day. So the Viceroy of Tralee found his hat at last, and he went home. But by that time it was quite dark, and he tumbled over Brian Born, who had finished all the potato skins, and was fast asleep in the doorway.

THE FAIRY AND THE FROGS. Many years ago there lived in a small cottage a woodcutter and his wife. In the garden there was an old well; in this well lived a fairy and a water in the form of a frog. One day there was born in the cottage a very pretty little baby. At its birth

the fairy gave him good luck, while the witch, who wished to do him harm, said that his mother should lose him till he was six years old. Now, it so happened that his mother, while drawing water at this well, laid the babe on the side; he, rolling about, fell in. The fairy caught him and took him into a beautiful marble castle at the bottom of the well, where he lived until his sixth year. On that day the fairy put him in the pail, and when his mother came to draw water she drew him up in the pail. She was very glad to find her little boy quite safe; and, letting down the pail again, who should she bring up but a lovely princess, who was really the king of the fairies' daughter, who had been changed into a frog. They grew up and, when the old king died, married, and became king and queen of the fairies, and ruled happily together for many a long year.

RIDDLES.

When is a man not a man?—When he is shaving. What should you do if you spit your sides with laughing?—Run till you get a stitch in them. Why is "E" the most unfortunate of letters?—Because it is always in trouble and never out of danger. Why is grass like a penknife?—Because the spring brings out the blades. Why are ears like regimental bands?—Because they have drums. The Duke of Northumberland sent the Queen a bottomless thing, in which to put fish, blood and bones. What was it?—A ring. 'Tis true I have both hands and face, And move before your eye; And when I go my body stands, And when I stand I lie. —A clock.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

A woman who lived in Holland of old, polished her brass till it shone like gold. She washed her pig after all his meals, in spite of his energetic squeals. She scrubbed her doorstep into the ground, and the children's faces, pink and round, she washed so hard that in several cases she polished their features off their faces—Which gave them an odd appearance, though.

She thought they were really neater so! Then her passion for cleaning quickly grew, And she scrubbed and polished the village through, Until, to the rage of all the people, She cleaned the weather-vane off the steeple. As she looked at the sky one summer's night, She thought that the stars shone out less bright.

And she said, with a sigh, "If I were there, I'd rub them up till the world should stare." That night a storm began to brew, And a wind from the east blew and blew till, when she came to her door next day, It whisked her up, and blew her away—Up and up in the air so high That she vanished, at last, in the stormy sky.

Since then it's said that each twinkling star, And the big white moon, shine brighter far. But the neighbors shake their heads in fear. She may rub so hard they may disappear! —Mildred Howells in St. Nicholas.

THE CURIOUS CHINAMAN.

What a very curious person the Chinaman seems to us. When he meets a friend he shakes his own hand, not his friend's. He keeps out of step when walking with anyone. He puts his hat on, instead of taking it off, when he wants to be polite. He whitens his boots instead of blacking them. He rides with his heels instead of his toes in the stirrups. His compass points south. Often he throws away the fruit of the melon and eats the seed.

A HINT TO MOTHERS.

If you have a child that is sickly, fretful, nervous, restless at night, or suffers from any stomach or bowels troubles of any sort, give it Baby's Own Tablets. Don't be afraid of this medicine—it is guaranteed to contain no opiate or harmful drug. Give the Tablets to the sick child and watch the quick relief and rapid restoration to health and strength. Thousands of mothers are using this medicine for their little ones, and they all praise it. What stronger evidence can you want? Mrs. D. A. McPalmid, Sandringham, Ont., says: "Baby's Own Tablets certainly fill all the claim you make for them so far as my experience goes. I consider them a perfect medicine for children, and always keep them in the house." You can get the Tablets from any dealer in medicine, or if you write to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., they will send you a box by mail post paid for 25 cents.

Further particulars and conditions may be had on application to the undersigned. The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest bid. W. S. FARMLEE, Deputy Minister of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, May 14th, 1904.

REVISÉ STATUTES OF CANADA, 1886, CHAPTER 92. PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION OF WHARF AT THE PORT OF VICTORIA, B.C.

Notice is hereby given that, under and pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, Chapter 92, the undersigned, by Petition dated this day, has applied to the Governor in Council for approval of the plan and site of wharf, and works proposed to be constructed on and over the foreshore and submerged lands adjoining or abutting on Lots 5 and 6, Block 70, Victoria, B. C., a plan of the said proposed works and a description by metes and bounds have been deposited with the Minister of Public Works, and duplicates thereof have been deposited in the Land Registry office at Victoria, B. C.

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Go to Your Druggist To-Day For a Bottle of Paine's Celery Compound

If you are physically weak, suffering from depression, lassitude, sleeplessness, nervousness, headache or tired feelings, go to your druggist to-day and buy one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, the medicine that never fails to restore health and strength. A single dose of Paine's Celery Compound gives instant proof of its marvellous virtues and powers. Paine's Celery Compound makes and keeps people well in summer time.

Paine's Celery Compound Makes All the Organs Work in Health and Harmony.

If you are sick and desire free medical advice, write to "Consulting Physician, The Wells & Richardson Co., Limited, 200 Mountain St., Montreal, P.Q.

Four carloads of the finest furniture ever imported has been received during this month by Weller Bros. Government street. This means large choice and low prices.

Painless Dentistry. Dentistry in all its branches as done at the SLEIGHBERRY PAIN, Extracting, filling, setting of crowns and bridges without pain or discomfort. Examination free at the West Dental Parlors and compare with any you have ever seen and then judge for yourself.

Painless, Artistic and Reliable. Are the Watchdogs of Our Office. Consultation and your teeth cleaned free. Full set, \$7.50; silver fillings, \$1.00 up; gold fillings, \$2.00 up; gold crowns, \$3.00. In fact, all operations as reasonable as our workmen can make them. Remember the address.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES. The West Dental Parlors, THE IMPERIAL BANK CHAMBERS, Corner Yates and Government Sts. (Entrance on Yates St.) Office hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.; evenings, from 7 to 8.30.

Victoria City. Notice is hereby given that the first sitting of the Annual Court of Revision of the Municipality of the City of Victoria will be held in the Council Chambers, City Hall, Douglas street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 14th Day of June, 1904.

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3-TRANSCONTINENTAL-3 TRAINS DAILY - If You Are Going to the St. Louis Exposition

Take the Northern Pacific Ry., the only line running through trains, Seattle to St. Louis without change. Tickets on sale on following dates: May 11th, 12th and 13th; June 10th, 17th and 18th; July 1st, 2nd and 3rd; August 2nd, 9th and 10th; September 5th, 6th and 7th; October 3rd, 4th and 5th.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. Each route offers numerous attractions. The principal thing to insure a quick, comfortable trip is to take the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

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ESQUIMALT AND NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 50. Table with columns for Northbound, Southbound, and Station names (Victoria, Nanaimo, Esquimalt).

THROUGH TICKETS TO CROFTON. Via Westholm. Stage leaves daily except Sundays, connecting with north and south bound trains. Double stage service Wednesdays and Saturdays, connecting with morning and afternoon trains.

THROUGH TICKETS VICTORIA TO ALBERNI. Stage leaves Nanaimo Tuesdays and Fridays on arrival of train from Victoria. Fare from Victoria: Single, \$5.25; Return, \$8.65.

ESPECIAL RATES FOR SUNDAYS ONLY. To Duncan, \$1.00; Shawanigan Lake, 75c; Goldstream, 50c. Children under 12 years half fare.

Excursion rates in effect to all points good going Saturday and Sunday, returning not later than Monday. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC And Soo Pacific Line

WORLD'S SCENIC ROUTE Cheap Rates St. Louis AND ALL EASTERN POINTS

DATES OF SALE: June 7, 15, 16, 17. For full particulars as to time, rates, etc., apply to E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B. C.

THE GREAT NORTHERN 2 OVERLANDS DAILY 2 TIMB SAVERS 2

THE "FAST MAIL," the Famous "FLYER," leaving Seattle at 8:05 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. respectively. NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA S. S. CO.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO. LEAVE VICTORIA, 7:30 P.M. Victoria, June 12, 27, July 12, 27, August 1, 16, 31, September 5, 20, 25, 30, October 5, 20, 25, 30, November 5, 20, 25, 30, December 5, 20, 25, 30.

FOR SOUTH EASTERN ALASKA. LEAVE VICTORIA, 4 P. M. Cottage City, June 12, 27, July 12, 27, August 1, 16, 31, September 5, 20, 25, 30, October 5, 20, 25, 30, November 5, 20, 25, 30, December 5, 20, 25, 30.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD. AND China Mutual Steam Navigation Co. (Limited). Join Service From Antwerp, London, Glasgow and Liverpool.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING For those who travel via GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

2 OVERLANDS DAILY. Passengers can leave Victoria at 9 a. m., 8 p. m., or 11 p. m., and connect at Seattle with the Fast Mail, leaving at 8:05 a. m., 7:30 p. m., and 7:00 p. m. respectively.

Victoria Water Works. Attention is called to Sec. 22 of the Water Works Regulation By-Law, 1897, which reads as follows: "No person shall water, or use in any manner whatsoever, any garden, yard, or grounds, or any building, except between the hours of 5 and 9 in the morning, and the hours of 5 and 9 in the evening, unless the water so used shall be supplied by meter."

NOTICE. All mineral rights are reserved by the Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company within that tract of land bounded on the south by the south boundary of Conroy District, on the East by the Straits of Georgia, on the north by the 50th parallel, and on the west by the boundary of the E. & N. Railway Land Grant.

NOTICE. When about to make arrangements for a holiday to the Old Country, get sailing lists and all information and secure your berth on the Atlantic through H. H. ABBOTT, 88 Government St., Victoria, B. C. Agent for All Lines. W. F. F. CUMMINGS, G. S. A.