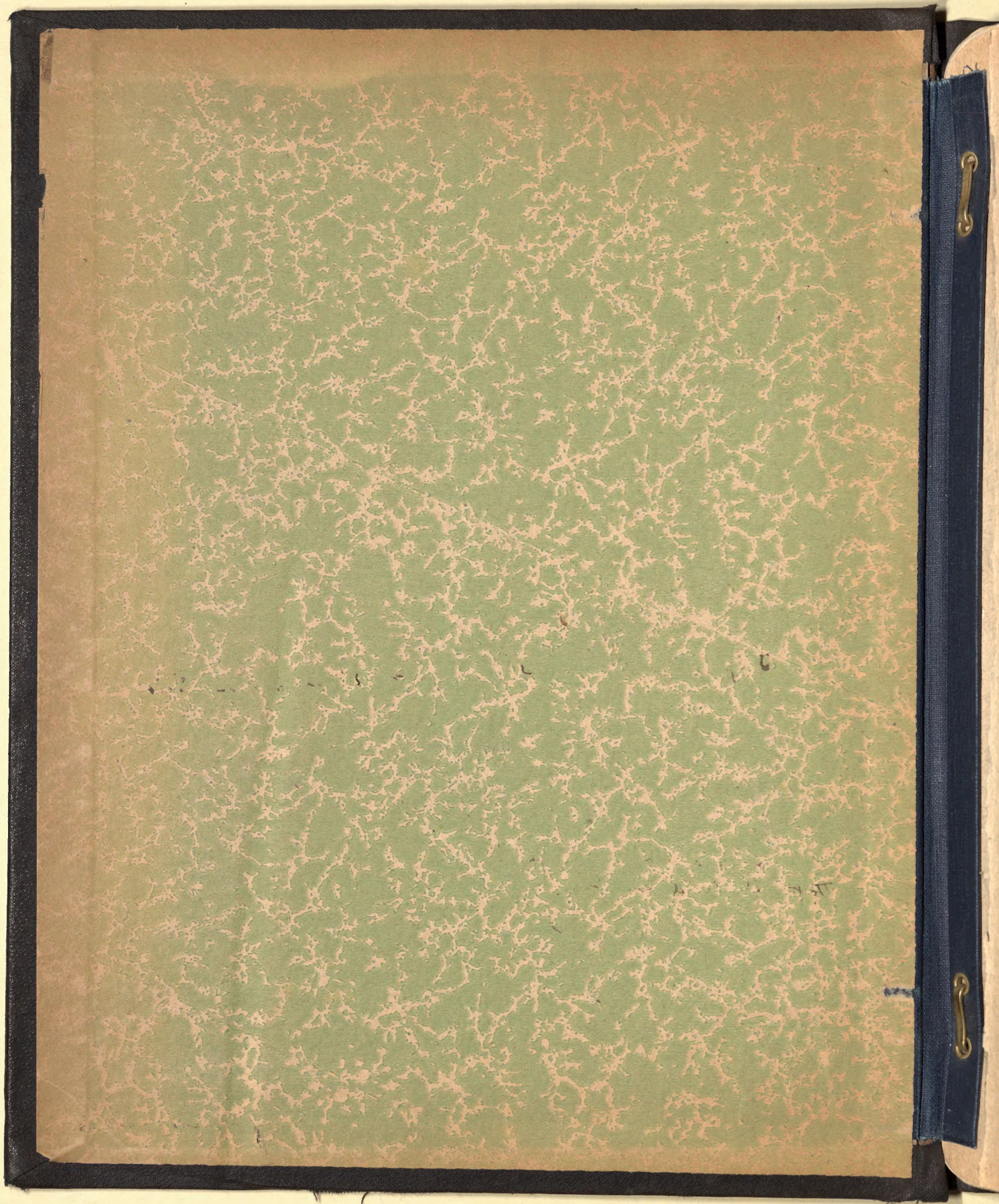


1948
Archoold
Cape York Expedition
Journal of
G. H. H. Tate

1948



Crystal Cascade
Cairns State
Dustbowl

5/11/12

Shipments to B. P., Cairns.

no. 96

1 From Thursday Island
(SS. Alagna)

1 Knockdown box, skins

2. " Portland Roads.
(SS Wandana)2 black boxes
no. 24 - skulls
no. 95 skins# 3. " Portland Roads
June 26-27.
(SS Wandana)1 Knockdown box # 97 l. sk.
1 Black box (small skins) # 77
1 " " (" ") # 23# 4 " Portland Roads
for Cairns.1 Black box # 27 (sm. skins)
1 " # 74 (alc + skulls)
1 " # 30 (Tramm. surplus)
1 " # 32 (H. V. D.)
1 Ann. box # 16 (Ann.)
1 " " # 90 (skulls)
1 empty suitcase (H. V. D.)

5. " In Cooktown

1 Gun box.
1 black box # 67
2 Ann. boxes # 11, 12
1 package (3 knockdowns)

6 " Coen

1 box large skulls (air express)

7 " Coen

3 black boxes (sm. mamm.) # 4
17
57
1 Knockdown (skins & skulls)
1 large black box (l. skins)

8 Cooktown

2 black b. (21, 67)
1 " mouse traps (19)
1 knockdown suitcase
3 Ammo - (8, 11, 12)
1 black b. (21)

1947.

- Dec. 1 Left Grand Central Station. Len & Geoff saw me off.
 5 Left San Francisco (P.A.A.) a few minutes before midnight.
 6 Arrived Honolulu 9.30 a.m. Left again 3 pm. } Read C. Barrett
 6 Arrived Canton Island about midnight. } "Koonwana" &
 (Crossed international date line & lost a day). } "Ratcliffe," "Hep"
 8 Arrived Fiji for breakfast. } "Tues" & "Duff"
 " Nouna (30 miles away from), New Caledonia for lunch } "Sand"
 " Sydney 6.30 pm.

Held up there for re-vaccination.

Dec. 11.- Steamer "Biddford Victory", on which my equipment travelled, reached Sydney, & she was at anchor out in the harbor until a couple of days before Christmas. And my cargo came ashore too late for me to work in New South Wales as planned.

Dec. 12-29 The Christmas season precluded moving the goods until after Christmas and there were other complications. I worked meanwhile at the Museum, measuring, photographing, etc. the choicer mammals of the collection. Troughton left for his vacation at Lord Howe Island on Dec. 17th.

I attended the annual museum "Snoko" as guest. There were witty speeches and several fair entertainers. Very enjoyable.

Met the zoologist ^{A. Skelton} Lesouef, who took me to lunch at the zoo, & wanted to arrange for me to visit his sister's station at Widgiewa (south west NSW), Mrs Otway Falkiner. Lack of equipment prevented. Met E. J. Helstrom, wealthy manufacturer of refrigerators, who is interested in helping the zoo (two kangaroos & a collection of African mammals), & has a ^{large} private collection of parrots and birds of paradise. His assistant: Mr. Asprey.

(Uma)

Visited Yvonne Perron's father, Mr. S. Aurovesall at Manly* and her cousin, Mr. Tom Miller at Cheltenham.

* Bus no. 140 to Woodland Road

Discovered lost branch of my own family - Reginald and Gladys Tate at Woollahra and Bardi, respectively.

Besides "Troughton", the Museum men met were: A. B. Walkom, Director; ^{Silvan P.} W. Hitley, Ichthyology;

List of mammals of NE Australia
 Based on "Furred Animals of Australia" - E. Sproyler, and
 other work.

	Collected	Exam. Neulouren
<u>Ornithonyctes anatinus flossius</u>		✓
<u>Tachyglonus aculeatus acanthion</u>	✓	
<u>Antechinus flavipes adustus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>godmani</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Planifala Ingrami brumens</u>		
<u>Smintopsis crassicaudata macrura</u>		✓
" <u>leimboltzi</u>	✓	
<u>Dasyurus quoll. (?)</u>		✓
<u>Satanellus fallucatus predator</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Dasyurosa pacilis</u>	✓	
" <u>maculatus (?)</u>		
"Striped Waroupil Cat"		
<u>Isobidon prinisalae</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>macrurus torosus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
Echymipera <u>Trametes nasuta pallescens</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Acrobatis pygmaeus frontalis</u>	✓ ✓	
<u>Eudromicia macrura</u>		?
<u>Dactylopsila picata</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>fumosa (?)</u>		✓
<u>Petaurus breviceps longicaudatus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
" <u>norfolkensis gracilis</u>		
" <u>australis reginae</u>		✓
<u>Schreibersia minor</u>	✓	✓
<u>Pseudochinus peregrinus peregrinus</u>	✓	✓
" <u>incanens</u>		?
" <u>herbertensis herbertensis</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>colletti</u>		?
" <u>arcteri</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>lemuroides lemuroides</u>		✓
" <u>cervinus</u>		
<u>Trichosurus vulpecula mesurus</u>		
" <u>johnstoni</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>iberacensis</u>	✓	
<u>Phalanger maculatus nudicaudatus</u>	✓ ✓	
" <u>orientalis</u> ?	✓	✓
<u>Hypsiprymnodon moschatus</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Petrogale leucon (?)</u>		✓
<u>Aepyprymnus rufescens</u>	✓ ✓	✓
<u>Lagorchestes conspicillatus pallidior</u>		
<u>Dendrolagus leimboltzi</u>	✓	✓
" <u>bennettianus</u>	✓	

1947

Miss Joyce Allan, Conchology; Musgrave and
McKeown, entomologists; ^{T.R.} Kinghorn, reptiles
and birds; Tom Dredall, nomenclature & biological
literature; Rainbow, librarian; Fletcher, invertebrate
paleontology.

In Sydney stayed at:

Stretford Hall (Mrs Neil) Phone FM 3687
47 Yarranabee Road (Bus 369 to Thornton Rd)
Darling Point.

Visited Botanical Gardens. Got a few books at stores: Angus
& Robinson; Tyrrell; Moore (who knew Geoffrey Vernon);
K. Stewart. (L. H. Barker & Brisbane)
Maps from Rainbow. Permit from Anderson. Water Book.

Dec. 29 Left Sydney at 1.35 pm. Arranged sleeper on train.

Dry scrub with small eucalyptus trees over high, ridgy
country. Much burnt.

at 2.50 down to the drowned estuary of the Hawkesbury
River - miles of winding, twisted valleys among steep
hills clad with dry forest. Oyster beds. Resorts.

3.02 Woy-woy - a resort

3.10 Gosford, a bigish country town where there is
some citrus grown. So far looked in vain for unburned
country.

3.50 Morisset. Some good - sized hills west. Dove Creek.
This is again drowned land. Followed by Lynda ground.

4.10 Teralba, Cockle Creek. This is another large
estuary. Entering mining country - slight dips, turning
definitely away from the sea.

4.20 Cardiff, outpost of Newcastle

4.28 Broadmeadow. Swamps & tidal river reaching
west. Saw magpies, Crows & Curlew. Train going
steadily up-valley.

5.40. West Maitland. Rock beds dip steeply to S.E.

6.15. Whole broad again denuded of trees and turned
into dairy pasture.

A badly disorganized rush for supper at next
stop - Maitland Brook - at 7.20 pm. Dark.

Dec. 30. 5⁰⁰-6.30 a.m. Light early soon awake. Country
cleared all through highlands to Glen Innis, though

		Collected	
<u>Petrogale</u>	<u>inornata</u> <u>godmani</u> <u>subsp.</u> ;	✓	✓
<u>Thylogale</u>	<u>stigmaticus</u> <u>coxeni</u>	✓✓	
"	" <u>stigmaticus</u>	✓✓	✓
<u>Protemnodon</u>	<u>apilis</u> <u>jardini</u>	✓✓	✓
"	<u>parryi</u>		✓
"	<u>bicolor</u> <u>apicalis</u>		✓
"	<u>ufogresca</u> <u>ruficollis</u>		✓
"	<u>dorsalis</u>		✓
<u>Macropus</u>	(<u>Osphranter</u>) <u>robustus</u> <u>reginae</u>	✓	✓
"	(<u>Megaleia</u>) <u>rufus</u> <u>dissimulata</u>		✓
"	(<u>Macropus</u>) <u>cergurus</u>	✓✓	✓
<u>Hydromys</u>	<u>longmani</u>		?
"	<u>noae</u>	✓?/	
<u>Xeromys</u>	<u>myoides</u> (?)		
<u>Rattus</u>	<u>leucopus</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>conatus</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>assimilis</u> <u>coraciis</u>	✓✓	✓
"	<u>culmorum</u> <u>apex</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>villosissimus</u>		
<u>Leggadina</u>	<u>berneyi</u>	✓	(which?)
"	<u>patria</u>		
<u>Mesembriomys</u>	<u>fouldii</u> <u>rattoides</u>	✓	
<u>Conilurus</u>	<u>pericillatus</u> <u>race</u>		
<u>Notomys</u>	<u>alexis</u> <u>alexis</u>		
"	" <u>reginae</u>		
"	<u>agilis</u>		
<u>Melomys</u>	<u>cerwinipes</u> <u>eboeus</u>		✓
"	<u>littoralis</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>australis</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>limicauda</u>		
<u>Uromys</u>	<u>caudimaculatus</u>	✓✓	
<u>Pteropus</u>	<u>scapulatus</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>fouldii</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>conspicillatus</u>	✓✓	✓
<u>Robsonia</u>	<u>regina</u>	✓	
<u>Nyctimera</u>	<u>robinsoni</u>	✓✓	
"	<u>papuanus</u>		
<u>Syconycteris</u>	<u>australis</u>		(which?)
<u>Odontonycteris</u>	<u>pygmaeus</u>		
<u>Rhinolophus</u>	<u>megaphyllus</u>	✓✓	
<u>Rhinonycteris</u>	<u>aurantiacus</u>		

1947

Dec. 30. 15 minutes north of here the land is somewhat less spoiled.

6.30. A broad grassy valley & rocky stream flowing west. Much steepest erosion.

6.33. Dundee. All steep country. Some wooded hills 10 miles west.

6.47 - 7.15 Good, worthwhile collecting country: -

6.47 Deepwater, 3183 feet.

7.02 Unspoiled hills east.

7.04 Masses of large boulders west, forested. Good hilly country. Railroad very winding.

7.10 All good ridgy country.

7.12 A green steep-pasture valley

7.13. wooded hills and staked stream east

7.15 Unspoiled scrub east of track.

7.18. *Bolivia*. Weeping willows much planted in bottom lands.

7.32 Sandy flat-farming. Wooded hills 10 mi E

7.42 Rocky hills west.

7.47 Rocky cliffs west.

7.52 Rocky hillside west.

7.54 *Bentgulla*

8.05 Tenterfield. Not good; too much clearing.

9.10 Wallangarra (boundary; change to Q. N. black)

9.27 *Lysa*. (no good)

11.55 *River*. Territe hills numerous. Begin Darling Downs.

12. noon. Warwick (left there 12.20).

1.15 Clifton. Soil black rich. Fertile wheat country

"Stacks" of grain.

1.22. King's Creek. Low wooded hills 3 miles west.

Dissected peneplain?

2.02 *Cambooya*. Open, black-soil farming country.

Toowoomba. Soil red before reaching.

7.30 *Foristane*. To *Lennons Hotel*, George St. 183211.

The last portion: steeply down the scarp from *Toowoomba* for 101 miles to *Foristane*. Ipswich, coal-mining town. Numerous farmers' coal pits passed. Coal beds 20-30 feet down.

Dec 31. Bought a street map & took taxi straight to Queensland Museum. Found director George Mack already there. He took me to Customs house where we saw Mr Burns,

Collected

<u>Hipposideros</u> <u>diidema</u> <u>ryerdae</u>	✓.✓
" <u>cervinus</u>	✓.✓
" <u>altanensis</u>	✓.✓
" <u>semori</u>	✓.✓
<u>Macroderma</u> <u>gigas</u>	✓
<u>Nyctophilus</u> <u>bifax</u>	✓
<u>Pipistrellus</u> <u>abramus</u>	?
<u>Chalinolobus</u> <u>pouldii</u>	
<u>Myotis</u> <u>macropterus</u>	
" <u>australis</u>	
Eptesicus (<u>Scoteanax</u>) <u>Scoteinus</u> <u>ruffellii</u>	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓
<u>Scoteinus</u> <u>influatus</u>	✓ ✓
<u>Miniopterus</u> <u>australis</u>	✓ ✓
<u>Phoniscus</u> (Krivoula) <u>papuanensis</u>	
<u>Taptosous</u> <u>australis</u>	✓ ✓
" <u>georgianus</u> ?	
" <u>flaviventris</u>	✓
" <u>nudiclavatus</u>	
<u>Nyctinomus</u> <u>australis</u>	
" <u>norfolkensis</u>	✓ ✓
<u>Chaerophon</u> <u>ptax</u> <u>colonicus</u>	

1947

Dec. 31 Box van, a dentist, lives at Cairns. Brooks cleared baggage at van. It was delayed to museum at 4.30 pm. just in time for us to break open the crates & take out the boxes.

Commenced planning western trips.

1948.

Jan. 1 Worked all day unpacking & reorganizing contents of boxes. That evening crossed river to visit C. T. White, botanist of Botanic Gardens. Also met Mrs White, who brews a good cup of coffee. White furnished many details of special areas, not only for western line but for subsequent travel. Rains starting early.

Fri.

Jan. 2. To Botanic Gdns, where White introduced me to his new ^{S.T.} Blake and ^{L.} Smith. They added much more information. Plans nearly complete.

Back at museum now work on equipment. Question of permit and all-lines tickets - Also the 3 cent rule.

A visit in the evening from Mrs Ann Lethbridge, of Inkerman Sta., 200 miles N. of Normanton (5 miles from Sandy Ridge Centre). (See Jan 3)

Sat

Jan. 3. Called on manager of Penney's (P. P. sco, actually), W. McQueen about supplies. W. Kennedy, i/c the grocery department. McQueen mentioned P. W. D. W. Vidjeon, Chelmer St, W. Chelmer, who has a station right at Somerset.

Last night Mrs Lethbridge gave name of daughter, Mrs (Dr) W. Griffin, Clermont, out from Emerald on the Winton Line; also of another daughter, Mrs C. M. Curro of Taldora, 120 m. n. of Julia Creek (between Charters Towers and Cloncurry). [Road to Inkerman: via Mungana, to Mitchell R. Mission.]

In p.m. Meek took me to the top of the nearby ridge, Mt. Cootla. Good view of city & sea, with Stradbroke & Moreton Islands beyond.

Sun. Jan 4 Jim Brass called up in morning. We are to meet tomorrow. Spent most interesting afternoon & evening with Mrs & Mrs Haber Longman at their home at Pioneer Terrace, Chelmer, U 7824, via Indooroopilly. He was formerly director of the Museum. Meek has now taken his place.

Hobart M. Van Deusen,
12 Highland Avenue
Montclair, N.J.

1948.

I knew him in 1936-1937 when I was on the 2nd Archbold New Guinea Expedition. The depression (or inflation?) has hit them. They have a lovely garden. He has caught birds in the wood at foot of garden beside river with box traps, and used to have Tachyphonus at times - also Boudieria and Trichurus. In garden many interesting plants: Lagerstrœmia, Monstera, Plumbago, Acacia. Took a couple of photos of them (the Lyngboms).

Mon. Jan. 5. Prass came to the museum to net track. He & I took supper with Mr & Mrs C.T. White. Smith, White's assistant was also there.

Tues. Jan. 6. The permit for the Archbold party was brought over in the morning. I took my gear to the station at 11, and left on the 3.20 train.

Was introduced to Mr O'Shea, politician for out in the western line area, who knew a good deal about the county. Also met Mr. Allen, agriculturist, of the National Research Station, 20 miles SE of Curnamulla, who suggested I go out to them. Changed my present destination from Mungallala to Angellala on a advice. A Scot named Buchanan got on at Toowoomba.

Noted some (doubtful) interesting places: - Lockyer Creek; 556 feet; banks lined with lush vegetation. Murphy's Creek, 796 ft. More woody but creek smaller.

Rocky cliffs opposite Calobra, nearing summit. Reached Toowoomba on time - 7.15 pm.

Wed. Jan 7. Awoke after we left Roma about 5 a.m. We were going through grazing country almost deforested. A quite large impounded body of water at Eureka, 1262 ft, 382 miles from Brisbane but no change of Tenaxi until after leaving Mitchell, 372 miles. There are low hills both north & south of Mitchell about 10 miles from the railroad. Another hill north of Ulandella, 384 miles. Quite good undergrowth at 392 miles between Amboola and Oolite, 393 m.

At Mungallala, 400, where I had intended to stay, I found everything cleared for miles. Both milga and brigalow present in about equal quantities. Moreen is quite a little town, with rocky out crops to S.W. Just beyond is the "natural"

1948

Spencer from the 1948-1949 season was in the 2nd position
The other 2/3 of the season. The highest number of birds
There was a very low number in the early part of the season
The number of birds in the first part of the season was very low
and it was to have a high number in the second part of the season
The number of birds in the second part of the season was very high
The number of birds in the third part of the season was very low
The number of birds in the fourth part of the season was very high

A very low number of birds in the first part of the season

open grassland named Victoria Downs. Most of the land is thickly treed to leg. There are very few creeks & those nearly dry.

Angellala

Suzanne (5)
+
Judith (2)

Reached Angellala at 10.45 a.m. (442 miles). Only two places anywhere near the tracks: the first is the railroad town, where Mr. & Mrs James Mutch live. Mutch works only the line; Mrs Mutch acts as station mistress. The other party is Mr. Reilly, wealthy owner of a large property on the south side of the track.

I am staying with the hospitable Mutch's. After lunch took a long walk up the creek, nearly dry except for the impounded water behind a 6 ft concrete dam. The country here is so flat that the stream becomes backed up for several miles. The trees throughout are said by Reilly to be being backed back for some 9 miles away from the railroad. There has been much burning. Old stumps show that the scrub was once much heavier. Most trees now are a foot or less in diameter. There are burnt remains of 4-footers. Some right along the creek are about that large, but most are about 2 feet. A few scrubby bits of brush adjoin the creek.

At 6 o'clock set out my 20 rat traps - 10 in flint-debris heaps, 5 in bushy places by the creek, 5 near the creek valley.

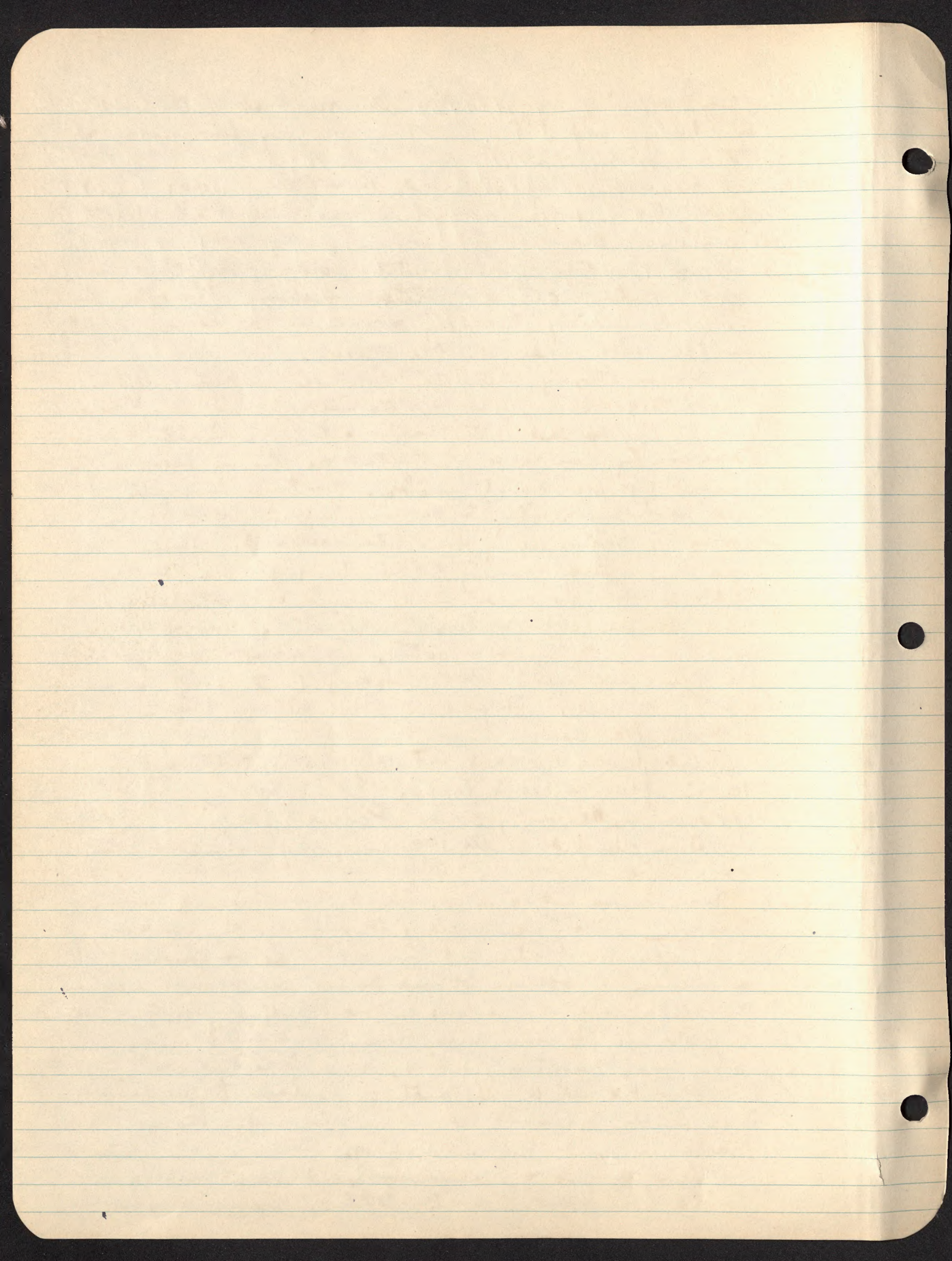
I am camped in the verandah, my hammock slung cornerwise.

Thurs. Jan 8.

Ran traps at 5 a.m. Found two mice which are very like house mice (the female with 3-2 = 10 mammae). Mutch set in his house & caught a number of others. Skinned the two wild-caught specimens. Rabbits abundant. A considerable variety of parrots & jaks. Aprooth birds, butcher birds, crows, black & white crows, magpies, fantails, larks, jacks, "black ducks".

Went out at 10 with Mutch on horseback to see dammed up water holes at 4 and 8 miles out. Kangaroo tracks in mud but not many.

Simple flowers & glaucous-leaved white daisies wild (escaped) around station. Creek nearly dry



except when damped back. Heat very oppressive; -
temp at 1.30, 92°; cold at night, + I needed
extra blanket for hammock at 3 a.m.

Reilly says that there are "very few" animals left here.
Possums "used to be here". Among the "roos", according to
Huntel are the red + great gray, the wallaroo, the
whip-tail (rarely).

Saw one fox. Red-winged parrots feed on sunflowers. Re baited
traps in p.m.

Saw blackish brown duck with eight young. Baby ducks
swam across creek while mother stood near guard fully
exposed. Young swam out from cover + whole family
swam away down middle of stream. I followed
on foot, finally catching up rather close. The females
parked the youngsters in some cavities in the opposite
bank (when, look as I would, I could not see them),
swam out to mid stream + took flight.

Droppings in pig to be very hard in this place.

Went out jacklighting from 8 to 10 pm up the stream.

Saw a number of rabbits but absolutely nothing else. Night
hunts in this country absolutely requires a compass. There
are no trails. The semi-open ~~savanna~~ forest is monotonously
uniform. So far as I am concerned the southern
constellations mean little or nothing. Wasted a shell on
a glowing log (there is still much burning going on).

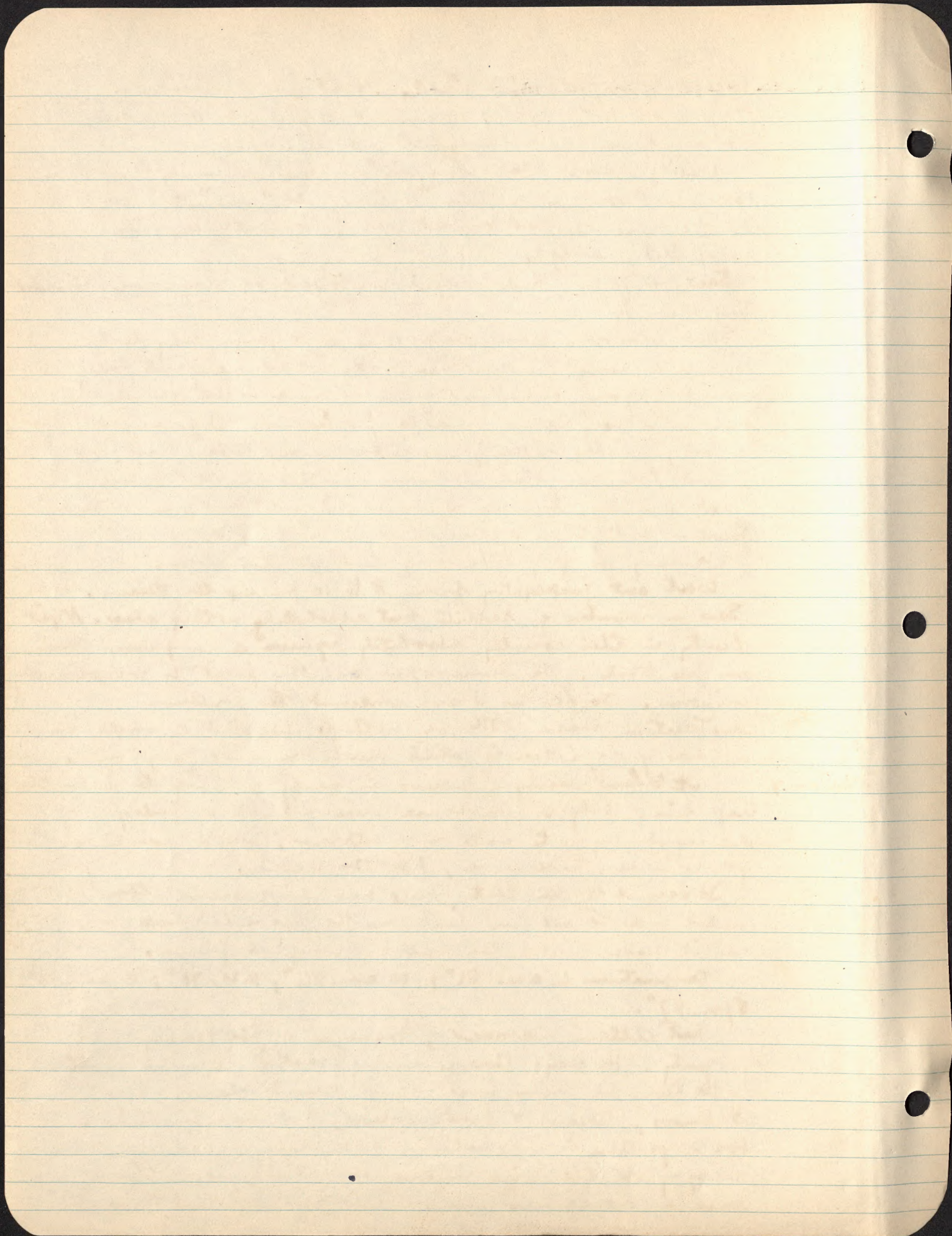
Fri. Jan. 9

It takes nearly 2 hours in early morning to run the
trap line. Only 3 mouse house mice - all so badly
damaged by ants as to be worthless. Took several
photographs, kodachrome, for the record.

It occurs to me that man has displaced the
native rodents out here just as the placental fox +
rabbit have routed the native marsupial faunas.

Temperature 6 a.m. 81°; 10 a.m. 86°; 11.30, 91°; 3 pm, 90°.
5 pm. 87°.

Met Allan Barnes, manager of the Reilly
property. He says there is rocky ground 2 miles north
of the line 4 miles west - by second dam, + that
wallaroos, Grays + Reds occur, but no whip tails.
He says there is a skeleton of a flying phalanger
lying on the wire fence 4 miles west, + that
once a Koala was seen. (This last doubtful to me.)



Sat, Jan 10. Temp. 3 a.m. 73°; 6 a.m., 75°

Left Angellala on "western rail" train for Mirrabooka, near Offham, where Mr. N. Seary had invited me. The way leads thru quantities of mulga to Charleville, where I met Mr. Buchanan and Mr. A.A. Baker, mayor of Charleville. The latter very anxious that I should go out to the Carnarvon Range, 160 miles north, where aboriginal burials and outlines of "hards" in caves are plentiful. There was a dining car which was put on at Mitchell. A sleeper was cut off at Charleville.

Around last gate, 13 miles W. of Charleville, where the Quilpie line branches off, I saw a "bottle brush"-like shrub 4-8 ft, with large orange inflorescences. On pits ~~along~~ ^{Portulacae} all along the tracks.

Along toward Dillala (517 miles) the mulga is smaller & closer. Very large "downs" at Wyandee and Cleverton give the impression of artificial clearing. But Mr. Seary assures me that all such grass-covered areas are completely natural. Quantities of pink breasted, pearl gray galleah parrots.

Plants everywhere very bad. Large red mounded Termitaria, the latter sometimes taken over by ~~one~~ large active blackish road-making ant.

Mirrabooka
and.

Offham.

Cypripedium
viride,
Callitris

Mr. Seary's station at Mirrabooka is on a "bore drain" - small stream flowing from an artesian bore hole. It is a fine large sheep property with an excellent house, well screened, with ample water piped to the rooms. A delightful shower.

Dress around include tamarisk, "pine" (), "box" (), gidgie ().

We at once set out 20 more traps in spots that looked fairly promising (The yield was a single house mouse).

We had root lamb shank potatoes with fried-custard pudding. Then both of us washed up. (The family is away, Dr. S. alone).

I slung my hammock out on the porch, but a wind got up between 12 + 2 & so cooled the air that I had to move inside.

1913

Jan 1st

Jan 2nd

Jan 3rd

Jan 4th

Jan 5th

Jan 6th

Jan 7th

Jan 8th

Jan 9th

Jan 10th

Jan 11th

Jan 12th

Jan 13th

Jan 14th

Jan 15th

Jan 16th

Jan 17th

Jan 18th

Jan 19th

Jan 20th

Jan 21st

Jan 22nd

Jan 23rd

Sun. Jan. 11.

Imnumerable parrots screaming & crying at dawn. Up at 5³⁰ to run traps. Potpart of dry cereal & bacon eggs. Did a big wash in large zinc wash tub (This town has everything).

Mr. Geary showed me number of photos of abo. work in Carraroon ranges (almost all the burials have been desecrated he says). He had also some very good pictures of the Bungea mts., and of an abo. tribe living 200 miles n.w. of Alice Springs. He gave me some of the latter & also a print of two very unequal-sized young in pouch of *Macropus giganteus* (= kangaroo). The fly pest is just as bad here as elsewhere.

Temp: 11 a.m., 93°; 3 p.m. 95°.

Photographed house; also some trees: "box", "pine", bumbut (a narrow-leaved, dense, sprawling shrubby tree), and gydea ("gidger"); also tamarisks by house. Two small herbs, a blue and a yellow, in some ^{other} pictures.

Mr. Geary & I drove in his Chevrolet pickup ("utility"), eastward across the railroad & camped by the "fore" drain (overflow ditch from artesian well). I had ten each of rat & mouse traps which next morning were quite undisturbed.

We looked at dusk for bats but saw none.

at 8 p.m. went out with hunting lamps. After passing at least a score of rabbits saw a kangaroo browsing on the "cooch" grass at the side of the ditch. It proved to be a doe of *Macropus kangaroo* with a large joey in her pouch. We plugged the two back to camp between us.

Mon. Jan 12

Up soon after 5, started the tea water boiling & picked up traps. We left at 6, as there were two good sized animals to be skinned. The nipples in the pouch consisted of 2 pairs. Three undeveloped were but 3 mm. long. The fourth was 80 mm. long.

The young had paired large glands on throat beneath skin - probably thyroids. I was cut, i² just coming through. I'd thought I would feel the decidua i³ reported by me in the Journal

E. coolibah

of Trammalogy late this last year. I³ was not developed. The only teeth were p₃³ and dp₄⁴. The movement of the lower ramus may spread the incisors for cleaning.

Temp. 3 pm., 96°:

Drove over to Offham, 565 miles from Brisbane, in the afternoon. A more picturesque homestead than Mirribooka, with much more shade and an ever-flowing six inch bore only a little way from the house. We drove down to Goulburna Hole on the Warrigo River and camped there for the night. ~~Twenty~~ rat traps and ten mouse traps produced only one shaw coloured house mouse (which am saving). Jacking from 8 to 10 resulted only in the accidental shooting of a Boobook owl, the paired eyes of which I thought were those of a flying phalanger. No other eyes, not even of a rabbit, were seen. A few bats flew through the beams.

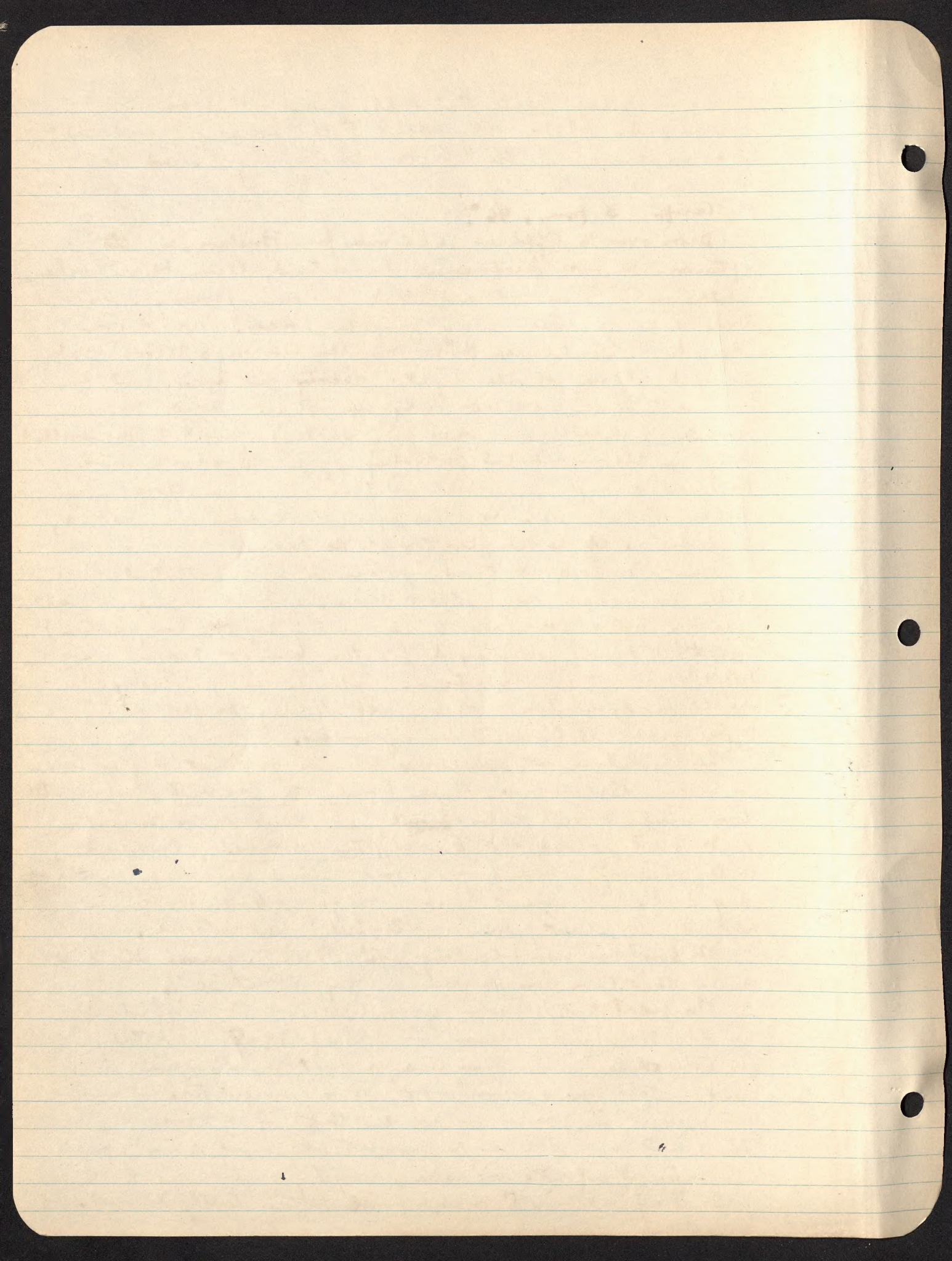
The Warrigo at that place is a subterranean river with numerous dry flood beds, which made perfect hunting trails for one of the hunting light. (see photos)

At Offham we stayed for tea & met the manager Mr Palmer & his relatives. Offham is Mr. Gray's real headquarters. He is just holding the fort at Mirribooka in his brother's absence.

The vegetation at Goulburna Hole is the finest I have seen in western Queensland. Huge Eucalyptus rostrata, gums with beautiful smooth pale ~~grey~~ ^{pearly} green bark fringe the water, and great gnarled old Eucalyptus coolibah, Coolibahs, with staggly, blackish grey bark stand higher up on the dry soil. Masses of bushy fringing scrubby are formed by low-growing li-tree, Melaleuca.

The bore has been flowing ~~for~~ ^{since} 1908, ~~years~~ its flow during that time has fallen off by about 20%.

The great rat plague of n. Queensland originated in the Huxford area in March 1909. Were they R. villosissimus? There was a light mouse plague in 1908. Both years were "good" years for vegetation. The rats appeared in such swarms that if a bone were thrown out from the camp sufficient eyes or ten would rush to eat at it. Saddles, everything eatable had to be put away at night & all house doors tightly closed. For



1948

miles the most of the rabbit proof fence was clogged by the bodies of the rats, caught at their hind quarters.

Tu. Jan. 13

Took several pictures at the river side camp on the Warrego, then time to skin the mouse.

Mr. Seary gave me what looks like an ammonite, collected Jan. 1906 at Cameron Downs Station, Haydon District in bank of Landsborough River, in reworked soil.

Photographed a green tree toad which at night wanders about the house & makes a noise like someone sawing wood.

Put kangaroo skulls out on "meat-ants" nest under protecting wire to keep away cat or dogs.

The periodicity of the rat infestations is like that of the lemmings but they do not occur in exactly the same regions.

Note { Mullbulbin Guest House, Bungya Mts, via Dalby.
Lucerne patch, forester: Reg. Cullen (Ring Sterling)

Maiden, "Mayor" of Injine, ^{stockkeeper,} foot of cliffs (left) 50 miles from Injine. Bottle trees; eucalypt scrub. Roadman's shed on Boogerbo Creek. (Telgram, 3/8)

{ Lamington Plateau O'Reilly - Tambourine.
Spring book

A pair of wedge tailed eagles on a dry tree. Seary has studied their nests. Wide variety: small pigs; bits of kangaroo; goannas; about 20% lamb. He has twice seen a pair of these birds kill full grown kangaroos. They beat them with their wings & wear them down - then literally tear them to pieces.

Thermon. 4 pm, 86°

{ At Dalby: Thomas Jack, Mayor. - for Bungya Mts.
Sheel Hoppe: Snowballer - (bats kept). (schoolmaster)
Stirling: In house in timber due west (property owner).
Cullen's Camp: Lucerne patch (forester's range) & shack.

Wed. Jan. 14

A very cool night. Temp. 5.30 down to 68° Two house mice in traps. The white-bellied animal taken y'day may have been a *Thelomys*.

Mr. Seary reports that a lone cat once brought in a fat-tailed "mouse" (*Sminthopsis*). No trace of them at present.

Schneider
Dehm
Mannich.

fossils
Timbarr
Creek

How.

How.

Divisums. } Staroom.
 } Adaville west of Charleville.

Dexter.

Baker.

W. H. H. H.
J. H. H. H.
J. H. H. H.
J. H. H. H.

Modifications, defects in equipment: black lead pins to be smaller; smaller needles; finer thread; bait needs more peanut butter (wetter); arsenic + alum to be crushed finer; frying pan; more bread; writing pad; stabilizers;

Dalby: Fossils: Thomas Jack. opp. T. & Co. (cross line to S. side).
Hotel Russell.

Late afternoon again visited Offham. Had supper with the Palmers there. No mammals. Geary gave me some photos of nests, ants, a good picture of the cliffs of Cornarvon Range (which I'll not have time to visit);

A Tachyglossus was seen at Offham 2 months ago. "Forty years back possums & bears" (Koalas) occurred along the Warrego River. A few bats sometimes seen. Rats ("water") occasionally taken. No regular rats known. A few mice there, Bilbies and to be common. Saw sheep sprayed.

This is a land of spires & burs: the "galvanized bar", a corn cockle that may have come from America. Other minute bars. Geary thinks a dust storm threatens.

Driving back to Marraooka saw the eyes and form of a small fox.

Thurs Jan 15

Picked up traps & caught 9.30 train returning toward Bourke. Plan to get off at Dalby & go up to Burya Mountains.

Man on train declares: wallaroos used to be common near Charleville - Quilpie line; emus still common, red kangaroos on Mitchell grass downs; grey kangaroos in mallee. B.Pack. stuffed wallabies (form) few miles north of Charleville. Possums got disease; their bones often in hollow trees. Bilbies were common 40 years ago. He has cliffy ground on his place. Ring-barking drives fauna out. He pays 25/- per day to man for ringing trees.

Fri, Jan. 16

MacRies,
William Billie,
40 mi down
Cundamine Highway
Charleville
W of Lake (fossil)

Reached Dalby at 5.30 a.m. Everything tightly closed till about 8 o'clock. Called on Mr & Mrs Thomas Jack. He is Mayor of Dalby & much interested in getting out fossils. He has a garage & hardware business but has abdicated in favor of his son. He is a Scot from


No car available to go to Burya today, but Mr. Jack's general manager Mr. Paxton arranged for Mr. Baker of Burya to take me up tomorrow. Meanwhile we have talked fossils hard. Dinosaur from "upper Permian" at

Faint, illegible handwriting at the top of the page.

Faint handwriting at the bottom of the page, including a signature and a date.

Taroom, Adelaide road of Charleville, and (the first ever found, according to Jack) from "Chinchilla forms western edge of dippr covered lake. Other localities are various creeks and in the block east of at Mackies place at Wiambilla, 40 miles down the Condamine Highway, at Timbous Creek & others of the Condamine drainage system. Hard, ^{disint.} sandstones nearby...."

But fragments
were common - the
quartz eye ring
around Dalby?

Mr. Jack has still a few fossils - parts of Diprotodon chiefly. He has one which neither of us have
rare: I am going to photograph it. It is part of a mandible, the inner half chipped away, exposing a single longitudinally situated tooth and traces (impressions) of alveoli in front  and behind it. Externally there are 3 small foramina. Beneath the nerve canal is wholly exposed by breaking away of the inferior part of the dentary.

Enjoyed a hunt at the hotel.

Stuffed trees, carpet snakes, up on Bungia.

Chapman of Melbourne (paleontologist).

He found: Ringtail; Possum; phalanger; mouse possum; scrub wallaby; dingos; grey kangaroo at foot; wombat; various rats & mice; marsupial mice; bats; (caves below stables house).

"Part of Condamine averages 20 feet below general ground level." (Eucalyptus?)

Fossil leaves at Glen Inyan - Senat - 100 m. SW of Dalby. In lateritized conglomerates. (2 specimens)

Blask (creek) in Dalby 1870. Now all gone.

"At Bonjelon during night, from just the death address were so plentiful that people couldn't go about at night without a light."

Bungia mts.

Sat. Jan. 17

Myall Creek (photo.)

Due to leave Dalby with Stan. Baker (who turns out to be the son of Mayor Baker of Charleville), but we did not get away till 10.30. Reached the foothills of the Bungia Range at 11.30 & got up to the Guest House at 12.30. The way led north over black soil planted mainly to wheat. Then the country changed in patches to outcrops of "basalt" (said to be) rock - low flat topped hills - outcrops of Bungia Range. The grey-green eucalypt forest persisted, then became interfingered with the deeper green of rain forest, gradual

(A number of bare patches of pasture - often very steep - except up through the forest to the crest. My latest artificial tone.)

irregular quantities in patches and bands could be seen higher up the range. The road became increasingly bad but the good pick-ups climbed it quite well. We gradually entered ~~the~~ valley, crossing over a small stream repeatedly. We were climbing near the eastern end of the ridge (which it really is). Past that, to the right (and east) lay a very large high patch which Stan said was "forest reserve". There has been a good deal of lumbering of the Bunya pine and hoop pine (both Araucaria!).

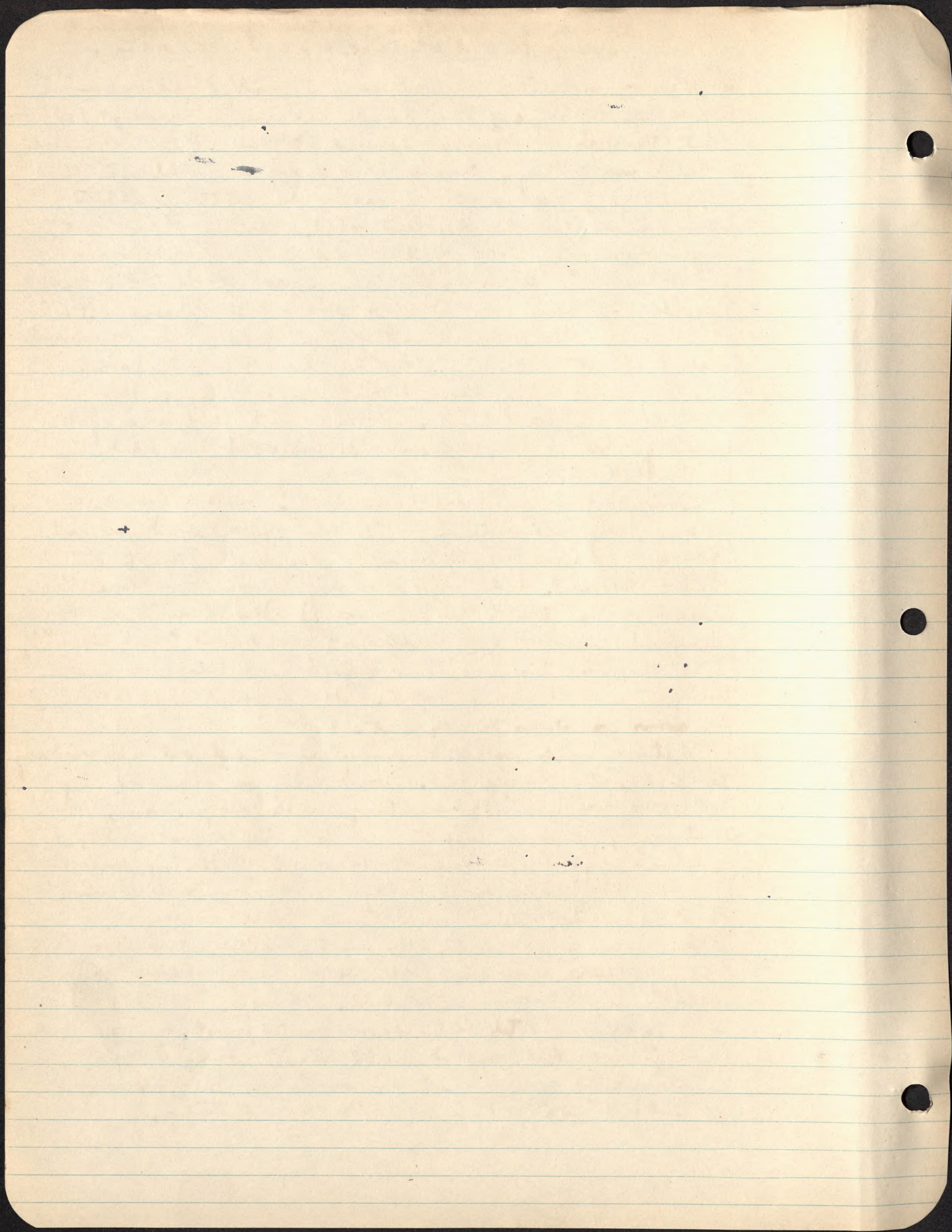
We reached the narrow crest in an area grass covered and bare of forest and turned northwest. We could look out equally to right of course to the lowlands of the coast or the lowlands of the interior. Soon we entered fine rainforest & keeping more or less to the divide descended & ascended to the Sault House.

This guest house was built by Mr. W. A. Russell, a former prominent citizen of Dalby, who owned several thousand acres of Bunya & will be than to his native town. (A little drinking fountain in stone is erected on the top to his memory.) The house is now occupied by Mr. & Mrs. Athorn (pronounced "aye-thorn"), who despite the bad road & lack of a telephone are trying to run it as a hotel. I was given my pick of the rooms as I was the only guest.

After a really excellent dinner I started out westward along the contour of the trail. Found a camp occupied by Mr. & Mrs. Malleman & daughter; met the local postman, Mr. J. Strong; found a W.A.C. camp (vacant just now); & a little beyond the home of Mr. & Mrs. Stirling owners of very considerable property on Bunya & elsewhere. Just beside their home is the little bungalow of Stan Baker & his wife. He has two children & also staying there are his mother & a young nephew from Brisbane, Rowan Campbell.

McCallan & Ted Richardson are the forest rangers whose home is located beyond the Stirling's place. I met McCallan & the afternoon & Richardson this evening.

Set out 25 mouse traps & 10 rat traps.



Sun Jan. 18

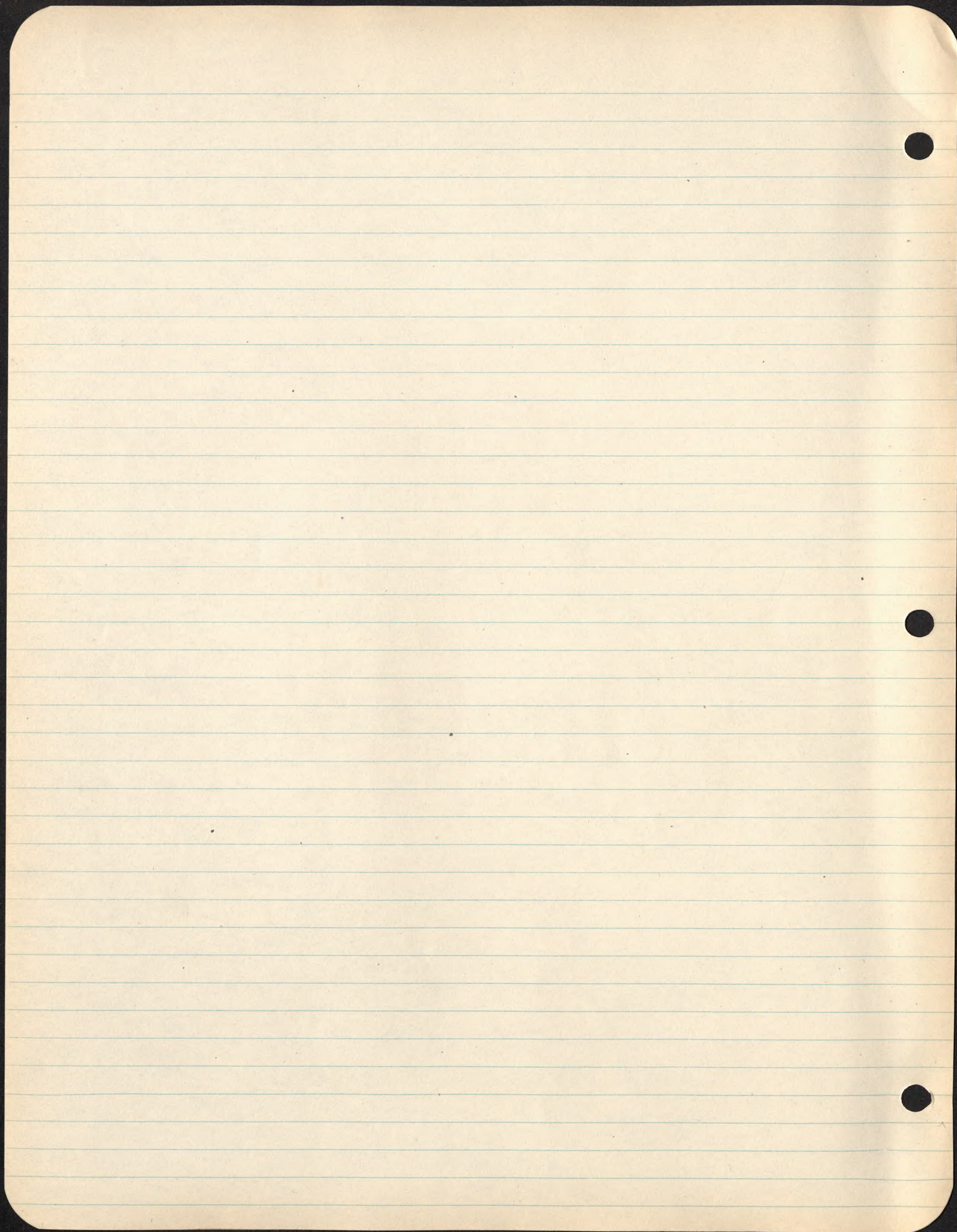
Very busy. Last night shot two Ps. rubidas and two Trichosurus ~~periphrasus~~. The rubidas ♂ + ♀ were a mile apart, the ♀ with 2 functional nipples. The trichosurus were in the same tree + probably rather ~~related~~ ^{daughters}. In the traps 2 Rattus assimilis + 8 mice, apparently of two species, though I'm uncertain. Don't know whether one of them is Mus musculus. They are all rain forest rodents, though some have taken to visiting the pig pen which is close to the edge of the woods but in the open.

Skimming till 3 o'clock then went out with foresters + Miss Joe Clemon + young Allan Stirling to the west end of the ridge through the park to see grass-trees there. Road very bad. There is a road to the "falls" (which are dry), + a side trail to the "lucerne patch" (no lucerne) where the two forestry boys have their camps. On way back saw a 5-ft carpet snake (photo). Met Mr. Stirling on his way back from the lowlands. He is about 60. He, the foresters + I went out night hunting in the evening. Shot a male Trichosurus ~~periphrasus~~; saw another + left him. Saw Rattus assimilis up in a shrub 6 feet from the ground. So evidently they are good climbers. Young Rowan brought me ~~four~~ bats just as I was returning from rebaiting traps. Will see later what they are. Got to bed just before midnight + the night before at 11.15 pm. Feel the need of a rest.

Mon. Jan

19. A few mice in the traps. The four bats are either Pipistrellus or Eptesicus (the former, I think). Took quite a number of photographs in the afternoon - both colour + black + white. Most of the collecting + observing done is right on top of the range or down only slightly into the rainforest. The rainforest (here called scrub) in many places crosses right over the top of the ridge from side to side. At other spots it is interrupted either by open eucalyptus forest (here called "forest"), or by open grassy knolls + hummocks or meadows. I hope the colour pictures will reveal the odd mosaic made by interfitting of the rain forest + eucalyptus areas - the dark green against the grey-green.

E. tereticornis
flea gum.



The open spaces look artificial & contain such weeds as
thistles, which along the roads though the scrub are imported
netles & dock. The open spaces are nevertheless hundreds
of years old; however they may in part represent old
clearings or old burns. Any soil changes? Basalt the
country rock.

Lots of birds are seen or heard, including red & blue
parrots, brown birds, & the coachwhip bird.

The national park occupies the ^{northern} western end of the Bungas,
privately owned land the center (where I camp), and
the forest reserve the southeastern end. The Bungas are
an elevated portion of the dividing range.

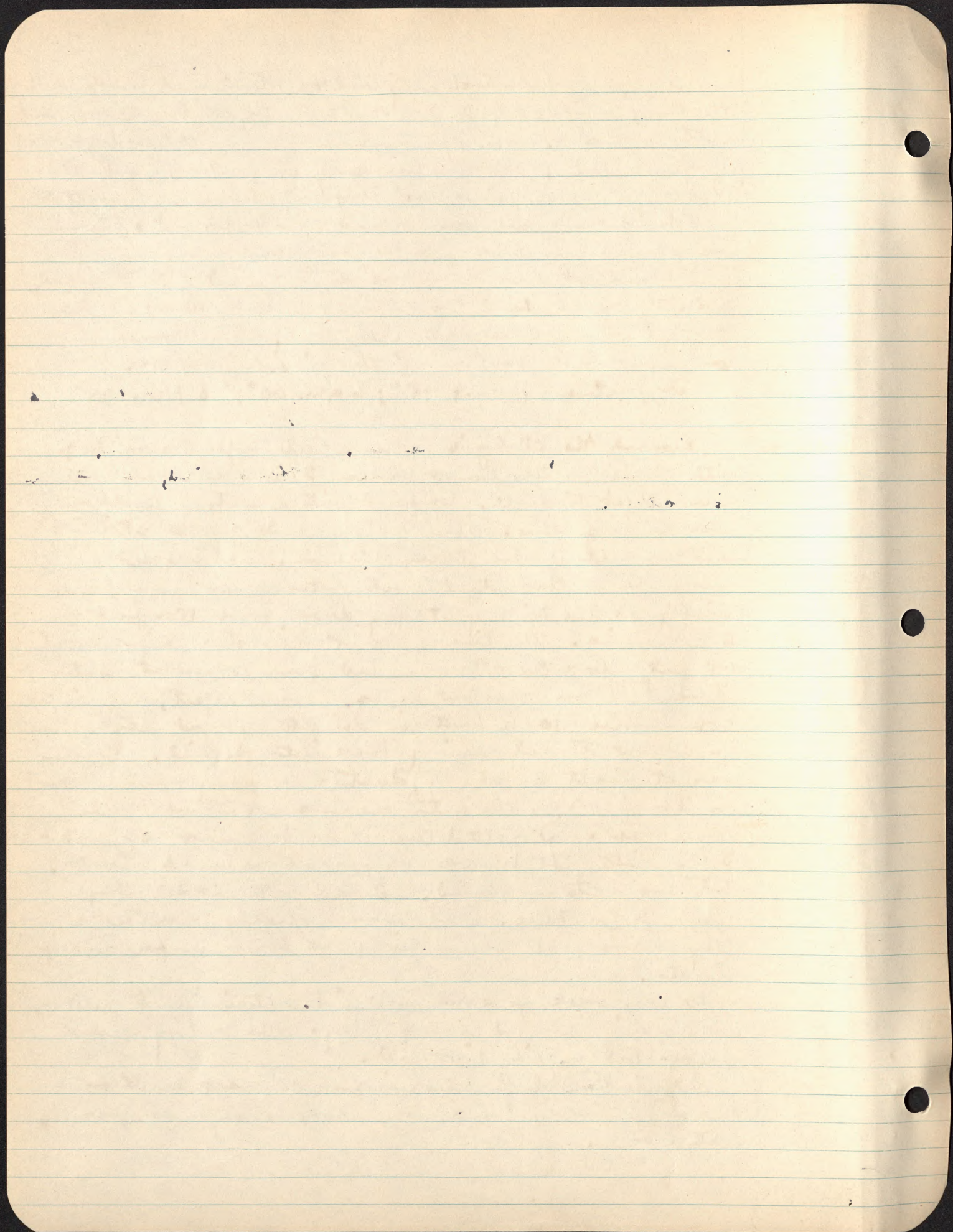
Temperatures 7 p.m.: 75°; 6 a.m. 60°; 3 p.m. 79°

Tu. Jan. 20

Reached Mr Stirling's house a little before 8 a.m. to go
with him, Richardson & Callan to a cave where bats
were alleged to dwell. We found quite a party of would be
cave seekers there. The Mr Clemonds & Mrs Stirling
went as well as also three children. The way led
along one of the lateral crests of the main range, s.w.
dipping at the tip very steeply down some 1500 feet
to a ravine. A line of 30 ft limestone cliffs about
100 feet above the stream had been somewhat water
etched to form shallow caves. The largest, a circular
room some 10-12 feet in diameter formed the entrance
of a low tunnel running back into the hill. There
was at least a foot of ^{dry} dust (& perhaps much more)
on the floor of the outer cave & continued to the
inner one. I netted the inner tunnel & squirted
SO₂ into the tunnel as far as I could crawl,
but no bats appeared. I have not the doubt they
used to go there. But am equally sure that
they have not been living in the cave for many
months.

On way back up spur saw "basaltic" cliffs to n.w. of
us leading an adjoining valley. The geology here
seems to be quite involved.

Excellent soil in clearings - red & black earth -
grows potatoes, beans, squashes, strawberries, peaches,
lettuce &c.



Noted distinction of Loop pine & Banya pine. The former has the leaves subuliform, only $\frac{3}{4}$ inch long, & set all around their stems. The latter are broadish, flattened, sharp tipped, & lie flat to the sky. Loop pines appear dark-foliated & grow down at the 2000 ft level. Banya Pines have much paler green, peculiar thro (see photo), & grow at the 3000 ft level.

Rattus assimilis was trapped in empty house.

Stirling drove me and the forestry men out six miles through the park towards the grass trees and we hunted back from there for about 4 miles between 8 & 10 pm. Saw two Pseudocherius rubidus (1 shot) and four Trichosurus (none collected). Moon half full. Two of the Trichosurus were mother & child, the other isolated.

Wed. Jan
21.

After skinning went with Richardson, the forester, for a four hours walk through the Park. We took the turning down to the Falls (now virtually dry). Trails beautifully laid out & graded - a trifle narrow but excellently level & easy to walk on. What a pity the approach from Dalby up the mountain is such a bad road!

Saw number of foamias, & the smaller "water foamias". Got right down into the loop pine country. Took lot of pictures. Saw deposit of owl nest contents (scattered) with the spread of the roots of a huge fig tree (the center all rotted away) comprising Rattus assimilis and Pseudocherius rubidus. Saved some.

4 brown birds said to prefer blue flowers etc. The male has various antics - lies on his back & kicks his legs. Nest in bush only a few feet up from ground. Use same brown year after year (Stirling).

"Fern" wallaby may be the rare M. parma.

Sunset 6.53 pm.

Stinging trees may grow very large 4-8 ft at base. Resist cutting down by suckering from roots. Root easily, even from short pieces, like sugar cane.

11/18/1911

11/18/1911

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1948

Thurs. Jan
22

Packed up & went down to Dalby. Saw one swamp-wallow, *P. bicolor*, 2 snakes, black with orange belly, one *Trachyura*.

Timbown
Creek.

Fixed up affairs in Dalby, had lunch with Mr & Mrs Thomas Jack. In the afternoon they drove me out to Timbown Creek to look for fossils. Found bits of *Diprotodonts* & *Macropods* in bed - none in banks. Heavily incrustated with lime.

(photo)

After tea Mr Jack gave me the fragment of mandible with the flat-crowned purred tooth in it; also a nearly complete mandible of a *Diprotodont*. Then he gave me a peculiar hollow horny but tooth like specimen somewhat resembling a *Protherium*. What is it? All these from the bed of the Condamine River.

Timbown Creek runs a few miles to the west of Dalby through "black earth". Vertical sections 6 ft high show few sandy lenses. Bed of creek, nearly dry, is full of limy nodules & concretions. The creek feeds up in the Bungay Mts. In possible source of lime - see bat-cave strata (p.). Basaltic rock at tip of in foot hills (within few miles of Dalby) of Bungay mountains. (photo of creek)
Saw another face.

Fri Jan. 23.

Brisbane

Ry train Dalby back to Brisbane (5.30 am - 1 pm). Unpacked specimens at museum. Conferred with Len Pross - Tomorrow is half day only; Sunday & Monday (Australia Day) are holidays. Much to be done. Called on W. S. Conrad Peck.

Sat Sun Mon

24 25 26

Busy reorganizing & at museum. Visited Longman again. Photos & studying museum specimens. Monday was "Australia Day" - everything closed.

Len left at 1.15 pm for Cairns. Due to sleep at Townsville. Mack still away. Had row conference with C. I. White over itinerary. Delivered H. G. Simmons, Br. Jans. Rockett.

Tue. Jan
27

Application for registration (new law). Special photos taken. Work in museum - Photos skulls.

1. The first part of the book is a history of the...
2. The second part is a description of the...
3. The third part is a collection of...

4. The fourth part is a collection of...
5. The fifth part is a collection of...
6. The sixth part is a collection of...

7. The seventh part is a collection of...
8. The eighth part is a collection of...
9. The ninth part is a collection of...

10. The tenth part is a collection of...
11. The eleventh part is a collection of...
12. The twelfth part is a collection of...

13. The thirteenth part is a collection of...
14. The fourteenth part is a collection of...
15. The fifteenth part is a collection of...

16. The sixteenth part is a collection of...
17. The seventeenth part is a collection of...
18. The eighteenth part is a collection of...

Wed. Jan Passport photos deposited; permit to be ready tomorrow. Few boxes made
28. at mus. to contain camp gear. Photop. more fossil types.

Thurs. Jan Mack back from vacation. Bought sleeper to Rockhampton. Checked
29. baggage to same (overweight charges 8/-). Made quite a lot more
photos. Left Brisbane at 9 p.m.

Fri. Jan Sleeper until a little before Bundaberg, where had breakfast;
30. The best proportion of the country northward from Bundaberg is
in light Eucalyptus forest. Cane fields (sugar) are plentiful
both sides of Bundaberg.

I noticed several termite nests against many trees and bushes.
Had as fellow traveler Mr. - Friend, owner of department store in
and President of the Board of Trade of Gladstone. Took one
color picture near Rosedale (251 miles).

To west all way north ranges of hilly hills - mainly in
eucalypt scrub but with a few pockets of dark green
forest.

Wild scrambles for breakfast & lunch at Bundaberg and Gladstone. (328)
Beyond Gladstone much finer. Quite high hills on
east side of track near Yarwun (339 miles). Highest feature
is Mt Larcom.

Mtms also reappear on west - Mt Morgan dominates.
A good sized river (about 360 m.) with narrow fringe of green
vegetation.

A nice plantation at Sissalera (in flower). (372 miles)
The little quarry at Marmoe (370 m.) where Lygon received
fossil fragments. (the Buserkers)
Considerable hills, on peninsula east of Rockhampton.

Rockhampton

On arrival got in touch with Mr. Swinburn, Curator of
Museum, from Criterion Hotel (all found for 18/-). He introduced
me to "practician" of local vintage. Later the hotel mgr, Mr.
Smith presented me to Dr. Leeds.

Plans still unsettled want to visit localities of 20th.
interest but today is Friday - a bad day due to coming
weekend.

Sat. Jan
31.

Mr. Simmons turned up tempo. He took me to call upon various people, beginning with the Mayor, Mrs. H. G. Jeffries; Mr. F. Jardine, Headmaster of the Rockhampton boys grammar school. Then Tom Clark & various aldermen; ~~but~~ and Mr. F. M. Allen, store-merchant who owns a quarry at Gracemere ^{and Stanwell} (where he claims there are "kangaroo ~~holes~~ ^{rats}" (meaning *Apopymys*?)

We are also tracking down two naturalist brothers named Vallis: - E. C. Vallis (entomology etc), Berserker St., R. and R. E. Vallis (mammals), Stanford St., R. The latter is for the moment at Yeppoon, where we go tomorrow on the way to Payfield.

In the afternoon we drove out a dozen miles along the "western road" and turned off SW 2 miles about to Mr. Allen's quarry at Stanwell. I took along my hammock & spent the night there as I wanted both to pick up my traps very early and to do some night hunting. We walked up to the quarry. I set 15 mouse traps and 5 rat traps there. Signs (droppings) of ~~the~~ rock wallabies were plentiful over and under the piles of loose "carboniferous" sandstone. But when I walked up there that night I saw no trace of them. The quarry has been abandoned for many years and quite thick young trees have grown up between the railroad ties. "Rosewood" (*Eucalyptus* sp.) is common there. The area as a whole is quite wild but absolutely dry & barren.

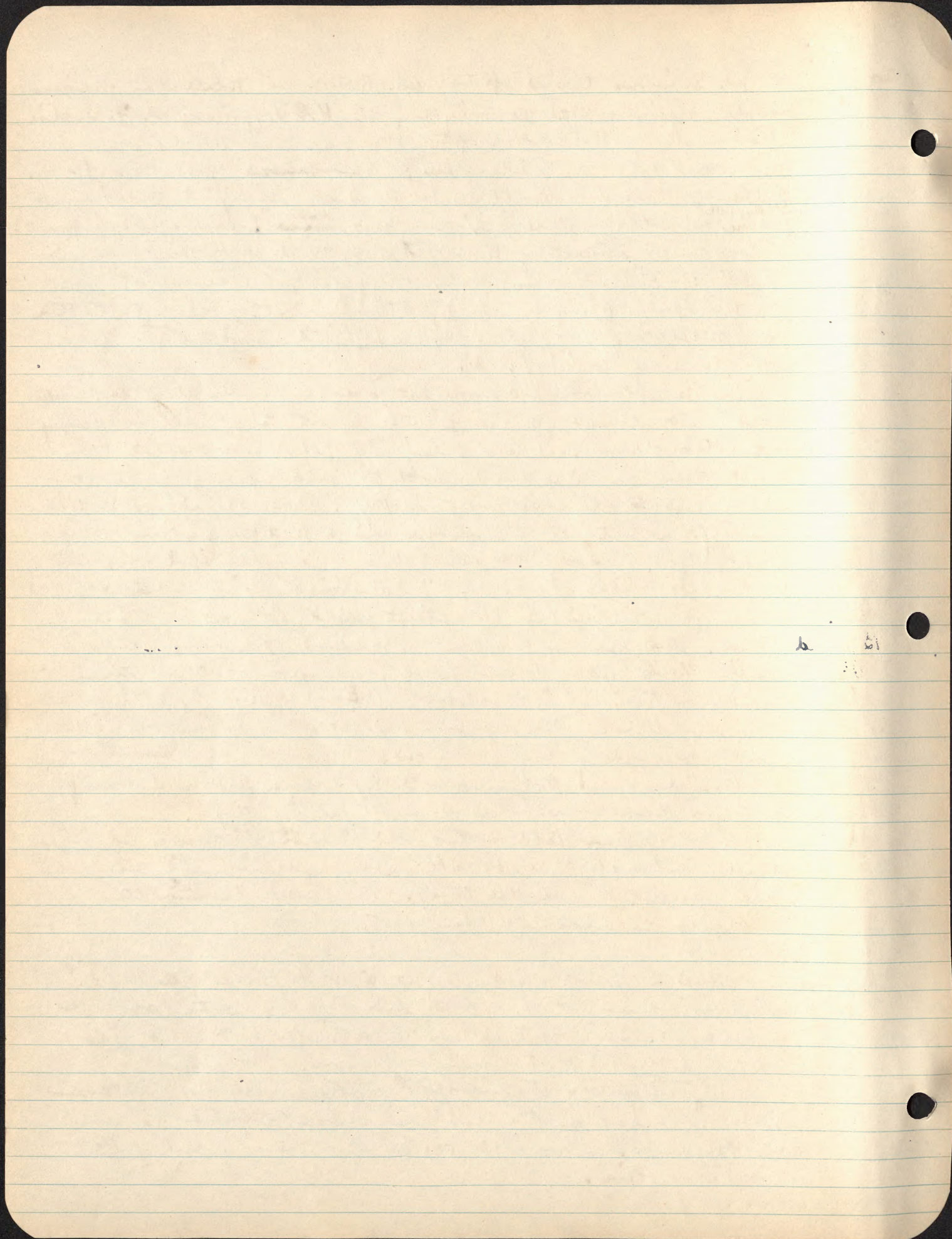
Two traps in the creek bed by camp produced nothing. A single near home mouse from the quarry traps.

Mr. Allen told of two old "latters" who lived near there, interested respectively in gardening and alcohol. They quarried all the time. One used to ~~eat~~ ^{eat} the wallaby carcasses Allen shot.

Sun. Feb.
1st.

Had a quiet night. Up at 5.15 to collect the traps. Simmons came at 7. Had hot cake & water for supper & breakfast. Simmons took me back to the Post Office for breakfast (second) & to skin my mouse.

The ^{Stanwell} quarry was in eucalypt country - very dry & rather rocky. Much of the land near Rockhampton is diked up for swamp. Some old ox-bow - perhaps parts of the Fitzroy River.



We set out for Jeppoon and Byfield. The latter is noted for the "Byfield fern" (a cycad), and is type locality for one of Troughton's mice. Jeppoon is on the coast; (photo) of island off shore (SE). ~~For~~ Picked up Allen who is much interested in rat. hist. (all phases).

Road through eucalypt scrub - bloodwood trees all in creamy bloom, also a cream-yellow wattle. Whitish banks of the "scented gum" (*Eucalyptus*).

at Jeppoon picked up Ted Neiland (prominent "neiland"). Formerly resident at Byfield who has recently sold out to Cyril Darwin. We then hunted out Bob Vallis (the naturalist). I arranged to meet him in Rock. later.

Road Jeppoon to Byfield starts along cliffy coast but soon turns inland. After 10 miles woods change. Become denser. Dark-foliated "turpentine trees" appear. "Stringy-bark" storm me. At dry creek the Byfield fern, "Rocky Creek," 5 miles S. of Byfield permanently running. Palms. Crepus. Figs. Two species of *Banksia* (bottle-brushes).

Byfield

Reached Byfield at 3.30. Mr. & Mrs Eugene Neiland there at home. Also a lot of their relatives & the young man to whom they are selling their citrus property.

Went on 2 1/2 miles ^{to} a deep creek (the bottom of which is formed by tertiary lignites (in which Major Jeffries is interested). Found no better collecting places so returned to Byfield.

Jan 5.30 to 6.30 set out 30 mouse traps.

Jacky found wood full of flying foxes feeding on bloodwood flowers. Shot *V. scapularis*. Tired.

Mon

26.2nd

One *Rattus* in traps. Early morning temperature 72° (6 a.m.). Heavy dew. Chilly.

Set out of traps today. Took series of photos, both black & white and colour. Tied lizards in traps (photo). Ants everywhere.

Traps in Water Park Creek for *Hydromys*. Fine palms, some large ones (not bad). Two cycads (including the Byfield "fern"). Many *Scheuchzeria* in dry land areas. Many *Koeleria*.

the, ...

6.16

1948.

At night shot another Pteropus scapulatus and a gray possum, Trichosurus, with pale ears & with the tail far less haired than that of the Berge Mountains.

Tues. Night much warmer - 78° and increasing humidity & cloudiness. In morning cloudy & threatening. Rain began while I was out at trap line. I decided with the change of weather to pick up all traps.

Found a large male Hydromys in one of the water sets along Water Park Creek. Nothing else but a couple of skinks. Spent all morning at skinning. Simmons due in afternoon.

Simmons arrived at 3:20 pm. We were back in Rockhampton by 6 pm. After supper went up to the gardens for the evening. The railroad strike (all Queensland) is on. Don't know what may become of my projected travels yet.

Wed. W. Vaughan, Kodak, Rockhampton

Feb. 4 " Harris " Townsville.

Set the trays of specimens out to dry at the Botanic Gardens. Did other chores. The railroad strike threatens to cramp my style quite badly. Am to meet local naturalist R.E. Vallis this afternoon. See what he suggests.

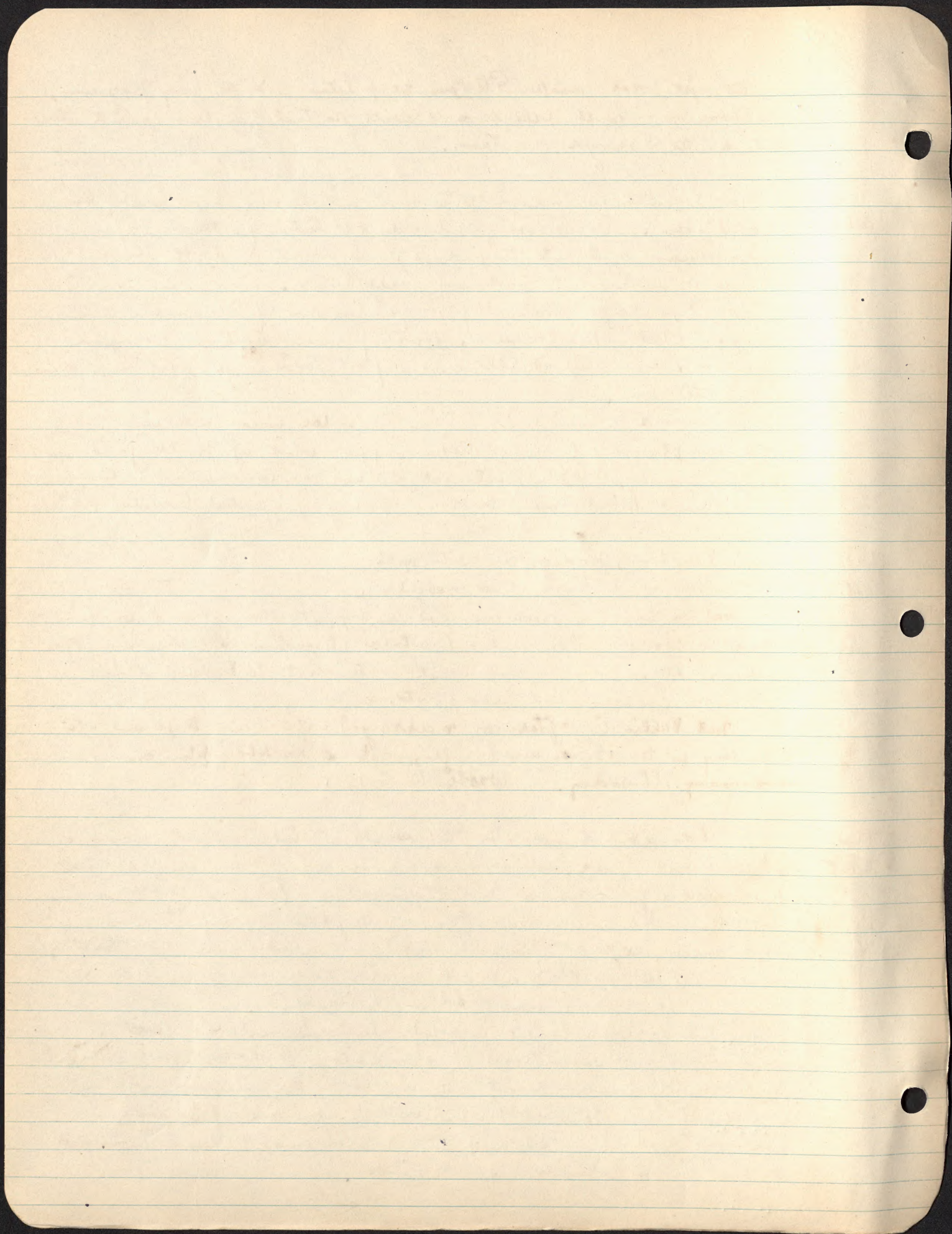
Met Vallis in afternoon & arranged with him to go out to a valley in the Beresken Range, east of Rockhampton, on Wednesday. Thursday. Write to Luff.

Thurs. We set out for the Beresken almost at noon.

Feb. 5 It was not far. Simmons came along in his car too.

We set up camp in the valley bottom of Prewers Broken Creek. The creek was rocky & full of big stones and Hills. bone dry except for a teacup-sized hole in the basalt (or slate, ?) at which every wasp, bee, & fly in the region was filling himself.

The creek before drying had served as breeding places for countless mosquitoes. Black, high-powered insects that came at us even in broad daylight. Then we went up to set traps in the p. m. Between us we set about 50 traps, which next day resulted only in a couple of hints.



Friday
Feb. 6.

That evening, besides the small black mosquitoes we were visited by a few very large pale gray ones with white marks. Later I put on the headlight & went nearly to the top of the hills but saw nothing, though I did hear a wallaby. Vallis has a tame one however - the P. dorsalis.

The lack of mammals in the dry areas is really striking. It looks as though they almost died out, perhaps breeding up again after the rains (which are now overdue).

The fire hazard in Brewers creek was very real. Mounds of tinder dry Lantana were everywhere. We built our fire in the creek bed among the stones.

~~The total:~~

The total failure of the traps combined with Vallis' description of another locality with permanent water, induced me to clear out of Brewers Creek at once. We packed up and went back to Vallis's, intending to make a very early start next morning.

The strike seems very bad.

Sat.

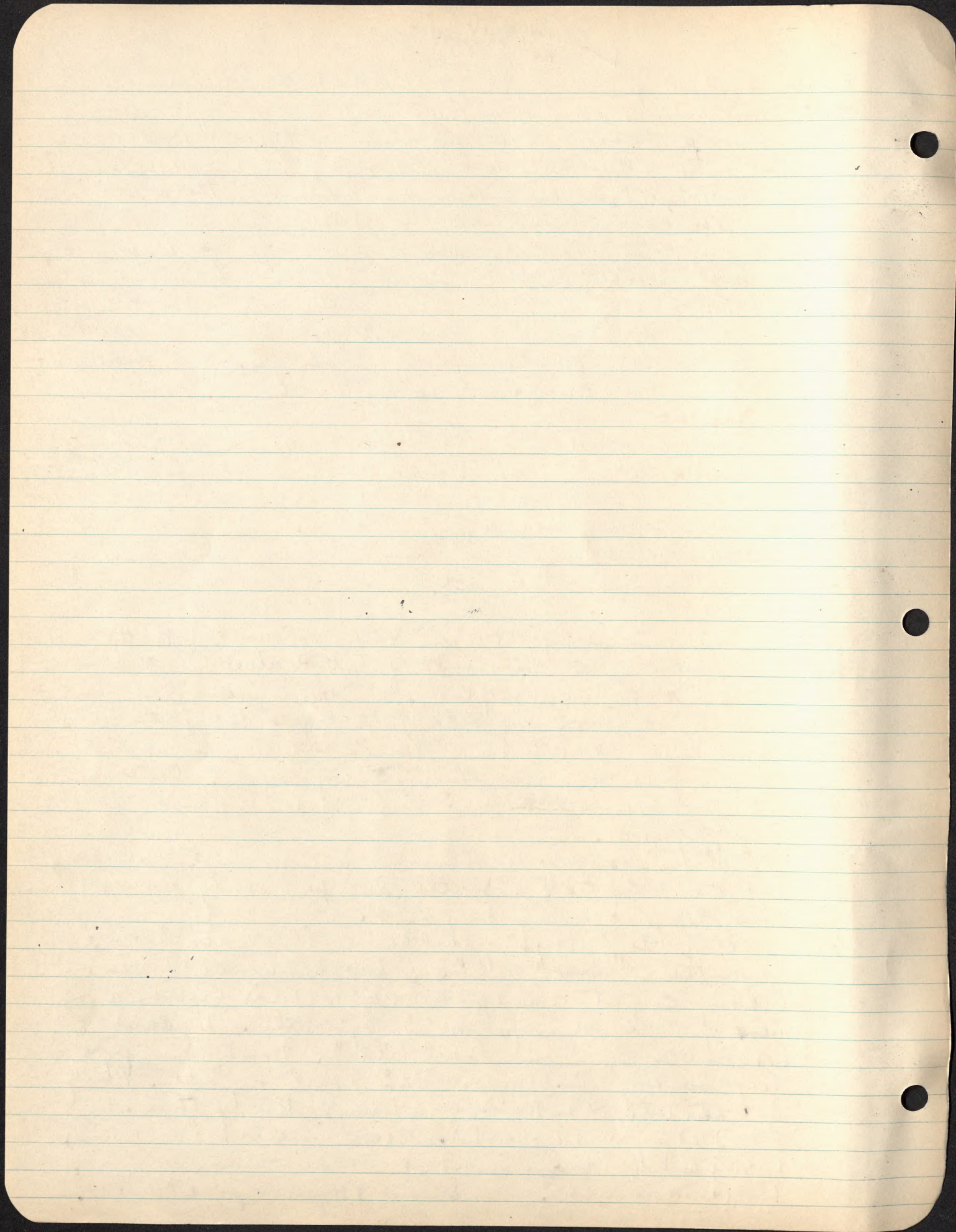
Feb. 7.

We were joined by "Closy" Vallis on our trip to the "Serpentine" 5 miles north of Fitz Hedlow about 20 miles north west of Rockhampton. "Serp" is one of a fine series of ox bows, dug out quite deep - to 8 feet - but closed off at intervals. These arise in the coastal hills & flow west into the Fitzroy river. On the way out passed a ~~state~~ dead nearly decomposed Aepyprymnus.

Vallis says P. dorsalis is commonest wallaby, but the whiptail and the Swamp wallaby occur, as does the great gray kangaroo.

Along the "Serp" quantities of blue water lilies; large trees, "black" ducks; black swans (3) seen. Closy caught a catfish & a tortoise with fork & line of a swamp ruined by cattle. Dorsalis wallabies seen on low "hill". Much barking & ring barking in woods. Saw four on "hill". Plenty of water used & 2 kinds of shells eaten by them.

That night we hunted. Two wallabies (dorsalis), 1 ring tail (longimanus), 1 Schreibers, 1 Thiobatus. In holes 1 Hydromys, 1 Mus(?).



The Pseudoveturis had a well dev. y. in pouch. Have saved skull so search can be made for dp 4.

Sun. Feb.
8.

A storm of wind & rain greeted us at 6 a.m. & lasted till about 10 o'clock. Terrible ordeal; lost keys, but found them again after hrs of search.

Skinned six mammals - what a peculiar and horrifying stench the Schreibnathia gives off!

Back in the p.m. Left camp at 1.30 in Prof Vallis' old model & reached "Rocky" at 4 o'clock. Iron rain threatening. The season is changing at last. Drove every thing to Simmons' house by the "Gardens" & opened them up to dry. Great work on them to-morrow.

Closey reported we found no birds. Said there were two species. Also said that the Malurus spurius, austalis, breviceps, acutalis can only be seen at blossom trees. There were none (in spite of the fact that bloodwoods were in flower at Bayfield).

Mon. Feb.
9.

Spent day cleaning skulls & putting finishing touches on skins. Arranged tentatively to go out to Mt Etna (10 mi. n.) to limestone caves after bats. RR strike now complete. Weather stormy. Temperature cool.

Tues. Feb. 10

With Simmons & Vallis drove to Olsen's Cave, Mt Etna, about 10 miles north of Rockhampton. An extensive series of caverns dissolved in the limestone - stairs & bridges built in. Olsen was away. Collected a number of Rhinolophus, the dominant bat and signs of Taphozous and a vesperilionid - perhaps Scotoneurus?

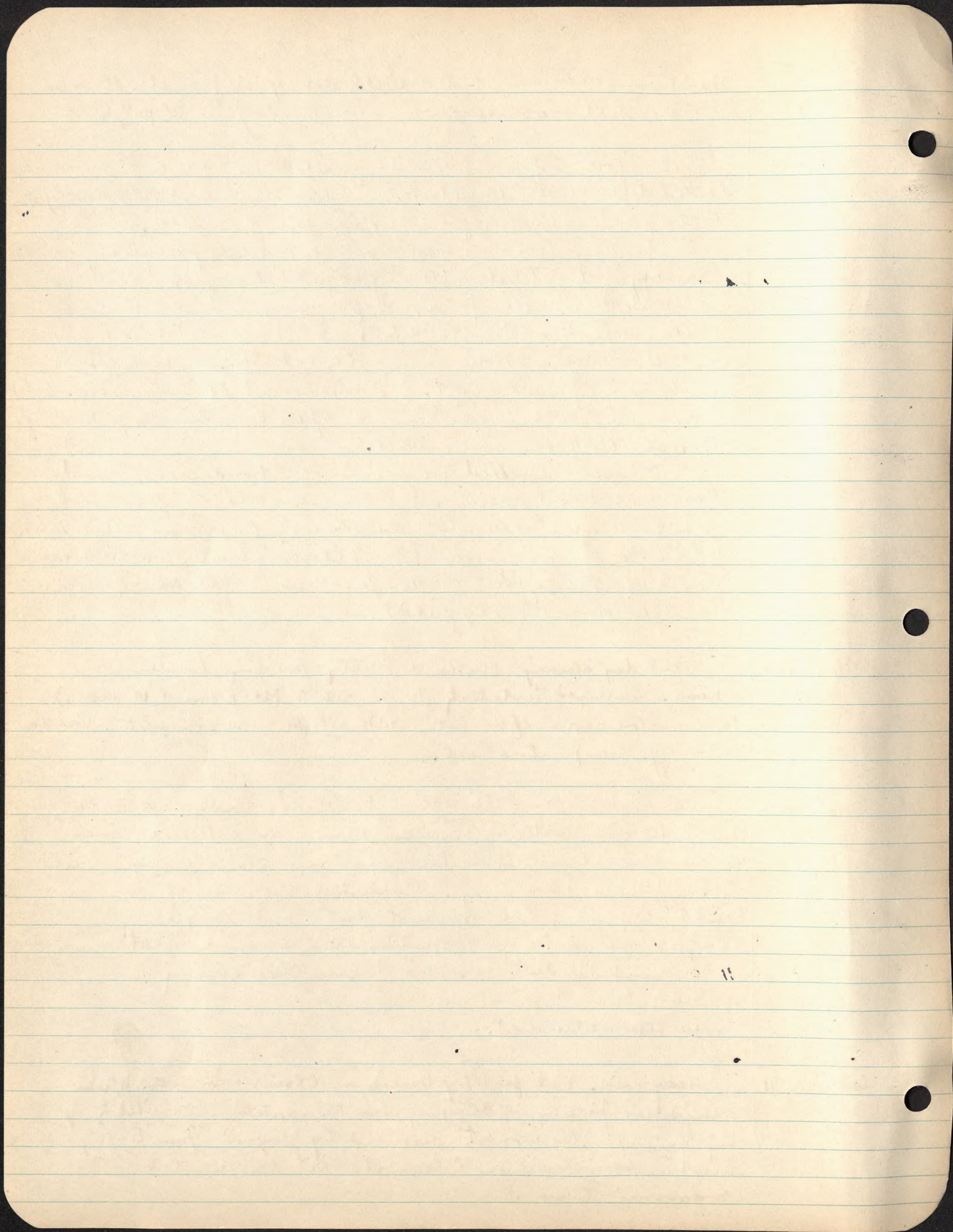
Skinned under Simmons' house that evening.

Saw brown tree-snake.

Weather rather wet.

Wed Feb. 11

Heavy rain. Put finishing touches on Olsen's cave bats. Streets getting worse: picketing of emergency bus transportation. Possibility of going out after the woodrat described by Longman from "Epping Forest", 60 miles from Clermont. But don't want to get marooned there.



Thu
13

made reservation by ANA to fly to Townsville next Tuesday. No sign of strike ending. Taking part of baggage by air - rest by train when they run again. Put traps out in Botanic Gardens but took only the house mouse. No rats. Some birds said to be absent. Photographed gray kangaroo & whiptail at zoo - also emus and "active companion" or koolga.

Sat. Feb.
14.

Fardine, G. Physiography of the Fitzroy Basin. Roy. Soc. Queensland, about 1920-1924. He gave me several other of his papers. Swinson conducted us all through the botanical gardens.

Talking to man from Wyndham (100 mi. S.), on Fitzroy River of north Western Australia. He records (he thinks accurately) a pest plague of rats which "came from the south" in April, 1934, followed by a plague of feral cats. This was at the end of the rainy season.

Sun. Feb.
15.

Caves A very big day at Mt. Etna. First went in to Pilkington's Cave with his foreman and Bob Vallis. Had to descend 20 feet of rope & series of other difficult descents. Found Pipistrellus-like bats clustered in squeaking groups in hollow like inverted cups in ceiling. Shot one separately. Other bats flying about but no shot possible. Inside from 11 to 12. Moved to other cave, Johanson's Cave.

Then found Macroderma piper - small colony of perhaps 20. They hang up in groups of 2 or 3 - not very close together however. Carry shot. Considerable local masses of fresh guano - strong smell of ammonia.

Bob picked up legless lizard - narrow, pointed head.

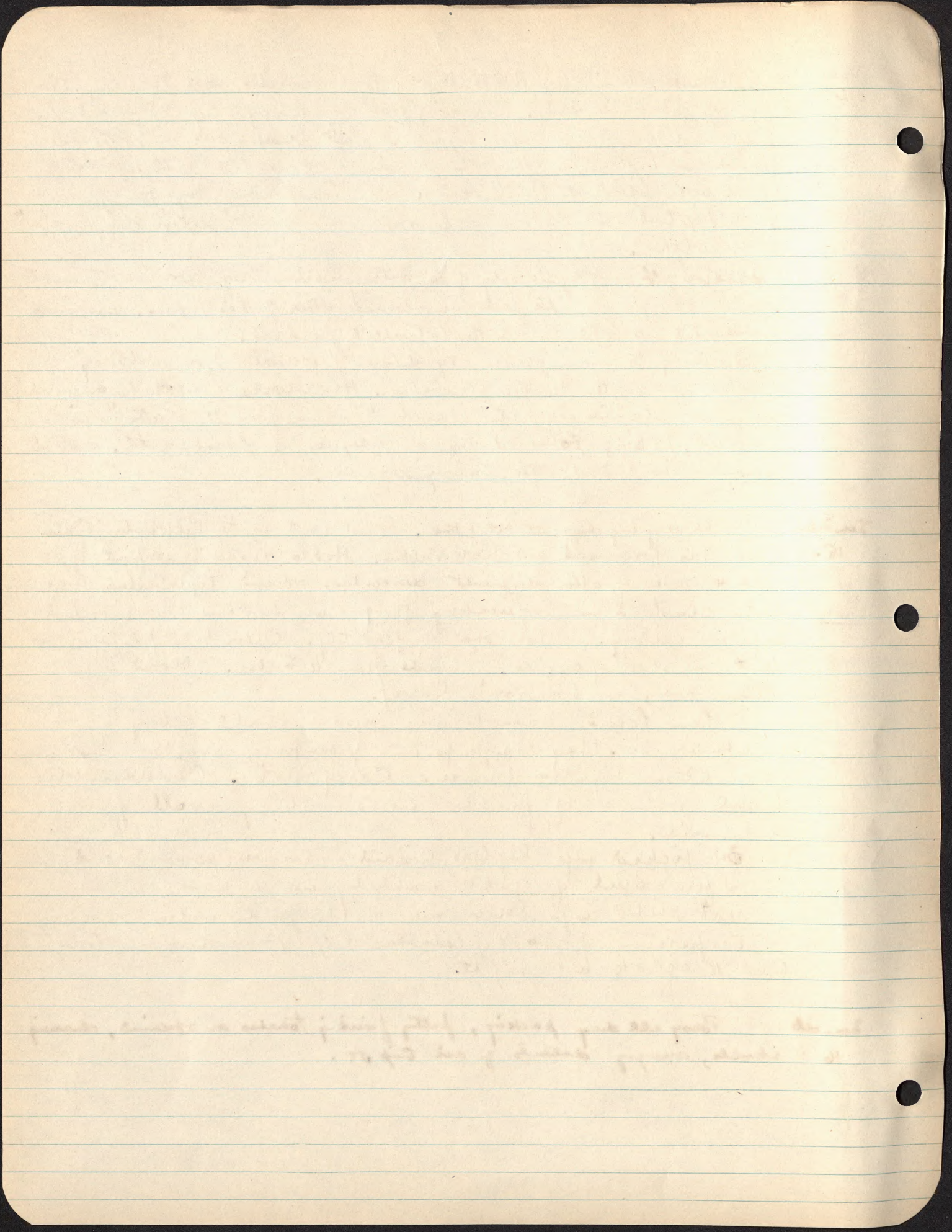
I found skull of rock wallaby in J. Cave.

Bob picked up lower jaw of ? paddy melon.

Preparation of 20 Pipistrellus & 7 Macroderma took till 11 o'clock at night.

Mon. Feb.

16. Busy all day packing, partly finishing touches on specimens, cleaning skulls, analyzing details of air trip etc.



Tu. Feb. Took £10,000 extra life insurance for £1.1.8 & sent letter
17. to Brass making him my "legal representative".

Towns-
vill. Plane left at 8.50 Reached Mackay about 10, Bowen about
11 & Townsville about 12 noon. The eucalypt forest of the
vegetation persisted all the way, except where man had
intervened to plant pastures or sugar cane. At Mackay,
for example, eucalypt was a sea of green cane.

The famous Burdekin River was quite low.

There were many heavy showers with inland, but
seaward, where for the most part we flew, was
usually pretty clear. No bad bumps.

At Townsville settled at Queens Hotel, a pleasant
150-room pub looking out on the sea. Found a letter
from Keith Kennedy asking me to call between
3 & 3.30. Delphoid Simmons' friend Pat Andrews,
Curator of Botanic Gardens, who gave me names
of several people who might help. One was Mr. J.
Robinson, proprietor of a butcher business, who had a
private zoo a few miles out. Another was Dr. J. Preindl,
a medical man.

Had my interview with Kennedy, whose interest is
anthropology, & we decided to call Mr. Crewe of
dept of Public Education regarding space for my
specimens to dry out. The building where he is is
close to the hotel & very convenient. I got a taxi
& rescued my baggage from the ANA office & opened
up the specimen trays & added new formal mixture
to the lots. Great relief to my mind!

Wed. Feb. Very busy trying to arrange train out of Town. K. Kennedy took
18. me to top of Castle Hill 923 feet where I saw a
relict of fern in virgin land sedge. In p.m. Pat Andrews
drove me to hills N.E. & back by 2 "common", where
met Comm. Warden Mr. Joyce.

Finally settled on Sunday mtn for first trip with Mr. Speck
to follow.

Thurs. Feb. The man Davies, who was to take me out came with
19. the most derelict of old Chevrolts. It got us there all

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right. The way went SE across the Alligator & Crocodile Creeks, around the seaward end of Saddle Mountain, eastern offshoot of Mt Elliot and alongside the RR to Cromarty water stop.

A couple of Mt Elliot local storks were met.

Cromarty Arrived at town of Tom & Mrs. Mason, care growers. Neely is home Mr. Mrs. Means on whom I called, as they owned a patch of green scrub in which I wanted to set traps. The green scrub very mosquitoey but set 20 there. Also put out in cane, along hedgerows, in wood piles, etc.

Region said to be very barren. A few droops. Some rock wallabies on isolated hill across swamps. ~~Out~~ So Margaret Creek very low but running. Tried fishing. Poor luck due partly to lack of trail & log grass. Saw two Trichosurus. Two Phyllophorus killed with toms in bedroom.

Fri. Feb. Trap yielded ^{nice} prore - 2 ^{small} mice, which are probably 20 house mice. Skinned bats & mice. Photographed. Went up valley to call on Duckworths (father & his brother & son). Not much prospect there. Native cats very rare. Duckworths - but try to get them!

Sat. Feb. 21. Devies came in his ancient "utility" about 10 a.m. Nothing but a lizard (skink) in any trap. Picked all up, packed & went back to Townsville to get ready for trip to Mt. Speck on Sunday.

Found a wire from Brass: the "Vardulia" with our baggage on board will not reach Cairns before the 7th March, & he has wired Geoff to fly if necessary.

Strike news still very bad. The railway men are now trying to stop oil deliveries.

Sun. Feb. 22. The Mt ^{Speck} bus left promptly at 9 a.m. We reached the guest house at the top, 2900 feet about 11.30. Mt Speck is merely a part of the granite scarp locally known as the Mt. Speck Pelenaat Range.

The trail leads WNW parallel to the railroad for 1 1/2 hours - probably 40 miles, then it turns abruptly SW and climbs the face of the scarp. The first half

[Faint, illegible handwriting covering the majority of the page]

On the 1st of March I left for the mountains
The first day I spent in the mountains
is mostly a day of the most beautiful views
The mountains are very high and the views
are very beautiful. I spent the day
in the mountains and the views are
very beautiful. I spent the day
in the mountains and the views are
very beautiful.

of the trip is well away from the mountains though much low swampy ground, traversed by frequent creeks, at least one of which is tidal. The vegetation is small eucalypt scrub - layer at streams. The cloud belt today start at about 2500 feet & showers fell at Mt Speck about 1 pm. They've had much cloudy wea. & some rain lately.

The trail winds up & in & out of ferns though much fine forest - trop pine, silky oak, ste-oaks. At 1000 feet it crosses Crystal Creek falls (photos). A certain amount of logging is going on at high levels. There is a small community with a post office & one store. The P.O. is called Paluma.

Saw a live digger in road ahead of the bus in the lowlands. He stood high on his toes with tail well up & only moved a little out of our way as we passed.

Don't see rain later. Leeches, pink & purple, abundant; also a small blackish one.

Mon. Feb

23

Heavy rain during night. Quite a number of Rattus assimilis in traps, including juveniles and post-feeding females. Two or three partly eaten (perhaps by Dasymys or feral cats.) One rat trap in creek bed taken away.

Mr. Cavil, who runs the guest home, has been a possum hunter. They used to make their baits of "jollard" ^{brown} (wheat) with addition of oils of anise and eucalyptus & just cyanide in it. The baits were put on the ground.

He says water rats and a large rat with white tail tip (possibly Uromys) occur. There is a skin of Dasymys gracilis in the p. office. Cavil has a photo of another he killed in his chicken house. They call it "tupa cat". Also at the p.o. is a skin of a baby platypus & a half from live Trichosurus, yellow-buff beneath, with ears rather pale.

The forest is good vine scrub full of lawyer cane & on hillsides which for the most part are very steep. The rock is granitic. There is a little place the mines in the creek. Dringee is virtually all westward into the Bundickintitatus.

Showers during the morning. Everything very damp & musty. (By phone: no rain in Townsville).

Cavil says this fern scrub extends only a dozen miles to the south and, five miles or so inland, changes back to

[The page contains extremely faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the paper. The text is mirrored and difficult to decipher.]

to eucalypt forest which continues sw on the main divide.

Heavy rain or shower all afternoon. Retaining at 5 o'clock I believe I saw Hypsipymnodon. Saw it only indistinctly. It was rat-sized & slightly hopping in gait but going directly away. It scoured tops in among the flaring roots of an old forest tree.

Rain all night.

Saw small animal run from near waste-food dump behind guest house (old camp etc). It may have been a Trictosurus but according to Cecil was more likely a native cat.

Caught two of the little "scrub turkeys". They are red-headed & look for all the world like bedegged bantams. Both were in steel traps set for the Dasyurus near the dump. Cecil says they are chickens; the adults becoming as large as a hen.

Tues Feb

24

Rain most of night. Twelve R. assimilis in traps, including 3 juveniles. This set is unquestionably extremely common in the scrub. Surprised to get no Troglomys.

A small tick about.

Picked up some traps

Went out with hunting lamps. Very little moving. Much mist in forest. Shot a ringtail.

Wed Feb.

25

Only R. assimilis in traps. The ten concentrated yesterday around the place where I saw the Hypsipymnodon (?) caught nothing.

Just fine day. Took photos. Bus takes me down in afternoon. Reached Trillie 6 pm. Booked seat on a Qantas plane for Cairns tomorrow night.

Thurs. Feb.

26.

Packed specimens which had left with Crew. Got ready for evening plane. Took l. insurance. Saw Keith Kennedy again. Sharp storm in a.m.

Plane late but reached Cairns at 10.45 p.m.

Found Sugg, Van & Len at Air port. all well. The two former had arrived the night before from Sydney, Len the day before that.

My "reconnaissance" class at midnight & I shall leave "Archbold expedition" tomorrow.

think that the contents of the box are

all afternoon. I think it is a
to be a very good thing. I think it is a
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Fri Feb. Wea. continues fair. Last night flew at 10,000 feet
29. over a big storm south of Innie's falls.
Mr. Gilbert Bates with entomologist Tom ^{cott} Buzzatof
drove us up the ridge & behind the Kuranda Falls
(while the new road does not reach) to visit an
experimental sugar plot. Back at 1.30. In pm
got out skins & skulls in B.P.'s warehouse.
In evening (5 o'clock) met Mr. Gallup (Main
Roads Comm.) for drinks & at 8 pm attended
meeting of Cairns Orchid Society.

Sat. Feb. The Cairns Nat Hist Soc. took us up to Atherton Tableland.
28. Members of the party: Len, Van & myself: Ernie & Gordon
Stephens, George ~~Bates~~ ^{Brooks} Bates, Tom Webb.
We breakfasted at Kuranda then drove via Mareeba
to Yungaburra only 4 miles from the isolated rain
scrub of Lake Eacham, where we booked rooms & left our
hand baggage. Then we went east to slopes south
of Battle Dore overlooking the sea (distast) where
Len searched for a special type of vine. Had lunch
in the "bush". Van hunted spiders & beetles.
Returned to Eacham at 4 pm. Here Van & I set
traps along Wright's Creek near the Lake. That night
Van & I went out in Eacham scrub with head
light. I shot 2 Pseudoechinos arcteri & a Thylacole
stigraticus.

Sun.
Feb.
29 Next morning skinning till 11 a.m. Cars left earlier
but George ~~Bates~~ returned for me & Van. We
lunched in the bush near Lake Euramo. Supper
at Kuranda. Home about 8 pm.

Main impression is the very restricted area of the
rain scrub, the great amount of deforestation
of the tableland to make dairy & corn country,
the abundance of eucalyptus "forest".

Mon.
Tues.
next 2

(Mr. Gallup)
arranged for trip with Main Roads Commission to drive up
to Chillapoe caves after bats. Moved our collected material to
new quarters (Mrs. Ames) & spent them out. Went with
Ernie Stephens to see of big box camp.

Abbis. Phone 2470

Archives Exp. Pilot License No. 246450

(10.15)

Wed.

Mar. 3.

Heavy rain. We left at 7:30; passed through Atterton & delvined Van Dusen to Mt. Papan (Roads). I continued. Mr. T. J. Abbas, ⁱⁿ ~~with~~ ^{with} me; Mr. ⁱⁿ ~~with~~ ^{with} me.

Bad weather until beyond Herberton (the Hutab R. in flood). Then gradual clearing. a few creeks with but little water: the Ibis Creek crossed 3-4 times Irvingbank then. Next Ernie Creek. Finally, close to Alma-den, Crooked Creek.

We were pretty battered by atrocious roads. Average 13 m.p.h. & arrived at 5 pm (left Cairns at 7:30 a.m.) & so spent the night at the "Guest House" ("Aleris House"). Learned at the "pub" of one or two extra cans & mine shafts.

On road saw 1 green snake; 1 scrub turkey, ^{dark} ~~dingy~~. The dip was somewhat darker on the back than the one I saw on the way to Mt. Spec. It had rather massive jaws and the tail up-curved.

Bats: reported doubtful at Chillagoe (Mr. Shepherd)
some at ~~Bungare~~ ^{Bungare} Caves (about Stewart)
plenty at Tommy Burns Mine, Tappa Tappa.
Some at Vidler Mine, Irvingbank.

The way was hilly throughout - though somewhat more so near Herberton. Saw several new flowering shrubs including a Hibiscus with white flowers delicately tinted with pink, its leaves 5-palmate.

Irvingbank is a long rock-sided valley. Some cliffs appear on both sides well back from the road at about 3/4 hour east of Alma-den. No pictures.

Young man, teacher in 1-room school, has 21 pupils aged 5-16 years.

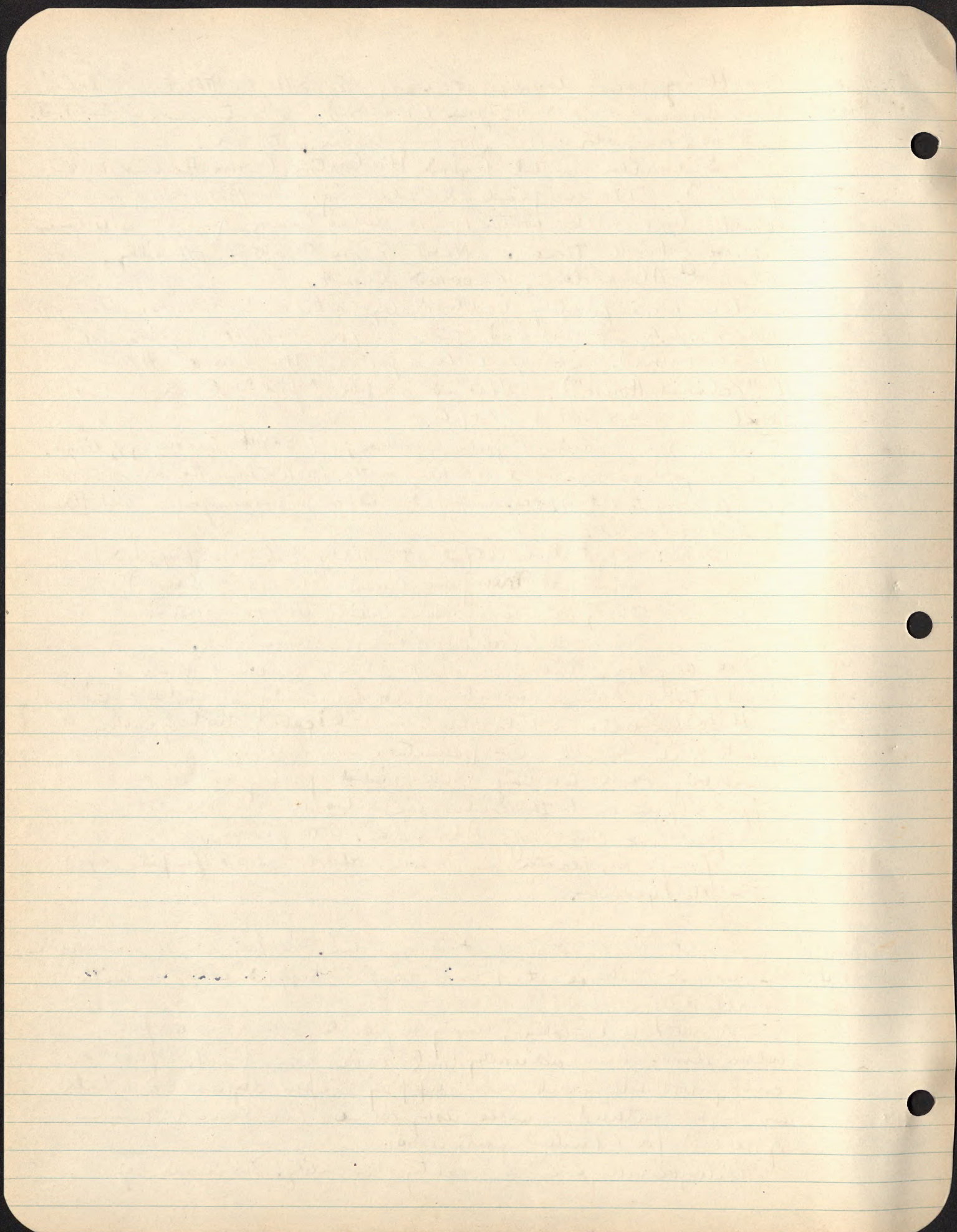
Thurs.

Mar. 4.

Slight shower at night at Alma-den. Breakfast at 7. away before 8. reached Chillagoe at 9 am. Found Shepherd who was with us all day.

Got onto the limestone, leaving the granite, some 5 miles from Alma-den. L.S. gradually took over from granite just as country rock with thick beds dipping a few degrees S.E. & later as high shatterd masses rising above the present level of the road for a hundred feet or so.

Chillagoe village is a smelting locality. There are big



Smelting furnaces there in which the pervading lime is used on our road in fun elsewhere.

Black cockatoos (15) flying. Photo of limest. bluff.

We were in Chillojos cave for about an hour. It is a complicated cavern, not wet, in which 3 men were once lost for 3 days. A few roof openings, no doubt used by bats, occur. Mr. Stefford ^(apt 79) who acts as custodian runs it well. He regretted we used no carbide lamps, which would have illuminated the beauties of the cave better than our spot lights.

There was only one species in the cave, to judge from the fruits of several notes - a Micropterus. We got out about 11.45 & walked a few hundred yards to Fairy Cave, a much smaller cavern and wholly bat-less. Then we drove the couple of miles back to Chillojos for lunch at the hotel. In the afternoon we tried the Madonna cave (in another block of limestone). We saw two wallaroos - big reddish sandy fellows which made no bones about leaving up the masses of slatted limestone to vanish over the top of the key. The Madonna proved not to be quite dark enough - at least there were no bats in it!

Then there we drove 2 miles back along the Alma-dun road to Pink Cave. This was only moderately large & not complex. I got a tiny group of 3 Scotodiscus without being sure they were bats at all. (I also got a couple of patches of fungus). On the way out I picked up three fine Taphozous singly. We had not noticed them at all going in.

White cockatoos on the way back to Alma-dun which we reached at 6 pm.

Another cave (not seen) ^{the} ~~is~~ "Tank Cave", and at Mungana 11 miles beyond Chillojos other bat caves are said to exist.

7th. June

Another very busy day. Left Alma-dun at 7.30 & went to Lapps Junction (RR) where we drove in a round-about way southward for about 5 miles to Betty Burns mine, an abandoned tunnel. I had used my last dust-shot cartridge (blame to RR strike) the day before & had some .410 loaded with #8 shot. This was really

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far too large for small bats. In any case not a bat hung up where I could see it to start at it, though plenty were flying in the tunnel. We got sticks & knocked down 9 - all alike & apparently Scoternis of a species larger than any those of the day before. Outside, soon spotted another red wallaroo bounding away.

From Tom Burns we drove to the town of Irvinebank - a quite important tin-mining center. We were intending to visit the Vulcan Mine. However, the Vulcan, we were told had no tunnel but went down 1500 feet. So we gave that one up. We met an old miner who said "Bets! - Why there's bats in my tunnel," ^{the "Submarine"} "You can take them in your hand. We went with him, armed with forked sticks. He lit his carbide lamp & we went in. At about 200 feet he said "then they are". I could not use my stick in the cramped space so I tried grabbing them & got all three of the cluster. They were like Pipistrellus or Scoternis. In his second cave "The Queen" were Rhinolophus. I was able to seize two of them in the same way. Our time was getting short but we managed to go to one more abandoned tunnel, of which there seem to be scores, where we again took 4 Rhinolophus & 1 Pipistrellus.

It began to drizzle. We loaded back east & got safely across all creeks. Reached Herbyton after most shops had closed (at 5.15) but bought some tinned food & 3 loaves of bread. Then on in the mist & rain down the road leading to Ravenshoe, but turned off on the Innisfail road (all bitumen road). Finally we turned off again into the road "under construction" where Van had been taken 3 days earlier to the camp of the Main Roads Commission. We arrived by after dark between 7.30 & 8.

Van reported terrific rain all the time he had been at the road construction camp at Walter Hill Range. They had had 20 inches of rain in 3 days. He had so far taken a Urocyon & several Rattus assimilis. Most of the camp people were away for the week end, so he was starting to camp alone. He had not actually had to fix a meal yet however.

(Termining area)

Note: 1. Soda region is Rossville, 27 mi. S. of Coke town.

also Mt Hastley, on coast from Rossville.

2. George Moore of Rossville has striped cat.

3. Percy Hatfield knows scrub at Rossville.

Informants: Mr Mrs Bowditch.

Red Island - Somerset Area.

		Type Locality.
o Spiny Anteater, <u>Tachyglossus aculeatus acanthion</u>		Rockhampton (Lamboltz).
marsupial mouse, <u>Antechinus</u> ^{godmani} (possibly 2 spp).	?	
Flat skulled marsup. mouse. <u>Planifelis</u>	?	
<u>Phascogale</u> } "Bushy-tailed Rat"	<u>Phascogale tapoatapa</u>	???
<u>Sminthopsis</u>	<u>Sminthopsis aruensis</u>	?? Aru Isls (Wellgen).
o Little Native Cat. <u>Satanellus lalucatus predator</u>		Utajua (Kemp).
o Short leaved bandicoot <u>Iswoodon peninsulæ</u>		Utajua (Kemp)
Large " " " <u>macrourus</u>	?	
Narrow leaved " " <u>Ceramale nasuta pallidior</u>	??	Darwin Is. (Sterrin)
New Guinea " " <u>Echimypon</u>	?	Rosky Sewt.
Pigmy Glider <u>Acrobatis p. frontalis</u>	???	Herbert R.
Pigmy Possum <u>Eudromicia</u> crenata <u>macrura</u>	???	Atterton
Yellow bellied Glider <u>Petaurus australis reginae</u>	???	Burdabey.
Spirited glider " <u>norfolcensis pacilis</u>	???	Cardwell
Sugar glider <u>" brevicaus longi caudata</u>	?	
o <u>Dactylopsila</u> } <u>Dactylopsila plicata</u>		For Albany.
<u>Stupis Possum</u> }	<u>Pseudo deirus peregrinus</u>	?? Coketown
Ruftail " "	<u>Lubertensis</u>	??? Herbert R.
" "	<u>lemeroides</u>	??? Alburton T.
" "	<u>arctus</u>	???
Scint Flyig Phal. <u>Thaenobatis minor</u>	???	Herbert Vale
Bush-tail Possum <u>Turossus rufipennis obereensis</u>	??	{ Old Creek, Cape York Pt. Albany, Opifak.
o Phalaris, Spotted <u>Phalaris maculatus nudicaudatus</u>		
" <u>orientalis</u>	<u>" orientalis</u>	???
Tree Kangaroo. <u>Dendrolagus temminckii</u>	???	Cooktown

o beta. Coleman, Mitchell R.s.

			Type locality
Gazelle Wallaby	<u>Dorcopsis</u>	???	New Guinea
o Scent Wallaby	✓ <u>Thylorhynchus styronaticus</u>	<u>coxei</u>	Port Albany (Coxen)
o Sand "	✓ <u>Protemnodon</u>	<u>agilis</u>	Capo York (Broadbert)
White-tail	"	<u>parryi</u>	??
Water Rat	✓ <u>Hydromys</u>		
o "Spring-tailed" rat	✓ <u>Rattus</u>	<u>culmorum</u>	race ?
o Capo York Spring Rat	✓ <u>Rattus</u>	<u>leucopus</u>	Capo York
Mouse	<u>Lygadria</u>	???	
"Rabbit Rat" (Polcat)	<u>Desmoberomys</u>	<u>gouldii</u>	<u>ratoides</u> ??
White-ft Rabbit Rat	<u>Conilurus</u>	<u>penicillatus</u>	race
Kangaroo mouse	<u>Notomys</u>	<u>agilis</u>	? Capo York (Cockle)
o Giant Rat	✓ <u>Uromys</u>	<u>caudirostratus</u>	Port Albany
o Dial-tailed rats	✓ <u>Melomys</u>	<u>australeis</u>	Piara, 2 1/2 miles WNW from Somerset (Coxen)
o Goulds flying fox	✓ <u>Pteropus</u>	<u>gouldii</u>	Rockhampton
Spectacled "	"	<u>crepicellatus</u>	Fitzroy Isl.
Little "	"	<u>scapulatus</u>	??
Hydromys (Tide-rat)	<u>Nyctinomys</u>	<u>papuanus</u>	N. Guinea
Lepus...	"	<u>robinsoni</u>	? Corkton
<u>Odontonycterus</u>	two species		
<u>Dysonycterus</u>	one "		
<u>Rhipidops</u>		??	N.S.W.
<u>Rhinonycterus</u>	<u>amentacis</u>	??	Port Essington
<u>Hippodurus</u>	<u>sereni</u>	?	Corkton
o "	✓ <u>curvirostris</u>		Albany Isl.
o "	✓ <u>alborensis</u>		" "
o "	<u>diadema</u>	race	

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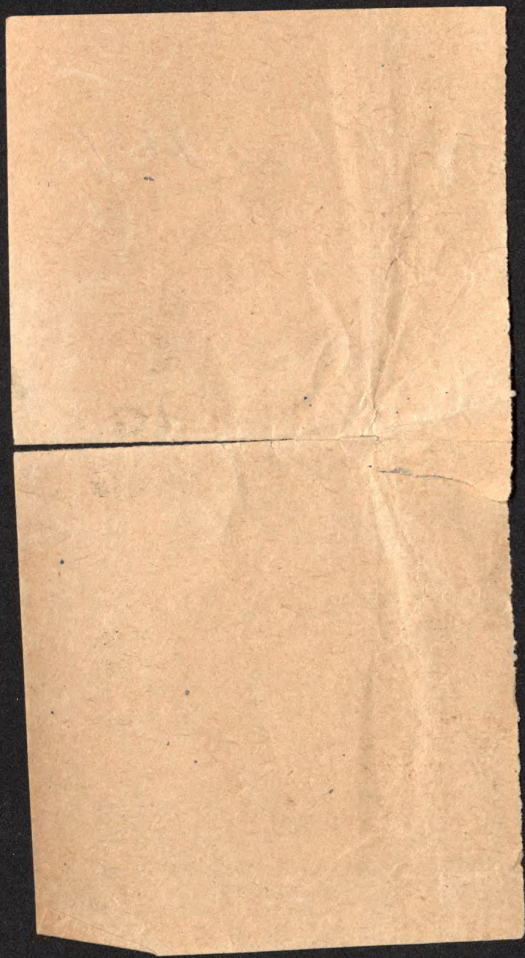
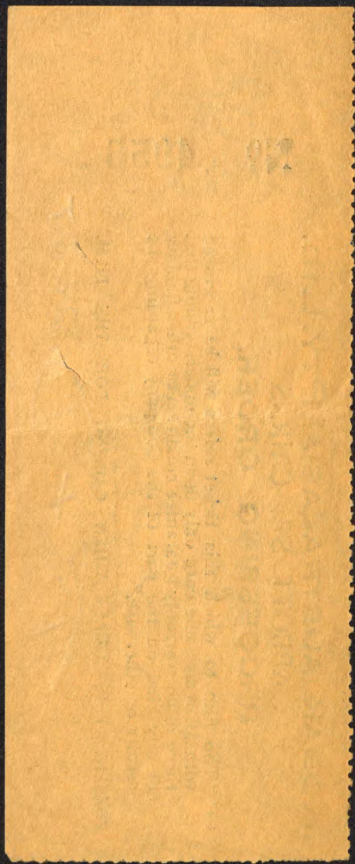
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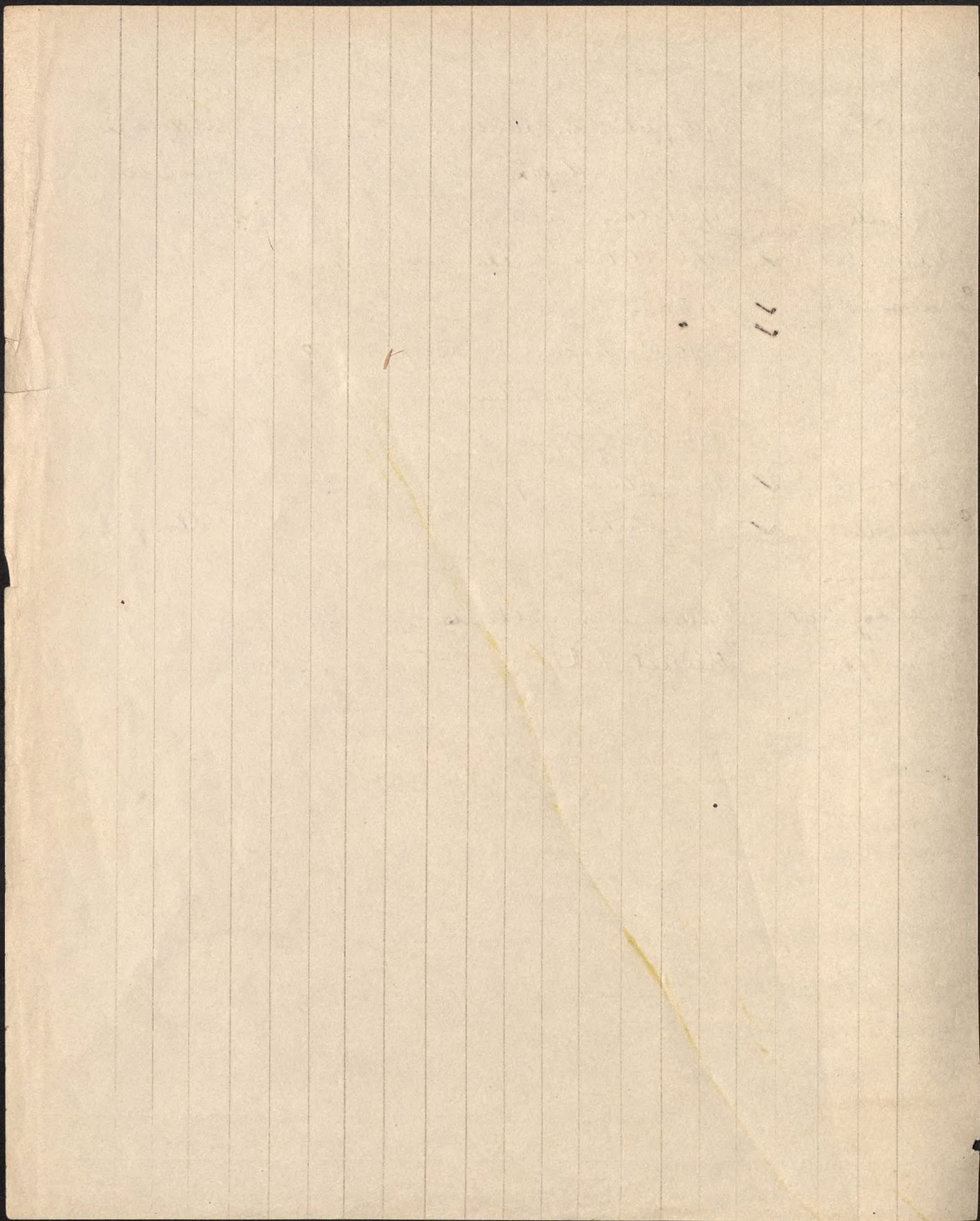
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No



Long-eared bats	<i>Nyctophilus g. pallidus</i>	??	Alexandria
"	" <u>bifax</u>		Torres St. Isls
Pipistrellus	<i>Pipistrellus abramus</i>	?	
Lobelipped bats	✓ <i>Chalinolobus gouldii</i>	?	
Brown nosed bats	✓ <i>Scotemis</i> sp.		
Mouse ear "	✓ <i>Myotis (Leuconoe) macropterus</i>	??	
" "	" <i>australis</i>	??	
	<i>Phoniscus papuensis</i>	???	
Embittered	✓ <i>Miniopterus</i> sp.	?	
<i>Tophozous</i>	✓ <i>T. australis</i>		Albany Isl.
<i>Saccolaimus</i>	<i>S.</i> sp.	??	
Bull dog bat	<i>Nyctinomus norfolkensis</i>	??	
<i>Chaerephon</i>	<i>Short-eared bat</i>	??	



Went out jacking for an hour + shot a stinky gray Pseudocercus

Sat. Mar. 6. In the morning the rain had stopped. The camp was located in a sea of mud where bulldozers had churned up the country side.

Went out with Van to see his traps. He got 4 Rattus and a Uromys. Some photos. A couple of hours of sunshine. Set out that night jacking up the road.

Saw bats & 2 flying foxes. Shot a Chalcophaps (?) with the light saw 2 dups too far to shot. Shot one other Pseudocercus ferbertensis.

Am persuaded this scrub is relatively empty. Perhaps the bulldozers & blasting have frightened away the game.

Van shot a feral black cat and a Peromyscus.

Sun. Mar 7. In traps (Van's) 4 Rattus assimilis, 1 Uromys caudimaculatus.

No trace of Hypseoryzomys. The road building people obviously don't know it, yet Marty Raven got two not far from here. The trouble is that we know nothing of its habits.

Went with Van out for a couple of hours. He shot a night apron but could not find it.

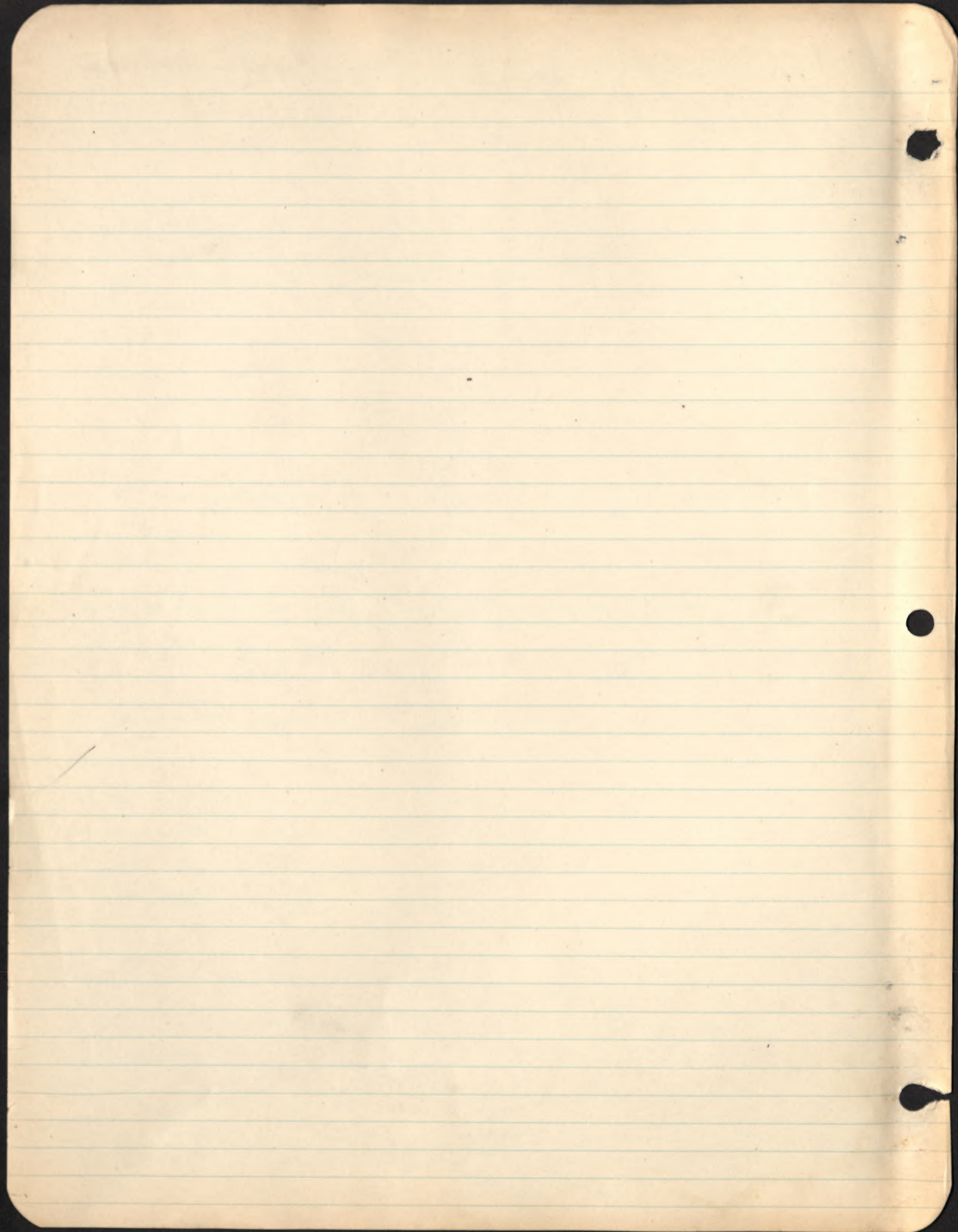
Mon. Mar. 8. Packed up & left for Millers Mill where Harold Moon, my driver to Chillogo was to meet us between 12 & 1. Met various people there. Snow Baker had met a man who as a boy worked for Marty Raven & others remembered him. An American from the mining areas told me that our expedition is reputed to have hidden motives: we are looking for Uranium or something.

We descended by the one-way highway (3.30 to 5) to Gadenole. The cloud forest gives way at 1500-1800 feet to eucalypts, she-oaks, cycads, umbrella trees, etc.

We visited Lake Barrina - rather commercialized but otherwise much like Lake Eacham. Also saw the big "pine", Agathis _____, 27 feet in girth.

Reached Cairns about 8.30 pm.

Tue. Mar. 9. Setting specimens in traps; outfitting Guff & Van for trip to Mossman. Gave talk before Cairns Naturalists Club entitled "Australia & S. Amer. Compared".





CAIRNS LEGACY

CIRCULAR

*Reminding Members of the next HIGH TEA
to be held at 6.30 p.m. on Friday next _____
12th March
at the R.S.S.A.I.L.A. Club Rooms, Cairns.*

*If accompanied by a guest or unable to be present
please advise the Secretary before Wednesday next.*

C. J. CUMMINGS,

Hon. Secretary

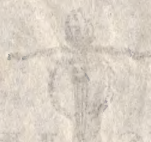
Refreshments 6 p.m.

GUEST SPEAKER :

*Dr. Tate
(Archbold Expedition)*

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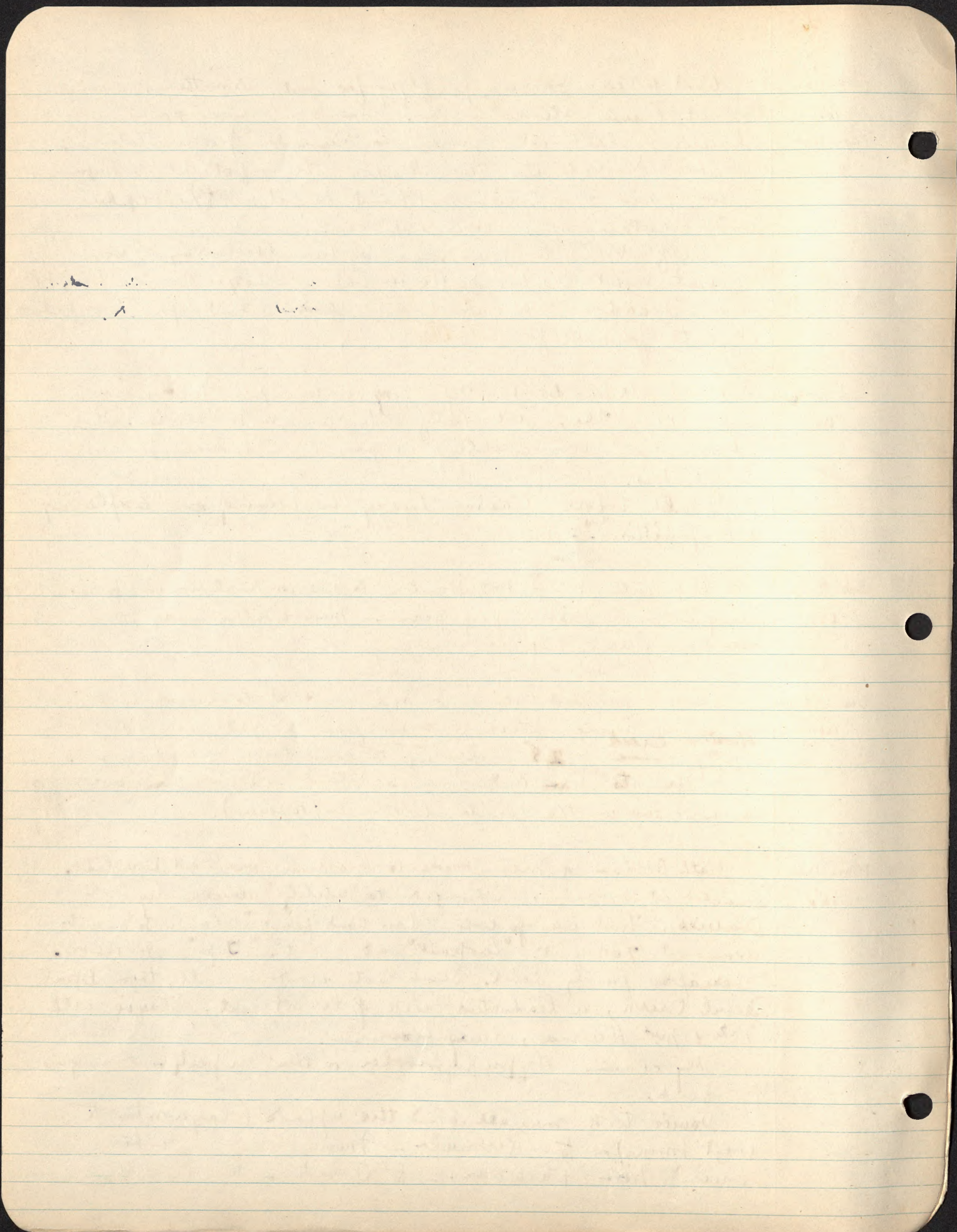
Wed. Mar
10. Went to Pease St swamps flying fox roost. Now then. Doing
tea at Ernie Stevens' home. In p.m. accompanied Mr.
Thurs Mar. Laurie, electrical engineer to Kuranda power station,
11. We hunted bat in tunnel for the 3-foot power pipe.
Two species very nervous + hard to get: Rhynchophilus
and Sclaterius? Took 2 of each.
Left Van to Mossman by bus Thursday a.m.
That night I skinned the 4 bats. George Brookes bought
an Isodora a car had killed at 8 pm. Injected
it with formal for a.m. skinning.

Fri Mar
12. Skinned the bandicoot. My long looked-for tow arrived
from Townsville. Sent half to Van at Mossman. We
have been unravelling rope - a tedious process -
to get Tow.
Talk before Cairns Lyceum in evening on "Exploring
& Expeditions."

Sat. Mar
13. a trip with Mr + Mrs Hunter to Baron water in p.m.
Busy in a.m. rearranging gear in Mrs. + getting ready for
Sunday trip.

Sun. Mar
14. Packed pickled bats in a.m. Le + I to lunch with
Mrs Ernie Stevens + in pm to bat cave at
~~Frutty Beach~~ ^{Hartley's Creek} 25 miles up to coast towards Mossman.
The bats were but 2 - scattered - in a sea cave
in a fissure in the granite (with Taptozous).

Mon. Mar.
15. With Abbiss of Main Roads to Mossman via Port Douglas.
Lunched at Mossman. Changed to "utility" driven by Mr
Davies. First camp when lowland "forest" changes to scrub
comes at 700 feet. "Lookout" at about. "Top" at 1400.
Thereafter fairly level. Scrub lasts about a mile, then Devil
Devil Creek, a headwater creek of the Mitchell. Stayed with
Mr + Mrs Hanna, dairy farmers.
They claim Hypniphyllodes on their property - at margin
of scrub.
Doris took me all and the uplands (laya mtns to
west town) - to Rumula - Miss + her
friend Mrs Parkman. - to Juláten - to see silk



of flying fox camp & back by eastern road through "forest".
Saw half breed, Paddy Groves, kangaroo hunter. He says there are great grass (not red) & 2 sorts of wallabies. He knows Hypsipymnodon.

Set a dozen traps in trail in scrub. After supper tried brief "jacking" but rain spoiled it — quite heavy rain.

Took a Hypsipymnodon in house. It hung up under bed spring in my room. I patted it by hand.

Tu. Mar.
16.

Found an Artechinus and a Rattus (possibly conatus) in my 11 traps. Walked out with gun but saw no trace of Hypsipymnodon. A grove (natural) of fan palms capable of throwing good shade.

This is inclined to be "melon-hole" country. Holes a foot deep are dotted all through the scrub. These holes when the forest has been cleared constitute a certain danger for cattle.

Went "jacking" with Paddy, a half-breed. He took me into some old timber trails. Heard one animal, but saw no eyes at all. Paddy says some Rhinodaphus from the river he looks in

Wed. Mar.
17

In traps only one rat. Went to flying fox camp — Pteropus conspicillatus. Shot five. Called on Miss Salisbury, who had one rat for me. Pickled same. Skinning all afternoon. Took large & small jarinas; kept the little one. A whitish-gray tree frog in Miss Salisbury's milk can.

Retained in late pm., while young Phil Hanna hunted Hypsipymnodon with his .410. He said he saw one.

That night he & I hunted with lights to the top of the Crossman Hill — a round trip of 5 miles. Saw only a 7-ft carpet snake at side of road. It was seen there when we returned.

Thu.
Mar. 18.

Insects in traps. Visits from Robertson (who knew Finlayson) & Keridge, both of Milanda. Also Bill Ball & David from Cairns.

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In pm rebaited and near end of track in heavy scrub saw what a ♀ Hypsiprymna. Just 5 pm. Pouch contained 4 mammals, but only the anterior pair had been functional. Further hunting but no more. Specimen packed with round worms (some saved). Stomach distended with chewed-up vegetable matter - apparently starchy - berries .rc.

Tue. Mar. 19. Two more Rattus. Saw another Hypsi streak across forest trail. Too quick for me.

Back in Cairns in pm.: Jack Davis took me down to Mossman, & I rode in with the Clellan at 4.30. Opened up boxes that evening. The boys were back half an hour ahead of me.

Sat. Mar. 20. General reorganizing in a.m. Len & I taken by Gil Batts south along the coast road to see Bell's Peak, opposite Gordonvale. We drove on to the home of Mr. Kirns, who has climbed Mt Bellenden Ker 7 times.

Afterward took dirt road in from Gordonvale to base of Bell's Peak then met Mr. Thomason, proprietor of large cane property. Buzzakott, his son-in-law has been to the top of Bell's Peak. (3300 ft).

Sun Mar. 21. Van. I with George Brookes & his family on a long motor run to Tully Falls. Went via Keranda, Atherton, Ravenshoe. Dined for fruit bats on "old Ravenshoe road" but they had moved. Picked up Stropus conspicillatus (young one) on N. Cairns road, Ceryle pygmaea at Evelyn, and Trichosurus at Creek.

The Tully falls were lovely - not too full but very impressive.

Returned via Millaa Millaa and Innisfail.

Mon. Mar. 22. with Ernie Starnes up the Kuranda Range to see Robert Veivers, brother of George Veivers who owns farm near Sanyang Creek where "stupid acts" supposed to occur. Found him at Myola snapping out logs with bullocks. He knew a

Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is mostly mirrored across the lines and is difficult to decipher.

Go about the Coen district - Peach River + Rocky Scrub. After lunch at Kuranda went to north of Mareeba PS to Clohesy River - Ernie to inspect farm. Heard of camp of flying foxes near by. Shot 1. All D. conspicillatus. Van meanwhile had gathered up 7 Nyctinomys from roof of house in Cairns, and all.

(Good).

Fri. Mar. 26. With the Stevens bros (and Mrs E. Stevens), up Kuranda range & in to Speewah property on the upper Clohesy River (8 1/2 miles due west of Cairns). On a nearby tributary, the Ganyang Creek the fabulous "striped tiger car" is reputed to occur.

The location very attractive - on old house with hilly scrub to S & E - tending to open ground n & w.

Just after lunch Van set traps, while one of the local sons of the house showed me the way to Ganyang. Over there fine forest in which lumbering for "maple" has been done 3 years ago by tractor & bulldozer.

Hunting at night - n.g.

Sat. Mar. 27. Cairns folk went back (Ernie & his wife had wanted to go earlier but a leak in their radiator stopped them) in the afternoon. Traps set by Van produced Pellus, Uromys, Arctechinus. Hypsiprymnodon is here.

Saw 4 or 5 Hypsiprymnodon run across the trail between 5 & 6 o'clock. Sets made with steel traps for spotted cats & civets(?).

Sun. Mar. 28. Nothing in my traps Van few more mice.

Mon. Mar. 29. Some traps sprung by pig or cassowary? or possibly dingo.

Saw glimpses of 2 or 3 Hypsiprymnodon.

Van got second species of rat - resembling the New Guinea Stenomys. Gift of 2 skins of T. stymecerus and Dactylopsila.

Ernie Stevens took us down to Cairns in p.m.

Spr of Dactylopsila by Mr.
R. H. Wiles of Tomato Creek,
Barron River, a few miles
north of Cairns, N. Q.

Tu. Mar.
30.

Still no definite news of the "Tunis" at Townsville.
In a.m. setting out specimens to dry - George Brooker
brought us a Heposideros diadema reynae the evening
before.

Thurs. ap.
1.

Moved out in the afternoon to the eastern foot of Bellenden
ker Mtn. The exact locality is a sugarcane area on
the north side of Junction Creek (rising off the slopes
of the mtn), a tributary of the Russell River, which
in turn joins the Doughaba a little above their
combined mouth. Settled in at the cane "kavacks"
of a property owned by Stood, Siddens & Wiener.

Fri. ap.
2.

Van & I had managed to get out approximately
40 traps. Most were set along the edge of the
cane fields but a few were in second growth &
much chopped about scrub. The catch comprised 2
Belomys (Caribbean), a number of Rattus conatus,
2 Rattus culmorum, & a conatus-like rat
having the underside of the tail black.

In p.m. went up to the beginning of the trail leading to
the top of Bellenden Ker but lost the trail in a "burn".

Messrs Kern (and sons) are apparently the only
people who know the trail well.

The fairly flat areas are fenced & planted to
cane while the gullies between are used to feed
stock. A nearby patch of scrub (isolated) is
badly burned & set up. There are some food
pieces to the s.w. Jacking produced nothing.

Sat. ap.
3.

Found entrance to trail up mountain through wild raspberry
patch but lost trail in large "burn" (Len found it later).
The catch rather poor, so shifted traps to unspoiled scrub
where the Junction Creek comes off Bellenden Ker.

Heavy rain at frequent intervals.

Kern came over to learn whether we wanted to go up
the mtn. Len & I arranged to go Monday, Van to take
over my trap lines.

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Sun
Apr. 4.

A very stormy night. Another large catch - 44, including 2 Inelomys. Van is at last developing skinning speed. Very glad of that.

Packing for Bellenden Ker climb in the morning. Len is going to get plants, I to entomology.

Am getting badly bitten about the ankles by leeches. They go right through my socks & take hold in the same place! The bites bleed for a considerable time & itch quite a bit. They cause swelling of the ankles. I'm trying various preventives - not too successfully.

Turned over my trap line to Van this p.m. more rain makes a bad outlook for tomorrow's trip.

Mon. Apr.
5.

Left for the mountain with two young local chaps who knew the trail to the summit - Bill Kerns and Sven Neilson - at 7.30 a.m.

We traveled taking approximately ~~one~~ 5 minutes rest every half hour. The first 700 feet was through first a burned or otherwise altered tangle & later through a tangle of lawyer cane and a creeping bamboo - vile territory! We crossed a couple of gullies & a small creek (where there is a dangerous, slippery sheet of granite covered with an inch of water, to be crossed).

Then began a series of steep climbs interrupted by short lengths of crest trail leading to the top of a great ridge perfectly ENE from the main range. The eastern tip is reached at about 1000 feet. The way leads along this ridge - mostly up but sometimes down, which in places becomes almost knife-edged.

Len picked up several good plants along that section, including a new, sweet-scented white-flowering shrub - perhaps of the Rubiaceae.

The ridge also carried some Kauri pine. It was all forested, though in narrow places several lookouts could be made. The river end of this ridge juts out from the main Bellenden Ker range at a spot where there is a trickle of water and climbers generally stop for lunch. We did a "boil-up" too.

Next came 700-800 feet of extremely steep, rocky slope, which finally rounded off; and we were on the top of one of the knobs of the range - 3100 feet. We arrived there at 1.10. Another half hour, down & up

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Main body of faint, illegible handwriting, appearing to be several lines of text.

Bottom section of faint, illegible handwriting, possibly a conclusion or signature area.

past two other knots to the north brought us to "Tick Camp", a tiny palm hut, with a very leaky roof, at 2. pm.

Rain came on as we finished our lunch. We arrived at Tick Camp in rain, and the downpour continued well into the night. Our improvised carrying bags, our blankets, everything we had except two ^{walking} articles - my small tarboosh and a waxed foot bag - were speedily saturated.

The lean-tos had been built to protect against a dry west wind. The rainy southeaster that day blew right through it. Sven & Bill had to rig up an opposing roof & an extra lean-to (attached) for cooking space. All leaked badly.

~~The~~ Exactly two hours were needed to start a fire. The boys had been telling us of an infallible mountain firewood named "jiddo" (ghittoe), which lit with a single match & burned with the easiest of ease. This was the wood which needed two hours to light.

We slept in wet blankets on wet mud.

Tues.

Apr. 6.

At 8 next morning we started for the summit. Tick Camp proved to be only 3000 feet above sea level - not the 4000 we had been told. This left us 2000 feet instead of 1000 feet to climb that day. No rain came till we were halfway up. The climbing varied - no worse than the day before. We went up through the same general type of thin scrub, with certain new species. At about 4500 feet the first of the peculiar *Dracophyllum* was encountered & this with other peculiar species of plants continued to the top.

The summit was forested with a gnarled, weather-beaten forest, many of the trees prostrate. There was an undergrowth of grassy & bushy vegetation - all very dense & appallingly wet. The summit consisted of a very narrow & rather short crest.

The men (and we too) were shaking with the cold. We spent about 3/4 hour up there & then went down. Len collected a lot of plants, I found some orange.

Main Peak
alt. 2500
27 back of
Peak

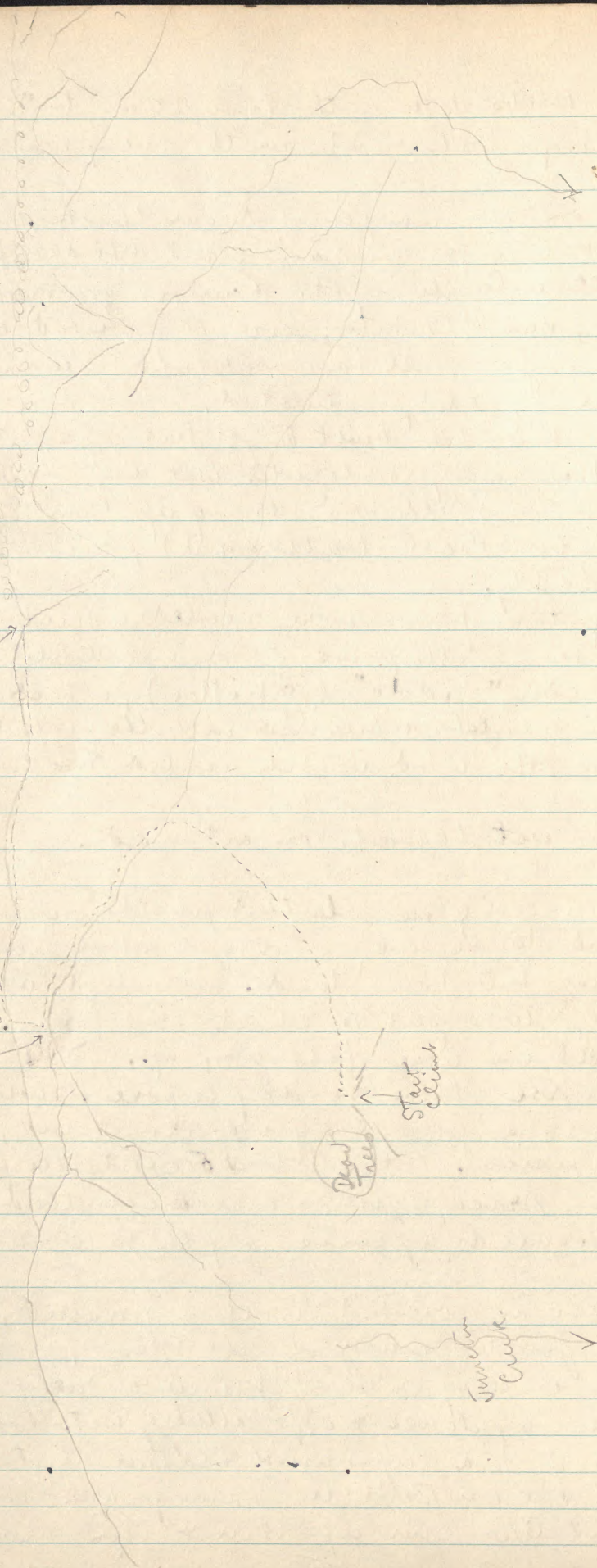
5000
Tack Camp

3100
Dumb Camp

Boat
shed

Start
Climb

Swan
Creek



colored slugs, 2 spiders, & 2 myriapods.

We reached Tick Camp at about 2 pm. The rain had stopped & it remained fine until night - fortunately for us.

A roaring fire let us dry most of our saturated clothes; & we improved sleeping conditions somewhat by cutting more palm leaves. Rain came again at night.

Wed
Apr. 7.

A drizzle was falling. We cooked a tortoise breakfast, bundled up our packs, and left at about 8 o'clock. We reached the Junction Creek camp just after noon - bone-weary from carrying our heavy rain-soaked packs & stumbling down the slippery trail.

The young rats trapped at Tick Camp & taken down to be skinned were perfectly preserved by the injections of $\frac{1}{2}$ formal, $\frac{1}{2}$ water I had given them. One of them had been taken out of the trap early morning of the 6th.

Thur.
Apr. 8.

The shaky little "utility" came for us in the pm & took us back to Cairns. My ankles greatly swollen from leech bites.

Found that both rr & ship strikes were over & the men back to work.

Fri.
Apr. 9.

The "Time" arrived during the night.

Sat. Apr. 10

Nothing unloaded which belongs to the expedition, yet.

Sun. Apr.

"

In late pm with George Brookes to see the valley of Freshwater Creek and the Cairns water intake. I wanted to compare it with Barron Waters in case we had to choose a locality for more field work temporarily. Van went out to Green Island, & Palmer Reef.

In a.m. met plan, Mousby to Sydney, on which E. T. Gilliard a passenger. Received news.

Topotypes (virtual) from the Cairns Atterton area.
(not secured marked *)

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| * Ornitholychnus | aratus proximus | Th. 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Antechinus | flavipes adestus | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * " | godmani | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Dasypops | gracilis | Ramsay, 1888 | Bellenden Ker |
| * Perameles | naruta pallescens | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Acrobatis | pygmaeus frontalis | De Vis, 1887 | Herbert R. mts |
| * Eudromia | macrura | Lönnberg, 1916 | Cedar Creek, Atterton |
| * Petaurus | norfolkensis gracilis | De Vis, 1883 | N. of Cardwell |
| * Dactylopsila | picata fumosa | Tate | Lake Barrine |
| * Pseudocheirus | peregrinus vicinens | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Pseudocheirus | flabertensis | Collett, 1884 | Herbert Vale |
| * " | " | Collette Waite, 1899 | Boal Pocket, Tinaroo |
| * ? " | archeri | Collett, 1884 | N. Q. |
| * " | leucoides | Collett, 1884 | N. Q. |
| * " | cervinus | Lönnberg, 1915 (syn.) | Atterton Tab. |
| * Schoinobatis | minus | Collett, 1887 | Herbert Vale |
| * " | civireus | Ramsay, 1890 (syn.) | Bellenden Ker |
| * Trikosurus | vulpes johnstonii | Ramsay, 1888 | " |
| * Hypsiprymmodon | moschatus | Ramsay 1876 | Rockingham Bay |
| * Dendrolagus | kumboltzi | Collett, 1884 | Herbert Vale |
| * " | fulvus | De Vis, 1888 (syn.) | Herberton |
| * ? Protemnodon | bicolor apicalis | Sunther, 1874 | Cape Crofton |
| * Hydromys | longmani | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Rattus | assimilis coracius | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Epermyia | chionogaster | Lönnberg, 1916 (R. rattus?) | Tolga |
| * Uromys | sterrini | Thomas, 1923 | Ravenstoe |
| * Melomys | cervinipes boreus | Thomas, 1924 | Ravenstoe |
| * Melomys | littoralis | Lönnberg, 1916 | Russell River |
| * Nyctophilus | bifax | Thomas, 1915 | Herberton |
| * Taptozous | fumosus | De Vis, 1905 | Gowrie Creek, Cardwell |
| * " | nudichnebiatus | De Vis, 1905 | " " |

Mon. Ap.

12.

Ernie Stevens got me the data on a ^{young} *Presembionys* in the Cairns museum - Cairns No. 806, "shot about 1/4 mile along railway line from Catterton towards Tolga. Wm Kingston, 3.1.40". This probably implies that it is an arboreal "forest" rat. It is sometimes referred to as a "polecat".

Van's paddy melon with skin inside out: -

Mossman boys. Mar. 18. 1948

T.L. 677; T. 294; H.F. 113; E(CR) 53.

Tue. Ap.

16.

Got away just after midnight last night. Passed Mossman at dawn, & ~~the~~ Snapper Island & the mouth of the Daintree River about 9 o'clock. Mt. Thornton (Thornton Peak, up which Pass has been twice) stood out clearly to N.W. Passed Cape Tribulation about noon. The Bloomfield River about 2 pm. The Annam River about 5 and into the Endeavour R. and Corkton about 5³⁰.

To the north appear promontories ^(Capitulum) of level bedded sedimentaries in marked contrast to the hitherto granitic rocks and rounded topography.

Broadly speaking the terrain fronting the sea between Cairns and Cooktown is clad in rain scrub - though a number of the projecting ridges have their crests bare, grassy or covered with ^{short} exposure vegetation. One is impressed with the fact that the landscape is filled with bold hills & mountains & that flat areas are few & far between.

In the evening we called upon Dr Kesteven, the eminent anatomist & friend of W. K. Gregory at the Corkton Hospital. He kindly gave us two plates - a specimen of *Hipposideros senneri* and a species of *Scotinotus*. He is working now on the embryology of the crocodile & badly needs well preserved material.

Sat. Ap.

17.

At dawn passed low row of sand dunes. - Coming up on barren Cape Flattery. From Flattery to Lookout Point (about 20 miles) continues, extensive sand dune country. Inland (westward) extensive sedimentary ranges up to 2000 feet.

Starks and
Munburro.

Saddle Hill
1472

2045

1336

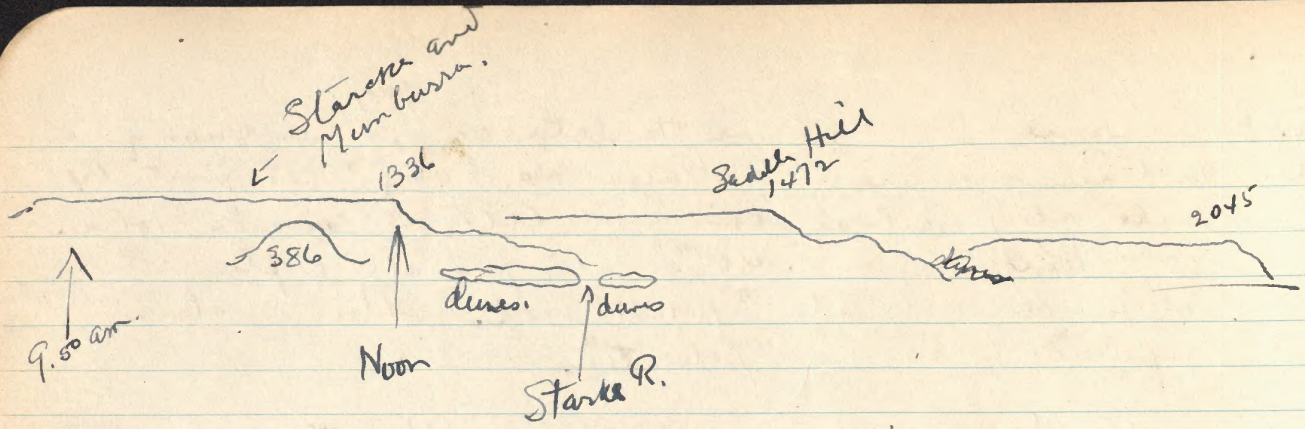
386

dunes dunes

Starks R.

Noon

9.50 am



Passed bare, isolated Lookout Point at 9. am. rose
sand dunes beyond but less developed, giving way to fringe of
mangroves. Rounded, bare Peak ahead. Tenth group
passed at 9.50. Passed inside Newton Isl. at 2. pm.

Saddle Hill about 1.30 pm.

Mt Stuckey Range¹⁴⁰⁰⁻¹⁵⁰⁰, Saddle Hill Range^{1400±} and the
range NW of Teannie R.,² 1300 to 2000 feet all
appear to be horizontally bedded sandstone.

Noble Island, off mouth of Teannie R. has produced
tin. A shaft has been sunk in Warson Isl.
to test for wolfram (n. good).

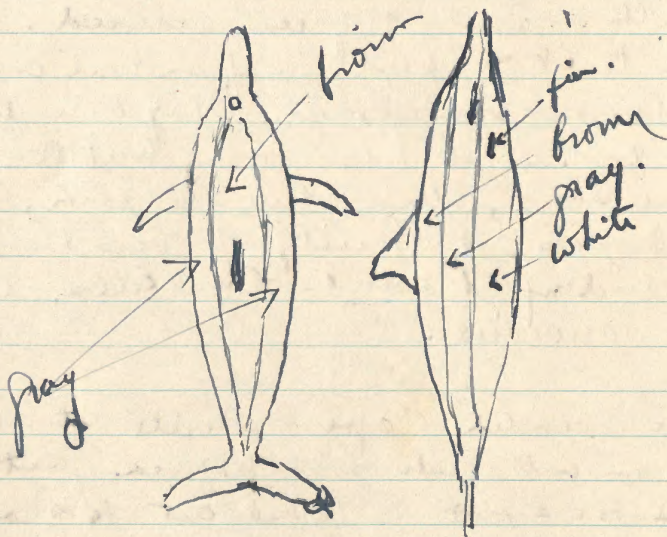
Next prominent features are Abbey Peak, North Bay
Point, and Cape Melville (no altitudes given on
17 m.p.i. map.).

Boat pilot says he went in truck this year from
Corkton to Starke. Road had a good deal of down
time. Creeks fairly numerous but dry quickly.
Starke has some salt pans. It is a cattle station.

In late afternoon we stopped by a temporarily abandoned
boat which had run aground on Schweitzers Reef, a
"dead" reef between the outer Barrier and the mainland.
The water (at a little after low tide) was about a foot
deep & dotted with masses of green seaweed. We
four rowed over to it & spent half an hour wading
about. "Scent clams" were common. They were generally
from 6" to 1 ft long. Saw also many butter-stars,
black sea cucumbers, deep blue star fish, ten
starfish with red spots, a variety of bivalves and
univalves, including Trochus-like shells. Collected
a few shells as souvenirs.

Sun. ap.
18.

We must have rounded Cape Melville at about
10-11 pm. as we ran into quite a chop of sea. At 12.15
the motor stopped for a few I looked out to sea due
hills due south, which may have been Cape Melville
itself. At 4.30 the motor stopped a few minutes
& I again went on deck. Then was again hills
to S., which were either the Thindars Isles or the
Bathurst Range. All night we held a
westerly course.



At dawn we were in Prince's Charlotte Bay heading north again. The coast 10 miles away & the hills low & dim. The one Ilwaco Range, behind which lies Coon, was wreathed in cloud.

To the north the southernmost peaks of the Lockhart Mission crest range - 1000-1600 feet stood out on the distant horizon.

Passed the Lockhart about 8 o'clock & started across Lloyd's Bay, at the inner end of which lies Portland Roads.

In the night the sea quite choppy as we rounded Cape Grenville.

Mon. Ap.
19.

Darf from shore. Low hills & distant sand dunes. Engine trouble. Crossed Shelburne Bay mostly under sail. In mid-p.m. reached Hamital Island. Went ashore for 2 hours while engine repairs.

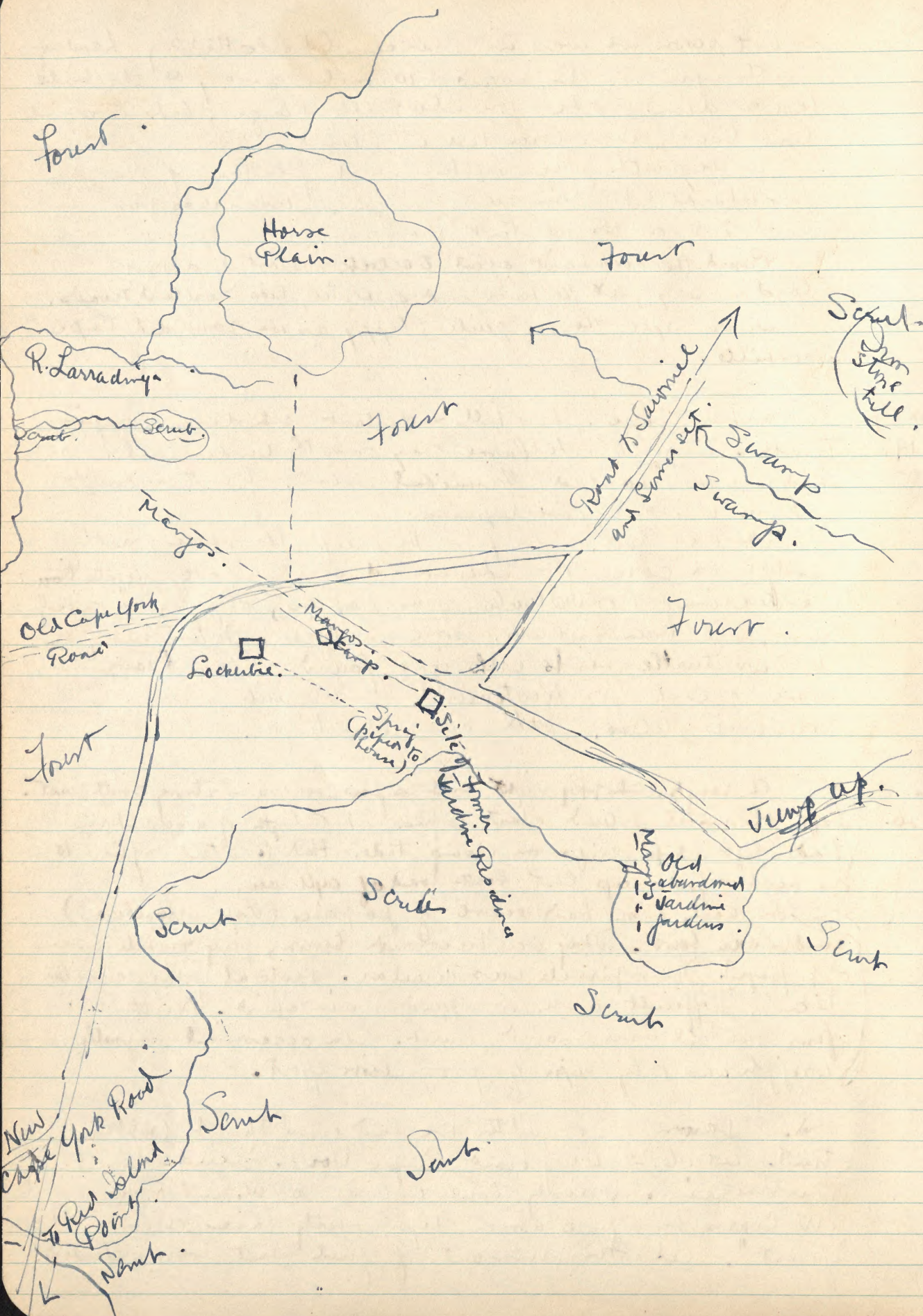
Tide was low. In from the reef the shore partly sandy. A core of sedimented coral rock. Vegetation: Casuarina; Convolvulus per-capuae, a fig, a variety of small trees & shrubs. Some sedges, Portulaca, etc. Two turtle nests with eggs found. Plan to save some of each for Kesteven. Got quite a few souvenir shells. Still 80 miles to go.

Tues.
Apr. 20.

A rough, choppy night with a few showers - strong south-east. Left Hamital Island about 6 p.m. Shot length of anchor chain & had left ship drift on rising tide. Had to start engine to go back & pick up last boat load of oyl-seas.

In early a.m. had school of porpoises (Lagenorhynchus?) under our bows. They were tricolored brown, gray & white (see opp. page). The spiracle was circular. Pectoral fins scimitar-like. Difficult to see how speed maintained. Neither fins nor tail were moved much. An occasional anguilliform wriggle was only sign of propulsive effort.

Dawn soon after we had come through Albany Strait. At 6.30 we passed Cape York. Seeds of mist or rain. Misty low island to W. and N.W. SW Course by 7.30 a.m. Tip mostly bare or in "frost". Another run-out of fuel but soon restarted.



Forest

Horse Plain

Forest

R. Larradmy

Scrub.
Don't stay here!

Forest

Road to Jamaica
and some other Swamps

Forest

Old Cape York Road

Lockurie

Forest

Mangos

Spring (present to future)

Sike of former Residence

Jump up

Old abandoned garden gardens

Scrub

Scrub

Scrub

Scrub

New Cape York Road
to Red Island Point

Scrub

Scrub

Scrub

We had to stand quite far out until nearly opposite Red Island (at 9 a.m.), then turn directly in, heading for a beacon, + final sharp right to the wharf.

A wretched place strewn with hundreds of empty 100-octane gas drums - the aftermath of war.

Our new cork Joe McKeoghlin ("Betty Joe") was waiting on the wharf.

Transportation had not yet arrived. Dick Holland of Lockerbie, the original home (and name) of Tardiv. His two sons Stan and Tom arrived in their trucks + jeep + said that Dick was on the way. There had been recent heavy rains, and fearing the short roads impassable, he had taken the long way around.

Meanwhile Joe made some lunch. Dick arrived about 1.30. We loaded up his "blitz" truck + crossing a number of streams + swamps without bogging down, reached Lockerbie about 3.30 pm.

Lockerbie

Here we met Mrs Holland, a Scots woman from Dumfriesshire + later a daughter about 20 and a third son Dick, about 18.

Sufficient camp was erected under some of old mangroves so we could sleep in shelter. In the evening we were invited over to talk a while with the family.

Wed.

Apr. 21.

Practically the whole day devoted to making camp. A second load (and last) came up about 11. But we were ready for the baggage. In the late p.m. gave my two boys, George + Gordon about 10 traps each, 5 traps each to test them out. The former, an old able hunter, has several wallaby spears.

Van went out jacking in night moonlight + killed a y. male spotted cuscus and a Trilomys.

Thu. Dec
Sat

Apr. 22-
24.

Setting trap routine in land. Teaching boys to skin. Van out "jacking" but a full moon: -

Taken so far: R. leucopus many
Trilomys australis 10+
D. culmorum 2.
Ph. maculatus 1
Dactylopsila picta 1.

Protemnodon apilis !

Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is mostly mirrored across the lines and is difficult to decipher.

Sund
Ap. 25.

Last night Van got another Dactylopsila. I went jacking - light on from 7.15 to 9.15. Did not see an eye! Boy took two Uromys. This evening the boys caught two Hyposidimus altarensis in their tent.

Lockhart is on "ironstone" laterite. It is just at the west foot of the dividing ridge. The ridge is scrub-covered, the lowlands mostly in forest. There are little "scrubs" scattered around. The Larradunga Creek runs N.W. from near here. It is mostly edged with forest but a little scrub appears also. The scrub is composed of only moderately tall trees - at most 10 feet. The savanna is chiefly in tall spear grass. Some patches of scrub grass savanna at Horse & Linn.

Temperatures on land. There 8 & 9 nights were cool - down to 75°. Last night, partly overcast, the thermometer did not drop below 80°. Tonight it is 79°. The S.E. winds are blowing strong.

Jacking, saw bright eyes of bats in flight - probably small fruit bats such as Myotis, Ochtonycterus, and Sycomycterus.

Mon. Ap.
26.

Shot scrub turkey. Moved 10 traps to Larradunga Creek & set for Hydromys. At night received about a score of Micropterus, 1 Chalinolobus, 2 Taptozous from mice trapped on Possession Isl., collected by the crew of the "Lochiel". Dried herbs for bats.

Tues. Ap.
27

Rattus & Melomys still coming in. The Rattus of the gestui group is still scarce (we now have 14). No Hydromys. The older of my two boys, Mouton shot a Thylacynus stylin. coxeni. Set 15 more river traps. Rebaited old line with dried fish.

Wed. Ap.
28

Jacking in Saw Mill scrub produced only a pecko. Saw number of bats. Van shot ad. ♀ Cuscus & a Dactylopsila.

Thur. Ap.
29.

Hunter, Serge Mouton killed large male sand wallaby. Nail days. Self went down with truck to Red Island Point.

"Tip" forms

	upt and including May 25	rain %	Revised list for "tip"	
Tachypterus	0	0	0	✓ Doubtful within ridge
Satanellus	0 + 1 + 3	0	4	shrub forest tree
Isodora	4 + 1	1	6	tree savanna
Aerobates		1		Blotwood tree ✓
Pelaeus	0	2 + 2	6 (2 pch. yg)	Blotwood tree ✓
Dactylopsila	3 + 4	1 + 1	9	edge forest, savanna
Phalanger	2 + 1	0	4	✓ rain forest
Thylacale	1 + 2	1	8 (3 pch. yg)	✓ edge rain forest.
Protemnodon ajalis	3 + 1	1	10 (2 pch. yg; 1 skull only)	grassy forest ✓
Rattus leucopus	± 70 ⁺² ₊₂₃	1	124	✓ vine scrub.
Rattus culmorum	4 + 3	0	7	grassy forest ✓
Neosebomyia	0	0	0	forest?
Conilurus	0	0	0	grassy forest?
Hydromys	0	2	2	stream in forest
Uromys	3 + 1	1	7	✓ rain forest
Melomys australis	30 ⁺⁸ ₊₈	2	52	✓ rain forest.
Pteropus fouldii	0 + 1	0	1	
" conspicillatus	0	0	0	
" scapulatus	0	0	0	
Nyctimene papuanus	0	0	0	
Odontonycteris	0	0	0	
Syconycteris	0	0	0	
Rhino nycteris	0	0	0	
Hipposideros senonoi	0	0	0	
" corvinus	0	1	39	+38
" albanensis	3	0	3	
Nyctophilus	0	0	0	
Pipistrellus	0	0	0	
Chalinolobus	1	0	1	
Scotomus	0	0	3 {2 off}	
Myotis	0	0	0	
Tapozous australis	2	1	3	
Nyctinomus	0	0	0	
Chaerophon	0	0	0	
Miniopterus	15	0	15	
Chiro Dirgo	1	0	1	
Species	12 (15)	12	307	21 species
	19			
	6	4		

In the evening the Hollands drove us a few miles west of on the Cape York Road. Old Dick + I hunted back over the open country (hills, forest + scrub), young Dick + Van kept the truck + hunted along the road. They got 2 bandicoots + a juvenile wallaby. We got nothing.

Fri. Apr. 30. Another bat (*H. albavensis*) - killed by the boys in their test. Some *Rattus* + 2 *Melomys*. Shifted my entire water-side line (25 traps along the L'Anadanya) to long grass sets to try to fill out our series of *Rattus culumbum* subsp., of which we have only 3 or 4 specimens.

Sat. May. 1. Cut new trail from end of "mango line" to top of "jump-up" - about a mile. Did not quite finish. Mostly heavy scrub growing on iron stone.

Went with Dick Hollands, young Dick, + Buff + all four dogs out to place nearly done nest - a stream flowing through palm-swamps. The Dick's + the dogs went hunting pig or a bullock. Buff + I went bag hunting. A bullock was shot. We returned about 4.30 pm.

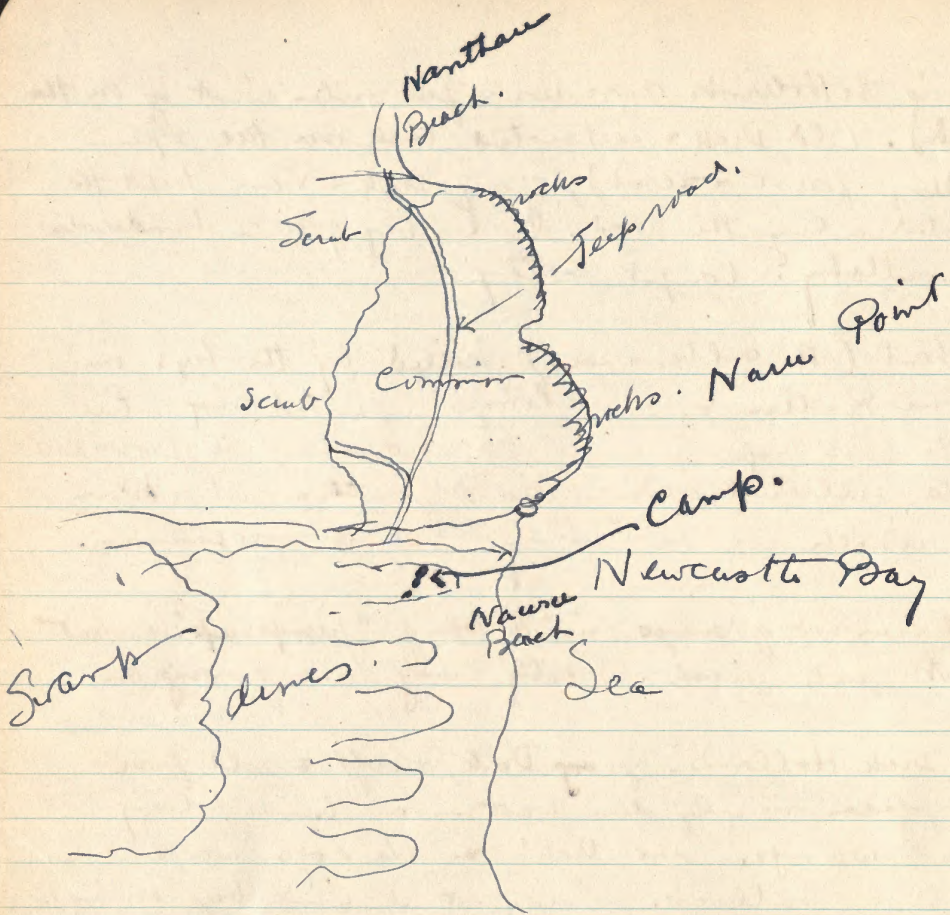
Found that two of the boys had quit their jobs + returned to Caval Creek Mission. The old hunter stayed to take a letter from Len addressed to the head of the mission.

Sun. May 2. Completed trail after skinning out catch. Set 25 traps at its end in p.m.

Newcastle Bay

Thurs. May 6. Moved to Newcastle Bay, 3 mi s. of Somerset. Track had many trees to be cut out. Near Somerset the powerful truck left the road + crossed open forest country. Stopped to see reed-filled Lake Bront. Got bogged in stream only 1 mile from destination.

Left Lockertie 745 arrived Newcastle Bay 12.15 pm. Camp up + almost in working order by night. Set few traps. Van got a *Uromys* + a new *Melomys*. The *Uromys* among iron stone rocks + cliffs just above the beach.



Thu. May
7.

This camp consists of sea beach, ironstone low heathland backed by short grass scrub, sand dunes, a *Protonia* swamp which breaks out as small streams to the sea at intervals through the dunes. The dunes are cut up by the prevailing SE trade wind.

Trapped brief stormers. Van trapped 1 *Melomys*, 1 *Thomomys*. Total traps out: about 160. Jacking at night: Van shot a *Dactylopsila*; I caught a night-hawk by hand.

Sat. May
8.

I trapped 2 *Melomys*; Van + Morton nil. Van's *Melomys* of yesterday may be new. Beach south of us is named Name Beach, that north Nantkau Beach (1 inch = 1 mile). The rocky point between is Name Point.

Far to SE can see heights of Turtlehead Island. Van + I cleared back trail to Sunset Rd for about a mile - across creek where truck bogged down earlier in week. Weather improves.

Jacking I shot a *Petaurus brevicauda*. Van shot something but couldn't find it. I picked up a pale gray gecko by hand. + 2 frogs.

Sun.
May 9.

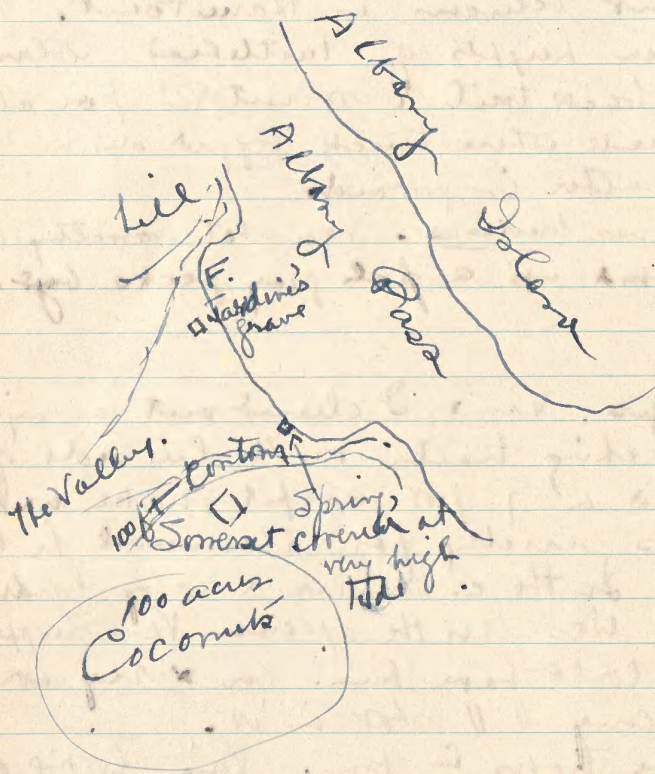
Nothing in any of the traps. Van + I cleared out a night hunting system of branching trails on the lee side of the scrub. Van killed a 7-foot carpet snake under the tree where she was searching for the animal he had lost the night before. In the c.s. were a baby bandicoot and an *Acrobatis*. Was this the specimen Van dropped the night before? It could have been. An x-ray would show whether it had any #11 shot in it.

I shifted 15 of my traps in pm. Van looking for bats at sea-cliff.

Mon. May
10.

Van netted *Toptoxas* and *Hipposiderus cervinus* in crevices in ironstone cliffs facing sea, Morton too, 1 *Rattus leucopus* + 1 skink.

I cut new track behind dunes to connect with my S.W. trail. Plenty of green hornets.



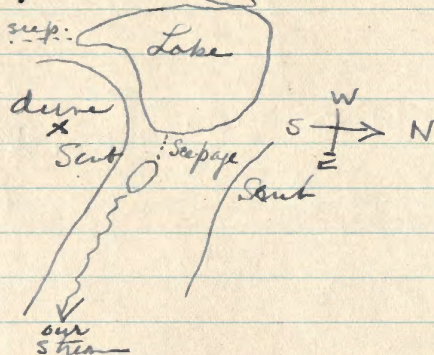
1948.

Wed.

May 12.

This morning hunting for hollow trees possibly containing bats - out to Lake.

Old dunes, now heavily forested may in the lake to SE. There is no true outlet but seepage occurs through low sandy plain.



No bat.

Yesterday bat hunt with Van in a.m. Shifted some traps. Jacking at night.

Dick Holland arrived in his truck. He + Van went jacking for 3 hours. No results.

Thurs.

May 13.

Nothing in traps. Morton shot a *Thryothorus*. Trip to Somerset.

At Somerset we saw the old Jardine residence - abandoned now for at least 5 years. Also saw Jardine's grave - just behind the beach in the valley. Took nearly 40 bats, *Hipposideros eurus*, including the red phase, in the ceilinged living room. Albany Island, across Albany Pass (1/2 mile wide?). Looked attractive.

Back at camp about 5 pm., after stopping to examine both Lake Brewster and Lake Wickersham.

Returned in a.m. to Lockertie.

Sat.

May 15.

Sent Van to work the saw mill scrub - 2 miles NW of Lockertie.

Sun

May 16

Mon.

May 17.

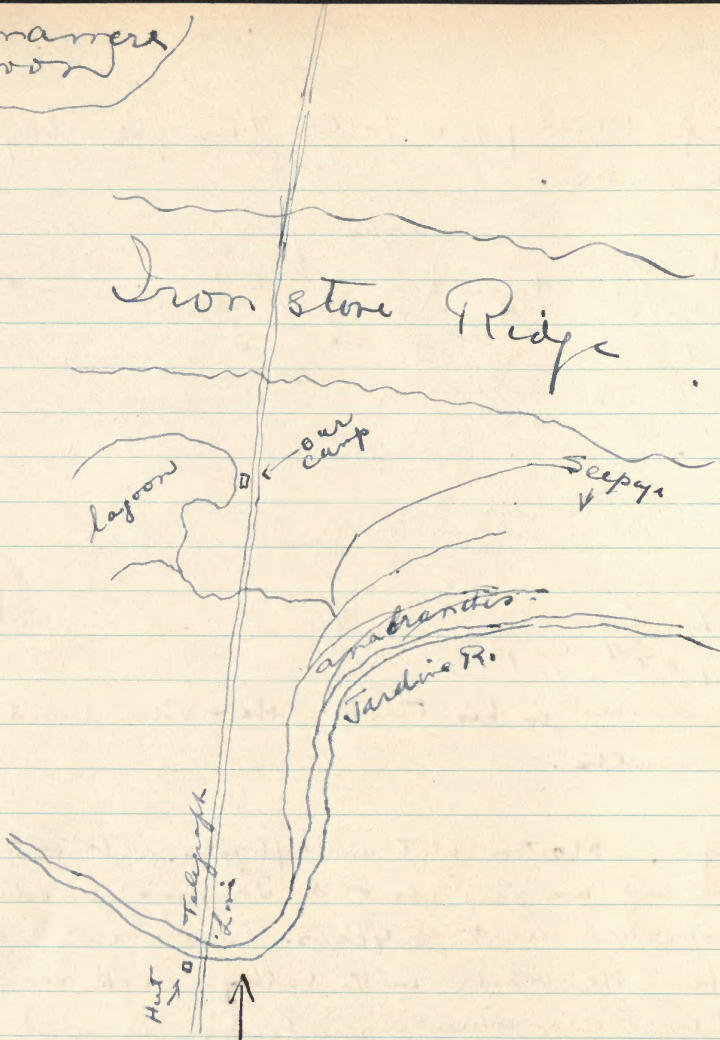
mostly packing. Shot another *Phalacrocorax*.

Jardine River.

Tues, May 18.

Left Lockertie at 7:30. Dick drove us out to the Higgins Field at Sackey-jackey Creek; then back to the Muter Head Road & along the telegraph line. Crossed the Higgins Creek (sandy swamps) by a very rickety

Samarera
Lagoon



Longitude: 142° 22'

old bridge. South of that a succession ^{very low} of ironstone ridges with sandy hollows intervening led to Lake Samamere - large ^{shallow} swampy lake - on our right (west). One more ridge gave on the Tardine River (100 yards wide). Camp was finally placed at the foot of the last ridge by a little swampy lagoon subject to a 3-4-foot rise in flood time. Thus Samamere is 1/2 mile away north & the Tardine crossing 1 mile south - but the river can be reached only 300 yards east by crossing a knee-deep ox-bow.

The land is poor and sandy. The boy Roy & I put out 75 traps. That evening I hunted back along the road to Samamere. All I saw was a flying fox on the wing. There are lots of specialised plants, however, and Len is sure to reap a harvest.

Wed. May 19. Nothing whatever in the traps. We had 3 lines: one along the lagoon & its approach slopes (35 traps); 15 more up on the ironstone ridges; and 25 more along the banks of the Tardine.

Later, when taking a "walk-about", found an old dead male wallaby (*M. gilvipes*), and saved the skull. Probably he came to this inhospitable land to die.

Thurs. May 20. Jacking last night: 1 wallaby (saw) with large "joey". Could have shot others. Killed a night hawk by error.

Today traps empty & undisturbed.

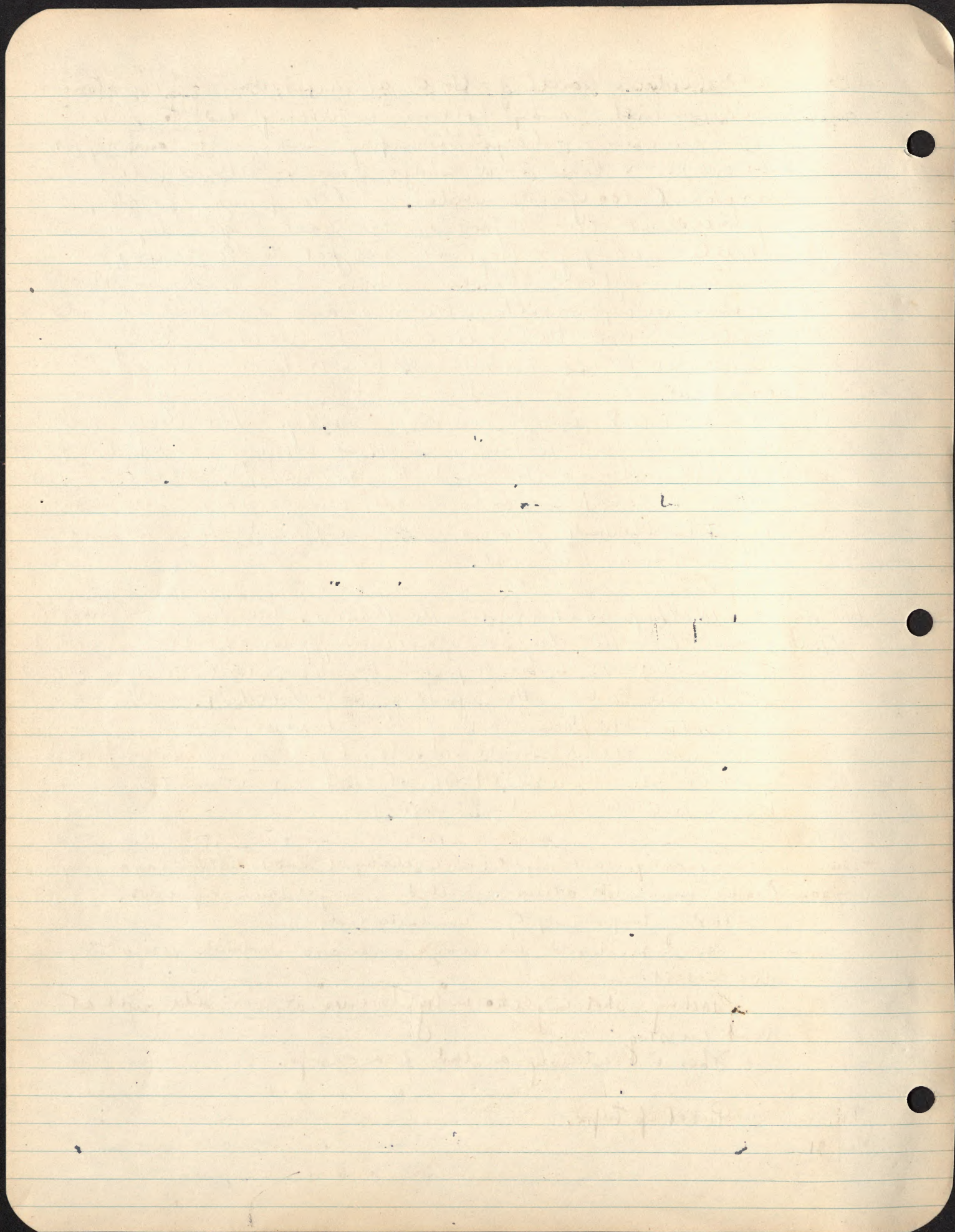
In p.m. used wallaby carcass to bait digo traps - drag-bait.

Jacking. Shot a gecko in "Cryptomeria" at river side, right at road crossing.

This is certainly a dud of a camp.

Fri. May 21

Picked up traps.



Sat

May 21

Dick Holland drove into camp about 5:30. We packed. In a.m. got away about 8 a.m. We had: drizzle. Q stop at a py. Place of "sand joannes" reached. Red Island Point about 11:30. Found Van + Kato. Van had 2 flying phalopes - various etc, a Phalopus, a spotted cat. Evening set traps for spotted cats: a battery of 8 beneath beam wind. Van came in in old iron barge on beach.

Sun

May 23.

Skinning the wallaby + Urops taken by light last night. Also killed a civet-marked white-eyed forest cat 5 miles out. A "tiger shark" stop off jetty. Drying specimens + tents. Sent logs to the pier to try to Potted Roads. Tacking at night - nothing. Full moon.

Mon.

May 24.

Reorganizing. Van got a "cat" at Coral Creek in ceiling of school house.

In my view the "Tip", roughly 10 miles x 10 miles represents the relatively poor part of northeastern Australia. It may however have been much richer or have had a very different population at various times in the past - for it undoubtedly served as the highway for communication with New Guinea.

Today its greatest height of land fails to reach 300 feet. Its geology is basically granitic, altered in some parts to laterite residual material, in other parts to sand and, rarely, clay.

It is chiefly covered with open forest. But along the main ridge + parts of subsidiary ridges there are also considerable areas of scrub or rain forest. The presence of this rain forest is controlled by a combination of humidity and soil conditions. Optimum forest + highest rainfall are found at + around the sawmill pocket, 2 mi n.w. of Lockerbee. It carries some swamp + dune areas. With the exception of the bats the ~~forest~~ fauna is

Topotypes thus far secured at the "Tip" (except *)

Satarellus kallecalis predator Thomas, 1926.

Type was taken by Robert Kemp at Utinga.

Isodon peninsulae Thomas, 1922

" " " " " "

Dactylopsila picala Thomas, 1908.

Type taken at Port Albany by C. Coxen.

Phalanger ^{maculatus} medicaudatus Gould, 1850.

Type taken by Macgillivray at "Cape York".

" " "var. ochropus (a synonym) Gray, 1866.

From Port Albany, collected by C. Coxen.

Thylacynus stigmaticus coxeni Gray, 1866.

Type from Port Albany by C. Coxen

" " gazella De Vis (= coxeni)

Type from Somerset by .?

Protemnodon apilis jardini De Vis, 1884.

Type from "Five Fork", collected by R. Broadbent.

Rattus leucopus Gould, 1867.

Type from "Cape York" collected by "Dämel"

" terrae reginae Alston (synonym) 1879.

"Cape York"

Uromys eudimaculatus Petrus, Krefft, 1867

"Cape York"

" macropterus Gray, 1866 (synonym).

Port Albany, collected by Coxen.

Neomys australis Thomas, 1924.

Type from Piara, collected by R. Kemp.

* Pteropus seepulatus Petrus, 1862.

Type from "Cape York"

Hipposideros cervinus Gould, 1854.

Types from "Cape York and Albany Island" by Macgillivray

" albaniensis Gray, 1866

Type from Port Albany by C. Coxen.

Leptozous alutodis Gould, 1854

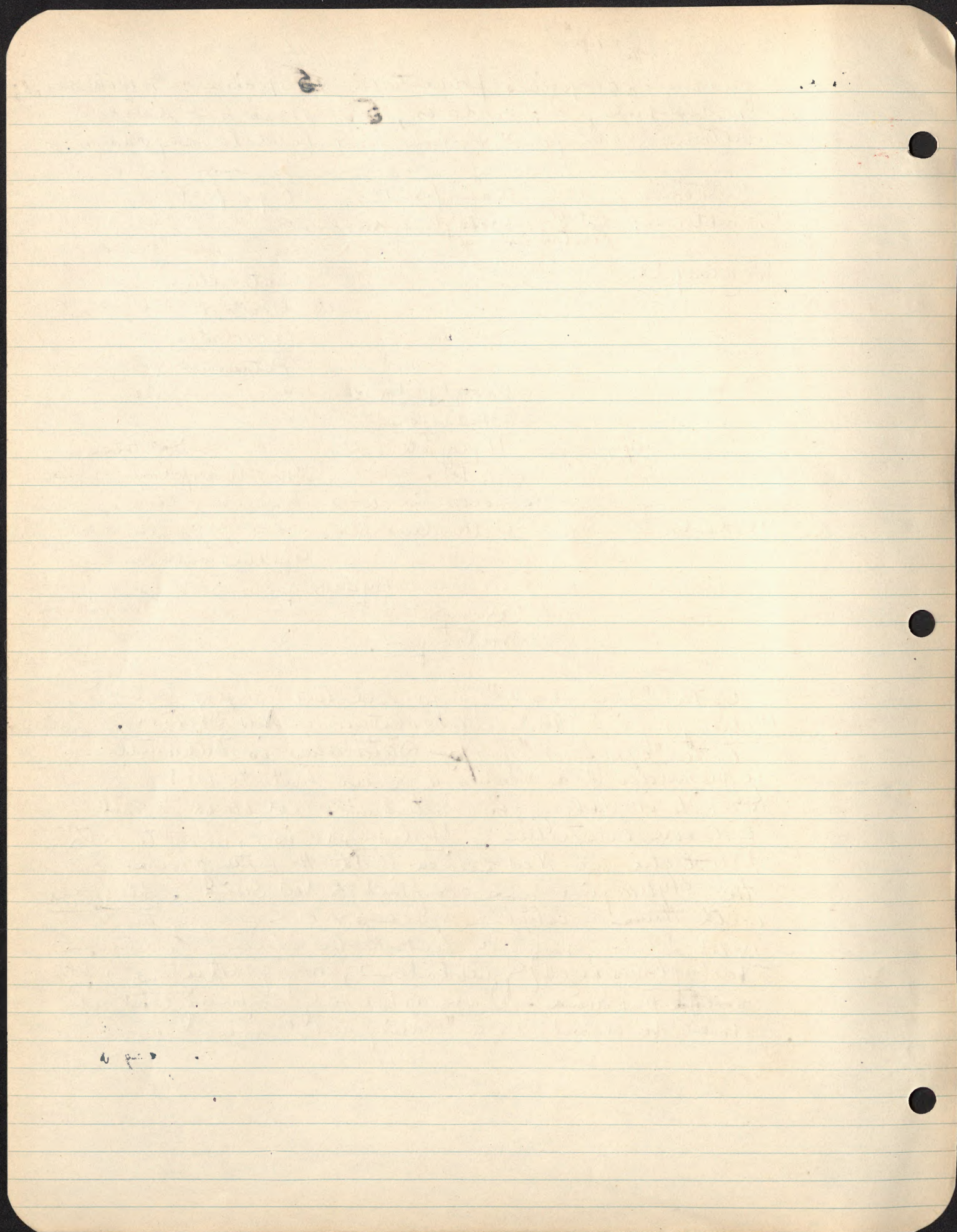
Type, Albany Island, coll. Macgillivray

Haplostis personata Krefft, 1867

Type from "Cape York". (1 + 1, Cat puts in Pteropus rathus)

Notomys agilis Thomas, 1921

Type from "Cape York" collected by Cochrane



Thursday Island

Wed. The "barge" (Lardin barge of war vintage) came late in
May 26. the afternoon when the tide was low. We got up at 2 a.m.,
Thurs. loaded the barge at high tide & left as soon as possible
May 27 (3.30) for Thursday Island, arriving there Thursday
at 8 - in time for breakfast.

We tied up alongside the "Algebra", a 700-ton
steamer, which will take us tomorrow or Saturday
to Portland Roads.

We are staying at Mrs Callahan's hotel, near
door to Burns Philps Co.

In the afternoon I crossed the island via the old
cemetery to look at the north shore. Van located
quite a lot of bats in old buildings.

We are invited this evening to Kadzow's. Met there
four captains of ships, Dr. & Mrs Barnes (the former came
on a brief visit to Lockhart while we were there), and
Mr & Mrs Meek. Mr. Meek, in banking, is the son
of A.S. Meek, who did so much zoological work
for Rothschild in New Guinea.

Kadzow years ago visited Somerset & there
met Robert Kemp, collector of several local
mammals. Kemp, says Kadzow, used to collect
for Gregory Matthews, ^{now} one of the governors of the
Australian Museum, Sydney. Kemp worked at
Utenge and Para.

Fri.
May 28. Van has developed an eye infection and may possibly have
to remain behind in T. I. under the care of Dr. Barnes.

A good day for photos. Haircut. Skinned 16 bats -
Sotomus - collected by Van in fort at west end piled
on top of hill. In pm we went out there for more. They
hang in dense clusters, partly from the ceiling, partly
from one another. A reddish headed & rufous form
with the ordinary gray. The reds mostly ♀.

The "Algebra" to Horn Island at 5 pm. Will
return to pick us up at 9 a.m. tomorrow. Going to
visit Dr. & Mrs Barnes this evening.

Captured at

Portland Roads:-

Open forest

Small scrub (rain forest)

Melomys large
small

✓

(creek in open)

✓

Hydromys

Platymodon

✓

Thylogale

✓

Uromys

✓

Nyctimera

✓

Pteropus

✓

Rhinolophus

✓ (in hut)

Pteropus

✓ mangrove

Taptosus

✓ (in hut)

Fri
Sat May
29.
28.

Alagna to cross to Horn Island this pm + leave T. J. Saday
at 9 a.m.

Skinned 16 Scotinus found by Van in ammunition room
in fort at western end of T. I. Then we went & collected
51 more living. They could be seized by the handful,
as they lay in great clusters, sometimes from one another's
bodies from the ceiling.

Van under sodium sulfacetamide - Dr. Barnes.
To Dr. Barnes home that evening (previous evening to
house of Mr. Kadzow) + met the Torres Strait Pilots (4 of
them).

Sat May
29.

Alagna sailed at 9 a.m. Van's eye much better, though
still having drops. A good passage + fair weather.
We pickled all 51 bats in formalin. Passed through
Albany passage + again saw Somerset.

Portland Roads.

Sun. May
30.

Reached Portland Roads pier about 8.30 a.m.
Unloaded very promptly + ship left. Used John's
truck to take traps up to doused army hut on
his place. Vernon had arrived on the Wandana
the day before (we passed her at 9 pm. the
night before). In pm got out 60 traps +
Van a number more. Total something over 100.

Went jacking. Van shot a possum, I a
white-tailed rat. We could find neither of them.

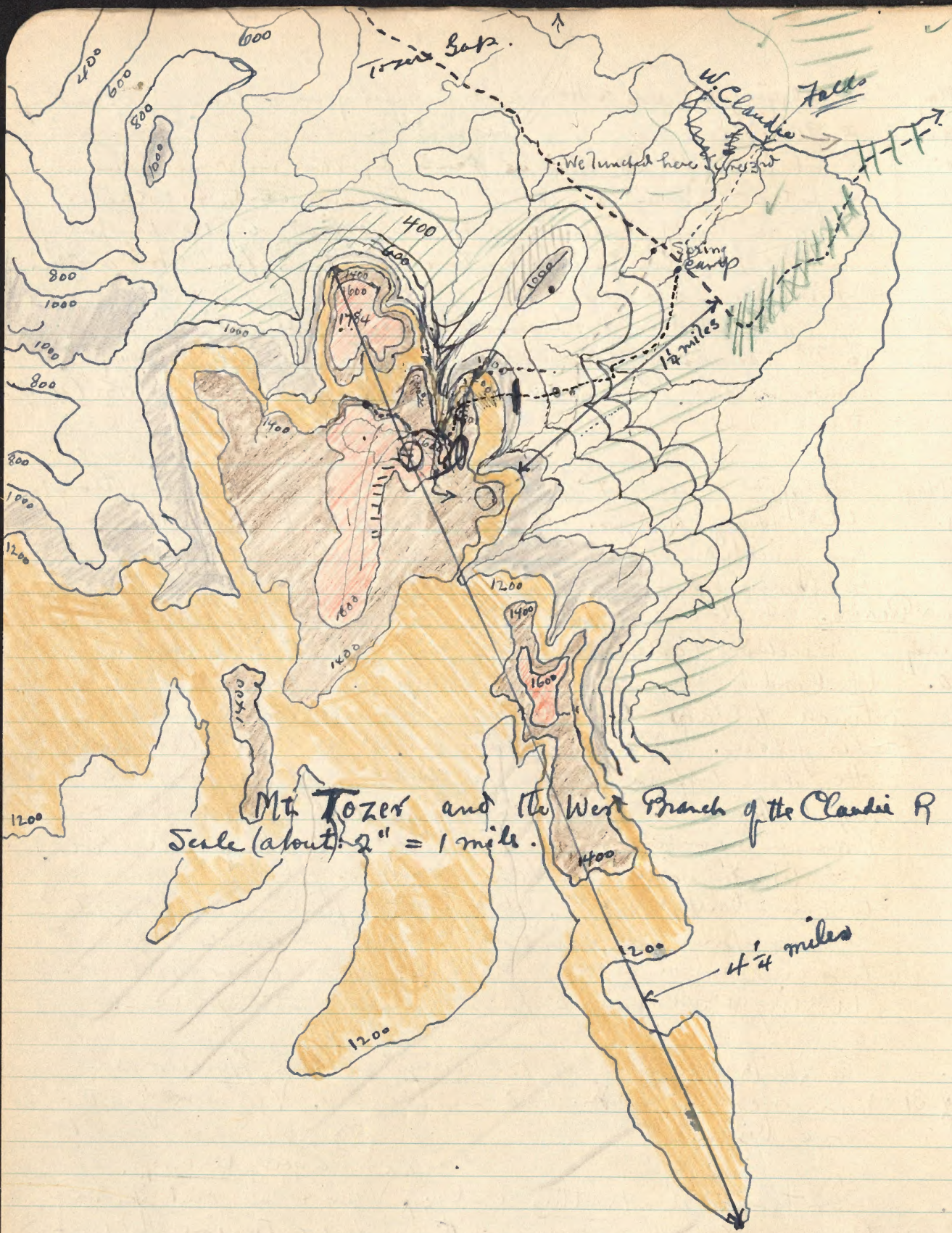
In pm we climbed the hill on which the
former radar station stands. Good view but
unimpressed with possibilities of the place.

Mon.
May 31

In traps only a Troglodytes and a Hydromys -
Van none. Wet. bad - stormy. Vernon getting
some birds.

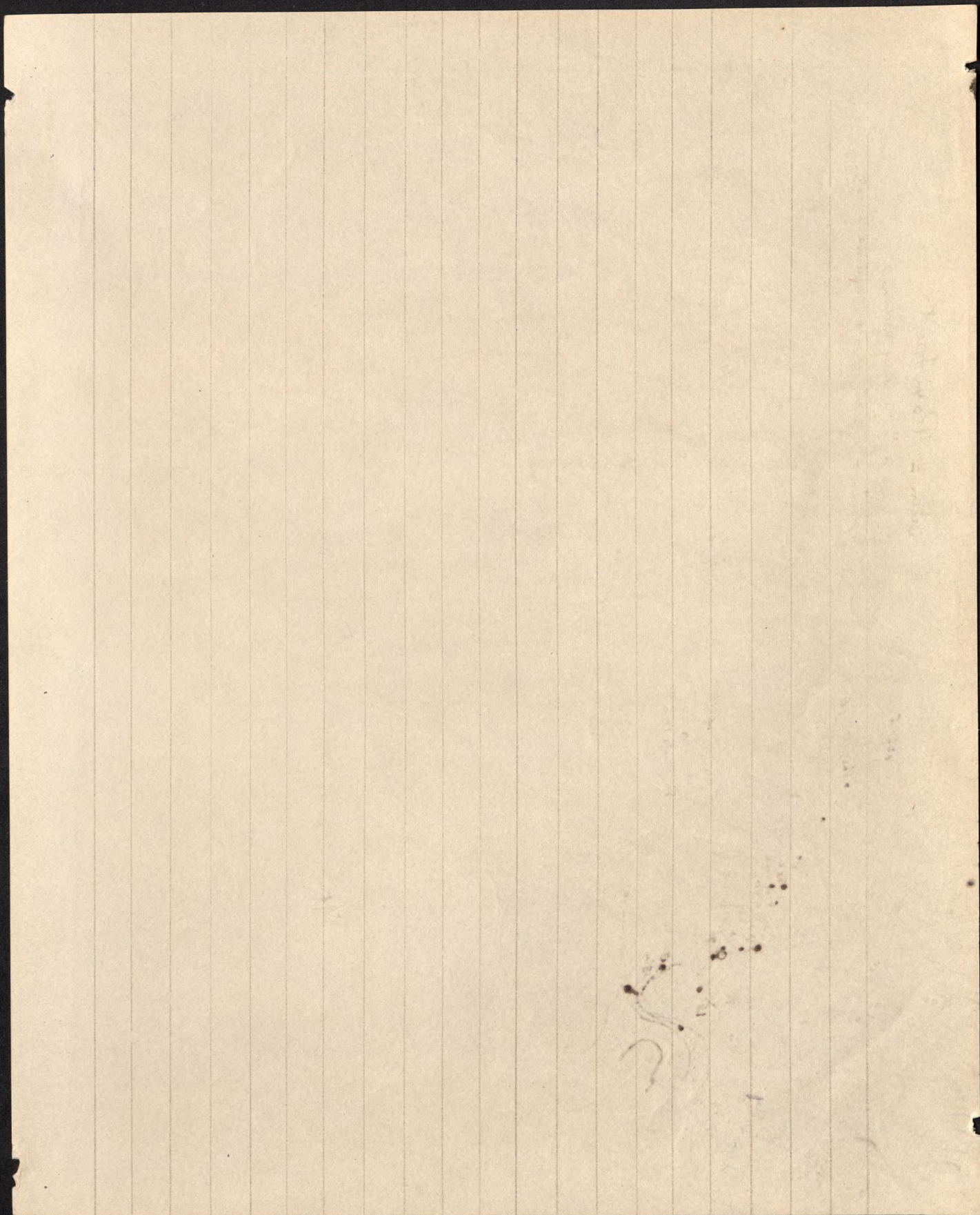
Tues.
June 1.

In traps a Rattus only; Van had a young Uromys.
Van + I out jacking
the night before caught a Nyctinomys. It had
brilliant golden eyes under the light + seemed to be
photophobic. It fluttered to me + settled an
instant on my chest. I pecked + missed. Then
it flew to Van who also missed. Next it flew
down into the grass where we seized it.



Mt. Tozer and the West Branch of the Claudi R
 Scale (about) 2" = 1 mile.

4 1/4 miles



Wed.
June 2.

This place is another Newcastle Bay - a fair variety of species but very few specimens. Today another Rattus of the leucopus group.

Jacking is unsatisfactory: - Van + I out three successive nights for about $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours. Thus we have put in $7\frac{1}{2}$ man-hours. The results are 1 Petaurus; we ~~both~~ missed another shot each; Van another Petaurus (?) and I a native cat (?). If we had secured these we should still be reading 2 hours jacking to the specimen.

A letter from Dr. Kesteven dated May 24th stating he is sending more Poulin solution.

Sat.
June 5

Moved in two trucks to Iron Range, 16 miles away. Len + I had been there the previous Thursday & traveled with Mr. Pinwell by jeep to the flying field and afterwards up to the Tozer Camp (opp. page). We had the worst weather for several weeks, but selected camp sites for the next ~~two~~ $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 months work. Saw a big cassowary.

At Iron Range we settled ourselves in the former radio hut belonging to the Army (in war times). This is in the center of a small patch of forest surrounded more or less by scrub. It is centrally placed close to the junction of the three main roads - to the south, west, and northeast. It is also near the junction of the North Claudi River and the Gordon Creek.

Sunday

The few traps yielded ^{several} Rattus related to leucopus and a Melomys.

Mon.
June 7.

Melomys, Rattus, Uromys, 3 specimens of Antechinus near godmani. With lights: Cuscus.

Tues.
June 8

Shot 2 y^o Cuscus with jacklight's - Both near same age as earliest Tupaia in trap.

N. II

Gordon Creek

North Claukie

Shapiro Mine

To Parkway Road

Gordons Mine

A. Gordon Mine

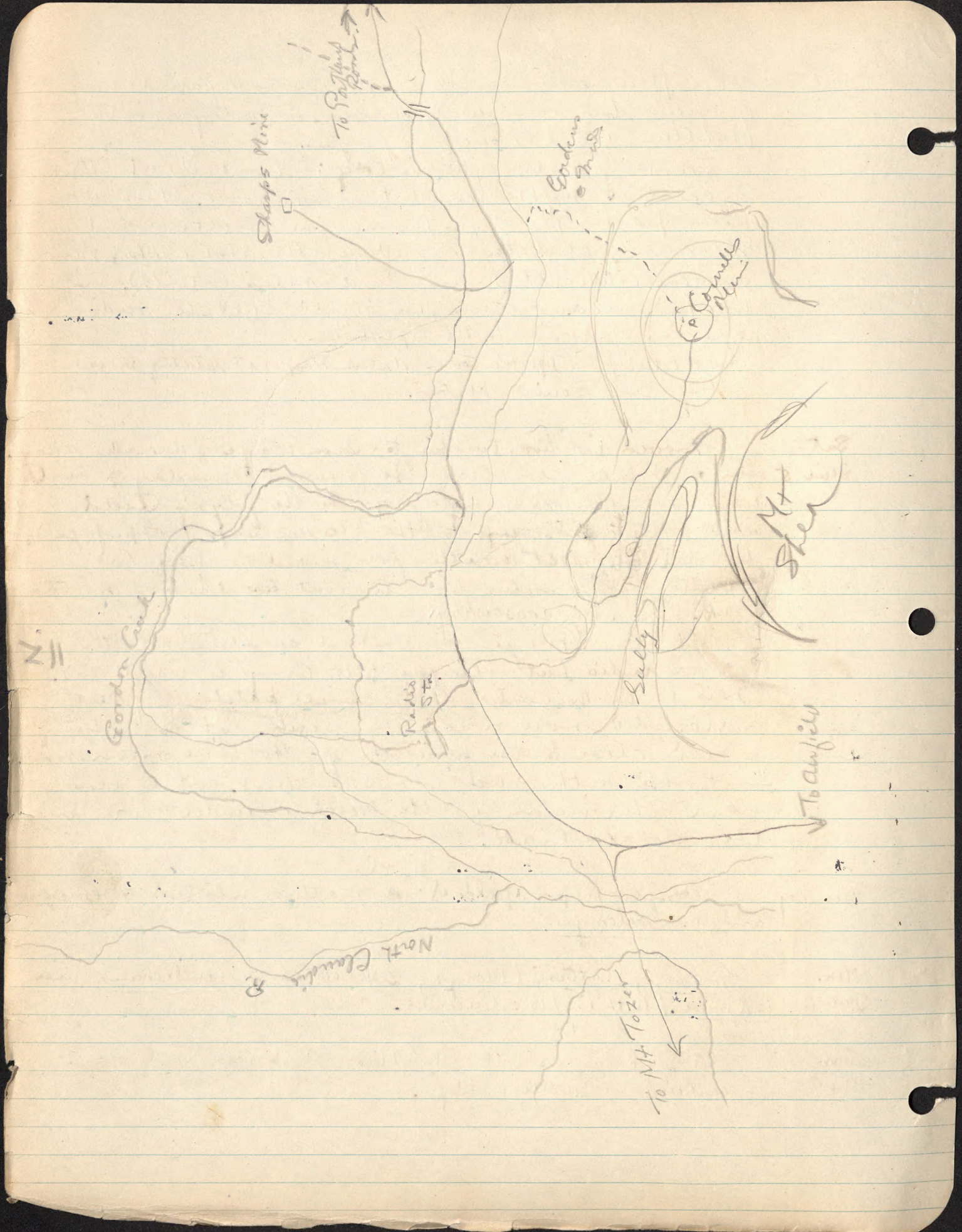
Radio Site

Sully

MT Shen

To Anfield

To Mt Tozer



Wed
June 9. Weather now fair. Duffield poor. Water over a scrub
wallaby *Thylacynus stignatus*. Good day. Plane in
at 4 pm. Harvest moon & "Snowy" Baker arrived from
Wenlock. Gallup of "Wain Roads" due by plane.
mail night,

Thurs.
June 10. Shot *Cuscus* on ground in flood forest. Three
phascogales in traps. In pm Van & I went up Mt
Shea (620 ft.). Conditions shrubby & unattractive.

Sund.
June 13. Drip with Lin, Pinwell & Norm to within 4 miles of
Pascoe River crossing. (see below).

Large wallaby or Wallaroo? Shot by Barry Fisher
between Clavie & New Clavie air strips. Male. Weight.
56 lbs. Sandy colored, & scarcely darker than Sand
Wallaby. Dimensions: Total length (taken by Don Vernon)
~~73~~ inches (¹⁸⁵~~167~~); tail, 33 (838); hind foot,
9½ (²⁴¹~~206~~); ear (from notch), 3¾ (⁹⁵~~89~~);
greater girth (?), 27 inches ()

Skull: - cond. basal l., 154 mm; z. b., 80; pal. 96.
p⁴, 9.5; m¹, ± 6; m², ± 7; m³, ± 8.5; m⁴, ± 10.

Wed.
June 16. Extremely busy last few days. - Numerous spotted cuscuses
and fair number of trapped mammals. Night hunting
every night.
Weather uncertain - stormy.

Sat.
June 19. Very busy last few days. More cuscuses; a spring Antelope,
a bandicoot. A cold snap last night, with minimum 58°

June 21. Don caught a large ♀ *P. maculatus* with tiny pouch young.
The mother weighed 8 lbs 4 oz. The young was given to us
(ambush no. 10945).

Captured at Iron Range.

	open forest	rain forest.
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>		✓
" <i>orientalis</i>	✓	✓
<i>Melomys (leys)</i>		✓
" <i>small</i>	✓	
<i>Rattus leucopus</i>		✓
<i>Uromys</i>		✓
<i>Antechinus</i>		✓
<i>Hipposidrus diadema</i>		(none)
" <i>cerwinus</i>		(")
<i>Rhinolophus serroni</i>	r (house)	(")
<i>Thylogale</i>		✓
<i>Hydromys</i>		✓
<i>Dobsonia</i>	✓	
<i>Scotomys</i>	house	
<i>Smithopsis</i>	✓	
<i>Rattus leucopus</i>	✓	
<i>Tachyglossus</i>		✓
<i>Isoodon</i>	✓	

Sun.
June
20

a proposed schedule designed to carry things to Coen follows:

1. Pack 3 weeks stores for 2 camps.
 - a. Tozer area June 28 - July 12.
 - b. Bonnie Creek July 12 - July 19
2. Return to In-Range and reorganize: - July 19 - July 21
3. Move entire outfit to Wevlock July 22 - July 26
4. Wevlock to Arctur River July 27 - 28.
5. Arctur to Coen arrive July 28.

work in Coen for a month + week Skipton's Flat, via Corkton about Sept. 1st.

Meas. ♀ Phal. maculatus (in Q'land mus). 955; 445; 75; 20 (ear).

Sun
June 27

All last week occupied trying increase collection. Van spent 2 nights at the Gordon Landing strip + got a very good collection which included Hipposideros senonix. I went up to the Douglas Dickie "mine", Scarlet Pimpernel with Barry Dickie in search of a "fat-tailed mouse" which used to be seen there 5 years ago. The place was totally abandoned + little left of it. We camped in Barry's truck. I set out 80 traps + caught nothing.

We moved up to the north foot of Mt Tozer today. Barry failed us (probably car trouble), + Brian Ronda + Leo Ferris of the Airport together took us up the six miles of hill-road to this place. (See maps 2 pages back).
Set a few traps out.

Mon.
June 28.

Grass Peromyscus, Smithopsis, Rattus culmorum (?), Isodon. Started cutting truck for camp on Mt Tozer. Grr up to about 800 feet. Van + Morton already to traps. Will take Roy with me tomorrow.

Animals expected in Mt Tozer station.

Tachyglossus		Nyctinus	?
Antechinus (in rain forest)	✓	Syconyctinus	??
Sminthopsis	✓	Odontonyctinus	??
Dasyuraps	??	Rhinologurus	?
Satanellus	?? ✓	Hippodurus	?
Isaodon	✓	"	?
Perameles	??	"	?
Echymipera	???	Nyctophilus	??
Ackobatis	??	Chalinolobus	??
Eudromicia	??	Eptesicus	??
Dactylopsila	?	Scotomys	?
Petaurus hirciceps	?	Trinidopterus	??
Petaurus	??	Merivoula	???
Scolimobates	??	Taptosurus	??
Pseudocheris peregrinus	??	Nyctinomus	??
" Archeri	??	Chaerophon	???
" lemuroides	??		
Trichosurus	??		
Phalanger maculatus	✓		
" orientalis			
Hypsiprymnodon	???		
Cephyprymnus	???	✓ means: collected.	
Dendrolagus	?		
Petropala	??		
Thylogale strobilata	? ✓		
Protemnodon agilis	?		
Macropus robustus	??		
Macropus (fijianicus) (Carpenter)	??		
Hydromys	?		
Rattus leucopus	✓		
" culnorum	✓		
Lagadina	???		
Mesembriomys	??		
Conilurus	??		
Notomys	???		
Melomys australis	✓		
Melomys	✓		
Uromys	✓		
Pteropus	?		
Dobsonia	?		

Tues.
June 29.

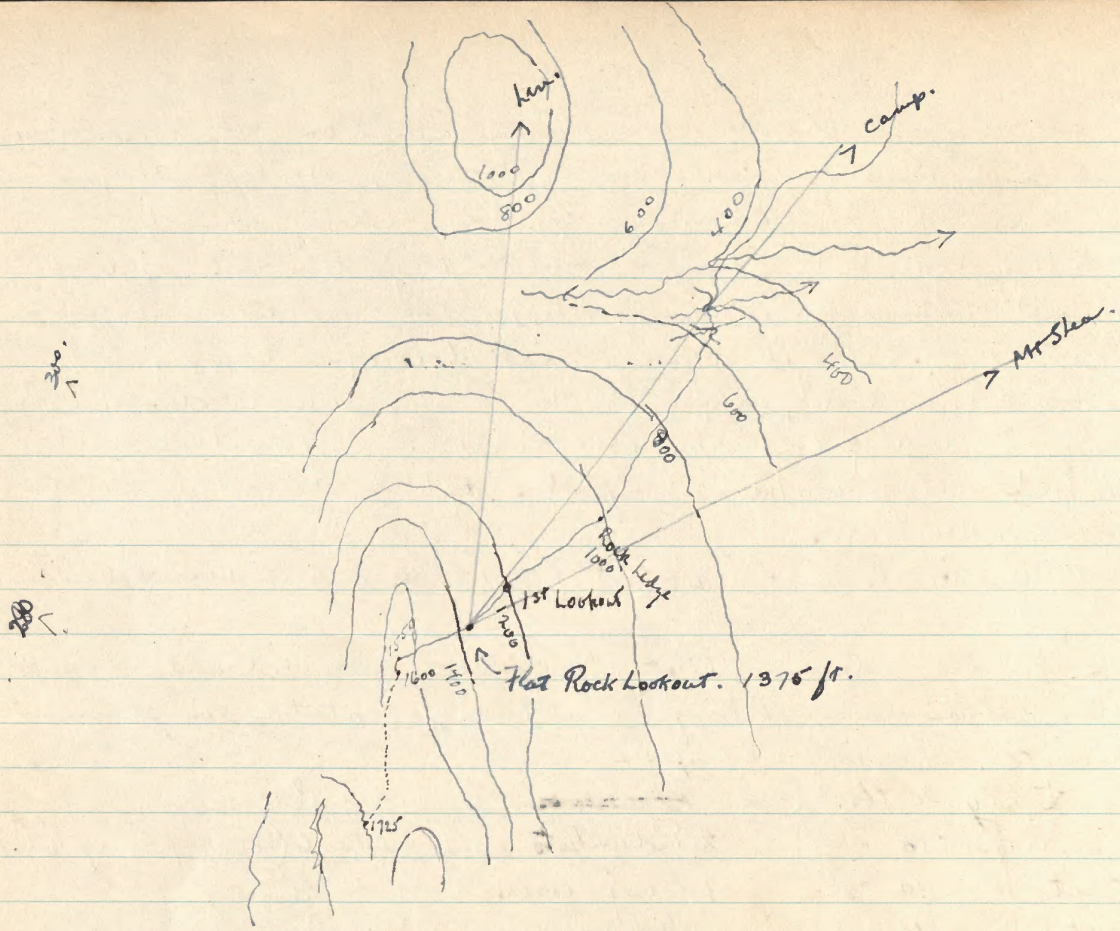
Took Bag + lunch + returned to the attack on Mt Tozer. Aneroid
read high in terms of the map contours. The last 300 feet
to the crest of the ridge I was ascending yesterday was dense
"turkey bush" + very tangled + hard to go through. It was
mixed with loose rock (granite). The crest was reached
about 11.30. On its western side low open rain forest,
which immediately replaced the bush, gave much easier
going. The ridge cut ran due south. I paralleled it
50 feet below in the rain forest. After lunch cut on south
for another hour.

A bandicoot's nest 200 feet $\frac{1}{2}$ below the crest on the east side.

Wed.
June 30

Finished prelim. exploration of Tozer, + located water + camp
site. A diagram showing form lakes + vegetation is shown
herewith. Plans for camp: -

Tent fly	10 lbs.	Blankets	lbs.
80 m. traps	10 "	3 Blankets each.	3 lbs. 6 (or sleeping bag 5 lbs).
25 rat "	10 "	1 Sway cover	3
10 steel "	10 "	extra clothes	4
Bait	-	1 machete + file	1 1/2 15 = 30 lbs.
Tomato + Hypo	1 "	(notebook open)	
Gen	8 "	Luncheon bags? 2	2
Ammos	1 "	1 loaf bread.	6
Poison bait	1 "	2 tins cond. milk	2
Jack light	2 "	1/2 Tea	1/2
	<u>53 lbs.</u>	Sugar.	1
Land Tools		oatmeal	
	45 lbs.	water bag	
	15 "	paracetamol	
	15 "	plastic knives/paper spoon	
	<u>75 "</u>	soaps	
		onions	
		2 billy cans	
Dm.	30 "	1 flying pan	25 lbs.
bird eggs	15 "		
	<u>120 "</u>		
5 canners	25 " each	curries	2 1/2 lbs.
4 "	30 " "	meat	2 lbs.
3.	40 " "	medical.	
		can opener	
		tomahawk	



Thur.
July 1.

Len went up to Tozer. Van + Don getting ready for camping up there tomorrow. Man boys, Norton + Roy, cleaning the road back to Tozer Creek for night hunting. Went down to the Claudia - very pretty rock pool - quite large - large exposure of granite rocks - very picturesque.

Fri.
July 2.

Van + Don, each carrying approximately 50 lbs, left for Tozer shortly after 8 a.m. Weather misty to drizzly. Not too favorable.

Rain forest traps (110 of them) produced a Rattus leucopus + 2 Melomys. Open forest traps (55) gave nothing. Ned Pinwell, of "Main Roads", who spent the night here returned to below this a.m. Norton out with gun. Roy setting traps.

Traps out:

Van	55
Roy	30
Norton	48
Tate	80
Milani	106
	319

Sat
July 3.

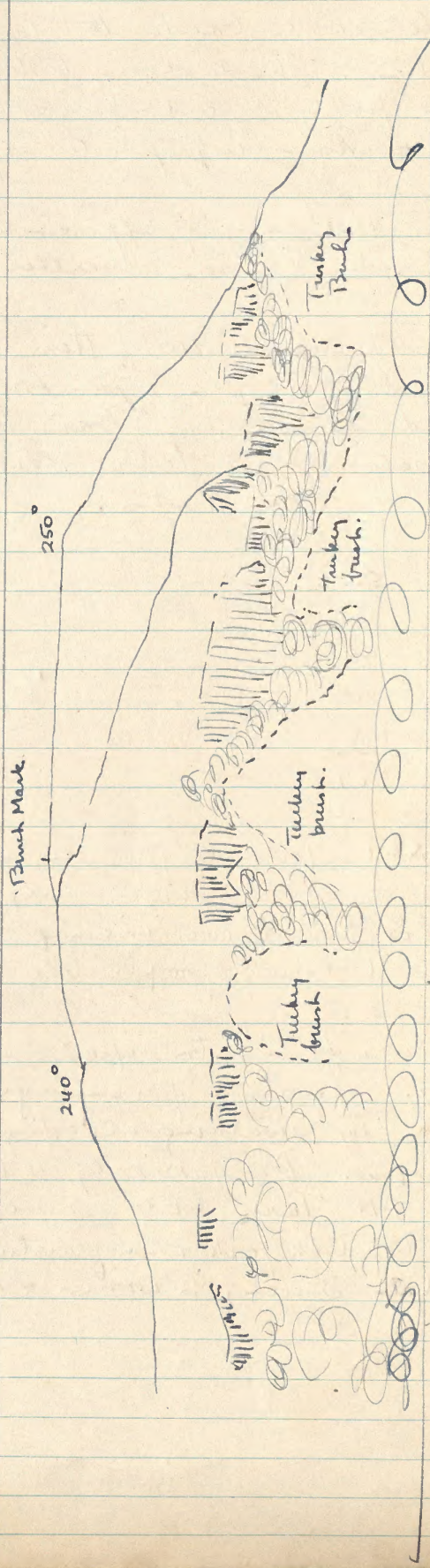
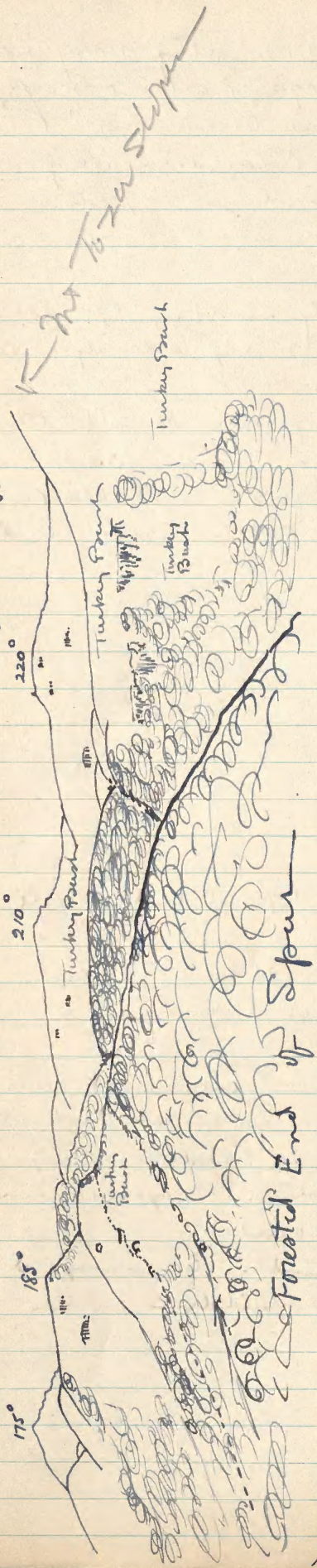
Wear. very bad. Unfortunate for men on top. Cloud, drizzle with rare gleams of sunshine. Trapping poor. Left down to Portland Roads to meet our incoming supplies on the "Wardana". Winkler people took him down.

Sun.
July 4.

Boys down from mtn report almost incessant rain. No mammals. Swarms of very large crickets ate the bait off the traps + by swarming + loading the treadles spray the mouse traps. Dm got only 2 birds. Boys reached Δ-mark on Mt Tozer but got no view.

Late pm. Winkler folk + Self returned. We managed to accommodate 3 men, 2 women + 4 children for the night.

Hills to S. + E of Mt Tozer. Seen from Puffaloonie Park



Mon. Only 3 mammals in traps. Drizzle & mist continue.
July 5. Wrenlock paper, after trouble starting car, got away about
9 a. m.

Tues. Hup. Jista brot: 1 snake from west Claude's River;
July 6. 1 Lizard from Iron Range Flying Strip; 1 Hippodurus
cervinus from Loux at D. R. F. 5.

Wed. Thur. Fri. up mountain. Ran into bad weather but left gear in
July 7-9 new camp made by Van & Don & taking traps, 12 steel, 10
rat, 15 mouse, went on to Pardon Gully where met Guff
& Len coming back in the drizzle. Len showed me the places
under low casuarina forest which he believed to be "runways".
Though I could not agree with him I set the whole of my
steel traps, with bacon & museum bait lines suspended
over each, in that area. I also put 5 rat traps & 15
mouse traps there. The other 5 rat traps were placed
in Pardon Gully. In 2 nights 4 grass Delomys were
caught in the last named place & 2 in some traps in
the Casuarina. No other trap there was disturbed.

What deceived Len on the runway question was the
large number of cavities & such caused by the natural
fall of the casuarina leaves, almost exactly like the
"good places" seen in pine woods at home where for
years the needles have fallen & lain undisturbed on
sticks & debris. Such cavities are not runways, though
they may be used ~~sometimes~~ sometimes by mammals
& become such. Other more open "runways" were
in my opinion down-hill water channels flooded
with dropped Casuarina needles.

Len & Guff went down that afternoon. That evening
the weather being only damp, not raining, I went out
with jack light. Nothing.

Thursday. Found the above mentioned Delomys in
other traps near camp nothing. All traps put out had
bait guards to keep off, as far as possible, the
voracious "cuckits" (really wingless Locustids)
reported by Van & Don.

In pm rebaited & the sun appearing momentarily,
took few photos of Pardon Gully & Tozer. That evening
fog & drizzle. The traps began to snap. I found
three & four cuckits at each. Often struggling to

Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side. The text is mostly illegible due to fading and bleed-through.

get at the baited cavity beneath the bait guard. Despite my having set the traps "hard", the crickets by crowding onto the treads often set the traps off. They were cannibalistic & the newcomers enthusiastically devoured the stiff living bodies of those snarped in the traps. In one spring trap with loose treads I saw one cricket wrestling with the movable treads in its attempts to get at the bait under the bait guard, raising & lowering the hinged treads in its attempts. Several crickets came into camp, apparently attracted by our fire. The crickets appeared to be most plentiful when ^{either} rain or fog-drips was falling.

Rain stopped at about 9 pm. The night remained dry. Picked up traps in the morning. 3 more grass traps at Fardan Sully. Geoff & Willie came about 10 to help move traps down below. Arrived pit after 12.

Van meanwhile had trapped a native cat, Satarellus; & Proctor had shot a fine large male spotted cuscus. A few smaller mammals had been brought in, but the fauna in general remains very scanty. From the Toru area faunally we have only 11 species. And we move out next morning.

Sat
July 10

Another native cat (Van) - a young ♀ with the pouch area a distinctive purplish pink. Trusses 4-4 = 8 Pouch of y. animal little developed.

In pm cycled out on west road photographing. A couple fresh foot prints of dingos & pigs but none of wallaby. No signs of bandicoot.

Sun
July 11.

Last night made an eight-trap set for dingos, the tracks of which were numerous on the road $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to a mile west of camp. Nothing caught or disturbed this morning, however. Fine, fair day yesterday & everything dried up. Today cloudy & threatening showers again.

Mammals Expected at Brown's Creek, (1 week).

Platyrrhina → ???? Tachyglous		Tringites	??
Antechinus ??		Taphosurus	??
Smilopsis		Nyctinomys	??
Satanellus	✓	Chaerophon	??
Isoodon	✓ (pieces in crow's stomach)		
Acerobato ??			
Ectopsila ??			
Petaurus brucei ?			
Trichosurus ??			
Aciphyrmus ???			
Petrogale ???			
Thylogale ??			
Protemnodon opili ?			
Macropus robustus ??			
" capensis ??			
Hydromys ?	✓		
Rattus leucopus ???	✓ (A)		
" cultratus ?	✓		
Leggadina ???			
Neolobosomys ???	✓		
Conilurus ???			
Notomys ??			
Melomys australis	✓		
Melomys (lyre) ???	✓ (A)		
Uromys ??			
Pteropus gouldii ??	✓		
Dobsonia magna ??	✓		
Nyctinomys ???			
Syconyctus ???			
Odontonyctus ???			
Rhinolophus ?	✓		
Hippobosca sermi ??			
" diademata ???			
" cervinus ???			
" albanensis ?			
Nyctophilus ??			
Chalinolobus ??			
Eptesicus ??			
Scotomys ??	✓		

Mon

July 12.

My drigo trap-set (8) caught a native cat - 3 legs + head each caught in a separate trap.

Main Woods truck came in good time. A very tight fit to fit us moved - in fact, Don Kerson cycled to the new camp at Brown's Creek. Nearly all set up by mid-p.m.

Traps: Roy, 10 steel, 10 rat; Van, about 16 traps; myself, 28 traps.

Evening: Van & I out for a mile along SW road, 1 Pteropus gouldii on bloodwood flowers.

Tues.

July 13.

Traps: - 2 spotted cats in one double set (2 traps at one peg). Nobody else caught. Van took a rat's foot (probably R. culmorum).

Cycled about to Cane Creek. Drigo traps common; native cat fairly numerous; wallaby few.

Wed.

July 14.

Today Van took the only specimens: 2 Hydromys, 1 Rattus culmorum.

By late pm the number of traps put out was:-

	Steel traps	Rat traps	Mount traps	Total
Van.	10	30	45	85
Myself.	40	30	35	105
Roy	5	30	0	35
	55	90	80	225

My traps are disposed: 25 low Turkey bush (mouse); 10 tree gully (mouse); 10 high dry open forest (rat); 15 high cliff-edge, in gully woods, overlooking Brown's Creek (rat); 4 low, below same cliffs (rat); 1 water edge (rat); 3 water edge (steel); 2 below cliffs (steel); 4 above cliffs (steel); 10 open forest (steel); 20 variously placed up-stream.

Weather overcast, becoming drizzly in late p.m.

Thurs.

July 15.

Jacklighting last night shot two frogmouths and a Pteropus gouldii. The birds were perched at the side of the road 10 feet up and 200 yards apart. The fruit bat, which contained a large embryo, was on bloodwood flowers. Others were seen flying by at considerable heights.

This a.m. only a small Melomys. Don took a Rattus leucopus. Its h. ft. 36; wt 3.6 oz.; manm., 1-2 = 6; Tail, 186.

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A
B

01

01
02
03

0

06

7

10

11

12

(173)

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Extra mammal supplies for Werlock - Coen work.

- 1 box B.B.
- 1 box 9
- 1 " 6
- 1 " 410 #11
- 1 " " dust.

- 1 ounce
- Epsom salts

Ret. 22 am.

- 2 cans bait ✓
- large tail wire
- naphthalene
- ~~1 cotton~~

- 1 label (skull)
- file
- wrapping paper
- 2 boxes bettman's ✓
- beaming board ✓
- formalin ✓
- paralichlorb. ✓
- alcohol. ✓
- repellent.

bottles for

Van's box 35" x suitcase
" wants no 94 (broken end back)

Fri.
July 16.

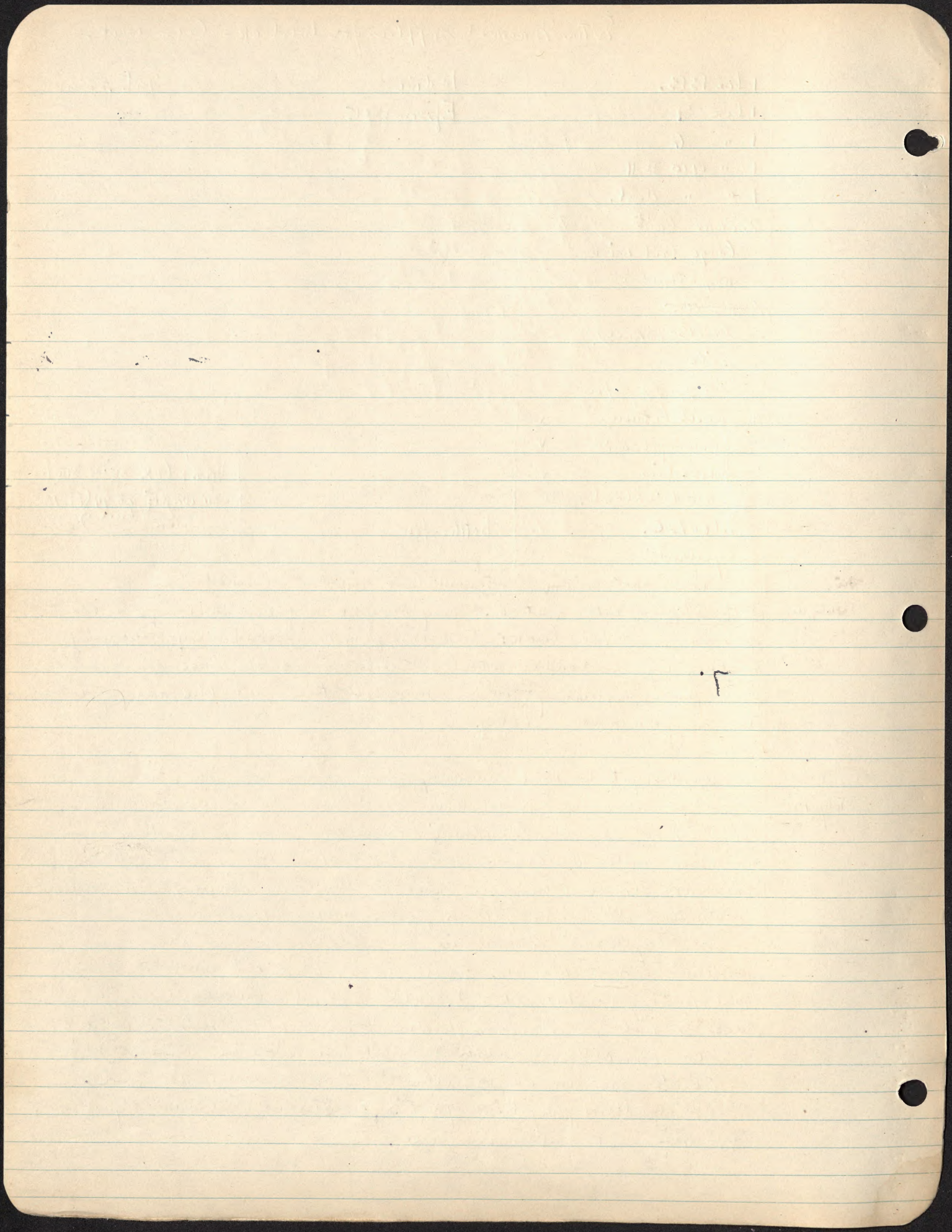
Van shot a tiny Scotomys last night + knocked down a Rhinolophus with a stick. Roy brought a grass Melomys + Van another. I had luck: took our first Mesembriomys, a young male, in a double steel set placed at the base of one of the few ^{fire-}surviving ^{large-}old savanna trees at the base of which is a joanna hole.

Sat.
July 17

Last night we went out early, taking along our lights, to a dry creek a mile west. At dusk we shot three Taptomys flaviventris. About 8:30 George Nankervis came thru from Werlock bringing a fine male wallaroo shot at the west foot of St. William Thompson Range (a new rise in the land dividing the Bateria + Pascoe drainage systems from each other).

The Taptomys are white beneath becoming slightly dusky posteriorly - not yellow. There is a throat pouch in both sexes (compare Thomomys). All paired diverticula - tiny sacs $\frac{1}{4}$ inch long, beneath the skin, open into the base of each pouch on either side of the median line. Those of the ♀ are much smaller than those of the male.

The wallaroo weighed 93 lbs. Its i^3 considerably worn, its m_1 not fully in place.



A plan was reached to let Van go ahead tomorrow to Wenlock, thus gaining several collecting days there. He will go with Nonkenis, who returns there tomorrow.

Sun
July 18. Van, with Norton, got away for Wenlock just after dinner. They should be there before dark. Traps: 1 layer Melomys and the deep trap yielded another native cat. Our own conveyance for Iron Range did not come. It is due tomorrow, however. Picked up most traps - all the less productive parts of the line. In D. R. we expect to reorganize for the Coen trap, leaving ourselves for Wenlock next Thursday.

Mon.
July 19. The main roads driver, George Brown, arrived at noon. We reached Iron Range, over rather slippery roads in the scrub section, at about 3 pm. Unpacked & settled in. Started sorting cargo. A rum party, which I avoided, got started in the evening.

Tues.
July 20. Introduced Roy to a single shot gun. Gave him 12 steel traps baited with bacon. Sorting baggage all day.

Wed.
July 21. Small line of 28 steel traps ^{at Masha in rain forest,} gave 4 mammals numbered provisionally: -
1. Antechinus ♂ 265 - 124 - 24 - 13 Rain forest
2. Melomys ♀ 275 - 140 - 27 - 14 "
3. Rattus ♂ 318 - 167 - 34 - 19 "
4. Uromys ♂ 627 - 345 - 63 - 30 "

The plane failed to arrive. Roy found a porcupine in open forest.
5. Tachyglossus open forest

Thurs.
July 22. In traps: -
6. Tachyglossus Rain forest.
7. Rattus ♂ 330 - 170 - 36 - 20 "
8. Hydromys ♂ 555 - 375 - 63 - 16 " (Gordon Creek).

The porcupine (#6) had set off my last steel trap in the dense rain forest without getting caught, had become scared (?) and burrowed down close beside the trap, leaving only his dorsal spine visible.

Archer River

Archer River

Mammals expected at Wullock.

Ornithorhynchus ???		Myotis	??	
Tachylossus	✓	Eptesicus	??	
Smittwipus ?		Seotemim		✓
Satanellus	✓	Seotevora	??	
Isodon	not obtained	Perimoplin	??	
Acrotales ??		Tylosurus ^{australis}	✓	
Dactylopsala ??		"	?	
Trichosurus	✓	Nyctinomis	??	
Petaurus bicinctus	✓	Chaecephon	??	
Pseudochaimus ???		Caris	✓	⊙
Aepyornis ???				
Lepidobates ???				
Petrogale	not secured			
Thylacynus ??				
Perameles gibberus ?	✓			
Macropus calymnus	✓			
" rufus	✓			
" rufus	✓			
Hydromys ?	✓			✓
Rattus culmorum ?				
Lepus ??	✓			
Macrotis				
Onychomys ??				
Notomys ??				
Melomys (jans) ??	✓			✓
Uromys ???				
Pteropus ^{scapulatus} boldii	✓			⊙
Dobsonia ?				
Nyctinomis	???			
Syngnathus	??			
Odocoileus	??			
Rhinolophus	✓			
Rhinomyotis	??			
Hippobosca				
"				
"				
Microdromus	??			
Nyctophilus	??			
Pipistrellus	??			
Chalinobius	??			

Fri.
July 23. Word came that our transport to Werlock (Hugh Fisher) is stalled with broken steering column at Coen. His brother Norman will drive down today for us.

Van phoned in p.m. (1 o'clock), describing Werlock & his situation.

Norman Fisher arrived with his truck at 11 p.m.

Sat.
July 24. We cross at 4.30 & left just as day broke. Up to Tozer Camp by 7.30. Brown's Creek 9.30 where loaded remains of cayo. Reach R. Pascoe 10 am. Tea. Pascoe a much better looking locality than was Brown's Creek. Reached top of Sir Wm Thompson Range at 12.30 after climb through broken granite ridge country. On SW side descent very slight, with many stretches of sandy road to Werlock & the Batauni R. Entire trip through "open forest". No game waters seen. Van says because we passed there at midday. He went there in late p.m. & saw numerous kangaroos & wallabies.

At Werlock Van has already secured mammals of the three big kangaroos: the grey, the red^(?) & the wallaroo. But as yet no rock wallabies. He also has Peropus scapulatus, flemingii, Pt. fouldii, Lepus australianus, and Rhynchopus, the last two from mine tunnels.

We were given a great welcome at Werlock.

Sun-Tues
25-27 July Extremely busy. Night hunting 5+ m. nights, working W. nights. Down mine W. afternoons.

Wed.
At night a farewell party given for our group by Mrs + Mrs J. Fisher.

Thurs. July
29. Left Werlock at 12.30 noon - arrived Archer River at dusk. Just time to get a few traps out. Only 6 kangaroos seen in 35 miles. Two were feeding on green grass sprouts that follow burning. Archer River still running, but fairly low. Plains through pegmatite granites with NW-SE jointing.

Mammals expected in Com area.

<i>Omitothergus</i>			<i>Ptilus villosissimus</i>	0	
<i>Tachyglottis</i>			<i>Lepidinia</i>	0	
<i>Antechinus</i>	R	✓	<i>Pseudomys</i>	0	
<i>Planigale</i>	0		<i>Tketomys</i>	0	
<i>Smintopsis</i>	0	✓	<i>Mesembomys</i>	0	
"			<i>Zyomys</i>	0	
<i>Patanellus</i>	0	✓	<i>Corilimus</i>	0	
<i>Dasyurus</i>	R		<i>Notomys</i>	0	
<i>Isodon</i>	0	✓	<i>Melomys</i>	R	✓
<i>Elkomyia</i>			" (grass)	0	✓
<i>Peromyscus</i>	R		<i>Uromys</i> (very large) R	0	✓
<i>Acrobatis</i>	0	✓(Q.M.)	<i>Pteropus scapulatus</i>	0	✓
<i>Petaurus brachyops</i>	0	✓	"		
" <i>austalis</i>	0		"		
<i>Petauristobates</i>	R		<i>Hobsonia</i>		✓
<i>Pseudochelone</i> ^{plagiatus}	0	✓	<i>Nyctinomys</i>		seen
"	R		<i>Sycoryctes</i>		
"	R		<i>Odontoryctes</i>		
"	R		<i>Rhynchophis</i>	R 0	✓
<i>Trichosurus</i>	0	✓	<i>Rhynchogale</i>		
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>	R	✓	<i>Hipposidus diadema</i>		
" <i>orientalis</i>	R	✓	" <i>sumori</i>	R 0	✓
<i>Dactylopsila</i>	R	✓	" <i>altamensis</i>		
<i>Eudromicia</i>	R		" <i>cervinus</i>		
<i>Hypsiprymmodon</i>	R		<i>Macrodon</i>		
<i>Peritragia</i>			<i>Nyctophilus</i>	R	✓
<i>Cephus pygmaeus</i>	0		"		
<i>Leporilestes</i>			<i>Pipistrellus</i>		
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	R		<i>Chelomachus</i>		
<i>Petrogale</i>	0(2)		"		
<i>Thylacule stigmatica</i>	R		<i>Myotis</i>		
<i>Potamodromus apilis</i>	0		<i>Eptesicus</i>		
" <i>parvi</i>	0		<i>Scotomus</i>		
<i>Macropus caninus</i>	0		"		
" <i>rufus</i>	0		<i>Micropterus</i>		
" <i>reynolds</i>	0	✓	<i>Acridura</i>		
<i>Hydromys</i>		✓	<i>Leposax australis</i>	0	✓
<i>Rattus leucopus</i>	R		"		
" <i>coratus</i>	R	✓	<i>Nyctinomys</i>		
" <i>culvorum</i>	0	✓	<i>Chorepton</i>		

Fri
July 30. Two grass melomys. Toaton made tom with rifle: saw
nothing. Last night Van shot a young Johnson Crocodile. Few
of bats flying about. County badly burnt; seems to
contain little or no game.

at night three of us went jacking. I saw but failed to get
a Petaurus brevicaus. County rock porphyritic granite, the feldspar
up to 1/2 inches in length.

Sat.
July 31 One grass melomys, one Scotomys shot by Van previous
evening over sand bar, one Hydromys.

Sun. Aug 1. Left the Archer at 10. Reached Coen (The Bend, 1 mile out) &
camped on the Coen River, a pretty stream flowing from the
north, at 4.30 pm. Road rough & mostly along the telegraph
line. Some bad sandy creek crossings - particularly Deep
Creek. Van set a few traps (a Hydromys caught). All but
myself (tired & sleepy) drove in to Coen in the evening.

Mon. Aug 2.

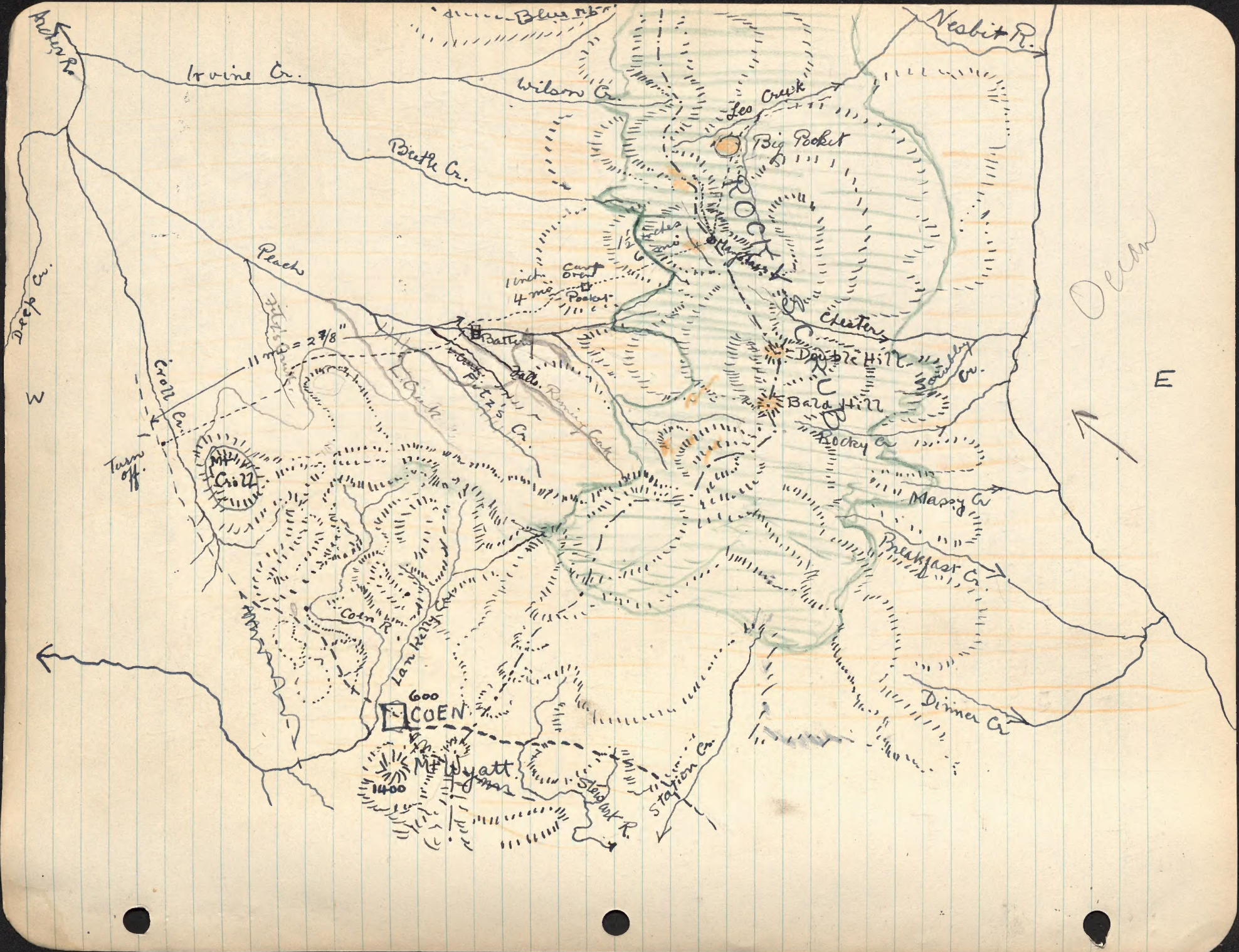
Traps	Van:	30 mouse	20 rat	- skul
	Roy:	"	25 "	"
	Tab:	"	20	10 "

Went to Coen in a.m. Met Mrs. Armbroast who
has the most ornamental place in Coen, including quite
a nice garden. Also met Herb Thompson, aged 72,
who knows a little about Rocky Scrub. Met Cecil
Wilson, brother of Luke Wilson of Wenlock.
Cecil is in the trucking business & will probably
drive us out on the Mt Kroll-Rock Scrub road.

The Coen horse races come on Friday & Saturday.
Everybody at a standstill till they are over. Bush
people from all over the peninsula are gathering for
the event.

Also met Mr. Walter Rose who runs the telegraph office
& acts as reporter for the "North Queensland Register."

Set the above-listed traps in p.m. We are
very comfortably ensconced in the 4-room cottage
of Mr. Thompson's son-in-law.



Thurs.
Aug 5.

Notes from Mr. Steppard who moved battery from Leo Creek to Peach River :-

1. From turnoff of Coen-Werlock Rd to Battery site on Peach R. 11 mi.
 2. " Battery on Peach to Camp Over Pocket (depending on route) 4-5 "
 3. " " " " edge of big scrub (~~scrub~~) 9 "
 4. " Camp Over Pocket to mango tree (crest of range) 6 "
 5. " mango tree to both Leo camps $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ "
 6. Camp Over Pocket to edge of big scrub 5 "
 7. mango tree from edge of big scrub 3 "
- (See sketch map opposite).

Coen a very poor place for mammals. Heavily pastured & very dry. Working mainly for bats in mine tunnels. Considerable trouble to get information on Rocky Scrub. The above, given by Steppard summarizes the delving of several days of inquiry. Today & tomorrow are the days of the annual Coen horse races. We are going tomorrow to put in an appearance. Expect fit away early next week.

Altitude about 600 feet at Coen town. Mt Wyatt rises to 1400 + the main range appears to be much higher.

Fri.
Aug. 6.

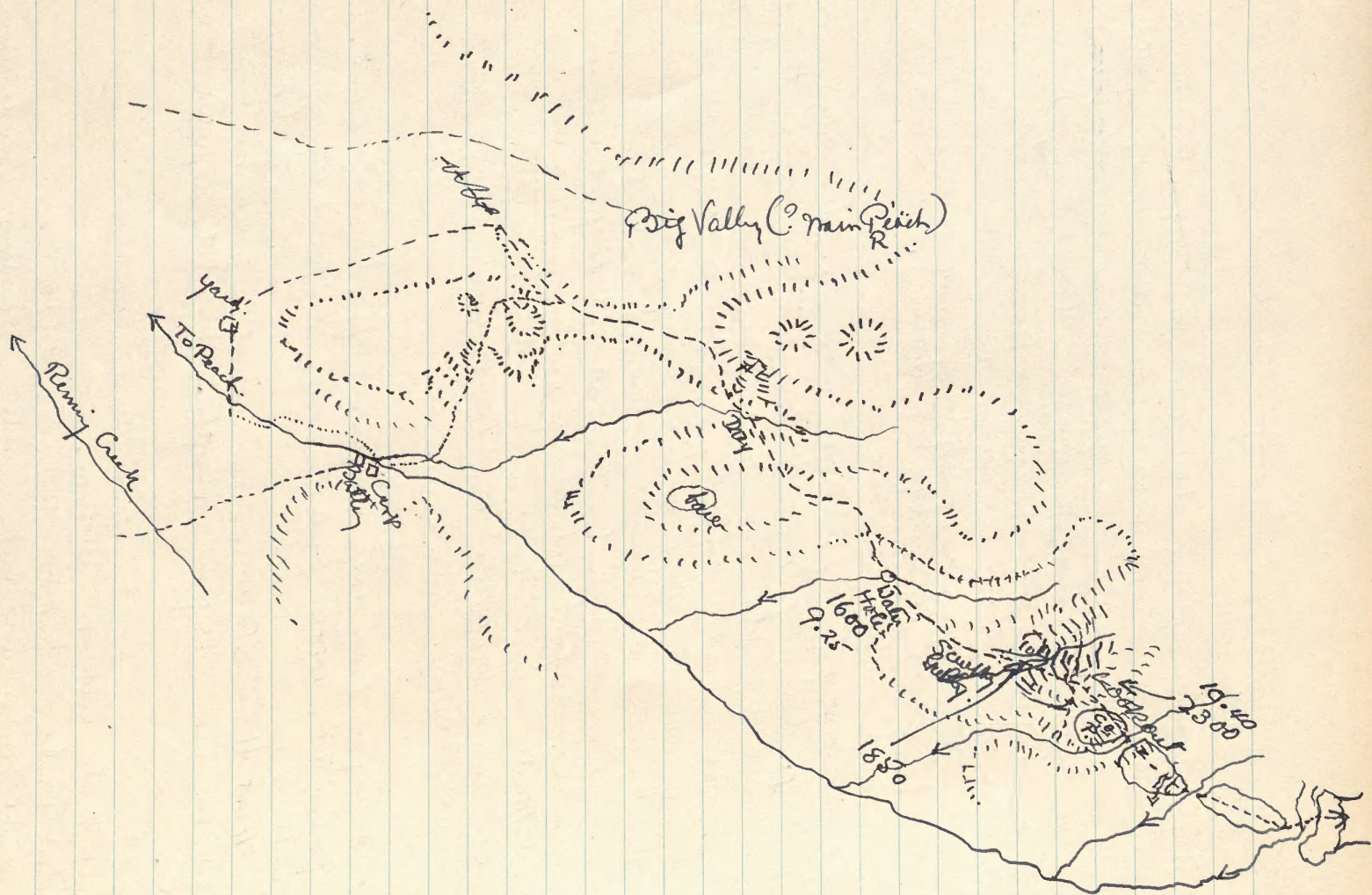
Second day of Coen races. Van, Geoff, Don & I went. Colorful but primitive, with bush horses, a sprinkling of whites & quite a lot of blacks in attendance. Dotted in traps.
Forest Home Station, near Georgetown, 40 miles from Lickat R., near beyond Joseph - Wombat's reputed to be there.

Sat.
Aug 7-

Night hunt with Mr. Fisher.
Visited Pride Peak area & got 5 *Taphozous*.
The night hunt gave good results - *Possums*, *Pseudomys*, *Peromyscus*, & *bandicoot* & a native cat.

Sun
Aug 8.

Work all day on night's catch. Packing for start to Rocky Scrub next day.



Mon.
Aug. 9.

Due to disability of cook we made late start, truck leaving at 2.30 pm. Went out on Coen-Werlock Rd thru 8-mi paddock gate to abt 9 miles. We had Steppard's "boy". He searched out crossing of Croll River - very sandy, shore dry, & needed corduroying. Track very indistinct & hard to find. However it kept up close to the southern hills, feeding most of the lesser gullies. Fitz's Creek, the headwater of which are many deep-cleft ravines & a curious pinnacle rock, was bone dry. We pushed on thru the night, cutting road, & a more or less road procedure, till we finally, at 8 ~~or~~ about, found water in L. Creek.

Tue.
Aug. 10.

Left early. Fairly easy progress. At about 9 crossed a saddle behind a n.w.-projecting spur, then the boy got us off the road for half a mile but we circled back to it. For most of the day the big spur was in sight, at the n.w. foot of which ran the Peach River & was formerly located old Steppard's battery (for crushing rock-ores). We crossed a running branch of the Peach at about 11.30 - then on was a number of dry gullies as we neared the big spur. Arrival at the Peach was almost unexpected - at about 2.30 pm.

The pack & saddle horses (2 stall) arrived about 4 pm. Len + I will ride up the hill tomorrow.

We saw on flying fox - alone - then Van saw & shot a second. They were *P. scapulatus*.

The road to the Peach was very poor. There was much down-timber & much new regrowth - all of which had to be removed from the road before the truck could go on. The gully crossings often required much work.

The Peach flows thru a strip of flood forest (scrub) at Steppard's battery. The altitude appears from my barometer to be only 100 feet higher than that at Coen - or 700 - 800 feet.

Got out a few traps.

Revised map of Peach-Rocky area.

Wed.
Aug. 11

Brass & I with Shephard's man Alf set out on horseback for the highlands. We were taken down the Peach a way to the old Armbrust "yard" (cattle). Then east up the s. side of a broad valley, s.e. up a slight ridge to a scrubby ridge running E-W which separates the "broad valley" from our valley (Shepherd's Battery Silt). This ridge projects westward from Double Hill. Turned SE away from Double Hill crossed dry gully - grass tree ridges, & down to Water Hole. Due S. lay Bald Hill. Left B. H. on our right crossing SE to Lookout ⁽²⁵⁰⁰⁻²⁴⁰⁰⁾ then down thru Camp Oven Pocket, across Lumber Creek ⁽¹⁸⁵⁰⁻¹⁹⁰⁰⁾, up Peach Pocket.

Turned east - thru series of Pockets & scrub creek crossings. The pockets narrow, their length E-W main. Turned back at 12.20. Renewed blazes; missed the trail at scrubby ridge & headed straight from camp - S by W. Arr. 5 pm.

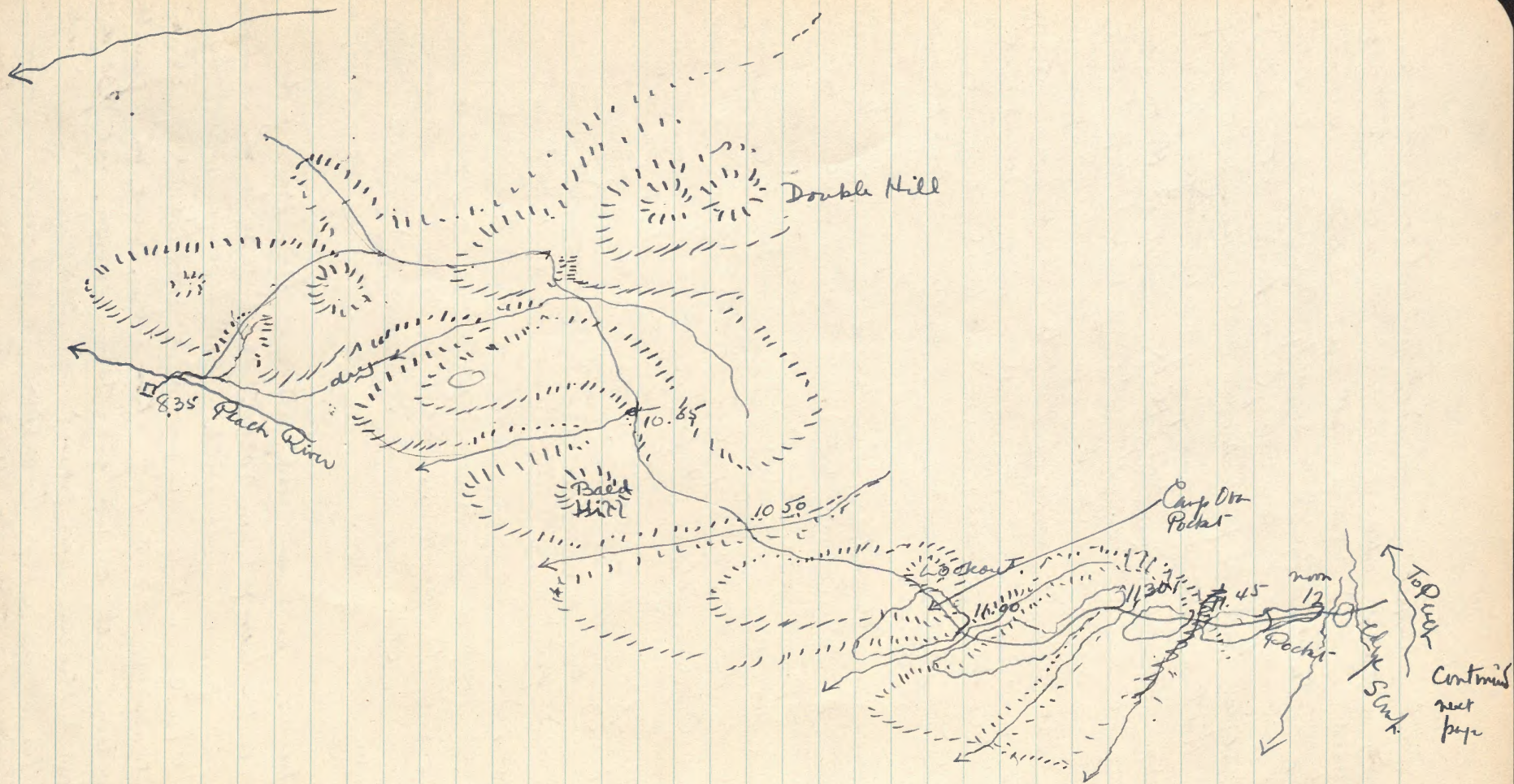
Thur.
Aug. 12

Don, Willie & I with 3 pack horses & their driver Alf left camp at 9 a.m. (1 hour late). Crossed Peach at better place than y'day. Open track up scrubby ridge (about 10.30 a.m. (alt 1200-1400 ft); reached Water Hole, SW of Double Hill at 10.50; Camp Oven Pocket creek at 12.30. Arrived at Creek Detour 1 pm. Lost 1/2 hour because of bogged horse. Reached "farthest point" of yesterday at 3 pm. Entered big scrub few minutes later. Crossed stream (Alf says Peach Drain) at 3.30. Reached first true watercourse of Nesbit R. at 4 pm & camped.

Sent Alf back with horses to put them on good grass in one of the pockets. He is to return early tomorrow morning. Present alt.: (my aneroid, 2350 ft) true alt, probably about 2000.

Fri
Aug. 13

Several lectures. No rain. Alf returned from grazing the horses on Peach-Camp Oven Pocket about 7.30 a.m. We left at 8 a.m. Camp was well within the beginning of the "big scrub". The trail, which required a good deal of clearing & some detours on acct of fallen trees, went in a generally easterly direction, with an up-and-down course. At 9.30 a second Nesbit stream was crossed at 2150 feet, and at 11 o'clock the other close together at 2100 ft. The road veered to NE & at 11.30 the "mangrove" (second of them), where much mining activity has taken place,



To edge main scarp.

(11.30 am).

was reached - the altitude 2275. It marks a fork in the rd.

Shortly after this the trail (right hand branch) began definitely to descend - its course generally n.e. The last half mile was quite steep & led into the ravine of the Claudie Creek & Lakeland's Battery Silt, our destination. It was then 12-30-1 pm. The final altitude of my barometer 1800 feet.

Discarding the overregistration, I gave the camp site an altitude of 1500 feet.

The Silt was once considerably cleared. Barren mounds & live trees are scattered about. There is much regrowth. The Claudie is a steeply running creek filled with granite boulders. There is one tiny clearing a few yards across.

I made camp - (Don Vernon, "Willie", + I) - & put out 60 rat traps. Jacking up the trail that night gave nothing. Later, washing hands, saw eyes of native cat in distance.

Sat.

Aug. 14.

In traps 4 Antechinus, 6 Rattus.
Van & Geoff with Ray arrived at 1.15. Brought extra supplies. Got and set more traps. Van went jacking for few minutes.

Sun.

Aug 15

Temp.
6.30 am.
61.

In traps Antechinus, Rattus & a very large Neelomys.
Len arrived at 1.30 with more supplies.
Van + I jacking walked back in dusk to Dango tree, looking for Hypsigymnodon. Later Van shot a Neelomys and a Dactylopsila. Saw bats, including Nyctinomys.

Mon.

Aug. 16.

Traps produced, besides the usual, one Uromys & one Hydromys. Netted one Hipposideros summi at night - trail at 1800 feet. Saw Nyctinomys.

Tu.

Aug 17

Traps: 1 Antechinus, 6 Rattus; a Neelomys shot the eve. before. Also trapped 2 psannas. Temp. 59 at 6.30.

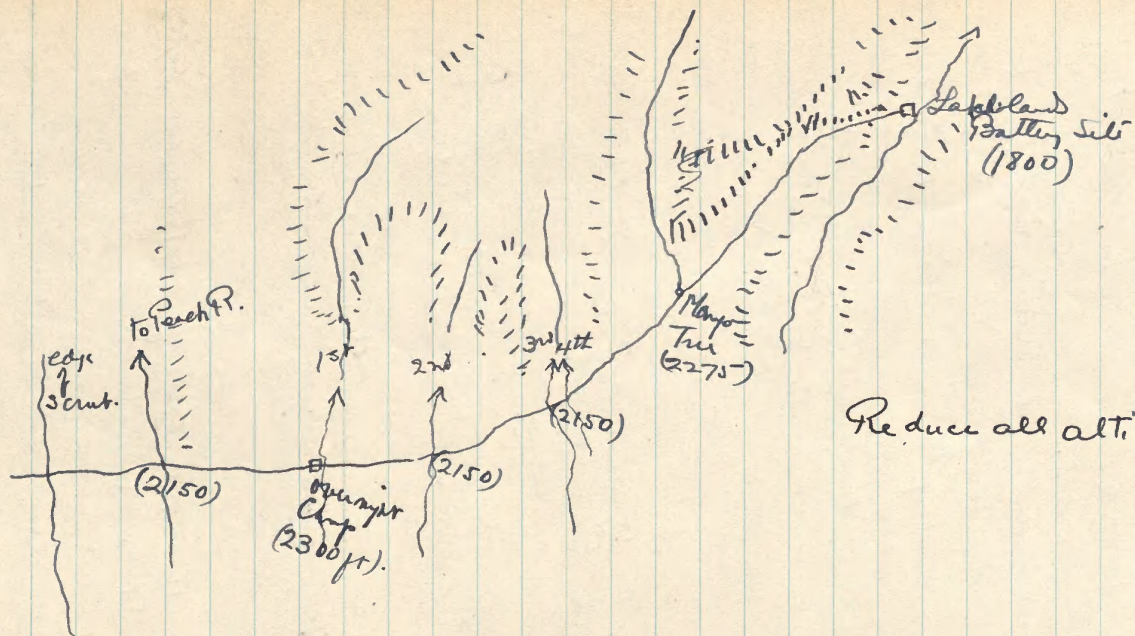
Traps: 128 rat traps, 61 otter traps.

Put out: 1 Nyctophilus, 2 Rhinolophus, 1 Hipposideros summi.

Wed.

Aug 18.

Temp., 6.30 a.m. 58°. Traps: nothing new. At night Van & I netted 2 more, Rhinolophus + 2 more Hipposideros



Thur. The day for Van + me to move to the top of the range to test
 Aug. 19. the few savanna pockets. Picked up traps + moved
 Temp. to Camp Over Pocket, also 1500 feet, but on the western
 6:30 slope. The pack horses came late - not till 2.30.
 a.m. So we reached C. O. P. much later than we anticipated.
 58° Just before dark. Full moon. Set out 10 traps
 each by moonlight. Then thoroughly hunted
 C. O. P. with kerrying lights but no results.

Fri Temp 56° - Very chilly all night. Heavy condensation on
 Aug. 20. all objects. Sky clear. 1 Rattus culmanni in grass
 + 1 R. coratus in scrub. Established camp.
 Temp. A picturesque place with steep grassy slopes
 6:30 am sloping to narrowly scrub-lined creek, tributary of the
 56° Peach River. Our camp is cut just into the edge
 of the scrub so that we look into the trees on one side
 and out on the pasturage on the other. Our objectives
 are two: to make a quick survey of the mammals generally;
 and to get more specimens of the Echimyus found by
 Darlington in 1932.

In pm set traps:

Totals:-	Steel	Rat.
Van.	26	30
Proy	15	15
Geo.	20	40
	<u>61</u>	<u>85</u> = <u>146</u>

Amuseid 5 pm 1975 ft.

Sat. ALTITUDE: 7.30 am. 1900 ft; 11. a.m. 1880 ft; 2 pm. 1950 ft; 5 pm 1975 ft
 Aug. 21. 9.00 pm. 1925
 Temp. Traps: In grass: 1 Grass Rat (culmanni); 2 Smittia sic
 6:30 a.m. " scrub: 3 Antechinus; 1 Rattus coratus.
 60°

	Left Aug 19	Arr Aug 13.	Arr Aug 12	Round Trip Aug 11.
Nesbir R Camp.	3.15 ↓ 1825 ft.	12.20 1800 ft.		
Mangroves.	4.00 2350	11.30 2275 "		
Two Creeks.	5.00 2275	11.00 2100		
First Creek	5.15 2225	9.30 2150		
Camp Creek	5.20 2450	8.00 ↑	4 pm. (camp)	
First Scrub Creek.	5.40 2450	Left Camp. ←		
last open area	5.45			
Savanna + Scrub.	5.50			12.20 (turn back). "JA" tree 2350 11.50.
Dry Creek Scrub.	5.55			
"Bog Scrub."	6.05	1 pm		
Dry Scrub.	6.15			
Camp Over Pocket Ck.	6.35	12.30 pm		11.00 am 1850 ft. (1900 at 1.25 pm)
Hill N. of C. O. P.				10.40 2300 ft. (2400 " 2 pm)
Scrubby Gully				9.50 1850 ft.
Peach Water Hole			10.50 1600 ft.	9.25 1600 ft. (1725 at 2.30)
New Rd to Ridge -			1200 ft	
Crossing Pometean			Ridge 10.00 10.30 to 1400 ft.	
Sheppard Betty Sili			9.20	
(Camp).			Left ↑	6 am ↑ 975 ft (1000 at 5 pm)
			9.00 am.	

Sun
Aug 22 Overcast. A much warmer night. - Clear & Sunny bright day.

Amavoid 6:30 a.m. 1930 ft.; 3:30 p.m. 1960 ft.

Temp.
6:30 a.m. 69°
A good catch of 15 specimens - Rattus, Dolomys,
Antechinus, Smittopsis.

Geoff & Piers passed through at 4 pm on their way down from the upper Nestle camp to Peach River (Shepherd's Battery Site). The animals come back for us tomorrow. Van & Beach start a bat this evening -

Mon
Aug 23. Two grass Dolomys. Horses arrived about 9:30-10. Brooke camp & moved out about 11. Down at Shepherd's Battery Site at 1:30.
Temp 6 a.m. 65°

Don Vernon had taken several brown cuscuses and a ♂ Acrobatis, the last in a net trap. (Its underparts white to the base of the hairs)

H&B (longest way) = 80 mm.

Tail 82 "

H&T (s.u.) 14 "

Ear (from notch) 12 "

The ♂ was taken at the foot of a very large tree near the edge of the river in rain (galling) forest about 150 yards from the nearest open forest.

Facking that night took 3 Pteropus poliocephalus?, 1 P. conspicillatus?, and two Dobsonia. Also two Phalanger orientalis.

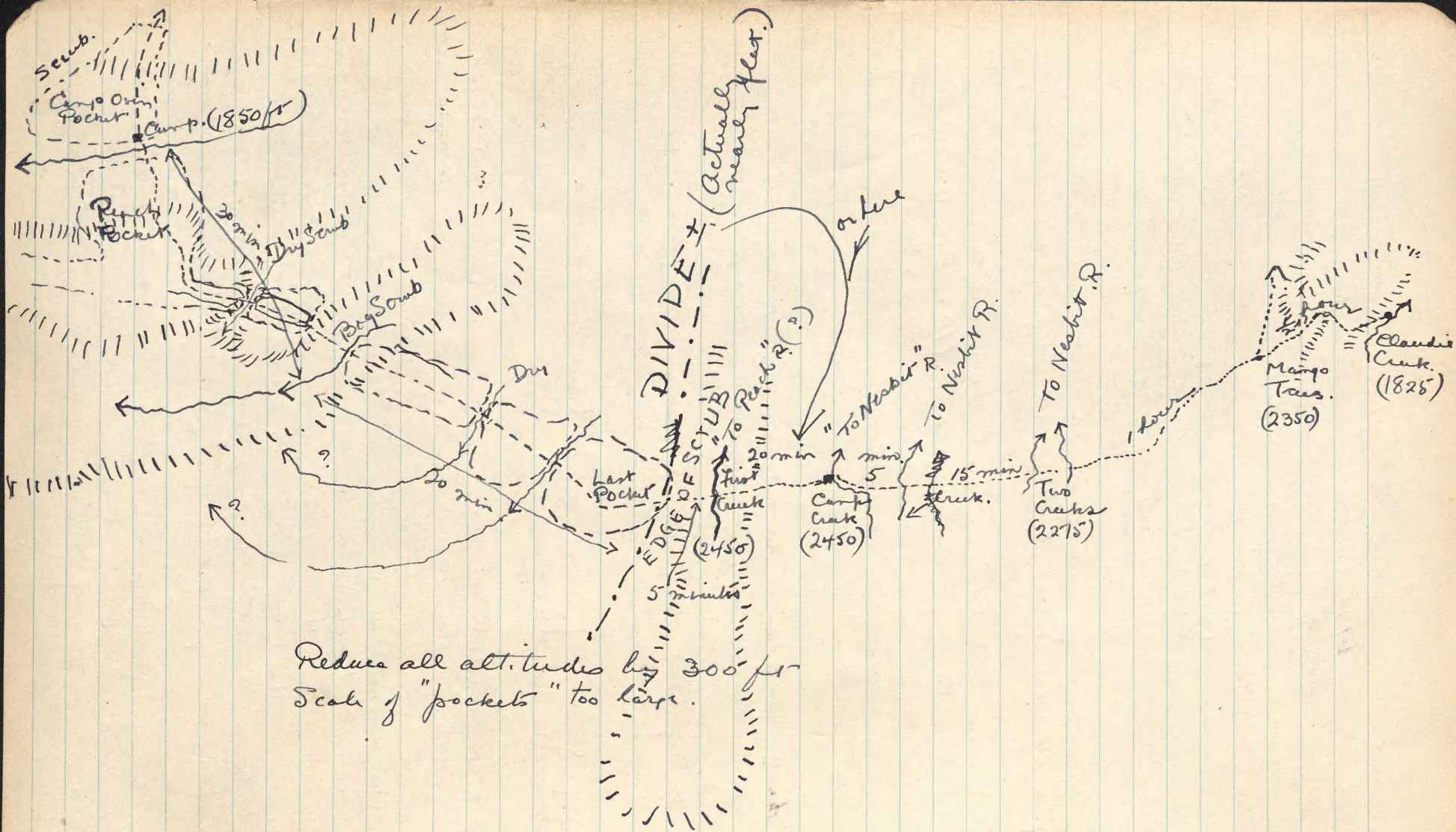
Thursday
Aug 24. Busy all morning skinning. No truck had arrived at 2:15 pm that night two Pteropus.

Wed.
Aug. 25 Geoff & Len started at dawn to walk out & find out what was wrong. After 10 miles they passed the ~~10 mile mark~~ truck on its way in to get us. They decided to keep on to the air port 18 miles.

We left Peach River in the truck at 1:30 pm & reached the air port at 4. There we picked up Len & Geoff & reached the Coen Bend at about 5 o'clock. I walked in to town to get the mail.

Spent evening wrapping & packing dry specimens.

Thurs
Aug 26 Packing till 11 am. Then by truck out to Rothwell taking 5 miles SE of Coen, where took 40 bats - 31 Rhinolophus + 9 Hipposideros ceylonicus. The former



is apparently topotypical of Allen's R. m. ignifer, which is phase of R. megaphyllus from Coen. All but one grey + a few intermediates were distinctly red. Spent rest of evening picking the bats + doing the remaining packing.

Fri.
Aug 27.

Got away from The Bend at 9 + from Coen at 10. fairly rough road but long stretches of sand - all "open forest". Reached Ebbawool, our overnight place, at 3.45 - 28 miles from Coen.

It was once a mining center - and there are many ruins of houses about. The water supply is from a well + it is stored in a 2000 gal. tank, now 2/3 empty. Alt. about 700 ft.

Got about 50 traps set out.

went jacking up the telegraph line - a Trichomys. In a.m. traps gave 1 Melomys.

Sat.
Aug. 28.

Left camp at 8 a.m. Carried Melomys + Trichomys injected. Skinned in p.m. - both in perfect condition.

R. Solomon S. Burns - station. 700.

700

Yarriden - left passage.

700

Pat's Spionkop - Burns set out to Swettenham. Bamboo station.

Crest of the range. 950 ft.

Down range to dinner camp.

Musgrave Tel. Sta. } 3.45 pm.
400/500 ft.

Set out traps (Ray).

Sun.
Aug. 29

Left Musgrave at 8 a.m. Road mainly along telegraph line + speed rather better - much sand - enormous numbers of ant hills - cauliflower type, wickets' hats, magnetic, ra.

Lost 1/2 hour testing rock piles for rock wallabies - plenty of wallaroo sign but none of r. w. Crossed the border a bit after 11 am. Arrived at Hannon Hannon River about 1 pm - about 40 miles south of Musgrave.

Skinned morning catch - 2 Rattus, 1 Hydromys. Van under weather.

Ray put out 25 rat traps.

(84)

Mammals expected ^{to exist} in the Cooktown Area.

<i>Ornithorhynchus</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Hydromys</i>	✓	<i>Periosteus</i>	16
<i>Tachyplousar</i>	✓	<i>Rattus conatus</i>	✓	<i>Miniopterus</i>	17
<i>Antechinus</i>	✓	" <i>culmorum</i>	✓	" <i>australis</i>	✓ 18
<i>Planigale</i>	?	<i>Leptomys</i>		<i>Taflozoua</i>	(Seen at 19 Black Mt.)
<i>Sminthopsis</i>		<i>Pseudomys</i>		"	20
"		<i>Thetomys</i>		<i>Nyctomys</i>	<i>napellensis</i> ✓ 21
<i>Satanellus</i>	✓	<i>Mesembriomys</i>		<i>Chaerophon</i>	22
<i>Dasyurus</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Zyromys</i>	??		
"		<i>Conilurus</i>	?		
<i>Isodon macroura</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Notomys</i>	?		
" <i>penicillatus</i> ?		<i>Melomys</i> (scut)	✓		
<i>Echimyops</i>	?	" (grass)	✓		
<i>Perameles</i>	✓	"			
<i>Acrobates</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Uromys</i>	✓		
<i>Petaurus brevicauda</i>	✓	<i>Pteropus conspicillatus</i>		1	
" <i>australis</i>		" <i>jouberti</i>		2	
<i>Schreibersia</i> ?		" <i>scapulatus</i>	✓	3	
<i>Tritosurus</i>	✓	<i>Dotsonia</i>		4	
<i>Phalanger maculatus</i>		<i>Nyctinomys</i>	(seen)	5	
" <i>orientalis</i>		"		6	
<i>Dactylopsila</i>	✓	<i>Syconycterus</i>		7	
<i>Eudromicia</i>		<i>Odontonycterus</i>	✓	8	
<i>Pseudodermis peregrinus</i>		<i>Rhinonycterus</i>		1	
" <i>arcteri</i>		<i>Rhinolophus</i>	✓	2	
" <i>lemnoides</i>		<i>Hipposideros semoni</i>	✓	3	
" <i>Lebertensis</i>		" <i>diadema</i>		4	
<i>Hypsigymna</i>	✓	" <i>ceronius</i>		5	
<i>Petrogale</i>	?	" <i>albionensis</i>		6	
<i>Acrypygma</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Macroglossus</i>		7	
<i>Lepidochelys</i>	?	<i>Nyctophilus bifax</i>	✓	8	
<i>Dendrolagus bennettianus</i>	✓	"			
<i>Petrogale</i>	✓	<i>Pipistrellus</i>		9	
<i>Thylacynus</i>	✓	<i>Scotinus luge</i>	✓	10	
<i>Protemnodon opilis</i>	✓	" <i>small</i>	✓	11	
" <i>parryi</i>	(REPORTED)	<i>Chalinobates</i>		12	
<i>Macropus caninus</i>	✓	"		13	
" <i>rufus</i>		<i>Myotis</i>		14	
" <i>robustus</i>	(SEEN)	"			
		<i>Eptesicus</i>		15	

Mon
Aug 30.

Left ~~Hamm~~ River 8. a.m. Previous afternoon shot specimens out of camp of flying foxes of the species P. scapulatus. The first camp of this species we have come across. It is scattered along the very thin fringe of river-scrub - usually about one mile thick for an undetermined distance (west of the crossing). Single individuals were also plentiful. All five shot were males. The pup immediately close by may have reached fifty bats. (See also Sep. 18)

At night jacking, they were all through the woods feeding on the tree flowers & (?) bloodwoods. They became fewer as the river was left behind.

Crossed the River (dry) at 11.15
Reached Fairview about 12.15 - Crossed the Little Laura River & 20 mins. later the Big Laura & Reached Laura at 1.30 pm

Bunked in the almost abandoned railway station. Laura - a town of few shacks - the "hotel" has a very few rooms. Rhinolophus hides under the beds, largely from the bed springs. Laura very sandy, dusty & excessively dry. Water is carted from some miles away. Police represented by Constable Vincent Booth Hotel run by Mrs I. R. Solomons.

Skinned 5 flying foxes & 1 Rhinolophus.

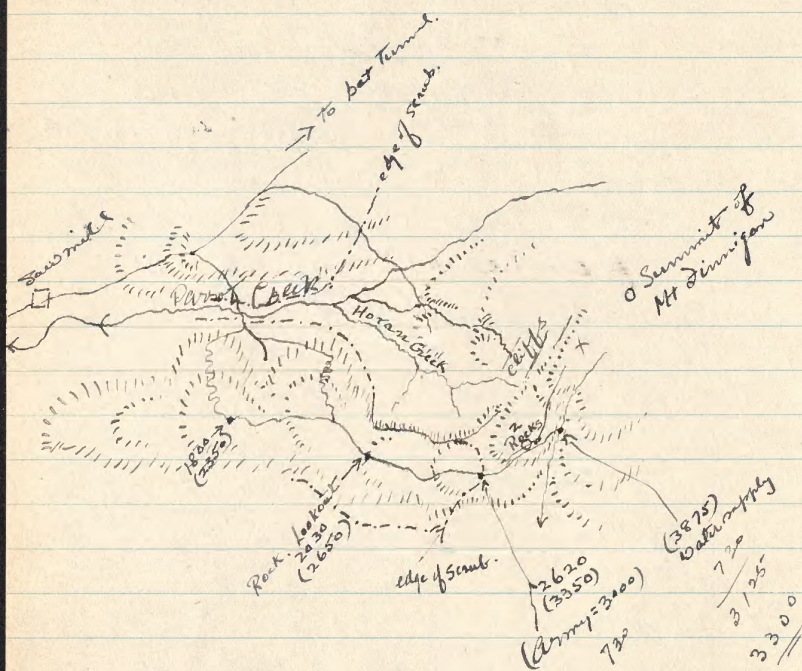
Heyle & Vincent took us to water hole in river where Johnson Ave. said to be plentiful. Saw a few eyes of young ones - but far away. No mammals.

Tues.
Aug. 31.

Slept in ~~fairview~~ ^{railway} station. Railmotor due at 11.30; leaves for Cooktown at 1. Photographed Laura River & old wreck of r.r. bridge. Met Jack Dwyer, owner of good collection of Australian birds' eggs. Well catalogued as well, apparently. Reached Cooktown 4.30 pm. Stayed in hotel. Went up to see Dr. Kesteven at the hospital.

Wed.
Sep. 1.

Reorganized equipment. Packed mammal skins.



Climb done on
Fri Sep. 3. 1948

- Sat. Sep. 4. Examine big scrub at mouth of Horan Creek - mouse traps.
 Sun " 5 Ride out to bat tunnel.
 Mon " 6

Local Camps:- Horan Creek 5-6 days.
 Diminjon 2-3 nights.
 Base Camp } fill in.
 at Sawmill }

- Mon. Sep. 13. Go out to Helensvale - spend 4⁵ days. - traps & packing in
 Fri Sep. 18. Go to Black Mt. - Test 2 nights. in scrub.
 Sun Sep 20 Go to Greenhill - try two days for wallabies, etc.
 Tu. Sep. 22 Return Corkton.
 Wed Sep 23. Go to Alderbury (29th mile) on Mr. Gladmore's gas truck
 for rock-wallabies, etc.
 Fri Sep 27 Be back in Corkton, possibly spend one night in
 silver gum country for possums, ringtail, squirrels.

Thurs.

Left Corvatom about 11 a.m. Lunch at Mrs Wathings at Helenvale about 1.30 pm. Reached Shipton's Flats at about 4.30 pm.

Sep. 2.

Much of the way is through open forest - Past Black Mountain, a pile of granite boulders almost wholly blackened by lichen or fungus. River scrub along the creeks - Wallaby Creek etc.

Shipton's Flats is a disused sawmill & lumbering camp. The builds, some of which we occupy, in good condition.

Fri

Sep. 3.

Cold. 55°. In traps: grassy clearing 3 pairs Melomys; in little valley scrub behind house, 2 scrub Rattus conatus.

Len & I left at 9 a.m. to explore Mt Jiminy. We had as guidance a letter written by an army man who had done trig. station work on top. From the sawmill we went east up over a rather steep ridge & down to Parrot Creek. We crossed the creek in peat scrub then turned up grassy, she-oak-covered denude, going generally south. The crest of the "east-west" ridge up which we then climbed was 1800 by Len, 2300 by me. Turned SE ~~up~~ ^{along} the ever-ascending crest - all open forest & mainly "oaks". Passed top of spur (which we descended in the pm & found too steep). Reached exposed rock "look-out" 2030 (2650) ft. Continued upward closer to mountain to "edge of scrub, 2620 (3350) feet (Army gave \pm 3000 ft). ~~Track~~

Track inside scrub more confused & difficult to follow than the jack trails of Rocky Scrub. But pushing up right side of ridge just under crest, found the 2 20 ft rocks described in letter, & then traversing south side for 100 feet or so came to water. Not very much of it & flowing steeply down a rocky bed inclined at nearly 60°.

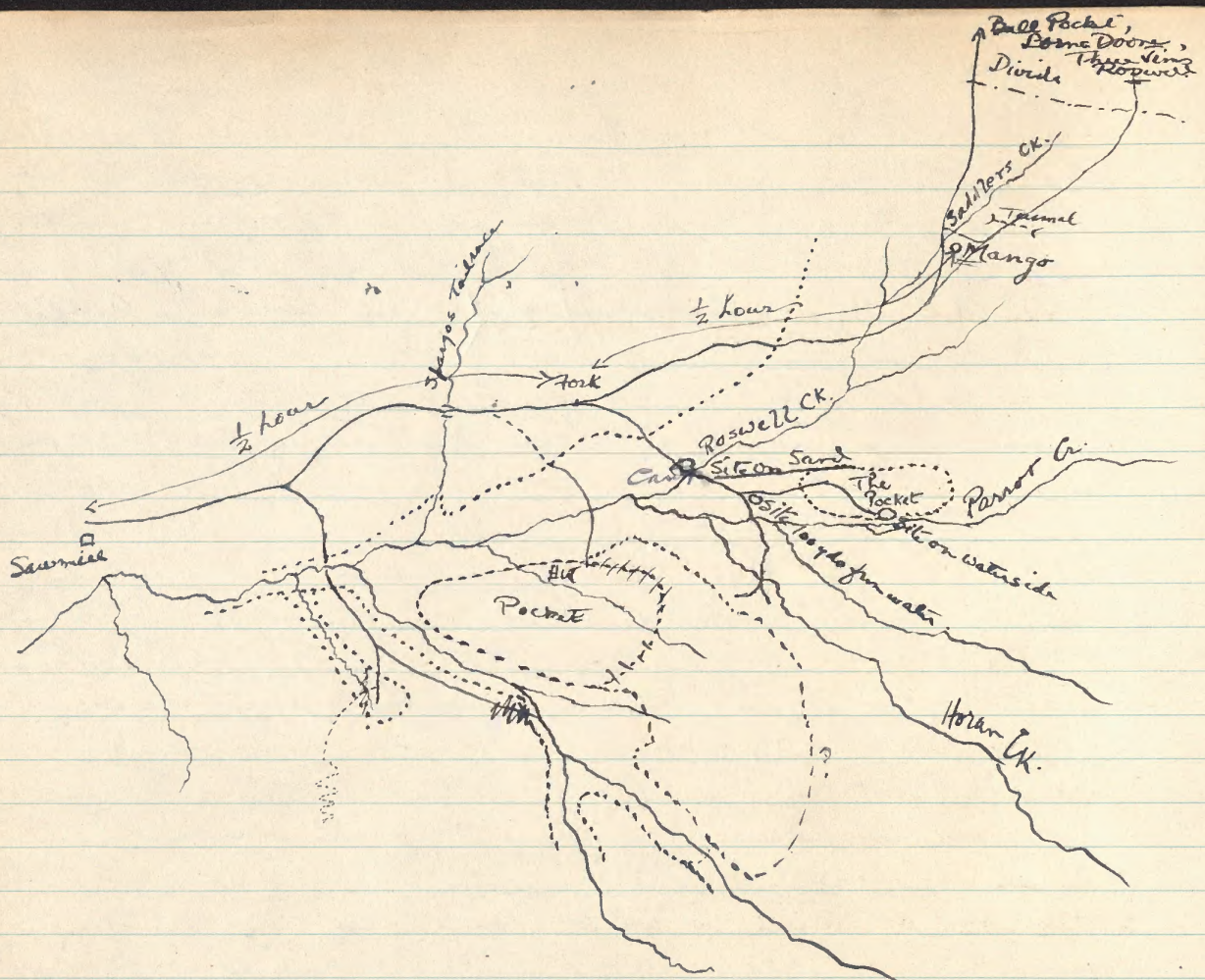
Returning I improved the track & met Len, who had also been searching fruitlessly for water, at "edge of scrub".

Sat.

Sep. 4.

Colder. 53° Traps: 1 Melomys Anuroid 1075 ft (= \pm 800)

A reconnaissance walk with Van & Norton to locate "big scrub". Land sw of Horan Creek mostly open forest. Flat between Horan Creek & Parrot Creek all scrub. Back in p.m. to clean track & pick camp site. Evening, sat by potential Platypus pool but saw no Platypus. Set 10 steel traps.



Stygos Trench

666
1922

Temp. 57. Slight overcast. Traps. 3 Rattus.

Sun

Sep. 5

Rode up with Jack Roberts to examine tunnel said to contain bats. also to see scrub roads & select a camp site in scrub. Much stringing tree, much lawyer cane.

Len, Don. Van completed preparations for trip to Mt Jimmigan.

Van shot a Nyctophilus in sawmill shed.

Mon.

Sep. 6.

The travelers to Mt Jimmigan got away after two false starts — due to a pack horse twice bucking off its load — at 9.30.

In traps 2 Melomys, 2 grass Rattus, 3 scrub Rattus.

At 4.30 or 5 the boy Noadie returned with the horses & a note from Len to Marie, also a ♀ tree kangaroo in a sack. It appeared that Roy & Willie, sent for water, found two up a tree, yelled for a gun (which Noadie took up to them) & shot one — the female. It was sent down at once. I injected it ready for skinning in the morning.

Rebaited traps. Packed in readiness for my move to the scrub with Froton tomorrow.

About 5 pm the horses & their driver returned from the top camp, bringing a tree climbing kangaroo — the first for the collection and a female example of the rare Dendrolagus bennettianus. The pouch though spacious was unoccupied. The "boys" had been sent up for water & saw two up trees. They called for someone to bring a gun. Roy shot one but lost the other.

Shot another Nyctophilus in the sawmill shed.

Tu.

Sep. 7.

Skimming traps, 2 rats & the Nyctophilus.

Jack Roberts came with his horses after lunch. Reached present camp on Roswell Creek (see opposite p.) at 3 pm.

Established camp & set out 25 traps. Hunted twice; 6 pm to 8 and 9.30 to 10.30. Nothing seen. Wallaby heard.

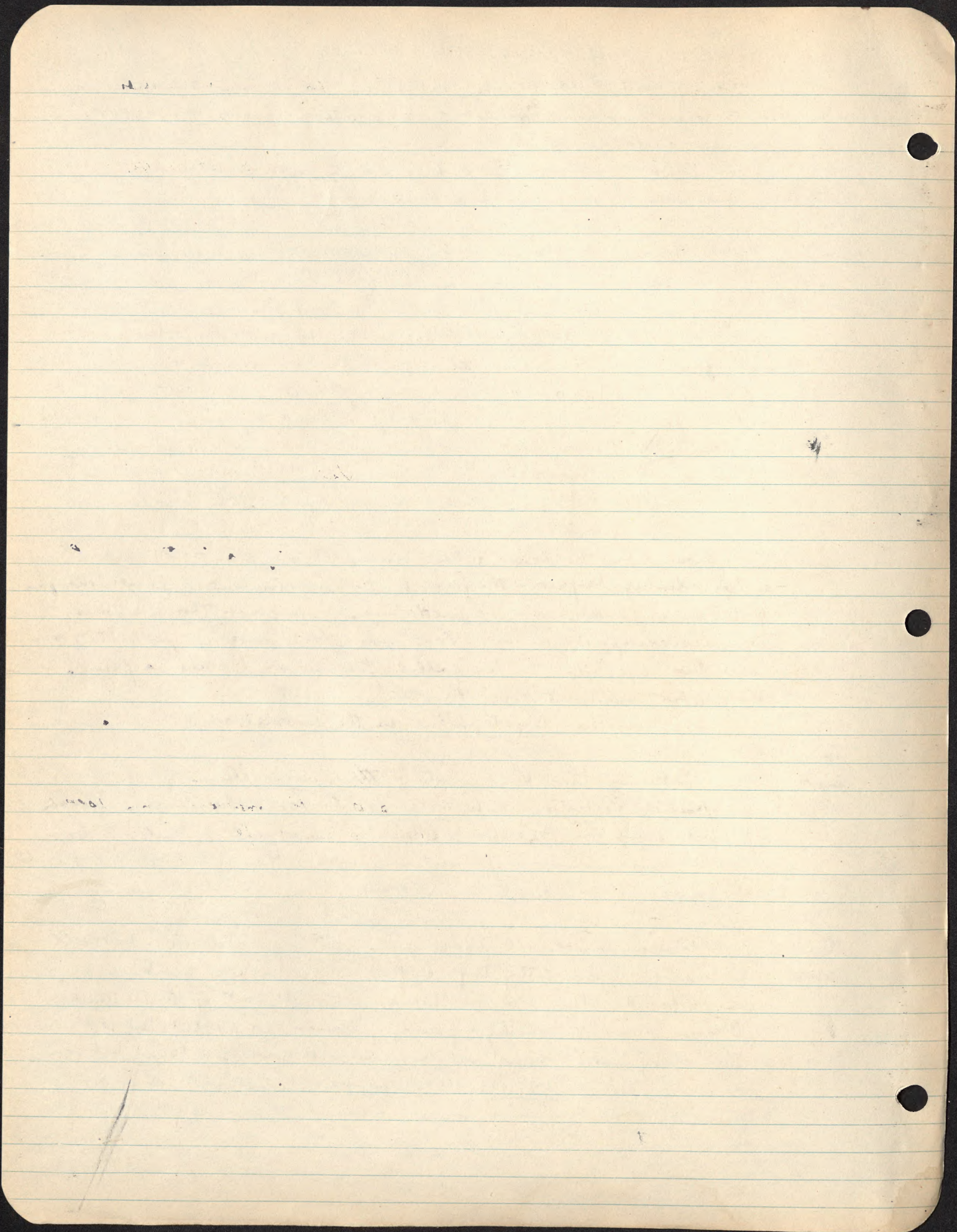
Wed.

Sep. 8.

Warm night. Traps: 2 Melomys, several Rattus. Skinning all a.m. Set traps in pm. Morton, who hunted a.m. or pm., reported nothing seen or heard. At night went up to bat tunnel.

On way down shot something — possibly possum — but couldn't find it.

Shot a big headed, narrow necked gecko with curiously enlarged tail on the road. Shot a Peromyscus close to camp. It squeaked a couple of times, giving me the direction. Finally I caught the faint glow of one of its eyes.



Thurs
Sep. 9. (9) About 20 Rattus + Melomys. Morton shot 2 scrub wallabies
(Thylogale). At night nothing.

Fri.
Sep. 10. Eight Melomys + Rattus. Geoff + Roy arrived at 11.40. The
former plans to come up each morning up down at 8-9 at night.
I took Roy + specimens down to sawmill in p.m. Returned at
5.30 Very windy night spoiled jacking. Geoff got a death-adder
only 100 ft from camp. Went down about 8.

Sat.
Sep. 11. Boys (Van, Don, Geoff, Roy) due this a.m. Len + Marie
passed about 9 on way into rain forest.

Traps: 3 Melomys, Uromys, Antechinus with 7 young
attached (By log 150 feet from nearest water)

Newcomers arrived about 11.30. Van had shot a Pteropus
Scapulatus. Returned in p.m. Let Roy + Morton go out with
their guns (they found nothing!). Don shot a Nyctophilus.

Sun.
Sep. 12. Today Morton, Roy, Nogie went hunting for just two things:
Hypsigymnaxodon and Dendrolagus. They found nothing. In
the p.m., after skinning, Van + I went out far up the
mtn slopes. We found nothing.

Traps: Rattus, Melomys.

Mon.
Sep. 13. Shot a scrub-ben for Don. In traps: 3 Rattus, 2 Melomys.
Van + I took specimens down to the main camp. Relabeled the
light mtn material + wrapped fielded specimens.

Anacoid (11.45 sun time) = 1550. This anacoid from 1000
feet up has consistently registered 300-400 feet too high.

Tue.
Sep. 14. Packed up + left Rossville Ch. Camp in 2 relays. Van + Don
had shot a Thylogale + 3 leaf-tailed lizard (geckos) the night
before. That evening Van took a 5th Nyctophilus in the
sawmill. Geoff had found a Tachyglossus walking across
the road on the 13th.

Thurs.
Sep. 16. Van + I with the two boys moved out ~~to~~ ^{with} Helenitta
in Jack Roberts' model A Ford in two relays. Set up
a nice little camp right on the Arman River. Lunched at
Mrs Wetkin's Hotel.

Forearms of ¹¹~~13~~ P. scapularis ♂♂. not saved. (see opp page); others
skinned.

135

134

137

138

135

~~134~~

135

~~134~~

145

133

132

136

134

Fri
Sep. 17
Temp.
6.30 AM
59°

Jacking in evening for a Dactylopsila.

Trebs:- Van.	14 act	4 stud.
Ray	10 "	10 "
Self	15 "	15
	<u>39</u>	29 = 68 total.

also Van put 10 to second night in outbuildings (no results).

Catch:- 3 Rattus culvorum in grassy open country; 2 Satomelba on "open-front" hill side.

Scare night before: boy in local village supposedly bitten by death-adder. Old fellow named Dick came to ask help. Found the lad had been taken Watkin's & they had incised the bite. No swelling developed. The lad ate a big supper & went home to bed. Was OK in a.m.

Sat.
Sep. 18.

Temp 59° Morning bright in 18 Pteropus scapulatus from large "camp" just above "the waterfall", 3½ miles down the river. They comprise 17 males, 2 females. He shot only twice - into two clusters. The only other Pteropus scapulatus camp we have seen was that on the Hume River (see Aug. 20). Females, which are lighter brown beneath, appear not to be frequent. One male has the glandular side areas of the mantle very pale buff. Mantle color in others varies from light orange brown to dark red brown. Testes in most were large. See opp. p.

In afternoon Norman Watkin drove us out to the edge of a Lagoon (Beasley's Lagoon) on the road from the Wallaby Creek west to "the lake" (seen from Mt Jimingarr) of King's Plains in search of Great Gray Kangaroos. He found them easily feeding at a patch of burnt grass (burnt 6 weeks earlier). He & Van shot a female with a male pouch y. ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~also~~ ^{also} a very young male, & an adult male. Skinned till 9 or 10 o'clock.

Sun.
Sep. 19

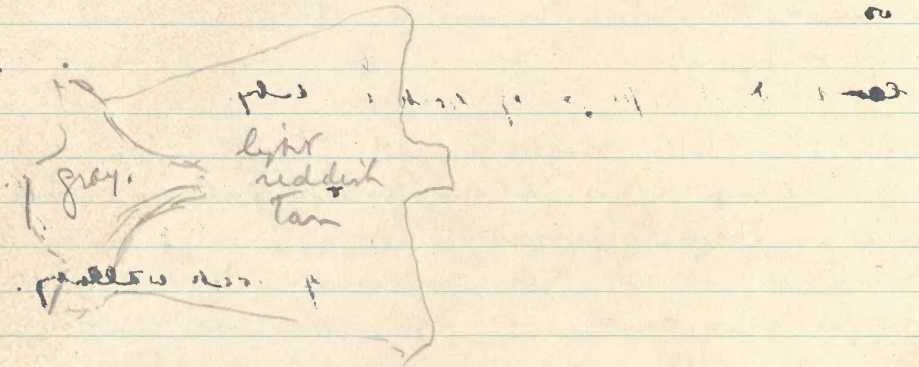
After a very cold night we packed up & moved to Black Mountain, nearly 50 miles nearer Corktown. Norman drove his truck thru open forest to the edge of a tiny perennial stream, Bowie's Spring, which runs out from under the rock-pile which is Black Mountain. The stream dries up but its rainy season bed empties into Sardy Creek.

Black Mountain is a great pile of generally loose granite boulders, blackened by lichen, from it

From: E.W. Parsons, } wallaby + kangaroo hunters, who
 Abe Hansen } worked chiefly in Greenhill-Helmvale area.

Coast wallaby	- thousands	market weight - 12 oz.
Swamp " (very rare)		
Gray K.		1 lb.
Red Wallaroo } Mtn Wallaroo }		1 1/2 lb.

no red Kangaroos in peninsula
 Whiptail - King Plains - formerly common 1/2 lb.



Deep Creek runs into the domain by.

Butcher Hills

Seagreen's Farm (Sibyl Jensen's) 8-9 mi by road
 5 mi beyond. 12 by road

Dr. Wonders
 Platypus
 (Palmer)

Ashville Taxi
 Dix Savage - Jim Savage - utility
 Phyllis Hales Truck

practically all soil (if there ever was soil) has been eroded out, leaving only the vast friable of rock. We are after rock wallabies (Petrogale). We stay until Tuesday, Sept 21.

Mon

Sep. 20.

Traps out last night, 20 rat, 15 steel, produced nothing. All these ^{two} hunted along the base of the granite, & afterwards Van & I went there with jack-light. Saw two "jockey lizard" (hardy geckos). Very early this a.m. the three of us were out again (long before sunrise), with equal results.

Despite the presence of the spring this area seems almost devoid of mammals. I did see dry droppings of wallaroo size, & the night before, up on the rocks, very dry sun-bleached droppings of rock wallaby.

After breakfast Norton leads for the Anman River Falls at the west end of Black Mtn, which Van & I worked around the base to the road & investigated the scrubby place Norman told us of the day before. Almost no signs of rock wallaby.

Norton went back to the Anman River Falls, where an old native, Monday, had previously taken the rock wallabies, and he returned in the afternoon with one female with a young joey in her pouch. Her pattern is relatively marked: grey; base of tail tawny; head & limbs tawny; tail, hands, feet black.

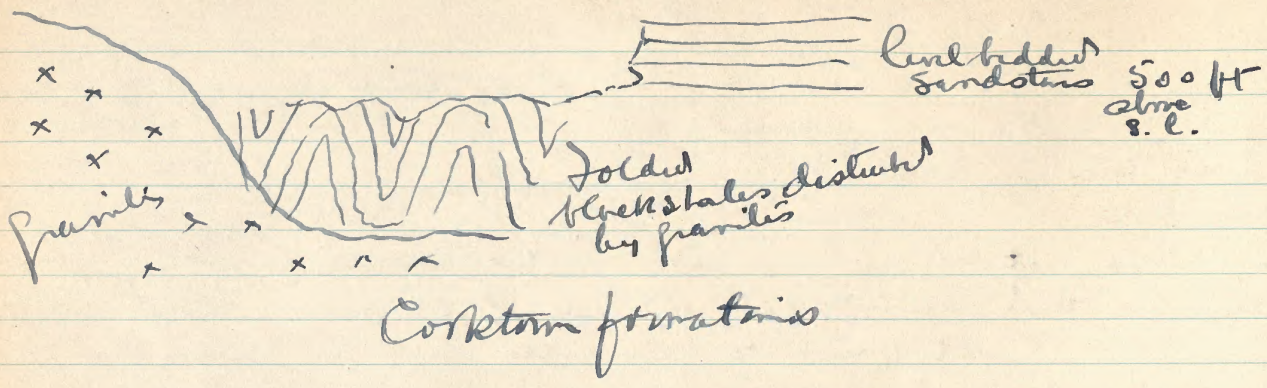
Shot 2 Scolecima in evening.

Tues.
Sep. 21.

Trapped 1 Proclonus, 1 Satanellus. Went hunting rock wallabies in Anman Gorge. Back in camp by 10. Skinned. Norman Watham & truck arrived 11 - reached Cockburn 1.30 pm. Reorganizing. Arranged trip to Alderbury (mile 29) for more rock wallabies, & later to Seagrass Dam (Sat. morn). Sgt. Griffiths from Sgt. Griffiths Police to shoot down porcupine. Van shot one (a Trictosurus).

Wed.
Sep 22

Had talk with Carlton Olive re Linty. Arranged Saturday trip in Dornay Savage's pick-ups. Sgt. Griffiths lending us his tracker Sammy for weekend. Len wrote that our boys to go on Wednesday.



Thurs.

Sep. 23.

By train at 8 am to Alderbury at mile 25. Van & I walked up to the gorge in sandstone rocks to learn route. Camped at station. Out in late p.m. taking 30 steel traps & our hunting lights.

No rock wallabies seen & their droppings but rarely - more wallaroos. Van shot 2 Petaurus australis. ~~Two~~

Fri.
Sep 24.

Out long before sun-up. Traps n.g. Hunted up gorge. No rock wallabies. Saw a large frog wallaroo hopping away fast.

Two wallaroos came along opposite side of gorge 200 yards away. Stopped. Feeding. Indulged in a moment of "boxing", when they stood facing, close together & seemed to claw each other's shoulders with their fore paws.

Van caught a Scotomus in roof of station.

Left at 2 pm by power-band-car.

Stopped at culverts where 3 Rhizolopus.

Stopped at Seagreen's Farm, 10 mi. from

Cooktown to occupy plans for hunting whiptails.

Reached Cooktown about 3.30 when found Len Geoff, DM, was already settled in Commercial Hotel.

Sat.

Sep. 25.

Left Cooktown with Donny Savage's truck, ^{about 10 a.m.} bound for Seagreen's Farm. Arrived 11 a.m. Objective: whiptail wallabies. Arranged for "Sammy", Sept. Griffiths' tracker to go out to Fern Bully for whiptails also.

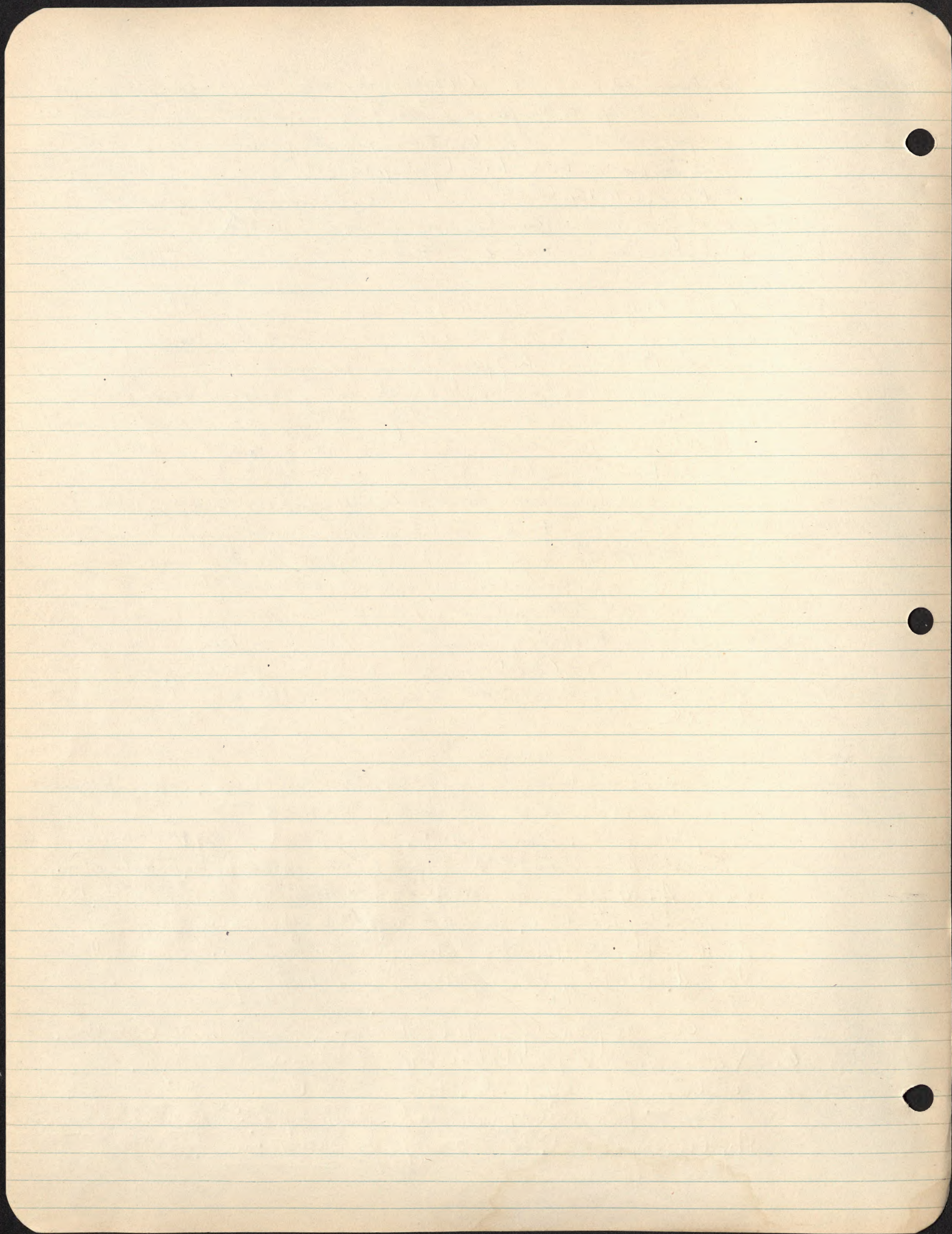
At 4 pm Van & I went out up the hills - 1 mile west along the line & then up the east side of a big gully toward the sandstone-capped hills. Saw 1 wood. Toekip at night. Van, flying squirrel.

Sun.

Sep 26.

Out very early - till 11 a.m. - about 6 miles. Van saw 2 wallabies in distance but not certainly whiptails.

Several mammals in traps: Rattus culvorum, Hydromys, shot 2 spp of Scotomus.



Mon
Sep 27

Bats shot by Van: - 1 *Scotermis* 3
Macropodinae at flowers of *Century Plant* (Sisal).
Cut after native mice - 2 found under
pale iron sheets in middle of red-earth peanut
field. Field originally in open forest.
Nasty in traps.
Back to Corkin by noon.
Sam & Don had left in a.m. plane for
Cairns.

Did some packing for ship journey.

Tues.
Sep 28.

Finished packing. Cargo down to boat in
a.m. We got on board tonight. Due to sail
early Wed. a.m.; and arrive Cairns Wed. eve.
Working out schedule for RR trip - Cairns
onwards.

Wed.
Sep 29.

Left 5 a.m. Stopped at Bloomfield R to take on
Lady Bissett, wife of ex-commander of the "Queen
Mary". Stopped at Daintree for fruit. Reached
Cairns 4 pm.

Thurs.
Sep 30 -
Fri Oct 1
Sat Oct 2

Baggage repacked. I terminated my association
with Archibald & fed. as of morning of Oct 2.
Don went down to the warehouse & loaded crates
all morning.

Reconnaissance trip renewed by overnight
visit to Barron Waters (trapping) see beyond. Also
accepted offer accompanying Mr. Gallup of
"Diam Road" on survey of Windsor Table land.
To start Monday pm.

George Brooker drove me out to stay with
Bob Hunter at Barron Waters. Set 21 steel
traps + 22 net traps.

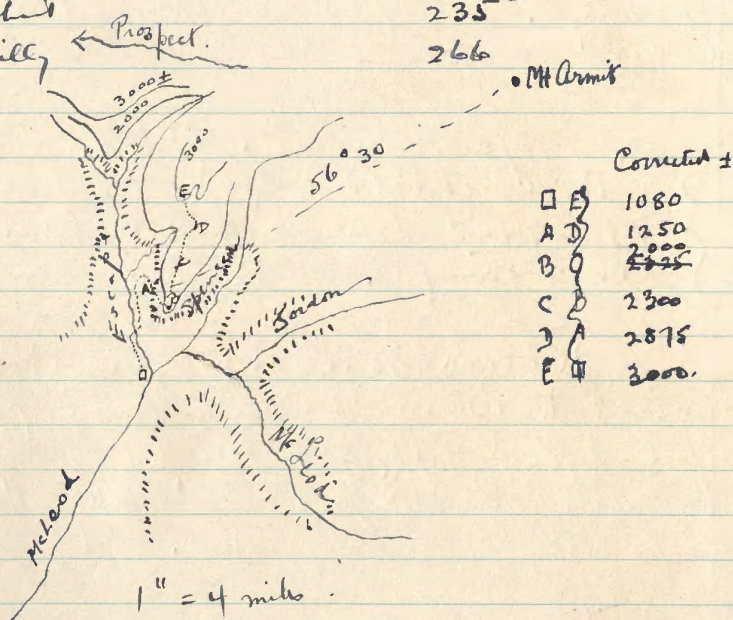
Sta B. Elephant 222°

Sta D.
Turkey Hill (quartz gully) 202° 30'
Elephant 225°
Desaiily 248° 30'

Sta D.
Armit 56° 30'
Turkey Hill 206°
Elephant 226°
Desaiily 249

Sta C.
McLeod-Escape Jctn (camp) 187°
Turkey Hill 221°
Elephant 233°
Desaiily 254° 30' 707.
Vancouver
6° E

Sta B.
Alto 145° 30'
McLeod-Escape 187° ±
Turkey 226° = 232.
Elephant 235°
Desaiily ← Prospect. 266



Note: Mr. Galloway (main road) collected *Nototherium*
in 1932 at Richardt River crossing 40 mi from Duketon.

Sun.
Oct 3.

Catch only a Peromyscus in rocky scrub above
house & Urungs in kitchen. Porters came
again for me at 11. In pm with Van to visit
the Healers

Mon.
Oct 4.

Horace picked up my baggage at 10.30 & returned for me
at noon. We left - 6 of us in 2 cars - about 1.30 pm.
We went up the Cassowary highway which I visited in
March, south the Mt Molloy ^(Stretcher) west to Mt Carbine (Wolfgram)
& continued west to the crossing of the McLeod River near
Cunaghmore Station, where we spent the night. All open
country south & west of Tuller. From Mt Molloy tower a
large mass of mountain (Mt Dasher) very prominent. This
is the southern tip of a massive chain of mtns rising
thence NNW to Mt Armit.

Tues.
Oct 5.

An early start. Drove up the escape track about 2 miles.
Parked the command car, & climbed the ridge between
the valleys of the Escape and Spencer.

		Stockyard	8.30 a.m.	1090 ft.	8.30 pm.	1290
1 1/4 hrs.	Stn A. (by car)	9.45 am.		1275 "	4.10 "	1525
35 min	Stn B.	10.20 "		2030 "	3.40 "	2250
45 min.	Stn C	11.08 "		2435 "	3 " "	2630
50 min	Stn D.	12. noon.		3020 "	?	
1 hr.	Stn E	1 pm.		3160 "	Started down at 1.50 pm.	
3.10 min. up.			In camp.	4.30 pm		2 1/2 down

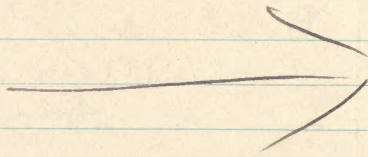
No trace of any other vertebrates. River scrub in Spencer &
McLeod valleys. Saw Gray Kangaroos (2). Up in the
lots of Wallows sign.

Wed.
Oct 6.

Shot 2 Trichosurus, & Pseudocherius last night. Stayed
in camp to skin them while G. Gallup & his men went
out again to search for road. In pm. collected insects up
to Spencer - McLeod Junction. The McLeod supplies virtually
all the flour.

Left 4 Trichosurus in shot. Plenty of possum droppings.
They seem to discard the food to defecate - at least sometimes.
In evening went out foraging in same area. Collected a
♀ Pseudocherius (with 2 pct yg). Saw & left
unmolested 5 Trichosurus.

No trees
in front of my house
along the railway west of
Tomball.



Thurs.
Oct 7.

Skinned the Pseudoctonus. Then we broke camp & returned to Cairns. Left Camp 8:30. Reached Cairns at 3-p.m. Repacking for departure in a.m.

Fri.
Oct 8.

This marks the real resumption of the reconnaissance trip. Left Cairns by 10 a.m. trail for Townsville, which arrived at at 7:30 pm.

Bellenden Ker clouded. No rain however - Very dry everywhere.

Mountains of Coast advance & recede. Mass just n. of Cardwell. Another s. of the Tully R. The Tully valley fairly open, as is that of the Herbert. In latter case mountains out of sight. Next come mts of Seaview R (Mt Spec).

Vegetation Semi-scrub as far as Tully, mixed with true scrub & patches of open forest. Further south it is all open forest. Necessary to draw the rain-forest lines on a good map, as small scale maps will not accommodate.

Sat.
Oct. 9.

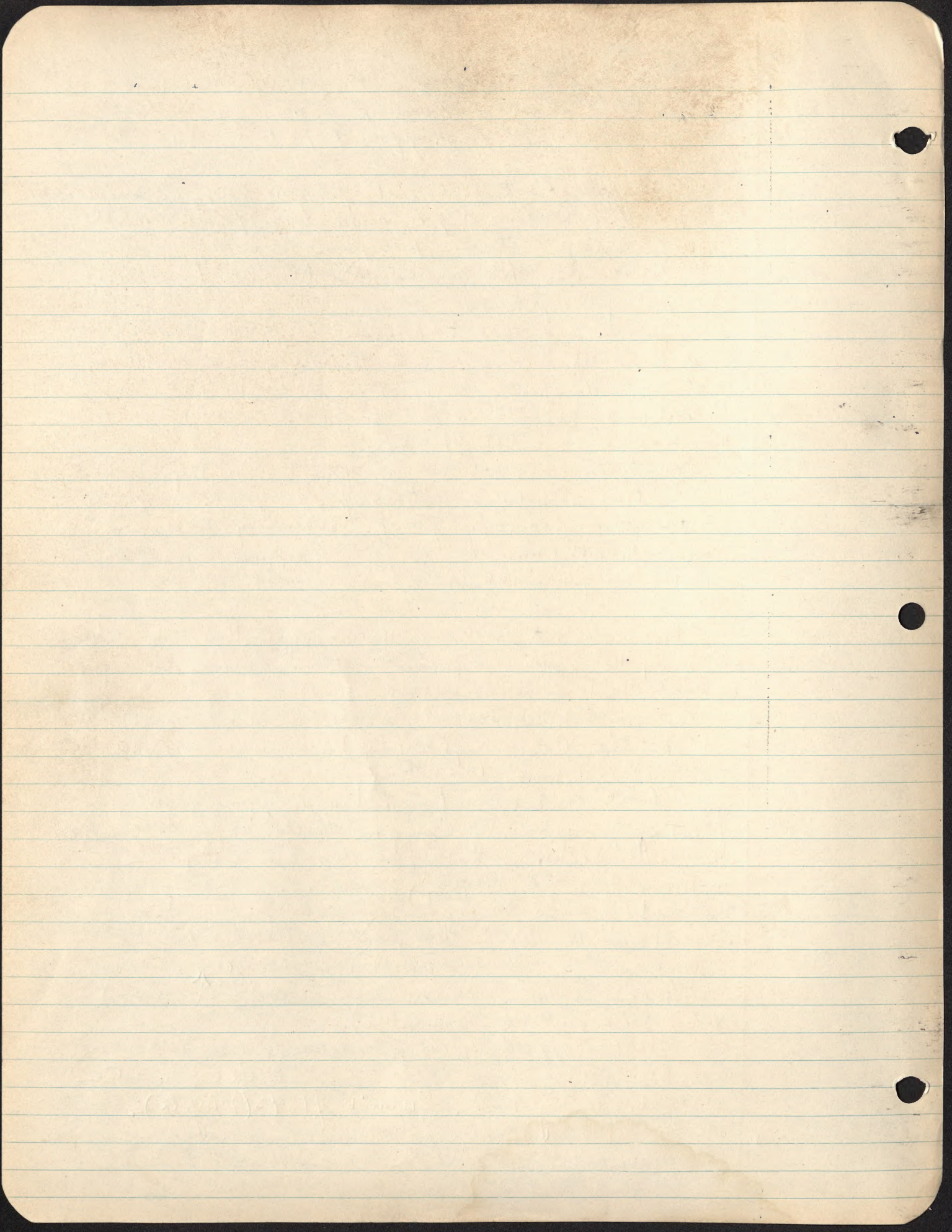
Train for Mt Isa leaves 11 a.m. On this trip shall see only the terrain as far as Pentland ^(148 mi) and/or Warrigal which the train reaches just at dark.

At daybreak I shall be at Julia Creek (398 mi). Due at ~~Mt Isa~~ Cloncurry (481 mi) at 9:40 a.m.; Mt Isa (608 mi) 3:15 pm. Oct 10th

First 2 hours - through broad ^{poor} open forest, flat, gradually rising. Hills begin to encroach on either side, just before descent to open valley of Reid River (38 mi.). All very barren & dry. This basin ^(248 mi) is separated from the Burdekin R by a low part of the Leichardt Range - higher part (982 ft) at Mingela. The Burdekin is famed re *Macrossan* (793 ft $\frac{1}{2}$ + 69 miles out of Townsville).

Sedimentary cap-rocks to s. between Reid & Burdekin - Houghton Valley (photo - look SE). 2 Locomotives for succeeding hill. Summit flat - (Mingela) ←

The Burdekin is an enormous river - close to Macrossan (70 $\frac{1}{2}$ mi), crossed by a high steel bridge. Its bed is broad, flat & all sand.



Water in it (Oct) is reduced to disconnected water holes.

Charles Towns dusty barren, a abandoned gold place. Low growing bushes. No rain since last March 12 months. (Missed rain last season) However, as there ~~is~~ is plenty of gum forest a mile either side I think the local forest must have been cut for timbering stops & tunnels.

Miles of flat country beyond Charles Towns. Sidgea, Bridgela, etc - 1 Begin to climb again to Homestead.

Pentland ^{1323 ft.} - dead flat - few scattered trees. A few scattered hills to n & w 8-10 miles away. Miss Neubeiser collected Rock Wallabies here.

Met Ted Meredith, former main road man, has lived at Ravenshoe. Thinks he remembers Harry Raven. He claims they found *Eudromicia* ^{in the possession of} along Cook Highway.

Green Porcupine formerly between Milanda & Herberton (1 pouch young only).

Green Porcupine at Charles Towns ^{in the} + Blackhall.

Open forest and about 20 miles E of Hayterdon - Whiptail as far as Cloncurry.

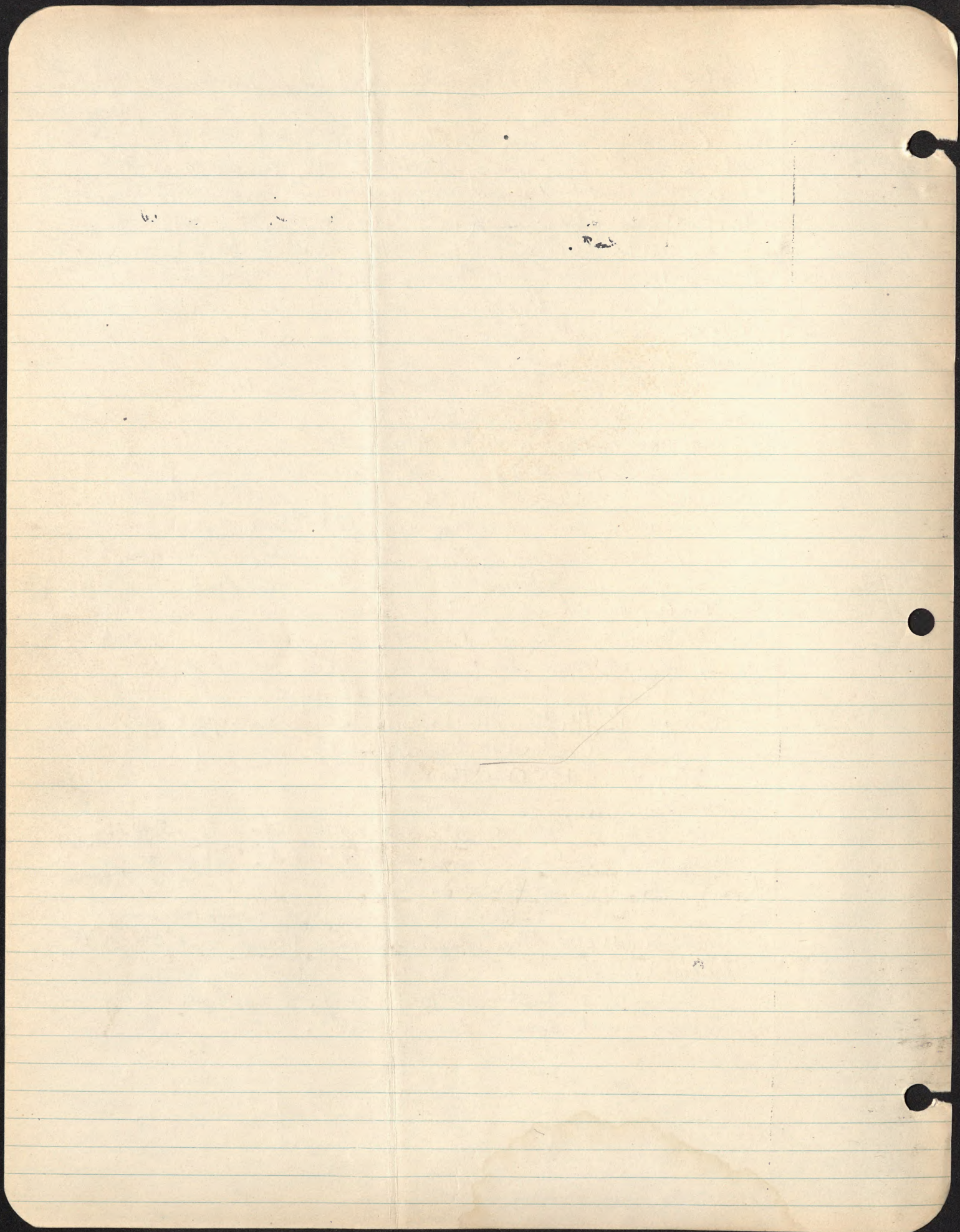
Figure in 1940 Hayterdon to Cloncurry of Pats. Well was choked with dead rats. Pledge for 12 months.

West of Pentland climb low rocky hills to divide. Trees very small & dense - Lancewood. Open to Iron Bark & Bloodwood.

Warrigal - Take on second engine to cross range.

at Oodiada the line passes from grass country back to scattered forest.

Fed. King within of Bous. King, 1/2 hardware at Denton. Bous. Lancewood & Sidgea peculiar odor.



Sun
Oct 10.

6 a.m.

Tuba Creek, - wide open Mitchell grass country with an occasional small tree. Burnt to dry grass color. No creek.

8 e.m. Scattered banks - particularly along creeks. {Eras
8.30 Creek. Incessant trees bushes. {Shrub

8.35 Undina - Scattered Mitchell grass + Sedges, Dead flat.

8.45 Red gravelly soil near stony banks locally, + Mitchell grass on the rise. - Spinifer??
Special Receptor. A peculiar grass in large hummocks

9.00 Pymona for station. Set by cloudy.

Hills to south - outposts of Cloncurry system
10.00 Small gums along Cloncurry River - low hills of limestone about.

Between Dolmick + Marimo a few small rock outcrops - Scattered "spinifer" clumps.

Yoomoo among rock hills - promising!

2 1/2 mi - Indef "spinifer"

Malbon N.G. - all flats

Flat anticline of white shales (? dolomite?) at 520'

Scattered flat topped hills show dissected porphyry.

14 1/2 miles at 535.

Cloncurry - again plenty of "spinifer"

Rocky outcrops (S.S.?) 547

Wheless - Hotel - Rocky hills - Spinifer.

2 1/2 mi Dry creek - temporary increase in vegetation: gums + trees. High Creek area promising.

Train arrived 1 hr. late. Difficultly to get into hotel. Very crowded - Sports teams. To my astonishment a sand storm which speedily changed to rain came over the town at

6.30 ^{Wheless} The big mine very impressive - Iron, Mn, + Kauttschmitt. - Chuffy lead, zinc, + some copper.

13a Hotel, manageress Mrs O'Grady.

Spent evening with Mr + Mrs Kauttschmitt. To see Mr. Bean, school teacher in children's society grounds. Then for walk to Rifle Creek to Watts for day or so.

Harry Ormsley
Police Station
Birdsville

Mr. J. H. Bates

1921

11/20

Mon
Oct 11.

A cool a.m. (66°) & dense mist like fog which was actually suspended dust.

Visited the children's school (principal, Mr. Brown) to learn whether kids had seen any mammals. Several stood forward. They were to try hunting this p.m., & I am to pay 6¢ for each specimen tomorrow morning. One boy said he had seen traces of spiny anteater.

Then up to the mine, where Mr. — took me out to see some small natural caverns. One, 20 ft deep, had plenty of droppings of rock wallaby & a few of wallaroo. No bats. Other holes too small. After lunch back to the mine to search in no. 1 (200 ft) level for possible skeletons of rats which crowded into the tunnel during the 1940 rat plague. None found, but picked four sections off the ceiling of the 85 ft level.

Discrepancy in the stories of the rat plague: — some they migrated, others random movement. None supporting migration disagree & on the question of direction.

Met Mr. J. H. Bates, who has just returned from Birdsall, S.W.Q. & says a rat plague is actually in progress there. Am writing to Police Officer Harry Ormsby, Police Stn, there to try to obtain specimens.

Evening. To dinner with Mr. & Mrs. Kruttschnitt.

Mr. Bates also recalled what would seem to be *Antechinus* when he was a boy out at Poesten, 90 mi. S. of Dajana. It was in the loose bank at the foot of a fence post towards

All preparations made for me to go up to the dam at Pupa Creek, G. D. Walter. A car will pick me up at 10.15 a.m.

Spiny fox seen & felt for first time today.

Dined with Mr. & Mrs. Kruttschnitt.

Mud swallows' nests under lip of dam, but no swallows.
Many ibis, cormorant, black duck, jabiru stork. Small flocks in
muddy places.

Rocks: ^{land} conglomerate quartzite (?), ^{shales of gravel} ^{water holding} mudstone, black shale (stony
on edge in stream bottom).

Various gum trees etc in bottom of Rifle Creek. The springer going
to seed.

Tues
Oct 12.

Left for Rifle Creek at 11 a.m.; and 11.50. Mr. Watts very cordial. Went out on dammed up lake in small power boat for $\frac{1}{2}$ hour after lunch.

The creek normally dries up before the dam was built. There is a catchment area of 16 sq. miles, & the water caught lasts over several dry seasons. Last year the dam did not overflow. It has overflowed to a depth of 4 feet.

Going up the lake, which winds among steep rocky hills, we saw 2 gray, white spotted wallabies. Watts says that a hunter recently shot one 80 animals of which 3 were gray kangaroos, the rest wallabies. No red wallabies here. Some quite dark - blackish.

Have found 3 or 4 wallaroo skulls up gully opposite house, in which is a tiny perpetual spring.

Trapping: - 25 mixed traps up said gully among rocks & spinifex grass. (No catch); also 25 above the dam, partly high up at the foot of the cliffs, partly along the highwater mark of the lake (built 1922) (One mouse). A few traps in house (1 mouse).

Evening: with flashlight saw 4 sick wallabies at water. shot one - found another in my steel trap. Dr. Watts trapped yet another using lettuce & bread for bait. $\frac{1}{2}$ mouse.

At dusk saw one bat. missed it.

Wed.
Oct 13.

Ran traps. Went on to two small caves seen in side of hill edging lake $\frac{1}{4}$ mile above dam.

First Cave: - Mummified remains of 2 wallabies, 1 "joy" wallaroo, 1 kid. Second cave: - Skin of rock python; two large gray Taphozous, both collected.

The mice resembled above a pale gray mouse, larger than house mice, with the bases of the tails fattened - thick-skinned. Perhaps a water storage mechanism. The tails draw out easily & the vertebrae + muscles stand out much thickening. They remind me of Lacomy's.

Retired from cave across top of hills on "horse tracks", five miles. Skinning mice, bats, wallabies. Must take courses tomorrow.

"Kangaroo rats" said by Watts to occur out on the spinifex flats. "Reticulated" at Quambi.

Rev. J. C. Bradford
P. O. Box 37
Mt. Isa. N. Q.

Send off of "Preparation of small amounts"

Colin Watts
Rifle Creek Dam

H. P. Veress.
Winton

Thurs.
Oct. 14.

Picked up traps: another rock wren which I killed + skinned; still another which I released. They get into traps very easily. Also trapped: - another Laomys (?), a Smithsonia, fat-tailed, with 6 pink young; and a house mouse.

Finished packing about 3.30. Mr. Watts drove me down to the station by 4.30.

There I got a truck: - found a 10" sleeper attached to the "motor", so had good night sleep.

Fri.
Oct. 16.

Day back $\frac{1}{2}$ hour before we reached Tulin Creek.

Mitchell Grass country. Dead flat.

Breakfast at Nelia - still flat Mitchell grass country - heavily overgrazed in places.

That man who said there is a species of possum at Spring Creek - some 15 miles N.W. of Mt Isa.

Nonda ^(360 mi) has some trees + low shrubby bushes, compared with the almost bare country about Nelia (368 mi). It is also higher: 520 ft, compared with 465 ft at Nelia.

Maxwellton is all grass over now.

Talmeir. Trees, grass, a gushing bore - cattle.

Genoa: - Guns + tents!

Richmond: Small town on Flinders R. Boiling water bore. Grass pasture. Country e. of Richmond becoming a bit more rolling. Train has tracks to go up hill.

3.30 pm. Still Mitchell grass. Two trucks. Trud ridge - to NE. (~~partially the line of Flinders R.~~)

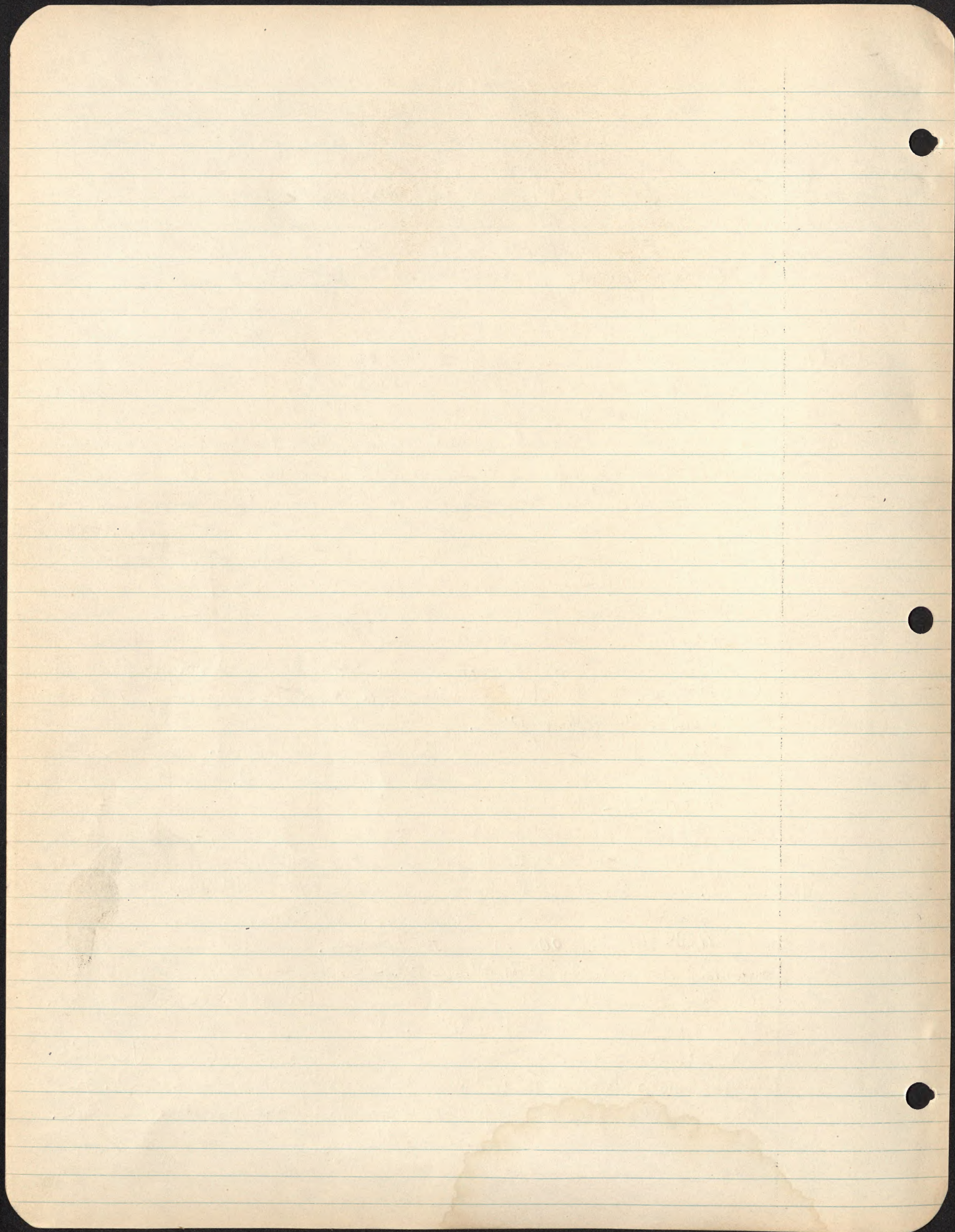
Moselle - Mitchell grass - much grazed. The big ridge is across the Flinders ^{and} 20 miles away. It

stretches from N by E to NE ±.

(278 mi) ^{5.20 pm} from E end of ridge about due N. Still in grass. This ridge said to be basalt + very rough. It carries forest

and later (8.00 pm) at Heydon. In bright moonlight walked down to the Flinders R. - 200 yards wide + a dry bed of sand with temporary water road crossing it. A bridge under construction.

Visited G.O. + Police Sta. to try to trace Gabriel Newbauer Scott (who collected mammals here). Found Mr. Scott's former prospecting partner - Mr. Mottershead.



He said the Scotts lived until last April for Tomsville where they lived in one of the "Country Women's" huts till July. That Mrs. S. took a job out at Selwyn (carpenter + well-drillers), while she with the children went to Brisbane. He was sure her address could be had either at the Y.P.O. or the museum.

The Police Sgt told me that the place where the fossils "near Huxford" were taken out was Stamford, on the Winton line. Stamford is 38 miles from Huxford.

Sat

Oct 16.

Train for Winton left at 6.30 (1/4 hour late).
 Towards flat - bare. A forested plateau (basalt?) a few miles east. Much dust haze in air.
 Not. Alla, sheep station - not too heavily grazed.

W.S. County becomes completely treeless. Mitchell pass. Beyond Werrimna the Mitchell Grass downs are much overgrazed.

Stamford suffering extreme drought. Apparently no one ever heard of discovery of fossils here!

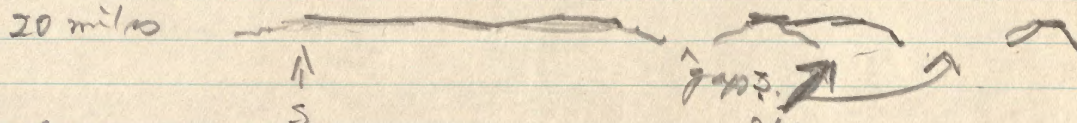
Chinbi - slight improvement in grass. Rocks basaltic? or schistosity? - good sized blocks, some with conchoidal fracture. Dead animals and hilt bones!

Whitewood - heavily grazed & no trees.

Tarvans, sheep station. Mitchell pass not too bad. Sibera

Corfield (lunch place). ^{about} completely about. Dust. Prominent mirages to N. Mimosa tree & round stemmed tree photos. A prod-cored "willy-willy" (dust storm) west of Olio photos. Olio more less grazed out.

A drigo, reddish tree, a mile NE of Lara (downward) Pruebi. Distinct hills (Table top?) about about



Winton - bare & barren. Tablelands composed of ^{about} dissected fragments.

The hills are low & pale sandy brown - possibly a clay. The first bus due left at 7.35 miles. over

Station master at Lewton has specimens of silicified wood,
which he thinks came from Maryland Station.

The railroad passed through the east end of the 2 gaps. There is some low open forest of pines, others are nearly bare. Top of gap at ± 358 .

Another is sedimentary - this begins (1 mile) and is directly east of Rayland's Station (360 mi).

Looks like rock wallaby country. (Winton only 8 miles ahead. Tallish reappears (continues?) 10 mi to S.W. Also (across watershed) a fault discernible recent separated area to S.E. This must be towards Mt Alice + Mt Leichardt.

Arrived Winton 3:30 just in time for the engineers + conductor to show the "Melbourne Cup" on the radio.

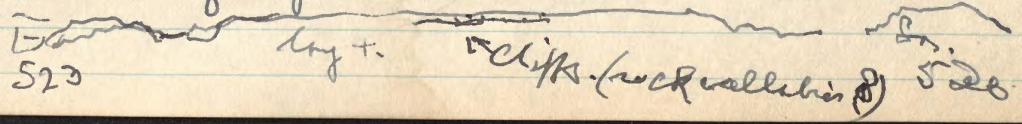
After a bath went to present letter of introduction, given me by Mr. Watts, to Mr. Veress. He in turn gave me the addresses of people who might know about local mammals, and afterwards presented one at the Winton Club, which I shall go tomorrow seeking still more information. Veress's list of mammals (reputed):

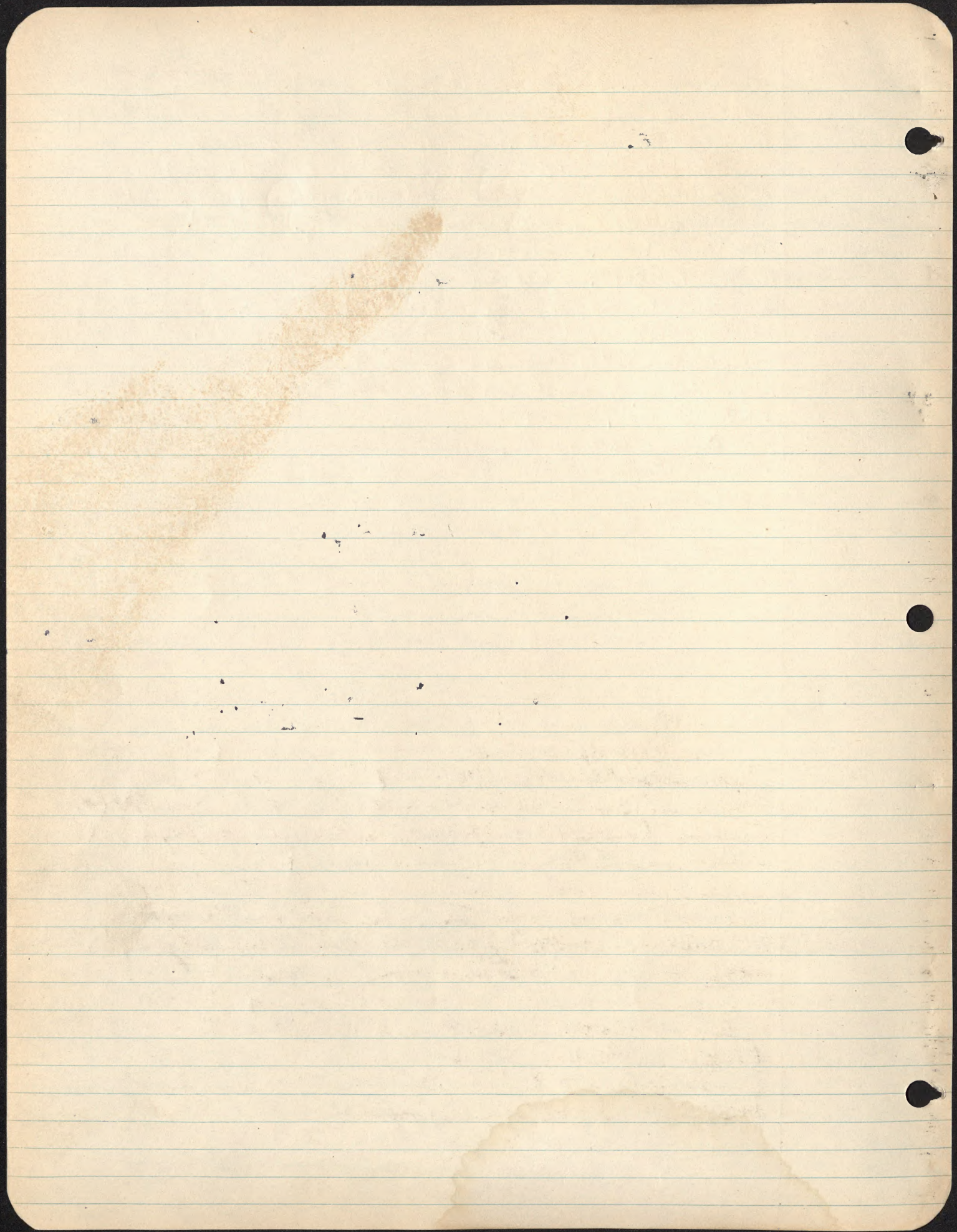
- Kangaroos (various)
 - Wallaroes, + rock wallabies in hill country (Rayland)
 - Dunjos
 - Kangaroo mice
 - Marsupial mice
 - Forcupis
 - Bardicots (which?)
- { Water rats in a water hole in a creek 30 mi west.

Deerhills 3 years drought + the last around Winton being denuded of all fodder, mosquitoes a flying about me in the hotel as I write.

Sun. Oct. 17. Arrived sleepers to get me to Gairdner the morning of the 20th. Saw 4 boobys. These quaint birds come right into town after food + water. To the club to write letters.

Mon. Oct. 18. Left at 8 a.m. Due E, being Rayland to N. + passing between them + the "distant tableland" alluded to on Saturday. Also then tables appear to be remains of dissected plain. Small hill level at 530 miles; eastern tip of long tableland level at 523





There is much more of the tableland to the west to S 7 S E. - 20-25 miles away. To extreme eastern tip level with 505 miles; 10-15 miles to SE.

448 mi. Another block of tableland to SSE - 25 mi. Mitchell grass still grazed down almost to zero.

E. of Chorreron the land not quite so heavily grazed but no water. Small coolibah trees along dry creek beds. An occasional windmill (489 mi).

Mordella (lunch: the cup of tea & the meat pie a sandwich): all grass virtually gone: 3 carloads of sheep attached to this train.

"Main Roads" doing good work on this Winton-Loppreck highway = culverts bridges etc. Inhabitants say they work much too slowly.

457 miles. Increase in the number of trees (Payno Sta.) Laticytic nodules. 454 1/2. Many trees (all small) been cut for fence posts.

450 More Mitchell grass fodder. Drier than again. But plenty a short way N. Descending.

Large water hole at 447. Country more gullied from N-S. Darr. Plenty of small wood & the aforesaid permanent water, but feed all used up.

E of Pay - low, sandy. Some few shrubby trees. 442 1/2 low crest of red soft ss. crossed. Complete change from grass country of Winton, etc. Low ss ridge to N-S. 50-100 ft. (5 miles away).

Just before reaching Loppreck crossed two water-filled channels of the Thompson River, NOT flowing but way returns in water holes (these name Long Reach). Fringed by big (6 ft wide) tufts of a grass-stemmed shrub resembling our Kerria, but leafless. These could well harbor small mammals. The entire valley of the Thompson, very flat except for channels is a couple of miles wide. It looks as though in flood times it filled up completely.

Loppreck much more picturesque than the Winton. Part of flowing shrub. A big water tower filled from the river.

Country goes back to eaten-up condition - ditch are grass all way to S arc of line.

Constable W. Reilly (Robin Str.)
Clermont

met Constable J.J. Phelan
on train
Central Queensland Naturalist Club

Wombats

Tu. Oct
19.

From Barcelona to Terich, I was tired (6 pm).
The land is called the "desert country" - mostly
bare & sandy. There are few ferns at least the trees
are much less in this district & often thick - broad -
15" to 2 ft. It remained mostly forest on sandy
soil but there were a few open patches.

Got no view of the western slopes of the ranges -
Terich, Alpha etc.

About 1-2 a.m. passed thick forests & cuts in
fairly level white sand valley rocks of the high
divide - Drummond, Acheron, Gape etc.

at dawn in rough country with large forest.
& shortly afterwards large cliffed hills to S. near
Bluff (106 mi). Country thereafter rolling,
forested. A few bits of erosion.

49-50 mi Lots of big prickly pear bushes in bloom -
isolated not masses. Great thick masses of eucalypt
dipping steeply. Terrain very broken, deeply pitted.

4 bottle trees, scrub trees.

40 mi Bogango - Open flats. More hills ahead.

Saw no sign of rain forest.

Conversation
with

Fossiliferous belt ~~50-80 mi~~ ^{70-80 mi} N of Cleburn - 2 mi x
50. Bear 50 mi. E of Cleburn.

Arrived Rockhampton 11.40. Was lucky enough to
get a bath this time on the 12.15 for Brisbane. Saw
to transfer of luggage.

George Simmons at station asked me to buy
some books for him.

"The Punch of the Mind" J.B. Phelan

"Seven Gothic Tales" Isaac Dinesen

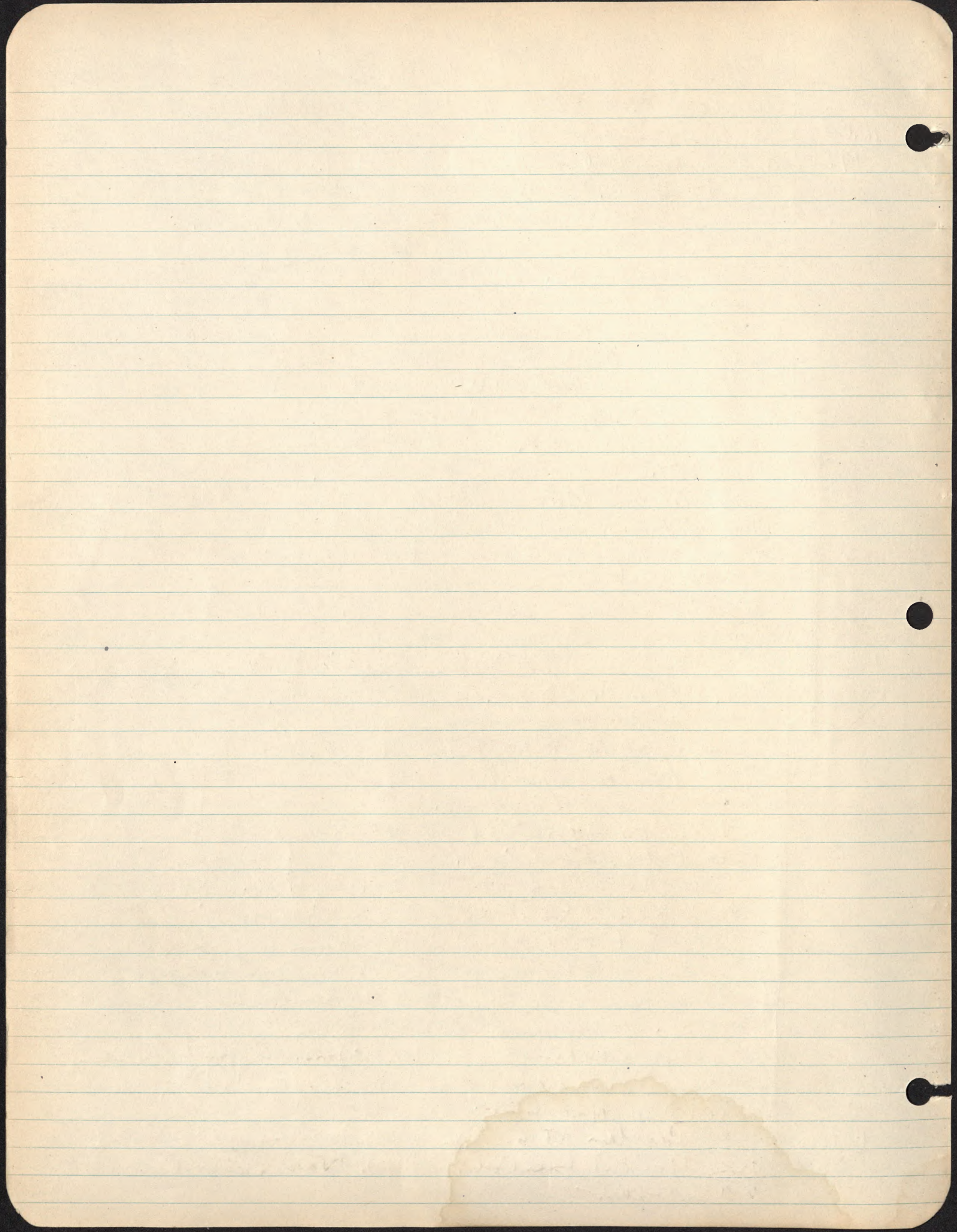
met Constable J.D. Gahan (opp. page) who
has friends at Cleburn interested in Nat. Hist.

Simmons said a Central Queensland Nat Soc. book
for £. Lock (tea) at Gladstone.

Left Rockhampton at 12.15 pm. A young policeman
gave me address (opp. page) of his friend Reilly, who is
interested in Nat Hist.

Portman at 6. a.m. at home copied names
from their catalogue (see next page). Notes continued
thereafter:-

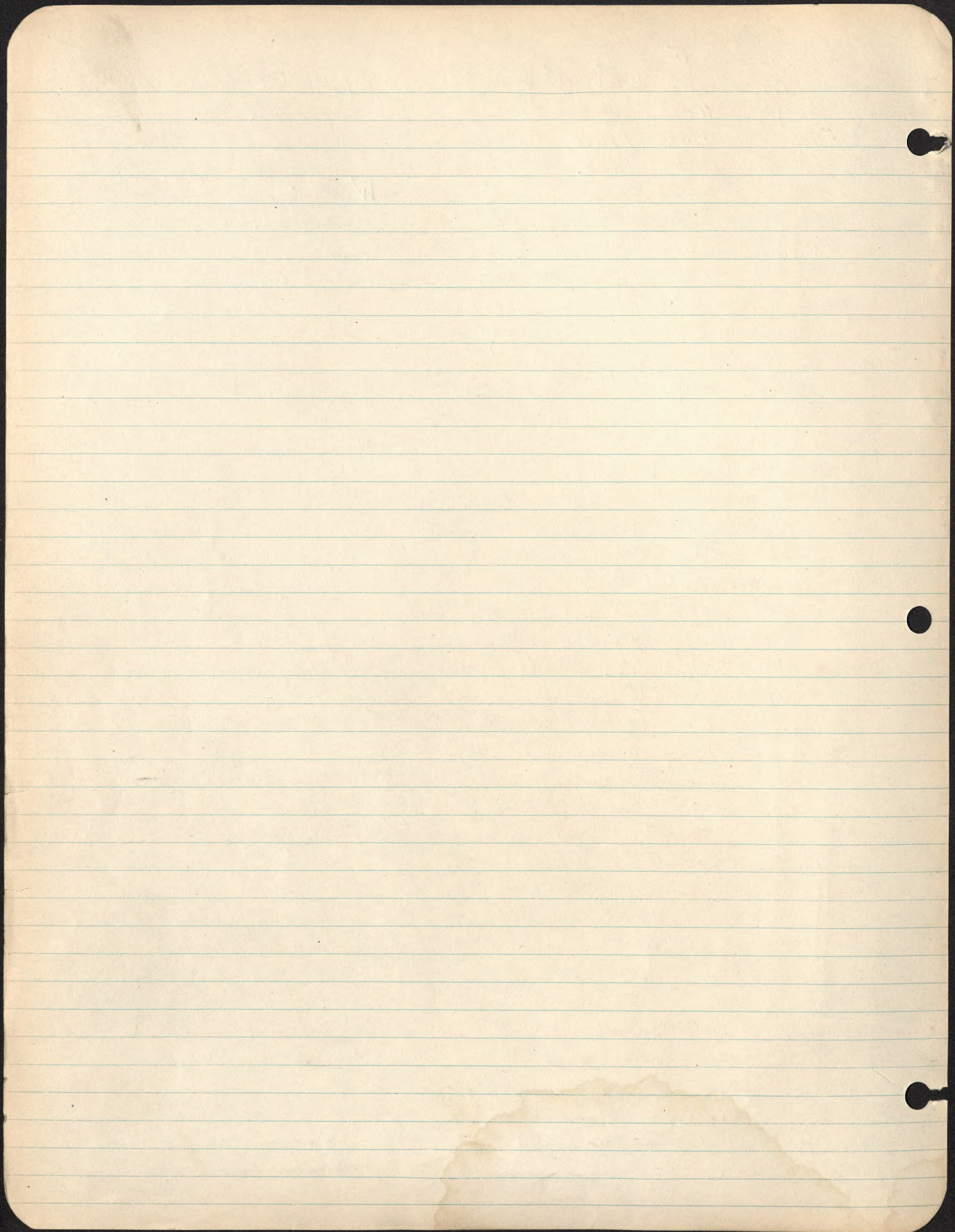
Wood
20



J

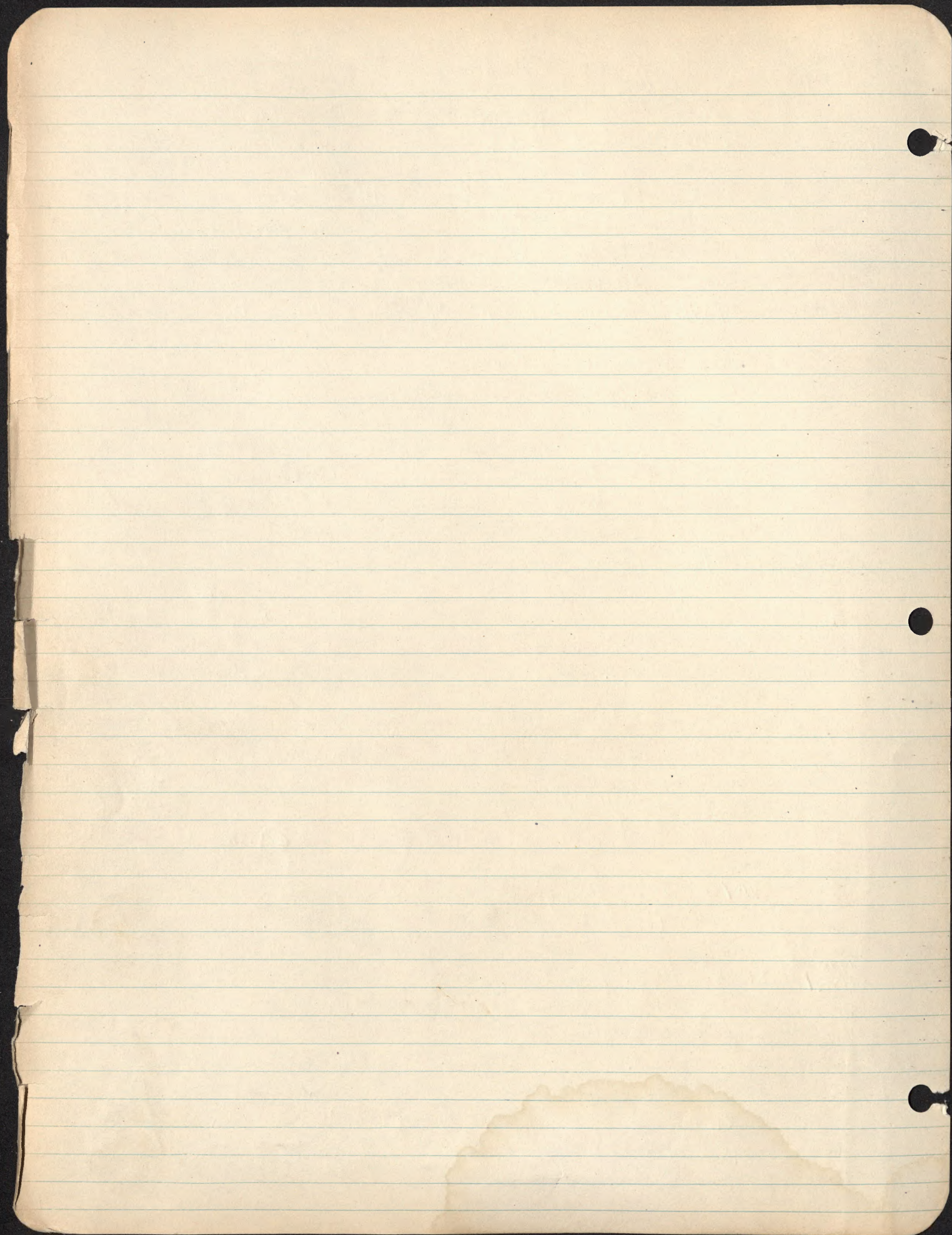
Extracts from Mammal-Reptile Cat. Queensland Mus.

Date	No.	Species	Location
1911, July 5	11-14	<i>Echidna aculeata</i>	Woodford, Q., 50 mi n. Prustan
Sep 2	11-19	<i>Phasc. cinereus</i>	"
21	11-20	<i>Tach. aculeata</i>	"
21	11-26	<i>Acrobatis pygmaea</i>	Woodlai, 100 mi NW of Prustan
Nov. 29	36	<i>Phascel. cinereus</i>	Blackall Ra.
Dec. 29	41	<i>Pseudoch. pergrinus</i>	Torowanta
1912, Jan 23	85	<i>Ps.</i>	Terror's Ck, n. of Dayboro, nw of SE. Q. Prustan
"	86	<i>Phasc. pericellalis</i>	"
"	87	<i>P. volans</i>	"
27	90	<i>Peromyscus lagotis</i>	Swart, SE of Roma Belconn R
Apr. 25	104	<i>Dendrocyon obscura</i>	Terror's Ck.
27	105	<i>Peromyscus ramsayi</i>	Prustan
May 9	120	<i>Trich. vulpina</i>	Woodford
June 11	144/5	<i>Hypsigymna rossettii</i>	Yungaburra
"	146/7	<i>Dendrocyon lamberti</i>	Carns Dist.
Aug 31	307	<i>Dendrocyon bennettianus</i>	Dainton R. <u>Type</u>
Sep. 13	337/8	<i>Pseudoch. feruliferus</i>	Yungaburra
14	339/41	" <i>leucoides</i>	Yungaburra
14	342/3	" <i>arctus</i>	Yungaburra
17	344	<i>Trich. v. johnstoni</i>	Yungaburra
17	345/6	<i>Ps. leucoides</i>	Yungaburra
17	347	<i>T. v. johnstoni</i>	Yungaburra
Oct 3	357	<i>Tachyura</i>	Warrick
17	377	<i>Acrypygma</i>	Woodford
22	384	<i>Peromyscus ramsayi</i>	Noosa Heads, N. Coast
29	385/7	<i>Smith. muris</i> (?)	Roma
29	388	<i>Dactylopsila t.</i>	Hatton R
Nov. 22	568/90	<i>Acrobatis frontalis</i>	Herbert Range
26	571	<i>Phascos. macdonnellii</i>	Edice Spigs (Spencer Coll)
26	572	<i>Smith. larapinta</i>	Charlotte Waters (" ")
26	573	<i>crustaceus</i>	" "
26	574	<i>Notoryctes</i>	"
26	578	<i>Phasc. munitissimus</i>	Q. ? (69y upch)
1913, Jan 9	671	<i>Phascel. gillespiei</i>	Doonie R., St Serge, Q
Feb. 1	755	<i>Ps. arctus</i>	Herbert R. Dist.
1	756	" <i>feruliferus</i>	"
1	757	" <i>pergrinus</i>	"
7	774/5	<i>D. lamberti</i>	"
8	778	<i>Trich. vulpina</i>	Blacks, Q
9	799	<i>Perom. ramsayi</i>	Woodford, Q

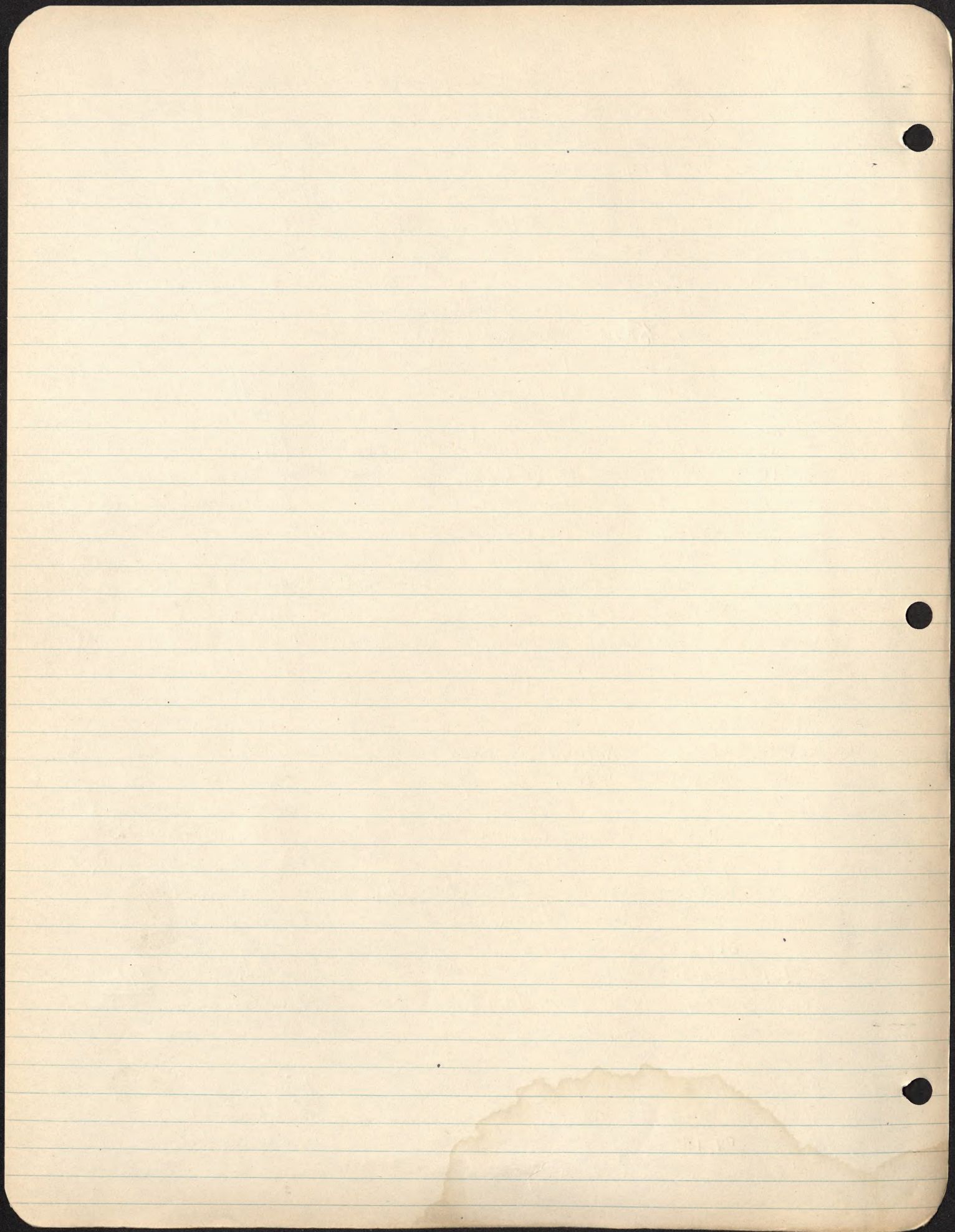


1913

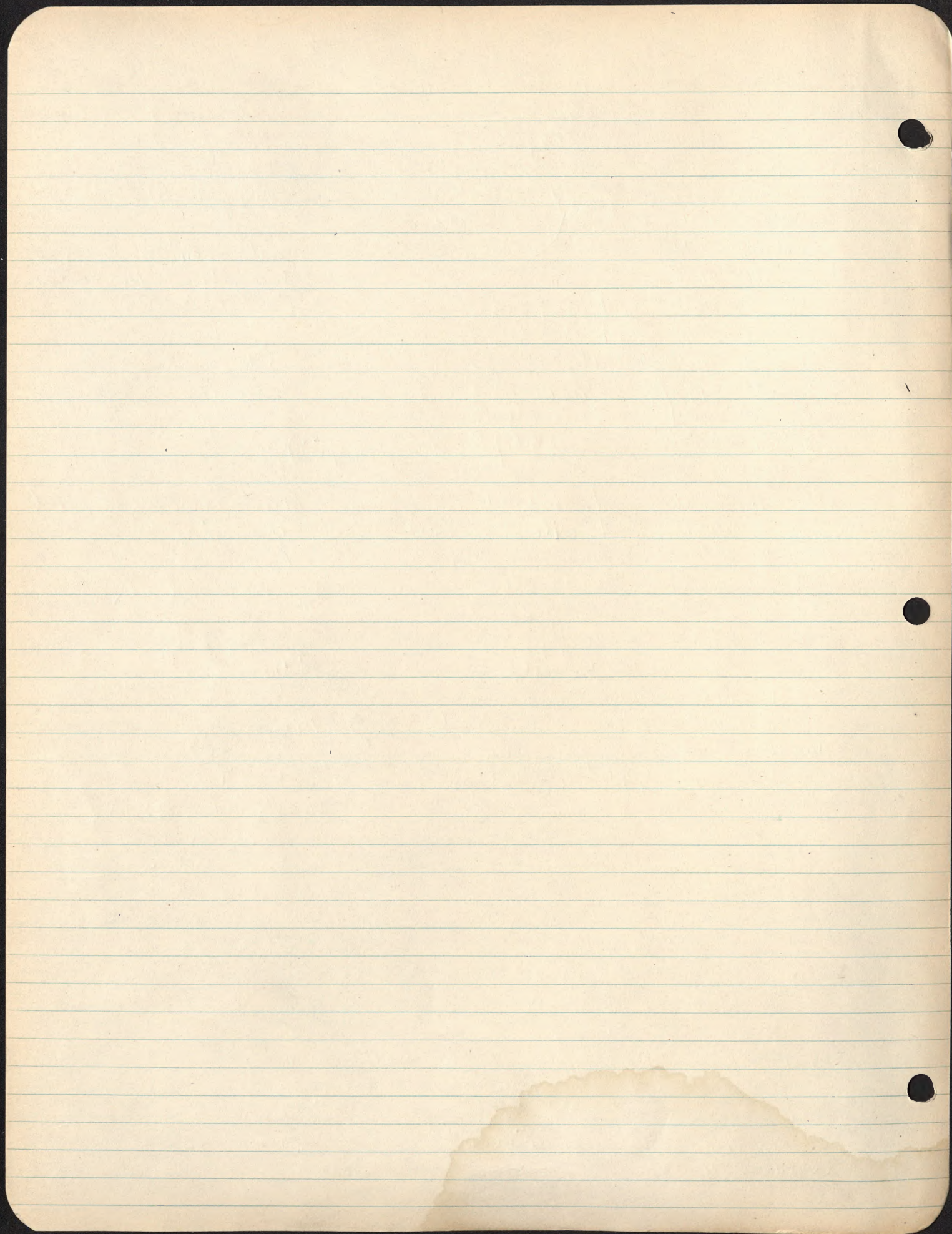
Jan. 4	881	Zaen. parryi	Southbrook, Q
Aug 5	1217	Trit. vulpec.	Bundaberg, Q
Sep 18	1253	Acrobatis pyg.	Cannon Hill, Morningside, Q
Oct. 23	1302	Petaurus sciuinus	Ponstone dist.
Jan ¹⁹¹⁴ 8	1433	Phase. flavipes	Noosa Heads, Q
16	1480	Pteropus polioceph.	Toowoomba
	1492	Hydromys	Bundaberg
Mar 23	1737/8	Neelmys barfieldi	Dunk Is.
23	1742	Ph. murina	Black Sea Lk, Rockhampton.
24	1745	Conilurus pedunculatus	Alice Springs
24	1758	Nyctinomus australis	Sowie Creek, Cardwell
"	1759	Chalinobius fouldii	" " "
"	1760	"	Chinchilla
"	1762	Nyctophilus timoni	Colourba, Q.
"	1763	"	Chinchilla
25	1770	Platypus	Trachay
May 6	1839	Phase. cinerea	near Ponstone
June 2	1858	Hydromys	Samford, 20 mi n of Ponstone
3	1860	Tactylorinus	Cosperos, submt. Ponstone
15	1876	Dasyurus maculatus	near Ponstone
18	1890	Hypsa bicolor	Dunk Isl.
18	1891-3	Vesperugo parvulus	"
July 15	1941	G. aratus	Innerville, N. C. Line
	1942/3	Sm. crassus	Murweh Sta., W. Q
17	1944	Aepyprymus	Oxley, Ponstone
20	1945	Phase. flaviventris	Windy Point, North Bay
20	1947/8	" nudi cheniatus	Sowie Creek, Cardwell
20	1949/53	" furcosus	" "
Oct 1	2064	Zm. parryi	Wynnum
21	2022	Acrobatis p.	Murgon.
21	2027	"	Woodford, N. C. Line
1915 Jan 21	2096	Nyct. plicatus	Ponstone
Apr 1	2275	Pet. sciuinus	Tiaro
May 26	2322	Miniopterus sch.	Ponstone
June 10	2379-82	Nyct. plicatus	Bundaberg:
	2382	Miniopterus schreineri	"
21	2389/90	platypus	Eidsvold, Q (Parramatta)
22	2396	Zm. parryi	Eske
28	2399	Aepyprymus	Bundaberg.



1915 June 29	2402-3	<i>Pet volans</i> .	Bundaberg
	2404	<i>Scotermis inflata</i>	
Sep. 13	2526	<i>Helomyz</i>	Cape York
	2527	"	Rockhampton
	2528-33		Herbert Vale, nr. Cardwell
Sept. 21	2521	<i>Phascolurus</i>	Mundubbera
Oct. 21	2562	<i>Trusmiomyz hindsii</i>	Darwin
Nov. 23	2634	<i>Mac. fuscus</i>	Livonia, Taroom
"	2635	" <i>dorsalis</i>	" "
"	2636a	" <i>calabatus</i>	" "
"	2636	<i>Phascolurus</i>	" "
Dec. 15	2641	<i>Nyctophila</i>	Woodford
1916 Feb. 22	2699	<i>Hydomyz</i>	Mt Tambourine
"	2700	<i>Sm. crassus</i>	Murweh, S.W. Q.
Feb. 14	2704/5	<i>P. volans</i>	Blantown Mts
Mar 24	2734	<i>Schistophila</i>	Currumbin, Q
Apr 14	2739	<i>Artectomyz</i>	?
"	2740	<i>Ph. penicillatus</i>	Poistone dist,
Apr 20	2743-4	<i>Pet. volans</i>	Woodford Q
July 7	2783	<i>Das. maculatus</i>	Miva, N. C. Line
" 12	2784	<i>P. macrura</i>	Woodford, N. C. Line
Aug 5	2789	<i>Helomyz</i>	Mt Tambourine
Aug. 22	2794	<i>Phas. flavipes</i>	Dray Peaks, nr. Gladstone
Sept. 21	2816	<i>Drocha. macrura</i>	Tambourine
Dec. 20	2884	<i>Nyctophila gouldi</i>	Woolwin.
" 22	2835	<i>Phas. flavipes</i>	Eumundi
1917 Feb. 27	2865	<i>P. volans</i>	Yandina
Mar 6	2873	<i>Ph. penicill</i>	Nara, Toowoomba
June 8	2928/9	<i>Pet. scuireus</i>	Sunnybank, S. Q
July 24	2962	<i>Pseudomyz nouvellei</i>	Pittsworth, D. Dist
" 30	2968	<i>Smith cross</i>	Candamie Plains, Prokesstus
Oct 1	3045	<i>Aerobata</i>	Woodford
Oct. 31	3052	<i>Halmaturus fardinii</i>	Cape York
Nov. 13	3069	<i>Notomyz mitchelli</i>	Mulgeldie Sta, via Eidsvold
	3070	<i>Hydomyz</i>	"
	3071	<i>aratorius</i>	"
Nov. 26	3082-3	<i>Sacc. flaviventris</i>	Eidsvold
" 27	3096	<i>Phas. ornithosoma</i>	Pittsworth Dist.
Dec. 3	3097	<i>Ps. perpin</i>	Bauple, via Drayboro
Jan 8	3109/10	<i>Smith virginiae</i>	Hampton, near Mackay

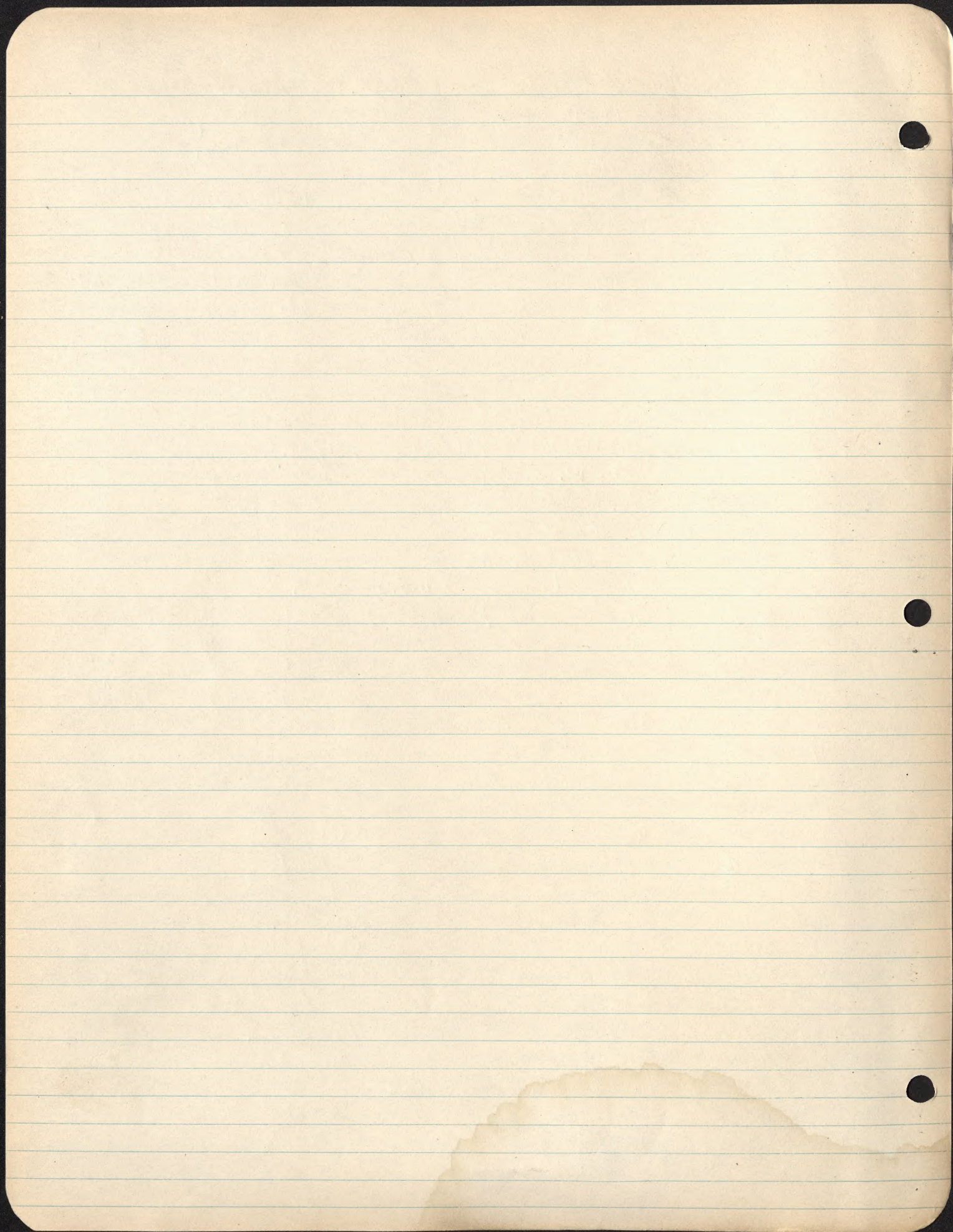


Feb. 2	3130	<i>Nyctophilus tenuis</i>	Busburn
Mar. 15	3145	<i>Melomys</i>	Darwin (Clame Is)
19	3146	<i>Tachyglomus</i>	Erossera (Brookly)
Apr. 20	3156	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Burdahy Dist
22	3158	<i>Acrobata</i>	Mungallalle via Roma
May 27	3168	<i>P. pennicillatus</i>	Toowong
June 4	3174	<i>Acrobata</i>	Milmanai, Darl. Downs
14	3176	"	Warwick ^{170 mi W TB.}
26	3179	<i>I. macrurus</i>	Corkatin
	3180	<i>I. obscura</i>	Busburn
July 23	3184	<i>Hydromys</i>	Clermont
Sep 6	3195/6	<i>Mos. ruficollis</i>	Stanthope Q
Oct 17	3209	<i>Tachyglomus</i>	Silvan spur, ^{150 mi E of} B.
Dec. 31	3237	<i>Sminthopsis leucopus</i> (spirit)	Corkatin
1919			
Jan. 9.	3241	<i>I. macrurus</i>	Armitg Pt. Stradbrooke!
Feb. 1.	3251	<i>M. wilcoxi</i> (skull)	Tambourine
Feb 10	3261	<i>Ph. minutissimus</i>	Tambourine
Feb. 28	3270	<i>Acrobata</i>	Barranb. ^{90 mi S. Rockh. Darwin Valley}
Mar 31	3273	<i>Ph. flavipes</i>	Canungue, S. Tambourine Plateau
Apr 30	3283	<i>Tachygl.</i>	near Toowong
✓ Sep. 5	3331	<i>Tach. vulp</i>	Kingaroy ^{60 mi N. B. Line}
Oct 31	3342	<i>Acrobata</i>	Landsbro, N. C. Line
Nov. 20	3345	<i>Ph. minutissimus</i> (47 ying)	Mendoolan
Dec. 16	3358	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	Toowong
22	3359	<i>Pt. scapuletus</i>	Dalbyville
1920		<i>P. volans</i>	Thulimbah, S. S. Line
May 31	3386	<i>Phascodonta</i> (skull)	Britie Isl., M. Bay
July 15	3404	<i>Nyctomys tryoni</i>	Canungue, S. Q. <u>type</u>
Oct 14	3436	<i>Sm. cross.</i>	Barah, N.S.W.
July 22	3511	<i>Lepidosteus c. richardti</i>	Torrans Creek (Mount Hills),
Sep. 23	3533	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	↳ 180 m. W of Tomsville
	3534	<i>M. fijanatus</i>	"
	3535	" <i>robustus</i>	"
	3536/7	" <i>rufus</i>	"
	3538	" <i>rufus</i>	"
Sep. 29	3544	<i>Das. fallicatus</i> (skull)	"
	3545	<i>T. vulp</i>	"
Oct 6	3548	<i>Aepyprymus</i>	Stanthope
	3549	<i>P. pennicillatus</i>	"
Oct 24	3554	<i>Leptotis</i>	Bulgroo Sta., Adelaide, W. Q

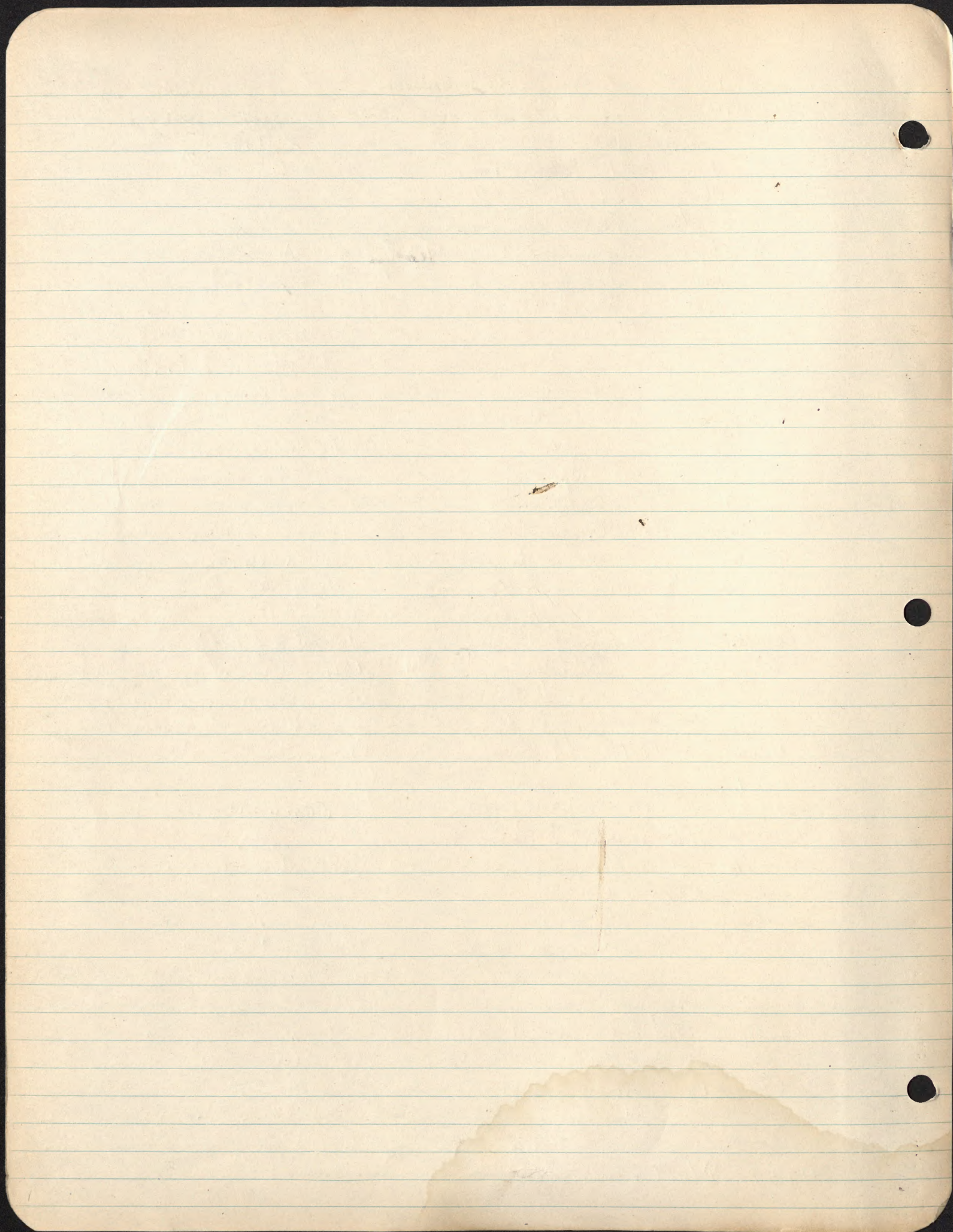


toward Cairns

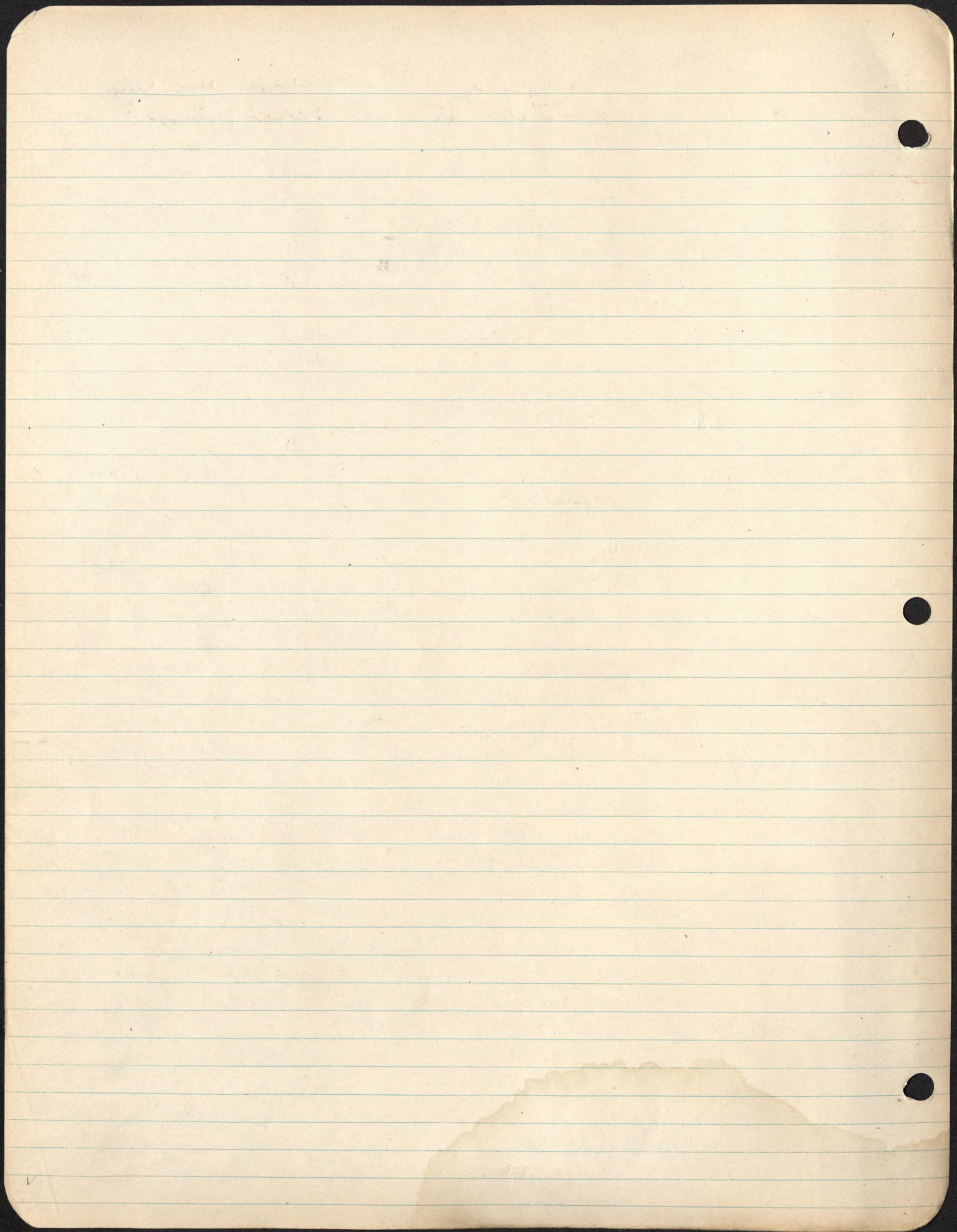
	Nov. 1	3556	<i>Acutata</i>	Logon Valley, S. Q.
1922	Jan. 19	3585	<i>M. styracis temporalis</i>	Rockhampton
	Mar 4	3596- 3600	<i>Petauridae v. lous</i>	Starbuck
✓		3601	<i>Trichonurus vulpulus</i>	"
	26	3611	<i>D. fallucatus</i>	Inkerman
	Apr. 10	3623	<i>Ps. pygmaea</i>	Paddlight, Brisbane
	Apr. 19	3625	<i>Mel. cervinipes claus</i>	Cedar Creek
		3627	<i>Hydromys</i>	Dunk 1.
		3628	<i>Plaschkeia (stull)</i>	Mt Glorious, 30 mi W. Q.
	May 18	3636	Plaschkeia <i>Pipenicillia</i>	Buderim Mt., S. Q.
	June 12	3650	<i>M. parryi</i>	Burnak, S. Q.
		3652	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Westwood, via Rockhampton
	June 29	3657/60	<i>Petr. vionata</i>	Katana
		3661/n	<i>Dendr. limboltra</i>	Evelyn
		3663/4	<i>Petr. v. minor</i>	6 mi S.W. of Ravenshoe
✓		3667/8	<i>T. johnstonei</i>	Evelyn
		3669/70	<i>P. leucosticta</i>	"
		3671	" <i>terbuteus</i>	"
		3672/3	<i>Ph. johnsoni (O.T.)</i>	"
		3675	<i>M. cervinipes claus (?)</i>	Babinda
	July 20	3688/9	<i>Sm. crassica.</i>	Westwood, via Rockhampton
		3691	<i>M. fjarvatus</i>	Wellton, Inc Inty R. ^{Murray R.} W. Q.
	Aug. 2	3685/6	<i>Petrogale</i>	Lockhart CK, Murudukha
		3697-3700	<i>M. ruficollis</i>	" "
	7	3701	" <i>walabatus</i>	" "
		3702/3	" <i>dorsalis</i>	" "
		3713	" <i>wilcoxi</i>	" "
		3715	<i>Acutata</i>	Clermont
		3716	<i>Ph. flavipes</i>	Tambourine
	Aug 9	3717	<i>Acutata</i>	Yarraman ^{30 mi NW} Brisbane Valley Line
	18	3720	<i>M. pygmaea</i>	(Boradiwindi, SW, St George 220 ^{W. Q.} _{mi S})
	28	3724	<i>Acutata</i>	Coongoola, Colosseum, N.C. Line
	Sept 6	3726	<i>Cerypygmaea</i>	Central Kerry, via Beaudesert
	Oct 4	3735	<i>Sm. crass.</i>	Toowoomba
	Oct 24	3737	<i>Acutata</i>	Home Creek
1923	Mar. 21	3784	<i>Hydromys logyranus</i>	Dinna CK
		3785-90	all Dinnal CK to forms	
		3798	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Rockhampton
	Apr. 14	3800	<i>M. parryi</i>	Westwood



Number	Species	Location
3813/5	<i>M. giganteus</i> (skull)	Old Cashmere, S.W. Q.
3816	<i>Ph. cinereus</i>	"
3822	<i>D. rowleyana</i>	Zillmere, ^{Suburb n. Brisbane} Q.
3824	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Roma
3826	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Woomie R., St. George's Dist
3832/3	<i>Ph. cinereus</i>	Bowen
3835/6	<i>R. coratus typicus</i>	Orman R.
3839-40	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Marrow, W. Q., n. Mitchell
3842/5	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	Darling Downs.
3850	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Boorah (no 3845)
3853	<i>D. fallucatus</i>	Buderim Pt., Q.
3855	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Marrowby R., Yandina
4004	<i>Tachyglonus</i>	Bellmore Stn., S. Q.
4006	<i>M. lupus</i>	Toovilla, n. Richk.
4007	<i>Tach.</i>	Julia Cr
4024	<i>Chal. gouldi</i>	Roma
4032	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Old Cashmere, Mitchell
4064	<i>M. erubescens</i>	Tamaree, n. Symple
4069	<i>S. flaviventris</i>	Hayden Dist
4072	<i>Petrophe jordanii</i>	Coran Coran, north Isl.
4074-6	<i>Ptilinopus yongii</i> parvulus	15 mi E of Mein
4082	<i>M. apilis</i>	Coran Coran, north Isl.
4091	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Eutananga, Cairns Dist.
4100	<i>Dictyopsila</i>	Salut Isl., north Bay
4101	"	Tolja
4102/3	<i>Petro. purpuracollis</i>	Yungabuna
4105/6	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	50 mi. n.w of Dajana
4109	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Purga, Q.
4110	<i>M. halobatus</i>	Steadbroke Is.
4113	<i>M. apilis</i>	"
4123	<i>P. breviceps</i>	"
4129	<i>Acrobates</i>	Tantmore Dist
4165	<i>M. giganteus</i>	Collingrove, 33 mi n. Townsville
4166/70	<i>M. robustus (variegatus)</i>	Silbert Range, n. Haydon
4196	<i>M. thetus</i> (skull)	"
4208/4212	<i>Polonyia rubra</i>	Burleigh Heads, S. Q.
4214	<i>Psent. australis</i>	Bonnie Bay
4215	" <i>patris</i>	Lake Salced, N. Q.
4237	<i>Myotis australis</i>	Wahrook, Belyard's Thompson River
		Kangaroo Pt., 136 mi



4238.	<i>Trinoptera schreibersi</i>	Kangaroo Pt, B'one
4239	<i>Smithopus "leucopus"</i>	Spur of McPherson R. (Parish of Withcher).
4270/1	<i>Platycleis</i>	"
4272	<i>Pet. seniculus</i>	Oakey, 10 mi SW of B.
4285	"	Legume, nr Killarney,
4290	<i>Trichoman canonicus</i>	Woolford, ^{NSW.} Q
4291/2	<i>Pet. lry. canaliculatus</i>	Wapora
4296/7	<i>P. volans</i>	W. Borrie, Kojary Dist
4298	<i>Mac ruficollis</i>	"
4299	" <i>willkneri</i>	Mt Stanley, Kojary Dist
4318	<i>Isodon macrum</i>	Eagle Jct, Pinalac
4323	<i>M. tictus</i>	Mt Stanley, Kojary Dist
4324	<i>M. dorsalis</i>	"
4328	<i>P. volans</i>	Kojary Dist
4333	<i>Tachyg.</i>	Ash Grove, Q (Parish NW)
4337	<i>Hydrogys</i>	Toowoomba
4336	<i>Acrotata</i>	Tamborine
4338	<i>Min. schreib.</i>	Stanthorpe
4339	<i>Dio. maculatus</i>	Tamborine
4345/7	<i>Acrotata</i> + 2 yg.	Cephalba, Cleveland Rd.
4355	<i>Smithopus</i>	Pritchell
4356	<i>Platycleis</i>	"
4621	<i>Myaduma</i>	Oleum Camp, Rockh.
4622	<i>T. vulpule</i>	"
4374	<i>Ph. minutissima</i>	Bigarden, Q, 150 mi ^{SW} D.
4389	<i>Acrotata</i>	"
4395	<i>M. ualobatus</i>	Stradbroke
4419	<i>Nyctoph. timorensis</i>	Kuranda
4411	Isodon <i>Isodon macrum</i>	Eroffera
4412	<i>Syconyctus</i>	Tombull
4418.	<i>Acrotata</i>	Eudlo, Q
4429	<i>M. confusus dissimulatus</i>	St George Dist, Q
4430	<i>Acrotata</i>	Canningra, Q (Vally 20-50 mi S. B.)
4447	<i>Petr. layman</i>	Paratya
4448	" <i>willkneri</i>	"
4450	<i>Nyctoph. tyoni</i>	Port Moller
4460	<i>Platycleis</i> ^{juv}	Ring Is, Pass Str.
4468/9	<i>Petr. albicollis</i>	Ambattalla, via Charleville
4471	<i>Min. schreib.</i>	Tombull
4472	<i>Chal. goldii</i>	Candwell
4473	<i>Scot. greyi</i>	Rockh.

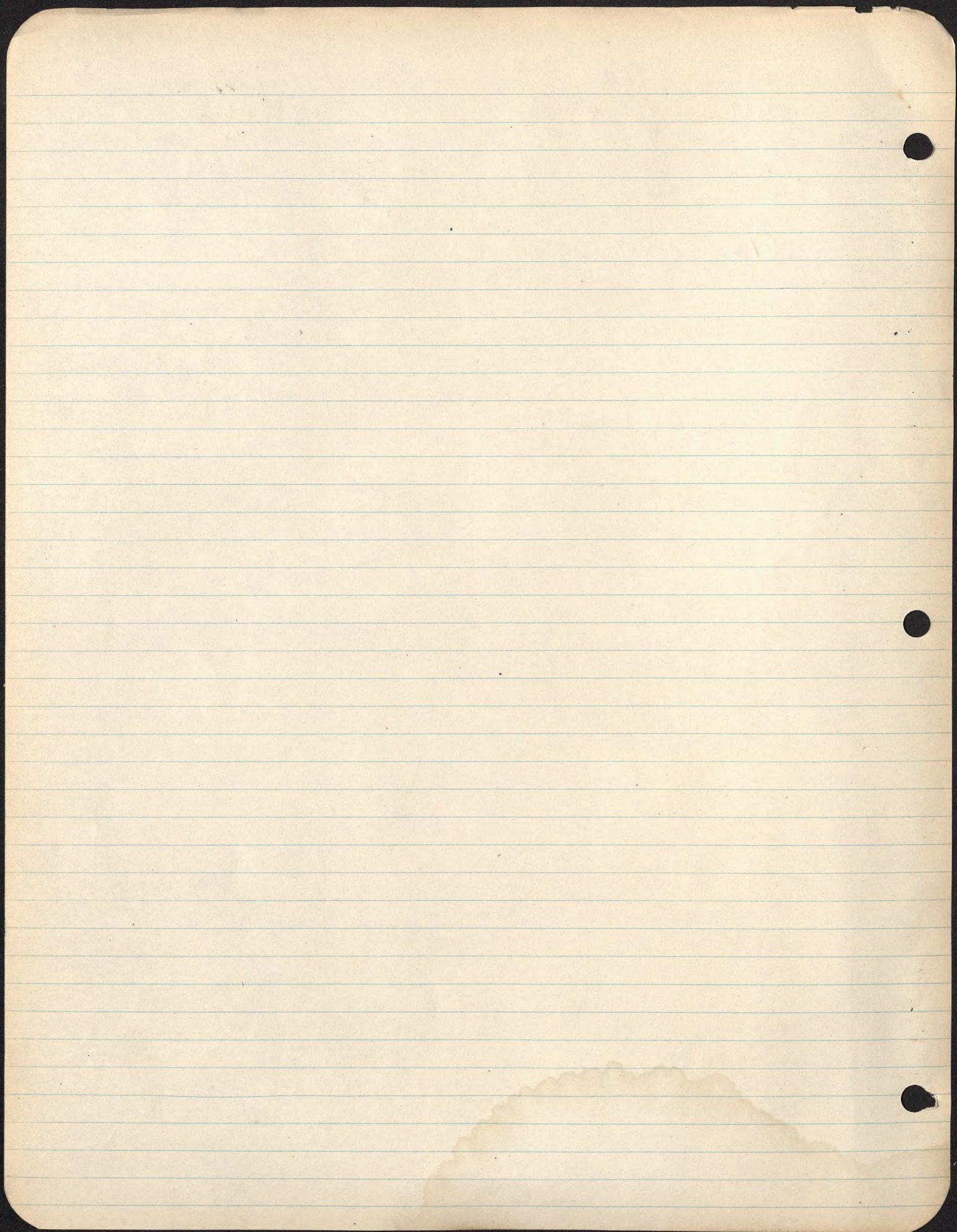


4476	<i>Petrogale fulleri</i>	Porcupine Sage, Huperdon
4482/4	<i>Onychogale fasciata</i>	scalpers Injura + Mendithan
4508	<i>Das. maculatus</i>	Cooburram, Bendigo Dist
4518	<i>P. lan. modestus</i> Parulph	Siberias R., NSW
4519	<i>Per fulleri</i>	Torrens Cr.
4520	" <i>herbata</i> Parulph	Eidsvold
4521	<i>P. lan. robustus</i> "	Rip Run, N. Terr.
4522	<i>P. lan. oralis</i> "	Brownshay, C. Q.
4523	<i>Das. fallax</i> Parulph	C. Creek (Cape York)
4524	" <i>resans</i> "	Ersta Ei
4534	<i>Phascopli</i>	Goapoon
4535	<i>Sac. flaviventris</i>	Homebank, n Mackay
4536	<i>T. vulpura</i>	Tonville
4573	<i>Pet. pinnicellata</i>	Murdithan
4574/5	<i>M. panyu</i>	Sayndah, nna 220 mi P.B.
4577	Kinip <i>Das. fallax</i>	Kinip + Tonville
4578	" "	" " (849 i p.)
4580	<i>Petrogale</i>	Fragnete Is, Tonville
4581	<i>Ph. forsteri</i>	Tonville
4610	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Oxley, Brisbane
4612/13	<i>Ph. maculatus</i>	Portinari R.
4627	<i>Pet. scirpus</i>	Seeburg, Q (Pistana 8 mi n.)
4638-40	<i>M. robustus</i>	Coombrook
4641-2	<i>S. flaviventris</i>	Kenore, Brisbane (SW, 10 mi)
4643	<i>P. volens</i>	" "
4651	<i>Nyct. trouini gaffoyi</i>	Bacaville, Lynech
4652	<i>Scotophil. geyi</i> or <i>inflatus</i>	" "
4666	<i>Nelaps. ceruipes</i>	Stedhoke
4668	<i>Phascol. an</i>	Tootul Pt., Caboolture
4671	<i>Trac. wellbyi</i>	Amily Pt., Stedhoke Is
4672	<i>Hydromys</i>	" "
4693	<i>Dorodon macurus</i>	Trinityfield
4695	<i>Phas. pen.</i>	Taringa, Brisbane
4698	Smith cross 640g	Bacaville, Lynech
4699/4705	" "	" "
4706	<i>Scotomys geyi</i> or <i>inflatus</i>	" "
4708	<i>Nyctin. nufolkensis</i>	Brisbane
4722	<i>Trac. wilsoni</i>	Burleigh Hds ^{60 mi S. B.} C. Q.
4723	<i>Pter. scapulata</i>	Enjoy Inns, Brisbane
4727	<i>Pter. scapulata</i>	Brisbane
4738	<i>P. volens</i> var	Kirrama, Hutul R.

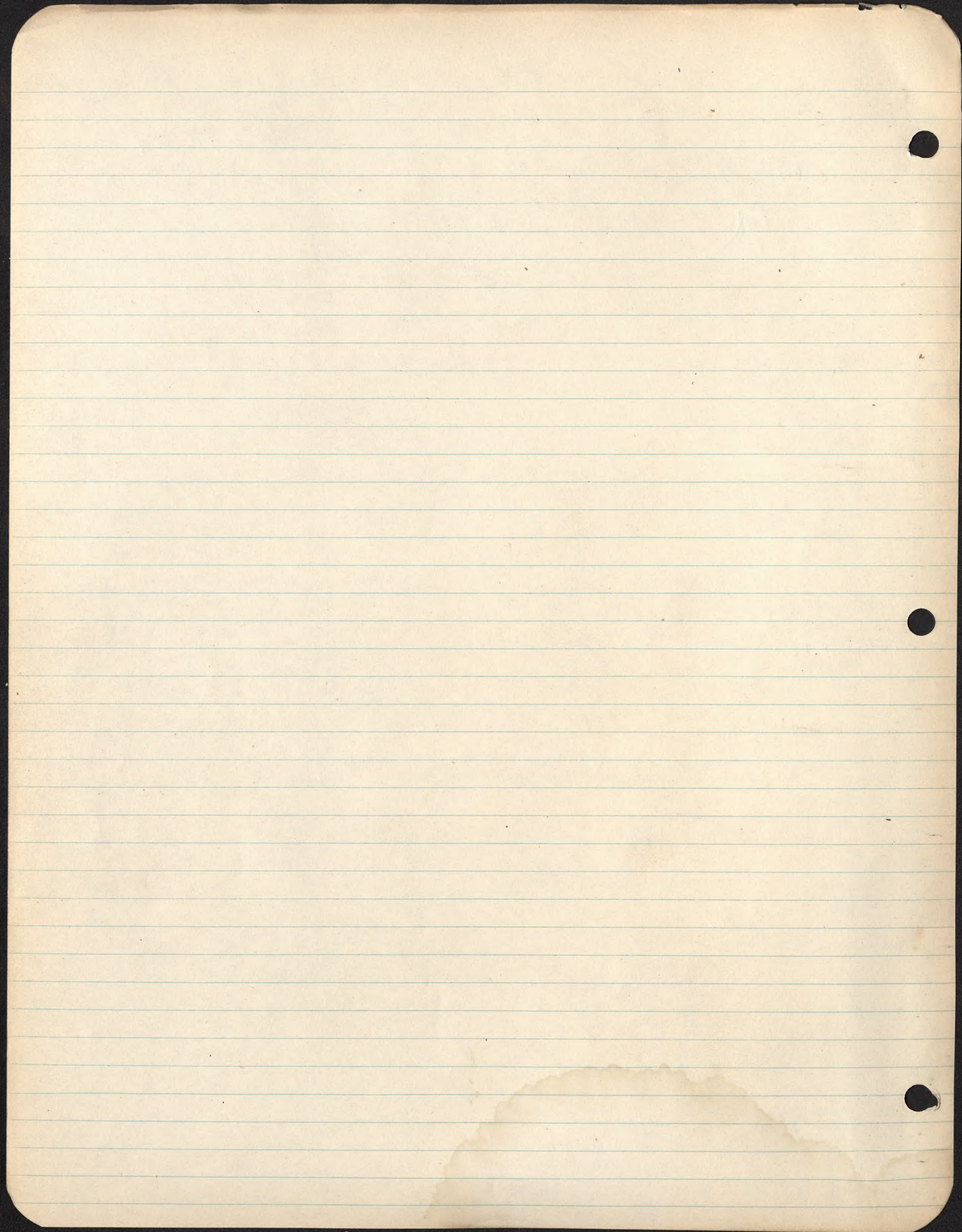
What?
is it?

Jackson and Osullivan ^{map}
Corner Mail Bldg. opp B.P.O.

- | | | |
|----------|--|---|
| 4742 | <i>Nyctea tyosa</i> | Watalgan, N.C. Lin |
| 4754 | Chal. sp <i>nigropurpurea</i> | St George, Q S.W. Q |
| 4765 | Pter. sp <i>flam.</i> | Alderley, Brisbane |
| 4778 | <i>Smith cross.</i> | Broomton Sta. St George |
| ✓ 4781/2 | <i>Trich carminis</i> | Cabarcture, Q 30 mi N. Brisbane |
| 4784 | Isodon | Imis jail |
| 4812 | <i>P. assimilis</i> | Tamborini |
| 4813 | " <i>luticola</i> | " |
| 4817 | <i>Potamo tridactylus</i> (fry. skull) | " |
| 4820 | <i>Das falluata</i> | Townsville |
| 4826 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Bin Bin, Q (Synpie) |
| 4830 | <i>Pb. penic</i> | Camp Rtn, S.E. Q, 20 mi W. B. |
| 4831/2 | <i>Onychoptera graecata</i> | Dawson R. |
| 4833 | " <i>fulvipes</i> | " |
| 4834 | " <i>rubra</i> | " |
| 4838 | <i>Potamo 3 dent.</i> (inc. skull) | Macrotchydore, ^{east 80 mi N. B.} S.E. Q |
| 4839 | <i>paradoxus</i> | Tellom, Beaudesert 45 mi S. Bris |
| 4855 | <i>Pter. scapul.</i> | Coomerboro |
| 4863 | <i>Aepyptima</i> | Rockhampton |
| 4865 | <i>Pter. assimilis</i> | " |
| 4868 | Chal <i>nigropurpurea</i> | St George |
| 4882 | <i>Pb. lan oralis</i> | Brook. |
| 4889 | <i>Aepypt.</i> | Coomerboro |
| 4890 | <i>M. ualabatus</i> | " |
| 4891/2 | <i>Pet. pucillata</i> | " |
| 4893 | <i>M. panyi</i> | " |
| 4902 | <i>Peromela</i> | Mackay |
| 4907 | Isodon | " |
| 4947 | <i>Epterecis pumilus</i> | Stanthope |
| 4967 | <i>Phal maculatus</i> | Dilma Isl., 15 mi from Samarai |
| 4975 | <i>Smith cross</i> | Dartmouth, 11/2 hr ^{SE} Papue |
| 4978/83 | <i>Smithopsis larripula</i> (3) | Barrow, Seydel |
| 4999 | <i>Nyctea australis</i> | Toswore Brisbane |
| 5001 | <i>Scot. nippelle</i> | " |
| 5009 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Wallumbilla, S.W. Q |
| 5015-8 | Chal. <i>signif</i> | Cleveland, 25 mi S.E. B. |
| 5028 | <i>Per. myrmanus</i> | Nullabor Plains, S. Aust. |
| 5047 | <i>Phascit.</i> | Springm (in cave near) |
| 5061 | <i>Acrobata</i> | Bonnel, in Ipswich |
| ✓ 5075/6 | <i>Trich vulpula</i> | Abaidpigo |
| 5078 | <i>Aepyptima</i> | Enoggera, Brisbane |



5081	<i>Dasyura fallucatus</i>	Berserker Ra. (Jefferson)
5113/16	<i>Pseudomyia delicatulus</i> ?	Barcaroll, Leyland
5168	<i>Tachyglossus</i>	Frontville, 70 mi n Brisbane
5173/4	<i>Smintropsis</i> (alc.)	Julia Creek
5186/8	<i>Petrophe puerila</i>	Perth
5189/90	<i>M. robustus</i>	"
✓ 5192	<i>T. vulp.</i>	Coorow brook
5218	<i>Phascodactylus</i>	Woodford, 50 mi n.w. B.
5222	"	Gropletts, 80 mi Brisbane
5236	<i>Tachyglossus</i>	Maxwellton, Cloncurry Line
5264	<i>N. tryoni</i>	Rockhampton coast
5272	<i>P. gouldii</i>	Palm Id.,
5273	<i>P. scap.</i>	"
5274	<i>Nyct bifax</i>	"
5275	<i>Hydmyia</i>	"
5314	<i>Nyctinia tryoni</i>	Coorow
5331	<i>Aerobates</i>	Tambora, Callide Valley,
5349	<i>Billygoats</i>	Mulleigh R
5383	<i>Sm. crass.</i>	Fort Howitt, Quilpie
5387	<i>D. maculatus</i>	Stanthorpe
5889	<i>Pet. buncipis</i>	Nambour
(1932) 5392	<i>Aerobates</i>	Petchey, Toowoomba
5422	<i>Phascod. mitchelli</i>	Stanthorpe
5431	<i>Aerobates</i>	Ribsey
5433	<i>Nyct. norfolkensis</i>	Bris
5442	<i>Tachygl.</i>	Sunnybank
5459	<i>Sm. virginica</i> ?	Garoma, Julia Ck
5461/2	<i>Aerobates</i>	Mil End, Warwick
5474	<i>Mecod. gipps</i>	Cammerford
5476	<i>Ept. darlingtoni</i>	Woolthorpe Ra.
5483 } 5486/7 }	<i>Phas. pinic.</i>	Prunys Park, Dally
5576	<i>Tachygl.</i>	Woodlawn
1934 5609	"	Blackall
5631	<i>Chal. gouldi</i>	Maleny, SE Q
5647	<i>Phal. flavipes</i>	Cotton Vale, nr Amiens, S Q
5672	<i>Pet. seminans</i>	Camp 90th
5708	<i>Sm. m. m. m.</i>	Brisbane (Mt Nero R)
5728	<i>Aerobates</i>	Camp Mt
5732	<i>P. volans</i>	Boonah, D.D., S Q
5749	<i>Phascodactylus</i>	Ridge, nr B.
5774	<i>Microptera australis</i>	Rockhampton



	5780	D. MACULATUS	NOGO JUNCT, CERATODUS S.E.Q.
	5804	ACRO.	POMONA N.C. LINE
	5808-13	MACR. RUF.	TELEMON STA. ^{Brisbane} N.W.Q.
	5825	PSEUDOMYS CF PATROS	HELSEY CR. PROSERPINE
	5835	PHAS. PEN.	NUMINBAH VALLEY S.E.Q.
	5838	TACHY.	ALTBION (BRISBANE)
	5843	PHAS. FLAVIPES (9 ya)	CLOSEBURN VIA DAYBORO
	5861	DROM. UNICOLOR	HAM. NAT. PK. (O'REILLY'S) S.E.Q.
	5873	ACRO.	NANANGO
	5884	TACHY.	BOWEN HILLS BRISBANE
	5885	Hypsi.	YARRABAH
	5898	SMIN. LEUCOPUS	NUMINBAH VIA NARANG
	5913, 14	" MURINA	HAZELDENE VIA KILCOY
1936	5923	SCOT. GREYI	" RUTHVEN" - ISISFORD C.Q.
	5928	SMIN. MURINA	SPLINTER CR. BANCROFT ^{BURNETT} R.
	5931	ACRO.	INGLEWOOD
	5932-4	"	GREENBANK (NEAR BEAUDESERT)
	5938	PSEUDOMYS M. FLAV.	BARCAROLE
	5952	MACRODERMA G.	PALMERVILLE, P. Riv. C. YORK
	5967	ISO. MACR. (SKULL)	IMBIL S.E.Q.
	5971	M. WILCOXI	EMU VALE VIA WARWICK
	5987-92	GYOMYS BERNEYI	BARCAROLE
	5997	NOTOMYS A. REGIN. (HOLOTYPE)	"
	6012	PHASCOGLE MIN.	RYWUNGA W.L.
	6013	ACRO.	GURGEENA VIA GAYNDAH
	6045	PHASCO. FLAV.	TEWANTIN S.E.Q.
	6059	ACRO.	COOROY
	6067	NYTI. NORFOL.	WINDSOR, BRIS.
	6080	PHAS. MIN.	BALLENDEN S.Q.
	6096	PHASCOLARCTOS	BOWEN DIST.
	6098	ONITHO.	PINE RIV. S.E.Q.
	6144	RHINOL. M.	TAMBORINE MT.
	6184	NYCT. GOULDI	RETRO, CAPELLA Q.
	6203	PHAS. MITCHELLI	MITTAGONG N.S.W.
	6239-40	WOMBAT	EPHING FOREST STA. ^{CLERMONT} DIST.
	6242	PHAS. FLAV.	UPPER NERANG S.E.Q.
	6248-50	Hypsi.	MT. MOLLOY
	6251	P. PERE. (2 PH. YG.)	MT. SPURGEON
	6257	PETRO. PENIC. (?)	CARNARVON RANGE ^{CLYDE} CREEK
	6267	PHAS. MIT.	BET. STANTHORPE + WALLANGARRA

1937

1938

1938

6281-2	RAT. LUTRE. mt	MALENY S.E.Q.
6283-4	WOMBAT	EPPING FOREST
6320	AEPY.	SANDHURST, FERNLEES ^{C.Q.}
6339	DACTYL. (SKIN) (WATSON)	TEL. STA. CAPE YORK
6345	PTER. CONSP.	MT. SPURGEON
6346	MINIOP. SCH.	CUNIEBOY MT. GARNET
6347	RAT. MASSIM.	MT. SPURGEON
6349	UROMYS	" "
6350	PERAM.	" CARBINE (?)
6351	PT. VOLANS	" SPUR.
6352	PT. AUST.	" "
6354	PS. ARCH.	LAKE BARRINE
6355	PS. LEM.	DANBULLAN
6356	PS. HERB.	EVELYN
6357	PS. PER. ("IN ORIG. SENSE")	MT. SPUR.
6358	PS. L. INCANENS	MT. "
6359	AEPY.	" "
6360	MAC. STIG.	" "
6361-2	PETRO. INOR.	" CARBINE
6368	POT. TRIDAC.	TERROR'S CR. S.E.Q.
6375	PETRO. PUR.	QUAMBY
6376	PS. LAN.	BRISBANE DIST.
6378	HYDRO.	MULGELDIE, ^{near Eildon}
6395	PHAL. MAC.	COEN (LONE PINE) 200
6409	ACRO.	PT. RDS.
6411	D. HALL.	CLERMONT
6412	NYCT. NORF.	MALBON
6413	EPT. PUMIL.	QUAMBY
6414	" "	PENTLAND
6415	TAPH AUST.	QUAMBY
6419	MAC. PARRYI	INVUNE
6420	P. SCIURUS	BROOKFIELD BRIS
6422	"	NORTH TAMBORINE
6424	NYTI. NORFOLK.	GLASSHOUSE MTS.
6449-50	PTERO. SCAP.	P. OF W. IS., TORRES ST.
6467-8	TAPH. FLAV.	PLEASANT PK., DALBY S.Q.
6475	POT. TRIDACT.	KIAMBRA (NEAR YANDINA)
6479	SMIN. CRAS.	OLD CASHMERE, ST. GEORGE
6480	PHASCOLARCT	PENTLAND
6498-99-6500	LEG.	COEN

1939

6509-10	PTERO. GOULDI	COEN
6513	SYCO. AUS. (?)	Rocky Se. (PEACH R.)
6514	PET. BREV.	SOMERSERT
6515	MINIOP. AUS.	PT. STEWART
6516	ANTECHINOMYS LANIGER	MALBON
6532	NYCT. NOR.	BOWEN HILLS, BRIS.
6539-52	TAPH. GEOR.	CLONCURRY
6553	EPT. PUM.	"
6563-7	MINIOP. SCH.	PENTLAND
6569	AEPY.	YARBA CR. ^{S.E.Q.} KENILWORTH
6571	EUD. (+ NEST)	NEAR JORDON CR. ^(W. PALMERSTON AREA VIA INNIS.)
6618	SMIN. CR.	TITARGOMINDAH S.W.Q.
6624	HYDRO.	MULGOWIE VIA LAIDLEY ^{S.Q.}
6640	PH. FLAV. (7 YG.)	BINNA BURRA VIA ^{BEECHMONT S.Q.}
6657	TACHY.	SOUTHPORT
6679	PHAS. PEN.	CUNNINGHAM'S GAP - MAIN RANGE
6710	MAC. WELLS. (SMIN)	STRADBROKE IS.
6711-15	RAT. VILL.	BOULIA (1940)
6717-24	"	"
6740	DRNITH.	WIDGEE ^{S.E.Q. (MARY RIV.)} CROSSING
6757	ACRO.	HIVESVILLE, PROSTON ^{S.E.Q.}
6761-3	MELOMYS CER. (W. 2 YG.)	BEECHMONT S.E.Q.
6789	PHASCOLACTOS.	MOONEE RIV. (S. OF TARA S.W.Q.)
6790-92	MEL. CER. (W. 2 YG.)	HAZELDEANE, KILCOY ^{S.E.Q.}
6822-24	HYPSI.	LAKE BARRINE
6829	"	HERBERT GORGE
6832	"	^{20 MI. W. INNIS.} PALMERSTON SCRUBS
6835	HIPPO. REG.	LK. BARRINE
6848	LAGOR. C. L.	COOMOODOOLAROO, DUARINGO, Q.
6852	DACTYL.	RAVENSHOE
6866	ACRO.	STRADBROKE IS.
6874	PETAUR VOL. (1 YG.)	WOOMBYE N.C. LINE
6886	PHAS. PENIN.	CLIFTON, DARLING DOWNS
6902	P. SCAP.	ANGOR (NEAR CHAR. TWRS.)
6903	SACC. FLAV.	OORINDI (G.N.RR.)
6923	PHAS. FLAV.	TEWANTIN S.E.Q.
6939	MESEM.	DARWIN N.T.
6940	ISO. TOR.	YERONGA, BRIS.
6963	NYCT. AUS.	MT. CARBINE
6981	PHAL. MAC.	BLUE MT. (COEN)

1944

1945

1946

1947

7002	SMIN. MUR	(1 YG.)	MT. LARCOM
7011	EUDR.		MT. SPURGEON
7019	SMIN "		MILLBANK, KOGAN, WARRA
7023-6	ISO. OBES.		BRISBANE
7052	NYCT. AUST.		TAMBORINE MT.
7078	PETAUR. V.		RD. FR TOOWOOMBA ^{TO} GATTON
7118	PHASCOL.	(SHULL)	CAMP MT.
7121	MAC. PAR.		ESK
7122	ACRO.		SALT BUSH PKY, ^{ST. LAWRENCE} Q.
7129	SMIN MUR.		MT. TAMBORINE MT.
7130	CHAL. GOULDI		BINNA BURRA
7137	ACRO.		GATTON S.E. Q.
7138	D. HALLUC.	(?)	DA GUN, ^{MARY VALLEY LINE} ^{LAGOON POCKET VIA} ^{GYMPIE}
7143-4	PHAS.		MT. SPURGEON
7145	Uromys		"
7146	MELOMYS		"
7186	MAC. GIGANTEUS		BLACKALL
7198	PET. NOR.		CORINDA, (BRIS.)
7200	PHAS. PEN.		MOGGILL (N. BRIS.)
7207	ANT. FLAV.		WOOMBYE (N.C. LINE)
7253	ANT. "		BEERBURRUM S.E. Q.
7303	ACRO.		DECEPTION BAY S.E. Q.
7306	SMIN ER.		JACKSON, W. Q.
7310	PERM. N.		CHELMER, BRIS.
7317	NYCT. TIMOR		THE SUMMIT VIA STANTHORPE
7324	PET. NOR.		MT. GRAVATT, BRIS.
7326	PS. LANIG.		OXLEY, BRIS.
7341	TACHY.		GUYRA N.E.N.S.W.
7342	P. NOR.		ASHGROVE BRIS.
7343	"		MT. COTTON S.E. Q.
7348	ACRO.		ELIMBAH S.E. Q.
7353	MICRONOMUS NOR.		WOOLLOOWIN BR.
7355	ANT. FLAV.		BEAUDESERT S.E. Q.
7356-7	P. NOR.		TEXAS S. Q.
7360	ORNITHO.		N. PINE RIV. S.E. Q.
7385	SMIN. MUR.		TINGOORA S. Q.
7386	MINIOP AUS.		HOME HILL N.E. Q.
7402	SMIN. MUR.		LOGAN LEA S.E. Q.
7405-6	" CRASS.		WALLUMBILLA CENT. S. Q.
7407	SMIN. MUR		TEXAS S. Q.

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7409	HYDRO.	IMBIL S.E.Q.
7411	PTERO. G.	T.I. TORRES ST
7412	SCHOIN. V.	CABOOLTURE S.E.Q.
7413	HERO	BEERWAH S.Q.
7415	RAT. LUTR.	BINNA BURRA

Notes on reconnaissance trip continued from prior to above list.

Wed Oct. ²⁰ The copying of catalogues occupied several days -
 continued was not completed till Saturday.

The other members of the party still here. Their boat not due to leave till the 26th. Mack, of museum, very pleased with his (Vernon's) share of the results of the trip.

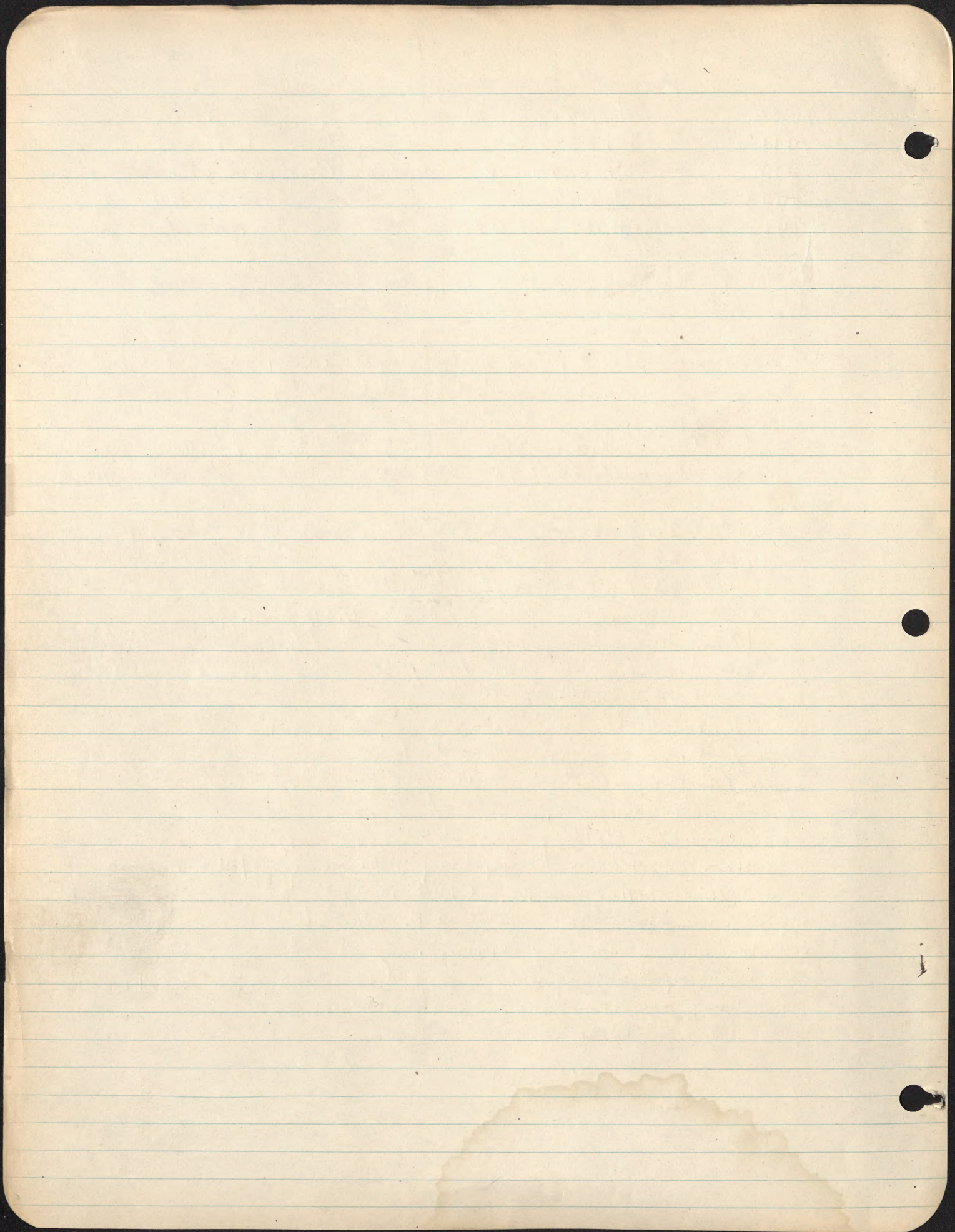
Thurs Oct 21 } Working in museum + arranging my transportation.
 Fri Oct 22 } Am flying to Sydney by Ansett Airways
 Sat Oct 23 } Monday! P. A. until they have
 looking for me on the 27th at 11.59 pm.

Was very busy taking trips to the country + making Kodachrome pictures. My shoulder, which I strained when taking boxes into the baggage car at Rifle Creek, is still very annoying. - sometimes positively painful.

Van + I attended meeting of the A. O. U. Saturday pm. Quail prod.

Sun. - Nothing special.

Mon Plane to Sydney, leaving 7.45, arriving
 Oct 25 11.30 am. Chkd in at Pan American
 + got room at Grand Central H. Saw Walkom + Tringhton
 at museum in afternoon. Got air ticket for U. S. a
 Wednesday night at midnight (continued after many pages
 on notes from Aus. Mus. registars).
 Over



From mammal catalogues at Sydney.

The catalogues are in 4 series:-

1. The "old" Palmer catalogue, mixed phyla, containing
 1. "Australia's mammals" no. 1-1153
2. The "A" Catalogue
 1. Mixed organisms, pp 1-91, unnumbered. (June, 1877)
 2. "A" numbers from p. 92 - #1-6625 (mixed vertebrates)
3. The "A" catalogue continued:-
 1. Nos A 6626-19026 (Oct. 1883) mixed
 2. Beginning the "B" catalogue nos 1-1254 (March 1884). mixed
4. The "B" catalogue
 1. No. 1255-10435 (Dec. 1886.) mixed
5. The "M" (mammal) catalogue.
 1. Nos. 1-7239 (Nov. 1946). Vol. 1.
 2. " 7240 to date (Oct. 1948). Vol. 2

There is also the condensed book under species done from the card catalogue.

M. giganteus Lecklan R. NSW; Coorbie; Boro, Broadwood Dist;
Bonke Dist; Blue Mtns; Blackland Swamps, Lithgow; Warwick,
Q; Inverell, NSW; Crombie; Parkes; Surat, Q;
Tasmania; Colong Yerranderie; Mudgee; Armidale Dist;
Newnes;-

M. melanocephalus Trangie;

M. fuliginosus Kangaroo Isl.

M. robustus Lithgow; Blackland Swamp, Lithgow; Ficks Junction;
Oakley Creek, Bonshaw, N.S.W.; Buckaroo, Mudgee; Score;
Armidale; Colong Yerranderie; within 12 mi Colong
(no. M4606); Berbera Ck, nr Sydney; Glen Innes;
Pattai R. valley, 20 mi Picton

naesi -

Yalgoo, Mitchellism, N.W.A.; Trasa Ra., S of Noosaman,
S.W.A.;

Great Range, Murchison

Adel's Grove, S of Lawn Hill Sta, N. Q.

Terahy Stn, Diamantina R.; Crystal Brook, S.A.;

Hermannsburg, C.A.; Parketon, N.W.Q.; Yalarruma,
nr Charleville.

Lagostrophus fasciatus P. no. 1094

M. rufus Bourke Dist; Blue Mts; Ashburton R, W.A.;
Coorambie; Widgiewa; Boggabri; Gurby nr Morse;
Oban Sta. 10 mi Gra & Urandagie, N. Q.

M. ruficollis Braidwood Dist; Lithgow; Bow; Blue Mts;
Blaxland Swamp; Bundaroo; Wallerawang; Thiroul;
Pallies, Barrington R.; Mt Horeb, Tumut Dist; Tamworth;
Tullibee, Wyong Dist; Nattai R., Burragarang; Corlog,
Yerubandi Dist; Newnes;

M. tenuis Lady Bowen, Flinders I., Port St; Wyngard;

M. parvi Clarence R.; Grafton; within 12 mi Cocton (M. 4607); Dawson Val.;
Coppamurst; Sarina, nr Mackay.
R# 997

M. antelopum Port Darwin

M. bernardus SALLYBATH R (lead); E of Darwin;

M. bicolor Tondan Caves; Wallerawang; Inudga; Marswillumbah;
Yarramalong, nr Wyong; Doonalong, Wyong; Mt Irvine, Blue Mts;
Brush Creek, Wallumbi Dist; 85 nr Syd.

M. apicatus, infans. Bellenden Ker; Wallumbilla nr Roma, S Q;
wellsby; Stradbroke Is.

M. aythi Pt Essington; Ditson R, W.A.; Cocton; Burketown; Adel's
Isle, s of Lawn Hill Sta., N.W. Q.

M. billiardii Flinders I. Port St; West Island. Port St; nr Hart;
Hummock Is, Port St; Burnie, Tas.

M. dosalis Manilla;

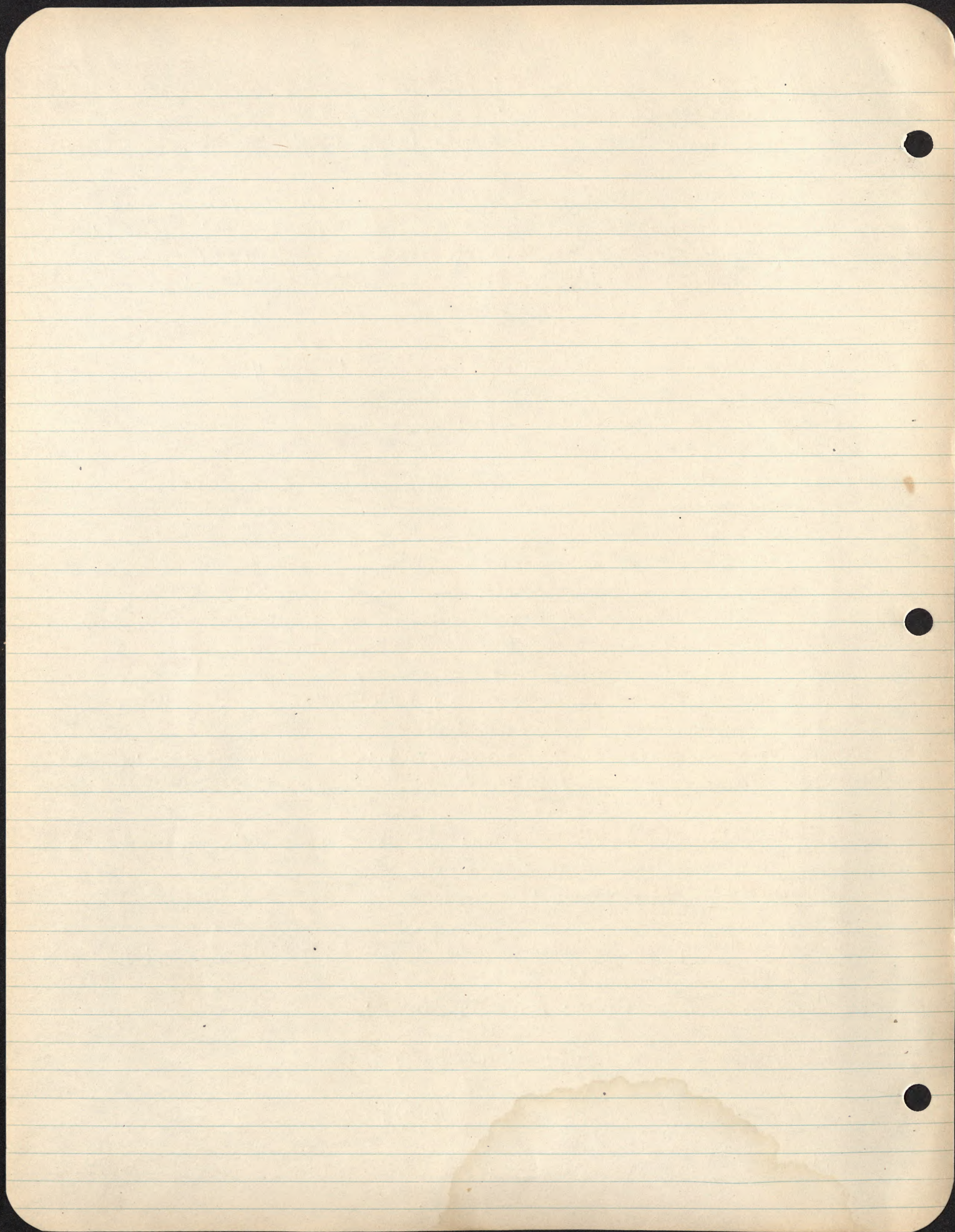
Setonix borchynus King R., 10 mi Albany W.A.; Princes; Royal Bay; Normalep,
near Denmark, S.W.A.

M. irma, Cranhook; Emma Pt, Albany;

M. stipitatus Bellenden Ker; Herbert Dist; L. Bassins;

M. parma, Wollongong, s. coast (1025)[?]; Cantawana; Sassepus.

M. wilsoni Ballina, Richmond R.; Marswillumbah; Wyong, nr Sydney; Brush
creek, 20 mi from Wyong.



Po. eugenii Koroia Isl.; Naragin, SWA; Balladonia, in Noeroen,
W. A.;

Met. thers Wollongong (1025) (T. m. c. f. p. p.); Bellinger R., Newct;
Bullio, Barrington R.; Myall Lakes; Sillily, Wyo. Dist; Hume Creek,
Mullumbimby, NSW;

Pet. pinnilata Cambawana, S. Aust; Littgow; Wacey Cr., Richmond;
Colo River; Mt Irvine; Bush Creek, Wollombi Dist, 85 mi
N. Syd.

Pet. xanthopus Port Augusta, S. A.; Negarattena Sta., Guildford, NWA;

Pet. lateralis Kokkapiin Rock, 20 mi Kellerberrin, W. A.; Hermannsburg.

P. inornata Magnetite Isl.;

12 mi SW Mt Isa

P. tuberosa Westwood, Rockhampton

Darwin R.; Alice Sp.

P. pulla Toron Cr.

P. purpurata Dajana (m 3405 Holotype)

P. laticornis Terachy Sta., Diamantina R.; Blackwater Cr. Adelaide, SWA;
Gray's R., N of Adelaide.

P. brachyotis Alligator R.

Onychogalea fronsata Wagga; Cobarr; Glen Innes; Granville Dist;
~~Wagga~~ Namoi R.;

Acropygma Manilla; Bullio, Barrington R.; Darwin R. Vally; Bulba
Isl, L. Macquarie; "near Crookton"; nr Tomsville

Lepidostes c. bickelsti w of Parketon; Type # 1103 ♂ (1861)

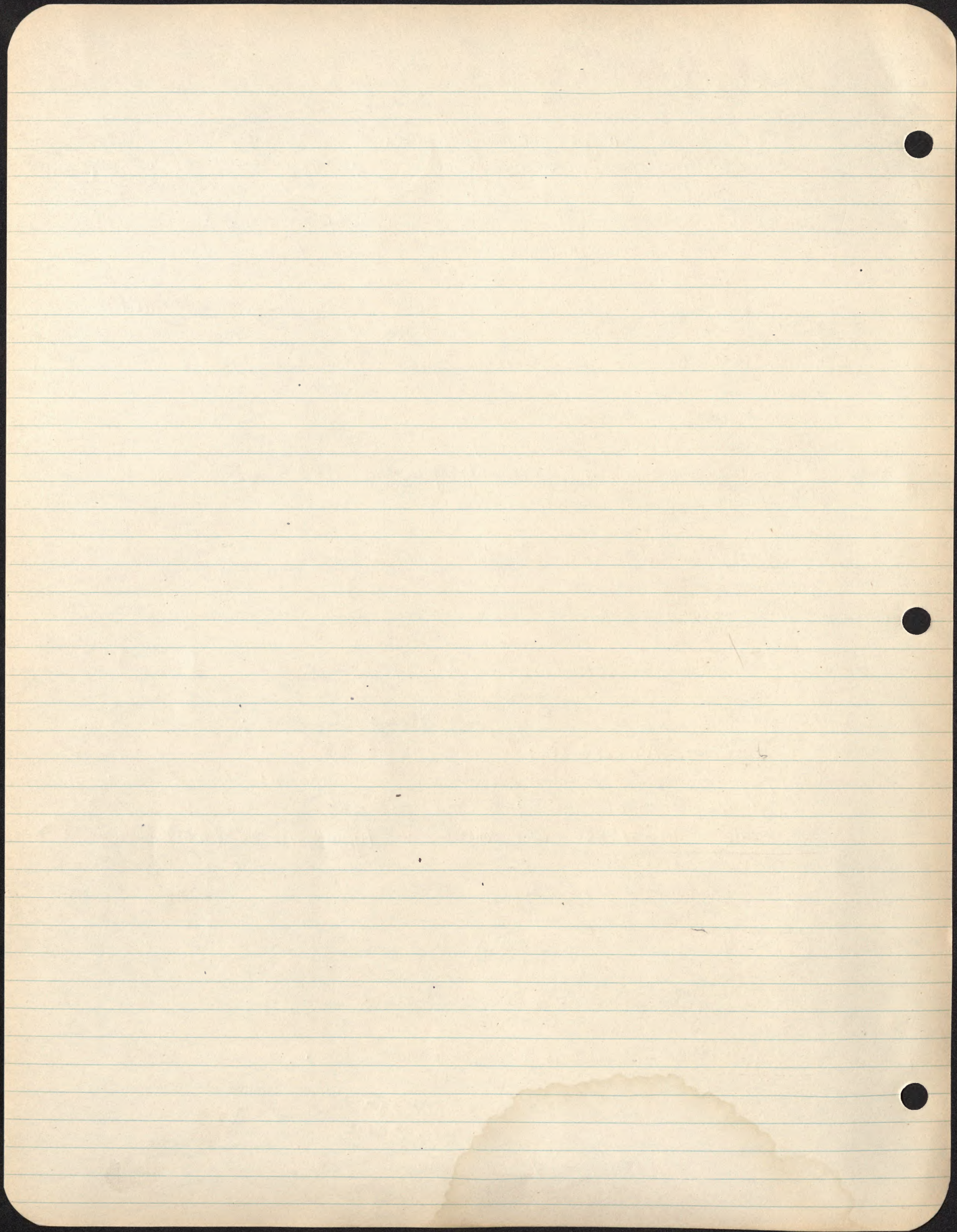
Lagocheta apocrita Yandambabu, NSW.

Potamus platyops Salt R., SW. A.

Pot. tridactylus Bellinger Dist; Bullio, Barrington R.;

Amel. pennitham Blomfield R.; "Crookton";

Hyposci. mosch Pahan no 1135
A. no. 9813



Trich vulpulus Nelson; Herbut R, Q; Tarana; Ballie, Bangh
R; Toolillie, Spencer Gulf; Warrington, nr Sydney; Rogans Is S. A;
Cass Pt, Rogans Bay^{nr Syd}; Warrumbungle (17 mi); Quirindi; Mt Horeb, Tumut
Dist; Berrina (2200 ft); Mansfield, Vic; Flinders Is Bass Str;
Parramatta Hills^{nr Syd}; Mickalaby, 22 mi e Tumut; Gladstone Dist Q;
Almaden, NQ; Killara, Syd; Yanco, Murrumbidgee R; Nattai
R, Banangrang; Sympie Dist; Terry Hills, Kuringai Chase; Poykling-
le-sands, Syd; Vanduse, Syd.

T. v. antarcticus Pt Darwin; Bathurst Is.; Melville Bay

T. v. johetini Bellenden Ker; Herbuton; Almaden (antarcticus?);

T. caninus Glen Innes; Glenenter; Mt Irvine;

T. c. nigrans Tweed R.

Ps arcticus Belker; Herbuton Dist.

Ps lemniscatus Herbuton Dist

Ps occidentalis Normalup, nr Denmark, SWA.

Ps peregrinus Murrumbidgee; Clatswood; Narandera; Coev;
Sutherland; Mt Horeb, Tumut Dist; Dawn Valley, Q; Mossman,
Sydney

Ps caniginosus Inyall Lakes; Dimgog; Jindabyne, Monaro Dist; Tumut;
Coolang, Yerranderine; Argalong, nr Tumut; Mt Saffy, S. A (M4838);
Fitzroy Valley Q; Yanco, Murrumbidgee; Shelburne, Syd; Nattai R,
Banangrang; Mt Irvine; Eastwood, Sydney.

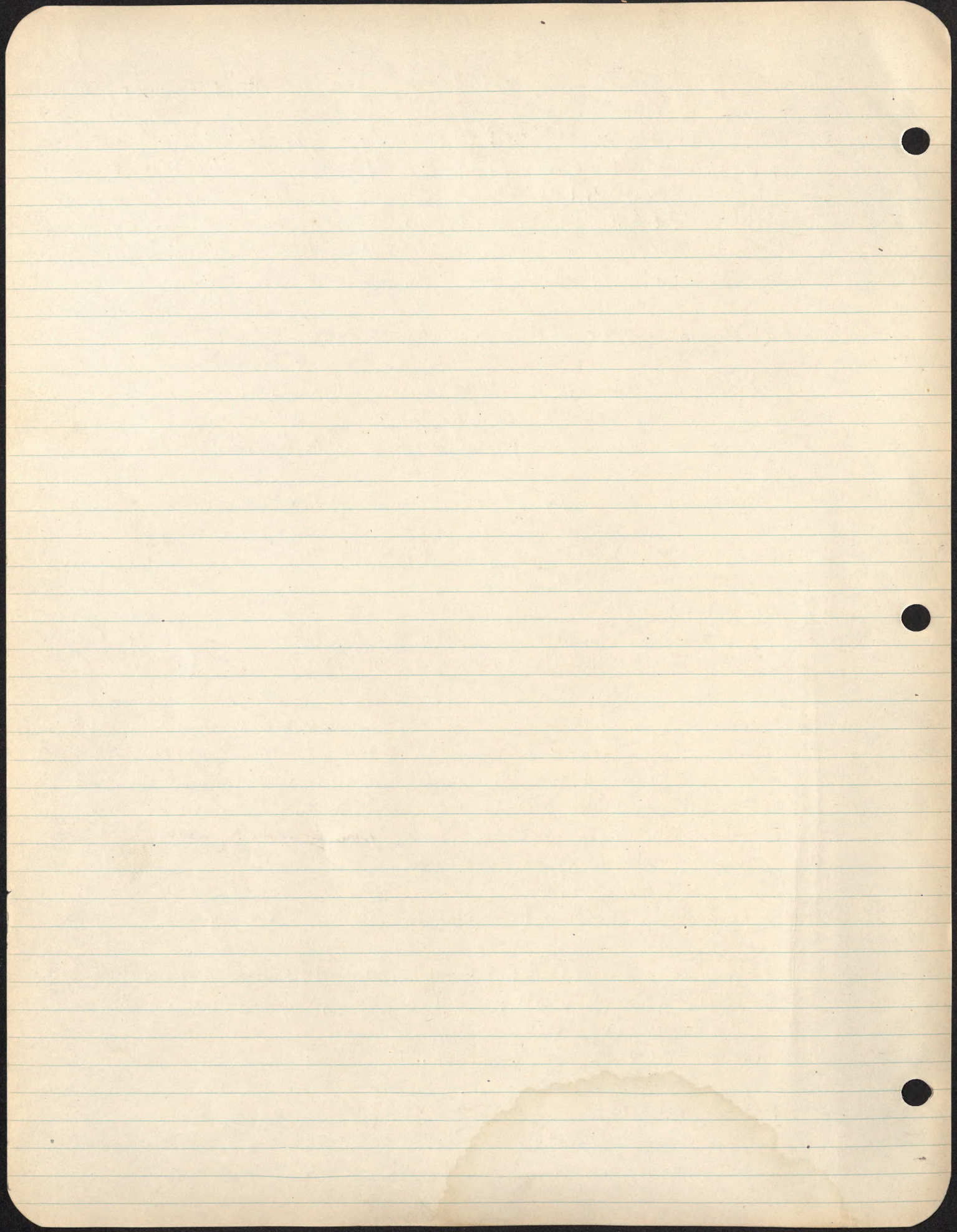
Ps l. oris Kelsey Creek, Rosegum

Ps l. victorinus Westport, Vic.

Ptal. mac. Cape York Pen (no. M4667)

Dactylopsa pie. Russell R; Clump Pt, Timonville; Holroyd-Rendell Jctm, N^o 2;
Tully R nr Callwall; Bellenden Ker; Cape York (no. 568);
Abayowie, Cardwell;

Monimia nam(?) North Head, NSW.



Sch. rolans ^{Dist: ♂ ♀} ^{Herberton, NQ (M 362-3, type of cinereus)}; Tumberrumba; Helmsburg,
S coast; Port Macquarie; Bowral; La Perouse, Syd; Micalong, Tumult,
Dungog; Myall Lake; Rydston; Dawson Val Q; Moss Vale; Coolang,
Yerrandine; Burragorang; Bundock, n coast; Smithfield,
nr Syd; Caroda, nr Palmata; Braidwood; n of Sin Sin Q;
E Kingaloon, Bowral Dist; 8 mi SW Kosciuszko; Burragorang, Syd;
Gosford; Mt Irvine; Eccleston, below Banigta Tps;

Pet. australis? 30 mi from Pictou

Pet. hircus Tully R. Q; Bloomfield R; Tenolan Caves; Upper Orara R.;
Ourumba; S. Allijelin R.; Coen; Bowral; Railton, Tas;
Berrina; Bathurst Isl. nr Darwin; Gosford; Talmor 30 mi W. Rosee;
Mulgoo, nr Penrith; Bulli Dist; Argaloy nr Tumult; Moss Vale;
Coolang, Yerrandine; Hargraves; Bombala; Port PK Syd;
Seresely, 70 mi from Albury; Lindfield Syd; Camden, Syd;
Blackheath, Blue Mts; Doore PK Syd, Murrumbidgee via Dalto; Dayfield.
Syd; Midelyo, S.H.; Port Hacking, S. Syd. Turrumunga; Engadine;
Cape Arnhem, N.T.; Tylgum, Tweed R.; Blue Mts.

Pet. sciurus Tenolan Caves; Bega; Smithfield; Bulga via Singleton;
Corroonon, Rockliff; Dawson Val 65 mi nr Taroom; Casiro;
Wye nr Syd; Sympie Dist; Yetman s.e. of Serridwindi.

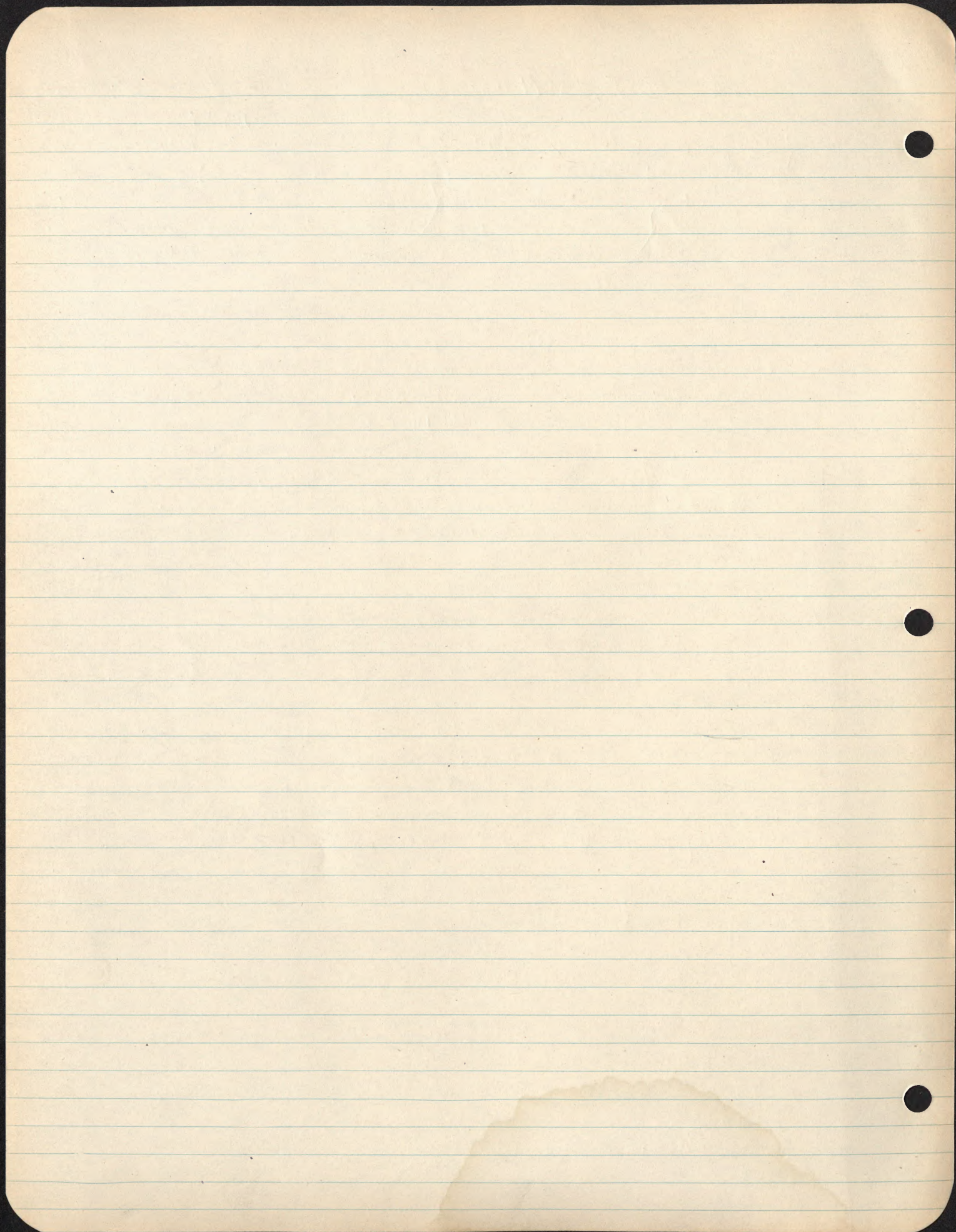
Acrotatus pyg. Smithfield; Borkham; Bombala; Homety; Belltrees, Score;
Parramatta; Sayndale, Q; Manangeros; Braidwood; Uralla;
Camden; Reresby nr Barksston; Newnes Jetn; Cox R, Lithgow;
Portland; NSW Coonabarabran; Lindfield; Avondale, Burragati;
Hartley; Pymble, Syd; Martinsville, L. Macquarie Dist; Glen
Innes, Balgowlah, Syd; Bylongia Rydston; Ashford via Inross.

Peram. jumi Railton Tas;

" rayosurus Salt R., W.A.

" m. notwin Dinton, Kulerbin Plains; Volder; Rawlins

P. nasuta Herberton Dist Q; Parramatta; Tarana; Backly's Crossing;
Tenolan Caves; Ourindi; Lindfield; Killara; Nepean + Wangaratta R
Jetn; Sladesville; Northwood, Sydney; Dawson R Val; Longueville, Syd;
Mortrill, Palmwood, via Brisbane; upper Barksston Syd; Larraines,
Syd; Palmwood, S.E. Q., Torrington, Syd; Killara, Syd;
Ryde, Syd;



Isodora obscurus Pine Mt, Q; Portney Swamps; Lettgar; Cranbrook, W.A.; Berryma Mts, Albany SWA; West Sister Is, Bass Str; So. Portland, Vic.

Isodon Hitchhiker Is. Holroyd Kendall Jctns

I. mucronatus Cape Arnhem;

I. torvus Herk R.; Conboy; Berryma Mts; Hurlbrook
via Mullumbimby

Isocrotes ligitus Bathurst; ^{Type} Broome, 43 mi S.W. Line (1898)
Gracefield, W.A.; Cranbrook, W.A.; Corrigan; W.A.
Tenterden, Gr. So. Line, W.A.; Rawlinna; Coombie

I. l. sejette Hermannsburg, C.A.

Phascogaster Boro, Bairdwood; Camburana; Wallerawang;
Belluga Dist; W. Maitland; Hampden, 9 mi Mackay;
Porter Bay, Syd; Dawson Val.; French's Is., Vic.;
Daybrough, Q; Pittwater; Kunajong; Clarendon
Mona Vale; Berowra Waters nr Syd; Carrol Bay; Pittwater, Syd;

P. e. victa Victoria (M. 5732 Holotype)

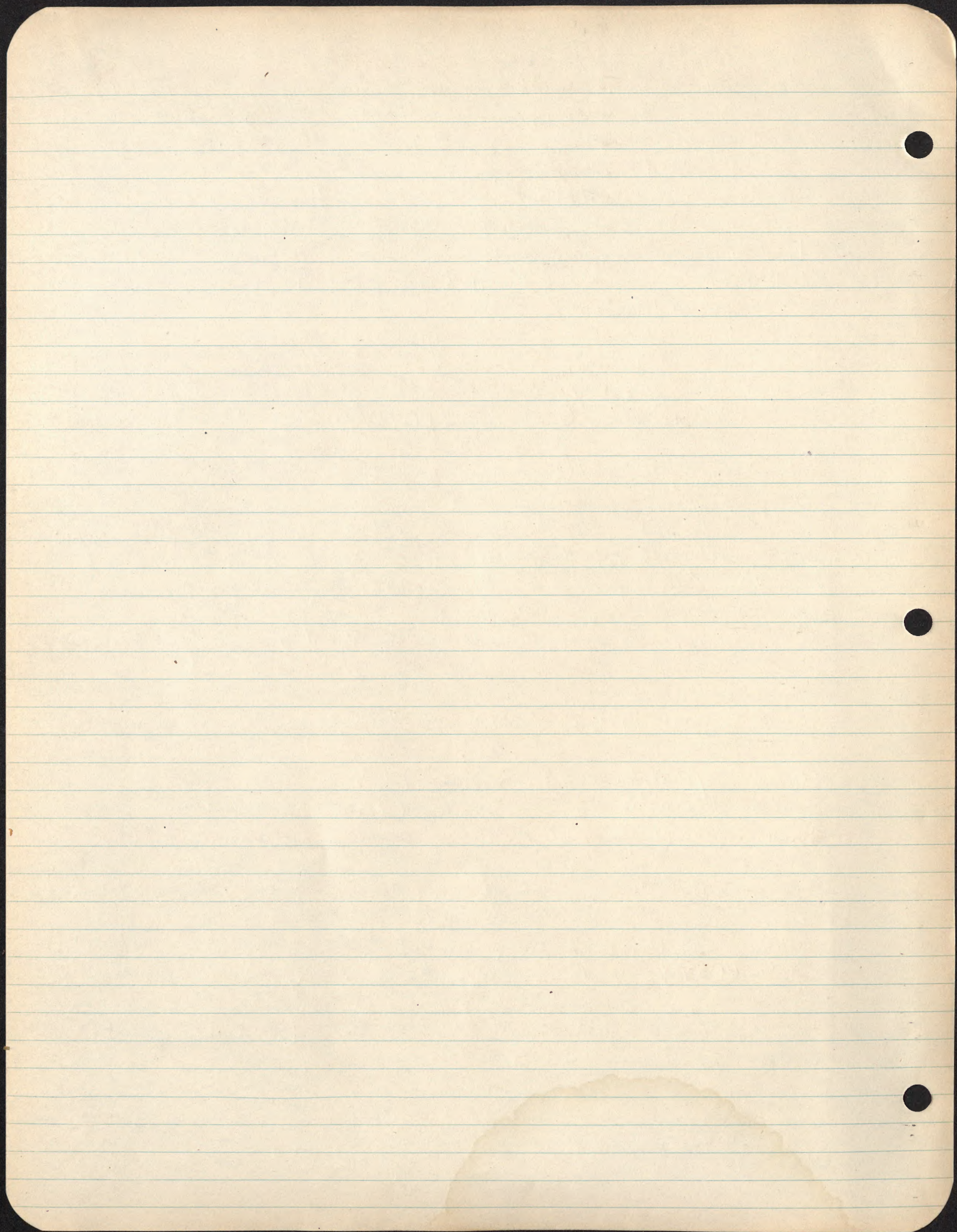
Thylac. cynorath. Tasmania (4)

Sarc. tanisii " (6)

Myrmecurus fasciatus Gracefield, W.A.; Hastings, W.A.; Cranbrook, W.A.

Das. maculatus, Thirlmere; Wagga; Linfield; Pictou Dist;
White Swamp, Old Koroilek; Argalong nr Tennant; Woodford, Blue
Mts; ~~W~~ Wandhope; Mangrove Pt, via Gosford; Millaa Millaa
(M-6637); Paterson, N. Newcastle; Foxford via Serrington

Das. freahs Bellenden Ker (M 155 Type); Doo Lagoon,
n of Gin Gin, Q.



Dio. vivanina Colvale; Goulburn; Lawson; Concord; Mosman's Bay; Kempsey; Waverley Syd; Smithfield; Cumnore Pt; Tarraga Pt (Cungr); Gladstone Dist NE Tas; Dawson Val; Vauclux Syd; Musselbrook, NE Tas; Rose Bay;

D. jeffoyi Feringaungup WA;

D. h. falluata Frackay

Dasyneura cristata Colde; Pauline; Jinta, TA Linc.

Antich. flavipes Queensland, Borda; N. Star Syd; Port Jackson (Type of stuarti); Warraming Pt; Smithfield; Gum Flat, Inverell; Antonio via Rydal; Etn; Pt Antons; Koorawatha; Megalong Val; Surf Cr via Barrata; Nat PR Syd; Whitlock, 10 mi. Bathurst; Inyall lakes; Rocky Scrub, NQ; Strattonstone, Mt Hreb, Tumut; Pt Lockwood 12 mi Etn; Corlong, Yerrandrie; Argalng, nr Tumut; Yeumburn, via Yack; Hermidale, Cobarr Lake; Tomatt Cr., Corlong; Imbil, Kyogle Dist; Mt Irvine, Blue Mts

Ant. swainsoni Pt Lockwood 12 mi Etn; Argalng nr Tumut; Arthur + Roger Rocks, NW Tas.

Ph. minima West Tamar, Tas.

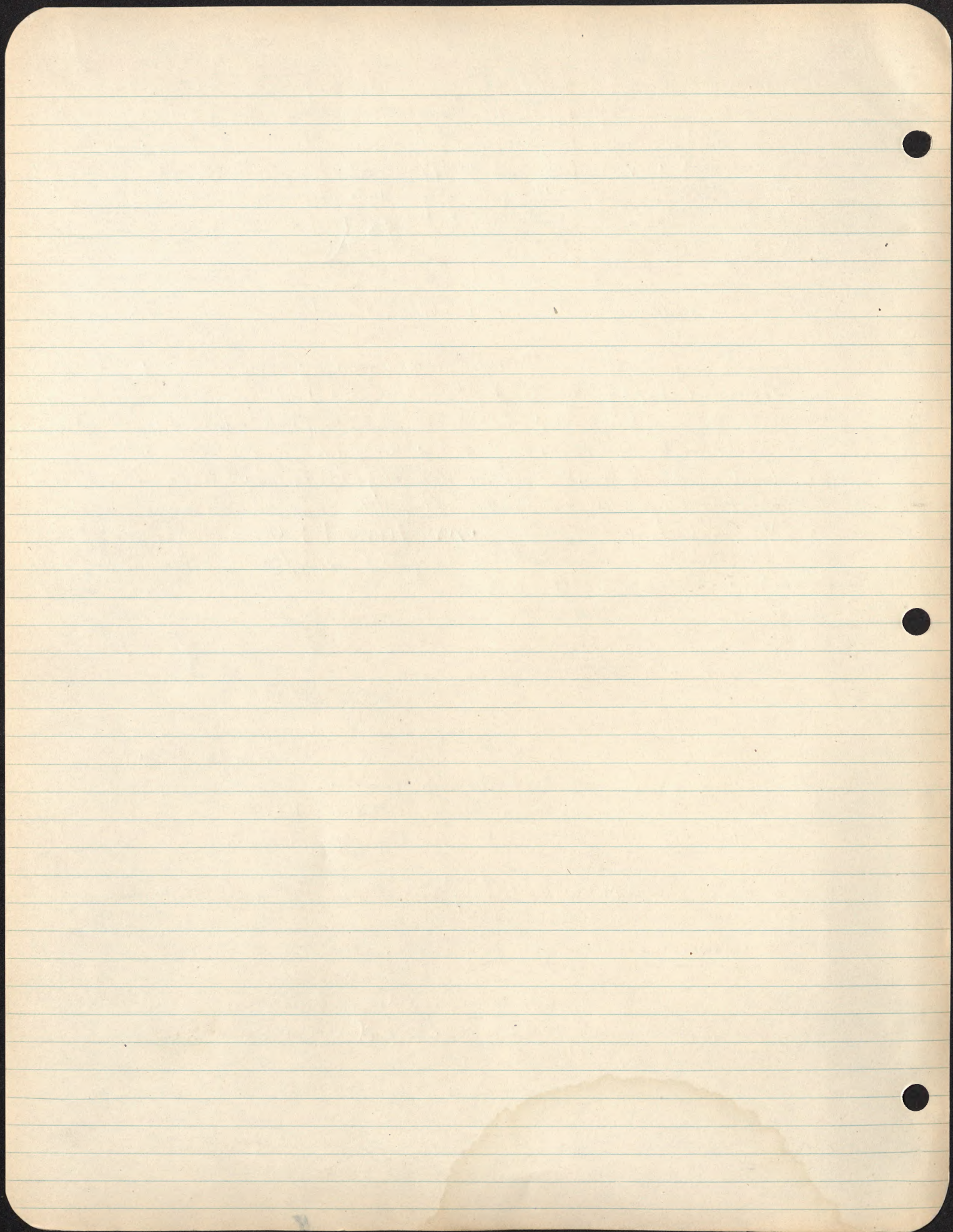
Ph. Tapoatiga Kingswood; Beqa; Mandurah; Yam Cr, nr Port Essington, N.T.; Beechum, nr Vauclux pt; Rulph; Tenterfield, nr coast.
Two says Brisbane took it in NE coast.

Ph. pirata Yarrakeali, nr Cape Arnhem.

Ph. sp. M2696 Widgiewa; M.3787 Cotarrundra

Ph. apicalis Salt R. W.A.

Gm. cras Widgiewa; Dandoo; Mullaley nr Samedah; Tambellup, W.A.; Macdonnell R.; Taylor's Plains, Narrabri



Sm. murina King George Sound W.A.

Sm. larapinta Charlotte Waters; Wyangarie, Richmond, N.Q.;
Diamondina R. region;

Ant. laegeri 588 a —
588 b NSW (Type)
588 c Sri. TA Mitchell
588 e in spirit

M 1799 Miorra Downs, Mullangudgeri NSW
M 621 Walbundrie

Ant. spenceri Rawlins (M4641)

Montalio lirus Blue Mts; Lithgow; Batlow;
Gippsland, Vic; Mt Darragh, Cooma Dist; Mittagong;
14 mi Oberon, ^{near Bathurst} Derrima; Ferringa, 30 mi Paraharby;
Taralga; Berry;

Phaeocol. ursumus Lady Barron, Flinders Is., Bass Str.

Notonyctes 250 mi n. E. Australia Bight.

Omitomyrctus Tarana; Lithgow; MacDonnell R; Gorrilla;
Narrow R; Nepean R; Inverell;

O. c. crispus Rullin, NW Tas; Bothwell Tas.

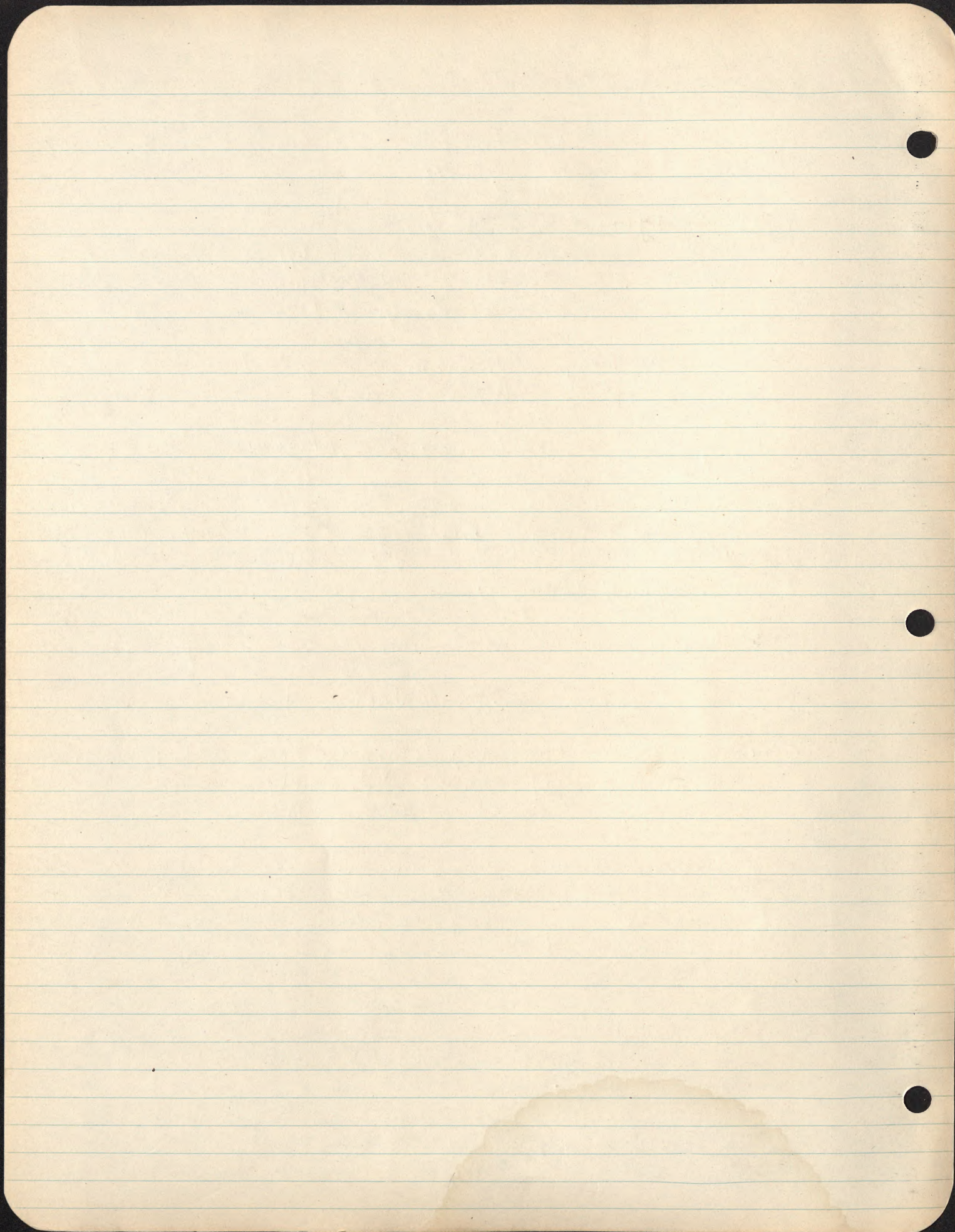
Tachyphonus Narabon; Kangaroo Is.; Lake Cargillico; Popper R ^{Miss?}
N.T.; Maa Is.; Lam Hill Sta S of Benketon;
Melville Bay + Cape Arnhem; Pt Kosciuszky 4000 ft.

T. setosus Tasman Archip; Flinders Is., Bass
Str.

Arctrocephalus dorjans Seal Rocks, Pt Stephens;
Montagus Is., S coast NSW; Lady Julia Percy Rocks, Pt
Fairy, Vic;

Arctroceph. fosteri Dinedin NZ; King Is., Bass Str;
Rectoria Archip, S.W. A.

Eurotopus albicollis Lion Is., Esperance Bay, S.W. A.



Ogmorhinus leptonyx Granby NSW; Port Phillip Bay;
Wollongong;

Hydromys chr. Sydney; Lawson Cr., Toudou; Tarana;
Tarandera; Carlebury Cove, Sydney; Portland;
Hen-Chicken Bay; Longrose Pt., Parramatta R.; 25 mi S.
Mt Horeb, Tumut; Tumut; Condolobin; Liverpool;
Musselton, NE Tas.; Helder Is. Pass Str; Thredbo
R., Mt Kosciuszko; L. Macquarie; Eubalong, W. Lachlan
R.; Argalong via Tumut; Brompton; Furner, SE of
SA.; Mt Lofty Ra., S.A.; Tenison Caves

H. c. lutella Goat Is., Sydney Harbor (M 5723).

H. c. aymia Abogowie in Lyttelton; Cairns Dist.

H. c. fulvoviratus Bourke Dist; Condolobin;

H. c. fuliginosus King Geo Sound (Patrol no. 121); Cranbrook,
W.A.; Judd, Denmark Line, S.W.A.; Formalup in Denmark
W.A.

H. c. leucogaster Campbellton, NSW; Camden, Bingella Dist;
Bathurst; Tarana;

Hydromys. Yandibar (M 645); Pt Darwin (M 2302); Hinchinbrook
Is. (M 4338)

H. c. lawrensoni Adels Grove, Lawn Hill Creek, N.W.A.

H. c. drynani Lake Burra

H. c. meliceris Bathurst Is., N.T.

H. c. moae Moa or Barks Is.

H. c. proterus Groote Eylandt

H. c. orino Mt Lamington Dist, Papua

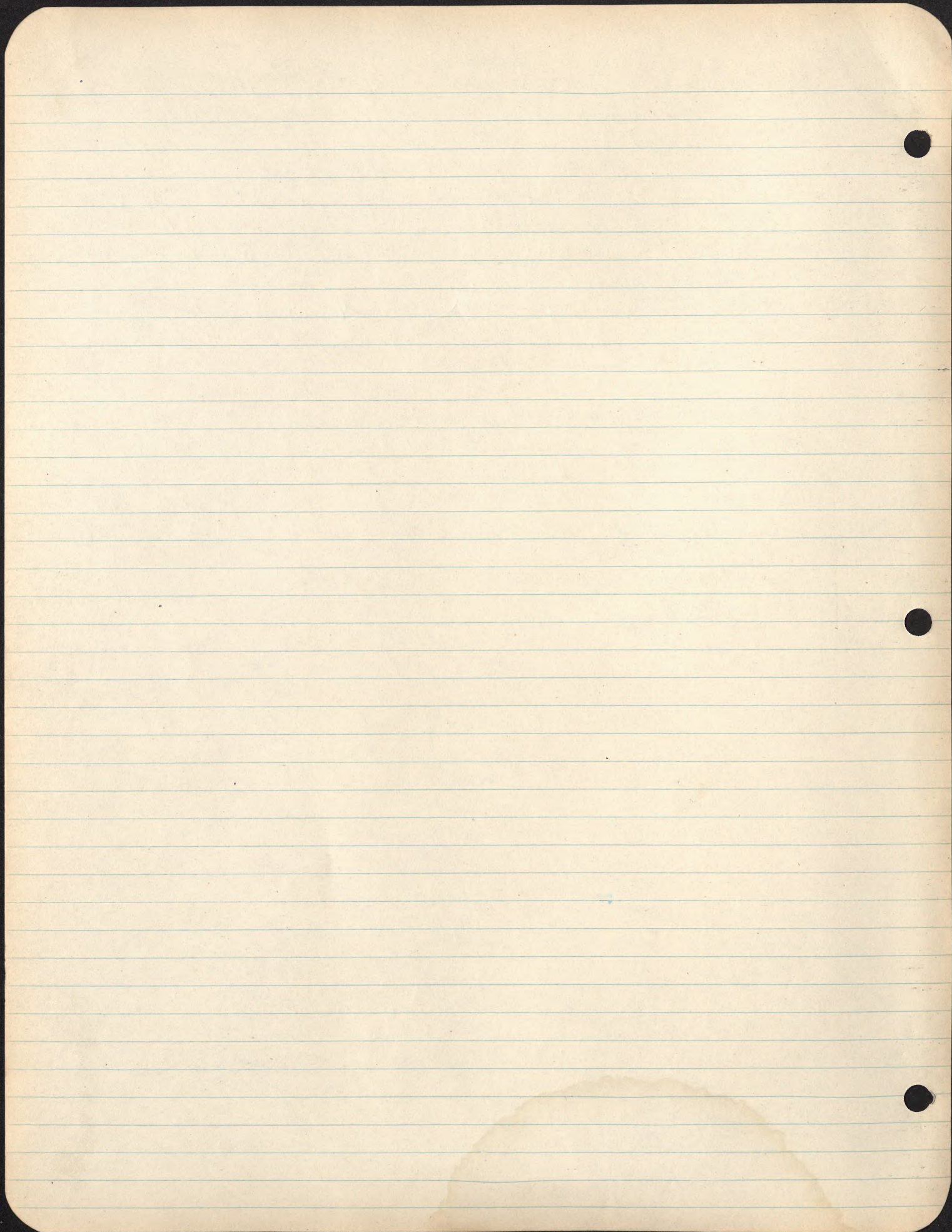
Uropsy cuneimaculata Cape York (Cotype skull 51848);
^{88, 89, 90, 64}

Blomfield R.; Tinetin Holroyd & Kordall (coll Lesomy).

U. c. exilis Hinchinbrook Is.

U. c. lamington Mt Lo., Papua's Doro-doro, N.G.

U. c. stenini Herberton Dist; Bellenden Ker Pa;



Melomys barfieldi Deane Is.
Corwoodon, Rockh. Dist (M 3784)

M. ceawimpe Pt Lorkont 12 mi E. Bor;
? { M 6730 Imbil, Gympie Dist Q.
M 6305, ~~6306, 6307~~ near Mackay
M. 6306, 6307 56 mi Mackay
M 6551 Sarina, 25 mi Mackay
M 6553 Habana, vu Mackay

M. cur. paludosus Hinchinbrook Is.

M. littoralis insularis Hinchinbrook Is.

M. littoralis Port Denison; Ayr; Tomsville; Innisfail;

M. cur. abruas Herberton Dist.

M. australis Blomfield R

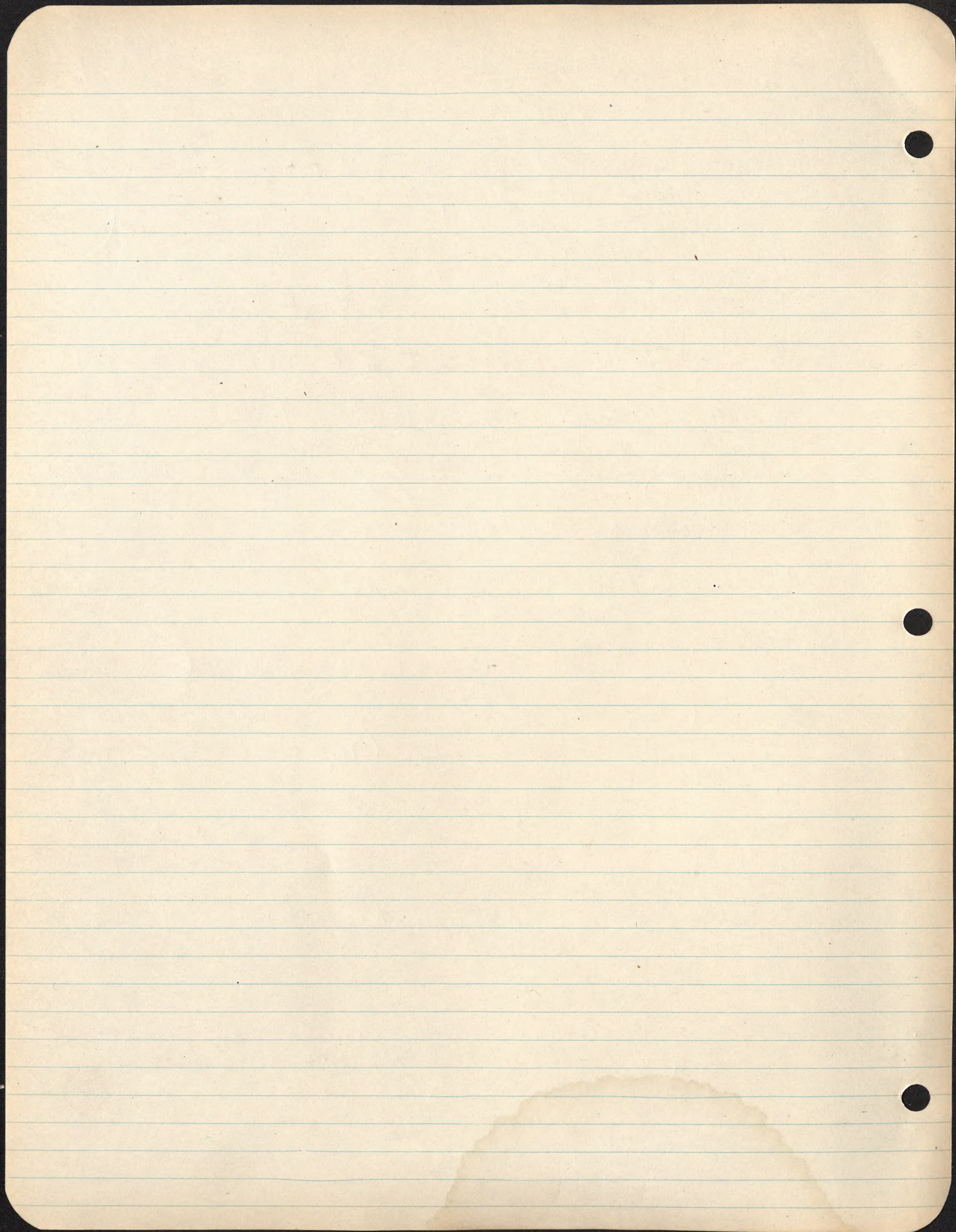
→ { Blomfield; Cairns Dist; "Intake" at Cairns;
Innisfail (?)

M. mixtus Grote Eylandt (Type + 2 paratypes only)

M. limicauda Hayman Is., Whit Sunday Is. (Type only)

M. rubicola (= Bramble Cay)

Rattus arvensis Lithgow; Koscieszko; 20 mi s. Noura;
Frontrone Lagoon, 15 mi Kingscote; Blackheath;
Chickster, Dungeny; Dryall Lakes; Atherton Tableland Q;
Ebor; John Sheddo + Sunny R.; Argaly on Turmut;
Wuyong; Capertee; Innisfail, s.s.; Nat PR Sgd;
by K. Q.; 9 mi W Mullumbimby; ~~Herberton~~ Samaras;
So Portland, Vic; Imbil, Gympie Q; Mt Irvine, Blue Mt.;
Barrington Tops.



R. rattus (many) many not examined; ←

Ps. leysianus

R. fagei Clelands Gully, Mt Compans, S.A.; Arthur &
Rogers Rivers, NW Tas;

Birdhouse Lagoon, 15 mi Kingscote, Kangaroo Isl.
Tulka, 8 mi S. Port Lincoln, Eyre Pen.

R. tunngyi dispar Alice Springs

R. noronhaiensis Ricketts Lagoon

R. colletti Allyn R. N.T.

R. fuscipes stutcholui Darby Downs (Pronk), Long Bay;
King George Sound WA; Ricketts R.; Zoroomba; Pt Macquarie;
Arthur & Rogers Rivers, Tas;

R. l. imbil Imbil Sympie

R. fuscipes Zoroomba; King George Sound; Bumbury

R. culm. valisium Rome

R. culm. apex Skull Creek, Cape York

R. culm. yangi Strudhoke Isl.

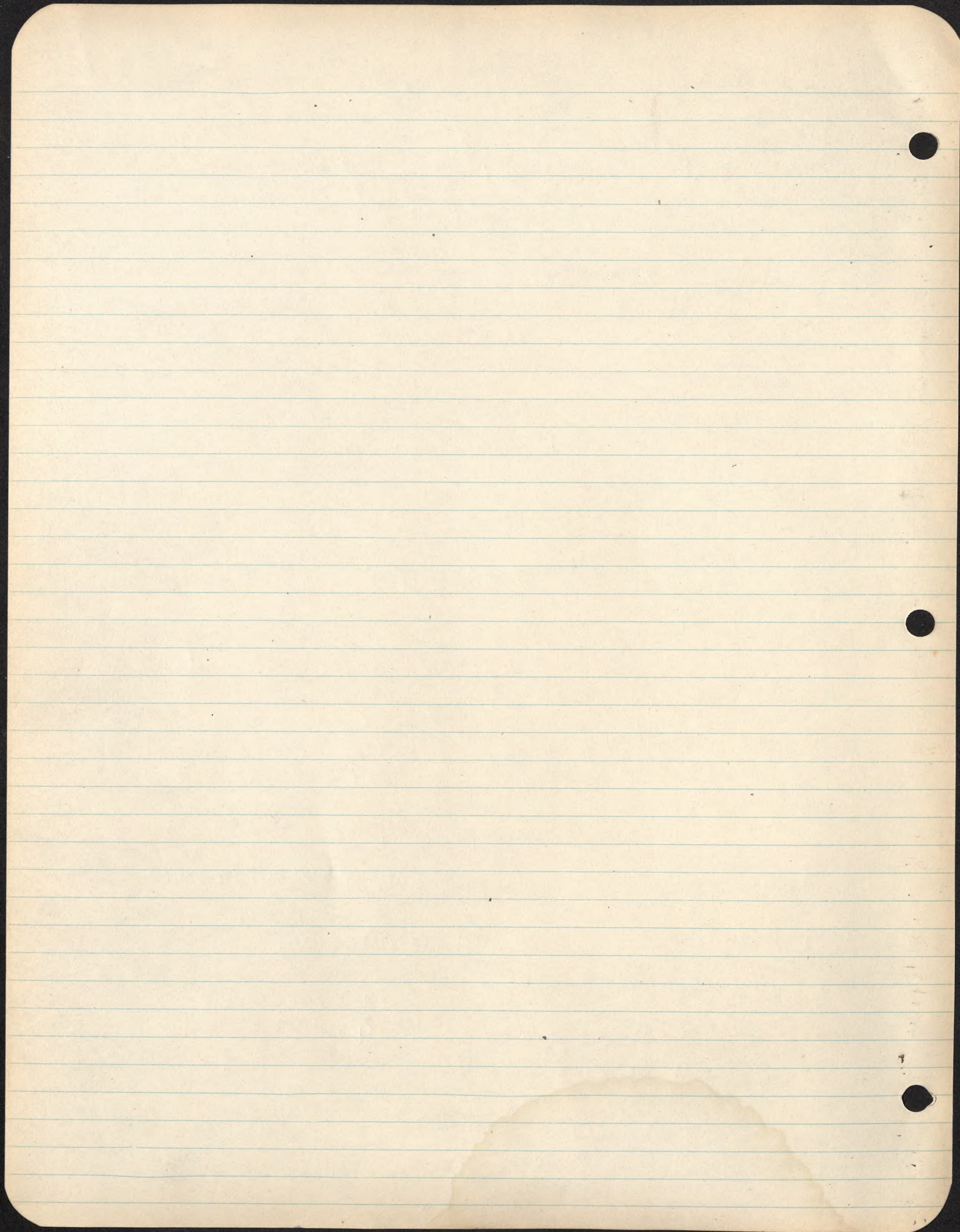
R. coronatus Ingham; Dickey; "Intake", Cairns;

R. lat. velutinus Tasmania. (about 8 specimens)

R. lat. combinus Mt Irvine, Blue Mts; Myall Lakes; Ebor;

R. l. luteolus French's Is. Vic (M4844).

R. villosus Victoria R. N.T.; Templeton R., 17 mi S Mt Isa;
Otan Sta, n of Uranderie, ¹⁹³⁴N.Q.; Avon Downs Sta, N.T., (1934)
Alexandria Downs Sta (1934); Adel's Cove, on Larn Hill,
N.Q. (1934)



Mesochorus levis Gt Darwin 1910

M. macurus Derby & WA;

Loomys pedunculatus Alice Springs; Illamurta C.A.;

Mesochorus foidi Cape Arnhem 1941

Conilum paniculatus Gorte Ey.

Lynx credita Colden

" apicatus Derby R.

Trastacomya Gt Kosciusko; Beck Court, Otway Dist Vic.

Pteropus kerandri? = conspicillatus?

" scapularis Yam Creek N.T.; Broome, NWA; Isford NSW;
Wellington NSW; Inverell; Griffith; Sydney.

Pteropus phillipensis from Duke of York = Pousettii?

Nyctinus pupura Westaspur, Goodridgebee Para NSW (M 3221)

" astalote Cocketon (M 1244); Blomfield R.

Rhinol. megaphyllus Cocketon; Almaden.

Hipp. d. repinae Cardwell (Type).

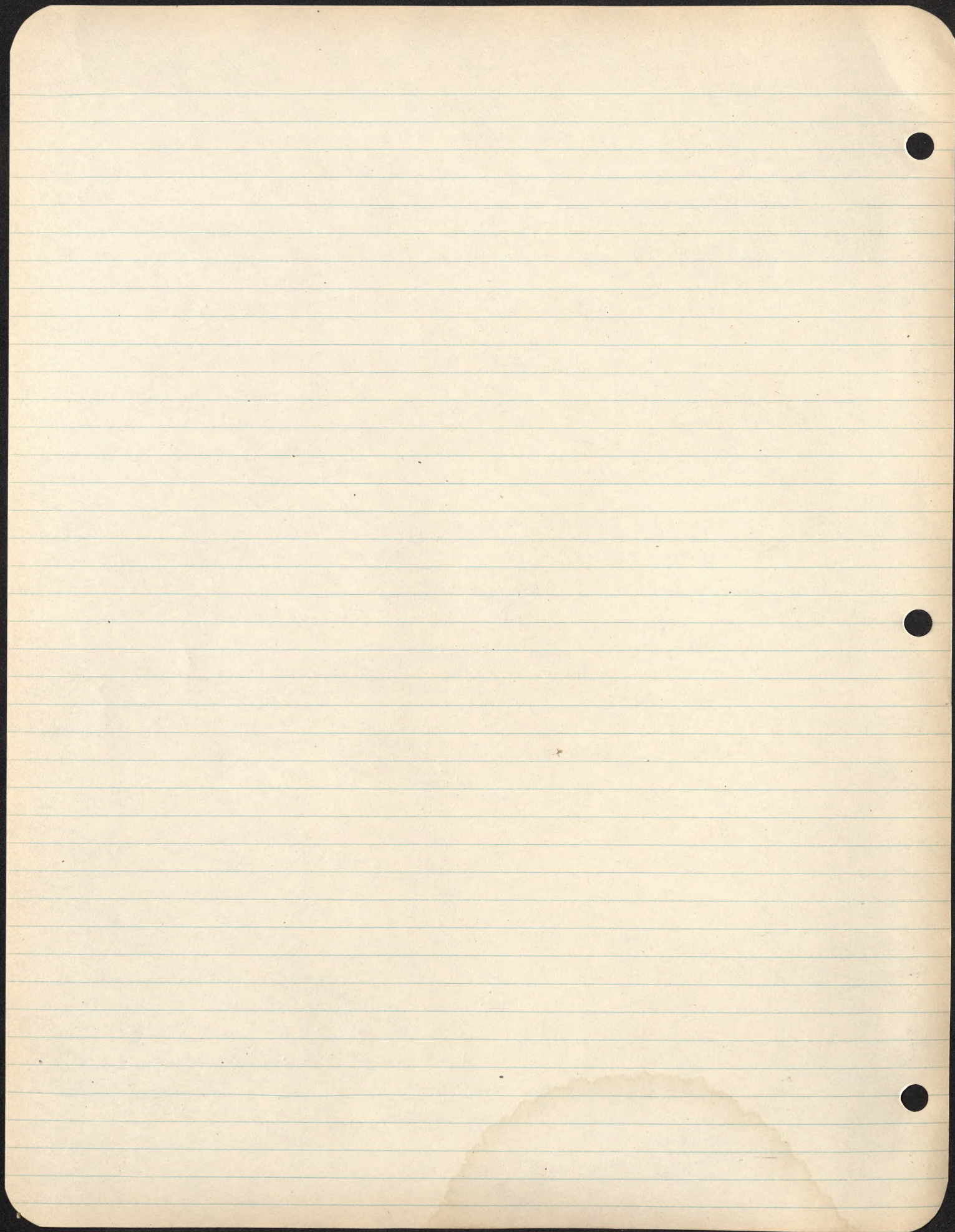
Maodama piso Gorte Ey (M 5056)

Nyctophilus geppoyi Todd R. 20 mi Parksville, S.A.; Vanilla;
Timut; Tambellup, W.A.

" fulvi Kosciusko 5000 ft; Cotar.; Yass;

" timorinus timinus Denmark, SWA; Tambellup, SWA.

Pip. taomaniensis Burwood, Sydney; Argalong; Benima



Myotis advenus (iracunus) Dyalgum, Jewell R.

F. p. formosus Eidsvold, Q; Tulka, 8 mi Pt Lincoln, S.A.;
Sudr sid p, Denmark Line, W.A.; Lindeman's Is., in Bowen,
Argaloy, in Tennet; Lord Howe Id.; Balladonia in
Nossentum, W.A.; Brook Ey.; Tambellup, swa;
8 mi s. Mt Isa, NWQ

F. p. vulturinus Bickeno, E coast Tas.,

Ch. joullie Tarana; Belarinyar; Mt Lyndhurst,
30 mi e, Darwin, S.A.; Smithfield, Sydney;
Berrima, ^{3000 ft} Argaloy, Tennet; Oolder^{SA}; Casino,
NSW; Lewis;

Ch. roosei Lithgow; Tambellup, W.A.

Ch. nigropiscus Tyndane, Bonke; 20 mi ne Bandine;

Ch. pictus Byrock;

Scotomus greyi Victoria R., N.A.

Miniopterus sch. Woolloomooloo; Glen Dornagh; Chillagoe
Caves; Prospect Reservoir; Elizabeth Bay, Syd.

Min Clarence R (M 2518)

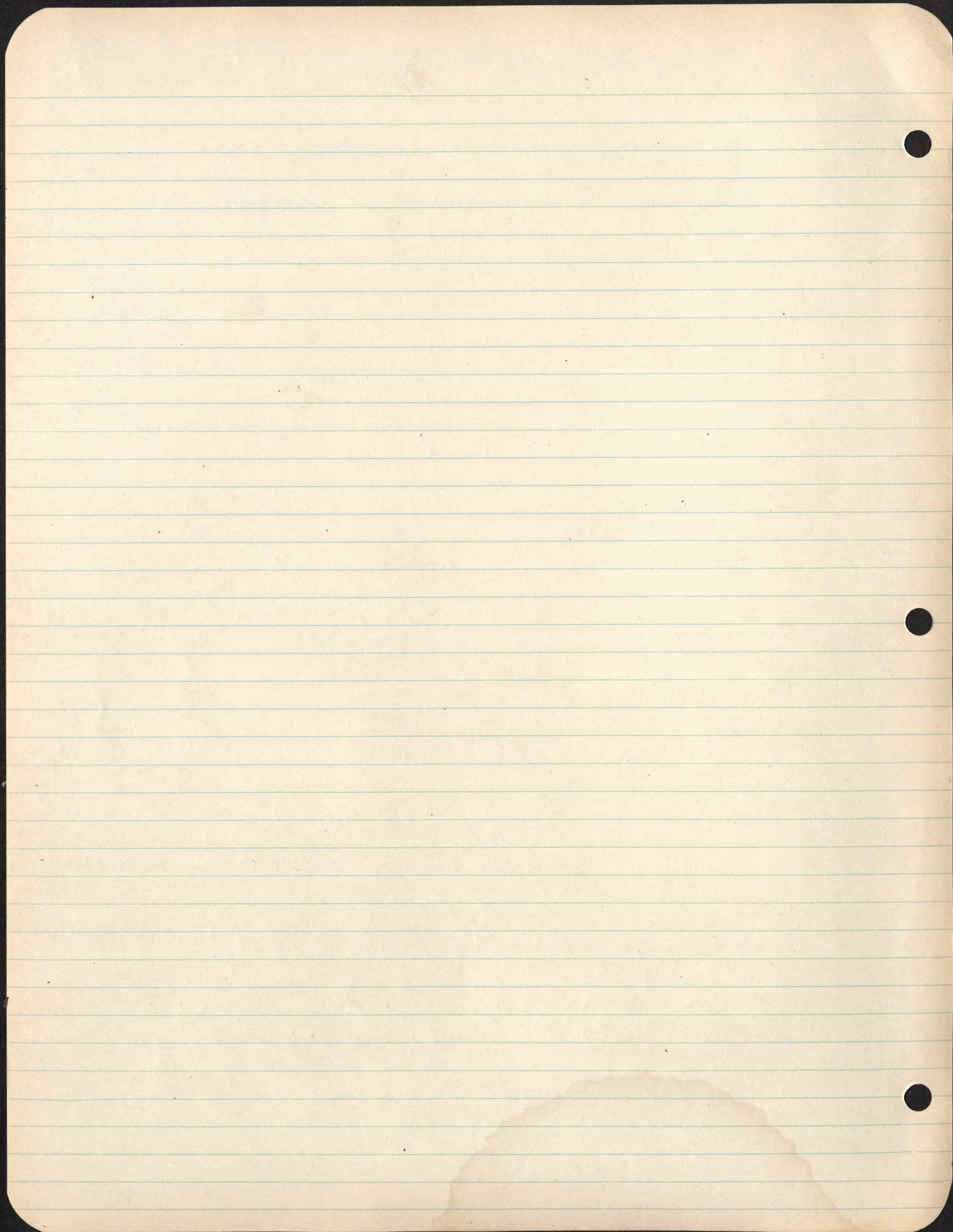
M. onimus Dawson

Cap. flaviventris Stanwell in Bulli; Narrango,
Casino; Barron Tetr; Brook Ey.

Nyctinomus australis Cudal; Musselbrook; E Cards,
Taree Dist; Wentworth; Casino; Wittigong; Mudgee (M 1151)

N. flaviceps Wanganga + Nepean Tetr (Rivers)

N. nyctinomus Smithfield, Syd.; Gosford.



Chaerophorus p. colonicus ^{Mr} Burkellum; 8 mi S. Mt Isa.
New
Oct 27 (cont'd from before the freezing notes).

Spent all Oct 26 at work on register & most
of today. Expect to leave for U.S. at 11:59 pm.

P.S. About 4 o'clock who should come into the
Museum but Bob Miller, the ichthyologist
of the Amherstland Expedition. It turns out
that we are going out on the same plane
tomorrow. He will stop off at Honolulu to
visit friends.

G. H. H. Tate

1948

ARR. SYDNEY OCT. 25
(MONDAY)

IN SYDNEY

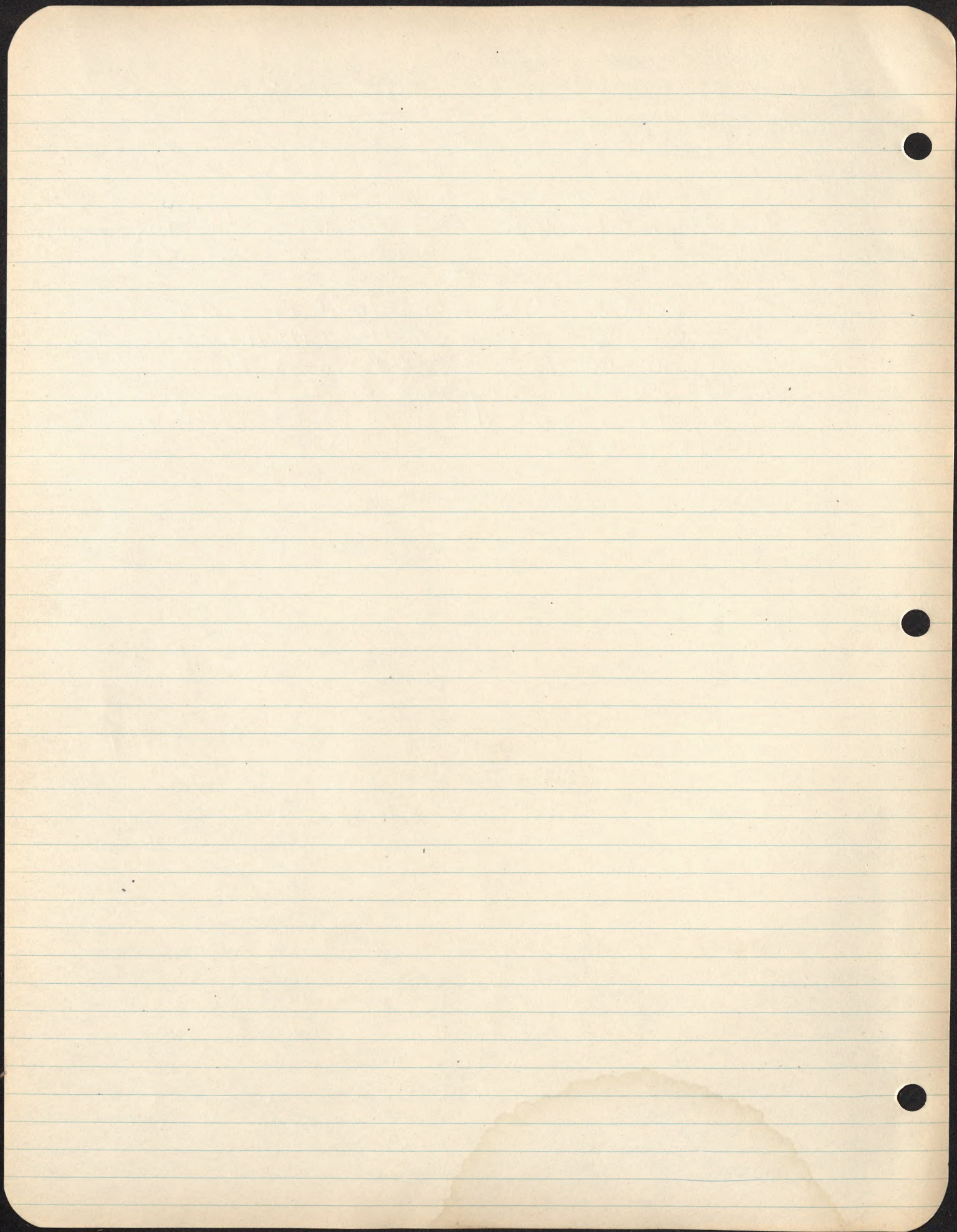
OCT. 25 - 27
(MON.) (WED.)

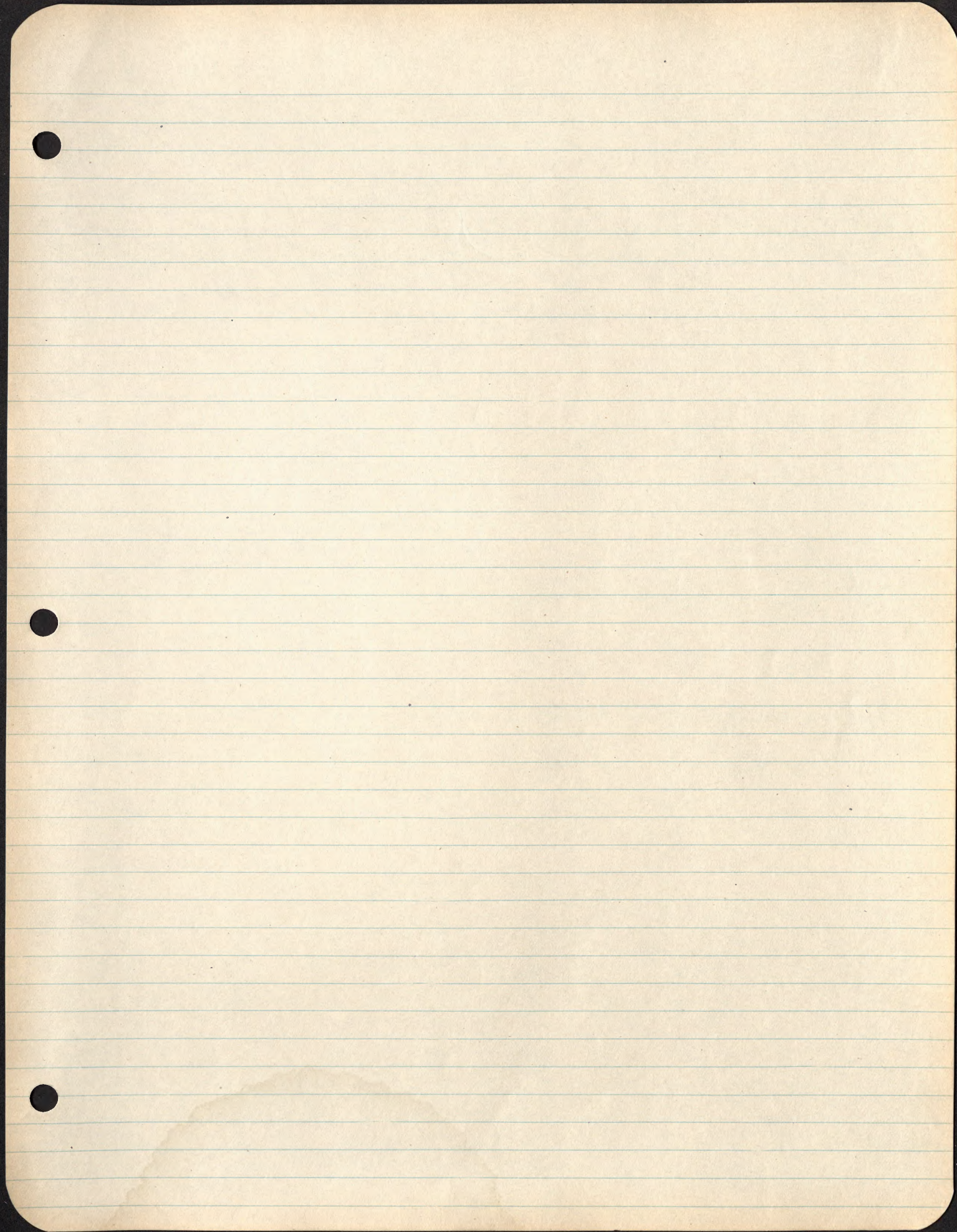
TO U.S.A. 11:59 P.M.
WED.

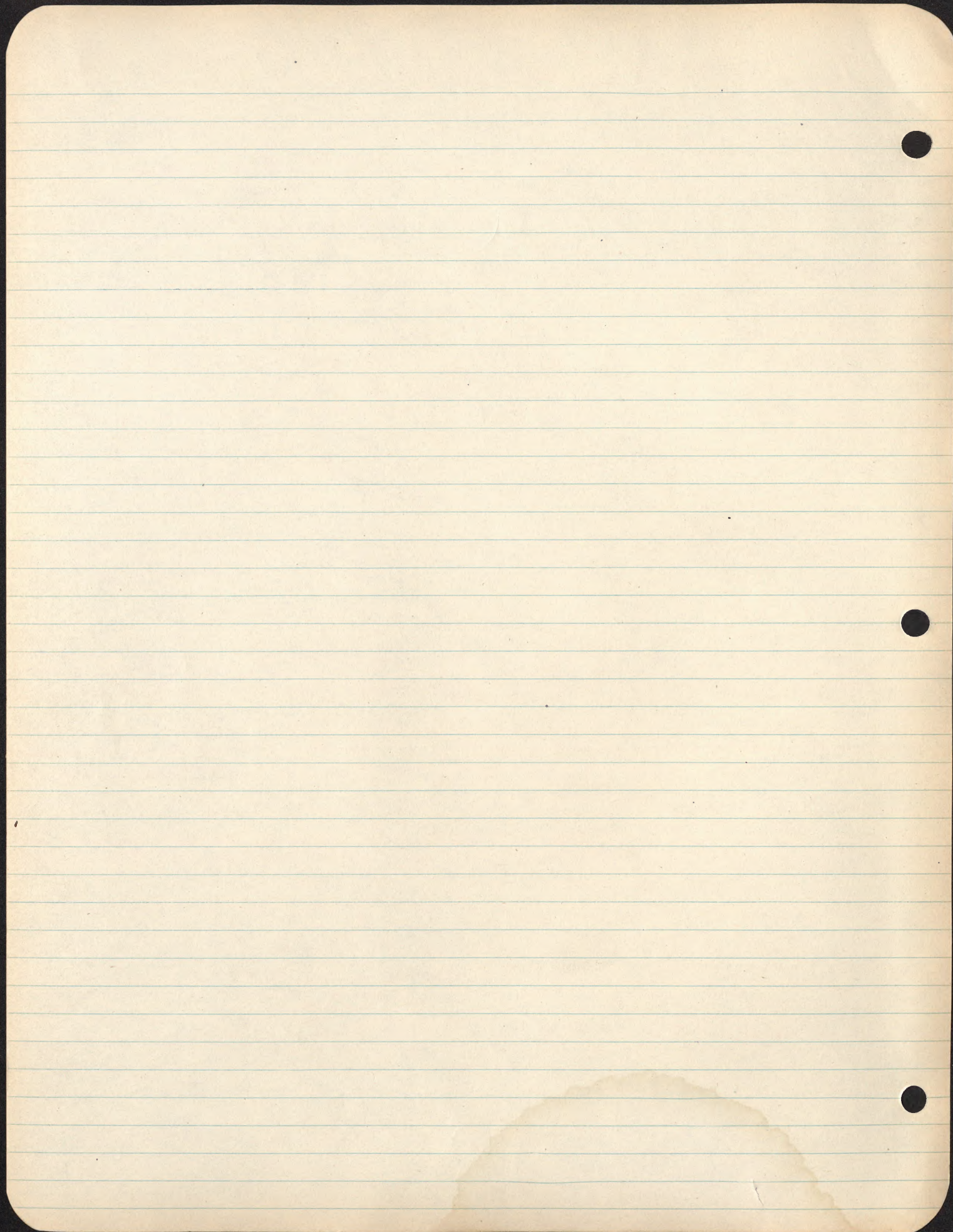
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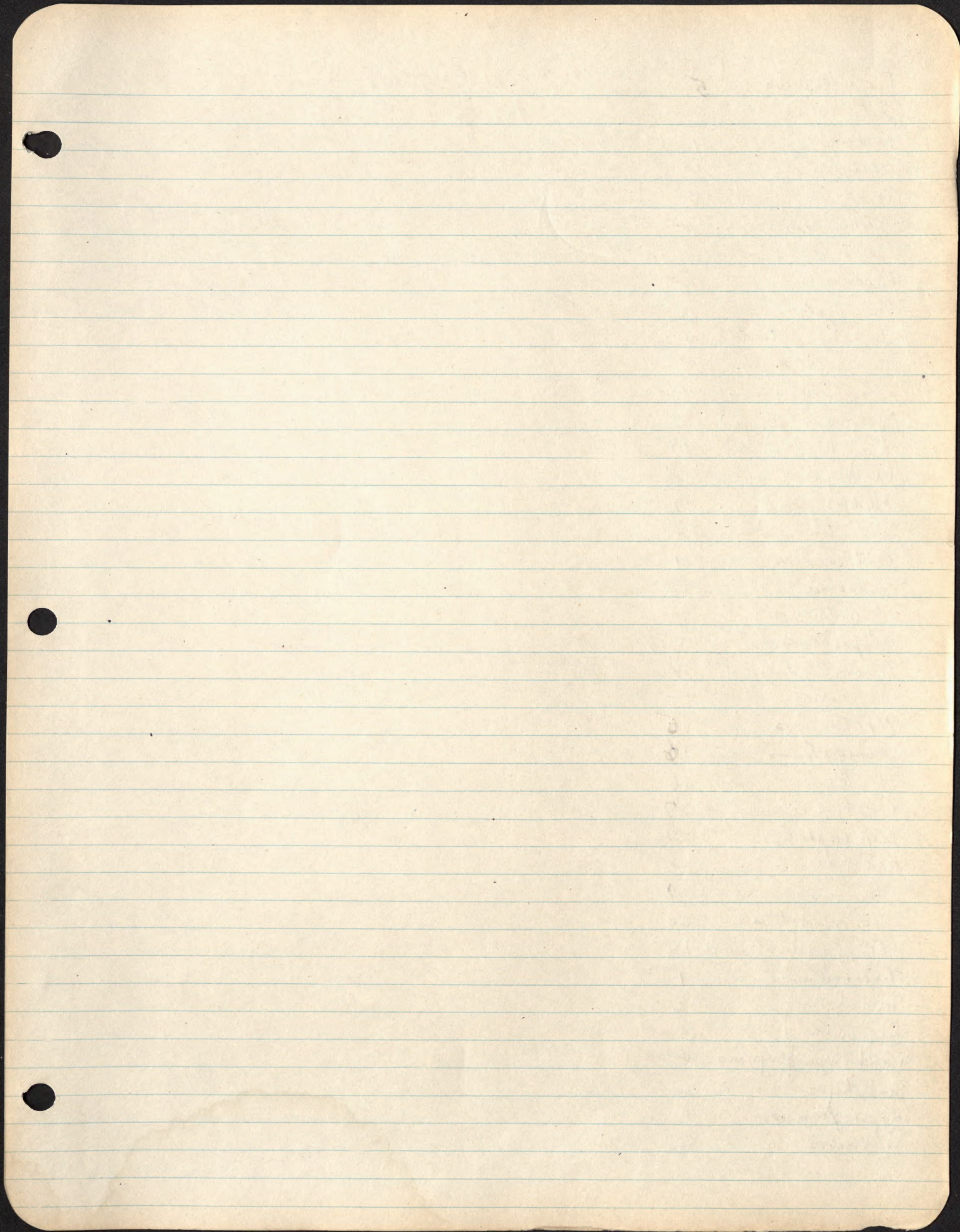
AUST. MUS. CATALOGUE

(no mention of
photographs)









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1

Tritosurus

One at Werlock farm tree cut down by natives. Searched
more at Brum's Creek. Six others shot at Werlock - all
in open forest.

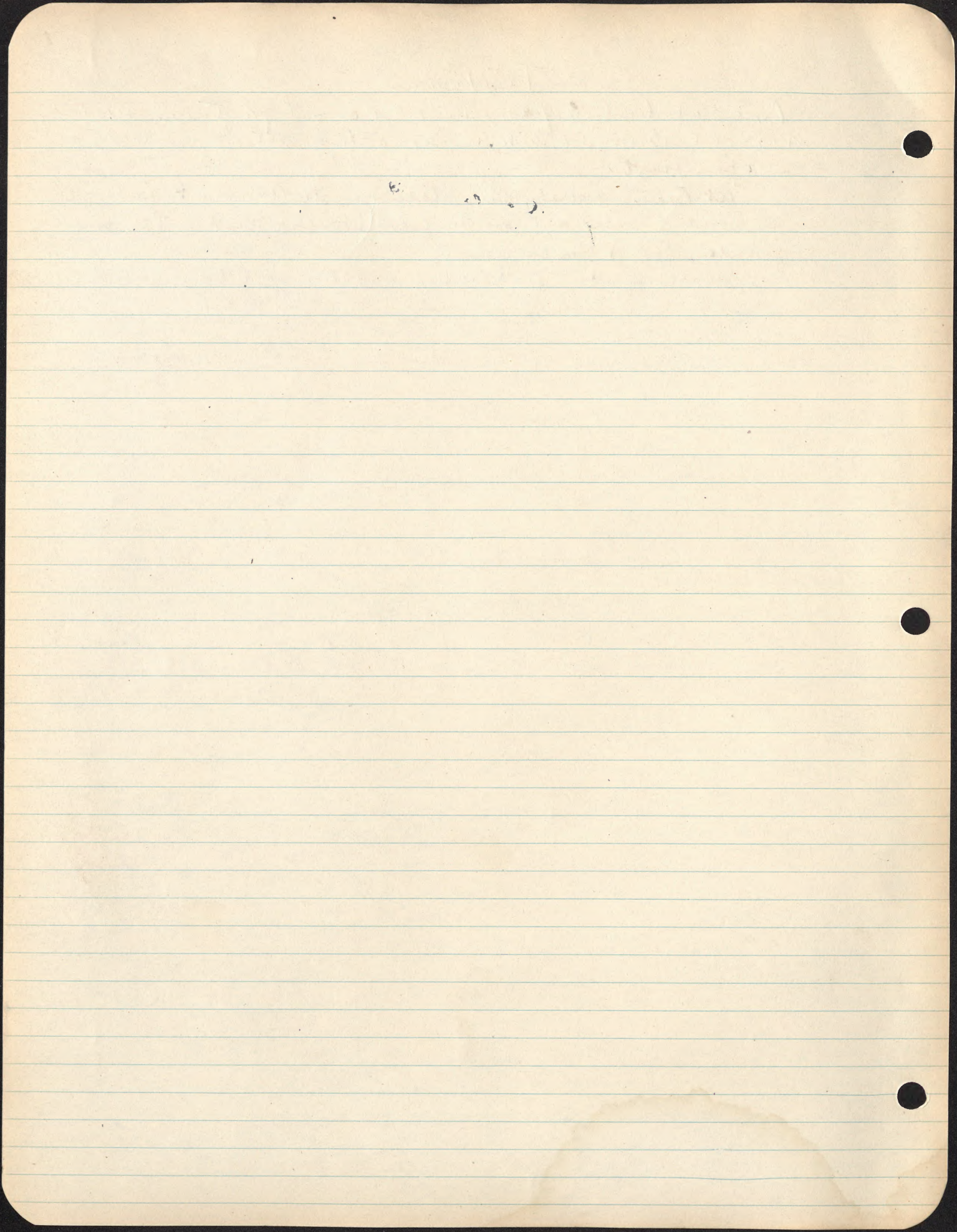
At Coen several were taken in the Armbrust paddock
at about 8 miles out on the Coen-Werlock Road. The one
female had 1 pouch young.

Shot one at "The Bend", another at Abergoolah.

One seen by Buff in Lewis's store at Cocktown

One shot by Kow behind Hotel, Cocktown.

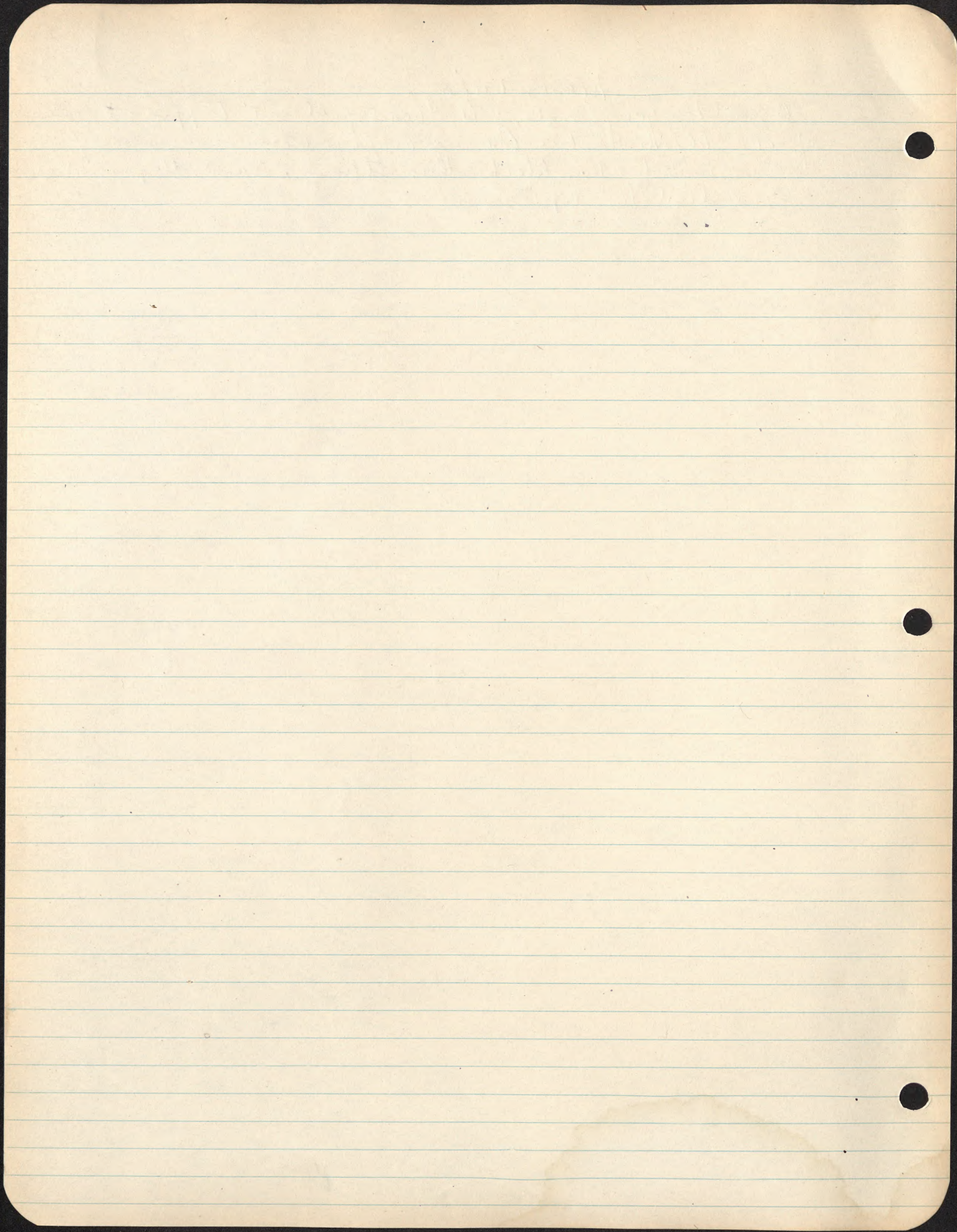
Two shot by me at McLeod's Escape Station, N.W. of Mt Spurgeon



Mesembryomys

A rather young male of this beautiful rat trapped at base of old bloodwood tree (one of the few which have survived fires) at Brown's Creek. Morton knew them. Said they did not extend to "Tip" (Cocktown, 10 mi),

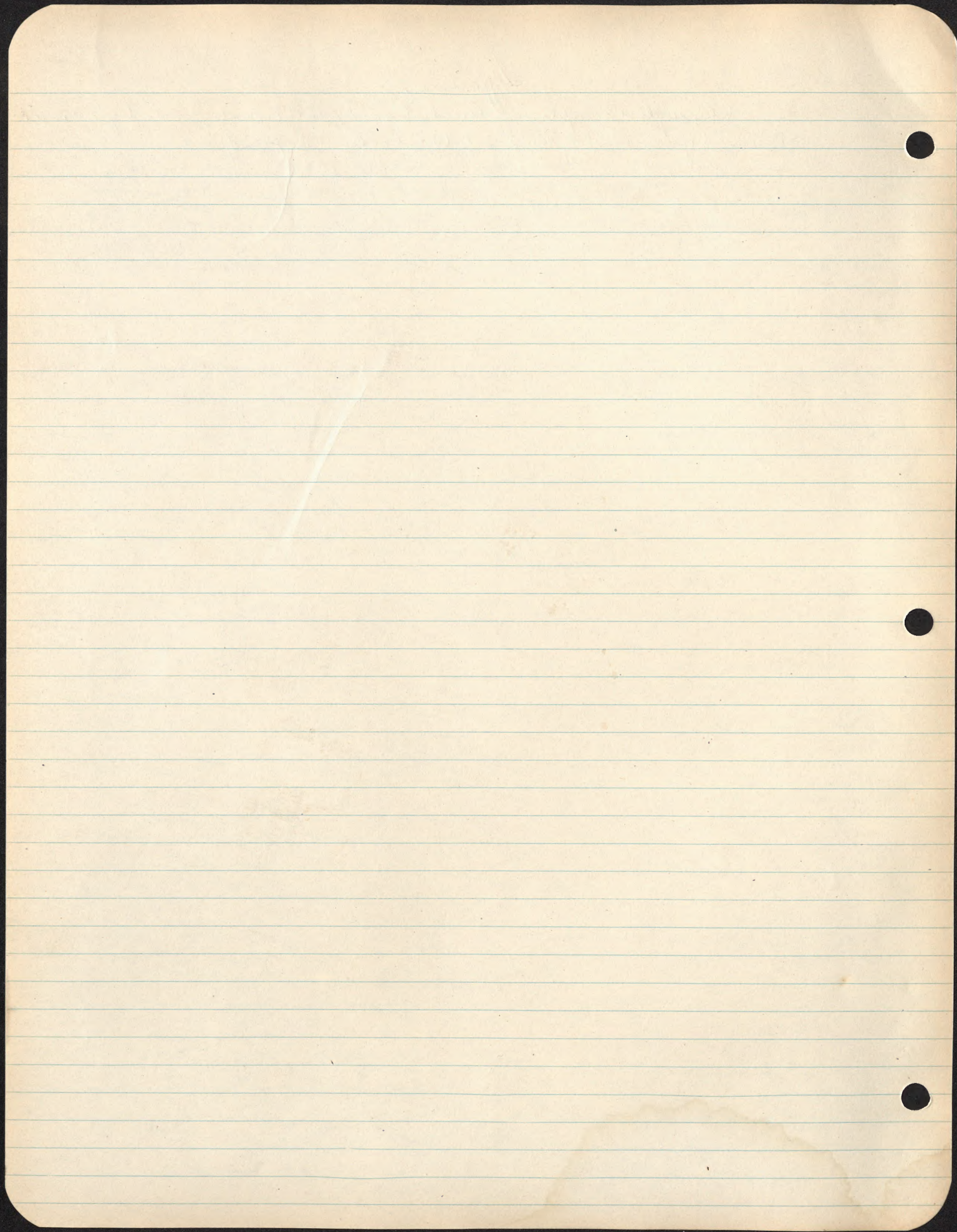
The Seagen family claimed to know this animal



Legadira.

A single example of *Australis* *trivittata* found by G. M. Tate
under log near lagoons at Winlock in open forest.

Two found in shallow burrows in fallow peanut field,
under piled stumps of false iron at Seapen farm, 10 mi out
on Coklam - Lema RR.

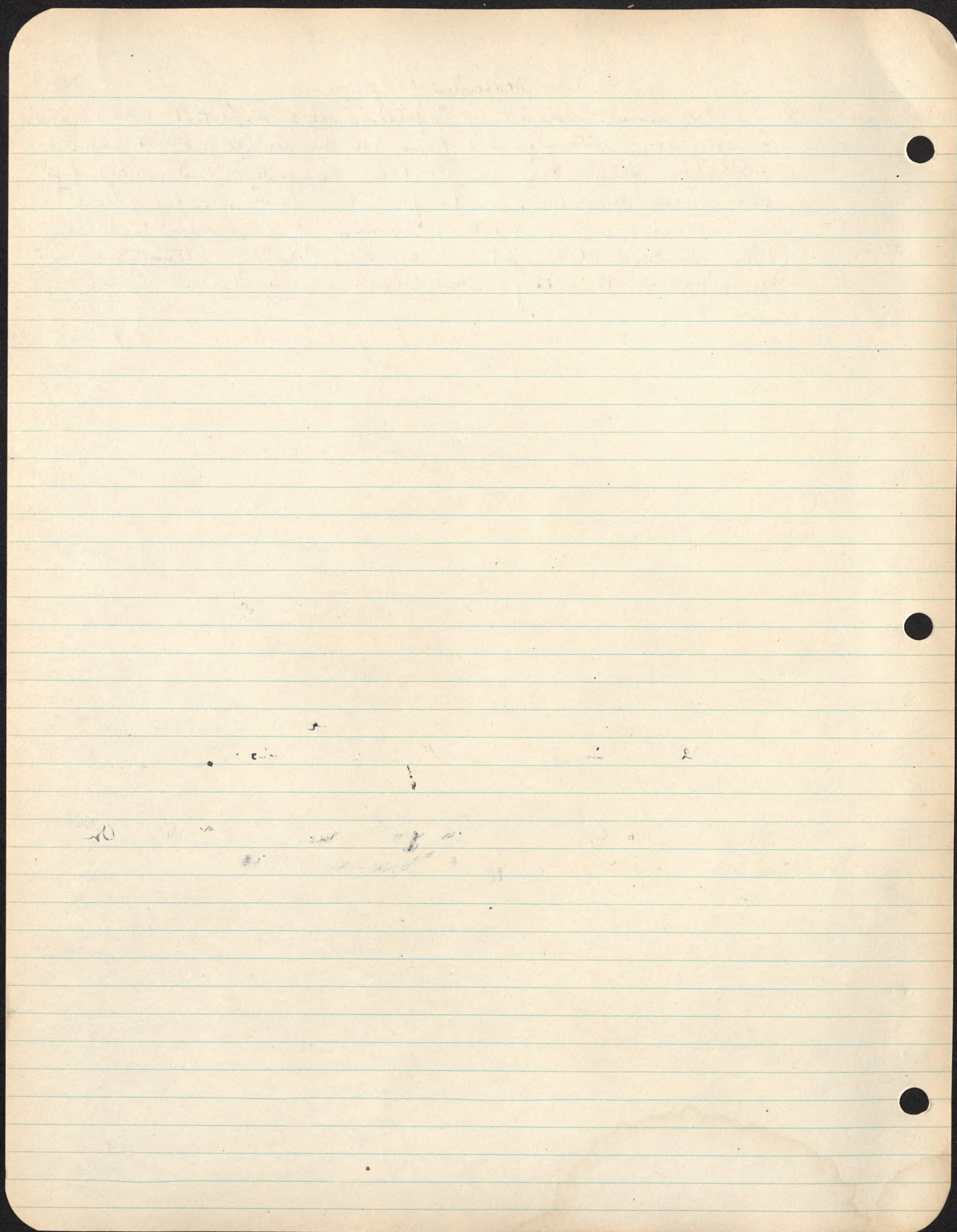


4

Pseudocheirus peregrinus.

A small series of Captain Cook's Ringtail was obtained - chiefly on "string-bark trees" - in the Arboretum paddock 7-8 miles from Eden on the Eden-Wenlock Road. All but one were females. The females had most of them a pouch young. The presence of this ring tail so far north of Corvatom is especially interesting. It is also noteworthy that this Pseudocheirus lives in "open forest".

One shot in "box" plain (open forest), MacLeod-Escape Junction, NW of Mt Spurgeon.



Tachyglossus

None taken until Iron Range, though they were reported at the tip as being moderately common on the crests of the scrub covered iron-stone ridges (200 ft). Tom Hollands stated he once came upon a group of four or five.

One was dug from a 2" way hole beneath a very large ^{rain} forest tree at the edge of a shallow gully. Another was caught in the hollow base of a rain forest tree wedged in a cavity but had scarcely burrowed down at all.

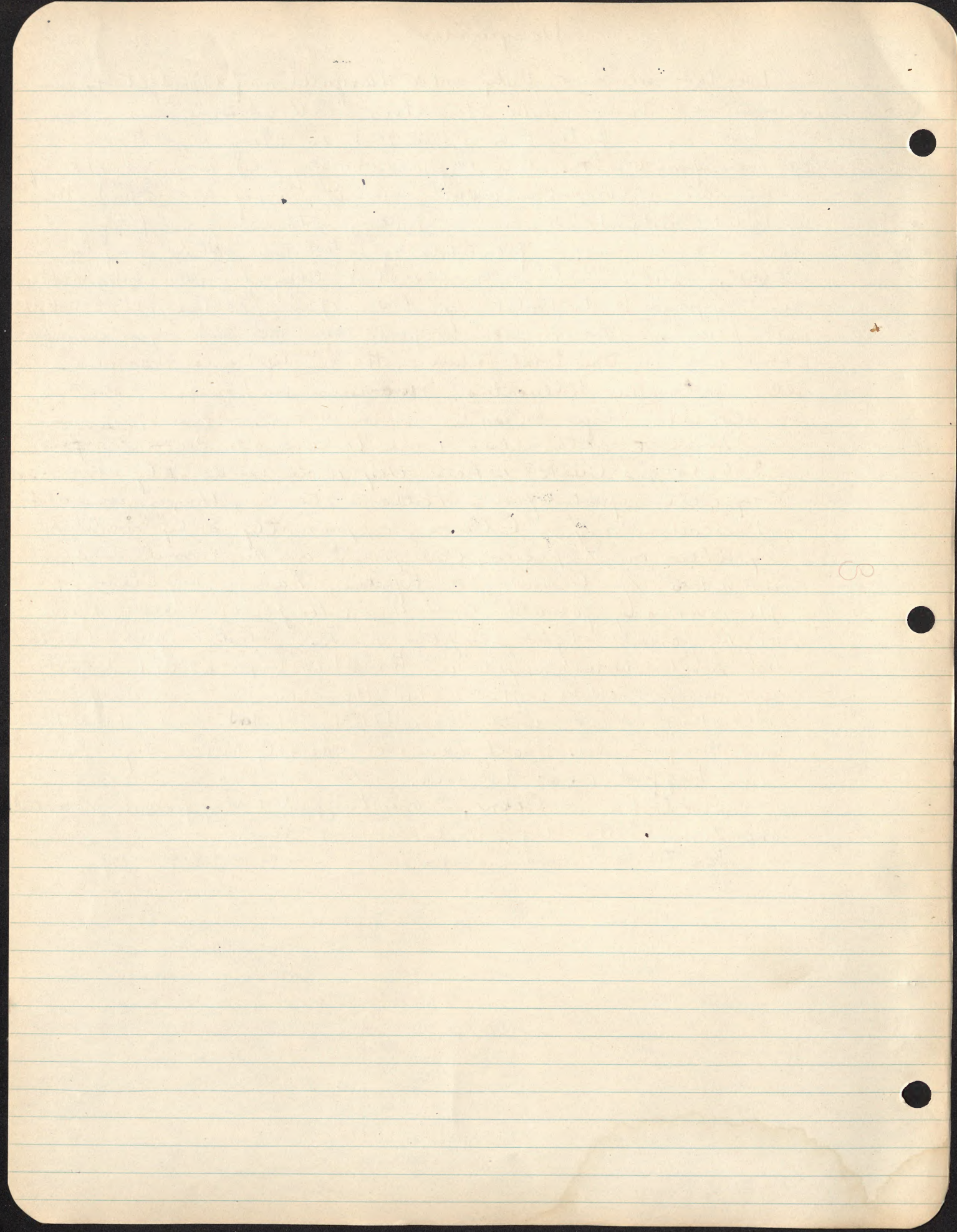
A third was found by Van Pat at Iron Range Air Strip entangled with wire netting. A fourth was spotted by Van at night (when hunting with the light). It looked at first like a hummock of weeds. It did not move ~~but~~ ^{and} was readily caught. The fifth was brought in by a native.

The platysma muscles are enormously developed and the bases of the spines are so deeply embedded in it that the muscle can be only imperfectly preserved when skinning the animal. There is no external ear - only a large meatus - yet large internal cartilages indicate the former presence of external cartilages.

Another was found for Queensland Mus by a dog close to the Iron Range Air Strip, & still another was picked up by my boy Roy in open forest at Iron Range upon a rather bare hillside. ~~Van~~ ^{for} George Nankervis found a small one in open country at Wenlock.

One picked up at night at Wenlock a few yards from Batawi R.

One shot by Van on Mt Finnigan at night at 2800 ft. One found crossing road by Jeff at Finnigan, 1300 ft.



oo

oo

We have seen no truly wild dasyurus (May 19). Yet these animals at Tunis make themselves quite at home with man. They live among the timbers of the R. I. P. wharf & feed on left over fish bait. One (purchased by me) was caught by having an overcoat thrown over it. They are said to inhabit abandoned army huts, stacks of empty kerosine drums, & particularly to like old empty stores. Dick Hollands insisted they fed on cockroaches. They appear to inhabit ~~low~~ low, open forest; not scrub or rain forest. The male brought by me had eyes which shone well. The total taken in the "Tip" area was four - all Satanellus hallucatus. Two were in houses, one in an old iron barge stranded on the shore.

The next Satanellus were taken at ~~San Diego~~ ^{San Diego} and Brown's Creek where they were moderately common. They were reported from Portland Roads, though we did not secure any. Claws, apparently only matched by their own species, were found in the storerooms - also remains of lizard, centipede, lizards, vegetation. The normal formula is 4-4=8; the pouch color of a virgin female light purplish pink. At Brown's Creek two males were caught in two steel traps attached to a common stake. How? Did the second attack the first trapped one with cannibalistic intent and himself get caught also. Both were considerably bitten by morning. Van trapped one at Werlock.

Two taken at Coen, - one trapped (very poor & emaciated) one from hollow log 8 miles n.w. of Coen.
Two trapped on bare open forest hillsides at Helwale.
One at Black Mountain,

Handwritten notes in a cursive script, appearing to be a list or a set of instructions. The text is written in dark ink on a light-colored, lined page. The notes are arranged in a single line across the middle of the page. The handwriting is somewhat difficult to decipher due to its cursive style and the fading of the ink. The notes appear to be: "1. ... 2. ... 3. ... 4. ... 5. ... 6. ... 7. ... 8. ... 9. ... 10. ...".

Cuscuses.

7

(maculatus)

At the "tip" spotted Cuscus, was only moderately common. We never got a fully adult male. The eyes shine brilliantly. The animals in habit scold, rarely venturing out into "four". (orientalis)

No gray cuscuses found at the "tip".

Iron Range proved to be ~~rich~~ rich in Spotted Cuscuses. An excellent series of all steps in both sexes was secured.

Three brown (gray) cuscuses were collected at Iron Range. The Spotted Cuscuses were eating the fruit of the Leichart Tree, Nauclea of the Rubiaceae

Spotted Cuscuses were apparently rarer at the western side of the scrub: only 2 were collected.

Two brown cuscuses shot by Van at Shephard's Battery Site, Peach River; also others taken by Don Vernon at same place. Pouch young in ♀♀.

Stupid possum, Dactylopsila.

8

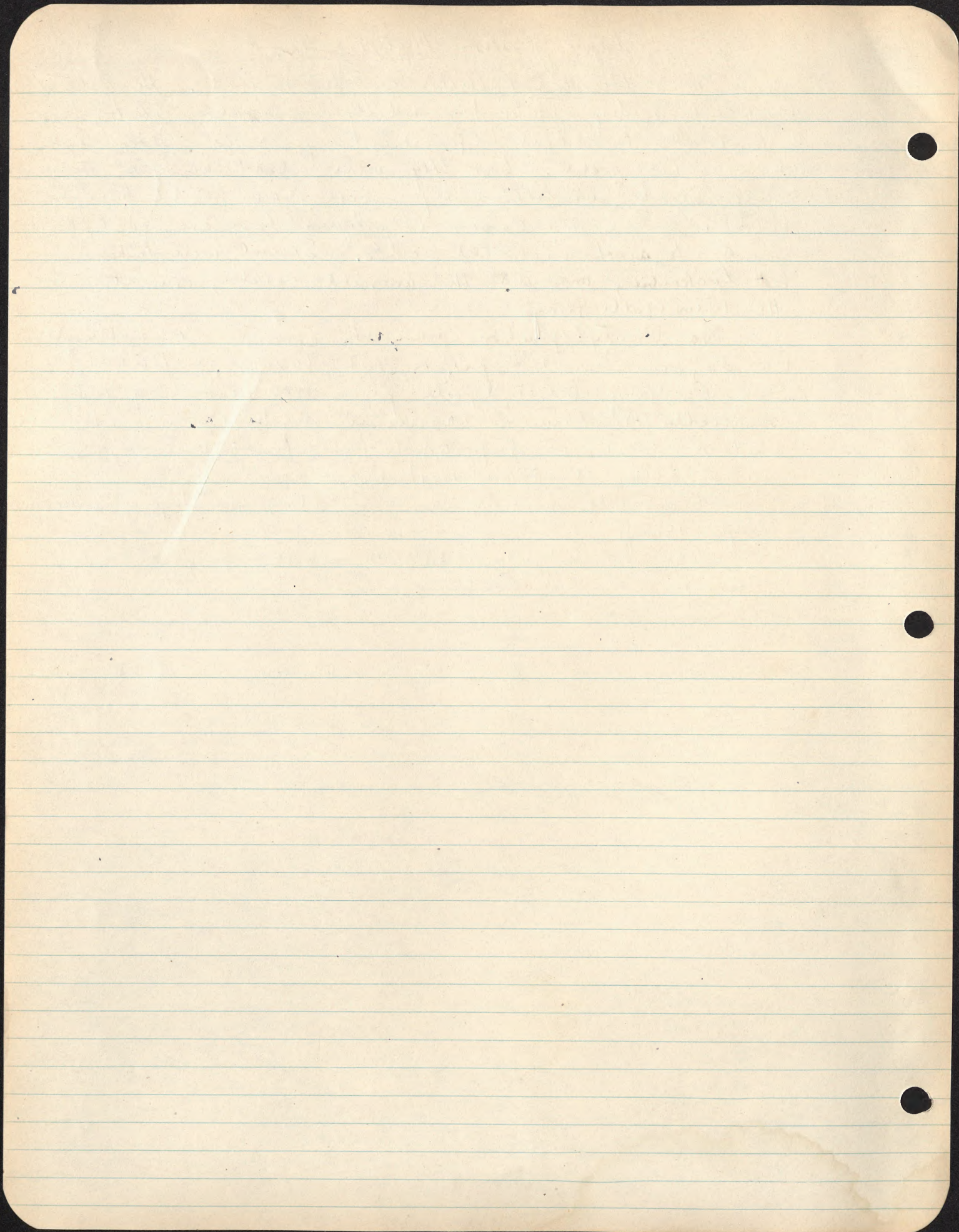
Van was the real collector of this animal. He sat all we took but patiently waiting in small scrubs for the animals to reveal themselves by noises. Their eyes stare rather well. As they were also taken in the "big scrub", it seems they prefer rain forest to open forest. In some cases they must have crossed open forest to ^{reach} such isolated scrubs. Several were taken at Lockerie, one at the sawmill scrub, one at the Newcastle Bay.

No Dactylopsila was discovered at Portland Roads, or Iron Range, or Mt Tozer, or Woreck

A young Dactylopsila given Mrs Dixon by Miss Gabrielle Neutäuser, was raised by the former. The mother, star, is reported to have been taken a few miles below the town on the Coen River.

One adult shot by Van near "Mango Tree" top of McDermott Range - 1800 ft.

One shot in river scrub (border of river in open forest) at Helensvale, 20 mi. S. Cookton.

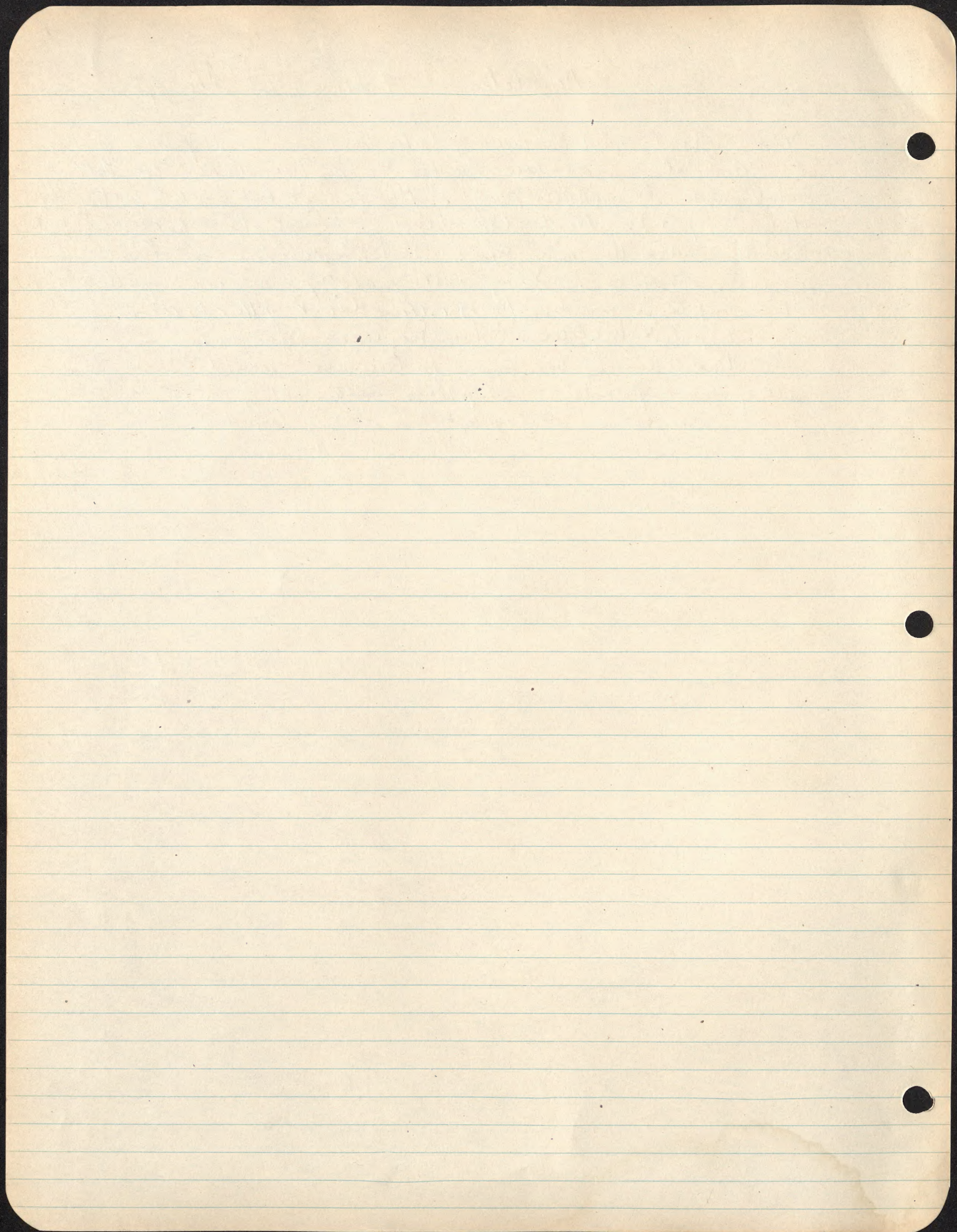


Acrotatus - Feather-tail ^{Hyis} Phalanger.

Van first saw the eyes + later the white underparts of this tiny animal in a flowering bloodwood tree behind the belt of scrub at Newcastle Bay. He shot it but could not find it (at night). Next day hunting for it he shot a carpet snake under the same tree. The snake had an Acrotatus in its stomach. X-ray will probably show lead pellets inside. This capture marks the northern limit of the species.

Reported to occur at Iron Range in open forest.

One taken by Don Vernon for Queensland Mus. (♂) in the gallery flood forest at Shephard's Bathing Site, 800 ft, on Peel River. Caught in rat trap at base of very large tree.



10

Sugar Fly of Palmyra - Pitcairnia hirsuta.

None of these were found at Lockerbie; but Van & I each shot one ^{at night} feeding in flowering bloodwood trees behind Newcastle Baly. One had 2 young in the pouch.

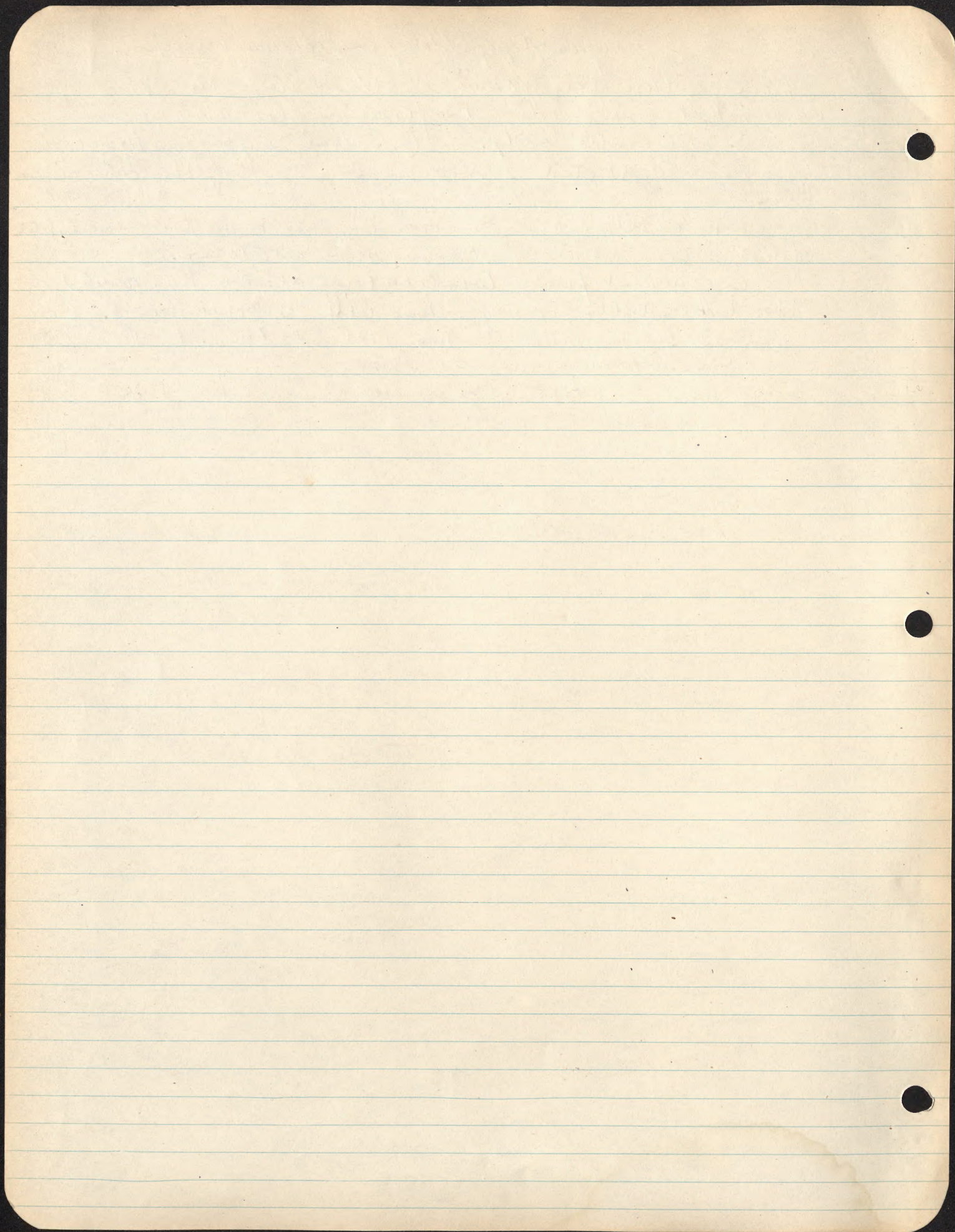
Van collected 2 more at the mouth of the Larradunga River.

at Portland Roads one was shot in low eucalyptus forest; none at Iron Range; none at Tozer.

A juvenal from Wenlock (in alcohol: no. 11046); also two adults, one of them with 2 pouch young. One seen at Archer River. Two shot at Coen.

Said to be found at Laura.

One at Shipton's Glens, Mt Finnigan, 1000 ft.
Two at Aldubury Sta (25 mi., Cockburn-Laura RR)



Dingo
of Lockhartie

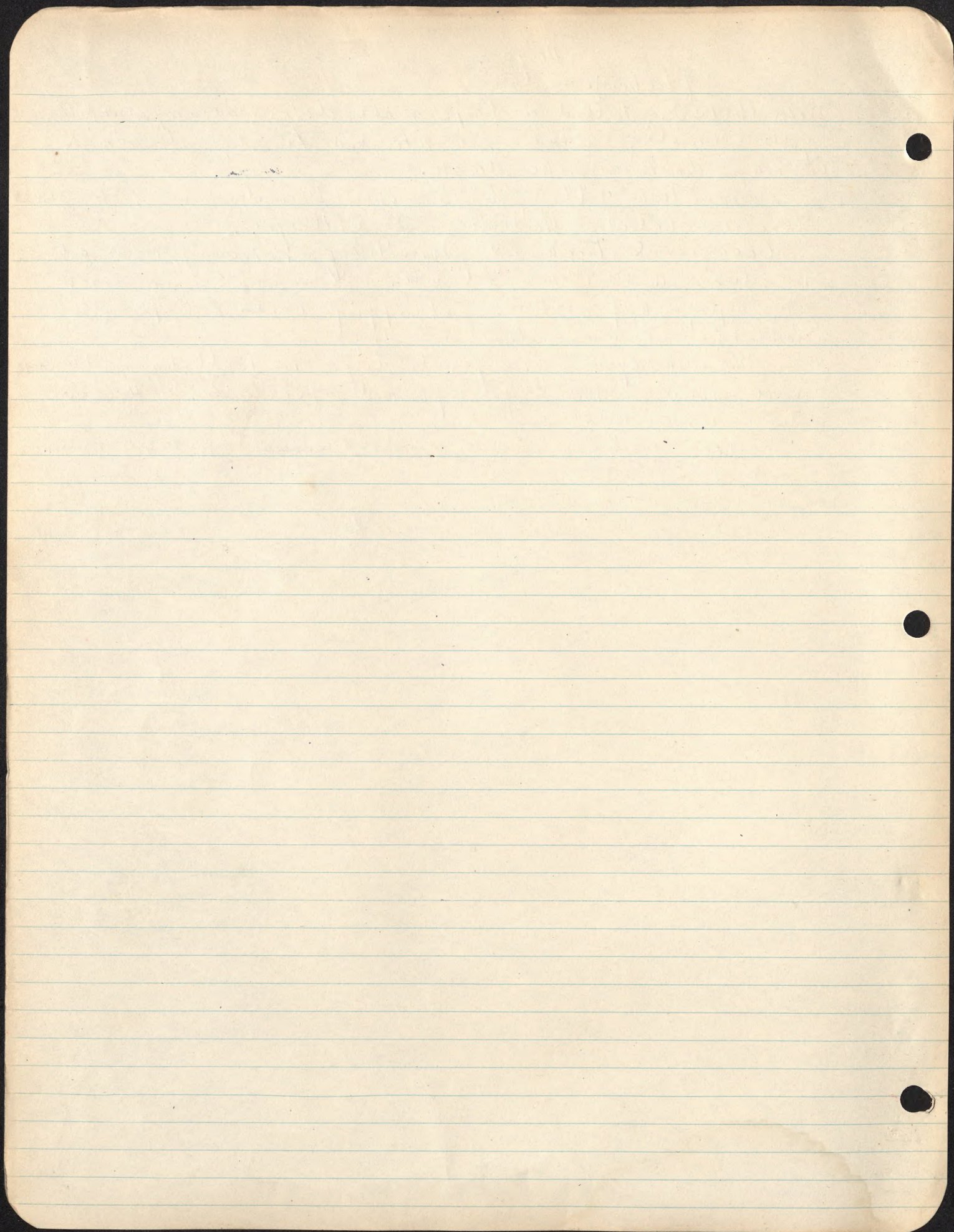
Dick Hollands, killed a large male dingo, accompanied by a yellow female, which had attacked his dog. He said it was dark along the track.

I saw two yellow dingos, one 10 miles nw of Tomsville, the other between Herberton and Chillope.

Occasional tracks at Iron Range, many more at Mt Tozer and Brown's Creek. One was seen crossing the Flying Strip at I.R. Trapping with 8-trap sets caught native cats but not dingos.

Van trapped a fine female dingo on wallaby at Warlock also saved skulls of 2 poisoned specimens. He saw two at Arden River.

One seen from train, Laura-Cooktown, about 20 miles out of C.



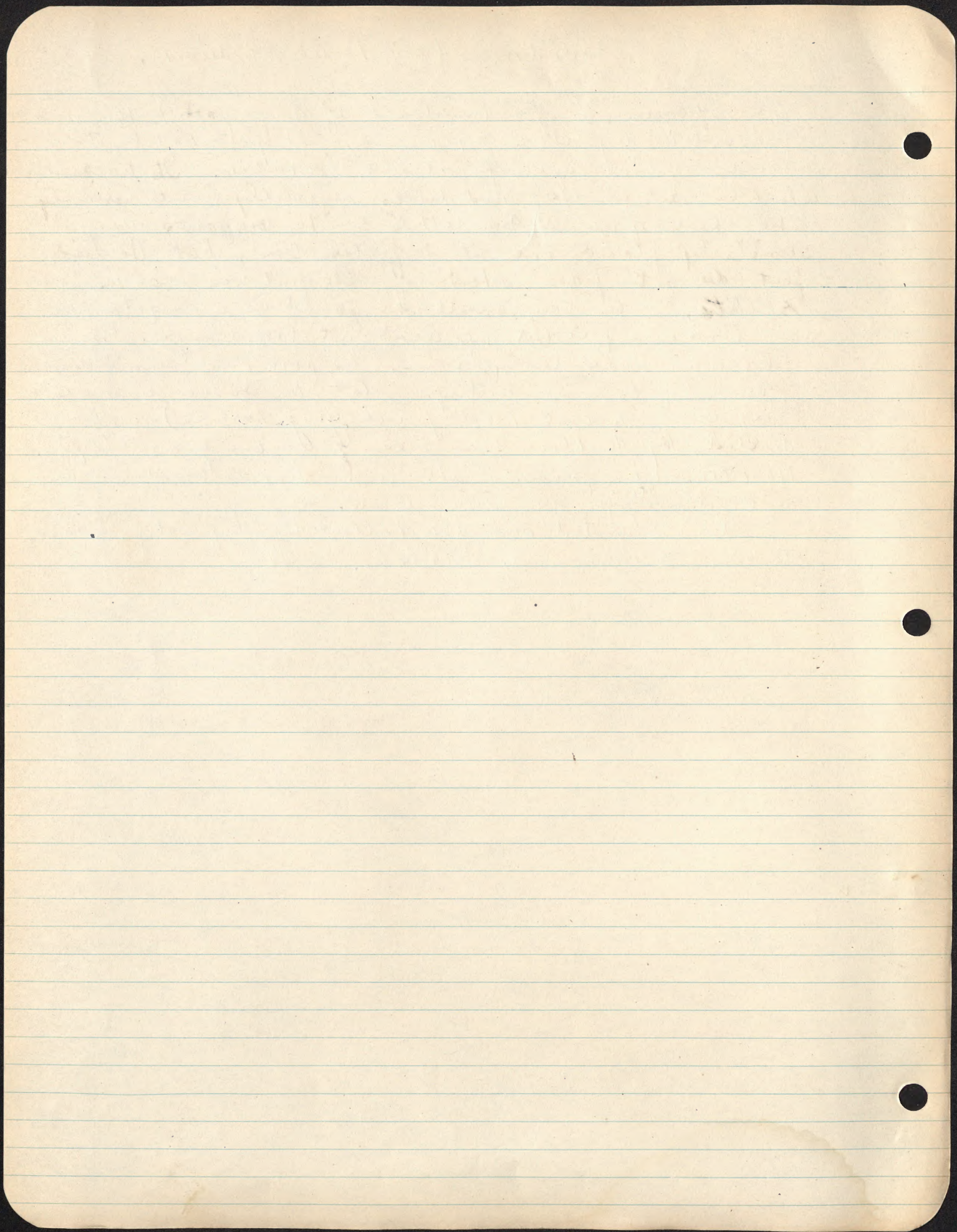
12

Isodon - broad-headed bandicoot.

The species, I. pennsylvanicus (if any good!) is represented by 4-5 specimens. They inhabit the grasses of the open forest at Lockyerbie. Its tracks, which I saw on the sand dunes repeatedly, are curiously like those of our N. Am. rabbits. The forepaws are similarly placed one ahead of the other, but the hind feet do not pass ahead of the front ones as in rabbits. A very small one found in a carpetsnake.

One was picked up dead at Iron Range. Its color was pale rusty brown. A foot of a second was found by Van in a trap. At Mt Tozer a single very young animal (not pouch young however) was killed by the blow of an axe of one of our "boys". No other was seen. The remains of a bandicoot in a crow's ~~crop~~ ^{stomach} at Brown's Creek.

One hunted out of a hollow log by a dog & shot, taken 8 mi. n.w. of Coen.



Macopus ayalis

Abundant, the stamping of the feet often heard, but, due to the very long grass at Lockerbie, hard to see — even with a hunting light at night. On the other hand in the short grass country by the Jardine River I stone their eyes easily.

I found no sign of the related M. uellebatus at the "lip".

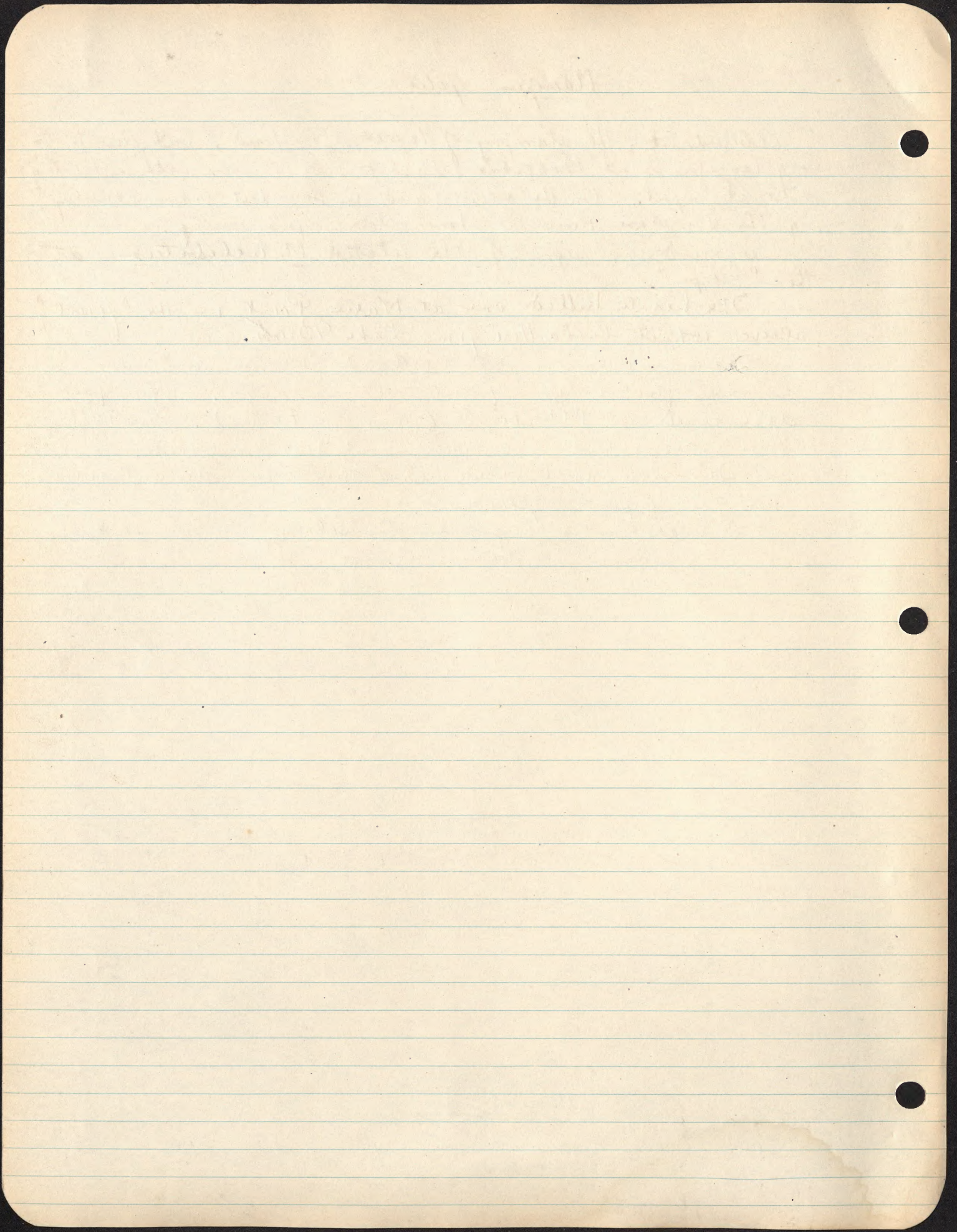
The hunter killed one at Namu Point in the "forest" slieve which leads there from Lake Brock.

It was common at Portland Roads and in the small pockets of "forest" at Inverkeithing. No specimen discovered at Mt Toser (and no tracks). Two tracks + two seen but not taken, at Psomio Creek.

Two males at Wullock. Two seen a few miles outside Coen, their hip stripes conspicuous.

One shot at Abergooleah had ~~silvery~~ pitted work.

" found up at Greenhills, Co. Down.



Thylagal stigmaticus

The northern "race" (?) coxeni is not uncommon in the scrub growing on the iron-stone ridge (200 feet) above Lookerby. One was picked up dead on the road close to the R. I. P. creek. Another was shot in the scrub at Naru Point camp.

Both at Portland Roads and Iron Range specimens were collected. A single one at Mt Tozer in the scrub of the West Claudie River.

Two in Mt Finnigan scrub, 1100 ft.

Faint, illegible handwriting at the top of the page, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.

Rattus leucopus group

Extremely common in the scrubs on the limestone ridges at Leticubie and at the sawmill 2 miles to the NE. Rare at Nam Point camp - even in the scrubs. Not found at the Jardine River camp even in the low limestone ridge (in fact not scrub).

Old animals have a strongly rusty color, possibly due to accumulations from the limestone in the channeled dorsal spines.

Denials have the nannary formula 1-2=6.

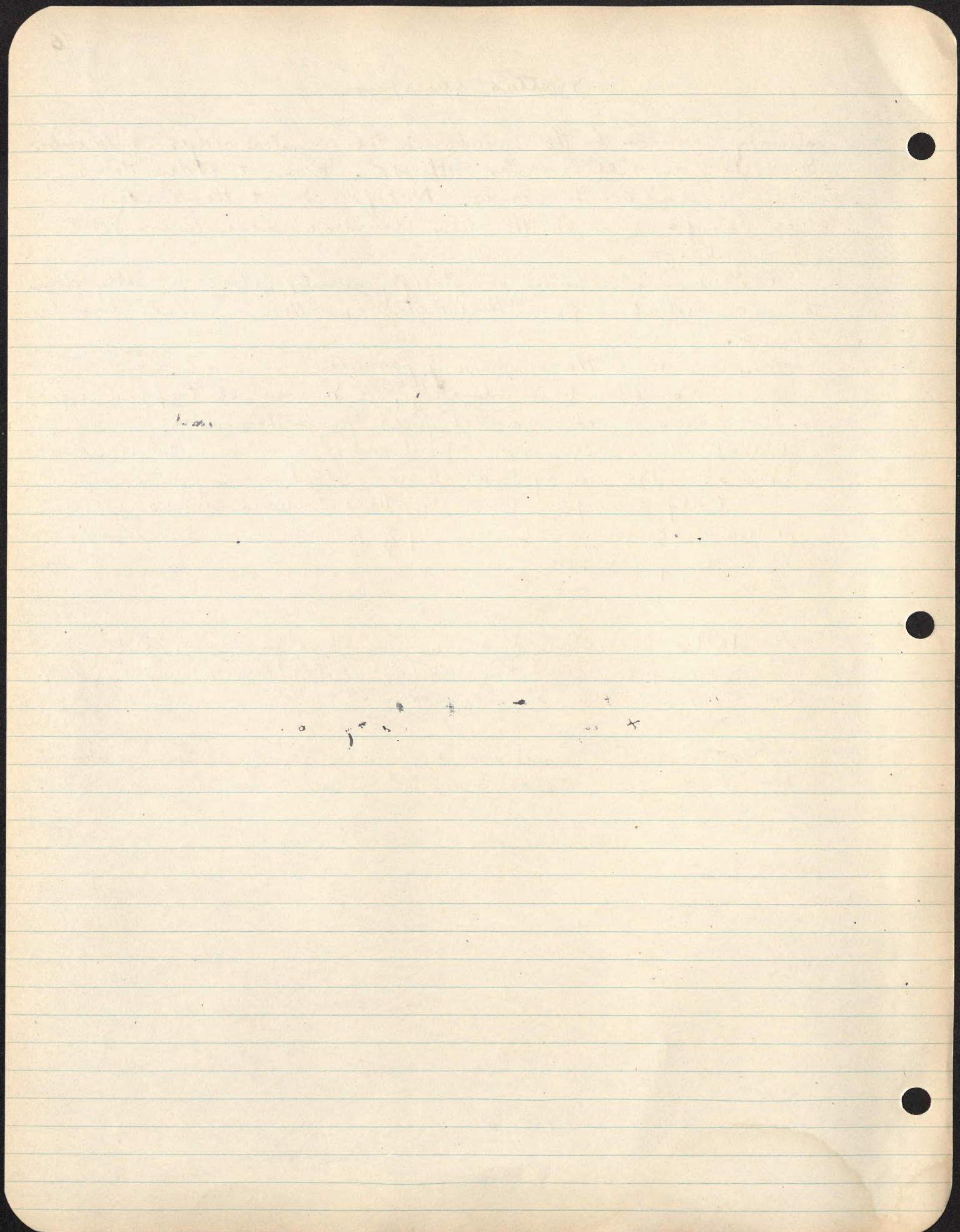
Animals climb moderately, and can be trapped up on logs as much as 4 feet from the ground.

Much less common at Iron Range and Portland Roads. The rusty color of limestone no longer reticulate.

Only a couple taken in the Mt Tozer scrubs, where it was scarce. One only at Brown's Creek, where it is very rare.

Rattus l. conatus taken in numbers in Rocky Scrub, 1500ft east of at Camp Over Pocket (west fall of McIlwraith Range). Two at Shepherd's Bath, Sibi, Peck R.

Rattus conatus Large series of near topotypes from scrubs of Mt Finigan, 700-3200 ft, 30 miles S. of Corktown.



Rattus near culmorum and festri.

(R. c. ~~sp.~~ ^{sp.} ~~Thomson~~)

Rare at the "tip". Its ^{habits} ~~habits~~ open grassy "forest". Has become slightly more plentiful in the clearing in the immediate vicinity of Lockyer's house.

Females have mammary formulae 3-3=12.

Males may grow very large - weight up to 1/2 lb. This species was not found at Newcastle Bay or at the Jardine River camp.

This must be rather a local rat, as several were taken at "Main Roads" camp, yet none in the grassland of Iron Range. None at Pattin roads. Three were collected at Iron Range Air Strip in savanna forest. Later we heard that this rat was becoming rather a pest around the Main Roads camp.

At Mt Tozer it was very rare. One at Brown's Creek. Rare there.

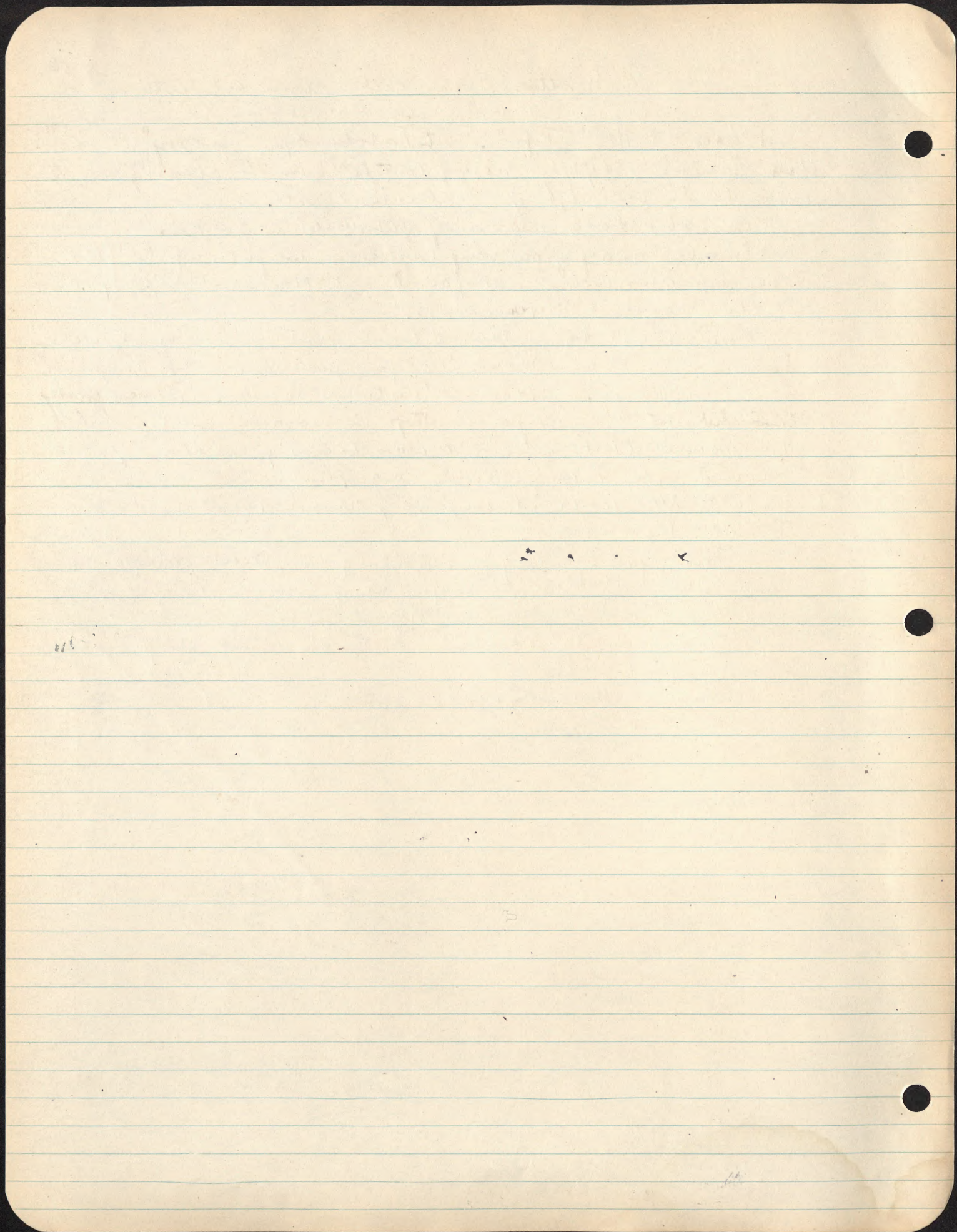
Found again ⁽²⁾ in long pass of Camp Over Pocket, 1500ft on west fall of McIlwraith Range, ne of Coen.

Two trapped at Musgrave Telegraph Station.

Two " " Shipton's Flats in "bladed pass", open forest.

Three at Helmore in open forest.

Three at Beagen's farm, 10 mi out of Cooktown



Melomys ~~australis~~ (?)

A common seasonally rain-forest rat at Lockerbie occasionally working out a little way into open "forest". Present also at Newcastle Bay where specimens were taken in the creeks (falling scrub) which cut through the dunes to the sea. None at the Tardine.

A possible second species was trapped by Van in the dune-binding dwarfed Callophyllum.

A similar species in the scrubs of Portland Roads & Inn Rye. It sometimes ventured out into grass country. At Mt Toxa a number were secured in the scrub. Only three taken at Brown's Creek (2 ♀).

At fair series collected at the McIlwraith Range, both east & west slopes.

At large series with foot 28-30 from west slopes of Mt Inimjan, 800-3200 ft.

One at Black Mountain

Examples of an unusually large rainforest Melomys found at Upper Nesbit R.

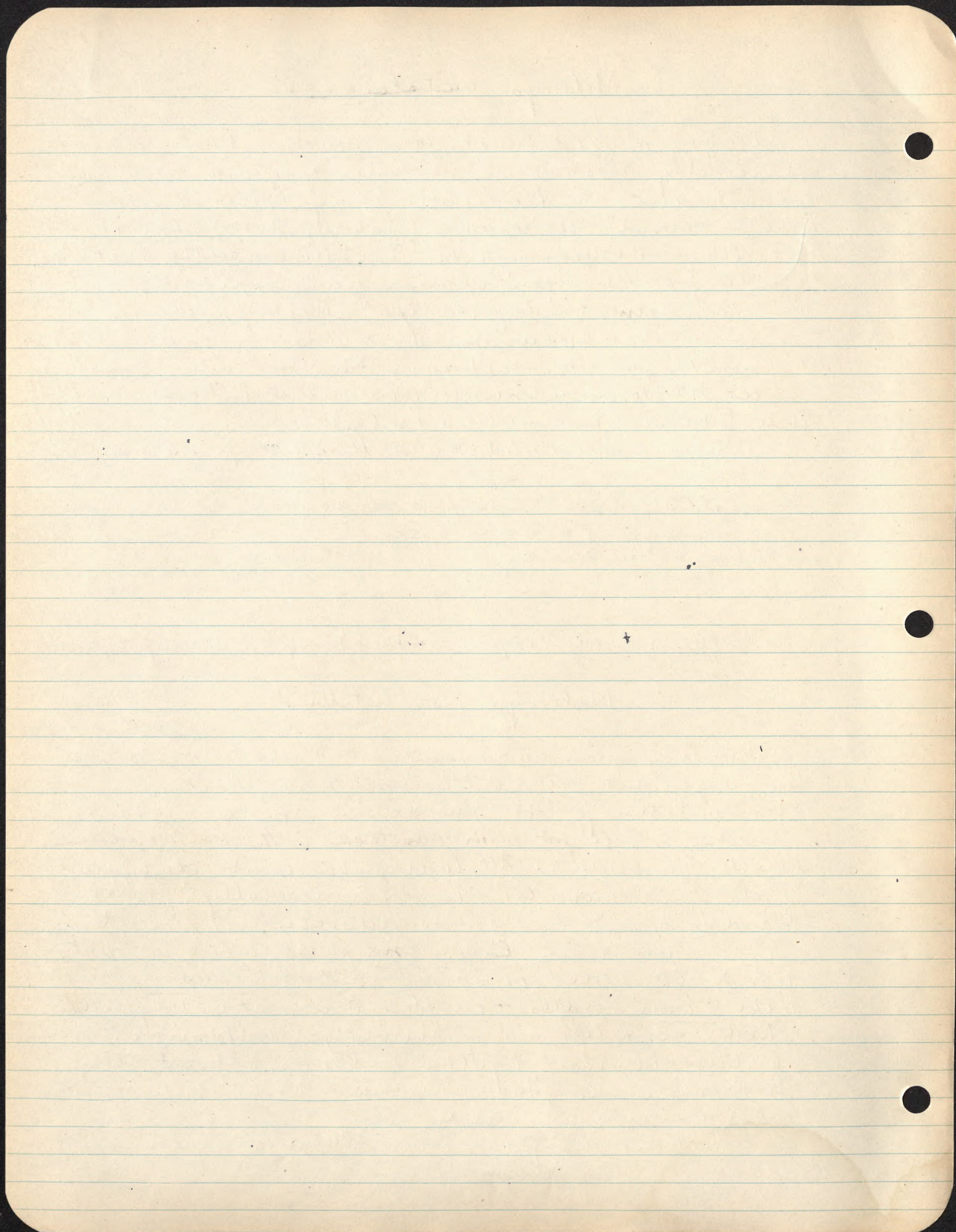
Melomys near laticrus.

This tiny species was found at Portland Roads & Inn Rye but not farther north, though it is a close relative of the New Guinea sp. It inhabits grasslands. A first series was taken in the Inn Rye Area. Another first series at Mt Toxa, also 6 at the upper parts of the mountain in "Pardon Sully" containing Pardalipus and low shrubs & grasses. It spread slightly into dwarf Casuarina forest where it sometimes used the cover formed by cast-off Casuarina needles. Like Pinus needles then formed a mat covering fallen sticks &c. & left many run-way-like openings. Some of these were used by this Melomys. Two or three at Brown's Creek. Two at Worelock; Two at Arthur R.; one at Cor - close to Worelock.

Four taken at Camp Oven Pocket, McIlwraith Range.

One at Aboyook

Series at Shipton's Flats: feet 24-26 mm.



Uromys caudimaculatus

The "white-tailed rat" was not rare in the scrubs of the limestone ridge at Lockerbie. One was taken by Van at Newcastle Bay among the limestone cliffs of Naru Point, where it probably fed on the seeds of Passodanus. It was partly isolated from the main scrub by $\frac{1}{4}$ mile of windswept, open, tussocky common.

Found to be fairly common in the Iron Range area. One was shot by Van at the Flying Ship about 100 feet out in the "forest" from the "scrub". A few taken in the Mt. Tazew scrubs. These powerful rats can tear a small mouse-trap apart. None at Brown's Creek.

One, unexpectedly at Coen, in the Coen River gorge, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile above "The Bend". Taken in cliffy place which is surrounded by rocky hills & open forest. One at Upper Nabit R., 1500 ft; one at Perch River.

One at Mt. Jimiyan, 1150 ft.

One at Barron Water, Cairns.

Reserve Bank ()

Hydromys

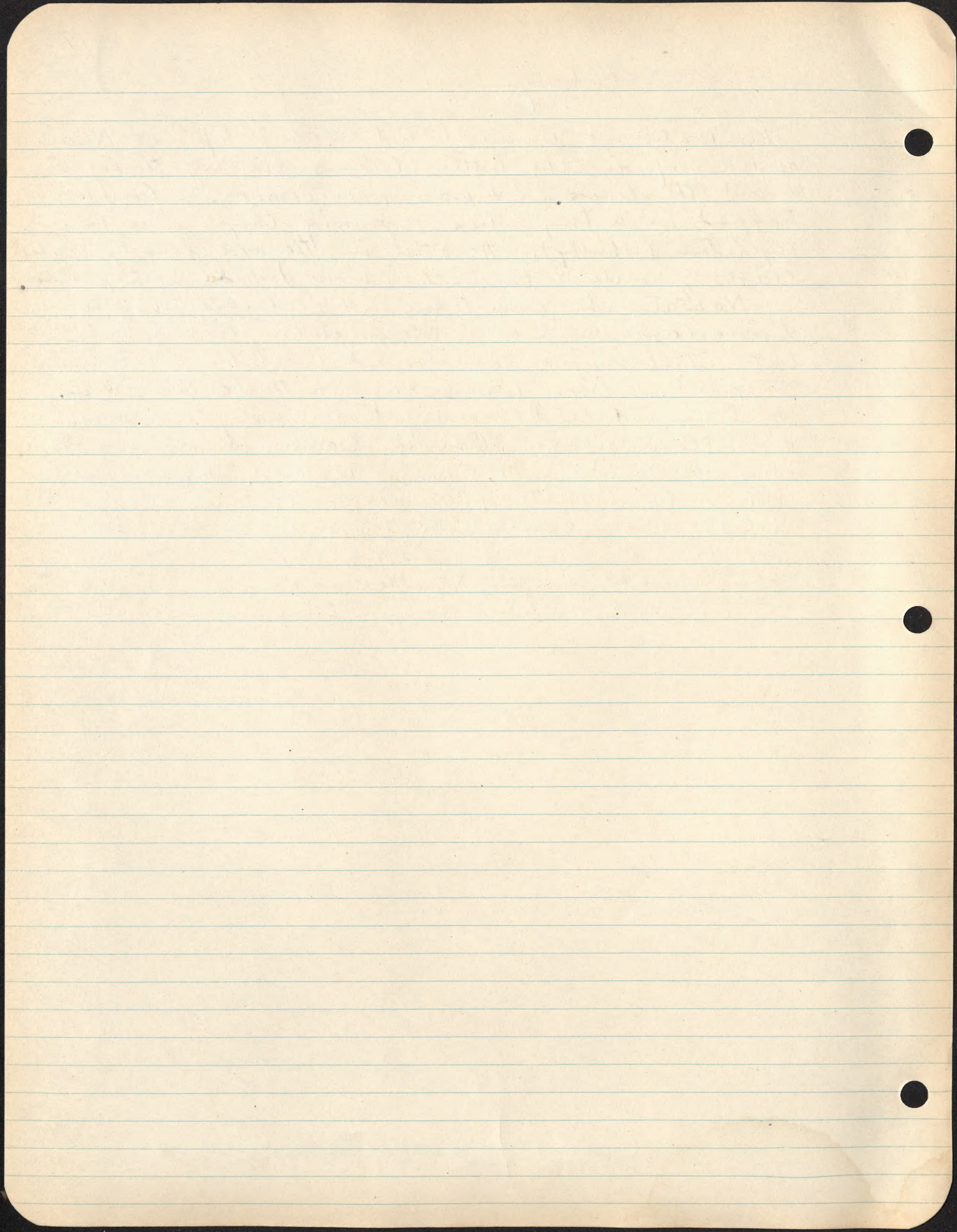
The water-rat was collected at the "Tip" at Nane Point camp in the little streams draining the bog behind the dunes. It was not common. One was trapped in a tiny stream passing through stunted vegetation (shrubby), the other in the more densely wooded creek $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to the south, where I had a trap line.

No water rats were taken at Lockville in the Larraadeenya Creek - a clear-water stream with but thin fringes of arboreal vegetation (where trapped). None was taken at the Terdine River.

One in a creek leading to the mangrove swamps of Portland Roads. One in Gordon's Creek, Iron Range. Two at Brown's Creek. Four at Worelock. Two at Archer River. At Coon two (Don Vernon, Q. Mus., also got one). One at Upper Nestor R., 1500 ft., also one at Peach R., 800 ft. One at Muograw Telegraph Station.

One at Mt Finnigan: Roseville Creek Camp (rare)

One at Seegen's farm, 10 mi from Cooktown.



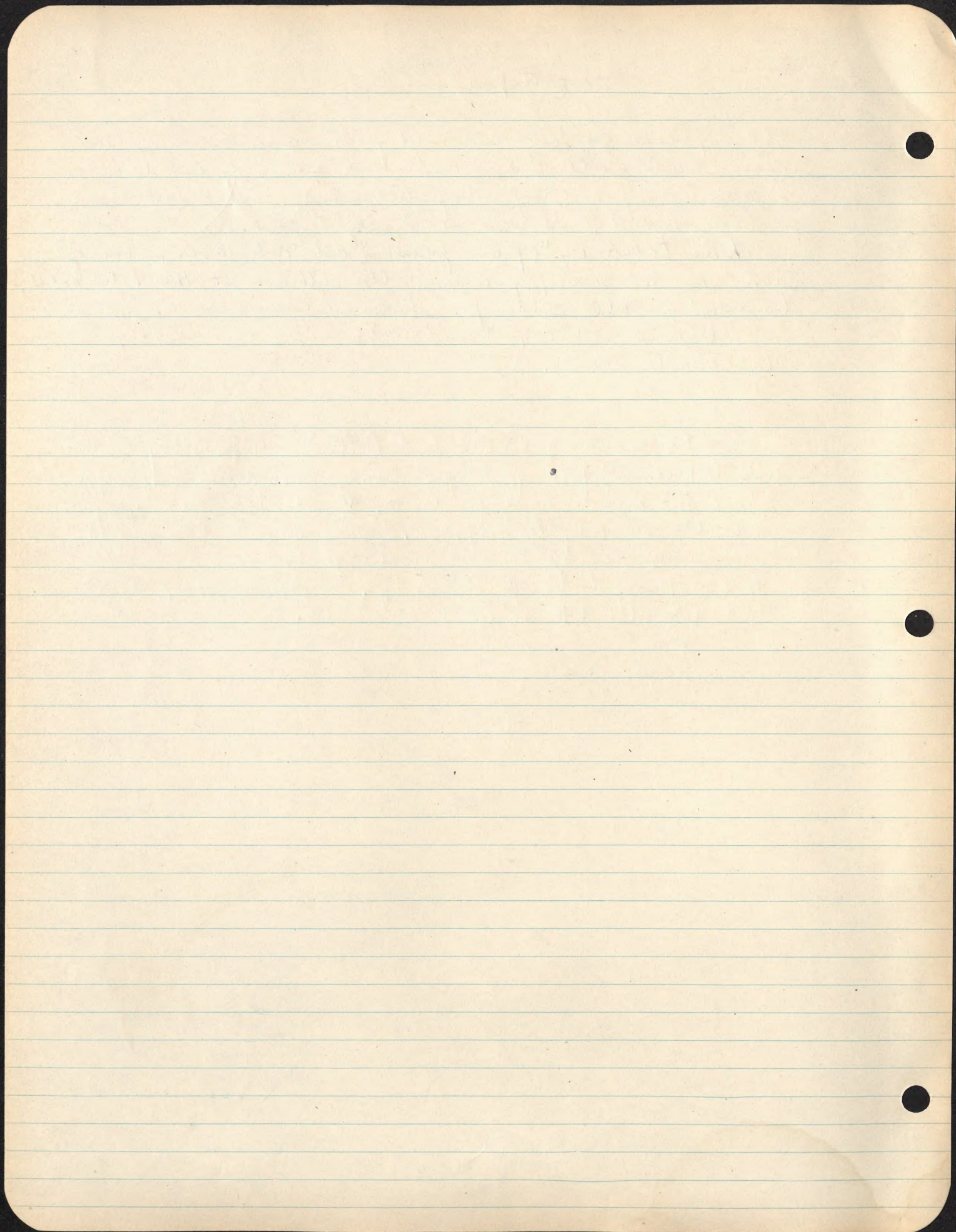
Smittopris

A species closely resembling S. amensis of New Guinea was collected at Iron Range. It lived in grasslands, preferring stony hillsides. None taken farther north. It was not easily trapped.

Three taken in "open forest" at Mt Toxa, one of them in a swampy area, the others at the hole-riddled base of an old stump. None at Parnu's Creek.

Three at Camp Oron Poché, 1500 ft, west slope of McIlwraith Range.

A second species - fat tailed - & possibly new - was taken at foot of cliffs among rock debris & spinifex, above the dam at Rifle Creek. It had six young - I could see only 6 nipples. The ears & bands about them are conspicuously pale & brown, in contrast to the gray brown of the body. The thickening of the tail unrelated to vertebral thickensers.



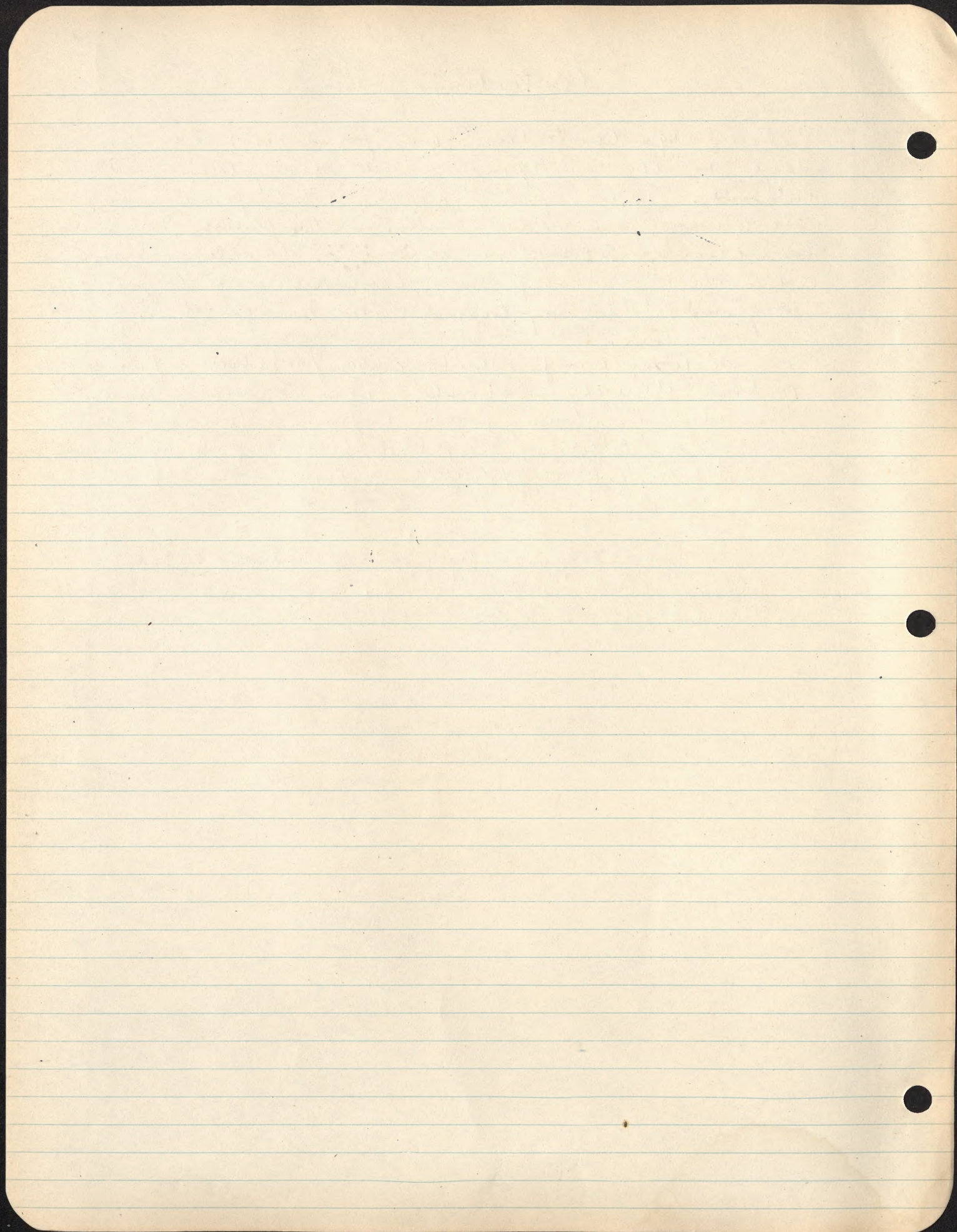
Antechinus jordanii

This large Antechinus was found first at Iron Range in the rain forest - both flood plain and hill side. It was fairly abundant. A good climber. The mammae were seldom visible. In two females the formula was clearly 5-5 = 10, arranged $\begin{matrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \end{matrix}$. A male was shot while climbing a creeper on a large tree about 6 feet above the ground. Usually trapped under old logs or among roots of large trees.

Tozer camp scrub also provided a fine series of this describable animal. None at Jordan's Creek.

A series showing possible difference in formula (4-4) taken at McIlwraith Range (Camp Orm Pocket and Upper Nesbit R.). Extremely plentiful at latter.

Antechinus flavipes (?) I have at Mt Finnigan, 1150, 2700, 2900 ft. The ♀ at 1150 had 7 well developed young attached.



Tachyglossus aculeatus.

None found at "tip", though it exists there.
 One at Iron Range, found by "boy". Deep in 2-way
 hole beneath ~~of~~ huge rain forest tree sly edge of
 dry gully.

Dobsonia magna.

One shot by Van out of a bloodwood in flower, behind
 the house at Iron Range. The eyes shone well. A
 second shot by Ned Pinwell with .22 on low tree
 in scrubby bush lands 4 miles east of Iron Range.
 One (?) seen by Van + Ned in room of
 abandoned dwelling 5 miles S. of Iron Range.
 Not certainly identified; not collected.

One shot at but missed (a black fruit bat with
 glowing eyes) at Burrows Creek. (This was probably
Pteropus Gouldii, as one which flew similarly was shot a
 little later). Two seen (only one collected) in the
 Wilson Mine tunnel at Coen.

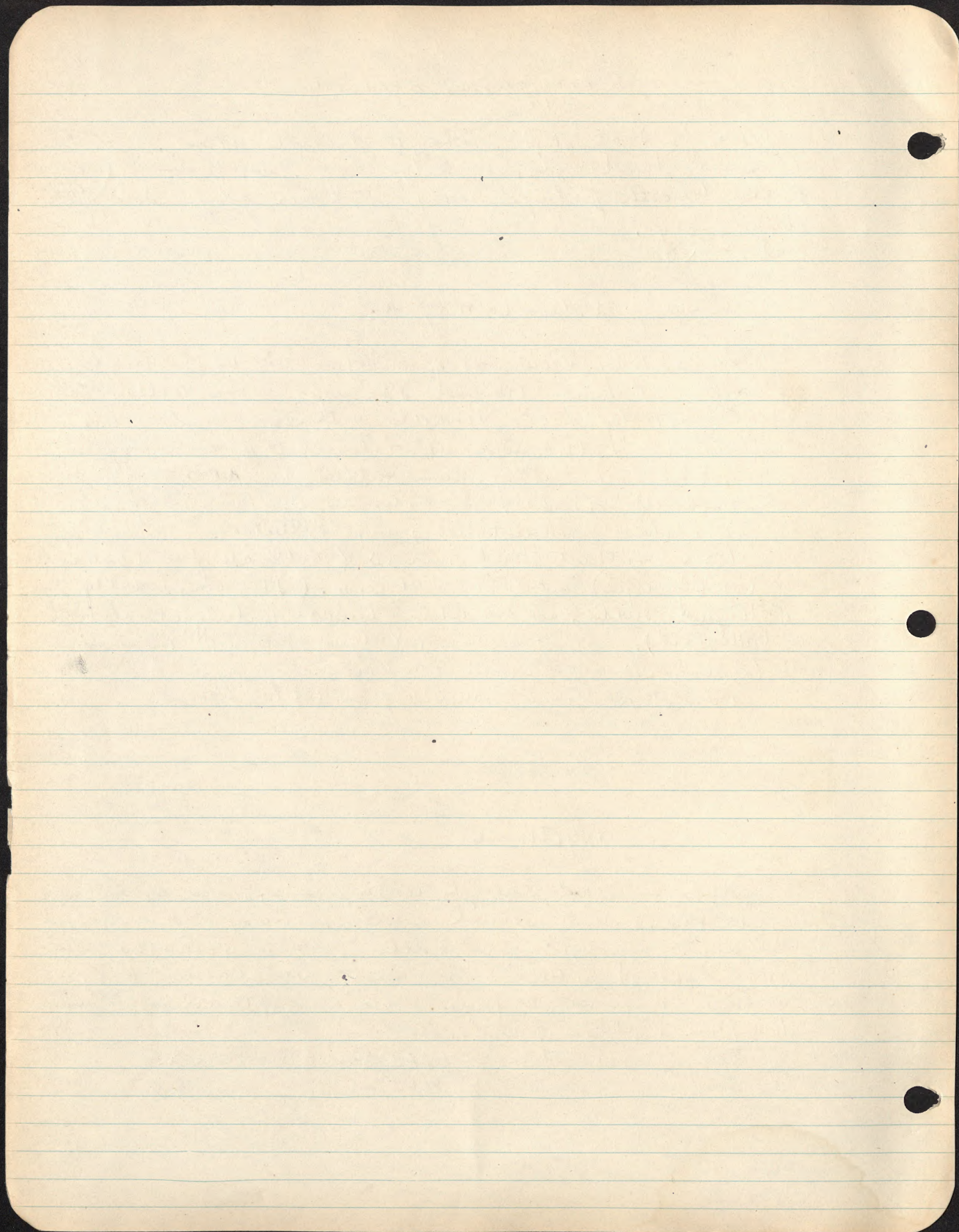
Two shot at Peck River feeding on Tea tree flowers.

Nyctinere

This in scrub, through timber roads; its eyes shine
 brilliantly. Saw several at Locherie. They seem
 attracted by light. At Patten Ponds one flew into
 our lights & settled on my chest. It fluttered to Van
 + then down into the grass where we captured it. This
 took place in "open forest".

Seen but not taken at Upper Nesbit R + Peck R.

Seen Mt Jernigan. 1500 ft



Hipposidrus diadema.

A small colony of this fire bat taken in "Gordon's Mine" at Iron Range. It was accompanied by the little *H. cervinus* and large numbers of *Rhinolophus*. It congregated at first about 30 feet from the entrance but later moved to a back chamber 100 feet in and around & down, in total darkness.

Hipposidrus senosi.

A specimen in alcohol given by D. Kesteven at Corkton, the type locality. A ♀ was ~~found~~ found laying in an oven inside an open-door shed. The abdominal "nipples" were cream colored in the fresh-killed specimen.

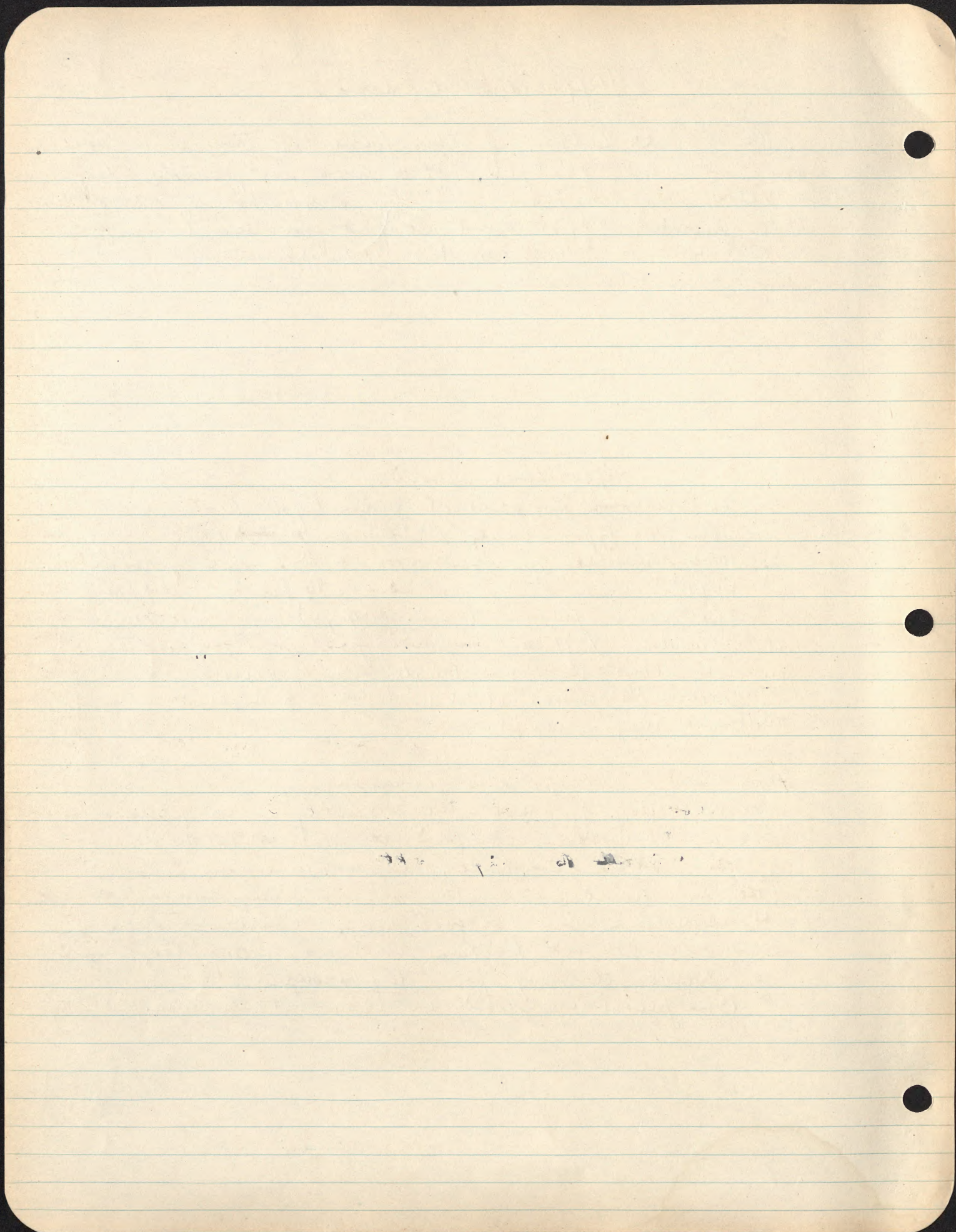
A second specimen (no. 10970) from a room in an abandoned hut at Iron Range Air Strip. A third found in closet in house 1 mile n.w. of Coers.

Four *H. senosi* netted in trail in rain forest on top of McIlwraith Range - 1800 ft.

Hipposidrus cervinus

A colony of about 100 - mostly in red phase - but some in gray phase was found at Somerset in the dining room of the old Gardiner house. A few were also taken in the ^{Gordon's} mine tunnel at Iron Range where they associated with *H. diadema* and *Rhinolophus*. One was taken in a small pile net by Van who was setting ^{traps by the} the cliffs at Newcastle Bay for *Taphozous*.

One picked up dead in room at Iron Ra. Air Strip.



Hypisidrus altavensis

This little species, common in hollow trees in New Seine, was caught at Lockerie in the "boys" tent. Three specimens.

Rhizophus megastylus

Evidently a very common bat. About 2000 estimated in Gordon mine tunnel at Lonsdale. Commonly flies into houses ~~at night~~ at night. Stone killed three at Lockerie + Torrsville. Common in tunnels on road, Hackett to Chillyre. One shot at Brown's Creek. Several found by Van in mine at Tunnel bully, Werlocke. I saw one in the tunnel of the "Homeward Bound", even but did not catch it. Several netted at upper Nesbit R & four shot in scrub road, top of McElraith Range, 1800 ft. One from hotel at Lonsdale, where they hide during the day, hanging from the bed springs.

Several from water-tunnel at Mt Dinnigan; two from houses at Shepton's Flats

Three in cave about 15 mi from Cockton

Handwritten scribbles and faint markings across the middle of the page.

Taptozous australis

A cave and crevice-dwelling bat. Usually rather shy.
Chillipee; sea-cave (crevice) 20 miles north of Cairns;
Rockhampton (Olson's Cove); Newcastle Bay (limestone
cliffs); Portland Point (ammunition room). Several
in mine tunnels at Tunnel Sully, Wenlock. At Coler,
two in "Homeward Bound tunnel and five at "Pinnac
Peak".

Taptozous flaviventris

Then shot at Pinnac Creek. Pouch in both sexes, less
developed in female. Paired diverticula at base, larger in
♂, smaller in ♀ (U).

Nyctinomis

Then shot at dusk flying along river Annan at Helensvale.

Handwritten scribbles at the top left of the page.

Handwritten scribbles in the upper middle section of the page.



Micropterus

Only specimens sent us from Possession Island; off Tip
of Cape York (Carpenters side).

One M. australis from Camp Oven Pocket, McIlwraith
Range; one from Shipton's Flat.

Scotemis

Many specimens from various localities, including by
series from Thursday Island. Probably several species.
One thing one shot at Brown's Creek. One shot at
Arctic Fairway.

One at Alkutung, 25 mi from Cooktown.

Two " Black Hill.

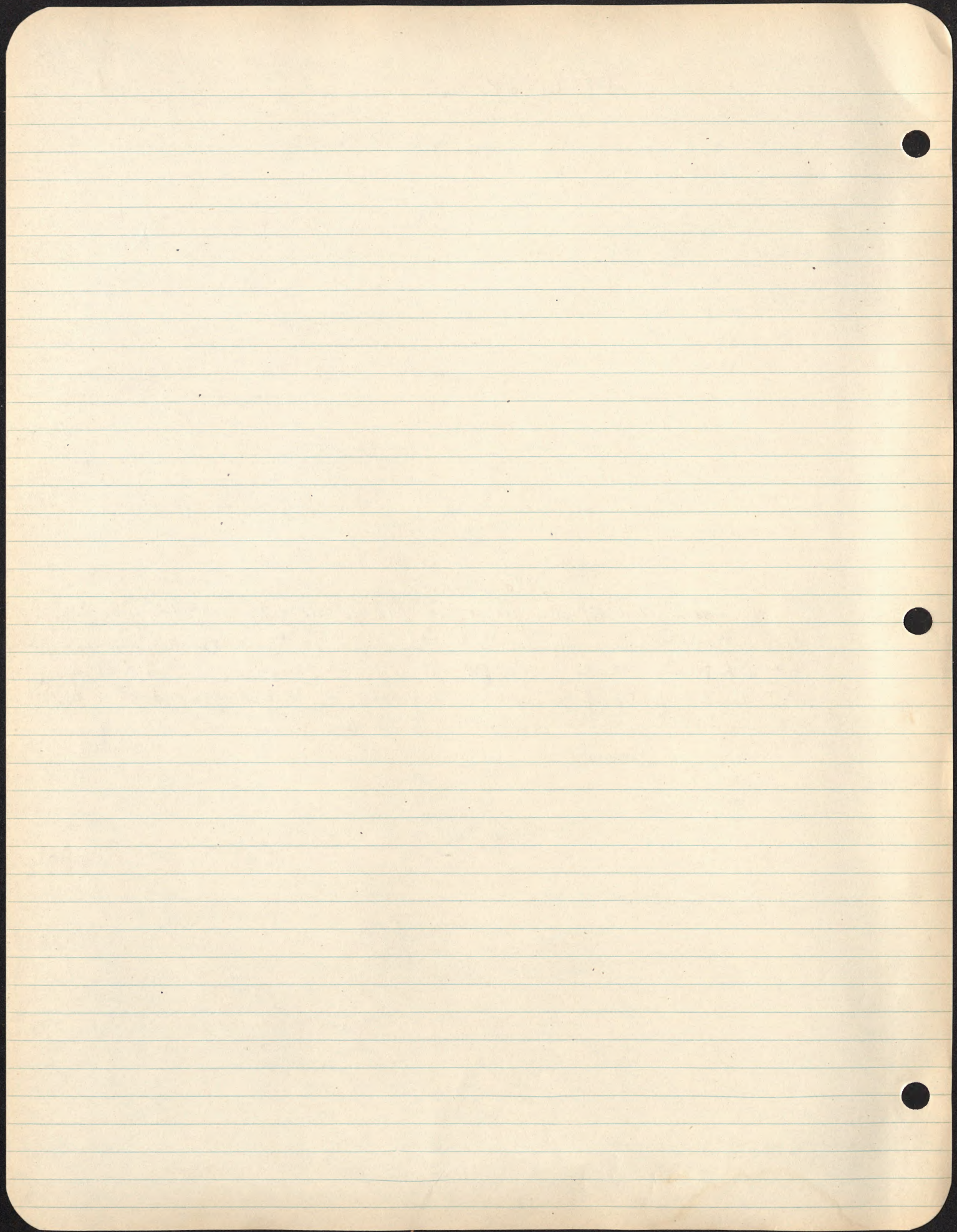
Three " Teeple's farm.

part of the ...

Chalinolobus

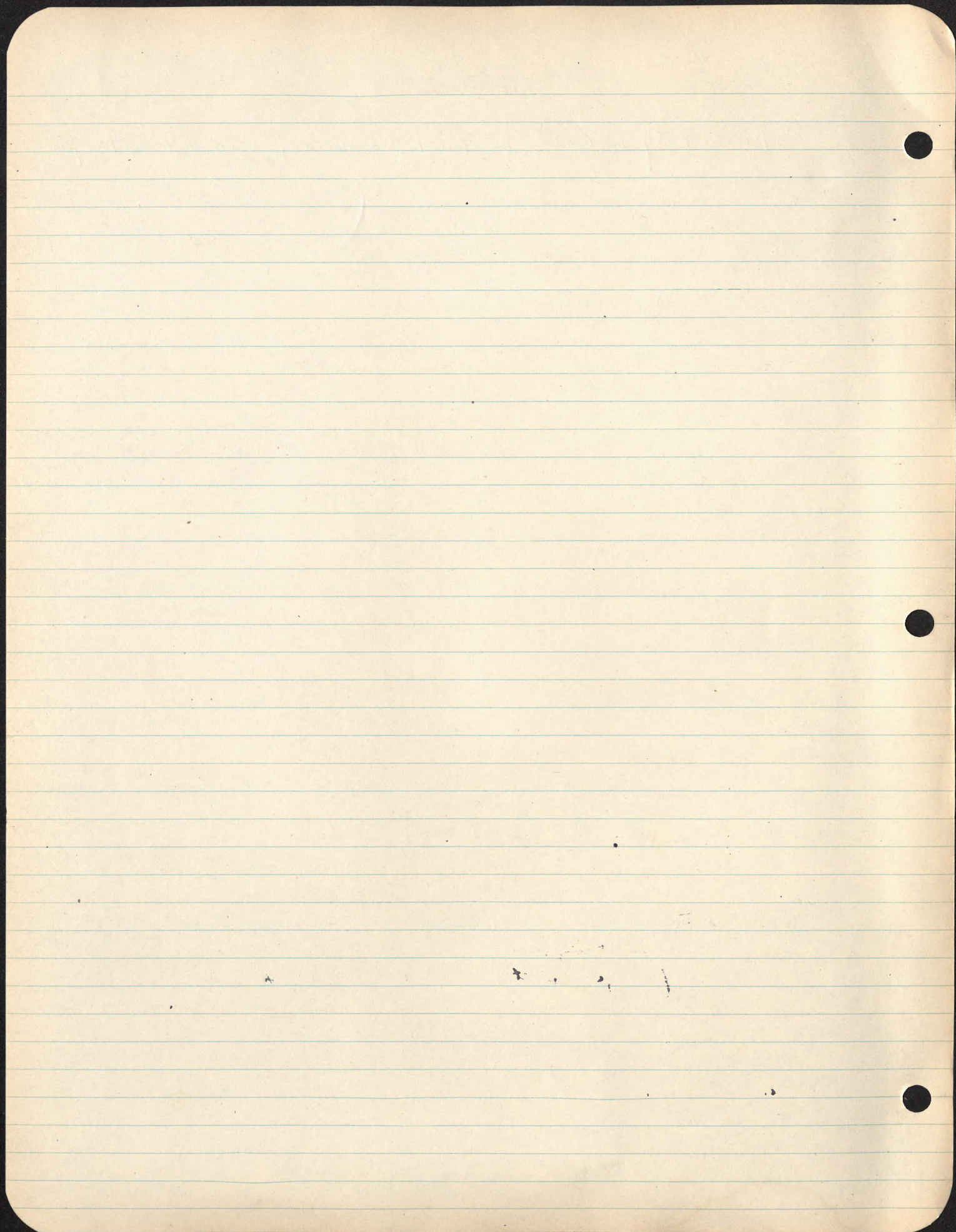
Nyctophilus

One ~~is~~ netted in rain forest at "Mango tree", top of McIlwraith Range, 1800 feet. Three from Mt Finnigan: two of them in ^{saw} mill at Shipton's Flats, 900 ft; the other shot at dusk while flying at level of top of rain forest. The first two flew back & forth under the saw mill roof. Still another under saw mill roof.



Macroderna

Taken only in cave in Mt Etra area, north of Rickhampton



Pteropus

P. fouldii. One shot by Van at Lockhart (on bloodwood).
Four in mangroves (by day) at Patten Roads. One
on bloodwood flowers at Burn's Creek. Remains of
poisoned specimens at Werlock (poisoned parsnips)

P. conspicillatus Common in various "camps" on
Attulm Tableland. One on road (dead) a few
miles north of Cairns. One [?] shot at Tea tree flowers at Peach
River. No embryo.

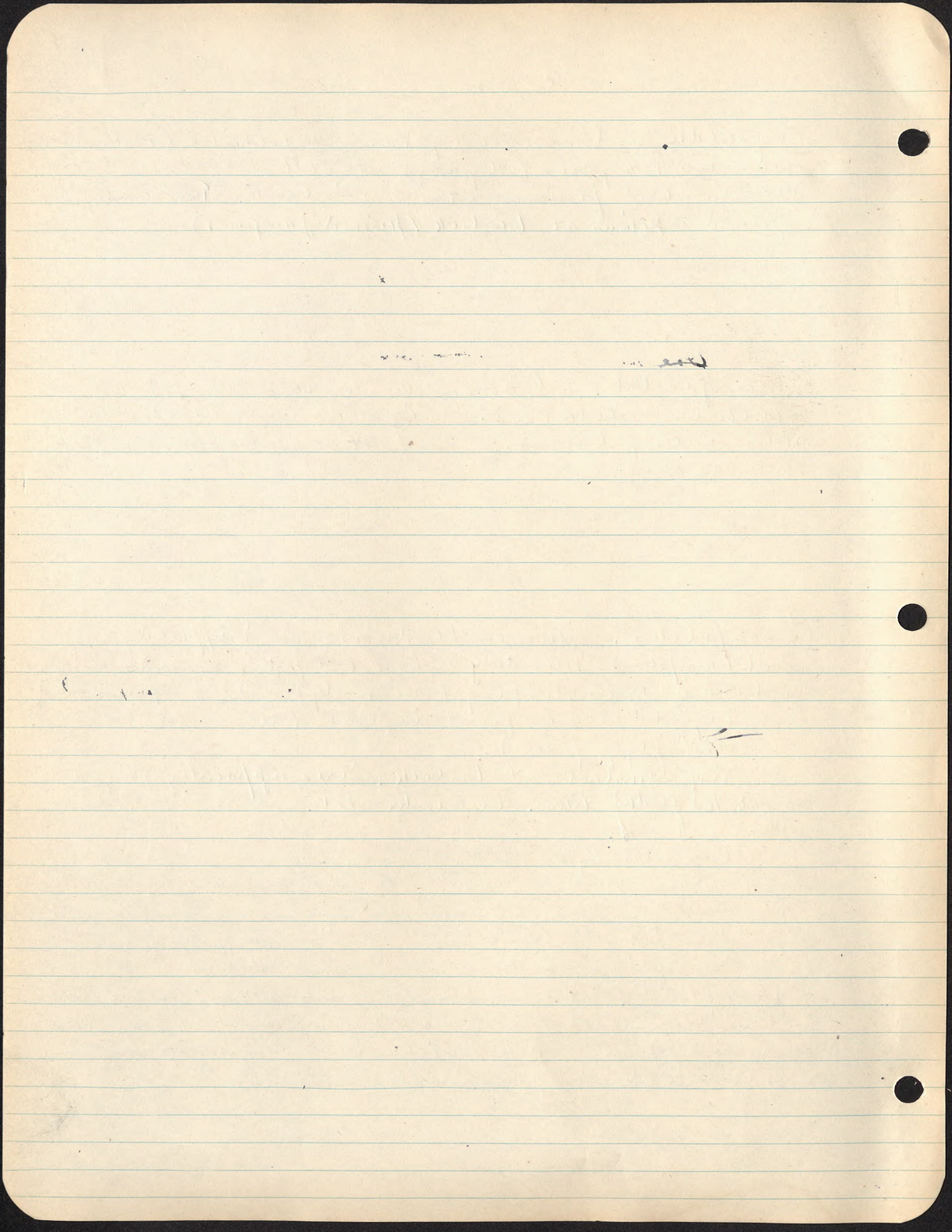
P. scapularis. Two on bloodwoods at Byfield, n.e. of
Procterhampton. Readily looks at light; spreads wings
under light as display (seemingly). This species
possibly in a camp at Werlock (described as
"brown" flying foxes).

Very abundant at Werlock. Sexes apparently going to
separated feeding trees. A number shot. One shot near
Peach Creek.

One shot by day, roosting in "open forest" on road from
Cocos to Peach R. Another seen. A "camp" scattered along the Ham
River: shot 5. Many hung singly. Tea trees full of them at night.

One shot at night at Skipton's flats feeding on flowers of
Sesuvium from large camp at Auner Falls, 3 mi from Heltervale.

P. poliocephalus What seems to be this species shot at Tea tree flowers
at Peach River - all females - all pregnant or about at term. Does
this southern species spend the Australian winter this far north & return
to S. Q. + N.S.W. when warmer weather starts there?

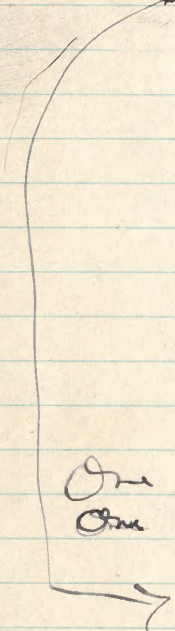


Macropus robustus

One at Sir Wm Thompson Range, 16 miles n.e. of Werlock. Old notes says found at Werlock but sent to Jardine R.

Several shot at Werlock. Both "wan" and "red" forms obtained. The red forms seem to be confused in minds of locals with true *Macropus rufus*. One dull greyish ♂ (88 lbs) shot at Colm, also a female + a young ♂, all of them grey-dark with little or no red.

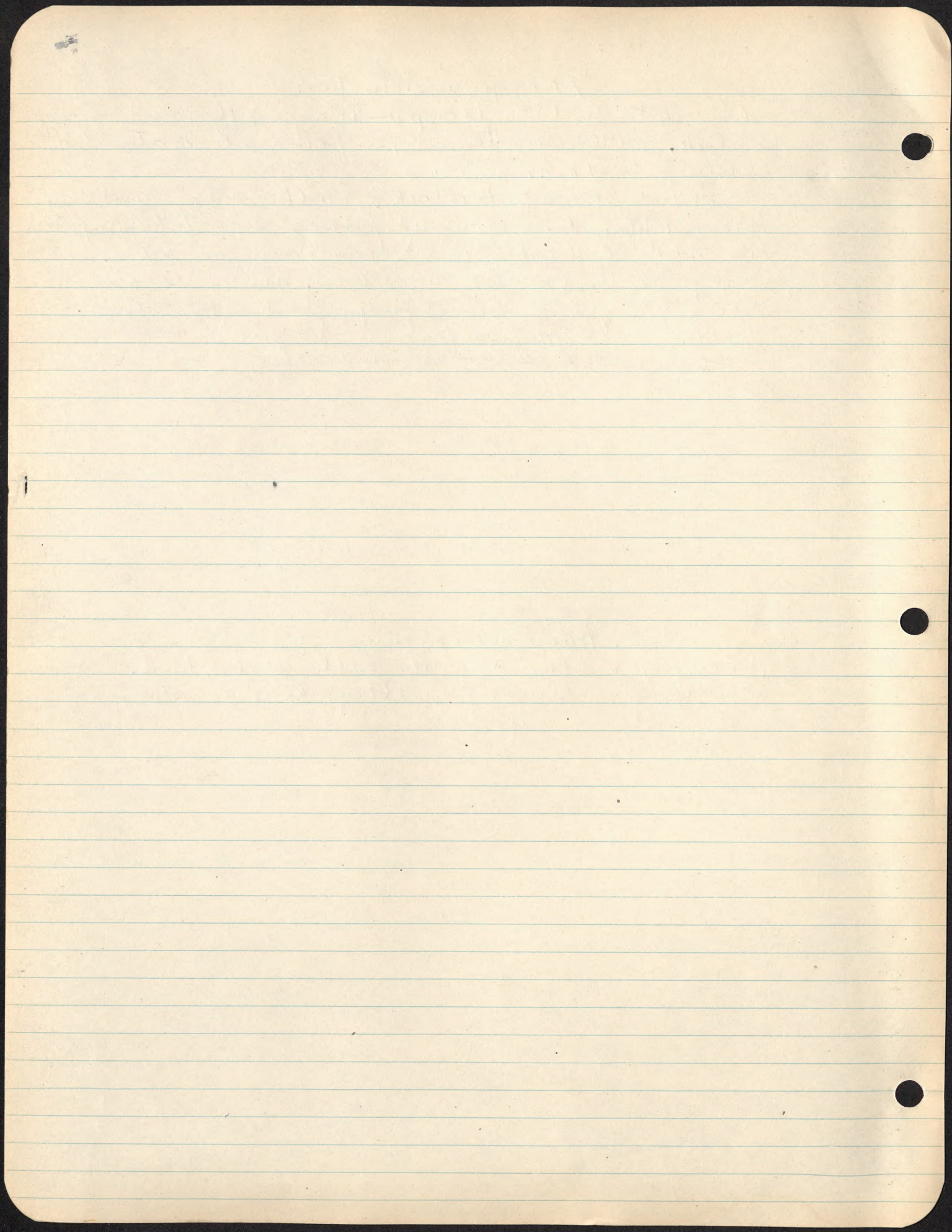
~~One young one from near Ebbagoola
One seen at McLeod-Escarpment.~~



Macropus congreu

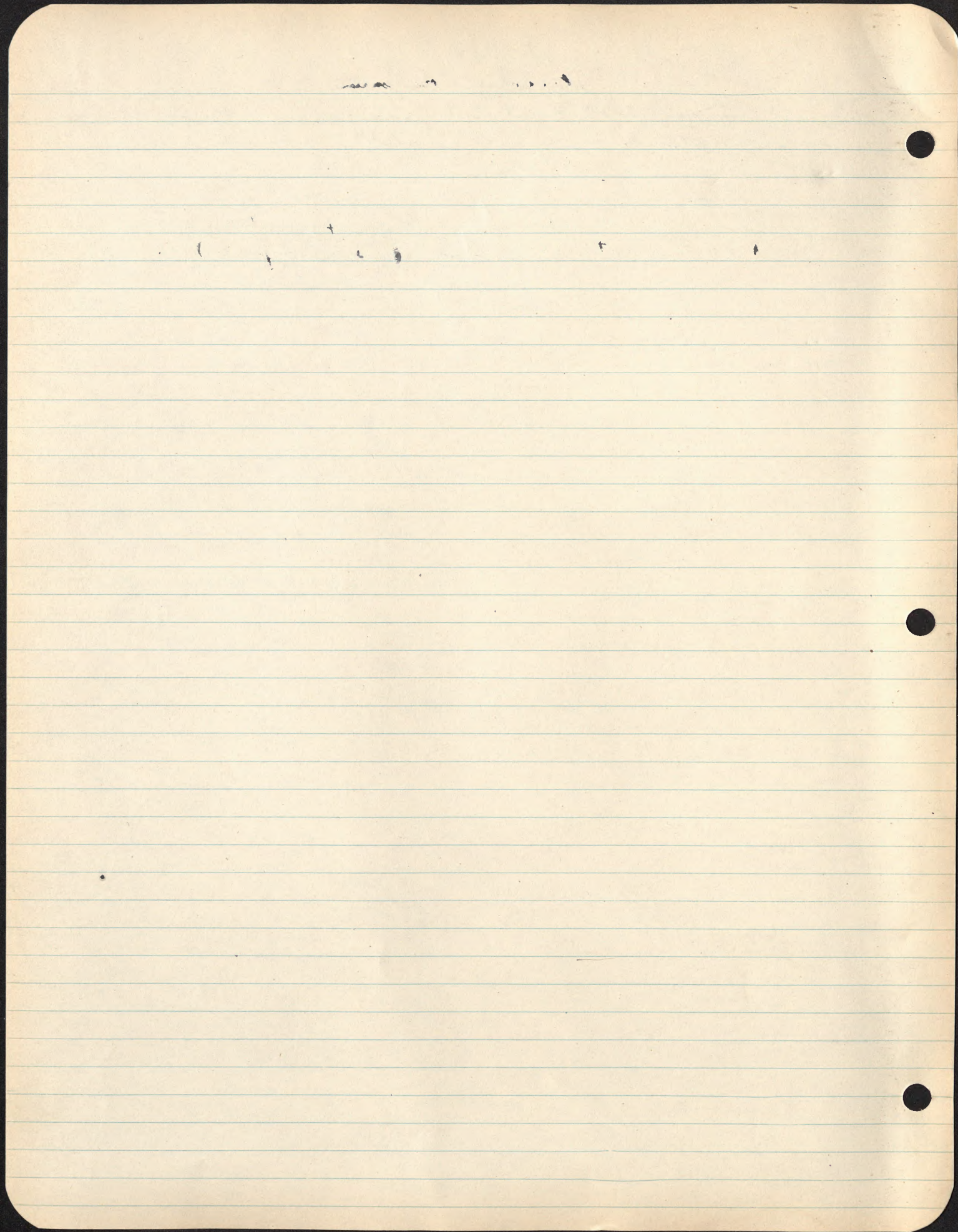
One shot + skinned with skull at Werlock.

One young one brought from Ebbagoola (see also p. 32)



Dendrologus bennettianus

One adult ♀ at Mt. Jimijan, 2800 ft. It was accompanied by a second, smaller one still escaped.



Macropus kangaroo

At Helmsdale, 20 mi s. of Cooktown (3 mi wsw) a female with proud young, accompanied by a very young male (still in the "woolly" stage) & a large male. Our guide explains the kangaroos go in "mobs" up to 15. He estimated about 50 in the 10 miles radiating westward from Helmsdale. In wet weather the mobs merge. (See also p. 30)

... f ...

Hypsiptymna

One shot in late pm. at Julietten in vine scrub; another
at Mt. DeWitt, 3100 ft.
A skin rec'd from Le Roy. at "The Tableland", 20 mi
south of Corktown.

22.11.11

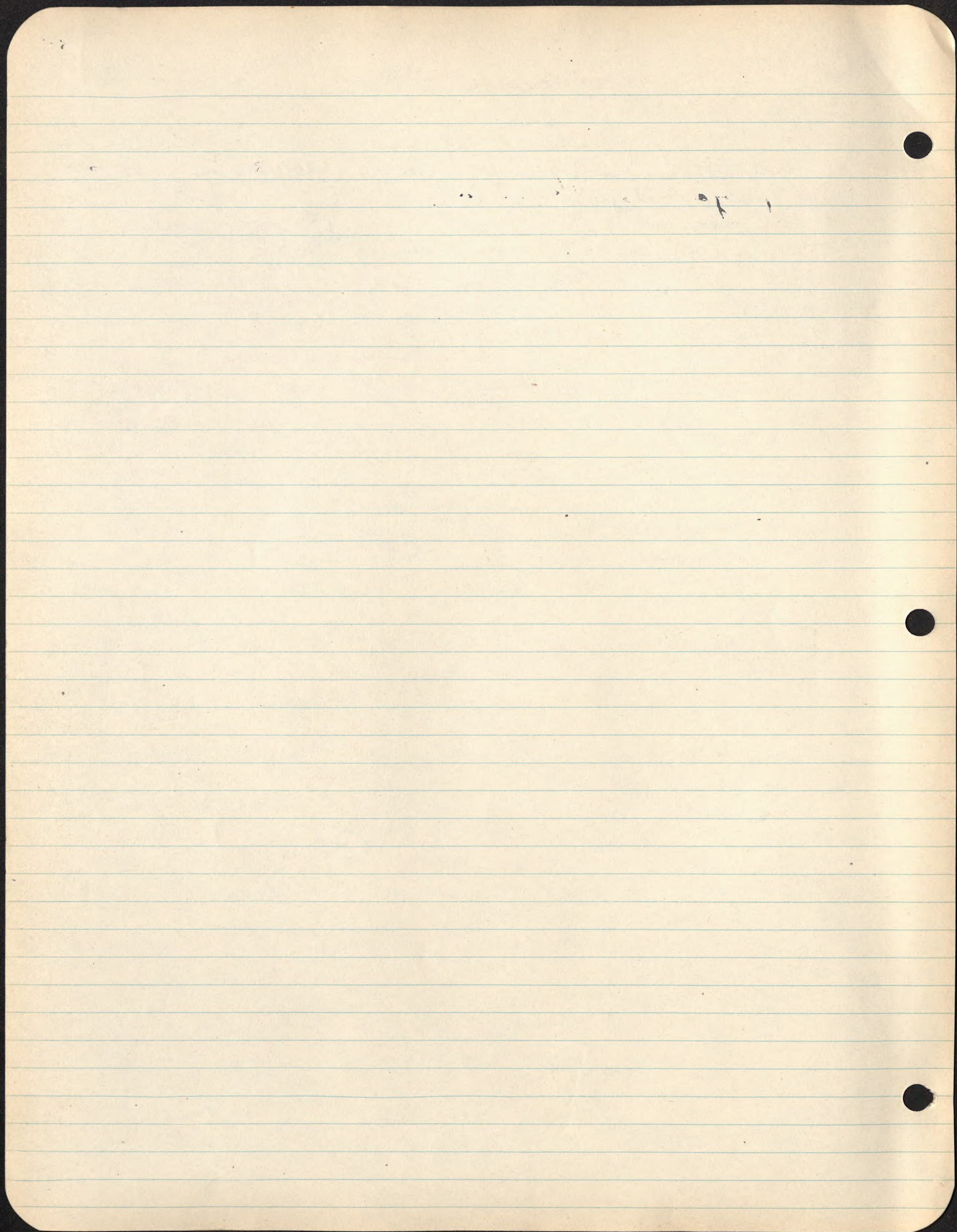
11.11.11

Puerulus.

— One young male at Speewah in "oak" woods. One at Mt Jimi-jan, 1150 ft, with 2 well grown young in pouch, at edge of scrub.

One large male shot in "river scrub" at Helmsdale.

One trapped at Barron Waters, Cairns.

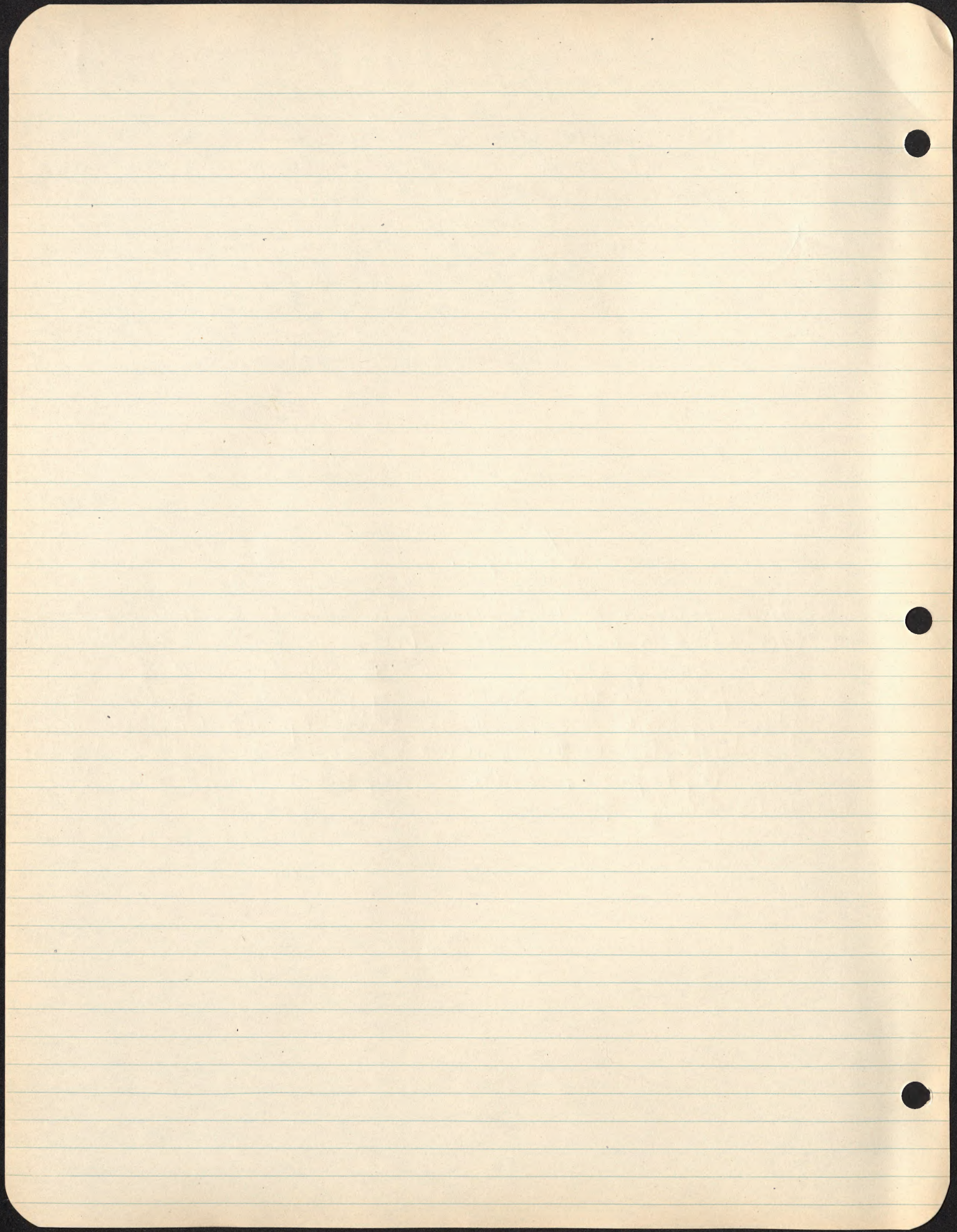


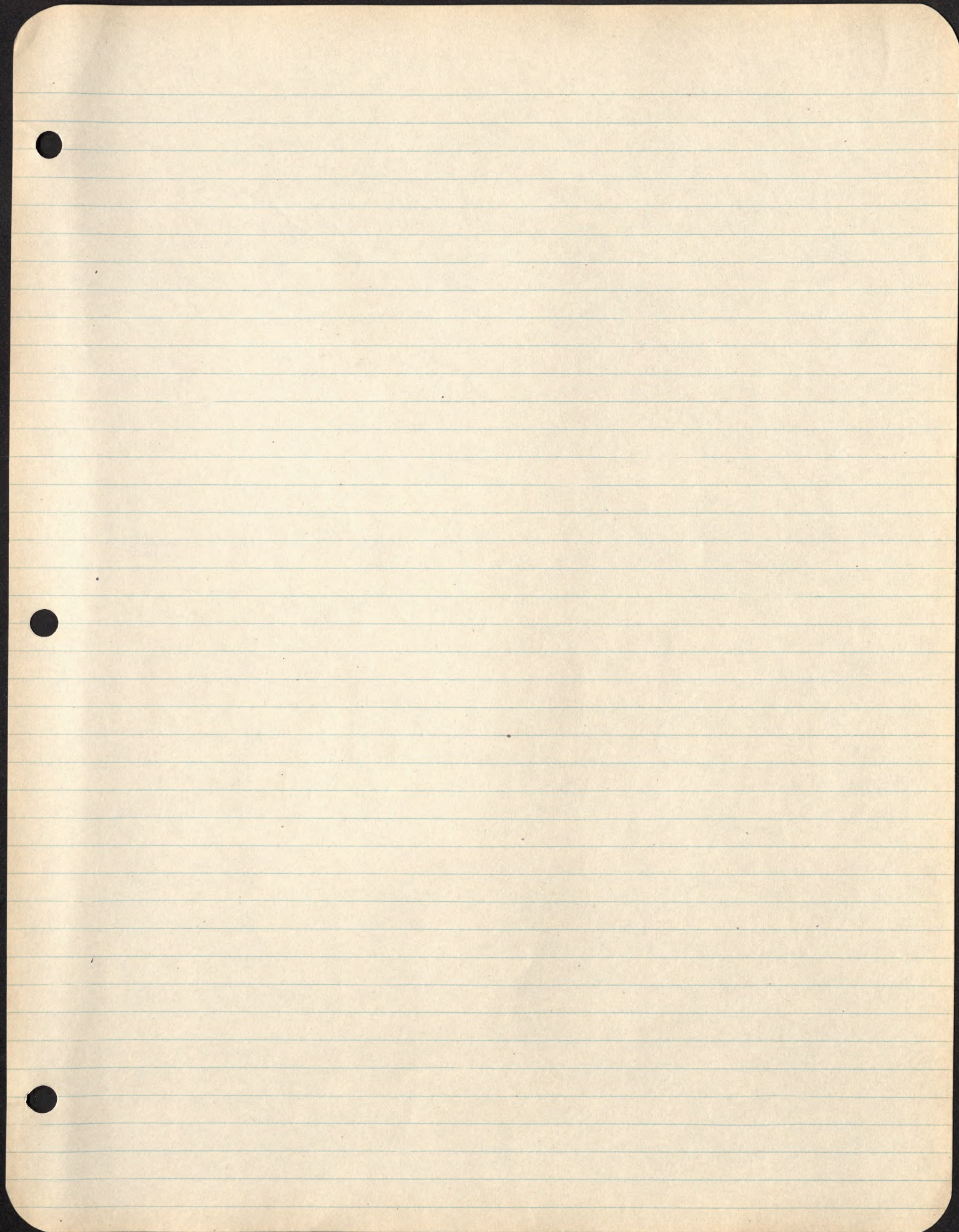
Macrophysalis.

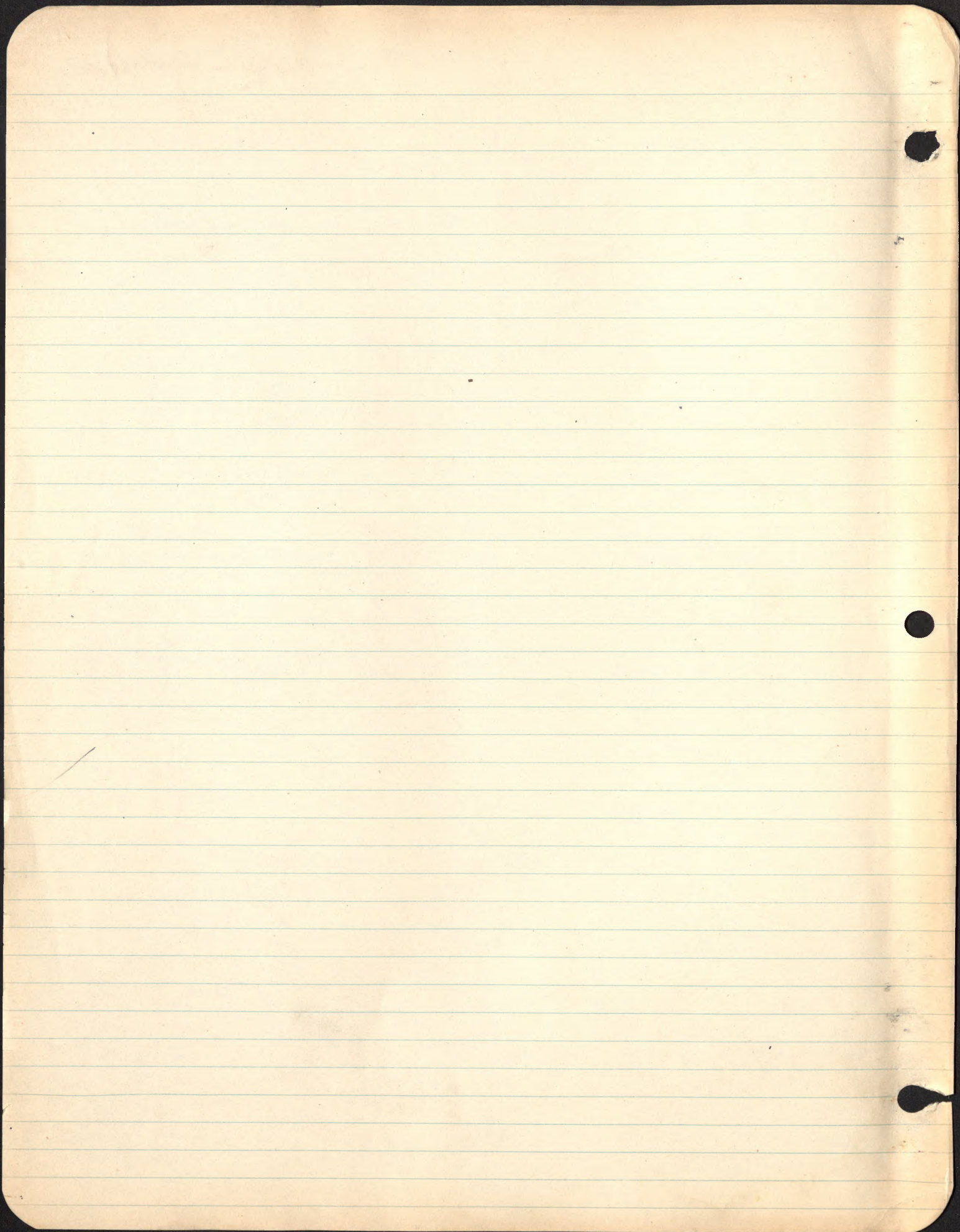
Probably *Odontoxypterus* at Seager's farm, 10 mi out of Coakton - first by Van flying about the flowers of *Cyane* (see Propteris too).

Laomys.

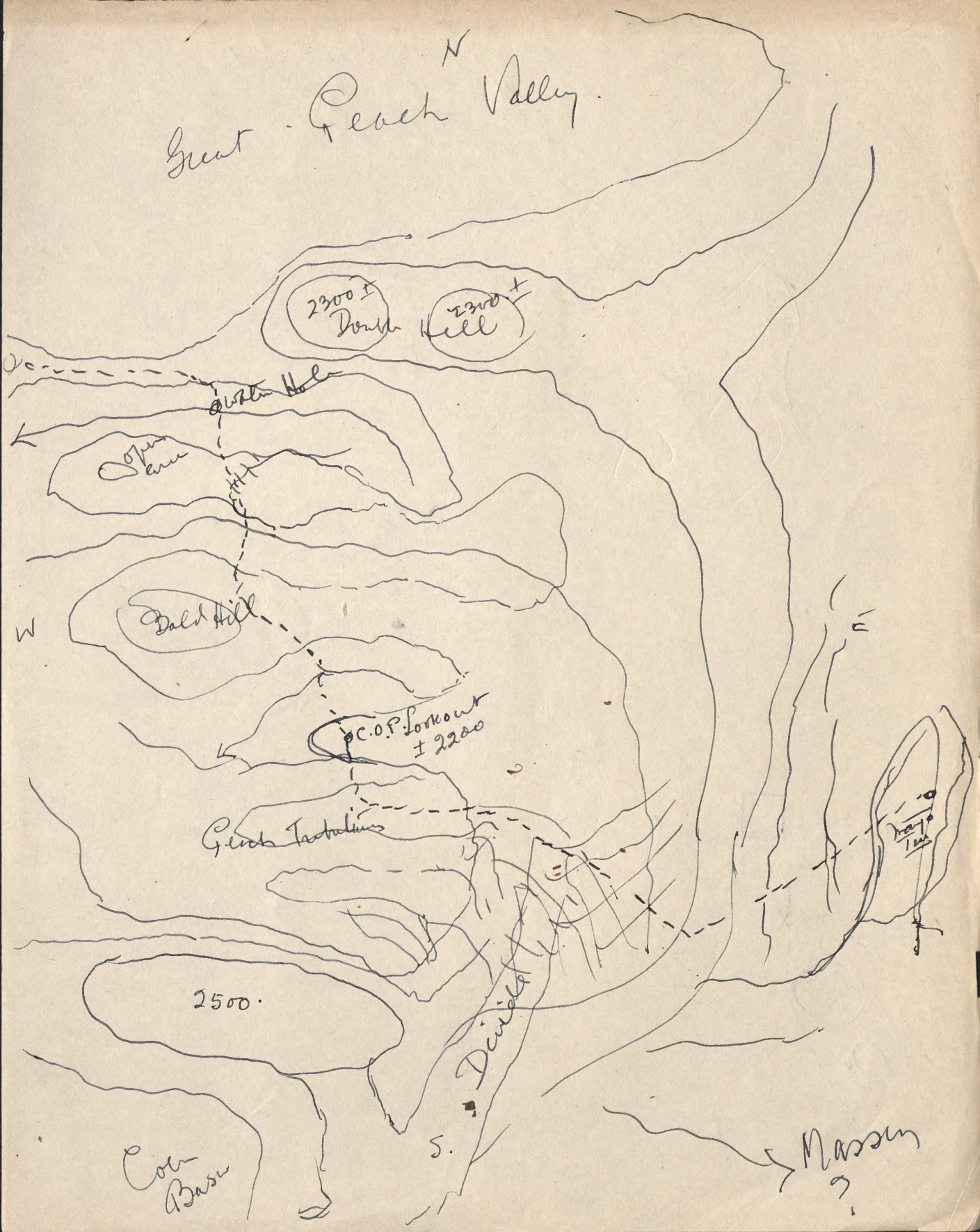
Three specimens of what appear to be this genus taken at Rifle Creek, near Mt Isa. One in the house, a second at the base of cliffs above down in mixed rock debris + spinifex, & third among shrubby growth at base of trees up gully opposite house. The thickening of the tail base is not reflected in the vertebrae & their muscles, which are normally tapered. Is this adaptation for fat storage or water storage?

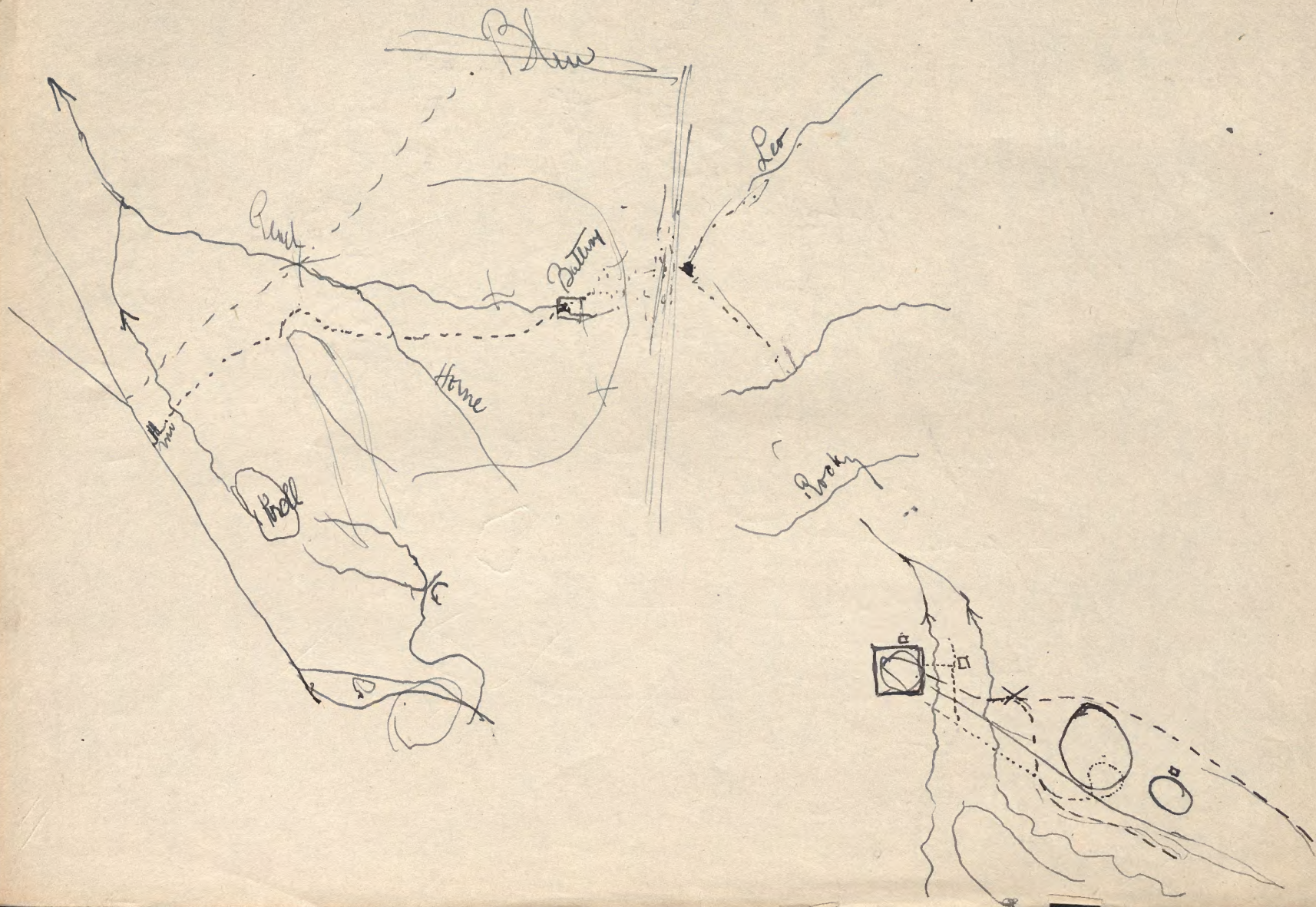


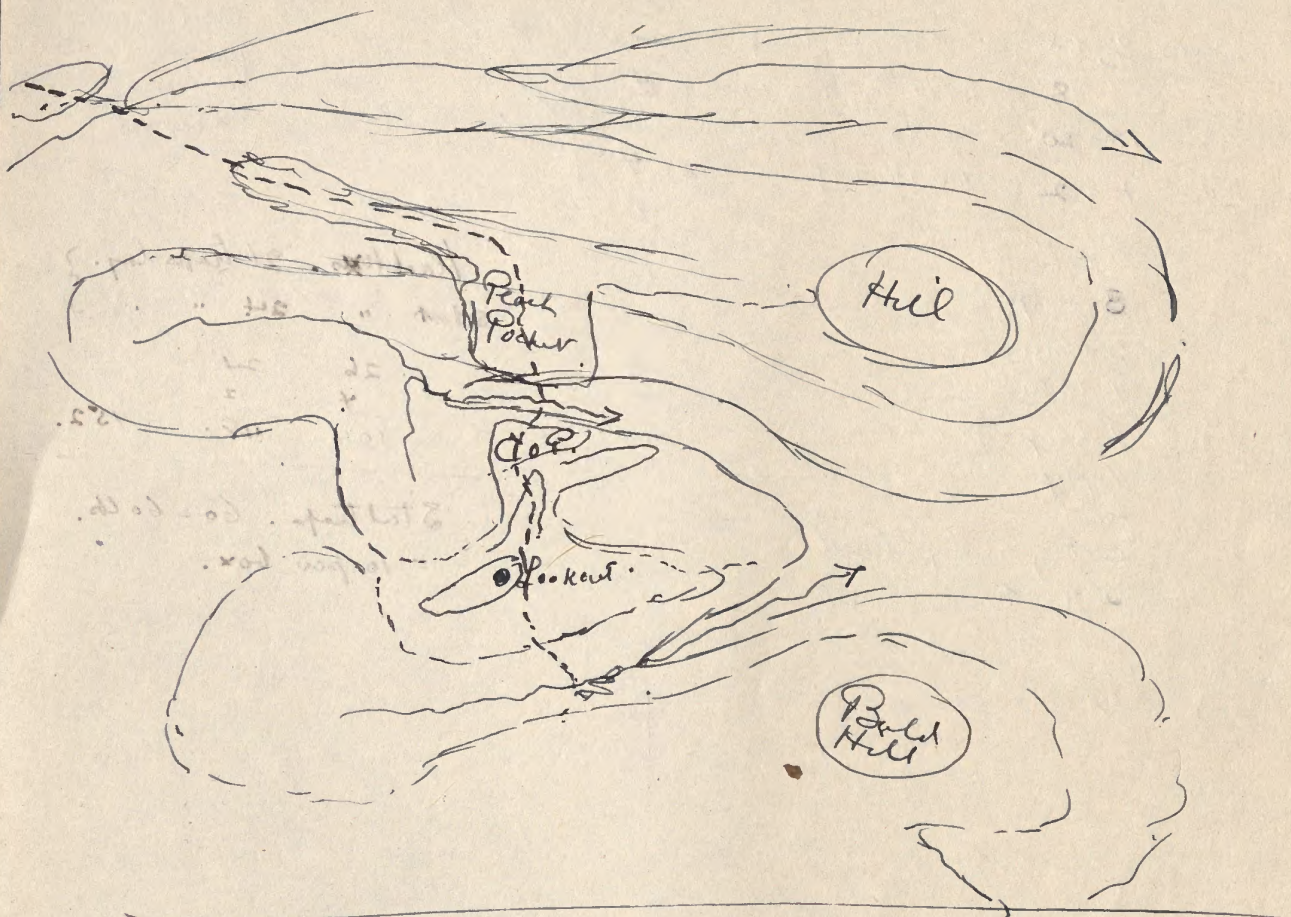




Great - Peach Valley







Traps - Van	Rat	Stul.	mouse
	28	27	
Roy	40	10	
Geo	60	24	
	10		
	<u>138</u>	61	20
	69 lbs.	61 lbs.	-

= 130 lbs.

Horses Pair.

- 1 Boxes 3, 68 - skins, traps, pres ectns
- 2 " 77-78 40 lbs traps, 1 box batt;
- 3 " 18-20. 50 lbs traps, med.
- 4 " 1-2. 40 lbs traps, 1 box batt,

dry cells,
paranic
ammo.
Medical.

- 2 cots
- 3 saws
- 2 chairs
- 1 table
- 1 lamp & kerosene
- 1 fly
- food
- cooking meat, utensils.
- 3 guns

black boxes. 26 traps log. }
stnt " 24 " " }
26 24
4 2
104 48. = 152.

Stal trap. 60 = 60 lbs.
= 10 per box.

5 Saddle bags



Camponotus sp?

Battle to the death.

Major soldier ant attacked by Minor soldier ants of same species.

Note the former has completely lost two legs on one side, having been chewed off near the body by the smaller ants.

While the small ants were doing this work, some of them paid dearly with their lives, as the large ant cut several of the smaller ones on half with its mandibles, as is plainly seen by the heads attached to the base of hind leg and one on the antennae.

These jaws set in a death grip.

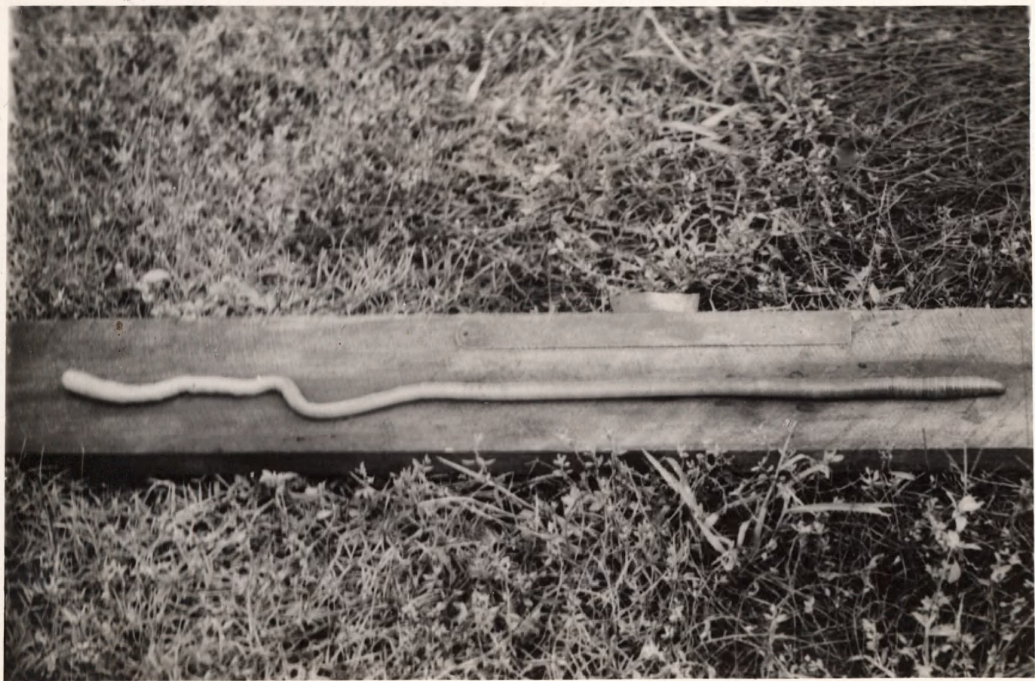
Subject very much enlarged.

H. Geary
c/o Commercial Banking Coy of Sydney
Queen Street
Brisbane



Carnarvon Range "Warranilla"





Large earth worm 3 feet long Bunya Mountains





Lubra & Children Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N.W. of Alice Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946.



Lubra + Child Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N. W. of Alice Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946



Lubra Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia

240 miles N. W. of Alice
Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946



Young Lubras. Whaibri Tribe
Central Australia
240 miles N. W. of Alice
Springs

N. Geary Oct. 1946.

1948 Archbold
Cape York
Expedition
C. H. H. Tate
Hvam Deussen
No.....

T.L.
L.T.
H.F.
E. (s.n.)

1948 Archbold
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American Museum

of Natural History

Australia, Cape York

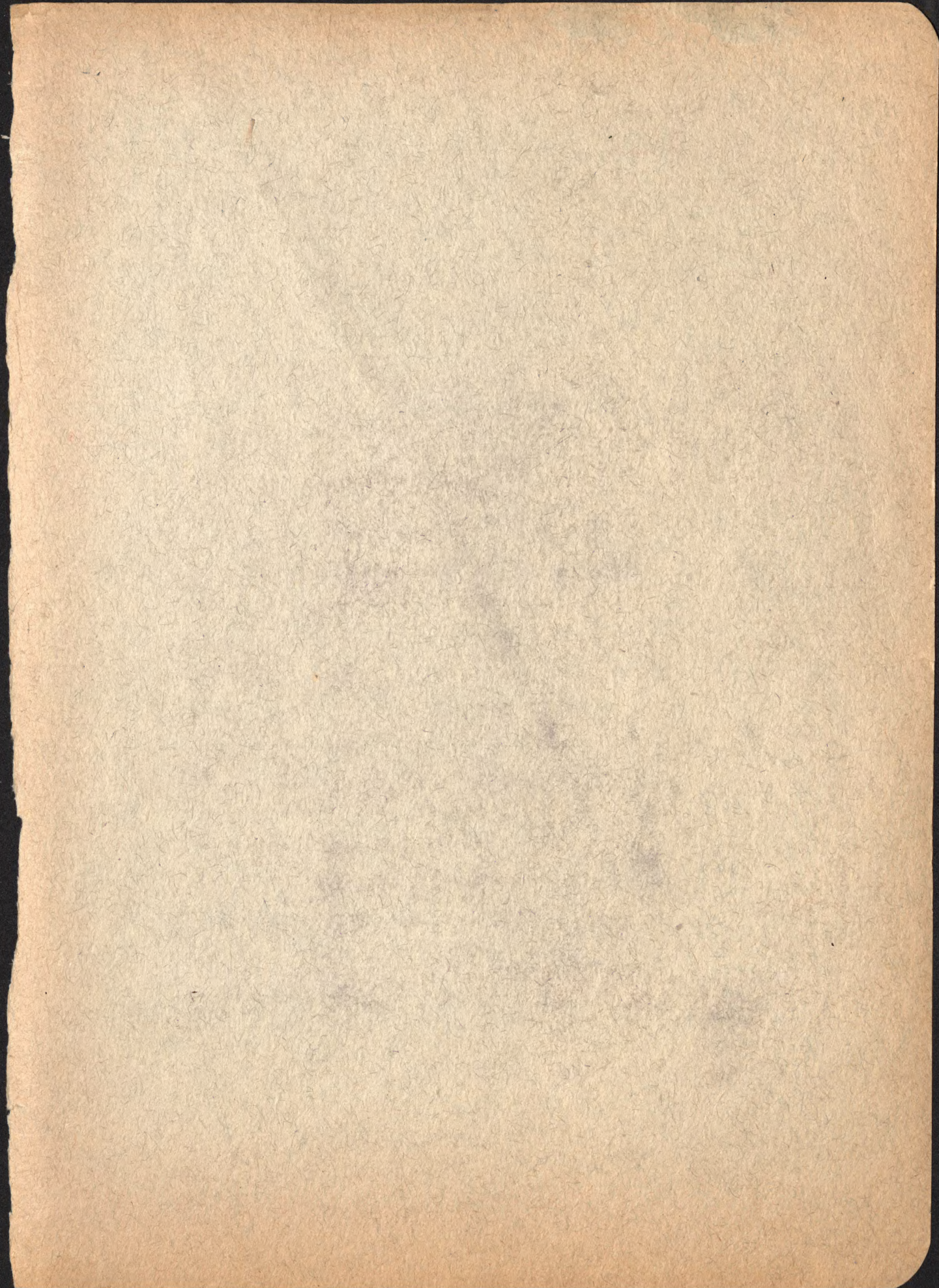
1948

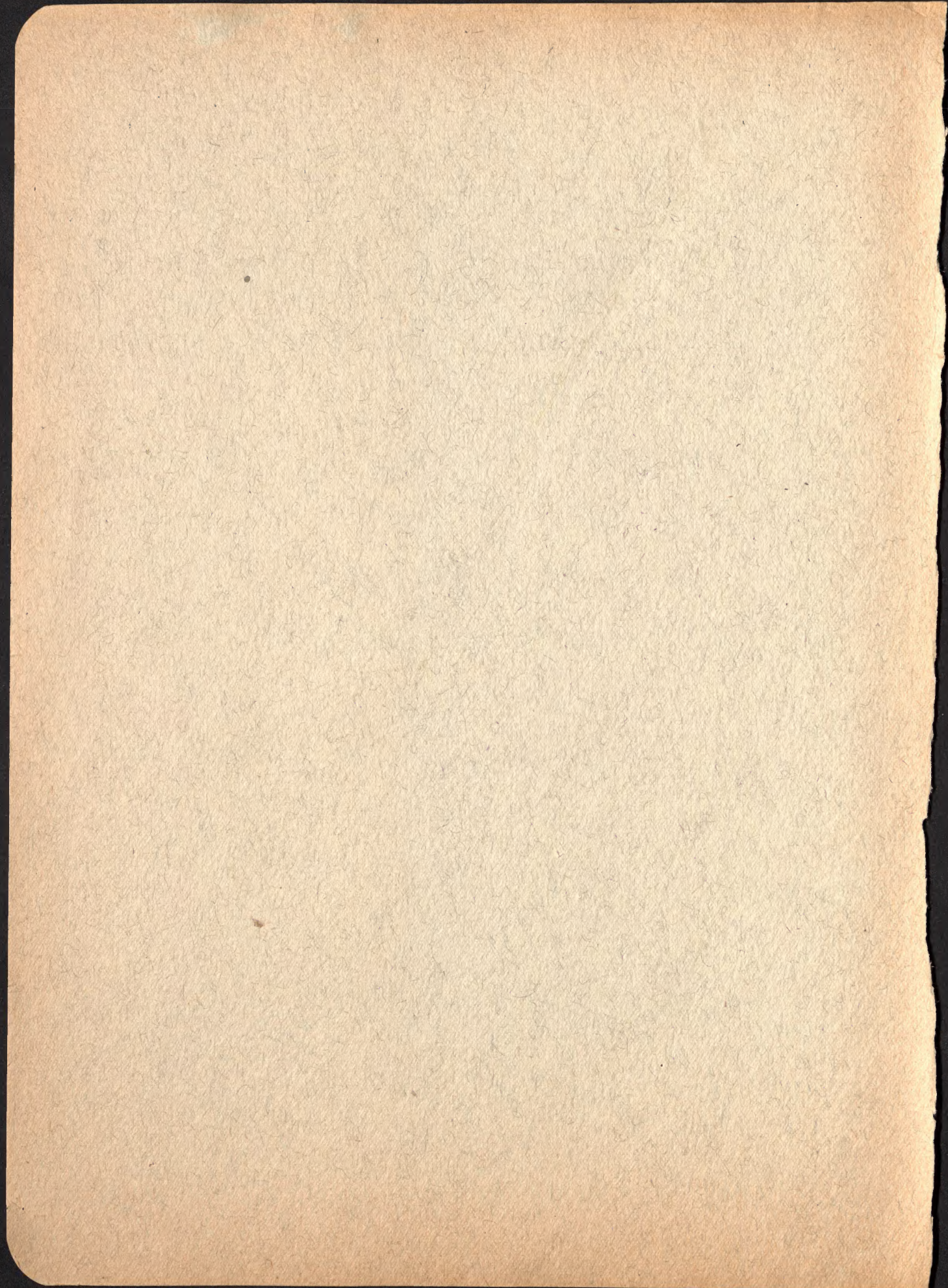
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of Natural History

Australia, Cape York

1948





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