PEBA The "PEBA - Piano per l'Eliminazione delle Barriere architettoniche" (Plan for the elimination of architectural barriers) is a legislative tool aiming at ensuring full accessibility of urban paths, spaces and buildings for all the people. The local administration of Padua financed the creation of the PEBA of the city, with the brand "Padova + Accessibile" (Padua more accessible). More information at http://www.comune.padova.it/ peba. The two main criteria for the development of the plan have been a wide participatory vision and the use of open geospatial tools for analysis. OpenStreetMap has been selected as the core tool for mapping accessibility. elements.



10 meetings were organised in 10 different locations, corresponding to the 10 sub-departments of the city. PARTICIPATORY The aim was to present the project and MEETINGS collaboratively decide the areas/paths to be mapped and where to assess accessibility during the

following mappings events.

Data from OSM has been automatically categorised in several accessibility classes, in accordance with the national and regional OUTPUT MAPS legislation. Two different types of maps have been Via Antonio Zanchi produced: current status, footways, crossings, with obstacles kerbs represented, and project status, with Via Antonio Zanchi modified elements included in the plan.

mapping events were organised with citizens and MAPPING local organizations both as demonstration and training for the use of mapping tools (FieldPapers, Mapillary, OSMAnd), and for collection of local expertise on

accessibility. Then expert mappers finalized the collection in information and the upload on OpenStreetMap.

Various open tools have been used: FieldPapers

during mapping events; OsmAnd during technical mapping; Mapillary for collection of street-level pictures; JOSM for editing OpenStreetMap data; QGIS for the production of final cartographic maps of the official plan.





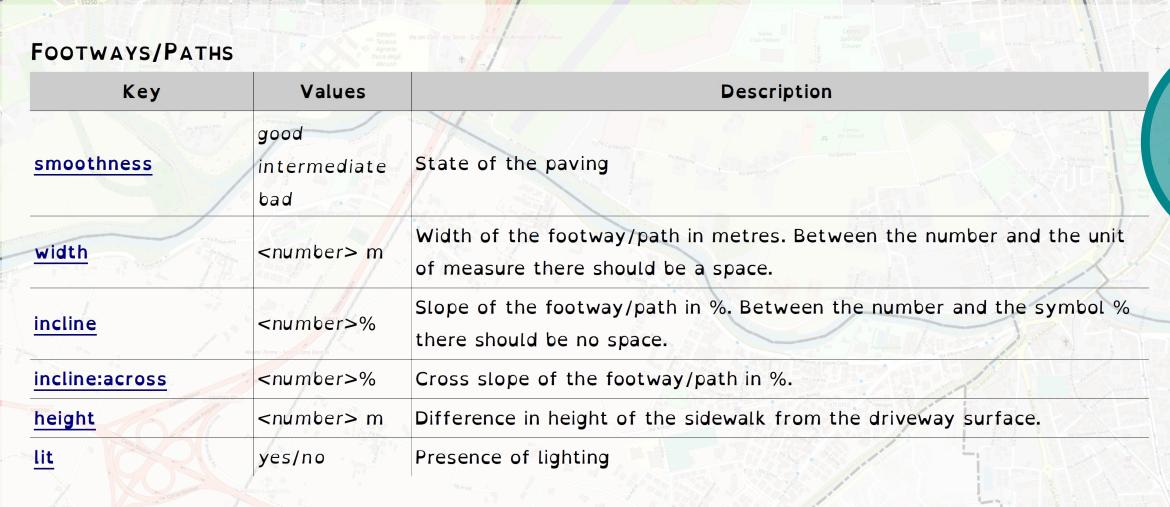
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shared

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TAGGING

SCHEME



KERBS	Cold Botton vo States	
Key	Values	Description
kerb SR47dr II*	flush	No apparent transition (~0 cm)
	lowered	There's a kerb <2 cm
	raised	There's a kerb >2 cm
kerb:height	<number> m</number>	Height of the kerb in m
tactile_paving	yes/no	Presence of tactile paving at the intersection.
	primitive	Presence of decorative tactile elements that can be used for orientation accidentally, but no typical tactile ground elements.
traffic_signals:sound	yes/no	Presence of sound signals helping to cross
Lit	yes/no	Presence of lighting

OBSTACLES		P All 2. Dispressions Printing Mark
Key	Values	Description
obstacle (obstacle:description)	pole planter tree drain	Type of obstacle narrowing of making difficult to pass.
obstacle:foot obstacle:wheelchair obstacle:blind	yes/no/limited	Describes whether the obstacle is specific to a vehicle or usage.
width	<number> m</number>	Width of the footway/path in metres in the point/area where the obstacle is present.
height	<number> m</number>	Height of the obstacle from ground (in case e.g. of traffic sign).

PARKING SPACES FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES

Comune

Key	Values	Description	
amenity	parking_space	A single parking space on a parking lot	Vector Gorga
disabled	designated	Defines the specific designation for people with disabilities	1000

CREDITS The local administration of Padua (Comune di Padova) funded the realization of the PEBA, including participatory meetings and mapping events and activities (contact person arch. Alberto Marescotti). Wikimedia Italia provided free patronage for mapping events; various Wikimedia Italia volunteers contributed to the mapping and editing activities. Image "Padova+accessibile" by arch. Alberto Marescotti. Font OpenDyslexic ®. Background image ©OpenStreetMap contributors.

Mapillary

10 meetings with citizens and associations

66 invited associations

40 km of footways/paths mapped

137 disabled designated parking spaces

370 geolocated +reports

229 obstacles observed

1.5 km of non-accessible sidewalks

17 km of sidewalks with limited accessibility

During the activities of the PEBA, a short guide on how to map parkings PARKING people with disabilities SPACES produced then and promoted to a few associations working

on disabilities.

PEBA IN

NUMBERS

In 4 months the number of these parking spaces increased from 0 to ~140, allowing the production of a dynamic map that is being continuosly updated.

1000 kerbs mapped 400 crossings mapped

31% inaccessible kerbs

10000 images uploaded in Mapillary 60000 €/km costs estimated

155 buildings assessed

12 recurring situations

37 standard intervention typologies

Conclusions The PEBA (Plan for the elimination of architectural barriers) of the city of Padua has been the first example in Italy of the direct use of OpenStreetMap as main tool to collect information and derive decisions for the characterization of accessibility of public areas and paths.

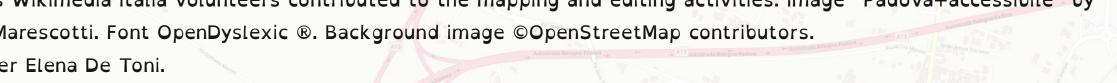
In the area of Padua, data in OSM have been improved in relation to information on accessibility of public areas and path, especially for disabled people; in addition to this, through the involvement of citizens and local organizations, the use of open source technology and the revision and application of a tagging scheme for OpenStreetMap, accessibility information will be easily updated and extended in the future.

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PIANO DI ELIMINAZIONE DELLE BARRIERE ARCHITETTONICHE



Project manager Elena De Toni.