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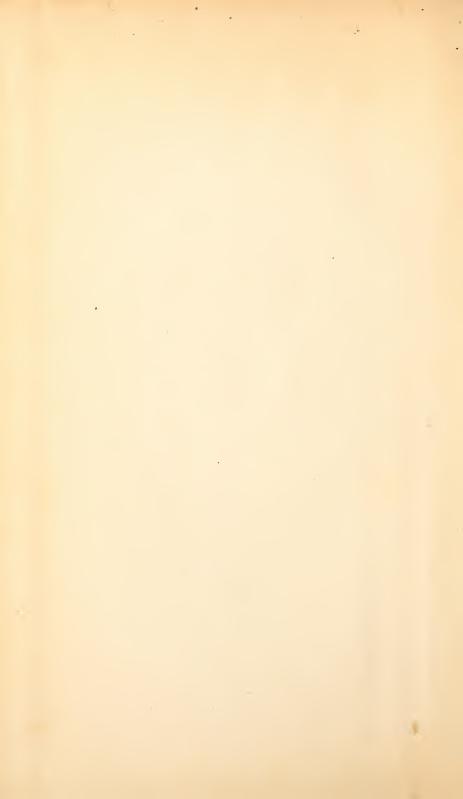
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## NORMAL UNIVERSITY

CARBONDALE, ILL.

1889-90.





### SIXTEENTH ANNUAL CATALOGUE

OF THE

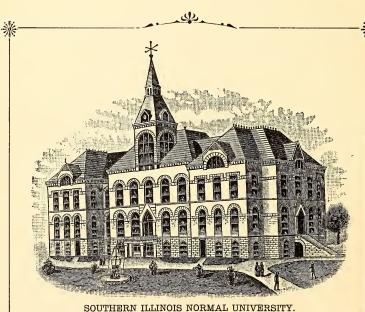
### SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

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CARBONDALE, ILLINUIS

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†WILLIAM H. HALL,

Assistant in Grammar and Arithmetic. † Spring Term.

### HISTORY.

N ACT of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved April 20, 1869, gave birth to this Normal School. By this Act it was provided that five Trustees should be appointed by the Governor of the State, who should fix the location, erect the building, and employ teachers for the school. The Governor, General John M. Palmer, appointed Captain Daniel Hurd, of Cairo; Eli Bowyer, of Olney; Colonel Thomas M. Harris, of Shelbyville; Rev. Elihu J. Palmer, of Belleville; and Samuel E. Flannigan, Esq., of Benton. After advertising in the newspapers, and stimulating competition among the town and cities in southern Illinois, these Trustees agreed on Carbondale as the proper location, and fixed the site on a lot of twenty acres, three-fourths of a mile south of the station of the Illinois Central Railroad. The corner stone was laid, with the ordinary ceremonies, by the Grand Master of the Masonic fraternity of the State, on the 17th day of May, 1870. The building was finished in time to be dedicated July 1, 1874, and the first Faculty commenced the work of instruction in the new building July 2, 1874, at which time a Normal Institute was opened with fifty-three pupils.

On the 6th day of September, 1874, the regular work of the Normal University commenced.

On the afternoon of November 26, 1883, at three o'clock, this beautiful building was discovered to be on fire, and before five o'clock, p. m., despite the efforts of Faculty, students, and citizens of Carbondale, the entire building was in ruins. By the heroic labors of students, teachers, and citizens, the large library was saved, and most of the furniture; also the philosophical and chemical apparatus.

The citizens kindly offered the use of rooms in some of the business blocks, which the Trustees accepted, and the school went

on with the regular recitation work, with an actual loss of less than two days. In the meantime a plan was proposed for a temporary school building, and in less than sixty days a building was completed containing fourteen rooms, and the normal school resumed its wonted duties in this, their temporary home.

The General Assembly, by an act approved June 27, 1885, appropriated \$152,065 to replace the first building, then lying in ruins.

The present building is a magnificent structure, in many respects superior to the one destroyed by fire.

There has been a substantial increase in the number of students from the first. From 53 students in the first special session, and 141 during the first term, the school has steadily grown until the spring term of the present year, 1890, when the schedule shows a total in attendance of 525. There have been admitted to the University, in all departments, 3,953 students.

The school has furnished its quota of teachers to this and other States, and the intelligent friends of education, recognizing the great benefit to the teaching forces of a Normal School Training, are making large demands for more of these trained teachers. More than two hundred of the students whose names appear in this Catalogue, had experience in teaching before entering school this year.

### GENERAL INFORMATION.

THE OBJECT of the University is to do a part of the work of education undertaken by the State. This is provided for in the departments named below. One design of the Training School is to be an example of what a school for primary scholars should be, and to afford to those preparing themselves to teach a place where they may observe the best methods in operation, and where, at suitable times, they may practice the calling of a teacher under the eye of one well instructed and largely experienced in the work. This practice work and observation is receiving each year more attention with us, and is one of our most valuable advantages.

The Normal Department is to give thorough instruction in the elementary and higher portions of the school course of study, and, indeed, to fit the student by knowledge and discipline for the practical duty of a teacher. It aims to give, in addition to instruction, opportunities of observation and trial to every one passing through the course, so that he shall not be an entire novice in his calling when he enters the school room. With this idea in mind, every branch prescribed to be taught in the common and high schools of our State is carefully studied. Accuracy and complete thoroughness are points held in mind in every recitation, and drills upon the elements are made a specialty. Great attention is therefore bestowed upon the earlier parts of the course, such as spelling and pronunciation, reading and defining, drawing, writing, vocal music, and physical culture. The body needs culture and systematic activity quite as much as the soul, and we begin with making it the servant of the mind, and habituating it to an unhesitating obedience.

The course of study is planned to give information, to assist in self-control and discipline, and to promote culture and refinement. It is arranged in the order which ages have found most profitable and philosophical; and all experience has shown that the first qualifications of a teacher are knowledge and personal selfdiscipline. The study of methods or practice will go for little until the scientific education has been obtained. studies are elementary, and the later ones calculated for stimulating thought when it is growing to maturity and needs discipline in proper directions. It is most emphatically urged on all students that they make their arrangements to pursue each study in its order, to do thorough work in each, and not to overburden the mind and body, too, by a larger number of studies than they can carry. Four studies a day should be the extreme limit, and even then one should be a review of a branch already quite familiar.

Few things can be impressed upon the mind to more profit than rules like the following, and we earnestly request school officers, directors, and county superintendents to aid us, and the friends of sound, systematic education to reiterate the maxims: Be thoroughly grounded in the elements of knowledge, particularly spelling with readiness and correctness; adding and multiplying numbers in all possible combinations with electric speed and infallible accuracy; writing with dispatch and neatness a good hand, easily read; drawing any simple figure, and singing. These things well learned in theory, and wrought into practical habits, not only open the door to all fields of knowledge and art, but they do go a long way toward making easy the highest attainments in scholarship and the sweetest grace in all manners and behavior. This Normal University insists on them as both necessary and easy to be gained.

Our rules of government are few in number and very general in their application. They are embraced in the Golden Rule:

"DO TO OTHERS AS YOU WOULD THEY SHOULD DO TO YOU."

It is expected, of course, that they include:

- 1. Neatness of person and dress.
- 2. Purity of words and behavior.
- 3. Cleanliness of desks, books, and rooms.

- 4. Courteous bearing to teachers and fellow students.
- 5. Punctuality and promptness, not to the minute only, but to the second.
  - 6. Respect for all the rights of others in all things.
  - 7. Earnest devotion to work.
  - 8. Quietness in all movements.
- 9. By all means be in school the first day and remain till the last day of every term.
  - 10. Obedience to the laws of love, good will, and duty.

If the spirit of these rules can be infused into the soul and wrought into the habits, each student will for himself grow in goodness and truth, and for the State he will be a power and a blessing.

### SUGGESTIONS.

TO THOSE WHO DESIGN TO ATTEND OUR SCHOOL.

UNDERSTAND (1) how many of our studies you have mastered thoroughly, and come ready to be examined on them. Do not forget that one who is to teach should be more thorough than one who is intending to be merely a scholar.

- 2. Do not take the higher studies till you have passed the lower in our classes or by our examination. Elementary work always pays better in the end than any other. Finish this first; do not be discouraged because your elementary studies have not been thoroughly done; you can remedy all such deficiencies. Quite too many want to begin with the higher studies. Take an examination of the lower ones and find exactly how you stand in them, and then advance as rapidly as you please. It has been found by our experience of fifteen years that a large number of students come to school lacking in the arts of reading, spelling, and writing. Let these be taken as your first studies. We will pass you on, as soon as you have proved you are a master of the arts fundamental of all the practice of learning and teaching.
- 3. Always bring recommendations from the county superintendent or county judge, or some clergyman or justice of the peace.
- 4. Come determined to work every day, and to omit no duty; to give up every pleasure for the time, and to do nothing but school duties, and to do them without fail at the proper time. Give up dancing schools as most demoralizing to scholarly habits, and all dancing parties as leading to dissipation and often quarrelsomeness, as well as vice and worthlessness.

### TO THOSE WHO SEND SCHOLARS TO SCHOOL.

We trust county superintendents will advise any who contemplate devoting themselves, for a time at least, to the work of teaching, to enter some of our departments—the Pedagogical certainly—and thus to associate themselves with the hundreds who have been with us, and are heartily engaged in elevating the calling of the teacher. It would be well to advise only such to attend as have an honest character and fair health, and good abilities to communicate knowledge. Any one who wants to teach simply because of the lighter and more agreeable labor and better pay, should be discouraged. But when one desires to be worthy, both in knowledge and character, to discharge the high duties of a teacher, and needs more science and better discipline, let him come and profit.

### COURSES OF STUDY.

The Courses of Study, we repeat, have been arranged with two purposes in view—(1) to give a strictly Normal course of training to fit teachers for public schools, and (2) to give example of methods of teaching. They therefore go over the whole curriculum of school studies, and give especial attention to those branches which require the use of the observing and perceptive faculties, without neglecting those which demand the use of the imagination and reason. Practical attention is devoted to physics, chemistry, natural history, geography, numbers, and language, and the student is not only taught to know, but to do the work of the branches which he pursues. He is also required to give instruction in all that he learns, so that when he begins his life work he may not be wholly inexperienced in the very beginning of his career.

#### DIPLOMAS.

We certainly shall not grant diplomas to those who are absent very often, and do not finish every examination, both oral and written. One of the values of a course of study is that it represents years of honest, punctual clabor, and a patient, systematic thinking.

### DEPARTMENTS.

The School is graded with a course of study arranged into the following departments: A Normal Department with two courses of study, occupying four and three years respectively, and a Preparatory or Training Department consisting of a Grammar, an Intermediate, and a Primary School.

The entire course of study is embodied in the accompanying schedules and tables of studies and hours of recitations. Special attention is called to these, and students are earnestly advised to begin with the lower, and proceed to the higher. There is a natural order of succession of studies; and long and careful experiments have shown that this cannot be inverted without harm.

We ask all to study the syllabus of each department and mark its plan.

### POST GRADUATE COURSE.

This will embrace a larger course of history, more of mathematics, political economy, criticism, field work in natural history, analytical chemistry, and dissecting and preserving specimens collected. It will also include a course of lectures on the above branches, and on the history and science of education.

#### NOTICE TO GRADUATES.

All graduates hereafter who are recommended by the Faculty and approved by the Board of Trustees are, by the Revised School Law, entitled to a State Certificate, granted by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, good in any county in the State for five years.

### CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

To be entitled to admission to the Normal Department, ladies must be sixteen years of age, and gentlemen seventeen. They must be of good moral character, and a certificate to that effect will be required. This may be from the county judge, or superintendent, or any known clergyman. To enjoy the privilege of free tuition, they must sign the pledge given below. They are to pass an examination either before the county superintendent or examiners, or before the Faculty of the University, such as would entitle them to a second grade certificate, and they must agree to obey all reasonable requirements as to order, promptness, cleanliness, and good behavior.

### THE PLEDGE.

I hereby pledge myself that, after completing my studies in this Southern Illinois Normal University, if a situation can be had with reasonable effort, I will teach in the public schools of this State three years, or at least as long as I have been instructed in it.

### FACILITIES FOR ILLUSTRATION.

### MUSEUM AND CABINET.

In the first story a large and well-lighted room is set apart as the Museum, and is supplied with elegant center and wall cases of best design and finish, for display of specimens.

The cabinets of minerals and rocks are large, varied, and amply sufficient for the practical work of the student. He will find the zoological and botanical cabinets, comprising thousands of specimens from land and sea, an invaluable aid in his studies in natural history.

The Normal respectfully solicits its friends and the friends of education to aid in building up a Museum worthy of Southern Illinois.

Specimens of minerals, insects, birds, animals, and plants; also Indian relics, such as stone axes and pipes, disks, spear and arrow heads, and pottery, will be thankfully received.

Specimens should be boxed carefully and sent by express, unless heavy, in which case they may be forwarded as freight.

The full name of the donor should not be omitted.

Already our friends have contributed many and valuable specimens to the Museum, and we embrace this occasion to return to them our sincere thanks. More than four thousand specimens have been collected and arranged in the Museum; and the additions to

the Library comprise nearly fifteen hundred volumes. Old books, pamphlets, maps, etc., curiosities, fossils, plants, and fruits will be gratefully received and carefully preserved.

### ILLUSTRATIVE APPARATUS..

The University possesses a very complete set of physical and chemical apparatus which is annually increased by the appropriation of the General Assembly.

The above equipment includes, among other pieces of value, a Toepler-Holtz electrical machine, one of Ritchie & Son's best airpumps with the necessary accessory attachments, a compound microscope of high power, a thermo-electric pile and galvanometer, Crooke's and Geissler tubes, an electrical rotator, a Ruhmkoff's induction coil, sciopticon, and views of scientific subjects.

The Chemical Department has an excellent laboratory supplied with water, gas, and a full set of re-agents.

The Astronomical Department has a telescope of sufficient power to show the rings of Saturn, the moons of Jupiter, double stars, etc., a Dr. Freeman Clarke astronomical lantern and cards for the study of the constellations, astronomical charts, etc.

The Mathematical Department has a surveyor's transit and a compass, which the classes in trigonometry and surveying are required to use constantly.

### LIBRARY AND WORKS OF REFERENCE.

The University has a complete set of books of reference, cyclopedias, biographical and pronouncing dictionaries, gazetteers, atlases, etc., which are placed in the study hall, or in the several recitation rooms, so that the students may consult them at any time.

The Library proper occupies a spacious room; it is well furnished, and, in connection with the Reading Room, is open a large part of each school day for students. The Library contains over 9,000 volumes, over 2,000 pamphlets, and includes a professional library for teachers.

### SPECIAL SUGGESTIONS.

We do earnestly and affectionately recommend to all our students, and to those who may be in charge of them, or who have influence over them in any way, by advice or authority, that they fix as a rule never to leave the institution before the end of the term, and, if possible, that they complete a full year. Fragments of an education are indeed of much worth, just as the fragments of a diamond are valuable. But how much more profitable are they when united! Do not be absent from school a day. The regular calesthenic exercise, or the military drill, will give you health for consecutive study, and by habitual application you will acquire facility for labor, and will accomplish more than you would have believed.

Every young lady should be provided with an umbrella, a water-proof cloak, low-heeled walking shoes of ample size, and good rubber overshoes. Young men also need umbrellas and overshoes.

### LITERARY SOCIETIES.

The students have organized two Literary Societies for the purpose of mutual improvement. They are the Zetetic Society and the Socratic Society. They meet every Friday evening. These afford one of the best means of culture, discipline, and instruction in the practical conduct of business. They have commenced the foundations of libraries, and deserve the countenance and patronage of all students and their friends. They have elegant rooms, admirably fitted and furnished. They represent the energy of the students, and show their devotion to the practical preparation for the public duties of life.

### CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Young Men's Christian Association and the Young Women's Christian Association have each a large and well conducted society which meets weekly, and their committees look after strangers coming to the school, and students who may be sick while attending the school.

### LOCATION, ETC.

Carbondale is a city of 3,000 inhabitants, healthful and beautiful, with a refined and cultured people. It is easy of access, and offers inducements for board and social advantages beyond most places. It has, perhaps, fewer temptations to idleness and dissipations, and combines religious and educational privileges in a degree greater than the average of towns and cities. Parents may be assured that their children will be as safe as in any school away from home, and scholars may come here and be certain that economy and industry will be respected and assisted by all. The Illlnois Central, the Carbondale & Grand Tower, and the Cairo Short Line Railroads afford ample facilities for convenient access.

### EXPENSES.

To those who sign the pledge to teach, tuition is gratuitous; but the law of the State requires that there shall be a fee charged for incidentals, at present not exceeding \$3 per term of fifteen weeks, and \$2 per term of twelve weeks. Tuition in Normal Department, \$9 and \$6; Preparatory Department—Grammar School, \$6 and \$4, and \$4 and \$3; and in the Intermediate and Primary Schools, \$4 and \$3.

Board can be had in good families in Carbondale, at rates varying from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week; and by renting rooms and self-boarding, or by organizing clubs, the cost may be reduced to \$2.00 per week. Books are sold by the book stores at reasonable prices.

Successful clubs have been carried on during the year now closing, in which prices—including all expense—have ranged from \$2 to \$2.50 per week.

### NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

I.—COURSES OF STUDY.

II.—TIME TABLE.

III.—SYLLABUS OF WORK.

### ENGLISH AND LATIN COURSE.

	·	NORMAL.										
	STUDIES.	1st Year.		2d Year.			3d Year.		4th Year.			
		1	2	3	4	5 (	3 7	8	9	10	11	12
I {	Psychology				†	.†			+			
II {	Botany. Physics. Zoölogy Physiology Chemistry Astronomy Geology				†					+		
III	Arithmetic				† . 	† <sup>.</sup> 	† . •   †	· <del> </del>				
IV {	Reading and Phonics Grammar Rhetoric English Anal. and Comp'n English Literature Elocution Spelling			+			. 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		†		
v{	Geography	† · · ·	. †	†					+	†		
vi{	Penmanship											
vII {	Vocal Music	Da	ily e	exe	rci	ses. a wee	k.					
vIII. {	Latin Greek						111			ona		

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following. The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

### ENGLISH COURSE.

		NORMAL.							
	STUDIES.	1st Year.	2d Year.	3d Year.					
		1 2 3	4 5 6	7 8 9					
	Psychology Ethics Pedagogy School Law Practice Teaching	†+	† 						
II	Botany Physics. Zöology Physiology Chemistry Astronomy Geology		†····	†					
III. <b>{</b>	Arithmetic. Algebra Geometry Book-keeping		† † †	††					
IV {	Reading and Phonics		††	†					
v{	Geography History Constitution U. S. and Illinois	1 † †		14					
vi {	Penmanship								
VII {	Vocal Music. Physical Culture. Military Drill	Daily exe	rcise.	τ.					

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following. The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

# TIME TABLE.

# FALL TERM.

* 111111
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
3   Eng. Lit.   F Latin.   A Ph'cs.   C Gram*.   Gen. His.   Eng. Lit.   B Geog.   B Draw*.   C Arith*.   Writing *
5   Lectures.   Military Drill, Physical and other General Exercises.
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
WINTER TERM.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5   Lectures.   Military Drill, Physical and other General Exercises.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
SPRING TERM.
$\frac{1}{1} \frac{ \text{Geology} }{ \text{Geology} } \frac{ \text{A Physiol} }{ \text{A Physiol} } \frac{\text{Hist}^*}{ \text{A Draw}^* } \frac{ \text{B B E-k'g.}^*}{ \text{B B E-k'g.}^*}$

	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
5  Lectures.	Military Drill, Physical and other General Exercises.
	6   A Hist.   Sch. Law A Ph'cs*   A Gram   C'I Goy't,   V'I Music B Geog*   B Draw*   A Arith*

The classes marked \* are irregular.

### SYLLABUS OF WORK.

THIS SYLLABUS includes two Courses—the English, and the English and Latin. Let it be studied in connection with the Courses of Study and Time Table. The English and Latin Course is arranged so as to fill four years of three terms each—twelve terms in all. Each study is named below in this order.

### GENERAL LECTURES ON PEDAGOGY, OBSERVATION, AND METHODS.

The first Course of Lectures was delivered during the years just closing. The number was seventeen in all, and a Course of ten will be delivered during the next year. These will be, chiefly, on the History of Education, including Educational Theories, and Lives and Characters of Men Distinguished in Educational Work in different ages and countries. They will, besides these topics, include themes such as the following: The value of the School as distinct from other educational agencies—the Family, the Church, the Press. What the people have a right to expect of the School, and what the School should demand from the people. What the people and the Directors should do for the School. How the teacher and the people may assist each other to make the School do all that can be rightfully expected of it.

Abstracts, Theses, and Reports are required.

### I.—PSYCHOLOGY, ETHICS, AND PEDAGOGY.

PSYCHOLOGY.—Sully's Teacher's Hand-book.

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Chapters I—XV. Eighth Term (A).—Chapters XVI—XX.

ETHICS.—Peabody's Moral Philosophy.

NINTH TERM.—A study of action and of the springs that lead to it; the governing principles of action; the right; conscience—its office and its training; the sources of knowledge of the right; rights and obligations; motive, passion, and habit; the cardinal virtues; the different ethical systems.

### PEDAGOGY.

FOURTH TERM (D).—Need of education; aim of the school; kinds of schools; the public school; Courses of Study for the common schools, with special study of the work in the primary grades; some general principles of education; observation and criticism of work in the Training School.

FIFTH TERM (C).—Brief study of the nature and powers of the child; the mental powers and the order of their development: importance of training the feelings and the will; the nature of education; right order in education; methods of training the different powers; the teacher's motives, preparation, and characteristics; school-house, furniture, and apparatus; school organization and management; purpose and management of the recitation; moral training in schools.—Hewett's Pedagogy, and Lectures.

ELEVENTH TERM (B).—Meaning and scope of education; three lines of educational development; lessons from a study of sensation, perception, conception, and attention; memory in education; cultivation of the imagination, judgment, and reason; the emotions in education; moral and religious training; motives and the training of the will; nature and uses of punishment.—Landon, Sully, and Lectures.

TWELFTH TERM (A).—Educational ideals, the efforts to realize them, and the effect they have had on individuals and nations.—

Painter's History of Education, and Lectures.

TWELFTH TERM.—School law of Illinois; summary of school system of the State; the school funds; rights of parties to the school contract; school supervision; examinations; methods for ungraded schools.—School Law, and Lectures.

### TEACHING.

Four terms of teaching in the Training School are required before graduation. This teaching is to be done at such times as the Superintendent of the Training Department may require, and will be carefully supervised. The teaching will usually be required at the times indicated in the Course of Study.

### II.—PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE.

### PHYSICS.—Avery.

FOURTH TERM (A).—Definitions, properties, and states of matter; dynamics—force and motion, composition and resolution of forces, falling bodies, pendulum, energy, simple machines, laws of equilibrium, friction; hydrostatics—liquid equilibrium, capillarity, buoyancy, specific gravity; hydrokinetics—discharge of liquids through orifices, flow of rivers, water-wheels; pneumatics—atmospheric pressure. Mariotte's laws; barometer, air, force, and lifting pumps, siphon; acoustics—reflection and refraction of sound, sound waves, musical instruments; heat—temperature, thermometer, liquefaction, vaporization, distillation, latent and specific heat, diffusion of heat, thermo-dynamics; optics—velocity, reflection and refraction of light, chromatics, optical instruments, polarization; electricity—magnets, induction machines, condensers, voltaic battery, thermo-electricity, electric telegraph, telephone, electric units, etc.

The various subjects are thoroughly illustrated by practical experiments and problems.

### ZOOLOGY.—Tenney's Elements.

FIFTH TERM (A).—What is an animal? general idea of the animal kingdom; basis of classification; the five branches or sub-kingdoms. Vertebrates, classes; mammals, illustrations and analy-

sis in studying the orders, preserving and caring for specimens; birds, groups or orders, illustrations and analyses, preservation of specimens; batrachians. illustrations, etc.; fishes, characters, illustrations, etc.; articulates, classes, insects as a class, the orders, analysis, methods of preservation and care of specimens, injurious and beneficial; arachnida, illustrations; crustaceans, illustrations; worms, orders; mollusca, classes—cephalopoda, gasteropoda, tunicata, brachiopoda, polyzoa, illustrations; radiates, classes—echinodermata, acalephia, polypi, illustrations; protozoans, classes or divisions.

### BOTANY .- Wood.

SIXTH TERM (A).—The leaf—parts, venation, margin, base, apex, simple, compound; inflorescence—forms, æstivation; floral organs; floral envelopes, situation, kinds of perianths; essential organs; stamens, their parts; pistils, their parts; analysis of plants, with methods of preparing herbarium specimens, begun and continued through rest of term; fruit, dehiscent and indehiscent pericarps, kinds of fruits; seed, its coat, contents; germination, growth of phænogamous plants, study of root and stem; cryptogamous plants, their vegetative organs, reproductive organs, vegetable cells; vegetable tissues; structure of woody tissues and leaves; fertilization of phænogams, of cryptogams; plant action, absorption, circulation, transpiration, and respiration.

### PHYSIOLOGY.—Cutter.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Physiology and anatomy defined; organic and inorganic bodies; cells, divisions of the human body; bones; structure, classification, condition necessary for healthy diet; digestion, the digestive organs and fluids, what each fluid acts upon; the alimentary canal compared with that of other animals; absorption, the lymphatics; respiration, the respiratory organs, ventilation; circulation, the heart and its accessories; composition of the blood, illustrated with the microscope and by dissection; temperature of the body, clothing, etc.; secretion; glands; the nervous system, the brain, cerebro-spinal nerves, the sympathetic system, functions of the brain; the senses, taste, smell, touch, vision, hearing, a study of the organs of each; the voice,

vocal organs; illustrations with skeleton, charts, models, and specimens through the whole course.

### CHEMISTRY.—Avery.

TENTH TERM.—Chemical nomenclature, laws governing chemical combinations. Atomic weights, molecular weights, specific gravity and valency of each element. Stoichiometry; theory of acids, bases, and salts; grouping of elements; their discovery, occurrence, preparation, properties, and uses. Description of chemical operations, preparation of re-agents, deportment of bodies with re-agents; special tests for acids and salts.

### ASTRONOMY.—Newcomb and Holden.

ELEVENTH TERM.—The relation of the earth to the heavens; motions of the earth; planetary motions; laws of motion and gravitation; motions and attractions of the moon; eclipses of sun and moon; celestial measurements; refraction and aberration of light; measures of time; formation of calendars; equation of time.

The solar system; sun, planets, asteroids, and comets.

The constellations; galaxy; variable and multiple stars; star clusters, and nebulae.

Astronomical instruments; spectroscope and polariscope.

### GEOLOGY .- LeConte.

TWELFTH TERM.—Physiographic geology—general character of the earth's features; system in the earth's features; lithological geology—constitution of the rocks, kinds of rocks; condition, structure, and arrangement of rock masses, stratified, unstratified, and vein form; position of strata, dislocation, order of arrangement. Review of the animal and vegetable kingdoms. Historical geology—Azoic time or age; Paleozoic time—Lower Silurian, Upper Silurian; age of fishes or Devonian age; age of coal plants or Carboniferous age; Mesozoic time, Reptillian age; Cenozoic time; Mammalian age; Psychozoic time, age of man. Dynamic geology:—Life, agency of the atmosphere, agency of water, agency of heat. Illustrations on the subject through the term by cabinet specimens and by the study of the geological formation of Jackson county and vicinity.

### MINERALOGY.—Foye.

The work in geology is supplemented by a short course in determinative mineralogy. Description of minerals, scales of hardness, and fusibility; specific gravity, solubility, blowpipe tests, streak, system of crystallization, luster, fracture, groups, etc.

### III. - MATHEMATICS.

### ARITHMETIC.—Rickoff.

TERM (C).—Simple interest, 6 per cent and 60-day methods; present worth; exact interest; common business method; bank discount; promissory note, essentials to its validity; original notes made, compared and discussed by class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of cubical blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds.

FIRST TERM (B).—Common fractions; fractional units; comparison of fractional with integral numbers; reduction, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractional numbers. Decimal fractions; comparison of decimal with common fractions, with whole numbers; reduction of decimal to common and common to decimal fractions; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of decimals. Longitude and time; denominate numbers, practical measurements. Percentage to interest. Solution of textbook examples, and original problems with discussion of best methods of teaching throughout the term.

Second Term (A).—Simple interest, solution by different methods, discussion, comparison of methods, present worth, exact interest, business method; bank discount, discussion, comparison with true and business discount; promissory note, essentials to its validity, original notes made by members of the class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds. Daily discussion of best methods; original problems. Review fundamental rules with careful discussion of methods in teaching.

### ALGEBRA.—Wentworth's Complete.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Literal notation and its application to addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of integral and fractional quantities, and to factors, divisors, and multiples; simple equations; indeterminate equations; inequalities, involution, and evolution; theory of exponents.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Radical quantities; quadratic equations; discussion of problems; higher equations; simultaneous equations.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Proportion; permutation and combination; binominal theorem; identical equations; series; logarithms; compound interest and annuities.

### GEOMETRY .- Wentworth.

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Straight lines and angles; circumferences; triangles; quadrilaterals; general properties of polygons; circles; problems.

EIGHTH TERM (A).—Lines and planes, solid angles, polyhedrons, spherical polygons; cylinder, cone, and sphere; problems.

### BOOK-KEEPING.—Eastman's Theory Guide.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Definitions; books used; principles of journalization; posting; trial balance, balance sheet, inventories of resources and liabilities; closing ledger; statements; notes drafts, checks, and names of persons connected therewith; interest, discount, exchange. Partnership, commission, consignment, shipment, accounts sales, administrator's books, etc.

### IV.--ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

### READING.—New Franklin Fifth Reader.

FIRST TERM (B).—Elements of speech, with phonic spelling, orthography, articulation, syllabication, accent, emphasis, slur, inflection, pause; management of breath, management of the body; classes of ideas; organs and breathing, voice and speech, voice building, cultivation of voice and manner of utterance; physical culture combined with vocal culture.

THIRD TERM (A).—Methods of teaching beginners; word, phonic, and alphabetic methods considered; faults in teaching beginners pointed out; apparatus to be used in class teaching; qualifications of a good teacher; methods of teaching advanced pupils discussed; thought analysis, classification; pronunciation; diacritical work considered; special attention given to biography of authors, and elements of English literature.

### GRAMMAR.—Harvey.

- Term (C).—Elements of sentence; of what each may consist and what errors likely to occur; complex sentence; abridging complex sentences; compound sentence; parsing and analysis; composition.

Third Term (B).—Rules of syntax; false syntax; peculiar use; capitalization; punctuation; figures of syntax; composition.

TWELFTH TERM (A). - What are the practical points in the study of grammar; how to teach these points; how to induce pupils to put them into practice; which can be taught the younger pupils; punctuation (Bigelow's); composition suited to the different grades; methods of teaching; points of difference in methods.

### RHETORIC.—Raub.

SEVENTH TERM.—Punctuation thoroughly taught, using Raub Special attention given to all the various forms as the text-book. of letter-writing. English composition practically taught throughout the term. Invention, style of discourse, including purity and propriety of diction, unity, strength, and harmony; figures of speech; elements of the beautiful and the sublime in thought.

This work is supplemented by essays, themes, orations, and discussions.

### ENGLISH ANALYSIS.—Greene.

Eighth Term.—Principles of language; paragraphing and composition; powers of words; synonyms; idioms; propositions; skeletons for essays; grammatical, rhetorical, and logical analysis.

### ENGLISH LITERATURE.—Raub.

TENTH TERM. -- First ten weeks given to English literature; recitation of text, and readings by teacher and pupils from Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Bacon, Dryden, Goldsmith, Johnson, Dickens, and others. The remaining five weeks is devoted to American literature; recitation of text; readings by teacher and pupils from Bryant, Longfellow, Whittier, Holmes, Irving, Emerson, Hawthorne, and others. The work during the term is supplemented by essays on authors and their works, book-reviews of Shakespeare's plays, and criticisms in style.

#### ELOCUTION.—Hamill.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Review of the elements of speech, with vocal culture; expression considered; agencies of delivery, voice and action; forms of voice; attributes of voice—quality, force, stress, pitch, time, etc.; exercise in breathing; organs of breathing, voice and speech illustrated by casts; action; cultivation of manner; class drills in gesture, attitude, and facial expression; sources of power in delivery; style of orators; methods of instruction.

## SPELLING, WORD ANALYSIS, AND DEFINITION.

Class E.—Lessons on objects, names, and qualities: Webster's system of diacritical marks, with some additions.

CLASS D.—Review of preceding lessons; list of words commonly used in connection with the same object; syllabication; rules for spelling; rules for capitalization; giving definitions and making sentences.

CLASS C.—Review preceding lessons; words containing silent letters; words pronounced alike, but different in meaning; diphthongs *ei* and *ie*.

CLASS B.—Review preceding lessons; terms in grammar; terms in arithmetic; terms in geography; terms in reading; terms in natural sciences; abbreviation of titles; business terms, etc.; irregular plurals; making paragraphs.

CLASS A.—Review of rules for spelling and capitalization; constant practice in the use of the diacritical marks; drill on the sounds of the letters: provincialisms and common errors in pronunciation noted.

#### V.—GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

#### MODERN GEOGRAPHY.—Eclectic Complete.

FIRST TERM (B).—Definition of geographical terms; mathematical geography, circles of situations, zones, latitude, longitude, etc.; winds, ocean currents, climate, etc.; North America, position, contour, drainage, etc.; map drawing; political North America, map drawing; special study of Illinois; South America with map drawing.

SECOND TERM (A).—Europe and Asia with map drawing; Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands; chief commercial routes of the world. Methods in teaching direction, distance, form; idea of scale developed, map of township, county, State; the earth as a whole, motions, form, etc.; definitions, how they should be taught; plan of teaching a continent, North America as a type, outline schemes for different steps. Different methods in teaching map drawing.

#### HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES,-Johnston.

Second Term (B).—Early discoveries — Spanish, English French, Dutch. Explorations and attempts at colonization; motives and character of settlers; growth in ideas of popular liberty; religious toleration; inter-colonial wars; revolution; Articles of Confederation and their defects; adoption of the Constitution and principles of our government; study of administrations; admission of States; acquisition of territory and conditions; foreign wars; management of Indians; tariff; bank of the United States, and Sub-treasury Bill; Omnibus Bill.

Third Term (A).—Kansas-Nebraska Bill and its effects; political parties of U. S., principles, changes of name, and organization; civil war; reconstruction; period since civil war, important legislation, progress. Method in U. S. History; reasons for studying U. S. History in public schools; oral and text-book work for young pupils; methods of teaching history in higher grades; principles of Constitution of U. S. to be introduced with the study of U. S. History.

#### PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY .-- Guyot.

NINTH TERM.—Earth's position in the Universe; surface measurement, etc.; evidences of internal heat; the lands, arrangement, outline, relief; islands, position, formation; waters, continental and oceanic; drainage of continents; ocean, oceanic movements; atmosphere; physical and astronomical climate; the winds, vapor in the atmosphere, laws of rainfall, glaciers, life upon the earth; distribution of plants; distribution of animals.

#### CIVIL GOVERNMENT.—Thorpe.

NINTH TERM.—The foundations of government; stages of society; classes of human rights; political rights in England, and in the American colonies; local government; the people in politics; duties and privileges of the citizen. Analysis of the Constitution of the U. S. Constitution and laws of Illinois.

#### GENERAL HISTORY.—Swinton's Outlines.

TENTH TERM.—The origin of civilization; Oriental nations; Greece; Rome; Middle Ages; The Crusades; Feudal System; Growth of the temporal power of the Pope; The Reformation; Mediæval language and literature; The Thirty Years' War. Modern European politics.

# VI.—PENMANSHIP AND FREE-HAND DRAWING. PENMANSHIP.

SECOND TERM.—Position; movement exercises; elements of letters; copy-writing; blackboard practice.

Throughout the term there are talks on the value of writing and suggestions on teaching.

The object is to form a handwriting at once rapid, legible, and compact, and frequent practice is our chief dependence. Muscular movement required.

## DRAWING .- Prang's Books of Art Education.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Books 1-6, with Manuals. Free-hand drawing; manner of holding pencil; drawing of straight and

curved lines; plane geometric figures and their construction; value of the study of drawing; principles of Construction, Representation, and Decoration, the three divisions of Art Education.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Books 7-9. Free-hand and instrumental drawing. Practice in Construction drawing with the use of geometric problems; practice in model and object drawing; drawing of leaf and natural forms, conventionalizing and using them in decoration and applied design.

TENTH TERM (A).—Light and shade; drawing from models, objects, and casts, and shading with crayon. Blackboard work as useful to the teacher in the illustration of various studies.

Copying of engraved pictures and heads is encouraged after the regular graded work has been taken.

#### VII.—PHYSICAL EXERCISE AND VOCAL MUSIC.

#### VOCAL MUSIC.

Attitude, management of breath, rote singing, classification of voices, scales and intervals, musical accents and varieties of measure, melody, harmony, musical notation, staff, bars, measures, clefs, musical fraction, etc.; keys and signatures; articulation, phrasing, musical expression, exercises in writing music. Vocal music is practiced and taught so as to give the student a good knowledge of the art and practice of singing, so that he can conduct the music of a school and inspire the scholar to cultivate and love this refining and ennobling duty of the sweet voice.

#### PHYSICAL CULTURE.

This is to give grace and symmetry to the frame, and volume and culture to the voice. Daily exercises in movement of limbs and body are conducted in the main hall of the University. The System used by the instructor in all drill work is that of Dr. D. A. Sargent, teacher of physical culture in Harvard College. Seat gymnastics; free arm movements; head and body exercises; leg and foot movements; drills in the use of the dumb-bells; wand

exercises; correct attitude in all movements; marching. All exercises are regulated by the music of the piano.

The aim of these exercises is to impart grace and ease of body whether it is at rest or in motion. That our aim may be realized, the young ladies should have their dress with skirts as light as possible and blouse waists, so as to give freedom of movement to the arms, that they may be easily raised vertically from the shoulders. Society dresses cannot be used profitably in these exercises.

# VIII.—LATIN AND GREEK. LATIN COURSE.

LATIN ELEMENTS. — Harkness, and Ahn.

FIRST TERM (I).—Division and combination of letters; English method of pronunciation; classification of words and their properties; nouns and declensions; adjectives and adjuncts; Latin pronouns and their relation to other words; frequent inter-language translations, giving formation and derivation and analysis of English words.

# LATIN ELEMENTS (Continued).

SECOND TERM (H).—Conjugation of Latin verbs; voice; modes—finite and infinite; tenses, characteristics of conjugations; reviews—oral and written; fundamental rules; daily translation from Latin into English and from English into Latin; parsing and analyzing, giving rules for construction.

LATIN READER.—Harkness' Grammar and Reader.

Third Term (G).—Review of all verbs; syntax of sentences; parsing; etymology of words; daily translation of fables and anecdotes; early Roman history; Italian and Roman kings; Rome founded; war of the Sabines; Roman struggles and conquests; consuls; Punic wars; Roman triumphs; civil dissensions. Daily use of grammar with reader.

CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO. —Harkness, and Harper.

FOURTH TERM (F).—Life and character of Cæsar; general description of Gaul; war with the Helvetii; conspiracy and fate

of Orgetorix; Cæsar's speech to the Helvetian legate; war with Ariovistus, the leader of the Germans. Constant use of grammar and parsing.

#### CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO (Continued.)

FIFTH TERM (E).—War with the Germans, accounts of early nations; German mode of warfare; final result; war with the Belgæ; bridge over the Rhine and crossing into Germany; invasion of Britain; review of the grammar with regard to the rules for construction. The style of Cæsar.

#### C. SALLUSTII BELLUM CATILINARUM.—Harkness, and Harper.

SIXTH TERM (D).—Account of Sallust; Lucius Catiline—his character, conspiracy, and confederates; time, circumstances, and cause of conspiracy; fate of allies and Catiline; views of Cato, Cæsar, and others; results upon the Roman government; frequent written translations; daily exercises in grammar, giving rules for construction; written and oral examinations. Style of Sallust.

### P. VIRGILII MARONIS ÆNEIS.—Frieze, and Harper.

SEVENTH TERM (C).—History of Virgil; hero of the poem; causes of the Trojan war; overthrow of Troy; mythology of the dei majores and dei minores; early history of Carthage; accounts of Dardanus, Anchises, Achates, Dido, Priam, Hector, Achilles, and others; journeyings of Æneas and his companions, and final arrival in Italy; poetic meter; parsing and syntax of sentences; written examinations. The excellencies and defects of Virgil's style, etc.

### CICERO IN CATILINAM.—Allen and Greenough.

EIGHTH TERM (B).—Outline of life and character of Cicero; birth and character of Catiline; the Catilinian conspiracy; the allies; origin and cause of conspiracy; fate of Catiline and leaders. Both literal and liberal translations; daily reference to analytical and synthetical constructions of sentences; the style of Cicero.

#### TACITUS DE GERMANIA. -Anthon.

NINTH TERM (A).—Life and writings of Tacitus; his style; situation of Germany; manners and customs of the early inhabitants; characteristics of the race; mode of living; description of the country; tribes of German origin; cavalry, infantry, and

modes of warfare; free, smooth, and polished translation required; written and oral examinations. Tacitus as a historian.

#### GREEK COURSE.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS. -Harkness.

CLASS F.—Greek characters; classification of letters into vowels and consonants; diphthongs; sounds; declension of articles, nouns, adjectives, and pronouns; etymology of words; short exercises in translation from Greek into English and English into Greek, and parsing; written examinations.

## GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS E.—Conjugation of verbs; active, middle and passive voices, with other properties of words; syllabic and temporal augments; reduplications; euphonic changes; daily translations from Greek into English and from English into Greek; frequent reviews; etymology and parsing; written examinations.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS D.—Mute, liquid, and contract verbs finished; verbs in second conjugation; irregular verbs; particles, syntax, and classification of sentences; rules for construction; translating Greek fables, jests, anecdotes, legends, and mythology; thorough review of grammar; Anabasis begun; written and oral examinations.

XENOPHON'S ANABASIS. —Goodwin's Anabasis and Grammar.

CLASS C.—Character of Xenophon; History of Darius, Artaxerxes, and Cyrus; outline of the Anabasis; account of the march of the Ten Thousand; modes of early Grecian warfare; the Cilician Queen; arrival in Babylonia; battle of Cunaxa; death of Cyrus; thorough review of Greek grammar, and constant attention to parsing; written examinations.

#### MEMORABILIA OF SOCRATES.—Robbins or Anthon.

CLASS B.—History of Socrates; charges against him; his innocence; his "Daiman"; Socrates' views of the value of friends and friendship; apothegms upon the rusticity of conduct; remedy for the loss of appetite; dissertation upon the manner of eating and mode of life, etc.; reference daily to the analysis and synthe-

sis of sentences, in accordance with the rules of grammar; written examinations.

HOMER'S ILIAD.—Seymour, and Antenreith's Homeric Dictionary.

CLASS A.—Trojan war; fall of Troy; the Greeks; the Troad; captive maids; war between Achilles and Agamemnon; Grecian mythology; priests; greater and lesser gods; death of Hector; time, persons, and places considered; style of Homer; dialectic differences and ancient forms.

# PREPARATORY (TRAINING) DE-PARTMENT.

I.—GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

II.—INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

III.—PRIMARY SCHOOL.

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

THE EIGHT grades of the Primary, Intermediate, and Grammar Schools, corresponding to the first eight years of the public schools, constitute the Preparatory Department of the University; and pupils whose scholarship is not sufficient for admission to the Normal School can find such work as they need in one of these lower schools. The pupils of the Normal School do the required teaching by taking charge of classes in this Department, their work in this line having the careful supervision of the Training teachers. The Preparatory Department is the Training Department of the University.

The studies of this Department and the order in which they are taken, are shown below.

# GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The work of this school is arranged to fit pupils who have completed the Intermediate School studies for the Normal Department. This is also a general preparatory school for all who need to give special attention to one or more branches before admission to the Normal classes. Classes in writing and drawing are formed each term.

Special attention is called to the elementary classes in the science studies required for a first-grade certificate, as physiology, natural philosophy, botany, and zoology. A class in elementary algebra will commonly be formed each Spring term for the benefit of those who have been teaching in the winter.

#### TIME TABLE.

#### SEVENTH GRADE.

FALL TERM.

1. E Geography.

2. E Reading.

3. Writing and Drawing.

4. H Arithmetic.

WINTER TERM.

D Geography.

D Geography.

D Reading.

D Reading.

Writing and Drawing.

Writing and Drawing.

F Arithmetic.

5. Vocal Music and General Exercises.

6. D Language. C Language. B Language.

#### EIGHTH GRADE.

 1. E Arithmetic.
 D Arithmetic.
 C Reading.

 2. B Physiology.
 B Zoology.
 B Physics.

 2. Witten and December 1. December 1. December 2. Dece

3. Writing and Drawing. Writing and Drawing. Writing and Drawing.
4. E History. D History. C History.

5. Vocal Music and General Exercises.

6. A Language. E Grammar. D Grammar.

7. E Algebra.\* D Algebra.\*

\* Optional.

### SEVENTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.—Rickoff.

FALL TERM (H).—Review of fundamental rules; Unites States money; factors and divisors; addition, subtraction, and multiplication of common fractions. *To page 155*.

WINTER TERM (G).—Division of common fractions; complex fractions; decimal fractions; bills. Pages 155, 200.

Spring Term (F).—Measures; simple and compound denominate numbers, longitude and time; practical applications. *Pages* 200–248.

### READING.—Swinton's Fifth Reader.

FALL TERM (E).—Vocal exercises; phonic analysis; pronunciation; meaning of words; thought of sentence; study of how to read; correct position; practice reading; memorizing of easy recitations.

WINTER TERM (D).—Vocal and phonic exercises and study of words continued; pitch, tone, etc.; analysis of lessons with a view of bringing out thoughts of author; transposition of thought into other words; outlines and abstracts of lessons; memorizing of selections; supplementary reading; practice in sight reading.

#### LANGUAGE.—Knox-Heath's Part Second.

Fall Term (D).—The sentence; how used; kinds; the parts of speech; dictation exercises. *Pages 1–96*.

Winter Term (C).—Meanings and kinds; inflection to conjugation; capitalizing; dictation exercises; simple forms of composition; vocabulary lessons. *Pages 96–187*.

Spring Term (B).—Conjugation; verb phrases; participles; how to use the parts of speech; criticism of incorrect sentences; composition; vocabulary lessons; easy paraphrasing. *Pages 187*—284.

#### GEOGRAPHY.—Eclectic Complete.

Fall Term (E).—Position, form, direction, distance, township, county, State; the earth as a whole, shape, motions, etc.; elementary definitions; latitude and longitude; North America, position, contour, relief, drainage, etc.; map drawing.

Winter Term (D).—Political North America, map drawing of the different divisions; special study of Illinois; South America, physical and political divisions, with map drawing.

Spring Term (C).—Europe and Asia, with map-drawing; also Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands.

#### BOTANY.—Gray's How Plants Grow.

Spring Term (B).—Leaf—parts, character, kinds; illustrations and analyses of leaves; plant—parts, their uses and subdivisions; germination; flowers—kinds, parts, uses; analyses of flowers.

#### EIGHTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.—Rickoff.

Fall Term (E).—Practical measurements—lumber, masonry, flooring, plastering, painting, paper-hanging, carpeting, paving,

bins, tanks, cisterns. Percentage; trade discount; insurance, commission and brokerage; stocks; taxes. Pages 262–301.

Winter Term (D).—Interest; bank discount; promissory note; partial payments; annual interest; compound interest; equation of payments; proportion—simple and compound.

#### READING.

Spring Term (C).—Supplementary reading; elementary course in literature.

#### LANGUAGE.—Knox-Heath's Part Second.

Fall Term (A).—How adjectives are used; phrasing; paraphrasing; composition; elements of a sentence; rules for spelling. *Pages 284–396*.

#### GRAMMAR.—Harvey.

WINTER TERM. (E).—Rules for capitals; parts of speech and their properties; parsing; drillin correct use of pronouns; auxiliary verbs. *Pages 1–88*.

Spring Term (D).—Parsing; drill in correct use of verbs; conjugation; principal parts of irregular verbs; simple sentences; elements; phrases; use of synonyms. *Pages 88–165*.

#### U. S. HISTORY.—Barnes.

Fall Term (E).—Discoveries, explorations, and claims to territory in the new world by European nations; colonization, character, and motives of early settlers, their hardships; Indians, their habits and relations with colonists; colonial forms of government, charter, royal, proprietary; slavery in the colonies; religious freedom; education; British oppression; inter-colonial wars. Revolutionary war and its results; Constitution of United States and departments of government.

WINTER TERM (D).—Early administrations; principles of government, admission of states; increase in area and population; inventions and progress; foreign wars: political parties and principles; Monroe Doctrine; protective tariff; financial panic of 1837; gold in California.

Spring Term (C).—Causes of civil war; events of civil war; credit of the U. S., and National banking system; political and

military leaders; return of seceded states; settlement of difficulties with England; France in Mexico; important treaties and recent acts of legislation.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.—Stowell's A Healthy Body.

Fall Term (B).—Alcohol; fermented liquors; distillation cells; the bones; the skeleton and the joints; hygiene of the bones; the muscles; exercise; our foods; cooking; digestion; digestion in the stomach; digestion in the intestines; alcohol, tobacco, opium, and the digestive organs; absorption; the blood; circulation; the effects of alcohol and tobacco on the heart and the circulation; respiration; ventilation; sleep; the kidneys; the skin; temperature of the body; the nervous system; alcohol, tobacco, opium, and the nervous system; the sense of sight; the sense of taste; the senses of smell and touch; the senses of temperature, weight, and hearing; opium, tea, coffee, and tobacco; alcohol and long life; what the authorities say; before the doctor comes.

#### ZOOLOGY.—Tenney's Natural History of Animals.

WINTER TERM (B).—A general idea of animals; vertebrates; classes; orders of mammals; birds and their orders, illustrated by specimens and analytical work; reptiles and their orders, illustrated; batrachians and their orders illustrated; fishes and their orders to a limited extent, illustrated; articulates; classes; insects with illustrations; crustaceans; mollusks; a partial study of the higher classes with illustrations; radiates; a partial study of the classes, with illustrations.

#### PHYSICS.—Gage's Introduction.

WINTER TERM (B).—Matter, energy, motion, and force; attraction of gravitation, molecular forces. Dynamics of fluids—transmission of pressure, barometer, compressibility and elasticity of gases, buoyancy of fluids, density, and specific gravity. General dynamics—momentum, laws of motion, composition, and resolution of forces, center of gravity, falling bodies, curvilinear motion, pendulum; work and energy, mechanic and static laws. Heat—sources, temperature, thermometers, effects of heat, latent and specific heat, thermo-dynamics, steam engine. Electricity

and magnetism—batteries, currents, conductors, galvanometer, induction, electric light and electric bells, telegraphy and telephony. Sound—vibrations, velocity of sound, reflection, intensity, re-enforcement and interference, pitch, quality and force, overtones, musical instruments, laws of vibrating cords, phonograph. Light—sources, velocity, photometry, reflection and refraction with laws, prisms, lenses, mirrors, images, color, optical instruments.

# INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

#### READING.

FOURTH YEAR.—Appleton's Third Reader completed; Harper's Third Reader; supplementary reading, Johonnot's Third Book, Neighbors with Wings and Fins, and Some Others; use of the Dictionary begun.

FIFTH YEAR.—Appleton's Fourth Reader; use of books of reference begun; definitions and synonyms required to a limited extent; supplementary reading, Johonnot's Intermediate Book, Some Curious Flyers, Creepers, and Swimmers.

SIXTH YEAR.—Supplementary reading—Johonnot's Fourth Book, Neighbors With Claws and Hoofs, and Their Kin; Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare, etc.

#### ARITHMETIC.

White's Elementary Arithmetic is taken up at the beginning of the Fourth Year (First Year Intermediate), and is the basis of instruction in this branch through the three years of this school.

#### LANGUAGE.

FOURTH YEAR.—Dictation and letter writing continued; form of business letter taught; compositions, not exceeding four paragraphs, based on knowledge gained by reading, with a teacher, J. McNair Wright's Nature Readers, Sea-side and Way-side, Nos. 1 and 2; selections of poetry memorized.

FIFTH YEAR.—Knox-Heath's Elementary Lessons in English, Part First.

SIXTH YEAR.—Review, and application of work of Fifth Year to the study of selections from Irving, Longfellow, Whittier, Hawthorne, Holmes, etc.

#### WRITING.

FOURTH YEAR.—Word and sentences continued; constant attention given to position and movement. Knowledge acquired applied to all written exercises.

FIFTH YEAR.—Work of previous year continued.

SIXTH YEAR.—Knowledge acquired applied to copying choice selections of poetry and prose.

#### DRAWING.

FOURTH YEAR.—The second six solids—ellipsoid, ovoid, equilateral triangular prism, cone, pyramid, and vase form. Applied as in the previous year. (See third year, Primary.)

Fifth Year.—Text-book of Art Education No. I, and half of No. II.

SIXTH YEAR.—Complete Text-book of Art Education No. II, and No. III.

#### MUSIC.

Note and rote singing throughout the school. Daily practice from the Modulator, and from a First Music Reader.

#### GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

The Eclectic Elementary Geography is begun with the Fourth Year (First Year Intermediate), and continued through the Fifth Year, with supplementary reading.

During the Sixth year Eggleston's Primary History of the United States is studied, with special reference to the manners and habits of the people, the character of individuals, the moral lessons to be gained, and the acquisition of stories for use in language lessons.

#### NATURAL SCIENCE.

FOURTH AND FIFTH YEARS.—During these years natural science is taught in connection with reading, language, and drawing,

and includes the study of leaves, plants, flowers, fruits, animals, and the human body.

SIXTH YEAR.—Hooker's Child's Book of Nature.

FALL TERM.—Part II. Animals.

WINTER TERM.—Part III. Air, Water, Heat, Light, etc.

Spring Term.—Part I. Plants.

# PRIMARY SCHOOL.

The Course of Study for the Primary School covers the first three years of the child's attendance on school. The paragraphs following indicate in general terms the work of this School.

#### SENSE TRAINING.

The training of the senses is made introductory to instruction in reading, and also forms the basis for oral instruction in number and language.

#### READING.

FIRST YEAR.—For six weeks or more, words in script, the words learned to be reproduced on slate or blackboard; Appleton's First Reader begun and completed; Harper's First Reader completed; the easier phonic elements of words learned, commencing with the consonant sounds, then taking the short vowel sounds, and ending with the long vowel sounds.

SECOND YEAR.—An advanced First Reader; Appleton's Second Reader; phonic elements of all words used in lessons; syllabication and accent of all words learned; supplementary reading, Johonnot's Natural History Series, First Book, Cats and Dogs.

THIRD YEAR.—Harper's Second Reader; first half of Appleton's Third Reader; supplementary Reading—Johonnot's Natural History Series, Second Book, Friends in Feathers and Fur; Ruskin's King of the Golden River, etc.

#### NUMBER.

The work in Number is based on Rickoff's Numbers illustrated. Balls, blocks, straws, etc., and Number Charts are in constant use throughout the three years.

#### LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

FIRST YEAR.—Oral instruction by means of familiar conversations on animals, plants, and common things, with constant attention to correct expression. Children trained to see and to express their thoughts in stories, also to re-tell stories; three forms of sentences and two uses of capitals taught by means of dictation exercises; some easy and pleasing selections of poetry memorized.

Second Year.—Stories told from pictures (Prang's Natural History Series, Trades and Occupations, etc.); descriptions of objects presented; lessons on the human body and on domestic animals; dictation exercises to teach correct forms of paragraphing, punctuation, and use of capitals; written work based on knowledge gained from the reading work of the corresponding grade, in the form of short sentences; some easy and pleasing selections of poetry memorized.

Third Year.—Oral and written reproduction of stories read by the teacher; dictation exercises to teach more fully paragraphing, punctuation, etc.; compositions, not exceeding three paragraphs, based on knowledge gained from the reading of the corresponding grade; some selections of poetry memorized; form of a friendly letter taught.

#### WRITING.

FIRST YEAR.—Words copied as wholes on slate or blackboard in connection with the reading and the language lessons; after the first term typical words practiced under the direction of a teacher. Correct pencil holding and position attempted from the first.

SECOND YEAR.—With lead pencil under the direction of a teacher. Drill on the small letters, with special reference to the joining of letters; capitals begun.

THIRD YEAR.—Use of pen begun; small letters reviewed, and capitals completed and reviewed; short sentences; movement exercises daily.

#### DRAWING.

FIRST YEAR.—Outline work beginning with the second term; simple lessons in form and color; tablet and stick laying.

SECOND YEAR.—Lessons in form and color; tablet and stick laying, paper cutting and folding; modeling in clay.

THIRD YEAR.—The first six solids—sphere, cube, cylinder, hemisphere, square prism, and triangular prism. Deriving ideas of form from seeing and handling geometric solids and familiar objects based on them; ideas of form developed by clay modeling, and stick and tablet laying; ideas of form expressed by drawing on slates and blackboard, by language, and by making objects in paper and clay.

#### MUSIC.

New First Series of Charts of the National Music Course, the Modulator, and the corresponding part of a New First Reader.

#### GEOGRAPHY.

In the first two years oral instruction is given preparatory to local geography.

THIRD YEAR.—Oral lessons on school room and surroundings, home town and neighboring towns, township, county and adjacent counties, and State.

#### NATURAL SCIENCE.

During the first three years natural science is taught in connection with language, and includes principally the study of domestic animals and familiar plants.

# ADDENDUM.

Students of the school who desire it will be instructed in Short-hand and Type-writing by competent teachers.

# MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

# MILITARY.

# DOUGLAS CORPS OF CADETS.

G. V. Buchanan, Commanding.

THOSE male pupils over 15 years of age, who may so desire, are formed into a Cadet Battalion for the purpose of military drill and exercise. The drill is for three-fourths of an hour, three days each week, and in no way interferes with school duties. The United States Government has furnished, for the use of the Cadets, 100 Springfield cadet rifles, two 3-inch rifled cannon, and 100 cavalry sabres, at no cost whatever to the State or to the Institution.

The Cadet uniform is similar to that of the Grand Army of the Republic, with the exception that the buttons are those of the State troops. The cap is of blue cloth, shoulder straps, and other insignia of rank same as for infantry service U. S. Army. A full suit can be bought in Carbondale at from \$12.00 to \$20.00, according to quality. The advantage of this choice of uniform is that it is cheap, can be purchased anywhere, and if a Cadet remains at the University only one term, at the end of that time, by a change of buttons, he has a simple civilian's suit that can be worn without being in the least conspicuous. No better suit than this can be obtained for school wear, and it is earnestly recommended that all who come to school with the intention of becoming Cadets provide themselves with it either before or after their arrival.

The corps is divided into a number of companies suitable to its size. The officers receive commissions, and the non-commissioned officers warrants, from the Commandant.

It is the desire of the Faculty and Board of Trustees that all the male pupils of the proper age join the Military Department. The value of the drill in developing an erect and gentlemanly carriage, and in counteracting the stooping effect produced by bending over the desk in the act of study, is very great. It gives to the Cadets three-fourths of an hour, three days each week, in the open air as a relief from the study hall, and, in addition, gives them a knowledge of military matters that in case of war, or domestic violence, or insurrection, would be of great value to themselves and to their country.

The time available for instruction in this Department is necessarily limited, and varies considerably with the weather and circumstances. The courses have been planned to suit these conditions and embody what, for want of a better general distinction, may be termed essential and auxiliary features.

Under the former we include all that knowledge which would best prepare the student to render efficient *practical* service; as a company officer or non-commissioned officer of the State militia; as an organizer of the same in case of necessity, and as a member of—very much the largest and most important component of every great army—the Volunteer Infantry.

The auxiliary features comprise subjects designed to arouse and enhance in the students a desire for military knowledge, and may include anything calculated to stimulate them to further study of military subjects, and increase their interest in and taste for military affairs and service.

For us, under our conditions and limited time, the making of the former a first consideration seems the wisest course to pursue and most likely to result in practical benefit to the country. Hence, when the conditions happen to be unfavorable, only so much time is devoted to the auxiliary kind of instruction as can be spared from that which is considered more important.

# COURSE\_FALL TERM, 1889-90.

PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION.

INFANTRY TACTICS.—School of the Squad; Manual of Arms; School of the Company; Skirmish Drill; Battalion Drill; Honors, Salutes, etc.; Competitive Drills.

ARTILLERY TACTICS.—Manipulation and Service of Piece.

#### THEORETICAL INSTRUCTION.

Infantry Tactics.—Recitations and examinations.

#### FORMATION OF BATTALION.

Captains...Salter, J. C. Sergeants..Donoho, T. L. Galbraith, C. M. Burge, L. E. Bryden, W. O, Bridges, D. Y. Lawrence, J. H., Adj. Hamill, R. E. Beman, G. W. McGuire, A. E. 1st Lieuts...Whitney, W. B. Allen, L. R. McMackin, F. G. Ashley, W. H. Patten, A. E. Porter, A. B. Merrick, C. H. Rude, O. J. Corporals .. Whitchurch, J. E. Shinn, S. H. 2d Lieuts...Bliss, A. L. Pugh, C. H. Batson, W. A. Brown, R. Anderson, G. F. Hagler, G. L. Steele, R. E. Farthing, J. R. 1st Sergts.. Ayre, P. S. Finn, S. N. Walker, F. E. Purdy, G. E. Waller, E. Russel, C. W. Renfro, R. E. Ledbetter, J. N. Sergeants..McKean, A. G. Hamill, A. Kell, O. A. Sheppard, F. A. Whelpley, F. L. Rapp, C. R. Brantly, J. H. Campbell, J. G.

Privates . . . Anderson, W. L. Privates . . . Burnside, W. K. Anderson, A. Cowan, N. Atkins, G. O. Chandler, L. C. Brewer, O. Chanaberry, M. F. Brown, G. Crabtree, E. J. Brayshaw, F. Crowe, L. B. Boomer, C. Culp, C.

Blackman, C. C.

Barter, W. E. Cunningham, G. Benedict, W. Cunningham, J. Barter, J. S. Dewey, J. M.

Dougherty, A. J.

	Donoho, C.
	Davis, A. D.
	Davis, H. W.
	Deason, E.
	Ervin, F. J.
	Etherton, M.
	Euler, W.
•	Ferrel, C. H.
	Gambach, G.
	Grammer, F.
	Grammer, L.
	Grammer, A.
	Hamill, J. T.
	Hubbard, S. A.
	Hord, R.
	Hopper, O.
	Hodge, H. F.
	Inman, O. M.
	Inman, H. H.
	Ihle, C.
	Isom, W. C.

Jones, B.
Keller, C. R.
Kiesel, G.
Knauer, H. S.
Kell, A. B.
Klien, H. J.
Leeds, A.
Lee, H. D.
Levan, L. C.
Maxwell, W. S.

Privates...Downey, L.

aucs
McCormack, L.
McCormack, W.
Mushrush, F.
Morton, R.
McGuire, E.
McIlwain, J.
Moore, S. L.
Marvin, B.
Miller, E.
Ogle, H.
Patten, E. S.
Pasley, G. M.
Queen, S.
Ruff, H. E.
Sauer, P. E.
Snider, E.
Stone, H. E.*
Smith, H. M.
Stilley, C. W.
Stilley, P. D.
Schofield, W. H.
Stout, C.
Smart, J.
Thompson, W. W.
Whiteman, F. M.
Wiseman, A. L.
Weaver, F.
Wentz, E.
Watt, J. S.

Privates...Martin, W. J.

Total, 128.

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

### COURSE—WINTER TERM, 1889-90.

#### PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION.

INFANTRY TACTICS.—School of the Squad; Manual of Arms; School of the Company; Competitive Drills; Examinations in Tactics.

ARTILLERY TACTICS.—Saber exercises.

FORMATION OF BATTALION.		
CaptainsSalter, J. C.	SergeantsHamill, R. E.	
Galbraith, C. M.	McGuire, A. E.	
Bryden, W. O., Adj	. Allen, L. R.	
Beman, G. W.	Whitehurch, J. E.	
1st LieutsWhitney, W. B.	Pugh, C. H.	
Shinn, S. H.	Ledbetter, J. N.	
McMackin, F. G.	Sheppard, F. A.	
Patten, A. E.	Hagler, G. L.	
Bliss, A. L.	Ashley, W. H.	
2d Lieuts Brown, R.	Rapp, C. R.	
Anderson, G. F.	Corporals Campbell, J. G.	
Walker, F. E.	McCormack, L.	
Renfro, R. E.	Stilley, C. W.	
1st Sergts Waller, E.	Stilley, P. D.	
McKean, A. G.	Walker, H. A.	
Kell, O. A.	Dougherty, A. J.	
Whelpley, F. L.	Hubbard, S. H.	
SergeantsPorter, A. B.	Maxwell, W. S.	
Donoho, T. L.		
Privates Akin, G.	Privates Blackman, C. C.	
Anderson, W. L.	Brush, S. G.	
Atkins, G. O.	Biggs, W. W.	
Allen, H. E.	Brown, G.	
Anderson, A. C.	Bowen, J.	
Barter, W. E.	Cowen, W. L.	
Burnside, W. K.	Cunningham, G.	
Barter, J. S.	Custer, W. M.	
Biggs, C. W.	Donoho, C.	

Dewey, J. M.

Boomer, C.

Privates ... Davis, H. W.
Driskill, A.
Euler, W.
Gurley, W. W.
Hall, P.
Hopper, O.
Hord, R.
Herod, J. R.
Helms, H. L.
Herrin, J.
Isom, W. C.

Herrin, J.
Isom, W. C.
Jones, B.
Kell, A. B.
Levelsmier, J. W.
Lee, H. D.
Levan, L. C.
McIlwain, J.
Mushrush F.
Mead, G.
Meyer, F. W.
McCormack, W. T.

McClellan, W. J.

Miller, J. A,

Privates....McGuire, E.

Ogle, H.
Ogden, M. S.
Patten, E. S.
Pasley, G. W.
Ruff, H. E.
Rawson, G. I.
Roane, I.

Roane, I.
Richardson, E.
Ragen, W. H.
Stout, C.
Sauer, P. E.
Tait, J. J.
Tanner, J. M.
Toler, J. B.
Wade, C. S.
Wentz, E.
White, J. M.
Walker, R. A.
Welsh, J.

Watt, J. S.

Walker, I. C. Total, 102.

# COURSE—SPRING TERM, 1889-90.

#### PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION.

INFANTRY TACTICS.—School of the Squad; Manual of Arms; School of the Company; Skirmish Drill; Battalion Drill; Honors, Salutes, etc. Sham Battles and Competitive Drills for medal.

ARTILLERY TACTICS.—Manipulation and Service of the Piece; Firing with blank cartridges; Salutes and sham battles.

#### FORMATION OF BATTALION.

Captains...Salter, J. C., Adj. 1st Lieuts.. Whitney, W. B. Galbraith, C. M Shinn, S. H.

Bryden, W. O. McMackin, F. G. Lawrence, J. H. Patten, A. E.

Beman, G. W. Bliss, A. L.

2d Lieuts...Brown, R. Anderson, G. F.

· Walker, F. E.

Renfro, R. E.

1st Sergts.. Waller, E.

Kell, O. A.

Porter, A. B.

Donoho, T. L.

Rude, O. J.

Sergeants.. Whitchurch, J. E.

Rapp, C. R.

Stilley, C. W.

Ashley, W. H.

Purdy, G. E.

Campbell, J. G.

Dougherty, A. J

Ruff, H. E.

1vuii, 11. 12.

Hubbard, S. H.

Pugh, C. H.

McCormack, L.

Stilley, P. D.

Privates . . . Akin, G.

Allen, C. N.

Boswell, W. T.

Batson, H. H.

Bundy, E. S. Barnwell, C. G.

Brayshaw, F.

Bryan R. L

Bryan, R. L.

Burkitt, J. A.

Brooks. J. T.

Bowen, J. A.

Barter, O.

Baker, J. L.

Culver, F. O.

Clutts, G. E.

Custer, W. M.

Cox, H. J.

Corporals..Biggs, W. W.

Dewey, J. M.

Barter, J. S.

Isom, W. C.

Kell, A. B.

Lee, H. D.

Patten, E. S.

McCormack, W. T.

Boomer, C.

Sauer, P. E.

Wentz, E.

McClellan, W. J.

Cowan, N.

Burnside, W. K.

McGuire, E. M.

Franklin, W. J.

Galbraith, W. R.

Privates...Crawford, J. E.

Cunningham, G.

Colp, M.

Chew, F.

Cummings, J. B.

Carson, L.

Daws, A.

Dorris, W. S.

Deason, E.

Driskill, A.

Etherton, G.

Felts, W. T.

Glick, H.

Grear, J. P.

Garrett, W. M.

Helbig, G.

Hawkins, J. F.

Hodge, H. F.

Hill, A. L.

Herod, J. R.

Henard, W. S.

Hopper, O.

Hincke, G. E.

Hershey, J. R.

Knauer, H. S.

Kerley, S. Y.

Leeper, R. C.

Lewis, A. C.

Mason, H. M.

Mathis, J. B.

Mathis, J. W.

McIlwain, J.

McCall, S. R. McCall, T. E.

Norfolk, D. H.

Ogle, H.

Parish, W.

Rausch, A. T.

Russell, W. A.

Robinson, S. P.

Ragsdale, J. S.

Roane, I. Reynolds, M. T.

Total for year by terms, 366.

Privates...Rauch, W. H.

Ragen, W. H.

Richardson, E.

Ragsdale, S. C.

Stout, C. L.

Stout, H. C.

Stout, L. A.

Small, J. B.

Simmons, W. R.

Spiller, J. W.

Steers, F. W.

Shourd, W. O.

Sitter, H.

Sitter, J.

Taylor, H.

Tanner, J. M.

Toler, J. B.

Veach, W. F.

Vogel, F. G.

White, T. O. White, J. M.

Whittenburg, A. L.

Walker, R. A.

Wise, A. J.

Williams, O.

Watt, J. S.

Young, R. S,

Total, 136.



NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

59

PUPIL TEACHERS, STUDENTS, AND ALUMNI.

# PUPIL TEACHERS.

Alexander, Anna R. Anderson, George F. Anderson, Mary J. Anderson, Nettie A. Ayre, Philip S. Barr, Jessie G. Barter, Emeline E. Bellamy, Addie. Beman, George W. Blanchard, Guy. Bliss, Anson L. Brown, Robert. Buckley, Elizabeth F. Bundy, Joseph B. Burge, Lloyd E. Busam, Rosa. Chanaberry, Millard F. Davis, A. Donald. Davis, Charles H. Davis, Mary E. Deason, Richard O. Easterly, Mattie. Eddleman, Ellen J. Ferrell, Minnie. Galbraith, Charles M. Hackney, Kate G. Hanson, Julia. Hill, Mamie E. Holden, Wm. M. Hord, Addie. Hord, Ruth. Kimmel, Emma L. Kimmel, Ruby I. Lansden, Mary G.

Lawrence, A. Blanche. Lawrence, John H. Lingenfelter, Ada. Lirely, Wm. H. Littleton, Cora E. Maxwell, Wm. S. McMackin, Fred G. Mesler, Mary B. Meyer, Fritz W. Miller, Mary Eliz. North, M. Alice. Patten, Arthur E. Peebles, Lizzie S. Phillips, Myrtle K. Purdy, George E. Purdy, Wallace C. Rhoads, Miriam E. Roane, Cora. Rude, Otto J. Rury, Francis O. Steele, Robert E. Storment, John C. Troy, Nellie C. Vogel, Frederick G. Waller, Elbert. Wallis, Mary. Wham, Agnes C. Wham, Dora A. Whelpley, Frank L. Whitchurch, John E. Whitney, Wm. B. Woodson, Myrtle F. Youngblood, Louise R. Zetzsche, May J.

# NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

# POST GRADUATES.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Bryden, Helen	. Carbondale
Fryar, Minnie J	Carbondale
Hall, William Herbert	Albion
Wallis, William Jr	Carbondale

# SPECIAL STUDENTS.

Brown, Dennis Clarence
Clark, LuluCentralia
Gage, Lizzie CorneliaKansas City, Mo.
Lawrence, Lizzie Hattie
Teeter, Annie Crowther

# NORMAL SCHOOL.

# SENIORS.

Bain, John CharlesVienna
Hackney, Kate GraciaAtwater
Hull, BerthaCarbondale
Keller, Kent Ellsworth
Lansden, Mary GallaherCairo
Ramsey, Joseph EliLancaster
Sams, Fountain FernandoJonesboro
Smith, MabelCarbondale
Storment, John CalvinSalem
Torrance, Anna ElizaSalem
Van Cleve, Martin ThomasVienna

STUDENTS OF THIRD, SECOND, AND FIRST Y	
	ESIDENCE.
Abel, Lelia Belle	
Adams, Ella	
Adams, Roy Ned	
Agnew, Eunice	
Alexander, Anna Roseman	
Allen, Charles W	
Allen, Lewis RichardsonJa	
Allyn, Louise HurlbutNew Lond	
Anderson, George Forbes	
Anderson, Mary Jane	
Anderson, Nettie Ann	Cobden
Applegath, John	
Applegath, May AugustaC	
Atkins, George Oliver	Sumner
Ayre, Philip Sheridan	Dix
Baker, John Louis	<b>Tarrisburg</b>
Barnwell, Charles Grant	Ozark
Barr, Jessie Glein	arbondale
Barter, Emeline Eliza	Iarrisburg
Barton, Flora Louise	arbondale
Batson, Henry Houston	Makanda
Batson, William Albert	. Makanda
Bellamy, Addie	
Beman, George Woods	arbondale
Biggs, DellaJa	ckson Co.
Biggs, William WentworthJa	
Blackman, Charles Curtis	.Richview
Blackman, Louella Phoebe	
Blair, Hattie Mary	
Blair, William Herbert	
Blanchard, Guy	. Tamaroa
Bliss, Anson Lee	
Boomer, Cincinnatus	
Bouscher, ScottMu	
Boyd, Frank Leslie	
Brantley, John HoldenJa	
Brayshaw, Frank	
Bridges, Lena Harriet	

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Brittain, Nellie L. Adora	Cutler
Brown, Grace Elizabeth	Carbondale
Brown, Robert	Carbondale
Bryan, Robert Lorin	Creal Springs
Bryden, William Osborne	
Buck, Nettie May	Mt. Vernon
Buckley, Elizabeth Felgar	Marion
Bundy, Joseph Boen	West End
Burge, Lloyd Everett	Centralia
Burnside, Sallie	Carlyle
Burket, Grace Lulu	Carbondale
Burkitt, Jesse Albert	Mulkeytown
Burr, Howard Hart	Murphysboro
Busam, Rosa	Mound City
Campbell, John Gaines	Carbondale
Campbell, Julia Brush	Carbondale
Chanaberry, Millard Filmore	Marion
Chandler, Larkin Craig	Sandoval
Chew, Frank	Sato
Clark, Mary Cordelia	Williamson Co.
Cochran, Lulu May	Carbondale
Cowan, Walter Lee	Carterville
Cowen, Norredden	Carlyle
Cox, Henry Jamiah	
Cox, Henry Thomas	Anna
Crawford, Della Evalene	Frankfort
Crawford, John Emmett	
Crawshaw, Joseph Russell	
Croft, Joseph Clinton	Elco
Culver, Orland Frank	
Cunningham, George Washington	
Cunningham, John	
Curlee, Clyde Zebedee	
Curson, Cora	U
Custer, Emily Annetta	
Custer, William Melvin	
Curtis, Sadie	
Dawes, Arthur	
Davis, Amaziah Donald	Metropolis

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Davis, Charles Holmes	
Davis, Mary Edna	
Davis, Ruth Elnora	
Deason, Richard Oscar	
Delaney, Cora Rebecca	
Dewey, James McFarlan	
Dillinger, Lizzie Mary	Jackson Co.
Dixon, Andrew	Carbondale
Downey, Clement Lee	Jonesboro, Ark.
Donoho, Chesterfield	Exchange
Donoho, Thomas, Lee	Hickory Hill
Dorris, Wilbern Stephen	Harrisburg
Dougherty, Andrew Jackson	Mound City
Dowd, Bertha Morley	
Duchow, John	St. James
Duncan, Vinna	
Easterly, Mattie	
Eddleman, Ellen Jenkins	
Elkins, William Anderson	
Etherton, Guy Everett	
Etherton, Herman	
Etherton, Monroe	
Farthing, John Richard	
Felts, William Troy	
Ferrell, Minnie	
Ferrell, Nora	
Finley, Florence	
Finley, Maggie	
Finn, Samuel Norman	
Foster, Sadie Catherine	
Franklin, William John	
Frederich, Louis John	
Freeman, Wynn Dixon	-
Galbraith, Charles Marion	
Galbraith, John Tyman	
Galbraith, Walter Ridgely	
Gardner, Francis Napoleon	
Gendron, Perry Jacob	
Gerlach, Jacob Phillip	
Gerraen, Jacob I minp	parta

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Gilbert, Ida Mae	Carbondale
Gilbert, Lillian	Carbondale
Gillis, Elizabeth Emily,	East St. Louis
Griffin, Camp Kirkland	Equality
Grogan, Mollie	Marion
Hagler, George Lewis	Jackson Co.
Hagler, William Jackson	Carbondale
Haldaman, Chrissy Rebecca	Pomona
Haldaman, Mary Catherine	Pomona
Hall, Aurora Ann	
Hall, Kate May	Anna
Hall, Phil	Carterville
Hamill, Commodore Perry	Freeburg
Hamill, Russell Edwin	Freeburg
Hanson, Julia	Murphysboro
Harvey, Sarah	Effingham
Hawkins, John Frederick	Dix
Heinzelman, Agnes Mary	Belleville
Helbig, Guido	Okawville
Helms, Herman Lafayette	Belleville
Henard, William Sherman	Pleasant Grove
Herod, James Russell	Elizabethtown
Herrin, John Alfred	Herrin's Prairie
Hershey, Jacob Robert	Bridgeport
Hill, Austin Leon	
Hill, Mamie Elizabeth	Centralia
Hinchcliff, William Henry	
Holden, Emma Laura	
Holden, Fannie Jennette	
Holden, William Morton	
Hopper, William Oscar	Spring Garden
Hord, Addie	
Hord, Robert Guy	
Hord, Ruth	
Hubbard, Samuel Alexander	
Huthmacher, Josephine	
Jenkins, Hattie Elizabeth	
Johnson, Flora Baxter	
Jones, Benjamin	Sandusky
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NAME. Kell, Albert Baker	RESIDENCE.
Kell, Anna Violet	
Kell, Iva Lucy	
Kell, Lincoln Samuel	
Kell, Omer Adrian	
Keller, Charles Raymond	
Kerstine, Jakie	
Kimmel, Emma Lee.	
Kimmel, Laura Elizabeth	
Kimmel, Ruby Ida	
Kimzey, Ralph Dwight	Tamara
Knisely, John Scott	
La Master, Ella Julia	
Lawrence, Alice Blanche	
Lawrence, John Hamilton	
Ledbetter, John Nelson	
Leeds, Anson	
Leeds, Clara	
Levan, Lavinia	
Lindley, John William	
Lingenfelter, Ada	
Lirely, William Henry	
Littleton, Cora Ellen	
Lockett, Jason Swaney	
Martin, George Ellsworth	
Mason, Henry McDaniel	
Mathis, James William	
Maxwell, William Sherman	
McClellan, William Isham	
McCormick, Looney	•
McKinney, Daisy	
McMackin, Fred Gray	
Medlin, Joshua Columbus	
Merrick, Charles Henry	
Mertz, Dora Louise	
Mesler, Mary Belle	
Myers, Fritz William	
Miller, Joseph Alexander	Smithton
Miller, Mary Elizabeth	Carbondale

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Montgomery, Martha Wilson	Villa Ridge
Moore, Samuel Logan	Cassville, Mo.
Morrison, Charles Hugh	Odin
Morton, Ralph Brown	Raccoon
Mushrush, Frank	Chauncey
Nave, Dollie	Thompsonville
Neal, Marshall Monroe	Benton
Norfleet, Dora Jane	Raccoon
Norfolk, Daniel Harrison	
*North, Mary Alice	Carbondale
North, Clara Campbell	Carbondale
North, Percy Elliott	Carbondale
Otrich, Leona	Dongola
Parkinson, Charles Andrew	Raccoon
Parkinson, Frank Alva	Raccoon
Paslay, George Marion	Ramsey
Patten, Arthur Eustace	Carbondale
Peay, Lulu	San Antonio, Tex.
Peebles, Lizzie Smith	Cobden
Perry, Celia May	Jackson Co.
Phillips, Myrtle Kingsley	Nashville
Pike, Nellie Bernice	Degognia
Proctor, Lucy Abbie	Carbondale
Pugh, Charles Harvey	Calhoun
Purdy, George Eli	Vergennes
Purdy, Wallace Charles	Vergennes
Queen, Samuel	Pomona
Ragsdale, Joseph Senter	- 1 4
	Paducah, Ky.
Ragsdale, Samuel Crawford	
Ragsdale, Samuel Crawford	Moscow
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	MoscowLancasterAllendale
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	MoscowLancasterAllendale
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell. Ramsey, Maria. Randolph, Mary Ann. Rapp, Charles Robert. Rapp, John. Renfro, Robert Eagle. Rhoads, Miriam Elizabeth.	
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell	
Ramsey, Amanda Isabell. Ramsey, Maria. Randolph, Mary Ann. Rapp, Charles Robert. Rapp, John. Renfro, Robert Eagle. Rhoads, Miriam Elizabeth.	

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

WAMP	
NAME. Roane, John Quince	RESIDENCE.
Royall, Mary Lilly	
Rude, Otto J	
Ruff, Horace Ewing	
Runkwitz, Edwin Herman	
Rury, Francis Oliver	
Russell, Wirt Allyn	
Salter, Annie Porter	
Salter, John Cleveland	
Scurlock, Fannie Charlotte	
Sears, Nellie Powers	
Shepard, Frank Adams	
Shinn, Samuel Henry	
Sinks, John Henry	
Skehan, Josephine	
Slimpert, M. May	
Small, James Barter	O
Smart, James Wiley	_
Snider, Ina Minerva	
Snyder, Arthur John	
Songer, Mamie	
Sprecher, Theodora Maud	
Starzinger, Anna Rosa	
Steele, Frank Bell	
Steele, John Carr	
Steele, Robert Erben	
Stewart, Ellen	
Stokes, Le Maud	
Stotlar, Norcie	
Stout, Charles Logan	
Stout, Mattie	Sato
Tanner, James Monroe	
Taylor, Harry	Harrisburg
Thompson, Laura Ella	
Tierney, Nellie Constance	
Tindall, Grace Luami	
Toler, John Burt	Carbondale
Towle, Herman Theodore	Harrisburg
Towne, Leta Adaline	Cobden

NAME. RESIDENCE.
Troy, Nellie Claudia
Tyer, William Joshua
Veach, William FranklinVienna
Vogel, Frederick GeorgeFloraville
Wade, Charles ThomasIola
Walker, Isaac
Walker, Richard AsberryMetropolis
Waller, ElbertJackson Co.
Wallis, AnnaNashville
Wallis, MaryCarbondale
Weaver, AnnieLa Clede
Webb, CoraMcLeansboro
Weir, Joseph MintonHartford
Wentz, Edward
Wham, Agnes CoraFoxville
Wham, Dora AbigailFoxville
Whelpley, Frank LivingstonCobden
Whitchurch, John Ezra Centralia
Whitney, William Baker
Whittenberg, Alonzo LindorfTunnel Hill
Wiedeman, Frank Edward
Williams, RosaCarbondale
Williamson, Charles Wesley
Wise, William ClintonAnna
Woodson, Myrtle Florence
Wooten, MaryShumway
Wooters, Ida AliceRaccoon
Youngblood, Louise RootsCarbondale
Zetzsche, May JaneOkawville
Total300

## PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

#### GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

GRAMINIAR SCHOOL.	
NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Akin, George	Murphysboro
Alexander, John William	Carbondale
Alexander, John W. T	Commercial Point
Allen, Charles Snyder	Jackson Co.
Allen, Henry Edward	Jackson Co.
Alsobrook, Thomas Bartel	Pulaski
Anderson, Albert Calvin	Cobden
Anderson, Walter Lafayette	Cobden
Ashley, Edgar Chapman	Carbondale
Ashley, William Henry	
Askins, Charles	
Bagwell, Ollie May	
Baker, Daisy	
Baker, May Rhoda	Cottage Home
Baker, Stella	Cottage Home
Balcom, Ella Florence	Jackson Co.
Barr, Bertha Alice	Carbondale
Barter, James Samuel	
Barter, Jane Rachel	Cawthon
Barter, Oliver	Attila
Barter, William Esterbrook	Attila
Barton, Josie Meagher	Carbondale
Batka, John Henry	Belle Rive
Benedict, James Marion	Fitts Hill
Benedict, Webster Washington	
Benefiel, Delila	
Bennet, Anna Neal	Jackson Co.
Bennet, Jacob Homer	
	•

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Biggs, Charles Walter	
Bise, Charles	
Blanchard, Maude	
Blaydes, Carrie Belle	
Boomer, Nola	
Boomer, Simeon	
Borger, John Breese	
Bostich, George Washington	=
Boswell, William Thomas	
Boulden, Victoria Allen	
Boucher, Andrew Sherman	Murphysboro
Bourschier, Laura	2
Bourschier, Thomas	Jackson Co.
Bowen, James Anderson	. Cerro Gordo, Tenn.
Bradley, George Bickley	De Soto
Bradley, Ollie May	De Soto
Brandon, Bertha	Makanda
Brewer, Ora,	Jackson Co.
Brewster, Thomas Herbert	
Bricker, Libbie	
Bridges, Charles Gauss	
Bridges, Daniel Young	
Bridges, Ella Lucretia	
Brooks, Fannie Belle	
Brooks, John Thomas	
Brown, Eugene	9
Brush, George Mortimer	•
Brush, Silas Grattan	
Bryden, Eva Hamilton	
Bundy, Edward Samuel	
Burkhart, Lena	
Burnside, William Kirkley	
Burton, Nettie	
Cavanah, Alonzo	
Carson, Lane	-
Chenoweth, Anna Belle	
Chew, Phoebe Jane	
Churcher, Azariah	
Clark, Chester	
Clark, Chestel	Carbolidale

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Clark, Cora Lee	
Clark, Esther Fanny	
Clark, Mary Jane	
Cochran, John Horace	
Cochran, Maude Olive	
Clutts, George Edwin	
Colp, Monroe	
Cooper, Cora	
Cowan, Eugene	
Crabtree, Elmer Jackson	
Crawford, Da Costa	
Crawshaw, Henry Alonzo	
Crowe, Levi Benson	
Crowther, Anna	
Crowther, Sarah	
Cruse, Charles	
Culp, Charles	
Cummins, Jason Berry	_
Curtis, Nellie Davie	
Davis, Melinda Emerson	
Davis, Nellie	
Davis, William Hardiman, jr	- '
Deason, Edward	
Dillinger, Charles Edward	
Dixon, Luella Carrie	
Driskill, Aretus	
Dunaway, Julia Ann	
Dunbar, William Seaburn	1 0
Easterly, Brownlow	
Ellwell, Martha Eleanor	
Ervin, Fred J	
Euler, William Frederick	
Evans, Dollie Myrtle	
Evertson, Emma	
Ferrell, Clement Harrison	
Freeman, Richard Bartley	
Friedline, Edward	
Fryar, May Emily	
Gambach, George	Hecker

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Garritt, William Munn	Grantsburg
Gibbs, Louis Joseph	Cobden
Gilbert, Nannie May	Carbondale
Gillham, Lillian Belle	
Glick, Henry Peter	Lakewood
Goe, Emma Freece	Carbondale
Goforth, William Alexander	
Goodbread, Joseph Henry	Grand Tower
Grammer, Arthur	
Grammer, Carrie	Carbondale
Grammer, Ferdinand	Pomona
Grammer, Lavinia	Jackson Co.
Grammer, Lemma	Carbondale
Grear, James Patrick	Mt. Pleasant
Gurley, William Waller	.Pleasant Grove
Hagler, Amer	Jackson Co.
Hagler, Andy	Jackson Co.
Hagler, Letha	Carbondale
Hall, Lelia Leander	
Hall, Ludie	Metropolis
Hamill, Aaron Archibald	Freeburg
Hamill, James Theodore	
Hamilton, Julia	Vienna
Hanson, Hattie Catharine	Murphysboro
Harker, George Miflin	Carbondale
Harris, Flora Jane	Makanda
Hastings, William Jackson	Jackson Co.
Hawkins, Lena	Dix
Hayes, Flora Belle	Carbondale
Hinchcliff, Esther Mary	
Hincke, George Emil	Pinckneyville
Hobbs, Tillie Jane	Carbondale
Hodge, Harry Frank	Murphysboro
Hodge, Jennie	
Holden, Maggie Louise	Carbondale
Hopper, Jennie	
Huthmacher, Julia Elizabeth	
Ihle, Charles	
Inman, Harold Hilliard	Pomona

#### SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Inman, Hattie Almeda	TEDULD DITOR.
Inman, Otis Murphy	
Isom, Lillie	
Isom, William Clayborne	
Jenkins, Blanche Gertrude	
Jenkins, Frank	
Jenkins, Louise Anna	
Jerome, Carolina Olivia	
Jones, Edward Moses	
Jones, Edward Reece	
Kays, Ada Irena	-
Kays, Emma Davis	
Keesee, Leota Ethel	
Keown, John Van	
Kerby, Pet	
Kerley, Schuyler Yasmahar	
Key, David Francis	
Kiesel, George	
Kipp, Emma	,
Kirkham, Essie	
Kirkham, Nellie	
Klien, John Henry	0 ,
Knauer, Harmon Solomon	
Lackey, Oliver Francis	
Lawrence, Abbie Robarts	
Lawrence, Angie Edna	
Lawrence, Carroll Gray	
Layman, Eva	
Lee, Dora Elsie	
Lee, Homer Dalton	Pomona
Lee, May Gertrude	Pomona
Leeper, Robert Corbin	Unionville
Levan, Leverett Crittenden	Murphysboro
Levelsmier, William Joseph	Jackson Co.
Lewis, Arthur Clayton	
Lewis, Emma Lena	Carbondale
Lingle, Willis Eddie	Makanda
Long, Orlena Catharine	
Martin, Eva Viola	Osage

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Martin, William Isaac	Metropolis
Marvin, Bert Riggs	Jackson Co.
Mathis, John Brown	
Maxey, Kate Lewis	
Mayfield, Sarah Elizabeth	
McCall, Samuel Rutledge	
· McCall, Thomas Edgar	
McCormack, William Thomas	
McCracken, Minor	
McGregor, Emma	
McGregor, Mary	
McGuire, Arthur Hill	
McGuire, Emory Madison	
McGuire, Sylvia Louise	
McIlwain, James	
McKean, Albert George	
McKinney, Ella Jane	
McKinney, John William	
Mead, Guy Frederick	•
Mertz, George West	
Miller, Alice	
Miller, Andrew Edward	
Morgan, Henrietta	-
Morton, May Rebecca	
Munger, Grace Experience	
Munger, Howard Park	
Murrie, Oscar	
Nave, Zella May	
North, Julia	<del>-</del>
Ogden, Marcus Henry	
Ogle, John Howard	
Oliver, Carrie Lindsay	
Owens, Florence	
Papenberg, William Christian	-
Parish, William Henry	
Parrish, Jessie Ann	9
Patten, Edward Stuart	
Perry, Helen Mary	
Perry, Thomas Allyn	
· ·	Ť

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Phillips, Lucy Haven	
Phillips, Rena Belle	
Pindell, Clara Elizabeth	
Porter, Arthur Benjamin	
Price, David August	
Prickett, Guy Cavett	
Ragen, William Henry	
Ragsdale, Martha	
Ragsdale, Mary	Buncombe
Ramsey, Flo	Lancaster
Rauch, William Henry	Makanda
Rausch, Adolph Trangott	
Rawson, Grant Irving	Carbondale
Rendleman, Edith Ann	Jonesboro
Rendleman, Ottie	Alto Pass
Renfro, Melissa	Olmsted
Reynolds, Marshall N	
Rhoades, Jeff	
Roberson, Clara Ann	
Robinson, Ida	
Robinson, Nellie Gill	
Robinson, Wiley Guy	
Ross, Ralph England	
Rowan, Claudia Estella	
Rowlett, Addie Belle	•
Rucker, Josie	
Russell, Charles Wilson	
Russell, Clara	
Russel, Rebecca	
Sauer, Phillip Edward	
Scofield, William Henry	
Scott, Florence Stuart	
Searing, Mabel Martha	
Shirrel, Theodoria	
Showrd, William Oscar	
Simmons, William Riley	
Simpson, Minnie Augusta	
Sitter, Harrison J	
Sitter, Jefferson	
Slimpert, Lucy R	
onimpere, Ducy 10	Ita Grand Cham

NAME.	. RESIDENCE.
Smart, John William	
Smith, Edgar Ralph	
Smith, Frederick	
Smith, Henry Melvin	
Smith, Henry Willis	
Snider, Dollie	
Snider, Emmett Lawrence	
Snider, Fred M	
Snider, John	
Snider, Manning	
Sowell, Myrtle Irvine	Carbondale
Spiller, John William	Marion
Spires, William Robert	
Sprague, Athela	
Starzinger, Theresia Marie	Carbondale
Steers, Mollie Ella	America
Steers, Thomas Samuel	America
Stelle, Edith Ethlyne	McLeansboro
Stelle, Ellenor May	
Stilley, Charles Washington	Lake Creek
Stilley, Elma Alma	
Stilley, Perry Davis	
Stone, Harry Edward*	
Stone, Mina Ethelwyn	
Stout, Henry Cooper	
Stout, Louis Andrew	
Stout, Mary	
Sullivan, Ella	
Tate, John Joseph	
Tate, Matilda Caroline	
Tate, Myrtle Ann	
Taylor, Oscar Theodore	
Teeter, George Howard	
Teeter, Horace Frank	
Teeter, Jennie Banks	
Temple, Dora Ellen	
Temple, Stella Aileen	
Thaxton, Cora Melinda	S
Thomas, Maude	Blairsville

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

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#### SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

NAME. RESIDENCE.
Thompson, Bessie Milner
Thompson, Lena Maria
Thompson, Ward Eginton
Thompson, William Wesley Mt. Vernon
Toney, Adaline Columbia Carbondale
Veach, Florence Alice
Walker, Alice Catharine
Walker, Fred ElbertMt. Vernon
Walker, Harry Alfred Carbondale
Watson, Lena Sarah
Watt, John Samuel Troy
Weaver, Frank Samuel New Liberty
Webber, Emma
Webber, Jack
Webber, JohnRaleigh
Webber, Winnie Arnett
Welch, John HenryRamsey
Weller, NellieCarbondale
West, Isabella C
White, HelenDuQuoin
White, Joe MitchellSavannah, Tenn.
White, Thomas Otis
Whiteman, Fred MonroeVandalia
Wiedaman, Anna
Williams, Oscar Dennison
Williamson, Priscilla
Wise, Albert JohnsonAnna
Wiseman, Ammon LawrenceJackson Co.
Woods, Abraham LincolnJackson Co.
Woods, Anna
Woods, Joseph Madison
Woods, Rhoda Leota
Wright, Anna
Wyatt, George Lewis
Wykes, Frank Edgar
Yeckley, William OthelloLake Creek
Young, Robert Samuel
Youngblood, Laura Allen
Zetzsche, William LaneOkawville
Total
10.00.1.341

#### INTERMEDIATE.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Barton, Dick	
Beman, Newton Davis	
Bennet, Laviana True	-
Boomer, Helen	
Bridges, Abbie Lucretia	
Bridges, Rolland Eugene	
Campbell, Alice	
Clements, Louis Cyrus	
Clements, Robert Sanford	
Elder, Mary Elizabeth	
Farley, Laura	
Grant, Earnest Ross	
Harker, Oliver Albert	Carbondale
Hunter, Edna May	Carbondale
Hypes, Ann Cornelia	Lebanon
Johnson, Bessie Agnes	Carbondale
Leary, John Erben	Carbondale
McAnally, Jesse Frank	Carbondale
McFadin, Charles Harmon	Carterville
Mesler, John Mitchell	Cobden
Munger, Robert Parke	Carbondale
Murphey, William Gordon	Carbondale
Muse, George Hayes	Carbondale
North, Hugh McAllister	Carbondale
Parkinson, Daniel Baldwin, jr	Carbondale
Phifer, Cora	
Rapp, George Leslie	Carbondale
Smith, Harry	
Taylor, Otho Breese	Carbondale
Thompson, Ralph Eginton	
Tindall, William Schushert	
Valentine, Ira	
Wallis, Marshall	
Weller, Paul Dickson	
Total	
PRIMARY.	· ·
Allen, Frank Benjamin	Jackson Co
	. Jackson Co.

Allen, Mary..... Jackson Co.

#### SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Beman, Ellen	Carbondale
Bird, Lubertha	
Boyd, Charles Anthony	
Bridges, Albert Franklin	
Bridges, Ruth Brush	
Brush, Harrie RobertsFort	
Campbell, Lansing	
Cochran, Leander	
Cochran, George Depew	
Davis, Jennie Winne	
Dixon, Curtis Edward	
Evans, Leah Suffronia	
Grant, Augustus Blake	
Gustin, Alphis	
Harker, Winne	
Hayes, Anna	
Hemphill, Walter Simon	
Hobbs, Thomas McElroy	
Lightfoot, Anna Evaline	
Magness, Roxy	
Malone, Edna Irene	
Malone, Effie Maude	
Mitchell, Edward Clay	
Mitchell, Jesse Frank	
Neber, Nora Lee	
O'Haver, Fred Joseph	_
Putnam, Harry Richard	
Renfro, Charles Duncan	
Stoltz, Ellen	
Taylor, Clifton Ledbetter	
Teeter, Kate M	
Teeter, Lillian Belle	
Thompson, Albert Theodore	
Thompson, Raymond Milner	
Throgmorton, Edward Lee	
Toney, Grace Ella	
Wallis, Edward	
Wallis, Robert	
Wykes, Fred Arlington	
Total	
Total	41

# GENERAL SUMMARY.

Tost Graduates	4
Special Students	5
	11
Normal School	300
Grammar School	341
Intermediate	34
Primary School	41
Total	736
SUMMARY BY TERMS.	
Enrolled in Fall Term	441
Enrolled in Winter Term	457
Enrolled in Spring Term	525
Total 1	423

# ALUMNI.

1876.

NAME.	OCCUPATION		ADDRESS.
Brown, John N	Teacher and farm	ner	Walshville
	Taught since gra		
	Lawyer		
	Taught 5 years.		
Wright, Mary	Taught 2½ years	8	Cobden
	1877.		
Barnes, Belle D. At			
Mrs. Dr. Green	• }		Bloomington
	Taught since gra		
England, James H	Taught 6 years.	Farmer	Carbondale
Warder, William H.	Taught 3 years.	Lawyer	Marion
,	1878.		
Caldwell, Delia	Taught 7 years.		Carbondale
Courtney, Alva C	Taught since gra	duationG	olden City, Col.
Evans, Charles E*	Taught 3 years.	Minister	
Hanna, James A	Taught 4 years.		.Saltillo, Tenn.
Hillman, Orcelia B Mrs. Merrill	$\left. \begin{array}{c} \cdot \cdot \\ \cdot \cdot \end{array} \right\}$ Taught 4 years	s	bedgwick, Kan.
Jackson, Sarah E† Mrs. Kimmel	}		Du Quoin
	Taught 1 year.		
	Taught 4 years.		
McAnally, Mary C Mrs. Moss	··· } Taught 10 years		Mt. Vernon
	Taught 2 years.		
	Lawyer		
	Physician		
Thompson, David G.	T'ght 3 yrs; Co.	Supt. 3 yrs.; Lawy	erGolconda
*Deceased			

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

1889.
NAME. OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.
Burnett, Andrew C†LawyerLamar, Mo.
Farmer, George H. CTaught since graduationOkawville
McCreery, Ida M*Taught 3 years
Phillips, Lyman TTaught 2 years. DentistNashville
1880.
Bruck, Lauren L Taught since graduation Arrowsmith
Gray, Joseph
Heitman, LewisTaught 4 years. DruggistChester
Hull, Charles ESalem
Kimmel, Henry A Taught since graduation Friendsville
Mann, Wallace E Taught 3 years. Sec'y Y. M. C. A Decatur
Ogle, Albert B†Belleville  Rentablen Frank B. Manufacturen  Relleville
Rentchler, Frank PManufacturer
Warder, Gertrude A Taught 7 years
1881.
Burton, Chas. HLawyer
Hughes, William FTaught 7 yearsMurphysboro
Karraker, Henry WTeacher and FarmerDongola
Lorenz, John WTaught 4 years. DruggistEvansville, Ind.
Marshall, Oscar S Telegrapher Willis, Kas.  Marshall, Thomas S Banker Salem
Sowers, Mary A. Taught 5 years Jonesboro
Ward, Edward I Taught since graduation. Co. Supt. Pinckneyvile
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1882.
Atkins, Wezette
Deardorff, Lizzie M Taught since graduation Ashland, Kan.
Ennison, Walter J Lawyer
Goodall, Adella B† Taught 3 years
Krysher, Alice
Mead, Albert ELawyerHutchison, Kas.
Parkinson, Arther E†Lawyer
Stewart, Henry APhysician

Wood, John W........Taught since graduation............Cobden

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

#### 1883. OCCUPATION. NAME. ADDRESS. Alexander, Franklin M.. Taught two years. Minister ..... Murphysboro. Bain, William B‡......Vienna Bryden, Maggie ....... Taught since graduation............... Danville Fager, Daniel B......Taught since graduation.....Collinsville Houts, M. Lily.....Olney Martin, John..........Taught since graduation............Decatur Sprecher, Edgar L..... Taught 5 years........................City of Mexico 1884. Aikman, Fannie A\*...) ....... Mrs. Kimmel . . . . Beesley, Alicia E. . . . . . Taught since graduation . . . . . . . Linn Buchanan, Clara J.... $\left. \begin{array}{c} \text{Taught 2 years.} \end{array} \right.$ Carbondale Buchanan, George V.... Taught since graduation............... Carbondale Buchanan, Mary...... Taught since graduation ..... Effingham Burket, Anna L...... Taught 1 year...... Carbondale Cawthon, Christopher C. Taught since graduation..........Wichita, Kan. Duff, May B\*......Taught 1 year..... Gill, Joseph B‡......Lawyer. Member Gen'l Assembly.. Murphysboro Hendee, Lu Bird . . . . . . Taught since graduation . . . . . . . Vandalia Hileman, Philetus E.... Taught 1 year. Lawyer....... Ft. Smith, Ark. Jenkins, John H.......Taught since graduation......Elizabethtown Lightfoot, Richard T...Taught 2 years. Lawyer......Carbondale Ridenhower, Carrie L\* Taught 4 years... Thomas, Maud\*.....Taught 4 years.... Treat, Chas. W .........Taught 2 years. Student.....Green Castle, Ind. 1885. Bryden, Helen......Taught since graduation.....Carbondale Fringer, William F.....Physician......Pana Lacey, Rurie O.......Taught 2 years. Physcian......Elizabethtown Lancaster, Tilman A....Taught 3 years. Lawyer.....Chattanooga, Tenn. Miller, John E.......Taught since graduation......Collinsville Roberts, Mary A......Carbondale Mrs. Chapman....

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

#### 1886. OCCUPATION. NAME. ADDRESS. Barber, Florence M.....Taught since graduation .....Minneapolis, Minn. Brown, Adella, A...... Taught since graduation. Mission'y. Luxar, Egypt Fryar, Minnie J.......Taught since graduation......Carbondale Fulton, Alexander H.... Taught 3 years...... Arizona Hord, Kittie E .......Carbondale Hundley, Ella..... Taught since graduation...... Denton, Tex. Kennedy, Maggie......Taught since graduation......SanAntonio, Tex. Loomis, Carrie I ..... Taught 1 year..... Thompsonville Nichols, Louellat......Taught 3 years......Carlyle 1887. Allen, Robert M†..... Lawyer..... Springfield Blair, Carrie .......... Taught since graduation ......... Olathe, Kan. Campbell, Harmon M†...Merchant.......Carbondale Mrs. Strong ..... Cleland, May..... Taught since graduation..... Des Plaines Cowan, David J.......Taught since graduation......Washington Ter. Glick, Albin Z......Merchant......Carbondale Harmon, Mark D......Taught since graduation......Grayville Hill, Mary A.... Taught since graduation..... Foxville Hundley, Nannie ...... Taught since graduation ...... Eldorado Johnston, Lewis E..... Taught 1 year. Student of Law. Kansas City, Kan. Kirkpatrick, James H... Taught since graduation.......... Squak, W. T. McMackin, Edward G... Taught since graduation ...... Patoka Phillips, Louise E..... Taught since graduation ...... Cairo Scott, Luther T...... Taught 1 year...... Carbondale Searing, Harry ....... At home. Lumberman.................... Carbondale

Sebastian, Julia A ..... Taught since graduation ..... Edwardsville Smith, Seva A ..... At home ..... Carbondale

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

	1887 ( $Continued$ ).	
NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
Snyder, Lydia E	Taught since graduation	Blue Island
Tait, Minnie A	At home	Carbondale
Turner, George T	Taught 2 years. Student o	of LawVandalia
Wham. Steuben D.	Taught since graduation	Raccoon
	1888.	
Bribach, Catherine	JTaught since graduation	Cairo
Baumberger, Lulu.	Taught since graduation	Greenville
Hall, William H	Taught since graduation	Carbondale
Hickam, Ada	Taught since graduation	Mount Carbon
Johnson, Callie E	At home	Carbondale
Leary, Mary	Taught since graduation	Makanda
Lindsay, David W	Taught since graduation	Greenville
Morgan, Charles M.	Student of Law	Ann Arbor, Mich.
*	Taught 1 year. Stenograp	
Richards, Kate E	Taught since graduation	Delphos, Kan.
, .	Taught since graduation	
9 ,	Taught 1 year	
Wham, Maggie	Taught 1 year	Vandalia
1889.		
Allyn, Lois A	Taught since graduation	Winchendon, Mass.
Bridges, Mary E	At home	Carbondale
Colyer, Frank H	Taught since graduation	Browns
Kimzey, Walter R.	Taught since graduation	Tamaroa
McMeen John D	Taught since graduation	Murphysboro
,	Taught since graduation	
·	Taught since graduation	
Wallis, William	Taught since graduation	Herrin's Prairie

# CALENDAR FOR 1890-91.

Fall Term begins Monday, September 8--ends Thursday, December 18, 1890.

Winter Term begins January 5, 1891, and closes March 19, 1891.

Spring Term begins March 23, 1891, and closes June 11, 1891. Examinations for the year begin June 8, 1891.

Annual Commencement, June 11, 1891.

# CALENDAR FOR 1890-91.

1890		
JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.
S     M     T     W     T     F     S       6     7     8     9     10     11     12       13     14     15     16     17     18     19       20     21     22     23     24     25     26       27     28     29     30     31	3 4 5 6 7 8 9	21 22 23 24 25 27 28 29 30
OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
5     6     7     8     9     10     11       12     13     14     15     16     17     18       19     20     21     22     23     24     25       26     27     28     29     30     31	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	
	1891	
JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 75 26 27 28 29 30 31	$ \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 20 & 21 \\ 22 & 23 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 28 \end{vmatrix} $	15 16 17 18 19 20 21
APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

# THE NORMAL GAZETTE

Is a paper devoted to the educational interests of Southern Illinois, and is published at the Southern Illinois Normal University.

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. . MAGAZINE FORM . .

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EDITED BY

16-Pages-16 JOHN T. GALBRAITH, Librarian Southern Illinois Normal University.

ΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛΛ . . MONTHLY . .

\$1.00 a Year.

. . IN ADVANCE . . VVVVVVVVVVVVVVVVV

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The following prominent educators will write special articles for the GAZETTE in 1800 and 1801: Richard Edwards, LL.D., T. C. Clendenen, Esther C. Finley, J. N. Patrick, A. M., Robert Allyn, LL.D., Inez I. Green, Robert Pence, M. Buck, Charles W. Jerome, Samuel M. Inglis, E. C. Fitch, George V. Buchanan, James P. Slade, A. M., E. C. Hewett, LL.D., Lizzie M. Sheppard, B. F. Shipley, John Hull, Ann C. Anderson, Dr. John Washburn, Daniel B. Parkinson, George H. French, M. F. Salter, Dr. E. L. Hurd, Mary Robarts, Clara B. Stephenson.

#### ... THE NORMAL ...

Each issue contains notes from the Normal, notices of old students, their whereabouts and doings; Alumni items and personals, Zetetic and Socratic Society notes, etc.

#### ... PRACTICAL TEACHING ...

Under this head will appear practical methods, devices, questions and answers, and various suggestions on the art of teaching. It will be conducted by PROF. JOHN HULL, and will be very valuable.

NORMAL METHODS.—We shall continue to present the method work given by the teachers in the various departments in the State Normal University in the teachers' training class. This will be of practical use to the teacher in the school room, and alone would be worth the price of the paper for a year.

STATE COURSE OF STUDY.—The course of study for common schools will be discussed from time to time, with suggestions on its merits and application, by PROF. JOHN HULL.

#### ... COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

Some space will be devoted to correspondence from the counties of Southern Illinois. By this means we hope to report the success of County Associations, the work of the different counties, personal items of interest, etc. This will be one of the very interesting features.

Address.

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### SEVENTEENTH

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OF THE

# Southern Illinois Normal

UNIVERSITY,

CARBONDALE, ILL.

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1891.



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### HISTORY.

N ACT of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved April 20, 1869, gave birth to this Normal School. By this Act it was provided that five Trustees should be appointed by the Governor of the State, who should fix the location, erect the building, and employ teachers for the school. The Governor, General John M. Palmer, appointed Captain Daniel Hurd, of Cairo; Eli Bowyer, of Olney; Colonel Thomas M. Harris, of Shelbyville; Rev. Elihu J. Palmer, of Belleville, and Samuel E. Flannigan, Esq., After advertising in the newspapers, and stimulating of Benton. competition among the towns and cities in southern Illinois, these Trustees agreed on Carbondale as the proper location, and fixed the site on a lot of twenty acres, three-fourths of a mile south of the station of the Illinois Central Railroad. The corner stone was laid, with the ordinary ceremonies, by the Grand Master of the Masonic fraternity of the State, on the 17th day of May, 1870. The building was finished in time to be dedicated July 1, 1874, and the first Faculty commenced the work of instruction in the new building July 2, 1874, at which time a Normal Institute was opened with fifty-three pupils.

On the 6th day of September, 1874, the regular work of the Normal University commenced.

On the afternoon of November 26, 1883, at three o'clock, this beautiful building was discovered to be on fire, and before five o'clock p. m., despite the efforts of the Faculty, students, and citizens of Carbondale, the entire building was in ruins. By the heroic labors of students, teachers, and citizens, the large library was saved, and most of the furniture; also the philosophical and chemical apparatus.

The citizens kindly offered the use of rooms in some of the business blocks, which the Trustees accepted, and the school went

on with the regular recitation work, with an actual loss of less than two days. In the meantime a plan was proposed for a temporary school building, and in less than sixty days a building was completed containing fourteen rooms, and the Normal School began its wonted duties in this, its temporary, home.

The General Assembly, by an act approved June 27, 1885, appropriated \$152,065 to replace the first building, then lying in ruins

The present building is a magnificent structure, in many respects superior to the one destroyed by fire.

The school has furnished its quota of teachers to this and other States, and the intelligent friends of education, recognizing the great benefit to the teaching forces of a Normal School training, are making large demands for more of these trained teachers. More than two hundred of the students whose names appear in this Catalogue, had experience in teaching before entering school this year.

### GENERAL INFORMATION.

#### DEPARTMENTS.

THE OBJECT of the University is to do a part of the work of education undertaken by the State. This is provided for in the Courses of Study following, under three general heads; viz.,—A Normal Department, consisting of the Normal School, including the Training work, and the Graduate work; a High School Department which, for the present, has but a limited Course; a Preparatory Department, consisting of a Grammar, an Intermediate, and a Primary School.

The Normal Department is to give thorough instruction in the elementary and higher portions of the school course of study, and, indeed, to fit the student by knowledge and discipline for the practical duty of a teacher. It aims to give, in addition to instruction, opportunities of observation and trial to every one passing through the course, so that he shall not be an entire novice in his calling when he enters the school room. idea in mind, every branch prescribed to be taught in the common and high schools of our State is carefully studied. Accuracy and complete thoroughness are points held in mind in every recitation, and drills upon the elements are made a specialty. Great attention is therefore bestowed upon the earlier parts of the course, such as spelling and pronunciation, reading and defining, drawing, writing, vocal music, and physical culture. needs culture and systematic activity quite as much as the soul, and we begin with making it the servant of the mind, and habituating it to an unhesitating obedience.

The methods of our teaching are distinctively Normal. What the student is required to learn, and the method of presenting it, are both designed to give him who intends to become a teacher the philosophy of learning and remembering, and the philosophic manner of imparting knowledge and securing discipline. We begin with inculcating self-control and self-helpfulness.

The Training work is designed to fit students of this institution to become practical teachers. It comprises (1) a study of psychology, ethics, pedagogy, school law, and practical ethics; (2) attendance of pupil teachers upon weekly meetings held for a study of methods of instruction and management of pupils and classes; and (3) actual teaching in the Preparatory schools, under the constant supervision of the Training and other teachers of the Normal school.

The students have organized a Teachers' Association which holds weekly meetings for the discussion of such topics as have proved interesting or important to them in their work as teachers. Attendance on the meetings of this Association is voluntary.

Our Graduate work offers to graduates of State Normal Schools a more extended line of professional study and reading.

A High School Department has been ordered by the Board of Trustees, and will become a part of the work done the coming year. It is established mainly for those who have completed the Preparatory courses, but are too young to be legally admitted to the Normal School. Others who find this work better suited to their needs, will be admitted to the classes of this Department.

The Grammar School is designed to give complete instruction in the common branches of an English education, and to supplement the acquirements of young persons who come to us from the public schools with a training too imperfect to be admitted to the Normal School.

The Intermediate and Primary Schools cover the first six years of school life. Here the pupils are fitted for the Grammar School.

The design of the Preparatory Schools is to be an example of what schools below the High Schools should be, and to afford to those preparing themselves to teach a place where they may observe the best methods in operation, and where, at all suitable times, they may practice the calling of a teacher under the supervision of those thoroughly experienced in the work.

#### COURSES OF STUDY.

The Courses of Study, we repeat, have been arranged with two purposes in view—(1) to give a strictly Normal course of training to fit teachers for public schools, and (2) to give example of methods of teaching. They therefore go over the whole curriculum of school studies, and give especial attention to those branches which require the use of the observing and perceptive faculties, without neglecting those which demand the use of the imagination and reason. Practical attention is devoted to physics, chemistry, natural history, geography, numbers, and language, and the student is not only taught to know, but to do the work of the branches which he pursues. He is also required to give instruction in all that he learns, so that when he begins his life work he may not be wholly inexperienced in the very beginning of his career.

These Courses are arranged in the order which ages have found most profitable and philosophical; and all experience has shown that the first qualifications of a teacher are knowledge and personal self-discipline. The study of methods or practice will go for little until the the scientific education has been obtained. The earlier studies are elementary, and the later ones calculated for stimulating thought when it is growing to maturity and needs discipline in proper directions. It is most emphatically urged on all students that they may make their arrangements to pursue each study in its order, to do thorough work in each, and not to overburden the mind and body, too, by a larger number of studies than they can carry. Four studies a day should be the extreme limit, and even then one should be a review of a branch already quite familiar.

The entire course of study is embodied in the accompanying schedules and tables of studies and hours of recitations. Special attention is called to these, and students are earnestly advised to begin with the lower, and proceed to the higher. There is a natural order of succession of studies; and long and careful experiments have shown that this cannot be inverted without harm.

We ask all to study the syllabus of each department and mark its plan.

#### GRADUATE COURSE.

This will embrace a larger course of history, more of mathematics, political economy, criticism, field work in natural history, analytical chemistry, and dissecting and preserving specimens collected. It will also include a course of lectures on the above branches, and on the history and science of education.

#### DIPLOMAS.

We certainly shall not grant diplomas to those that are absent very often, and do not finish every examination, both oral and written. One of the values of a course of study is that it represents years of honest, punctual labor, and a patient, systematic thinking.

#### NOTICE TO GRADUATES.

All graduates recommended by the Faculty and approved by the Board of Trustees are, by the Revised School Law, entitled to a State Certificate, granted by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, good in any county in the State for five years.

#### PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Physical culture is compulsory upon all students, unless excused by the certificate of a physician; and if so excused, the student is expected to be present at the drills in the exercises for such time as the teacher of this department shall require.

#### SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING.

Students of the school who desire it will be instructed in Short-hand and Type-writing by competent teachers.

#### CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

To be admitted to the Normal Department of the University students must have completed their sixteenth year, and must be able to pass an examination equivalent to the requirements of a second-grade certificate. Persons sixteen years old and over, unable to pass this examination, may be admitted to the Preparatory Department, but in no case for a longer period than six months, except on payment of tuition. They must be of good moral character and bring a certificate to this effect, signed by some responsible person. They must agree to obey all reasonable requirements as to order, promptness, cleanliness, and good behavior.

To enjoy the privileges of free tuition, they must sign the pledge given below:

#### THE PLEDGE.

I hereby pledge myself that, after completing my studies in the Southern Illinois Normal University, if a situation can be had with reasonable effort, I will teach in the public schools of this State three years, or at least as long as I have been instructed in it.

#### DISCIPLINE.

Few things can be impressed upon the mind to more profit than rules like the following, and we earnestly request school officers, directors, and county superintendents to aid us, and the friends of sound, systematic education to reiterate the maxims: Be thoroughly grounded in the elements of knowledge, particularly spelling with readiness and correctness; adding and multiplying numbers in all possible combinations with electric speed and infallible accuracy; writing with dispatch and neatness a good hand, easily read; drawing any simple figure, and singing. These things well learned in theory, and wrought into practical habits, not only open the door to all fields of knowledge and art, but they do go a long way toward making easy the highest attaiments in scholarship and the sweetest grace in all manners and behavior. This Normal University insists on them as both necessary and easy to be gained.

Our rules of government are few in number and very general in their application; and our students do not appear to need that these rules be enacted with the minuteness of positive statutes, but only to be stated in general terms, to secure their enforcement. It has been our good fortune to have sent to us an excellent class of young ladies and gentlemen, and to find that, for the most part, they are disposed to do what is right; largely on their own motion, and to control themselves according to the rules of social propriety. Our requirements are embraced in the Golden Rule:

"DO TO OTHERS AS YOU WOULD THEY SHOULD DO TO YOU."

It is expected, of course, that they include:

- 1. Neatness of person and dress.
- 2. Purity of words and behavior.
- 3. Cleanliness of desks, books, and rooms.
- 4. Courteous bearing to teachers and fellow students.
- 5. Punctuality and promptness, not to the minute only, but to the second.
- 6. Respect for all the rights of others in all things.
- 7. Earnest devotion to work.
- 8. Quietness in all movements.
- 9. By all means be in school the first day and remain till the last day of every term.
- 10. Obedience to the laws of love, good will, and duty.

If the spirit of these rules can be infused into the soul and wrought into the habits, each student will for himself grow in goodness and truth, and for the State he will be a power and a blessing.

#### FACILITIES FOR ILLUSTRATION.

MUSEUM AND CABINETS.

In the first story a large and well-lighted room is set apart as the Museum, and is supplied with elegant center and wall cases of best design and finish, for display of specimens.

The cabinets of minerals and rocks are large, varied, and amply sufficient for the practical work of the student. He will find the Zoölogical and Botanical cabinets, comprising thousands of specimens from land and sea, an invaluable aid in his studies in natural history.

The Normal respectfully solicits its friends and the friends of education to aid in building up a Museum worthy of southern Illinois.

Specimens of minerals, insects, birds, animals, and plants; also Indian relics, such as stone axes and pipes, disks, spear and arrow heads, and pottery, will be thankfully received.

Specimens should be boxed carefully and sent by express, unless heavy, in which case they may be forwarded as freight.

The full name of the donor should not be omitted.

Already our friends have contributed many and valuable specimens to the Museum, and we embrace this occasion to return to them our sincere thanks. More than four thousand specimens have been collected and arranged in the Museum; and the additions to the Library comprise nearly fifteen hundred volumes. Old books, pamphlets, maps, etc., curiosities, fossils, plants, and fruits will be gratefully received and carefully preserved.

#### APPARATUS.

The University possesses a very complete set of physical and chemical apparatus which is annually increased by the appropriations of the General Assembly.

The above equipment includes, among other pieces of value, a Toepler-Holtz electrical machine, one of Ritchie & Son's best airpumps with the necessary accessory attachments, a compound microscope of high power, a thermo-electric pile and galvanometer, Crooke's and Geissler tubes, an electrical rotator, a Ruhmkoff's induction coil, sciopticon, and views of scientific subjects.

The Chemical Department has an excellent laboratory supplied with water, gas, and a full set of re-agents.

The Mathematical Department has a surveyor's transit and a compass, which the classes in trigonometry and surveying are required to use constantly.

The Astronomical Department has lately purchased one of Clark & Son's superior telescopes direct from their factory, costing \$450.00. The instrument has a five-inch object glass, and eyepieces varying in power from 100 to 300 diameters. It has both the declination and equatorial movement.

#### LIBRARY AND WORKS OF REFERENCE.

The University has a complete set of books of reference, cyclopedias, biographical and pronouncing dictionaries, gazetteers,

atlases, etc., which are placed in the study hall, or in the several recitation rooms, so that the students may consult them at any time.

The Library proper occupies a spacious room; it is well furnished, and, in connection with the Reading Room, is open a large part of each school day for students. The Library contains nearly 10,000 volumes, over 2,000 pamphlets, and includes a professional library for teachers. About 300 books have been added the present year.

#### LITERARY SOCIETIES.

The students have organized two Literary Societies for the purpose of mutual improvement. They are the Zetetic Society and the Socratic Society. They meet every Friday evening. These afford one of the best means of culture, discipline, and instruction in the practical conduct of business. They have commenced the foundations of libraries, and deserve the countenance and patronage of all students and their friends. They have elegant rooms, admirably fitted and furnished. They represent the energy of the students, and show their devotion to the practical preparation for the public duties of life.

#### CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Young Men's Christian Association and the Young Women's Christian Association have each a large and well conducted society which meets weekly; and their committees look after strangers coming to the school, and students who may be sick while attending school.

#### LOCATION, ETC.

Carbondale is a city of 3,000 inhabitants, healthful and beautiful, with a refined and cultured people. It is easy of access, and offers inducements for board and social advantages beyond most places. It has, perhaps, fewer temptations to idleness and dissipations, and combines religious and educational privileges in

a degree greater than the average of towns and cities. Parents may be assured that their children will be as safe as in any school away from home, and scholars may come here and be certain that economy and industry will be respected and assisted by all. The Illinois Central, the Carbondale & Grand Tower, and the Cairo Short Line Railroads afford ample facilities for convenient access.

#### EXPENSES.

To those who sign the pledge to teach, tuition is gratuitous; but the law of the State requires that there shall be a fee charged for incidentals, at present not exceeding \$3 per term of fifteen weeks, and \$2 per term of twelve weeks. Tuition in Normal Department, \$9 and \$6; Preparatory Department—Grammar School, \$6 and \$4, and \$4 and \$3; and the Intermediate and Primary Schools, \$4 and \$3.

Board can be had in good families in Carbondale, at rates varying from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week; and by renting rooms and self-boarding, or by organizing clubs, the cost may be reduced to \$2.00 per week. Books are sold by the book stores at reasonable prices.

Successful clubs have been carried on during the year now closing, in which prices—including all expenses—have ranged from \$2 to \$2.50 per week.

# SUGGESTIONS.

TO THOSE WHO DESIGN TO ATTEND OUR SCHOOL.

NDERSTAND (1) how many of our studies you have mastered thoroughly, and come ready to be examined on them.

Do not forget that one who is to teach should be more thorough than one who is intending to be merely a scholar.

- 2. Do not take the higher studies till you have passed the lower in our classes or by our examination. Elementary work always pays better in the end than any other. Finish this first; do not be discouraged because your elementary studies have not been thoroughly done; you can remedy all such deficiencies. Quite too many want to begin with the higher studies. Take an examination of the lower ones and find exactly how you stand in them, and then advance as rapidly as you please. It has been found by our experience of fifteen years that a large number of students come to school lacking in the arts of reading, spelling, and writing. Let these be taken as your first studies. We will pass you on, as soon as you have proved you are a master of the arts fundamental of all practice of learning and teaching.
- 3. Always bring recommendations from the county superintendent or county judge, or some clergyman, or justice of the peace.
- 4. Come determined to work every day, and to omit no duty; to give up every pleasure for the time, and to do nothing but school duties, and to do them without fail at the proper time. Give up dancing schools as most demoralizing to scholarly habits, and all dancing parties as leading to dissipation and often quarrelsomeness, as well as vice and worthlessness.

#### TO THOSE WHO SEND SCHOLARS TO SCHOOL.

We trust county superintendents will advise any who contemplate devoting themselves, for a time at least, to the work of teaching, to enter some of our departments—the Pedagogical certainly—and thus to associate themselves with the hundreds who have been with us, and are heartily engaged in elevating the calling of the teacher. It would be well to advise only such to attend as have an honest character and fair health, and good abilities to communicate knowledge. Any one who wants to teach simply because of the lighter and more agreeable labor and better pay, should be discouraged. But when one desires to be worthy, both in knowledge and character, to discharge the high duties of a teacher, and needs more science and better discipline, let him come and profit.

TO OUR STUDENTS.

We do earnestly and affectionately recommend to all our students, and to those who may be in charge of them, or who have influence over them in any way, by advice or authority, that they fix as a rule never to leave the institution before the end of the term, and, if possible, that they complete a full year. Fragments of an education are indeed of much worth, just as the fragments of a diamond are valuable. But how much more profitable are they when united! Do not be absent from school a day. The regular calisthenic, or physical culture exercises, will give you health for consecutive study, and by habitual application you will acquire facility for labor, and will accomplish more than you would have believed.

Every young lady should be provided with an umbrella, a water-proof cloak, low-heeled walking shoes of ample size, and good rubber overshoes. Young men also need umbrellas and overshoes.

# ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1891-2.

Fall Term begins Monday, September 7, and closes Thursday, December 17, 1891.

Winter Term begins January 4, 1892, and closes March 17, 1892.

Spring Term begins March 21, 1892, and closes June 9, 1892.

Examinations for the year begin June 6, 1892.

Annual Commencement, June 9, 1892.

# NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

I.—COURSES OF STUDY.

II.—TIME TABLE.

III,-SYLLABUS OF WORK.

## ENGLISH AND LATIN COURSE.

		NORMAL.											
	STUDIES.		1st Year.		2d Year.			3d Year.			4th Year.		
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Psychology								+.				• •
I	PedagogySchool Law				† · ·	.+.						.†.	• • •
	Practice Teaching		••••	• •		• • • •	• • †	† •		· · †		• • •	• •
	BotanyPhysics			٠.	t							• • •	
II {	Zoölogy Physiology						†					• • •	
	Chemistry								  			.†.	
	Arithmetic			_	_					_			
III {	Algebra				t	.+.	+						
Į	Book-keeping												
	Reading and Phonics Grammar												
	Rhetoric							+					
IV	English Anal. and Comp'n. English Literature								† 		†	· ; .	
l	Elocution		• • • •										1
T J	Geography	†	. †								<u>.</u>		
v	HistoryCivil Government										1	. + .	
vi {	Penmanship												
vII {	Vocal Music												
vIII {	0 1	†	•		†	٠.	†	†	†		ona		• •

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following. The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

The ‡ means half-term study.

### ENGLISH COURSE.

	STUDIES.		NORMAL.									
			1st Year.			2d Year.		3d Year.				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	9			
I	Psychology	† .	.† .				.†					
II	Botany Physics. Zoölogy Physiology Chemistry. Astronomy Geology				†.		. †	†				
III{	Arithmetic				† . 		†					
IV {	Reading and Phonics. Grammar. Rhetoric English Analysis and Composition. English Literature. Elocution. Spelling.			.†  	† ·			†···‡··	+			
v{	Geography		·†	+	٠.		. :	†‡				
vi {	Penmanship											
vII {	Vocal Music Physical Culture					cise.						

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following. The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

The # means half-term study.

# TIME TABLE. FALL TERM.

# SYLLABUS OF WORK.

THIS SYLLABUS includes two Courses—the English, and the English and Latin. Let it be studied in connection with the Courses of Study and Time Table. The English and Latin Course is arranged so as to fill four years of three terms each—twelve terms in all. Each study is named below in this order.

# GENERAL LECTURES ON PEDAGOGY, OBSERVATION, AND METHODS.

The first Course of Lectures was delivered during the years just closing. The number was ten in all, and a Course of ten will be delivered during the next year. These will be, chiefly, on the History of Education, including Educational Theories, and Lives and Characters of Men distinguished in Educational Work in different ages and countries. They will, besides these topics, include themes such as the following: The value of the School as distinct from other educational agencies—the Family, the Church, the Press. What the people have a right to expect of the School, and what the School should demand from the people. What the people and the Directors should do for the School. How the teacher and the people may assist each other to make the School do all that can be rightfully expected of it.

Abstracts, Theses, and Reports are required.

There are also lectures or conversations by some of the lady members of the Faculty, on the subject of Manners, Social Usages, Customs, and Proprieties; on Health and Domestic Economy, and such other matters as are almost solely committed to the care of women, in education, in society, and in business.

#### I.—PSYCHOLOGY, ETHICS, AND PEDAGOGY.

PSYCHOLOGY.—Sully's Teacher's Hand-book.

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Chapters I–XV. EIGHTH TERM (A).—Chapters XVI–XX.

#### ETHICS.—Peabody's Moral Philosophy.

NINTH TERM.—A study of action and of the springs that lead to it; the governing principles of action; the right; conscience—its office and its training; the sources of knowledge of the right; rights and obligations; motive, passion, and habit; the cardinal virtues; the different ethical systems.

#### PEDAGOGY.

FOURTH TERM (D).—Need of education; aim of the school; kinds of schools; the public school; Courses of Study for the common schools, with special study of the work in the primary grades; some general principles of education; observation and criticism of work in the Training School.

FIFTH TERM (C).—Brief study of the nature and powers of the child; the mental powers and the order of their development; importance of training the feelings and the will; the nature of education; right order in education; methods of training the different powers; the teacher's motives, preparation, and characteristics; school-house, furniture, and apparatus; school organization and management; purpose and management of the recitation; moral training in schools.—Hewett's Pedagogy, and Lectures.

TENTH TERM.—School law of Illinois, with special attention to such parts of it as bear directly on the rights and obligations of teachers. Also, a study of the rights of all the parties to the school contract.

ELEVENTH TERM (B).—Meaning and scope of education; three lines of educational development; lessons from a study of sensation, perception, conception, and attention; memory in education; cultivation of the imagination, judgment, and reason; the emotions in education; moral and religious training; motives and the training of the will; nature and uses of punishment.—Compayre, Sully, and Lectures.

TWELFTH TERM (A).—Educational ideals, the efforts to realize them, and the effect they have had on individuals and nations.

—Painter's History of Education, and Lectures.

#### TEACHING.

Four terms of teaching in the Training School are usually required before graduation. This teaching is to be done at such times as the Superintendent of the Training Department may require, and will be carefully supervised. The teaching will usually be required at the times indicated in the Course of Study.

#### II.—PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE. ,

#### PHYSICS.—Avery.

FOURTH TERM (A).—Definitions, properties, and states of matter; dynamics—force and motion, composition and resolution of forces, falling bodies, pendulum, energy, simple machines, laws of equilibrium, friction; hydrostatics—liquid equilibrium, capillarity, buoyancy, specific gravity; hydrokinetics—discharge of liquids through orifices, flow of rivers, water-wheels; pneumatics—atmospheric pressure. Mariotte's laws; barometer, air, force, and lifting pumps, siphon; acoustics—reflection and refraction of sound, sound waves, musical instruments; heat—temperature, thermometer, liquefaction, vaporization, distillation, latent and specific heat, diffusion of heat, thermo-dynamics; optics—velocity, reflection and refraction of light, chromatics, optical instruments, polarization; electricity—magnets, induction machines, condensers, voltaic battery, thermo-electricity, electric telegraph, telephone, electric units, etc.

The various subjects are thoroughly illustrated by practical experiments and problems.

#### ZOOLOGY.—Tenney's Elements.

FIFTH TERM (A).—What is an animal? general idea of the animal kingdom; basis of classification; the five branches or sub-kingdoms. Vertebrates, classes; mammals, illustrations and analysis in studying the orders, preserving and caring for specimens;

birds, groups or orders, illustrations and analyses, preservation of specimens; batrachians, illustrations, etc.; fishes, characters, illustrations, etc.; articulates, classes, insects as a class, the orders, analysis, methods of preservation and care of specimens, injurious and beneficial; arachnida, illustrations; crustaceans, illustrations; worms, orders; mollusca, classes—cephalopoda, gasteropoda, tunicata, brachiopoda, polyzoa, illustrations; radiates, classes—echinodermata, acalephia, polypi, illustrations; protozoans, classes or divisions.

#### BOTANY .- Wood.

SIXTH TERM (A).—The leaf—parts, venation, margin, base, apex, simple, compound; inflorescence—forms, æstivation; floral organs; floral envelopes, situation, kinds of perianths; essential organs; stamens, their parts; pistils, their parts; analysis of plants, with methods of preparing herbarium specimens, begun and continued through rest of term; fruit, dehiscent and indehiscent pericarps, kinds of fruits; seed, its coat, contents; germination, growth of phænogamous plants, study of root and stem; cryptogamous plants, their vegetative organs, reproductive organs, vegetable cells; vegetable tissues; structure of woody tissues and leaves; fertilization of phænogams, of cryptogams; plant action, absorption, circulation, transpiration, and respiration.

#### PHYSIOLOGY—Cutter.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Physiology and anatomy defined; organic and inorganic bodies; cells, divisions of the human body; bones; structure, classification, condition necessary for healthy diet; digestion, the digestive organs and fluids, what each fluid acts upon; the alimentary canal compared with that of other animals; absorption, lymphatics; respiration, the respiratory organs, ventilation; circulation, the heart and its accessories; composition of the blood, illustrated with the microscope and by dissection; temperature of the body, clothing, etc.; secretion; glands; the nervous system, the brain, cerebro-spinal nerves, the sympathetic system, functions of the brain; the senses, taste, smell, touch, vision, hearing, a study of the organs of each; the voice,

vocal organs; illustrations with skeleton, charts, models, and specimens through the whole course.

#### CHEMISTRY.—Avery.

Tenth Term.—Chemical nomenclature, laws governing chemical combinations. Atomic weights, molecular weights, specific gravity and valency of each element. Stoichiometry; theory of acids, bases, and salts; grouping of elements; their discovery, occurrence, preparation, properties, and uses. Description of chemical operations, preparation of re-agents, deportment of bodies with re-agents; special tests for acids and salts.

#### ASTRONOMY.--Newcomb and Holden.

ELEVENTH TERM.—The relation of the earth to the heavens; motions of the earth; planetary motions; laws of motion and gravitation; motions and attractions of the moon; eclipses of sun and moon; celestial measurements; refraction and aberration of light; measures of time; formation of calendars; equation of time.

The solar system; sun, planets, asteroids, and comets.

The constellations; galaxy; variable and multiple stars; star clusters and nebulæ.

#### GEOLOGY .-- LeConte.

Twelfth Term.—Dynamical Geology.—Atmospheric agencies; aqueous agencies; organic agencies; igneous agencies.

Structural Geology.—General form and structure of the earth; stratified rocks; unstratified or igneous rocks; metamorphic rocks; structures common to all rocks; denudation, or general erosion.

Historical Geology.—General principles; archæan system and eozoic era; palæozoic rocks and era; mesozoic era, age of reptiles; cenozoic era, age of man. The Museum of the University is well supplied with mineral and other specimens that are used freely in illustrating many of the topics under discussion. Each member of the class is expected to make himself familiar with the geology of his own county by consulting the State Geological Report of Illinois.

#### MINERALOGY.-Foye.

The work in geology is supplemented by a short course in determinative mineralogy. Description of minerals, scales of hardness, and fusibility; specific gravity, solubility, blowpipe tests, streak, system of crystalization, luster, fracture, groups, etc.

#### III.—MATHEMATICS.

#### ${\tt ARITHMETIC.--} \textit{Rickoff.}$

TERM (C).—Simple interest, 6 per cent and 60 day methods; present worth; exact interest; common business method; bank discount; promissory note, essentials to its validity; original notes made, compared, and discussed by class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of cubical blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds.

First Term (B).—Common fractions; fractional units; comparison of fractional with integral numbers; reduction, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractional numbers. Decimal fractions; comparison of decimal with common fractions, with whole numbers; reduction of decimal to common and common to decimal fractions; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of decimals. Longitude and time; denominate numbers, practical measurements. Percentage to interest. Solution of text-book examples, and original problems with discussion of best methods of teaching throughout the term.

SECOND TERM (A).—Simple interest, solution by different methods, discussion, comparison of methods, present worth, exact interest, business method; bank discount, discussion, comparison with true and business discount; promissory note, essentials to its validity, original notes made by members of the class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds. Daily discus-

sion of best methods; original problems. Review fundamental rules with careful discussion of methods in teaching.

#### ALGEBRA.—Wentworth's Complete.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Literal notation and its application to addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of integral and fractional quantities, and to factors, divisors, and multiples; simple equations, integral and fractional. Problems.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Simultaneous equations; involution and evolution; quadratic equations; simultaneous quadratic equations. Problems.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Simultaneous indeterminate equations; inequalities; theory of exponents; radical expressions; logarithms; ratio, proportion, and variation; series and binomial theorem.

#### GEOMETRY.-Wentworth.

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Straight lines and angles; circumferences; triangles; quadrilaterals; general properties of polygons; circles; problems.

EIGHTH TERM (A)—Lines and planes, solid angles; polyhedrons, spherical polygons; cylinder, cone, and sphere; problems.

#### BOOK-KEEPING.—Eastman's Theory Guide.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Definitions; books used; principles of journalization; posting; trial balance, balance sheet, inventories of resources and liabilities; closing ledger; statements; notes, drafts, checks, and names of persons connected therewith; interest, discount, exchange. Partnership, commission, consignment, shipment, account sales, administrator's books, etc.

#### IV.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

#### READING.—New Franklin Fifth Reader.

FIRST TERM (B).—Elements of speech, with phonic spelling, orthography, articulation, syllabication, accent, emphasis, slur, inflection, pause; management of breath, management of the body; classes of ideas; organs and breathing, voice and speech,

voice building, cultivation of voice and manner of utterance; physical culture combined with vocal culture.

THIRD TERM (A)—Methods of teaching beginners; word, phonic, and alphabetic methods considered; faults in teaching beginners pointed out; apparatus to be used in class teaching; qualifications of a good teacher; methods of teaching advanced pupils discussed; thought analysis, classification; pronunciation; diacritical work considered; special attention given to biography of authors, and elements of English literature.

#### GRAMMAR.—Harvey.

TERM (C).—Elements of sentence; of what each may consist and what errors likely to occur; complex sentence; abridging complex sentences; compound sentences; parsing and analysis; composition.

Third Term (B).—Rules of syntax; false syntax; peculiar use; capitalization; punctuation; figures of syntax; composition.

TWELFTH TERM (A).—What are the practical points in the study of grammar; how to teach these points; how to induce pupils to put them into practice; which can be taught the younger pupils; punctuation (Bigelow's); composition suited to the different grades; methods of teaching; points of difference in methods.

#### RHETORIC.—Raub.

SEVENTH TERM.—Punctuation thoroughly taught, using Raub as the text-book. Special attention given to all the various forms of letter-writing. English composition practically taught throughout the term. Invention, style of discourse, including purity and propriety of diction, unity, strength, and harmony; figures of speech; elements of the beautiful and the sublime in thought.

This work is supplemented by essays, themes, orations, and discussions.

#### ENGLISH ANALYSIS .- Greene.

Eighth Term.—Principles of language; paragraphing and composition; powers of words; synonyms; idioms; abridging propositions; skeletons for essays; grammatical, rhetorical, and logical analysis.

#### ENGLISH LITERATURE.—Raub.

TENTH TERM.—The entire term is given to the study of English literature; recitation of text, and readings by teacher and students from Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Bacon, Dryden, Goldsmith, Johnson, Dickens, and others. English history is studied during the term in connection with English literature, so far as the different epochs of political history influence the literature.

The work during the term is supplemented by essays on authors and their works, book-reviews of Shakespeare's plays, and criticisms in style.

ELEVENTH TERM.—This term is devoted to the study of American literature; recitations of text, and readings by teacher and students from Bryant, Longfellow, Whittier, Holmes, Irving, Emerson, Hawthorne, and others. The different epochs of American political history are studied in regard to their influence upon the formation of the literature.

The term's work is supplemented by criticisms in style, and an essay on American literature.

The recitations in this term's work alternate with general history of the department of history.

#### ELOCUTION.—Hamill.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Review of the elements of speech, with vocal culture; expression considered; agencies of delivery, voice and action; forms of voice; attributes of voice—quality, force, stress, pitch, time, etc.; exercise in breathing; organs of breathing, voice, and speech illustrated by casts; action; cultivation of manner; class drills in gesture, attitude, and facial expression; sources of power in delivery; style of orators; methods of instruction.

#### SPELLING, WORD ANALYSIS, AND DEFINITION.

CLASS E.—Lessons on objects, names, and qualities: Webster's system of diacritical marks, with some additions.

Class D.—Review of preceding lessons; list of words commonly used in connection with the same object; syllabication;

rules for spelling; rules for capitalization; giving definitions and making sentences.

CLASS\_C.—Review preceding lessons; words containing silent letters; words pronounced alike, but different in meaning; diphthongs *ei* and *ie*.

CLASS B.—Review preceding lessons; terms in grammar; terms in arithmetic; terms in geography; terms in reading; terms in natural sciences; abbreviation of titles; business terms, etc.; irregular plurals; making paragraphs.

CLASS A.—Review of rules for spelling and capitalization; constant practice in the use of the diacritical marks; drill on the sounds of the letters; provincialisms and common errors in pronunciation noted.

#### V.—GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

MODERN GEOGRAPHY.—Eclectic Complete.

FIRST TERM (B).—Definition of geographical terms; mathematical geography, circles of situations, zones, latitude, longitude, etc.; winds, ocean currents, climate, etc.; North America, position, contour, drainage, etc.; map drawing; political North America, map drawing; special study of Illinois; South America with map drawing.

Second Term (A).—Europe and Asia with map drawing; Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands; chief commercial routes of the world. Methods in teaching direction, distance, form; idea of scale developed; map of township, county, State; the earth as a whole, motions, form, etc.; definitions, how they should be taught; plan of teaching a continent, North America as a type, outline schemes for different steps. Different methods in teaching map drawing.

#### HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES .-- Montgomery.

SECOND TERM (B).—Early discoveries—Spanish, English, French, Dutch. Explorations and attempts at colonization; motives and character of settlers; growth in ideas of popular

liberty; religious toleration; inter-colonial wars; revolution; Articles of Confederation and their defects; adoption of the Constitution and principles of our government; study of administrations; admission of States; acquisition of territory and conditions; foreign wars; management of Indians; tariff; bank of the United States, and Sub-treasury Bill; Omnibus Bill.

THIRD TERM (A).—Kansas-Nebraska Bill and its effects; political parties of United States, principles; changes of name, and organization; civil war; reconstruction; period since civil war, important legislation, progress. Method in United States History; reasons for studying United States History in public schools; oral and text-book work for young pupils; methods of teaching history in higher grades; principles of Constitution of United States to be introduced with the study of United States History.

#### PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.—Guyot.

NINTH TERM.—Earth's position in the Universe; surface measurement, etc.; evidences of internal heat; the lands, arrangement, outline, relief; islands, position, formation; waters, continental and oceanic; drainage of continents; ocean, oceanic movements; atmosphere; physical and astronomical climate; the winds, vapor in the atmosphere, laws of rainfall, glaciers, life upon the earth; distribution of plants; distribution of animals.

#### CIVIL GOVERNMENT.—Thorpe.

NINTH TERM.—The foundations of government; stages of society; classes of human rights; political rights in England, and in the American colonies; local government; the people in politics; duties and privileges of the citizen. Analysis of the Constitution of the United States. Constitution and laws of Illinois.

#### GENERAL HISTORY .-- Swinton's Outlines.

TENTH TERM.—The origin of civilization; Oriental nations; Greece; Rome; Middle Ages; The Crusades; Feudal System; Growth of the temporal power of the Pope; The Reformation; Mediæval language and literature; The Thirty Years' War. Modern European politics.

# VI.—PENMANSHIP AND FREE-HAND DRAWING.

#### PENMANSHIP.

Second Term.—Position; movement exercises; elements of letters; copy-writing; blackboard practice.

Throughout the term there are talks on the value of writing and suggestions on teaching.

The object is to form a handwriting at once rapid, legible, and compact, and frequent practice is our chief dependence. Muscular movement required.

#### DRAWING .-- Prang's Books of Art Education.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Books 1-5, Shorter Course, with Manuals. Free-hand drawing; manner of holding pencil, drawing of straight and curved lines; plane geometric figures and their construction; value of the study of drawing; principles of Construction, Representation, and Decoration—the three divisions of Art Education.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Books 8-10. Free-hand and instrumental drawing. Practice in Construction drawing with the use of geometric problems; practice in model and object drawing; drawing of leaf and natural forms, conventionalizing and using them in decoration and applied design.

TENTH TERM (A).—Light and shade; drawing from models, objects, and casts, and shading with crayon. Blackboard work as useful to the teacher in the illustration of various studies.

Copying of engraved pictures and heads is encouraged only after the regular graded work has been taken.

# VII.—PHYSICAL EXERCISE AND VOCAL MUSIC.

#### VOCAL MUSIC.

Attitude, management of breath, rote singing, classification of voices, scales and intervals, musical accents and varieties of measure, melody, harmony, musical notation, staff, bars, measures, clefs, musical fraction, etc.; keys and signatures; articulation, phrasing, musical expression, exercises in writing music.

Vocal music is practiced and taught so as to give the student a good knowledge of the art and practice of singing, so that he can conduct the music of a school and inspire the scholars to cultivate and love this refining and ennobling duty of the sweet voice.

#### PHYSICAL CULTURE.

This is to give grace and symmetry to the frame, and volume and culture to the voice. Daily exercises in movement of limbs and body are conducted in the main hall of the University. The System used by the instructor in all drill work is that of Dr. D. A. Sargent, teacher of physical culture in Harvard College. Seat gymnastics; free arm movements; head and body exercises; leg and foot movements; drills in the use of the dumb-bells; wand exercises; correct attitude in all movements; marching. All exercises are regulated by the music of the piano.

The aim of these exercises is to impart grace and ease of body, whether it is at rest or in motion. That our aim may be realized, and since the work in Physical Culture is now made compulsory, by the Board of Trustees, each young lady should provide herself with a suit of navy blue flannel made with plain skirt, shirt or blouse waist with loose sleeves, so that there may be uniformity in dress, and freedom of movement in every part of the body. Society dresses cannot be worn with comfort or profit in the exercises.

#### VIII.—LATIN AND GREEK.

LATIN COURSE.

LATIN ELEMENTS.—Harkness, and Ahn.

FIRST TERM (I).—Division and combination of letters; English method of pronunciation; classification of words and their properties; nouns and declensions; adjectives and adjuncts; Latin pronouns and their relation to other words; frequent inter-language translations, giving formation and derivation and analysis of English words.

#### LATIN ELEMENTS (Continued).

Second Term (H).—Conjugation of Latin verbs; voice; modes—finite and infinite; tenses, characteristics of conjugations; reviews—oral and written; fundamental rules; fables, from the Reader; daily translation from the Latin into English and from English into Latin; parsing and analyzing, giving rules for construction.

LATIN READER.—Harkness' Grammar, and Reader.

THIRD TERM (G).—Review of all verbs; syntax of sentences; parsing; etymology of words; early Roman history; Italian and Roman kings; Rome founded; war of the Sabines; Roman struggles and conquests; consuls; Punic wars; Roman triumphs; civil dissensions. Daily use of grammar with reader.

CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO.—Harkness, and Harper.

FOURTH TERM (F).—Life and character of Cæsar; general description of Gaul; war with the Helvetii; conspiracy and fate of Orgetorix; Cæsar's speech to the Helvetian legate; war with Ariovistus, the leader of the Germans. Constant use of grammar and parsing.

#### CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO (Continued).

FIFTH TERM (E).—War with the Germans, accounts of early nations; German mode of warfare; final result; war with the Belgæ; bridge over the Rhine and crossing into Germany; invasion of Britain; review of the grammar with regard to the rules for construction. The style of Cæsar.

#### C. Sallustii Bellum Catilinarum.—Harkness, and Harper.

SIXTH TERM (D).—Account of Sallust; Lucius Catiline—his character, conspiracy, and confederates; time, circumstances, and cause of conspiracy; fate of allies and Catiline; views of Cato, Cæsar, and others; results upon the Roman government; frequent written translations; daily exercises in grammar, giving rules for construction; written and oral examinations. Style of Sallust.

#### P. VIRGILII MARONIS ÆNEIS.—Frieze, and Harper.

SEVENTH TERM (C).—History of Virgil; hero of the poem; causes of the Trojan war; overthrow of Troy; mythology of the dei majores and dei minores; early history of Carthage; accounts of Dardanus, Anchises, Achates, Dido, Priam, Hector, Achilles, and others; journeyings of Æneas and his companions, and final arrival in Italy; poetic meter; parsing and syntax of sentences; written examinations. The excellencies and defects of Virgil's style, etc.

#### CICERO IN CATILINAM.—Allen and Greenough.

EIGHTH TERM (B).—Outline of life and character of Cicero; birth and character of Catiline; the Catilinian conspiracy; the allies; origin and cause of conspiracy; fate of Catiline and leaders. Both literal and liberal translations; daily reference to analytical and synthetical constructions of sentences; the style of Cicero.

#### TACITUS DE GERMANIA.—Anthon.

NINTH TERM (A).—Life and writings of Tacitus; his style; situation of Germany; manners and customs of the early inhabitants; characteristics of the race; mode of living; description of the country; tribes of German orgin; cavalry, infantry, and modes of warfare; free, smooth, and polished translation required; written and oral examinations. Tacitus as a historian.

#### GREEK COURSE.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS.—Harkness.

CLASS F.—Greek characters; classification of letters into vowels and consonants; diphthongs; sounds; declension of articles, nouns, adjectives, and pronouns; etymology of words; short exercises in translation from Greek into English and English into Greek, and parsing; written examinations.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS E.—Conjugation of verbs; active, middle, and passive voices, with other properties of words; syllabic and temporal augments; reduplications; euphonic changes; daily translations from Greek into English and from English into Greek; frequent reviews; etymology and parsing; written examinations.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS D.—Mute, liquid, and contract verbs finished; verbs in second conjugation; irregular verbs; particles, syntax, and classification of sentences; rules for construction; translating Greek fables, jests, anecdotes, legends, and mythology; thorough review of grammar; Anabasis begun; written and oral examinations.

XENOPHON'S ANABASIS.—Goodwin's Anabasis, and Grammar.

CLASS C.—Character of Xenophon; History of Darius, Artaxerxes, and Cyrus; outline of the Anabasis; account of the march of the Ten Thousand; modes of early Grecian warfare; the Cilician Queen; arrival in Babylonia; battle of Cunaxa; death of Cyrus; thorough review of Greek grammar, and constant attention to parsing; written examinations.

#### MEMORABILIA OF SOCRATES.—Robbins or Anthon.

CLASS B.—History of Socrates; charges against him; his innocence; his "Daiman"; Socrates' views of the value of friends and friendship; apothegms upon the rusticity of conduct; remedy for the loss of appetite; dissertation upon the manner of eating and mode of life, etc.; reference daily to the analysis and synthesis of sentences, in accordance with the rules of grammar; written examinations.

Homer's Iliad.—Seymour, and Antenreith's Homeric Dictionary.

CLASS A.—Trojan war; fall of Troy; the Greeks; the Troad; captive maids; war between Achilles and Agamemnon; Grecian mythology; priests; greater and lesser gods; death of Hector; time, persons, and places considered; style of Homer; dialectic differences and ancient forms.

HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

# HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

STUDENTS MUST be sixteen years old before they can be admitted to the Normal School, as will appear by reference to the conditions of admission, on another page of this catalogue. For such pupils as have mastered the work laid down in our Grammar School Course, yet are too young to enter the Normal School, a High School Department will be organized at the beginning of the next school year.

For a time the Course of Study for this new department, will be limited to one year, and will include Latin, English Language and Literature, Elementary Algebra, and other branches not yet selected. The work done in Latin will be the same as that done by the first-year pupils in the Normal course.

This Department will be enlarged as need for a more extended course becomes apparent.

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

I.—GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

II.—INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

III.—PRIMARY SCHOOL.

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

THE EIGHT grades of the Primary, Intermediate, and Grammar Schools, corresponding to the first eight years of the public schools, constitute the Preparatory Department of the University; and pupils whose scholarship is not sufficient for admission to the Normal School can find such work as they need in one of these lower schools. The pupils of the Normal School do the required teaching by taking charge of classes in this Department, their work in this line having the careful supervision of the Training teachers.

The studies of this Department and the order in which they are taken, are shown below.

#### GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The work of this school is arranged to fit pupils who have completed the Intermediate School studies for the Normal Department. This is also a general preparatory school for all who need to give special attention to one or more branches before admission to the Normal classes. Classes in writing and drawing are formed each term.

Special attention is called to the elementary classes in the science studies required for a first-grade certificate—physiology, natural philosophy, botany, and zoology.

#### TIME TABLE.

#### SEVENTH GRADE.

	FALL TERM.	WINTER TERM.	SPRING TERM.
1.	E Geography.	Geography. D Geography.	
2.	E Reading.	D Reading.	B Botany.
3.	Writing.	Writing.	Writing.
4.	H Arithmetic.	G Arithmetic.	F Arithmetic.
5.		Vocal Music and Genera	l Exercises.
6.	D Language.	C Language.	B Language.

#### EIGHTH GRADE.

1.	E Arithmetic.	D Arithmetic.	C Reading.				
2.	Drawing.	Drawing.	Drawing.				
3.	E History.	D History.	C History.				
4.	B Physiology.	B Zoology.	B Physics.				
5.		Vocal Music and Gener	al Exercises.				
6.	A Language.	E Grammar.	D Grammar.				

#### SEVENTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.—Rickoff.

Fall Term (H).—Review of fundamental rules; United States money; factors and divisors; addition, subtraction, and multiplication of common fractions. To page 155.

WINTER TERM (G).—Division of common fractions; complex fractions; decimal fractions; bills. Pages 155-200.

Spring Term (F).—Measures; simple and compound denominate numbers, longitude and time; practical applications. *Pages* 200-248.

#### READING.—Swinton's Fifth Reader.

FALL TERM (E).—Vocal exercises; phonic analysis; pronunciation; meaning of words; thought of sentence; study of how to read; correct position; practice reading; memorizing of easy recitations.

WINTER TERM (D).—Vocal and phonic exercises and study of words continued; pitch, tone, etc.; analysis of lessons with a view of bringing out thoughts of author; transposition of thought into other words; outlines and abstracts of lessons; memorizing of selections; supplementary reading; practice in sight reading.

#### LANGUAGE.—Knox-Heath's Part Second.

Fall Term (D).—The sentence; how used; kinds; the parts of speech; dictation exercises. Pages 1-96.

WINTER TERM (C).—Meanings and kinds; inflection to conjugation; capitalizing; dictation exercises; simple forms of composition; vocabulary lessons. *Pages 96–187*.

Spring Term (B).—Conjugation; verb phrases; participles; how to use the parts of speech; criticism of incorrect sentences; composition; vocabulary lessons; easy paraphrasing. *Pages* 187–284.

#### GEOGRAPHY.—Eclectic Complete.

FALL TERM (E).—Position, form, direction, distance; township, county, State; the earth as a whole, shape, motions, etc.; elementary definitions; latitude and longitude; North America, position, contour, relief, drainage, etc.; map drawing.

WINTER TERM (D).—Political North America, map drawing of the different divisions; special study of Illinois; South America, physical and political divisions, with map drawing.

Spring Term (C).—Europe and Asia, with map drawing; also Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands.

#### BOTANY.--Gray's How Plants Grow.

Spring Term (B).—Leaf—parts, character, kinds; illustrations and analyses of leaves; plant—parts, their uses and subdivisions; germination; flowers—kinds, parts, uses; analyses of flowers.

#### EIGHTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.—Rickoff.

Fall Term (E).—Practical measurements—lumber, masonry, flooring, plastering, painting, paper-hanging, carpeting, paving, bins, tanks, cisterns. Percentage; trade discount; insurance, commission and brokerage; stocks; taxes. Pages 262–301.

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WINTER TERM (D).—Interest; bank discount; promissory note; partial payments; annual interest; compound interest; equation of payments; proportion—simple and compound.

#### READING.

Spring Term (C).—Supplementary reading; elementary course in literature.

#### LANGUAGE.—Knox-Heath's Part Second.

Fall Term (A).—How adjectives are used; phrasing; paraphrasing; composition; elements of a sentence; rules for spelling. Pages 284–396.

#### GRAMMAR.—Harvey.

WINTER TERM (E).—Rules for capitals; parts of speech and their properties; parsing; drill in correct use of pronouns; auxilary verbs. *Pages 1–88*.

Spring Term (D).—Parsing; drill in correct use of verbs; conjugation; principal parts of irregular verbs; simple sentences; clements; phrases; use of synonyms. *Pages 88–165*.

#### U. S. HISTORY.—Eggleston.

FALL TERM (E).—Discoveries, explorations, and claims to cerritory in the new world by European nations; colonization, character, and motives of early settlers, their hardships; Indians, their habits and relations with colonists; colonial forms of government, charter, royal, proprietary; slavery in the colonies; religious freedom; education; British oppression; inter-colonial wars. Revolutionary war and its results; Constitution of United States and departments of government.

WINTER TERM (D).—Early administrations; principles of government, admission of States; increase in area and population; inventions and progress; foreign wars; political parties and principles; Monroe Doctrine; protective tariff; financial panic of 1837; gold in California.

Spring Term (C).—Causes of civil war; events of civil war; eredit of the United States, and National banking system; political and military leaders; return of seceded states; settlement of difficulties with England; France in Mexico; important treaties and recent acts of legislation.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.--Stowell's A Healthy Body.

Fall Term (B).—Alcohol; fermented liquors; distillation cells; the bones; the skeleton and the joints; hygiene of the bones, the muscles; exercise; our foods; cooking; digestion; digestion in the stomach; digestion in the intestines; alcohol, tobacco, opium, and the digestive organs; absorption; the blood; circulation; the effects of alcohol and tobacco on the heart and the circulation; respiration; ventilation; sleep; the kidneys; the skin; temperature of the body; the nervous system; alcohol, tobacco, opium, and the nervous system; the sense of sight; the sense of taste; the senses of smell and touch; the senses of temperature, weight, and hearing; opium, tea, coffee, and tobacco; alcohol and long life; what the authorities say; before the doctor comes.

#### ZOOLOGY.—Tenney's Natural History of Animals.

WINTER TERM (B).—A general idea of animals; vertebrates; classes; orders of mammals; birds and their orders, illustrated by specimens and analytical work; reptiles and their orders, illustrated; batrachians and their orders illustrated; fishes and their orders to a limited extent, illustrated; articulates; classes; insects with illustrations; crustaceans; mollusks—a partial study of the higher classes with illustrations; radiates—a partial study of the classes, with illustrations.

#### PHYSICS.—Gage's Introduction.

WINTER TERM (B).—Matter, energy, motion, and force; attraction of gravitation, molecular forces. Dynamics of fluids—transmission of pressure, barometer, compressibility and elasticity of gases, buoyancy of fluids, density, and specific gravity. General dynamics—momentum, laws of motion, composition, and resolution of forces, center of gravity, falling bodies, curvilinear motion, pendulum; work and energy, mechanic and static laws. Heat—sources, temperature, thermometers, effects of heat, latent and specific heat, thermo-dynamics, steam engine. Electricity and magnetism—batteries, currents, conductors, galvanometer, induction, electric light and electric bells, telegraphy and telephony. Sound—vibrations, velocity of sound, reflection, intensity, re-enforcement and inteference, pitch, quality and force, over-

tones, musical instruments, laws of vibrating cords, phonograph. Light—sources, velocity, photometry, reflection and refraction with laws, prisms, lenses, mirrors, images, color, optical instruments.

#### INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

The course of study for the Intermediate School is arranged to suit pupils who have completed the work of the Primary grades. The paragraphs following indicate in general terms the work of this school.

#### READING.

FOURTH GRADE.—Appleton's Third Reader completed; supplementary reading, Johonnot's third book, Neighbors with Wings and Fins, and Some Others; use of the Dictionary extended; use of books of reference begun.

FIFTH GRADE.—Appleton's Fourth Reader; use of books of reference extended; definitions and synonyms required; supplementary reading, Johonnot's intermediate book, Some Curious Flyers, Creepers, and Swimmers.

SIXTH GRADE.—Supplementary reading, Johonnot's fourth book, Neighbors with Claws and Hoofs and their Kin; Lamb's Fales from Shakespeare.

#### ARITHMETIC.

FOURTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic through Short Division. Pupils work out for themselves, when practicable, problems and methods by means of measures, weights, forms, etc.

FIFTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic through U. S. Money, studied as in the previous grade.

SIXTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic completed and the subjects reviewed.

#### LANGUAGE.

FOURTH GRADE.—Dictation and letter writing continued; form of business letter taught; compositions based on observation and on knowledge gained by reading McNair Wright's Nature Series and Johonnot's Natural History Series; selections of poetry analyzed and memorized with a view to obtain a basis for correct literary taste.

FIFTH GRADE.—Knox-Heath's Elementary Lessons in English, Part First; study of classic stories as found in Hawthorne's Tanglewood Tales, Church's Stories of the Old World, and Greek Heroes. Many of the stories written from skeleton outlines.

Sixth Grade.—Review, and application of work of Fifth Grade to the study of selections from Irving, Longfellow, Whittier, Hawthorne, Holmes, etc.

#### WRITING.

FOURTH GRADE.—Word and sentences continued; constant attention given to position and movement. Knowledge acquired applied to all written exercises.

FIFTH GRADE.—Work of previous grade continued.

SIXTH GRADE.—Knowledge acquired applied to copying choice selections of poetry and prose.

#### DRAWING.

FOURTH GRADE.—The second six solids—ellipsoid, ovoid, equilateral triangular prism, cone, pyramid, and vase form. Applied as in the previous year. (See third year, Primary.)

FIFTH GRADE.—Text-book of Art Education No. I., and half of No. II.

SIXTH GRADE—Complete Text-book of Art Education No. II. and No. III.

#### MUSIC.

Note singing throughout the three years. Practice on the Modulator; First Series of Music Charts; First Music Reader completed. Note reading in one and two parts through nine keys.

### GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

Swinton's Elementary Geography is begun with the Fourth Grade (First Year Intermediate), and continued through the Fifth Grade, with supplementary reading.

During the Sixth year Eggleston's Primary History of the United States is studied, with special reference to the manners and habits of the people, the character of individuals, the moral lessons to be gained, and the acquisition of stories for use in language lessons.

### NATURAL SCIENCE.

FOURTH AND FIFTH GRADES.—During these years natural science is taught in connection with reading, language, and drawing, and includes the study of leaves, plants, flowers, fruits, animals, and the human body.

SIXTH GRADE.—Hooker's Child's Book of Nature.

FALL TERM.—Part II. Animals.

WINTER TERM.—Part III. Air, Water, Heat, Light, etc.

Spring Term.—Part I. Plants.

### PRIMARY SCHOOL.

The Course of Study for this school is shown by the syllabus below, in which each grade represents the work of one year.

### SENSE TRAINING.

The training of the senses is made introductory to instruction in reading, and also forms the basis for oral instruction in number and language. Habits of quick and accurate seeing and hearing are cultivated by requiring descriptions of objects, by familiar conversations, and by the reproduction of stories told by the teacher.

### READING.

FIRST GRADE.—For six weeks or more, words in script, taken from the first part of the first First Reader; the easier phonic elements of words learned, commencing with the consonant sounds, then taking up the short vowel sounds, and ending with the long vowel sounds; Appleton's First Reader begun and completed; the first part of Harper's First Reader; the first part of Badlam's First Reader; supplementary and sight reading from charts and cards.

Second Grade.—Complete Harper's First Reader; complete Badlam's First Reader; phonic elements of most words learned; supplementary reading, Johonnot's Natural History Series, first book, Cats and Dogs; sight reading, Interstate Readers.

THIRD GRADE.—Harper's Second Reader; first half of Appleton's Third Reader; supplementary reading, Johonnot's Natural History Series, second book, Friends in Feathers and Fur; sight reading, Æsop's Fables; homonyms as the children discover them, and some synonyms.

### NUMBER.

FIRST GRADE.—Combinations in number not higher than ten, these worked out with objects; facts discovered as far as possible and fixed by repetition. Rickoff's Illustrated Number is the basis of the work in this grade.

SECOND GRADE.—Facts in number through twenty, studied as in the first year. Rickoff's Illustrated Number, used as in First Grade.

THIRD GRADE.—Rickoff's Illustrated Number completed. In this Grade the pupils have the book in their hands for study.

#### LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

FIRST GRADE.—Oral instruction by means of familiar conversations on animals, plants, and common things, with constant attention to correct expression. Children trained to see and to express their thoughts in stories, also to re-tell stories; three forms of sentences and two uses of capitals taught by means of dictation exercises; some easy and pleasing selections of poetry memorized.

Second Grade.—Stories told from pictures (Prang's Natural History Series, Trades and Occupations, etc.); descriptions of objects presented; lessons on the human body and on domestic animals; dictation exercises to teach correct forms of paragraphing, punctuation, and use of capitals; written work based on knowledge gained from the reading work of the corresponding grade, in the form of short sentences; some easy and pleasing selections of poetry analyzed and memorized; Æsop's Fables read and discussed, told, and written from dictation; thought exercise on maxims.

THIRD GRADE.—Oral and written reproduction of stories told by the teacher; dictation exercises to teach more fully paragraphing, punctuation, etc.; compositions, not exceeding three paragraphs, based on knowledge gained from the reading of the corresponding grade; form of a friendly letter taught; selections of poetry analyzed and memorized; Æsop's Fables as in previous year; thought exercise on maxims; homonyms as discovered, and some synonyms.

### WRITING.

FIRST GRADE—Words copied as wholes on slate or black-board in connection with the reading and the language lessons; after the first term typical words practiced under the direction of a teacher. Correct pencil holding and position attempted from the first.

SECOND GRADE.—With lead pencil under the direction of a teacher. Drill on the small letters, with special reference to the joining of letters; capitals begun.

THIRD GRADE.—Use of pen begun; small letters reviewed, and capitals completed and reviewed; short sentences; exercises to teach muscular movement.

#### DRAWING.

FIRST GRADE.—Outline work beginning with the second term; simple lessons in form and color; tablet and stick laying.

Second Grade.—Lessons in form and color; tablet and stick laying, paper cutting and folding; modeling in clay.

THIRD GRADE.—The first six solids—sphere, cube, cylinder, hemisphere, square prism, and triangular prism. Deriving ideas of form from seeing and handling geometric solids and familiar objects based on them; ideas of form developed by clay modeling, and stick and tablet laying; ideas of form expressed by drawing on slates and blackboard, by language, and by making objects in paper and clay.

### MUSIC.

Normal Music Course. Daily scale practice until the scale, as a whole, is thoroughly learned; interval practice from the cards; practice from the Modulator; sight reading from the First Series of Charts and the First Music Reader.

### GEOGRAPHY.

In the first two years oral instruction is given preparatory to local geography.

THIRD GRADE.—Oral lessons on school room and surroundings, home town and neighboring towns, township, county and adjacent counties, and State.

### NATURAL SCIENCE.

During the first three years natural science is taught in connection with language, and includes principally the study of domestic animals and familiar plants.

PUPIL-TEACHERS, STUDENTS, AND ALUMNI.

### PUPIL TEACHERS.

Allyn, Louise H. (1) Anderson, George F. (3) Anderson, Mary J. (2) Applegath, John (1) Applegath, May A. (1) Barter, Rachel Jane (1) Barter, William E. (1) Bellamy, Addie (3) Beman, George W. (4) Blair, Hattie M. (1) Blanchard, Guy (3) Buckley, Elizabeth F. (3) Chanaberry, Millard F. (3) Chandler, Larkin C. (1) Cowen, Norrie (1) Curson, Cora C. (1) Curtis, Sadie (2) Custer, Emily Annetta (1) Davidson, Lulu A. (1) Davis, A. Donald (3) Davis, Mary E. (3) Dawson, Olive L. (1) Dougherty, Andrew J. (1) Ellis, Jacob T. (3) Emmerson, John W. (2) Ferrell, Nora (1) Finley, Florence (1) Finley, Maggie (2) Freeman, James A. (3) Hendrickson, Jennie R. (3) Hubbard, Evelyn May (1) Jordan, Ella L. (1) Kell, Lincoln S. (3) Kell, Omer A. (2) Kimmel, Emma Lee (3) Kimzey, R. Dwight (2) Total,

Knisely, John Scott (2) Lawrence, John Hamilton (4) Ledbetter, John Nelson (1) Lindley, John William (1) Lirely, William H. (2) Longbons, Edward (1) McCracken, Ollie (1) Mercer, Hugh V. (1) Nichols, John B. (2) Nowland, Beulah (1) Papenberg, William C. (1) Peebles, Lizzie S. (4) Peterson, Grant (3) Phillips, Myrtle K. (2) Pugh, Charles H. (3) Ramsey, Stella (1) Renfro, Robert E. (2) Rude, Otto J. (3) Scurlock, Fannie C. (1) Shinn, Samuel H. (1) Songer, Mary E. (2) Sprecher, Theodora M. (3) Steele, Robert E. (4) Stern, Lewis (1) Waller, Elbert (3) Wallis, Mary (3) Watson, Norris L. (1) Watt, John S. (1) Welch, Etta (1) Wentz, Edward  $(1\frac{1}{2})$ Wham, Agnes C. (3) Whitney, William B. (4) Whittenberg, Sarah J. (1) Wiedemann, Frank E. (1) Youngblood, Louise R. (2) Zetzsche, May J. (3)

The numbers following the names indicate the number of terms which each teacher has taught in the Preparatory Department up to the close of the year for which this catalogue is issued.

# NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

### SPECIAL STUDENTS.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Blair, Mamie	Sparta
Clendenen, George Emery	Jonesboro
Conant, Georgia L	Harrisburg
Kennedy, Alice	Carterville
Kirkham, Laura Melvin	Carbondale
McCoy, Theodore Steyer	$\dots$ Golconda

## NORMAL SCHOOL.

### SENIORS.

Alexander, Anna Roseman	Carbondale
Beman, George Woods	Carbondale
Blanchard, Guy	Tamaroa
Boyd, Frank Leslie	Carbondale
Burket, Grace Lulu	Carbondale
Clark, Lulu	Carbondale
Freeman, James Alexander	Opdyke
Hill, Mary Elizabeth	Centralia
Holden, Emma Laura	Carbondale
Hord, Addie	Flora
Lawrence, John Hamilton	Carbondale
Loomis, Lydia Maud	Makanda
Peebles, Lizzie Smith	Cobden
Snyder, Arthur John	Farina
Sprecher, Theodora Maud	Richview
Steele, Robert Erben	Percy
Stern, Lewis	East St. Louis
Whitney, William Baker	Carbondale

### STUDENTS OF THIRD, SECOND, AND FIRST YEARS.

brobenib of filling, broomb, fill	
NAME. Aiken, Hiram Marshall	RESIDENCE Aiken
Alexander, John William	Carbondale
Allen, Lewis Richard	
Allyn, Louise Hurlbut	
Anderson, Calvin Albert	
Anderson, George Forbes	
Anderson, Mary Frances	
Anderson, Mary Jane	
Anderson, Walter Lafayette	
Applegath, John	
Applegath, May Augusta	
Appleton, Columbus Cardon	
Atherton, Ellen	
Aukenbrandt, Andrew Albert	
Ayre, Philip Sheridan	
Baker, Daisy	
Baker, George Lee	Golconda
Baker, Rhoda May	Cottage Home
Barr, Jessie Gleim	
Barter, James Samuel	Attila
Barter, Rachel Jane	Cawthon
Barter, William Easterbrook	Attila
Barton, Flora Louise	
Batson, Henry Houston	
Beattie, John Luther	
Bellamy, Addie	
Bennett, Anna Neal	
Biggs, Della	
Blackman, Charles Curtis	
Blackman, Lulu Phoebe	
Blakeley, Byron	
Blair, Hattie Mary	
Blair, Libbie	
Bleakley, Sadie Jane	
Boomer, Cincinnatus	
Boomer, Nola	
Boomer, Simeon	Buncombe

NAME. RESIDE Boswell, Arthur Oliver	Anna
Boswell, William Thomas	
Boucher, Andrew ShermanMurp	hysboro
Bourchier, Thomas	
Bridges, Daniel Young	
Bridges, Ella LucretiaCar	
Bridges, Lena HarrietCar	
Brockman, Andrew JacksonMitch	ellsville
Brookings, Lyle	Duquoin
Brooks, John Thomas	Saratoga
Brown, Robert	
Brush, George MortimerCar	bondale
Bryan, Robert LorinCreal	
Buckley, Anna Maxwell	. Marion
Buckley, Elizabeth Felgar	. Marion
Buckley, William Burrell	. Marion
Burkitt, Jesse AlbertMulk	keytown
Burkitt, William FranklinMull	keytown
Burns, Charles Oliver	Belknap
Burns, Maggie	Sumner
Butler, James Allen	Raleigh
Calverley, Charles DickisonMt.	Carmel
Campbell, John GainesCar	bondale
Campbell, Julia Brush	bondale
Carson, David HenryThree Mile	Prairie
Carter, Anna MayLo	ouisville
Carter, Elizabeth Della	bondale
Caster, Lyman Garfield	
Chanaberry, Millard Filmore	
Chandler, Kate Florence	
Chandler, Larkin Craig	
Chapman, Gideon PR	· ·
Cochran, John Horace	bondale
Cochran, Lula MayCar	
Cochran, Maude Olive	
Cochran, William PharesCampi	
Cooper, Lizzie	
Courter, Eben WilliamLa	ancaster

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NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Covington, Minnie McClellan	
Cowan, James Parkinson	
Cowan, Walter Lee	
Cowen, Norredden	
Crawford, John Emmett	
Crawford, Thomas Owen	
Crawshaw, Joseph Russell	
Crispin, William Heanan	
Cunningham, George Washington	
Curson, Cora C	
Curtis, Sadie	
Custer, Emily Annetta	
Custer, Ina	Carbondale
Cutler, Florence Annie	Prairie Home
Davidson, Lulu Alexandria	Patoka
Davis, Amziah Donald	Metropolis
Davis, Carrie	Carbondale
Davis, Charles Holmes	Hawthorn
Davis, Mary Edna	Centralia
Davis, Melinda Emerson	Anna
Davis, Susan Lois	Kinmundy
Davis, Ulysses Thomas	Lick Creek
Dawson, Olive Leonore	
Deason, Richard Oscar	
DePuy, Clara Ann	
Dickson, William John	
Dillard, Ida May	0
Dillard, Josiah	
Dillinger, Lizzie May	
Dillon, Anna Tett	
Dixon, Louella Carrie	
Doolin, John Archibald	· ·
Dorris, Wilbern Stephen	
Doty, John Monroe	
Dougherty, Andrew Jackson	
Doyle, George W	
Dueker, Tamer	
Dugger, John Henry	
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NAME. Dunaway, Julia Ann	RESIDENCE.
Ede, Mary Philippa	
Elkins, William Anderson	
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Ellis, Jacob T Emmerson, John Woods	
Etherton, Robert Herman	
Farmer, Mary Delphia	1 0
Faulkner, John Samuel	
Ferrell, Minnie	
Ferrell, Nora	
Finley, Florence	0 1
Finley, Maggie	
Finney, Hubert Norman	
Freiberg, Anna	
Galbraith, Charles Marion	
Galbraith, John Tyman	
Glenn, George Lincoln	
Glenn, William Thomas	
Goodman, Amos Norton	
Gragg, Jessie	
Griffin, Camp Kirtland	
Grogan, Mollie Catharine	
Hagler, Amer	
Hagler, George Lewis	
Haldaman, Chrissy Rebecca	
Haldaman, Maggie	
Haldaman, Mary Catherine	
Hall, Kate May	
Hall, Phil	
Hamill, James Theodore	Freeburg
Hamill, Russell Edwin	Freeburg
Hanson, Julia	. Murphysboro
Hartwell, John Henry	
Hartwell, Marshall Sylvester	
Hartwell, William Oscar	
Hawkins, Thomas Orval	. Mitchellsville
Haworth, Josie	
Henard, William Sherman	Vienna

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Hendrickson, Jennie Rosalie	Marion
Herod, James Russell	
Herrin, John Alfred	
Hickman, John Thomas	Jamestown
Hill, Carrie Margaret	
Hinchcliff, William Henry	Fredonia
Hodge, Jennie	Murphysboro
Hodges, John Dalmer	Raccoon
Hord, Robert Guy	Carbondale
Hostetler, Henry William	Sumner
Houk, Clyde Stanley	
Hubbard, Evelyn Mary	
Hubbard, Samuel Alexander	
Huthmacher, Josephine	
Jay, Norman Allyn	
Jenkins, Frank	
Jenkins, Hattie Elizabeth	
Jones, David Oscar	
Jordan, Ellen Laws	
Joyce, Lilly Lawrence	
Keeney, Albert Franklin	
Kell, Albert Baker	
Kell, Iva Lucy	
Kell, Lincoln Samuel	
Kell, Lydia Margaret	
Kell, Omer Adrian	
Keller, Charles Raymond	
Keneipp, Hugh	
Keown, Harry Warderman	
Keown, John Van	
Kepner, Melvin Elmer	
Kerby, Hada Pearl	
Kimmel, Emma Lee	
Kimmel, Ruby Ida	
Kimzey, Fannie Belle	
Kimzey, Ralph Dwight	
Kincheloe, Henry Lewis.	
Kirk, Cora Belle.	
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### NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

NAME. RESIDENCE.	d
Knisely, John ScottOmega	l.
Kunze, BerthaMascoutal	1
Lakin, Edwin FranklinRochester	•
Lamaster, Edwin Monroe	ı
Lamer, Kate RayBridgeport, Kan.	
Lawrence, Alice Blanche	•
Ledbetter, John Nelson Elizabethtown	ı
Lee, Homer Dalton	,
Lentz, TheodoreCreal Springs	3
Lindley, John WilliamHutsonville	,
Lirely, William HenryMakanda	b
Littleton, Cora EllenCobden	
Longbons, EdwardAlbion	L
Lucas, Martin Richard Van Buren	
Mangum, William RobertOaktown	ı
Martin, George EllsworthOlmsted	l
Mason, Henry McDaniel	
Mathis, John PrestonBloomfield	Ĺ
McCoy, ParleeTunnel Hill	L
McCracken, OllieCarbondale	,
McGuire, Arthur HillCarbondale	,
McGuire, Emery Madison	,
McGuire, Sylvia LouisaCarbondale	,
McIlwain, James, jrOkawville	,
McKee, Robert Baily	;
McKinney, DaisyCarbondale	,
McMackin, Fred GraySalem	L
McMahan, PeterCobden	L
McNeill, William T	
Mercer, Hugh VictorRaccoon	
Miles, William Daniel	
Miller, Alexander	,
Miller, JohnNashville	
Miller, Mary Elizabeth	
Mohlenbrock, Eric	
Moore, Jack Napoleon	
Montgomery, Martha Wilson	
Morse, Arthur Alton	

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Morton, Ralph Brown	
Moss, Harry Corwin	
Moyers, Will N	
Murdock, Adelaide	
Murphy, Peter	
Mushrush, Frank	
Newell, George Washington	
Nichols, John Brown	
Nicholson, Maggie Belle	
Nicholson, Rose Lee	
Nixon, Anna.	
Nixon Jennie.	
Norfolk, Daniel Harrison.	
North, Percy Elliot	
Nowland, Beulah	
Ogden, Marcus Henry	
Ogden, Otley Oran	0
Otrich, Leona	
Papenberg, William Christian	
Parkinson, Franklin Alva	Raccoon
Parkinson, Josie	
Patten, Arthur Eustace	
Patten, Edward Stuart	
Peay, Lulu	
Perhamos, Matie Viola	
Perry, Mary Helen	
Perry, Thomas Allyn ,	
Peterson, Grant	Carterville
Phillips, Myrtle Kingsley	
Pike, Bernice Nellie	
Pike, Curtis Finley	
Porter, Charles Levi	Vergennes
Pugh, Charles Harvey	Calhoun
Purcell, Nettie Claire	
Purdy, George Eli	
Purdy, Wallace Charles	Vergennes
Queen, Samuel	Alto Pass
Ragsdale, Joseph Senter	Paducah, Ky.

### NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

1	
NAME. Ramsey, Carrie Ethel	RESIDENCE.
Ramsey, Stella	
Ramsey, William Roseman	
Randolph, Mary Ann	
Renfro, Robert Eagle	
Roberson, John Franklin, jr.,	
Roberts, Arthur	
Roberts, Ona	* *
Roberts, Thomas	
Ross, Hattie Matilda	
Royall, Mary Lilly	
Rude, Otto J	. Muddy Valley
Ruff, Horace Ewing	. Pitman, Ark.
Russell, Leona Fay	Iuka
Sears, Nellie Powers	Effingham
Schwartz, Charles Ernest	
Scurlock, Frances Charlotte	Carbondale
Shinn, Samuel Henry	Carlyle
Slack, Amanda Olive	Vienna
Smith, Ralph Edgar	Carbondale
Smock, Thomas Jeremiah	
Snider, Emmett L	Centralia
Snider, Frederick M	Carbondale
Snider, Inez Minerva	
Songer, Mary E	Kinmundy
Sowell, Myrtle Irvine	
Spiller, LeRoy	
Sprague, Athela	
Steele, Absalom	
Steele, Frank Bell	Percy
Stelle, Theodore Parish	
Stevens, James Monroe	
Stewart, Ellen	Buncombe
Stewart, Frances Josephine	
Stewart, Rhoby	
Stilley, Charles Washington	
Stone, John Ellis	
Stotlar, Edwin M	

200	Draybayan
NAME. Stout, Charles Logan	RESIDENCE.
Stout, Cooper Henry	
Sugg, Alfred Tucker.	
Tackenberg, Carrie.	
Talbott, Etta	
Talbott, John Lamison	
Tanner, James Monroe.	
Taylor, Oscar Theodore	
Templeton, James Scott	
Templeton, Mary Margaret.	
Thompson, Francis	
Thornton Edwin Webster	
Tilton, Harry William	
Toler, John Burton	
Toler, William Lafayette	
Underwood, Francis Marion	
Veach, William Franklin	
Venable, John	
Waggoner, Herbert Guy	
Walker, Isaac Cecil	
Walker, Urban Lloyd	
Waller, Elbert	
Wallis, Mary.	
Watson, Norris Lilburn	
Watt, John Samuel	
Weedon, John Richard	
Welch, Etta	
Wentz, Edward	
Wham, Agnes Cora.	
Wham, Olive Josephine	
Whitehurch, John Ezra	
White, Joseph Mitchell.	
Whittenberg, Sarah Jane	
Wiedemann, Frank Edward	
Wilkinson, William Grant	
Williams, Charles James	
Williams, Harry Otto.	
Williams, Rosa	Carbondale

	NAME.	RESIDENCE.
•	Williams, Walter Winslow	Herrin's Prairie
•	Wilson, Robert Edward	Degognia
•	Woods, William Henry	Carbondale
•	Woodson, Myrtle Florence	Cairo
-	<mark>Youngblood,</mark> Laura Allen	Carbondale
-	Youngblood, Louise Roots	Carbondale
1	Zetzsche, May Jane	Okawville
1	Zetzsche, William Lane	Okawville
	Total,	349

# PRÉPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

### GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Abney, Robert Allen	Gallatia
Albritton, Luella	
Albritton Robert Richard	
Alexander, Kitty	Carbondale
Alexander, Melissa Olive	
Allen, Charles Snyder	Carbondale
Allen, Henry Edward	Carbondale
Allen, William Finess	Carrier's Mills
Anderson, Margaret Gordon	
Anderson, Willis	Gallatia
Armbrecht, Anna Christina	Golconda
Ashley, Edgar Chapman	Carbondale
Barton, Josie Meagher	Carbondale
Barr, Bertha Alice	Carbondale
Bates, Minerva	
Batson, Marshall Emanuel	
Batson, Robert Alexander	
Benham, William Resign	Clifton, Tenn.
Bennett, Homer	Carbondale
Benton, Tennie Noler	Carterville
Black, Eva	Cobden
Black, George Michle	Calhoun
Blood, Rolla Glenn	
Boatwright, Thomas Henry	
Booher, Alva William	
Borger, John Breese	Carbondale
Bostick, Chlora	
Bostick, Evaline	
	•

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Boswell, Charles James	Mt. Pleasant
Bourchier, Laura Edith	Carbondale
Bowman, Belle	Vienna
Bradley, Olive May	Carbondale
Brandon, Bertha	Makanda
Brewster, Thomas Herbert	Carbondale
Brewer, Solomon	Carbondale
Brittain, Grace Darling	Carbondale
Bridges, Abbie Lucretia	Carbondale
Bridges, Charles Gauss	Carbondale
Bridges, Rolland Eugene	Carbondale
Brooks, Fannie	Makanda
Brown, George Henry	Wool
Brown, Leonard	Anna
Brown, Mary,	
Brown, Robert Edward	Anna
Brush, George Leon	
Bryan, Richard Arthur	Creal Springs
Bryden, Eva Hamilton	Carbondale
Buckley, Fannie Grace	Marion
Burge, Minnie Ann	
Cain, Clarence William	
Calhoon, Jacob Jefferson	
Campbell, Alice	
Carson, John	
Chandler, Emma Belle	Grand Tower
Chew, Phoebe Jane	
Clark, Cora Lee*	
Clark, Fannie Esther	Carbondale
Clark, Mary Jane	Grand Tower
Clements, Louis Cyrus	Carbondale
Clements, Robert Standeford	Carbondale
Clutts, George Edwin	Cobden
Coale, William Franklin	
Cooper, Cora	
Corgan, Minnie	Makanda
Crawshaw, Hattie	

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Crawshaw, Maude Lee	
Crawshaw, Solomon	Carbondale
Crowther, Annie	Carbondale
Crowther, Sarah	Carbondale
Davis, John Albert	Carbondale
Davis, Samuel Wallace Brooks	Metropolis
Davis, Wilber Stephen	
Deason, Frank Benjamin	De Soto
Dillinger, Charles Edward	
Duncan, John Edgar	Mitchellsville
Eaton, George Thomas	Makanda
Eccles, John Monroe	
Elder, Mary Elizabeth	
Elkins, Etta May	Buncombe
Elkins, Joseph Adolphus	
Elkins, Sarah Ann	Buncombe
Etherton, Addie	Murphysboro
Etherton, Emma	
Etherton, Lydia Ellen	Murphysboro
Evertson, Emma	
Evertson, Jennie H	
Eyer, George Washington	Olney
Farmer, William Lafayette	
Fay, Elizabeth	
Fly, Henrietta	
Foley, Oran	
Foreman, Henry John	
Frank, John Jacob	
Frank, John W	
Fryar, May Emily	Carbondale
Fryar, Morris	Carbondale
Fults, Samuel	
Gaddey, Jerdon Marion	
Garritt, William Munn	Grantsburg
Gaston, Jessie Alice	
Gaunt, Robert	
Gibson, Adonis Logan	
Gilbert, Nannie Marie	Carbondale

NAME. RESIDENCE
Gillham, Lillian Belle
Goe, Emma Freece
Goforth, William AlexanderDuquoin
Gosnell, Noah FranklinBlairsville
Gordon, Edward EverettSparta
Gordon, Joseph Francis
Gordon, Sheridan SamuelSparta
Grammer, Ferdinand
Gullitt, JamesElizabethtown
Hagler, Andy
Hagler, Lizzie
Hale, Alonzo
Hall, Addie
Hall, LudieMetropolis
Hamilton, Jessie BerthaGrand Tower
Hamilton, JuliaVienna
Harker, George Mifflin
Harker, Oliver Albert
Harris, Flora JaneMakanda
Harryman, William EdwinOkawville
Hay, Charles WebsterCarbondale
Hayes, Flora BelleChicago
Hennessy, Nellie
Henry, Fannie
Hester, WilliamCarbondale
Higgason, James Avery Lake Creek
Hinchcliff, Ernest AugustusFredonia
Hinchcliff, Esther MayFredonia
Hitchcock, RayMt. Vernon
Hobbs, Matilda Julia
Hodge, Harry FrankMurphysboro
Hodge, MillieMurphysboro
Holden, Maggie Louise
Holder, Amer
Holly, Jeremiah Charles
Howell, John WilliamBlairsville
Hughes, Charles Ishmael
Huthmacher, Adelee

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Irby, Joseph Nicholas	Oak Ridge
Jennelle, John Joseph	Cairo
Jennelle, Marion	Cairo
Jerome, Carrie Orlena	
Johnson, Bessie Agnes	Carbondale
Johnson, Eliza	Braden
Johnson, Hattie	
Johnson, Minnie Dora	
Jones, Edward Moses	
Jones, Ephraim Reece	
Jones, Ernest	
Keesee, Leota Ethel	
Keller, Effie Afton	
Kirkham, Annie Louise	
Kirkham, Gertie	
Kline, Henry John	
Kunkel, Joseph	
Lackey, Oliver Francis	
Lane, Belle Holland	
Laney, Maude	
Lawrence, Angie Edna	
Lawrence, Carroll Gray	
Leary, John Erbin	
Ledbetter, James Whitten	
Ledbetter, William Robert	Carbondale
Lee, Dora Elsie	Carbondale
Levelsmier, Joseph William	
Lewis, Emma Lena Maria	
Lewis, Fred Douglass	Carbondale
Lienert, Clara	Carbondale
Lipe, John	Pulley's Mill
Long, Orlena Catherine	
Marvin, Bert Riggs	Carbondale
Mathews, Maggie	Niles, Mich.
McAnally, Jesse Franklin	
McFarland, Walter	
McGee, Samuel Thomas	Carbondale
McKinney, Ella Jane	

### NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

	RESIDENCE.
McKinney, John William	Carbondala
McMurphy, Daisy Irene	Makanda
McMurphy, Kate May	
Mertz, George West	
Miller, Charles Arthur  Miller, Edgar Smith	
Michael, Harry Lafayette	
Morton, Rebecca May	
Muelkin, Mary	
Munger, Grace Experience	
Munger, Howard Parks	
Munger, Robert Parks	
Murphy, William Gordon	
Murrie, Oscar	
North, Hugh McAllister	
North, Julia	
Nave, Zella May	
Obermarck, James Frederick	
Ogden, Carrie Zidona	
Ogden, Oscar	
Ogle, John Howard	
Parish, William Henry	0
Parkinson, Daniel Mason	
Parrish, Jessie Ann	
Patterson, Eliza Jane	
Peters, Helen Newkirk	
Peterson, Eliza	
Phillips, Lucy Haven	
Plater, Frank Thomas	
Porter, Arthur Benjamin	
Porter, Levi Albinus	
Price, David August	
Prickett, Bert	
Randolph, Sarah Emily	
Rapp, George Leslie	
Rawson, Grant Irving	
Rausch, William Fred	Hecker

•	
NAME. Rendelman, Ottie.	RESIDENCE.
Rhoads, Mary Ellen	
Riley, Jasper Wesley	
Robinson, Lillian.	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Robinson, Nellie Gill	
, ,	
Ross, Emma.	
Royall, Stella Ethel	
Rucker, Josie	
Rushing, Cornelius Moody	
Searing, Martha Mabel	
Searing, Minnie	
Scott, Florence Stuart	
Simms, Charles.	
Singleton, James Albert	
Sizemore, Gus Henry	
Smart, Mary Lee	
Smith, Carrie May	
Smith, James Orange	
Smith, James Owens.	
Smith, John Thomas	
Snider, Dollie	
Snider, Manning	
Spence, Mary Ellen.	
Spires, John Denner	
Spurlock, George Washington	Spring Garden
Starzinger, Mary Therasia	
Steele, Susan Jennette	Fairman
Stelle, Ira Thompson	Dahlgren
Stilley, Perry Davis	Lake Creek
Sullins, Charles Munn	Tunnel Hill
Summers, Rosa Ann	Carbondale
Sumner, Olive Ann	Cobden
Taylor, Otho Breese	
Teeter, Horace Frank	
Teeter, Jennie Banks	
Temple, Stella Aileen	
Thaxton, Benjamin Franklin	
, 0	_

### NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Thaxton, Cora Malinda	
Thomas, Maud	
Thompson, Bessie Milner	
Thompson, Lena Maria	
Thompson, Marion	
Thompson, Ralph Eginton	
Thompson, Ward Eginton	
Thompson, William Wesley	
Tibbetts, Otis Everett	
Titus, Seth Isaac	
Travis, Stella	New Grand Chain
Trout, Charles	Carbondale
Twente, Asa Dennis	Olive Branch
Walker, Harry Alfred	Richview
Waller, Gilbert	Murphysboro
Wallis, Marshall	
Weller, Nellie	
White, Helen	
White, Richard Christopher	-
Whitlock, John Ransom	
Williams, Edward George	
Winchester, John Wesley	
Winchester, Wade	
Wisely, Edna	
Wiseman, Ammon Lawrence	<u> </u>
Wood, John Herbert	
Woods, Annie.	·
Woods, Ida Lucian	
Woods, Joseph Madison	
Woods, Rhoda Leota.	
Wright, Anna Laura	
Wykes, Frank Edgar	
Total,	
20300,	

# INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

Allen,	Frank Benjamin	Jackson	Co.
	Mary		

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Barton, Dick	Carbondale
Beman, Newton Davis	Carbondale
Bowyer, Hattie Hays	Carbondale
Bridges, Albert Franklin	Carbondale
Bridges, Ruth Brush	
Brush, Harrie Robarts	
Flynn, Mary Jeannette	_
Grant, Ernest Ross	
Hemphill, Walter Simm	Golconda
Hunter, Edna May	
Luby, Margaret Teresa	
Luby, Mary	
Muse, Hayes George	Carbondale
Renfro, Charles Duncan Miller	
Richardson, Mabel Clare	
Smith, Harry	
Teeter, Kate M	
Valentine, Ira	
Weller, Paul Dickson	Carbondale
Wykes, Fred	
Total,	

# PRIMARY SCHOOL,

Beman, Nellie
Bird, Lu BerthaCarbondale
Bowyer, Emma LouiseCarbondale
Boyd, Charles AnthonyCarbondale
Brush, Elizabeth Parnham
Campbell, LansingCarbondale
Cochran, George DePew
Cochran, Leander BreeseCarbondale
Davis, Jennie Winne
Dickerson, Ella Maude
Evans, JohnMurphysboro
Evans, Leah SuffroniaMurphysboro
Grant, Augustus Blake

NAME. Hall, Edith S	RESIDENCE.
Hammer, John Joseph	
Harker, Winifred	
Hayes, Annie	
Hinchcliff, Jessie Mitchell	
Hobbs, Thomas McElroy	
Hodge, Gertrude Mary	
Hubbard Charles William	
Kirkham, Robert McCutcheon	
Lightfoot, Annie Evaline	
Lightfoot, George Pendleton	Carbondale
Luby, Elizabeth	Carbondale
Luby, Michael Francis	Carbondale
McFarlan, James Abram	Elizabethtown
Mead, Oscar David	Carbondale
Mitchell, Edward Clay	Carbondale
Nichols, Claude Winfield	Albion
Overton, William Emmett	
Putnam, May Florence	
Renfro, Judy Effie	
Ruark, Reason Lafayette	
Russell, Elizabeth Richart	
Smith, Dean Sidney	
Stevens, Grace May	
Stotlar, John Yost	
Taylor, Charles Harold	
Taylor, Clifton Ledbetter	
Teeter, Lillian Belle	
Thaxton, William Ernest	
Thompson, Raymond Milner	0
Thompson, Theodore Albert	
Throgmorton, Edgar Lee	
Way, Jessie Kathrina	
Wilson, Helen Harriet	
Total,	
100α1,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

# GENERAL SUMMARY.

6

18

Seniors.....

Normal School 349

Grammar School	287
Intermediate	22
Primary School	47
Total,	729
SUMMARY BY TERMS.	
Enrolled in Fall Term	479
Enrolled in Winter Term	452
Enrolled in Spring Term	
Total,	392

ADDRESS.

# ALUMNI.

1876. OCCUPATION.

1. Brown, John N......Teacher and farmer.......Walshville
2. Caldwell, Beverly....Taught since graduation......Moline

NAME.

3. Hawthorn, John C.*Lawyer
4. Ross, George CTaught 5 years. LawyerWashington, D. C.
5. Wright, Mary Taught 2½ years
1877.
6. Barnes, Belle D. A† Bloomington
7. Burton, AristaTaught 12 years
8. England, James H Taught 6 years. Farmer Carbondale
9. Warder, William H Taught 3 years. Lawyer Marion
1878.
10. Caldwell, Delia Taught 7 years Carbondale
11. Courtney, Alva C Taught since graduation Golden City, Col.
12. Evans, Charles E.* Taught 3 years. Minister
13. Hanna, James ATaught 5 yearsSaltillo, Tenn.
14. Hillman, Orcelia B
15. Jackson, Sarah E.† }
16. Kennedy, George R† Taught 1 year. Merchant Murphysboro
17. McAnally, John T Taught 4 years. Physician Carbondale
18. McAnally, Mary C Taught 10 years
19. Pierce, Edward R Taught 2 years. Minister. Silver City, N. M.
20. Plant, Richmond Lawyer St. Louis, Mo.
21. Robinson, Edward H. PhysicianLawrenceville
22. Thompson, David GT'ght 3 yrs; Co. Supt. 3 yrs; Lawyer.Golconda
*Deceased. †Paid tuition.

### 1879.

NAME. OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.
23. Burnett, Andrew C†. LawyerLamar, Mo.
24. Farmer, George H. C. Taught since graduationOkawville
25. McCreery, Ida M*Taught 3 years
26. Phillips, Lyman T Taught 2 years. Dentist Nashville
1880.
27. Bruck, Lauren L Taught since graduation Arrowsmith
28. Gray, Joseph Taught 10 years. Co. Supt Anna
29. Heitman, LewisTaught 4 years. DruggistChester
30. Hull, Charles E Merchant
31. Kimmel, Henry ACalhoun
32. Mann, Wallace E Taught 3 years. Editor Decatur
33. Ogle, Albert B†Belleville
34. Rentchler, Frank PManufacturerBelleville
35. Sheppard, Lizzie M. Taught 8½ years
36. Warder, Gertrude A. Taught 7 years
1881.
37. Burton, Charles HLawyerMt. Vernon
38. Hughes, William F Taught 10 years
39. Karraker, Henry WTeacher and FarmerDongola
40. Lorenz, John WTaught 4 years. Druggist Evansville, Ind.
41. Marshall, Oscar STelegrapherWillis, Kan.
42. Marshall, Thomas SBankerSalem
43. Sowers, Mary ATaught 8 years
44. Ward, Edward ITaught 8 years
1882.
45. Atkins, Wezette \ Mrs. Parkinson \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
46. Deardorff, Lizzie M Taught since graduation Ashland, Kan.
47. Ennison, Walter JLawyer
48. Goodall, Adella B† Taught 3 years
49. Krysher, Alice Taught 4 yearsJackson Co.
50. Mead, Albert ELawyerHutchinson, Kan.
51. Parkinson, Arthur E†. Lawyer
52. Stewart, Henry APhysicianNew York
53. Wood, John WTaught since graduationArkansas
*Deceased. †Paid tuition.

<sup>†</sup>Paid tuition.

### 1883.

	1999.
	NAME, OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.
54.	Alexander, Franklin M. Taught 2 years. MinisterMurphysboro
	Bain, William B†Merchant
	Bryden, Maggie Taught since graduation Cobden
	Buckley, Alice M Taught two years
58	Fager, Daniel BTaught 8 years. Supt. SchoolsCollinsville
	Houts, M. LilyLa Porte, Ind.
	Kimmel, BelleElkville
	Marten, JohnT'ght 6 yrs. Asst State Entom'gistChampaign
	Nave, Della ACarbondale
	Sprecher, Edgar LTaught 5 years San Jose, Gautemala, C. A.
00.	opioini, Bagui B Buil o Jours Sun o oso, Guadoniaia, O. II.
	1884.
64.	Aikman, Fannie A*. )
	mis. Rimmer
	Beesley, Alicia ETaught 2 yearsLinn
66.	Buchanan, Clara J Taught 2 years
67.	Buchanan, George V Taught 7 years. Teacher in S.I.N.U. Carbondale
68.	Buchanan, MaryTaught 7 yearsCarbondale
69.	Burket, Anna LTaught 2 yearsCarbondale
70.	Cawthon, Chris'pher C. Taught since graduationWichita, Kan.
	Duff, May B*Taught 1 year
72.	Gill, Joseph B†Lawyer. Member Gen'l Ass'blyMurphysboro
73.	Hendee, Lu BirdLa Clede
74.	Hileman, Philetus E Taught 1 year. LawyerFt. Smith, Ark.
75.	Jenkins, John H Taught since graduation Elizabethtown
	Lightfoot, Richard T Taught 2 years. States AttyMurphysboro
77.	Ridenhower, C. L* Taught 4 years
78.	Thomas, Maud*Taught 4 years
	Treat, Charles WTaught 3 yearsNapa, Cal.
	1885.
80.	Bryden, HelenTaught 6 yearsCarbondale
81.	Buckley, Mary I Taught 1 year
82.	Dunaway, Ada L†At home
83.	Fringer, William FPhysician
	Hull, Gertrude†At home
85.	Lacey, Rurie OTaught 2 years. Physician Lake City, Colo.
86.	Lancaster, Tilman A Taught 3 years. Lawyer Chattanooga, Tenn.

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

### 1885 (Continued.)

	OCCUPATION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.
0 =	NAME. OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.  Miller, John E Taught 6 years
	Robarts, Mary ATaught 5 yrs. Teacher in S.I.N.U. Carbondale
89.	Thomas, Kate
	1886.
90	Allen Sarah A
90.	Allen, Sarah A Taught 1 year. Chester
	Barber, Florence MTaught since graduationMinneapolis, Minn.
	Brown, Adella A Taught since gr'd'tion. Miss'nry. Cairo, Egypt
	Fryar, Minnie JTaught since graduationCarbondale
	Fulton, Alexander H. Taught 4 yearsIuka
	Hord, Kittie ECarbondale
	Hundley, EllaMarion
	Kennedy, MaggieTaught 4 yearsCarterville
	Loomis, Carrie I Taught 1 year
99.	McAnally, Fannie D. Taught 3 years
100.	Nichols, Louella†Taught 4 yearsCarlyle
101.	Storment, Edgar L T'ght 3 yrs. T'cher Norm'l Sch'l, Tempe, Ariz.
102.	Williams, Cora
	1887.
100	Aller Dilant Mill Dill Accept
	Allen, Robert M† Railway Agent
	Blair, CarrieTaught since graduationCollinsville
	Bryden, J. Rockwell Mining Engineer
106.	Campbell, Harmon M†. Merchant
	Cleland, Clara B Taught 1 year Des Plaines
	Cleland, May Des Plaines
	Cowan, David J Taught since graduation Washington
	Glick, Albin ZCarbondale
	Goodall, Samuel H Taught 3 years. Student of Law Marion
	Harmon, Mark DTaught since graduationGrayville
	Hawkins, Cicero RLawyerPinckneyville
	Hewitt, Emma L Taught 2 years Hickman, Ky.
	Hill, Mary AFoxville
116.	Hundley, NannieTaught since graduationHarrisburg
	Johnston, Lewis E Taught 1 year. Lawyer Kansas City, Kan.
118.	Kirkpatrick, James H Taught since graduationSquak, Wash.
*	Deceased.

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

### 1887 (Continued).

$1887 \; (Continued).$	
NAME. OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.	
119. Lawrence, Bertha Taught 3 years	
120. McMackin, Edward G. Taught 2 years	
121. Phillips, Louise E Taught since graduation	
122. Ripley, Charles HLawyer	
123. Scott, Luther TTaught 1 yearCarbondale	
124. Searing, HarryAt home. LumbermanCarbondale	
125. Sebastian, Julia ATaught since graduationChester	
126. Smith, Seva AAt home	
127. Snyder, Lydia E Taught since graduation Blue Island	
128. Tait, Minnie AAt home	
129. Turner, George T Taught 2 years. Lawyer Vandalia	
130. Wham, Steuben D Taught since graduation Raccoon	
1888.	
131. Bribach, Catherine J Taught since graduation	
132. Baumberger, LuluTaught since graduationCharleston	
133. Hall, William HTaught 3 years. Teacher S.I.N.UCarbondale	
134. Hickam, Ada	
135. Johnson, Callie EAt home	
136. Leary, Mary Taught since graduation Thebes	
137. Lindsay, David W Taught since graduationGreenville	
138. Morgan, Charles MTelegrapherLincoln, Neb.	
139. Reef, William ATaught 1 year. StenographerLeadville, Col.	
140. Richards, Kate E Taught since graduation Delphos, Kan.	
141. Street, Jasper NTaught since graduationKinmundy	
142. Trobaugh, Frank E Taught 1 year. PhysicianJackson Co.	
143. Wham, MaggieDuquoin	
1889.	
144. Allyn, Lois ATaught since graduation. Winchendon, Mass.	
145. Bridges, Mary E At home	
146. Colyer, Frank H Taught since graduation Albion	
147. Kimsey, Walter R Taught since graduation Tamaroa	
148. McMeen, John DTaught since graduationMt. Vernon, Tex.	
149. Parkinson, John M Taught since graduation Carlyle	
150. Parks, LizzieTaught one yearDuquoin	
151. Wallis, William Taught one year. Student Delaware, O.	
1890.	
152. Bain, John CharlesStudent of LawVienna	
153. Hackney, Kate Gracia. Taught one year	

NAME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
154. Hull, Bertha †	At home	Carbondale
155. Keller, Kent Ellsv	worth.Taught one year, Editor	CCampbell Hill
156. Lansden, Mary G	Taught one year	Shawneetown
157. Ramsey, Joseph I	Eli Co. Superintendent, Wal	bash CoMt. Carmel
158. Sams, Fountain I	FTaught one year	Washington, D. C.
159. Smith, Mabel	Student of Music	Chicago
160. Storment, John C	C Taught one year	Metropolis
161. Torrance, Anna H	ElizaTaught one year	Chicago
162. Van Cleve, Marti	in TCo. Superintendent, Joh	nson Co Vienna

# CALENDAR FOR 1891-92.

1891.

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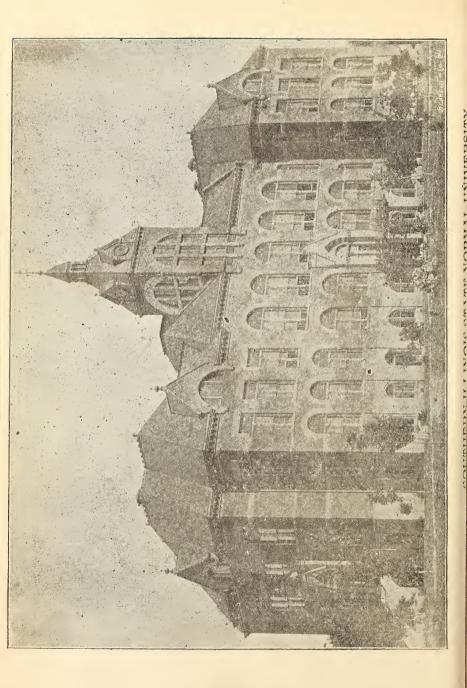
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OF THE

## SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

STATE

## NORMAL UNIVERSITY,

CARBONDALE, ILL.

1891-92.

PUBLISHED BY THE UNIVERSITY.

## CALENDAR FOR 1892-93.

1892								
JULY, AUGUST. SEPTEMBER								
SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS	SMTWTFS						
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ANN C. ANDERSON,

Principal of Primary and Intermediate Schools: Assistant Training Teacher.

MARY A. ROBARTS,

Penmanship and Book-keeping.

GEORGE W. SMITH,

Principal of Grammar and High Schools: Assistant Training Teacher.

CLARA B. WAY,

Latin and Greek.

WILLIAM H. HALL.

Assistant in Grammar and Arithmetic.

<sup>†</sup> Resigned. \* Principal elect.

### HISTORY.

N ACT of the General Assembly of the State of Illinois, approved April 20, 1869, gave birth to this Normal School, Act it was provided that five Trustees should be appointed by the Governor of the State who should fix the location, erect the building, and employ teachers for the school. The Governor, General John M. Palmer, appointed Captain Daniel Hurd, of Cairo; Eli Bowyer, of Olney; Colonel Thomas M. Harris, of Shelbyville; Rev. Elihu J. Palmer, of Belleville, and Samuel E. Flannigan, Esq., of Benton. After advertising in the newspapers, and stimulating competition among the towns and cities in southern Illinois, these Trustees agreed on Carbondale as the proper location, and fixed the site on a lot of twenty acres, three-fourths of a mile south of the station of the Illinois Central Railroad. The corner stone was laid, with appropriate ceremonies, by the Grand Master of the Masonic fraternity of the State, on the 17th day of May, 1870. The building was finished in time to be dedicated July 1, 1874, and the first Faculty commenced the work of instruction in the new building July 2, 1874, at which time a Normal Institute was opened with fifty-three pupils.

On the 6th day of September, 18.4, the regular work of the Normal University commenced.

On the afternoon of November 26, 1883, at three o'clock, this beautiful building was discovered to be on fire, and before five o'clock p. m., despite the efforts of the Faculty, students, and citizens of Carbondale, the entire building was in ruins. By the heroic labors of students, teachers, and citizens, the large library was saved, and most of the furniture; also the philosophical and chemical apparatus.

The citizens kindly offered the use of rooms in some of the business blocks, which the Trustees accepted, and the school went on with the regular recitation work, with an actual loss of less than two days. In the meantime a plan was proposed for a temporary school building, and in less than sixty days a building was completed containing fourteen rooms, and the Normal School began its wonted duties in this, its temporary, home.

The General Assembly, by an act approved June 27, 1885, appropriated \$152,065 to replace the first building, then lying in ruins.

The present building is a magnificent structure, in many respects superior to the one destroyed by fire.

The school has furnished its quota of teachers to this and other States, and the intelligent friends of education, recognizing the great benefit to the teaching forces of a Normal School training, are making large demands for more of these trained teachers. More than two hundred of the students whose names appear in this Catalogue had experience in teaching before entering school this year.

### GENERAL INFORMATION.

#### DEPARTMENTS.

THE OBJECT of the University is to do a part of the work of education undertaken by the State. This is provided for in the Courses of Study following, under three general heads; viz.,—A Normal Department, consisting of the Normal School, including the Training work, and the Graduate work; a High School Department which, now for the first time shows a full Course; a Preparatory Department, consisting of a Grammar, an Intermediate, and a Primary School.

The Normal Department is to give thorough instruction in the elementary and higher portions of the school course of study, and, indeed, to fit the student by knowledge and discipline for the practical duty of a teacher. It aims to give, in addition to instruction, opportunities of observation and trial to every one passing through the course, so that he shall not be an entire novice in his calling when he enters the school room. With this idea in mind, every branch prescribed to be taught in the common and high schools of our State is carefully studied. Accuracy and complete thoroughness are points held in mind in every recitation, and drills upon the elements are made a specialty. Great attention is therefore bestowed upon the earlier parts of the course, such as spelling and pronunciation, reading and defining, drawing, writing, vocal music, and physical culture. The body needs culture and systematic activity quite as much as the soul, and we begin with making it the servant of the mind, and habituating it to an unhesitating obedience.

The methods of our teaching are distinctively Normal. What the student is required to learn, and the method of presenting it, are both designed to give him who intends to become a teacher the philosophy of learning and remembering, and the philosophic manner of imparting knowledge and securing discipline. We begin with inculcating self-control and self-helpfulness.

The Training work is designed to fit studen's of this institution to become practical teachers. It comprises (1) a study of psychology, ethics, pedagogy, school law, and practical ethics; (2) attendance of pupil teachers upon weekly meetings held for a study of methods of instruction and management of pupils and classes; and (3) actual teaching in the Preparatory schools, under the constant supervision of the Training and other teachers of the Normal school.

Our Graduate work offers to graduates of State Normal Schools a more extended line of professional study and reading.

The High School is meant to serve those who wish to pursue their studies beyond the Grammar School Course but do not wish to take up the distinctively Normal work. It gives a full preparatory course for admission to college, and for entrance upon I usiness or the studies for professional life.

The Grammar School is designed to give complete instruction in the common branches of an English education, and to supplement the acquirements of young persons who come to us from the public schools with a training too imperfect to be admitted to the Normal School.

The Intermediate and Primary Schools cover the first six years of school life. Here the pupils are fitted for the Grammar School.

The design of the Preparatory Schools is to be an example of what schools below the High Schools should be, and to afford to those preparing themselves to teach a place where they may observe the best methods in operation, and where, at all suitable times, they may practice the calling of a teacher under the supervision of those thoroughly experienced. It is understood that the several Professors in their special departments will have immediate supervision of the work of teaching in the Model school; and we ask particular attention to this feature of our business, and invite the county superintendents' notice to it as a branch of work which may be made of great value to those who are preparing themselves for the exercise of the teacher's vocation within their respective counties.

#### COURSES OF STUDY.

The Courses of Study, we repeat, have been arranged with two purposes in view—(1) to give a strictly Normal course of training to fit teachers for public schools, and (2) to give example of methods of teaching. They therefore go over the whole curriculum of school

studies, and give special attention to those branches which require the use of the observing and perceptive faculties, without neglecting those which demand the use of the imagination and reason. Practical attention is devoted to physics, chemistry, natural history, geography, numbers, and language, and the student is not only taught to know, but to do the work of the branches which he pursues. He is also required to give instruction in all that he learns, so that when he begins his life work he may not be wholly inexperienced in the very beginning of his career.

These Courses are arranged in the order which ages have found most profitable and philosophical; and all experience has shown that the first qualifications of a teacher are knowledge and personal self-discipline. The study of methods or practice will go for little until the scientific education has been obtained. The earlier studies are elementary, and the later ones calculated for stimulating thought when it is growing to maturity and needs discipline in proper directions. It is most emphatically urged on all students that they may make their arrangements to pursue each study in its order, to do thorough work in each, and not to overburden the mind and body, too, by a larger number of studies than they can carry. Four studies a day should be the extreme limit, and even then one should be a review of a branch already quite familiar.

The entire course of study is embodied in the accompanying schedules and tables of studies and hours of recitations. Special attention is called to these, and students are earnestly advised to begin with the lower, and proceed to the higher. There is a natural order of succession of studies; and long and careful experiments have shown that this can not be inverted without harm.

We ask all to study the syllabus of each department and mark its plan.

#### GRADUATE COURSE.

This will embrace a larger course of history, more of mathematics, political economy, criticism, field work in natural history, analytical chemistry, and dissecting and preserving specimens collected. It will also include a course of lectures on the above branches, and on the history and science of education.

#### DIPLOMAS.

We certainly shall not grant diplomas to those that are absent very often, and do not finish every examination, both oral and written. One of the values of a course of study is that it represents years of honest, punctual labor, and a patient, systematic thinking.

#### NOTICE TO GRADUATES.

All graduates recommended by the Faculty, and approved by the Board of Trustees are, by the Revised School Law, entitled to a State Certificate, granted by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction, good in any county in the State for five years.

#### PHYSICAL CULTURE.

Physical culture is compulsory upon all students, unless excused by the certificate of a physician; and if so excused, the student is expected to be present at the drills in the exercises for such time as the teacher of this department shall require.

#### SHORT-HAND AND TYPE-WRITING.

Students of the school who desire it will be instructed in Short-hand and Type-writing by competent teachers.

#### CONDITIONS OF ADMISSION.

To be admitted to the Normal Department of the University students must have completed their sixteenth year, and must be able to pass an examination equivalent to the requirements of a second-grade certificate. Persons sixteen years old and over, unable to pass this examination, may be admitted to the Preparatory Department, but in no case for a longer period than six months, except on payment of tuition. They must be of good moral character and bring a certificate to this effect, signed by some responsible person. They must agree to obey all reasonable requirements as to order, promptness, cleanliness, and good behavior. To enjoy the privileges of free tuition they must sign the pledge given below:

#### THE PLEDGE.

I hereby pledge myself that, after completing my studies in the Southern Illinois Normal University, if a situation can be had with reasonable effort, I will teach in the public schools of this State three years, or at least as long as I have been instructed in it.

#### DISCIPLINE.

Few things can be impressed upon the mind to more profit than rules like the following, and we earnestly request school officers, directors, and county superintendents to aid us, and the friends of sound, systematic education to reiterate the maxims: Be thoroughly grounded in the elements of knowledge, particularly spelling with readiness and correctness; adding and multiplying numbers in all possible combinations with electric speed and infallible accuracy; writing with dispatch and neatness a good hand, easily read; drawing any simple figure, and singing. These things well learned in theory, and wrought into practical habits, not only open the doors to all fields of knowledge and art, but they do go a long way toward making easy the highest attainments in scholarship and the sweetest grace in all manners and behavior. This Normal University insists on them as both necessary and easy to be gained.

Our rules of government are few in number and very general in their application; and our students do not appear to need that these rules be enacted with the minuteness of positive statutes, but only to be stated in general terms, to secure their enforcement. It has been our good fortune to have sent to us an excellent class of young ladies and gentlemen, and to find that, for the most part, they are disposed to do what is right, largely on their own motion, and to control themselves according to the rules of social propriety. Our requirements are embraced in the Golden Rule:

"DO TO OTHERS AS YOU WOULD THEY SHOULD DO TO YOU."

It is expected, of course, that they include:

- 1. Neatness of person and dress.
- 2. Purity of words and behavior.
- 3. Cleanliness of desks, books, and rooms.
- 4. Courteous bearing to teachers and fellow students.
- 5. Punctuality and promptness, not to the minute only, but to the second.
- 6. Respect for all the rights of others in all things.
- 7. Earnest devotion to work.
- 8. Quietness in all movements.
- 9. By all means be in school the first day and remain till the last day of every term.
- 10. Obedience to the laws of love, good will, and duty:

If the spirit of these rules can be infused into the soul and wrought into the habits, each student will for himself grow in goodness and truth, and for the State he will be a power and a blessing.

#### FACILITIES FOR ILLUSTRATION.

#### MUSEUM AND CABINETS.

In the first story a large and well-lighted room is set apart as the Museum, and is supplied with elegant center and wall cases of best design and finish, for display of specimens.

The cabinets of minerals and rocks are large, varied, and amply sufficient for the practical work of the student. He will find the Zoological and Botanical cabinets, comprising thousands of specimens from land and sea, an invaluable aid in his studies in natural history.

The Normal respectfully solicits its friends and the friends of education to aid in building up a Museum worthy of southern Illinois.

Specimens of minerals, insects, birds, animals, and plants; also Indian relics, such as stone axes and pipes, disks, spear and arrow heads, and pottery, will be thankfully received.

Specimens should be boxed carefully and sent by express, unless heavy, in which case they may be forwarded as freight.

The full name of the donor should not be omitted.

Already our friends have contributed many and valuable specimens to the Museum, and we embrace this occasion to return to them our sincere thanks. More than four thousand specimens have been collected and arranged in the Museum; and the additions to the Library comprise nearly fifteen hundred volumes. Old books, pamphlets, maps, etc., curiosities, fossils, plants, and fruits will be gratefully received and carefully preserved.

#### APPARATUS.

The University possesses a very complete set of physical and chemical apparatus which is annually increased by the appropriations of the General Assembly.

The above equipment includes, among other pieces of value, a Toepler-Holtz electrical machine, one of Ritchie & Son's best air-pumps with the necessary accessory attachments, a compound microscope of high power, a thermo-electric pile and galvanometer, Crooke's and Geissler tubes, an electrical rotator, a Ruhmkoff's induction coil, a college stereopticon, and views of scientific subjects.

The Chemical Department has an excellent laboratory supplied with water, gas, a full set of re-agents, and apparatus.

The Mathematical Department has a surveyor's transit and compass, which the classes in trigonometry and surveying are required to use constantly.

The Astronomical Department has lately purchased one of Clark & Son's superior telescopes direct from their factory, costing \$450.00. The instrument has a five-inch object glass, and eye-pieces varying in power from 100 to 300 diameters. It has both the declination and equatorial movement.

#### LIBRARY AND WORKS OF REFERENCE.

The University has a complete set of books of reference, cyclopedias, biographical and pronouncing dictionaries, gazetteers, atlases, etc., which are placed in the study hall, or in the several recitation rooms, so that the students may consult them at any time.

The Library proper occupies a spacious room; it is well furnished, and, in connection with the Reading Room, is open a large part of each school day for students. The Library contains now over 10,000 volumes, over 3,000 pamphlets, and includes a professional library for teachers. About 700 books have been added the present year.

#### LITERARY SOCIETIES.

The students have organized two Literary Societies for the purpose of mutual improvement. They are the ZETETIC SOCIETY and the SOCRATIC SOCIETY. They meet every Friday evening. These afford one of the best means of culture, discipline, and instruction in the practical conduct of business. They have commenced the foundations of libraries, and deserve the countenance and patronage of all students and their friends. They have elegant rooms, admirably fitted and furnished. They represent the energy of the students, and show their devotion to the practical preparation for the public duties of life.

#### CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Young Men's Christian Association and the Young Women's Christian Association have each a large and well conducted society which meets weekly; and their committees look after strangers coming to the school, and students who may be sick while attending school.

#### LOCATION, ETC.

Carbondale is a city of 3,000 inhabitants, healthful and beautiful, with a refined and cultured people. It is easy of access, and offers inducements for board and social advantages beyond most places. It has, perhaps, fewer temptations to idleness and dissipations, and combines religious and educational privileges in a degree greater than the average of towns and cities. Parents may be assured that their children will be as safe as in any school away from home, and scholars may come here and be certain that economy and industry will be respected and assisted by all. The filinois Central, the Carbondale & Grand Tower, and the Cairo Short Line Railroads afford ample facilities for convenient access.

#### EXPENSES.

To those who sign the pledge to teach, tuition is gratuitous; but the law of the State requires that there shall be a fee charged for incidentals, at present not exceeding \$3 per term of fifteen weeks, and \$2 per term of twelve weeks. The rates of tuition in the different schools are as follows:—

	Fall Term.	Winter Term.	Spring Term.
Normal School	. \$9 00	\$6 00	<b>\$6 00</b>
High School	. 9 00	6 00	6 00
Grammar School	. 6 00	4 00	4 00
Grammar School	. 4.00	3 00	3 00
Intermediate School	. 4 00	3 00	3 00
Primary School (First and Sec	ond Reader	pupils) Free.	

Board can be had in good families in Carbondale, at rates varying from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per week; and by renting rooms and self-boarding, or by organizing clubs, the cost may be reduced to \$2.00 per week. Books are sold by the book stores at reasonable prices.

Successful clubs have been carried on during the year now closing, in which prices—including all expenses—have ranged from \$2 to \$2.50 per week.

#### A WORD TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

With great emphasis we urge all who send their children to us to be careful about giving them too much pocket money or too great liberties in contracting debts. And they ought to be carefully instructed as to the value and economical use of money. We sometimes have students with a very slight comprehension of economy who, to the disgust of their friends at home, squander with an indiscretion that surprises every-

body concerned. There is hardly a thing or scarcely a vice that so fatally interferes with study as the lavish and careless spending of cash by students at school. It is our advice to all who send students to our care that they select some one with whom to deposit money which the student can draw as it is needed. The Registrar will always do this little favor for any student, parent or guardian, and if money is not saved by the process it will be a satisfaction to know that the student has had the advice and assistance of some person who has fairly considered all these points. We are certain that we can not do those who are at school and those who send their children here a greater favor than to bring this important matter to their notice and to beg of them both for their own profit and for the better training of the pupils in habits of economy, that they give special attention to this suggestion.

## SUGGESTIONS.

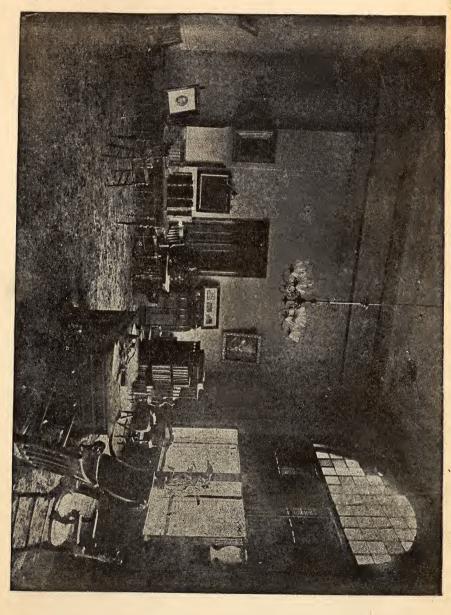
#### TO THOSE WHO DESIGN TO ATTEND OUR SCHOOL.

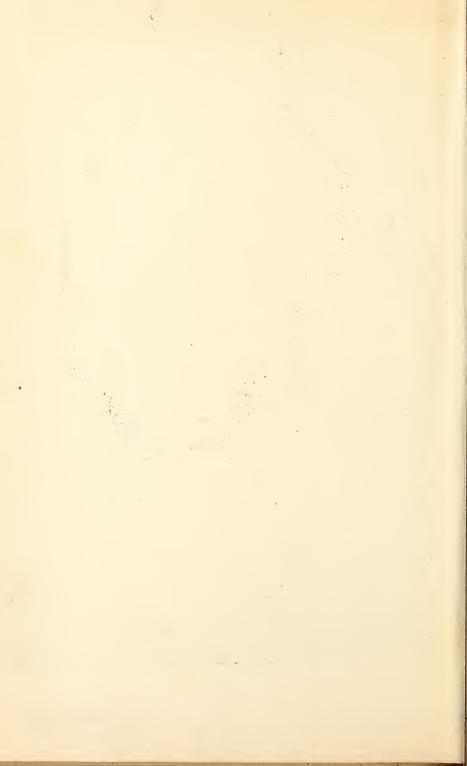
NDERSTAND (1) how many of our studies you have mastered thoroughly, and come ready to be examined on them. Do not forget that one who is to teach should be more thorough than one who is intending to be merely a scholar.

- 2. Do not take the higher studies till you have passed the lower in our classes or by our examination. Elementary work always pays better in the end than any other. Finish this first; do not be discouraged because your elementary studies have not been thoroughly done; you can remedy all such deficiencies. Quite too many want to begin with the higher studies. Take an examination of the lower ones and find exactly how you stand in them, and then advance as rapidly as you please. It has been found by our experience of fifteen years that a large number of students come to school lacking in the arts of reading, spelling, and writing. Let these be taken as your first studies. We will pass you on, as soon as you have proved you are a master of the arts fundamental of all practice of learning and teaching.
- 3. Always bring recommendations from the county superintendent or county judge, or some clergyman, or justice of the peace.
- 4. Come determined to work every day, and to omit no duty; to give up every pleasure for the time, and to do nothing but school duties, and to do them without fail at the proper time. Give up dancing schools as most demoralizing to scholarly habits, and all dancing parties as leading to dissipation and often quarrelsomeness, as well as vice and worthlessness.

#### TO THOSE WHO SEND SCHOLARS TO SCHOOL.

We trust county superintendents will advise any who contemplate devoting themselves, for a time at least, to the work of teaching, to enter some of our departments—the Pedagogical certainly—and thus to associate





themselves with the hundreds who have been with us, and are heartily engaged in elevating the calling of the teacher. It would be well to advise only such to attend as have an honest character and fair health, and good abilities to communicate knowledge. Any one who wants to teach simply because of the lighter and more agreeable labor and better pay, should be discouraged. But when one desires to be worthy, both in knowledge and character, to discharge the high duties of a teacher, and needs more science and better discipline, let him come and profit.

#### TO OUR STUDENTS.

We do earnestly and affectionately recommend to all our students, and to those who may be in charge of them, or who have influence over them in any way, by advice or authority, that they fix as a rule never to leave the institution before the end of the term, and, if possible, that they complete a full year. Fragments of an education are indeed of much worth, just as the fragments of a diamond are valuable. But how much more profitable are they when united! Do not be absent from school a day. The regular calisthenic, or physical culture exercises will give you health for consecutive study, and by habitual application you will acquire facility for labor, and will accomplish more than you would have believed.

Every young lady should be provided with an umbrella, a water-proof cloak, low-heeled walking shoes of ample size, and good rubber overshoes. Young men also need umbrellas and overshoes.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1892-93.

Fall Term begins Monday, September 12, and closes Thursday, December 22, 1892.

Winter Term begins January 2, 1893, and closes March 23, 1893.

Spring Term begins March 27, 1893, and closes June 15, 1893.

Examinations for the year begin June 12, 1893.

Annual Commencement, June 15, 1893.

## NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

I — COURSES OF STUDY.

II.—TIME TABLE.

III.—SYLLABUS OF WORK.

#### ENGLISH AND LATIN COURSE.

	No.					NO	R	RMAL.							
	STUDIES.		1st Year.		2d Year.			3d Year.			4th Year.				
		1 .	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
I {	Psychology. Ethics Pedagogy. School Law. Practice Teaching				†			 		† 	†	·†.			
II {	Botany. Physics. Zoology. Physiology Chemistry. Geology. Astronomy.			  	†  		. †				†				
	Arithmetic				†	.† 	. †	†	 .†.						
IV {	Reading and Phonics Grammar. Rhetoric. English Anal. and Comp'n English Literature. Elocution. Spelling.			.†				†	.†.	  	†		†		
v {	Geography	†	† †	. ; .†			• · • ·			† †	†	.‡.			
vi {	Penmanship		† 		†	†	• •								
vII {	Vocal Music	One term. Daily exercises.													
VIII {	LatinGreek						.†	†			ona				

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following.

The # means half-term study.

The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

#### ENGLISH COURSE.

		NORMAL.								
	STUDIES.	1st Year.	2d Year.	3d Year.						
	_	1 2 3	4 5 6	7 8 9						
I	Psychology. Ethics. Pedagogy. School Law. Practice Teaching.	††	†	† ††						
II {	Botany. Physics. Zoology Physiology. Chemistry. Geology Astronomy.		†	†						
III {	Arithmetic		†††	††						
IV {	Reading and Phonics. Grammar Rhetoric. English Analysis and Composition. English Literature. Elocution Spelling.			†‡ †‡						
v {	Geography. History. Civil Government.	†† ††	†	†‡:						
vi {	Penmanship									
vII {	Vocal Music									

The Roman numerals on the margin refer to departments, as in the Syllabus following.

The † indicates the place of the study in the Course.

The # means half-term study.

## TIME TABLE,

# FALL TERM.

### SYLLABUS OF WORK.

HIS SYLLABUS includes two Courses—the English, and the English and Latin. Let it be studied in connection with the Courses of Study and Time Table. The English and Latin Course is arranged so as to fill four years of three terms each—twelve terms in all. Each study is named below in this order.

N. B.—The *new* text-books for the next year are named in the parentheses below the studies.

## GENERAL LECTURES ON PEDAGOGY, OBSERVATION, AND METHODS.

The first, the second, and the third Course of Lectures were delivered during the years just closing. A Course will be continued during the next year. These will be, chiefly, on the History of Education, including Educational Theories, and Lives and Characters of Men distinguished in Educational Work in different ages and countries. They will, besides these topics, include themes such as the following: The value of the School as distinct from other educational agencies—the Family, the Church, the Press. What the people have a right to expect of the School, and what the School should demand from the people. What the people and the Directors should do for the School. How the teacher and the people may assist each other to make the School do all that can be rightfully expected of it. How to use the blackboard and apparatus, and how to keep all in order, and to make the school room healthful and cheerful, an inspiration and a delight.

Abstracts, Theses, and Reports are required.

There are also lectures or conversations by some of the lady members of the Faculty, on the subject of Manners, Social Usages, Customs, and Proprieties; on Health and Domestic Economy, and such other matters as are almost solely committed to the care of women, in education, in society, and in business.

#### I.—PSYCHOLOGY, ETHICS, AND PEDAGOGY.

PSYCHOLOGY.—Sully's Teacher's Hand-book.

(DEWEY.)

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Chapters I-XIII. EIGHTH TERM (A).—Chapters XIV-XX.

ETHICS.—Peabody's Moral Philosophy.

(ROBINSON'S PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE OF MORALITY.)

NINTH TERM.—A study of action and of the springs that lead to it; the governing principles of action; the right; conscience—its office and its training; the sources of knowledge of the right; rights and obligations; motive, passion, and habit; the cardinal virtues; the different ethical systems.

#### PEDAGOGY.

FOURTH TERM (D). Need of education; aim of the school; kinds of schools; the public school; Courses of Study for the common schools, with special study of the work in the primary grades; some general principles of education; observation and criticism of work in the Training School.

FIFTH TERM (C). Brief study of the nature and powers of the child; the mental powers and the order of their development; importance of training the feelings and the will; the nature of education; right order in education; methods of training the different powers; the teacher's motives, preparation, and characteristics; school-house, furniture, and apparatus; school organization and management; purpose and management of the recitation; moral training in schools.—Hewett's Pedagogy, and Lectures.

TENTH TERM.—School law of Illinois, with special attention to such parts of it as bear directly on the rights and obligations of teachers. Also, a study of the rights of all the parties to the school contract.

ELEVENTH TERM (B).—Meaning and scope of education; three lines of educational development; lessons from a study of sensation, perception, conception and attention; memory in education; cultivation of the imagination, judgment, and reason; the emotions in education; moral and religious training; motives and the training of the will; nature and uses of punishment.—Compayre's Lectures.

TWELFTH TERM (A).—Educational ideals, the efforts to realize them, and the effect they have had on individuals and nations.—Painter's History of Education.

#### TEACHING.

Four terms of teaching in the Training School are usually required before graduation. This teaching is to be done at such times as the Superintendent of the Training Department may require, and will be carefully supervised. The teaching will usually be required at the times indicated in the Course of Study.

#### IL-PHYSICAL AND BIOLOGICAL SCIENCE.

PHYSICS.—Avery.

FOURTH TERM (A).—Definitions, properties, and states of matter; dynamics—force and motion, composition and resolution of forces, falling bodies, pendulum, energy, simple machines, laws of equilibrium, friction; hydrostatics—liquid equilibrium, capillarity, buoyancy, specific gravity; hydrokinetics—discharge of liquids through orifices, flow of rivers, water-wheels; pneumatics—atmospheric pressure. Mariotte's laws; barometer, air, force, and lifting pumps, siphon; acoustics—reflection and refraction of sound, sound waves, musical instruments; heat—temperature, thermometer, liquefaction, vaporization, distillation, latent and specific heat, diffusion of heat, thermo-dynamics; optics—velocity, reflection, and refraction of light, chromatics, optical instruments, polarization; electricity—magnets, induction machines, condensers, voltaic battery, thermo-electricity, electric telegraph, electric lights, telephone, electric dynamos, electric units, etc.

The various subjects are thoroughly illustrated by practical experiments and problems.

#### ZOOLOGY-Tenney's Elements.

FIFTH TERM (A).—What is an animal? general idea of the animal kingdom; basis of classification; the five branches or sub-kingdoms. Vertebrates, classes; mammals, illustrations and analysis in studying the orders, preserving and caring for specimens; birds, groups or orders, illustrations and analyses, preservation of specimens; batrachians, illustrations, etc.; fishes, characters, illustrations, etc.; articulates, classes, insects as a class, the orders, analysis, methods of preservation and care of specimens, injurious and beneficial; arachnida, illustrations; crustaceans, illustrations; worms, orders; mollusca, classes—cephalopoda, gasteropoda, tunicata, brachiopoda, polyzoa, illustrations; radiates, classes—echinodermata, acalephia, polypi, illustrations; protozoans, classes or divisions.

#### BOTANY .- Wood.

(GRAY'S SCHOOL AND FIELD BOOK, REVISED LESSONS.)

SIXTH TERM. (A).—The leaf—parts, venation, margin, base, apex, simple, compound; inflorescence—forms, æstivation; floral organs; floral envelopes, situation, kinds of perianths; essential organs; stamens, their parts; pistils, their parts; analysis of plants, with methods of preparing herbarium specimens, begun and continued through rest of term; fruit, dehiscent and indehiscent pericarps, kinds of fruits; seed, its coat, contents; germination, growth of phænogamous plants, study of root and stem; cryptogamous plants, their vegetative organs, reproductive organs, vegetable cells; vegetable tissues; structure of woody tissues and leaves; fertilization of phænogams, of cryptogams; plant action, absorption, circulation, transpiration, and respiration.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.—Cutter.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Physiology and anatomy defined; organic and inorganic bodies; cells, divisions of the human body; bones; structure, classification, condition necessary for healthy diet; digestion, the digestive organs and fluids, what each fluid acts upon; the alimentary canal compared with that of other snimals; absorption, lymphatics; respiration, the respiratory organs, ventilation; circulation, the heart and its accessories; composition of the blood, illustrated with the microscope and by dissection; temperature of the body, clothing, etc.; secretion; glands; the nervous system, the brain, cerebro-spinal nerves, the sympathetic system, functions of the brain; the senses, taste, smell, touch, vision, hearing, a study of the organs of each; the voice, vocal organs; illustrations with skeleton, charts, models, and specimens through the whole course.

#### CHEMISTRY .- Avery.

TENTH TERM.—Chemical nomenclature, laws governing chemical combinations, equations representing chemical reactions, factors and products. Atomic and molecular weights, specific gravity, valency, occurrence, properties, preparation, uses, tests, and grouping of elements. Stoichiometry—gravimetric, volumetric and percentage computations. Preparation of re-agents, deportment of bodies with re-agents. Theory of acids, bases and salts, and the special tests for each. The laboratory method is followed very largely in the above work.

#### GEOLOGY.-LeConte.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Dynamical Geology.—Atmospheric agencies—origin of soil, action of air, wind, frost; aqueous agencies, erosion of rain

and rivers, transportation and distribution of sediments, deltas, estuaries, bars, waves, tides, oceanic currents, glaciers, icebergs, caves. Organic agencies—vegetable accumulations, iron accumulations, lime accumulations, geographical distribution of species. Igneous agencies—interior heat of the earth, volcanoes, geysers, earthquakes, gradual oscillations of the earth's crust, subsidence.

Structural Geology.—General form and structure of the earth; stratified and unstratified rocks, metamorphic rocks, mineral veins, mountain systems, structures common to all rocks.

Historical Geology.—General principles; eozoic era, eozoon age; palæozoic era; ages of invertebrates, fishes, and acrogens; mesozoic era, age of reptiles; cenozoic era, age of mammals; psychozoic era, age of man.

Each member of the class is expected to be familiar with the geology of his own county by consulting the State Geological Reports of Illinois.

ASTRONOMY.-Newcomb and Holden.

TWELFTH TERM.—The relation of the earth to the heavens; motions of the earth; laws of motion and gravitation; motions and attractions of the moon; theory of eclipses of sun and moon; astronomical instruments and celestial measurements; refraction and aberration of light; measures of time, construction of calendars; equation of time.

The solar system,—sun, planets, and their satellites, asteroids, and comets.

The constellations; star clusters; nebulæ; variable and multiple stars; the galaxy.

Frequent use of the excellent telescope. Each student is expected to make a sketch of all observations made with the instrument.

MINERALOGY .- Foue.

The work in geology is supplemented by a short course in determinative mineralogy. Description of minerals, scales of hardness, and fusibility; specific gravity, solubility, blowpipe tests, streak, system of crystallization, luster, fracture, groups, etc.

In the above work the laboratory method is strictly observed.

#### III.—MATHEMATICS.

ARITHMETIC .- Rickoff.

(WENTWORTH AND HILL.)

TERM (C).—Simple interest, 6 per cent and 60 day methods; present worth; exact interest; common business method; bank discount;

promissory note, essentials to its validity; original notes made, compared, and discussed by class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of cubical blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds.

FIRST TERM (B).—Common fractions; fractional units; comparison of fractional with integral numbers; reduction, addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractional numbers. Decimal fractions; comparison of decimal with common fractions, with whole numbers; reduction of decimal to common and common to decimal fractions; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of decimals. Longitude and time; denominate numbers, practical measurements. Percentage to interest. Solution of text-book examples, and original problems with discussion of best methods of teaching throughout the term.

SECOND TERM (A).—Simple interest, solution by different methods, discussion, comparison of methods, present worth, exact interest, business method; bank discount, discussion, comparison with true and business discount; promissory note, essentials to its validity, original notes made by members of the class; partial payments; annual and compound interest; equation of payments; proportion; square root, illustrating each problem by diagram; cube root, illustrating by use of blocks; mensuration; exchange, domestic and foreign; duties and customs; bonds. Daily discussion of best methods; original problems. Review fundamental rules with careful discussion of methods in teaching.

#### ALGEBRA.-Wentworth's Complete.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Literal notation and its application to addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of integral and fractional quantities, and to factors, divisors, and multiples; simple equations, integral and fractional. Problems.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Simultaneous equations; involution and evolution; quadratic equations; simultaneous quadratic equations. Problems.

SIXTH TERM (A).—Simultaneous indeterminate equations; inequalities; theory of exponents; radical expressions; logarithms; ratio, proportion, and variation; series and binominal thereom.

#### GEOMETRY.-Wentworth.

SEVENTH TERM (B).—Straight lines and angles; circumferences; triangles; quadrilaterals; general properties of polygons; circles; problems.

EIGHTH TERM (A).—Lines and planes, solid angles; polyhedrons, spherical polygons; cylinder, cone, and sphere; problems.

BOOK-KEEPING .- Eastman's Theory Guide.

ELEVENTH TERM.—Definitions; books used; principles of journalization; posting; trial balance, balance sheet, inventories of resources and liabilities; closing ledger; statements; notes, drafts, checks, and names of persons connected therewith; interest, discount, exchange. Partnership, commission, consignment, shipment, account sales, administrator's books, etc.

#### IV.—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

READING.—New Franklin Fifth Reader.

FIRST TERM (B).—Elements of speech, with phonic spelling, orthography, articulation, syllabication, accent, emphasis, slur, inflection, pause; magagement of breath, management of the body; classes of ideas; organs and breathing, voice and speech, voice building, cultivation of voice and manner of utterance; physical culture combined with vocal culture.

THIRD TERM (A).—Methods of teaching beginners; word, phonic, and alphabetic methods considered; faults in teaching beginners pointed out; apparatus to be used in class teaching; qualifications of a good teacher; methods of teaching advanced pupils discussed; thought analysis, classification; pronunciation; diacritical work considered; special attention given to biography of authors, and elements of English literature.

GRAMMAR.

—— TERM (C).—Elements of sentence; of what each may consist and what errors likely to occur; complex sentence; abridging complex sentences; compound sentences; parsing and analysis; composition.

Third Term (B).—Rules of syntax; false syntax; peculiar use; capitalization; punctuation; figures of syntax; composition.—Haynie's Syntax and Analysis.

TWELFTH TERM (A).—What are the practical points in the study of grammar; how to teach these points; how to induce pupils to put them into practice; which can be taught the younger pupils; punctuation (Bigelow's); composition suited to the different grades; methods of teaching; points of difference in methods.

RHETORIC.—Raub.

SEVENTH TERM.—Punctuation thoroughly taught, using Raub as the text-book. Special attention given to all the various forms of letter-

writing. English composition practically taught throughout the term. Invention, style of discourse, including purity and propriety of diction, unity, strength, and harmony; figures of speech; elements of the beautiful and the sublime in thought.

This work is supplemented by essays, themes, orations, and discussions.

#### ENGLISH ANALYSIS .- Greene.

EIGHTH TERM.—Principles of language; paragraphing and composition; powers of words; synonyms; idioms; abridging propositions; skeletons for essays; grammatical, rhetorical, and logical analysis.

#### ENGLISH LITERATURE.-Raub.

TENTH TERM.—The entire term is given to the study of English literature; recitation of text, and readings by teacher and students from Chaucer, Spenser, Shakespeare, Milton, Bacon, Dryden, Goldsmith, Johnson, Dickens, and others. English history is studied during the term in connection with English literature, so far as the different epochs of political history influence the literature.

The work during the term is supplemented by essays on authors and their works, book-reviews of Shakespeare's plays, and criticisms in style.

ELEVENTH TERM.—This term is devoted to the study of American literature; recitations of text, and readings by teacher and students from Bryant, Longfellow, Whittier, Holmes, Irving, Emerson, Hawthorne, and others. The different epochs of American political history are studied in regard to their influence upon the formation of the literature.

The term's work is supplemented by criticisms in style, and an essay on American literature.

The recitations in this term's work alternate with general history of the department of history.

#### ELOCUTION .- Hamill.

TWELFTH TERM.—Review of the elements of speech, with vocal culture; expression considered; agencies of delivery, voice and action; forms of voice; attributes of voice—quality, force, stress, pitch, time, etc.; exercise in breathing; organs of breathing, voice, and speech illustrated by casts; action; cultivation of manner; class drills in gesture, attitude, and facial expression; sources of power in delivery; style of orators; methods of instruction.

#### SPELLING, WORD ANALYSIS, AND DEFINITION.

CLASS E.—Lesson on objects, names, and qualities: Webster's system of diacritical marks, with some additions.

CLASS D.—Review of preceding lessons; list of words commonly used in connection with the same subject; syllabication; rules for spelling; rules for capitalization; giving definitions and making sentences.

CLASS C.—Review preceding lessons; words containing silent letters; words pronounced alike, but different in meaning; diphthongs ei and ie.

CLASS B.—Review preceding lessons; terms in grammar; terms in arithmetic; terms in geography; terms in reading; terms in natural sciences; abbreviation of titles; business terms, etc.; irregular plurals; making paragraphs.

CLASS A.—Review of rules for spelling and capitalization; constant practice in the use of the diacritical marks; drill on the sounds of the letters; provincialisms and common errors in pronunciation noted.

#### V.—GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

MODERN GEOGRAPHY.—Eclectic Complete.

FIRST TERM (B).—Definition of geographical terms; mathematical geography, circles of situations, zones, latitude, longitude, etc.; winds, ocean currents, climate, etc.; North America, position, contour, drainage, etc.; map drawing; political North America, map drawing; special study of Illinois; South America with map drawing.

SECOND TERM (A).—Europe and Asia with map drawing; Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands; chief commercial routes of the world. Methods in teaching direction, distance, form; idea of scale developed; map of township, county, State; the carth as a whole, motions, form, etc.; definitions, how they should be taught; plan of teaching a continent, North America as a type, outline schemes for different steps. Different methods in teaching map drawing.

HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES.—Montgomery.

SECOND TERM (B).—Early discoveries—Spanish, English, French, Dutch. Explorations and attempts at colonization; motives and character of settlers; growth in ideas of popular liberty; religious toleration; inter-colonial wars; revolution; Articles of Confederation and their defects; adoption of the Constitution and principles of our government; study of administrations; admission of States; acquisition of territory and conditions; foreign wars; management of Indians; tariff; bank of the United States, and Sub-treasury Bill; Omnibus Bill.

THIRD TERM (A).—Kansas-Nebraska Bill and its effects; political parties of United States, principles; changes of name, and organization;

Civil War; reconstruction; period since Civil War, important legislation, progress. Method in United States History; reasons for studying United States History in public schools; oral and text-book work for young pupils; methods of teaching history in higher grades; principles of Constitution of United States to be introduced with the study of United States History.

#### PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY .- Guyot.

NINTH TERM.—Earth's position in the Universe; surface measurement, etc.; evidences of internal heat; the lands, arrangement, outline, relief; islands, position, formation; waters, continental and oceanic; drainage of continents; ocean, oceanic movements; atmosphere; physical and astronomical climate; the winds, vapor in the atmosphere, laws of rainfall, glaciers, life upon the earth; distribution of plants; distribution of animals.

#### CIVIL GOVERNMENT .- Thorpe.

NINTH TERM.—The foundations of government; stages of society; classes of human rights; political rights in England, and in the American colonies; local government; the people in politics; duties and privileges of the citizen. Analysis of the Constitution of the United States. Constitution and laws of Illinois.

#### GENERAL HISTORY .- Myers.

TENTH TERM.—The origin of civilization; Oriental nations; Greece; Rome; Middle Ages; The Crusades; Feudal System: Growth of the temporal power of the Pope; The Reformation; Mediæval language and literature; The Thirty Years' War. Modern European politics.

## VI.—PENMANSHIP AND FREE-HAND DRAWING. PENMANSHIP.

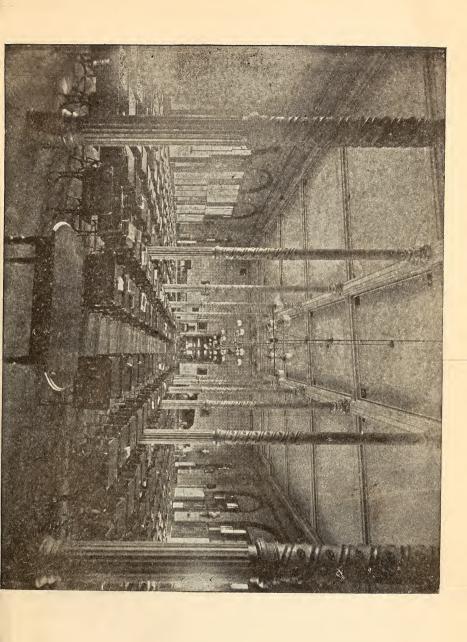
SECOND TERM.—Position; movement exercises; elements of letters; copy-writing; correspondence, social and business; blackboard practice.

Throughout the term there are talks on the value of writing and suggestions on teaching.

The object is to form a handwriting at once rapid, legible, neat, and compact, and frequent practice is our chief dependence. Muscular movement required.

#### DRAWING.—Prang's Books of Art Education.

FOURTH TERM (C).—Books 1-5, Shorter Course, with Manuals. Free-hand drawing; manner of holding pencil, drawing of straight and





curved lines; plane geometric figures and their construction; value of the study of drawing; principles of Construction, Representation, and Decoration—the three divisions of Art Education.

FIFTH TERM (B).—Books 8-10. Free-hand and instrumental drawing. Practice in Construction drawing with the use of geometric problems; practice in model and object drawing; drawing of leaf and natural forms, conventionalizing and using them in decoration and applied design.

TENTH TERM (A).—Light and shade; drawing from models, objects, and casts, and shading with crayon. Blackboard work as useful to the teacher in the illustration of various studies.

Copying of engraved pictures and heads is encouraged only after the regular graded work has been taken.

#### VII.—PHYSICAL EXERCISE AND VOCAL MUSIC.

#### VOCAL MUSIC.

Attitude, management of breath, rote singing, classification of voices, scales and intervals, musical accents and varieties of measure, melody, harmony, musical notation, staff, bars, measures, clefs, musical fraction, etc.; keys and signatures; methods of transposition; articulation, phrasing, musical expression, exercises in writing music. Vocal music is practiced and taught so as to give the student a good knowledge of the art and practice of singing, and give instruction in the elements of the reading of music, so that he can conduct the music of a school and inspire the scholars to cultivate and love this refining and ennobling duty of the sweet voice.

#### PHYSICAL CULTURE.

This is to give grace and symmetry to the frame, and volume and culture to the voice. Daily exercises in movement of limbs and body are conducted in the main hall of the University. The System used by the instructor in all drill work is that of Dr. D. A. Sargent, teacher of physical culture in Harvard College. Seat gymnastics; free arm movements; head and body exercises; leg and foot movements; drills in the use of the dumb-bells; wand exercises; correct attitude in all movements; marching. All exercises are regulated by the music of the piano.

The aim of these exercises is to impart grace and ease of body, whether it is at rest or in motion. That our aim may be realized, and

since the work in Physical Culture is now made compulsory, by the Board of Trustees, each young lady should provide herself with a suit of navy blue flannel made with plain skirt, shirt or blouse waist with loose sleeves, so that there may be uniformity in dress, and freedom of movement in every part of the body. Society dresses cannot be worn with comfort or profit in the exercises.

#### VIII.—LATIN AND GREEK.

LATIN COURSE.

LATIN ELEMENTS.-Harkness, and Ahn.

FIRST TERM (K).—Division and combination of letters; methods of pronunciation; classification of words; nouns and declensions; adjectives and adjuncts; Latin pronouns and their relation to other words; conjugation of Latin verbs begun; inter-language translations; formation, derivation, and analysis of English words.

LATIN ELEMENTS (Continued). PROSE COMPOSITION.—Collar.

SECOND TERM (J).—Conjugation of verbs continued; voice; modes—finite and infinite; tenses; characteristics of conjugations; fundamental rules; daily translations from English to Latin, and from Latin into English; parsing, analysis, rules for construction.

CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO.—Harkness's Cæsar, and Grammar.

THIRD TERM (I).—Life and character of Cæsar; general description of Gaul; war with the Helvetii; conspiracy and fate of Orgetorix; Cæsar's speech to the Helvetian legate; war with Ariovistus, the leader of the Germans. Constant use of grammar; rules of syntax. Prose composition continued. Sight reading.

CÆSAR DE BELLO GALLICO (Continued).—Harkness, and Harper.

FOURTH TERM (H).—War with the Alpine tribes; war with the Belgæ; war with the Germans, accounts of early nations; German mode of warfare; bridge over the Rhine, and crossing into Germany; invasion of Britain.

Review of grammar, style of Cæsar; prose composition; sight reading.

SALLUST.-Harkness, and Harper.

FIFTH TERM (G).—Life of Sallust; Lucius Catiline—his character, conspiracy, and confederates; time, cause, and circumstances; fate of allies and of Catiline; views of Cato, of Cæsar, and of others; results

upon the Roman government. Style of Sallust. Prose composition, sight reading.

OVID.-Allen and Greenough.

SIXTH TERM (F).—Selections from the metamorphoses; mythology; life, style, and writings of Ovid. Latin prosody; scanning; prose composition.

VERGIL: ÆNEID.-Frieze, and Harper.

SEVENTH TERM (E).—Life of Vergil; hero of the poem; causes of the Trojan War; overthrow of Troy; mythology; early history of Carthage; accounts of principal characters. Prosody; scanning; prose composition; sight reading.

VERGIL: ÆNEID (Continued).-Frieze, and Harper.

EIGHTH TERM (D).—Journeyings of Æneas; settlement in Thrace, and in Crete; accounts of Delos, Scylla, Charybdis; Helenus and Andromache; death of Anchises; sojourn in Carthage; departure of Æneas; death of Dido. Essay; scanning; composition; sight reading.

CICERO IN CATILINAM.—Harkness, and Allen and Greenough.

NINTH TERM (C).—Outline of life and character of Cicero; birth and character of Catiline; the Catilinian conspiracy; the allies; origin and cause of the conspiracy; fate of Catiline and leaders. Both literal and liberal translations; the style of Cicero; composition.

CICERO: PRO ARCHIA, PRO LEGE MANILLA.-Allen and Greenough.

TENTH TERM (B).—Cicero as a defender. Life and character of the poet Archias; Roman laws of citizenship; result of the trial. History of Pompey; Roman laws; history of Rome; selections from other portions of Cicero for sight reading. Review of grammar; Latin composition.

VERGIL: ÆNEID.-Frieze, and Harper.

ELEVENTH TERM (A).—Journey of Æneas from Carthage to Sicily; games in honor of Anchises; visit to the sibyl; descent into Hades. Selections from the Eclogues and Georgics. General review. Latin composition.

#### GREEK COURSE.

GREEK RUDIMENTS.-Harkness.

CLASS F.—Greek characters; classification of letters into vowels and consonants; diphthongs; sounds; declension of articles, nouns, adjectives, and pronouns; etymology of words; short exercises in translation from Greek into English and English into Greek, and parsing; written examinations.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS E.—Conjugation of verbs; active, middle, and passive voices, with other properties of words; syllabic and temporal augments; reduplications; euphonic changes; daily translations from Greek into English and from English into Greek; frequent reviews; etymology and parsing; written examinations.

#### GREEK RUDIMENTS (Continued).

CLASS D.—Mute, liquid, and contract verbs finished; verbs in second conjugation; irregular verbs; particles, syntax and classification of sentences; rules for construction; translating Greek fables, jests, anecdotes, legends, and mythology; thorough review of grammar; Anabasis begun; written and oral examinations.

#### XENOPHON'S ANABASIS.—Goodwin's Anabasis, and Grammar.

CLASS C.—Character of Xenophon; History of Darius, Artaxerxes, and Cyrus; outline of the Anabasis; account of the march of the Ten Thousand; modes of early Grecian warfare; the Cilician Queen; arrival in Babylonia; battle of Cunaxa; death of Cyrus; thorough review of Greek grammar, and constant attention to parsing; written examinations.

#### MEMORABILIA OF SOCRATES.—Robbins or Anthon.

CLASS B.—History of Socrates; charges against him; his innocence; his "Daiman"; Socrates' views of the value of friends and friendship; apothegms upon the rusticity of conduct; remedy for the loss of appetite; dissertation upon the manner of eating and mode of life, etc.; reference daily to the analysis and synthesis of sentences, in accordance with the rules of grammar; written examinations.

#### HOMER'S ILIAD.—Seymour, and Autenrieth's Homeric Dictionary.

CLASS A.—Trojan war; fall of Troy; the Greeks; the Troad; captive maids; war between Achilles and Agamemnon; Grecian mythology; priests; greater and lesser gods; death of Hector; time, persons, and places considered; style of Homer; dialectic differences and ancient forms.

NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

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HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

# THE HIGH SCHOOL.

The studies to be pursued in this school, and the order in which they are to be taken, are shown in the scheme below.

#### FIRST YEAR.

#### FIRST TERM.

Latin. Harkness, and Ahn.

Arithmetic. Wentworth and Hill.

Grammar. Harvey.

El. Civics. Dole's American Citizen.

SECOND TERM.

Latin. Harkness, and Ahn.

Algebra. Wentworth. Grammar. Harvey.

Geography (Descriptive). Eclectic Complete.

THIRD TERM.

Latin. Cæsar, and Grammar. Harkness.

Algebra. Wentworth.

Literature and Reading. Masterpieces of Am. Literature.

U. S. History. Montgomery.

#### SECOND YEAR.

#### FIRST TERM.

Latin. Cæsar. Harkness, and Harper.

Arithmetic. Wentworth and Hill.

Ancient History—Greece and Rome.

Drawing. Prang.

SECOND TERM.

Latin. Sallust. Harkness, and Harper.

Arithmetic.

Wentworth and Hill.

English History.

Drawing.

Prang.

THIRD TERM.

Latin.

Ovid. Allen and Greenough.

Physics.

Averv. Guvot.

Geography (Physical).

Cutter.

Physiology.

THIRD YEAR.

FIRST TERM.

Latin.

Greek.

Algebra.

Psychology.

Rhetoric.

Vergil's Æneid. Frieze, and Harper.

Rudiments. Harkness.

Wentworth (Complete).

Dewey.

Raub. SECOND TERM.

Latin.

Greek. Algebra.

Psychology.

Vergil. Frieze, and Harper.

Rudiments. Harkness. Wentworth (Complete).

Dewey.

THIRD TERM.

Latin.

Greek. Algebra.

Ethics.

Cicero in Catilinam. Allen and Greenough.

Rudiments, Harkness, Wentworth (Complete).

Robinson.

FOURTH YEAR.

FIRST TERM.

Greek.

Geometry. English Literature.

Physics.

Xenophon's Anabasis. Goodwin.

Wentworth.

Raub.

Avery.

SECOND TERM.

Latin.

Greek. Geometry.

English Literature.

Cicero pro Archia, Pro Lege Manilla.

Xenophon's Memorabilia. Goodwin.

Wentworth.

Raub.

#### THIRD TERM.

Latin.

Greek.

Grammar.

Political Economy.

Vergil's Æneid. Frieze, and Harper.

Homer's Iliad. Seymour.

Authenrieth's Homeric Dictionary.

Harvey.

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

I,-GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

II.—INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

III.—PRIMARY SCHOOL.

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

THE EIGHT grades of the Primary, Intermediate, and Grammar Schools, corresponding to the first eight years of the public schools, constitute the Preparatory Department of the University; and pupils whose scholarship is not sufficient for admission to the Normal School or the High School can find such work as they need in one of these lower schools. The pupils of the Normal School do the required teaching by taking charge of classes in this Department, their work in this line having the careful supervision of the Training teachers.

The studies of this Department and the order in which they are taken, are shown below.

#### GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

The work of this school is arranged to fit pupils who have completed the Intermediate School studies for the Normal Department or the High School. This is also a general preparatory school for all who need to give special attention to one or more branches before admission to the higher schools. Classes in writing and drawing are formed each term.

Special attention is called to the elementary classes in the science studies required for a first-grade certificate—physiology, natural philosophy, botany, and zoology.

# TIME TABLE. SEVENTH GRADE.

	FALL TERM.	WINTER TERM.	SPRING TERM.
1.	E Geography.	D Geography.	C Geography.
2.	E Reading.	D Reading.	B Botany.
3.	Writing.	Writing.	Writing.
4.	H Arithmetic.	G Arithmetic.	F Arithmetic.
5.		Vocal Music and General	Exercises.
6.	D Language.	C Language.	B Language.

#### EIGHTH GRADE.

FALL TERM. WINTER TERM. SPRING TERM. 1. E Arithmetic. D Arithmetic. C Reading. 2. Drawing. Drawing. Drawing. 3. E History. D History. C History. 4. B Physiology. B Zoology. B Physics. Vocal Music and General Exercises. 5. D Grammar.

6. A Language. E Grammar.

#### SEVENTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.

FALL TERM (H).—Preliminary definitions; notation and numeration; fundamental operations; decimals.

WINTER TERM (G).—Multiples and measures; addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions; miscellaneous problems.

SPRING TERM (F).—Compound quantities; units of length, surface, volume, weight, and time, with practice in the actual measuring of these quantities.

#### READING.—Selections.

FALL TERM (E).—Vocal exercises; phonic analysis; practice reading; memorizing selections; making outlines of lessons; constant use of dictionary. Supplementary work—Each pupil provides himself with a note book in which he records such facts as he acquires in preparing the lesson. He is expected to look up and reduce to writing such references and allusions as occur in the regular reading exercises.

WINTER TERM (D).—Vocal and phonic exercises; practice reading; transposition of thought into other words; abstracts of lessons; memorizing; use of dictionary. Supplementary work in preparing lesson same as in preceding term.

#### LANGUAGE.—Tarbell's Book II.

FALL TERM (D).—The sentence; margin and paragraph; subject, predicate, modifiers; quotations; punctuation of series; complements; gender; case; analysis of sentences; essay writing. To page 80.

WINTER TERM (C).—Natural order of words; indirect objects; person; synonyms; parenthetical expressions; regular and irregular verbs; noun modifiers; direct and indirect quotations; infinitives and participles; paraphrase; essay writing. Pages 81-146.

SPRING TERM (B).—Principal parts and tense forms of verbs; proper use of shall and will; business forms; relative pronouns; interrogative pronouns; agreement of verbs with subjects; essay writing. Pages 147-212.

#### GEOGRAPHY.-Eclectic Complete.

FALL TERM (E).—Position, form, direction, distance; township, county, State; the earth as a whole, shape, motions, etc.; elementary definitions; latitude and longitude; North America, position, contour, relief, drainage, etc.; map drawing.

WINTER TERM (D).—Political North America, map drawing of the different divisions; special study of Illinois; South America, physical and political divisions, with map drawing.

SPRING TERM (C).—Europe and Asia, with map drawing; also Africa, Australia, and Pacific islands.

#### BOTANY.-Gray's How Plants Grow.

SPRING TERM (B).—Leaf—parts, character, kinds; illustrations and analyses of leaves; plant—parts, their uses and subdivisions; germination; flowers—kinds, parts, uses; analyses of flowers.

### EIGHTH GRADE.

#### ARITHMETIC.

FALL TERM (E).—Percentage calculations involving profit and loss, commission and brokerage, insurance, taxes; interest—six per cent method; bank discount; commercial discount; partial payments; stocks and bonds; proportion; partnership; averages.

WINTER TERM (D).—Powers and roots; mensuration involving carpeting, plastering, papering, flooring, triangles, circles; mensuration of volumes; actual measuring of surfaces and volumes by pupils and solution of problems from data thus procured; metric measures; actual measurement of objects with meter and other measures of this system; solution of problems.

#### READING.—Selections.

SPRING TERM (C).—A few complete selections are read; the piece as a whole is studied; pupils give in writing outline of piece; the same plan is followed in the preparation of the lesson as is indicated in the syllabus for E Reading.

#### LANGUAGE.—Tarbell's Book II.

FALL TERM (A).—Figures of speech; clauses and connectives, simple, complex, and compound sentences; semicolon; adverbial elements; noun clauses; parentheses; infinitives and participles; abridgment; essay writing.

#### GRAMMAR.-Harvey.

WINTER TERM (E).—Rules for capitals; parts of speech and their properties; parsing; drill in correct use of pronouns; auxiliary verbs. *Pages 1-88*.

SPRING TERM (D).—Parsing; drill in correct use of verbs; conjugation; principal parts of irregular verbs; simple sentences; elements; phrases; use of synonyms. *Pages 88--165*.

#### U. S. HISTORY.-Egyleston.

FALL TERM (E).—Discoveries, explorations, and claims to territory in the new world by European nations; colonization, character, and motives of the early settlers, their hardships; Indians, their habits and relations with colonists; colonial forms of government, charter, royal, proprietary; slavery in the colonies; religious freedom; education; British oppression; inter-colonial wars. Revolutionary war and its results; Constitution of the United States and departments of government.

WINTER TERM (D).—Early administrations; principles of government, admission of States; increase in area and population; inventions and progress; foreign wars; political parties and principles; Monroe Doctrine; protective tariff; financial panic of 1837; gold in California.

SPRING TERM (C).—Causes of civil war; events of civil war; credit of the United States, and National banking system; political and military leaders; return of seceded states; settlement of difficulties with England; France in Mexico; important treaties and recent acts of legislation.

#### PHYSIOLOGY.—Stowell's A Healthy Body.

FALL TERM (B).—Alcohol; fermented liquors; distillation; cells; the bones; the skeleton and the joints; hygiene of the bones; the muscles; exercise; our foods; cooking; digestion; digestion in the stomach; digestion in the intestines; alcohol, tobacco; opium, and the digestive organs; absorption; the blood; circulation; the effects of alcohol and tobacco on the heart and the circulation; respiration; ventilation; sleep; the kidneys; the skin; temperature of the body; the nervous system; alcohol, tobacco, opium, and the nervous system; the sense of sight; the sense of taste; the senses of smell and touch; the senses of temperature, weight, and hearing; opium, tea, coffee, and tobacco; alcohol and long life; what the authorities say; before the doctor comes.

#### ZOOLOGY.—Tenney's Natural History of Animals.

WINTER TERM (B).—A general idea of animals; vertebrates; classes; orders of mammals; birds and their orders, illustrated by specimens and analytical work; reptiles and their orders illustrated; batrachians and their orders illustrated; fishes and their orders to a limited extent, illustrated; articulates; classes; insects with illustrations; crustaceans;

mollusks—a partial study of the higher classes with illustrations; radiates—a partial study of the classes with illustrations.

#### PHYSICS.—Gage's Introduction.

SPRING TERM (B).—Matter, energy, motion, and force; attraction of gravitation, molecular forces. Dynamics of fluids—transmission of pressure, barometer, compressibility and elasticity of gases, buoyancy of fluids, density, and specific gravity. General dynamics—momentum, laws of motion, composition, and resolution of forces, center of gravity, falling bodies, curvilinear motion, pendulum; work and energy, mechanic and static laws. Heat—sources, temperature, thermometers, effects of heat; latent and specific heat, thermo-dynamics, steam engine. Electricity and magnetism—batteries, currents, conductors, galvanometer, induction, electric light and electric bells, telegraphy and telephony. Sound—vibrations, velocity of sound, reflection, intensity, re-enforcement and interference, pitch, quality and force, overtones, musical instruments, laws of vibrating cords, phonograph. Light—sources, velocity, photometry, reflection and refraction with laws, prisms, lenses, mirrors, images, color, optical instruments.

### INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

The course of study for the Intermediate School is arranged to suit pupils who have completed the work of the Primary grades. The paragraphs following indicate in general terms the work of this school.

N. B. A-Third Grade. This grade has been arranged for those pupils who, from irregular attendance, immaturity, or other causes may not be thoroughly ready for the Fourth Grade. It is taken or omitted as seems best for the pupil.

#### READING.

A-THIRD GRADE.—Harper's Third Reader begun and completed. Use of the dictionary (Academic) begun. Use of books of reference begun. Words (written from dictation) syllabicated, accented, marked, and defined, fifteen to twenty at a lesson. Supplementary reading, first part of Johonnot's third book, Neighbors with Wings and Fins. Selections of poetry analyzed and memorized. Study of homonyms continued.

FOURTH GRADE.—Appleton's Third Reader completed. Words (written from dictation) syllabicated, accented, marked, defined, and

used in sentences giving the facts of the reading lesson, ten to twenty at a lesson. Use of dictionary and books of reference. Study of synonyms. Supplementary reading, the latter part of Johonnot's third book, Neighbors with Wings and Fins. Selections analyzed and memorized.

FIFTH GRADE.—Harper's Fourth Reader. Study of words and sentences as in the previous year. Supplementary reading, Johonnot's intermediate book, Some Curious Flyers, Creepers, and Swimmers. Selections analyzed and memorized.

SIXTH GRADE.—Supplementary reading from standard writers of prose and poetry—Ruskin's King of the Golden River, Lamb's Tales from Shakespeare. Selections from Longfellow, Irving, and Whittier. Johonnot's fourth book, Neighbors with Claws and Hoofs and their Kin.

A-THIRD GRADE.—White's First Book in Arithmetic, commencing at page 49 and completing; supplementary drill on addition, subtraction and multiplication to develop power to make accurate and rapid calculations.

FOURTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic. Review of subjects studied the previous year as far as page 103.

FIFTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic through U. S. Money, page 185.

SIXTH GRADE.—White's Elementary Arithmetic completed and the subjects reviewed. Pupils work out for themselves, when practicable, problems and methods by means of measures, weights, forms, etc.

#### LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

A-THIRD GRADE.—De Garmo's Language Work Nos. 1 and 2. Essays on familiar topics embodying facts learned from the lessons in reading, geography, language, and from books read at home; Æsop's Fables read, told, and written from dictation; simple stories from the classics told and reproduced orally and in writing, all work bringing into practice the knowledge acquired in regard to correct form and expression. Selections of poetry analyzed and memorized. Letter writing continued. Thought exercises on familiar maxims. Free conversations with a view to correcting prevailing errors of speech.

FOURTH GRADE.—De Garmo's Language Work Nos. 2 and 3. Letters and essays continued as in previous grades; selections of poetry analyzed and memorized with a view to obtain a basis for correct literary taste; stories from the classics read, told, and reproduced; thought exercises on familiar maxims; paraphrasing poetry.

FIFTH GRADE.—Tarbell's Lessons in Language, Book I. Study of classic stories as found in Bullfinch's Age of Fable, Hawthorne's Tanglewood Tales, Church's Stories of the Old World, and Greek Heroes. Many of the stories written from skeleton outline.

SIXTH GRADE.—The language and literature of this grade is consolidated with the reading of the same grade. This time is given to elementary science. (See below under Natural Science).

#### WRITING.

A-THIRD GRADE.—Muscular movement exercise occupies the first part of each writing lesson. Small letters reviewed in groups, based on allied forms: a group, i group, l group, main group, and miscellaneous group; capitals practiced in groups of allied forms. Knowledge acquired applied to all written exercises.

FOURTH GRADE.—Work of the preceding year continued.

FIFTH GRADE.—Muscular movement exercises. Continued letters; capitals; words; sentences.

SIXTH GRADE.—Review work of previous grade. Knowledge acquired applied to copying choice selections of poetry and prose.

#### DRAWING.

A-THIRD GRADE.—The second six solids, ellipsoid, ovoid, equilateral triangular prism, cone, pyramid, and vase form. *Applied as in previous year*.

FOURTH GRADE.—Prang's Complete Course, Books I and II. FIFTH GRADE.—Prang's Complete Course, Books III and IV. SIXTH GRADE.—Prang's Complete Course, Books V and VI.

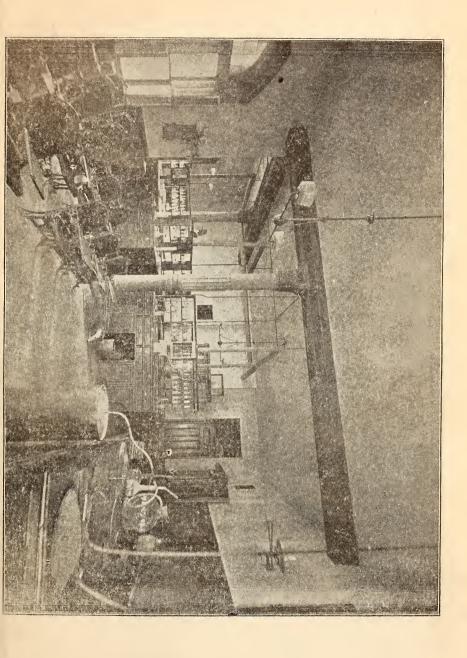
#### MUSIC.

Note singing throughout the three years. Practice on the Modulator; First Series of Music Charts; First Music Reader completed. Note reading in one and two parts through nine keys.

#### GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY,

A-THIRD GRADE.—A general knowledge of the United States. Our World Reader No. 1, completed during the year; map of the United States made, beginning with home State. Books read during the year, Bayard Taylor's Boys of Other Countries, and Schwatka's Children of the Cold.

FOURTH GRADE.—Our World Reader No. 2, completed during the year. Supplementary reading, Jane Andrews's Ten Boys Who Lived on the Road from Long Ago to Now.





FIFTH GRADE.—Butler's Geography Book 1, completed during the year.

During the Sixth year Eggleston's Primary History of the United States is studied, with special reference to the manners and habits of the people, the character of individuals, the moral lessons to be gained, and the acquisition of stories for use in language lessons. In connection with colonial history Hiawatha and Miles Standish are read. Biographies of noted Americans such as Washington (Scudder), Franklin, and Lincoln.

#### NATURAL SCIENCE.

FOURTH AND FIFTH GRADES.—During these years natural science is taught in connection with reading, language, and drawing, and includes the study of leaves, plants, flowers, fruits, animals, and the human body.

SIXTH GRADE.—Hooker's Child's Book of Nature.

FALL TERM.—Part II. Animals.

WINTER TERM.—Part III. Air, Water, Heat, Light, etc.

SPRING TERM.—Part I. Plants.

### PRIMARY SCHOOL.

The Course of Study for this school is shown by the syllabus below, in which each grade represents the work of one year.

#### SENSE TRAINING.

The training of the senses is made introductory to instruction in reading, and also forms the basis for oral instruction in number and language. Habits of quick and accurate seeing and hearing are cultivated by requiring descriptions of objects, by familiar conversations, and by the reproduction of stories told by the teacher.

#### READING.

FIRST GRADE.—For six weeks or more, words in script, taken from the first part of Appleton's First Reader. The phonic elements of simple words, learned in the following order: the consonant sounds; the short sounds of the vowels; the name sounds of the vowels; the force of terminal silent e; and the other sounds as they occur. Appleton's First Reader begun and completed in nine weeks; Badlam's Primer begun and completed; Harper's First Reader begun. New words pronounced

in the class with the teacher. All words to be read, made familiar before reading. Memorizing of simple selections of poetry.

SECOND GRADE.—Harper's First Reader completed; Badlam's First Reader completed; Harper's Second Reader begun. All the phonic elements thoroughly learned, and used to discover new words; all difficult words pronounced in the class before study; writing, syllabicating, accenting, and marking words from dictation, twelve to twenty at a lesson; copying the reading lessons and observing correct forms of paragraphing, punctuating, heading, etc. Supplementary and sight reading from advanced first readers or books and papers of equivalent grade. Memorizing simple selections of poetry.

THIRD GRADE.—Harper's Second Reader completed; Appleton's Second Reader completed. Dictation as in the previous year, sixteen to twenty words at a lesson. Defining developed by substitution in sentences. Form of poetry taught by copying selections from the reading lessons. Homonyms as the children discover them. Sighting words for quick recognition. Memorizing simple selections of poetry by concentration on the thought.

#### NUMBER.

FIRST GRADE.—Combinations in number not higher than ten, these worked out with objects; facts discovered as far as possible and fixed by repetition. Rickoff's Illustrated Number is the basis of the work in this grade.

SECOND GRADE.—Facts in number through twenty, studied as in the first year. Rickoff's Illustrated Number, used as in First Grade.

THIRD GRADE.—Rickoff's Illustrated Number completed. In this Grade the pupils have the book in their hands for study.

#### LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

FIRST GRADE.—Oral instruction by means of familiar conversations on animals, plants, and common things, with constant attention to correct expression; questions asked so as to receive answers which will correct prevailing grammatical errors, each answer to form a complete statement. Children trained to see and to express their thoughts in stories, and to retell stories; three forms of sentences and two uses of capitals taught by observation and by copying; simple and pleasing selections of poetry memorized.

SECOND GRADE.—Stories told from pictures; description of objects presented; lesson on the body and on domestic animals; dictation exer-

cises to teach correct forms of paragraphing, punctuation, and the use of capitals; some original work based on knowledge gained from the reading work of the corresponding grade, in the form of short sentences; some of Æsop's Fables read, discussed, told, and written from dictation; Johonnot's first book, Cats and Dogs, read as a basis for conversation; some selections memorized; thought exercises on maxims.

THIRD GRADE.—Stories from mythology and other sources reproduced orally and in writing; dictation exercises to teach more fully paragraphing, punctuation, etc.; form of a friendly letter taught. Essays, based on knowledge gained from the reading of the corresponding grade and from Johonnot's second book, Friends in Feathers and Fur; Æsop's Fables as in the previous year; thought exercise on maxims; homonyms and some synonyms; selections of poetry.

#### WRITING.

FIRST GRADE.—Correct pencil holding and position attempted from the first. Tracing words in the air and on the blackboard; words copied on slate and blackboard in connection with reading and language lessons; after the first term the small letters practiced separately.

SECOND GRADE.—Muscular movement exercises to develop carrying power. Lead pencil used. Continued practice of the small letters with special reference to the joining of letters; capitals begun.

THIRD GRADE.—Use of pen begun. Continued practice of muscular movements; practice on words, specially those difficult to write; constant attention given to position and movement; knowledge acquired applied to all written exercises.

#### DRAWING.

Drawing is treated under the three divisions of construction, representation and decoration. This plan is followed through the entire course.

FIRST GRADE.—The type forms used are sphere, cube, and cylinder. The tablets and figures derived from them, the circle, square, and oblong. Ideas of form are derived from seeing and handling geometric solids and familiar objects based on them; ideas of form developed by clay modeling, and stick and tablet laying; ideas of form expressed by drawing on slates and blackboard, by language, and by making objects of paper and clay. Development of color sense by use of colored forms, papers, etc.

SECOND GRADE.—The type forms used, hemisphere, square prism, and triangular prism. The tablets, semicircle, equilateral and isosceles triangles. Applied as in previous year.

THIRD GRADE.—The second six solids,—ellipsoid, ovoid, equilateral triangular prism, cone, pyramid, and vase form. Forms of leaves observed and drawn. New terms, bisect, trisect, quadrisect; simple dictation exercises given on Latin cross, Greek cross, Maltese cross, and simple geometric forms. Applied as in previous year.

#### MUSIC.

Normal Music Course. Daily scale practice until the scale, as a whole, is thoroughly learned; interval practice from the cards; practice from from the Modulator; sight reading from the First Series of Charts and the First Reader.

#### GEOGRAPHY.

During the first two years many facts taught in language, drawing, and number, constitute the basis for the formal study of geography, which is begun in the third year. Some of these facts are impressions of form from handling and molding solids; ideas of surface; direction; points of the compass; location (place), and position; lines, measures.

THIRD GRADE.—Distance, direction, points of the compass; idea of scale developed. Plan of schoolroom, ground-floor, school-yard; drawings made on different scales, as one foot to an inch, etc.

Surface of the town, boundary lines.

Map of immediate vicinity from pupil's own observation.

Study of town, township, county, and State, and drawings made of each; mould the town or State.

Oral instructions on the following: heat and cold, moisture, clouds, fogs, rain, springs, rivers and their uses, vegetation, animals, minerals, and the different occupations.

"Seven Sisters" has been read, during the year, by most of the pupils, and discussed in the class.

#### NATURAL SCIENCE.

During the first three years natural science is taught in connection with language, and includes principally the study of domestic animals and familiar plants.

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PUPIL-TEACHERS, STUDENTS, AND ALUMNI.

#### PUPIL TEACHERS.

Applegath, John (2) Jenkins, Hattie E. (3) Applegath, May A. (2) Jordan, Ellen L. (4) Kell, Albert B. (1) Barter, William E. (2) Barton, Flora L. (1) Kell, Anna V. (2) Kell, Omer (3) Bliss, Anson Lee (3) Bowman, Belle (1) Kimmel, Emma L. (4) Brown, Robert (3) Lakin, Edwin F. (3) Buckley, Elizabeth F. (4) Lawrence, Alice Blanche (4) Burge, Lloyd E. (2) Lingenfelter, Ada (2) Burge, Minnie A. (1) Lindley, John W. (3) Chandler, Kate F. (1) Lirely, William H. (3) Chandler, Larkin C. (3) Michael, Harry L. (1) Clendenen, George E. (2) Moore, Jack N. (1) Cochran, Lulu M. (1) Moore, Olive Leone (1) Cochran, Olive M. (1) Morton, Ralph B. (4) Cochran, William P. (2) Phillips, Myrtle K. (3) Crawshaw, Joseph R. (1) Ragsdale, Joseph S. (3) Custer, Ina (1) Ramsey, Estella (4) Curtis, Sadie (3) Ready, Grace E. (1) Davis, Charles H. (4) Renfro, Robert E. (4) Doty, John M. (1) Russell, Mary L. (1) Scurlock, Fannie C. (4) Dougherty, Andrew J. (3) Driskill, Leola (1) Smith, Ethel H. (1) Emmerson, John W.(3) Songer, Mary (4) Ferrell, Minnie (3) Stone, Lou Olla (1) Ferrell, Nora (2) Storm, Martha J. (1) Fryar, May E. (1) Stout, Chas. L. (2) Garner, Grace E. (2) Truscott, Laura M. (1) Henaughan, Nora (1) Wallis, Mary (4) Henninger, Jennie (1) Wham, Geo. Dorritte (1) Hostettler, Henry W. (1) Wham, Olive J. (2) Houk, Clyde S. (3) Woodson, Myrtle F. (3) Hubbard, Samuel A. (1) Worthen, May M. (1) Youngblood, Laura A. (1)

Total . . . . . . . . 67.

The number following the name indicates the number of terms which the teacher has taught in the Preparatory Department up to the close of the year for which this catalogue is issued.

# NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

## SPECIAL STUDENTS.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Adams, John Eugene	New Madrid, Mo.
Fitzgerrell, Charley	Benton
Kennedy, Alice Marion	Fredonia
Meyer, James Anderson	Nashville
Steele, Frank B	Carbondale
Steele, Robert Erben	Carbondale

## NORMAL SCHOOL.

## SENIORS.

Ayer, Philip Sheridan	Div
Barr, Jessie Gleim	
Bliss, Anson Lee	
Buckley, Elizabeth Felgar	
Bundy, Joseph B	West End
Cochran, William Phares	Carbondale
Davis, Mary Edna	Centralia
Emmerson, John Woods	
Galbraith, Charles Marion	
Kimmel, Emma Lee	Carbondale
Kimmel, Ruby Ida	Carbondale
Lawrence, Alice Blanche	Carbondale
Lindley, John William	
Lirely, William Henry	Makanda
Morton, Ralph Brown	
Nichols, John Brown	Albion
Patten, Arthur Eustace	Carbondale
Peterson, Grant	
Ragsdale, Joseph Senter	Paducah, Ky.
Wallis, Mary	Carbondale
Wham, Agnes Cora	Foxville
Wham, Dora Abigail	Foxville

## STUDENTS OF THE THIRD, SECOND AND FIRST YEARS.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Adcox, Reuben	
Aiken, Hiram Marshall	
Aldridge, Robert Roy	Carbondalo
Alexander, John William	
Alexander, John William Thomas	
Allen, Henry Edward	
Allen, Lewis Richard	
Anderson, Margaret Gordon.	Carbondale
Anderson, Mary Jane	
Angelly, Emma Dea	New Liberty
Ankenbrandt, Andrew Albert	
Applegath, John	
Applegath, May Augusta	
Austin, Samuel James	
Avis, Clarence Eugene	
Bales, James Anderson	
Barnett, Cornelia Caroline	
Barter, Duncan M.	
Barter, Rachel Jane.	
Barter, William Easterbrook	
Bartleson, Harry Monroe	
Barton, Flora Louise	
Batson, Robert Alexander	
Beattie, James Glenn	
Begemann, John	
Bellamy, Addie	
Boomer, Cincinnatus	
Boomer, Nola	
Boucher, Andrew Sherman	
Bourchier, Laura Edith	
Bourchier, Thomas	
Boulden, Victoria Allen	
Bowman, Belle	
Brayshaw, Frank	
Bridges, Charles Hugh	Carlinville
Brittain, Grace Darling	
Brown, Robert	
Burge, Lloyd Everett	
Burge, Minnie Anne	
Burkitt, William Franklin	
Burt, Irena Velma	
Casnar, George	
Chandler, Emma Bell	
Chandler, Kate Florence	

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Chandler, Larkin Craig	
Chandler, Theodore Tilden	
Chase, Della Levancia	
Chew, Frank.	
Childres, George Cuthbert	
Churcher, Azariah.	
Clark, Mary Jane	
Clendenen, George Emory	
Clifford, Emil W	
Cochran, Lulu May.	
Cochran, Maude Olive	
Conant, Georgia Louise.	
Craig, Alice	
Crandle, Eugene	
Crawshaw, Joseph Russell.	
Crowther, Anna	
Cunningham, George C	
Curtis, Sarah	
Custer, Ina	
Davis, Charles Holmes	
Dillard, Josiah	
Dillow, Valentine Lee	Mill Creek
Doolin, John Archibald	
Dorris, Wilbern Stephen	Harrisburg
Doty, John M	. New Grand Chain
Dougherty, Andrew Jackson	Mound City
Downs, Albert Frederick	
Driskill, Leola	
Dugger, John Henry	
Earnheart, Ernest	
Eddy, Joseph Dowling	
Erle, Jacob.	
Errett, Julia Clyde	
Etherton, William Alonzo	
Etherton, Guy Everett	
Fairchild, Maude	
Farmer, Mary Delphia	
Ferrel, Minnie	
Ferrel, Nora	
Finn, Samuel Norman	
Fisher, Louis Walker	
Flint, Minerva Ruth	
Fly, William Calvin	
Foster, Frank Henry	
Foster, Nellie	Grayville

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Foster, William Henry	Gresham
Franklin, William John	
Fryar, Mary Emily	
Fulenwider, Homer Lee	
Fults, Agnes	
Fults, Samuel.	
Galbraith, John Tyman	
Garner, Grace Emma	
Garrison, Ernest Jewel	
Gay, Jesse Ora	
Ghent, Joseph Walter	
Glenn, William Thomas.	
Goeddel, Louis Herman	
Golightly, Alonzo	
Goodman, Amos Norton	
Goodnow, Fred Clinton	
Gordon, Millie Belle	
Grear, James Patrick	Mount Pleasant
Grisham, Thomas W	Harrisburg
Grissom, William Mannon	Grantsburg
Grizzel, Joel Emry	Sato
Hagler, Amer	Carbondale
Hamilton, Charles Everett	Spring Garden
Harris, William Thomas	
Harryman, William Edwin	Okawville
Haworth, Josie	
Hayton, Mary	
Helbig, Guido	
Henaughan, Mary	
Henaughan, Nora	
Hendrickson, Jennie Rosalie	
Henninger, Jennie	
Herod, James Russel	
Hinderliter, Marion Lee	
Hodges, John Dalmar	
Hogan, Ella	
Holden, Maggie Louise	
Hord, Robert Guy	
Hostettler, Henry William	
Houk, Clyde Stanley	
Hubbard, Mary Evelyn	
Hubbard, Samuel Alexander	
Hussong, Daniel Webster	
Huthmacher, Adelee	
Ibbotson, Isaae	vyest salem

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Isom, James Luther	Ava
Jay, John Ira	Sato
Jenkins, Hattie Elizabeth	Elkville
Jones, Albert	Sailor Springs
Jones, Anna Belle	
Jones, David Oscar	
Jordan, Ellen Laws	
Karraker, Thomas Nathan	
Kell, Albert Baker	Culom
Kell, Anna Violet.	
Kell, Omer Adrian	
Kelley, Claudia Alice.	
Keown, Harry Warderman	
Keown, John Van	
Kimmel, Laura	
King, Ezra	
King, William David	
Kinnear, James William	
Kniseley, John Mitchell	
Koch, Adolph George	
Kunkel, Joseph.	
Lakin, Edwin Franklin.	
Lark, William James	
Laughlin, George Daniel.	
Laymon, Aaron Frank	
Lee, Homer Dalton	
Leek, Ida Louise	
Leseman, Albert	
Lilley, Nora	
Linginfelter, Ada	
McCormack, William Thomas	
McCoy, Parlee	Carbondale
McCrary, Joseph Bellfield	
McGuire, Emery M	
McGuire, Sylvia Louisa	
McKee, Robert Bailey	
McKnely, Nancy	
McMeen, Charles Anderson	
McMurray, Anna Margaret	
McMurray, Mattie	
McNeill, William T	
McQueen, Daniel Angus	
McQueen, Mary Virginia	
- Mangum, William Robert	
Marberry, William Thomas	Reevesville

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Mathis, John Preston.	Bloomfield
Mertz, George West	
Meyer, Fritz	
Michael, Harry Lafayette	
Miller, Andrew Jackson	
Miller, Lawrence Mellville	
Miller, Maggie Cannon	
Miller, Nancy Ethel	
Misenhimer, Frances Josephine	
Mitchell, Alice	
Mitchell, Rhoda	
Mohlenbrock, Eric	
Moore, Jack Napoleon	
Moore, Olive Leone	
Morgan, Anna Laura	
Mundy, Frank Pierce	
Nave, Zella May	
Neely, Ada Estelle	
Neely, Carrie.	
Newsum, Lola Pearl	Bellmont
Norris, Myrta Estella. Oliver, Nora.	Charleston
Parker, Emmett	
Patterson, John E.	
Patton, Charley	
Pearce, Roy.	
Pemberton, Jennie.	
Perkins, William Thomas.	
Perry, Celia May.	
Perry, Mary Helen.	
Perry, Reuben	
Perry, Thomas Allyn	
Phillips, Lucy Haven	
Phillips, Myrtle Kingsley.	
Plater, Frank Thomas	
Porter, Celestia	
Power, Charles Ora	
Poynor, John Logan	
Pressly, James Albin	
Pruett, Phena	
Pyatt, George Egbert	Bethany
Quick, Hattie Lee	
Ragsdale, Sarah Hood	
Ramsey, Estelle	Oskaloosa

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Ramsey, William Roseman	
Randall, James Milton Turner	Cape Girardeau, Mo.
Randolph, Sarah Emily	
Ray, Edith Clifford	
Ready. Grace Elizabeth	
Reed, Francis Marion, Jr	
Reid, Charles Cliften	
Reid, Jennie	
Renfro, Robert Eagle	
Reuter, Mary Susie	Nashville
Reynolds, Hattie	
Ridgway, Lizzie	
Robb, Sarah	Swanwick
Roberts, Arthur	Corinth
Robinson, James Wilson	Laur
Robinson, Mattie Jane	
Robinson, Samuel Thomas	
Rowland, William Henry	
Rucker, Josie Maude	
Rude, Otto J	
Rush, Ella Lee	
Rush, Lizzie	
Rush, Hallie	
Rushing, Cornelius Moody	
Russell, Mary Lena	
Russell, Viola Ann	
Schwartz, Henry William Scurlock, Fannie Charlotte	
Searing, Martha Mabel	
Simmons, James Henry	
Skinner, Hosea Edwin	
Smart, Mary Lee	
Smith, Addie	Samoth
Smith, Charles Allen	
Smith, Ethel Hope	
Smith, John Marion	Dryden
Snider, Bettie	
Snider, Emmett Lawrence	
Snider, Fred M	
Snider, Ida	Carbondale
Snider, Inez Minerva	Centralia
Snider, Manning	Carbondale
Snively, Edmund Clyde	
Songer, Mary	
Sowell, Myrtle Irvine	Carbondale

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Spiller, Leroy.	
• • • •	
Sprague, Athela	
Stilley. Charles Washington	
Stone, Lou Olla	
Stonecipher, Oscar Arnold	
Storm, Bertha Lois	
Storm, Martha Jean	
Stout, Charley Logan	
Stout, Cooper Henry	
Taylor, Nora Belle	
Taylor, Oscar Theodore	
Teeter, Carra Olive	
Templeton, Mary Margaret	Pinckneyville
Thompson, Francis	
Thompson, Lena Maria	Carbondale
Trampe, Henry Frederick	Massac Creek
Truscott, Laura Margaret.	Mt. Erie
Venable, John	
Vogel, Frederick George	Floraville
Wagner, James Irwin	
Walker, Alice Cathrine	Makanda
Walker, Isaac Cecil	Regent
Walker, John Fletcher	Laur
Waller, Elbert	
Watson, William Columbus	Okawville
Weaver, John Newton	
Webb, Francis McDaniel	Carbondale
Webb, Laura Jane	
Wham, Anna Gertrude	
Wham, George Dorritte	
Wham, Nellie Eunice	
Wham, Olive Josephine	Foxville
Whittenberg, Sarah Jane	
Williams, Arthur Eugene.	
Williams, Council Everette.	
Williams, Odo Clyde	
Wilson, Harry Ellsworth	
Wolfe, Carrie	
Woods, William Henry	Carbondale
Woodson, Myrtle Florence	Cairo
Worthen, Mildred May	
Wroton, Emma Leora	South America
Yeckley, William Othello	
Youngblood, John Emsley Youngblood, Laura Allen	Coupondala
Total	
1000	014.

# HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

## HIGH SCHOOL.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Allen, Charles Snyder	Carbondale
Baker, Rhoda May	
Barter, James Samuel	Attila
Barton, Josie Meagher	Carbondale
Boswell, Charles James	Mt. Pleasant
Bowman, Bertha Ruth	Gravville
Bowman, Ella Carrol	
Brewster, Thomas Herbert	
Bricker, Henrietta Elizabeth	
Bridges, Ella Lucretia	
Brookings, Lyle	Duquoin
Brush, George Mortimer	Carbondale
Bryden, Eva Hamilton	
Campbell, John Gaines	
Cochran, John Horace	
Cowen, Norredden	
Crawford, Andrew Renwick	
Harker, George Mifflin	
Hobbs, Matilda Julia	
Horstman, Henry Gurd	
Hunter, Thomas Gerald	
Hunzicker, Hannah Lydia	
Keesee, Leota Ethel	
Lawrence, Carrol Gray	
Lawrence, Angie Edna	
Lewis, Emma Lena Maria	Carbondale
Lippincott, Isaac	St. Louis, Mo.
Munger, Grace Experience	Carbondale
Munger, Howard Parks	
North, Percy Elliot	Carbondale
Ogle, John Howard	Belleville
Patten, Edwart Stuart	Carbondale
Penrod, Franklin B	Dongola
Royall, Mary Lily	Villa Ridge
Royall, Stella Ethel	Villa Ridge
Schwartz, Charles Ernest	Elkville
Smith, Edgar Allen	Carbondale
Thompson, Bessie Milner	
Thompson, Ward Eginton	Carbondale
Weller. Nellie	
Williams, Charles James	Carbondale
Total	41

# PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT.

### GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Allmon, Charlie	Carbondale
Allmon, John A	Carbondale
Angel, Arthur Fred	Cobden
Armstrong, John	Carbondale
Ashley, Edgar Chapman	Carbondale
Augusta, Louis Sixteenth	Carbondale
Bailey, Katie	
Bailey, Mary Elizabeth	
Bain, Clara Martha	Samoth
Ball, John Walter	
Barr, Bertha Alice	
Barter, Elizabeth Easterbrook	Cawthon
Barton, Dick Harris	Carbondale
Bates, Minerva	Murphysboro
Beman, Newton Davis	Carbondale
Bennett, Homer	Carbondale
Black, Eva	
Bostick, Evaline	
Bostick, Lucinda	Murphysboro
Boulden, Hattie Ann	Carbondale
Brainard, Ruby	Metropolis
Brandon, Bertha	Makanda
Brewster, Libbie Marie	Carbondale
Bridges, Abbie Lucretia	Carbondale
Bridges, William Tell	Atwater
Bridges, Rolland Eugene	Carbondale
Brooks, Arthur	Cobden
Brown, Robert Edward	Anna
Brown, Leonard	Anna
Butcher, William Riley	Carbondale
Butler, Maria Louise	
Calhoon, George Benton	Regent
Campbell, Alice	Carbondale
Carson, Cora	Vienna
Carson, John Boyle	
Carson, Maude	Vienna

### NORMAL UNIVERSITY.

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Chandler, Warren McClellan	Grand Tower
Chapman, Estella Belle	
Church, Osman Charles	
Clements, Louis Cyrus	
Clements, Robert Standiford	
Cole, Stephen Oscar.	
Coleman, Mamie	
Coleman, Roscoe	
Conner, Charles Gatewood	
Corgan, Minnie	
Courtney, Ervin Green	
Crabtree, Elmer Jackson	
Crawshaw, Hattie*	
Crawshaw, Solomon	
Crowell, Henry	
Davis, John Henry	
Davis, Roy Edgar	Carbondale
Demmer, John	Pyatt
Donaly, Kate	Carterville
Eaton, Emma Lillie	Makanda
Eaton, Margaret	Makanda
Elder, Mary Elizabeth	Carbondale
Elliott, Effie Amanda	
Etherton, Addie	
Etherton, Julia Lee Nora	
Etherton, Katie	
Evans, Dollie Myrtle	
Evertson, Sallie Lake	
Fay, William	
Ferrill, Nellie	
Foster, Charles Sumner	
Foster, Frank Henry	
Garrison, Matilda Ann	
Golightly, Thomas Jefferson.	
Gordon, Barbara Leah	
Goyert, Anna Lula.	
Grammer, Arthur	
Grant, Ernest Ross.	
Grant, Ernest 1088.	
Hagler, Lizzie.	
Haldaman, William Dova	Carbondale
Haney, Jackson	Carbarala
Harker, Oliver Albert	Carbondale
*Deceased.	

N 4 3 4 70	DECIDENCE:
NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Hay, Charles Westan	
Hayes, May Keeney	
Hester, William	
Higgason, James Avery	
Hindman, George Washington	
Hindman, Fred Bornard	
Hirsch, Annie Augusta	
Hodge, Millie	
Holder, Amer	
Holder, Anna	
Holder, Mary Etta	
Hollady, Charlie	
Holly, Jeremiah Charles	
Hughes, Charles Ishmael	
Hunt, Robert	
Hunsacker, Edith Ellen	Cobden
Hunsacker, Oscar	
Hussong, William Mitchell	
Ingram, Mary Birtie	
Jenkins, Blanche	
Jenkins, Louise Anna	
Johnson, Bessie Agnes	Carbondale
Johnson, Logan	
Johnson, Minnie Dora	
Jones, Ernest	
Kays, Ada Irena	
Kays, Emma Davis.	
Keith, John Jay	
Kendall, Frank Henry	
Kennedy, Annie Ethel	
Keown, Frank Alonzo	
Kerley, Schuyler Yannahar	
Kirkham, Annie Louise	
Kirkham, Gertrude	
Leach, Belie	
Leary, John Erbin	
Ledbetter, William Robert	
Lee, Ardell Agnew	
Lee, Arthur Brooking	
Lee, Dora Elsie	
Lemen, James Harvey	
Lienert, Clara	
Lipe, John	
Loehr, Ernest William	
Lockett, David Wayne	Locust Grove

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Lyerla, Mary Lucretia	Murphysboro
McAnally, Jesse Frank	
McGee, Samuel Thomas	Carbondale
McKenzie, Della Kathrene	
McKinnie, John	
McNerney, Eleanor	
Marshall, Robert	
Martin, Charles Ephriam	
Marvin, Bert Riggs	
Maxwell, Mary Ann	
Miller, Charles Arthur	
Miller, Josie Clements.	
Mitchell, Ella.	
Morton, May Rebecca.	
Moss, Emma	
Mounts, James Melita	
Munger, Robert Parks.	
Munsey, James Charles.	
Murphey, William Gordon	
Muse, Hayes George	
Neber, Nora Lee.	
Neber, John Franklin.	
Neely, Della May	
Nichols, John Wesley.	
North, Hugh McAllister	
North, Julia	Carbondale
North, John Maxwell	Sato
Oliver, Ida Ann.	Creal Springs
Oliver, Charles Otus	
Otrich, Oscar	
Owens, Florence.	Villa Ridge
Owens, Polly	
Parish, Mark Newton.	
Parkinson, Daniel Mason	
Patterson, Eliza Jane	
Patterson, Mamie Estella.	
Patrick, William Sylvester	
Peters, Helen Newkirk	
Price, David August	Carbondale
Pruett, Hattie	Elizabethtown
Rapp, George Leslie.	
Rawson, Grant Irving	Carbondale
Reef, Edmund Walter	
Reese, Ann	
Reid, Carrie Elizabeth	Marion
Troin, Carrio America	

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Rendleman, Edith Anna	Jonesboro
Rettinghouse, Charles Allie	
Risby, James Edward	
Roberts, Julia	
Robinson, Wiley Guy	
Roe, Nellie Belle	
Rose, Annie	
Rose, Effie	Wartrace
Searing, Minnie*	
Seiler, George Grandville	Keensburg
Sexton, William Francis	
Slack, Maymie	
Spence, Mary Ellen	Carbondale
Spiller, Bertha Florence	Carbondale
Sprecher, Samuel	Richview
Stacker, Thomas Watson	
Steiner, Lula	Highland
Stilley, Perry Davis	
Stocklin, Zoe Laura	Carterville
Stone, Sarah Birdie	
Storm, Beulah W	Carbondale
Stumm, Edward Jerome	
Sudbrack, Emma Mary	Metropolis
Summers, Rosa Ann	
Suter, Frealy	
Suter, George	
Swafford, Grace Eugenia	
Taylor, Otho Breese	
Teeter, Horace Frank	
Teeter, Jennie Banks	
Temple, Stella Aileen	
Thiell, Agnes M	
Thompson, Ralph Thomas Eginton	
Trout, Charles	
Tyner, Effie May	Carbondale
Valentine, Ira	
Vancil, Lillie	
Walker, Ben Allan	
Walker, Ella	
Walker, Hattie	
Walker, Mattie Jane.	
Waller, Alice	
Waller, Gilbert	
Wallis, Marshall	
*Deceased.	
2000000	

# NORMAL UNIVERSITY. SOUTH SOUTH

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Waters, William Edward	
Webb, Belle	
Webb, Maggie	Carbondale
Weberling, John William Henry	Campbell Hill
Welch, John Henry	Ramsey
Weller, Paul Dickson	Carbondale
Wharton, Jessie Della	Carbondale
Whitehead, Noel	Tunnel Hill
Whittaker, George	Metropolis
Wilkinson, Robert Branch	Carbondale
Williams, Anna Media	Muddy Valley
Williams, Georgia	
Williams, James Wesley	Bloomfield
Willson, Hiram Everett	Carbondale
Wilson, Anna Louisa	Anna
Winchester, Wade	Carbendale
Winget, James O	Carbondale
Wisely, Edna May	Vergennes
Wiseman, Isaac	Murphysboro
Woods, Annie	Carbondale
Woods, Ida Belle	
Woods, Rhoda Leota	Carbondale
Woods, Joseph Madison	Carbondale
Wright, Minnie Ella	
Wykes, Frand Edgar	Carbondale
Total	239.

## INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL.

Allen, Mary. Carbondale Beman, Ellen. Carbondale Bowyer, Emma Louise. Carbondale Bowyer, Hattie Hayes. Carbondale Bricker, George Sylvester Carbondale Bridges, Albert Franklin. Carbondale Bridges, Ruth Brush. Carbondale Brush, Elizabeth Parnham Carbondale Campbell, John Alpheus Carbondale Campbell, Lansing Carbondale Cochran, Leander Breese. Carbondale Davis, Jennie Winne Carbondale	Allen, Frank Benjamin	Carbondale
Bowyer, Emma Louise.CarbondaleBowyer, Hattie Hayes.CarbondaleBricker, George Sylvester.CarbondaleBridges, Albert Franklin.CarbondaleBridges, Ruth Brush.CarbondaleBrush, Elizabeth ParnhamCarbondaleCampbell, John AlpheusCarbondaleCampbell, LansingCarbondaleCochran, Leander Breese.Carbondale		
Bowyer, Hattie Hayes.CarbondaleBricker, George Sylvester.CarbondaleBridges, Albert Franklin.CarbondaleBridges, Ruth Brush.CarbondaleBrush, Elizabeth ParnhamCarbondaleCampbell, John AlpheusCarbondaleCampbell, Lansing.CarbondaleCochran, Leander Breese.Carbondale	Beman, Ellen	Carbondale
Bricker, George Sylvester Carbondale Bridges, Albert Franklin. Carbondale Bridges, Ruth Brush. Carbondale Brush, Elizabeth Parnham Carbondale Campbell, John Alpheus Carbondale Campbell, Lansing. Carbondale Cochran, Leander Breese. Carbondale	Bowyer, Emma Louise	Carbondale
Bridges, Albert Franklin. Carbondale Bridges, Ruth Brush. Carbondale Brush, Elizabeth Parnham Carbondale Campbell, John Alpheus Carbondale Campbell, Lansing Carbondale Cochran, Leander Breese. Carbondale	Bowyer, Hattie Hayes	Carbondale
Bridges, Ruth Brush. Carbondale Brush, Elizabeth Parnham Carbondale Campbell, John Alpheus Carbondale Campbell, Lansing Carbondale Cochran, Leander Breese. Carbondale	Bricker, George Sylvester	Carbondale
Brush, Elizabeth Parnham	Bridges, Albert Franklin	Carbondale
Campbell, John AlpheusCarbondaleCampbell, LansingCarbondaleCochran, Leander BreeseCarbondale	Bridges, Ruth Brush	Carbondale
Campbell, Lansing	Brush, Elizabeth Parnham	Carbondale
Cochran, Leander Breese	Campbell, John Alpheus	Carbondale
	Campbell, Lansing	Carbondale
Davis, Jennie Winne		
	Davis, Jennie Winne	Carbondale

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Elliott, James Blaine.	Carbondale
Evans, Leah Suffronia	
Hall, Edith S.	Carbondale
Harker, Winifred	
Hiller, Francis Marion	
Hodge, Gertrude Mary	Carbondale
Hollady, Clint	
Hubbard, Charles William	
Lee, Chester Arthur	Carbondale
Marron, Minnie Dixon	Carbondale
Prickett, Grace Rose Olive	Carbondale
Prickett, Jessie Belle	Carbondale
Pruett, Lyda	Elizabethtown
Reef, Augustus Joseph	Carbondale
Renfro, Charles Duncan Miller	Carbondale
Robinett, James	Equality
Swafford, John Calvin	Benton
Teeter, Katie M	Carbondale
Teeter, Lillian Belle	Carbondale
Thompson, Raymond Milner	Carbondale
Throgmorton, Edgar Lee	Carbon/lale
Vickers, Julia Virginia	Bay City
Way, Jessie Kathrina	Carbondale
Wilson, Helen Harriet	Carbondale
Wykes, Fred	Carbondale
Total	

# PRIMARY SCHOOL.

Beman, Harry Nathan	Carbondale
Bowyer, Mabel Melissa	Carbondale
Bowyer, Ona Patti	Carbondale
Brush, Alice	Carbondale
Cochran, George DePew	Carbondale
Crawshaw, Maude Lee	Carbondale
Denny, Thomas Jefferson	Carbondale
Evans, John	Murphysboro
Grisham, Cora	Harrisburg
Hall, Eugene Charles	Carbondale
Hammer, John Joseph	Carbondale
Hayes, Olive	Carbondale
Hobbs, Thomas McElroy	Carbondale

NAME.	RESIDENCE.
Hollady, Bessie Marie	Carbondale
Kirkham, Robert McCutcheon	Carbondale
Lightfoot, George Pendleton	Carbondale
Luby, Lillie	Carbondale
Luby, William	Carbondale
McFarlan, James Abram	Carbondale
Neely, Kate	Bay City
Neeley, Thomas Thompson	Bay City
Nichols, Claude Winfield	Albion
Overton, William Emmet	Carbondale
Prickett, Hattie May	Carbondale
Putnam, May Florence	Carbondale
Russell, Elizabeth Richart	Carbondale
Smith, Clyde Leon	Carbondale
Smith, Dean Sidney	Carbondale
Snider, Joseph	Carbondale
Stotlar, John Yost	Carbondale
Taylor, Charles Harold	Carbondale
Taylor, Clifton Ledbetter	Carbondale
Teeter, Robert Waldron	Carbondale
Thompson, Theodore Albert	Carbondale
Throgmorton, William Clarence	Carbondale
Vickers, Tyre Milton	Bay City
Watt, Robert Furman	Carbondale
Willson, Morris	Carbondale
Total	38

# GENERAL SUMMARY.

Special Students	6
Seniors	22
Normal School	314
High School	41
Grammar School	239
	38
Primary School	38
_	
Total	398
<u>.</u>	
SUMMARY BY TERMS.	
SUMMARY BY TERMS.	
	<b>l</b> 57
SUMMARY BY TERMS.	
SUMMARY BY TERMS.  Enrolled in Fall Term	136
SUMMARY BY TERMS.  Enrolled in Fall Term. 4 Enrolled in Winter Term. 4 Enrolled in Spring Term. 4	136 163
SUMMARY BY TERMS.  Enrolled in Fall Term. 4 Enrolled in Winter Term. 4	136 163

# ALUMNI.

The time at the right of a name in the list below indicates the number of years given to educational work since graduation. Where brackets are used the number inclosed has not been definitely determined.

1876.					
	NAME. TIME.	OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.			
1.	Brown, John N [ 6 years.]				
2.	Caldwell, Beverly C 16 years.	Principal of High School Moline			
3.					
4.	Ross, George C 5 years.	Dep't of InteriorWashington, D. C.			
5.	Wright, Mary2½ years.	Cobden			
	18	77.			
6.	Barnes Belle D. A†)				
	Mrs. Dr. Green,	Bloomington			
7.	Burton, Arista 12 years.	Mt, Vernon			
8.	England, James H 6 years.	Farming Carbondale			
9.	Warder, William H 3 years.	Lawyer Marion			
	18	778.			
10.	Caldwell, Delia 7 years.	Carbondale			
11.	Courtney, Alva C[14 years.]	][Golden City, Col.]			
12.	Evans, Charles E*				
13.	Hanna, James A 6 years.	MerchantSulphur Springs, Ala.			
14.	Hillman, Orcelia B	a li k			
	Mrs. Merrill	Salina, Kan,			
15.	Jackson, Sarah E.†	Duquoin			
	Mrs. Kimmel	Duquoin			
16.	Kennedy, George R.† 1 year.	MerchantMurphysboro			
17.		PhysicianCarbondale			
18.	McAnally, Mary	Mt. Vernon			
	nits. nioss)				
19.		MinisterSilver City, N. M.			
20.					
21.		PhysicianChicago			
22.	Thompson, David G 6 years.	LawyerGolconda			
*	*Deceased.				

<sup>†</sup>Paid tuition.

#### 1879.

	NAME.	TIME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
23.			Bank Cashier	
24.		-	V	
25.	McCreery, Ida M*	3 years.		
26.	Phillips, Lyman T	2 years.	Dentist. [Paid tuition 1 year	r]. Nashville
	,	18	80.	
27.	Buck, Lauren L	7 years.	Book-keeper380 E. 220	d St., Chicago
28.	Gray, Joseph	8 years.	Superintendent of Schools	Anna
29.	Heitman, Louis	4 years.	Pharmacist	Chester
30.	Hull, Charles E		Merchant	Salem
31.	Kimmel, Henrry A	6 years.	Farmer	Calhoun
32.	Mann, Wallace E	4 years.	Editor and Publisher	Decatur
33.	Ogle, Albert B.†			Old Harmony
34.				
35.	Sheppard, Lizzie M)	0.1		
	Mrs. Miller	8½ years.		.Denver, Col.
36.	Warder. Gertrude A)			
	Mrs. Michelet	7 years.		Wilmette
	,		04	
			81.	
37.			Lawyer	
38.		-	Merchant	
39.	Karraker, Henry W	11 years.		Dongola
40.	Lorenz John W	1 vears	Druggist J 925 W. Franklin	St.,
	Borenz, going W	4 yours	(	ansville, Ind.
41.	marshan, Oscar S	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Telegrapher	
42.			Bank Cashier	
43.	=		Principal High School	
44.	Ward, Edward I	8 years.		Pinckneyville
		18	82.	
45.	Atkins, Wezette			Ottown Kon
	Mrs. Parkinson	*******		Ouawa, Kan.
46.	Deardorff, Lizzie M	Вхорж		chland Van
	Mrs. DeMoss			·
47.	Ennisson, Walter J		Lawyer	Chicago
48.	Goodall, Adella B.† }	2 770070		Curbondulo
	Mrs. Mitchell	o years.		car bondate
49.	Krysher, Alice	Avanne		Curbondule
	Mrs. Livingstone			
50.			Lawyer	
51.			Kaı	-
52.			Physician	
53.	Wood, John W	10 years.	Principal of SchoolsFlore	esville, Texas
,	*Deceased.			

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased.
†Paid tuition.

#### 1883.

NAME.	TIME.	OCCUPATION.	ADDRESS.
54. Alexander, Franklin M	2 years.	Minister	Murphysboro
55. Bain, William B <sup>+</sup> ,		Merchant	Vienna
56. Bryden, Margaret	9 years.	First Assistant Teache	erCobden
57. Buckley, Alice M)			N 1 -1
Mrs. Alexander	z years.		Murphysboro
58. Fager, Daniel B	9 years.	Superintendent of Sch	ools Collinsville
59. Houts, Lily M	4 years.		La Porte, Ind.
60. Kimmel, Belle	4 years.		Elkville
61. Marten, John	8 years.	Asst. State Entomolog	sistChampaign
62. Nave, Della A	4 years.		Carbondale
63. Sprecher, Edgar L	5 years.	Merchant	Central America
	10	84.	
64 A:1 12	10	04.	
64. Aikman, Fannie A.*			
Mrs. Kimmel	0		т:
65. Beesley, Alicia E	z years.		Linn
66. Buchanan, Clara J			
67. Buchanan, George V	8 years.	Teacher in S. I. N. U	Carbondale
68. Buchanan, Mary	7 years.		Carbondale
69. Burket, Anna L	2 years.		Carbondale
70. Cawthon, Christoper C		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
71. Duff, May B.*			
72. Gill, Joseph B.†			
73. Hendee, Lu Bird	-		
74. Hileman, Philetus E			
75. Jenkins, John H			
76. Lightfoot, Richard T	2 years.	State's Attorney	Murphysboro
77. Ridenhower, C L.*	4 years.	•	
Mrs. Mount			
78. Thomas, Maud *			
79. Treat, Charles W	6 years.	Prof. Science, Napa Co	llege Napa, Cal.
		85.	
80. Bryden. Helen†	7 years.		Carbondale
8l. Buckley, Ida M	1 year.		Freeport
82. Dunaway, Ada L.+			Carbondalo
83. Fringer, William R.†			
84. Hull, Gertrude†		-	
85. Lacey, Rurie O		_	
86. Lancaster, Tilman A			•
	[o y cars.]	11a w y Cl	
*Deceased.			

<sup>\*</sup>Paid tuition.

#### 1885.-Continued.

		1000.	Continuou.
•	NAME.	TIME.	OCCUPATION. ADDRESS,
87.	Miller, John E	6 years.	
88.	Robarts, Mary A	6 years.	Teacher in S. I. N. U Carbondale
89.	Thomas, Kate		
	Mrs. Chapman	3 years.	Vienna
	,	is	86.
90.	Allen, Sarah	10	
	Mrs. Crenshaw	1 year.	Chester
91.	Barber, Florence M)		
91.		2 years.	Sparta
00	Mrs. Boyd		Waster and Galac Francis
92.	Brown, Adella A	•	Missionary Cairo, Egypt
93.	Fryar, Minnie J		
94.	Fulton, Alexander H	-	Iuka
95.	Hord, Kittie E		Carbondale
96.	Hundley, Luella	5 years.	Teaching in High SchoolKankakee
97.	Kennedy, Maggie	3 years.	Mexico City, Mexico
98.	Loomis, Carrie I		(7)
	Mrs. McCreery	ı year.	Thompsonville
99.	McAnally, Fannie D)		
	Mrs. Fager	1 year.	
100.	Nichols, Louella †	5 years.	Carlyle
101.	Storment, Edgar L	5 years.	First Asst. Normal SchoolTempe, Ariz.
102.	Williams, Cora)		
	Mrs. Wiley	2 years.	Pomona
	in the second se	10	· ~
			87.
103.			Railway Agent Springfield
104.			Asst. Principal High SchoolCharleston
105.			Mining EngineerCarbondale
106.			MerchantCarbondale
107.	Cleland, Clara B)	1 2000	Wheeling
	Mrs. Strong		
108.	Cleland, May	4 years.	Wheeling
109.	Cowan, David J	[5 years.]	]
110.	Glick, Albin Z	1 year.	MerchantCarbondale
111.	Goodall, Samuel H	2 years.	LawyerMarion
112.	Harmon, Mark D	3 years.	FarmingGrayville
113.	Hawkins, Cicero R		LawyerPickneyville
114.	Hewitt, Emma L		
	Mrs. Baltzer	3 years.	Hickman, Ky.
115.	Hill, Mary A	4 years.	Cisco
116.	Hundley, Nannie		Shawneetown
117.	Johnston, Lewis E	-	LawyerKansas City, Kan.
118.	*	•	David City, 1200
ķ	Deceased		

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

#### 1887.—Continued.

119. Lawrence, Bertha			10011	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
120.   McMackin, Edward G   2 years.   Dentist.   Louisville, Ky     121.   Phillips. Louise E   2 years.     122.   Ripley, Charles H   Lawyer   Chicage     123.   Scott, Luther T   1 year   Farmer   Carbondale     124.   Searing, Harry   Lumberman   Carbondale     125.   Sebastain, Julia A   5 years.   Principal of High School   Chester     126.   Smith, Seva A     Denver. Col.     Mrs. Hoag     Denver. Col.     North Evanstor     128.   Tait, Minnie A   Chicage     129.   Turner, George T   2 years.   Lawyer   Vandalia     130.   Wham, Steuben D   5 years   Salen     1888.     131.   Baumberger, Louise   4 years.   Principal of High School   Charlestor     132.   Bribach, Catherine J   4 years   Carbondale     134.   Hickarn, Ada   3 years   Teacher S. I. N. U   Carbondale     135.   Johnson, Callie   1 year   Harrisburg     136.   Leary, Mary E   4 years   Thebes     137.   Lindsay, David W   4 years   Superintendent of Schools   Greenville     138.   Morgan, Charles M   1 year   Desote     139.   Reef, William A   1 year   Stenographer   Leadville, Col.     140.   Richards, Kate E     2 years   Delphos, Kan.     141.   Street, Jasper N   4 years   Principal of School   Raymond     142.   Trobaugh, Frank E   1 year   Physician   Murphysboro     143.   Wham, Maggie   4 years   Sikeston, Mo.     144.   Allyn, Lois A   3 years   Principal of Schools   Albion     145.   Bridges, Mary E                       Mrs. Malone		NAME.	TIME.	OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.	
121. Phillips, Louise E   [2 years.]	119.	Lawrence, Bertha	4 years.	Forrest	
122. Ripley, Charles H	120.	McMackin, Edward G	2 years.	DentistLouisville, Ky.	
123. Scott, Luther T.	121.				
124. Searing, Harry	122.	Ripley, Charles H		Lawyer Chicago	
125. Sebastain, Julia A	123.	Scott, Luther T	1 year.	FarmerCarbondale	
126. Smith, Seva A	124.	Searing, Harry		LumbermanCarbondale	
Mrs. Hoag	125,	Sebastain, Julia A	5 years.	Principal of High SchoolChester	
27. Snyder, Lydia E.   4 years. Principal of School. North Evanstot	126.			Donvon Cal	
128. Tait, Minnie A		Mrs. Hoag			
129. Turner, George T.   2 years. Lawyer.   Vandalia     130. Wham, Steuben D.   5 years,   Salem     1888.     131. Baumberger, Louise   4 years.   Principal of High School   Charleston     132. Bribach, Catherine J.   4 years.   Principal of High School   Charleston     133. Hall, William H.   3 years.   Teacher S. I. N. U.   Carbondale     134. Hickam, Ada   3 years   Carbondale     135. Johnson, Callie   1 year   Harrisburg     136. Leary, Mary E.   4 years.   Superintendent of Schools   Greenville     138. Morgan, Charles M.   1 year.   DeSoto     139. Reef, William A.   1 year.   Stenographer   Leadville, Col.     140. Richards, Kate E.   2 years   Principal of School   Raymond     142. Trobaugh, Frank E.   1 year.   Physician   Murphysboro     143. Wham, Maggie   4 years   Foxville     1889.     144. Allyn, Lois A.   3 years   Principal of School   Albion     145. Bridges, Mary E.   Mrs. Malone   Sikeston, Mo.     146. Colyer, Frank H.   3 years   Principal of Schools   Albion     147. Kimsey, Walter R.   2 years   Tamaroa     148. McMeen, John D.   2 years   Student   Quincy     149. Parkinson, John M.   3 years   Supt. of City Schools   Carlyle     150. Parks, Lizzie   2 years   Duquoin     151. Wallis, William   1 year   Student in Collge   Delaware, O.     1890.   Student in N. W. University,   Evanston, Ill   Vienna     153. Hackney, Kate G.   2 years   Atwater	127.	Snyder, Lydia E	4 years.	Principal of SchoolNorth Evanston	
130. Wham, Steuben D	128.	Tait, Minnie A		Chicago	
1888.	129.	Turner, George T	2 years.	LawyerVandalia	
131. Baumberger, Louise       4 years.       Principal of High School       Charlestor         132. Bribach, Catherine J       4 years       Cairc         133. Hall, William H       3 years.       Carbondale         134. Hickam, Ada       3 years.       Carbondale         135. Johnson, Callie       1 year.       Harrisburg         136. Leary, Mary E       4 years.       Thebes         137. Lindsay, David W       4 years.       Superintendent of Schools.       Greenville         138. Morgan, Charles M       1 year.       DeSoto         139. Reef, William A       1 year.       Stenographer       Leadville, Col.         140. Richards, Kate E       2 years.       Delphos, Kan.         142. Trobaugh, Frank E       1 year.       Physician       Murphysboro         143. Wham, Maggie       4 years.       Foxville         1889.       1889.       Winchendon, Mass.         144. Allyn, Lois A       3 years.       Winchendon, Mass.         145. Bridges, Mary E       1       Sikeston, Mo.         Mrs. Malone       3 years.       Student       Quincy         148. McMeen, John D       2 years.       Student       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M       3 years.       Supt. of City Schools	130.	Wham, Steuben D	5 years,	Salem	
132			· 18	888.	
133. Hall, William H.         3 years.         Carbondale           134. Hickam, Ada.         3 years.         Carbondale           135. Johnson, Callie.         1 year.         Harrisburg           136. Leary, Mary E.         4 years.         Thebes           137. Lindsay, David W.         4 years.         Superintendent of Schools.         Greenville           138. Morgan, Charles M.         1 year.         DeSoto           139. Reef, William A.         1 year.         Stenographer.         Leadville, Col.           140. Richards, Kate E.         2 years.         Delphos, Kan.           141. Street, Jasper N.         4 years.         Principal of School.         Raymond           142. Trobaugh, Frank E.         1 year.         Physician.         Murphysboro           143. Wham, Maggie.         4 years.         Physician.         Murphysboro           143. Wham, Maggie.         4 years.         Winchendon, Mass.           144. Allyn, Lois A.         3 years.         Winchendon, Mass.           145. Bridges, Mary E.         3 years.         Sikeston, Mo.           146. Colyer, Frank H.         3 years.         Principal of Schools.         Albion           147. Kimsey, Walter R.         2 years.         Tamaroa           148. McMeen, John D. <td>131.</td> <td>Baumberger; Louise</td> <td>4 years.</td> <td>Principal of High SchoolCharleston</td> <td></td>	131.	Baumberger; Louise	4 years.	Principal of High SchoolCharleston	
134. Hickam, Ada.         3 years.         Carbondale           135. Johnson, Callie.         1 year.         Harrisburg           136. Leary, Mary E.         4 years.         Thebes           137. Lindsay, David W.         4 years.         Superintendent of Schools.         Greenville           138. Morgan, Charles M.         1 year.         DeSoto           139. Reef, William A.         1 year.         Stenographer.         Leadville, Col.           140. Richards, Kate E.         1 year.         Delphos, Kan.           141. Street, Jasper N.         4 years.         Principal of School.         Raymond           142. Trobaugh, Frank E.         1 year.         Physician.         Murphysboro           143. Wham, Maggie.         4 years.         Foxville           1889.         144. Allyn, Lois A.         3 years.         Winchendon, Mass.           145. Bridges, Mary E.         Mrs. Malone.         Sikeston, Mo.           146. Colyer, Frank H.         3 years.         Principal of Schools.         Albion           147. Kimsey, Walter R.         2 years.         Tamaroa           148. McMeen, John D.         2 years.         Student.         Quincy           149. Parkinson, John M.         3 years.         Student in Collge.         Delaware, O.	132.	Bribach, Catherine J	4 years.	Cairo	
135. Johnson, Callie	133.	Hall, William H			
136. Leary, Mary E	134.	Hickam, Ada	3 years.	Carbondale	
137. Lindsay, David W.   4 years. Superintendent of Schools Greenville   138. Morgan, Charles M   1 year	135.	Johnson, Callie	1 year.	Harrisburg	
138. Morgan, Charles M	136.	Leary, Mary E	4 years.	Thebes	
139.   Reef, William A.   1   year.   Stenographer   Leadville, Col.	137.	Lindsay, David W	4 years.	Superintendent of SchoolsGreenville	
140. Richards, Kate E.       2 years.       Delphos, Kan.         141. Street, Jasper N.       4 years.       Principal of School       Raymond         142. Trobaugh, Frank E.       1 year.       Physician       Murphysboro         143. Wham, Maggie       4 years.       Foxville         1889.         144. Allyn, Lois A.       3 years.       Winchendon, Mass.         145. Bridges, Mary E.       Sikeston, Mo.         Mrs. Malone       Sikeston, Mo.         146. Colyer, Frank H.       3 years.       Principal of Schools       Albion         147. Kimsey, Walter R.       2 years.       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D.       2 years.       Student       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M.       3 years.       Supt. of City Schools.       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie       2 years.       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William       1 year. Student in Collge       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles	138.	Morgan, Charles M	1 year.	DeSoto	
Mrs. Stuart     2 years   Delphos, Kan.   141. Street, Jasper N   4 years   Principal of School   Raymond   142. Trobaugh, Frank E   1 year   Physician   Murphysboro   143. Wham, Maggie   4 years   Foxville   1889.     1889.     144. Allyn, Lois A   3 years   Winchendon, Mass.   145. Bridges, Mary E	139.	Reef, William A	1 year.	StenographerLeadville, Col.	
141. Street, Jasper N.   4 years. Principal of School   Raymond     142. Trobaugh, Frank E.   1 year.   Physician   Murphysboro     143. Wham, Maggie   4 years.   Foxville     1889.     144. Allyn, Lois A.   3 years.   Winchendon, Mass.     145. Bridges, Mary E.	140.	Richards, Kate E	٥	T. 1. )	
142. Trobaugh, Frank E.       1 year.       Physician       Murphysboro         143. Wham, Maggie       4 years       Foxyille         1889.         144. Allyn, Lois A       3 years       Winchendon, Mass.         145. Bridges, Mary E.       Sikeston, Mo.         Mrs. Malone       Sikeston, Mo.         146. Colyer, Frank H       3 years. Principal of Schools       Albion         147. Kimsey, Walter R       2 years       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D       2 years. Student       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M       3 years. Supt. of City Schools       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie       2 years       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William       1 year. Student in Collge       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles		Mrs. Stuart	z years.	Delphos, Kan.	
143. Wham, Maggie       4 years       Foxyille         1889.         144. Allyn, Lois A       3 years       Winchendon, Mass.         145. Bridges, Mary E       Sikeston, Mo.         Mrs. Malone       Sikeston, Mo.         146. Colyer, Frank H       3 years. Principal of Schools       Albion         147. Kimsey, Walter R       2 years       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D       2 years. Student       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M       3 years. Supt. of City Schools       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie       2 years       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William       1 year. Student in Collge       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles	141.	Street, Jasper N	4 years.	Principal of SchoolRaymond	
1889.         144. Allyn, Lois A       3 years.       Winchendon, Mass.         145. Bridges, Mary E       Sikeston, Mo.         Mrs. Malone       Sikeston, Mo.         146. Colyer, Frank H       3 years. Principal of Schools       Albion         147. Kimsey, Walter R       2 years       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D       2 years. Student       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M       3 years. Supt. of City Schools       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie       2 years       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William       1 year. Student in Collge       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles	142.	Trobaugh, Frank E	1 year.	PhysicianMurphysboro	
144. Allyn, Lois A       3 years	143.	Wham, Maggie	4 years.	Foxyille	
145. Bridges, Mary E.       Mrs. Malone.       Sikeston, Mo.         146. Colyer, Frank H.       3 years. Principal of Schools.       Albion         147. Kimsey, Walter R.       2 years.       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D.       2 years. Student.       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M.       3 years. Supt. of City Schools.       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie.       2 years.       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William.       1 year. Student in Collge.       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles.			18	89.	
Mrs. Malone   Sikeston, Mo.   146.   Colyer, Frank H   3 years   Principal of Schools   Albion   147.   Kimsey, Walter R   2 years   Tamaroa   148.   McMeen, John D   2 years   Student   Quincy   149.   Parkinson, John M   3 years   Supt. of City Schools   Carlyle   150.   Parks, Lizzie   2 years   Duquoin   151.   Wallis, William   1 year   Student in Collge   Delaware, O.   1890.   Student in N. W. University,   Evanston, Ill   Vienna   153.   Hackney, Kate G   2 years   Atwater   Atwater   Atwater   154.   Student   155.   Carlyle   Evanston, Ill   Vienna   156.   Carlyle   Evanston, Ill   Vienna   157.   Carlyle   Evanston, Ill   Vienna   158.   Carlyle   159.   Ca	144.	Allyn, Lois A	3 years.		
Mrs. Malone	145.	Bridges, Mary E		Cileantes Ma	
147. Kimsey, Walter R.       2 years.       Tamaroa         148. McMeen, John D.       2 years.       Student.       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M.       3 years.       Supt. of City Schools.       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie.       2 years.       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William.       1 year.       Student in Collge.       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles.		Mrs. Malone		sikeston, Mo.	
148. McMeen, John D.       2 years. Student.       Quincy         149. Parkinson, John M.       3 years. Supt. of City Schools.       Carlyle         150. Parks, Lizzie.       2 years.       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William.       1 year. Student in Collge.       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles.	146.	Colyer, Frank H	3 years.	Principal of SchoolsAlbion	
149. Parkinson, John M.       3 years. Supt. of City Schools	147.	Kimsey, Walter R	2 years.	Tamaroa	
150. Parks, Lizzie       2 years       Duquoin         151. Wallis, William       1 year       Student in Collge       Delaware, O.         1890.         152. Bain, John Charles	148.	McMeen, John D	2 years.	StudentQuincy	
151. Wallis, William       1 year. Student in Collge	149.	Parkinson, John M	3 years.	Supt. of City Schools Carlyle	
1890.         152. Bain, John Charles.	150.	Parks, Lizzie	2 years.	Duquoin	
152. Bain, John Charles	151.	Wallis, William	1 year.	Student in CollgeDelaware, O.	
152. Bain, John Charles			18	390.	
152. Bain, John Charles	480	7 7 7 7		Student in N. W. University,	
	152.	Bain, John Charles	•••••	Evanston, IllVienna	
*Doggoggd	153.	Hackney, Kate G	2 years.	Atwater	
	*	Dagasad			

<sup>\*</sup>Deceased. †Paid tuition.

#### SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

#### 1890.—Continued.

	NAME.	TIME.	OCCUPATION. ADDRESS.
154.	Hull, Bertha†		Student, Lake Forest UniLake Forest
155.	Keller, Kent Ellsworth	1 year.	Student in Germany
156.	Lansden, Mary G*	2 years.	Teacher in AcademyAnna
157.	Ramsey, Joseph Eli	2 years.	Co. Supt. of SchoolsMt. Carmel
158.	Sams, Fountain F	1 year.	In War DepartmentWashington, D. C.
159.	Smith, Mabel		Carbondale
160.	Storment, John C	2 years.	Principal of SchoolsAzusa, Cal.
161,	Torrance, Anna Eliza	2 years.	Chicago
162,	Van Cleve, Martin T	2 years.	Co. Supt. of SchoolsVienna
		18	891.
163.	Alexander, Anna R	1 year.	
164.	Beman, George Woods	1 year.	Ullin
165.	Blanchard, Guy	1 year.	Simpson
166.	Boyd, Frank Leslie	1 year.	Principal of SchoolCarbondale
167.	Burket, Grace Lulu	1 year.	Ava
168.	Clark, Lulu	1 year.	Centralia
169.	Freeman, James Alex'r	1 year.	Makanda
170.	Hill, Mary Elizabeth	1 year.	Centralia
171.	Holden, Emma Laura	1 year.	Harrisburg
172.	Hord, Addie	1 year.	Flora
173.	Lawrence, John H	1 year.	Grand Tower
174.	Loomis, Lydia Maud	1 year.	
175.	Peebles, Lizzie Smith	1 year.	
176.	Snyder, Arthur John	1 year.	Ava
177.	Sprecher. Theodora Maude	1 year.	
178.	Steele, Robert Erben	1 year.	Carbondale
179.	Stern. Lewis	1 year.	Principal of SchoolSt. Jacob
180.	Whitney, William Baker.*	1 year.	New Grand Chain
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<sup>†</sup>Paid tuition.











