THE VOTES OF THE COPPERHEADS

IN THE

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

The following record, carefully compiled from the Journals of the House of Representatives of the last session of Congres, is respectfully submitted to the consideration of the loyal and patriotic voters of the United States,

without any regard whatever to party relations.

The name of GEORGE H. PENDLETON, the candidate of the party opposed to the Administration, is printed in capitals wherever it occurs, in order that the attention of all voters may be particularly called to his Congressional record. That is the case with the names of JAMES C. ALLEN and JAMES C. ROBINSON, of Illinois, the former running as the copperhead candidate for Congressman at large, and the latter as the copperhead candidate for governor of that State.

GREEN CLAY SMITH'S RESOLUTIONS.

The Copperheads favor an armistice before the rebels lay down their arms.

1863-Dec. 17, Mr. Smith, of Kentucky, offered these resolutions:

1. Resolved, That as our country, and the very existence of the best Government every instituted by man, are imperiled by the most causeless and wicked rebellion that the world has ever seen, and believing, as we do, that the only hope of saving this country and of preserving the Government is by the power of the sword, we are for the most vigorous prosecution of the wer until the Constitution and laws shall be enforced and obeyed in all parts of the United States; and to that end we oppose any armistice or intervention, or mediation, or proposition for peace, from any quarter, so long as there, shall be found a rebel in arms against the Government; and we ignore all party names, lines and issues, and recognize but two parties in this war—patriots and traitors.

2. Resolved, That we hold it to be the duty of Congress to pass all necessary bills to supply men and money, and the duty of the people to render every aid in their power to the constituted authorities of the Government in the crushing out of the rebellion, and in bringing the leaders

thereof to condign punishment.

3. Resolved, That our thanks are tendered to our soldiers in the field for their gallantry in defending and upholding the flag of the Union, and

defending the great principles dear to every American patriot.

On a call for a division of the vote on the resolutions, Mr. Andona moved to lay the first resolution on the table, which was lost, yeas 60, nays 100.

The first resolution was then adopted—yeas 94; nays 65, as follows: YEAS—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Baily, John D. Baldwin, Beaman, Blaine, Blow, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, Broomall, Ambrose W. Clark, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Thomas T. Davis, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Dumont, Eckley, Eliot, Farnsworth, Fenton, Frank, Garfield, Grinnell, Hale, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Asahel W. Hubbard, John H. Hubbard, Hulburd, Jenckes, Kasson, Kelley, Francis W. Kellogg, Orlando Kellogg, Loa, n

Longyear, Lovejoy, Marvin, McAllister, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Samuel F. Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Lecnard Myers, Norton, Odell, Charles O'Neill, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Pake, Pomerry, Price, William H. Randall, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Edward H. Rellins, Schenck, Scofield, Shaonon, Sloan, Smith, Smithers, Spaulding, Stevens, Thayer, Tracy, Van Valkenburgh, Elihu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Whaley, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Winder, Wilson, Wil

dom, Woodbridge, Yeaman-94.

NAYS—Messys. JAMES C. ALLEN, William J. Allen, Ancona, A. C. Baldwin, Bliss, Brooks, Chanler, Coffroth, Cox, Cravens, Dawson, Dennison, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, English, Finck, Ganson, Grider, Griswold, Hall, Harding, Benjamin G. Harris, Charles M. Harris, Herick, Hutchins, William Johnson, Kernan, Knapp, Law, LeBlond, Long, Mallory, Marcy, McDowell, McKinney, Madleton, William H. Miller, James R. Morris, Morrison, Nelson, Noble, John O'Neill, PENDLE-TON, Perry, Radford, Samuel J. Randall, ROBINSON, Rogers, Jas. S. Rollins, Ross, Scott, John B. Steele, Wm. G. Steele, Stiles, Strouse, Stuart, Voorhees, Wadsworth, Ward, Wheeler, Chilton A. White, Joseph W. White, Winfield, Fernando Wood—65.

YEAS—Union, 90; Democrats, 4. NAYS—Union, none; Democrats, 65.

THE COPPERHEADS VOTE THAT IT IS NOT THE DUTY OF THE PEOPLE TO FIGHT DOWN AND DISTROY THIS ACCURSED REBELLION.

1864-January 18, Mr. Smith offered the following resolution:

Whereas, A most desperate, and wicked and bloody rebellion exists within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the safety and security of personal and national liberty depend upon its absolute and utter extinction; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the political, civil, moral, and sacred duty of the people to meet it, fight it, crush it, and forever destroy it, thereby establishing perfect and unalterable liberty.

Mr. James C. Allen moved to lay the resolution upon the table, which

was lost-yeas 26; nays 101, as follows:

The resolutions were then adopted; year 112, nays 16, as follows:

Yeas—Messis. Allison, Ames, Arnold, Daily, Angustus C. Baldwin, John D. Balwin, Baxter, Blanc, Francis P. Blair, Jacob B. Blair, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, Broomall, James S. Brown, William G. Brown, Ambrose W. Clark, Freeman Clarke, Cole, Cravens, Creswell, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Buckley, Eldridge, Elliot, English, Farosworth, Fenton, Frank, Ganson, Garfield, Gooch, Grinnell, Griswold, Hale, Harding, Higby, Holman, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Ashael W. Hubbard, Hutchings, Janckes, Julian, Kasson, Kelley, Francis W. Kellogg, Orlando Kellogg, Kernan, Loan, Longyear, Lovejoy, Marvin, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Middleton, Samuel F. Miller, Moorehead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Nelson, Odell, Charles O'Neull, Orth, Patterson, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, Radford, William H. Randall, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Rogers, Edward H. Rollins, James S. Rollins, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Smith, Smithers, Spalding, Stevens, Stebbins, Strouse, Stuart, Sweat, Thayer, Themas, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Wadsworth, Elihu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Webster, Whaleley, Wheeler, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Winfield and Woodbridge—112.

Nava—Messrs. JAMES C. ALLEN, Aucona, Dennison, Benjamin G. Harris. Long, Marcy, McDowell, Wm. H. Miller, Morrison, John O'Neill,

PENDLETON, ROBINSON, Stiles, Voorhees, Chilton A. White and Fernando Wood-16.

YEAS—Union, 87; Democrats, 25. NAYS—Union, 0; Democrats, 16.

Soldiers in the field and people of the United States, mark it well that GEO. H PENDLESON, the Copperhead candidate for Vice President, voted against this resolution.

COWARDLY PEACE PROPOSITIONS.

The Copperheads vote to appoint three Commissioners to treat with Jeff. Davis for peace, and thus acknowledge his bogus confederacy that has waged a desolating, cruel, and causeless war, and destroyed the lives of untold thousands of our noble solders.

1863-Dec. 14, Mr. FERNANDO WOOD, of New York, offered the follow-

ing resolution:

Whereas, The President in his message delivered to the House on the 9th instant, and in his recommendation to the people to assemble at their places of worship and give thanks to God for recent victories, claims that the Union cause has gained important and substantial advantages; and whereas, in view of these triumphs, it is no longer beneath our dignity, nor dangerous to our safety, to evince a generous magnamity becoming a great and powerful people by offering to the insurgents an opportunity to return to the Union without imposing on them degracing or destructive conditions: therefore,

Resolved, That the President be requested to appoint three commissioners, who shall be empowered to open negotiations with the authorities at Richmond, to the end that this bloody, destructive and inhuman war shall cease, and the Union be restored on terms of equity, fraternity and equal-

ity under the Constitution.

Mr. ELIHU B. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, moved that it be laid on the

table, which was agreed to-yeas 98, nays 59, as follows:

Yeas—Messis. Alley, Allison, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Baily, John D. Baldwin, Baxter, Beaman, Blaine, Jacob B. Blair, Blow, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, Broomall, William G. Brown, Ambrose W. Clark, Freeman Clarke, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Dumont, Eckley, Eliot, Farnsworth, Fenton, Ganson, Garffeld, Gooch, Grinnell, Griswold, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Asahel W. Hubbard, John H. Hubbard, Hulburd, Jenckes, Julian, Kasson, Francis W. Kellogg, Orlando Kellogg, Loan, Lougyear, Lovejoy, Marvin, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Samuel F. Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Notton, Charles O'Neill, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, William H. Randall, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Edward H. Rollins, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smith, Smithers, Spalding, Stevens, Thayer, Thomas, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Ward, Elihu B. Washburn, William B. Washburne, Whaley, Wheeler, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windon, Woodbridge, Yeaman—98.

NAYS—Messre. JAMES C. ALLEN, William J. Allen, Ancona, Augustus C. Baldwin, Bliss, Brooks, Chanler, Clay, Coffroth, Cox, Cravens, Dawson, Dennison, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, English, Finck, Grider, Harding, Horrington, Benjamin G. Harris, Charles M. Harris, Herrick, Holman, William Johnson, Kernan, King, Knapp, Law, Lezear, Le Blond, Long, Mallory, Marcy, McDowell, McKinney, William H. Miller, James R. Morris, Morrison, Nelson, Noble, Odell, John O'Neill, PENDLETON, ROBINSON, James S. Rollins, Ross, Scott, Stebbins, John B.

Steele, Stuart, Sweat, Voorhees, Wadsworth, Chilton A. White, Joseph W. White, Winfield, Fernando Wood-59.

YEAS-Union, 92; Democrats, 6. NAYS-Union, 0; Democrats, 59.

NEGOTIATIONS WITH TRAITORS IN ARMS.

The Copperheads vote for three Commissioners, by name, to meet three traitors in arms against our Government to negotiate for peace, and in the meantime have an armistice, thus acknowledging the rebel government.

1864-February 29, Mr. ALEXANDER LONG, of Ohio, submitted the fol-

lowing resolution:

Whereas, History teaches that there never has been a civil war that was not settled in the end by compromise, and in as much as no possible harm can result either to the character or dignity of the United States from an honest effort to stop the effusion of fraternal blood, and restore the Union by the return of the States in rebellion to their allegiance under the Constitution; and whereas, the President, with a full knowledge of the lessons taught by history in relation to all civil wars, in his inaugural address said, "suppose you go to war, you cannot fight always; and when, after much loss on both sides, and no gain on either, you cease fighting, the identical old questions as to terms of intercourse are again upon you; and whereas, we now have an armistice, decreed by the Almighty, and executed for the past two months by the snows and ice of winter, thereby affording time and opportunity for reflection upon the past three years of horrible, relentless and destructive civil war, with all its calamities, and a prospective view of increased horrors in the approaching conflicts; and whereas, a preamble and resolutions were on the 7th of February, instant, introduced in the House of Representatives of the Confederate Congress at Richmond, denying the statement of the President of the United States, "that no propositions for peace had been made to the United States by the Confederate States," and affirming that such propositions were prevented from being made by the President of the United States, in that he had refused to hear, or even to receive, the two Commissioners appointed to treat expressly for peace; therefore,

Be it resolved, That the President be, and he is hereby, most earnestly but respectfully, requested to appoint Franklin Pierce, of New Hampshire, Millard Fillmore, of New York, Thomas Ewing, of Ohio, and such other persons as the President may see proper to select, as Commissioners on behalf of the United States, who shall be empowered to meet a commission of like number when appointed for the same object on behalf of the Confederate States, at such time and place as may be agreed upon, for the purpose of ascertaining, before the renewal of hostilities shall have again commenced, whether the war shall not now cease, and the Union be restored by the return of all the States to their allegiance and their rights

under the Constitution.

Which was rejected-yeas 22, nays 96, as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. JAMES C. ALLEN, Ancona, Brooks, Coffroth, Dennison, Eden, Eldridge, Finck, Knapp, Long, McDowell, William H. Miller, Morrison, John O'Neill, PENDLETON, Samuel J. Randall, Rog-

ers, Ross, Stiles, Strouse, Voorhees, Chilton A. White-22.

NAYS—Messre. Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Augustus C. Baldwin, John D. Baldwin, Bater, Jacob B. Blair, Blow, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, William G. Brown, Ambrose W. Clark, Freeman Clarke, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Don-

nelly, Driggs, Dumont, Eckley, Eliot, Farnswerth, Fenton, Frank, Ganson, Garfield, Grinnell, Griswold, Hale, Higby, Holman, Hotper, Hotchkiss, John H. Hubbard, Hutchins, Jenckes, Julian, Kelley, Orlando Kellogg, Kernan, King, Loan, Lovejoy, Marvin, McBride, McClurg, McIndee, Samuel F. Miller, Moorbead, Morrell, Daniel Morris, Amos My. rs, Leonard Myers, Nelson, Norton, Charles O'Neill, Perham, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, Radford, William H. Randall, John H. Rice, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smith, Sinithers, Spaulding, Starr, Stebbins, John B. Steele, Stevens, Thayer, Thomas, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Wadsworth, Elihu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Whaley, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Winfield, Woodbridge—96.

YEAS—Union, 0; Democrats, 22. NAYS—Union, 83; Democrats, 13.

DEGRADING PROPOSITION OF MR. LE BLOND.

The Copperheads voted that there should be no draft of new troops to fill up the broken ranks of our noble soldiers in the field, until the President has degraded the country by requesting "an armstice," and appointing commissioners to negotiate peace with the bloody-handed rebels in arms against the Government, thereby acknowledging the bogus confederacy of Jeff. Davis. Soldiers in the field, the Copperhead candidate for Vice President, GEO. H. PENDLETON, thus voted your ranks should not be filled, except upon conditions that would crimsen with shame the cheek of every loyal man in the country.

1864, June 20, on the final passage of the Enrollment Bill, Mr. Le Blond,

of Ohio, offered this proviso:

Provided, That no levy of troops shall be made under the provisions of this act, except by volunteering, till such time as the President of the United States shall have made a request for an armstice; and shall have made such efforts as are consistent with honor to restore harmony among the States, by the appointment of commissioners empowered to negotiate for peace upon the terms of a restoration of the Union under the Constitution, and until such offer shall have been rejected by the so-called Confederate Government.

Which was rejected-yeas 13, nays 91; as follows:

YEAS—Messis. Ancona, Bliss, Edgerton, Eldridge, Finck, William Johnson, Long, James R. Morris, Noble, John O'Neill, PENDLETON, Chil-

ton A. White-13.

Nays—Messis. Alley, Allison, Ames, Ashley, Baily, John D. Baldwin Beaman, Jacob B. Blair, Boutwell, Broomall, James S. Brown, William G'Brown, Cobb, Cole, Cresswell, Dawes, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Eckley English, Farnsworth, Fenton, Frank, Ganson, Garfield, Gooch, Griswold' Hale, Harding, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Asahel W. Hubbard, Ingersoll', Jenckes, Julian Kalbfleisch, Keiley, Kernan, Littlejohn, Loan, Longyea' Mallory, McAllister, McBride, McClurg, Samuel F. Miller, Moorhead Morrill, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Norton, Odell, Charles O'Neill' Orth, Patterson, Radford, Randall, Alexander II. Rice, John H. Rice, Ed' ward H. Rollins, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smithers, Spalding Stevens, Stuart, Sweat, Thayer, Thomas, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh Wadsworth, Elihu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Webster, Wha' ley, Wheelez, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Winfield, Wood bridge—91.

YEAS—Union, 0; Democrats, 13. NAYS—Union, 75; Democrats, 16. COPPERHEADS DON'T WANT THE MURDEROUS GUERRILLAS PUNISHED.

1864, May 18, these proceedings took place.

Mr. Garfield—I ask the unanimous consent of the House to report back a bill from the Committee on Military Affairs. It is a measure of very great importance to the army at this time, and will not, I think, occasion debate. It is for the punishment of guerrillas in the lines of the army in a single provision that Commanders in the field shall have final jurisdiction of these cases as they now have in Court-martial, and not be compelled to send such cases to Washington, thus causing serious delay. The bill is asked for by the War Department, and is unanimously recommended by the Committee on Military Affairs.

The bill (H. R. No. 429) was read for information. Is is to provide for the more speedy punishment of guerrillas, and for other purposes. It enacts that the provisions of the 21st section of an act entitled "AB act for enrolling and calling out the national forces," approved March 3, 1863, shall apply as well to the sentences of military commissions as to those of courts-marcial; and authorizes the Commanding-General in the field, or the Commander of the Department, as the case may be, to carry into execution all seutences against guerrilles for robbery, arson, burglary, rape, assault with intent to commit rape, violations of the laws and customs of

war, &c.

The second section enacts that every officer authorized to order a general court-martial shall have power to pardon or mitigate any puni-hment ordered by such court, including that of confinement in the penitentiary, except the sentence of death, or of cashiering or dismissing an officer, which sentences it shall be competent, during the continuance of the present rebellion for the General Commanding the army in the field, or the Department Commander, as the case may be, to remit or mitigate; and it repeals the 5th section of the act approved July 17, 1862, chapter 201, so far as it relates to sentences of imprisonment in the penitentiary.

The question was taken, and it was decided in the affirmative-yeas 72,

nays 37, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Arnold, Ashley, Baily, John D. Baldwin, Beaman, Blaine, Jacob B. Blair, Broomall, Ambrose W. Clark, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Dawes, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Farnsworth, Fenton, Frank, Garfield, Gooch, Grinnell, Griswold, Hale, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Asahel W. Hubbard, John H. Hubbard, Hulburd, Ingersoll, Jenekes, Julian, Kelley, Francis W. Kellogg, Orlando Kellogg, Littlejohn, Longyear, Marvin, McIndoe, Samuel F. Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Charles O'Neill, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Price, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Edward H. Rollins, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smithers, Spalding, Thayer, Tracy, Epson, Elibu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Whaley, Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, and Woodbridge—72.

NAYS—Messrs. JAMES C. ALLEN, Acona, Bailey, Augustus C. Baldwin, Bliss, Croffroth, Cravens, Henry Winter Davis, Dawson, Denison, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, Fink, Grider, Harding, Harrington, Charles M. Harris, Hutchins, King, Knapp. Le Blond, Long, Mallory, Marcy, McDowell, Morrison, Noble, PENDLETON, Perry, ROBIN-SON, Rogers, Ross, Strouse, Voorhees, Wadsworth, Chilton J. White, and Joseph W. White—37.

COPPERHEADS DON'T WANT THE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS TO HAVE HOMESTEADS FROM LANDS CONFISOATED IN THE INSURRCTIONARY STATES.

1864-May 12.-The House passed a bill to secure to persons in

military or naval service of the United States, homesteads from confiscated States in insurrectionary districts. "Yeas 76, nays 65; as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Ashley, John D. Baldwin, Baxter, Beaman, Boutwell, Boyd, Braudegee, Broomall, Ambrose W. Clark, Freeman Clarke, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Dawes, Deming, Driggs, Facusworth, Fenton, Garfield, Gooch, Grinnell, Hale, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Asahel, W Hubbard, John H. Hubbard, Calvin T. Hubbard, Jenekes, Julian, Kelley, Francis W. Kellogg, Orlando Kellogg, Littlejohn, Loan, Longyear, McBride, McClurg, McIndoe, Samuel F. Miller, Moorhead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Norton, Charles O'Neill, Orth, Patterson, Perham, Pike, Pomeroy, Price, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Edward H. Rollins, Schence, Schofield, Snannon, Sloan, Smithers, Spaulding, Stevens, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Ellihu B. Washburne, William B. Washburn, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge.—76.

NAYS.—Messis. William J. Allen, Sydenham E. Ancona, Joseph Baily, Augustus C. Baldwin, Jacob B. Blair, Eliss, Brooks, James S. Brown, William G. Brown, Chanler, Coffroth, Cox, Cravens, Dawson, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, English, Finek, Grider, Griswold, Hall, Harding, Harrington, Benjamin G. Harris, Herrick, Hutchins, Philip Johnson, William Johnson, Kalbfleisch, Kernan, King, Law, Lazear, Long, Mallory, Marcy, McAllister, McDowell, McKinney, Middleton, William H. Miller, James R. Morris, Morrison, Nelson, Noble, Odell, John O'Neil, PENJULETON, Pruyn, ROBINSON, James S. Rollins, Ross, Scott, John B. Steele, Stiles, Strouse, Stuart, Francis Thomas, Voorhees, Wadsworth,

Whaley, Wheeler, Fernando Wood, Yeaman-65.

YEAS—Union, 76; Democrats, 0. Navs—Democrats, 61; Union, 4.

COPPERHEADS DON'T PAY THE COLORED MAN WHO IS RISKING HIS LIFE TO SUSTAIN AND UPHOLD OUR GOD-GIVEN GOVERNMENT.

1863-DEC. 21.-During the consideration of the Deficiency Bill.

Mr Aaron Harding, of Kentucky, offered this proviso:

"Provided, That no part of the money aforesaid shall be applied to the raising, arming, equiping or paying of negro soldiers."

Which was rejected. Yeas, 41; nays, 105.

The YEAS were as follows:

Messrs. S. E. Ancona, George Bliss, James S. Brown, Alexander H. Coffroth, Samuel S. Cox, John L. Dawson, Charles Denison, John R. Eden, Joseph K. Edgerton, Charles A. Eldridge, William Finck, Henry Grider, William A. Hall, Aaron Harding, Henry W. Harrington, Benjamin G. Harris, Charles M. Harris, Philip Johnson, William Johnson, Austin A. King, Anthony L. Knapp, John Law, Alexander Long, Daniel Marcy, John F. McKinney, Wiliam H. Miller, James R. Morris, William R. Morrison, Warren P. Noble, John O'Neill, GEORGE H. PENDLETON, Samuel J. Randall, Andrew J. Rogers, Lewis W. Ross, John G. Scott, John D. Stiles, Myer Strouse, John T. Stuart, Chilton A. White, Joseph W. White, George H. Yeaman. All Democrats.

COPHERAEADS DON'T WANT THE ENROLLMENT BILL PASSED AND THE RANKS OF OUR ARMY FILLED UP.

The following is the final vote in the House on the passage of the Enrollment bill:.

Yeas—Messrs. Allison, Ames, Arnold, Ashley, John D. Baldwin, Baxter, Beaman, Blair, Boutwell, Boyd, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Dawes Deming, Dixoo, Driggs, Eckley, Elliot, Farnsworth, Fenton, Garfield, Gooch, Higby, Hooper, Hotohkiss, A. W. Hubbard, Ingonsoll,

Jeneks, Julian, Kelly, Littlejohn, Loan, Longyear, McBride, McClurg, amuel F. Miller, Morchead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Norton, Charles O'Neill, Orth, William H. Randall, John H. Rice, Schenck, Shannon, Sloan, Smith, Smithers, Spalding, Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Elihu B Washburne, William B. Washburn, Whaley,

Williams, Wilder, Wilson, Windom, Woodbridge-66.

NAYS-Messis. William J. Allen, Alley, Ancona, Baily, Blaine, Bliss, Chanler, Coffroth, Cox, Dawson, Denison, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, English, Frank, Ganson, Grisw ld, Benjamin G. Harris, Charles M. Harris, Hutchins, Kernan, Knapp, Law, Lazear, LeBlond, Long, Mallory, Marcy, Milton, William H. Miller, James R. Morris, Morrison, Noble, Odell, Patterson, PENDLETON, Perham, Pruyn, Samuel J. Randall, Alexander H. Rice, ROBINSON, Elward H. Rollins, J. S. Rollins, Ross, Schofiel I, John B. Steele, W. G. Steele, Stevens, Stiles, Thomas, Wadsworth, Webster, Wheeler, Winfield—55.
YEAS—Union, 66; Democrats, 0.

NAYS-Union, 10; Democrats, 45.

COPPERHEADS DON'T WANT THE ENROLLMENT ACT ENFORCED IN PENNSYLVANIA BUT WANT TO GO TO LAW ABOUT IT.

1863, December 22, Mr. PPILIP JOHNSON, of Pennsylvania, offered the

following resolution.

Whereas, The supreme judicial tribunal of the State of Pennsylvania has solemuly decided that the act of Congress, approved March 3, 1863, commonly called the Conscription Act, is, in its provisions, contrary to and in violation of the Constitution of the United States, and therefore null and void; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the sworn duty of the Executive Department of the Government to either acquiesce in that decision within that State, or to bring the question involved before the Supreme Court of the United States for final adjudication, to the end that, if Congress shall deem such leg slation necessary, a bill may be prepared which shall not be subject to con-

stitutional objections.

Which, on motion of Mr. Brandeger, of Connecticut, was laid on the

table—yeas 81; nays 42—as follows:

YEAS-Messrs. Alley, Allison, Ames, Anderson, Arnold, Ashley, Baily, John D. Baldwin, Beaman, Boutwell, Boyd, Brandegee, Broomall, Ambrose W. Clark, Freeman Clarke, Cobb, Cole, Creswell, Henry Winter Davis, Dawes, Deming, Dixon, Donnelly, Driggs, Dumout, Eckley, Eliot, Farnsworth, Fenton, Frank, Ganson, Gouch, Grinnell, Hale, Higby, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Ashael W. Hubbard, Jenckes, Julian, Kasson, Kernan, Longyear, Lovejoy, McClurg, McIndoe, Samuel F. Miller, Moorehead, Morrill, Daniel Morris, Amos Myers, Leonard Myers, Norton, Odell, Charles O'Neill, Orth, Pike, Price, William H. Randall, Alexander H. Rice, John H. Rice, Edward H. Rollins, Schenck, Scofield, Shannon, Sloan, Smith, Smithers, Spalding, Stevens, Thomas Tracy, Upson, Van Valkenburgh, Elihu B. Washburue, William H. Washburn, Williams, Wilder, Windom, Winfield-81.

NAYS-Messrs. Acona, Augustus C. Baldwin, Bliss, Brooks, Coffroth, Cox, Dawson, Denison, Eden, Edgerton, Eldridge, Finck, Grider, Hall, Harding, Benjamin G. Harris, Charles M. Harris, Holman, Philip Johnson, William Johnson, Le Blond, Long, McDowell, McKinney, Middleton, Morrison, Nelson, Noble, O'Neill, PENDLETON, Perry, Rogers, Ross, Scott, John B. Steele, William G. Steele, Stiles, Strouse, Sweet, Wheeler,

Chilton A. White, Joseph W. White, Fernando Wood-43.

YEAS-Union, 76; Democrats, 5. NAYS-Union, 0; Democrats, 43.