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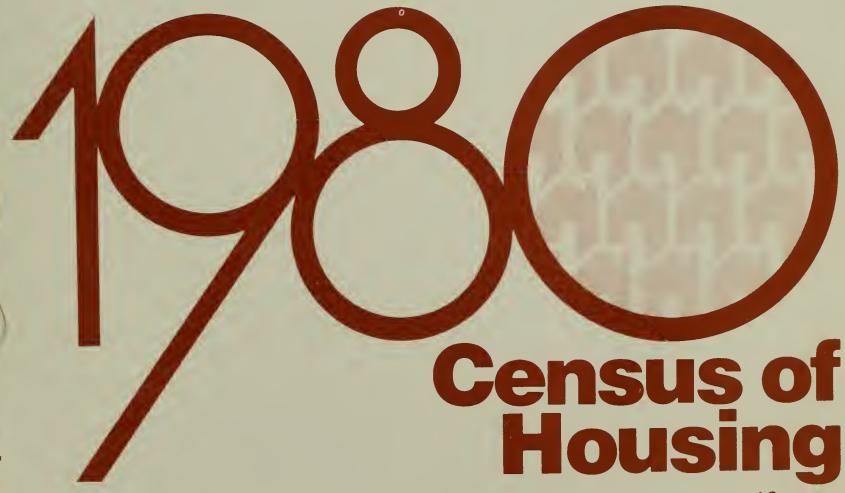
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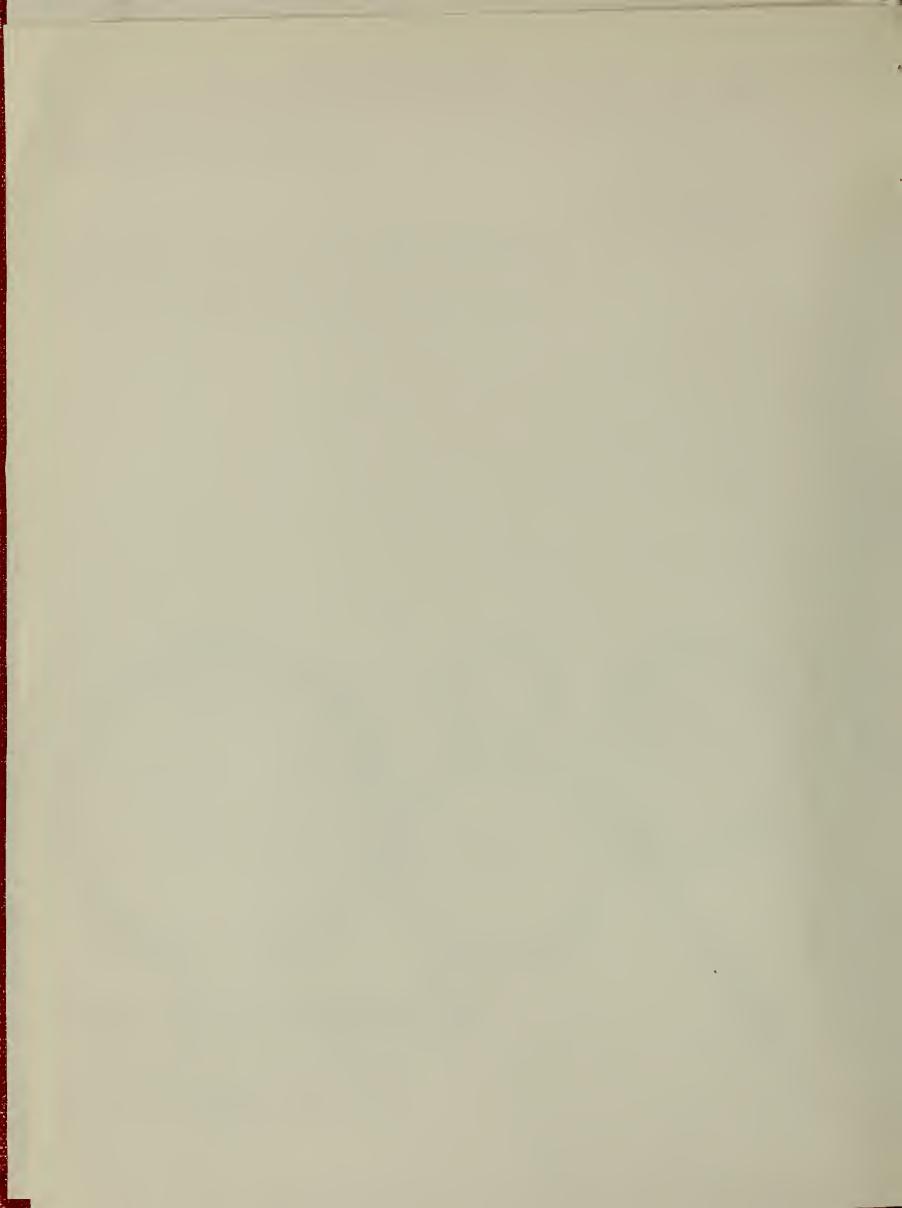
Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT SMITH, ARK.-OKLA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



U.S. Department of Commerce
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS





VOLUME 2

Data Index

Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT SMITH, ARK.-OKLA.

HC80-2-162

Issued October 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary
Robert G. Dederick,
Under Secretary for
Economic Affairs

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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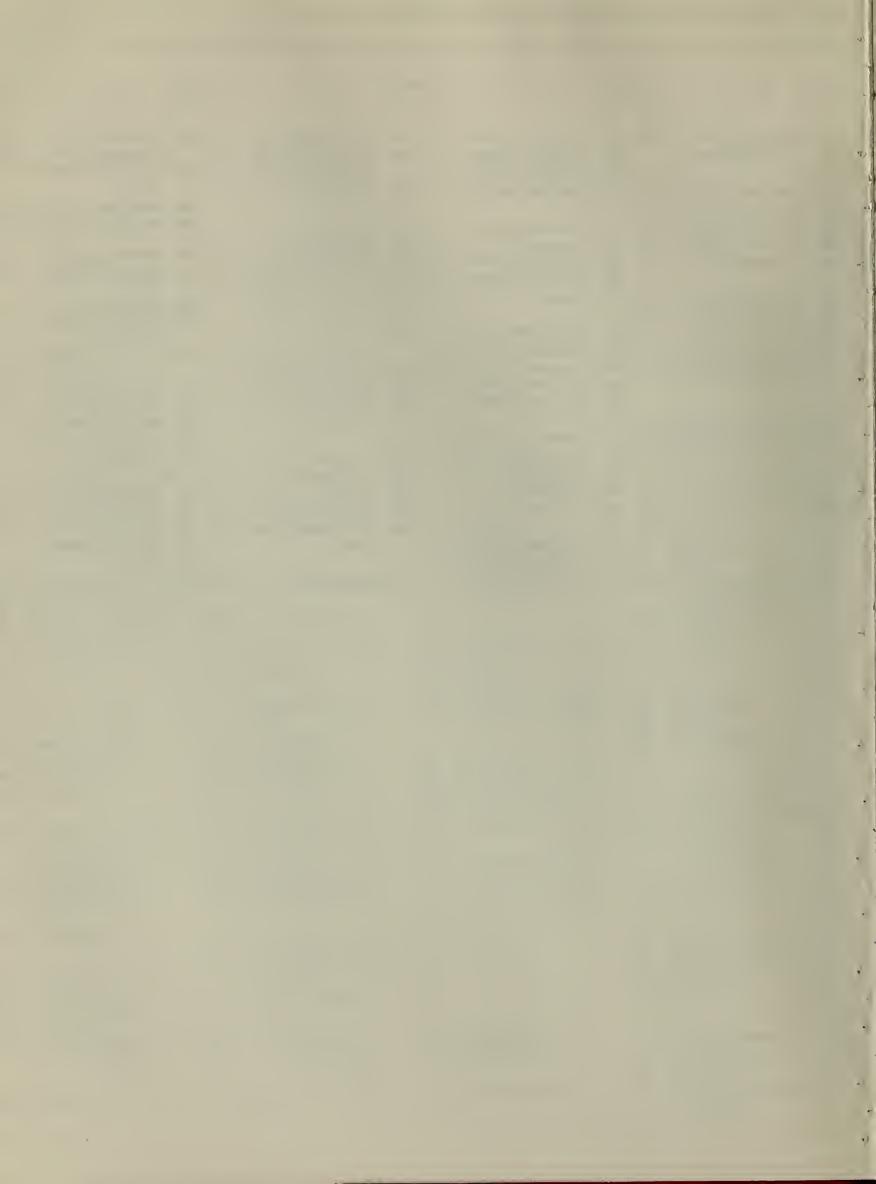
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16	Indiana			91	Biloxi-Gulfport, Miss.	126	Columbia, S.C.
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing C. aracteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the secified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

FORT SMITH, ARK.-OKLA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-162

Contents

Arrangement of Tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each
central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more.
The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for
all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant
units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown
only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII
of the Introduction for further information. To assist the
reader in using this report, the listings are presented as
follows:

Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables for each geographic area appear and the pages on	Page
which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX
List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	X
Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
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Tables for the total SMSA have the prefix letter "A"; tables for central cities and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more, in alphabetical order, have the prefix letter "B," "C," etc.

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		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Fort Smith	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	-		=		_

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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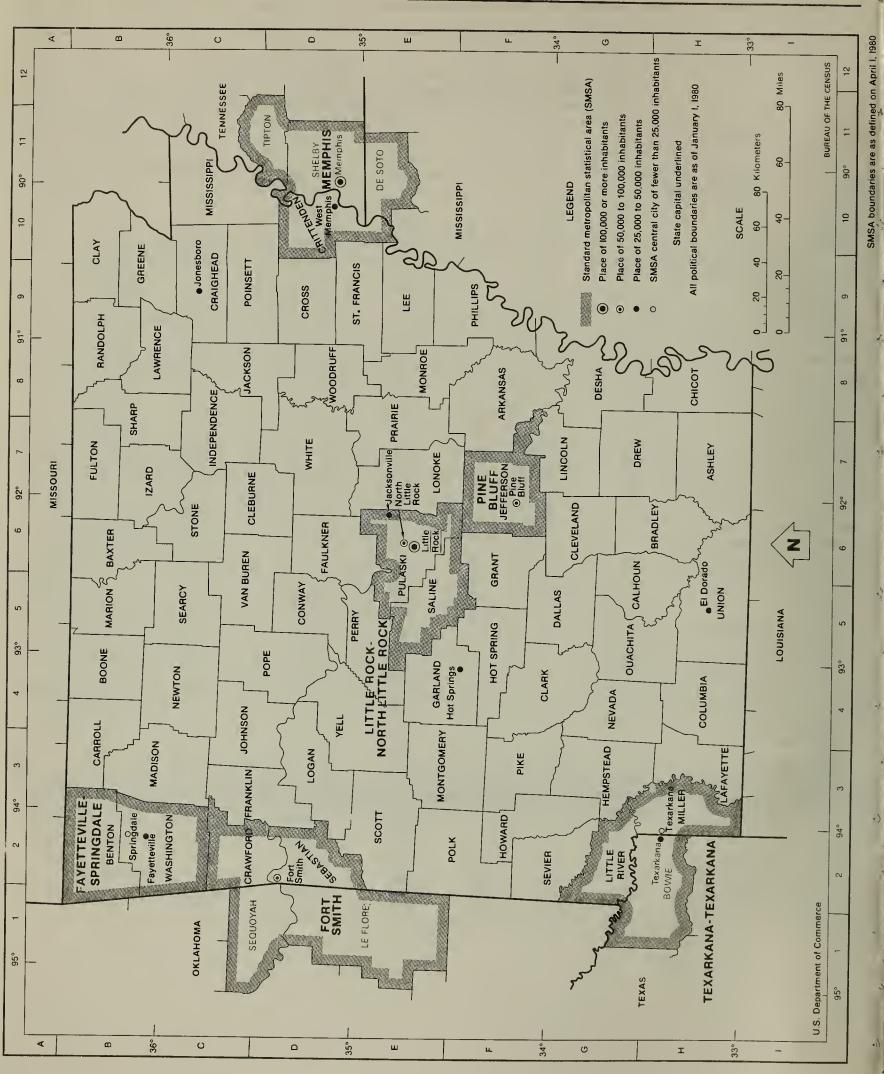
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1	_ 2	_ 3	_ 4	- 5	_ 6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 –	2 _	-		5 5	6
Bedrooms	1 1	2 2	_ 3	_ 4	_ 5	_ 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	_ 1 _	2 2 2	- - -	_ _ _	_ 5 	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	_
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	1 1 - -	2 2 - - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4 —	5 5 - 5	6 6 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	_	-	- - 3		5 –	6
monthly owner costs	_ _ _		- -	_ _ 4	5	6
Gross rent	-	-	_ _ _	4		_
household income	1	2	- 3	4	_	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of	'		3			
householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4 - -	5 - -	6 - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	- 7	8	<u>-</u>	_	-	_	
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _	= = =	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 _ _	=	9 - -	- -	11 - -	12 12 -	13 13 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - -	- - - - -	12 - - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	-	- - -	9 -		- - 11	 12 	
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - -	- - - -	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11	- - - 12	- - - -
household income	-	-	9	10	11 -	- -	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder Income	7 7 7	8 8 8	– 9 9	_ _ _	 11 11	_ _ _	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data to the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.							
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	_ _	- -
Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	_ _ _	-



Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

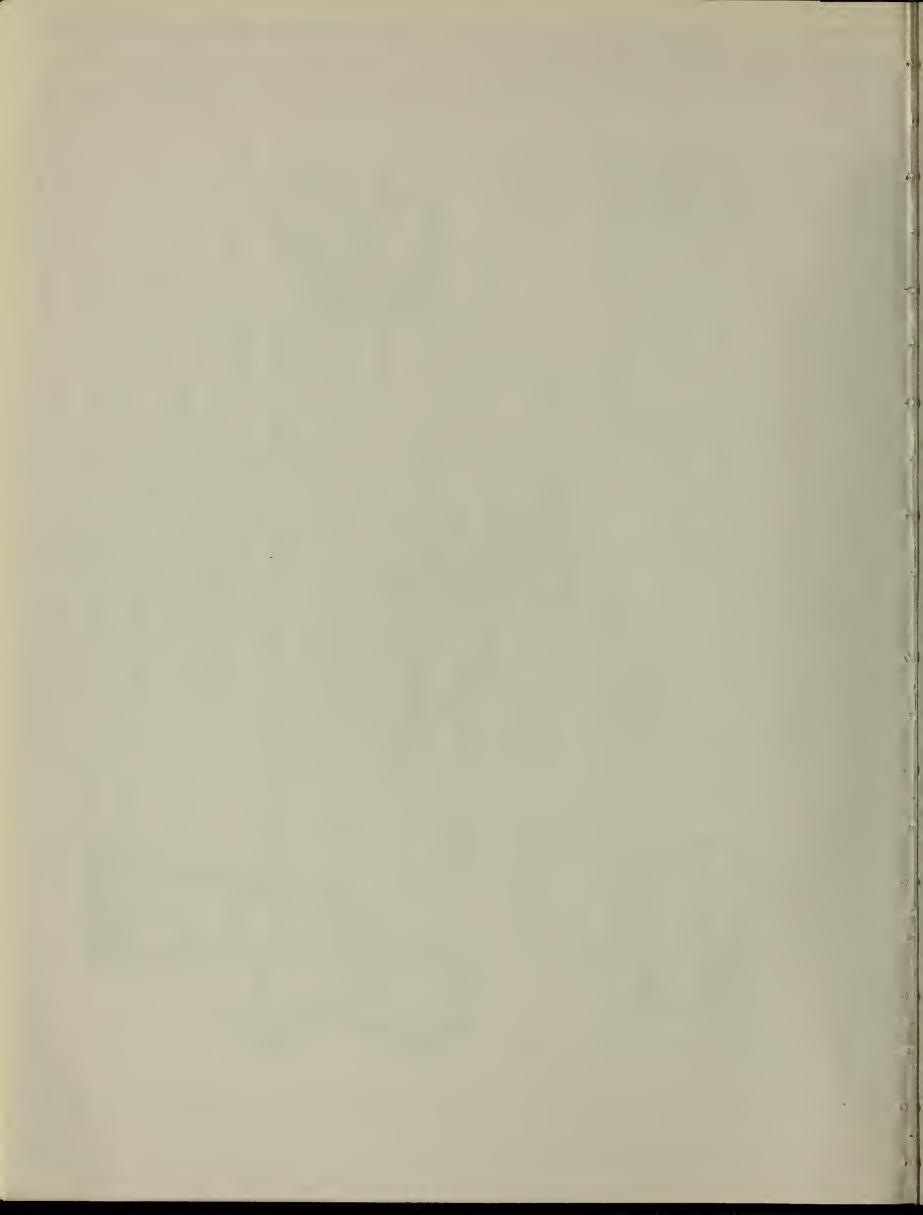


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 fo \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	38 046	3 670	7 729	9 122	6 910	4 103	2 726	2 283	793	484	226	27 900	33 400
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 65 years 15 to 67 years 15 to 68 years 15 to 69 years 15 to 24 years 15 to 24 years 15 to 24 years 15 to 34 years 15 to 34 years 15 to 44 years 15 to 46 years 15 to 46 years 15 to 47 years 15 to 47 years 15 to 48 years 15 to 49 years 15 to 49 years 15 to 49 years 15 to 69 years and 59	27 958 1 055 5 850 6 081 9 678 5 294 2 331 89 427 309 703 803 7 757 138 509 653 2 521 3 936	1 953 70 225 281 730 647 431 3 35 45 135 213 1 286 48 63 360 815	4 812 165 755 852 1 597 1 443 664 30 71 76 246 241 2 253 16 115 123 680 1 319	6 617 367 1 354 1 140 2 316 1 440 518 25 119 61 162 151 1 987 53 153 197 629 955	5 421 276 1 472 1 285 1 670 718 288 21 21 98 45 75 1 201 47 123 124 450 457	3 434 96 917 822 1 141 458 195 6 50 44 45 8 37 474 16 45 73 176	2 311 49 535 641 824 262 92 4 17 13 29 323 - 16 45 127	2 067 22 411 620 778 236 91 30 19 16 26 125 6	723	423 - 55 123 231 14 13 - 5 - 8 48 - - 39	197 10 18 91 76 2 23 	31 000 28 600 33 400 35 100 22 600 20 800 21 600 23 800 21 400 23 800 17 300 21 400 30 000 26 500 23 000 23 000 24 500 23 000	36 300 30 500 36 900 42 000 27 600 27 100 25 800 31 800 28 700 23 100 27 700 24 800 27 200 29 000 26 800 22 400
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	5 057 10 400 7 165 7 882 7 542	331 604 491 931 1 313	57.0 574 1 591 1 528 1 897 2 139	966 2 414 1 802 1 936 2 004	1 142 2 049 1 472 1 293 954	808 1 377 659 750 509	506 919 551 479 271	488 837 388 411 159	121 328 142 94 108	97 178 95 74 40	24 103 37 17 45	34 800 32 500 28 200 25 400 21 200	39 400 38 600 33 300 30 000 26 100
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	956 5 853 14 325 10 346 3 880 2 686 5.4	379 1 496 1 146 494 128 27 4.5	237 2 238 3 191 1 515 389 159 4.9	204 1 366 4 354 2 352 577 269 5.2	82 445 3 191 2 316 657 219 5.4	25 175 1 333 1 695 561 314 5.8	15 64 724 1 078 567 278 6.0	14 66 309 720 677 497 6.5	57 128 203 405 7.5	- 3 20 29 104 328 8.4	- - 19 17 190 8.5+	14 600 16 400 26 400 33 100 43 700 62 800	17 700 18 600 28 100 35 500 46 500 73 000
BEDROOMS None 1 2	68 1 122 11 855 21 476 3 107 418	18 450 2 090 996 102 14	30 308 4 063 2 952 354 22	18 180 3 360 5 106 397 61	2 101 1 448 4 983 346 30	34 439 3 227 353 50	24 253 2 125 286 38	25 156 1 505 546 51	- 23 347 373 50	16 149 278 41	- 7 86 72 61	15 300 13 000 19 400 32 900 50 000 54 200	15 200 17 800 21 700 36 300 57 900 79 600
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	6 472 5 314 8 349 6 110 4 496 7 305	174 139 471 608 719 1 559	433 523 1 476 1 322 1 279 2 6.16	1 021 1 270 1 870 1 898 1 425 1 638	1 276 1 368 1 848 1 100 611 707	1 160 732 1 120 560 209 322	920 553 681 280 118 174	883 427 634 158 59 122	320 184 114 90 44 41	203 95 107 41 16 22	82 23 28 53 16 24	43 200 34 300 31 800 25 200 21 300 17 300	47 800 40 000 35 500 30 300 24 400 21 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median Mean	5 195 7 060 3 490 3 335 5 813 5 101 4 994 1 905 1 153 \$14 957 \$18 583	1 411 1 096 325 256 271 130 122 41 18 \$6 693 \$8 994	1 687 2 158 943 651 1 134 692 387 63 14 \$10 052 \$11 627	1 125 1 926 1 060 1 026 1 702 1 222 768 198 198 198 198 198	483 1 029 613 824 1 325 1 289 1 058 230 59 \$16 647 \$18 207	230 391 262 341 697 874 882 369 57 \$20 702 \$22 773	135 269 138 114 389 488 746 301 146 \$23 286 \$24 430	72 153 99 109 238 306 691 388 227 \$27 323 \$31 204	17 11 37 14 45 37 251 167 214 \$34 134 \$44 780	24 27 13 	11 	16 700 21 200 24 200 26 800 28 700 33 400 41 900 51 700 76 300	20 800 24 000 27 200 28 500 31 200 36 700 45 100 58 000 86 300
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 ta 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 ta 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Median	21 645 7 689 4 613 3 161 2 230 1 136 2 669 147 18.3 16 401 7 652 3 500 2 005 1 024 615 397 1 029 179 10.7	882 360 118 95 50 89 149 21 18.0 2 788 1 112 550 404 280 94 98 207 43 12.4	3 289 1 293 661 377 288 152 26 17.6 1 835 1 026 661 310 172 143 232 61 11.7	4 877 1 726 1 029 706 553 226 597 40 18.4 4 245 2 109 839 497 239 183 60 265 53 10—	4 787 1 735 1 141 673 489 185 538 26 17.8 2 123 1 050 468 245 90 89 30 151	2 952 885 644 493 373 187 353 17 19.5 1 151 625 282 70 70 57 19 28 62 8	2 000 629 466 272 245 176 212 - 19.0 726 363 165 64 12 40 40 16 66 -	1 737 579 323 371 169 81 201 13 19.4 546 312 99 46 31 12 17 17 23 6	600 240 112 108 39 26 75 - 17.7 193 155 23 14 - - - 10—	351 160 96 30 24 6 31 4 15.7 133 73 21 4 5 6 4 12 8	170 82 23 36 - 8 21 - 15.7 56 18 27 - - - - 111	33 100 32 200 34 100 34 600 33 600 35 000 31 500 26 400 21 400 21 400 21 400 22 600 16 800 22 000 17 000	38 600 38 700 38 900 40 900 37 300 36 500 31 000 26 700 28 800 26 900 22 200 21 100 25 200 23 300 27 300 23 300 27 300
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent below poverty level	37 436 1 119 610 119 38 035 25 742 30 777 16 203 4 576 12.0	3 260 150 410 84 3 659 600 1 481 149 1 213 33.1	7 587 333 142 24 7 729 3 227 5 236 803 1 451 18.8	9 099 342 23 11 9 122 6 458 7 569 2 460 977 10.7	6 894 166 16 - 6 910 5 780 6 233 3 844 496 7.2	4 095 82 8 4 103 3 602 3 887 3 137 209 5.1	2 721 17 5 2 726 2 502 2 629 2 249 89 3.3	2 283 18 	787 - 6 - 793 752 782 749 17 2.1	484 11 - 484 483 484 481 27 5.6	226 - - 226 226 226 221 11 4.9	28 300 21 700 10000— 10000— 27 900 33 900 31 500 42 600 17 100	33 800 24 600 12 300 10 200 33 400 40 000 37 100 48 600 21 500

Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		1 1	6100 1	6150 1		syllibols, see il			2400			44 5
The SMSA	Tatol	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	19 285	2 220	3 384	5 295	4 121	1 497	633	348	251	121	1 415	184
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Morried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 22 years 55 to 34 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over 65 years and over	8 752 2 161 2 813 1 505 1 453 820 3 707 854 1 017 507 797 532 6 826 1 151 1 566 833 1 168 2 108 35.3	488 77 128 49 97 137 443 12 53 19 167 192 1 289 111 115 106 236 721 63.0	1 475 278 448 240 257 252 702 143 133 71 199 156 1 207 149 138 150 250 520 43.4	2 273 820 681 358 314 100 1 134 22 296 234 198 84 1 888 4 407 515 198 392 376 31.5	2 067 572 705 383 265 122 769 224 336 86 99 24 1 285 328 484 170 139 164 29.9	837 188 396 128 101 24 208 82 83 20 21 2 452 80 172 83 56 61 29.7	392 62 157 87 72 14 114 21 34 27 5 127 35 41 23 18 10 33.4	205 6 92 23 58 26 30 9 15 - 113 3 27 38 20 25 38.1	193 16 57 47 59 14 40 6 10 6 13 5 18 - 2 10 6	90 5 20 30 26 9 7 7 7 - - - 24 4 5 5 5	732 117 129 160 204 122 260 28 28 57 44 67 64 423 38 50 46 231 47.3	196 194 205 203 194 143 177 194 200 181 150 114 171 188 199 187 161 123
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	10 610 5 461 1 586 1 063 565	767 598 370 335 150	1 456 1 061 439 307 121	3 245 1 622 304 100 24	2 742 1 094 184 73 28	1 078 332 87 -	456 153 8 16	237 102 7 - 2	173 75 3 	85 27 9 -	371 397 175 232 240	195 179 141 112 109
ROOMS 1 room	403 845 4 726 6 636 4 374 1 709 592 4.1	133 197 761 629 372 116 12 3.5	122 172 812 1 281 808 176 13 4.0	74 259 1 815 1 901 863 268 115 3.8	43 125 1 036 1 633 868 318 98 4.0	13 118 570 553 158 85 4.6	3 11 24 134 224 202 35 5.1	- 11 51 159 83 44 5.2	- 9 64 69 80 29 5.3	- 5 - 9 27 40 40 6.0	28 63 140 364 431 268 121 4.8	126 153 175 183 196 225 249
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.50 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	19 285 18 694 9 790 7 611 1 066 227 591 270 243 43 35 5 912 5 601 586 311 30	2 220 2 011 1 389 523 79 20 209 69 109 22 9 1 244 1 147 65 97	3 384 3 218 1 625 1 344 201 48 166 85 61 10 10 1 222 1 147 144 75 3	5 295 5 238 2 775 2 052 2 052 27 27 28 2 - 1 469 1 433 174 36 2	4 121 4 093 1 968 1 743 322 60 28 16 12 - - 928 916 144 12	1 497 1 497 676 747 74 - - - 282 282 21 -	633 633 271 357 5 - - - 129 129 5	348 348 137 200 2 9 - - - - 89 89 11	251 251 99 136 16 	121 121 70 46 5 - - - - - - -	1 415 1 284 780 463 29 12 131 73 33 9 16 525 434 22 91	184 185 179 193 182 166 103 109 99 86 130 158 160 165 105 87
BEDROOMS None	438 6 026 8 687 3 673 419 42	133 1 025 741 290 31	152 1 076 1 616 529 11	77 2 294 2 178 672 72 2	43 1 268 2 130 593 65 22	- 103 929 425 40	3 32 273 295 30	_ 2 137 161 46 2	- 9 68 143 17 14	5 18 66 32	30 212 597 499 75 2	124 170 190 207 238 243
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	9 412 1 765 1 320 1 003 3 166 1 747 872	1 047 356 200 191 174 210 42	2 018 534 218 132 241 125 116	2 165 337 398 386 1 271 469 269	1 513 182 194 192 1 122 702 216	728 139 152 37 190 185 66	393 80 45 23 34 28 30	216 60 28 - 44 -	135 44 26 7 20 10	102 14 - - 5	1 095 19 59 35 70 13	175 149 179 176 197 204 189
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 169 3 477 3 839 2 801 2 497 3 502	167 271 469 312 350 651	147 273 651 623 713 977	880 1 035 1 145 860 617 758	962 1 132 763 481 347 436	407 326 290 180 163 131	200 108 128 96 29 72	118 111 66 5 30 18	104 63 30 32 8 14	73 5 38 - - 5	111 153 259 212 240 440	214 203 183 169 154 145
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	19 158 127 108	2 143 77 77	3 369 15 8	5 281 14 14	4 121 - -	1 485 12 -	624 9 9	348	251 - -	121	1 415 - -	184 74 70
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Medion	3 682 3 182 2 671 1 763 1 075 2 059 2 995 1 858 23.5	652 261 397 248 179 207 198 78 22.0	933 532 411 241 216 512 483 56 22.4	1 071 1 007 725 491 313 560 987 141 23.4	682 848 676 463 181 402 754 115 23.5	189 249 272 203 91 168 297 28 25.6	73 149 104 51 3 103 145 5	25 38 40 39 41 68 81 16 32.9	36 73 24 17 39 27 31 4 23.0	21 25 22 10 12 12 19 - 23.3	1 415	164 192 190 192 170 181 192 181
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment — Centrol heoting system — Centrol system — Cent	19 262 12 544 13 053 5 865	2 220 1 203 1 086 362	3 370 1 243 1 560 303	5 295 3 686 3 730 1 280	4 121 3 421 3 356 1 847	1 497 1 190 1 266 843	633 573 548 368	348 328 333 278	251 239 244 223	121 116 116 109	1 406 545 814 252	184 199 197 221

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below paverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	52 413	7 618	9 926	5 038	4 666	7 995	6 715	6 483	2 471	1 501	14 442	17 994	6 847
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 ta 64 years 65 years and over Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 55 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	38 982 1 539 7 712 8 223 14 141 7 367 3 443 129 627 465 1 068 1 154 9 988 1 67 703 786 3 258 5 074 51.7	2 578 95 196 243 820 1 224 924 927 37 69 267 524 4 116 58 150 147 952 2 809 68.6	6 293 236 717 615 1 915 2 810 808 20 105 69 275 339 2 825 54 302 233 913 1 323 62.9	3 720 243 733 553 1 259 932 425 51 125 89 75 85 89 16 97 118 364 298 52.6	3 790 244 888 701 1 272 685 282 8 109 26 76 63 594 16 69 91 223 195 47.8	6 735 432 1 806 1 445 2 340 712 395 16 112 122 113 32 865 23 37 119 439 247 44.3	6 109 200 1 635 1 763 2 151 360 255 53 54 116 32 351 25 52 183 91 42.3	6 111 72 1 339 1 818 2 478 404 171 7 40 36 58 30 201 - 9 24 1110 58 44.4	2 293 17 279 652 1 210 135 104 - 12 - 67 25 74 14 2 29 29 48.4	1 353 119 433 696 105 79 	17 137 14 503 18 593 21 470 18 790 9 286 9 935 10 858 13 567 13 029 9 873 5 744 6 409 7 841 8 539 10 275 8 689 4 691	20 766 14 863 20 931 24 528 23 622 12 146 13 177 10 187 17 562 13 399 15 114 9 247 8 832 7 992 9 420 10 959 10 977 7 071	3 149 146 433 551 1 006 1 013 614 27 39 47 225 276 3 084 198 195 195 1781 62.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 114 14 497 9 809 10 440 10 553	718 1 243 1 131 1 704 2 822	1 191 2 178 1 635 2 107 2 815	714 1 274 937 939 1 174	737 1 402 948 865 714	1 232 2 532 1 696 1 498 1 037	973 2 295 1 439 1 246 762	998 2 261 1 273 1 243 708	349 826 474 514 308	202 486 276 324 213	15 742 17 181 15 671 13 858 9 276	19 607 20 690 18 228 17 436 13 534	848 1 307 1 158 1 542 1 992
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	51 208 1 700 1 205 252 52 381 33 234 40 944 20 938 48 872 14 262 34 610 52 381 34 043 6 839 60 6 296 5.3	7 180 96 438 23 7 604 3 083 4 429 1 330 5 137 3 231 1 906 7 604 5 003 1 121 25 934 4.7	9 565 203 361 66 9 921 4 855 6 928 2 179 9 096 4 741 4 355 9 921 6 434 1 173 810 6 1 498 5.0	4 908 166 130 53 5 030 2 908 3 740 1 474 4 924 1 650 3 274 5 030 3 053 625 631 5716 5.1	4 555 220 1111 42 4 666 3 008 3 679 1 596 4 627 1 342 3 285 4 666 2 847 412 754 412 754 53 5.2	7 897 390 98 31 7 995 5 491 6 574 3 306 7 952 6 350 7 995 5 107 753 1 114 1 021 5.3	6 669 258 46 16 6 710 5 094 5 878 3 608 6 695 5 866 6 710 4 270 532 1 148 13 747 5.5	6 469 270 14 14 6 483 5 292 5 992 4 379 6 481 547 5 934 6 483 4 392 333 1 191 8 559 5.8	2 464 74 7 7 2 471 2 136 2 311 1 823 2 464 210 2 254 2 471 1 822 130 383 3 3 133 6.2	1 501 23 - 1 501 1 367 1 413 1 243 1 496 1 100 1 386 1 501 1 115 64 287 - 35 7.1	14 668 16 763 7 223 11 745 14 448 17 357 16 190 20 748 15 375 9 058 18 421 14 448 14 723 11 110 18 290 9 583 12 500	18 217 18 291 8 483 13 045 17 999 21 222 19 773 25 139 18 910 11 194 22 090 17 999 18 617 13 245 21 472 14 056 14 802	6 333 298 514 89 6 833 2 629 3 768 1 177 5 028 2 683 2 345 6 833 3 99 1 037 597 7
Specified owner-occupied housing units	38 046	5 195	7 060	3 490	3 335	5 813	5 101	4 994	1 905	1 153	14 957	18 583	4 576
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$579 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not martgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	21 645 6 057 3 744 3 377 2 266 1 924 2 449 1 078 424 326 \$265 16 401 1 869 4 775 4 503 2 595 1 364 879 240 176 \$84	1 357 805 209 104 91 52 46 40 6 4 \$181 3 838 981 1 288 947 357 118 84 33 30 \$68	2 477 1 299 477 312 107 110 130 15 6 11 \$196 4 583 547 1 658 1 302 582 277 142 43 32 \$77	1 728 634 383 326 173 96 90 19 7 7 - \$230 1 762 84 624 553 276 150 48 12 15 \$83	2 010 616 427 440 220 151 108 36 12 \$246 1 325 83 334 365 303 163 77 \$92	3 999 1 153 807 770 412 376 336 105 14 \$253 1 814 83 400 560 385 197 134 41 14 \$94	3 846 /90 687 658 571 379 530 176 42 13 \$284 1 255 55 264 300 316 188 104 21 7	3 922 607 501 504 437 534 762 419 106 52 \$340 1 072 36 163 305 259 157 116 17 19	1 491 111 181 188 205 188 320 150 79 69 \$366 414 — 30 131 77 67 61 24 24 \$115	815 52 75 50 38 127 118 140 163 \$511 338 - 40 40 40 47 113 49 35 \$162	19 019 13 606 16 950 17 924 20 892 21 700 24 585 26 623 28 015 30 639 9 739 4 854 7 849 10 011 13 181 14 601 18 975 18 269 19 167	22 532 14 909 18 321 20 966 22 340 26 846 26 191 41 502 52 112 75 937 13 370 6 753 9 815 12 597 16 192 18 288 24 611 32 318 38 200	1 645 896 284 165 87 69 88 43 6 7 \$191 2 931 772 911 753 278 108 34 17 \$89
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent	21 645 7 689 4 613 3 161 2 230 1 136 2 669 147 18.3 16 401 7 652 3 500 2 005 1 024 615 397 1 029 179 10.7	1 357 7 15 48 62 59 1 029 137 50+ 3 838 121 434 690 691 459 334 936 173 24.3	2 477 176 245 286 452 319 999 - 31.2 4 583 1 069 1 811 1 108 303 151 56 85 - 13.4	1 728 107 383 365 344 252 277 25.1 1 762 1 079 518 129 21 -7 8	2 010 344 482 474 364 190 156 - 21.9 1 325 894 393 38 - - -	3 999 1 280 1 138 749 500 187 145 	3 846 1 702 1 093 592 330 92 37 16.0 1 255 1 188 60 7	3 922 2 198 961 553 162 29 19 14.1 1 072 1 048 24 - - - -	1 491 1 148 233 79 16 8 7 - 11.6 414 396 18 - - -	815 727 63 15 - - 10 10- 338 332 - - - - 6 10-	19 019 25 816 20 166 17 326 14 265 18 85 6 184 2500— 9 739 16 784 8 625 6 064 4 299 3 995 3 807 2 858 2500—	22 532 33 053 21 175 18 706 15 081 12 742 7 107 65 825 13 370 20 499 6 341 4 920 4 225 3 784 2 951 15 822	1 645 31 27 69 114 81 1 186 137 50+ 2 931 126 289 470 455 322 293 809 167 25.7

Table A=4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupled hausing units	20 913	6 149	5 316	2 825	1 828	2 516	1 147	808	231	93	9 017	10 736	6 385
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Male hauseholder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Median age	9 886 2 264 3 217 1 706 1 722 977 3 959 876 1 065 529 899 590 7 068 1 171 1 586 872 1 245 2 194 35.8	1 278 295 259 132 336 256 1 213 277 115 68 333 420 3 658 512 586 382 611 1 567 53.1	2 501 637 782 339 330 413 933 235 319 77 179 123 1 882 416 446 264 331 425	1 578 452 519 229 250 128 587 144 252 71 106 109 237 100 145 69 31,2	1 116 313 408 197 151 47 343 51 114 106 54 18 369 45 136 69 61 32,3	1 691 375 632 375 249 60 501 101 173 118 104 40 148 49 39	830 154 343 181 126 26 206 29 58 54 64 1 111 30 33 9 23	656 38 212 183 193 30 116 31 25 20 31 9 36 13 -6 6	171 -47 50 59 15 43 8 7 6 22 17 6 - 5 43.6	65 - 15 20 28 2 17 - 2 9 6 - 11 - 5 6	11 844 11 106 12 797 14 442 11 950 7 177 9 093 8 471 10 977 13 644 7 736 4 112 4 857 5 824 7 156 5 860 5 124 3 920	13 997 11 497 14 224 16 475 17 168 9 129 10 201 9 310 11 513 14 430 10 366 5 114 6 475 6 694 7 888 7 371 6 668 4 870	1 923 396 555 327 430 215 1 041 276 129 85 271 280 3 421 562 683 460 601 1 115
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	03.0	30	33.0	· · · · ·		V2.	V2.0	07.5	40.0	40.0	•••	***	41.2
1979 to March 1980	11 183 6 038 1 800 1 203 689	2 883 1 647 588 610 421	3 055 1 381 479 256 145	1 570 901 195 118 41	1 003 601 140 75 9	1 462 751 189 77 37	629 391 86 19 22	382 281 95 39 11	130 74 15 9 3	69 11 13 - -	9 389 9 970 8 343 4 950 4 343	10 833 11 766 10 600 7 393 6 336	3 362 1 633 489 546 355
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	20 115 10 462 8 253 1 160 240 798 358 309 64 67	5 739 3 769 1 691 205 74 410 245 144 12	5 044 2 493 2 162 324 65 272 101 117 23 31	2 796 1 367 1 242 153 34 29 - 13 5 11	1 789 778 878 113 20 39 9 10 12 8	2 495 1 055 1 214 191 35 21 3 10 -	1 145 450 620 75 - 2 - 2	788 355 357 70 6 20 - 8 12	226 146 62 12 6 5 -	93 49 27 17 - - - -	9 249 7 697 10 551 10 833 8 716 4 889 3 893 5 640 9 531 9 145	10 905 10 104 11 624 13 253 9 770 6 477 4 350 7 121 12 557 9 063	5 976 2 965 2 369 506 136 409 184 163 28 34
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air canditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more Hause heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	20 890 12 939 13 804 6 040 17 196 9 979 7 217 20 890 12 103 1 225 6 428	6 128 3 457 3 322 1 241 3 475 2 721 754 6 128 3 878 438 1 451	5 314 3 016 3 366 1 237 4 527 3 030 1 497 5 314 3 204 308 1 500	2 825 1 797 1 970 918 2 710 1 681 1 029 2 825 1 411 201 1 058	1 828 1 224 1 351 563 1 765 946 819 1 828 996 73 696	2 516 1 767 1 915 1 002 2 483 989 1 494 2 516 1 320 128 949	1 147 822 927 426 1 124 379 745 1 147 675 28 385	808 586 652 420 803 183 620 808 467 28 256	231 198 214 163 225 38 187 231 107 13	93 72 87 70 84 12 72 93 45 8 33	9 029 9 994 10 272 11 476 10 550 8 698 13 503 9 029 8 344 7 345 10 621 2500—	10 745 11 666 12 011 14 140 12 093 9 398 15 820 10 745 10 427 9 390 11 611 1 645	6 362 3 461 3 348 1 298 3 982 2 889 1 093 6 362 3 991 429 1 510
Other	1 129 4.1	356 3.9	302 4.1	155 4.1	63 4.1	119 4.4	59 4.6	57 5.0	11 5.0	7 4.5	8 736	10 737	427 4.0
Specified renter-occupied hausing units	19 285	5 679	4 931	2 615	1 709	2 293	1 029	738	206	85	8 975	10 6 89	5 912
CONTRACT RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$149 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 ar more No cash rent Median	5 139 5 069 5 416 1 395 491 174 91 86 9	2 464 1 398 1 056 168 58 12 - - 523 \$104	1 3. 9 1 544 1 332 252 59 29 5 - 341 \$130	464 780 897 194 57 - 7 5 - 211	252 493 664 135 49 13 7 - 96 \$153	344 488 889 339 78 31 10 12 - 102 \$161	169 196 353 166 78 5 16 - 46 \$167	70 126 160 124 70 61 35 32 - 60 \$187	7 28 59 17 31 12 7 25 - 20 \$199	- 16 6 - 11 11 4 12 9 16 \$307	5 361 8 567 10 892 14 046 16 223 23 500 25 114 31 094 75000+ 7 790	7 269 9 647 11 406 14 286 19 039 23 957 26 725 39 927 521 005 9 971	2 411 1 413 1 225 233 85 20
GROSS RENT Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	2 220 3 384 5 295 4 121 1 497 633 348 251 121 1 415 \$184	1 470 1 200 1 346 777 228 62 60 13 	451 1 176 1 533 936 287 128 57 17 5 341 \$173	94 424 851 685 220 66 38 12 14 211 \$193	58 229 588 464 168 28 58 20 - 96 \$195	65 197 665 711 318 120 50 46 19	46 86 192 355 128 118 27 26 5 46 \$220	29 54 98 124 131 96 33 81 32 60 \$267	7 12 16 59 17 15 19 16 25 20 \$250	- 6 6 10 - 6 20 21 16 \$432	4 039 6 872 9 206 11 268 12 701 16 113 13 319 23 068 27 969 7 790	5 551 8 166 9 758 11 987 13 442 16 227 14 961 27 482 70 276 9 971	1 244 1 222 1 469 928 282 129 89 24 — 525 \$158
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	3 682 3 182 2 671 1 763 1 075 2 059 2 995 1 858 23.5	89 124 347 308 291 914 2 640 966 50+	346 523 837 933 626 989 336 341 28.2	369 653 836 347 66 114 19 211	437 707 305 102 32 30 - 96 17.6	1 013 793 265 53 55 12 102 15.5	704 218 46 10 5 - 46 12.9	494 139 35 10 - - 60 11.7	161 25 - - 20 10—	69 - - - - - 16 10—	17 906 13 529 10 453 8 484 6 453 5 377 2 918 4 720	20 957 14 057 10 290 8 569 7 048 5 600 2 927 7 415	124 173 352 326 358 976 2 635 968 50+

Table A - 5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					edring of Symbol						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	21 645	6 057	3 744	3 377	2 266	1 924	2 449	1 078	424	326	265
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 7 persons 8 or more persons Median	1 679 5 664 4 776 5 754 2 357 951 322 142 3.23	952 1 950 1 095 1 161 526 254 78 41 2.62	217 1 060 907 923 394 150 84 9	172 836 740 1 003 375 163 50 38 3.42	131 516 564 609 290 117 37 2 3.36	87 430 397 652 221 72 35 30 3.57	74 522 626 781 299 99 26 22 3.50	33 183 294 386 119 56 7 - 3.58	8 118 94 121 51 27 5 - 3.41	5 49 59 118 82 13 -	187 242 276 290 284 272 249 278
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	17 993 961 5 262 5 139 5 611 1 020 1 057 65 332 214 291 155 2 595 124 447 525 965 534 40.6	4 209 196 803 969 1 709 532 495 16 105 84 173 117 1 353 44 180 191 537 401 48.6	3 148 206 935 770 1 045 192 136 19 49 20 36 12 460 11 98 130 164 57 41.0	2 960 264 894 824 825 153 125 8 63 17 37 - 292 25 75 73 86 33 38.4	1 990 136 608 617 564 65 100 21 35 31 5 8 176 19 20 42 67 28 38.9	1 706 72 573 581 453 27 61 1 22 18 7 13 157 17 43 48 40 9	2 264 47 950 730 509 28 72 - 33 28 11 - 113 8 25 34 46	1 009 28 363 363 340 263 15 55 51 10 11 19 5 14 6 8 - 8 37.8	393 2 80 165 140 6 8 8 - 5 - 3 - 23 - - 17 6 41.4	314 10 56 143 103 2 5 - - - 7 7 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	278 265 300 301 253 196 212 243 260 259 184 148 196 264 222 227 190 151
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	4 089 8 238 4 685 3 703 930	575 1 363 1 570 1 937 612	529 1 333 973 730 179	530 1 458 870 459 60	469 1 123 445 194 35	455 980 327 142 20	785 1 172 330 155 7	521 448 63 39 7	130 191 70 33	95 170 37 14 10	344 299 240 196 177
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	417 2 276 8 011 6 396 2 600 1 945 5.5	174 1 358 2 592 1 374 404 155 5.1	69 408 1 575 1 147 406 139 5.4	86 225 1 382 1 167 315 202 5.5	26 124 903 725 318 170 5.6	26 69 617 647 336 229 5.9	24 81 708 828 436 372 6.0	11 11 173 394 237 252 6.4	1 - 43 95 108 177 7.2	- 18 19 40 249 8.4	225 186 245 279 328 422
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	5 368 4 065 5 321 2 987 1 714 2 190	519 667 1 621 1 299 833 1 118	589 721 1 119 601 366 348	615 797 905 466 272 322	609 537 621 196 103 200	674 466 466 171 54 93	1 234 569 368 171 46 61	720 146 128 4, 1 20	232 100 65 17 5	176 62 28 20 17 23	376 290 246 216 203 198
VALUE Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 ta \$19,999_ \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999_ \$40,000 to \$49,999_ \$50,000 to \$579,999_ \$60,000 to \$79,999_ \$80,000 to \$79,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$100,000 to \$149,999_ \$150,000 or more_ Median	882 3 289 4 877 4 787 2 952 2 000 1 737 600 351 170 \$33 100	791 2 033 1 730 1 042 276 97 71 17 -	51 690 1 238 1 083 390 230 56 6 -	40 367 1 017 1 086 503 168 185 11 -	91 500 825 431 212 146 39 18 4 \$36 400	53 283 368 515 348 268 59 22 8	52 101 323 699 556 483 169 60 \$50 700	3 8 44 107 299 402 126 89	- - 11 29 58 125 116 60 25 \$75 800	- - 5 2 32 1 57 102 127 \$128 600	150 183 229 267 336 392 434 500 585 750 +
SFLECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS FERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	7 689 4 613 3 161 2 230 1 136 2 669 147 18.3	3 280 982 476 362 213 705 39 14.1	1 596 836 446 314 135 385 32 16.6	1 000 860 589 365 168 379 16	601 639 343 261 165 239 18	447 443 357 243 161 250 23 20.8	383 587 543 390 154 383 9 22.3	157 158 269 220 77 191 6 24.1	123 62 85 52 29 73 - 21.6	102 46 53 23 34 64 4 21.2	218 278 310 314 316 282 258
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	21 640 46 14 118 471 2 515 4 490 18 612 11 823 6 789 21 640 15 285 903 3 967 - 1 485	6 057 25 2 401 105 1 176 2 350 4 416 1 346 3 070 6 057 4 684 351 447 - 575	3 744 13 2 237 79 622 793 3 177 1 565 1 612 2 703 102 608 — 331	3 372 2 227 92 408 643 2 915 1 793 1 122 3 372 2 273 201 660 - 238	2 266 1 770 66 147 283 2 089 1 661 428 2 266 1 502 87 542 — 135	1 924 1 602 40 79 203 1 858 1 523 335 1 924 1 245 99 502 78	2 449 1 2 168 48 79 153 2 362 2 167 195 2 449 1 624 56 681 - 88	1 078 2 997 32 4 43 1 055 1 038 17 1 078 713 7 338	424 	326 3 313 - 10 316 313 3 326 274 - 42 - 10	265 194 305 278 207 196 279 336 210 265 256 249 325

Table A -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

{Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B)

	(Doto ore estimotes	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	pro, 000 mm 0100m					1	77. 0.1.0 0,	,
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	16 401	1 869	4 775	4 503	2 595	1 364	879	240	176	84
PERSONS IN UNIT	4 004	1 014	. 745	1 1/0	421	220	100			70
1 person2 persons	4 834 7 504	1 014 575	1 745 2 074 570	1 169 2 141 539	431 1 444 251	230 692 172	130 407	55 121	60 50	70 88
3 persons 4 persons	1 984 1 220	141 71	579 235	528 368	351 200	162	180 124	15 32	18 28	88 88 96 95 90 88
5 persons6 persons	501 221	46 9	71 60	170 67	93 50	73 19	16 16	17 -	15	95 90
7 persons8 or more persons	88 49	13	5	49 11	7 19	9 7	- 6	_	5 -	88 110
Median	1.95	1.42	1.81	2.01	2.10	2.15	2.26	2.04	2.06	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	2 2/5		0.570		1 000					
Morried-couple families	9 965 94	716 17	2 573 18	2 813 41	1 899 5	1 056 13	646	156	106	90 82 88 102 95 84 73 67 66 72 84 128 73 70 81
25 to 34 years	588 942	55 64	146 166	183 220	71 215	102 140	18 103	13 20	14	88 102
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors and over	4 067 4 274	185 395	927 1 316	1 162 1 207	821 787	487 314	103 332 193	82 41	71	95
Mole householder, no wife present	1 274	304	363	320	107	82	46	29	23	73
15 to 24 yeors	24 95	20	18 44	19	12	3			-	66
35 to 44 years	95 412	27 77	23 66	21 175	7 52	31	7	17	- 4	72 84
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	648 5 162	180 849	212 1 839	102 1 370	36 589	48 226	39 187	12 55	19 47	67
15 to 24 years	14	-	5	1		8	-	-	-	128
25 to 34 years	62 128	12 11	21 67	23 29	12		2	7	<u>-</u>	73 70
45 to 64 yeors65 yeors ond over	1 556 3 402	164 662	519 1 227	402 915	278 295	79 139	86 97	17 31	11 36	81 71
Median age	65.3	70.6	67.8	64.8	62.8	60.8	61.3	61.5	62.4	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	968 2 162	137 187	229 540	257 614	143 344	104 250	87 137	5 72	18	86 89 85 85
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 480 4 179	250 403	747 1 192	631 1 186	386 761	245 334	155 22 7	43 28	23 48	85 85
1959 or eorlier	6 612	892	2 067	1 815	961	431	273	92	81	80
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	539 3 577	207 719	161 1 422	137 846	15 334	19 137	85	23	- 11	60 69
5 rooms	6 314	664 253	1 922 978	1 899 1 212	1 053 747	466 426	211	44 70	55	69 83 90 107
6 rooms	3 950 1 280	22	229	304	294	220	228 152	32	36 27	107
8 or more rooms	741 5.1	4.5	63 4.9	105 5.2	152 5.4	96 5.6	203 6.1	71 6.3	47 6.1	137
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	1 104	69	158	325 298	189	146	145 139	60	12	100
1970 to 1974	1 249 3 028	44 250	263 731	852	253 619	224 312	189	22 36	39	100 102 91 86 76 74
1950 to 1959	3 123 2 782	329 365	842 996	907 769	532 337	253 174	154 73	67 34	39 34	86 76
1939 or earlier	5 115	812	1 785	1 352	665	255	179	21	46	74
VALUE					.,,	.,				
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	2 788 4 440	845 780	1 111 1 675	562 1 183	162 475	66 184	19 82	19 29	4 32	62 71
\$20,000 to \$29,999	4 245 2 123	193	1 399 377	1 511 779	674 584	329 239	90 86	20 16	29 12	62 71 84 96 112 117
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	1 151 726	30 15 6	105 77	285 133	365 222	239 194 149	149 125	16	22 11	112
\$60 000 to \$79 999	546	~	31	42	77 21	156	211	3 29 39	_	145 167
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	193 133	_	_	8 -	21 15	44	70 29	49	11 37	220
\$150,000 or more	56 \$21 700	\$11 100	\$17 300	\$22 900	\$29 600	\$34 300	18 \$50 700	20 \$75 000	18 \$42 500	225
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent10 to 14 percent	7 652 3 500	909 459	2 446 912	2 077 932	1 173 598	563 319	358 204	85 39 28 12	41 37	81 85
15 to 19 percent	2 005 1 024	278 101	605 351	503 294	286 128	214 70	84 59	28	7 9	81 80
25 to 29 percent	615	51	177	166	112	57	45	2	5	85 81 80 87 90 102
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	397 1 029	10 47	96 142	150 308	76 202	25 103	26 98	7 59	70	102
Not computed	179 10.7	14 10.2	46 10—	73 10.7	20 11.0	13 11.8	5 11.9	8 14.0	21.7	85
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	16 395	1 869	4 775	4 497	2 595	1 364	879	240	176	.84
Steam or hot woter systemCentral warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	55 5 169	90 90	4 669	13 1 494	12 1 263	8 77 l	4 597	164	12 121	118 107
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	266 3 102	30 283	28 1 311	71 987	63 328	48 97	26 53	_ 26	- 17	102 74
Other meons Air conditioning	7 803 12 165	1 464 818	2 763 3 141	1 932	929 2 250	440	199 804	50 215	26 157	102 74 72 90
Centrol system	4 380	61	438	3 557 1 063	1 156	1 223 772	607	181	102	114
l or more individual room units House heating fuel	7 785 16 395	757 1 869	2 703 4 775	2 494 4 49 7	1 094 2 595	451 1 364	197 879	34 240	55 1 76	79 84
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	12 947 1 253	1 546 103	4 085 221	3 541 385	1 965 224	918 153	556 121	179 29	157 17	79 84 81 95
Electricity	908	44	97	191	234	166	142	32	2	113
Other	1 284	176	372	380	172	3 124	60	_	-	138 81

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Owner-occupied housing units							Rei	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 ta March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	52 413	9 494	8 135	11 241	13 810	9 733	20 913	3 268	3 587	4 155	5 877	4 026
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	38 982 1 539 7 712 8 223 14 141 7 367 3 443 129 627	8 191 645 2 847 2 200 2 061 438 504 38	6 701 247 1 892 1 775 2 117 670 450 27 123	8 948 244 1 221 2 092 3 961 1 430 618 14	9 418 287 1 250 1 353 3 978 2 550 1 053 37 168	5 724 116 502 803 2 024 2 279 818 13 72	9 886 2 264 3 217 1 706 1 722 977 3 959 876 1 065	1 462 475 495 221 196 75 710 224	1 485 474 403 244 225 139 705 246 242	1 971 440 798 317 290 126 793 135 188	2 993 648 983 604 499 259 1 023 202 289	1 975 227 538 320 512 378 728 69 158
35 to 44 years	465 1 068 1 154 9 988 167 703 786 3 258 5 074 51.7	83 173 46 799 58 200 136 253 152 37. 7	79 145 76 984 13 150 185 332 304 42.6	79 209 216 1 675 69 95 234 618 659 50.3	110 311 427 3 339 27 163 154 1 249 1 746 58.7	114 230 389 3 191 - 95 77 806 2 213 65.1	529 899 590 7 068 1 171 1 586 872 1 245 2 194 35.8	105 130 63 1 096 252 387 116 137 204 29.7	51 103 63 1 397 277 373 241 190 316 32.2	172 190 108 1 391 235 313 144 232 467 34.7	144 250 138 1 861 272 372 246 364 607 36.4	57 226 218 323 135 141 125 322 600 49.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1°60 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 114 14 497 9 809 10 440 10 553	3 645 5 849 - - -	874 2 386 4 875 —	909 2 582 1 783 5 967	1 079 2 333 1 860 2 728 5 810	607 1 347 1 291 1 745 4 743	11 183 6 038 1 800 1 203 689	2 440 828 - - -	2 223 1 041 323 - -	2 027 1 348 424 356	2 962 1 766 477 440 232	1 531 1 055 576 407 457
ROOMS 1 room	106 365 1 466 9 433 19 174 13 278 8 591 5.3	22 91 288 1 328 3 530 2 434 1 801 5.4	19 94 270 1 258 3 056 2 079 1 359	35 64 264 1 686 4 211 3 205 1 776 5.3	24 74 342 3 021 4 981 3 318 2 050 5.2	6 42 302 2 140 3 396 2 242 1 605 5.2	429 877 4 842 7 161 4 914 1 954 736 4.1	48 173 1 118 1 138 523 194 74 3.8	57 139 1 156 1 154 817 215 49 3.9	65 158 1 109 1 518 815 366 124 4.0	122 225 854 2 178 1 665 642 191 4.3	137 182 605 1 173 1 094 537 298 4.4
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER :: OOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	51 208 31 056 18 452 1 487 213 1 205 549 404 138 114	9 303 4 168 4 780 310 45 191 27 97 21 46	8 063 3 902 3 775 356 30 72 22 24 18 8	11 026 6 424 4 183 354 65 215 48 96 46 25	13 465 9 472 3 644 308 41 345 181 120 27 17	9 351 7 090 2 070 159 32 382 271 67 26 18	20 115 10 462 8 253 1 160 240 798 358 309 64 67	3 185 1 879 1 226 56 24 83 19 58 6	3 537 1 856 1 439 204 38 50 16 25 - 9	4 065 2 105 1 661 256 43 90 40 32 13	5 661 2 645 2 537 403 76 216 111 74 18	3 667 1 977 1 390 241 59 359 172 120 27 40
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Median Tatal persons	8 692 18 423 9 574 9 296 3 945 2 483 2.45	677 2 501 2 309 2 547 894 566 3.18	803 2 356 1 567 2 027 887 495 3.08 26 288	1 311 3 999 2 298 2 130 933 570 2.64 33 802	3 073 5 659 2 213 1 629 732 504 2.18 35 076	2 828 3 908 1 187 963 499 348 2.02	6 825 5 227 3 687 2 717 1 542 915 2.19 51 336	1 212 1 019 515 351 127 44 1.91	1 198 1 024 670 364 232 99 2.08 8 309	1 433 868 737 576 366 175 2.24	1 656 1 322 1 208 899 473 319 2.47	1 326 994 557 527 344 278 2.19 10 288
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	47 601 474 357 323 318 77 3 263	8 063 100 67 63 58 - 1 143	6 608 24 56 64 23 18 1 342	10 410 59 58 72 89 32 521	13 236 129 51 85 85 16 208	9 284 162 125 39 63 11 49	11 040 1 765 1 320 1 003 3 166 1 747 872	771 311 378 255 1 037 337 179	812 216 278 264 970 734 313	2 032 352 201 149 702 458 261	4 416 539 249 180 335 80 78	3 009 347 214 155 122 138 41
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, well, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	52 381 130 25 495 1 103 6 506 19 147 40 944 20 938 20 006 52 381 34 043 5 143 6 839 60 6 296 6 847 13.1	9 486 14 7 238 306 116 1 812 8 153 6 671 1 482 9 486 4 076 939 3 238 19 1 214 821 8.6	8 135 8 87 291 235 1 794 6 853 4 655 2 198 8 135 3 939 917 2 092 9 1 178 761 9.4	11 241 22 6 622 257 1 115 3 225 9 236 5 080 4 156 11 241 7 692 1 220 915 14 1 400 1 338 11,9	13 797 18 4 451 174 3 200 5 954 10 280 3 420 6 860 13 797 10 791 1 114 416 18 1 458 2 039 14.8	9 722 68 1 377 75 1 840 6 362 6 422 1 112 5 310 9 722 7 545 953 178 1 046 1 888 19,4	20 890 192 7 330 2 570 2 847 7 951 13 804 6 040 7 764 20 890 12 103 1 225 6 428 5 1 129 6 385 30.5	3 268 2 113 743 143 269 2 929 2 122 807 3 268 675 144 2 357 769 23.5	3 580 10 2 160 801 205 404 3 160 2 002 1 158 3 580 1 303 65 2 125 	4 153 35 1 870 688 457 1 103 3 010 1 228 1 782 4 153 2 353 2 90 1 299 — 211 1 267 30.5	5 877 98 864 203 1 476 3 236 3 003 491 2 512 5 877 4 664 441 399 373 1 950 33.2	4 012 49 323 135 566 2 939 1 702 197 1 505 4 012 3 108 285 248 — 371 1 437 35.7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or \$49,999.	7 618 9 926 5 038 4 666 7 995 6 715 6 483 2 471 1 501 \$14 442 \$17 994	707 1 163 782 897 1 648 1 486 1 753 657 401 \$18 669 \$23 032	675 1 273 781 747 1 517 1 249 1 237 405 251 \$16 763 \$19 560	1 320 1 818 1 009 1 028 1 746 1 700 1 555 674 391 \$16 163 \$19 397	2 501 3 136 1 316 1 249 1 906 1 551 1 389 514 248 \$12 409 \$15 503	2 415 2 536 1 150 745 1 178 729 549 221 210 \$9 834 \$13 682	6 149 5 316 2 825 1 828 2 516 1 147 808 231 93 \$9 017 \$10 736	736 646 513 343 506 153 238 84 49 \$11 228 \$14 600	869 869 560 370 539 217 120 32 11 \$10 248 \$11 057	1 271 977 534 349 481 317 157 65 4 \$9 029 \$10 577	1 794 1 715 782 479 631 249 170 34 23 \$8 318 \$9 688	1 479 1 109 436 287 359 211 123 16 6 \$7 588 \$9 009

Table A-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Owner-occupied	housing units				Re	enter-accupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 or mare units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mabile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Candaminium hausing units	52 413 101	47 601 57	1 5 49 44	3 263	20 913 229	11 040	1 765	1 320	1 003	3 166	1 747	872
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	38 982 1 539 7 712 8 223 14 141 7 367 3 443 129 627 465 1 068 1 154 9 988 167 703 786 3 258 5 074	35 598 1 158 6 723 7 632 13 164 6 921 2 975 103 511 389 924 1 048 9 028 9 028 155 535 700 2 960 4 678	986 59 236 192 309 190 162 4 47 40 39 32 401 - 45 19	2 398 322 753 399 668 256 306 22 69 36 105 174 559 12 123 67 149 208	9 886 2 264 3 217 1 706 1 722 977 3 959 876 1 065 529 899 590 7 068 872 1 171 1 586 872 1 245 2 194	47 6 385 1 080 2 006 1 259 1 293 747 1 549 233 373 212 430 301 3 106 373 554 370 661 1 148	17 657 150 238 51 127 91 295 75 53 18 111 38 813 126 129 55 140 363	34 426 149 186 50 17 24 334 75 108 35 75 41 560 95 137 71 118 139	45 279 117 77 44 23 18 315 59 70 68 54 64 409 105 90 83 54 77	43 1 132 436 378 132 123 63 853 234 278 106 144 91 1 181 297 326 169 154 235	43 548 158 199 85 75 31 494 177 148 76 55 38 705 131 244 86 80	459 174 133 85 64 3 119 23 35 14 30 17 294 44 106 38
Median age	51.7	52.4	49.4	40.9	35.8	39.1	44.0	32.0	34.2	29.7	164 29.6	31.2
1979 to March 1980	7 114 14 497 9 809 10 440 10 553	6 035 12 499 8 807 10 061 10 199	239 510 277 212 311	840 1 488 725 167 43	11 183 6 038 1 800 1 203 689	5 051 3 265 1 203 919 602	877 544 197 121 26	852 307 83 51 27	654 276 49 9 15	946 1 011 133 59 17	1 240 439 68 -	563 196 67 44 2
1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	106 365 1 466 9 433 19 174 13 278 8 591 5.3	71 236 984 7 539 17 634 12 852 8 285 5.3	20 11 166 434 465 235 218 4.8	15 118 316 1 460 1 075 191 88 4.3	429 877 4 842 7 161 4 914 1 954 736	101 263 1 022 3 752 3 604 1 613 685 4.6	15 43 717 641 267 65 17 3.7	37 114 516 485 120 48 - 3.5	71 91 387 233 148 65 8 3.4	111 183 1 373 1 108 295 96 -	80 127 673 543 260 44 20 3.5	14 56 154 399 220 23 6 4,0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	51 208 31 056 18 452 1 487 213 1 205 549 404 138 114	46 584 28 853 16 363 1 185 183 1 017 477 331 120 89	1 448 838 499 90 21 101 30 40 16	3 176 1 365 1 590 212 9 87 42 33 2	20 115 10 462 8 253 1 160 240 798 358 309 64 67	10 501 5 084 4 561 747 109 539 263 173 59 44	1 724 995 643 78 8 41 24 14 3	1 238 705 444 63 26 82 23 44 -	955 544 336 45 30 48 16 24 -	3 114 1 829 1 157 82 46 52 20 30 2	1 731 957 698 68 8 16 9	852 348 414 77 13 20 3 17
None	115 1 972 17 352 28 379 4 037 558	80 1 486 14 910 26 740 3 867 518	20 149 662 559 124 35	15 337 1 780 1 080 46 5	464 6 198 9 411 4 259 529 52	118 1 518 5 502 3 379 471 52	21 806 746 172 20	43 685 477 100 15	77 467 322 132 5	111 1 714 1 162 176 3	80 883 635 134 15	14 125 567 166
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$550,000 to \$49,999 \$550,000 or \$49,999	7 618 9 926 5 038 4 666 7 995 6 715 6 483 2 471 1 501 \$14 442 \$17 994	6 848 8 860 4 466 4 096 7 119 6 261 6 126 2 383 1 442 \$14 713 \$18 324	259 327 147 166 227 170 163 47 43 \$13 125 \$17 519	511 739 425 404 649 284 194 41 16 \$12 244 \$13 395	6 149 5 316 2 825 1 828 2 516 1 147 808 231 93 \$9 017 \$10 736	3 216 2 768 1 416 943 1 323 682 523 117 52 \$9 128 \$11 204	612 492 190 102 159 71 96 32 11 \$7 731 \$10 265	444 339 152 147 132 48 32 20 6 \$8 329 \$9 851	326 283 152 81 98 32 16 13 2 \$7 779	816 759 512 347 437 175 82 27 11 \$10 039 \$10 555	458 405 302 147 272 116 25 22 \$10 087 \$10 425	277 270 101 61 95 23 34 - 11 \$7 628 \$10 138
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floar, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system Vehicles avoilable 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Other Fomily householder With own children under 18 years With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	52 381 130 25 495 1 103 6 506 19 147 40 944 20 938 48 872 14 262 34 610 52 381 34 043 5 143 6 839 60 6 296 51 825 31 815 6 090 13 744 160 43 384 20 763 8 044 3 554 1 612 336 9 029 6 847 13.1	47 569 118 22 484 1 022 6 241 17 704 37 401 19 337 44 410 12 732 31 678 47 569 31 653 3 977 6 217 33 5 689 47 088 29 891 4 955 12 087 16 139 39 466 18 577 6 961 3 156 1 381 271 8 135 6 124 12.9	1 549 8 604 48 170 719 1 114 524 1 405 530 875 1 549 937 122 225 265 1 506 822 238 436 10 1 200 593 272 178 77 21 349 249 16.1	3 263 4 2 407 33 95 724 2 429 1 077 3 057 1 000 2 057 3 263 1 453 1 044 397 27 342 3 231 1 102 877 1 221	20 890 192 7 330 2 570 2 847 7 951 13 804 6 040 17 196 9 979 7 217 20 890 12 103 1 225 6 428 5 1 129 20 494 11 636 1 561 7 228 9 60 13 449 8 811 5 219 3 032 2 366 1 248 7 464 6 385 30.5	11 035 100 2 176 340 2 007 6 412 5 680 1 491 9 206 4 553 1 035 8 107 981 981 029 10 684 7 816 609 2 2 54 8 198 5 490 3 157 1 509 1 061 564 2 842 3 468 3 31.4	1 765 26 809 62 386 482 1 135 473 1 302 845 457 1 765 1 336 38 377 	1 318 25 624 284 86 299 1 018 604 1 026 740 286 1 318 600 13 698 7 7 1 302 635 16 651 693 481 305 232 203 104 627 398	1 000 15 463 221 61 240 775 386 764 557 207 1 000 421 24 515 - 40 995 423 38 521 7 6 472 340 213 163 153 84 531 329	3 153 14 1 573 1 146 130 290 2 945 1 671 2 749 1 855 894 3 153 667 46 2 430 	1 747 6 1 093 494 106 48 1 634 1 189 1 436 1 025 411 1 747 452 1 295 1 747 415 22 1 310 	872 6 592 23 71 180 617 226 713 404 309 872 520 191 132 29 856 402 150 304 471 295 179 163 74 226 333

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

[-	8 or more		
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupled housing units Nonrelatives present	52 413 722	8 692 -	18 423 292	9 574 166	9 296 101	3 945 57	1 631 54	617 23	235 29	2.45 2.92	149 160 2 393
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	1 937 9 433	738 2 661	658 3 853	251 1 451	152 941	52 348	33 112	32 52	21 15	1.85 2.03	4 238 21 546
5 rooms	19 174 13 278	3 067 1 466	6 930 4 661	3 769 2 427	3 392 2 771	1 282 1 200	511 489	179 191	44 73	2.44 2.71	53 454 40 477
7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	5 153 3 438 5.3	497 263 4.8	1 571 750 5.2	978 698 5.3	1 177 863 5.6	580 483 5.7	235 251 5.8	83 80 5.7	32 50 6.0	3.02 3.51	16 804 12 641
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	51 208	8 332	18 164	9 399	9 162	3 839	1 558	537	217	2.45	145 557
1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	49 508 1 487 213	8 332	18 139 - 25	9 361 34 4	9 045 99 18	3 495 325 19	954 596 8	157 3 36 44	25 97 95	2.41 5.98 7.24	135 469 8 727 1 361
1.00 or less	1 20 5 953	360 360	259 259	175 158	1 34 99	106 50	73 21	80 6	18	2.44 1.95	3 603 2 124
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more UNITS IK STRUCTURE	138 114	-	-	17 -	30 5	23 33	27 25	34 40	11	5.46 6.26	718 761
1, detached or attached 2 or more	47 601 1 549	7 872 300	16 886 520	8 571 279	8 444 231	3 619 104	1 459 55	530 50	220 10	2.44 2.41	135 094 4 611
VALUE	3 263	520	1 017	724	621	222	117	37	5	2.63	9 455
5pecified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	38 046 3 670 7 729	6 513 1 275 1 918	13 168 1 140 2 801	6 760 513 1 073	6 974 384 1 091	2 858 167 477	1 172 103 234	410 41 102	191 47 33	2.45 1.99 2.19	107 642 8 423 19 408
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	9 122 6 910 4 103	1 610 871 386	3 537 2 231 1 406	1 578 1 337 852	1 302 1 603 928	647 563 324	299 192 161	118 72 30	31 41 16	2.33 2.76 2.80	25 018 21 050 12 536
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2 726 2 283	243 125	867 681	604 534	654 667	284 191	55 69	19 4	12	2.92 3.13	8 617 7 429
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	793 484 226	31 25 29	278 183 44	136 95 38	189 118 38	113 29 63	39 6 14	7 17 -	11	3.14 2.86 3.55	2 545 1 810 806
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$27 900	\$20 300	\$27 000	\$31 200	\$33 900	\$31 800	\$28 400	\$26 100	\$24 200	•••	
All income levels in 1979 Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	52 413 \$1 442	8 692 \$4 975	18 423 \$12 607	9 574 \$17 747	9 296 \$20 029	3 945 \$19 306	1 631 \$20 061	\$17 807	235 \$20 913	2.45	149 160
household income With a mortgage	15.0 18.3	18.9 27.6	13.4 18.3	14.4 17.8	16.4 18.1	15.7 17.6	13.7 15.6	13.9 15.7	14.4 16.7	•••	:::
Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income	10.7 6 847 \$3 412	16.7 2 828 \$2 935	10.1 1 799 \$3 334	10 70 5 \$3 478	10— 692 \$5 124	10— 414 \$5 933	10 220 \$6 342	10— 146 \$7 576	10— 43 \$7 639	1.83	
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	33.1 50+	31.2 50+	31.4 50+	42.1 50+	44.0 50+	41.0 50+	31.0 33.6	28.5 29.4	30.0 37.0		
Not mortgaged	25.7	28.3	25.5	18.6	21.1	13.6	16.3	14.6	18.6		
Renter-occupied housing units	20 913 1 037	6 825 -	5 227 542	3 687 202	2 717 138	1 542 79	600 47	245 15	70 14	2.19 2.46	51 336 2 975
7 room	429 877	330 636	86 136	7 60	2 31	4 12	Ξ	_	- 2	1.15 1.19	528 1 277
3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	4 842 7 161 4 914	2 814 2 010 767	1 286 2 008 1 139	494 1 529 1 078	158 1 023 972	60 391 598	21 154 242	6 34 92	3 12 26	1.36 2.28 3.01	7 798 17 331 15 024
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 954 736	211 57	427 145	393 126	366 165	336 141	116 67	101 12	4 23	3.36 3.74	6 720 2 658
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.1 20 115	3.4	5 040	4.3	4.6 2 626	5.0 1 470	5.0	5.4 218	5.2	2.21	49 471
7.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50	18 715 1 160	6 490 6 490 -	4 968	3 635 3 572 56	2 446 155	1 049 376	568 178 375	12 174	68 - 24	2.08 5.48	42 168 6 002
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	240 798 667	335 335	72 187 173	7 5 2 48	25 91 80	45 72 26	15 32 5	32 27	44 2	4.86 1.84 1.50	1 301 1 865 1 268
1.01 to 1.50	64 67	=	14	4 -	3 8	15 31	21 6	19 8	2 -	5.98 4.87	322 275
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	11 040 1 765	2 647 767	2 597	2 115 322	1 845 153	1 123 110	468 25	190	55	2.63 1.80	30 922 3 773
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 320 1 003	571 473	388 342 239	225 126	105 89	34 48	16 8	25 17	2 3	1.76 1.62	2 794 1 985
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	3 166 1 747 872	1 412 747 208	930 522 209	457 225 217	256 129 140	74 88 65	14 36 33	13	10	1.68 1.74 2.59	5 980 3 559 2 323
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	19 285	6 494	4 806	3 413	2 435	1 332	527	212	66	2.16	46 632
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 220 3 384 5 295	1 296 1 265 1 995	415 812	181 555 980	152 418 534	101 212 237	34 90 167	39 21 66	2 11 16	1.36 2.03 2.00	4 043 7 716 11 917
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	4 121 1 497	1 032	1 300 1 261 368	809 330	534 312	308 180	116 17	33 22	28 9	2.32 2.87	10 669 4 557
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	633 348 251	58 49 25	161 76 58	173 54 54	143 104 53	57 47 44	36 11 10	5 7 7	~	3.06 3.41 3.29	1 962 1 207 869
\$500 ar more No cash rent	121 1 415	515	32 32 3	42 235	11 174	17 129 \$207	19 27 \$181	12	- - \$214	3.18 2.10	356 3 3 36
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	\$184 20 913	\$162 6 82 5	\$191 5 22 7	\$194 3 687	\$202 2 717	\$207 1 542	\$181	\$178 24 5	70	2.19	51 336
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _	\$9 017 23.5	\$5 353 26.8	\$9 747 22.5	\$10 867 21.3	\$10 918 2 1.6	\$10 857 22.3	\$11 613 19.1	\$9 668 21.5	\$14 875 16.7		
Median income	6 385 \$3 240 50+	2 414 \$2 620 50+	1 201 \$3 000 50+	932 \$3 162 50+	\$31 \$4 256 50+	573 \$4 975 45.1	267 \$6 357 39.0	\$6 914 29.6	\$11 667 19.4	2.15	

Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980 A - 10. Table

		8	. 949909 .	: 1010-0	WWW AND WWW WWW WWW WWW WWW WWW WWW WWW WW WW	
				51.5 39.5 59.1 44.0	51.04 4.04 4.05	33.5 39.7 38.5 37.1 43.5
	65 veors		5 074 775 167 79 22 22 18 18	6 507 4 891 183 6	3 936 5346 112 655 565 574 117 117 117 117 117 117 117 1	218 210 307 507 282 32.6
	ماية	^ I .	1 906 737 311 147 66 91 91	3 934 65 64 7	2 527 2 527 2 527 2 69 2 69 2 72 2 23 2 23 3 93 3 93 3 93 3 93 3 93 3 93 3 93 3 93 4 6 1 76 1 168 1 168 1 168 1 168	200 200 283 73 30.0
	older, no husband 35 to 44 4.	yeors	135 225 209 149 149 19	777 777 8 14	653 505 506 104 104 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	57 72 79 268 87 33.2
	Female householder, 25 to 34 35	years 703	132 216 199 102 39 39 2.52	693 693 10 2	509 447 447 447 447 447 447 447 44	151 94 206 434 105 30.2
	15 to 24	yeors 167	46 42 4 46 45 1 173 1 1 5	167	138 138 138 134 145 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	129 94 146 331 110 32.7
rd 8]	65 years	1 154	930 147 1 14 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15 1 15	1 080 1 7 4 7 1	\$63 25. 1 25. 1 26. 27 27. 1 28. 3 28. 3 28. 3 29. 3 20.	31.2
	45 to 64	1 068	666 233 125 13 17 1.30	972 98 1	703 291 291 291 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	28 28 125 19.4
ions of terms, see o	35 to 44	465	314 70 70 122 122 797	457 11 8	23.7	52 34 34 17.1
For definitions of Mole fronts	25 to 34	627	427 83 73 73 31 1.23 1 057	605 8 22 -	332 332 332 332 332 332 332 332	53 76 83 67 20.8
Introduction. F	15 to 24 years	129	95 20 7 7 7 7 1.18 197	123	89 28 28 28 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	26.3 26.3 26.3 26.3
symbols, see	65 years and over	7 367	6 252 748 193 117 57 2.09	7 164 60 203 6	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	133 55 128 26.2
or meoning of lies	45 to 64 yeors	14 141	7 336 3 313 2 007 758 727 2.46 42 230	13 874 423 267 101	9 678 5 611 2 643 1 033 1 033 1 023 1 023 1 023 1 024 2 044 2 045 2 046 2 056 2	75 122 108 236 18.1
see Introduction. For a	35 to 44 years	8 223	617 1 536 3 208 1 750 1 112 4.11 35 093	8 119 623 104 56	5 0 081 1 260 6 91 1 260 6 91 1 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	50 65 105 167 18.2
o somple, see	25 to 34 years	7 712	1 057 2 169 3 054 1 053 1 053 3.71 28 909	7 576 426 136 68	\$ 850 \$ 850 \$ 850 \$ 265 \$ 265 \$ 265 \$ 274 \$	82 241 197 167 18.8
ales based on	15 to 24 yeors	1 539	613 582 282 282 50 12 2.77 4 573	1 521 18 18	1 055 201 201 201 173 173 187 187 187 187 198 109 100 2 264 2 204 2 206 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	203 208 124 21.0
tours are estimates passed on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of sy Married-couple families	Totol	52 413	8 692 18 423 9 574 9 296 3 945 2 483 2.45	51 208 1 700 1 205 252	21 645 21 645 7 689 7 689 8 161 1 33 1 645 1 136 2 669 2 669 2 669 3 161 1 645 1 136 2 003 1 024 1 027 1 037 1	2 059 2 995 1 858 23.5
	The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	Persons 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	With a mortgage Less short 1999 With a mortgage Less short 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent 32 percent 33 percent 34 percent 35 percent 36 percent 37 percent 38 percent 39 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent 4 percent 5 percent 5 percent 5 percent 6 or more persons per room 6 ocking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 to 10 or more persons per room 6 ocking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 to 10 or more persons per room 6 ocking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 to 10 or more persons per room 6 ocking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1 to 10 percent 6 percent 7 percent 6 percent 6 percent 7 percent 6 percent 6 percent 7 percent 6 percent 7 percent 7 percent 8 percent 7 percent 8 percent 8 percent 9 percent	5 to 49 percent D percent or more edian
			AND		With o Less than 10 to 1	35 to 49. 50 percer Not comp Median _

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octa are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Mole house	eholder		,			Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	8 692	2 432	95	427	314	666	930	6 260	74	132	135	- 906	4 013
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	8 332 360	2 262 170	95 -	405 22	306 8	595 71	861 69	6 070 190	74 -	124 8	133 2	1 874 32	3 865 148
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or or tracked 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	7 872 300 520	2 124 111 197	83 2 10	351 38 38	274 25 15	582 22 62	834 24 72	5 748 189 323	74 - -	88 7 37	126 4 5	1 7 54 59 93	3 706 119 188
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	4 379 2 270 683 402	850 568 330 169	11 20 51	30 60 111 69	55 49 74 11	244 181 48 43	510 258 46 41	3 529 1 702 353 233	17 20 10 15	11 74 22 9	38 48 4 21	817 611 166 92	2 646 949 151 96
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	491 176 140 82	227 118 80 54	8 - - -	75 28 22 5	75 35 15 –	46 35 31 31	23 20 12 18	264 58 60 28	12 - - -	7 - - 9	24 - - -	124 36 41 3	97 22 19 16
\$50,000 or more Median Mean MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$4 975 \$7 808	\$7 980 \$10 639	\$10 809 \$9 615	\$12 953 \$17 530	\$11 791 \$12 336	\$7 500 \$10 672	\$4 728 \$6 982	33 \$4 626 \$6 708	\$10 000 \$9 044	\$8 603 \$11 418	\$6 993 \$8 435	\$6 021 \$8 088	\$4 230 \$5 797
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a martgage	6 513 1 679	1 637 670	81 60	293 236	206 115	422 152	635 107	4 876 1 009	74 62	88 69	109 55	1 496 461	3 109 362
Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	952 217 172 131	298 103 74 79	16 15 8 21	72 42 45 32	43 15 8 18	87 30 13	80 1 - 8	654 114 98 52	7 - 25 8	29 6 20	35 18 	280 64 36 37	303 26 17 7
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	87 74 33 8	36 41 33 1	=	16 20 9	7 13 6 -	- 8 13 1	13 - 5 -	51 33 7	14 8 - -	14 - - -	2 - - -	12 25 - 7	9 - - -
\$750 or more	5 \$187 4 834 1 014	5 \$218 967 277	\$247 21 -	\$254 57 20	5 \$248 91 27	\$185 270 68	\$132 528 162	\$176 3 8 67 737	\$298 12	\$246 19 10	\$182 54 4	\$184 1 035 133	\$143 2 747 590
\$5C to \$74 \$75 to \$99	1 745 1 169 431 230	271 226 70 64	15 3 - 3	10 17 10	19 21 7	38 100 30 27	189 85 23 34	1 474 943 361 166	4 - - 8	9 -	37 10 3	403 252 158 47	1 030 672 200 111
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	130 55 60 \$70	21 19 19 \$69	- - \$67	- - - \$71	- 17 - \$74	7 - - \$82	14 2 19 \$63	109 36 41 \$70	- - \$131	- - - \$50	- - \$66	26 5 11 \$74	83 31 30 \$69
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	18.9	16.7	29.2	21.0	16.0	14.5	16.0	19.7	41.3	26.6	13.7	18.4 29.9	19.8 30.7
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	27.6 16.7 2 828 32.5	25.5 13.1 521 21.4	30.0 10— 11 11.6	25.0 10— 22 5.2	21.5 11.7 33 10.5	19.3 12.7 196 29.4	29.8 14.7 259 27.8	30.0 17.8 2 307 36.9	34.0 50+ 17 23.0	27.8 10— 11 8.3	26.1 10— 30 22.2	14.7 647 33.9	19.0 1 602 39.9
Renter-occupied housing units	6 825	2 988	580	798	353	713	544	3 837	456	503	182	723	1 973
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 490 335	2 783 205	562 18	790 8	341 12	636 77	454 90	3 707 130	449 7	495 8	169 13	676 47	1 918 55
1, detoched or ottoched	2 647 767 571	1 124 220 257	163 51 51	239 41 90	132 11 18	315 79 57	275 38 41	1 523 547 314	110 47 46	84 46 53	44 7 9	316 93 67	969 354 139
5 to 9	473 1 412 747 208	241 698 353 95	52 167 84 12	44 241 117 26	36 80 66 10	52 132 48 30	57 78 38 17	232 714 394 113	48 137 59 9	27 180 96 17	39 69 12 2	43 122 63 19	75 206 164 66
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 286 1 540 847	1 039 663 478	193 186 115	95 222 215	51 33 51	299 119 83	401 103 14	2 247 877 369	150 202 76	73 159 136	72 34 39 29	428 174 69	1 524 308 49
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	472 430 122	278 331 100	34 44 –	103 129 20	84 75 37	41 83 42	16 - 1	194 99 22	7 21 -	85 46 4	29 8 -	33 5 2	40 19 16
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$50,000 or more	77 34 17 \$5 353 \$7 350	60 28 11 \$8 424	8 - \$7 474	12 - 2 \$10 953	\$13 735	24 22 - \$6 943 \$9 680	9 - - \$4 032 \$4 900	17 6 6 \$4 439 \$5 805	\$6 523	\$10 358	\$6 439	6 \$4 343 \$5 536	11 6 - \$3 738 \$4 516
GROSS RENT	1.75	\$9 334	\$7 708	\$10 821	\$14 778				\$6 796	\$9 841	\$7 206		-
\$pedfied renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100	6 494 1 296 1 265 1 995 1 032 259	2 790 359 511 931 564 113	560 10 89 262 132 33	768 31 93 271 251 50	337 10 56 134 65 12	633 126 134 180 92 18	182 139 84 24	3 704 937 754 1 064 468 146	456 34 78 215 96 26	503 18 35 209 162 56	173 25 60 60 16 2	673 158 135 245 64 26	1 899 702 446 335 130 36
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	58 49 25	48 15 19	6 -	13 15 -	15	9 - 13	5 - -	10 34 6	-	4 - -	-	- 9 6 -	6 25 -
No cash rent	515 \$162	230 \$173	28 \$187	44 \$195	39 \$185	61 \$154	58 \$111	285 \$151	7 \$172	19 \$197	10 \$148	30 \$157	219 \$119
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.8 2 414 35.4	22.6 759 25.4	28.5 157 27.1	20.9 80 10.0	17.5 43 12.2	19.5 205 28.8	31.6 274 50.4	30.5 1 655 43.1	28.4 109 23.9	23.6 49 9.7	23.5 59 32.4	36.1 366 50.6	33.9 1 072 54.3

Table A=12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vocant for sale only housing units	900	177	343	380	Vacant for rent housing units	2 377	1 149	811	417
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	102 184 242 241 95 36 5.2	14 21 52 56 28 6 5.5	26 53 100 106 44 14 5.4	62 110 90 79 23 16 4.7	1 room	77 137 776 710 498 127 52 3.8	31 75 458 327 205 47 6 3.5	43 33 219 234 209 45 28 4.0	3 29 99 149 84 35 18 4.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	869	172	337	360	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	31	5	6	20	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 260 117	1 135 14	761 50	364 53
BEDROOMS None	9	_ [_	9	BEDROOMS				
2	103 305 382 97 4	21 58 67 29 2	31 95 169 46 2	51 152 146 22 -	None	98 932 901 392 41	52 521 427 138 5	43 258 341 153 9	3 153 133 101 27
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	13	6	7	-
1975 to March 1980	224 103 156 159 87 171	39 19 40 38 4 37	116 32 38 70 48 39	69 52 78 51 35 95	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	415 543 502 242 269	255 282 181 117 117	136 191 183 74 110	24 70 138 51 42
UNITS IN STRUCTURE	801	151	334	316	1939 or earlier	406	197	117	92
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	45 54	24 2	334 8 1	13	1, detoched or ottached	986 131 115	342 49 85	375 52 23 80	269 30 7
Central heating systemOther meansNone	565 327 8	131 43 3	229 112 2	205 172 3	5 to 9	177 557 233 178	94 415 116 48	80 121 94 66	3 21 23 64
PRICE ASKED Specified vocant for sale only housing units	722	147	317	258	RENT ASKED				
Less than \$10,000_ \$10,000 to \$19,999_ \$20,000 to \$29,999_ \$30,000 to \$39,999_ \$40,000 to \$49,999_ \$50,000 to \$59,999_ \$60,000 to \$79,999_ \$80,000 to \$79,999_	52 160 221 77 93 25 67	5 10 58 16 25 7 26	25 51 90 38 45 13 34	222 99 73 23 23 5 7	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$339 \$400 or more	2 294 691 602 676 211 56 40 18	1 137 245 307 362 144 28 40	747 247 184 225 67 24	410 199 111 89 4 7
\$100,000 or more	10 \$26 700	\$30 300	\$29 500	\$20 800	Median	\$135	\$151	\$128	\$102

Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	—Specified	vacont for s	ale anly hou	sing units			Rent aske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	y units	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	722	52	381	170	109	10	26 700	2 294	691	1 278	267	40	18	135
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	698 24	30 22	381 -	168 2	109	10	27 000 10000—	2 187 107	600 91	1 262 16	267 -	40 -	18	140 51
BEOROOMS														
None	9 54 251 320 84 4	3 28 15 3 3	6 21 185 146 21 2	38 106 24 2	5 13 59 32	- - 6 4 -	18 100 10000 22 400 33 100 47 900 28 800	98 912 873 364 41 6	24 250 249 153 15	74 578 430 174 22	65 165 31 - 6	11 29 - -	- 8 - 6 4 -	124 150 145 109 115 213
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980	190 72 116 118 79 147	5 10 11 23 3	47 35 57 80 48 114	77 9 24 25 8 27	66 13 25 2 - 3	10 - - - -	45 300 29 200 26 400 20 000 13 900 22 200	411 534 478 236 244 391	78 73 138 98 96 208	193 357 296 125 135 172	121 75 44 13 5	15 23 - - - 2	4 6 - 8 -	173 159 130 108 122 94
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home ar trailer	722 	52 	381	170	109	10	26 700	903 1 213 178	428 189 74	412 770 96	43 216 8	2 38 -	18 - -	103 159 108

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Fort Smith city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Meon (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	15 472	689	2 534	3 734	2 800	1 845	1 400	1 357	559	350	204	32 500	40 000
Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 yeors and over Mole hauseholder, no wifo present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 yeors ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 years 65 yeors ond over 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 36 to 44 yeors 37 to 48 yeors 38 to 48 yeors 39 to 49 yeors 39 to 49 yeors 39 to 49 yeors 39 to 49 yeors 39 to 69 yeors 40 t	11 285 284 2 163 2 322 4 355 2 161 920 36 177 89 286 332 3 267 65 219 272 1 101 1 610 52.9	294 17 22 47 119 89 85 - - 9 33 43 310 - 6 23 102 179 62.4	1 470 41 187 184 527 531 276 27 119 99 788 5 62 31 242 448 61.5	2 536 119 408 400 983 626 256 27 74 78 942 22 49 88 290 493 56.5	2 085 48 513 384 806 334 116 8 47 18 43 599 225 56 49 226 243 50.7	1 502 25 370 290 592 225 74 6 20 8 29 11 269 7 31 29 113 89 48.6	1 173 18 270 323 422 140 38 - 17 - 21 189 - 6 33 33 65 85 46.5	1 217 6 257 349 451 154 50 - 7 12 13 18 90 6 9 9 19 30 26 45.5	516 -86 155 220 55 6 	305 -40 99 159 7 8 8 37 28 9	187 10 10 91 76 - 11 - - 11 6 4 44.2	36 300 28 100 39 100 45 300 36 600 22 500 28 600 31 000 22 100 22 100 25 300 31 100 27 400 29 000 26 300 23 200	43 900 34 500 43 600 45 300 32 400 29 600 28 600 32 900 32 400 32 800 29 300 32 300 32 300 32 900 27 500 27 500
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 4979 to Morch 1980	1 994 3 890 2 443 3 461 3 684	41 102 31 185 330	155 427 431 647 874	362 725 619 857 1 171	335 709 499 657 600	353 524 217 424 327	246 495 241 271 147	299 480 218 274 86	102 200 104 67 86	77 133 46 62 32	24 95 37 17 31	43 900 39 800 32 400 30 500 24 600	48 100 48 100 40 400 36 200 30 400
ROOMS	170 1 793 5 415 4 419 1 989 1 686 5.6	40 223 246 115 65 - 4.8	48 747 1 013 508 115 103 5.0	44 600 1 746 900 277 167 5.2	14 145 1 244 971 317 109 5.5	5 38 592 815 258 137 5.9	6 26 356 546 325 141 6.1	13 14 192 443 420 275 6.5	- 14 79 128 338 7.8	- 12 25 67 246 8.5	- - 17 17 170 8.5+	17 200 19 100 27 900 37 000 48 700 73 400	23 200 20 400 30 600 39 500 51 000 81 200
BEDROOMS None	25 329 4 817 8 320 1 693 288	- 61 407 183 32 6	18 137 1 448 816 110 5	7 60 1 857 1 607 167 36	27 735 1 895 138 5	- 5 157 1 497 167 19	- 19 111 1 088 150 32	20 72 884 341 40	- 14 176 319 50	- 9 98 209 34	- 7 76 60 61	16 100 16 600 22 200 38 000 64 300 80 700	17 200 22 300 24 400 41 900 68 900 97 200
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	1 896 1 206 3 378 3 366 2 356 3 270	15 - 38 87 117 432	17 26 244 494 579 1 174	20 156 630 1 161 912 855	115 223 883 781 430 368	336 192 583 424 129 181	431 194 390 188 86 111	515 207 433 89 40 73	212 129 87 68 33 30	161 56 62 33 16 22	74 23 28 41 14 24	60 300 50 300 38 800 29 400 25 100 20 200	69 200 56 700 44 300 35 000 29 000 25 500
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more	1 483 2 378 1 225 1 346 2 134 2 292 2 695 1 085 834 \$17 861 \$23 248	230 208 59 54 53 24 42 19 - \$8 174 \$10 328	453 688 314 217 393 269 170 25 5 \$11 003 \$12 657	377 754 433 450 608 552 435 93 32 \$14 183 \$15 822	165 388 240 350 495 587 438 99 38 \$17 406 \$18 472	94 142 81 160 270 388 484 200 26 \$21 908 \$26 262	77 98 35 37 180 245 448 200 80 \$25 603 \$26 358	45 70 33 66 110 182 448 236 167 \$29 131 \$33 967	12 7 20 12 20 14 169 100 205 \$39 022 \$50 655	19 23 10 - 5 16 48 63 166 \$47 401 \$87 075	11 - - 15 13 50 115 \$60 449 \$95 391	21 200 23 800 25 400 28 100 30 200 34 400 45 400 55 700 87 300	26 900 26 900 28 800 30 900 33 000 38 200 48 100 63 300 97 700
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	9 675 4 008 1 995 1 333 965 483 885 66 17.0 5 797 2 861 1 234 650 343 198 143 328 40 10.1	159 91 5 20 20 20 16 7 14.0 530 194 102 90 48 25 25 46	1 226 606 221 116 78 42 149 14 15.0 1 308 537 329 176 105 27 68 60 60	1 938 893 351 239 223 67 154 11 16.0 1 796 920 345 235 118 66 62 70 20	1 922 7777 495 209 169 102 157 13 16.8 878 473 223 37 25 6 35 -	1 387 501 285 204 153 91 141 12 18.3 458 257 113 19 10	1 082 358 254 158 138 93 81 - 18.6 318 170 52 13 41 - 29	1 096 369 243 248 82 44 98 12 18.6 251 140 49 24 20 6 6 16 6	452 207 69 87 24 14 51 - 16,4 107 93 - 14 - - - - 10—	243 124 49 16 18 6 26 4 14,6 107 61 14 10 8	170 82 23 36 - 8 21 - 15.7 34 16 7 7 - - - 11	37 600 34 800 38 400 45 600 37 300 38 300 33 100 25 200 24 300 21 800 21 400 26 600 26 600 26 300	45 000 44 400 44 700 49 900 40 600 40 500 46 200 40 700 31 700 34 500 24 800 24 800 31 800 23 900 37 800 48 100
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Ir conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	15 459 341 13 5 15 467 12 882 13 865 7 822 1 135 7.3	689 31 684 162 372 38 169 24.5	2 526 87 8 2 534 1 493 1 953 263 354 14.0	3 729 103 5 5 3 734 3 064 3 290 899 247 6.6	2 800 57 2 800 2 614 2 641 1 582 161 5.8	1 845 18 1 845 1 761 1 773 1 447 73 4.0	1 400 16 1 400 1 357 1 378 1 212 39 2.8	1 357 18 	559 - - 559 552 559 553 12 2.1	350 11 - 350 350 350 347 22 6.3	204 - - 204 204 200 11 5.4	32 600 23 700 14 100 26 300 32 600 36 200 37 700 47 800 21 400	40 000 29 900 17 800 26 300 40 000 44 100 42 300 55 300 23 400

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Fort Smith city	Tetal	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	Na cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 585	1 036	1 339	2 936	2 814	1 061	494	256	198	114	337	198
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median oge	4 126 1 108 1 108 1 468 579 657 314 2 458 660 757 334 477 230 4 001 790 951 532 638 1 090 33.2	142 26 27 12 43 34 197 4 25 7 89 72 697 65 79 80 120 353 61.2	419 69 162 42 78 68 377 86 70 44 108 69 543 106 27 63 95 252 45.0	982 395 331 120 105 31 844 267 242 157 124 54 1 110 269 273 134 226 208 29.6	1 237 392 441 1777 160 67 659 210 275 71 81 22 918 250 250 344 107 97 120 29.0	537 125 247 79 62 24 159 60 65 12 20 23 365 46 149 72 40 58 30.4	289 43 118 62 52 14 91 13 27 21 27 3 114 35 28 23 18 10	143 6 66 9 36 28 7 15 - 6 - 85 - 15 27 18 25 39.5	147 11 35 41 48 12 35 6 10 6 13 16 10 42.0	83 5 20 23 26 9 7 7 7 7 24 14 5 5	147 36 21 14 47 29 61 - 28 16 9 8 129 19 22 11 13 64 45.4	216 205 218 229 224 206 189 197 204 187 159 135 185 192 210 195 169 140
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 052 3 070 853 447 163	359 280 167 188 42	495 461 237 109 37	1 742 959 179 41 15	1 851 780 124 39 20	752 235 74 - -	364 108 8 14 -	158 89 7 - 2	127 71 - - -	78 27 9 -	126 60 48 56 47	208 191 150 103 130
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or mare rooms Median	285 516 3 277 3 361 1 962 885 299 3.9	101 95 413 252 141 26 8 3.3	91 109 467 412 207 53 - 3.5	56 170 1 332 905 313 96 64 3.4	34 98 889 1 078 485 172 58 3.9	13 103 395 394 95 61 4.5	3 11 22 109 156 171 22 5.2	- - 51 117 62 26 5.2	- - 64 48 69 17 5.2	5 - 9 27 40 33 5.9	- 15 51 86 74 101 10 4.7	133 165 184 203 224 279 263
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All Income levels in 1979 Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10 585 10 413 5 971 3 949 389 104 172 70 86 -	1 036 985 667 268 37 13 51 4 39	1 339 1 288 725 499 37 27 51 24 19	2 936 2 899 1 813 966 72 48 37 19 18	2 814 2 790 1 498 1 092 184 16 24 14	1 061 1 061 565 449 47 - - -	494 494 212 282 - - - - -	256 256 111 145 - - - -	198 198 199 92 99 7 - - -	114 114 70 39 5 - - -	337 328 218 110 	198 198 193 207 211 155 127 164 103
Income in 1979 below poverty level Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	2 724 2 632 216 92	648 618 46 30 -	340 325 16 15 -	718 692 64 26	575 563 86 12 -	152 152 4 - -	94 94 - - -	58 58 - - -	21 21 - - -	-	118 109 - 9 -	177 177 187 124 -
BEDROOMS None	297 4 189 4 428 1 431 214 26	101 524 303 100 8 -	103 647 481 108 -	56 1 712 932 213 23 -	34 1 124 1 384 215 37 20	82 694 248 37	3 25 242 209 15	128 95 31 2	- 68 109 17 4	5 18 66 25	70 178 68 21	133 181 214 257 290 235
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	3 757 1 160 961 663 2 327 1 634 83	260 162 124 133 137 210	480 376 163 77 115 123 5	831 229 289 270 878 400 39	817 103 155 121 928 668 22	475 112 109 30 149 179 7	300 69 45 23 31 26	148 47 17 - 44 -	98 44 26 - 20 10	95 14 - - - 5	253 4 33 9 25 13	210 157 181 180 201 205 190
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 939 2 160 2 048 1 500 1 150 1 788	10 141 252 164 149 320	36 95 279 219 242 468	534 648 583 515 278 378	718 794 477 306 220 299	261 233 222 121 130 94	137 98 95 78 21 65	88 77 49 5 26	85 47 25 29 8 4	66 5 38 - - 5	4 22 28 63 76 144	220 211 194 180 181 156
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3 4 or more With elevotor GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	10 458 127 108	959 77 77	1 324 15 8	2 922 14 14	2 814 - -	1 049 12 -	485 9 9	256 - -	198 - -	114 - -	337 - -	198 74 70
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 55 percent or more Not computed Median	1 934 1 945 1 606 1 087 540 1 174 1 694 605 23.5	288 138 179 72 55 118 129 57 21.8	390 213 181 112 59 187 176 21 21.5	535 569 427 319 182 302 506 76 23.6	455 597 457 348 113 281 481 82 23.4	139 163 204 155 67 133 185 15	63 128 74 40 - 74 110 5 23.6	25 33 40 21 23 46 60 8 31.1	25 59 22 10 29 21 28 4 23.0	14 25 22 10 12 12 19 - 24.1	337	180 202 201 205 193 198 203 194
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	10 580 8 325 8 253 3 942	1 036 718 624 195	1 334 691 742 127	2 936 2 326 2 297 774	2 814 2 496 2 460 1 386	1 061 897 911 632	494 462 445 302	256 236 241 191	198 198 194 183	114 109 109 102	337 192 230 50	198 206 206 229

Table B -3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Household income in 1979												
Fort Smith city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	17 025	1 743	2 643	1 350	1 467	2 387	2 461	2 853	1 223	898	17 497	22 882	1 339
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	12 316 330 2 340 2 466 4 795 2 385 1 049 36 212 107 319 375 3 660 72 237 289 1 233 1 829 53.2	19 19 30 42 132 219 178 9 16 - 34 119 1 123 16 52 36 256 763 70.2	1 395 38 96 116 468 677 196 15 75 71 1 052 27 54 553 65.0	781 26 95 84 290 286 168 19 53 26 21 49 401 14 49 54 142 142 142 58.8	1 036 32 212 198 326 268 109 - 27 7 22 53 322 15 52 47 114 94 53.9	1 859 121 491 280 653 314 127 8 32 25 44 18 401 - 14 36 205 146 49.9	2 191 55 613 536 765 222 83 - 18 22 38 5 187 - 16 35 74 62 43.6	2 676 29 596 663 1 143 245 79 - 16 12 24 27 98 - 11 56 31 46.3	1 131 10 151 276 611 83 54 - 5 5 - 49 - 38 - 17 21 48.8	805 -56 271 407 71 55 -30 -12 13 38 -17 48.1	21 322 17 016 21 704 24 780 23 230 12 598 12 240 11 184 14 537 15 724 15 507 8 897 8 360 8 750 10 638 11 782 10 220 6 258	26 849 17 171 25 904 31 428 30 995 16 047 18 297 10 038 23 563 12 152 10 845 8 688 9 961 12 218 12 848 9 478	494 27 44 86 165 172 116 9 21
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	2 220 4 310 2 682 3 669 4 144	166 223 214 402 738	258 386 389 548 1 062	178 217 164 293 498	188 402 261 283 333	356 656 414 506 455	326 814 401 550 370	445 963 450 583 412	194 354 221 307 147	109 295 168 197 129	19 388 21 397 18 705 17 403 11 365	26 782 27 729 23 413 22 430 15 806	157 214 205 298 465
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room 1.01 or more persons per room Hearling equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles avoilable 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	17 000 388 25 11 17 020 14 094 15 274 8 539 16 060 5 172 10 888 17 020 15 591 58 1 256 8 107 5.5	1 729 14 1 743 1 087 1 331 417 1 149 816 333 1 743 1 642 7 89 5 4.9	2 643 26 	1 350 30 	1 467 31 	2 382 89 5 5 2 387 2 001 2 145 1 137 2 369 722 1 647 2 387 2 242 5 120 	2 455 62 6 6 2 456 2 298 1 454 2 477 2 077 2 456 2 232 18 206 - - 5.6	2 853 120 	1 223 19 1 223 1 200 1 183 1 018 1 216 1 121 1 095 1 223 1 115 102 6 6.4	898 11 898 891 878 803 898 829 829 829 77 - 7.7	17 500 22 556 4 732 20 208 17 492 19 852 18 717 23 648 18 585 11 007 22 421 17 492 17 341 13 750 21 224 28 750 12 371 17 861	22 899 22 472 11 129 19 985 22 882 25 191 24 076 31 221 23 919 13 431 28 902 22 882 22 882 22 505 15 134 28 543 28 720 15 050 23 248	1 331 26 8 8 1 339 340 984 579 405 1 339 1 227
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With o mortgoge Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Median Not mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$74 \$75 to \$79 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	9 675 2 570 1 501 1 359 986 813 1 227 674 267 278 \$278 5 797 292 1 567 1 626 1 120 571 386 108 127 \$91	424 262 76 23 18 4 17 20 - 4 \$185 1 059 151 347 341 140 26 15 16 23	807 377 182 102 58 30 49 - - 9 \$207 1 571 92 535 502 242 111 37 33 19 \$83	584 224 113 122 60 24 31 5 5 5 - \$230 641 - 239 221 118 44 14 5 -	848 263 166 179 118 43 52 15 12 - \$248 498 10 123 129 142 55 55 39 -	1 552 540 282 265 154 132 121 45 13 - \$242 582 16 119 144 147 85 54 6 11	1 807 450 278 267 281 163 236 112 13 7 \$283 485 15 105 75 143 93 47	2 188 367 282 255 166 273 446 274 58 47 \$354 507 8 81 140 113 87 55 11 12 \$105	862 56 89 100 106 101 174 123 53 60 \$390 223 	603 31 33 46 25 23 101 80 113 151 \$553 231 - 13 35 25 25 31 \$169	21 501 16 120 18 629 19 541 21 146 24 852 26 594 27 991 28 393 30 506 11 047 4 907 4 907 4 907 4 907 5 8 906 9 744 13 556 13 556 23 452 23 452 27 188	27 323 17 253 20 037 22 602 23 616 34 614 28 930 49 090 59 851 83 560 16 446 6 918 10 626 12 877 18 632 22 003 32 347 35 367 47 183 	456 244 78 45 19 4 39 20 - 7 \$195 679 125 194 234 82 24 82 - 17 87
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	9 675 4 008 1 995 1 333 905 483 885 66 17.0 5 797 2 861 1 234 650 343 198 143 328 40 10.1	424 - 6 - 19 13 327 59 50+ 1 059 9 95 151 218 144 132 276 34 26.4	807 39 111 81 163 101 312 - 30.5 1 571 288 648 409 114 49 111 52 -	584 49 136 79 138 106 76 - 26.0 641 400 184 52 5 - - -	848 168 168 189 171 79 73 - 22.3 498 308 165 25 - - - -	1 552 591 361 299 145 108 48 - 17.6 582 471 94 6 6 5	1 807 821 495 260 161 47 28 - 15.8 485 465 13 7 - - -	2 188 1 168 533 351 96 21 19 - 14.4 507 490 17 10—	862 637 139 12 8 7 -12.1 223 205 18 	603 535 46 15 - 7 10— 231 225 - - - 6 10—	21 501 27 360 21 897 20 315 14 437 13 180 6 473 2500— 11 047 19 423 9 209 6 654 4 467 4 160 3 809 3 205 2500— 	27 323 38 409 23 206 21 494 15 953 14 433 7 969 106 038 16 446 24 694 10 448 7 039 5 223 4 621 3 769 3 290 72 414	456 - 9 - 27 18 343 59 50+ 679 29 51 68 116 78 93 210 34 28.8

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Household income in 1979												
Fort Smith city	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14, 9 99	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49, 999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied hausing units	10 746	2 754	2 721	1 516	993	1 421	666	482	149	44	9 805	11 498	2 771
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	4 209 1 116 1 506 597 663 327 2 494	424 111 102 45 112 54 609 201	878 296 284 75 98 125 624 218	642 240 222 54 68 58 381	524 148 204 76 72 24 202	828 224 357 144 81 22 363 56	429 71 185 90 79 4 166 26	366 26 108 92 115 25 91	94 44 17 18 15 43	24 - - 4 20 - 15	13 266 11 573 14 277 16 225 14 358 9 335 10 092 8 146	15 651 12 085 15 153 17 635 22 880 11 840 11 283 9 181	610 174 168 86 141 41 534 208
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Fernole hauseholder, na husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Median age	767 343 481 243 4 043 790 951 543 661 1 098 33.4	82 35 148 143 1 721 248 272 245 285 671 47.6	209 39 91 67 1 219 342 279 153 173 272 30.0	186 32 54 6 493 89 182 64 111 47 29.6	75 56 33 18 267 32 92 38 54 51 32.7	142 113 52 - 230 34 102 32 27 35 30.8	46 46 48 - 71 26 24 - 5 16 31.9	20 7 27 9 25 13 - 6 6 6 - 40.5	6 22 12 6 - - - 6 40.5	9 6 - 5 - - 5 - - 49.0	11 243 15 330 10 069 4 537 6 029 7 088 8 820 5 631 5 940 4 330	11 829 16 096 12 400 6 262 7 307 7 884 8 898 7 599 6 885 5 625	79 38 123 86 1 627 308 300 293 275 451 38.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 120 3 141 862 460 163	1 405 752 253 254 90	1 712 662 231 85 31	833 510 128 31 14	540 357 68 28	834 439 91 37 20	401 214 34 9 8	268 153 45 16	98 45 6 -	29 9 6 	9 830 10 767 8 817 4 672 4 528	11 347 12 960 10 453 7 111 6 941	1 573 705 189 216 88
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing far exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.61 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10 574 6 062 4 012 389 111 172 70 86 -	2 668 1 736 791 91 50 86 32 54	2 658 1 518 1 042 80 18 63 31 32	1 516 923 521 56 16 - -	978 516 410 52 - 15 7 - 8	1 413 685 647 63 18 8 8	666 280 356 30 - - - -	482 258 204 17 3 	149 107 36 - 6 - -	44 39 5 - - - - -	9 924 9 225 10 830 11 049 8 264 5 000 5 341 4 018	11 589 11 431 11 897 11 424 9 652 5 926 5 709 4 283 15 708	2 679 1 350 1 106 158 65 92 24 68
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	10 741 8 414 8 359 3 964 8 861 5 712 3 149 10 741 6 056 85 4 593	2 749 2 090 1 851 719 1 508 1 275 233 2 749 1 753 27 962	2 721 1 998 2 071 839 2 246 1 702 544 2 721 1 590 23 1 108	1 516 1 203 1 265 605 1 446 1 037 409 1 516 713 25 778	993 781 807 364 945 546 399 993 522 10 461	1 421 1 176 1 184 686 1 409 694 715 1 421 750 671	666 551 570 289 652 263 389 666 348	482 422 430 316 477 158 319 482 296	149 149 143 117 143 31 112 149 56 	44 44 38 29 35 6 29 44 28	9 810 10 247 10 509 11 752 11 170 9 649 14 934 9 810 8 989 8 438 10 728	11 503 12 087 12 285 14 542 12 892 10 260 17 667 11 503 11 338 7 851 11 798	2 766 2 055 1 804 801 1 667 1 299 368 2 766 1 712 38 1 009
Other	3.9	7 3.6	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.3	4.9	4.5	4.6	3 750	4 735	3.8
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 585	2 705	2 692	1 503	971	1 382	662	477	149	44	9 797	11 517	2 724
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 ta \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$330 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$449 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	1 796 2 658 3 967 1 107 399 144 89 79 9 337 \$155	925 726 738 142 48 12 - - 114 \$134	447 893 983 211 57 29 5 — 67 \$149	117 421 686 153 47 - 5 5 - 69 \$157	94 243 478 92 28 9 7 - 20 \$161	101 228 662 262 54 26 10 12 - 27 \$173	77 87 274 135 64 - 16 - 9 \$180	35 36 107 95 70 45 35 32 - 22 \$223	18 39 17 31 12 7 25 	6 - - 11 4 5 9 9	4 873 8 286 10 957 13 791 16 318 19 474 25 341 29 531 75000+ 8 264	6 962 9 267 11 401 14 211 17 554 23 839 27 064 33 674 521 005 10 741	841 657 822 193 73 20 - - - 118 \$141
GROSS RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more Na cosh rent Medion	1 036 1 339 2 936 2 814 1 061 494 256 198 1 14 337 \$198	717 423 721 492 136 49 43 10 - 114 \$163	187 506 881 678 209 101 41 17 5 67	33 165 514 460 173 39 26 10 14 69 \$200	26 101 324 318 121 17 28 16 20 \$203	27 72 337 513 230 90 38 29 19 27 \$222	31 36 93 249 94 97 27 21 5 9	15 18 60 65 81 86 28 70 32 22 \$294	12 6 39 17 15 19 16 25 -	- 6 - - - 6 9 14 9	3 731 7 308 9 228 11 288 12 758 16 708 14 107 23 333 27 188 8 264	5 046 8 626 9 672 11 865 13 826 16 728 16 368 24 609 67 806 10 741	648 340 718 575 152 94 58 21 -
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	1 934 1 945 1 606 1 087 540 1 174 1 694 605 23.5	44 80 162 93 89 428 1 427 382 50+	162 212 404 623 338 638 248 67 29.3	128 363 552 247 49 76 19 69 22.0	192 445 210 70 14 20 - 20 18.2	528 537 199 34 45 12 - 27 16.4	434 158 46 10 5 - - 9	287 125 33 10 - - 22 13.2	124 25 - - - - 10—	35 - - - - - - 9	19 140 14 284 11 073 8 997 7 038 5 860 2 992 2500—	22 968 15 060 11 236 9 294 8 041 6 078 3 080 5 549	78 72 135 125 91 431 1 406 386 50+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Fort Smith city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied hausing units	9 675	2 570	1 501	1 359	986	813	1 227	674	267	278	278
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	820 2 880 2 243 2 286 935 367 112 32 3.01	435 987 501 349 165 98 22 13 2.36	129 522 396 283 91 46 34 2.75	69 397 280 406 136 43 13 15 3.26	79 260 250 222 108 38 29 -	32 196 174 254 117 30 6 4 3.52	45 285 361 357 117 54 8 - 3.29	24 128 190 217 81 34 - - 3.47	7 63 51 91 43 12 - - 3.64	42 40 107 77 12 - 4.03	195 243 290 324 335 296 250 260
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 465 years and over Median age	7 989 269 2 083 2 128 2 995 514 457 36 145 82 124 70 1 229 65 207 240 463 254 43.2	1 727 27 191 356 883 270 219 5 41 39 78 66 624 23 93 86 248 174 51.8	1 231 44 331 205 548 103 64 10 21 13 7 206 25 47 91 43	1 186 104 307 273 429 73 37 - 19 5 13 - 136 13 47 19 41 16 41.3	840 41 246 261 255 37 61 21 33 7 - - 85 14 12 25 20 14	730 	1 113 25 456 340 292 - 25 - 13 12 - 89 8 17 29 35 - 37.2	629 18 222 204 172 13 31 - 12 6 13 - 14 - 8 8 - 37.8	255 -43 114 92 6 	278 10 54 137 77 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	294 281 343 344 258 196 207 307 278 208 184 142 199 287 221 236 194 162
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	1 766 3 361 1 865 2 136 547	123 376 653 1 054 364	160 441 332 453 115	241 529 289 282 18	234 452 171 113 16	175 414 122 90 12	357 612 174 77 7	317 262 55 33 7	80 131 36 20	79 144 33 14 8	386 337 242 202 179
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	82 791 3 174 2 970 1 358 1 300 5.8	20 487 1 146 629 191 97 5.2	20 147 537 490 208 99 5.6	16 67 517 449 183 127 5.7	15 54 331 325 162 99 5.8	11 18 216 287 159 122 6.1	- 18 297 474 213 225 6.1	- 118 248 131 177 6.4	- 12 60 74 121 7.3	- - 8 37 233 8.5+	253 183 241 291 330 449
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 730 1 010 2 746 2 051 1 023 1 115	8 42 658 801 480 581	21 108 559 429 228 156	41 154 501 343 167 153	130 149 395 140 60 112	228 134 260 133 20 38	554 245 218 143 35 32	462 73 84 29 11 15	145 54 43 15 5	141 51 28 18 17 23	481 369 266 226 207 197
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to more Median	159 1 226 1 938 1 922 1 387 1 082 1 096 452 243 170 \$37 600	129 855 796 552 155 39 32 12 - - \$22 800	6 222 493 372 227 139 36 6 - - \$30 600	24 106 368 418 190 101 152 - - - - \$34 100	24 170 345 234 88 85 31 5 4 \$38 700	10 73 148 209 178 135 38 14 8	9 38 68 339 322 290 126 29 6	- - 19 25 182 277 107 64 - \$65 600	- - 8 25 89 91 29 25 \$81 600	- - - - 8 - 41 102 127 \$142 900	155 174 218 254 326 399 440 512 649 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion	4 008 1 995 1 333 905 483 885 66 17.0	1 667 381 120 117 45 234 6	754 283 133 138 60 108 25 14.8	498 300 231 148 66 111 5	259 294 141 126 79 80 7	250 225 146 70 57 58 7 18.4	264 316 278 136 78 149 6 20.5	113 116 192 118 64 65 6 22.7	101 46 44 33 5 38 — 18.5	102 34 48 19 29 42 4 20.1	222 306 364 320 345 295 270
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipmen? Steam or hot water system Central warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other	9 670 36 7 144 43 1 591 8 887 5 961 2 926 9 670 8 634 17 966	2 570 20 1 216 21 811 502 2 174 712 1 462 2 570 2 474 - 78 -	1 501 13 975 7 362 144 1 363 702 661 1 501 1 412 - 03 - 26	1 354 	986 - 866 - 87 33 950 782 168 986 821 6 159 	813 	1 227 1 183 - 31 13 1 201 1 145 56 1 227 1 004 - 223 -	674 670 4 674 674 674 557 117	267 267 267 267 267 217 50	278 3 275 - - 278 275 3 278 259 - 19 -	278 192 326 204 198 185 288 355 200 278 268 289 374 —

Table B — 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Fort Smith city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified awner-occupied housing units	5 797	292	1 567	1 626	1 120	571	386	108	127	91
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person2 persons	1 871 2 851 603	152 112 18	688 677 141	537 782 175	227 669 122	131 330	69 183 85	23 64 5	44 34 12	79 95 95 113
3 persons 4 persons 5 persons	255 108	10	46 15	67 23	29 28	45 39 15	41	16	17 17 15	113 105
6 persons	76 5	-	- 1	36	29	i <u>ĭ</u>	-	_	5	102 250+
8 or more persons	28 1.86	_ 1.46	1.64	6 1.85	16 2.00	1.97	6 2.18	1.98	2.07	113
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										:
Morried-couple families 15 to 24 yeors	3 2 96 15	102	73 9	862 6	769 -	394	287	66	7 7	98 63
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	80 194	_ 10	16 21	11 20	14 80	34 20	36	5 –	- 7	63 123 114
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 360 1 647	16 70	259 440	370 455	303 372	190 150	138 113	35 26	49 21	103 92 87
Male householder, no wife present	463	43	124	133	52 -	65	21 -	8 -	17	-
25 to 34 years	32 7 162	- 14	15 7 5	12 - 73	38	25	- - 7	_	_	77 63 9 6
45 to 64 yeors 65 yeors and over Female householder, na husband present	262 2 038	29 147	97 704	48 631	299	40 112	14 78	8 34	17 33	78 82
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	12	-	7	5			7 -	-	-	_
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	32 638	- 38	12 192	15 185	140	40	_ 28	5 11	_ 4	71 82 87
65 years and over	1 356 6 7.0	109 72 .9	493 70.3	426 67.0	159 64.5	72 63.8	50 64.0	18 64.5	29 66.3	79
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	228 529	25 12	58 117	52 138	37 117	34 66	16 41	_ 26	6 12	90 100 99
1970 to 1974	578 1 325	47 48	92 324	159 388 889	104 296	81 133	63 100	13 11	19 25	99 94 87
1959 or eorlier	3 137	160	976	889	566	257	166	58	65	87
1 to 3 rooms	88	37	27	12	. 5	7	.=	-	-	56
4 rooms5 rooms	1 002 2 241	116 106	432 655	253 746	119 427	49 181	27 68	21	37	56 72 87
6 rooms	1 449	33	293 131 29	453 113	346 154	177	90 78	35 17	22 27	97 112 150
8 or more rooms	386 5.3	4.4	5.0	49 5.2	69 5.5	46 5.8	123 6.6	29 6.3	41 6.7	150
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT			10	1.5	10		.,		10	1.0
1975 to March 1980	166 196 632	- - 14	12 11 69	15 15 188	19 48 206	41 56 77	41 52 59	26 8 6	12 6 13	148 136
1950 to 1959	1 315 1 333	51 75	270 460	369 388	317 199	141 117	99 42	29 32	39 20	105 98 83
1939 or eorlier	2 155	152	745	651	331	139	93	7	37	82
VALUE Less thon \$10,000	530	109	225	129	41	26	_	_	_	67
\$10,000 to \$19,999	1 308 1 796	145	499 613	405 642	158 326	35 145	20 42	21 5	25 6	76 85 97
\$30,000 to \$35,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	878 458	12	171 34	295 100	285 179	81 80	42 23 41	5 –	6	97 112
\$60,000 to \$79,999	318 261	-	18 7	34 21	92 24	103 80	60 117	12	11	112 129 150
\$100,000 to \$149,999	107 107	-	-	_	15	21 -	54 25	21 32	11 35	180 221
\$150,000 or more Median	\$25 200	\$11 900	\$20 700	\$23 800	\$31 400	\$39 800	\$60 900	\$87 900	\$81 000	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	2 861	135	896	723	512	301	214	43	37	89
10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	1 234 650 343	80 44 16	278 183	388 154	277 110	95 107	81 39	5 6 5	30 7 6	92 91 85 96 91
25 to 29 percent	198 143	- -	113 50 28	109 57 70	50 62 34	24 18	20 6 4	7	5	96 91
35 percent or moreNot computed	328 40	17	13	105 20	69	26	22	34	42	111 92
Medion	10.1	10.7	10-	11.0	10.8	10—	10—	16.7	14.4	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	5 797	292	1 567	1 626	1 120	571	386	108	127	91
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	38 2 338	20	206	13 614	613	397	4 306	8C	12 102	117 113 108
Other built-in electric unitsFlaor, well, or pipeless furnace	56 1 636	6 85	9 686	7 554	19 209	7 64	8 25	- 6	7	108 77
Other meons Air conditioning Control system	1 729 4 978	181 164	666 1 204	438 1 419	270 1 047	103 550	43 373	100 100	121	77 76 95
Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	1 861 3 117 5 707	164	102 1 102 1 567	415 1 004	502 545	387 163	290 83	82 18	83 . 38 127	82 82 91
Utility gos	5 797 5 566 36	292 286	1 567 1 533	1 626 1 573	1 120 1 075 13	571 523 16	386 346 7	108 103	127	90 133
Electricity — Full oil, kerosene, etc.	146	6	16	22	32	32	33	5	-	123
Other	49	-	18	31	=	_	-	_	-	80

Table B - 7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ow	ner-occupied h	ousing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	ousing units		
Fort Smith city	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier
Occupied housing units	17 025	2 074	1 376	3 690	6 184	3 701	10 746	1 939	2 160	2 077	2 746	1 824
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 65 years and over Female hauseholder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years	12 316 330 2 340 2 466 4 795 2 385 1 049 36 212 107 319 375 3 660 72 237	1 841 45 729 566 453 48 119 6 38 19 49 7 114 15	1 113 19 247 332 464 51 68 15 12 11 11 19 195 	3 071 45 521 670 1 412 423 149 - 37 - 65 47 470 344 39	4 286 184 691 572 1 807 1 032 395 10 70 47 101 167 1 503 23 87	2 005 37 152 326 659 831 318 55 30 93 135 1 378	4 209 1 116 1 506 597 663 327 2 494 660 767 343 481 243 4 043 790 951 543	757 249 244 105 110 49 474 178 142 61 100 13 688 156 272 82	760 251 219 116 126 48 492 203 167 43 41 38 908 196 220	752 170 350 108 74 50 531 95 131 136 102 67 794 141 187	1 219 350 483 186 142 58 592 152 191 77 129 43 935 208 177 168	721 96 210 82 211 122 385 32 136 26 109 82 718 89 95 68
45 to 64 years	1 233 1 829 53.2	49 11 37.5	51 49 44.0	183 133 49.2	599 730 57.5	351 906 65.2	661 1 098 33.4	79 99 29 .4	123 226 30.3	131 253 34.3	152 230 32.7	176 290 47.8
1979 to Morch 1980	2 220 4 310 2 682 3 669 4 144	854 1 220 - - -	174 462 740 – –	340 999 621 1 730	531 1 142 890 1 351 2 270	321 487 431 588 1 874	6 120 3 141 862 460 163	1 405 534 - -	1 396 598 166 	972 742 212 151 –	1 580 806 183 147 30	767 461 301 162 133
ROOMS 1 room	29 36 219 2 174 5 906 4 703 3 958 5.5	- 7 103 642 634 688 5.9	5 28 90 422 384 447 5.9	17 5 29 283 1 362 1 162 832 5.6	8 89 1 095 2 276 1 606 1 104 5.3	4 20 66 603 1 204 917 887 5.5	292 516 3 303 3 378 2 039 913 305 3.9	28 103 758 703 242 78 27 3.6	27 92 849 612 440 130 10 3.7	42 102 792 667 261 175 38 3.7	81 104 565 937 688 273 98 4.2	114 115 339 459 408 257 132 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	17 000 11 578 5 034 339 49 25 14 - 6 5	2 074 1 155 893 26 - - - -	1 376 783 560 33 - - - -	3 684 2 265 1 316 85 18 6 - 6	6 179 4 479 1 550 132 18 5 - - 5	3 687 2 896 715 63 13 14 14	10 574 6 062 4 012 389 111 172 70 86 —	1 913 1 285 608 7 13 26 14	2 151 1 207 807 115 22 9	2 061 1 275 710 61 15 16 -	2 695 1 341 1 185 125 44 51 22 21 8	1 754 954 702 81 17 70 25 37 - 8
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person :	3 063 6 365 3 111 2 728 1 081 677 2.36	145 531 526 625 194 53 3.19 6 705	141 400 256 331 173 75 3.07 4 530	320 1 379 807 748 266 170 2.68	1 299 2 651 1 046 701 248 239 2.18	1 158 1 404 476 323 200 140 1.99 8 387	4 223 2 820 1 639 1 139 631 294 1.91 24 098	845 676 268 118 20 12 1.68	867 596 330 180 139 48 1.86	940 471 257 218 149 42 1.71	883 636 562 356 201 108 2.27 6 983	688 441 222 267 122 84 2.01
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or mare Mobile home or trailer, etc.	16 332 269 114 58 76 25 151	1 973 52 7 - - - 42	1 274 9 13 11 - 5 64	3 577 21 9 15 28 10 30	6 023 80 10 21 29 6	3 485 107 75 11 19 4 -	3 918 1 160 961 663 2 327 1 634 83	191 241 234 181 793 299	323 74 181 158 692 680 52	639 187 164 89 535 444 19	1 705 390 208 123 228 80 12	1 060 268 174 112 79 131
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerosene, etc. Other Incame in 1979 belaw poverty level Percent below poverty level	17 020 84 10 371 121 3 518 2 926 15 274 8 539 6 735 17 020 15 591 1 256 8 107 1 339 7.9	2 074 2 040 6 - 28 2 037 2 007 30 2 074 1 493 7 574 - 45 2.2	1 376 4 1 318 16 21 17 1 331 1 223 108 1 376 1 045 - 324 - 7 81 5.9	3 690 10 3 283 20 233 144 3 557 2 588 3 690 3 466 24 194 - 6 172 4.7	6 184 11 3 000 73 2 127 973 5 477 2 185 3 292 6 184 5 980 27 120 8 49 542 8.8	3 696 59 730 6 1 137 1 764 2 872 536 2 336 3 696 3 607 44 - 45 499 13.5	10 741 168 4 385 1 937 1 924 2 327 8 359 3 964 4 395 10 741 6 056 85 4 593 7 2 771 25.8	1 939 1 279 576 67 17 1 911 1 409 502 1 939 286 10 1 643 — 314	2 160 7 1 322 587 124 120 2 031 1 360 671 2 160 596 - 1 564 - 557 25.8	2 077 27 1 084 501 260 205 1 792 802 990 2 077 1 105 24 948 - 539 26.0	2 746 90 520 165 1 019 952 1 654 290 1 364 2 746 2 432 27 280 -7 771 28.1	1 819 44 180 108 454 1 033 971 103 868 1 819 1 637 24 158 - 590 32.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$15,000 to \$14,999 \$20,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 or \$49,999	1 743 2 643 1 350 1 467 2 387 2 461 2 853 1 223 898 \$17 497 \$22 882	38 92 54 122 244 377 621 297 229 \$26 410 \$39 089	84 128 83 78 175 185 320 168 155 \$23 929 \$29 633	204 291 232 327 512 753 735 395 241 \$21 615 \$26 152	687 1 194 544 601 1 008 865 876 249 160 \$15 293 \$18 006	730 938 437 339 448 281 301 114 113 \$11 044 \$16 177	2 754 2 721 1 516 993 1 421 666 482 149 44 \$9 805 \$11 498	289 413 318 215 339 108 168 64 25 \$12 103 \$16 452	501 535 353 205 306 142 82 32 4 \$10 312 \$11 225	618 480 269 172 244 166 88 40 - \$9 345 \$10 838	692 840 361 252 359 138 88 7 9 \$8 996 \$10 168	654 453 215 149 173 112 56 6 6 58 146 \$9 310

Table B -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on o somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	C	wner-occupied h	nousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
ort Smith city	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or mare units	Mabile home ar trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 ar mare units	Mabile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	17 025	16 332	542	151	10 746 111	3 918	1 160 5	961 21	663 23	2 327	1 634 43	83
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	12 316	11 927	286	103	4 209	2 134	405	307	160	653	513	37
15 to 24 years	330 2 340	291 2 251 2 417	18 71	21 18 13	1 116 1 506 597	451 722 339	79 173 40	108 134 45	71 60 17	252 215	147 195	8 7
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 466 4 795 2 385	4 658 2 310	36 90 71	47 4	663 327	421 201	66 47	3 17	12	77 78 31	67 73 31	12 10
lale householder, no wife present	1 049 36	959 36	67	23	2 494 660	577 119	257 68	245 70	201 41	738 190	459 172	17
25 to 34 years	212 107 319	183 94 293	24 13 15	5 - 11	767 343 481	205 80 127	45 18 92	82 18 54	46 60 23	248 95 130	134 62 55	10
45 ta 64 years65 years and overemale hauseholder, no husband present	375 3 660	353 3 446	15 189	7 25	243 4 043	46 1 207	34 498	21 409	31 302	75 936	36 662	29
15 to 24 years	72 237	72 219	18	_	790 951	176 225	78 73	70 114	81 64	254 259	122 216	9 –
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	289 1 233 1 829	277 1 156 1 722	12 73 86	- 4 21	543 661 1 098	173 259 374	29 83 235	50 78 97	73 43 41	127 109 187	80 80 164	11 9
ledian age	53.2	53.3	54.7	48.3	33.4	35.9	42.5	30.2	33.0	30.0	29.4	39.8
979 to March 1980	2 220 4 310	2 086 4 111	101 140	33 59	6 120 3 141	1 949 1 117	554 385	585 257	405 206	1 426 743	1 138 428	63 5
970 to 1974 960 to 1969 959 or earlier	2 682 3 669 4 144	2 554 3 600 3 981	87 59 155	41 10 8	862 460 163	456 283 113	133 70 18	62 43 14	36 7 9	107 42 9	68	15
OOMS	29	25	4	_	292	21	15	32	48	96	80	_
rooms	36 219	31 141	67	5 11	516 3 303	100 431	23 464	92 370	37 275	128 1 123	127 613	9 27
roamsroams	2 174 5 906 4 703	1 910 5 708 4 653	167 167 43	97 31 7	3 378 2 039 913	1 152 1 232 713	452 153 41	342 84 41	151 118 26	761 164 55	513 248 37	7 40
or more rooms Nedian	3 958 5.5	3 864 5.6	94 4.7	4.1	305 3.9	269 4.7	12 3.7	3.5	8 3.4	3.3	16 3.5	4.3
**ULMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM omplete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	17 000 11 578	16 319 11 085	530 402	151 91	10 574 6 062	3 900 2 008	7 140 734	8 97 528	638 371	2 296 1 462	1 620 902	83 57
0.51 to 1.00	5 034 339	4 875 310	115	44 16	4 012 389	1 691 162	377 24	302 55	228 20	744 62	644 66	26
1.51 ar more acking complete plumbing for exclusive use	49 25	49 13	12	_	111 172	39 18	5 20	12 64	19 25	28 31	8 14	-
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	14 - 6	8 -	6 - 6	=	70 86 	13	14 6 -	16 40	8 9 -	18 13 —	9 5 -	-
1.51 or moreIEDROOMS	5	5	-	-	16	-	-	8	8	-	-	-
lane	29 451 5 539	25 349 5 148	4 78 293	- 24 98	304 4 223 4 489	21 669 1 973	15 531 561	38 504 343	54 313 218	96 1 370 748	80 819 590	17 56
	8 910 1 791	8 741 1 770	140 21	29	1 490 214	1 043 186	53	68 8	73 5	113	130 15	10
or more IOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	305	299	6	-	26	26	-	- 210	-	-	400	-
ess than \$5,000	1 743 2 643 1 350	1 606 2 494 1 305	111 102 45	26 47	2 754 2 721 1 516	878 964 520	348 301 122	310 256 107	211 211 109	570 566 387	428 388 264	35 7
i12,500 to \$14,999	1 467 2 387	1 405 2 295	42 56	20 36	993 1 421	361 579	85 117	114 87	40 50	246 318	132 270	15
i20,000 ta \$24,999 i25,000 ta \$34,999 i35,000 to \$49,999	2 461 2 853 1 223	2 401 2 763 1 192	56 82	4 8 10	666 482 149	297 257 40	54 90 32	41 20 20	20 14 8	144 64 27	110 20 22	17
i50,000 or more	898 \$17 497	871 \$17 760	27 \$13 274	\$12 813	\$9 805	\$10 562	11 \$8 973	\$8 157	\$7 469	\$10 178	\$10 009	\$9 432
Aean ELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$22 882	\$23 086	\$19 203	\$14 004	\$11 498	\$13 034	\$11 850	\$10 125	\$8 903	\$10 766	\$10 467	\$11 540
Steam ar hot water system Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	17 020 84 10 371	16 327 74 10 010	542 6 214	151 4 147	10 741 168 4 385	3 918 91 1 010	1 160 23 465	961 25 395	663 12 317	2 322 11 1 114	1 634 6 1 025	83 - 59
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	121 3 518	112 3 396	9 122	=	1 937 1 924	119 1 246	40 330	242 63	145 61	932 111	451 104	8 9
Other means Lir conditionIng Central system	2 926 1 5 274 8 539	2 735 14 677 8 259	191 464 211	133 69	2 327 8 359 3 964	1 452 2 419 660	302 832 345	236 736 398	128 509 249	154 2 259 1 200	48 1 521 1 084	7 83 28
/ehicles available	16 060 5 172	15 480 4 893	454 235	126 44	8 861 5 712	3 302 1 780	883 574	746 561	511 400	2 001 1 392	1 335 940	83 65
2 or more louse heating fuel Utility gas	10 888 17 020 15 591	10 587 16 327 15 010	219 542 453	82 151 128	3 149 10 741 6 056	1 522 3 918 3 485	309 1 160 888	185 961 448	111 663 290	609 2 322 435	395 1 634 448	18 83 62
Battled, tank, ar LP gas	58 1 256	53 1 162	433 5 79	15	85 4 593	48 385	24 248	513	13 353	1 887	1 186	21
Fuel ail, kerosene, etc.	8 107	102	5	8	7	_	_	-	7		1 (24	-
Water heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	17 011 15 079 128	16 324 14 551 93	536 434 11	151 94 24	10 715 5 968 162	3 906 3 466 66	1 160 871 27	957 461 9	655 279 7	2 320 430 31	1 634 399 22	83 62 -
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 804	1 680	9i -	33	4 578 7	374 -	262 -	487 -	362 7	1 859	1 213	21
Other Gmily householder With own children under 18 years	13 842 5 982	13 391 5 815	344 119	107 48	6 041 3 818	2 835 1 879	560 313	498 328	311 231	996 588	793 456	48 23
With own children under 6 years emale householder, no husband present	2 369 1 277	2 270 1 226	73 47	26	2 280 1 559	1 069 593	200 112	220 177	147 124	380 291	257 251	7
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years onfamily householder	550 85 3 183	538 85 2 941	12 - 198	- - 44	1 254 682 4 705	417 217 1 083	83 41 600	157 84 463	124 78 352	250 155 1 331	212 107 841	35
ncome in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 339 7.9	1 240 7.6	86 15.9	13 8.6	2 771 25.8	949 24.2	302 26.0	271 28.2	233 35.1	531 22.8	476 29.1	10.8

Table B - 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Fort Smith city	Total	1 persan	2 persons	3 persans	4 persons	5 persans	6 persans	7 persons	8 ar mare persans	Median	Tatal persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nanrelatives present	17 025 250	3 063	6 365 92	3 111 86	2 728 31	1 081 20	483	134	60	2.36 2.88	46 334 765
ROOMS I to 3 rooms	284	125	117	14	24	_	-	-	4	1.65	529
4 raoms 5 raoms 6 raoms	2 174 5 906 4 703 2 149	737 1 209 577	886 2 465 1 777 704	273 1 108 920	188 780 877	203 315	20 113	10 27 56 13	1 25	1.90 2.21 2.50	4 540 14 465 13 519
7 raoms 8 ar mare rooms Median	2 149 1 809 5.5	255 160 5.1	416 5.4	448 348 5.7	449 410 5.9	236 267 6.4	6.2	28 6.0	9 21 6.5	2.76 3.44	6 655
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 000 16 612	3 057 3 057	6 357 6 332	3 111 3 101	2 722 2 704	1 081 1 021	483 350	129 41	60	2.36 2.33	46 234 44 002
1.01 to 1.50	339 49 25	- - 6	25 8	10 - -	10 8 6	60 - -	133	83 5 5	43 11 -	6.17 2.48 2.31	2 004 228 100
1.00 or less 1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or more	14 6 5	6 - -	8 - -	-	- 6 -	=	-	- - 5	~ - -	1.63 4.00 7.00	24 26 50
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached ar attached 2 or more	16 332 542	2 847 172	6 086 226	3 024 59	2 655 58	1 071 10	468	121	60	2.37 1.94	44 550 1 389
Mabile home ar trailer, etcVALUE	151	44	53	28	15	-	6	5	-	2.09	395
Specified awner-occupied hausing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	15 472 689 2 534 3 734	2 691 251 666 824	171 1 029 1 574	2 846 141 320 653	2 541 55 295 368	1 043 25 130 174	443 31 65 111	117 - 24 24	60 15 5	2.38 2.05 2.08 2.16	41 991 1 434 5 642 9 127
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	2 800 1 845 1 400	462 201 145	1 054 713 470	534 328 342	493 406 276	149 134 137	79 33 21	24 24	5	2.39 2.53 2.75	7 756 5 298 4 226
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	1 357 559 350	87 13 25	361 200 117	330 96 64	380 134 96	136 74 29	51 35 3	7 7 5	12	3.20 3.19 3.02	4 517 1 856 1 380
\$150,000 or mare	\$32 500	\$24 500	\$30 900	\$34 500	\$41 600	\$44 100	\$31 400	\$32 800	\$34 000	3.63	755
SELECTIO CHARACTERISTICS All inc pe levels in 1979 Median income	17 02 5 \$17 497	3 063 \$7 225	6 365 \$16 239	3 111 \$21 213	2 728 \$23 145	1 081 \$25 212	483 \$23 549	134 \$25 417	60 \$29 063	2.36	46 334
Median selected manthly owner costs as percentage of househald income	14.4 17.0 10.1	17.6 25.9 15.3	12.5 16.4 10—	14.1 16.3 10—	16.8 17.5 10—	15.0 16.3 10.9	12.7 13.8 10—	15.3 15.7 10—	10 11.4 10		
Nat mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	1 339 \$3 370	585 \$3 158	400 \$3 054	125 \$3 880	106 \$4 872	69 \$5 329	35 \$6 193	19 \$7 292	-	1.71	
hausehald income	37.2 50+ 28.8	35.2 50+ 31.4	37.6 50+ 29.0	50+ 50+ 21.4	46.4 50+ 23.8	50+ 50+ 13.1	31.3 50+ 20,4	19.2 19.2	_		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	10 746 735	4 223	2 820 431	1 639	1 139 90	631 53	173 26	89	32	1.91	24 098 1 993
ROOMS 1 room	292	241	44	7	_	-	-	-	-	1.11	332 745
2 rooms	516 3 303 3 378 2 039	392 2 104 1 073 315	61 840 1 117 531	35 249 647 460	28 79 376 419	18 114 237	6 39 37	- 4 7 35	3 5	1.76 1.28 2.05 2.88	4 941 7 579 6 089
6 raoms 7 or more rooms Median	913 305 3.9	90 8 3.2	174 53 3.9	184 57 4.3	187 50 4,7	179 83 5.3	68 23 5.6	31 12 5.5	19 6.7	3.55 4.19	3 181 1 231
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Camplete plumbing for exclusive use	10 574	4 154	2 746	1 639	1 119	622	173	89	32	1.91	23 788
1.00 or less 1.01 ta 1.50 1.51 or mare	10 074 389 111	4 154	2 710 - 36	1 597 35 7	1 020 79 20 20	490 114 18	91 76 6	12 66 11	19 13	1.83 5.21 4.13 1.73	21 302 1 945 541 310
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	172 156 - 16	69 69 -	74 66 - 8	- - -	12	9	-	_ _	=	1.64	267 - 43
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	3 918	978	962	747	663	390	112	39	27	2.53	11 000
2	1 160 961 663	570 418 315	262 264 164	184 140 79	88 83 48	56 18 35	11 8	25 14	2 -	1.54 1.74 1.60	2 296 2 043 1 264 4 038
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	2 327 1 634 83	1 197 710 35	653 485 30	263 208 18	148 109 -	46 86 -	6 36 -	11 - -	- -	1.47 1.72 1.72	3 312 145
GROSS RENT Specified renter-accupied hausing units Less than \$100	10 585 1 036	4 176 663	2 786 188	1 612 47	1 107 54	610 50	173 8	89 26	32	1.90 1.28	23 718 1 729
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 339 2 936 2 814	704 1 430 892	259 743 924	154 416 466	127 226 286	83 44 168	9 42 57	23 13	12 8	1.45 1.55 2.06	2 804 5 652 6 552
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 061 494 256	218 56 47	313 130 64	216 133 39	173 97 64	112 44 31	5 34 6	15 - 5	- -	2.50 2.96 2.94	3 068 1 509 820
\$400 ta \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	198 114 337	25 - 141 \$174	53 32 80 \$208	45 42 54 \$214	39 11 30 \$220	29 17 32 \$232	12 - \$217	7 - - \$197	- - - \$228	2.97 3.10 1.84	650 312 622
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979	\$198 10 746	\$176 4 223	\$208 2 820	1 639	1 139	631	173	89	32	1.91	24 098
Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level	\$9 805 23.5 2 771	\$7 110 24.9 1 141	\$11 206 22.6 554	\$11 937 21.8 335	\$11 377 21.9 377	\$10 458 23.4 226	\$13 562 19.8 70	\$8 661 23.6 57	\$14 500 17.9 11	1.94	
Median incame Median grass rent as percentage af hausehold incame _	\$2 959 50+	\$2500— 50+	\$2 917 50+	\$2500— 50+	\$4 786 50+	\$3 781 50+	\$6 538 47.8	\$4 659 26.9	\$11 719 24.2		:::

1980 Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: B - 10. Table

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			Morried	Morried-couple fomilies				Male householder,	no wife	present		Fe	mole household	Female householder, no husband present	id present		
Fort Smith city	Totol	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 2 years	25 to 34 3. years	35 to 44 45 years	to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Medion
Owner-occupied housing units	17 025	330	2 340	2 466	4 795	2 385	36	212	107	319	375	72	237	289	1 233	1 829	53.2
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons 1010 persons	3 063 6 365 9 111 2 728 1 081 677 46 334	192 104 34 34 2.36 852	475 707 870 222 66 3.48 8 185	253 253 397 1 017 503 286 4.07 10 430	2 596 1 092 645 241 221 14 070	1 960 280 76 74 44 44 25 25 25 209	32 1.06 52	165 24 24 9 1.14 366	62 27 11 7 1.36 197	189 68 35 7 7 1.34 530	301 40 28 1.12 482	22 7 7 1.34 113	885 811 10 10 564 85	25 25 28 280 877	772 280 114 21 12 130 2 170	1 417 310 86 10 - - 1,15 2 237	67.5 60.6 46.0 38.8 41.2 43.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	17 000 388 25 11	330	2 329 78 11	2 466 115 	4 795 110 -	2 377 33 8 8	36 1 1 1	212 8 -	107	319	375	75	237 6	289 12	1 233 20 -	1 823 6 1	53.2 43.0 75.9 29.6
INCOME COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent Most computed Medion Not computed Medion Not computed Medion Not computed Species than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 to 34 percent 37 to 39 percent 38 to 34 percent 39 to 34 percent 39 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent 31 percent or more 32 to 39 percent 33 percent or more Most computed Medion Not computed	15 472 9 673 9 675 1 333 1 333 1 333 8 885 8 885 1 7.0 1 234 1 234 1 43 1 43 1 43 1 43 1 43 1 43 1 43 1	284 2692 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 274 27	2 2 2 883 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880 880	2 322 2 128 906 560 929 163 173 173 173 173 173 174 174 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	2 995 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95	2 16 230 230 230 230 230 24 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	38 8 1 1 4 5 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.1 6.4 7.1 7.2 7.2 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3 7.3	88 823 30 7 111 7 7 7 10-	288 1244 1244 1344 165 126 126 127 128 138 138 139 100	20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20.	65 65 17 7 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2019 2017 2017 2017 2018 808 808 808 112 113 113 113 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	272 640 640 641 115 127 127 132 132 133 134 104	1 101 463 104 106 100 100 100 46 53 638 638 638 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 17	1 610 254 79 79 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 116 116 116	52.5 44.5 46.0 46.0 46.0 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5 47.5
Renter-occupied housing units	10 746	1 116	1 506	265	663	327	099	792	343	481	243	790	156	543	199	1 098	33.4
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons Medion Total persons	4 223 2 820 1 639 1 139 631 294 24 098	636 284 284 133 55 55 2.38 2 867	361 430 430 213 72 3.41 5 276	86 147 147 147 2 398 2 398	278 179 77 77 84 45 2.80	287 33 7 7 2.07 678	424 159 52 52 13 12 1,28 951	590 59 56 13 1.15 1.15	255 69 7 7 11.17 11.17 415	386 34 45 45 1.12 687	241 27 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	357 246 77 77 82 22 22 6 1.65	412 227 140 88 63 21 1.78 2 029	116 131 117 106 24 49 2.71	441 125 51 36 8 1.25 1 058	1 001 80 8 8 8 8 1.05	29.0 29.0 30.2 31.0 33.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Complete plumbing for exclusive use Complete plumbing for exclusive use Complete plumbing for exclusive use	10 574 500 172	1 097 70 19 -	1 484 136 22 8	588 106 9	98 38 1 1	318	642 9 81 1 8	759 17 8 8	335 12 8	469	234	778 6 12 -	944 15 7	535 69 8	648 22 13 13	1 080	33.3 34.8 37.5 32.5
Specified renter-occupied housing units	10 585 1 934 1 945 1 606 1 087 1 740 1 694 23.5	1 108 181 273 202 134 62 110 110 21.9	1 468 351 351 111 20 164 86 86 86 18.9	579 138 114 69 69 18 18 18.5	657 198 131 39 68 68 43 57 57 18.7	314 57 37 38 56 113 47 29 29	660 58 125 59 125 44 68 104 77 27.0	757 133 202 120 96 96 35 72 72 20.8	334 130 89 47 47 7 7 7 16.6	2777 162 162 163 164 187 187 187 187	230 36 36 56 65 4 4 4 4 4 4 24 8 35 35 35	790 88 88 88 117 110 110 196 50 29.4	951 78 158 179 104 42 237 237 26.8	532 39 67 65 38 49 53 194 27 34.4	638 64 64 65 65 33 33 110 110 157 28 28 29.6	1 090 102 102 137 137 122 172 172 100 100	33.3.7 33.3.3.3.3 33.3.3.3 33.3.3.3 33.3.3 33.3.3 33.3.3 33.3.3 3 3.3 3 3.3 3 3.3 3 3.3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
Fort Smith city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupled housing units	3 063	749	32	165	62	189	301	2 314	43	41	41	772	1 417
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 057 6	749 —	32	165	62	189	301 -	2 308	43	41	41	772 -	1 411
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	2 847	670	32	136	49	168	285	2 177	43	41	37	724	1 332
2 or more Mobile hame or trailer, etc	172 44	56 23	-	24 5	13	10 11	7	116 21	-		<u>4</u> -	48 -	64 21
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 083 929	152 174	5	16 15	-	20 68	111 85	931 755	20	5 5	10 14	230 254	686 462
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	316 225 253	151 65 80	19	53 17 24	21 - 12	21 15 18	37 33 18	165 160 173	8 15	18 6	17	71 66 88	68 56 78 22
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	75 79	40 31	-	5 7	17 6	13 6	12	35 48		- -	Ξ	13 34	14
\$35,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Median	40 63 \$7 225	26 30 \$10 803	- \$11 447	23 \$12 429 \$22 434	\$15 833	21 7 \$10 774	\$7 469 \$8 638	14 33 \$6 305 \$9 454	\$10 469	\$11 458 \$11 872	- \$8 750	16 \$7 924	\$5 203 \$8 551
Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly	\$10 625	\$14 243	\$10 683	\$22 434	\$16 279	\$15 952	\$8 638	\$9 454	\$10 429	\$11 872	\$8 936	\$10 955	\$8 551
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage	2 691 820	637 289	32 32	136 114	44 37	161 62	264 44	2 054 531	43 43	41 36	37 30	696 269	1 237 153
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	435 129	116 53 26	5 6	33 21	12 13	29 13	37 -	319 76	7	12 -	23 7	159 47	118 22
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	69 79 32	51 7	21	19 30	=	7 - -	- - 7	43 28 25	13 8 7	17 - 7	=	20 4	6 7
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	45 24 7	12 24 —	-	5 -	6	13	- - -	33 - 7	8 -	- - -	-	25 - 7	-
\$750 or more Median Not mortgaged	\$195 1 871	\$227 34 8	\$312	\$258 22	\$225	\$208 99	\$117 220	\$183 1 523	\$309	\$268	\$167	\$186 427	\$149 1 084
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	152 688	35 109	-	5	7	14 -	21 97	117 579	=	-	7	28 152	89 420
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	537 227 131	91 34 55	-	12 5 -	=	37 20 21	42 9 34	446 193 76	-	5 - -	-	126 74 23	315 119 53 47
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or mare	69 23 44	7 - 17	=	=	=	7 - -	- - 17	62 23 27	-	-	-	15 5 4	47 18 23
MedianSELECT ** CHARACTERISTICS	\$79	\$83	-	\$88	\$63	\$99	\$73	\$79	-	\$88	\$63	\$82	\$78
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	17.6 25.9	17.3 24.4	30.£ 30.3	26.8 27.4	17.1 19.6	15.6 16.3	14.9 17.0	17.8 27.2	34.8 34.8	26.3 24.6	13.4 14.4	17.1 26.7	17.4 26.1
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	15.3 585	13.9 80	- 5	10-	10—	15.3 20	14.5 44	15.6 505	-	32.5 5	10— 10	13.7 165	16.8 325
Percent below poverty level	19.1 4 223	10.7 1 8 96	15.6 424	6.7 590	255	10.6 38 6	14.6 241	21.8 2 327	357	12.2 412	24.4 116	21.4 441	1 001
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 154	1 860	417	590	247	374	232	2 294	350	412	108	441	983
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	69	36	7	-	8	12	9	33	7	_	8	-	18
1, detached or attached 2	978 570 418	414 187 191	88 44 46	130 38 64	62 11 18	90 60 42 23	44 34 21	564 383 227	62 40 37	58 37 50	13 7 -	141 64 43	290 235 97
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	315 1 197 710	151 609 327	36 131 79	32 211 108	29 69 56	23 123 48	31 75 36	164 588 383	32 127 50	23 148 96	31 55 10	37 84 63	41 174 164
Mobile home or trailer, etc HDUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	35	17		7	10	-	-	18	9		12	9	-
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 573 1 117 641	498 478 325	128 172 89	71 156 161	28 21 18	128 62 51	143 67 6	1 075 639 316	100 163 66	46 120 127	34 26 29	230 107 60	665 223
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	353 328	178 238	13 14	67 108	56 75	26 41	16	175 90	7 21	76 39	21 6	33 5	34 38 19
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	104 64 34	84 58 28	8 -	15 12 -	35 7 6	34 22 22	- 9 -	20 6 6	-	4 - -	-	6	16
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	\$7 110 \$8 413	\$9 724 \$10 500	\$7 500 \$7 357	\$11 056 \$10 925	9 \$15 212 \$16 764	\$10 147 \$11 847	\$4 515 \$6 200	\$5 534 \$6 713	\$7 044 \$7 361	\$10 787 \$10 381	\$7 308 \$8 090	\$4 825 \$5 811	\$4 084 \$5 211
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	4 176	1 864	424	580	246	386	228	2 312	357	412	116	426	1 001
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	663 704 1 430	160 294 713	4 58 219	11 51 220	7 37 101	66 79 119	72 69 54	503 410 717	16 71 148	16 17 153	23 35 44	95 52	353
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	892 218	482 74	118 19	210 32 13	58 6	74 17	22	410 144	96 26	154 56	14	183 53 26	189 93 36
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	56 47 25	46 15 19	6 - -	15	15 - 6	9 - 13	3 - -	10 32 6	-	- - -	-	7 6	25 -
\$500 or more No cash rent Medion	- 141 \$176	- 61 \$184	- \$189	28 \$199	- 16 \$191	- 9 \$160	- 8 \$134	80 \$167	- \$184	12 \$203	- \$155	- 4 \$168	- 64 \$133
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	,	,											,
1979	24.9 1 141 27.0	21.8 356 18.8	28.6 105 24.8	20.9 58 9.8	16.9 20 7.8	18.2 87 22.5	24.2 86 35.7	28.5 785 33.7	27.7 73 20.4	22.8 39 9.5	22.6 27 23.3	34.5 199 45.1	33. 5 447 44.7
refeelit below poverty level	27.0	18.8	24.8	7.8	7.0	22.3	33.7	33./	20.4	7.5	20.3	43.1	44.7

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Date are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

Fort Smith city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Fort Smith city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	364	84	168	112	Vacant for rent housing units	1 310	773	423	114
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	36 41 62 137 64 24 5.8	- 28 39 13 4 5.9	17 25 27 62 28 9 5.7	19 16 7 36 23 11 5.9	1 room	66 79 580 345 186 42 12 3.4	25 48 359 223 97 21 -	41 31 173 79 85 14 -	- 48 43 4 7 12 3.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	364	84	168	112	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	-	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 284 26	773 -	407 16	104 10
None	6 43 111 158 46	- 33 39 12 -	- 22 51 72 23 -	6 21 27 47 11	BEDROOMS None	84 639 483 83 21	43 395 287 43 5	41 198 147 37 -	- 46 49 3 16 -
1975 to Morch 1980	79 18 46 86 31 104	20 - 18 28 - 18	57 12 20 54 12 13	2 6 8 4 19 73	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	265 367 203 118 134 223	200 211 109 58 83 112	61 129 87 44 46 56	4 27 7 16 5
1, detached or ottoched 2 or mare	328 36	69 15	160	99 13	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or trailer	-	-	-	-	1, detached or ottached 2	290 100 80	133 38 53	102 47 22	55 15 5
Centrol heating system Other means None	275 89 -	69 15 -	143 25 -	63 49 -	5 to 9	126 470 217 27	68 379 102 -	22 58 75 92 27	16 23
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units Less than \$10,000	328 5 78 67 35 43 19 54	69 - 5 26 - 11 5 22	160 5 30 11 20 32 11 30	99 - 43 30 15 - 3 2	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less than \$100 \$150 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	1 310 229 277 531 179 46 38	773 95 163 311 135 28 38	423 109 90 166 44 14	114 25 24 54 54
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or mare Median	17 10 \$36 500	\$43 500	17 4 \$47 200	521 000	\$400 or more Medion	10 \$158	3 \$162	- \$152	\$157

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Data ore estim	0103 00300	on o somple	see miliou	oction. Tot	medining or sy	mbois, see iii	noddenon. To	de minoris (71 1011113, 30	с орренияс	3 × 0/10 0]		
		Price osked	— Specified	vocont for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	o units	
Fort Smith city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Tatal	328	5	145	78	90	10	36 500	1 310	229	808	225	38	10	158
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing far exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	328 -	5 -	145 -	78 -	90 -	10	36 500	1 284 26	208 21	803 5	225	38	10	158 82
BEDROOMS														
Nane	6 22 104 150 46	5	6 12 75 40 12	- 18 60 - -	5 11 44 30	- - 6 4 -	18 800 13 800 24 500 46 100 62 100	84 639 483 83 21	10 90 93 31 5	74 473 226 23 12	65 137 23	- 11 27 - - -	- - 6 4 -	128 157 173 153 129
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	79 18 46 70 31 84	- - - 5 -	- 8 45 21 71	15 3 20 25 5 10	64 5 18 - - 3	10 - - -	70 700 106 300 48 300 25 800 18 500 22 400	265 367 203 118 134 223	24 17 21 23 33	124 256 138 82 96 112	98 65 44 13 5	15 23 - - - -	4 6	190 171 161 129 129 100
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	328 	5	145 	78 	90 	10	36 500	290 993 27	85 117 27	161 647 -	34 191 -	38	10 - -	134 164 50—

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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A-2

REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data showr for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

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The 1980 census was conducted primarily

through self-enumeration. The principal

UTILIZATION

CHARACTERISTICS....

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its acconpanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data showr in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the censulas either housing units or group quarters Usually, living quarters are in structures in tended for residential use (e.g., a one family home, apartment house, hotel o motel, boarding house, mobile home o trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non residential use (e.g., the rooms in warehouse where a night guard lives), a well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a set arate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

ly other persons in the building and hich have direct access from the outside the building or through a common hall. ne occupants may be a single family, one erson living alone, two or more families ing together, or any other group of lated or unrelated persons who share livg arrangements (except as described in e next section on Group Quarters). For icant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intend-Loccupants whenever possible. If that inrmation cannot be obtained, the criteria e applied to the previous occupants. oth occupied and vacant housing units e included in the housing unit inventory cept that boats, tents, vans, caves, and e like are included only if they are ocipied as someone's usual place of sidence. Vacant mobile homes are inuded, provided they are intended for ocipancy on the site where they stand. Vaint mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, the factory, or in storage are excluded om the housing inventory.

omparability With 1970 Census Housg Unit Data - Although the 1980 census uta are generally comparable with 1970 nsus data, certain changes were inoduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 busing unit definition that required a unit have either (1) direct access or (2) comete kitchen facilities was modified. For 380, the complete kitchen facilities altertive was dropped, and direct access was guired of all housing units. In 1970, vant mobile homes were not counted as iusing units. For 1980, they were includin the housing inventory provided they ere intended for occupancy on the site here they stood.

oup Quarters—Group quarters are any ng quarters which are not classified as using units. There are two types of pup quarters: (1) institutional group arters, and (2) noninstitutional group 'arters. Institutional group quarters are ng quarters occupied by one or more rsons under care or custody, such as il ren in an orphanage, persons in a rsing home, and prisoners in a nitentiary. Noninstitutional group arters include living quarters such college-owned and/or operated dormiies, fraternity and soropiy houses, rses' dormitories, and boarding uses. In addition, noninstitutional oup quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report prese ts data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and femule householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit — Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics or duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner oc cupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not full paid for. All other occupied units and classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (sequestion H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enable a person to own an apartment or house in development of similar units and to hold common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individua unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted a such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970 owner-occupied cooperatives and cordominium housing units were identifie together. The 1980 census identifies onl condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant an renter-occupied condominium housin units, not just owner-occupied cordominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data o race of the householder were derived fror the answer to question 4, for the perso listed in column 1 of the census questior naire (see appendix E). The concept c race as used by the Census Bureau reflect self-identification by respondents; it doe not denote any clear-cut scientific defin tion of biological stock. Since the 198 census obtained information on rac through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people accordin

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrôte in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cesmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or ''Other'' race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent-of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "Mhite." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other"

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish! Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups. both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spa. sh origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living tooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

Nail

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PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood, "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all her median income amounts are derived the sugh pareto interpolation

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Cnaracteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

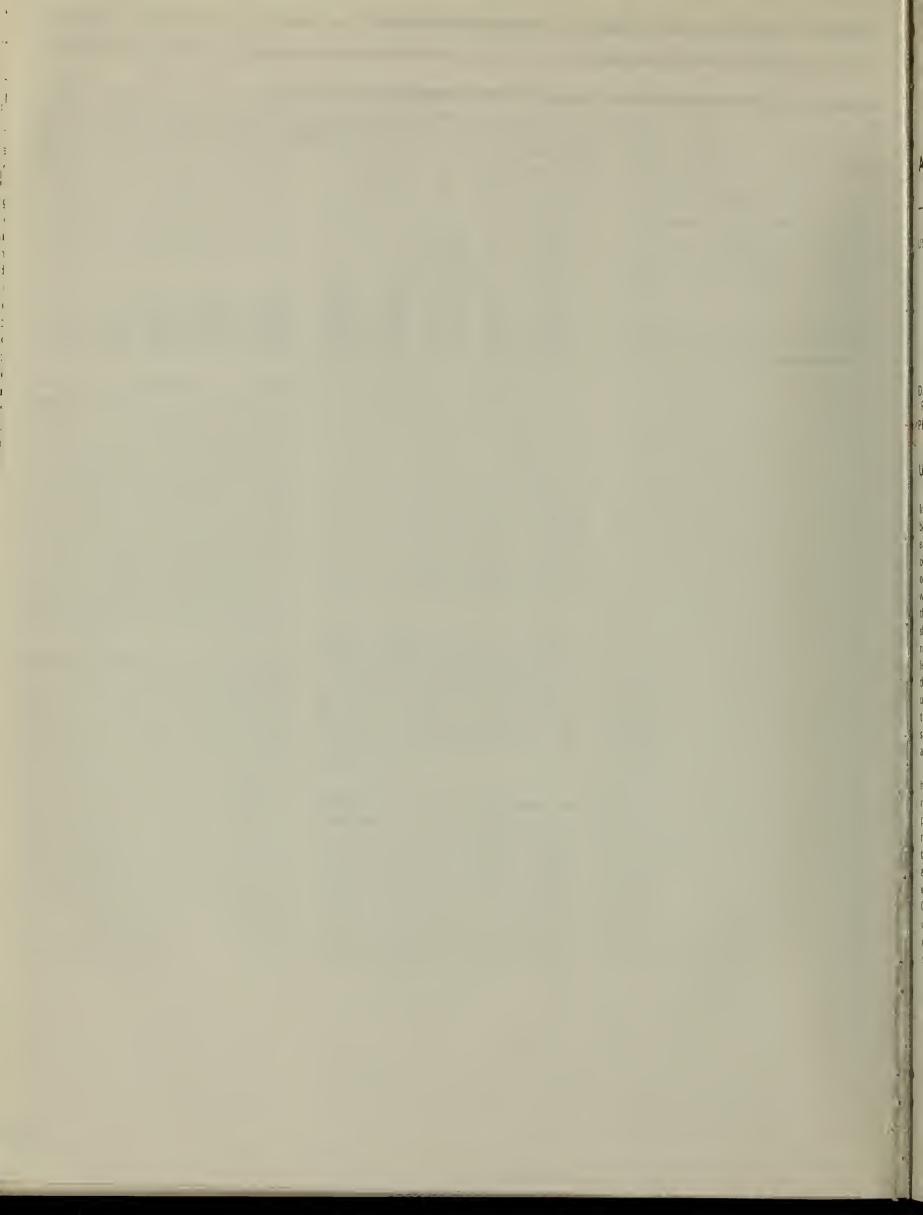
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or uncelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

	Weighted	Related children under 18 years									
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more	
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686									
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••		• • •			• • •		
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	
2 persons	4,723	4,723	•••								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •							
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844				•••			
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • • •		
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	• • •		• • •	
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512				
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		• • •	
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11, 936	11,835		
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024	



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE	C-1
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Crews of Merchant Vessels	C-1
Persons Away at School	C-1
Persons in Institutions	C-1
Persons Away From Their	
Residence on Census Day	C-1
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DATA COLLECTION	
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PROCESSING PROCEDURES	

USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

perations used to collect and process ensus data. For example, operations uch as editing, reviewing, or handling uestionnaires may introduce error into ne data. A more detailed discussion of ne sources of nonsampling error is given the section on "Control of Nonsamling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data two ways. Errors that are introduced andomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected the standard error. Errors that tend to e consistent in one direction will make oth sample and complete-count data iased in that direction. For example, if espondents consistently tend to underport their income, then the resulting punts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the ower income categories. Such biases are ot reflected in the standard error.

alculation of Standard Errors

otals and Percentages-Tables A through in this appendix contain the informaon necessary to calculate the standard rors of sample estimates in this report. order to perform this calculation, is necessary to know the unadjusted andard error for the characteristic, given table A or B, that would result under a mple random sample design (of persons, imilies, or housing units) and estimation chnique; the adjustment factor for the articular characteristic estimated, given table C; and the number of housing nits in the tabulation area and the ercent of these in sample, given in ible D. The adjustment factors reflect ie effects of the actual sample design nd complex ratio estimation procedure sed for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard ror of an estimate for a geographic area, allow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se and Se of estimates x and y:

Se
$$(x+y) = Se_{(x-y)} = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons. the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I—Type of Household

Group

Persons in Housing Units With a

Family With Own Children

	raining with Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
2 3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	Persons in All Other Housing
	Units
11	1 person in housing unit
12-16	2 persons in housing units
12 10	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit
	in nousing unit

	Group	Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder
์ ว า	1 2	Householder Nonhouseholder (including pe
1	Stage	e III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin
3 7 1	Group	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Male
	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 to 4 years of age 5 to 14 years of age 15 to 19 years of age 20 to 24 years of ag 25 to 34 years of ag 35 to 44 years of ag 45 to 64 years of ag 65 years of age or olde
	9-16	Female Same age categories a groups 1 to 8
(17-32	Persons Not of Spanish Origin Same age and sex cate gories as groups 1 to 16
1 ;	33-64	Black Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
r 1 (65-96	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32
1	97-128	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

categories as groups 1 to 32 Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately

not listed above)

Other Race (includes those races

Same age-sex-Spanish origin

equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census

sample.

129-160

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 householdtype categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I—Type of Household

	igo i Type of Household
Group 1 2 3 4 5	Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit 3 persons in housing unit 4 persons in housing unit 5 to 7 persons in housing unit 8 or more persons in housing unit
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
11 12-16	All Other Housing Units 1 person in housing unit 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
Stage	II—Tenure/Race and Origin

of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
F	Renter
81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin Rent Categories \$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$30C to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500+ Other Renter No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
147-168	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the guestionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for

households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	$\frac{2}{}$ Slze of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110	16 22 35 50 70 110
10 000 15 000 25 000	- - -	- -	- -	-	- -	1,0	230 250	210 250 310	220 270 340	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350	220 270 350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 10 000 000		-	-	- - - - -	- - - - -	-	-	310 - - - - -	510 550 - -	570 630 790 - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

^{1/} For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage	Base of percentage												
rereemage	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2 3.0	1.8	1.5 2.1	1.3 1.7	1.0	0.7 0.9	0.6 0.8	0.5 0.7	0.3 0.4	0.2 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8 5.0	3.9 4.1	3.4 3.5	2.8 2.9	2.1 2.2	1.5 1.6	1.2	1.1	0.7 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2

^{1/} For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

²/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

Percent of persons or housing units in sample1

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	1.0	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	1.0	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.2	1.1	0.6
Stories in structure	0.8	0.5	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.8	0.5	0.5
Persons in unit	1, 1	1.0	0.5
Year structure built	1. 1	1.0	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.1	0.5
Rooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1, 1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household		1	
income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	1.0	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	1.0	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for		•••	•••
exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in sample			
The SMSA	80 442	20.0			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Fort Smith city	30 385	15.8			



Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.
 - A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.
- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attend I even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- 119. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocary store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rant to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day By the week	30 4
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shad or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A *public sewer* is operated by a government body or a private organization. A *septic tank or cesspool* is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20**. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- **H21.** Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Dther fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26**. Answer Yes *only* if the telephone is located *in* your living quarters.
- **H27.** Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- **H30.** Heport taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - **d.** Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

- 30. If the person was an employee of a *private* nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:
 - Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.
- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this
official Census Form
and mail it back on
Census Day,
Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

If the addr plasse writ	ese ehowi a the cor	n below rect epai	has the rtment n	wrong a umbar o	partment in or location l	dentification, nere:
DO	Al		A2	A4	A5	A6

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U S Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved OMB No 41-\$78006 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please.

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only, and
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

ge 2			THE HOUSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3		
Here are the	These are the columns for ANSWERS	PERSON in column 1 Last name	PERSON in column 2 Last name		
QUESTIONS	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial		
2. How is this person related to the person in column 1? Fill one circle. If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1: Husband/wife O Father/mother Son/daughter Other relative — Brother/sister If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee		
3. Sex Fill on	e circle.	○ Male Female	○ Male		
4. Is this person		White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify — Indian (Amer.) Print tribe	White Asian Indian Black or Negro Hawaiian Japanese Guamanian Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify Indian (Amer.) Print tribe		
a. Print age at b. Print month	lonth and year of birth last birthday. In and fill one circle. In the spaces, and fill one circle In number.	a. Age at last birthday b. Month of birth Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec. C. Year of birth 9 1 0 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 8 6 8 6 8 7 9 9 9 9	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday b. Month of birth Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec. C. Year of birth 9 1 0 1 2 0 2 3 0 3 0 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 0 9 9 9		
6. Marital stat	us	Now married Separated	○ Now married ○ Separated		
Fill one circl	e.	Widowed Never married Divorced	Widowed		
origin or de	le.	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		
attended re any time? kindergarten, e	uary 1, 1980, has this person egular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, elementary school, and schooling which school diplome or college degree.	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	 No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related 		
 9. What is the highest grade (or year) of regular school this person has ever attended? Fill one circle. If now attending school, mark grade person is in. If high school was finished by equivalency test (GED), mark "12." 		Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school – Skip question 10	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Never attended school — Skip question 10		
grade (or	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year) Did not finish this grade (or year)		
FIII one circ	cie.	CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OI ON OO		

Page 3

	NOW PLEASE ANSW	VER QUESTIONS H1—H12 Page 3
PERSON in column 7 Last name	If you listed more than	R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial If relative of person in column 1:	H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here once in a while and has no other home?	H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? O No O Yes, a condominium
O Husband/wife O Father/mother O Son/daughter O Other relative O Brother/sister	 Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. No 	H10. If this is a one-family house — a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? O Yes No
If not related to person in column 1: O Roomer, boarder O Other O Partner, roommate nonrelative O Paid employee	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now — for example, on a vacation or In a hospItal? O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. No	b. Is any part of the property used as a commercial establishment or medical office? O Yes O No
O Male Female O White O Asian Indian	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Yes — On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one at the home address to report the person to a census taker.	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium unit which you own or are buying – What is the value of this property, that is, how
O Black or Negro Hawaiian O Japanese Guamanian C Chinese Samoan Filipino Eskimo Korean Aleut Vietnamese Other — Specify	No	much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Do not answer this question if this is — A mobile home or trailer A house on 10 or more acres A house with a commercial establishment
a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1 1 8 0 0 0 0	 4 apartments or living quarters 5 apartments or living quarters 6 apartments or living quarters 7 apartments or living quarters 8 apartments or living quarters 9 apartments or living quarters 	or medical office on the property Less than \$10,000 \$50,000 to \$54,999 \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 \$15,000 to \$17,499 \$60,000 to \$64,999 \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,000 to \$69,999 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70,000 to \$74,999
b. Month of birth 9 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 0 0	O 10 or more apartments or living quarters This is a mobile home or trailer H5. Do you enter your living quarters — Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Through someone else's living quarters? H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	\$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,000 to \$79,999 \$25,000 to \$27,499 \$80,000 to \$89,999 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$35,000 to \$39,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$40,000 to \$44,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$45,000 to \$49,999 \$200,000 or more
Oct.—Dec. Now married Separated Widowed Divorced	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower? Yes, for this household only Yes, but also used by another household No, have some but not all plumbing facilities	What is the monthly rent? If rent is not paid by the monthly rent. C Less than \$50 O \$160 to \$169
No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicand Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No plumbing facilities in living quarters H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters?	\$50 to \$59 \$170 to \$179 \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 \$70 to \$79 \$190 to \$199 \$80 to \$89 \$200 to \$224 \$90 to \$99 \$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274
No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	H8. Are your living quarters — Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household Rented for cash rent? Occupied without payment of cash rent?	- \$110 to \$119
Highest grade attended: O Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year,	A4. Block A6. Serial B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant u	nits D. Months vacant F. Total
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	O O O O O O O O O O	onal/Mig. — Skip C2, status C3, and D. ent ale only ed or sold, not occupied for occasional use r vacant C Less than 1 month 1 up to 2 months 6 up to 12 months 1 I I 2 2 or more years 2 2 c 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 1. O Mail return C Less than 1 month 1 up to 2 wonths 2 up to 6 months 2 up to 6 up to 12 months 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6
O Did not finish this grade (or year) CENSUS A. O N O O	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	2. 0 0 Pop./F 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9

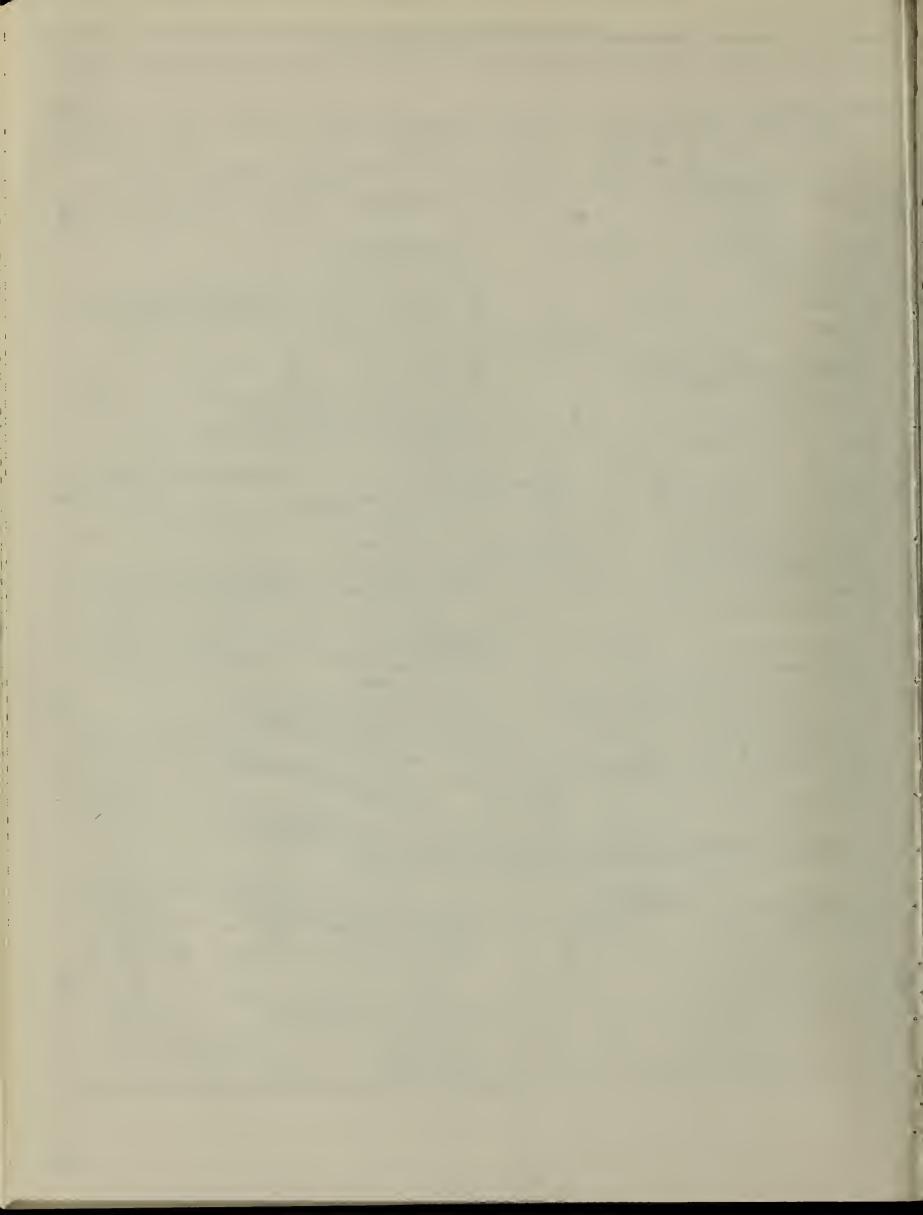
ege 4	ALSO ANSWER THESE	QUESTIONS
H13. Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant.	C Gas: from underground pipes	USE
A mobile home or trailer	serving the neighborhood Coal or coke	H22a.
A one-family house detached from any other house	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP	000
A one-family house attached to one or more houses	O Electricity O Other fuel	III
A building for 2 families	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	2 2 2
A building for 3 or 4 families		3 3 3
A building for 5 to 9 families	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating?	c- c- c-
A building for 10 to 19 families	Gas: from underground pipes Coal or coke	5 5 5
A building for 20 to 49 families	serving the neighborhood	666
A building for 50 or more families	Gas: Dottled, tank, or LP	? ? ?
A boat, tent, van, etc.	O Electricity O No fuel used	8 8 8
	O Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9 9 9
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking?	Н22Ь.
Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes	O Gas: from underground pipes	000
	serving the neighborhood	III
1 to 3 — Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 13 or more stories	Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Wood Other fuel	8 8 8
4 to 6 0 13 or more stories	© Electricity © No fuel used	3 3 3
h to the common planeter in this building?	Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	9- 9- 9-
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?	5 5 5
. Yes No	a. Electricity	6 6 6
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	8 8 8
H15a. Is this building —	Average monthly cost Clectricity not used	9 9 9
On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16		
On a place of 1 to 9 acres?	b. Gas \$ 00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	H22c.
On a place of 10 or more acres?	Cas not used	000
	Average monthly cost	III
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products	c. Water	2 2 2
from this place amount to —	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	3 3 3
C Less than \$50 (or None)	Yearly cost	9- 9- 9-
550 to \$249	d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.	5 5 5
	\$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	6 6 6
H16. Do you get water from —	Yearly cost These fuels not used	7 7 7
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?		9 9 9
An individual drilled well?	H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities	3 9 9
C An individual dug well?	are a sink with piped water, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.	H22d.
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, clstern, etc.)?	O Yes O No	0000
H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer?	H24. How many bedrooms do you have?	1111
Yes, connected to public sewer	Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.	8888
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool	O No bedroom O 2 bedrooms O 4 bedrooms	3 3 3 3
No, use other means	O` 1 bedroom C 3 bedrooms O 5 or more bedrooms	4444
1130 About the second of the s	LIGHT 11 Light 1 Light	5555
H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.	H25. How many bathrooms do you have? A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and	2 2 2 2
	wash basin with piped water.	8888
0 1979 or 1980 0 1960 to 1969 0 1940 to 1949	A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does	9999
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier	not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
○ 1970 to 1974	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into	1 complete bathroom	
this house (or apartment)?	1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	0000
_ 1979 or 1980	2 or more complete bathrooms	1111
1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier		3333
2 1970 to 1974 Always lived here	H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters?	9999
1960 to 1969	O Yes O No	5 5 5 5
H20. How are your living quarters heated?	H27. Do you have air conditioning?	6666
Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most.	Yes, a central air-conditioning system	2 2 2 3
Steam or hot water system	Yes, 1 individual room unit	8888
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	Yes, 2 or more individual room units	9959
(Do not count electric heat pumps here)	O No	0.0.0.0
Electric heat pump		1111
Other built-in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members	2533
or baseboard)	of your household?	3 3 3 3
	O None O 2 automobiles	444
○ Floor, wall, or pipeless turnace	○ 1 automobile ○ 3 or more automobiles	5555
Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	6666
Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (nor portable,		7777
Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind	O None O 2 vans or trucks	8888
No heating equipment	1 van or truck 3 or more vans or trucks	9999

0000000000

Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house	Pag
which you own or are buying, unless this is -	
A mobile home or trailer	
A house on 10 or more acres	ou rent your unit or this is a
A condominium unit	skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property	
10. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?
	Also Include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.
\$.00 OR None	
31. What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	\$ 00 OR No regular payment required — Skip to page 6
	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
\$ 00 OR None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?
	Yes, taxes included in payment
32a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include
○ Yes, contract to purchase	payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?
O No — Skip to page 6	Yes, insurance included in payment
b. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance
O Yes O No	Places turn to page 6
	Please turn to page 6
	S.S. T T T S.S. T T T T T S.S. T T T T T
	4. (5) 2. 4. (6) 2. 4. (7) 4. (8) 2. 4. (9) 4. (10) 4.
	4.

The presence of the continuity was this person borns First name Mode limit					
List nimed State with persons have been promoted from the State when the State wh	3 Doi: 10000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Did this person work at any time <u>last week?</u> Yes — Fill this circle if this ONO — Fill this circle			
An analysis of the same state of the company of the same of the company of the same state of the co	Last nama First name Middle initial Born April 1965 or later —	time or part time, did not work,			
D. Mare of Sore or facego country. or Nueto Rec. (Som, etc.) 12. If may greate we form or or foreign country. or Nueto Rec. (Som, etc.) 13. If this person a naturalized citize of the United States or No. (Som, etc.) 14. If may greate we form or or foreign country. or Nueto Rec. (Som, etc.) 15. If the mark beautiful of title or No. (Som, etc.) 15. If the mark beautiful of title or No. (No. or No. or N	Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No	such as delivering papers, housework, or helping without pay in school work, a family business or farm. or volunteer			
2. If this person we born or foreign country, or Nerth Res, Count, etc.	b. Attending college?	in the Armed Forces.)			
12. July parane us to min in foreign country — a 1s this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? Ves. part leaf forces of the United States? No. not a citizen — Born phonod of American parents South and the person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1969 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1960 1970 to 1974 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1960 130. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? Ves. part leaf concentration of the language? 1975 to 1980 0 1965 to 1964 0 Before 1960 0 1960 to 1964 0 1960 to 1964 0 Before 1960 0 1960 to 1964 0 1960 to 196	h i	How many hours did this person work last week			
Service in the Armed Forces of the United States* If Structure was in ** immediation Armencan parents* b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1990 0.1956 to 1996] 0.1950 to 1999 1970 to 1974 0.1960 to 1964 0.8 etroe 1950 133. Does this person speak a language other than English at home! 14. What is this language? 14. What is this language? 15. What is this language? 16. Were well Not well Not well Not well Not at all 16. Were well Not at all Not well Not at all 17. For example: Afro-Armer, English, French, Germen, Hondium, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Persons (Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Jamions, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Parapora, Korzen, Lebtzens, Mangrous (rath, Itahian, Pa	12. If this person was born in a foreign country — a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the Yes, full time Yes, part time	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.			
Born abroad of American parents b. When did this person come to the United States to stay? 1975 to 1980 0.1964 to 1995 0.1995 to 1995 1970 to 1974 0.1960 to 1995 0.1995 to 1995 133. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? 134. What is this language? 135. What is this language? 136. What is this language? 137. What is this language? 138. What is this language? 139. Does this person speak English? 139. What is this language? 149. What is this language? 150. What is this person's ancestry: If uncertoin about how to report officially, see mitroction guide. 150. Limits the white of an amount of which has parson which has parson which has parson which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 150. Limits the speak of the which parson speak English? 151. What is this person's ancestry: If uncertoin about how to report officially, see mitroction guide. 152. Did this person lave in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 153. Did this person lave in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 154. What is this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months. 155. Did this person white in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 155. Did this person lave in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 156. Limits the wind of an amount of the distorter. 156. When any bables has she ever on the work in the incorporated of the intervention guide. 157. Prevents this person the wind of the distorter. 158. Did this person lave in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 159. Did this person lave in this house five years ago (April 1.1975)? 150. When the did this person lave the work in the did this person which has a lasted for 6 or more on this person which has a lasted for 6 or more on this person which has a lasted for 6 or more on this person which has lasted for 6 or more on this person which has lasted for 6 or more on this person which has lasted for 6 or more on this person which has lasted for 6 or more on thi	service in the Armed Forces of the United States?	Hours			
b. When did this person come to the United States to Stay? 1975 to 1980	Born abroad of American parents If service was in N' tional Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.				
1975 to 1980 to 1964 to 1960 to 1964 Before 1950 130. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O'vis No, only speaks English - Skip to 14 b. What is this language? 19. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O'vis No, only speaks English - Skip to 14 b. What is this language? 19. Does this person speak English? O'very well O'Not at all o'very well O'very o'very well O'very well O'very well O'very well O'very	b. When did this person come to the United States				
13. Does this person speak a language other than 190 to 190 t	1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959 Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.	a Address (Number and street)			
English at home? No nonly speaks English — Skip to 14 World War I (April 1917-November 1918) World War I (April 1917-November 1918) Any other time 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted to 6 or more months and which. Limits the kind or armount or work in person and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or correcting, see instruction guilde. 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted to 6 or more months and which. Limits the kind or armount or work in person and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or correcting, see instruction guilde. 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted to 6 or more more more and the place of work this person or and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or every more and the person working at a job? Limits the person or working at a job? C. Limits or prevents this person and of at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or work in this person and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or work in this person and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? C. Limits or prevents this person and of at a job? C. Limits or prevents this person and of at a job? C. Limits or prevents this person and of at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or working at a job? Well Well Not at all breach or wo	1970 to 1974				
b. What is this language? 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 2. How well does this person speak English? 3. Well Not at all or work this person can do at a job? 4. What is this person's ancestry! If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. 20. If this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 3. Limits the kind or armount or working at a job? 4. What is this person's ancestry! If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. 20. If this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 3. Limits the kind or armount of working at a job? 4. County: 20. If this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 3. Limits the kind or armount of working at a job? 4. County: 20. If this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. 3. Limits the person was a just a just of work this person have a physical, mental, or other health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition which has lasted for 6 or more more health conclition. 4. Limits or prevents this person from working at just of the distinct o	English at home? O Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)	If street address is not known, enter the building name,			
b. What is this language? 19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health concition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which	Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14 World War I (April 1917—November 1918) b. I				
health concition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which. c. How well does this person speak English? very well Not at all 14. What is this person's ancestry; if uncertain about how to report encestry, see instruction guide. 25. Limits or prevents this person from working at a job? 26. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 27. Of this person is a female About to report encestry, see instruction guide. 28. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 29. Of this person is a female About to report encestry, see instruction guide. 20. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 20. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation? 21. If this person has ever been married once than once? 22. If this person has ever been married once than once? 22. If this person has ever been married or of marriage? 23. If this person has ever been married or than once? 24. Last week, how long did ft usually take this person than once? 24. Last week, how long did ft usually take this person than once? 24. Last week, how long did ft usually take this person than once? 25. If this person has ever been married or than once? 26. Once 27. Month and year of marriage? 28. How did this person usually get to work last we first marriage? 29. Month and year of the first marriage? 29. Month and year of marriage? 29. Month and year of marr	b. What is this language?				
C. How well does this person speak English? O Very well O Not wall Not at all O Prevents this person can do at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person how to report ancestry; see instruction guide. Description of work this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O C. Limits or prevents this person form working at a job? O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	health condition which has lasted for 6 or more	Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)			
O Very well O Not wall O Not at all O Not wall O Not at all O Prevents this person from working at a job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O C. Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O Non I Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O Non I Limits or prevents this person from working at job? O Non I Limits or prevents the secure of the from this prevent and the prevent and the prevent and the prevent and the preven	(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.) a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount Yes No				
14. What is this person's ancestry: If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. 20. If this person is a female how any pablies has she ever had, not counting stillibirths? Co not count the stephtlidren or children she has adopted. 21. If this person has ever been married and this person home to work (one way)? 22. If this person has ever been married more than once? A last this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in callege or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for No. different house No. different house D. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (April 1, 1975)? (April 1, 1975)? (I) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guarn, etc.: Car of saidence then and one than once than	O Vary well C Not well —	- 105 Too, in alimeorporated area			
1.4. What is this person's ancestry, see instruction guide.	c. Limits or prevents this person	County			
had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count he stepchildren To 8 9 10 11 12 or or or hildren she has adopted. To children s	how to report ancestry, see instruction guide. 20. If this person is a female — None I 2 3 4 5 6 e. S	State t. ZIP Code			
Comparison Com	had not counting stillbirths? 24a. I				
Singerian, Polish, Ukralnian, Venezuelan, etc.) Sa. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes. this house — Skip to 16 No. different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guarn, etc.: C2) County: C2) County: C3	(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran), or Children she has adopted.				
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place of residence there. Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next person next person Yes. this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (I) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of residence three, Month and year of first marriage? of inst marriage? Month and year of first marriage? of that city, town, village, etc.? Month and year of first marriage? of that city, town, village, etc.? Month and year of first marriage? of first marriage? of first marriage? of horth (Year) Month and year of first marriage? of first marriage? of horth (Year) Month of Year) (Month) (Year) (Mon	Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.) 21. If this person has ever been married —				
b. Month and year of first marriage? Born April 1975 or later — Turn to next page for next person Yes, this house — Skip to 16 No, different house b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guam, etc.: Car Truck Month Walked only Worked at home Subway or elevated Other — Specify— If an I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago Once O More than once	If this person used more than one method, give the one			
Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person Yes. this house - Skip to 16 No. different house	If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place b. Month and year Month and year	O Car Taxicab			
Yes, this house - Skip to 16		_			
No. different house Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	○ Yes, this house — Skip to 16				
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? (1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico. Guam, etc.: (2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? (5) No. (6) Yes (7) Yes (8) No. (9) Yes (1) No. (1) Yes (1) No. (1) Yes (2) No. (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	○ Subway or elevated ○ Other — Specify ————————————————————————————————————			
Per 11. 13b. 14. 15b. 23.	b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)? Otherw	vise, skip to 28.			
Guam, etc.: No.	(1) State, foreign country,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I		O 12			
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.? (5) SSS SSS SSS SSS SSS SSS SSS SSS SSS S		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			
1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(2) County: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits ? ??? ??? ???? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ??? ?	(3) Only, town,	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5			
0 000 000 000 000 000	iniago, otc	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6			
O Yes O No, in unincorporated area 999 9	(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			

c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person		CENSU	S USE ONLY
Drive alone — Skip to 28 Drive others only		days, at a paid job or in a busines	ss or farm?	221 22	. 22.1
Share driving Ride as passenger only	21b.	Yes	No - Skip to 31d	31ь. 31	c. 31d.
I. How many people, including this person, usually rode	1 1 1 1			C . 10	00
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	, , ,	b. How many weeks did this person	work in 1979?	1 1 1	: 1 1
2 4 0 6	1 11 -	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, at			3 3 3
3 0 5 7 or more				3	0.10.9
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	l		Weeks	'	3 5 5
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job		c. During the weeks worked in 1979) how many hours did	1	
or business last week?	1.	this person usually work each we	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2 0
	IV	The posters are any work each we			8 8
 Yes, on layoff Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc 			Hours		9 9
No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979	(it any) how many works	222	32b.
	4	was this person looking for work			
Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	?	was this person looking for work	or on rayon nonra job:	1	1111
—	1 I		Weeks		
0. 11412	┤	22 1		1 ,	
o. Could this person have taken a job <u>last week?</u>	L' ,	32. Income in 1979 — Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		1 0 0	
○ No, already has a job		If net income was a loss, write "Loss" a	have the dallar amount	, -	755
O No, temporarily ill		If exact amount is not known, give best		6	5560
No, other reasons (in school, etc.) Yes, could have taken a job		received jointly by household members,		7111	11116
res, could have taken a job		Dunian 2070 did di	a any income for a state	8:1:1:0	1
When did this person last work, even for a few days?		During 1979 did this person receive	ve any income from the	- · · · · · · · ·	1 1 1 2 1
1980 1978 1970 to 1974	28	following sources?	Manager and all	A 3) O A G
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier > Skip to	ABC	If "Yes" to any of the sources below -		32c.	32d.
Never worked 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?		0000	0000
20.00 statement in broadinities	-	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonu		. [] 1	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	DEF	all jobs Report amount before	deductions for taxes, bonds,	ė	1
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which		dues, or other items.		13 1	1
this person worked the most hours.	G H J	Yes - \$.00	4 4 6	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for		No (A)	nnual amount - Dollars)	6 1 15 (
last job or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partners	hip, or professional		
Indus**y	" " "	practice Report net income al		8.88	i
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		Yes - c	.00	, 9.	9.56
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	1	No *		0 A) AC
			nnual amount - Dollars)	 	
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)		c. Own farm		32e.	32f.
	-	Report net income after operating exp	penses, include earnings as	000	
b. What kind of business or industry was this? Describe the activity at location where employed.		a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1 1	
Describe the activity at location where employed.		Yes → \$.00	1 , 2 ,	
		No (A)	nnual amount – Dollars)	1 100	
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,		d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or r	net rental income	5	
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	-	Report even small amounts credited to	o an account.	651	- 1
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		Yes → s	.00	L L L	
Manufacturing Retail trade Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction	AF NW	No	nnual amount – Dollars)	: .	3 3 3
Wholesale trade Other (agriculture, construction service, government, etc.	j NW			995	1 1 30 50 50
Occupation	20	e. Social Security or Railroad Retire	ement	32g.	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	Yes → \$.00	-	
	NPQ	O No (A)	nnual amount – Dollars)	1111	
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	1 0 0	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid	to Families with	1 4 1 1 3	
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or o		3333	
b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?		or public welfare payments		9-9-9-0	
	UVW	○ Yes → §	.00	5 5 5	5 5 5 1
(For example, Potions and display his		O No	nnual amount – Dollars)	6666	6 6666
(For example Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	$\int x y z$			1 1 1 1 1	7777
Was this person — (Fill one circle)	7.	g. Unemployment compensation, v		18988	
Employee of private company, business, or		of income received regularly	•	1.3115	, , , , ,
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions		Exclude lump-sum payments such as			0 A 0
	Ţι	or the sale of a home.		īī	
Federal government employee		→ O Yes → §	00		5 8 8 8 8 8 8
State government employee	₹ + 3	O No	.00.		3 3 3 3 3
Educat government employee (city, county, etc.)	٠. : ٩-	(A.	nnual amount - Dollars)		
Self-employed in own business,	, 5	33. What was this person's total incor	me in 1979?		5 5 5 5 5
professional practice, or farm —	6,56	Add entries in questions 32a	.00		6666
Own business not incorporated O	(through g; subtract any losses.	.00	7 7 1	7 7 7 7
	1 774	11			
Own business incorporated	· A	If total amount was a loss, (A.	nnual amount – Dollars) OR ○ None		38 888



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.	
PUBLICATIONS		HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-	
Population and Housing Census		tial Finance	F-4
Reports	F_1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary	•
PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F1	Reports	F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts		Evaluation and Reference	
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	1 –2	Reports	F_4
teristics for Governmental			' 7
Units and Standard Metro-		PHC80-E, Evaluation and	F-4
politan Statistical Areas	F_2	Research Reports	
PHC80-4, Congressional	' -2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports.	F-4
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R1, Users' Guide	F-4
Congress	F_2	PHC80-R2, History	F-4
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Estimates of Social, Eco-		Index of Industries and	F-4
nomic, and Housing		Occupations	1 -4
Characteristics	F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified	
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	_	Index of Industries and	F-4
mates of Social, Economic,		Occupations	1 —4
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic	
Population Census Reports	F-2	Identification Code Scheme	F_1
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	' -2		
teristics of the Population	F_2	COMPUTER TAPES	
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ber of Inhabitants	F_2	STF 1	F-4
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Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 3	F-4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General		STF 4	
Social and Economic		STF 5	
Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tape Files	F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		P.L. 94-171, Population	
Detailed Population		Counts	F-5
Characteristics	F-3	Master Area Reference Files	
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject		1 and 2 (MARF)	F-5
Reports	F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual	
PC80-S1, Supplementary		Independent Map Encoding	c
Reports	F-3	(GBF/DIME) Public-Use Microdata	r-5
Housing Census Reports	F-3	Samples	E _5
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-		Census/EEO Special File	F_5
teristics of Houng Units	F-3		
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MAPS	
General Housing		MICROFICHE	
0.701.001.731.03	F-3	STF : Microfiche	F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,		STF 3 Microfiche	F-5
Detailed Housing	E 2	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche	F-5
Characteristics	r - 3		
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-			
politan Housing	г о	GENERAL	
Characteristics	r-3	SEITEITAL	
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports	E 2	The results of the 1980 Census of	Popu-
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	F-3	lation and Housing are issued in	
nents of Inventory Change	F_3	forms: printed reports, computer	
	1 – 0	ppator	

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C. Chapter C. General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Ricc and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

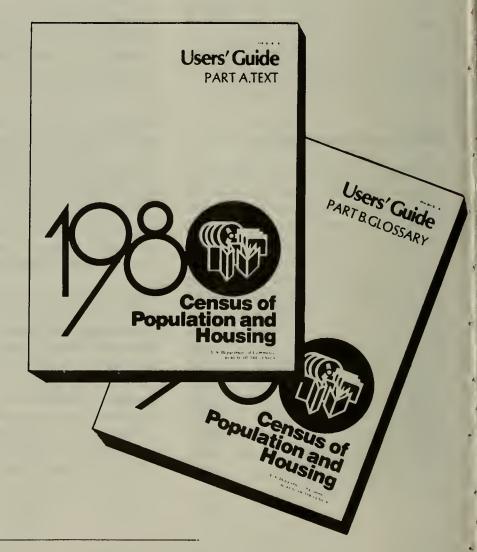
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance-Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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Census REF HD 7293 .A56x 1983 v.2 pt.162 c.1 Census of housing (1980).

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