

NAME OF WITNESS: HAYASHIDA, Kenjiro

REQUESTED BY : MINAMI, Jiro

DATE : 3 April 1947

Completed as to Items 1 - 5, 7 - 8.

378

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Colonel Gilbert S. Woolworth
FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IFS.
SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

LIST OF MATERIAL AVAILABLE
Additional Information

2. Please acknowledge receipt of this memorandum by initialing and returning attached carbon copy to this office, Room 300.

E. P. M.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

CONFIDENTIAL

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
FAR EAST COMMAND
Military Intelligence Section, General Staff
Civil Intelligence Section

General Activities
APO 500
5 April 1947

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

SUBJECT: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

First Secretary of Japanese Embassy in Manchukuo and
China.
Councillor of the Japanese Embassy.

Mar 1941

Overseas student at TUNG-WEN College, Shanghai.

CONFIDENTIAL

Encl 2

REPORT BY: Lt. John A. Curtis
12 March 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

SUBJECT: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

No further information concerning the above is contained
in the files of IPS.

COPIES: 3 File
1 Mr. Newbill

Personal Record of HAYASHIDE Kenjiro.

Social Status and Permanent Domicile: Commoner of Wakayama Prefecture.

Date of birth: August, Meiji 15/1882/.

Name: HAYASHIDE Kenjiro.

March, Meiji 34, 1901	Finished the course of the First Middle School of Wakayama Prefecture.		
April, 1902	Entered the Toa Dobun Shoin/ East Asia Common Script Institute/		
March, 1905	Finished the course of the same.		
June 11, 1907	Appointed Foreign Ministry interpreter	Foreign Ministry	
	Given 9th grade salary.	"	"
	Ordered to serve in China	"	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance	"	"
June 26, 1907	Report submitted to and sanction given by The Throne for his accepting an appointment with the Chinese Government, remaining in his post, receiving his salary, and with the regulations for official employees still applicable to him.		Cabinet
March 31, 1910	Relieved of his appointment with the Chinese Government; his post being abolished, retired.		
March 1, 1912	Given ¥20 as an official of more than two years' standing.		Foreign Ministry
March 4, 1912	Appointed Foreign Ministry interpreter.		
	Given 10th grade salary.	"	"
	Ordered to serve in China.	"	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance	"	"
March 31, 1912	Given 9th grade salary	"	"
June 30, 1912	Given 8th grade salary	"	"
July 1, 1913	Ordered to serve in Mukden	"	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance	"	"
Dec. 25, 1913	Given 7th grade salary	"	"
June 30, 1915	Given 6th grade salary	"	"

Apr. 7, 1916	Decorated with the 8th class Order of the Sacred Treasure and granted ¥1000 for his services in the Incident of 1914-15.	Bureau of Decorations.
June 30, 1916	Appointed Foreign Ministry chancellor Given 6th grade salary Ordered to serve in Mukden Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance	Foreign Ministry " " " " " "
Feb. 16, 1917	Ordered to serve in Shanghai Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance	" " " "
June 30, 1917	Given 5th grade salary	" "
Dec. 28, 1918	Given 4th grade salary	" "
Dec. 28, 1919	Given 3rd grade salary	" "
Jan. 15, 1920	Appointed vice-consul. Raised to the 7th rank of the higher civil service. Granted 3rd grade salary; ordered to serve in Shanghai.	Cabinet Foreign Ministry
Feb. 10, 1920	Raised to the junior grade of the 7th class Court rank.	
Feb. 28, 1920	Decorated with the 7th class Order of the Sacred Treasure.	
Aug. 18, 1920	Regulations for Ranks and Salaries of the Higher Civil Service revised and given effect in August.	
Apr. 7, 1921	Granted 2nd grade salary.	
Nov. 1, 1920	Decorated with the 6th class Order of the Sacred Treasure and given a grant of ¥300, for his services in the Incident of 1915-1920.	
Sept. 17, 1921	Appointed Foreign Ministry commissioner (Rijikan) Raised to the 7th rank of the higher civil service. Granted the 5th grade salary	Foreign Ministry.

	Was ordered to serve in the First Section of the Intelligence Bureau.	
April 7, 1922	Granted Fourth grade salary.	
June 20, 1922	Was ordered to serve on the staff of Japanese members of /Joint Committee provided by the Treaty for the Solution of SHANTUNG Problem.	Cabinet.
June 30, 1922	Was promoted to the Sixth grade of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet.
July 20, 1922	XXXXXX Granted the Senior Grade of the Seventh Court rank.	
Jan. 16, 1923	appointed consul. Granted the Sixth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Granted Second grade Salary.	Foreign Ministry
	Ordered for service at Hanking	" "
May 31, 1924	Awarded Order of the Single Rays of the Rising Sun (because of Services rendered in the Washington Conference)	
March 31, 1925	promoted to the Fifth Rank of the Higher Civil Service	Cabinet
" " "	Granted the Second Grade Salary	Foreign Ministry.
April 15, 1925	Promoted to the Junior grade of the Sixth Court Rank ,	
Oct. 24, 1925	Appointed First-class Legation Interpreter. Granted the Fifth Rank of the Higher Civil Service. Granted Second Grade Salary	Cabinet Foreign Ministry.
	Was ordered for service in China.	
Oct. 26, 1925	Ordered to serve on the staff of the Imperial Delegates Special Conference at the Chinese Customs Duty.	Cabinet

March 3, 1926	Ordered to serve on the staff of the Imperial Cabinet Members of the Committee Regarding Extra- territoriality in the Chinese Republic	Cabinet
Sept. 29, 1926	Relieved of his post in China.	Foreign Ministry
	Allowed one third of the regular salary while on the waiting list.	"
Nov. 29, 1926	Awarded the Fifth Order of the Sacred Treasure.	
July 28, 1928	Ordered to serve on the staff of the Japanese Delegation the the Ninth Session of the General Assembly of the League of Nations at Geneva, Switzerland.	Cabinet
April 27, 1929	Appointed Consul.	
	Conferred the Rank of the Fifth Grade of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Granted Second Grade Salary.	War Ministry
June 29, 1929	Appointed Second-class Legation Secretary	
	Promoted to the Fifth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Granted First Grade Salary.	
	Ordered to service in China.	Foreign Ministry
Dec. 28, 1929	Promoted to Fourth Grade of the Higher Civil Service	Cabinet
	Granted Second Grade Salary	Foreign Ministry
Feb. 1, 1930	Promoted to the Senior Grade of the Sixth Court Rank.	
Feb. 26, 1932	Appointed to serve on the Staff of the Delegates to the League's China Investigation Committee	Cabinet
June 18, 1932	Appointed Consul.	
	Promoted to the Fourth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Granted Second Grade Salary.	
	Ordered for duty at Mukden.	Foreign Ministry

Aug. 20, 1932	Appointed Second-class Embassy Secretary	
	Promoted to the Fourth Grade of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Appointed to the staff of the Envoy Extraordinary and Ambassador Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo.	"
	Granted Second Grade Salary.	Foreign Ministry
	In accordance with Article 1 of Imperial Ordinance No. 228 issued in 1932 the matter of the application of the Rules for Official employees was reported to the Throne.	Cabinet
	Ordered for duty in Manchukuo.	Foreign Ministry
Nov. 30 and 31, 1932	Concurrently appointed Consul.	
	Promoted to the Fourth grade of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Ordered for duty at Mukden.	Foreign Ministry
March 10, 1933	Relieved of his concurrent post.	Cabinet
Dec. 26, 1934	Granted First Grade Salary.	Foreign Ministry
Feb. 15, 1935	Promoted to Junior Grade of the Fifth Court Rank.	
Apr. 29, 1934	Awarded the Order of the Double Rays of the Rising Sun (because of services rendered in the Incident of 1931-1934).	
May 11, 1936	Granted the Fourth Order of the Sacred Treasure.	
Nov. 26, 1936	Appointed First-class Embassy Secretary.	
	Promoted to the Third Rank of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Ordered for duty in Manchukuo.	Foreign Ministry
Apr. 28, 1938	Ordered for duty in the Chinese Republic.	"
Mar. 1, 1940	Promoted to Senior Grade of the Fifth Court Rank.	

- Mar. 19, 1941 Appointed Embassy Councillor. Promoted to the Second Rank of the Higher Civil Service. Appointed for duty in the Chinese Republic. Cabinet
- Mar. 20, 1941 Relieved of this post at his own request. Cabinet
- Apr. 16, 1941 Promoted to the Junior Grade of the Fourth Court Rank as an act of grace from the Throne.
- Apr. 29, 1940 Awarded the Small Cordon of the Rising Sun for services rendered in the Chinese Incident.

HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

Request by: ITAGAKI, OKAWA, MINAMI, UMEZU, HOSHINO

Address: No. 371, Nichome, Kitagawa, Setagayaku,
Tokyo, Japan

Facts to be proved - He was an interpreter attendant on
the ex-Emperor Pu-Yi and wrote the Diarentitled "Trevel in
Company with the Emperor of Manchukuo".

Relevancy - The attitude of the ex-Emperor towards
Japan.

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Pedro Lopez, Associate Prosecutor,
Philippines Division.

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IPS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

LIST OF MATERIAL AVAILABLE
Additional Information

2. Please acknowledge receipt of this memorandum by
initialing and returning attached carbon copy to this office,
Room 3001.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Div.,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Captain James J. Robinson, USNR
FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IPS.
SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

LIST OF MATERIAL AVAILABLE
Additional Information

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Room 300.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. William E. Edwards.

FROM: Edward F. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IPS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

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on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

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Additional Information

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initialing and returning attached carbon copy to this office,
Room 300.

EDWARD F. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. Smith N. Crowe

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IPS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshihiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

LIST OF MATERIAL AVAILABLE
Additional Information

2. Please acknowledge receipt of this memorandum by
initialing and returning attached carbon copy to this office,
Room 300.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Lt. Colonel T. Mornane, Associate Prosecutor,
Australian Division.

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IFS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

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Additional Information

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Room 300.

EDWARD P. MCNAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Colonel Gilbert S. Woolworth

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IFS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

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OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

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Additional Information

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Room 300.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Major General A.N. Vasilyev, Associate Prosecutor,
U.S.S.R.

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative
Division, IPS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available
on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

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Additional Information

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Room 300.

EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

Request by: ITAGAKI, OKAWA, MINAMI, UMEZU, HOSHINO

**Address: No. 371, Nichome, Kitagawa, Setagayaku,
Tokyo, Japan**

**Facts to be proved - He was an interpreter attendant on
the ex-Emperor Pu-Yi and wrote the Diarentitled "Travel in
Company with the Emperor of Manchukuo".**

**Relevancy - The attitude of the ex-Emperor towards
Japan.**

REPORT BY: Lt. John A. Curtis
12 March 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

SUBJECT: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

No further information concerning the above is contained
in the files of IPS.

COPIES: 3 File
1 Mr. Newbill

Checked by Capt J. S. Stout
Translated by T. KAWA I.

Personal Record of HAYASHIDE Kenjiro.

^{Government Service}
Social Status: a commoner of Wakayama Prefecture.

Date of ~~his~~ birth: August, Meiji 15/1882/.

His name: HAYASHIDE Kenjiro.

^{Meiji 34}
March, 1901 Finished the course of the First Middle School

of Wakayama Prefecture.

(EAST ASIA COMMON SCRIPT INSTITUTE)

April, 1902 Entered the Jōa Dōbun Shoin.

March, 1905 Finished the course of the same.

June 11, 1907 Appointed ^{Foreign Ministry} interpreter of ~~foreign affairs~~.

Foreign Ministry

Given 9th-grade salary.

"

Ordered to serve in China.

"

	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance.	"
June 26, 1907	<p>Report submitted to, & sanction given by</p> <p>It was reported to the Throne and was sanctioned</p> <p>that he could ^{for his} accepting an appointment under ^{with}</p> <p>the Chinese Government, remaining in his</p> <p>post, and receiving his salary, and that ^{with} the</p> <p>regulations for ^{official employees still applicable to him} people in office should be applied</p> <p>to him</p>	Cabinet
March 31, 1910	<p>Relieved of his appointment ^{with} by the Chinese</p> <p>Government; his post being abolished,</p> <p>retired.</p>	
March 1, 1912	<p>Given ¥20, ^{as an official of} because he was in office for more</p>	

	than two years' standing.	Foreign Ministry
March 4, 1912	Appointed ^{Foreign Ministry} interpreter of foreign affairs .	"
	Given 10th grade salary.	"
	Ordered to serve in China.	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance.	"
March 31, 1912	Given 9th grade salary.	"
June 30, 1912	Given 8th grade salary.	"
July 1, 1913	Ordered to serve in Mukden.	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance.	"
Dec. 25, 1913	Given 7th grade salary.	"
June 30, 1915	Given 6th grade salary.	"

Apr. 1, 1916	Decorated with the 8th class Order of the Sacred Treasure and granted ¥100, for his services in the Incident of 1914-15.	Bureau of Decorations
June 30, 1916	Appointed ^{Foreign Ministry} chancellor of foreign affairs .	Foreign Ministry
	Given 6th grade salary.	"
	Ordered to serve in Mukden.	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance.	"
Feb. 16, 1917	Ordered to serve in Shanghai.	"
	Given ¥1,000 as a service allowance.	"
June 30, 1917	Given 5th grade salary.	"
Dec. 28, 1918	Given 4th grade salary.	"

Dec. 28, 1919	Given 3rd grade salary.	"
Jan. 15, 1920	Appointed vice-consul.	
	Raised to the 7th rank of the higher civil service.	Cabinet
	Granted 3rd grade salary; ordered to serve in Shanghai.	Foreign Ministry
Feb. 10, 1920	Raised to the junior grade of the 7th class Court rank.	
Feb. 28, 1920	Decorated with the 7th class Order of the Sacred Treasure.	
Aug. 18, 1920	Regulations for Ranks and Salaries	

of the Higher Civil Service —

revised and ^{given} ~~with~~ effect in August.

- Apr. 7, 1921 Granted 2nd grade salary.
- Nov. 1, 1920 Decorated with the 6th class Order of the Sacred Treasure and given a grant of ¥300, for his services in the Incident of 1915-1920.
- Sep. 17, 1921 Appointed ^{Foreign Ministry} commissioner ^(RISIKAN) ~~of foreign~~ ~~affairs~~.
- Raised to the 7th rank of the higher civil service.

Granted the 5th grade salary.

7
Foreign
Ministry

J. Maruyama.

Was ordered to serve in the First Section of the Intelligence Bureau.

April 7, 1922 ~~was allowed~~ ^{Granted} the Fourth ^{Grade} ~~Rate~~ salary.

June 20, 1922 was ordered to ^{serve on the staff of} ~~be in attendance upon~~ the Japanese members of the Joint Committee provided by the Treaty for the Solution of SHANTUNG Problem.

Cadet

June 30, 1922. Was promoted to ~~the rank of~~ the Sixth Grade of the Higher Civil Service. Cabinet

July 20, 1922 ~~was promoted~~ ^{Granted} the Senior Grade of the Seventh Court Rank.

Jan. 16, 1923 ~~was~~ appointed Consul.

~~Was conferred~~ ^{Granted} the Sixth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.

Cabinet

~~Was allowed~~ ^{Granted} the Second ^{Grade} ~~Rate~~ Salary.

Foreign Ministry

~~Was~~ ^{for service at} Ordered ¹ ~~to~~ Nanking.

11

May 31, 1924

~~Was conferred~~ ^{Awarded} the Order of the Single Rays of the Rising Sun (because of ~~the~~ services rendered in the Washington Conference).

March 31, 1925

~~Was~~ promoted to the Fifth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.

Cabinet

" " "

~~Was~~ ^{Granted} allowed the Second ^{Grade} ~~Rate~~ Salary.

Foreign Ministry

April 15, 1925

~~Was~~ promoted to the Junior Grade of the Sixth Court Rank.

Oct. 24, 1925	Was appointed ^{-class Legation} First Interpreter of the Legation.	
	Was ^{Granted} conferred the Fifth Rank of the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	Was ^{Granted} allowed the Second ^{Grade} Rate Salary.	Foreign Ministry
	Was ordered ^{for service in China} to the Chinese Republic. to	"
Oct. 26, 1925	Was ordered to ^{serve on the staff of} follow the Imperial Delegates Cabinet at the Special Conference of the Chinese Customs Duty.	
March 3, 1926	Was ordered to ^{serve on the staff of} follow the Imperial members Cabinet of the Committee Regarding the extra-territori- ality in the Chinese Republic.	

Sept. 29, 1926

~~Was ordered home.~~ Relieved of his post in China

Foreign
Ministry

~~Was~~ allowed one third of the regular salary
while ~~remaining~~ on the waiting list.

" "

Nov. 29, 1926

^{Awarded}
~~Was conferred~~ the Fifth Order of the Sacred

Treasure

July 28, 1928

~~Was~~ ordered to ^{serve on the staff of} ~~follow~~ the Japanese dele- Cabinet

gation to the ninth Session of the General

Assembly of the League of Nations at Geneva,

Switzerland.

April 27, 1929

~~Was~~ appointed Consul.

~~Was~~ conferred the Rank of the Fifth Grade Cabinet
of the Higher Civil Service.

^{Granted}
~~Was allowed the Second ^{Grade} Rate Salary.~~

Foreign
Ministry

~~Was~~ Ordered to ^{for} ~~leave~~ duty at Hankow

" "

June 29, 1929

~~Was~~ Appointed Second ^{-class Legation} Secretary of ~~The Legation~~

~~tion~~

^{Granted} Promoted to
~~Was conferred the Fifth Rank of the~~

Cabinet

Higher Civil Service.

^{Granted}
~~Was allowed the First ^{Grade} Rate Salary.~~

~~Was~~ ordered ^{for service in} ~~to~~ China

Foreign
Ministry

Dec. 28, 1929

~~Was~~ promoted to ~~the Rank of the~~ Fourth Grade

of the Higher Civil Service

Cabinet

^{Granted}
~~Was allowed the Second ^{Grade} Rate Salary~~

Foreign
Ministry

Feb. 1, 1930

~~Was~~ promoted to the Senior Grade of the

Sixth Court Rank.

Feb. 26, 1932

~~Was~~ appointed ^{to serve on the Staff} ~~Member of the Suite~~ of the Cabinet
^{Delegates} ~~Japanese Counsellors~~ to the League's Invest-
^{China} ~~igation Committee of the Chinese Affairs~~

June 18, 1932

~~Was~~ appointed Consul.

^{Promoted to} ~~Was conferred~~ the Fourth Rank of the Cabinet

Higher Civil Service.

^{Granted} ~~was allowed~~ the Second ^{Grade} ~~Rate~~ Salary.

~~Was~~ ordered ^{for} to be on duty at Mukden. Foreign Ministry.

Aug: 20, 1932

~~Was~~ appointed Second ^{-class Embassy} Secretary of the
~~Embassy~~

^{Promoted to the} ~~was conferred~~ the Rank of the Fourth Grade Cabinet

of the Higher Civil Service.

~~was~~ appointed ^{to the staff} ~~member of the Suite~~ of the

Envoy Extraordinary and Ambassador

Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo.

~~was allowed~~ ^{granted} the Second ^{Grade} ~~Rate~~ Salary.

Foreign
ministry

In accordance with Article I of ~~the~~ Impe- Cabinet

rial Ordinance ^{No 228} issued in 1932, applica- ^{the matter of the}

tion of the Rules ^{for Official employees} ~~for Office holders~~ was

reported to the Throne.

~~was~~ ordered ^{for} ~~to be on~~ duty in Manchukuo.

~~Cabinet~~
Foreign
ministry

30 and
Nov. 31, 1932
^

~~was~~ ^{concurrently} appointed Consul ~~in addition~~

~~was conferred~~ ^{Promoted to} the Rank of the Fourth

	Grade of the the Higher Civil Service.	Cabinet
	was ordered to ^{for} be on duty at Mukden.	Foreign ministry
March 10, 1933	was relieved of ^{his Concurrent} the Additional Post.	Cabinet
Dec. 26, 1934	^{Granted} was allowed the ^{Grade} First Rate Salary.	Foreign ministry
Feb. 15, 1935	^{Promoted to} was conferred the Junior Grade of the Fifth Court Rank.	
April 29, 1934	^{Granted} was conferred the Order of the Double Rays of the Rising Sun (because of the services rendered in the Incident of 1931 to 1934).	
May 14, 1936	^{Granted} was conferred the Fourth Order of the Sacred Treasure.	
Nov. 26, 1936	was appointed First ^{-class Embassy} Secretary of the	

~~Embassy.~~

~~Was~~ promoted to the Third Rank
of the Higher Civil Service

Cabinet

~~Was~~ ordered to ~~be on~~^{for} duty in Manchukuo.

Foreign
ministry

April 28, 1938

~~Was~~ ordered to ~~be on~~^{for} duty in the Chinese
Republic.

"

March 1, 1940

~~Was~~ ^{Promoted to} ~~conferred the~~ Senior Grade of the Fifth
Court Rank.

March 19, 1941

~~Was~~ appointed ^{Embassy} Councillor of ~~the Embassy~~

~~Was~~ promoted to the Second Rank
of the Higher Civil Service.

Cabinet

~~Was~~ ^{Appointed for} ~~ordered to be on~~ duty in the Chinese

Republic.

March 20, 1941	^{This} was relieved of the post of Councillor ^{his own} of the Embassy at request.	Cabinet
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April 16, 1941	^{Promoted to} was conferred the Junior Grade of the Fourth Court Rank as an act of grace from the Throne.	
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April 29, 1940	^{Awarded} was conferred the Small Cordon of the Rising Sun (^{for} because of the services rendered in the Chinese Incident).	
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375

15 April 1947

MEMORANDUM FOR: Mr. William E. Edwards.

FROM: Edward P. Monaghan, Acting Chief, Investigative Division, IPS.

SUBJECT: Defense Witnesses.

1. Please find attached hereto list of material available on the following witnesses subpoenaed by the Defense:

DEFENDANTS: ITAGAKI, Seishiro
OKAWA, Shumei
MINAMI, Jiro
UMEZU, Yoshijiro
HOSHINO, Naoki

WITNESS:
HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

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Additional Information

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E. P. M.
EDWARD P. MONAGHAN,
Acting Chief, Investigative Division,
International Prosecution Section.

1 Incl.
(Described above)

C O N F I D E N T I A L

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
FAR EAST COMMAND
Military Intelligence Section, General Staff
Civil Intelligence Section

General Activities
APO 500
5 April 1947

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

SUBJECT: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

First Secretary of Japanese Embassy in Manchukuo and
China.
Councillor of the Japanese Embassy.

Mar 1941 Overseas student at TUNG-WEN College, Shanghai.

C O N F I D E N T I A L

file

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

22 April 1947

[Handwritten signature]

MEMORANDUM

TO : Mr. David N. Sutton

FROM : Smith N. Crowe, Jr.

SUBJECT: Manchurian Phase - HAYASHIDE, Kenjuro and NAKAMURA,
Kotaro

Please find attached hereto additional information on
the above witnesses.

Incls:
(As indicated abv)

Smith N. Crowe Jr.
SMITH N. CROWE, JR.
Assistant Counsel

HAYASHIDE, Kenjuro

The above witness received the following decorations in addition to those already forwarded to you:

1. April 26, 1937 - 5th Order (Gracious Cloud) Medal issued by Manchoukuo, bestowed by the Foreign Ministry for the advancement of friendly relations between Japan and Manchoukuo.
2. April 29, 1940 - The Minor Cordon of the 4th Order of the Rising Sun bestowed by the Foreign Ministry for achievement in the China Incident.
3. September 11, 1941 - 4th Order (State Pillar) Medal issued by Manchoukuo, bestowed by the Foreign Ministry for advancement of friendly relations between Japan and Manchoukuo.

File

INTERNATIONAL PROSECUTION SECTION

21 April 1947

MEMORANDUM

TO : Mr. David Sutton
FROM : Mr. Smith N. Crowe, Jr.
SUBJECT: Witnesses HAYASHIDE and MATSUKI

Find attached hereto further information on the above witnesses as forwarded to me by the Investigative Division.

2 Incls:
(as listed abv)

Smith N. Crowe Jr.
SMITH N. CROWE, JR.
Assistant Counsel

C O P Y

C O N F I D E N T I A L

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS
FAR EAST COMMAND
Military Intelligence Section, General Staff
Civil Intelligence Section

General Activities
APO 500
5 April 1947

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

SUBJECT: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

First Secretary of Japanese Embassy in
Manchukuo and China.
Councillor of the Japanese Embassy.

Mar 1941 Overseas student at TUNG-WEN College,
Shanghai.

C O N F I D E N T I A L

C O P Y

DOC. NO. 2971-A

Name: HAYASHIDO, Kenjiro

<u>Year and Date</u>	<u>Kind of Decoration</u>	<u>Distinguished Service</u>	<u>Ministry Bestowing</u>
29 Apr 1934	The Fifth Order of the Rising Sun with Dual Rays	At Manchukuo Incident	Foreign Ministry
29 Apr 1940	The Minor Cordon of the Fourth Order of the Rising Sun	China Incident	Foreign Ministry
26 Apr 1937	Fifth Order (Gracious Cloud) Medal issued by Manchukuo	Friendly relations between Japan and Manchukuo	"
11 Sept 1941	Fourth Order (State Pillar) Medal issued by Manchukuo	"	"

Name: SHIMAMOTO, Shoichi

29 Apr 1934	The Intermediate Cordon of the Third Order of the Rising Sun	Manchukuo Incident	War Ministry
29 Apr 1934	The Fourth Order of the Golden Kite	"	"
29 Apr 1940	The Second Order of the Rising Sun with Double Rays	China Incident	"

Name: TAKEDA, Hisashi

29 Apr 1934	The Minor Cordon of the Fourth Order of the Rising Sun	Manchukuo Incident	"
29 Apr 1940	The Intermediate Cordon of the Third Order of the Rising Sun	China Incident	"
29 Apr 1940	The Fourth Order of the Golden Kite	"	"

Name: YAMAGUCHI, Juji

29 Apr 1934	The Sixth Order of the Rising Sun with Single Rays	Manchukuo Incident	"
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Name: NAKAMURA, Kotaro

<u>Year and Date</u>	<u>Kind of Decoration</u>	<u>Distinguished Service</u>	<u>Ministry Bestowing</u>
29 Apr 1934	The Grand Cordon of the First Order of the Rising Sun	Manchukuo Incident	War Ministry
9 May 1934	First Order (Gracious Cloud) Medal issued by Manchukuo	"	Foreign Ministry
27 Nov 1942	Grand Cordon of the First Order (Dragon Rays) Medal issued by Manchukuo	China Incident	"

2971-A

C E R T I F I C A T E

W.D.C. No. _____

I.P.S. NO. _____

Statement of Source and Authenticity

I, Yoshihide YASUTOMI, hereby certify that I am officially connected with the Japanese Government in the following capacity: Secretary of the Bureau of Decorations, and that as such official I have custody of the document hereto attached consisting of 2 pages, dated _____, 19____, and described as follows: Kenjiro HAYASHIDE, Shoichi, SHIMAMOTO, Hisashi TAKEDA, Juji YAMAGUCHI, and Kotary NAKAMURA.

I further certify that the attached record and document is an official document of the Japanese Government, and that it is part of the official archives and files of the following named ministry or department (specifying also the file number or citation, if any, or any other official designation of the regular location of the document in the archives or files): The Bureau of Decoration.

Signed at the Bureau of Decorations, Tokyo on this 17th day of April, 1947.

Yoshihide YASUTOMI
Signature of Official

Witness: Katrukiro ISHIBASHI
Seal

Seal
Secretary of the Bureau of
Decorations
Official Capacity

Statement of Official Procurement

I, R. H. Larsh, hereby certify that I am associated with the General Headquarters of the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, and that the above certification was obtained by me from the above signed official of the Japanese Government in the conduct of my official business.

Signed at Tokyo on this 17th day of April, 1947.

Richard H. Larsh
Name

Witness: Henry SHIMOJIMA

Investigator, IPS
Official Capacity

NAME OF WITNESS: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

REQUESTED BY : MINAMI, Jiro

DATE : 3 April 1947

Completed as to Items 1 - 5, 7 - 8.

WITNESS PROGRESS REPORT

HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

Date: 3 April 1947

Completed as to Items Numbers 1, 2, 7 & 8.

Partially completed as to Items Numbers 6.

Item 9: *NONE*

Smith N. Crowe Jr.
SMITH N. CROWE, JR.
Assistant Counsel

WITNESS: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

(IV) RELEVANCY: He wrote the Diary "Travel in Company with the Emperor of Manchukuo", and would testify the attitude of the ex-Emperor of Manchukuo towards Japan.

(V) Personal Data--see following page

(VI) Prosecution's Evidence

Record pp. 4,261-4,262

Witness Fu Yi admitted HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro was in his suite when he visited Japan.

Dr. KIYOSE: "Here another book must be introduced into the Proceedings, Mr. President, and this is by this Japanese, HIYASHIDE, Kenjiro, a travelogue which he wrote as a member of the Emperor of Manchukuo's entourage. In this book the Manchukuo Emperor's words are quoted as follows: 'After my return to Manchukuo I shall have a rescript issued in which I wish to give directions to my people, and I also wish to order my government to see to it that these directions are carried out giving directions for the future of my people.'"

THE PRESIDENT: "Did you say that, Witness, as the book states?"

THE WITNESS (FU YI): "Well, during the time we were traveling, the Japanese Director of the General Affairs Bureau had already told me what I should say when I got into Japan."

CHINESE MONITOR: "Told me that there will be an Imperial Rescript after I got back to Manchuria."

.....

THE WITNESS (FU YI): "At that time, whatever statement I was about to make was told to me by YOSHIOKA. I had absolutely no freedom of speech."

FU YI was not permitted to visit his ancestral tombs by order of UMEZU (Record p. 4,147); he was ordered to visit Japan (Record p. 4,157-4,158). As to the establishment of the National Foundation Shrine, it was not a voluntary act either. UMEZU and other Japanese insisted that Shintoism be introduced into Manchukuo in accordance with the fixed policy of Japan. (Record pp. 4,169-4,175). YOSHIOKA supervised FU YI during the trip to Japan and explained to him the SHINTOISM. (Record pp. 4,270-4,277)

PERSONAL DATA OF HIYASHIDE, Kenjiro

Aug 1882	Born
June 1907	Report submitted to and sanction given by the Throne for his accepting an appointment with the Chinese Government, remaining in his post, receiving his salary, and with the regulations for official employees still applicable for him.
Mar 1910	Relieved of his appointment with the Chinese Government; his post being abolished, retired.
Mar 1912	Appointed Foreign Ministry interpreter. Ordered to serve in China.
July 1913	Ordered to serve in Mukden.
Feb 1917	Ordered to serve in Shanghai
Jan 1920	Appointed vice-consul, ordered to serve in Shanghai
Sept 1921	Appointed Foreign Ministry commissioner (Rijiken)
June 1922	Ordered to serve on the staff of Japanese members of Joint Committee provided by the Treaty for the Solution of Shantung Problem.
Jan 1923	Ordered for service at Nanking.
Mar 1926	Ordered to serve on the staff of the Imperial Members of the Committee Regarding Extraterritoriality in the Chinese Republic.
Sept 1926	Relieved of his post in China.
Feb 1932	<u>Appointed to serve on the Staff of the Delegates to the League's China Investigation Committee (Note: the Chinese Division, IFS, believes that this is a Japanese rendering of the Lytton Commission.)</u>
June 1932	Appointed Consul. Ordered for duty at Mukden.
Aug 1932	Appointed second-class Embassy Secretary, to the staff of the Envoy Extraordinary and Ambassador Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo. In accordance with Article 1 of Imperial Ordinance No. 228 issued in 1932 the matter of the application of the Rules for official employees was reported to the Throne.
Apr 1934	Awarded the Order of the Double Rays of the Rising Sun for services rendered in the Incident 1931-1934.
May 1936	Granted the Fourth Order of the Sacred Treasure
Nov 1936	Appointed first-class Embassy Secretary. Ordered for duty in Manchukuo.
Apr 1938	Ordered for duty in occupied China.
Mar 1941	Appointed Embassy Councillor, promoted to the second rank of the Higher Civil Service, for duty in occupied China.
Apr 1940	Awarded small cordon of the Rising Sun for services rendered in the China Incident.

17 April 1947

MEMORANDUM RE: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro

I. Subpoena subject of testimony - The witness was an interpreter attendant on the Ex-Emperor PU-YI and will testify regarding the attitude of the Ex-Emperor toward Japan.

II - Information from the Investigative Division - The Curriculum Vitae indicates that the witness is a career diplomat, having served throughout his life in the service of the Foreign Ministry. The pertinent listings from the Curriculum Vitae, according to the subject of testimony, are the following:

- Feb. 26, 1932 - Appointed to serve on the Staff of the Delegates to the League's China Investigation Committee (Cabinet)
- June 18, 1932 - Appointed Consul.
- Promoted to the Fourth Rank of the Higher Civil Service (Cabinet)
- Granted Second Grade Salary.
- Ordered for duty at Mukden (Foreign Ministry)
- Aug. 20, 1932 - Appointed Second-Class Embassy Secretary
- Promoted to the Fourth Grade of the Higher Civil Service (Cabinet)
- Appointed to the staff of the Envoy Extraordinary and Ambassador Plenipotentiary to Manchukuo. (Cabinet)
- Granted Second Grade Salary. (Foreign Ministry)
- In accordance with Article 1 of Imperial Ordinance No. 228 issued in 1932 the matter of the application of the Rules for Official employees was reported to the Throne. (Cabinet)
- Ordered for duty in Manchukuo. (Foreign Ministry)
- Nov. 30 and 31, 1932 - Concurrently appointed Consul.
- Promoted to the Fourth grade of the Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet)
- Ordered for duty at Mukden. (Foreign Ministry)

(Memorandum re: HAYASHIDE, Kenjiro, (contd))

- March 10, 1933 - Relieved of his concurrent post. (Cabinet)
- Apr. 29, 1934 - Awarded the Order of the Double Rays of the Rising Sun (because of services rendered in the Incident of 1931-1934).
- Dec. 26, 1934 - Granted First Grade Salary. (Foreign Ministry)
- Feb. 15, 1935 - Promoted to Junior Grade of the Fifth Court Rank.
- May 11, 1936 - Granted the Fourth Order of the Sacred Treasure.
- November 26, 1936 - Appointed First-class Embassy Secretary.
Promoted to the Third Rank of the Higher Civil Service. (Cabinet)
Ordered for duty in Manchoukuo. (Foreign Ministry)
- Apr. 28, 1938 - Ordered for duty in the Chinese Republic. (Foreign Ministry)

III - Examination of case file - There is no casefile on this witness.

IV - Cross-reference file on case file - there is no cross-reference file on this witness.

V - Evidentiary document card file in Document Division - This source has not been investigated.

VI - Reference in evidence to witness or to the subject matter of his testimony. - There is no reference in the evidence to this witness by name.

The witness may testify to the strength of PU-YI in conducting the administration of Manchoukuo or to other matters indicating that Manchoukuo was independent. In such event, the matters attached hereto dealing with the administration of Manchoukuo will be pertinent.

VII - Summary of the testimony given - This witness has not yet testified.

VIII - Decorations - There is no reference to this witness in the memorandum of March 11, 1947 relating to decorations.

IX - Non-listed investigation - None.

PROSECUTION EVIDENCE ON ADMINISTRATION IN MANCHURIA

1. Several of the witnesses called for the Manchurian Phase of the Defense case will testify, according to the information supplied by the Defense in their application for the production of the witness, regarding the puppet character of Manchuria and the administrative set up within this area. There is practically no reference to these witnesses by name in the evidence which has gone before. However, there has been considerable evidence on the subject matter of their intended testimony placed in the record by the Prosecution. In order to make available this vital source of information and put it in a concise form which can be attached to the report of those witnesses who will testify regarding this particular aspect of the Manchurian Phase, we have prepared this paper.

2. The evidentiary material which we think will be helpful in cross-examination and the reference to the record page or pages upon which it appears follows:

- a. Record 2277-2279 - A letter from NISHIO, Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army to FURUSO, Vice-Minister of War, dated December 9, 1935, contains the Kwantung Army's propaganda plan which should be carried out in parallel with military activity in North China. It provided that propaganda for Manchuria should be that the appearance of the Independent Government in North China was nothing but a concrete manifestation of their longing for the fine administration of the Manchurian Government.
- b. Record 2754-2784 - The Lytton Report was quoted in part showing the Japanese participation in the formation of the Government of Manchuria after the September 18th Incident and the predominate position taken by the Japanese Government in the formation and administration of the New State. The conclusions of the Lytton Committee to this effect are found on pages 2779 to 2780.
- c. Record 2784 - Excerpts from the Interrogation of ARAKI, Sadao, February 21, 1946, were introduced in evidence. In these ARAKI states that a cabinet meeting was held in February or March 1932, to form the Administration Committee to set up the Independent State of Manchoukuo. The Commander-in-Chief of the Kwantung Army, HONJO, first requested that an independent state be set up with Henry PU-YI as its head. ARAKI approved the plan.

(Prosecution Evidence on Administration in Manchuria, (Contd))

- d. Record 2792 - KARAGI, Ryomei states in his testimony that, at the time he was associated with the Self-Government Guiding Board in Manchuria, there were 120 members of the Board, of which approximately fifteen were Chinese or Manchurian, and the money to support the organization came from the Kwantung Army with which they operated in close cooperation.
- e. Record 2817-2823 - Minutes of the Cabinet Conference Meeting of March 1st, 1932, at which time matters relating to the foreign relations of the New State of Manchukuo and policies creating it independent were discussed. On page 2818, the statement is made that Japan should grasp real power by gradually enlarging the number of Japanese in powerful positions in the Government of Manchuria.
- f. Record 2826-2827 - Minutes of the Cabinet Council Meeting of April 11, 1932 - This stated that the New State of Manchuria shall employ authoritative advisors from Japan and "make them the highest advisors in connection with the financial, economic and general political problems" and "the New State shall appoint competent Japanese Nationals to the leading posts in the Privy Council, the Central Bank, and other organs of the New State". The railroads shall also be in the control of Japan.
- g. Record Pages 2827-2829 - Minutes of the Cabinet Council Meeting of May 3, 1932. This set up the policy concerning construction of the Kirin-Tunghua Railway Extension line, providing that the Tein-Fu Railway shall be purchased by Manchuria and the funds for this purpose credited by the South Manchuria Railway Company. The management of both lines is entrusted to the South Manchurian Railway Company.
- h. Record 2831-2833 - Minutes of the Cabinet conference meeting dealing with the development of aviation in Manchuria, which provided for establishing and acquiring rights in Manchuria and Mongolia, and, at the same time, insuring communications between Kwantung Army units. By this council meeting the Military Air Service was given permanentcy and was to be administered under the leadership and supervision of the Imperial Japanese Government.

(Prosecution Evidence on Administration in Manchuria, (contd))

- i. Record 2838-2847 - Two telegrams, one from the Commander-in-Chief of the Kwantung Army to the Vice-Minister of War, dated June 4, 1932, requesting that the Kwantung Army take over the customs houses, including that at Dairen and suggesting that the independence of Manchuria be recognized, and the other, a reply telegram from the War Minister, dated June 10, 1932, stating that it was not yet time to recognize Manchuria, or to discuss the questions of administrative rights in the South Manchurian Railway zone and the question of the Kwantung leased territory.
- j. Record 2851-2855 - An excerpt from the Lytton Report giving the conclusions regarding the Government of Manchuria. On page 2953, it states "as regards the 'government' and the public services, although the titular heads of the departments are Chinese residents in Manchuria, the main political and administrative power rests in the hands of Japanese officials and advisors".
- k. Record 2899-2902 - February 13 and March 8, 1946, Interrogations of ARAKI, Sadao, in which he states that he agreed with the Foreign Minister that Manchuria should be recognized as an independent state. He stated that the Kwantung Army requested this and that all the Cabinet members agreed on it.
- l. Record 2903-2911 - A message from the Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army, KOISO, Kuniaki, to Vice-Minister of War, YANAGAWA, Heisuke, dated November 3, 1932, which contained an outline for guiding Manchukuo. The gist of it was that Manchukuo should be developed as an independent state, should closely cooperate with Japan, should be directed and controlled by the Commander of the Kwantung Army, should be a unit in an economic "block" between Japan and Manchukuo, should enter into a defense system with Japan and should not be allowed to support political parties or bodies but the Manchurian people should "follow blindly".
- m. Record 2919-2924 - The Cabinet decision of 9 December, 1932 showed Japanese extension of the plan to dominate Manchuria by deciding to control the communication system of that country. This document shows that a telegraph, telephone and broadcasting company was to be formed to control this business in Manchuria. It was to be under the supervision of the Japanese and Manchurian Governments.
- n. Record 2927-2932 - This document is a cabinet decision, dated August 8, 1933, and was the guiding

(Prosecution Evidence on Administration in Manchuria, 1931-1945)

policy toward Manchuria. In short, it provided that Japan and Japanese officials were to be the guiding hands in the administration of Manchuria, and all of the military, economic, and business enterprises were to be coordinated under Japanese control.

- e. Record 2933-2936 - The Cabinet Council Meeting of December 22, 1932, provided for the creation and enforcement of monarchy in Manchuria.
- p. Record 2972-2982 - This is the proceedings of the Privy Council with reference to the signing of the protocol between Japan and Manchoukuo of September 13, 1932. ARAKI and HIRANUMA were present. This meeting agreed to the recognition of the State of Manchoukuo by Japan and provided for the control of Manchurian administration and economics by Japan. This protocol was approved unanimously. (Record 2994).
- q. Record 2939-2944 - The Cabinet decision of March 20, 1934, related a plan for the development of principal industries of Manchuria. It stated that these industries will be developed and will be under the protection and supervision of the Japanese empire.
- r. Record 2949-2959 - This is a supplementary agreement attached to the treaty with Manchoukuo of June 10, 1936. This agreement provided special privileges in Manchuria for Japanese Nationals, such as, reduced taxes, reduced punishments for law violations, that violations were to be handled by the Japanese consular officials until Manchurian officials could take over, and certain rights of taxation within the South Manchuria Railway Zone. It further provided that the scope of laws of Manchuria which covered Japanese subjects should be previously agreed upon through consultation between the Japanese Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to Manchoukuo and the Minister for Foreign Affairs to Manchoukuo.
- s. Record 2962-2966 - The decision of the Cabinet Council of October 22, 1937, provided for the establishment of a company to control heavy industry in Manchuria, said company to be controlled by the governments of Japan and Manchuria. The management of the company was directed to be AYBKAWA, Gisuke, the then President of the Japanese Nissen Company.

(Prosecution Evidence on Administration in Manchuria (contd))

- t. Record 2967-2971 - This is a letter from NISHIO, Toshizo, Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army, to FURUKO, Niki, Vice-War Minister, dated October 25, 1935, concerning plans for controlling the press and public opinion in Manchuria. This provided for the consolidation into one company, controlled by the Japanese Government, the Manchoukuo Government and the Manchurian Railway Company, of twelve newspapers and information bureaus in Manchoukuo.
- u. Record 2997-3001 - Three telegrams, one from the Commander of the Kwantung Army to the Vice-Minister of War and Vice-Chief of the General Staff, dated November 13, 1937, one from the Chief of the General Staff of the Kwantung Army to the Vice-Chief of the General Staff, dated May 14, 1938, and one from the Vice-Minister of War to the Chief of the General Staff of the Kwantung Army, dated May 24, 1938, dealing with foreign affairs in Manchoukuo. The first expressed the opinion that it would be timely for Manchoukuo to enter the Anti-Comintern Pact, by the side of Japan, Germany and Italy. The second stated the desire that this be accomplished. The third stated that Japan will assist Manchoukuo to enter the pact on favorable opportunity.
- v. Record 3001-3003 - A telegram from the Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army to the Vice-Minister of War and the Vice-Chief of the Army General Staff, dated December 16, 1940, requested whether negotiations for trade pact between Japan, Manchoukuo and Germany would be entered into and expressed the opinion that this would be in accordance with the spirit of the Tripartite alliance, which had just been signed.
- w. Record 3004-3005 - Two telegrams, one from the Chief of Staff of the Kwantung Army to the Vice-Minister of War, dated November 5, 1940, and the reply thereto, which dealt with the suggestion of changing the Manchoukuo Ambassador to Japan and the approval thereof by the Vice-Minister of War.
- x. Record 3023-3024 - MORISHIMA, Morito, the Vice-Consul-General at Mukden from 1930 to 1932

(Prosecution Evidence on Administration in Manchuria (contd))

testified: "There was no popular movement in Manchuria for the establishment of any independent government. This movement was sponsored and inspired by the Kwantung Army and the Self-Government Guiding Board, which was created by the Kwantung Army. All of the important and controlling positions in the puppet government were filled by Japanese selected by the Kwantung Army.

"Upon the establishment of the puppet Government, the Province of Jehol in Inner-Mongolia was declared to be within its sphere of influence. This move proved ineffectual because it did not have the support of the government nor the people of Jehol. When the Kwantung Army realized this situation, and the continued existence of the so-called Government of Chang Hsueh-Liang in Jehol, the Army proceeded to occupy Jehol and make it a part of the puppet regime by force. This puppet government continued to be dominated and controlled by the Kwantung Army until 1945. Japan officially recognized the independence of this Government in September 1932. This gesture in no wise altered the control and domination of the Government by the Kwantung Army."

- y. Record 3232 - John B. Powell testified that General DOIHARA was instrumental in getting General MA CHAN-SHAN to accept the job of Minister of Foreign Affairs in the puppet government of Manchuria.
- z. Record 3953-4051 - These pages contain the testimony of PU-YI and, of course, state that the Japanese Government and the Japanese officials, as well as the Kwantung Army, control the area of Manchuria after the year 1931.