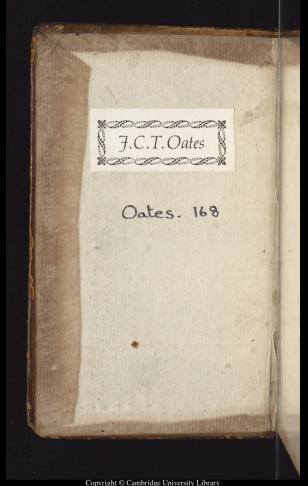
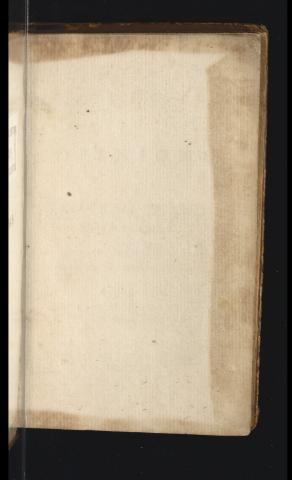
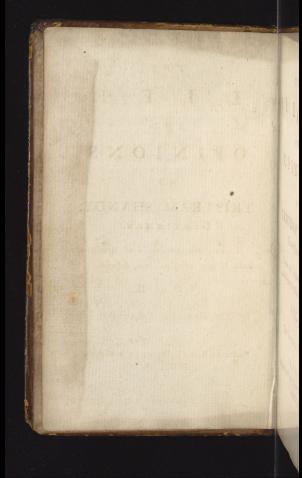


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#### THE

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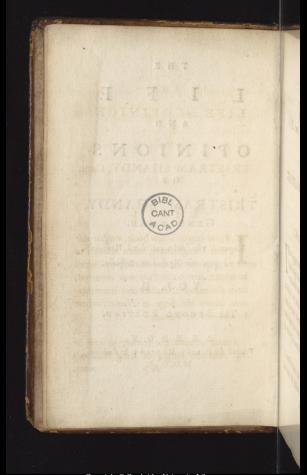
TRISTRAM SHANDY, GENTLEMAN.

Ταραστει τές Ανθεώπες έ τα Πράγμαία, αλλα τα σερι των Πραζμάτων, Δοίμαζα.

VOL. II.

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#### THE

LIFE and OPINIONS

#### OF

## TRISTRAM SHANDY, Gent.

#### CHAP. I.

Have begun a new book, on purpofe that I might have room enough to explain the nature of the perplexities in which my uncle Toby was involved, from the many difcourfes and interrogations about the fiege of Namur, where he received his wound.

I must remind the reader, in cafe he has read the hiftory of King William's A 2 wars.

wars,-but if he has not,-I then inform. him, that one of the most memorable attacks in that fiege, was that which was made by the English and Dutch upon the point of the advanced counterfcarp, before the gate of St. Nicolas, which inclofed the great fluice or water-flop, where the English were terribly exposed to the fhot of the counter-guard and demibaffion of St. Roch : The iffue of which hot difpute, in three words, was this; That the Dutch lodged themfelves upon the counter-guard, -and that the English made themfelves mafters of the covered way before St. Nicolas's gate, notwithftanding the gallantry of the French officers, who exposed themselves upon the glacis fword in hand.

As this was the principal attack of which my uncle Toby was an eye-witness at

at Namur, ---- the army of the beliegers being cut off, by the confluence of the Maes and Sambre, from feeing much of each other's operations, -my uncle Toby was generally more eloquent and particular in his account of it; and the many perplexities he was in, arole out of the almost informountable difficulties he found in telling his ftory intelligibly, and giving fuch clear ideas of the differences and diffinctions between the fcarp and counterfearp,-----the glacis and co-vered way,-----the half-moon and rave-lin,-as to make his company fully comprehend where and what he was about.

Writers themfelves are too apt to confound thefe terms ;---- fo that you will the lefs wonder, if in his endeavours to explain them, and in opposition to ma-A 3 ny

ny mifconceptions, that my uncle Toby did oft times puzzle his vifiters, and fometimes himfelf too.

To fpeak the truth, unlefs the company my father led up ftairs were tolerably clear-headed, or my uncle Toby was in one of his beft explanatory moods, 'twas a difficult thing, do what he could, to keep the difcourfe free from obfcurity.

What rendered the account of this affair the more intricate to my uncle Toby, was this,-that in the attack of the counterfcarp before the gate of St. Nicolas, extending itfelf from the bank of the Maes, quite up to the great waterftop ;- the ground was cut and crofs-cut with fuch a multitude of dykes, drains, rivulets, and fluices, on all fides,-and he would get fo fadly bewilder'd and fet faft

fast amongst them, that frequently he could neither get backwards or forwards to fave his life; and was oft times obliged to give up the attack upon that very account only.

Thefe perplexing rebuffs gave my uncle Toby Shandy more perturbations than you would imagine; and as my father's kindnefs to him was continually dragging up fresh friends and fresh inquirers,-he had but a very uneafy tafk of it.

No doubt my uncle Toby had great command of himfelf,-and could guard appearances, I believe, as well as most men ;- yet any one may imagine, that when he could not retreat out of the ravelin without getting into the half-moon, or get out of the covered way without falling A 4

falling down the counterfcarp, nor crofs the dyke without danger of flipping into the ditch, but that he must have fretted and fumed inwardly :- He did fo ;- and thefe little and hourly vexations, which may feem trifling and of no account to the man who has not read Hippocrates, yet, whoever has read Hippocrates, or Dr. James Mackenzie, and has confidered. well the effects which the paffions and affections of the mind have upon the digeftion,-(Why not of a wound as well as of a dinner ?)----may eafily conceive what fharp paroxifms and exacerbations of his wound my uncle Toby must have undergone upon that fcore only.

-- My uncle Toby could not philofophize upon it ;- 'twas enough he felt it was fo,-and having fuftained the pain and forrows of it for three months together,

### [7]

ther, he was refolved fome way or other to extricate himfelf.

He was one morning lying upon his back in his bed, the anguish and nature of the wound upon his groin fuffering him to lye in no other polition, when a thought came into his head, that if he could purchase fuch a thing, and have it pasted down upon a board, as a large map of the fortifications of the town and citadel of Namur, with its environs, it might be a means of giving him eafe .--I take notice of his defire to have the environs along with the town and citadel, for this reafon,-becaufe my uncle Toby's wound was got in one of the traverfes, about thirty toiles from the returning angle of the trench, opposite to the falient angle of the demi-bastion of St. Roch ;---- fo that he was pretty confident

fident he could flick a pin upon the identical fpot of ground where he was ftanding in when the ftone ftruck him.

All this fucceeded to his wifhes, and not only freed him from a world of fad explanations, but, in the end, it prov'd the happy means, as you will read, of procuring my uncle Toby his HOBBY-HORSE.

#### CHAP. II.

HERE is nothing fo foolifh, when you are at the expence of making an entertainment of this kind, as to order things fo badly, as to let your criticks and gentry of refined tafte run it down : Nor is there any thing fo likely to

to make them do it, as that of leaving them out of the party, or, what is full as offenfive, of beftowing your attention upon the reft of your guefts in fo particular a way, as if there was no fuch thing as a critick (by occupation) at table.

----- I guard against both; for, in the first place, I have left half a dozen places purpofely open for them ;---and, in the next place, I pay them all court,-Gentlemen, I kifs your hands,-I proteft no company could give me half the pleafure,-by my foul I am glad to fee you,-I beg only you will make no strangers of yourfelves; but fit down without any ceremony, and fall on heartily.

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I faid I had left fix places, and I was upon the point of carrying my complaifance fo far, as to have left a feventh open for them,-and in this very fpot I fland on ;-but being told by a critick, (tho' not by occupation, -but by nature) that I had acquitted myfelf well enough, I shall fill it up directly, hoping, in the mean time, that I shall be able to make a great deal of more room next year.

How, in the name of wonder ! could your uncle Toby, who, it feems, was a military man, and whom you have reprefented as no fool,-be at the fame time fuch a confused, pudding-headed, muddle-headed fellow, as-Go look.

So, Sir Critick, I could have replied; but I fcorn it .---- 'Tis language unurbane,-and only befitting the man who

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who cannot give clear and fatisfactory accounts of things, or dive deep enough into the first causes of human ignorance and confusion. It is moreover the reply valiant, - and therefore I reject it : for tho' it might have fuited my uncle Toby's character as a foldier excellently well,-and had he not accuftomed himfelf, in fuch attacks, to whiftle the Lillabullero,-as he wanted no courage, 'tis the very answer he would have given; yet it would by no means have done for me. You fee as plain as can be, that I write as a man of erudition ;- that even my fimilies, my allufions, my illuftrations, my metaphors, are erudite,-and that I must fustain my character properly, and contrast it properly too,-elfe what would become of me? Why, Sir, I fhould be undone ;--- at this very moment that I am going here to fill up one place

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### [ 12 ]

place against a critick,-I should have made an opening for a couple.

#### ----- Therefore I answer thus :

Pray, Sir, in all the reading which you have ever read, did you ever read fuch a book as Locke's Effay upon the Human Underftanding ?----Don't anfwer me rafhly,-becaufe many, I know, quote the book, who have not read it,-and many have read it who understand it not :---If either of thefe is your cafe, as I write to instruct, I will tell you in three words what the book is .- It is a hiftory .- A hiftory ! of who ? what ? where ? when ? Don't hurry yourfelf .---- It is a hiftorybook, Sir, (which may poffibly recommend it to the world) of what paffes in a man's own mind; and if you will fay fo much of the book, and no more, believe me,

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#### [ 13]

me, you will cut no contemptible figure in a metaphyfic circle.

#### But this by the way.

Now if you will venture to go along with me, and look down into the bottom of this matter, it will be found that the caufe of obfcurity and confusion, in the mind of man, is threefold.

Dull organs, dear Sir, in the first place. Secondly, flight and transient impreffions made by objects when the faid organs are not dull. And, thirdly, a memory like unto a fieve, not able to retain what it has received .- Call down Dolly your chamber-maid, and I will give you my cap and bell along with it, if I make not this matter fo plain that Dolly herfelf fhall understand it as well as Malbranch. When

#### [ 14 ]

When Dolly has indited her epiftle to. Robin, and has thrust her arm into the bottom of her pocket hanging by her recollect that the organs and faculties of perception, can, by nothing in this world, be fo aptly typified and explained as by that one thing which Dolly's hand is in fearch of .- Your organs are not fo dull that I should inform you,-'tis an inch, Sir, of red feal-wax.

When this is melted and dropped upon the letter, if Dolly fumbles too long for her thimble, till the wax is over harden'd. it will not receive the mark of her thimble from the ufual impulse which was. wont to imprint it. Very well : If Dolly's wax, for want of better, is bees-wax, or of a temper too foft,-tho' it may receive,-it will not hold the impreffion, how

#### [ 15 ]

how hard foever Dolly thrufts againft it; and laft of all, fuppoling the wax good, and eke the thimble, but applied thereto in carelefs hafte, as her Miftrefs rings the bell ;----- in any one of these three cafes, the print, left by the thimble, will be as unlike the prototype as a brafsiack.

Now you must understand that not one of these was the true cause of the confusion in my uncle Toby's difcourfe : and it is for that very reafon I enlarge upon them fo long, after the manner of great phyfiologifts,--to fhew the world what it did not arife from.

What it did arife from, I have hinted above, and a fertile fource of obfcurity it is,-and ever will be,-and that is the unfteady uses of words which have per-VOL. II. B plexed

plexed the clearest and most exalted understandings.

It is ten to one (at Arthur's) whether you have ever read the literary hiftories of paft ages ;- if you have, - what terrible battles, 'yclept logomachies, have they occafioned and perpetuated with fo much gall and ink-fhed,-that a good natured man cannot read the accounts of them without tears in his eyes.

Gentle critick ! when thou haft weigh'd all this, and confider'd within thyfelf how much of thy own knowledge, difcourfe, and converfation has been peftered and difordered, at one time or other, by this, and this only :-----What a pudder and racket in COUNCILS about soia and une-Faris; and in the Schools of the learned about power and about fpirit ;--- about effences,

## [ 17]

effences, and about quinteffences ;---about fubstances, and about space.----What confusion in greater THEATRES from words of little meaning, and as indeterminate a fenfe ;--when thou confiders this, thou wilt not wonder at my uncle Toby's perplexities,-thou wilt drop a tear of pity upon his fcarp and his counterfcarp ;- his glacis and his coveredway ;-- his ravelin and his half-moon : 'Twas not by ideas, ----- by heaven ! his life was put in jeopardy by words.

#### CHAP. III.

HEN my uncle Toby got his map of Namur to his mind, he began immediately to apply himfelf, and with the utmost diligence, to the study of it; for nothing being of more importance R 2

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to him than his recovery, and his recovery depending, as you have read, upon the paffions and affections of his mind, it behoved him to take the niceft care to make himfelf fo far mafter of his fubject, as to be able to talk upon it without emotion

In a fortnight's clofe and painful application, which, by the bye, did my uncle Toby's wound, upon his groin, no good,-he was enabled, by the help of fome marginal documents at the feet of the elephant, together with Gobefius's military architecture and pyroballogy, tranflated from the Flemish, to form his difcourfe with paffable perfpicuity; and before he was two full months gone,he was right eloquent upon it, and could make not only the attack of the advancert

#### [ 10]

ced counterfcarp with great order;----but having, by that time, gone much deeper into the art, than what his first motive made neceffary .- my uncle Toby was able to crofs the Maes and Sambre ; make diversions as far as Vauban's line, the abbey of Salfines, &c. and give his vifiters as diffinct a hiftory of each of their attacks, as of that of the gate of St. Nicolas, where he had the honour to receive his wound.

But the defire of knowledge, like the thirft of riches, increases ever with the acquifition of it. The more my uncle Toby pored over his map, the more he took a liking to it ;- by the fame procefs and electrical affimilation, as I told you, thro' which I ween the fouls of connoiffeurs themfelves, by long friction and incumbition, have the happinefs, at length, to B 3 get

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get all be-virtu'd, - be-pictur'd, - bebutterflied, and be-fiddled.

The more my uncle Toby drank of this fweet fountain of fcience, the greater was the heat and impatience of his thirft, to that, before the first year of his confinement had well gone round, there was fcarce a fortified town in Italy or Flanders, of which, by one means or other, he had not procured a plan, reading over as he got them, and carefully collating therewith the hiftories of their fieges, their demolitions, their improvements, and new works, all which he would read with that intenfe application and delight, that he would forget himfelf, his wound, his confinement, his dinner.

In the fecond year my uncle Toby purchafed Ramelli and Cataneo, translated from 2

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Licensed under Creative Commons 3.0 Unported License (CO from the Italian : - likewife Stevinus. Marolis, the Chevalier de Ville, Lorini, Cochorn, Sheeter, the Count de Pagan, the Marshal Vauban, Monf. Blondel, with almost as many more books of military architecture, as Don Quixote was found to have of chivalry, when the curate and barber invaded his library.

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Towards the beginning of the third year, which was in August, ninety-nine, my uncle Toby found it neceffary to understand a little of projectiles :- And ha-. ving judged it beft to draw his knowledge from the fountain-head, he began with N. Tartaglia, who it feems was the first man who detected the imposition of a canon-ball's doing all that mifchief under the notion of a right line .- This, N. Tartaglia proved to my uncle Toby to, be an impoffible thing.

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# [ 22 ]

Endless is the Search of Truth !

No fooner was my uncle Toby fatisfied which road the cannon-ball did not go, but he was infenfibly led on, and refolved in his mind to enquire and find out which road the ball did go : For which purpose he was obliged to set off afresh with old Maltus, and fludied him devoutly .- He proceeded next to Gallileo and Torricellius, wherein, by certain geometrical rules, infallibly laid down, he found the precife path to be a PARABOLA, -or elfe an HYPERBOLA, - and that the parameter, or latus restum, of the conic fection of the faid path, was to the quantity and amplitude in a direct ratio, as the whole line to the fine of double the angle. of incidence, form'd by the breech upon an horizontal plane ;- and that the femiparameter,

### [23]

parameter, \_\_\_\_ ftop ! my dear uncle Toby,-ftop !- go not one foot further into this thorny and bewilder'd track,intricate are the fteps! intricate are the males of this labyrinth ! intricate are the troubles which the pursuit of this bewitching phantom, KNOWLEDGE, will bring upon thee. - O my uncle ! fly-flyfly from it as from a ferpent .- Is it fit, good-natur'd man ! thou fhould'ft fit up, with the wound upon thy groin, whole nights baking thy blood with hectic watchings ?- Alas ! 'twill exafperate thy fymptoms,-check thy perfpirations,evaporate thy fpirits,-wafte thy animal ftrength,-dry up thy radical moifture, -bring thee into a coffive habit of body, impair thy health,-and haften all the infirmities of thy old age .- O my uncle ! my uncle Toby!

CHAP.

#### [ 24 ]

#### CHAP. IV.

Would not give a groat for that man's knowledge in pen-craft, who does not understand this,-That the best plain narrative in the world, tack'd very clofe to the last spirited apostrophe to my uncle Toby,-would have felt both cold and vapid upon the reader's palate ;- therefore I forthwith put an end to the chapter,-though I was in the middle of my ftory.

----- Writers of my flamp have one principle in common with painters .---Where an exact copying makes our pictures lefs ftriking, we choose the lefs evil; deeming it even more pardonable to trefpafs against truth, than beauty .---This is to be understood cum grano falis ; but

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but be it as it will,-as the parallel is made more for the fake of letting the apoftrophe cool, than any thing elfe,-'tis not very material whether upon any other fcore the reader approves of it or not.

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In the latter end of the third year, my uncle Toby perceiving that the parameter bue and femi-parameter of the conic fection. angered his wound, he left off the fludy to of projectiles in a kind of a huff, and betook himfelf to the practical part of fortification only; the pleafure of which, will like a fpring held back, returned upon mid him with redoubled force.

It was in this year that my uncle benog gan to break in upon the daily regularity In unfhaven, ---------and to allow his furgeon fcarce

### [ 26 ]

fcarce time fufficient to drefs his wound, concerning himfelf fo little about it, as not to afk him once in feven times dreffing how it went on : When, lo ! - all of a fudden, for the change was as quick as lightening, he began to figh heavily for his recovery,-complain'd to my father, grew impatient with the furgeon ;-and one morning as he heard his foot coming up ftairs, he fhut up his books, and thrust aside his instruments, in order to expostulate with him upon the protraction of his cure, which, he told him, might furely have been accomplished at leaft by that time :- He dwelt long upon the miferies he had undergone, and the forrows of his four years melancholy imprifonment ;-adding, that had it not been for the kind looks, and fraternal chearings of the beft of brothers,-he had long fince funk under his misfortunes .----

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tunes .- My father was by: My uncle Toby's eloquence brought tears into his eyes ; - 'twas unexpected .- My uncle Toby, by nature, was not eloquent ;--it had the greater effect .- The furgeon was confounded ;-not that there wanted grounds for fuch, or greater, marks of impatience,-but 'twas unexpected too; in the four years he had attended him, he had never feen any thing like it in my uncle Toby's carriage ;- he had never once dropp'd one fretful or difcontented word ;-he had been all patience,-all fubmiffion.

-We lofe the right of complaining fometimes by forbearing it ;---- but we oftner treble the force :- The furgeon was aftonished; - but much more fo, when he heard my uncle Toby go on, and peremptorily infift upon his healing up

the wound directly, ---- or fending for Monfieur Ronjat, the King's Serjeant-Surgeon, to do it for him.

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The defire of life and health is implanted in man's nature ;- the love of liberty and enlargement is a fifter-paffion to it : Thefe my uncle Toby had in common with his fpecies; - and either of them had been fufficient to account for his earnest defire to get well and out of doors ;-but I have told you before that nothing wrought with our family after the common way ;- and from the time and manner in which this eager defire fhew'd itfelf in the prefent cafe, the penetrating reader will fuspect there was fome other caufe or crotchet for it in my uncle Toby's head :- There was fo, and 'tis the fubject of the next chapter to fet forth what that cause and crotchet was.

## [ 20 ]

I own, when that's done, 'twill be time to return back to the parlour fire-fide, where we left my uncle Toby in the middle of his fentence.

#### CHAP. V.

HEN a man gives himfelf up to the government of a ruling paffion, ------or, in other words, when his HOBBY - HORSE grows head-ftrong, farewell cool reafon and fair difcretion !

My uncle Toby's wound was near well, and as foon as the furgeon recovered his furprize, and could get leave to fay as much-he told him, 'twas just beginning to incarnate; and that if no fresh exfoliation happen'd, which there was no figns of,--it would be dried up in five or fix weeks.

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weeks. The found of as many olympiads twelve hours before, would have convey'd an idea of fhorter duration to my uncle Toby's mind .- The fucceffion of his ideas was now rapid,-he broil'd with impatience to put his defign in execution ;--- and fo, without confulting further with any foul living, ---- which, by the bye, I think is right, when you are predetermined to take no one foul's advice,-he privately ordered Trim, his man, to pack up a bundle of lint and dreffings, and hire a chariot and four to be at the door exactly by twelve o'clock that day, when he knew my father would be upon 'Change .- So leaving a banknote upon the table for the furgeon's care of him, and a letter of tender thanks for his brother's, - he pack'd up his maps, his books of fortification, his inftruments, &c .- and, by the help of a

crutch on one fide, and Trim on the other, ----- my uncle Toby embark'd for Shandy-Hall.

The reafon, or rather the rife, of this fudden demigration, was as follows :

The table in my uncle Teby's room, and at which, the night before this. change happened, he was fitting with his. maps, &c. about him,-being fomewhat of the fmalleft, for that infinity of great and fmall inftruments of knowledge which ufually lay crouded upon it ;- he had the accident, in reaching over for his tobacco-box, to throw down his compaffes, and in flooping to take the compaffes up, with his fleeve he threw down his cafe of inftruments and fnuffers ;---and as the dice took a run against him, in his endeavouring to catch the fnuffers. Vor. II.

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in falling,-he thruft Monfieur Blondel off the table and Count de Pagan o'top of him.

'Twas to no purpole for a man, lame as my uncle Toby was, to think of redreffing all thefe evils by himfelf,-he rung his bell for his man Trim ;-Trim ! quoth my uncle Toby, pri'thee fee what confufion I have here been making .- I muft have fome better contrivance, Trim .--Can'ft not thou take my rule and meafure the length and breadth of this table. and then go and befpeak me one as big again ?-Yes, an' pleafe your Honour, replied Trim, making a bow ;- but I hope your Honour will be foon well enough to get down to your country feat. where,-as your Honour takes fo much pleafure in fortification, we could manage this matter to a T.

I must here inform you, that this fervant of my uncle Toby's, who went by the name of Trim, had been a Corporal in my uncle's own company,----his real name was James Butler,-but having got the nick-name of Trim in the regiment, my uncle Toby, unlefs when he happened to be very angry with him, would never call him by any other name.

The poor fellow had been difabled for the fervice, by a wound on his left knee by a musket-bullet, at the battle of Landen, which was two years before the affair of Namur ;- and as the fellow was well beloved in the regiment, and a handy fellow into the bargain, my uncle Toby took him for his fervant, and of excellent use was he, attending my uncle Toby in the camp and in his quarters as valet, groom, barber, cook, fempfter, C 2 and

# [ 34 ]

and nurfe; and indeed, from first to last. waited upon him and ferved him with great fidelity and affection.

My uncle Toby loved the man in return, and what attached him more to him ftill, was the fimilitude of their knowledge :- For Corporal Trim, (for fo, for the future, I shall call him) by four years occasional attention to his Master's difcourfe upon fortified towns. and the advantage of prying and peeping continually into his Mafter's plans, &c. exclusive and befides what he gained HOBBY-HORSICALLY, as a body-fervant, Non Hobby-Horfical per le ; --- had become no mean proficient in the fcience; and was thought, by the cook and chamber-maid, to know as much of the nature of ftrong-holds as my uncle Toby himfelf.

### [ 35 ]

I have but one more ftroke to give to finish Corporal Trim's character,-and it is the only dark line in it .- The fellow lov'd to advife,-or rather to hear himfelf talk ; his carriage, however, was fo perfectly refpectful, 'twas easy to keep him filent when you had him fo ; but fet his tongue a-going,-you had no hold of him ;-he was voluble ;-the eternal interlardings of your Honour, with the refpectfulnefs of Corporal Trim's manner, interceding fo ftrong in behalf of his elocution,-that tho' you might have been incommoded,-you could not well be angry. My uncle Toby was feldom either the one or the other with him,or, at least, this fault, in Trim, broke no fquares with 'em. My uncle Toby, as I faid, loved the man ;--- and befides, as he ever looked upon a faithful fervant,but as a humble friend,-he could not C 3 bear

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bear to ftop his mouth .- Such was Corporal Trim.

If I durft prefume, continued Trim, to give your Honour my advice, and fpeak my opinion in this matter .- Thou art welcome, Trim, quoth my uncle Toby .- fpeak, -fpeak what thou thinkeft upon the subject, man, without fear. Why then, replied Trim, (not hanging his ears and fcratching his head like a country lout, but) ftroking his hair back from his forehead, and ftanding erect as before his division .----- I think, quoth Trim, advancing his left, which was his lame leg, a little forwards,-and pointing with his right hand open towards a map of Dunkirk, which was pinn'd against the hangings,-I think, quoth Corporal Trim, with humble fubmiffion to your Honour's better judgment,-that thefe ravelins.

ravelins, baftions, curtins, and hornworks make but a poor, contemptible, fiddle faddle piece of work of it here upon paper, compared to what your Honour and I could make of it, were we in the country by ourfelves, and had but a rood, or a rood and a half of ground to do what we pleafed with : As fummer is coming on, continued Trim, your Honour might fit out of doors, and give me the nography-(call it ichnography, quoth my uncle)-of the town or citadel, your Honour was pleafed to fit down before, -and I will be fhot by your Honour upon the glacis of it, if I did not fortify it to your Honour's mind .- I dare fay thou would'ft, Trim, quoth my uncle. -For if your Honour, continued the Corporal, could but mark me the polygon, with its exact lines and angles.----That I could do very well, quoth my C4 uncle.

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[ 37 ]

#### [ 28 ]

uncle .- I would begin with the fofse, and if your Honour could tell me the proper depth and breadth,-I can to a hair's breadth, Trim, replied my uncle .--I would throw out the earth upon this hand towards the town for the fcarp,and on that hand towards the campaign for the counterfcarp .- Very right, Trim ; quoth my uncle Toby .- And when I had floped them to your mind, -an' pleafe your Honour, I would face the glacis, as the finest fortifications are done in Flanders, with fods,-and as your Honour. knows they fhould be,----and I would make the walls and parapets with fods too ;- The beft engineers call them gazons, Trim, faid my uncle Toby ;- Whether they are gazons or fods, is not much matter, replied Trim, your Honour knows they are ten times beyond a facing either of brick or iftone ;---- I know they are, Trim.

#### [ 19]

Trim, in fome refpects,-quoth my uncle Toby, nodding his head ;- for a cannonball enters into the gazon right onwards, without bringing any rubbifh down with it, which might fill the fofsé, (as was the cafe at St. Nicolas's Gate) and facilitate the paffage over it.

Your Honour underftands thefe matters, replied Corporal Trim, better than any officer in his Majefty's fervice ;---but would your Honour pleafe to let the befpeaking of the table alone, and let us but go into the country, I would work. under your Honour's directions like a horfe, and make fortifications for you fomething like a tanfy, with all their batteries, faps, ditches, and palifadoes, that it fhould be worth all the world's riding twenty miles to go and fee it.

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# [ 40 ]

My uncle Toby blufhed as red as fcarlet as Trim went on ;- but it was not a blufh of guilt,---of modefty,---or of an--ger ;-- it was a bluth of joy ;- he was fired with Corporal Trim's project and defcription .- Trim ! faid my uncle Toby, thou haft faid enough .- We might begin the campaign, continued Trim, on the very day that his Majefty and the Allies take the field, and demolifh them town by town as fast as-Trim, quoth my uncle Toby, fay no more.-Your Honour, continued Trim, might fit in your arm-chair (pointing to it) this fine weather, giving me your orders, and I would---- Say no more, Trim, quoth my uncle Toby .---- Befides, your Honour would get not only pleafure and good pastime,-but good air, and good exercife, and good health,-and your Honour's wound would be well in a month. Thou

# [41]

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Thou haft faid enough, Trim,-quoth my uncle Toby (putting his hand into his breeches-pocket)-I like thy project mightily ;-And if your Honour pleafes, I'll, this moment, go and buy a pioneer's fpade to take down with us, and I'll befpeak a fhovel and a pick-ax, and a couple of-Say no more, Trim, quoth my uncle Toby, leaping up upon one leg, quite overcome with rapture, ---- and thrufting a guinea into Trim's hand,----Trim, faid my uncle Toby, fay no more ;but go down, Trim, this moment, my lad, and bring up my fupper this inftant.

Trim ran down and brought up his Mafter's fupper,-to no purpofe :----Trim's plan of operation ran fo in my uncle Toby's head, he could not taffe it .- Trim, quoth my uncle Toby, get me

# [ 42 ]

to-bed;-'twas all one .- Corporal Trim's defcription had fired his imagination,my uncle Toby could not fhut his eyes .---The more he confider'd it, the more bewitching the fcene appeared to him ;--fo that, two full hours before day-light, he had come to a final determination, and had concerted the whole plan of his and Corporal Trim's decampment.

My uncle Toby had a little neat country house of his own, in the village where my father's effate lay at Shandy, which had been left him by an old uncle, with a fmall effate of about one hundred pounds a year. Behind this house, and contiguous to it, was a kitchen-garden of about half an acre ;---and at the bot-tom of the garden, and cut off from it by a tall yew hedge, was a bowlinggreen, containing just about as much 3 ground

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ground as Corporal Trim wilhed for ;fo that as Trim uttered the words, "A rood and a half of ground to do what bowling green inftantly prefented itfelf, and became curioufly painted, all at once. upon the retina of my uncle Toby's fancy ; ----which was the phyfical caufe of making him change colour, or at leaft, of heightening his blufh to that immoderate degree I spoke of.

Never did lover post down to a belov'd miftrefs with more heat and expectation. than my uncle Toby did, to enjoy this felf-fame thing in private ;- I fay in priwate :----- for it was sheltered from the houfe, as I told you, by a tall yew hedge. and was covered on the other three fides. from mortal fight, by rough holly and thickfet flowering fhrubs ;- fo that the idea

idea of not being feen, did not a little contribute to the idea of pleafure preconceived in my uncle Toby's mind .---Vain thought ! however thick it was planted about, ---- or private foever it might feem,-to think, dear uncle Toby. of enjoying a thing which took up a whole rood and a half of ground,-and not have it known !

How my uncle Toby and Corporal Trim managed this matter,-with the hiftory of their campaigns, which were no way barren of events,-may make no uninterefting under-plot in the epitafis and working up of this drama .- At prefent the fcene muft drop,-and change for the parlour fire-fide.

CHAP.

272

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#### [45]

#### CHAP. VI.

-What can they be doing. brother ? faid my father .--- I think, re-plied my uncle Toby,-taking, as I told you, his pipe from his mouth, and ftriking the afhes out of it as he began his fentence ;- I think, replied he,- it would not be amifs, brother, if we rung the bell.

Pray, what's all that racket over our heads, Obadiab ?- quoth my father ;my brother and I can fcarce hear ourfelves fpeak.

Sir, answer'd Obadiab, making a bow towards his left-fhoulder,-my Miftrefs is taken very badly;-and where's Sufannab running down the garden there,

29

as if they were going to ravifh her ?----Sir, fhe is running the fhorteft cut into the town, replied Obadiab, to fetch the old midwife. \_\_\_\_ Then faddle a horfe. quoth my father, and do you go directly for Dr. Slop, the man-midwife, with all our fervices,-and let him know your Miftrefs is fallen into labour,-and that. I defire he will return with you with all fpeed.

It is very ftrange, fays my father, addreffing himfelf to my uncle Toby, as Obadiab fhut the door,-as there is fo expert an operator as Dr. Slop fo nearthat my wife should perfift to the very laft in this obftinate humour of hers, in trufting the life of my child, who has had one misfortune already, to the ignorance of an old woman ;----and not only the life of my child, brother,-but her own life.

### [ 47 ]

life, and with it the lives of all the children I might, peradventure, have begot out of her hereafter

Mayhap, brother, replied my uncle Toby, my fifter does it to fave the expence :- A pudding's end,-replied my father,-----the doctor must be paid the fame for inaction as action, - if not better,-to keep him in temper.

-Then it can be out of nothing in the whole world, quoth my uncle Toby, in the fimplicity of his heart, -but MODESTY :- My fifter, I dare fay, added he, does not care to let a man come fo near her \* \* \* \*. I will not fay whether my uncle Toby had completed the fentence or not ;-----'tis for his advantage to fuppofe he had,----as, I think, he could have added no VOL, II. ONE

ONE WORD which would have improved it.

If, on the contrary, my uncle Toby had not fully arrived at his period's end,then the world stands indebted to the fudden fnapping of my father's tobaccopipe, for one of the neatest examples of that ornamental figure in oratory, which Rhetoricians stile the Apostopefis .- Just heaven ! how does the Poco piu and the Poco meno of the Italian artifts ;- the infenfible MORE OF LESS, determine the precife line of beauty in the fentence, as well as in the ftatue ! How do the flight touches of the chifel, the pencil, the pen, the fiddle-flick, et catera, -give the true fwell, which give the true pleafure !--- O my countrymen !- be nice ;- be cautious of your language ; ---- and never, O! never let it be forgotten upon what fmall

fmall particles your eloquence and your fame depend.

----- " My fifter, mayhap," quoth my uncle Toby, " does not choose to let a " man come fo near her \* \* \* \* " Make this dafh,-'tis an Apofiopefis.-Take the dash away, and write Backfide, \_\_\_\_ tis Bawdy .- Scratch Backfide out, and put Cover'd-way in, -'tis a Metaphor ;and, I dare fay, as fortification ran fomuch in my uncle Toby's head, that if he had been left to have added one word to, the fentence,-that word was it.

But whether that was the cafe or notthe cafe ;- or whether the fnapping of my father's tobacco-pipe fo critically, happened thro' accident or anger,-will be feen in due time.

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#### [ 50 ]

#### CHAP. VII.

THO' my father was a good natural philofopher, — yet he was fomething of a moral philosopher too; for which reafon, when his tobacco - pipe fnapp'd fhort in the middle,----he had nothing to do,-as fuch,-but to have taken hold of the two pieces, and thrown them gently upon the back of the fire .--He did no fuch thing ;-he threw them with all the violence in the world ;-and, to give the action still more emphasis,he started up upon both his legs to do it.

This look'd fomething like heat ; ---and the manner of his reply to what my uncle Toby was faying, prov'd it was fo.

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- " Not choofe," quoth my father, repeating my uncle Toby's words) " to let " a man come fo near her."-By heaven, brother Toby ! you would try the patience of a Job ;- and I think I have the plagues of one already, without it. Wherefore ?- Upon what account, replied my uncle Toby, in the utmost aftonifhment .---- To think, faid my father, of a man living to your age, brother, and knowing fo little about women !---I know nothing at all about them,-replied my uncle Toby; and I think, continued he, that the flock I received the year after the demolition of Dunkirk, in my affair with widow Wadman ;- which fhock you know I fhould not have received, but from my total ignorance of the fex,-has given me just cause to fay, That I neither know, nor do pretend to D 3 know.

#### F 52 ]

know, any thing about 'em, or their concerns either .---- Methinks, brother. replied my father, you might, at leaft, know fo much as the right end of a woman from the wrong.

It is faid in Aristotle's Master-Piece. " That when a man doth think of any " thing which is paft,-he looketh down " upon the ground ;-but that when he " thinketh of fomething which is to come, " he looketh up towards the heavens."

My uncle Toby, I suppose, thought of neither,-for he look'd horizontally.-Right end,-quoth my uncle Toby, muttering the two words low to himfelf, and fixing his two eyes infenfibly as he muttered them, upon a fmall crevice, form'd by a bad joint in the chimney-piece .---Right end of a woman !---- I declare, quoth

# [ 53 ]

quoth my uncle, I know no more which it is, than the man in the moon ;---and if I was to think, continued my uncle Toby, (keeping his eye ftill fix'd upon the bad joint) this month together, I am fure I thould not be able to find it out.

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Then brother Toby, replied my father, I will tell you.

Every thing in this world, continued my father (filling a fresh pipe)-every thing in this earthly world, my dear brother Toby, has two handles .- Not always, quoth my uncle Toby .- At leaft, replied my father, every one has two hands,which comes to the fame thing .- Now, if a man was to fit down cooly, and confider within himfelf the make, the fhape, the construction, com-at-ability, and convenience of all the parts which conflitute D4 the

### [ 54 ]

the whole of that animal, call'd Woman. and compare them analogically .- I never underftood rightly the meaning of that word, \_\_\_\_quoth my uncle Toby.\_\_\_\_ ANALOGY, replied my father, is the certain relation and agreement, which different-Here a devil of a rap at the door fnapp'd my father's definition (like his tobacco-pipe) in two,-and, at the fame time, crushed the head of as notable and curious a differtation as ever was engendered in the womb of fpeculation ;--it was fome months before my father could get an opportunity to be fafely deliver'd of it :- And, at this hour, it is a thing full as problematical as the fubject of the differtation itfelf,-(confidering the confusion and diffress of our domestic mifadventures, which are now coming thick one upon the back of another) whether

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# [ 55 ]

I shall be able to find a place for it in the third volume or not.

#### CHAP. VIII.

T is about an hour and a half's tole-I rable good reading fince my uncle Toby rung the bell, when Obadiab was order'd to faddle a horfe, and go for Dr. Slop the man-midwife ;- fo that no. one can fay, with reafon, that I have not allowed Obadiab time enough, poetically fpeaking, and confidering the emergency too, both to go and come ; ----- tho', morally and truly fpeaking, the man. perhaps, has fcarce had time to get on: his boots.

If the hypercritic will go upon this; and is refolved after all to take a pendulum.

# [ 56 ]

dulum, and measure the true distance betwixt the ringing of the bell, and the rap at the door ;---and, after finding it to be no more than two minutes, thirteen feconds, and three fifths, ---- fhould take upon him to infult over me for fuch a breach in the unity, or rather probability, of time;-I would remind him, that the idea of duration and of its fimple modes, is got merely from the train and fucceffion of our ideas,-and is the true fcholaftic pendulum, ---- and by which, as a fcholar, I will be tried in this matter,abjuring and detefting the jurifdiction of all other pendulums whatever.

I would, therefore, defire him to confider that it is but poor eight miles from. Shandy-Hall to Dr. Slop, the man midwife's houfe ;- and that whilft Obadiab has been going those faid miles and back,

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I have brought my uncle Toby from Namur, quite across all Flanders, into England :- That I have had him ill upon my hands near four years ;--- and have fince travelled him and Corporal Trim, in a chariot and four, a journey of near two hundred miles down into Yorkfbire ; -all which put together, must have prepared the reader's imagination for the entrance of Dr. Slop upon the ftage,-as much, at leaft (I hope) as a dance, a fong, or a concerto between the acts.

If my hypercritic is intractable,-alledging, that two minutes and thirteen feconds are no more than two minutes and thirteen feconds,-when I have faid all I can about them ; ---- and that this plea, tho' it might fave me dramatically, will damn me biographically, rendering my book, from this very moment, a profefs'd

# [ 58 ]

fess'd ROMANCE, which, before, was a s book apocryphal :-----If I am thus preffed .- I then put an end to the whole objection and controversy about it all at once,---by acquainting him, that Obadiah had not got above threefcore yards from the stable-yard before he met with Dr. Slop ; -- and indeed he gave a dirty proof that he had met with him,-and was within an ace of giving a tragical one t00.

Es.

Imagine to yourfelf ; - but this had better begin a new chapter.

# CHAP. IX.

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Magine to yourfelf a little, squat, un-L courtly figure of a Doctor Slop, of about four feet and a half perpendicular 18 743 height,

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height, with a breadth of back, and a fefquipedality of belly, which might have done honour to a ferieant in the horfeguards.

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Such were the out-lines of Dr. Slop's figure, which, - if you have read Hogarth's analyfis of beauty, and if you have not, I wifh you would ;--you muft know. may as certainly be caracatur'd, and convey'd to the mind by three ftrokes as three hundred.

Imagine fuch a one,-for fuch, I fay, were the out-lines of Dr. Slop's figure, coming flowly along, foot by foot, waddling thro' the dirt upon the vertebræ of a little diminutive pony,-of a pretty colour ;- but of ftrength,-alack !---fcarce able to have made an amble of it. under fuch a fardel, had the roads been

### [ 60 ]

in an ambling condition .- They were pronot.----- Imagine to yourfelf, Obadiab dai mounted upon a ftrong monfter of a s coach-horfe, prick'd into a full gallop, a and making all practicable fpeed the ad--b verfe way.

Pray, Sir, let me interest you a moment in this defcription.

Had Dr. Slop beheld Obadiab a mile off, pofting in a narrow lane directly towards him, at that monftrous rate, -----fplashing and plunging like a devil thro' thick and thin, as he approach'd, would not fuch a phænomenon, with fuch a vortex of mud and water moving along with it, round its axis,-have been a fubject of juster apprehension to Dr. Slop in his fituation, than the worft of Whiston's comets ?- To fay nothing of the NUCLEUS; that

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that is, of Obadiab and the coach-horfe. -----In my idea, the vortex alone of 'em was enough to have involved and carried, if not the doctor, at least the doctor's pony quite away with it. What then do you think must the terror and hydrophobia of Dr. Slop have been, when you read (which you are just going to do) that he was advancing thus warily along towards Shandy-Hall, and had approach'd to within fixty yards of it, and within five yards of a fudden turn, made by an acute angle of the garden wall, -and in the dirtiest part of a dirty lane. -----when Obadiab and his coach-horfe turn'd the corner, rapid, furious,-pop. -full upon him !- Nothing, I think, in nature, can be fuppofed more terrible, than fuch a Rencounter, - fo imprompt ! fo ill prepared to ftand the fhock of it as Dr. Slop was!

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What could Dr. Slop do ?-He crofs'd himfelf + - Pugh ! - but the doctor, Sir, was a Papift .- No matter ; he had better have kept hold of the pummel. He had fo; -nay, as it happened, he had better have done nothing at all ;- for in croffing himfelf he let go his whip,and in attempting to fave his whip betwixt his knee and his faddle's fkirt, as it flipp'd, he loft his ftirrup,-in lofing which, he loft his feat ;-- and in the multitude of all thefe loffes (which, by the bye, fhews what little advantage there is in croffing) the unfortunate doctor loft his prefence of mind. So that, without waiting for Obadiah's onfet, he left his pony to its deftiny, tumbling off it diagonally, fomething in the ftile and manner of a pack of wool, and without any other confequence from the fall, fave that of being left (as it would have been) with

[ 62 ]

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with the broadeft part of him funk about twelve inches deep in the mire.

Obadiab pull'd off his cap twice to Dr. Slop ; ---- once as he was falling,--and timed complaifance !---- had not the fellow better have ftopp'd his horfe, and got off and help'd him ?----Sir, he did all that his fituation would allow ;- but the MOMENTUM of the coach-horfe was fo great, that Obadiab could not do it all at once ;----- he rode in a circle three times round Dr. Slop, before he could fully accomplifh it any how ;---- and at the laft, when he did ftop his beaft, 'twas done with fuch an explosion of mud, that Obadiab had better have been a league off. In fhort, never was a Dr. Slop fo beluted, and fo transubstantiated, fince that affair came into fashion.

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VOL. II.

CHAP.

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# [ 64 ]

#### CHAP. X.

THEN Dr. Slop entered the backparlour, where my father and my uncle Toby were difcourfing upon the nature of women, ---- it was hard to determine whether Dr. Slop's figure, or Dr. Slop's prefence, occasioned more furprize to them; for as the accident happened fo near the houfe, as not to make it worth while for Obadiab to remount him .--Obadiab had led him in as he was, unwiped, unappointed, unanealed, with all his flains and blotches on him. ----- He ftood like Hamlet's ghoft, motionlefs and fpeechlefs, for a full minute and a half, at the parlour door (Obadiab ftill holding his hand) with all the majefty of mud. His hinder parts, upon which he had received his fall, totally befmear'd,-and in in

# [ 65 ]

in every other part of him, blotched over in fuch a manner with Obadiab's explofion, that you would have fworn (without mental refervation) that every grain of it had taken effect.

Here was a fair opportunity for my uncle Toby to have triumph'd over my father in his turn ;- for no mortal, who had beheld Dr. Slop in that pickle, could have diffented from fo much, at least, of my uncle Toby's opinion, " That may-" hap his fifter might not care to let "fuch a Dr. Slop come fo near her "\* \* \* \* " But it was the Argumentum ad bominem; and if my uncle Toby was not very expert at it, you may think, he might not care to use it. No; the reafon was,-'twas not his nature to infult.

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Dr. Slop's prefence, at that time, was no lefs problematical than the mode of it; tho', it is certain, one moment's reflection in my father might have folved it; for he had apprized Dr. Slop but the week before, that my mother was at her full reckoning; and as the doctor had heard nothing fince, 'twas natural and very political too in him, to have taken a ride to Shandy-Hall, as he did, merely to fee how matters went on.

But my father's mind took unfortunately a wrong turn in the inveftigation; running, like the hypercritic's, altogether upon the ringing of the bell and the rap upon the door,-measuring their diftance,-and keeping his mind fo intent upon the operation, as to have power to think of nothing elfe, - common-place infirmity of the greateft mathematicians ! work-

#### T 67 ]

working with might and main at the demonstration, and fo wasting all their ftrength upon it, that they have none left in them to draw the corollary, to do good with.

The ringing of the bell and the rap upon the door, ftruck likewife ftrong upon the fenforium of my uncle Toby,--but it excited a very different train of thoughts ;- the two irreconcileable pulfations inftantly brought Stevinus, the great engineer, along with them, into my uncle Toby's mind :--- What bulinefs Stevinus had in this affair, - is the greatest problem of all;-it fhall be folved,but not in the next chapter.

E3 CHAP.

#### [ 68 ]

#### CHAP. XI.

7 Riting, when properly managed, (as you may be fure I think mine is) is but a different name for converfation : As no one, who knows what he is about in good company, would venture to talk all;-fo no author, who underftands the just boundaries of decorum and good breeding, would prefume to think all : The trueft refpect which you can pay to the reader's understanding, is to halve this matter amicably, and leave him fomething to imagine, in his turn, as well as yourfelf.

For my own part, I am eternally paying him compliments of this kind, and do all that lies in my power to keep his imagination as bufy as my own.

'Tis

### 1 69 1

'Tis his turn now ;- I have given an ample defcription of Dr. Slop's fad overthrow, and of his fad appearance in the back parlour ;----- his imagination muft now go on with it for a while.

Let the reader imagine then, that Dr. Slop has told his tale; - and in what words, and with what aggravations his fancy chooses :--- Let him suppose, that Obadiab has told his tale alfo, and with fuch rueful looks of affected concerna as he thinks will beft contrast the two figures as they ftand by each other :---Let him imagine, that my father has ftepp'd up ftairs to fee my mother :----And, to conclude this work of imagination,-let him imagine the doctor wash'd, ----rubb'd down,-----condoled with,--felicitated,-got into a pair of Obadiab's pumps, ftepping forwards towards the E 4. door,

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door, upon the very point of entring upon action.

Truce !- truce, good Dr. Slop !- ftay thy obstetric hand ;-return it fafe into thy bofom to keep it warm ;-little doft thou know what obftacles ;-little doft thou think what hidden caufes retard its operation !- Haft thou, Dr. Slop,-haft thou been intrufted with the fecret articles of this folemn treaty which has brought thee into this place ?- Art thou aware that, at this inftant, a daughter of Lucina is put obstetrically over thy head? Alas! 'tis too true .- Belides, great fon of Pilumnus ! what canft thou do ?-----Thou haft come forth unarm'd ;- thou haft left thy tire tête,-thy new-invented forceps, -thy crotchet, -thy fquirt, and all thy inftruments of falvation and deliverance behind thee .---- By heaven ! at

### [71]

at this moment they are hanging up in a green bays bag, betwixt thy two piftols, at thy bed's head ! - Ring ; - call ;- fend Obadiab back upon the coach-horfe to bring them with all fpeed.

-Make great hafte, Obadiab, quoth my father, and I'll give thee a crown ;and, quoth my uncle Toby, I'll give him another.

#### · CHAP. XII.

JOUR fudden and unexpected ar-I rival, quoth my uncle Toby, addreffing himfelf to Dr. Slop (all three of them fitting down to the fire together, as my uncle Toby began to fpeak)-infantly brought the great Stevinus into my head, who, you must know, is a favourite

# [ 72 ]

vourite author with me .----- Then, added my father, making use of the argument Ad Crumenam, - I will lay twenty guineas to a fingle crown piece, (which will ferve to give away to Obadiab when he gets back) that this fame Stevinus was fome engineer or other,or has wrote fomething or other, either directly or indirectly, upon the fcience of fortification.

He has fo,-replied my uncle Toby .-I knew it, faid my father ;- tho', for the foul of me, I cannot fee what kind of connection there can be betwixt Dr. Slop's fudden coming, and a difcourfe upon fortification ;- yet I fear'd it .-Talk of what we will, brother,-or let the occafion be never fo foreign or unfit for the fubject,-you are fure to bring it in : I would not, brother Toby, continued

## [73]

tinued my father,-I declare I would not have my head fo full of curtins and horn-works .---- That, I dare fay, you would not, quoth Dr. Slop, interrupting him, and laughing most immoderately at his pun.

Dennis the critic could not deteft and abhor a pun, or the infinuation of a pun, more cordially than my father ;-----he would grow tefty upon it at any time ;but to be broke in upon by one, in a ferious discourse, was as bad, he would fay, as a fillip upon the nofe ;-he faw no difference.

Sir, quoth my uncle Toby, addreffing himfelf to Dr. Slop,----- the curtins my brother Shandy mentions here, have nothing to do with bed-fteads ;- tho', I know, Du Cange fays, " That bed-cup-" tains.

# [74]

et tains, in all probability, have taken " their name from them ;"-nor have the horn-works, he fpeaks of, any thing in the world to do with the horn-works of cuckoldom :- But the curtin, Sir, is the word we use in fortification, for that part of the wall or rampart which lies between the two baftions and joins them.----Be-fiegers feldom offer to carry on their attacks directly against the curtin, for this reafon, becaufe they are fo well flanked. ('Tis the cafe of other curtins, quoth Dr. Slop, laughing). However, continued my uncle Toby, to make them fure, we generally choose to place ravelins before them, taking care only to extend them beyond the fossé or ditch :- The common men, who know very little of fortification, confound the ravelin and the half-moon together,-tho' theware very different things ;- not in their figure or con-

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construction, for we make them exactly aliks in all points ;- for they always con- e fift of two faces, making a falient angle, with the gorges, not ftraight, but in form of a crefcent .- Where then lies the difference ? (quoth my father, a little teftily.)--In their fituations, answered my uncle Toby :- For when a ravelin, brother, ftands before the curtin, it is a ravelin; and when a ravelin ftands before a baftion, then the ravelin is not a ravelin ;-it is a half-moon ;- a half-moon likewife is a half-moon, and no more, fo long as it stands before its bastion ;-but was it to change place, and get before the curtin,-'twould be no longer a halfmoon ; a half-moon, in that cafe, is not a half-moon ;--'tis no more than a ravelin .- I think, quoth my father, that the noble fcience of defence has its weak fides, -as well as others. -As

-As for the horn-works (high ! ho ! figh'd my father) which, continued my uncle Toby, my brother was speaking of, they are a very confiderable part of an outwork ;- they are called by the French engineers, Ouvrage à corne, and we generally make them to cover fuch places as we fuspect to be weaker than the reft ;---'tis form'd by two epaulments or demibaftions,-they are very pretty, and if you will take a walk, I'll engage to fhew you one well worth your trouble .---- I own, continued my uncle Toby, when we crown them,-they are much ftronger, but then they are very expensive, and take up a great deal of ground; fo that, in my opinion, they are most of use to cover or defend the head of a camp; otherwife the double tenaille ----- By the mother who bore us !---- brother Toby.

[ 76 ]

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### [ 77 ]

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Toby, quoth my father, not able to hold out any longer,-you would provoke a faint ;- here have you got us, I know not how, not only fouse into the middle of the old fubject again :- But fo full is your head of these confounded works, that tho' my wife is this moment in the pains of labour,-and you hear her cry out,yet nothing will ferve you but to carry off the man-midwife. --- Accoucheur,-if you pleafe, quoth Dr. Slop .- With all my heart, replied my father, I don't care what they call you,-but I wish the whole fcience of fortification, with all its inventors, at the devil ;- it has been the death of thoufands, ---- and it will be mine, in the end .- I would not, I would not, brother Toby, have my brains fo full of faps, mines, blinds, gabions, palifadoes, ravelins, half - moons, and fuch trumpery,

### [ 78 ]

pery, to be proprietor of Namur, and of all the towns in Flanders with it.

My uncle Toby was a man patient of injuries ;---not from want of courage,---I have told you in the fifth chapter of this fecond book, " That he was a man of " courage :"-And will add here, that where just occasions prefented, or called it forth,-I know no man under whole arm I would fooner have taken shelter; nor did this arife from any infenfibility or obtuseness of his intellectual parts ;--for he felt this infult of my father's as feelingly as a man could do ;- but he was of a peaceful, placid nature,-no jarring element in it, -all was mix'd up fo kindly within him; my uncle Toby had fcarce a heart to retaliate upon a fly.

-Go

### [ 79 ]

-Go-fays he, one day at dinner, to an over-grown one which had buzz'd about his nofe, and tormented him cruelly all dinner-time, -and which, after infinite attempts, he had caught at laft, as it flew by him ;--I'll not hurt thee, fays my uncle Toby, rifing from his chair, and going a-crofs the room, with the fly in his hand, --- I'll not hurt a hair of thy head :- Go, fays he, lifting up the fafh, and opening his hand as he fpoke, to let it efcape ;- go poor devil, get thee gone, why fhould I hurt thee ?- This world furely is wide enough to hold both thee and me.

I was but ten years old when this happened ;-but whether it was, that the action itfelf was more in unifon to my nerves at that age of pity, which inftantly fet my whole frame into one vibration VOL. IT. of

of most pleasurable fensation ;- or how far the manner and expression of it might go towards it;-or in what degree, or by what fecret magic,-a tone of voice and harmony of movement, attuned by mercy, might find a paffage to my heart, I know not ;---this I know, that the leffon of univerfal good-will then taught and imprinted by my uncle Toby, has never fince been worn out of my mind : And tho' I would not depreciate what the fludy of the Liter & bumaniores, at the university, have done for me in that refpect, or difcredit the other helps of an expensive education beftowed upon me, both at home and abroad fince ;-yet I often think that I owe one half of my philanthropy to that one accidental impreffion.

This is to ferve for parents and governors instead of a whole volume upon the fubject.

I could not give the reader this ftroke in my uncle Toby's picture, by the inftrument with which I drew the other parts the mere HOBBY-HORSICAL likenefs : My father, in this patient endurance of wrongs, which I mention, was very different, as the reader must long ago have noted; he had a much more acute and quick fenfibility of nature, attended with a little forenefs of temper; tho' this never transported him to any thing which looked like malignancy ;----yet, in the little rubs and vexations of life, 'twas apt to fhew itfelf in a drollifh and witty kind of peevifhnefs :---- He was, how-ever, frank and generous in his nature ; - at all times open to conviction; and in the little ebullitions of this fubacid humour towards others, but parti-F 2 cularly

cularly towards my uncle Toby, whom he truly loved ;----he would feel more pain, ten times told (except in the affair of my aunt Dinab, or where an hypothefis was concerned) than what he ever gave.

The characters of the two brothers, in this view of them, reflected light upon each other, and appear'd with great advantage in this affair which arofe about Sterinus.

I need not tell the reader, if he keeps a HOBBY-HORSE, - that a man's HOBBY-HORSE is as tender a part as he has about him; and that these unprovoked ftrokes, at my uncle Toby's could not be unfelt by him .- No ;- as I faid above, my uncle Toby did feel them, and very, fenfibly too.

Pray,

#### [ 83 ]

Pray, Sir, what faid he ?-How did he behave ?-Oh, Sir !- it was great : For as foon as my father had done infulting his HOBBY-HORSE,-he turned his head, without the leaft emotion, from Dr. Slop, to whom he was addreffing his difcourfe, and look'd up into my father's face, with a countenance fpread over with fo much good nature ; ---- fo placid;-fo fraternal;-fo inexpreffibly tender towards him ;---it penetrated my father to his heart : He role up hastily from his chair, and feizing hold of both my uncle Toby's hands as he fpoke .----Brother Toby, faid he,-I.beg thy pardon :- forgive, I pray thee, this rafh humour which my mother gave me .--My dear, dear brother, aniwer'd my uncle Toby, rifing up by my father's help, fay no more about it ;-you are heartily welcome, had it been ten times as much, F 3 brother.

### F 84 1

brother. But 'tis ungenerous, replied, my father, to hurt any man ;-- a brother worfe :- but to hurt a brother of fuch gentle manners,-fo unprovoking,-and fo unrefenting ;-'tis bafe :- By heaven, 'tis cowardly .---- You are heartily welcome, brother, quoth my uncle Toby,had it been fifty times as much .----Befides, what have I to do, my dear Toby, cried my father, either with your amufements or your pleafures, unlefs it was in my power (which it is not) to increase their measure ?

-Brother Shandy, anfwer'd my uncle Toby, looking wiftfully in his face,-you are much miftaken in this point ;- for vou do increase my pleasure very much, in begetting children for the Shandy family at your time of life .- But, by that, Sir, quoth Dr. Slop, Mr. Shandy increafes 3

#### F 85 ]

creafes his own. ---- Not a jot, quoth my father.

#### CHAP. XIII.

Y brother, does it, quoth my uncle Toby, out of principle.-In a family-way, I fuppole, quoth Dr. Slop .---Pfhaw !-- faid my father,--'tis not worth. talking of.

#### CHAP. XIV.

T the end of the laft chapter, my father and my uncle Toby were left both ftanding, like Brutus and Caffius at the close of the fcene making up their. accounts.

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### [ 86 ]

As my father fpoke the three laft words. -he fat down ;-my uncle Toby exactly followed his example, only, that before he took his chair, he rung the bell, to order Corporal Trim, who was in waiting, to ftep home for Stevinus ;---- my uncle Toby's house being no further off than the oppofite fide of the way.

Some men would have dropp'd the fubject of Stevinus ;- but my uncle Toby had no refentment in his heart, and he went on with the fubject, to fhew my father that he had none.

Your fudden appearance, Dr. Slop, quoth my uncle, refuming the difcourfe, inftantly brought Stevinus into my head. (My father, you may be fure, did not offer to lay any more wagers upon Stevinus's head)-Becaufe, continued my uncle

# [ 87 ]

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uncle Toby, the celebrated failing charios which belonged to Prince Maurice, and was of fuch wonderful contrivance and velocity, as to carry half a dozen people thirty German miles, in I don't know how few minutes, ---- was invented by Stevinus, that great mathematician and engineer.

You might have fpared your fervant the trouble, quoth Dr. Slop (as the fellow is lame) of going for Stevinus's account of it, because, in my return from Leyden thro' the Hague, I walked as far as Schevling, which is two long miles, on purpofe to take a view of it.

-That's nothing, replied my uncle Toby, to what the learned Peirefkius did, who walked a matter of five hundred miles, reckoning from Paris to Schevling, and

### [ 88 ]

and from Schevling to Paris back again, in order to fee it, -and nothing elfe.

Some men cannot bear to be out-gone.

The more fool Peire/kius, replied Dr. Slop. But mark, 'twas out of no contempt of Peire/kins at all ;----but that Peirefkius's indefatigable labour in trudging fo far on foot out of love for the fciences, reduced the exploit of Dr. Slop, in that affair, to nothing ;- the more fool Peirefkius, faid he again :- Why fo ?replied my father, taking his brother's part, not only to make reparation as fast as he could for the infult he had given him, which fat ftill upon my father's mind ;-but partly, that my father began really to interest himself in the discourse. -Why fo ?- faid he. Why is Peirefkius, or any man elfe, to be abufed for an appetite

# [ 89 ]

massetite for that, or any other morfel of buncound knowledge ? For, notwithftand-I going I know nothing of the chariot in oiflouqueftion, continued he, the inventor of from it must have had a very mechanical head; dr bruand tho' I cannot guess upon what prinreligiciples of philosophy he has atchiev'd yet certainly his machine has abod been constructed upon folid ones, be What they will, or it could not goad have anfwer'd at the rate my brother mentions.

It answered, replied my uncle Toby, ow as as well, if not better ; for, as Peireskius regels elegantly expresses it, speaking of the velocity of its motion, Tam citus erat, quam erat ventus; which, unlefs I have forgot my Latin, is, that it was as fwift as the wind itself.

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But pray, Dr. Slop, quoth my father, interrupting my uncle (tho' not without begging pardon for it, at the fame time) upon what principles was this felffame chariot fet a-going ?--- Upon very pretty principles to be fure, replied Dr. Slop ; ---- and I have often wondered, continued he, evading the queftion, why none of our gentry, who live upon large plains like this of ours,-(efpecially they whofe wives are not past child-bearing) attempt nothing of this kind; for it would not only be infinitely expeditious upon fudden calls, to which the fex is fubject,-if the wind only ferved,-but would be excellent good hufbandry to make use of the winds, which cost nothing, and which eat nothing, rather than horfes, which (the devil take 'em) both coft and eat a great deal.

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For that very reafon, replied my father, " Becaufe they coft nothing, and " becaufe they eat nothing,"-the fcheme is bad ;- it is the confumption of our products, as well as the manufactures of them, which gives bread to the hungry, circulates trade,-brings in money, and fupports the value of our lands ;---and tho', I own, if I was a prince, I would generoufly recompense the fcientific head which brought forth fuch contrivances ; -yet I would as peremptorily fupprefs the use of them.

My father here had got into his element, ---- and was going on as pro-fperoufly with his differtation upon trade, as my uncle Toby had before, upon his of fortification ;-----but, to the loss of much found knowledge, the deftinies in the morning had decreed that no dif-

# [ 92 ]

differtation of any kind fhould be fpun by my father that day; \_\_\_\_\_for as he opened his mouth to begin the next fentence.

### CHAP. XV.

N popp'd Corporal Trim with Stevinus :- But 'twas too late, -all the difcourse had been exhausted without him, and was running into a new channel.

-You may take the book home again, Trim, faid my uncle Toby, nodding to him.

But pri'thee, Corporal, quoth my father, drolling, - look first into it, and fee if thou canft fpy aught of a failing chariot in it.

Corporal

### [ 93 ]

Corporal Trim, by being in the fervice, had learned to obey,-and not to remonstrate ;---- fo taking the book to a fide-table, and running over the leaves ; an' please your Honour, faid Trim, I can fee no fuch thing ;- however, continued the Corporal, drolling a little in his turn, I'll make fure work of it, an' pleafe your Honour ;- fo taking hold of the two covers of the book, one in each hand, and letting the leaves fall down, as he bent the covers back, he gave the book a good found fhake.

There is fomething fallen out, however, faid Trim, an' please your Honour ; but it is not a chariot, or any thing like one :- Pri'thee Corporal, faid my father, fmiling, what is it then ?-I think, anfwered Trim, flooping to take it up,-'tis more like a fermon,-for it begins, with

## [ 94 ]

with a text of fcripture, and the chapter and verfe; --- and then goes on, not as a chariot,-but like a fermon directly. off

The company fmiled.

I cannot conceive how it is poffible, quoth my uncle Toby, for fuch a thing as a fermon to have got into my Stevinus.

I think 'tis a fermon, replied Trim ;--but if it pleafe your Honours, as it is a fair hand, I will read you a page ;- for Trim, you must know, loved to hear himfelf read almost as well as talk.

I have ever a ftrong propenfity, faid my father, to look into things which crofs my way, by fuch ftrange fatalities as these ;- and as we have nothing better to do, at least till Obadiah gets back,

### [ 95 ]

I should be obliged to you, brother, if Dr. Slop has no objection to it, to order the Corporal to give us a page or two of it,-if he is as able to do it, as he feems willing. An' pleafe your Honour, quoth Trim, I officiated two whole campaigns in Flanders, as clerk to the chaplain of the regiment .- He can read it, quoth my uncle Toby, as well as I can .- Trim, I affure you, was the beft fcholar in my company, and fhould have had the next: halberd, but for the poor fellow's miffortune. Corporal Irim laid his hand. upon his heart, and made an humble bow to his mafter ;- then laying down his hat upon the floor, and taking up the fermon. in his left-hand, in order to have his. right at liberty,-he advanced, nothing doubting, into the middle of the room, where he could beft fee, and be beft feen. by, his audience.

VOL. II. CHAP: G

# [ 96 ]

### CHAP. XVI.

----If you have any objection, --faid my father, addreffing himfelf to Dr. Slop. Not in the leaft, replied Dr. Slop ;- for it does not appear on which fide of the question it is wrote; ---- it may be a composition of a divine of our church, as well as yours,-fo that we run equal rifks .---- 'Tis wrote upon neither fide, quoth Trim, for 'tis only upon Conscience, an' pleafe your Honours.

Trim's reafon put his audience into good humour,-all but Dr. Slop, who, turning his head about towards Trim, look'd a little angry.

Begin, Trim, --- and read diffinctly, quoth my father ;- I will, an' pleafe your Honour.

## T 97 ]

Honour, replied the Corporal, making a bow, and befpeaking attention with a flight movement of his right-hand.

#### CHAP. XVII.

-But before the Corporal begins, I must first give you a description of his ftand reprefented, by your imagination, in an uneafy pofture,-ftiff,-perpendicular,-dividing the weight of his body equally upon both legs;-his eye fix'd, as if on duty ;- his look determined,clinching the fermon in his left-hand, like his firelock :--- In a word, you would be apt to paint Trim, as if he was ftanding in his platoon ready for action :----His attitude was as unlike all this as you can conceive.

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He flood before them with his body fwayed, and bent forwards just fo far, as to make an angle of 85 degrees and a half upon the plain of the horizon;----which found orators, to whom I address this, know very well, to be the true perfuafive angle of incidence ;- in any other angle you may talk and preach ;- 'tis certain,-and it is done every day ;but with what effect,-I leave the world to judge !

The necessity of this precise angle of 85 degrees and a half to a mathematical exactnefs,-does it not fhew us, by the way,-how the arts and fciences mutually befriend each other?

How the duce Corporal Trim, who knew not fo much as an acute angle from an obtule one, came to hit it fo exactly ;

### [ 99 ]

actly :--- or whether it was chance or nature, or good fense or imitation, &c. shall be commented upon in that part of this cyclopædia of arts and feiences, where the inftrumental parts of the eloquence of the fenate, the pulpit, the bar, the coffee-houfe, the bed-chamber, and fire-fide, fall under confideration.

He ftood, --- for I repeat it, to take the picture of him in at one view, with his body fway'd, and fomewhat bent forwards,-his right-leg firm under him, fuftaining feven - eighths of his whole weight,-the foot of his left-leg, the defect of which was no difadvantage to his attitude, advanced a little,-not laterally, nor forwards, but in a line betwixt them ;- his knee bent, but that not violently,-but fo as to fall within the limits of the line of beauty ;--- and I add, of G 3

#### [ 100 ]

of the line of fcience too ;- for confider, it had one eighth part of his body to bear up ;- fo that in this cafe the pofition of the leg is determined,-becaufe the foot could be no further advanced. or the knee more bent, than what would allow him mechanically, to receive an eighth part of his whole weight under it .- and to carry it too.

> This I recommend to painters ?--need I add,-to orators ?-I think not ; for, unlefs they practife it,-they muft fall upon their nofes.

So much for Corporal Trim's body and legs .- He held the fermon loofely, -not carelefsly, in his left-hand, raifed fomething above his ftomach, and detach'd a little from his breaft ;---- his right-arm falling negligently by his fide, as nature 4 and

### [ 101 ]

and the laws of gravity ordered it,-but with the palm of it open and turned towards his audience, ready to aid the fentiment, in cafe it flood in need.

Corporal Trim's eyes and the muscles of his face were in full harmony with the other parts of him ;-he look'd frank,unconstrained,-fomething affured,---but not bordering upon affurance.

Let not the critic afk how Corporal Trim could come by all this; I've told him it shall be explained ;-but fo he ftood before my father, my uncle Toby, and Dr. Slop,-fo fwayed his body, fo contrasted his limbs, and with fuch an oratorical fweep throughout the whole figure,-a statuary might have modell'd from it; --- nay, I doubt whether the oldeft Fellow of a College,-or the Hebreat G 4

# [ 102 ]

brew Professor himself, could have much mended it.

Trim made a bow, and read as follows :

The SERMON.

HEBREWS XIII. 18.

For we trust we have a good Conscience. \_\_\_\_

Ruft !- Truft we have a good confeience !"

[Certainly, Trim, quoth my father, interrupting him, you give that fentence a very improper accent; for you curl up your nofe, man, and read it with fuch a incering tone, as if the Parfon was going to abuse the Apostle.

He

#### 1 103 ]

He is, an' pleafe your Honour, replied Pugh! faid my father, fmiling. Trim.

Sir, quoth Dr. Slop, Trim is certainly in the right; for the writer (who I perceive is a Protestant) by the inappilh manner in which he takes up the Apoftle, is certainly going to abufe him,-if this treatment of him has not done it already. But from whence, replied my father, have you concluded fo foon, Dr. Slop, that the writer is of our Church ?---for aught I can fee yet,-he may be of any Church :--- Becaufe, anfwered Dr. Slop, if he was of ours .- he durft no more take fuch a licence,-than a bear by his beard :---- If, in our communion, Sir, a man was to infult an Apostle,-a faint, ---- or even the paring of a faint's nail,-he would have his eyes fcratched out,----What, by the faint, quoth my uncle

# [ 104 ]

uncle Toby. No, replied Dr. Slop, --- he would have an old houfe over his head. Pray is the Inquifition an antient building, answered my uncle Toby, or is it a modern one ?- I know nothing of architecture, replied Dr. Slop .- An' pleafe your Honours, quoth Trim, the Inquifition is the vileft-Pri'thee fpare thy, description, Trim, I hate the very name of it, faid my father .- No matter for that, answered Dr. Slop,-it has its uses ; for tho' I'm no great advocate for it, yet. in fuch a cafe as this, he would foon be taught better manners; and I can tell. him, if he went on at that rate, would be flung into the Inquisition for his pains, God help him then, quoth my uncle. Toby. Amen, added Trim; for, heaven above knows, I have a poor brother who has been fourteen years a captive in it.---I never heard one word of it before, faid my

#### [ 105 ]

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my uncle Toby, haftily :- How came he there, Trim ?---- O, Sir ! the ftory will make your heart bleed,-as it has mademine a thousand times ;----but it is too long to be told now ;----your Honour fhall hear it from first to last fome day when I am working befide you in our fortifications ; --- but the fhort of the ftory is this :--- That my brother Tom went over a fervant to Lifbon,-and then married a 'few's widow, who kept a small fhop, and fold faufages, which, fome how or other, was the caufe of his being taken in the middle of the night out of his bed, where he was lying with his wife and two fmall children, and carried directly to the Inquisition, where, God help him, continued Trim, fetching a figh from the bottom of his heart,-the poor honeft lad lies confined at this hour ;----he was as honeft a foul, added Trim, (pulling

# [ 106 ]

(pulling out his handkerchief) as ever blood warm'd.

----- The tears trickled down Trim's cheeks fafter than he could well wipe them away .- A dead filence in the room enfued for fome minutes. ----- Certain proof of pity !

Come, Trim, quoth my father, after he faw the poor fellow's grief had got a little vent,-read on,-and put this melancholy ftory out of thy head :-- I grieve that I interrupted thee ;- but pri'thee begin the fermon again ;- for if the first fentence in it is matter of abufe, as thou fayeft, I have a great defire to know what kind of provocation the Apoftle has given.

Corporal Trim wiped his face, and returning his handkerchief into his pocket, 3 and,

### [ I07 ]

and, making a bow as he did it,-he began again.]

and

185

The SERMON.

HEBREWS XIII. 18.

-For we trust we have a good Conscience .-

Ruft! truft we have a good confcience ! Surely if there is any دد " thing in this life which a man may " depend upon, and to the knowledge " of which he is capable of arriving " upon the most indisputable evidence, "it must be this very thing,-whether " he has a good confcience or no."

[I am positive I am right, quoth Dr. Slop.]

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## [ IO8 ]

" " If a man thinks at all, he cannot « well be a ftranger to the true ftate of " this account ;- he must be privy to " his own thoughts and defires ;---- he « must remember his past pursuits, and "know certainly the true fprings and " motives, which, in general, have go-" verned the actions of his life."

[I defy him, without an affiftant, quoth Dr. Slop. ]

" In other matters we may be deceived " by false appearances; and; as the wife " man complains, hardly do we guess " aright at the things that are upon the " earth, and with labour do we find the " things that are before us. But here the " mind has all the evidence and facts " within herfelf; - is confcious of the web " fhe has wove ;- knows its texture and ss fine-

## [ 100 ]

101 \*\* finenefs, and the exact fhare which to " every paffion has had in working upon of " the feveral defigns which virtue or vice on " has plann'd before her."

The language is good, and I declare "Trim reads very well, quoth my father.]

" Now,-as confcience is nothing elfe an " but the knowledge which the mind has "within herfelf of this; and the judg-" ment, either of approbation or cenfure, which it unavoidably makes upon the "" fucceffive actions of our lives; 'tis plain " you will fay, from the very terms of " the proposition, --- whenever this inward " teftimony goes againft a man, and he " ftands felf-accufed,-that he must neeffarily be a guilty man .- And, on "" the contrary, when the report is fa-" vourable on his fide, and his heart con-« demns

### [ 110 ]

" demns him not; ---- that it is not a " mater of truft, as the Apoftle intimates, "-but a matter of certainty and fact, " that the confcience is good, and that " the man must be good alfo."

[Then the Apoftle is altogether in the wrong, I fuppofe, quoth Dr. Slop, and the Protestant divine is in the right. Sir, have patience, replied my father, for I think it will prefently appear that St. Paul and the Protestant divine are both of an. opinion .- As nearly fo, quoth Dr. Slop, as east is to weft ;- but this, continued. he, lifting both hands, comes from theliberty of the prefs.

It is no more, at the worft, replied my uncle Toby, than the liberty of the pulpit; for it does not appear that the fermon is printed, or ever likely to be.

Go

### [ III ]

### Go on, Trim, quoth my father. ]

" At first fight this may feem to be a " true ftate of the cafe; and I make no " doubt but the knowledge of right and " wrong is fo truly impreffed upon the " mind of man,-that did no fuch thing " ever happen, as that the confcience of " a man, by long habits of fin, might " (as the fcripture affures it may) infen-" fibly become hard ;---and, like fome " tender parts of his body, by much " ftrefs and continual hard ufage, lofe, " by degrees, that nice fenfe and per-" ception with which God and nature " endow'd it :-- Did this never happen ; " - or was it certain that felf-love could " never hang the least bias upon the " judgment ; - or that the little interefts " below, could rife up and perplex the " faculties of our upper regions, and VOL. II. " en-

" encompass them about with clouds and " thick darkness :---- Could no fuch " thing as favour and affection enter this " facred COURT :- Did WIT difdain to " take a bribe in it ;- or was afham'd to " fhew its face as an advocate for an " unwarrantable enjoyment :--- Or, laftly, " were we affured, that INTEREST flood " always unconcern'd whilit the caufe " was hearing,-and that paffion never " got into the judgment-feat, and pro-" nounc'd fentence in the ftead of reafon; " which is fuppofed always to prefide " this truly fo, as the objection muft " fuppofe ;- no doubt then, the religious " and moral flate of a man would be " exactly what he himfelf efteem'd it ;---" and the guilt or innocence of every " man's life could be known, in general; " by no better measure, than the dese grees.

# [ 113]

" grees of his own approbation and cen-46 fure.

" I own, in one cafe, whenever a man's " confcience does accufe him (as it fel-" dom errs on that fide) that he is guil-" ty; and, unlefs in melancholy and hy-" pocondriac cafes, we may fafely pro-" nounce upon it, that there is always " fufficient grounds for the accufation.

" But the converse of the proposition \*\* will not hold true; ---- namely, that " whenever there is guilt, the confcience " must accuse; and if it does not, that " a man is therefore innocent .--- This is " not fact :- So that the common con-" folation which fome good christian or " other is hourly administring to him-" felf,-that he thanks God his mind " does not mifgive him; and that, con-H2 " fequently,

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# Emist to some [ 114 ]

\*\* fequently, he has a good confcience, " becaufe he has a quiet one,-is falla-" cious ;--- and as current as the inference " is, and as infallible as the rule appears \*\* at first fight, yet, when you look n arer " to it, and try the truth of this rule " upon plain facts,-you fee it liable to " fo much error from a falle application ; " --- the principle upon which it goes fo " often perverted ;- the whole force of " it loft, and fometimes fo vilely caft " away, that it is painful to produce the " common examples from human life " which confirm the account.

" A man shall be vicious and utterly " debauched in his principles ;- excep-" tionable in his conduct to the world ; " fhall live fhamelefs, in the open com-" miffion of a fin which no reafon or pre-" tence can justify ;- a fin, by which « con-

# [ 115]

" contrary to all the workings of huma-" nity, he shall ruin for ever the deluded " partner of his guilt ;- rob her of her " beft dowry; and not only cover her own " head with difhonour,-but involve a " whole virtuous family in fhame and " forrow for her fake .- Surely, you will " think confcience must lead fuch a man " a troublesome life;-he can have no " reft night or day from its reproaches.

" Alas! Conscience had fomething " elfe to do, all this time, than break in " upon him; as Elijab reproached the " God Baal, \_\_\_\_\_this domeffic God was " either talking, or pursuing, or was in a " journey, or peradventure be slept and " could not be awoke.

" Perhaps HE was gone out in com-" pany with HONOUR to fight a duel; H<sub>2</sub> 66 to

#### [ 116 ]

" to pay off fome debt at play ;---- or " dirty annuity, the bargain of his luft : " Perhaps CONSCIENCE all this time was " engaged at home, talking loud againft " petty larceny, and executing vengeance " upon fome fuch puny crimes as his " fortune and rank in life fecured him " against all temptation of committing; " fo that he lives as merrily," [If he was of our church tho', quoth Dr. Slop, he could not]-" fleeps as foundly in his " bed ;- and at last meets death as un-" concernedly ;-perhaps much more for " than a much better man."

All this is impoffible with us, quoth Dr. Slop, turning to my father,-the cafe could not happen in our church.----It happens in ours, however, replied my father, but too often .- I own, quoth Dr. Slop (ftruck a little with my father's frank

[ 117 ]

frank acknowledgment)-that a man in the Romifs church may live as badly ;--but then he cannot eafily die fo .- 'Tis little matter, replied my father, with an air of indifference,-how a rafcal dies.-I mean, anfwer'd Dr. Slop, he would be denied the benefits of the laft facraments. -Pray how many have you in all, faid my uncle Toby,-for I always forget ?-Seven, answered Dr. Slop .- Humph !-faid my uncle Toby ;- tho' not accented as a note of acquiescence,-but as an interjection of that particular species of furprize, when a man, in looking into a drawer, finds more of a thing than he expected .- Humph! replied my uncle Toby. Dr. Slop, who had an ear, understood my uncle Toby as well as if he had wrote a whole volume against the feven facraments .---- Humph ! replied Dr. Slop. (ftating my uncle Toby's argument over, H4 again

### [ 118 ]

again to him)-Why, Sir, are there not feven cardinal virtues ?---- Seven mortal fins ?---- Seven golden candle-more than I know, replied my uncle Toby .---- Are there are not feven wonders of the world ?----Seven days of the creation ?---- Seven planets ?--- Seven plagues ?---- That there are, quoth my father, with a most affected gravity. But pri'thee, continued he, go on with the reft of thy characters, Trim.]

" Another is fordid, unmerciful," (here Trim waved his right-hand) " a ftrait-" hearted, felfish wretch, incapable either " of private friendship or public spirit. " Take notice how he paffes by the wi-" dow and orphan in their diffrefs, and " fees all the miferies incident to human " life without a figh or a prayer." [And pleafe

# [ 110 ]

pleafe your Honours, cried Trim, I think this is a viler man than the other.]

" Shall not confcience rife up and fting " him on fuch occafions ?- No; thank "God there is no occasion; I pay every " man bis own ;- I have no fornication to " answer to my conscience; -- no faitbles " vows or promises to make up;-I bave " debauched no man's wife or child; thank "God, I am not as other men, adulterers, " unjust, or even as this libertine, who " stands before me.

" A third is crafty and defigning in " his nature. View his whole life :--'tis " nothing but a cunning contexture of " dark arts and unequitable fubterfuges, " bafely to defeat the true intent of all " laws,-plain dealing and the fafe en-" joyment of our feveral properties.-----" You

# [ 120 ]

"You will fee fuch a one working out " a frame of little defigns upon the ig-" norance and perplexities of the poor " and needy man ;- fhall raife a fortune " upon the inexperience of a youth, or " the unfufpecting temper of his friend, " who would have trufted him with his « life.

"When old age comes on, and re-" pentance calls him to look back upon " this black account, and flate it over " again with his confcience, ---- Con-" SCIENCE looks into the STATUTES at " LARGE ; - finds no express law broken " by what he has done ;- perceives no " penalty or forfeiture of goods and chat-" tels incurred ;-fees no fcourge waving " over his head, or prifon opening his " gates upon him :- What is there to " affright his confcience? -- Confcience ic has

#### [ 121 ]

" has got fafely entrenched behind the " Letter of the Law; fits there invul-" nerable, fortified with Cales and Re-" ports fo ftrongly on all fides ;- that " it is not preaching can difpoffefs it of " its hold."

[Here Corporal Trim and my uncle Toby exchanged looks with each other .--Ave, -ave, Trim ! quoth my uncle Toby, fhaking his head,-thefe are but forry fortifications, Trim, ----- O! very poor work, answered Trim, to what your Honour and I make of it .---- The character of this laft man, faid Dr. Slop, interrupting Trim, is more deteftable than all the reft; \_\_\_\_\_ and feems to have been taken from fome pettifogging Lawver amongft you :---- Amongft us, a man's confcience could not poffibly continue fo long blinded ;-three times in

# [ 122 ]

a year, at leaft, he must go to confession. .... Will that reftore it to fight, quoth my uncle Toby?-Go on, Trim, quoth my father, or Obadiab will have got back before thou haft got to the end of thy fermon ;-'tis a very fhort one, replied Trim .- I wish it was longer, quoth my uncle Toby, for I like it hugely .- Trim went on.7

VI

V

222

" A fourth man shall want even this " refuge ;---fhall break through all this " ceremony of flow chicane ; --- fcorns " the doubtful workings of fecret plots " and cautious trains to bring about his " purpofe :- See the bare-faced villain, " how he cheats, lies, perjures, robs, " murders .--- Horrid !--- But indeed " much better was not to be expected, " in the prefent cafe,- the poor man " was in the dark !- his prieft had got " the

# [ 123 ]

" the keeping of his confcience ;- and " all he would let him know of it, was. " That he must believe in the Pope ;---" go to Mafs ;-crofs himfelf ;-tell his " beads ;----be a good Catholic, and " that this, in all confcience, was enough " to carry him to heaven. What :---if " he perjures !- Why ;- he had a men-\* tal refervation in it .- But if he is fo " wicked and abandoned a wretch as " you reprefent him ;- if he robs,- if " he flabs, -- will not confcience, on every " fuch act, receive a wound itfelf ? Aye, ..-but the man has carried it to con-" feffion ;---- the wound digefts there, " and will do well enough, and in a " fhort time be quite healed up by ab-" folution. O Popery ! what haft thou " to answer for ? - when, not content " with the too many natural and fatal " ways, thro' which the heart of man is " every

# [ 124 ]

\*\* every day thus treacherous to itfelf " above all things ;--- thou haft wilfully v " fet open this wide gate of deceit before " the face of this unwary traveller, too " apt, God knows, to go aftray of him-" felf; and confidently fpeak peace to " himfelf, when there is no peace.

" Of this the common inftances which " I have drawn out of life, are too no-\* torious to require much evidence. If " any man doubts the reality of them, " or thinks it impoffible for a man to be " fuch a bubble to himfelf, -- I must refer " him a moment to his own reflections, " and will then venture to truft my ap-" peal with his own heart.

7

" Let him confider in how different " a degree of deteftation, numbers of " wicked actions fland there, tho' equally " bad

#### [ 125 ]

had and vicious in their own natures ; will the will foon find that fuch of them, as ftrong inclination and cuftom have or" prompted him to commit, are gene-"" rally drefs'd out and painted with all the falfe beauties, which a foft and a " flattering hand can give them ;---and " that the others, to which he feels no " propenfity, appear, at once, naked and "deformed, furrounded with all the " true circumftances of folly and difse honour.

"When David furprized Saul fleep-"ing in the cave, and cut off the fkirt " of his robe,-we read his heart fmote " him for what he had done :- But in. " the matter of Uriab, where a faithful and gallant fervant, whom he ought " to have loved and honoured, fell to " make way for his luft,-where con-" fcience

# [ 126 ]

\* fcience had fo much greater reafon to " take the alarm, his heart fmote him " not. A whole year had almost passed " from the first commission of that crime, " to the time Nathan was fent to reprove " him; and we read not once of the leaft " forrow or compunction of heart which " he teftified, during all that time, for " what he had done.

"Thus confcience, this once able mo-" nitor, ----placed on high as a judge " within us, and intended by our maker " as a just and equitable one too,-by " an unhappy train of caufes and impe-" diments, takes often fuch imperfect " cognizance of what paffes,-does its " office fo negligently, -- fometimes fo " corruptly,-that it is not to be trufted " alone; and therefore we find there is " a neceffity, an abfolute neceffity of " joining

# [ 127 ]

" joining another principle with it to aid, " if not govern, its determinations.

"So that if you would form a just " judgment of what is of infinite impor-" tance to you not to be mifled in,-----" namely, in what degree of real merit " you ftand either as an honeft man, an " useful citizen, a faithful fubject to your " king, or a good fervant to your God,-" call in religion and morality .- Look, "---- How readeft thou ?---- Confult " calm reafon and the unchangeable ob-" ligations of justice and truth ;- what " fay they ?

"Let CONSCIENCE determine the " matter upon these reports ;- and then " if thy heart condemns thee not, which " is the cafe the Apoftle fuppoles,-the Vol. II. se rule

## [ 128 ]

" rule will be infallible ;" [Here Dr. Slop fell afleep] " thou wilt have confidence to-" wards God ;- that is, have just grounds " to believe the judgment thou haft paft " upon thyfelf, is the judgment of God; " and nothing elfe but an anticipation " of that righteous fentence which will " be pronounced upon thee hereafter by " that Being, to whom thou art finally " to give an account of thy actions.

" Bleffed is the man, indeed then, as " the author of the book of Ecclefiafticus " expresses it, who is not prick'd with the " multitude of bis fins: Bleffed is the man " whole beart bath not condemn'd bim; " whether be be rich, or whether be be " poor, if be have a good heart (a heart " thus guided and informed) be shall at " all times rejoice in a chearful counte-" nance ; his mind that tell bim more than se feven

# [ 129 ]

es seven watch-men that sit above upon a " tower on high."----- [A tower has no ftrength, quoth my uncle Toby, unlefs 'tis flank'd. ] " In the darkeft doubts " it shall conduct him fafer than a thou-" fand cafuifts, and give the ftate he " lives in a better fecurity for his beha-" viour than all the claufes and re-" ftrictions put together, which law-" makers are forced to multiply :-----" Forced, I fay, as things fland ; hu-" man laws not being a matter of ori-" ginal choice, but of pure neceffity, " brought in to fence against the mif-" chievous effects of those confciences " which are no law unto themfelves; " well intending, by the many provi-" fions made, \_\_\_\_\_ that in all fuch cor-" rupt and mifguided cafes, where prin-" ciples and the checks of confcience " will not make us upright, ----- to I 2 " fupply

#### [ 130 ]

" jupply their force, and, by the cer-" rors of goals and halters, oblige us st to it."

II fee plainly, faid my father, that this fermon has been composed to be preached at the Temple,----or at fome Affize .---- I like the reafoning,----- and am forry that Dr. Slop has fallen afleep before the time of his conviction ;----for it is now clear, that the Parfon, as I thought at first, never infulted St. Paul in the leaft ;-----nor has there been, bro-ther, the leaft difference between them. ----- A great matter, if they had differed, replied my uncle Toby, ---- the beft friends in the world may differ fometimes .---- True, -- brother Toby, quoth my father, fhaking hands with him,we'll fill our pipes, brother, and then. Trim fhall go on.

Well .--

## [ 131 ]

Well,-what doft thou think of it ? faid my father, fpeaking to Corporal Trim. as he reach'd his tobacco-box.

I think, answer'd the Corporal, that the feven watch-men upon the tower, who, I fuppofe, are all centinels there,-are more, an' pleafe your Honour, than were neceffary ;--- and, to go on at that rate, would harrafs a regiment all to pieces, which a commanding officer, who loves his men, will never do, if he can help it; because two centinels, added the Corporal, are as good as twenty .-- I have been a commanding officer myfelf in the Corps de Garde a hundred times, continued Trisz, rifing an inch higher in his figure, as he fpoke,-and all the time I had the honour to ferve his Majefty King William, in relieving the most confiderable posts, I never left more than two in my life .---Very 13

# [ 132 ]

Very right, Trim, quoth my uncle Toby, ----- but you do not confider, Trim, that the towers, in Solomon's days, were not fuch things as our baftions, flank'd and defended by other works ;- this, Trim, was an invention fince Solomon's death ; nor had they horn-works, or ravelins before the curtin, in his time ;- or fuch a fossé as we make with a cuvette in the middle of it, and with cover'd-ways and counterfcarps pallifadoed along it, to guard against a Coup de main :- So that the feven men upon the tower were a party, I dare fay, from the Corps de Garde, fet there, not only to look out, but to defend it .- They could be no more, an" please your Honour, than a Corporal's Guard .- My father fmiled inwardly,but not outwardly ;- the fubject between my uncle Toby and Corporal Trim being rather too ferious, confidering what had hap-

#### [ 133 ]

happened, to make a jeft of :-- So putting his pipe into his mouth, which he had just lighted,-he contented himself with ordering Trim to read on. He read on as follows :]

" To have the fear of God before our " eyes, and, in our mutual dealings with " each other, to govern our actions by the " eternal meafures of right and wrong :----" The first of these will comprehend the " duties of religion ;--- the fecond, those " of morality, which are fo infeparably " connected together, that you cannot " divide thefe two tables, even in imagi-" nation (tho' the attempt is often made " in practice) without breaking and mu-" tually deftroying them both.

"I faid the attempt is often made, " and fo it is ;---- there being nothing I4 44 more

### [ 134 ]

" more common than to fee a man who " has no fenfe at all of religion, - and in-" deed has fo much honefty as to pre-" tend to none, who would take it as the " bittereft affront, fhould you but hint at " a fufpicion of his moral character,-" or imagine he was not confcientioufly " just and forupulous to the uttermost 66 mite.

"When there is fome appearance that " it is fo,-tho' one is unwilling even to " fufpect the appearance of fo amiable a " virtue as moral honefty, yet were we " to look into the grounds of it, in the " prefent cafe, I am perfuaded we fhould \* find little reafon to envy fuch a one " the honour of his motive. I allowed

"Let him declaim as pompoully as " he chooses upon the subject, it will se he

# [ 135]

" be found to reft upon no better foun-" dation than either his intereft, his pride, " his eafe, or fome fuch little and change-" able paffion as will give us but finall " dependance upon his actions in matters " of great ftrefs. "is no probability that fither af allon

" I will illustrate this by an ex-" ample, and the way of about 200 w fider that honefty ferves the purpofes

" I know the banker I deal with, or " the phyfician I ufually call in," [There is no need, cried Dr. Slop, (waking) to call in any phyfician in this cafe] " to be " neither of them men of much religion -: " I hear them make a jeft of it every " day, and treat all its fanctions with fo " much fcorn, as to put the matter part " doubt. Well ; - notwithftanding this, " I put my fortune into the hands of the " one; -and what is dearer still to me. cs T

# [ 136 ]

" I truft my life to the honeft skill of " the other. and and and dedraciada " "iow as cristions from lider had withore

"Now, let me examine what is my " reafon for this great confidence.-----"Why, in the first place, I believe there " is no probability that either of them " will employ the power I put into their " hands to my difadvantage; - I con-" fider that honefty ferves the purpofes. " of this life :-- I know their fuccefs in " the world depends upon the fairnefs of " their characters .---- In a word .--- I'm " perfuaded that they cannot hurt me, " without hurting themfelves more.

" But put it otherwife, namely, that " intereft lay, for once, on the other fide ; " that a cafe fhould happen, wherein the " one, without stain to his reputation, " could fecrete my fortune, and leave " me

## [ 137 ]

" me naked in the world ;- or that the " other could fend me out of it, and en-" joy an eftate by my death, without " difhonour to himfelf or his art :- In " this cafe, what hold have I of either of " them ?---Religion, the ftrongeft of all " motives, is out of the queftion :--- In--"tereft, the next most powerful motive " in the world, is ftrongly against me :---"What have I left to caft into the oppo-" fite fcale to balance this temptation ?---"Alas! I have nothing,-nothing but "what is lighter than a bubble--- I muft " lay at the mercy of HONOUR, or fome " fuch capricious principle .- Strait fecu-" rity for two of my most valuable blef-" fings !---my property and my life.

" As, therefore, we can have no de-" pendence upon morality without reli-" gion ;- fo, on the other hand, there is " nothing 3

#### [ 138 ]

st nothing better to be expected from " religion without morality ;-neverthe-" lefs, 'tis no prodigy to fee a man whofe " real moral character flands very low, " who yet entertains the highest notion " of himfelf, in the light of a religious « man.

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"He fhall not only be covetous, re-" vengeful, implacable, ---- but even " wanting in points of common ho-" nefty ; yet, inalmuch as he talks aloud " against the infidelity of the age, ----" is zealous for fome points of reli-" gion, goes twice a day to church, "---- attends the facraments, ---- and " amuses himself with a few instrumental " parts of religion, ---- fhall cheat his " confcience into a judgment that, for " this, he is a religious man, and has "" difcharged truly his duty to God .: " And

#### [ 139 ]

" And you will find that fuch a man, " through force of this delufion, gene-" rally looks down with fpiritual pride " upon every other man who has lefs " affectation of piety,-though, perhaps, " ten times more moral honefty than 66 himfelf.

" This likewife is a fore evil under the " fun ; and, I believe there is no one mi-" ftaken principle, which, for its time, " has wrought more ferious milchiefs .--" For a general proof of this,-examine " the hiftory of the Romifs church ;"-Well, what can you make of that, cried Dr. Slop ?]- " fee what fcenes of cru-" elty, murders, rapines, blood-fhed," They may thank their own obstinacy, eried Dr. Slop] " have all been fanctified " by a religion not ftrictly governed by 64 morality.

44 In.

## [ I40 ]

"In how many kingdoms of the world," Here Trim kept waving his right-hand from the fermion to the extent of his arm. returning it backwards and forwards to the conclusion of the paragraph.]

" In how many kingdoms of the world " has the crufading fword of this mif-" guided faint-errant fpared neither age, " or merit, or fex, or condition ?-and, " as he fought under the banners of a " religion which fet him loofe from ju-" flice and humanity, he flew'd none; 55 mercilefsly trampled upon both,-----" heard neither the cries of the unfortu-" nate, nor pitied their diftreffes."

[I have been in many a battle, an' please your Honour, quoth Trim, fighing, but never in fo melancholy a one as this .- I would not have drawn a tricker aller?

in

#### [ 141 ]

in it, against these poor fouls, ---- to have been made a general officer. Why? what do you understand of the affair ? faid Dr. Slop, looking towards Trim with fomething more contempt than the Corporal's honeft heart deferved .--What do you know, friend, about this battle you talk of ?---- I know, replied Trim, that I never refused quarter in my life to any man who cried out for it ;--but to a woman or a child, continued Trim, before I would level my mufket at them, I would lofe my life a thoufand times .---- Here's a crown for thee. Trim, to drink with Obadiab to-night. quoth my uncle Toby, and I'll give Obadiab another too.-God blefs your Honour, replied Trim,-I had rather thefe poor women and children had it. Thou art an honeft fellow, quoth my uncle Toby .----- My father nodded his head.

[ 142 ] head,-as much as to fay,-and fo 

But pri'thee Trim, faid my father, make an end,-for I fee thou haft but a leaf or two left.]

#### Corperal Trim read on.

"If the teltimony of paft centuries " in this matter is not fufficient,-con-" fider at this inftant, how the votaries " of that religion are every day thinking " to do fervice and honour to God, by " actions which are a diffeonour and fcan-4 dal to themfelves.

" To be convinced of this, go with " me for a moment into the prifons of " the inquifition." [God help my poor brother Tom. ]- " Behold Religion, with " Merey;

### T 143 ]

set Mercy and Justice chained down under "er her feet,----there fitting ghaftly upon " a black tribunal, propp'd up with racks " and inftruments of torment. Hark ! "-hark ! what a piteous groan !" [Here Trim's face turned as pale as afhes.] " See the melancholy wretch who ut-" ter'd it,"-[Here the tears began to trickle down] " just brought forth to un-" dergo the anguish of a mock trial, and " endure the utmost pains that a studied " fystem of cruelty has been able to in-" vent."-[D-n them all, quoth Trim, his colour returning into his face as red as blood. ]- " Behold this helplefs victim ss delivered up to his tormentors, -his " body fo wafted with forrow and con-" finement." ---- [Oh ! 'tis my brother, cried poor Trim in a most passionate exclamation, dropping the fermon upon the ground, and clapping his hands to-Vol. H. K gether

gether-I fear 'tis poor Tom. My father's and my uncle Toby's hearts yearn'd with fympathy for the poor fellow's diftrefs,-even Slop himfelf acknowledged pity for him .- Why, Trim, faid my father, this is not a hiftory,-'tis a fermon thou art reading; - pri'thee begin the fentence again. ]- " Behold this helplefs " victim deliver'd up to his tormentors, "--- his body fo wafted with forrow and " confinement, you will fee every nerve " and mufcle as it fuffers.

" Obferve the laft movement of that " horrid engine !" [I would rather face a cannon, quoth Trim, ftamping.]-----" See what convulfions it has thrown " him into !--- Confider the nature of " the pofture in which he now lies " ftretched,-what exquisite tortures he " endures by it !"----[I hope 'tis not in Portugal,

## [ 145 ]

Portugal.]- " 'Tis all nature can bear ! " Good God! fee how it keeps his weary " foul hanging upon his trembling lips !" I would not read another line of it, quoth Trim, for all this world ;- I fear, an' pleafe your Honours, all this is in Portugal, where my poor brother Tom is. I tell thee, Trim, again, quoth my father, 'tis not an hiftorical account, -- 'tis a defcription .- 'Tis only a defcription, honeft man, quoth Slop, there's not a word of truth in it .- That's another flory, replied my father .- However, as Trim reads it with fo much concern,-'tis cruelty to force him to go on with it .- Give me hold of the fermon, Trim,-I'll finish it for thee, and thou mayft go. I must stay and hear it too, replied Trim, if your Honour will allow me ;---tho' I would not read it myself for a Colonel's pay.----K o Poor

## T 146 ]

Poor Trim! quoth my uncle Toby. My father went on.]

" -Confider the nature of the pofture " in which he now lies ftretch'd,-what " exquifite torture he endures by it !---"' 'Tis all nature can bear !-Good God ! " See how it keeps his weary foul hang-" ing upon his trembling lips,-willing " to take its leave, --- but not fuffered " to depart ! --- Behold the unhappy " wretch led back to his cell !" [Then, thank God, however, quoth Trim, they have not killed him]-" See him dragg'd " out of it again to meet the flames, and " the infults in his laft agonies, which " this principle, --- this principle, that " there can be religion without mercy, " has prepared for him." [Then, thank God,-he is dead, quoth Irim,-he is OUT

### [ 147 ]

out of his pain,-and they have done their worft at him .- O Sirs !--- Hold your peace, Trim, faid my father, going on with the fermon, left Trim should incenfe Dr. Slop,-we fhall never have done at this rate.]

" The fureft way to try the merit of " any difputed notion is, to trace down "the confequences fuch a notion has " produced, and compare them with the " fpirit of Chriftianity ;--'tis the fhort " and decifive rule which our Saviour " hath left us, for thefe and fuch-like " cafes, and it is worth a thousand ar-" guments,-By their fruits ye shall know se them.

" I will add no further to the length " of this fermon, than, by two or three 44 fhort Ka

## F 148 9

56 fhort and independent rules deducible . from it.

" First, Whenever a man talks loudly, " against religion, -always fuspect that it " is not his reafon, but his paffions which " have got the better of his CREED. A " bad life and a good belief are difagree-" able and troublefome neighbours, and " where they feparate, depend upon it, 'tis " for no other cause but quietness fake.

"Secondly, When a man, thus reprefen-" ted, tells you in any particular inftance, "-That fuch a thing goes against his " confcience,-always believe he means " exactly the fame thing, as when he tells " you fuch a thing goes against his fto-" mach ; - a prefent want of appetite " being generally the true caufe of both. 66 In

## [ 149 ]

" In a word,-truft that man in no-" thing, who has not a CONSCIENCE in " every thing.

" And, in your own cafe, remember " this plain diffinction, a miftake in " which has ruined thousands, ---- that " your confcience is not a law :- No, "God and reafon made the law, and " have placed confcience within you to " determine ;- not like an Afatic Cadi, " according to the ebbs and flows of his " own paffions,-but like a Britifb judge " in this land of liberty and good fenfe, " who makes no new law, but faithfully " declares that law which he knows al-" ready written."

FINIS.

f inone, doubtilly freehilto

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Thou

### F 150 T

Thou naft read the fermon extremely well, Trim, quoth my father .- If he had fpared his comments, replied Dr. Slop. he would have read it much better. I should have read it ten times better, Sir, answered Frim, but that my heart was fo full .- That was the very reafon, Trim. replied my father, which has made thee read the fermon as well as thou haft done: and if the clergy of our church, continued my father, addreffing himfelf to Dr. Slop. would take part in what they deliver, as deeply as this poor fellow has done,-as. their compositions are fine; (I deny it. quoth Dr. Slop) I maintain it, that the eloquence of our pulpits, with fuch fubjects to inflame it,-would be a model for the whole world :- But, alas ! continued my father, and I own it. Sir, with forrow, that, like French politicians in this refpect, what they gain in the cabinet trod'T' they

[ 171 ]

they lofe in the field .--- 'Twere a pity; quoth my uncle, that this fhould be loft. I like the fermon well, replied my father, ---- 'tis dramatic, ---- and there isfomething in that way of writing, when fkilfully managed, which catches the attention. ----- We preach much in that way with us, faid Dr. Slop .- I know that very well, faid my father,-but in a tone and manner which difgusted Dr. Slop,. full as much as his affent, fimply, could have pleafed him .---- But in this, added Dr. Slop, a little piqued, ---- our fermons have greatly the advantage, that we never introduce any character into them below a patriarch or a patriarch's wife, or a martyr or a faint .- There are fome very bad characters in this, however, faid my father, and I do not think the fermon a jot the worfe for 'em. ----- But pray, quoth my uncle Toby, - who's can this be ?

## [ 152 ]

be ?-How could it get into my Stevinus? A man must be as great a conjurer as Stevinus, faid my father, to refolve the fecond queftion :- The first, I think," is not fo difficult ;- for unlefs my judgment greatly deceives me,-I know the author, for 'tis wrote, certainly, by the parfon of the parifh.

The fimilitude of the ftile and manner of it, with those my father conftantly had heard preach'd in his parifh-church, was the ground of his conjecture, ---- proving it as ftrongly, as an argument à priori, could prove fuch a thing to a philosophic mind, That it was Yorick's and no one's elfe :------It was proved to be fo à posteriori, the day after, when Yorick fent a fervant to my uncle Toby's house to enquire after it.

Tr.

## [ 153 ]

. It feems that Yorick, who was inquifitive after all kinds of knowledge, had borrowed Stevinus of my uncle Toby, and had carelefly popp'd his fermon, as foon as he had made it, into the middle of Stevinus ; and, by an act of forgetfulnefs, to which he was ever fubject, he had fent Stevinus home, and his fermon to keep him company.

Ill-fated fermon! Thou waft loft, after this recovery of thee, a fecond time, dropp'd thro' an unfuspected fiffure in thy mafter's pocket, down into a treacherous and a tatter'd lining,-trod deep into the dirt by the left hind foot of his Rofinante, inhumanly flepping upon thee as thou falledft ;- buried ten days in the mire,-raifed up out of it by a beggar, fold for a halfpenny to a parifh-clerk,--transferred to his parfon,-loft for ever

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## [ 154 ]

to thy own, the remainder of his days .-nor reftored to his reffless MANES till this very moment, that I tell the world the ftory.

Can the reader believe, that this fermon of Yorick's was preach'd at an affize. in the cathedral of York, before a thous fand witneffes, ready to give oath of it. by a certain prebendary of that church. and actually printed by him when he had done, ---- and within fo fhort a fpace as two years and three months after Yorick's death .- Yorick, indeed, was never better ferved in his life !---- but it was a little hard to male-treat him after, and plunder him after he was laid in his grave.

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However, as the gentleman who did it, was in perfect charity with Yorick ,and, in confcious justice, printed but a few

this isomole of his fermous is libert --

#### 1 155 ]

few copies to give away ;-and that, I am told, he could moreover have made as good a one himfelf, had he thought fit, -I declare I would not have published this anecdote to the world ;--nor do I publish it with an intent to hurt his character and advancement in the church :---I leave that to others ;- but I find myfelf impelled by two reasons, which I cannot withftand.

The first is, That, in doing justice, I may give reft to Yorick's ghoft ;- which, as the country people,-and fome others, believe, \_\_\_\_fill walks.

The fecond reason is, That, by laying open this ftory to the world, I gain an opportunity of informing it,-That in cafe the character of parfon Yorick, and this fample of his fermons is liked,-that there

## [ 156 ]

there are now in the poffession of the Shandy family, as many as will make a handfome volume, at the world's fervice, ------and much good may they do it. to balk baroking ba

#### CHAP. XVIII.

BADIAH gain'd the two crowns without difpute; for he came in jingling, with all the inftruments in the green bays bag we fpoke of, flung across his body, just as Corporal Trim went out of the room.

It is now proper, I think, quoth Dr. Slop (clearing up his looks) as we are in a condition to be of fome fervice to Mrs. Shandy, to fend up flairs to know how the goes on one and to storest site

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## [ I.57 ]

I have ordered, answered my father, the old midwife to come down to us upon the leaft difficulty; ---- for you muft know, Dr. Slop, continued my father, with a perplexed kind of a fmile upon his countenance, that by exprefs treaty, folemnly ratified between me and my wife, you are no more than an auxiliary in this affair,-and not fo much of a midwife above flairs cannot do without you .---- Women have their particular fancies, and in points of this nature, continued my father, where they bear the whole burden, and fuffer fo much acute pain for the advantage of our families, and the good of the fpecies,-they claim a right of deciding, en Soveraines, in whofe hands, and in what fashion, they chuse to undergo it.

They

### [ 158 ]

They are in the right of it,-quoth my uncle Toby. But, Sir, replied Dr. Slop, not taking notice of my uncle Toby's opinion, but turning to my father,-they had better govern in other points :--- and a father of a family, who withed its perpetuity, in my opinion, had better exchange this prerogative with them, and give up fome other rights in lieu of it .--I know not, quoth my father, answering a little too teftily, to be quite dispaffionate in what he faid,-I know not, quoth he, what we have left to give up, in lieu of who fhall bring our children into the world,-unlefs that,-of who fhall beget them. ---- One would almost give up any thing, replied Dr. Slop .---- I beg your pardon,-anfwered my uncle Toby. ----Sir, replied Dr. Slop, it would aftonifh you to know what Improvements we have made of late years in all branches of

of obstetrical knowledge, but particularly in that one fingle point of the fafe and expeditious extraction of the fatus, -which has received fuch lights, that, for my part (holding up his hands) I declare I wonder how the world has-I wifh, quoth my uncle Toby, you had feen what prodigious armies we had in Flanders.

#### CHAP. XIX.

T Have dropp'd the curtain over this fcene for a minute,-to remind you of one thing,-and to inform you of another.

What I have to inform you, comes, I own, a little out of its due courfe ;---for it should have been told a hundred and VOL. II. T. fifty

fifty pages ago, but that I forefaw then 'twould come in pat hereafter, and be of more advantage here than elfewhere .--Writers had need look before them to keep up the fpirit and connection of what they have in hand.

When thefe two things are done,-the curtain shall be drawn up again, and my uncle Toby, my father, and Dr. Slop shall go on with their difcourfe, without any more interruption.

First, then, the matter which I have to remind you of, is this ;- that from the specimens of fingularity in my father's notions in the point of Chriftian-names, and that other point previous thereto,you was led, I think, into an opinion, (and I am fure I faid as much) that my father was a gentleman altogether as odd and

### [ 161 ]

and whimfical in fifty other opinions. In truth, there was not a ftage in the life of man, from the very first act of his begetting,-down to the lean and flipper'd pantaloon in his fecond childifhnefs, but he had fome favourite notion to himfelf, fpringing out of it, as fceptical, and as far out of the high-way of thinking, as thefe two which have been explained.

-Mr. Shandy, my father, Sir, would fee nothing in the light in which others placed it ;- he placed things in his own light ;- he would weigh nothing in common fcales ;- no,- he was too refined a refearcher to lay open to fo grofs an impolition .- To come at the exact weight of things in the fcientific fteel-yard, the fulcrum, he would fay, fhould be almost invifible, to avoid all friction from popular tenets ;- without this the minutiæ L 2 of

# [ 162 ]

of philosophy, which should always turn the balance, will have no weight at all .---Knowledge, like matter, he would affirm, was divifible in infinitum;-that the grains and fcruples were as much a part of it, as the gravitation of the whole world .- In a word, he would fay, error was error,no matter where it fell,-whether in a fraction,-or a pound,-'twas alike fatal to truth, and the was kept down at the bottom of her well as inevitably by a miftake in the duft of a butterfly's wing, -as in the difk of the fun, the moon, and all the ftars of heaven put together.

He would often lament that it was for want of confidering this properly, and of applying it skilfully to civil matters, as well as to fpeculative truths, that fo many things in this world were out of joint ;-that the political arch was giving way ;---and

## [ 163 ]

and that the very foundations of our excellent conflitution in church and flate. were fo fapp'd as effimators had reported.

You cry out, he would fay, we are a ruined, undone people .- Why ? he would afk, making use of the forites or fyllogifm of Zeno and Chryfippus, without knowing it belonged to them .- Why ? why are we a ruined people ?-Becaufe we are corrupted .- Whence is it, dear Sir, that we are corrupted ?- Becaufe we are needy ;- our poverty, and not our wills, confent .---And wherefore, he would add, --- are we needy ?-From the neglect, he would anfwer, of our pence and our halfpence :---Our bank-notes, Sir, our guineas,-nay our shillings, take care of themselves.

'Tis the fame, he would fay, throughout the whole circle of the fciences ;the L 2

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### [ 164 ]

the great, the established points of them, are not to be broke in upon .- The laws of nature will defend themfelves ;- but error-(he would add, looking earneftly at my mother)-error, Sir, creeps in thro' the minute holes, and fmall crevices, which human nature leaves unguarded.

This turn of thinking in my father, is what I had to remind you of : - The point you are to be informed of, and which I have referved for this place, is as follows :

Amongst the many and excellent reafons, with which my father had urged my mother to accept of Dr. Slop's affiftance preferably to that of the old woman,-there was one of a very fingular nature; which, when he had done arguing the matter with her as a Chriftian, and came to argue it over again with her

as

## [ 165 ]

as a philosopher, he had put his whole ftrength to, depending indeed upon it as his fheet anchor. --- It failed him; tho' from no defect in the argument itfelf; but that, do what he could, he was not able for his foul to make her comprehend the drift of it .- Curfed luck !- faid he to himfelf, one afternoon, as he walk'd out of the room, after he had been ftating it for an hour and a half to her, to no manner of purpofe ;- curfed luck ! faid he, biting his lip as he fhut the door. -for a man to be mafter of one of the finest chains of reasoning in nature, ----and have a wife at the fame time with fuch a head-piece, that he cannot hang up a fingle inference within fide of it, to fave his foul from deftruction.

This argument, tho' it was intirely loft upon my mother,-had more weight with L4 him,

## [ 166 ]

him, than all his other arguments joined together :- I will therefore endeavour to do it justice,-and fet it forth with all the perspicuity I am master of.

My father fet out upon the ftrength of thefe two following axioms :

Firft, That an ounce of a man's own wit, was worth a tun of other peoples; and,

Secondly, (Which, by the bye, was the ground-work of the first axiom,-tho' it comes laft) That every man's wit muft come from every man's own foul,-and no other body's.

Now, as it was plain to my father, that all fouls were by nature equal,-and that the great difference between the moft acute and the most obtuse understanding, -was

## [ 167 ]

-was from no original fharpnefs or bluntnefs of one thinking fubftance above or below another,-but arofe merely from the lucky or unlucky organization of the body, in that part where the foul principally took up her refidence,-----he had made it the fubject of his enquiry to find out the identical place.

Now, from the best accounts he had been able to get of this matter, he was fatisfied it could not be where Des Cartes had fixed it, upon the top of the pineal gland of the brain; which, as he philofophifed, formed a cufhion for her about the fize of a marrow pea; tho' to fpeak the truth, as fo many nerves did terminate all in that one place,-'twas no bad conjecture; -and my father had certainly fallen with that great philosopher plumb into the center of the miftake, had it not been

### F 168 ]

been for my uncle Toby, who refcued him out of it, by a ftory he told him of a Walloon officer at the battle of Landen, who had one part of his brain fhot away by a mufket-ball,-and another part of it taken out after by a French furgeon ; and, after all, recovered, and did his duty very well without it.

If death, faid my father, reafoning with himfelf, is nothing but the feparation of the foul from the body ;--- and if it is true that people can walk about and do their bufinefs without brains,-then certes the foul does not inhabit there. Q. E. D.

As for that certain, very thin, fubtle, and very fragrant juice which Coglionifimo Borri, the great Milaneze phyfician, affirms, in a letter to Bartholine, to have difcovered in the cellulæ of the occipital parts

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#### F 160 1

of the cerebellum, and which he likewife affirms to be the principal feat of the reafonable foul (for, you must know, in these latter and more enlightened ages, there are two fouls in every man living,-the one, according to the great Metheglingius. being called the Animus, the other the Anima);-as for this opinion, I fay, of Borri,-my father could never fubfcribe to it by any means; the very idea of fo noble, fo refined, fo immaterial, and fo exalted a being as the Anima, or even the Animus, taking up her refidence, and fitting dabbling, like a tad-pole, all day long, both fummer and winter, in a puddle,-or in a liquid of any kind, how thick or thin foever. he would fay, fhock'd his imagination; he would fcarce give the doctrine a hearing.

What, therefore, feem'd the least liable to objections of any, was, that the chief fen-

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#### [ 170 ]

fenforium, or head-quarters of the foul, and to which place all intelligences were referred, and from whence all her mandates were iffued,-was in, or near, the cerebellum,-or rather fome-where about the medulla oblongata, wherein it was generally agreed by Dutch anatomists, that all the minute nerves from all the organs of the feven fenfes concentered, like ftreets and winding alleys, into a fquare.

31

So far there was nothing fingular in my father's opinion, --- he had the beft of philofophers, of all ages and climates, to go along with him .- But here he took a road of his own, fetting up another Shandean hypothefis upon these corner-ftones they had laid for him ;- and which faid hypothefis equally flood its ground ; whether the fubtilty and fineness of the foul depended upon the temperature and clearnefs

## [ 171 ]

nefs of the faid liquor, or of the finer net-work and texture in the cerebellum itfelf; which opinion he favoured.

He maintained, that next to the due care to be taken in the act of propagation of each individual, which required all the thought in the world, as it laid the foundation of this incomprehenfible contexture in which wit, memory, fancy, eloquence, and what is ufually meant by the name of good natural parts, do confift ;- that next to this and his Chriftianname, which were the two original and most efficacious causes of all ;-- that the third caufe, or rather what logicians call the Causa fine quâ non, and without which all that was done was of no manner of fignificance,-was the prefervation of this delicate and fine-fpun web, from the hawock which was generally made in it by the

## T 172 ]

the violent compression and crush which the head was made to undergo, by the nonfenfical method of bringing us into the world by that part foremost.

## ----- This requires explanation.

My father, who dipp'd into all kinds of books, upon looking into Lithopædus Senonefis de Partu difficili \*, published by Adri-

\* The author is here twice miftaken ; ----- for Lithopædus fhould be wrote thus, Lithopædii Senonenfis Icon. 'The fecond miftake is, that this Lithopædus is not an author, but a drawing of a petrified child. The account of this, published by Albofius, 1580, may be feen at the end of Cordæus's works in Spachius. Mr. Triftram Shandy has been led into this error, either from feeing Lithopædus's name of late in a catalogue of learned writers in Dr. -----, or by miftaking Lithopædus for Trinecavellius, -from the too great fimilitude of the names.

### [ 173 ]

Adrianus Smelvget, had found out, That the lax and pliable flate of a child's head in parturition, the bones of the cranium having no futures at that time; was fuch,-that by force of the woman's efforts, which, in ftrong labour-pains, was equal, upon an average, to a weight of 470 pounds averdupoife acting perpendicularly upon it ;- it fo happened that, in 49 inftances out of 50, the faid head was compreffed and moulded into the fhape of an oblong conical piece of dough, fuch as a paftry-cook generally rolls up in order to make a pye of.----Good God! cried my father, what havock and deftruction must this make in the infinitely fine and tender texture of the cerebellum !-- Or if there is fuch a juice as Borri pretends, -is it not enough to make the clearest liquor in the world both feculent and mothery?

But

## [ 174 ]

But how great was his apprehenfion, when he further understood, that this force, acting upon the very vertex of the head, not only injured the brain itfelf or cerebrum, ---- but that it neceffarily fqueez'd and propell'd the cerebrum towards the cerebellum, which was the immediate feat of the understanding, Angels and Ministers of grace defend us! cried my father,---can any foul withftand this flock ?- No wonder the intellectual web is fo rent and tatter'd as we fee it : and that fo many of our beft heads are no better than a puzzled fkein of filk,-all perplexity,-all confusion within fide.

But when my father read on, and was let into the fecret, that when a child was turn'd topfy-turvy, which was eafy for an operator to do, and was extracted by the feet ;- that inftead of the cerebrum

# [ 175 ]

being propell'd towards the cerebellum. the cerebellum, on the contrary, was propell'd fimply towards the cerebrum where it could do no manner of hurt :----By heavens ! cried he, the world is in a confpiracy to drive out what little wit God has given us,-and the professors of the obstetric art are listed into the fame confpiracy .- What is it to me which end of my fon comes foremost into the world. provided all goes right after, and his cerebellum efcapes uncrushed ?

It is the nature of an hypothefis, when once a man has conceived it, that it affimilates every thing to itfelf as proper nourifhment; and, from the first moment of your begetting it, it generally grows the ftronger by every thing you fee, hear, read, or underftand. This is of great ufe.

VOL. II.

M

When

## [ 176 ]

When my father was gone with this about a month, there was fcarce a phænemenon of flupidity or of genius, which he could not readily folve by it ;--it accounted for the eldeft fon being the greateft blockhead in the family .- Poor devil, he would fay,-he made way for the capacity of his younger brothers .- It unriddled the obfervation of drivellers and monftrous heads, -- fhewing, à priori, it could not be otherwife, -- unlefs \* \* \* \* I don't know what. It wonderfully explain'd and accounted for the acumen of the Afatic genius, and that fprightlier turn, and a more penetrating intuition of minds, in warmer climates; not from the loofe and common-place folution of a clearer fky, and a more perpetual fun-fhine, &c .-which, for aught he knew, might as well rarify and dilute the faculties of the foul into nothing, by one extreme,-as they are

## [ X77]]

are condenfed in colder climates by the other :- but he traced the affair up to its fpring-head ; - fhew'd that, in warmer climates, nature had laid a lighter tax upon the faireft parts of the creation ;--their pleafures more ;- the neceffity of their pains lefs, infomuch that the preffure and refiftance upon the vertex was fo flight, that the whole organization of the cerebellum was preferved ;-nay, he did not believe, in natural births, that fo much as a fingle thread of the net-work. was broke or difplaced, -- fo that the foul might juft act as fhe liked.

When my father had got fo far,what a blaze of light did the accounts of the Cafarian fection, and of the towering geniufes who had come fafe into the world by it, caft upon this hypothefis? Here you fee, he would fay, there was no injury done to the fenforium ;--no pref-M 2 fure.

### [ 178 ]

fure of the head against the pelvis ;--no propulsion of the cerebrum towards the cerebellum, either by the os pubis on this fide, or the os coxcygis on that ;--- and, pray, what were the happy confequences ? Why, Sir, your Julius Cafar, who gave the operation a name; - and your Hermes Trismegistus, who was born to before ever the operation had a name ;- your Scipio Africanus ; your Manlius Torquatus ; our Edward the Sixth, -who, had he lived. would have done the fame honour to the hypothefis :- Thefe, and many more, who figur'd high in the annals of fame,-all came fide-way, Sir, into the world.

This incifion of the abdomen and uterus, ran for fix weeks together in my father's head ;-he had read, and was fatisfied, that wounds in the epigastrium, and those in the matrix, were not mortal ;--fo that the belly of the mother might be opened

#### [ 179 ]

opened extremely well to give a paffage to the child .- He mentioned the thing one afternoon to my mother,-merely as a matter of fact ;- but feeing her turn as pale as afhes at the very mention of it, as much as the operation flattered his hopes,-he thought it as well to fay no more of it,-contenting himfelf with admiring-what he thought was to no purpose to propose.

This was my father Mr. Shandy's hypothefis; concerning which I have only to add, that my brother Bobby did as great honour to it (whatever he did to the family) as any one of the great heroes we fpoke of :- For happening not only to be chriften'd, as I told you, but to be born too, when my father was at Epfom .--being moreover my mother's first child, -coming into the world with his head foremost, -and turning out afterwards a lad

3

### [ 180 ]

lad of wonderful flow parts,-my father fpelt all thefe together into his opinion : and as he had failed at one end,-he was determined to try the other.

This was not to be expected from one of the fifterhood, who are not eafily to be put out of their way .- and was therefore one of my father's great reasons in favour of a man of fcience, whom he could better deal with

Of all men in the world, Dr. Slop was the fitteft for my father's purpofe ;- for though his new-invented forceps was the armour he had proved, and what he maintained, to be the fafeft inftrument of deliverance,-yet, it feems, he had fcattered a word or two in his book, in fayour of the very thing which ran in my father's fancy ;- tho' not with a view to the foul's good in extracting by the feet;

### T 181 1

as was my father's fystem, -but for reafons merely obstetrical.

This will account for the coalition betwixt my father and Dr. Slop, in the enfuing difcourfe, which went a little hard against my uncle Toby .- In what manner a plain man, with nothing but common fenfe, could bear up against two fuch allies in fcience,-is hard to conceive,-You may conjecture upon it, if you pleafe, -and whilft your imagination is in motion, you may encourage it to go on, and difcover by what caufes and effects in nature it could come to pass, that my uncle Toby got his modefty by the wound he received upon his groin .- You may raife a fystem to account for the loss of my nofe by marriage articles,-and fhew the world how it could happen, that I fhould have the misfortune to be called TRISTRAM, in opposition to my father's hy-

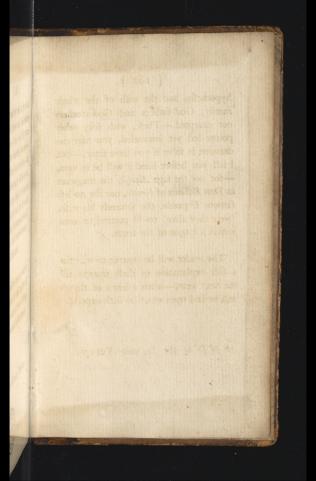
## [ 182 ]

hypothefis, and the wifh of the whole family, God-fathers and God-mothers not excepted .- Thefe, with fifty other points left yet unraveled, you may endeavour to folve if you have time ;--but I tell you before-hand it will be in vain, -for not the fage Alquife, the magician in Don Belianis of Greece, nor the no lefs famous Urganda, the forcerefs his wife, (were they alive) could pretend to come within a league of the truth.

The reader will be content to wait for a full explanation of these matters till the next year,-when a feries of things will be laid open which he little expects.

END of the SECOND VOLUME.





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