THE DAILY BEE.
C. E. WEBSTER & CO.
C. F. WEBSTER, E. DEVERGNEY. E. SABATIER.
Daily paper, [illegible]
Country papers must invariably be paid for in advance.
In all cases, subscribers must give one week's notice in writing before they can be allowed to discontinue, any person receiving the paper, through error of carrier, or otherwise, will be considered as a subscriber, and obliged to pay, unless the notice is given of the fact to the office.

The New Orleans Bee.

ADVERTISING.
Our Terms for Advertising will be found more than in such language as to leave no room for misunderstanding, and make that price for no other.
Bills payable on the first page One Dollar per square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals will cost One Dollar for every TEN lines for each insertion.
The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to advertisements strictly within the line of their trade business, and to extent to one square every other day.
No subscription taken for less than one year. Subscription to advertising will be stopped until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,728.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 31.

A NEW FIRE.

Ever since Senator DOUGLAS went back to Illinois and boldly took the stump in favor of the Democratic party, and against the Black Republicans, the Washington *Union* has been assailing, reviling and reproaching him. People have been loth to wonder at this extraordinary development, for one would have imagined that the administration would have been delighted to recover the support of so staunch and vigorous a public man as STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, and would have hailed his return to Democracy with rapture, instead of loading him with execration. A course so inconsistent with reason and common sense puzzled the political audience throughout the country. But at length an explanation has been arrived at. It appears that a new firm has just been established at Washington, composed of those old, astute and experienced politicians, JOHN BUCHANAN, of Louisiana, and Senator BRIGHT, of Indiana. These two have united their forces and pledged their available resources for the meritorious object of obtaining the National Democratic nominations for President and Vice-President in 1860. Two prominent aspirants are in their way, and may prove troublesome, to wit: Senator DOUGLAS, of Illinois, and Governor WISE, of Virginia. It therefore becomes essential, as a preliminary to the opening of the next Presidential campaign, that these pestilent interlopers should be killed off. This, we are told, is the real *demon* of those savage and truculent articles in the *Union*, which are primarily directed against DOUGLAS, and secondarily at WISE, who hitherto has been with DOUGLAS, and who is supported by the Richmond *Enquirer*.

This statement is derived from the authority of the Washington correspondent of the New York *Herald*. It looks as if it were true. The machinery is characteristic of the tortuous and self-seeking policy of the honorable Senator from Louisiana. It is well known that he is exceedingly ambitious of receiving the Democratic nomination, and it is equally well known that if the ghost of a chance of such a consummation should present itself, there lives not the one more capable of skillfully improving the prospects, and sweeping aside obstacles, smoothing down asperities, oiling the wheels, and setting every part of the engine in tip-top order. Mr. BIGHT is the bosom friend of the President, and has more influence over him than probably any individual in the country. We have no doubt that Mr. B. is BUCHANAN's first choice for the succession, and that he is entirely willing to contribute his aid in a quiet way to promote the Senator's views. Hence the peculiar course of the *Union*, heretofore no longer a mystery.

There is, however, one great and material point which the enterprising firm of SLIDELL, BRIGHT & CO. have overlooked, or have carelessly overlook. It may be well for their personal designs that DOUGLAS and WISE should be knocked upon the head, but it may be ill for the success of their party. Mr. DOUGLAS is at this time the representative of the National Democracy of Illinois. He is fighting their battles. Their victory will be his. His defeat will be theirs. If, through the unceasing malevolent aspersions of the "organ," a sufficient amount of dissatisfaction be created among the Illinois Democracy to secure the triumph of the Black Republicans at the ensuing State election, Illinois is lost to the party. We should be pleased to understand by what process of ratiocination the Democracy have convinced themselves that they can get along without Illinois. As goes Illinois so will probably go Indiana, while Pennsylvania is already shivering in the wind. The radical error of the new firm is, therefore, a disposition to sacrifice the party to the prospect of their own advancement. Now this species of selfish manoeuvring may indeed cure to the benefit of Messrs. SLIDELL and BRIGHT, by removing formidable rivals from their path, and securing their darling object of the Presidential and Vice-Presidential nominations in 1860, but if it throws the Northwest into the hands of the Black Republicans, the firm will grasp a barren sceptre. Again, it must not be forgotten that Senator DOUGLAS is no weak, puling politician who will patiently submit to be unceremoniously expelled from the Democratic ranks. The treatment to which he is subjected may suggest a similar refinement of vengeance to that practiced by VAN BUREN in 1848, and newly yet see DOUGLAS championed as the anti-Locofocofocoism Democratic candidate for President two years hence. In such an event we are sorely afraid the firm of SLIDELL & BRIGHT would be hopelessly bankrupted.

We see nothing to change our conviction that the Democratic party cannot afford to shelve DOUGLAS. Rest assured that the attempt itself is a most dangerous experiment. Should it succeed it will be by long odds the most stupendous political blunder ever perpetrated. It will incontinently break up and discourage the party, and afford an easy triumph to Seward and his legions. Perhaps, however, the new firm are disposed to venture such a desperate experiment, in humility and indifference. Your true politician and party hack is the incarnation of selfishness. Role or ruin is his motto.

NEW BOOKS.—We are indebted to the publishers, through J. C. Morgan & Co., Exchange Place, for the following works:

Blackwood for July. Leonard Scott, publisher. A capital number, containing, amongst other good things, a large instalment of Bulwer's new novel, "What will he do with it?"

The Family Aphorism. By Henry D. Butler. Dix & Fitzgerald, publishers. This useful and interesting little volume reveals a new source of pleasure for the domestic circle. It is a familiar and complete treatise upon the subject of the construction, fitting up, stocking and maintenance of the fluvial and marine aquaria, or rivers and ocean grottos, and thus furnishes a most pleasing and beautiful occupation as a substitute for the frivolous pursuits too often chosen in idle hours. We recommend the work most heartily.

CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—The annual statement of this institution, which appears in our columns to-day, exhibits an extraordinary degree of prosperity—the result of excellent management and administrative ability. The net profits for the year ending on the 30th July amounted to $551,809 19. The Board of Trustees have resolved to pay an interest of six per cent. on outstanding certificates of profits, to declare a dividend of *sixty per cent.* on the net earned premiums of the year, for which certificates will be issued on the 1st October next, and further, after reserving one million of profits, to redeem the balance of the outstanding of the issue of 1852, and all the outstanding certificates of 1853 and 1854, from and after the second Monday in August next.

FOR GRAND ECORE AND NATCHITOCHES.—The steamer Dr. Burlington will leave at 5 o'clock P. M., to-day, for the above and all intermediate landings. For freight or passage, apply on board, or to Eaton & Henderson, corner Common, Union and New Levee streets.

ORLEANS THEATRE.—We understand that at the last accounts Mr. Charles Boudousquié had effected the following engagements: Mr. Louant, first tenor; Lucien Bourgeois, light tenor; Mme L. Bourgeois, *jeune premiere*; Mr. Taste, first bass; Mr. Urot, *premier role*; Mr. Joly, third bass. Mr. Boudousquié is confident of securing an excellent company, despite the difficulty of procuring first-rate talent. Those we have mentioned have been attached to the finest provincial theatres in France.

LE SPIRITACLISTE.—We are indebted to Mr. J. Barthet for the last number of this well conducted periodical.

THE RATIONAL GUIDE TO SPELLING. By J. B. Monny. This little volume is the fruit of much pains and labor. It is arranged on a strictly progressive system, from the smallest and simplest to the complex sounds of the language. An excellent elementary book for schools.

The attention of buyers is called to the sale of *foreign and American Dry Goods*, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, by Pleasant & Co., at their auction rooms, No. 28 Commonstreet street.

A PROFITABLE BUSINESS.—At the meeting of the stockholders of the Company of Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, held in Bridgeport on Wednesday last, a dividend of fifty per cent. was declared. On the first of January last, a dividend of twenty per cent. was declared, and a year ago a dividend of forty per cent. The capital stock is one hundred and sixty thousand dollars. The stock is now at a premium of three hundred per cent. The company are now manufacturing, at Bridgeport, fifty machines per day, and keep two hundred and fifty men in constant employment. They pay the patentee of one particular combination in their machine fifteen dollars for each machine they manufacture. The same peculiarity is also adopted in the Howe & Baker and the Singer machines, and the same man paid the patentee for the use of the right.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE HAMMONIA.

INTERVENE WAR IN TURKEY

A GENERAL UPRISING ANTICIPATED.

NEW ORLEANS MAIL CONTRACT FAILED!

NEW YORK, July 30.—The mail steamship Hammonia, of the Hamburg and American line, arrived at this port to-day, bringing Liverpool advices to the evening of the 17th instant, a few hours later than those brought by the Europa of the same date.

COTTON AND CONSOLS.

Nothing transpired in the Cotton market worthy of note after the Europa sailed.

Dispatches from London to our agent at Southampton, from which port the Hammonia sailed, report that Consols had experienced no change of importance during the day.

TURKEY.

The Turkish government had offered to punish the Jeddah assassins and to pay one hundred and fifty thousand francs to the families of the French and British Consuls who were killed in the massacre.

CIVIL WAR.

Hostilities had commenced between the Mussulmans and the Argas in the Dominions, Nearaw and other places, and a general uprising in Turkey, it was anticipated, would speedily take place.

CANADIAN MINISTRY RESIGNED.

TORONTO, July 30.—The House having refused to concur in making Ottowa the capital of the province, the ministry forthwith resigned.

KANGAROO SAILED.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The steamship Kangaroo sailed for Liverpool to-day, with $300,000 in specie on freight.

THE RUSSIANS DEFEATED.

A severe battle had been fought between the Russian troops and the Circassians, in which the former were defeated, with the loss of some eighteen hundred men and eight guns.

CHINA.

Official advices received by our government represent that the Emperor of China has appointed an official of the Celestial Empire to confer with the Peace Commissioners of the United States and Western powers.

At Hong Kong this was considered an important step towards the speedy settlement of the existing difficulties.

NEW ROUTE ABANDONED.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The new mail contract for carrying the Great Eastern Mail from New York to New Orleans in four days has failed, and the route is abandoned.

The failure on the part of the contractors is said to be partly owing to the want of means of transportation over the seventy-five miles gap in the railroad in Mississippi. The mail matter which has accumulated at the Tennessee junction has been ordered to be sent by the Mississippi river.

RIVER INTELLIGENCE.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—The steamers Henry Chouteau and A. T. Lacey arrived here to-day.

The City of Memphis left here this evening for New Orleans.

The river at this point has fallen three feet in all since the commencement of the decline, and is now receding rapidly.

The Missouri and Illinois rivers are receding slowly.

The upper Mississippi is falling above Lake Pepin, but is still rising below that point.

LOUISVILLE, July 30.—The river at this point is falling, with four feet of water in the canal.

A SINGULAR DEATH.—The awful death of Madame Palesikoff, one of the most charming amongst all that bevy of charming Russian ladies who sometimes gladden the winters of Paris, has created a terrible shock in the circles she embellished. The unhappy lady left Paris but a short time ago on a summer tour to Germany. While stepping from the door of the opera house, at Berlin, to gain her carriage, she let fall one of her bracelets close to the pavement. Stooping to pick it up, she noticed at the time, laughingly, "that one of the horses belonging to a carriage standing at a distance had dropped his bag for her to kiss, face that he had touched her, and left a moist kiss on her cheek." In a few days the unfortunate lady was taken ill with that most horrible disease, glanders, and in a few days more breathed her last, in spite of her attendance of the first physicians of Berlin, and every resource to be obtained by wealth or by casualties vigilance of friends.

JAMES B. CLAY.—It is well known that John W. Forney was the chief manager in all that pertained to the canvass in Pennsylvania in 1856. He was entrusted with every secret, and had the entire control of all the political matters. James B. Clay was invited to visit Pennsylvania during that canvass, and, we believe, was a guest at Wheatland during a portion of his sojourn in that State. Hear what Forney says of the "degenerate son:"

Mr. Forney, in his Westchester address, says the Pittsburg *Gazette*, stated that Mr. Buchanan himself prepared a portion of the speech which James B. Clay delivered, on several occasions in Pennsylvania, in the last Presidential campaign. This places the "unworthy son of a gallant sire" on a still more degraded position. He had made use in him to oppose his father's political friends, without becoming the mere mouth-piece of his father's personal enemies. Mr. Buchanan must have despised this "degenerate son," even when he was availing himself of his services. Mr. Forney tells Prentice he said some severe things of this hopeful politician, but when we take his character into the consideration, we must admit that he has treated him more mildly than he deserves.

The Hon. William F. Gordon, formerly for some years a prominent and much respected member of Congress from the Albemarle district of Virginia, died at his residence in that county on the 21st instant. He was standing conversing with his son, when, feeling faint, he requested to be carried to his room, which was done, and he immediately expired. The Richmond *South* pays the following tribute to his memory and public services:

In early life Gen. Gordon attained a high position in the bar of Virginia. Oratory was his most characteristic talent; an incorruptible integrity his distinguishing virtue. In the relations of private life he commanded universal respect, and among his more intimate friends he was regarded with a warm and constant affection. He was long an influential member of the State Legislature. He served only one term in Congress, but that sufficed to give him a historic name, for he was one of the "Twenty-one" who voted against the Sedition law.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The following is the report of the Charity Hospital for the week ending last evening, Friday, July 30th:

Admitted	26
Discharged	19
Remaining	97
Deaths by yellow fever	20

EXECUTION OF WRIGHT, ALIAS THIPP.—A few minutes before 11 o'clock yesterday, Joseph Wright, alias Thipp, suffered the death-penalty by hanging within the walls of the Parish Prison. He was a stout and rather good looking German, of about 50 years of age, with a countenance little marked with the results of moral obliquity which had made his name a synonym for crime, from arson and attempted assassination to the foul murder of Henry Keen, of which he was but recently convicted, and which, it will be remembered, he committed in a cell of the Second District police station, by beating his victim to death with a plank, with which he must have felled him somewhat at the first blow. Up to this last act of his villainous atrocity, he had adroitly managed to evade positive detection or complicity in crime, and had gone unshipt of justice doubtless for many an offence of which he was guilty.

After the murder of Keen, he pretended great ignorance of the cause of his death, calling the jailor, and begging him "to remove the sick man from his cell." He and Keen were the only parties in the prison room at the time, and had probably never met each other before. Just after Tripp entered, a prisoner in an adjoining cell heard a noise as if some one was tearing off a plank from the wall, and talked to Keen, but got no answer from Keen and Tripp. The latter of them only had the strength which this must have required. A few minutes elapsed, which were followed by the noise of several blows, and then all was as silent as death. It was then that the Swedish murder was committed. The jailor on entering found Tripp bloody, and Keen lying with his head terribly battered, and covered with a rag, in a perfect pool of human gore, with the instrument of death, the plank, at his side, covered at one end with blood and hair. His presumed ignorance of the matter was assumed, doubtless, with an eye to the plea of insanity which was put upon trial in his defense.

Just before the execution yesterday, while in the condemned cell with Joseph Haas, the wife-murderer, and Joseph Lindsey, the runner who murdered the mate of the Martha Rideout, he was engaged with a priest in prayer. He, however, manifested but little concern in preparing for death, for the execution, asking Haas to pull on his glove for him, and Lindsey to hand him a drink of water, which he drank without trembling. He was then led to the scaffold, proceeding with a firm step, and taking his seat, heard the death warrant read without any manifest trepidation of spirits.

He spoke but a few words, to the purport that death was easy, as he was prepared to die, and that he hoped God would have mercy on his soul.

The priest then made an appropriate prayer, at the conclusion of which Tripp bent forward and kissed the crucifix in his hands. The cap was then drawn over his face, and the executioner, a white man, fell back from the scaffold was a high one, and but little struggle ensued. Haas and Lindsey witnessed the scene, by permission, from their cell.

It had been rumored that Tripp would have his manuscript narrative of the crime and adventures in which he had been engaged, in a doubtless more than ordinarily eventful life, for the last twenty years; but in this public expectation was disappointed. We learn that before his death, however, he had made frequent admissions to the effect that the charges which were preferred in the Courts against him, did not constitute one-tenth of the exploits in which he had figured.

ARTFUL POLICE DETECTION.—The manner in which two fellows, Jones and Robinson, were caught up yesterday for tampering with a shave reflects credit upon Lieutenant Dryden and officer Dalton—the first in laying the plans, and both in carrying them out by the most skillful means of police detection.

Evening before last the men, Jones and Robinson, had it conversed with the negro, who belongs to the Gas Company, that he should raise $100, as he tells the story, with which passage for all three—the negro as the servant of the men—was to be procured to Louisville, on the steamer Diana, which was expected to leave last evening, while the negro was to suffer them to sell him in the time to time, as he would escape to them from one understood place to another, till they got to Canada, where they would necessarily allow him to become free.

The negro told Mr. McCulloch, officer of the Gas Company, of this arrangement, and Mr. McCulloch at once communicated the facts to Lieutenant Dryden. The Lieutenant drew $75 from the bank, taking the numbers and description of the bills, and told the negro to take it and proceed with it to the St. Mary's Market, as it was agreed by the men (Jones and Robinson) that they would meet him to get the money, as they said, to pay their passage on the boat, though it is probable they intended there to make an end of the matter by robbing the negro, if possible, and to carry out the plan undeterred with the negro in the interest only of their failing to rob him. Lieutenant D., so as not to let the negro escape, followed on after him, and led him to the market-lot, tagging from but above the negro, and seeing officer Dalton passing through the market just at the time, and entrusting with every secret, and had the entire control of all the political matters. James B. Clay was invited to visit Pennsylvania during that canvass, and, we believe, was a guest at Wheatland during a portion of his sojourn in that State. Hear what Forney says of the "degenerate son:"

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MORE STARTLING AND PROBABLE MURDER.—Andy Foster was dangerously and, it is thought, fatally stabbed last evening, at the Lake end of the New Shellroad, by one Joe Bradley. The only story of the difficulty which we could gather was that the parties—both of whom have figured before in police records—got to quarreling in the bar-room of a bathing-house at the Lake, when, after some high words between them, Foster took up a chair and struck, or attempted to strike, Bradley, whereupon the latter drew a sheath knife, and cut him severely across the abdomen. He was soon after arrested by officer Price, of the First District, and was locked up for arraignment before Recorder Guna this morning. The wound he received was taken home in what was considered a necessarily mortal condition. The matter certainly follows but upon the very recent murder, on the 28th inst., of Magione by Mullen.

HEAVY LARCENY AND ABSCONDING.—A few nights ago a Cuban named Trabisco, who had been for some time acting as clerk in Mr. Bernio's cigar store, on Royal street, between Orleans and St. Peter streets, took extraordinary pot to pay extravagant leave of his employer, by decamping with some $2500 of his money and $700 worth of Havana lottery tickets, which drew small sums to that amount. He has thus far eluded the police.

RECORDER SUMMER'S COURT.—Elizabeth Clark, f. w. c., was examined yesterday, and committed to the First District Court for trial on a charge of having stolen a large quantity of female fancy dresses from the residence of Kate Parker, f. w. c., while she was under arrest for the murder of her slave. Jane Barbour, f. w. c., implicated in the same charge, was released. We understand that Kate's fancy establishment was pretty thoroughly plundered during her involuntary absence.

Pierre Rodriguez was also committed for trial before the same court, charged with having a stolen horse in his possession. His bail was fixed at $500.

One Morales, the Spaniard charged with stealing the trunk and value of Mr. Graham, some time since, by getting them removed with him in a cab from a door where they were temporarily placed, was also committed for trial before the First District Court. He was pointed out to the police by the cabman. The trunk contained $1300, and was never recovered.

A Mrs. McCune was held to bail to answer the 5d proximo to a charge made by the Chief of Police of selling liquor without license, and selling it besides to slaves. Bail $600.

H. P. Kenner was remanded to prison to answer the 14th proximo to a charge of shooting the slave Robert, belonging to Mr. Weatherly, with intent to kill, the other evening.

John Minor, for carrying concealed weapons, and Mary McCoy, for disturbing the peace at Mr. Kennedy's premises, have been committed thirty days each to the Workhouse.

The following parties, arrested in the afternoon, were held for examination this morning:

Bd. Connor, John Bennett and James Cunningham, charged by C. Bogieman with being accessories to highway robbery.

James Dougherty, charged by Jacob Hobs with stealing wheat were found in his possession, four pants taken from H. Dorthing.

George Jones and Wm. J. Robinson, arrested by Lieut. Dryden and officer Dalton for tampering with a shave belonging to the Gas Company, and for stealing some $70 from the negro. They are charged also with being generally dangerous and suspicious characters.

Dominick Burns was arrested by officer Dane on a charge of assault and battery and assault with a dangerous weapon on Pat Gaffney.

John Gorman surprised himself on a [illegible] charge of Mr. Burge Christy.

Recorder Winter's Court.—The charge made by Lieut. W. H. Stevens, of the United States marine corps, against Henry Clay Mason, was inquired into yesterday and dismissed, the prosecutor having failed to appear.

Robert, alias Bob Forbes, was examined, and committed to the First District Court for trial for assault and battery, with intent to kill Belle Chester, of 217 Customhouse street, who swears that Bob is in the habit of giving her sterling evidences of his determination every time he has an opportunity.

The charge against Thomas J. Hawthorn and David Finney, runners, for assault and battery on Wm. A. Brown, sailor, of the ship Realm, for the purpose of extorting Brown's consent to stop at Hawthorne's boarding-house, was dismissed, as affiant failed, for want of witness, to establish his allegations.

Frederick Mack was fined $5, and held to bail for good behavior, on account of his having assaulted and beat Jacob Eichorn.

John Mobberry, a lad, was arrested in the market on suspicion of having been concerned in stealing a vest which he had and was trying to sell. He was locked up for examination this morning.

THIRD AND FOURTH DIVISIONS.—The business before the respective Recorders of these Districts yesterday was unimportant.

HEAVY BAIL.—Thos. Hughes, late Supervisor First Ward, was yesterday, July 29th, 1858, 14 years old, in a single bottle of Prideaux's Grain's Electro-Magnetic Oil, which he found 100 yards from the Bayou Sara road, on the 4th of July; the following Monday he was cold and walked about freely.

Ask R. T. Hawes, cor. Josephine, St. Ninth and Pine streets, what he knows of this wonderful Oil. Ask thousands who have been so greatly benefited by its use, Gout, Neuralgia, Piles, Rheumatism, Burns, Wounds, Pain, Lameness, Abscesses, and other painful complaints. For sale by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 181 Chartres street.

Gen'l agents for the South, to whom all orders should be addressed. jy21 2p 2i

GRUYERE CHEESE.—Received in store a small lot of new Gruyere cheese. For sale by

SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.,
corner Royal and Conti sts

STEIN WIN—Sole Belgium, by order of very superior quality; for sale by SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.,
corner Royal and Conti sts

CHAMPAGNE—50 baskets, 25 baskets Imperial Champagne, for sale by
SOWERS & CO.,
corner Royal and Conti sts

NEW YORK APPLES—Receiving at steamship different consignments, for sale by
SOWERS & CO.

HOLLAND GIN—Sole agent for Holland, 15 do Palm Tree do, for sale by
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

BURGUNDY WINE—Sole agent, from Gen. Marey and Lagny, Beaune, agent in Burgundy, Rochebeurg, Corte, Chambertin, in quarts and pints, for sale by
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

CHAMPAGNE—Sole agent for Ch. Giboc, carte noir, for sale by
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

CHAMPAGNE—In baskets, Red Cross, quarts and pints; 100 do Widow, Jr., quarts; 50 do Cordon Bleu, quarts
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

CLARET—Sole agent Lamothe; 60 do Kint Bleu, quarts and pints; 50 do Lamothe, quarts
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

CHAMPAGNE—50 baskets Imperial Champagne, quarts and pints; 100 do Kint Bleu, quarts
SOWERS & CO.
corner Royal and Conti sts

CHAMPAGNE—50 baskets, 25 baskets Imperial Champagne, for sale by
SOWERS & CO.
corner Royal and Conti sts

CHAMPAGNE—Sole agent for Ch. Giboc, carte noir, from the vineyards of A. Y. Pressonet. For sale by
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

CHAMPAGNE—Sole agent for Ch. Giboc, carte noir, for sale by
SCHMITZ BROS. and CO.

ALE AND PORTER—200 cases ale and porter, pints and quarts. For sale by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

QUININE—5000 ounces quinine. For sale by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

MOLASSES—50 bbls Refined Molasses; 500 half bbls do do; for sale by
E. J. HART & CO.,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

CANDLES—1500 boxes Star Candles, 6 size; for sale by
J. WRIGHT & CO.,
77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st

POTATOES—500 bbls choice yellow, in prime shipping order.

ONIONS—250 bbls, Louisville white onions.

DRIED APPLES—200 bbls and sacks, Western Reserve.

BARLEY—200 packages, 1st quality, Northern Feed.

SPLIT PEAS—25 bbls and half bbls, 1st quality Northern, landing and in store.

BEANS—200 bbls, small white, in store.

POTATOES—300 sacks, large Orange, in store.

DRIED PEACHES—A few bbls, half and quarter cut.

FLOUR—50 bbls, choice St. Louis, superfine.

CORN—20,000 sacks, in store and for sale by

RICE—100 tierces Carolina, in store.

HARDWARE—200 boxes, Rodgers & Muller; 25 boxes, Nolly, Prost & Co., in store and for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

CORES—To arrive per ship H. E. Spencer, from Cadiz—5 hogs, 1000 each, pointed and regular Cores. For sale by
GRATIAS, COMMAGERE & CO.,
20 Customhouse st

ABSINTHE—100 boxes genuine Swan Absinthe, 10 cases Lagny, for sale by
GRATIAS, COMMAGERE & CO.,
20 Customhouse st

PORTO CATALONIA AND SHERRY WINE—50 cases, 100 quarter pipes old Oporto wine; 100 do do very superior old Oporto; 100 do do do do white; 100 do do Malaga wine; 50 do do do do Malaga wine; 50 cases Burgundy claret; 100 baskets Hock Champagne; 50 baskets Imperial Champagne; 50 baskets Sauterne; 200 do Haut Barsac; 100 do Frontignan; 100 do do; 24 baskets Carte, Grand wine
LAFAYE BROTHERS,
9 and 11 Bienville st

LARDING—Just received and for sale by the undersigned, 25 bbls pork jowls; 10 do choice Mess pork; 100 kegs Italian cordial.
LAFAYE BROTHERS,
9 and 11 Bienville st

THE undersigned have always 25 hogsheads of the fine shipping order, for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

DRIED APPLES—50 bbls and half bbls, in fine shipping order, for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

POTATOES—150 bbls choice Louisville mercantile, in fine shipping order, for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

ONIONS—100 bbls choice Western shipping, in fine shipping order, for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

BEANS—200 bbls small white they and long red, in fine shipping order, for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

FLOUR—250 bbls superfine, family and fancy brands; for sale by
MARKS & POLLOCK,
52 Tchoupitoulas st

POTATOES—300 bbls and bags choice Orange, in fine shipping order; for sale by
MARKS & POLLOCK,
52 Tchoupitoulas st

ONIONS—100 bbls Lafourche and Louisville all varieties; for sale
MARKS & POLLOCK,
52 Tchoupitoulas st

CORN FEED—100 sacks, for sale
MARKS & POLLOCK,
52 Tchoupitoulas st

DRIED APPLES—300 bbls Western, quarter-cut, and choice Western Reserve, for sale by
MARKS & POLLOCK,
52 Tchoupitoulas st

MADEIRA AND SHERRY WINE—50 superior Madeira Wine; 6 qr pipes or barrels; 6 qr pipes superior sherry do; for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

KIRCHWARTER—50 boxes, Rodgers & Muller; 25 boxes, Nolly, Prost & Co., in store and for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

VERMOUTH—50 boxes, Nolly, Prost & Co., in store and for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

PORT WINE—50 bbls Sherry, 25 bbls Port, Bosley; 5 do superior, in store and for sale
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

FRONTENAN MUSCAT WINE—200 boxes, Jordan Brivet & Co., in store and for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

ALE—75 hogsheads, Burton, Burtbrook, Burger, Richard & Muller, 30 do do, Nolly, Prost & Co., in store and for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

WHISKEY—25 bbls Cabot, St. Rosalie, 20 do St. Julien Reserve; 10 do superior, for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

WHISKEY WINE—25 bbls Rare Reserve; 20 do Rare Burrus, Burgess and Co., for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

CHAMPAGNE WINE—100 boxes Heidsieck, quarts and pints; 200 do Widow Clicquot, quarts and pints; 100 do Cordon Bleu, quarts
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

BRANDY FRUITS—25 boxes, assorted; 50 do do brandy cherries; 25 do do peaches; for sale by
HENRY VALETON,
99 and 32 Bienville st

CLIGNOT, DELAGE—100 baskets, cherry and pineapple; for sale by
MARCHAND & GIRAUD,
44 Old Levee st

SPLIT PEAS—100 kegs green, in fine shipping order; for sale by
DONNELLY, BEZINA & CO.,
66 and 70 Tchoupitoulas st

500 BUSHELS OATS, Oyster; and potatoes, 50 do do; 100 bbls Lafourche and Louisville potatoes; 1000 do onions, pale and three pulled; 1000 bbls flour; for sale by
J. VIORCA, JR.,
20 Carondelet st

CHAMPAGNE—Sole agent of the well known Widow Clicquot, 50 baskets of 300 bottles each, quarts and pints; 50 baskets of 300 bottles each, Imperial Champagne, quarts and pints; 100 baskets Heidsieck, quarts and pints; 100 baskets Carte Blanche, quarts and pints; 100 baskets Cordon Bleu, quarts and pints; 100 baskets Kint Bleu, quarts and pints; 100 baskets Lamothe, quarts and pints; 100 do Fleur de Lis, quarts and pints; 100 do Carte Blanche, pints; 100 do Cordon Bleu, pints; 100 do Kint Bleu, pints; 100 baskets Lamothe, pints; 100 baskets Fleur de Lis, pints; 100 baskets Carte Blanche, pints; 100 baskets Cordon Bleu, pints; 100 baskets