DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

FOR TOTAL FIGURES OF THE ESTABLISHMENTS
AND SCORED DURING THE MONTH OF April, 1951.

KANAGAWA PREFECTURE

Milk Plants (sub-milk products or its' similar)	Butcher's	Meats Processing Plants	Sea Foods Shops	Sea Foods Markets	Fish Cake Processing Plants	Sea Foods Refrigeration (cold storages)	Refreshing Drinks, (soft) Factories	Ice Dealers (including manufacturing, selling & natural ice collecting)	Processed foods in soy (boiled), Plants	Canning or Bottling Plants other than the above.	Hotel	T O T A L :
	29	1	52				1				150	259
			14				1				53	83
	4										40	45
	6		19	1							2	33
	1		9									10
								2		3	21	70
								1			6	16
	3		2									5
	2		18	3	263	3			4		58	412
		3									19	38
	45	4	134	4	263	3	2	3	4	3	349	971

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Below D
The ___ marked:

REPORT FOR TOTAL FIGURES OF THE ESTABLISHMENTS
GRADED AND SCORED DURING THE MONTH OF April.

AREAS: / SORTS:	Restaurants (establishments serve foods and beverages)	Cafe (excluding beverages serving)	Bakeries (Including noodle factories)	Ice Candy Making (including Ice Cream)	Milk Plants (bottled or special milk)	Milk Plants (Products)	Milk Plants (sub-milk products or its' similar)	Butcher's	Meats Processing Plants	Sea Foods Shops	Sea Foods Markets	Fish Cake Processing Plants	
Yokohama City	2	6								1			
Kawasaki City	2	2	7					3		6			
Yokosuka "													
Fujisawa H.C.		1											
Hiratsuka "													
Odawara "	2		2										
Matsuda "													
Atsugi "													
Kamakura "													
Misaki "				1								2	
Nakano "	1	2						3	8				
Total	7	11	9	1				6	8	7		2	

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

FOR TOTAL FIGURES OF THE ESTABLISHMENTS
AND SCORED DURING THE MONTH OF April, 1951.

KANAGAWA PREFECTURE

Milk Plants (sub-milk products or its' similar)	Butcher's	Meats Processing Plants	Sea Foods Shops	Sea Foods Markets	Fish Cake Processing Plants	Sea Foods Refrigeration (cold storages)	Refreshing Drinks, (soft) Factories	Ice Dealers (including manufacturing, selling & natural ice collecting)	Processed foods in soy (boiled), Plants	Canning or Bottling Plants other than the above.	Hotel	TOTAL:
			1							1	22	32
	3		6								41	61
											2	2
												1
											13	17
					2							3
	3	8						1			3	18
	6	8	7		2			1		1	81	134

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Delivery Sheet

(TO: Public Health Section)

No. 883 Date ~~14 May 1951~~

1. Report on Occurrence and Result of Rabies

   Tochigi,

2. Program for Sanitary Activities to be made during 1st Quarter of 1951

   Ibaraki,

MAY 14. 1951

KANTO
Liaison & Coordination Office

K. Narita, Director

(H. Mori, officer in charge)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City. Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 381
11 May 1951

SUBJECT: Report on Occurrence and Result of Rabies

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 500
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Following is our report on the above subject.

Name of disease: Rabies

Kind of animal: Domestic dog, not reported

No. occurred: 1

Date determined to be rabies case: 10 May

Result:

Date fallen ill: 24 April
Date died: 26 April
Date killed: None

Received K.I.C.O. 26. 5. 14

Place taken ill: Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun.

Victim: 1 person

Owner: Tami Fukuda
853 Kita-Izumi, Nikko-machi, Kamitsuga-gun.

Cumulative No. of the same case up to this report

Dog ———— 15

for Ryo Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/Koshu-Eisei-ka/cg-hk

Received K.I.C.O. 26. 5. 14 TIME 12:00

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

ILO No. 244

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
IBARAKI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

May 10, 1951.

SUBJECT: Program for sanitary activities
to be made during 1st quarter of 1951.

TO : Chief of Kanto Civil Affairs Region.
ATTN: Chief of Public Health Section.

We hereby wish to forward you a report on above subject as attached.

:HY.

for Tokujiro Kozawa
RYOSABURO GOTO
Chief of Health Dep't.,
Ibaraki rref. Government.

Received
K.L.C.O.
26. 5. 14
TIME P.M.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773 013

Schedule of sanitary activities to be attended by
Pref. Health Department for first quarter of 1951.

Health Department,
Ibaraki Prefectural Government.

	Specification	Date	Number of operation	Place	Objective	Remarks
Preventive inoculation.	Preventive inoculation to unfinished dogs.	April 1-June 30		Throughout prefecture.	Dogs.	
"	Preventive inoculation against typhoid and para-typhus.	May 1-31		"	Those persons under 60 years old who fell to make preventive inoculation as time of regular operation.	
"	Preventive inoculation against whooping-cough.	May 1-31		"	Those children borned during Dec. 1, 1950-Feb. 28, 1951.	
Lecture.	Explanation will be made on law for control of narcoties. (Expected to promulgate during May).	End of May.	1	Mito.	Pharmacies and medicine dealers.	

Work	Bacteriological exam.	April 1-June 30	Pref. Bacteriological examination station, laboratories of each P.H.C.	Workers of various food manufactures and their families. Workers of water works plants and their families. Those persons and their family members who were attacked with oysentery or Ekiri during 1950. Those persons and their family members who were suffered from epidemics or disease of digestive organ.	
"	Construction of P.H.C. bulding.	April	Yatabe, Hitachi, Shimozuma, Kasama, Omiya, Mitsukaido and Itako.		Omiya, Yatabe completed.
"	Diffusion of purport on medical social work.	During April	Throughout pref.	General public.	Distribution of printing matters.
"	Examination to be operated for midwife, nurse. (theory)	April 4 1	National Kasumigaura Hospital, Tsuchiura.	Applicants.	Midwife 145 Nurse 203 Hospital orderly 7
"	Examination to be operated for nurse and hospital orerly. (practice)	April 5,6 1	"	"	
"	Examination to be operated for P.H. Nurse (theory)	April 11 1	Mito nurses' hall.	Applicants.	Those finished of training school 22 persons.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

Works.	Examination to be operated for P.H. Nurse (practice)	April 12	1	Mito nurses' hall.	Applicants.	
"	Guidance for improvement of facilities and shops of medicine dealers for 1951.	Middle of April		Throughout prefecture.	Pharmacies.	36 shops, inadequate with the standard.
"	Inspection and guidance for registration of medical dealers.	End of April		"	Dealers.	
"	Issuance of metal purchasing ticket for dentist to be used for end quarter (April-June) of this year.	"				Dentists in the prefecture.
"	Construction of P.H.C. building.	May		Shimozuma, Tsuchiura, Hitachi, Mitsukaido, Kasama.		
"	Supply of vaccine for typhoid and para-typhus and 6th distribution of streptomycin.	"			To applicants:	
"	Diffusion of purport on medical social work.	During May		Throughout prefecture.	General public.	Radio broadcasting and distribution of leaflet.
"	Examination for midwife (Practice)	May 12	1	National Kasumigaura hospital, Tsuchiura City.	Applicants for license.	
"	Inspection to dental clinics.	End of May.	1	Throughout pref.	Dentists.	

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 73 013

Works.	Promulgation of control regulation of poisonous articles.	End of May			
"	Construction of P.H.C. building.	June		Shimozuma, Tsuchiura, Mitsukaido, Kasama.	
"	Examination for barber.	Beginning of June.	1	At pref. government.	Applicants.
"	Dental sanitation week.	June 1-7		Throughout pref.	School and public general.
"	Diffusion of dental sanitary thought.	During June.		"	" Poster, leaflet.
"	Inspection to toilet article dealers.	Middle of June.		"	Dealers.
"	Summer time epidemics prevention week.	End of June.			Public general.
"	Barbers examination. (practice)	"	1	At pref. government.	Applicants.
Short course.	Short course for candy manufacturers.	Beginning of April.	1	At each P.H.C.	Candy shop keepers.
"	Short course for officials of P.H.C.	April 26, 27.	1	At public service men's hall.	Officials of P.H.C.
"	Short course for candy manufacturers.	Middle of May.	1	At each P.H.C.	Candy manufacturers.
"	Explanation will be made on control law of poisonous article.	End of May.	4	Tsuchiura, Hitachi, Koga and Shimodate.	Dealers of poisonous articles.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 013

Short course.	Short course for district officials on sanitation.	May 25-31	3	Mito, Tsuchiura, Shimozuma.	District officials.	
"	Short course on dental sanitation.	Beginning of June.	3	Mito, Tsuchiura, Hitachi.	School teachers and P.T.A.	Lecture and cinema show.
"	Short course for midwives.	June 4-25	15	Each P.H.C.	Midwives.	
"	Short course for nurses.	June 25-27		Midwives hall, Mito City.	Nurses.	
"	Short course on improvement of nutrition.	Middle of June.		At pref. government.		
"	Short course on prevention of food poisoning.	"		At each P.H.C.	Various food dealers.	
"	Short course for meat, fish dealers.	"		"	"	
"	Explanatory meeting on chemicals, materials, and toilet articles.	"	1	Mito City.	Various dealers.	
"	Short course for chemical dealers.	"	1	"	Second class chemical dealers.	
"	Short course for officials of cooperatives on handling of poisonous articles.	2nd of June.	1	"	Cooperatives official.	

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773 013

Conference	Conference of chiefs of P.H.C.	Beginning of April	1	At Pref. government.	Chiefs of each P.H.C.
"	Operative program for environment sanitation to be enforced in 1951.	Middle of April.	1	"	Inspectors.
"	Conference of food inspectors.	"	1	"	Food inspectors.
"	Conference of committee members for barber's exam.	April 16.	1	"	Committee members of barbers exam.
"	Conference of district officials deal with sanitation.	End of April.	1	"	Chiefs of sanitary section of District offices.
"	Conference of chief nurses of P.H.C.	April 25.	1	Public Servicemen's Hall.	Chiefs of P.H. nurses.
"	Conference on prevention of dysentery.	May 4.	1	At pref. government.	In charge of preventive work at each P.H.C.
"	Conference of officials of P.H.C. on barber's affairs.	Beginning of May.	1	"	"
"	Conference of chief nurses of general hospital.	May 9	1	Midwife's hall, Mito.	Chief nurses.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 77 3 013

Conference	Conference of chiefs of P.H.C.	Middle of May	1	Pref. government.	Chief of P.H.C.	
"	Conference of inspectors of environment sanitation.	"	1	"	Inspectors.	
"	Conference of midwives.	May 16	1	Midwife's hall, Mito City.	Midwives.	
"	Conference on disposition of fluorine.	Middle of May.	1	Mito City.	Dentists.	
"	Conference on prevention of venereal disease.	End of May.	1	Pref. government.	Officials in charge of venereal disease at each P.H.C.	
"	Conference on dental sanitation week.	End and middle of May.	2	Mito City.	Officials and dentists concerned.	Education committee, school, sanitary society, dentist association.
"	Local council for Massagest and others.	Beginning of June.	1	Pref. government.	Committee members.	
"	Conference of Chief Nurses of P.H.C.	June 7	1	Midvife's hall, Mito.	Chief Nurses of P.H.C.	
"	Conference of Chief of each P.H.C.	Middle of June.	1	Pref. Government.	Chief of P.H.C.	
"	Mother and Child Sanitation Conference.	"	1	"	Officials in charge of Mother and Child at each P.H.C.	
"	Conference of inspectors on Precious Metal.	End of June	1	"	Officials of P.H.C.	

Other	Registration of dogs.	During April.		Throughout prefecture.	Dogs.
"	Guidance to be made to nurses.	April 18, 19		Hitachi Hsopital, Takahagi Cooperative Hospital.	Nurses.
"	Guidance to be made to midwives.	April 26, 27.		Koga, Shimodate.	Midwives.
"	Guidance to be made to milk plant.	End of April.		Throughout prefecture.	Dealers.
"	Investigation on Nutrition.	During May.		Goka-mura, Tokujuku-mura, Mito City.	General Public.
"	Guidance for group rationing.	Beginning of May.		Throughout prefecture.	Keepers of group rationing.
"	Commendation ceremony for baby contest.	May 11.		At prefectural government.	Babies concerned.
"	Guidance for medical social works.	Middle of May.	4	Ishioka, Hokota, Itako, Ota.	Officials of P.H.C.
"	Guidance for P.H.C. Nurses.	May 17, 18	2	At Ryugasaki, Itako P.H.C.	P.H. Nurses.
"	Inspection to clinic and dental clinics.	Middle and end of May.		Throughout prefecture.	Clinic and dental clinics.
"	Guidance to Nurses.	May 24, 25		Onuki beach hospital, Hitachi hospital Mito branch.	Nurses.
"	Guidance to midwives.	May 28		Tsuchiura Area.	Midwives.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773 013

"	Survey on plants use for medical purposes.	End of May	Ishioka Area	Cultivators.	
"	Inspection to cold storage.	During June.	Throughout prefecture.	Dealers.	
"	Exposition on dental sanitation.	Beginning of June.	"	School, workshop and various organizations.	Movable exposition.
"	Inspection of candy manufacturing plant.	Beginning and middle of June.	"	Dealers.	
"	Guidance to sanitary team.	During June.	Prefectural Government.	Inspectors.	
"	Guidance to group rationing.	Middle of June.	Throughout prefecture.	Rationing facilities.	
"	Guidance to nurses.	June 11, 12.	Tsuchiura railway hospital, Kasumigaura National Hospital.	Nurses.	
"	Guidance to midwives.	June 14, 15.	Ishioka, Shimozuma area.	Midwives.	
"	Guidance to P.H. Nurses.	June 20, 21.	Ishioka, Yatabe area.	P.H. Nurses.	
"	Guidance to medical social work.	End of June. 3	Kasama, Mito, Ryugasaki P.H.C.	Officials of P.H.C.	
"	Guidance to technician of water water works.	"	Mito.	Officials of P.H.C.	

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 743 013

Preventive inoculation.	Anti-T.B. inoculation.	During June		At each city, town and village.	School children.
Work.	T.B. Prevention Day.	May 28	1	Throughout pref.	General public.
Short course.	Explanation on T.B. prevention.	May 25-June 7	15	At each P.H.C.	Officials of district office.
Conference.	Conference on operation of T.B. prevention.	May 19	1	Pref. government.	Officials of P.H.C.
Other.	Extermination work of rodents and insects.	During June.		Throughout pref.	General public.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773 013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

TOCHIGI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Utsunomiya City, Tochigi prefecture.

Ref. No. 383
12 May 1951

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of Communicable Disease

TO : Chief,
Headquarters Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
APO 500
(Attention: Public Health Section)

Enclosed herein is the above weekly report for the week ending 12 May 1951.

for Shiro Kamei
JUKICHI KODAIRA
Governor,
Tochigi Prefecture

JK/ Imu-ka/ki

Received
K.L.O.O.
26. 5. 14
TIME 9:10

WEEKLY REPORT OF
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Name of Prefecture: Tochigi Week Ending: 12 May 1951

Name of diseases		No. of cases in the week			Cumulated Total from 1st Jan.			
		Suspect	Confirmed	Deaths	Patients		Deaths	
Dysentery Bac.		1	15		(26)	104	(1)	13
Dysentary Ameb.						1		
Bkiri			11	3	(1)	57		30
Typhoid					(1)	9		1
Paratyphoid						3		
Scarlet Fever						11		
Diphtheria			1			72		5
Meningitis Mening		1			(1)	2		1
Smallpox								
Typhus								
J. B. Encephelitis								
Malaria	Primary							
	Recurrent case					3		
Poliomyelitis			2	1		7		3
Measles			63	1		539		28
Whooping Cough			14	3		379		30
Influenza								
Pneumonia			52	9		2376		663
Yellow Fever								
Tetanus			1			10		9
Anthrax								
Rabies								
Communicable Diarrhoea								
Tuberculosis			55	20		1628		421
			67			736		

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

Typhus						
J. B. Encephelitis						
Malaria	Primary					
	Recurrent case				3	
Poliomyelitis			2	1	7	3
Measles			63	1	539	28
Whooping Cough			14	3	379	30
Influenza						
Pneumonia			52	9	2376	663
Yellow Fever						
Tetanus			1		10	9
Anthrax						
Rabies						
Communicable Diarrhoea						
Tuberculosis			55	20	1628	421
Gonorrhoea			67		736	
Syphilis			31		408	
Chancroid			5		50	
Leprosy					2	
Trachoma			43		339	
Puerperal fever					3	
Glander						

Note: Figure within ( ) shows no. of suspects

KMAR PH NO. 1

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 773013

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Delivery Sheet

(TO: Public Health Section)

No. 881 Date 14 May 1951

Weekly Report of Communicable Diseases for the Week Ending 12 May, 1951

Ibaraki, Nagano, Tochigi.

N
MAY 14 1951
CENTER
KANTO CAFF
REGION

KANTO
Liaison & Coordination Office

K. Narita, Director
(H. Hori, officer in charge)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

1969

NAGANO PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT
MEDICAL SECTION

File: NLS- 1969

TO: Chief of Kanto Civil Affairs Region
Attention: Chief of Public Health Section

May 12. 1951

THROUGH: Kanto Liaison and Coordination Office

SUBJECT: Weekly Report of Communicable Diseases

Hereby I wish to submit the report from May 6 to May 12. 1951 as follows:

Name of Prefecture: Nagano Week Ending: May 12. 1951

Name of Diseases	No. of Cases in the week		Deaths	Commulateb No. from 1st January
	Suspect	Confirmed		
Dysentery Bac.		8		74
Dysentry Ameb.				5
Ekiri		1		18
Typhoid				2
Paratyphoid				1
Scarlet Fever		5		44
Diphtheria		1		68
Meningitis Mening.				5
Smallpox				
Typhus (Epidemic)				
J.B.Encephalis				
Malaria				3
Poliomyelitis		1	1	4
Measles		121	3	432
Whooping Cough		38		92
Influenza				
Pneumonia		119	31	3385
Yellow Fever				
Tetanus		3	1	12
Anthrax				
Rabies				
Tuberculosis		245	36	4326
Gonorrhaea		87		646
Typhilis		34		445
Chancroid		5		21
Leprosy				1
Trachoma		5		107

Received
K.L.O.
26 5 14
TIME 9:—

For the Governor

KCAR PH #1

Y. Kubota

Y. KUBASHINA, Chief
of [illegible]on Section,
[illegible]ctural Office

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

1/

I.L.O. No. 247

HEALTH DEPARTMENT
IBARAKI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

May 12, 1951

SUBJECT: Weekly Report on communicable diseases.

TO : Chief of Kanto Civil Affaris Region.
Attn: Chief of Public Health Section.

We hereby submit you the above subjected report covering the period from May 6 to May 12, 1951 as attached sheet.

for Tokujiro Kozawa
RYOZABURO GOTO
Chief of Health Dept.,
Ibaraki Pref. Govt.

:WH

Received
C.I.C.E.
26. 5. 14
TIME 9:00

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775013

WEEKLY REPORT
OF
COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

Name of Prefecture: Ibaraki Week Ending: May 12, 1951

Name of Diseases	No. of cases in the week		Deaths	Comulated No. from 1st January	
	Suspect	Confirmed		No. of cases	Deaths
Dysentery Bac.	2	15	2 Suspect1	120	13
Dysentery Ameb.	0	0	0	5	0
[illegible]	2	7	8 1	68	49
Typhoid	0	2	2	32	4
Paratyphoid	0	0	0	9	1
Scarlet Fever	0	0	0	6	0
Diphtheria	0	6	0	57	5
Meningitis enig.	0	1	0	15	4
Smallpox	0	0	0	0	0
Typhus	0	0	0	0	0
J.E. Encephalitis	0	0	0	2	1
Malaria	0	1	0	9	3
Poliomyelitis	0	2	1	944	40
Measles	0	118	8	213	31
Whooping Cough	0	12	1	105	1
Influenza	0	0	0	2,356	1,028
Pneumonia	0	92	39	0	0
Yellow Fever	0	0	0	26	19
Tetanus	0	4	2	0	0
Anthrax	0	0	0	3	3
Rabies	0	0	0	1,748	613
Tuberculosis	0	109	49	298	0
Gonorrhea	0	25	0	398	0
Syphilis	0	36	0	48	0
Chancroid	0	2	0	2	0
Leprosy	0	0	0	872	0
Trachoma	0	68	0		

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

PUBLIC HEALTH NEWSLETTER
CAS, GHQ, SCAP, APO 500

VOL I. No. 7 Nov 50

The contents are intended as operational aids and are not to be construed as directive in character or as altering policy.

TYPHUS TIME

Typhus is somewhere around the corner, so now is the time for that readiness check. Anti-typhus plans, whenever made, should be re-checked now. It is a fair question to ask each Japanese public health officer whether he is or is not going to have a typhus outbreak within his area this season. He can avoid an outbreak with sufficient effort. Several areas for consideration in a readiness check are:

a. Vagrants. Does the public health department have a map showing their usual wintering places? Such areas should be visited with increasing frequency as the season progresses. A PH "welcoming committee" equipped with typhus vaccine, non-defaceable records and DDT dusting outfit can appropriately receive the newcomers. Is the PHO sure his "welcoming committee" knows how to function. Typhus vaccine is 2 to 4 weeks behind schedule, but it is being made available for vagrants in large cities.

b. The Commuting Public. Have railway cars been sprayed recently with DDT? Have commuters been reminded that self-dusting of clothing may keep away the itinerant louse.

c. CD Hospitals. Are the attendants familiar with isolation technique? Does the admitting SOP preclude the possibility of patients carrying lice beyond the entrance point? Is each patient's clothing dusted before storage? Is suspicious hair dusted? Are tabardies lousy? (Last year some attendants permitted spread of typhus even to themselves.)

d. Medical Association. Are the physicians on the alert for early diagnosis and reporting? Are they cognizant that the Regional Communicable Disease Control Officer has some aureomycin and chloromycetin at his disposal?

—o—

"It is better to light one candle than to curse the darkness."

—o—

"MARY THE TRAIN SHALL MEET"

The technical journals listed in the September PHNL are being renewed for 1951 via consolidated contracts negotiated at Washington, D. C. However, this renewal and the approaching expiration of the 1950 subscriptions may not be readily associated by the publisher. When you receive expiration notices, disregard them. If you fail to receive the periodicals, let us know.

L Engr

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

PERSONNEL NOTES

Dr. William Moran of Chugoku CAR has completed his contract and expects to depart for the U.S. in early December. . . .Dr. Vitold Jankowski return to Kanto from emergency leave in the ZI. . . Dr. Clamor H. Gavin has terminated employment with Civil Affairs . . . . Miss Ann Miller, recently of Tohoku CAR, departed for the ZI and expects to visit Dr. Boyd while enroute to her home in Philadelphia . . . . Miss Elizabeth Lundeen will spend the holidays in the U.S. on the occasion of her re-employment leave; she expects to return in early February . . . .Except for public health officers, there is at present a name written in each authorized position vacancy indicating that procurement is in process.

———o———

FOOD POISONING

"Will it Happen Again?"

With each outbreak of food poisoning, there is a question often asked by an apprehensive public, "Will it happen again?" It is a challenge to the public health officer to whom the public turns for protection. If the Japanese public health officer would ponder that question his obligations would be quite clear, and his efforts to safeguard the public would supersede any smallish matter such as "face," or whose laboratory might identify the offending substance.

Recently, an outbreak affected 121 people and killed nineteen. An investigation was conducted; the conclusion was "ptomaine poisoning," a customary way of saying, "We don't know." It was decided by the officials that it would not be necessary to send a sample of suspected food to the National Institute of Health for an independent analysis. When urged, there was no remaining sample material available. Autopsies? "Never happened." Corrective action. None. "Will it happen again?" There is no convincing evidence to the contrary. Nobody concerned knows what entered the food or where, to cause 121 people to become ill and nineteen to die.

In rendering surveillance to the public health officers, it appears timely that the development of a greater sense of responsibility should be attained. Toward that end it is believed that some assistance may be given by listing some suggestions concerning some investigative steps.

"The Tip-Off" Those first hours after an outbreak are extremely important because then, and perhaps only then, can authentic samples and first hand observations be obtained. The PHO cannot begin his investigation until he learns of the outbreak so every encouragement must be given to those who can give the "tip-off."

a. A cooperative medical association can encourage its members to report suspicious cases quickly. Results, especially good results, foster

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such practices. A courteous report of the findings to the physician that gave the "tip-off" increases the likelihood of further cooperation.

b. Alert operators of food establishments can do much also in furnishing timely evidence of food poisoning. If customers suffer, they complain to the vendor.

c. An alert clerk in the public health office receiving reports must recognize potentially significant data and call it to the attention of the PHO. For example, if several doctors report cases of septic sore throat, it might not be identified by the doctors as food-borne, but the sudden and multiple occurrence should raise this suspicion with the clerk.

"On the Spot Investigation" Two important aspects pertain to "on the spot investigations," namely; the collecting of information from patients and the collecting of generous samples of all suspected foods. The best samples of potentially incriminated foods might be found remaining in the bowls from which the afflicted were eating, or in patients vomitus. Of course, foods also might have been ingested 48 hours previous. These two aspects concern epidemiology and laboratory procedures, and are best handled by a trained investigator from each field. The epidemiologist would guide the investigation; the laboratory technician would get samples and then get back to the laboratory and start routine bacteriological, toxicological and chemical analyses. Additional data would flow to the laboratory from the field investigator. The laboratory usually gives the final and exact identity of the etiological agent. The laboratory investigator must save portions of each sample, under refrigeration, for subsequent investigative procedures as indicated, including supplying original material to another laboratory for an independent investigation. (NIH)

The epidemiologist pieces all evidence together. In his investigation, it is equally important to divide the number of exposed individuals into the group that escaped and the group that suffered. The exposed but non-afflicted group is often overlooked, but cognizance of it sharpens the focus appreciably in looking for that common denominator. If "the spot" is not sharply defined the investigation area must be enlarged. There may be other "spots" related and requiring "on the spot" investigation. The more foci of outbreaks, the more evidence there is of a widely used item that is widely distributed by a food processor who has had a break in technique.

"Getting the Range" The "on the spot" investigator will soon gather enough data to get the range of possibilities. A practice of tabulating on a simple graph paper is an easy method. The example shown on the next page will illustrate the above.

"Bracketing the Possibilities" Extending the use of a time incidence work sheet, one can list potential etiological agents underneath the cases -- matching the approximate incubation periods of possible agents with the interval charted between the event and the onset of cases. In the illustration, one would like consider botulism, staphylococcic toxin, "[illegible]," etc. A longer interval would have necessitated listing salmonella, etc. (see footnote)

The potential list could then be matched against clinical symptoms vs. characteristics of each potential agent. Absence of deaths would make some unlikely. Finding a draining paronychia on a cook's [illegible] would increase

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the probability of a staph-toxin which would be proven or disproven as a reasonable offender by the laboratory. If a menu included fowl, the fact that salmonella are found in fowl many times more frequently than in any other food would cause suspicion.

TIME/INCIDENCE WORK SHEET

Neighborhood Assn Bonenkai Feast

Attended	125 (3)*
Afflicted	90
Escaped	35
Attack rate	72%
Fatalities	0

Menu:
- Mushroom soup (1)*
- Sake
- Tuna (raw)
- Tempora
- Sukiyaki
- Rice Cake

soup made

Tuna Prepared

(2)* Eating Period

(5)* Food Period

CASES by ONSET

TIME by hours	10	11	12	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		AM	(Noon)			PM									
						x									
						xx									
						xx	x								
						xx	x								
						xx	x								
						xx	x								
						xx	xx								
					(1)*	xx	xx								
						xx	xx								
						xx	xx								
						xx	xx								
						x	xx	xx							
						x	xx	xx							
						x	xx	xx							
					(2)*	x	xx	xx							
					Eating	x	xx	xx							
					Period	x	xx	xx							
						x	xx	xx							
						x	xx	xx							

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8. MONTHLY REPORT OF FOOD SANITATION

(For the month of Feb.) Gumma-ken

	No. of Licensed	No. of Closed	No. of Inspected	Total No. of Installation
Restaurant	560	4	240	575
Ration Restaurant	233	1	248	239
Tea Room	1,347	9	120	1,342
Bakery	123	0	50	203
Quick Lunch Shop	1,265	2	474	1,280
Flour Mill	0	0	43	652
Candy Factory	956	33	260	1,009
Ice Plant	104	0	0	104
Sake Plant, Brewery	36	0	5	68
Milk Plant	120	0	62	120
Dairy	0	0	102	372
Slaughter House	14	0	60	14
Meat Processing Plant	7	0	3	7
Fishery	13	0	7	13
Fish Processing Plant	23	0	3	23
Others	1,638	3	603	1,670
TOTAL	6,439	52	2,280	7,691

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HEADQUARTERS
KINKI CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 15

ANNEX B-1

To Monthly Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 30 April 1951

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES

Prepared by Dr. Gerald W. Huestis, D.C

1. General Administration

a. The Kinki Professional Public Health Nursing School was officially opened 25 April in Kyoto. Classes will not begin until 1 September, at which time the new nursing law goes into effect.

b. The South Honshu Prefectural Public Health Department and City Sanitation Bureau Preventive Medicine chiefs held a two-day conference in Osaka April 26 and 27. Topics of discussion were the new tuberculosis control law (dated 31 March 1951), venereal disease program, communicable disease program, and leprosy. Representatives from the Ministry of Welfare led the discussions and explained the attitude and direction from a policy level. In discussing the new tuberculosis control law, Ministry of Welfare pointed out that thus far there were no changes in maintaining tuberculosis records; the tuberculin test and BCG immunization were still to be recorded on the individual immunization record form, and results of tuberculosis surveys kept on separate records in schools, factories, and health centers. However, representatives of the Ministry of Welfare are considering changing the tuberculosis survey record form in such a manner that the results of tuberculin tests and BCG immunization will be kept on this form as well as on the individual immunization record card. This is a duplication of effort and records, actually a triplication, for invariably tuberculin-BCG information is first placed on record lists and then transcribed onto the individual immunization record card. The prospect of a change in records after so much effort has been expended recently in bringing the individual immunization record information up-to-date has caused much concern in the minds of the preventive medicine chiefs. They do not want records changed at this time. It will cause confusion, destroy incentive, deter progress in this most important phase of the immunization program.

c. The public health officer, veterinarian, and public health nurse visited all prefectures this month. The sanitary engineer has not visited Shiga for two months, Wakayama for one month.

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2. Preventive Medicine

Osaka prefecture reported one case of suspect typhus, one case of suspect Japanese B Encephalitis. Laboratory examination collaborated the correct diagnosis of urticaria and epidemic cerebrospinal fever respectively. Status of Immunization:

Disease	Date Seasonal Program Began	No. Immunization This Period	Cumulative Number	Estimate Balance Yet to do
Nara Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	16,170	56,635	-
Typhoid-paratyphoid	March 1951	1,600	2,356	-
Diphtheria	January 1951	1,220	9,404	-
Kyoto Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	3,422	106,399	111,619
Typhoid-paratyphoid	February 1951	3,384	3,384	1,497,635
Diphtheria	February 1951	20,222	20,222	87,560
Typhus	November 1950	6,587	73,767	-
Shiga Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	5,700	56,800	3,200
Diphtheria	November 1950	488	10,820	25,990
Osaka Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	1,263	32,897	207,103
Typhoid-paratyphoid	January 1951	129	4,938	3,195,062
Diphtheria	January 1951	2,243	20,296	219,704
Hyogo Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	21,238	21,894	179,191
Diphtheria	January 1951	6,136	20,464	166,900
Pertussis	January 1951	1,940	5,719	-
Typus	December 1950	13,249	17,557	-

Special inoculation for Smallpox in Februar, and March 1,365,533 persons.

Wakayama Prefecture				
Smallpox	January 1951	20,812	45,101	-
Diphtheria	January 1951	5,951	19,074	-
Typhus	November 1950	100	1,856	-
Whooping Cough	January 1951	54	1,986	-

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RESTRICTED

3. Tuberculosis

April local elections caused some distraction from the recent sustained effort of bringing the individual immunization records up-to-date. Still this function is progressing satisfactorily. City, town, and villages are completing their pre-school and school tuberculin-BCG programs, and soon will start on the "other" group, paying particular attention to the infant-to-six-year category. Local budgets for tuberculosis control will have to be altered due to changes in the tuberculosis control law. This fact is being brought to the attention of city, town and village administrations.

4. Health Centers

No comment.

5. Hospitals

No comment.

6. Budgets for 1951-1952 Fiscal Year

Prefecture	Total ¥	¥/Capita	% Pref. Budget	% From Source Pref.	National	City
Nara	134,043,680	167.55	6.3	77.3	22.7	-
Kyoto	168,603,000	93.67	3.47	63.0	37.0	-
Shiga	61,099,595	70.00	2.86	80.32	19.68	-
Osaka	577,645,700	149.81	4.23	66.26	33.74	-
Hyogo	410.175,550	124.26	5.25	77.0	23.0	-
Wakayama	81,543,500	85.06	2.2	45.6	33.1	21.3

7. Veterinary Affairs

a. Repairs and improvements at the municipal slaughterhouse in Kobe are nearing completion. The second phase of major improvements at the Kyoto municipal slaughterhouse has been started.

b. Special stress was laid on the enforcement of the new milk law. Despite lectures, demonstrations, and conferences stressing the necessity of uniformity, differences in application and interpretation of the law remain. Consolidation of smaller units and plants into larger installations offers the best solution to most of these differences. Some prefectural officers do not think well

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of this approach. They do not want to close those plants which cannot meet the new milk law standards. These officials will be encouraged to enforce the law as it is written.

c. Production of ice candy has begun. Progress over previous years has been noted. Large ice candy associations have been formed which are acting as "wholesalers," thus standardizing distribution, and decreasing chances of contamination due to frequent and improper handling.

d. The rabies eradication program now enters the category of a routine yearly program. Hyogo prefecture has added another 8,495 dogs to the list of those registered and vaccinated, making a total of 21,030 dogs registered and 19,218 vaccinated since the first reported case of rabies in February. During this period 2,766 strays were destroyed. This is a remarkable achievement.

e. The results of the bovine tuberculosis campaign have been very gratifying. The reactor figures are only a slight percentage of those of previous years. The number of suspect cases has taken a decided downward trend. Statistical evaluation will be included in later reports.

f. With the beginning of the horse training and racing season, the utilization of equine infectious anemia tests has been encouraged. It appears that concentrated effort in all areas is producing good results, for the number of reactors is much smaller. Shipment certificates regularly accompany the animals. Lay vaccination is negligible at all tracks. Stabling at race tracks has been improved.

g. Newcastle's disease was reported in Hyogo prefecture. The reported case was immediately checked. Clinically the diagnosis is doubtful. Laboratory samples were sent to Tokyo. The result of the laboratory examination has not been reported. Feed samples were examined and coli found.

8. Sanitary Engineering

a. The Communicable Disease Prevention Law (Revised Aug 21 1950) specifies that towns and villages with populations under thirteen thousand (13,000) should have one assistant sanitation inspector per ten thousand population. To enforce this law, the Welfare Ministry was not able to obtain the anticipated budget from the Finance Ministry thus making it impossible for prefectures in this region to employ the necessary assistant inspectors as prescribed by law. The ultimate result places the environmental sanitation inspector, who is attached

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to each health center, in a rather precarious position as he then has to take over the local responsibilities of an assistant inspector. As his time is limited, many towns and villages are neglected. Rather than have environmental sanitation in these towns and villages neglected, this region has suggested that voluntary workers be used, and has recommended that members of youth organizations be recruited wherever and whenever possible. It is true that these youths cannot compare with trained assistant inspectors and sanitary team members, but with special training from the directors and sanitary inspectors of the health centers, it is logical to assume that in time these boys will be of some value in improving the sanitation of their respective towns and villages. Furthermore, by having these boys do the work on a voluntary basis, the cost of labor will be negligible. The youth will also acquire good public health training.

b. It is safe to assume that the 1950-1951 epidemic typhus season has passed. All prefectures in this region have done a good job on typhus prevention during the past four months. They deserve to be commended for their excellent efforts in fighting the louse.

c. With the summer approaching, this region has started surveillance of the dysentery program. All prefectures were advised to begin stool surveys for carriers. Water suppliers, especially in small towns and villages, are also under surveillance. Prefectural officials connected with this phase of sanitary engineering were advised to run tests on the quality of water supplied, particularly if the source of water is a well.

9. Nursing Affairs

a. Conferences were held with the chief nurses of all prefectures. Discussion centered around problems and future operation plans. Plans of assistance to health departments are being stressed in order to prepare nursing personnel for their responsibilities of supervising and improving the development of nursing programs. A large percentage of time in the past has been spent coordinating programs, at this level. Cooperation seems to be increasing with more participation in supervisory field inspections. All nursing sub-sections have acquired an adequate travel budget for 1951.

b. Surveys determined this month resulted in the following findings: sixteen type "A" schools graduated 74 and admitted 452; eleven type "B" schools graduated 229 and admitted 221. Most schools recruited more than authorized number of students. There is a shortage

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of 99 public health nurses in health centers of this region. The number of midwives exceeds the demand; these are being encouraged to take public health nursing courses.

c. Two tuberculosis sanatoria in this region, Toneyama in Osaka and Kokuritsu Hyogo Ryoyosho in Hyogo prefecture, have accepted 20 students each before they were accredited, both planned to open a nursing school on 21 April.

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HEADQUARTERS
TOKAI-HOKURIKU CIVIL AFFAIRS REGION
APO 710

ANNEX B-1

To Civil Affairs Activities Report
Period Ending 30 April 1951

Author: Dr. Jaime Benavides, R.P.H.O.

1. General Administration.

Tokai-prefectures were visited by the P.H.O. All the prefectures were visited by the Public Health Veterinarian and Nurses.

Conferences

The routine meetings on administration and the following conferences were held:

a. The chiefs of all public health departments and the R.P.H.O. attended a regional conference in Mie prefecture. Some of the subjects discussed were the following:

Doctors salaries (paragraph 4)

Tuberculosis (paragraph 3)

Public Health courses in Tokyo (paragraph 10)

Public Health in medical schools

Doctors are very much interested in the establishment of a good public health program in the medical schools.

b. The organization of the present sanitary teams was reviewed.

c. Discussion of equalization grants.

d. Review of Medical and Dental Practitioners Laws.

e. Checking of hospitals and public health centers for fire hazards in view of the apparent increase in fires even in new buildings.

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BASIC: ANNEX B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region for period ending 30 April 1951.

2. Preventive Medicine.

At Schools

a. Examination of school children for head lice and proper delousing when indicated are well underway.

b. Schools are conducting trips to health centers in order to familiarize the children with the benefits that they and their families may derive from these establishments.

c. Health Center directors have begun a course of public health lectures in schools. The present plans are to continue them throughout the year.

Physical Examinations

Result of a health examination conducted in Ishikawa prefecture for young adults born in 1930:

Percentage examined	89.40%
Tuberculosis	0.98%
V.D.	1.57%
Trachoma	3.60%
Intestinal Parasites	27.00%

Smallpox

Pref.	Date Season Program Begun	No. Imm. This Pd.	Cumulative Number	Est. Balance Yet to do
Aichi	Oct '50	2,537	50,975	206,591
Mie	Sep '50	5,731	69,654	40,002
Gifu	Jan '51	1,271	3,158	113,842
Toyama	Feb '51	9,050	10,170	93,930
Ishikawa	Jan '51	3,891	3,891	53,109
	Total	22,480	137,848	512,474

Diphtheria

Pref.	Date Season Program Begun	No. Imm. This Pd.	Cumulative Number	Est. Balance Yet to do
Aichi	Oct '50	57,081	73,061	138,439
Mie	Feb '50	21,143	118,647	63,355
Gifu	Jan '51	10,219	26,196	220,804

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BASIC: ANNEX B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region for period ending 30 April 1951.

Pref.	Date Season Program Begun	No. Imm. This Pd.	Cumulative Number	Est. Balance Yet to do
Toyama	Jan '51	1,480	18,560	28,790
Ishikawa	Jan '51	8,270	8,270	53,730
	Total	98,193	244,734	505,118

3. Tuberculosis.

Prefectural Public Health officers are formulating plans for all year round lectures and demonstrations to health center physicians and for spot checks on:

a. Technique of tuberculin and BCG administration,

b. Keeping of records.

c. Contact tracing.

The importance of contact tracing in tuberculosis continues to be emphasized. Visits to a preventorium and T.B. hospitals show (a) incomplete family histories and (b) lack of liaison with the health center referring their cases. It is being pointed out that these faults should be corrected in order to make good observations, collect good statistics, and do permanent and constructive work in tuberculosis with the family as a unit.

Backlog of Patients

Aichi	531
Mie	204
Gifu	283
Fukui	468
Toyama	16
Ishikawa	290
Total	1,792

4. Health Centers.

The Central Government has promised to subsidize 1/3 of a ¥2,000 salary increase for health center doctors. Prefectural Public Health officials are not satisfied with this small raise and are trying to obtain more funds approved by the prefectural assembly for a further increase, in some cases, up to 5,000. Tuberculin and BCG records are improving since more funds are expected to implant the tuberculosis control program.

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BASIC: ANNEX B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region for period ending 30 April 1951.

5. Hospitals

Toyama prefecture "Central Hospital" (general hospital) with 220 beds, was inaugurated in Toyama City on 1 April.

6. Budget.

Prefecture	Total for '51	Total for '50	% of Total Prefectural Budget for 1951	% of Total Prefectural Budget for 1950
Gifu	148,557,000	163,549,600	3.46	3.11
Mie	172,589,000	174,528,862	4.85	3.6
Fukui	* 157,139,000	71,000,000	5,21	4.7
Ishikawa	125,002,691	125,972,807	3.6	4.99
Toyama	179,619,007	169,096,600	5,63	5,02

Comment:

* ¥63,000,000 will be used for the construction of the Fukui Prefectural Hospital.

Figures for 1950 indicate total amounts obtained in 1950.

Figures for 1951 indicate basic budgets. Extra allocations will be added throughout the year.

7. Veterinary Affairs.

a. Food.

(1) Excluding one case of globe fish poisoning, there were no outbreaks of food poisoning reported during March.

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BASIC: ANNEX B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region for period ending 30 April 1951.

b. Food Inspection.

(1) Results of Food Establishment Inspection during March, 1951:

# of estabs.	# inspected	A	B	C	D	E
169,393	44,509	2,064	6,558	16,922	15,917	3,048

# of oral warnings	# of sheet warnings	# closed	# prosecuted	Total inspections
8,211	1,778	116	0	50,688

(2) Very few milk plants had secured sufficient equipment to meet the standards of the Milk Ordinance on the effective date of April 16. Most of the milk plants which had failed to order equipment prior to this date were ordered by prefectural health officials to cease operation. Plants which had placed orders for equipment were permitted to continue operation except in localities where nearby plants met standards. In the latter cases the milk was channeled into the completed plants.

(3) Numerous food inspectors have complained that health center directors were reluctant to close substandard food establishments due to the fact that the owners of these establishments have aided in the construction and maintenance of health centers and that they will feel that the health centers are not performing a public service to them. Numerous conferences have been held in the past in an effort to eliminate this type of philosophy. More will be held in the future. The belief continues to prevail that nobody's toes should be stepped on in a democracy, even though it adds to the welfare of the majority.

c. Rabies Control - 1 January - 1 April 1951.

Est. Dog Population	Registered dogs	# of dogs vaccinated	# of stray dogs destroyed
194,000	152,593	32,308	9,335

On April 1 the entire rabies vaccination program was given to practising veterinarians throughout the region. Strict supervision will be

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maintained by health officials. A total of 175 veterinarians are participating in the program.

Ishikawa and Fukui delayed starting the vaccination program until May due to failure to procure vaccine in April.

d. Animal Disease Control - 1 January - 1 April, 1951. (Source - Prefectural Livestock Sections).

(1) Testing programs.

Disease	# tested	# positive	# suspicious	# destroyed
Bovine T.B.	4,793	24	81	19
Bovine Brucellosis	2,098	0	7	0
Bovine Trichomoniasis	565	0	0	0
Equine Inf. Anemia	1,795	6	7	5
Fowl Pullorum	287,788	11,084	0	11,084

(2) Vaccination programs.

Animal	Population	Disease	#vaccinated
Cattle	214,000	Anthrax	5,148
Horses	48,000	Encepholitis	3,140
swine	55,000	Cholera	1,177
Swine		Plague	142

e. Outbreak of animal disease during April 1951. (Source - Prefectural Livestock Sections.)

Animal	Disease	# cases	# death
Swine	Paratyphoid	3	3
Cattle	Anthrax	1	1

8. Sanitary Engineering.

Spot checks of the sanitary teams were made in cities and villages in order to criticize techniques and maintenance of equipment.

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BASIC: ANNEX B-1 to Civil Affairs Activities Report, Tokai-Hokuriku Civil Affairs Region for period ending 30 April 1951.

9. Nursing Affairs.

a. Clinical Nursing

All schools of nursing in the Region admitted their anticipated number of student nurses. The four sanatoria designated as "B" schools each admitted the twenty students as ordered by the Ministry of Welfare. General patient wards will open 1 June 1951 in each sanatorium. The problems of affiliations have not all been worked out yet.

b. Association

General meetings during May have been planned in each prefecture.

c. Other

Amendments to the Nursing Law (#203) cause grave concern to Japanese nurses as they believe the standards of nursing are being greatly lowered and the future assistant nurse can become a nurse with little or no effort.

Over 2,000 Japanese nurses plan to take the National Nursing examination to be given in this Region 12-13 May.

10. Other

Chiefs of Public Health sections suggest that courses for specialists in various branches be made shorter. With the present shortage in the health center staffs it is difficult to spare personnel for an absence of more than 3 months.

Health insurances are paying only for sulfa drugs in the treatment of dysentery. Patients who are unable to pay for the more modern and effective therapy will receive sulfa treatment even when the doctors realize its inadequacy. Will health insurances extend coverage to the newer drugs?

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, all statistics were obtained through the Prefectural Public Health Departments.

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LIAISON SECTION
CHIBA PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Mar. 23, 1951

To : Chief, Kanto Civil Affairs Region.

Attn: Chief, Public Health Section.

Thru: Kanto Liaison & Coordination Office.

From: Chief, Agriculture & Foresty Dept.,
Chiba Prefectural Government.

Subj: Special report on the campaign to carry out the preventive injection for Japanese B encephalitis of horses.

We will carry out the preventive injection for Japanese B encephalitis of horses as per attached paper as the activity schedule of public health for live-stocks during April. So we submit report hereby.

For the Chief:

Signed by: K. Kishiro
Kazuo Kishiro
Chief, Liaison Sect.,
Chiba Pref. Gov't.

Received
K.L.O.O.
26.3.26
11.45

	Gun or city	Place of injection	Date of injection	Concerned towns and villages
To be executed by Sawara Live-stock Breeding Station.	Katori-gun	Komikado-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	
	"	Takaoka-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Namekawa-machi, Kanzaki-machi.
	Sawara city	Sawara city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Okura-mura, Niijima-mura.
	"	Kasai-mura	10:00 a.m. April 12	Yonezawa-mura.
	"	Osuga-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Shoei-mura.
	"	Tako-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 14	Kuga-mura, Tojo-mura, Naka-mura.
	"	Yatsu-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Kamisato-mura, Omigawa-machi, Toyoura-mura, Moriyama-mura, Yoshibumi-mura, Fuma-mura.
	"	Tachibana-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Toyosato-mura, Tojo-mura, Jindai-mura, Sasagawa-machi.
	"	Chuwa-mura	10:00 a.m. April 11	Kojo-mura, Manzai-mura.
	Sosa-gun	Iidaka-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Tokiwa-mura, Yoshida-mura, Hiyoshi-mura, Toyowa-mura, Ogura-mura.
	"	Yokaichiba-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Sosa-mura, Toyosakae-mura, Nanjo-mura, Chinkai-mura, Kyowa-mura, Toyohata-mura.
	"	Noda-mura	10:00 a.m. April 14	Kyoko-mura, Sakae-mura, Shirahama-mura, Toyo-mura.
	Kaijo-gun	Iioka-machi	10:00 a.m. April 9	Sankawa-mura, Tsuru-maki-mura, Toyooka-mura.
	"	Omei-mura	10:00 a.m. April 10	Asahi-machi, Tomiura-mura, Yazashi-mura.
	"	Shiishiba-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Funaki-mura, Takigo-mura.
	Choshi city	Choshi city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	
	Imba-gun	Motomo-mura	10:00 Apr. 9	Fukama-mura, Rokugo-mura.
	"	[illegible]-mura	10:00 April 10	Shirai-mura, Muneka[illegible]-mura,

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			mura.
"	Yokaichiba-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Sosa-mura, Toyosakae-mura, Nanjo-mura, Chinkai-mura, Kyowa-mura, Toyohata-mura.
"	Noda-mura	10:00 a.m. April 14	Kyoko-mura, Sakae-mura, Shirahama-mura, Toyo-mura.
Kaijo-gun	Iioka-machi	10:00 a.m. April 9	Sankawa-mura, Tsuru-maki-mura, Toyooka-mura.
"	Omei-mura	10:00 a.m. April 10	Asahi-machi, Tomiura-mura, Yazashi-mura.
"	Shiishiba-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Funaki-mura, Takigo-mura.
Choshi city	Choshi city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	
Imba-gun	Motomo-mura	10:00 Apr. 9	Fukama-mura, Rokugo-mura.
"	Funafo-mura	10:00 April 10	Shirai-mura, Munakata-mura.
"	Habu-mura	10:00 Apr. 11	Kimitsu-mura, Ajiki-machi, Narita-machi, Nakago-mura.
"	Omori-mura 5	10:00 Apr. 12	Nagaharu-mura, Kioroshi-machi.
"	Tooyama-mura	10:00 Apr. 13	
"	Kuzumi-mura	10:00 Apr. 9	Toyosumi-mura.
"	Sakura-machi	10:00 Apr. 10	Shusui-machi, Nego-mura, Usui-machi, Wada-mura.
"	Shizu-mura	10:00 Apr. 11	Aso-mura, Chiyoda-machi.
"	Asahi-machi	10:00 Apr. 12	Yatomi-mura.
"	Yachimata-machi	10:00 Apr. 13	Kawakami-mura.
To be executed by Minato Live-stock Breeding Station.	Kimitsu-gun	Showa-machi	10:00 Apr. 9	Kisarazu city, Kaneda-mura, Nagaura-mura Negata-mura.

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	Kimitsu-gun	Kururi-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Kameyama-mura, Obitsu-mura, Matsuoka-mura.
	"	Nakagawa-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Makuta-mura, Hiraoka-mura, Nakago-mura.
	"	Kimitsu-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr, 12	Kamatari-mura, Naka-mura, Koito-mura, Akimoto-mura, Sumami-mura, Mishima-mura, Sadamoto-mura, Iino-mura.
To be executed by Minato Live-stock Breeding Station.	"	Onuki-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Sanuki-machi, Futtsu-machi, Minato-machi, Aohori-machi.
	Ichihara-gun	Yawata-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Goi-machi, Kikuma-mura, Ichihara-mura, Chigusa-mura, Tokai-mura, Oihama-machi, Chiba-gun.
	6666"	Urutsu-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Chito-mura.
	"	Takataki-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Satomi-mura, Shiratori-mura, Tomiyama-mura Heizo-mura.
	"	Ushiku-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Uchida-mura, Tsurumai-machi.
	"	Toda-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr.13	Anegasaki-machi.
	"	Yoro-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 14	Chisai-mura, Kaijo-mura.
	Sambu-gun	Ninokawa-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Chiyoda-mura, Ofusa-mura, Toyooka-mura.
	"	Yokoshiba-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Taihei-mura, Kamisakai-mura, Hasunuma-mura, Matsuo-mura.
	"	Naruhama-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Ryokkai-mura, Katakai-machi, Toyonari-mura, Toyoumi-mura, Nango-mura.
	"	Hyuga-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Naruto-mura, Minamoto-mura, Mutsuoka-mura, Otomi-mura.
	"	Mizuho-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Tokei-machi
	"	Oami-machi	10:00 a.m.	Yamabe-mura, Masuho-mura, Shirasato-machi,

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	Takataki-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Heizo-mura.
"	Ushiku-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Uchida-mura, Tsurumai-machi.
"	Toda-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr.13	Anegasaki-machi.
"	Yoro-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 14	Chisai-mura, Kaijo-mura.
Sambu-gun	Ninokawa-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Chiyoda-mura, Ofusa-mura, Toyooka-mura.
"	Yokoshiba-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Taihei-mura, Kamisakai-mura, Hasunuma-mura, Matsuo-mura.
"	Naruhama-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Ryokkai-mura, Katakai-machi, Toyonari-mura, Toyoumi-mura, Nango-mura.
"	Hyuga-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Naruto-mura, Minamoto-mura, Mutsuoka-mura, Otomi-mura.
"	Mizuho-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Tokei-machi
"	Oami-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 14	Yamabe-mura, Masuho-mura, Shirasato-machi, Fukuoka-mura.
"	Togane-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Masaki-mura, Kohei-mura, Okayama-mura, Yamato-mura.
Chosei-gun	Seki-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Takane-mura, Togo-mura, Shirakata-machi, Nabaki-mura, Toyooka-mura.
"	Ichinomiya-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Torami-mura, Taito-mura, Tsuchimutsu-mura, Yatsumi-mura.
"	Mobara-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Gogo-mura, Toyosakae-mura, Toyoda-mura, Honno-machi, Niiharu-mura.
"	Nagae-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 13	Ninomiyahongo-mura, Minakami-mura, Hiyoshi-mura.
"	Higashi-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 14	Nishi-mura, Tsurue-mura, Chonan-machi.
Isumi-gun	Ohara-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Namihana-mura, Choja-machi, Tokai-mura.

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	Isumi-gun	Higashi-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	Nakane-mura, Chimachi-mura, Kuniyoshi-machi, Furusawa-mura.
	"	Otaki-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	Fusamoto-mura, Nishihata-mura, Kamitaki-mura, Nakagawa-mura, Mizusawa-mura, Ueno-mura.
	"	Fuse-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Onjuku-machi, Fusano-mura, Katsuura-machi.
To be executed by Tateyama H.C.	Tateyama city	Tateyama city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 5	Toyofusa-mura, Tomiura-machi, Iwai-machi, Inatsu-mura, Kokufu-mura.
	Awa-gun	Kambe-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 6	Tawara-mura, Maru-mura.
	Chiba city	Chiba city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Makuhari-machi, Tsudanuma-machi.
	Funabashi "	Funabashi "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	
	Ichikawa "	Ichikawa "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	
	Matsudo "	Matsudo "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	
	Chiba-gun	Owada-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Mutsu-mura, Toyotomi-mura, Ninomiya-machi.
	"	Honda-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Shiina-mura.
	"	Sarashina-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	Shirai-mura.
	"	Kotehashi-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 19	
	Higashi-Katsushika-gun	Ninokawa-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Sekiyado-machi, Komagase-mura.
	"	Kashiwa-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Yagi-mura, Nagareyama-machi, Kogane-machi.
	"	Kawama-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	
	"	Kamagaya-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 19	
	"	Tomise-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Tanaka-mura, Abiko-machi.
	"	Kazahaya-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Tega-mura, Tsuchimura.
	Noda city	Noda city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	

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				mura.
	"	Fuse-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	Onjuku-machi, Fusano-mura, Katsuura-machi.
To be executed by Tateyama H.C.	Tateyama city	Tateyama city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 5	Toyofusa-mura, Tomiura-machi, Iwai-machi, Inatsu-mura, Kokufu-mura.
	Awa-gun	Kambe-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 6	Tawara-mura, Maru-mura.
	Chiba city	Chiba city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 9	Makuhari-machi, Tsudanuma-machi.
	Funabashi "	Funabashi "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 10	
	Ichikawa "	Ichikawa "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 11	
	Matsudo "	Matsudo "	10:00 a.m. Apr. 12	
	Chiba-gun	Owada-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Mutsu-mura, Toyotomi-mura, Ninomiya-machi.
	"	Honda-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Shiina-mura.
	"	Sarashina-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	Shirai-mura.
	"	Kotehashi-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 19	
	Higashi-Katsushika-gun	Ninokawa-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Sekiyado-machi, Komagase-mura.
	"	Kashiwa-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Yagi-mura, Nagareyama-machi, Kogane-machi.
	"	Kawama-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	
	"	Kamagaya-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 19	
	"	Tomise-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 16	Tanaka-mura, Abiko-machi.
	"	Kazahaya-mura	10:00 a.m. Apr. 17	Tega-mura, Tsuchimura.
	Noda city	Noda city	10:00 a.m. Apr. 18	
	Higashikatsushika-gun.	Fusa-machi	10:00 a.m. Apr. 19	Kohoku-mura.

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Circulate to 29 Morgan cms addressees 1951 Pg 99

YAMANASHI PREFECTURE

Prepared by Public Health Section

Recurring Report
KCAR 319.1 5 Jan. '50

Section VIII

No. 15 Monthly Report of Schedule of Activities for April '51

Immunization

What Kind of	Date	How Many Times	Place	To Whom	Remarks
Paratyphoid	Dur. Apr.		Each city, town & village	Persons subject to Prevention Vaccination Law	
Smallpox	"		"	"	
Whooping Cough	"		"	"	
Diphtheria	"		"	"	
T.B.	"		"	"	Some 185,000
Rabies	"		"	House-dogs	

Lecture

Operation of Eugenic Protection Law	10	2	Tsugane & Kobuchisawa-mura, Kitakoma-gun	Women's Ass'ns at large	To be enforced by Nirasaki Health Center
Epidemics & Schistosomia-sis	Thru. Apr.	5	Nirasaki-cho & 4 other villages	People at large	"
T.B. and V.D.	8 & 27	2	Sugahara & Seitetsu-mura, Kitakoma-gun	Adults at large	"

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Eugenic Protection Law & Birth Control	Thru. Apr.	5	5 village in Nishiyatsushiro-gun	Adults at large	To be enforced by Isawa Health Center
Nation's Movement by Sanitary Statistics	10 & 15	2	Mutsuai & Osunari-mura, Minamikoma-gun	Young Men's & Women's Ass'ns	To be enforced by Minobu Health Center
Campaign					
Guidance on Security of Animal Albumen	Thru. Apr.		Throughout the Pref.	People at large	To be enforced through radio & newspaper
V.D. Prevention Picture Show	10-20	7	Unsettled	Adults at large	To be enforced by Health Center
Nation-wide Cleaning & Beautification Drive	16-22		Throughout the Pref.		To be enforced by radio, newspaper & other media
Conference					
Consultation for Guidance on Health Center Nutritionists	1st decade	1	Unsettled	Health Center Nutritionists	
Health Center Chiefs' Conference	"	1	Prefectural Office	8 H.C. Chiefs	
Explanation Meeting for Details of Food Sanitation Law	Thru. Apr.	2	Enzan and Kusakabe-cho	Provisions manufacturers and dealers in Higashi-yamanashi-gun	To be enforced by Kusakabe Health Center

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Food Poisoning in Spring	Thru. Apr.	5	Isawa-cho & 4 other villages	Provisions manufacturers and dealers in Higashi-yatsushiro-gun	To be enforced by Isawa Health Center
Conference of Officials in Charge of Sanitation of Cities, Towns & Villages	"	8	Each Health Center	Officials in charge of sanitation of cities, towns & villages	To be enforced by each Health Center
P.H. Nurses Liaison Meeting	"	8	"	P.H. Nurses of cities, towns & villages	"

Training Course

Traing Course for Officials in Charge of Rodent Control	4 & 5		Kofu City	Assistant Sanitation-inspectors of Health Center and Sanitation Team (120 person in all)	
Training Course for Advisors of Katayama-nosophora Control	Thru. Apr. (For 25 days)	5	Kofu, Nirasaki, Isawa, Kusakabe & Ogasawara	Advisors under the juris-diction	
Nutrition Short Course	5,7,12, 14,19, 26 & 28	7	Kofu Health Center	Women's Ass'ns at large	To be enforced by Kofu Health Center
"	6	1	Yamura-cho	Womens Ass'ns under the juris-diction of Otsuki Health Center	To be enforced by Otsuki Health Center

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Food Sanitation Short Course	3 & 26	2	Otsuki-cho & Uenohara-cho	Provisions Dealers	
Guidance and Control on Food Sanitation (Food Establishments)	Dur. Apr. (9-15)		Throughout the pref.	Food establishments & provisions shops	To be enforced by each Health Center
" (Candy Factories)	" (23-29)		"	Candy Factories	"
Circulating Medical-Examination of T.B.	Thru. Apr.		Throughout the pref.	Schools, plants & workshops (Some 5,000 persons)	X-ray car to be used
Prefectural Judging of "Baby Concours"	2nd decade	1	Prefecture	Sound babies selected by each Health Center	
Parasite Extermination	Dur. Apr.		Each Health Center	School-children at large	To be enforced by each Health Center and Town & Village Office

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I.L.O. No. 153

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PUBLIC HEALTH SECTION
IBARAKI PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Mar. 23, 1951

SUBJECT: Report on schedule of veterinary activity for Apr. 1951.

TO : Chief of Kanto Civil Affairs Region.
Attn; Chief of Public Health Sect.

We hereby submit you above subjected report as follows.

(1) Meat and milk sanitation.

(A) Sanitary examination over milk treatment house.

(B) Sanitary examination over slaughter-house.

(2) Rabies prevention

(A) Registration of domestic dog

(B) Rooting out unregistered dogs.

for Tomegoro Sugaya

MASAMI KAWASAKI
Chief of Public Health Sect.,
Ibaraki Pref., Govt.

Received
K.I.L.O.
26 3 24
1:20

Attached paper C3

Name of P.H.C.	Name.	Specific gravity	Pat	Date examined	Number of bacteria	Nature
Yatabe	Terukichi Okano	1,029	3.0	2.24	14,500	Neutrality
Mito	Zentaro Ishida	1,030	3.2	2.6		"
	Masao Yakubo	"	"			"
	Torakichi Kurosawa	1,028	"			"
	Motosuke Sekine	1,029	3.0			"
	Fujihei Ebashi	1,030	"			"
	Kuni Ouchi	1,032	3.2			"
	Tatsuo Kawakami	1,028	"			"
Ishioka	Seinosuke Sakurai	1,030	3.1	2.26	8,500	Weak Acid.
	Naoshi Kubota	"	"	"	"	"
Hitachi	Shinji Okubo	1,028	3.0	2.26	16,000	Neutrality
	Tsunao Watanabe	"	"	"	14,000	"
	Yoshimatsu Ono	1,030	3.1	2.26	12,000	Neutrality
	Hidekuni Tsukamoto	1,027	3.0	"	11,000	Called attach Attached
	Tokuzo Goto	1,027	3.0	"	17,500	"
	Torao Kunii	1,028	"	"	14,000	Neutrality
Tsuchiura	Tsuchiura Milk	"	3.3	2.27		Weak Acid
	Meiji Milk	1,025	3.0	"		Called attached

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Shimozuma	Akio Sugiyama	1,030	3.0	2.17		Neutrality
	Morio Yasuda	1,031	3.2	"		"
	Ushichi Hirose	1,030	3.0	"		"
	Kanichi Hirose	1,032	3.1	"		"
Shimodate	Tomonobu Usui	1,029	3.0	2.15	19,000	Weak Acid
	Shigoichi Yoshihara	1,031	3.2	"	18,000	"
	Shizuo Tateno	1,031	3.2	2.15	18,000	Weak Acid
	Harukichi Togoro	1,030	3.1	"	17,000	"
	Kinsaku Inomata	1,029	3.3	"	15,000	"
	Mitsuru Senba	1,028	3.0	"	18,000	"
	Gihei Kimura	1,030	3.0	2.21	16,000	"
	Eiichiro Tomita	1,030	3.1		"	"
	Fudesaburo Eda	1,031	310		19,000	"
	Togo Kashiwa	1,029	3.2		17,000	"
	Shizu Ebisawa	1,032	3.5		16,000	"
	Giichiro Tamura	1,031	3.1		19,000	"
	Suekichi Matsunaga	1,030	3.2		18,000	"
	Takehei Fujita	1,031	3.1		17,000	"
Itako	Tomejiro Sakai	1,029	3.0	2.14	10,000	Weak Acid
Hokota	Tomizo Kurihara	1,034	3.2	2.24	12,000	"

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Kota	Seikichi Hariya	1,029	3.1	2.14	2,000	Weak Acid
	Shiro Inuzuka	1,028	"	"	22,000	"
Omiya	Mitsuo Tagano	1,030	"	2.6	10,000	"
	Shiro Tomita	1,031	"		11,000	"
	Sachiro Sagawa	1,029	3.0		12,000	"
	Yoshinori Komuro	1,030	"	2.12	10,000	"
	Keiji Imai	1,029	"	2.12	"	"
	Susumu Igarashi	"	"	2.13	"	"
Ryugasaki	Toshio Makiyama	1,030	3.4	2.27	2,000	"
	Genji Okada	"	3.1	"	2,000	"

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LIAISON SECTION
CHIBA PREFECTURAL GOVERNMENT

Mar. 17, 1951

To : Chief, Kanto Civil Affairs Region.

Attn: Public Health Section.

Thru: Kanto Liaison & Coordination Office.

From: Chief, Livestock Section,
Chiba Pref. Gov't.

Subj: Report on examination of bovine
T.B. diseases.

The regular T.B. examination for cattle for 1950 had been postponed owing to the prevailing of bovine influenza, however it was carried out as from Feb. 12 as follows:

Gun or city	Town or village	Date of vaccination	Date of decision	Towns or villages involved
Isumi-gun	Choja-machi	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	Nakane-mura
	Ohara-machi	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Tokai-mura
	Namihana-mura	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	
	Fuse-mura	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	
	Higashi-mura	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Nakagawa-mura
	Chimachi-mura	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	Furusawa-mura Mizusawa-mura
	Kuniyoshi-machi	Feb.12	Feb. 15	
	Otaki-machi	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	Kamitaki-mura
	Fusano-mura	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	Ueno-mura, Katsuura-machi Okitsu-machi.

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Isumi-gun	Fusamoto-mura	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	
	Nishihata "	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	
	Oikawa- "	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	
Kimitsu-gun.	Mishima-mura	Feb. 12	Feb. 15	
	Akimoto- "	Feb. 13	Feb. 16	
	Koito "	Feb. 14	Feb. 17	Naka-mura Kamatari-mura
	Hiraoka- "	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	Nakagawa-mura
	Makita- "	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Tomioka-mura
	Obitsu-mura	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	Kururi-machi
	Tamaki-mura	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	
	Sekitoyo-mura	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	
	Tenjinyama-mura	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	
	Minato-machi	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	
	Kanaya-mura	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Takeoka-mura
	Onuki-machi	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	
	Sanuki-machi	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	Sunami-mura
	Aohori-machi	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Iino-mura Tomitsu-machi
Kisarazu-shi		Feb. 21	Feb. 24	
Kimitsu-gun	Matsuoka-mura	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Kameoka-mura
	Kimits-machi	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	Sadamoto-mura
	Showa-machi	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Kaneda-mura
	Negata-mura	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Nakago-mura
	Nagaura-mura	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	

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Chosei-gun	Tsuchimutsu-mura	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	
	Ichinomiya-machi	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Torami-mura Taito-mura.
	Hitotsumatsu-mura	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	
	Takane-mura	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	
	Mobara-machi	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Honno-machi, Hiyoshi-mura, Toyoda-mura, Toyosakae-mura & Togo-mura.
	Yatsumi-mura	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	
	Higashi-mura	Feb. 19	Feb. 22	Nishi-mura, Chonan-machi, Tsurue-mura.
	Nagae-mura	Feb. 20	Feb. 23	Minakami-mura Ninomiyahongo-mura, Niiharu-mura.
	Seki-mura	Feb. 21	Feb. 24	Togo-mura, Toyooka-mura
	Shirakata-machi	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Nabaki-mura
Sambu-gun	Mizuho-mura	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	Oami-machi, Fukuoka-mura, Shirasato-machi, Masu-ho-mura
	Yamato-mura	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Yamaoka-mura
	Chiyoda-mura	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	
	Futakawa-mura	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	Ofusa-mura
	Yokoshiba-machi	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Kamisakai-mura Hasunuma-mura
	Otomi-mura	Feb. 27.	Mar. 2	Toyooka-mura Nango-mura, Naruto-machi
	Katakai-machi	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	Masaki-mura Toyoumi-machi

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Sambu-gun	Kohei-mura	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	
	Togane-machi	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	
	Naruhama-mura	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	T.
	Hyuga-mura	Feb. 26	Mar. 1	Mutsuoka-mura
	Minamoto-mura	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	
	Tokei-machi	Feb. 28	Mar. 3	
Ichihara-gun	Goi-machi	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	Yawata-machi
	Anegasaki- "	Mar. 6	Mar. 9	
	Tokai -mura	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Chigusa-mura Kaijo-mura Ichihara-mura
	Toda-mura	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	Yoro-mura
	Ushiku-machi	Mar. 6	Mar. 9	
	Tsurumai-machi	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	Uchida-mura Haizo-mura
	Takataki-mura	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	
	Satomi-mura	Mar. 6	Mar. 9	Tomiyama-mura
	Shiratori-mura	Mar. 7	Mar. 10	
	Shito-mura	Mar. 5	Mar. 8	Urutsu-mura Kikuma-mura

For the Chief:

Signed by: Kazuo Kishiro

Kazuo Kishiro
Chief, Liaison Sect.,
Chiba Pref. Gov't.

Received
G.H.Q.
26. 3. 10
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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

671

Kanagawa Prefectural Government

KPGR.

Yokohama, 7 April 19 51

SUBJECT: CONCERNING THE OUTBREAK OF CATTLE'S ANTHREX.

TO: Chief, Kanto Civil Affairs Region,
Att'n: CMief, Pub/ic Health Section.

As we had an outbreak of Cattle's Anthrex in our Prefecture we beg to submit you a report concerned as follows:

Name of Disease:	Cattle's Anthrex
Kind of Animal:	Cattle
Species:	Improved Japanese species.
Sex:	Castrated
Age:	7 years
Color of hair:	Black
Date of onset:	Unknown
Date of death:	30 March 1951.
Date of decision:	31 March 1951.
Disposition:	Buried

Name & address of the Owner of Animal:

Magoshiro SUGANO,
No.449, Kishine 3-chome, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama.

Outline of outbreak and disposition.

According to the official report, the Owner of this cattle have exchanged his own cattle with a cattle of Mr Kichisuke, OSAKU, dealer of domestic animals, living at Haramachida, Machida 3-chome, Minami-Tama-Gun, Tokyo-To on 26th March and went home through Nagatsuta and Nakayama.next day. Until 29th he did not pay any attention although it was seen being a little unhealthy. In the morning of 30th left one third of food, however, he did not feel anything special. After he returned home from ohtside about 16.30 same day he found he sat down and was suffering from

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

Kanagawa Prefectural Government

Yokohama, ... *19* .....

pain, therefore, immediately he carried it to the Yokohama Central slaughter house.

Having a telephone report from the Central slaughter house that this cattle is suspected in Anthrex disease, we made a diagnisis and decided it is a positive. The dody was burned at once.

The bed straw, and floor were burnt, furthermore, the earth soiled with blood and earth inside of the stable, being digged off about 6 inches, was buried after complete desinfection in compliance with the Epidemic disease prevention Regulation.

For all the neighbor-hood there was made a strict desinfectionand also cattles and horses kept within 1,000 meters from the outbreak of disease were vaccinated all at once.

It is expected that a vaccination agaist Anthrex disease shall be made in all places of Kanagawa-ku and Kohoku-ku from 6th April 1951.

Yui Shirane,
Chief,
Liaison Division

Received
K.L.O.O.
26. 4. 10
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DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

COPY

HATSUEI, 60

31 March 1951

TO : Mayor of each City
Governor of each Prefecture

FROM : Vice-Minister of Welfare

SUBJECT: Exhaustive Enforcement of Rabies Control Measures

It is greatly appreciated that every possible effort has been made by local authorities, since the enforcement of the Rabies Prevention Law, to prevent rabies in accordance with this law. However, it is to be regretted from the point of view of public health and from the social point of view, the rabies which has hitherto been confined to the Kanto District has been extended to Hyogo Prefecture since last February, shows no signs to be stamped out.

It is requested that, on this occasion, special troubles will be taken, with the special attentions to the following matters, so as rapidly to realize satisfactory results in the prevention of the eradication and control of this disease.

1. Co-operation with the Police

As the acquisition of the cooperation of the police is of great importance in the powerful promotion of the measures against this disease, it is requested to have your prefectural (city) authorities in charge of the prevention of rabies the co-operative relationship with the police in the cases of exposures of offences, reporting of homeless dogs, reporting of the non-registered or non-vaccinated dogs and the dogs not kept on leashes in spite of the order.

INFORMATION COPY (P.H.)
DIST. BY P.H.S.S. GAS GHQ SCAP
APR 9 1951
Attn: Vet.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

them on leashes and warnings given thereon to their owners, assistance in catching dogs and others, and, thus, to be able to acquire cooperation under the constant close connection.

By the way, the request has been made on this case to the Inspector-general of National Rural Police Headquarters, as shown in the annexed paper (copy).

2. Detention of dogs

Since the clean sweep of numerous homeless dogs and dogs illegally kept which are the warm nursery of rabies, is of the first importance for the measures against this disease, efforts will be given to realize the minimum aim that at least 2 employees specialized in catching of dogs and 1 detention house within the area of 1 health center.

By the way, it is desirable that, hereafter, no detention house for dogs will be set up in the close of a health center, as far as practicable.

3. Order of keeping on a leash and restriction of movement

It is requested that, when the order of keeping on a leash has been given according to Article 10 of the Law or the prohibition or restriction of movement has been enforced according to Article 15 of the Law, they shall be carried out strictly.

On the prohibition of movement of dogs, the notification have been made by Welfare Ministry, EI 192, dated 19 December 1950, but you will refrain from too strict treatments exceeding the lives of Welfare Ministry, EI-HATSU No. 192, such as

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prohibiting not only the import of dogs but the export thereof in the areas where there has been no outbreak of rabies. On this measures, each of the Cabinet Order cities will strive for the consolidation thereof, with the close connection with the prefecture in which it is situated.

4. Exposure of Offences

Up to now, the cases of the application of Penalty Provisions of the offences against this law have been very few, but, hereafter, not only the guiding controls are carried out, but strict disciplne will be enforced at least on the malignant offenders, and the exposure enforcement will be strived for, under the full connection with the police and prosecution authorities.

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ANNEXED PAPER (COPY) March 31, 1951.

HATSU-EI No. 60

TO : Chief of National Rural Police Headquarters.

FROM : Vice-Minister of Welfare.

SUBJECT: Prevention against rabies.

In view of the state that recently the number of braking out of rabies grows so great and the damages caused by it so heavy, in order to accomplish and strengthen the system of prevention against rabies, Rabies Prevention Law (Law No. 247) was enacted on Aug. 26, 1950, and we do our best in preventing against rabies in accordance with the said Law since its enactment. But to our regret considerable cases of rabies broke out and it is feared that they are apt to spread throughout the country. So we notified to governors and mayors of all urban and local prefectures concerned as to the way to accomplish the measures for the prevention against rabies as shown in annexed paper this time.

As there are many sides in which smooth administration is hardly expected without the coordination of the police concerned as for the enforcement of the said law, we request you to take special care in denouncing the violation of the said law, and at the same time to notify all agencies under your jurisdiction and those concerned to cooperate closely in case you are asked by the authorities concerned who are in charge of the prevention against rabies as to notification about stray dogs, dogs not yet

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registered (dogs that have no licence), dogs not yet vaccinated (dogs that have no certificate of vaccination), and dogs not detained in spite of the order of detention, etc., and as to awakening attention of the keepers of dogs concerning these matters, and as to assistance in catching dogs, etc..

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#59

Day of inspection: 20 March 1951

Name of the hospital inspected: Shitaya Hospital

The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the following demerits were found to be unsatisfactory.

1. The torn screen should be repaired.

2. The rat control should be established completely, putting a sewage grating at the sump.

3. A hand washing facilities should be established to keep employees' hands clean always.

4. Utensils and containers broken should be improved.

5. The sanitary cupboard for tablewares should be established instead of one being utilized at present.

6. Containers for garbate are not proper ones and garbage is left alone in the sink, therefore, these should be improved.

7. There are cockroaches in the shelves and corners, which should be exterminated.

8. The general cleaning in the cooking room is not satisfactory and clogs, clothings and other things like dirty private things are left alone in the drawers of the cooking table and in the shelves. These should be taken away and carried out cleaning.

9. Provisions in the refrigerator (ice box) are piled up disorderly and duckboard made of bamboo is not cleaned enough and mold is growing. And other things like leftovers of bread and food broiled down are left alone without covering and sugar in the stovehouse is spilt on the floor and other materials are piled up disorderly.

10. Employee are not wearing caps though they have them, and have long and dirty nails and are lack of senses for cleanliness of body.

11. This hospital was scored 47.

#60

Day of inspection: 22 March 1951

Name of the hospital inspected: International Seibo Hospital

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The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the following demerits were found to be unsatisfactory.

1. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee in the cooking room.

2. To repair wooden spoon for rice.

3. Food supplying facilities at this hospital are establish rather properly and cleaning of facilities and employees' senses for cleanliness were satisfactory.

4. This hospital was scored 96.

#61

Day of inspection: 27 March 1951

Name of the hospital inspected: Juntendo Medical College Attached Hospital

The above mentioned hospital was inspected & the following demerits were found to be unsatisfactory.

1. There is no sewage grating at the sump. To repair an infesting hole of rats in the storehouse for rice and seasoning.

2. Lots of feces of rats are seen at corners in the cooking room often. Also feces of rats are scattered in the storehouse for rice and seasoning. A rat protection should be established completely.

3. Cleaning of corners in the cooking room and in the shelves is unsatisfactory and utensils which is copper-rusted are left alone on a bamboo blind utilizing for cover of provisions and various private things are thrown in the drawers of the cooking room with utensils. Ordering and cleaning are unsatisfactory.

4. Employee are smoking in the cooking room and having long nails (they have no sense for cleanliness).

5. This hospital was scored 73.

#62

Day of inspection: 27 March 1951

Name of the hospital inspected: Nippon Dental College the Second Hospital

The abovementioned hospital was inspected and the following demerits were found to be unsatisfactory.

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

1. To repair an infesting hole of rats at the corner in the cooking room and a fly control facilities on the rotating window has not yet been established. This should be established.

2. To repair and improve utensils and containers.

3. Food handling utensils are left alone at the corner in the shelf disorderly. These should be washed and put in the regular sanitary shelf after used.

4. There is no garbage container. The garbage are left alone on the drain board. To establish a garbage container.

5. Many cockroaches are seen at the corner in the shelf for provisions, which should be exterminated completely.

6. Cleaning of the shelf for table-wares and corners in the cooking room is unsatisfactory and dirty trousers, etc., are hung on around the boiler in the cooking room and also clothings and other various private things are seen in the drawer of the cooking board, which is not sanitary. Cleaning of tea cups, etc., is also unsatisfactory.

7. Employees are not wearing caps of which they put in the drawer and their nails are not clean.

8. This hospital was scored 59.

#63

Day of inspection: 27 March 1951

Name of the hospital inspected: The Tokyo Medical College Attached Hospital.

The abovementioned hospital was inspected and the following demerits were found to be unsatisfactory.

1. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee in the cooking room.

2. There are chips and joints on the cooking board, which retain dirt. These should be repaired filling up wood in the chinks or improved with none-oxydative metal sheets. Damaged utensils and containers also should be improved.

3. Garbage containers are improper, hard to clean and having no cover which show disposal of garbage is not satisfactory.

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4. Cleaning of corners in the cooking room, inside of shelfs for provisions and bamboo hurdle in a refrigerator, etc, is unsatisfactory.

5. Employees are not wearing caps, hairs are not clean, having hangnails and not sanitary.

6. There is a refrigerator and butter and other provisions are not kept in the refrigerator but left alone without covering. The refrigerator should be utilized at maximum as to preservation of provision after they are used.

7. This hospital was scored 71.

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Day of inspection: March 28, 1951

Name of hospitals inspected: Ito Hospital

#64

The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the followings were found to be unsatisfactory.

Note:

a. The cooking room is too narrow and is inconvenient to utilize.

b. Floor in this cooking room is boarded up and is not smooth, and is uneven and the one which is difficult to clean.

c. To repair the damaged part of a screen window of a shelf for provisions.

To establish a fly-control facilities at entrance.

Place for vegetables is as well as a storeroom and should be improved. Morever, the roof should be repaired due to a leak.

d. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee.

e. To repair the cooking table.

f. To improve utensils and containers broken.

g. A safekeeping place for tablewares and utensils is not suitable(putting private hinges),therefore it should be improved a sanitary one.

h. A refrigerator has been broken and is unable to use it at present, therefore this should be improved.

i. A bamboo basket or a small container are being used as garbage container and these should be changed a sanitary and complete one with cover.

j. There are cockroaches in a shelf which should be exterminated completly.

k. Generally cleaning of all facilities is unsatisfactory.

l. Employee have no detailed sanitary sense at all.

m. This hospital was scored 46.

#65

Date of inspection: March 28 1951

Name of hospital inspected: Showa Medical College attached hospital

The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the following were found to be unsatisfactory.

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Note:

a. To repair holes after steam fitting and establish a rat-control facilities at a sump in the cooking room.

b. To establish a gap of joint-board of the cooking table.

e. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee.

d. To repair utensils and containers.

e. There is no thermometer in a refrigerator and employee have not understood enough utilization as to preservation of provisions.

f. There was a trace of infestation of rats in the cooking room and there are cockroaches at the corner in a shelf. A rat-control and an insect control should be established perfectly.

g. Employee are lack of detailed sense for cleanliness and cleaning.

h. This hospital was scored 72.

66

Date of inspection: March 28, 1951

Name of hospital inspected: Keihin Hospital

The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the followings were found to be unsatisfactory:

Note:

a. The cooking rooms is too narrow.

b. Floor is boarded up and is difficult to clean. White paint painted on the board of wall has been fallen off and is soiled which makes cleaning difficult.

c. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee in the cooking room.

d. Utensils and container broken should be improved.

e. To repair of a gap of board of the cooking table.

f. To increase sanitary shelves for provisions. A sanitary safekeeping place for rice should be increased also

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g. There is no thermometer in a refrigerator and a utilizing method to preserve of provisions is not perfect.

h. Container for garbage is not suitable ones and are not covered. Labeoratory is not cleaned enough.

i. There are left-over bread etc. and various private things in a disorderly fashion in a shelf for provisions. Generally, facilities are not cleaned enough.

j. Employees' nails are not clean and are lacking in sanitary sense.

k. This hospital was scored 50

#67

Day of inspection: March 29, 1951

Name of hospital inspected Jyofuen Hospital

The above mentioned hospital was inspected and the followings were found to be unsatisfactory.

Note:

a. Ceiling in the cooking room is the one expose beams and one in the cooking room for vegetables and fishes is the one without cover, which makes cleaning difficult. Also ceiling in the cooking room for fish has been sooted which shoes cleaning is not perfect.

b. To repair a sump in the cooking room and an infesting hole of rats in a storehouse.

c. To establish a hand washing facilities for employee in the cooking room.

d. Shelves for table-ware are not in good order being put various private things and the cleaning is unsatisfactory and unsanitary.

e. Rats have been infesting in a storehouse for rice and feces of rats are scattered there. To establish a perfect rat-control facilities.

f. Some of employee was not wearing a white gown nor have sense for cleanliess.

g. This hospital was scored 77.

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68

Day of inspection: March 29, 1951

Name of hospital inspected: Musashino Sanatorium

The above metnioned hospital was inspected and the followings were found to be unsatisfactory.

Note:

a. To repair an infesting hole of rats at a store-room(rice and seasoning) in the cooking room.

b. To improve utensils and containers broken.

c. Rats have been infesting and the feces are scattered in a storehouse for rice.

To repair the damaged part of a screen door.

d. Some of employee had filthy nailes and have no sense for cleaniless in detail

e. This hospital was scored 80.

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P.

昭和26年3月30日

関東民事部公衆衛生課長殿

東京都衛生局公衆衛生課長

病院給食施設の食品衛生監視状況報告について

さきに御指示ありました標記の件につきましては下記病院別冊写の通りでありますから報告いたします.

記

1.	台東区下谷根岸町24	下谷病院
2.	新宿区下落合2の670	國際聖母病院
3.	文京区湯島2の9	順天堂医科大学附属病院
4.	文京区駒込千駄木町59	日本医科大学才二病院
5.	文京区湯島3の1	東京医科歯科大学附属病院
6.	品川区荏原小山町3の77	伊藤病院
7	品川区平塚町6の1016	昭和医科大学附属病院
8.	大田区蒲田北糀谷2119	京浜病院
9.	中野区江古田4の1702	浄風園病院
10.	中野区江古田3の1178	武蔵野病院

東京都 丁課用紙 (B4)

DECLASSIFIED E.O. 12065 SECTION 3-402/NNDG NO. 775 013

P.

調 査 復 命 書

1. 昭和26年3月28日 第1病棟において下記の者に対し手渡

公衆衛生課長

2. 命令者

食品衛生監視員

藤居藤一郎

3. 病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告いたします。

記

調査年月日	昭和26年3月28日
調査理由	病院給食施設の衛生監視
営業所名	病院
住所	台東区下谷根岸町

調査内容

記

1. 定期検便の結果は全員に異常を認めず、

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又排水孔にはロストルを取付けて常に防鼠設備を完全にしてあること。

2、従業員に手を常に清潔にさせるための専用手洗設備を設けること。

3、器具容器（包丁、シャモジ、ボール）などの破損してあるものは改善すること。

4、食器具類の保管棚を衛生的な作業室内に改善すること。

5、残滓物の容器が完全でなく且流し等に残滓物が放置されてある状態であるので完全に覆蓋のある容器に改め残滓物を放置しておかぬこと。

6、戸棚の中、又隅々に油虫がおるので油虫を退治すること。

7、調理場内の全般的清掃が不良であり、調理台の引出し戸棚の中に下駄、軟券被服其の他私物が汚れたそのまゝ放置してあり不潔である、早速取除き清掃を実施すること。

8、冷蔵庫内に納められてある食品は積重ねてあり且整理されておらず、魚の子など清掃不良で黴など発生してある、其の他食べ物の残物が覆蓋なく放置され

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ており、又倉庫内の砂糖は床にこぼれ他の原料も雑然とし整理されてないので整理し清掃すること。

9. 従業員は頭髪がおおてそせず、手の爪も短く切られておらず垢が少したまっており、調理場内の清掃感念、身体の清潔感念が乏しい。

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食品衛生監視票

＿＿＿＿＿＿＿＿保健所　食品衛生監視員名 藤居藤一郎

公衆衛生課長

獣医衛生係長

施設の監視 等級			住所	台東区北谷根岸町二四				
A（秀）	100～91		氏名	院長 坂口武雄 下谷病院				
B（優）	90～81							
C（良）	80～71							
D（可）	70～60							
不可	59～							

監視項目		月日 / 基準	3/20				
構造 (10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	0				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	0				
食品取扱設備 (15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	2				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	0				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	5				
給水及び処理汚物 (20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	0				
取扱方法 (40)	14 構内、獣畜の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	0				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	0				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	0				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者 (15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服裝	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
總計		100	47				
格付							

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調査復命書

昭和26年3月22日

社会衛生課長

小林彰厳

食品衛生監視員

[illegible]一郎

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します。

記

調査年月日	昭和26年3月22日
調査理由	病院給食施設の衛生監視
営業所名	国際聖母病院
住所	新宿区下落合2の670
調査内容	

記

1、調理場従業員の専用手洗設備を設けること。

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2、シヤマヂの補修をすること。

書命勧進帳

当病院給食施設は設備も大体整つており且施設の清掃従業員の清潔感念も良好であつた。

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食品衛生監視票

保健所　食品衛生監視員名 藤居藤一郎

公衆衛生課長

獣医衛生係長

施設の監視

等級		
A	(秀)	100~91
B	(優)	90~81
C	(良)	80~71
D	(可)	70~60
不	可	59~

	住所	新宿区下落合一ノ六ノ●
	氏名	国際聖母病院 院長エレナハース

監視項目		基準	月日 3/22				
構造(10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	2				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	0				
食品取扱設備(15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	2				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	2				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	5				
給水及び汚物処理(20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	10				
取扱方法(40)	14 構内、獣舎の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	10				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	10				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者(15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服装	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	5				
總計		100	96				
格付							

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P.

調査後命届

昭和26年3月27日

3、飲食営業の届出に関する件の左記の通り、保健衛生課長公衆衛生

公衆の衛生に関する法令に基く林彰殿

食品衛生監視員

藤居謙二郎

4、営業者についた衛生監視の病院給食施設の

つぎのとおり届出ます。

標記について衛生監視をしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します

記

調査年月日	昭和26年3月27日
調査理由	病院給食施設の衛生監視
営業所名	順天堂医科大学附属病院
住所	文京区湯島2の9
調査内容	

記

1、排水口にロストルが付けてない、又主食調味料倉庫内の鼠の進入口の補修をすること。

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2、調理場の隅々に鼠の糞が散乱あり、主食、調味料倉庫内には多数の鼠の糞が散乱しており防鼠設備を完全にする事。

3、調理場の隅々や棚の上など清掃が不充分であり、食品の覆蓋に用ひるスダレ類は緑青の発生せる器具を放置してあり、又調理台引出の中は器具と共に種々の私物を投込んであり整理、清掃不良である。

4、従業員は調理場内で喫煙しており又爪も短くしかつておらず細部についての清潔感念がない。

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食品衛生監視票

_____保健所　食品衛生監視員名 藤原藤一郎

公衆衛生課長
獣医衛生係長

施設の監視

等級
- A（秀） 100~91
- B（優） 90~81
- C（良） 80~71
- D（可） 70~60
- 不可 59~

監視項目		基準	月日 3/27				
住所			文京区湯島二ノ九				
氏名			順天堂医科大学附属順天堂医院 院長 有山登				
構造(10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	2				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	2				
食品取扱設備(15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	2				
	9 補修	2	2				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	2				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	5				
給水及び汚物処理(20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	10				
取扱方法(40)	14 構内、獣畜の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	0				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	0				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者(15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服裝	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
總計		100	93				
格付							

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P.

調査復命書

昭和26年3月27日

公衆衛生課長

小林彰殿

食品衛生監視員

主事 藤原藤一印

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をしたところ不言の通りであるから報告致します。

記

調査年月日　昭和26年3月27日

調査理由　病院給食施設の衛生監視

営業所名　日本医科大学付属病院

住所　文京区駒込千駄木町579

調査内容

記

一、調理場隅の流の進入口を修理すること、又回転窓の防蝿設備が出来てないので金網

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による防蠅設備をすること

2、器具容器の修理改善をすること。

3、食品取扱器具が棚の壁際に無雑作に置かれてあるがこれ等は一定の衛生的な棚などを設けり使用後は洗滌保管しておくこと。

4、殊洋容器が乏く殊洋が流し台に放置されておるので殊洋容器を置くこと、

5、食品戸棚の隅に油虫が多数おるので油虫を徹底的に退治すること。

6、調理場内の食器棚其の他隅々の清掃不良であり且調理場内ボイラ釜附近に汚れたズボン等をかけてあり、調理台引出の中にも衣類其の他種々雑多な荷物が入れてあり衛生的でない。

湯呑等の洗滌も不充分である、

7、従業員は頭痕ふかぶってもり出の中にまい込んであり爪も必ず清潔がない。

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食品衛生監視票

保健所　食品衛生監視員名 藤居藤一郎

公衆衛生課長
獣医衛生係長

施設の監視			住所	文京区駒込千駄木町十九
等級	A（秀）	100~91	氏名	日本医科大学第二病院
	B（優）	90~81		院長 行徳建卿
	C（良）	80~71		
	D（可）	70~60		
	不可	59~		

監視項目		月日 / 基準	3/27				
構造 (10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	0				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	2				
食品取扱設備 (15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	2				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	0				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	5				
給水及び汚物処理 (20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	0				
取扱方法 (40)	14 構内、厩舎の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	0				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	0				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者 (15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服装	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
總計		100	59				
格付							

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P.

小林彰殿

総務衛生課長

藤原藤一郎

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します

記

調査年月日　昭和26年3月29日

調査理由　病院給食施設の衛生監視

営業所名　東京医科歯科大学附属病院

住所　文京区湯島3の1

調査内容

記

1、従業員専用手洗設備を調理場内に設ける

こと。

（151）　規格B4　東京都

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2、調理台板の継合目に隙が出来て汚物が付着しているので継合目の隙間に埋木をして補修するか不飽化性金属板を以て改善すること。

3、又器具、容器（包丁、鍋、しゃもじ）などの破損したものを改善すること。

3、残滓物の容器が不完全な清掃し難い容器であり覆蓋もなく置かれてあり残滓物の処理も不充分である。

4、調理場の隅々、食品戸棚の中、冷蔵庫内箸の子、などの清掃が不充分である。

5、従業員は頭髪をせず整髪もなく、爪も短くきっておらず清潔的でない。

6、電気冷蔵庫がある様ですが、その他食品を冷蔵庫内収納に保管せず露出状態で放置してあるが使用後は食品の腐敗しない様冷蔵庫を最大に活用すること。

7、従業員の手に化膿性疾患の有無を検査すること。

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食品衛生監視票

_____保健所　食品衛生監視員名 藤尾藤一郎

公衆衛生課長

獣医衛生係長

施設の監視			住所	文京区湯島三ノ一				
等級	A（秀）	100~91	氏名	東京医科歯科大学附属病院長川島建吉				
	B（優）	90~81						
	C（良）	80~71						
	D（可）	70~60						
	不可	59~						

監視項目		月日 / 基準	3/27				
構造(10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	2				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	0				
食品取扱設備(15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	2				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	2				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	5				
給水及び処理汚物(20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	0				
取扱方法(40)	14 構内、獣舎の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	10				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	0				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者(15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服装	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
總計		100	71				
格付							

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調査復命書

昭和26年3月28日

公衆衛生課長

小林彰殿

食品衛生監理員

主事 藤原藤一郎

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をいたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します。

記

調査年月日	昭和26年3月28日
調査理由	病院給食施設の衛生監視
営業所名	伊藤病院
住所	品川区荏原小山町
調査内容	

記

1. 調理場は狭少で使用のに余り便利で無い

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2、調理場の床は板張で余り平滑でなく且所々に凹凸があり掃除し難い床面である。

3、食品棚網戸の破損ヶ所を修理すること、出入口の防蝿設備をすること、野菜置場が物置同様になつており野菜置場を改善すること、雨漏りがするので屋根を修理すること。

4、従業員専用の手洗設備を設けること。

5、調理台の補修をすること。

6、器具、容器（鍋、包丁）の悪質なものを改善すること。

7、食器具類の保管場所が適当でなく私物などへ入れてあり衛生的な食器具類の保管戸棚に改善すること。

8、冷蔵庫が現在破損しており使用出来ないので冷蔵庫を改善すること。

9、残滓容器が木又は小さな容器を使つておるが残滓容器は衛生的な覆蓋のある完全なものに取かえること。

10 油虫が戸棚の中におるので徹底的に駆除すること。

11、施設は全般的に清掃が不充分である。

12、従業員は細部に亘り衛生的な感念が全くない。

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食品衛生監視票

保健所　食品衛生監視員名 林原林一郎

公衆衛生課長

獣医衛生係長

施設の監視			住所	伊藤病院	品川区荏原小山町二ノ九				
等級	A（秀）	100~91	氏名	院長伊藤	尹				
	B（優）	90~81							
	C（良）	80~71							
	D（可）	70~60							
	不可	59~							

監視項目		月日 / 基準	3/28				
構造(10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	0				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	0				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	0				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	0				
食品取扱設備(15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	0				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	0				
	11 適当な温度及び壓力の調節設備	5	0				
給水及び汚物処理(20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物處理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	0				
取扱方法(40)	14 構内、獣畜の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	0				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	0				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯藏	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯藏の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者(15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服装	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
總計		100	46				
格付							

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昭和26年3月28日

公衆衛生課長

小林 彰殿

食品衛生監視員

主事 藤原勝一郎

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します

記

調査年月日	昭和26年3月28日
調査理由	病院給食施設の衛生監視
営業所名	昭和医科大学附属病院
住所	品川区平塚町6の1016
調査内容	

記

1、調理場内排水口、配管工事せる後の穴の補修並び防虫設備を完備すること、

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2. 従業員専用手洗設備を設けること。

3. 調理台の洗浄殺菌設備を補修すること。

4. 器具容器の補修をすること。

5. 冷蔵庫内に温度計がなく食品の保存についての利用が完全に従業員の者に至っていない。

6. 調理場内には鼠の進入形跡あり油虫などもいて、戸棚の隅々にあり防鼠防虫を徹底すること。

7. 従業員の細部についての清掃清潔感念が足りない。

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食品衛生監視票

_____保健所　食品衛生監視員名 [illegible]

公衆衛生課長

獣医衛生係長

施設の監視			住所	品川区平塚町大八〇八				
等級	A（秀）	100~91	氏名	昭和医科大学附属病院				
	B（優）	90~81		院長上條秀介				
	C（良）	80~71						
	D（可）	70~60						
	不可	59~						

監視項目		月日 / 基準	3/21				
構造 (10)	1 場所、大きさ使用に適した構造	2	2				
	2 掃除しやすい床、壁、天井及び採光通風	2	2				
	3 そ族、こん虫の防ぎょ施設及補修	2	0				
	4 周囲の勾配、排水及び掃除の難易	2	2				
	5 使用に便利で適当な洗じょう設備	2	0				
食品取扱設備 (15)	6 目的に應じた十分な大きさ及び数	2	2				
	7 動かし難い設備の適当な配置	2	2				
	8 容易に掃除できる構造	2	0				
	9 補修	2	0				
	10 可動施設としての衛生的な貯蔵設備	2	2				
	11 適当な温度及び圧力の調節設備	5	0				
給水及び処理汚物 (20)	12 使用に便利で且つ安全な給水設備	10	10				
	13 汚物処理の設備及び便所の清潔	10	10				
取扱方法 (40)	14 構内、厨舎の清潔及びそ族こん虫の有無	10	0				
	15 施設の清潔及び衛生	10	10				
	16 食品の衛生的取扱及び貯蔵	10	10				
	17 食品の加工及び貯蔵の温度	10	10				
食品取扱者 (15)	18 従業者の健康	5	5				
	19 従業者の服装	5	5				
	20 従業者の清潔	5	0				
総計		100	72				
格付							

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調　査　後　命　書

昭和26年3月28日

公衆衛生課長

小　林　彰　殿

食品衛生監視員

主事　藤居藤一郎

病院給食施設の衛生監視について

標記について衛生監視をいたしたところ下記の通りでありますから報告致します。

記

調査年月日　昭和26年3月28日

調査理由　病院給食施設の衛生監視について

営業所名称　京浜病院

住所　大田区蒲田北糀谷2119

調査内容

記

1、調理場は狭少である。

2、床は板張りで掃除しやすいそのではなく、硬面

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の板張に塗装した白ペンキも剥れてきて且油染みて掃除し難い状態である。

3、調理場従業員専用手洗設備を設けること

4、器具、容器の破損したものは改善すること。

5、調理台の板の隙間などの補修をすること。

6、食品戸棚の衛生的戸棚を増設すること。
生食保管場所も増設し衛生的なものとすること。

7、冷蔵庫の温度計はなく冷蔵庫内に食品を保存する利用方法が徹底してない。

8、貯蔵容器が完全なものでなく且覆蓋がしてない
便所の掃除も不充分である。

9、食品戸棚は残された食パン等が無雑作におかれ且私物等が種々入れてあり乱雑である
全般的に施設の掃除がよくない。

10、従業員は服装清潔にされておらず、細部について
衛生的清潔感念が足りない。