LATEST DATES

New York	mar 23	Liverpool	feb 24
Boston	march 26	London	feb 23
Philadelphia	march 24	Bordeaux	jan 31
Washington	march 23	Paris	feb 21
Baltimore	march 24	Madrid	jan 31
Charleston	mar 23	Cadiz	jan 31
Mobile	jan 12	Havana	mar 12
Pensacola	dec 30	Houston	mar 10
Vera Cruz	feb 1		

COMMERCIAL.

REMARKS

In our last remarks we noticed that there had been a change in business for the better, and that a further improvement was looked for; that however has not been realized as yet, for business has been this week, dull as ever, this is attributed by some to the Races which attracts the Western Merchants who are here; the rain may have its effect on the dealers in dry goods—hardware and groceries—scarcity of money, and the high rates of Exchange has an influence on all articles for shipment.

All accounts being at a good stage of water, western produce of all description is coming forward freely with which a slight decline in the prices of some articles.

Money continues scarce, the Banks are discounting but little and what is done is principally business paper, the cause assigned for the limited discounts is the war of good notes, confidence being so much impaired by bank failures, all to present unobtrusional notes.

Specie continues all the same as last week, likewise U S Bank Notes, the discount on Mississippi, Mobile and Tennessee Money is unchanged, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana & Illinois we quote at 1½ to 1 per cent prem. Treasury Notes 4 to par cent prem.

Exchange was assigned for London 16 a 11 per cent, on N York—high 5 per cent prem.

The weather continues warm and pleasant. The Levee presents a very different appearance to what it has done for months back; there has not been so small a number of vessels in port for years at this season.

In our remarks last week we noticed that advices had been received to Feb. 1st from Liverpool, and to January 31st from Havre, we have since received account from Liverpool to the 20th Feb, and 15th from Havre. The accounts from Liverpool notice a decline in cotton since the 9th of 12 per lb—dates of the 20th state there had been an advance since, of ½d. The market is represented at that time to be more firm, and steady, together with a better demand.

At Havre the market on the 7th appears to have been unsettled, and sales limited at a reduction in some instances of 1a2c per 1 kilo from previous rates, and accounts of the 31st January noticed a decline during the month of from 2 to 3 centimes, per 1 kilo—from the advices of the 15th, we discover that the sale continued limited, irregular prices, and the advantage in favor of the buyers.

COTTON—Since our last review of the market the sales amount to 10,000 bales of all kinds and at very irregular prices, a decline of 1½c per lb, has been submitted to from the high sales of last week although we do not alter our quotations, the stock on sale, in first hands being so very small.

Up to Tuesday last very little was done. On that day 1 sold 250 bales of Mississippi & Louisiana was made to Eng. Agent a 10½c round, of Liverpool middling, which represents the way for average transactions, and a fair one on Tennessee and North Alabama at from 6 a 9½c, extremes, for the want of Miss. and Louisiana.

There is a larger quantity of Cotton on hand for shipment to Europe, belonging to the Mississippi Banks as soon as vessels arrive to receive it, which (if it must be sacrificed) from a portion of them sold in Liverpool on the 23d February, (reported at 7d per lb for fair) will make a large loss at our now going freights.

We quote Miss and La. 7a13½; fair 10. North Alabama Tennessee 6a9½ fair 11.

The Exports are 122,228 bales against 37,9922 to the same period last season, making an excess of 42,314 bales—they something like this:

	BALES	
Excess to British Ports	78,073	
Short to French Ports	20,549	
North of Europe,	457	
Other Foreign Ports,	4,453	
		35,459
Excess to Foreign Ports		43,614
Stock Consumed,		1,300
		44,914

The accounts we should add what has been ship Last Mission, apparently without clearing at this port, which bales amounts to about from 12 to 15,000 bales.

A very small proportion of Tennessee and North Alabama has yet been received.

TOBACCO—The high rate of freights still continues to tip rate against transactions in this article to any great extent, there has been some sale during the week—and to the full extent of our quotations for good, and something over for very fine, some of very common crossed have been made under our quotations.

SUGAR—A fair demand still exists, and prices maintained—for good 6½a6½c per lb inferior 5a6.

MOLASSES—There is a good demand and ready sales at our quotations.

FLOUR—Large receipts has caused a decline in price to $6,50a6,62½ per bbl, the latter price can only be obtained for small parcels, the dull $6,50 for any quantity.

CORN—We do not find any change from the previous week, we quote 55 a 56c per bush, there is now one, the lowest part of the week at 50c, however to below the market price, we hear of no having been offered at 54c, but our quotations, is the generally asking and selling prices.

PROVISIONS—There has been a decline in some articles, for prime we refer to sales.

WHISKEY—Common is very scarce, and will go higher, good or Rectified, which is dull at our quotations of 28 a 29c, the latter price can only be obtained for small quantity.

COFFEE—There has been a very fair demand throughout the week at our quotations, and sales to a fair extent have been effected.

LIME—There is more of this article now afloat, we have to quote same to $1,50 a 1,75 per bbl.

FREIGHTS—The rates have advanced this week 1/4 to 1/2 cent, 3/4 a 7/8c for Havre, coastwise in fair demand. The rates quoted are readily obtained, every brick vessels are taken up soon after arrival and before he is fairly discharged.

There are now 19 ships, and 3 barks loading for Liverpool—2 ships for Havre and 1 for New York (Packet) 1 barque 13 others in Port discharging, all engaged, (2 of which arrived yesterday) they can now be readily obtained at the present quoted rates.

NEW ORLEANS PRICES CURRENT

		$	C
Cotton.—Good & Fine	per lb	0 12	0 13
Good Fair	do	0 10½	0 11
Fair	do	0 9½	0 9¾
Middling	do	0 9	0 9½
Ordinary	do	0 6	0 7½
Tobacco.—First quality	do	0 6	0 7½
Second	do	0 4½	0 5
Cross-ended	do	0 3½	0 4
Cuba	do	0 22	0 28
Sugar.—New Orleans	do	0 6½	0 6½
Cuba—White	do	0 12½	0 13
Brown	do	0 8	0 9½
Molasses	per gal	0 30	0 31
Bagging.—Western	per yd	0 22	0 23
Domestic	do	0 30	0 32
Cable Rope	per lb	0 8	0 10
Coal Western	per bbl	65	0 70
Liverpool	do	1 25	1 50
Scotch	do		
Candles.—Sperm, N Bedford	per lb	0 35	0 36
" Nantucket	do	0 33	0 34
" Tallow	do	0 15½	0 16½
Coffee.—Cuba	per lb	0 10½	0 12½
Rio	do	0 10	0 00
St Domingo	do	0 10½	0 11
Flour	per bbl	6 50	6 62½
Fruit.—Raisins	per bbl	2 00	2 50
"	half box		
"	qr box		
Almonds, soft shell	per lb	0 13	0 15
" hard do	do	0 7	0 8
Fish.—Cod	per box	1 00	1 25
Herring, per box		0 75	0 87½
(D Salt	per bl	0 00	0 00
(Pickled	do	0 00	0 00
Mackerel, No 1	per bbl	12 50	13 00
" No 2	do	9 50	10 00
" No 3	do	6 50	7 00
Grain—Corn in store	per bbl	0 78	0 87
" shelled	per bush	0 58	0 60
Oats—per bush		0 40	0 45
Beans	per bbl	3 50	4 00
Hay	per 100 lb	0 87	1 00
Hides La A Mex	per lb	0 8	0 9
Mexican	do	0 9	0 10
Lead—Dig	per lb	0 4½	0 5
Bar	per lb		7½
Lime—Western	per bbl	0 55	
Thomastown	per bbl	1 50	1 75
Provisions:			
Beef—Mess	per bbl	16 00	18 50
Prime	do	12 00	13 50
Pork—Clear	do	18 00	00 00
Mess	do	16 25	16 25
Prime	do	11 00	11 25
Hams—smoked	do	0 09	0 09
Shoulders	do	0 10	0 10½
Hog round	do	0 00	0 00
Lard—Western	do	0 8	0 8
Tierces Northern	do	0 8	0 8
Kegs Western	do	0 7½	0 7½
Kegs Northern	do	0 7½	0 7½
Butter—Western	do	0 28	0 30
Northern	do	0 12	0 14
Cheese—Western	per lb	0 4 25	4 50
Northern	per box	2 12½	
Soap No 1	per box	2 00	0 8
Rosin No 1	per sack	2 12½	2 25
Tar	per bbl	2 87½	2 00
Pitch	per bush	0 25	0 30
Spirits—Turpentine			
Brandy—French, 4th pr	per gal	1 87½	1 62½
American, 1st proof		48	0 50
New Orleans, 1st proof		40	0 40
Scotch		1 50	2 00
Jamaica			0 46
Gin—Holland		1 25	1 35
American		53	55
Whiskey—Common		29	30
Rectified		28	29

FREIGHTS.

Cotton, Liverpool	7/16d
Cotton, Channel Ports	3/4a7/8
Cotton, Havre	per lb—1c
Sugar—per hhds from the coast	86 a 9
Sugar—from the city	87 a 8
Tobacco per hhd	8/12a15

SPECIE.

Doubloons	6 a 7 per ct prem
Doubloons—Spanish	$17,75
Mexican	16,75
American Gold	6 a 8 per Ct prm
Sovereigns	$5,17a5,18

EXPORTS OF COTTON.

Since October 1, 1837.

CLEARED FOR	This week.	Prev. weekly.	Total.	BALES Last season.
Liverpool	1821	857	37799	190[illegible]
Greenock and Glasgow	2047	7238	9967	12451
Other British Ports				1180
Total to British Ports	3868	8095	47766	203631
Havre	5806	61314	67120	88746
Bordeaux		3073	3073	2740
Marseilles		2017	2047	7713
Other French Ports		2157	2157	4785
Total to French Ports	5806	67591	73397	103984
North of Europe	586	5016	5578	6089
Forward to market				
Other Foreign Ports	511	4106	4617	9070
Total for Foreign Ports	15136	84815	138658	322804
Boston	1851	20450	22301	27916
Other Eastern Ports	450	2758	3208	10299
New York	1234	22966	24199	14591
Philadelphia	481	2719	3128	3476
Other Ports of U. S.	844	2587	3771	1608
Total for Ports U. S	4860	51397	95667	56897
Total	20236	302202	472325	379698

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO,

Since October 1, 1837.

CLEARED FOR	Hhds This week.	Hhds Prev. weekly.	Hhds Total.	Hhds Last season.
Liverpool	...	740	740	319
Greenock and Glasgow	...	...	...	...
Other British Ports	...	...	...	...
Total for British Ports	...	740	740	319
Havre	43	60	143	486
Bordeaux	...	...	...	...
Marseilles	...	98	98	60
Other French Ports	...	...	...	10
Total for French Ports	83	154	237	566
North of Europe	...	411	411	1108
Cowes and a Market	...	...	...	449
Other Foreign Ports	15	912	927	1622
Total for Foreign Ports	98	2217	2315	3945
Boston	...	326	326	756
Other Eastern Ports	...	8	8	...
New York	...	3678	3678	1723
Philadelphia	...	369	369	497
Other Ports, U. S.	126	139	265	497
Total for Ports U. S	126	4522	4853	3529
Total	224	6949	7173	7475

BANK NOTES.

U S Bank	3a3½ per ct, prem
Mobile	½a1 per ct dis
Mississippi	2a2½ "
Kentucky	1a2 "
Ohio	Par.
Indiana	Par.
Illinois	Par.
Tennessee	Par.
Treasury Notes	4½a5 per ct pm

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

Sales of Stock

NEW YORK, March 22.

50 shares of U S Bank,		115
50 do do	do	115
35 do do	do	115
50 do do	do	115
40 do do	do	115
100 do do	do	115
50 do do	do	115½
50 do do	do	115
50 do do	do	115
50 do do	do	115
100 do New Orleans Gas Co		87½
50 do do	do	88

Stocks—Amer can gold, & c 1½2 prem. Sales of 35 Patriot doubloons at $15,75 each.

Treasury—Notes—Sales of $230 five per cent notes at 4 prem.

NEW YORK, March 23.

COTTON TRADE.

To day unwarns of 14 vessels arrived in our waters (mostly with cotton. This increase of our stock will not benefit the trade. The market is a falling one and such a sight as came in to day, will only tend to depress it still further. We may look upon this large importation as one of the results flowing from the disordered state of the exchanges. Merchants have invested their funds in cotton, in preference to paying the rates in vogue last winter. Such being the case, even in part, the great majority of this which has arrived will be forced into the market. We have nothing new to record to day.

No news from the South by this morning's mail.

SAVANNAH, March 25.

Cotton—Arrived—since the 16th inst 7527 bales Upland, and 192 bales Sea Island, and cleared at the same time, 4022 bales Upland, 90 bales Sea Island, and leaving a stock on hand inclusive of all on shipboard not cleared on the 23d inst of 36266 bales Upland and 1860 bales Sea Island. There is now no vessel in port taking freight for Liverpool, but the circumstance and the high rates paid to fill those which are loading does not appear to have influenced the demand for cotton, during the week the sales of Upland being 9140 bales at an improvement of 1 cent per lb—at a range of from 7½ to 11½.

BALTIMORE, March 23.

Coffee—Arrived on Wednesday 330 bags new crop Rio was sold at 10½ a 12 cents. Several hundred bags good ordinary Porto Rico have been taken at 11a12½ cents—the description is scarce and in demand.

Cotton—The market is still dull and prices have declined a shade. We note sales of Louisiana at 11½ a 12 cents.

Flour—Market are not brisk, but holders show no disposition to reduce prices. We quote No 3 at $6,75, and No 2 at $7,50 a 8,50. Eastern Herriage at which there is a fair supply in the market, are held at $2,25 a $2,50 per bbl. The receipts of the week comprise 2,500 bbls and 30 half bbls Herriage.

FLOUR—

Howard Street Flour—The sales from stores are making at $6,75, although some holders ask an eighth more. The wagon price is steady at $7,50.

City Mills Flour—Sales early in the week at $7,75, full. The same rate is asked to day.

Molasses—At auction on Tuesday there were sold 21 casks Porto Rico at 24½ a 26½ cents, 300 bbls new crop Matanzas at 22 a 32½ cents, and 1bbl Martinique at 20 a 25 cents. On Wednesday 281 hhds New Orleans were sold at 37 cents; 56 tierces at 23½ cents and 49 bbls at 37 cents. To day 42 hhds Matanzas, inclusive of Spanish cargo, were offered, and part sold at 32 cents.

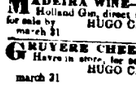
Provisions—We make no change in the prices of Beef and Pork. Western Bacon continues very dull. We notice sales of Assorted at Sentison time, at half a cent less than auction under. Very superior lots have been sold at 8½ cents but is very difficult to realize over 8 cents. Sales of Western Lard are still confined to small lots. The stock of both Bacon and Lard is large. The inspections of the week comprise 190 bbls and 2 half bbls Beef, 249 bbls Pork; 149 kegs Lard and 95 kegs Lard.

Sugars—The auction sales this week have been large. On Tuesday the cargo of schr Providence, from Porto Rico, consisting of 100 hhds and 45 bbls was sold at $,10 a $,15 for hhds and $7,35 a $7,40 for bbls; on Thursday the cargo of the brigs Nelson, Clark and Mary, from New Orleans, consisting of 356 hhds were sold at $6,65 a $7,50; and today 63 hhds and 124 bbls cargo of schooner Merchant, from Porto Rico, were sold at $6,50 a $6,70.

Tobacco—Maryland Tobacco begins to come in.—The receipts are mostly of new crop, and as the better qualities are much wanted all that has reached the market had readily sold at $4,50 a $6,50. A few bids of superior quality sold at $9. Common Maryland is not in demand at present. Some parcels of Ohio which have been kept back for a few months, were put in the market this week and about 200 hhds sold at $6 a $10. These prices are believed to be fully 25 a 50 cents more than the highest rates obtained last Fall. At auction today 31 hhds Kentucky, new crop wrappery were sold at $5,25 a $11. The inspections of the week comprise 236 hhds Maryland, 15 hhds Ohio, 275 hhds Kentucky, and 14 hhds Virginia—total 568 hhds.

Whiskey—The market is dull and but little doing. Supplies from the Susquehanna are looked for. We quote hhds at 31 a 32 cents, and bbls from stores at 33a 34 cents. The wagon price of bbls continues at 28 cents, exclusive of the barrel. The inspections of the week comprise 125 bbls and 453 barrels of which 11 bbls and 10 bbls were from the Susquehanna.

FOR LITTLE ROCK, Fort Gibson, and all intermediate landings.



The very light draft steam boat ITASCA, A. McKinney master, will leave for the above ports, on 25th This Day—at 6 o'clock M. For freight or passage, apply to

PIERCE SHANNON & BRO.
57 Magazine st.
mar 31

For Louisville, Cincinnati and Pittsburg

The new and splendid super cabin steamboat Tribune, Jas Boyd, master, having most of her cargo engaged, will leave for the above and intermediate landings, on Tuesday, 3d April, at 10 o'clock, A. M. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply on board opposite Poydras street or to

PIERCE SHANNON & BROTHER,
57 Magazine st.
march 31

DUCHICHA PACKET.

For Monroe, Harrisburg, Sicily Island, &c.

The fast running steamboat New Albany, Wm Young, master, will leave as above, on Monday, the 2d April, at 4. P. M.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply on board, or to

PIERCE SHANNON & BROTHER,
mar 31 57 Magazine st.

FOR HAVANA

The fine and fast sailing copper and copper fastened brig INCA, has part of her cargo engaged and will have immediate despatch for freight or passage, apply on board or to

J. PRATS & SON.
march 21

FOR NEW YORK

The fine packet brig FRANCES ASHLEY Clark Ashley, will have prompt despatch. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to

KIDDER & READ,
24 Poydras st
mar 22

☞ NOTICE—The ship RICHMOND, Captain Winship from Havre, a discharging opposite the Orleans Cotton Press. Consignees will please take out their permits and attend to the receipt of their goods.

march 21 LEVI H GALE, 22 Common st.

WHITE AND BROWN SUGAR—122 boxes brown and white Havana Sugar, landing per brig Frances Ashley and for sale by

march 21 J PRATS & SON, 19 Old Levee.

SILKS, &c—Control Silk, cheap Prints & Shirtings, with a variety of goods, suitable for country trade, just received and for sale by

march 21 THOS. W. SMITH, 48 Conti st.

FLOUR—900 barrels Flour, landing from flatboat and for sale by

PIERCE SHANNON & CO.
57 Magazine st
march 21

OATS—1000 sacks Oats, landing from flatboat and for sale by

PIERCE SHANNON & CO.
57 Magazine st
march 21

BACON—25 casks Hams, 12 do shoulders and 25 do Bacon, landing from steamboat Conqueror, and for sale by

PIERCE SHANNON & BROTHER,
57 Magazine st.
march 21

BALE ROPE AND BAGGING—100 coils Rope, 100 pieces Bagging, landing from steamer Conqueror and for sale by

PIERCE SHANNON & BROTHER,
57 Magazine st
march 13

MOLASSES BARRELS—500 empty Molasses Barrels, landing from steamboat Tribune, and for sale by

PIERCE SHANNON & BROTHER,
57 Magazine st.
march 21

NUTMEGS—Very freshest superior quality, lately received from Amsterdam, in store, for sale by

HUGO C. GILDEMEESTER,
45 Bienville st.
march 21

PEARL BARLEY—Very fresh, in store, for sale by HUGO C GILDEMEESTER,
45 Bienville st.
march 21

SELTZER WATER—Very fresh and warranted genuine, in barrels at 25 cents, for sale by

HUGO C. GILDEMEESTER,
45 Bienville st.
march 21

CHECKS ON CINCINNATI—Checks at sight on the Franklin Bank of Cincinnati, for sale by

YORKE BROTHERS, 65 Campst.
march 21

FLOUR—300 bbls in store, for sale by

G DORSEY, 44 New Levee.
mar 31

CANVASSED HAMS—A few bbls superior quality for sale by

G. DORSEY, 44 New Levee.
march 21

MADEIRA WINE—Old Irish Whiskey, also Holland Gin, direct from Amsterdam in store, for sale by HUGO C. GILDEMEESTER,
45 Bienville st.
march 21

GRUYERE CHEESE—Just received from Havre in store, for sale by

HUGO C. GILDEMEESTER,
45 Bienville st.
march 21

THE BEE.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY J. BAYON,

PRINTER TO THE SENATE, GENERAL COUNCIL, AND TO THE FIRST AND THIRD MUNICIPALITIES.

NEW ORLEANS:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 31, 1838.

FOR GOVERNOR,

A. B. ROMAN.

Extract from the Journal of the Senate of the 6th Feb 1838.

Resolved, That the Senate of the State of Louisiana disapproves of the general course of the administration of the law executive, A. B. Roman; and that he carries with him in his retirement from office the grateful remembrance of the members of the legislature.

Resolved, That the President of the Senate be requested to send a copy of this resolution to Mr. Roman.

Extract from the Journal of the House, of the 3d Feb, 1838.

Resolved by the House of Representatives of the state of Louisiana, that the administration of the government of the state, by the late governor, A. B. Roman, has been marked by wisdom, firmness, and a judicious and unwearied zeal for the public service; that in the execution of the laws, no bias exhibited fidelity, and in the numerous and important appointments it has fallen to his lot to make, he has manifested impartiality, and a single regard to the true interests of the state; and that he retires with the full and entire approbation of this House for his official conduct, and with their personal esteem and regard.

Resolved, That the Speaker of this House transmit to the late Governor Roman a copy of these resolutions.

Representative, 1st District, to Congress,
JOHN SLIDELL.

FOR THE SENATE OF LOUISIANA.
ALBERT ROA.

RECORDER OF THE FIRST MUNICIPALITY:
PAUL BERTUS.

RECORDER OF THE THIRD MUNICIPALITY:
J. R. BERTRAND.

☞ Mr CHARLES GENOIS, will be supported at the next election of Mayor of the city of New Orleans, by a large number of voters of the three Municipalities.

Communicated.

L. U. GAIENNIE, will be supported at the next election for the office of MAYOR, by the independent voters of the three Municipalities.

Mr Editor—Have the kindness to announce, in the name of a large number of citizens, land holders of the third municipality, that they will sustain Col CHS. CUVELLIER, as Recorder for the said Municipality.

☞ We are authorized to state that the name of Mr. P. Deverges was placed upon the Committee of Vigilance for Mr. Gaennie's election without his consent. He was not present at the meeting to the Arcada.

☞ The shallow subterfuges of the Advertiser will not avail him—he has failed most lamentably in proving his charge of "impure motives" and has not even attempted to reply to the strongest part of our argument. His first article contained something like reasoning, and was answered, but the present effort is a mere tissue of unsubstantiated assertions, and does not merit a response. He asks if we are fit to instruct him. We declare we are qualified to instruct him in decency at least, though we much fear the attempt to render him courteous would be indeed vain, for in default of reason he seems to rely upon effrontery as his main stay. Our contemporary doubts whether the importance given to the abolition question does not tend to do more harm than good. Now this harmonizes exactly with whig policy. He would question's we wish to stifle the press on this as upon other topics implicating the conduct of his party. He is very reasonably averse to our noticing the progress of abolition, inasmuch as in tracing its onward march, we are compelled to associate with the support of its principles the names of certain great redoubted whigs whom he holds in special reverence. With this single remark we are content to take our farewell of the Advertiser. Let him extricate himself from his blunders as he best may.

THE ELECTIONS.

On Monday next, Elections for Municipal Officers take place, from the highest functionary, the Mayor, to the Alderman of the fourth ward of the third municipality. The candidates for these various offices are now before the people—we trust they will make judicious selections.

As many persons imagine that the elections continue during three successive days, and may therefore by not voting at once, lose the opportunity of giving their suffrage, we take this opportunity to state that the voting begins at 9 o'clock on Monday morning and ceases at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, immediately after which the votes are counted.

The following are the places where the elections in the three municipalities will be held:

FIRST MUNICIPALITY.

First Ward—At Richardson's Coffee House, Conti street.

Second Ward—At the City Coffee House, corner St Peter and Chartres streets.

Third Ward—At the Orleans Ball Room Coffee House, Orleans street.

Fourth Ward—At Mr Sauvolet's, Hospital street.

Fifth Ward—At Bowman's, Old Basin.

SECOND MUNICIPALITY.

First Ward—At Bank's Arcade, corner Gravier and Magazine st.

Second Ward—At the Municipal Hall, corner of St Charles and Hevia streets.

Third Ward—At Mr Daniel McCawley's, corner of Hunter street and New Levee.

THIRD MUNICIPALITY.

First Ward—At Mr Philip Power, corner of Levee and Elysian Fields streets.

Second Ward—At Mr Ursur Frederick, at the corner of Levee and Elysian Fields streets.

Third Ward—At Mr T Vauriganda's House, Levee street.

Fourth Ward—At Mr J. J. Bass' House, on the Bayou Road.

The Conservatives.

The Conservatives constitute a singular party, view them in whatever light you please. First, their title. Where do they obtain it? The only body of men we are aware of, who term themselves Conservatives, is that portion of the English aristocracy who are flexibly opposed to the progress of reform contemplated by the English Whigs, and who in favor of the continuance and extension of the most corrupt and most despotic features of the British monarchy. The Conservatives will no we fancy, be particularly solicitous to lay claim to similar principles, and they should not therefore assume a title which exposes them to the charge of identity with the British party which bears the same appellation.

Next their opinions. Can any one describe them? Do they themselves rightly understand them? They pretend to be Democratic Republicans, and in their newly established organ in New York, the Times, the propriety of the name is warmly insisted upon. But what shadow of pretext can they put forth to justify the usurpation of this honorable cognomen. By what solitary act have they established the Democratic character of their principles! If we understand the subject, the present administration is recognized as the chief supporter of the doctrine, and the Democratic party are taking to carry out those great and salutary principles which form the basis of the views entertained by our wise and patriotic chief magistrate. But have the Conservatives ever sustained a single measure proposed by the administration—have they ever lent their aid to a Democratic or Republican project? It is well known that they have not. They are bought to the Sub-Treasury scheme—they advocate the renewal of the Pet Bank system, which is openly avowed by the Whigs to be the stepping stone to a National Bank, and which they support, knowing that a failure will diminish the confidence of the people, and prepare them for the grand plan to foist an unsound currency. The Conservatives, then, are invariably found acting in concert with the whigs—they sustain the same measures, and act together with the most admirable unanimity of purpose, and yet these shallow pated pretenders would impose themselves upon the people, as the *moderate* friends of the administration.

The great conclusive test of Conservative fidelity was made at the New York Election last November—they were compelled to vote on one side or the other—did they carry into practice their manifold professions of attachment to the administration, or did they shrink from the ordeal? The result is well known—in a body they deserted the administration party and went over to Whigs. To that cause was attributable the defeat of the Democracy—to that unwarily trusted to their perfidious promises, and had not sufficiently exerted itself, to stem the active torrent of the opposition. The fate too of this contemptible faction was a singular and forcible illustration of the rewards of treachery—received with open arms by the Whigs when their adhesion was necessary for victory, and despised, abhorred, and rejected with contempt when the purpose were achieved for which their support had been extended.

The Conservatives, however are now gradually disgarding their disguise—The Democratic party feel entirely their hollow pretensions and deceptive professions. They can no longer with the slightest plausibility call themselves Democrats, and must ere long mingle with the Whigs, and advocate all the doctrines of that party. In fact, the Federalists themselves, though disliking the Conservatives very cordially, will be forced to accept the reinforcement or sacrifice their hopes of triumph in future elections, for the Democratic reaction is so powerful that without this coalition their discomfiture is certain, and even with it their victory will be problematical. We will venture to assert, that in another year the word Conservative will be expunged from the vocabulary of political titles, at all events in America, and there will be no third party in existence. As it is, the body known under the name of Conservatives only possesses numerical importance in New York, and the rapid union now taking place between them and the Whigs bids fair soon to accomplish our prediction.

Heaven be praised, we have no conservatives here! With Louisiana it is all unqualified hostility, or open attachment to the Administration. For preferable is it, to have to deal with an avowed enemy than with a pretended, but treacherous friend.

Candidates for Mayor.

We have frequently proposed to consider the hospital objections as a mere opposition, because we cannot imagine how they can be indeed into such an unnatural position. We hope to hear the opinions of the city, and we shall pay attention of that individual best calculated to promote their interests. We cannot therefore support one of the candidates simply because he is a democrat, nor deny the other simply because he is a whig. We are perfectly neutral, and hope that every whig and democrat will unite in sustaining that candidate whom alone to support, are derived from intelligence, integrity, and ability, and not from identity with party. With regard to Mr Gaennie's alleged disability to S've Roman, we have excellent authority to the contrary, and have every reason to believe him in favor of our candidate for governor—but now is long stand, we shall remain strictly neutral and neither the means or the insinuations of our adversaries shall influence our course.

Murder.

The dead body of a man was discovered yesterday in the wood behind Cemetery No 3. He was decently dressed and the only pocket found upon him was a certificate of good conduct, given to James D. Johnson, dated Honey county South Carolina. He shot is judicious and unwearied zeal for the public service; that in the execution of the laws, he has exhibited fidelity, and in the numerous and important appointments it has fallen to his lot to make, he has manifested impartiality, and a single regard to the true interests of the state; and that he retires with the full and entire approbation of this House for his official conduct, and with their personal esteem and regard.

Resolved, That the Speaker of this House transmit to the late Governor Roman a copy of these resolutions.

Large Fire in Vicksburg.

The steamboat Diploma reports that a destructive fire occurred in Vicksburg on the 27th instant. It broke out at the Pinkard Hotel, and extended to several other buildings which were entirely consumed.—Supposed loss from 75 to $80,000, as no insurance had been effected. The fire still continued when the Sultana left.

☞ The account of the outrage upon the American flag was published in the Bee on the same day that it received insertion in the Southernrn, with this difference, that the Bee published the official report of the captain, signed by the passengers, the Southernrn extracted part of the report and gave it in an editorial form. The remarks on the "outrage" were published in the Bee on the following morning. With regard to Field—we were one day, not three or four behind the other journals in our statement.

Mackel's Conflagration of Moscow.

This splendid panorama nightly attracts crowds—It is a most vivid, interesting and faithful description of the entrance of Napoleon into the former capital of Russia, the gradual extension of the flames, the explosion of the mine, and all the lurid magnificence that accompanied this extraordinary event. We advise all who have never seen this remarkable specimen of taste and ingenuity, to pay it a visit. The Automata tope dancers alone are worth the money—their evolutions on the slack rope are made with surprising grace, activity and the most astonishing *nonchalance*, while the hidden source of their movements has puzzled all the the mathematicians and mechanicians of Europe and America.

Pearson's Benefit

Mr Pearson's claims upon the public are those of a sterling performer, who has toiled year after year to please the public, and who has for many seasons been identified with the drama at New Orleans. As an actor he is very generally excellent, and in certain characters unsurpassed. No man plays a scheming villain, or a lawless bandit better than Pearson. We hope the public will answer his appeal this evening by substantial proofs of their liberality. In addition to the services of the stock company, the valuable aid of Miss Clifton and Mr Barrett has been secured. The SQUATTER, a new piece, the production of native talent, will be presented for the first time.

The Mississippi Election.

It is supposed that General Davis will be the Democratic candidate selected in place of Mr Gholson, whose wretched state of health precludes the possibility of his serving in case of re-election. Of General Davis the "Free Trader" says—"General Davis a gentleman of strong intellect, a fine speaker, was for many years a distinguished member of the Alabama legislature, and was urged in the district where he formerly resided in that state, when Judge M Kinley declined a re-election to Congress, to run for the station to which he would have been elected without opposition; but he had then determined to become a citizen of Mississippi, and refused to be a candidate." The prospects of the Democracy in Mississippi are, from all accounts most flattering, and the re-election of their candidate seems certain.

Literary.—A letter to the editors of the New York Whig, states that Theodore S Fay, the talented author of "Norman Leslie," has completed a new novel, entitled the "Adventures of Mr Robert Ruffell." It is full of sparkling wit, rare humor, good taste, and is in the writer's happiest vein. The correspondent likewise declares, that he has read the MS. and does not hesitate to pronounce it the best thing Fay has ever written. He considers it a capital cure for dyspepsia, but none can read it without laughing, and that it will do more good than all the patent pills and other quack medicines in Christendom. This work will be comprised in ten or twelve chapters, and published in the New York Mirror, to which Mr Fay is a constant contributor.

Congress

On the 23d inst. Mr Cambreleng in the house reported a bill from the Committee of Ways and Means authorizing a further issue of treasury notes to amount not to exceed ten millions, and in denomination not below $100. To be made payable in 12 18 and 24 months with interest not to exceed six per cent—The bill was read twice and referred to the Committee of the Whole. The minority made a report on the same subject, which was received and ordered to be printed.

The resolution of Mr Johnson on the Public Lands came up. Mr Johnson concluded his speech and Mr Lawter of Alabama in the floor for the morrow.

In the senate Mr Wall up his of great length in favor of the Sub-Treasury Bill. Mr Buchanan presented a memorial asking Congress to legislate from other any person fighting a duel.

(BY AUTHORITY.)
(NUMBER 56.)

To incorporate the College of Baton Rouge.

Section 1st. Be enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly Convened, That Louis Favrot, Le Blanc, F Duplantier, J Davenport, M Sloan, A Lacoste, V Dubroca, J E Layet, A H Legendre, A Thopin, J Reid, H Lanone, J Montague, Senr, J Duval, W Joyce, J Alexander, T W Chaire, J Hagnot, V Kirkland, F Klempterr, G Kleinpeter, Elie Landry, Aillet, J B Kleinpeter, H B Favrot, J C Panis, J K Pickett, G Guaman, J B Hebert, J M Brunet, J L Gorham, G Sarpy, Sylvestre, John Butler, T Blanchard, J V Duraide, J Mc Culop, O Bernard, A Geoffroy, S Henderson, jr, P Langlume, A Gates, L Shippard, P Hicky, T G Morgan, L Bonneuane, J Langenne, J Fulton, J M Klein, John Philippe and E T Philippe, together with those who may hereafter be associated with them, be and are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate to be known by the name of the President and Trustees of the College of Baton Rouge and by that name they and their successors shall have perpetual succession, and a common seal with power to break, change and renew; and seal at pleasure.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, &c. That the said Corporation by the name of the President and Trustees of the College of Baton Rouge, shall be able and capable in law, to take hold, purchase, receive and retain, for a certain time or forever, any lands, tenements, goods, chattels, rents or property of any kind whatsoever, which shall be given or devised to, or purchased by them, for the use of said college, and the same, or any part thereof to lease, sell, alienate, grant, or dispose of in such manner as may to them appear most to the advantage of said college, they shall also have power to sue and be sued, in their name or title aforesaid in any suit, action or causes wh