

VII - II

Excerpt from: "Events Leading Up to World War II",  
P. 68

August 20. The Seventh World Congress of the Communist International resolved to create the broadest united front in the struggle for peace and against the instigators of war and against fascism, against militarism and armaments, against chauvinism, to support the national liberation struggle and wars of national liberation. ("In face of the War provocations of the German Fascists and Japanese militarists, and the speeding up of armaments by the war-parties in the capitalist countries..... The concentration of forces against the chief instigators of war at any given moment..... constitute a most important tactical task..... It is the duty of the Communists actively to support the national liberation struggle of the oppressed peoples of the colonial and semicolonial countries.....")

Doc. Int. Affairs 1936, PP. 457 ff.)

August 25. United States called attention to and protested against the activities involving interference in the internal affairs of the United States, which took place in Russia in connection with the Seventh All-World Congress of the Communist International.

Doc. Int. Affairs 1936, pp. 461 f.  
State Release 1935, No. 309, pp. 147 ff.)

August 27. Russia declined to accept the United States protest of August 25.

Doc. Int. Affairs 1936, pp. 462 f.  
State Release 1935, No. 309, pp. 148 f.)



Ref Doc #1213

インターナショナルに開示してロシアに行はれた行為に對して合衆國は決意を喚起し、之に對して抗議した

一九三六年國際事情四六一頁  
（一九三五年ステート・リリーヌ第三〇九號一四七頁）

八月二十七日ロシアは八月二十五日の合衆國抗議の受許を拒否した

一九三六年國際事情四六二頁  
（一九三五年ステート・リリーヌ第三〇九號一四八頁）