

# ADJOURNMENT of Annual Town Meeting May Be Asked

# Weymouth

Read the  
Experiences  
of  
Sergt. Empey

# Gazette

AND TRANSCRIPT

VOL. LII. NO. 9

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## TOWN REPORTS ARE UNUSUALLY LATE

### Late Delivery of Reports and Warrants May Cause Adjournment

The delivery of the Weymouth Town Reports, together with the Annual Town Warrant, is unusually late this year. Instead of two weeks or even one week in advance, some voters may not receive them the Sunday before.

It is said some books were out yesterday, but the editor of the Gazette has not seen one at the time of this writing.

Voters who do not receive the books and warrants in advance will be justified in asking an adjournment of the meeting until later in the week or for two weeks. Certainly an opportunity should be offered the voters to learn what articles are in the warrant, and to read some of the reports of the town officials. The Reports were not printed at the Gazette office this year.

The Appropriation Committee have not been idle, however. They have given several days and evenings to the articles in the warrant, and their

recommendations were printed at the Gazette office on Thursday. But their report will not be delivered in advance of the meeting.

Two hundred voters will be necessary for a quorum, and the point of order will probably be raised at the beginning of the meeting that "NO QUORUM IS PRESENT."

#### NASH AGAINST WOMEN

Senator Nash voted against substituting a bill for an adverse report, on petition that women be allowed to vote on the question of granting liquor licenses which was defeated 15 to 23, on Thursday.

#### BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

## CLAPP MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION

In the Ladies Bowling Tournament Feb. 14 Team 3 won 3 points from Team 4 got 2 points to Team 1 and Team 4 got 2 points to one for Team 2. High single strings were won by Miss Nellie Looney with 90, and Mrs. Lottie McGrath with 84.

Thursday nights hereafter the Boy Scouts will have the use of the gymnasium from 8 to 9.30. Fourteen members of Troop 2, North Weymouth, joined the association last Thursday night, and more are going to follow this week. The building is large enough and the equipment is ideal for a central meeting place for all the Scout group in all the Weymouths. From a patriotic standpoint this is the logical meeting place for the Scouts as the coal saved both for heat and light would amount to considerable in the course of a year. The building is always warm and cheerful and the management will be only too glad to assist in any way possible to make things pleasant for all. Another feature, that should especially appeal to Boy Scouts, is the fact that all members of the association are entitled to the free use of Slate Island for a summer camp. This island is to be made a real camp this summer, and we need the assistance and cooperation of all the boys in the town to make this camp the most talked of place in Boston Harbor. Just think of this boys, you who live in East Weymouth, can join now and have

all the privileges of the building and Slate Island until Jan. 1, 1919, for the small sum of \$2.50, and boys living out of East Weymouth for \$1.70. Can you beat it?

In the Ladies bowling tournament Thursday night, Feb. 21, Team 4, Miss Nellie Looney, captain, won from Team 1, Miss Alice Howley, captain, taking two strings and the total pinfall 713 to 643. Mrs. Daisy Fabyan led with a single string of 97, and a two string total of 172. In the second game Team 3, Mrs. Lottie McGrath, captain, beat Team 2, Mrs. Marion French, captain, taking two strings and the total pinfall, 689 to 653. Miss Helen Griffin and Miss Bessie Griffin were tied for the lead with a two-string total of 154 each. Miss Helen Griffin got the high single string with 83 pins.

Owing to the coal shortage and the fact that the season of winter sports is nearly over the boxing tournament, which was to have been held March 8, has been indefinitely postponed.

#### W. R. C. ITEMS

President, Mrs. Stoddard, will read the list of committees for the ensuing year at the meeting of Corps 102, on Tuesday, March 5, at 2.30 P. M. She is introducing new ideas which will make the several committees take an unusual interest.

Invitations are at hand to attend the grand concert at Braintree Town Hall, Sunday evening, March 3. Proceeds to be devoted for the relief fund of Post 87, G. A. R.

National general order will be read at the Corps meeting March 5. Department Secretary Miss Mary E. Elliot, has prepared an article on the amount of work accomplished by the Preparedness Aid. Report received will be interesting reading.

Have you had an opportunity to read the warrant for the town meeting to be held sometime in March?

## PUBLIC BATHHOUSE WOULD COST \$5,000

### Site Selected Is Between Great Hill and Fort Point on Car Line

The Gazette was shown this week by Selectman Joseph Kelley, plans and estimates which he has had prepared for the proposed public bathhouse for the town of Weymouth.

The site favored is at North Weymouth along the beach between Great Hill and Fort Point, very accessible to the street car line.

The plans were drawn by J. Winthrop Pratt, a Quincy architect, who formerly resided at North Weymouth, and there will be no charge unless accepted by the voters of the town at the town meeting.

One plan has a two-story administration building 25 x 25 with a wing 15 x 45. It is to be a stucco building, entirely of cement, with asphalt shingles. The estimated cost with electric fixtures and plumbing, is \$5,800.

The other plan is one-story 25 x 25 with a wing a little larger, 16 x 50, and could be built for \$5,340.

Public bathhouses are much appreciated wherever established, and will be another inducement to spend the summer in Weymouth.

the citizens their welfare has been seriously considered.

JAMES CANTWELL,  
Kensington road.

## LATEST!

#### SUDDEN DEATH

John Kelley, recently a candidate for Selectman of Braintree, died suddenly this morning. He was for several years agent for a granite firm, and later claim agent of the Street Railway. He was an ex-Representative and also a member of the Water Board of Braintree at the time of his death.

—John W. O'Connor died yesterday, aged 59, at his home, 204 Front street. Funeral Monday morning at the Church of the Sacred Heart at 8.00.

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17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

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17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
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Fathers! Husbands! Brothers!

## VOTE

### For a Public Bathing House

AT NORTH WEYMOUTH

At Town Meeting, Monday, March 4

—JOSEPH KELLEY

340 Washington St., Weymouth.

## Does Faithfulness Deserve Recognition?

IF SO

## Vote to Re-elect JOSEPH KELLEY

340 Washington Street, Weymouth, Mass.

ELECTION MARCH 11

—Milton B. Richmond, 160 Middle St., Weymouth.

## The New Orpheum

Columbian Sq., South Weymouth  
ARTHUR L. McGRORY, Manager.

Mat. 2.45. Monday, March 4 Evening, 7.45  
Child. 10c; Adult 15c Admission, 20c



GERALDINE FARRAR  
IN  
"THE WOMAN THAT GOD FORGOT"  
AN ARTCRAFT PICTURE

GERALDINE FARRAR

— IN —  
"The Woman God Forgot"

## ODD FELLOWS HALL

EAST WEYMOUTH  
THE HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES.  
ARTHUR L. McGRORY, Manager.

Matinee 2.30 WED. MARCH 6 Evening 7.45  
CHILDREN 10 CENTS ADULTS 15 and 20 CENTS



Mary Pickford  
... IN ...  
"THE LITTLE PRINCESS"

\$5 OF THE Proceeds  
March 6 will be devoted to advertising  
the sale of Smilge Coupon  
Books, admitting our Soldier  
Boys to the Liberty Theatres at  
the various cantonments. These  
Smilge Books are for sale at  
this theatre.

BUY ONE TONIGHT

## FREE TRANSPORTATION TO THE POLLS

ELECTION DAY, MONDAY, MARCH 11

### Notice to Ward 5 Voters

AUTOS WILL LEAVE

Fountain Square via Pond Street;

"Back of the Pond" via Randolph and Hollis Streets;

"Rockland Line" via Union Street, at 5.35 A. M., 6.35, 7.35, and 8.45 for the Polls, in the Engine House Hall, and will connect you with the 6.16, 7.14, 8.15 and 9.39 Boston trains.

Any voter who would like to be called for and returned to his home after 9.45 A. M., will be accommodated, if they will notify me by mail or telephone.

## ALFRED W. HASTINGS

Candidate for re-election as Selectman,  
142 Columbian Sq., Weymouth.

## VOTE FOR JOSEPH KELLEY

For Re-Election

Candidate for Selectman  
and Overseer of the Poor

—Milton B. Richmond, 160 Middle St., Weymouth

# BELGIANS HERDED IN CATTLE PENS

### Participant's Testimony of Degradation Accompanying Deportation From Mons.

## SCENES OF FIENDISH CRUELTY

#### Women Forbidden to Give Food and Clothing to Men Facing Privation and Cold—United States' Appeal Unheeded.

Conspicuous among cold-blooded acts of cruelty committed by the Germans, to their everlasting disgrace, the deportation from Mons is prominent. Official documents published by the committee on public information tell part of the harrowing story.

A vivid sketch of the deportations from Mons, ordered by German authorities, drawn by a participant, may well be cited here:

"I will take the 18th of November of last year [1916]. A week or so before that a placard was placed on the walls telling my capital city of Mons that in seven days all the men of that city who were not clergymen, who were not priests, who did not belong to the city council, would be deported.

"At half past five, in the gray of the morning on the 18th of November, they walked out, 6,200 men at Mons, myself and another leading them down the cobblestones of the street and out where the rioting would be less than in the great city, with the soldiers on each side, with bayonets fixed, with the women held back.

"The degradation of it! The degradation of it as they walked into this great market square, where the pens were erected, exactly as if they were cattle—all the great men of that province—the lawyers, the statesmen, the heads of the trades, the men that had made the capital of Hainaut glorious during the last 20 years.

"There they were collected; no question of who they were, whether they were busy or what they were doing, or what their position in life. 'Go to the right! Go to the left! Go to the right!' So they were turned to the one side or the other.

"Trains were standing there ready, steaming, to take them to Germany. You saw on the one side the one brother taken, the other brother left. A hasty embrace and they were separated and gone.

"You saw the women in hundreds, with bundles in their hands, beseeching to be permitted to approach the trains, to give their men the last that they had in life between themselves and starvation—a small bundle of clothing to keep them warm on their way to Germany. You saw women approach with a bundle that had been purchased by the sale of the last of their household effects. Not one was allowed to approach to give her man the warm pair of stockings or the warm jacket, so there might be some chance of his reaching there. Off they went!"—John H. Gade, in the National Geographic Magazine, May, 1917.

The Belgian women sent a touching appeal to Minister Whitlock:

#### Appeal of Belgian Women.

"Brussels, Nov. 18, 1916, 46 Rue de la Madeleine.

"His Excellency, Mr. Brand Whitlock, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America.

"Mr. Minister:

"From the depths of our well of misery our supplication rises to you.

"In addressing ourselves to you, we denounce to your government, as well as to our sisters, the women of the nation which you represent in our midst, the criminal abuse of force of which our unhappy and defenseless people is a victim.

"Since the beginning of this atrocious war we have looked on impotently and with our hearts torn with every sorrow at terrible events which put civilization back into the ages of the barbarian hordes.

"Mr. Minister, the crime which is now being committed under your eyes, namely, the deportation of thousands of men compelled to work on enemy soil against the interests of their country, cannot find any shadow of excuse on the ground of military necessity, for it constitutes a violation by force of a sacred right of human conscience.

#### Called "Monstrous Extremity."

"Whatever may be the motive, it cannot be admitted that citizens may be compelled to work directly or indirectly for the enemy against their brothers who are fighting.

"The convention of The Hague has consecrated this principle.

"Nevertheless, the occupying power is forcing thousands of men to this monstrous extremity, which is contrary to morals and international law, both these men who have already been taken to Germany and those who tomorrow will undergo the same fate, if from the outside, from neutral Europe and the United States, no help is offered.

"Oh! The Belgian women have also known how to carry out their duty in the hour of danger; they have not weakened the courage of the soldiers of honor by their tears.

"They have bravely given to their country those whom they loved. . . . The blood of mothers is flowing on the

battlefields with that of their sons. "Those who are taken away today do not go to perform a glorious duty. They are slaves in chains who, in a dark exile, threatened by hunger, prison, death, will be called upon to perform the most odious work—service to the enemy against the fatherland.

#### Rights of Honor and Conscience.

"The mothers cannot stand by while such an abomination is taking place without making their voices heard in protest.

"They address you in the name of the unalterable rights of honor and conscience.

"It has been said that women are 'all powerful supplicants.'

"We have felt authorized by this saying, Mr. Minister, to extend our hands to you and to address to your country a last appeal.

"We trust that in reading these lines you will feel at each word the unhappy heartbeats of the Belgian women and will find in your broad and humane sympathy imperative reasons for intervention.

"Only the united will of the neutral peoples energetically expressed can counterbalance that of the German authorities.

"This assistance which the neutral nations can and, therefore, ought to lend us, will it be refused to the oppressed Belgians?

"Be good enough to accept, Mr. Minister, the homage of our most distinguished consideration."

(Signed by a number of Belgian women and 24 societies.)

The United States government did not fail to respond to this touching appeal and to others of a similar nature. The American embassy at Berlin promptly took up the burning question of the deportations with the chancellor and other representatives of the German government. In an interview with the under secretary of state for foreign affairs, Mr. Grew was handed an official statement of the German plans, which is, in translation, as follows:

#### German Camouflage.

"Against the unemployed in Belgium, who are a burden to public charity, in order to avoid friction arising therefrom, compulsory measures are to be adopted to make them work so far as they are not voluntarily inclined to work, in accordance with the regulation issued May 15, 1916, by the governor general. In order to ascertain such persons the assistance of the municipal authorities is required for the district of the governor general in Brussels, while in the districts outside of the general government, i. e., in the provinces of Flanders, lists were demanded from the presidents of the local relief committees containing the names of persons receiving relief. For the sake of establishing uniform procedure the competent authorities have, in the meantime, been instructed to make the necessary investigations regarding such persons also in Flanders through the municipal authorities; furthermore, presidents of local relief committees who may be detained for having refused to furnish such lists will be released."

Mr. Grew pointed out that the deportations were a breach of faith and would injure the German cause abroad. In his official summary of the negotiations which he carried on he says:

"I then discussed in detail with the under secretary of state for foreign affairs the unfortunate impression which this decision would make abroad, reminding him that the measures were in principle contrary to the assurances given to the ambassador by the chancellor at general headquarters last spring and dwelling on the effect which the policy might have on England's attitude towards relief work in Belgium. I said I understood that the measures had been promulgated solely by the military government in Belgium and that I thought the matter ought at least to be brought to the chancellor's personal attention in the light of the consequences which the new policy would entail. Herr Zimmermann intimated in reply that the foreign office had very little influence with the military authorities and that it was unlikely that the new policy in Belgium could be revoked. He stated, however, in answer to my inquiry, that he would not disapprove of my seeing the chancellor about the matter."

#### Solemn Protest by United States.

The formal protest of the United States was as follows:

"The government of the United States has learned with the greatest concern and regret of the policy of the German government to deport from Belgium a portion of the civilian population with the result of forcing them to labor in Germany, and is constrained to protest in a friendly spirit but most solemnly against this action which is in contravention of all precedent and those humane principles of international practice which have long been accepted and followed by civilized nations in their treatment of non-combatants in conquered territory. Furthermore, the government of the United States is convinced that the effect of this policy if pursued will in all probability be fatal to the Belgian relief work, so humanely planned so successfully carried out, a result which would be generally deplored and which, it is assumed, would seriously embarrass the German government."

This protest was followed by those of the pope, the king of Spain, the government of Switzerland and other neutrals. They were of no avail, except, perhaps, to lead the German authorities to draw a tighter veil over their detestable proceedings. But the evidence has in some measure come through, although the full facts will not be known until the liberation of heroic Belgium.

# SHERM'S DOTS



THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE.

By Clifford Leon Sherman.

Dear Folks:—You see, don't you, if I had been brought up on a farm or a ranch, I would have known more about handling mules. But, believe me, these army mules are hard to handle. I tried my best to pull one down the gang plank, but there was nothing doing. Then I did a fool thing, and went around behind to push and the beggar sniped me in the leg with his heels. One of the Red Cross boys gave me first aid, and then, as our ambulances were not yet off of the ship, they sent me to the hospital in a . . . . .SAMMY. To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from dot 2 to dot 3, and so on.

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## Natural Resources



## First Sign of Spring



## Eggs of Reptiles.

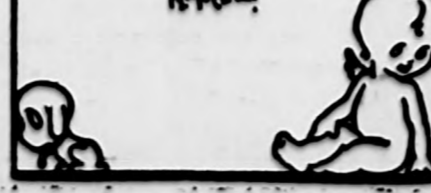
Reptiles' eggs are not very attractive objects. In the case of crocodile and many kinds of tortoises, they are pale-colored or white, and resemble those of birds in shape.

## Daily Thought.

Few persons have courage enough to appear as good they really are.—J. C. and A. W. Hare.

## THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

This time of year seems very dull; It always drags a lot but then Spring soon will come and when it does Perhaps I'll fall in love again.



## May Be Only Washing the Cans.

Headline in New York paper: "Milk Men in Pool." Suspicious place for milkmen.—Boston Transcript.

## TOUGH



"Both day and night I'm on the go." The tired chauffeur protested. "I never get a rest, although I often get arrested."

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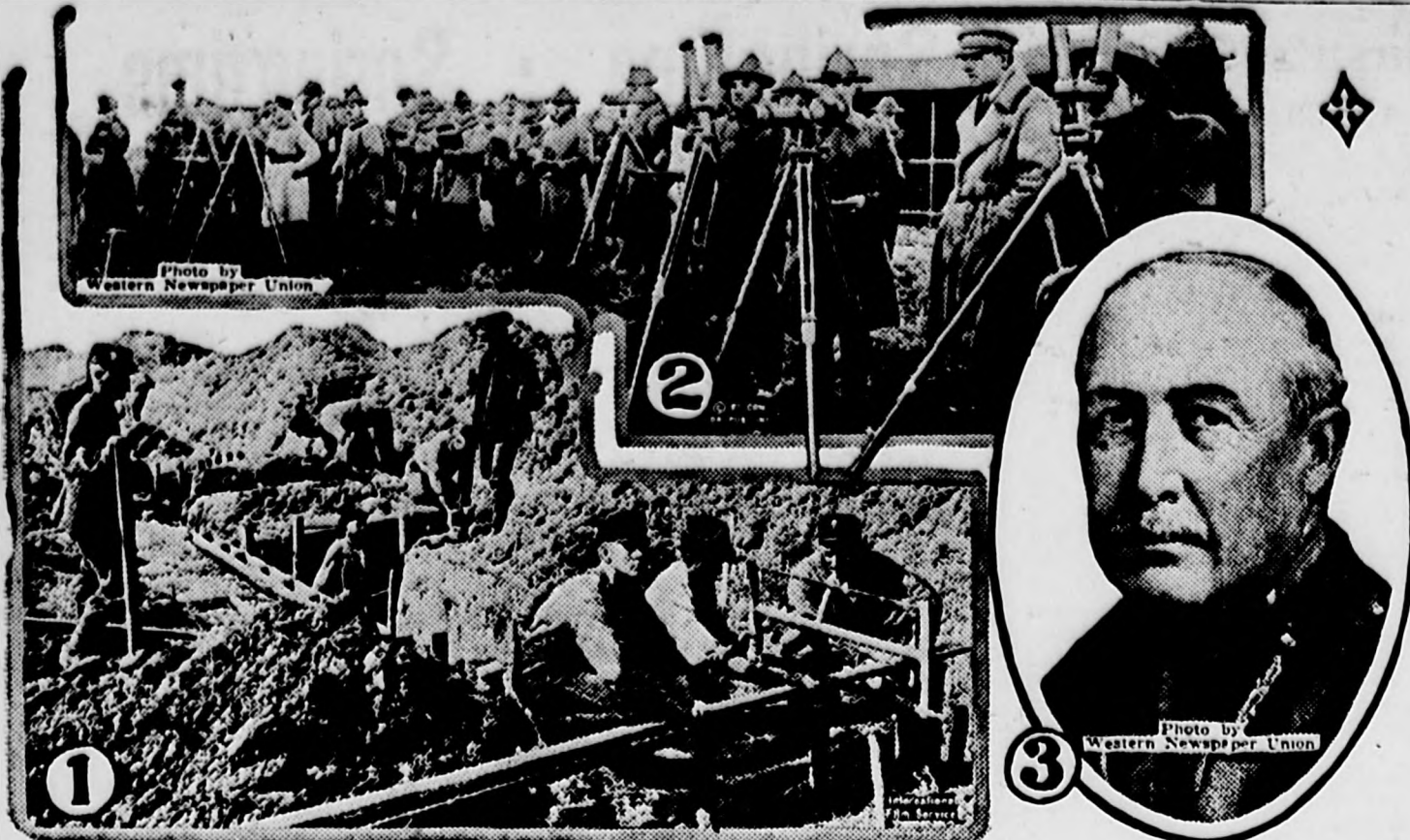
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**FULL SET TEETH \$8** Fit Guaranteed  
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This is the only office in Quincy where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from the natural ones) are inserted positively without pain. During the life of this offer all Bridge Work and Fillings will be done at reduced rates for the advantage of those who do not desire plates.  
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**Remember** That every added subscription helps to make this paper better for everybody



1—Swiss infantry constructing a trench on the frontier where the republic fears invasion by the Germans. 2—Officers of field artillery on the range at an American training camp in France observing the results of shots and finding new ranges. 3—Maj. Gen. Sir Henry Wilson, selected as British chief of staff to succeed Sir William Robertson.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

**Germany, Forcing Bolsheviki to Accept Her Terms, Resumes the War on Russia.**

### CIVIL CONFLICT CONTINUES

**America's Preparations Are Being Speeded Up, and First Battleplanes Are Shipped, None Too Soon—Premier Lloyd George Sustains the Program of the Supreme War Council.**

By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

"No longer believing in the pacific intentions of Russia," and with the professed purpose of restoring peace and order in the parts of that country they already occupy, the Germans last week re-opened the war on the bolsheviki. Their first advance took them across the Dvina and into Dvinsk and Lutsik, and thence they continued on their way toward Petrograd, gathering in many prisoners and large quantities of arms and supplies. After protesting against the resumption of hostilities against Russia, Austria-Hungary joined in the invasion. The move is extremely unpopular among the socialists of Germany and the people generally of Austria, but the Prussian militarists have the whip-hand and pay little heed to objections from others.

Continuing their advance, toward the end of the week the Germans sent a large fleet of warships to Revel and landed troops to invest that great seaport. They also landed a force of Finns, who had been fighting in the German army, in Finland, presumably to attack the bolsheviki at Tammerfors and Viborg.

Trotzky, finding his hope that the Teutonic workers and peasants would refuse to fight against those of Russia, emitted a loud wail, offering to sign the peace treaty Germany had demanded, but seemingly Dr. Von Kuehlmann deemed it too late. Furthermore, there were strong indications that the long-expected split in the ranks of the bolsheviki leaders had come, for Lenine countermanded Trotzky's orders for immediate demobilization, stating that they were unable yet to announce the terms of peace as peace had not yet been signed.

The Red guard is necessarily scattered, because civil war is raging in many parts of Russia. The bolsheviki claimed to have established their authority in that part of East Siberia known as Trans-Balkalia, to have captured Botalsk and advanced far beyond Rostoy-on-the-Don, and to have routed the Cossacks in Astrakhan. In Finland, too, they claimed decided victories over the White guard of the government. Official dispatches from Petrograd said the Ukrainians had made an alliance with the Roumanians and that a joint army had occupied Kishinev, but that the bolsheviki forces had driven them from Tiraspol on the Dniester. The Ukrainians, on the other hand, appealed to Germany for help against the bolsheviki, who, they asserted, had invaded their territory and were burning and looting their towns.

In the Don Cossack region the government fostered by General Kalendines was ousted and a new republic organized at Tcherkask by the workmen and soldiers. Kalendines committed suicide, and his successor as hetman, General Nazarov, ordered all Cossacks to mobilize at once and fight the advancing bolsheviki forces. Altogether it is a pretty mess, and no one will envy the Germans the task they have assumed of restoring order.

The German and Austrian ministers, addressing the reichsraths, expressed the strong conviction that the peace with Ukraine was the beginning of peace with all Russia, but warned the people they might be disappointed. They explained that, in order not to disrupt this peace and lose the chance of getting wheat from Ukraine, they

could not promise that the Cholm district of Poland should not be given to the new republic, as the treaty provided, but they pacified the enraged Poles somewhat by the assurance that the frontiers of Cholm would be fixed by a commission including Polish and Ukrainian representatives. As for peace with Great Russia, Dr. Von Kuehlmann said he was awaiting signed confirmation from Trotzky that the German terms were accepted. These terms, not wholly made public, of course "correspond with Germany's interests."

The written confirmation of Russia's acceptance of the peace terms, it was reported, passed the German lines on Thursday.

The socialist members of the Austrian reichsrath called on the government to adopt the principles set forth by President Wilson as a basis for general peace and asked that negotiations be begun quickly. They and all the Czechs and Slavs protested violently against the resumption of the war against Russia. Further trouble for Austria was reported by deserters who said the men of the fleet at Cattaro had mutinied, and there was growing disaffection at Pola, Fiume and other Austrian ports.

The United States and the entente allies have declared they will recognize no peace in the East made under compulsion and by a mere faction of the Russian people, nor one involving Poland without a previous consultation with Poland.

Sweden finally made up its mind that it couldn't intervene to stop the horrible civil conflict in Finland, but it was expected that Germany would take a hand in the mess there.

While President Wilson and his administration show no intention of discontinuing the campaign to bring about peace by argument, they do show an increasing realization of the improbability of peace within a short time. Possibly they are ready to admit that men and guns will do the most to end the war. At any rate, our preparations are being speeded up in a manner that is gratifying. Plans have been completed for sending to the training camps the second increment of 500,000 men, beginning about May 1, and continuing at the rate of 10,000 men a week. These, it is believed, will all be taken from class one, which numbers approximately 1,500,000, and from the million men who will become twenty-one years of age during the year ending June 5 next. With increasing rapidity the men of the first draft are being sent across to France, in response to the call of the allies, and to provide more transports for them and their supplies a great number of vessels have been withdrawn from trade outside the war zones, these being replaced by vessels of neutral nations, according to a recent agreement.

Further relief in the matter of transportation was provided by the economic agreement with Spain, signed Thursday, which permits General Pershing to purchase in Spain mules, army blankets and other supplies for his troops. A month ago Spain refused to let Pershing have these materials, but sufficient argument and pressure were brought to bear to induce a change of mind.

In the matter of American shipbuilding, the prospect is fairly rosy again. The president, by quick and decisive action, put an end to the strike of shipyard carpenters, and on Thursday the pleasing announcement was made that the drive for the enrollment of 250,000 shipyard workers would bring more than the number sought, thousands of union men joining without restrictions as to working with unorganized workers.

Equally cheering was the statement by Secretary Baker that the first American battleplanes for Pershing's forces already had been shipped, several months earlier than had originally been intended. These machines are equipped with the Liberty motor, and from now on there will be a steady stream of them going over, together with the aviators and mechanics necessary to operate them. From the dispatches of correspondents in France these planes are sorely needed, for it is stated as an admitted fact that the Germans have the complete mastery of the air above the American sector.

and are able to take observations and make photographs almost without opposition. As a result, the villages occupied by the Americans back of the lines have been bombed repeatedly.

In other respects Pershing's men are holding their own finely, both the infantry and the artillery demonstrating their entire readiness to meet the drive of the enemy if it should be directed against their sector. This, however, is not considered likely, as the Germans, if they gained any ground there, would place themselves in a wedge where they could be attacked on both sides by the allies. Some authorities have expressed the belief that Hindenburg will attack not only on the west front, but in Italy and the Balkans as well at the same time, making his strongest efforts on the latter fronts. Others, and these are supported by the statements of prisoners, are sure the Hun will make his supreme effort at two points on the west front, General Maurice, British director of military operations, said on Wednesday there had been no developments during the last two weeks to indicate that the German offensive was near. This is not in accord with the information that has been coming to America, but if anyone knows conditions and what they indicate, it should be General Maurice.

Switzerland has become much exercised over the massing of Teutonic troops near her frontier, and fears that her neutrality will be violated as ruthlessly as was that of Belgium. This might happen if Hindenburg decided to attempt to turn the right flank of the French army, and the results might be serious, for the French-Swiss frontier is not strongly protected.

In Palestine the British are steadily forging forward. To the east and northeast of Jerusalem several advances were made during the week, despite resistance by the Turks, and at last advices the British were within four miles of Jericho.

Premier Lloyd-George weathered another crisis last week, maintaining his position by frankness and firmness combined and offering to resign if parliament felt like refusing him a vote of confidence. It all came about through his adherence to the program adopted by the Versailles council for a more unified control of war operations by all the allies. Gen. Sir William Robertson, chief of staff, would not hold his position in these circumstances, and it was given to Gen. Sir Henry Wilson. Something of a storm resulted, but the premier did not yield. He said the extension of powers of the supreme council was in accordance with the proposal of the United States, which was almost identical with those of the other governments, and that the policy of Great Britain in this matter was the policy of France, Italy and America. This satisfied most of the premier's critics, though what the program of the council is has not been told to the people. In Washington military circles there is a belief that the council decided to strike the enemy without waiting for him to make his spring drive.

Two more air raids on London occurred during the week. Together they resulted in the death of 27 persons. Over on the continent the allied aviators made repeated raids on Troves, Tilonville and other towns, as well as on Zebruge. Many tons of explosives were dropped on barracks, railways, airdromes and other targets, with excellent results. In the numerous air fights the British and French flyers easily maintained their superiority.

The list of British vessels sunk by submarines again decreased in numbers, but the week's reports included the torpedoing of the French steamer La Dives in the Mediterranean on February 1, with the loss of 110 men.

Following a conference of envoys of the allies with Director General McAdoo on ways and means to move foodstuffs from the middle West to the seaboard, so they can be shipped to Europe, Mr. Hoover issued an urgent appeal to the American people to do better than they have been doing in the matter of food conservation, warning them that they must be prepared to endure a domestic food shortage within 60 days.

## Show Your Soldier Boy a Good Time

EACH one of you can make your soldier boy in the army camps and cantonments, have a better time and enjoy his army life more.

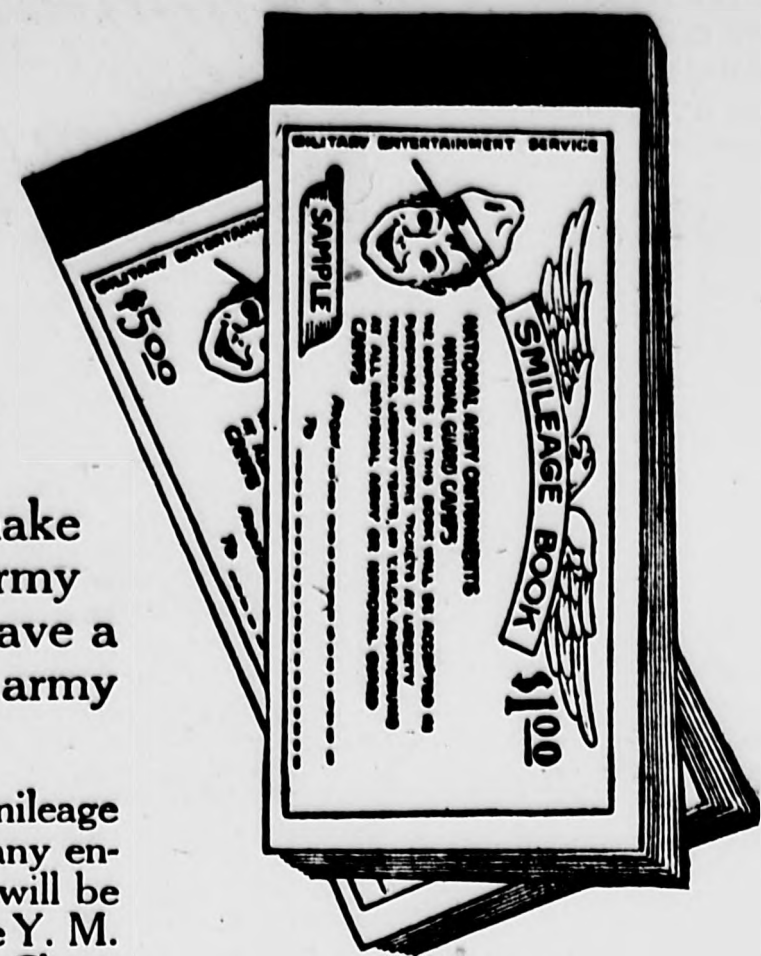
Send him a Smileage Book. Smileage enables the soldier to see the many entertainments of every nature that will be given in the Liberty Theatres, the Y. M. C. A. Auditoriums, and the huge Chautauqua tents in the army camps and cantonments.

You help to make a better soldier, and a better fighter out of him by doing this. Buy Smileage books anywhere, and help make your soldier boy enjoy his leisure hours.

This space is paid for by Arthur L. McGrary

Manager of the Odd Fellows Opera House, East Weymouth, and the New Orpheum, South Weymouth

so that every reader of this great newspaper may have an opportunity to send at least one Smileage Book to one of our Soldier Boys.



### Facts about Smileage Books

1. Smileage Books are books containing coupons entitling a soldier to admission to any entertainment held in Liberty Theaters, Liberty Tents, etc., National Army Cantonments and National Guard Camps in U. S. A.
2. Smileage Books are issued by Military Entertainment Committee, under supervision of War Department.
3. Smileage Books containing 20 coupons cost \$1.00 each. Smileage Books containing 100 coupons cost \$5.00 each. The price of entertainments range from five to twenty-five cents.
4. Smileage Books are for use in Liberty Entertainments in National Army Cantonments and National Guard Camps only. They do not apply to naval training stations or other camps.
5. Smileage Books are on sale by local Smileage Committees everywhere throughout the country.
6. There is space on each book for name of soldier and name of person sending book. Smileage books are transferable to soldiers in Uniform. They can be used by Civilians only when accompanied by a soldier.
7. Sixteen theaters have been built. Chautauqua tents have been erected. A complete schedule of entertainments arranged.
8. Smileage Books are needed for our million of soldiers. Buy yours today—send it at once to your soldier.

## Weymouth Proud of Her Record in Helping to Finance the War and for Comfort of Soldiers and Sailors

# WANTED-AMERICANS!

There are 90,000,000 of us in the United States—all in the family of our own Uncle Sam.

And Uncle Sam needs money—your money—everybody's money. He doesn't ask you to give it to him; he wants to borrow and pay you interest for it.

Maybe you didn't have \$50 or \$100 to lend him in Liberty Bonds, but surely you have 25 cents. If we, all of us, buy one thrift stamp—just one stamp apiece—that is \$22,500,000, and if everyone of us buys \$4.12 worth—25 cents worth from time to time for sixteen times—that's \$370,800,000.

Your pin money does help. Doesn't it?

We don't know how much money you have—how much—how little. It doesn't matter, anyway. For it is getting to a point that every man—every woman—every boy—every girl—must make the business of helping win this war—the most important thing on earth.

Like the Liberty Bonds, the war savings certificates bear 4% interest. On January 1, 1923 each certificate will be worth \$5. These stamps are exchangeable at face value plus accumulated interest at any time between now and January 1, 1923.

You can buy from your mail carrier or at the Post Office. Buy your first one today.

**David Bates Clapp Memorial Association of Weymouth**  
Which Wants Everybody to Help Uncle Sam

## Advertising in this Paper Pays

CONSIDERABLE NEWS ALREADY IN TYPE IS UNAVOIDABLY CROWDED OUT TODAY

Weymouth Temperature.

Table with 4 columns: Time (6 A.M., 12 M., 6 P.M.), Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

TOWN BRIEFS

The first day of March. Five issues of the Gazette this month. Please ask your neighbor if he is reading "Over the Top." Over 40 REGULAR features in the Gazette and Transcript Departments that you can bank upon. Springlike weather the first of the week. It seems good to be at work again on Mondays. Howard Prouty, who enlisted in the navy in January, has gone into training at Newport, R. I. this week. The Gazette, with its new linotype machine, is doing work for printers in Quincy and other towns. Ballots have been printed at the Gazette office for the Annual Town Meeting. Specimens were posted this week. Good work and promptness probably account for the increasing work of the Gazette job printing department. The time has expired for filing income tax blanks at the State House. The time for filing Federal returns expires March 31. The Clapp Memorial Association has contracted for quarter-page "Ads" to encourage the sale of Thrift Stamps, War Saving Stamps and Smilgeage Coupon Books. See page 3. Leighton S. Thompson, a graduate of Weymouth High and Amherst College, has been elected headmaster of the Foxboro High school. He has been a sub-master at Malden High. The David B. Clapp Memorial Association is doing more than its bit. See the big "Ad" on page 3 encouraging the sale of War Savings Stamps. Next week the association will devote the same space to Smilgeage Coupon Books. A record breaking wind was reported at Blue Hill on Tuesday—102 miles per hour. It was very kind to the Sacred Heart church; for some time there has been an unsafe chimney at the rear of the church which should have been removed. The wind did the job and saved the church \$25. Elsewhere however damage was done.

BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING, 17 Commercial St., Weymouth. (Advertisement)



New shares of the South Weymouth Cooperative Bank now on sale. Advertisement.

Mrs. Myrtle Brown of Dorchester was the guest of Mrs. Everett Frost on Sunday.

Miss Alice Owens was given a surprise party at her home last Friday evening, in honor of her tenth birthday. Miss Alice was given a very pretty ring by her friends.

The young men's club will hold their regular meeting in the vestry this evening.

An all-day meeting of the Ladies' Aid was held Wednesday at the home of the president, Mrs. Mary Roberts.

Saturday afternoon a number of the friends of Mrs. Charles Hawes went to Quincy, where she is spending the winter, to help her celebrate her birthday.

Thursday evening the fourth quarterly conference was held in the vestry of the Porter church. District Superintendent W. I. Ward presiding.

Tuesday evening the Ever Progressive Class met with Mrs. Charles Turner for their regular monthly business meeting, and also to celebrate the birthday of Mrs. Nettie Saunders. On behalf of the class, the president, F. W. Rea, presented Mrs. Saunders with a very pretty pin. A large birthday cake made by the hostess, with other refreshments was enjoyed by all.

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George R. Kempl is to move to the Hobart building opposite his present location. The Special Aid Society has moved its headquarters to the basement of the Church of the Sacred Heart.

The body of Ellen, widow of Thomas McDonald of Quincy, was interred in the family lot at St. Francis Xavier cemetery last Friday. She was for years a resident of Weymouth.

Richard DeNeill of Portland, Me., has been in town this week on a visit to his mother, Mrs. Richard DeNeill of Broad street.

Police Officer Edward Hofsess is out again after his recent severe illness.

Russell, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar A. Tower of Field avenue, was taken suddenly and severely ill on Sunday. He is now much improved. Mr. Tower has been quite ill but is now able to be about again.

William H. Donovan, clerk at Kempl's pharmacy, has been confined to his home with an attack of pleurisy for a few days.

Paul Slattery, the popular back of the Weymouth High school basketball team, is ill with blood poisoning in his arm, the result of a fall when he was playing Norwood High a month ago.

Carlton Gernyn is about again after an attack of pneumonia.

Harry Hilton of Washington street was taken suddenly ill with appendicitis Monday afternoon. He was taken to the Massachusetts General hospital, where he was operated upon on his arrival. He is reported as getting along nicely.

Walter Oldham was called to Fall River on Tuesday by the death of a former chum, the secretary of the police commission of that city. Mr. Oldham was one of the bearers.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Poole took place from the Church of the Sacred Heart last Friday morning. Mass was celebrated by Rev. J. B. Holland. Interment was at Village cemetery.

Charles Wolfe of Sterling street is about after an illness of pneumonia.

Oman Davenport, one of the best known and most popular young men of the town, died Monday evening on the eve of his birthday. He would have been 23 years old the next day.

There is less sewing to be done for our own boys, so more time can be given to Red Cross needs, and many hands help on the various garments for hospital and relief work. The knitters are keeping up their part in their usual efficient manner, and making the different garments to keep out the cold from the boys at camp and across.

The "Treasure and Trinket collection" was very satisfactory and probably will be displayed in the window of G. H. Hunt's store to show still another way that help can be given. If you happen on some article forgotten before, send it in as there is still time. Do not say "I'm tired of being asked for one thing or another," but remember that you are asked, the boys are ordered!

Kid gloves also are wanted to line vests for the aviators, so look yours up, and send to the Special Aid, or, still better, take them to Moose hall Tuesday afternoon and see how they are used.

The Surgical Dressings classes are being well attended, but more still can be accommodated, and when we read of our own boys at the front, it must make all women feel that any boy who may be wounded must have all the help the home people can give. Change the Golden Rule allittle, and let it read, "as I would do for my own boy, so will I do for the boy of my neighbor."

The classes in food conservation and substitution grow more interesting every week. Monday's lesson was on meat substitutes and the pea and peanut cutlets, and kidney bean stew, cooked and served during class hours convinced the housekeeper that "meatless meals" could be both tasteful and nourishing. The different housekeepers give their experiences in the new ways and one member has already planned to teach a class so the work is growing. We women must learn new ways as the boys are learning and each one can help by doing the work she can do best.

If our boys must fight with their backs to a wall, let us form a wall that will prove a strong support.

New shares of the South Weymouth Cooperative Bank now on sale. Advertisement.

Mrs. Ellen Walmsey and Mrs. Sarah McAvoy have been visiting the latter's daughter, Mrs. Caldwell Jackson Harris at North Abington.

Hollis Pitcher has taken a position at Kempl's pharmacy. Eugene L. Murphy has been spending a few days in Brooklyn, N. Y., visiting his son, Arthur, who is a

member of the U. S. Marine Corps on duty at Brooklyn Navy Yard.

Mrs. Edward Swaine has been visiting Mrs. Michael Sullivan of Brockton, a former resident of this town.

Dr. Norbert Vincent Mullin has been confined of his home this week with a severe cold.

Mrs. Edward Dwyer is confined to her home in Elmwood park with a severe attack of the grip.

Eugene Crocker died at his home in Campello, Sunday, after a year's illness, aged 70. He was born in this town and resided here for many years. He was a son of the late Warren P. and Mary T. Crocker who for years resided in this town. The former died several years ago, aged 97, and Mrs. Crocker died a month ago, aged 94.

Charles H. Smith, who has been on the sick list for some weeks, is able to be out again.

Naaman Torrey died at his home in Arcola, Ill., Jan. 26, after a short illness of inflammatory rheumatism. He was born in this town Sept. 11, 1842, and was a son of the late Naaman Torrey. At the outbreak of the Civil War he, together with his five brothers and his father, enlisted and he served throughout the war. After the war he went West and with his brother James conducted a shoe store for some time in Arcola. He later purchased an 80-acre farm which at the time he got very cheap, and it is now very valuable. It was said of him he never made a purchase in his life unless he had the cash on hand. He was a prominent member of the G. A. R. post in Arcola. He is survived by a widow, a son and two daughters, also a brother, Appleton H. Torrey of this town.

Patrick E. Corridan, of the Board of Registrars of Voters, who has been ill with pneumonia, is improving rapidly and is now able to sit up a while each day.

Miss Sarah Bennett, who has been confined to her home on Brookside road for some time, is now much improved. A number of her friends called and extended their congratulations yesterday, it being her birthday. She also received a number of pleasant reminders of the occasion.

Jesse H. Peirce moved this week to his new location on Washington square to the store recently vacated by James W. Rand. Mr. Peirce purchased the building some time ago and has made extensive improvements. It was in this building that Mr. Peirce first started in business more than 30 years ago.

EAST WEYMOUTH BRANCH

Owing to some delay last week's report did not reach the papers in time for printing, but the work went on all the same.

There is less sewing to be done for our own boys, so more time can be given to Red Cross needs, and many hands help on the various garments for hospital and relief work.

The knitters are keeping up their part in their usual efficient manner, and making the different garments to keep out the cold from the boys at camp and across.

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Nash's Corner And Main Street

New shares of the South Weymouth Cooperative Bank now on sale. Advertisement.

Mrs. Walter Bates of Union street is seriously ill, having sustained a shock Wednesday morning.

Donald Brackett, who was shot in the eye while playing war last Friday, is improving and they expect the eyesight will not be impaired.

Miss Lena DeRusha, who is a nurse "somewhere in France," in a letter to her aunt, thanks her for the papers she sends her, especially the Gazette, as she is interested in reading the names of the boys she went to school with who are going "over there." She wishes to be remembered to all her friends and says thanks to the people in the U. S. A. they have had plenty to eat and have been able to keep warm.

Miss Mabel Lannin of Front street has purchased a dozen high grade pullets.

William Desmond left Tuesday for Camp Devens.

Alan Monroe spent the week-end in Danielson, Conn., with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Monroe, former residents of "The Corner." Sunday night he left for Bristol, Pa., where he will work for the government.

Louise Melville has given up her position at the Wessagusset farm and started in Monday at the Fore River plant.

Rev. D. Campbell of the Boston Bible School, and Miss Florence Sterling of Medford, spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Irving Smith of Torrey street.

Miss Nettie Mahoney and Miss Pauline O'Brien of Bridgewater Normal were the guests over the week-end of Mrs. Lund of Arlington.

Mrs. Philip M... spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Irving Gould of Everett.

Fred O'Connor has taken a position at Wessagusset farm.

A daughter was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Doyle of Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gardner spent Sunday with friends in Watertown.

Miss Hannah Roche was the week-end guest of her sister, Mrs. William Duane, in Beverly.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Oskood (Edith Blanchard) welcomed a holiday arrival, a daughter.

Mrs. George Monroe of East Braintree spent Saturday with her mother, Mrs. N. C. Nash.

Mr. John Noonan and granddaughter, Phyllis Stewart of Braintree were the guests of Mrs. Elmer Tower over the holiday.

E. P. Kelley left Thursday on a business trip to the Cape. Agnes DeRuha will have charge of the store during his absence.

J. J. Hanson of West street, who recently enlisted in the U. S. army, has been commissioned first lieutenant in the Ordnance Reserve and has been ordered to Chicago, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Abare and son, Lawrence, and Mrs. Parker of Dorchester spent the holiday with Mr. and Mrs. McLaughlin of West street.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McKenna and grandson spent the holiday with Mrs. Elmer Tower.

Miss Margaret Gardner was the week-end guest of friends in Cambridge.

The C. M. C. Girls met with Annie Clinton on Thursday evening.

James McBride has taken a position at the Fore River Plant.

Frank Desmond entertained a number of his friends Sunday evening in honor of his 21st birthday.

Mrs. Charles Pratt of Rockland visited Mrs. Elmer Tower over the holiday.

Favorable reports have been received from David Blanchard at Cornell University, N. Y.

Frank DeRusha has been transferred from N. H. Infantry of Co. G, 1st Army Headquarters Regiment in North Carolina.

"WOMAN GOD FORGOT" Geraldine Farrar, the noted prima donna, will make her debut under the Artcraft trade-mark at the Orpheum Theatre, South Weymouth, on next Monday, matinee and evening, in "The Woman God Forgot," a spectacular photodrama written especially for her by Jeanie MacPherson, and produced under the personal direction of Cecil B. deMille, the noted director.

In the few photodramas in which Geraldine Farrar has appeared, she has established herself as the leading emotional actress of the film. Her first appearance, "Carmen," and her more recent production, "Joan the Woman," have been the sensations of the photodramatic world.

Jeanie MacPherson, who wrote the story of "Joan the Woman," is also responsible for the authorship of "The Woman God Forgot," and also for Mary Pickford's recent productions, "The Little American" and "A Romance of the Redwoods."

For her theme in "The Woman God Forgot" Miss MacPherson has taken the story of a princess who sells her country for the man she loves. The whole story is taken from a chapter in the early history of America telling how the Spanish invaded Mexico and the conquest of Montezuma and his Aztecs. Geraldine Farrar is seen as Tezca, daughter of Montezuma. She falls in love with a handsome young Spaniard, which role is played by the ever-popular star, Wallace Reid.

Springtime : Springtime

Advertisement for Lamson Hubbard Hats, featuring illustrations of a man in a hat and a woman in a hat. Text includes 'CAPS', 'GLOVES', 'LAMSON HUBBARD HATS', 'SOLD BY C. R. DENBROEDER', and 'Weymouth's Clothing Furnishing Dept. 750 Broad Street'.

Advertisement for Corset Clearance Sale. Text includes 'Corset Clearance Sale', 'Odd Sizes and Discontinued Models.', 'Values \$2.00 to \$3.00 Now \$1.50', 'Values \$3.00 to \$5.00 Now \$2.35', 'Special values in Brassieres at 29c and 59c', 'The Corset Shop', 'S. E. DUNPHY, 8 Maple Street Quincy'.

Advertisement for Talbot-Quincy, Inc. featuring an illustration of a man in a military-style overcoat. Text includes 'Final Clean Up IN OVERCOATS', 'By Buying Your Overcoat This Season YOU SAVE \$5 to \$10', 'Just like putting money into the Bank', 'TALBOT-QUINCY, Inc.', 'Quincy's Leading Men's Store'.

Advertisement for W.G. Shaw Furniture. Text includes 'SAMPLE VALUES FROM SHAW'S BIG DRIVE For 500 New Customers', 'Bed, Spring and Mattress Complete', 'With Colonial Style Bed Brass Trimmed \$12.95', 'With Heavy Continuous Post Bed \$14.89', 'W.G. Shaw FURNITURE CITY SQUARE Quincy Mass'.

# 16 Pages Today

## CLUB and SOCIAL

The Monday Club will hold their regular meeting Monday, March 4, in the vestry of the Congregational church, East Weymouth, at 2.30 o'clock. Herbert Parsons, chairman of Probation Commission, will speak, and it will be a very interesting meeting as he speaks of personal experiences. A social hour will follow with light refreshments, with Mrs. H. G. Benner as hostess.

Miss Mattie S. Sampson was given a miscellaneous shower by about sixty of her friends at her home on Pond street last Friday evening.

Albert W. Mann of Brookline, a former resident of Weymouth and a member of the First Baptist church, was married Feb. 22, to Mrs. Mary Ella DeLancey of Somerville. The officiating clergyman was Rev. Frank B. Cressey, formerly of Weymouth.

Wissahickon Camp Fire Girls will meet with Miss Helen Line on Torrey street this evening.

Mrs. Claud J. Gilson, in addressing a mid-winter meeting of the Federation of Women's Clubs at the Broadway Theatre, Chelsea, Wednesday, Feb. 20, urged every woman whose husband was going across the water with the troops to buy him a wedding ring. "Every mother should give her soldier son a locket or some such remembrance that he may have it with him in moments of temptation," she said. Norman Angell spoke on "America's Policy at the Settlement; or What is America Fighting For?" Agnes Batchelder Edwards furnished musical selections.

Miss Ruth Ford is enjoying a two-weeks' vacation from her studies at the Framingham Normal school.

The engagement is announced of Abbie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Groce of Hingham and Robert R. Gay of East Weymouth.

The Misses Hazel Clark, Mary Conry, Theodore Keith and Katherine Eldridge attended the cabaret and dance given by the Professional Women's Club at the Copley Plaza Feb. 16 as guests of Mrs. Robert S. Hoffman.

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Stiles entertained a family party on Washington's Birthday. There were twenty-two relatives present and all spent a happy day and evening.

The revised schedule of the Public Library Lecture Course, announced by Librarian Charles F. D. Belden, is as follows: Thursday, Feb. 28, 7.30 P. M., "Pre-Revolutionary Boston," by Park Pressey; Sunday, March 3, at 3.30 P. M., "Ireland, the Land of the Shamrock," by Minna Elliot Tenney Peck; Thursday, March 7, 7.30 P. M., the "Passion Play at Oberammergau," by Rev. Arthur T. Connolly. All lectures are illustrated by lantern slides.

The next concert given by the South Shore Morning Musical Club will be held Thursday evening, March 7, at 8 o'clock in Cochato hall, Braintree. Miss Caroline Belcher, violin; Miss Charlotte White, cello; and Miss Gertrude Belcher, pianist, will be the artists for the evening.

A meeting of Capt. John Pulling Chapter, D. A. R. of Whitman, was held on Tuesday, Feb. 19, at the home of Mrs. A. C. Whitmarsh, South avenue. The regent, Mrs. Mattie Jenkins, presided. The first speaker of the afternoon was Mrs. Mary A. Beal of Rockland, her subject being "Conservation and What it Means." Mrs. Giles Howland of Rockland spoke on "Conservation in the Kitchen." Mrs. C. O. Taylor of Abington, a past regent of the chapter, spoke on "Food Economics."

Susannah Tufts chapter, D. A. R., held their regular meeting Monday in Pythian hall. The speaker for the afternoon was Rev. F. A. Line of South Weymouth, who gave a masterly address on "Patriotism." Miss Ellen Hall gave a pleasing piano selection. Light refreshments were served by a committee consisting of Mrs. Cora Jordan, chairman; Mrs. Harriet B. Voorhees, Mrs. Doris Poore and Mrs. Ella Sterling.

The Georgian Club met with Miss Alice Gardner Wednesday evening. The hours were spent in knitting for the soldiers after which refreshments were served.

About thirty members of the Y. P. C. U. of the Universalist church tendered Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Sargent a surprise party at their home Saturday evening. Games and refreshments were enjoyed. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. Sargent were presented with a beautiful mahogany clock.

The Weymouth Catholic Club held its regular meeting in the vestry of the Sacred Heart church, Monday evening. Mrs. Louis Lebossiere of the East Weymouth branch, Special Aid Society, outlined the plans of the food committee for a series of lessons in cooking. The address of the evening on "Woman's Part in War Service" was effectively given by Rev. J. B. Holland. William Kelley of Cambridge sang a group of ballads and patriotic songs, Edward P. Illingworth, accompanist. The committee for this meeting consisted of Mrs. Hugh Coyle, Mrs. George Smith and Mrs. Charles Y. Berry.

### ANNUAL LADIES' NIGHT

The members of the Clapp Memorial Men's Club have a rare treat in store for themselves and their lady friends, next Wednesday night, when they listen to the story of the Monitor. "The Yankee Cheese Box on a Raft," as the Rebs jokingly referred to her, from the time when she was laid down in the shipyard until the time of her ever memorable engagement with, and victory over, the Merrimac.

The story is to be told by Rev. Sam C. Bushnell, son of the man who built her, and will give the audience a glimpse behind the scenes at history not to be found in books. There will be music by the Naval Orchestra from Camp Hingham, also selections by the Men's Club Quartette.

The occasion is the annual Ladies' Night and will be the last meeting of the season.

Master George F. Shonk of Randolph street has become a first class private. He is in Co. D, 7th Machine Gun Branch, Camp Greene, N. C.

Edward E. Pratt will soon become a sergeant of 3d C. A. C. at Fort Hancock, New Jersey.

Miss Viola May Poole entertained ten of her friends Tuesday, it being her tenth birthday. Ices and cake were served.

Miss Edith M. Oldham spent the week-end at Mrs. Jeannette Pratt's at May terrace.

Miss Evelyn Grace Shonk of Randolph street entertained a few of her friends last Friday at her home, it being her thirteenth birthday.

Ellison F. Pratt spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents. He is in Co. F, 301 Ammunition Train, Camp Devens.

Miss Dorothy Peterson is ill at her home with the grip.

New shares of the South Weymouth Cooperative Bank now on sale.

Advertisement.

Donald H. Cole has answered the call to the colors by enlisting in the Medical Corps, and has reported at New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Marsh of Watertown are visiting relatives in town.

The monthly supper of the Universalist church was held in the church vestry Thursday evening, in charge of Mrs. J. Leonard Ricknell.

The entertainment consisted of a short sketch entitled "No Men Wanted," and was enacted by Mrs. Carl Eisner, Mrs. William Allen and Mrs. F. A. Line.

Stanley Richards of Quincy spent the week-end as the guest of Frederic Dyer.

Raymond Proctor, stationed at Camp Devens, spent Sunday with his parents.

Frank Russell of Union street is improving from his recent illness.

Alvin Rockwood has taken a position at the Rice & Hutchins factory, South Braintree.

Mrs. John Morris, a former resident of this place, is seriously ill with pneumonia at a Framingham hospital.

Henry Selma has resigned his position with the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. William Welch are the happy parents of a son, born Tuesday.

Mrs. William B. Nash has been spending the week with relatives in Whitman.

Stanley Blanchard of South Braintree spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Addie Blanchard, of Columbian street.

Miss Rose Murray of Park avenue is on the sick list.

Miss Evelyn Richards of Hingham spent the holiday as the guest of Miss Darthea Heald.

Arthur Sheppard has enlisted in the U. S. Marines for a term of four years. He will report for duty about the middle of March.

Kenneth Martin of the U. S. Navy has been transferred from Commonwealth Pier and is now stationed at New York.

Rev. F. A. Line addressed the D. A. R. Tuesday afternoon at their meeting at Weymouth Landing. His subject was "Christian Welfare."

Miss Doris Abbot of Albany, N. Y., has been the guest of Miss Helen Simpson this last week.

The Crawford Machine Shop are making rapid progress in remodeling their new building, formerly the Bates school on Central street.

Robert Alvord of Hartford, Conn., has been spending the week with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. H. C. Alvord.

The funeral of Edward Huff, who died Feb. 20, was held from his late home on Pine street Friday afternoon. Service was in charge of Rev. H. C. Alvord. The singing was by Mr. and Mrs. William Brunell. Burial was at Mt. Hope cemetery. Mr. Huff was 82 years of age and is survived by six children, three sons and three daughters; also several grandchildren and great-grandchildren.

Nothing special was done last week to be reported, but all work is being carried on as usual.

The largest Surgical Dressings class yet was on Thursday, Feb. 21, and many were present Tuesday, Feb. 19.

Let no one stay away as one woman did "because I'm afraid it will make me sad to go there." Serious women are doing serious work, but they are doing it with laughing voices. There are snatches of letters from our boys, stories of their laughable donigs at camp—much merriment at the mistakes which are inevitable with the work on unfamiliar garments. "Glooms" are alien enemies, but "Joys" are welcomed and persuaded to crowd into hospital shirts and children's garments to cheer up the wearers.

The treasure and trinket drive is still on, and all contributions are gladly received at the store of G. H. Hunt.

The systematic givings is proving a success and new ones are enlisting right along.

Food conservation is a popular subject for discussion at the meetings, and one member brought in some cup cakes and tiny tarts to show what could be done by using substitutes for wheat flour and lard. The articles were pronounced exceedingly good and many expressed a desire to give further study to this subject.

The fire alarm at the Heights last Thursday evening called Hose 7 to extinguish a grass fire in the field at the rear of the First church, and although it was making good headway, the flames were soon checked.

The people at the Heights regret very much to hear of the sickness and death of Richard Bolles, formerly of this place. The late Mr. Bolles with his wife and two daughters were residing in Guam, Mr. Bolles being stationed at the U. S. Naval Headquarters, but they had only lived there a short time when Mr. Bolles found it necessary to go to Berkeley, Cal., for his health. Mr. Bolles passed away Feb. 21.

The visiting committee of the First church held their regular monthly business meeting at the home of Mrs. Albert Newcomb on Monday afternoon. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. J. C. Nash on Monday afternoon, March 25.

The Weymouth Heights "knitting bee" is scheduled to meet at the home of Mr. W. E. Ames of East Weymouth on Saturday evening.

Miss Bertha C. Nash was a guest of relatives in Quincy on Sunday.

The teachers of the Old North Sunday School will hold a business meeting at the home of the superintendent, Mrs. P. T. Pearson, this evening.

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J. E. MULLIGAN, New-Business Manager.

## Living Room Furniture

### That You Will Be Proud To Own

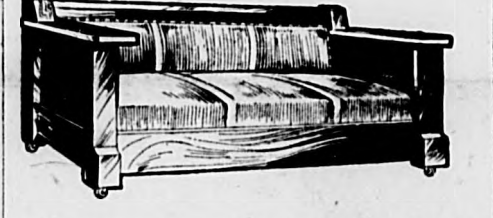
Four values are listed here that you should not let pass by. Picked from one of the largest and best assorted stocks that you can find in New England. See these fine values Thursday mornning.

**Tapestry Arm Chair or Rocker \$23**



These handsome pieces have a heavy mahogany frame, with full box seat spring cushions. The shades in the covering will harmonize with almost any colors that you now have, or intend to have in your rooms.

**\$55 PARLOR-BED Davenport \$43**



Frames are massively built of solid white oak stock. They have full spiral spring seats. The covering is best brown artificial leather. Comes complete with soft felt mattresses. Oak or fumed finishes. Makes a full size bed when opened.

**"Mule Skin" Covered Oak Frame Couch \$32**



A piece of furniture that ALL the family will enjoy using. Covering is very heavy muleskin that will wear better than most genuine leather. Spiral spring construction rests on a solid oak frame.

**SPECIAL**  
A 4-piece fumed living room set. The divan, arm chair, rocker and library table in Jacobean style. Tapestry box now only \$47. Regular price \$58.

**KINCAIDE'S**  
1495 HANCOCK STREET QUINCY  
"Good Furniture"

**Weymouth Savings Bank**

The annual meeting of the Weymouth Savings Bank corporation will be held at its Banking-rooms on **TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1918** At 7.30 o'clock, P. M.

for the election of officers and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before said meeting.

The quarterly meeting of the Trustees will be held on the same day at the close of the annual meeting.

JOHN P. HUNT, Clerk  
Feb. 25, 1918. 2t 9,10

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

### HAVE YOU SEEN THE NEW IRON WEARER SHOE?

GENUINE RAW HIDE  
For Little Gents, Boys, Youths and Men.  
**ASK TO SEE THEM**

Just received the New Spring and Summer Samples from International Tailoring Co.  
**MADE TO MEASURE, \$20 UP**

The Elite Shoe  
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WEYMOUTH, MASS.  
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A warm glowing heat just when and where you want it.

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**WEYMOUTH TRUST CO.**  
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## SUBSTITUTES

As to Flour and Substitutes it looks as if we would have to resort to the book of Professor "O How Wise" on **What To Do—and—How To Do It**. Buy Substitutes. Use Substitutes. They are good for your Health.

**Hunt's Market Grocery**  
Washington Square, Weymouth  
Telephones, 551-W and 152

Send the Gazette to your Soldier Friend

# HOUSE IMPROVED BY BRICK PORCH

Expense of Its Addition Is Warranted by the Extra Value Given to Property.

SPECIAL EFFECTS MADE EASY

Color Range of Materials to Be Employed Is Practically Unlimited—Well to Have Foundation Wall and Chimneys in Similar Design.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

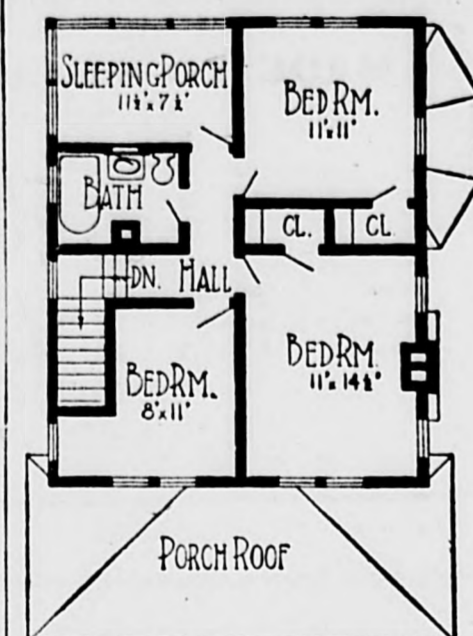
Everyone is aware of the possibility of greatly improving houses by the addition of a neat brick porch. There is, perhaps, no better method of altering a house to improve its appearance than that of adding a brick porch. As a rule a brick porch may be built on any house without involving a great deal of expense other than that of building the porch itself. It is not necessary to reconstruct a part of the house in order to make the new porch look right. The increased value given the property by the greatly improved appearance of the house is usually sufficient to warrant the expense incurred in the construction of the brick porch.

Many people favor the brick-porch idea to the extent that when the design for their new house is drawn up a brick porch is included as one of the most important features of exterior finish. There are a great many possibilities in face brick, from a decorative standpoint. The advancement which has been made during recent years in the brick industry is interesting. The use of brick as a building material dates back beyond the oldest pyramid. The manufacture of brick may be traced down through the ages with only one serious break—immediately after the fall of the Roman empire—when the brick which had already been made were re-used for a

of English bond, Flemish bond and other special methods of laying, together with the use of colored mortar, relieves the monotony of the more common methods of laying up brickwork. Provided with these possibilities, it is not strange that brick has found the favor which is expressed by its increasing popularity.

In the design of a house intended to have a brick porch it is usually found that a greatly improved appearance may be obtained by also including the chimneys and foundation wall from grade up to the sills of the house in the brickwork. When an outbuilt chimney is used this effect is particularly marked. In order to bring out the desired contrast in color effect, it is usually the custom to paint the house white and use white stone or concrete for the caps of columns and rails. This treatment makes the brickwork stand out and also gives the house a neat, well-kept appearance.

The design shown in the accompanying illustrations is an interesting example of the pleasing effect which may be obtained by using a brick porch and outbuilt brick chimney in connection with a frame house. Although simplicity is the keynote in the design, and

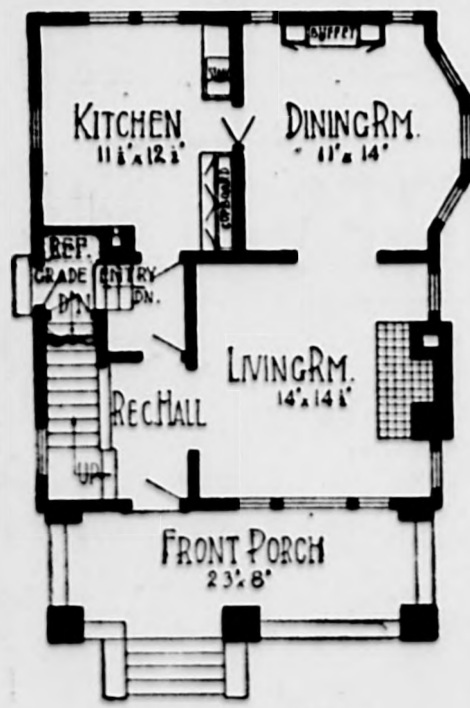


convenience has been given considerable weight, the artistic element is not lacking. Use has been made of the method of finishing the house in white, in the view shown in the perspective, and this view also shows the added touch which may be obtained by finishing the window sash in some dark color. The appearance of the hip roof is pleasing in this design, and this type of roof has the added advantage that all of the upper floor rooms may be full height without carrying the room to excessive height. A small dor-



time without any new material being produced.

The development which is most interesting to the average man is that which affects the appearance of the brick. Although some of the specimens of the earliest brickwork show that processes were known at that time whereby the faces of the brick could be decorated in beautiful colors, the practice seems to have fallen into disuse as time passed on, for only a few decades ago the brick used in common construction was anything other than beautiful. The modern builder,



however, finds in brick one of the most adaptable of building materials. The possible color range includes almost the whole scale from black to white. Various mixed color effects are available. The texture may vary from a glassy smoothness and polish to a very rough finish. Although bricks are made in standard sizes, it is possible to obtain special sizes for the purpose of producing special effects. The method of laying the bricks is also a means of producing artistic effects; the use

# SCRAPS OF HUMOR



A NEAR CALAMITY.

Little Mary was being initiated into the wonders of the Pullman car. She and her mother left the city late in the afternoon, each occupying a big cushioned seat in the car. Mary wished to know at once where they were to sleep, and after five hours' explanation by her mother she realized that they were to sleep in a bed made over their seats, which would be completed by the porter about nine o'clock.

At the next stop a man entered the car and Mary was forced to give up her individual seat to him. He had reserved the upper berth, which she did not know. The giving up of the seat was for a time, enough food for thought, but she finally burst out with the question:

"Mamma, if we sleep here, and all those other people sleep where they are sitting, where is that man going to sleep?"

"That man" and the rest in the car laughed. The explanation process began all over again.—Indianapolis News.

### Melodrama.

"He's a calculating villain." "Quite right. Observe. He moves apart and mumbles to himself." "Ha! We now see him calculating."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### Almost Good.

Ripp—What kind of a screen artist is he? Rapp—He can draw anything but a salary, and make anything but a living.—Film Fun.

### SURER THING.



"Hear you've given up your regular practice?"

"Yes; I've been appointed official surgeon of the Auto club, and I have about as much as I can attend to."

### Music's Charms.

Oh, music's charms will serve, they say. Rude indignations to disperse; But some musicians when they play Contrive to make the matter worse.

### How She Got It.

"Mrs. Cashit has a great deal of embonpoint, don't you think so, Mrs. Compout?" "Yes; she always was great on them forrin fads."

### Pleasant Anticipation.

"Tea or coffee?" demanded the bustling waitress.

He smiled benignly. "Don't tell me; let me guess," he whispered.—Stray Stories.

### Quite So.

Wife—The photographer you sent out here simply snapped the children and the house, and then went off. He—I see. A case of snap and go.

### Grateful Praise.

"Well, dear, how does my record compare so far with your mother's?" "Your fusses are nothing like the ones mother used to make."

### An Odd Storehouse.

"The feast at the club was seasoned with its well-known Attic salt." "How queer! We keep ours in the kitchen."

### The Perfect Food.

"There are five classes of food—proteins, carbohydrates, fats, minerals and water." "You get 'em all in hash."

### Fact.

The goose is very foolish. And frivolous is the monk. But when it comes to a lot of scents Give me the lowly skunk.

### The Lure of Verbiage.

"Some questions are never answered." "True. A great deal of discussion is like saying, 'Polly want a cracker?' to a purrot. The purrot hands it back and the conversation goes on indefinitely over a cracker that nobody cared about in the first place."

# BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

## SCOUTS ARE GROWING FAST

On December 21 the records of the Boy Scouts of America showed 287,257 registered scouts in good standing, as compared with 199,344 on the same day one year previous.

There were 13,413 troops in good standing, as compared with 9,788 one year ago.

Fully 76,957 men are serving as volunteer scout officials—12,204 scoutmasters, 13,973 assistant scoutmasters, 50,818 as members of troop committees or local councils and as commissioners or other scout officials.

Comparison of the records shows that the membership has practically doubled within two years, and the increase in the number of troops has been nearly as large in proportion.

To deal with this group of 364,214 men and boys there are less than 300 men engaged in scout work professionally.

The Boy Scouts of America was incorporated February 8, 1910, and was chartered by congress June 15, 1916.

## HELP TO EXTEND SCOUTING.

Two officers of the national council of the Boy Scouts of America, at great personal sacrifice, have visited Chicago and Boston to help stimulate interest in boy scout campaigns.

Treasurer George D. Pratt is vice president of the Brooklyn Borough Scout council, but his interest in the local work is not confined to his own city. He took a very active part in the intensive development of scouting on the Pacific coast for several years. He has now been in Chicago in connection with the inauguration of their financial campaign.

Mr. Mortimer L. Schiff went to Boston for a similar purpose. He has made such trips to other cities in the past. Mr. Schiff also takes a keen interest in the work in New York city, where he is interested in Troop One Hundred and Twenty-one and other troops.

## CAN BE A PIONEER SCOUT.

There are thousands of boys from the backwoods of Maine to the ranches of California, and from the Everglades of Florida to the plains of the great Northwest, who have not joined the Boy Scouts of America, because of the impracticability of organizing troops in their home towns. For such boys—and only such boys—who find it impossible to be active members of troops, provisions have been made for enrolling them as Pioneer Scouts.

A Pioneer Scout is admitted to membership upon written application on a form provided by the national council, which tells what he must do. His obligations are the same as those of the active scouts who are members of troops. He receives a certificate of membership in the same way as members of regular troops.

## SCOUTS AID THE POSTMEN.

Wheeling boy scouts were given an opportunity to aid Uncle Sam during Christmas holidays in a manner which has never been resorted to there before. The scouts went out on the trucks delivering parcel post packages and aided the driver in disposing of his load.

This enabled the employees of the post office to prevent the congestion that has occurred in the past. The scouts' efforts were both successful and pleasing to those in charge of the mail distribution, and in all cases the boys have been found absolutely honest.

## BOY SCOUTS IN SOD HOUSE.

The clubhouse of troop No. 1 of Hebron, Neb., was built by the scouts under the supervision of a pioneer of the sod-house days on the prairie. The walls are about sixteen inches thick, laid up in strips of sod with the joints overlapping.

Over the rafters poles is a layer of willow brush, then a layer of grass and then a layer of sod for the roof. It is rainproof, is cool in the summer time, warm in winter and very cozy inside. The floor is about a foot below the level of the ground and is covered with clean sand. It has attracted much attention.

## ROTARIANS ADOPT BOY SCOUTS.

Arrangements are being made by the Rotary club of Camden to raise \$10,000 to help the boy scout movement. The boys have been "adopted" by the club and the Rotarians are going to see that they will want for nothing. Both organizations are based on service and the Rotarians are a sort of senior scouts.

## GOOD TURNS BY SCOUTS.

Scouts at Abilene, Tex., helped the chamber of commerce in promoting a municipal water system and in locating a mechanical and agricultural college here.

The Woman's Patriotic association of Butte, Mont., is sending old clothing to France for the use of needy men, women and children and babies of that country. Boy scouts call at the residences in the city and carry the clothing to the headquarters of the Patriotic association.

# DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

## THE BANDED OCELOT.

"Far down in South America and Central America lives the banded ocelot," said Daddy.

"Gracious!" exclaimed the children. "What in the world is the banded ocelot? Is it an animal, a fish, fowl, or what? We've no idea. We've never heard of one."

"Mr. Banded Ocelot's name was Tommy."

"Sounds as though he might be a cat, if only he hadn't such a peculiar name," said Nick.

"He never could be a cat with a name like that," said Nancy, shaking her head. "Why in the world was he named Tommy?"

"He is a cousin of the cat family," said Daddy.

"Really!" exclaimed the children. "And with that awfully big, queer name. Not that it's so big but it's so queer."

"Of course not the Tommy part," added Nick, "only the other name—banded ocelot. It's mighty hard to say, I think."

"That's just what the banded ocelot thought," said Daddy, "and so he had all his friends and relations call him Tommy."

"Soon the friends and relations chose names like his which were simple and which they liked very much."



"Who Said You Were Interesting?" Asked Kitty.

There was one named Tiger, one named Puss, Kitty, Lucifer, Mrs. Coal and Snow.

"They were names which they had heard had been given to their cousins, the cats."

"It's so much nicer," said Tommy, "to be called by a good, friendly name. Somehow there is nothing at all friendly, nor even sociable about the family name of banded ocelot. But then cats are always called by special names, and not just called cat, so we should be allowed nice extra names anyhow."

"I'm really rather an interesting animal, when one comes to think of it," he continued.

"Who is coming to think of it?" asked Kitty.

"I mean when I come to think of it," said Tommy.

"You've been here all the time. What do you mean by saying you have come to think of it? From where have you come? From where? I repeat. You're putting on airs and pretending you've been away for a journey when you've not moved from home."

"Don't get so excited, Kitty, you remind me of our other cousins. When a creature says he has come to think of a certain thing he means that he has just arrived at the point where it is thinking about it, that's all."

"A lot of senseless words about nothing at all," said Kitty, snarling.

"Purr, my love, purr," said Tommy. "There's nothing to get excited about. Have a cat-nap."

"What's that?" asked Kitty. She liked the sound of the word nap.

"It's a sort of sleep enjoyed by our honored cousins, the cats."

"Haven't we any ocelot naps?" asked Kitty.

"To be sure," said Tommy, "but it's so much easier to say cat-nap. It means a nice little snooze with one eye half-open ready for anything that may happen—from a morsel of food or a bowl of milk or an adventure and a wild chase."

"I know about such naps," said Kitty, as she purred. "I've had many a one myself."

"I haven't told you why I was an interesting animal," said Tommy.

"Who said you were interesting?" asked Kitty.

"You'd better say so, for if you don't you are saying you're not interesting. You belong to the same family. If you say I am interesting, you are saying you are, too."

"Then I will say so," said Kitty, who loved to be admired.

"I am half-way between a tiger and a cat, and no other creature is just like me—except all my banded ocelot cousins. I purr and me-ow like a cat; I am wild at times like a tiger. I am a mixture of both and so I am very interesting. I belong to a wild, wild family and to the most domestic of all creatures—the household cat."

"And all the banded ocelots who were listening purred as they agreed with Tommy, and said 'Me-ow, what you say is true.'"

## Wise Wisher.

He is great who can do what he wishes; he is wise who wishes to do what he can.

# WEYMOUTH Savings Bank.

CHARLES A. HAYWARD, President. CHARLES T. CRANE, Treasurer.

Vice-Presidents: EDWARD W. HUNT JAMES M. FLINT

Board of Investment: CHARLES A. HAYWARD CLARENCE P. WHITTLE EDWARD W. HUNT ARTHUR E. PRATT CHARLES G. SHEPPARD

Bank Hours—9 to 12 A. M., 1:30 to 4 P. M., 6:30 to 8 Monday Evenings, and 9 to 12 A. M. Saturdays.

Deposits placed on interest on the first Monday of January, April, July and October.

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of being a subscriber to this paper is that you and your family become attached to it. The paper becomes a member of the family and its coming each week will be as welcome as the arrival of anyone that's dear. It will keep you informed on the doings of the community and the bargains of the merchants regularly advertised will enable you to save many times the cost of the subscription.

**No Raise In Price Of This Great Remedy**

**CASCARA QUININE**

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**No Light on the Subject.**  
"Who is the author of the saying, 'Meeting the devil before day?' asks a correspondent of the Adams Enterprise, and the editor replies: "Dunno. Sometimes we are under the impression that we said it ourselves, after we had successfully dodged a well-aimed kerosene lamp on a 3 a. m. stairway."

**No Older Than Your Face.**  
Is true in most cases. Then keep your face fair and young with Cuticura Soap and touches of Cuticura Ointment as needed. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." Sold by druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

**Two Classes of Women.**  
In this country the women are divided into two main classes—those who don't believe all their husbands tell them and those who haven't any husbands.—Indianapolis News.

The top of a new table is hinged to fold back and reveal a writing desk with its usual accessories.

**"The Calf"**  
By Jessie M. Robinson

Bob Marston verily haunted the library rooms of the state university. Not that he was avid for learning. The little amber-haired lady seated at the librarian's desk was the magnet which drew him. Notwithstanding that Clara Brownlee was a college graduate, that she was being wooed by Professor Nicholls, A. B., and that Bob felt that she was as far above him as the Goddess Minerva was to the plebeian Greek, Bob still aspired to become her chosen one. Bob was a hero on the gridiron, but two years plodding at the university had failed to bring out any great mental brilliancy. He was well aware that on the campus he had been dubbed "The Calf" because of his mooring proclivities, but he was too deeply in love to mind ridicule.

This morning Clara's brown eyes met his blue ones inquiringly, and she smiled at the tall, gangling youth, with his shock of black hair, came toward her desk.

"Miss Brownlee, I should like to find something about the Gastropoda," he said bravely, while consulting his notebook.

"You asked that yesterday—don't you remember? It is in Volume II, page 596, third shelf, Encyclopaedia Britannica." Was the curt response of his ladylove.

Bob sheepishly stumbled over toward the shelves. He had looked up



Sped Through Sweet Air.

another question for today and read the wrong one, but it mattered not. He hurriedly pretended to write in his notebook. After what seemed to him ages and ages, he sauntered casually back to Clara's desk. She paid no attention to him so long as there were other students asking for books, but finally they had all gone but Bob, and she turned to him rather impatiently.

"Miss Brownlee, you get every other Saturday afternoon off, don't you? Won't you—go out with me in the car tomorrow afternoon?" he half stammered.

"I'm sorry, Bob, but I must go to a librarian's meeting in the afternoon, and in the evening I have promised to go to a lecture on 'Ethical Culture' with Professor Nicholls."

"Hang Nicholls!" thought Bob. "Well, make it two weeks from tomorrow?" persisted he.

"That is a far time ahead, but," seeing his keen disappointment, "I will try to go then."

However, fortune favored Bob, for at seven o'clock that evening he was called to the phone, and the liquid voice of Miss Brownlee thrilled over the wire:

"The librarian's meeting has been postponed, so if we can get home early and if you wish it, I shall be glad to go with you tomorrow."

As the big car chugged away from the curb the next day, with its pretty passenger in white linen, Bob was supremely happy. Whirling along the boulevard, Bob could hardly wait to tell her his news.

"I am going to quit the university. Miss Brownlee. No use trying to plug away any longer. Mother wanted to make a lawyer of me, but dad has at last decided to take me into business, and so I am going into partnership with him this week. Now, Clara—"

"Oh, I see; you're engaged," commented Bob, bitterly rude.

Clara tightened her lips, and the silence that fell about them was appalling, especially to Bob, who liked vivacity and conversation. She was nothing but a flirt after all, but he could not help loving her. He formed a wild scheme. He would elope with the lady.

"Bah, Bob Marston, you're the silly calf they call you on the campus," he finally concluded. "If Clara is unwilling, what's the use. I suppose the old highbrow is more to her taste."

"We're going to enjoy the afternoon together, anyhow," he said aloud, with little spirit, and inwardly resolved to travel as many miles as he dared.

"Of course we are, you foolish boy. I am so glad that you are going into business, Bob," said she, resuming the former conversation. "I am sure you will be a success."

Bob shut his lips together and gazed glaring ahead.

"Where are we going?" asked Clara. "To the end of the world, I hope," he replied glumly.

Bob turned the machine off the boulevard into a forest road overhung with immense pines, and for miles they sped through the sweet, resinous air.

At last Bob spoke. "My Aunt Mary lives down this road. It can't be far from here. Shall we stop and see her? She may have some strawberries and cream for us."

"I'm sure I should be delighted," responded Clara, in a tone which indicated that any digression would be a relief.

"By the way, my aunt married a college professor. He is retired now on account of poor eyesight."

It seemed to Bob as they stopped at his aunt's gate that her modest home among the pines was more of a little paradise than he had ever known it to be before, and he hoped it might not seem so to Clara. But undoubtedly it did, as her exclamations of delight at frequent intervals testified.

Clara went to see his aunt's garden of wild flowers, successfully transplanted from the woods, while Bob stayed in the cool, old-fashioned parlor with the half-blind professor.

"Wouldn't you like to live in the city?" Bob heard her ask his aunt as they appeared in the doorway.

"Oh, no, my dear," replied Aunt Mary. "It is so much lovelier and more quiet out here, and we are not afraid with Bruno," affectionately patting a large collie. "Besides, we have close neighbors, and they are always willing to help."

"Bring Miss Brownlee again," urged his aunt, as they climbed into the auto, ready to depart.

"Yes, I should love to come," said Clara, as Bob sulkily forbore to reply.

"How happy they seem!" sighed Clara, as they drove down the road.

"Oh, of course, life with a professor is always happy," sneered Bob, sorry he had shown her his aunt's idyllic existence and thus enhanced his rival's cause.

"Oh, why do you—"

But Clara never finished her sentence, for as they made a sharp turn a long-legged calf, standing awkwardly in the middle of the road, loomed upon their startled sight. The frightened animal was only a few feet away, and Bob tried in vain to stop the machine. He turned sharply to the left, and the next instant the great car swerved on its side into the ditch, while the calf went bawling off into the woods. Clara, half laughing and half crying, clung frantically to Bob, but to their mutual astonishment they had both remained in their seats.

"My darling, are you hurt?" futilely questioned Bob, who was well aware of those soft arms clinging about his neck.

"No, dear, are you?" half echoed Clara.

The "dear" did not escape Bob, and he proceeded to shower the little upturned face with kisses. He was in heaven for a few moments, and then woke up.

"I forgot. Can you forgive me? You are engaged—"

**Masquerading**  
By Vincent Perry

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Chester Hall carefully arranged his skirts as he settled in the big comfortable chair among the palms, took a powder puff and mirror from his vanity bag and coolly powdered his nose. After making quite sure that his hair was on straight and his ear-rings were not coming off, he put his neatly slipped feet out, displaying more than a foot of silk hose, and sat back, fanning himself contentedly. Although from all appearances he was the personification of serenity, a fire of resentment burned within him. He was an idiot to have allowed the boys to persuade him to come to the masquerade in that costume, he thought. Masquerading as a female in college theatricals was all right, but it was a different thing at a dance. For the first time in his career he was experiencing what it was to be a wallflower, and it more than galled him.

If only he were not such a good impersonator and had not a reputation as such to keep up! If he hadn't deceived every girl in the place it would have been so awkward, but things had gone so far that he wouldn't unmask under any circumstances. Believing he was a girl, none of the girls would dance with him, and the boys were in the joke and wouldn't waste a dance on him. Besides, he didn't care for a dance with a boy; what pleasure would there be in that?

But the most galling part of it all was the presence, or the expected presence, of the girl he had been waiting



"Who Are You?"

months to meet. When he thought of that the fanning stopped. If he had known she was going to be there a million dollars would not have tempted him to appear in that costume. He had wanted to make a good impression the first time they met, and if he was introduced to her as he was she would think at once that he was an idiot and would have nothing further to do with him. Her letters would stop, and everything would be over. Even her brother Bob, his chum and roommate, would not be able to fix it up, he was sure. What kind of friend was Bob, anyway, to let him come dressed as a girl, and not tell him Murial was going to be there until they arrived and it was too late to back out? But he couldn't feel bitter toward Bob, for it was through him he had got into correspondence with Murial, and her letters had been the most interesting part of his college life. If he could get away without revenging who he was it would be all right, but he was anxious to have a look at Bob's sister before he left. If she was anything like her picture she was a beauty. Apparently she wasn't on the floor, for the position he had taken gave him a full view of the ballroom, and he was sure he would recognize her the minute his eyes lit upon her.

The music was wonderful and Chester could hardly keep his feet still. Oh, what would he have given to have had that two-step with Murial. If that air kept up he couldn't keep off the floor much longer, he thought. There was no partner about, but if some one didn't come and ask him to dance he would get out and do a solo.

A faint cough beside him caused him to look up. A very slender young man dropped into the seat next to him. As their eyes met Chester dropped his; he had to remember his role. But the one glance had been sufficient to size up the young man. He was a gawk and it was his first time out, Chester could see. The dress suit looked out of place on him, and he felt out of place in it. He was too shy to ask any of the girls to dance—but how he could stay out of it with music like that, Chester couldn't see. Here was his opportunity to have a dance and at the same time help the gawk get over his shyness.

He rose, smiled in the boy's face, and said, as coyly as he could:

"Please be my partner for the next dance."

It wasn't the proper thing for a

young lady to do, but Chester was sure the gawk wouldn't know that. He had seen shy boys in his life, but this one was shyer than he had ever imagined a boy could be. Although Chester put out his arm invitingly, the fellow stood in embarrassed bewilderment. The music was as entrancing as ever, and Chester couldn't stay off the floor any longer. Before the young man could stammer refusal he was whirled onto the floor, and he had to dance to save his feet from being trampled. After Chester had stepped on his toes a number of times, the gawk seemed to realize what was expected of him, and before the second time around he was dancing very well.

So far so good, Chester thought. But it was his duty to break this young fellow into the methods to employ with the fair sex. With this in view he started to chatter gaily in the sweetest effeminate tone he could assume, but the boy wouldn't talk, and Chester was exasperated. The music stopped and Chester applauded loudly for an encore. His partner stood like the gawk Chester thought he was, and he felt like kicking him. When they started out on the encore he thought of another course of action. It would be a shame to let such a good dancer become a fixture.

"You chump! Why don't you talk?" he said in his natural voice. "If you expect to get in soft with the girls you'll have to talk a little. Girls hate to dance with a block of wood, even though they can dance as well as you can. You are a splendid dancer, and if you could only talk the girls would take you up in no time."

The look of horror on his partner's face made Chester feel like stopping for a good laugh, but instead he explained: "I am a boy dressed up as a girl, and I'm having the time of my life. Why didn't you wear a fancy costume?"

"You didn't seem to be enjoying it much." The boy spoke for the first time, and apparently he was suffering from a cold.

"I was a little in the dumps when you came, I'll confess," Chester laughingly answered. "I wish I had worn another costume. I'm too good at female impersonating, that is the trouble, and I was shut out of all the dances, because none of the girls are on to it that I am a boy. Besides, the Only Girl is here tonight, and I wanted to make a good impression. I won't be able to meet her now because of this costume."

"Why not?"

"Because she doesn't know I'm such an idiot. You see, I have never met her. I have just written to her, and got letters back. She's my roommate's sister, and the finest little girl on earth."

"I'd like to meet her."

Chester gasped. The gawk was leaning fast. Before he could speak again the encore had ended and his partner had led him back to the palms. The boy sat down in the chair, apparently exhausted.

"You silly thing, get up. I'm supposed to be a girl, and—" but Chester finished with an exclamation of surprise. A curl was hanging down from the "boy's" head. The straight black hair was a wig.

"You're a girl!" Chester gasped.

"And you're a boy," the girl laughed. "Who are you?"

But before the girl could answer Bob Morrifield, Chester's chum, came from behind a big palm and introduced them.

"So you are Murial, and heard all I said about you," Chester groaned, after he recovered sufficiently to find voice.

"Yes; but what does it matter?" Murial smiled. "This waltz is going to be a splendid one. I have my curls tucked up, so if you will let me lead you to the floor I'll promise to talk a little."

**Interesting Relics of Stone Age.**  
Fifteen human skeletons were unearthed near Osaka, Japan. This is considered the birthplace of Japanese civilization. Of the relics of the Japanese stone age, discovered by Professor Okushi, nine of the skeletons were in perfect preservation, all bones being intact. It rarely happens, according to scientific records, that so many perfect skeletons are discovered in one place. Among indications that people of that period lived on uncooked food is the fact that upper and lower teeth are evenly worn down. Decayed teeth are not found. Some of these skeletons stand seven feet high. Skeletons were found in a lying position, with knees drawn up. Without doubt, these people belonged to the stone age in Japan—30,000 years ago, at least. While making the excavation, stone implements, earthenware and two copper arrowheads were found. It is thought this find may establish a link between the stone and bronze ages in prehistoric Japan. This discovery revolutionizes archeological theories of prehistoric Japan.—East and West News.

**Runs in the Family.**  
"Would you consider Dulwaine a safe man to advise me about some investments?"

"That depends on what you want to invest in. If I were going to buy a motor car or a private yacht I would consult Dulwaine. If I were planning to invest in something that would pay me dividends I would not only keep it a profound secret from Dulwaine, but I would be afraid to trust one of his most distant relatives."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

**All for Art.**  
Mother—I saw you sitting on that young man's knee last night.  
Daughter—Well, you see, mother, that was my artist friend and I was just giving him a few—er—sittings.—Cartoons.

**Have You Tasted "SALADA" TEA**

If not, there is a treat in store for you.

Sold only in metal packets NEVER IN BULK

**Scenes of Prosperity Are Common in Western Canada**

The thousands of U. S. farmers who have accepted Canada's generous offer to settle on homesteads or buy farm land in her provinces have been well repaid by bountiful crops of wheat and other grains.

Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre—get \$2 a bushel for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre you are bound to make money—that's what you can do in Western Canada.

In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta you can get a **HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES FREE** and other land at very low prices.

During many years Canadian wheat fields have averaged 20 bushels to the acre—many yields as high as 45 bushels to the acre. Wonderful crops also of Oats, Barley, and Flax.

Mixed Farming is as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools, churches, markets convenient, climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to

Max & Emily 71 Front St. Berlin, Mass.; J. E. L'Esperance, 1136 Elm St. Manchester, N. H.; & Assisi, Souderton, Pa. Canadian Government Agents

WANTS

And other classified "Ads" are inserted in this column at 25c for four lines. Cash should accompany all one-time "Ads."

LOST

Lost An opportunity to rent my house because I did not advertise in The Gazette and Transcript.

FOUND

Found The best medium to get results from classified "Ads"—the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript.

WANTED

Woman Wanted Woman to do washing for family of two, on Mondays if possible. Apply to Isaac Sexton, 141 Pleasant View avenue, off Quincy avenue, Tel. Braintree 431M. 9.1t

House Wanted Wanted, by American couple with girl 8 years, small house or small apartment with all improvements accessible to Fore River. Mrs. A. Carman, 20 Hill street, Dorchester. Phone Dorchester 4454M. 9.1t

Girls Wanted Girls at George H. Bicknell Co., Weymouth. 7.1t

Men Wanted To sew filled fertilizer bags. Steady employment. Bradley Fertilizer Works, North Weymouth, Mass. 49 tf

FOR RENT

To Let Space for automobile, one minute from Washington Square, Weymouth. Rent \$3.00 per month. Telephone, Wey. 307-W or Wey. 51. 8, 2t

Tenement to Let Tenement at 185 Front street, six rooms, large attic, bath and hot water heat. Garden space and fruit trees. Apply to F. H. Harris, 187 Front street, Weymouth. 4.1t

Tenement to Let Six room tenement all modern improvements. Apply to Dr. J. H. Libby, 691 Broad street, East Weymouth. 2.1t

To Let Tenement suitable for small family. For further information inquire at 833 Commercial street, East Weymouth or telephone Wey. 378W. 3.1t

FOR SALE

Horses for Sale Three horses for tip cart work. Apply to Pray & Kelley, Weymouth. 47.1t

MISCELLANEOUS

Multigraph Letters The Gazette and Transcript is now equipped to do Multigraph work in any quantities. Only a few hours necessary to get out big order. Our telephone call is Weymouth 145. 12.1t

COA ICE WOOD GRAIN HAY

J. F. & W. H. CUSHING CO. 119 Middle St., East Weymouth. Telephone 266-W OFFICE OPEN, 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M. No Ice Sold on Sunday.

CARD OF THANKS

Thomas J. Terry, "Somewhere in France," wishes to thank all those who sent him a package. In a recent letter he tells how glad he was to receive 15 packages, many from the good old town of East Weymouth. To be remembered so far away shows we are not forgotten by those we left at home.

CARD OF THANKS

We acknowledge with deep appreciation the kind expressions of sympathy shown by our friends at this time of our bereavement. FRANK W. RICHARDS, FRED L. RICHARDS, Feb. 28, 1918.

BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING, 17 Commercial St., Weymouth. (Advertisement)

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CHURCH NOTES

UNION CHURCH

Weymouth and East Braintree Morning worship next Sunday at 10.30. The minister will preach on the subject, "What is expected of reverence." Sunday School will meet at 12 o'clock. Communion at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Union Lenten services under the auspices of the Braintree Federation of Churches will be held on Tuesday evening at 7.45, at the homes of Mr. Smith, 136 Hayward street, and Mr. Hill, 57 Liberty street. Subject: "What Kind of a Neighbor am I?"

The Ladies' Benevolent Society will meet in the church parlors next Wednesday afternoon at 2.30. The regular supper of the Social Club will be held Wednesday evening at 6.30, to be followed by a social evening.

The regular mid-week prayer meeting will be held at the home of Miss Martha A. Loud, 87 Commercial street, Weymouth, and will consider the topic, "The Issues of the Heart."

FIRST CHURCH

Weymouth Heights Communion will be observed at the Sunday morning service, "Victory in Christ for the Individual and the Group." You are welcome. Take any seat. "Can Jesus Save Nations?" 7.30 P. M. Come.

The meeting Thursday, March 6, at 7.45 P. M., will be at the home of Alan C. Emery. "Christian Duty and Privilege" will be the topic of the consecration meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. Sunday evening at 6.30, leader Mrs. Ruth Lunt.

Robert Bates will take charge of the Junior C. E. consecration meeting Sunday afternoon at 3.45. Topic, "Peace, a Fruit of the Spirit."

EPISCOPAL

Trinity church, Weymouth, Rev. William Hyde, rector, at the 10.30 A. M. service next Sunday the holy communion will be administered and the rector will preach on "The Life Work of the Christian." The Friday evening service this week will be at the residence of Mrs. Reed on Dobson road, East Braintree. Rector Hyde preaches at North Easton every Thursday evening.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL

East Weymouth Rev. J. Homer Slutz, minister. Sunday morning service at 10.30. Pulpit will be supplied by the Rev. Logan A. Truitt, Church Bible school at noon. Epworth League at 6 o'clock. Evening service at 7 o'clock. Tuesday evening prayer meeting at 7.30. M. P. Ford, leader. Thursday evening at 6.30 there will be a supper and entertainment by the Ladies' Social Circle.

Friday evening monthly business meeting of the Epworth League at Velma Abbott's.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Tingley, pastor, residence, 91 Broad street. Sunday morning worship with sermon at 10.30. The Lord's Supper administered at 11.45. Sunday School at 12. Junior C. E. meeting at 4. Senior C. E. meeting at 6. Evening service at 7. Subject: The Church School. Reports of delegates to the Boston South Sunday School Association. Prayer and social service Thursday evening at 7.45.

An offering will be taken at the morning service, Sunday, for the Belgian Relief Fund. "Strangers and all in the town with" out a church home are cordially invited to worship with us. Seats free.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

20 Greenleaf Street, Quincy. Morning service and Sunday School at 10.45; subject: "Christ Jesus." Golden Text: Romans 8:1. "There is therefore now no condemnation to them which are in Christ Jesus, who walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit." Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock, a testimony and experience meeting is held. The reading room, in Hancock building, City square, is open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 11 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon.

THE UNITED SERVICES

The Old South church was again well filled last Sunday for the union service at which Rev. Fred A. Linge preached upon "Things Worth Fighting For," the other pastors assisting. Resolutions approving the Prohibitory Amendment were passed at the morning service, the Men's Class, and the Young People's evening service.

Next Sunday at 10.30 the three churches meet again at the Old South church, uniting in a service of worship which will culminate in the joint observance of the Communion of the Lord's Supper. Rev. Henry Alvord will be the preacher. Others than communicants are cordially welcome to this morning service.

Over 300 more at the Sunday school last Sunday. Everybody, old and young, is invited to join a class, or attend as a visitor at the session at 12 o'clock. The large and vigorous Men's Class appeals to the men. At 3.30 the Juniors will meet again in joint service in charge of Mrs. Price and Miss Jordan.

The Senior C. U. Society will meet with Rev. Fred A. Linge, 99 Torrey street, at 5.30. There will be at 6 o'clock a one meeting evening in two parts, from 6 to 6.45 the C. E. consecration meeting, on the "Duty and Privilege of Prayer," and at 6.45 without closing Rev. Ora A. Price will speak to the combined meeting on "The Lure of Africa," the "new-able" missionary book.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet Thursday afternoon with Mrs. George C. Torrey. The Thursday evening devotional service will be held at the home of Roy E. Moar, 65 Columbian street, at 7.30 o'clock.

WHITE CHURCH (Congregational) Rev. Edward Torrey Ford, pastor. Morning worship and celebration of the Lord's Supper at 10.30. Church Bible school at noon. Brotherhood class discussion, "Jesus' conception of His Social Mission." Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 P. M. Evening service at 7 o'clock. Pastor's topic, "Our Aggressive Religion." All are invited.

EPISCOPAL

Mission of the Holy Nativity, 564 Main street, South Weymouth. Robert Pierce Casey, lay reader. Sunday School, 9.45 A. M. Morning prayer with sermon, 10.30 A. M., Bible class, 12 M.

Tuesday evening, 7.30, evening prayer with confirmation lecture by Rev. William W. Love.

EAST WYMOUTH and WYMOUTH CENTER

New shares of the South Weymouth Cooperative Bank now on sale. Advertisement.

A company from the George C. King Chapter, Epworth League, attended the circuit meeting at South Braintree the evening of Washington's Birthday. Rev. Edson R. Leach of Arlington was the speaker and his subject, "The Crusade of 1618," was very inspiring.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary Anne Williams took place at her late residence, 789 Commercial street, on Sunday afternoon. Rev. J. Homer Slutz of the First Methodist church officiated. Burial was in Fairmount cemetery. One son, Dr. Percy Williams, who is now "Somewhere in France" survives her, besides two brothers and sisters.

Miss Lillian Chandler is confined to her home on Hillside avenue with a severe attack of bronchitis.

Miss Helen Ries who has been suffering with her ankle is now confined to her home with tonsillitis.

Mrs. W. E. Ames of Chard street has just recovered from a slight case of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Bemis and son, Ernest, spent the week-end with Mrs. Bemis' parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Curtis of Ashmont street.

David Joy of Middle street was sent as a delegate to a convention in Malden over the week-end by the George W. Dyer Bible Class of the First M. E. church.

Miss Pauline Blackwell spent the holiday with her aunt, Mrs. William B. Dasha of North Weymouth.

It has been reported that Miss Ruth E. Joy, formerly of this town, but now of New York, took her first trip in an airship last week. This must have been quite an experience as this chance does not occur every day.

Leo Howley of Broad street is about to sail for France. His brother, Daniel Howley, visited him at Camp Devens this past week.

The Camp Fire Girls which have recently been organized under the direction of Mrs. Charles Chubbuck of Charles street, took their first hike last Saturday afternoon. The girls had a good day and enjoyed themselves very much. They are looking forward to a pleasant year. Here's wishing them luck!

The fourth quarterly conference of the M. E. church was held in the vestry Tuesday evening. Dr. J. Francis Cooper was in charge. Rev. J. Homer Slutz reported a very successful year. Much important business was transacted. Great regret was expressed at the loss of the pastor, Mr. Slutz, after so short a stay. He takes up his new work with the good wishes of the whole church.

Miss Theodora Keith of Randall avenue has been entertaining her cousin from Brockton the past week.

The Fairmount Cemetery Circle met this week with Mrs. F. H. Sylvester. It was voted to hold a sale the last week in March. Solicitors were appointed to enlarge the membership.

Mrs. Anne M. Murphy died yesterday at her home, 941 Commercial street. She leaves a daughter, Miss Nora Murphy, and a son, James Murphy, a motorman on the local street railway. The funeral will take place from the Church of the Sacred Heart Saturday morning at 9 o'clock.

Mrs. Schofield, wife of State Police Officer Laurence Schofield died yesterday at her home on Pleasant street. Besides her husband, three children survive her.

Jesse Gagnon of Manchester, N. H., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. James I. Peers of Drew avenue. Mr. Gagnon is in his 81st year.

Miss Alice Peers is confined to her home by illness.

Manager McGrory of the Odd Fellows Opera House is encouraging the sale of Smilgeale Coupon Books which admit soldiers to the Liberty theatres at Camp Devens and other cantonments. There should be an extra large attendance at the movies next Wednesday as \$5 will go to advertise the Smilgeale campaign. Smilgeale books are for sale at the Opera House.

All sold out for two or three weeks, and unable to supply the demand. Please increase our Gazette order 2 5per week"—says G. H. Hunt, the East Weymouth newdealer.

Another good noon lunch was served by the ladies of the M. E. church Wednesday.

During the gale last Tuesday, two chimneys on Lafayette avenue succumbed to the fury of the wind and toppled over. The owners of the chimneys were Ralph Haskins and Will A. Pratt.

A good sized crowd of relatives and friends gathered at Jackson square last Tuesday morning at an early hour to bid farewell to the drafted men who were to leave for the cantonment. The boys went by auto to Braintree where they entrained with those from the other towns.

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Mr. and Mrs. Richards and family of Commercial street moved from their home last Wednesday to take up their residence on Pleasant street.

Mrs. George L. Newton, the wife of the North Weymouth member of the Board of Selectmen, died at her home on Sea street, Wednesday morning.

Mrs. Newton was born at the old homestead on Green street North Weymouth, Aug. 18, 1848. She was one of five children, three girls and two boys, Major Francis A. Bicknell of North Weymouth being the last of the family. In 1868 she was married to George L. Newton and they would have celebrated their golden wedding next November. In May 1872 she joined the Pilgrim church on confession of faith and has always been a willing worker in the church. She was an active member of the Pilgrim Circle, holding the office of acting president for one year, president for three years, and vice president for eight years, holding that office at the time of her death.

She leaves one son, Clarence G. Newton of Burlington, Vt.

The funeral service was held this afternoon at 2.30, Rev. Charles Clark officiating, assisted by the Pilgrim quartet.

The Campbell family on Morrill street moved to Springfield this week.

Miss Anna Campbell, a student at Jackson College, is substituting for a few weeks at the Weymouth High school.

Catherine Leavitt, daughter of Mrs. Reilly of 47 Lincoln street, was operated on for appendicitis at the Quincy hospital last Thursday, and is doing nicely.

The people of the Third Universalist church deeply regret the ill health of their pastor, Dr. Charles Earle, which necessitates his giving up his pastorate. Dr. Earle preached his farewell sermon on Sunday.

Percy Miller has been sick with the grip in the hospital at Ayer.

Miss Mabel Sampson spent the holiday with friends in Framingham.

Mrs. Mary L. Swan is convalescing from her recent operation with friends in Brockton.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Porter of Quincy, formerly of North Weymouth entertained a party of friends from Weymouth and Hingham on Friday evening.

Mrs. Hosea Farrar, a teacher in the Third Universalist Sunday School entertained her class from 5 to 7 on Friday of last week.

Mrs. Ann M. Burgess was 86 years old on Sunday last and was well remembered by friends and relatives.

Elbert W. Whipple, a Tufts College graduate, has been engaged to occupy the pulpit at the Third Universalist church for a few Sundays.

Mrs. Mary Franklin of Fall River is the guest of Mrs. E. F. Beals.

The North Weymouth friends of Joseph Poulin were glad to see him on Monday, when he was in town. Mr. Poulin is convalescing from his recent illness.

Miss Elizabeth Clark was the guest of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. Charles Clark, over Sunday.

Mrs. Alfred Gardner is confined to her home with an attack of the measles.

Miss Marjorie Blanchard entertained a party of young friends on the afternoon of the holiday.

Mrs. Laura Libby has sold her house on Pearl street and will move into Mr. McDermott's house on Neck street the first of March.

The Mary Thomas Bible Class met with Mrs. J. Gardner Aiden on Tuesday evening.

The Junior Christian Endeavor Society of the Pilgrim church gave their retiring superintendent, Mrs. John Hunter, a party on Friday evening of last week. Mrs. Hunter is leaving soon for Chester, Pa., to join her husband there.

Miss Alice Nason will be the new superintendent of the Junior Christian Endeavor Society.

Mechanics Arts High School opened on Monday after being closed for want of fuel for nine weeks. E. R. Sampson resumed his duties there on Monday.

Miss Mabel Robbins visited her aunts last week over the holidays. Miss Robbins is teaching in Fall River.

BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,

17 Commercial St., Weymouth. (Advertisement)

Willis P. Keene of Weymouth was arraigned in the court at Quincy on Wednesday for assault and battery on Carrie W. Keene. Case continued until March 21.

Mrs. A. W. Phillips spent a few days with her sister in Wollaston last week.

W. B. Dasha left Sunday night for a several weeks' business trip.

BORN

NEWTON—In North Weymouth, Feb. 27, Augusta M., wife of George L. Newton, of 81 Sea street, in her 70th year.

WELCH—In South Weymouth, Feb. 26, a son to Mr. and Mrs. William Welch.

WRIGHT—In South Weymouth, Feb. 26, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. George Wright of Central street.

OSGOOD—In South Weymouth, at 31 Highland place, Feb. 22, a daughter, Louise, to Harry and Edith W. (Blanchard) Osgood, of Quincy.

McMORROW—In Weymouth, Feb. 3, a son to David F. and Annie E. (Dolan) McMorrow, of 2 Linden place.

MANUAL—In Weymouth, Jan. 19, a son to F. Cecil and Elizabeth C. (Wrye) Manual of 25 Shaw street.

DOYLE—At Nash Corner, South Weymouth, Feb. 23, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Doyle of Main street.

BLENKEVICIUS—In Weymouth, Jan. 24, a son to James and Lena (Bilkwick) Blenkevicus of 21 River street.

MALCOLM—In North Weymouth, Feb. 15, a son, Chester R., to Chester A. and Isabel (McKenzie) Malcolm of 86 Whitawammet road.

LONERGAN—In Braintree, Jan. 28, a son to Frank E. and M. Grace (Miller) Lonergan of 14 Miller avenue.

CARR—In Hingham, Feb. 28, Mary, widow of Edward Carr.

MARRIED

MANN—DeLANCEY—In Cambridge, at the residence of Rev. Frank B. Cressey, officiating clergyman, Feb. 22, Albert W. Mann, of Brookline, Mass., formerly of Weymouth, and Mary Ella DeLancey of Somerville.

GAFNEY—BLANCHARD—In Hingham, Feb. 26, by Rev. E. Guthrie, Cadet Gaffney of Scituate and Grace M. Blanchard of Hingham.

DIED.

MURPHY—In East Weymouth, Feb. 28, Mrs. Anne M. Murphy of 941 Commercial street.

SCHOFIELD—In East Weymouth, Feb. 28, Mrs. Lawrence Schofield of Pleasant street.

BOLLES—In Guam, Feb. 21, Richard Bolles, formerly of Weymouth Heights.

HUFF—In South Weymouth, Feb. 20, Edward Huff of Pine street, aged 82 years.

CROCKER—In Campello, Feb. 24, Eugene Crocker, formerly of Weymouth, aged 70 years.

TORREY—In Arcola, Illinois, Jan. 26, Naaman Torrey, a native of Weymouth, in his 76th year.

MCDONALD—In Quincy, Feb. 19, Ellen, widow of Thomas McDonald, formerly of Weymouth.

WILLIAMS—In East Weymouth, Feb. 22, Mary A. Williams, aged 74 years.

MERRITT—In Norwell, Feb. 26, Arthur Merritt, aged 72 years.

DAVENPORT—In Weymouth, Feb. 25, Oaman J., son of James and Margaret Davenport, of 37 Summit street, in his 23d year.

ARNOLD—In Braintree, Feb. 21, John Marcus Arnold, in his 77th year.

WILLARD J. DUNBAR & SON UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

802 BROAD ST., EAST WYMOUTH Automobile service when desired. Telephone Weymouth 93

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A story of a princess who sold her country for the man she loves. A chapter in the early days of America telling how the Spanish invaded Mexico and of their conquest of Montezuma and his Aztecs.

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Positively one of the finest Vaudeville Acts we have shown this season.

CHARLES SWEET in an up-to-the-minute Comedy Musical Act

Coming Soon PEARL WHITE IN "THE HOUSE OF HATE"

DON'T FORGET THE Annual Entertainment and SALE of

Delphi Temple, No. 59, Pythian Sisters to be held at PYTHIAN HALL

Friday Evening, March 8, 1918 At 8 o'clock.

Fancy and Domestic articles for sale; also Ice Cream, cake and other refreshments.

FARCE entitled "No Men Wanted" will be presented.

ADMISSION - 10 cents.

ICE PRICES In Effect March 1, 1918

On account of the labor question and the high cost of material needed in our business, we quote the prices of ice as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Quantity and Price. Wholesale: 100 lbs. 30c per 100 lbs., 500 to 2000 lbs. 35c per 100 lbs., 100 to 500 lbs. 40c per 100 lbs.

Table with 2 columns: Quantity and Price. Retail: 100 lbs. 50c, 50 lbs. 25c, 25 lbs. 15c. Ice at yard \$5.00 per ton. No 5 or 10c pieces will be delivered.

We are going to introduce the score system with each and every customer and collect at the end of each month. Owing to war conditions and the scarcity of help we wish to reduce our days of delivery in some parts of Weymouth to three days a week.

We would be pleased to have our customers notify the office of any discourtesy shown them.

J. F. & W. H. CUSHING CO., Inc.

R. P. E. VARY, W. C. SHEPARD, MARY L. CUSHING, Directors.

Teacher of Piano MARGARET Z. AHERN

4 Off Common Street WYMOUTH

A. A. SPEAR & SON FLORESTA



# Increase in Price of Gas

To Our Consumers:

It is with great regret that we are obliged to announce an increase in the price of gas of twenty cents (\$.20) per thousand cubic feet making the net price, after deduction of ten cents (\$.10) per thousand for payment within fifteen days, \$1.60.

Since July 1, 1917, the income of the Company has been steadily growing, but the cost of operation has been increasing at a very much faster rate, so that the earnings available for dividends have shown a sharp decrease.

This has been almost entirely to the large increase in the cost of labor and materials.

This advance has not been confined to materials used only by the Gas Companies, but includes nearly every commodity that one can think of whether this be food, clothing, or any of the necessities of life.

Because of the decrease in the earnings of the Company, the Directors voted to suspend dividends, so the stockholders are sharing with the consumers, the result of these hard times.

We thank you for your patronage and assure you that it is our endeavor to always give you the best of service.

## Old Colony Gas Company

E. M. FARNSWORTH, President.

A chain is forged a link at a time,  
A Savings Bank account is built a dollar at a time,  
Start your chain today by opening a Bank account and adding a link each pay day

at the

### EAST WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.  
**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

—Give us Weymouth trains over the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. direct to the shipyard. Rapid transit will help Weymouth.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.  
**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

—There's just one way to keep in touch with the happenings in your home town—Subscribe for the Gazette.

#### BRIGHT BOYS WANTED CASH AND COMMISSION

The Gazette desires to establish routes for the delivery and sale of papers in parts of the town not now covered by news agents. We want

**ONE BOY** who lives in the vicinity of Front and Summer streets.

**ONE BOY** who lives near corner of Washington and Hunt streets.

**ONE BOY** who lives near Independence square.

**ONE BOY** who lives near corner of Broad and Webb streets.

**ONE BOY** who lives near Central square.

Apply Monday or Tuesday at Gazette office, that you may start Friday afternoon, as we begin "Over the Top" next week—a serial that will continue several weeks. Everybody wants to read of the thrilling experiences of Sergt. Empey.

The success of John Roche at Nash's Corner can be repeated in other parts of Weymouth. In six weeks John has established a route, and now has 55 regular customers for the Gazette every week.

#### CHEER THE SOLDIERS

"Smileage books" for the soldiers is the latest device for making the man-in-khaki's life as cheerful as possible while at cantonment camps. "Smileage books" are issued by authorities in charge of camp amusements and are guaranteed to contain 20 good times for any recruit fortunate enough to possess one, which will cost \$1.

## MORE BOYS OFF FOR CAMP DEVENS

### Several from Weymouth in Squad Completing the First Quota

Thirty more boys started from the Weymouth and Braintree district on Tuesday for Camp Devens, leaving the South Braintree station at 10.47 A. M.

From different parts of Weymouth there were 15 who were taken by autos secured by Representative Burgess H. Spinney, Joseph A. Fern and Frank McCarthy. Representative Spinney also treated the boys to cigars and cigarettes. The boys were equipped with knitted goods supplied by the local branches of the S. A. S. A. P.

The boys were in good spirits and assembled in the Braintree Town Hall, where they were greeted by Judge Albert E. Avery of the local Exemption Board and placed in charge of Walter E. Morrison, one of their number, who is a son of the late Major Walter E. Morrison of Braintree, of the old Fifth regiment.

C. S. Hanaford, the local sealer of weights and measures, volunteered to escort the squad with a drum, if one could be secured. The G. A. R. drum and flag were quickly secured, and thus the procession moved from the Town Hall, up Washington street, through South Braintree square, to the station.

Crowds were assembled at the Town Hall, along the route and particularly at the depot, and whistles at the factories greeted the boys, and continued to blow until the train departed.

On the train were boys from other districts, all in good spirits, and there was a head out of every window when the train pulled out amid cheers of those assembled.

Arriving at Camp Devens the men were immediately assigned to the Depot Brigade, and, in accordance with the new regulations, will be in quarantine for two weeks, it having been officially announced that the whole Depot Brigade would be placed in quarantine for that period of time.

The boys in the 36th district were from the following towns:

#### FROM WEYMOUTH

- Edward Croker, teamster
- Nicodemo Fudo, cook
- Amello Colosanto, laborer
- John House, butcher
- Thomas Lonergan, motorman
- James C. Glencross, fireman
- James J. Fogarty, shoemaker
- Charles H. Pratt, laborer
- James Hannafin, general work
- Norman A. Walker, clerical
- Cirocco Guarducci, shoemaker
- William Perrault, shoemaker
- George T. Tracy, shoemaker
- George H. DeYoung, clerk
- William F. Desmond

#### FROM BRAINTREE

- John Sampson, musician

## WEYMOUTH Savings Bank.

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**EDWARD W. HUNT**    **JAMES H. FLINT**

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Bank Hours—8.30 A. M. to 3 P. M.  
Saturdays, 8.30 to 12.  
Monday Evenings, 6 to 8.  
Deposits placed on interest on the first Monday of January, April, July and October.

#### SEND LOCAL PAPER TO BOYS AT FRONT

If you want to please your soldier boy at the front send him the home paper regularly. Soldiers returning on furloughs from the training camps declare that of all the mail received, the boys appear to most enjoy the home paper—no matter whether it is a small city daily or a big country weekly.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

—Smileage Books are for sale at the office of the Gazette and Transcript. A \$1 book contains coupons for 20 admissions to Liberty theatres at the various U. S. cantonments. Send one to your soldier friend.

—Sergt. Empey has written 66 columns on actual fighting and real warfare. Read "Over the Top" in the Gazette.

—Give us Weymouth trains over the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. direct to the shipyard. Rapid transit will help Weymouth.

—Smileage coupon books for your soldier boy are for sale at the Gazette office.

## FIRST CHAPTER IN THIS ISSUE OF GAZETTE

"Over the Top With the Best of Luck and Give Them Hell!"

# OVER THE TOP

BY  
**Serg't Arthur Guy Empey**

Serg't Empey's vivid and gripping story of the great war will be printed in installments in this paper.

Twenty-seven chapters of exciting adventures and heart-stirring action; events that befell this one man from the time he passed from civilian life to take his place in the human wall that stands between civilization and frightfulness.

Serg't Empey is an American who enlisted in the British Army on hearing of the sinking of the "Lusitania." He writes in a straightforward way of his own experiences "over there," of the life in which our own American boys are entering.

## OVER THE TOP

Will Be Printed Exclusively  
IN THIS NEWSPAPER

**START AT BEGINNING  
IN THE GAZETTE THIS WEEK**

# Fads And Fancies Of Fashion



Fabrics and Afternoon Frocks.

Designers appear to have looked over the line-up of spring fabrics for afternoon frocks and to have come to some conclusions in common. Awaiting their critical and speculative eyes were printed foulards and taffetas in figured and plaid patterns, voiles and organdies—plain, striped and plaid; crepe de chine, and other crepes—and, above all—crepe georgette. Colors and color combinations were lovely. It is no wonder that, having viewed them, they found the material a challenge to their genius. Fabric and design seem to be perfectly suited to each other in the new frocks for afternoon wear—that is the dress that does service for many occasions now formal or informal. "I must make a beautiful dress, and I must make it simply," appears to be the iron rule which the creator of styles has laid down for himself this spring.

In the picture a frock of crepe georgette shows how successfully this rule may be followed. Here is a plain, straight skirt adorned with two groups of fine tucks and nothing else. It is

gathered into an underpetticoat of silk at the bottom. Over it a Russian blouse reaffirms its always good style. It is handsomely braided in a design made up of squares with soutache braid in the same color as the crepe. The blouse has two small pockets set on with a row of little satin-covered buttons at each side and a draped collar of satin joined by the same effective means to the crepe. The sleeves are plain, flaring at the wrist, where there is a wide band formed by the braided pattern. A very long girdle of satin is wrapped twice about the waist and looped over at the front. The ends are finished and weighted with satin-covered ornaments.

Many of the new frocks of this character show plain and plaid taffeta in combination, with crepe georgette sleeves matching the plain silk in color. The gingham plaids in taffeta are effectively made up in this way. Plain georgette with borders of plaid satin and plain fabrics trimmed with pin-tucks in cross-bar effects are among the popular combinations.



Hats for Early Spring—Or Now.

We used to wait for the arrival of spring or for signs that it was within halting distance before we clothed our heads in hats that take no thought of winter, even in below-zero weather. But a new order of things has come to pass and now we indulge ourselves in hats that herald the spring and go out to meet it while it is yet afar off—in Northern climates. They are not spring hats and they are not winter hats. They are cheerful hats with a thought of summer in them, but substantial enough to brave the snows of late winter.

Here are three of these smart hats that are minded to turn their allegiance from winter to spring and pin their faith to its coming soon. They have satin crowns and brims of a braid which is variously called "chenille," "caterpillar" and "carpet" braid. "Caterpillar" fits it best. It is a fuzzy, substantial looking and soft braid that looks wonderfully well with satin. It is shown in all the lovely and soft spring colors. These hats are usually faced with crepe georgette, and their trimmings are glazed or lacquered flowers and fruits.

Braids that have heretofore been used for spring-summer hats are brought into service for the demises-

son by covering them with a hard lacquer which gives them a high, hard luster or polish. For February and March very bright red hats—a cherry red—are made of these braids. Cherries are a favorite trimming for them, too. Then there are small all black turbans made of "patent leather"—that is millinery patent leather—in the form of braid or of millinery braids lacquered or varnished into the most lustrous surfaces. These small, smart, brilliant hats are for any climate and look quite equal to meeting any emergency. Nearly always they are in all black, trimmed with small ribbon ornaments or little wings. These are also lacquered and will defy the strongest March wind that blows to disarrange a single feather in them.

*Julie Bottinby*

### Child's Bonnet.

In the dressier types of children's hats the tiny poke is enjoying its usual success. In its newest forms the edges of the brim at the sides are folded back about an inch, while the portion that extends over the face has something of a visor appearance.

# THE KITCHEN CABINET

There's a voice in the breeze, there's a sign in the sun  
That whispers of winter's farewell;  
There's a mist over the lake, there's a call of the bird  
There's the echoing tones of a bell.

### VARIOUS SAUCES.

An appropriate sauce is a most valuable accompaniment to any meat or croquette, adding just the touch of seasoning which the dish needs to make it tasty.

**Horseradish Sauce.**—This is good with fish and various meats. Take four table-

spoonfuls of fresh horseradish which has been grated and standing in vinegar. Add salt, a dash of cayenne and four tablespoonfuls of whipped cream.

**Sauce for Croquettes or Omelets.**—Melt a tablespoonful of butter, add a half cupful of stock and the same amount of milk, mix this with the flour, stir until well cooked, add a beaten egg yolk, a half teaspoonful of salt and a dash of pepper, strain and it will be ready to use. Do not heat after the egg is added.

**Hollandaise Sauce.**—Melt a tablespoonful of flour, a pint of the liquor in which fish was boiled, the yolks of two eggs and lastly the juice of a lemon, a teaspoonful of onion juice. Just before serving add a tablespoonful of chopped parsley.

**Wov Sauce.**—This is especially good with corned beef. Chop fine two tablespoonfuls of parsley and rub it to a paste on a plate with a spatula, adding a few drops of vinegar until it is like paste, then add three pickled walnuts, chopped fine, three gerkins chopped fine, four olives, also chopped, and add to a sauce made from a pint of good stock thickened with the usual tablespoonful of butter and flour. Add a tablespoonful of vinegar, a tablespoonful of mushroom ketchup and let it simmer ten minutes. Strain if desired and pour into the sauce boat.

**Imitation Worcestershire Sauce.**—Salt a calf's liver in brine strong enough to hold up an egg. Let the liver stay in the brine four days. Take it out dry, rub with salt and let stand in a cool place a week. Then put the liver through the meat chopper many times until very fine, mash six cloves of garlic, grate one large onion, add a quarter of a teaspoonful of mace, five mashed anchovies, twelve whole cloves and a quart of vinegar. Let stand over night, add cayenne, strain and bottle.

There's a song in my heart though my hands to their task,  
The task of the winter must cling,  
And my soul makes reply to earth,  
Ocean and sky  
A welcome—a welcome to spring.

### A VARIETY OF GOOD THINGS.

Try making worcestershire at home. Put half an ounce of cayenne into a quart of the best vinegar. Peel and bruise three cloves of garlic, mash five anchovies; bruise 12 whole cloves and two blades of mace; mix all well and shake thoroughly, cover tightly and let stand for a day or two. Then rub through a sieve, add two grains of powdered asa-fetida and put the mixture in a bottle well-corked; let stand for ten days, then bottle and seal.

**Salt Codfish, Creole Style.**—Soak a pound of salt cod in cold water, bring to the boiling point and then remove the fish. Put into a large saucepan two tablespoonfuls of suet, add two finely-chopped onions, shake and cook over the fire; add a cupful of rice that has been partly cooked, the cod, a quart of tomato, salt and pepper to taste. Cook until the rice is tender, add a tablespoonful of butter and serve with crotons.

**Boiled Tongue.**—Buy a tongue which has been corned but a few days in the solution. Put on to boil and cook carefully until tender. Add a bay leaf, a clove of garlic, a small onion and a few cloves. When the tongue is cooked remove it from the stove and let it cool in its own liquor.

**Fricassee of Fish.**—Take a good-sized bass, carefully remove the skin, after cleaning the fish. Bone the fish and chop it fine. Cover all the bones and rough pieces with cold water—a pint or less will be sufficient—after it has cooked an hour. Beat three tablespoonfuls of butter to a cream, add a cupful of soft breadcrumbs to the pint of strained fish stock, stir, add butter which has been mixed with the yolk of an egg, two tablespoonfuls of chopped parsley and pepper and salt to taste and a half tablespoonful of parmesan cheese. Add two tablespoonfuls of flour; add fish and form into balls. Brown in a hot pan with a little butter, add some fish stock, cover and simmer for 20 minutes. Serve cold with any desired sauce.

A small amount of boiled rice added to gems, muffins or griddle cakes improves them. Plain boiled rice dressed as mashed potato will serve as a vegetable with steak. Rice made into cakes and fried, or into croquettes and served with a sauce are well-liked dishes.

A waiter may give service thoughtfully  
He may be accurate, and neat and quick;  
But when one caters too blamed much to me  
I feel disposed to tip him with a brick.

### RICE A VALUABLE FOOD.

Plain boiled rice well cooked is digested and begins to be assimilated in one hour while many of the other cereals need three and four hours.

**Savory Rice.**—This dish may be varied in countless ways. First have the rice well cooked; it should be well washed and dropped into

rapidly boiling water which has been salted, and allowed to cook until every grain stands out by itself, is tender and yet not mushy. Now take a cupful of cooked rice, put a layer of it in a well-buttered dish, then cover with a small layer of chopped chicken, giblets or any minced meat, with a broth or white sauce well seasoned and added with each layer. Bake until thoroughly hot and serve as a main dish or as a substitute for meat. Tomatoes, with onion and a little chopped beef and rice, prepared in this way is another good dish.

**Swedish Rice.**—Boil a cupful of rice until tender in salted water. Drain and dry in the oven. Stir into it two tablespoonfuls of sweet fat, the yolks of two eggs well beaten, a teaspoonful of onion juice and salt and pepper to taste. Stir over the fire in a dish set in hot water, using a fork to stir with. Turn into a round bowl to mold, then unmold on a platter and heat in the oven. Serve with drawn butter sauce.

**Rice With Eggs.**—Take a quarter of a cupful of washed and drained rice, add a tablespoonful of sweet fat and stir until a light yellow over the heat. Add broth, potato or any other vegetable water, and cook covered until the rice is tender, then season well and stir in two or three fresh eggs; stir until cooked, then serve at once. This dish tastes like scrambled eggs, but a very few eggs need to be used to serve five. Milk may take the place of the broth in cooking the rice. Skim milk may be used in many such dishes to advantage.

Economics changes man's activities. As you change a man's activities you change his way of living, as you change his environment you change his state of mind. Precept and injunction do not perceptibly affect man; but food, water, air, clothing, shelter, pictures, books, music, will and do affect him.

### A FEW SOUPS AND SALADS.

Soups are economical and will be found most sustaining, the variety cannot be numbered, for new combinations are being discovered each day.

**Giblet Soup.**—Use the feet, neck, pinions and giblets of three fowls with one pound of finely cut bits of veal and a half a pound of ham. Crack the bones, cut up the giblets and with the meat put all into three quarts of water with a bunch of herbs and a pinch of allspice. Remove the bones, thicken the gravy, season well and serve hot.

Other combinations of meat may be used with the giblets and a smaller amount will make a good soup for a family of four.

**Puree of Vegetables.**—Cut a turnip, a carrot and a potato in thin slices; add to them a few celery tops, a bay leaf, a cupful of tomato and two quarts of liquid in which beef has been cooked. Simmer gently for one hour; press through a fine sieve; return the mixture to the heat, add a tablespoonful of fat rubbed with two tablespoonfuls of flour, stir until it reaches the boiling point; add a grated onion, a teaspoonful of salt and a saltspoonful of pepper. Serve hot with crotons. This will serve six people at a small cost if the vegetables have been grown at home, more if they must be purchased.

**Waldorf Salad.**—Cut the tops from the blossom end of nice red apples, scoop out the centers with a sharp-edged teaspoon. Cut the apple in cubes and mix with an equal quantity of cut-up celery, mix with highly seasoned mayonnaise, squeeze a little lemon juice over the apples to keep them from discoloring before adding the dressing. Fill the cups, set in nests of watercress, and serve. French dressing may be preferred to mayonnaise, depending upon the kind of a meal with which it is served.

*Nellie Maxwell*

Storax, a species of resinous gum used in medicine, is now being produced in this country from the sweet gum tree of the South.

**Immense Wealth From Iron Ores.**  
The foundation of the wealth of the Biscayan provinces of Spain lies in the large deposits of high-grade iron ores for which the section is famous. These deposits have been immensely profitable, with the result that Bilbao, which is the center of the industry, is reputed to be the wealthiest city of its size in Europe.

We beg to announce to the many Patrons  
of the  
**L. A. Cook Insurance Agency**

that we have acquired the same and will  
give your interest our careful attention.

**A. E. BARNES & CO.**  
South Weymouth, Mass.

## We make it easy



This Bank encourages the useful habit of economy—making it easy for everybody to save money by opening savings accounts.

We invite especially the savings of young men who intend to rise in the world—the savings of workmen, employes and salaried persons—who desire to provide against accident, sickness and old age.

No matter how small your account you will receive the same polite and careful attention as if it were the largest in the Bank.

**"WE PAY YOU TO SAVE"**  
**QUINCY TRUST COMPANY**  
Opposite Alpha Hall

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Established 1833

Depositors who are in Boston often may find it a convenience to leave their deposits with our Boston correspondents

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Deposits left with either of the above banks for our credit will be immediately placed to the credit of the depositor on our books. We furnish special deposit slips when desired

B. A. Robinson, President E. W. Jones, Treasurer

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Advertise in this paper. Plug hard, regularly, systematically. Play up the best goods you sell at the right price.

**ADVERTISE IN OUR COLUMNS**



# OVER THE TOP

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

## ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

©1917 BY ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

### FOREWORD

"Over the Top" is a true story of trench warfare on the French front, written by an American soldier who got into the great war two years ahead of his country. Sergeant Empey tells what the fighting men have done and how they have done it. He knows because he was one of them. His experiences are grim, but they are thrilling, and they are lightened by a delightful touch of humor.

### CHAPTER I.

#### From Mufti to Khaki.

It was in an office in Jersey City. I was sitting at my desk talking to a lieutenant of the Jersey National Guard. On the wall was a big war map decorated with various colored little flags showing the position of the opposing armies on the western front in France. In front of me on the desk lay a New York paper with big flaring headlines:

#### LUSITANIA SUNK! AMERICAN LIVES LOST!

The windows were open and a feeling of spring pervaded the air. Through the open windows came the strains of a hurdy-gurdy playing in the street—"I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier."

"Lusitania Sunk! American Lives Lost!"—"I Didn't Raise My Boy to Be a Soldier." To us these did not seem to jibe.

The lieutenant in silence opened one of the lower drawers of his desk and took from it an American flag which he solemnly draped over the war map on the wall. Then, turning to me with a grim face, said:

"How about it, sergeant? You had better get out the muster roll of the Mounted Scouts, as I think they will be needed in the course of a few days."

We busied ourselves till late in the evening writing out emergency telegrams for the men to report when the call should come from Washington. Then we went home.

I crossed over to New York, and as I went up Fulton street to take the subway to Brooklyn, the lights in the tall buildings of New York seemed to be burning brighter than usual, as if they, too, had read "Lusitania Sunk! American Lives Lost!" They seemed to be glowing with anger and righteous indignation, and their rays wiggled the message, "Repay!"

Months passed, the telegrams lying handy, but covered with dust. Then, one momentous morning the lieutenant with a sigh of disgust removed the flag from the war map and returned to his desk. I immediately followed this action by throwing the telegrams into the wastebasket. Then we looked at each other in silence. He was squirming in his chair and I felt depressed and uneasy.

The telephone rang and I answered it. It was a business call for me, requesting my services for an out-of-town assignment. Business was not very good, so this was very welcome. After listening to the proposition I seemed to be swayed by a peculiarly strong force within me, and answered, "I am sorry that I cannot accept your offer, but I am leaving for England next week" and hung up the receiver. The lieutenant swung around in his chair and stared at me in blank astonishment. A sinking sensation came over me, but I defiantly answered his look with, "Well, it's so. I'm going." And I went.

The trip across was uneventful. I landed at Tilbury, England, then got into a string of matchbox cars and proceeded to London, arriving there about 10 p. m. I took a room in a hotel near St. Pancras station for "five and six—fire extra." The room was minus the fire, but the "extra" seemed to keep me warm. That night there was a Zeppelin raid, but I didn't see much of it, because the slit in the curtains was too small and I had no desire to make it larger. Next morning the telephone bell rang, and someone asked, "Are you there?" I was, hardly. Anyway, I learned that the Zeps had returned to their fatherland, so I went out into the street expecting to see scenes of awful devastation and a cowering populace, but everything was normal. People were calmly proceeding to their work. Crossing the street, I accosted a Bobbie with:

"Can you direct me to the place of damage?" He asked me, "What damage?" In surprise, I answered, "Why, the damage caused by the Zeps."

"With a wink he replied: 'There was no damage; we missed them again.'"

After several fruitless inquiries of the passersby, I decided to go on my own in search of ruined buildings and scenes of destruction. I boarded a bus which carried me through Tottenham Court road. Recruiting posters were everywhere. The one that impressed me most was a life-size picture of Lord Kitchener with his finger pointing directly at me, under the caption of "Your King and Country Need You." No matter which way I turned, the accusing finger followed me. I was an American, in mufti, and had a little American flag in the lapel of my coat. I had no king, and my country had seen fit not to need me, but still that pointing finger made me feel small and ill at ease. I got off the bus to try to dissipate this feeling by mixing with the throng of the sidewalks.

Presently I came to a recruiting office. Inside, sitting at a desk was a lonely Tommy Atkins. I decided to interview him in regard to joining the British army. I opened the door. He looked up and greeted me with "I s'y, myte, want to tyke on?"

I looked at him and answered, "Well, whatever that is, I'll take a chance at it."

Without the aid of an interpreter, I found out that Tommy wanted to know if I cared to join the British army. He asked me, "Did you ever hear of the Royal Fusiliers?" Well, in London, you know, Yanks are supposed to know everything, so I was not going to appear ignorant and answered, "Sure."

After listening for one half-hour to Tommy's tale of their exploits on the firing line, I decided to join. Tommy took me to the recruiting headquarters, where I met a typical English captain. He asked my nationality. I immediately pulled out my American passport and showed it to him. It was signed

by Lansing. After looking at the passport, he informed me that he was sorry but could not enlist me, as it would be a breach of neutrality. I insisted that I was not neutral, because to me it seemed that a real American could not be neutral when big things were in progress, but the captain would not enlist me.

With disgust in my heart I went out in the street. I had gone about a block when a recruiting sergeant who had followed me out of the office tapped me on the shoulder with his swagger stick and said: "S'y, I can get you in the army. We have a 'leftenant' down at the other office who can do anything. He has just come out of the O. T. C. (Officers' Training corps) and does not know what neutrality is." I decided to take a chance, and accepted his invitation for an introduction to the lieutenant. I entered the office and went up to him, opened up my passport and said:

"Before going further I wish to state that I am an American, not too proud to fight, and want to join your army."

He looked at me in a nonchalant manner, and answered, "That's all right; we take anything over here."

I looked at him kind of hard and replied, "So I notice, but it went over his head."

He got out an enlistment blank, and placing his finger on a blank line said, "Sign here."

I answered, "Not on your tintype."

"I beg your pardon?"

Then I explained to him that I would not sign it without first reading it. I read it over and signed for duration of war. Some of the recruits were lucky. They signed for seven years only!

Then he asked me my birthplace. I answered, "Ogden, Utah."

He said, "Oh, yes, just outside of New York!"

With a smile, I replied, "Well, it's up the state a little."

"Then I was taken before the doctor and passed as physically fit, and was issued a uniform. When I reported back to the lieutenant, he suggested that, being an American, I go on recruiting service and try to shame some of the slackers into joining the army."

"All you have to do," he said, "is to go out on the street, and when you see a young fellow in mufti who looks physically fit, just stop him and give him this kind of a talk: 'Aren't you ashamed of yourself, a Britisher, physically fit, and in mufti when your king and country need you? Don't you know that your country is at war and that the place for every young Briton is on the firing line? Here I am, an American, in khaki, who came four thousand miles to fight for your king and country, and you, as yet, have not enlisted. Why don't you join? Now is the time.'"

"This argument ought to get many recruits, Empey, so go out and see what you can do."

He then gave me a small rosette of red, white and blue ribbon, with three little streamers hanging down. This was the recruiting insignia and was to be worn on the left side of the cap. Armed with a swagger stick and my patriotic rosette, I went out into Tottenham Court road in quest of cannon fodder.

Two or three poorly dressed civilians passed me, and although they appeared physically fit, I said to myself, "They don't want to join the army; perhaps they have someone dependent on them for support," so I did not accost them.

Coming down the street I saw a young dandy, top hat and all, with a fashionably dressed girl walking beside him. I muttered, "You are my meat," and when he came abreast of me I stepped directly in his path and stopped him with my swagger stick, saying:

"You would look fine in khaki; why not change that top hat for a steel helmet? Aren't you ashamed of yourself, a husky young chap like you in mufti when men are needed in the trenches? Here I am, an American, came four thousand miles from Ogden, Utah, just outside of New York, to fight for your king and country. Don't be a slacker, buck up and get into uniform; come over to the recruiting office and I'll have you enlisted."

He yawned and answered, "I don't care if you came forty thousand miles, no one asked you to," and he walked on. The girl gave me a sneering look; I was speechless.

I recruited for three weeks and nearly got one recruit.

This perhaps was not the greatest stunt in the world, but it got back to the officer who had told me, "Yes, we take anything over here." I had been spending a good lot of my recruiting time in the saloon bar of the Wheat Sheaf pub (there was a very attractive blonde barmaid, who helped kill time—I was not so serious in those days as I was a little later when I reached the front)—well, it was the sixth day and my recruiting report was blank. I was getting low in the pocket—barmaids haven't much use for anyone who cannot buy drinks—so I looked around for recruiting material. You know a man on recruiting service gets a "bob" or shilling for every recruit he entices into joining the army, the recruit is supposed to get this, but he would not be a recruit if he were wise to this fact, would he?

Down at the end of the bar was a young fellow in mufti who was very patriotic—he had about four "Old Six" ales aboard. He asked me if he could join, showed me his left hand, two fingers were missing, but I said that did not matter as "we take anything over here." The left hand is the rifle hand as the piece is carried at the slope on the left shoulder. Nearly everything in England is "by the left," even general traffic keeps to the port side.

I took the applicant over to headquarters, where he was hurriedly examined. Recruiting surgeons were busy in those days and did not have much time for thorough physical examinations. My recruit was passed as "fit" by the doctor and turned over to a corporal to make note of his scars. I was mystified. Suddenly the corporal burst out with, "Blime me, two of his fingers are gone." Turning to me he said, "You certainly have your nerve with you, not 'alf you ain't, to bring this beggar in."

The doctor came over and exploded, "What do you mean by bringing in a man in this condition?"

Looking out of the corner of my eye I noticed that the officer who had recruited me had joined the group, and I could not help answering, "Well, sir, I was told that you took anything over here."

I think they called it "Yankee impudence," anyhow it ended my recruiting.

In training quarters, "somewhere in France," Empey hears the big guns booming and makes the acquaintance of the "cooties." Read about his experiences in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

"Newport News." In Virginia's early days communication with the mother country was, of course, wholly by ships, and when one was expected the colonists were all eagerness for the news from home. On the occasion of one, it may have been the first, of a certain Captain Newport's expected return from England, at or near the place now bearing his name, a large number of persons collected to receive "Newport's news." Hence the name, now shortened to its present form.

# ON THE FUNNYSIDE



### SURE CURE.



"You'll forget you ever loved me within a month."

"Not unless you marry me."

### The Parrot's Welcome.

A. E. Clark, editor of the City Bulletin of Columbus, O., was with a friend who was campaigning for the Red Cross. The friend knocked at a door and a voice said: "Come in."

His friend tried the door, then shouted: "It's locked!" "Come in," repeated the voice, and the campaigners replied: "It's locked."

"Come in."

"It's locked."

At that point a woman put her head out of a window next door and said: "There's no one at home. You're talking to the parrot."

### She Misunderstood.

Jack—I am proud to say my grandfather made his mark in the world.

Jane—Well, I suppose he wasn't the only man in those days who couldn't write his name.

### Best He Could Say.

"What about the bride's culinary efforts?"

"Well, she can make ice cream that melts in your mouth."

### Of Course Not.

Harry—Do you think that money is necessary to happiness?

Helen—Not if one has unlimited credit.

### Watch Us Constantly.

"They say opportunity knocks only once at every man's door."

"Nonsense. He advertises right along in the various magazines."

### A Tactical Retreat.

"John, what is the proletariat?"

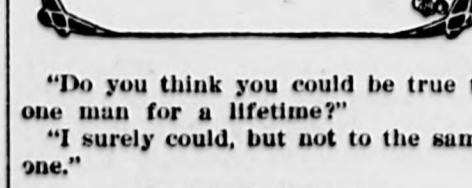
"It's—er—er, well, something I wouldn't like to explain while the children are around, my dear."

### Equivocal.

"We had some fine old punch at our house the other day."

"I know you had. My husband came home full of it."

### FICKLE.



"Do you think you could be true to one man for a lifetime?"

"I surely could, but not to the same one."

### Grammar.

You say a kiss must be a noun; I've really no compunction To tell you that your parts of speech Are mixed—'tis a conjunction.

### The Departure.

"I understand your servant has notified you that she is going to quit work."

"Not exactly," said Mrs. Crosslots. "She hasn't been working to speak of for some weeks. Now she has announced that she doesn't intend even to associate with us."

# BUSINESS DIRECTORY FOR WEYMOUTH

Two-line cards inserted for 25 cents per month in advance, when ordered for four months. Less than

ONE CENT FOR EACH BUSINESS DAY.

Cards may be listed under different headings in this directory.

- AUCTIONEER.**  
W. P. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
738 Broad street. Phone Wey. 279-J
- AUTOS**  
R. E. Litchfield, Hingham.  
Ford Agent. Phone, Hingham 5130 R  
Max Stenberg, Hingham  
Hersey st. Phone, Hingham 220
- AUTO REPAIRING.**  
Is there a Garage that repairs?  
**AUTO PAINTING**  
G. W. Walsh, Weymouth  
72 Commercial Street, near Depot
- AUTO SUPPLIES**  
Leave Bros., East Weymouth  
698 Broad St. Phone 681-J  
Louis H. Ellis, South Weymouth  
160 Main St. Phone, Wey. 581 W
- BAKERY**  
George Schraut, Washington Square.  
Up-to-date bakery. Braintree 111-J
- BLACKSMITH**  
Is there one in town?  
**BOWLING ALLEYS**  
Wardwell's Alleys, Quincy  
1506 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 72362
- BUILDING MOVER**  
Does anybody move buildings?  
**CARPENTERS.**  
Hayward Bros., East Braintree  
Quincy ave. P. O. address, Weymouth  
H. C. Thompson, East Weymouth  
592 Broad st. Phone, Wey. 294 W  
George M. Keene, East Weymouth  
16 Fairmont ave. Phone, Wey. 92 M
- CARPET CLEANING.**  
Eastern Rug Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 1827 M
- CATERERS**  
I can't find one?  
**CIVIL ENGINEERS.**  
Russell H. Whiting, North Weymouth  
53 Sea st. Telephone, Wey. 104 R
- CLOTHING**  
Joyce Bros., Quincy  
13-15 Granite St. Telephone  
**COAL AND WOOD.**  
Emerson Coal and Grain Co.  
East Weymouth. Tel. Wey. 430  
J. F. Sheppard & Sons, Inc.  
East Braintree. Tel. Braintree 25  
A. J. Richards & Son, Weymouth  
Commercial st. Phone, Wey. 51  
Charles T. Leavitt, East Weymouth  
Wharf st. Telephone, Wey. 19  
J. F. & W. H. Cushing Co., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 266 W
- CO-OPERATIVE BANK**  
South Shore Co-operative Bank  
50 Commercial st. Open daily
- DENTISTS**  
Dr. T. J. King, Quincy  
1365 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 2678J
- ELECTRICIANS**  
Blanchard & Allen, South Weymouth  
18 Columbian square. Phone 561-W
- EXPRESS.**  
J. K. Ruggles  
Boston and East Weymouth
- FLORISTS**  
A. A. Spear & Son, East Weymouth  
822 Broad st. Telephone Connection
- FURNITURE.**  
Ford Furniture Co., East Weymouth  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 878 M  
Henry L. Klacowde & Co., Quincy  
1495 Hancock St. Phone Quincy, 1200
- GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.**  
E. P. White, Weymouth  
Washington street. Tel. Wey. 397-J  
C. R. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 137 M  
George W. Jones, Quincy  
1 Granite St. Phone, Quincy, 555 W  
W. M. Tirrell, East Weymouth  
771 Broad st. Phone, 66
- GAS AND GAS SUPPLIES.**  
Old Colony Gas Co., Quincy avenue  
Telephone, Braintree 310
- GASOLENE**  
Who sells it?  
**GROCERIES.**  
Henry O. Tutty, North Weymouth  
Sea street. Phone, Wey. 22  
Hunt's Market, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 152  
Bates & Humphrey, Weymouth Centre  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 296
- HAIR DRESSERS.**  
Must I go to Quincy?  
**HARDWARE.**  
A. J. Sidlinger, North Weymouth  
24 Sea St. Telephone Wey. 106 M  
J. H. Murray, East Weymouth  
759 Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 273 J  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 307 M
- HARNESS REPAIRING**  
Must one go to Quincy?  
**INSURANCE.**  
A. S. Jordan & Co. (Est. 1870) Weymouth  
Oldest Insurance Agency on South Shore  
37 Washington Sq. Phone day or night.  
Irving W. Morgan, North Weymouth  
28 Standish Road. Tel. 718-M  
A. E. Barnes & Co., South Weymouth  
Columbian sq. Telephone, Wey. 21645  
C. H. Chubbuck, Jr., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Wey. 149 W  
H. Franklin Perry, Weymouth  
104 Front st. Telephone, Wey 513 M  
Lans E. Brown, North Weymouth  
(Estate of Edward Brown) Tel. Cen.
- JEWELER**  
John Neilson, 729 Broad Street  
Columbian Square, South Weymouth
- JOB PRINTING**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial st. Telephone, Wey 148
- JUNK DEALER.**  
M. Lipschitz, North Weymouth  
66 Norton Street. Tel. Wey. 813 M
- KODAKS**  
Does anyone sell Kodaks?  
**LAWYERS.**  
None in town probably.
- LAUNDRIES.**  
Monarch Wet Wash, East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 530
- LENDING LIBRARY**  
C. H. Smith, Weymouth  
Washington Square Tel. Weymouth 494
- LIGHT AND POWER.**  
Weymouth Light and Power Co.  
Jackson sq. Telephone, Wey. 62 W
- MUSIC TEACHERS.**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
24 of Common street
- MOVING PICTURES.**  
Odd Fellows Hall, East Weymouth  
Wednesdays and Saturdays
- NEWSPAPERS.**  
Weymouth Gazette and Transcript  
Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 148
- NURSES.**  
Did you say, none in town?  
**PERIODICALS**  
C. H. Smith, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 494
- PHOTOGRAPHERS**  
Sue Rice Studio, Quincy  
1522 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 565-W
- PIANO LESSONS**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
Off Common st.
- PIANO TUNER.**  
Herbert A. Hayden, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy, 1827 W
- PLUMBERS.**  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 307-M  
Roy O. Mar in, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 1039
- Joseph Crehan, Weymouth**  
11 Foye avenue, Phone 767 M  
W. H. Farrar & Co., East Weymouth  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square
- PRINTING**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial st. Telephone, Wey. 148
- REAL ESTATE.**  
Russell B. Worster, Weymouth,  
Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 79 W  
Henry W. Savage, Boston  
129 Tremont st. Tel. Oxford 4400
- RESTAURANTS**  
Where can I lunch?  
**SAVINGS BANKS.**  
Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 130  
East Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 46  
South Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 108
- SHOE REPAIRING.**  
All too busy to advertise.
- STORAGE.**  
Charles W. Joy, East Weymouth  
59 Middle st. near Broad
- TAILORS**  
W. S. Stellar, So. Weymouth. Ladies & Gentle-  
men's Custom Work. 24 Pleasant street 6
- TEAMING**  
Does anybody want my teaming?  
**TRUST COMPANIES**  
Weymouth Trust Co., So. Weymouth.  
Columbian Sq. Phone, Wey. 69  
Quincy Trust Company, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2035  
Hingham Trust Co., Hingham  
Telephone, Hingham 24  
Granite Trust Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2500
- UNDERTAKERS**  
W. J. Dunbar & Son, East Weymouth  
802 Broad Street. Phone Wey. 93  
D. H. Clancy, Weymouth  
4 Richmond street. Tel. Wey. 814-W  
Calvin G. Shepherd, South Weymouth  
154 Pleasant Street. Telephone
- UPHOLSTERER**  
M. Mirkin, Quincy  
1022 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 508-W
- WINDOW SHADES AND SCREENS**  
Crown Window Shade Co.  
A. C. Robinson, Agent, East Weymouth  
47 Canterbury street. Phone, Wey. 144-28

**SKATING SETS**  
Popular Warm Attractive

**BE PREPARED**  
Over Shoes Rubbers Rubber Boots

**W. M. Tirrell**  
Gent's Furnishings  
Broad St. East Weymouth

HAVE YOU EVER AVAILED YOURSELF OF OUR

**LENDING LIBRARY**  
POPULAR BOOKS  
at 2 cents per day

**STATIONERY 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, 85c**

TABLETS AND BLANK BOOKS  
Alves' 24-hour service on Developing and Printing.

**C. H. SMITH**  
63 Washington Street, Washington Square

Send the Gazette to your Soldier Friend

**SKATES**  
Conron Adjustable, \$1 to \$1.75  
We have other Skates 75c to \$1

**SLEDS**  
\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75  
THE KIND THAT STEER

**FLASHLIGHTS**  
All Sizes All Prices

**POCKET KNIVES**  
25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

**Metal Water Bottles, \$1.50**

**WATCHES, \$1.35 up**

**FRANK S. HOBART & CO.**  
Hardware, Plumbing and Heating  
Washington Square

**BIG CLEARANCE SALE**

— OF —  
SLEDS and SKATES  
FLASHLIGHTS and  
POCKET-KNIVES

**J. H. MURRAY**  
HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS  
157 Broad St. Telephone Connection East Weymouth, Mass.

**Rumor Has It**



That we are now approaching "Kickmore" and we trust the name of the station will be changed to "Harmony."

That we never did like that name of "Kickmore" and it is a wonder that the passengers would stand for it so many years.

That we look for a peaceful business-like stop without unnecessary oratory that we may perform the day's duties and leave on time.

That our advertising cards might read, "Silence is Golden"—"A Spoken Word Cannot be Recalled"—"Don't Put Off till Tomorrow What You Can Do Today"—"Short and to the Point" or "Be Brief"—"What is Worth Doing at All is Worth Doing Well"—"Don't Rob Peter to Pay Paul"—"The Best is None Too Good For Weymouth"—"Tar's and Out of the Rut"—"What Can't be Cured Must be Endured"—"Weymouth for Us, We for Weymouth"—"Start Right, Keep Right and Finish Right"—"Onward, On Time and Victory."

That our income from our advertising space should be plentiful.

That in time of war every town should have a well trained body of men to be ready at a minute's notice to protect its inhabitants from attack in any form by enemy forces.

That to be unprepared might be costly.

That Weymouth should have a State Guard company and keep pace with other towns.

That the public schools are the foundation of the future and their importance is beyond reckoning. Build well and strong. You owe it to your children and your children's children. Support your schools unsparingly. It pays.

That your parks should be as good as money can make them. They are a town's "front yard."

That your fire department is your insurance and a fireman risks his life for you every time he responds to an alarm. Pay him accordingly and see that he wants not for the best tools needed in his business.

That your police department is another guarantee of safety and deserves undivided and generous support. It protects you, you must protect it.

That without water where would you be—Perhaps your pipes froze up this winter and you realize the importance of water. Let's have water, plenty and pure and pipes large enough to feed those two pumps wherever they may be called.

That your Health Department is good as far as it goes but it should go farther and it is worth the price. Too much money cannot be spent in making your town healthier.

That our town should own its own office building which should be built with stores and halls enough to make it self-supporting.

That our town officers should be paid salaries that would demand all the time necessary for performing their duties. Running a town is a business and can be made a big business. Who would think of attempting to run his private business on the half day a week schedule?

That reading is many a man's college education. Invite him to read more through more public reading rooms and he will be a better citizen.

That street lighting, well done, helps a town to look "dressed up" at night. A few clusters of lights in our big squares might be an incentive to modernize our business blocks. (Under normal conditions).

That taxes are sure as death. A taxi is death if you don't look out. That's singular. You prefer the plural or a lingering death.

That the best way to get the annual town warrant before the citizens is to have it printed in the Gazette. The Gazette is read every week sure.

That on next Friday we are due at "Readaboutit" and after our stop at "Castavote" we will back up to "Readaboutit" again.

That the Gazette will be at both stops at "Readaboutit" with bells on.

That the watchword of the appropriation committee is Economy. Be prepared.

That a well attended exhibition of how to play pool and billiards was staged at the hall of Combination 3 on Monday night of last week. Some very clever work was performed and shots made that kept the spectators spellbound—all but Jim. Jim he kinder wanted to keep in with both artists and at times became very unneutral and vociferous. If a shot was an especially good one Jim called it luck and if a miscue was made Jim called it poor playing. Any attempt to talk about what he would do if he was mayor. Jim personally is a whole "soled" fellow and even if he is caught with his dress suit on he shows up at every fire if he don't miss the carry-me-there wagon, but as a critic at an ivory exhibition he is irritable and unscrupulous.

R. E. PORTER.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

**"OVER THE TOP"**  
The Greatest War Story Ever Written to Appear in Gazette  
When the Lusitania was sunk Arthur Guy Empey decided that he could not wait for his country to declare war—so he sailed without orders for England, and enlisted as a Canadian.

He recounts this incident in "Over the Top" in less than five hundred words. In a few thousand more words he completed his experiences in England—and after that he is in France—for the greater part of the eighteen months before he is invalided home, in the "Front Line Trenches."

"Over the Top" is the first story by one of the American soldiers who went to France, has been a real combatant and has seen long service in the trenches.

Sergeant Empey tells what it actually means and feels like:  
To be wounded seven times;  
To live for a year and a half with mud and rats and shells;  
To be covered with "cooties" and never to get rid of them;  
To "go over the top" in a charge;  
To grasp for your gas helmet when a second's delay means death, and many other experiences.

First instalment in the Gazette this week, March 1.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

**BOSTON and East Weymouth EXPRESS**  
Furniture and Piano Moving  
General Trucking  
15 SUMMER STREET, QUINCY  
Phone, Quincy 2878

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

—Reynolds Woman's Relief Corps has received a letter of appreciation from Eugene E. Smith in active service with the American Expeditionary Forces in France, acknowledging the receipt of the Christmas box in good condition, and thanking the Corps kindly for the gift. He says, it was all that a man could want, in that it contained just what one needs most when he is out here.

**BUY "SMILEAGE"**  
Almost everyone knows by this time what "Smileage" books are; but for the few who may still be in the dark as to the joy-bringers for the soldiers we may say briefly that they are books of coupon admissions to the entertainments to be staged in the federal theatres at the various cantonments. Camp Devens had its first "show" of the kind given by real soldiers and actresses on Monday night, and it was highly appreciated. Coupon books are for sale at Gazette office.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
(Advertisement)

No Raise In Price Of This Great Remedy

**HILL'S CASCARA QUININE**

The standard cold cure for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—cures cold in 24 hours—gives 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more, saves money. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store

**How's This?**  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by all Drugists, 75c.

**OFFICE HOURS**  
**TOWN CLERK**  
10 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M.  
SATURDAYS 10 TO 12

**SAVINGS BANK BUILDING**  
(Second Floor) East Weymouth

Residence at 74 Putnam Street, East Weymouth.

**JOHN A. RAYMOND,**  
Town Clerk

**BOARD OF SELECTMEN**  
HENRY E. HANLEY, Chairman, E. Weymouth  
BRADFORD HAWES, Secretary, E. Weymouth  
GEORGE L. NEWTON, North Weymouth  
ALFRED W. HASTINGS, South Weymouth  
JOSEPH KELLEY, Weymouth

Meetings Savings Bank Building  
East Weymouth, Every Monday  
DURING THE MUNICIPAL YEAR FROM  
2 TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

**OVERSEERS of the POOR**  
Meet at the Town Home the  
Second Wednesday of the month

**FORD CARS**  
SECOND HAND  
1915 1916 1917  
WILL BE SOLD AT BARGAINS  
CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS

**MAX STONBERG**  
Hersey St., Hingham. Hingham 220

**M. MIRKIN**  
**UPHOLSTERER**  
is the one who will give you the full satisfaction in work and prices of repairing furniture, mattresses and cushions, 1052 HANCOCK STREET, near the Quincy High School. Tel. Quincy 501-W

**J. K. RUGGLES**  
Furniture and Piano Moving  
General Trucking  
15 SUMMER STREET, QUINCY  
Phone, Quincy 2878

**Boston and East Weymouth EXPRESS**

**BOSTON OFFICES:**  
77 Kingston St. 15 Devonshire St.  
Phone, Beach 3453 Main 1378  
Beach 7325 F. H. 76294

**H. S. CARDNER**  
Agent, East Weymouth.  
Phone, Weymouth 769-W

**STORAGE**  
We have rooms to let for the Storage of Furniture.

**Second-Hand Furniture for Sale**

**CHAS. W. JOY**  
169 Middle St. East Weymouth

**\$1.00 WILL BE GIVEN**  
to each of several schoolboys who will deliver copies of the Curtis publications to customers. Only schoolboys—clean, gentlemanly and ambitious—need apply. The \$1.00 is in addition to liberal cash profits and many other advantages. Apply to

**GEORGE H. HUNT CO.**  
716 Broad Street, East Weymouth, Mass.  
St. 5,7,9

**Newsboys Wanted**  
Every Friday Afternoon

**PROBATE NOTICES**  
Probate court is held in Norfolk county on the first four Wednesdays of the month. At Dedham, the first Wednesday; at Quincy, the second Wednesday; at Dedham the third Wednesday; and at Brookline, the fourth Wednesday.

The Gazette and Transcript gives careful attention to all citations and notices, and will send slips when requested.

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts**  
Norfolk, ss. Probate Court.  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of  
**WILLIAM H. ROBINSON**  
late of Weymouth in said County, deceased, intestate:  
Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Braman A. Bennett of said Weymouth without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the sixth day of March A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a newspaper published in said Weymouth the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this ninth day of February, A. D. 1918.  
31.7.9 J. R. MCCOOLE, Register

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts**  
Norfolk, ss. Probate Court.  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of  
**EVA W. ROBINSON**  
late of Weymouth in said County, deceased, intestate:  
Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Braman A. Bennett of said Weymouth without giving a surety on his bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the sixth day of March A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

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Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this ninth day of February, A. D. 1918.  
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**DON'T WAIT FOR GREAT OPPORTUNITIES**  
A Long Continuous Work Will Get You OVER MORE GROUND Than A Short Run  
**A Small Ad Every Week Will Pay Better Than A Whole Page Once A Year**

**BOSTON TRAINS**  
In effect Jan. 6.

All inward trains from East Weymouth on the N. Y. N. H. & H. R. R. stop at Weymouth Heights (4m. later), Weymouth (8m. later), East Braintree and Braintree.

All trains from Boston also stop at Braintree, East Braintree, Weymouth (8 minutes earlier) and Weymouth Heights (4 minutes earlier).

E. Weymouth to Boston		Boston to E. Weymouth	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
8:19	8:49	9:27	9:57
7:05	7:44	8:59	9:34
7:41	8:19	11:15	11:51
7:58	8:35	12:49	1:26
8:40	9:24	2:22	3:25
9:44	10:21	3:45	4:30
10:47	11:25	4:26	5:10
12:40	1:16	5:13	5:55
2:13	2:50	6:01	6:39
4:46	5:24	6:27	7:15
5:44	6:23	9:19	10:01
6:45	7:25	11:15	12:01
11:36	12:18		

**South Weymouth Trains**  
In effect Jan. 4.  
(Subject to change without notice.)

To Boston		From Boston	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
6:16	6:52	5:41	6:36
7:14	7:59	6:37	7:11
7:42	8:15	7:39	8:20
8:15	8:50	8:54	9:27
8:42	9:17		
9:38	10:07	12:39	1:12
11:01	11:36	1:56 Sat	2:18
		2:55 Sat	3:09
		3:44 Sat	4:07
		4:32 Sat	5:07
		5:19 Sat	5:57
		6:04 Sat	6:37
		6:54 Sat	7:07
		7:45 Sat	8:14
		8:33 Sat	9:17
		9:23 Sat	10:17
		11:09 ex Sat	11:54
		11:56 Sat	12:01

**SUNDAYS**

To Boston		From Boston	
Leave	Arrive	Leave	Arrive
9:09	9:45	9:08	9:44
12:47	1:24	10:38	11:15
2:49	3:24	12:50	1:34
3:02	3:33	5:43	6:17
9:38	10:14	7:29	8:09
		10:42	11:22

For Sunday trains see timetables.  
—To Plymouth. —From Plymouth

### Don't Suffer Longer

and allow yourself to become grouchy, upset, nervous and depressed. These conditions usually indicate a disordered digestive system, which, if neglected, may be hard to remedy. Remove the disturbing element and put your digestive organs in good working order by taking

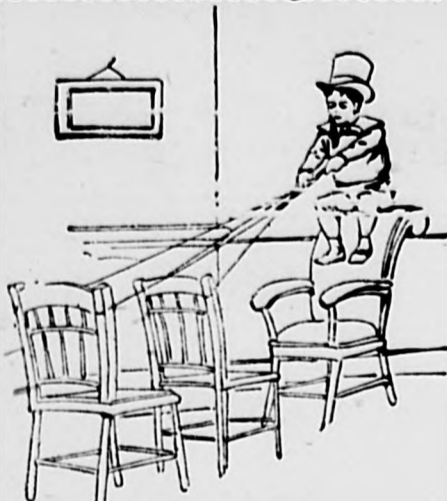
## BEECHAM'S PILLS

They gently stimulate the liver, act on the bowels, tone the stomach—purify the blood and regulate the system. These benefits are particularly marked by women at such times when nature makes special demands upon their vitality. They act promptly and safely.

The next time you feel low-spirited and out of sorts, take Beecham's Pills. Their sure, mild, thorough action will

### Give Quick Relief

Special Directions of Value to Women are with Every Box Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c, 25c.



### A DRIVE in Furniture

Living Room  
Dining Room and  
Chamber

GOOD VARIETY  
PROMPT DELIVERY

### FORD FURNITURE CO.

BROAD STREET, EAST WEYMOUTH

## NEW DRUG STORE

I wish to announce the Opening of a New Drug Store at 312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth.

It will be my endeavor to conduct the business on such a basis as to warrant the Confidence of the people, and to merit a share of their valued patronage.

My 25 years of business in Quincy warrant me in saying that the people of North Weymouth have NOW a Drug Store in which they can place confidence, and rely on getting the Best and Purest of Drugs.

Your Doctor's prescription will receive the same care and attention that has made my store in Quincy the leading store in the city.

### CHARLES C. HEARN

312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth  
1295 Hancock Street, City Square, Quincy

## Contractor and Builder

### JAMES P. HADDIE

Will give you an Estimate for a New Business Block or House.

Jobbing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

An expert in adjusting Fire Losses.

46 Shawmut St., East Weymouth Phone Weymouth 255-W

## Grain Delivery

We will deliver Grain to the Landing and East Braintree on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

## Emerson Coal & Grain Co., Inc.

East Weymouth Tel. Wey. 430

## THE LONESOME BOYS IN CAMP

waiting for an opportunity to do their bit in the great world struggle next to a personal visit would appreciate a visit by proxy

### PHOTOGRAPHS

of the folks at home will cheer them beyond measure and carry a message of love that words could not express.

## SUE RICE STUDIO

1522 HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY  
Tel. Quincy 565-W

### LETTER FROM

LIEUT. A. C. HAWKES

### Writes of Approach to German Lines Through the Trenches

No. 3  
Somewhere in France,  
Nov. 26, 1917.

Dear Mother:

The second day was rainy and misty and consequently there was little activity. The silent witnesses of what had been going on, however, was most impressive. The ground was just torn to pieces, unexploded shells, bombs and grenades were very conspicuous, signs showed the danger zone, and occasional holes with their freshly disturbed earth showed plainly enough that another might land at any time.

At this particular place the French had taken a line of hills which enabled us to wander around without thought of concealment. We saw the carriers taking soup to the men over the hills, horses drawing supplies on little tram lines, and saw the enormous amount of work needed to secure a position against successful attack.

The third and last day was the best. Here, as the day before, the French held the hill so that we could advance well to the front without danger. A ridge of hills was ahead of us, not even a stump to be seen, just a homogeneous expanse of up-turned earth. There were some clumps of pine below, and I asked the captain if the hills had been wooded, and he replied in the affirmative. It hardly seemed possible but there was the evidence—live trees below (not many), dead trees higher up, just stumps still higher, and as the crests were reached nothing but dirt where the trees had been thickest. Saw the remnants of an aeroplane, quantities of shells and materials lying around not yet cleaned up after the advance.

We could see shells bursting near the top, but we headed straight up. Our party was divided into three groups, so that if a shell did land, there would be someone left to tell the tale. It began to grow a little catch-the-breath stage as we gradually reached the top, where we could see "honest-to-goodness" shells land not more than two or three hundred yards away and right in our path, and could hear the whiz so distinctly near.

We have heard repeatedly that when in the open one should learn to duck by nature. I profited by advice and ducked. Twice I found myself prostrate on the bottom of a trench only to find to my chagrin that the missile had hit some two hundred yards away. However, they made too much noise at that distance to give me much comfort when I heard them so close overhead, so I continued to duck. I wasn't the only one, and one our worthy French captain stopped while a splinter whistled overhead.

We went on just the same, and were over the crest of the hill. We stopped for a moment to go singly, and I found myself near the toe of a boot protruding from the top of the trench with its toes quite visible through the hole. Quite suggestive under the circumstances. Then entered one of the fighting trenches. It was parallel to the crest and I could see close at hand the state on the high point. Just barren desolation with an irregular outline against the sky due to shell craters.

Shells were landing there continuously of the 8-inch size which explode on landing, and only about two hundred yards away, except when a bad shot brought it nearer to us. I happened to be the first one in the trench, and had a better view than the others while the captain was explaining. Down below I could see the same old rows of trenches with their confusion of barbed wire. The German line was not more than 500 feet away.

On the plain below and about three-quarters of a mile away was a little village which had the appearance of a graveyard with its irregular outlay of gravestones made of walls of the homes. I passed on and waited for the rest, and though I can't say I was scared, I was mighty uncomfortable. One feels fairly safe in the bottom of one of those trenches, but when one hears a shell whizzing and just stands there and does nothing, while the thing gets nearer and nearer till it sounds only a few yards away, it is a bit unnerving to the uninitiated.

They told us that if they were coming in our direction we could not hear them until after they had gone off, and when we could hear them so distinctly it was a sure sign we were safe. These words somehow weren't very comforting when a piece of shell dropped into the trench and when right in front of my eyes only 50 or 75 feet away I saw a whole cloud of dirt shoot into the air from a German 77 (about 3-inch).

The explosions seemed to be growing nearer, but we retraced our steps to go one trench nearer the first line. This made me last in line so I stayed there awaiting my turn to peek over the top. Only two had a chance as a shell was heard to land very near, but didn't explode, and right after it another landed in almost the same place, and so close that I could recognize that a piece of debris which shot up in the air was a piece of a root. That was enough, and the Frenchmen decided that the Boches had the range and were shooting at us.

It was quite possible because this was the third day that one of our parties had been there at about the same time each day. We were only about 100 yards from the Germans then and the parties before us had gone to the very front. However, we were not so fortunate as the captain called to us to hurry for the rear. I waited for the guide who went full tilt with me clicking his heels at every jump. It was not long at that rate before we were well out of the danger zone. So ended our visit.

It's all like a movie now. You see I have told you the worst. If old Fritz had pointed those 77's a whisk only to our side, they would have landed just about where they were intended, right in the midst of us. That was a visit we suppose to be in a quiet sector. I only hope I keep away from an active one.

Now I'll answer your questions. We receive news through newspapers only. The rest of the officers, of course, are a mixture. Some are as fine a lot as one could wish to see. Officers are their own censors, and also censor the soldiers' mail with whom they may be connected. Some letters are opened by censors higher up, but not many. Your letters are not opened.

Our orders haven't come yet so we are having a real vacation 'till they do. Yesterday morning I made another flight in a plane. Went up 2000 meters (1 1/4 miles). Went to Paris in P. M. and bought a few necessities. Am in again today trying to do some correspondence. The Y. M. C. A. has a hotel here which is most comfortable. The waitresses are society girls from home.

Half a dozen of us are going to have some sort of a big feed Thanksgiving, though we don't know just what yet. In one thing the Englishmen and Poles have us at a disadvantage. When they have a leave of absence they can go home, but we will have to stay away 'till the finish of the war.

A friend of mine here has a friend who is returning to the States the first of the year. If I can I shall send home by him what pictures I have taken.

Well this is some epistle. I'll have writer's cramp if I keep it up. Surely you wouldn't want me disabled by that after being under shell fire. Remember me to everybody. I think of them if I don't write. Love to yourself and Dad.

"Somewhere in France,"  
A. C. HAWKES.

Second Lieutenant, 1st Regt., U. S. Engineers.

### BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,

17 Commercial St., Weymouth.

(Advertisement)

### Why Suffer So?

Why suffer from a bad back, from sharp, shooting twinges, headaches, dizziness and distressing urinary ills? East Weymouth people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills. Could you ask for stronger proof of merit?

B. O. Raymond, 16 Cottage St., East Weymouth, says: "A couple of years ago kidney complaint came on me. Mornings I felt tired and achy and my back pained me. When I stooped over to put on my shoes or got up from a chair, I would have a catch in my back. For a spell, I was unable to do much of any work or even get around because of the weakness in my back. The kidney secretions passed irregularly and made me get up two or three times every night. They were burning, too and contained a brick-dust-like sediment. I had read of Doan's Kidney Pills in the local papers so I got some. The first box made me feel much better, so I continued using them and I was soon rid of the backache and my kidneys were acting as they should." (Statement given May 25, 1915).

On March 20, 1917 Mr. Raymond said: "I think as much of Doan's Kidney Pills as ever. I use a few occasionally and they regulate my kidneys."

60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 218.9  
(Advertisement)

### BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,

17 Commercial St., Weymouth.

(Advertisement)

## CHILDREN'S COLUMN

By S. E. B.

In March come the March winds,  
They blow and blow;  
But just what they come for,  
I hardly know.

In March come the March winds,  
They blow and blow;  
They sweep up the brown leaves,  
That green ones may grow.

It is time now, any day, to look for the first robin and bluebird, time also to plan for their reception as friends and helpers. Birds must have suffered this cold winter. It may be that insect pests will gain on us this summer, because birds are fewer than in ordinary seasons. Let's be wise and welcome and protect every returning bird. It may mean the safety of our gardens.

Here is an offer that is made to help you in your gardens this year, because seeds are so expensive. A friend of boys and girls has a supply of seeds left over from last year. He offers them to the Weymouth school and home gardeners at last year's prices on this condition: That before they are passed to any boy or girl, there must be thorough preparation of the land in which they are to be planted. A competent and critical judge will O. K. your garden preparation if you get to have that done and then you may get as long as the supply lasts, the kind and the quantity of seeds needed in a plot of ground of the size you have ready. Since thorough preparation is the first thing to be done in any event, you are offered a fine chance to save on your seed bill.

Who remembers the cautions that were given us last year. Don't start seeds too early. Six to eight weeks before plants could be set in open ground is soon enough. Don't buy cheap seeds at any time. Last year one cent would pay for 50 to 75 tomato seeds of a good variety when bought at wholesale rates. Very few gardens have room for more than this number of plants. Why buy any more seeds and use time in planting them to be "thinned out" and thrown aside. This year every seed should be expected to do its duty, and every penny saved by wise and thoughtful buying can be put into a thrift stamp.

### THE GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

is for sale at

Office of Publication, 52 Commercial St.

News Stand, South Station, Boston.

H. O. Collyer, North Weymouth.

T. Aldridge, North Weymouth.

Newsboy, Fort Point.

C. H. Smith, Washington square.

P. Casey, Lincoln square, Weymouth.

Mrs. Dwyer, 198 Washington St.

N. E. Williams, So. Weymouth.

Stowell Bros., 412 Main St.

Mrs. Orcutt, Near So. Weymouth depot

W. T. Newcomb, 431 Pleasant St.

M. P. Sprague, Nash's corner.

John Roche, Nash's Corner

Geo. H. Hunt, Broad St., E. Weymouth

Bates & Humphrey, Weymouth Centre.

W. J. Sladen, Weymouth Heights.

D. A. Jones' Thomas' Corner.

H. M. Alexanderson, 66 Bridge St.

Vinton Sisters, Near Braintree depot.

W. R. Page & Co., East Braintree.

J. E. Whelan, Quincy avenue.

Walter W. Pratt, Lovell's corner.

F. H. Milliken, 36 Holbrook road

### BILL COWING SAYS

Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

WILLIAM H. COWING,

17 Commercial St., Weymouth.

(Advertisement)

### MONDAY

Is the Best Day

on which

To Send Changes

of Advertisements

For The Gazette

New Advertisers can be accommodated as late as Friday morning, but copy arriving early in the week receives more careful attention, and a better location. Please cooperate with us, and send copy the first of the week. Thursday and Friday are BUSY DAYS.

Give us Weymouth trains over the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. direct to the shipyard. Rapid transit will help Weymouth.

Capital \$150,000 Surplus \$250,000



Theophilus King, Pres.  
CITY SQUARE, QUINCY  
OPPOSITE DEPOT, WOLLASTON  
General Banking Business Transacted  
Liberal Accommodations to Business Men  
Safe Deposit Boxes \$5.00 a year  
AMERICAN EXPRESS CHEQUES For Sale



For your health's sake don't have your washing done at home. When you consider the small amount of money you need spend each week, do you think it is worth while to endanger your health, and strength by the annoyance of having it done at your own residence. A few cents a week covers the bill.

Monarch Wet Wash Laundry  
East Weymouth  
TEL. 530 -- 21620 WEY.

## WHY?

not have your  
OLD CARPETS  
made into  
DURABLE RUGS  
Carpet Cleaning  
Eastern Rug Co.  
746 Washington Street  
Quincy, Mass.  
Tel. 1827-M.

## Teas and Coffees

Have you tried the  
Formosa Orange  
Pekoe Tea  
AND  
Our High Grade  
Roasted Coffees  
including the S. S. Pierce 59 Brand,  
and the Mt. Vernon Brand.

## Bates & Humphrey

Central Square, Weymouth Centre

## Southern John Neilson

JEWELER  
AND  
Optometrist  
729 Broad St.  
East Weymouth.  
Columbian Sq.  
South Weymouth

## W.H. FARRAR & CO.

Plumbing and Heating  
Stoves and Repairs  
Tis Roofing and General Jobbing  
ESTIMATES GIVEN  
Business Established 1883  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square.  
Telephone Weymouth 456 H.

Boys Wanted  
to Sell  
The GAZETTE

### SEARCHING THE EFFECTS OF GERMAN PRISONERS FOR INFORMATION



Photograph shows French troopers examining the effects of a bunch of German prisoners for any military information they may contain.

### GERMAN PHOTOGRAPH OF BOCHES FIGHTING IN SHELL HOLES



This remarkable photograph taken from a captured German officer, shows German troopers fighting from shell holes before the barrage fire of the allies. A dispatch dog is seen starting back with a message calling for reinforcements, and he seems quite unperturbed by the shell fire which is concentrated on the Boches.

### GENERAL PERSHING MEETS KING ALBERT



General Pershing, commander in chief of the American forces in France, being greeted on his arrival on the Belgian front by King Albert of Belgium. This is the first photograph to arrive in this country showing the meeting. General Pershing paid a visit to the Belgian front and inspected the forces which are holding that part of the line in Flanders.

### FOUGHT IN BIG BATTLES



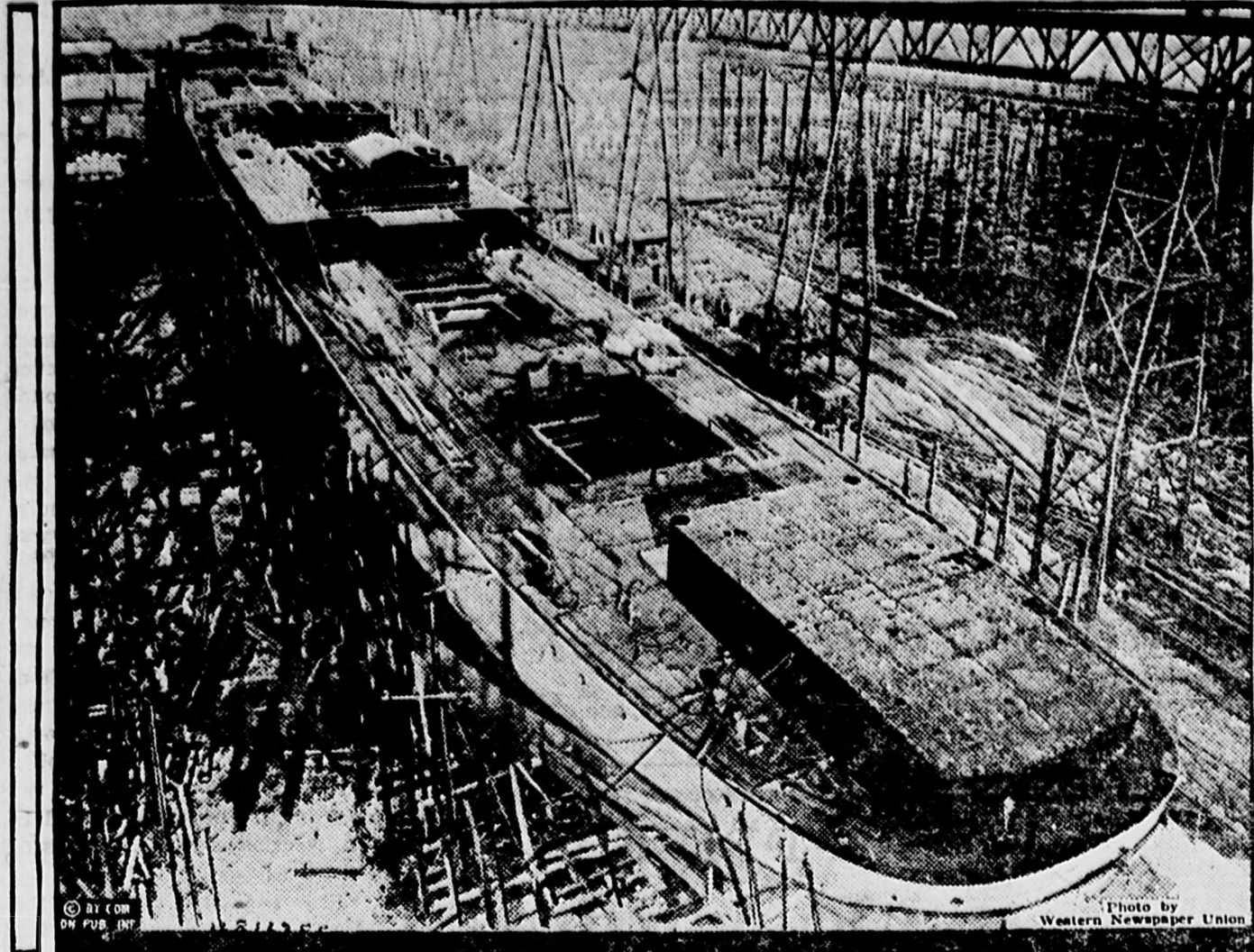
Sergeant Daniel "Bomber" McGinnis, a Boston lad who joined the Canadian overseas forces at the beginning of the war and served with the Second battalion on the western front. He participated in the battles of Messines, Ypres, Armentiers and the Somme. Sergeant McGinnis was wounded in the battle of the Somme, a piece of shell taking off his left leg. He is now employed as an orderly by the new United Service club in New York.

### Possibilities of Renaissance.

The Arab is an Asiatic, a Semite, and Arabia is probably his original home. Thence, migration into Babylonia was easy, states a writer, owing to the absence of natural obstacles, such as seas or high mountain ranges.

As it was a custom of Arabic historians to begin with the creation, few of them ever reached the era in which they lived and about which they might have written with some accuracy. Largely for that reason no distinct record has come down to us of the highly interesting conquest of northern Africa as far as the Straits of Hercules; it is only after the Arabs effected lodgment in Spain and pushed as far into France as Charles Martel would permit them that anything approaching "history" of them is to be had.

### BUILDING ONE OF AMERICA'S IMMENSE VICTORY-BEARERS



One of the immense freighters being built for the United States government to carry supplies abroad to our troops and our allies. This vessel is nearly completed, and there are hundreds of others in the many yards throughout the United States. Many ships are being built, but still more must be had to carry our troops and supplies overseas. Skilled workmen are being formed into a huge industrial army under the department of labor, and each worker will receive a certificate and a button showing him to be a volunteer in this work upon which directly rests the fate of world-wide democracy.

### BRITISH TROOPS MOVED ON FRENCH CANAL BARGES



Photographs have arrived in this country showing troops being moved to the front on motorlorries, on light railways and on foot, but perhaps never before has a picture come showing troops being moved to the front on barges via canals, which bring them a short distance from the front. The rest of the journey is made on foot. These barges are loaded with the happy Tommies, and they make reasonably fast progress to the front, though of course not as fast as motorlorries or light railways. The Tommies enjoy this method of travel, as it gives them a good opportunity to view the prettier sections of France.

### FIERCEST OF FIGHTERS



The French colonials are probably the fiercest fighters in the French army. The Germans at any rate fear them more than anything else on earth. It is said that these "colored gommies" never take a prisoner.

### Frost Bitten.

Harold Mueller, a young civil engineer of Richmond, whose work carries him in the country and in association with a good many farmers, tells this story: His mother told him to be on the lookout for any bargains the farmer might offer him. "While driving along the road one day in his car he noticed a sign on the fence which read, 'Take home all the pumpkins you want—free.' Mueller thought to himself, 'Here is a farmer after my own heart, who is not a tightwad.' He got three of the largest pumpkins he could find and returned home with his find. He was quite proud of his find, and a few days later inquired of his mother when he could hope for a nice pumpkin pie. His heart sank when he learned the pumpkins had fallen to pieces. The free pumpkins had been frost bitten.—Indianapolis News.

### PETROGRAD'S LONG MILK LINES



Long line of women and children waiting to buy milk in Petrograd. Most of them carry pails, but the supply is so limited that they get very little. This line of people eager to buy necessities can be found at almost all the stores, but the staple foods are very scarce.

### CONDENSATIONS

More than 2,000 motorists who failed to stop, look and listen, were killed at grade crossings in 1916, and many more were injured. The number of the killed and injured in these accidents is increasing 25 per cent a year. The houses, streets and roads in Malta are built of nearly white stone, and during the summer months these reflect the sun's rays so strongly that colored glasses are largely worn by both the native population and foreigners. Many sizes and forms of frames and many different colors of glass are used.

A demand for trunks and valises of American make can be created in Paraguay. Those now in general use are of local manufacture and are of an inferior grade. The foreign and domestic commerce bureau will supply a list of importers to firms interested in securing this business.

In a report on business conditions in New Zealand in 1917 Consul General A. A. Winslow states that there is now a fine opening for all kinds of American goods. Agencies should be established with complete stocks available for rush orders and the territory should be covered by competent salesmen.

### Heated Air in Medicine.

Heated air is reported by Dr. C. G. Cumston to be of considerable importance in war medical and surgical practice. At temperatures of 100 degrees to 300 degrees Fahrenheit it eases pain, produces an increased blood flow to the wound and greatly aids healing. At such high temperatures as 700 degrees to 1,400 degrees the air jet is pronounced the ideal sterilizer. At a pressure of 7 to 15 pounds the heated air may be used for massage by simply directing it upon the wound and in some cases useful results are obtained by alternating with a hot-air and a cold-air douche.

### "Justice."

Mr. John Galsworthy, who recently refused a knighthood and remarked that "literature was its own reward," once told an interesting story apropos his great play, "Justice."

A certain business man had decided to prosecute a swindler. One night his wife returned from seeing a performance of "Justice" so disgusted with the then horrors of the English penal system (which the play was instrumental in getting improved) that she persuaded her husband not to prosecute the swindler.

This may have been super-sentimentalism, but it was a fine tribute to Mr. Galsworthy's art.

# MOTHERS TO BE

Should Read Mrs. Monyhan's Letter Published by Her Permission.



Mitchell, Ind.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me so much during the time I was looking forward to the coming of my little one that I am recommending it to other expectant mothers. Before taking it, some days I suffered with neuralgia so badly that I thought I could not live, but after taking three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I was entirely relieved of neuralgia, I had gained in strength and was able to go around and do all my housework. My baby when seven months old weighed 19 pounds and I feel better than I have for a long time. I never had any medicine do me so much good."—Mrs. PEARL MONYHAN, Mitchell, Ind.

Good health during maternity is a most important factor to both mother and child, and many letters have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., telling of health restored during this trying period by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Small Pill  
Small Dose  
Small Price

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.**

FOR  
**CONSTIPATION**

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature *W. D. Carter*

**PALE FACES**  
Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood

**Carter's Iron Pills**  
Will help this condition

Difficult Proposition. "I have been working on a mid-ocean story." "Did you land it?"

**Catarrah Cannot Be Cured** by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrah. It is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Drugists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Twickenham, England, has five horse butcheries, owing to the influx of Belgians.

**Piles Cured in 6 to 10 Days** Druggists refund money if 20 OLYMPIC TABLETS fail to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. First application gives relief. 50c

One of the differences between men and women is that men have to die to become angels.

As we grow more sensible, we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea. Adv.

Knife wounds heal more quickly than those caused by a sharp tongue.

**SANFORDS GINGER**

Hot Ginger Is Good For Poor Sleepers

Taken on retiring it centres the blood at the stomach, promotes digestion, warms the extremities and prepares the system for refreshing sleep. Besides it's always healthful and helpful.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

**Soothe Your Itching Skin With Cuticura**

Soap 25c. Ointment 25c & 50c

**PERSISTENT COUGHS** are dangerous. Relief is prompt from Pico's Remedy for Coughs and Colds. Effective and safe for young and old. No opiate in

**PISO'S**

## GEORGE SUTTON, RESOURCEFUL AT ALL BILLIARDS, SPECIALIZES AT NURSING



George Sutton, the veteran billiardist, who has held both the 18-1 and 18-2 balkline championships, was born in Waverly, N. Y., March 13, 1864. His first public appearance was in a pyramid or eight-ball pool tournament in New York in 1882, when he won first prize. Eleven years later he became a balkliner and won the championship of Canada at 14-2. In 1906 he defeated George Slosson for the 18-2 championship of the world, but he was himself defeated by Willie Hoppe the same year. He regained the title from the latter, then lost it to Schaefer in 1907. Sutton again won the 18-2 championship from Slosson in 1909, but finally lost again to Hoppe early in 1910. He defeated Hoppe for the 18-1 championship in 1911, but lost the title to Ora Morningstar in 1912. Although resourceful at all styles of billiards, in balkline Sutton specializes at line nursing and restricting operations to the end of the table. At delicate work he excels all other cue experts.

### PRICE OF BASEBALL WILL GO SKY HIGH THIS YEAR

Don't be surprised if they ask \$2 for every baseball you buy at the stores before the summer is gone. Yarn is scarce. Woolen yarn that goes into the making of the genuine big league baseball has increased in price 300 per cent, and shows no sign of stopping, according to a big manufacturer. League balls at \$1.50 are possible only because the makers have stored yarn ahead of the latest rise, but it is said that they haven't anywhere near the amount needed to last.

### RIGHT-HAND HITTER WANTED

Manager Quinn of Browns Finds All His Outfield Talent Bat From the Left Side.

Business Manager Bobby Quinn of the St. Louis Browns, having taken stock of his outfield talent, finds that all he has bats from the left side of the plate, whereupon he announces that he is in the market to buy or trade for a right-handed hitter who can also catch flies.

### LEAGUE TO PROTECT FAMILY OF GOWDY



"I have notified Sergt. Hank Gowdy of the Boston Braves, the first ball player to enlist, that the National league will take good care of his dependents in the event of his inability or effacement." President John K. Tener of the National league said at Boston as chairman of the Elks' committee, which is to build a hospital in Boston for crippled soldiers.

### JOHN KELLEHER AN AVIATOR

Brooklyn Recruit Infielder From Denver Has Been Accepted for Service in Army. John Kelleher, the recruit infielder Brooklyn drew from Denver, has notified President Ebbets that he has been accepted for service in the army aviation section. He makes five stars in Brooklyn's service flag.

### COST OF FOUL BALLS LARGE

Number of Spheres Confiscated by Bleacherites or Find Their Way Over Fence is Big.

The high cost of fouls is going to worry the magnates more than ever this year. We don't mean spring chickens, or any of the feathery tribe but foul balls, that are confiscated by fans in the bleachers or find their way into the eager clutches of "future greats" camped outside of the ball parks. Baseballs this year are quoted at \$1.50 apiece, 25 cents more than they cost in 1917. The average ball club uses hundreds of dozens of balls each season, and at \$1.50 per each, the cost is going to mount high. For every ball that is lost the magnate will be out two bits more than he was before. In the National league last year the eight clubs used 1,538 dozen baseballs. That means 18,456 "apples" in all. If they use that many balls this year they will have to plunk down \$27,084 for them.

### MAY LAUNCH "KNITTING DAY"

Chicago Club Endeavoring to Restore Custom of Admitting Women Free to Games.

"Knitting day" once a week may be established at the National league parks this season, if plans under way are carried to completion. The Chicago club formerly admitted women free one day a week, but a year ago the National league passed a rule abolishing "ladies' day." Officials of the team now propose to ask a renewal of the custom at the next meeting of the league, but instead of calling it ladies' day it will be known as "knitting day."

It is said that five of the eight clubs of the National league favor a free day for women, which has prevailed at the park of the Chicago American league club for several years.

### MUST REPORT IN CONDITION

On Account of Short Training Period Pitchers Are Expected to Work-out at Home.

Because of the National league restriction on the length of the training period there will be no sending of pitchers ahead of the main team this spring. Most of the National league clubs have notified their pitchers that they will be expected to report in "condition," which means they are expected to start their workouts at home a couple of weeks in advance of the training period.

### KOOB SEEKS AVIATION BERTH

Southpaw hurler of St. Louis American League Team Makes Application for Flying Job.

Ernest Koob, southpaw pitcher of the St. Louis Browns for the last two seasons, has filed his application for entrance into the United States aviation service. Koob was offered a contract by the Browns, and has accepted it. He is registered in class 1 in the selective draft.

### Whitted May Be Drafted.

George Whitted may be lost to the Phillies when the next draft call is issued. Whitted will be among the first to be drawn, as his number was almost reached in the first call.

## IMPRESSED BY OUR FOOTBALL BATTLES

Japs Take Great Interest in U. S. Army Athletics.

Observers From Far East Wrought Up Over Stoicism and Sportmanship Displayed by Players When Injured in Games.

Ever since the work of organizing America's army was started we have had among us observers from Japan, who are not so much taken up with the way we get together our military forces as they are with our taste of keeping the soldier fit and interested. In addition to making observations at our camps they have visited our colleges and perhaps beyond anything else they have been impressed by our football games.

One of the Japanese, a college professor and a Y. M. C. A. worker, on his return to Tokyo recently delivered a lecture, in which he emphasized the remarkable index to American fighting spirit and character furnished by our football battles.

For ages Japan has prided itself on the spirit of the ancient Samurai—a spirit which, it was held, has transcended that of any other nation. Only those who are intimately familiar with the feelings of the Japanese on that subject can imagine the stir which the lecturer undoubtedly created when he told his fellow Nipponese that "the spirit of the old Samurai is not confined to Japan, but is evident in every game between American college football teams."

"American football never would be a success in Japan—it could not exist here," the Japanese told his hearers. "If any of you think that the spirit of old Japan is superior to the spirit of America you would change that impression if you were to see a hard-fought game on an American college football field."

What impressed the Japanese more than anything in football was the stoicism and sportmanship with which the players accepted injury and even a "knockout."

The Japanese have prided themselves on their ability to take punishment without flinching, but five minutes of a football game convinced our visitor that in at least that feature we stood supreme.

### MATT WELLS, EX-BOXER, MAKES HIT AS REFEREE



Matt Wells, the English boxer who was a ring sensation in this country a few years back, has retired from the roped arena, as far as actual fighting goes. Wells, who is located at Rochester at present, has branched out as a referee.

Wells, who was a former amateur lightweight champion of England, made a great hit with New York fight fans soon after the Frawley law went into effect, about 1910. Matt won the English title in 1911, defeating Freddie Welsh in a 20-round bout in London. Welsh regained his English title in 1912, when he defeated Wells in 20 rounds.

### DATES SET FOR ANNUAL TRAP SHOOTING FIXTURE

The dates for the Grand American Handicap tournament of the Interstate Trapshooting association have been set for August 5 to 9 inclusive.

The tournament will be held at Chicago under the direction of the South Shore Country club. There will be \$4,000 in added money, of which \$1,500 and trophies will be divided among the first five place winners.

### Fletcher Is Captain.

Arthur Fletcher will be the captain of the Giants next season, whatever that signifies. He succeeds Charley Herzog, who became captain when Larry Doyle departed. Doyle returns as a private.

# LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

Until this new "smoke" was made you could never have a real Burley tobacco cigarette. It's the best yet.

## IT'S TOASTED

The toasting brings out the delicious flavor of that fine old Kentucky Burley. You never tasted anything so agreeable—think what roasting does for peanuts.



Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co. INCORPORATED

**RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.** To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

**Natural Conduct.** "The man who started out to put politics on a moral basis, is complaining that people are making game of him." "What else could he expect when he went on such a wild-goose chase?"

**Only One "BROMO QUININE"** To get the genuine, call for full name LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of H. W. GIBBY. Cures a Cold in One Day. 50c

**Between Girls.** "Jack declares he'll go crazy if I don't marry him." "Ah! Then there's no hope for him either way."

Garfield Tea, by purifying the blood, eradicates rheumatism, dyspepsia and many chronic ailments. Adv.

Even a clever girl if wise will learn to cook.

Silence is dignity's greatest asset.

## Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.


Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging. Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return. For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

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FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

**FOOD FACTS**

The most recent regulations issued to bakers by the Food Administration authorize them to apply the name Victory bread to all bread which contains 20% or more of wheat flour substitutes. This Victory bread may be sold for consumption on wheatless days, but bakers, as well as housewives, are urged to use on wheatless days breads containing no wheat flour or at least more than 20% of wheat flour substitutes.

Pies, cakes, doughnuts, etc., may be called Victory provided that they contain 33 1/3% of wheat substitutes, and, if containing such amounts of substitutes, may also be served on wheatless days and at wheatless meals.

They may now be used in any form, as dry or fresh liquid, and in any quantity if the bread containing it is sold at the same price as that in which no milk is used. Such bread is not to be advertised or sold as milk bread however. There are certain advantages to be gained too by the use of milk in breadmaking. It adds not only to the food value and the increase in production but the loaf will remain fresh or moist longer, and will crumble less.

Only vegetable shortening may now be used by bakers in their bread making and not more than two pounds of shortening to 196 pounds of flour are allowed.

There has been offered to us a wide range of substitutes including bran, shorts and middling, corn flour, cornmeal, hominy, corn grits, barley flour, rolled oats, oatmeal, rice, rice flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, bean meal, peanut meal, and some others. As patriotic citizens of our country we should be willing to accept and use these substitutes as food in all ways possible. As a Democracy we are requested to do this thing, but if we do not comply with the request, Autocracy may demand it of us, and are we not fighting against Autocracy?

For the wheatless evening meals the following is suggested:

**OATMEAL MUFFINS**  
 1 1/2 cups scalded milk.  
 2 cups rolled-oats.  
 1 egg.  
 1 tablespoonful molasses.  
 1 cup rye flour.  
 1 tablespoonful melted fat.  
 1 teaspoonful salt.

Pour scalded milk over rolled oats and let stand till cold. Add beaten egg, molasses, melted fat and dry ingredients mixed and sifted together. Bake in greased muffin tins one-half hour in moderately hot oven. All measurements for the above recipe are level. The rolled oats may be put through the food chopper, if desired, and a finer texture thereby obtained.

H. MILDRED COWAN.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
 Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
 17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
 (Advertisement)

**TO FRANCE VIA PANAMA AND CAMP LEWIS**  
**Travel Talks of Soldier Boy Who Enlisted in Ambulance Corps at San Francisco**

Many have been interested in the letters which Carl F. Prescott has written to his parents during his trip of two years on the Pacific coast, and several have said they were worth publishing. His trip includes the Panama Canal, World Fairs at San Francisco and San Diego, life on a ranch and also among the mountains, an outing in Yosemite National Park, and visits to many cities and points of interest, until his enlistment in San Francisco in July in a Masonic Ambulance Corps, now the 364th Ambulance Corps at Camp Lewis, expecting daily to be ordered across the seas. He is the son of the editor of the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript. The following excerpts are from his weekly letters and will be continued for several weeks.

No. 19  
 San Diego, California,  
 January to April, 1917.

Have returned to San Diego, and my first two days were indeed big days—the New Year's Eve celebration and the closing of the World's Fair, New Year's day. Two days I will remember and recall many years as having been pleasantly spent in the extreme southwestern city of the United States.

Leaving Warner Springs, Dec. 31, the first stage of the journey was through snow, slush and muddy roads, making it bad going. But the last 50 miles was fine going, the roads being hard and dry. They being down grade, gave one an endless chain of varying scenery, rich and glorious. It seemed as if we were chasing the setting sun, which finally sunk into the sea amid blazing colors. Arrived at dusk.

After dinner I was early down town to watch the fun of New Year's Eve. There was plenty of noise—horns, automobiles, people on the street blowing horns, ringing bells, and throwing confetti. Stayed up to usher in the New Year.

Early New Year's day found me at the San Diego Exposition for the closing day. At 5 P. M., by invitation, I went to the Southern California building or reception room where one of the big receptions of the day was in order. Had an opportunity to meet some of the influential and "big people" of California—the president of the Fair, and men like Mayor Rolph of Frisco. Later in the evening we took in a few of the attractions on "The Isthmus," as the midway was known. The closing exercises of the World's Fair were at midnight, and we were on hand. Heard Mme. Schumann-Heink sing. My description of the day is altogether too brief. Wish I had the time to speak of all I did see and hear, but it would be next to impossible.

Made a trip to La Jolla Jan. 2, staying with friends over night.

Have been out several days with a surveyor connected with a land and water company, which took me to Del Mar, Santa Fe ranch, the Carroll dam site, Bernardo, Escondido and Ocean-side.

On Sunday slipped over to Coronado to take in the sights, visiting the Hotel Del Coronado. It is some place, I can assure you—very prettily and tastefully furnished, and large. It has a very homelike and quiet feeling inside, and almost no commercial aspect whatever. The inside courts are charming, the dining room spacious, and all very interesting.

Another two weeks with the surveying party with headquarters at Santa Fe Ranch, Del Mar. We are running lines for a new road from De Mar to Escondido via Carroll dam site. It has been a pleasant and busy week—a large party of twelve divided into several squads doing different work. The February weather has been all one could ask; clear and warm during the middle of the day. Because of considerable walking each day one is foot weary at night, and it is a case of early to bed.

Have found out through conversation, study and observation that the most important industries here are the automobile and oil. Both are constantly growing, and there is still a big undeveloped field. Therefore I have accepted a position with the San Diego oil stations.

The city had a little surprise and excitement Saturday night, Feb. 17, in the form of hail, which in a few

minutes made the ground white; an eye opener for many and a source of much fun.

It is surprising how many elections they have out this way, due principally to the referendum. Only two this week. Today on some water bonds, and Feb. 23 on a county charter. Nothing but elections, and I fail to see where the people are any better off. Taxes are a fright, and still climbing. Of course the climate is fine; some like it better than Los Angeles, and if the town should start to grow, it will grow fast, and much would be made on its prosperity by getting in on the ground floor.

March 20 was primary election day in San Diego, so when calling at the office for my mail, it was suggested I put in a little time helping Mr. Marston who was running for mayor. So from headquarters I was sent up to precinct 66 during the afternoon to check up. This was of course most interesting, due to both sexes voting. Half of the precinct officers were women. Had a nice young and ardent worker for Marston with a machine to chase after the voters who had failed to show up. Election day is two weeks away.

March 21 I got up early and went on a good long auto ride with one of the boys at the office. Went up through Escondido to Fallbrook; then through San Luis Rey, passed the Mission to Oceanside, and down the coast through the different towns, back to San Diego, about 150 miles.

During the week I made a call on a gentleman who was a frequent visitor at Warner Hot Springs, and we got very friendly. He is retired and very interesting, and we had many good times together. He took me down to the Cabrillo Commercial Club, the club of San Diego, showed me the rooms, and on leaving handed me a 15 days' membership card. So I have been very fortunate in having the privileges of this club the last few days. It was exceedingly good of him and you can be assured I appreciated his courtesy.

One day went over to Coronado in the afternoon with the idea of seeing one of the famous society polo games. Thought I might see Eleanor Sears who is here at the present time. However, got sidetracked, when I called at the hotel, having a pleasant visit with a doctor who had been a guest at Warner Hot Springs.

Aside from the prospects of rapid growth, more opportunity everywhere as compared with the already grown large cities of the East. Yet I am convinced I would not always want to stay, unless there was some improvement—more life and business. Too many are trying to live on climate only, and the rest they squeeze out of tourists, just exist, not live, by any means.

The latest figures show that 255,000 licenses have been issued in California this year for automobiles. They are used the year round, as snow is almost unknown in Southern California. Service stations are scattered all over the cities, generally called oil or gasoline stations. They generally carry all the accessories pertaining to cars, articles of repair, the oils, greases, etc.

C. F. P.  
 (To be continued).

**SHOULD RAISE ONE OR TWO PIGS THIS YEAR**  
**Little That One Can Raise That Will Produce a Better Income**  
 (By Edward Lukeman).

In the last two issues of this paper I dwelt on the scarcity of seeds, and in an editorial of the Boston American during the past week the same subject was treated in a pretty thorough manner. If I have not been able to impress on your minds the seriousness of the situation, doubtless this article has.

Having in this way settled about the seed situation, the next step is to think about planting the garden. You must bear in mind that if the war ends this year we will probably be able to struggle along as we have been, but if it is to continue along two or three years, then the task of feeding ourselves and our Allies will be a tremendous one.

That farmers the country over consider this a most serious matter is shown by the fact that on Saturday, Feb. 9, delegates representing sixteen different farm organizations, many of them teachers in the different agricultural colleges, called on President Wilson, and stated that unless steps were taken immediately the country would face a serious crop shortage.

The following obstacles must be removed:

First,—shortage of labor, seeds, feed, fertilizer, farm implements and agricultural supplies.

Second,—Lack of reasonable credit.

Third,—Prices often below the cost of production.

Fourth,—Justified belief of the farmer that he is not regarded as partner in the great enterprise of winning the war.

Now, if I have dwelt sufficiently on the importance of having a good garden, you ought if possible to try and raise a couple of pigs. I am aware that the price of grain is high, yes very, very high, but this is true in every line of business, and the hog is the most important animal to raise for meat and money. He can be produced with less labor, less equipment, and less capital, and will make a greater gain on a given amount of feed, than any other domestic animal. The hog reproduces himself rapidly and can be brought to a marketable condition in nearly the same length of time required to raise a good drop of corn, and if given good care will weigh from 200 to 225 pounds when he is eight or nine months old.

The maximum price for hogs during the war will depend on the supply, but we know the government has guaranteed that the price will not be less than \$15.50 per hundred-weight, with the positive assurance that not less than fifteen and one-half cents a pound will be paid. What can you raise that will produce a better income?

The hog will eat ravenously of clover and root crops, he will thrive on skim milk, and as a consumer of waste products he has no equal.

The livestock situation not only in the United States but throughout the entire world, is really alarming. For a number of years the production in our country has not kept pace with the requirements of our own people, and now that we are at war, and the demand for meat and meat products of all kinds by foreign countries is staggering in its immensity, the situation is truly alarming.

During the past three years the demand for grain has been so great on account of the war that farmers have thought it more profitable to sell the grain than to feed it.

However meat is as much of a necessity to sustain human life as are grains, fruit or vegetables, and animal products such as milk, butter, cheese and lard are absolutely necessary.

In all foreign countries that are engaged in the war live stock is depleted, due to the great demand for foodstuffs. It is estimated that after the war is over it will take many years for these countries to get back to their normal livestock supply. Hence it is reasonable to assume that the demand for meat will be great for a long time, and that prices will remain high.

The demand has been so great during the past two years, that the meat exports have increased more than one hundred percent, and would have been far greater were we able to supply the demand.

I am writing the above to try and impress upon your minds the necessity of doing all in your power to do something to increase the meat supply, as far as you possibly can, so as to prevent a similar condition as exists with coal, sugar and other goods, which is so serious at the present time.

Now, in concluding this article, I want to state that I hope you will think over what I have written seriously, and then make up your mind you are going to carry out some of the suggestions, even if it imposes a little extra effort on your part, and you must know that if you carry out everything I have written and you have to rise early and work late to do so your lot would still be a good deal easier than the boys in the trenches.

(To be continued).

**BOYS TO FARM FOR AMERICA**  
 6000 High School Students Over 18 to Enroll in National Campaign to Plant and Reap the Crops.  
**ENDICOTT NEEDS THEIR HELP**

Plans for carrying on the food production and conservation work of the State were discussed in an all-day session, when the county food administrators recently appointed by State Food Administrator Henry B. Endicott gathered for the first time to hear outlined plans of the administration for the coming spring and summer. Special emphasis was placed upon the immediate necessity of arranging for the promoting of interest in all sorts of farming and gardening.

A letter was received from National Food Administrator Hoover stating that the amount of production in the home gardens last year undoubtedly saved serious food shortages, as the overtaxed railway system rendered sending to the users large quantities of potatoes, beans and other products impossible. Mr. Hoover said:

"The extensive use of suburban gardens for planting last year proved of extreme importance in increasing the national food supply.

"Even with the car shortage which has developed during the last three months and the total inability to move the large reserves of potatoes and beans, we have been saved from positive shortages throughout the country, largely by virtue of the accumulated household stores which are the results of home endeavor.

"The food situation of the world must steadily degenerate as long as the war lasts. It is, therefore, of prime importance to add every item to the total production. Furthermore our overtaxed railways, which must continue to be overtaxed during the whole course of the war, will be greatly relieved if we have a larger area of gardens planted than last season.

"It seems to me that the experience of last season indicates that, aside from a moderate planting, of perishable vegetables for immediate use, the substantial part of such gardens should be devoted to potatoes and beans. These two commodities can be raised in practically all sections of the United States, are of the utmost value from a food point of view, and have the great advantage that they can be preserved in the household without artificial treatment."


It is the intention of the State Food Administration and its county delegates to follow out to the letter Mr. Hoover's suggestion relative to increasing suburban and community gardens.

At one o'clock the meeting adjourned to the Union Club, where the county administrators and the heads of the various food departments in the State House lunched as Mr. Endicott's guests. The meeting was reopened after lunch and continued at the Club until late in the afternoon.

Philip R. Allen, Chairman of the County Food Administrator's Board, here outlined in more detail the work of the administrators; he said that they would not be called upon to create any organization, as that would perhaps interfere with the administrative departments at the State House, but they were expected to act as executives and in the event of any community's showing lack of interest in the food production and conservation movement it would be their duty to re-instill new energy.

President Butterfield of the Massachusetts Agricultural College and chairman of the food production division of the Massachusetts Committee on Public Safety, outlined the plan for work this year in the department which he supervises. The newly appointed administrators also heard the heads of departments of the State Food Administration describe their work and how full cooperation could be obtained between the State House and county divisions.

**NO NEED OF SLIPPERS**  
 —if you have been fitted to RALSTON SHOES—the comfort kind.  
 —Don't forget they are stylish, too.  
 Let us show you.



**Jones** Just Around the Corner  
 1 Granite St., Quincy

**SOUTH SHORE CO-OPERATIVE BANK**  
 The treasurer will receive money at the office of the Weymouth Light and Power Co., Jackson square, East Weymouth, on Friday evening previous to the regular monthly meetings between 7.30 and 8.30.  
 CHARLES G. JORDAN,  
 Clerk.

**George M. Keene**  
**CARPENTER AND BUILDER**  
 16 Fairmount Ave. E. Weymouth  
 Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to  
 Agent for metal ceilings  
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 Orders called for and delivered.  
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 Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.  
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**'PASTE THIS IN YOUR**



Every dollar spent out of town TAKES THAT DOLLAR from circulation here.

The dollars spent, with the HOME MERCHANTS go to PAY RENT, TAXES and WAGES in this town.

**The Home Merchants Need You.**  
 You Need the Home Merchants.  
**GIVE THEM YOUR TRADE**

**For Sale**  
 \$4,250 will buy a 10-acre Farm in Weymouth.  
 All modern dwelling and good stable.  
 Electric care paves the door.  
 Call and see me and I will tell you more about it.

**Russell B. Worster**  
 REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE  
 WEYMOUTH, MASS.

**BILL COWING SAYS**  
 Every knock is not a boost to Weymouth.

**WILLIAM H. COWING,**  
 17 Commercial St., Weymouth.  
 (Advertisement)



# See Pages 9 and 13 for Report of Town Meeting

# Weymouth

Read the Experiences of Sergt. Empey

# Gazette

AND TRANSCRIPT

VOL. LII. NO. 10

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## "MONITOR" NEEDED IN THE PRESENT WAR

### Rev. Samuel Bushnell Tells of Civil War Victory Over the "Merrimac"

The annual Ladies' Night of the Men's Club of Clapp Memorial Association on Wednesday evening at the Association building was a greater social event than usual, the attendance was larger, the Camp Hingham boys furnished a live orchestra, a local quartette sang popular selections, the speaker of the evening had an interesting topic, the menu was a good one, well served, and the ladies were charming as usual.

There was a social hour from 6 to 7 on the first floor. When adjournment was made to the second floor the full capacity of the hall was tested. President Tilden asked the Rev. Dr. Ford to ask the blessing, which was exceptionally good.

The menu was very satisfactory, including:

- BAKED HAM (Southern Style)
- BAKED POTATOES (a la Monitor)
- CABBAGE SALAD (Weymouth Style)

- LIMA BEANS (Rival of Boston)
- CORN MUFFINS (Camp Hingham Brand)
- COFFEE (At request of Men)
- HARLEQUIN ICE CREAM (Ladies' Delight)
- SPONGE CAKE (Hard to Beat)

Young men assisted in the serving and did a good job. Meanwhile the orchestra had a private dining room downstairs and enjoyed a choice box of cigars presented by George F. Farrar.

President Tilden opened the post prandial exercises by inviting all to sing one verse of the "Star Spangled Banner." Then a quartet composed of Messrs W. A. Hodges, Ralph Young, Harold Raymond and Myron Ford, sang "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and were recalled.

President Tilden said the speaker

of the evening would take us back over 50 years, and relate a chapter of Civil War history never published, his father having built the "Monitor" which defeated the "Merrimac."

Rev. Samuel C. Bushnell had a very interesting bit of history. As was well known, he said, the Merrimac would have wiped out the Northern Navy, but for the timely appearance of the Monitor. My father, Mr. Bushnell, sought information at Washington, as to how to ironclad wooden vessels. He was referred to Mr. Ericsson. Previous to this Ericsson had endeavored to get support from the United States government for the building of the Monitor but without success, and was sore on the government. He had a model which Bushnell obtained.

How Bushnell won the assistance of Ericsson was interesting. Then the government required that the builder be responsible for the Monitor on its trial trip. How Bushnell overcame many difficulties and finally secured support and bondsmen, was closely followed, and he built the fighter.

When the Monitor was completed, in less than 100 days, the speaker was taken to New York to view the turret vessel, and it was a big day in his life, and another interesting chapter in the story. Then the Monitor was towed to Fortress Monroe, hardly finished. It arrived on a Saturday night, and went into action the next day, winning the greatest battle in the naval history of the Civil War. A letter written by Dana Jones, who was in command after the first part of the engagement, was read and graphically told of the fight. With the many facts presented by the speaker it was intensely interesting.

- James I. Peers
- Mrs. James I. Peers
- W. A. Wheaton
- Mrs. W. A. Wheaton
- F. N. Pratt
- C. A. Lincoln
- Elizabeth A. Lincoln
- Dr. G. H. Grant
- Mrs. G. H. Grant
- P. A. Conathan
- Mrs. P. A. Conathan
- Peter Hughes
- Mrs. Peter Hughes
- J. E. Mulligan
- A. T. Appleton
- Edward T. Jackson
- C. Will Bailey
- Mrs. C. Will Bailey
- James Ford
- Mrs. James Ford
- Benjamin N. Ellis
- George F. Farrar
- Mrs. George F. Farrar
- Harold W. Raymond
- Mrs. Harold W. Raymond
- M. Sheehy
- C. C. Temple
- Mrs. C. C. Temple
- Mr. Rogers
- Mrs. Rogers
- F. N. Crocker
- G. E. Gould
- Mrs. G. E. Gould
- George L. Bates
- Albert Brennock
- Mrs. Albert Brennock
- Dr. Fraser
- Mrs. Fraser
- L. H. Burgess
- Elljah Whiton
- Mrs. Elljah Whiton
- William E. Lynch
- Mrs. William E. Lynch
- E. E. Merchant
- J. E. Fabyan
- Mrs. J. E. Fabyan
- G. E. Bicknell
- Mrs. G. E. Bicknell
- Mrs. Frances Hathaway
- James L. Lincoln
- D. D. Randall
- Mrs. D. D. Randall
- B. B. Sylvester
- Mrs. B. B. Sylvester
- W. M. Reamy
- Miss Reamy
- F. H. Holmes
- Mrs. F. H. Holmes
- J. P. Haddie
- Mrs. J. P. Haddie
- B. E. Durgin
- Mrs. B. E. Durgin
- C. Harrington
- Mrs. C. Harrington
- N. W. Bates
- Mrs. N. W. Bates

## SEVEN CANDIDATES FOR FIVE PLACES

### Will Mr. Cowing or Mr. Sipprelle Defeat Members of the Present Board of Selectmen

But for the contest for Selectmen and Overseers of the Poor, the annual town election next Monday would be a tame affair, but probably a quorum will turn out.

All the present members of the Board of Selectmen, are candidates for re-election, but one of the number, Joseph Kelley, is running on nomination papers, as he did not enter the Republican caucuses.

The regular nomination of the caucus went to William H. Cowing, who resides in the same ward as Mr. Kelley. It was Mr. Kelley who last year defeated Edward W. Hunt for re-election.

Another candidate on nomination papers is N. Perry Sipprelle of South Weymouth, but he is not making a very active canvass.

The names will appear on the ballots in the following order in each ward:

- William H. Cowing, 17 Commercial street.
- Henry E. Hanley, 66 Raymond street.
- Alfred W. Hastings, Columbian street.
- Bradford Hawes, 726 Pleasant street.
- Joseph Kelley, 340 Washington street.
- George L. Newton, 81 Sea street.
- N. Perry Sipprelle, 60 Tower ave.

more than one man on the Board of Selectmen.

The last two years the votes for Selectmen were:

	1917	1916
Hanley	1035	1057
Hastings	952	—
Kelley	936	775
Hawes	884	891
Newton	827	782
Hunt	797	831
Perry	406	509
Burrell	—	780
Wright	—	645

Most important of all in the election is the vote on the License question. For many years now Weymouth has had an unbroken record as a No-License town. For two years the No majority has been over 300 in a total of 1,700.

Here are figures for eleven years:

Year	Yes	No	Silent	Total	Maj.
1916	604	914	226	1744	310
1915	787	1110	169	2066	323
1914	696	951	240	1887	255
1913	780	1042	259	2081	262
1912	387	747	290	1624	360
1911	520	766	256	1542	246
1910	614	899	394	1907	285
1909	626	912	302	1839	285
1908	698	836	264	1798	228
1907	745	927	345	2017	182
1906	708	878	489	1985	170

Bulletins enter too largely into the contest and do not seem necessary where there are only seven candidates. Every voter should cast his whole strength. Certainly we want

Club pictures now in the room. The set is entitled "Bugs, Beasts, Birds and Pests." The pictures will remain until March 25.

## Does Faithfulness Deserve Recognition?

IF SO

# Vote to Re-elect JOSEPH KELLEY

340 Washington Street, Weymouth, Mass.

ELECTION MARCH 11

—Milton B. Richmond, 160 Middle St., Weymouth.

**WANTED**

ONE MILLWRIGHT  
THREE MACHINISTS

**Crawford Machine Co.**

11, 10 South Weymouth

**Kincaide Theatre**

FRI. and SAT.

THEDA BARA IN "CAMILLE"

—Story by the Famous ALEXANDER DUMAS

A 2-Reel Sidesplitting FOX COMEDY

Hearst-Pathé News

Sees All — Knows All

ARCHER and BELFORD IN "THE NEW JANITOR"

A Comedy Pantomime Act

SEBURY

One of the Best Comedy Jugglers on the American stage.

present war. God makes no mistakes. We only make them when we fail to work with God.

A vote of thanks was given to the speaker. Selections by the quartet, and by the orchestra, and the singing of "America" closed the program.

- Those at the head table were:
- Mrs. H. P. Tilden
  - H. P. Tilden
  - Rev. Samuel C. Bushnell
  - Mrs. Edwin Clapp
  - Stetson Foster
  - Mrs. Stetson Foster
  - Horace R. Drinkwater
  - Mrs. Horace R. Drinkwater
  - Allan C. Emery
  - Dr. Edward T. Ford
  - E. A. Whitmarsh
  - Mrs. E. A. Whitmarsh
  - C. B. Mitchell
  - G. R. Young
  - Mrs. A. H. Perkins
  - Mrs. A. H. Perkins
  - Mrs. Blanche Castle Pierce
  - William W. Castle
  - W. C. Earle
  - Mrs. W. C. Earle
  - A. L. Lincoln
  - Mrs. A. L. Lincoln

- Other guests of the evening were:
- R. E. Sherman
  - Mrs. R. E. Sherman
  - Harry Spear
  - Mrs. Spear
  - Dr. Joseph Chase, Jr.
  - Mrs. Joseph Chase, Jr.
  - F. L. Alden
  - Mrs. F. L. Alden
  - Rev. Fred A. Line
  - Mrs. Fred A. Line
  - Louis K. Jones
  - Mrs. Louis K. Jones
  - Willard Holbrook
  - Mrs. Willard Holbrook
  - Thomas F. Lynch
  - Austin Mulligan
  - G. W. Perry
  - William J. Holbrook
  - Mrs. William J. Holbrook
  - C. C. Handy
  - Mrs. C. C. Handy
  - John A. Raymond
  - Mrs. John A. Raymond
  - Dr. J. H. Libby
  - Mrs. J. H. Libby
  - M. L. Denbroeder
  - Mrs. M. L. Denbroeder
  - Miss Beatrice Denbroeder
  - C. I. Newcomb
  - Mrs. C. I. Newcomb
  - C. R. Denbroeder
  - Mrs. C. R. Denbroeder
  - W. A. Hodges
  - Mrs. W. A. Hodges
  - F. Wayland Preston
  - Mrs. F. Wayland Preston
  - W. A. Pratt
  - Mrs. W. A. Pratt
  - Harold C. Pratt
  - Mrs. Harold C. Pratt
  - Frank F. Prescott
  - Mrs. Frank F. Prescott

### FOUR POINTERS FOR THE VOTERS OF WEYMOUTH

Editor Gazette and Transcript

Allow me to suggest the following pointers for the annual town election next Monday:

1. Background—The tremendous nation-wide prohibition drive now on against the liquor curse.
2. Testimony—The testimony of the Selectmen in the Town Report, concerning pony licenses for the transportation of liquor. The testimony also of the Chief of Police directly given that the turning down of pony licenses was the biggest thing ever done here for good order.
3. Scrutiny—The careful scrutiny of every candidacy for Selectmen this year and every year, to make sure that pony licenses do not come back with their load of evils.
4. Vote—In addition to the always important No-License vote, the thoughtful choice of Selectmen as a matter of definite principles of co-operation against society's greatest evil, liquor.

HENRY C. ALVORD.  
524 Pleasant St., Weymouth.

### NORWOOD MEN TO SPEAK AT BOARD OF TRADE

Three gentlemen from Norwood will be speakers at the March meeting of the Weymouth Board of Trade next Wednesday evening at the Clapp Memorial building. The topic for discussion is the membership drive for 500 men, and they may tell us something about government by a Town manager, as in Norwood. The speakers will be John A. Halloran, the town counsel; Frederick E. Allen, the president of the Norwood Board of Trade, and F. J. Foley, chairman of the Finance committee of Norwood. This is the first meeting in charge of the new officers, Frederick Humphrey, president, and M. L. Flynn, secretary. A light lunch will be served.

# VOTE FOR WILLIAM H. COWING FOR SELECTMAN

And Overseer of the Poor

WHO BELIEVES IN

## Efficiency and Economy In Town Affairs

—Wm. H. Cowing, 17 Commercial Street, Weymouth, Mass.

# VOTE FOR JOSEPH KELLEY

For Re-Election

Candidate for Selectman and Overseer of the Poor

—Milton B. Richmond, 160 Middle St., Weymouth

# SOCIALISTS SAW GERMANY'S ERROR

### Urged That Inhuman Deportations Be Stopped Because of Effect on Neutrals.

### GERARD SUMS UP SITUATION

"Germans Will Stop at Nothing, and the Only Thing They Respect is Force" — Hun's Capacity for Cruelty Told by Whitlock.

"Aroused by the indignation shown by the whole world over the ruthless deportations of the people in Belgium and France, socialist deputies in the reichstag protested against the continuance of the practice. Ambassador Gerard's evidence shows the extent of the horror.

In the Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung of December 2, 1916, the following protests against the deportation of Belgians to work in Germany appeared, made, respectively, by Socialist Deputy Haase and Deputy Dittmann, members of the reichstag: "Thousands of workmen in the occupied territory have been compelled to forced labor; we earnestly ask the government to restore to these workmen their liberty, especially in Belgium. In truth, we (the Germans) find no sympathy in neutral countries; even the pope has made a protest against this procedure, and several neutral states have done the same. Common sense itself demands that we abandon this procedure which moreover is in opposition to the Hague convention to which we have agreed."

"In opposition to the secretary of state, I must recall that when formerly the Belgian workmen who had fled to Holland returned to Belgium, Governor General von Bissing promised that these Belgian workmen would under no circumstances be deported to Germany. This reassuring promise has not been kept."

Ambassador Gerard's interesting testimony appears in his recent book: "Ambassador Gerard's Evidence."

"The president (during my visit to America in 1916) impressed upon me his great interest in the Belgians deported to Germany. The action of Germany in thus carrying a great part of the male population of Belgium into virtual slavery had roused great indignation in America. As the revered Cardinal Farley said to me a few days before my departure, 'You have to go back to the times of the Medes and the Persians to find a like example of a whole people carried into bondage.'"

"Mr. Grew had made representations about this to the chancellor and, on my return, I immediately took up the question."

"I was informed that it was a military measure, that Ludendorff had feared that the British would break through and overrun Belgium and that the military did not propose to have a hostile population at their backs who might cut the rail lines of communication, telephones and telegraphs, and that for this reason the deportation had been decided on. I was, however, told I would be given permission to visit these Belgians. The passes, nevertheless, which alone made such visiting possible were not delivered until a few days before I left Germany."

**Belgians Forced to Make Munitions.** "Several of these Belgians who were put to work in Berlin managed to get away and come to see me. They gave me a harrowing account of how they had been seized in Belgium and made to work in Germany at making munitions to be used probably against their own friends."

"I said to the chancellor, 'There are Belgians employed in making shells contrary to all rules of war and the Hague conventions.' He said, 'I do not believe it.' I said, 'My automobile is at the door. I can take you, in four minutes, to where 30 Belgians are working on the manufacture of shells.' But he did not find time to go."

"Americans must understand that the Germans will stop at nothing to win this war, and that the only thing they respect is force." — James W. Gerard, My Four Years in Germany, 1911, pp. 395-52.

A similar point of view is expressed in an article entitled "Vae Victis" from the Hungarian newspaper Newszava of Budapest (quoted in K. G. Ostannilsson, Militarism at Work in Belgium and Germany, 1917, pp. 53-54).

**Mixed Hungarian Opinion.** "Mechanical skill, and especially qualified mechanical skill, is for the moment a more important factor than usual, and as it must be obtained where it can be obtained, Belgium has had to suffer in accordance with the old saying which always holds good: Vae victis (woe to the vanquished). In Poland mechanical skill and the arms which exist there are mobilized under the glorious and fortunate banners of Poland; in Belgium under the banner of necessity."

"... The question remains: for what kind of work will the Germans use the Belgians? ... every kind of work in Germany is war work, whether it is called agricultural or industrial work. As the deported Belgians have not given their consent, their use is contrary to international law, and the policy of the Germans in Belgium and Poland is equally to be deplored. Instead of aiming at bringing us nearer peace, it serves to embitter our opponents and to arouse more hatred to-

ward us amongst the neutrals. Many times and more and more we have had occasion to observe that the neutrals show more sympathy for Belgium than for any other belligerent."

**Old Men and Boys Taken.** The news dispatches indicate that the deportation and forced labor of Belgians still continue. In a dispatch from Havre (New York Evening Post, September 13, 1917) it is stated: "The removal of the civilian population of Belgium continues, according to advices received here. The town of Roulers, immediately behind the battle line in Flanders, has been evacuated completely. Ostend is being emptied gradually, and two thousand persons already have been sent from Courtrai." In another dispatch from Havre (Washington Post, September 24, 1917) it is stated that "the German military authorities at Bruges, Belgium, are conscripting forcibly all the boys and men of that city between the ages of fourteen and sixty to work in munition factories and shipyards. The rich and poor, shopkeepers and workmen, all are being taken, only the school teachers, doctors, and priests escaping."

**German Officer Rebuked Men.** The following "Order of the Day" shows how the town of Huy escaped the fate of so many Belgium and French towns. Drunken German soldiers were frightened and began to shoot men and burn houses. The commanding officer condemned this because it was not done by his order and because two German soldiers were wounded. It is evident that massacres and arson were permitted only when commanded by the officers.

"Last night a shooting affray took place. There is no evidence that the inhabitants of the towns had any arms in their houses, nor is there evidence that the people took part in the shooting; on the contrary, it seems that the soldiers were under the influence of alcohol, and began to shoot in a senseless fear of a hostile attack. "The behavior of the soldiers during the night, with very few exceptions, makes a scandalous impression. "It is highly deplorable when officers or noncommissioned officers set houses on fire without permission or order of the commanding officer, or when by their attitude they encourage the rank and file to burn and plunder. "The miserable behavior of the men caused a noncommissioned officer and a private to be seriously wounded by German bullets."

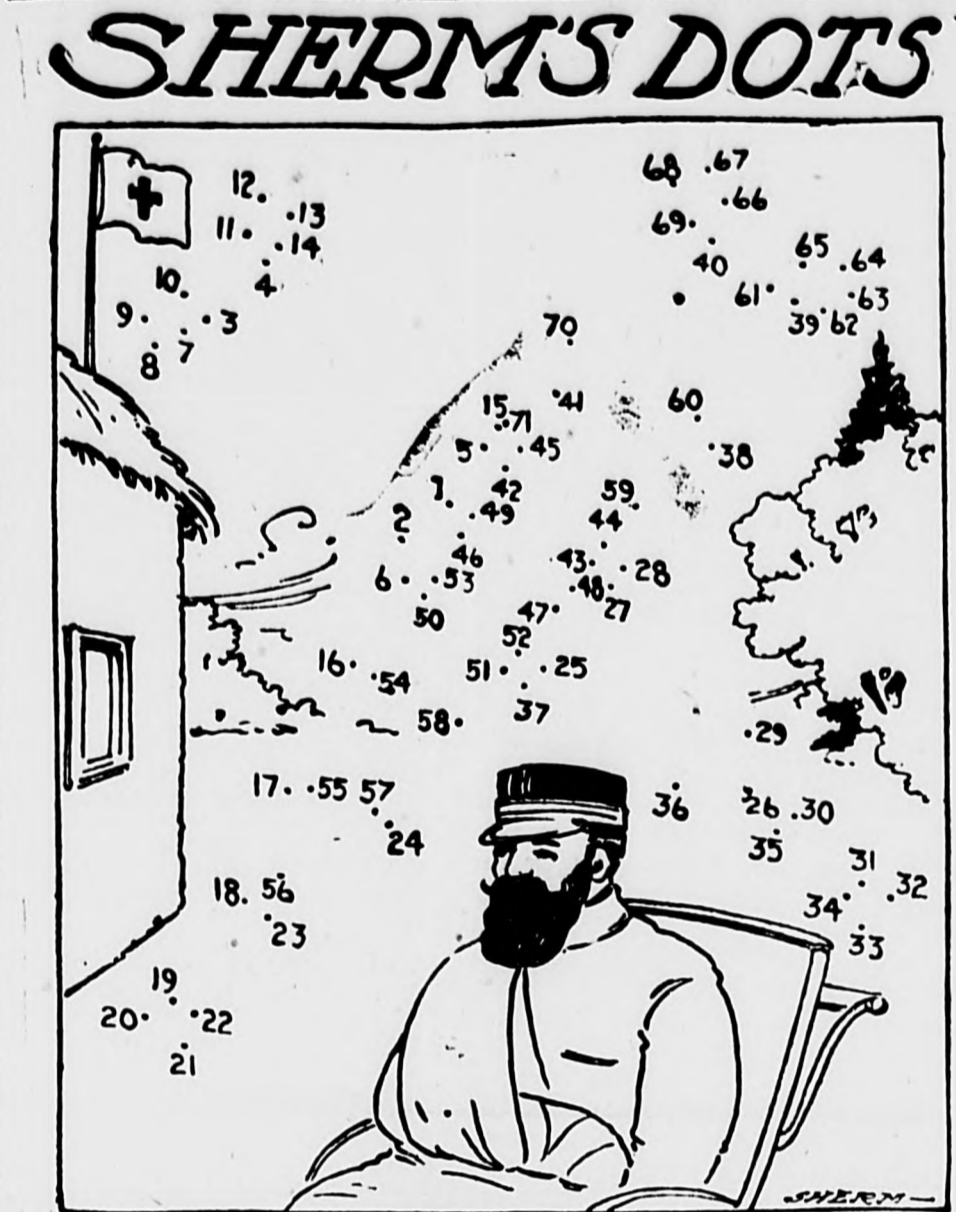
**"MAJOR VON BASSEWITZ,"** Report of Minister Whitlock. "One interesting result of the deportations remains to be noted, a result that once more places in relief the German capacity for blundering, almost as great as the German capacity for cruelty. Until the deportations were begun there was no intense hatred on the part of the lower classes, i. e., the workmen and the peasants. The old Germans of the Landsturm had been quartered in Flemish homes; they and the inmates spoke nearly the same language; they got along fairly well; they helped the women with the work, the poor and the humble had none of those hatreds of patriotism that are among the privileges of the upper classes. It is conceivable that the Flemish population might have existed under German rule; it was Teutonic in its origin and anti-French always. But now the Germans have changed all that."

"They have dealt a mortal blow to any prospect they may ever have had of being tolerated by the population of Flanders; in tearing away from nearly every humble home in the land a husband and a father or a son and brother they have lighted a fire of hatred that will never go out; they have brought home to every heart in the land, in a way that will impress its horror indelibly on the memory of three generations, a realization of what German methods mean, not, as with the early atrocities, in the heat of passion and the first lust of war, but by one of those deeds that make one despair of the future of the human race, a deed coldly planned, studiously matured, and deliberately and systematically executed, a deed so cruel that German soldiers are said to have wept in its execution, and so monstrous that even German officers are now said to be ashamed."

**"WHITLOCK"** Mr. Hoover's Conclusions.

Mr. Hoover's mature conclusions on the German practices in Belgium, which he wrote for the pamphlet issued by the committee on public information, reinforce the detailed evidence already presented: September, 1917. "I have been often called upon for a statement of my observation of German rule in Belgium and northern France. "I have neither the desire nor the adequate pen to picture the scenes which have heated my blood through the two and a half years that I have spent in work for the relief of these 10,000,000 people. "The sight of the destroyed homes and cities, the widowed and fatherless, the destitute, the physical misery of a people but partially nourished at best, the deportation of men by tens of thousands to slavery in German mines and factories, the execution of men and women for paltry effusions of their loyalty to their country, the sacking of every resource through financial robbery, the battering of armies on the slender produce of the country, the denudation of the country of cattle, horses, and textiles; all these things we had to witness, dumb to help other than by protest and sympathy, during this long and terrible time and still these are not the events of battle heat, but the effects of a grinding heel of a race demanding the mastery of the world."

1918 MARCH 1918						
SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30



**THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE.** By Clifford Leon Sherman. Dear Folks:—They found out at the hospital that my leg was not broken and I was greatly relieved. The next morning after my arrival I wanted to go down to the pier and see the boys, but I found I couldn't walk very well. Outside of the hospital was a French soldier in a wheel chair. He had the funniest whiskers I ever saw. But I am never going to laugh at a Frenchman's whiskers. He turned out to be a dandy fellow, and when he learned that I wanted to go to the pier he loaned me his ..... SAMMY. To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from dot 2 to dot 3, and so on. (Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

### Pushing the Clock Ahead One Hour



**Daily Thought.** Conversation is the vent of character as well as of thought.—Emerson.

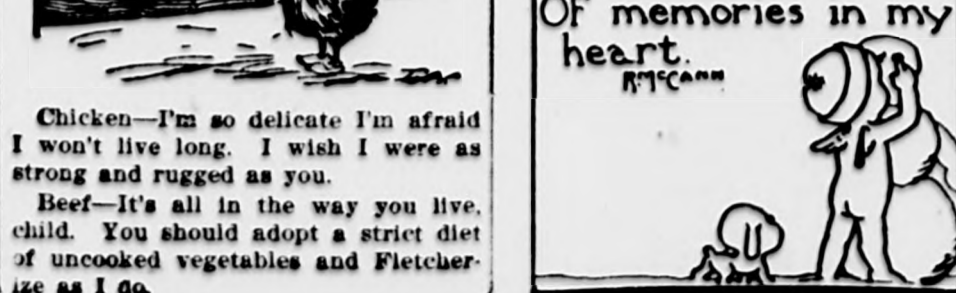
### EXPERT ADVICE



Chicken—I'm so delicate I'm afraid I won't live long. I wish I were as strong and rugged as you.

Beef—It's all in the way you live, child. You should adopt a strict diet of uncooked vegetables and Fletcherize as I do.

### THE CHEERFUL CHERUB



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**CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR**  
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**CLEAN COAL**  
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**NEW Dental Office!**  
Dr. T. J. King, the famous painless dentist, is giving his celebrated system of painless dentistry in Quincy and is giving the people of that city the benefit of high grade, modern dental work at popular prices.  
**FULL SET TEETH \$8** Fit Guaranteed  
**THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH \$5.00** SOLID GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGES **\$4.50**  
**PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE**  
This is the only office in Quincy where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from the natural ones) are inserted positively without pain. During the life of this offer all Bridge Work and Fillings will be done at reduced rates for the advantage of those who do not desire plates.  
**MAKE YOUR DENTAL APPOINTMENTS TODAY WHILE THE LOW OPENING PRICES ARE IN EFFECT.**  
**DR. T. J. KING**  
1365 Hancock St. Quincy, Mass.  
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE  
Telephone, Quincy 2678-J

**Remember** That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody



1—It is by means of heavy guns such as are shown in this picture that the Italians hope to convince the Teutons along the River Piave that in the twentieth century civilization right only is might. 2—Laborers and soldiers are continually repairing the highways leading to the fighting front wrecked by German shells and heavy traffic. 3—The result of a trench raid; a squad of German prisoners captured by the French and brought into the wire-fenced prison camp.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

### Japan Offers to Land Troops in Siberia if Allies Say the Word.

### EMBASSIES LEAVE PETROGRAD

### Traveling Through Bandit-Infested Siberia to Reach Safety—Austria Cannot Break Away From Her Alliance With Germany.

Japan has asked for permission to land troops in Siberia to prevent the vast quantities of munitions and other military stores at Vladivostok and along the lines of the Siberian railroad from falling into the hands of the Germans. It was feared that the Germans might attempt to force the bolsheviks to deliver these stores to the Germans as a part of a peace agreement. Japan announced her willingness to undertake such an expedition by herself or in connection with troops sent by other of the allied nations.

While all officials at Washington are silent and disposed to minimize discussion of the subject it is known that exchanges of opinion are going on with the object of a perfect understanding between Japan, the United States and the other co-belligerents which would make the plan of joint action wholly acceptable to all and thoroughly define its extent and duration.

Russian representatives at Washington oppose action by the Japanese in Siberia, but the co-belligerents are thoroughly alarmed lest the vast quantities of supplies piled up at Vladivostok, bought and paid for with American cash, should fall into the hands of the Germans.

Criticism at home of the failure of Japan to play a larger part in the war is said to have been influential in bringing about the negotiations.

Our boys have had their first taste of the deadly Hun gas. Without warning of any kind gas shells began bursting among the men of an American artillery regiment on the western front, and more than 200 men were down before they could put on gas masks. Eight men died within a few minutes and 200 were taken to hospitals where they suffered every conceivable torture while the doctors worked over them in an effort to get air into their lungs. While the American troops in France have been supplied with gas equipment and with gas shells for the field guns they had never been used, American commanders feeling that they could not bring themselves to so violate all evidences of civilization by such a method of warfare. The gassing of American troops has, however, convinced our commanders at the front that they must fight the Hun in his own way, brutal and inhuman though that way may be, and the Boches will be given a taste of their own weapons.

The strain between Austria and Germany is undoubtedly increasing. Austria's refusal to again attack Russia in spite of Germany's renewal of the war against the bolsheviks has increased the tenseness of the situation existing between the two governments, and it was reported that Germany had practically ordered the Austrian government to send troops into Russia, and that Austria had refused. Austria also refuses to continue the war against Roumania so long as there is a possibility of concluding a peace arrangement with that nation. Poor Roumania, cut off from every possible source of assistance from the outside, without munitions or adequate guns can seemingly do nothing more than accept such peace terms as the Huns may offer.

The most encouraging thing for the future of both Roumania and Russia is the statement made for the allied governments to the effect that any peace that may be forced upon these two countries by the Teutonic nations will not be considered as final, and particularly so if such a peace involves the cession of any territory to the nations

of the central powers. The allied nations are committed to the terms of no annexations and no indemnities for Germany or her cohorts. To permit Germany to seize the best provinces of Russia would mean simply preparing the German people for a repetition of their attack on the world's freedom in the future.

The speech of Count von Hertling, German imperial chancellor, before the reichstag, in reply to President Wilson's most recent address before congress regarding the war aims of the United States, is not regarded by leaders in the United States or England as increasing the chance for peace. Count von Hertling professed acceptance of the four principles of a democratic peace enunciated by President Wilson and disclaimed any intention of conquest but these protestations have not convinced President Wilson and his advisers, it is said, that Germany is ready to forgo ambitions of conquest. Other parts of the chancellor's speech are regarded as conclusive proof that Germany intends retaining control, in one form or another, of nearly all the foreign territory that she now occupies.

Count von Hertling's reference to Belgium is far from satisfactory. While hinting that Germany does not contemplate annexing Belgium, the chancellor proposes to impose conditions which would restrict the freedom of action of the kingdom and place it at the mercy of the Teutonic empire. The entente point of view was expressed by one distinguished diplomat who declared that von Hertling's speech has effectively closed the door to further peace talk. "Belgium is a question of honor," he declared. "It cannot be discussed. So long as the enemy refuses to do justice to Belgium they cannot be expected to perform justice in any other instances."

While the long-distance debate between the statesmen of the belligerent countries has been looked upon with approval by leaders of thought in this country on the theory that no chance of effecting a peace on terms acceptable to the allies should be overlooked, at the same time there has been a feeling that the continued peace talk may have a harmful effect upon the public morale in the allied countries. There has been a determination in Washington not to permit any peace discussions to delay war preparations for one minute, and the only harmful effect, it is declared, would be upon the spirit of the people.

While there are still conflicting opinions as to whether Germany will undertake a real offensive on the west front this spring, reports coming indirectly from Germany indicate that the German public is being prepared for the tremendous losses that must result if such an offensive is attempted. Dispatches from Stockholm declare that the German high command has given the executive committee of the reichstag the confidential information that the contemplated offensives will cost Germany a million men. For this staggering price, it is declared, General von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff have absolutely guaranteed success. Leaders of the majority in the reichstag are said to be reconciled to the offensive as the only thing left for Germany to do, but there is a widespread feeling of pity and horror that a million lives should be sacrificed when victory, however great it may be, will not force peace. The Germans, it is declared, at the most, expect that a big military victory will convince America and England that Germany is unbeatable and to make the western world amenable to suggestions for a peace conference.

While the allied commanders realize that the expected German offensive will be a staggering blow to withstand, they are confident that the western line will hold, and that the Hun plans will result in defeat for the central powers. America will soon have half a million men on the western front, England has added nearly half a million more men to her vast army under General Haig, and while the French army is not any larger in numbers than it was, it is stronger in guns and munitions, and the determination of French troops to defeat Germany is stronger if possible, than it was during the long months of the Verdun campaign.

Both the English, the French and the

American forces occupy splendid positions throughout practically the entire line. They are in nearly all cases on the high ground, and it is these strong defensive positions against which Germany must throw her shock troops in massed battalions. The price these troops will pay for even an attempt to break through will be terrific, and in all probability more than the million men von Hindenburg has prophesied. It is not likely that even the iron discipline of the German army will withstand such losses.

Possibility of a disagreement between the United States and Spain because of the refusal of the latter country to supply certain war materials to General Pershing was removed by the signing of an economic agreement, under which General Pershing will get mules, army blankets and other materials from Spain in return for cotton, oil and other commodities from the United States. Success of these negotiations was welcomed by officials in Washington as ability to buy supplies in Spain will save ship tonnage and enable General Pershing to build up his reserve stores more rapidly. The United States was able to bring pressure to bear upon Spain by refusing fuel to Spanish steamers in American ports.

The German invasion of Russia mysteriously slowed up and on March first it was reported from London that the forward movement of the Huns had been stopped on orders from Berlin. At the same time reports from Petrograd were to the effect that the bolsheviks were preparing to make the best possible defense of that city if it was attacked.

On February 28 it was reported from Petrograd that the allied ambassadors had left the Russian capital for Siberia. It is unlikely that they will be able to reach the Pacific coast at Vladivostok in less than three weeks, and the probabilities are that they will be seriously molested by the mobs of armed bandits that are roaming the country from the Ural mountains to beyond Lake Balkal. The bolsheviks have practically no control of any kind beyond the Ural mountains, though it claims to have suppressed the so-called Siberian republic.

Every report received from Austria indicates that that country would willingly seek peace on any fairly reasonable basis offered by the allies, if it were possible for her to do so, but she is so dominated by German influence that it is hardly possible for her to break away. The hold of Germany is maintained through the Austrian army which has been very largely Germanized since the war began.

So it is believed that Austria will have to remain in her unholy partnership despite her war weariness. She has lost 3,500,000 men, her food situation is desperate, and the future, even if Germany could win, is dark for her, for a greater Germany would only mean a more impotent Austria, but she cannot break away. She must continue in the war under pain of being stamped on by the nation that has her in its power.

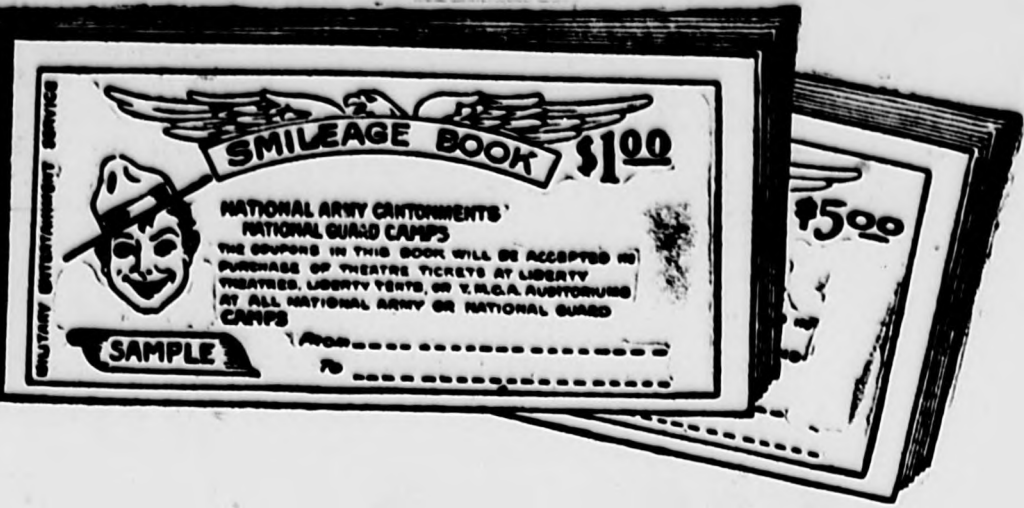
That is how our allies regard the Austrian situation, and is the explanation of their lukewarmness toward the American effort to widen the rift between the kaiser and Emperor Carl.

The German socialists have not taken kindly to the German government's attitude toward President Wilson's last peace message. During the debate in the reichstag on von Hertling's speech Philipp Scheidemann, socialist, took the emperor to task for his reply to the address of the burgomaster of Hamburg, in which the emperor said: "We desire to live in friendship with neighboring peoples, but victory for the German arms must first be recognized."

"The imperial chancellor frankly stated yesterday that he accepted President Wilson's four principles," said Scheidemann. "This declaration is all the more important when one considers that his principles were accepted everywhere except by the German military and annexationist party. Well, this party, fortunately, is in this country no longer of decisive importance."

### Facts About Smileage Books

- 1—Smileage Books are books containing coupons entitling a soldier to admission to any entertainment held in Liberty Theatres, Liberty Tents, etc., in National Army Cantonnements and National Guard Camps in U. S. A.
- 2—Smileage Books are issued by Military Entertainment Committee, under supervision of War Department.
- 3—Smileage Books containing 20 coupons cost \$1.00 each. Smileage Books containing 100 coupons cost \$5.00 each. The price of entertainments ranges from five to twenty-five cents.
- 4—Smileage Books are for use in Liberty Entertainments in National Army Cantonnements and National Guard Camps only. They do not apply to naval training stations or other camps.
- 5—Smileage Books are on sale by local Smileage Committees everywhere throughout the country.
- 6—There is space on each book for name of soldier and name of person sending book. Smileage Books are transferable to soldiers in uniform. They can be used by civilians only when accompanied by a soldier.
- 7—Sixteen theatres have been built; Chautauqua tents erected. A complete schedule of entertainments arranged.
- 8—Smileage Books are needed for our million of soldiers. Buy yours today—send it at once to your soldier.



## Buy "Smileage" For the Boys in the Training Camps

SEND a "Smileage Book" to your soldier in the training camp. It's sure to please him.

The "Smileage" coupons will pass him in to the splendid entertainments at the "Liberty Theatres"—clean, wholesome programs by the headliners of the lyceum and theatrical professions.

Laugh! Why, your soldier boy will get a world of fun out of that bunch of tickets.

And every time he tears out a coupon, he will be pleasantly reminded of your personal interest in him. He will be a better fighter because of that "Smileage Book."

Get busy right now and buy him a book brimful of happy laughter.

This space is paid for by

### David Bates Clapp Memorial Association of Weymouth

so that every reader of this great newspaper may have an opportunity to send at least one Smileage Book to one of our Soldier Boys

# Thrift



## WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Thrift Stamps cost 25 cents each and draw no interest. You can buy them from your letter carrier, either city or rural route at the post office or your bank. You will be given a card to paste them on. This costs nothing. There are spaces for 16 Thrift Stamps on this card. When your card is full, take it to your post office or bank any time, with a few cents additional and your card will be exchanged for an interest-bearing War Savings Certificate worth \$5 on Jan. 1, 1923. This gives you 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly. You can buy 20 War Savings Certificates at one time. They will cost you \$2.50, and their face value at the time of redemption, January 1, 1923, will be \$5.00. War Savings Certificates may be registered at any post office of the First, Second or Third Class. War Savings Certificates may be converted into cash at the post office where issued if you need the money. You will get interest, too, at about 3 per cent.

## STAY the Hand That Would Hoard the Pennies—

Guide It to Patriotic and Profitable Investment

The childish instinct tends usually toward saving. But to this instinct must be added a purpose in the saving. The mere hoarding of coin pleases a child's fancy, but it does not teach the lesson of thrift. Teach your child his first lesson of patriotism by making him a factor in aiding the government, and his first lesson of investment by placing his money where it earns interest. Thrift Stamps furnish the government with money for carrying on the war. They earn 4 per cent interest. Replace the penny bank with a Thrift Stamp Book.

This Advertisement Paid for and Donated by

## F. J. BRABSTON

Pleasant Street, South Weymouth

# 16 Pages Today

**Weymouth Temperature.**

	6 A. M.	12 M.	6 P. M.
Friday, Mar 1,	35	35	35
Saturday,	30	44	45
Sunday,	38	35	31
Monday,	18	32	36
Tuesday,	36	43	34
Wednesday,	40	48	50
Thursday,	26	23	23
Friday,	10	—	—

## Town Briefs

—Yesterday's snow storm was the toughest of the season. More snow fell than in any storm of the winter, and some drifts were two and three feet deep.

—For extended report of town meeting see first page of second section, also page 13.

—The Selectmen at their meeting this week appointed Forrest H. Jones as special police. A petition of the Telephone Company for pole locations was referred to the next board of Selectmen.

—This week the Clapp Memorial Association is advertising Smilage Coupon Books.

—More snow fell Monday night than in any storm during the winter, but most of it disappeared during Tuesday.

—Election day next Monday with several candidates for Selectmen and Overseers of the Poor.

—Arthur G. Sampson was at home from college several days the past week.

—Rev. Frank B. Cressey of Cambridge, formerly pastor of the Baptist church at Weymouth, was 78 years old last Sunday.

—Moderator Barnes appointed as members of the Appropriation committee to serve for three years.—C. Edgar Stiles, William C. Earle, William H. Wall, Jacob Wichert and Elmer W. Thayer.

—The restrictions are off now and stores, factories, entertainments, etc., may return to former hours if they wish. In many cases shorter hours will become permanent.

—Weymouth soldier boys in camp or "over there" would appreciate nothing better than a subscription to the Gazette and Transcript. Have it mailed regularly from this office. Letters are excellent, but the home paper keeps a fellow fully in touch with what is going on back in the old home town.

### GAS COMPANY CONVENTION

The second annual convention of the Old Colony Gas Company was held in the conference room of the Office building.

The following program was carried out to the entire satisfaction and enjoyment of all present.

- Opening of Convention, George P. Smith, Jr.
- "Men Who Made Good," C. D. Bond.
- "Teaching the Public in the Use of Gas," Miss Marton, Low.
- "The Other Fellow," Thomas McCarthy.
- "Salesmanship to Consumer," James W. Shortall.
- "The Call to Duty," Miss Mildred Kains.

A Word from our Vice President, E. M. Farnsworth, Jr.

"Character in Business," William Gould of the Gas and Electric Improvement Co., Boston.

"Manufacturing Water Gas," Ralph Gardner.

"Our Patriotic Duty at Home," Lieut. F. G. Wright of U. S. Naval Training Station, Hingham.

"Welding and Repairing Mains," William Sullivan.

"Water Heaters," C. Edwin Bartlett of the Ruid Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia.

The two special features of the program were a talk on "Character in Business" by William Gould, commercial manager, Boston branch of the Gas and Electric Improvement Co., and a talk on "Water Heaters" by C. Edwin Bartlett, of the Ruid Manufacturing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

The play given in the evening in Lincoln hall, by the Old Colony Stock Company, was in every way a success.

—The War Department now permits women to qualify as inspectors of small arms, according to an announcement by the Civil Service Commission.

## Weymouth and East Braintree

—John W. O'Connor, one of the town's best known citizens, died at his home, 204 Front street, last Friday, after a long illness, aged 59. Besides his widow he leaves a daughter, Mrs. Annie Bouchard, and four sons, John, James, Harold and Charles O'Connor, all of this town. The funeral took place Monday morning from the Church of the Sacred Heart and was attended by many friends. Rev. J. B. Holland celebrated mass. There were many beautiful floral tributes. Interment was at St. Francis Xavier cemetery.

—The alarm from box 39 Monday afternoon was for a brush fire on the land of Mrs. Harriett Voorhees, Commercial street. A spark from a passing locomotive caused the blaze.

—Daniel Donovan is home from the Massachusetts General hospital, where he has been for the past ten weeks. He is now much improved in health.

—Miss Kate Gagnon is home from Brooklyn, N. Y., where she has resided for the past two years.

—Freemont Chandler, a former resident, is here from Jefferson City, Mo., on a visit to his brother, Fred H. Chandler.

—Favorable reports are received from Harry Hilton, who was operated on for appendicitis a short time ago.

—Rev. C. J. Underhill, a former pastor of the First Baptist church, who resigned to accept a position in Brooklyn, N. Y., two years ago, has been appointed a chaplain in the U. S. Army. He sailed for France this week.

—Mrs. William Tonner returned home Sunday from a Brookline hospital, where she was operated on for appendicitis a few weeks ago.

—Joseph Topaz has closed his tailor shop at Lincoln square on account of ill health.

—Charles O'Connor is in town from Chicago, Ill., being called here by the death of his brother, John W. O'Connor. Mr. O'Connor, who was born in this town, went West about 30 years ago, and it is his second visit here in that time.

—Mrs. Josephine Porter Caldwell, widow of Edward Caldwell, formerly of Worcester, died at her home, 336 Front street, yesterday, aged 77. The funeral will take place tomorrow forenoon at 10.30 o'clock, and the burial will be at Hope cemetery, Worcester.

—Horace Lowe, a well known Quincy contractor who has been seriously ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. James L. Trainor, Sterling street, is now on the road to recovery.

—Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

—Judge Flint has granted permission to Michael Sheehy to mortgage certain land and buildings belonging to the estate of Johanna Sheehy in Broad street. The petitioner is to place a mortgage of \$1,200 on the property to pay legacies and legal expenses. The court allowed the first and final account of Walter M. Dizer, Alida Baker and Charles B. Cushing, as executors of estate of Marshall C. Dizer which is for \$196,470.79. Mrs. Mattie E. Curtis was appointed to serve as administratrix of the estate of her husband, George F. Curtis, who died intestate Jan. 26, leaving property consisting of \$4,700 in real estate and \$100 personal. She furnished a bond of \$4,000. Mrs. Curtis is the sole heir.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Smith will entertain the Lovells Corner Improvement Association at their home next Tuesday evening.

—The prayer meeting Thursday evening was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Turner.

—Miss Edith Smith has been the guest of Miss Mildred Geddes of Wollaston for several days.

—Miss Lilly Brown of Campello was the guest of Mrs. John White on Sunday.

—Wednesday the Ladies' Aid held



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—Wednesday the Ladies' Aid held

an all-day meeting at the home of Mrs. Silas Newcomb.

—David Hughes was at home from Camp Devens on Saturday and Sunday.

—Mrs. Gerald Kelso spent the week-end at Ayer.

## WEYMOUTH HEIGHTS

—Miss Marion Lunt entertained her cousin, Miss Winifred Bowe of Hyde Park, over Saturday and Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. John B. Merrill have had as a recent guest Mr. Merrill's sister, Miss Annie Merrill of Woonsocket, R. I.

—Fred Lunt has accepted a position on a dairy farm in Canton.

—Wallace Bicknell of King Oak hill is confined to the house by illness.

—The Weymouth Heights "knitting bee" will meet at the home of Mrs. Parker T. Pearson this evening.

—The next meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society will be held at the home of Mrs. Charles L. Macker next Wednesday.

—Mrs. Joseph Lovell of East street spent Sunday with her son, Harry Lovell, of Middleboro.

—Miss Isabel Jones of Simmons College spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Jones.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hurlbert have taken up their residence at 438 Commercial street.

—Mrs. Charles Hayward of Hingham was a guest of her cousin, Mrs. J. C. Nash, on Wednesday.

—The Weymouth Heights "knitting bee" met at the home of Mrs. W. E. Ames of East Weymouth last Saturday evening, where Miss Helen Ries, one of the members of the knitting bee, has been hounded with blood poisoning in her ankle for three weeks. In addition to the regular work of the evening, Miss Ries was delightfully surprised by a basket of mysterious packages with best wishes from her friends for a rapid recovery; each package was marked to be opened at different hours during the coming week. The young ladies spent a very pleasant evening knitting after which all were invited to the dining room where dainty refreshments of ice cream, cookies and cakes was served.

—Mrs. Wallace Bicknell enjoyed the company of her sister, Mrs. Julia Smith of Dorchester, and Miss Hazel Thompson of East Weymouth on Tuesday.

—Wilfred Blanchard, aged 67, a resident of the Heights for many years, who was a son of the late Mrs. Theodore Blanchard, passed away at the Westboro Hospital on March 3. Funeral services were held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Blanchard of Church street on Wednesday afternoon. The interment took place at the Old North cemetery.

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## Nash's Corner And Main Street

—Mrs. N. C. Nash of Front street is recovering from an attack of the grip.

—Eva Blenis is out of school with a bad cold.

—William Griffin of Wollaston was calling on friends in town the first of the week.

—Andrew Mahoney of West street is ill with pneumonia.

—Mrs. Inez Kohler substituted at the Shaw school this week.

William Whitten of Park avenue is having his house remodelled.

—Miss Rose Murray is recovering from her illness.

—Mrs. Margaret Buttery spent the week-end with friends in town.

—Alice Kennedy of Park avenue, who teaches in Quincy, is having a two weeks' vacation.

—Thomas Leary and Edward Leary left Friday for the South on a business trip.

—Mrs. Avice Howard Lundquist and friends from Rockland, attended a lecture at Ford hall, Boston, Wednesday evening.

—Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robinson will move into the Jackson place on Main street.

—Arthur Gay has accepted a position at the Fore River plant.

—Mrs. Joseph Cullinane of White street leaves Thursday for a trip to New York, to attend the dressmakers' opening.

—Lester Gardner of Union street, draftsman at the Fore River plant, returned home Tuesday after making a trial trip to Maine in one of the new warships.

—Mary White and Margaret O'Connor of Rockland spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Flynn of Union street.

—Miss Florence Monroe of West street entertained some of her friends last Friday evening at an "engagement party."

—E. P. Kelley, grocer at the corner, arrived home Wednesday evening from the Cape.

—Ralph Hollis was the week-end guest of his brother, Sumner Hollis, of Secagansett.

—Ruth Doten of Auburn, Maine, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Nash.

—A son was born, Feb. 25 to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sullivan of Braintree, formerly of Nash Corner.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gardner of Rockland were the guests over the week-end of Mr. Gardner's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gardner of Adams place.

—Gerard Heffernan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Heffernan, is ill with pneumonia.

—Miss Etta Blenis is slowly recovering from her illness.

—Phyllis Price is ill with the measles.

—Miss Dolan has resumed her duties at the Shaw school, having recovered from her recent illness.

—Mrs. J. Forrest Torrey has been ill the past week with a bad cold.

—Arthur Brackett has been confined to the house by illness.

—The annual expenditure of the United States for candy is approximately \$400,000,000.

## ICE PRICES In Effect March 1, 1918

On account of the labor question and the high cost of material needed in our business, we quote the prices of ice as follows:

**WHOLESALE**

Ton and over	30c per 100 lbs.
500 to 2000 lbs.	35c per 100 lbs.
100 to 500 lbs.	40c per 100 lbs.

**RETAIL**

100 lbs.	50c
50 lbs.	25c
25 lbs.	15c

Ice at yard \$5.00 per ton

No 5 or 10c pieces will be delivered.

We are going to introduce the score system with each and every customer and collect at the end of each month.

Owing to war conditions and the scarcity of help we wish to reduce our days of delivery in some parts of Weymouth to three days a week.

We would be pleased to have our customers notify the office of any discourtesy shown them.

**J. F. & W. H. CUSHING CO. Inc.**

R. P. E. VARY,  
W. S. SHEPARD,  
MARY L. CUSHING,  
Directors.

9, 21

## UNCLE SAM

is saving coal for you at Hingham by using gas for cooking and water heating.

Food is cooked CHEAPER BY GAS than any other way. IT IS CLEANER AND QUICKER. Ask for information.

**Old Colony Gas Co.**  
Call  
Braintree 310 Whitman 200  
Rockland 360

## SUBSTITUTES

USE CHEERFULLY

A retailer may not sell wheat flour to any person unless such person buys from him at the same time one pound of wheat flour substitutes for every pound of wheat flour purchased and three pounds of wheat flour substitutes for every five pounds of whole wheat or Graham flour. (Rule 31).

We have the old fashioned Whole Wheat Flour (Frod's in 10 lb bags), and Schumacher's Graham in 5 lb bags. Try them.

Wheat Flour Substitutes include Hominy, Corn Grits, Corn Meal, Edible Corn Starch, Barley Flour, Rolled Oats, Oatmeal, Rice, Rice Flour and Potato Flour.

Until further notice Potatoes may be used as a wheat flour substitute, four pounds of potatoes being reckoned equivalent to one pound of other substitutes.

Rye is not a wheat flour substitute, but rye flour may be sold without the sale of other wheat flour substitutes.

## Hunt's Market Grocery

Telephones, 551-W and 152

## Anticipation

THE WEYMOUTH TRUST CO ANTICIPATES YOUR WANTS AND REQUIREMENTS, AND CATERS TO THEM ARE YOU ON OUR LIST, IF NOT WHY!

## Weymouth Trust Co.

Telephone 67

## FOOD FACTS

used as a beverage, but combined with other materials, in cooking various dishes, will yield just as much food value as if used alone.

Sour milk or buttermilk may be substituted for sweet milk in any recipe if one-half teaspoon of soda is added for each cup of liquid and the baking powder reduced to one teaspoon for each cup of flour. In milk there are two substances essential for growth. Scientists as yet know very little concerning these substances except that one is soluble in fat and is called "fat-soluble A," while the other is soluble in water and is called "water soluble B." It has been proved that these two substances are absolutely necessary to promote growth and their absence in certain foods has not only prevented growth but resulted in serious illness, manifested in the disease known as beri-beri. Milk therefore should form an important part in the diet of young and growing children. They need the whole milk and one quart per day should be the allowance for every child under seven years of age. A greater quantity will do no harm. Every adult also should take one pint of milk per day in some form or another.

H. MILDRED COWAN.  
March 8, 1918.

## MORE LIBERTY THEATRES

Liberty theatres for all military camps have been ordered by the emergency construction division of the Quartermaster's Department. The success of the shows given at camps under the Smilage campaign was so complete and such a demand arose from soldiers in camps for the sort of entertainment given, that the order was put through. Smilage books are for sale at the Gazette office.

16 Pages Today

CLUB and SOCIAL

The next meeting of the Monday Club will be March 18, when a dramatic afternoon will be enjoyed.

The Wissahickon Camp Fire Girls will meet this evening with Misses Elsie and Marjorie Thomas.

Members of the Weymouth Catholic Club are looking forward with much interest to "An Evening with a Playwright" on March 11.

The Bridge Club met Monday night with Mrs. Ernest Bowker. Honors were taken by Mrs. Alvin Thayer and Mrs. Grace Sargent.

The next regular meeting of the Woman's Club of Rockland will take place March 15 in the Assembly hall of the High school.

The Monday Club held their regular meeting Monday afternoon in the vestry of the Congregational church, East Weymouth.

The Sparklers Club were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mrs. Nathaniel Ford on Saturday evening.

The Village Study Club held a meeting in the Fogg Library building at South Weymouth Tuesday evening.

The annual banquet of the Old Colony Driving Club of South Weymouth will take place next Tuesday evening at the rooms of the Webster Club at Rockland.

The "Sparklers" had one of their finest parties last Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Nathaniel Ford.

The eighth annual conference of presidents of associations affiliated with the Massachusetts Teachers' Federation will be held at Riverbank court, Cambridge, Saturday, March 16.

The monthly meeting of the Executive Committee was held at the home of Mrs. George W. Perry March 4 and reports read on the work of the month of February.



The sympathy of many friends is extended to Walter L. Bates, whose wife, Bessie Lou Bates, passed away on Monday after only a brief illness.

William White of Providence, R. I., and Richetson DeRussell of Roxbury were the week-end guests of Mrs. Warren Simpson.

Sebastiano Faet and son are both recovering from a severe attack of pneumonia.

Mrs. Roy Beals is confined to her home with the grippe.

Andrew Mahoney is ill with pneumonia.

Elizabeth Clapp of Cambridge has returned from a visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. John Kohler.

Mrs. A. S. Marsh is on the sick list.

Albert Bonnet of the Naval Reserve has been transferred from Bumpkin Island to Rutland, Maine.

Mrs. Christopher Sinnett of Torrey street is ill.

Miss Helen Erry is recovering from her recent illness.

Mrs. Hunter of Union street is ill.

The South Weymouth Grange held their regular meeting Tuesday evening, at Clapp's hall.

Bernice Savage of Bangor, Me., spent the week-end as the guest of Miss Darthea Heald.

The young son of Mrs. Annabel Taylor is ill with pneumonia at the home of Mrs. Roy Beals.

J. W. Lindblow has returned from a business trip through Rhode Island and Connecticut.

Arthur Brackett of Main street is seriously ill.

G. A. DuBoer and family of Park avenue have moved to Wellesley Farms.

Mrs. Waldo Belcher is at a N. E. Hospital where she will undergo an operation.

Wilbert Cushing, son of Louis Cushing, is ill.

Ira Thatcher of Yarmouth spent the week-end as the guest of Frank C. Torrey.

Alan and Madeline Ford, children of Mr. and Mrs. George Ford, are ill at their home on Randolph street.

Walter Joy of Allston has been visiting local friends the past week.

The Surgical Dressings class of the Special Aid Society will meet on Wednesday afternoon of next week instead of Monday at the Engine House hall.

DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS

The Sewing Circle has been organized and plans are being made for the Patriotic Bazaar which will be held in May.

Senior Vice President Kilburn and Sister Draper attended the Department supper held on Monday night at Jamaica Plain.

Sister Williams, member of Department Council, and Sister Andrew, department aide, attended a rehearsal at Cambridge this week for the class initiation which is to be held in Faneuil hall on March 21.

Park Theatre, Boston

Manager Thomas D. Soriero has arranged an excellent program for his patrons at the Park Theatre for the week of March 11, at the top of which is the ever popular Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne in their latest Metro production, "The Brass Check" in 6 acts.

SASAP

EAST WEYMOUTH BRANCH The monthly meeting of the Executive Committee was held at the home of Mrs. George W. Perry March 4 and reports read on the work of the month of February.

The Surgical Dressings Classes which, on account of weather, only met three weeks, made 1375 4 x 4-inch compresses.

Mrs. Lynch reported the Sewing Classes had made 77 chemises, 87 crutch pads, 8 petticoats, 5 white flannel shirts, 3 "helpless case" shirts, 12 pajama suits and 48 kit bags, totalling 240 articles.

The knitters made 4 aviator long sleeve sweaters, 4 aviator helmets, 9 pair socks, sent to Boston headquarters, S. A. S. A. P., 1 sweater sent to France and 1 to Texas, and 11 sets of socks, wristers, helmets and sweaters to East Weymouth boys at Camp Devens.

Mrs. Raymond, the treasurer, reported receipts from the dance, which was held in January, from the card party, the systematic giving, etc., were \$307.40.

Mrs. Humphrey reported the ten East Weymouth boys in the last draft were furnished with complete outfits and also three boys from the town who were drafted in other places.

The society gladly welcomed the news from the Red Cross that the rebate for East Weymouth from the Red Cross drive amounted to \$175.00.

Boxes are being made ready now to be sent to the boys in active service. Each box holding soap, cigarettes and chocolate.

The boys ask for home papers, so if you have no one to whom you are sending yours please notify some member of the society and you will be given the name of a boy. It is a small thing to mail a paper each week but it gives great pleasure.

Reports are not particularly interesting but the letters of appreciation from the boys are very interesting.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH

The work of the South Weymouth branch of the Special Aid Society is carried on with increasing interest. Last week the Red Cross box contained 13 sweaters, 11 mufflers, 2 pair socks, 33 helpless shirts, 6 dresses, 4 pairs bloomers and 3 pillows.

The history of many of the sweaters would be interesting to the recipients without doubt. One sent in this week was the work of a grammar school girl 13 years old and the other that of a woman 90 years old.

The exhibit of the work done by the Special Aid Society in the window of the Norfolk Club will give everyone an opportunity to see how the money contributed to the War Chest is being spent.

Especial attention is called to the packages of surgical dressings. The gauze is cut and folded into compresses and these are made into packages and covered with cotton cloth. The bundles are sent to the Peter Bent Brigham hospital where they are sterilized and then sent to the Red Cross workers abroad.

WARD ONE BRANCH

Following is the February report of the work done by the ladies of Ward One, and distributed. There is more work which has been finished but not distributed.

To the torpedo boat Little, 12 sweaters, 13 prs. socks, 10 helmets. To the S. A. S. A. P. in Boston, 4 long sleeved sweaters for the aviators, 12 sleeveless sweaters, 16 prs. socks, 9 helmets, 19 prs. mittens, 6 prs. wristers.

To the Red Cross, 12 sweaters, 8 prs. socks, 7 prs. wristers, 16 mufflers, 12 wash mitts.

To individuals, 3 sweaters, 5 prs. socks, 2 mufflers, 3 helmets, 4 prs. wristers.

To French Wounded, 6 sweaters, 12 prs. socks, 16 caps, 12 prs. wristers, 34 wash mitts, 8 knitted bandages.

This makes a total of 261 knitted articles distributed during the month of February.

The Surgical Dressings class have made 1849 dressings during the month

The "Happiest" proposition of today, in comfortable, economic living is the ELECTRICALLY EQUIPPED HOME.

From the patriotic standpoint that home is "doing its bit." And from the living viewpoint it is getting the very most at the least cost.

Electric Light — electric cooking — electric washing and ironing. Electric cleaning and scores of other electric helps are economical necessities to the home of today.

Yours is no exception. Let us talk it over and find out definitely what can be done in your case.

WEYMOUTH LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY

Jackson Square East Weymouth, Mass. Phone 62-W

J. E. MULLIGAN, New-Business Manager.

of February. This class is improving a little in the interest taken and a number of ladies can be depended on to work every week, but there ought to be more.

In the sewing class as in the surgical dressings there is need of many more workers. The committee who have this in charge are right on the job every other Thursday morning at ten o'clock ready to give out the work and show any new ones.

There were forty-four sewing articles sent to the S. A. S. A. P. in Boston. Four aviator kits. To the Red Cross, 11 pairs pajamas, 8 bloomers, 9 dresses, 12 overdressing socks.

The Junior League has made during the last two weeks in February, 8 knitted squares, 4 knitted wash cloths, 600 eye dressings, 30 handkerchiefs, 15 medicine covers, 36 comfort pillows, 4 cut up puzzles.

WARD THREE BRANCH

Our administrators on supplies have said, "We owe it to the women to win the war." The Safety Aid Societies of the town are certainly doing much to fulfill this prophecy.

This society financially has met with great success, starting not a year since with about 50 membership dues, of one dollar each has to date raised and expended two thousand dollars.

We now have a committee of fifty who are collecting a subscribed fund to be used for supplies, and their average amount is two hundred dollars per month.

The Agricultural College of Norfolk County have appointed food specialists for each town in the county, a representative volunteered from our town who took the course of study and observation at the Garland school in Boston and is giving lessons on food and fat substitutes one afternoon each week to a dozen or more ladies, ten of whom will be competent to teach another group and be able to reach many housekeepers who later on will gradually use many of these foods to good advantage.

The public libraries in the state have been requested to have on exhibition food and fat substitutes with someone to explain the calories and food sustaining qualities of the least expensive products.

Tufts library will have an exhibit of this kind, probably the latter part of next week. Mrs. Hoffman and Miss Cowan, committee on food economics, will prepare the display and a number of high school students who have worked under the domestic science teacher will demonstrate the need of using food supplies that may be obtained on an economical basis.

Mrs. Alexander, chairman of this branch, last week made an appeal for soap to be sent abroad. The suggestion met with a hearty response. Five cases, containing 685 cakes of soap were contributed besides a donation of home made soap sent by a member who had fats sent to her by housekeepers who are doing their part to conserve.

This branch has been obliged to remove from their headquarters but at present the surgical dressing committee meets in Pythian hall and the sewing division making money

belts will meet this week at a private house.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH

Although it has held but three sewing meetings during February, the South Weymouth branch of the Special Aid Society did not fall behind in the amount of work accomplished.

Besides this knitted articles were sent to Camp Devens and to Camp Hingham, and individual boys were fitted out upon leaving for the service. As the Society had a quantity of knitted articles on hand it was voted to send all to the Special Aid headquarters in Boston so that they might be put to immediate use, reserving only a few for emergency calls.

The Surgical Dressings class sent 3258 dressings to the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital and the girls' club which meets with Mrs. Freeman Putney, Jr., sent 600 dressings to the Red Cross.

The War Chest was filled this month with \$413.55. Of this amount \$247.55 is subscribed monthly. The Ways and Means Committee hoped to secure subscriptions for \$400 monthly so that the work could be extended. Yarn is the most expensive item and there are many in this section of the town who are willing to knit but at times there has not been enough yarn.

If you have not already subscribed to the War Chest, can you not see your way clear to giving 25 cents, 50 cents or \$1.00 each month to this fund? Subscriptions may be made to Mrs. Walter Field, 73 Union street. All the money is spent for the actual work of the society, and all goes for the benefit of those who are fighting our battles for us.

In reply to inquiries regarding the possibility of distilling seized spirits for alcohol the War Department has announced that the small amount of alcohol recovered, the cost of transportation, reeoperation, and distillation would make the cost to the Government greater than it is now paying.

Smileage Books are for sale at the office of the Gazette and Transcript. A \$1 book contains coupons for 20 admissions to Liberty, theatres at the various U. S. cantonments. Send one to your soldier friend.

Whist party to be held at Pythian hall by Avonia Circle, 805, C. of E. of A. Wednesday evening, March 13. Tickets 20 cents.—Adv.

Advertisement for Jones Just Around the Corner 1 Granite St., Quincy. Features an image of a shoe and text: 'The Man Who Knows Ralstons. Knows that it is not necessary to excuse foot torture on the ground of style. Neither is it necessary to excuse slovenliness on the ground of comfort.'

Advertisement for Kincaide's Bedding Department. Offers Big Values In the Bedding Department. High Sides Crib \$7.85. Double Side Mattress to Fit \$3.49. 2-in. Post BRASS BED \$13. Massive White ENAMEL BED \$14. 'French Edge' Felted Mattress Extra \$9.98. Our 4 Room 'ECONOMY' \$149 OUTFIT. KINCAIDE'S 1495 Hancock Street, Quincy 'Good Furniture'

Advertisement for Weymouth Savings Bank. CHARLES A. HAYWARD, President. CHARLES T. CRANE, Treasurer. Vice-Presidents: EDWARD W. HUNT, JAMES N. FLINT. Board of Investment: CHARLES A. HAYWARD, CLARENCE P. WHITTLE, EDWARD W. HUNT, ARTHUR E. PRATT, CHARLES G. SHEPPARD. Bank Hours: 8:30 A. M. to 3 P. M. Saturdays, 8:30 to 12. Monday Evenings, 6 to 8. Deposits placed on interest on the first Monday of January, April, July and October. The annual meeting of the Weymouth Savings Bank corporation will be held at its Banking-rooms on TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1918 At 7:30 o'clock, P. M. for the election of officers and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before said meeting. The quarterly meeting of the Trustees will be held on the same day at the close of the annual meeting. JOHN P. HUNT, Clerk. Feb. 25, 1918. 21, 9, 10





WANTS

And other classified "Ads" are inserted in this column at 25c for four lines. Cash should accompany all one-time "Ads."

LOST

LOST—Deposit Book No. 11988 of the East Weymouth Savings Bank is reported lost. 3t.10.12

Watch Lost

March 2, an Ingersoll watch with a gold monogram fob on ribbon. Reward on returning to 38 Hillcrest road. 10.11

Lost

An opportunity to rent my house because I did not advertise in The Gazette and Transcript.

FOUND

Found The best medium to get results from classified "Ads"—the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript.

WANTED

Stenographer Wanted

Stenographer at Stetson Shoe Co., South Weymouth. Tel. Wey. 124 1011

Help wanted to address envelopes, long hand or typewriter, at home or factory. Apply to Advertising Department, The Stetson Shoe Co., South Weymouth. 11.10

Girls Wanted

Girls at George H. Bicknell Co., Weymouth. 7.1f

Men Wanted

To sew filled fertilizer bags. Steady employment. Bradley Fertilizer Works, North Weymouth, Mass. 19.1f

FOR RENT

To Let Tenement suitable for small family. For further information inquire at 833 Commercial street, East Weymouth or telephone Wey. 378W. 3.1f

FOR SALE

Pups for Sale Full blooded sable collie pups, eight weeks old. Males \$8; females \$4. G. H. Bavin, 60 Kensington road, Weymouth, Mass. 10.2t

Horses for Sale

Three horses for tip cart work. Apply to Pray & Kelley, Weymouth. 47.1f

MISCELLANEOUS

Multigraph Letters

The Gazette and Transcript is now equipped to do Multigraph work in any quantities. Only a few hours necessary to get out big order. Our telephone call is Weymouth 145. 12.1f

COAL ICE WOOD

GRAIN HAY.

JOBGING OF ALL KINDS

1918 ICE PRICES: 50 CTS. PER CWT. Wholesale prices on request.

J. F. & W. H. CUSHING CO.

119 Middle St., East Weymouth.

TELEPHONE 266-W

OFFICE OPEN, 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

No Ice Sold on Sunday.

Learn a New Profession

FILING

and secure a good situation through a course at Boston School of Filing

Little Building, Boylston and Tremont Sts.

Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses.

Visitors invited. Booklet upon request.

Teacher of Piano

MARGARET Z. AHERN

4 Off Common Street

WEYMOUTH

Newsboys Wanted

Every Friday Afternoon

For Sale

\$4,250 will buy a 10-acre Farm in Weymouth.

All modern dwelling and good stable. Electric cars pass the door.

Call and see me and I will tell you more about it.

Russell B. Worster

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE

WEYMOUTH, MASS.

CHURCH NOTES

TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Front Street, Weymouth Rev. William Hyde, rector. The 10.30 A. M. service next Sunday will be a War Service with prayers for victory and peace. National music will be sung and Rector Hyde will preach on "Israel and Victory." The cottage service this week was at the residence of Mrs. Lavery on Walnut avenue. Next week the cottage service will be on Wednesday evening in East Braintree. Rector Hyde is preaching a special course of sermons on Thursdays at North Easton.

EPISCOPAL

Mission of the Holy Nativity, 564 Main street, South Weymouth. Robert Pierce Casey lay reader. Sunday School, 9.45 A. M. Morning prayer with sermon at 10.30. Bible Class at 12. Tuesday, 7.30 P. M. evening service with confirmation lecture by Rev. William W. Love.

UNION CHURCH

Weymouth and East Braintree Morning worship next Sunday at 10.30 with sermon by the minister. Topic, "The Only Way." Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Union Lenten services under the auspices of the Branch Federation of Churches at H. R. Smith's, 136 Hayward street, and at C. R. Hill's, 67 Liberty street, Tuesday evening at 7.45. Topic, "Family Religion."

The Ladies' Benevolent Society will hold an all-day sewing meeting in the church parlor Wednesday. Box lunch at noon, hot coffee will be served to all present. All ladies cordially invited.

The regular mid-week prayer meeting will be held at Miss Martha A. Loud's, 87 Commercial street, Thursday evening at 7.30. Topic, "A Lesson in Forgiveness."

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the Women's Board of Missions will meet at Mrs. Harry S. South's, Thursday, March 14, at 2.30 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Tingley, pastor, residence, 91 Broad street, Sunday morning worship and sermon at 10.30. Sunday School at 12 M. Junior C. E. meeting at 4. Senior C. E. meeting at 6. Evening service at 7. Prayer and social service Thursday evening at 7.45. Strangers and all in the town without a church home are cordially invited to worship with us. Seats free.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

20 Greenleaf Street Quincy. Morning service and Sunday school at 10.45. Subject: "Man." Golden Text: Genesis 1:27. "God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him." Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock, a testimony and experience meeting is held. The reading room, in Hancock building, City square, is open daily, except Sundays and holidays from 11 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon.

FIRST CHURCH

"Our Father Who Art in Heaven" is the subject the Junior C. E. Society will discuss at their meeting Sunday afternoon at 3.45 o'clock. Leader, Miss Clara Bain. Miss Ruth Freeman will have charge of the meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. Sunday evening at 6.30. Topic, "Making the Most of Ourselves."

The Men's Goodfellowship Club of the First church, who found it necessary to discontinue their monthly meetings during the winter because of the existing conditions, met in the chapel on Wednesday evening. An appetizing supper was served at 7.45 o'clock after which the business of the evening was taken up.

The Old North Sunday School are now working on an Easter service entitled "The Ever-Living Lord" by J. H. Fillmore, which will beautifully carry out the Easter message in music and in recitation.

"Three Hundred Men Who Were ready to Die for Christ. Under the Call of God" will be the subject of the service at 10.30 A. M. next Sunday. Every member and friend at church means a successful church in point of attendance and is reasonably certain to mean a successful church in every way. This House of Jesus Christ asks its friends and members to be present next Sunday morning. It counts as reasonable that men shall give an hour of the Sabbath to the support of the teaching of the Word of God in the community. Every good work we should do but this one we should not leave undone.

The attendance at the communion service last Sunday was a help and inspiration to everyone present. The evening service on Sunday will be at 7.30.

Cottage prayer meeting on Thursday at 7.45 P. M. You will be welcome.

THE UNITED CHURCHES

At the regular morning service at 10.30 next Sunday, Rev. Ora A. Price will be the preacher. The other pastors will share in the service. At 12 o'clock the Sunday School, with various departments, including the Men's Community Bible Class, will meet. The Junior societies will unite in the vestry at 3.30 in charge of Mrs. Price and Miss Jordan. The Senior C. E. Society will meet at Rev. F. A. Line's, 99 Torrey street, at 5.30. Eleanor Sherman, leader, and take up further "The Lure of Africa." The subject of the Senior C. E. Society meeting at the vestry at 6 o'clock will be "Making the Most of Ourselves." At 7 o'clock the evening gospel service. On Wednesday afternoon of next week at 3 o'clock, the Jane T. Clark

Mission Circle will meet with Mrs. Grace Sargent, 69 Hollis street. Mrs. Gordon Willis will speak on "Africa," and will show a collection of pictures taken in that continent by her brother. The Thursday evening devotional service will be held with Mrs. George C. Torrey, 50 Torrey street, at 7.30 o'clock. The Old South W. B. Auxiliary will hold a combined missionary meeting and social next Friday at 2 o'clock with Mrs. A. O. Crawford, 24 Central street, inviting the Union and Universalist societies. A cordial welcome to the services.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL

East Weymouth Morning service at 10.30. Sermon by Rev. W. A. Squires. Bible School at 12. Epworth League at 6 o'clock, subject, "The Voice of God in the Life of Today." Leader, Mrs. Emma Mattison. Evening preaching hour, 7 o'clock. Tuesday night prayer meeting at 7.30. Ladies' Social Circle meets in the ladies' parlor Wednesday.

EAST WEYMOUTH and WEYMOUTH CENTER

The Ross Millinery Parlors on Commercial street will be re-opened for the season March 15.—Adv. 10.11

Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Richards and daughter, Vivian, have moved into the house recently built over on Pleasant street.

Rev. Uri C. Fox, recently returned from India, spoke at the Methodist church last Sunday evening. The curious which he brought with him were of the greatest interest.

Word has been received that Charles Wheaton has left for France after a few weeks' training in the Aero squadron at Mineola, L. I.

Many people from this town have taken a trip in to the automobile show during the past week.

Mrs. C. B. Cushing entertained a company of young people at her home on Madison street Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Burrell of Commercial street entertained their son and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Burrell of Boston, over the weekend.

Several people from this part of the town attended the engagement party of Miss Florence G. Monroe last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Burrell and daughter, Marion, spent the week-end with Mr. Burrell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Burrell of Broad street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Staples and family have moved into the house, recently vacated by Mr. and Mrs. Gustavus Richards on Commercial street.

Harold Hawes, the popular driver of Combination 2, has accepted a position with the Fore River plant. His position is filled by Forest H. Jones of Grant street. It is with feelings of regret, however, that we lose such a valuable man from our fire department.

Olive Sylvester of Commercial street has been making a short visit with friends in town.

The Ladies' Social Circle of the First M. E. church held a church supper in the vestry of the church last evening. A large crowd enjoyed an excellent banquet. A very fine musical and literary entertainment was rendered under the able direction of Mrs. C. R. Denbroeder.

Charles Donovan of Lafayette avenue is now able to be out after his illness.

The funeral of Jacob Loud was held from his late home on Commercial street Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Edward T. Ford of the Congregational church. Mrs. Philbrook rendered several beautiful vocal selections. The floral tributes were many and beautiful.

Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

Simon White of Lafayette avenue is improving from an illness which has confined him to his home of late.

Logan Pruitt of Nebraska, now attending the School of Divinity of Boston University, supplied the pulpit of the M. E. church last Sunday. Rev. J. Homer Slutz, the pastor of the church, will be unable to preach for a number of Sundays. He will, however, preach on Easter Sunday, to which all the members of the parish look with pleasure.

Mrs. Earle Williams spent Sunday and Monday with relatives in East Bridgewater.



John Thomas is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning.

Mrs. Alton Jones and son Bradford of Brockton have been spending a week with Mrs. Jones' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Williams.

Miss Anna Alden of Boston was at home over Sunday.

A baby girl was born last week to Mr. and Mrs. Merle Cain of South Braintree, formerly of North Weymouth.

A number of people from this village attended the double funeral on Sunday last of Mrs. George Hobbs and son, Norman Hobbs, of Brockton. Mrs. Hobbs was a sister of George Ames of North Weymouth. Mrs. Hobbs had been sick for a long time, but the son, Norman, who was in the Navy and stationed at Commonwealth Pier, was sick but a few days with acute laryngitis. He was buried with full military honors.

On Monday evening the Boy Scouts held their regular meeting and were entertained by a member of the First Troop of Braintree, who is an expert woodcraft man. He gave them a fine talk and demonstration of woodcraft.

The annual parish meeting of Pilgrim church took place on Monday evening. Francis A. Bicknell was chosen moderator. The following officers were elected for the coming year: Parish Committee,—Murray Parker, George Beane and Charles Williams. Clerk,—Murray Parker. Treasurer,—Walter F. Pratt, Auditor,—George L. Newton. Music Committee,—Mrs. E. F. Beals, Mrs. S. G. Dunbar and W. T. Seabury. Collector,—J. P. Regan.

Mrs. George Clark has been very sick this week.

The Mary Thomas Bible Class met on Tuesday evening with Miss Pearl Grant.

Miss Lillian Gay is sick with pharyngitis.

Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

The defendant in the assault case in the Quincy court last week was Miles P. Keene, not Willis P. Keene, as reported. The case was continued to March 21.

Mrs. Lucy Blauvelt has returned from an extended visit in Norwell.

Edward Butman is on the sick list this week.

HOUSING BILL FOR SHIPWORKERS HAS BEEN SIGNED

Building Activity Will Probably Include Weymouth and Braintree

President Wilson has signed the emergency fleet corporation housing bill and immediate steps will be taken by the government to commandeer boarding houses, hotels, apartments and even private homes near shipyards in order to prepare for the influx of thousands of new workers who will speed up the shipbuilding program.

The commandeering of these accommodations will be the first step, to be followed, where necessary, by the construction of new houses. The bill carries an appropriation of \$50,000,000 and the emergency fleet corporation will extend loans to private shipyards at 5 per cent to carry on this work. It will not, however, bear the expense of the new homes at government-owned yards.

The powers conferred upon the fleet corporation by this bill are very broad, according to a ruling obtained today.

For the purpose specified, the housing of shipyard employees, the fleet corporation may purchase at private sale, lease, requisition, either permanently or temporarily, or condemn title to real estate, improved or unimproved. It may also construct on such land houses with all appropriate facilities, such as streets, sewer and water systems, and it may dispose of such property as fully as a private owner might do.

In the event of requisition or condemnation, the corporation may enter upon and possess the lands and improvements taken. The remedy of the former owner is either to accept the compensation offered or, if dissatisfied therewith, he may sue the United States. In the event of requisition the opinion of the attorney-general as to the title of the land taken is not required.

The act provides also that no contracts on the cost plus percentage of cost for profit basis may be entered into, except with certain limitations.

A division headed by J. Roger Flannery has been formed by the emergency fleet corporation to handle the problem and a survey has been made to determine the properties which are to be taken over by the government at once.

The act places practically no limitation on the extent to which the fleet corporation may go in order to provide comfortable homes for the employees at reasonable prices. All houses which have remained empty in the vicinity of the shipyards will be seized after consultation with the owners, and proprietors of boarding houses and hotels near the shipyards who have taken advantage of the great demand for accommodations to boost prices will receive scant consideration.

The government will determine the fair value, take possession of the properties if necessary, to furnish the workers with homes at such prices, and leave the owners who do not agree to accept the proposition offered the opportunity to go to the courts to seek redress.

Boarding houses and hotels near shipyards, which already are occupied by persons not employed in ship construction will not escape the enforcement of these measures. The emergency fleet corporation will request the tenants to move to other sections to make way for the shipyard workers. The expenses of moving will be borne by the fleet corporation.

Quincy is making a big bid for part of this appropriation, and the new houses being built on the Watson estate, East Braintree, will probably be taken. A little effort on the part of our Selectmen and Board of Trade will also cause a real estate boom in Weymouth. The demand for houses far exceeds the supply.

THE LATE JOHN KELLEY

The funeral of John Kelley, for many years claim agent of the street railway, took place Monday afternoon and was largely attended by street railway men, town officials of Braintree, friends in Weymouth, Braintree and Quincy, and Odd Fellows.

Mr. Kelley leaves a widow, whose maiden name was Mary J. Lawson, and two sons, William P. and George, both attorneys-at-law.

In reporting the death last week, opportunity was given for only a few facts relative to our friend. For years Mr. Kelley has taken a prominent part in the administration of the affairs of the town of Braintree.

Being a ready debater he was at his best when arguing for or against some proposition that came before the voters at the annual and adjourned town meetings. His arguments carried conviction and it was seldom that he failed to receive the support of the voters in the stand which he had taken. Way back in the early eighties Mr. Kelley conducted a granite business at East Braintree, a short distance from the Weymouth line, and here many of the weighty problems of the town were thrashed out by those wont to gather in his office.

He took an active part in the controversies incident to the establishment of a town water system. Later he became interested in the building of a street railway through the town and was one of the stockholders in the original Braintree Street Railway Company before it was taken over by the old Quincy company. Some years ago he retired from the granite business and later became connected with the Bay State Street Railway as its claim agent with an office at the Quincy car barn. His jurisdiction extended over a large territory and through his humane way in handling accident cases he was able to settle many claims that would otherwise have gone before the courts.

His health had been failing for some time and although he still held the position as claim agent for the street railway company he has been unable to be actively engaged in this work for some months. Mr. Kelley had represented Braintree in the Legislature and on the water board and had been a constant of the town for many years and was also connected for some time with the fire department, at one time being its chief engineer. He had also served as moderator at town meetings.

Mr. Kelley was a member of Puritan Lodge, I. O. O. F., of which he was a past grand, of Amasa Rebeck Lodge, I. O. O. F., and Delphia Lodge, K. of P.

Rev. William Hyde of Trinity Episcopal church conducted the service. The Odd Fellows service was read by Harry W. Bailey, the noble grand, and Rev. J. Harlow Graham, the chaplain of Puritan lodge.

The bearers were Robert Gibson, Charles M. Lathrop, John H. McAndrew and Walter B. Skinner of Puritan lodge, and George S. Fogg and

Francis Drown of Delphi lodge, K. of P. Burial was in the Village cemetery.

RALLY FOR TEAM 8

The bottle pin tournament at the Norfolk Club continues to be a hot race between Teams 7, 3, 2 and 4. Team 7 still has a pretty tight grip. One of the many wonderful and unaccountable events of history took place Wednesday evening when Team 8, which was considered securely anchored, took all four points from Team 7. Capt. Marshall now boasts of third place.

The high single string record of 137 formerly held by Otto Zwickler was beaten by George Marshall, who rolled for 140.

The standing of the teams follows:

	W.	L.	P.P.
Team 7	23	9	10,728
Team 3	22	10	10,710
Team 4	21	11	12,059
Team 2	17	15	10,534
Team 6	14	18	10,420
Team 8	13	23	11,581
Team 5	11	21	10,447
Team 1	11	25	11,557

BORN

SULLIVAN—In Braintree, Feb. 25 a son to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sullivan, formerly of Nash's Corner, Weymouth.

BURKETT—In East Weymouth, Feb. 26, a daughter to Charles H. and Lottie (Murphy) Burkett of 114 Hawthorne street.

WALSH—In Weymouth, Feb. 12, a son to Edmund B. and Celia (Graham) Walsh of 20 Norfolk street.

SMITH—In Weymouth, Feb. 28, a daughter, Alice Janette, to Edward and Anna (McIsaac) Smith of 156 Washington street.

MARRIED

KELSO—BLANCHARD—In South Weymouth, Feb. 22, by Rev. Henry C. Alford, Garold Elmer Kelso and Eleanor Linwood Blanchard, both of Weymouth.

DIED.

BLACKSTONE—In South Weymouth, March 3, Carrie T., widow of William Thomas Blackstone, of 608 Union street, in her 71st year.

LOUD—In East Weymouth, March 3, Jacob F. Loud, of 642 Commercial street, in his 71st year.

BATES—In South Weymouth, March 4, Bessie Loud, wife of Walter L. Bates of 67 Union street, aged 56 years.

BLANCHARD—In Westboro, March 3, Wilfred Blanchard of Weymouth Heights, aged 57 years.

O'CONNOR—In Weymouth, Feb. 28, John W. O'Connor, of 204 Front street.

KELLEY—In East Braintree March 1, John Kelley of 2 Commercial street, aged 63 years. March 1, Joseph, son of James and Mary Rubelloni of 903 Pleasant street.

HUME—In South Weymouth, March 5, Alice May, wife of Samuel Henry Hume of Oakdale avenue.

DI-GREGORIO—In East Weymouth, March 1, Theresa (Vendree), widow of Joseph Di Gregorio, of 310 Middle street, aged 68 years.

CALDWELL—In Weymouth, March 7, Josephine Porter Caldwell, widow of Edward Caldwell, of 336 Front street, aged 77 years.

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# No Quorum at Annual Town Meeting---Business Transacted by Unanimous Consent

## SECOND SECTION

# GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

96 COLUMNS

SIXTEEN OR MORE PAGES EVERY WEEK

96 COLUMNS

VOL. LII. NO. 10

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## SITE TO BE TAKEN FOR PUBLIC BATHHOUSE

### More Pay Voted for School Teachers, Policemen and Street Department Men

It pays to advertise in the local newspapers. The Selectmen DID NOT advertise the warrant for the Annual Town Meeting. And the Appropriation Committee DID NOT advertise their recommendations on the articles in the warrant. Consequently there was very little interest in the Annual Town Meeting, and it was impossible to obtain a quorum. Only by unanimous consent of the 100 to 200 voters present was the business of the day transacted. Fortunately, none of the articles passed involved a loan; if one excepts that in anticipation of taxes. So that the legality of the meeting may not be questioned. But as a prominent voter expressed it, it was a hodge-podge affair, jumping from one article to another, adjourning twice during the day, etc.

More publicity and a little agitation relative to a new almshouse, branch library at East Weymouth; pay of school teachers, policemen, and street men; a State Guard Company, etc., would easily have awakened interest and secured 300 to 400 on such a pleasant day. Then Town Meetings should be held in the afternoon or evening; at 1 P. M. or 6 P. M.

#### BUSINESS OF THE DAY

The Annual Town Meeting was held at 9 A. M. on Monday in the Odd Fellows Opera House at East Weymouth. Less than 100 voters were present at 9.15 when Town Clerk Raymond called the voters to order and started to read the warrant. It was voted to suspend the reading of the articles.

On motion of Russell B. Worster, Hon. George L. Barnes was unanimously elected Moderator.

Ex-Senator Barnes, in accepting the position, thanked the voters and talked against time in hopes voters would come in to make a quorum, but only a few came.

Under article 2 a committee of five was appointed to bring in a list of nominations for minor offices. They retired and reported later. Under Article 3 each of the reports in the Town Reports were taken up separately and accepted, after amending the report of the Chief of Police on page 195 by striking out "two stillborn children as committed to the

Lyman school" and inserting "two stubborn children." Most of the Articles were accepted as recommended by the Appropriation Committee, but there were debates on the following:

#### ARTICLE 7

F. H. Torrey opposed recommendation of no action. He moved to lay on table until we have a fair representation of voters. It was important and Weymouth should get in line with progressive towns. He had Section 1 of Chapter 624 of 1910 read, and then it was voted to lay on the table. Later the recommendation was adopted.

#### ARTICLE 8

William J. Holbrook opposed recommendation of "no action," and moved to appropriate \$3,500, speaking in favor of his motion. Ex-Selectman Ralph P. Burrell said we should consider the tax rate. Every \$1,000 added would increase the tax rate 8 cents. Then the Assessors were very liable to lose \$400,000 to \$500,000 of taxable property at North Weymouth if the Federal Government took for housing shipyard workers. Weymouth men could enlist in the companies at Quincy or Hingham. Mr. Holbrook said the town would probably be reimbursed by the State if the expenditure was made. R. B. Worster favored, E. C. Barker opposed, and A. P. Worthen favored. Mr. Clapp questioned if a quorum was present, and John L. Bean said action was clearly illegal until a quorum was present. Would lay on table. Russell H. Whiting and Theron Tirrell were appointed as tellers. Point of order was withdrawn, and article laid on table. Later the article was defeated. The meeting then took up various articles that did not involve appropriations. Article 18, relative to placing Chief of Police under Civil Service. No recommendation. Motion to accept. Prince Tirrell moved to lay on table. J. L. Bean wanted enlightenment. M. E. Hawes opposed laying on table.

Voted down. Voted to accept chapter. Doubtful. Verified 55 to 18, showing only 73 voting.

ARTICLE 31, relative to name of part of Commercial street.

B. F. Smith moved to indefinitely postpone, and M. E. Hawes opposed. Others to speak pro and con were Selectman Hawes, Rev. H. C. Alvord, M. P. Gary and Parker T. Pearson.

Voted to indefinitely postpone. Then M. E. Hawes wanted to know what the name of the street in question really was.

Mr. Pearson said -- Commercial street.

Mr. Smith--Signboard put up by Selectmen says--North street. Under Article 10; B. F. Smith raised the point of order--no quorum present.

Tellers reported 123.

Adjournment for five minutes. When the recess was over Selectman Hawes read the Governor's proclamation urging economy in town appropriations.

Representative Spinney offered resolve to encourage the sale of War Saving Stamps, which was adopted on motion of Selectman Kelley.

More articles were then considered until 11.15 when question of a quorum was again raised: This time 148 were present. Voted to adjourn until 1 P. M.

During the recess lunch was served at G. A. R. hall by members of the Women's Relief Corps, including hot beef stew, biscuits, pie and coffee.

At 1 P. M. Moderator Barnes read letters of the Committee on Public Safety and Gov. McCall, urging small appropriations.

By unanimous consent the business of the warrant was completed, although no quorum was present at any time. These articles caused debates:

#### ARTICLE 10

Dr. Greeley asked how much of an increase this was, and was answered \$1,900.

E. E. Leonard of the School Board said the total should be \$3,000 larger, or \$93,000.

Dr. Greeley moved that it be amended to \$88,000.

Representative Spinney favored the larger amount. Dr. Greeley opposed. M. P. Garey, M. E. Hawes, Prince Tirrell favored.

Voted to appropriate \$93,000.

#### ARTICLE 14--BATHHOUSE

Selectman Joseph Kelley advocated an appropriation. For some time, he said, he had been interested in a public bathhouse. The town needs one, and it is a question of location. Now boys and girls cannot bathe without trespassing as there is no public beach. The bathhouse should not be among cottages, but should be accessible to the people. Half of Great Hill is now owned by the town and is a delightful spot. The Assessors place a very low valuation on the lot selected along the causeway. He told of the plans drawn by J. W. Pratt of Quincy. It was proposed that the bathhouse should be built under the direction of the Park Commissioner. He moved an appropriation of \$8,000 for taking the land by eminent domain and the erection of a bathhouse. R. P. Burrell asked, if under eminent domain, the lot should not be specifically described. A. P. Worthen said that would be for the Park Commissioners. B. F. Smith asked how much was for the land? Mr. Kelley said the lot was assessed for \$75 and was not worth over \$1,000. Mr. Smith moved to refer to the Park Commissioners to report at the next annual town meeting. Mr. Kelley said he was not anxious to spend town money, as he was not, but we must have clean bodies. In Weymouth a bathhouse should be self-supporting. P. Tirrell endorsed: Was not afraid of a little increase in the tax rate, favored a good bathing beach. Now people go many miles in summer to bathe. When referred to a committee the town never gets a report. He favored action today. Judge Cook would limit amount for land to \$500 and moved amendment. Amendment adopted 131 to 9. Mr. Kelley then moved that \$8,000 be appropriated for bathhouse.

M. E. Hawes and R. P. Burrell opposed. The vote was: Yes, 57; No, 70, and the motion was lost.

#### ARTICLE 17--POLICE

Article 17--Committee recommended \$8,300 for Police Department.

Chief Pratt said last year the department cost \$8,900. He asked for \$9,000 that the pay of the officers might be increased 30 cents. He said \$8,300 would not run the department. Moved to increase to \$9,000. Voted.

#### ARTICLE 4--ALMSHOUSE

The debate of the day came on ratifying the appropriation of \$40,000 for a new Almshouse passed illegally at a special town meeting.

The committee reported no action.

Secretary Hawes of the board of Overseers offered a substitute, to ratify the appropriation. He said however it would be necessary now to increase the rate of interest from five to six per cent. He made much of the fact that the Planning Board favored a new Almshouse. Board now costs \$5 per inmate at Braintree while with the farm here, the net cost was only \$3.70.

Chairman Hanley of the same board, said the inmates were well taken care of at Braintree, and quoted figures to show that Weymouth was saving money.

Overseer Kelley favored. He said that to the \$5 per week must be added clothes and bedding and upkeep of farm.

Charles H. Lovell nearly swung the meeting in favor of the appropriation. He favored a home of our own. He would not send our poor out of town.

Overseer Hastings said we should have a little sentiment, and favored ratifying.

Overseer Hanley favored new Almshouse at the proper time, but claimed it was not urgent now. In ten years the present site may be too valuable for an Almshouse.

Frank A. Pray spoke in favor. John L. Bean would postpone a year because of scarcity of money and labor.

M. E. Hawes moved previous question.

Others to speak were Overseers Hastings and Hanley, Dr. Greeley, Mr. Foye, Allan C. Emery, Mr. Conway and Mr. Clapp.

The motion of Mr. Hawes to ratify was lost 90 to 68, not the necessary two-thirds.

Committee's report accepted.

#### BRANCH LIBRARY

Article 44, committee recommended no action on branch library at East Weymouth. Report accepted.

#### STREET LIGHTS

Article 45, recommended \$14,400 for street lighting.

There was a motion to reduce to \$10,000.

Mr. Dunbar said contract with the company called for \$14,400 and did not provide for any new lights.

Motion withdrawn and report accepted.

#### SUPPRESSION OF MOTHS

Article 56, recommended \$4,000 for suppression of moths.

C. L. Merritt pleaded for a larger appropriation, but was not successful.

Voted \$4,000.

#### CLAM DIGGING

Article 65. No recommendation.

Selectman Hawes said now that clams are needed for food, the digging should be regulated as the past year.

Voted to authorize the Selectmen to regulate.

Other articles which involved no debate are reported in the next column, the recommendation of the committee being followed by the action taken.

#### TOWN MEETING ECHOES

Even the clock in Odd Fellows hall refused to go--No quorum.

Here is a complete report of the Weymouth Town meeting as published Tuesday in the Herald: "George L. Barnes was elected moderator at the town meeting, held in Weymouth yesterday, after which the meeting adjourned until next Monday at which time the other town officers will be elected." (Continued on Page 13)

## NEW ALMSHOUSE WILL NOT BE BUILT

### No Appropriation Voted for a State Guard Company or Branch Library

The following articles were passed without debate, the recommendation of the committee being followed by the action of the meeting.

ARTICLE 4. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted.--Authorizing Town Treasurer to borrow money in anticipation of taxes and revenue.

ARTICLE 5. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted.--Authorizing Town Treasurer to borrow after Jan. 1, 1919, in anticipation of revenue of 1919.

ARTICLE 8. Recommends \$14,000 for Reserve fund. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 9. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted to designate Weymouth Trust Company, the First National Bank of Boston and National Shawmut Bank of Boston as legal depositories for the funds of the town, and the First National Safe Deposit Company of Boston as a legal depository for the securities of the town.

ARTICLE 12. Recommends \$1,800 for James Humphrey School-house bonds. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 13. Recommends \$500 for parks and playgrounds, \$100 of which shall be for rent of playground at Lovell's Corner. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 15. Recommends \$12,000 for Fire Department. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 16. Recommends \$500 for the suppression of Forest Fires. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 19. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted, to authorize setting aside \$5,000 from water revenue, to Water Loan sinking fund.

ARTICLE 20. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted, appropriation of \$38,825 for Water department.

ARTICLE 21. Recommends action as called for by the Article. Voted, to authorize new issue of Water bonds to amount of \$5,000 for construction.

ARTICLE 23. Recommends \$4,000 for the Board of Health. Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 24. Recommends \$10,155 for payment of town officers.

Selectmen and Overseers of Poor	\$ 2,600.00
Town Clerk	150.00
Assessors	1,800.00
Town Treasurer	450.00
Town Treasurer Bond	125.00
Auditors	30.00
Sealer of Weights and Measures	150.00
Tree Warden	100.00
Registrars of Voters	450.00
Town Accountant and General Office Clerk	1,800.00
Town Counsel (this amount not to include trial cases)	500.00
Tax Collector	1,700.00
Tax Collector Bond	250.00
Appropriation Committee	50.00
	\$10,155.00

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 25. Recommends \$1,750 for Election Expenses. Voted, as recommended.

(Continued on Page 13)

## Does Faithfulness Deserve Recognition?

IF SO

# Vote to Re-elect JOSEPH KELLEY

340 Washington Street, Weymouth, Mass.

ELECTION MARCH 11

—Milton B. Richmond, 160 Middle St., Weymouth.

## FREE TRANSPORTATION TO THE POLLS

ELECTION DAY, MONDAY, MARCH 11

### Notice to Ward 5 Voters

AUTOS WILL LEAVE

Fountain Square via Pond Street;

"Back of the Pond" via Randolph and Hollis Streets;

"Rockland Line" via Union Street, at 5.35 A. M., 6.35, 7.35, and 8.45 for the Polls, in the Engine House Hall, and will connect you with the 6.16, 7.14, 8.15 and 9.39 Boston trains.

Any voter who would like to be called for and returned to his home after 9.45 A. M., will be accommodated, if they will notify me by mail or telephone.

## ALFRED W. HASTINGS

Candidate for re-election as Selectman, 142 Columbian Sq., Weymouth.

Telephone, Wey. 662-W

# What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



There is a Vogue for Aprons.

There is, or at least there appears to be, a vogue for aprons of the sorts that cover the dress or are substituted for it. Styles in aprons are shown in almost as much profusion as styles in frocks and some persons insist—especially some masculine persons—that women look their best in these work-day garments. At any rate they have a chance to look very well in them since there are so many designs in them made up in attractive colors and with easy, semifitted lines.

The fortunes of war have brought it about that many women must do a great part of their own housework and they are making a virtue of necessity. The good-looking apron, or "service dress," or house frock helps some. It is the insignia of a service to be proud of and adds a cheery element to hum-

drum tasks.

Ginghams and percales, in an array of good colors, are used for making the new aprons and nearly always a combination of two materials enhances the colors in the plaid or striped apron. A great deal of attention is given to attractive combinations of plaid or striped material with plain patterns and plain chambray made up with accessories of prettily flowered cretonne. They make up spring house frocks that do not suffer by comparison with any other sort of dress.

The apron shown above is of plaid gingham and plain chambray. It is one of the models with long sleeves. There are not so many of these, for the three-quarter sleeve has the preference in utility styles both in aprons and frocks.



For an Early Easter.

There is an early Easter this year and the annual, welcome guest of new spring millinery is on. Nothing stales its perennial interest—we discover the new styles with as much joy as if they were a gold mine each season. This zest is merited by the new hats; they are in reality as fine from every standpoint as any within the memory of the oldest milliner. There is variety without end in them—the shapes emphasize becomingness. There are many kinds of trimming and beautiful workmanship is the rule. Which all leads to the conclusion that the American woman has earned a reputation for being well dressed because she is discriminating.

The paramount hat, or the paramount fabric of which hats are made, is crepe georgette. It is used with braids and with other fabrics, or without them, for covering shapes. All colors look their best in its rich and dainty texture. At the center of the picture a hat is shown covered with it and having a ruche of it about the crown. Large, glazed cherries in red, jade and blue find the beige color of the crepe the best of backgrounds.

There is a cape to match made of two hemmed flounces about the shoulders and a ruche about the neck and a cluster of cherries brightens this also.

A dashing hat of black satin having a border of straw braid on the brim edge in light French gray is trimmed with two long gray quills that harmonize exactly with the sprigged shape. There are many brilliant, glossy small hats for her who lives in the North and may have to wear her Easter hat in token of a spring that is behind Easter in arriving. No two hats were ever more unlike than this saucy model and the demure hat of crepe above it.

At the left of the picture there is a very pretty hat with a crown of corded silk and a braid brim faced with silk. Three small and very green apples, in some sort of composition, make its very simple and durable trimming. It is a very graceful model and the same adjective is deserved by all three hats.

Julia Bottomley

## The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
WHEN MEAT TAKES A HOLIDAY.



Meat and Other Foods You Can Eat for Protein—Cheese, Beans, Milk, Eggs, Bread.

### OLD FOODS TAKE PLACE OF MEATS

Eat Substitutes Occasionally and You Save Fighting Material for Army.

#### VALUE OF COTTAGE CHEESE

One-Third Cupful Equals One-Fourth Pound of Sirloin Steak in Protein—Cupful of Baked Beans is Another Equivalent.

**INSTEAD OF MEAT.**

Cheese.	Beans.
Milk.	Peas.
Eggs.	Cereals.

**Nuts.**

Why not use them oftener? There are numerous good ways of cooking them. They give you the body-building material for which you eat meat largely—protein—and a lot of it.

Meat is only one of the foods which furnish that body-building material, protein. Cheese, milk, eggs, beans, peas, cereals, and nuts contain it in plentiful amounts. Take cottage cheese, for example. It is richer in protein than meat. You can eat a third of a cupful of it with relish, and this third of a cupful will give you as much of the protein as a quarter of a pound of sirloin steak—a good, generous serving. Or if you like baked beans eat a cupful to get the same amount of protein. The child to grow must have food that furnishes this kind of body-building material. You need it, too. Even if you are grown up you must have it to renew parts of your body used up by work and exercise.

Eat meat substitutes occasionally, and you save a fighting material. Peas, beans, peanuts, and cereals are cheaper than meats and good to eat. They should be used, but eat some milk or cheese besides. Here are some suggestions:

**Kidney Bean Stew.**

1 1/2 cupfuls dried kidney or other beans.	2 tablespoonfuls flour.
2 cupfuls canned tomatoes.	1 onion.
1/2 cupful rice.	1 tablespoonful salt.

Wash the beans, put in covered kettle, and soak overnight in two quarts of cold water. Cook the beans slowly in the water in which they soaked. If necessary, add more water to cover and continue the cooking until they are nearly tender, usually about two hours. Wash the rice, cut up the onion and add with the tomatoes to the beans. Cook until rice is tender—about 30 minutes. Mix the flour with a little cold water and stir in carefully to thicken. A small piece of salt pork cut up in cubes and added to the beans at the beginning of the cooking gives a pleasant flavor to the dish.

This stew will make a whole meal in itself, with bread and butter and fruit for dessert, to serve five or six people.

**Pea Souffle.**

2 tablespoonfuls flour.	3 eggs.
2 tablespoonfuls fat.	1 teaspoonful salt.
1 cupful skim milk.	1/2 teaspoonful pepper.
1 cupful mashed cooked peas (any kind).	Few drops of onion juice.

Make a white sauce from flour, fat and milk, as in preceding recipe. Mash the cooked peas to pulp. Beat white and yolks of eggs separately. Mix vegetable pulp, seasonings, sauce and well-beaten yolks. Fold in stiffly-beaten whites, put in greased baking dish and bake in slow oven until firm. Lima beans, split peas, cowpeas, or fresh or canned green peas may be used. Cheese, milk, eggs, and meat give

body-building material in a little better form than the plant foods do.

**Creamed Peanuts and Rice.**

1 cupful rice (uncooked).	3 tablespoonfuls flour.
3 cupfuls chopped peanuts.	3 tablespoonfuls fat.
1/2 teaspoonful paprika.	3 cupfuls milk (whole or skim).
3 teaspoonfuls salt.	

**White Sauce.**

Boll rice. Make white sauce by mixing flour in melted fat and mixing with milk. Stir over fire until it thickens. Mix rice, peanuts and seasoning with sauce, place in greased baking dish and bake for 20 minutes.

**Calcutta Rice.**

2 cupfuls rice.	1/4 pound cheese.
2 cupfuls tomatoes.	1 tablespoonful salt.

Peppers and celery or onions may be added if desired.

**Boll rice.** Mix it with tomatoes, grated cheese and seasonings, and pour into baking dish. Bake half an hour. If peppers or celery are used, cut up and boll with the rice.

All of these four dishes except the pea souffle have as much building material, protein, as a pound and a quarter of solid meat. The pea souffle furnishes only about half as much protein, but is very good instead of meat at a lighter meal.

**Nuts are concentrated foods, too. Twenty single peanuts are about the same as the inch cube of cheese. Remember that nuts are good food. Chew them thoroughly or grind them up for a cooked dish and eat them as an important part of your meal.**

#### More Uses for Toast.

Saving stale bread by making it into toast is an economy. In many families, toast is served only for breakfast, luncheon, or supper, but the custom which many high-grade restaurants have adopted of serving thin, crisp, hot toast with the more substantial meals might well be followed at home. Such dishes as chopped meat with gravy, creamed chicken or fish, poached eggs, melted cheese, cooked asparagus, Swiss chard, baked tomatoes, etc., are served very commonly on toast. Cream or milk toast (that is, toast with a cream sauce or milk gravy, perhaps flavored with a very little chipped beef, salt fish, or other savory) may be used at the main dish at breakfast, luncheon, or supper. Slices of toast may also be dipped in water or milk and beaten egg and lightly browned on a hot greased pan. It may be used at breakfast, and has the advantage of making the eggs "go further" than if used in a separate dish, or it may be served with cinnamon and sugar, sirup, or any sweet sauce for dessert.

**Egg Toast.**

6 slices bread.	1 cupful milk, skim milk or water.
1 egg.	1/2 teaspoonful salt.

Beat the egg, and add the liquid and salt. Let the bread soak in the mixture until slightly soft. Then fry to a light brown on a hot, well-greased pan or griddle. More eggs may be used if available.

#### CHEESE IS A FINE MEAT SAVER.

There's a great deal of food in a little piece of it. Don't eat it at the end of a meal when you have already had enough. You wouldn't eat a piece of meat then. An inch cube of American cheese contains a third more protein than a piece of lean meat of the same size. Cheese is excellent food if eaten at the right time. Get from the United States Department of Agriculture the Farmers' Bulletin on cheese, No. 487, to learn how to use it in many ways.

#### Citric Acid From Cull Lemons.

The production of citric acid on a commercial scale from cull lemons has been solved by the United States Department of Agriculture. Citric acid prepared in this way has been sold at a price several cents above the market. Orange pulp for the manufacture of marmalade has been prepared and methods for preparing citrus peel for the market, developed by the United States Bureau of Chemistry.

We beg to announce to the many Patrons of the

## L. A. Cook Insurance Agency

that we have acquired the same and will give your interest our careful attention.

**A. E. BARNES & CO.**  
South Weymouth, Mass.

## We make it easy

This Bank encourages the useful habit of economy—making it easy for everybody to save money by opening savings accounts.

We invite especially the savings of young men who intend to rise in the world—the savings of workmen, employes and salaried persons who desire to provide against accident, sickness and old age.

No matter how small your account you will receive the same polite and careful attention as if it were the largest in the Bank.

### "WE PAY YOU TO SAVE"

## QUINCY TRUST COMPANY

Opposite Alpha Hall

## The Hingham Trust Company

Established 1833

Depositors who are in Boston often may find it a convenience to leave their deposits with our Boston correspondents

FIRST NATIONAL BANK Federal Street  
NATIONAL SHAWMUT BANK Devonshire Street

Deposits left with either of the above banks for our credit will be immediately placed to the credit of the depositor on our books. We furnish special deposit slips when desired

B. A. Robinson, President E. W. Jones, Treasurer

## WANTED

To List Your Properties in the Weymouths

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## REAL ESTATE

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Advertising in this paper. Plug hard, regularly, systematically. Play up the best goods you sell at the right price.

### ADVERTISE IN OUR COLUMNS



# OVER THE TOP

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

## ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

© 1917 BY ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

"SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE" EMPEY FIRST HEARS THE BIG GUNS BOOMING.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army.

### CHAPTER II.

#### Blighty to Reet Billets.

The next morning the captain sent for me and informed me: "Empey, as a recruiting sergeant you are a wash-out," and sent me to a training depot. After arriving at this place, I was hustled to the quartermaster stores and received an awful shock. The quartermaster sergeant spread a waterproof sheet on the ground and commenced throwing a miscellaneous assortment of straps, buckles and other paraphernalia into it. I thought he would never stop, but when the pile reached to my knees he paused long enough to say, "Next, No. 5217, 'Arrie, B company.'" I gazed in bewilderment at the pile of junk in front of me, and then my eyes wandered around looking for the wagon which was to carry it to barracks. I was rudely brought to earth by the "quarter" exclaiming, "Ere, you, 'op it; tyke it aw'y; blind my eyes, 'e's looking for 'is batman to 'elp 'im carry it."

Struggling under the load, with frequent pauses for rest, I reached our barracks (large car barns), and my platoon leader came to the rescue. It was a marvel to me how quickly he assembled the equipment. After he had completed the task, he showed me how to adjust it on my person. Pretty soon I stood before him a proper Tommy Atkins in heavy marching order, feeling like an overloaded camel.

On my feet were heavy-soled boots, studded with hobnails, the toes and heels of which were reinforced by steel half-moons. My legs were incased in woolen puttees, olive drab in color, with my trousers overlapping them at the top. Then a woolen khaki tunic, under which was a bluish gray woolen shirt, minus a collar; beneath this shirt a woolen belly band about six inches wide, held in place by the strings of white tape. On my head was a heavy woolen trench cap, with huge earlaps buttoned over the top. Then the equipment: A canvas belt, with ammunition pockets, and two wide canvas straps like suspenders, called "D" straps, fastened to the belt in front, passing over each shoulder, crossing in the middle of my back, and attached by buckles to the rear of the belt. On the right side of the belt hung a water bottle, covered with felt; on the left side was my bayonet and scabbard, and intrinsching tool handle, this handle strapped to the bayonet scabbard. In the rear was my intrinsching tool, carried in a canvas case. This tool was a combination pick and spade. A canvas haversack was strapped to the left side of the belt, while on my back was the pack, also of canvas, held in place by two canvas straps over the shoulders; suspended on the bottom of the pack was my mess tin or canteen in a neat little canvas case. My waterproof sheet, looking like a jelly roll, was strapped on top of the pack, with a wooden stick for cleaning the breach of the rifle projecting from each end. On a lanyard around my waist hung a huge jack-knife with a can-opener attachment. The pack contained my overcoat, an extra pair of socks, change of underwear, hold all (containing knife, fork, spoon, comb, toothbrush, lather brush, shaving soap, and a razor made of tin, with "Made in England" stamped on the blade; when trying to shave with this it made you wish that you were at war with Patagonia, so that you could have a "hollow ground" stamped "Made in Germany"); then your housewife, button-cleaning outfit, consisting of a brass button stick, two stiff brushes, and a box of "Soldiers' Friend" paste; then a shoe brush and a box of dubbin, a writing pad, indelible pencil, envelopes, and pay book, and personal belongings, such as a small mirror, a decent razor and a sheaf of unanswered letters, and fags. In your haversack you carry your iron rations, meaning a tin of bully beef, four biscuits and a can containing tene, sugar and Oxo cubes; a couple of pipes and a pack of shag, a tin of rifle oil, and a pull-through. Tommy generally carries the oil with his rations; it gives the cheese a sort of sardine taste.

Add to this a first-aid pouch and a long, ungainly rifle patterned after the Daniel Boone period, and you have an idea of a British soldier in Blighty. Before leaving for France, this rifle is taken from him and he is issued with a Lee-Enfield short trench rifle and a ration bag.

In France he receives two gas hol-

lets, a sheepskin coat, rubber mackintosh, steel helmet, two blankets, tear-shell goggles, a balacava helmet, gloves and a tin of antifrostbite grease which is excellent for greasing the boots. Add to this the weight of his rations, and can you blame Tommy for growling at a twenty-kilo route march? Having served as sergeant major in the United States cavalry, I tried to tell the English drill sergeants their business, but it did not work. They immediately put me as batman in their mess. Many a greasy dish of stew was accidentally spilled over them.

I would sooner fight than be a waiter, so when the order came through from headquarters calling for a draft of 250 re-enforcements for France, I volunteered.

Then we went before the M. O. (medical officer) for another physical examination. This was very brief. He asked our names and numbers and said "Fit," and we went out to fight.

We were put into troop trains and sent to Southampton, where we de-trained, and had our trench rifles issued to us. Then in columns of twos we went up the gangplank of a little steamer lying alongside the dock.

At the head of the gangplank there was an old sergeant, who directed that we line ourselves along both rails of the ship. Then he ordered us to take life belts from the racks overhead and put them on. I have crossed the ocean several times and knew I was not seasick, but when I buckled on that life belt I had a sensation of sickness.

After we got out into the stream all I could think of was that there were a million German submarines with a torpedo on each, across the warhead of which was inscribed my name and address.

After five hours we came alongside a pier and disembarked. I had attained another one of my ambitions. I was "somewhere in France." We slept in the open that night on the side of the road. About six the next morning we were ordered to entrain. I looked around for the passenger coaches, but all I could see on the siding were cattle cars. We climbed into these. On the side of each car was a sign reading "Hommes 40, Cheveaux 8." When we got inside of the cars, we thought that perhaps the sign painter had reversed the order of things. After 48 hours in these trucks we de-trained at Rouen. At this place we went through an intensive training for ten days.

The training consisted of the rudiments of trench warfare. Trenches had been dug, with barbed wire entanglements, bombing saps, dugouts, observation posts and machine gun emplacements. We were given a smattering of trench cooking, sanitation, bomb throwing, reconnoitering, listening posts, constructing and repairing barbed wire, "carrying in" parties, methods used in attack and defense, wiring parties, mass formation, and the procedure for poison-gas attacks.

On the tenth day we again met our friends "Hommes 40, Cheveaux 8." Thirty-six hours more of misery, and we arrived at the town of F.

After unloading our rations and equipment, we lined up on the road in columns of fours waiting for the order to march.

A dull rumbling could be heard. The sun was shining. I turned to the man on my left and asked, "What's the noise, Bill?" He did not know, but his face was of a pea-green color. Jim, on my right, also did not know, but suggested that I "awsk" the sergeant.

Coming towards us was an old grizzled sergeant, properly fed up with the war, so I "awsked" him.

"Think it's going to rain, sergeant?" He looked at me in contempt, and grunted, "Ow's it a-goin' ter rain with the bloomin' sun a-shinin'?" I looked guilty.

"Them's the guns up the line, me lad, and you'll get enough of 'em before you gets back to Blighty."

My knees seemed to wobble, and I squeaked out a weak "Oh!"

Then we started our march up to the line in ten-kilo treks. After the first day's march we arrived at our rest billets. In France they call them rest billets, because while in them Tommy works seven days a week and on the eighth day of the week he is given twenty-four hours "on his own."

Our billet was a spacious affair, a large barn on the left side of the road, which had one hundred entrances, ninety-nine for shells, rats, wind and rain, and the hundredth one for Tom-

my. I was tired out, and using my shrapnel-proof helmet (shrapnel proof until a piece of shrapnel hits it), or tin hat, for a pillow, lay down in the straw, and was soon fast asleep. I must have slept about two hours, when I awoke with a prickling sensation all over me. As I thought, the straw had worked through my uniform. I woke up the fellow lying on my left, who had been up the line before, and asked him:

"Does the straw bother you, mate? It's worked through my uniform and I can't sleep."

In a sleepy voice he answered, "That ain't straw, them's cooties."

From that time on my friends the "cooties" were constantly with me. "Cooties," or body lice, are the bane of Tommy's existence.

The aristocracy of the trenches very seldom call them "cooties," they speak of them as fleas.

To an American flea means a small insect armed with a bayonet, who is wont to jab it into you and then hop-skip and jump to the next place to be attacked. There is an advantage in having fleas on you instead of "cooties" in that in one of his extended jumps said flea is liable to land on the fellow next to you; he has the typical energy and push of the American, while the "cootie" has the bulldog tenacity of the Englishman; he holds on and consolidates or digs in until his meal is finished.

There is no way to get rid of them permanently. No matter how often you bathe, and that is not very often, or how many times you change your underwear, your friends the "cooties" are always in evidence. The billets are infested with them, especially so if there is straw on the floor.

I have taken a bath and put on brand-new underwear; in fact, a complete change of uniform, and then turned in for the night. The next morning my shirt would be full of them. It is a common sight to see eight or ten soldiers sitting under a tree with their shirts over their knees engaging in a "shirt hunt."

At night about half an hour before "lights out," you can see the Tommies grouped around a candle, trying in its dim light, to rid their underwear of the vermin. A popular and very quick method is to take your shirt and drawers, and run the seams back and forward in the flame from a candle and burn them out. This practice is dan-



The Author's Identification Disk.

gerous, because you are liable to burn holes in the garments if you are not careful.

Recruits generally sent to Blighty for a brand of insect powder advertised as "Good for body lice." The advertisement is quite right; the powder is good for "cooties," they simply thrive on it.

The older men of our battalion were wiser and made scratchers out of wood. These were rubbed smooth with a bit of stone or sand to prevent splinters. They were about eighteen inches long, and Tommy guarantees that a scratcher of this length will reach any part of the body which may be attacked. Some of the fellows were lazy and only made their scratchers twelve inches, but many a night when on guard, looking over the top from the fire step of the front-line trench, they would have given a thousand "quid" for the other six inches.

Once while we were in rest billets an Irish Hussar regiment camped in an open field opposite our billet. After they had picketed and fed their horses, a general shirt hunt took place. The troops ignored the call "Dinner up," and kept on with their search for big game. They had a curious method of procedure. They hung their shirts over a hedge and beat them with their intrinsching tool handles.

I asked one of them why they didn't pick them off by hand, and he answered, "We haven't had a bath for nine weeks or a change of clabber. If I tried to pick the 'cooties' off my shirt, I would be here for duration of war." After taking a close look at his shirt, I agreed with him; it was alive.

In the next installment Sergeant Empey tells of the realization of his ambition—his arrival in a first line trench—and of how he wished he were back in Jersey City.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Cheap notoriety is dear at any price.

# Just a Little Smile



FOR LIFE.



She—Shall I join in your walk?  
He—Yes. Let's walk over past the minister's and ask him to join us.

#### Made a Hot Speech.

Counsel—You say he was playing golf at the time. What particular stage of the game had he reached? Was he addressing the ball?

Witness—Well, sir, I don't know the technicalities of the game, but it was evident from his remarks that he wasn't addressing a Sunday school!—London Tit-Bits.

#### Stranded.

First Thespian—I wonder if the ghost will walk this week.  
Second Ditto—There is one thing certain; if the ghost doesn't walk, we will.

#### Sure is.

"Isn't this author's style perfectly killing?"  
"Well, he does murder the king's English."

#### In the Fashion.

"Maud just dotes on continued magazine stories."  
"Well, isn't it quite the thing for people to just eat up cereals?"

#### The Opposite Kind.

"Have you any wax?"  
"Sealing wax?"  
"Celling? No; I want it to wax the floor."—New Haven Register.

#### Clumsy Job.

Harold—Snythe says he is a self-made man.  
Helen—I knew it as soon as I saw how he bagged at the knees.

#### A Strange Fact.

"A loving word can medicine most ills."  
"And yet loving words are by no means drugs in the market."

#### Junk.

"Why do they call a Chinese ship junk?"  
"Ever been on one of them?"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

#### MARRIED FOR MONEY.



"Mrs. Billon's husband's health is very low, they say."  
"Yes, and when he's gone, there'll be a good chance for some guy whose finances are low."

#### We'd All Do It if We Could.

He spent all his health to get his wealth, and then with might and main he turned around and spent his wealth to get his health again.

#### A Welcome Opportunity.

"I enjoyed that state paper very much," remarked Senator Sorghum. "In a patriotic spirit?"  
"Yes; and in a personal spirit, too. It's the first time I've had a chance to say 'that's good' while listening to a speech as often as I do in a poker game."

# BUSINESS DIRECTORY FOR WEYMOUTH

Two-line cards inserted for 25 cents per month in advance, when ordered for four months. Less than ONE CENT FOR EACH BUSINESS DAY. Cards may be listed under different headings in this directory.

- AUCTIONEER.**  
W. P. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
738 Broad street. Phone Wey. 279-J
- AUTOS**  
R. E. Litchfield, Hingham.  
Ford Agent. Phone, Hingham 5130 R  
Max Stenberg, Hingham  
Hersey st. Phone, Hingham 220
- AUTO REPAIRING.**  
Is there a Garage that repairs?
- AUTO PAINTING**  
G. W. Walsh, Weymouth  
72 Commercial Street, near Depot
- AUTO SUPPLIES**  
Leave Bros., East Weymouth  
698 Broad St. Phone 681-J  
Louis H. Ellis, South Weymouth  
160 Main St. Phone, Wey. 581 W
- BAKERY**  
George Schraut, Washington Square.  
Up-to-date bakery. Braintree 111-J
- BLACKSMITH**  
Is there one in town?  
Wardwell's Alleys, Quincy  
1506 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 72362
- BUILDING MOVER**  
Does anybody move buildings?  
**CARPENTERS.**  
Hayward Bros., East Braintree  
Quincy ave. P. O. address, Weymouth  
H. C. Thompson, East Weymouth  
592 Broad st. Phone, Wey. 294 W  
George M. Keene, East Weymouth  
16 Fairmont ave. Phone, Wey. 92 M
- CARPET CLEANING.**  
Eastern Rug Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 1527 M
- CATERERS**  
I can't find one?  
**CIVIL ENGINEERS.**  
Russell H. Whiting, North Weymouth  
53 Sea st. Telephone, Wey. 104 R
- CLOTHING**  
Joyce Bros., Quincy  
13-15 Granite St. Telephone  
**COAL AND WOOD.**  
Emerson Coal and Grain Co.  
East Weymouth. Tel. Wey. 430  
J. F. Sheppard & Sons, Inc.  
East Braintree. Tel. Braintree 25  
A. J. Richards & Son, Weymouth  
Commercial st. Phone, Wey. 51  
Charles T. Leavitt, East Weymouth  
Wharf st. Telephone, Wey. 19  
J. F. & W. H. Cushing Co., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 266 W
- CO-OPERATIVE BANK**  
South Shore Co-operative Bank  
50 Commercial st. Open daily
- DENTISTS**  
Dr. T. J. King, Quincy  
1365 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 2678J
- ELECTRICIANS**  
Blanchard & Allen, South Weymouth  
18 Columbian square. Phone 561-W
- EXPRESS.**  
J. K. Ruggles  
Boston and East Weymouth
- FLORISTS**  
A. A. Spear & Son, East Weymouth  
822 Broad st. Telephone Connection
- FURNITURE.**  
Ford Furniture Co., East Weymouth  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 272 M  
Henry L. Kincade & Co., Quincy  
1495 Hancock St. Phone Quincy, 1800
- GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.**  
E. P. White, Weymouth  
Washington street. Tel. Wey. 397-J  
C. R. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 137 M  
George W. Jones, Quincy  
1 Granite St. Phone, Quincy, 555 W  
W. M. Tirrell, East Weymouth  
771 Broad St. Phone, 66
- GAS AND GAS SUPPLIES.**  
Old Colony Gas Co., Quincy avenue  
Telephone, Braintree 310
- GASOLENE**  
Who sells it?  
**GROCERIES.**  
Henry O. Tutty, North Weymouth  
Sea street. Phone, Wey. 22  
Hunts Market, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 152  
Bates & Humphrey, Weymouth Centre  
Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 296
- HAIR DRESSERS.**  
Must I go to Quincy?  
**HARDWARE.**  
A. J. Sidelinger, North Weymouth  
24 Sea St. Telephone Wey. 106 M  
J. H. Murray, East Weymouth  
759 Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 272 J  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 307 M
- HARNESS REPAIRING**  
Must one go to Quincy?  
**INSURANCE.**  
A. S. Jordan & Co. (Est. 1870) Weymouth  
Oldest Insurance Agency on South Shore  
27 Washington St. Phone day or night  
Irving W. Morgan, North Weymouth  
28 Standish Road. Tel. 718-M  
A. E. Barnes & Co., South Weymouth  
Columbian sq. Telephone, Wey. 21645  
C. H. Chubbuck, Jr., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Wey. 149 W  
H. Franklin Perry, Weymouth  
204 Front st. Telephone, Wey 513 M  
Lynn E. Brown, North Weymouth  
(Estate of Edward Brown) Tel. Con.
- JEWELER**  
John Nelson, 720 Broad Street  
Columbian Square, South Weymouth
- JOB PRINTING**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial st. Telephone, Wey. 146
- JUNK DEALER.**  
M. Lipshez, North Weymouth  
66 Norton Street. Tel., Wey. 813 M
- KODAKS**  
Does anyone sell Kodaks?  
**LAWYERS.**  
None in town probably.
- LAUNDRIES.**  
Monarch Wet Wash, East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 530
- LENDING LIBRARY**  
C. H. Smith, Weymouth  
Washington Square Tel. Weymouth 492
- LIGHT AND POWER.**  
Weymouth Light and Power Co.  
Jackson sq. Telephone, Wey. 66 W
- MUSIC TEACHERS.**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
24 of Common street
- MOVING PICTURES.**  
Odd Fellows Hall, East Weymouth  
Wednesdays and Saturdays
- NEWSPAPERS.**  
Weymouth Gazette and Transcript  
Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 146
- NURSES.**  
Did you say, none in town?  
**PERIODICALS**  
C. H. Smith, Weymouth  
Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 492
- PHOTOGRAPHERS**  
Sue Rice Studio, Quincy  
1522 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 565-W
- PIANO LESSONS**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
Off Common st.
- PIANO TUNER.**  
Herbert A. Hayden, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy, 1827 W
- PLUMBERS.**  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 307-M  
Roy O. Marin, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 1037  
Joseph Crehan, Weymouth  
11 Foye avenue. Phone 767 M  
W. H. Farrar & Co., East Weymouth  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square
- PRINTING**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial st. Telephone, Wey. 146
- REAL ESTATE.**  
Russell B. Worcester, Weymouth,  
Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 79 W  
Henry W. Savage, Boston  
129 Tremont st. Tel. Oxford 4222
- RESTAURANTS**  
Where can I lunch?  
**SAVINGS BANKS.**  
Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 130  
East Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 46  
South Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 108
- SHOE REPAIRING.**  
All too busy to advertise.
- STORAGE.**  
Charles W. Joy, East Weymouth  
59 Middle st. near Broad
- TAILORS**  
W. S. Stellar, So. Weymouth. Ladies & Gentle-  
men's Custom Work. 24 Pleasant street 4
- TEAMING**  
Does anybody want my teaming?  
**TRUST COMPANIES**  
Weymouth Trust Co., So. Weymouth.  
Columbian Sq. Phone, Wey. 69  
Quincy Trust Company, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2035  
Hingham Trust Co., Hingham  
Telephone, Hingham 24  
Granite Trust Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2500
- UNDERTAKERS**  
W. J. Dunbar & Son, East Weymouth  
802 Broad Street. Phone Wey. 95.  
D. H. Clancy, Weymouth  
4 Richmond street. Tel. Wey. 814-W  
Calvin G. Shepherd, South Weymouth  
134 Pleasant Street. Telephone
- UPHOLSTERER**  
M. Mirkin, Quincy  
1022 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 505-W
- WINDOW SHADES AND SCREENS**  
Crown Window Shade Co.  
A. C. Robinson, Agent, East Weymouth  
47 Canterbury street. Phone, Wey. 166-10

# Where You Get the Big Dollar's Worth

SHIRTS COLLARS  
GLOVES NECKTIES HOSIERY  
HATS CAPS UMBRELLAS  
HEAVY AND LIGHT WEIGHT UNION SUITS  
SHOES FOR MEN  
SHOES FOR WOMEN

## W. M. Tirrell

Broad St. Jackson Square

HAVE YOU EVER AVAILED YOURSELF OF OUR

# LENDING LIBRARY

POPULAR BOOKS  
at 2 cents per day

STATIONERY 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, 85c

TABLETS AND BLANK BOOKS  
Alves' 24-hour service on Developing and Printing.

## C. H. SMITH

63 Washington Street, Washington Square

Send The Gazette to Your Soldier Friend

### SKATES

Conron Adjustable, \$1 to \$1.75  
We have other Skates 75c to \$1

### SLEDS

\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75  
THE KIND THAT STEER

### FLASHLIGHTS

All Sizes All Prices

### POCKET KNIVES

25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00

Metal Water Bottles, \$1.50

WATCHES, \$1.35 up

## FRANK S. HOBART & CO.

Hardware, Plumbing and Heating  
Washington Square

# BIG CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—  
SLEDS and SKATES  
FLASHLIGHTS and  
POCKET-KNIVES

## J. H. MURRAY

HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS

757 Broad St. Telephone Connection East Weymouth, Mass.

## Rumor Has It



That the story by Edward Luke- man, in each week's issue of the Gazette, is well worth reading, and the information given there, by a man who knows his business, should be a great help to those who will give a part of their time in raising vegetables, grain, fruit or pigs, and thus do their bit in the great world struggle.

That many people are only interested in "personals" in a weekly paper, because for many years their weekly paper did not attempt to give anything else, and therefore the habit has grown on many to only read "personals" or "locals."

That the Gazette gives today all the news and much interesting matter on various subjects by many widely known writers, also letters from the boys at the front, and various articles by special and regular correspondents.

That the Gazette is fast becoming the advertising medium of the merchants, who are taking special pains to write up smart and up-to-date Ads.

That the proof of the Gazette's reaching the people is in the ever increasing demand for space and for papers.

That it may take years to build up to just the kind of a live paper the publishers want to turn out, but by the help of those who believe in our paper, and our intention to continually make it better, we are fast getting there.

That the more Ads. the more income we will get; and the more income, the better paper.

That we are not in the newspaper business just to turn out a paper each week, but to build up a big business, and the best weekly paper that can be produced.

That today the Gazette is sent to all parts of our country, wherever our boys are, and across the water to our boys "over there."

That no doubt many a boy reads the Gazette with as much interest as though it was from his own home town.

That many a boy will go home and tell what kind of a paper he saw and read when on the battlefields, and for this reason especially we endeavor to make it a paper that will make that boy say; Weymouth, Massachusetts, North America, must be some town.

That the more the people do to make our town a better town, the more news we will have to print, and news makes the paper, and the impression on the stranger of what our town is.

That a town needs advertising just as much as any corporation, and if there is no life and no news, we have nothing to advertise.

That our town does advertise by its sixteen pages of Gazette.

That our town does have something to sell, and is striving to build up a big business.

That our town wants to grow and be bigger and better.

That our town has land to sell for dwelling or business purposes.

That where we might come right out and say so in black and white, like many towns and cities do, we really want to say so but are waiting for somebody to finance the advertising.

That of all times, now is the time to advertise, and advertise big, because the Gazette is reaching more people than ever.

That the Board of Trade of a town or city is usually the advertiser, and the body to go after new business.

That the Board of Trade of several California cities advertise in the papers of cities all over the country, and as it is kept up it proves that it is a paying proposition.

That now is the time for Weymouth's Board of Trade to advertise Weymouth, big and often, in the Gazette, and in that way show to the friends of our boys "over there" that we have a Board of Trade working for and advertising Weymouth.

That in the end it would pay, because most of those boys over there are coming back some day, and go to their own home towns in all corners of our country, and if they have read in the Gazette that Weymouth is a good town to live in, they no doubt will remember the Ad and tell about it in the stories they will tell all their friends in their home towns.

That now is the time to build for the future.

That "Made in Weymouth, Mass.," should be stamped on every article manufactured in Weymouth.

That it might be interesting reading to advertise a list of everything made in Weymouth and it might be a good Ad. for the town.

That it is time to get busy.

That some day the members of the Board of Trade should visit in a body all the industries in Weymouth.

That some may be glad Porter has jumped the train.

R. E. PORTER.

### REAL ESTATE SALES

The following Weymouth transfers of real estate have been recorded this week at the Norfolk registry at Dedham:

D. Arthur Brown to Charles J. Nelson, Lake Shore drive and Mill River.

P. Webster Loud et al. to Willard H. Holbrook.

Henry S. Moody, trustee, to John F. Phillips.

Clarence E. Rice, et al. trustees, to Alvin Hollis, et al.

Walter M. Dizer to Charles B. Cushing et al. trustees, Broad street; Madison street; Filomena street.

Mary Evans, et al. to Sydney L. O'Brien, Norfolk street.

Leona M. Savage to John G. Cowie, Rosemont road.

### BRAINTREE

Charles J. Connell to William S. Hutchinson, Quincy avenue.

Wilton A. Dunham to Annie A. Hicks, Mountain Side park.

Alice DeCoste to Charles Connell, Quincy avenue.

Wilton A. Dunham to Annie A. Hicks, Mountain Side park.

Wilton A. Dunham to Ella M. H. Lewis, Mountain Side park.

Agnes LeVangie to Charles Connell, Quincy avenue.

John L. Emery to County of Norfolk, Division street, Pine street.

Neil Olsson to County of Norfolk, Old road.

John H. Spaulding to Hildur R. Leonard, Holmes street; Fairfield street.

Ray A. White to County of Norfolk, Washington street; Old road.

### WHAT FIGHTING MEN DO

In "Over the Top," the new continued story of the Gazette and Transcript, Sergt. Empey describes trench warfare, bomb, gas, machine gun and bayonet fighting, scouting and wire cutting, going "over the top" and capturing trenches in hand-to-hand encounters. He tells just what the fighting men do and how they do it. He knows because he was one of them.

Plans of the American Library Association include the establishment of book and library service in Army and Navy hospitals in America and France.

### Happy Women Plenty of Them in This Locality, and Good Reason for It

Wouldn't any woman be happy. After years of backache suffering, Days of misery, nights of unrest. The distress of urinary troubles. When she finds freedom. Many readers will profit by the following.

Mrs. J. J. Higgins, 18 Canterbury St., East Weymouth, says: "I have had Doan's Kidney Pills in my house for years and I have had wonderful relief from them. I have sometimes had attacks of dizziness and my back has been lame and weak. My kidneys have acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills have never failed to quickly relieve that trouble, so I can always say a good word for them." (Statement given April 3, 1916).

On March 20, 1917, Mrs. Higgins said: "I still think well of Doan's Kidney Pills, because they have never failed to give me excellent relief. I praise them to my friends and neighbors." 60c. at all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 21,101 (Advertisement)

Save 95c. By Buying Ever Reliable HILL'S CASCARA QUININE BROMIDE  
No advance in price for this 20-year-old remedy—25c for 24 tablets—Some sold tablets now 30c for 21 tablets—Figured on proportionate cost per tablet, you save 95c when you buy Hill's—Cures Cold in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days—Money back if it fails. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store

### How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

### OFFICE HOURS

## TOWN CLERK

10 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M.  
SATURDAYS 10 TO 12

### SAVINGS BANK BUILDING

(Second Floor) East Weymouth

Residence at 74 Putnam Street, East Weymouth.

JOHN A. RAYMOND,  
Town Clerk

### BOARD OF SELECTMEN

HENRY E. HANLEY, Chairman, E. Weymouth  
BRADFORD HAWES, Secretary, E. Weymouth  
GEORGE L. NEWTON, North Weymouth  
ALFRED W. HASTINGS, South Weymouth  
JOSEPH KELLEY, Weymouth

Meetings Savings Bank Building  
East Weymouth, Every Monday  
DURING THE MUNICIPAL YEAR FROM  
2 TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

### OVERSEERS of the POOR

Meet at the Town Home the  
Second Wednesday of the month

## FORD CARS

SECOND HAND

1915 1916 1917  
WILL BE SOLD AT BARGAINS  
CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS

## MAX STONBERG

Hersey St., Hingham. Hingham 220

## M. MIRKIN UPHOLSTERER

is the one who will give you the full satisfaction in work and prices of repairing furniture, mattresses and cushions, 102 1/2 HANCOCK STREET, near the Quincy High School. Tel. Quincy 501-W

## J. K. RUGGLES

Furniture and Piano Moving  
General Trucking  
15 SUMMER STREET, QUINCY  
Phone, Quincy 2878

## Boston and East Weymouth EXPRESS

BOSTON OFFICES:  
77 Kingston St. 15 Devonshire St.  
Phone, Beach 3453 Main 1378  
Beach 73259 F. H. 70294

## H. S. CARDNER

Agent, East Weymouth.  
Phone, Weymouth 769-W

## STORAGE

We have rooms to let for the Storage of Furniture.

Second-Hand Furniture for Sale

## GHAS. W. JOY

159 Middle St. East Weymouth

### \$1.00 WILL BE GIVEN

to each of several schoolboys who will deliver copies of the Curtis publications to customers. Only schoolboys—clean, gentlemanly and ambitious—need apply. The \$1.00 is in addition to liberal cash profits and many other advantages. Apply to

GEORGE H. HUNT CO.  
710 Broad Street, East Weymouth, Mass.

## Newsboys Wanted

Every Friday Afternoon 11 Foyle Avenue, Weymouth

### PROBATE NOTICES

Probate court is held in Norfolk county on the first four Wednesdays of the month. At Dedham, the first Wednesday; at Quincy, the second Wednesday; at Dedham the third Wednesday; and at Brookline the fourth Wednesday. The Gazette and Transcript gives careful attention to all citations and notices, and will send slips when requested.

### Mortgagee's Sale

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Patrick J. Coyle to John J. Norton dated April 1st, 1914, and recorded in Norfolk County Registry of Deeds, book 1280, page 341, and for breach of the conditions thereof and for the purpose of foreclosing the same will be sold at public auction upon the premises herein after described on SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed to wit: A certain piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated in Weymouth and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Westerly by land of Patrick Curran or Catherine D. Curran thereon measuring 160 1/2 feet, Southerly by land of Joseph Conklin and heirs of James White deceased, thereon measuring 96 feet to land of William Coyte; Easterly by land of said William Coyte, thereon measuring 108 feet; Southerly again by land of said William Coyte thereon measuring 82 feet to the westerly line of a new road now called Webb street; Easterly again by the westerly line of said Webb street thereon measuring 46 feet; Northerly by land now or formerly of Susan W. Webb (on a line running westerly from said Webb street to land of said Curran and to the point of beginning) thereon measuring 166 1/2 feet, be any of the aforesaid measurements more or less. Being the same premises as conveyed to me by Mary A. Coyle by deed dated November 6, 1911 and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Book 1196, Page 264.

Said premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in possession of the South Shore Cooperative Bank, to all unpaid taxes, assessments or other liens thereon. One Hundred Dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the purchaser at the time and place of sale and the balance within ten days thereafter.

JOHN J. NORTON,  
Mortgagee.

Weymouth, Mass., March 2, 1918. 31.10.11.12

## SOUTH SHORE CO-OPERATIVE BANK

The treasurer will receive money at the office of the Weymouth Light and Power Co., Jackson square, East Weymouth, on Friday evening previous to the regular monthly meetings between 7.30 and 8.30.

CHARLES G. JORDAN,  
Clerk.

4,1f

## George M. Keene CARPENTER

AND  
BUILDER

16 Fairmount Ave. E. Weymouth

Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to

Agent for metal ceilings

Telephone connection

## LEAVE BROS.

Vulcanizing and Battery Charging

Tires, Tubes

Oil, Grease and Auto Supplies

Orders called for and delivered.

Telephone, Wey. 681-J

698 Broad St., East Weymouth

131,49-9

## HAYWARD BROTHERS

Carpenters and  
Builders :::

QUINCY AVENUE

East Braintree.

P. O. Address, Weymouth.

## Joseph Crehan

Plumber and Sheet Metal Worker.  
Steam, Hot Water and Furnace Heating. Stove and Furnace Repairs.

Tel. Wey. 767-11

20,1f

# FIRST CHAPTER IN LAST ISSUE OF GAZETTE

"Over the Top With the Best  
of Luck and Give Them Hell!"

# OVER THE TOP

BY  
Serg't Arthur Guy Empey

Serg't Empey's vivid and gripping story of the great war will be printed in installments in this paper.

Twenty-seven chapters of exciting adventures and heart-stirring action; events that befell this one man from the time he passed from civilian life to take his place in the human wall that stands between civilization and frightfulness.

Serg't Empey is an American who enlisted in the British Army on hearing of the sinking of the "Lusitania." He writes in a straightforward way of his own experiences "over there," of the life in which our own American boys are entering.

# OVER THE TOP

Will Be Printed Exclusively  
IN THIS NEWSPAPER

## START AT BEGINNING IN THE GAZETTE LAST WEEK

### Contractor and Builder

**JAMES P. HADDIE**

Will give you an Estimate for a New Business Block or House.

Jobbing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

An expert in adjusting Fire Losses.

46 Shawmut St., East Weymouth Phone Weymouth 255-W

## Grain Delivery

We will deliver Grain to the Landing  
and East Braintree on  
Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

### Emerson Coal & Grain Co., Inc.

East Weymouth Tel. Wey. 430

### THE LONESOME BOYS IN CAMP

waiting for an opportunity to do their bit in the great world struggle next to a personal visit would appreciate a visit by proxy

#### PHOTOGRAPHS

of the folks at home will cheer them beyond measure and carry a message of love that words could not express.

### SUE RICE STUDIO

1522 HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY  
Tel. Quincy 565-W

## TOWN MEETING

(Continued from Page 9)

Hon. George L. Barnes was moderator also of the special town meeting held in the afternoon. The only article to cause debate was Article 3, when F. H. Torrey tried to get an appropriation for Birchbrow avenue. R. P. Burrell said \$300 was insufficient, and the motion was lost.

#### BRAINTREE TOWN MEETING

Less than 100 voted for license in Braintree on Monday, Yes 94; No 254. Last year the vote was Yes, 203; No, 552.

All the Selectmen were reelected—Edward Avery, George H. Holbrook and Benjamin H. Woodsum.

Allen Lawson was reelected tax collector, and there were very few changes in town officials.

The articles in the warrant will be considered next Monday.

#### IN OTHER TOWNS

The total appropriations of Hingham were \$144,124.44, of which \$50,500 were for schools, \$10,525 for town officials, \$18,250 for highways, \$9,650 for fire department, \$6,500 for police, \$6,330 for street lighting.

—Capt. Joseph P. Galliano defeated John L. Mitchell for selectman of Hull by 31 votes. The vote on license was, Yes, 200; No, 96.

—In Cohasset, Herbert L. Brown was reelected Selectman in a hot contest with Arthur Marbrey. The vote on license was Yes, 298; No, 230.

—Scituate appropriated \$132,000.

—Rockland appointed a committee to investigate an alleged pro-German address by Leon O. Merrill, superintendent of schools. But three articles in the warrant were considered.

—Dedham created a continuous Planning Board.

—Randolph elected as selectman, Walter F. Stephens, James H. Dunphy and James P. Duffy. No license prevailed.

#### SELECTMAN KELLEY APPRECIATED BY

#### THE SOLDIERS

And the Gazette and Transcript Is  
Very Welcome in Camp

"With the Colors,"  
Camp Devens,  
Feb. 25, 1918.

Editor Gazette and Transcript:

As the time is approaching when most of us Weymouth boys will be on foreign soil, I am taking the liberty of writing you a few lines.

I have had the Gazette sent me every week, and you can believe the writer that it certainly was appreciated and I know that wherever I go, the Gazette will be mailed to me.

Noticed in one of your recent issues where Selectman Joseph Kelley was up for re-election. Am certainly glad of that, because we, who are away from home, know that everybody's interests are well taken care of by him, and, most of us "in the Service" often think of town affairs, and know how capable and faithful he is. I certainly am sorry that I cannot be home to vote for him at the coming town election.

However, I haven't the least doubt in my mind that after the successful way which he served the town of Weymouth during the past year, that he will continue to be a member of the Board of Selectmen by a good majority.

As I expect to be on my way in a few hours, I am looking forward with pleasure to receiving the Gazette each week. Wishing you a successful year, I am,

Very truly yours,

PVT. THOMAS L. HOWLEY,  
16th Co., 4th Bat.,  
Overseas Detachment,  
Camp Devens, Mass.

#### SEND LOCAL PAPER

#### TO BOYS AT FRONT

If you want to please your soldier boy at the front send him the home paper regularly. Soldiers returning on furloughs from the training camps declare that of all the mail received, the boys appear to most enjoy the home paper—no matter whether it is a small city daily or a big country weekly.

#### GOOD BLOOD

"Blood will tell." Blotches and blemishes, like murder, will out, unless the blood is kept pure. Its purity is restored and protected by the faithful use of

#### BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.  
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

## TOWN MEETING

(Continued from Page 9)

ARTICLE 26. Recommends \$950 for rent and expenses of town offices.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 27. Recommends consideration of Article 28, 29, 30, 35, 36, with this Article; Recommends \$30,000 for the repair, renewals and extension of highways, townways and bridges, and for the removal of snow.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 32. Recommends pay of employees of Street Department be raised to \$3 per day.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 33. Recommends no action. Accepted, relative to pay for horses employed by town.

ARTICLE 34. Recommends no action. Accepted, relative to re-grading Columbian square.

ARTICLE 38. Recommend \$10,000 for payment of State and Military Aid, etc.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 39. Recommends \$3,400 for relief of disabled Soldiers, Seamen, etc.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 40. Recommends \$18,000 for relief and support of the poor.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 42. Recommends \$2,600 and income from funds and rents for Tufts Library.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 43. Recommends \$750 for Foxg Library.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 46. Recommends that this Article be referred to the Electric Light Committee.

ARTICLE 47. Recommends that this Article be referred to the Electric Light Committee.

ARTICLE 48. Recommends that this article be referred to the Electric Light Committee.

ARTICLE 49. Recommends that this Article be referred to the Electric Light Committee.

ARTICLE 50. Recommends that this Article be referred to the Electric Light Committee.

Accepted, relative to new street lights.

ARTICLE 51. Recommends \$1,200 for the maintenance of the Town Survey.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 52. Recommends taxes due and payable Oct. 1st next with interest at 6% after Nov. 1st next on unpaid taxes, and that salary of Collector be six mills on the dollar of taxes actually collected.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 53. Recommends appropriating the overlay for abatement and remittance of taxes.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 54. Recommend \$12,000 for the payment of interest.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 55. Recommends \$400 for the preservation of shade trees.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 57. Recommends \$2,500 for printing and advertising.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 58. Recommends no action.

Accepted, relative to printing valuation book of assessed property.

ARTICLE 59. Recommends \$3,000 for miscellaneous expenses.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 60. Recommends no action.

Accepted, relative to establishing a municipal building insurance fund.

ARTICLE 61. Recommends \$400 for Memorial Day.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 62. Recommends action as called for by the Article.

Voted as recommended, authorizing Selectmen to commence suits when expedient.

ARTICLE 63. Recommends consideration of Article 64 with this Article; Recommends that the conducting of the Alewife Fishery be placed in the hands of the Selectmen as a Committee of the Town, and that \$300 be appropriated for rebuilding the sluiceway.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 66. Recommends action as called for by the Article.

Voted as recommended, authorizing Selectmen to sell real estate.

ARTICLE 67. Recommends no action.

Accepted as recommended, relative to combining offices of Superintendent of Streets and Superintendent of Water department.

#### SPECIAL MEETING

ARTICLE 2. Recommends the consideration of Articles 4 and 5, with this Article; Recommends that the above Articles be referred to the Superintendent of Streets, the cost to be taken from the Street Appropriation, one-half the cost of working Sherwood Road to be assessed upon the abutters.

Voted, as recommended.

ARTICLE 3. Recommends no action. Accepted as recommended, relative to Birchbrow avenue, after effort of Frank H. Torrey to secure an appropriation.

ARTICLE 6. Recommends no action.

Accepted as recommended, relative to Burton terrace.

ARTICLE 7. Recommends no action.

Accepted as recommended, relative to sidewalk on Pine street.

ARTICLE 8. Recommends no action.

Accepted as recommended, relative to widening out Lake street.

#### ESTIMATE ON TAX RATE

The Appropriation Committee reported as follows relative to the tax rate:

It is considered the duty of the Appropriation Committee to "estimate" the tax rate for the current year. Owing to conditions this year it is impossible to do this with any degree of accuracy. No one can say how the town will fare under the distribution of the State Income Tax. Owing to the shrinkage in incomes from many stocks during the past year it can hardly be hoped that we will fare as well as we did last year. Another important factor is the State Tax. At present, indications are that the State will be about \$4,000,000 more (about one-third) than last year. Of course this means an increase in our town tax.

Under the conditions the Committee would "estimate" the tax rate at \$21.40.

Upon motion of Russell B. Worster a rising vote of thanks was extended to the Moderator for the very satisfactory manner in which he conducted the business of the day.

At 4.10 the meeting adjourned sine die.

Capital \$150,000 Surplus \$250,000



Theophilus King, Cashier  
CITY SQUARE, QUINCY  
OPPOSITE DEPOT, WOLLASTON  
General Banking Business Transacted  
Liberal Accommodations to Business Men  
Safe Deposit Boxes \$2.00 a year  
AMERICAN EXPRESS CHEQUES For Sale



For your health's sake don't have your washing done at home. When you consider the small amount of money you need spend each week, do you think it is worth while to endanger your health, and strength by the annoyance of having it done at your own residence. A few cents a week covers the bill.

Monarch Wet Wash Laundry  
East Weymouth  
TEL. 530--21620 WEY.

## WHY?

not have your  
OLD CARPETS  
made into  
DURABLE RUGS  
Carpet Cleaning  
Eastern Rug Co.

746 Washington Street  
Quincy, Mass.  
Tel. 1827-M.

## Teas and Coffees

Have you tried the  
Formosa Orange  
Pekoe Tea

AND

Our High Grade  
Roasted Coffees

including the S. S. Pierce 59 Brand,  
and the Mt. Vernon Brand.

## Bates & Humphrey

Central Square, Weymouth Centre

### Southern John Neilson

JEWELER  
AND  
Optometrist  
729 Broad St.  
East Weymouth.  
Columbian Sq.  
South Weymouth

## W.H. FARRAR & CO.

Plumbing and Heating  
Stoves and Repairs  
Tin Roofing and General Jobbing  
ESTIMATES GIVEN  
Business Established 1883  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square.  
Telephone Weymouth 456 H.

Boys Wanted  
to Sell  
The GAZETTE

### BANGING THE TURK IN THE MESOPOTAMIAN DESERT



Though little is heard about it in comparison with the momentous happenings that daily occur on the western and eastern fronts, an important phase of the war is being conducted in Mesopotamia. A British army is steadily banging away at the Turks, driving them farther and farther into the desert. While the Tommies fighting in the snow and cold on the western front may envy their comrades in the Euphrates-Tigris valley, the men fighting in the desert are not having a picnic. They have more heat than they can stand; the arid desert is intolerable to white men. Yet they are keeping at it, and this British official photograph shows one of their big field pieces, just as it was fired, making the Turks stop lively across the sands.

### FRENCH TROOPS WITH MITRAILLEUSE DRIVING BACK GERMANS



The French mitrailleuse has proved very effective in driving back the German troops, and has mowed down many an advancing line. This photograph shows French soldiers in a captured trench firing a mitrailleuse at the foe.

### HAD HONEYMOON TRIP ABOVE THE CLOUDS



Lieut. Lawrence B. Sperry and wife (formerly Miss Winifred Allen), who were the first to experience a honeymoon above the clouds. The newly married couple left Governor's Island and airplanned their way to Massapequa, L. I., the Sperry home, in 24 minutes. They claim this is the only way to really enjoy a wedding trip.

### GERMAN WAR BREAD AND SOAP



Repatriated British soldiers who have returned to England to recuperate have brought home numerous souvenirs from German detention camps, some of which give an idea of the treatment accorded enemy troops. The photograph shows Sergeant Spender, a Lewis gunner, with his daily ration of German sawdust war bread and a piece of German soap made chiefly from sand.

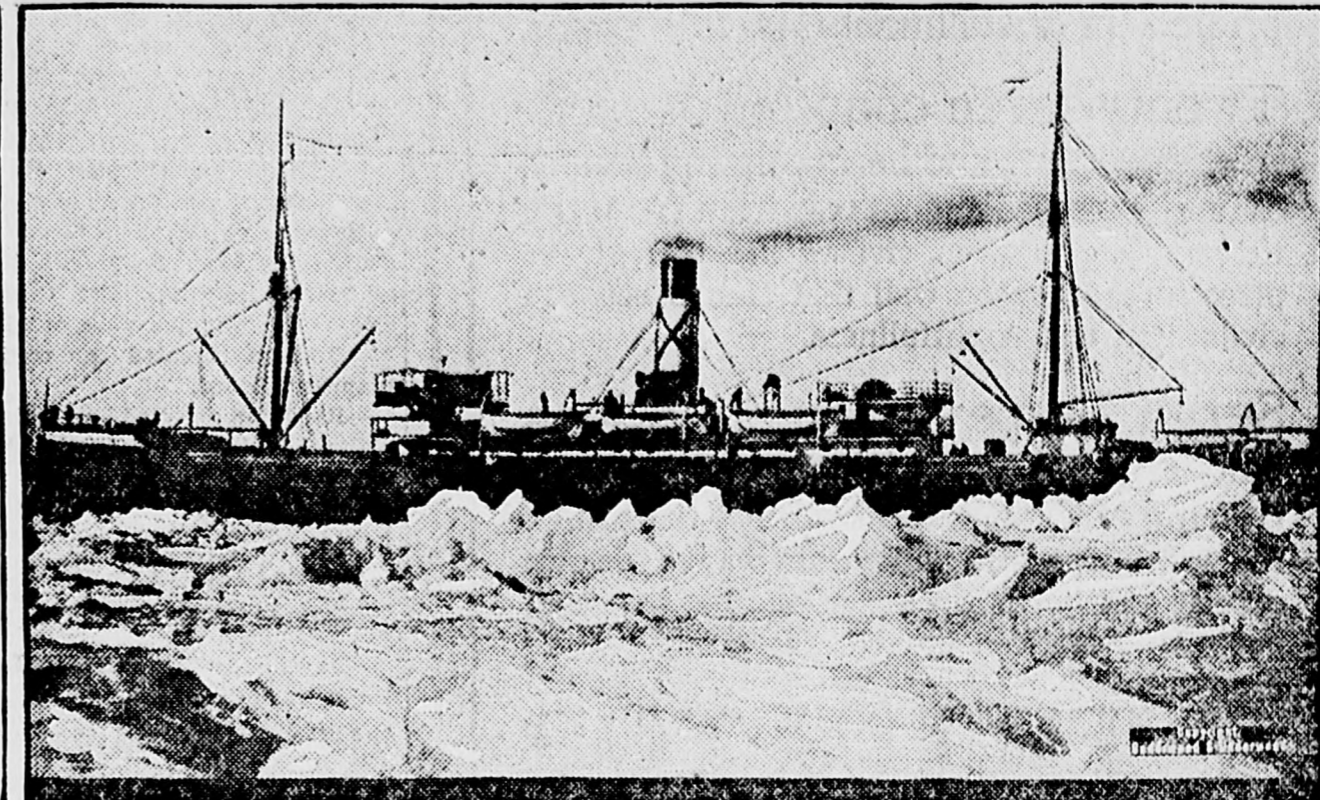
**About the Only Danger They Face.**  
 "Heard anything of the kaiser's sons lately?"  
 "No."  
 "Remarkable how well they keep in the great war, isn't it?"  
 "Yes. They seem to be rather well protected. The only thing the kaiser has to fear for them is that one of them might get up in the dark and drink out of the wrong bottle."

### A STREET IN PARIS AFTER THE VISIT OF GERMAN GOTHAS



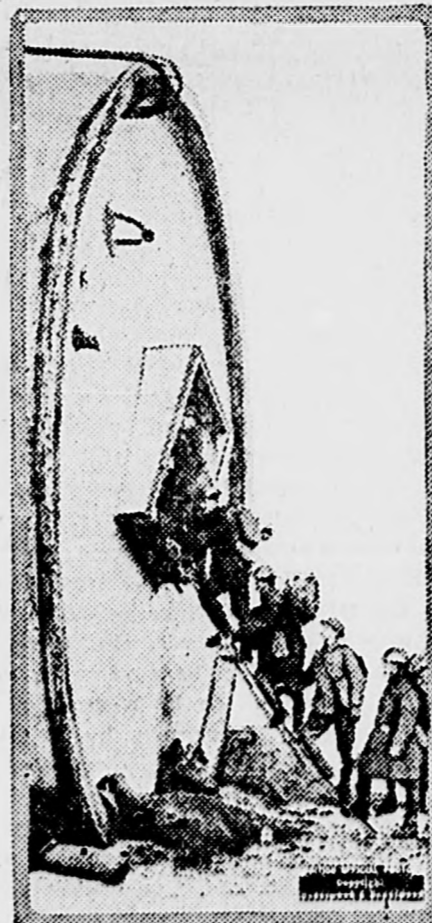
One of the streets in Paris showing the damage caused by a 200-pound torpedo dropped from a raiding Gotha on the night of January 30. Great holes many feet deep were made by the torpedoes, and the buildings in the background were badly injured.

### RED CROSS LINER FLORIZEL WRECKED ON REEFS OFF CAPE RACE



Forty-four survivors, all who were left of the ship company, were taken from this ill-fated Red Cross liner Florizel, which struck a reef north of Cape Race, N. F., during a terrific blizzard. The survivors were taken off by the crew of the Prospero, which was sent by the government to the scene with special life-saving apparatus. The Florizel is shown here as an ice breaker in New York harbor.

### AN UNUSUAL BILLET



Billets for soldiers who fight on the western front can be anywhere. But the strangest place that any fighter had to put up for the night on the fighting lines is shown in this British official photograph. A great concrete tank which turned over in a bombardment is being utilized by the Tommies and they have made a real cozy home of the huge cylinder. They are shown here going in for a rest. The picture is an excellent reminder of the old lady who lived in a shoe with her immense family. This home is just as different from the average habitation as the shoe, and the family of Tommies who lodge here is equally immense.

### WINE FOR THE POILUS AT THE FRONT



Wine is an important part of the daily rations served to the French soldiers. The above photograph shows soldiers filling barrels from the tank car which has just arrived from the wine regions in southern France. The barrels of wine are then sent forward to the men in the trenches.

### THEY DO NOT FEAR GERMAN POISON GAS



These American soldiers are wearing the marvelous new gas mask adopted by our army. Each man in the group sent home a copy of the photograph, just to show how our fighters have sunk their individuality in the combined fight for human justice and liberty.

"Blue" and Worried?

"Blue" worried, half-sick people should find out the cause of their troubles. Often it is merely faulty kidney action, which allows the blood to get loaded up with poisons that irritate the nerves. Backache, headaches, dizziness and annoying bladder troubles are added proofs that the kidneys need help. Use Doan's Kidney Pills. Thousands thank them for relief from just such troubles.

A Massachusetts Case

Mrs. J. Turner, 115 Southgate St., Worcester, Mass., says: "I was in bad shape with kidney complaint. My kidneys acted irregularly and my feet and hands bloated. I had awful pains through the small of my back and I felt drowsy and tired by spells. Some times attacks of dizziness came over me and black spots seemed to float before my eyes. Doan's Kidney Pills relieved me wonderfully of all that trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Fireproof barrels are made in the Hawaiian Islands from the by-products of sugar mills.

Precedent is a convenient peg to hang incompetency on.

SANFORDS GINGER

Best Ever for Colds Chills and Grip

Try this: Squeeze juice of one quarter of a lemon into a hot teacup. Add one teaspoonful of Sanfords Ginger, two of sugar, and fill up cup with boiling hot water. Drink hot and go to bed.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

Carter's Little Liver Pills. For Constipation. Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Carter's Iron Pills. Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

Children Who Are Sickly. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children. When your child cries at night, tosses restlessly in its sleep, is constipated, feverish or has symptoms of worms, you feel worried. Mothers who value their own comfort and the welfare of their children, should never be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.

Protect Your Family From Winter Colds with Hale's Honey. Of Household and Tar. It stops coughs before they become serious. Contains no opium nor any other injurious. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache Drops Stop the Pain.

DON'T LET WORMS EAT YOUR PROFITS. An animal with worms cannot thrive. Keep your livestock free from worms by giving them Dr. J. C. Ayer's Worm Powder. Worm Powder Price 50c. Hogs will fatten quicker, horses will look sleeker, poultry will be healthier. Read the Practical Horse Veterinarian for free booklet on Worms in Cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., 100 Broad Street, Waltham, Ma.

A BAD COUGH is risky to neglect. Take it in hand, and safeguard your health by promptly taking PISO'S

ICE BOAT IS THE FASTEST NATURE-PROPELLED VEHICLE UNDER THE SUN



The cold weather has popularized ice yachting as never before. Ice boating is now the king of winter sports, the last drop in the way of thrills. An ice boat is the fastest nature-propelled vehicle under the sun. They actually go faster than the wind. Flights of 80 and 90 miles an hour are not uncommon, and some have attained a speed of 100 miles an hour.

It speeds along as easily and lightly as a bird, sometimes rearing at an angle of 45 degrees until but one runner remains on the ice. The sensation is indescribable.

The photograph shows a thrilling moment during a race on the Shrewsbury river course. One boat is driving head into the wind while about to make a turn.

CHICAGO ATHLETES READY FOR FRONT



Six additional University of Chicago athletes are ready to leave for the war zone as members of a hospital unit. They are Charles Higgins, Jerome Fisher, Sam Rotherfel, Charles Bent, Eugene Rouse and Edward Mahannah. The photograph shows Higgins, whose loss will be most severe in the track team, where he shone as an all-around man. Fisher was strong on the pole vault and high jump. Rotherfel was a star in the relays and Bent as a low hurdle point winner. Rouse was a sprinter, while Mahannah was an all-around track man.

SUGGESTION MAY SAVE ALEX

Secretary Baker Favors Discharging All Men Who Have Attained Age of Thirty-One.

If the suggestion of Secretary Baker goes through, Grover Cleveland Alexander, star pitcher recently purchased by the Chicago Cubs from the Phillies, will not be drafted. Secretary Baker advised the military committee that the war department favors the discharging from service all men who have attained the age of thirty-one since the registration, June 5, 1917, without having been called to the colors. Alexander was thirty-one on February 26.

FOOTBALL PROFITS ARE BIG

Money Received for Gridiron Games Cleared Indebtedness on Other Sports at Michigan.

More than \$70,000 was received by the athletic department of the University of Michigan in football receipts during the fiscal year just ended, according to a report filed with the board of regents. Expenditures for the gridiron sport amounted to \$53,664. The profit from football cleared the indebtedness incurred by baseball and other sports, and left a balance of about \$20,000 to be applied toward paying for Ferry field.

PLAY AT ARMY CANTONMENTS

Washington American League Team Arranges for Exhibition Games at Training Camps.

Manager Clark Griffith plans to have his Washington team play exhibition games at a number of army cantonments in the South next spring. Games with the soldier teams at Augusta and Chattanooga practically have been arranged already and others will be booked.

GREAT VALUE OF ATHLETICS

Foundation for Health and of Permanent Importance in Keeping Soldier in Condition.

That the value of athletics in improving mental and physical conditions of all men from the standpoint of military service is appreciated by English as well as United States government officials is shown by the following statement by Brig. Gen. Willard A. White after several years of observation on the western front: "When the athlete has gone to the front his place in athletic ranks should be immediately filled. Sport is the foundation for health, and too much emphasis cannot be laid upon its benefits and necessity. Athletics are of paramount importance in keeping the soldier fit, and the same is true of the man who must be prepared to become a soldier. "The soldierly qualities developed are many. Discipline is encouraged, inasmuch as discipline is the very essence of team play. Quickness of decision and speed and agility are not to be overlooked, and what cricket and football do for the Englishman, baseball and track athletics do for the American."

HARRY MORRISSEY TO TRAIN

Starter on Kentucky Tracks for Many Years to Take Charge of String of Horses.

Harry Morrissey, for many years starter on Kentucky race tracks, has resigned to train the horses of H. A. Porter of Tulsa, Okla., oil operator. The Porter stable consists of the mares and yearlings bought from the Elkham stud in England and the thoroughbreds Porter acquired at the Wickliffe dispersal sale. Morrissey, moreover, will have a half interest in the establishment. A. B. Dade, who has acted as starter on the Canadian tracks for many years, and who is now at New Orleans, will succeed Morrissey.

TRIAL FOR WILLIAM JOHNSON

Kansas City Youngster Has Been Signed by Chicago Cubs—is Tall Southpaw Pitcher.

Frank Houseman, one of Chicago's ardent baseball fans, has recommended his nephew, William Johnson of Kansas City, to the Cubs for a trial this spring in Pasadena. The youngster has been signed and will go West. He is a southpaw pitcher and 6 feet 1 inch tall. Houseman thinks he can be developed into a good pitcher.

TENNIS FOR EBBETTS FIELD

Entire Outfield to Be Converted into Courts During Time Brooklyn Team is Away.

The Brooklyn Baseball club announces that Ebbetts field will be devoted to tennis during the time the Brooklyn baseball team is not using the field. The part of the grounds to be used is the entire outfield, which has a heavy turf. The space will accommodate 24 courts.

GOLF GAME PRAISED BY TAFT

Former President Taft has paid the following tribute to golf: "A man who plays golf and enjoys it must have a love for freedom and a spirit of independence. Such personal traits prompt one to play the game to the end. That is what we must and will do in this war."

Proof that Some Women do Avoid Operations. Mrs. Etta Dorion, of Ogdensburg, Wis., says: "I suffered from female troubles which caused piercing pains like a knife through my back and side. I finally lost all my strength so I had to go to bed. The doctor advised an operation but I would not listen to it. I thought of what I had read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and tried it. The first bottle brought great relief and six bottles have entirely cured me. All women who have female trouble of any kind should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound." How Mrs. Boyd Avoided an Operation. Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well. "My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 6th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio. Every Sick Woman Should Try LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND Before Submitting To An Operation. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

Life Still Has Its Joys. If you are troubled with the belief that war has taken all the joy out of life, you should have been on hand when the playful wind took the fat man's hat and he made a zig-zag race for it along the street car tracks, and noticed what a lot of people stopped to laugh their eyes full of tears at the spectacle.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

KIDNEY TROUBLE NOT EASILY RECOGNIZED. Applicants for Insurance Often Rejected. An examining physician for one of the prominent life insurance companies, in an interview of the subject, made the astonishing statement that one reason why so many applicants for insurance are rejected is because kidney trouble is so common to the American people, and the large majority of those whose applications are declined do not even suspect that they have the disease.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops. Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY. The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply. Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist. Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation. Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels. To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there. Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests. Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging. Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return. For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

Always Before Him. "He is a great stickler for procedure, isn't he?" "I should say so! Why, even the furniture covers in his house are all bound with red tape."

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR. To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

Lucky Meeting. She—"Tee, hee; it seems strange that we never met before." He—"Yes, accidents will happen."

Not Certain. "My dear, do you love me still?" "How can I tell? I've never yet seen you that way."

22 Million Families in the United States. IF EACH FAMILY saved one cup of wheat flour it would amount to 5,500,000 pounds, or more than 28,000 barrels. If this saving was made three times a week, it would amount to 858,000,000 pounds, or 4,377,000 barrels in a year. You can do your share in effecting this saving and really help to win the war by omitting white bread from one meal today and baking in its place muffins or corn bread made according to this recipe: Corn Meal Muffins. 1/2 cup corn meal, 1/2 cups flour, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder, 2 tablespoons sugar, No eggs, 1 cup milk, 2 tablespoons shortening. Sift dry ingredients together into bowl; add milk and melted shortening and beat well. Bake in greased muffin tins in hot oven about 20 minutes. Same batter may be baked as corn bread in greased shallow pan. Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods mailed free—address ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., DEPT. W, 135 William St., New York. FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

WEYMOUTH GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

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Entered in the Post Office at Weymouth, Mass as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

OVER THE TOP

Sergt. Arthur Guy Empey, the author of the new serial started last week in the Gazette and Transcript, seeks no honors as a writer; his is only a plain, unvarnished story of his own experiences as a soldier under the British flag for a year and a half in France, but it is as thrilling and wonderful a narrative as you ever read!

It is the fortune of few men to go through the experiences Empey did and live to tell of them; to be wounded seven times; to know what the deadly German gas attacks mean; to be the target of terrible machine guns; to live for months in trenches and dugouts.

GAS NOW \$1.60

The Old Colony Gas Company has announced an increase in the price of gas of 20 cents per thousand cubic feet, making the net price, after deduction of 10 cents for prompt payment, \$1.60 per thousand cubic feet.

While the gross earnings of the Company have been showing a marked increase the operating expenses have been increased at a much faster rate so that the net earnings of the Company have shown a sharp decrease.

This has been due almost entirely to the increased cost of material and labor.

As everyone is aware this advanced has not been confined to materials used by the Gas Company, but includes every commodity that one can think of whether it be food, clothing, or any of the other necessities of life. This inflation of prices has been brought about by war conditions.

The Gas Company advises us that they have stopped paying dividends on the stock of the company so that the stockholders are sharing with the consumers the result of these hard times.

The Old Colony Gas Company is not the only company that has advanced its rates. Thirty gas companies in Massachusetts including municipal plants, have already increased their selling prices or have filed with the Gas and Electric Light Commissioners' notice to the effect that an increase will be made March 1.

The Worcester Gas Light Company has increased its selling price three times. Other gas companies including the Citizens Gas Light Company in Quincy have advanced their selling price twice. Seven other companies increased their selling price to one higher than the new price of the Old Colony Gas Company. The Lynn Gas and Electric Company, which is considered by many the model Gas Company in the State of Massachusetts, has increased its selling price 26%. Westfield, a municipal plant, has increased its selling price 45% and Worcester has increased its selling price 53%.

This compares with the total increase by the Old Colony Gas Company to 28% in all.

"Stars and Stripes" is the name of the weekly newspaper being published in France for American troops, under the direction of the intelligence section. Practically the entire paper is devoted to American news, including a daily radio report of about 1,400 words supplied by the Committee on Public Information to the French Government.

TO FRANCE

VIA PANAMA AND CAMP LEWIS

Travel Talks of Soldier Boy Who Enlisted in Ambulance Corps at San Francisco

Many have been interested in the letters which Carl F. Prescott has written to his parents during his trip of two years on the Pacific coast, and several have said they were worth publishing. His trip includes the Panama Canal, World Fairs at San Francisco and San Diego, life on a ranch and also among the mountains, an outing in Yosemite National Park, and visits to many cities and points of interest, until his enlistment in San Francisco in July in a Masonic Ambulance Corps, now the 364th Ambulance Corps at Camp Lewis, expecting daily to be ordered across the seas. He is the son of the editor of the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript. The following excerpts are from his weekly letters and will be continued for several weeks.

San Diego, California, Spring of 1917.

Oranges can be picked up pretty reasonable at any fruit stand. Tonight I got two dozen for 15 cents and have just eaten three.

It is now the first of April and war seems to be right here. I suppose it depends now upon how aggressive the President and Congress become. Here in San Diego, as well as other places, there was a big parade April 8, and exercises at the Exposition grounds. The parade was fairly long, containing soldiers, sailors, Boy Scouts and others, and a long line of autos. Rode in the car of Col. Fletcher. Most of the business houses closed for a couple of hours, and the streets were thronged, and on each side an unbroken line of autos backed up to the curb. Have not given enlistment any serious consideration.

Easter was a little cloudy and cool here, and last night we got a good rain, that has been on its way several days. Of course it was a very delightful Easter for me, being in the midst of flowers of all kinds in full bloom. Oh, I wish you could have been here. Roses, lilies, heliotrope, geraniums, calla lilies, everything pretty and fragrant. Green grass and trees all leaved out. Truly a garden spot of the world, the Exposition grounds or Balboa Park as it will be called. It was thronged in the afternoon, there being an outdoor organ recital and concert by Cecil Fanning.

It is now the first of May. At the present time (and the feeling grows stronger each hour and day), I feel that I must serve Uncle Sam in some way, wherever he can use me, as he sees fit to send me. A case of duty first. Have considered entering some preparatory camp for a month or even three for training. This is the most important question I am now trying to decide.

Later, I have signed an application for the Reserve Officers Corps, and it is now in the hands of Capt. Harry Sheen, a former Quincy boy who lived on Greenleaf street. I understand the applications are very numerous, and that a very stiff examination is given. I may not land it after all. But I have tried; not sat back. Camp opens at the Presidio, San Francisco, about May 15.

Another interesting and amusing experience happened to me May 18. Was at an outlying service station, showing and breaking in a new man into the work, when a car pulled up. We were just on the verge of closing for the day at 7 P. M. A young couple were in the car, the fellow asked "what place is this?" He was informed San Diego, and remarked, "Are we really there?" One thing led to another. Finally, he remarked that he had just reached California from Massachusetts. Then my turn—"What part of Massachusetts?" Answer, "Boston." Did he know or had he ever been through Quincy?" Answer, "Yes."

Then the funny part. I noticed he had given me more than a once over. I did the same to him. He made the first move. "Did I have a brother work for the Old Colony Trust Company?" Answer—"Hardly; was there myself once." And the final summary, he worked at the bank. I remembered his name, and in time placed him.

He left Boston over a month ago, and has planned to make his home hereafter in California. We had a most enjoyable evening together. I took them to the U. S. Grant hotel. Had dinner together and then took in a show.

Have secured from the Coral city

clerk the cards necessary to register June 5, and will send to the city clerk at Quincy, my legal residence.

C. F. P.

(To be continued)

MAKING A HOTBED AND STARTING THE EARLY GARDEN

And Don't Neglect to Put in an Early Order for Seeds

(No. 15, by Edward Lukeman)

In order to secure a supply of early vegetables a hot bed frame is indispensable. It can be constructed by anyone at a very small cost. It consists of a wooden frame, a sash generally six feet wide, and from six to sixteen feet long, according to the supply of vegetables or flowers required. One side should be at least six inches higher than the other.

The frame to be subdivided by cross bars, and each division covered by a glazed sash. The sides, and ends should be joined by hooks and staples, to admit of its being taken apart, and stored away when not required.

After completion place it on the manure bed prepared in the following manner: The frame should face the south or southeast. Fill in about ten inches of rich pulverized soil, and allow it to stand for a few days, giving it air by slightly raising the sash so that the steam may escape.

The seeds of tomato, cabbage, cauliflower, egg plants and peppers, also flower seed as asters, salvias, and coleus, may be sown, and the plants set out as soon as all danger of frost is over.

PREPARING THE MANURE

Fresh stable manure, not exceeding six weeks old, is suitable for this purpose. Turn it over into a compost heap and protect it from heavy rains and snow, and allow it to remain so for about eight days, when it should be made up into the requisite form to suit the frame.

If there is difficulty in obtaining the manure, use half the quantity, and the other half of tan bark. Egg plants and peppers require strong heat to vegetate for such the hot material will require to be two feet thick.

Where the ground is quite dry, a very good method is to dig a space about eighteen inches deep, and put the manure therein. Tramp it firmly and evenly. Place thereon the frame and sash. Put in the rich earth, and in about four days sow the seed, having previously stirred the earth freely to destroy any seeds or weeds.

I have given you the above directions for making a good hot bed though probably not many will attempt to make one this year. If you do not, don't fail to plant a few small boxes of early, medium and late tomato seed, also peppers; and if you like summer cabbage, only a small box of Early Jersey Wakefield will be what you require.

Plant them in a warm location near the stove until the seeds break through; then place them in a warm room in a sunny location, and when the plants have attained a height of two inches transplant them. Treated in this manner you will have fine plants to set out when all danger of frost is over.

EARLY GARDEN

Toward the end of this month, the readers of this column should start the garden in earnest. If the ground is dry, March 25 will be about the proper time. Commence by planting early peas, Sutton's Excelsior or Thomas Laxton's, for first early; McLean's Advance for second early, and Stratagem for late. If you want to use bushes, then you will be delighted with Champion of England or Marblehead. All of the above planted at the same time will give a succession until the real hot weather sets in and peas begin to mellow.

If you have plenty of manure, spread it evenly on the surface, as much as you can spare, and spade or plow it in. If you have to rely on phosphate, why spread half on the ground, and the other half in the rows. Mix it well with the soil. Plant the seeds two inches apart. This will be about the right distance, and be careful to use the seed sparingly. Don't waste any. It's a very small seed crop, and whatever you waste will be that much taken away from someone else. That is not a pleasant memory to cherish is it? A half pint of each of the different varieties I have mentioned will give you a good-sized garden.

Now, after you have the peas planted, the next thing to do is to plant a good onion bed, and for this purpose you will need some pretty good manure. I have never made much of a success trying to grow them on phosphate alone, so spade in all the manure you can get; then rake the bed all over, both lengthwise and crosswise, until you have all the lumps broken up. Then it would be well to scatter a good liberal supply of phosphate over the

soil and rake it in. Now you are ready to plant the seed. I make the rows one foot apart, and I plant the variety known as the Yellow Glide Danvers. Don't make the mistake of planting them on new land as they will not do well. Or on land infested with cut grass. If you do you will repent it on your hands and knees. Avoid these two things and give the bed good care, and you will be pleased with the result.

I am writing this article so you will have the information in plenty of time, so preserve the papers as the same subject will not appear twice.

P. S.—How about writing for the seed catalogues that I have requested you to do right along, and sending in your order for the seeds.

Forgotten or neglected it, eh? Some of you have probably decided it won't be necessary, and depend on the hardware store for your supply. The hardware stores won't be able to get it themselves this year in any great amount, as it's not to be had. It takes three weeks to get an order filled in Philadelphia, even now. At least that is the time I had to wait and from Columbus, Ohio, it's even longer. So do take the matter seriously and place your order at once.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

By S. E. B.

March has behaved as she should. She has come in like a lion, implying thereby that she intends to go out like a lamb.

Let's be a little cautious, however, about trusting the weather too far. The best farming will be done indoors for some time yet. The tools first needed will be paper and pencil.

We are told not to count our chickens before they are hatched. We are told also to measure twice before we cut and to look before we leap and to count the cost. Have you noticed that proverbs go in pairs, one balancing the other so that the middle way of forethought and caution is the one pointed out?

No good gardener will work this year without a plan of the garden drawn to a scale. How else is one to tell whether he has room for all the crops he might easily covet? How close between first and second favorites, between luxuries and necessities? Is one to need a packet of seeds or an ounce; one cent's worth of seed or five cents' worth? Is there room for a dozen tomato plants and a dozen poles of beans or must one compromise? Is a large part of the ground shaded so that it will not grow potatoes well however fine the seeds? Is it so high and dry and gravelly that cabbage is almost certain to be a failure? Would it be wiser to use the land this year to pasture a pig or to provide free range for a flock of chickens who would put it in condition for a better garden next year? Are we planning to raise some farm animals anyway, and if we are will not part of the land be most profitable used to grow feed for the animals? How many hours are we able to give to the care of our land? Are we laying out the proportionate amount of work?

If March weather turns your thoughts toward gardening, don't go out and dig. Instead, get a yard stick—or lath—and measure. Make a plan. Time, land, effort, seed, everything is too valuable, too important this year, to be wasted in ill-considered work. A plan please; on paper as well as in your head. Make haste slowly. Well begun is half done.

The Government is today the greatest employer of labor in the United States, not considering railroad employees. In normal times approximately 400,000 civilians are employed, and in the last year the number has increased to 600,000. In comparison one steel corporation employs 300,000 men, and one railroad 250,000.

Exports of corn to Canada for feeding and manufacturing purposes have been limited to those varieties and grades which are not suitable for seed purposes.

Divisional athletic directors who have received commissions will accompany their contingents to France, according to the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities. Boxing instructors will not be sent with the troops, as at present the need for these men is considered greater on this side.

HIGH TIDES

Table with 3 columns: Day, A. M., P. M. Rows include Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

Springtime : Springtime

LAMSON HUBBARD HATS advertisement featuring illustrations of hats and the name C. R. DENBROEDER.

EAST WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK advertisement with text: A chain is forged a link at a time, A Savings Bank account is built a dollar at a time.

NEW DRUG STORE advertisement for CHARLES C. HEARN, 312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth.

FORD FURNITURE CO. advertisement for A DRIVE in Furniture, including Living Room, Dining Room and Chamber.

Send the Gazette to your Soldier Friend

WARDWELL BOWLING ALLEYS advertisement for Special Orchestra every Wednesday and Saturday.



Full Report of Annual Town Election on Page 9

# Weymouth

Read the  
Experiences  
of  
Sergt. Empey

# Gazette

AND TRANSCRIPT

VOL. LII. NO. 11

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## SIGNAL HONOR FOR SECOND YEAR MAN

### Joseph Kelley Elected Chairman of Selectmen and Also Overseers of the Poor

The new Board of Selectmen met for organization Tuesday morning, and it proved an all-day session, and then an adjournment was made to 3 P. M. the next day.

For several ballots the vote was:  
Joseph Kelley 2 votes  
Henry E. Hanley 1 vote  
George L. Newton 1 vote

During the ballots Bradford Hawes had refrained from voting. When he voted Mr. Kelley received three votes, a majority, and was elected.

The following were then appointed special police, being appointments in most cases:  
Charles H. Holbrook, Hosea D. Far-  
rar, James L. Brennan, Charles H.  
Phillips, William J. Goghan, Thomas  
A. Boye, Willie B. Loud, Willard F.  
Hall, George W. Smith, William J.  
Trask, Russell B. Worster, Charles  
E. Hoffses, John W. Vinson, New-  
land Holmes, James W. Eldridge,  
James P. McGuire, Charles N. Turn-  
er, William H. Trask, John W. S.  
Wolfe, Charles W. Barrows, Law-  
rence E. Dunn, Wilson E. Beane and  
John A. Carter.

Later the following additional special police were appointed at the re-  
quest of the Fire-River Company:  
A. E. Austin, Robert Steele, Harry  
Taylor, W. F. Wersell, Harry T. Eld-  
ridge, James H. McLellan and Alfred  
Y. Pearl.

Voted to give hearings to Tele-  
phone Company on petition for pole  
locations on Green street near North.

It was voted to fix the wages in  
the Moth department the same as in

the Street department at \$3 per day.  
The superintendent of Moth work  
will receive \$3.50 per day, and the  
street foremen \$3.25 per day.

The superintendent of streets was  
authorized to employ a chauffeur at  
\$3.25. Voted to pay \$2.00 per day  
for horses.

Voted to ask the Overseers of the  
Poor of Braintree for a joint meeting  
at an early date.

Henry W. Burr was appointed a  
public weigher.

At all the sessions there was an  
informal discussion relative to the  
office of Superintendent of Streets,  
and also relative to the Almshouse  
and conducting of the Town Farm,  
the latter being complicated because  
of the burning of the Almshouse, and  
the rumors from Braintree relative  
to care of Weymouth inmates. No  
action was taken on either of these  
questions.

The Weymouth Overseers will meet  
with the Braintree Overseers at  
Braintree on Saturday afternoon.

The Overseers of the Poor also or-  
ganized with Joseph Kelley as chair-  
man and Bradford Hawes as secre-  
tary.

All the Selectmen by virtue of  
their office are members ex officio  
of the Board of Trustees of the Tufts  
Library. Chairman Kelley by virtue  
of his office is also a member of the  
Board of Water Commissioners, and  
one of the trustees of the Quincy and  
Hingham bridges. It also devolves  
on him to investigate and report on  
all claims for damages by dogs.

### ANNUAL BANQUET OLD COLONY DRIVING CLUB

Judge Dowd of Boston Speaks En-  
thusiastically of Red Cross

Fully 150 gathered at the annual  
banquet of the Old Colony Driving  
Club which was held on Tuesday  
evening in the apartments of the  
Webster Club at Rockland, and  
proved a most enjoyable occasion.  
President A. M. Newbert welcomed  
the guests and introduced James F.  
Young of Quincy as the toastmaster.

The tables were attractive with  
patriotic colors, and the men wore  
fancy bonbon caps which were pic-  
turesque as well as novel. The  
menu included cold turkey, ham,  
mashed potatoes, escalloped oysters,  
ice cream and cake. Then cigars  
were lighted and good fellowship  
prevailed.

The principal speaker was Judge  
Thomas H. Dowd of the Boston  
Municipal Court. The judge is also  
president of a Red Cross Association  
at Alston and spoke enthusiastically  
of the work of the Red Cross and the  
war in general.

Other speakers were W. V. Loud,  
president of the Webster club; J. W.  
Linnahan, president of the Weymouth  
Agricultural Society; Harry C. Thayer  
of South Braintree, who was in-  
troduced as the father of the Driving  
Club; and E. T. Wright, president of  
the Wright Shoe Co.

Violin solos were contributed by  
Mrs. R. I. Stetson of Hanover, and  
vocal numbers by Miss Ed. Nash of  
Rockland, both being accom-  
panied by Parker Williams of North Aling-  
ton. Choruses were also sung.

### BOARD OF TRADE HAVE COMMITTEE ON BATHHOUSE

Hope to Accomplish Something  
Towards Erection of Building

Chairman Kelley of the Board of  
Selectmen took his fight for a munic-  
ipal bathhouse to the Board of Trade  
this week, and secured the appoint-  
ment of the following committee who  
will report at the April meeting:  
Joseph Kelley, Elmer E. Leonard,  
Prince H. Tirrell, Walter W. Pratt  
and Sidney G. Dunbar. The town has  
already made an appropriation for  
a lot of land, and Mr. Kelley has hopes  
that a building may be erected before  
the bathing season arrives.

Evidently there is going to be  
something doing by the Board of  
Trade this year with Frederick  
Humphrey as president and M. L.  
Flynn as secretary, and some live  
men on the committees.

The meeting was held at the Clapp  
Memorial on Wednesday evening, and  
the members first listened to two gen-  
tlemen from Norwood who told what  
the town manager plan of govern-  
ment had done for that town. F. J.  
Koley is chairman of the Finance  
committee of three of Norwood who  
serve the whole year without pay,  
and have authority to summons offi-  
cials and others relative to town af-  
fairs. John A. Halloren is town  
counsel, and also a member of the  
State Board of Trade, and he spoke  
on both Norwood and Trade affairs.  
A vote of thanks was given both gen-  
tlemen.

A recess was taken for a lunch  
of sandwiches, coffee and fruit and  
then business was resumed.

President Humphrey announced the  
following committees, the first named  
being chairman:  
Executive.—Robert S. Hoffman,  
Walter L. Bates, Edward W. Hunt  
and George M. Keene.  
Streets and sidewalks.—Henry E.  
Hanley, John F. Dwyer and Walter  
W. Pratt.  
Home Trade.—C. R. Denbroeder,  
F. W. Stewart and Charles H. Chub-  
buck.  
Membership.—Henry A. Day, Peter  
F. Hughes and Edward W. Hunt.  
Telegraph, Telephone and Lighting.  
—Russell B. Worster, Stephen F.  
Burgoyne and George Bicknell.  
New Enterprises.—Joseph Kelley,  
George Downing and Burton B.  
Wright.  
Parks and Playgrounds.—J. Her-  
bert Walsh, Louis A. Cook and Joseph  
Kelley.  
Taxation.—Albert P. Worthen, Rob-  
ert S. Hoffman and Col. W. W. Castle.  
Publicity.—Walter L. Bates, Mich-  
ael L. Flynn and Frank H. Torrey.  
Transportation.—Elmer E. Leonard,  
Herbert K. Cushing and Joseph Kel-  
ley.

### IN NEXT DRAFT EIGHTEEN MEN WEYMOUTH DISTRICT

Will Go to Camp Devens the Last of  
This Month

The Weymouth-Braintree district is  
called upon to furnish 18 men in  
the next draft. On Wednesday Maj.  
Roger Wolcott, in charge of the  
draft in Massachusetts, assigned quo-  
tas to the local exemption boards  
throughout the state for the second  
draft, which begins on March 29  
and continues for five days. The  
Washington orders are as follows:  
"During the five-day period begin-  
ning March 29, complete the entrain-  
ment for Camp Devens, Ayer, of a  
number of men equal to 4.8 per cent.  
of the first gross quota allotted to  
your state, approximately 2069 men.  
The number of men called for must  
be actually delivered and no credits  
are to be deducted at this time."  
"Only white men and men physi-  
cally qualified for general military  
service may be inducted under this  
call."

### COAL SUPPLIED WITHOUT PROFIT TO CUSTOMERS

How One Weymouth Firm Tried to  
Accommodate the People

The local Fuel Commissioners have  
notified the New England Commis-  
sioner that the Weymouth coal deal-  
ers need 33,500 tons of coal for the  
year beginning April 1, 1918. This  
does not include coal furnished by  
dealers in Braintree, Quincy and  
Hingham.

The local committee have been re-  
quested to urge all users of soft  
coal to order early their year's sup-  
ply.

The efforts of one of the local  
coal dealers to supply the urgent  
needs of Weymouth has just come  
to light, and is worthy of commen-  
dation. About the first of the  
month a barge load of 1,000 tons of  
coal consigned to A. J. Richards &  
Son arrived in Hull bay, but the  
captain absolutely refused to make  
the attempt to reach the Weymouth  
wharf. After several days' delay Mr.  
Worthen arranged to have the coal  
unloaded at Quincy Point. At con-  
siderable expense this was done and  
the coal has been teamed to Wey-  
mouth customers as promptly as  
possible, probably, too, without any  
profit. The company recognized the  
great need, and did its level best to  
supply it regardless of cost or trouble.  
We thank you.

## ORDER UP RAILS IF DISCONTINUED

Let Us Have a Local Street Railway Company  
That Will Give Good Service

Wallace B. Donham, receiver of the  
Bay State Street Railway Company,  
has petitioned the court for the  
right to discontinue service over  
several lines, both North and South  
of Boston, which he claims do not  
pay. Among these are:  
Fort Point route, from the end of  
the line on Neck street, to the cor-  
ner of Bridge street at North Wey-  
mouth.  
In Hull that part of the  
route on Nantasket road between  
the corner of Nantasket ave-  
nue and Nantasket road and Sunset  
Point (not the whole of the Neponset-  
Nantasket route as reported in some  
papers).  
The South Braintree and Randolph  
route from South Braintree square  
to the corner of North Main street  
in Randolph.  
The route from Hingham to Queen  
Anne's Corner.  
In all 26 routes.  
Whenever the company discontin-  
ues the routes proposed, it should  
be ordered forthwith to remove all  
rails and fixtures. Then a local com-  
pany can be organized to rebuild  
the route, and the Gazette has no  
doubt but under local government  
all the routes would pay as they did  
years ago when the travel was much  
less.  
The proposed action of the re-  
ceiver is probably a bluff. The town  
should oppose it first, but meet it  
fearlessly.

BOY OF EIGHT  
LEFT ALONE  
BURNED TO DEATH

House of Oscar Willman Discovered  
on Fire by Neighbor

A sad accident took place about 11  
o'clock Monday night when the house  
of Oscar Willman on Eggar avenue  
near the Rockland line was discov-  
ered on fire and their eight-year-old  
son, Herbert, was burned to death.  
It is reported that the father was  
at a lodge meeting, and the mother  
was out calling. A neighbor discov-  
ered the fire and gave the alarm,  
pulling box 57. The firemen soon  
checked the blaze with a small loss,  
but the boy was dead before the de-  
partment arrived.  
Medical Examiner Fraser finds that  
death was accidental, and reports  
that the body was badly charred.  
The boy was born in Boston in 1910  
and the burial was at Mt. Hope cem-  
etery today, conducted by C. C. Shep-  
pard. Both Mr. and Mrs. Willman  
were natives of Sweden.  
—Before the war the Navy's Bu-  
reau of Identification had the finger  
print records of 300,000 men. In the  
last year the number has increased  
to about 600,000. In taking the fin-  
ger print record of the Navy recruit  
the impressions of all 10 fingers are  
obtained.

## Alhambra Theatre

Week of March 18

JACK WESTERMAN

and his own  
Musical Comedy Company

Large Chorus of Pretty Girls—Costumes—add some real comedians

Added feature for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

March 18th, 19th and 20th

3 Wonderful Reels of

Exposure of America's Greatest China Town

with Capt. H. J. Lewis

San Francisco's Famous Chinatown Guide appearing at every performance  
and telling you all about it.

See the Barbary Coast. The Largest Dance Hall in the world.  
See the Real Opium Dens and what happens there.  
See Chinatown before the Earthquake.

DON'T MISS THIS TREAT

## KINCAIDE THEATRE

Today and Saturday

A Big Boston Size Show Twice Daily  
at Popular Prices.

DOROTHY PHILLIPS in

"PAY ME"

One of the few really great Western pictures  
that bring out in detail every phase of life in an  
early mining camp. In which you see a flash  
fight with no weapons but bare hands. The  
clean living boss of the lumber men pits himself  
against two of the worst characters in the camp  
—and Wins. This is the only picture ever made  
that shows the calling over the room with every-  
one in it. The unusual photography in this  
great film will surely please you.

Don't Miss This New Serial

PEARL WHITE in

"The House of Hate"

1st Episode

"THE HOODED TERROR"

? more thrilling and mysterious  
than The Laughing Mask. ?

HEARST-PATHE NEWS

Takes us in pictures to all corners of  
the earth. Here twice a week.

VAUDEVILLE

WILLIAMS & SYLVIA

Comedy Burlesque Juggling.

Much amusement is promised by these fine  
artists.

BROWN & BARROWS

Comedy Singing and Talking Sketch  
entitled

"BACK HOME"

WALTER KERRIGAN NEXT WEEK

—IN—  
"The Turn of a Card"

## ODD FELLOWS HALL

EAST WEYMOUTH  
THE HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES.  
ARTHUR L. MCGRORY, Manager.

Matinee 2.30 SAT. MARCH 16 Evening 7.45

BURTON HOLMES TRAVELS -- MOORE COMEDY

"Vengeance and The Woman"

7th Episode.

Dustin Farnum in "A Son of Erin"

Matinee 2.30 WED. MARCH 20 Evening 7.45  
Child. 6c; Adult 15c Admission 20c



GERALDINE FARRAR  
IN  
"THE WOMAN THAT GOD FORGOT"  
AN ARTCRAFT PICTURE

## GERALDINE FARRAR

—IN—  
"The Woman God Forgot"

Geraldine Farrar

# "BARBAROUS AS SLAVE DRIVERS"

### Methods of Exponents of German "Kultur" in Carrying Out Deportation Order.

### ADD HYPOCRISY TO CRUELTY

#### Officers of "Modern Attila" Gave Attitude of England as Excuse for Repeating in France Atrocities Practiced in Belgium.

The course of the German armies in France was marked with the same brutalities that characterized the occupation of Belgium. Ample proof has been produced that the entire proceedings were a deliberate part of the calculated system of "frightfulness."

In France the German system of forced labor and deportations, with its horrors, was the same as in Belgium. In this article is shown the real identity of German practice in both occupied regions. This can be done from the official documents and from a summary by Ambassador Gerard. The harrowing details may be gathered from the scores of depositions which accompany the note addressed by the French government to the government of the neutral powers.

These are on file in the State Department, and are available to all.

Documents, in the name of Women and Children, (New York, Doran.)

#### German Proclamation at Lille.

"The attitude of England makes the provisioning of the population more and more difficult."

"To reduce the misery, the German authorities have recently asked for volunteers to go and work in the country. This offer has not had the success that was expected.

"In consequence of this the inhabitants will be deported by order and removed into the country. Persons deported will be sent to the interior of the occupied territory in France, far behind the front, where they will be employed in agricultural labor, and not on any military work whatever. By this measure they will be given the opportunity of providing better for their subsistence.

"In case of necessity, provisions can be obtained through the German departments. Every person deported will be allowed to take with him 30 kilograms of baggage (household utensils, clothes, etc.), which it will be well to make ready at once.

"I therefore order that no one, until further orders, shall change his place of residence. No one may absent himself from his declared legal residence from 9 p. m. to 6 a. m. (German time), unless he is in possession of a permit in due form.

"Inasmuch as this is an irrevocable measure, it is in the interest of the population itself to remain calm and obedient.

#### "COMMANDANT.

"Lille, April, 1916."

#### Notice Distributed in Lille.

"All the inhabitants of the houses, with the exception of children under fourteen and their mothers, and also of old people, must prepare themselves for transportation in an hour and a half's time.

"An officer will decide definitely what persons will be taken to the concentration camps. For this purpose all the inhabitants of the house must assemble in front of it; in case of bad weather they may remain in the passage. The door of the house must remain open. All protests will be useless. No inmate of the house, even those who are not to be transported, may leave the house before 8 a. m. (German time).

"Each person will be permitted to take 30 kilograms of baggage; if anyone's baggage exceeds that weight, it will all be rejected, without further consideration. Packages must be separately made up for each person and must bear an address legibly written and firmly affixed. This address must contain the surname and the Christian name and the number of the identity card.

#### "ETAPPEN-KOMMANDANTUR.

(Lille, April, 1916.)

#### Belgian Address to French President.

"To Monsieur Raymond Poincaré, President of the French Republic, Paris.

"Sir: We have the honor to express again our most sincere gratitude to you for your most kind reception, a few days ago, of the deputation which went with feelings of legitimate emotion to inform you of the deportation of lads and girls, which the German authorities have just carried out in the invaded districts.

"We have collected some details on the subject from the lips of an honorable and trustworthy person, who succeeded in leaving Tourcoing about ten days ago; we think it our duty to bring these details to your notice by reproducing textually the declarations which have been made to us:

"These deportations began towards Easter. The Germans announced that the inhabitants of Roubaix, Tourcoing, Lille, etc., were going to be transported into French districts where their provisioning would be easier."

"At night, at about two o'clock in the morning, a whole district of the town was invested by the troops of occupation. To each house was distributed a printed notice, of which we give herein an exact reproduction, preserving the style and spelling." (See document, above.)

"The inhabitants so warned were to hold themselves ready to depart an hour and a half after the distribution of the proclamation."

"Each family, drawn up outside the house, was examined by an officer, who pointed out haphazard the persons who were to go. No words can express the barbarity of this proceeding nor describe the heartrending scenes which occurred; young men and girls took hasty farewell of their parents—a farewell hurried by the German soldiers who were executing the infamous task—rejoined the group of those who were going, and found themselves in the middle of the street, surrounded by other soldiers with fixed bayonets."

"Tears of despair on the part of parents and children so ruthlessly separated did not soften the hearts of the brutal Germans. Sometimes, however, a more kind-hearted officer yielded to the despair and did not execute the instructions—"

"Herded Like"

"These girls and lads were in street cars to factories, where they were numbered and labeled like cattle and grouped to form convoys. In these factories, they remained 12, 24 or 36 hours until a train was ready to remove them."

"The deportation began with the villages of Roney, Halluin, etc., then Tourcoing and Roubaix. In the towns the Germans proceeded by districts."

"In all about 30,000 persons are said to have been carried off up to the present. This monstrous operation has taken eight to ten days to accomplish."

"The reason given by the German authorities is a humanitarian (?) one. They have put forward the following pretexes: provisioning is going to break down in the large towns in the north and their suburbs, whereas in the Ardennes the feeding is easy and cheap."

"It is known from the young men and girls, since sent back to their families for reasons of health, that in the department of the Ardennes the victims are lodged in a terrible manner, in disgraceful promiscuity; they are compelled to work in the fields. It is unnecessary to say that the inhabitants of our towns are not trained to such work. The Germans pay them 1.50 m. But there are complaints of insufficient food."

#### "Barbarity of Slave Drivers."

"They were very badly received in the Ardennes. The Germans had told the Ardennais that these were 'volunteers' who were coming to work, and the Ardennais proceeded to receive them with many insults, which only ceased when the forcible deportation of which they were the victims became known."

"Feeling ran especially high in our towns. Never has so iniquitous a measure been carried out. The Germans have shown all the barbarity of slave drivers."

"The families so scattered are in despair and the morale of the whole population is gravely affected. Boys of fourteen, schoolboys in knickerbockers, young girls of fifteen to sixteen have been carried off, and the despairing protests of their parents failed to touch the hearts of the German officers, or rather executioners."

"One last detail: 'The persons so deported are allowed to write home once a month; that is to say, even less often than military prisoners.'

"We do not wish here to enter into the question of provisioning in the invaded districts; others, better qualified than ourselves, give you, as we know, frequent information. It is enough for us to describe in a few words the situation from this aspect:

#### Entire Population in Misery.

"The provisioning is very difficult; food, apart from that supplied by the Spanish-American committee, is very scarce and terribly dear. . . . People are hungry and the provisioning is inadequate by at least a half; our population is suffering constant privations and is growing noticeably weaker. The death rate, too, has increased considerably."

"With all confidence in the sympathy of the government we venture to address a new and pressing appeal to your generous kindness and far-reaching influence in the name of those who are suffering on behalf of the whole country."

"Paris, 15th June, 1916, 3, rue Taitbout."

(Signed on behalf of various specified organizations by Toulemonde, Charles Droulers, Leon Hatine-Dazin, and Louis Lorthois.)



## SHERM'S DOTS



Dear Folks:—I was also seem like the Paris. I had it is not gay as it was before will never give up till they how long he had been in th the war had driven him out of France. I started to symph me. I only lost my factory. To complete the picture to dot 3, and so on.

## Bun Spring Crops



#### Los Angeles Broadens Out.

Recent additions to the city of Los Angeles, Cal., make it the largest city in the United States in point of area. It now has an area of 337 square miles as against New York city's 314, Chicago's 198, and Philadelphia's 129, all greatly exceeding it in population.

## IN THE MUSEUM



Manager—What are you sending up to the automobile garage for?  
Assistant—For a tire-repairer. Somebody punctured "The Fat Boy's" rubber stomach.

### GENERAL SURVEYS TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYS

## RUSSELL H. WHITING

### CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR

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SURVEYS MADE AND PLANS PREPARED FOR THE LAND COURT

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CLEAN COAL  
Our Specialty

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EAST BRAINTREE QUINCY  
Telephones:—Braintree 25 Quincy 232-W or 2420

## NEW Dental Office!

Dr. T. J. King, the famous painless dentist, is giving his celebrated system of painless dentistry in Quincy and is giving the people of that city the benefit of high grade, modern dental work at popular prices.

### FULL SET TEETH \$8 Fit Guaranteed

THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH \$5.00  
SOLID GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGES \$4.50

#### PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE

This is the only office in Quincy where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from the natural ones) are inserted positively without pain. During the life of this offer all Bridge Work and Fillings will be done at reduced rates for the advantage of those who do not desire plates.

MAKE YOUR DENTAL APPOINTMENTS TODAY WHILE THE LOW OPENING PRICES ARE IN EFFECT.

## DR. T. J. KING

1365 Hancock St. Quincy, Mass.  
9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE  
Telephone, Quincy 2678-J

## Remember

That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody



1—The Siberian situation as the outgrowth of the Russian debacle is now holding the attention of those following the world war. This picture shows some of the Japanese troops who may soon be sent to Siberia. 2—Officers in command of an American trench in the Lorraine sector on the western front. 3—Dugout where the first American officer, Lieutenant Harden of the Signal corps, was wounded by a German shell; the dugout is decorated with American and French colors.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

### Russia Makes Humiliating Peace But Kaiser's Soldiers Continue Invasion.

### AMERICANS REPEL RAIDERS

### Pershing's Troops, Now Occupying Eight-Mile Front, Hurl Back Strong Forces of Germans—Fight Like Veterans.

Extreme chaos has continued to mark the Russian situation, the only thing that has seemed really clear being that Germany is determined to take advantage of the utter collapse of Russia to seize such territory and supplies as she desires. The bolshevik envoys presented the humiliating spectacle of signing a peace treaty without discussion, fearing as they announced, that negotiations would only result in the imposition of more obnoxious terms. But even after the Russian peace delegates had thus debased themselves the Germans continued their invasion of Russian territory.

Whether the masses of the Russian people will accept the humiliating peace terms agreed to by the bolshevik delegates is a question that only time can settle.

The bolshevik government abandoned Petrograd as the German troops advanced upon that city and moved the administrative offices to Moscow, which city, it was announced, would be made the Russian capital. Leon Trotzky, the bolshevik foreign minister, indicated that he and his associates are concerned with the future of the revolution, rather than the future of Russia as a national entity. He announced that the bolshevik leaders are prepared to withdraw even as far as to the Ural mountains rather than submit to the defeat of the revolution.

The haste of the Russian envoys in signing a treaty of peace with Germany was explained on the ground that the terms proposed by the Teutonic envoys were growing more onerous hourly. At the last minute the Germans demanded three great trans-Caucasian provinces—Karakab, Kars and Batoum—presumably for their Turkish ally, and they got them, of course. The Russian envoys shut their eyes and signed the document as it was pushed across the table by the Hun envoys.

With Russia in thorough subjection, so far as the bolshevik government was concerned, the central powers turned their attention to Roumania, and, as was to be expected, they forced that country to sign a preliminary peace treaty which is little less humiliating than that forced upon the Russians. Under the terms of this treaty Roumania cedes the province of Dobrudja, as far as the Danube, to the central powers, agrees to evacuate all occupied Austro-Hungarian territory, promises to demobilize its army and agrees to "support with all its strength the transport of troops of the central powers through Moldavia and Bessarabia to Odessa." The submission by Roumania to any terms imposed by the central powers was expected, as that country, abandoned by Russia, and entirely cut off from all possible aid from the allied powers, was absolutely at the mercy of the Teutonic powers. A peace treaty between Russia and Finland has also been signed.

While Germany was working its will in Russia and Roumania, the diplomatic situation growing out of the proposal of Japan to intervene in Siberia for the purpose of protecting the vast stores of supplies paid for with money furnished by the allies, occupied the attention of the United States and the entente governments. It was indicated that there was some divergence of opinion between President Wilson and

the leaders in England, France and Italy, as to the wisdom of giving Japan a free hand in this connection.

American troops in the front line trenches in France have had their real baptism of fire. They have taken part in several engagements with the enemy, one of which approached the dignity of a real battle. The Americans have repulsed several raids made by the Germans and inflicted heavy losses upon the enemy. The most pretentious engagement was that which resulted from a strong German attack upon the American lines in the Toul sector. A large force of German "shock" troops, trained especially for this operation, attacked the American line after heavy artillery fire had practically leveled the American trenches. The American troops, undismayed by the terrific bombardment, stood their ground and engaged in a hand-to-hand struggle with the German raiders in the trenches. The Germans were driven back into No Man's Land, leaving three prisoners and many dead in the American trenches. The Americans pursued the fleeing Germans and inflicted further losses as the enemy retreated to their own lines. The Americans suffered severe casualties, the dead including three officers and seventeen men, but the American lines were maintained at all points and the raid was declared a complete failure. Many cases of individual heroism on the part of the Americans were reported and several officers and men were decorated by the French premier for bravery.

Other raids upon the American lines in the Chemin des Dames sector and in Lorraine were also repulsed with severe losses to the enemy. In all these engagements the American troops have shown that, despite their inexperience in the new type of warfare, they are now perfectly at home in the trenches and are able to hold their own against the enemy.

The increasingly large part which Pershing's troops are taking in the fighting on the west front is indicated by the announcement that the Americans are now holding something over eight miles of trenches on the battle front. This front is liable to extension at any time to the regular trench allotment for an army corps. The present American sector is understood to be a divisional frontage, which means that at least three divisions of American troops are there to give the necessary support for the front lines. The growing activity of the American troops is further shown by the daily casualty lists which are now coming from General Pershing.

Announcement has been made that the third American Liberty loan will be offered soon. The campaign for subscriptions will open on April 6, the first anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war, and will continue for three or four weeks. The amount of the loan, the interest rate and other features have not been made public but the fact that further legislation will be sought from congress in anticipation of the loan indicates that the amount of the issue will be more than \$3,600,000,000, the remainder of authorized but unused bonds. The campaign work for the new loan has already been started throughout the country and every district will have been thoroughly organized before the drive begins.

Several steps have been taken by the United States government to further co-ordinate and centralize the work of war preparation. The two outstanding developments along this line were the appointment of Bernard M. Baruch of New York as chairman of the war industries board with greatly enlarged powers, and the assumption by Maj. Gen. Peyton C. March of his duties as acting chief of staff.

Mr. Baruch, according to the president's own announcement, made in his letter of appointment, will have greater powers even than it was proposed by certain members of congress to confer upon a minister of munitions. He will be, in fact, a practical dictator over industrial problems relating to the war and will have, among other things, the last word in determining priority of supplies for the government whenever there is competitive or other conflict of interest among departments. The power placed in the hands

of Mr. Baruch as chairman of the board is indicated by the direction of the president that the ultimate decision of all questions, except the determination of prices, shall rest always with the chairman, the other members of the board acting in an advisory and co-operative capacity. Under this plan, the president seems to have provided for the centralization of power to an even greater degree than has been proposed by those demanding some action of this kind.

The death of John Redmond, the Irish national leader, removes the leading champion of home rule for Ireland and one of the most striking figures that English politics has produced in the past quarter of a century. For more than twenty-five years Redmond had fought for home rule in Ireland and during the greater part of that time, he was the recognized leader of Ireland's "struggle for liberty." His determined fight in parliament for home rule earned for him the sobriquet of "stormy petrel of the house." In paying tribute to the memory of Redmond in the house of commons, Sir Edward Carson, Ulster leader and long-time opponent of Redmond, made this significant statement: "Indeed, we were not very far apart in our attempts at a settlement of the Irish question." Redmond was well-known in the United States, having visited this country in 1908 and again in 1910.

In the case of General March, the new acting chief of staff, the idea of centralization of power is also to be carried out. It is announced that General March will have full power to reorganize the general staff with a view of giving it the highest efficiency in its work of directing the strictly military end of the war. He has been given the power to select his own assistants. One of General March's first acts was to establish the "open door" policy. He arranged to see newspaper correspondents once every day and indicated that he will endeavor to relax the censorship to such an extent that Americans may learn more about what their soldiers are doing in France. The appointment of General March to this position has won wide approval as, in his work as chief of all the American artillery forces in France, he has been in close touch with General Pershing and is intimately familiar with all conditions abroad.

Speculation as to Germany's well-advertised offensive on the western front has continued, with opinion divided as to whether such an offensive really will be launched. In some quarters it is believed that Germany is so fully occupied with developments in Russia and is so intent upon accomplishing her designs in the east that she will not undertake an offensive in the west but will be content to maintain a defensive attitude. Those taking this view believe that Germany's idea is that a deadlock on the west front will force the allies to agree to a peace by negotiation and that under such circumstances she will be able to attain all her imperialistic designs in the east.

On the other hand, further concentration of troops on the western front is taken by some authorities as indicating that Germany really intends to launch a determined offensive in France. General Maurice, chief director of military operations at the British war office, declares that the enemy is now ready to strike on the western front at any moment suitable to his purpose. He declares that the allies remain superior in guns, rifles and aircraft, but that the margin of advantage in these particulars is steadily diminishing and an equalization of strength is being approached.

More frequent and more pretentious raids undertaken by both sides along the entire western front are regarded as forerunners of an offensive. The raids are made to feel out the enemy, to find, if possible, the weak spots in his lines. The many German raids are believed to have been made necessary by the air superiority of the allies along the greater part of the western front. Unable to gain the information they need through their airmen, the Germans have been forced to resort to raids in order to learn the strength of the opposing forces at various points on the front.



### HARD LUCK



"Did I ever bring you back your ladder that you lent me a week ago?"  
"No; you certainly did not."  
"I'm sorry, for I just stopped in to borrow it again."

**When Mary's Lamb Grew Up.**  
Mary had a little lamb—  
But how that lamb has grown!  
Now Mary'd rather walk a mile  
Than face that lamb alone.

**Doing His Part.**  
"And so you have been getting married, Sam?"  
"Yes, sah, I dun got married."  
"And did you go on a honeymoon trip, Sam?"  
"What's dat, sah?"  
"Why a trip. Did you travel?"  
"Oh, yes, sah, I traveled."  
"Where did you go to, Sam?"  
"Why, I went to de neighbors' houses fo' de washin' what my wife was to do, sah."—Yonkers Statesman.

**At the Post Office.**  
Sweet Little Maiden—Is there a letter for me?  
Post Office Clerk—Who's me?  
Sweet Little Maiden—I'm Gladys Cummin.  
Post Office Clerk—Yes, I dare say you're glad he's coming; but what's your name?  
Sweet Little Maiden—How dare you? My name is Gladys Cummin.  
Post Office Clerk—Oh—oh—I beg your pardon.—Pearson's Weekly.

**Safe and Sane.**  
"How long have you had your car?"  
"About one year."  
"Have you ever broken the speed laws?"  
"Never."  
"What kind of a motorist are you, anyway?"  
"The kind who is consistently ignored by joke writers and police court reporters."

**Unjust Conviction.**  
When the burglar was held before the judge, charged with attempted larceny for the theft of a pair of shoes the judge fined him \$10.  
"But, judge," remonstrated the crook, "that's an awful fine; they didn't fit."

### THE TRUTH



The Reformer—First we must get all the discordant elements eliminated from the party.  
The Practical Politician—Then you wouldn't have any party left.

**A Fortune.**  
If Mary lived today and led Her little lamb to school,  
Instead of to the butchers, why,  
We'd think she was a fool.

**Mean Comment.**  
"What do you think Mr. Blunt said to Miss Oldgirl when she remarked she would prefer to be a spring bride?"  
"What did he say?"  
"That he advised her to select April 1 for any date of the kind, for it would be such a good joke on the man."

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY FOR WEYMOUTH

Two-line cards inserted for 25 cents per month in advance, when ordered for four months. Less than ONE CENT FOR EACH BUSINESS DAY. Cards may be listed under different headings in this directory.

- AUCTIONEER.**  
W. P. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
738 Broad Street. Phone Wey. 279-J
- AUTOS.**  
R. E. Litchfield, Hingham.  
Ford Agent. Phone, Hingham 5130 R  
Max Stenberg, Hingham  
Hersey St. Phone, Hingham 220
- AUTO REPAIRING.**  
Is there a Garage that repairs?  
**AUTO PAINTING.**  
G. W. Walsh, Weymouth  
72 Commercial Street, near Depot
- AUTO SUPPLIES.**  
Leave Bros., East Weymouth  
698 Broad St. Phone 681-J  
Louis H. Ellis, South Weymouth  
160 Main St. Phone, Wey. 581 W
- BAKERY.**  
George Schraut, Washington Square.  
Up-to-date bakery. Braintree 111-J
- BLACKSMITH.**  
Is there one in town?  
**BOWLING ALLEYS.**  
Wardwell's Alleys, Quincy  
1506 Hancock St. Phone, Quincy 72362
- BUILDING MOVER.**  
Does anybody move buildings?  
**CARPENTERS.**  
James P. Haddie, East Weymouth  
46 Snawmut St. Phone, Wey. 255 W  
Hayward Bros., East Braintree  
Quincy Ave. P. O. address, Weymouth  
H. C. Thompson, East Weymouth  
592 Broad St. Phone, Wey. 294 W  
George M. Keene, East Weymouth  
16 Fairmont Ave. Phone, Wey. 92 M
- CARPET CLEANING.**  
Eastern Rug Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 1827 M
- CATERERS.**  
I can't find one?  
**CIVIL ENGINEERS.**  
Russell H. Whiting, North Weymouth  
53 Sq. St. Telephone, Wey. 104 R
- CLOTHING.**  
Joyce Bros., Quincy  
1315 Granite St. Telephone
- COAL AND WOOD.**  
Emerson Coal and Grain Co.  
East Weymouth. Tel. Wey. 470  
J. F. Sheppard & Sons, Inc.  
East Braintree. Tel. Braintree 25  
A. J. Richards & Son, Weymouth  
Commercial St. Phone, Wey. 51  
Charles T. Leavitt, East Weymouth  
Wharf St. Telephone, Wey. 19  
J. F. & W. H. Cushing Co., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 206 W
- CO-OPERATIVE BANK.**  
South Shore Co-operative Bank  
50 Commercial St. Open daily
- DENTISTS.**  
Dr. T. J. King, Quincy  
1365 Hancock St. Phone Quincy 2678 J
- DRUGGIST.**  
Charles C. Hearn, North Weymouth  
312 Bridge St. Telephone
- ELECTRICIANS.**  
Blanchard & Allen, South Weymouth  
18 Columbia Square. Phone 561-W
- EXPRESS.**  
J. K. Ruggles  
Boston and East Weymouth
- FLORISTS.**  
A. A. Spear & Son, East Weymouth  
822 Broad St. Telephone Connection
- FURNITURE.**  
Ford Furniture Co., East Weymouth  
Broad St. Telephone, Wey. 872 M  
Henry L. Kincaid & Co., Quincy  
1495 Hancock St. Phone Quincy, 1200  
W. G. Shaw, Quincy  
Washington St. Phone, Quincy 77
- GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS.**  
W. M. Tirrell, East Weymouth  
771 Broad St. Phone, Weymouth 66  
E. P. White, Weymouth  
Washington Street. Tel. Wey. 397-J  
C. R. Denbroeder, East Weymouth  
Broad St. Telephone, Wey. 137 M  
George W. Jones, Quincy  
1 Granite St. Phone, Quincy, 555 W
- GAS AND GAS SUPPLIES.**  
Old Colony Gas Co., Quincy Avenue  
Telephone, Braintree 310
- GASOLENE.**  
Who sells it?  
**GROCERIES.**  
Hunts Market, Weymouth  
Washington Sq. Telephone, Wey. 152  
Bates & Humphrey, Weymouth Centre  
Broad St. Telephone, Wey. 296
- HAIR DRESSERS.**  
Must I go to Quincy?  
**HARDWARE.**  
A. J. Sidlinger, North Weymouth  
24 So. St. Telephone Wey. 106 M  
J. H. Murray, East Weymouth  
759 Broad St. Telephone, Wey. 272 J  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington Sq. Telephone, Wey. 307 M
- HARNESS REPAIRING.**  
Must one go to Quincy?

- INSURANCE.**  
A. E. Jordan & Co. (Est. 1870) Weymouth  
Oldest Insurance Agency on South Shore  
37 Washington Sq. Phone day or night  
Irving W. Morgan, North Weymouth  
28 Standish Road. Tel. 718-M  
A. E. Barnes & Co., South Weymouth  
Columbian Sq. Telephone, Wey. 2164 J  
C. H. Chubbuck, Jr., East Weymouth  
Telephone, Wey. 140 W  
H. Franklin Perry, Weymouth  
104 Front St. Telephone, Wey. 511 M  
Laura E. Brown, North Weymouth  
(Estate of Edward Brown) Tel. Com.
- JEWELER.**  
John Neilson, 729 Broad Street  
Columbian Square, South Weymouth
- JOB PRINTING.**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial St. Telephone, Wey 145
- JUNK DEALER.**  
M. Lipschitz, North Weymouth  
66 Norton Street. Tel. Wey. 813 M
- KODAKS.**  
Does anyone sell Kodaks?  
**LAWYERS.**  
None in town probably.
- LAUNDRIES.**  
Monarch Wet Wash, East Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 530
- LENDING LIBRARY.**  
C. H. Smith, Weymouth  
Washington Square. Tel. Weymouth 474
- LIGHT AND POWER.**  
Weymouth Light and Power Co.  
Jackson Sq. Telephone, Wey. 62 W
- MUSIC TEACHERS.**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
24 Off Common street
- MOVING PICTURES.**  
Odd Fellows Hall, East Weymouth  
Wednesdays and Saturdays  
Bates Opera House, Weymouth  
Washington square  
New Orleans, South Weymouth  
Pleasant street  
Kincaid Theatre, Quincy  
Every Afternoon and Evening  
Alhambra Theatre, Quincy  
Every Afternoon and Evening
- NEWSPAPERS.**  
Weymouth Gazette and Transcript  
Washington Sq. Phone, Wey. 145
- NURSES.**  
Did you say, none in town?  
**PHOTOGRAPHERS.**  
Sue Rice Studio, Quincy  
1522 Hancock St. Phone Quincy 565-W
- PIANO LESSONS.**  
Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth  
Off Common St.
- PIANO TUNER.**  
Herbert A. Hayden, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy, 1827 W
- PLUMBERS.**  
F. S. Hobart, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 307-M  
Roy O. Marin, Weymouth  
Washington square. Tel. Wey. 103 R  
Joseph Crehan, Weymouth  
11 Foye Avenue. Phone 267 M  
W. H. Farrar & Co., East Weymouth  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square
- PRINTING.**  
Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth  
52 Commercial St. Telephone, Wey. 145
- REAL ESTATE.**  
Russell B. Worster, Weymouth  
Washington Sq. Phone, Wey. 79 W  
Henry W. Savage, Boston  
129 Tremont St. Tel. Oxford 4420
- RESTAURANTS.**  
Where can I lunch?  
**SAVINGS BANKS.**  
Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 130  
East Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 46  
South Weymouth Savings Bank  
Telephone, Weymouth 103
- SHOE REPAIRING.**  
All too busy to advertise.
- STORAGE.**  
Charles W. Joy, East Weymouth  
59 Middle St. near Broad
- TAILORS.**  
W. S. Stellar, So. Weymouth. Ladies & Gentle-  
men's Custom Work. 24 Pleasant street
- TEAMING.**  
Does anybody want my teaming?
- TRUST COMPANIES.**  
Weymouth Trust Co., So. Weymouth  
Columbian Sq. Phone, Wey. 67.  
Quincy Trust Company, Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2035  
Hingham Trust Co., Hingham  
Telephone, Hingham 24  
Granite Trust Co., Quincy  
Telephone, Quincy 2500
- UNDERTAKERS.**  
W. J. Dunbar & Son, East Weymouth  
802 Broad Street. Phone Wey. 93.  
D. H. Clancy, Weymouth  
4 Richmond Street. Tel. Wey. 814-W  
Calvin G. Shepherd, South Weymouth  
134 Pleasant Street. Telephone
- UPHOLSTERER.**  
M. Mirkin, Quincy  
1022 Hancock St. Phone, Quincy 514-W

# 16 Pages Today

## Weymouth Temperature.

	6 A. M.	12 M.	6 P. M.
Friday, Mar. 18	37	37	43
Saturday	35	45	42
Sunday	33	24	21
Monday	13	29	30
Tuesday	31	42	45
Wednesday	42	49	50
Thursday	37	34	35
Friday	30	—	—



—Mrs. Fannie Mayberry, widow of Dr. Edwin W. Mayberry, died at the Clifton Spring Sanitarium, N. Y., Monday. Funeral services were held this morning at the Old South church. Rev. Ora A. Price and Rev. H. C. Alvord officiated. Burial at Mt. Hope cemetery.

—The regular monthly supper of the Ladies' Social Circle connected with the Second Universalist church, will be given in the church vestry Thursday evening, March 21, at 6.30 o'clock. Mrs. Charles Stetson is in charge of the supper committee. The entertainment offering will be "Hiram Jones' Bet," with Mrs. Abbie Gibson, Mrs. Elbert Ford and Howard H. Joy making up the cast.

—A personal appeal is made this week to every voter in South Weymouth to become a regular reader of the Gazette and Transcript. Twenty to thirty columns of local news every week and regular features no one should miss. And every week something new.

—Mrs. Warren Davis is ill at her home off Main street.

—Fred Pilbrick has enlisted in the Engineer Corps as an electrician and will leave at once for Philadelphia.

—Dwight Marden left Tuesday for Texas, having enlisted in the Aviation Corps.

—The Tuesday Evening whist club met Friday evening with Mrs. Frank Thomas. Honors were taken by Mrs. Josiah Prescott and Mrs. Robert Dudley.

—George Crowther of Stoughton has taken up residence with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Crowther, of Main street.

—Word has been received from Alfred Thomas, who is now in France. He is reported as being in the best of health.

—Miss Helen Halligan is ill with bronchitis.

—The Ladies' Auxiliary to the Pond Plain Improvement Association held a regular meeting at Pond Plain hall Tuesday evening. Miss Sarah Brassill gave an interesting lecture on birds. Hester Swan rendered several pleasing vocal solos, accompanied by Mrs. Leland P. Winchenbach. At the meeting which followed Mrs. George W. Bennett resigned as president, and Mrs. Guy Harte was chosen to fill the vacancy.

—Miss Julia Kohler has accepted a position with a Boston firm.

—Frank Marden has sold his home on Randolph street to Daniel Sullivan of Dorchester.

—Private Wally Wilbur of Camp Devens spent Sunday in town.

—Jane T. Clark Mission Circle met Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Grace Sargent.

—Leon Bennet of the U. S. Naval Reserve is stationed at Rockland, Maine, instead of Rutland, Me., as stated in last week's issue.

—Miss Doris Hadley entertained friends from Watertown over the week-end.

—The Misses Bernice and Arlette Malenfant were agreeably surprised at their home on Main street by a number of their friends. The evening was spent with games and music. Refreshments were served.

—William Hiffe has enlisted in the Aviation Corps, and expects to leave next week for foreign waters.

—The Wissetuckon Camp Fire Girls will meet tonight at the home of Miss Alice Gay.

—Private Leo Madden of Camp Devens spent the week-end in town.

—Samuel Robinson and family have moved into the Jackson place on Main street.

—Miss Blanch Howe is enjoying a two weeks' vacation from the Westboro State Hospital.

—Mrs. A. S. Marsh is improving from her recent illness.

—Kenneth Holbrook has enlisted in the engineering corps, and is located at Fort Slocum, New York.

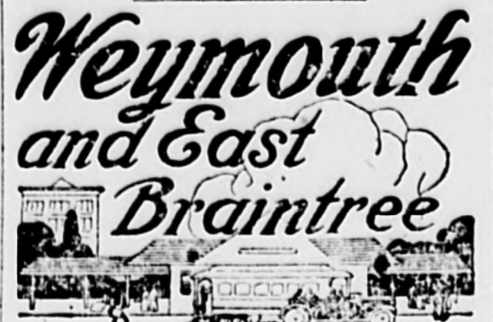
—Frank Marden has purchased the

Thomas estate on Pond street, which he will occupy at once.

—Mrs. A. O. Crawford entertained the Old South Mission Circle at her home on Central street Friday afternoon. Miss Juliet Gilson of Mt. Saline, Africa addressed the meeting.

—Poster L. Bannister, aged 77 years, died at his home on Main street March 7. Funeral services were held at his home on Sunday, conducted by Rev. Henry C. Alvord. The pallbearers were members of the Sons of Veterans. Burial was at Lake View cemetery. Mr. Bannister was a Civil War veteran. He leaves a son, Herbert L., of Providence, R. I., two daughters, Mrs. Ebra M. Brown of Lynn, and Mrs. Inez Lemay of Fitchburg, a brother, Frank Bannister, and a sister, Mrs. Jennie Hyde of Marlboro.

—South Weymouth news for the Gazette and Transcript may be left at the news stand of N. E. Williams or with F. J. Brabston, 28 Pleasant street, where it will be collected every morning at 7 o'clock. News should reach the office Thursday morning if possible. Only important news on Friday.



—Ellwood Gerald has resigned his position at Oliver's news depot to accept a position at the Fore River ship yard, and George Connors has taken the position.

—Charles O'Connor, who was called here by the death of his brother, John W. O'Connor, has returned to his home in Chicago, Ill.

—The body of Mrs. Josephine P. Caldwell of 336 Front street was taken to Worcester on Saturday and interred in the family lot at Hope cemetery in that city.

—Joseph Topaz, the Lincoln square tailor, has recovered from his recent illness and is back at his place of business.

—The Special Aid Society has moved into the rooms in the Public Library building recently vacated by G. R. Kempl.

—G. R. Kempl has made a great improvement in the building he is now occupying, but it will take some time to get it as he wants it.

—The annual meeting of the Unity Circle of King's Daughters was held with Mrs. C. E. Hill, Liberty street, East Braintree, and the following officers elected: President, Mrs. J. H. Walsh. Vice president, Mrs. W. B. Clapp. Secretary, Mrs. Arthur B. Bryant. Treasurer, Mrs. Paul Garvin.

—James Curley has moved into the house on Tremont street formerly occupied by the late Mrs. Howard Poole, and Frederick Fryer is to move into the house on the same street vacated by Mr. Curley.

—Motorman James B. Ford of the street railway, who has been off duty for the past few months, the result of an accident, and who since coming out of the hospital has been stopping with his daughter in Somerville, is now fully recovered and will take his car again a week from Sunday.

—Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

—Eli W. Chase died suddenly of heart disease at his home in Brockton on Saturday. His brother-in-law, Charles W. Rice, died suddenly at the Odd Fellows lodge room two days before. The bodies of both men were brought here Monday and interred in the family lot at Village cemetery. Mr. Chase was born in North Waterbury, Me., Oct. 31, 1845. He enlisted in the Civil War at the age of 16. He served four years and was in Ford theatre at the time President Abraham Lincoln was assassinated, and often told of his experiences on that night. After the war he came to Weymouth and was for years messenger for Baker's express, and later ran the stationary engine at Sheppard's wharf in East Braintree. From there he went to Brockton where he was engineer in shoe factories and resided up to the time of his death. Less than six months ago, Mr. Chase's wife, Myra C., died and he had been falling since that time.

—The many friends of Patrick E. Corridan of the Board of Registrars of Voters will be pleased to learn that he has almost wholly recovered from his severe illness of pneumonia, and will be out as soon as the weather is favorable.

—Miss Mary Donovan, daughter of the late Michael Donovan, died at Foxboro on Wednesday. She was born and for years lived in this town. She is survived by two brothers, William and Henry Donovan of New York. The body will be brought here today for interment in the family lot in St. Francis cemetery.



—A. J. Sidelinger was appointed a committee to receive donations of money for the Armenian and Syrian sufferers and any donation sent to him will be welcomed.

—George Manuel has accepted the position of janitor at the Pilgrim church.

—The premium list at the Weymouth Fair of 1918 is continued this week on page 13, and the banquet of the Old Colony Driving Club is reported in another column.

—Dr. W. A. Drake is recovering from a serious illness.

—The Mary Thomas Bible Class met Tuesday with Mrs. John Cushing.

—The Ladies' Sewing Circle met Wednesday with basket lunch at noon.

—The Pilgrim church, in response to the call from the Selectmen for a donation for the Belgians, sent \$25.

—Word has been received by the relatives of Arthur Christie that he has arrived in France.

—The two houses on Bartlett street known as the "Clinton Loud" houses have been recently sold. The one previously occupied by Edward Stone was sold to William Delorey of Bridge street, who will soon take possession. The one now occupied by Frank Hawkes was sold to William Stevens of Newton street, who will move there on May 1.

—The King Cove Ladies' Auxiliary held an all-day meeting on Tuesday with Mrs. Agnes Abbott at her home in East Weymouth.

—Mrs. Olive Cushing is convalescing from a recent severe illness.

—Everett Williams has entered the service in the ordnance department, leaving this week for Fort Slocum and then to Washington.

—Percy Miller is in the hospital at Ayer for the second time this winter. He is affected with swollen glands of the throat.

—Mrs. George Clark is improving from her recent illness.

—Mrs. Mary E. Chase is in Lynn for a couple of weeks.

—Truman Marr has been ill the past two weeks with rheumatism.

—Mr. Nutting and family have moved into the Aiken house on Morrill street, recently occupied by the Campbells.

—Charles Cote of Brockton was the guest of J. P. Holbrook last Sunday.

—Miss Mildred Leighton was the guest of her parents on Tuesday.

—Mr. and Mrs. William Tyler and Mrs. Carleton Tyler spent Sunday with relatives in Braintree.

—Mrs. C. C. Howland of Roxbury and Mrs. J. P. Holbrook were the guests of Dr. Carrie M. Cox of Massachusetts Chambers on Monday.

—A new barber shop has been opened in the Bicknell square block during the past week.

—The Ward One Special Aid met yesterday with a good attendance. What one woman can do, others can do—and this giving of Thursday for Special Aid work is only a matter of whether one wishes to do it or not. If one has the will, the rest is easy. And who can give good reasons for not wishing to help win the war? Next Thursday afternoon at 1.30 the surgical dressings class meets. There is room for all and need for all to take hold.

—A son was born on Feb. 28 to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Petersen of North street.

—Mrs. Carleton Tyler injured her hand quite seriously this week in opening a glass jar.

—The annual parish meeting of the Third Universalist parish will be held next Tuesday evening in the vestry parlor.

—Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

—Sidney P. Bates passed away Sunday, March 10, at his home on Pearl street, after a long illness. Mr. Bates was born in East Weymouth in the year 1852, and was the son of the late Francis B. and Mary H. Bates. When his wife died and left him with a young son, he brought the son to Mrs. David French in North Weymouth, who became a mother to him in every sense of the word, and with whom he lived until a few years ago, when as Dr. Lewis R. Bates he accepted a position in Panama. For a good many years Sidney Bates has made his home with Mrs. French. Funeral services were held at his late home on Tuesday afternoon at 2.30 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Charles Clark of the Pilgrim church. Miss

Bessie Bates sang two selections. The bearers were A. W. Bartlett, S. A. Pratt, James Lincoln and J. P. Holbrook. Burial was at the North Weymouth cemetery.

—Frank L. Spear has sold his barn and land on the easterly side of Pearl street.

## LATEST!

### AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

Early last evening an automobile driven by Frank G. Preston of 6 Faneuil Chambers, Brighton, skidded across Bridge street near the West-sagusset Club and struck a telephone pole, wrecking the machine and slightly injuring Preston and three companions, Francis A. Slater, address unknown; Miss Margaret McGuire, 1760 Main street, Woburn, and Miss Ethel Bradshaw, 2 Arlington street, Boston.

Miss McGuire was thrown through the windshield to the sidewalk. She was cut on the forehead and a leg was wrenched, but she was able to walk to the home of J. H. Pitts on Bridge street, later leaving for Boston with Miss Bradshaw in an auto rented from Charles Hollis of Weymouth.

Preston was arrested by Officer George Nash and today appeared in the Quincy District Court charged with operating an automobile while under the influence of liquor.

### Nash's Corner And Main Street

—Mr. Joyce of Middle street, who is working for the government at Bath, Maine, is home on a few days' vacation.

—The C. M. C. met Thursday with Annie Horace of Derby street.

—Mrs. Raymond Perkins, who has been employed at the laundry for several years, has left to take a position at the Stetson shoe factory.

—Mrs. Moody has resumed her duties at the laundry after having recovered from a severe cold.

—Leo Madden was home from Camp Devens on a short furlough last week.

—Margaret Desmond has accepted a position in the National Shawmut bank of Boston.

—James McBride is confined to the house with a slight attack of the grippe.

—The funeral of Mrs. Mayberry, who died at the Clifton Sanitarium this week, took place Friday morning at the Old South church at 11 o'clock. Services were conducted by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Alvord.

—Mr. McLaughlin of Braintree has accepted the position of engineer at the Stetson shoe factory.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Clapp of Avon, former residents of South Weymouth, are the parents of a son.

—Mrs. Southworth and Mrs. Griffith of Carver are visiting Mrs. Hawkes.

—Mrs. E. P. Kelley has returned from a visit to the Cape.

—Mrs. F. D. Lilley has been entertaining her daughter-in-law from Kittery, Maine, for the past week.

—Several residents of "the Corner" attended the banquet of the Old Colony Driving Club at Rockland on Tuesday evening.

—Mrs. Ernest Thayer of Front street captured first prize at the whist party held at Odd Fellows hall last week.

—At the whist party held at the home of Mrs. George Abbott, East Weymouth, Tuesday afternoon, Mrs. N. C. Nash of Nash Corner carried off first prize.

—Little Gerard Heffernan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Heffernan, is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

—Letters received from David Blanchard at Cornell School of Aviation, N. Y., say the weather is fine there, and he is enjoying the life very much.

—The Georgian Club met Thursday evening at Margaret Desmond's.

—Arthur Brackett is slowly recovering from his recent illness.

—Florence Shurliff spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Irving Smith of Torrey street.

### DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS

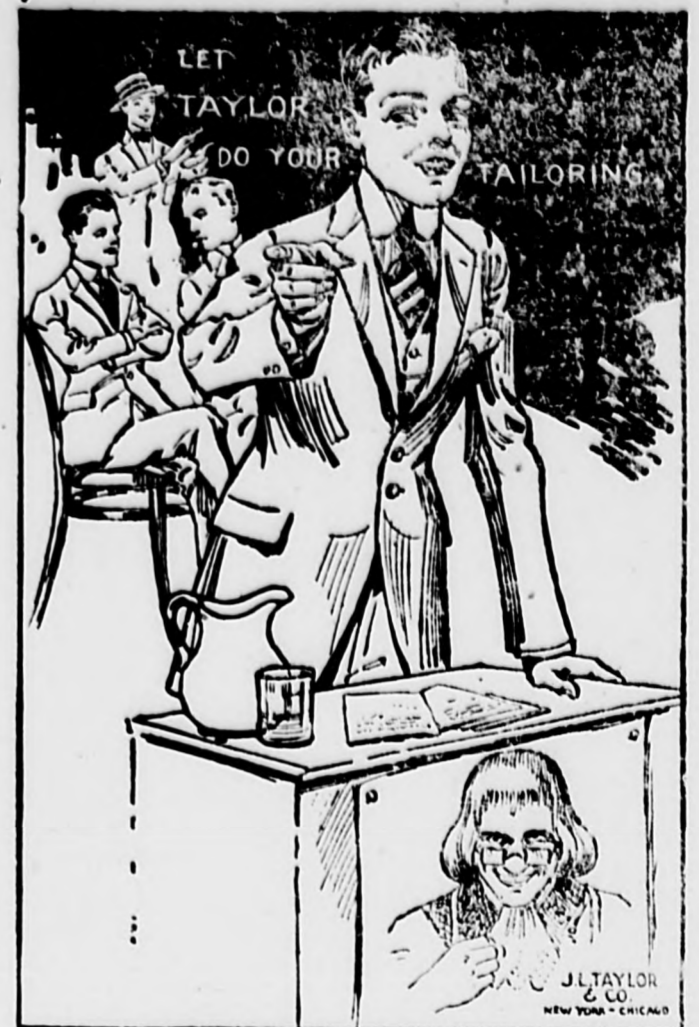
The next meeting of the Tent Sewing Circle will be held with Sister Blanche Brizes, Raymond street, Thursday afternoon, March 21. Basket lunch, coffee to be served. The regular tent meeting will be held at the home of Sister Mabel Ford, Raymond street, Thursday evening, March 21 at 7.45 o'clock.

—No doubt a all last evening about the thunder storm—several flashes of vivid lightning, rolls of thunder and rain. A variety of weather this week.

—Andrew S. Johnson of Wollaston well known by Weymouth Odd Fellows, has been appointed grand sentinel of the Grand Encampment.

—Too much news this week, and almost too many big ads. But we will try to accommodate all that come.

# New Clothes For Easter



Don't wait until somebody else has taken the one you want.

Easter comes March 31.

"EVERYTHING MAN WEARS"

## C. R. DENBROEDER

750 Broad Street, East Weymouth.

# Barley Popovers

Chinaman's Recipe

You take him one egg, one lit cup milk, you fixee him one cup Barley flour on sieve. Take pinch salt, you not put him in lump. You move him egg, lit bit slow. You put him milk in all time move. You makee him flour go in not move fast, so have no spots.

Makee but'led pan, all same warm, not too hot. Put'lee him in oven. Now you mind your business. No likee woman, run look at him all time. Him done all same time biscuit.

We have the Barley and all the other Substitutes.

# Hunt's Market Grocery

Telephones 551-W and 152

HOW YOU CAN SAVE

One ton of coal Ten dollars and A Doctor's bill

and be

Happy Warm Cheerful and Comfortable

USE GAS FOR

Heating Cooking Water Heating and Lighting

## Old Colony Gas Co.

Ask our representative to call

Call

Braintree 310

Whitman 200

Rockland 360

# SEEDS

WE have a limited quantity of 56 varieties of bulk garden seed.

In former years we could re-order seeds. This spring it will be—First come, first served.

WE guarantee our stock to be—The best selected seed that money can buy.

Try us this year. You will receive better service and prices than at the Boston stores.

## J. H. MURRAY

HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS

157 Broad St. Telephone Connection East Weymouth, Mass.

# CLUB and SOCIAL

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Monroe on Mill street was the scene of a pretty home wedding last Friday evening, when their daughter, Florence Geneve, was married to G. Ralph Young, son of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Young of East Weymouth. The couple stood under an arch of white chrysanthemums and were united by the Rev. H. C. Alvord, in the presence of the immediate relatives of the parties. They were attended by Miss Elsie Monroe, sister of the bride, and Harold Burgoyne, cousin of the groom. The bride wore pale yellow satin and carried sweet peas. Among the many presents bestowed upon them was a rose point lace handkerchief which the bride carried; formerly the property of the mother of the famous composer, Mrs. H. H. A. Beach of Boston. The ceremony was followed by music and refreshments, after which the couple departed in a shower of confetti. They will reside at 456 East street, East Weymouth.

Miss Rita Page, and Miss Rose Page attended the annual celebrations of the sorority to which they belong at Bridgewater Normal school last week.

At the regular meeting of the Weymouth Catholic Club, Monday evening, its members and guests were delightfully entertained by Miss Marguerite Murphy of South Braintree, a soprano soloist, and John S. Nolan of Boston, impersonator. Mr. Nolan presented many character delineations, told dialect stories and sang folk songs. The committee for the meeting consisted of Mrs. Joseph Fern, Mrs. Peter Hughes and Mrs. William Trask.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Graves returned to their home on Bridge street this week after spending the winter months in Roxbury.

The many friends of Miss Isabelle R. Auld will be interested to learn of her marriage on Friday evening, March 8, in the Temple Baptist church, Los Angeles, Cal., to Herbert Kessel of that place. Miss Auld has been living with her sister, Mrs. Philip H. Kessel of 13 Grant street, East Weymouth, and made the trip from coast to coast to marry Mr. Kessel's brother.

A fine concert was given Thursday evening, March 7, under the auspices of the South Shore Morning Musical Club. Mr. Kochler the baritone, was in fine voice and the music by the Caroline Belcher trio was of high order. The weather was not all that could be desired, but there was a fair-sized audience present.

The next meeting of the Monday Club to be held in Odd Fellows hall, East Weymouth, next Monday afternoon, March 18, promises to be the best of the season. The dramatic company of the Quincy Women's Club will give "Eliza's Come to Stay," a comedy in three acts.

Selectman Newton left yesterday for Burlington, Vermont, for a visit of a week or two with his son.

Uncle Sam Wants you to save wheat. To show you the best way to use wheat substitutes, he invites you to Fogg Opera house, Thursday, March 21, at 2.30. Mrs. Robert Hoffman will give the demonstration lecture and the new government recipes will be distributed. Very woman in the village is invited. Prove your patriotism by enlisting as a kitchen soldier.

Persons interested in the making of fine shoes had a "Weymouth Night" at South Weymouth Tuesday evening, with Henry S. Stowers presiding. There was a general discussion on "What Can Weymouth Learn from the Norwood Plan of Conducting Town Affairs?" Irwin B. H. Hawes read a paper on "Important Items of the Town Warrant and What They Mean to Weymouth People"; Charles T. Heald a paper on "How Weymouth Helped the Country in Past Wars and What it is Doing in the Present Crisis," and C. F. Vinson, a paper on "The Importance of the Manufacturing Concern to the Place in Which it is Located."

At the annual meeting of the Weymouth Teachers' Association held at the Jefferson School, East Weymouth, on Tuesday, March 12, the following officers were appointed for the ensuing year: Miss Katherine C. Fogarty, president; George F. Hopkins, vice president; Miss Annie A. Fraher, secretary-treasurer; Frederick W. Hilton, Charles Y. Berry and Miss Irene A. Fraser, directors. Miss Katherine C. Fogarty and Miss Annie A. Fraher were appointed delegates to the State Federation of Teachers which holds its sessions at Riverbank court, Cambridge. To the various committees associated with the Federation; the following were appointed: Frederick W. Hilton, legislation; Miss Marguerite A. Connor, curriculum; Miss Elizabeth Egan, salaries; Miss Annie A. Fraher, editorial.

Mrs. Charles C. Handy entertained the Golden Rule Circle of King's Daughters connected with the East Weymouth Congregational church at her home on Broad street, East Weymouth, Tuesday. The special work session was for the Red Cross.

The annual meeting of the Children's Library Society was held on Wednesday. The treasurer's report showed that \$94.44 had been raised during the year and \$40 given to both the Fogg Library and the South Weymouth Special Aid Society for American Preparedness. Five dollars of this were the gift of Mrs. Fred D. Lantz of Springfield, and the rest was raised or given by the club members. Word was received at this meeting that the first archaic made by the club had been sent to the Queen of Italy. The following officers were chosen: President, Frances Tirrell. First vice president, Martha Vinick. Second vice president, Grace Baker. Secretary, Miriam Hollis. Treasurer, Ellen Stowers.

The Union Literary Circle of Weymouth Landing held a meeting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Crane Tuesday evening. Rev. William Hyde read a paper on "Concord and Lexington," and Mrs. Crane a paper on "Alsace-Lorraine."

Mrs. J. C. Nash is hostess to a family dinner party today the guests present being Mrs. Archibald Grassick and two children of Quincy, Mrs. D. J. Pierce and Mrs. Albert Jewel of Weymouth, Mrs. Henry Clapp of Quincy and Mrs. Charles Hayward of Hingham.

On Wednesday evening a few friends tendered Florence G. Monroe a linen shower in event of her coming marriage. Useful and dainty gifts were received by the bride-elect and a pleasant evening of music and refreshments was enjoyed by those present.

The whist party held at Pythian hall by the Lady Foresters, Wednesday evening, March 13, was a great success. The prizes were won by Mrs. Gerald of South Weymouth, John Langford, Henry Dwyer, James McCarthy and Henry Keefe of Weymouth Landing.

Mrs. J. Homer Slutz and daughter, Glenda, are visiting friends in East Providence, while Mr. Slutz is booming the titling campaign in and around Providence.

The Locust Ledge Tennis Club held its third annual meeting at the home of Edward L. Harris, Webb street, Saturday night, March 9. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: E. R. Farrington, president; George Miller, secretary and treasurer, and Miss Agnes Locke, third member of the executive board.

The Bridge whist club met Monday evening at the home of Miss Mary Cushing. Honors were taken by Mrs. Percy Sargent and Mrs. Ernest Bowker.

A three days' convention of the Catholic women of Boston and a food thrift exhibit will be held in Cathedral hall, Boston, beginning next Tuesday from 1 o'clock to 6 every afternoon. The exhibition will be formally opened on Tuesday at 2 o'clock by Mgr. M. J. Splaine. At 3 o'clock each day a talk on "Foods" will be given by Mrs. Charles E. Mongan. On Wednesday afternoon Cardinal O'Connell will address the convention. The affair is held under the auspices of the Catholic Women's Committee on Food Conservation, of which Mrs. Mary A. Barr is chairman.

## SASAP

**SOUTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH**  
The Red Cross box prepared this week by the South Weymouth branch of the Special Aid Society contained 42 property bags, 18 soldiers' kits, 6 dresses, 1 bandage, 2 helpless shirts,

1 pair hospital shoes and 5 pairs drawers. The children of South Weymouth have recently made 25 scrap books under the direction of Mrs. Frank Hanson. The books are made of brown paper and filled with clippings from the papers and magazines and puzzles made from picture post cards. They are sent to the Red Cross headquarters and from there distributed to various hospitals where they serve to amuse sick and convalescent soldiers.

A Food Conservation demonstration is to be held in Horticultural hall, Boston, the first two weeks in April, and the Special Aid Society has been granted the privilege of serving a canteen supper each night from 5 to 8. Weymouth's day is Wednesday, April 10, when members of the four Weymouth branches will serve at the canteen. It is hoped that Weymouth people will plan to visit the exhibition on that day and to visit the Special Aid booth where they will find their friends in attendance.

**EAST WEYMOUTH BRANCH**  
This week Monday finished the lessons in "Conservation and Substitution" and those who attended learned many new ways of using the foods which we are asked to use. Mrs. Hoffman has given the subject much study and time and it is hoped that each one who has attended the classes will be as enthusiastic in passing on what she has learned.

All other branches of the work are being carried on by willing hands. More and more helpers are coming forward to work but without money the work must stop. So far the society has kept its work and money balanced but as the work grows and the war comes nearer we need more and more money.

The Ways and Means committee wish to thank all who are contributing to the Systematic Giving. For January the sum of \$140.50 was collected and for February approximately the same sum and all are very grateful for this much aid.

Perhaps some have not realized, as yet, how the bills for wool, sewing materials and surgical dressings mount up. For instance, we have been making coarse sheeting chemises for the Belgian orphans and each pitiful little garment costs twenty-five cents! No one minds how much you give or how often, but the systematic giving is the best way for many. If you have not been asked personally to contribute 10 cents a week to this fund won't you consider this appeal as a personal invitation to you to give? If you will send your name to Mrs. F. V. Gary, chairman, or to any one on the committee you may rest assured your money will be collected. Let us all "do our bit" here as elsewhere.

"Go just as far as you can go, do all that you can do; Be sure you've done your best the part that's been assigned to you. Help in all ways to free the world from war and flame and hate. Do thus your "bit," go on head up, and keep your smile on straight." The society wishes to acknowledge with many thanks the contribution of \$5.00 toward surgical dressings sent in by the children of the 7th grade of the James Humphrey school. Collection was taken in only two weeks' time, and we appreciate their efforts very much. We will welcome the girls of the 7th, 8th and 9th grades as well as the High school girls in our Thursday afternoon surgical dressings class. The treasure and trinket collection will continue during March.

**WARD THREE BRANCH**  
The weekly business meeting was held on Thursday evening at the new headquarters in Tufts Library building, where there will be ample room to keep the tables spread ready for work. The committee having charge of surgical dressings report splendid progress. They have been assisted by the Junior department, who are proving good helpers. The Outlook committee reported having fitted out two boys. They also reported that Arthur Davis had been promoted to the office of sergeant. A letter was also read from Dennis A. Maloney, who is a corporal. The committee who are collecting contributions for the service report the average amount to be \$300 per month. Wool committee say the women have sent in large numbers of socks. One woman has knit 50 pairs, another 39 pairs and one other 25 pairs, while many others have contributed a good number. The last all-day sewing meetings have turned out about 50 money belts which have been needed. It is hoped to provide all the Weymouth boys with these and a lieutenant from the Hingham camp has asked for 150 of them for the boys there. This branch has been represented by a good class who have listened to a series of talks upon substitution of foods and are prepared to teach the same. A delegation from this society have promised to help in the arrangements for the supper to be given in Horticultural hall, Boston, by the Herald Newspaper Co. some time in April. This department is regularly increasing in number.

### ELECTRICITY is an All-Year-Round Help

Its many comforts and conveniences are always in season. It helps in a hundred ways to pull through the long winter months. And in summer it offers as many reliefs from the hot weather. In the saving of labor, conservation of food, economizing of time and effort, ELECTRICITY plays such a wonderful part that no home can be at its best without it. This is true of the most humble cottage or the mansion. Let us show you how Electricity more than earns every cent of its cost. Write or phone today.

**WEYMOUTH LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY**  
Jackson Square East Weymouth, Mass. Phone 62-W  
J. E. MULLIGAN, New-Business Manager.

## WEYMOUTH HEIGHTS

Miss Mildred Hunt of Boston spent Saturday and Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Hermann of East Commercial street.

Miss Edith Bates has returned to her home on King Oak hill after stopping with Mrs. Mary Cushing of East Weymouth the past winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald, formerly of East Weymouth, have moved into an apartment on Union avenue.

Wallace Bicknell of King Oak hill is slowly recovering from his recent illness.

The Young Ladies' Knitting Club of the Heights will meet with Miss Marion Lunt on Saturday evening.

Miss Laura Nash and Miss Eleanor Freeman have been ill with the measles.

Mrs. Parker T. Pearson enjoyed the company of her sister, Miss Mabel Kolloch and her mother of Medford over the week-end.

The Woman's Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. Elmer Lunt next Wednesday afternoon. Leader, Mrs. W. J. Sladen. A number of the ladies from this place attended a missionary meeting held at Braintree last Friday to consider questions relating to the forward movement in mission work, both home and foreign at the present time, and especially in the period after the great war is over.

Thirty-seven men attended the supper given by the Men's Goodwill-hip Club in the First church chapel last Wednesday evening. One of the speakers of the evening was Burgess H. Spinney of East Weymouth, who brought with him Representative Smith of Boston, a member of the committee appointed by the government to appraise the shipping on the Great Lakes. Mr. Smith spoke on the work in that connection. Mr. Stockwell, associated with the Dover Street Mission, was another speaker, who gave a very interesting talk. The annual meeting for the election of officers was postponed until the first Wednesday in April, and a nominating committee was appointed.

## CLAPP MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION

In the Ladies' bowling tournament last week Team 1, Miss Alice Howley, captain, won 2 points from Team 3, Mrs. Lottie McGrath, captain. Team 3 got one point. Miss Margaret Looney led with a single string of 90. Miss Alice Howley captured the two string total with 159. Team 4, Miss Nellie Looney, captain, took 3 points from Team 2, Miss Marion French, captain. Miss Nellie Looney led with a high single of 91 and tied with Mrs. Daisy Fabyan for the two string total with 169. The team standing is as follows: Team 3 has won 13 points. Team 4 has won 8 points. Team 2 has won 7 points. Team 1 has won 2 points.

Wrestling has taken on a much brighter aspect, as George Ovardjian (better known as Stone Hatchet) holder of the New England championship in the 135-lb class for the past two years, has returned to East Weymouth and will represent the Clapp Memorial at the coming New England championship. Wrestlers and boxers are training on Tuesday and Thursday nights. All those interested in either sport would do well to plan to come in on either one or both of these nights.

A new department—Weymouth 10 years ago, 20 years ago and 30 years ago—will be a regular feature of the Gazette after April 1, starting with important events of 1908, 1898 and 1888.

NOW is the time to get your **NEW CORSET** and have it fitted before buying Spring clothes. Models in both Front and Back Laced for every figure. Prices \$1.00 to \$12.50 To add to the fit and style of your gown wear a Brassiere—also properly fitted. PRICES 29c to \$3.50

### THE CORSET SHOP

S. E. DUNPHY 8 Maple Street, Quincy



### Report of the Condition of the Weymouth Trust Company of South Weymouth, Mass., at the close of business, March 4, 1918, as rendered to the Bank Commissioner.

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
U. S. and Mass. Bonds	\$26,100 00	Capital stock	\$100,000 00
Other stocks and bonds	116,499 04	Surplus fund	30,000 00
Loans on real estate	104,700 00	Undivided profits, less expenses, interest and taxes paid	8,434 68
Demand loans with collateral	16,828 72	Deposits	
Other demand loans	2,936 00	Subject to check	273,672 87
Time loans with collateral	49,981 40	For payment of	
Other time loans	55,406 41	Loan bonds	16,351 00
Overdrafts	39 66	Certified checks	190 84
Furniture and fixtures	4,000 00	Due to other banks	42,380 72
Other assets, Liberty Loan Bond	40,757 62	Dividends unpaid	42 50
Due from reserve banks	24,217 22	Other liabilities	500 00
Cash: Currency and specie	28,180 58		
Other cash items	1,925 96		
	\$471,572 61		\$471,572 61


For the last thirty days the average reserve carried was: currency and specie 9.84 per cent; deposited in reserve banks 9 per cent; U. S. and Mass. bonds 8.39 per cent.

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Public funds, bonds and notes	\$5,000 00	Deposits	\$31,353 70
Railroad bonds and notes	1,950 00	Interest, rents, etc., less current expenses	329 59
Street railway bonds	4,050 00		
Loans on real estate	12,400 00		
Loans on personal security	5,000 00		
Deposits in banks and trust companies	2,317 52		
Cash (currency and specie)	65 77		
	\$31,683 29		\$31,683 29

NORFOLK, ss. March 13, 1918  
Then personally appeared John H. Stetson, Treasurer, George L. Barnes President, and A. C. Heald, D. Frank Daly, Gordon Willis, Irvine Waterman directors of the Weymouth Trust Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement, by them subscribed, is true to the best of their knowledge and belief.  
Before me,  
FRED T. BARNES, Notary Public

## LOVELL'S CORNER

—Wednesday an all-day meeting of the Ladies' Aid was held at the home of Mrs. James Smith.  
—Wednesday evening under the direction of the Epworth League, the drama, "A Rank Deception," was given by Miss Edith Smith, Mrs. Harold Morse, Miss Caroline Leslie, Harold Morse, Roland Smith and Malcolm French. Music was furnished by an orchestra. Ice cream and corn-balls were on sale.  
—Oran Poole has accepted a position with George Moore.  
—Tuesday evening the Lovell's Corner Improvement Association was entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Smith. A committee was chosen to plan for playground. Rev. Arthur Emig gave an illustrated talk on University Life.  
—The Thursday evening prayer meeting was held at the home of Mrs. Charles White. Next Thursday evening the prayer meeting will be held in the vestry, followed by an official board meeting.  
—Next Tuesday evening at the Porter church, there will be a concert under the direction of the choir, consisting of readings, organ and piano solos and vocal numbers.



**The Man Who Knows Ralston**  
Knows that it is not necessary to excuse foot torture on the ground of style. Neither is it necessary to excuse slovenliness on the ground of comfort. Ralston's insure the right degree of both shapeliness and fit without accompanying evils. Try them, this time.



**Jones Just Around-the-Corner**  
1 Granite St., Quincy

—Plans for the aerial mail route between Washington, Philadelphia and New York contemplate the use of machines capable of carrying 300 pounds of mail a distance of 200 miles without a stop. A special postage rate would be charged not exceeding 25 cents an ounce.

# FOR THOSE WITH MODERATE INCOMES

### Small House Laid Out in Manner That Makes It Cozy and Homelike.

### SPECIAL FEATURES IN DESIGN

Arrangements That Do Not Add Materially to the Cost of Construction Will Be Appreciated by the Housewife—Attractive Interior.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

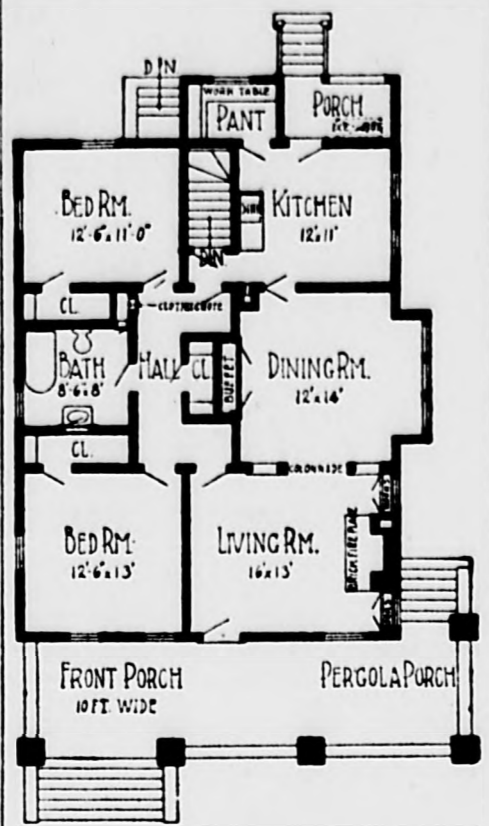
Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose two-cent stamp for reply.

It has been said that one way to judge the character of a man is to examine the house he lives in. Although a liberal discount must be allowed in the application of such a principle, there is undoubtedly some truth in the statement, especially when it is applied to a man who lives in a house built from plans of his own selection. The least that may be said in this respect is that the foresight of the man is indicated by the manner in which the house meets the needs of his family. Comfort and convenience are the qualities which are most appreciated, but there are a vast number of considerations which affect these qualities and which must be accounted for in the selection of the house design.

One of the most common errors made by the man who is undertaking the task of selecting a design for his home is that of overestimating the size of the house which he requires. In the first place, the larger the house the harder it is to make it seem cozy and homelike. The man of moderate income who must ask his wife to keep up the house without assistance is not taking her into very deep consideration if he builds a house which is a great deal too large for the needs of the family. Further, with the same investment the smaller house may be fitted up with a number of features having convenience and comfort as their direct purpose, the cost of these features being absorbed in the cost of

With very little effort the rooms of this bungalow may be made exceptionally cozy and homelike. The living room and dining room are joined together with only a colonnade between. These rooms should be finished in somewhat the same style, to produce the best effect. The large fireplace, with bookcases on each side, may be made the center of attraction in the living room. The dining room is well arranged, having a buffet built into the wall opposite the three-window bay.

A double-acting door leads from the dining room into the kitchen. The value of the arrangement of this part of the house will be appreciated by every housewife. At the rear of the kitchen are the pantry and the rear porch. Both of these may be used to very good advantage in connection with the kitchen. The pantry is fitted with shelves and a work table. A large window furnishes an abundance of light. The refrigerator may be



Floor Plan of Bungalow. Size 40 Feet by 40 Feet.

placed on the rear porch, and, since this porch is open on one side only, a great many uses may be found for the porch during the season when the temperature will permit its use.

There are two bedrooms, each having a large closet, one at the front of the house and the other at the rear. A hall connects all rooms with the exception of the dining room. There is a closet in the hall which furnishes a handy place in which to keep extra bedclothes. The bath is roomy and well equipped. A special feature in this part of the house is the clothes



building the bare walls, floors, ceilings and roof of the larger house.

There are any number of ways in which a small house may be made homelike. The most important precaution to be observed in the arrangement of the rooms is that of providing space for furniture already in the possession of the owner, or about to be purchased. This applies to the larger pieces of furniture, such as the piano or divan. Each room should be given individual features which most thoroughly fit it to furnish the desired qualities. In the living room most people like a fireplace, and built-in book-cases furnish a very handy and useful feature. The housewife will no doubt appreciate a buffet in the dining room. A pantry is a great help in the preparation of meals. A clothes chute saves steps and keeps soiled linen out of the way. These and many other features are easily provided and the expense of their construction is more than paid back in the convenience and comfort which they provide.

The bungalow shown in the illustration is an excellent type of home for the family that takes pride in making the various rooms of the house in which they live as cozy and attractive as possible. Of course, for such a family the house must, in itself, have the qualities of coziness and attractiveness, or no amount of labor will seem to produce just the effect that is desired. The bungalow seems to be the right type, and this particular design has many desirable features from this standpoint.

The outside walls of the bungalow are plastered in white or some light shade of gray. Wood trim is finished dark in contrast to the light walls. A hip roof is used with small dormers having their sides finished with shingles. Brick chimneys are used for the fireplace, furnace and kitchen stove. The porch is very attractive and useful. It is built across the front of the house and extends on one end so that steps along the side of the house make it accessible from the rear. The end of the porch near these steps is built in the pergola style. The general exterior design is simple but very attractive.

chute, into which openings are made in both the hall and the bathroom.

The basement is entered from a nook off the kitchen. It may be made a very useful part of the house. Rooms should be divided off to provide for the furnace, coal bins, vegetable storage and laundry. The location of the laundry is preferable under the rear bedroom, since the clothes chute should terminate in this room. The floor of the entire basement should be of concrete, which is also an excellent material for the foundation of walls. If the entire substructure of the house is made of poured concrete it is certain that the basement will be dry and easy to keep clean.

The bungalow is, of all the building types used for homes, most easy to make comfortable because of the inherent coziness which is a part of the appearance of the house itself. In case the family is not too large the bungalow is a most satisfactory type of house. It is possible to preserve the appearance of the bungalow and its style in room arrangement and still furnish second-floor space in the so-called "story-and-a-half" house; which is simply the bungalow altered to provide more space. This type is excellent for the larger family.

### Hamlet and Other Men.

As every man, according to Coleridge, is born either a Platonist or an Aristotelian, so there is no human being in whom some of the characteristics of Hamlet do not exist.

In this marvelous creation is presented a mirror in which the most exalted and the most contemptible of our species may catch glimpses of themselves.

Hamlet is not so much an individual as humanity individualized, not so much a man in integrity as man in solution.

Probably no poet, no artist, no philosopher has ever existed who would not recognize a kinsman in him, and who would not read more than one chapter of his own most secret history in this all-typical delineation.

He is at once the type of those to whom life owes its richest possessions and of those who strew it with wrecks.

### SOLDIERLY SUITS FOR SPRING



These trim, military suits that are among the offerings for spring, are not all camouflage. They bespeak alertness and readiness to serve on the part of their wearers and they are brimming over with style. Made in brown, tan and khaki-colored wools or cottons, they are as soldierly as can be. The skirts are plain and the coats belted and pocketed in approved military fashion.

### SPRINGTIME CHARM IN SUITS



When you shop for a new suit this spring you will find yourself on a voyage of discovery; so many altogether new styles entice the buyer. They are delightfully springtime as may be gathered from a study of the suit shown above. All for the sake of conserving wool it has inlays of checkered silk at the sides and back of the short coat and its collar and cuffs are of white cloth—which may be wool but is more apt to be silk or cotton. The coat barely meets at the front and the skirt merely simulates a drapery.

### MILAN HATS FOR LITTLE GIRLS



When little girls arrive at five years, and from then on until they reach the flapper stage, they come into possession of such fascinating straw hats as those pictured here. Easter will be joyous to the little miss who greets it in either of these hats. Both are of fine Italian milan. One has a sash of blue velvet ribbon and buttons of blue satin buttons, and the other is adorned with velvet ribbon and bunches of grapes.

### DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM BONNER

### AN OIL BATH.

"My skin feels very queerly," said Mr. Elephant.

"So does mine," said Mrs. Elephant.

And Miss Elephant agreed by saying, "Mine feels every bit as queerly."

Now the keeper in the zoo had noticed that the elephants needed attention. "It's so cold outdoors and the heat inside the zoo is bad for them. Their skin might crack if I didn't do something for them," the keeper said to himself.

And soon he was ready to fix them. "You'll have oil baths," he said, as he came to them with the oil he had ready.

"This will keep your skin from cracking," he said to Mr. Elephant, who was the first one he visited.

"Yes," he continued, "in this steam-heated elephant house your skin would crack and hurt if I didn't see that you were given an oil bath once in a while."

And he talked the same way as he visited Mrs. Elephant, Miss Elephant and several of the Elephant cousins.

After the oiling was over they had a fine luncheon of water and hay. They thought it was very delicious. And the keeper regulated the steam heat so it would not get too hot for them.

"Tell me, Mr. Elephant," said Miss Elephant, who was still very young, "why were we given oil baths? And I cannot understand why the keeper does not let our house get too hot when mother has told me she loves the summer heat and feels so happy and well all summer."

"We were given oil baths," said Mr. Elephant, "to keep our skin from cracking. It would be very bad for us if it cracked, and it would be uncomfortable and painful. Didn't you hear the keeper say he was oiling us so our skin wouldn't crack?"

"Yes," said Miss Elephant. "I heard that. I am afraid I am not very clear in my questions. What I really meant to ask was why we are oiled in the zoo and why it is so necessary when outside in our real homes we wouldn't fuss like that, would we?"

"Ah," said Mr. Elephant, "it shows, Miss Elephant that you were born in the zoo. To be sure we oil ourselves in our real homes. We go in the ponds where there is oil and we find oil in the marshes. Oh we know how to keep our skin in fine condition. We always do when we are away."

"Here we have to depend on the keeper. We can't find the oil ourselves. We don't know where he keeps it, and even if we did, we would not



"We Go Wading in the Ponds."

be able to go after it, as we can't get out of these big cages and yards. But the keeper does look after us well, he certainly does.

"And here in the zoo we need the oil most especially because the heat is different from summer heat. It is steam, or forced heat, and our skin is more apt to crack in this kind of heat."

"Oh," said Miss Elephant, "now I understand. So mother really does love the heat, but it's the real, outdoor heat she loves best."

"You're right, dear child elephant," said Mrs. Elephant. And you'll love it too, for you'll be an elephant child after my own heart. You will enjoy the glorious summer time."

"And what is more," continued Mr. Elephant, "the keeper is doubly wise in giving us oil baths."

"We love to take real water baths all summer long, but when it's winter we don't care to take baths at all. So he feels more than ever we must be bathed, even if it is only in oil."

And after Mr. Elephant had told of the wondrous days in the marshes and forests where they could oil themselves and look after themselves so well, Mrs. Elephant told Miss Elephant of the wonderful summer months which were coming before very long.

Poor Miss Elephant didn't know which she would rather do—be wild as her father had been—wild and free—or stay in the zoo and be well looked after by the keeper, with the warm summer approaching and a nice sunny yard to lie in.

But it really didn't make so much difference what she thought because she was in the zoo anyway, and after awhile she decided it was better than anything. It was so safe, and one was always so sure of getting one's food, even if one were only an elephant!

### Paradise at Last.

"I just love being here," said Bobbie.

"What do you like best about it?" asked the good farmer's wife.

"You haven't any bathroom in the house," said Bobbie.—Exchange.

### BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

### WORK OF A SCOUTMASTER

A big work, this being a master scout. What manner of man is needed to do it?

First of all, the scoutmaster must be a real man himself, the kind of a man boys will naturally follow, admire, respect, emulate and obey. No amount of book knowledge, no degrees in pedagogy will avail if he doesn't impress the boys as the "real stuff."

He must possess that indefinable quality we call personality or "personal magnetism." He must be a man of proved worth of character. He must stand four-square to the scout principles in practice as well as precept.

To be a successful boy leader, a man must know human nature in general and boy nature in particular. He must be able to remember back to his own boyhood clearly enough to be able to get the boy's viewpoint. He must be enough of a boy himself, whatever his years, to put himself into a relation of sympathetic comradeship with boys, and at the same time be enough of a man and a master to keep sufficiently aloof, so that his boys will recognize his authority and accept it as final.

He must possess tact, initiative, power of quick decision and action, for almost any emergency calling for the practice of these qualities may arise at any time in his work with boys.

The scoutmaster is also expected to get in touch with such experts as his community offers, and enlist their services in scout training.

Boys have an immense respect for anybody who can "do things." The wise scoutmaster frankly owns himself an amateur, and a learner if necessary, at the same time keeping himself in so far as possible ahead of his boys.

Three hours a week is probably the minimum time required. Nevertheless it is true that some of the best scoutmasters are otherwise the busiest men. Just because they are busy men, they are apt to be efficient men, men of power and personality, accustomed to putting their margins of leisure to profitable use. Certainly no better use could be found for the spare hours of a good citizen and patriot than to help in the process of making men, men who are to be the hope and salvation of our war rent civilization.

### MINUTE SCOUTS IN THE SOUTH.

Birmingham (Ala.) boy scouts have an organization known as "Minute Scouts." They are selected with a view to service entirely, the rank of the scout not being taken into consideration.

He is first recommended by his scoutmaster. His parents and the school authorities certify as to whether the boy is keeping up his studies to such a point that he will be excused at any time for scout work.

The organization is limited to 100, divided into four divisions. Each member wears the gold 100 per cent duty badge procured from national headquarters, and this is the only excuse he needs from school when an emergency call is sent in for any work connected with wartime activities.

If a member of the first division falls down in his studies or in his home duties or in his service or in his troop, he is dropped and a member of the second division fills his place.

### NEED OF SCOUT LEADERS.

The special drive for more scoutmasters to head troops for the many boys who want to join the Boy Scouts of America but cannot have special significance because of the need of offsetting the increase in juvenile crime.

Massachusetts has an increase of 65 per cent in crime among the boys within the last twelve months. Detroit reports an increase of nearly 50 per cent. Newark and Toledo boys' courts have noted a large access of mischief due to the war excitement and the lack of proper direction for their activities.

The Scoutleaders Reserve corps offers opportunities for men of high ideals to lead American boyhood in national service, as commissioners, as scoutmasters, assistant scoutmasters, members of troop committees, special instructors, examiners or lecturers.

### SCOUTING ACTIVITIES.

Scouting activities during the year 1917 set a new high-water mark in the history of scouting.

There were 27,041 merit badges issued as compared with 19,047 in 1916. Two hundred and nineteen boys qualified as eagle scouts as compared with 99 in the year before.

Five hundred and twenty-nine life scout badges and 508 star scout badges were also issued.

### SCOUTS ARE CIVIC WORKERS.

Two boy scout troops in Birmingham, Ala., are connected with the Chamber of Commerce and the Civic association, each constituting a junior membership in the organization to which it is attached.

These troops are specializing in civic matters and are destined to be very keen rivals. One will receive no boy under sixteen years of age and the other will receive no large boy at all, and when it comes to a question of "pep" the little fellows are right there.

### SCUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

South Weymouth  
OFFICERS 1918  
President, R. Wallace Hunt  
Vice Pres. J. Ellis J. Pitcher  
Treasurer, Fred T. Barus

### BANK HOURS:

9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. Also Mondays 7 to 8 p. m. Saturdays 9 to 12 a. m.  
Deposits go on interest second Wednesday of January, April, July and October.  
Dividends payable on and after the second Wednesday of January and July.  
INCORPORATED MARCH 6, 1888

### NOW IS THE TIME TO BUILD, ENLARGE, OR REPAIR

Get Your Plans and Estimates from  
**H. C. THOMPSON**  
Contractor and Builder  
592 BROAD ST. EAST WEYMOUTH  
Estimates given on all kinds of contracts.  
Tel. Weymouth 294-W.

### Insure Your Automobile AGAINST Theft, Collision, Fire, Liability, WITH H. FRANKLIN PERRY

104 Front Street, Weymouth, Mass.  
Tel. 513-M  
Best Companies Lowest Rates  
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

### W. P. DENBROEDER Licensed Auctioneer

738 BROAD STREET East Weymouth.  
Tel. Wey. 279-J

### AUTO SUPPLIES

Tube Vulcanizing  
GOODRICH TIRES  
**LOUIS H. ELLS**  
160 Main Street, South Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 581W

### HERBERT A. HAYDEN PIANO TUNER

PIANOS FOR SALE  
78 Cleverly Court, Quincy Point.  
Telephone 1927-W Quincy.

### RAY O. MARTIN Plumbing and Heating

Now is the time to have your furnace cleaned and overhauled.  
All kinds of repair work.  
Washington Square Weymouth  
Telephone, Weymouth 103-R

### Send Them Moneygrams

\$\$\$\$\$\$

An ad. in this paper for any business whatever is a moneygram to the buying public from you. They appreciate your belief in their financial standing.  
They buy your goods. A moneygram never was marked "collect."  
The currency pours into your cash box of its own free will.  
If your bargains are advertised "big," your sales are big. People appreciate big, strong, forceful trade announcements. Such ads. inspire commercial confidence.

GET WIDE ADVERTISING TIME IS TO-DAY

Copyright, 1918, by W. M. D. J.

# INCREASE IN WESTERN CANADA ACREAGE

### Will Prove a Big Factor in Winning the War.

Reports to hand indicate that Western Canada has a vastly increased acreage ready for crop this year over last year. The splendid open fall of 1917, gave a better opportunity for fall plowing than for some years. Work in the fields was almost continuous until the end of November. In fact, in the neighborhood of Pincher Creek, Alberta, there was sufficient mild weather in January of this year to permit farmers to plow, and many took advantage of it. A great many Americans owning land in Canada moved up last year, and this has also helped to increase the acreage. They came into possession of the land at prices varying from \$15.00 to \$30.00 an acre, and with the proven yields of wheat running from twenty and as high as fifty bushels per acre, with a set price of \$2.21 a bushel, they could join production and patriotism together with a big margin of profit. The Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, Wash., gives a very conservative statement of the agricultural development and opportunities in Western Canada. In its issue of December 14, 1917, it says:

"Since the beginning of the year American emigration into Canada has been greatly stimulated according to the reports of the Dominion authorities, and has been almost entirely made up of farmers attracted by the fertile and comparatively cheap wheat lands."

"Whatever may be said of wheat culture as a profitable avocation in ordinary years, since the beginning of the war it has offered advantages quite beyond the usual opportunities. War has boomed the price of wheat until the farmer now receives around \$2 for his product at his granary. Average crops, according to the adaptation of soil and climate are from 12 to 25 bushels to the acre. Even the minimum crop, at \$2 per bushel, brings in these war times a reasonable profit. Before the war wheat culture was fast being abandoned by farmers who worked intelligently for results on the right side of the ledger. It has been the popular crop for new settlers, but when the pioneers settled down to business it was generally corn, hogs, cattle and diversified farming that brought the profits. Iowa and the Dakotas in turn, as their prairies became settled, mortgaged the land on wheat culture and afterwards paid off the mortgages with corn and hogs."

"War is thus bringing a temporary encouragement to wheat farming. Many of the ranchers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta laid away \$20,000 to \$30,000 in the banks last fall. It may be pointed out, however, that the growing of wheat is not the only inducement which is leading settlement to Canadian lands. Low taxation, favorable agricultural climate, and profitable prices not only for grain but for hogs, cattle and all forms of farm produce all contribute their share toward the rapid settlement of the fertile lands of Western Canada."—Advertisement.

Relaxation renews exertion.

**Kill That Cold and Save Health**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opium—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

**SANFORDS GINGER**  
The Dose In Time That Saves Nine

Taken hot on the spot quickly relieves cramps, pains, colds, chills and often prevents grip. Good for intestinal indigestion, nervousness, wakefulness and fatigue. Always healthful and helpful.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

**Clear Pimples With Cuticura And Be Happy**

**PATENTS** Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. References: Boston, etc.

**FREE LAND** and money without interest. No title acquired. Inver B. Linscomb, Washington, and learn all about it. See the issue.

W. N. U. BOSTON, NO. 11-1918.

## Irish Eyes

By HILDA MORRIS

(Copyright, 1918, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

When Bob Ellison was very young he had an Irish nurse. She was a pretty colleen, that nursemaid, her big blue Irish eyes glistening with lashes as black as the glossy braids of hair. Little Bob idolized his Maggie, and years afterwards, when she was but a memory, the sight of blue eyes rimmed with black would recall her dancing feet, her merry voice, her tales of goblins and the "wee folk." He never hoped to see Maggie again, of course, but he did hope, in some vague, subconscious way, to meet eyes like hers, in a face like hers, sometime, somewhere. All of us cherish ideals whether we know it or not, and most of them have curious foundations. No one could have been more surprised than Bob Ellison at the suggestion that the ideal of the girl he wished to marry was patterned after the bewitching Maggie of his nursery days. Nevertheless, it was so.

Bob went through school and college with none of the love entanglements from which his fellows suffered. There were girls, of course, some of them very nice girls with whom he liked to dance and swim and occasionally flirt, but—none of them looked like Maggie. The Irish ones were red-haired, or their eyes were brown, or they had too many freckles. It was not until Bob was twenty-six years old and a decided "catch" that he saw a girl with Irish eyes and blue-black hair, a girl whom even Maggie might have envied.

It was at a dance that he met her, a debutante affair to which his mother had bade him go with particular injunctions to meet Miss Wayne, "the Miss Wayne of Boston." Bob's mother was not unaware of the fact that her son was clever enough and handsome enough to marry whom he would, and she liked to fancy an alliance with some old aristocratic family. After Bob had gone to the dance, his mother sat at home, picturing to herself a daughter-in-law, tall, distinguished, a little aloof and awe-inspiring.

As for Bob, however, he shook off his mother's injunctions as soon as he had left the house. Miss Wayne of Boston, indeed! He knew all about those Boston girls; he had had them for teachers. They were mostly thin and wore spectacles and liked to talk about the English essayists. He had no intention of seeking an acquaintance with Miss Wayne.

And as soon as he reached the ballroom he saw the girl with the Irish eyes. She wore blue, a misty floating blue that matched the blue of her eyes, and her sleek hair was black as the twinkling slippers on her trim little feet. Some one called her "Maggie-Rose." Maggie-Rose, of all lulling Irish names! Some one introduced her to Bob and they danced off together. Maggie-Rose Flynn! He did not care who she was or where she came from, except that she seemed to have come from his land of dreams, his shrine of ideals. She danced divinely, and when she spoke her voice was divine, too, a merry musical voice such as only Irish maids may have. She was his Maggie to the life, only far more lovely. But of this Bob was entirely unaware. He had forgotten Maggie; it was only her essence that survived to weave the fabric of his heart's ideal.

Maggie-Rose seemed to like him, too. They danced together a great deal that evening, they had supper together, they sat for a dreamy half-hour in the conservatory. She talked a good deal, but Bob was not really conscious of much that she said; it was the sound of her voice that enchanted him, the curve of her red lips when she smiled, the blue of her eyes. If she told him anything about herself he was not aware of it, she remained to him a mysterious fulfillment of a long-cherished dream, a bewitching embodiment of all that was most charming in women.

Later some one else claimed her for a dance, and Bob watched her from the shelter of a doorway until some one reminded him that he ought to be dancing with another girl. Reluctantly he turned away his eyes from the graceful form of Maggie-Rose, and the girl with whom he danced found him very silent and stupid and a very bad dancer; in fact, she said that he never would look where he was going, but insisted on gazing over the heads of people as if he were looking for some one, which seemed to her very rude.

Afterwards he tried to find Maggie-Rose, but she had vanished. No graceful shape in floating blue appeared on the ballroom floor, that is, no shape that was graceful according to Bob's idea. Maggie-Rose had apparently disappeared as completely as if at the stroke of 12, her fairy godmother had changed her into another form.

"What's become of that Miss Flynn, the one in blue?" Bob asked several of his friends, but no one seemed to know. He hung about the place until almost the last guest had departed, but there was no further sign of Maggie-Rose. Stranger still, no one seemed to have even heard the name.

"Flynn?" they would ask. "Why no, I don't remember meeting any Miss Flynn."

Bob forebore to ask his busy hostess—a close friend of his mother's. He

could do so later if he had to, but he resolved in the meantime to conduct his own search for Maggie-Rose Flynn.

After Bob reached home that night he looked up all the Flynn's in the directory and marked the ones he thought most likely to be related in some manner to Maggie-Rose. Next day he tried calling them up from a public telephone booth, in each case asking casually for Maggie-Rose, and in each case being misunderstood, maligned and disappointed. By mid-afternoon he had ascertained that she did not belong to any of the Flynn's listed in the directory of his native city. Perhaps she lived with an aunt, or perhaps—horrible thought, she had left town, gone back to some faraway place which she honored by her residence. There seemed but one thing to do—go back to his hostess of the night before and ask for full particulars regarding Miss Maggie-Rose Flynn, divulging, if need be, his reason for wishing to know.

Mrs. Banning herself was not at home that afternoon, but the debutante daughter was; peals of laughter from the library told that she was entertaining some young people at tea. Perhaps she could tell him about Maggie-Rose. Perhaps—

But as he entered the door the first person Bob saw was Maggie-Rose herself, sitting by the fire, her blue eyes blue as the shimmery frock she wore, her smile more bewitching than ever. "Why, Mr. Ellison!" exclaimed little Miss Banning, much flattered by this visit. "Do come in and have some tea with us. I suppose you met Miss Wayne last night, didn't you? Maggie-Rose has been telling me about some nice man who took her out to supper and from her description I couldn't think who it could possibly be but you. Now was it?"

"It was," confessed Bob, "only I didn't know—Maggie-Rose—was Miss Wayne."

"And I didn't catch your name, either," confessed Miss Wayne. "Wasn't it stupid? I thought all the time that your name was Murphy because you look like a boy I used to know, years ago, whose name was Timmy Murphy. He had brown eyes and a nose like yours."

"Good gracious, Maggie-Rose," broke in Miss Banning, "Mr. Ellison isn't Irish!"

"Well, I am," declared Miss Wayne, making a charming moue, "that is one of my grandmothers was. For the rest I'm plain American but I'm glad of a little Irish to balance the Puritan part."

"So am I," declared Bob Ellison devoutly. "I was wondering, Miss—Maggie-Rose, whether you wouldn't like to take a walk in the park this afternoon, or some time."

At dinner (and evening Mrs. Ellison, who had permitted herself to indulge in dreams of daughters-in-law for several hours during the day, asked her son what was, to her, a burning question.

"Did you meet Miss Wayne last night, the one from Boston?" Her son looked slightly confused, as though roused suddenly from dreams of his own.

"Eh? Oh, Maggie-Rose? Yes, I met her last night. I meant to tell you—"

"Maggie-Rose! I mean did you meet Miss Margaret Roseborough Wayne, the Miss Wayne of Boston?" "I met her," he nodded. Her name's Maggie-Rose, and she's the sweetest girl in all the world, and we're going to be married. I was just trying to tell you, mother."

**Cinemas in Strange Places.**  
In Moravia, the capital of the negro republic of Liberia, there is a cinema in the house of representatives. The pictures are shown on two evenings a week, and they are invariably attended by the president, whose presidential chair is set aside for him as a free seat.

The "picture" craze has reached the Arctic regions, for at Haparana, a little township in the extreme north of Sweden, and just on the Arctic circle, there is a handsome little cinema, patronized by Laplanders. It is frequently snowed up and unable to open.

The South Sea Islands, another inaccessible part of the globe, have likewise succumbed to the lure of the "movies." In the island of Tahiti there are no fewer than three cinemas. The South Sea islander will sell his shirt or his girdle for the price of a ticket for the "pictures."

**Glass Blowing an Ancient Art.**  
The art of glass blowing is also very ancient and had an existence probably 4,000 years before Christ. The art of blowing is plainly depicted upon the tumuli of Mastaba of Tib at Memphis and these tombs were built more than 5,000 years ago. In the picture upon them the blower with tube in mouth, just the same as the present day, is seen squatting before his furnace, and from the detail and perfection of knowledge of the art evidenced in the ancient pictures it is readily seen that glass blowing was no new thing with the people of that time and region. The glass blower of that day made vases, beads, ornaments and bottles.

**Didn't Need Sympathy.**  
"Look at the gray-haired office 'boy,' isn't he a pathetic sight?" "Oh, don't waste your sympathy on that old fellow. He's well satisfied with life."

"How do you know he is?" "I was talking to him the other day. In a burst of confidence he piped: 'By cracky, I'm sixty years old, and this is the best payin' job I ever had in my life.'"—Birmingham Age Herald.

## THE RED CROSS NURSES OF EUROPE ARE GIVING TOASTED CIGARETTES TO THE BOYS

To anyone who doesn't know of the wonderful advances that have been made in the preparation of smoking tobaccos in the last few years it may sound strange to speak of toasted cigarettes.

Strictly speaking, we should say cigarettes made of toasted tobacco; the smokers of this country will recognize it more readily by its trade name "LUCKY STRIKE"—the toasted cigarette.

The American Tobacco Company are producing millions of these toasted cigarettes and these are being bought in enormous quantities through the various tobacco funds conducted by the newspapers of the country and forwarded through the Red Cross Society to the boys in France.

This new process of treating tobacco not only improves the flavor of the tobacco but it seals in this flavor and makes the cigarettes keep better.

The Red Cross nurse is always glad to have a cigarette for the wounded soldier, as, in most instances, that is the first thing asked for.—Adv.

**Poor Investment.**  
"How did Gibson lose his money?" "He put it in his wife's name and then she divorced him."

**Catarrah Cannot Be Cured**  
by LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrah is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will cure catarrah. It is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is what produces such wonderful results in catarrah conditions. Druggists sell. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

**The Explanation.**  
"Pop, what does it mean when they say bills are laid on the table?" "It means, son, that they are dishd."

**Heal Baby Rashes**  
That itch, burn and torture. A hot Cuticura Soap bath gives instant relief when followed by a gentle application of Cuticura Ointment. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

**Not Just as Good.**  
"Have you a fireless cooker in your house?" "No, but we have a coalless fire."

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. H. P. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**He Sidestepped.**  
"Just why did you leave college?" "The dean didn't go into details."—Jack O'Lantern.

**RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.**  
To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and 1/4 oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off. Adv.

**He Couldn't Stand It.**  
She—"At least a mirror doesn't flatter one." He—"No; that is why I never look in one."

Garfield Tea, taken regularly, will correct both liver and kidney disorders. Adv.

**One Man Who Drinks Alone.**  
Wherever there is oil, Jake Mettler is known as the man who drinks crude oil and really likes it. He has become so expert in the taste of crude oil, it is said, that he can actually tell the state or oil field from which it was produced by simply tasting it. So far as known, Mr. Mettler has not yet found anyone who was anxious to join him in a "Mettler cocktail," and when Colonel Jake drinks crude, he drinks alone.

## Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada  
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply. Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## Fresh from the Gardens

of the finest Tea-producing country in the world.

# "SALADA"

Sealed Packets Only. Try it—it's delicious. BLACK GREEN or MIXED.

**160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE**

Get under the Shower of Gold

coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of Western Canada. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre and raise from 20 to 45 bushels of \$2 wheat to the acre it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta 160 Acre Homesteads Free to Settlers and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are yearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

Max A. Bowley, 73 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.; J. E. LaForce, 1139 Elm St., Manchester, N. H.; L. N. Asselin, Biddeford, Maine Canadian Government Agents

**Carter's Little Liver Pills**

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy

A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living

Genuine bears signature

ABSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

Exceptions. Now They Don't Speak. "Do you believe beauty is in the eye of the holder?" "Not if the holder squints." Carry—I wish I were half as pretty as Ethel. Ethel—What a silly wish!

**1,716,000,000 Pounds of Flour Saved**

if each of our 22,000,000 families use this recipe instead of white bread.

One loaf saves 11,000,000 pounds; three loaves a week for a year means 1,716,000,000 pounds saved!

**Enough to Feed the Entire Allied Army**

**Corn Bread with Rye Flour**

1 cup corn meal	1 teaspoon salt
1 cup rye flour	1 cup milk
2 tablespoons sugar	1 egg
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Barley flour or oat flour may be used instead of rye flour with equally good results. Sift dry ingredients into bowl; add milk, beaten egg and melted shortening. Stir well. Put into greased pan, allow to stand in warm place 20 to 25 minutes and bake in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New York**

**FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR**

WANTS

And other classified "Ads" are inserted in this column at 25c for four lines. Cash should accompany all one-time "Ads," otherwise the minimum charge of 50 cents will be made.

LOST

\$2.00 Reward!

A travelling bag was taken from the entrance to the Tufts Library on Saturday afternoon, March 9. A reward of two dollars will be given to the person who returns the bag, with its contents, to the Tufts Library. No questions will be asked. 11.1t

Dog Lost

LOST—Scotch Collie Dog. Reward for return to owner. L. W. Bates, 150 Middle street, East Weymouth. 11.11

Lost

An opportunity to rent my house because I did not advertise in The Gazette and Transcript.

FOUND

Found The best medium to get results from classified "Ads"—the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript.

WANTED

Bookkeeper Wanted

At office of A. J. Richards & Son. Apply in writing to Mrs. Albert P. Worthen, 28 Front street, Weymouth. 11.1t

Girls Wanted

Girls at George H. Bicknell Co., Weymouth. 7.1f

Men Wanted

To sew filled fertilizer bags. Steady employment. Bradley Fertilizer Works, North Weymouth, Mass. 49.1f

FOR RENT

House to Let

Tenement with all improvements. Apply to F. L. Bicknell, 295 Front street, Weymouth. Tel. 386M. 11.1f

To Let

Tenement suitable for small family. For further information inquire at 833 Commercial street, East Weymouth or telephone Wey. 378W. 3.1f

FOR SALE

For Sale or To Rent

Two houses, one five rooms and six, plenty of land for garden or lawn. Near railroad station. Apply 20 Randolph street, South Weymouth, 244M. 11.1t

Pups for Sale

Full blooded sable collie pups, eight weeks old. Males \$8; females \$4. G. H. Bavin, 60 Kensington road, Weymouth, Mass. 10.2t

MISCELLANEOUS

Multigraph Letters

The Gazette and Transcript is now equipped to do Multigraph work in any quantities. Only a few hours necessary to get out big order. Our telephone call is Weymouth 145. 12.1f

LOST BANK BOOKS.

Bank Books as listed below are lost, and application has been made for payment of the account in accordance with Sect. 40, Chap. 500, of the Acts of 1908 and amendments thereto. Payment has been stopped.

LOST—Deposit Book No. 11988 of the East Weymouth Savings Bank is reported lost. 31.11.13

For Sale

\$4,250 will buy a 10-acre Farm in Weymouth.

All modern dwelling and good stable. Electric cars pass the door.

Call and see me and I will tell you more about it.

Russell B. Worster

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE WEYMOUTH, MASS.

CARD OF THANKS

The son and daughter of Mrs. Anne Murphy of Commercial street desire to return thanks to friends and neighbors for their kindness in the hour of their bereavement, and also to the George E. Keith Company, the Bay State street railway men and others for floral tributes.

NORA MURPHY. JAMES MURPHY. East Weymouth, March 9, 1918.

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. Catherine Mahoney and daughters wish to extend their thanks for the heartfelt sympathy and kind favors shown them by their many friends.

MRS. CATHERINE MAHONEY, MRS. ALFRED LUND, MISS NETTIE MAHONEY. Weymouth, March 14, 1918.

CHURCH NOTES

UNION CHURCH

Weymouth and East Braintree Morning worship Sunday at 10.30. Rev. Ameez T. Baroody, Ph.D., a native of Syria, and a graduate of McCormick Theological Seminary, will give his interesting and instructive lecture on "The Shepherd of the Holy Land." He will appear in costume.

A special offering will be taken for Armenian and Syrian relief. Sunday School at 12 o'clock. There will be a union Lenten prayer meeting at the home of H. R. Smith, 136 Hayward street, on Tuesday evening at 7.45. Topic, "The Present World Condition and Christian Unity."

The regular mid-week service will be held at the home of Miss Martha A. Loud, 87 Commercial street, Thursday evening at 7.30. Topic, "Being Thorough with Ourselves."

FIRST CHURCH

Weymouth Heights

"The Lord's Hand Held Out—How to Meet the Sadness in the World"—"The Mother with the Wonderful Eyes"—an authentic story of events in the East as told by Morgenthau, Ellis and other eyewitnesses will be narrated at the morning service. The meeting is for all in the community. Take any seat in the chapel. The evening meeting on Sunday is at 7.30 o'clock.

The Thursday evening meeting will be at the home of Mrs. J. C. Nash at 7.45 o'clock.

Junior C. E. meeting Sunday afternoon at 3.45 o'clock led by Miss Virginia Emery. Topic: "How Can We Be About Our Father's Business?" Senior C. E. Sunday evening at 6.30 o'clock. Subject: "The Art of Living with Others."

UNITED CHURCH SERVICES

South Weymouth

It is expected that Sunday, March 17, will be the closing services with the three churches cooperating, the Universalist church returning on Palm Sunday to their own building. Therefore we appeal to all to make the service of Sunday worth remembering by reason of the quality of the service and the numbers in attendance. The services up to the present have all been marked by the public interest manifest in the larger attendance and the earnest spirit of the devotion and worship.

Sunday at 10.30, the public service of worship with sermon by Rev. Mr. Line on the subject, "Proving Faithful." The service will be sustained by good music by the united choirs.

Bible Schools at 12 o'clock for all. Men's and young men's classes. The Junior C. E. and C. U. will meet together at 3.30 P. M. Miss Jordan and Mrs. Price in charge.

The Senior C. U. will meet with Rev. Mr. Line, 99 Torrey street. The Senior C. E. will meet at 6 o'clock. There will be but one evening service. The regular C. E. topic, "The Art of Living with Others," will be taken up by the Young People under Miss Miriam Tirrell at 6 o'clock.

At 6.45 Mr. Price will review the second and third chapters of the vitally interesting book by Dr. Patton on "The Lure of Africa." Come one, come all.

The Devotional Prayer Service Thursday evening at 7.30. Place will be announced later.

EPISCOPAL

Mission of the Holy Nativity, South Weymouth. Robert Pierce Casey, Morning prayer with sermon at 10.30. Bible Class at 12 M. Tuesday at 7.30 P. M., evening prayer with confirmation lecture by Rev. William W. Love.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

29 Greenleaf Street, Quincy Morning service and Sunday School at 10.45. Subject: Substance. Golden Text: II Corinthians 4:18. "The things which are seen are temporal; but the things which are not seen are eternal." Wednesday evening at 7.45 a testimony and experience meeting is held. The reading room, in Hancock building, City square, is open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 11 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Tingley, pastor, residence, 91 Broad street. Sunday morning worship with several speakers representing "The Men's Movement in our Denomination," at 10.30. Sunday School at 12. Junior C. E. meeting at 4. Senior C. E. meeting at 6. Evening worship at 7. Prayer and social service Thursday evening at 7.45 with the regular monthly business meeting at the close.

Strangers and all in the town

without a church home are cordially invited to worship with us. Seats free.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL

East Weymouth Regular services on Sunday. Rev. Logan A. Pruitt will preach. Prayer meeting Tuesday night. Wednesday the Social Circle will meet all day. In the ladies' parlor, in the afternoon an Easter sale and a literary and musical entertainment in the evening will be given.

TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Front Street, Weymouth Rev. William Hyde, rector. The 10.30 A. M. service next Sunday will be a War Service with prayers for victory and peace. National music will be sung and Rector Hyde will preach on "Israel and Victory."

WHITE CHURCH (Congregational)

East Weymouth Rev. Edward Torrey Ford, pastor. Morning worship and sermon at 10.30. Church Bible School at noon. Brotherhood class discussion "Jesus Teaching Faith and Contentment." Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 P. M. Sunday evening service at 7 o'clock, pastor's topic, "Meeting the Unexpected." All are welcome.

EAST WEYMOUTH and WEYMOUTH CENTER



Alton Easterbrook, a young man who volunteered in the Navy, is now attached to the U. S. S. Neptune off Virginia. He is on an eight-day furlough which is to be spent with his friends at East Weymouth.

The funeral of Anne Murphy was held March 2 from her late home, 944 Commercial street. Requiem mass was celebrated at 9 A. M. at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, by Rev. Carl Slomberry. Miss Nellie Noonan was the organist. The pall bearers were Edward Boyle, Ambrose Boyle, Edward Cullen, James Cullen, Henry Murphy and Thomas Murphy. Burial was in St. Francis Xavier cemetery. Mrs. Murphy leaves a son, James, and a daughter, Nora.

At Odd Fellows hall Saturday Dustin Farnum in "A son of Erin." "Vengeance and the Woman" is proving a popular serial every Saturday. Next Wednesday Geraldine Farrar in "The Woman God Forgot."

The funeral of Eva M. Cann was held from her late home on the afternoon of Monday at 2.30 o'clock. The funeral was conducted by the Rev. William M. Newton of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal church of Providence. R. L. who was formerly the pastor of the First M. E. church, East Weymouth. Vocal selections were rendered by Mrs. W. A. Hodges who sang "Bye and Bye," and "Blest be the Tie that Binds." Both the regular service and committal service were conducted at the home, ending with the reading of a beautiful poem. The floral tributes were many and very beautiful. The bearers were Henry E. Hersey, Alton H. Crocker, George E. Lincoln and Harold C. Lincoln. It is with great sadness that we record the death of one so young, but it is only with feelings of loving memory that her host of friends remember her sweet life. For a number of years she had been confined to her home with a lingering illness, but made hosts of friends by her sweet disposition and winning ways. She is survived by both parents, two brothers and one sister, all of whom have the sincere sympathies of friends and relatives.

Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

The Ross Millinery Parlors on Commercial street will be re-opened for the season March 15.—Adv. 10.11

Miss Velma Abbott of Drew avenue entertained the Epworth League for a business meeting and social at her home last Friday evening.

Miss Gertrude Volke of Broad street has been seriously ill at her home. She is now, however, on the road to recovery, to the relief of her friends.

There was a fire, caused by wires in the barn at the rear of F. H. Sylvester's house, Sunday morning. It was discovered just in time to prevent great damage.

Mrs. H. M. Stetson is slowly recovering from pneumonia.

Miss Alice Stewart is visiting relatives in town during a vacation from her hospital duties.

Miss Hazel Curtis spent the weekend with friends in Brockton.

John P. Hunt of East Weymouth has been appointed deputy over Manet encampment of Quiney, and Massachusetts encampment of Brockton.

Mr. and Mrs. James I. Peers are doing their little bit for their country. This week they gave the last of their three boys. Sumner H. is acting as bugler at Camp Greene, N. C.

In the 47th Infantry, Walter I. H. the medical corps in the Base Hospital and expects to go to Camp Dix, N. J. J. Ferris, who has just turned 21 years, is awaiting his call and has joined the Naval Reserve.

Charles H. Wood of East Milton, a past chief patriarch of Manet encampment of Quiney, is the new deputy of Wompatuck encampment, I. O. O. F., of Weymouth.

Louise, the two-years-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfonso Pepe, died Tuesday at her home off Lake street. The funeral took place Wednesday afternoon. Interment was at St. Francis Xavier cemetery. The little girl was a remarkably bright little miss and will be greatly missed not only by her parents but by the residents of that locality with whom the little girl was a great favorite.

BORN

NENNA—In East Weymouth, March 4, a son to Lorence and Josephine Nenna of 21 Lake street.

WOOD—In Braintree, March 7, a daughter to Percy Edwin and Hazel (Delorey) Wood of Braintree.

LEAHY—In Weymouth, Feb. 18, a daughter, Marion Jane, to William F. and Rose J. (DeYoung) Leahy of New Downer Landing.

SAMPSON—In Weymouth, March 13, a daughter to Charles A. and Lillian F. (Gardner) Sampson of 202 Washington street.

PETERSEN—In North Weymouth, Feb. 28, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Petersen.

MARRIED

YOUNG—MONROE—In South Weymouth, March 8, by Rev. Henry C. Alvord, George Ralph Young and Florence Genevieve Monroe, both of Weymouth.

BROWN—SIMMONS—In Weymouth, Feb. 24, by Rev. E. J. Yaeger, Pearson R. Brown and Emeline S. Simmons both of Boston.

JOHNSON—FIELD—In Boston, Feb. 15, by I. F. Frisbee, J. P. Fredrick P. Johnson of Boston and Mamie B. Field of Weymouth.

DIED.

MAYBERRY—In Clifton Springs, N. Y., March 11, Fannie, widow of Dr. Edwin N. Mayberry of South Weymouth.

CALDWELL—In Weymouth, March 7, Josephine Porter Caldwell, widow of Edward T. Caldwell of 336 Front street, aged 77 years.

MAHONEY—In Weymouth, March 10, Andrew F. Mahoney of 16 West street, in his 53d year.

BATES—In North Weymouth, March 10, Sidney P. Bates of 182 Pearl street, in his 66th year.

CANN—In East Weymouth, Eva May, daughter of Norman S. P. and Mattie P. Cann of 63 Chard street, aged 15 years 11 months.

BANISTER—In South Weymouth, March 7, Foster L. Banister, of 403 Main street, in his 75th year.

WILLMAN—In South Weymouth, by accident, March 11, Herbert G. L., son of Oscar and Maria Willman of Eaker avenue, aged 7 years, 11 months and 1 day.

CHASE—In Brockton, March 9, Eli W. Chase, formerly of Weymouth, in his 73d year.

DONOVAN—In Foxboro, March 13, Mary Donovan, daughter of the late Michael Donovan of Weymouth, aged 60 years.

PEPPE—In East Weymouth, March 8, Louise, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alton Pepe of Lake street.

WILLARD J. DUNBAR & SON

UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS

802 BROAD ST., EAST WEYMOUTH Automobile service when desired. Telephone Weymouth 93

Calvin C. Shepherd

UNDERTAKER and EMBALMER 134 Pleasant St. S. Weymouth CARRIAGE AND MOTOR EQUIPMENT Telephone Con. Lady Assistant

DANIEL H. CLANCY

UNDERTAKER 4 Richmond St., Cor. Washington, Weymouth CARRIAGE AND MOTOR SERVICE Telephone, Weymouth 814 W

A. A. SPEAR & SON

FLORISTS 822 BROAD STREET East Weymouth

Flowers For All Occasions Telephone Connection on one-party line, 3 telephones.

ANDREW F. MAHONEY

Andrew F. Mahoney, one of the town's best known citizens, died at his home, 16 West street, Sunday, following a short illness of pneumonia. He was thought to be improving when a sudden turn for the worse caused his death. He was born in Ireland 55 years ago, coming to this country when 11 years old.

He was for a number of years engineer at the old fax mills in East Braintree. Twenty-three years ago he took the position of engineer at the Stetson Shoe factory, which position he held at the time of his death. He was a most estimable citizen, always had a good word and ready to help anyone. He will be missed not only by his immediate family but by a large circle of friends who are indebted to him for his many kindnesses. He was a member of South Weymouth Division, A. O. H., and the Stetson Employees' Association.

He is survived by his widow and two daughters, Mrs. Alfred Lund of Arlington and Miss Nettie Mahoney of this town, who have the sympathy of everyone in their great loss. The room in which the body lay at his home was completely filled with beautiful floral tributes testifying to the esteem in which he was held by his many friends. Hundreds called and extended their sympathy to the bereaved family. During his long years of service at the Stetson shoe factory he made a great many friends and his passing is sincerely regretted by everyone who knew him.

The funeral took place from St. Francis Xavier church Wednesday morning and was largely attended, large delegations attending from the Stetson Shoe Co. and the A. O. H. The interment was at Calvary cemetery, Boston.

W. R. C. NOTES

Members of Corps 102 intending to attend the Norfolk County Association W. R. C. meeting at Dedham will meet in the Norfolk booth at South Station on Wednesday, March 20, not later than 8.45 A. M. Train leaves at 9.09 for Dedham. Comrades are cordially invited. Letters of thanks and appreciation from Sergeant Leo Cullivan, Sergeant Eugene E. Smith and Army Field Clerk Ralph A. Curtin, "Somewhere in France," for Christmas boxes sent by Corps 102 were read at last meeting and placed on file. The net proceeds from the dinner served on Town meeting day were \$19.48.

Read the Chinaman's recipe for "Barley Popovers" to your wife. It will be found in the "Ad" of Hunt's Market Grocery. It is a literary production, and they do say the popovers are good, when the rules are followed.

Proposals have been asked for the building of the new Quincy avenue bridge, which includes filling in the approaches on both ends.

Three hundred dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the chaser at the time and place sale, and other terms will be known at the sale.

NATIONAL OIL COMPANY. By Hugh A. Quinn, Treasurer since and present owner of mortgage.

March 12, 1918. Wm. J. Holbrook, Atty 55 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass.

WEYMOUTH Savings Bank.

CHARLES A. HAYWARD, President. CHARLES T. CRANE, Treasurer. Vice-Presidents: EDWARD W. HUNT JAMES H. FLINT

Board of Investment: CHARLES A. HAYWARD CLARENCE P. WHITTLE EDWARD W. HUNT ARTHUR E. PRATT CHARLES O. SHEPPARD

Bank Hours—8.30 A. M. to 3 P. M. Saturday, 8.30 to 12. Monday Evenings, 6 to 8. Deposits placed on interest on the First Monday January, April, July and October.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts Norfolk, ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said county, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving surety on her official bond;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, 3.11.18 J. R. McCool, Register.

Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edwin A. Stone to Quincy Oil Company dated December 29, 1916, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Norfolk Book 1360, Page 558, will be sold at public auction on that portion of the premises hereinafter described as Lot B on Tuesday the ninth day of APRIL, 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon for a breach of the conditions of said mortgage, all the singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, namely:—

Three certain parcels of land in that part of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, known as North Weymouth, with the buildings thereon, described as follows:

(1) Lot B as shown on a plan by Russell H. Whiting, C. E. dated September 21, 1909, recorded in Norfolk Deeds, and bounded: Southerly on Bridge street eighty and five-tenths (80.5) feet, westerly on Lot A seventy-five (75) feet, northerly on Lot C eighty and sixty-nine one hundredths (80.69) feet, and easterly on land now or formerly of Edith V. Sladen seventy-five (75) feet, containing six thousand and forty-four and three-tenths (6044.3) square feet of land all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(2) Lot C as shown on said plan bounded: Westerly on Bay View street fifty-two and twelve one hundredths (52.12) feet, northerly on Lot D one hundred and sixty-one and sixty-seven one hundredths feet (161.67) feet, easterly on land now or formerly of said Edith V. Sladen and land of James M. Nowland fifty-four and seventy-two one hundredths (54.72) feet, and southerly on lots B & A one hundred and sixty-one and thirty-eight one hundredths (161.38) feet, containing eight thousand six hundred and twenty-eight and five-tenths (8628.5) square feet of land, all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(3) Also a certain parcel of land situated in that part of Weymouth known as North Weymouth comprising lots numbered two (2) and seven (7) on a plan entitled "Plan of land of Georgianna L. Jordan North Weymouth, Mass., November 1910, C. C. Howland, C. E." which plan is duly recorded with Norfolk Deeds, and bounded and described as follows:

Easterly on Bay View Street fifty-three (53) feet, southerly on lots eight and one on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, westerly on Bartlett Street fifty-three (53) feet, and northerly on lots three and six on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, containing seven thousand four hundred and twenty (7420) square feet more or less.

Said premises are subject to reservations and together with the contents set forth in said deed to Edw. A. Stone of said premises from E. Stewart Jordan, et ux, dated February 16, 1914, and recorded as aforesaid, book 1276, page 525. All of said parcels will be sold subject to encumbrances of record, and to any unpaid taxes, tax title assessments and municipal liens thereon.

Three hundred dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the chaser at the time and place sale, and other terms will be known at the sale.

NATIONAL OIL COMPANY. By Hugh A. Quinn, Treasurer since and present owner of mortgage.

March 12, 1918. Wm. J. Holbrook, Atty 55 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass.

Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Frank E. Tirrell, et Owens A. Tirrell, his wife, in her own right, both of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to the Quincy Co-operative Bank, a corporation duly established by law and located at Quincy in said County and Commonwealth, dated January 1, 1916, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1332, page 128, for breach of the conditions of said mortgage, and for the purpose of enforcing the same, will be sold at public auction on the premises hereinafter described, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described as follows:—

A certain parcel of land with all the buildings thereon situated in that part of said Weymouth known as South Weymouth, and bounded and described as follows:— Commencing at a stake at the southeast corner of land now or formerly of William L. Hawes on the northwesterly side of Pleasant Street, thence running northeasterly a distance of seventy (70) feet on said Pleasant Street to a stake; thence turning and running northwesterly by land now or formerly of James T. Nettles, a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to a stake; thence turning and running southwesterly on land now or formerly of said James T. Nettles, a distance of seventy (70) feet to a stake at the northeasterly corner of land now or formerly of said James T. Nettles; thence turning and running southeasterly by land now or formerly of said James T. Nettles, a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to the point of beginning; containing 9,240 square feet. Being all and the same premises conveyed to said Owens A. Tirrell by deed of James T. Nettles dated December 23, 1911, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1360, page 72.

Said premises will be sold subject to any and all tax titles, assessments, municipal liens and charges, if any such there be, and will be required to be paid by the purchaser in cash at the time and place of sale; balance in ten days from the date of sale on delivery of the deed.

Said premises will be sold subject to any and all tax titles, assessments, municipal liens and charges, if any such there be, and will be required to be paid by the purchaser in cash at the time and place of sale; balance in ten days from the date of sale on delivery of the deed.

THE QUINCY CO-OPERATIVE BANK by Frank A. Reed, Treasurer, and Charles H. Wilson, Attorney. Saving Bank Bldg., Quincy, Mass. Quincy, March 12, 1918. 3.11.18



# SECOND SECTION GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

96 COLUMNS

SIXTEEN OR MORE PAGES EVERY WEEK

96 COLUMNS

VOL. LII. NO. 11

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## JOE KELLEY WINS FOR SELECTMAN

### Leads All the Regular Caucus Nominees, Mr. Cowing Being Defeated

Joseph Kelley was high man at the Annual Town Election on Monday.

His election was a slap at the Republican caucus plan of making nominations, as he was the only one who did not have the caucus nomination.

All the other members of the Board of Selectmen of 1917 were re-elected but there was a shake-up in their positions. Last year Mr. Hanley was at the top; this year the last man elected, leading Mr. Cowan by less than 100 votes.

The totals were:	
Kelley	816
Hastings	730
Hawes	692
Newton	665
Hanley	639
Cowing	544
Sippelle	156

The vote for Overseers of the Poor was practically the same as for Selectmen, but each candidate had a few less votes.

Very few of the voters voted for five Selectmen. The total number to visit the polls was 1296, and there were 2395 blanks, so that on an average every voter cast two blanks. Many however voted bullets or four blanks.

The majority on the license question was 238 for NO; this was 150 less than last year, but the total vote was 506 less. Some comparisons of the vote will be found in another column.

The vote for thirteen years on the license question is compared below:

Year	Yes	No	Silent	Total	Maj.
1918	464	702	130	1296	238
1917	580	968	259	1807	388
1916	604	914	226	1744	310
1915	787	1110	169	2066	323
1914	696	951	240	1887	255
1913	750	1042	259	2051	262
1912	387	747	290	1424	360
1911	520	766	256	1542	246
1910	614	899	394	1907	285
1909	625	912	302	1839	285
1908	608	836	264	1708	228
1907	745	927	345	2017	182
1906	708	878	402	1988	170

The largest vote getter was John A. Raymond who was elected Town Clerk for the 40th time. He received 873 votes, while Town Treasurer Stetson received 864, and Tax Collector Tirrell, 855.

It was a great day for the Tirrells, as Winslow M. was elected tax collector; Theron L. as member of the board of assessors; Theron L. and Prince H. as members of school committee; and Willie F. as a constable.

Ward One was the first to get its returns to the Town Offices, followed closely by Wards Three and Six. Soon Wards Four and Five came in, but Ward Two was half an hour behind all, not reporting until about 5.30.

The vote in detail for all candidates was as follows, the vote being given by precincts:

	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Town
<b>Voters at Polls</b>	112	188	414	111	249	222	1296
<b>TOWN CLERK</b>							
John A. Raymond	85	131	256	79	187	135	873
Blanks	27	57	158	32	62	87	423
<b>TOWN TREASURER</b>							
John H. Stetson	89	125	254	78	196	122	864
Blanks	23	63	160	33	53	100	432
<b>SELECTMEN</b>							
Joseph Kelley	56	127	290	68	116	159	816
Alfred W. Hastings	75	105	175	70	224	81	730
Bradford Hawes	85	111	164	68	164	100	692
George L. Newton	97	110	149	61	149	99	665
Henry E. Hanley	73	108	137	49	134	138	639
William H. Cowing	55	80	189	56	104	60	544
N. Perry Sippelle	8	26	37	27	44	14	156
Blanks	111	273	929	156	310	457	2338
<b>OVERSEERS</b>							
Joseph Kelley	52	116	282	66	108	154	778
Alfred W. Hastings	72	104	172	65	209	79	701
Bradford Hawes	82	113	166	65	155	94	675
George L. Newton	93	112	150	61	142	92	650
Henry E. Hanley	66	99	136	50	128	131	610
William H. Cowing	53	73	193	53	97	60	529
N. Perry Sippelle	9	22	33	24	42	12	142
Blanks	133	301	938	171	364	488	2395
<b>COLLECTOR</b>							
Winslow M. Tirrell	86	128	253	72	169	147	855
Blanks	26	60	161	39	80	75	441
<b>ASSESSOR, 3 YEARS</b>							
Clayton B. Merchant	82	110	218	69	151	107	737
Blanks	30	78	196	42	98	115	559
<b>ASSESSOR, 2 YEARS</b>							
Theron L. Tirrell	89	172	242	83	189	111	826
Blanks	33	76	172	28	60	111	470
<b>PARK COMMISSIONER</b>							
J. Herbert Walsh	53	113	258	62	142	107	765
Blanks	29	75	156	49	107	115	631
<b>WATER COMMISSIONER</b>							
Frank H. Torrey	90	116	239	67	143	103	758
Blanks	23	72	175	44	106	119	538
<b>SCHOOL COMMITTEE</b>							
Prince H. Tirrell	88	144	218	74	182	107	783
Theron L. Tirrell	86	115	220	77	185	103	791
Blanks	52	147	385	71	135	234	1024
<b>AUDITORS</b>							
Walter L. Bates	85	113	206	68	170	100	744
Emerson R. Dizer	86	119	202	67	151	104	735
John A. Neal	84	115	228	66	158	102	753
Blanks	81	217	606	132	262	360	1658
<b>TRUSTEES OF LIBRARY</b>							
Louis A. Cook	85	109	217	67	150	98	726
William F. Hathaway	80	108	220	63	150	90	711
John B. Holland	84	117	259	73	151	118	802
Blanks	87	230	546	130	296	360	1649
<b>BOARD OF HEALTH</b>							
John S. Williams	84	107	236	67	145	89	728
Blanks	28	81	178	44	104	133	568
<b>TREE WARDEN</b>							
Charles L. Merritt	79	111	210	71	158	105	734
Blanks	33	77	204	40	91	117	562
<b>SINKING FUND</b>							
George W. Perry	74	103	193	63	144	105	682
Blanks	38	85	221	48	105	117	614
<b>CONSTABLES</b>							
Thomas Fitzgerald	82	112	271	68	137	113	783
Charles W. Baker	78	112	283	62	137	99	771
Edward F. Butler	81	120	207	64	139	138	749
Arthur H. Pratt	81	123	193	59	142	104	702
George W. Conant	76	107	190	61	151	80	665
George W. Nash	91	109	181	60	137	85	663
George B. Bayley	79	109	185	67	141	71	658
Elbert Ford	75	105	180	63	155	77	655
Willie P. Tirrell	73	100	180	64	146	78	641
Charles W. Barrows	78	107	177	58	133	78	631
Blanks	326	776	2093	484	1072	1291	6042
<b>LICENSE QUESTION</b>							
Yes	27	88	153	38	67	91	464
No	81	90	213	56	158	104	702
Blanks	4	10	48	17	24	27	130

### Vote on License Question--1918

	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Town
Yes	27	88	153	38	67	91	464
No	81	90	213	56	158	104	702
Blanks	4	10	48	17	24	27	130
Total	112	188	414	111	249	222	1296
Majority	54	2	60	18	91	13	238

### Vote on License Question--1917

	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Town
Yes	29	100	202	47	49	123	580
No	166	121	229	91	225	136	968
Blanks	36	21	65	24	84	37	254
Total	261	242	486	164	358	293	1802
Majority	107	21	27	44	176	13	388

### "Yes" Vote Compared

Year	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Town
1918	27	88	153	38	67	91	464
1917	59	100	202	47	49	123	580
1916	45	116	181	58	75	129	604
1915	56	153	201	62	112	203	787
1914	40	122	180	69	112	173	696
1913	50	118	239	86	99	188	780
1912	35	82	191	74	77	128	387
1911	29	75	160	54	73	129	520
1910	38	88	188	73	84	143	614
1909	57	98	161	91	72	146	625
1908	32	105	189	62	52	168	608

### "No" Vote Compared

Year	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	Town
1918	81	90	213	56	158	104	702
1917	166	121	229	91	225	136	968
1916	139	127	230	123	164	131	914
1915	152	166	231	145	253	163	1110
1914	132	150	180	132	221	136	951
1913	149	171	232	127	220	143	1042
1912	117	118	171	94	147	100	747
1911	111	146	173	79	163	95	760
1910	138	156	207	112	175	111	899
1909	150	161	183	126	166	126	912
1908	115	177	182	93	130	139	836

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# What Well Dressed Women Will Wear



A Gingham Summer.

Ginghams, either plain or in small plaids and checks, and percales, plain and in narrow stripes, make up the prettiest of practical everyday dresses for the very little girl. In any case these materials are nearly always a combination of one color with white and are made up with white cotton goods of some other weave, as dotted swiss or pique or kindergarten cloth, or any effective cotton goods that will wear well.

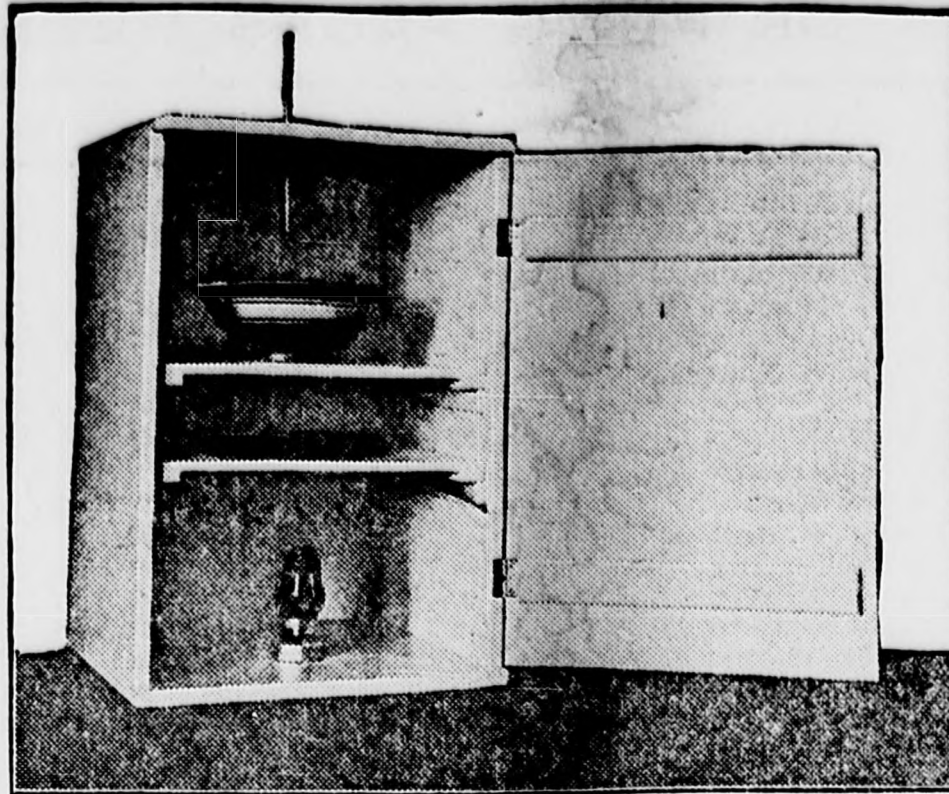
Plaids and checks, expanded in size and in more intricate color combinations, are used for girls progressing toward the "flapper" age; having arrived there the young miss glories in all sorts of gay ginghams. Grown-ups go in for big plaids, stripes, checks and plain ginghams in quieter color combinations, such as those with narrow black stripes woven in the plaids and checks have made a great success.

Ginghams arrived early in the vanguard of spring styles and at present are flourishing to the point of taxing manufacturers to supply the demand for them. The colorings are fine and it is a great satisfaction to know that the dyes are made in America.

Plain yellow ginghams in many tones of the color are used for little and big wearers of this reliable and favored fabric. It is nearly always made up with white and a pretty example of this combination for a little girl of five or more years is shown in the picture. It is a plain frock for everyday wear with a "baby" waist having the skirt gathered to it. A substantial quality of dotted swiss is used for the bands; these are set in the waist at each side and extended into tabs finished with the narrowest of edgings. The small turn-back cuffs and the collar are made of swiss, also.

## The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
HOMEMADE BREAD RAISER HELPS ON BAKING DAY.



Converted Dry Goods Box, Warmed by Oil Lamp or Electric Light, Provides Proper Temperature for Bread Raising.

### BREAD BOX HELP TO HOUSEKEEPER

Device Is Easily Constructed and Removes Uncertainty of Baking.

#### ASBESTOS BEST FOR LINING

Thermometer Enables Baker to Obtain Desired Temperature—Specialists Advise Production of More Sugar Crops.

War kitchens must be efficient. Conveniences will help make them so.

A home-made sponge box or bread raiser will help make the bread better. It enables the housekeeper to keep her sponge or dough at the right temperature so that it will rise in less time. A sponge box or bread-raiser, therefore, takes much of the uncertainty out of bread-baking. It can be made from an ordinary dry goods packing box.

#### Placing the Shelves.

A box 26 by 20 by 20 inches is a convenient size. About 10 inches from the bottom of the box a shelf made of slats or strips of wood rests on cleats fastened to the sides of the box. A second shelf is placed four inches above the lower one. The shelves can be removed when cleaning the box. Below the lower shelf a sheet of galvanized iron slightly wider than the shelf is inserted. It is curved in order to make it slip in and stay in place securely. This prevents scorching of the lower shelf when a lamp is placed below, and also helps to distribute the heat more evenly. The door is hinged and fastened with a thumb-latch or hook and staple.

Several small holes are bored in the lower and upper parts of the sides and in the top of the box to promote circulation of air. A cork which has been bored through the center to admit a straight thermometer is inserted in one of the holes in the top of the box. A Fahrenheit chemical thermometer that registers as high as 100 degrees can be used. Such a thermometer may be ordered through a hardware dealer or directly from an instrument dealer.

#### Make Safe From Fire.

To avoid all danger of fire, the box should be lined with asbestos or tin when a kerosene lamp is used for heating the box. If an electric light is used, the lining is not necessary. A 16-candlepower light will heat the box nicely. A small and inexpensive night lamp is placed in the bottom of the box and a shallow pan of water is placed on the lower shelf so that the air in the box will be kept moist.

The bowl of sponge or pans of dough are placed on the upper shelf. The temperature of the box should be

kept as near 86 degrees Fahrenheit as possible (80 to 88 degrees Fahrenheit) when bread is being made in the quick way. If a sponge is set overnight 65 to 70 degrees Fahrenheit is the better temperature until the dough is made in the morning, after which the temperature may be increased to 86 degrees Fahrenheit. The temperature in the box may be varied by raising or lowering the flame of the lamp or by using warm or cold water in the shallow pan.

#### Filter Peanut Oil at Home.

Unrefined peanut oil can be prepared for household use by filtering through ordinary filter paper obtainable at drug stores. A Georgia woman, the wife of an oil miller, had been paying her grocer nearly \$2 a gallon for cooking oil while her husband sold his unrefined oil to a refinery for about \$1.20 a gallon. She sent a small sample of the oil from her husband's mill to the bureau of chemistry of the United States department of agriculture with the request that, if possible, she be told of a method by which it could be made suitable for household use. The filter paper method was suggested. In a letter which came to the department later the success of the method was described as "surpassing my best expectations."

#### Sour Cream Salad Dressing.

Potatoes can be used to advantage in many ways in the school lunch. Potato salad is one way. The attractiveness of the salad depends largely on the dressing used. A good dressing can be made as follows:

¼ teaspoonful mus-<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> teaspoonful sugar.  
tard. 1 egg.  
½ teaspoonful salt. ¼ cupful vinegar.  
¼ teaspoonful pap-1 cupful sour cream.  
rika.

Beat the egg until very light, add the other ingredients, and cook in a double boiler, stirring constantly until thickened. Remove from the fire and beat well. If this dressing is cooked properly, it will have, when cool, a thick, smooth consistency. If it is overcooked, so that there is a tendency to separate, it should be strained before cooling.

#### Oatmeal Cookies for Lunches.

Oatmeal cookies, a toothsome and wholesome sweet for the school lunch, may be made of one egg, one-third cupful granulated sugar, one cupful rolled oats, two teaspoonfuls melted fat, one-fourth teaspoonful salt. Beat the egg, add sugar gradually, and stir in other ingredients. Drop a spoonful at a time on a well-greased tin and bake in a moderate oven.

#### Milk Is Good as Meat.

If milk is 10 cents a quart it is as cheap a protein food as sirloin steak at 22.9 cents a pound or eggs at 27.9 cents a dozen. At 12 cents a quart it is as cheap as sirloin steak selling at 27.4 cents a pound or eggs at 33.5 cents a dozen. To supply energy at equal cost when milk is 10 cents a quart, sirloin steak must not be more than 14.2 cents a pound, and eggs not more than 13.3 cents a dozen.

### SUGAR: PRODUCE MORE AND SUBSTITUTE, ADVISE SPECIALISTS.

Satisfactory substitutes for sugar may be used to a much larger extent, says a paragraph in the department of agriculture's agricultural production program for 1918, which will be of interest to the housewife. While urging maintenance of the acreage of sugar cane and sugar beets and increases where these crops are well established or are necessary to sound agricultural practice, the program states that an extensive increase in 1918 is not possible because of the time required to grow seed, cane stock and because of the limited amount of beet seed available.

The larger use of sorghum, corn and cane sirup, maple sugar and sirup, and honey is urged. The maple sirup and sugar production can and should be increased in those areas in which maple trees are growing in sufficient numbers to warrant the expenditure of the necessary time and labor. Maple sirup and sugar are produced in 19 states, the annual output exceeding 14,000,000 pounds of sugar and 4,000,000 gallons of sirup. Those figures can be increased. The production of sorghum sirup in 1917 exceeded that in 1916 by nearly 4,000,000 gallons. Sorghum sirup may be produced in nearly every state in the Union, and an increased production of sorghum sirup will enable the public still further to conserve the sugar supply in the most available form for transportation to our soldiers.

# WHAT CAN WE DO?



A letter dated January 15 has been received from Mrs. Gertrude Austin, chief of surgical dressings service, American Red Cross, Paris, France, thanking the central division for shipment of dressings, as follows:

"If you could see the delight of army officers and Red Cross officials when they inspect all the splendid things that come to us from America, you would realize what fine work you are doing for our men."

We have orders from national headquarters to stop absolutely the making of trench caps. The government is now furnishing with each man's equipment a cap especially designed for use under the steel helmets worn at the front. The winter is nearly over, and yarn shouldn't any longer be used for unnecessary articles.

Hand-knitted socks are greatly wanted and wherever suitable yarn can be obtained the production of this article should be pushed. Few helmets will be needed until further notice.

We are advised by Washington as follows:

"Not only do we need comfort kits continuously, on account of the arrival from time to time of fresh troops at the camps to replace those sent abroad, but we also wish to accumulate a surplus stock which so far has been impossible.

"Indefinite numbers of black sateen pinnafors, women's wrappers, women's and girls' chemises, girls' dresses and children's capes are needed; the quantity of underclothing in general to be double that of outside clothing. Clothing for infants of one to three years should be rushed rather than layettes.

"A group of six women in Chicago recently took 50 pairs of under-standards socks, and returned the following perfect articles from the wool: Thirteen sweaters, one pair wristlets, one scarf, nine helmets, 18 pairs of socks and four trench caps. Chapters could easily do this work themselves, and send in to the division only the perfect articles."

The above paragraph shows how essential it is to make knitted articles according to standards set by the Red Cross. Any chapter will furnish the necessary information and bulletins.

Many department stores in Detroit took advantage of heatless Mondays to increase the production of Red Cross supplies. The girls in these stores who gave five hours of these Mondays to work in the American Red Cross rooms received the usual day's pay.

*Julia Bottomley*

#### When Applying Your Valance.

There is always an easier and more practical way of doing things than the way you are doing them. Take, for instance, the applying of the valance to your window draperies. If you are doing it in the ordinary way you, no doubt, nail the valance in place. Then when it comes time to take it off for cleaning purposes you have the trouble of pulling out the nails and oftener than not the material is torn in the process. The easier and more practical way is to substitute clasps for the nails. Sew the pockets of the clasps to a strong tape and nail this to the board. Attach the snaps to the valance at the proper places and your problem is solved.

#### New Togue Features.

The new presentation of a new touge shows some distinguishing features, notably the high, full crown of silk or dull patterned gauze, while the surrounding motifs take the form, in this case, of leaves made up of tiny black and white feathers studded with jet. Cockades of ribbon would also have a good effect. A white beaver felt with a series of small black velvet straps fringed with silk is decidedly distinctive. This hat will be seen later on in most of the new schemes, a soft geranium being one of them, with prune, jade and Chinese green, and ochre yellow—this latter color looking best, perhaps, with a touch of black velvets or dull brown.

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# "OVER THE TOP"

## By An American Arthur Guy Empey Soldier Who Went Machine Gunner, Serving in France

Copyright 1917, by Arthur Guy Empey

### EMPEY GETS INTO THE FRONT LINE TRENCH—AND WISHES HE WERE BACK IN JERSEY CITY.

**Synopsis.**—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first hears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "cooties."

#### CHAPTER II.—Continued.

The greatest shock a recruit gets when he arrives at his battalion in France is to see the men engaging in a "cootie" hunt. With an air of contempt and disgust he avoids the company of the older men, until a couple of days later, in a torment of itching, he also has to resort to a shirt hunt, or spend many a sleepless night of misery. During these hunts there are lots of pertinent remarks bandied back and forth among the explorers, such as, "Say, Bill, I'll swap you two little ones for a big one," or, "I've got a black one here that looks like Kaiser Bill."

One sunny day in the front-line trench, I saw three officers sitting outside of their dugout ("cooties" are no respecters of rank; I have even noticed a suspicious uneasiness about a certain well-known general), one of them was a major, two of them were exploring their shirts, paying no attention to the occasional shells which passed overhead. The major was writing a letter; every now and then he would lay aside his writing-pad, search his shirt for a few minutes, get an inspiration, and then resume writing. At last he finished his letter and gave it to his "runner." I was curious to see whether he was writing to an insect firm, so when the runner passed me I engaged him in conversation and got a glimpse at the address on the envelope. It was addressed to Miss Alice Somebody, in London. The "runner" informed me that Miss Somebody was the major's sweetheart and that he wrote to her every day. Just imagine it, writing a love letter during a "cootie" hunt; but such is the creed of the trenches.

#### CHAPTER III.

##### I Go to Church.

Upon enlistment we had identity disks issued to us. These were small disks of red fiber worn around the neck by means of a string. Most of the Tommies also used a little metal disk which they wore around the left wrist by means of a chain. They had previously figured it out that if their heads were blown off, the disk on the left wrist would identify them. If they lost their left arm the disk around the neck would serve the purpose, but if their head and left arm were blown off, no one would care who they were, so it did not matter. On one side of the disk was inscribed your rank, name, number and battalion, while on the other was stamped your religion.

C. of E., meaning Church of England; R. C., Roman Catholic; W., Wesleyan; P., Presbyterian; but if you happened to be an atheist they left it blank, and just handed you a pick and shovel. On my disk was stamped C. of E. This is how I got it: The lieutenant who enlisted me asked my religion. I was not sure of the religion of the British army, so I answered, "Oh, any old thing," and he promptly put down C. of E.

Now, just imagine my hard luck. Out of five religions I was unlucky enough to pick the only one where church parade was compulsory!

The next morning was Sunday. I was sitting in the billet writing home to my sister telling her of my wonderful exploits while under fire—all recruits do this. The sergeant major put his head in the door of the billet and shouted: "C. of E. outside for church parade!"

I kept on writing. Turning to me, in

a loud voice, he asked, "Empey, aren't you C. of E.?"

I answered, "Yep."

In an angry tone, he commanded, "Don't you 'yep' me. Say, 'Yes, sergeant major.'"

"I did so. Somewhat mollified, he ordered, 'Outside for church parade.'"

I looked up and answered, "I am not going to church this morning."

He said, "Oh, yes, you are!"

I answered, "Oh, no, I'm not!"—But I went.

We lined up outside with rifles and bayonets, 120 rounds of ammunition, wearing our tin hats, and the march to church began. After marching about five miles, we turned off the road into an open field. At one end of this field the chaplain was standing in a limber. We formed a semicircle around him. Overhead there was a black speck circling round and round in the sky. This was a German Fokker. The chaplain had a book in his left hand—left eye on the book—right eye on the airplane. We Tommies were lucky, we had no books, so had both eyes on the airplane.

After church parade we were marched back to our billets, and played football all afternoon.

#### CHAPTER IV.

##### "Into the Trench."

The next morning the draft was inspected by our general, and we were assigned to different companies. The boys in the brigade had nicknamed this general Old Pepper, and he certainly earned the sobriquet. I was assigned to B company with another American named Stewart.

For the next ten days we "rested," repairing roads for the Frenchies, drilling, and digging bombing trenches.

One morning we were informed that we were going up the line, and our march began.

It took us three days to reach reserve billets—each day's march bringing the sound of the guns nearer and nearer. At night, way off in the distance we could see their flashes, which lighted up the sky with a red glare.

Against the horizon we could see numerous observation balloons or "sausages" as they are called.

On the afternoon of the third day's march I witnessed my first airplane being shelled. A thrill ran through me and I gazed in awe. The airplane was making wide circles in the air, while little puffs of white smoke were bursting all around it. These puffs appeared like tiny balls of cotton while after each burst could be heard a dull "pop." The sergeant of my platoon informed us that it was a German airplane and I wondered how he could tell from such a distance because the plane seemed like a little black speck in the sky. I expressed my doubt as to whether it was English, French or German. With a look of contempt he further informed us that the allied anti-aircraft shells when exploding emitted white smoke while the German shells gave forth black smoke, and, as he pressed it, "It must be an Alledmand because our pom-poms are shelling, and I know our batteries are not off their bally nappers and are certainly not strafing our own planes, and another piece of advice—don't chuck your weight about until you've been up the line and learnt something."

I immediately quit "chucking my weight about" that time on.

Just before reaching reserve billets

we were marching along, laughing, and singing one of Tommy's trench ditties: I want to go home, I want to go home, I don't want to go to the trenches no more.

Where sausages and whizz-bangs are galore. Take me over the sea, Where the Alledmand can't get at me, Oh, my, I don't want to die, I want to go home."

When overhead came a "swish" through the air, rapidly followed by three others. Then about two hundred yards to our left in a large field, four columns of black earth and smoke rose into the air, and the ground trembled from the report—the explosion of four German five-nine's, or "coalboxes." A sharp whistle blast, immediately followed by two short ones, rang out from the head of our column. This was to take up "artillery formation." We divided into small squads and went into the fields on the right and left of the road, and crouched on the ground. No other shells followed this salvo. It was our first baptism by shell fire. From the waist up I was all enthusiasm, but from there down, everything was missing. I thought I should die with fright.

After awhile, we reformed into columns of fours, and proceeded on our way.

About five that night, we reached the ruined village of H—, and I got my first sight of the awful destruction caused by German Kultur.

Marching down the main street we came to the heart of the village, and took up quarters in shellproof cellars (shellproof until hit by a shell). Shells were constantly whistling over the village and bursting in our rear, searching for our artillery.

These cellars were cold, damp and smelly, and overrun with large rats—big black fellows. Most of the Tommies slept with their overcoats over their faces. I did not. In the middle of the night I woke up in terror. The cold, clammy feet of a rat had passed over my face. I immediately smothered myself in my overcoat, but could not sleep for the rest of that night.

Next evening, we took over our sector of the line. In single file we wended our way through a zigzag communication trench, six inches deep with mud. This trench was called "Whisky street." On our way up to the front line an occasional flare of bursting shrapnel would light up the sky and we could hear the fragments slapping the ground above us on our right and left. Then a Fritz would traverse back and forth with his "typewriter" or machine gun. The bullets made a sharp crackling noise overhead.

The boy in front of me named Prentice crumpled up without a word. A piece of shell had gone through his shrapnel-proof helmet. I felt sick and weak.

In about thirty minutes we reached the front line. It was dark as pitch. Every now and then a German star shell would pierce the blackness out in front with its silvery light. I was trembling all over, and felt very lonely and afraid. All orders were given in whispers. The company we relieved filed past us and disappeared into the blackness of the communication trench leading to the rear. As they passed us, they whispered, "The best o' luck ma-ss."

I sat on the fire step of the trench with the rest of the men. In each traverse two of the older men had been put on guard with their heads sticking over the top, and with their eyes trying to pierce the blackness in "No Man's Land." In this trench there were only two dugouts, and these were used by Lewis and Vickers machine gunners, so it was the fire step for ours. Pretty soon it started to rain. We put on our "macks," but they were not much protection. The rain trickled down our backs, and it was not long before we were wet and cold. How I passed that night I will never know, but without any unusual occurrence, dawn arrived.

The word "stand down" was passed along the line, and the sentries got down off the fire step. Pretty soon the rum issue came along, and it was a Godsend. It warmed our chilled bodies and put new life into us. Then from the communication trenches came dioxies or iron pots, filled with steaming tea, which had two wooden stakes through their handles, and were carried by two men. I filled my canteen and drank the hot tea without taking it from my lips. It was not long before I was asleep in the mud on the fire step. My ambition had been attained! I was in a front-line trench on the western front, and oh, how I wished I were back in Jersey City.

Empey takes his first turn on the firing step of the trench while the machine gun bullets whizz over his head. He soon learns why Tommy has adopted the motto, "If you're going to get it, you'll get it, so never worry." Don't miss the next instalment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

No one can kill time in these strenuous days without also slaying his own opportunities.

## Five Episodes in the Training of Easter Bunny



### TRACED TO PAGAN CEREMONY

Christian Anniversary of Easter and Worship of Goddess of Spring Have Been Mingled.

It was through the efforts of the priests and teachers of the early Christian church that the Easter season was shorn of its pagan ceremonies and converted into a Christian anniversary. These priests, finding it impossible to induce the German and Saxon tribes among whom they labored to renounce their worship of the Goddess of Spring—variously known as Ostera, Eostre and Eastre—skillfully managed to give the ceremonies another turn, proclaiming that the season celebrated the rising of Christ from the dead. Gradually, as the new religion gained ground, the old heathen superstitions died out. The goddess Eastre was no longer revered, but her name was retained to designate what had now become the festival of the Resurrection. For the first three centuries of the Christian era Easter was celebrated on the same day as the Jewish Passover, but after much dissatisfaction had been expressed at this coincidence of the two feasts the council of Nice devised, in 325 A. D., the present mode of determining the date of Easter. This, as every one knows, provides that it shall fall on the first Sunday after the full moon which occurs upon or next after March 21, the vernal equinox.—Exchange.

### EASTER FLOWERS.

For those who loved the lily. For those who loved the rose. We breathe today from altar. A prayer for their repose. For those who left a violet. For those whose dreams were lost. Somewhere upon the altar. A blossom has been tossed. And far in the big hereafter. With every breeze serene. Lilies, Roses, Violets, Dreams In gorgeous bloom will beam.



## HOME GARDEN PLAN SAVES TIME, MONEY, AND LABOR FOR GARDENER

### PLAN AND PREPARE

Prepare to do your part in increasing America's food supply by raising your own vegetables in your home garden. Plan your garden on paper. Map out your campaign. You will profit through time, labor, and money saved. Planning is preparing.

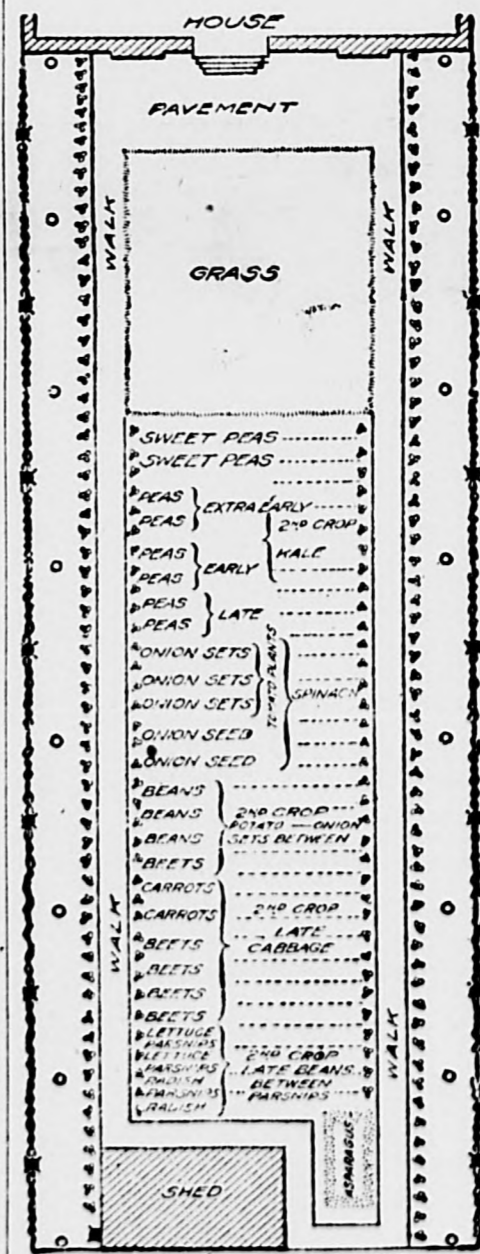
Plan your home garden in advance. Make a diagram of the available space; allot the ground to the vegetables you want to grow. Prepare to make your garden work until frost next fall. That is advice to home gardeners by horticulturists of the United States Department of Agriculture.

Interest in the planning all members of the family, especially the children who, by being given a partnership now, will know their duties when the time comes. Read such gardening publications as are available. Write to the Department of Agriculture for a home gardening bulletin.

In making a diagram of the garden it is well to use tough paper, such as heavy wrapping paper, which will stand repeated handling out of doors. A fairly large scale should be adopted so that full notes can be kept in the spaces representing rows. If the garden is fairly large or abnormally long the diagram may be made in separate sections for the sake of convenience.

### Plan for Home Needs.

A typical plan of this character is shown in the illustration. This plan, of course, is of use chiefly as an example, and in most cases a different arrangement will be necessary to meet the conditions surrounding individual garden spaces. On the plan the gardener may indicate the approximate date when each of his projected crops is to be planted. No more space



Plan for a Small Garden.

In this plan all the vegetables named are planted in rows across from the inside lateral rows of strawberries. As rapidly as each kind of peas matures and the crop is over, kale is planted in its place. The ground to be used for tomatoes is first planted with onion sets, and these onions are used as rapidly as needed. When the time comes to set out the tomatoes, some of the onions are dug to make space for the tomato plants. When the tomato crop is over, the ground is occupied by spinach as the third crop. Spinach is also planted as soon as the bulb onions from the side are gathered. The beans, carrots, and peas are succeeded by late cabbage, and between the rows of late cabbage "potato-onion" sets are planted. Late beans are planted between the rows of parsnips after the radishes and lettuce have been gathered.

should be allotted to each than is needed to furnish a sufficient quantity of the vegetable for family consumption or for other known needs.

Make the garden work all summer. Make your plans so that when one crop is ready for the table or for canning another vegetable can be planted between the old rows and new plantings can take the space vacated.

Many home gardeners seem content to raise a single crop on each plot of land at their disposal, but it is quite possible to grow two or three crops of some vegetables in one season.

A primary consideration in arranging the garden is the kind of cultivation to be employed. Where the work is to be done mainly by means of horse-drawn tools the arrangement should be such as to give the longest possible rows and a straight outline should be followed. The garden should be free from paths across the rows and turning spaces should be provided at the ends. For hand cultivation (the method that probably will be used by most home gardeners) the arrangement can be quite different, as the garden may be laid out in sections with transverse walks and the rows can be much closer for most crops.

### Remember Early Vegetables.

It is also important to consider the location of permanent crops such as asparagus and rhubarb. If any of the small fruits such as raspberries, currants and gooseberries are to be planted within the garden inclosure they should be included with the permanent crops. The location and area for the hotbed, cold-frame or seedbed should be decided upon, although these may be shifted to some convenient place outside the garden.

Where there is great variety in the composition of the soil in different parts of the garden it will be advisable to note this when arranging for the location of the various crops. Such crops as celery, onions and late cabbage should be planted in land that is not too low and moist. If part of the soil is high, warm and dry, that is the proper location for early crops and those that need a quick, warm soil.

### Points to Consider.

Remember these points in planning your garden:

A gentle slope toward the south or southeast is most desirable for the production of early crops. It is an advantage to have protection on the north and northeast by either a hill, a group of trees or hedge, buildings, a tight board fence or a stone wall to break the force of the wind.

The land should have sufficient drainage for surplus water to run off during heavy rains, but the fall should not be so great that the soil will be washed. Fill up holes in which water will accumulate. Avoid banks of a creek or stream liable to overflow.

A good fence around the garden plot is almost indispensable to keep out damaging animals.

The garden should be as near the kitchen as possible so that the work of caring for the crops may be done at odd times and so that the vegetables are quickly available to the housewife.

### Garden Space Valuable.

Just what vegetables are to be grown depends, of course, upon the individual tastes of the family. In general, the aim of the home gardener should be to raise vegetables in which freshness is an important quality. Peas, string beans, Lima beans, asparagus and sweet corn, for example, lose much if they are not cooked almost immediately after they are picked. In the case of potatoes, corn, cucumbers, squashes and melons, it should be remembered that these vegetables occupy a large area in proportion to their yield and in a small garden consume valuable space which, in most cases, could be used more profitably. It is also to be noted that they are easily stored and are an extremely good staple crop, and many gardeners will find it to advantage to plant as much ground to potatoes as possible after sufficient space has been allotted to the other garden crops.

### Plan Your Garden Early.

Diagram your ground, allot the space to the vegetables you want to grow, buy your seeds, have your tools at hand, prepare for the opening of the growing season.

### Use All Available Space.

Intensive culture and carefully arranged rotation will help make every foot of available space in the small garden produce the maximum yield.

## BE A "HOME GUARDENER"

The home gardens of America are the home guard in food production.

The "home gardener" of this year—our second in the war—is forewarned and thus forearmed.

The "home gardener," before he arms himself with his hoe, must fortify himself with knowledge.

Every peck of vegetables produced for home use this year from ground that never before grew food will mean a certain quantity of meat or wheat released for use behind our battle lines.

Join the "home gardeners."

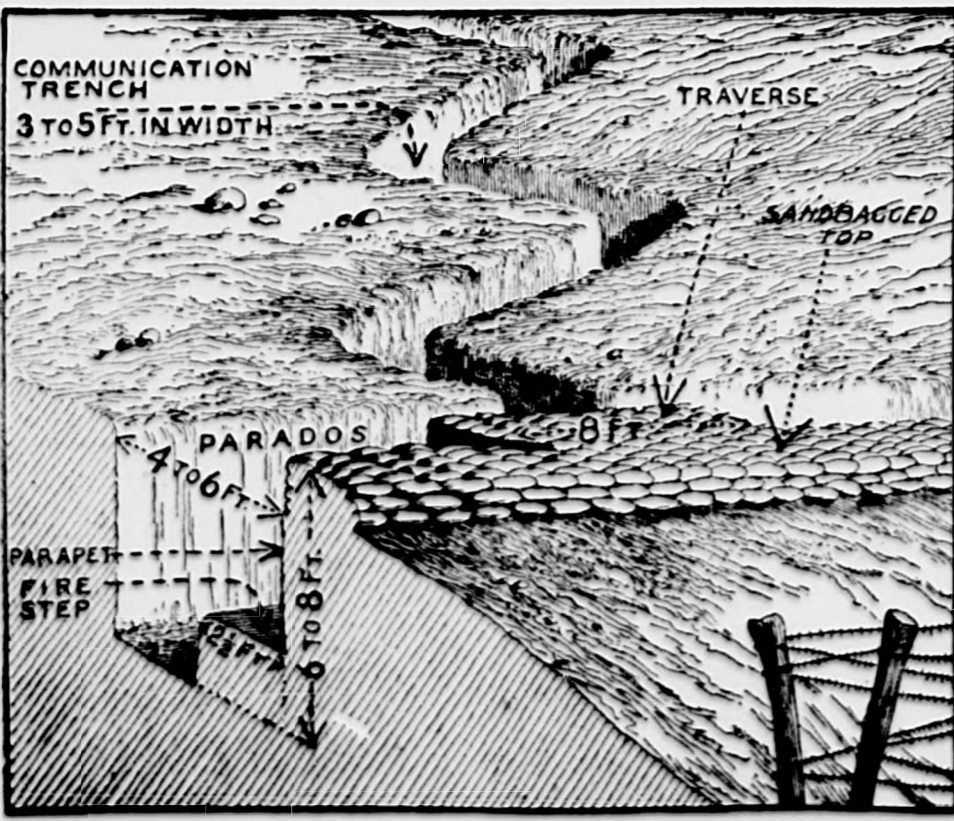


Diagram Showing Typical Front-Line and Communication Trenches.

# Relieve Your Liver

When your liver is out of order, your head, stomach, bile and bowels suffer with it. That is why a bilious attack is often serious. Ward it off with a few doses of

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

which gently arouse a sluggish liver, and renew the activities so necessary to good health. They never produce any disagreeable after-effects. Their prompt use is beneficial to the system, and will

### Prevent Bilious Attacks

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

# GARDEN TOOLS

For Women, Boys and Girls

As well as the Men

## BUY NOW

before prices advance and the supply is exhausted

# FRANK S. HOBART & CO.

Hardware and Plumbing

Washington Square, Weymouth

# Anticipation

THE WEYMOUTH TRUST CO. ANTICIPATES YOUR WANTS AND REQUIREMENTS, AND CATERS TO THEM ARE YOU ON OUR LIST, IF NOT

## WHY!

# Weymouth Trust Co.

Telephone 67

# EASTER

(SUNDAY, MARCH 31)

Easter Cards

Easter Novelties

Easter Magazines

# C. H. SMITH

PERIODICALS

64 Washington St., Washington Square.

# WARDWELL BOWLING ALLEYS

Special Orchestra every Wednesday and Saturday Weekly Roll-Off every Wednesday Night—\$15 Ten of the fastest and cleanest alleys in New England LADIES' NIGHT EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY

1506 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.

Telephone 72362

LOUIS ROSS, Proprietor.

HARRY W. PAINE, Manager.

## Rumor Has It



That we are back again to Read-about-it, and as we take time to look over the results of our town election, we congratulate the "winners," and we wish them a successful year of accomplishment. We are with you.

That we sympathize with those who ran for office and lost. We admire their courage and willingness to officiate as a part of the machinery necessary for town government, for it means a step from the shadow to limelight, from the peace of private life "over the top" to become a target for criticism. It may be the beginning of greatness or the fatal step. What is to be, will be, so have patience and you may yet be among the winners.

That the children of Weymouth are to be of the 5,000,000 "United States Garden Army." To be a member of the "U. S. G. A." will be an honor for its purpose will be noble and patriotic. Let us have an organization well founded, well managed and full of perseverance. The training in itself will be most valuable and the result a great help to Uncle Sam, who must have every bit of available energy in every person who is American, in order to win this war and block the terrible future that an attempt is being made to force upon the world.

That Major Whiton of Quincy has made several trips to Washington recently, looking after Quincy's interest in the housing question for shipyard employes. Millions of dollars are to be spent for this purpose.

That we have not heard of any Weymouth organization looking after Weymouth's interest in this matter.

That if it has been done it is of such interest that it should be made public.

That if it has not been done it is a golden opportunity lost.

That if no organization will look after this matter, or the Board of Selectmen, some citizen may.

That we hope the Board of Selectmen will use their influence in getting a liberal slice of this vast sum expended in Weymouth.

That a letter recently received by a citizen of this town from a Congressman, said regarding the possibilities of building up Weymouth—"I can see the possibilities in the program outlined by you with reference to the housing problem at the Fore River and Victory plants."

That the committee who are to spend the money know that Weymouth has the advantages necessary and no doubt a live "follow up" will obtain results.

That of all times now is the time to get busy.

That the Dorchester Board of Trade is considering sending a delegation to Washington to ask that a portion of the big housing appropriation be expended in Dorchester.

That since Dan Howley joined the Red Sox, the baseball enthusiasts of the South Shore have increased in numbers, and no doubt but what the circulation of the Boston dailies has increased. Everybody seems to be with Dan.

That fuel must be scarce up Webb Park way, as about all the boarding of the backstop has disappeared. If the person was very hard up and applied to the town, no doubt but what he would have been furnished with a little harder fuel and saved himself from carrying around a guilty conscience—if he has a conscience.

That the third Liberty Loan is drawing near and again will Weymouth go "over the top."

That the letter carriers attached to the Boston central postoffice sold \$59,711 worth of War Savings Stamps during February.

That the Weymouth carriers sold East Weymouth \$3,278, North Weymouth \$1,411, South Weymouth \$1,096 and Weymouth \$942—a total of \$6,727.

That Quincy led the district with \$19,339.

That Weymouth did well, but should keep it up.

That we wonder whose next move it is in the checker game played by the Merchants of Washington square.

That last Sunday morning everything out of doors looked as though the glass blowers had been around during the night.

That Quincy is regarded by military authorities as the greatest danger point on the Atlantic coast outside of New York.

That Quincy residents have taken steps to protect the city by organizing a Machine Gun company.

That the company is made up of volunteers who serve without pay and has agreed to equip itself.

That Weymouth should be as ready as her neighbor for the need of protection may come without warning and then what?

That it is time to plan for the 1918 food drive.

That Weymouth must not lag.

R. E. PORTER.

## CHILDREN'S COLUMN

By S. E. B.

On Saturday, March 9, a conference of leaders and members of Boys' and Girls' Clubs was held at the State House, Weymouth was well represented there by two supervisors, two principals and three club members. Weymouth had also a place on the program.

Home economics, gardening, pigs and poultry and canning were reported by members and leaders from all parts of the state. We felt that Weymouth was ready to do what one town can do for production and conservation.

We have 242 members of Home Economic Clubs in town. The High School club has 27 members with Miss Marion Proctor as president, and Miss Marion Branley as secretary. This club is considering making loaves of war bread to be offered for sale with the recipe for the same. Miss Cowan, teacher of domestic science at the High School, is local leader of this club.

At the Athens, Barbara Senior is president and George Kelsey is secretary of a club of 17 members. A second club at the same school has 16 members, Esther Walker is president and Annie Flockhart secretary. The Hunt school also has two clubs. One includes the 8th and 9th grades of which Helen Our is president and Gladys Evans secretary. The other includes the two 7th grades. Marjorie Worster is president and Dorothy Barker secretary. At the James Humphrey there are three clubs of 19, 28 and 43 members. George Pupulo, William Shields and Alice Peers are the presidents and George Pupulo, William Nash and Alice Peers are the presidents and Clifford Randall, Elizabeth Curtin and Marion Nash are secretaries.

At the new E. B. Nevins school, Vera Hollis is president and Daniel O'Donnell is secretary of a club of 15.

The Pratt has 23 members, and there Helen DesLaurie is president and Hjalmer Jerpi is secretary.

At the Shaw where Doris Newcomb is president and Mildred Dunlavey secretary, there are 11 members.

Miss Edna G. Rhodes is the local leader of these clubs.

Besides these there are several auxiliary members who may not be able to do all the work required but who want to learn and to do all they can.

Bread making is the choice of the boys in the club. Bread and garment making are about evenly divided among the girls.

Demonstrations in bread making are being given in all the clubs. The war breads are chosen and home help and encouragement are invited. The boys find some knowledge of cooking useful in scouting and camping.

When we have our exhibits we hope to show that we can patch, and darn, and sew, and bake, and are by so much more ready to do our share in the present crisis.

—Joseph Halter of Weymouth has been unanimously nominated for president of Quincy Lodge, Order of Moose.

# DOGS

## Must Be Licensed

### On or Before March 31st

Or the Owners or Keepers Thereof Are

Liable to a Fine!

Extract from Chap. 102 of the Revised Laws of Massachusetts



Sec. 128. The owner or keeper of a dog which is three months' old or over, shall annually, on or before the thirty-first day of March, cause it to be registered, numbered, described and licensed for one year from the first day of April following in the office of the clerk of the city or town in which said dog is kept. The owner or keeper of a licensed dog shall cause it to wear around its neck a collar distinctively marked with its owners name and its registered number.

Sec. 129. The owner or keeper of a dog may at any time have it licensed until the first day of April following; and a person who becomes the owner or keeper of a dog after the first day of April, which is not duly licensed, and the owner or keeper of a dog not duly licensed which becomes three months old after the thirty-first day of March in any year shall, when it is three months old, cause it to be registered, numbered, described, licensed and collared as provided in the preceding section.

Sec. 130. The fee for every license shall be two dollars for a male dog and five dollars for a female dog, unless a certificate of a registered veterinarian who performed the operation has been filed with the city or town clerk that said female dog has been spayed and has thereby been deprived of the power of procreation, in which case the fee shall be two dollars.

Sec. 131. The owner or keeper of dogs kept for breeding purposes may annually receive a license authorizing him to keep such dogs upon the premises described in the license. If the number of dogs so kept does not exceed five the fee for such license shall be twenty-five dollars, and if the number of dogs exceed five, the fee shall be fifty dollars, and no fee shall be required for the dog of such owner or keeper which are under the age of six months.

Sec. 137. Whoever keeps a dog contrary to the provisions of this chapter, shall, except as provided in Section one hundred and thirty-nine, forfeit not more than fifteen dollars, which shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the dog is kept, but in the county of Suffolk said sum shall be paid to the treasurer of the city or town in which said dog is kept.

No person shall keep or have in his care or possession any bloodhound, excepting an English bloodhound of pure blood, whose pedigree is recorded, or would be entitled to record in the English bloodhound herd book, or any dog classed by dog fanciers or breeders as Cuban bloodhound or Siberian bloodhound, whether such dog is in whole or in part of such species, unless such dog is kept solely for exhibition. In such case he shall at all times be kept securely enclosed or chained and shall not be allowed at large even though in charge of a keeper, unless properly and securely muzzled.

Chap. 105 Sec. 1, Acts of 1904. Sec. 139. Whoever keeps a dog described in the preceding section in violation of the provisions thereof shall forfeit fifty dollars. Ten dollars of which shall be paid to the complainant and forty dollars to the treasurer of the county in which said dog is kept, but in the county of Suffolk the forty dollars shall be paid to the treasurer of the city or town in which said dog is kept.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk. Weymouth, Mass.

P. O. Address, East Weymouth, Mass. 11,13

## BOARD OF SELECTMEN

JOSEPH KELLEY, Chairman, Weymouth BRADFORD HAWES, Secretary, E. Weymouth ALFRED W. HASTINGS, South Weymouth GEORGE L. NEWTON, North Weymouth HENRY E. HANLEY, E. Weymouth

Meetings Savings Bank Building East Weymouth, Every Monday

DURING THE MUNICIPAL YEAR FROM 2 TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

## OVERSEERS of the POOR

Meet at the Town Home the Second Wednesday of the month

## OFFICE HOURS

TOWN CLERK 10 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M. SATURDAYS 10 TO 12

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING (Second Floor) East Weymouth

Residence at 74 Putnam Street, East Weymouth.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk

## PROBATE NOTICES

Probate Court is held in Norfolk county on the first four Wednesdays of the month. At Dedham, the first Wednesday; at Quincy, the second Wednesday; at Dedham the third Wednesday; and at Brookline, the fourth Wednesday. The Gazette and Transcript gives careful attention to all citations and notices, and will send slips when requested.

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Norfolk, ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of

MARY A. POOLE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Howard P. White of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving surety on his official bond;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court. Witness, JAMES H. ELINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this ninth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

## Mortgagee's Sale

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Patrick J. Coyne to John J. Norton dated April 1st, 1914, and recorded in Norfolk County Registry of Deeds, book 1280, page 341, and for breach of the conditions thereof and for the purpose of foreclosing the same will be sold at public auction upon the premises herein after described on SATURDAY, MARCH 30, 1918, at one o'clock in the afternoon all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed to wit:

A certain piece or parcel of land with the buildings thereon situated in Weymouth and bounded and described as follows, to wit: Westerly by land of Patrick Curran or Catherine D. Curran thereon measuring 150 1/2 feet, Southerly by land of Joseph Conlin and heirs of James White deceased, thereon measuring 96 feet to land of William Coyne; Easterly by land of said William Coyne, thereon measuring 108 feet; Southwesterly by land of said William Coyne, thereon measuring 62 feet to the westerly line of a new road now called Webb street; Easterly again by the Westerly line of said Webb street thereon measuring 46 feet; Northerly by land now or formerly of Susan W. Webb (on a line running Westerly from said Webb street to land of said Curran and to the point of beginning) thereon measuring 166 1/2 feet, be any of the aforesaid measurements more or less. Being the same premises as conveyed to me by Mary A. Coyne by deed dated November 6, 1911 and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Book 1196, Page 264.

Said premises will be sold subject to a prior mortgage in possession of the South Shore Cooperative Bank, to all unpaid taxes, assessments or other liens thereon. One Hundred Dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the purchaser at the time and place of sale and the balance within ten days thereafter.

JOHN J. NORTON, Mortgagee. Weymouth, Mass., March 2, 1918. 31,10,11,12

# George M. Keene

## CARPENTER

AND

## BUILDER

16 Fairmount Ave. E. Weymouth

Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to

Agent for metal ceilings Telephone connection

# LEAVE BROS.

## Vulcanizing and Battery Charging

Tires, Tubes Oil, Grease and Auto Supplies Orders called for and delivered. Telephone, Wey. 681-J

698 Broad St., East Weymouth 12,4,9

## Learn a New Profession

FILING and secure a good salaried position through a course at Boston School of Filing Little Building, Boylston and Tremont Sts. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Visitors invited. Booklet upon request.

## Teacher of Piano

MARGARET Z. AHERN 4 Off Common Street WEYMOUTH

# PREMIUM LIST WEYMOUTH FAIR

## Prizes for Art, Quilts, Rugs, Useful and Fancy Articles, Knitting and Domestic Products

The dates for the annual fair of the Weymouth Agricultural and Industrial Society are Aug. 30 and 31 and Sept. 2. In the issue of the Gazette of Feb. 8 were published premiums offered in Departments A, B and C for farm and pet stock, farm and garden products, and dairy products. The list is continued this week for women's work, and will be concluded next week.

It is desirable that all entries in the various departments be made to the several superintendents in writing, a few days in advance of the fair, that proper space may be allotted to contributors. No entry for premiums shall be made after Thursday, Aug. 29, except by the special grant of the Committee in that department. There must be two or more entries in a class, or first prize honors will be awarded and second prize money paid.

Any premiums not applied for on or before Nov. 1, following the award, will revert to the Society for its uses and benefits.

All Fruits, Flowers and Vegetables offered for prizes and gratuities must be grown by the contributors, and all manufactured articles, fancy and useful, must be the workmanship of those in whose name they are contributed.

### Department D.—Women's Work ARTS AND CRAFTS—INDUSTRIAL

All entries in this department shall be on hand Thursday, August 29.

In order to facilitate the handling of exhibits in this department and avoid confusion and loss of exhibits, the rules governing entries will be strictly enforced. Exhibitors will confer a favor on the management and save themselves unnecessary annoyance by reading these rules carefully.

Collections cannot be made from articles competing as single pieces. Articles not listed in the premium list should not be entered. Where there is no competition an article must have merit to be awarded a premium, the amount to be determined by the committee.

Exhibits must have been made and now owned by exhibitors.

#### SECTION 1.—ART

For the best collection of five paintings in oil, two premiums	\$3.00	\$2.00
For single paintings in oil, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For the best collection of five paintings in water colors, two premiums	3.00	2.00
For single paintings in water colors, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Crayon or Charcoal Work, single article, two premiums	1.00	.50
For best collection of ten pieces Hand Painted China, two premiums	3.00	2.00
For Hand Painted China, single pieces, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Burnt Wood, single pieces, two premiums	1.00	.50
Sundry prizes and gratuities to be awarded by the committee for articles of merit not covered by the above list	15.00	

#### SECTION 2.—QUILTS AND RUGS

For silk or satin Patchwork Quilts, two premiums	\$2.00	\$1.00
For cotton Patchwork Quilts, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Quilts, all other kinds, two premiums	2.00	1.00

## Contractor and Builder

**JAMES P. HADDIE**

Will give you an Estimate for a New Business Block or House.

Jobbing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

An expert in adjusting Fire Losses.

46 Shawmut St., East Weymouth Phone Weymouth 255-W

## Grain Delivery

We will deliver Grain to the Landing and East Braintree on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

**Emerson Coal & Grain Co. Inc.**

East Weymouth Tel. Wey. 430

## THE LONESOME BOYS IN CAMP

waiting for an opportunity to do their bit in the great world struggle next to a personal visit would appreciate a visit by proxy

### PHOTOGRAPHS

of the folks at home will cheer them beyond measure and carry a message of love that words could not express.

**SUE RICE STUDIO**

1522 HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY  
Tel. Quincy 563-W

For Patchwork Quilts with greatest number of pieces	1.00	.50
For Braided Rugs, best collection of three or more, three premiums	\$3.00	2.00
For Braided Rugs, single pieces, three premiums	2.00	1.00
Sundry prizes and gratuities to be awarded by the committee for articles of merit not covered by the above list	10.00	

#### SECTION 3.—USEFUL AND FANCY ARTICLES

For Stencil Work, single pieces, two premiums	\$ .50	\$ .25
For Bead Work, single pieces, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Basket and Raffia Work, best collection of five or more, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Basket and Raffia Work, single pieces, two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, best collection of six, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For White Embroidery, shirt waists, two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, night dress, skirt, corset cover and towels, each two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, initial on, two premiums	\$1.00	\$ .50
For White Embroidery, center piece, two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, bureau or sideboard cover, two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, dollies, two premiums	1.00	.50
For White Embroidery, miscellaneous single pieces, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Colored Embroidery, best collection of six pieces, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Colored Embroidery, center piece, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Colored Embroidery, dollies, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Colored Embroidery, bureau or sideboard cover, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Colored Embroidery, miscellaneous single pieces, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Fine Sewing, all hand made, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Sofa Pillows, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Lace Work, best collection of six pieces or more, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Lace Work, best collection of six pieces		
For Crochet Work, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Irish Crochet, two premiums	1.00	.50
Sundry prizes and gratuities to be awarded by the committee for articles of merit not covered by the above list up to	\$30.00	

#### SECTION 4.—KNITTING AND HOSPITAL SHIRTS AND GOWNS

For Knitted Soldiers' Helmets, two premiums	\$1.00	\$ .50
For Knitted Soldiers' Sweaters, two premiums	2.00	1.00
For Knitted Soldiers' Wristers, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Knitted Soldiers' Stockings, two premiums	1.00	.50
For Knitted Novelty Garments, special premiums	2.00	1.00
For Embroidered Mounted Serving Trays, two premiums	1.00	.50
Sundry prizes and gratuities to be awarded by the committee for articles of merit not covered by the above list up to	\$15.00	

#### SECTION 5.—CLUB EXHIBIT

For Women's Clubs and Societies, exhibiting on an area covering 10 square yards or more, of needlework, knitting, embroidery, or other handicraft, special attention being given to arrangement, usefulness and quality of work, the Committee will distribute premiums up to \$50.00.

#### SECTION 6.—DOMESTIC PRODUCTS

For best collection of foods made from corn or corn products, 4 varieties, recipes to accompany exhibit, three premiums	\$2.00	\$1.00	\$ .50
For best meat substitute dish that could be used for main dish of a meal, recipe to accompany exhibit, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50
For Bread, best collection of four kinds, one loaf each, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50
For Bread, single loaf, white, brown, graham, rye, whole wheat, Indian, each three premiums	1.00	1.00	.50
For Cake, best collection, four kinds or more, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50
For Cake, single loaf, sponge, marble, layer, pound, each three premiums	1.00	.50	.25
For best pan Home Made Biscuit, three premiums	1.00	.50	.25
For best collection of Home Made Pies, four or more, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50
For single Pie, any variety, three premiums	1.00	.50	.25
For best dozen doughnuts, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50

#### SECTION 7.—PICKLES AND PRESERVES

For the best display of twenty varieties of Preserves, three premiums	\$2.00	\$1.00	\$ .50
For the best display of fifteen varieties of Preserves, three premiums	2.00	1.00	.50
For the best display of ten varieties of Preserves, three premiums	1.00	.50	.25
For the best display of Honey, not less than ten pounds, three premiums	1.00	.50	.25

(To be continued)

#### REAL ESTATE SALES

The following Weymouth transfers of real estate have been recorded this week at the Norfolk registry at Dedham:

Louis F. Bates to Ethel Catter, Smelt brook.

Lydia E. Bates to Ethel Catter, Commercial street.

Elizabeth Gardiner to Amalia Anderson, Washington street.

Tommaso Gioiosa to Angelo Mazzola, Shawmut street.

**BRAINTREE**

Henry S. Moody, trustee, to John J. Burke.

Walter D. Berry to Frances I. Welsh, Washington street and Common street, Staten road.

Frank Garret to Frank Pink, Lancaster road.

John H. Malvena to Alice S. Johnson, Franklin street.

John H. Spaulding to John W. Anderson, et al., Holmes street.

Earl A. M. Sumner to Marion H. Potter, Sumner street.

#### Happy Women

Plenty of Them in This Locality, and Good Reason for It

Wouldn't any woman be happy. After years of backache suffering, days of misery, nights of unrest, the distress of urinary troubles, when she finds freedom. Many readers will profit by the following:

Mrs. J. J. Higgins, 18 Canterbury St., East Weymouth, says: "I have had Doan's Kidney Pills in my house for years and I have had wonderful relief from them. I have sometimes had attacks of dizziness and my back has been lame and weak. My kidneys have acted irregularly. Doan's Kidney Pills have never failed to quickly relieve that trouble, so I can always say a good word for them." (Statement given April 3, 1916.)

On March 20, 1917, Mrs. Higgins said: "I still think well of Doan's Kidney Pills, because they have never failed to give me excellent relief. I praise them to my friends and neighbors."

See, at all dealers, Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 211411 (Advertisement)

**Kill That Cold and Save Health**

**CASCARA QUININE**

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiate—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours. Cures in 3 days. Money back if fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's Catarrh Cure. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

**F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.**  
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

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*for your health's sake*

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1915 1916 1917  
WILL BE SOLD AT BARGAINS  
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Capital \$150,000 Surplus \$150,000

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OPPOSITE DEPOT, WOLLASTON  
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No Ice Sold on Sunday

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**Eastern Rug Co.**  
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Have you tried the **Formosa Orange Pekoe Tea** AND **Our High Grade Roasted Coffees** including the S. S. Pierce 59 Brand, and the Mt. Vernon Brand.

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Business Established 1883  
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Telephone Weymouth 436 R.

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We have rooms to let for the Storage of Furniture.  
Second-Hand Furniture for Sale  
**CHAS. W. JOY**  
159 Middle St. East Weymouth

AMERICAN SOLDIERS IN FRONT LINE TRENCHES AT LORRAINE GATE



Here are two of the first pictures received in the United States showing our boys at the actual fighting front holding a portion of the Lorraine sector against the Teuton horde. At the top is shown a section of a trench held by American troops, and at the bottom a soldier ready to fire a signal rocket as a warning that a German attack has begun.

SWITZERLAND FEARS INVASION BY GERMANY AND AUSTRO-HUNGARY



The massing of large bodies of German and Austro-Hungarian troops along the Swiss frontier has caused Switzerland to fear that Hindenburg intends to invade its territory in the effort to turn the French right flank. The illustration shows Swiss mountaineer troops on the path to the Dreispachenspitze on the frontier, and, at the left, an officer of the Swiss army wearing the recently adopted steel helmet.

BRITISH TANK GOING INTO ACTION THROUGH A FRENCH VILLAGE



The crown stange through which it is passing has received a considerable amount of attention from the gunners, but that doesn't bother the tank in the least as it lumbers into action. The Boche guns will make the tank their objective as soon as the Teuton air scouts report its presence.

SERVICES OVER REMAINS OF FIRST AMERICANS TO DIE IN FRANCE



Impressive rituals marked the burial of Corp. James B. Gresham, Private Thomas F. Enright and Private Merle D. Hay of Company F, Sixteenth Infantry, who were interred with religious and military ceremony at Bathelemont on the afternoon of November 4. Throughout the ceremony at the graves, French batteries, from their positions, fired minute guns over the village at the German trenches.

RESULTS OF GERMAN AIR RAIDS OVER PARIS



The upper photograph shows a view of several of the houses which were wrecked by the bombs dropped by the Germans. These places of "military importance" to the Germans were the homes of the people who live in the poorer section of Paris. The lower photograph shows the results of bombs dropped on the dormitory of a children's hospital, which fortunately had been vacated in time by the 200 children, and none were injured there. The building is a mass of wreckage. If the children had not been removed doubtless every one of them would have been killed.

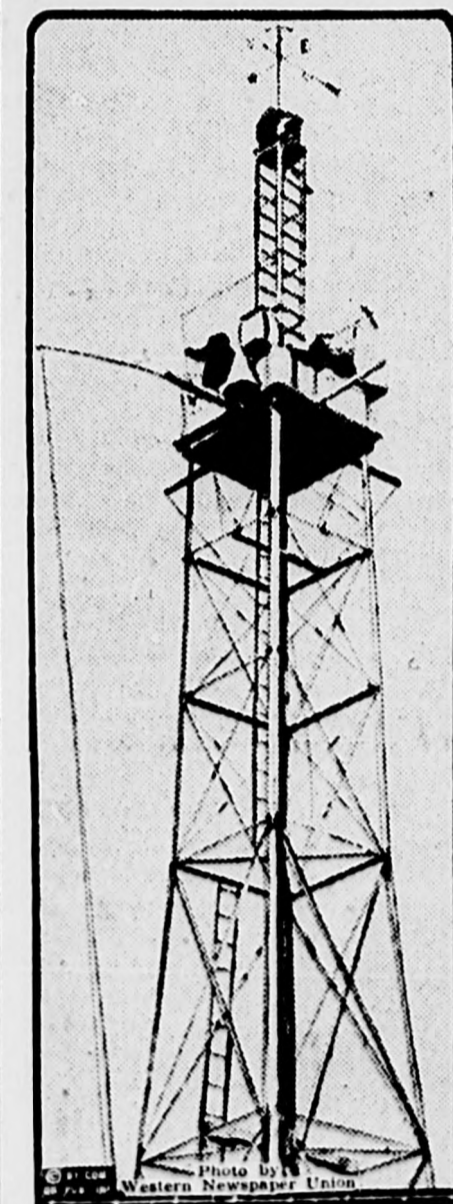
MAY BE CROWNED CZAR



According to recent reports the Germans may put the former czarevitch on the Russian throne. Here is the latest photograph of the son of the ex-czar, now plain Alexis Romanoff.

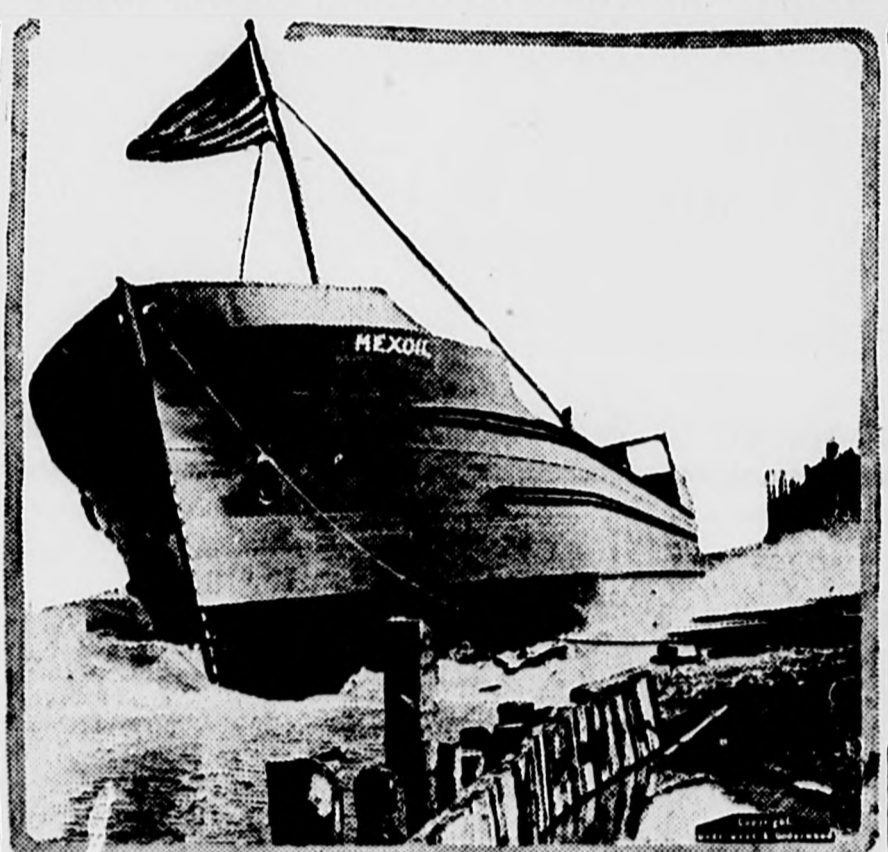
Reformed. Judge—Ever served a jail sentence? Witness—Yes, sah; but I's retiahd now an' livin' a private life.

TOWER FOR WATCHING FLYER



Observation tower at naval aviation station at Warrington Beach, Pensacola, Fla., erected for the use of our flying instructors, who note the efficiency and skill with which our coming American fliers handle their machines as they speed through the air.

FIRST STEEL SHIP LAUNCHED IN SOUTH



The first steel ship ever built south of Newport News is shown here just after the launching. It is the Mexoil, a vessel of 3,000 tons, built by the Alabama-New Orleans Transportation company for the Mexican Petroleum corporation and was launched at Violet, La.

DRESSING STATION ON THE WEST FRONT



A dressing station near the firing lines on the western front operated by New Zealanders. In the foreground can be seen a wounded soldier on a stretcher awaiting treatment.

# HOW MRS. BOYD AVOIDED AN OPERATION

Canton, Ohio.—"I suffered from a female trouble which caused me much suffering, and two doctors decided that I would have to go through an operation before I could get well."



"My mother, who had been helped by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, advised me to try it before submitting to an operation. It relieved me from my troubles so I can do my house work without any difficulty. I advise any woman who is afflicted with female troubles to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial and it will do as much for them."—Mrs. MARIE BOYD, 1421 5th St., N. E., Canton, Ohio.

Sometimes there are serious conditions where a hospital operation is the only alternative, but on the other hand so many women have been cured by this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after doctors have said that an operation was necessary—every woman who wants to avoid an operation should give it a fair trial before submitting to such a trying ordeal.

The letters constantly being published from women in every section of this country prove beyond question the merit of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

### A Mercenary Mind.

"What books have helped you most?" "To tell the truth," replied Mr. Pen-wiggle, "I never got a great deal of help out of books. There is more money in scenarios."

### GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

### Described.

"Pa, what is red tape?" "Red tape, my boy, is the government string to efficiency's pocket-book."

Pure blood is essential to Good Health, Garfield Tea dispels impurities, cleanses the system and eradicates disease. Adv.

To be a real, good soldier, the recruit should always have ambition to become a general.

## WAS DISCOURAGED

Lost 65 Pounds in Weight and Had to Give Up Work. Has Been Relieved Since Using Doan's.

Exposed to extreme heat when working as an engineer, and then going outdoors to cool off, caused my kidney trouble," says Karl Goering, 8513 N. Orkney St., Philadelphia, Pa. "In cold weather and when it was damp, my joints and muscles would swell and ache and often my limbs were so badly affected it was only with great misery I was able to get around. For a week I was laid up in bed, hardly able to move hand or foot."



"Another trouble was from irregular and scanty passages of the kidney secretions. I became dull and weak and had to give up my work. Headaches and dizzy spells nearly blinded me and I went from 235 to 200 in weight. Nothing helped me and I felt I was doomed to suffer."  
"At last I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills and began taking them. I soon got back my strength and weight and all the rheumatic pains and other kidney troubles left. I have remained cured." Secured before me, WM. H. MUMFORD, Notary Public.  
Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

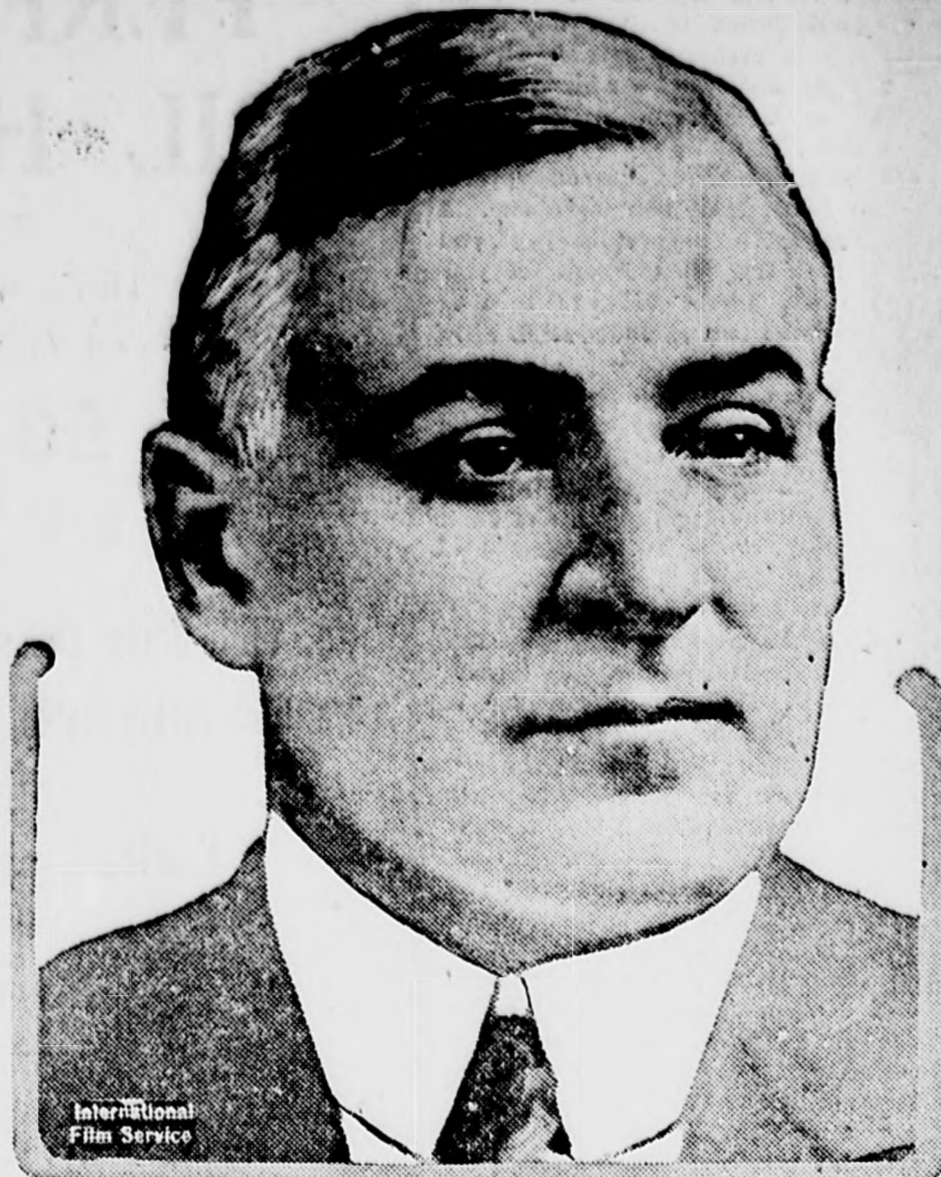
Mothers who value the health of their children should never be without **MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN**, for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headache, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles.  
TRADE MARK  
Don't accept any Substitute. Used by Mothers for 31 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere 25 cts. Trial package FREE. Address THE MOTHER GRAY CO., LE ROY, N. Y.

**HEAVENS IN HORSES CAN BE RELIEVED**  
Don't work your horses while they are suffering with Heaves. Believe them with Dr. JAMES HENRY'S Horse Tonic. Physic Ball and HEAVE POWDER. Price 50c per Box. A treatment that will enable your horses to do more work with less discomfort. Read the PRACTICAL HORN VETERINARIAN. Send for free booklet on Heaves in Horses. If no dealer in your town, write to Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

**IRRITATING COUGHS**  
Promptly treat coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis and similar inflamed and irritated conditions of the throat with a tested remedy—

## PISO'S

## ONE NEW NATIONAL LEAGUE MANAGER TO MAKE INITIAL BOW THIS SEASON



Seven old managers of National league baseball teams will appear on the field when the season opens in April, Jack Hendricks, pilot of the St. Louis Cardinals, being the only new manager of the league. Hendricks has behind him a highly successful career in the minors. It is a queer kink of fate that he was a member of the New York Giants when McGraw became their manager in 1902, and Hendricks was one of the first players given the "pink slip" by the new Giant pilot. In 16 years he has worked his way back up the ladder to a place beside the man who once declared that he could never become a big league ball player. Christy Mathewson, Fred Mitchell and Hugo Bezdek are almost as new at the game, in major league experience.

## VISIT TO SOUTH WITH BALL CLUB

There Are Many Things in Life More Agreeable to the Players.

### PRETTY SOFT TO DUCK AWAY

Get Over Notion That Training Trip Is All Joy Ride for Ball Tossers—No Pleasure to Get Into Condition.

Yes, it's pretty "soft" to be able to duck away from the frigid, disagreeable weather of the North.

It's "soft" to miss the changeable weather of a Northern spring and bask in the steady sunshine of the South.

It's "soft" to linger in a fine, hospitable Southern hotel, listening to the palms sighing sweet lullabies and the pickaninies humming in to the accompaniment of a banjo.

It's "soft" to have someone paying your expenses while you are literally breathing in the fine romance of the romantic South and enjoying yourself ditting around a baseball field a couple of hours a day to wear off excess energy.

Yes, it's "soft."  
That's what the folks generally say when a ball player or scribe hands out the information that he is going South with a baseball club.

It's so soft, so pleasant, so agreeable than 97 out of every 100 men sent South for baseball purposes at this time of the year envy everyone back home, even though the folks at home are forced to dive into doorways to dodge the chilled breezes.

### No Sweet Joy Ride.

The ball player doesn't need sympathy. He's pretty well provided for. But get over the notion that a training trip is all one sweet joy ride for him.

No one loves physical or mental pain. The average business man, when physically troubled, will close his desk and get away from his labors. He would feel offended if someone insisted that he should work.

Getting into condition is no sin. True, that's a part of the business, but even though a man is paid to suffer pain that's no reason he enjoys the pain. When a fellow is forced to continue his muscle-ripping labors when his muscles are crying out for rest that fellow isn't exactly enjoying himself.

### More or Less Bunk.

The South may have its romance. But as for the impression that one gets from flowery novels on Southern "atmosphere"—well, there's more or less bunk about it. The South is very fine for those who live there. But when the lust for travel dies and all a man really lives for exists in the North you may rest assured that man will take the North in preference to the South any time. Undoubtedly the same applies to men who live in the South.

Southern hotels are hospitable enough if anyone ever saw a hotel which he thought really was hospita-

ble. A hotel is a good place to go when you can't go any place else. Southern training trips are, of course necessary to baseball, but from the ball player's point of view there are many things in life more agreeable than going through the process of getting into condition in the South.

### RECORDS BROKEN FOR DEALS

Sale of Alexander and Killifer to Cubs Heads List—Stuffy McInnis Brings Up Last.

All records for baseball trades and sales in a single off season have been broken this winter. They follow:

1. Alexander and Killifer sold by the Phils to Chicago for \$50,000. Prendergast and Dilhoefer.
2. Bush, Schang and Strunk sold by Athletics to the Red Sox for \$60,000. Pitcher Gross, Catcher Thomas and Outfielder Kopp.
3. Shortstop Lavan and Outfielder Shotten traded by the Browns to Washington for Pitcher Gallia and \$15,000.
4. Outfielder Paskert of the Phils traded to the Cubs for Outfielder Cy Williams.
5. Pitcher George Tyler traded by Boston to the Cubs for Second Baseman Larry Doyle and Catcher Art Wilson.
6. Infielder Herzog of New York traded to Boston for Second Baseman Larry Doyle and Pitcher Barnes.
7. Pitcher Al Mamaux, Shortstop Ward and Pitcher Grimes, Pittsburgh, traded to Brooklyn for Outfielder Stenge and Second Baseman Cutshaw.
8. Stuffy McInnis sold to the Red Sox.

### FIRST FOOTBALL STAR FALLS

Malcolm Gifford of Williams, Victim of Unfortunate Circumstances, Is War Victim.

Malcolm Gifford of Williams college, is the first American football star to fall in the great game "over there." Williams joined a Canadian regiment last spring and said that he would never return to America alive. He flung himself into the war game with the same spirit that he displayed in football. He did this largely to help him forget the unfortunate train of circumstances that had caused him to be accused and tried for the murder of a taxicab driver in Albany, N. Y. This incident saddened the life of the football star and he cared little what happened to him in Europe.

### BOXING BELTS IN AUSTRALIA

Emblems Given to Winners in Different Classes—Must Be Won Three Times to Own It.

Promoter Baker of Australia has cut the championship boxing belts from twenty to ten rounds and gives championship belts to winners in the flyweight, bantamweight, featherweight, lightweight and welterweight classes. The holder must win the belt three times to own it.

### America Vs. France.

American soldiers in France may engage in soccer games with French players during periods of relaxation at the front.

### Rattling the Skeleton.

A handicapper of race horses calls himself Helter Skelter. That's the way some of the horses run.

### SPORTING JINGLES

The umpires would also like to have a decisionless day. But there will be no beehive days among players on the field. Recruit pitchers have more curves than a Broadway beauty chorus in the spring. Hockey is sort of a substitute sport. They play it when they can't play anything else. Kaiser is short of guns on account of the delayed steel. This way out! Don't slam the door. Why is it that when somebody mentions Eddie Collins you think of Heinie Zim? Boxing is hard on the ears of the boxers, but wrestling is tough on the listeners of the crowd. A deaf guy could enjoy a wrestling match. Finding a baseball club in Philly is as hard as playing the piano with mittens on. Jess Willard's promises to fight are as reliable as a railroad time table. Collecting the baseball war tax is going to be as easy as falling into an upper berth.

### FAMOUS CARSMAN IS KILLED

Captain Holland, One of Best-Known English Athletes, Meets Death "Somewhere in France."

The death is announced at the front of Capt. W. F. C. Holland, one of the best-known track athletes and oarsmen in England.

He was a versatile track athlete, winning British championships at the 100-yard, half mile, mile and long jump. He rowed in the Oxford varsity eight for four years, and was president of Oxford Boat Club in 1889. He rowed No. 7 in 1896 in the Leander crew, which defeated Yale. For several years afterward he coached the Oxford crews, and for ten years before the war acted as judge at the Henley regattas.

### EPPA RIXEY NOW IS LIEUTENANT IN ARMY



Eppa Jephtha Rixey, left-handed pitcher of the Philadelphia Nationals, who lives at Charlottesville, Va., has been commissioned a first lieutenant in the sanitary corps of the National army. He probably will be assigned to the gas defense section.

### KIVIAT, STAR RUNNER, IS HIKING FOR UNCLE SAM



A. R. Kiviat, the former star middle-distance runner of the Irish-American Athletic club of New York, is now a member of the Fifty-ninth regiment stationed at Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

### Herman in Class One.

Pete Herman, world's champion bantamweight, has been placed in class 1 of the draft. It is believed he will claim exemption on the grounds of sore eyes, as the champion recently canceled all his bouts for that reason.

# WRIGLEYS



—is the great war-time sweetmeat.

—the benefit, the pleasure, the economy of a 5c package of WRIGLEY'S

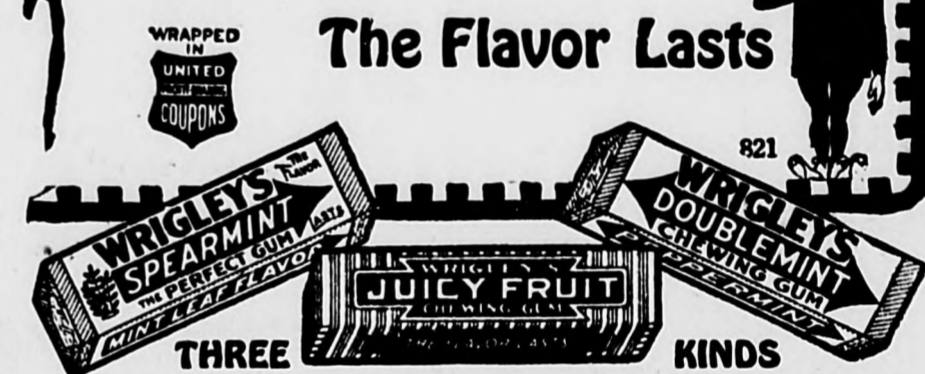
—has made it the favorite "sweet ration" of the Allied armies.

—send it to your friend at the front:

—it's the handiest, longest-lasting refreshment he can carry.

CHEW IT AFTER EVERY MEAL

The Flavor Lasts



**The Betsy Ross Yarn Company**  
Manufacturers of Knitting Yarns  
354 Fourth Avenue, New York City  
SELL THEIR PRODUCT DIRECT TO CONSUMER  
65c per full 4 oz. hank  
\$2.50 per lb. in 5 lbs. lot (62½c per 4 oz. hank)  
\$2.30 per lb. in 10 lbs. lot (57½c per 4 oz. hank)  
Mail orders accompanied by money order receive prompt attention if addressed to Dept. B2.

When a gossip tells you anything you can make money by betting that it isn't so.  
Good health cannot be maintained where there is a constipated habit. Garfield Tea overcomes constipation. Adv.

Some men think that the proper way to begin the day is to find fault with the wife at the breakfast table.



## BRITONS and CANADIANS Come Across Now

Agreement with the United States provides that you will be drafted if you don't volunteer. All men between 20 and 40 are liable.

Your Brothers Over There Are Calling to You

Answer the Call! Volunteer to-day; the need is imperative; you will not be doing your full duty if you wait to be drafted.

You Can Join Either the British or Canadian Armies

DO IT TO-DAY

At Nearest British and Canadian Recruiting Depot

Once Again!

WHY?

Should Merchants Of Weymouth

DRIVE

Local Trade To Quincy!

WHY?

Should a Prospective Customer Be Greeted With Such Cards As Our Stores Are Displaying?

\$10 A DAY

Would Be Little Enough For Displaying

INVITATIONS

To Trade In Quincy.

Take the Lesson

Weymouth Merchants and Advertise.

THE TRADE

of the People of Weymouth Is

WORTH HAVING

Advertise BIG in The BIG Gazette

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The Gazette and Transcript is the home paper of ALL the Weymouths: North Weymouth, East Weymouth, South Weymouth, Weymouth Landing, Weymouth Heights, Weymouth Centre, Lovell's Corner, Nash's Corner, Wessagussett, Fort Point and Rose Cliff.

Entered in the Post Office at Weymouth, Mass as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

TO FRANCE VIA PANAMA AND CAMP LEWIS

Travel Talks of Soldier Boy Who Enlisted in Ambulance Corps at San Francisco

Many have been interested in the letters which Carl F. Prescott has written to his parents during his trip of two years on the Pacific coast, and several have said they were worth publishing. His trip includes the Panama Canal, World Fairs at San Francisco and San Diego, life on a ranch and also among the mountains, an outing in Yosemite National Park, and visits to many cities and points of interest, until his enlistment in San Francisco in July in a Masonic Ambulance Corps, now the 364th Ambulance Corps at Camp Lewis, expecting daily to be ordered across the seas. He is the son of the editor of the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript. The following excerpts are from his weekly letters and will be continued for several weeks.

No. 15 Fresno, California, June 3, 1917.

May 27 was my last Sunday in San Diego, the most southwestern city and corner of the U. S. A. The weather was most delightful. Attended church in the morning. In the absence of the regular pastor now a city councilman who is away on city business, inspecting dam construction, as the city is about to construct new city water reservoir the sermon of the day was changed to an interesting lecture by the chief of police of Berkeley, California, who is temporarily in San Diego on leave or absence, to help reorganize and instruct police department here. It was very interesting and while the official was in no ways a polished speaker, he drove home many interesting facts.

Was entertained by friends during the afternoon and evening. Although I have been in California a year and a half, I had my first earthquake experience about 10 P. M. I was at the door about to return to my rooms, when voices up stairs shouted, "What's that noise; it sounds like a quake." And in the house across the way, several spoke, saying "Did you hear the earthquake?" Must confess I did not even feel a jar. Lay it to the fact that I was standing at the time. The papers the next morning stated that the shock was not as strong in San Diego as over in the Imperial valley.

My application for training camp probably got buried among the some 5,000 applicants that could not possibly be accommodated. Will make one final personal application when I reach Frisco, a week or two hence. Things in the West are beginning to liven up a bit. San Diego is almost being made over. In fact, over night, it finds itself quite an important place. The Exposition grounds

were tendered to the Government and accepted as a Naval training base. North Island continues a big Aviation field; and the latest, a big army camp north of the city, some 15 miles, for 30,000, makes everybody happy, and already things are beginning to boom.

Under the circumstances I regret that I am leaving for Los Angeles, May 29, en route home via Yosemite National Park and San Francisco.

Reached Los Angeles May 29 and there has been something doing every minute. Spent the first evening with Mr. and Mrs. Himeon (Miss Lizzie Burrell of Quincy, Mass.) On Memorial day I was the guest at Pasadena of Mr. A. F. Hayward and Miss Corrine Hayward, recently of Quincy, Mass. They are most pleasantly situated; a big date palm in front of their cosy, little bungalow. And Mr. Hayward pointed proudly to a large American flag, either 3 for 40 years old, having 36 stars, I believe, that has been flown to the breeze in several states—Dakota, New York, Massachusetts and California. Miss Corrine will be graduated from the Pasadena Hospital June 7. Had a most cordial invitation to attend.

All my friends seem sorry to think I am turning Eastward. They want me to come again, and all expected I would come back sometime.

Delayed my departure from Los Angeles one day that I might see a former pal on the S. S. Kroonland, the fellow I tramped with from the Atlantic to the Pacific (across the Isthmus at Panama).

Leaving Los Angeles at 8 A. M. made a stop at Mojave for lunch. Thence through the Teohappi pass, and a drop down into the lower end of San Joaquin valley. This was accomplished by two distinct loops, and some 17 tunnels, all intensely interesting, and certainly clever engineering.

Reached Bakersfield in the early afternoon, and it was "deucedly" hot spelled in capital letters H-O-T. Soon saw all I wanted to of the place, feeling more or less roasted out, and was ready to leave in the evening; so decided to run up to Fresno and spend the night.

June 4 I leave for Merced, there connecting for Yosemite Valley, to camp for a week or two, and then on to San Francisco. From Merced it is some 93 miles by railroad and 15 miles by auto to the floor of the valley.

Fresno and surrounding country are a very close reminder of Quincy, the houses, stores, trees, etc. However the streets are laid out at right angles. A nice shady square or common around the county building. A post office like Quincy. The only difference perhaps is noticeable in the main street, the projected wooden awnings to guard against the hot summer days, to make stores, and business offices as cool and shady as possible.

The next two letters will tell of the wonders and beauty of the Yosemite.

C. F. P.

Farm Letters By Edward Lukeman

NECESSARY FOR GOOD ORCHARD

Should be Done Some Time This Month Before Trees Start (No. 16 by Edward Lukeman)

In many articles that have appeared in this column from time to time, I have tried to keep the readers interested in something that was a little outside gardening or fruit growing. I did this because last November when I started writing for this paper, all that could be done in the garden had been done, and nearly all in the orchard as well, so it was out of the question to take up the proper subjects at the proper time, commencing when I did. In this manner I try and get you all interested before the planting season arrives.

I intended having some true letters published that would interest you all. They relate to men and women (and there are many women) who purchased farms when young with very little money, and by hard work and good management are now owners of prosperous farms. These letters were all sworn to and signed and sent to the largest publishers of farm papers in the United States in competition for a prize of \$1,000, for the best article on "Mortgage Lifting."

But these and other interesting subjects will have to wait, now that the planting season is close at hand. However before the time arrives, you better arrange with the newsdealer to save a copy of this paper for you every week. It will be even more interesting as you commence your gardens, and you won't want to miss any number. Now is an excellent time to make the necessary arrange-

ments and become a weekly reader of the paper.

At this time, go over all the trees you have, and try and discover all the moth nests possible, and paint them with creosote, cut out all the old wood, and let in the air and sunlight, or in other words prune up the trees.

It will be better to cut out several small limbs than one large one. I am inclined to believe many of you will think this job too hard for you, and would prefer to have it done by someone who understands it. Very well, do this, and then it won't be a very hard matter to keep your trees in good shape once this is done for you.

The next duty in order will be to spray the trees right away, and do it thoroughly, so as to kill San Jose scale and Oyster Shell scale. You can use either lime and sulphur, or a preparation known as scalescite.

If you decide to use the former, and have only a small number of trees, it will be cheaper to buy it already made. You can purchase it five gallons for \$2.50. This will make 40 gallons diluted one to eight, and it will cost that to make it.

Besides its almost certain to give you a sick stomach and a violent headache. Seasickness is not to be compared with what you get when you undertake making this spray, and as I stated, it's as cheap to purchase it already made as to prepare it, I won't mind giving the directions to make it yourself. However, it's essential to use either lime sulphur or Scalescite, and you will require a hand sprayer to do this, and an even coating of spray material must be put on all over the trees. Spray thoroughly to the extreme end of all branches, and continue until the material drips from the limbs. Be sure to protect your hands with long gloves, and do not spray of a windy day, as the material will be constantly getting in your eyes and mouth.

As I stated above, it is necessary to spray with either one or the other, and for my part I always use Scalescite. It is much better to work with. It won't scald you the way lime and sulphur will, and in my opinion it does just as effective work. I have used it for a long time, and have never had a failure.

While I recommend spraying some time this month, you can do it any time while the trees are dormant. No matter how badly the trees are infected with scales, this is a sure remedy, and with patience and perseverance you can clean up a pretty badly neglected orchard.

One thing I want to caution you about, and that is, don't neglect this spray, and don't let any person make you believe it is unnecessary. You want your trees to grow strong and healthy, and this is more necessary than pruning or fertilizing.

This is all the spraying that will be required until the trees leaf out, and I will take that up at the proper time.

P.S.—The Scalescite or lime and sulphur mentioned above, can be procured from any of the seed stores, or you can purchase the Scalescite direct from B. G. Pratt & Co., 30 Church street, New York.

HIGH TIDES

Table with 3 columns: Day, A. M., P. M. Rows: Friday, March 15; Saturday; Sunday; Monday; Tuesday; Wednesday; Thursday; Friday.



- Up-To-Date Neckwear
Peerless Union Suits
Women's and Children's Hosiery
Tripletote Hosiery, 25c to \$1.50 pair
Bull Dog Suspenders
Fancy Armbands
Scarf Pins and Cuff Buttons
4-In-One Sweaters for Men
Candee Rubbers
Mufflers for Men, \$1.50 to \$3.00
Dress Suits To Let

Agency for International Tailoring Co.

E. P. WHITE

Washington Street Opposite Sacred Heart Church Weymouth 397-J

ADVERTISE IN THE GAZETTE

PERFECTION OIL HEATERS

Just the Thing when you are out of Coal Good for Years of Service

50 ONLY

They are scarce and will be Picked Up Quick

No. 660 Brass Tanks, Blue Enamel \$10.00

No. 560 Nickel Plated Trimmings, Brass Tank \$8.50

Carload of Pickling Crocks

1 to 6 Gallons

Now is the time to Put Down Eggs while the price is low.

900 English Earthen Tea Pots

Just Imported.

39c 42c 45c 50c and 60c

Kincaide's Department Store

Hancock St., Quincy Free Delivery in Weymouth

"The Store for the People"

East Weymouth Savings Bank

Money Deposited

on or before

April 13

goes on interest April 10

FREDERICK L. ALDEN, Pres. CHARLES C. HANDY, Treas.

Large Assortment of

BABY CARRIAGES

Sulkies and Go-Carts

Mattings Linoleums

New Styles WALL PAPERS Low Prices

Graphophone Records and Needles

Ford Furniture Co.

Broad Street East Weymouth Free Delivery

NEW DRUG STORE

I wish to announce the Opening of a New Drug Store at 312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth.

It will be my endeavor to conduct the business on such a basis as to warrant the Confidence of the people, and to merit a share of their valued patronage.

My 25 years of business in Quincy warrant me in saying that the people of North Weymouth have NOW a Drug Store in which they can place confidence, and rely on getting the Best and Purest of Drugs.

Your Doctor's prescription will receive the same care and attention that has made my store in Quincy the leading store in the city.

CHARLES C. HEARN

312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth 1295 Hancock Street, City Square, Quincy



# Weymouth

Read the  
Experiences  
of  
Sergt. Empey

# Gazette

16 PAGES EVERY ISSUE

AND TRANSCRIPT

96 COLUMNS EVERY ISSUE

VOL. LII. NO. 12

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## WEYMOUTH AND BRAINTREE AGREEMENT

### Letter Town Will Care for Inmates of Our Almshouse Until December 1

As a result of the conference of the Overseers of the Poor of Braintree and Weymouth, an agreement was reached whereby the former town will continue to care for the inmates of the Weymouth Almshouse until Dec. 1, 1918, at the same flat rate of \$5 per week for board, housing and care. Weymouth will continue to provide clothing and bedding.

Previous to going to Braintree the Weymouth Overseers endeavored to get an option on the Henry Nash estate and H. H. I. Smith estate on Commercial street, as possible locations for an Almshouse, but the owners declined to give a price or to rent for one year.

No action was taken at the meeting of the Selectmen this week relative to the election of Superintendent of Streets or of Superintendent

of Town Farm, as only three of the board were present.

The agent for tarvia was present at the meeting and the board voted to buy 80,000 gallons at 10 cents plus freight, about 10 1/2 cents.

Leon M. Brooks was drawn for the grand jury.

One permit to dig clams was received.

An application of J. F. and W. H. Cushing Co. to do a vault business was referred to the Board of Health.

Hose 6 has recommended Walter W. Pratt for re-appointment as engineer, and Combination 3 recommends Henry W. Phillips.

Albert P. Worthen, Esq., was re-appointed as town counsel.

Daniel Sullivan was reappointed as inspector of animals, and the Cattle Commissioners have approved.

The following special police were

appointed: William H. Carson, Joseph E. Ludden, William H. Waitt, Everett F. Clapp and Willie F. Tirrell.

At a joint meeting of the Selectmen and Water Commissioners, Charles B. Cushing was reelected town accountant.

#### LIBRARY WAR SERVICE

Look over your shelves and pick out the books you are going to send to the men in khaki.

Wrap them up and label the package "Library War Service, American Library Association."

Send the package to the Tufts Library, or to any one of the delivery stations.

Men like Adventure, Western Stories, Detective Stories, Biography, Travel, History, and Poetry of all kinds.

War books, military manuals and up-to-date technical books are in great demand.

They do not want out-of-date books on science and technology, nor out-of-date text books.

They do not want worn-out books of any kind.

They do not want the kinds of books that appeal especially to women.

#### PERSONAL

Winfield S. Wells, a former resident of this town and now a resident of Newburgh, N. Y., is the employment manager of the Newburgh Shipyards, a million and a half dollar plant, which became a working reality in the service of the United States government, last Thursday.

The Newburgh Shipyards will employ about 3,000 men, and in standing is second to none of its size.

The head of the board of directors is Irving T. Bush, who as organizer of the Bush Terminal Company of New York City is known from coast to coast for his executive ability, his far sightedness and business acumen.

The general manager of the plant is Edwin C. Bennett who was formerly prominent in the management of the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation. Mr. Wells also was formerly employed at the Fore River plant where he was so well liked that he carries a gold watch and chain that was presented to him by his associates upon his resignation.

#### BENJAMIN F. DYER

Benjamin F. Dyer, who had long been identified with the hat and fur business in Boston, died Tuesday night at his home in Braintree. He was 84 years of age, and was born in Hingham, the son of Benjamin Dyer.

Mr. Dyer had been town treasurer of Braintree for seventeen years, and treasurer of the South Parish church in his home town for forty-eight years. He was president also of the Braintree Savings Bank. He is survived by two daughters, Mrs. William O. Chapman of Salem, and Miss Annie K. Dyer; and one son, S. Eugene Dyer of Braintree.

#### ANNUAL OF WHITE CHURCH

The annual meeting of the Congregational church was held Tuesday evening when interesting reports were given by the heads of the various departments as follows: Superintendent James A. Melville, for the Sunday School; Miss Grace W. Mitchell, for the intermediate department; Miss Clara A. Reamy, for the primary department; Mrs. Joseph E. Sampson for the cradle roll department; Miss Lillian Keene, for the home department; Mrs. Frank Abrams for the Friendship class; and Herbert F. Rockwood for the Men's Brotherhood Bible class of the school.

An interesting report of the year's work of the Ladies' Missionary Society was read by Mrs. W. M. Tirrell. Mrs. J. E. Sampson, president of the Ladies' Social Union, gave a report showing good results financially and otherwise.

Miss Grace Taylor reported for the Y. P. S. C. E. and C. Will Bailey presented a report prepared by Miss Ethel F. Raymond, choir director.

There were also excellent reports of the activities of the following circles of King's Daughters: "Inasmuch," by Mrs. Bailey; "Golden Rule," by Mrs. Orr, and "Watchful," by Mrs. Pratt.

Musical selections by the Misses Taylor were enjoyed by all and several selections by an orchestra composed of Miss Mary Keith, violin; Miss Leslie Lovell, piano; Channing Libby, cello, made a very acceptable addition to the program of the evening.

The election of officers and committees resulted as follows: Clerk and treasurer, Wilbur Keamy.

Committee, Miss Grace W. Mitchell, Miss Janet A. Harlow, Miss Agnes M. Canterbury.

Deacons, Rev. Edward T. Ford, Norman E. Dizer, M. Louis Denbroeder, Mrs. W. M. Tirrell and Mrs. T. H. Emerson.

Deacon, James A. Melville.

#### BOTTLE PIN TOURNAMENT

The standing in the Norfolk Club in the Boston pin tournament this week is as follows:

Team	W.	L.	P.F.
Team 3	30	10	16,137
Team 4	25	11	17,461
Team 7	23	12	13,467
Team 2	19	21	14,547
Team 6	18	26	15,686
Team 8	16	24	15,532
Team 1	15	29	16,498
Team 5	12	28	15,524

#### BOWLING AVERAGES MARCH 7

Following is a list showing the individual standing, total pinfall, and average of the members of the teams in the Boston Pin tournament at the Norfolk Club, fractions being omitted:

Name	Total Pinfall	Average
F. Loud	1890	105
C. Drown	2180	103
C. Farrar	1542	102
A. Brackett	1772	96
G. Marshall	1338	95
C. Clapp	1960	94
M. Abbott	1675	93
G. Crawford	1388	92
C. Veazie	1454	96
A. Loud	1683	93
G. Proctor	1642	91
W. Lyons	1788	89
E. Tussell	1821	86
C. Torrey	1804	86
C. Steeves	377	82
K. Nash	1920	91
J. Nettles	1969	93
K. Nash	1793	99
H. Raymond	1903	90
A. Hiatt	1885	89
F. Drown	1567	87
A. Shaw	1765	84
E. Veazie	1251	83
O. Zwecker	1680	93
H. Drown	1862	88
F. Clark	1586	87
H. Brackett	1772	84
C. Robbins	1732	82
A. Appleton	1468	71
F. Putney	233	77
D. Burns	1129	86
L. Bicknell	1501	83
F. Barnes	1620	81
K. Torrey	1658	80
S. Swasey	1198	79
W. Barnard	1427	79
N. P. Sippelle	1379	26
J. Merchant	860	71

## MORE OFF FOR CAMP NEXT FRIDAY

### But a Small Number Called from Weymouth This Time

The 2,300 registrants who have been called to the colors from Massachusetts under the supplementary draft will report at Camp Devens next Friday. Only a small number go from Weymouth, but the names are not accessible. It is the plan of Maj. Roger Wolcott, in charge of the draft in this state, to have all the Massachusetts quota report for duty before sundown Friday.

Chairmen of the various district boards throughout the state have reported to Maj. Wolcott that the next two or three days will see the completion of the classification of registrants by classes. This information has been called for at Washington, as it is desired that the quota, when future draft calls are made, shall be based on the number of men in Class 1 rather than the total number of men registered in the various states.

Maj. Wolcott yesterday requested members of the local and district boards to give the widest possible publicity to the soldiers' and sailors' civil relief act. This act has been passed by Congress to extend protection to the civil rights of members of the military and naval establishments of the United States in the present war.

The next delegation of Weymouth boys who go to Camp Devens will be escorted by a detail sent from the camp. They are due next Friday, March 29.

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**SECOND QUOTA MEN**

The men examined in the Weymouth and Braintree district, have

(Continued on Page 8)

#### ILLUSTRATED LECTURES

Second Universalist Church, South Weymouth, Mass.  
Rev. FARM A. LINS, Pastor.

Sunday, March 24, 1918—7 o'clock

#### SPECIAL NOTICE

A new Underwood & Underwood Lecture  
"OUR BRITISH ALLIES IN THE WORLD WAR"  
An up-to-the-minute lecture! Beautifully illustrated! Don't miss it!  
Mrs. FENNY BICKNELL will sing. (A silver offering is expected).

Morning Service, 10:30. The New Organ will be Dedicated. Sermon Subject: "The Day After." A welcome for all at this church at any of its services.

## KINCAIDE THEATRE

Today and Saturday

A Big Special  
SPRING OPENING BILL  
No. 1000  
Seventy-five

ANTONIO MORENO  
with Helen Chadwick

"The Angel Factory"

If you were immensely rich would you put your money to such use as the hero in this play?  
Most interesting—Absorbing—Thrilling, with a fine little love story cleverly interwoven.

PEARL WHITE

"The Tiger's Eye"

2nd Episode of  
PATHE'S Serial Supreme

"The House of Hate"

#### HEARST-PATHE NEWS

A trip around the world in pictures—Here twice a week.

#### VAUDEVILLE

Kuter, Claire and Kuter

Clever trio of Singers, Dancers and Talkers in a delightful skit entitled

"Willie Jones' Stepmother"

#### JOSEPH BERLUCCI & CO.

The clever Italian couple who started their stage career at this theatre and have won a name and fame for themselves in High Class Dances throughout the continent.

NEXT MONDAY "Secret Service"

STARRING

Mrs. Vernon Castle

## COMING TO Bates Opera House

L. F. BATES, Manager, Weymouth  
(MARCH and APRIL)

"THE SILENT MASTER"	7 Reels, March 23	Robert Warwick
"PANTHEA"	7 Reels, March 30	Norma Talmadge
"ARGYLE CASE"	7 Reels, April 6	Robert Warwick
"WAR BRIDES"	8 Reels, April 13	Nazimova
"ETERNAL SIN"	6 Reels, April 20	Florence Reed
"THE BARRIER"	7 Reels, April 27	Rex Beach

PATHE NEWS also the Wonderful Serial "THE FIGHTING TRAIL" every Saturday Evening  
Beginning April 2, DANCING and PICTURES Every Tuesday Evening

## An Afternoon Vesper Service

WILL BE HELD AT

ALL SOULS CHURCH, BRAINTREE

—ON—

Sunday, March 24th, at 4 P. M.

Music by PILGRIM MALE QUARTET.

Address by REV. F. A. POWELL: "The Way of Wisdom"

ALL ARE WELCOME.

## ODD FELLOWS HALL

EAST WEYMOUTH  
THE HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES.  
ARTHUR L. McGRORY, Manager.

Matinee 2.30 SAT. MARCH 23 Evening 7.45

Burton Holmes Travels. Moore Comedy.  
VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN—8th Episode.

SESSUE HAYAKAWA in "THE BOTTLE IMP"

Matinee 2.30 WED. MARCH 27 Evening 7.45

PARAMOUNT PICTOGRAPHS  
VALENTINE GRANT in "THE DAUGHTER OF MacGREGOR"

AND ON THE BANK BILL  
ROSCOE "Fatty" ARBUCKLE in "OUT WEST"

Matinee, 2.30 SAT. MARCH 23 Evening, 7.45

Pathe News Pathe Comedy  
Vengeance and the Woman 8th Episode Wallace Reid in "Big Timber"

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# AIMED TO MAKE POLAND DESERT

### German System Reckoned on Starvation of People to Promote Imperial Ends.

## VON KRIES REVEALED PLOT

#### Country, After Population Had Been Systematically Done to Death, Was to Be Restocked by Settlers From Germany.

The extent of human misery in Poland caused by the German occupation was as great as that in Belgium and France. The entire heartlessness which characterized the Kaiser's high officers is well shown in a statement by Mr. Vernon Kellogg, prepared for a pamphlet issued by the committee on public information, which we copy.

The systematic exploitation of human misery by the German authorities in Poland followed the general plan laid down by the Kaiser's orders. In order to prove the identity of procedure it will be enough to present the detailed report prepared specially for a pamphlet issued by the committee on public information and written by Mr. Frederic C. Walcott. A fuller and in some ways more touching treatment is given in his article, "Devastated Poland," in the National Geographic Magazine for May, 1917.

"September, 1917. "Poland—Russian Poland—is perishing. And the German high command, imbued with the Prussian system, is coolly reckoning on the necessities of a starving people to promote its imperial ends.

"West Poland, which has been Prussian territory more than a hundred years, is a disappointment to Germany; its people obstinately remain Poles. This time they propose swifter measures. In two or three years, by grace of starvation and frightfulness, they calculate East Poland will be thoroughly made over into a German province.

"In the great Hindenburg drive one year ago, the country was completely devastated by the retreating Russian army and the oncoming Germans. A million people were driven from their homes. Half of them perished by the roadside. For miles and miles, when I saw the country, the way was littered with mudsoaked garments and bones picked clean by the crows—though the larger bones had been gathered by the thrifty Germans to be ground into fertilizer.

#### Deliberate Policy of Starvation.

"Warsaw, which had not been destroyed—once a proud city of a million people—was utterly stricken. Poor folks by thousands lined the streets, leaning against the buildings, shivering in snow and rain, too weak to lift a hand, dying of cold and hunger. Though the rich gave all they had, and the poor shared their last crust, they were starving there in the streets in droves. "In the stricken city, the German governor of Warsaw issued a proclamation. All able-bodied Poles were bidden to go to Germany to work. If any refused, let no other Pole give him to eat, not so much as a mouthful, under penalty of German military law.

"To starve; if you stay, we shall see that you do starve—this to a high-strung, sensitive, highly organized people, this from the authorities of a nation professing civilization and religion to millions of fellow Christians captive and starving.

"General von Kries, the governor, was kind enough to explain. Candidly, they preferred not quite so much starvation; it might get on the nerves of the German soldiers. But, starvation being present, it must work for German purpose. Taking advantage of this wretchedness, the working men of Poland were to be removed; the country was to be restocked with Germans. It was country Germany needed—rich alluvial soil—better suited to German expansion than distant possessions. If the Poland that was had to perish, so much the better for Germany.

#### To Make Poland German Province.

"Remove the men, let the young and weak die, graft German stock on the women. See how simple it is: with a crafty smile, General von Kries concluded, 'By and by we must give back freedom to Poland. Very good; it will reappear as a German province.' "Slowly, I came to realize that this monstrous, incredible thing was the Prussian system, deliberately chosen by the circle around the all-highest, and kneaded into the German people till it became part of their mind.

"German people are material for building the state—of no other account.

#### Link Up Telephone With Wireless.

Two experts of the electrical laboratory attached to the Japanese department of communications gave a demonstration recently of their invention for receiving over a telephone a message dispatched at sea by wireless. The names of the inventors are Noboru Marumo and Teijiro Horie; they have been working, says East and West News, for months on the idea. Its suggestion is due to an experiment by Dr. Uchi Torikata of the Institute, who, by means of vacuum bulbs, suc-

Other people are for Germany's will to work upon. Humanity, liberty, equality, the rights of others—all foolish talk. Democracy, an idle dream. The true Prussian lives only for this, that the German state may be mighty and great. "All the woes in the long count against Germany are part of the Prussian system. The invasion of Belgium, the deportations, the starving of subject people, the Armenian massacres, atrocities, frightfulness, sinking the Lusitania, the submarine horrors, the enslavement of women—all piece into the monstrous view. The rights of nations, the rights of men, the lives and liberties of all people are subordinate to the German aim of dominion over all the world.

"FREDERIC C. WALCOTT." Mr. Vernon Kellogg's statement is as follows:

Saw Only Massacre and Ruin. "It was my privilege—and necessity—in connection with the work of the commission for relief in Belgium to spend several months at the great headquarters of the German armies in the west, and later to spend more months at Brussels as the commission's director for Belgium and occupied France. It was an enforced opportunity to see something of German practice in the treatment of a conquered people, part of whom (the French and the inhabitants of the Belgian provinces of East and West Flanders) were under the direct control of the German general staff and the several German armies of the west, and part, the inhabitants of the seven other Belgian provinces, under the quasi-civil government of Governor General von Bissing. I did not enter the occupied territories until June, 1915, and so, of course, saw none of the actual invasion and overrunning of the land. I saw only the graves of the massacred and the ruins of their towns. But I saw through the long, hard months much too much for my peace of mind of how the Germans treated the unfortunate under their control after the occupation.

"I could understand why certain towns and villages along the Meuse and along the lines of the French and English retreat were badly shot to pieces. There had been fighting in these towns and the artillery of first one side and then the other had worked their havoc among the houses of the inhabitants. But there were many towns in which there had been no fighting and yet all too many of these towns also were in ruins. It was not ruin by shells, but ruin by fire and explosions. These were the famous 'punished' towns. Either a citizen or perhaps two or three citizens had fired from a window on the invaders—or were alleged to have. Thereupon a block, or two or three blocks, or half the town was methodically and effectively burned or blown to pieces. There are many of these 'punished' towns in occupied France. And between these towns and along the roadways are innumerable isolated single farmhouses that are also in ruins. It is not claimed that there was any sniping from these farmhouses. They were just destroyed along the way—and by the way, one may say. When the roll of destroyed villages and destroyed farmhouses in occupied France is made known, the world will be shocked again by this evidence of German thoroughness.

#### Found Neutrality Impossible.

"But the horrible methods of that deportation were such that we, although trying to hold steadfast to a rigorous neutrality, could not but protest. Mr. Gerard, our ambassador to Berlin, happened at the very time of this protest to make a visit to the great headquarters in the west and the matter was brought to the attention of certain high officers at headquarters on the very day of Mr. Gerard's visit and in his hearing. So that he added his own protest to that of Mr. Poland, our director at the time, and further deportations were stopped. But a terrible mischief had already been done.

#### Germany Must Be Civilized.

"I went into Belgium and occupied France a neutral and I maintained while there a steadfastly neutral behavior. But I came out no neutral. I cannot conceive that any American enjoying an experience similar to mine could have come out a neutral. He would come out, as I came, with the ineradicable conviction that a people or a government which can do what the Germans did and are doing in Belgium and France today must not be allowed, if there is power on earth to prevent it, to do this a moment longer than can be helped. And they must not be allowed ever to do it again.

"I went in also a hater of war, and I came out a more ardent hater of war. But, also, I came out with the ineradicable conviction, again, that the only way in which Germany under its present rule and in its present state of mind can be kept from doing what it has done is by force of arms. It cannot be prevented by appeal, concession or treaties. Hence, ardently as I hope that all war may cease, I hope that this war may not cease until Germany realizes that the civilized world simply will not allow such horrors as those for which Germany is responsible in Belgium and France to be any longer possible.

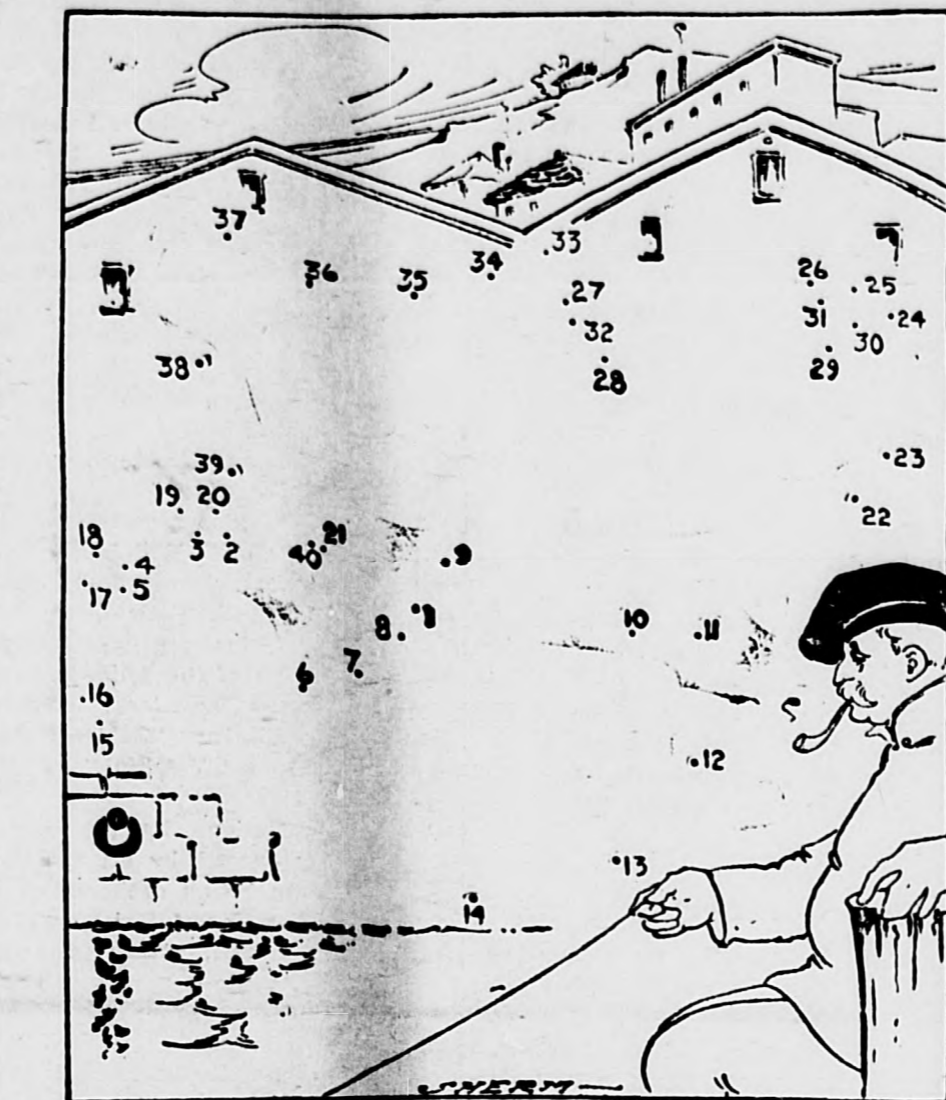
"VERNON KELLOGG."

cessfully held wireless conversation with people upon another boat during a voyage from Kobe to Yokohama. That was the first authenticated case of wireless telephony; but the new invention is a step in advance, and therefore remarkable.

Although before the outbreak of the war the output of British magnetos was not more than 100 a week since the war no fewer than 100,000 magnetos are said to have been produced in the islands.



## SHERMANS DOTS

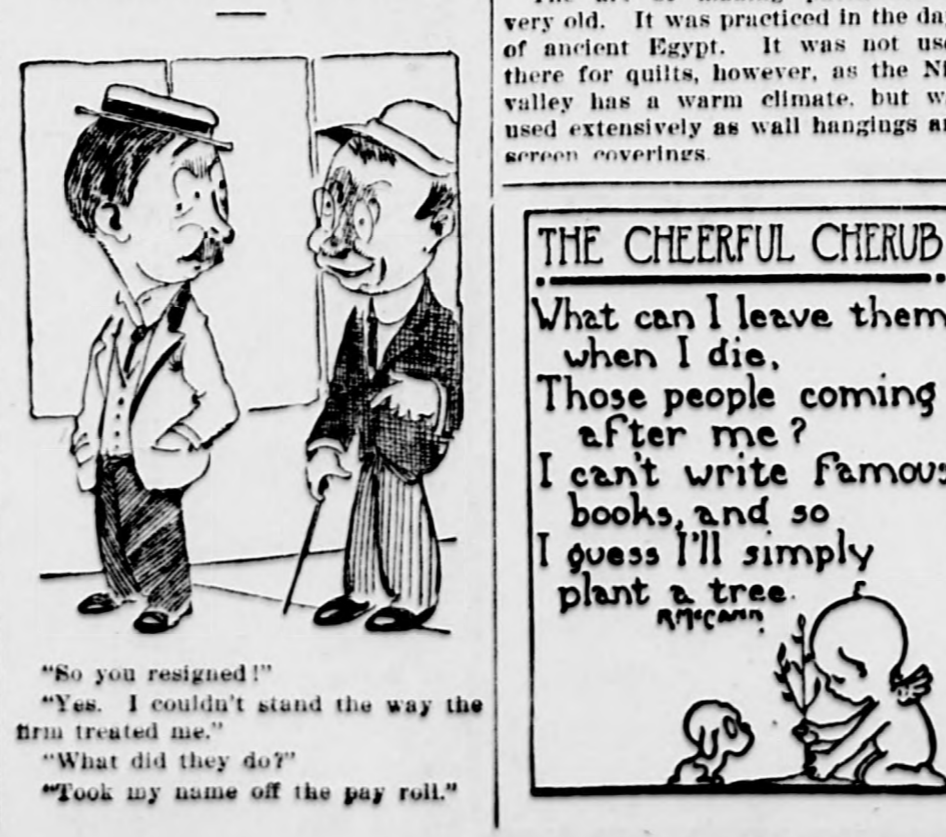


THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE. By Clifford Leon Sherman. Dear Folks:—I had a dandy time at the pier watching the boys unload. As I was crippled, I couldn't help, and that made it pretty soft for me. The old town is very quaint, and there is a lot here that is interesting. I wish I could tell you exactly where I am, but, as one of the English boys here says, "it isn't done." But when you see the old men fishing peacefully from the quays it seems hard to think that war is going on. These old men remind me of Holland, for they all wear . . . . . SAMMY. To complete the picture, draw a line from dot 1 to dot 2, then from dot 2 to dot 8, and so on. (Copyright, 1917, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.) No. 17.

## March Winds



## RESIGNATION JUSTIFIED



# A Man Famine

IN common with other countries involved in the World War, the United States is now suffering from a depletion of its business forces because of the large number of men who have entered the service of the government in the business of war. This condition is likely to become more acute in the near future. Business effort is further hampered by the cancellation of many trains on the railroads and by congestion of traffic.

What is the answer? Conservation!

This is the watchword, the slogan of today—We are asked to save food, coal, materials of every kind, yet but little has been said about the CONSERVATION OF TIME, TRAVELLING EXPENSE, etc., which are also matters of great importance.

The most effective aid to Conservation is the telephone because—

- It is the quickest means of communication and thus conserves time.
- It enables one man to do the work of many and thus conserve labor.
- It is surprisingly effective of results, being equal and sometimes superior to a personal call; it thus increases business efficiency.
- It is economical when we consider what can be accomplished by a telephone interview of a few minutes' duration, comprising several hundred words of conversation; it, therefore, conserves money.

Then why not make "Conservation by Telephone" your slogan?

## New England Telephone and Telegraph Company

C. D. RICHARDS, South Suburban Manager.

25 PENNIES BUYS A THRIFT STAMP  
TEACH YOUR CHILDREN TO SAVE AND BUY

# "OVER THE TOP"

## FOR OVER A YEAR NOW

### The Gazette and Transcript

#### Has Been a 16-Page Newspaper

So the people of Weymouth know that they are to have PERMANENTLY one of the largest weekly newspapers in New England. Larger than most of the Boston Papers.

EVERY HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE A SUBSCRIBER.

Some of the Regular Features Every Week are:

- 20 to 25 Columns of Local News.
- Club and Social Department.
- Sunday Services and Church News.
- "Rumor Has It" Department.
- LETTERS FROM SOLDIERS IN SERVICE.
- FORTY OR MORE DEPARTMENTS.
- Weymouth and East Braintree News.
- Nash's Corner and Main Street News.
- South Weymouth News.
- Lovells Corner News.
- East Weymouth and Weymouth Centre News.
- Weymouth Heights News.
- North Weymouth News.

ALL THESE ARE REGULAR FEATURES.

CLAPP MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION NEWS.

- Woman's Relief Corps Items.
- Sons of Veterans Auxiliary Items.
- Instalment of Continued Story.
- Complete Short Stories.
- FULL PAGE OF PICTURES.
- German War Practices. (2 columns every week).
- Dot Puzzle by Clifford Leon Sherman.

YOU CAN COUNT ON THESE EVERY WEEK.

- Cartoons of the Day.
- News Review of Week, Particularly of the War.
- WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT BY JULIA BOTTOMLEY.
- The Housewife and the War. (Information from the Department of Agriculture of United States)
- Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P.
- South Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P.
- North Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P.
- East Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P.
- HOUSE PLANS ILLUSTRATED BY AN EXPERT.
- Boy Scout Column.
- Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale.

TELL OTHERS WHAT YOU KNOW ABOUT THE GAZETTE.

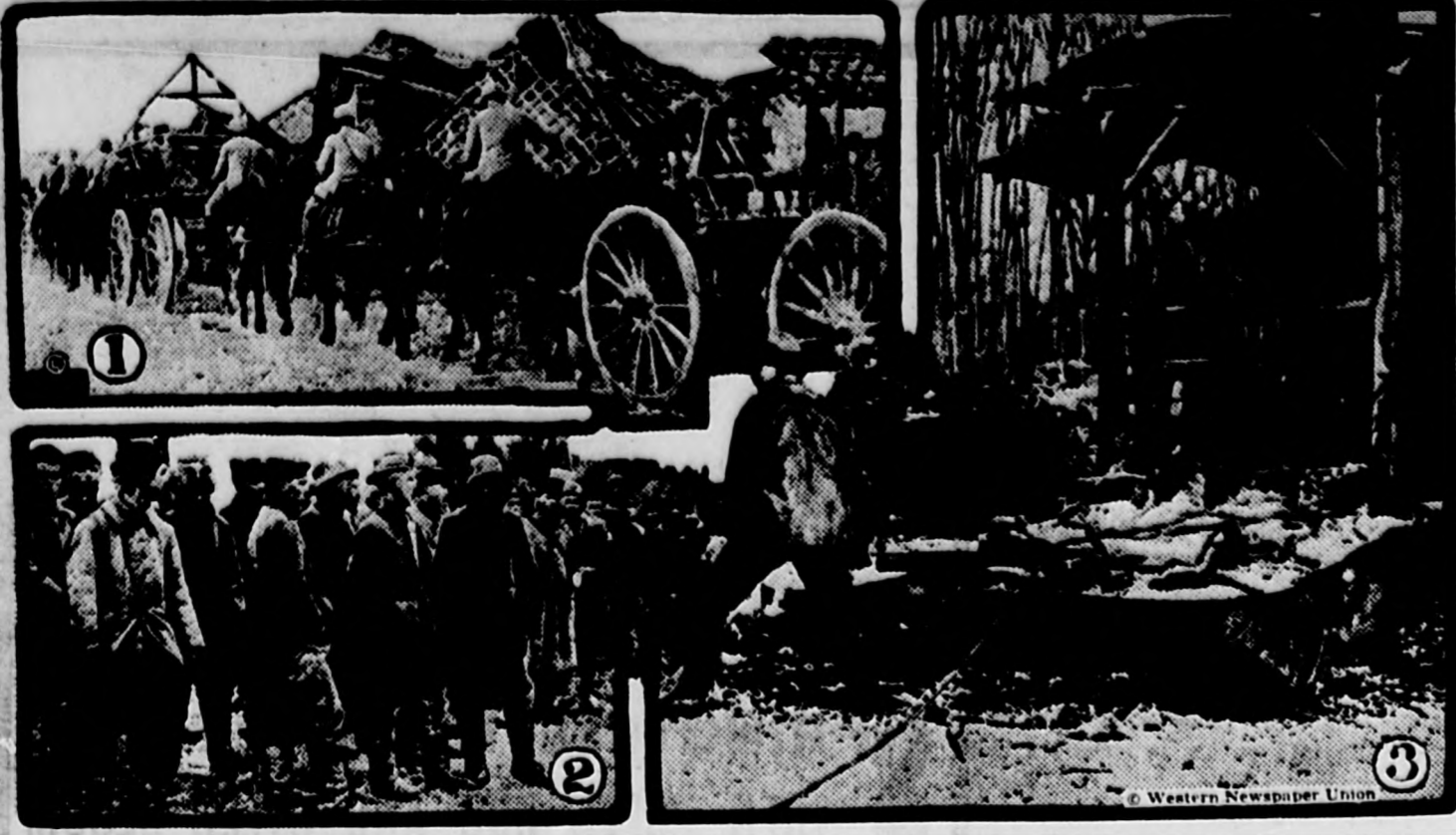
Illustrated Humor.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN BY MISS S. E. BRASSILL.

- Food Facts by Miss H. Mildred Cowan.
- Farm Letters by Edward Lukeman.
- Doings of Selectmen and Town Officers.
- Daily Temperature at 6 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M.
- TRAVEL LETTERS BY CARL FISHER PRESCOTT.
- High Tides Daily for Week.
- Real Estate Transfers Recorded.
- Theatre Announcements.
- Town Briefs.
- Births, Marriages and Deaths.
- Business Directory.

The Gazette is encouraging the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the K. of C., the sale of Thrift Stamps, War Savings Stamps, Stoolage Coupon Books, Food Conservation, and the government generally.

The Gazette is Working to Upbuild Our Town  
Are YOU Encouraging Our Local Paper



1—Screened behind the ruins, this French ammunition train is conveying food for the guns that are driving the Germans from France. 2—German prisoners in a French concentration camp, captured in a raid; many of them are mere youths, poorly clad, showing the dire straits in which Germany finds herself. 3—Portable American sawmill in a forest on the Alsace border; this camp follows the troops, providing the lumber that is needed.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

### German Occupation of Odessa Increases Teutonic Menace in East.

### NEW ROAD TO INDIA OPENED

### President Wilson, in Message to Russian Soviets, Issues Defiant to Kaiser—American Troops in Many Raids.

Announcement that German troops have occupied Odessa is one of the most significant of recent developments. This action by Germany, in spite of the conclusion of the so-called peace with Russia, was expected ultimately, but it came somewhat as a surprise because of the fact that little had been heard of the Germans and Austrians in that region.

The occupation of Odessa, the greatest Russian port on the Black sea, is of the greatest importance for several reasons. First, it gives the Germans control of the center of a great agricultural section, the products of which are desired to feed the hungry peoples of the central empires.

With Odessa safely in their hands, the Teutons will have access to vast stores of wheat which can be transported overland or by sea to points where it can be readily shipped into Austria and Germany.

But the capture of Odessa will mean something more—an advance over the route to Persia and Afghanistan, and possibly India, which is to be followed now that the British have severed the famous Berlin and Bagdad route to the East.

The passing of Odessa into German control will make possible the completion of the German military line across Russia from the Baltic to Narva (81 miles from Petrograd) to the Black sea. It gives the Germans control not only of the resources of the Ukraine, but of the bulk of Russia's grain stores and of the vast export trade of Russia's southern provinces.

Control of this territory opens a route for a German land drive into the far East, by way of Batumi, in Trans-Caucasia which was taken from Russia at Brest-Litovsk and given to Turkey. Baku, across the Caspian sea to Krasnovodsk, in Turkestan, and through Merv to the border of Afghanistan, thus threatening the Indian empire.

Another route is through Teheran, across central Persia to Ispahan and thence to Shiraz, to the Indian frontier, spelling equal menace to Britain's far Eastern possessions.

The carrying out by the Teutonic powers of their plans for conquest in the East brought from President Wilson a move which was declared to be one of the boldest made by any government since the war began. This action was in the form of a message dispatched to the Russian congress of soviets in session at Moscow. In this message President Wilson pledged the power of the United States to secure a free Russia. He declared that the United States "will avail itself of every opportunity to secure for Russia once more complete sovereignty and independence in her own affairs and full restoration to her great role in the life of Europe and the modern world."

President Wilson's message was regarded as a second declaration of war—a declaration of war on the German government until it is compelled to relinquish its hold on Russia. The president proposed, in effect, that the United States and its allies shall fight until Russia regains unimpaired sovereignty and independence. The message was also regarded as a direct reply to the recent address on peace terms made by Count von Hertling, the German chancellor.

Reports from Jassy tell how the imperialistic spirit of the central empires is showing itself in growing demands for concessions by Roumania.

Not merely has the Dobruja been taken from Roumania, but Berlin and Vienna, who have expressed themselves plainly as opposed to annexations, are now insisting upon a rectification of frontier that will give to Austria all the strategic mountain passes and dominating heights, including the Iron Gates of the Danube, along the western frontier of Roumania.

This is precisely what Austria did to Italy when the boundary line was delimited by treaty, and the fact that Austria controlled every vantage point along the Isonzo and in the Alps when the war began immeasurably added to the difficulties of Cadorna's campaigning.

Berlin is determined that Roumania shall be placed in a helpless position at the feet of Austria, covered by Austrian guns and rendered forever incapable of acting otherwise than the central powers approve.

Intense aerial activity on the part of both the entente allies and the Teutonic forces has developed. Sixty German airplanes took part in a raid on Paris, which resulted in heavy casualties, final figures showing at least 100 persons to have been killed and 79 wounded. Among the dead was an American woman, Miss Winza Carolina Martin, who was a Y. M. C. A. canteen worker. Miss Martin was one of six persons killed in a hospital which was struck by a bomb. Among those killed were a large number of women and children who were crushed to death in a panic at the entrance to a subway station where hundreds sought refuge from the enemy bombs.

However, while the Huns were boasting of this most "successful" raid, the armies of the allies were not idle. British aviators invaded Germany, making a daylight raid on Coblenz, one of the important railroad centers in western Germany, the seat of big military barracks and extensive munitions works. A ton of high explosives was dropped on the city, starting fires in many sections. This was the third daylight raid on the enemy country in a period of four days.

Behind the lines in Flanders and France the British aviators are also maintaining the effective work they have been doing lately. The territory from Lille south to Cambrai has been sown with bombs, railroad sidings and ammunition dumps in the region of Maubeuge, Valenciennes, Douai and Cambrai being attacked.

The enemy is getting all the worst of the air fighting, and his apparent inability to check the British flyers or to take the initiative himself in this important sphere rather discounts his loud boasts of readiness for a great offensive. It is to be doubted if he can venture any large-scale offensive while the overhead fields of battles are so thoroughly controlled by his opponents.

Announcement that Secretary of War Baker had landed in France gave rise to all sorts of speculation as to the real purpose of his trip. At Washington the official announcement was made that the secretary's visit to France is for purely military purposes and has no diplomatic significance. At the same time the view was expressed in some quarters that Mr. Baker's trip might have some connection with the views of American commanders that the allies should undertake a determined offensive on the west front this year instead of remaining on the defensive and awaiting the expected offensive of the German forces. The tremendous growth of the American expeditionary forces recently, with the promise that American troops will be ready to take part in a general offensive this year, is expected to give the views of the American high command great weight with the allied commanders. Secretary Baker has announced that he expects to make a thorough inspection of all the American forces abroad and to hold important conferences with American military commanders. It is known that he has been eager for several months to talk over with General Pershing the many problems that have arisen in connection with the war plans.

Secretary Baker arrived in Paris just in time to witness the pretentious air raid by German airplanes on the French capital. In an interview given out in Paris after the raid, Mr. Baker said: "It was my first experience of the actualities of war and a revelation of the methods inaugurated by an ene-

my who wages the same war against women and children as against soldiers. Aerial raids on towns, which are counterpart of the pitiless submarine war and the attack against American rights, are the very explanation of the reason why America entered the war. We are sending our soldiers to Europe to fight until the world is delivered from these horrors."

While no official announcement has been made, the general impression prevails that new plans of the American war department call for the dispatch of American troops to France much more rapidly than was proposed in the earlier plans. The indications are that an effort will be made to bring the American expeditionary force up to a strength of approximately 1,000,000 men by the middle of the summer, instead of 500,000 men as was contemplated by the original plans of the war department. The dispatch of many National army units is expected soon, in accordance with the plan that has been adopted of forming an army corps out of two divisions of the regular army, two divisions of the National Guard and two divisions of the National army. As many units of the National Guard are already overseas, with the larger number of regular army divisions, it is expected that the movement of several divisions of the National army will follow soon.

That the movement of troops will be more rapid than was at first believed possible is indicated by the announcement of the war department that the second draft, which will be made as soon as needed legislation can be secured from congress, will call out approximately 800,000 men. Only the rapid movement of many divisions now in cantonments in this country could make room for this large number of new draft men. In this connection it is predicted abroad that General Pershing's men will be holding 100 miles of front by the closing days of 1918, a longer front than was held by the British armies two years after the war began.

Americans at home continue to be electrified by reports of the exploits of Pershing's troops in the sectors which are now held by the Americans. Successful raids have been made repeatedly by the American troops while the American artillery has won many duels with the big guns of the enemy. One raid on the new United States front in Lorraine was declared to be the most successful encounter in which American soldiers have engaged during the war. In this raid, infantry units penetrated the enemy lines to a depth of between 400 and 600 yards at some points. The raid followed a bombardment by American guns which lasted four hours and which wrecked the enemy's front trenches and barbed wire entanglements. Three successive raids at different points on this sector all proved highly successful, the Americans capturing a number of prisoners and returning to their own trenches with small casualties. In a raid on the Toul sector, the American soldiers penetrated the German trenches to a depth of 300 yards. After some hand-to-hand fighting in which a number of the enemy were killed and wounded, the raiders returned to their lines with much material and information, although they captured no prisoners. It was reported that every American who left the front line on this raid returned.

The American troops in the Toul sector have been subjected to a terrific artillery fire, the German apparently having concentrated strong forces of artillery on this sector. It was reported that in some places the bombardment reduced the first line trenches to ruins but the Americans at those points continued to hold their positions in shell craters. The American artillery also has been active on all sectors held by Pershing's men, bombarding towns and roads in the rear of the German lines.

The first permanent advance of the American troops was made on the Luneville sector, where Pershing's men occupied enemy trenches which they had forced the Germans to abandon through recent raids and heavy artillery fire. The trenches were consolidated with our own, enabling the Americans and French to operate from high ground than before. Attempts made by the Germans to retake the position were repulsed.

# BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

## THE BOY SCOUT OF AMERICA

(Dedicated to Troop No. 44, Detroit.)  
Where'er I see a troop of scouts, bright-eyed and clear of skin,  
Where'er I hear their healthy shouts, somehow deep down within  
The soul of me I feel a thrill of honest joy and pride,  
For these are boys that will be men ere many years have died.

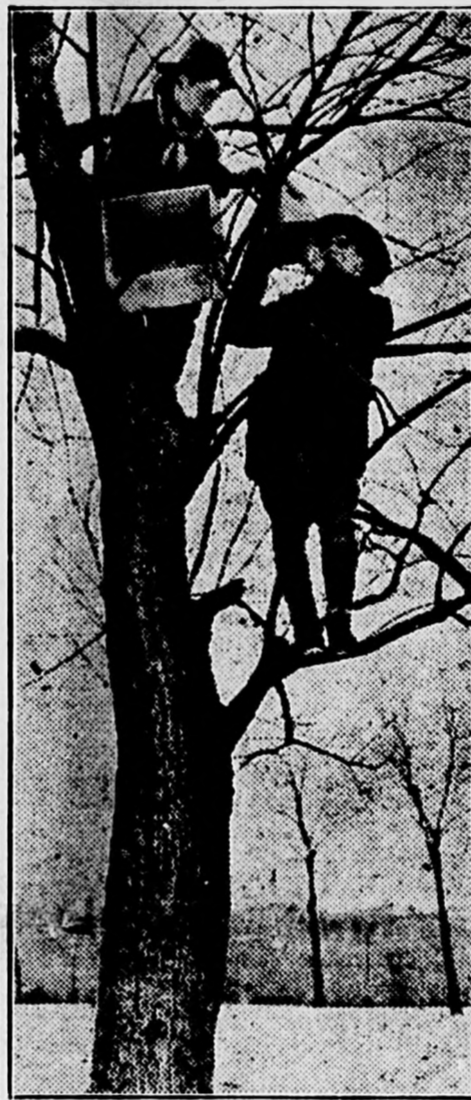
There in the making are the men on whom the land must lean,  
And they shall come unto their work with well-trained hands and clean,  
And they shall stand at Duty's post, heads up and shoulders square,  
Prepared for all the day's commands and self-reliant there.

They shall have learned the ways of life, the fields and running brooks,  
And have a knowledge of the trees that wasn't gained from books;  
They shall know honor as a real, substantial gem to pride,  
And come to manhood and its cares equipped and qualified.

When I behold a troop of scouts I fancy I can see  
How strong through them the years to come safeguarded well shall be,  
There will be less of selfishness and more of kindness when  
The troop is mustered into life and all the scouts are men.

—EDGAR A. GUEST.

## SCOUTS FEEDING BIRDS.



Suet, Grain and Bread Crumbs Are Placed in the Box and on the Limbs.

## MESSAGE TO THE SCOUTS.

How many boy scouts have looked up the meaning of the word "scout"? Probably but few know that a hidden meaning is the one most appropriate to the organization.

The word is not a newly coined one. In the old French, it was "escouter or escoller" and was used only in the military sense of the spy.

The Portuguese, Spanish and Italian forms are somewhat similar to the old French, both in form and meaning, but the Latin "auscultare" is used in the broader sense—"to hear with attention, to listen to."

## SCOUTS RESPOND IN HURRY.

At 3:20 o'clock in the afternoon six blasts of the fire alarm at Foxboro, Mass., sounded. This is the mobilization call in Foxboro for the boy scouts. The scouts were widely scattered about town at the time. They were in ignorance as to the cause of the emergency call, but knew it was their duty to make all speed for home, don their scout uniform and report at headquarters.

In about 20 minutes 40 members were ready for duty. At the Scout hall the boys were asked to make a house-to-house canvass for funds for the Halifax sufferers. The boys worked from 4 to 8 p. m., and the amount of their collections was \$123.40.

## WHAT SCOUTS ARE DOING.

Scouts in Peoria, Ill., are helping in the movement to collect funds for the Red Star society, which is for the care of horses and mules used in the war.

A campaign is on in historic Lexington, Mass., to have all old worn-out American flags removed and have them replaced with new flags. The boy scouts are the ones that are doing this.

A group of Birmingham (Ala.) scouts went on a hike to Anniston, covering the 60 miles in a day and a half.

## Where You Get the Big Dollar's Worth

- SHIRTS COLLARS
- GLOVES NECKTIES HOSIERY
- HATS CAPS UMBRELLAS
- HEAVY AND LIGHT WEIGHT UNION SUITS
- SHOES FOR MEN
- SHOES FOR WOMEN

**W. M. Tirrell**  
Broad St. Jackson Square

## SEEDS

WE have a limited quantity of 56 varieties of bulk garden seed.

In former years we could re-order seeds. This spring it will be—**First come, first served.**

WE guarantee our stock to be—**The best selected seed that money can buy.**

Try us this year. You will receive better service and prices than at the Boston stores.

**J. H. MURRAY**  
HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS  
757 Broad St. Telephone Connection East Weymouth, Mass.

## NOW

Is the time to get your

## NEW CORSET

and have it fitted before buying Spring clothes. Models in both Front and Back Laced for every figure.

Prices \$1.00 to \$12.50

To add to the fit and style of your gown wear a Brassiere—also properly fitted

PRICES 29c to \$3.50

## THE CORSET SHOP

S. E. DUNPHY 8 Maple Street, Quincy

## Grain Delivery

We will deliver Grain to the Landing

and East Braintree on

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

## Emerson Coal & Grain Co. Inc.

East Weymouth

Tel. Wey. 430

## THE LONESOME BOYS IN CAMP

waiting for an opportunity to do their bit in the great world struggle next to a personal visit would appreciate a visit by proxy

## PHOTOGRAPHS

of the folks at home will cheer them beyond measure and carry a message of love that words could not express.

## SUE RICE STUDIO

1522 HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY

Tel. Quincy 565-W

16-PAGES TODAY

Weymouth Temperature.

Table with 4 columns: Day, 6 A. M., 12 M., 6 P. M. Rows include Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.



Open the windows. Get out the screens. Winter coats are uncomfortable. Grass fires are getting common. Some of the streets are having their spring cleaning.

The east wind last night and this morning was decidedly chilly. Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday, and Easter a week later.

Half hour service on ALL the street car lines should be restored. The river is open for navigation to the coal wharves of A. J. Richards & Sons and J. F. Sheppard & Sons.

The first week in April the Gazette starts the 10-20-30 column. It will recall local events of 1908, 1898 and 1888.

Weymouth High has arranged a ball game with Quincy High for May 28 at Weymouth.

Opportunity knocks at Weymouth's door. Please read editorial on the last page.

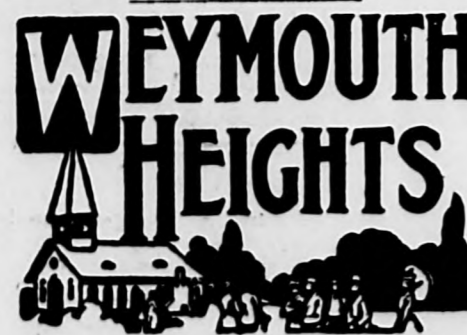
Senator Nash voted with the minority this week on the bill providing one day off in seven for employees of summer hotels, which was defeated, 10 to 24.

The travel letters of Carl F. Prescott for the next three weeks will tell of a tour of Yosemite National Park, and the following letters will tell of the organization of the Masonic Ambulance Corps and his enlistment.

The Weymouth Grocers and Provision Dealers' Association held their regular meeting this week. Much business was transacted, especially in connection with the laws pertaining to "substitutes" for flour. It is the purpose of all Weymouth grocers to comply with the food laws which they all know is hard for the consumers but must be obeyed.

FARM LETTERS

The farm letters of Edward Luke will be continued next week.



John McVicar of Union avenue is slowly recovering from his recent illness.

The next meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society will be held at the home of Mrs. R. I. Steele of Church street Wednesday afternoon, March 27.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Kemp have had as a recent guest Mr. Kemp's mother of Kingston, N. H.

R. Edward Bates enjoyed the company of his friend, Frank Hawthaway of Worcester over Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Macker entertained a family gathering at their home on Sunday, the guests being Mr. and Mrs. Frank Walker, Miss Bertha Swift, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Elliott, Miss Ruth Elliott and Ralph Baker, all of Brockton.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Beane of Wollaston were guests of Miss Florence B. Nash on Wednesday.

The Young Ladies' Knitting Bee will meet with Miss Isabel Jones on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Robert C. Steele has returned to her home on Church street, after making an extended visit with relatives in Michigan.

Mr. and Mrs. Prescott Brown of Boston were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Parker T. Pearson on Tuesday.

Mrs. Jacob Loud of East Commercial street has the sympathy of her friends in the death of her father.



Word has been received from Ellis L. Williams and Ralph P. Chase that they have arrived safely across, and are stationed in England in the 168th Aero squadron. They state that it is a very pretty place, but nothing like the U. S. A.

Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

Miss Katherine Gagnon has taken a position at the store of Edward Watts.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Donovan of Sterling street have been entertaining Miss Madeline Weeks of Provincetown, and Edward Delorey of Wareham.

Miss Sarah Bennett, who has been ill for some weeks, is now able to be out again.

George W. Walsh is out again after being confined to his home with a severe cold.

Edward Watts has taken a position at the Fore River Ship Yard.

Harry Lipman is spending the week-end with friends in New York.

Patrick E. Corridan of the board of registrars of voters, is out after a severe illness of pneumonia.

Miss Sarah A. White of North Abington has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. John P. Hunt.

Mrs. Arthur Osborne, who has been ill with pneumonia is now on the road to recovery.

Daniel Patterson of the U. S. S. Virginia has been home on a few days' furlough.

Edward Peterson seems to be having more than his share of hard luck. A month ago he was overcome by gas while at work at the Fore River, and after recovering he was taken ill and just escaped pneumonia. He got out for the first time a few days ago and went to his garage to crank his automobile when it kicked, breaking his right arm.

Winfield S. Glover has taken a position at the farm of Austin Tirrell.

Movie ball, Bates Opera house, April 2.

Favorable reports are received from Leo Kelley, who underwent an operation at the Massachusetts General Hospital this week.

Mrs. Frank Holmes of North Abington has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Lengue-maire.

Louis Guertin of Brockton, world's champion all around athlete, is visiting his brother, Charles Guertin.

Patrick Casey is out after his recent illness.

Y. M. C. A. subscriptions made last December should be paid before April 1 to John P. Hunt, treasurer for Ward Three.

Joseph Halter of Weymouth this week elected dictator of Quincy lodge of Moose. He has been in business in Quincy and Weymouth several years, and his election attests his popularity.

Russell Fisher has enlisted in the Canadian Army. His brother is in the Canadian Army. He will leave for Montreal on Tuesday. He was formerly of Weymouth.

Samuel McIlveen, formerly foreman for Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Co. of Gardner, Me., has accepted the position of foreman of the cutting room at the Stetson shoe factory.

Waldo Tirrell of Mill street won first prize at the Pythian whist party at Pythian hall, Weymouth, last week.

Stephen Thayer is seriously ill at the home of his son, Ernest Thayer, of Front street.

Elmer Tower is unable to attend to his duties at the Stetson shoe factory, the result of a fall received several weeks ago.

Mr. Hackberry has resigned as foreman of the cutting room at the Stetson Shoe Co.

Miss Margaret O'Connor of Bridgewater Normal spent the week-end with her grandmother, Mrs. Moore of Main street.

John Melville, Sr., is confined to the home by illness.

Miss Therese Hanson of West street, who recently left for Panama to join her brother, W. Charles Hanson of that place, has accepted a position with the government and is employed as clerk in the Administration building.

Senator Kenneth L. Nash was elected dictator of Weymouth lodge, No. 1299, Loyal Order of Moose, at its annual election Tuesday evening. Other officers are: Vice-Dictator, Philip H. Kessel. Prelate, Thomas E. Boyle. Treasurer, John J. Rhodes. Trustee, Robert H. Birchmore. A service flag was unfurled showing nineteen members in the service of their country. Secretary Frank E. Briggs in his annual report showed nearly 300 members in good standing and \$2,400 in the beneficiary fund. The new officers will be installed by Junior Past Dictator George S. Lamrock on the first meeting in April.

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It just in time to prevent its race through the square.

Mrs. Charles Burrell of Broad street has received word from her brother, William Lovell of Crete, Neb., formerly of this town, that his grandson, Private Howard Wissenburg, died of pneumonia at Fort Logan, Col. Private Wissenburg was only 19 years of age, and a fellow who was well beloved by all. He was a sophomore at Doane University at the time of his enlistment. Funeral services were held from the Methodist church in Crete, of which he was a member. It was conducted by the Methodist and Congregational pastors and the mayor of the city spoke. A large delegation from Doane University attended.

The friends of Simon White of Lafayette avenue will be sad to learn of his death, which took place Wednesday noon. Mr. White was for a number of years a resident of Weymouth, but moved away a few years ago. He returned to town recently taking up his residence in the same house that he had previously occupied. He has made a host of friends and is well known as the janitor of the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

The Ladies' Social Circle of the First M. E. church held their annual Easter sale and concert on Wednesday in the church vestry and parlors. During the afternoon and evening a sale of fancy articles, cake, candy and ice cream was carried on. During the evening a fine concert was rendered by local talent under direction of Mrs. Phillips. A goodly sum of money was realized.

Nash's Corner And Main Street

Mr and Mrs. James B. Tirrell on Sunday entertained Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Maxfield and son of Fairhaven.

Miss Margaret Gardner entertained the Georgian Club Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Andrew has accepted a position at the laundry.

Timothy Desmond has sold the Barnard place on Middle street to Max Feldman of New Hampshire.

William Desmond has been transferred from Camp Devens to Camp Upton, N. Y.

Frank Holbrook of the office force of the Stetson Shoe Co. is going on the road as salesman and Mr. Corthell of Park avenue has taken his place in the office.

Mrs. O'Brien is ill at her home on Main street.

Kenneth Nash has become associated in the general practice of law, with Harrison A. Plympton and Harold L. Perrin and the firm name has been changed to Plympton, Perrin & Nash.

William Taylor of Seattle, Wash., spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. J. F. Robinson of Main street.

Charles Duffy had an operation on his throat last Tuesday at the Carney Hospital.

Herbert May and family will move into the Linnehan house on Main street.

Frank Holbrook of Pleasant street is confined to the house by illness.

Leo Hall, who is stationed at Augusta, Georgia, is ill with the measles.

Samuel McIlveen, formerly foreman for Commonwealth Shoe and Leather Co. of Gardner, Me., has accepted the position of foreman of the cutting room at the Stetson shoe factory.

Waldo Tirrell of Mill street won first prize at the Pythian whist party at Pythian hall, Weymouth, last week.

Stephen Thayer is seriously ill at the home of his son, Ernest Thayer, of Front street.

Elmer Tower is unable to attend to his duties at the Stetson shoe factory, the result of a fall received several weeks ago.

Mr. Hackberry has resigned as foreman of the cutting room at the Stetson Shoe Co.

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The Gazette welcomes this week several new subscribers. Now every South Weymouth merchant should advertise.

The Columbian square jewelry store of John Neilson is open daily from 2 to 8 P. M. Saturday until 9 P. M.

The Norfolk Club held a "smoker" in the club rooms Tuesday evening. Lester J. King gave a very interesting talk on his experiences in the Engineering corps for the past two years "over there."

Theodore Putney is ill with a slight attack of measles.

Miss Laura Madden has accepted a position with a Rockland firm.

Mrs. Alfred Flowers is recovering from the grippe.

Miss Mary Bailey is able to be out, having recovered from her recent illness.

Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advises early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

Frank G. Loud is ill with the measles.

Frederick Dyer is ill with the Liberty measles.

David Cawford has purchased the house on the corner of Torrey and Pleasant streets.

George Keith has returned from Millis and accepted a position with the Stetson Shoe Co.

Miss Lucia Nash has recovered from her recent illness.

George Hunt, the popular chauffeur of Combination 5 has resigned his position and accepted a position as truck driver for the street department.

Under Landlord A. G. Howard, the Howard Inn on Main street, promises to be popular with automobilists and townspeople. Board by the day or week.

Mrs. William Honneus is seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Roger Holden, Main street.

If you have children, and especially boys who are over 12 years of age, you are invited to attend a meeting in Clapp's hall, Pleasant street next Wednesday, March 27, at 7.30 P. M., for the purpose of placing our South Weymouth boys in a position to enjoy the full privileges of the National Boy Scout organization. Troop 5 of South Weymouth with Scoutmaster Brown and assistants will be there, also representatives from the Old Colony Council who will outline the scope of the movement. As official messengers of the U. S. government the Scouts are the home-reserves and every patriotic parent or friend should be on hand to help make our troop bigger and better than ever. "Be a Scout-Daddy!"

Mr. and Mrs. William Brunell of Concord, N. H., have the sympathy of their many Weymouth friends in the loss of their daughter, Barbara, who passed away last Saturday night after a short illness with meningitis.

Mr. and Mrs. John Philbrook spent the week-end in Marshfield.

Frank W. Holbrook is ill at his home on Pleasant street with a severe cold.

Charles T. Borlenghi has purchased a new National Six.

Mrs. Christopher is recovering from her recent illness.

Movie ball, Bates Opera house, April 2.

M. R. Corthell has accepted a position with the Stetson Shoe Co.

Mrs. Frank Bearce is recovering from her recent illness.</

# 16 Pages Today

## CLUB and SOCIAL

—There is great enthusiasm concerning the General Federation convention which opens in Hot Springs, Ark., Monday, April 29. A large party from Massachusetts will leave Boston Friday, April 26, from the South Station, going by way of Albany to St. Louis, where there will be a half-day stopover and reaching Hot Springs Sunday morning, the 25th. The return trip will be made over the Iron Mountain route, leaving Hot Springs Friday, May 10, with another half day in St. Louis, arriving in Boston at 8.35 P. M., Sunday, May 12.

—The Tuesday Evening whist club will meet next week with Mrs. Gordon Willis.

—Sixty members of the Village Study Club were the guests Monday evening of Mr. and Mrs. W. Carlton Barnes at their home, 150 Columbian street, South Weymouth. "The Faust Legend in Music" was the theme. A paper on "The Musical Treatment of the Faust Legend by Gounod" was read by Mrs. Frank E. Hanson. Miss Helen Simpson, Mrs. Freeman Putney, Charles Brown and William Swan sang a quartet; Miss Helen F. Richards played a piano solo; Mrs. Percy L. Bicknell sang a soprano solo and Ernest West played a violin selection. The "Jewel Song" and the "Flower Song" were sung by Miss Helen Simpson and Miss Hester Swan, in the order named. The "Soldiers' Chorus" and selections from Berlioz "Damnation of Faust" and Boito's "Mephistopheles" were sung by a chorus. Miss Helen Richards, Miss Marjorie McBride and Miss Hester Swan were the accompanists.

—Susannah Tufts chapter, D. A. R., will hold its regular meeting in K. of P. hall Monday, March 25. The D. A. R. convention will be held March 22 in Lorrimer hall, Boston, at 10.30 A. M.

—The Monday Club held its regular meeting Monday, March 18, in Odd Fellows hall. The women of the Quincy Women's Club gave "Eliza's Come to Stay" and it was a great success. A large audience testified their appreciation. It was much better than many plays seen on a Boston theatre stage. Next Monday will be Children's Day at Bates Opera house, Weymouth. It will be a costume party and all children are asked to come in costume. An extra car will leave Thomas Corner, North Weymouth, at 1.30 o'clock (instead of at 2 as was announced) and will come through to Washington square, so there will be no changing of cars. A good time is anticipated. Meeting at 2.30 o'clock.

—The Friendship Club met Wednesday with Mrs. Ralph Burrell.

—At the Children's Party of the Monday Club held next Monday at Bates Opera house tickets will be on sale for the lunch to be served at 1 o'clock on April 15, the day of the annual meeting, which will be held in Masonic hall.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Chandler have re-opened their home on Union street.

—Portraits and paintings valued at \$35,000 were on exhibition Monday at the gallery of the Brockton Public Library at the annual art exhibit of the Woman's Club of Brockton. There was work in oils and water colors from the best known artists in the State, 60 hangings in all.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. E. MacQuinn have returned from Long Island, where they spent the winter, and have reopened their Front street house.

—Members of the Village Study Club are rehearsing two comedies, "Lend Me Five Shillings" and "Box and Cox," they will present for the Edward B. Nevin school. It has been benefit of the improvement to the expectation of people interested in the school that additions be made to its furnishings and equipment such as pictures and decorations in the so-called "teachers' room" which we understand is to be available for public meetings of bodies interested

in movements for civic improvement such as the women home economic and conservation work. It has also been suggested that a Parent-Teachers' Association be formed in connection with this school, such as have been successfully carried on in other towns.

—Arthur Alden returned from the South this week, Mrs. Alden and the boys remaining a few weeks longer.

—The clubwomen of America are launching what will be the greatest constructive piece of work yet undertaken as a unit. It is the raising of a quarter of a million dollars, this fund to be expended for the establishing and maintenance of recreation houses for American soldiers in France, a piece of work that will be all their own. The general idea is to ask for a contribution of \$1 from each woman in the general federation, and it is hoped that the fund may be completed by April 29, when the biennial convention will open in Hot Springs, Ark. The Massachusetts quota must be completed by April 10.

—A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. O'Brien of 541 Washington street, Saturday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Leland A. Winchenbauch with their daughter, Barbara are visiting friends in Bedford.

—Miss Annie Halloran of Main street left Wednesday for Jacksonville, Fla., where she will visit her brother Frank, who is stationed there. Before she returns Miss Halloran will go to Miami, where she will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. David Heffernan.

—Mr. and Mrs. Myron Cummings are the happy parents of a child born last week.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Sampson entertained a party of friends at a St. Patrick's party on Tuesday evening.

—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Walsh of Elm Knoll road, Thursday.

—The State conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Massachusetts is being held today in Tremont Temple, Boston. The business to be considered is the election of a State regent and State vice regent; the endorsement of a candidate for vice president general of the National Society, and the consideration of an amendment of special interest. The guests of honor will be Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, chairman of the woman's committee, Council of National Defence, and Mrs. Barrett Wendell, chairman of the Massachusetts Liberty Loan Committee, women's department, who will address the Daughters on the vital subjects of the day. A most enjoyable and instructive meeting is assured.

### SASAP

**WARD THREE BRANCH**  
The regular business meeting held on Thursday evening at headquarters. The secretary reported that the room had been occupied four days the last week, two days by the Junior League, making surgical dressings; the other two by the regular members for sewing. Money belts are the last thing made, about 50 having been completed.

Mrs. Voorhees, the treasurer, resigned her position, and Mrs. Fletcher was elected to the office. Miss May Cheseman was chosen auditor. The amount of funds is approximately \$740.00 for March 1. It was voted to buy a new consignment of wool, as socks are still in great demand.

The chairman made note of the appreciation credited to this branch for the splendid donation of soap, some of which was made from fats collected from families in this vicinity.

The Committee on Food Substitutes say eat mutton and lamb until the middle of April. Pork also is more plenty, and Saturdays a good portion is allowable.

We have received a large donation of clothing for the Belgians, and still more is needed, so if every family will send a contribution it will be forwarded to its destination. Weymouth Public Library also makes an appeal for books. All donations will be taken in charge and sent to headquarters.

**EAST WEYMOUTH BRANCH**  
Buy as usual sums up the activities for the week.

As usual, also, there is a special request for helpers. You are asked to look over the family clothing and choose what you can spare that is clean, whole and serviceable for the use of the Belgians behind the German lines. These people are surrounded by enemies, robbed of money, homes and loved ones, with no way of obtaining clothing except as it is supplied by outside funds.

As they stood between us and the German horror so we must stand by them now. Let them share in your Easter raiment for who doubts God cares more for them than for the new suit and hat. Remember the

children especially, and after you have made up your bundle take it to Dr. Libby's where it will be cared for and forwarded to the Belgian Relief Society.

Tickets are out for the entertainment to be given by the children at Clapp Memorial in April. Buy all you can and be sure and go. You will be more than pleased.

Do not say "I'm sick of being asked to buy tickets and to give for everything." Why, we must give! Those who have given their boys are giving their money too—those who have not given boys can give what they have. If you absolutely have not one cent to spare you can at least give a smile and a pleasant word to encourage the woman who calls on you for help. She is not asking for herself but is doing this part of the work as her "bit" in this terrible war. Do all you can and then a little more to help over the hard places.

If you think the work of the societies is not appreciated read this extract from one boy's letter to his mother:

"Regarding the societies who have sent me different articles, I have written some of them and will write the others soon but you can express my thanks to them also. They won't get any too many thanks as they are doing a great deal to make us boys happy. You can't beat old Massachusetts when it comes to the home people doing their bit! We have representatives from about every state on the East coast on board, and I haven't seen Massachusetts beaten yet. Nobody mentions it."

"Good old East Weymouth is doing her share to keep up the Massachusetts reputation. believe me. Have received a good many packages from different ones around there and each one seems like a gold mine when it comes. Find a good use for everything received." Now do your share to keep the "gold mines" going forward and take your pay in thanks.

**SOUTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH**  
Although South Weymouth is not a large place and is of small importance in the world, international honors have come to our branch of the Special Aid through the work of twelve little girls, members of the Children's Library Club. During the past week the following letter was received.

New England Surgical Dressings Committee  
March 4, 1918.

Mrs. Elbridge Nash,  
South Weymouth, Mass.  
My dear Mrs. Nash:—  
Just a few lines to thank you for the very pretty afghan that came from the little girls of South Weymouth. It was a very pretty one and I am sure will give some poor soldier a great deal of comfort. The children might be interested to know that I forwarded this afghan to the Queen of Italy. Will you not please extend my thanks to all who helped make it?

Sincerely yours,  
MARY S. HELLER,  
Inspecting Nurse.

This letter refers to a knitted afghan made by the members of the Society some months ago, which attracted so much attention that the Boston Post printed an account of its making together with a picture of the members, and Jordan Marsh Co. asked to have it placed on exhibition at their Red Cross booth so that children from other towns might see it.

The officers of the Library Society are: President, Frances Tirrell, first vice president, Martha Vining; second vice president, Grace Baker; secretary, Miriam Hollis; treasurer, Ellen Stowers. The other members are Eleanor Abbott, Miriam Barnes, Marion Brown, Grace Gay, Mildred Hutton, Frances Pratt and Ruth Tirrell. During the year the children have raised \$80 by entertainments, of which they gave \$40 to the Special Aid and \$40 to the Fogz Library. Wednesday, April 10, is to be Weymouth Night at the Special Aid booth at the Food Exhibition to be held in Horticultural hall, Boston, the first two weeks in April. On that night members of the Four Weymouth branches are to prepare and serve a strictly hooverized supper, and it is hoped that as many as possible will visit the fair on that night.

**CLAPP MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION**

In the Ladies' Bowling Tournament last Thursday night Team 3, Mrs. Lottie McGrath, Captain, took 3 points from Team 2, Mrs. Marion French, captain. Total pinfall, Team 3, 682; Team 2, 609. Margaret Looney led with a single string of 80 and a two-string total of 150. Team 4, Miss Nellie Looney, captain, took 3 points from Team 1, Miss Alice Howley, captain. Total pinfall, Team 4, 678; Team 1, 661. Mrs. Katherine Conathan captured the two-string total with 159 and tied with Mrs. Daisy Fabyan for the high single of 80.

The standing of the teams:  
Team 3 16 points  
Team 4 11 points  
Team 2 7 points  
Team 1 2 points

**G. A. R. AND W. R. C.**  
By invitation of Collingwood Post, No. 76, G. A. R. and W. R. C., the next or 70th quarterly meetings of the Associations will be held at Plymouth, Friday, April 19, 1918. Members of G. A. R. will meet at G. A. R. hall at 10 o'clock A. M. Members of W. R. C. will notify through papers later where they will meet. Dinner furnished by Plymouth W. R. C. somewhere in Plymouth at 12 o'clock M. at usual price. Public meeting at G. A. R. hall, 2 P. M. Everybody welcome.

Your Home would be more of a Home if it was Wired for Electricity. As a property, the value would be greatly increased, the convenience of living many times improved. PRACTICAL, enjoyable living is hard to realize without Electric Service.

Electric Light is one of the first necessities of a modern home. And once your house is wired you have available all those electric helps—iron, toaster, vacuum cleaner, washing machine and many others.

Let us study out the particular requirements of your home and give you the exact cost. No charge whatever for this service.

**WEYMOUTH LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY**  
Jackson Square East Weymouth, Mass. Phone 62-W  
J. E. MULLIGAN, New-Business Manager.

Think of these things when you buy spring clothes



OF VALUE: Get your money's worth. You will at this store. That's our first thought. That's why we sell Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes. They give you most for what you pay.

OF STYLE: The picture shows one of the many new models; there are many other good ones—all correct: created by the best designers in the land.

OF ALL WOOL: Every garment made by Hart Schaffner & Marx is made of all-wool cloth; all-wool gives longer service and lends itself best to stylish and durable tailoring.

OF THE GUARANTEE: The clothes you buy here are guaranteed to give satisfaction; if they fail to do so your money will be refunded. This guarantee is unqualified.

**Talbot-Quincy, Inc.**  
The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

**Easter**  
(SUNDAY, MARCH 31)

**EASTER NECKWEAR**  
SHIRTS  
HOSIERY  
New Style  
MEN and BOYS' CAPS

Dress Suits To Let  
for all occasions

**E. P. WHITE**  
Washington Street  
Opposite Sacred Heart Church  
Weymouth 397-J

**STORAGE**  
We have rooms to let for the Storage of Furniture.  
Second-Hand Furniture for Sale  
**CHAS. W. JOY**  
159 Middle St. East Weymouth

**Boys Wanted to Sell The GAZETTE**

Send the Gazette to your Soldier Friend

**DRESS UP FOR EASTER**

**DOROTHY DODD SHOES** in all the new Spring styles so full of that dainty chicness that ladies careful in their dress try so hard to attain. Many styles and all prices from \$4.00 to \$8.00.

**RALSTON SHOES** for men are renowned for their unmatched wearing qualities and for their distinctive style. A foot in a Ralston Shoe is always well shod. The prices are from \$5.00 to \$9.00.

**LAMSON AND HUBBARD HATS** in all of the New Spring Styles. These hats are the choice of all careful dressers. They are the acme of the hatters art in quality and satisfaction. They are all that hat should be and more than any other hat is. They sell for \$3.50 & \$4.00.

**KNOBBY SHIRTS** in all of the new colorings that this year has brought out. A well chosen shirt is a man's greatest reflection of character. We pride ourselves on having the largest assortment in a long ways with a pattern appropriate for any personality and with either stiff or soft cuffs. Prices are anywhere from \$1.90 to \$3.50.

**QUALITY NECKWEAR** the sort that is just the finishing touch to the well dressed man that is so necessary to his good appearance. From 25c to \$1.50.

**INTERWOVEN HOSIERY** are the biggest value hosiery, the best wearing hosiery and the best appearing hosiery that we know of. If it were not so we would sell some other kind. 35c per pair, three pair for \$1.00. Silk 75c and \$1.00 per pair.

**JONES JUST AROUND-THE-CORNER**  
1 GRANITE STREET, QUINCY

GENERAL SURVEYS TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYS  
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 CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR  
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 NORTH WEYMOUTH, MASS.  
 SURVEYS MADE AND PLANS PREPARED FOR THE LAND COURT

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FIRE THEFT COLLISION  
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**NEW Dental Office!**

Dr. T. J. King, the famous painless dentist, is giving his celebrated system of painless dentistry in Quincy and is giving the people of that city the benefit of high grade, modern dental work at popular prices.

**FULL SET TEETH \$8** Fit Guaranteed

Dr. King's latest invention, the "NATURAL GUM," is acknowledged by the dental profession to be a wonderful improvement over the old artificial gum. It has always been easy to recognize artificial teeth in the mouth, but now, by using Dr. King's "Natural Gum," a set of teeth can be made by this method and only by this method, that will absolutely defy detection. Ordinarily an extra charge of \$5 is made for the "Natural Gum" on the set, but for a short time no extra charge will be made.

**THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH \$5.00**  
**SOLID GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGES \$4.50**

**PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE**

This is the only office in Quincy where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from the natural ones) are inserted positively without pain. During the life of this offer all Bridge Work and Fillings will be done at reduced rates for the advantage of those who do not desire plates.

**MAKE YOUR DENTAL APPOINTMENTS TODAY WHILE THE LOW OPENING PRICES ARE IN EFFECT.**

**DR. T. J. KING**  
 1365 Hancock St. Quincy, Mass.  
 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE  
 Telephone, Quincy 2678-J

**HOME GREATEST OF INSTITUTIONS**

Matter That Should Be First in the Thoughts of Every Citizen.

**PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE**

Main Point Is That Dwelling Should Be Well and Substantially Built—Sensible Design for House Is That Shown Here.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only enclose three-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

I have always been a believer in home building as a potent factor in making good citizens, and I admire the man who is willing to deny himself a little of the ready spending money as he goes along and puts it into a permanent home for himself and his loved ones.

The home is the greatest of American institutions and the one on which all the rest are built.

By home I do not mean necessarily an expensive, elaborate dwelling. The humble cottage is just as truly a home, and represents just as much courage and devotion on the part of him who planned its building and carried the payments through to final possession.

The point I want to make is this, that even the small dwelling, the cottage, should be well and substantially built if it is to be the source of satisfaction that rosy dreams had pictured.

When building, don't put up a shoddy makeshift that the winds will whistle through; nor a carelessly built firetrap that will easily burn down and perhaps catch the family within its smoldering ruins.

One of the most common causes of fires in dwelling houses is defective chimneys. In putting up a new house, see that the chimneys are right; or in buying a house already built, ex-

In cases where there are two chimneys in a single flue, a metal flue stop should be provided for one.

A chimney should not be offset at the roofline or on any floor to make it come out at the end of the roof or to conceal it in any closet. An overhanging projection in the chimney causes cracks in the roof at the most favorable spot for a fire to gain a good headway.

The walls of chimneys should be six or eight inches thick and should be constructed of cement mortar throughout. It is essential that the capstones correspond in size to the flues, else the draft will be poor. If there is any doubt in the owner's mind about the risk of fire from his chimney, the advice of an architect should be followed. This procedure may save the owner expense in the future and reduce the possibility of fire to a minimum.

The accompanying six-room cottage is most substantially built, and is especially safe in regard to both fire hazards and the penetration of cold and wind. Concrete blocks with rough stone face are used for the front porch, foundation walls, and chimneys, giving an appearance of solidity that is very satisfying.

This is a very sensible bungalow design. There is nothing about it to run into money, but is kept simple, straight-forward, and good to look at. A large living room with adjoining front bedroom occupy the front of the house. Then comes the dining room, kitchen, two bedrooms and adjacent bathroom.

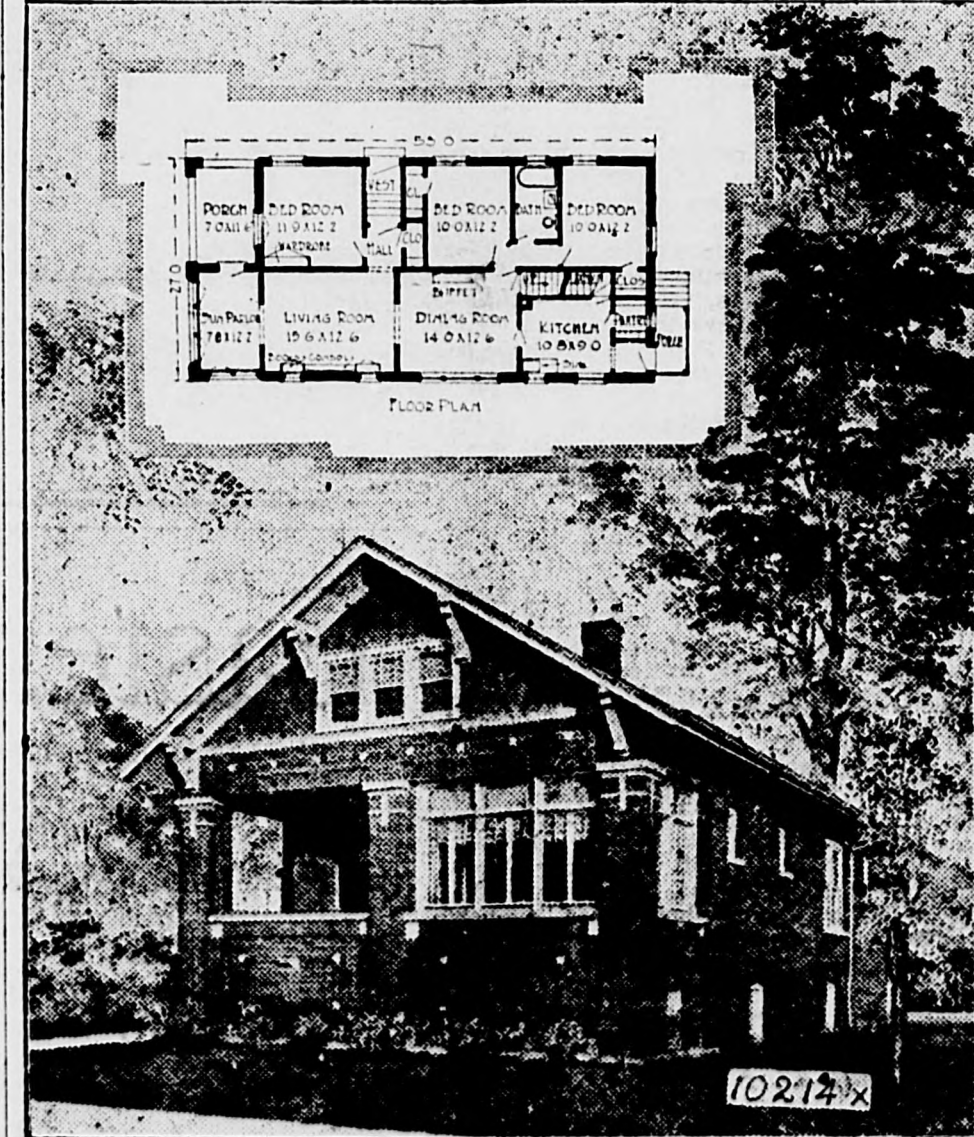
Above there is a good attic space that can be utilized in many ways. The cellar way opens from the rear hall near the kitchen door, which makes it very convenient.

This house is the type that is so popular in many city suburbs. It goes nicely on a 30-foot lot.

**FOOD VALUE OF CHOCOLATE**

Important Fact to Which It Would Seem Too Little Attention Has Hitherto Been Given.

In the recommendation for food conservation at home one article has been considerably ignored. This fact is the more surprising because of the article's recognized value as a campaign and outdoor food. Frederic C. Feinger, in the account of his cruise, "Alone in the Caribbean," gives an interesting quotation from Pere Labat, the old French missionary to Martinique at the end of the seventeenth century: "As for me, I stand by the advice of the Spanish doctors who agree that there



**SUIT WITH LIGHT WAISTCOAT**



Suits pursue a happy middle course this spring in the matter of decoration. None of them are uncompromisingly plain and few of them are much trimmed. Small covered buttons make a quiet finishing touch for the example of faultless tailoring shown in the picture. The coat just escapes closing at the front and shows a slight cut-away below its buckle and strap fastening. It is worn over a light waistcoat and has an odd new sleeve that widens below the elbow.

**SPRITLY STYLE IN SPRING SUIT**



There is no lack of variety in suits this spring—there is a style for every figure. Here is one that fulfills all the requirements of the mode—with short coat, slim lines and ingenious decoration. There is not an inch of cloth to spare in the skirt, and having saved to the utmost here, the designer was able to indulge the coat in sprightly ripples at each side of a back panel. Embroidery in a braided pattern of the same color as the cloth, and very small buttons make an elegant decoration.

**LOVELY EASTER HATS**



Becomingness is the theme of this year's millinery song. This is attested by the three hats shown above. They vary widely in style and each differs from the others in shape and materials, but all are immensely becoming. There is a refined hat of milan with ribbon crown, a dashing shape in soft carpet braid and a spirited black napoleon with a long, graceful quill—all ready for the dress of Easter.

**SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK**  
 South Weymouth  
 OFFICERS 1918  
 President, R. Wallace Hunt  
 Vice Pres. Ellis J. Pitcher  
 Almon B. Raymond  
 Treasurer, Fred T. Barnes

**BANK HOURS:**  
 9 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m. Also Mondays 7 to 8 p. m. Saturdays 9 to 12 a. m.  
 Deposits go on interest second Wednesday of January, April, July and October.  
 Dividends payable on and after the second Wednesday of January and July.  
 INCORPORATED MARCH 6, 1868

**NOW IS THE TIME TO BUILD, ENLARGE, OR REPAIR**

Get Your Plans and Estimates from  
**H. C. THOMPSON**  
 Contractor and Builder  
 592 BROAD ST. EAST WEYMOUTH  
 Estimates given on all kinds of contracts.  
 Tel. Weymouth 294-W.

**Insure Your Automobile AGAINST Theft, Collision, Fire, Liability, WITH H. FRANKLIN PERRY**  
 104 Front Street, Weymouth, Mass.  
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 Best Companies Lowest Rates  
 JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

**W. P. DENBROEDER Licensed Auctioneer**  
 738 BROAD STREET East Weymouth.  
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 160 Main Street, South Weymouth  
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 PIANOS FOR SALE  
 78 Cleverly Court, Quincy Point.  
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**RAY O. MARTIN Plumbing and Heating**  
 Now is the time to have your furnace cleaned and overhauled.  
 All kinds of repair work.  
 Washington Square Weymouth  
 Telephone, Weymouth 103-R

**Send Them Moneygrams**  
 \$\$\$\$\$\$

An ad. in this paper for any business whatever is a moneygram to the buying public from you. They appreciate your belief in their financial standing.  
 They buy your goods. A moneygram never was marked "collect."  
 The currency pours into your cash box of its own free will.  
 If your bargains are advertised "big," your sales are big. People appreciate big, strong, forceful trade announcements. Such ads. inspire commercial confidence.

**GET WISE; ADVERTISING TIME IS TO-DAY**

**Again We Say** Subscribe to THIS PAPER.

**Remember** That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody

### Nerves All Unstrung?

Nervousness and nerve pains often come from weak kidneys. Many a person who worries over trifles and is troubled with neuralgia, rheumatic pains and backache would find relief through a good kidney remedy. If you have nervous attacks, with headaches, backaches, dizzy spells and sharp, shooting pains, try Doan's Kidney Pills. They have brought quick benefit in thousands of such cases.

#### A Massachusetts Case

Mrs. D. P. Fuller, E. Main St., Falmouth, Mass., says: "Several years ago I was troubled with a severe attack of backache and I had a dull, gnawing pain across my loins. I was all tired out and did not feel like doing my work. When Doan's Kidney Pills were recommended, I used them and two or three boxes removed the backache. I have had no kidney trouble since."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### The Home Remedy

for coughs, colds, hoarseness; pleasant to take and sure to help when needed.

### Hale's Honey

A tonic, expectorant and laxative. Contains no opium nor anything injurious. Sold by all druggists.

Try Hale's Toothache Drops

**Kill Dandruff and Itching with Cuticura**  
Sav. 25c. Ointment 25c & 50c

W. N. U., BOSTON, NO. 12-1918.

### MAKE PET OF CAPTURED MULE

Allied Soldiers in France Play with Animal That Once Was in the Service of the Kaiser.

At the battle of Loos, bombers captured a shivering German mule, which they dubbed Kaiser Bill, says Boys' Life, the Boy Scouts' Magazine. But the new Kaiser Bill was very intelligent, and friendly toward his captors, so the men thought that, to be fair to the mule, they had better drop the Kaiser and call him just plain Billy. Billy earned his rations by toiling about the brigade bomb-cart. When off duty the men used to play with him. He would answer to his name, and come trotting over when his master called. Billy is still with the brigade, and the men say that he bows those bombs up to the dump for use against the Germans with the greatest relish.

It is odd to see a big, rough, hard-ended soldier in a trench as he fondles a little trench kitten, his features softening. "Poor little beggar," he thinks, "so helpless and weak. And it's warm—and living."

Can anything erase from the character of man those traits which make life worth while—pity, love, and mercy? Ease and luxury may; but trouble, hardship and danger never.

**Shock.**  
"At the restaurant the other night George asked Miss Wrink how she would like a little wild duck."  
"What did she answer?"  
"She changed color, and said, 'Oh! this is so sudden!' and fainted."

More than 44,000,000 acres of coal lands in 14 states of the United States are to be opened in 1918.

**Grape-Nuts**  
A FOOD  
A Conserving Food

**A Conserving Food**  
The recognized value of

### Grape-Nuts

as a "saving" food for these serious times, rests upon real merit.

Unlike the ordinary cereal Grape-Nuts requires no sugar, little milk or cream, and requires no cooking or other preparation in serving.

A trial is well worth while for those who sincerely desire to save.

"There's a Reason"

### POOR MARY

By MILDRED WHITE.  
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

Jack Townsend's father sent him out to Wellington to purchase a fruit farm—providing that farm should be as promising as its advertisement.

"Where?"—asked Jack, of the tenant, "shall I be able to get a meal in this dead hole? The thing they call Hotel, isn't inviting."

"Sorry my wife is too busy moving to accommodate you," answered Graves, the tenant, "but perhaps Mrs. Maltby will. You'd be sure of a good meal there; she is particular about having her guests recommended, so I will speak for you over the phone."

"Seems to be all right," he said, returning presently, "first house at the foot of the hill."

"Mrs. Maltby was not at home," a neat maid told him. "Her husband who was deaf had misunderstood the message."

Jack cast an approving glance at the girl who waited in the doorway; she was good to look upon in her trim, dark-blue dress with its white collar and cuffs. The ruffled apron and perky cap, gave her the appearance of a screen picture maid. "Couldn't you—?" he began, and stopped.

The girl dimpled. "Well," she agreed, "come in and I will get you something to eat."

The something was very satisfactory. Jack had never tasted more delicious. "How much?" asked Jack, when the last excuse for lingering had been exhausted.

"Fifty cents," the maid answered briskly. "It's too little," he said, smiling. "Mrs. Maltby's usual price," the girl replied.

Uncertainly, Jack fingered a quarter, then laid it beside his plate. "For satisfactory service," he said.

The maid placed the quarter and the half dollar in a table drawer. "That was for you," he told her, she continued brushing the table.

"I am working for Mrs. Maltby," she explained.

"Well, thank you—then," Jack's eyes met hers. "What may I call you?"

The girl's own lovely eyes were cast down demurely. "Just, Mary," she said.

"Who is the maid," he later demanded of the tenant, who works for Mrs. Maltby?

"The Carson girl helps her out occasionally," Graves informed him, "she's an orphan and works out her board where she can."

"Most beautiful girl I ever saw," Jack enthusiastically declared.

"Think so?" Graves explained, his tone expressed astonishment.

Jack, did think so; the wonderfully attractive face haunted him for days, haunted him until in desperation, he banged shut his desk. "I'm going out again to look that farm over," he told his father.

She was sitting out beneath a tree, upon his second visit, and she still wore the pretty apron, though the cap was missing.

"You?" she cried, and all the dimples came into play.

Jack fancied the demure eyes twinkled in welcome.

"My auto is out there on the road," he began abruptly. "I have been thinking of you ever since I was here. I want to talk to you. Can't you slip out and ride a little way?"

Mary promptly stuffed her knitting into the apron pocket. "All right," she agreed.

"Now, I am Jack Townsend of the city—" he began.

Mary nodded. "Mr. Graves has told me all about you," she said. And that afternoon's enchanted ride through country fields was but the beginning of many. Thereafter, Jack's business hours were a feverish rush to completion, that he might hasten to his divinity. He realized the shock this marriage would bring to his "society-loving" mother. For Jack's marriage was a thing settled and decided upon. It had all been very simple.

"I am just dippy about you, Mary," he had fervently declared.

"I love you too, Jack," she had miraculously replied.

Carson was not Mary's name. Graves had been mistaken in that. Though she was an orphan, her name was Burns. Jack knew nothing concerning the family of the girl he loved, but what matter, she was his choice. It was upon the afternoon of their last ride, that he discerned a limousine waiting before Maltby's door as he helped Mary to alight.

"Mersey!" cried the girl, "it's Aunt Lois." And immediately she was enfolded in an elderly woman's embrace.

"Poor Mary! out here in the country alone," sympathized the aunt, then her gaze suddenly fell upon Jack. "Mary," she burst out, "have you been running around and tiring yourself again? Your uncle and I hoped when we sent you to board in this quiet spot that you would rest after your gay season."

Neglected Colds bring Pneumonia  
**WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE**  
CASCARA QUININE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opium—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Williams' picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

Inflammation and Swellings of all kinds in livestock can be quickly reduced by using DR. DAVID ROBERTS' ANTI-SEPTIC POULTRICE PASTE. One package makes ten pounds of Poultice. Read the Practical Home Veterinarian book for the booklet on abortion in cows. If no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 100 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.

CIVIL SERVICE examinations everywhere soon. Men and women desiring government clerkships, departmental positions, railway mail, customs, stenographic, or other positions, should apply to the U. S. CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION, 1400 L Street, Washington, D. C.

**Talks Too Much.**  
"Sir, you do me a great wrong to call me an addlepate. You have no scientific instrument for gauging my brain power."  
"I don't need a scientific instrument for that purpose, sir. You have an instrument yourself that gives you away."  
"What is that?"  
"Your tongue."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

### LEMON JUICE IS SKIN WHITENER

CHEAP HOME-MADE BEAUTY LOTION TO REMOVE TAN, FRECKLES, SALLOWNESS.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach a darkened skin and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to whiten rough, red hands.—Adv.

**Better Than His Press Agent.**  
"George Washington was a most truthful man."  
"I have always thought so. An evidence of his truthfulness is the fact that he never gave any personal endorsement whatever to that cherry tree story."

**BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP**  
will quiet your cough, soothe the inflammation of a sore throat and lungs, stop irritation in the bronchial tubes, insure a good night's rest, free from coughing and with easy expectoration in the morning. Made and sold in America for fifty-two years. A wonderful prescription, assisting Nature in ouliding up your general health and throwing off the disease. Especially useful in lung trouble, asthma, croup, bronchitis, etc. For sale in all civilized countries.—Adv.

**Quite a Record.**  
The Gulf stream is more rapid than the Amazon, more impetuous than the Mississippi, and its volume more than 1,000 greater.

**How's This?**  
We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucus Surface of the System. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

**Of Course.**  
"He entered the aviation corps."  
"Wanted a chance to rise quickly, I presume."

**Important to Mothers**  
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams* In Use for Over 80 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

**Hot Water.**  
"Mr. Brown is always getting into hot water." "Yes. He is so cold-blooded I suppose it is a kind of relief."

Garfield Tea is Nature's laxative and blood purifier; it overcomes constipation and its many attendant ailments. Adv.

Peru was the first country to add instruction in aviation to its public school curriculum.

**STOP YOUR COUGHING**  
No need to take that cough persist. Stop the irritation, and remove tickling and hoarseness, by relieving the inflamed throat with

### PISO'S

### AN HONEST MAN

By H. FIELDING.  
(Copyright, 1918, Western Newspaper Union.)

George was a thief at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Half an hour earlier he had been merely an imprudent young man who had neglected a matter of \$25 borrowed by him from "cash."

If his account had been turned over to anybody else but Williams the matter might not appear so black, but George had been promoted over Williams' head; the matter would go straight to the supreme head of everything.

Even now, if he could borrow the \$25—but he had tried all his friends in the office and it would not "be easy to get out." Yet it must be done; the alternative was criminal prosecution—sheer ruin.

George laid his hand upon the lid of his desk to pull it down. With or without an excuse, he must go out and find that money.

Just as he arose from his seat a hand was laid upon his arm and he turned to face Old Ben, the soft-footed messenger, mysterious as a demon of Eastern fable, who did the will of the supreme head of the establishment.

"Mr. Harriman wants to see you," said this slave-of-the-ring.

"I wonder if there is anything in making a clean breast of it?" he said to himself, as he walked toward Harriman's room; and then he remembered what had happened to a certain young man who had done that very thing. It seemed that the floor was no longer on a level and he saw four knobs on Harriman's door, as he stretched his hand to open it.

There was a flat-topped desk as large as a dinner table in the middle of the room, and at the opposite side of it sat Harriman. His eyes smaller, his nose was larger, his chin was fatter, and his coloring was a brighter red, than ever before in George's recollection of him.

George had been in the great man's presence oftener, during the past year, than any other minor employee in the main office. He was an object of envy on that account. The idea of appearing before this man as a thief was a thing to die of.

"Lang," said Harriman, "I'm going to give you a chance."

George's brain made 500 rapid revolutions in his head.

"Ninety-nine clerks in a hundred," Harriman continued, "will always be clerks. I believe that you are the hundredth man. You've been handling some correspondence with our agents—under my direction and you have shown a comprehension of the subject that has made me think well of you."

George merely bowed. He could not speak aloud. All his faculty of language was occupied in interior, soundless cursing of himself for his incredible folly.

"Our man Robbins, in Johnstown," Harriman proceeded, "has been having trouble, as you know."

He paused, and in the interval, the effort of remembering who Robbins was, cleared George's mind.

"Robbins is not the man for the place," he said. "He doesn't seem to know what he is there for."

Harriman slapped the desk gently with his fat hand.

"Precisely," said he; "and that is why I am going to put you in his shoes."

The sweat started out suddenly in the palms of George's hands, and he felt at the same time the sensation of a cold grip on the back of his neck.

"You will leave for Johnstown tonight," said Harriman. "Here is the order superseding Robbins. You will draw the same salary and get the same commissions that he does. This is an exceptional opportunity. No man gets such a chance as this twice in his lifetime. You must prove yourself worthy, and do it in a hurry."

He leaned over the desk and looked earnestly at George, who, in that moment, would have given his right hand to be an honest man.

"I expect you to crush competition out there," continued Harriman. "That fellow, Wellbrook, who is running an independent racket, must be done up. I don't care how you do it, or what it costs. Lay him out. We want all the business wherever we go."

He laughed pleasantly, and George tried to join him, but the thought of Williams restrained his mirth. It was dreadful to think that at the moment when he was about to be trusted with so important a mission, the stigma of dishonesty would be placed upon him.

"Mr. Williams wishes to see you, sir," said Old Ben, appearing suddenly. Harriman nodded to George, who was moving toward the door, and then said to the messenger: "All right; I'll see him."

Williams entered hurriedly, and started with surprise at sight of George. The latter nodded coldly.

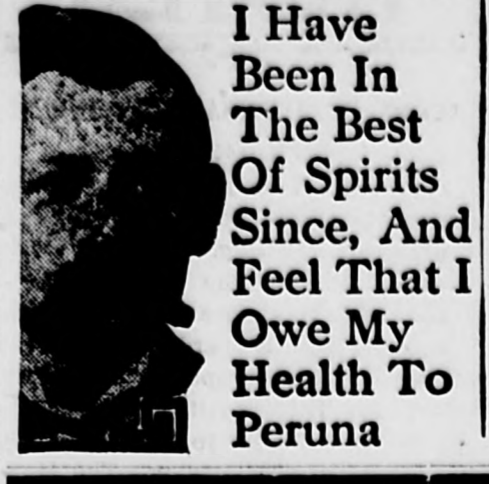
"By the way, Williams," he said, "there's twenty-five dollars in an envelope in my desk that I forgot to turn over to you. I'll lay it out on your table."

He passed out, leaving Williams standing with his mouth open, and his eyes like two glass marbles.

To draw his money from the cashier to arrange the amount for Williams, and to escape from the office, required but little time.

George hurried home, his heart light, his mind full of plans for the ruin of Wellbrook.

### Five Bottles Peruna Restored Me To Complete Health



Mr. C. N. Petersen, dealer in fine boots, shoes and cigars, 132 S. Main St., Council Bluffs, Ia., writes: "I cannot tell you how much good Peruna has done me. Constant confinement in my store began to tell on my health and I felt that I was gradually breaking down. I tried several remedies prescribed by my physician, but obtained no permanent relief until I took Peruna. I felt better immediately and five bottles restored me to complete health. I have been in the best of spirits since, and feel that I owe my health to it."  
Our booklet, telling you how to keep well, free to all. The Peruna Co., Columbus, Ohio.  
Those who object to liquid medicines can now procure Peruna Tablets.

### As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.



**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS**  
correct  
**CONSTIPATION**  
Genuine bears signature *Wm. Wood*

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

**More Data Wanted.**  
He (after the proposal)—I'm getting \$2,000 a year. Now, dearest, what is the least you think you can live on yearly?  
She—Well, how much credit can you get?—Boston Transcript.

**From Way Back.**  
Country Uncle—Gosh! What is that there thing?  
City Niece—A folding bed, uncle.  
Country Uncle—Then I'll camp out on the floor. I could never sleep standin' up.

To restore a normal action to Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, take Garfield Tea, the mild herb laxative. All druggists. Adv.

**Necessary.**  
"Riches have wings." "They need 'em to keep up with the cost of living."—Detroit Free Press.

New Hampshire was the first state to establish a railroad commission.

**All It Was Good For.**  
Judge—Why did you hurl this bottle at the umpire?  
Fan—It was empty.—Boston Globe.

New York's debt limit is reduced to \$2,114,325.

### LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTE

IN a year it has become famous; the man's cigarette for the men who are working over here, and fighting over there.

The reason? Because it's made of Burley pipe tobacco and because—

### IT'S TOASTED

**LUCKY STRIKE CIGARETTES**  
"IT'S TOASTED"  
Guaranteed by *The American Tobacco Co.*

### Fresh and Refreshing "SALADA"

is composed of clean, whole young leaves. Picked right, blended right and packed right. It brings the fragrance of an Eastern garden to your table.  
**BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN**

WANTS

And other classified "Ads" are inserted in this column at 25c for four lines. Cash should accompany all one-time "Ads," otherwise the minimum charge of 50 cents will be made.

LOST

Lost An opportunity to rent my house because I did not advertise in The Gazette and Transcript.

FOUND

Found The best medium to get results from classified "Ads"—the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript.

WANTED

Wanted Marker and sorter at the South Weymouth Custom Laundry. 12.2t

Corsets to Order

WANTED—Ladies to have their corsets made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone and I will call. Mrs. F. E. Ducker, 90 Main street, South Weymouth. Tel. 215W.

Man Wanted

Wanted—Man to drive fish wagon; good pay and steady work. C. F. Brown, South Weymouth. Tel. 37M. 14.12

Girls Wanted

Girls at George H. Bicknell Co. Weymouth. 7.1f

Men Wanted

To sew filled fertilizer bags. Steady employment. Bradley Fertilizer Works, North Weymouth, Mass. 49.1f

FOR SALE

Ford Car for Sale Ford touring car in first class running order, demountable rims, new tires. Charles H. Rice, 79 Front street, Weymouth. 12.1t

For Sale

One pure blood White Rock rooster, also one single comb R. I. R. rooster. A. H. Perkins, 431 Middle street, Tel. 559 W. East Weymouth. 12.1t

Pullets for Sale

Twenty R. I. Red pullets for sale; 3 to 4 pounds; \$1.40 each or number to suit at \$1.50 each. D. I. MacNamee, 239 Broad street, Weymouth. 12.1t

Pups for Sale

Full blooded sable collie pups, eight weeks old. Males \$8; females \$4. G. H. Bavin, 60 Kensington road, Weymouth, Mass. 10.2t

MISCELLANEOUS

Multigraph Letters

The Gazette and Transcript is now equipped to do Multigraph work in any quantities. Only a few hours necessary to get out big order. Our telephone call is Weymouth 145. 12.1f

LOST BANK BOOKS.

Bank Books as listed below are lost and application has been made for payment of the account in accordance with Sect. 40, Chap. 500, of the Acts of 1908 and amendments thereto. Payment has been stopped.

LOST—Deposit Book No. 11988 of the East Weymouth Savings Bank is reported lost. 3t.11.13

For Sale

\$4,250 will buy a 10-acre Farm in Weymouth.

All modern dwelling and good stable. Electric cars pass the door. Call and see me and I will tell you more about it.

Russell B. Worster REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE WEYMOUTH, MASS.

Learn a New Profession FILING and secure a good salaried position through a course at Boston School of Filing Little Building, Boylston and Tremont Sts. Day, Evening and Correspondence Courses. Visitors invited. Booklet upon request.

EAST WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK

The annual meeting of the Corporation of the East Weymouth Savings Bank for the election of officers and for the transaction of any other legal business that may come before said meeting, will be held in the rooms of the bank on Wednesday evening, April 10th at 7.30 o'clock. JOHN A. MAC FAUN, Clerk of the Corporation. March 22, 1918. 11.12

CHURCH NOTES

SECOND UNIVERSALIST CHURCH

South Weymouth Services will be resumed in all departments of the Second Universalist church on Sunday. At the 10.30 morning service the beautiful new organ will be dedicated. Both Mrs. Fish and Miss Richards will preside at the organ. A special dedicatory hymn has been written by Mrs. L. W. Atwood and set to familiar music to be used at this service. The large vested choir under the direction of Miss Deane will furnish special choir numbers. Also, a new window will be dedicated to the memory of Mrs. Lucy Allen Vining, the gift of her son, Andrew J. Vining, of San Francisco, California. The pastor, Rev. Fred A. Line, will preach on the subject, "The Day After." A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend these services.

Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Mrs. Gordon Willis superintendent. See that the boys and girls are in Sunday School. Preparations for the "Best Ever" Easter concert are in full swing.

Junior Union meeting at 4 o'clock in charge of Miss Jordan, assisted by Miss Line. Bernice Baldwin will lead. The Senior Y. P. C. U. devotional meeting will be led by Guilford Churchill. The study of "The Lure of Africa" will be continued.

At 7 o'clock the illustrated lectures will be resumed, with one of the new Underwood and Underwood War Series lectures, "Our British Allies in the World War." This is a fine up-to-date lecture with excellent pictures. Mrs. Percy Bicknell will sing. A welcome for all at this church.

UNION CHURCH

Weymouth and East Braintree. Morning worship next Sunday at 10.30. There will be music appropriate to Palm Sunday and the minister will preach on the subject "The Coming King."

Sunday School will meet at 12 o'clock. Union prayer meeting under the auspices of the Braintree Federation of Churches will be held at the home of C. R. Hill, 57 Liberty street, and at the home of H. R. Smith, 136 Hayward street, on Tuesday evening, at 7.45. Topic: "Faith in Immortality and the War."

There will be union Holy Week services on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, as follows:

Wednesday evening, Methodist church, with sermon by Rev. Albert P. Watson. Thursday evening, Congregational church, with sermon by Rev. J. W. Tingley. Following the sermon the Lord's Supper will be administered. Friday evening, Baptist church, with sermon by Rev. Isaac M. Corn. These services will begin at 7.45.

UNITED SERVICES

South Weymouth The united services of the Old South and Union churches will continue the Second Universalist returning to their own church next Sunday. Everyone has gotten used to seeing large numbers of people at the morning service of worship, and now it is up to each and all to continue their interest and attend regularly upon worship and contribute their part to the stimulus enthusiasm and encouragement which large numbers give. The good days of springtime are smiling upon us and everyone should find the time on Sunday morning and a place in his heart for public worship and communion with his Heavenly Father. If other things must crowd in on one's Sunday let not these things crowd out one's public worship of God in fellowship with one's fellowmen.

Prepare for the coming of Easter with the message it brings. Next Sunday will be Palm Sunday which will be observed both morning and evening. At the morning service Rev. Mr. Alvord will give the message, and in the evening at 7 o'clock Rev. Mr. Price will preach a sermon appropriate to the day, a sermon based on the incidents of Palm Sunday, with the subject "A Day of Triumph." Make this a day of triumph for yourself and all others by attending and participating in these public services of worship, particularly the morning service.

The combined schools of the Old South and Union will meet as usual in the auditorium of the church for the opening service of worship, then furnish opportunity for study for those of all ages. The men will want to rally to their class after the fine social supper they enjoyed Friday evening.

The Junior C. E. will meet at 3.30 P. M. under charge of Mrs. O. A. Price. Let all the children come. The Junior C. E. is now organized with officers and committees and the Juniors are enjoying the work.

The Senior C. E. invites all young men and women to spend an hour in training beginning at 6 o'clock. "Remedies for Intemperance" is the topic with Newton Loud as leader.

The Men's Community Bible Class holds a social supper tonight (Friday) sharply at 7 o'clock. F. Raymond Clee who drove an ammunition truck in France will speak on "Conditions Over There." Judging from the preparations made and the way tickets were taken up this promises to

be the best social supper the class has yet had. All supper tickets are gone and many others have bought 15-cent tickets just to hear the speaker. No supper tickets will be sold at the dinner there being no further accommodations, but those who wish to hear the speaker can come at 8 o'clock. We give this advance notice of the Easter service for the combined churches that you may look forward to them. We are preparing programs for two special Easter services: There will be a special Easter service with a program of Easter music at 10.30 A. M., and a sermon by Rev. Mr. Price on the theme "Easter Certainties." In the afternoon at 5 o'clock the children of the Sunday Schools will render a program, a special and attractive feature of which will be "An Easter Pageant."

People who have palms, ferns, Easter lilies or other plants they would be willing to loan for Easter decorations of the church are asked to notify either Miss Sarah Tirrell or Mrs. Walter Field by Tuesday evening of next week.

WHITE CHURCH (Congregational)

Weymouth Rev. Edward Torrey Ford, pastor. Morning worship and sermon at 10.30. Church Bible school at noon. Brotherhood class discussion "Jesus Teaching Concerning Faith and Contentment." Y. P. S. C. E. at 6 P. M. Evening chapel service at 7 o'clock. Pastor's topic, "Threefold Victory." All are invited.

EPISCOPAL

Mission of the Holy Nativity, 564 Main street, South Weymouth. Robert Pierce Casey, lay reader. March 24, Palm Sunday. At 9.45, Sunday School and at 10.30 morning prayer, holy communion and sermon; blessing of palms. March 25, Maundy Thursday, even song and litany at 4 P. M. March 29, Good Friday, even song, litany and sermon at 7.30 P. M.

EPISCOPAL

Trinity church, Weymouth. Rev. William Hyde, rector. Next Sunday, Palm Sunday, will be observed. The church will be decorated with palms and Rector Hyde will preach on "The First Palm Sunday." During Holy Week there will be a celebration of the holy communion at 10.30 A. M. on Thursday and Good Friday service on Friday at 7.30 P. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Tingley, pastor, residence 91 Broad street. Sunday morning worship with sermon at 10.30. Sunday School at 12. Junior C. E. meeting at 4. Senior C. E. meeting at 6. Evening service at 7.

Prayer and social service Thursday evening at 7.45 with the regular monthly business meeting at the close.

Collage prayer meeting at the home of Frank Bryant, 87 Webb street, this evening at 7.45.

Keep your eye on this paper in order to find out the particulars about the special meetings we are going to have April 9-21, under the leadership of Evangelist Lewis E. Smith.

Strangers and all in the town without a church home are cordially invited to worship with us. Seats free.

FIRST CHURCH

"Something to Live For" will be the thought at the morning service of Palm Sunday. "If These Shall Hold Their Peace" will be the subject of the evening devotions. The services are for everyone in the community. Take any seat. The Fellowship meeting on Thursday will be at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Freeman at 7.45. You will be welcome.

The Junior C. E. meeting in the chapel Sunday afternoon at 3.45 will be a missionary meeting in charge of Miss Frances Crane. Topic: "Child Life and Home Life in Africa."

The tonic at the Y. P. S. C. E. will be "Remedies for Intemperance."

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

20 Greenleaf Street, Quincy. Morning service and Sunday School at 10.45 o'clock. Subject: "Matter." Golden Text: Psalms 30:9. "Shall the dust praise thee? shall it declare thy truth?" Wednesday evening at 7.45, a testimony and experience meeting is held. The reading room in Hancock building, City square, is open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 11 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon.

Park Theatre, Boston

Manager Thomas D. Soriero of the Park Theatre announces a most extraordinary program for the Park Theatre for the week of March 24. When a South American ruler elopes with an actress, Earl Williams as the young American proves that he is a live wire in an emergency. "Mr. Williams is seen as Willard Geddle, who boasts of more family than money, is shown in love with Ida Payne, and she was with him. But Mrs. Payne has other ambitions for her daughter and asks him to forget all about Ida at Ida's request. Charming Viola Dana is seen again in a role that was especially written to suit her winsome personality, and although Miss Dana is a star of brilliant and versatile attainments who asks no odds of anyone. She is seen in "Breakers Ahead" a story of the sea and the seafaring people. Charlie Chaplin will be an added attraction for this week and will be seen in one of his best photo comedies.

—But 2,001 men have been exempted on the ground of "moral deficiency." This phrase was defined by the President's regulation to include persons convicted and sentenced for felony in any court of record.

CHILDREN'S COLUMN

By S. E. B.

Here is something copied from one of the newer books on gardening. "The ordinary family plans to spend a large part of the daily wages for food. If times are bad we can live in smaller houses and be very comfortable. We can wear the same clothes twice as long as we expected to, and still not suffer from the cold. But with food it is very different. We must constantly provide ourselves with a nourishing diet, or our strength falls, health gives way, and great suffering is the final result. For a useful and happy existence, nourishing food is of the first importance."

We, the young people, have a great deal to do with this food question. Shall we remind ourselves of some things we know already quite well: we are, you know, the Weymouth Willing Workers. That is what our Monogram W. W. W. stands for. The club motto of all the Boys' and Girls' Clubs in the country is "Make the best better." It is our motto since we are in these clubs.

The club badge is a four-leaf clover with the letter H in each leaflet, standing for head, hand, heart and health. We have about fifty of those badges among us now and we hope to have two hundred more when we finish our Home Economics test.

The club pledge is "I pledge my hand and my head, my heart and my health to the production and conservation of food to win the world war for peace and freedom."

Now we are trying out a club song. See if you like it. It goes to the air of "Marching Through Georgia." Weymouth Willing Workers are with the colors strong With hand and head with heart and health, we'll help the cause along.

Right is sure to win at last when fighting with the wrong We arm for peace and for freedom.

Refrain:—

For right 'gainst might our country leads the way With youth's clear sight we follow proud to say Hand and head and health we pledge to do it heartily, Do it for peace and for freedom.

Uncle Sam has called us we are swinging into line With clubs where shines the lone star and clubs where waves the pine

Loyal to the flag that cheers our camps and battle line Symbol of peace and of freedom.

Refrain:—

No girl too frail a patriot to be No boy will fail a duty clear to see Hand and head and health we pledge to do it heartily Do it for peace and for freedom.

Weymouth Willing Workers are in the fight to stay Hoe and rake and mixing bowl our weapons for the fray We'll plant and save and make and bake since food will win the day. Win it for peace and for freedom.

Refrain:—

Use corn, send wheat to lands across the sea Plant more, save more, they ask of you and me Hand and head and health we pledge to do it heartily Do it for peace and for freedom.

We'll help the boys on land and sea who fight to keep us free Help the folks at home to see the issue that we see Help till this and every land shall safe and happy be Happy in peace and in freedom.

Refrain:—

As day by day our best shall better be We'll do our part to hasten victory. Hand and head and health we pledge to do it heartily Our tribute to peace and freedom.

THE THIRD LIBERTY LOAN

The campaign for the Third Liberty Loan will be opened on the 6th of April, the anniversary of the declaration of a state of war between the United States and Germany. The amount, terms and conditions of the loan are dependent upon further legislation and will be announced as soon as Congress has granted the necessary powers.

Secretary McAdoo chose the 6th of April as the day to open the campaign as the most fitting date to call for a patriotic response to the summons to duty to every American, to ask from the people at home the same fervent patriotism that actuates our gallant sons on the battlefields of France and on the waters of the Atlantic.

MORE OFF FOR CAMP

(Continued from Page 1)

been reclassified by District Board No. 6 at Taunton as follows: Clarke, Thomas R., 2D Farrell, George C., 2D Mallon, George J., 3K De Rucha, Charles H., 2D Messinger, Thomas, 2D McMahon, John R., 2D O'Brien, Henry M., 2D Jones, Joseph, 2D Pitts, Charles B., 2D Tully, Thomas L., 2D Leary, William E., 2D Burke, Cornelius J., 11 Crandell, Harold, 2D McCarthy, George E., 1F Horsmen, Roy S., 2D Kilburn, Charles M., 2D Pitts, Charles B., 2D Keating, Edward C., 11 Du-seault, Athanes, 2D Cokinos, George S., 1F Orcutt, George W., 2D Baker, Edward F., 2D



—Carleton Tyler of Camp Gordon, Atlanta, was at home on a few days' furlough this week.

—Mrs. Mary A. Barker has been on the sick list this week.

—The Mary Thomas Bible Class met on Tuesday evening with Mrs. J. D. Nason.

—Mrs. Mary A. Sampson is confined to the house by illness.

—Last evening at the Pilgrim church Mrs. Clara Child Richmond returned missionary from Armenia and Turkey, gave a talk on her experiences as a missionary.

—Mrs. Milton Marr is ill with the measles.

The three children of Mr. and Mrs. Murray Parker have all been sick this week.

—Easter concerts are being arranged at both Pilgrim and Universalist churches.

—Roy E. Litchfield, authorized Ford dealer of Weymouth, Hingham, Hull and Hanover, is in a position to make reasonable delivery of cars. Advise early buying due to unsettled steel conditions.

—The surgical dressings class met yesterday. Next Thursday will be all-day meeting for sewing and surgical dressings at Engine house at 10.30 sharp. Everybody come.

—Mrs. Katherine Holbrook moved this week from Braintree to King Cove road.

—The annual meeting of the Third Universalist parish was held on Tuesday evening. E. R. Sampson was chosen moderator for the evening. The following officers were elected: Clerk, Russell H. Whiting. Parish committee, C. E. Stiles, E. R. Sampson, Irving Morgan. Treasurer, Mrs. E. B. Pratt. Auditor, Miss S. Lizzie Fisher. Collector, H. B. Stiles. Assistant Collector, Mrs. Mary A. Sampson. The treasurer reported all bills paid and a good balance in the treasury. The meeting adjourned until next Tuesday evening at 7.45.

—Representatives of the Federal government were at North Weymouth. What's doing?



—Mr. and Mrs. Huntington Sanford, who have been spending the winter at Brookline, have returned to their home.

—Next Tuesday evening Mrs. John Maynard will entertain the Ever Progressive class, at her home on Washington street.

—The Ladies' Aid held an all-day meeting at the home of Mrs. Edward Hughes on Wednesday.

—Mr. Lyons of Weymouth is the new principal at the Pratt school.

—A very pleasing concert was given at the Porter church Tuesday evening, under the direction of the choir, consisting of organ selections by Mrs. Arthur Fish of Rockland; vocal solos by Laurence Ford of Quincy; readings by Miss Rhodes of the Emerson School of Oratory; piano duets by Mrs. Arthur Emig and Mrs. Herbert McFau; vocal duets by Mrs. McFau and Mr. Ford.

—Garold Kelso was at home Sunday from Camp Devens.

BORN

QUIRK—In Weymouth, March 8, a daughter, Helen Frances, to Thomas J. and Bridie M. (Lamb) Quirk, of 24 Grove street.

O'LEARY—In Weymouth, March 18, a son to John W. and Sylvia E. (Towne) O'Leary of 97 Phillips street.

O'BRIEN—In Weymouth, March 15, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. O'Brien, of 541 Washington street.

WALSH—In Weymouth, March 21, a son to Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Walsh of Elm Knoll road.

MARRIED

BARTON—BANKS—In Weymouth, March 9, by Rev. Ora A. Price, Basil B. Barton and Mary A. (Norton) Banks, both of Weymouth.

ALLEN—CLARK—In South Weymouth, March 20, by Rev. Ora A. Price, Frances Parker Allen and Elizabeth Clark, both of Weymouth. BARTON—BANK—In South Weymouth, March 17, by Rev. Ora A. Price, Basil Barton and May Bank.

DIED.

PERCIVAL—In East Weymouth, March 16, Ezra F. Percival of 642 Commercial street, aged 86 years, 2 months and 8 days.

SESERIAN—In East Weymouth, March 16, John W., son of Richard and Nellie Seserian of 38 Madison street.

WHITE—In East Weymouth, March 20, Simon L. White of 39 Lafayette avenue.

PRAY—In Norwell, March 20, Maria F. Pray, in her 86th year. Burial at Village cemetery, Weymouth.

DYER—In Braintree, March 10, Benjamin F. Dyer, aged 84 years.

DAVIDSON—In South Weymouth, March 20, James B. Davidson, in his 75th year.

MELCHER—In Hingham, March 20, Capt. Charles Cheever Melcher, in his 78th year.

WALSH—In East Weymouth, March 21, Julia M. Walsh of 482 Broad street.

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UNDERTAKER 4 Richmond St., Cor. Washington, Weymouth CARRIAGE and MOTOR SERVICE Telephone, Weymouth 814 W

A. A. SPEAR & SON

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Flowers For All Occasions

Telephone Connection on one-party line, 3 telephones.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts Norfolk, ss. Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of

FANNIE E. MAYBERRY late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by George L. Mayberry of Boston, Mass., who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving surety on his official bond;

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen 12.14.3t

J. R. McGOBLE, Register.



## Bargain Prices on BEDS

### Mattresses--Springs--Pillows

### Comforts and Blankets

## This Week and Next

## AT KINCAIDE'S

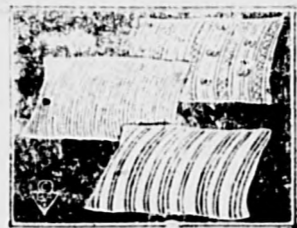
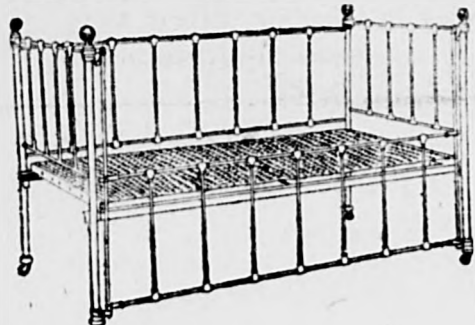
To help celebrate the official spring opening on MARCH 22d, we have planned one of the greatest sales of bedding that has ever been held in any New England store outside of Boston. We purchased at tremendous price concessions and are passing the savings along to you. In many instances the prices are a full third under regular and in some cases nearly 40 per cent. is saved. The sale is on NOW--so don't wait. COME IN AT ONCE and look the values over with us before this special shipment has been depleted by heavy selling.

**Brass Trimmed Bed \$5.49** **National Springs \$4.29** **FULL SIZE Felted Mattress \$9.98**



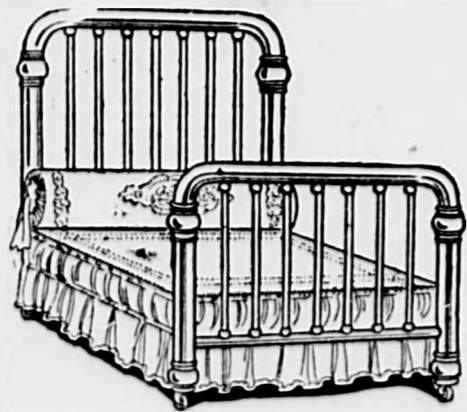
A neat and substantially built bed, finished in white enamel, brass caps on posts, closely placed filler rods. Regularly sold everywhere at \$5.50 or more. Only 200 at the above low sale price. Come early if you want one. Material inside is finely shredded, striped cane with heavy layers of felting on sides, top and bottom. French edge, straps for turning at sides. Fancy art striped tick, extra durable.

**High Side, White Enamel Cribs \$6.89** **Feather Pillows MEDIUM SIZE, Each, 67c**



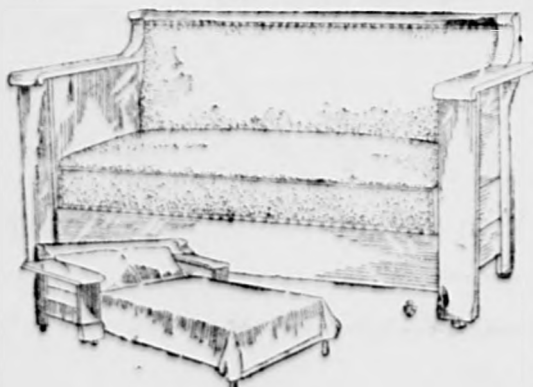
Comes in full size as shown with drop sides, closely placed fillers, and nice comfortable National Spring, mattress to fit. \$2.19 Made of all new electric cured sanitary feathers. The ticking is extra heavy weight striped pattern only. 700 on sale now at 67 cents each.

**2-INCH POST BRASS BED \$21**



One of our very best bargains. Has continuous posts and 1/2-inch fillers in head and foot. Satinfinish only, full size. \$32.50 value. 50 other styles, \$13 to \$55.

**Golden or Fumed Oak DAVENPORT \$34**



This handsome article combines all the restfulness of a good couch, with all the comfort of a fine bed. Opens with a single motion. Covered in "Muleskin." Has full spring seat. A limited number at above price.

Mattress extra to fit Davenport, \$9.

Our Spring Opening Day **FREE GIFT** is in Our Window

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"GOOD FURNITURE"

### LONDON WAR LETTER

Editor Gazette and Transcript:

I am sure that the following letter from Ernest M. Vaughan, who was "born and bred" in Weymouth and East Braintree will interest very many of your readers, especially those who have dear ones on or going over the Atlantic to help crush Kaiserism. Also, I am sure that he will be glad to receive letters from his Weymouth and East Braintree friends. His address: "U. S. S. Melville, Flag Ship, 30, Grosvenor Gardens, London, S. W. 1." His letter is dated Feb. 15, 1918, 3 A. M.—F. B. C.

Rev. and Mrs. Frank B. Cressy:

Dear Friends: Well, here I am at last in old London, 3,000 miles from God's own country. One begins to appreciate it when he gets away from it, and believe me, I'd like to see Boston and Weymouth right now. I am writing at the unearthly hour of 3 A. M. as this week I'm on duty from 1 A. M. to 9 A. M. My duties are in Communication section of Navy Headquarters, as above; very interesting and strictly confidential in character. We get all things first hand. I cannot write more without violating my privilege of sending my mail uncensored;—you will understand. We are honor bound not to talk or write about our duties or the "stuff" we handle.

I got here January 24, after two days in Liverpool and nine days in crossing. We had a rough trip over on the St. Paul of the American line. Never saw a sign of a submarine, for which of course we were duly thankful. Not many ships are so lucky. As yet haven't been about any, not even about the city as I am a very busy man these days. I am in hopes, however, to see some of England at least before I return to good old United States.

We have to eat about four or five meals a day in order to get enough to eat. In February the lines are going to be drawn even tighter as we all must carry food cards and can have only just so much food per day.

Our table at the "American Officers' Inn," under Y. M. C. A. management, is quite good and very reasonable in price, considering. We have sugar for coffee only, and margarine; second helpings, however, are tabooed. Prices range from 1-6 (one shilling sixpence) or 36 cents, for breakfast, to 2-6 and 3-6 for lunch and dinner respectively; room

is 3-6 per day. Our Cavendish square is near Oxford Circus West, fairly handy to almost everything.

On January 28 we were visited by certain parties from Germany who tried to do things to us—and they did them. Tuesday, the 29th, they repeated the performance, but aside from blowing up a gas tank, didn't have the success of the previous night. The weather (or something) wasn't just exactly pleasant for them. As a matter of fact we had a bunch of machines up and they surely had some scrap up heavenwards. The British machines made things too hot for the Huns, consequently they had to give up the job, or, as a Weymouth-Braintree "scholar" would say, "come off the perch."

On Monday evening the defense batteries put up a heavy barrage (?) which was very discouraging to the Huns. The falling pieces of shrapnel from the guns do quite a bit of damage to people who do not take cover. Therefore, when the signal is given of a raid the police go about blowing whistles and shouting "Take cover!" Illuminated signs are also displayed reading "Take cover!" while Boy Scouts are taken about in autos blowing bugles and shouting the same warning words. When the party is over the same process is carried out, but the words "All clear" are substituted.

Saturday, the 16th.—Had to call a halt on this letter yesterday when the messages began to pour in. Tonight is bright, clear and cold with a small moon and we ought to have a "party," yes, and we had one. Some "sky-callers" came, but they did not stay long. Good night.

ERNEST M. VAUGHAN.  
Ensign U. S. N. R.

### GOODBYE TO "OUR BOYS"

Our boys, now go ye forth to show Devotion to Columbia's flag.

To let the German tyrant know He cannot low his honor drag.

For liberty and truth she strives; The Cross of Christ she raises high. While he takes guiltless infants' lives "Divine right" to exemplify.

You're called to help your country free. From this great tyrant and from all. This world for true democracy. You've bravely answered to this call.

While you go forth with hope and prayer To serve your country and your God. We here, will pray that He may spare Our boys so brave, at home, abroad.

R. E. S.

## Making Our Home Expense Fit Our War Needs

On every hand we see manufacturers and merchants adjusting their business to meet emergencies which have arisen out of war policies.

The manufacturer before the war was able to buy his material in large quantities and take advantage of a low cost. Since the war began all manufacturers buy their raw material wherever they can. It is not a question of cost with them, but delivery and this material is bought at prices far beyond their legitimate purchase price. Salaries of employees are increased as never dreamed of by either the manufacturer or workman. Because of this condition in the manufacturing world merchants must sell every commodity of life for higher prices than sold for before the war.

How are we taking advantage of this new condition in our homes,—are we putting the home on the same efficient basis that the business world is putting business? Are we looking forward and making preparations for the coming year and its possible needs and comforts of the home?

We say "yes" we are saving wheat, observing meatless and other patriotic days as prescribed from time to time by the various administrators of public welfare.

How about fuel? We cannot easily observe heatless days when the thermometer is below zero and yet there is a great possibility that coal will be even harder to obtain next winter than it was this winter.

From Government reports we learn that 630,000,000 tons of coal were mined and used last year and that the amount obtainable in 1918 will not exceed this amount. If so somebody will have to go without.

Why not save our individual allotments during the next eight or nine months and use a fuel for cooking and heating that will be cheaper and cleaner, saving waste and dirt.

Gas is best by every test for cooking, lighting and heating. Appliances can be bought and installed on easy payment plans.

Call on the Old Colony Gas Company and have one of their domestic experts tell you how to use gas and help the Government win this war for liberty. Do it today.

(Advertisement)

# JUST

## Twenty-Nine Years Ago

For TWENTY-NINE YEARS we have been doing business in New England and have been successful. This is indisputable proof that the people approve of the business policy which we originally framed when we first began, and that has been strictly adhered to by us since.

SATISFACTION to the CUSTOMER down to the slightest detail—the SQUARE DEAL first, last and always—the BEST POSSIBLE MERCHANDISE AND SERVICE at the LOWEST POSSIBLE COST—and the GREATEST VALUE obtainable for the customer's money are the FOUR CORNER STONES upon which has been built our great chain of successful retail clothing stores.

From the modest beginning in our little 20x60 store which was opened in 1889, with many misgivings but great hopes, our business has expanded and grown until today we own and operate the greatest chain of SUCCESSFUL RETAIL CLOTHING STORES, and do by far the LARGEST BUSINESS of any house in our line of trade in New England.

There is no effect without a cause, and the principal cause for the vast growth of our business is the liberal, yes, generous, HONEST TREATMENT OF OUR CUSTOMERS through these years of expansion. We have conducted our business on the broad basis that the interests of the buyer and seller are in reality one and to retain a customer's patronage and good will it is necessary at all times to consult the customer's welfare.

FROM THE LEADING MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S, BOYS' and GIRLS' APPAREL we have selected their choicest productions and now have ready for your inspection the best, largest and most complete stock of new, STYLISH, DEFENDABLE APPAREL FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY that it has ever been our privilege to submit, which we now offer at a most radical disregard for profits.

STYLE FOR STYLE—QUALITY FOR QUALITY—THE VALUES found here will compare favorably with the lowest prices quoted anywhere by anybody for equally good merchandise. Back of this is our UNQUALIFIED GUARANTEE OF PERFECT SATISFACTION, and we are "on the job" all the time to protect that guarantee. Our hundreds of thousands of satisfied customers throughout New England know this and those who don't owe it to themselves and their best interests to investigate our claims before buying their Spring Clothing for themselves or any member of their family.

OUR CHARGE SYSTEM is a very simple one and may be summed up in the one word "CONFIDENCE." Years of experience have taught us that an honest person is always safe to do business with and that if the conditions are not difficult or burdensome such a person can be depended upon to fulfill them. The great masses of the people of moderate means at times find it difficult to pay spot cash for their clothing necessities and equally impossible to secure accommodation at the majority of the large retail stores, not because they are not honest but because their names are not found in the BLUE BOOK OR SOME COMMERCIAL AGENCY'S REPORT. TWENTY-NINE YEARS OF EXPERIENCE PROVE to us that an account can be MORE EASILY PAID IN PARTIAL PAYMENTS than in a lump sum, and our CHARGE POLICY PROVIDES for this privilege. It enables the WORKING MAN—THE BONE AND SINOW OF THE LAND—to have such CLOTHES as HE AND HIS FAMILY WANT WHEN THEY WANT THEM AT A PRICE HE WANTS TO PAY. There is no extra charge of any kind made for this accommodation. We cordially invite your careful and critical inspection of our business methods as well as our merchandise.

Open Monday, Friday, Saturday Nights

**Joyce Bros. & Co.**  
HAVE YOUR PURCHASES MADE HERE

13-15 Granite Street Quincy, Mass.  
Boston Providence Lynn Pawtucket Malden Manchester

# Fads And Fancies Of Fashion



News of the Tailored Blouse

"The plainer the better" has become almost an axiom in the case of tailored blouses. We believe it each season—with a few reservations to cover those clever novelties that are not as plain as they look. This spring materials are in plain colors and in narrow stripes, there are blouses in which the accessories, collars and cuffs, are made of checked silk or fine ginghams, and then plenty of small tucks and almost imperceptible plaits in both plain and striped waists.

In tailored blouses there is also a veering toward high-necked styles. Narrow striped voiles have high collars and small chemisettes in white set in and finished with rows of very small pearl buttons. These close-set rows of buttons, by the way, are featured on all the best blouses whether they belong to the tailored or the dressy class. But the high-necked blouse is not likely to supersede, or even equal, the blouse with open throat in popularity, because the open throat is much more comfortable in hot weather.

Wash satins, for constant wear, have made good and this spring finds them a strong factor in tailored blouses. The colors liked are sand, light yellow, flesh, gray, and, of course, white. Two or three large pearl buttons and long buttonholes, bound with narrow strips of the satin, finish them. Sometimes these buttonholes are set in on a diagonal instead of a straight line, and this little odd touch is so smart we wonder why someone did not think of it sooner. Occasionally among the new models a blouse of wool-jersey cloth has a very practical look, but the freshness of the voile and satin and the daintiness of practical sheer fabrics are missed in this wool cloth.

The blouse pictured is of flesh-colored wash satin, and except for its box plait down the front and turned-back cuffs, it might proclaim itself the limit of simplicity in designing. It is practical and easily laundered—just a fine match for the substantial and trim tailored skirt.



Three Lovely Hats for Easter

The woman who dresses with skill requires much of her Easter hat. It must be chic, becoming, suited to the season and expressive of some phase of the new styles. Our hats are failures if we do not look better with them than without them; that is the acid test of millinery. They must reveal our good points and conceal defects—"Be to our faults a little blind, and to our virtues not unkind."

The foundation of becomingness lies in shapes, and those who originate and design shapes have to have a subtle knowledge of lines that are becoming to the various types of faces. It is worth while to take plenty of time to find a becoming hat, for it will be a joy as long as it lasts.

Three lovely hats for Easter are shown in the group above. A wide-brimmed, all-black hat of malines with milan crown has a suggestion of the poke bonnet in the brim that lifts at the front, droops at the sides, and curves upward at the back. It has a lattice-work design applied about the brim edge, which may be of slipper straw or of a narrow, velvet ribbon. There is a handsome ornament at the front of the airiest feathers, in black, which does not conceal the contour of

the crown. It is one of those mysteries in feathers which only the manufacturer can clear up. This is a hat for a youthful face.

Suited to a more mature head is the charming hat at the left of the group. It has a very graceful, rolling brim faced with silk and bound with the same soft pliable braid that forms the crown and upper brim. Its trimming is mainly the dashing "cock's comb" of burnt ostrich that extends the length of the crown, but this is the day of much trimming, so a collar of braid and silk and two tiny wings at least, are in evidence; there may be two others and the chances are that they are all lacquered.

Another becoming shape appears at the right. It droops with a slight upward curve at the left side. It is faced with georgette crepe. As things go this spring, the trimming on this model may be described as simple. It is of satin ribbon—plenty of it—arranged in a full sash, and an elaborate bow at each side fastened with a handsome buckle.

Julia B. Smith

## The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
GOAL FOR 1918 CANNERS—1,500,000,000 QUARTS!



Wash Boiler With False Bottom Makes a Home Canner Which a Girl Can Operate.

### GET READY FOR BIG FALL PACK

Specialists Advise Ordering Equipment Early and See That Cans Are Ready.

#### EXAMINE ALL USEABLE JARS

Putting Up Food at Home Saves Transportation Later—Last Year's Pack Estimated at 850,000,000—Goal Set for 1918.

One billion five hundred million quarts of home-canned produce in 1918!

A goal has been set for the 1918 home canners. The stupendous size of it might make it appear impossible of attainment were it not for the fact that the American family's ability to can, in a patriotic situation, has been demonstrated. The great canning effort for the year 1917 has been estimated at 850,000,000 packs by officials of the United States department of agriculture. But there are still thousands of unfilled jars in every township of the United States, the specialists say, in setting the new goal and advising early preparations for the 1918 campaign. If a slogan is needed, "Fill every jar in every home, keep every jar busy throughout the year," is suggested.

**Pack for Last Year.**  
The method of arriving at the estimated countrywide pack for last year is interesting. Eight of the principal concerns in the United States manufacturing rubber jar rings reported a production for use in home canning of 836,701,248 rubber rings. Retailers and jobbers, it is understood, carried over from the year 1916 a large supply of rubber jar rings. Taking into account the special caps that were sold and the use of jar rings a second time, the officials believe it is safe to estimate the number of packs made in homes last year at 850,000,000.

**Quart Jar for Canning.**  
Canning in most homes is done in quart jars. It is reasonable to assume that the two-quart packs may be used to offset the pint packs, specialists say, and that therefore the total pack estimated might safely be expressed in quarts. Placing a general average value of 20 cents a quart upon this product, the estimated value of home-canned food canned in homes is \$170,000,000. In most cases this food was produced on the farm or in the backyard garden, was canned in the family kitchen, stored in the pantry, and is being consumed in the home. The transportation facilities of the country were not taxed in the production of this food and in most cases it was produced on soil that otherwise would have been idle, with labor that would have been unable to find useful employment.

**Careful About Salt.**  
The bureau of chemistry, united States department of agriculture, warns consumers against buying table salt from peddlers or other persons whose reliability is not established. Salt recently offered by a peddler

in Washington was found to contain serious amounts of arsenic. The opinion is expressed that the salt possibly was recovered from a refrigerating plant or may have been the sweepings from a warehouse. Other low-grade or by-product salt contains sufficient barium chloride to be poisonous and dangerous in food. Such salt, under the food and drugs act, must be labeled or invoiced "Not for food purposes." Irresponsible dealers, however, may offer it for sale for human consumption. Such sale is, of course, in violation of state or federal laws, and renders the dealer, if caught, liable to prosecution. The attention of the public is called to the need of great care in the purchase of low-grade food products offered at bargain prices.

#### FEDERAL SERVICE SHOWS MORE SUGAR CONSUMED

Returns from the first war emergency food survey made by the U. S. department of agriculture indicates that the amount of sugar consumed in 1917 was about 88.3 pounds per capita whereas the average annual consumption for the five-year period ending in 1916 was 84.7 pounds per capita. The evident increase in consumption, says the department, is due in part to the increased manufacture for export of commodities like condensed milk and to an increase in population coupled with an increased consumption by individuals and to an increase in consumers' stocks.

**Prepare for Home Canning.**  
Collect all used jars. Examine each carefully. Discard all defective containers and damaged tops. Clean all useable jars and store with tops in place. Order any additional jars needed and lay in a supply of new rubber rings. Make sure that the clean wash boiler or other large vessel that you will use for your hot-water bath are free from leaks. Examine and test pressure or other special canning apparatus if you have it.

If you use a wash boiler or large pail provide a false bottom of slats or bent wire. Strong wire trays with long upright handles make good false bottoms and enable the housewife to lift out groups of hot jars from the water bath.

#### SAVE LITTLE SUGAR TODAY.

**Substitute Other Sweets.**  
Cook cereals with dates or raisins and serve without sugar. Cook dried fruits without sugar. Sweeten fruits with honey or maple or corn sirup. Make puddings, cakes and other pastry with part corn sirup, molasses, or honey instead of all sugar. For a cupful of sugar in a cake recipe substitute a cupful of sirup or honey and for each cupful so used lessen the amount of liquor in the recipe by one-quarter cupful.

We beg to announce to the many Patrons of the

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that we have acquired the same and will give your interest our careful attention.

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South Weymouth, Mass.

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No matter how small your account you will receive the same polite and careful attention as if it were the largest in the Bank.

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Opposite Alpha Hall

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Established 1833

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NATIONAL SHAWMUT BANK Devonshire Street

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OVER THE TOP AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT ARTHUR GUY EMPY MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

©1917 BY ARTHUR GUY EMPY

EMPY TAKES HIS FIRST TURN ON THE FIRING STEP OF THE TRENCH WHILE BULLETS WHIZ OVERHEAD.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army.

CHAPTER V.

Mud, Rats and Shells.

I must have slept for two or three hours, not the refreshing kind that results from clean sheets and soft pillows, but the sleep that comes from cold, wet and sheer exhaustion.

Suddenly, the earth seemed to shake and a thunderclap burst in my ears. I opened my eyes—I was splashed all over with sticky mud, and men were piling themselves up from the bottom of the trench.

I would watch the arc described by the star shell, and then stare into No Man's Land waiting for it to burst. In its lurid light the barbed wire and stakes would be silhouetted against its light like a latticed window. Then darkness.

Once, out in front of our wire, I heard a noise and saw dark forms moving. My rifle was lying across the sandbagged parapet. I reached for it, and was taking aim to fire, when my mate grasped my arm, and whispered, "Don't fire."

Later on, I found out their names. They belonged to our draft. I was dazed and motionless. Suddenly a shovel was pushed into my hands, and a rough but kindly voice said:

"Here, my lad, lend a hand clearing the trench, but keep your head down, and look out for snipers. One of the Fritz's is a daisy, and he'll get you if you're not careful."

Lying on my belly on the bottom of the trench, I filled sandbags with the sticky mud, they were dragged to my rear by the other men, and the work of rebuilding the parapet was on. The harder I worked, the better I felt. Although the weather was cold, I was soaked with sweat.

Occasionally a bullet would crack overhead, and a machine gun would kick up the mud on the bashed-in parapet. At each crack I would duck and shield my face with my arm. One of the older men noticed this action of mine, and whispered:

"Don't duck at the crack of a bullet, Yank; the danger has passed—you never hear the one that wings you. Always remember that if you are going to get it, you'll get it, so never worry."

This made a great impression on me at the time, and from then on, I adopted his motto, "If you're going to get it, you'll get it."

It helped me wonderfully. I used it so often afterwards that some of my mates dubbed me, "If you're going to get it, you'll get it."

After an hour's hard work, all my nervousness left me, and I was laughing and joking with the rest.

At one o'clock, dinner came up in the form of a dixie of hot stew.

I looked for my canteen. It had fallen off the fire step, and was half buried in the mud. The man on my left noticed this, and told the corporal, dishing out the rations, to put my share in his mess tin. Then he whispered to me, "Always take care of your mess tin, mate."

I had learned another maxim of the trenches.

That stew tasted fine. I was as hungry as a bear. We had "seconds," or another helping, because three of the men had "gone West," killed by the explosion of the German trench mortar, and we ate their share, but still I was hungry, so I filled in with bully beef and biscuits. Then I drained my water bottle. Later on I learned another maxim of the front line, "Go sparingly with your water."

The bully beef made me thirsty, and by tea time I was dying for a drink, but my pride would not allow me to ask my mates for water. I was fast learning the ethics of the trenches.

That night I was put on guard with an older man. We stood on the fire step out of our hands over the top, peering out into No Man's Land. It was nervous work for me, but the other fellow seemed to take it as part of the night's routine.

Then something shot past my face. My heart stopped beating, and I ducked my head below the parapet. A soft

chuckle from my mate brought me to my senses, and I feebly asked, "For heaven's sake, what was that?"

He answered, "Only a rat taking a promenade along the sandbags." I felt very sheepish.

About every twenty minutes the sentry in the next traverse would fire a star shell from his flare pistol. The "plop" would give me a start of fright. I never got used to this noise during my service in the trenches.

I would watch the arc described by the star shell, and then stare into No Man's Land waiting for it to burst. In its lurid light the barbed wire and stakes would be silhouetted against its light like a latticed window. Then darkness.

Once, out in front of our wire, I heard a noise and saw dark forms moving. My rifle was lying across the sandbagged parapet. I reached for it, and was taking aim to fire, when my mate grasped my arm, and whispered, "Don't fire."

Later we learned that the word, "No challenging or firing, wiring party out in front," had been given to the sentry on our right, but he had failed to pass it down the trench. An officer had overheard our challenge and the reply, and immediately put the offending sentry under arrest. The sentry clicked twenty-one days on the wheel, that is, he received twenty-one days' field punishment No. 1, or "crucifixion," as Tommy terms it.

This consists of being spread-eagled on the wheel of a limber two hours a day for twenty-one days, regardless of the weather. During this period, your rations consist of bully beef, biscuits and water.

A few months later I met this sentry and he confided to me that since being "crucified," he had never failed to pass the word down the trench when so ordered. In view of the offense, the above punishment was very light, in that failing to pass the word down a trench may mean the loss of many lives, and the spoiling of some important enterprise in No Man's Land.

CHAPTER VI.

"Back of the Line."

Our tour in the front-line trench lasted four days, and then we were relieved by the — brigade.

Going down the communication trench we were in a merry mood, although we were cold and wet, and every bone in our bodies ached. It makes a lot of difference whether you are "going in" or "going out."

At the end of the communication trench, limbers were waiting on the road for us. I thought we were going to ride back to rest billets, but soon found out that the only time an infantryman rides is when he is wounded and is bound for the base or Blighty.

These limbers carried our reserve ammunition and rations. Our march to rest billets was thoroughly enjoyed by me. It seemed as if I were on furlough, and was leaving behind everything that was disagreeable and horrible. Every recruit feels this way after being relieved from the trenches.

We marched eight kilos and then halted in front of a French estaminet. The captain gave the order to turn out on each side of the road and wait his return. Pretty soon he came back and told B company to occupy billets 117, 118 and 119. Billet 117 was an old stable which had previously been occupied by cows. About four feet in front of the entrance was a huge manure pile, and the odor from it was anything but pleasant. Using my flashlight I stumbled through the door. Just before entering I observed a white sign reading: "Sitting 50, lying 20," but, at the time, its significance did not strike me. Next morning I asked the sergeant major what it meant. He nonchalantly answered:

"That's some of the work of the R. A. M. C. (Royal Army Medical Corps). It simply means that in case of an attack, this billet will accommodate fifty wounded who are able to sit up and take notice, or twenty stretcher cases."

It was not long after this that I was one of the "20 lying."

I soon hit the hay and was fast asleep, even my friends the "coolies" failed to disturb me.

The next morning at about six o'clock I was awakened by the lance corporal of our section, informing me that I had been detailed as mess orderly, and to report to the cook and give him a hand. I helped him make the fire, carry water from an old well, and fry the bacon. Lids of dixies are used to cook the bacon in. After breakfast was cooked, I carried a dixie of hot tea and the lid full of bacon to our section, and told the corporal that breakfast was ready. He looked at me in contempt, and then shouted, "Breakfast up, come and get it!" I immediately got wise to the trench parlance, and never again informed that "Breakfast was served."

It didn't take long for the Tommies to answer this call. Half dressed, they lined up with their canteens, and I dished out the tea. Each Tommy carried in his hand a thick slice of bread which had been issued with the rations the night before. Then I had the pleasure of seeing them dig into the bacon with their dirty fingers. The allowance was one slice per man. The late ones received very small slices. As each Tommy got his share he immediately disappeared into the billet. Pretty soon about fifteen of them made a rush to the cookhouse, each carrying a huge slice of bread. These slices they dipped into the bacon grease which was stewing over the fire. The last man invariably lost out. I was the last man.

After breakfast our section carried their equipment into a field adjoining the billet and got busy removing the trench mud therefrom, because at 8:45 a. m., they had to fall in for inspection and parade, and woe betide the man who was unshaven, or had mud on his uniform. Cleanliness is next to godliness in the British army, and Old Pepper must have been personally acquainted with St. Peter.

Our drill consisted of close-order formation, which lasted until noon. During this time we had two ten-minute breaks for rest, and no sooner the word, "Fall out for ten minutes," was given than each Tommy got out a fag and lighted it.

Fags are issued every Sunday morning, and you generally get between twenty and forty. The brand generally issued is the "Woodbine." Sometimes we are lucky and get "Goldflakes," "Players" or "Red Hussars." Occasionally an issue of "Life Rays" comes along. Then the older Tommies immediately get busy on the recruits and trade these for "Woodbines" or "Goldflakes." A recruit only has to be stuck once in this manner, and then he ceases to be a recruit. There is a

reason. Tommy is a great cigarette smoker. He smokes under all conditions, except when unconscious or when he is reconnoitering in No Man's Land at night. Then, for obvious reasons, he does not care to have a lighted cigarette in his mouth.

Stretcher bearers carry fags for wounded Tommies. When a stretcher bearer arrives alongside of a Tommy who has been hit the following conversation usually takes place: Stretcher bearer—"Want a fag? Where are you hit?" Tommy looks up and answers, "Yes, in the leg."

After dismissal from parade, we returned to our billets and I had to get busy immediately with the dinner issue. Dinner consisted of stew made from fresh beef, a couple of spuds, bully beef, Maccoschie rations and water—plenty of water. There is great competition among the men to spear with their forks the two lonely potatoes.



Resting Back of the Lines.

Back on the front line, after a stay in rest billets, Empey gets a shock when a German bullet cuts down his first friend of the trenches. He tells the story in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Make Light of Heavy Loads.

The streets of Jerusalem within the walls are as narrow and crowded that it is impossible to drive a wagon through them, and many of them are built of a series of steps upon the hillside, so that it is a task to lead camels or donkeys through them after sunrise. Therefore most of the carrying and portering is done by men. They carry the most surprising loads. I am told that they will step along briskly with 600 pounds on their backs, with stout ropes holding the bundles to their foreheads.—Exchange.



HER TITIAN HAIR.

The matron of the hospital repeatedly told the nurses to be sure to dry as well as clean the instruments "If you don't dry them thoroughly they will rust," she had said so often.

And the little girl, the star patient, they called her, who had been there so long, knew all the instructions, rules and regulations by heart, and especially this piece of advice and direction.

A new nurse entered the hospital not long ago. Her hair was of a gorgeous red. It was the envy of all.

"How did you ever get hair of such a wonderful color?" asked one of the nurses, maliciously.

"It's quite natural," the new nurse replied quietly.

But the little girl called out from her bed:

"I know how she got it. She washed it and didn't dry it well—like the instruments, and it rusted—it did!"—New York Mail.

HAD HIS NUMBER



"Why, I had hardly met him, don't you know, when he called me a fool. What sort of a fellow is he?"

"Oh! he's a wise guy, all right."

Call the Nut Wagon.

This thing of writing jokes each day. Has turned to mush our matter gray; Oh, we feel foolish as can be, A-b-c-d-e-f-g!

Turned Up at Times.

Mrs. Flatbush—Where did your neighbor's little girl get her turned-up nose from?

Mrs. Bensonhurst—From her mother.

"Why, her mother hasn't a turned-up nose."

"Hasn't she? I guess you never saw her when she lost at bridge."

Business Proposal.

"Do you love me?" asked the young man, boldly.

"Isn't this rather sudden, Mr. Huggins?" replied the sweet young thing. "Can't you give me a week to consider my answer?"

"No, I can't. I have an option on another girl, and the option expires to-morrow."

Just What Did She Mean?

The Doctor—And how is the patient this morning?

The Patient's Wife—He seems much worse, I thank you.

The Doctor—Don't mention it.

Its Nature.

"A coal strike just now would be a terrible misfortune."

"How so, when at the worst it could be but a minor incident?"

Not Always Available.

"A loving word can medicine most ills."

"Yet loving words are by no means drugs in the market."

Another "Over the Top."

The average milk cow yields 600 gallons a year; which looks like going over the top—of the milk pail.—Memphis Commercial.

Quite Dissimilar.

"Hamlet said, 'Here are the counterfeit presentments of two brothers.'" "So did the grand jury when they indicted a family of colners."

Grounds for Skepticism.

"I have no patience with the person who says he never believes anything he reads in a newspaper."

"Neither have I, as a rule, but I'm disposed to make allowances for him if he's trying to keep up with the situation in Russia."

The Jewels Now.

"I heard that burglars made a big haul of valuables last night."

"Did they break into a jewelry store?"

"No; into a coal shed."

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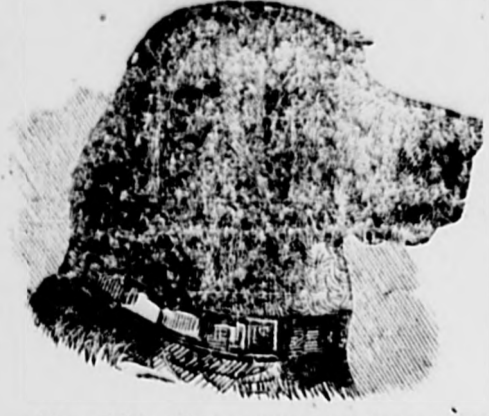
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- AUCTIONEER. W. P. Denbroeder, East Weymouth. 738 Broad street. Phone Wey. 279-J. AUTOS. R. E. Litchfield, Hingham. Ford Agent. Phone, Hingham 5130 R. Max Stenberg, Hingham. Hersey st. Phone, Hingham 220. AUTO REPAIRING. Is there a Garage that repairs? AUTO PAINTING. G. W. Walsh, Weymouth. 72 Commercial Street, near Depot. AUTO SUPPLIES. Leave Bros., East Weymouth. 608 Broad St. Phone 681-J. Louis H. Ellis, South Weymouth. 160 Main St. Phone, Wey. 581-W. BAKERY. George Schraut, Washington Square. Up-to-date bakery. Braintree 111-J. BLACKSMITH. Is there one in town? BOWLING ALLEYS. Wardwell's Alleys, Quincy. 1506 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 72362. BUILDING MOVER. Does anybody move buildings? CARPENTERS. James P. Haddie, East Weymouth. 46 Shawmut St. Phone, Wey. 255 W. Hayward Bros., East Braintree. Quincy ave. P. O. address, Weymouth. H. C. Thompson, East Weymouth. 592 Broad st. Phone, Wey. 294 W. George M. Keene, East Weymouth. 16 Fairmount ave. Phone, Wey. 92 M. CARPET CLEANING. Eastern Rug Co., Quincy. Telephone, Quincy 1827 M. CATERERS. I can't find one? CIVIL ENGINEERS. Russell H. Whiting, North Weymouth. 53 Sea St. Telephone, Wey. 104 R. CLOTHING. Joyce Bros., Quincy. 1315 Granite St. Telephone. COAL AND WOOD. Emerson Coal and Grain Co. East Weymouth. Tel. Wey. 430. J. F. Sheppard & Sons, Inc. East Braintree. Tel. Braintree 25. A. J. Richards & Son, Weymouth. Commercial St. Phone, Wey. 51. Charles T. Leavitt, East Weymouth. Wharf st. Telephone, Wey. 19. J. F. & W. H. Cushing Co., East Weymouth. Telephone, Weymouth 206 W. CO-OPERATIVE BANK. South Shore Co-operative Bank. 50 Commercial st. Open daily. DENTISTS. Dr. T. J. King, Quincy. 1365 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 2678J. DRUGGIST. Charles C. Hearn, North Weymouth. 312 Bridge st. Telephone. ELECTRICIANS. Blanchard & Allen, South Weymouth. 18 Columbian square. Phone 561-W. EXPRESS. J. K. Ruggles. Boston and East Weymouth. FLORESTA. A. A. Spear & Son, East Weymouth. 822 Broad St. Telephone Connection. FURNITURE. Ford Furniture Co., East Weymouth. Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 872 M. Henry L. Kincaide & Co., Quincy. 1495 Hancock St. Phone Quincy, 1200. W. G. Shaw, Quincy. Washington st. Phone, Quincy 77. GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHINGS. W. M. Tirrell, East Weymouth. 771 Broad St. Phone, Weymouth 66. E. P. White, Weymouth. Washington street. Tel. Wey. 307-J. C. R. Denbroeder, East Weymouth. Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 137 M. George W. Jones, Quincy. 1 Granite St. Phone, Quincy, 555 W. GAS AND GAS SUPPLIES. Old Colony Gas Co., Quincy avenue. Telephone, Braintree 310. GASOLENE. Who sells it? GROCERIES. Hunts Market, Weymouth. Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 158. Bates & Humphrey, Weymouth Centre. Broad st. Telephone, Wey. 296. HAIR DRESSERS. Must I go to Quincy? HARDWARE. A. J. Sidelinger, North Weymouth. 24 Sea St. Telephone Wey. 106 M. J. H. Murray, East Weymouth. 759 Broad St. Telephone, Wey. 273 J. F. S. Hobart, Weymouth. Washington sq. Telephone, Wey. 307 M. HARNESS REPAIRING. Must one go to Quincy? INSURANCE. A. S. Jordan & Co. (Est. 1850) Weymouth. Oldest Insurance Agency on South Shore. 35 Washington Sq. Phone day or night. Irving W. Morgan, North Weymouth. 25 Standish Road. Tel. 718-M. A. E. Barnes & Co., South Weymouth. Columbian sq. Telephone, Wey. 2164 J. C. H. Chubbuck, Jr., East Weymouth. Telephone, Wey. 140 W. H. Franklin Perry, Weymouth. 104 Front st. Telephone, Wey 513 M. Laura E. Brown, North Weymouth. (Estate of Edward Brown) Tel. Con. JEWELER. John Neilson, 729 Broad Street. Columbian Square, South Weymouth. JOB PRINTING. Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth. 52 Commercial St. Telephone, Wey 143. JUNK DEALER. M. Lipshetz, North Weymouth. 66 North Street. Tel. Wey 813 M. KOGAKS. Does anyone sell Kogaks? LAWYERS. None in town probably. LAUNDRIES. Monarch Wet Wash, East Weymouth. Telephone, Weymouth 539. LENDING LIBRARY. C. H. Smith, Weymouth. Washington Square. Tel. Weymouth 474. LIGHT AND POWER. Weymouth Light and Power Co. Jackson sq. Telephone, Wey. 62 W. MUSIC TEACHERS. Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth. 24 Off Common street. MOVING PICTURES. Odd Fellows Hall, East Weymouth. Wednesdays and Saturdays. Bates Opera House, Weymouth. Washington square. New Orleans, South Weymouth. Pleasant street. Kincaide Theatre, Quincy. Every Afternoon and Evening. Alhambra Theatre, Quincy. Every Afternoon and Evening. NEWSPAPERS. Weymouth Gazette and Transcript. Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 145. NURSES. Did you say, none in town? PHOTOGRAPHERS. Sue Rice Studio, Quincy. 1522 Hancock st. Phone Quincy 565-W. PIANO LESSONS. Margaret Z. Ahern, Weymouth. Off Common st. PIANO TUNEK. Herbert A. Hayden, Quincy. Telephone, Quincy, 1827 W. PLUMBERS. F. S. Hobart, Weymouth. Washington square. Tel. Wey. 307-M. Roy D. Mar, in Weymouth. Washington square. Tel. Wey. 103 R. Joseph Crehan, Weymouth. 11 Foye avenue. Phone 767 M. W. H. Farrar & Co., East Weymouth. Peakes Building, King Square. PRINTING. Gazette and Transcript office, Weymouth. 52 Commercial St. Telephone, Wey. 143. REAL ESTATE. Russell B. Worcester, Weymouth. Washington sq. Phone, Wey. 70 W. Henry W. Savage, Boston. 129 Tremont st. Tel. Oxford 4420. RESTAURANTS. Where can I lunch? SAVINGS BANKS. Weymouth Savings Bank. Telephone, Weymouth 130. East Weymouth Savings Bank. Telephone, Weymouth 46. South Weymouth Savings Bank. Telephone, Weymouth 108. SHOE REPAIRING. All too busy to advertise. STORAGE. Charles W. Ior, East Weymouth. 59 Middle st. near Broad. TAILORS. W. S. Stellar, So. Weymouth. Ladies & Gentlemen's Custom Work. 24 Pleasant street. TEAMING. Does anybody want my teaming? TRUST COMPANIES. Weymouth Trust Co., So. Weymouth. Columbian Sq. Phone, Wey. 67. Quincy Trust Company, Quincy. Telephone, Quincy 2935. Hingham Trust Co., Hingham. Telephone, Hingham 24. Granite Trust Co., Quincy. Telephone, Quincy 4500. UNDERTAKERS. W. J. Dunbar & Son, East Weymouth. 802 Broad Street. Phone Wey. 91. D. H. Clancy, Weymouth. 4 Richmond street. Tel. Wey. 814-W. Calvin G. Shepherd, South Weymouth. 134 Pleasant Street. Telephone. UPHOLSTERER. M. Mirkin, Quincy. 262 Hancock st. Phone, Quincy 501-W.

# DOGS Must Be Licensed On or Before March 31st

Or the Owners or Keepers Thereof Are Liable to a Fine!

Extract from Chap. 102 of the Revised Laws of Massachusetts



Sec. 128. The owner or keeper of a dog which is three months old or over, shall annually, on or before the thirty-first day of March...

Sec. 129. The owner or keeper of a dog may at any time have it licensed, numbered and collared...

Sec. 130. The fee for every license shall be two dollars for a male dog and five dollars for a female dog...

Sec. 131. The owner or keeper of dogs kept for breeding purposes may annually receive a license authorizing him to keep such dogs upon the premises described in the license...

Sec. 132. Whoever keeps a dog contrary to the provisions of this chapter, shall, except as provided in Section one hundred and thirty-nine, forfeit not more than fifteen dollars...

NATIONAL OIL COMPANY. By Hugh A. Quinn, Treasurer, Assignee and present owner of said mortgage.

Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate. By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Frank E. Tirrell and Owena S. Tirrell...

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk. Weymouth, Mass. P. O. Address, East Weymouth, Mass. 11.13

## BOARD OF SELECTMEN

JOSEPH KELLEY, Chairman, Weymouth. BRADFORD HAWES, Secretary, Weymouth. ALFRED W. HASTINGS, South Weymouth. GEORGE L. NEWTON, North Weymouth. HENRY E. HANLEY, E. Weymouth.

Meetings Savings Bank Building East Weymouth, Every Monday DURING THE MUNICIPAL YEAR FROM 2 TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

## OVERSEERS OF THE POOR

Meet at the Town Offices the Second Wednesday of the month

OFFICE HOURS TOWN CLERK 10 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M. SATURDAYS 10 TO 12

SAVINGS BANK BUILDING (Second Floor) East Weymouth. Residence at 74 Putnam Street, East Weymouth.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk

## Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edwin A. Stone to Quincy Oil Company dated December 29, 1916, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Norfolk...

Three certain parcels of land in that part of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, known as North Weymouth, with the buildings thereon, described as follows:

(1) Lot B as shown on a plan by Russell H. Whiting, C. E., dated September 21, 1909, recorded in Norfolk Deeds, and bounded:

Southerly on Bridge street eighty and five-tenths (80.5) feet, westerly on Lot A seventy-five (75) feet, northerly on Lot C eighty and six-tenths (80.6) feet, and easterly on land now or formerly of Edith V. Sladen seventy-five (75) feet, containing six thousand and forty-four and three-tenths (6044.3) square feet of land all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(2) Lot C as shown on said plan bounded: Westerly on Bay View street fifty-two and twelve one-hundredths (52.12) feet, northerly on Lot D one hundred and sixty-one and six-tenths (161.6) feet, easterly on land now or formerly of Edith V. Sladen and land of James M. Nowland, fifty-four and seventy-two one-hundredths (54.72) feet, and southerly on lots B & A one hundred and sixty-one and thirty-eight one-hundredths (161.38) feet, containing eight thousand six hundred and twenty-eight and five-tenths (8628.5) square feet of land, all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(3) Also a certain parcel of land situated in that part of Weymouth known as North Weymouth comprising lots numbered two (2) and seven (7) on a plan entitled "Plan of land of Georgianna L. Jordan North Weymouth, Mass., November 1910, C. C. Howland, C. E." which plan is duly recorded with Norfolk Deeds, and bounded and described as follows:

Easterly on Bay View Street fifty-three (53) feet, southerly on lots eight and one on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, westerly on Bartlett Street fifty-three (53) feet, and northerly on lots three and six on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, containing seven thousand four hundred and twenty (7420) square feet more or less.

Said premises are subject to easements set forth in deed to Edwin A. Stone of said premises from E. Stewart Jordan, et ux, dated February 16, 1914, and recorded as aforesaid, book 1276, page 525.

All of said parcels will be sold subject to encumbrances of record, and to any unpaid taxes, tax titles, assessments and municipal liens if any there be.

Three hundred dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the purchaser at the time and place of the sale, and other terms will be made known at the sale.

NATIONAL OIL COMPANY. By Hugh A. Quinn, Treasurer, Assignee and present owner of said mortgage. March 12, 1918. Wm. J. Holbrook, Atty 55 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass. 31.11.13

## Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Frank E. Tirrell and Owena S. Tirrell, his wife, in her own right, both of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to the Quincy Co-operative Bank, a corporation duly established by law and located at Quincy in said County and Commonwealth, dated January 5, 1916, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1332, page 128, for breach of the conditions of said mortgage, and for the purpose of foreclosing the same, will be sold at public auction on the premises hereinafter described, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described as follows:

A certain parcel of land with all the buildings thereon situated in that part of said Weymouth known as South Weymouth, and bounded and described as follows:— Commencing at a stake at the southeast corner of land now or formerly of Wilton L. Hawes on the northwesterly side of Pleasant Street, thence running northeasterly a distance of seventy (70) feet on said Pleasant Street to a stake; thence turning and running northwesterly by land now or formerly of James T. Nettles, a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to a stake; thence turning and running southerly on land now or formerly of said James T. Nettles, a distance of seventy (70) feet to a stake at the northeast corner of land now or formerly of said Hawes; thence turning and running southerly by land now or formerly of said Hawes a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to the point of beginning; containing 9,240 square feet. Being all and the same premises conveyed to said Owena S. Tirrell by deed of James T. Nettles dated December 23, 1911, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1293, page 72.

Said premises will be sold subject to any and all tax titles, unpaid taxes, municipal liens and assessments, if any such there be. \$100 will be required to be paid by the purchaser in cash at the time and place of sale; balance in ten days from the date of sale on delivery of the deed.

THE QUINCY CO-OPERATIVE BANK, by Frank A. Reed, Treasurer, Mortgagee.

Charles H. Wilson, Attorney. Savings Bank Bldg., Quincy, Mass. Quincy, March 12, 1918. 31.11.13

## Rumor Has It



That the "Win the War" Ads, appearing daily in the newspapers should be read and re-read, studied and re-studied. They are in bold type and fill a page. They are in few words but in words that tell. Each one's duty is to follow these Ads closely and carry out whatever his patriotic mind dictates.

That each one's work is cut out for him and the Publicity Association of New England are doing their bit by showing what can be done to help win the war.

That if the boys give their lives for our sakes, we must give what we can for their sakes.

That France has lost 1,000,000 men killed, and 1,000,000 men wounded and crippled. She has 3,900,000 at the front or waiting call, and 12,000,000 men, women and children in munition plants.

That we must be brave in our sacrifice for humanity's sake.

That our boys of sixteen and over, not permanently employed, have been called for enrollment in the United States Boys' Working Reserve.

That Weymouth boys can show their patriotism by enrolling at once. They not only will be helping Uncle Sam but will be building bodies of strength.

That farming will be the most healthy occupation the growing boy can find. It takes health to get wealth and it takes health to enjoy wealth. Health is wealth.

That the destitute war sufferers behind the German lines in Northern France and Belgium are in need of clothing. Of 5,000 tons to be raised by the American Red Cross between March 18 and March 25 the allotment of the Boston Metropolitan Chapter is 336 tons. Have you helped?

That several months ago Joseph Kelley, the present chairman of the Board of Selectmen, opened up in the Weymouth Gazette the old subject of a public bathhouse.

That he called for views from other citizens on the subject.

That of two responses one invited Mr. Kelley to "go to it"—talk it up—get out petitions—have an article in the next town warrant calling for a specified amount of money—get up on the floor at the town meeting and fight for it. HE DID. He was game and we congratulate him.

That the voters with the help of the "Finance Board" went part way, and voted a sum of money to pay for the land.

That the land alone would not give the citizens what they should have in 1918—a public bathhouse.

That Chairman Kelley wants to see that bathhouse on the land, to be secured, and will not give up the fight until it is there.

That he has called for help by the Board of Trade and that body is going to help put that bathhouse where it belongs.

That doing things gets votes, and because Joe showed by his fight for a public bathhouse that he was made of the stuff that gets what he goes after, his reward was the biggest vote of any candidate for Selectman.

That you can't keep a man down who gets things, and the result was—Chairman Joseph Kelley of the Board of Selectmen and Chairman Kelley of the Overseers of the Poor.

That party politics cuts its course in town affairs. It is the man who can show he can get results he is the man for the job.

That if Chairman Kelley can go after land for a public bathhouse and get it, he can go after other things and get them.

That the citizens of Weymouth and especially the Board of Trade should work with and back such a man in any undertaking for the benefit of the town.

That as a leader he has shown the way. Help him to build up Weymouth.

That seven-cent street car fares are in the air; then what?

That next comes the coal cards. Failure to make proper returns may mean a \$5,000 fine or two years' imprisonment, or perhaps both.

## PROBATE NOTICES

Probate court is held in Norfolk County on the first four Wednesdays of the month. At Dedham, the first Wednesday; at Quincy, the second Wednesday; at Dedham the third Wednesday; and at Brookline, the fourth Wednesday.

The Gazette and Transcript gives careful attention to all citations and notices, and will send slips when requested.

Administratrix's Notice. Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of EMMA F. THAYER

late of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to AUGUSTA C. HUNT, Admrx. (Address) 59 Front Street, Weymouth, Mass., March 13, 1918. 31, 12, 14

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of ANDREW F. MAHONEY late of Weymouth in said County, deceased, intestate:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Catherine F. Mahoney, of said Weymouth, without giving a surety on her bond.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy, in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March, A. D. 1918. 12.14.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of MARY A. POOLE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Howard P. White of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Not the Only One. Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of East Weymouth residents? After you have read the following, quietly answer the question.

J. W. Snow, gardener, 73 Chard St., East Weymouth, says: "I strained my back, lifting, some two years ago and it affected my kidneys. My back ached and was lame and sore mornings. When I straightened up quickly a stitch took me in my back. I had to get up often at night to pass the kidney secretions and they were highly colored and burning. I had headaches and dizzy spells. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. Two boxes of Doan's entirely cured me and I haven't had any kidney trouble since."

Price 60c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Snow had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 21.12.13 (Advertisement)

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE AUGUSTA BLANCHARD late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Alice Bates Blanchard of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 12.14.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELIZABETH F. BANISTER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, two certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and one codicil—of said deceased have been presented to said Court for Probate by James Callahan of Boston in the County of Suffolk, who prays that letters of administration with the will annexed may be issued to him, or some other suitable person, the executors named in said will having deceased or declined:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of MARY A. POOLE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Howard P. White of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

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Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

## LEAVE BROS.

Vulcanizing and Battery Charging. Tires, Tubes. Oil, Grease and Auto Supplies. Orders called for and delivered. Telephone, Wey. 681-J. 698 Broad St., East Weymouth 131.49.9

## Teacher of Piano MARGARET Z. AHERN

4 Off Common Street WEYMOUTH

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE AUGUSTA BLANCHARD late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Alice Bates Blanchard of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 12.14.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELIZABETH F. BANISTER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, two certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and one codicil—of said deceased have been presented to said Court for Probate by James Callahan of Boston in the County of Suffolk, who prays that letters of administration with the will annexed may be issued to him, or some other suitable person, the executors named in said will having deceased or declined:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of MARY A. POOLE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Howard P. White of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond:

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Pierce Thayer of

# STREET RAILWAY BALL

**THE 17th ANNUAL**  
**Concert and Ball of the Street Railway Employees Benefit Association, No. 253**

will be held in  
**MUSIC HALL, QUINCY**  
**Thursday Evening, April 4, 1918**

CONCERT 8 to 9 . . . DANCING 9 to 2  
**WILSON ORCHESTRA**

TICKETS (admitting Gentleman and Two Ladies) \$1.00  
 Free cars to Weymouth after the ball.

## Anticipation

THE WEYMOUTH TRUST CO.  
 ANTICIPATES YOUR WANTS  
 AND REQUIREMENTS, AND  
**CATERS TO THEM**  
 ARE YOU ON OUR LIST,  
 IF NOT  
**WHY!**

Weymouth Trust Co.  
 Telephone 67

## GARDEN TOOLS

For Women, Boys and Girls  
 As well as the Men

**BUY NOW**

before prices advance  
 and the supply is exhausted

**FRANK S. HOBART & CO.**

Hardware and Plumbing  
 Washington Square, Weymouth

## EASTER

(SUNDAY, MARCH 31)

Easter Cards  
 Easter Novelties  
 Easter Magazines

**C. H. SMITH**

PERIODICALS  
 64 Washington St., Washington Square.

## Contractor and Builder

**JAMES P. HADDIE**

Will give you an Estimate for a New Business Block  
 or House.

Jobbing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

An expert in adjusting Fire Losses.

46 Shawmut St., East Weymouth Phone Weymouth 255-W

## FOOD FACTS

In view of the abnormal times and conditions, changing seasons, temporary congestions in transportation facilities, unusual weather conditions, and all, the public must be on the alert and watch for various changes in the rulings of the Food Administration. It is hoped that by temporarily lifting the ban on beef and pork products a still greater saving of wheat may result, for the crying need of our Allies is for more wheat. We must by no means relax our efforts to eliminate waste or fail to practice economy.

The full statement recently issued by Mr. Hoover is worthy of note and reads as follows:  
 "The Allies have made further and increased demands for breadstuffs, these enlarged demands being caused to some degree by shortage in arrivals from the Argentine. It is, therefore, necessary for the Food Administration to urge a still further reduction in the consumption of bread and breadstuffs generally, if we are to meet our export necessities.  
 "Experience shows that the consumption of breadstuffs is intimately associated with the consumption of meat. For various reasons our supplies of meat for the next two or three months, are considerably enlarged, and we can supply the Allies with all of the meat products which transportation facilities render possible, and at the same time somewhat increase our own consumption. In these circumstances the Food Administration considers it wise to relax the voluntary restrictions on meat consumption to some extent, with a view to further decreasing bread consumption.

"Conservation of food must be adjusted to meet the necessities from time to time, for neither production nor allied demands are constant factors, nor can any of these factors be anticipated for long periods in advance in the disturbed conditions in which we at present live. While the world situation is not one that warrants any relaxation in the efforts to eliminate waste, or to relax economy in food, the Administration desires to secure better adjustment in food balances.

"So long as the present conditions continue the only special restrictions we ask are the beefless and porkless Tuesday. The meatless meal and the porkless Saturday are no longer asked.  
 "The farmers of the United States are responding to the national call to increase hog production. Their increase, to all appearances, is being attained rapidly. Of more immediate importance, however, are several complex factors which have effected an immediate increase in meat supplies.  
 "The transportation shortage before the government took over the railroads, the bad weather in January and early in February, the large percentage of immature corn in the last harvest, and the necessity of feeding this corn as rapidly as possible to save it from decay have not only resulted in backing up the animal—particularly hogs—on the farms for a longer period of feeding, but have resulted in a great increase in their average weight, and will result, with improved transportation conditions, which already appear, in larger than normal arrivals at market for the next two or three months. The weight of hogs coming to the market for the last two weeks indicates an increase in weight from an average of 203 pounds last year to the almost unprecedented average of 232 pounds, or a net increase in their meat value of over 15 per cent. This is a distinct addition to the nation's meat supply. It therefore now seems certain that we have such enlarged supplies for at least some months to come that we can not only increase our exports to the Allies to the full extent of their transportation facilities, but at the same time can properly increase our domestic consumption.

"The response of the public to our requests for reduced consumption of meat during the last few months has been most gratifying, and this service alone has enabled the government during this period to provide such supplies as transportation to the Allies permitted. The enlarged supplies are likely to last for two or three months, after which there will be the usual seasonal decrease in the amount of animals coming to market. The perishable character of meats and the limited storage facilities of the country do not permit of carrying very large surpluses of meat over extended periods.  
 "The Administration also suggests that in those parts of the country where the old-fashioned home preservation of pork is still the custom this practice should be extended at the present time, as it will relieve the burden upon transportation to and from the packing house and is economically sound as saving the

cost of packing operations, and at the same time will provide home supplies of pork to last over the months of decreased supplies.

"The Food Administration desires to repeat that it does not want to give the impression that these are times when simplicity and moderation of living are not critically necessary, but that its sole desire is to secure an adjustment between our different food supplies and meet changing conditions from time to time, and to keep the public fully and frankly advised of its position, with the full confidence and reliance that whenever it becomes necessary renewed appeals for saving will meet the same loyal response as in the past."

In the recipe for Oatmeal Muffins of March 1, there should have been included four tablespoonfuls of baking powder.

## THE BAY STATE LINE

Editor Gazette and Transcript:

I met a friend hurrying down Quincy avenue the other day.

"If you are in such a hurry, why don't you take the car?" I said.

"Why for that very reason of course," he answered. At my amazed stare he started laughing. "Oh, I forgot, where you come from, you are not afflicted with the Bay State railway. Great little institution, the Bay State, but of course we never use it when we are in a hurry."

"Really though the Bay State is a public benefactor, for one thing realizing that in this age we live too strenuously, the Bay State does its little bit toward putting the brakes on the mad rush of civilization by the manner in which they run their cars. They are supposed to run every half hour, but they wander along most any time. You learn to be patient, if you do not learn to be profane, when you live on the Bay State line.

"But, to offset this, the company, realizing that life in the country is apt to become monotonous stages a little accident every once in a while to entertain the inhabitants. Sometimes a car catches on fire, or a car while going up hill runs into a tree, and little trifles such as motors blowing out and cars going off the track, happen so often that they are no longer exciting. It was rather thrilling though, last winter when the mercury was about ten below, and a brisk wind was blowing from the river, to see the first car of a long line go off the track at Newcomb square, and tie up traffic until the shivering carmen who never had anything to work with, got it on the track again.

"The Bay State has a rare sense of humor too, and one of its favorite little jokes is to cut out a car whenever it will be greatly missed, especially around 6:30 P. M. They can also enjoy and make allowance for the pranks of small boys, who mischievously throw on the lights at Newcomb square thus keeping the car waiting at Scammel's turnout for weary minutes. Unfortunately some of the passengers, who do not seem to remember their boyhood days, often become quite angry; but one meets such people everywhere.  
 "But to show just how thoughtful the company really is, they are talking of putting on dining cars between Neponset and Weymouth Landing for those who have to wait at the numerous turnouts, and thus do away with the bother and annoyance caused by passengers who insist upon fainting from hunger.

"But I must be off or the car will get there before I will. If you intend to stay around here, you will very likely be annoyed with the Bay State line at first, but soon you will see the benefits of its vagaries and learn to appreciate them."

QUINCY AVENUE.

## Good Health

good appetite, good spirits—  
 mean no discord in the body.  
 To keep the organs in harmony—  
 when there is need—use

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.  
 Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

## W.H. FARRAR & CO.

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 Stoves and Repairs  
 Tin Roofing and General Jobbing  
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 Business Established 1883  
 Peakes Building, Jackson Square.  
 Telephone Weymouth 456 R.

## Neglected Colds bring Pneumonia

**CASCARA QUININE**  
 HILL'S BROMIDE

The old family remedy—in tablet form—safe, sure, easy to take. No opiates—no unpleasant after effects. Cures colds in 24 hours—Grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red Top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store.

## How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

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Furniture and Piano Moving  
 General Trucking  
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## Boston and East Weymouth EXPRESS

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## H. S. GARDNER

Agent, East Weymouth.  
 Phone, Weymouth 769-W



For your health's sake don't have your washing done at home. When you consider the small amount of money you need spend each week, do you think it is worth while to endanger your health, and strength by the annoyance of having it done at your own residence. A few cents a week covers the bill.

## Monarch Wet Wash Laundry

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 1915 1916 1917  
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 CHARLES T. CRANE, Treasurer  
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 CLARENCE P. WHITTLE  
 EDWARD W. HUNT  
 ARTHUR E. PRATT  
 CHARLES O. SHEPPARD  
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**DURABLE RUGS**  
**Carpet Cleaning**  
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Have you tried the  
**Formosa Orange Pekoe Tea**  
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**Our High Grade Roasted Coffees**  
 including the S. S. Pierce 59 Brand,  
 and the Mt. Vernon Brand.

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Central Square, Weymouth Centre

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JEWELER  
 AND  
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 East Weymouth.  
 AND  
 Columbia Sq.  
 South Weymouth

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QUINCY AVENUE.

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good appetite, good spirits—mean no discord in the body. To keep the organs in harmony—when there is need—use

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

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Plumbing and Heating

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ESTIMATES GIVEN

Business Established 1883

Peakes Building, Jackson Square.

Telephone Weymouth 456 H.

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 Beach 73259 F. H. 76294

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For your health's sake don't have your washing done at home. When you consider the small amount of money you need spend each week, do you think it is worth while to endanger your health, and strength by the annoyance of having it done at your own residence. A few cents a week covers the bill.

**Monarch Wet Wash Laundry**  
 East Weymouth  
 TEL. 530 -- 21620 WEY.

## FORD CARS

SECOND HAND

1915 1916 1917  
 WILL BE SOLD AT BARGAINS  
 CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS

## MAX STONBERG

Hersey St., Hingham. Hingham 220

## M. MIRKIN UPHOLSTERER

is the one who will give you the full satisfaction in work and prices of repairing furniture, mattresses and cushions, 152 HANCOCK STREET, near the Quincy High School. Tel. Quincy 501-W

Capital \$150,000 Surplus \$250,000



Theophilus King, 1918

CITY SQUARE, QUINCY  
 OPPOSITE DEPOT, WOLLASTON

General Banking Business Transacted  
 Liberal Accommodations to Business Men  
 Safe Deposit Boxes \$5.00 a year

AMERICAN EXPRESS CHEQUES For Sale

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Board of Investment:  
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Plumber and Sheet Metal Worker.  
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11 Foye Avenue, Weymouth

## WHY?

not have your OLD CARPETS made into DURABLE RUGS Carpet Cleaning

**Eastern Rug Co.**  
 746 Washington Street  
 Quincy, Mass.  
 Tel. 1827-M.

## Teas and Coffees

Have you tried the Formosa Orange Pekoe Tea

AND

Our High Grade Roasted Coffees

including the S. S. Pierce 59 Brand, and the Mt. Vernon Brand.

## Bates & Humphrey

Central Square, Weymouth Centre

## South Bend John Neilson

JEWELER AND Optometrist

729 Broad St. East Weymouth.

AND Columbian Sq. South Weymouth



### AMERICAN SOLDIERS HALTING THE TEUTONS AT THE LORRAINE GATE



Here are two of the first pictures received in the United States showing our boys at the actual fighting front holding a portion of the Lorraine sector against the Teuton horde. At the top is shown a section of a trench held by American troops, and at the bottom a soldier ready to fire a rocket as a warning that an attack has begun.

### CONCERT GIVEN BY AMERICAN SOLDIER BOYS IN FRANCE



In their leisure moments there is no surer method of arousing the good spirits of our boys in France than in "frugging" popular songs on guitars and mandolins. Could these boys be happier? Judging from their facial expression, if that is any indication, these boys are the happiest in the world. An American-made concert for Americans under the Stars and Stripes is the rule in France, and there is nothing these boys of ours enjoy more.

### NEW BROWNING RIFLE AND RAPID FIRING GUN PRESENT FOR PRESIDENT



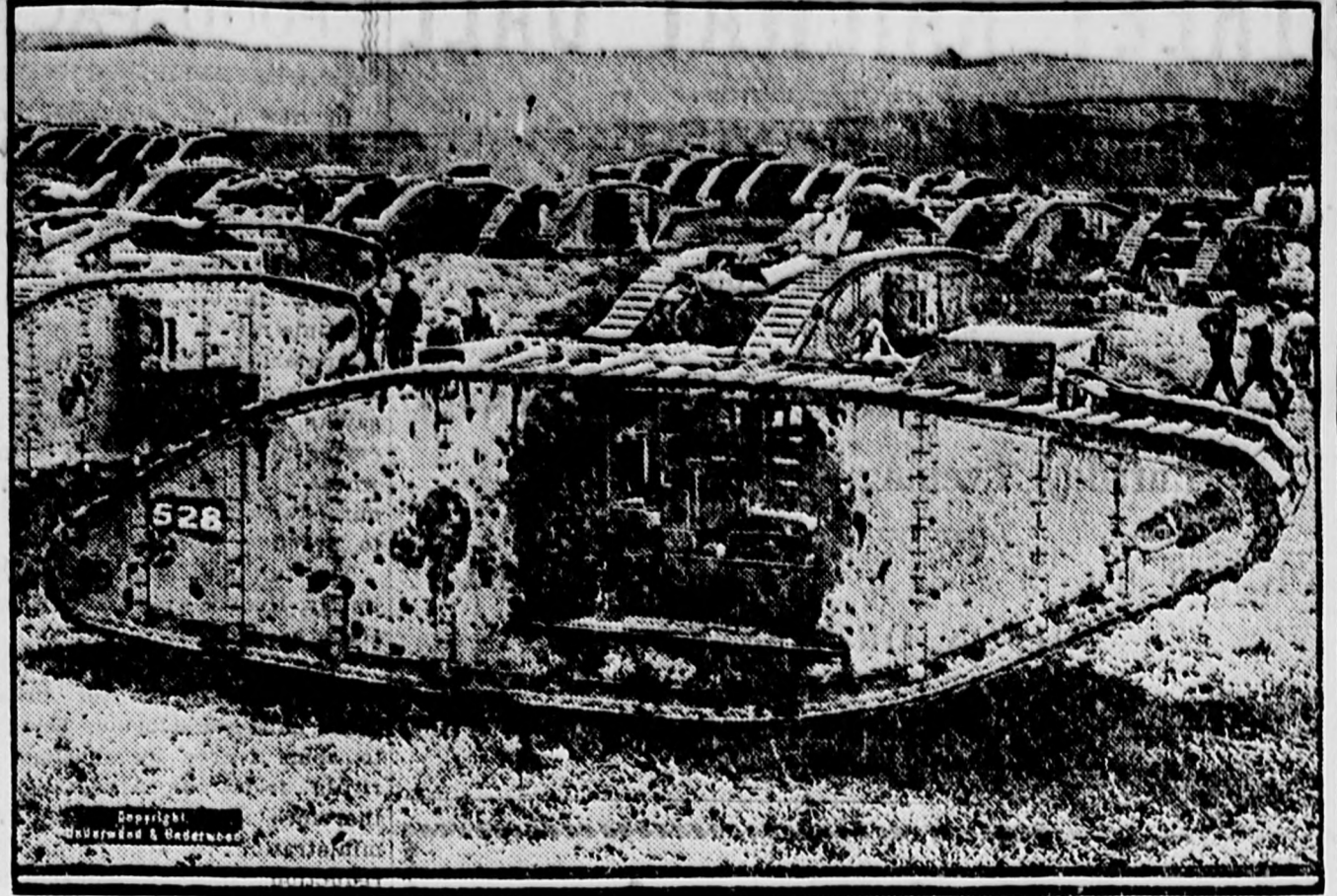
Recent tests made of the two types of the Browning machine gun before high government officials, members of the senate and house military committees, and American and allied army officials at the Congress Heights range, near Washington, proved their worth, both functioning perfectly. The light gun—the Browning machine rifle, which Senator Wadsworth of New York is shown firing—is handled as easily as the ordinary rifle. The gun may be operated as an automatic or a semiautomatic arm. The gun weighs 15 pounds and may be fired from the shoulder or hip position in bursts of 20 rounds or by single shots. The Browning heavy machine gun shown in the other photograph is fired from a tripod. This gun is fed from a belt of 250 rounds of cartridges. The gun weighs 34½ pounds with the water jacket filled.



Beautiful bronze statue which is to be presented to President Wilson by New York Italian. The statue is about three feet high and weighs almost 400 pounds. A duplicate is to be sent to the king of Italy.

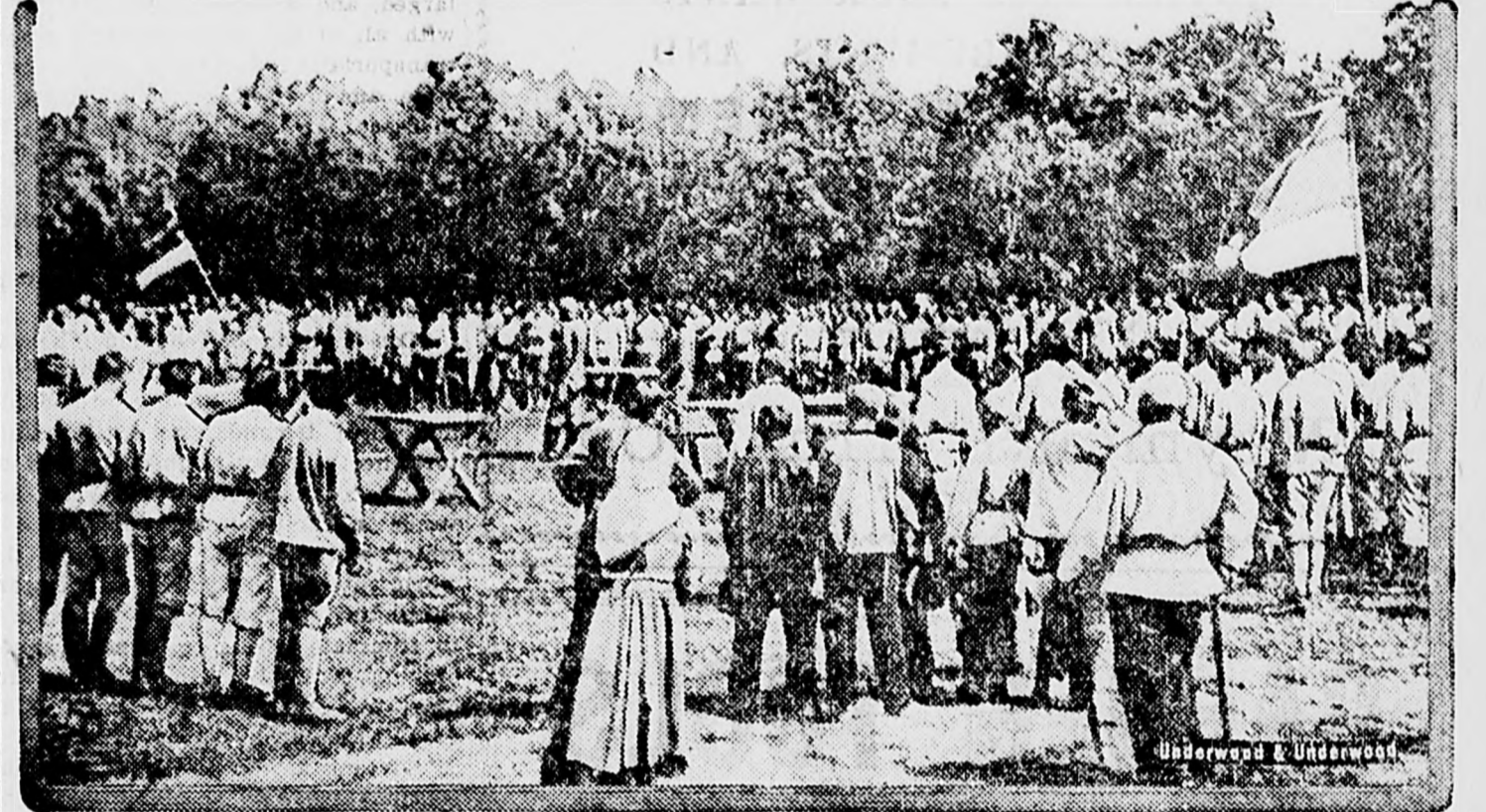
**A String of Beads.**  
"Savages will trade vast tracts of land for a string of beads."  
"Well," replied Miss Cayenne, "I know a man who was evening clothes and carried a case and he did the same thing. He went broke trying to pay for a pearl necklace."

### GREAT GATHERING OF BRITISH TANKS ON THE WESTERN FRONT



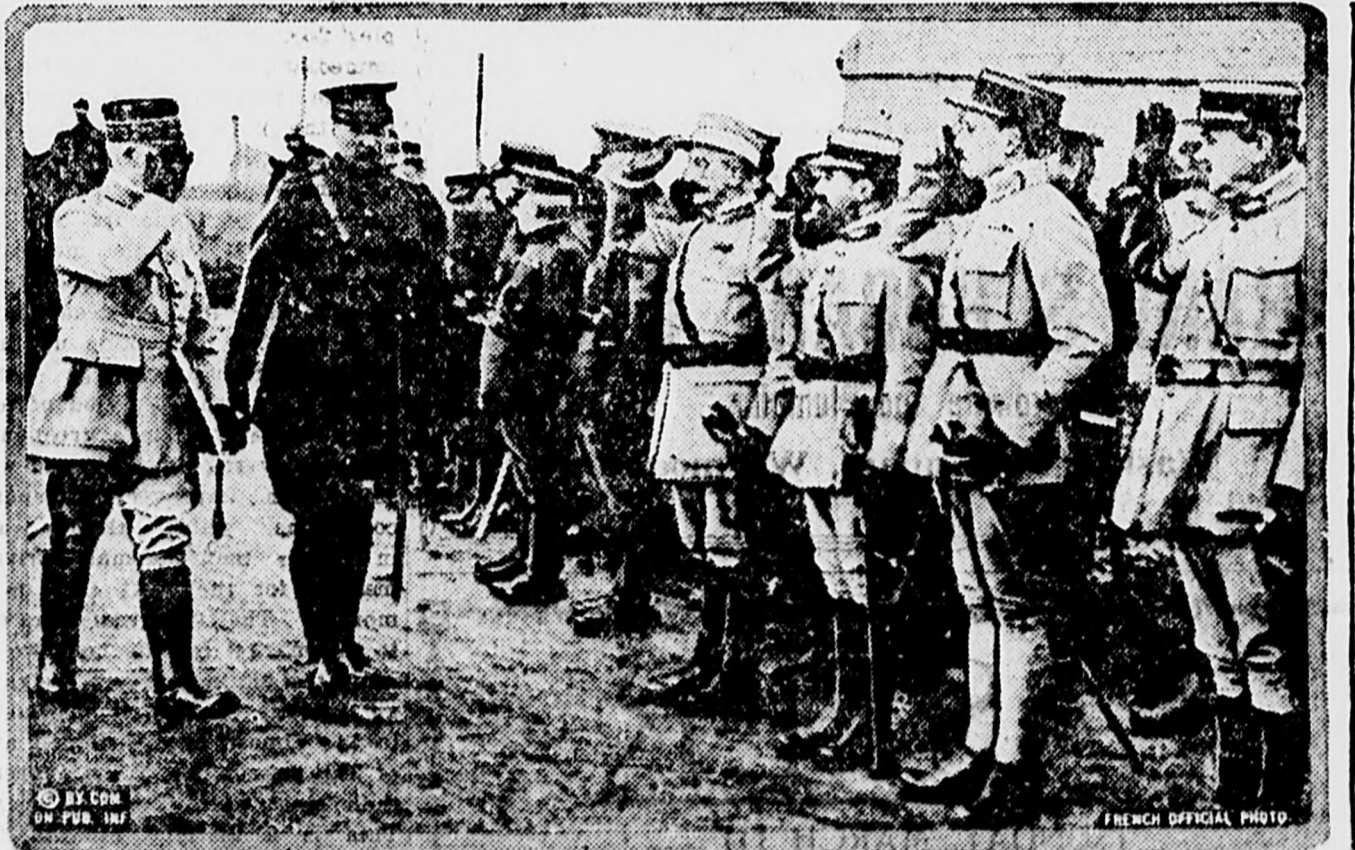
Twenty odd tanks of the British army can be counted in the tankfront. They are only a small part of the great number of tanks that the British have. The censor, of course, will not state how many tanks the British forces have on the western front, but it can be said that the number is very large and altogether sufficient to meet any attack by the enemy. The side armor of the tank in the foreground has been removed, giving a view of the interior of this monster and the mechanism that operates it.

### SERB SOLDIERS CIRCLING GLOBE TO FIGHT TEUTONS



Released from a Siberian prison camp, 2,000 Serb soldiers are on their way around the world to fight against Teuton autocracy. They were originally in the Austrian army, where they had been pressed into service and made to fight until captured by the Russians. Fearing that the bolsheviki would send them back to Austria after they were released, they started for Japan. From there they intend to ship to the United States and go back to the Saloniki front, where they will join the Serbian army.

### HONORING THE KING OF A WAR-RAVAGED COUNTRY

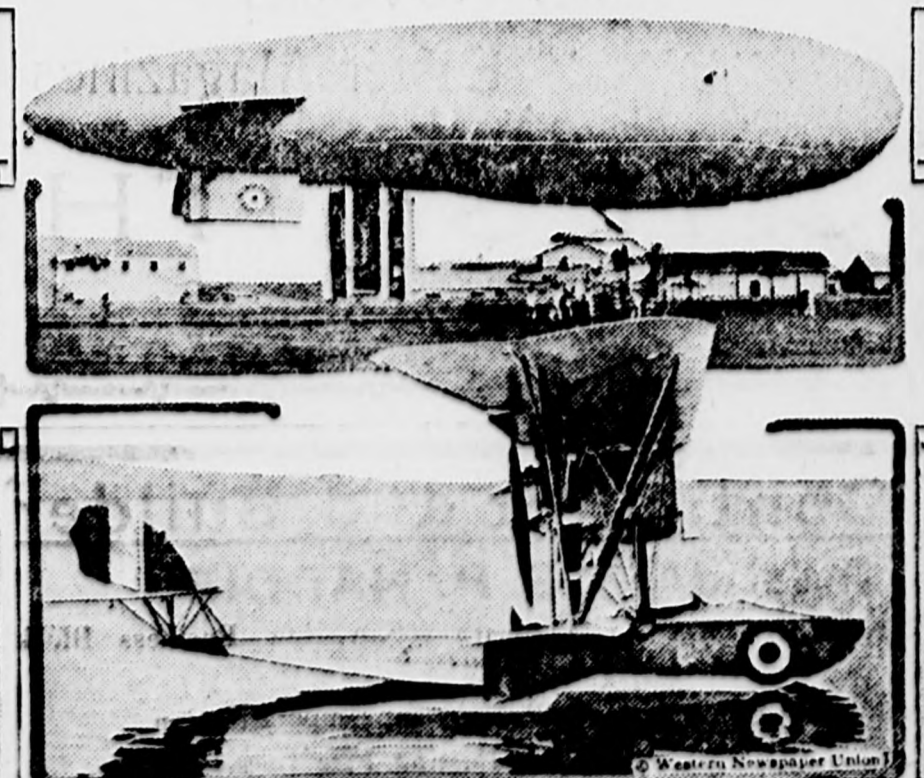


King Albert of Belgium and General Petain of the French forces review the officers in command of the Franco-Belgian forces, who are battling the Hun at the northern extremity of the western line.

**English Like Hiking.**  
A diligent study of American newspapers discloses many crazes that seize the people of these islands, which the islands themselves seem strangely unaware of.  
From such a source I learn that hiking is very popular in England, where a party of young people, sensibly dressed and with staves, start at six or seven o'clock in the morning, carry a few sandwiches and a drink, walk along country roads until noon, picnic and rest during the heat of the day, and then walk home in the cool of the evening, refreshingly tired for such a night's sleep as only the true hiker knows.  
Apparently it is the latest mania for a country ramble. Anyhow, Americans are being persuaded to hike more, the result of which is an increased sturdiness of mind and body.—London Chronicle.

**Something New.**  
Publisher—Here is a letter from a man thanking us for sending a reporter to rouse him at half-past eleven at night to tell him some good news.  
City Editor—Jumping Juggernaut! Most men waked up by a reporter at half-past eleven throw the furniture at him.

### TWO TYPES OF ITALIAN FLYERS



Two types of the rigid and new Italian flying boat Macchi, used by the Italian navy for patrol work along the Adriatic.

# A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

### Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.

The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

## IDEAL SILOS

HAVE YOU BEEN SHORT OF SUGAR?

Do not get caught the same way on your silo. Silo manufacturers are short of material. Embargoes and car shortages are sure to keep us from receiving our usual supply. This means higher prices for silos and doubtful deliveries later. BUY NOW. Plan to plant corn and fill a silo. GRAIN will be higher next year. Buy an Ideal Silo because it LASTS & LASTS & LASTS.

Summit Bros. Co., 41-51 Payne St., Lowell, Mass.

# SANFORDS GINGER

**Egg, Milk and Ginger For Cold Nights**  
Beat one egg in a teacup with two teaspoonfuls of sugar and one of Sanford's Ginger. Fill up teacup with boiling milk and grate a little nutmeg on top. Drink hot retiring.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper. Get a cheap, worthless substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

## Mother Gray's Powders Benefit Many Children

Thousands of Mothers have found MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS an excellent remedy for children complaining of Headaches, Colds, Constipation, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Bowel Irregularities from which children suffer at this season. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. Used by Mothers for 31 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere, 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address, THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

**American Dollar Flag**  
San fast, rain proof fabric, 6 feet long, double-stitched seams, topstitching, free delivery by parcel post on receipt of money order price, \$1.00. Including pole, ball and galvanized holder. Send for free catalogue of flags and decorations. We make more and sell more of any other country in the world. Prices same as for the war.  
AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

**PARKER'S HAIR BALM**  
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. Sold by all druggists.

**Not So Foolish.**  
The members of a certain local exemption board shrugged their shoulders cynically when a young man appeared before them limping conspicuously and asked for exemption on the grounds of physical disability. "Fell down on the ice and hurt yourself, I suppose," one of them suggested. "No," said the candidate, flushing. "I lost one leg at the battle of the Somme."

Then there was a large silence.—New York Tribune.

It is a pessimistic cuss indeed who does not expect that the future will be as kind as the past.

In New Zealand the men outnumber the women by many thousands. Money talks and it is usually in a hurry to say good-by.

**When Your Eyes Need Care**  
Try Murine Eye Remedy  
No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents a bottle. Write for Free Eye Book. **THE LANSING & BROS. CO., CHICAGO**

# THE BIG WORK IN THE WAR

### The War Lord Salutes the Field Marshall.

Such is the striking title to a well-timed cartoon in an agricultural paper, showing the War Lord in salute to the farmer. The meaning of it is that without the assistance that the farmer renders in the matter of providing food for the army the fighting ability of that body would be proportionally decreased. While the army is fighting, the farmer is busy. The promptness with which he sprang into the breach was a patriotism equal to that of the man who enlisted and the farmer's record in this particular was worthy of the high record that has become his. All over the United States the appeal is being met by more production. Fields are enlarged, intensive agriculture has taken the place of slipshod methods, more cattle are being fattened, more hogs grown, veal and lamb have become scarce commodities. This is all in keeping with the food-controller's demands, and with the heartiness that is now prevalent, it would seem as if the requirements of the boys at the front and the allies in Europe would be fully met.

Not only are the filled acres of the United States being brought into requisition, but the wild pasture lands are doing tribute with their cattle and sheep. Working in conjunction with the United States, Western Canada is also doing its share and a pretty large share it is, too. By an arrangement with the United States Government it will now be possible through its employment bureau to secure for the Western Canada fields such help as can be spared. It is thought in this way Canada will have its help to seed its millions of acres of wheat land fairly well met. The large number of young men of the farms who have enlisted and gone to the front has left many of the Western Canada farms weak in the matter of man power. This means that Canada can take all that the United States can spare. The wages will be good and the housing comfortable.

In addition to this the free homestead lands of Western Canada offer the greatest inducement to the man with limited means who is willing to undergo some of the hardships naturally accompanying this enterprise. There is also the large area of uncultivated lands that are waiting the man with sufficient means to purchase and equip. And this is not expensive. The cheap lands are cheap and the terms very reasonable. Equipped with tractor or horse power the cultivation cost is slight when the return is considered. Yields of wheat varying from 20 to 40 bushels per acre may be relied upon, and with a set price of over \$2.00 per bushel, it is an easy matter to arrive at the cost. Production, including interest on land, has been estimated at figures not exceeding ten dollars an acre. With a twenty bushel yield, at a two dollar price—forty dollars. Ten from forty and you have the profits many farmers made in Western Canada the past year.

The Dominion and Provincial Governments are working conjointly in an increased production propaganda. Among the important steps that have been taken to bring this about is the recent order by which it is made possible to take into Canada tractors that cost fourteen hundred dollars and less in the country of production. This will give those residing in the United States, owning lands in Canada, the opportunity to place them under cultivation at much less cost than in the past. Another inducement is the privilege of taking sheep and cattle in free of duty. Automobiles form a necessary part of the outfit of a good many farmers that would like to move to Canada. These are now accorded free duty. Provision is also made that those requiring seed and unable to obtain it in any other way, may get it from the Government. So from this it will be seen that it is not only the fertile lands of Western Canada that invite the settler, but the ease and cheapness with which a farmer may establish himself.—Advertisement.

**Their First Mention.**  
Bobby, for once, expressed great interest in the sermon. "Fancy flying machines being mentioned in the Bible?" he said. "But are they?" "Why, didn't the vicar say Esau sold his heirship to his brother Jacob?"—Stray Stories.

## FRECKLES

**Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots**  
There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription ointment—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of ointment—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it at night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength ointment as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

**Good Subject.**  
"What are that couple over at yonder table scrapping about?" "I think, sir, they're fighting over the war bread."

**Slim Encouragement.**  
He—I've a notion to propose to you. She—Please do, I'm trying for a record.—Buffalo News.

# TWO GOOD TALES OF TRAPSHOOTERS

### Bandmaster Sousa Becomes Good Shot, but Fred Gilbert Is No Drummer.

#### DESIRED TO BE A MUSICIAN

Spirit Lake Silver Cornet Band Still Looking for Someone to Beat Big Bass Drum—Where Marshall Learned A, B, C's.

Many are the tales told among trapshooters about members of the clan and their doings. Two of the stories that have gone the rounds of the trap fraternity are given here.

John Phillip Sousa, the bandmaster, and Fred Gilbert, the professional trapshot, are friends of long standing. Sousa at a dinner given in Gilbert's honor, told of his first meeting with "Fritz," and the proposal that Gilbert teach Sousa how to shoot clay pigeons, in return for which instruction, Sousa was to teach Gilbert the most approved way to play a bass drum.

As the music master told it, "Fritz" had confided his great ambition to become the bass drummer of the Silver Cornet Band of Spirit Lake, Ia., his home town, while, on the other hand, Sousa told Gilbert that since he was known among trapshooters as a musician, he was desirous of making a reputation among musicians as a trapshooter.

#### Mastered Boom Beats.

The terms were accepted by both the party of the first part and the party of the second part, and instruction began. However, according to Sousa, while Gilbert quickly mastered the boom beats on the drum, he has never succeeded in progressing to the bumpety, boom, boom stage, and the S. B. C. of Spirit Lake still needs a bass drummer.

Sousa's high scores at the traps pay tribute to the great musician as a pupil and "Fritz" Gilbert as an instructor.

The "hero" of this narrative is Tom Marshall, the dean of sharpshooting and the game's "official orator."

#### Learned His A, B, C's.

When the all-American trapshooting team returned from England, after having defeated the best shooting talent of the British Isles, Captain Marshall, with several of his teammates, toured a number of states giving exhibitions of shooting skill in an effort to popularize trapshooting.

Captain Marshall acted as spokesman of the "missionaries," and prefaced his explanation of the sport with a few well-chosen words, in which he paid tribute to the particular city in which the demonstration was held.

"We are told that among the things he said was: 'It is with peculiar pleasure that I come here to —; a place so intimately associated with my early days, for it was in the little red schoolhouse over yonder (there is always a little R. S.—over yonder in every section) that I learned my a, b, c's.'"

"This neat little 'bull' invariably made a hit, and was given liberal space in the newspapers of the towns visited by the orators—through an exchange—discovered that 'Tom' had learned his 'a, b, c's' at least 25 times in as many different places.

It is needless to say that thereafter Captain Marshall never made reference to his early education.

## MIDDLE DISTANCE RUNNER FILES CLAIM FOR HIS PAY



Melville W. Sheppard, the middle-distance runner, has filed a claim for his pay as a private with the war department, in the Sixty-ninth infantry, New York National Guard, between September 22 and December 12, 1916. Official records show that while the regiment was at McAllen, Tex., Sheppard was ordered furloughed to the reserve. He contends, however, that the order was not put into effect, and that he was kept with his command until December 12.

**Portland Pilot in Class 1.**  
Paddy Siglin, manager of the Portland Pacific Coast International league team, has been placed in class 1 of the selective draft.

# Swift & Company Publicity

At a recent hearing of the Federal Trade Commission there was introduced correspondence taken from the private files of Swift & Company, which showed that the Company had been considering for some time an educational advertising campaign.

The need for this publicity has been apparent to us for several years. The gross misrepresentation to which we have recently been subjected has convinced us that we should no longer delay in putting before the public the basic facts of our business, relying on the fair-mindedness of the American people.

The feeling against the American packer is based largely on the belief that the income and well-being of the producer and consumer are adversely affected by the packers' operations, resulting in unreasonably large profits.

Swift & Company's net profit is reasonable, and represents an insignificant factor in the cost of living.

For the fiscal year 1917 the total sales and net profit of Swift & Company were as follows:

Sales \$875,000,000.  
Profits \$34,650,000.

This is equivalent to a \$3,465. profit on a business of \$87,500.



If Swift & Company had made no profit at all, the cattle raiser would have received only one-eighth of a cent per pound more for his cattle, or the consumer would have saved only one-quarter of a cent per pound on dressed beef.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.

Such a Dear Friend:  
Ethel—Agnes was at the cat show.  
Maud—As an exhibit?—New Haven Register.

## KIDNEY TROUBLE OFTEN CAUSES SERIOUS BACKACHE

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a physician's prescription for ailments of the kidneys and bladder.

It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases.

This preparation is so very effective, it has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, medium or large size, at your nearest druggist.

However, if you wish first to test this preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

**Too Late.**  
Ellen—"Cheer up, old top, you'll get her yet." Lee—"You're always looking on the dark side."—Panther.

**Soft, Clear Skins.**  
Night and morning bathe the face with Cuticura Soap and hot water. If there are pimples first smear them with Cuticura Ointment. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." Sold by druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

These days it is not always necessary for a fellow to be an out-and-out German spy to deserve hanging.

It takes Congress to settle a strike, but an unruly stomach is subdued by Garfield Tea. Adv.

The man with a good appetite never wastes time speculating on the elements of war bread.

## Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

**Important.**  
"The turnover is vital to successful merchandising."  
"In that case," said the baker, "maybe I'd better put more turnovers in the oven."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

It's passing strange that some things come to pass.

If a man would have a good mother-in-law it is up to him to make good.

**Doubtless.**  
Thief—Gimme that watch. Victim—I would, old fellow, but I really can't spare the time.

**Never Fails.**  
"The hostess said the affair was to be strictly informal." "That makes the girls dress up, all right."

England now has more than 4,775,000 women wage earners.

# How to Make Oatmeal Bread

### Healthful to Eat—Saves the Wheat

- |                                 |                                     |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 cup flour                     | 1 cup cooked oatmeal or rolled oats |
| 1 1/2 cups corn meal            | 2 tablespoons shortening            |
| 1 teaspoon salt                 | 1 1/2 cups milk                     |
| 5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder | No eggs                             |
| 2 tablespoons sugar             |                                     |

Sift together flour, corn meal, salt, baking powder and sugar. Add oatmeal, melted shortening and milk. Bake in greased shallow pan in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

This wholesome bread is easily and quickly made with the aid of

## ROYAL BAKING POWDER

If used three times a week in place of white bread by the 22 million families in the United States, it would save more than 900,000 barrels of flour a month.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes", containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William St., New York

**FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR**

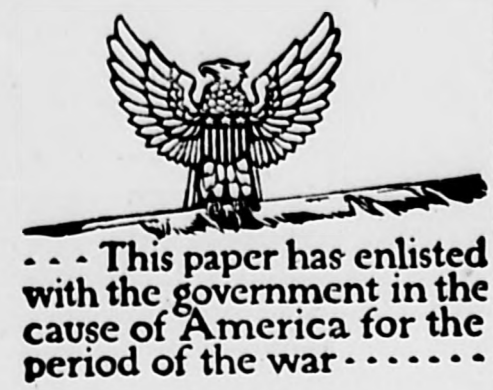


WEYMOUTH GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

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FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS

A citizen of our town recently said, "every knock is not a boost." We fully agree with him, but going a little deeper, we would say that every knock can be a boost if advantage is taken of the knock; for every knock comes from somebody seeing an opportunity to better something, and offers a suggestion by a knock, which is the natural way to give notice that one wants a hearing.

Perhaps a knock is an impolite way of suggesting, yet at the same time, it may be a breach of etiquette to enter without first knocking. If a knock is worthy, or the knock is made by a person honest in his intentions, there is probably good reason for the knock, and the best way to find out, is to invite the knocker to enter and explain his reason for the visit.

A knock is a summons to call one to the door, and there is no doubt a reason for the summons. It may be a beggar looking for alms. It may be a person with something to sell, something worth buying or investigating. It may be a friendly call, or it may be to tell one of danger, of sickness or of death. It may be opportunity looking for assistance, or offering a way to give one what he desires, yet never expected to have. They say opportunity knocks at every man's door but once, yet we know that opportunity is continually knocking at Weymouth's door. Opportunity has knocked many times, and nobody even went to the door. On some visits it has been let in, and something to the advantage of the town from its visit.

OPPORTUNITY is one visitor that should always be made welcome, and treated fairly, and whenever a knock is heard, somebody should go to the door, for it may not be a beggar, and it may be opportunity.

If a beggar does not get a hearing at one house, he tries the next, and so on, and opportunity does precisely the same thing. The knock may mean a beggar, and we admit that that kind of a knock is not a welcome one; yet the knock may be opportunity, and its knock should be repented to; and it should be given a hearing. Every knock should be investigated, and as there are very few beggars knocking today, nearly every knock means a call from opportunity, and an opening for a boost. So let us say, NEARLY EVERY KNOCK IS A BOOST.

There has been a continual knocking at Weymouth's door for some time, and one citizen we know of has opened the door, and opportunity is sitting on the step waiting to be taken in, but it is so cumbersome that it will take many strong and willing hands to lift it up and provide the necessary help to give it strength to tell the story of what it brings this time.

It has knocked at the doors of Boston and Quincy, and was well-received, and the information it gave has started men to action. Thirty-five to forty thousand workmen have got to be housed at once in Greater Boston. Opportunity has told its story in the above cities, and is trying its best to tell it in Weymouth. It got a hearing in Braintree, and across the river the result is showing. Uncle Sam sent it on its present visit, and is backing it with \$50,000,000 for expenses.

Is Weymouth going to lift a finger to take advantage of its knock? It is a knock that can boost and boost big; but opportunity on this visit must need help at once.

People say, "How many new houses have been built in Weymouth lately?"

We ask, "how much has the valuation of Weymouth increased lately, not figuring the recent re-valuation?" Has Weymouth kept pace with her neighbors?

Has she better looking business centers than she had twenty-five or fifty years ago?

Has her population doubled in twenty-five years?

Has she grown as she might have?

Is she going to be strong enough to give opportunity the necessary help in its present call?

Twenty-five million dollars to be spent for a pier and warehouse at South Boston. Ten to twelve thousand men needed at once for the great undertaking.

Twenty-five thousand men to be employed at Squantum and Quincy (just across the river). Forty thousand men and their families or 50,000 to 60,000 persons to be housed in Greater Boston (Weymouth is a part).

Eight hundred thousand dollars is the weekly payroll of those employed and to be employed just across the river a few feet from Weymouth.

The papers are full of—Boston, South Boston, Dorchester and Quincy going to house these men.

The papers say Quincy homes are taxed to the limit. We know Weymouth homes are also taxed to the limit, but Quincy's Mayor has made several trips to Washington trying to boost Quincy and get a slice of the \$50,000,000 for building houses in Quincy.

Dorchester has been awake and is also working hard to get her share of boost.

Is Weymouth blind to the situation?

Is Weymouth doing a thing to show that she is within a stone's throw of the great shipyard?

OF ALL KNOCKS, NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY CITIZEN TO GIVE OPPORTUNITY THE LIFT. IT HAS MADE THE KNOCK OF KNOCKS. THE CHANCE IS HERE FOR THE BOOST OF BOOSTS. WEYMOUTH, ROUSE UP!

Do not be the Rip Van Winkle of Greater Boston. Go after what is within your reach.

Your chance is slipping. Your chance for development. Your chance for new business, better stores, better and bigger everything.

Your chance for what every man wonders why we haven't got it.

YOUR CHANCE TO BE A BIG, BUSY, MODERN, LIVELY CITY. IT IS UP TO WEYMOUTH AND THAT IS YOU, MR. AND MRS. READER.

You are the jury. The case is in your hands.

WHAT IS THE VERDICT?

Weymouth is on trial. Is she awake or asleep?

If the jury says "GUILTY"—asleep—your big chance is gone for years and years.

If the jury says, "NOT GUILTY," you are awake, and Weymouth will show her strength and winning power, and will get her share of the boost that is within her reach.

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Yosemite Valley, June 6, 1917.

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The camps have as a rule, main dining rooms. Camp Curry even set two tables. I believe can accommodate 1000 guests all told. Some size camp you see. Camps have also swimming pools, tennis courts, and other playgrounds. So on whole every comfort and enjoyment is well taken care of. And the rates are very reasonable at the present time of H. C. of L. One can have all the conveniences for \$2.75 per day, or a little over \$15 per week.

Yours truly is having a most delightful time camping it or roughing it. He is not alone by any means. All up and down the winding river, under the supervision of a forest ranger, a U. S. government official, certain sites have been designed as public camping grounds. These are not carefully looked after and kept up, and considerable credit is due this worthy officer and his corps of assistants. All over the grounds are faucets with running water, toilets everywhere. Grounds are kept clean and neat, and you are admonished to do your part to keep it in A No. 1 order. Frequent signs read—"The Park is yours; help us to keep it clean." So on the whole the sanitary conditions are most excellent.

One does not have to bring any equipment whatever in, unless he is in the habit of carrying it around in an automobile, for the Desmond Park Service Co., a large park concession, rent at very nominal figure, every

article and everything desirable for convenience. A fully complete store and bakery can be found at the village, an easy distance from all camps.

My camp is about a mile from the village on the way to Camp Curry, on north side of the river. Camp Curry is on the south side, across Stoneman's bridge from me, half a mile I guess. My tent is within ten feet of river; the water is running high just now, due to the fast melting of the snow on the mountain peaks. Much snow however still remains visible from here, as I sit propped up against a huge pine tree writing.

Straight in front of me to the north, raises Eagle peak, not over half a mile to base, but towering up over 3000 feet. This added to floor of the valley makes it some 7000 feet above sea level.

Turning my eyes a little to northwest, behold the majestic Yosemite falls, falling with a thunderous roar due to the vast amount of water at the present time, certainly a very fortunate time for me to see them. To try and make you realize what the falls are, for a few words on paper often are hastily run over without much thought. But the main fall is 1400 feet. Think of it, compared with Niagara Falls of which you are familiar, about three times the distance, I believe. There are two other falls bringing the water down some 2500 feet before it reaches the floor of the valley. Try to picture the mist thrown up and to both sides of this great spill of water, several hundred feet. The water shoots down much like or similar to sky rockets one sees at a fireworks display, position of course reversed.

Farther to west, my view is curtailed by the rise of the head of Yosemite Falls towering 3000 feet. Back of me, the west and south view is particularly shut out by the growth of pine, wild cherry, etc. Across the river bank, even the other road, I cannot see, only a few hundred feet away, due to vegetation. But can see auto lights at night, and hear the horns by day.

Back of me, to the east, rises Glacier Point in all its glory, 3,254 feet above where I sit, an almost perpendicular wall of granite. In the crevices, being the north side, one sees snow here and there. The hanging rock is visible, and really looks nearer when one looks up than it looks when one is up there looking down into the valley. A trick of the human eyesight, I suppose, and often so deceiving.

To the east through the trees I can get views of Half Dome, a solid granite dome, much larger of course than your beloved First church or Church of the Presidents at Quincy, towering up 4,892 feet. In the distance, Clouds Rest, still higher, over 5,000 feet. I quote these figures, hoping I can convey just a little bit of the grandeur also magnitude of these peaks.

Thus I have tried to give you an idea of my present surroundings. Wonderful, and my words of description seem so feeble in trying to tell you how they appear.

C. F. P. (To be continued)

HIGH TIDES

Table with 3 columns: Day, A. M., P. M. Rows: Friday, March 22; Saturday; Sunday; Monday; Tuesday; Wednesday; Thursday; Friday.

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—Supt. of Streets Johnson reports having seen robins this week.

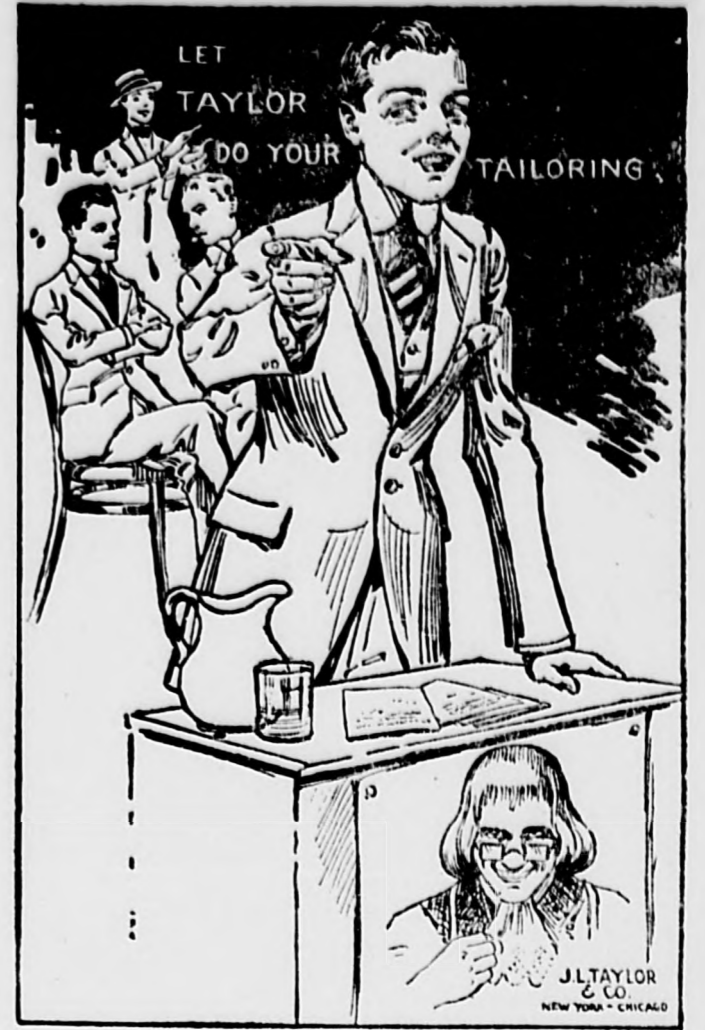
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Where can I get Fancy Sugar House Syrup? AT HUNT'S
Where can I get Cut Loaf Sugar? AT HUNT'S
Where can I get Wesson Oil for Cooking and Salads? AT HUNT'S
Where can I get High Grade Can Goods less than cost? AT HUNT'S
Where can I get "The Substitutes"? AT HUNT'S
Where can I get What I Want? AT HUNT'S

AT HUNT'S MARKET GROCERY Telephones Weymouth 559W and 152

New Clothes For Easter



Don't wait until somebody else has taken the one you want.

Easter comes March 31.

"EVERYTHING MAN WEARS"

C. R. DENBROEDER

750 Broad Street, East Weymouth.

East Weymouth Savings Bank

Money Deposited

on or before

April 13

goes on interest April 10

FREDERICK L. ALDEN, Pres. CHARLES C. HANDY, Treas.

BABY CARRIAGES

Sulkies and Go-Carts

Mattings Linoleums

New Styles WALL PAPERS Low Prices

Graphophone Records and Needles

Ford Furniture Co.

Broad Street East Weymouth Free Delivery

NEW DRUG STORE

I wish to announce the Opening of a New Drug Store at 312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth.

It will be my endeavor to conduct the business on such a basis as to warrant the Confidence of the people, and to merit a share of their valued patronage.

My 25 years of business in Quincy warrant me in saying that the people of North Weymouth have NOW a Drug Store in which they can place confidence, and rely on getting the Best and Purest of Drugs.

Your Doctor's prescription will receive the same care and attention that has made my store in Quincy the leading store in the city.

CHARLES C. HEARN

312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth 1295 Hancock Street, City Square, Quincy

WEYMOUTH GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

Published every Friday by the GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING CO. FRANK F. PRESCOTT Managing Editor

The Gazette and Transcript is the home paper of ALL the Weymouths: North Weymouth, East Weymouth, South Weymouth, Weymouth Landing, Weymouth Heights, Weymouth Centre, Lovell's Corner, Nash's Corner, Wessagussett, Fort Point and Rose Cliff.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS

A citizen of our town recently said, "every knock is not a boost." We fully agree with him, but going a little deeper, we would say that every knock can be a boost if advantage is taken of the knock; for every knock comes from somebody seeing an opportunity to better something, and offers a suggestion by a knock, which is the natural way to give notice that one wants a hearing.

Perhaps a knock is an impolite way of suggesting, yet at the same time, it may be a breach of etiquette to enter without first knocking. If a knock is worthy, or the knock is made by a person honest in his intentions, there is probably good reason for the knock, and the best way to find out, is to invite the knocker to enter and explain his reason for the visit.

A knock is a summons to call one to the door, and there is no doubt a reason for the summons. It may be a beggar looking for alms. It may be a person with something to sell, something worth buying or investigating. It may be a friendly call, or it may be to tell one of danger, of sickness or of death. It may be opportunity looking for assistance, or offering a way to give one what he desires, yet never expected to have.

They say opportunity knocks at every man's door but once, yet we know that opportunity is continually knocking at Weymouth's door. Opportunity has knocked many times, and nobody even went to the door. On some visits it has been let in, and something to the advantage of the town from its visit.

OPPORTUNITY is one visitor that should always be made welcome, and treated fairly, and whenever a knock is heard, somebody should go to the door, for it may not be a beggar, and it may be opportunity.

If a beggar does not get a hearing at one house, he tries the next, and so on, and opportunity does precisely the same thing. The knock may mean a beggar, and we admit that that kind of a knock is not a welcome one; yet the knock may be opportunity, and its knock should be responded to; and it should be given a hearing. Every knock should be investigated, and as there are very few beggars knocking today, nearly every knock means a call from opportunity, and an opening for a boost. So let us say, NEARLY EVERY KNOCK IS A BOOST.

There has been a continual knocking at Weymouth's door for some time, and one citizen we know of has opened the door, and opportunity is sitting on the step waiting to be taken in, but it is so cumbersome that it will take many strong and willing hands to lift it up and provide the necessary help to give it strength to tell the story of what it brings this time.

It has knocked at the doors of Boston and Quincy, and was well-received, and the information it gave has started men to action. Thirty-five to forty thousand workmen have got to be housed at once in Greater Boston. Opportunity has told its story in the above cities, and is trying its best to tell it in Weymouth. It got a hearing in Braintree, and across the river the result is showing. Uncle Sam sent it on its present visit, and is backing it with \$50,000,000 for expenses.

Is Weymouth going to lift a finger to take advantage of its knock? It is a knock that can boost and boost big; but opportunity on this visit must need help at once.

People say, "How many new houses have been built in Weymouth lately?"

We ask, "how much has the valuation of Weymouth increased lately, not figuring the recent re-valuation?"

Has Weymouth kept pace with her neighbors?

Has she better looking business centers than she had twenty-five or fifty years ago?

Has her population doubled in twenty-five years?

Has she grown as she might have?

Is she going to be strong enough to give opportunity the necessary help in its present call?

Twenty-five million dollars to be spent for a pier and warehouse at South Boston. Ten to twelve thousand men needed at once for the great undertaking.

Twenty-five thousand men to be employed at Squantum and Quincy (just across the river). Forty thousand men and their families or 50,000 to 60,000 persons to be housed in Greater Boston (Weymouth is a part).

Eight hundred thousand dollars is the weekly payroll of those employed and to be employed just across the river a few feet from Weymouth.

The papers are full of—Boston, South Boston, Dorchester and Quincy going to house these men.

The papers say Quincy homes are taxed to the limit. We know Weymouth homes are also taxed to the limit, but Quincy's Mayor has made several trips to Washington trying to boost Quincy and get a slice of the \$50,000,000 for building houses in Quincy.

Dorchester has been awake and is also working hard to get her share of boost.

Is Weymouth blind to the situation?

Is Weymouth doing a thing to show that she is within a stone's throw of the great shipyard?

OF ALL KNOCKS, NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY CITIZEN TO GIVE OPPORTUNITY THE LIFT. IT HAS MADE THE KNOCK OF KNOCKS. THE CHANCE IS HERE FOR THE BOOST OF BOOSTS. WEYMOUTH, ROUSE UP!

Do not be the Rip Van Winkle of Greater Boston. Go after what is within your reach.

Your chance is slipping. Your chance for development. Your chance for new business, better stores, better and bigger everything.

Your chance for what every man wonders why we haven't got it.

YOUR CHANCE TO BE A BIG, BUSY, MODERN, LIVELY CITY. IT IS UP TO WEYMOUTH AND THAT IS YOU, MR. AND MRS. READER.

You are the jury. The case is in your hands.

WHAT IS THE VERDICT? Weymouth is on trial. Is she awake or asleep?

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# Weymouth

Read the Experiences of Sergt. Empey

# Gazette

16 PAGES EVERY ISSUE

AND TRANSCRIPT

96 COLUMNS EVERY ISSUE

VOL. LII. NO. 13

WEYMOUTH, MASS., FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## WEYMOUTH BOYS OFF FOR DEVENS

### First Under the Second Draft—More to Go to Camp at Early Date

Off today in the first squad under the second draft were the following young men from the Weymouth-Braintree district. They entrained at South Braintree this morning. Many friends were at the Town Hall and depot to see them off:

Francis E. Doonan, Randolph Lewis Rocca, Weymouth

#### FROM QUINCY

From the Quincy district were:

- Archibald McGillivray
- Francis L. McPherson
- Henry A. Ryan
- Augustino Purpura
- Daniel McLellan
- Charles H. Conley
- Nikolo Gelsumini
- Frank Zavattini
- Edward P. Phelan, Jr.
- John J. Nestor
- Nell H. Matson
- Albert L. Johnson
- John J. Curtin
- John F. Cavanagh
- Edward J. Sandberg, Jr.
- Thomas J. Guthro
- Otto A. Burkhardt
- Walter A. Avery
- John S. King
- James F. Mulligan
- Nils Nordquist
- Roy J. Stewart
- Perkins H. Allen
- Roy Perkins
- Nells J. Nelson
- Philip Schwartz

#### RECLASSIFICATION

The District Board at Taunton, under the new registration has reclassified the boys in the Weymouth-Braintree district as follows:

- Murdock, Edward R. 2D
- King, William G. 3K
- King, Victor H. 2D
- King, Elmer F. 2D
- Koveter, John 1I
- Leahy, John H. 2D
- Leary, Charles H. 1I
- Levangle, Joseph D. 1I
- Wooley, Ernest L. 3K

ALTERNATES  
James F. Dwyer, Weymouth

- Torreson, Alfred S. 2D
- Silva, John A. 2D
- Whitmarsh, Byron T. 2D.
- Warren, Alan O. 2D
- Tibbets, Granville H. 2D
- Trask, Boyd H. 3C
- Whitten, Franklin P. 2D
- Wetherell, Roscoe V. 2D
- Teller, Lionel L. 2D
- Spurr, John H. 2D
- Thompson, William 2D
- Waddell, Robert, 3K
- Townsend, Howard C. 2D
- St. John, Arthur A. 2D
- Wright, William 2D
- Walker, John S. 1I
- Sullivan, Timothy, 2D
- Sprague, Arthur O. 1I
- Thayer, William A. 1I
- Thayer, Warren L. 2D
- Bessitte, Eugene, 2D
- Royles, Clarence, 2D
- Scarpelli, Dorick, 2D
- Sherman, Carl C. 1I
- Moore, Eugene F. 2D
- Rogers, Charles J. 2D
- Palmer, Raymond A. 2D
- Page, David A. 2D
- Rawson, Frederick C. 1I
- Roberts, John H. 2D
- Luther, Edward, 2D
- Pitts, James H. 2D
- Lunt, George L. 1I
- McCusker, William J. 2D
- Pray, Edward H. 1I
- Niles, Thornton, 1I
- Robbins, Frank, 2D
- Mott, Ewart G. 2D
- Lowe, George H. 1I
- Oviatt, Eugene E. 2D
- McCusker, Thomas B. 2D
- McGlone, James E. 2D
- Nelson, Elmer J. 2D
- Ogren, Frank G. 1I
- McGurn, John E. 1I
- Morse, George W. 2D
- Perry, Everett S. 2D
- Pratt, Lyman F. 2D
- Rowell, Everett C. 2D
- Lindquist, John A. 2D
- Lockyer, Robert, 2D
- Ochs, Walter H. 2D
- Olsen, John, 2D
- Pinkham, Leroy B. 2D
- Rowe, Clarence, 2D
- Pratt, Frank H. 2D
- Pray, Lawrence E. 2D
- Rowell, William H. 2D
- Meisner, Fritz A. 1I
- Lovell, Earle G. 1I
- Lovell, George, 2D
- Mallon, James A. 2D
- Reidy, John E. 1I

These additional men were reclassified at Taunton on Wednesday:

- Jackson, Herbert, 2D
- Gaillardet, Louis A. 2D
- Belcher, Roland E. 2D
- Johnston, Franklin, 1I
- Kemp, Alfred S. 2D
- Hayden, Edwin L. 2D
- Gray, William A. 2D
- Hunter, Hugh R. 2D
- Goss, Walter A. 2D
- Kompton, Arthur E. 2D
- Hilton, Harold F. 2D
- Gould, Harold C. 2D
- Gardner, Joseph E. 3K
- Jones, Herbert W. 1I
- Kendrick, William, 2D
- Hull, Everett P. 2D
- Hunter, John A. 2D
- Killen, Hugh B. 2D
- Haskens, Arthur G. 2D
- Hennessy, Matthew E. 2D

On Thursday the District Board at Taunton announced the following reclassifications:

- Denbroeder, Henry A. 2D
- Denbroeder, Ralph A. 2D
- Forsythe, Major W. 2D
- Fitzsimmons, James, 2D
- Duffin, Arthur, 2D
- Frazier, Henry S. 2D
- Hamilton, Ernest O. 2D
- Di Grani, Giovanni, 2D
- Dianto, John F. 1I
- Dusseault, Arthur P. 2D
- Dooley, Michael G. 2D
- Dolan, Henry A. 1I
- Drake, Gordon C. 2D
- Drinan, William J. 2D
- Dexheimer, Russel E. 1F

- Darrow, Wallace H. 2D
- Denton, Warren C. Jr. 3K
- Allen, Horace E. 2D
- Ameulius, Arvid, 2D
- Banks, Alfred, 2D
- Alger, Edgar C. 3K
- Gaudreau, Lucien 1I
- Gallant, Marshall, 1I
- O'Leary, Robert B. 2D
- Auld, Andrew, 2D
- Anderson, Albin K. 2D
- Crowell, Burpee G. 2D
- Blake, Walter G. 1I
- Bond, Cyril D. 1I
- Currie, Hugh J. 1I
- Casey, Michael J. 2D
- Cody, Alexander J. 2D
- Barker, Herman A. 1I
- Cahill, Charles J. 1I
- Butman, Edwin, 2D
- Broderick, Michael, 2D
- Conrad, Arthur E. 1I
- Bates, Joseph W. 2D
- Daly, John F. 2D
- Cameron, Albert D. 2D
- Christie, John F. 2D
- Burns, Elmo C. 2D
- Cotter, Jeremiah, 2D
- Borden, Frank H. 2D
- Bosch, William J. 1I
- Cushing, Roy H. 1I
- Bergfors, Gustav A. 1I
- Cote, Jean B. H. 2D
- Cameron, James M. 2D
- Cheneries, Philip E. 2D
- Broadford, John B. 2D
- Forsyth, Joseph, 2D
- Dierlach, William G. 1I
- Brennan, William J. 1I
- Cobb, Roy C. 2D
- Christie, Samuel G. 2D
- Bourke, Asa G. 2D
- Barnes, Arthur B. 1F
- Brayshaw, Edmund H. 2D

### TWO MEETINGS HELD BY BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Two meetings of the board of Selectmen have been held this week to select a superintendent of streets and to take action relative to the Town Farm. No action was reached Monday.

A delegation from the Weymouth Grocers and Provision Dealers' Association were in attendance to protest against the granting of common victuallers licenses, ostensibly to obtain permission to keep stores open Sundays, thus competing with grocery stores that favor their employees by short hours. The delegation also protested against granting licenses to those who open stores for the summer only at the Weymouth beaches; stores that are open Sundays and at all hours. The Selectmen took the matter under advisement.

Three were drawn to serve as jurors, viz: Benjamin W. Hewitt, Franklin Blanchard and Henry L. Lovell. Joseph H. Sherman was appointed superintendent of alewife fisheries. The Selectmen declined to consider a proposal of the Pew Fishery Co. to take the whole of the catch of alewives, as the people of the town had the first right to them.

After a hearing the Telephone Co. was granted locations for three poles on Green street. The following were appointed as special police: F. Everett Clapp, Joe Taylor, Michael Allen, Robert Burbank, A. Ernest Gay, Harry A. Bailey, Bertie T. Hobart, Clarence Pratt, Frank D. Sherman, Asa K. Binney and James H. Connor. On Thursday the Selectmen reappointed Irving E. Johnson as superintendent of streets and James W. Eldridge superintendent of the Weymouth Almshouse and farm. The board also appointed a large Public Safety Committee whose names will be printed next week in the Gazette.

## IDLEWELL GRASS FIRE GETS BEYOND CONTROL

### Barn and Silo Destroyed and Two Bungalows Damaged—The Heights Threatened

At 10 o'clock Sunday afternoon, the fire alarm called Hose 7 to extinguish a grass fire which Joseph W. Conren of Cambridge started on his farm at Idlewell to fertilize the soil. The moderate wind which sprang up, caused the grass fire to spread with such rapidity that it was soon beyond the control of Mr. Conren, and assistance was called. Although Hose 7 responded very readily they found on their arrival that the flames had reached the big barn and silo and that a double alarm would be necessary.

the house connected with the barn, although partially burned, all the furniture it contained was saved.

The bungalow located a few feet from the barn caught fire but the damage was not serious. The silo which fortunately contained no hay, also the barn, were owned by Mr. Conren. The barn was quite a loss, it recently having had built in it a hard wood floor with the idea of making it a dance hall. The attic of the barn contained some valuable furniture all of which was rescued in safety.

The East and North Weymouth fire departments arrived at the fire in quick time, but were badly handicapped by the lack of water, the supply having been shut off at the close of the vacation season, and it was necessary to notify the Water department before the firemen had water with which to fight the flames.

The two bungalows damaged were the property of Joseph Leavitt and Caleb Erb, both of Cambridge. All the afternoon the firemen were kept busy, and it was not until 7 o'clock in the evening that the all out was given.

For a time the flames threatened to spread through the whole settlement and even some of the houses at the Heights were in danger of catching fire from the huge cinders which the wind swept through the air. However, as soon as the water supply was obtained the firemen were quick to get the flames under control.

The fire swept over nearly eighty acres and the damage is estimated at \$7,500.

By this time the fire had made such headway that the barn and silo were completely destroyed, while

Representative Spinney voted with the majority of the House on Tuesday to ratify the National Prohibition amendment, which was adopted by a vote of 145 to 91, a much larger majority than anticipated.

#### CROWDED OUT TODAY

Big "Ads" and the "Merger" sermon crowd out today many news items and several regular features. Yes the 16-page Gazette is crowded every week.

## ODD FELLOWS HALL EAST WEYMOUTH

THE HOME OF PARAMOUNT PICTURES. ARTHUR L. McORORY, Manager.

Matinee 2.30 SAT. MARCH 30 Evening 7.45  
Pathe News Pathe Comedy

VENGEANCE AND THE WOMAN—9th Episode.  
WALLACE REID in "THE YELLOW PAWN"

Matinee 2.30 WED. APRIL 3 Evening 7.45  
PARAMOUNT PICTOGRAPHS BIG V COMEDY  
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS  
IN  
"DOWN TO EARTH"

COMING MONDAY, APRIL 8—ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE SHOW

## New Orpheum

Matinee, 2.30 SAT. MARCH 30 Evening, 7.45



Burton Holmes Travels  
Christie Comedy

Vengeance and The Woman  
9th Episode

GEO. BEBAN  
—IN—  
"The Cook of Canyon Camp"

Mat. Mon. April 1 Eve. 2.45 7.45  
Pathe News Pathe Comedy

Mary Pickford

—IN—  
"Stella Maris"

## COMING TO Bates Opera House

L. F. BATES, Manager, Weymouth

Saturday, March 30	"PANTHEA"	7 Reels	Norma Talmage
Tuesday, April 2	"GIRL GLORY"	5 Reels with Dancing	
Saturday, April 6	"ARGYLE CASE"	7 Reels	Robert Warwick
Tuesday, April 9	"THE CLODHOPPER"	5 Reels with Dancing	
Saturday, April 16	"WAR BRIDES"	8 Reels	Nazimova

Dancing every Tuesday Evening with Pictures

## ALHAMBRA Theatre, Quincy

Return Engagement

Billy Hall

AND HIS Musical Comedy Co. With Old Favorites

## KINCAIDE THEATRE Quincy, Today and Saturday

BABY MARIE OSBORNE  
"CAPT. KIDDO"  
The World's most popular child star in a new role that will please both old and young.

PEARL WHITE  
"A Woman's Perfidy"  
3rd Episode of PATHE'S Serial Supreme

"The House of Hate"  
HEARST-PATHE NEWS  
The World before your eyes in pictures. Here twice a week.

Comfortable Seats Make Your Trips Here Enjoyable.

J

UST

Twenty-Nine Years Ago

For TWENTY-NINE YEARS we have been doing business in New England and have been successful. This is indisputable proof that the people approve of the business policy which we originally framed when we first began, and that has been strictly adhered to by us since.

SATISFACTION to the CUSTOMER down to the slightest detail—the SQUARE DEAL first, last and always—the BEST POSSIBLE MERCHANDISE AND SERVICE at the LOWEST POSSIBLE COST—and the GREATEST VALUE obtainable for the customer's money are the FOUR CORNER STONES upon which has been built our great chain of successful retail clothing stores.

From the modest beginning in our little 20x60 store which was opened in 1889, with many misgivings but great hopes, our business has expanded and grown until today we own and operate the greatest chain of SUCCESSFUL RETAIL CLOTHING STORES, and do by far the LARGEST BUSINESS of any house in our line of trade in New England.

There is no effect without a cause, and the principal cause for the vast growth of our business is the liberal, yes, generous, HONEST TREATMENT OF OUR CUSTOMERS through these years of expansion. We have conducted our business on the broad basis that the interests of the buyer and seller are in reality one and to retain a customer's patronage and good will it is necessary at all times to consult the customer's welfare.

FROM THE LEADING MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S, WOMEN'S, BOYS' and GIRLS' APPAREL we have selected their choicest productions and now have ready for your inspection the best, largest and most complete stock of new, STYLISH, DEPENDABLE APPAREL FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY that it has ever been our privilege to submit, which we now offer at a most radical disregard for profits.

STYLE FOR STYLE—QUALITY FOR QUALITY—THE VALUES found here will compare favorably with the lowest prices quoted anywhere by anybody for equally good merchandise. Back of this is our UNQUALIFIED GUARANTEE OF PERFECT SATISFACTION, and we are "on the job" all the time to protect that guarantee. Our hundreds of thousands of satisfied customers throughout New England know this and those who don't owe it to themselves and their best interests to investigate our claims before buying their Spring Clothing for themselves or any member of their family.

OUR CHARGE SYSTEM is a very simple one and may be summed up in the one word "CONFIDENCE." Years of experience have taught us that an honest person is always safe to do business with and that if the conditions are not difficult or burdensome such a person can be depended upon to fulfill them. The great masses of the people of moderate means at times find it difficult to pay spot cash for their clothing necessities and equally impossible to secure accommodation at the majority of the large retail stores, not because they are not honest but because their names are not found in the BLUE BOOK OR SOME COMMERCIAL AGENCY'S REPORT. TWENTY-NINE YEARS OF EXPERIENCE PROVE to us that an account can be MORE EASILY PAID IN PARTIAL PAYMENTS than in a lump sum, and our CHARGE POLICY PROVIDES for this privilege. It enables the WORKING MAN—THE BONE AND SINEW OF THE LAND—to have such CLOTHES as HE AND HIS FAMILY WANT WHEN THEY WANT THEM AT A PRICE HE WANTS TO PAY. There is no extra charge of any kind made for this accommodation. We cordially invite your careful and critical inspection of our business methods as well as our merchandise.

Open Monday, Friday, Saturday Nights

Joyce Bros. & Co.

13-15 Granite Street Quincy, Mass. Boston Providence Lynn Pawtucket Malden Manchester

ROLL OF HONOR

Will be Republished Occasionally in the Gazette and Transcript

WITH REVISION AND ADDITIONS

PLEASE SEE THAT YOUR SON OR YOUR FRIEND IS CORRECTLY LISTED

1918 APRIL 1918

Calendar grid for April 1918 with days of the week and moon phases.

SHERM'S DOTS

Military signs for soil and cultivation including Wood, Grass or meadow, Cultivated land, Orchard, Rice swamps, Sand & gravel, Mud & tidal flats, Salt marsh, Fresh marsh pond, Cypress swamp.

THE DOTS SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE. By Clifford Leon Sherman. Dear Folks:—Well, we are not in the trenches yet, and nobody seems to know when we will be. However, we are getting the best kind of training...



Well, They Don't Know Any! Men quarrel and fight about their opinions, never about facts.—Chicago News.

POOR MAN To Revive Corks. After corks have been used a while they sometimes become so compressed that the contents of the bottle leak out...

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB. Some people hunt for animals And kill whatever ones they find—I'd rather sit in solitude And chase the thoughts around my mind.

A Man Famine

IN common with other countries involved in the World War, the United States is now suffering from a depletion of its business forces because of the large number of men who have entered the service of the government in the business of war.

What is the answer? Conservation! This is the watchword, the slogan of today—We are asked to save food, coal, materials of every kind, yet but little has been said about the CONSERVATION OF TIME, TRAVELLING EXPENSE, etc., which are also matters of great importance.

The most effective aid to Conservation is the telephone because—

It is the quickest means of communication and thus conserves time.

It enables one man to do the work of many and thus conserve labor.

It is surprisingly effective of results, being equal and sometimes superior to a personal call; it thus increases business efficiency.

It is economical when we consider what can be accomplished by a telephone interview of a few minutes' duration, comprising several hundred words of conversation; it, therefore, conserves money.

Then why not make "Conservation by Telephone" your slogan?



New England Telephone and Telegraph Company

C. D. RICHARDS, South Suburban Manager.

25 PENNIES BUYS A THRIFT STAMP TEACH YOUR CHILDREN TO SAVE AND BUY

"OVER THE TOP"

FOR OVER A YEAR NOW The Gazette and Transcript Has Been a 16-Page Newspaper

So the people of Weymouth know that they are to have PERMANENTLY one of the largest weekly newspapers in New England. Larger than most of the Boston Papers.

EVERY HOUSEHOLD SHOULD BE A SUBSCRIBER.

Some of the Regular Features Every Week are:

- 20 to 25 Columns of Local News. Club and Social Department. Sunday Services and Church News. "Rumor Has It" Department. LETTERS FROM SOLDIERS IN SERVICE. FORTY OR MORE DEPARTMENTS. Weymouth and East Braintree N. rs. Nash's Corner and Main Street News. South Weymouth News. Lovells Corner News. East Weymouth and Weymouth Centre News. Weymouth Heights News. North Weymouth News.

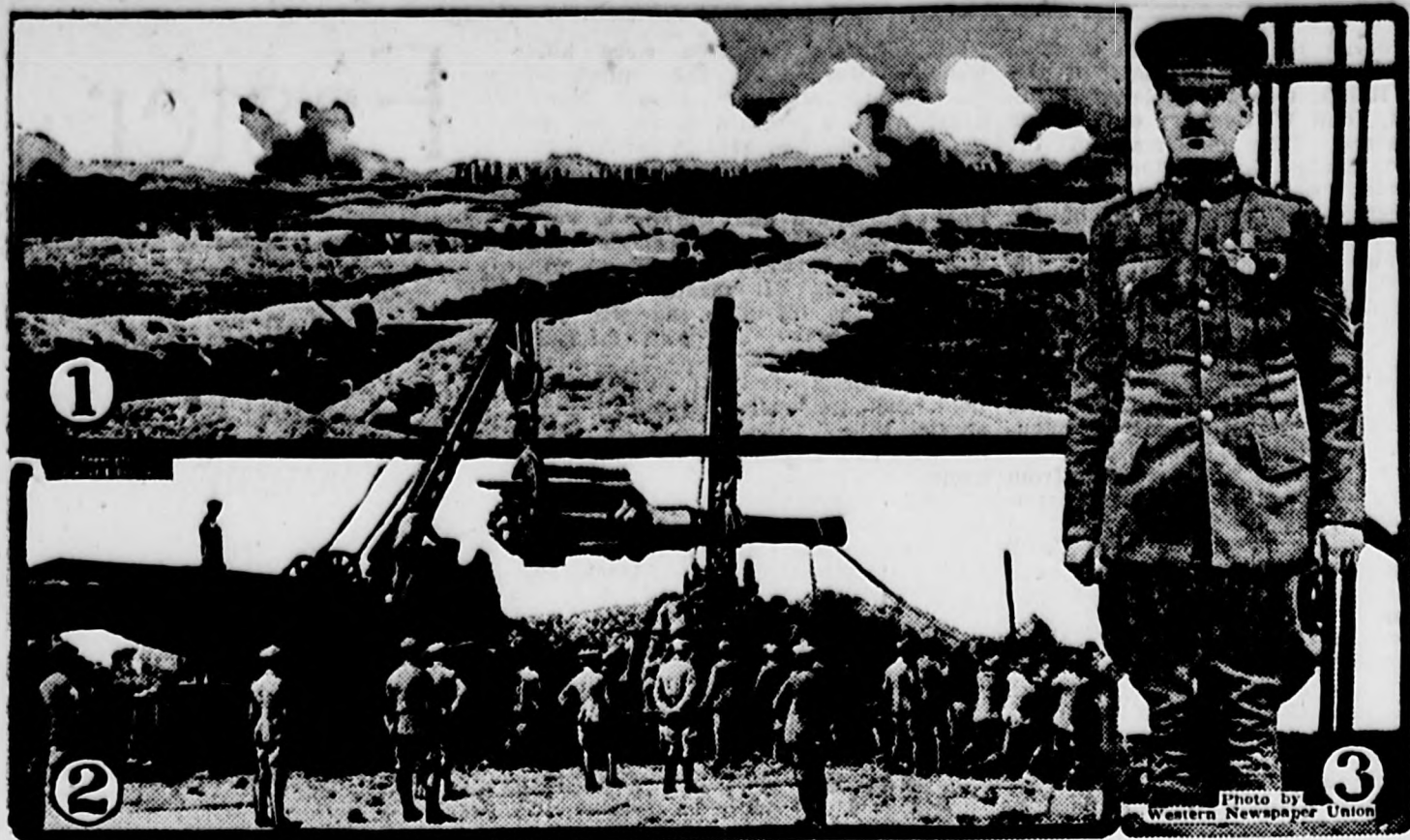
- ALL THESE ARE REGULAR FEATURES. CLAPP MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION NEWS. Woman's Relief Corps Items. Sons of Veterans Auxiliary Items. Instalment of Continued Story. Complete Short Stories. FULL PAGE OF PICTURES. German War Practices. (2 columns every week). Dot Puzzle by Clifford Leon Sherman.

- YOU CAN COUNT ON THESE EVERY WEEK. Cartoons of the Day. News Review of Week, Particularly of the War. WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT BY JULIA BOTTOMLEY. The Housewife and the War. (Information from the Department of Agriculture of United States. Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P. South Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P. North Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P. East Weymouth Branch, S. A. S. A. P. HOUSE PLANS ILLUSTRATED BY AN EXPERT. Boy Scout Column. Daddy's Evening Fairy Tale.

- TELL OTHERS WHAT YOU KNOW ABOUT THE GAZETTE. Illustrated Humor. CHILDREN'S COLUMN BY MISS S. E. BRASSILL. Food Facts by Miss H. Mildred Cowan. Farm Letters by Edward Lukeman. Doings of Selectmen and Town Officers. Daily Temperature at 6 A. M., 12 M. and 6 P. M. TRAVEL LETTERS BY CARL FISHER PRESCOTT. High Tides Daily for Week. Real Estate Transfers Recorded. Theatre Announcements. Town Briefs. Births, Marriages and Deaths. Business Directory.

The Gazette is encouraging the Red Cross, the Y. M. C. A., the K. of C., the sale of Thrift Stamps, War Savings Stamps, Smilge Coupon Books, Food Conservation, and the government generally.

The Gazette is Working to Uphold Our Town Are YOU Encouraging Our Local Paper



1—British troops advancing to a grenade attack under cover of a heavy barrage fire. 2—Italians moving a heavy gun up to position for the expected spring offensive. 3—Sergt. Maj. A. W. James of the Canadian forces, who was decorated in the presence of a huge crowd at Madison Square Garden, New York, for bravery in action after being badly wounded.

## NEWS REVIEW OF THE PAST WEEK

### Germans Open Great Attack on the British Front North of St. Quentin.

#### MAY BE THE SPRING DRIVE

Allied Commanders Confident Their Lines Cannot Be Broken Seriously—Teutonic Penetration of Russia Continues—Shipping Question Most Serious—Dutch Vessels Are Seized.

By E. W. PICKARD.

"We are at the decisive moment of the war and one of the greatest moments in German history," telegraphed the kaiser to the Rhenish provincial council, and thereupon, Thursday morning, his forces began a tremendous bombardment of a wide stretch of the British front north of St. Quentin. This was followed by attacks by large masses of infantry which were hurled against the British front in desperate efforts to break through. The assaults were extremely costly to the enemy and up to the time of writing had been of little avail, for though at some points the British advanced lines had been penetrated, Field Marshal Haig reported that on no part of the long front of attack had the Germans attained their objective.

Apparently Von Hindenburg was trying to drive in a wedge on each side of the Cambrai salient, and at the same time his troops made vicious assaults on the French northeast of Verdun and near Reims, though these were considered as diversions rather than parts of the main attack. The lines held by the Americans in the Lorraine and Toul sectors had not been assailed. The British were in no way surprised by the attack of Thursday, and their commanders met it with supreme confidence. In every possible way they were prepared to meet the assault, of which they had had ample warning. Whether this smash was really the opening of the threatened great spring drive of the kaiser or not was uncertain, but American military experts doubted it. If it were, said they, it was the most hopeful sign of the war so far, for its defeat was certain. And such a defeat, they felt, would bring much closer the ultimate triumph of the cause of the allies.

Intense aerial activity characterized the operations all along the west front last week. There were numerous combats, in which the allies generally had the best of it, and the British and French aviators made many raids on towns and military establishments back of the German lines. Mannheim especially was hard hit by the British. The American flyers also were very busy and won praise by their skill and daring.

These developments lend backing to the statement of one war correspondent that land fighting in France is temporarily in abeyance and that the allies expect to win the war there in the air, having already undoubted supremacy in that element. He asserts that if the Germans make their great drive it must be made blindly, and the allies will promptly send their immense navies of the air across and destroy the Hun's lines of communications, depots and factories and his entire organization of supplies and re-enforcements. If this is the plan, there is the greater need for the United States to speed up its lagging production of battleplanes. The Providence Journal, heretofore remarkably well informed, asserts that in this respect the American aircraft program for 1918 is an absolute failure.

While the kaiser delayed his big attack on the west front, the world has waited in considerable suspense to know what the plan of the allies may be. This rests with the supreme council at Versailles—in which Amer-

ica is still unrepresented—and there is reason to believe that it will decide to take the offensive without waiting for the Germans to strike, as was intimated in these columns some weeks ago. It is believed that the council has at its disposal an immense army made up of reserves of the various allied forces, and some wise observers think the first great attack will be made in Italy, though there will be enough doing in France and Belgium to keep the Germans busy and uncertain. Intense activity by both the Germans and French in the Verdun region, and certain movements in the American sector toward Metz indicate coming operations of magnitude on those parts of the line. The French made some remarkably swift and successful raids, destroying enemy blockhouses and shelters that had taken three years to construct.

On the Toul front the Americans were subjected to continuous shelling and the enemy also sent over airplanes that dropped large rubber balls filled with liquified mustard gas—a new form of attack. The American artillery maintained its record for accurate fire, driving the enemy from several strong positions and at times attacking the Germans heavily with gas shells. Secretary Baker in the course of his visit to General Pershing's forces was under fire in the front line trenches, and one big shell exploded close to his automobile, but he escaped injury.

On Tuesday General Pershing approved the awarding of the first of the new American military crosses for bravery, the recipients being Lieut. John O. Green and Sergts. William Norton and Patrick Walsh. All of them previously had been decorated with the French war cross.

In Russia, despite the acceptance of the peace treaty by the bolsheviks, the German armies have been steadily pressing forward, occupying town after town in the south, moving up toward Moscow and also approaching so close to Petrograd that the seizure of the capital city was said to be a matter of days or hours. All the allied diplomats left Petrograd, most of them retreating to Vologda, 350 miles east. American Ambassador Francis from there issued an address to the Russian people, warning them that if they submitted to the peace imposed by the central powers Russia eventually would become a German province, and pledging the support of the American government to any government in Russia that would resist the German penetration. Mr. Francis acted without specific instructions from Washington, but his utterances received the full approval of the administration.

The bolshevik government has been hurriedly moving to Moscow. Trotzky is there and says he will act as minister of war if there is to be more fighting. The new volunteer army is being organized rapidly, with renewed discipline, and the press and people, already somewhat disillusioned, cry out against the predatory ruthlessness of the Germans. The Transcaucasian assembly at Tiflis refused to ratify the peace treaty and demanded immediate war on Germany. The attitude of all the allies toward the bolshevik soviet is becoming more sympathetic, but the hope of effective resistance is rather faint.

The hand of the conqueror falls more and more heavily on Roumania, which is now required to give up to the central powers not only all of her own war munitions, but also those left in Roumania by the allies. If she yields to this demand the representatives of the allies will leave Jassy.

The supreme war council of the allies at Versailles issued a statement denouncing Germany's political crimes against Russia and Roumania and refusing to recognize the peace treaties with them. "We are fighting, and mean to continue fighting, in order to finish once for all with this policy of plunder," said the council. In reply Chancellor von Hertling asserted Germany had no intention of robbing or dishonoring Russia and accused the allies of hypocrisy, untruthfulness and brutality.

There was no material change in the situation in the far East, but the opposition to Japan's plan to occupy Vladivostok seemed to increase because of the persistent distrust of the island em-

pire's good faith. Trotzky warned the world that Germany and Japan had agreed to divide Russia between them, but Trotzky's opinions are no longer entitled to very serious consideration.

Early Thursday morning two British and three French destroyers engaged a force of German destroyers off Dunkerque, and when the fight was over four enemy vessels had been sunk. One British destroyer was damaged, but the allied casualties were slight.

The same day Ostend was heavily bombarded by British monitors and Helgoland was attacked by airplanes.

Eloquent argument having failed to bring the Teutonic rulers to their senses or the Teutonic peoples to a realization of the truth, and encouragement and sympathy having met with no response from the Russians, President Wilson seems to have decided that action, quick and forcible, is the only thing that will bring the war to a close. He cheered up the country immensely by calling into conference the heads of the various war boards, who had been named as advisers to the chairman of the war industries board in establishing co-ordination. He impressed upon these men again the need of harmonizing their work in order to hurry up shipbuilding, increase shipping facilities and provide materials for the production of munitions. The shipbuilding question is the most pressing one, and the government is somewhat disturbed by the uncertain labor situation. It intends to adopt a definite labor policy, as did England, but this has not yet been formulated.

The matter of ships also came to the front again in England, and in response to public demand Sir Eric Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, gave out figures on the results of the submarine warfare. Total losses to the allies and neutral nations since the beginning of the war, he said, were 6,000,000 tons, and he admitted the monthly losses are 120,000 tons greater than the new ships built. To correct this, Sir John Jellicoe is to devote himself to combating the submarine. Lord Pirrie has been made governor general of merchant ship building and all available men in the country will be put to building ships. Premier Lloyd-George said that by special effort the deficiency could be made good in British shipyards alone.

A great help in solving this transport problem is the seizure of about a million tons of Dutch shipping by the United States and England. This was accomplished on Wednesday after the Netherlands government had refused to put into effect its voluntary agreement to restore its merchant marine to normal activity. Most of the vessels taken will be used in carrying food from America to Europe, and President Wilson says Holland will receive ample supplies of foodstuffs, in accordance with the original pact. Germany, of course, has warned the Dutch that their ships now will be sunk, but it never has shown much regard for the rights of neutral ships outside the proscribed zone.

After being assailed in vain by the Republicans, the administration bill to establish a war finance corporation was passed by the house Thursday with only two opposing votes. On the same day the president signed the bill which brings the railroads under government operation and control until 21 months after the end of the war.

Agricultural interests were relieved of anxiety by an order of the war department permitting men engaged in planting or cultivating crops to continue their work until finished, although their draft numbers are reached. This does not apply to dairy workers.

Wisconsin, smarting under the imputations of disloyalty caused by La Follette and his doling and sayings, undertook to redeem herself in the senatorial primaries, and succeeded in a measure. Joseph E. Davies, backed by the national administration, easily won the Democratic nomination, but Congressman Learroot had a hard task defeating James Thompson, the La Follette candidate, for the Republican choice. The Socialist vote, unexpectedly heavy, was cast for Victor Berger, who is under indictment for violating the espionage act.

## BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America)

### SCOUTS KEEN ON WAR WORK

A notable feature of scouting in 1917 was the pronounced recognition of the organization as an aid to the government in the conduct of the war.

"Before the war, a boy's greatest ambition was to be quarterback on the football team or pitcher on the baseball team or captain of the athletic team," said Chief Scout Executive James E. West.

"Today, 295,768 of the huskiest boys in America find plenty of excitement and satisfaction in being just scouts. This is because playing games is a side issue in wartime, and scouting is a real job.

"When men are marching away to battle for liberty, real boys are not satisfied to play. When bridges, manufacturing plants, public works in every town and city are in danger from foreign foes, genuine fellows want to do their share in protecting their homes.

"With starvation destroying our friends overseas and want threatening in America, an American boy who is the real thing wants to get his exercise by producing food.

"The Boy Scouts of America are happy because Uncle Sam did not pass them by when he rolled up his sleeves and began to gather his forces. The department of agriculture said, 'We need you,' and in a month thousands of scout gardens were growing. The treasury department said, 'We want your help,' and in two Liberty loan campaigns the scouts gathered more than \$125,000,000 which had been overlooked by older canvassers, and are now hard at work selling War Savings stamps. The food administrator said, 'I'd be glad of your assistance,' and a third of a million scout homes cut down on wheat, meat, sugar and fats and began to spread the doctrine of food conservation. They are also 'government dispatch bearers' for the committee on public information.

"There's more fun in being a scout than in all the athletic sports combined, for it is real work—needed, expected and appreciated by the nation."

### MEN CAN BE SCOUTMASTERS.

Uncle Sam must have the service of organized boyhood to win the war.

The Boy Scouts of America are officially working in conjunction with the government in the selling of War Savings stamps and Liberty bonds. President Wilson has made each boy scout in the country his dispatch bearer on his important messages to the people.

Boy scouts are the reliable aids of the Red Cross and the Red Triangle. These boys are in many cases doing the patriotic service of a man.

Theodore Roosevelt says, "The duty of being a scoutmaster comes next in importance to being in active service."

Scouting makes the boy "physically strong, mentally awake and morally straight." This is the type of citizenship this country must have.

The ravages of war weaken the nation for generations. Scouting is the best remedy for this weakness. Scouting is outdoor life and will keep one young. It is the best of recreation. It gives a new slant on life. It opens a new world of practical information.

What is more splendid than the companionship and loyalty of a group of fine American boys? The busy man makes the best scoutmaster. No man is too busy to be a patriot.

Scouting is the new patriotism, based upon loyalty to God and to country and service to other people.

### SCOPE OF SCOUT SERVICE.

Those manly youngsters, organized as the Boy Scouts of America, commended themselves to the public from the start, says a Southern editor. They are called upon to render important service on every large occasion, and their willingness, discipline and efficiency have been remarked with community pride by observant citizens in general.

The scope of scout service is all the while widening. As helpful to city, state and nation as the organization has been within the last six months in Liberty loan, Red Cross and food conservation campaigns, greater still will be its activities in this new year. The scouts will be utilized by the federal government in many ways.

The boys are always on their mettle and they never tire of duty. No trained soldier could be more obedient to orders and none should be more loyal to his colors.

The wonder is how any city got along as well as it did before the boy scouts came into corporate being. And the more the public sees of them the more sympathetic will be its support. All honor to the scouts and the scoutmasters who instruct and lead them.

### BOY SCOUT THRIFT SHOP.

The scouts of Omaha have again made themselves felt in the scout world. They have started a "Boy Scout Thrift Shop." A cobblering class has been formed and all the people of the community have been asked to turn over to the boy scouts all old and discarded shoes.

Under the instruction of an expert the scouts are taught to repair these shoes, and they are then made available at a nominal price for those in need. Over 5,000 pairs were turned in.

## Where You Get the Big Dollar's Worth

- SHIRTS COLLARS
- GLOVES NECKTIES HOSIERY
- HATS CAPS UMBRELLAS
- HEAVY AND LIGHT WEIGHT UNION SUITS
- SHOES FOR MEN
- SHOES FOR WOMEN

**W. M. Tirrell**  
Broad St. Jackson Square

## SEEDS

WE have a limited quantity of 56 varieties of bulk garden seed.

In former years we could re-order seeds. This spring it will be—First come, first served.

WE guarantee our stock to be—The best selected seed that money can buy.

Try us this year. You will receive better service and prices than at the Boston stores.

## J. H. MURRAY

HARDWARE, PAINTS AND OILS  
757 Broad St. Telephone Connection East Weymouth, Mass.



NOW  
is the time to get your  
NEW CORSET

and have it fitted before buying Spring clothes. Models in both Front and Back Laced for every figure.

Prices \$1.00 to \$12.50

To add to the fit and style of your gown wear a Brassiere—also properly fitted

PRICES 29c to \$3.50

## THE CORSET SHOP

S. E. DUNPHY 8 Maple Street, Quincy

## Grain Delivery

We will deliver Grain to the Landing and East Braintree on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday

## Emerson Coal & Grain Co. Inc.

East Weymouth Tel. Wey. 430

## THE LONESOME BOYS IN CAMP

waiting for an opportunity to do their bit in the great world struggle next to a personal visit would appreciate a visit by proxy

### PHOTOGRAPHS

or the folks at home will cheer them beyond measure and carry a message of love that words could not express.

## SUE RICE STUDIO

1522 HANCOCK STREET, QUINCY  
Tel. Quincy 565-W

16 Pages Today

Weymouth Temperature.

Table with 4 columns: Day, 6 A. M., 12 M., 6 P. M. Rows include Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.

HIGH TIDES

Table with 3 columns: Day, A. M., P. M. Rows include Friday, Saturday, Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday.



Mrs. Irving Whiting of North Scituate spent the week-end with Mrs. Fred Fisher.
Albert Weenberg of Brockton, who has been confined to the Brockton hospital for several months with a broken leg, is now visiting his aunt, Mrs. Charles Hart.

Mrs. George Haupt is entertaining her niece, Miss Gladys Stanton of Canton.
Mrs. Leonard F. Wolfe of Newton street has been sick with the measles.

On Thursday evening Mrs. Zeiss of Boston was the speaker at the Holy Week service held in the vestry of Pilgrim church.
A Good Friday service will be held at Pilgrim church this afternoon at 3 o'clock, conducted by the pastor.

On Easter Sunday there will be the regular service at Pilgrim church at 10.30 A. M. with special music and an Easter sermon.
At 7 o'clock in the evening the Sunday School will give an Easter concert.

George Bohan in "The Cook of Canyon Camp" tomorrow afternoon and evening.
Mary Pickford the evening star of film firmament, outlines the brilliancy of every past cinema in her newest Artcraft picture, "Stella Maris."



Stewart, Jr., the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Stewart White of Somerville, died suddenly Sunday at the home of his grandmother, Mrs. Catherine Colby of Franklin street.

John Meehan, for several years gardener for Wallace H. Bicknell of Front street, died at the home of his niece in Boston last week, aged 62 years.
Solomon Davis, father of Mrs. Joseph Halter of this place, died at the Peter Bent Brigham hospital, Boston, Sunday, aged 62. He was quite well known in this town where he was a frequent visitor.

Roger Pray, who has been ill with appendicitis, went to the Massachusetts General hospital on Saturday, where it was decided that it was not necessary for him to be operated on, at least not for the present.
Harry Lipman is home from New York where he went last week to officiate as best man at the wedding of a friend.

The body of Mrs. Maria Pray, a former resident who died in Norwell, was brought here Friday, and services held at the chapel at Village cemetery. Interment was in the family lot.
Mrs. Ellen Corridan, wife of Michael J. Corridan, died at her home, 288 Washington street, Tuesday morning, following a long illness, aged 42. Besides her husband she leaves two daughters, Mrs. Alice Shields and Miss Rita Corridan, and two sons, Kenneth of this town and James Corridan at present in the U. S. Army, and supposed to be at present on his way across.

Benjamin Croke, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Croke, formerly of Weymouth, died at the home of his parents in Arlington Heights, Saturday, March 23. Mr. Croke leaves a wife, formerly Miss Elizabeth Mills, of Scotland, and three small children. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Frank B. Cressey, years ago pastor of the Weymouth Baptist church.

Mrs. Napoleon Pichette of Hobbacombe road has returned from the Quincy hospital where she underwent a serious operation.
Mr. and Mrs. John Taylor entertained six couples at a covered dish party last Friday evening.

The Ladies' Aid held an all-day meeting Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Charles White.
This evening there will be a preaching service at the Porter M. E. church.
Wednesday Mrs. Nettie Saunders moved to her new home in Everett.

George Bohan in "The Cook of Canyon Camp" tomorrow afternoon and evening.
Mary Pickford the evening star of film firmament, outlines the brilliancy of every past cinema in her newest Artcraft picture, "Stella Maris."

Nash's Corner And Main Street

August Ducker has accepted a position at the laundry, driving one of the trucks.
Miss Mary Gardner spent the week-end with friends at the Franklin Square House.
Arthur Blatt has moved into the house on Park avenue recently vacated by Mr. DeBoer.

Anna Hansen has resigned her position at the laundry.
A daughter was born March 22 to Mr. and Mrs. William Cuff of Rockland. Mrs. Cuff was formerly Mae Reidy of this town.
Mrs. Timothy Desmond and daughter, Nellie, spent the week-end in New York visiting William Desmond, who is stationed at Camp Upton.

Frank DeRusha has been transferred to Camp Merrick, N. J.
Mrs. N. C. Nash entertained a few friends from Braintree at whist Friday afternoon.
Mrs. George Collomore and daughter, Mae, were the week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Howard.

William Edward Macquin, Jr., entertained a number of his little friends at a birthday party March 26. Alice Tirrell, Evelyn Johnson, Gertrude Altimus, Donald Brackett, Ernest Thayer, Merideth Stowell, Althea Holbrook and Ralph Robbins helped him celebrate.
W. E. Macquin arrived from New York to spend the week-end with his family.

Frederick Dyer met with an accident the other day when the auto he was driving tipped over. Mr. Brown, a friend who was riding with him, fractured his wrist.
Miss Lillian Guertin, formerly employed in the office of the Old Colony Gas Co., has accepted a position with a dental supply company on Boylston street, Boston.

Maj. Frederick G. Bauer left this week for a Southern training camp.
Private Fred Frost of Camp Devens spent the week-end with his parents.
Evelyn Greeley is spending a vacation from her studies at Mt. Holyoke.

Albert Shaw has taken a position at the Crawford Machine Shop.
Movie ball Tuesday evening, April 2, Bates Opera House, Weymouth.
Dorothy Nash of Nashua, N. H., is home for a week's vacation.

Private Leo Madden of Camp Devens spent the week-end with his parents.
Fred A. Line was called to Gardner, Me., this week to attend the funeral of the daughter of Rev. Milo Fulson of that place.
Louis Borlenghi narrowly escaped a serious accident when a light delivery car which he was driving turned turtle near 714 Main street. Louis extricated himself from beneath the car without a scratch.

and George H. Shaw. The grounds committee for 1918 consists of Oswald Ralph, George Sellers, H. C. Alvord, John W. Seabury and Wilton L. Hawes.
The chairman of the trustees made a long report covering the doings of the past year in all branches, from the revision of the constitution and the formulation of new rules and regulations to a minute details of improvement and management. The treasurer's report showed a healthy condition of finances.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Karzkan of White street is recovering from an attack of pneumonia.
Leo Campbell has returned from New York where he sang at a patriotic concert, given in honor of the sailors at the Brooklyn Navy Yard.
Daniel Horgan, who has been seriously ill with pneumonia, is improving.

Newton Hollis is ill at his home on Randolph street.
Mr. and Mrs. Frank Thomas have moved into George Conant's house.
The Pond Plain Improvement Association met Tuesday evening at the Pond street hall.
Harold Bates of Union street is ill.

Mrs. Fred A. Line and daughter, attended a concert at Assinippi Wednesday evening.
The committee in charge of the surgical dressings call attention to the great need of increasing the number of bandages made and wish many more workers would come to the Engine House hall on Monday afternoon from 2 to 5.
ers were re-elected: Rev. H. C. Alvord, president. Bradford Hawes, vice president. J. E. Gardner, treasurer. Bates Torrey, secretary. Nathan Bates was reappointed superintendent, and the board of trustees now consists of T. C. Heald, W. L. Bates, C. W. Fearing, Willard Holbrook, Oswald Ralph, A. O. Crawford, A. M. Newbert, George Sellers.

The Abigail Adams Rebekah lodge will hold a whist at Odd Fellows hall Wednesday, April 3, at 3 P. M. The public is invited.
Isabelle Neilson and son, John Jr., are under quarantine at Norfolk Downs with scarlet fever.
At a meeting of the Congregational society held Tuesday evening Charles B. Cushing, William C. Earle and Emerson R. Dizer were elected as the prudential committee for the ensuing year. Emerson R. Dizer was chosen clerk of the board, and after discussing several matters designed to advance the efficiency of the church, it was voted that the committee hold monthly meetings the second Monday evening of each month to discuss matters of interest and to which all who may have requests or suggestions to offer will be welcome.

Fred J. Clark passed away at his home in Lawrence March 20, after a protracted illness. The body was brought here for burial in Fairmount cemetery last Saturday. Mr. Clark is survived by a wife, Mrs. Agnes (Bates) Clark, formerly of this town, two sons and a daughter.
Private Norman A. Walker of Camp Devens spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Walker of Middle street.

Allan H. King, field secretary of Norfolk County Y. M. C. A. gave an inspiring address in the M. E. church vestry Sunday evening, on the work of the Y. M. C. A. with teen-age boys and in the war camps at home and abroad.
Miss Marion A. Bradford of South Braintree spent the week-end with Miss Olive D. Sylvester of Commercial street.

Miss Velma Abbott has given up her position with R. S. Hoffman of Boston to accept one in the office of the Emerson Coal Co.
Miss Alice Morse has finished her course in telegraphy and has taken up her duties in the East Weymouth station.
After resigning her position with R. S. Hoffman of Boston Miss Theodora T. Keitlin has accepted a position with the Stetson Shoe Co.

The two-year-old twins of Mr. and Mrs. Burton Stetson of East street are ill with pneumonia.
John A. MacFaul, the popular young man who was a resident here for a large number of years, holding the position of clerk in the East Weymouth Savings Bank, attended a banquet and meeting of the officers and directors of the Federal Reserve Bank at Boston at Young's hotel last evening. Mr. MacFaul left his position here to take one in the U. S. Federal Reserve Bank of Boston. Soon after he took up his residence in the city. He has rapidly risen and now holds a position of great responsibility. He was a faithful member and consistent attendant of the Congregational church in East Weymouth and a host of friends wish him the best of luck in his new position.
Lyman Lawrence of Lexington has been visiting friends in town.
Mrs. Benjamin F. Lane of 103 Chard street, passed away on Tuesday after a five days illness of pneumonia. She was 80 years old and a native of Brunswick, Me. Burial was in the Old North cemetery. Although 80 years old, Mrs. Lane has recently knitted for the soldier boys 20 pairs of wristers and 3 sweaters, and within a week of her death coiled for more yarn.

Club. Funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at the church of the Immaculate Conception. Many floral tributes testified to the esteem by which she was held by her friends.
The new routing of street cars that went into effect today between East Weymouth and Quincy is sure to be unpopular, as through cars will be run between East Weymouth and Neponset. It means that the cars will be off time and will not make good connections with trains at the Quincy station.

The Congregational church will hold an appropriate Good Friday service this evening at 7.30, to which all who can attend will be most welcome.
An important meeting of the Fairmount Cemetery Circle will be held with Mrs. Charles Harrington, Shawmut street, Friday, March 29, at 7.30 P. M.

In the ladies' bowling tournament Team 2, Miss Marion French, captain, took three points from Team 1, Miss Alice Howley, captain, with a total pinfall of 645 to 640. Miss Alice Howley captured the high single string with 87, and the two-string total with 160.
Team 4, Miss Nellie Looney, captain, won two points from Team 3, Mrs. Lottie McOrth, captain. Team 3 taking one point. Total pinfall, 674 to 665. Miss Nellie Looney got the high single string with 85 and the two-string total with 162.

The Hunt school won the final game from the James Humphrey school, 9 to 0, at the Clapp Memorial on Tuesday afternoon. The team was presented a silver cup properly engraved by the Clapp Memorial Association. The team this year won all six games, scoring 143 points to their opponents' 19. The Hunt school team has not been defeated for the past two years, having also won the championship last year. The following made up the team: J. Kelley, rf.; G. Tracy, lf.; A. Smith, c.; J. Murray, rg.; C. White, lg.; F. Coyle, sub.

George Ovardjian (Stone Hatchet) is fast getting into first class condition, and plans are already on foot for a match between George and Rene Vallencourt, Canadian 135-lb. champ. Vallencourt is employed at the Fore River plant and has a large following of fans who think he is unbeatable at his weight. "Stone Hatchet" thinks different however and is willing to back up this opinion at any time.
Archie Jeanett, former wrestling star of the C. M. A., and now stationed at the Harvard Radio school, is topling them all over out at Cambridge and size does not count, for he threw a man from the Navy yard a few nights ago in eight minutes, who weighed 235 pounds. He wrestled the best man at Camp Devens last week, and had no trouble in winning in seven minutes. Jeanett was in East Weymouth last week and expressed the intention of returning to this town just as soon as the war is over.

Basil Warren, another C. M. A. product, now on the U. S. S. Manning at Gibraltar, writes that he is enjoying the best of health and has a fairly good time, yet wishes he was back to represent the C. M. A. in the championship this year.
Paul Coffee has taken an awful dislike to the punching bag lately and you can hear him pounding it most any time after school.

The Planning Board of Weymouth met on Tuesday evening and organized with the reelection of A. P. Worthen as president, George L. Barnes as vice president and M. P. Garey as secretary. Committees were appointed, and will be announced next week.
A little snow fell on Tuesday, and the mornings this week have been cool.

and George H. Shaw. The grounds committee for 1918 consists of Oswald Ralph, George Sellers, H. C. Alvord, John W. Seabury and Wilton L. Hawes.
The chairman of the trustees made a long report covering the doings of the past year in all branches, from the revision of the constitution and the formulation of new rules and regulations to a minute details of improvement and management. The treasurer's report showed a healthy condition of finances.

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Easter (SUNDAY, MARCH 31)

EASTER NECKWEAR SHIRTS HOSIERY New Style MEN and BOYS' CAPS Dress Suits To Let for all occasions

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STERLING Phone, Wey. 819 NORTH WEYMOUTH CO-OPERATIVE BANK Notice to Shareholders There will be a meeting of the shareholders of this bank at the Banking Rooms, 48 Sea Street, Saturday, April 6, 1918, at 7.30 P. M., for the purpose of nominating officers for the ensuing year. EDWIN R. SAMPSON, Clerk.

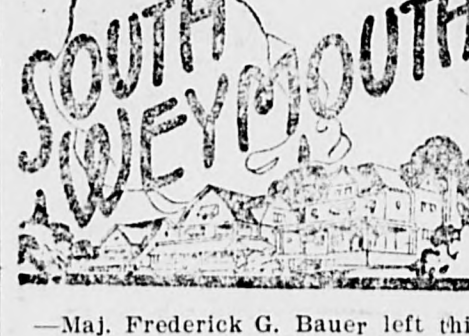
AUTOS FOR SALE One Brand New OLDSMOBILE Seven Passenger - (Eight Cylinder) The above auto would cost you today about \$1,600. Can be bought for \$1,000. Also one new Vin Truck. Price today \$845. Can be bought for \$750.00. Apply to L. F. BATES, Formerly of the Weymouth, B and B Garage.

NEW STORE A SUCCESS

We take this opportunity to thank the people of Quincy, Weymouth and Braintree, for the splendid response to our invitation to OUR NEW STORE last FRIDAY and SATURDAY. On these days the store was filled with interested people, and from their comments and the generous amount of money they spent for the new Spring merchandise, we feel that our efforts to establish the BEST STORE IN THIS VICINITY are fully appreciated, and SUCCESS is already assured.

LISTEN! Friday and Saturday are the days for SPECIAL VALUES. This week we offer Friday and Saturday only Special Bungalow Aprons 98c (Regular Price \$1.25)

KELLOGG CO. (Next Kingside Theatre, Quincy)



Odd Fellows Hall Notes Pathe News will substitute for Burton Holmes Travels during April. Wallace Reid in "The Yellow Pawn" tomorrow.
Matinee every Wednesday and Saturday during April at 2.30.
Next Wednesday "Doug" Fairbanks will be shown in "Down to Earth."
The management has completed arrangements for an all star vaudeville show for Monday, April 8. Milton Richmond and his minstrel troupe, Irene and Helen Roche of Jordan hall fame and Gertrude Dolan in a military dance will give an evening's entertainment that is sure to be full of "pep."
April schedules will be out tomorrow. Be sure and get one.

DAUGHTERS OF VETERANS The next meeting of the Sewing Circle will be held at G. A. R. hall Thursday, April 3, at 2 o'clock. Supper at 6 o'clock. Sisters bring pastry unless otherwise solicited.
Regular meeting at 7.45 o'clock. A good attendance is desired.
President Caroline Langhorst, J. V. P. Susie Davy, Sisters Lewis, Williams and Andrew attended the class initiation on Monday night at Panell hall. Sister Andrew acted as color bearer. Thirty members were mustered into the order.
Patriotic Instructor Sadie Wolfe is recovering from liberty measles.

At the annual meeting Mount Hope Cemetery Association Monday evening, the following members of the Women's Catholic

16 Pages Today

CLUB and SOCIAL

The General Federation of Women's Clubs in America numbering about one million women, held a directors' meeting in February...

The regular meeting of Susannah Tufts chapter D. A. R. was held in K. of P. Hall on Monday.

The Monday Club Children's Day was held Monday in Bates Opera House.

The Tuesday evening whist club met with Mrs. Gordon Willis.

Next Wednesday evening Abigail Adams Rebekah lodge will entertain the President of the Rebekah Assembly.

Mrs. Frederick G. Bauer entertained the retiring president of the Old Colony Club at her home on Wednesday.

The many friends of Private John House are glad to hear of his marriage to Miss Cora L. Loring of this town at Camp Upton.

The South Shore Morning Music-Club held a musicale Thursday morning at the home of Mrs. Putnam.

The Wissahickon Camp Fire Girls will meet this evening with Marjorie Bowden.

The last concert of the season by the South Shore Musical Club will be held Thursday.

The cast of characters for the two comedies to be played at Foxe Opera House by members of the Village Study Club for the benefit of improvements to the Edward B. Nevins school is as follows.

The last of characters for the two comedies to be played at Foxe Opera House by members of the Village Study Club for the benefit of improvements to the Edward B. Nevins school is as follows.

Next week Tuesday afternoon at the Cocleto club at the regular meeting of the Philhellenians of Braintree, Minna Tenney Peck is to give a travel talk on Greece.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Gagnon and little daughter, Claudia, have returned to their home in Manchester, N. H., after a visit to his sister, Mrs. James I. Peers of Drew's avenue.

Miss Grace Stevenson of Church street celebrated her fourteenth birthday on Wednesday afternoon, giving a party to eight of her girl friends from three till five o'clock.

Miss Isabel Jones of Simmons College is enjoying a week's vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Jones.

Mrs. Charles R. Safford, president of the Wollaston Woman's Club, is making plans to attend the biennial of the National Federation of Women's Clubs at Arkansas Hot Springs in April.

At the next meeting of Mayflower chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, April 2, the work of initiation will be performed by past matrons and past patrons of sister chapters upon four candidates.

The Tuesday Evening whist club met with Mrs. Gordon Willis. Honors were taken by Mrs. Willis and Mrs. Alfred Richardson.

Next Wednesday evening Abigail Adams Rebekah lodge will entertain the President of the Rebekah Assembly, Alice M. Rood of Boston.

Mrs. C. B. Cushing of Madison street entertained a few young people at her home Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Alan C. Emery of the Mt. Vernon house have recently enjoyed a visit from Mrs. Emery's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Conant of Newton.

On Tuesday evening of this week twenty-five neighbors and friends of Miss Marion White of North street surprised her with a miscellaneous shower.

Mrs. Frederick G. Bauer entertained the retiring president of the Old Colony Club at her home on Wednesday.

The many friends of Private John House are glad to hear of his marriage to Miss Cora L. Loring of this town at Camp Upton.

The South Shore Morning Music-Club held a musicale Thursday morning at the home of Mrs. Putnam.

SASAP

EAST WEYMOUTH BRANCH Last week's call for clothing was not responded to as well as was hoped but considering that one and one-half tons had already been sent from town to Halifax and Belgian sufferers the supply must be pretty well diminished.

Our school children have given their help again to the Society. The little ones of Jefferson School, in addition to working for their entertainment which is to be April 5, have collected and sold newspapers and sold candy until they have earned nearly seven dollars.

About a dozen of the older ones from the James Humphrey school were at the Surgical Dressings class Thursday afternoon and the dressings which they made were pronounced excellent by the examiners.

April 10 will be Weymouth day at the Food Conservation affair at Horticultural hall Boston. On that day Weymouth women will serve a can-

teen supper to show what can be done with plain food to make it agreeable to taste and satisfactory as nourishment.

Any woman can learn ways to meet the new conditions and we all need help and must help in all ways. When our war has been won and our duty is done.

When our sailors come sailing the foam; When our men of the air, and the guns over there All the Nation is welcoming home.

SOUTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH The work of the South Weymouth branch of the Special Aid Society has settled into a well regulated routine by which a large amount of work is accomplished each week.

Through the generosity of the people of the town the war chest fund provides \$250 each month which with occasional gifts, insures the carrying on of the work with no anxiety as to finances.

The crying need at the present time is for surgical dressings. The Red Cross and various relief units are calling for them in ever-increasing numbers and the events of the past week make us realize the awful need for millions of bandages.

Our branch meets at the Engine House hall each Monday afternoon from 2 to 5 and every one is asked to come and help. The compresses are easily made and each newcomer is taught individually.

The committee in charge of the work would like to double the number of bandages now being made by the branch and this can be done only by increasing the attendance at the Monday meetings.

A year has passed since the Special Aid Society was formed in Weymouth, and it is now time for members to renew their membership and for others to join.

NORTH WEYMOUTH BRANCH The Surgical Dressings class met last week Thursday and an all-day meeting for sewing and surgical dressings was held yesterday.

The Easter service at the First church will be marked by a spirit of consecration. Communion will be observed. The meaning of the Resurrection for us today. Special music. You will be welcome.

An Easter program for Sunday afternoon has been prepared under the direction of the superintendent, Mrs. Parker T. Pearson. The service is entitled "The Ever Living Lord" words by Rev. G. O. Webster, music by J. H. Fillmore.

On account of the Easter concert the Sunday afternoon meeting March 31 of the Junior C. E. Society will be omitted.

W. R. C. NOTES Next Tuesday April 2, supper will be served by the South Weymouth ladies at 6.30 in G. A. R. hall.

Miss Gertrude Clapp, who has been spending the winter with relatives in Brighton, is now at home on Union avenue.

Mr. Edward Bates of King Oak hill is ill with pneumonia.

The Weymouth Heights Knitting Club will meet this evening at the home of Mrs. C. W. Kemp.

Mrs. Elmer Lunt and daughter, Marion Lunt, were guests of Mrs. Lunt's sister of Brighton on Sunday.

AN INDEPENDENT HOME The really independent home is the one that is completely equipped for Electric Service. Independent of the servant, "help" and labor question—

Stylish Clothes For Easter Be sure of value Be sure of style YOU know that it's easier sometimes to give an example than a definition. That's the way we feel about the word "value."

WEYMOUTH HEIGHTS

Mrs. Charles Macker enjoyed the company of her friend, Mrs. Ida Fiske of Boston on Sunday.

Mrs. J. C. Nash was a guest of relatives in Arlington on Thursday.

The annual business meeting of the First Church Parish will be held in the chapel on next Monday evening.

The Easter service at the First church will be marked by a spirit of consecration. Communion will be observed.

On account of the Easter concert the Sunday afternoon meeting March 31 of the Junior C. E. Society will be omitted.

GARDEN TOOLS For Women, Boys and Girls As well as the Men BUY NOW before prices advance and the supply is exhausted FRANK S. HOBART & CO. Hardware and Plumbing Washington Square, Weymouth

W. R. C. NOTES Next Tuesday April 2, supper will be served by the South Weymouth ladies at 6.30 in G. A. R. hall.

member. Quarterly reports of officers and committees will also be read at this meeting. Weymouth boy ON THE ILL-FATED DESTROYER MANLEY A telegram from the navy department on Tuesday notified Mrs. Ella M. Wellbrock of High street, East Weymouth, that her son, Seaman Albert A. Ross, is probably one of the victims of the destroyer Manley collision.

GENERAL SURVEYS TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEYS  
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**NEW Dental Office!**

Dr. T. J. King, the famous painless dentist, is giving his celebrated system of painless dentistry in Quincy and is giving the people of that city the benefit of high grade, modern dental work at popular prices.

**FULL SET TEETH \$8** Fit Guaranteed

Dr. King's latest invention, the "NATURAL GUM," is acknowledged by the dental profession to be a wonderful improvement over the old artificial gum. It has always been easy to recognize artificial teeth in the mouth, but now, by using Dr. King's "Natural Gum," a set of teeth can be made by this method and only by this method, that will absolutely defy detection. Ordinarily an extra charge of \$5 is made for the "Natural Gum" on the set, but for a short time no extra charge will be made.

**THE NEW SUBSTITUTE TEETH \$5.00**  
**SOLID GOLD CROWNS AND BRIDGES \$4.50**

**PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE**

This is the only office in Quincy where gold crowns and teeth without plates (undetectable from the natural ones) are inserted positively without pain. During the life of this offer all Bridge Work and Fillings will be done at reduced rates for the advantage of those who do not desire plates.

**MAKE YOUR DENTAL APPOINTMENTS TODAY WHILE THE LOW OPENING PRICES ARE IN EFFECT.**

**DR. T. J. KING**  
 1365 Hancock St. Quincy, Mass.  
 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE  
 Telephone, Quincy 2678-J

**STABLE FITTINGS WORTH THOUGHT**

Animals That Are Comfortably Housed Are Money Makers for the Farmer.

**AIR AND LIGHT IMPORTANT**

Two Requisites That Are Too Frequently Not Given Sufficient Attention—Some Suggestions for Constructing Sanitary Barn.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose three-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.  
 The sensible farmer realizes that stables are for housing animals from the weather, and also for feeding purposes. Covering them from the elements is a very simple matter. Feeding them takes more thought, because we must consider the labor of getting the feed to the animal and the toil of carrying the manure from the building. And we have to go further. Shut-in animals require constant supplies of air and light—things they get in sufficient quantities when in the wild state. The problem, therefore, becomes one of intelligent construction, convenience in arrangement and the regulation of the cost to one's ability to pay. The latter is easily settled. Most farmers know what they can spend on

the cow stable. In the majority of dairy farms there is a sad lack of sunlight. The old-fashioned basement barns with a few small windows near the top of the wall allowed only a little sunshine, and that to reach a very small area in the center of the barn where it was not particularly wanted.

The room in which milk is handled should be separate from the stable. The floor and walls should be such that the hose can be turned on them and the whole cleaned thoroughly.

The single stalls for cows should be 3 feet 6 inches wide at least. The depth may be varied as to the size of the cows in the herd; 4 feet 6 inches is used by many. The market offers large numbers of patented stalls and mangers, and devices for tying cows. There are strong reasons for favoring metal stall fittings.

The fall to the stall should not be over two inches in ten feet. The distance from the manger curb to gutter for a 1,300-pound cow should be about 5 feet, and 4 feet 6 inches for a 700-pound cow. The stalls should be about 3 feet 6 inches wide. Some firms make adjustable stanchions that set the short animal back.

The gutter is 14 inches wide and 6 inches deep.

The manger is planned to be 2 feet wide and 6 inches deep, with slightly rounded corners, the front sloping at an angle of 45 degrees and the bottom being two inches higher than the floor of the stalls. Many manufacturers of stable fittings advise a manger 2 feet 6 inches from inside wall to the curb. The curb to be 3 inches and the front wall slants so as to allow the attendant's feet to go under. Galvanized mangers are made. Cement generally is favored for the bottoms. Water bowls are placed so that one bowl serves two cows.

The calf and bull pens should be about 10 feet by 10 feet, although some allow the bull a 10 by 12 pen. Recent improvements make the bull pen a thing of safety, as a manger with a stanchion device goes with it, so that

**LONG COATS ARE FAVORED**



The coats of spring may be either long or three-quarter length, but for general wear the long coat is the favorite. If you are looking for novelty in a coat of this kind consider the advantage of the shapely model shown above. It has a triple cape collar and an odd new arrangement of cash ends at the sides. They are cut in one with a narrow band extending across the back and front. The coat hangs almost straight its fullness held in by a narrow belt.

**GRACEFUL COAT OF TAFFETA**

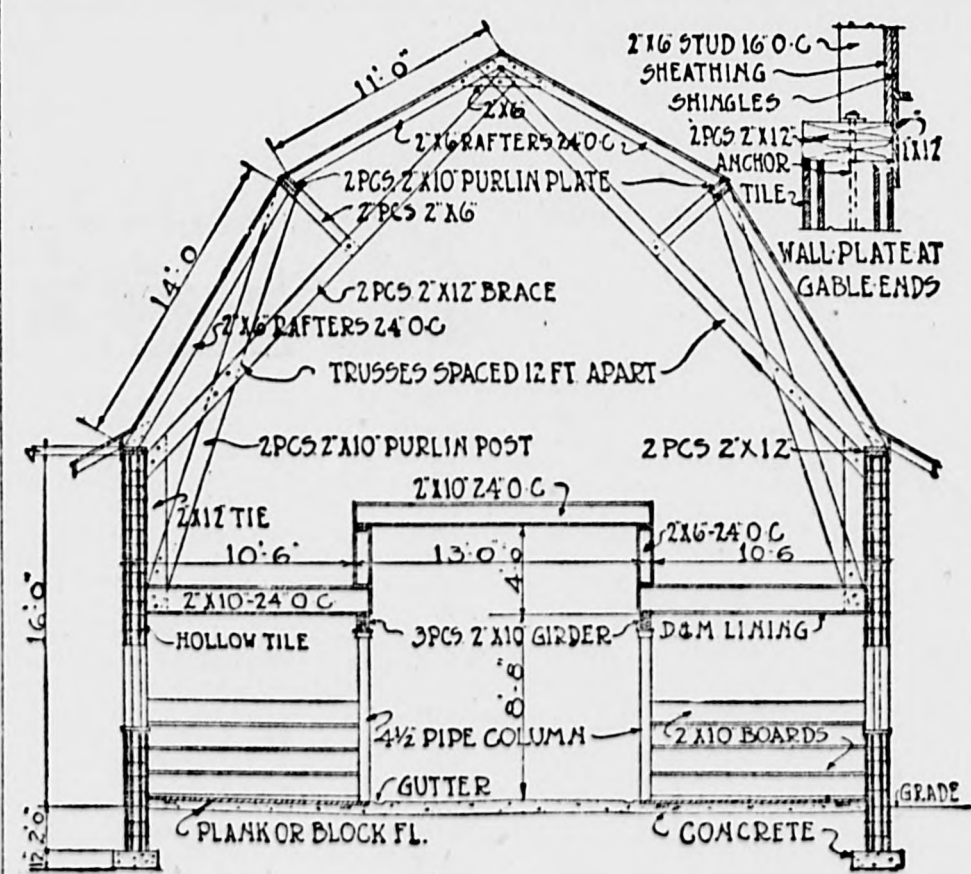
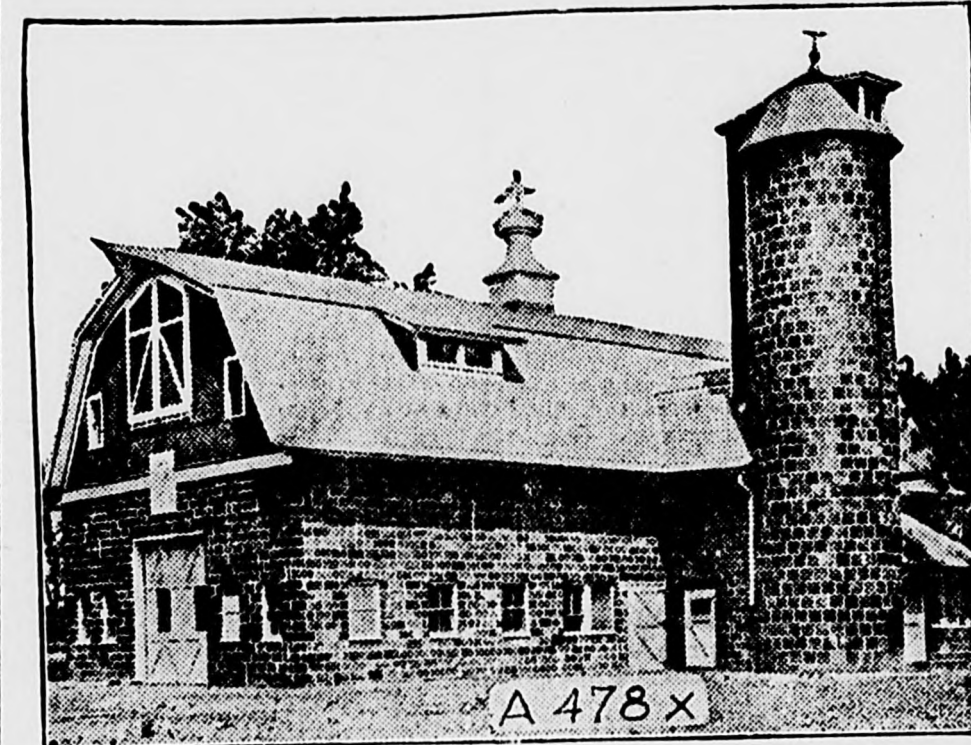


We may go to what lengths we will in coats of taffeta—there is plenty of silk within reach and, so far, no ban on using it. A handsome long coat of gracious cut and graceful lines is shown in the picture, embellished with a rich embroidery which is put on in bands across the wide collar and about the sides and back above the hem. In the back it conceals its fullness by deep inverted plait, but in the front scorns to dissemble and is frankly full.

**TUNIC FROCK OF SERGE**



A tunic frock of serge, embellished with narrow bands of silk embroidery at the waistline and small, cloth-covered buttons, shows that it is minded to follow the modes for spring in every particular. It has a narrow underskirt, an irregular tunic and a semi-fitted bodice. A collar of embroidered batiste brightens the neck opening.



Section through hollow tile horse and cow barn, showing framing for self-supporting roof. The tile walls extend clear up to the eaves. The purlin braces come down to the floor joists and are tied to the ends of the truss chord above at the plate line by means of two pieces of 2 by 12 for each truss. This takes the outward thrust away from the top of the tile wall.

equipment, although what seems sometimes to be an expense is really a resource that enables them to make money faster.

The farmer who builds must be guided largely by the relative costs of materials in his own vicinity, laying proper stress upon the future as to permanence, sanitation, fireproofing qualities, cost of upkeep and appearance.

Three prime requisites should be never lost sight of in building a stable: 1. The comfort and health of live stock. 2. The convenient arrangement to save time and labor in caring for stock. 3. Cleanliness.

The stable should be reasonably warm in winter and cool in summer. It should have plenty of light and ventilation. Especially is good ventilation necessary in a cattle barn. A sanitary barn demands fresh air, sunlight, good drainage and protection against sudden changes of temperature. The winter ventilation can be provided for by the King system of ventilation.

Light is one of the most important considerations in stable management. A generous supply of it is needed in

the bull may be secured and the pole snapped into his nose ring with no risk. The locking devices for the gates are well-nigh perfect and it might pay to study all makes before final action.

The most convenient stable floor is undoubtedly cement. Where hay is stored above, the ceiling floor should be tight, of matched lumber, to prevent seeds and dirt sifting down.

Feed bins and chutes should be located as near to the mixing box as possible.

Hay chutes should be so managed that the hay can be gotten from the mow to the floor without filling the air with dust and without littering the alleys and feedroom with dirt. Canvas chutes for conveying bedding will be found convenient. These can be folded and hung back out of the way when not in use.

Cases for harness should be provided convenient to horses.

A workshop for repair of harness and farm implements should be either in the barn or in a separate building.

Iron rings should be placed in the walls at places where they will be convenient.

**SOUTH WEYMOUTH SAVINGS BANK**

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An ad. in this paper for any business whatever is a moneygram to the buying public from you. They appreciate your belief in their financial standing. They buy your goods. A moneygram never was marked "collect." The currency pours into your cash box of its own free will. If your bargains are advertised "big," your sales are big. People appreciate big, strong, forceful trade announcements. Such ads. inspire commercial confidence.

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**Remember** That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody

**Again We Say** Subscribe for THIS PAPER.



### Strength Gave Out

Mrs. Schmitt Was Miserable From Kidney Trouble Until Doan's Came to Her Assistance. Now Well.

"My kidneys gave out during the change of life," says Mrs. Margaretha Schmitt, 63 Alabama Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. "My back ached and pained as if it were broken. When I moved in bed, sharp, darting pains caught me across my back and I couldn't turn. Mornings I was stiff and sore and it felt as if heavy weights were tied to me. I was so worn-out, I often came near falling from dizziness and flashes of fire would come before my eyes, blinding me. I had the most severe headaches and my kidneys didn't act regularly. The secretions passed too often and caused much distress. I was hardly able to do my housework and just to walk upstairs took all my strength. As soon as I began taking Doan's Kidney Pills, I improved and six boxes put me in better health than I had enjoyed for years."

Mrs. Schmitt gave the foregoing statement in 1916 and on April 6, 1917, she said: "My cure has been permanent. I keep Doan's on hand, however, and take a few doses occasionally."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

## SANFORDS GINGER

For Our Soldier Boys In Camp

For colds, chills and grip, cramps, pains, indigestion, touches of rheumatism and neuralgia, Sanfords is grateful and comforting and always healthful. It's the dose in time that saves nine.

When purchasing look for the Owl Trade Mark on the wrapper lest you get a cheap, worthless or dangerous substitute. Forty-six years the standard of purity, flavor and strength. Sold by all druggists and grocers.

W. N. U., BOSTON, NO. 13-1918.

### THIN BOARDER HAS GOOD ONE

Before Reading This, Just What Is the Difference Between an Elephant and a Microbe?

"I've got one for you this morning," said the thin boarder, tucking his paper napkin under his chin, as he approached his meatless-wheatless breakfast. "What's the difference between an elephant and a microbe?" "Shoot it!" said the soldier on furrow. "Shoot yourself," replied the thin one. "A ton and a half," suggested the coal clerk with a rose in his button-hole. "Won't do," came from the conundrum propounder. "One's found in his hair and the other in the air," ventured the lady schoolteacher. "Guess again," was skinny's dare. "One comes to you when you want it, and the other comes to you when you don't," said the bank clerk. "Awful!" was the emaciated one's rejoinder. "Well, dope it out," came from the tired group. "One carries a trunk and the other the grip."—Yonkers Statesman.

Most people would rather blame a man for what he doesn't than give him credit for what he does.

A prophet is a person who expects the unexpected.

## Wakeful Nights

—go out of style in the family that once drank coffee but now uses

### INSTANT POSTUM

This wholesome beverage of delicious flavor contains no drug elements to upset heart or nerves and its cheery goodness is just the thing in the way of a hot table drink

There's a Reason

## The King's Castles

By JAMES NEWTON

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In college Yates Barlow had gone in for economics and sociology. When he was graduated and started in law studies, though he did not dub himself a socialist, still he persuaded himself that in the management of the rather comfortable estate left him by his grandmother he would fall into none of those errors of selfishness that too frequently—as he was convinced—characterize the dealings of men of capital with those who labor for them. And although he decided to leave the management of the large up-town apartment house, pretentiously dubbed "King's Castles," that constituted one of his most remunerative investments in the hands of his father's office force until he had finished his law course, he made it perfectly clear that he sought no profits from that undertaking that might be made at the expense of fair play to the folk who worked under the spacious roof of the apartment house.

"Maybe there isn't any eight-hour law for women in this state," he said to his father. "Maybe there isn't—we haven't come to it in law lecture yet. But eight hours is all any woman ought to be asked to work, and I tell you right here that I'm not going to have any woman work longer than the one who works for me."

The genial elder man looked up with a smile, the serenity of which rather annoyed Yates. "She is a nice little girl," he said, with an emphasis on the verb that seemed to betoken that Yates knew to whom the pronoun referred.

"I guess at your age I'd have had the same ideas about working hours for women, especially if the only woman I employed happened to be eighteen and as fresh as a snow apple. She is a nice girl, isn't she?"

"If you mean Miss Sarter—yes. She seems to be a lot better than you usually get to tend an apartment house telephone switchboard. That's got nothing to do with the fairness of making her work nine hours a day or keeping her at the switchboard on holidays."

"But, man alive, she wants to do it," explained the father.

"No girl of spirit likes to show her unwillingness to do what she's got to do," pronounced the son with the air of one who felt that he possessed keen insight into feminine psychology.

"Well, you've got a lot more sense than some boys your age," was the father's only retort. "If you take a fancy to a pure-hearted country girl like Abby Sarter instead of some emphysemal, over-dressed society girl, you're all right."

Yates had taken a fancy to Abby, but for some reason he did not like to have the fact taken for granted. He could not explain to himself just why his father's remarks that morning proved so irritating.

As time went on Yates developed a keen interest in the management of his apartment house. He loved to think of the time when—his law course ended—he would take over the entire management of the place himself and not actually needing to net the largest possible income from it, strive to run the house along ideal lines. He even thought of putting the girl at the switchboard on a six-hour schedule, but somehow he never thought of Abby Sarter's continuing to sit at the switchboard when he put his plans in working order.

Meantime Abby Sarter sat at the switchboard in the corner of the spacious, many-mirrored, much-beiged entrance of Yates' uptown apartment house, for nine hours a day, and never thought of having a holiday other than Sunday. Sometimes she came in for a few hours even on that day of rest. To Yates that entrance hall was not entirely satisfactory. He could see the cheap plaster behind the thin veneer of marble on the walls. The colors of the heavy plush rugs that lay on the tile floors looked cruder to him every time he saw them. The lights that blazed forth from the chandeliers and were reflected again and again in the long mirrors were garish and smote his eyes offensively. Yet he knew that it was that spacious, garish hall that attracted tenants and made them willing to pay good rents for small apartments, and he realized that he would be benefiting no one but himself if he toned down the garishness to suit his own taste. He had no way of knowing at first how resplendent it looked to Abby—Abby, who basked in the effulgence of a dozen bright lights now, and in the days on the farm had known only the glow of a single oil lamp as she sat in the farmhouse sitting room. To her the entrance of the apartment house was the sum total of urbane luxury and elegance and the people who came and went through the hall and were bowed to by the hall attendants in proportion to their most recent gait were to her among the favored ones of the earth. She did not know that her share of one of the farms at home would put her into the possession of a bank account several times as large as that held by any of these cliff dwellers.

Abby knew none of the tenants well. Why should they bother their heads about the switchboard operator, anyway? But with the curiosity and powers of observation bred in the country, she had made for herself vivid pictures of each individual in

the house. Sometimes there were weddings or receptions, dinner parties, or even little dances in the apartments, and then Abby's eyes would be even brighter than usual and her pulses would quicken as she felt the proximity of so much merriment and gaiety.

One of the personages that came under her constant observation was young Yates Barlow. To her he seemed, as the owner of all this grandeur, a veritable modern prince. Whenever he came to the apartment he stopped and chatted with her in a rather shy but friendly way, asking vague questions about her work.

After each of his chats with Abby, Yates Barlow was more than ever convinced that she was overworked. Not that she ever gave any indication of this state of affairs by anything that she said. But how could a charming girl like Abby, he thought, sit for nine monotonous hours making connections for thoughtless tenants, without feeling overworked?

Yates took to calling up the apartment on mythical business matters, just to make sure that Abby's voice sounded as fresh and unfagged as ever. Then spring came. After a hard week at law school, Yates was getting ready one Saturday morning to motor out to a week-end house party in the country. The day was one of those warm and tempting days that sometimes come so early that they seem to be out of season. All his boyish hatred of indoor work made Yates look forward to the two days in the country with enthusiasm. And then he thought of Abby—country bred Abby—used no doubt to wandering about the fields and hillsides at will—tied to that monotonous switchboard.

"I'll stay home myself," thought Yates. "That girl certainly deserves a Saturday half holiday. I can't ask the use of the elevator boys to run the switchboard, but I can do it myself, and I am going to."

Yates conceived a hurried telephone excuse to his hostess and then with a light heart started uptown to King's Castles. He could visualize the happy smile that would come into Abby's eyes when he told her that she could take the afternoon off. He looked forward, too, with no small pleasure to the ten or fifteen minutes of instruction that he knew must take place while she showed him how to work the switchboard.

"And if I do make mistakes," he thought, "and the tenants get mad, nobody can fire me."

He got up to the apartment house about eleven o'clock and found Abby as fresh and smiling as ever.

"I have nothing to do this afternoon, Miss Sarter," he began, "and it's such a corking day, I thought perhaps you'd be wanting an afternoon off. So I thought I'd stay here and run this switchboard and you could have a little vacation. I don't just know how, but I think maybe you could show me, couldn't you?"

Abby looked at him in amazement. "Why, I don't want a vacation, Mr. Barlow. I couldn't possibly do anything that would give me as much fun as running this switchboard."

"But I mean a chance to go some place—out in the country, you know—or something like that," said Yates.

"But I've lived in the country all my life, Mr. Barlow. And this—she waved her hand inclusively about the spacious hall—this is so wonderful. I should think just to own a place like King's Castles would make you happy."

Barlow looked at the girl before him with a new interest. For months he had been growing fond of her, but mixed with his liking there had been a feeling of pity that she should be forced to do ungenial work. Now he felt a new admiration for her. She was doing the work she liked and getting a full measure of happiness from each day at the monotonous switchboard. "Just to own a place like this"—her words rang in his ears. Well, why shouldn't she own King's Castles? He could give it to her for a wedding gift if that would make her happy. He knew now that it was Abby who could make him happy and perhaps he with King's Castles thrown in could make her happy.

"Well," said Yates, "let me stay with you this afternoon, anyway, and let's go some place for dinner together. I'm going to ask you if you'll help me run King's Castles all your life?"

### Screw Bore Its Own Hole.

Evidently Charles D. Woodward, of Providence, R. I., has often had considerable trouble in driving the conventional wood screw into hard wood for he has developed a screw which bores its own hole as it proceeds. According to his patent claims, says the Scientific American, he has devised a countersinking gimlet-pointed screw having at the root of its point a bulge constituting the largest diameter of the shank, and having across its thread a spiral groove, one end of which forms a cutter at the bulge. The groove goes once around the screw and terminates at the slant of the head and at the root of the gimlet point.

### How to Pour Liquids.

In pouring liquid from a jug or bottle the vessel should be held with the opening downward, rather than horizontally, if convenient, and swung quickly with a circular motion. The liquid will rotate and in leaving the opening will permit air to enter continuously, causing the liquid to run out rapidly and without intermittent gurgling sounds.

If the opening of the container is at one side it is best to hold the container so that the opening is at the highest point of the end, rather than at the bottom. The air may thus enter and permit a continuous flow until the container is empty.

## The Birthday Party

By SUSAN CLAGETT

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A crunch of feet upon the hard snow; a gurgle of laughter ending in a scream of delight. Blair Henderson lifted his head, a smile upon his lips. He glanced at his desk piled high with work, hesitated, turned toward the window, paused again, then walked across the room, threw up the sash and leaned out.

At the moment no one was in sight; then, amid a gale of laughter, a boyish came from the end of the house rushing with the fleetness of the wind down the steeply sloping lawn. Blair counted as the sled passed. "Where on earth did the youngster get them all," he wondered. His gaze followed the children out of sight then came back to a woman standing near the steps leading up to the house.

She did not turn her head and, given the opportunity, he watched her intently noting the wind-blown hair; the brilliant color of the half-seen cheek. He was struck, too, by the perfect poise of his sister's friend who had been a guest in his home for several weeks. Absorbed in his work he had scarcely noticed her before; had shown her only such courtesy as was due her as a house guest, meeting her only at meal time, and lately not then. He had given this no heed. Now, as he watched her, he idly wondered if she had been away and had just returned. As the thought came to him she ran quickly up the steps and into the hall.

An hour later a very tired little boy crept into his uncle's arms to tell of his wonderful afternoon.

"You know, it's my birthday, an' Muvver gave me a party an' told me I could go out into the 'byways and hedges' an' gather 'em in. I didn't know just what she meant, Uncle Blair an' I didn't see no hedges an' no byways, but I went out on the street an' found Jimmy who sells papers an' blacks shoes. He's great—and Jimmy told me 'bout the apple boy who lives way off from here, an' we went for him an' he told me of Bobby Burns. He has only one leg, but that didn't make any difference 'cause his crutch walks as fast as the good leg. Ap' coming back we met the butcher's boy, and I asked him as nice as I could an' when we got back Tim was here an' cook's boy and girl."

The man laughed. "I hope your mother had enough to eat."

"It was just beautiful. There was ice cream hearts an' cakes an' sandwiches an' Ellen told us stories about St. Valentine, 'cause I'm a Valentine baby. Did you know that, uncle Blair?"

Blair the elder drew the boy close. "Surely, the most wonderful Valentine I ever heard of. But who is Ellen?"

"The boy looked surprised. "Why, you see her every day."

"I do? Then perhaps I don't know her by that name. But it sounds familiar." He thought for a moment, diving back into old memories. "I had a little sweetheart by that name. She was just about as big as you and she sent me a valentine every year until after I went to college. I have one of them in the back of my watch where I can look at it now and then." He pulled out his watch, opened it and gazed at the picture within with a reminiscent smile. "That was the last one she sent me and I never heard from her again. I am always looking for her and sometime I hope I will find her."

The youngster looked at the drawing with interest. "Ellen's watch has one, too," he said. "A big boy gave it to her when she was a little girl. Isn't it funny both of you've got pictures, only hers is lots prettier. Two little birds, she calls them love birds, kissing each other—lots prettier than those hearts with a stick running through 'em."

The watch closed with a snap and a look of keen interest crept into the man's eyes.

"I must make the acquaintance of this wonderful lady who tells stories and carries love birds about with her. Where can we find her?"

Blair looked at his uncle in astonishment. "Don't you really, truly know her? She's been here a long time. She did go away but came back yesterday, an' she's been slidin' down hill all mornin'. You're jokin' Uncle Blair."

"Do you mean Miss Fairbanks? Is she Ellen?"

Blair junior nodded. "An' now I must go an' it certainly is nice to have birthday parties." Slipping from his uncle's knees the boy marched from the room leaving the man in a brown study from which he did not emerge until aroused by the opening of the library door.

hair back a trifle from your left ear. I do not mean to be rude, but I want to identify you, as your name is unfamiliar. I lost a very dear friend years ago. I have looked for her but have not found her. Today Blair tells me she may have been in my home for weeks past."

From the depths of her chair she looked up at him. There was a little smile about her lips as she replied: "The years have effaced the scar, Mr. Henderson, if it is that you have in mind."

"Thank heaven if there is no trace of it. I have always been afraid I disfigured you for life. But without it how am I to know that you are really you?"

"Am I so greatly changed?"

"You have heard of the duckling and the swan?"

"Surely it was not as bad as that, but now that you mention it I recall that you named me 'duckling.'" She laughed. "I have been wondering how long it would take you to remember me and when I entered the room I had reached the moment when I despaired of telepathy. Mr. Henderson, I must have made of your life a burden. Boys do not always care for adoration, and I adored you."

"It develops chivalry in the right sort of a fellow," he answered thoughtfully, as he watched her. "I have often wondered what became of you; why you should have dropped so utterly from out my life. I was bewildered when I found you gone. I had been so long accustomed to adoration that it was hard to adjust myself to the colder attitude of those about me. You had grown into the very fibres of my being. The duckling was lovable. I missed her and I missed the care I took of her, although the scars did not attest to it. I wanted to die when I saw you lying in the snow with the blood running down your face."

He smiled at the remembrance. "No one seemed to know where your father went after your mother's death. But I made a covenant with myself; to find you. I never thought of you as grown up. It was always as my little sweetheart, which of course was foolish."

"Why, of course," she asked sedately. "Don't you think a child can retain a memory?" She unpinned the watch hanging upon her breast, opened it and held it so that he could see two little birds drawn upon a scrap of paper.

"I can match that." He snapped his own open showing two hearts pierced by a dart. "But there was something else." He was showing more of earnestness than the occasion seemed to demand.

"The girl colored. 'I have forgotten.' 'Your pardon, but I think not.' She still held her watch, but as he spoke it fell from her fingers. Something bright rolled away from it and a slip of paper fell so that a line of writing was visible.

Blair Henderson stooped, his color rising as he picked up the trifles. "Why did you say that you had forgotten?" he asked. "Did you believe the boy could know what he wanted and not desire it as a man?" He looked at the tiny ring set with turquoise forget-me-nots; the scrap of paper upon which was written "to my wife." "Was that the reason?"

"Why should I remember anything when for four weeks I have been a guest in your home and you did not recognize me?"

"That is over and done with. I know you now, although I yet do not understand your change of name. Are you going to play with me or will you be honest and give me the chance to show you the man I am as earnest as the boy once was?"

"I think, Blair, the difference between the man and the boy is only a matter of years. He seems about the same to me."

"And the girl? Has she changed?"

"When her father died she was adopted by a very dear aunt and took her name. The years made a great difference in appearance, but otherwise she did not alter. Old memories were too precious to part with and she still clings to them. I cannot play with you Blair. I am happy in the thought that boy and man are of the same mind, and if the little ring was not so small I would be wearing it now."

"That is a fault easily remedied," he returned, as he drew her to him. "You must let me have the measure of your finger."

### Why the Blue Heron is Funny.

Did you ever watch a great blue heron fishing? Knee deep he stands in some pool, stream or bay, and no marble statue has anything on him for being immovable, says the Philadelphia Ledger. Presently some member of the funny tribe, perhaps a chap out of class or the whole school even, wanders by beneath the crystal depth and—whack! The combination of long bent neck and dagger bill does a stunt that is both funny and effective and generally gets the fish. The entire aspect is peculiar and hard to describe; it is much like a miniature and plumed clothes-rack with a crazy tongue attachment, the latter being lengthened by a released watchspring. You can see it, but merely so; no more than that.

## NOW RAISES 600 CHICKENS

After Being Relieved of Organic Trouble by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Oregon, Ill.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for an organic trouble which pulled me down until I could not put my foot to the floor and could scarcely do my work, and as I live on a small farm and raise six hundred chickens every year it made it very hard for me. I saw the Compound advertised in our paper, and tried it. It has restored my health so I can do all my work and I am so grateful that I am recommending it to my friends."—Mrs. D. M. ALTERS, R. R. 4, Oregon, Ill.

Only women who have suffered the tortures of such troubles and have dragged along from day to day can realize the relief which this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, brought to Mrs. Alters.

The letters constantly being published from women in every section of this country prove beyond question the merit of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Small Pill  
Small Dose  
Small Price



**FOR CONSTIPATION**

Have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion.

Genuine Bear's signature



**PALE FACES**

Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood

**Carter's Iron Pills**

Will help this condition

### PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

### Government Control.

Even the children are imbued with the idea of government control. Bettie, while eating her evening meal, had her knife in her hand and putting it to her mouth, said: "I was at Richards' yesterday and a girl was there eating with her knife."

"With a knowing look she continued: 'I pretty near said to her, 'You better look out, the government will get after you—that's against the law.'"

### Fate of the Duck.

Two women were gazing on Saturday at the whole display made by a poultier in Smithfield—two ducks, blackened and dried by long hanging in cold storage. "If yer asks me," remarked one, pointing an accusing finger at one of the birds, "that feller's been gassed."—Westminster Gazette.

### How's This?

We offer \$100.00 for any case of catarrh that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Sold by druggists for over forty years. Price 50c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

### Very Appropriate.

"Why do you call your dog Camea?" "Because he is always trying to get a snap at everybody he meets."

### The Kind.

"What plants do you think suitable to beautify a cat cemetery?" "Why not try pussy-willows?"

### To restore a normal action to Liver, Kidneys, Stomach and Bowels, take Gardfield Tea, the mild herb laxative. All druggists. Adv.

To indulge in self-pity is self-destruction.—Exchange.

A man entirely wrapped up in himself carries a small package.

### What Do You Know About CATTLE?

Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS? Drop us a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the New Book, "CATTLE BREEDS AND ORIGIN" about all breeds of cattle on earth. MR. DAVID ROBERTS' VETERINARY CO., 100, WALKER ST., WIS.

### Don't Use Any Other Than Cuticura Soap To Clear Your Skin

BRONCHIAL TROUBLES Soothe the irritation and you relieve the distress. Do both quickly and effectively—by promptly using a dependable remedy—

## PISO'S

WANTS

And other classified "Ads" are inserted in this column at 25c for four lines. Cash should accompany all one-time "Ads," otherwise the minimum charge of 50 cents will be made.

LOST

Glenn Lost - About two weeks ago in Weymouth or Braintree, a pair of gold bowed spectacles in the case of a Quincy jeweler. Please notify R. A. N., Gazette office. 13.15

FOUND

Found - The best medium to get results from classified "Ads" - the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript.

WANTED

Wanted - Man for office in shoe factory, order department. Address A. B. C., Gazette office. 13.1f

Wanted - Marker and sorter at the South Weymouth Custom Laundry. 12.2t

Corsets to Order - WANTED - Ladies to have their corsets made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone and I will call. Mrs. F. E. Ducker, 90 Main street, South Weymouth. Tel. 215W. 12.4t

Girls Wanted - Girls at George H. Bicknell Co., Weymouth. 7.1f

Men Wanted - To sew filled fertilizer bags. Steady employment. Bradley Fertilizer Works, North Weymouth, Mass. 49.1f

FOR RENT

To Let - Space for one automobile, one minute from Washington square, Weymouth. Rent \$3.00 per month. Tel. Wey. 109R. 13.2t

MISCELLANEOUS

Multigraph Letters

The Gazette and Transcript is now equipped to do Multigraph work in any quantities. Only a few hours necessary to get out big order. Our telephone call is Weymouth 145. 12.1f

LOST BANK BOOKS.

Bank Books as listed below are lost, and application has been made for payment of the account in accordance with Sect. 40, Chap. 500, of the Acts of 1908 and amendments thereto. Payment has been stopped. LOST - Deposit Book No. 11988 of the East Weymouth Savings Bank is reported lost. 3.11.13

For Sale

\$4,250 will buy a 10-acre Farm in Weymouth.

All modern dwelling and good stable. Electric cars pass the door. Call and see me and I will tell you more about it.

Russell B. Worster REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE WEYMOUTH, MASS.

Learn a New Profession FILING and secure a good selected position through a course at Boston School of Filing Little Building, Boylston and Tremont Sts. Day, Evening and Correspondence Course. Visitors invited. Booklet upon request.

Get in on the March 15th increase in wages. We need

VAMPERS

(Single and Double needle) also

Russia Repairers

This is on domestic work, the kind that will be with us when the war is over.

EMERSON SHOE COMPANY

The Fifty Weeks (or more) a Year Factory, Rockland, Mass. H. E. LITCHFIELD.

WEYMOUTH BRIEFS

- Good Friday.
-Easter next Sunday.
-Monday will be All Fools' day.
-Sun rise today at 5:33; sunset at 6.06.
-Don't be late to work next Monday, under the new clock time.
-Miss Catherine Griffin has been confined to her home the past week with a severe cold.
-The Bay State Street Railway has filed another new schedule with the Public Service Commission which proposes to boost fares April 29. Only a limited distance for six cents, then an extra fare is proposed.

CHURCH NOTES

SECOND UNIVERSALIST CHURCH

South Weymouth - The large congregation which gathered Sunday morning to participate in the service of dedication for our new organ and the new memorial window, we trust is only a promise of what our Easter services are to be. The special Easter services will begin at 10.30. A special musical program will be rendered by the large vested choir under the direction of Miss Deane, and an Easter sermon on "The Victory of Life" will be preached by the pastor, the Rev. Fred A. Line. At the close of the service several will be received into church membership.

Sunday School at 12 o'clock. Mrs. Gordon Willis, superintendent. Last Sunday our Sunday School attendance reached the high water mark. Help us to beat our best next Sunday. At 4 o'clock the annual Easter concert will be given by the members of the Sunday School, under the direction of Miss Winifred Conant, assisted by Mrs. Willis. This concert will be one of the best among the many better than ever concerts given at this church. Y. P. C. U. meeting immediately after the concert. Leader, Helen Line. Go to church on Easter Sunday. Join with others in singing the Easter song of hope and faith and love. You will be cordially welcomed at any or all of the services of this church.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Rev. J. W. Tingley, pastor, residence, 91 Broad street. For Easter Sunday, sunrise service on "the Ledges" near M. R. Wright's home. Morning worship with Easter music and sermon at 10.30. Sunday School at 12. Junior C. E. meeting at 4. Senior C. E. meeting at 6. Evening service at 7. A number of young men will give the Scripture story of the Resurrection, and ten young misses in special costume, "The Wonderful Easter Light." Special music and brief addresses by Rev. Uri M. Fox and the pastor. Easter offering for world wide work. Prayer and covenant meeting Thursday evening at 7.45. The cottage prayer meeting will be announced on Sunday. Don't forget to set your clocks one hour ahead Saturday night or you will be late to church. Don't forget to pray for the special meetings, April 9-21. Strangers and all in the town without a church home are cordially invited to worship with us. Seats free.

SPECIAL EVANGELISTIC SERVICE

The Weymouth Baptist church is to hold special evangelistic services beginning April 19 and continuing through Sunday, April 21. The pastor, Rev. J. W. Tingley, will be assisted by Evangelist Lewis E. Smith from the Evangelistic Association of New England. Mr. Smith held meetings at Weymouth Heights last November and his work is most highly spoken of. He is a singer as well as a preacher and his services are in constant demand. The pastor of one of Lynn's largest churches said of Mr. Smith's work there: "Seldom is a church constituency so thoroughly stirred. There is nothing excitable about this man's preaching or methods. His appeals are made amid quiet and calm. When cards are finally handed to converts for signatures they are advised to take the cards home to be signed and later turned in. Here is a test of the deep purpose of the converts. Few evangelists would dare take the risk. But the kind of converts that come through Lewis Smith's preaching will stand the test. On the last Sunday night, when those who had begun the Christian life during the meetings were invited forward, as the large number crowded the front of the church the kingly proportion of fathers and mothers was especially noticeable. More thorough and substantial evangelism could not be desired. The best antidote for opposition to evangelism that I know of is Lewis Smith. No one in our community has yet been found who does not believe in his type of evangelism."

EPISCOPAL

Trinity church, Weymouth. Rev. William Hyde, rector. Easter will be observed at this church on Sunday. The church will be decorated with potted plants and flowers. The holy communion will be celebrated at the 10.30 A. M. service with special Easter music, and Rector Hyde will preach on "The First Easter." At 7.30 P. M. will be held the Easter festival of the Sunday School with the singing of Easter carols and the distribution of potted plants. Good Friday service at 7.30 this evening. Music at Trinity church, Easter Sunday at 10.30 A. M. Processional, Welcome, Happy Morning Christ Our Passover, J. D. Hackett Te Deum B. Whelpley Jubilate, E. J. Hopkins Anthem, Break Forth Into Joy F. R. Greenish Charles Beltring Charles Beltring Kyrie Gloria Tibi Hymn, Hark! ten thousand Hymn, Hark! Ten Thousand Voices J. B. Dykes Offertory Anthem, Why Seek Ye? Caleb Simper Presentation Holy Offerings R. Redhead Sanctus, Charles Beltring Hymn, At the Lamb's High Feast G. J. Elvey Gloria in Excelsis H. B. Elwagner Recessional, The Day of Resurrection, G. C. Martin Choir Director, Charles Beltring. Organist, Nellie E. Chase.

UNITED SERVICES

South Weymouth - Note: Time conforms to clocks put forward an hour Saturday night. Be on hand! An inspiring series of meetings is expected at the Easter services at the Old South church, and a cordial invitation is given to all to share in them.

At 10.30, the combined choirs are planning appropriate music. Rev. Ora A. Price will speak on "Easter Certainties." Miss Sarah B. Tirrell and Mrs. Walter Field are in charge of the Easter decorations.

At 12 the Sunday School sections are all interesting. In the Men's Community Bible Class, in place of a review lesson, the teacher, Clarence W. Fearing, will draw helpful lessons from "Some U. S. Pebbles," using specimens from his own cabinet of minerals.

At 3.30 the Junior C. E. Society will meet in charge of Mrs. O. A. Price.

At 5 in the church the attractive Easter concert will be held, with exercises by the children. These will include an "Easter Pageant." Rev. Henry C. Alvord will make a short address.

At 6 the Senior C. E. Society holds an Easter meeting using the theme, "Lessons from the Risen Christ's Forty Days."

Thursday evenings for prayer. The next meeting will be at A. O. Crawford's, 24 Central street.

Thursday evening, April 4, the annual meeting of the Union church will be held at the Union vestry, beginning with a supper at 7.30 P. M. to be followed by the business meeting with reports, elections, etc.

The call for more women to work on surgical dressings at the Engine House on Monday afternoons at 2 o'clock is urgently renewed.

The next meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Old South church will be held Friday, April 5. It will be an all-day meeting with a covered dish lunch at noon at the home of Mrs. W. S. Whitten, 39 Park avenue. Business meeting at 3 o'clock.

UNION CHURCH

Weymouth and East Braintree - Morning worship next Sunday at 10.30 (Government time). There will be special Easter music and the sermon will be on the topic: "Things Unseen and Eternal." Sunday School will be at 12 o'clock. The regular mid-week services will be held in the church parlor Thursday evening at 7.30. The Benevolent Society will hold their regular meeting next Wednesday afternoon in the church parlor, at 2.30; and at 6.30 the Social Club supper will be served, followed by a social evening.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST SCIENTIST

20 Greenleaf Street, Quincy. Morning service and Sunday School at 10.45. Subject: Reality. Golden Text: Isaiah 26:4. "Trust ye in the Lord for ever: for in the Lord Jehovah is everlasting strength." Wednesday evening at 7.45 o'clock, a testimony and experience meeting in the reading room, in Hancock building, is open daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 11 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon.

EPISCOPAL

Mission of the Holy Nativity, 564 Main street, South Weymouth. Robert Pierce Casey, lay reader. Good Friday services at 7.30 P. M. Easter Sunday. Holy Communion at 8.30 A. M. Morning prayer and sermon, 11 A. M.

WHITE CHURCH (Congregational)

Rev. Edward Torrey Ford, pastor. Easter services with special features both morning and evening. At 10.30 by the advanced clock, the pastor's Easter Sermon will be, "The Easter Emphasize for Today." Church Bible school at noon. Brotherhood Bible class will study "Social Aspects of Christ's Gospel." The annual distribution of Easter lilies by the church school will be made. The Endeavorers will meet at 6 P. M. and will consider the significance of the forty days of our Savior's life following the Resurrection. Special Easter service in the auditorium at 7 with brief address by pastor. In this crisis of human history the great Christian festival of Easter comes as with a voice from Heaven. We all need the inspiration of its message, and should gather in large numbers at the house of God to receive its full mission of blessing.

MONTHLY SUPPER

MEN'S COMMUNITY BIBLE CLASS

The Men's Community Bible Class of South Weymouth held its monthly supper in the class room of the Old South church last Friday evening, some two hundred members and guests were present.

Manager Whitten opened the exercises by calling on the class to sing the Star Spangled Banner, after which grace was said by Clarence Fearing, the class instructor.

F. Raymond Clew addressed the class on the "Conditions Over There" and held the audience spellbound during his entire discourse which was filled with exciting and thrilling experiences interspersed with comic stories from the trenches.

Mr. Clew is a young college man and bids fair to become a most forceful and entertaining speaker, many of his experiences covering the time he was employed by the French army as a driver of a Pierce-Arrow five-ton ammunition truck.

After the lecture he exhibited and described French and German bayonet masks, also sample of French hand and gas masks, also sample of French handwork made by the French soldiers in order to keep themselves busy while in the trenches.

The class was then called on to sing "The Flag of the Free" after which the Boy Scouts sang "Yankee Doodle," followed by a song by Bertram Neels entitled "Man of Wars Man" also "Porsake Not Me."

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. Henry McLaughlin and family wish to thank the kind neighbors and friends who extended so much kindness and sympathy to the family when a loved one was called so suddenly to her heavenly home, -our dearly beloved sister, Julia M. Walsh.

MR. HENRY McLAUGHLIN, MRS. McLAUGHLIN, MARGARET WALSH. 13.1t

BORN

CUFFE - In Rockland, March 22, a daughter to William and Mae (Reidy) Cuffe, formerly of Weymouth.

MARRIED

ALLEN-CLARK - In South Weymouth, March 20, by Rev. Ora A. Price, Francis P. Allen and Elizabeth C. Clark, both of Weymouth.

DIED.

CROKE - In Arlington, March 23, Benjamin, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Croke, formerly of Weymouth.

LANE - In East Weymouth, March 26, Lydia J. Lane, widow of Benjamin F. Lane, of 103 Chard street, aged 80 years.

SMITH - In Weymouth, March 24, Frederick B. Smith of 378 Broad street, aged 69 years.

WHITE - In Weymouth, March 24, Stewart Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. Stewart White of Somerville, and grandson of Mrs. Catherine Colby of Weymouth, aged 3 years.

MEEHAN - In Boston, March 22, John Meehan, formerly of Weymouth, aged 62 years.

DAVIS - In Boston, March 24, Solomon Davis, formerly of Weymouth, aged 62 years.

CORRIDAN - In Weymouth, March 25, Ellen, wife of Michael J. Corridan, of 288 Washington street, aged 42 years.

DONOVAN - In East Weymouth, March 24, Mary A. Donovan, of 26 Laurel street.

BARRY - In Randolph, March 26, James Barry, a veteran of the Civil war.

WILLARD J. DUNBAR & SON

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AND EMBALMERS

802 BROAD ST., EAST WEYMOUTH Automobile service when desired. Telephone Weymouth 93

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UNDERTAKER and EMBALMER 134 Pleasant St. S. Weymouth CARRIAGE AND MOTOR EQUIPMENT Telephone Con. Lady Assistant

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Flowers For All Occasions

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Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Norfolk, ss. Probate Court. To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, creditors and all other persons interested in the estate of SIMON L. WHITE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased, intestate: Whereas, a petition has been presented to give public notice to a petitioner to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Francis T. White, of Quincy, without giving a surety on his bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the seventeenth day of April A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted. And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette, a month, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court. Witness JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twenty-sixth day of March, A. D. 1918. 13.15.3t J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

STREET RAILWAY BALL

THE 17th ANNUAL Concert and Ball of the Street Railway Employees Benefit Association, No. 253 will be held at

MUSIC HALL, QUINCY Thursday Evening, April 4, 1918

CONCERT 8 to 9 DANCING 9 to 2 WILSON ORCHESTRA

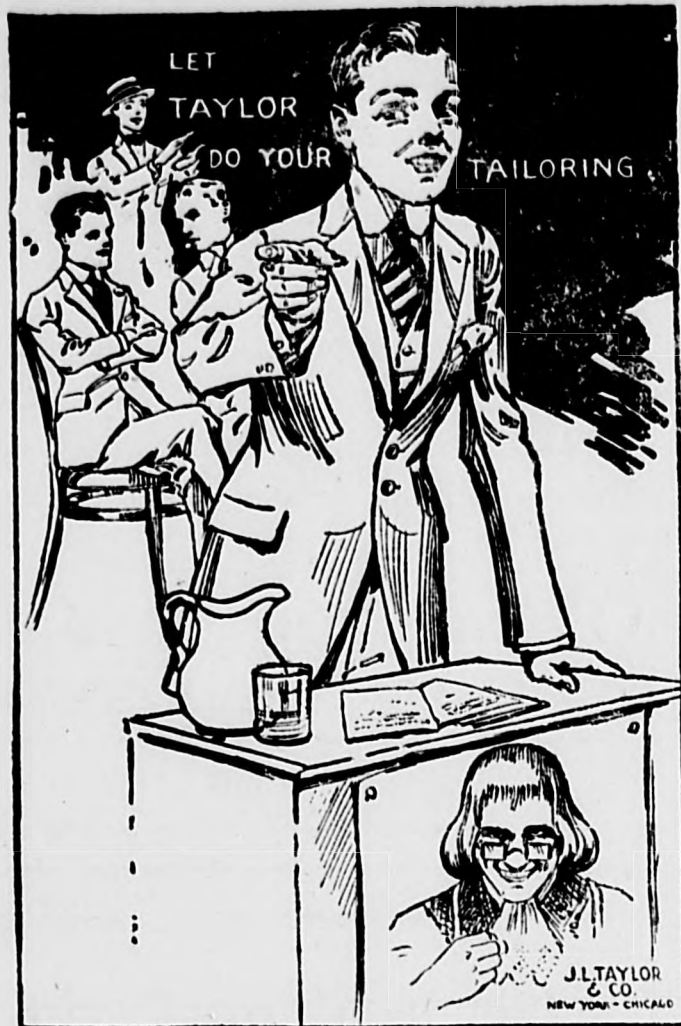
TICKETS (admitting Gentleman and Two Ladies) \$1.00 Free cars to Weymouth after the ball.

"No Man's Land" Eating "Substitutes" and buying "Liberty Bonds" is much more preferable than the "Front Line Trenches." EASTER SALE ALL DAY SATURDAY SPECIAL PRICES ON Hams, Eggs and Spinach Hunt's Market Grocery Telephones, 551-W and 152

THE GREAT DRIVE? The Great Drive is now on—but a BIGGER DRIVE is soon to be started. Get in line. Come to the front with your money and patriotism and meet unflinchingly The Big Liberty Loan Drive Now altogether and We Win. We are on the firing line and will help you. WEYMOUTH TRUST CO. Telephone 67

What's Worrying THE KAISER? Our Boys Over There! GUYER NOTHING WORRIES OUR HAT BUYERS We have a large assortment of New Guyer Hats Worn by all Fashionably Dressed Men No Advance in Our Spring Prices \$3.50 - \$4.00 - \$5.00 TALBOT-QUINCY, Inc. The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

## New Clothes For Easter



Don't wait until somebody else has taken the one you want.

Easter comes March 31.

"EVERYTHING MAN WEARS"

**C. R. DENBROEDER**

750 Broad Street, East Weymouth.

## East Weymouth Savings Bank

Money Deposited  
on or before

April 13

goes on interest April 10

FREDERICK L. ALDEN, Pres.  
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## BABY CARRIAGES

Sulkies and Go-Carts  
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New Styles **WALL PAPERS** Low Prices  
Graphophone Records and Needles

**Ford Furniture Co.**

Broad Street East Weymouth Free Delivery

## CHURCH CONDITIONS AT SOUTH WEYMOUTH

Pastor of Old South Favors Permanent Merger of Societies—Special Sermon

(By Rev. HENRY C. ALVORD, March 24, 1918)

Rom. 15:5-7—"Now the God of patience and consolation grant you to be likeminded one toward another according to Christ Jesus. That ye may with one mind and one mouth glorify God even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. Wherefore receive ye one another as Christ also received us to the glory of God."

The Apostle Paul is in the midst of the practical application of his message to the Christian disciples at Rome. The purpose of the exhortation which has just fallen from his pen, he states to be "for his good"—the neighbors' good—"to edification"—for the mutual "edification", literally building up, the construction development of those placed in the providence of God in the associations of life.

With this practical thought in mind we find him in the text, offering—shall I call it—a practical prayer?—a prayer for a definite gift and under that a definite practical result may issue—the glory of God—and then the exhortation to a practical course to further the main end.

Notice again, and carefully, how he writes:—The prayer: Now the God of patience and consolation grant you to be likeminded one toward another according to Christ Jesus. The desired result: That ye may with one mind and one mouth glorify God, even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. The exhortation: Wherefore receive ye one another as Christ also received us to the glory of God.

Evidently Paul was thinking of the religious conditions at Rome, and he finds himself moved in a spirit of

prayer to hold this practical vision of fellowship before his fellow disciples as he considered their "good for edification."

Paul was thinking of Rome; I am thinking this morning of South Weymouth. As he expressed his thought in the atmosphere of prayer for the intended edification of the disciples at Rome so, in the same atmosphere of prayer, with the same desire for the edification of Christ's disciples in South Weymouth in the development of the Kingdom and glory of God in Jesus Christ here through a vital likemindedness and unity of praise, do I feel led to speak to you, disciples of Christ in South Weymouth, in words of definite practical application.

### CONDITIONS AT SO. WEYMOUTH

On the last Sabbath of last November, I brought a message of suggestion concerning Congregational church conditions in South Weymouth, to the people of the Old South church. Through the reprint, I suppose this was also read by many of the Union church people. In that statement I noted and emphasized the duty and privileges of being the Lord's stewards. At that time a plan for a winter merger of the two churches from Dec. 1 to May 1 had been practically arranged, and unofficial but definite suggestions had been made by the pastor of the Union church looking toward and proposing a permanent merger of the two Congregational churches.

The winter merger has now nearly become a matter of completed actual

experience. A permanent merger has been the subject as yet of no formal consideration, but doubtless has received attention in various ways, and apparently is bound to be taken up for specific examination and definite conclusion in the time now before us this spring.

It is in this situation that I am feeling moved to speak again, and to all sharing in the responsible life and work of these two churches.

WHAT THIS STATEMENT IS NOT  
Let me say then: First,—that this present statement is not intended to be:

1. A reply, as such, to the detailed propositions made by the pastor of the Union church. My purpose is related to a reply, but has not the comprehensiveness of a reply.

Nor (2) is it an authorized official statement on behalf of the Old South church. That church has had no formal meeting, nor given definite consideration to the matter, has reached no formal conclusion, and of course has authorized no formal reply, as indeed no authorized proposition has been made.

Nor (3) is this statement intended to be a definite discussion of the specific points that may be involved. Such discussion may be involved later, but I am not undertaking that now.

Nor (4) is this statement, I trust, to be interpreted, as an over-forward assumption of the prerogative of the church or churches. The essential and ultimate decision will rest with them, and not with either or both pastors.

But there are SOME THINGS TO BE RECOGNIZED

(1) The question of a permanent merger of the Old South and Union churches is definitely here. To all intents and purposes these two churches have the question now before them. It assumes a specific form at once: Shall the Union church resume its former plan and place; or shall it continue essentially this winter plan. The first of May will call for some sort of decision, or steps leading to some decision.

(2) Frankly, I feel that another thing to be recognized is that while no pastor has any right to dictate or domineer, yet it is really a false modesty which bids him retire to the background and be wholly non-committal in a matter so vitally related to the interests of these two churches.

(3) I recognize also that it is not a new and unfamiliar question to me. I know its local features relatively well.

(4) And so I feel that I am correct in recognizing the essential right of the members of the Old South church, and perhaps of the Union church, at the proper time, to ask me the plain question:—what do you, as the pastor of the Old South church, think of the permanent merger of these two Congregational churches, as now essentially proposed, and the actual conditions and circumstances in which these two churches now are?

(5) I further recognize that it ought not to be regarded inappropriate for a pastor to give his answer before all the impressions have been made on the minds of the people, and before all the conclusions have been reached in the final issue. This element of time relation, let me point out, has necessarily deprived me of a large measure of information concerning personal, individual opinions, which becomes available in the close discussion of the matter, but I am only assuming to speak for myself today.

(6) Perhaps I ought also to say that, in connection in part, at least, with unforeseen circumstances, the fact of the message I bring you this morning has been almost entirely unknown up to the moment of speaking to the members of both churches. I trust I may not seem to have treated any with neglect, but, as you will see, though I have had some incidental conference first and last with a very few, I have not made any canvass, and as I have noted, my purpose this morning is personal to myself.  
My word to you this morning may be considered as

A PASTORAL CONTRIBUTION  
to the impressions concerning a permanent merger, or a reply to the question:—"What do you think about making such a merger?"  
And I will ask you to allow me in reply to come gradually rather than abruptly to the answer.

(Continued on Page 13)

## YOUR Baby Will Be Delighted With One of These Fine Carriages

They are designed to give greatest comfort by firms that have made every kind of Baby conveyance for over 70 years. We Sell the Whitney and Heywood-Wakefield Buses. Over 150 styles in Strollers—Sulkies—reed and wood body carriages are here to choose from.

FOLDING GO-CART  
STYLE, with  
Leatherette Upholster  
**\$9.85**



This model has a very strong and durable metal frame. Extra nice comfortable springs—adjustable back—metal wheels are rubber-tired.

A Strongly Made  
Wood Body  
Carriage  
With Rubber  
Tired Wheels  
**\$12**



A handsomely finished, and very comfortably upholstered carriage. The back adjusted to three positions. It has easy riding springs and durable rubber-tired wheels.



A Beautiful Style  
in Genuine Reed  
Very Finely  
Upholstered  
**\$23**

Roomy, and very handsomely designed. Hood is lined, and body is nicely upholstered in strong durable, Bedford Cord. Made of selected reed stock. Comes in natural finish only. An exceptional bargain. Other styles—all colors—all shapes—\$19.98 to \$55

**KINGAIDE'S**  
1495 Hancock Street, Quincy  
"GOOD FURNITURE"

## WASTE! WASTE! WASTE!

Gas.—More gas is wasted than any other commodity of our home. Last week we told you to use gas and save your coal supply for next winter's heating, but we did not tell you to waste gas just because it is available in large quantities.

You ask—"How is gas wasted?"

For example:

Mrs. Jones calls us on the phone and states that her gas bill for only two is larger than Mrs. Smith's, who lives across the street, and who has five in family. Mrs. Jones says she knows that Mrs. Smith does twice as much cooking as she does.

Now it would be reasonable for you and I to suppose that if Mrs. Smith has five in family and cooks more than Mrs. Jones that, according to mathematics, Mrs. Smith's bill would be more than Mrs. Jones'. The fact is this:

Mrs. Smith does not light her gas range until she has prepared everything to be placed on the top or in the oven of the range, whereas, Mrs. Jones will light her burner and then fill the kettle which time taken to fill the kettle is wasting gas.

Then again Mrs. Smith arranges the bill-of-fare for the home so that broiling, roasting and baking can be done at one time. She arranges to bake biscuits or bread or pudding in the top oven and broil fish or meat in the lower oven at the same time.

Her stove for her large family of five is only used one hour per day for cooking, at the longest.

Mrs. Jones uses her stove to bake a pan of biscuits, then to bake a cake, then to broil and do other small things which means that her range is in use 3 or 4 hours each day.

Is it not plain to you now that it is not always the largest families that have the largest gas bills.

You can conserve your gas supply while saving coal. It is not necessary to waste gas even if it is plentiful.

If you will call us on the phone one of our Domestic Science Experts will be pleased to call on you at your convenience, and show you how to reduce your bills.

Nearly every bill can be cut down two-thirds by planning.

You can plan your cooking as you plan any other part of your work. You want to use gas because it is best, therefore, be careful of it and you will enjoy the pleasure of this modern convenience.

Clean and comfortable at all times.

If you have not a modern gas range and water heater it is now time to see our information man.

Call Braintree 310. Rockland 390. Whitman 200.

We will show you how to use gas economically.

(Advertisement)

# Fads And Fancies Of Fashion



### Spring Coats of Silk and Wool.

So long as they must economize in wool, designers appear to have made up their minds to do it gracefully. When they accomplish such a combination as appears in the coat for spring, shown above, we are inclined to be thankful for the necessity that mothers such lovely invention. Rich satin and peach-skin velour vie with each other in it and the satin in a heavy soft quality cannot outclass the velour. The velour in fact is used as if for decorating the coat, but is an important part of the garment in which the two materials are nicely balanced.

The body of the coat is made of the satin and is cut full. The lower part is of the velour set on in a very wide band machine stitched along the top. A shirred cape collar of satin at the back has its length doubled by a wide band of the velour. The cuffs are made of it and the belt is bordered with it also.

The belt is wide but the softness of the satin allows it to crush so that it slips through slides of satin at the sides of the coat, ties at the front and

modest violet flaunts a shiny surface and looks as if it had been candied and ribbons are given an extra coat of polish.

In such a season foulard and satins for dresses follow as the night the day. They are here in all their brightness and interesting variety of patterns. Figured foulards make the most simple designs in dresses appear less simple than they are.

The polka dot has returned along with foulards. It invites our attention in the dress shown at the left of the picture above, where white polka dots, in groups of three, spangle a surface of flag blue. This youthful model has a vestee of white wash satin at the front of the bodice and a cascade of short flounces at the back of the skirt. There is a girle of the silk about the waist that surprises us with a little dip at the front, in the manner of a decade ago. Not much foulard is needed in a dress modeled on such simple lines; it is an unpretentious and pretty frock.

In the dress at the right of the pic-



### Foulards and Satins for Spring.

hangs in long ends. Altogether the design accords with the new departure in the combination of silk and wool by presenting equally new features in its style.

Velour is made in lightweights that make this beautiful fabric practical for spring and summer coats.

A fashion authority who is a keen and experienced buyer says that women are demanding sheen in their apparel this spring. From top to toe, from hat to shoes, the call is for lustrous surfaces on which the light plays and dances. All the displays bear out his assertion. In millinery, besides the gleam of ribbons and satins, there are all sorts of glazed fruits and flowers, lacquered wings and quills, varnished straws and ribbons. Even the

ture a much more liberal use of material is required to carry out the idea of the designer. A tunic, with very full drapery, is ornamented with hand embroidery in a design that includes outlines of flowers, foliage and birds. It has a surplice bodice with undersleeves of georgette crepe finished with a narrow band of metallic ribbon at the front and at the edge of a narrow peplum. The georgette sleeves are finished at the wrist in the same way. This is a quiet but rich looking frock in which its owner can dress up to the requirements of any occasion in these days of much latitude in dress.

Julia B. B. B.

## The Housewife and the War

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)  
FULL DINNER PAILS FOR SCHOOL KIDDIES.



If Any of the Family Is Entitled to Immunity From Food Regulations It Is the Growing Child Who Eats a Meal Away From Home Each School Day.

### LUNCH HOUR FOR SCHOOL KIDDIES

Government Food Specialists Discuss Various Foods for Children.

#### SUGGESTED BILLS OF FARE

Skipping Meals for Youngsters Is Not a Necessary War Measure and Is Inadvisable—Metal Boxes Most Favored.

The school lunch has always had its problems for the mother who is eager to provide a wholesome noon repast for her school kiddies. Almost always the school lunch is a hurriedly arranged item among the mother's early morning duties, and it is sometimes difficult to give this meal the attention it deserves.

War's food conservation problems have not helped in the matter of school-lunch preparation, but if any of the family is entitled to some immunity to food regulations, it is the growing child who eats one of his meals away from home each school day. In the opinion of the food experts of the United States department of agriculture, skipping meals for the youngsters is not a necessary war measure and is inadvisable. The food specialists have discussed in a publication of the department of agriculture the foods that should make up the school lunch, the preparation and packing of lunches, and serving lunches partly or wholly prepared at schools. Some suggested bills of fare for the basket lunch are given in another column.

#### Number of Foods Carried.

The number of foods that can be easily carried has been enlarged of late by the possibility of using paraffin paper and parchment paper, in which most foods can be wrapped so as to prevent them from sticking to other foods. Paper cups, jelly glasses and so on, are also a help, for in them sliced raw fruits, stewed fruits, custards, cottage cheese and other half-solid foods can be carried.

The quality of the bread used in the basket lunch is especially important because it is commonly served in the form of sandwiches and is, therefore, to be considered not only as a food in itself but also as a means of keeping other much-needed foods in good and appetizing condition, or of serving them in attractive ways.

Variety in breads, too, is more important at this than at other meals because of the danger of monotony. Wheat bread, whole-wheat bread, corn, rye, or oatmeal breads; nut, raisin, and date breads; beaten biscuit, rolls, crisp baking-powder biscuit, or soda biscuit, and toast, zwieback and crackers may be used in turn to give variety. Rolls hollowed out can be made to hold a large amount of sandwich filling, which is an advantage at times.

#### Advantage of Boxes.

Many kinds of lunch boxes, pails, and baskets are now on the market. The chief advantage of most boxes and pails is that they are made of metal and can, therefore, be easily cleaned and scalded to keep them in safe condition. Some boxes have the advantage over pails that they can be folded when empty and strapped with the school books. Baskets are ventilated and for this reason suitable for carrying moist foods which are likely to spoil. There is no reason, however, why small holes cannot be punched in metal boxes or pails to let in the air. Baskets can, of course, be washed or scalded, but not so easily as metal

containers, and they should be frequently cleansed. There should, in fact, be no part of any food container that cannot be cleaned. For this reason the simplest boxes and baskets are often better than the more elaborate ones with compartments in which to keep dishes, knives, forks and spoons. With the increase in automobile travel, well-constructed boxes and baskets which can be easily cleaned have come on the market with compartments for keeping food hot or cold and for holding liquids. These are, of course, suitable only for children who ride back and forth, and particularly suitable where several lunches are put up in one household.

#### SOME BILLS OF FARE FOR A SCHOOL LUNCH

1. Sandwiches with sliced, tender meat for filling; baked apple, cookies or a few lumps of sugar.
2. Slices of meat loaf or bean loaf; bread and butter sandwiches; stewed fruit; small frosted cake.
3. Crisp rolls, hollowed out and filled with chopped meat or fish, moistened and seasoned, or mixed with salad dressing; orange; apple; a mixture of sliced fruits, or berries; cake.
4. Lettuce or celery sandwiches; cup custard; jelly sandwiches.
5. Cottage cheese and chopped green-pepper sandwiches or a pot of cream cheese with bread-and-butter sandwiches; peanut sandwiches; fruit; cake.
6. Hard-boiled eggs; crisp baking-powder biscuits; celery or radishes; brown-sugar or maple-sugar sandwiches.
7. Bottle of milk; thin corn bread and butter; dates; apple.
8. Raisin or nut bread with butter; cheese; orange; maple sugar.
9. Baked bean and lettuce sandwiches; apple sauce; sweet chocolate.

#### Gas Kills Greenhouse Pests.

Hydrocyanic-acid gas is the best weapon to use against insects infesting the foliage of ornamental plants in greenhouses. It is cheaper and more effective than any other means and it is successful against nearly all insects. It is explained in a new publication of the United States department of agriculture, "Fumigation of Ornamental Greenhouse Plants With Hydrocyanic-Acid Gas," that in greenhouses containing a large variety of plants slight injury may result to the tender growths of some plants even when the fumigation is properly done. This injury is not permanent, however, and such plants will show new vigorous growth in a short time. In fact, the growth of many plants is stimulated by this gas. Cyanide is a very poisonous substance and extreme care must be used in its handling.

#### Mashed Potato Dishes.

Most housekeepers know how delicious mashed potatoes can be made by beating them until light with hot milk, butter or other good fat, and salt and pepper, four tablespoonfuls of hot milk and one teaspoonful of the fat for every medium-sized potato. To make the mashed potatoes a little "different," they can be turned into a potato soufflé by adding the beaten white of eggs (two eggs to six medium-sized potatoes), piling lightly in a baking dish and baking in the oven till brown. Grated cheese added to this soufflé is good.

#### Won't Boil Over.

A fruit pie will not boil over if the sugar is put under the fruit.

We beg to announce to the many Patrons of the

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Advertise in this paper. Ping hard, regularly, systematically. Play up the best goods you sell at the right price.

## ADVERTISE IN OUR COLUMNS

# "OVER THE TOP"

## By An American Arthur Guy Empey Soldier Who Went Machine Gunner, Serving in France

Copyright 1917, by Arthur Guy Empey

### EMPEY LEARNS HOW THE TOMMIES ARE FED IN THE FRONT-LINE TRENCH AND BACK OF IT.

**Synopsis.**—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first hears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "coodles." After a brief period of training Empey's company is sent into the front-line trenches, where he takes his first turn on the fire step while the bullets whiz overhead.

#### CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

After dinner I tried to wash out the dixie with cold water and a rag, and learned another maxim of the trenches—"It can't be done." I slyly watched one of the older men from another section, and was horrified to see him throw into his dixie four or five double handfuls of mud. Then he poured in some water, and with his hands scoured the dixie inside and out. I thought he was taking an awful risk. Supposing the cook should have seen him! After half an hour of unsuccessful efforts I returned my dixie to the cook shack, being careful to put on the cover, and returned to the billet. Pretty soon the cook poked his head in the door and shouted: "Hey, Yank, come out here and clean your dixie!" I protested that I had washed a half-hour on it already, and had used up my only remaining shirt in the attempt. With a look of disdain he exclaimed: "Blow me, your shirt! Why in — didn't you use mud?"

Without a word in reply I got busy with the mud, and soon my dixie was bright and shining.

Most of the afternoon was spent by the men writing letters home. I used my spare time to chop wood for the cook and go with the quartermaster to draw coal. I got back just in time to issue our third meal, which consisted of hot tea. I rinsed out my dixie and returned it to the cookhouse, and went back to the billet with an exhilarated feeling that my day's labor was done. I had fallen asleep on the straw when once again the cook appeared in the door of the billet with: "Blime me, you Yanks are lazy. Who in — a-goin' to draw the water for the mornin' tea? Do you think I'm a-goin' to? Well, I'm not," and he left. I filled the dixie with water from an old squeaking well, and once again lay down in the straw.

#### CHAPTER VII.

##### Rations.

Just dozing off, Mr. Lance Corporal butted in.

In Tommy's eyes a lance corporal is one degree below a private. In the corporal's eyes he is one degree above a general.

He ordered me to go with him and help him draw the next day's rations, also told me to take my waterproof.

Every evening, from each platoon or machine-gun section, a lance corporal and private go to the quartermaster sergeant at the company stores and draw rations for the following day.

The "quarter," as the quartermaster sergeant is called, receives daily from the ord-rly room (captain's office) a slip showing the number of men entitled to rations, so there is no chance of putting anything over on him. Many arguments take place between the "quarter" and the platoon noncom, but the former always wins out. Tommy says the "quarter" got his job because he was a burglar in civil life.

Then I spread the waterproof sheet on the ground, while the quartermaster's batman dumped the rations on it. The corporal was smoking a fag. I carried the rations back to the billet. The corporal was still smoking a fag.

How I envied him. But when the issue commenced my envy died, and I realized that the first requisite of a non-commissioned officer on active service is diplomacy. There were 19 men in our section, and they soon formed a semicircle around us after the corporal had called out, "Rations up."

The quartermaster sergeant had given a slip to the corporal on which was written a list of the rations. Sitting on the floor, using a wooden box as a table, the issue commenced. On the left of the corporal the rations were piled. They consisted of the following:

Six loaves of fresh bread, each loaf of a different size, perhaps one out of the six being as flat as a pancake, the result of an army service corps man placing a box of bully beef on it during transportation.

Three tins of jam, one apple and the other two plum.

Seventeen Bermuda onions, all different sizes.

A piece of cheese in the shape of a wedge.

Two one-pound tins of butter.

A handful of raisins.

A tin of biscuits, or as Tommy calls them "jaw breakers."

A bottle of mustard pickles.

The "bully beef," spuds, condensed milk, fresh meat, bacon and "Macconochie rations" (a can filled with meat, vegetables and greasy water), had been turned over to the company cook to make a stew for next day's dinner. He also received the tea, sugar, salt, pepper and flour.

Scratching his head, the corporal studied the slip issued to him by the quarter. Then in a slow, mystified voice he read out, "No. 1 section, 19 men. Bread, loaves, six." He looked puzzled and soliloquized in a musing voice:

"Six loaves, nineteen men. Let's see, that's three in a loaf for fifteen men—well, to make it even, four of you'll have to muck in on one loaf."

The four that got stuck made a howl, but to no avail. The bread was dished out. Pretty soon from a far corner of the billet, three indignant Tommies accosted the corporal with:

"What do you call this, a loaf of bread? Looks more like a snippling plate."

The corporal answered: "Well, don't blame me, I didn't bake it; somebody's got to get it, so shut up until I dish out these blinkin' rations."

Then the corporal started on the jam.

"Jam, three tins—apple one, plum two. Nineteen men, three tins. Six in a tin makes twelve men for two tins, seven in the remaining tin."

He passed around the jam, and there was another riot. Some didn't like apple, while others who received plum were partial to apple. After a while differences were adjusted and the issue went on.

"Bermuda onions, seventeen." The corporal avoided a row by saying that he did not want an onion, and I said they make your breath smel, so I guessed I would do without one too. The corporal looked his gratitude.

"Cheese, pounds, two."

The corporal borrowed a jackknife (corporals are always borrowing), and sliced the cheese—each slicing bringing forth a pert remark from the on-lookers as to the corporal's eyesight.

"Raisins, ounces, eight." By this time the corporal's nerves had gone west, and in despair he said that the raisins were to be turned over to the cook for "duff" (plum pudding). This decision elicited a little "grousing," but quiet was finally restored.

"Biscuits, tins, one." With his borrowed jackknife, the corporal opened the tin of biscuits, and told everyone to help themselves—no-body responded to this invitation.

Tommy is "fed up" with biscuits. "Butter, tins, two." "Nine in one, ten in the other."

Another rumpus. "Pickles, mustard, bottles, one." Nineteen names were put in a steel helmet, the last one out winning the pickles. On the next issue there were only 18 names, as the winner is eliminated until every man in the section has won a bottle.

The raffle is closely watched, because Tommy is suspicious when it comes to gambling with his rations.

At the different French estaminets in the village and at the canteens Tommy buys fresh eggs, milk, bread and pastry. Occasionally when he is flush, he invests in a tin of pears or apricots. His pay is only a shilling a day, 24 cents, or a cent an hour. Just imagine, a cent an hour for being under fire—not much chance of getting rich out there.

When he goes into the fire trench (front line), Tommy's menu takes a tumble. He carries in his haversack what the government calls emergency or iron rations. They are not supposed to be opened until Tommy dies of starvation. They consist of one tin of bully beef, four biscuits, a little tin which contains tea, sugar and Oxo cubes (concentrated beef tablets). These are only to be used when the enemy establishes a curtain of shell fire on the communication trenches, thus preventing the "carrying in" of rations, or when in an attack a body of troops has been cut off from its base of supplies.

The rations are brought up at night by the company transport. This is a section of the company in charge of the quartermaster sergeant, composed of men, mules and limbers (two-wheeled wagons), which supplies Tommy's wants while in the front line. They are constantly under shell fire. The rations are unloaded at the entrance to the communication trenches and are "carried in" by men detailed for that purpose. The quartermaster sergeant never goes into the front-line trench. He doesn't have to, and I have never heard of one volunteering to do so.

The company sergeant major sorts the rations and sends them in.

Tommy's trench rations consist of all the bully beef he can eat, biscuits, cheese, tinned butter (sometimes 17 men to a tin), jam or marmalade, and occasionally fresh bread (ten to a loaf). When it is possible he gets tea and stew.

When things are quiet, and Fritz is behaving like a gentleman, which seldom happens, Tommy has the opportunity of making dessert. This is "trench pudding." It is made from broken biscuits, condensed milk, jam—a little water added, slightly flavored with mud—put into a canteen and cooked over a little spirit stove known as "Tommy's cooker."

(A firm in Blighty widely advertises these cookers as a necessity for the men in the trenches. Gullible people buy them—ship them to the Tommies, who, immediately upon receipt of same throw them over the parapet. Sometimes a Tommy falls for the ad, and uses the cooker in a dugout to the disgust and discomfort of the other occupants.)

This mess is stirred up in a tin and allowed to simmer over the flames from the cooker until Tommy decides that it has reached sufficient (guelike) consistency. He takes his bayonet and by means of the handle carries the mess up in the front trench to cool. After it has cooled off he tries to eat it. Generally one or two Tommies in a section have cast-iron stomachs and the tin is soon emptied. Once I tasted trench pudding, but only once.

In addition to the regular ration issue Tommy uses another channel to enlarge his menu.

In the English papers a "Lonely Soldier" column is run. This is for the soldiers at the front who are supposed to be without friends or relatives. They write to the papers and their names are published. Girls and women in England answer them, and send out parcels of foodstuffs, cigarettes, candy, etc. I have known a "lonely" soldier to receive as many as five parcels and eleven letters in one week.

Empey realizes for the first time how death lurks in the trenches when a comrade falls by his side. He tells about it in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)



### SHE GOT THEM.

She blushed very prettily as she walked into the tobacconist's big shop. "Yes, madam," said the assistant, smiling interrogatively, as they say in all the best novels. "I—er—oh, I want some cigars, please," she said hurriedly, under her breath, hastening to add: "But not for myself—for my husband." "Certainly, madam; what kind do you like?" "Oh, the best—quite the best, please." "Certainly, madam; strong or medium?" "The very strongest you've got, please," she answered in decided tones. "My husband was complaining only the other day that the last lot he bought all broke in his pocket, so they had better be strong, hadn't they?" And the young man behind the counter hadn't the heart to contradict her.

### BAD BREAK.



Mrs. Jones—A gentleman should always use cards when calling. Mr. Jones (who enjoys a poker game absently)—And they'd better be pretty good ones if it's a close game.

Not the Only One. My rich relations seem to be Not up to par. For none of them has handed me A cast-off car. —Louisville Courier-Journal.

Another Precinct to Come In. "Poor Mrs. Brown, I hear she has had a lot of trouble about her husband."

"Yes, poor dear." "I understand there is a scandal mixed up in it."

"But have you heard the worst?" "No—no—I haven't heard what Mrs. Gandabout has to say about it yet."

Wasted Smokes. "Don't you think the money you spend for cigars is wasted?" asked the sweet young thing.

"Some of it is, dear," replied the "steady."

"Some of it?" "That's it. I always find a couple of busted ones in my vest pocket after I've spent an evening with you, dear."

Credence Forfeited. "Do you think German should be taught in the schools generally?"

"What's the use of learning it?" rejoined Senator Sorghum. "Nobody is going to believe anything that's said in German for years to come."

One Exception. "Nobody wants to see a single article included in the higher cost of living."

"I don't know about that. Everybody would be glad to see the thermometers going up."

A Good Sample. "I can't form an idea of what hand-to-hand fighting in the trenches must be like. Can you?"

"Oh, yes. I've been with my wife to some extra cheap bargain rushes."

Too Good to Last. Dolly—At last I have met my ideal! Kind-hearted, modest, patient, self-denying. But, alas, married.

Daisy—Don't worry. No woman will live long with such a freak. You'll get a chance at him.

Cause and Effect. Flatbush—My next-door neighbor was taken sick last night.

Bensonhurst—Too bad. "Yes, we telephoned for the doctor but he couldn't come." "How is he today?" "Oh, he's worse. The doctor came today!"

No Knocker. Bjenks—That fellow sure does rub it into his friends.

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Ford Agent. Phone, Hingham 5130 R  
Max Stenberg, Hingham  
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Telephone, Weymouth 266 W
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50 Commercial st. Open daily
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Dr. T. J. King, Quincy  
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318 Bridge st. Telephone
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Blanchard & Allen, South Weymouth  
18 Columbia square. Phone 561-W
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A. A. Spear & Son, East Weymouth  
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Joseph Crehan, Weymouth  
11 Foye avenue. Phone 767 M  
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All too busy to advertise.
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Or the Owners or Keepers Thereof Are Liable to a Fine! Extract from Chap. 102 of the Revised Laws of Massachusetts



Sec. 128. The owner or keeper of a dog which is three months old or over, shall annually, on or before the thirty-first day of March, cause it to be registered, numbered, described and licensed for one year from the first day of April following, in the office of the clerk of the city or town in which said dog is kept.

Sec. 129. The owner or keeper of a dog may at any time have it licensed until the first day of April following; and a person who becomes the owner or keeper of a dog after the first day of April, which is not duly licensed, and the owner or keeper of a dog not duly licensed, becomes three months old after the thirty-first day of March in any year, shall, when it is three months old, cause it to be registered, numbered, described, licensed and collared as provided in the preceding section.

Sec. 130. The fee for every license shall be two dollars for a male dog and five dollars for a female dog, unless a certificate of a registered veterinarian who performed the operation has been filed with the city or town clerk that said female dog has been spayed and has thereby been deprived of the power of procreation, in which case the fee shall be two dollars.

Sec. 131. The owner or keeper of dogs kept for breeding purposes may annually receive a license authorizing him to keep such dogs upon the premises described in the license. If the number of dogs so kept does not exceed five, the fee for such license shall be twenty-five dollars, and if the number of dogs exceed five, the fee shall be fifty dollars, and no fee shall be required for the dogs of such owner or keeper which are under the age of six months.

Sec. 137. Whoever keeps a dog contrary to the provisions of this chapter, shall, except as provided in Section one hundred and thirty-nine, forfeit not more than fifteen dollars, which shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the dog is kept, but in the county of Suffolk said sum shall be paid to the treasurer of the city or town in which said dog is kept.

No person shall keep, or have in his care or possession any bloodhound, excepting an English bloodhound of pure blood, whose pedigree is recorded, or would be entitled to record in the English bloodhound herd book, or any dog classed by dog fanciers or breeders as Cuban bloodhound or Siberian bloodhound, whether such dog is in whole or in part of such species, unless such dog is kept solely for exhibition. In such case he shall at all times be kept securely enclosed or chained, and shall not be allowed at large, even though in charge of a keeper, unless properly and securely muzzled. Chap. 105 Sec. 1. Acts of 1904.

Sec. 139. Whoever keeps a dog described in the preceding section in violation of the provisions thereof shall forfeit fifty dollars. Ten dollars of which shall be paid to the complainant and forty dollars to the treasurer of the county in which said dog is kept, but in the county of Suffolk the forty dollars shall be paid to the treasurer of the city or town in which said dog is kept.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk, Weymouth, Mass. P. O. Address, East Weymouth, Mass. 1113

## BOARD OF SELECTMEN

JOSEPH KELLEY, Chairman, Weymouth  
BRADFORD HAWES, Secretary, Weymouth  
ALFRED W. HASTINGS, South Weymouth  
GEORGE L. NEWTON, North Weymouth  
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Meetings Savings Bank Building East Weymouth, Every Monday

DURING THE MUNICIPAL YEAR FROM 2 TO 5 O'CLOCK P. M.

## OVERSEERS of the POOR

Meet at the Town Offices the Second Wednesday of the month

## OFFICE HOURS TOWN CLERK

10 TO 12 A. M. 2 TO 4 P. M. SATURDAYS 10 TO 12

## SAVINGS BANK BUILDING (Second Floor) East Weymouth

Residence at 74 Putnam Street, East Weymouth.

JOHN A. RAYMOND, Town Clerk

## Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Edwin A. Stone to Quincy, 1911, and recorded in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Norfolk Book 1360, Page 558, will be sold at public auction on that portion of the premises hereinafter described as Lot B on Tuesday the ninth day of APRIL, 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for a breach of the conditions of said mortgage, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, namely:— Three certain parcels of land in that part of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, known as North Weymouth, with the buildings thereon, described as follows:—

(1) Lot B as shown on a plan by Russell H. Whiting, C. E., dated September 21, 1909, recorded in Norfolk Deeds, and bounded:— Southerly on Bridge street eighty and five-tenths (80.5) feet, westerly on Lot A seventy-five (75) feet, northerly on Lot C eighty and six-tenths (80.6) feet, and easterly on land now or formerly of Edith V. Sladen seventy-five (75) feet, containing six thousand and forty-four and three-tenths (6044.3) square feet of land, all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(2) Lot C as shown on said plan bounded:— Westerly on Bay View street fifty-two and twelve hundredths (52.12) feet, northerly on Lot D one hundred and sixty-one and six-tenths (161.6) feet, easterly on land now or formerly of said Edith V. Sladen and land of James M. Nowland, fifty-four and seventy-two one hundredths (54.72) feet, and southerly on lots B & A one hundred and sixty-one and thirty-eight one hundredths (161.38) feet, containing eight thousand six hundred and twenty-eight and five-tenths (8628.5) square feet of land, all as more particularly shown on said plan.

(3) Also a certain parcel of land situated in that part of Weymouth known as North Weymouth comprising lots numbered two (2) and seven (7) on a plan entitled "Plan of land of Georgiana L. Jordan North Weymouth, Mass., November 1910," C. E. Howland, C. E., which plan is duly recorded with Norfolk Deeds, and bounded and described as follows:— Easterly on Bay View Street fifty-three (53) feet, southerly on lots eight and one on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, westerly on Bartlett Street fifty-three (53) feet, and northerly on lots three and six on said plan one hundred and forty (140) feet, containing seven thousand four hundred and twenty (7420) square feet more or less.

Said premises are subject to reservations and together with the easements set forth in deed to Edwin A. Stone of said premises from E. Stewart Jordan, et ux, dated February 16, 1914, and recorded as aforesaid, book 1276, page 525. All of said parcels will be sold subject to encumbrances of record, and to any unpaid taxes, tax titles, assessments and municipal liens if any there be.

Three hundred dollars will be required to be paid in cash by the purchaser at the time and place of the sale, and other terms will be made known at the sale.

## NATIONAL OIL COMPANY.

By Hugh A. Quinn, Treasurer, Assignee and present owner of said mortgage.

Wm. J. Holbrook, Atty 55 Kilby Street, Boston, Mass. 31.113

## Mortgagee's Sale of Real Estate

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by Frank E. Tirrell and Owena S. Tirrell, his wife, in her own right, both of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to the Quincy Co-operative Bank, a corporation duly established by law and located at Quincy in said County and Commonwealth, dated January 5, 1916, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1332, page 128, for breach of the conditions of said mortgage, and for the purpose of foreclosing the same, will be sold at public auction on the premises hereinafter described, on WEDNESDAY, the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at half past four o'clock in the afternoon, all and singular the premises conveyed by said mortgage deed, and therein described as follows:—

A certain parcel of land with all the buildings thereon situated in that part of said Weymouth known as South Weymouth, and bounded and described as follows:— Commencing at a stake at the southeast corner of land now or formerly of Wilton L. Hawes on the northwesterly side of Pleasant Street, thence running northwesterly a distance of seventy (70) feet on said Pleasant Street to a stake; thence turning and running northwesterly by land now or formerly of James T. Nettles, a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to a stake; thence turning and running southwesterly on land now or formerly of said James T. Nettles, a distance of seventy (70) feet to a stake at the northeasterly corner of land now or formerly of said Hawes; thence turning and running southeasterly by land now or formerly of said Hawes a distance of one hundred thirty-two (132) feet to the point of beginning; containing 9,240 square feet. Being all and the same premises conveyed to said Owena S. Tirrell by deed of James T. Nettles dated December 23, 1911, and recorded with Norfolk Deeds, book 1293, page 72.

Said premises will be sold subject to any and all tax titles, unpaid taxes, municipal liens and assessments, if any such there be. \$100 will be required to be paid by the purchaser in cash at the time and place of sale; balance in ten days from the date of sale on delivery of the deed.

THE QUINCY CO-OPERATIVE BANK, by Frank A. Reed, Treasurer, Mortgagee.

Charles H. Wilson, Attorney, Savings Bank Bldg., Quincy, Mass. Quincy, March 12, 1918. 3.11.17

## TO FRANCE VIA PANAMA AND CAMP LEWIS

Travel Talks of Soldier Boy Who Enlisted in Ambulance Corps at San Francisco

Many have been interested in the letters which Carl F. Prescott has written to his parents during his trip of two years on the Pacific coast, and several have said they were worth publishing. His trip includes the Panama Canal, World Fairs at San Francisco and San Diego, life on a ranch and also among the mountains, an outing in Yosemite National Park, and visits to many cities and points of interest, until his enlistment in San Francisco in July in a Masonic Ambulance Corps, now the 364th Ambulance Corps at Camp Lewis, expecting daily to be ordered across the seas. He is the son of the editor of the Weymouth Gazette and Transcript. The following excerpts are from his weekly letters and will be continued for several weeks.

## NO. 17—ACTIVITIES AT YOSEMITE

Yosemite Valley, June 6, 1917.

As to activities, one need not be idle very long, yet some time goes easy, for not all are used to mountain climbing, light air, hard climbs, winding trails; so I am in fact rather resting and writing at the same time, from a dandy trip I will speak about later, that I was fortunate enough to take yesterday.

One of the first trips the day after my arrival, included a course toward Vernal Falls, a fall of some 317 feet; very pretty one,—and top was finally reached up through a mist trail where one gets a little wet, but soon dries off, and this more than makes up for fun gained or experienced. At the top one can go to the very brim that is guarded by a strong iron railing. An interesting experience is to slip down into the Bears Cave at the top, and go close up to the falls, a trip like that of the Cave of the Winds at Niagara Falls on Canadian side I believe.

Then an upward slide over a sloping rock alongside the rushing stream which its entire distance is one of tumbling, foaming, rushing waters, white all the way. Then one rises by a zig-zag trail like a letter W or M laid sideways on the mountain, till he reaches the top of Nevada Falls. The fall about 594 feet, and top some 2000 feet above floor of the valley.

One cannot but express a word of appreciation of the United States government for the splendid condition of trails, and attempt of continually keeping them in good shape, giving you all the possible assistance to make these beautiful spots accessible. And a sincere regret that this most extraordinary, in fact a seventh or eighth wonder of the world, is not nearer to all of you back home.

I hope the United States government, having recently taken over large areas in the White Mountains, will at once spend part of the funds, labor and experience that has been put in here, to make many of the most delightful points, of which there are many, fully as accessible, convenient for travel and comfort as they have here, and making it a most pleasant vacation ground, so near the large centers of population. But back to my story. Having met a congenial companion on my way up, and while one can return via same trail, or go a long trail around Glacier Point, then down a short trail to the village, we decided that the Glacier point trip could wait for a full day's excursion. Then we would strike out East and see how far we could get before return to the village before dusk was necessary.

The result of our trip was the taking up of the Cloud's Rest trail, and going up almost as far as we could get, a point of deep snows and of perpendicular rock cliffs. We were above Half Dome, and the view of the valley you can imagine was most wonderful, which more than repaid our efforts, yet the trail was not severe.

Then starting back again, viewing the Nevada Falls at a different hour of the day, it seemed just as remarkably beautiful, if not more so, with the full sunlight on them and the many rainbows.

Varying the trip a little, a long trail up and down the side of the cliff was made between Nevada Falls and Vernal Falls, we reached the village about 7 P. M., having gone some 11 hours, covering a distance of probably 22 to 25 miles, and early to bed, which does one no harm. I was up bright and early the next morning, fresh and active, not a bit tired as I expected after the trip of the preceding day.

At 6 A. M. was off for Mirror lake, some two miles, to arrive there before sunrise, for the reflections of the mountains are at their best before the sun appears. You might even consider the time mentioned tardy, considering the sun is an early bird at this time of the year. However it takes the sun longer when necessary to come up from behind a peak like Cloud's Rest, 9,000 feet above sea level.

The reflection aside from a slight ripple was grand. Then the beauty and the glory of the sun, as one looks into the water—first like a star behind a peak then its full size—is great. A little surprise awaits one as he turns his head away to either side, to speak to or answer your companion, in that his features—face, hands and clothes—have a yellow color. To many it was a surprise, and many were the causes of laughter and surprise, etc.

It is said the sun can be seen in nine different positions, rising from behind the mountains. I saw it five distinct times. Still feeling fresh as a daisy, the clear morning air serving as a delightful tonic, I started on a hike to Happ, Isles, on the way to Vernal Falls, some two miles from Mirror Lake, and like distance from Camp Curry. They consist of two little islands surrounded by dancing and foaming waters. Very charming, with many settings and places to rest.

Returning to camp about noon, having walked practically a triangle during the morning, I decided to take it easy the rest of the day, and aside from a brief trip into the valley the latter part of the afternoon, and another at night to view a moving picture show that they give of long trails into the interior of Yosemite Park to the different lakes, peaks and glaciers; rather a teaser after what one has already seen, it urges or makes one wish to explore farther. These trips are often made by the Sierra Club, a club like the Appalachian Club of New England.

C. F. P. (To be continued)

Not the Only One Can there be any stronger proof offered than the evidence of East Weymouth residents? After you have read the following, quietly answer the question: J. W. Snow, gardener, 73 Chard St., East Weymouth, says: "I strained my back, lifting, some two years ago and it affected my kidneys. My back ached and was lame and sore mornings. When I straightened up quickly a stitch took me in my back. I had to get up often at night to pass the kidney secretions and they were highly colored and burning. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and used them. Two boxes of Doan's entirely cured me and I haven't had any kidney trouble since."

Price 60c. at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Snow had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y. 21.12.13 (Advertisement)

### W.H. FARRAR & CO.

Plumbing and Heating  
Stoves and Repairs  
Tin Roofing and General Jobbing  
ESTIMATES GIVEN  
Business Established 1883  
Peakes Building, Jackson Square.  
Telephone Weymouth 454 H.

### for your health's sake

### SANITARY LAUNDRY

For your health's sake don't have your washing done at home. When you consider the small amount of money you need spend each week, do you think it is worth while to endanger your health, and strength by the annoyance of having it done at your own residence. A few cents a week covers the bill.

### Monarch Wet Wash Laundry

East Weymouth  
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is the one who will give you the full satisfaction in work and prices of repairing furniture, mattresses and cushions, 1052 HANCOCK STREET, near the Quincy High School. Tel. Quincy 501-W 494

## PROBATE NOTICES

Probate court is held in Norfolk county on the first four Wednesdays of the month. At Dedham, the first Wednesday; at Quincy, the second Wednesday; at Dedham the third Wednesday; and at Brookline the fourth Wednesday.

The Gazette and Transcript gives careful attention to all citations and notices, and will send slips when requested.

**Administratrix's Notice**  
Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administratrix of the estate of EMMA F. THAYER late of Weymouth in the County of Norfolk, deceased, intestate, and has taken upon herself that trust by giving bond as the law directs.

All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to AUGUSTA C. HUNT, Adm. (Address) 59 Front Street, Weymouth, Mass., March 13, 1918. 31.12.14

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.**  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, creditors, and all other persons interested in the estate of ANDREW P. MAHONEY late of Weymouth in said County, deceased, intestate:

Whereas, a petition has been presented to said Court to grant a letter of administration on the estate of said deceased, to Catherine F. Mahoney, of said Weymouth, without giving a surety on her bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said county of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March, A. D. 1918. 12.14.31 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.**  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of MARY A. POOLE late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Howard P. White of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this ninth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.**  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of WILLIAM E. THAYER late of Weymouth in said county, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Kate Thayer of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Dedham in said County of Norfolk, on the third day of April, A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this twelfth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.11.13 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

## Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.

To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of CAROLINE AUGUSTA BLANCHARD late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by Alice Bates Blanchard of said Weymouth who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to her, the executrix therein named, without giving a surety on her official bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said county of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 12.14.31 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.**  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of ELIZABETH F. BANISTER late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, two certain instruments purporting to be the last will and testament—and one codicil—of said deceased have been presented to said Court for Probate by James Callahan of Boston in the County of Suffolk, who prays that letters of administration with the will annexed may be issued to him, or some other suitable person, the executors named in said will having deceased or deceased.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this eighteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 31.12.14 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

**Commonwealth of Massachusetts Probate Court.**  
To the heirs-at-law, next-of-kin, and all other persons interested in the estate of FANNIE E. MAYBEIRY late of Weymouth in said County, deceased:

Whereas, a certain instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased has been presented to said Court for Probate, by George L. Mayberry of Boston, Mass., who prays that letters testamentary may be issued to him, the executor therein named, without giving a surety on his official bond. You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court to be held at Quincy in said County of Norfolk, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1918, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have, why the same should not be granted.

And said petitioner is hereby directed to give public notice thereof, by publishing this citation once in each week, for three successive weeks, in the Weymouth Gazette a newspaper published in said Weymouth, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, or delivering a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate, seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, JAMES H. FLINT, Esquire, Judge of said Court, this nineteenth day of March in the year one thousand nine hundred and eighteen. 12.14.31 J. R. McCOOLE, Register.

### George M. Keene

### CARPENTER AND BUILDER

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Repair work of all kinds promptly attended to  
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CHURCH CONDITIONS AT SOUTH WEYMOUTH

(Continued from Page 9)

Now the former background of the matter. About 75 years ago, the then one church—now known as the Old South church—became two. The causes, so far as can now be learned, were incidental rather than essential; personal rather than doctrinal; temporary rather than permanent. They have long since faded away.

But with that initial impetus, aided by various influences in the developing years, this two-fold church life has continued until now. Both churches through the years have been recognized as faithful, useful Congregational churches, members of Norfolk Association of Congregational churches, and both doing a substantial work.

In the passing of the years there have been efforts for reunion, but in the conditions and circumstances of the detailed situations these efforts have not resulted in reunion. We are not directly concerned at present to review these efforts. Suffice it to say that with perhaps differing points of view, and varying weight of emphasis upon considerations involved, a real sincerity of purpose and desire may be recognized in those whose conclusions have not been similar.

But I turn to the background of the question. The original causes have disappeared. Very many who have shared in the belated, or resulting or successive impressions of the years, now gone have been called by the Master to His higher service. With the changing years there has come, in considerable part, a new constituency—with children of the fathers once resident here, and in the welcoming from time to time to our spheres of church life of a quite considerable number of Christian disciples born in other places, and reared in other churches. Coincidentally all this the former background has practically disappeared. And instead there has come a background suggestively described by the phrase "The Winter Merger."

For several months, under the initial impulse of fuel conservation, these two churches have been actually practising an united life of worship, study, devotion and work, to the apparent enjoyment and inspiration of the members. All concerned have become better acquainted, the spirit of fellowship has been notably quickened, the inspiration of increased numbers has been felt, the Men's Community Bible Class movement has been made possible, and actual with its marked contribution to the united church life, and the resulting feeling, I am sure, is, in spite of a not unnatural touch of longing thought once in a while, it may be, of some features of the former life, the resulting feeling, on the whole, is quite strongly the feeling of desire for the essential continuance of united church life rather than for its severance and for resulting church separation. This has never been the background here before. There is no probability that it ever will be the background here again in equal degree.

Coming now more positively to the consideration of the question, may I, at the start, urge you to remember the suggestion of THE GREAT APOSTLE'S THOUGHT in my text. Our first and last purpose in this, or any proposed movement, must be consciously the same as his—the glory of God. That is the supreme, ultimate, controlling. Other motives and results may be

involved—community improvement, civic welfare, personal and neighborhood improvement, but all must merge supremacy in this one. Will it be for the glory of God in the exaltation of Jesus Christ as the Divine Savior and Lord, and the real helping forward of the coming of His Kingdom in South Weymouth.

Again, will it, in the line of this end, and as a test of it—on the whole, thinking of the members and people of these two churches—and those affiliated with them—will it conduce to use Paul's phrase—to their "good to edification"—the real building of Christian action and influence?

Again, has there come to be, and is there promise of there resulting, such a measure of—to use Paul's word again—"likemindedness toward one another," as will give substantial promise of favorable results in the actual experience of a permanent merger?

And does that "likemindedness" so resemble that in Paul's mind that it shall be, as he described his term "according to Christ Jesus," so that there shall result the perpetual vision of the preeminent Divine Christ, the one Redeemer of lost men "whom God exalted to be a Prince and a Savior for to give repentance to Israel and forgiveness of sins and this shall help to proclaim Him, who of old entered Jerusalem in lowly guise over the palm strewn way, as eternal King of Kings and Lord of Lords?"

And once more—and all the while—that question must be settled, as in Paul's mind—in the primary and vital atmosphere of prayer. No pastor's opinion; no member's opinion; no church's opinion will be vitally worth while, which is not the result of sincere waiting on God to know what He thinks about it, and what His Holy Spirit of Divine Administration desires to have done.

The situation calls for no offhand, superficial counsel, taking things for granted from an easygoing glimpse of material considerations.

This question will call—and properly—at the fitting time among other things for the best business judgment that is available, but it would be a thousand pities for these churches to approach this question primarily as a business question—to be settled simply on the score of commercial considerations. As Paul thought of conditions at Rome, and desired the edification of those Christian disciples, he poured out his heart to God for the needed blessing.

I confidently believe that much prayer has already been offered by the people of these churches, and that much more will be offered. The one great working condition of waiting such a question; not excluding other conditions, but permeating them, and moulding them, is the one great working conclusion of waiting upon God for guidance, and the moving of His Spirit upon the hearts of all to the ultimate accomplishment of His will.

In this spirit

SOME PARTICULAR FACTS

are to be kept in mind.

(1) The manifest inherent proprieties of having one rather than two Congregational churches in the geographical division we call South Weymouth, unless sufficient counter reasons specifically appear to justify two. These proprieties of course relate to questions of support, forces, work, workers, attitude, cooperation and all that contributes to the influence and fruit of the Christian disciples making up the Congregational constituency here, and the Christian forces of perhaps other denominational names, choosing to be identified with the Congregational forces. Can all these do better work for the Great Master in one or in two Congregational churches?

(2) Again—the local fact—which I confidently believe to be a fact—that at the present time, the overwhelming desire, so far as various indications go, of the present constituencies of these two churches is for a permanent uniting of their forces and their work. This survey seems to be the fact. There may be—in the circumstances it would be strange if there were not—some, hitherto affiliated with both churches, who would find, in such a proposition for permanent merger, such change from long-acquainted and cherished habits and arrangements, as to give them considerable pause and hesitation in thinking of such a step. They might even be unable to enter into active agreement with such a movement. A long-cherished outlook and environment is not lightly left for a new. But new visions not rarely become attractive, and in the end, compelling. I do not know—

I have made no canvass, whether there are those who would feel this way. It would not, as I say, be strange, but the apparent fact is the very general prevalence of desire for this movement.

(3) And it should be fully in mind that neither general plan, nor any plan can be expected to be entirely free from infelicities, and elements that will not commend themselves to every one concerned. We may properly consider also the conditions that would prevail under a recurrence to the former plan.

(4) And yet again we must try to anticipate the result not merely for the first weeks or months, before the members of the two churches had had time to get fully adjusted in all the new relations, and arrangements, but rather as we take the long, far look ahead, considering the presumable conditions and needs and attainments of many, many years to come.

(5) Another, and in its place, very significant fact, is the, I think I may call it universal and weighty concurrence of judgment on the part of our Congregational people outside South Weymouth that these churches ought to form a permanent merger. I meet that judgment, and that only, as I come in contact with men outside, and that, with men whose natural sympathy, for various reasons, would probably be, some with one church and some with the other. Such judgment of course, in the nature of the case, would be predominantly theoretical, and would not be sometimes adequately based upon, and balanced by a knowledge of actual considerations, but, in this case, here and now, it must be regarded as having large weight and significance.

MY DEFINITE REPLY

Speaking then for myself alone, today, and having endeavored to cherish the spirit of prayer, and the high motives of the Lord's glory and Kingdom, I would say in direct reply that I have come to the confident conclusion that such a permanent merger will prove to be the wisest course for the edification—the building up of the Lord's work here, and that such a merger, it will probably be feasible, to make, as the matter shall be further considered.

As to any plan of procedure to reach an authorized decision one way or the other, I have no positive counsel at this time. That could be reached by various parties.

The vital course would necessarily involve adequate conference and examination of the specific facts of the case, and resulting action, if desired.

One possible plan of procedure would be this: In connection with the temporary winter merger there was raised a joint "Committee of Conference," practically composed of the official boards of the two churches. In accordance with its report action was taken by the churches, issuing in the temporary union from December to May, and this committee was made an executive committee for this temporary union. It would hardly be an undue stretch of authority for this committee to examine the situation, and advise the churches whether the union would better cease May 1st or not. With or without additions to that committee, as seemed good of the churches, there might follow a careful examination of the situation, and of any suggestions or proposals that have been or may be made, issuing in a statement of the expedient course to follow. This would, as before, form a basis for definite church action, if such then seemed best.

The precise mode of procedure may not be important, so long as provision is first made for full and careful inquiry into the situation, and then for any desired church action.

It is an important matter; it belongs to all the members of both churches; and, as I have already indicated, should be considered prayerfully, thoughtfully, and with ever high motives.

I may also add that, if sufficiently necessary, no doubt friendly and helpful advice might be obtained from the churches or brethren outside, but, in the case before us, it would be presumably much better for us to sit down together quietly, lovingly, and "likemindedly," and make our own plans and arrangements.

PALM SUNDAY INSPIRATION  
Nearly 20 centuries ago one came, riding into Jerusalem with the symbols of a King. Around him there gathered, we are told, "the whole multitude of his disciples, and they began to rejoice and praise God with a loud voice... saying Blessed be the King that cometh in the name of the Lord. Peace in heaven and glory in the highest."

We celebrate today the entrance into Jerusalem of our King, so long ago. May we not confidently look for the answer to our prayers, as did the disciples at Jerusalem in "peace in heaven and glory in the highest"—a peace and a glory which shall now and here make peaceful and radiant our united service on earth!  
This then is my simple purpose this hour—to contribute my personal part to the gathering impressions of these passing days, as I directly say to you, that I am persuaded that the glory of the Lord, and the building up of his Kingdom here will be promoted by the permanent union of the Old South and Union churches, and in saying this I want you to take as the last word, the word of Paul to the disciples at Rome: "Now the God of patience and consolation grant you to be likeminded one toward another according to Christ Jesus. That ye may with one mind and one mouth glorify God even the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ. Wherefore receive ye one another as Christ also received us to the glory of God."

Farm Letters

By Edward Lukeman

SELECTION OF SMALL FRUITS  
If you have read this column carefully during the past winter, you no doubt have come to the conclusion that it is absolutely necessary to have a fruit garden, and this spring you are going to make a beginning. The very first thing to do, is to make an asparagus bed. See that the ground is well drained. Make it very fine and rich, with well rotted manure. Dig a trench one and one-half feet deep. Place six inches of manure at the bottom; then cover with six inches of soil, and set the plants twelve inches apart. Have the rows three feet apart and as the plants begin to grow, gradually fill in the trench until it is level full. Then level up the soil and keep free from grass and weeds. The second year you can cut sparingly, and the third year a full crop can be cut. If a small family 100 two-year-old roots will be sufficient, but if a large one, better make it 150. The variety known as Conover's Colossal is as good as any.

RHUBARB  
For rhubarb make the ground very rich and plant about six feet apart. Keep clear of grass and weeds. Twelve roots will be ample. Linnaeus is a favorite variety.  
For strawberries, make the ground very, very rich by spading in all the manure possible and order: 50 early, 50 medium, 50 late and 100 fall bearers. Tell the grower where you place your order the condition of your soil, whether high or low land, sandy loam or heavy clay soil, and leave the selection of the varieties to him, and you will get the varieties best suited to your needs. Set the plants three feet apart each way, and keep the runners cut as fast as they come on. If you keep the grass and weeds out of the bed, and take a little pride in your work, you will be rewarded with a bumper crop of large berries.

RASPBERRY AND BLACKBERRIES  
No garden is complete without these. Make the ground rich and keep the weeds and grass where they belong. Cuthbert for June berries, and St. Regis for ever-bearing are the two best red varieties, and Snyder for the blackberries are the very best. Plant six by six and plant one and one-half dozen of each variety, and it will be ample.

GRAPES  
Every city and country garden should contain at least a dozen grape vines. With good care they will thrive in almost any location. Plant eight feet apart each way. They do admirably when trained to the side of a building, along the garden fences, or trained to a trellis or even to a stake driven into the ground. Concord (black), or

Delaware (red), Niagara (white), will be sure to please you.

CURRENTS  
None of the small fruits that are planted are so neglected as this one but it readily responds to good treatment. The fruit can be used in a variety of ways. Every garden should contain at least one dozen bushes. Perfection is the very best variety. Cut out one-third of the old wood each year. This is necessary if you wish to keep the fruit up to its standard size.

GOOSEBERRIES  
If you decide to grow these, you must plant them in good rich soil. Give a liberal dressing of manure each year. Regular pruning every season is essential for the production of fine fruit. Set the bushes six by six and plant the variety known as Downing.  
This concludes the varieties of small fruits, and next week I will take up the different varieties of apples, pears, peaches and plums. In ordering any of the above with the exception of strawberries or rhubarb, order two-year-old stock. It will be much larger and stronger, and more sure to please you.  
I would advise getting this nursery stock from your local nursery at South Weymouth, as far as you are able, but if you are unable to get it all, then you can get the balance either from Greens Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y., Maloney Bros. and Wells Co., Dansville, N. Y., or New England Nursery Co., Bedford, Mass. Any of these firms are reliable and what they send will please you.  
Now when you plant anything in the first line don't think your duty ends when you have completed this task, and that no further care is necessary. You would not think of planting a garden, and then doing nothing more about it, and expect a good crop, because common sense would tell you that you could not expect any garden under such conditions. So give anything you plant the very best care possible, and believe what is worth doing at all is worth doing well.

P. S.—Recently I have received many nice compliments from people who read this column, and for these I am very grateful. It's well worth writing this column to know that you are able to please people. The editor has placed this column at your disposal so as to help you with your gardens. Now won't you try and do a little something for the editor and subscribe for the paper and induce your friends to do likewise. After they have taken the paper a few weeks they will thank you for it.—E. L.

—More than 1,600 tons of anthracite coal were condemned in Pennsylvania markets by representatives of the Fuel Administration recently in the campaign to compel the delivery of clean coal.

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SECOND HAND  
1915 1916 1917  
WILL BE SOLD AT BARGAINS  
CASH OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS  
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Teas and Coffees  
Have you tried the Formosa Orange Pekoe Tea  
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Our High Grade Roasted Coffees  
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Countless Women find—

that when suffering from nervousness, sick headache, dizzy spells and ailments peculiar to their sex—nothing affords such prompt and welcome relief, as will follow a few doses of

BEECHAM'S PILLS

A proven women's remedy, which assists in regulating the organs, and re-establishing healthy conditions. Beecham's Pills contain no habit-forming drug—leave no disagreeable after-effects. They are—

Nature's aid to better Health

Directions of Special Value to Women are with every box. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Save Your Cash and Your Health  
HILL'S CASCARA QUININE  
The standard cold cure for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—cures cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days. Money-back if it fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more, saves money. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store

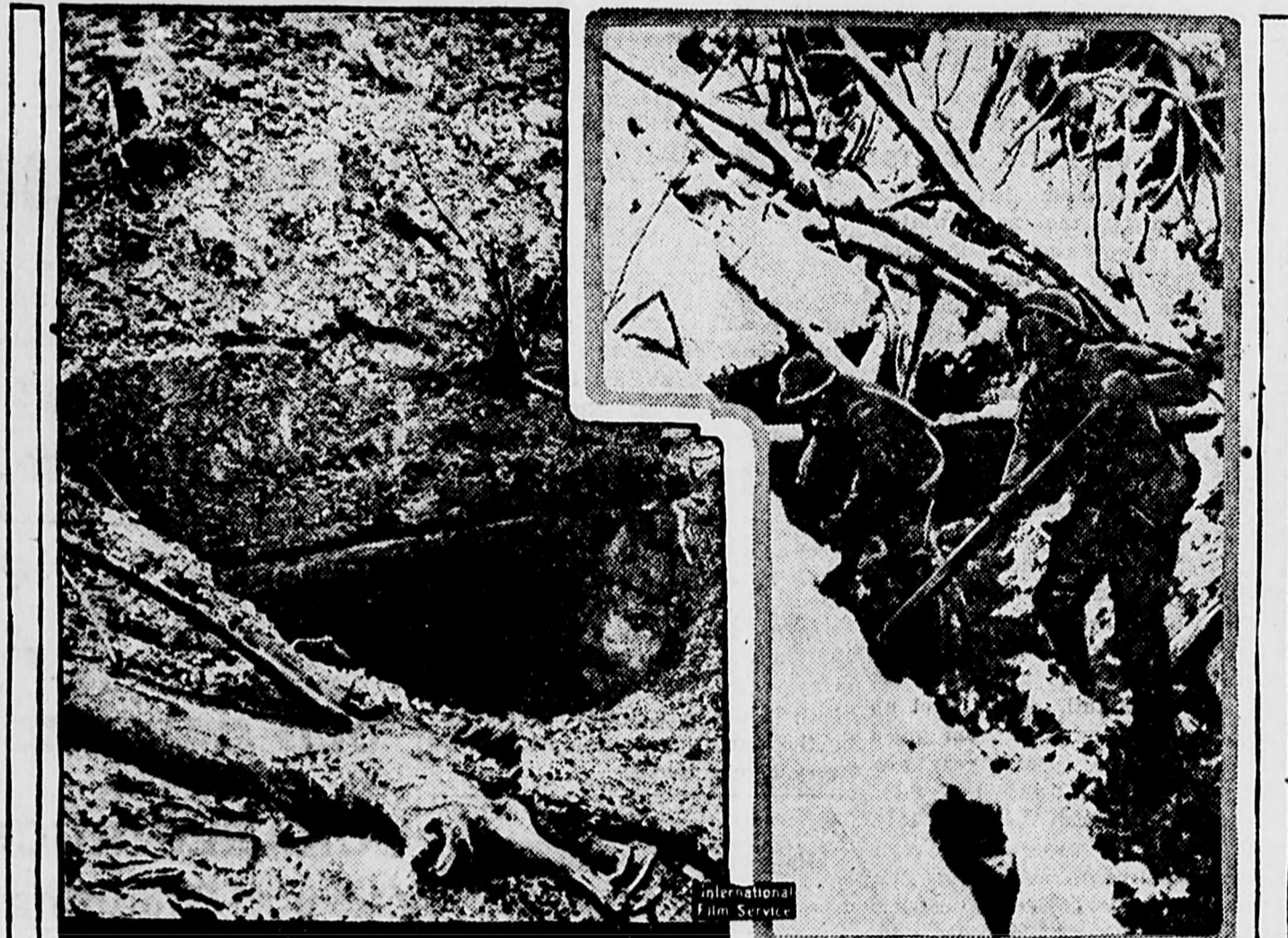
How's This?  
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hill's Catarrh Cure. Hill's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hill's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hill's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

### BURIAL OF AMERICAN VICTIMS OF THE TUSCANIA SINKING



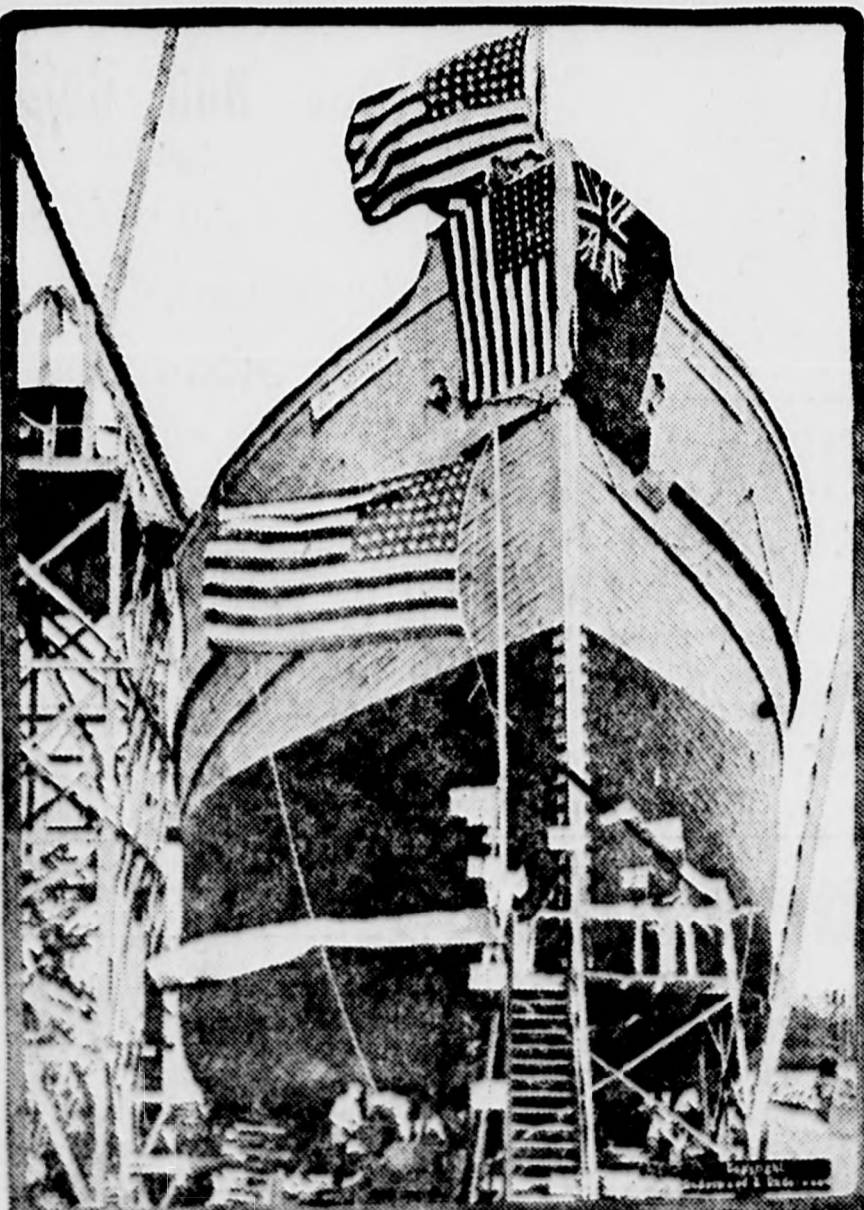
One hundred and fifty-nine American soldiers lie buried along a bleak stretch of Scottish coast. They are those who died when the British transport Tuscania was sunk. Their graves are at the water's edge close to the base of rocky cliffs. These photographs show the funeral procession leaving the morgue at Port Charlotte in the rain, the pipers leading, and the mourners viewing the burial ceremonies from the top of the cliff.

### WHERE AMERICAN TROOPS ARE NOW FACING THE ENEMY



The pictures above show sections on the Chemin des Dames front in the Aisne sector which is now being held by Uncle Sam's soldier boys. At the left is the entrance of the captured German fortress of Malmaison, and at the right, French troops clearing a trench captured from the Germans and now being occupied by American troops.

### AMERICA'S MERCANTILE FLEET GROWING FAST



The great mercantile fleet needed to carry our soldiers overseas and the enormous quantities of supplies needed to keep these men and our allies supplied with food and other necessities, is being rapidly completed. This photograph taken in one of the many shipyards working to capacity shows a vessel on the ways almost ready to be launched.

### WATCHING ENEMY PLANES

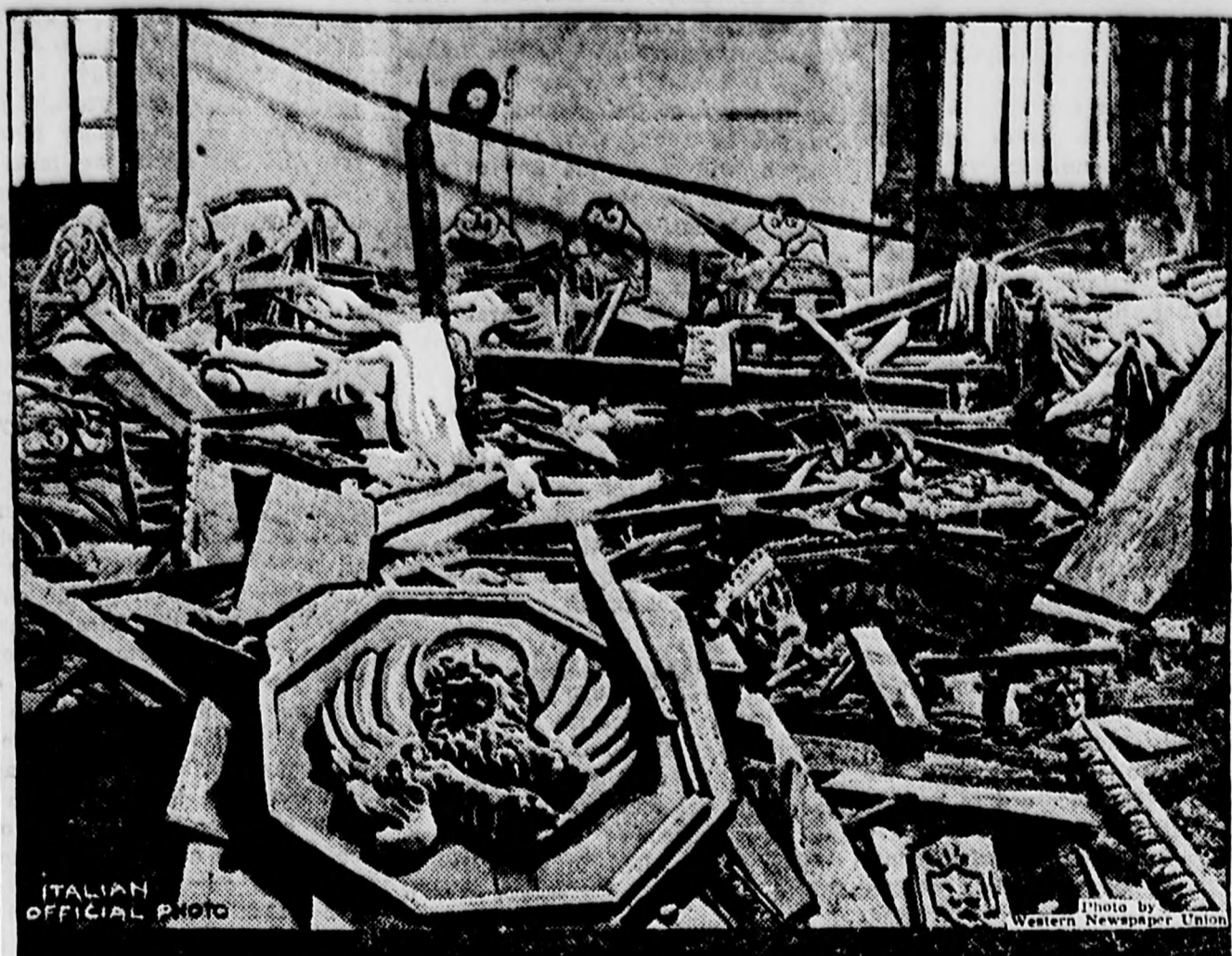


This marine, one of a large contingent of our soldiers of the sea somewhere in Lorraine training to take their part in the fight, has sighted the approach of Teuton airplanes, and after passing the word of their coming to headquarters watches their flight above the clouds.

#### Origin of an Antipathy.

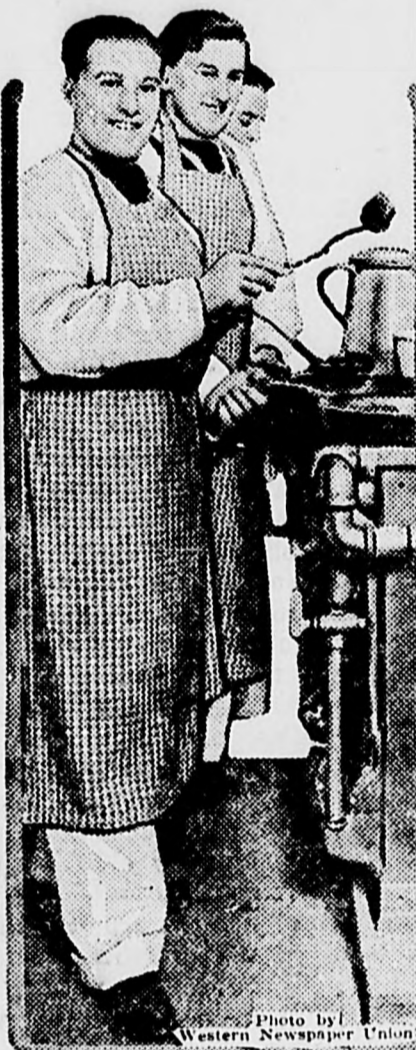
"Bliggins says that when he was a boy he wrote the proverb, 'Honesty is the Best Policy,' over and over again in his copybook."  
"Maybe that's how he got his dislike for it."

### HOSPITAL IN VENICE DESTROYED BY THE GERMANS



Here is an example of the Hun's utter disregard of humanity and decency in the prosecution of the war. The photograph shows the interior of St. John's hospital in Venice after it had been bombed by German aviators.

### HAMBURGER FOR JACKIES



Under the instruction of an expert chef at the cooking school for naval recruits in New York the boys are learning the art of concocting the delicacies of the kitchen. These lads have tempting hamburger steak.

#### How Motors Helped Out Allies.

Several times during the war motor-driven vehicles have dramatically saved the day for the allies. Hordes of London motorbuses, carried the "Tommyes" to and from the battlefields in the early, anxious days of the war. The swift transportation by taxi of the army defending Paris helped to win the victory of the Marne. Thousands of motors rushed the Pollus to the saving of Verdun. Now comes the victory at Gaza, in which tanks played a prominent part and of which it was long ago written, in the Book of Judges, that, though the tribe of Judah took the city, it could not drive out the inhabitants of the valley because they had "chariots of iron." Thanks to these modern "iron chariots," the "tanks," the odds have at last favored the invaders. The "Philistines" have been cleared out by the onslaught of the "tanks" on the sands, and the attack of the monitors on the shores of Gaza.

#### Claims Improvement in Violin.

A patent recently granted to an Illinois inventor covers a radical departure in the design of the violin, the body of which is cylindrical in shape and much more compact than the old-time instrument. The sound post and bass-bar in a modified form are necessarily retained. The instrument is provided with a chin rest so-shaped as to be extended laterally while in use and of folding against the instrument when not in use. The appearance of the violin is most extraordinary, but it is said that the quality and volume of tone is the equal of that found in hand-made violins of conventional construction. The peculiar form involves a simplification in the mode of manufacture and admits of instruments being made almost wholly by machinery, while still possessing excellent tone quality.

#### "Only the Echo Answered."

"I know what I am," petulantly exclaimed a dusky young Nashville belle in answer to an extended and caustic reprimand from her mother, who had been provoked by the daughter's flagrant defiance of certain social conventions.  
"I know what yo'ahm," was the squelching rejoinder. "But what ahm yo' when yo' ahm?"

### HOW GERMANS TORTURE PRISONERS



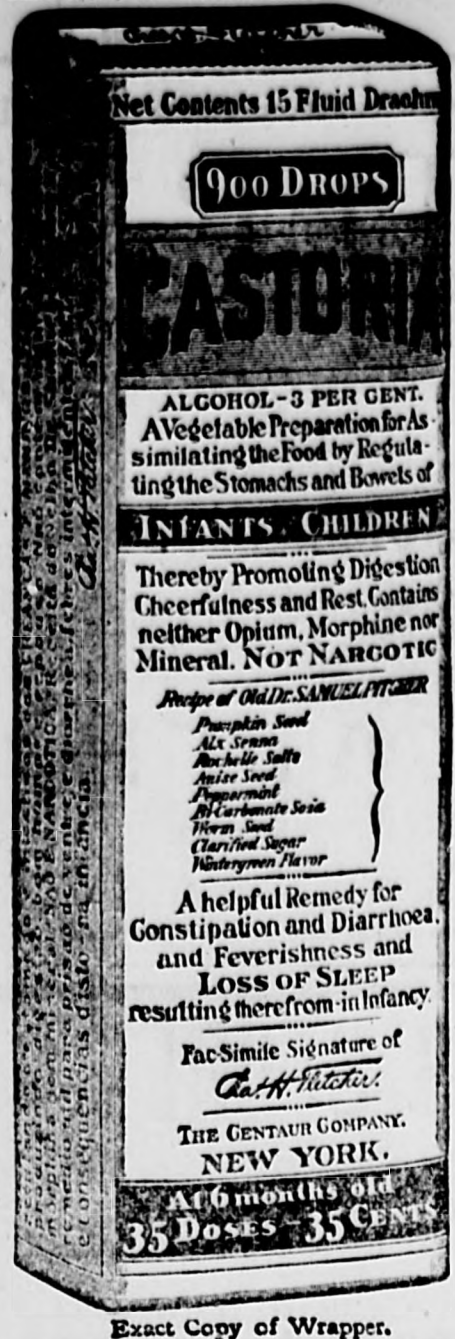
The lower picture was taken by a French prisoner of war in the German prison camp at Semetager bei Paderborn in November, 1914. It was brought out, sewed in the lining of his coat, by W. J. Prendergast, a private in the Dublin Fusiliers, captured in the retreat from Mons, who is shown in the upper photograph. Prendergast was educated at the public schools of New York and Chicago, and has returned to this country, having been exchanged and honorably discharged from the British army because of his wounds. Of the picture he says: "The two men tied to the pole are British prisoners of war, who committed no offense whatever, but were put there for fighting against the Germans. The wooden shoes which they wear were given to all prisoners and their own shoes taken off them. The men at the pole are tied up with their soap put in front of them and left for 48 hours at a time in rain, snow and hail and without food. I have been tied to that very pole for 48 hours myself."

### GERMAN BALLOON OBSERVER AND HIS GUN



Whenever a French battleplane spies a captive German observation balloon he naturally does his best to riddle it with machine-gun fire. The constant destruction of their sausage balloons has compelled the Germans to provide their observers with machine guns to protect themselves from attack. This most unusual photograph shows a German observer in the gondola of his sausage balloon with his gun ready for action.





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Always Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Hutchins*  
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**FIRST COUSIN WORTH HAVING**

Would Be Grand if Every Nephew of Uncle Sam Could Have One Just Like Her.

The home-body on her way to market had been buried in her shopping list until the voices of her neighbors reached her:

"What did you hear from Jack?" "I had a nice letter yesterday from him; so interesting. He told about some girl—perfect stranger—who sent him a box of home-made stuff. There were socks and wristlets and a helmet and candy."

"Why, the idea of sending all that to a strange chap."

"But you see," Jack's mother went on to explain "by way of apology for taking the liberty—it seems she had got his name out of a list of boys in camp down there—she explained that as Uncle Sam was her uncle, and Jack's too, that made them first cousins, and so he couldn't possibly be offended with her. Wasn't that cute?"

"I should say so." "Then she told him if he opened the candy when he was on 'open' or 'neutral' sens he must divide with his other cousins, and if there was any of the candy left by the time he landed in France he must give it to his second cousins—the English and the French. It was the cheeriest letter! And so interesting! So much so that he sent it to me to read. Cunning little mix, using that Uncle Sam gag."

"Sure," remarked her companion, "but that's the girl of it!"

**The Lesser Evil.** "If you were compelled to engage in conversation with one or the other for an hour, which would you choose, a woman with a mission or one who thinks she is misunderstood?" "The woman with a mission."

"Why?" "She would most of the talking. A woman who thinks she is misunderstood usually wants a little confidential advice."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Last year failures in Holland numbered 917, by far the fewest since the war began.

Uncertainty hangs over all earthly things like a pall.

**Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops**

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

**BAN IS OPTIMISTIC**

American League President Believes Season Will Be Good.

Head of Junior Major League Takes More Rosy View as a Result of Winter Developments—Abundance of Players.

President Ban Johnson of the American league, who was not inclined to be optimistic over the baseball outlook at the close of the 1917 season, has been encouraged to take a more rosy view as the result of the winter's developments.

"Interest has been maintained all winter by the numerous exchanges of players in both leagues and I begin to feel optimistic as to the future," said Mr. Johnson. "There will be an abundance of playing talent and in spite of the army draft and navy enlistments, which have deprived the leagues of some splendid ball players, there will be others to fill their places."

"Colonel Ruppert made an excellent move when he engaged Miller Huggins to manage the Yankees. Huggins is a smart baseball man and in due time I feel confident he will obtain successful results. Of course, he must have time to size up the players who will report to him. You must remember that he is entirely new in the American league and has many things to learn. But you can't take away from him his complete knowledge of the inside workings of baseball."

"Ed Barrow, I am sure, will prove just the sort of man the Red Sox need to get the results of which that great team of players Frazee has gathered is capable and right here I want to say that after talking with Connie Mack I am inclined to believe the Athletics are not so badly off as some of their critics have made it appear."

"Fielder Jones, with the changes made in his Browns, and with a little more luck, should prove what we all believe him to have, the talents of a successful leader. Cleveland has been hard hit, but Jim Dunn is gamely rebuilding."

"Altogether our league seems in good shape, and as I say, I am much more cheerful about the outlook for a good season now than I was two months ago. It did really look bad to me then."

**SWIMMER OFFERS TO TEACH**

Champion Goodwin Would Give His Services to Uncle Sam—Is Beyond Military Age.

Bud Goodwin, American swimming champion for 17 years, has offered to serve as a swimming instructor wherever Uncle Sam can use him. He will probably be assigned to a naval training station. Goodwin is beyond military age. He has represented the New York Athletic club during his period as champion.

**FIVE OF OHIO STATE CAPTAINS IN SERVICE**

When Hap Courtney, captain of the western conference, enlisted in the ensign school for the navy at Chicago, he was the fifth captain of Ohio State to enter the service. Bolen, basketball; Steinliber, cross-country; Harley, football captain-elect; and Todd, track leader, are the other four. Captains of tennis and baseball teams were turned down on account of physical defects or they would be gone, too.

**SCHMIDT, WHO RETIRED, MAY RETURN TO GAME**



Charles Schmidt, who, as first baseman for the world's champion Boston Braves of 1915, was one of the few big league baseball players to actually enter retirement in the height of their prime, may come back.

But, should the players who rose from the Baltimore sand lots to a regular position with the team that won baseball's premier honors after one of the greatest spurts in the game's history, really decide to again don a uniform, it will be merely through an act of patriotism.

His business is thriving and baseball could never call him back unless he thought he were needed to help fill the ranks of those who may be called off to war.

**GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER**

has been a household remedy all over the civilized world for more than half a century for constipation, intestinal troubles, torpid liver and the generally depressed feeling that accompanies such disorders. It is a most valuable remedy for indigestion or nervous dyspepsia and liver trouble, bringing on headache, coming up of food, palpitation of heart and many other symptoms. A few doses of August Flower will immediately relieve you. It is a gentle laxative. Ask your druggist. Sold in all civilized countries.—Adv.

**The Cockney's Tact.**

Watkins, a cockney private, was lecturing his mates one day on the need of employing tact in their dealings with the French people.

"Now, I got in a bit of a fix the other day," said Watkins. "I was billeted with a French family, and after I'd been shown to my room I started out for a walk. Well, I happened to open the wrong door. It was a bathroom and there was a lady in the tub. She let out a scream, and it might have been a decidedly embarrassing situation, but my tact saved the day."

"Well, wot did ya do?"

"I jes' backed out an' said: 'Tardong, monsieur.'"—New York Tribune.

**Boys Wanted to Be Sure.**

"I'll give one of you boys a dime to carry my bag to the station," said a cross-eyed man, pausing before three ragged little fellows.

"Which one, mister?" piped the boys in chorus.

"You," said the cross-eyed man.

"Which one?"

"You."

There was a pause. Finally one little fellow said: "Fair do, mister: close one eye and look at the kid you want, will you?"

**Royal Wit Not Slow.**

Rich in sly humor was the reply of Henry IV of France, who one day reached Amiens after a prolonged journey. A local orator was deputed to harangue him, and commenced with a lengthy string of epithets:

"Very great sovereigns, very good, very merciful, very magnanimous—" "Add also," interrupted the weary monarch, "very tired."

**Resolution Easy to Keep.**

Mrs. Flitbush—Is your husband keeping his New Year's resolution? Mrs. Bensonhurst—He sure is.

"He must be a wonder to keep it this long."

"Oh, I don't know. It wasn't so hard to keep."

"What was it?"

"That he wouldn't burn as much coal this year as usual."

**Lamps for the Eyes.**

A new optical instrument consists of a high-powered incandescent lamp which can be taken into a person's mouth to illuminate his eyes through the retinae, enabling them to be examined through the pupils.

**A New Way to Shave**

Tender skins twice a day without irritation by using Cuticura Soap the "Cuticura Way." No slimsy mug, germs, waste of time or money. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

**A Sure One.**

"Can you furnish me with any knock-down argument about your capacity to do the family sewing?"

"Could I? Just watch me fell this seam."

**None Needed.**

Peddler—Blotters, sir? Professor—No; I write only on dry subjects.

**Allen's Foot-Ease for the Troops.**

Many war zone hospitals have ordered Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder, for use among the troops. Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, Allen's Foot-Ease gives rest and comfort, and makes walking a delight. Sold everywhere 5c. Try it today. Adv.

**Suspicious Sound.**

The Girl—My father says there is a movement on foot—

The Youth (with visible alarm)—I think I had better go.

**To The American People**

There is no foundation for the alleged violations of law attributed to our Company by agents of the Federal Trade Commission and I want to say emphatically that Swift & Company is not a party to any conspiracy to defraud the Government. Nor has Swift & Company been guilty of improperly storing foods or of making false entries or reports.

Conferences of packers, where prices have been discussed, have been held at the urgent request and in the presence of representatives of either the Food Administration or the Council of National Defense. And yet the packers have been accused of committing a felony by acting in collusion on Government bids!

We have done our best, with other packers, large and small, to comply with the directions of the United States Food Administration in all particulars, including the furnishing of food supplies for the U. S. Army and Navy and the Allies, now being handled through the Food Administration.

We will continue to do our utmost, under Government direction, to increase our production and assist the Food Administration. We consider that the opportunity to co-operate whole-heartedly and to our fullest powers with this branch of the Government is our plain and most pressing duty.

The Trade Commission Attorney has, by false inference and misplaced emphasis, given to disconnected portions of the correspondence taken from our private files and read into the Record, a false and sinister meaning with the plain purpose of creating antagonistic public opinion.

The services of the packers of the United States are most urgently needed, and I regret exceedingly that we should at this time have to spend our efforts in defending ourselves against unfounded, unproved, and unfair assertions such as are being daily made public.

L. J. Swift, President

Swift & Company, U.S.A.

**Their Kind.** "When they pass antitrust laws in the future they will have teeth in them."

"Oh, that's only biting sarcasm."

It's faith in something and enthusiasm for something that makes life worth looking at.—Holmes.

Just because a man is all right today it isn't a safe bet that he will be all wrong tomorrow.

It takes Congress to settle a strike, but an unruly stomach is subdued by Garfield Tea. Adv.

Hard luck is a polite name for the sleeping sickness.—Exchange.

**Tractor Vs. Mule.** Ten mules can haul about two tons of material and their work is limited to ten hours, but the tractor hauls 25 tons and covers a distance of 20 miles at the same time.

**Probably Cold.** Geraldine—Why didn't you enlist? Geraldine—I had trouble with my feet. Geraldine—Flat or cold?—Judge.

**Consoling Him.** Clerk—"I cannot live on my salary, sir." Boss—"Then I'll try to be patient and wait, instead of firing you."

Total stocks of wool in the United States amounted to 522,000,000 pounds on December 31, 1917.

**22 Million Families in the United States**

**4 CUPS OF WHEAT FLOUR TO THE POUND**

If each family used 4 cups of flour less per week, the saving would be 22 million pounds or 112,244 barrels every week.

The greatest help housekeepers can give to win the war is to make this saving and it can be done by using this recipe in place of white flour bread.

**Corn Meal Biscuits**

1/2 cup scalded milk, 1 cup corn meal, 2 tablespoons shortening, 1/2 teaspoon salt, 1 cup white flour, 4 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder

Save 1/2 cup of the measured flour for board. Pour milk over corn meal, add shortening and salt. When cold, add sifted flour and baking powder. Roll out lightly on floured board. Cut with biscuit cutter and bake in greased pan fifteen to twenty minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

**ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. W, 135 William Street, New York**

**FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR**

### DRESS UP FOR EASTER

**DOROTHY DODD SHOES** in all the new Spring styles so full of that dainty chicness that ladies careful in their dress try so hard to attain. Many styles and all prices from \$4.00 to \$8.00.

**RALSTON SHOES** for men are renowned for their unmatched wearing qualities and for their distinctive style. A foot in a Ralston Shoe is always well shod. The prices are from \$5.00 to \$8.00.

**LAMSON AND HUBBARD HATS** in all of the New Spring Styles. These hats are the choice of all careful dressers. They are the acme of the hatters art in quality and satisfaction. They are all that hat should be and more than any other hat is. They sell for \$3.50 & \$4.00.

**KNOBBY SHIRTS** in all of the new colorings that this year has brought out. A well chosen shirt is a man's greatest reflection of character. We pride ourselves on having the largest assortment in a long way with a pattern appropriate for any personality and with either stiff or soft cuffs. Prices are anywhere from \$1.00 to \$3.50.

**QUALITY NECKWEAR** the sort that is just the finishing touch to the well dressed man that is so necessary to his good appearance. From 25c to \$1.50.

**INTERWOVEN HOSIERY** are the biggest value hosiery, the best wearing hosiery and the best appearing hosiery that we know of. If it were not so we would sell some other kind. 35c per pair, three pair for \$1.00. Silk 75c and \$1.00 per pair.

**JONES** JUST AROUND-THE-CORNER  
1 GRANITE STREET, QUINCY

### WEYMOUTH GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT

Published every Friday by the  
**GAZETTE AND TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING CO.**

**FRANK F. PRESCOTT**  
Managing Editor  
At 52 Commercial St., Weymouth  
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Entered in the Post Office at Weymouth, Mass as Second Class Matter.

FRIDAY, MARCH 29, 1918



This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war.....

#### EVIDENCE

A man who runs weekly dances in another town recently for the first time advertised in the town paper, and the following week wrote to the editor of the paper and said: "It certainly does pay to advertise. I put the advertisement in your paper for the first time and as a result more than 300 persons were present at the dance; by far the largest number that ever attended." Why do prosperous business houses advertise? Because advertising made them prosperous, and not to advertise

would be killing the goose that laid the golden egg.

Why do unprosperous business houses not advertise?

Because they hate to take customers away from the houses that do advertise, or perhaps they think their merchandise improves with age, or perhaps they intend to advertise, and are putting it off until tomorrow—the time has never comes.

Advertising is the road o prosperity. Advertising is a one-way street. Enter and you can't turn back. It's prosperity or bust. Ninety-nine and ninety-nine one-hundredth per cent. prosperity; one one-hundredth per cent. bust. Why not take a chance. A pretty good investment.

Not to advertise is a two-way road. It runs to "perhaps you will win," and is so crowded that you may have to turn back to where you started. It is struggle or bust. Fifty per cent. struggle; 50 per cent. bust. Every number is a blank but one, and! somebody got the one and ran down Wakeup avenue with it, and is now travelling the road to prosperity. Rather a slim chance to be the lucky man and get the one lucky chance. Take the one-way street and avoid the crush—advertise and live happy ever after.

#### "WIN-WAR PLEDGE"

As a fitting ceremony on April 6, anniversary of the declaration of war by the United States against Germany, the National Committee of Patriotic Societies proposes that this pledge be repeated by every person in the country:

"I AFFIRM MY INDIVIDUAL LOYALTY TO THE CAUSE FOR WHICH WE FIGHT; THE CAUSE OF JUSTICE AND HUMAN LIBERTY. I GLADLY LAY UPON THE ALTAR OF THE NATION'S NEED MY MATERIAL POSSESSIONS, MY BODILY STRENGTH AND MY MENTAL POWERS TO SERVE AND TO SAVE AMERICA AND THOSE IDEALS FOR WHICH IT STANDS; AND TO KEEP THE STARS AND STRIPES ON HIGH WITH HONOR. I PLEDGE MY HAND, MY HEART AND MY LIFE."

The day is termed "Win-the-War day" and various branches of the government will co-operate.

## EASTER

(SUNDAY, MARCH 31)

Easter Cards  
Easter Novelties  
Easter Magazines

### C. H. SMITH

PERIODICALS

64 Washington St., Washington Square,

## NEW DRUG STORE

I wish to announce the Opening of a New Drug Store at 312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth.

It will be my endeavor to conduct the business on such a basis as to warrant the Confidence of the people, and to merit a share of their valued patronage.

My 25 years of business in Quincy warrant me in saying that the people of North Weymouth have NOW a Drug Store in which they can place confidence, and rely on getting the Best and Purest of Drugs.

Your Doctor's prescription will receive the same care and attention that has made my store in Quincy the leading store in the city.

**CHARLES C. HEARN**

312 Bridge Street, North Weymouth  
1295 Hancock Street, City Square, Quincy

## Contractor and Builder

**JAMES P. HADDIE**

Will give you an Estimate for a New Business Block or House.

Jobbing of all kinds will receive prompt attention.

An expert in adjusting Fire Losses.

46 Shawmut St., East Weymouth Phone Weymouth 255-W

## WARDWELL BOWLING ALLEYS

Special Orchestra every Wednesday and Saturday  
Weekly Roll-Off every Wednesday Night—\$15  
Ten of the fastest and cleanest alleys in New England  
LADIES' NIGHT EVERY TUESDAY and FRIDAY  
1506 Hancock Street, Quincy, Mass.  
Telephone 72362  
LOUIS ROSS, Proprietor. HARRY W. PAINE, Manager.

# MORE SHOES

# RAYMOND'S

# MORE HATS

## COMPLETE Shoe Stock

OF  
**Simmons & Heaton Co.**

ATHOL, MASS.  
Mail Order House

Inventory, \$16,245.31. Exactly 7827 pairs of Shoes, mostly for Children, Boys and growing Girls. All ready Monday morning. Shoe Department, rear Main Floor, also entrance on Hawley Street.

Children's Black Velour Calf Button Boots, sizes 5 to 8 ..... **\$1.75**

Girls' Patent Leather 1 and 2-strap Pumps, sizes 2½ to 7 ..... **\$2.25**

Misses' Black Velour, Calf Lace Boots, sizes 11½ to 2 ..... **\$2.25**

Misses' Black Patent Leather, Black Cloth Top, Button Boots, Very Dressy, sizes 11½ to 2, Pair ..... **\$2.50**

Children's Tan, Lotus Sewed, Button and Lace Boots, sizes 2½ to 6, Pair ..... **\$2.50**

Children's Gun Metal Button, sizes 2½ to 6 ..... **\$2.50**

Children's, Misses' and Girls' white, one-strap tie, sizes 5 to 8; 8½ to 11; 11½ to 2 ..... \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.50

Little Men's Black Velour, Calf Button Boots, sizes 9 to 13½. Per pair ..... **\$2.00**

Boys' Button Boots, sizes 1 to 6, same as above. Also Patent Leather Vamps. Price ..... **\$2.50**

Prices on the above items are from 25c to 50c per pair less than the manufacturer's cost today. More styles will be put on sale in time for Easter as fast as we can have them opened.

## Thousands Boys' Spring Suits

at fully 1-3 off prices charged by other stores

### Junior Suits

for little fellows 3 to 10 years  
**\$3.25, \$3.75 and \$4.75**

### Bigger Boys' Suits

10 to 18 years, most all latest models,  
**\$3.75, \$4.75, \$5.50 to \$9.75**

### Boys' Shepherd Check

### TOP COATS

2½ to 10 years **\$1.75**  
Others, \$2.00 to \$4.75

### Boys' All Wool Blue Serge Suits

some very fine ones  
**\$5.75, \$7.50, \$9.75**

### Boys' Blouses

White Percales and Woven Madras, some soiled  
**45c**

### Boys' Strong Stockings

20c and 30c a pair

## ONLY A STORE

for the sale of merchandise for all the people, that's all. Merely a STORE, not a lottery, but a STORE, the result of years' hard work catering to the interests of the people. No odd prices to deceive, no stamps, no tinsel show. No catch-penny schemes of any nature. No bad charge accounts (for you to pay for), no Dandy fixtures (but on the installment plan), no expensive delivery system, no P. M.'s to clerks who force you to buy unusable merchandise, no turn-over men, so that you can't get out with a whole shirt if you don't buy; no fancy expressions, no hired brains, no high-salaried wall flowers; nothing to pay for but the goods you buy, upon the express condition that every article in this store shall be marked down if we ever find it marked higher than it is somewhere else, regardless of the thousands of bargains always to be found in this

## ONLY A STORE

Part of the above is reproduced from copy used in May, 1916. It is not only flattering but highly amusing to note the Proudstore, all trying to get on the Band Wagon, but it is just as impossible for a HIGHBROW to operate a DEMOCRATIC store as it is for an Autocratic person to suddenly become Democratic.  
**FRANK I. DORR, President.**

## EASY BASEMENT

- Yard Wide Curtain Scrims, muslins and marquisettes, 15c to 20c values ..... 10c
- 36-inch fine count nainsooks and lawns, short lengths of 20c and 25c goods ..... 12½c
- Greylocke gingham, plain and fancies ..... 20c
- Bates 32-inch gingham and Aero cloths ..... 25c
- 32-inch "Tub Sail" suitings and middy cloths ..... 30c
- 36-inch woven dot fancy Swiss muslins ..... 25c
- Wind-or, Palm Beach novelty skirtings ..... 30c
- 27-inch printed velles, 20c values ..... 12½c
- Fancy Japanese hand woven crepes ..... 20c
- Yard-wide Percales, light effects ..... 17c
- Berkley fine count long cloth, 36-inch, 12 yds. .... \$2.75
- 39-inch unbleached sheeting ..... 19c
- 32-inch heavy corduroy suitings, \$1.00 goods ..... 15c
- Yard-wide good bleached cotton, worth 20c ..... 15c
- 36-inch silk poplins, dollar values, all colors ..... 65c
- 42-inch Brunswick pillow tubing ..... 30c
- Pure linen Barnsley crash, 25c value ..... 20c
- Fancy double fold curtain nets ..... 10c
- Awning stripe Palm Beach suitings, 54-inch ..... 75c
- Mohair Blue Bonnet suitings, 32 inches wide ..... 50c
- Heavy Mohair Sicilians, 54 inches wide, \$2.50 values; cream, sand, cardinal ..... \$1.65
- 36-inch fancy cretonnes, 25c goods ..... 17c
- "Wavark" 54-inch bleached ratine, \$1.00 goods ..... 65c
- 54-inch heavy black mohair Sicilian, \$1.75 value ..... \$1.25
- Yard wide black and white plaid dress goods ..... 25c
- 36-inch madras shirtings, 39c quality ..... 25c
- Half linen Russia crash, 25c value ..... 18c
- Fancy Jacquard Turkish Towels ..... 20c
- Linen welt "Kerry" brown crash ..... 12½c
- \$1x90 sheets of good cotton, \$1.25 value ..... 90c
- Heavy absorbent bleached roller crash ..... 10c
- Linen finish 42x36 pillow cases ..... 30c
- Double thread bleached Turkish towels, 22x44 ..... 25c
- "Beauty" brand 42x36 pillow cases ..... 20c
- Heavy bleached Turkish towels, 18x36 ..... 12½c
- Fruit-of-the-Loom 54-inch cotton ..... 38c
- Honeycomb towels, extra size, 22x44 ..... 25c
- 10-cent Jacquard Turkish face cloths ..... 5c
- Yard wide bleached Plisse for underwear ..... 15c
- Women's 50c union suits, shell or lace knee ..... 35c
- Women's sleeveless jersey vests, 15c values ..... 10c
- Children's galatea dresses, 6 to 14 yrs., 75c value ..... 50c
- Children's percale and chambray rompers ..... 25c
- Children's gingham dresses, 2 to 6 yrs., 75c values ..... 45c
- Women's dark percale Princess Aprons, \$1 values ..... 65c
- Fancy veillings, special at ..... 5c, 10c and 20c
- More Sweater yarn, khaki, gray and brown mixed, skein ..... 35c
- Shirred seersucker petticoats, white and striped ..... 45c
- Good quality envelope chemises, all sizes ..... 45c
- 59c Hamburg trimmed drawers, all sizes ..... 45c
- Women's out size jersey vests, short sleeves ..... 20c
- Heavy linen finish button thread, spool ..... 4c
- Black sewing silk, 50-yard spools ..... 4c
- Women's silk boot 50c hose, black, white, panama ..... 35c
- Women's fine split sole black hose, out sizes ..... 25c
- 500 mill samples wool ingrain carpet, 18x36 inches, each ..... 30c

## SILK DRESSES FOR LARGE WOMEN

Sizes 46½ to 50½. Youthful models for large women. Of taffeta silk and Georgette. Fancy. .... stores price them \$25.00 to \$27.50

## MORE SAMPLE COATS, \$8.75

Women's and Misses' Coats of all wool Serge, Poplin and Velour. In navy and high shades. Many with full plaited back. All good styles. Mahogany palaces advertise them at \$12.75 as bargains.

## NEW DRESSES FOR EASTER

- More New Serge Dresses ..... \$4.75
- More New Faillie Silk Dresses ..... \$4.95
- More Sample Serge Dresses ..... \$9.75
- More Taffeta Silk Dresses ..... \$7.50
- More Fine Faillie Silk Dresses ..... \$6.50
- More Fine Silk Dresses ..... \$11.75
- More Girls' Serge Dresses ..... \$14.45
- More Girls' Serge Dresses ..... \$2.45
- More Georgette and Silk Party Dresses ..... \$4.95
- More Expensive Party Dresses ..... \$9.75
- More Foulard Dresses ..... \$11.75
- More Taffeta Silk Dresses ..... \$6.75

## NEW SUITS FOR Women and Misses

- All-Wool Serge Suits ..... \$12.75
- Extra Size Suits ..... \$10.75
- More Suits \$14.75, \$19.75, \$22.75, \$23.75

## NEW SILK SKIRTS

- Black and Fancy Stripe Silks ..... \$3.45
- Fancy Skirts of Heavy Silk ..... \$4.95
- Silk Plounce Petticoats ..... \$1.95
- GIRLS' NEW COATS, sizes 2 to 6, made of check materials, nicely trimmed ..... \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.95, and \$5.95
- GIRLS' SAMPLE COATS in Silk, Serge and fancy materials, all sizes, from 2 to 14 ..... \$2.95, \$3.95, \$4.95, and \$5.95
- Infants' White Cashmere Serge and Pique Sample Coats and Capes, made to retail up to \$5.00. Four lots ..... 50c, 75c, \$1.45, \$2.45

## WOMEN'S FINE WOOL VELOUR SPRING COATS

37 Sample Coats, sizes 16, 18, 36 and 38, in Pekin gray, tan, rookie and dark open, half lined, with silk peau de cygne. One of the newest half-belted models. Made to sell for \$25. ....

## Exactly 418 pairs Newest Model CORSETS

Samples. All sizes in the lot, but only five to eight of each style. High, medium and low bust; short, long and medium hip. All \$1.50 and \$2.00 kind—known brands ..... One lot Medium High Bust Corsets ..... 45c

## EXACTLY 712 NEW STRAW SHAPES

Black and colors. Fancy stores sell them up to \$2.98. All Ready Monday ..... Second Floor—Coat and Suit Dept.  
Yours Truly Where U Bot the Hat