















KAMOVIA, FORCED INTO THE CAVE.

THE ADVENTURES

OF

KAMOULA,

THE

Lovely Arabian;

OR,

A VINDICATION

OF THE

WAYS OF PROVIDENCE,

EXEMPLIFIED IN THE

Triumph of Virtue and Innocence

OVER

CORRUPTION, PERJURY,

MALICE.

And where you can't unriddle, learn to trust.

Dr. Parnel.

Printed by J. S. Hollis, Romfey;

FOR LACKINGTON, ALLEN, and Co., TEMPLE OF THE MUSES, FINSBURY. SQUARE, LONDON.

M,DCCCI.



PREFACE.

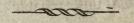
THE history from which the following adventures were compiled were in a great measure taken from an old French novel. They are fo replete with morality and rich in interefting events that no apology need be made for giving it an English dress. The perfecutions and trials to which providence permits Kamoula to be exposed for a while, and the elevation of

fortune which is at length the reward of her humble refignation to the will of Heaven, furnish the most instructive moral; and cannot fail strongly to incline the reader to the love of God, and refignation to his unsearchable providence.

ADVENTURES

OF

KAMOULA.



THE faithful historian Osman, in his history of Arabia, writes, that the daughter of Redi Sanaam, who was the chief of a tribe, was an orphan at the age of seventeen. Her beauty was equalled by her wisdom, and both exceeded whatever had appeared in the B world

world before. She was bleffed from her early infancy with the precious gifts of prayer and meditation: her foul was adorned with a pure and perfect modefty, which gave a luftre to all her actions, furpaffing that which the morning dew spreads over the fairest fruits and flowers.

Kamoula was the name of this matchless virgin; her mother died a few days after her birth.

Her father Redi Sanaan, notwithflanding the deep grief he felt for the lofs of a wife who was very dear to him, furvived her two hundred and twenty one moons,* which time he fpent in exercises of piety and in gradually instilling into his daughter's mind those

virtues

^{*} A period answering to seventeen years; the Arabians always reckon their time by moons.

virtues which his family had inherited for two centuries. When this holy man was called from the painful pilgrimage of this life, to receive the reward of his virtues in the manfions of the bleffed, Kamoula raifing her hands to Heaven, thus addreffed the moft high.

"O Almighty! Thou comfort and hope of the afflicted! Thou protector and guardian of innocence! Vouchfafe to look down on the humble creature that prefumes to call upon thee: Thou haft been pleafed to feparate me from my father, but he enjoyed the fulness of thy mercies; I-adore the dispensations of thy divine providence; the bitterness of my affliction is drowned in the satisfaction I feel from submission

B 2

and

and refignation to thy holy will; I defire none of the dazzling wordly goods of which the fons and daughters of Adam are fo fond; I only beg of thee, O my God, to put a ftrong barrier of thorns between thy weak fervant, and whatever temptations may lead her from the paths of innocence and virtue."

Six moons had been fpent by Kamoula after the death of her father, in her accustomed exercises of devotion, and the reputation of her virtue had spread far and near, when Nadir Shan a rich Arabian lord, came to demand her in marriage, followed by a numerous and magnificent train of attendants.

An hundred flaves conducted twelve fumptuous waggons; forty camels were laden with tents and coftly furniture; and fixty cavaliers mounted on proud coursers of the most noble breed of Arabia, guarded the caravan.

The wife and modest Kamoula was not in the least dazzled either with the splendid equipage, or the gallant air of her lover, whose amiable countenance, and majestic stature, as far eclipsed the finest men of Arabia, as the stately tulip, clad in a thousand beautiful colours, out-shines the humble daify.

Kamoula never ceased begging the most high to desend her from the imperceptible and deadly arrow, which sinds a passage to the heart through the eyes; she would not receive or permit the addresses of Nadir Shan, untill she was thoroughly informed of his manners and character.

She

She therefore confulted all who could give her information on this most interesting fubject. In this enquiry, the learned that Nadir Shan univerfally bore the character of a man strictly attached to his duty: That he had been a dutiful fon, was a good neighbour, and a fincere friend; that he was mild and courteous in fociety, although brave in battle; that he was very charitable to the poor, a constant frequenter of the mosques, and let what would happen, performed the ablutions ordered by Mahomed; that he wore holy* amulets and relicks about him, had the Alcoran by heart, and knew all the orifons and hymns made in praise of the most high and his prophet: And though not forty years old.

^{*} This is one mark amongst the Mahometans of their being good musfulmen.

old, he had been three times in pilgrimage to Mecca. In fhort she heard so many honourable things of him, that she did not in the least doubt of his being appointed by the Almighty for her hufband. She therefore did not helitate to give him her hand, and the nuptials were folemnized with all imaginable fplendour and pomp, and once at leaft, a pair was feen fo excellently well matched, that none could make the leaft objection to the union. A few weeks after their marriage, Kamoula disposed of her father's patrimony, and went to refide at her husband's palace, where they paffed fix incons in innocence and pleafure; they were always together, and never weary of each others company.

B 4 Man,

Man, the offspring of fin, may indeed have fome happiness in this world, but they alone enjoy lasting felicity, who, under the eyes of the prophet*, walk on the stars. The importance of some affairs in Egypt obliged Nadir Shan to quit his beloved spouse for a while, and travel into that country. However, the hopes of soon meeting again, and the mutual considence they had in each other, a little alleviated the pangs of their separation.

Their parting was tender and affectionate. I go my dearest Kamoula, says he, and so great is my grief at bidding you farewell, that my foul is ready to break out at my lips. Take courage my dear Nadir she replies; go; I shall

never

^{*} An Arabian expression, fignifying those who lead a virtuous life,

never lose fight of thee, I shall talk to thee night and day; for a thirty thoufand days journey cannot separate two hearts united as ours are. They embraced tenderly, and Nadir vaulting on his fleet courser, disappeared like a slash of lightening.

Now it was, that the refolution of Kamoula gave way to the exquisite sensibility of her nature; she sunk between the arms of her slaves, into a fainting sit, which became the cruel and fatal source of all the distressing and dreadful trials to which her virtue was to be exposed.

Shanadki, the brother of Nadir, had been appointed by him to take care of his house and affairs during his absence. He was witness to Kamoula's fainting; he

B 5 attentively

attentively beheld her in that disorder in which her beauty as if wrapped up in the thin crape of fleep, appeared but more dangerous: the first looks he gave her were guided by an innocent unheaviness: he assisted her, pressed her hands, and sprinkled her face with rose water: fhe opened her languishing eyes; her colour returned, and her cheeks were instantly covered with that lively vermilion, which ought to monour the face of every chafte woman, when she is feen in fuch circumstances by any man but her husband.

Shanadki in whose heart a small spark had kindled up a general slame, cast a curious and guilty eye on his sister. He endeavoured to draw out the poisoned arrow with which he was wounded,

wounded, and passed several days without ever seeing Kamoula; but the venom had spread too far to be stopped, and boiling through all his veins, he was seized with a furious transport; he slew toher chamber, where sindingher alone, he threw himself at her seet, he embraced her knees, and made an open declaration of his detestable passion, but in terms likelier to shock even vice itself than to seduce virtue.

Kamoula as much irritated as furprifed, had power enough over herfelf to diffemble a part of that indignation which his conduct had so justly merited. Thou hast taken opium*, says she, in excess, for I cannot suspect a good musfulman

^{*} The eaftern people make great use of opium in order to procure a fort of drunkenness.

fulman of having drank wine: Go to thy house, a little rest will calm the sever of thy brain: go, and to-morrow I shall not remember this adventure, if thou comest to see me with that respect which is due from thee to the wise of thy brother.

Shanadki took fo moderate a difcourse, for a proof that his rashness had not displeased her*, the evil spirit blew on his reins, and made him attempt the blackest and most enormous of crimes; but Kamoula, strengthened by her good angels, snatched her dagger, and would have made Shanadki vomit out his guilty soul, had not fear and shame instantly abated the fury of that wicked wretch, and obliged him to sly out of the chamber.

^{*} This is a Mahometan phrase.

Difappointed and confounded, he retired to his own house, filled with rage and refentment, he walked a long time alone in a garden in which he used before to take great delight; but the murmuring of the fountains, the enamel of the parterre, and the beautifully diversified apparel of the trees, far from foothing the chagrin and uneafiness which devoured him, ferved only to encrease them, even as the fury of the mad bull is heightened by the shining of colours, or the humming of the bee.

Shanadki, whose black soul shunned the light, shut himself up in the dullest and most retired part of his house. There, in gloomy dejection, his crime presented itself before him, attended by all its horrors: but the wicked gain nothing nothing by folitude and darkness; inflead of the peace they feek, they imbibe the infernal suggestions of the rebel angel. It is reserved for the just and penitent alone, there to find God, Gabriel, and Mahomed, the sources of all good things.

He came from his retirement more corrupt than he entered into it, he walked anxiously about, vainly hoping to find some remedy for the intolerable violence of his distemper. He resolved to seek comfort in the pleasures of the table, and to drown his cares in the enchanting dilirium of wine; thinking thereby to stifle remorfe, whose loud and severe voice carried terror and despair to the very bottom of his soul.

The night was passed in debauch with four of his friends, whose confciences like his, wanted fuch an opiate to lull them to reft. But his drinking only threw oil on the fire, his defpair and his rage equally rekindled, and when the fumes of the wine, like the dark vapours of a Vulcano, had mounted to his head, he loft the little reason he had left; indiscretion placed itself on his frothy lips, and he related to the company all that had happened between him and his fifter-in-law.

His guests as mad as himself, threw out many gross fallies of wit against the virtues of Kamoula; and to comfort their friend under his disgrace, said a thousand extravagant things which nothing but drunkenness could suggest.

In proportion as they fwallowed down the forbidden juice of the grape, the conversation grew warmer on the fubject, but at last one of them who was the Cadi, a corrupt and covetous judge, gave a deep figh, lifted up his eyes to Heaven, and croffing his hands on his breaft; "we jest with this adventure," faid he, in a grave tone, "which neverthelefs, may be attended with very dreadful confequences; for, O my dearest and most intimate friend Shanadki, thou corner of my liver, if thy fifter should come to complain to me and bring two credible witnesses withher, Ishall be constrained to pronounce fentence against thee, and cause thee to be impaled."

This observation of the Cadi, in the twinkling of an eye, like a magic wand, banished

banished the aspect of joy from the feast, and made it look as melancholy and gloomy as the mansions of the dead; a dreadful consternation immediately feized them, their moory faces became in an instant like those of the black Angels, who wait for their prey in the tomb. They interchanged filent looks, and the Cadi, pensive and melancholy remained in the position of a Bramin in an ecftacy: recovering at length by degrees from his aftonishment, he refumed his discourse thus.

"O Shanadki, thou centre of my friendship and eye of all perfections, be of good cheer; true it is that a great tempest is rising against thee, but he who holds fast the end of the cable is not embarrassed, should the waves even break over his head."

These words appeared like balm to Shanadki; he apprehended that the cable he must take hold of, in order to weather the storm was the Cadi himself, who he judged would not refuse him his protection if he secured his interest by a good sum of gold sequins; this hope comforted his heart, and brought back a little joy in his face.

This fudden change was not unperceived by the cunning Cadi, who found he had to do with a man of genius, who had penetrated into the hidden meaning of the fpeaker, through the fublimity of his expressions. He put on a more serene air, and said with a mild and obliging accent, O Shanadki, thou orchard of happiness and garden of glory, I have a secret presentiment that thy enemies

will

will be confounded, but that I may not remain in any doubt or uneafiness, relate again thy adventure to me, for perhaps in the heat of Greek wine which thou haft so liberally bestowed on us, I may not have rightly understood it: or peradventure thou thyself, to render the conversation more entertaining, hast added to the recital some circumstances which may not be true, and from which every good musfulman must shrink with abhorrence."

Shanadki plainly faw that his judge advifed him to give this affair quite another turn, and not to speak of it any more with so much candour if he wished to come off well; he therefore related it again in the following disguised manner.

C

O thou faithful minister of justice, thou sublime and most enlightened interpreter of the laws, thou sovereign arbitrator of the great and small!

Since thou haft fuffered thy most fubmissive slave to open his mouth in thy prefence, and to vindicate himself from the calumnies with which his reputation has been blackened; be it known unto the most magnificent Cadi, that on the 12th of the last moon at funrife, Naider Shan, my dear brother, whom God preferve, departed for Egypt, and charged me at parting to watch carefully over the conduct of Kamoula his dear wife, whom he intrusted in my hands as the most spotless and faithful guardian of her matchless and unimpeached innocence.

Having

Having exchanged mutual embraces, we loft fight of him, I accompanied his wife to her chamber, where she desired to be left alone, that she might give full vent to her grief; this was her pretence, but it appeared afterwards that her intent was to receive in private a beautiful young Mingrelian, with whom fhe was enamoured. It was by the mereft accident that I made this most important discovery yesterday, as I am now going to relate to you in the honest simplicity of my heart, being an utter enemy to falsehood.

I went to Kamoula's yesterday morning about the hour of prayer, to settle some domestic affairs.

I made a thorough examination into the state of the garden and house, and

C 2 g

gave the necessary orders for repairs, embellishments, &c. I then with the same care looked into the state of the provisions, as well necessaries as delicacies, that my fister might have nothing to trouble herself about.

Having finished my rounds, I went to the apartment of my most dear fifter, I gently firuck one of my hands against the other to give notice that I was at the door. A flave came and told me that Kamoula was afleep; I respectfully withdrew, and put off my visit to another day, but as I was going away I met full butt upon the stairs, a young man altogether unknown to me; he was coming up stairs, and had his fandals in his hand that he might not make a noise; furprised at feeing me, he instantly turned

turned about and disappeared as swiftly as a bird just escaped out of a cage.

I immediately returned in a fury to the apartment: I opened the door without waiting for the ufual formalities, and found my brother's wife very bufy in adorning a turban with precious flones, which without doubt flee defigned for the object of her adulterous flame. Stung to the quick at fo great an outrage, I loaded her with all the reproaches that fraternal tenderness could infpire.

Kamoula, all in confusion, made no answer at first but by hypocritical tears, which, far from moving my compassion, drew upon her still new marks of my indignation. She then had recourse to those devout grimaces, with which

C 3 fhe

the knows fo well how to blind the credulous; the proftrated herfelf before the most High, and in a long prayer accompanied with the deepest groans, begged of him to break that net, which black calumny had cast over her innocence.

I was not entirely corrupted by the Syren's feducing fong, but I confess my weakness; I was a little melted and disposed to be complaisant.

Kamoula, faid I to her, lament thy crime, repent of thy unfaithfulness, renounce for ever the corrupter who hath seduced thee, and thy fin shall never be known but to God alone, from whom nothing can be hid; even thy husband shall continue ignorant of it for ever,

Brilling starting a right care

and thou shalt continue to enjoy his esteem, love, and friendship.

Having thus fpoken, I took her hand which I kiffed with transport, meaning thereby to add the chaste feal of my lips to the tender expressions of my heart.

Admire now the ingenious malice of a proud hypocritical woman, who in the midft of her debaucheries would preferve a good reputation: Kamoula, feigning herfelf fick, funk down on the fofa; I stooped to raise and affist her; the noise of this alarmed her flaves, who ran to her affiftance; and the false devout, pretending to escape from my arms, loudly called for help: then, fnatching up her dagger, she flew at me like a fury, and would have plunged it in my breaft, had I not faved myfelf by flight.

C 4

As

As I was just leaving the house, I met three of my friends walking together, to whom I related my unhappy adventure, and asked their advice. Their opinion exactly corresponded with thine O fublime Cadi! namely, that the most fatal consequences might attend this unhappy affair, unless I could bring undeniable proof, that my unworthy fifter had committed adultery. As no time was to be loft to fix this proof if possible, they proposed that I fhould introduce them into the house by a private door; we will then flip into the apartment, fays one of them to me, and we do not defpair of furprifing the two lovers together, who, on thy departure, have no doubt met again, perfuaded that thou durst not return fo foon

foon to a place where thou haft already escaped so much danger.

I did not hefitate to lend a helping hand, towards putting in execution a plot fo well contrived; I introduced them all, and they had the good fortune to find the two guilty perfons together fo circumflanced, as to leave no doubt of their offence.

The witnesses I have just mentioned, are ready to attest this fact, and are men of irreproachable character; thou, most illustrious Cadi, knowest them to be men of virtue, they are honoured with thy friendship; behold them now prefent at table, where thou hast vouchfafed to fit down and drink forbet with us; examine them; they faw every thing, they heard every thing, and are

now

now ready to give their evidence against the perfidious Kamoula.

The three guests, whom the knave Shanadki offered as witnesses of a fact, to which they were entire ffrangers, could not help admiring his ready wit; they thought themselves honoured by their friends, having fo good an opinion of them, as not to fear their denying what he had faid, and accordingly all three giving into his detestable defign, instantly cried out, praise be to God the protector of innocence; we faw every thing, we heard every thing; long live the fage Shanadki, and speedy death to the infamous Kamoula.

In truth, faid the Cadi interrupting them, I mistrusted that this nice affair was improperly related at first, but now

it appears with all the fplendour of truth. The ingenious confession Shanadki bath made to us of his own frailty, in violently entering the facred apartments of the women, embracing the knees, and kiffing the hand of his lifter, and the open candour he has shewn in declaring there faults, give great weight to the heinous accufation he has brought against Kamoula, which is greatly corroberated by the testimony of his three friends, who were fo fortunately on the fpot ready to be introduced into the house, at the precious moment when they had an opportunity of detecting the horrid adultery and its most hidden circumffances.

These last words which the Cadi uttered, alarmed Shanadki and his three perfidious perfidious witneffes: they grew pale, and discovered evident figns of emotion; they suspected that the clear fighted Cadi had detected their villany, and considered his ironical reslections, as a proof that he intended to expose and bring them to justice for their infamous conduct.

At length Shanadki, recovering himfelf from his panic, fuddenly flarted up, and addreffing himfelf to the Cadi, I forgot, faid he, to flew thee a dumb, but convincing proof of Kamoula's crime, which is a turban adorned with a ftring of pearls, and a purfe full of gold and jewels which her gallant dropped yefterday, when our friends furprifed him with her, and he escaped from their hands; then, going into the clofet, he immediately brings back a great purse crammed full of gold sequins, and a most superb and magnificent turban, the lustre of which dazzled the eyes of the Cadi: most just and upright judge, says he, I now deliver up these testimonies of my innocence and Kamoula's criminality.

The Cadi laying his hands on the purse and the turban, appeared to be thunder-struck; he paused in doubtful astonishment; at length, recovering from his surprise, O monstrous indignity he exlaimed, O the base ingratitude of sinners, who employ in seducing women, those riches with which they are entrusted by the most high to fanctify themselves, by applying them to good works! the magnificence and taste with

with which this turban is adorned, afford fufficient proof that it was with a criminal defign to pleafe Kamoula; thefe jewels, this gold were deftined either for her feduction or recompence. Shut thefe fcandalous objects of temptation eternally up in my coffers, that they may never again be made an impious ufe of by the hands of the wicked.

Sentence being thus pronounced against the confiscated effects, they were carefully wrapped up in a thin Persian filk, and put into a Cedar box, the key of which was presented to the Cadi with as much humility and concession as appears in the faces of the melancholy and desponding magistrates of a besieged place, who, after having shamefully capitulated, bring the keys

of the city and lay them at the feet of the conqueror.

The Cadi very gravely took poffession of what he judged his perquifite, and fent the confiscated spoils to his house: after they were gone; now I begin to recover myfelf faid he, fince I no longer behold these abominable instruments of human corruption. But dear Shanadki, cast off this melancholy gloom; think on the happy turn thy affairs have taken, and that joy and peace which were banished from thy heart will again return to it; behold in me the man who restores thee to the possession of that treasure without which all the riches of the world are mere baubles; from henceforth confider me as the most liberal and best of thy friends. Shanadki who

who had just feen such proofs of the Cadi's avarice and corruption, gave him no other answer than a bumper of Greek wine. The company now refumed their conviviality, which they continued till morning, when the Cadi, fuddenly refuming his confequential gravity, arose and told them they must not indulge themselves so much in pleasure as to forget business: the mosques are now open, faid he, the hour of prayer approaches; it is high time we part; I am going to give thanks to God which every living creature should do, and in two hours time I shall be on the feat of justice, where those, O magnificent Shanadki, shalt receive an exact and fpeedy fentence according to the witnesses you bring forward. He then departed.

departed, all the company attending him to the door with awful filence; but fuddenly turning about with an air of affection, flay where you are, faid he, no ceremony, you have but little time to prepare yourselves for a hearing; employ that time to the purpose in confulting well together, that you may not contradict each other in your examination, and that all appearances may be favourable to you, that I may never have cause to reproach myfelf, or be reproached by others, with having been deteived by the fnares of imposture, and caused iniquity to be triumphant.

Shanadki and his accomplices were too far embarked in the perfidious transaction to neglect the Cadi's advice.

and

and concerted their measures accordingly. Kamoula was publickly accused, arrested by the Cadi's order, and brought prisoner into court : no aggravation was omitted in the circumstances of the accufation to establish strong indications of her crime; the witnesses, examined feparately and confronted according to the prescribed rules of the court, agreed fo well in the circumflances of their narrative, that the most clear fighted and unprejudiced judge would have pronounced her guilty.

It was in vain that the voice of God, explaining itself by that of the people, cried out that Kamoula was innocent of the crime laid to her charge; the Cadi was deaf; he managed the affair with so much art, and conducted him-

felf with fo much ability and hypocrify, that the unshaken and pitiless confrontery with which he relifted the prayers and intreaties of all the people, who begged him to have mercy on the unfortunate prisoner, was misinterpreted for the noble firmness of a just and upright judge who was convinced by the proofs brought against the culprit; and who in fpite of his own natural humanity and compassion was obliged to give course to the rigour of the laws. He tore his robe, he fighed, he shed tears, and with all the outward appearances of a professed grief, he pronounced death against the unfortunate Kamoula.

When women are convicted of adultery in that country, the usual way of D punishing punishing them, is to let them down into a large vault or cavern, to be devoured by a lion, which is kept there for the purpose.

To this terrible cavern, the innocent the virtuous Kamoula was conducted, fhe was followed by an innumerable multitude of people, of all ages and conditions. In the midft of that anxious and compaffionate crowd, fhe was the only perfon whose countenance appeared tranquil and ferene: such is the effect of conscious virtue and rectitude.

Being arrived at the edge of the cavern, the proftrated herfelf before the most high, and made the following prayer.

"O my Creator! always merciful, always just! how can I render sufficient thanks

thanks to thy divine goodness for thus calling me to the greatest recompence of eternity, by the severest trials of human life. I pass in a moment from the placid enjoyment of those temporal bleffings, which thou hadft heaped upon me, to the most infamous and terrible of executions; and yet, furrounded as I am with horrors, thy comforting goodness permits me to love thee, my sovereign Lord! with a love more pure, and more inflamed than ever. Already my heart begins to enjoy the fweets of the celestial beatitude which consists in the inexpressible joy of possessing nothing, of loving nothing but thee. Not one of my attachments to life remains with me, but my tender affection for the. dear fpouse thou gavest me; shower

D 2

down

down thy temporal and eternal bleffings on him, and grant of thy infinite mercy, that he may be convinced of my innocence!"

As foon as Kamoula had finished this prayer, she gave the fignal to be let down into the cavern, which was instantly obeyed, as they were apprehenfive the people would rife, and offer violence to the ministers of justice. The groans of the indignant multitude were reverberated through the air, they departed full of horror, and under that flate of tumultuous agitation, which the mind experiences when it receives the impression of tragical events, without being able to penetrate into the fecret cause of them.

The wretched Kamoula descended to the bottom of the den, where she waited with inexpressible agonies the arrival of her savage and remorfeless executioner,—but no lion appeared; she earnessly implored the Almighty to encrease her courage and patience in proportion to the length of her execution, which she did not expect would have been attended with so much delay.

At length opening her half-closed eyes, she perceived at the other end of the cavern, a faint light, as if it came through a crack in the wall, but sufficient to let her see she had no lion to sear.

She approached the light, and found that a part of the arch which supported the top of the cavern had fallen in, and that the lion, the marks of whose talons were fresh on the walls, had availed himfelf of that opening to escape from his prison.

Kamoula most devoutly and gratefully returned thanks to the Almighty for this fignal deliverance: she placed all the stones she could find one upon another; and by this help she got high enough to fix her hands on the breach, and then by placing her feet in the holes and inequalities, which time had made in the wall, she gained the top, and took the same way the lion had done through the opening in the arch.

She had now happily furmounted the most difficult part of her escape, but the most painful remained to be overcome; for the opening was in an uncultivated part of the country, overgrown with brambles

brambles and briars, upon which, still hung large tufts of the lion's hair, leaving evident proofs that he had gone that way. Kamoula found it impossible to retain an erect posture, she was forced to creep through the thorns on hands and knees, and received a thousand wounds and fcratches from them all over her tender and delicate body, but necessity and danger giving her strength and perfeverance, the courageously forced her way through this last enclofure.

The day being now far fpent, fhe at first hastened to reach a fine house which lay to the right hand, but perceiving some little huts to the lest, she directed her course to them; innocence and hospitality, said she to herself, are oftener

D 4 found

found under mud walls, than beneath the gilded roofs of fplendid palaces.

But before fhe could arrive at them, her firength and spirits suddenly failed, and she fainted away at the foot of a tree, her faintness was succeeded by a profound sleep, the natural consequence of the excessive fatigue she had undergone, which continued till midnight, when an old Arabian lord passing that way, perceived by the light of the moon, the body of Kamoula stretched at length on the ground.

Behold faid he, to his attendants, a woman whom robbers no doubt have attempted to murder; let us examine into this matter, that if she is dead we may give her decent burial, or affishance if still alive. He dismounted, came to

her

her, and found that she breathed; he got some drops of balsam down her throat, and she gradually recovered her fenses. As soon as she could distinguish objects, and was able to speak, O! generous unknown, said she, leave not unfinished the good work thou hast begun; the great and good God, hath made use of thy charity to restore my life, he will still continue it to me by thy perseverance in doing good.

Thanks to the Almighty, replied the Arabian, for having vouchfafed to make choice of unworthy me, to be the happy inflrument of his mercy to the defolate and oppreffed. Come with me, I am bleffed with a virtuous wife, who will let thee partake of the bread of our children.

D 5 Kamoula

Kamoula did not hefitate to accept of an offer which she judged was directed by the hand of Providence: the Arabian called to his slaves to bring one of his camels, upon which he mounted the afflicted fair one: he then continued his journey with her, and on the twentieth day after, he arrived at his dwelling.

When he had embraced his wife and family, he prefented Kamoula to his wife; behold, faid he a beautiful young person whom I found one night in a defart, her delicate body torn and wounded all over with thorns, lying as if she was dead, after having with infinite pains and danger forced her way through the thorns, her strength and spirit were exhausted, and she fainted

away. In this condition I found her, and having recovered her fenfes by the help of fome drops of balm, I proposed to her to follow me; the confented, and I promised that she should partake of the bread of our children; give her then a place at our table, and command our flaves to honour and ferve her with the same respect they shew us. The most high never fails to recompence every work of mercy, and we shall henceforth reap the iweetest comforts, for this Kamoula is a woman of virtue and wit; her example and discourse will be a conflant treasure of advice and edification to our family.

The spouse of Hadjilbez, for that was the name of the Arabian, received the stranger with that open and unaffected politeness which prevents the object of our charity from feeling the weight and obligation of it; so that in a short time, compassion on the one side, and acknowledgment on the other gradually expanded in the hearts of the two ladies, and formed a most strict and lively friendship between them.

But the inhabitants of the deep take no delight in fresh waters. The dove laments the loss of her rural habitation though nourished in the most superb columbary, separated from her beloved mate, she pines and languishes under the caresses of the fair hand that feeds her. So Kamoula though in the enjoyment of the most delicate hospitality, mourned her absent love, and felt to the bottom of her soul those insuperable dis-

gusts

gusts which the absence of her dear husband gave to all the enjoyments of life. It was in vain she attempted to disguise this melancholy which became daily more evident. The good Arabian and his wife perceived her sadness, and ignorant of the real cause of it, redoubled their anxious endeavours to make her happy and divert her gloomy melancholy.

Kamoula touched to the heart with an exquisite sense of their paternal goodness to her, determined to discover to them, the truth of her whole adventure, which she had hitherto kept a profound secret, fearing that a faithful recital of her history might tend to cool their friendship, and raise in their breasts a suspicion of her virtue; but when she ressected

reflected that it was a fure method of convincing them of her gratitude, she no longer helitated to discover the whole fecret to them.

Her simple and unaffected narrative, heightened their compassion and tendernels for her, they embraced her with fincere affection. The knowledge we have of thy afflictions, faid Hadjilbez, only ferves to encreafe the right which thou haft to part of the good things with which kind providence has fo liberally bleffed us. The goods of this world are not the property of any man; they are entrusted by the Almighty in different hands, that they may be properly applied to relieve the wants and necessities of others, I am but the steward of what I poffess; God has placed the power in

my hands, thou shalt partake with my own children, I consider thee, and them, as a present I have received from his bounty, and I will make no difference between their birth and thy adoption.

Kamoula was quite overcome by this tender testimony of folid and generous friendship, founded on the most perfect virtue and religion. She therefore endeavoured to conceal her grief with more care than ever, that she might appear with a fatisfied countenance, to the kind parents just given her by the divine mercy. But alas! all her care, all her precaution was in vain; her good refolutions gave way to the strong impulse of nature; and her former melancholy, infensibly crept upon her.

The wife of Hadjilbez could not forbear reproaching her on the fubject, though in the mildest and most gentle manner; and Kamoula forced by her fecret grief, answered her thus.

I do not wish to deny faid she, that notwithstanding the favours which thou art daily heaping upon me, notwithstanding all the kind and ingenious methods you take to comfort me, I am weary of my good fortune even in the midft of felicity; but I will feek no excuse for my ingratitude, except in thine own heart; place yourfelf for a moment in my fit uation, imagine to yourfelf, that I receive you into my house, and give you an afylum equal to what I now experience from your bounty. Wouldst thou think thyself happy? feparated as

I am at fuch a distance from thy dear and respectable husband, couldst thou enjoy one moment's tranquility of mind? wouldst thou not labour under the dreadful apprehension, that the calumny which had drawn an unjust fentence on thee, would also reach his ear, and perfuade him of thy guilt? alas! it was these cruel apprehensions, which caused the principal horror of the ignominious death to which I was condemned. To die innocent, faid I to myfelf, is but to die a little sooner than the ordinary course of nature requires; there is nothing more in it: but to die loaded with the contempt and indignation of the perfon one loves, without ability to justify onefelf, without power to convince him that we die faithful to him, and that dying dying we adore him alone, is furely fufficient to shake the resignation of a tender, virtuous, and delicate mind.

Condemn not then, O my kind and generous friend, condemn not that inquietude, which thou wouldst think it an honour to thyfelf to feel, if in my place; pity me, but do not blame me. Allow me to-morrow to leave thee, that I may go and fearch for my husband in Egypt. Order thy flaves to conduct me to the first town on my journey, and God, the strength and support of those who put their trust in him, will not forfake me in so laudable an undertaking, he will give me the helps I shall stand in need of to accomplish my journey.

The Arabian lady overwhelmed with tears, at the refolution Kamoula had taken,

taken, ran to call her husband, and communicate to him the unhappy news. I confess, said she, I connot but applaud and admire Kamoula's intention, and I own it would be injustice to attempt to divert her from it, but the causes which oblige our dear friend to be parted from us do not become the more comfortable, by being indifpenfible. My dear Kamoula, we are going to be separated for a long time, perhaps for ever, retain in thy remembrance the lively friendship I have for thee; remember that I am thy tender mother, and that the children brought up upon my breaft, and fuckled with my milk; are not tied to me by a fweeter, or more powerful fympathy. Receive my dear daughter, my last embraces; I go to order the ·F things

things necessary for thy departure, I fly to quit thee, that I may no longer behold those tears that pierce me with a grief, which I am unable to refift: adieu; I leave thee with Hadjilbez, with whom thou must consult about the precautions necessary to be taken for fo long and perilous a journey, as that which thou art about to engage in; my presence, my fighs and tears would but difturb a conversation in which all thy attention is necessary: Adieu, my dear daughter, adieu .- She stayed not for an answer.

Hadjilbez embraced Kamoula with a lively and confoling affection. My dear daughter, faid he, we have now lived together during the space of three moons, and it has not been in my power to give thee thee any proofs of my friendship, worthy of thy acceptance: hitherto I have only exercised the plain and common offices of hospitality, and in so doing, have performed the obligation of a faithful Musfulman, but, I am this day called upon to act the part of a good father.

When he had finished these words, he went to his closet, and presently returned with a bag of money in his hand; there is, said he, presenting it to her, a thousand sequins, to which I shall add bills of exchange, on the richest Merchants of all the cities through which thou must pass.

Kamoula attempted to fpeak, but he interrupted her: God, faid he, who has filled my treasure, has likewise opened my hand; to him alone thy gratitude is

due; I go to return him thanks, for making thy virtues and necessities known to me, adieu; I commend thee to the care of him and his prophet: I withdraw to write down the road thou must take, and to give orders for the preparation of thy little equipage, at two in the morning thou wilt find every thing ready for thee. Adieu, my dear, my amiable daughter; depart without feeing me again, I should not support the fatal moment of our separation with more fortitude than thy mother. He gave her one more affectionate embrace, and then withdrew.

Hadjilbez and his wife being retired to their apartment, filled feveral trunks with what they confidered as necessary, for the convenience or comfort of Kamoula on her journey.

The camels were got ready after midnight, one for her wearing apparel, another for her heavy baggage, a third for two female flaves, who were ordered to attend her; and the herfelf mounted on a fourth with a black eunuch behind her, holding a parafol over her head: twelve men on foot, and four on horfeback all compleatly armed, were the guard defined to efcort and protect her.

The chief butler of the house, came to compliment her in the name of his lord and lady, and to apologize for their not coming to pay their last compliments to her, and kiss the hem of her garment.

Kam la was quite overcome with fighs and tears; her grief deprived her

of her natural eloquence, the could not utter a fingle word, and at last departed with an affliction equal to her filence.

On the ninth day after her departure from the hospitable mansion of Hadjilbez, she arrived at the town of Zefar; she determined to halt here some time to rest and refresh her attendants, and then fend them back to the generous friends who had given them to her: she at length told them her defign; it was in vain that they attempted to diffuade her from it; neither remonstrances, nor entreaties were of any avail; she remained fixed in her determination: one of her female flaves named Miraz, feeing her refolution, threw herfelf at her feet: thy friends, faid she, would be mortally offended shouldst thou retain nothing of their

their liberalities; I am the least consequential of all the presents they have made thee; suffer me to accompany thee, I should otherwise be so much loss to them, for I shall die with chagrin if thou forcest me to return; Kamoula similed and granted her request.

She retained two hundred fequins out of the thousand given her by Hadjilbez, besides some linen and a sew of the plainest cloaths. She wrote to her kind benefactor, and his amiable and virtuous spouse, to return them thanks for the magnificent testimonies she had received of their affection and bounty.

I return not, faid she in her letters, neither all thy gold, nor all the other presents, which thou hast heaped on me with so much munisicence; I reserve a

E 4 little

little of each to fupply my indispensible necessities: I return thee the supersluities, which would be too much for me to keep, or even for thee to part with, for opulent as thou art, thy riches are not fufficient to keep pace with the charity of thy heart, and the generolity of thy mind. To retain all the superfluities I now return, would be a fort of robbery committed on the necessities of a thousand poor, who will be relieved and comforted by what my discretion rejects as useless. Be not offended then that I restore to thee the riches which thy liberality has fo lavishingly bestowed on me. It is not that I am ignorant of their worth; it is because on the contrary I know their value, which being divided among feveral, a greater number of mouths

mouths will be opened in thy praise, and encrease throughout all eternity, the treasure of thy good works.

Every thing being properly adjusted for the departure of the equipage, the fent it back by her attendants, to whom fhe made proper acknowledgments for the care they had taken of her: she then took a lodging with an old woman in the town, who was held in great eftimation for her piety; she staid there a few days waiting the arrival of a little caravan, which was to go to Mascat, where she did not doubt of finding some mode of conveyance to Egypt.

When she arrived at Mascat, after having recovered from the fatigues of her journey, she walked about the town in search of some honest company who

were going to Egypt. As the was croffing the great formere, the faw a great concourse of people assembled together: curiolity prompted to enquire the cause of this meeting, when she was informed that they were lamenting the fate of a man fixty years of age, who was just then going to be hanged, and whom they all feemed greatly to compassionate. She enquired the cause of his hard sentence, and was told that he had been a collector of the royal revenues, and that either through diffipation or negligence, he was an hundred fequins deficient in his accounts, which not being able to pay, he was condemned by the law to die.

Is it possible, said Kamoula, that this poor unfortunate man has not been able,

in all this great city to find one relation or friend, one charitable person who would advance so small a sum to redeem him from death! but is it now too late to relieve him? suppose any one would now pay down the hundred sequins, would his life be now given him? to whom must this sum be paid, and what forms must be made use of to obtain his pardon?

It would be quite fufficient, answered one, to tender the money down at the foot of the ladder, he would not mount it were it then deposited; and were he even on the top of the ladder he would come down a free man, provided any one would discharge the debt before he was turned off.

If that is all, faid Kamoula, I will deliver that miferable creature; the inflantly inftantly took an hundred fequins out of her purse, and in the presence of the people, counted the sum into the hands of the officer, who arrived that moment with the prisoner.

In an inftant the whole place refounded with the confused voices of the multitude, crying out pardon! mercy! Heaven shower down its blessings on the kind stranger who hath thus with her own money, rescued an unhappy debtor from an ignominious death.

Kamoula's modesty was much hurt by the acclamations of the public; she covered her face with her veil, and pressing her way through the crowd, got to her lodging unobserved. She had no sooner got into the house, than she begged the good old landlady would permit some-

body

body to accompany her to the next village, because, she faid, the noise and bustle of the city disturbed her; the landlady instantly packed up her baggage, and went with her to the house of a relation, in the village of Kalhat, which was about a league and a quarter from the city.

Mean while the criminal whose life Kamoula had preserved, spared no pains to find his kind and generous deliverer, that he might express his great acknowledgments to her; he ran up and down looking every where for her; but as she was an entire stranger in the city, he spent two days before he could find out where she had lodged. Not meeting with her there, he enquired which way she went, and was told she was gone to

Kalhat;

Kalhat; he accordingly made all possible haste to that village; but on his arrival there, he was informed that she departed from that village the evening before, and the people of the nouse directed him to the road she had taken; he immediately followed with all the haste he could make, and overtook her in the evening, just as she was entering the village where she intended to stay that night.

When he approached her, he proftrated himself on his face; O! most kind and dear deliverer! faid he, *angel of my planet, permit me to employ the life which thou hast faved in following thee as thy slave; fusser me to attend on thee in that capacity, that by

my

h: Mainm etans believe that every man is directed by a and every planet by anangel.

my attention, zeal, and submission, I may convince thee that though I do not possess riches, I possess gratitude.

Kamoula defired him to rife: whoever thou art faid she, thou owest no obligation to me, being as thou art an entire stranger to me, there could be no
personality in what I did for thee: but
but if thou art really as thou sayest destitute of subsistence, I offer thee some sequins; take them, and thou shalt owe
me no obligation, because I do not lend,
I give them to thee; the receiver always pays the value of a present, by the
honour he does the giver in accepting it.

Yek-Rahoun, for that was the name of the old man, refused the sequins so liberally offered him by Kamoula: I owe thee nothing, according to thy way of thinking, thinking, faid he to her, but according to my own, I owe thee every thing: let us then mutually accommodate each others feelings; allow my gratitude to exert itself, it will afford thee an opportunity of bestowing a new benefit, and me a pleasing method of paying my debts.

He had but just finished these words when they arrived at the caravansera*, and Yek Rahoun without waiting for an auswer, began with a good grace to perform the painful office of a slave: he unloaded the beasts of burden, he went in search of food for them; he made the beds, he went to market, cooked the supper, served it up to table, and then placed

^{*} The Mahometans have great buildings in all towns, and on the roads erected at the public expence for the reception of travellers, who find their own beds, provisions, &c.

placed himself respectfully behind his lady to observe her orders. Kamoula, whose noble heart scorned the distinctions so much insisted on by those of narrow minds, perceiving him in that posture; I do not like, said she, to see that humiliating distinction which prejudice puts between the rich and poor; sit down with us; if thou art virtuous, as I have reason to believe thou art, we are on an equality.

Yek-Rahoun obeyed, and conducted himself with so much wisdom and discretion, that he acquired the inestimable privilege of placing himself at Kamoula's table; he shewed by his behaviour, that the submission so necessary to preferve order among men, does not altogether depend on the arbitrary custom of feparating the great from the little; or making the flave creep under the eye of his mafter; it is always in a man's power to prevent it by thinking modestly of himfelf.

Having refreshed themselves at the caravansera, they renewed their journey, which they continued together with fo much cordiality, that they appeared like one family.

They travelled along the fea-coaft, feeking a port where they might embark, and as that part of the country was but thinly inhabited, they were often obliged to fleep in the fields under tents: one evening as they stopped in a very agreeable wood, intending to make that their abode during the night, they perceived a man lying on the earth; his face was

pale

pale and disfigured with the agonies and horrors of approaching death firongly marked in his countenance. Kamoula was the first to affish him, she dropped some precious elixir into his mouth, he gradually recovered his spirits and strength, and presently sitting up, he sixed his eyes on his fair physician: from that instant he self a devouring slame kindle in his breast which at last overset his reason.

O divine *Houri! faid he, matchless beauty! furely the life I spent on earth did not authorize me to hope for that beatitude after my death in which I now behold myself! furely the answers I gave in my grave to the two angels who interrogated my soul about its faith and

F works

^{*} A pymph of Mahamet's Paradife.

works, must have been highly satisfactory, for if *Munkat and Nekir had not thought me worthy of the most delicious rewards of eternity, should I have been now in thy arms O thou fairest of Houris? approach then with thy rosy cheeks that I may kiss them and be drunk with the joys of love.

Kamoula imagining that the difordered flate which the poor man's brain was in arofe from want of nourishment, directed food to be given him, and after he had taken some, they all three helped him to walk to their little camp, where good care and kind treatment recovered his strength in a few days, but his reason never returned compleatly:

he

^{*} The names of the two Angels who according to the Mahometan creed interrogate the dead, that they may diffribute to them their proper rewards or punishments.

he appeared rational enough indeed when he was out of Kamoula's fight, but whenever she appeared his madness returned with accumulated violence. This was a very unfortunate circumstance to them, for the found it impossible to hide herfelf entirely from him: he no fooner faw her face than he proftrated himfelf before her on his knees, from which posture it was often difficult to raife him. One night he was fo unmanageable, that they were obliged to tie him to the piquet of one of the camels.

Having by this method loft fight of the object of his violent passion, he recovered his senses and abandoned himself to that despair which must naturally arise from the ill-treatment he fancied he had met with, because he knew not the cause of

F 2

it.

it. When morning appeared and he was untied, he fuddenly went away without speaking to any one, and in his hurry left his pocket book with some papers behind him.

Yek-Rahoun examined them carefully to try if he could discover the name or history of their late unhappy companion, and by a letter which appeared to be from one of his correspondents acknowledging the receipt of certain goods he concluded he was a trader who had been robbed; and that this misfortune had laid the foundation for that diforder of his brain, to which the beauty of Kamoula had given the finishing stroke. From these conjectures, as well as from some bills of expences and trade it appeared his name was Mourzib. Whoever he was, the poor crazy fellow difappeared, and left the travellers to purfue their rout with lefs inconvenience.

Four days after Mourzib left them, they reached a small village three leagues distant from the port of Chegbar, where they proposed to embark. Not having far to go, and the day proving excessive hot, they determined not to finish their journey till the cool of the evening; and accordingly retired under the shade of some trees which grew on the banks of a little murmuring brook.

They had not rested themselves an hour in this agreeable retirement, when they saw a man on horse-back coming towards them, well mounted, and sollowed by sive or six slaves on soot. He accosted them in a rude manner, and ex-

F 3 amining

amining them carefully, I find faid he I am right; here are two finant laffes, and this old buck appears to be ftill hearty: Come along with me my friends you shall find you are gainers by the exchange.

Kamoula with that becoming dignity which she knew so well how to assume upon proper occasions, demanded of the man by what right he prefumed to take them with him? Because, replied he, you are my property; for yesterday Mourzib, a man of reputation in this country, fold to me Mamoud Kourdan, a very honest dealer in fuch merchandize, three flaves named Kamoula, Miraz, and Yek Rahoun, with two camels and all their baggage, without referve. Here is the receipt properly executed,

there-

therefore make no relistance but conduct yourselves with that obedience which is due to me your lord and mafter. Then, turning to his slaves, here, faid he, take care of that old fellow and the baggage cainel; go gently with them to my house; I myself will take charge of the pretty girls, to amuse them on the road, and make them forget, if possible, their late dear and honourable mafter the amiable Mourzib.

Kamoula in the midft of this terrible fform, behaved with her accustomed dignity; fhe raifed her head like an unshaken rock, against which the angry waves dash themselves in vain; virtue shone refulgent in her countenance, and discovered itself in her words and actions with fo much majefty, that the most

F 4 hardy hardy love dared not reveal itself in her prefence without fear and apprehension.

Before many days had paffed in this manner, Mamoud Kourdan grew tired of the fubmiffive obedience he was obliged to shew his flave in spite of his authority. These proceedings, faid he, will not do for me; this imperious lady is only fit for fuch as have time and patience. He therefore instantly determined to fell his three flaves again, let him get ever so little by the bargain. Nor was it long ere he met with a purchafer. Addin, a famous pirate, and purveyor to the feraglios of the east, struck with the beauty and appearance of Kamoula bid money for them, and Mainoud came down to the very moderate gain of cent per cent. The bargain was ffruck, the

money paid, and the three unfortunate victims were immediately carried on board Addin's ship.

In the hands of this new mafter, who was accustomed from his childhood to plunder, who knew no providence but chance, no king but his will, no guide but his unruly passions, and no friend but his vices, Kamoula stood in need of preternatural affistance, and God gave it to her in proportion to the dangers she was exposed to.

The wind being favourable, Addin fet fail, he had a very rich cargo on board, having laid in at an extraordinary expence not only every necessary of life, but also a large stock of such things as as intemperance alone seeks the forbidden use of, as wine, pork, and other

F 5 p

prohibited meats to whet his brutal appetite, palled by all kinds of debauchery.

One day having according to his usual cuftom drank to excess, he commanded Kamoula to be called in, and placing her by him at the table; I believe faid he my pretty lass, thou art not best pleafed with the indifference I have shewn thee fince we have failed together, but I intend foon to quit scores, and to make thee as happy as if thou wert in the garden of *Eram: Thy mafter will know no will but thine; I will be thy flave; receive these my first homages: thus faying, he offered to embrace her, but Kamoula drawing herfelf back from him, I am no more thy flave, faid she, than thou art mine;

I am born free; the traitorous Mamoud Kourdan had no power over me nor mine; he fold to thee what did not belong to him; thou hast therefore no right to retain what thou haft purchased illegally: It would not however be just that thou shouldest lose the money thou hast paid for what appeared to thee an honest purchase: I therefore offer to reimburse thee; detain me in any place of fecurity till I can write to my friends, and with their answer I shall receive the fum we agree upon: If thou hast the least grain of honour or religion thou wilt accept this offer.

Addin replied to fo reasonable a reproof by bursting into a loud fit of laughter, recovering himself from which, I did not imagine said he that I was talking to one who had the gift of preaching, I thought while thou wast speaking that I heard an Iman delivering a difcourse in a mosque against insidelity and atheism, but such kind of cant will not do for me; let us have no more of it; follow thy natural employment by endeavouring to pleafe me: disperse those clouds which obscure thy moony face; here my favourite fultana, take council from this glass of wine, offering her at the fame time a bumper. Kamoula with the indignity of a zealous musfulman, pushed his arm from her, and Addin with all the brutal furv of a drunkard threw the bottle at her head; but the blow was averted by the kind hand of providence.

Take that as a warning, faid he to her, always to be obedient to the will of thy mafter: but we both want reft, depart from me and return again in an hour to receive that pardon which love still folicits for thee.

The unfortunate Kamoula beheld her diffressful situation with all its deepest horrors; she prostrated herself before God, who alone can protect the innocent.

While she was at prayer, a black cloud began to appear to the northward, the length of which was about twenty paces of a camel. As soon as the man in the main-top perceived that cloud, he instantly cried out several times, God afsift us! God preserve us! his holy prophet intercede for us! In an instant the winds began to roar, and the waves rose mountains high: now the ship is tossed up to the clouds, and the next moment plunged to the bottom of the deep; from whence another wave lifts her again to the clouds; the sails and rigging are torn to atoms before they have time to secure them; the masts are blown overboard, and the boltsprit and rudder are forced away by the impetuosity of the waves.

In the midst of this dreadful scene of consussion and distress, Kamoula alone appeared calm and composed: her dependence was upon that providence which had so often and so signally interposed in her favour. The abandoned Addin, to animate his men, stormed, swore, and cursed like some desperate

leader in battle, who affecting to fear nothing in this world or the next, thinks to inspire his companions with the same ill grounded intrepidity: but mark the hand of Providence! in the midst of his blasphenies, a wave carried him off the quarter-deck to the hottest of the eternal sires:—and now the hurricane ceases as suddenly as it began.

This awful catastrophy, together with the singular circumstances of the dreadful tempest from which they had justbeen so wonderfully delivered, made a powerful impression on all the ship's crew, who unanimously considered it as a miracle of God in savour of Kamoula: They therefore looked to her as a saint, and would have no other commander, wisely considering that a ves-

fel fituate as their's was, without mafts, rigging, fails, boltfprit, or rudder, was wholly unmanageable by human art, and could only be guided by one who was endowed with the gift of miracles. Under all these disadvantages they arrived in nine days at the port of Gheovador in the kingdom of Beloudga, and Kamoula had fo many eye-witnesses of her conduct on board the ship, that the fame of her extraordinary piety and fanctity foon spread itself all over the kingdom.

Idolatry being the religion of the country, the people were in confequence governed by superstition. Kamoula knew how to avail herself of this disposition, and drew from it two considerable advantages in favour of Mahometanism;

metanism: one was, that being considered by them as a divinity, they looked upon what she said as oracles; the other was, that finding them so much disposed to venerate her, it was not difficult to make them believe the alcoran, which she persuaded them was the source of all good and all merit.

Her charitable difposition likewise contributed greatly to the forwarding of her project, for she constantly visited the sick and poor, in the neighbourhood, and performed wonderful cures with her elixir, on those who renounced their idols, and confessed their belief in God and his prophet.

The king of Beloudga foon got information of all these things which he did not much credit, but that he might

put

put the matter out of doubt, and fee with his own eyes, he commanded that the beautiful stranger should be brought to his court.

Kamoula was accordingly mounted on a fuperb Horfe, attended by Miraz and Yek-Rahoun, who rode on Mules: their baggage was put into waggons, and the governor of the town marched himself at the head of an escort, that he might have the honour of presenting this holy young lady to the king.

On the fifth day after their departure, they arrived at the Metropolis of Beloudga, which was called by the fame name as the kingdom; and the next morning Kamoula had the honour of a private audience at the foot of the throne.

Kamoula

Kamoula was no fooner brought into the presence of Mustif Shaddan the king, than he was aftonished at her wonderful beauty. He gazed at her with the attention and eagerness of one who had found a treasure. Queen of my heart, faid he to her, I no longer difbelieve the reports I have heard from all quarters of thy miraculous gifts, for furely the immortal Gods can refuse thee nothing: at thy request the God Siva* becomes angry or calm; the divine Esculapius has entrusted to thee his univerfal remedy, which Philofophers have fo long fought after in vain; thou cureft all our fick in the most wonderful manner; continue to demonstrate

^{*} Siva is the Indian God that answers to Neptune. - Sir W. JONES'S Differtations, Vol. 1, p. 44.

to us thy fovereign power, by making that storm subside, which thy bright eyes have raifed in my heart: I have just received a mortal wound from an arrow, which thy looks have fhot at me, vouchfafe then to pour into it some of thy fovereign balfam. When the king had fpoken these words he appeared to be strongly and passionately agitated: he waited not for Kamoula's answer, but commanded an apartment to be prepared for her in the palace, and ordered the chief of his eunuchs to take care of her.

Love, who in the shape of Addin the pirate had shewed himself to Kamoula under fo hideous a form, appeared now to her under one less hateful, but not less dangerous, and she could not expect to find that relief from a tempest in the

king's

king's court, which she had lately experienced at sea; but she still placed her considence in the most high. The repeated experience she had had of the divine interposition in her favour in former dangers, left her no room to doubt that she would be fafely delivered from those which now threatened her.

She had not been long in her new apartment when the king impatient at her absence went to see her. Being a man of great politeness, good nature, and wit, he declared his passion for her with respectful delicacy, and forbore taking any of those unwarrantable liberties which monarchs in general think their rank entitles them to take: but in proportion as his love increased, his respect decreased, though, without losing sight

G 2 of

of modefty. At length, the king overcome by the ardor of his passion, stretched out a bold hand: when in an instant the prophet, who from the heavens watched over the safety of Kamoula, blasted that rash arm which immediately became motionless.

The king who fed very hearty, and took but little exercife, imagined he was ftruck with the palfy, and cried out for help: O daughter of the goddefs Serefwati*, faid he, give me inftantly fome of thy divine elixir, and fave my life.

Thou art ignorant of thy distemper replied Kamoula: Drugs will not cure it; physicians can give thee no relief;

none

^{*} Sereswati represented with a palm leaf and a reed, is the Indian Minerva.—Sir W. Jones's Differentions, Vol. 1, p. 43.

none can afford thee affistance, except the Almighty whom I adore, and who now chaftifes thee for thy criminal pafsion, with which he is justly offended.

Well then replied the king, appeafe thy angry and jealous God, and cure me in his name with thy miraculous elixir.

Kamoula conceived hopes from this budding confidence, which the king expressed in her God, who was still unknown to him; she slattered herself that if he recovered, he might be so impressed by the miracle as to be convinced of the nothingness of his idols, and be inclined to embrace the Musfulman faith, the seeds of which, though only scattered at random, began to promise some appearance of a harvest; she

G 3 implored

implored the divine affiftance, the invoked the prophet, and administered fome drops of her elixir to the king. He had no fooner fwallowed them than he found the use of his arm return, and all its functions recover their full vigour.

Transported with joy he exclaimed, O thou divine woman! thou wonder of nature! thy fovereign remedy has reflored me to life: that life belongs then to thee alone: all I possess is at thy difpofal; from henceforth reign with an absolute power over myself and my dominions; from this time I acknowledge no other mafter but that love to which I give myself wholly up, that thy happiness may be compleat: thus faying he threw himself on his knees, attempting to embrace those of Kamoula, who

had great difficulty to repel marks of acknowledgment with which the was by no means pleafed, and which now became more offenfive by being more live. Iy: but the prophet interpofed a fecond time in favour of the diffressed fair one, and behold the royal arm in a worse condition than ever.

Mustif Shaddan considered his relapse as an evident sign of his approaching death, and called for the elixir with more ardor and impatience than before.

Kamoula gladly embraced this opportunity to bring him off entirely from idolatry. The chaffifement thou haft received faid fhe, is the just reward of thy ingratitude. The God whom I ferve, and who is thy God as well as mine, the creator of all men, the king

G 4

of all kings, that God through whose mercy all living creatures enjoy existence and nourishment, graciously vouchfafed to manifest himself to thee but an inftant ago, in a wonderful and miraculous manner, and yet thou art hardly cured but thou fallest again into the very fame transgressions which before provoked his anger against thee. Refolve then to acknowledge him for thy only God, and to difarm him of his wrath: proftrate thyfelf before him, adore him, and him alone. Respect the virtue of chaftity which thou feeft he protects and loves, and I trust he will be graciously pleased to answer thy repentance and my fupplications by a speedy recovery of thy health.

This well timed and edifying difcourse penetrated to the very bottom of the king's heart; and the holy pro phet Mahomet embracing the opportunity granted to it the power of perfua-

After pauling fome moments, I have just done inwardly, faid the king; all that thou hast advised me to do: Implore thy God in my behalf, he is also my God, and give me a ftrong dose of elixir in his name: Kamoula adminiftered a double quantity, and his arm was inflantly reftored.

So miraculous a demonstration of the power and mercies of the true God could no longer be refifted; the king was convinced and converted. He entirely gave up his unruly love as a proof of his

G 5 faith; faith; and expressed no other sentiments to Kamoula but what arose from the strictest honour and virtue. He allowed her to depart from his palace, which she quitted that instant, determined the king should never see her again, until he had compleatly conquered and triumphed over his passion.

Kamoula was now peftered with folicitatations from all the lords of the court, and chief inhabitants of the city, who were all anxious that she should take up her abode with them; but she modestly refused all their kind offers; at length a man bending under the weight of years, and held in high estimation for his wisdom and piety, brought the keys of his cottage and laid them at her feet: The saints delight, said he to her, to dwell

in the habitation of the poor: my house affords nothing but what is indispensibly necessary to supply the wants of nature; all the pomp and magnificence of my poor apartment consists in neatness; an humble mat of rushes fabricated by these hands covers my fopha and my floor; my table affords no delicacies nor dainties except the pulse and fruit of my garden; my drink is fupplied by a fountain which is always liberal of its stores; and my poverty has removed far from me all forts of diffolute or dangerous neighbours, even as the wind purifies the air from its noxious and malignant vapours; my retirement is unmolested, neither the envious, the libertine, nor the covetous ever approach it.

The

The afylum thou offerest me, said Kamoula, is in my mind to be preserved to the most sumptuous palaces; I gladly accept thy kind offer, and will fix my abode in this delicious retirement; but it shall be only upon condition that thou continuest to inhabit it with me; for it is thy virtue which renders the place into which thou art about to receive me of such inestimable value.

Himiri, which was the old man's name, having promifed her that he would not leave his house, she followed him thither attended by Miraz and Yek-Rahoun.

The king was aftonished when he heard Kamoula had made choice of to poor a house to dwell in; unwilling however to put any constraint upon her

he fent her a large fum of money in order that she might be enabled to build on the spot which seemed to have taken her fancy so much, and that she might purchase the ground about it; and gave orders to those who possessed the places she sixed on, to fell them if she wished it.

Kamoula refused the king's intended present with the most becoming modesty, neither would she accept of a box of jewels which he likewise sent her. I do not want any of these things said she to the person who brought them; this world which appears to us so large, and which the ambitious are so desirous of possessing, is but a small portion of the vast universe; every individual which enters into this part of it, has a right to a certain

certain portion for its fubfishance; and in that portion the Almighty has destined a place for each man to set his foot, and lay his head on: the body of the greatest monarch takes up no more room than that of his meanest slave: as to myself I enjoy in common with other creatures all that is necessary for me, my desires extend no farther.

As for these ornaments so much prized by the world which the king has been pleased to send me, I cannot make any use of them, I wish for no other jewels at my ears than the discourses of the wise, and the complaints of the wretched: And when my hands has an opportunity of opening itself to the wants and necessities of the poor, it is much better adorned than if it was loaded with the

most valuable rings or bracelets. Notwithstanding all this to convince the king that I am disposed to submit to his royal commands, I will with pleasure receive from his majesty, a moderate alimentary allowance, that it may be in my power to affist such of our brethren as God gives us to feed, to whom I cannot refuse alms without exciting in them those expressions of impatience and disappointment, which make the indigent lose the merit of their condition.

Such virtuous and elevated fentiments; a conduct full of humility and edification, joined to a charity which knew no bounds, fecured to Kamoula the veneration and love of all the people, and the fame of her fanctity was published to all the corners of the east.

When

When Kamoula faw that the king's perfeverance in his respect for her, and the general efteem of the public, which fhe had so deservedly gained, had placed her beyond the dread of any future violence, her tender regard for her dear absent husband, regained its wonted ascendency in her heart, and the ardent defire of feeing him again occupied all her thoughts, having however gained experience by her past misfortunes and miraculous escapes, she did not think it right to expose herfelf to fresh ones, by attempting a fecond journey before the had concerted proper measures to enfure the fuccess of it; the first and most essential of which was to know, whether Nadir Shan was still in Egypt, or whether he was returned to his own

country;

country; to gain this necessary piece of information, she sent off two expresses; one for Arabia, the place of her nativity, the other for grand Cairo, in Egpyt, with necessary instructions and letters to ensure the success of their commissions.

The meffenger who was fent to Arabia, never arrived there, having perished at sea: the other who went to Egypt, learned that Nadir Shan had set out on his journey to Arabia a month before the messenger's arrival. We will therefore follow him thither, and leave Kamoula for a while in the peaceful possession of her beloved solitude.

Notwithstanding that faithful husband had received no news of his beloved Kamoula, during the long period of his absence,

absence, he comforted himself with reflecting on the difficulty of sending letters so far, and that only by the hands of travellers who might be stripped on the road, or hindered by sickness, neglect, insidelity, or death: these reflections furnished him with some consolatary hopes which prevented his restless love from falling into despair.

When Nadir Shan came within a day's journey of his house, he slackened his pace that he might not arrive until the middle of the night, proposing to himself a most diverting scene, arising from that pleasant consuston, disorder, and bustle, which naturally take place in a family at the unexpected return of their master.

At length he arrives at his house; he difinounts from his horse; he knocks at the gate; no one answers; he becomes impatient; he knocks louder and louder; a flave within demands who is there and what is his business at that unseasonable hour? Nadir Shan declares his name, and commands him to open the gate; immediately the flave firikes the *tehacmac; lights a wax taper; runs from chamber to chamber all over the house to awake the servants, and pronounce the arrival of his mafter. Every one hurries on his cloaths and descends into the court with a flambeau in his hand; at length the gate is opened.

Nadir Shan enters, and amongst a croud of servants much more numerous

H

than

^{*} A steel to strike fire with.

than he left at his departure, observes a blind man supported under the arms, whom he does not at first sight recognize to be his brother: but it is he, the treacherous Shanadki.

Every countenance betrayed marks of the most frightful consternation; all cast down their eyes and an awful silence prevailed throughout. These alarming marks of the most profound forrow are fo many daggers to the breaft of Nadir Shan, who considered them as denoting fome fatal accident which he could not understand: But observing that neither Kainoula nor any of her flaves came to meet him, he no longer doubts of her being either dead or dying: He attempts to go directly to her apartment; the fervants prevent him; alas! then, faid faid he, it is all over! I have loft all that was dear to me! then cafting himfelf on Shanadki's neck, diffemble not with me faid he; tell me the whole truth; hide not from me the most cruel circumstances attending my misfortune, glut my foul with the most subtile and fatal poison of despair, that I may die the fooner and be reunited in the tomb to my dearest Kamoula.

Having pronounced these words he went directly to his closet, whither his brother followed him by the affistance of his guides. The door being shut, Shanadki began in the following terms.

Why doft thou my dearest brother, my fincere friend, the man whom I respect the most of all the men upon the earth, why dost thou so ill requite the

H 2 tenderness

tenderness I bear for thee, as in thy eager defire for death to make choice of me for thy executioner. In relating to thee without difguife the melancholy, the tragical history of thy wife, I shall plunge a dagger into thy heart: eye has not feen nor ear heard any thing fo detestable as the odious fact, the circumflances of which I am now about to relate. Ah! brother, interrupts Nadir Shan, forbear to prolong my wretched existence, but finish me with a single stroke, it will be an act of mercy.-Knew then replied Shanadki that thy wife was convicted of adultery, and by fentence of the judge thrown to be devoured by the lion.

On hearing this fad recital, Nadir Shan remained motionless and filent;

but

but after some moments recovering himfelf; no, faid he, she was innocent; they condemned her unjustly: perish the caluminators that fwore against her! who are they? where are they? who is the unjust judge that disgraced his facred office by lending his ministry to the black fury of our enemies? but as for thee my brother! thee, to whose friendly care I committed the prefervation of my dear Kamoula, why didst thou forfake her? why didst thou not employ all thy credit, and all my fortune to defend her innocence?

The clear conviction I had of her guilt, replied Shanadki, put it out of my power to attempt her defence: Heaven knows the violence I committed on my own feelings when I found my-

felf called upon to profecute her in vindication of thy offended honour! No grief could equal mine on that dreadful occasion: the floods of tears I poured from my eyes were incessant; and so sharp and bitter were they, that I became blind in an instant on the very day of her execution.

What curfed magician, then, demands Nadir Shan, could be witch the eyes and corrupt the heart of Kamoula? All the monarchs of the eaft, even love himself would have attempted to please her in vain! The seducing magician replied Shanadki, was a young man of most ravishing beauty whom I met here on the stairs, and who was surprised with her by three irreproachable witnesses; but he escaped from them and vanished with

with the agility of a fpirit of the air, and has never been heard of fince, notwithstanding the strictest search has been made after him.

Were the judge and witneffes, demands Nadir Shan, any of my acquaintances? or had they any pique against me? No replies the brother, thou hadst fome regard for Mourzan the judge; and Sadaz, Benzabed, and Kilap thy good neighbours were the witneffes whose evidence convicted thy wife.

True it is, faid the wretched Nadir Shan, that I never was at varience with either of them: I am nevertheless fo fully convinced of the innocence of my dear Kamoula, that when I meet them I shall not be able to refrain from shewing them strong marks of my resentment.

H 4 Thou

Thou wilt have no trouble of that kind faid Shanadki, for lord Mourzan was torn in pieces and devoured by a lion in a neighbouring forest some months ago; and the three witnesses were all crushed to death by the fall of the portal of a mosque, just as they were going together to morning prayers.

Thou art then the only remaining object of my chagrin and refentment, faid Nadir Shan: it would be too great a violence offered to my patience to allow thee to continue in my presence, and it is impossible thou couldest be happy in mine; let us then separate brother; return to thy house, and take thy slaves and all thy train with thee; as for me I will remain here with no companion but grief.

Shanadki

Shanadki received this command from his brother with a fecret joy; his wounded and guilty confcience flood in need of fuch a balm, and he infantly withdrew from the presence of his brother.

From that moment Nadir Shan determined to give himself up to all the horrors of solitude, he commanded his slaves never to shew themselves in his presence unless they were called for, and ordered that no one should be permitted to see him, either on visits, business, or any pretence whatever.

In this unhappy manner he fpent nearly two months, entertaining himfelf every day with meditating on his own wretched fituation, and endeavouring to fearch into the truth of this most mysterious affair, which appeared to him through the dark veil of impossibility.

His melancholy and chagrin encreafing daily, he at last became so violently disgusted with the place in which he had enjoyed the company of his dear Kamoula, and where she was no longer visible, that he determined to fell his house, and all his possessions in that country.

Uncertainty and precipitation are the natural attendants on those excessive griefs with which we are sometimes overwhelmed. Nadir Shan sold all his possession without having once considered where he should retire to. At length he determined to go to the island of Nedget, with no other view than that he might be removed to a considerable distance

diffance from the wretched scene of all his woes.

He ordered his fervants to make preparations for his immediate departure, and notwithstanding the repugnance he felt within himself at the idea of seeing his brother, he went to take his leave of him. He found him fitting alone in his chamber with his face to the wall, and his back to the window, as forfaken and abandoned as a blind beggar that fits by the way fide asking alms. He was moved with pity at feeing him in that unhappy condition, and having after the usual compliments informed him of his intended departure; thy deplorable fituation, faid he, brings a thought into my head which I cannot help communicating to thee.

I am determined to spend the remainder of my wretched days in the folitary island of Nedget; and I am informed that in another great illand not far from it, lives a pious woman who performs wonderful miracles, and by way of excellence is called the faint. As I travelled hither from Egypt, I found on my road, an infinite number of fick of all forts who were going to prefent themfelves before her, with a full dependence on being healed even by her breathing upon them: I likewise met with feveral men of apparent credibility, who affured me upon oath that they had been with the well-beloved of the prophet, for fo she is likewise called, and that she perfectly cured the paralytic, the lame, the deaf, the dumb,

and the blind, by only fprinkling on their lips a few drops of a celefial dew, gathered without doubt in the *Raousa of the prophet: therefore brother, continued Nadir Shan, as that holy woman has the precious gift of working miracles, I advise thee to go and prostrate thyfelf at her feet: she will appeafe God, if thy blindness is a punishment for fome great crime thou haft committed; and if on the other hand thy diftemper is but natural, this faint will restore to thee thy fight with the greater eafe.

Shanadki troubled with the gnawings and upbraidings of his guilty confcience, remained fad and pensive, and as he made no reply; I plainly see continued Nadir

^{*} Mahomet's Garden.

Nadir Shan, the caufe of this embarraffment: thou art afraid to trust thyself to the mercy of thy flaves, who in fo long a journey, might avail themselves of the helpless condition thou art in, and thine incapacity to guard against their abuses. But behold now the remedy I offer thee; to-morrow I depart from hence; thou shalt accompany me, and I promise to fee thee fafely landed in that great ifland which is the abode of the faint : God grant that the purity of thy conscience may be fuch, as to facilitate the recovery of thy fight, and that thou mayst be able to find thy way back to thine own house in peace and fafety!

Shanadki did not doubt from his brother's moralifing, that he fufpected him of being concerned in Kamoula's death; death; he therefore thought that to refuse the journey just proposed to him, would be a tacid confession of his guilt, and put him out of all hopes of being cured by the faint's intercession; he therefore accepted of his brother's offer, and they set out on their journey together the next morning.

During their journey, which took them feven moons to accomplish, strange revolutions happened in Beloudga, the island to which they were bound.

Mustif Shaddan the king died suddenly in consequence of excessive eating, notwithstanding the repeated lessons of temperance which Kamoula gave him. As the succession to the crown was elective and the throne might be filled by one of either sex, the people from their professed veneration for Kamoula, unanimously chose her for their queen.

She modeftly declined their offer, and refused the sceptre as being too heavy for her hand to wield. The number of men who are capable of ruling, faid fhe, is great; choose the most worthy from amongst them: wherever I have been, I have always heard learned men, philofophers, and even dervifes cry whenever they spoke of public affairs, "were I king I would reform fuch an abufe, I would not undertake this, I would not do that;" now when I shall be furrounded with the splendour of the throne, these wife critics will instantly fpy out those defects, which the obscurity of my prefent condition conceals from their view: is it not then more honourable

honourable in me, to let them believe by refufing the crown, that I was worthy of it, then by accepting it, to convince them I did not deferve it?

But the humility of Kamoula ferved only to convince the people more and more of her fitness to reign, and to make them entertain great hopes of the wisdom and mildness of her government.

It was in vain that she resisted; the people hurried her away to the temple to proclaim her queen; and she artfully availed herself of this opportunity to make them receive the holy truths contained in the Alcoran. I could not receive said she, as a pledge of your sidelity and obedience, the oath you should take to me in the name of your idols, since I do not acknowledge them

as Gods: neither would that which I might take to you in maintenance of your laws and privileges bind my confcience in the leaft, if I had none but your chimerical divinities to fwear by. Hear me then O people whom I love and respect; there is but one God, the creator of all the worlds, and all men, every thing exifts by his power and mercy alone: this God I adore; it is by his divine aid that I cure your infirm, your fick, and your lame; the Alcoran is his holy law, and Mahomet is his prophet. Your deceafed fovereign whose memory is dear to you, acknowledged and worshipped this God; follow his example then, and I will undertake to govern your kingdom, under a full perfuafion that the Almighty will grant me all the affiftance I shall stand in need of to make you happy.

As foon as fhe had done speaking, the people all exclaimed with one voice, the God of Kamoula is the only God, the Alcoran is his law, and Mahomet is his prophet.

A croud of persons of all ages and distinctions whom the queen had cured of various diseases, which had been pronounced incurable by the physicians, infligated by a holy zeal, forced their way into the temple, and broke the idols in pieces.

This violent proceeding called forth the priefts and facrificers, who taking their knives, and other inflruments of facrifice, put themfelves in a posture of defence; and much blood must have been shed, had not the queen prevented it by the following most gracious speech.

"It is not my wish or intention, faid fhe, to force any man's conscience: If there are any among you who defire to live and die in the darkness of idolatry, let them do fo; but I will acknowledge only those for my true subjects who will fincerely renounce falfehood, and with me embrace the truth, let these separate themselves from the rest, and range themselves in the *Bazar on the †lest fide; I will there receive their oath of fidelity; let the others affemble themfelves on the right, and I will acquit them of all fervices and obligations due from good citizens to their king and

coun-

^{*} The Market-place. + Among the Mahometans the left is the most honourable side.

country. They shall be entirely at liberty to select from among their wooden and brazen Gods him whom they judge sittest and ablest to govern them, to settle their differences, to give comfort and relief to their miserable and their sick, and in a word to secure to them the blessings of peace and plenty."

When Kamoula had ended this speech, she went directly to the Bazar, followed by an immense multitude; the facrificers likewise went thither with great oftentation and considence, convinced that the majority of the people would assemble on their side; but they were disappointed in their expectations, and saw with extreme consustant they were left abandoned and alone; they therefore made a virtue of necessity, and to

avoid being infulted, mixed with the croud, and added their voice to the general acclamations of the people.

The queen determined not to lose an opportunity from which she faw so great advantages might be drawn to the glory of the most high and his prophet, caused herfelf to be immediately crowned before fhe left the Bazar, without waiting for the usual ceremonies, being desirous to command as fovereign from that day forward, that she might keep the intrigues and cabals of the idolatrous priefts within bounds. Her wife intentions were crowned with fuccefs, paganism was annihilated, and the Muffulman religion received by all the people.

Kamoula was now become absolute mistress of a flourishing kingdom, she

was adored by her fubjects, and respected by foreigners; yet still she sighed day and night for her dear absent husband. But amidst all her distress she looked upon the miracle which had placed her on the throne, and all her misfortunes and long separation from her spouse, as the dispensations of the divine will, wifely directed to bring about the great event of the establishment of the Musfulman religion, in the kingdom over which fhe was fovereign. This train of reasoning encouraged her to hope, that now every thing regarding the faith was accomplished, it would please the Almighty to restore her husband to her.

In firm reliance on the providence of God, the wrote to Nadir Shan to come to her; the letter was tender and mov-

I 3

ing

ing, and contained a full account of all her adventures; the accompanied this letter with feveral rich prefents, and entrufting it to the care of the faithful Yek-Rahoun, difpatched him with it to Arabia, attended by a train and equipage worthy the ambaffador of fo great a queen.

Yek-Rahoun departed on this important embaffy without delay, and arrived at the port of Gheovader in order to embark for Arabia felix: he had not been long there before he was informed that a rich Arabian lord had just landed with a numerous retinue, and was to depart from thence the next morning for Beloudga. He gave God thanks for an accident from which he thought he might possibly learn some news of Nadir

Shan.

Shan, and whether he was still in Arabia: He therefore ordered some of his most intelligent domestics to find out the name and country of this foreign lord.

The messengers prefently returned to him with the pleafing intelligence, that the name of the stranger was' Nadir Shan, that he was a widower by a catastrophy which his attendants would not explain; that his inconfolable grief for the loss of his wife had made him quit Arabia felix, where he lived in the highest stile of grandeur in a most superb palace, the fight of which he could no longer endure after her death. In fhort they learned that the lady whose loss he fo deeply lamented, and whose beauty, virtue, and merit, they extolled without bounds, bore the fame name as the queen of Beloudga.

Yek-Rahoun, to whom Kamoula had disclosed the whole secret, when she honoured him with the commission he was charged with, needed no farther explanations; he entertained no doubt that the strange traveller was the identical dear husband who was the object of his embassy.

He therefore difpatched a pompous deputation of his principal officers to him, to demand audience for an ambaffador from the queen of Beloudga.

Who I! answered Nadir Shan, give audience? an Ambassador to me! what can be the meaning of all this? do they take me for a madman, or some prince in disguise, whom chance has made me

resemble? I'll instantly go and disabuse your mafter: fo faying, he left his apartment abruptly, and prevailed on them to conduct him to his excellency's abode.

Yek-Rahoun apprifed of his vifit, received him with all possible marks of the most profound respect.

The furprize of Nadir Shan encreased every inftant: He imagined all this was a dream; he thought he was transported by the genii into some enchanted island: But he was quite at a lofs what to think when the ambaffador having with much ceremony conducted him into his closet harrangued him in form, and produced his credentials. He told him he must receive them, open them, and read them: What language can describe the

fensations of his heart when he saw the letter was signed by these words, Kamoula thy faithful wife, queen of Beloudga.

He inflantly recognized her writing, bleffed her rofy fingers, and the brilliant pearls of her ftyle: but ftill as it were doubting of the reality of what he faw; art thou not faid he to the ambaffador, the great Shabbal king of the genii that prefenteft this delicious vision before my eyes, to make me forget the torture which pierces my breast?

Be affured I am not Shabbal, replied the ambaffador, and that thy doubts may give way to conviction, perufe this other letter which my august queen has commanded me to deliver to my lord: Thou wilt find it contains a faithful narrative of her hiftory, which will difperfe those clouds which now obscure thy fight, and cause them to vanish before the bright light of truth. So saying, he presented him with the letter, and then left him alone that he might with the greater freedom give way to the different impressions it must unavoidably make upon him.

As foon as Nadir Shan had perufed the letters, his dejected grief inftantly gave way to the most lively joy: He opened the door of the closet, and perceiving Yek-Rahoun who rose from a sopha to join him, he ran with open arms to meet him: wilt thou said he compleat my selicity, let us this instant go to Kamoula.

We will depart without delay my illustrious lord, replied Yek-Rahoun, and would to God that we could travel as fait as thought or defire! or that I were the great Shabbal to transport thee by the affistance of the genii! but thy love and my zeal will remove all obstacles.

They accordingly determined to mount their horses that evening accompanied only by four attendants and left directions for their domestics and equipage to follow them by easy journeys.

The greatest embarrassiment Nadir Shan felt was, how to dispose of his unworthy brother, of whose crime Kamoula's letter had informed him: He was often tempted to poignard him, but was disfluaded from it by the wisdom of Yek-Rahoun, who advised him to disfemble his fury, and give orders for his brother to be conducted to the queen, that her majesty might have the disposal of his fate. Care was likewise taken to forbid all the attendants ever to mention the name of Kamoula in his presence, but to talk in general terms of the holy woman and her miracles: for they apprehended that should he suspect the truth, he would be tempted to destroy himself.

Nadir Shan even forced himfelf much against his inclination to make him a visit, when he told him that he was going before to kiss the robe of the saint, and to supplicate that she would entreat the most high to restore to him his sight.

The queens husband and her ambassador fet out on their journey at five the same evening, and on the third day arrived at Beloudga.

During the time of their journey, the queen had dreamed the fame dream for three nights fuccessively, from which she prefaged fome extraordinary event: she dreamed that an eagle having a nofegay of pomegranate bloffoms in his beak, and a ferpent in his talons, let the nofegay fall into her lap, and the ferpent at the foot of her throne: fhe was pondering on this most extraordinary dream, which greatly occupied her thoughts, when Nadir Shan and Yek-Rahoun prefented themselves before her.

And is this a dream too! faid flie.— But alas! were it but the fliade of my dear

dear husband I must adore it !- but it is he !-it is he himfelf !- she flies to him, -he throws himself on his knees,-she floops to take him up, -their lips meet each other,-'tis thee my dear loft hufband that I fee, that I embrace, -yes, 'tis thy faithful, thy tender husband;they both speak together, -- in short, words cannot describe the scene. Miraz and Yek-Rahoun, who were the only witnesses of this tender interview were melted into fympathetic tears of joy, and fo much were they affected, that they found themselves obliged to withdraw.

All the nobility and different orders of the kingdom hafted to court, to congratulate Kamoula on this very interesting occasion, she presented Nadir Shan to them, and they were so struck with his person and majestic air, that to the title of prince which they had given him, they added the character of †Beglerbeg of the empire.

Kamoula was highly pleafed with this proof of their affection, which gave her the more fatisfaction, as it feemed to be an opening for the defign she had formed of abdicating the throne in favour of her husband. To forward which by rendering him more agreeable to the public, fhe entrufted to him the facred deposit of the fick and poor, the widows and orphans, which she had hitherto kept in her own hands as being the nobleft prerogative of fovereignty: she gave him a commission under the title of superintendant of good works, to receive

and report the petitions of the unfortunate and miferable, and to distribute the royal bounties destined for the reward of the virtuous.

It so pleased the divine providence that the first two persons who presented themselves to Nadir Shan, after he had taken possession of his new office, to implore the aid of the holy woman, were the blind Shanadki his brother, who arrived at Beloudga just at that time, and the treacherous and ungrateful Mourzib who fold Kamoula to Mamoud Kourdin, and who was punished the very same day for his detestable crime by having sight taken from him.

They were both lodged in the palace in an apartment kept for that purpose, until the queen pleased to admit them to her presence. The day being fixed she commanded them to be brought to a public audience. She viewed them both very attentively, she remembered them, and addressed them in the following manner.

Your afflictions are great, because your offences are enormous; I am well acquainted with the crimes of both, they are written plain in your foreheads: As for thee Mourzib, thou hast fold three perfons, two women, and a man, over whom thou hadft no right: And thou Shanadki haft accused of adultery, and caused to be condemned to an ignominious death, a lady of irreproachable character, against whom thou hadst nothing to alledge but her wifdom and her virtue. I expect each of you to coafefs the

most

most aggravating circumstances of your crimes, concerning which I will be silent, only to leave you the merit of declaring them; and thereby appeasing your offended God by that mortifying act of humiliation.

The two blind men hearing these words of Kamoula, had not the least doubt but that God had revealed every circumstance to her, and therefore, filled as they were with awful terror and respect, they dared not hide nor dissemble any thing, searing they should thereby add weight to the avenging hand of the most high, which was already so heavy upon them.

Mourzib fpoke the first: O divine lady said he, inspired by the Almighty! beloved of the prophet! it is but too true

K

that I fold three free persons and their equipage, but what renders that action still blacker and more execrable is, that it was to them I was indebted for my life.

Shanadki, encouraged by the example of Mourzib, interrupted him, and with a voice half stifled with fobs and fighs, which shewed the horror and confusion of his foul, my crimes are of a much blacker dye, faid he, that man is an angel compared to me. I attempted to corrupt the most virtuous of women, and full of brutal rage and refentment at being repulfed by her, I fabricated a most horrid and false accusation against her: I procured witnesses, I bribed an iniquitous judge: in short, I was the cause of her being condemned to death,

and that woman was my own brother's wife, with the care of whom I was entrufted in his absence: Having said these words he fainted away.

Kamoula rejoiced at his repentance, immediately affifted him: fhe gave him fome of her elixir, and put fome of it on his eyes; and she treated Mourzib with the same humanity. Presently the films fell off from their eyes, their fight was restored, and Kamoula was the first object they had the happiness to behold: they both threw themselves at her feet which they bathed with their tears, and the good queen was fo moved with fympathetic compassion that she could not restrain her's: She then made them rise, and commanded them to praise and thank the Almighty, the honour and K 2 glory glory being due to him alone: she entreated her husband to pardon Shanadki, and receive him again into his friendship, and affured him that she freely forgave

The people who were affembled in great numbers, ftruck with aftonishment at the miracles they had just feen performed, made the roof of the palace refound with their acclamations of wonder and joy. Every one wrote his absent friends an account of the miracles he had been witness to, so that in a short time there was not a person in the kingdom who did not consider the queen as infpired by the Almighty, which more and more encreafed the veneration they had for her, and produced in their hearts an entire fubmission to her commands,

which

which they naturally confidered as fo many emanations from the Deity himfelf.

A tyrannical prince would have been glad to have feized fuch an opportunity of establishing an absolute monarchy: Kamoula on the contrary made no other use of it, than what tended to the good of her fubjects: fhe made wife and fevere laws for restraining all forts of violence, infolence, and pride: and for providing sublistence for the poor: in short she made laws to restrain her own authority, that should her successors prove either avaricious or fanguinary, they might not be able to abuse the sovereign power with which they were entrusted. A moderation fo generous, and affections fo tender, rendered her more absolute than ever.

K 3 Having

Having fettled matters thus, she summoned all the orders of the kingdom, and as soon as she had got her new laws confirmed by the affembly, she descended gracefully from the throne, laid her crown and sceptre on the steps, and standing at the foot of it, made the following speech to the affembly.

"My beloved people, who have looked up to me as your mother, and whom I have regarded as my children, it was for your fake alone that I was perfuaded to leave the delightful retirement in which I had shut myself up to adore and contemplate the mercies of my creator: it is by this divine affistance that I have been enabled to support the heavy weight of government; I have demolished your abominable idols, and by the infinite

grace and goodness of divine providence, you now enjoy the light of his holy law."

"All these wonderful events were written by the angels in the great *narfib, that book of truth which records all the events of human life. Your unalterable defliny being now fo far accomplished, it is not in my power to render you more fervices: I am therefore going to return with my husband to our native country, there to fpend the rest of our lives in fublime contemplations, and religious exercifes: there with thands joined over my head, I will never cease to implore the most high that he will shower down the choicest of his blessings on the people of Beloudga."

^{*} The book of fate, according to the Mahometan fystem.

⁺ This is a custom practifed by the Mahometans in their most ardeat devotions.

The whole affembly inftantly arose, and a tumultuous murmur was heard throughout.

The people would not fuffer Kamoula to depart: the principal lords guarded her themselves; they obliged her to remount the throne; mean time they affembled in divisions to vote; the highchancellor collected the fuffrages and declared that the nation unanimously supplicated and entreated the queen to keep her crown: and to ease her of the load of government, they affociated the prince her husband, with her; and farther to give their most gracious fovereigns the most unequivocal and folid marks of fincere love and effeem, and to fecure the happiness of the kingdom for ever, the flates unanimously agreed to give up their right of election, in favour of the children which might be born of their majeflies, and their posterity male and semale in perpetual succession for ever.

It was not in Kamoula's power to refift an offer by which the crown was to become the birthright of her defcendants for ever; the accepted it therefore without helitation for her hufband, herfelf, and her pofterity.

A day was fixed on for the king's coronation, which the aftrologers declared would prove happy to their majefties, and the joyful ceremony was performed with the greatest magnificence, never did the people manifest so lively a joy on any former occasion.

K 5

The

The king gave his brother Shanadki all the immenfe riches he had brought with him, and allowed him to return home.

The venerable fage Himri, to whofe peaceable dwelling Kamoula retired when fhe left the royal palace, was appointed grand vizir, or prime minister of state.

The queen in the height of her elevation and happiness did not forget her father and mother by adoption from whom the had received fuch paternal kindness: She dispatched an ambassador to Hadjilbez and his wife, loaded with the richest and choicest presents, to enquire after their welfare, and make them acquainted with her present fituation. Her faithful flave Miraz delighted with the idea of once more feeing her old mafter and miftress petitioned that fhe might accompany the embassy. The good queen granted her request and loaded her with presents, telling her that should she feel herself, disposed to return to her court she might depend on meeting a fortune suitable to her merit.

Kamoula had perceived fo many marks of a good heart in Yek-Rahoun and he had given her fo many proofs of a difinterested gratitude that she recommended him strongly to the states, who without hesitation unanimously requested that her majesty would be graciously pleased to put him at the head of the treasury, where by his trusty and wise application of the revenue, he soon deservedly gained the universal applause of the people, and sufficiently convinced

every one that no misconduct of his own had brought on him that ignominious fentence of death from which he was refcued by the charity of the kind and benificent Kamoula. The amiable king and queen lived to fee their children's children, and their illustrious and virtuous descendants following the steps of their worthy ancestors continued to reign for many ages in Beloudga, with uninterrupted peace and prosperity, beloved by their fubjects, respected by their allies, and feared by their enemies.



Printed by J. S Hollis, Ramfey.

AMUSING AND INSTRUCTIVE PUBLI-CATIONS FOR YOUNG PERSONS.

SOLD B

LACKINGTON, ALLEN, AND Co.,
Temple of the Muses, Finsbury Square.

APHORISMS for Youth, with observations and resections, religious, moral, critical, and characteristic. Some original but chiefly selected during an extended course of reading, from the most distinguished English, French, and Italian Authors, interspersed with original poetry.

EMBLEMS for the Improvement and Entertainment of Youth, containing Emblematical, Hieroglyphical, and Æuigmatical Devices, relating to all Parts and Stations of Life on 62 Plates, 25,6d bound.

JUVENILE PROSPERITY, AND COLLEGE FRIENDSHIP, half bound in Vellum, is. 6d.

RASSELAS PRINCE OF ABYSSINIA, by Dr. Johnson, half bound in Vellum, 1s. 6d.

SERMONS for Young Women, by Dr. Fordyce, in boards, 2s.

DESCRIPTION OF ANIMALS AND VE-GETABLES extracted from the most eminent Writers, and adapted to younger capacities, with near 100 copper plates, zs. 6d. bound.

A COLLECTION OF PROSE AND VERSE felected from the most eminent Authors, by Londell, 2s, bound.

HISTORY OF MAY FLOWER, a Cercaffian tale, in imitation of the Arabian Nights, by Count Hamilton, 2s. bound.

L. A. and Co. Publish a Catalogue of their extensive Collection of Ancient and Modern Books every Six Months. Every article is fold by them at a reduced price for ready Money, notwithstanding which, it is warranted perfect in every respect.









