village authorities concerned and them on that occassion.

(2) On Aug. 21, 1950, both representatives confered about the above matters each other. And at that time he was happened to be there and expressed his view that since the Kawamagari Hamlet would become far from the projected school building, the compromise would be fruitless and so there is a need for both to ponder over more.

2. ENDO Yoshizo.

(1) He was present at a rally of the village inhabitants for solving the building construction issue at the Tamogami Field Workshop on Apr. 29 , 1950.

(2) He was present at a rally of the village inhabitants on Jun. 18, 1950 and expressed his view that the plan to establish two schools in a village was advisable.

3. ENDO Sakae.

(1) He was present at a rally of the hamlet inhabitants concerning the above construction held at the Tamogami Field Workshop six times during the period between Apr. 29, and Sep. 20, 1950 and participated in the conference.

4. SAKUMA Shigeru.

(1) He was present at a rally of the hamlet dewellers concerning the construction issue at the firld work-shop of Oaza Tochiyamakami, Nise Village on Jul. 25, 1950 and expressed his view that this issue should be settled amicably.

Furthermore, he participated in the conference of those advocuting the plan to build two school houses in a village where they confered about asking YAMASHITA Masayoshi, liaison official between the hamlet and the village office to communicate village headman, SUZUKI Tadahito, chairman of the construction committee that the construction committee men should resign en bloc.

(2) On Aug. 18 and Oct. 16, 1950, he was present at a meeting of the hamlet dwellers at the above place and participated in the conference concerning the construction issue.

5. OKOUCHI Sakae.

(1) He attended a meeting of the hamlet inhabitants at the Tochiyama Field Workshop on Jul. 25, 1950, and agree to the proposal to advise the construction committee to resign en block.

(2) He was present at a meeting of the hamlet inhabitants concerning the construction issue at the above field workshop on Oct. 16, 1950 and participated in the conference.

b. The above persons were present at a meeting of all the hamlet inhabitants as one of villagers on the ground that they considered this issue important from the standpoint of their children's eduction and worked together villagers.

It is not admitted that they took the initiative in this dispute. In addition, they repented of their vaiolating the Memorandum and are behaving better since then. NAKABATAKE Tetsuo was specially remitted on Oct. 13, 1950.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to:

Issue warning to subjects against such activities rather than recommend indictments.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 94

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March , 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by SHIMODAIRA Isao. (下平績)

I. Basing on the recognition of Secretary YAMAURA Moriichi of Shin-etsu Branch, S.I.B. on February 27, 1951, an investigation was initiated by Secretary SHIMATANI Sadayuki of the Branch on March 17, 1951 to determine whether or not SHIMODAIRA Isao who falls under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in the following contents and the result of II was gotten.

"SHIMODAIRA Isao, as the chief of the Nagano Municipal Tenant Association, meddled in the problem of the public residence by political movement."

II. This inquiry revealed:

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on March 23, 1948. The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the Kamiminauchi Branch, DAINIPPON SEKISEI-KAI (Greater Japan Sincerity Society).

Name: SHIMODAIRA Isao.

Date of Birth: December 16, 1895.

Occupation: Operator of BENTONAITO (bentonite) mine.

Domicile: 4451, Ina Village, Kamiina County, Nagano Prefecture.

Address: 1149, Tatsu-cho, Nagano City, Nagano Prefecture.

Activities:

This person has been taking office as the chief of the NAGANO-SHI SHAKUCHI-SHAKKA-NIN KUMIAI (Nagano Municipal Tenant Association), the chief of the NAGANO-KEN SHAKUCHI-SHAKKA-NIN KUMIAI RENGOKAI (Nagano Prefectural Federation of the Tenant Associations) and the member of the NAGANO-KEN JUTAKU TAISAKU IINKAI (Nagano Prefectural Housing

Policy Committee) since around October, 1945 and, during this time, he has done such political movements as follows:

(a) He stated a talk meaning that he wished an emergency measure to be taken by the City authorities as there were so many people suffering from housing shortage to the chief KANEKO Bumpei of the Housing Section, Nagano Municipal Office at the Office in May, 1949 and also, presenting a petition of the same meaning addressed to the mayor of Nagano City in the name of the chief SHIMODAIRA Isao of the Nagano Municipal Tenant Association, he required its realization.

(b) He, at Building Section of the Municipal Office on July 10, 1950, made a representation as follows to the chief SHINOHARA Yoshiji of Housing Subsection presenting the SEIWAKAI SETSURITSU KYOKA SHINSEISHO (Application for authorization to the Establishment of the Seiwa Society):

"It is a matter for rejoicing that the JUTAKU KOKO (Housing Bank) was established for those who are suffering from housing shortage.

But as those who have no land or deposit would suffer as similarly as ever, I wish to accomodate them with land or money. Therefore I solicit you to allow me the establishment."

(c) At the room of the committee, second floor of Nagano Municipal Office on December 12, the year, he told above-mentioned chief KANEKO of Housing Section a talk meant as follows:

"Among the applicants of the Prefectural residence, there are those who failed in lot more than thrice. I wish you would make good offices to let them dwell in the Municipal residence prior to others."

(d) On February 20, 1951 at Housing Section, the Municipal Office he talked above-mentioned chief KANEKO of the Section as follows:

"Building many houses cheaper than those which are now being built by the City authorities, I wish you would let many of those who are suffering from housing shortage dwell in those houses."

III. In view of the above, S.I.B. has concluded there was a violation of Article 15, Para. 1 of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. S.I.B. proposes to prosecute to the chief public procurator of Nagano District Public Procurator's Office.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 95

March , 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt.-Col. Jack P Napier Government Section, G?H.Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by NAMBA Mitsuru. (難波彩流)

1. Upon getting a private suggestive letter sent by TOBITA Shigeyoshi on March 10, 1951, Secretary HACHIYA Kikuo belonging to the Chugoku branch of SIB started investigation on March 17 to determine whether NAMBA Mitsuru had violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in relation to the suspected matter mentioned below, and attained the details described in paragraph II.

"NAMBA has made political activity in connection with the program of constructing a middle school in his village."

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 20, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been formerly chief of the Kagamikita-mura branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association.

Name : NAMBA Mitsuru.

Date of Birth : April 20, 1900.

Occupation : Keeper of a sawing mill.

Domicile : 50, Momotani, Kagami-kita Village, Tomata County, Okayama Prefecture.

Address : Same as above.

Activities :

A). About February 23, 1950 when a conference for promoting the construction of a middle school of the new system was held at the Kagamikita-mura Elementary School in his village under the auspices of the village headman and with the attendance of some 50 persons including those in public offices and others, NAMBA attended the same

meeting in which he asserted for the establishment of a single school or the providing of a smaller committee for the discussion of the problem.

B). He presented himself at a committee meeting on the school problem which was held at the same place as above on about February 25 and delivered his opinion thereon requesting to apply to the prefectural office for the delivery of subsidy fund and despatch there, at the same time, a party of villagers to explain about its necessity.

C). He attended a committee meeting held at the Kagamikita Village Office about June 26 of the same year, participating in the proceeding as to the decision on the policy of establishing two schools, the main and the branch, and on referring the branch school plan to a plenary committee meeting.

D). About July 1, 1950 when a plenary committee meeting was held at the aforesaid elementary school, NAMBA, together with some 40 villagers consisting of those inpublic offices and others, attended the same meeting and participated in the

decision to acknowledge the policy determined in the previous meeting.

E). On January 18, 1951 at the night-duty room of the village office, NAMBA interviewed, in the capacity of representative of the Momotani settlement, with members of the village assembly, MUNE Yasuo and two others, and negotiated on the sale of a village forest covering 2,400 tsubo to his settlement at the price of 40,000 yen.

III. SIB concludes that the behaviours of NAMBA in question are in violation of Paragraph 1, Article 15 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

IV. SIB proposes that the present case be reffered to the chief prosecutor of the Okayama District Prosecutor's Office.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 88

March 17, 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: General Report of Investigations Made by Observation Division, SIB from March 1, 1951 to March 15, 1951.

I.

a. "Suspicion of political activity made by TSUIKI Tokuzo."

According to an anonymous letter sent from the Hachiwoji Plant of the Japan Rubber Industry Co., Ltd., TSUIKI, an office-worker of the said company, made a Communistic activity to realize the policy of the Communist Party.

b. "Suspicion of omitted entry in the Questionaire for qualification examining, committed by NISHIMURA Seiji."

According to recognition by an official of SIB's Kyushu branch, NISHIMURA purposely omitted to state, in the Questionaire submitted by him to a prefectural Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee, that he had formerly served as a gendarme.

c. "Suspicion of political activity made by SUGAYA Kan, OE Jubei, SATO Ikutaro and YOKOTA Seizo."

According to recognition by an official of SIB's Kanto branch, these 4 persons SUGAYA, OE, SATO and YOKOTA acted politically by concerning themselves with the business and personnel affairs of the Tone River Irrigation Society.

d. "Suspicion of the assumption of office in an information organ relating to YOSHIDA Ko."

According to recognition by an official belonging to the Second Observation Section, SIB, YOSHIDA assumed the office of managing director of the Japan Traffic Association which was legally deemed to be an information organ.

e. "Suspicion of political activity relating to IMAI Tokiro."

According to recognition by an official belonging to the Second Observation Section, SIB, IMAI acted politically in connection with the problem of enlarging the building of a secondary school.

f. "Suspicion of political activity relating to NOMURA Mokumā."

According to a private suggestive letter sent by MATSUZAWA Shigeki, NOMURA acted politically in connection with acquiring licence for the business of goods transportation in the areas around Kochi Station.

g. "Suspicion of political activity relating to MIZUNO Denmatsu."

According to recognition by an official of the Local Affairs Section, Toyama Prefectural Office, MIZUNO acted politically in the election of members of the Josai Aiguchi Irrigation Council.

h. "Suspicion of the assumption of a public position relating to NAKAYA Susumu."

According to recognition by an official of the Local Affairs Section, Toyama Prefectural Office, NAKAYA took service as an employee of a city office in spite of his having been designated as falling under the Memorandum owing to his former service as a gendarme.

i. "Suspicion of political activity relating to YAHATA Shigeo."

According to recognition by an official of SIB's Kyushu branch, YAHATA acted politically by delivering his opinion in a conversation meeting related to amalgamation of two local administrative areas.

j. "Suspicion of the assumption of office in an information organ relating to WADA Shozaburo."

According to recognition by an official belonging to the Second Observation Section, SIB, WADA took the office of the manufacture division chief of the King Sound Machine Co., Ltd.

k. "Suspicion of omitted entry in the Questionaire for qualification examining, committed by OKI Ken."

According to recognition by an official of the Local Affairs Section, Fukushima Prefectural Office, OKI purposely omitted to state, in the Questionaire Submitted by him to the prefectural Public Office Qualifications Examination Committee, that he had formerly served as a gendarme.

l. "Suspicion of political activity relating to OKAZUKA Ryoichi and ODA Yoshiji."

According to recognition by an official of the Investigation Section, Niigata Prefectural Office, OKAZUKA and ODA acted politically in support of the Japan Communist Party.

m. "Suspicion of political activity relating to HARAKO Toichiro and KIKUCHI Gonzaburo."

According to recognition by an official of the Local Affairs Section, Aomori Prefectural Office, HARAKO and KIKUCHI acted politically by advising a village headman to resign from his office.

II.

a. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by USUI Soichi."

(Strict warning given.)

b. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by ISHIHARA Noboru and KAWACHI Michiyuki."

(Strict warning given.)

c. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by GOTO Tatsuo."

(Strict warning given.)

d. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by IMORI Tamotsu."

(Strict warning given.)

e. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by SATO Kennosuke and HOSOYA Ginzo."

(Investigation discontinued.)

f. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by NOGAMI Kazuo."

(Strict warning given.)

g. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by YOSHIDA Ko."

(Strict warning given.)

h. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by KOIZUMI Jitsusaburo."

(Strict warning given.)

i. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by MATSUDA Kiyoemon."

(Strict warning given.)

j. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by TSUJIMA Yahei."

(Strict warning given.)

k. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by NIHEI Masaru."

(Strict warning given.)

l. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by KARUBE Tadashi."

(Strict warning given.)

m. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by OHNUMA Kenichi."

(Investigation discontinued.)

n. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by YAHATA Shigeo."

(Strict warning given.)

o. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by TAKANO Yukitaka."

(Strict warning given.)

p. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by WADA Shozaburo."

(Strict warning given.)

q. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by TAKANO Yasuharu."

(Investigation discontinued.)

r. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by SASAMOTO Motosaburo."

(Strict warning given.)

s. "Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947, by IMAI Tokiro."

(Strict warning given.)

M. Yoshikawa

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 65

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March / , 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by USUI Soichi. 臼井荘一

I. On recognition dated Feb. 10, 1951 by Secretary TAKAMURA Kazuto of 2nd Section, Observation Division, S I B, he himself initiated an investigation on Feb. 16, 1951 to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he was a manager of Chiba theatre to play drama, and hereby the following result (II) has been obtained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a head of Prefectural Branch of the TOHO KAI (Eastern Society) and a director of general affairs of Prefectural Chapter of the Imperial Rule Assistance Asscciation.

Name :

USUI Soichi.

Date of Birth :

Jul. 26, 1902.

Occupation :

Master of theatre.

Domicile :

35, Sakai-machi, Chiba City,
Chiba Prefecture.

Addres :

124, 2-chome, Noborido, Chiba
City, Chiba Prefecture.

Activities :

a. On Dec. 30,1950, the said person newly established Chiba theatre which chiefly makes it a business to present such entertainments as drama, movie, ect. at Chiba City in Chiba Prefecture and became a manager of the theatre which is an information organ other

than public service.

b. Becoming a manager from the misunderstanding of legal interpretation concerning performance of drama, he has resigned his post of the theatre manager and is being confined in his home immediately after a warning to his violation by the authorities.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 14-(2) of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. DNa 64

15.

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March / , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Gevernment Section G.H.Q.

SUBJECT Suspected violation by ISHIHARA Noboru (石原昇) and KAWAUCHI Michiyuki (河内道行) of Imperial Ordinance No. 1

I. On recognition dated Jan. 20, 1951 by Secreary KITA Seitaro belonging to Hokkaido Branch Office, SIB, the investigation was initiated Feb. 16, 1951 by the above KITA Seitaro to determine whether or not subject violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in that ISHIHARA Noboru and KAWAUCHI Michiyuki supported the activities of the Japan Communist Party and were active in the political movement. Hereby the result of No.2. has been attained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec.26, 1947

The reason for his designation was that he had been head of the Takinogawa Town Chapter of the Ex-Service Men's Assoication.

Name : KAWAUCHI Michiyuki

Date of Birth : Jan.2, 1905.

Occupation : sbean paste and soy brewer

Domicile : 256, Kita 5, Kaede-dori, Takinogawa-Town, Sorachi County, Hokkaido

Addres : the same as the above.

Activities :

A. The above-mentioned two persons, Communists were asked by ARAI Eiji, member of the Hokkaido Regional Committee of the Japan Communist Party to find out any building for the use of the office of the

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec.31, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been head of the SORACHI SEKISEI JYUKU (Sorachi Devotion Institute) of the DAINIHON SEKISEI KAI (Japan Devotion Society)

Name : ISHIHARA Noboru

Date of Birth : Feb. 15, 1911.

Occupation : ice manufacturer

Domicile : 198, Kita 4, Aza Sorachi-dori, Takinogawa Town, Sorachi County, Hokkaido

Addres : the same as the above.

Activities :

A. The above-mentioned two persons, Communists were asked by ARAI Eiji, member of the Hokkaido Regional Committee of the Japan Communist Party to findout out any building for the use of the office of the

Takinogawa Area Committee of the Japan Communist Party.

In around April or May of 1948, he called on ABE Kiwa at her house at Meishin-dori 1-chome, Takinogawa Town to negotiate with her about the purchese of her house and a lot of 24 Tsubo and 5Go (Approximately 98 squar yards) at the price of two hundred thousand yen (¥ 200,000,00) which was located at 242, Aza Sorachita, Takinogawa Town. As the result, he succeeded in the purchase of the house and lot. He transferred the house and lot to the above. As mentioned above he suppoted the activities of the party.

b. The above two men were prosecued by the authorities concerned Mar. 31, 1950 on the suspection that tjeu were active in political movement as the members of the Japan Communist Party.

ISHIHARA was sentenced to 6-month imprisonment with one-year pobation by the Sapporo district court.

KAWACHI was decided by the Sapporo district court on Jul. 15, 1950 that he would not be prosecuted. However, this case had taken place before the above case took place. Therefore, it seems to us that further prosecution is unnecessary.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 66

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

February , 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation by GOTO Tatsuo (後藤辰男) of Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

On information contributed by a unknown person addressed to Okayama Prosecution Inquest Committee dated February 16, 1951, an investigation was begun by HISAYAMA Sadashi, secretary of local section of Okayama Prefectural Government on February 16, 1951, to determine whether or not subject violated Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, concerning the false entry in the questionnaires submitted to Prefectural Screening Commission. Hereby the result as in II has been obtained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on

The reason for his designation was that he had been

Name : GOTO **Tatsuo.**

Date of Birth : February 2, 1906.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 467, Caza-Kunigahara, Katsushiro Village,
Akaiwa County, Okayama Prefecture.

Addres : ditto

Activities :

Activeties :

a. Subject was elected agricultural land committee member of his village in 1946, and ran for next election of the same committee in July, 1949. In both cases he returned questionnaires to Okayama Screening Commission on March 24, 1947 and July 20, 1949, respectively, and was confirmed as not falling under the purge directive. The fact is that he served as a squad head of the chapter in his village of Ex-Service Men Association, virtually as an acting chapter chief, which h: concealed in the occupation column of the questionnaire, saying only " farmer ".

b. After GOTO Michitaka, chapter chief at that time, was called up to the colors on August 4, 1937, he beame virtual acting chief as no other person was fit to look after the chapter. Consequently he was not formally a ponted to the chapter chief, and this brought his misinterpretation that his substantial serveice as a chapter chief might not fall under the directive. He has realized his wrong entry upon recieing a warning from the authorities and now is on good behavior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 7 & 16-1-1 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 17

March , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by IMORI Tamotsu (伊森多).

I. On recognition by Secretary of Local Affairs Section, Okayama Prefectural Government KUYAMA Teiji on February 11, 1951, Secretary SATO Teiji of Examination Second Section, SIB, AGO initiated an investigation to determine whether or not subject IMORI Tamotsu violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, on February 16, 1951 and has obtained the following result.

Subject IMORI Tamotsu showed a political activity as Chairman of Tomata County Federation of the Okayama Prefectural Believed Families Welfare League.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 24, 1947

The reason for his designation was that he had been Head of Odamura Branch of the Imperial Ex-Service Men's Association.

Name : IMORI Tamotsu

Date of Birth : January 4, 1901.

Occupation : Agriculture

Domicile : 148, Shimomorihara, Oda Village, Tomada County Okayama Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto

Activities :

a. Subject, during his service as the chairman of Tomata County Federation of the Okayama Prefectural Believed Families Welfare League organized in about September 1948 aiming at the

welfare and rehabilitation of the believed of soldiers at the front, dead soldiers and of persons died in war damage, in September and on November 1, 1949 appealed to Vice-head of the Kamikamo Village, OKA Shigeichi of the same village and chairman of Nagakane Agriculture Readjustment Committee TAMURA Takeo in the same village the reduction of tax and the allotment of food-delivery for the believed old persons, children and women in a within words.

b. Subject misunderstood that it was not a violation to take an active part on the business of welfare, rehabilitation and support for the believed families as a social work, so he had no political intention and on reciept of a warning from the authority concerned has behaved himself better resigning from the post immediately on that day.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (<u>was not</u>) a violation of Item 1, Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D. No. 68

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March , 1951

EROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by SATO Kanenosuke 佐藤兼之助 and HOSOYA Ginzo. 細谷銀藏

I. On information received from the Jinguji Town Police Office, Sempoku County, Akita Prefecture on February 10, Secretary TAKAHASHI Junzo of the Tohoku Office, SIB, AGO initiated an investigation on February 14, 1951, to determine whether or not subjects SATO Kanenosuke and HOSOYA Ginzo violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and has obtained the following results:

The two subjects showed a political activity on the junior high school construction problem.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 21, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Headman of the Imperial Ex-Service Men's Association.

Name : SATO Kanenosuke

Date of Birth : June 18, 1902.

Occupation : Agriculture.

Domicile : 101, Hongoshita, Jinguji Town, Sempoku County, Akita Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 21, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Headman of the Imperial Ex-Service Men's Association.

Name : HOSOYA Ginzo.

Date of Birth : February 15, 1900.

Occupation : Paper-hanger.

Domicile : 54, Jinguji, Jinguji Town, Senpoku County, Akita Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

Activities:

a. Subject SATO Kanenosuke assumed the post of member of the Jinguji Town Junior High School Construction and Promotion Committee and in case of the session of the Committee held on December 13, 1950 at the Jinguji Primary School attended the meeting as a member. At the meeting because some person had pointed out his being purged the meeting became to confuse so he declared to resign from the post of member on the spot and afterwards no fact that he has had connection with the Committee has been found.

Subject HOSOYA Ginzo attended the session as a hearer and questioned to the town authorities of the place where the school to be established but as he seems to have had no positive intention no violation is not found about him.

b. The appointment of SATO Kanenosuke as a member of the proceeding Committee was due to the recommendation of Head of the town FUJII Hisamatsu so he has been strictly warned.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 69

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

February 1951

FROM : Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt.-Col. Major Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947, by NOGAMI Kazuo.野上一男

I. On the acknowledgement by the Shuji (secretary) of the Local Section, Okayama Prefectural Office on Feb. 11, 1951, HASEGAWA Haruo, secretary of Observation Second Section S.I.B., initiated an investigation since Feb. 16, 1951, to determine whether or not subject falling under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. I, 1947, in that he made political activities working in the Maniwa branch of the Tsuyama Asahi Press as a newspaperman after he had been designated a purged person, and obtained the result as stated in II.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 30, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a manager of the Maniwa branch of TOHOKAI (The Eastern Society).

Name : NOGAMI Kazuo.

Date of Birth : Dec. 1, 1902.

Occupation : Newsagent.

Domicile : 168 Katsuyama, Katsuyama town, Maniwa county, Okayama Prefecture.

Addres : 2560 Kuze, Kuze town, Maniwa county.

Activities :

a. The said person was designated a purged person as mentioned above when he was holding the post as the chief of the Maniwa branch, the Tsuyama Asahi press located in Tsuyama city, Okayama prefecture, which was non-public office of mass com-

munication media. Since then he still continued to live there engaging in collecting materials.

b. At that time the said person did not know that he was designated a person falling under the Memorandum. However, as soon as he received a warning issued by the Okayama Prefectural authorities, he retired from his service in November, 1949, and is now in his good behavior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article ^ of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

14, Para 1

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 71

March , 1951

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by YOSHIDA Hiroshi(吉田浩).

I. On the acknowledgement by YASUKAWA Kazue, secretary of the Second Observation Section, SIB, on Jan. 17, 1951, the said man started an investigation since Jan. 19, 1951, to determine whether or not subject falling under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he had been serving as a managing director of the NIPPON KOTSU KYOKAI(Japan Travel Association) acknowledged as mass communication medium, and obtained the result as stated in II.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 29, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the KITASHINA KAIHATSU K.K.(North China Development Company) and an inspector of the KAHOKU KOTSU K.K. (North China Transportation Company).

Name : YOSHIDA Hiroshi

Date of Birth : Jan. 17, 1885.

Occupation : Managing director,

Domicile : 1, 1-chome, Shiba, Shiodome, Minato Ward, Tokyo.

Addres : 574, Kitasenzoku-cho, Ota Ward, Tokyo.

Activities :

The said person has been holding the part as managing director of the Japan Travel Association, non-official post of a mass communication medium, since July, 1947. But he did not know that the principles of his association were recognized as those

of the mass communication medium, due to his lack of the knowledge of law. However, he retired from his service as soon as a warning by the authorities was issued, and is now on his good behavior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 14 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.
(Paragraph 2)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 70

March 5 , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by KOIZUMI Jitsusaburo. (小泉実三郎)

I. On the acknowledgment on Feb. 20, 1951, by TANAKA Tsunebumi, Shuji(Secretary) of Investigation Section, General Affairs Division, Kyoto Prefectural Office, investigation was started on Feb. 21, the same year by the same Secretary to determine whether or not KOIZUMI Jitsusaburo falling under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in that he held office as manager of Sonobe Cinema Theatre coming under the category of mass communication medium.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a commander in the Navy.

Name : KOIZUMI Jitsusaburo.

Date of Birth : February 9, 1909.

Occupation : Manager of Sonobe Cinema Theatre.

Domicile : 5-chome, Kawabata Town, Asahikawa City, Hokkaido.

Addres : 13, Wakamatsu-Town, Sonobe Town, Funai County, Kyoto Prefecture.

Activities :

a. Subject took up office as employee of Sonobe Cinema Theatre of Private enterprise located at the village he lived in on May 10, 1950 and was promoted to position as manager of the Theatre on Sept. 1,

engaging in the supervision of employees and other miscellansous matters.

b. It is due to his no knowing of the Ordinance that he took up office at the Theatre.

At the time when he took up office as employee of the Theatre, some performances were given at the same theatre. After he assumed office as manager of the theatre however, no performance was given at the same theatre with the exception of cinema and his work is composed of supervision of employees and other miscellaneous matters. Under the circumstances, the theatre is being operated by the direction of the theatre operator. Warned by the authorities against his possible violation of the Ordinance, he so far has been on good behaviour, pledging himself not to take part in any other performance than cinema.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.
(Para. 2)

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 73

March , 1951.

FROM; Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attoreney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by MATSUDA Seiemon. (松田清右エ門)

I. On the recognition by SATO Yukio, a secretary of Local Section, General Affairs Division, YAMAGATA Prefectural Office, initiated an investigation since Feb. 18, 1951, to determine whether or not MATSUDA Seiemon falling under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

He attended the council of the village assembly as chairman of his bloc association and displayed political activities by expressing his opinion.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 18, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been head of Yudagawa Village Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Youth Association.

Name : MATSUDA Seiemon.

Date of Birth : May 5, 1896.

Occupation : Agriculture.

Domicile : B-89, Yudagawa, Yudagawa Village, Nishitagawa County, Yamagata Prefecture.

Addres : ditto.

Activities :

a. The said person attended the council of the village assembly four times as chairman of his bloc association which was held at Yudagawa Village Office during the period from Dec. 27, 1949 to

May 24, 1950. ITO Koshiro, chairman of the village assembly, asked the following question concerning the fact that the said villagers previously had demanded the village authorities for the purchasing of fire-engine: "It is hard to buy it only with village expenses. How much expenses is Yudagawa Village going to bear to buy it?" Then he answered, ""e will try to bear about half-amount!", he continued "We also want that you will approve the extension of public bathroom and shop to lent attached to it."

b. As subject was a chairman of his bloc association, he had been demanded the purchasing of pump and the extension work of public bathroom by the villagers. But, OHI Hiroshi, village headman and the aforementioned ITO, a member of village assembly, who had not known the laws, asked him to attend the said Council. So he attended the meeting. And he replied their questions in the council and stated what the villagers desired.

He seems not to have been intending to participate in the village affairs. However he did not know well that he was a person falling under the Memorandum.

When he was warned by the authorities concerned, he resigned from the post of chairman of bloc association and has been on his good behabior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 75

March , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected Violence of the Imperial Order No. 1 of 1947 by TSUJI Yahei. 辻政信

I. Due to the recognition of KUYAMA Teiji, secretary of the Local Section of the Okayama Prefectural Government on February 11, 1951, SATO Teiji, secretary of the Second Inspection Section, SIB, had started the survey on February 16, 1951 on whether or not TSUJI Yahei who is falling under the Memorandum had violated the Imperial Order No. 1 of 1947, owing to the following content, and got a result of k.

TSUJI Yahei was appointed to the chief of the Katsukura Railway Construction League and carried out a political activity.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 23, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been

The chief of the Maba County chapter of the Imperial Rule Assistance Adult Group.

Name : TSUJI Yahei.

Date of Birth : May 4, 1913.

Occupation : Sake-distilling industry.

Domicile : 116, Katsuyama, Katsuyama Town, Maba County, Okayama Prefecture.

Addres : ditto.

Activities :

a. The said person had been appointed to the chief of the Katsukura Railway Construction League which had been organized with the object of promoting construction of a railway between the Chugoku

Katsuyama Station in Okayama Prefecture and Kura - yoshi Town, Tohaku County, Tottori Prefecture, around July, 1948. In about the middle of that month he petitioned for the appeal of promoting the above railway's construction, presenting a petition for appeal of early construction of the Katsukura Railway to OKADA Seiichi, Transportation Minister, and others who were staying at Katsuyama Town, Okayama Prefecture aiming at the observation on transportation, and also, he repeated the same petition to YONEKUBO Mitsusuke, KATAOKA Isaburo, both are the Representatives members and members of the Transportation Committee of the House of Representatives, staying at Sekikane Town, Tottori Prefecture with the object of observation on transportation of the province in the middle of September, 1950.

b. As he is a man of high repute in the district and had been gaining popularity, he had been recommended to be the chief by the townspeople, but he once refused flatly the request because of his being a purgee. On the repeated request of courteous town and village heads, he was compelled to accept

it. Such being the condition, he had been on negative lines in the movement, and so it was on the occasion of the above mentioned petitions, only greeting them on the standing of the association chief without any other statement or activity, positively.

He resigned the position immediately after the warning of the authorities and has been behaving himself better.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (~~was not~~) a violation of Article 15 (Item 1) of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

J. D No. 76

March , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt. Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, by NIHEI Masaru. 二瓶勝

I. On the acknowledgement by TSUCHIYA Yutaka, Shuji (Secretary) of the Local Section, Fukushima Prefectural Office on Feb. 1, 1951, the same secretary, initiated an investigation since Feb. 2, 1951, to determine whether or not subject falling under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he had suspectedly been holding a post as a clerk in the post office of his village, and obtained the result as stated in II.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Feb. 28, '48.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a gendarmeric first-grade private.

Name :

NIHEI Masaru

Date of Birth :

January 2, 1923.

Occupation :

Clerk of a post office

Domicile :

11, Aoki, Hirose Village, Kawanuma County, Fukushima Prefecture.

Addres :

Ditto.

Activities :

a. The said person got a position as a clerk of the Aoki Post-Office in his village on February 26, 1948. Although he was designated a purgee as mentioned above while he was working there, he did not retire from his

service and was transferred to the Kitakata Post-Office in the same village on October 15, 1950. Since then, he was holding the post as clerk of the Savings Section in the above office.

b. The said person was believing that every purgee would be informed by authorities concerned, but he didn't receive any notification and therefore he thought that he was not a purgee.

That is the reason why he was working there. However, the said person retired from his service as soon as he received a warning issued by the authorities, and is now on his good behavior.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 3 (Para. 3) of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 17

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by KARUBE Tadashi (軽部忠).

I. On recognition of Manager MUNEKATA Koichi of local Section, Yamagata Prefecture, on February 20, 1951, an investigation was initiated by the said manager on February 21, 1951, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

Subject made his political activity by criticizing the village administration in connection with the question of the middle school construction.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 17, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of Ex-service Men's Association.

Name : KARUBE Tadashi.

Date of Birth : October 8, 1906.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 198, Nishine, Nishine Village, Nishi Murayama County, Yamagata Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. (1) On July 30, 1950, attending as Deputy Chief of the union conference of the leaders of Farmers' Union held at the workshop of Nishine Village Office, subject remarked in connection

with the payment of penalty for the extension work of the school as he had been against the free agreements made between the Village headman and the contractor regarding the construction of the middle school in his village, "Reasonable money should be paid even if we get into debt. But, as for unreasonable payment, it is not necessary to pay even one sen. The village authorities should let the villagers know the reason by explaining it."

(2) On September 10 the same year he was present in the capacity of the Union Deputy Chief at "the meeting for asking the village headman" held at the foregoing place in the presence of the village headman named SATO Heisaku and the members of the village assembly. Then he demanded to take a proper step saying, "The expenses for the extension work of the middle school are too much expensible in comparison with those of other villages. We should like to have you take the proper measure to make it cheaper."

b. Subject expressed his opinion as he feared that the expenses of school extension work would have effect upon his own financial difficulties, and

he is recognized that he had no intention of interferring in the village administration. Moreover, as soon as he was warned he knew his error at once and has been behaving himself better since then.

Furthermore, soon afterwards he resigned from the position of the Deputy Chief of the aforesaid Farmers' Union.

III. In view of the above, we have concluded there was a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. We should propose to issue a strict warning to subject against such activity.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

March , 1951.

From: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

Subject: Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 1947. by ŌNUMA Ken-ichi. 大沼謙一

I. On the recognition by MUNAKATA Koichi a secretary of the Local Section of the YAMAGATA Prefectural Office, the said secretary initiated an investigation since Feb. 21, 1951, to determine whether or not subject violated the Provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, in that he had made an effort for the recommendation of a candidate in the election of the Village headman, and showed political activity. The result was obtained as stated in II.

II. ONUMA Ken-ichi.

ONUMA Ken-ichi was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 18, 1947. The reason for his designation was that he had been the head of a branch of the ZAIGO GUNJIN KAI (Ex-Soldiers' Society).

Name: ONUMA Ken-ichi.

Date of Birth: July 20, 1905.

Occupation: Farmer.

Domicile: 2052, Nishine, Nishine Village, Nishimurayama County, Yamagata Prefecture.

Address: Ditto.

a. The suspected facts of his are as follows:

As SATO Heisaku, headman of Nishine Village, had not enjoyed the confidence of the people, because of the extension problem of the middle school, they hold a council under the sponsorship of NISHI Society, friendship organization of the Village, in order to recommend a successor to the said headman, on July 24, 1950, at the house of HAGA, ex-village headman. And there ONUMA Ken-ichi attended.

b. As a result of our investigation, it became clear that a council had been held at HAGA's, but the said Person was not there in fact.

He had once told ONUMA Ichizo, revenue officer of the Village, that he would not participate in the election, because he was a Person falling under the Memorandum.

III.

B. In view of the above, we have concluded there was not a violation of the Imperial Ordinance.

IV. We should propose to close this case.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 79

March , 1951

FROM :: Director Mitsusada Yoshikawa of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR : Lt.-Col. Jack P Napier Government Section, G.H.Q.

SUBJECT : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by YAHATA Shigeo. (矢幡重夫)

I. Upon suspicion of legal offence recognized on February 28, 1951 by Secretary KIYOSUKE Kiyoshi belonging to Kyushu Branch of SIB, the same official started investigation on the same day to determine whether YAHATA Shigeo has violated any provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in relation to the suspected matter mentioned below, and attained the details described in paragraph II :

"YAHATA Shigeo made a political activity by delivering his opinion in a meeting related to amalgamation of two villages."

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 25, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been formerly chief of a county branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : YAHATA Shigeo.

Date of Birth : January 15, 1889.

Occupation : Farmer.

Domicile : 2,539, Aida Nakagawa Village, Hida County, Oita Prefecture.

Address : Same as above.

Activities :

a. By presenting himself , as a leading villager, at a table - talk meeting related to amalgamation of Mahara and Nakagawa Villages which was held under the auspices of the Oita Godo Newspaper Office on December 4, 1950 at the Tokei Middle School in his village, YAHATA

discussed the said problem speaking as : "This problem is one that has been under discussion from before and at present most people are in favour of the amalgamation. But the matter should be finally determined after carefully studying as to the time, and I myself can not advise neither to carry it out nor to suspend it ."

b. Prior to the holding of the said meeting the Godo Newspaper Office asked the Nakagawa Village Office for sending suitable villagers to that meeting, in response to which the village headman EDA Yoshio, who was not familiar with concerned law and was persuaded by others who held, against a doubt raised as to the legality of a purged person's attending at the meeting, that presence at such a meeting was not considered to form a political activity, forwarded a letter to YAHATA asking him to attend the said meeting. YAHATA, who was also unaware about the illegal nature of his attendance though he was fully conscious of his being a purged person, came to comply with the request and was present at the meeting. Moreover, his opinion stated before was delivered at a request made by the sponsor of the meeting separately to each individual

attendant. Under the circumstance, it is deemed that the blame should rather be laid on the village headman who induced YAHATA to attend the meeting. As for YAHATA himself, he was fully convinced of his fault and has since been living in earnest behaviors. This office therefore intends to give a strict warning to EDA Yoshio, headman of Nakagawa Village.

III. SIB has concluded there was violation of Article 15 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947.

IV. SIB proposes that a strict warning be given to persons concerned with the case.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,
Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 80

March , 1951.

From: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

Subject: Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by TAKANO Yukitaka.

I. In comformity with the recognition of Secretary YAMAZAWA Katsuyoshi, Hokkaido Branch Bureau, SIB, an investigation was initiated by the said secretary on Feb. 20, 1951 to determine whether or not TAKANO Yukitaka, a purged person falling under the Memorundam, violated the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 in making political activities by submitting a petition to the authorities concerned concerning the change of the joint measures between the Suttsu Railway Line and the National Railway Line at Kuromatsuuchi Station in the capacity of the president of the company. The results mentioned in II were obtained.

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Nov. 25, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of a branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name : TAKANO Yukitaka.

Date of Birth : May 24, 1892.

Occupation : President of Suttsu Railway Co. Ltd.

Domicile : 80, Toshima-machi, Suttsu Town, Suttsu County, Hokkaido.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

(a) On Nov. 12, 1950, Subject in capacity of the president of the Suttsu Railway Co. Ltd., accompanied with OGAWAHARA Masanobu, a Diet member, and TANEYA Tokutaro, the chief of Suttsu Town, visited Sapporo Railway Bureau and submitted SATO Takeshi, the chief of the said Bureau, a petition

concerning the change of the joint measures between Suttsu Railway Line and the National Railway Line at Kuromatsunchi Station and the building into the said station compound by the Suttsu Railway Line.

(b) Subject made this with an object to find a way out of the financeal difficulties caused by the dull business from which the Suttsu Railway Company had been suffering and what is worse, he had no knowledge that such deed should be conflict with the decree.

However, since he was noticed that such deed should conflict with the decree, he is trying to behave himself.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was (was not) a violation of Article 15 of the Imperial ordinance No. I, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to :

—— Make a further investigation.

—— Refer the case to the Public Procurator-General for possible procurator general

—— Issue a warning to subject against such activity rather than recommend an indictment.

—— Close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

Investigator :

O. D No. 81

March 10 , 1951.

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G. H. Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by WADA Shozaburo. (和田正三郎)

I. On recognition of OKA Shinshichi Secretary of Second Section, OD. SIB, on February 27, 1951, an investigation was initiated by the said Secretary on March 1, 1951, to determine whether or not subject violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

Subject has been suspected of having been in office as Deputy Chief of Manufacturing Department of the King Onkyo Kabushiki Kaisha (King Sound Company, Co. Ltd.)

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Dec. 28, '47.

The reason for his designation was that he had been a Commissioned Officer of the Regular Navy (a Technical Officer).

Name : WADA Shozaburo.

Date of Birth : January 28, 1907.

Occupation : Deputy Chief of the King Sound Co. Ltd.

Domicile : 84-1, 3-chome, Aratamachi, Minato Higashi Ward, Kobe City.

Addres : 440, 6-chome Oku, Arakawa Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities :

a. On May 5, 1946, subject took up the post of Deputy Chief of Manufacturing Department of the King Sound Co, Ltd., in which records has been manufactured. And on February 28, he was

designated a person falling under the Memorandum, and yet he has continuously been is office.

b. As he did not recognize at all that the record manufacturing company came under the Media of Mass communication he remained in the postion of the Deputy Director of Manufacturing Department. When he was warned by us he knew for the first time that his action was against the Ordinance and resigned from his office at once, Since then he has been behaving himself better.

III. In view of the above we have concluded there was a violation of Article 14, No. 1 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. We should propose to issue a strict warning to subject against such activity.

Director of special Investigation Bureau,

Attorny-General's Office.

O. D No. 8-2

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March , 1951

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject : Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 by TAKANO Yasuharu, (高野安治).

I. Basing on the contribution forwarded from G.S. on January 22, 1951, an investigation was initiated by Secretary TAKAYANAGI Tamotsu of Second Section, Observation Division, S.I.B. on January 25, 1951 to determine whether TAKANO Yasuharu who falls under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 or not in the following details and the result of II was gotten.

"The suspicion that subject, having organized a farmers' association together with communists, acted a political movement at the time of the election of village master."

II. This inquiry revealed :

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Sep. 13, 1947.
The reason for his designation was that he had been the chief of the
Amemiyagata Village Branch, Ex-service Men's Association.

Name : TAKANO Yasuharu

Date of Birth : August 9, 1903.

Occupation : Agriculture.

Domicile : 563, Ikigaya, Amemiyagata Village, Niwashina County, Nagano Prefecture.

Addres : Ditto.

Activities :

a. The purport of the suspected fact of this person written in the details of the contribution is as follows:

(1) This person, as he have organized the AMEMIYAGATA-MURA KOSAKU NOMIN-KUMIAI (Amemiyagata Village Cultivation Farmers' Association) together with communists, is recorded as a communist at the police station. He is moving together with the chief KONDO Yukio, the vice-chief YAMAMOTO Masaaki and a member MINEMURA Yasuo of the Association.

(2) At the time of the election of members of the Agricultural Land Committee, he, having supported above mentioned three persons including KONDO, elected them the members of the Committee.

(3) At the time of the election of village master on December 5, having manoeuvering together with above mention three persons, let ANDO Yutaka have been elected the village master without vote.

b. In result of our investigation concerning above mentioned matters, the revealed facts are as follows:

Concerning (1):

Although we could not find any organization called the AMEMIYAGATA-MURA KOSAKU NOMIN KUMIAI (Amemiyagata Village Cultivation Farmers' Association), there exists the AMEMIYAGATA KOSAKU KUMIAI (Amemiyagata Cultivation Association) in this village. This Association started making the tenant farmers in the village the constituent members of it in 1943. TAKANO Yasuharu took part in the establishment of the Association and there is a fact that he took office as the first vice-chief. But this fs a fact

before he was designated a person falls under the Memorandum and he is not any officer of the Association at present. Although the present vice-chief YAMAMOTO Masaaki and the member MINEMURA Yasuo of the Association seem to be recorded as Communists at the police station but concerning the chief KONDO Yukio of the Association, there is no such fact and the fact that TAKANO Yasuharu is moving together with above mentioned three persons including YAMAMOTO is not conceived.

Concerning (2)

At the time of the election of the members of the Agricultural land Committee, although TAKANO Yasuharu was elected a member of the Committee, the fact that he moved supporting KONDO is not perceived and also there is no such fact that YAMAMOTO Masaaki and MINEMURA Yasuo have been elected members of the Committee.

Concerning (3)

At the election of the village master on December 5, the present Village master ANDO Yutaka, as he could not refuse the frequent recommendation of the persons and the organizations interested in him and the Village Assembly, stood as the candidate on November 24 which was the closing day of the notification. As there had been no rival, he was elected without vote and the fact that TAKANO Yasaharu, by maoeuvering, let ANDO Yutaka be elected the Village master is not perceived.

III. In view of the above, SIB has concluded there was not a violation of the Imperial ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. SIB proposes to close the case without further action.

Director of Special Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 83

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March 10, 1951.

From : Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

For : Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section, G.H.Q.

Subject: Suspected violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1 of 1947 by SASAMOTO Motosaburo (笹本元三郎) and EBISU Yonoshin (戎與之進).

I. On recognition of Manager OURA Haruo of Local Section, Ehime Prefecture, on January 18, 1951, an investigation was initiated by the said Manager on January 21, 1951, to determine whether or not subjects violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947, and the result as in II has been obtained.

SASAMOTO Motosaburo and EBISU Yonoshin have taken participated in the village administration in connection with the construction question of the middle school in their village of Kushioi.

II. This inquiry revealed:

1. SASAMOTO Motosaburo was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on December 12, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of the Kushioi Village Branch of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name: SASAMOTO Motosaburo.

Date of Birth: July 24, 1884.

Occupation: Farmer and Tobacconist.

Domicile: C, 2,115, Kushioi Village, Kita County, Ehime Prefecture.

Address: Ditto.

2. EBISU Yonoshin was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on December 12, 1947.

The reason for his designation was that he had been Chief of the Kushioi Branch of the Youth's Corps of the Imperial Rule Assistance Association.

Name: EBISU Yonoshin.

Date of Birth: October 20, 1901.

Occupation: Transportation by sea.

Domicile: C, 2,179, Kushioi Village, Kita County, Ehime Prefecture.

Address: Ditto.

Activities:

(a) In March, 1948, it was unofficially decided that the Nagahama Machi Middle School in the New System should be constructed under the management of the Okiura District of their village Kushioi Mura and the adjoining town Nagahama Machi.

1. Attending the conference in connection with the site of the middle school in question held at the Okiura Fishery Cooperation Union of his village on March 15 the same year, SASAMOTO Motosaburo was opposed to the plan decided at the

Village Assembly for the sale of the 2,416 tsubo of property belonging to the former Fishery Union located at Okiura District at the price of 700 yen per tsubo to Nagahama Town as the site of the school, and he said "It is too cheap."

2. As the Representative of PTA of the Kushioi Village Primary School and Standing Member of the aforesaid Committee, EBISU Yonoshin attended the District People's Conference held several times during the period from May 1 to July, 1950, and expressed his views in connection with the aforesaid site question.

(b) When recommended to the position of the Officers of the foregoing Committee, those two men once positively declined to accept it. But as they were asked by the District people to take it over and over again, they could not refuse it and had to accept it. Moreover, it was because that it happened to be planned that the 970 tsubo of the land located at Okiura District which was part of the property of Okiura Fishery Union at

the time of its dissolution, in which they were interested, that those two men argued the construction question of the aforesaid school. They had, however, no political intention by so doing, and as soon as they were warned by us they resigned from their posts respectively. Since then they have been behaving themselves better.

III. In view of the above, we have concluded there was respectively a violation of Article 15, Paragraph 1 of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947.

IV. We should propose to issue a strict warning to them against such activities.

Director of Specail Investigation Bureau,

Attorney-General's Office.

O. D No. 85

SPECIAL INVESTIGATION BUREAU

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE

March 15, 1951

FROM: Director Mitsusada YOSHIKAWA of Special Investigation Bureau, Attorney-General's Office.

FOR: Lt.-Col. Jack P. Napier, Government Section G.H.Q.

SUBJECT: Suspected Violation of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 of IMAI Tokiro (今井時郎).

I. Basing on the recognition of Secretary KUROO Teruaki of Observation Division, SIB, on March 1, 1951, an investigation was initiated by above mentioned secretary on March 2, 1951 to determine whether or not IMAI Tokiro who falls under the Memorandum violated the provisions of the Imperial Ordinance No. 1, 1947 in the below mentioned details and the result of II was gotten.

"Subjedt, moving as the chairman of the supporters' association on the problem of extending of a school-houses, touched to the school administration."

II. This inquiry revealed:

Subject was designated a person falling under the Memorandum on Feb. 28, 1948.
The reason for his designation was that he had been a director of the NIHON SHUPPAN KAI(Japan Publication Society) and the chief of Magazine Section of that Society and the chief of the ITABASHI YOKUSAN SONEN DAN (Itabashi Imperial Rule Assistance Adult Corps).

Name: IMAI Tokiro

Date of Birth: February 10, 1889.

Occupation: None.

Domicile: 55, Tate-machi, Ishimaki, Ishinomaki City, Miyagi Prefecture.

Address: 19, 1-chome, Toyotamaminami, Nerima Ward, Tokyo Metropolis.

Activities:

a. When the TOYOTAMA-KYOIKU-KUMIAI(Toyotama Education Association) was organized as a supporters' association for extending of the Toyotama Middle School and the Second Primary School of the town where he lives in February, 1948, subject was elected the chairman of the