THE BEE.

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SHARE PUBLISHER.

THE UNION—IT MUST BE PRESERVED.

TUESDAY MORNING, JAN. 27, 1835.

GENERAL MEETING.

A meeting of the citizens of New-Orleans, disposed to commemorate the extinguishment of the national debt, will be held on Thursday evening next, at 7 o'clock, at Davis's ball-room, to adopt measures preparatory to a public celebration.

The northern mail of yesterday had not arrived when the post-office closed last evening.

Some trifling damage was done by the thunder storm with which our city was visited last Sunday. The ship SOUTHERNER was struck by lightning, and one of her mast shivered.

Through the politeness of Capt Bradley of the brig Panthea, from Kingston (Jamaica,) we have received late Kingston papers. The Island was tranquil, and an effort was making to induce emigration in order to supply the place of slave-labor. Great inducements were held out. The ship OLBERS, had arrived from some part of Germany with a number of emigrants.

Not a single representative of a crowned head, it has been remarked, was present to hear Mr. Adam's eulogy upon Lafayette, although all were invited.

JUDGE DUVALL.—The Maryland Republican declares that Judge Duvall has not resigned, and does not intend to do so, and states also that his health and hearing are both improved. "Few die, and none resign.

DISCUSSION UPON THE BILL TO INCREASE THE REVENUES OF THE STATE.

The ordinary business having been gone through with, the bill to amend the Revenue Laws of the State was taken into consideration:

The object of this bill was incidentally to extend the right of suffrage, and proposed in substance that a tax of $5 should be imposed upon professional gentlemen, and a tax should be laid of 25 cents, upon the first cow or horse owned by any individual, and 1 cent for every additional cow and horse that might be the property of the same proprietor.

Upon motion of Mr. Lewis, Resolved, that the House form itself into a Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Delachaise being called to the Chair, Mr. Augustin said that it was necessary to reject either the one or the other section of said bill; he was surprised that the lawyers, the doctors, and the *bipeds* should be all put together. He, therefore, moved that the last section be rejected,

Mr. Labatut moved that the first section be amended, by inserting $10 in place of $5.

Mr. Lewis said that he believed it to be his duty to express his opinions upon this question, as it had for object to extend the right of suffrage, and to render that privilege universal. Was not the man, (asked Mr. L.) who understood our laws, our rights and our government, as worthy of being represented as him to whom accident had given a fortune to? He had often repeated, and would again repeat it, that, according to the present system, it was the *Minority* and *not* the *Majority* who were represented in this House. This principle, he thought, was a radical defect in our constitution. Moreover, there existed in that instrument a most palpable contradiction; it was that every citizen, at the age required by the constitution might represent a portion of the people in this House, and that the same citizen, if he did not possess property, could not vote in the election of the most subordinate officer in the State. This clause was foolish, and exposed us to the ridicule of the other States, for it was tacitly admitting that all men were not born with equal privileges, and that a favored few at their birth were honored with a superiority over their fellows, in one word, that the principle emitted in the Declaration of Independance, "that all men were born free and equal," was a falsity. He did not think with the honorable gentleman from New Orleans, that it was intended to confound the lawyers with the bipeds. This bill had alone for object the extension of the right of suffrage. And he would ask of the honorable members, whether the citizen who had protected us when danger was at hand, who had fought for us, was not the same—although he was poor? When the enemy had invaded our shores, was it the rich who had taken arms. No; it was the poor whom we deprived of the rights of citizens! He called to mind the time, when he saw youths of 16 quitting the paternal mansion with tears in their eyes. They had subsequently become men, and after having shed their blood for their country, they were denied the satisfaction of having a voice in the election of their rulers; notwithstanding they understood their political rights the forms of our government, and our laws. Fortune had not been benificent to them, it was true; they were obliged to work upon the public roads, because they had no negroes; and yet, although they bore the weight of our social system, they were denied any of the advantages conferred by our institutions. He felt convinced that the further we extended the privilege of suffrage, the further we should merit the title of patriots and republicans.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The PROJET of a great rail-road from Wilmington to the Susquehanna, has been agitated by a spirited meeting of the citizens of Wilmington, Delaware. The N. Y. Star speaks of the design as follows:

"Such a work as this is no more than we should expect from the patriotic citizens of that State, whose territory is already traversed by one of the finest sloop canals and rail-road tracks in America, uniting the waters of the Delaware and Chesapeake. Wilmington, since the erection of the breakwater at Lewistown, has become a port of no mean importance. Situated, as she is, so near the ocean, and so much longer time accessible during winter than Philadelphia, why should she not naturally become a great depot for western commerce, and pushing her rail-road towards the Potomac rival even Baltimore? By her sloop canal and rail-road from the Chesapeake to the Delaware river she has all the advantages of Baltimore, and at the same time a ready egress to the sea, which Baltimore has not. She is on the great route of communication to New-York, and with that city and Norfolk makes one of the three great seaports of the Northern and Middle States, as Charleston is for the South and Boston for the easternmost limits of the Union. When the great rail-road route which is to connect the valley of the Mississippi with the chain of the Atlantic cities shall be completed, of which the track from Baltimore to the Potomac at Harper's Ferry may be considered the first link, the vast resources of the west will be emptied into Charleston, Norfolk, Baltimore, Wilmington, Philadelphia and New-York, of which, Charleston, Norfolk, Wilmington and New-York, from their being situated, it may be said, immediately on the ocean, will have the preference as the four greatest commercial depots; for from these last the produce brought from the interior may be directly transhipped to Europe. These cities, therefore, will be, in time, and that not far distant, as we think, the natural outlets for the exhaustless resources of our interior country. During the winter season Norfolk, should sufficient enterprise exist there, will or rather ought to be, by its geographical position, the point upon which this immense trade should concentrate. But in the milder part of the year, when the navigation of our rivers is perfectly free, the more northern cities of Baltimore, Wilmington, Philadelphia, and New-York will participate in this trade, and particularly the city of New-York, which from her own extensive and direct line of communications with the lakes, and the admirable location she possesses must, as a matter of course, take the precedence of all other places as the great maritime and commercial emporium and metropolis of the Union."

Such are the calculations of our rivals! Does it not become the people of New-Orleans and of the whole state to be alive to the necessity of frustrating the attempts made to deprive us of our trade with the great West?

A short time ago a fire broke out in one of the bed chambers of a house at Breslaw, but was discovered and extinguished before any great damage was done. As no person had been in the room for several hours the cause of the fire was a complete mystery, but it was observed that a table was still burning, and upon minute examination it was found to have been caused by the rays of the sun being concentrated by passing through a decanter of water that stood upon the table. This phenomenon is the greater, since it occurred at a season when the heat of the sun is very feeble.

LATE FROM FRANCE DIRECT.

By the ship Mozart, we have received Havre papers to the 16th, and Paris to the 14th, being four days later than previous advices. The contents of these papers afford little of interest.

PARIS, Dec. 14.

Extracts from the London papers of Wednesday.

"After a long audience with his Majesty at St. James' Palace yesterday, Sir R. Peel visited the Duke of Wellington, at the Home Department, and received the visits of several of his political friends. At seven o'clock a king's messenger was dispatched from the same office to Lord Stanley, at the Duke of Sutherland's at Trentham, and another messenger left town for Netherby, with letters to Sir James Graham. Sir R. Peel instantly obeyed his Majesty's command to form an administration, and has accepted the office of First Lord of the Treasury and Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Duke of Wellington will lend his powerful aid, by accepting the office of Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. Lord Lyndhurst, who now hold's the Great Seal, provisionally, will be the Lord High Chancellor.—Post.

"This day at two o'clock his Majesty held a Privy Council, at which Sir Robert Peel, we understand, received office as first Lord of the Treasury and Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Council was attended by the Duke of Wellington, who is said to have consented to serve under the new Premier, as Secretary for the Foreign Department, and by Lord Lyndhurst, all of whom kissed hands on their appointments. The Council was also attended by the Earls of Jersey and Rosslyn, Lords Maryborough, Cowley, and Ellenborough, Sir C. Manners Sutton, the Right Hon. Messrs Goulburn and Herries.—The Marquis of Camden, Earl Amherst, and Sir Philip Sidney, had audiences of the King. We have not heard whether the appointments will appear in an Extraordinary Gazette of this evening, but suppose it likely. Nothing has as yet been decided with respect to a dissolution.—Globe.

"Sir J. Scarlett succeeds to the Chief Baronetcy of the Exchequer. No other appointments have yet been made or will be made until after the arrival of Lord Stanley's answer, which is expected to-night. It is believed that Lord Stanley, though giving his cordial support to the administration, will, for the present at least, decline office; but the accession of Sir J. Graham, acting under Lord Stanley's advice, is confidently hoped for. It would be improper to notice the various surmises afloat as to the construction of the cabinet, further than to say that none of them can be authentic, or even supported by any just grounds of probability. The Duke of Wellington entertains a political party this evening at Apsley-House.—Standard.

"We have reason to believe that neither Lord Stanley nor the Duke of Richmond will agree to accept office under Sir R. Peel. We have not heard, from any source on which we can rely, what line of conduct Sir J. Graham is likely to adopt.—Courier.

"At the Council to-day, at St. James's Parliament will be further prorogued to the 15th January. This short prorogation is, we understand, merely preparatory to the dissolution, which, it is expected, will be announced early next week.—Courier.

"The French Charge d'Affaires, the Envoy from Greece, and the Dutch and Spanish and Portuguese Ministers, transacted business to-day at the Foreign office.—Cour.

"We learn that the Brazilian Minister in this country, has received orders from his government to repair to Lisbon, for the purpose of congratulating the young Queen on her accession, and is now preparing for his voyage.—Globe.

"The dizzy eminence transitorily occupied by Sir R. Peel, during the days while his decision was yet doubtful is now held for the instant by Lord Stanley and Sir J. Graham. We will trust that the vertigo of office is less likely to turn their heads, and that, having abandoned it rather than sacrifice principle to their friends, they will not resume it at the price of larger concessions to their opponents.—Globe.

COMPILATIONS

From Foreign papers received at the Office of the Bee.

A case of crim con which has created a great deal of interest has recently been decided by the court of King's Bench. It was an action brought by the plaintiff, Mr. Breslin, an Assistant-Surgeon, of the 9th Lancers, against a Captain Carnegie, of the same regiment, for the seduction of his wife. He came before a Jury of his countrymen to complain of the greatest injury that one man could inflict upon another. The Learned Counsel said he should merely state the circumstances, as they would be proved by the witnesses, and he would leave it to the Jury to estimate the amount of the injury he had received. (Mr. Pollock here detailed the circumstances of the case as they were afterwards proved in evidence.) The defendant was a young man, who had lived while in the army in a very expensive style. He had since sold out, and had received some three, or four, or five thousand pounds for his commission, and was the son of a Scottish Baronet, of considerable property. From his station, rank, connection, and intimacy as a brother officer, the plaintiff naturally thought that the defendant would be the last person to rob him of the only source of his happiness. He left his case in the hands of the Jury, and he would leave it to their own sense of honor and gentlemanly feeling to estimate the amount of injury which the plaintiff had sustained at the defendant's hands.

The Jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff—damages, 2,000£.

According to a recent census the population of the kingdom of Naples, without including Sicily, amounts to 5,883,273 souls. Of these 26,808 are priests, 11,783 monks, and 8,521 nuns.

An old sailor, living retired at Havre, was lately on the point of marrying a buxom young woman, who was his cook, when he received a letter informing him that she was his own daughter. The fact was, the mother had, at her birth, sent her to the Foundling Hospital, but had never lost sight of her, and came forward in time with sufficient proofs of her paternity to prevent the incestuous union.—The old man who had been actuated more by gratitude for her faithful services than any other feeling, at once acknowledged the girl as his child, and promised to provide for her.

The Municipality of Agram, in Crotia, has lately granted an allowance to a family, the mother of which was delivered, in September, 1833, of a fine boy and three girls, all of whom are still living. Having had twins in each of the two preceding years, she has become the mother of eight children in three years.

Several new pieces have been produced at the London Theatres, among which we notice the following:

At the Covent Garden, *The King's Seal*, from the pen of Mrs. Gore, a new tragedy, and an interlude called *Reflection*.

At the Strand Theatre, Mrs. Waylett has produced an operatic burletta, *The Young Courtier*, from the character which she personates. Its pretensions are of the hamblest kind, but some of the incidents and situations are farcical and by the aid of the drollery of Mitchell and Williams and the pretty singing of Mrs. Waylett and the Misses Horton, it was successful. The music, by A. Lee, is of a light and agreeable kind, but with no claims to originality. The house was well filled, and the audience in good humor.

ADELPHI.—The last novelty here is called *The Unfinished Gentleman*! It is a broad farce; the principal incident being the frightening of a shattered old beau of a nobleman out of a marriage with a young girl. This is effected by his nephew, who employs his tiger and a street nondescript to personate the uncle and aunt of the young lady, and impose on the "Adonis of sixty," with a trumped-up story that makes him glad to relinquish her hand in favor of his nephew's friend, who is in love with her, bestowing on her a dower of 5,000£ as a compensation for his 'breach of promise.' Yates's stable-yard style of addressing the peer, with a 'My Lord' at every other word, is capital; but he lessens the effect of his personation of the old aunt, by too broad and unrestrained buffoonery. W. Bennett gave an admirable portrait of the superannuated dandy. John Reeve, as the Jack-of-all-trades, on the look-out for a job of work or fun, is quite in his element: he dresses and acts the part to the life. In his disguise as the old uncle, he looks the substantial yeoman completely, and bullies the old peer with great gusto. The theatre, crammed to the doors, resounded with shouts of laughter.

Ada Byron, the only living offspring of the illustrious poet, though scarcely fourteen, inherits, it is said, the genius of her father, and has written a wild dramatic romance which lately appeared at the Victoria Theatre. She is also about publishing a grave act tragedy, called the "Deceived One, or the Fate of Geraldine," in which the *vulture woman* alluded to by Lord B. is sewed up.

John Walter, of the London Times, is to be made a baronet, it is said, for annihilating Brougham. So much for editors!—calumniated as they are even by Fanny Kemble;

A few months ago, the daily prints announced the death of J. A. Roper, Esq. This gentleman had risen from the most abject poverty to the princely fortune of upwards of half a million of money, besides large property in India, owing to the death of his uncle, J. Aldies, Esq., a West India merchant. Before Mr. Roper came into possession of his great wealth, he became mort ardently attached to a Miss Sophia Proctor, the daughter of a fruit saleswoman, living in the Borough Market, a young lady of some personal attractions—and to her he left upwards of three hundred thousand pounds—and the rest of his property he divided between a brother and aunt, excepting upwards of fifty legacies, from one to two hundred each person to indigent old acquaintances, who had given him food and shelter during the storms of adversity. But, unfortunately, this noble gratitude of this excellent young man, who was cut off in the prime of his days, has been frustrated, owing to a particular clause in his uncle's will; and it is now certain the great point, as to his right in making his own will, will be decided by the Court of Chancery—as a great legal character has given his opinion to the family, that poor Roper had no authority to do what he did. He died at Cheltenham, in June last, at the early age of 27, having been in possession of his property only a few months.

At Pompeii there has been lately opened the street leading from the Temple of Fortune to the gate of Isis, passing nearly through the middle of the town. On reaching a central point, from which streets diverge to the theatres, and to the walls of the city, there was found an altar, placed before the protecting genius of the town, in the form of a serpent. The faces of the altar are ornamented with paintings, representing the priests offering libations, and other sacrifices. On exploring two shops in the street of Fortuna, there were discovered a pair of bronze scales, and a weight in the shape of a pear, a bronze dish with handles, a hatchet, and some small cylindrical objects made of bone, and perforated, supposed to have been used either in some female works, or for making calculations. A house has been discovered behind the grand Mosaic, comprising a vestibule, several sleeping rooms ornamented with simplicity, and a tablinum, or hall, adorned with most exquisite paintings on stucco. In this house were found a bronze shell of elegant workmanship, an earthen lamp black with smoke, an ivory buckle used by women, two vessels containing colors, and a wooden chest lined with iron, and surrounded by figures formed with brass nails.

Madame Malibran is performing with enthusiastic applause at Naples. On her first performance in Bellini's *Somnambula*, she made the character an awkward silly rustic, which gave so little satisfaction, that even her great talent did not wholly restrain the public from some marks of discontent; on her next appearance in the character however, she completely restored herself to the favor of the audience, by another version of the part, which was rapturously received.

A ridiculous rumor, arising out of the known activity of Lord Brougham's mind, has obtained some currency, that, for want of other occupation, he will return to the Bar.

COMMERCIAL.

HAVRE MARKKT, Dec. 15, 1834.

The Cotton market was improving—day before yesterday, 3,000 bales, 800 of which were Brazilian cotton, part of which formed the whole cargo of the Victoria from Savannah of 1610 bales, taken by the lump by a single purchaser, at 1f. 32c.

The above is an important transaction, as the prices had been for some time falling—it shows the market to be improving. The last news from Rouen market being good, it is to be hoped that the market will continue mending. A few lots of Georgian were sold at 1f. 43c. a 145c. prices that had not previously been obtained for such quality.

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF NEW-ORLEANS.

CLEARED.

Ship Southerner, Glover, Liverpool, L H Gale
Ship New-Jersey, Wibray, New-York, Foster & Hutton
Ship Yazoo, Price, New-York, Foster & Hutton
Ship Princess Louise, Henelt, Hamburg, Hermann & co
Ship Home, Hill, Liverpool, Holmes & Mills
Ship Braganza, Stinson, Havre, L H Gale
Brig Sol de Puntales, Jubany, Havana, F Tio
Brig Julia and Helen, Thorndyke, Baltimore, L Millaudon Master
Schr Betsy, Hawthorn, Pensacola,

ARRIVED

Steamer Shark, Morrison, having towed to sea ship B Morgan, and bark Palestine—brought up brig Eloza la Carza, mistico San Pedro and schr St Mary. Reports off the bar ship Emerald, from Savannah, and a schr ashore to the westward.

Steamer Porpoise, Martin, from S W Pass—towed to sea ship Hewes, brig Louisa, Ketch Marciat, and schr Thomas—brought up ship Elizabeth, brig Herschel, Ketch El Angel; schrs Elizabeth and Perfecto—Left the Bar at 9 P M, Saturday—Reports nothing in sight in the offing—2 brigs and 2 schrs at Fort Jackson.

Ship Elizabeth, Thayer, from Portland, to Harrod & Quarles; cargo, to consignees and the master.

Brig Herschel, Durant, 70 days from Marseilles, to S Thompson; cargo, 850 hhds red wine, 901 bxs wine, almons, pickles, fruit, etc.

Schr Elizabeth, Jaques, from Grand Gulf; sugar and molasses.

Ketch El Angel, Polono, from Tampico, in ballast.

Schr Perfecto, Paris, from Tampico, in ballast.

Schr Equador, from the coast, with full cargo of sugar.

Ship Mozart, Welch, 36 days from Havre, to L Millaudon—tiles and potatoes.

Brig Eloza la Carza, Bonmat, from Havanna—cargo, 885 bags coffee, fruit, etc.

Brig Rolla, fm Demerara, in ballast.

Brig Pilgrim, Stevens, Baltimore; cargo.

Mistico San Pedro, Manan, from Havana—334 bags coffee, fruit, &c.

Schr Crawford, Delarie, fm Tampico, to S Thompson,—cargo, 27 hides; $31,000 specie to order, $6,000 A Delpeuch; 2 passengers.

Schr St Mary, Williams, from Attakapas—20 hhds sugar 96 bbls molasses.

Schr Mount Vernon, Marston, from Boston—with assorted cargo.

Steamer Lancaster, Reed, from Baton Rouge—cargo, 1 lot bulk pork; 13 bales cotton; 20 hhds, 9 bbls sugar; 131 bbls molasses Shields & Turner; A Fisk, Watt & co; Miramond, O'Duhigg & co; and order.

Steamer Huntsville, Selleck, from Bayou Sarah; cargo, 635 bales cotton; 36 hhds sugar to A Fisk, Watt & co; Williams & Lee; M White & co; Reynolds, Byrne & co; J B Plauche & co; Bullitt, Shipp & co; Lambeth & Thompson; Blanc R Brugier, B Landuniey; W Flower; J S Walton; Harris & Wright; A Ledoux; Hall, Walker & Walton, and owners on board.

MEMORANDA.

Up at Havre, 16th Dec. for this port—
Ship Manchester, to sail 15th.
Albree, do 20th.
Natchez, do 20th or 25th.
Bolivar, do 1st January.

CONSULTATIONS GRATIS
ON ALL DISEASES,

EVERY morning from 7 to 10 o'clock at Dr. LEGER's, No 2, Conti street, corner of Levee street. j27—1f

LOUISIANA LEGION,
NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 24, 1835.

THE Legion will appear on the Public Square, on Sunday the 22d of February next, at 10 o'clock, a m. precisely, fully equipped, to be reviewed and to celebrate the anniversary of the birth of Washington.

The officers commanding the several companies of the Legion, will inspect the muskets and cartridge boxes of the members of their respective companies. A distribution of musket and gun cartridges will be made in the field.

The said commanding officers will send from their respective companies, one hour before they appear for the review, a piquet of men to close the gates of the square and keep watch over them.

The commanding officers are entrusted with the execution of these orders.

By order of Brigadier General J. B. Plauche, commanding the Legion.

jan 26 D. AUGUSTIN, Aid de Camp.

COURT OF PROPATES—Parish of Orleans—Whereas, Julien Adolphe Lacroix has petitioned the Court for letters of Curatorship, on the vacant estate of the late Gabriel Jerome, deceased intestate, notice is hereby given, to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the Court,

W F C DUPLESSIS, Register of wills.
jan 27

PARISH OF ORLEANS—Court of Probates. Whereas, Samuel J. Laydon, has petitioned the court for letters of curatorship of the absent heirs of the late Sarah Langdon, dec'd intestate, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, to show cause within ten days, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. By order of the Court.

jan 27 W F C DUPLESSIS, reg. of wills.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Parish Court for the parish and city of New Orleans—Present the hon. Charles Maurian, judge—No 7375, A Galvez vs. his creditors.—Upon reading and filing a tableau of distribution in this matter, it is ordered by the court that all persons interested shew cause, on or before Monday the 29th inst, why the said tableau should not be homologated, the funds distributed in accordance herewith, and the syndic discharged from any further liability in the premises.

By order of the court,
F. BUISSON, dep. clerk

Clerk's Office, December 17, 1834—j27, 3t

NOTICE.

THE undersigned having sold to Mr. Mancrom his Pharmacy stock, situated at the corner of Bourbon and Custom House streets, he avails himself of this opportunity, to recommend said gentleman to his customers. GAMOTIS.

jan 24—3t

NOTICE.—Persons having claims against the estate of Mme. J. Bayle, are requested to present their accounts, within ten days from this date, to the undersigned, executor of her Will.

jan 26 A. MILTENBERGER.

COFFEE.—300 bags Rio and Havana, for sale by
jan 27 W G HEWES & Co, 47 camp st

(By Authority.)

AN ACT

To extend the Parishes of East Feliciana and West Feliciana, Livingston, St. Helena and Avoylles, from the operation of the Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts relative to public education, approved April the first, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and for other purposes."

Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the Parishes of East Feliciana and West Feliciana, Livingston, St. Helena, and Avoylles, be and they are hereby exempted, from the operation of the act entitled "An act supplementary to the several acts relative to public education, approved April the first, eighteen hundred and thirty three, and that the acts which were in force relative to public education, and the distribution of the school fund among the different Parishes previous to the passage of said act, approved the first of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, be and they are hereby revived, so far as the Parishes of East Feliciana, Livingston, St. Helena, and Avoylles are concerned.

Sec. 2. Be it further enacted, &c., That each and every parish shall have the right to send a child to one of the colleges stipended by the State, for the purpose of being there educated at the expense of the public treasury, and for the maintenance and education of each of the children thus sent to said colleges, the treasurer of the state shall pay to the trustees or administrators of said colleges on their warrant, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars.

Provided, however, That in the execution of the provisions of this section, the administrators of the public schools of each parish, shall recommend to the governor, to be placed in one of the said colleges, the indigent scholar who shall have made the greatest improvement in the parish school, and who shall have shown the greatest inclination for study; and that each of said scholars shall not remain more than three years in the college he is sent to.

Sec. 3. Be it further enacted, &c., That this act shall go into operation from and after its passage.

ALCEE LABRANCHE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
C. DERBIGNY,
President of the Senate.

Approved Jan. 7, 1835.

A. B. ROMAN,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Court of Probates—Parish of St. Charles—By virtue of a decree from the Hon. Court of Probates of this parish, dated this day, will be sold at public auction, on the premises, by the Judge undersigned, acting as an auctioneer, on Saturday, 8th February next, and on the following days at 10 o'clock, a. m. the hereinafter described sugar plantation, slaves, steam saw mill, and moveables belonging to the succession of the late Alexander Delhommer, and to the community of goods between said deceased and his widow Mari Condi de Pepe, and belonging also to several different partnerships, between the said A. Delhommer, and the persons after named, viz:

1. Slaves and moveables belonging to the succession of A. Delhommer and to the community of goods between the said Delhommer and his widow, viz: 1. Washington, American negro, 16 years old, house servant; 2. Betsy, negress, do. 50 years old, cook; 3. Cylia, do. 17 years old, house servant, and her sucking child; 4. William, Creole, 20 years old; 5. John, American negro, 28 years; 6. Random, do. 35 years, given to drinking; 7. Peter, do. 45 years, good hand in a saw mill, given to running away. Also, 2 pair pistols, a gun, a broad sword, a gig with harness, 3 horses, some planks, and sundry other articles.

2. The undivided third in a steam saw mill, with all its circumstances and appurtenances, of which the two undivided thirds belong to Mr. Charles Reger.—Said mill situate on the lands of widow Joseph Delhommer, is subject to a lease to last again eight years.

3. Properties, slaves, &c. belonging to a partnership that existed between the late A. Delhommer, and widow William Delhommer, widow Evariste Perret, Mrs Theodore Bayet, and Mrs. Billian Delhommer, viz: Auguste, mulatto, head man, 40 years old; Charles, American negro, 40 years; Victor, creole, 45 years, somewhat of a blacksmith; Stephen, American, 40 years; Antoine, creole, 40 years, field hand; Pingel, do. 30 years, field hand; James Ebb, do 31 years, carpenter; Orestes, do. 31 years, given to running away; Isaac, do. 32 years, cart driver; Pompe, do 28 years, field hand; Nat, do. 35 years, do; William, do 35 years, do; Charles Sally, do 25 years, cart driver; Codio, African, 60 years; James Tumesher, American, 33 years, field hand; Henry, do 28 years, cart driver; John, do 18 years, do; Sam, do 30 years, do; George, do mulatto, 20 years, do; Moses, do 19 years, cart driver; Jacob, do. 40 years, field hand; Dorsme, creole, 14 years, house servant; Rosette, American negress, 50 years old; Nancy, do given to drinking, 35 years, field hand; Adele, do 18 years, do; Maria, do 40 years, do; Sally, do 40 years; Lisette, do 30 years, field hand; Cressy, do mulatress, 36 years, house servant, and her child Louis, 3 years; Monette, 16 years, house servant, and her child Percilla; Delphy, American negress, 27 years, field hand, and her child 6 months old; Nelson, American, field hand, 40 years, his wife Cressy, mulatress, 40 years, and their four children, Caroline, 4 years, Betsy, 16 years, field hand, Nat, 13 years, cart driver, and Alley, 13 years, to be sold in a single lot; Molly, American negress, 40 years old; and her child Anny, 18 years, field hand, to be sold together; Esther, mulatress, 27 years, given to running away; Lydia, mulatress, 26 years old, and her two children, Edmond, 3 years, and Marianne, 14 months; Rachel, field hand, 22 years, and her sucking child; also, 22 pair broke oxen, some cows and calves, heifers, 19 horses, all kinds of implements of husbandry, carts, drays, and a certain quantity of corn, beans, hay and sundry other articles.

2. A certain lot of land, cultivated as a sugar plantation, situate in this parish, left bank of the Mississippi river, at about 20 miles from New Orleans, measuring 14 arpents front on said river, with all the depth that can be found, having parallel boundaries, and bounded above by lands of widow Joseph Delhommer, and below by Mr. P A Roat's plantation, together with all the buildings, improvements, &c. on said plantation, consisting principally, in a dwelling house, sugar house, purgery, steam engine, negro cabins, &c. with the exception of some buildings which are to be removed, and which shall be designated on the day of sale.

Conditions—The moveables belonging to the succession of Alexander Delhommer and to the community, with his widow Candide Pepe, payable cash for all sums of $10 and under, for all sums above on the 1st of March, 1836. The implements of husbandry, horses, cattle, &c. and the moveables belonging to the aforementioned partnership, payable cash, for all sums of $100 and under, for all sums above on the 1st of March, 1836; all the slaves payable one half on the 1st of March, 1836, and one half on the 1st of March 1837, the whole with good endorsed notes divided into shares, payable at the Clerk's Office of this parish, and mortgage on the slaves. The undivided third of the steam saw mill and appurtenances, payable one half on the 1st of March, 1836, and one half on the 1st of March, 1837, with notes satisfactorily endorsed, payable at the Clerk's Office of this parish, and privileged of vendor till payment. The sugar plantation, one third of the 61-80ths (sixty one eighteths,) of the purchase money payable on the 1st of March, 1836, the second third on the 1st of March, 1837, and the last third on the 1st of March 1838, with notes endorsed at satisfaction, divided into shares, payable at the clerk's office of this parish, and special mortgage till complete payment; the purchaser shall retain in his hands the amount of the 19-80ths (nineteen eighteths) remaining and belonging to the minors, which shall be paid one third to each minor at his becoming of age, or being otherwise emancipated; and the said purchaser shall moreover pay annually into the hands of widow Alex. Delhommer, tutrix of her three minor children, the interest at eight per cent per annum, on one third of the said 19-80ths from the 1st of March 1836, till final payment, the same interest on the second third from the 1st of March 1837, till final payment and the same interest on the last third of the above sum from the 1st of March 1838 till final payment; the property being subject to a special mortgage for security for said payments. Acts of sale, recording and cancelling of mortgages, acquittaments, at the expense of the purchasers.

Parish of St. Charles, January 24th, 1835.

jan 27 J L LABRANCHE, Judge.

COURT OF PROBATES—Parish of Orleans—Succession of widow Dantilly de Bertin—Notice is hereby given to the creditors of this estate and to all other persons herein interested to shew cause within ten days from the present notification, if any they have or can, why the account presented by the security of the administrator of this estate should not be homologated and approved, and why the said administrator and his surety should not be discharged from all further trust and liability in the premises, on their depositing in court the amount shewn by the account to be in their hands. By order of the Court,

jan 27 W F C DUPLESSIS, reg. of wills.

PERSONS wishing to contract for obtaining FIRE WOOD by the year, and of the best quality, may apply to ARMAND MARIGNY, at the rail road
dec 10—3m

AMERICAN THEATRE.
CAMP STREET.

Last night but three of Mr POWER'S engagement. On which occasion (in compliance with numerous applications) he will appear in his favourite characters of McSHANE & TEDDY THE TYLER.

On TUESDAY Evening, January 27,
Will be acted the favourite Comedy of the
NERVOUS MAN,
AND THE
MAN OF NERVE.
McShane, the man of nerve ..... Mr Power
Aspin, the nervous man ..... — Farren
Lucy Leech ..... Mrs Hilson

After which, the Farce of
TEDDY THE TYLER.
Teddy ..... Mr Power

The evening's entertainments to conclude with the Farce of the
PROMISSORY NOTE.

ORLEANS BALL ROOM.

For the Benefit of Mr E. BERTUS—Wednesday, 28th inst
GRAND DRESS BALL;

Preceded by a Children's Ball, which will commence at half past 5, until the opening of the Grand Ball, which will commence at 9 o'clock. jan 20

EXHIBITION

Of a grand gallery of a hundred original paintings by eminent masters.

Among which are the celebrated Titian's Venus, of the Dresden gallery, lately brought from Europe, which has been exhibited all over the United States, with great success. At Bank's Arcade, up stairs, entrance in Natchez street. Admittance 50 cents, children half price.

These paintings are to be sold at private sale. jan 23

FOR LIVERPOOL—the ship AUSTERLITZ, capt W Hammond, will sail immediately. For freight of 300 bales cotton, or passage, apply on board, or to
jan 27 F PERRETTT & GALLY, Toulouse st

FOR MOBILE—via the River—the regular packet schooner CORA, Holton, master; will have immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply on board, opposite the blue stores, or to
jan 26 TOURNE & BECKWITH.

First Packet for MOBILE—the schooner EAGLES, Ashby, master, will leave this evening, and can take 2 or 300 barrels. For freight or passage apply on board opposite Conti street, or to
TOURNE & BECKWITH,
jan 26 28 and 29 new levee

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Elisha Crocker vs J. C. Williamson.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias to me directed, by the Honorable the first Judicial District Court of Louisiana, I will expose at public sale on Thursday 26th of February, next, 1835, at 12 o'clock, m. at the parish court in and for the parish of Jefferson, the lease of the following four lots of ground, with all the improvements made thereon of bricks by the defendant the improvements to be valued and paid for at the expiration of the lease by the lessor, subject to a ground rent of sixty dollars per month, payable by four equal notes of $180 each at 3, 6, 9, and 12 months from the 1st of every January.

1. The lease on four lots of ground, situate in the Nuns faubourg, designated on the plan of said faubourg, as nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Lot, no. 1 measures 144 feet 3 inches on St. Mary Road, 102 feet 6 inches front on Tchoupitoulas street, 120 feet on the line dividing it from the lot no. 2, and 28 feet 3 inches in the rear. On this lot is the Bull's Head Tavern, built by the defendant of bricks, with a brick kitchen and cistern of 5000 gals. in the rear, also stabling for 20 horses and every convenience for an extensive tavern, it is now rented at $90 per month, until 22d February, 1835, adjoining the Bull's Head Tavern, and on lot no. 1 is a blacksmith shop, which rents for $8 per month.

2. Lot no. 2 measures 60 feet front on Tchoupitoulas street sixty feet in the rear, 120 feet on the line dividing it from no 2, and 120 feet on the line dividing it from lot no. 3, on which is one double story building, which is now rented for twenty five dollars per month.

3. Lot no. 3, measures 60 feet front on Tchoupitoulas street, 60 feet in the rear, 120 feet on the line dividing it from lot no 2, and 120 feet on the line dividing from lot no. 4. On lot no. 3, and part of no. 2, are 5 brick buildings one story high, with kitchens and cisterns to each, and are now rented at $12 50 each per month. Those buildings are to be valued and paid for at the expiration of the lease.

4. Lot no. 4 measures 74 feet front on Tchoupitoulas street, 73 feet in the rear, 120 feet on the line dividing it from no. 3, and 120 feet on the line dividing it from the lot belonging to Mr Sylvester or Millaudon. On this lot no. 4, are 4 brick buildings, 2 story high with iron balconies in front, a 2 story brick kitchen to each, in the yard, cisterns & other conveniences; all of these 4 houses are now rented at $20 each per month, by the year, and are subject to be paid for at the expiration of the lease by the lessor. This lease will expire on the 31st of December, 1838, which makes 40 months. The whole is mortgaged to secure the sum of two thousand nine hundred and forty dollars, from the 4th of February 1832 until paid, and with five per cent interest on the balance from the Judicial demand, viz 18th of October, 1834, until paid and a negro girl named Lucy aged about 35 years, a most excellent girl, honest, sober and industrious, perfectly acclimated, and free from all the vices provided by law. The whole is seized in the above suit. Terms cash.

Parish of Jefferson, January 25, 1835.

jan 27 JAQUES CHARBONNET, Jr. Sheriff.

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Court of Probates—Parish of Orleans—Sale by the Register of Wills.—On Monday the 2nd day of March, next, at noon, will be exposed for sale at the New Exchange Coffee House, for account of the succession of the late John Linton, dec'd, the following described landed property, to wit:—

A country seat situated about three miles below the city of New Orleans on the same side of the river in this parish, designated by the number eighteen, on a plan drawn by Joseph Pilie, city surveyor, on the twenty-fourth day of July 1824, and deposited in the office of Felix Grima, esq, notary public of this city, under date of the 27th day of the same month and year. The land measures one arpent and sixteen to ses, four feet and six inches in front by forty arpents in depth, with a right to the second concession made by the French Government on the 17th day of May, 1758; being the property purchased by the late John Linton, esq, from John R Grymes, esq, and by him acquired from the estate of the late Dr W Flood.

Terms of sale:—Sixteen thousand three hundred and seventy-six dollars, twenty-six cents, secured by mortgage on the place, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 9th of May last, until final payment; which interest is to be added to and become part of the principal at the end of each and every ninth of May, and is to bear a like interest; the whole capital and interest payable when the said mortgage existing on the property in favor of the minor heirs of the late W C C Claiborne, shall be raised, cancelled and annulled. The balance of the purchase at one, two and three years credit for approved endorsed notes, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent, the whole secured by mortgage until final payment.

By order of the court,
jan 27 W F C DUPLESSIS, register

STATE OF LOUISIANA—Court of Probates—Parish of Orleans.—To all whom these presents may come greeting:—Know ye, that John Labarre, a resident of the city of New Orleans, has applied to me, W F C Duplessis, Register of Wills, in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, and ex officio clerk of the Court of Probates, in and for the said city and parish, for a monition or advertisement in conformity to the act of the legislature of this state, entitled "An act for the further assurance of titles to purchasers of judicial sales," approved on the 10th of March, 1834; and it being known to me,