

MARKET QUOTATIONS

BOARD OF TRADE QUOTATIONS

Butter and Cheese

Butter, per lb.—Choice creamery, \$3.25; fancy creamery, 30c; fancy dairy, 30c; choice dairy, 35c.

Cheese

Cheese, per lb.—Western twin cream, 25¢/25¢; Young American full cream, 26¢; singles, 25¢/25¢; domestic Swiss, 25¢/30¢; 30¢; round Swiss, 25¢; Lumburg, per piece, 30¢.

Poultry and Eggs

Poultry, per lb.—Hens, mixed, 19¢/20¢; roosters, per dozen, \$5.00/5.25¢; young chickens, mixed, 28¢/30¢; turkeys, hens, 20¢/21¢; young gobblers, 20¢/21¢; old gobblers, 20¢/21¢; ducks, 10¢/10.5¢; geese, \$6.00/6.50.

Eggs, per dozen—Louisiana fresh, 22¢/23¢; Louisiana candied, 29¢/30¢; Western, 34¢/35¢.

Vegetables

New Potatoes—Louisiana Reds, per hamper, \$2.00/2.25¢; Louisiana Whites, per hamper, \$2.00/2.25¢; Whites, per doz., No. 1, 88¢/90¢; No. 2, 83¢/84¢; per bushel, 80 to 90-lbs. sacks, 82¢/82.50¢.

Potatoes—Oregon, per bushel, \$2.50/2.70¢.

Cabbage—Louisiana, 34-inch crate, 125-lb. net headed stock, untrimmed, \$2.00/2.25¢.

Garlic—White, well matured, per lb., 36¢; La., large double head strains, 3c; small, 34¢/4¢.

Onions—Louisiana, new crop, Bermudas, per hamper, 50¢/55¢; Creole, per 75-lb. sack, \$1.75¢/1.85¢.

LUMBER ORDERED FOR 12 MORE SHIPS

Further extensive shipbuilding operations along the gulf coast are foreshadowed in the announcement made Saturday by the Southern Pine Emergency Bureau, that orders have been placed at mills for furnishing at an early date complete schedules of material for twelve wooden boats, to be built by the Universal Shipbuilding Company of Houston, Tex. These will all be standard size ships built for the government.

The bureau is advised that the Emergency Fleet Corporation has placed a contract with the Portland Shipbuilding company for the construction of four wooden ships at Portland, Me. Southern pine mills are now cutting material for two of these ships.

To date the bureau has placed with mills thirty-nine ship schedules, and has received official notices that the government has awarded contracts for a total of fifty-four wooden cargo carriers.

Lumber for army cantonments is expected to begin moving more freely this week. The bureau has just distributed among mills orders for 3,000,000 feet of the 160,000,000 feet required for the cantonment at Fort Sam Houston, near San Antonio, Tex.

Early in the week orders are expected to be placed for that part of the cantonments at Louisville, Chattanooga, Tenn., and Des Moines to be constructed of Southern pine.

NEW ORLEANS STOCK EXCHANGE

Daily Bids and Offers

STOCKS

	1:45 P. M. Call.
Miscellaneous	Bid Asked
C. C. Slaughter Hse. Co.	35 35
D. H. Holmes Co., Ltd.	116 153
Liquitable R. E. Co., Ltd.	...
Lakeview Land Co., Ltd.	100 111
Maison Blanche Co., Ltd.	107 111
" "	126 131
Mortg. Securities Co.	97 104
Natl. Realty Co., Ltd.	5 712
N. O. Brewing Co., pfd.	30 40
N. O. Land Co., Ltd.	18 22
Ots. Mfg. Co., pfd.	100 111
Sub. Realty Co., Ltd.	10 11
Banks	
Bank of Orleans	300 300
Canal Bk. & T. Co.	200 205
Citizens Bk. & T. Co.	481/2
City Bank & Trust Co.	175
Com.-Ger. T. & S. Bk.	233
Commercial National	450
Ger.-Amer. Natl. (Iq. cert.)	...
Hibernia Bk. & T. Co.	353 3621/2
Interstate T. & S. Bk. Co.	242
Metropolitan	150
New Orleans National	200
U. S. Safe Dp. & S. Bk.	190
Wm.-Central National	255
Street Railroads	
Amer. Cities Co., pfd.	211 22
" " com.	40
N. O. Ry. & L. Co., pfd.	60
N. O. Ry. & L. Co., com.	15
BONDS	
Street Railroads	
Amer. Cities Co., 5-5½	95 96
Burn. Ry. co., 68½	971/2 100
Canal & Caliborne, 68½	1171/2
Edison 1st mtg. 58½	100 101
Ft. Worth 1st mtg. 58	94 971/2
Houston 1st mtg. 53½	97 100
Knoxville Ry. 58½	86 90
L. Rock Ry. 5½	100½ N.
Little Rock Ry. 68½	100
Memphis St. Ry. 58½	871/2 89
Meridian 1st mtg. 58	95
Nashville Ry. 58½	99
N. O. Carrollton 58½	101
N. O. City Lake 58½	103
N. O. City gentl. mtg. 103	1011/2
N. O. Ry. Lt. 4½%	78½ 79
S. Charles R. R. 4½%	90
Miscellaneous	
N. O. Land Co. 6s, maturities prior to 1920	100
N. O. Land Co. 6s, maturities 1920	101
City Bonds	
City Fours	95½ 96
Premium Bonds	332
Public Imp. 1950	93½ 94
Public Imp. New	91½
Government Bonds	
Liberty Bonds	100½-50½
Less than \$5,000	

Tomatoes—Louisiana, bushel box, \$25.00/31.00; Miss. flats, \$1.75; No. 2, 50¢/55¢.
Flour
Hard Spring Minnesota and Dakota, per bbls.—Patent wood pkgs. \$12.75/13.00; patent, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.50/12.75.
Hard Wheat, Kansas, per bbls.—Patent wood pkgs. \$13.00/13.25; patent, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.75/13.00; straight, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.25/12.50.
Soft Winter Wheat, per bbl.—Patent wood pkgs. \$12.75/13.00; patent, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.50/12.75.
Hard Wheat, Kansas, per bbls.—Patent wood pkgs. \$13.00/13.25; patent, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.75/13.00; straight, 98-lb. cotton and jute, \$12.25/12.50.
Feedstuffs
Corn, bulk on track, per bushel.—No. 2 yellow, \$1.82/1.83; No. 3 mixed, \$1.81/1.82; No. 2 white, \$1.82/1.84.
Cornmeal, per lb.—Cornmeal, \$8.10/8.20; cream meal, \$8.40/8.50; grits, coarse, \$8.50/8.60; fine, \$8.50/8.60; hominy, \$8.75/9.00.
Oats, bulk on track, per bushel.—No. 2 white, 75¢/76¢; No. 3 white, 74½/75¢; No. 2 mixed, 72¢/73¢.
Bran, on track, tagged, per cwt.—\$1.75.
Hay, per ton—Choice, \$25.00/25.50; No. 1 \$21.50/25.00; No. 2, \$23.50/24.00.
Fruits
Apples, boxes—Washington Spitzenberg, extra fancy, \$3.00/3.25; White Winter Permain, extra fancy, \$3.00/3.25; Winesaps, genuine extra fancy, \$2.85/3.00; yellow Newton, extra fancy, \$2.40; Rome Beauty, \$2.50/2.60; Arkansas Black, extra fancy, \$2.50/2.75; Stayman Winesaps, \$2.60/2.75.
Oranges—Florida, according to size and quantity, \$3.50/4.25; California naval, \$2.25/3.50.
Grapefruit—Florida, according to size, \$1.00/1.50.
Lemons—California, 420 to 490 size, fancy, \$1.50/1.55.
Pineapples—Cuban stock Red Spanish, per crate, \$2.25/2.50.
Cherries—California, 10-lb. boxes, \$1.75/2.00.
Plums—California Clymans, per 4-basket crate, \$2.50.
Peaches—Georgia, 6-basket crates, \$2.25/2.50; Hills, \$1.15/1.35.
Apricots—California Royal, per 4-basket crate, \$2.15/2.25.
Cantaloupes—Florida nutmegs, per crate, 45 to 54, \$1.75/2.00; California Browne stock, standard crates, \$2.50/3.50; Pomeys, \$2.25/2.50.
Bananas—Per 1,000, \$4.80.
Coconuts—Large, 9 hands, \$1.90/2.00.

URGE CAMPAIGN FOR PEANUT CROP

The department of agriculture is urging extension workers in the South to make a special campaign for doubling the peanut acreage in the South this year, and has perfected an arrangement with peanut handlers to withhold ample seed stocks of the Spanish variety from their trade and keep available for seed purposes until July 1, if necessary. This stock is available at \$2.50 per bushel, 60 pounds, f. o. b. Virginia and Texas shipping points.

Because of the shortage of food and feed and of animal fats and vegetable oils of all kinds throughout the world, the indications are that the demand for peanuts will increase during the next few years. A recent circular sent out by the office of extension work in the South to its co-operating agents called attention to these facts, gave a list of peanut handlers who had agreed with the department to withhold a part of their stock for seed purposes, and urged that steps be taken at once by county agents, national defense committees, business men and others interested in the food campaign to urge increased planting of peanuts, and to make arrangements for securing the necessary seed. Within three days from the mailing of the circular that office was advised by one of its county agents in Alabama that in cooperation with a local businessman he had ordered a carload of seed by wire which was to be distributed to the farmers in his county without cost, payment to be made on a toll basis with peanuts at harvest time. He added that they expected to be able to handle a second carload in the same way.

The department of agriculture heartily approves this plan of handling peanut seed in the present emergency, as it will enable farmers who would find it difficult or impossible to buy seed at the present high prices to plant a maximum acreage of this crop now, on eat and other available lands. It is, therefore, suggesting to all interested parties the advisability of adopting a similar plan for their localities, and county agents, especially in counties of the lower South, are being urged to use their emergency method of making seed available.

The Spanish peanut may be planted as late as July 1 in the South generally, and in the lower coast tier of counties as late as July 15.

MAIMED SOLDIER TELLS OF RED CROSS AID

By International News Service.

Portland, Ore., June 30.—Freeman Armstrong of this city went with the Canadian Scottish volunteers to the European trenches filled with all youth's eager desire to witness the realities of war.

Today he hobble home with part of a foot torn away by a German shell, a splinter of steel still embedded in his skull and internal injuries causing pain at every breath. "I wouldn't be here if it wasn't for the Red Cross," he said to his rejecting mother.

"After being wounded in the battle of Ypres I laid twenty-four hours unconscious on No Man's Land among the dead. Red Cross stretcher bearers, risking their lives, for the German shell whistled overhead, found me and carried me back of the trenches, where a Red Cross ambulance hurried me to a hospital in which Red Cross nurses and doctors cared for me so well that I live to tell the tale."

Armstrong is now working with all his strength for the Red Cross.

"Don't make towels and handkerchiefs," Armstrong advises sewing societies. "The soldiers will use them for gun rags. They get no chance to wash in the trenches. Bandages, iodine, cotton, doctors and nurses are needed."

Evidence was introduced at a recent trial in the Bow street court to show that five men held by the

ROMANOFS ABOUT TO LOSE THEIR BILLION DOLLAR MEAL TICKET

Petrograd, June 30.—Property valued at \$700,000,000, from which Nicholas Romanoff, formerly emperor of Russia, enjoyed the revenues for life only, have been taken from him by the provisional government. A special commission of the government has been discussing whether land, palaces and other property owned by Nicholas derived \$22,000,000 a year in profits from the rental of these properties to peasants or others.

Income of Czar \$65,000,000

The former Emperor Nicholas' annual income when he was deposed is estimated by Professor Okunieff at \$65,000,000. The Duma allowed him \$8,500,000 a year to pay the expenses of the imperial court, but because of extravagance, mismanagement and pilfering the annual cost amounted to \$20,000,000, according to the statement of Zulabekoff, counsellor of the empire.

Expropriation of all the "appare lands," from which the grand dukes and duchesses enjoyed a life income, was demanded by the Council of Workmen's and Sailors' deputies. These lands are estimated to be worth \$10,000,000. The members of the former royal house offered to "surrender" them to the government if the nation demanded it.

Besides the lands, the grand dukes and duchesses owned, as private individuals, more than 200 palaces or villas, estimated to be worth \$70,000,000. Some of these include the richest lands in the Crimea and Caucasus. These estates were taken by the Romanoffs after the conquest of the Crimea and the Caucasus, and in most cases no compensation was paid to the former owners.

Diseases Made to Order to Save British From Trenches

That there are men in England eligible for army service who prefer to suffer from a purposely contracted disease rather than face the Germans on the firing line was revealed in recent police court hearings in London. At the same hearings, testimony was introduced to prove that certain physicians were so lacking in patriotism that they prostituted their profession by helping men to avoid military service.

Witnesses testified that recruits who had paid the necessary fee for the "agent" were taken to Dr. Sinclair (one of the men held), in his private capacity, in order that he might recognize them when they appeared before the medical board.

According to the testimony, it also was arranged that, when the recruit could not be honestly classified as unfit, a Dr. Bishop (who also is under arrest) should "dope" him to such an extent that an independent medical examiner would not hesitate in rejecting him for army duty.

The workings of the conspirators were said to have been revealed through detectives who represented to the agents that they were eligible for service but wanted to obtain exemptions. One of the detectives received a certificate from Dr. Bishop stating that the applicant was addicted to whisky drinking and that, as a result, his heart was dilated. In reality, the detective was extremely temperate.

Later, the physician gave the applicant a number of pills, with instructions to take them before going to the medical board. The detective, who was robust and in good health previously, received a G3 certificate from the board. He paid the doctor about \$600 for the treatment, which amount was returned afterward.

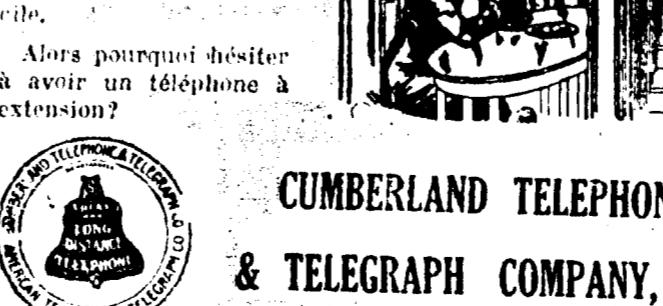
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