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TOPICS AND REFERENCES

IN

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§ 1. PHYSIOGRAPHY OF NORTH AMERICA.

The physical conformation of North America; characteristics of the Atlantic slope, of the great valleys, and of the Pacific slope; climate and meteorological conditions; natural products; effect of these conditions on immigrants from Europe.

General.— N. S. Shaler in N. C. H., IV, pp. i-xxx, especially pp. xx-xxx.

Special.—N. S. Shaler, Nature and Man in Imerica; J. D. Whitney, Encyclo-Brit., Ninth ed., rt. "United States"; see also B. A. Gould, Investiations in the Military and Anthropological Statistics of Imerican Soldiers.

§ 2. ARCHAEOLOGY.

The paleolithic implements of the Trenton gravel; ther evidences of the antiquity of man in America; tempts to connect prehistoric man with man of the bistoric period.

General.—J. D. Baldwin, Ancient America; Nadaillac, Pre-historic America; G. E. Wright, The Ice Age; John Fiske, Discovery of America, I, 1–19; H. W. Haynes, N. C. H., I, Chapter VI.

Special.—Charles C. Abbott, Primitive Industry (1882) and also in Reports of the Peabody Museum, II, 30 and 235; J. W. Foster, Pre-historic Races of America; John T. Short, North Americans of Antiquity (an old-time view).

Bibliography.—Winsor in N. C. H., I., 369 et seq. and the "notes" to Prof. Haynes' chapter; P. B. Watson, Pre-Columbian Bibliography.

§ 3. ABORIGINES.

The opposing theories of Prescott and those who rely on the early American Chroniclers and of Morgan and his followers; condition of the Indians on the Atlantic sea-board in 1500; effect of the European settlement on them; difference in the treatment of the Indian problem by the Spaniards, French, and English; effects on the colonies of those nations.

General.—Higginson, Larger Hist., 1–26; L. H. Morgan, Montezuma's Dinner in North American Review for 1876, (cxxii), and Houses and House-life, pp. 136 et seq.; W. H. Prescott, Conquest of Mexico, Introduction; Fiske, America, I, 21–147.

Special.—A. F. Bandelier's papers in Rep. of Peabody Museum, II, and in the Papers of the Archaelog. Inst. of America, especially his Social Organization, Art of Warfare among the Ancient Mexicans, and The Tribe of Zuni; L. H. Morgan, League of the Iroquois; H. H. Bancroft, Native Races of the Pacific Coast, II, and History of Mexico, Vol. I.

Sources.—Bernal Diaz, Historia Verdadera, trans. by Lockhart; collections of specimens in the Peabody Museum and elsewhere; Bancroft, Native Races, IV; J. L. Stephen, Incidents of Travel in Central America and Incidents of Travel in Yucatan; F. Catherwood, Views of Ancient Monuments in Central America; D. Charnay, Cités et Ruines Americaines, trans. as The Ancient Cities of the New World; Papers of the Archaeological Institute of America; J. W. Powell, Reports of U. S. Bureau of Ethnology and Contributions to North American Ethnology; see also papers in Smithsonian Institution Contributions to Knowledge.

Bibliograpy.—Winsor in N. C. H., I, Chap. III, V, and the special works therein cited, especially H. H. Bancroft, Native Races.

§ 4. PRE-COLUMBIAN DISCOVERIES.

Geographical knowledge of the Ancients; the Atlantis and other stories; voyages of the Northmen; the evidence on which our knowledge of these voyages rests: monuments, records, sagas.

General.—Higginson, Larger Hist., 27–52; Gay, Bryant's Popular Hist., I, 35–63; Winsor in N. C. H., I, 60–69; Palfrey, New England, I, 57; Fiske, America, I, 148–218.

Special.—A. M. Reeves, Finding of Wineland the Good; Torfaeus, Historia Vinlandiae; Rafn, Antiquitates Americanae; Slafter, Voyages of the Northmen; Tillinghast, Geographical Knowledge of the Ancients in N. C. H., I, Chap. I; Vining, An Inglorious Columbus gives all that is necessary as to the Fusang Myth; B. F. De Costa, Pre-Columbian Discovery of America by the Northmen.

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§ 5. THE VOYAGES OF COLUMBUS.

Columbus's early life; attempts to get assistance; contract with the Spanish monarchs. 1492, The first voyage; the land-fall. Columbus as a colonizer; his later voyages; his character and place in the world's history.

General.— Gay, Bryant's Pop. Hist., I, 92–120; Winsor in N. C. H., II, 1–23.

Special.—Winsor, Christopher Columbus; Clements R. Markham, Columbus; Irving, Columbus; Fiske, America, I, 335-518; Arthur Helps, Spanish Conquest of America; Harrisse, Christopher Columbus. On the landfall see Clements R. Markham, Columbus; Becher, Landfall; G. V. Fox, Attempt to Solve the Problem, etc., in U. S. Coast Survey Rep. for 1880, Ap. xviii.

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§ 6. THE COMPANIONS AND SUCCESSORS OF COLUMBUS.

Exploration of the eastern and northern coasts of South America; 1513, Balboa discovers the Pacific

Ocean; exploration of the coasts of Central America; discovery of Peru and Mexico; exploration of the shores of the Gulf of Mexico.

General.—Gay, Bryant's Pop. Hist., I; C. R. Markham, Columbus, 238–247; Channing in N. C. H., II, 181–204.

Special.—Irving, Companions of Columbus; Fiske, America, II. Helps, Spanish Conquest of America; H. H. Bancroft, Central America, I, especially Chap. II; J. G. Shea in N. C. H., Vol. II, Chap. IV.

Sources.—Oviedo, Historia General (ed. of the Real Academia); Herrera, Historia General; and the collections of documents published by the Spanish government.

§ 7. THE NAMING OF AMERICA.

Amerigo Vespucci; the dispute as to his voyages; the proposal to name the new found land in his honor; was Amerigo privy to the design? The spreading of the name.

General.—Gay, *Bryant's Pop. Hist.*, I, 123-128; C. R. Markham, *Columbus*, 344-356.

Special.—Gay in N. C. H., II, Ch. III, and Fiske, America, Vol. II.

Sources.—Varnhagen, Amerigo Vespucci; Santarem,

Researches respecting Americus Vespucius; Humboldt, Examen Critique, IV; and Major in his Prince Henry and elsewhere; Waldseemüller, Cosmographiae Introductio (fac-similes of the portions in which the proposal to name the new land America is made are in N. C. H., II, 1-8).

Bibliography.— "Notes" to Gay's chapter as above and Winsor's very full "Notes" on Vespucius in N. C. H., II, 153-179.

§ 8. THE SPANISH CONQUERORS.

Mexico: Discovery and exploration; Cortes; Story of the Conquest.

General.—Winsor in N. C. H., II, Chap. VI; Fiske, America, II, 213-293.

Special.—Prescott, Conquest of Mexico; Helps, Spanish Conquest and Life of Cortes; H. H. Bancroft, Mexico, Vol. I.

Sources.— Despatches (of Cortes) written during the Conquest, trans. by George Folsom; Bernal Diaz, Historia Verdadera trans. by Lockhart as Memoirs of Diaz.

Bibliography.—Winsor in N. C. H., II, 402-430.

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General.—Clements R. Markham in N. C. H., II, ch. VIII.

Special. — Prescott, Conquest of Peru. Helps, Spanish Conquest and Life of Pizarro; Fiske, America, II.

Sources.—Noted in Narrative and Critical History, II, 573-578.

§ 9. THE SPANIARDS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Pouce de Leon (1513) and Narvaez (1528); The Journey of Cabeza de Vaca; De Soto's March from Florida to beyond the Mississippi; Explorations of Fray Marcos (1539-43); Coronado in New Mexico (1540-42).

General.— George Bancroft, United States, I, 23–31; I, 34–68; Doyle, English in America, I, 75–81; J. Gilmany Shea, in Narrative and Critical History, II, 231–254; H. W. Haynes in ibid, II, 473–498; Parkman, Pioneers of France, Chapter I (on Florida only); Gay, Bryant's Popular History, I, 139–173; Hildreth, United States, I, 36, 39, 43–44, 47–49.

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Gaffarel, Histoire de Floride Française; Higginson, Explorers; Smith's Cabeza de Vaca; A. F. Bandelier, Papers of the Archaeological Institute of America, Vols. I, II and IV deal with Cabeza de Vaca and Fray Marcos. Many of the important documents are in French's Historical Collections of Louisiana. New Mexico: Simpson, Coronado's March; W. H. H. Davis, Spanish Conquest of New Mexico; H. H. Bancroft, North Mexican States, I, 71–76, 82–87; and New Mexico and Arizona.

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§ 10. EARLY FRENCH EXPLORERS.

The French fisheries; 1524, Verrazano's voyage; evidence for and against its having been made; Norumbega and other similar tales; 1534, Cartier's first voyage to the lower Gulf of St. Lawrence; 1535, Cartier's second voyage up the St. Lawrence to Montreal; 1540, Cartier's third expedition with Roberval; failure of the colony.

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§ 11. THE HUGUENOT SETTLEMENTS.

The Huguenots; (1555–1560) The attempt to found a colony in Brazil; (1562) Ribault's colony—at Port Royal Sound; (1564) Laudonniere builds Fort Caroline; (1565) Menendez' Massacre.

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§ 12. CHAMPLAIN AND FRENCH COLONIZATION.

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§ 13. FRENCH EXPLORERS IN THE INTERIOR.

1634-35, Nicollet discovers Lake Michigan and a tributary of the Mississippi; 1673, Joliet and Marquette discover the Mississippi; 1680, Hennepin discovers Falls of St. Anthony. 1681, La Salle explores it to its mouth; La Salle's attempt to found a colony on the lower Mississippi and death. 1699, Settlement of Louisiana and history to 1763. The spirit of French colonization—the Jesuits and the traders.

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§ 14. THE CABOTS.

1497, John Cabot discovers the northern continents. The evidence as to the date, as to the man. The Cabot map. Other voyages of the Cabots. Title by discovery. Bull of Alexander. Effect of the Cabot voyages on English colonization.

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§ 15. THE ENGLISH SEAMEN.

The Hawkins father and son; the slave-trade; 1567, the defeat at St. Juan d'Ulloa; 1577-1580, Drake's voyage around the world; his explorations on the coast of California.

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§ 16. OTHER EARLY ENGLISH EXPLORERS.

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§ 17. THE RALEGH COLONIES.

Ralegh's career. 1584, the patent from Elizabeth—its form and significance; 1584, Amadas and Barlow explore the coast—the naming of Virginia; 1585, Ralegh's first colony—returns home, 1586. Hariot's Narrative, 1587. "The lost colony." What became of the colonists?

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§ 18. GOSNOLD, PRING, AND WEYMOUTH.

1602, Gosnold's voyage; the nature of the voyage; 1603, Pring in Plymouth harbor; 1605, Weymouth on the coast of Maine. Effect of these voyages.

General.—Gay, Bryant's Pop. Hist., I, 262–267, 315–316; Doyle, Virginia, 105, 107–108; G. Bancroft, United States (Original Edition), I, 127–132, (Last Revision) I, 79–81; Palfrey, New England, I, 70–76; Compendious History, I, 4–5; Hildreth, United States, I, 90.

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§ 19. VIRGINIA TO 1624.

The charters of 1606, 1609, and 1612. The limits of Virginia according to these charters, powers of government conferred, rights of colonists, etc. 1607, Jamestown settled, Captain John Smith, his place in Virginia history and as a writer. The first years of the colony. Dale's Laws. Tobacco. 1619, Negro Slavery and local self-government. 1621, the Ordinance. The struggle for the charter. 1622, The Massacre. 1624, The charter annulled. Character of the government of Virginia.

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§ 20. VIRGINIA 1624-1688.

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§ 21. PROVINCIAL VIRGINIA, 1688-1750.

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§ 22. SETTLEMENT OF MARYLAND.

George Calvert and the Avalon colony, 1632; The Maryland Charter, 1634. Maryland settled. Contentions with Clayborne. The object of the Calvert's colonizing schemes. The land system. development of self-government, industries, taxation, disputes with the Baltimores, population, etc. in 1750.

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§ 23. THE PURITANS IN MARYLAND.

The Charter and Religion, Was Maryland "a Roman Catholic colony?" The coming of the Puritans. 1649, The Toleration Act, Why and by whom was it passed? Governor Stone. The Commonwealth and Maryland. Clayborne and Bennett. Maryland and the Quakers. Fendall's and Coode's Rebellions, 1692. Maryland a royal province. The Protestant Episcopal Church established by law. 1715, Baltimore restored. Religion in Maryland in 1750.

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§ 56. PASSIVE RESISTANCE.

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General.—Higginson, Larger History, Chapter X; Winsor in Narrative and Critical History, VI, Chapter II; Lecky, England, Chapter XII; Lodge, English Colonies; Gay, Bryant's Popular History.

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Military Histories covering the whole field: Lossing, Field-Book of the Revolution (2 vols., arranged topically with slight regard to sequence of events); Dawson, Battles of the United States (2 vols., gives many important documents); Carrington, Battles of the American

Revolution (1 vol., a good compendious account from a military point of view); Beatson, Naval and Military Memoirs of Great Britain; Stedman, History of the American War.

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Attack on Charleston, 1776: Sparks, Correspondence of the Revolution; Moultrie, Memoirs; Ramsay, Revolution of South Carolina; Gibbes, Documentary History; Drayton, Memoirs; Clinton, Observations on Stedman's History. See also the standard works, as above, especially Dawson, Lossing, Jones, and Adolphus.

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The Continental Congresses, their powers and constitutional positions. 1775–76, Growth of the desire for separation. 1775–76, May and June, Organization of state governments. 1776, May, Virginia Resolves. June, R. H. Lee's Resolutions. July 2, Resolution declaring the United Colonies independent. July 4, Adoption of the Great Declaration. July 5, The Declaration published, and Aug. 2, signed. Constitutional position of the Declaration. The political theories set forth therein.

General.—Higginson, Larger History, Chapter XI; Lecky, England, Chapter XIV; Higginson in Scribner's Magazine, July 1876; John Fiske, American Revolution.

Special.—Frothingham, Rise of the Republic; George Bancroft, United States; G. T. Curtis, History of the Constitution; Story, Commentaries on the Constitution; George Tucker, History of the United States; Pitkin,

United States; George Chalmers, Introduction to the History of the Revolt (especially the introduction by Mr. Sparks); G. W. Greene, Historical View; the standard histories, especially Gordon; and the biographies and writings of Jefferson, R. H. Lee, the Adamses, Franklin, Dickinson and other leading men.

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Long Island to the Delaware. December 26, Surprise at Trenton. Importance of this battle. 1777, Burgoyne's Campaign. The Saratoga Convention. Howe's Campaign in Pennsylvania. 1778, Monmouth. 1778–81, Other Campaigns in the North. 1780, Treason of Benedict Arnold.

General.—Lecky, England Chapter XIV; General Cullom in Narrative and Critical History, VI, 275–314 and F. D. Stone in ibid, 367–403; Gay, Bryant's Popular History.

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§ 61. THE FRENCH ALLIANCE.

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General.—E. J. Lowell in Narrative and Critical History, VII, 24–72; Parton, Life of Franklin; Greene, Historical View.

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§ 62. THE WAR IN THE SOUTHERN DEPART-MENT.

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try; Shelburne and Fox. 1782, Negotiations opened at Paris; Oswald and Franklin. Jay's suspicions of France; were they well founded? The points in dispute. 1782, Nov. 30, The Preliminary Articles. The "Separate Article." 1783, Sept. 3, Definitive Treaty signed at Paris. Provisions as to boundaries, debts, fisheries, and loyalists.

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The Loyalists: G. E. Ellis in Narrative and Critical History, VII, 185; Sabine, American Loyalists issued in a revised edition as Biographical Sketches of Loyalists; Ryerson, Loyalists of America; P. O. Hutchinson, Thomas Hutchinson; Jones, New York in the Revolutionary War; histories of Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, etc.; and the standard works, American and English.

§ 64. THE CONFEDERATION, 1781-89.

Early Colonial Federations. Colonial Congresses and Plans of Union. 1760–1776, Growth of the Union Sentiment. 1776, Articles of Confederation. Claims of the States to Western Lands. The Land Cessions. 1781, Articles Ratified. Form of Government under the Confederation. Finances of the Revolution.

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§ 65. THE STATE CONSTITUTIONS.

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