

THE
S T A T U T E S
OF
THE UNITED KINGDOM
OF
GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND,
56 GEORGE III. 1816.

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OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

A
T A B L E

Containing the TITLES of all

THE STATUTES,

Passed in the FOURTH Session of the FIFTH Parliament

OF

The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland;

56 GEORGE III.

PUBLICK GENERAL ACTS.

1. **A**N A&t to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glafs made in *Great Britain*.
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2. An A&t to revive and further continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an A&t of the Seventh Year of King *George* the Second, for the free Importation of *Cochineal* and *Indigo*.
2
3. An A&t for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on *Malt*, *Sugar*, *Tobacco* and *Snauff*, in *Great Britain*; and on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in *England*; for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.
3
4. An A&t for raising the Sum of Eleven Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.
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5. An A&t to extend the Powers of an A&t of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty more effectually to grant conditional Pardons to Persons under Sentence of Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Imprisonment under such Sentences.
Ibid.
6. An A&t to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an A&t of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in *England*.
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125. An

125. An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons riotousl
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DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

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- ii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Saint Martin Stamford Baron* to *Kettering*, and from *Oundle* to *Middleton Lane*, in the County of *Northampton*. Ibid.
- iii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as the same relate to the Road from *Carter's Bridge*, in the Parish of *Chatteris*, within the *Isle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*, to the *Forty Feet Bridge*, in the Parish of *Ramsay*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. Ibid.
- iv. An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for confirming certain Articles of Agreement between the Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of *Paddington*, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of *Middlesex*. 713
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- vi. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Deansbury* to *Leeds*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. Ibid.
- vii. An Act for taking down the Parish Church of *Gleiston*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for building a new Church, and providing an additional Cemetery for the Use of the said Parish. Ibid.
- viii. An Act to provide for the repairing and maintaining of a certain

- tain Part of several Roads or Ways, leading from *Woodford* to *Ilford*, in the County of *Essex*, and for shutting up certain other Parts of the said several Roads or Ways. Page 713
- ix. An Act for enlarging, improving and repairing the Parish Church of *Woodford*, in the County of *Essex*, and for enlarging the Church Yard or Burial Ground of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- x. An Act for lighting with Gas the City and County of the City of *Exeter*. *Ibid.*
- xi. An Act to amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for erecting a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the City of *London* to the opposite Bank in the County of *Surrey*. *Ibid.*
- xii. An Act for altering, amending and extending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Manchester* and *Salford*, in the Parish of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. 723
- xiii. An Act to enable *Temple West* Esquire, sole Proprietor of *The Royal Circus* or *Surrey Theatre*, situate in the Parish of *Saint George*, in the County of *Surrey*, to continue the same open, for public Amusement, for a limited time. *Ibid.*
- xiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Preston Candover* to *Basingstoke*, and from thence to *Alton*, in the County of *Southampton*. 725
- xv. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Nantwich*, to *Wheelock Wharf*, in the Township of *Sandbach*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. *Ibid.*
- xvi. An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the High Street in the Town of *Stourbridge*, in the County of *Worcester*, to the Boundary Stone between the Parish of *Worfield*, and the Liberties of the Borough of *Bridgnorth*, in the County of *Shrop*. *Ibid.*
- xvii. An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Stockport*, in the County of *Chester*, to the End of *Guide Lane*, in the County of *Lancaster*, and other Roads therein mentioned in the said Counties, and in the County of *York*; and for making a new Road from the said Road in *Bredbury*, to the Bridge over the River *Mersey* at *Portwood*, near the Town of *Stockport*. *Ibid.*
- xviii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Twenty Mile Stone, on *Egham Hill*, in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Basingstone*, near the Town of *Bagshot*, in the Parish of *Windleham*, in the same County. *Ibid.*
- xix. An Act for erecting a new Gaol and Court House in the Burgh of *Ayr*, in the Shire of *Ayr*. *Ibid.*
- xx. An Act for the Incorporation of *The Highland Society of London*; for the better Management of the Funds of the Society; and for rendering its Exertions more extensive and beneficial to the Public. *Ibid.*
- xxi. An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of *Middlesex*, lying between the Parish of *Saint Luke Chelsea*, and the Mouth of the River *Colne*, near *Staines*; and also between *Limehouse Hole* and the Mouth of the River *Lee*, near *Blackwall*; and

- and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, adjoining to both Banks of the River *Lee*, and the Branches thereof, between the River *Thames* and *Edmonton*. Page 738
- xxiii. An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for constructing an Harbour at *Porthleven*, in *Mount's Bay*, in the County of *Cornwall*. 764
- xxiiii. An Act to enlarge, amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and lighting the City of *Hereford*, and removing Nuisances therein; and for enabling the Corporation of the said City to sell and apply the Produce of certain Messuages and Lands in establishing Market Places, and otherwise improving the said City. *Ibid.*
- xxiv. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Church in and for the Parish of *Newry*, in the Counties of *Down* and *Armagh*. *Ibid.*
- xxv. An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *West Cowes*, in the *Ile of Wight* in the County of *Southampton*; and for establishing a Market within the said Town. *Ibid.*
- xxvi. An Act for paving and improving the Footways, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets and other Public Passages and Places in the Town of *Melksham*, in the County of *Wilts*. *Ibid.*
- xxvii. An Act to repeal a certain Part of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at Woolwich, in the County of Kent*. 765
- xxviii. An Act for repairing and altering the Parish Church of *Saint George the Martyr*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for making further Provision for the Rector of the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- xxix. An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tramroad from *Peak Forest* to *Beard*, and from *Peak Forest* aforesaid, to or near to *Woodlands*, all in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
- xxx. An Act for making and maintaining a Road from near *Gatton Lodge*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Povey Cross*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxxi. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Roads leading from the Town of *Leominster*, in the County of *Hereford*. *Ibid.*
- xxxii. An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the *Lyme Turnpike Road* in the Parish of *Gittisbam*, to *Sidmouth*, in the County of *Devon*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiii. An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty for repairing the Roads from *Bowse*, in the County of *York*, to join the Great North Road, near *Sunderland Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. *Ibid.*
- xxxiv. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Farnborough*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Riverhill*, in the Parish of *Sevenoaks* in the said County. *Ibid.*
- xxxv. An Act for altering and amending several Acts in regard to the Duty of Two Pennies Scots upon every Pint of Ale and Beer sold in the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent. *Ibid.*
- xxxvi. An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several

Several Acts for imposing and continuing a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or the Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Scots Pint of Ale and Beer which shall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped or sold within the Town of *Borrowshounefs* and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Linlithgow*, and for extending the same over the Parish of *Borrowshounefs*; for repairing the Harbour of the said Town; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

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xxxvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Pint of Ale or Beer vended or sold within the Town of *Montrose*, and Privileges thereof; for supplying the said Town with Fresh Water; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

Ibid.

xxxviii. An Act for amending several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle and South Levels*, Part of the *Great Level* of the Fens called *Bedford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouze*, in the County of *Norfolk*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith.

Ibid.

xxxix. An Act for building a new Parish Church and a Parochial Chapel in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes relating thereto.

Ibid.

xl. An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Huddersfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

Ibid.

xli. An Act to enable the Lord Provost, Magistrates and Council of the City of *Edinburgh* to carry into effect certain Purposes in regard to the Erection of a Chapel at the West End of *Prince's Street*, and for effecting certain Improvements in the Neighbourhood thereof, and in other Parts of the extended Royalty of the said City.

Ibid.

xlii. An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of the Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a new Gaol and other Buildings for the County and City of *Edinburgh*; and to alter and amend Two Acts of the Forty third and Forty ninth Years of His present Majesty, in regard to the Statute Labour of the Middle District of the said County.

Ibid.

xliii. An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of *Keighly*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

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xliv. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Port, Harbour and Town of *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; and for better supplying the said Town with Water.

Ibid.

xlv. An Act for altering, amending and explaining Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for widening and improving the Street leading from *Tower Hill* to the Street called *Upper East Smithfield*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

Ibid.

xlvi. An Act for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of *Worcester*.

Ibid.

xlvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Aldermaston* to *Basingstoke*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Southampton*.

Ibid.

xlviii. An

- xviii. An Act for amending the Road from *Dudley Hill* through *Beckwithshaw* to *Killingball*, and from *Beckwithshaw* to the South west Corner of *Harrogate* Inclosures, and for making and maintaining a Branch therefrom to *Bradford*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
Page 767
- xix. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Darlaston Bridge* to the most Northern Part of *Talk-on-the-Hill* in *Butt Lane*, in the County of *Stafford*, and also the Road branching out of the said first mentioned Road to *Sbelton Wharf*, in the said County. *Ibid.*
- l. An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road leading from the Limits of the Counties of *Edinburgh* and *Lanark*, into the Burgh of *Lanark*, with a Branch towards *Ravenstruther*, in the County of *Lanark*. *Ibid.*
- li. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts, so far as the same relate to the Roads from *Birmingham* through *Wednesbury*, to *High Bullen*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Worcester* and *Stafford*. 768
- lii. An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Biggleswade* to *Alconbury Hill*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Bedford* and *Huntingdon*. *Ibid.*
- liii. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Roads from *Shrewsbury* through *Ellesmere* in the County of *Salop*, and *Overton* in the County of *Flint*, to *Wrexham* in the County of *Denbigh*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far as relates to the *Ellesmere* District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- liv. An Act to amend an Act of the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Parish of *Saint James*, within the Liberty of *Westminster*, and another Act of the First Year of King *James* the Second, for erecting the said Parish. *Ibid.*
- lv. An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty second and Twenty third Years of the Reign of His Majesty King *Charles* the Second, for making the Manor of *Paris Garden* a Parish, and to enable the Parishioners of *Saint Saviour's Southwark* to raise a Maintenance for Ministers, and for Repairs of their Church; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- lvi. An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr*, in *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for other Purposes relating thereto. *Ibid.*
- lvii. An Act to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and otherways improving the Town of *Belfast*, in the County of *Antrim*, and for better effecting those Purposes. *Ibid.*
- lviii. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Crowle, Eastoft and Ealand, in the Parish of Crowle, in the County of Lincoln, and extending into the West Riding of the County of York*; and for draining or warping the said Lands in the Parishes of *Luddington, Belton* and *Adlingfleet*, and for making Drains in the Parish of *Abhorpe*; all in the said Counties of *Lincoln* and *York*. 769
- lix. An Act for building a new Gaol in the City of *Bristol*, and for other Purposes. *Ibid.*

- ix. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for rebuilding and repairing the Piers of *Bridlington* otherwise *Burlington*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*; and for granting further Powers for those Purposes. Page 769
- lxi. An Act for amending and enlarging the Provisions of an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Rochdale* and the Neighbourhood with Water. Ibid.
- lxii. An Act for Building a Bridge across the River *Irwell*, from the Township of *Salford*, in the Parish of *Manchester*, to *Strangeways*, in the Township of *Cheetham*, all in the County of *Lancaster*; and for making proper Avenues thereto. Ibid.
- lxiii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the Precinct of the *Savoy*, or near thereunto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith in the County of *Surrey*; and also for making a new Road in lieu of Part of the Road or Street called *Narrow Wall*, in the said County of *Surrey*; and for making an Archway over Part of such new Road; and for denominating the said Bridge *The Waterloo Bridge*. Ibid.
- xliv. An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Waterford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 782
- xv. An Act for establishing a New Church, called the Church of *Saint Mark*, situate in the Town and Parish of *Liverpool*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. Ibid.
- lxvi. An Act for the better Relief and more effectually employing the Poor of the Township of *Shardlow* and *Wilne*, in the County of *Derby*, and the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned in the said County, and in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Nottingham*. Ibid.
- lxvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of certain Acts for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Worcester* and *Warwick*, so far as relate to the Road leading from the Town of *Brooms Grove* to the Town of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worcester*, and for making a more commodious Road near the Town of *Dudley*. 783
- lxviii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts, for amending the Road from the End of the Town Close, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to the Chalk Pits near *Thetford*, in the County of *Norfolk*. Ibid.
- lxix. An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North End of the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, to *Sheffield*, in the County of *York*, and from *Duffield* to *Worksworth*, in the County of *Derby*. Ibid.
- lxx. An Act for making and maintaining Highways, Roads, Bridges and Quays, and for regulating Ferries in the Shire of *Argyll*; and for altering and repairing certain Military and other Roads, Bridges and Quays in the said Shire, and in the Parish of *Arrochar*, and Shire of *Dumbarton*. Ibid.
- lxxi. An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road, leading from the City of *Dublin*, to the New Packet Harbour of *Howth*, for the Conveyance of His Majesty's Mails; and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road. Ibid.
- lxxii. An

- lxxii. An Act for continuing and amending Four Acts passed in the Reigns of their late Majesties King George the First and King George the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Luton* to *Westwood Gate*, in the County of *Bedford*, and from *Luton* to *Saint Albans*, in the County of *Hertford*. Page 783
- lxxiii. An Act for establishing and regulating a Fund for the Widows, Children and Relatives of Officers or Persons belonging to the Department of Customs in *England*. 784
- lxxiv. An Act for amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh* and the adjoining Districts, and for other Purposes relating thereto. 790
- lxxv. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the Road from *Borrowstowness* by the West of *Linsibgow*, and by *Torbibben*, *Bathgate* and *Whiteburn*, to the Confines of the County of *Linsibgow*, at or near *Holhouseburn*; and for making and maintaining a certain Road from *Borrowstowness* to the River *Avon*. *Ibid.*
- lxxvi. An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts, in the City and County of the City of *Bristol*, and the Liberties thereof, and in the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Somerset*. *Ibid.*
- lxxvii. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Town and Parishes of *Gravesend* and *Milton*, in the County of *Kent*, and for the better Assessment and Collection of the Poor Rates and other Rates within the Parish of *Gravesend*. *Ibid.*
- lxxviii. An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of *Kent*. *Ibid.*
- lxxix. An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Horseley Upright Gate*, leading down *Bowden Hill*, in the County of *Wilts*, to the Top of *Kingsdown Hill*, in the Parish of *Box*, in the said County, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto. 816
- lxxx. An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Highways from *Speenhamland*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilts*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as relates to the *Speenhamland* District of the said Roads. *Ibid.*
- lxxxi. An Act for the more effectual Security and Improvement of the Harbour of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Suffex*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxii. An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for Paving, Lighting, Watching and otherwise improving the several Streets and other Public Places upon certain Lands near *Battle Bridge*, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras* in the County of *Middlesex*. 817
- lxxxiii. An Act for improving the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the City of *Carlisle*. *Ibid.*
- lxxxiv. An Act for erecting Buildings for the Accommodation of the Court of Chancery. *Ibid.*
- lxxxv. An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the

- the Grand Junction Canal in the Parish of *Paddington* to the River *Thames*, in the Parish of *Limehouse*. Page 821
- lxxxvi. An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Ratoath* and *Curragha*. Ibid.
- lxxxvii. An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers to the Gas Light and Coke Company. Ibid.

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

1. AN Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Alwinton*, in the County of *Northumberland*. Page 829
2. An Act for inclosing the Common or Waste Ground, called *Halton Moss* or *Moore Moss*, within the Manor and Township of *Moore*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. Ibid.
3. An Act for ratifying and confirming certain Exchanges made under an Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Blidworth*, in the County of *Nottingham*. Ibid.
4. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thorp Arch* and *Walton*, in the County of the City of *York*. Ibid.
5. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newburn*, in the County of *Northumberland*. Ibid.
6. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Heaton*, in the Parish of *Leek*, in the County of *Stafford*. Ibid.
7. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ripon*, in the County of *York*. Ibid.
8. An Act for vesting several Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments belonging to the Free Grammar School of King *Edward* the Sixth, in the Town or Borough of *Grantham*, in Trustees to be sold; and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled upon the Trusts on which such Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments are held. 830
9. An Act for confirming and effectuating a Partition of a Messuage, Farm and Lands, called *Westbourn*, otherwise *Westbury Farm*, in the Parishes of *Paddington*, *Kensington* and *Chelsea*, or some or one of them, in the County of *Middlesex*, in which the Very Reverend *William Beaumont Busby* Doctor in Divinity, and *William Hervey* Esquire, have undivided Moieties. Ibid.
10. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Eccbinswell*, and especially within the Tything of *East Woodhay*, otherwise *Wydbey*, in the County of *Southampton*. Page 830
11. An Act to commute for a Corn Rent the Tithes and Dues payable to the Vicar of the Parish and Parish Church of *Saint Michael upon Wyre*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. Ibid.

12. An

12. An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate devised by the Will of the Reverend *Henry Zouch* for an Estate belonging to *John Lowther* Esquire, in Fee Simple. Page 830
13. An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Parish of *Leeds*, in the County of *York*, Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *Christopher* late Lord Bishop of *Bristol*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
14. An Act for vesting Parts of the settled Estates of *Samuel Aldersey* Esquire, in the County of *Chester*, in a Trustee, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
15. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Borwick* and Parish of *Warton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. *Ibid.*
16. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Alton*, in the Parish of *Rock*, in the County of *Worcester*. *Ibid.*
17. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wellington*, in the County of *Somerst.* 831
18. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Ashrigg*, in the Parish of *Aisgarth* and County of *York*. *Ibid.*
19. An Act for inclosing Land in the Hamlet of *Homesfield*, in the Parish of *Dronfield*, in the County of *Derby*. *Ibid.*
20. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Briestwistle*, in the Parish of *Tbornbill*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
21. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Church Stretton*, *Wistanstow* and *Edgton*, in the County of *Salop*. *Ibid.*
22. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Londesborough*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
23. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Whiston*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
24. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Stainland*, in the Parish of *Halifax*, in the County of *York*. *Ibid.*
25. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Saggart*, in the County of *Dublin*. *Ibid.*
26. An Act for inclosing *West Sedgmoor*, in the County of *Somerst.* *Ibid.*
27. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Feckenham*, in the County of *Worcester*. 832
28. An Act for selling certain Lands and Heritages in the Shire of *Berwick*, entailed by *Neil* late Earl of *Roseberry*, deceased, for Payment of the Balance of the Price of certain other Lands purchased and entailed by him; and for purchasing and entailing other Lands more convenient to the Family Estates. *Ibid.*
29. An Act for vesting certain Estates devised by the Will of *Nathan Hyde* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, in Trust to be sold, and for laying out the Monies arising from such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. *Ibid.*
30. An Act for making the Trustees of *Prisca Coborn's* Charity a Body Corporate, and for enabling them to sell Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to apply the Money arising therefrom in manner therein mentioned, and to grant Building Leases of other Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to appoint new Trustees of such of the Copyhold Estates belonging to the said Charity as are not to be sold. *Ibid.*
31. An Act for uniting the Rectory of *Great Birch*, in the County of

- of *Effex*, with the adjoining Rectory of *Little Birch*, in the same County, after the next Avoidance of either Benefice. Page 832
32. An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Worcester*, and *John Knight* Esquire, of certain Lands in the County of *Worcester*. *Ibid.*
33. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newcastle under Lyme*, *Trentbam*, *Woolstanton* and *Stoke upon Trent*, in the County of *Stafford*. *Ibid.*
34. An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Dalham*, in the County of *Suffolk*. *Ibid.*
35. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Divisions of *Strickland Kettle* and *Nether Stavely*, in the Parish of *Kirkby in Kendal*, in the County of *Westmorland*. 833
36. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sonning*, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Oxford*. *Ibid.*
37. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Arusfley*, in the County of *Montgomery*. *Ibid.*
38. An Act for vesting certain Lands belonging to the Reverend *Henry Chatfield*, in the Rector for the time being of the Parish of *Balcombe* in the County of *Suffex*; in Exchange for the Parsonage House of *Balcombe*, and the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Parish; and for enabling the said *Henry Chatfield* to build a new Parsonage House upon the first mentioned Lands. *Ibid.*
39. An Act for establishing and effectuating an Exchange made between the Reverend *Egerton Robert Newe*, Rector of *Middleton Stony*, in the County of *Oxford*, and the Most Noble *John Duke of Bedford*, and *George Bainbridge* Esquire, of Glebe and other Lands in *Middleton Stony* aforesaid. *Ibid.*
40. An Act for rendering valid the Sale of certain Estates in the County of *Argyll*, and a Salmon Fishing in the County of *Inverness*, of *George Marquis of Tweeddale*, made under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty. *Ibid.*
41. An Act for vesting Part of the Settled Estates of the Reverend Sir *Charles John Anderson* Baronet, in the County of *York*, in Trustees to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
42. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Corfbam*, in the County of *Wilts*. *Ibid.*
43. An Act for vesting the undivided Parts or Shares of *Robert Boyd* the Younger, *John Boyd* and *Uriah Boyd*, Infants, of and in certain settled Estates in the Parishes of *Charlton* and *Woolwich*, in the County of *Kent*, in Trustees for Sale, and for investing the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. *Ibid.*
44. An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of Sir *Francis Boynton* Baronet, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying the Produce in or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. 834
45. An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Settled Estates of *John Wharton* Esquire, for certain other Estates belonging to him in Fee Simple, situate in the Counties of *York*, *Westmorland* and *Durham*. *Ibid.*
46. An Act for vesting in new Trustees the Trust Estates devised by the Will of *Philip Burton* Esquire, deceased. *Ibid.*

47. An Act for vesting a certain Settled Estate of *Ann Sylvester* and others, in *Westcott*, over *Westcott* and *Nether Westcott*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances thereon, and for purchasing other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. Page 834
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PRIVATE ACTS,
NOT PRINTED.

48. AN Act to relieve the Right Honourable *George Granville Leveson Gower*, commonly called *Earl Gower*, who was elected to serve in this present Parliament for the County of *Stafford*, from certain Penalties and Disabilities, which he has incurred by sitting and voting in the House of Commons without having taken the Oaths, and in other Respects conformed to the Laws in such case made and provided.
49. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields, Ings, Commons and Waste Lands, within the Manor of *Houghton with Castleford*, in the Parish of *Castleford*, in the West Riding of the County of *Tork*.
50. An Act for inclosing certain Lands in the Parish of *Merton*, called *Merton Common*, in the County of *Surrey*.
51. An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cbeddar*, *Priddy* and *Rodney Stoke*, in the County of *Somerset*.
52. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Larling*, in the County of *Norfolk*.
53. An Act for making an Allotment or Allotments of Land, in lieu of Tithes and Common Rights, within the Parish of *Goddington*, in the County of *Oxford*.
54. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Cleator*, in the County of *Cumberland*.
55. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *Sir George Hilary Barlow* Baronet, Knight Grand Cross of the Order of Bath, with *Dame Eliza*, otherwise *Elizabeth*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
56. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Downton* and *Britford*, in the County of *Wilts*.
57. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Morley*, in the West Riding of the County of *Tork*.
58. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Gilligats*, in the Parish of *Saint Giles*, in the County of *Durham*.
59. An Act for inclosing a certain Common or Tract of Waste Land, called *Minish Wood*, in the Parish of *Linridge*, in the County of *Worcester*.
60. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Newton*, in the Parish of *Clodock*, in the County of *Hereford*.
61. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Saint Margaret*, in the County of *Hereford*.
62. An Act for naturalizing *David Engelbart*.
63. An Act for settling and securing the Lands and Estates of *Wester Kinnaird*, *Drumnacarrff*, *Craignisb*, *Portinsock*, *Balnaguard*, *Balnavert*

- navert and Wester and Easter Logierait and Killiechangie*, and other Hereditaments in the County of *Perth*, to and in favour of *John Duke of Atholl*, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by a certain Deed of Entail made by *John* late Duke of *Atholl*, under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed, and in lieu thereof for vesting certain Parts of the Estates entailed by the said *John* late Duke of *Atholl*, lying in the said County, in the said *John* Duke of *Atholl*, and his Heirs and Assigns, in Fee Simple.
64. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Township and Manor of *Hawkswick*, in the Parish of *Arncliffe*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.
65. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Allestey*, in the County of *Warwick*.
66. An Act for inclosing Lands within the Townships of *Buckden* and *Starbotton*, in the Parishes of *Arncliffe* and *Kettlewell*, in the County of *York*.
67. An Act for settling and securing the Lands of *Dunduff* and *Kirkbride*, and other Hereditaments, in the County of *Ayr*, to and in favour of *Thomas Kennedy*, of *Dunure*, in the said County, Esquire, and the Series of Heirs entitled to take by a Deed of Entail and Nomination of Heirs made by *Thomas Kennedy*, some time of *Dunure*, Esquire, deceased, under the Conditions and Limitations contained in the said Deed, and in lieu thereof, vesting certain Parts of the entailed Estate of *Dunure*, in the said County, in the said *Thomas Kennedy*, now of *Dunure*, and his Heirs and Assignees, in Fee Simple.
68. An Act for dividing and allotting in Severalty, Lands in the Parish of *Everley*, in the County of *Wilts*.
69. An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Crudwell*, in the County of *Wilts*.
70. An Act for inclosing Lands in the several Parishes, Townships or Liberties of *Road* and *Ashton*, in the County of *Northampton*, and for extinguishing the Tithes thereof.
71. An Act for inclosing *Black Lyne Common*, in the Parish of *Bewcastle*, in the County of *Cumberland*.
72. An Act for amending and rendering effectual an Act of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Harmondsworth*, in the County of *Middlesex*.
73. An Act for naturalizing *Frederick Klein*.
74. An Act for effectuating an Exchange of the Advowson of the Church of the Parish of *Bagendon*, in the County of *Gloucester*, belonging to *Joseph Pitt* Esquire, for a Right which the Principal, Fellows, and Scholars of *Jesus College*, within the City and University of *Oxford*, of the Foundation of Queen *Elizabeth*, have in the Nomination of a Curate to the Curacy of the Improperiate Rectory of *Cheltenham*, in the said County, also belonging to the said *Joseph Pitt*.
75. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Sir *William Abdy* Baronet, with Dame *Anne Abdy* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.
76. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of Lieutenant General *William Dyott* with *Elinor*, otherwise *Eleanor*, his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

THE STATUTES AT LARGE.

Anno Regni GEORGIÏ III. Britanniarum Regis,
Quinquagesimo Sexto.

AT the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Twenty fourth Day of *November*, Anno Domini 1812, in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith; And from thence continued, by several Prorogations, to the First Day of *February* 1816, being the Fourth Session of the Fifth Parliament of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

C A P. I.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, several Laws relating to the Duties on Glafs made in *Great Britain*.
[26th *February* 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Laws hereinafter mentioned should be revived and further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for the better Collection of the said Duties*; as was by another Act made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign aforesaid continued until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and twelve; and by another Act made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued to the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall from the said First Day of *August*

So much of
49 G. 3. c. 63.
as was continued
by 51 G. 3.
c. 69. § 46.
52 G. 3. c. 64.
§ 1.
53 G. 3. c. 109.
§ 1. and
54 G. 3. c. 97.
revived and fur-
ther continued
till March 25,
1818.

One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be payable, and be raised, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said first recited A& so heretofore continued as aforesaid, as if the same had never expired.

51 G. 3. c. 69.
revived, and
further contin-
ued till
March 25, 1818.

II. And be it further enacted, That an A& made in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An A& for repealing the Duty on the Materials used in making Flint and Pbial Glafs, and for granting, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and twelve, other Duties in lieu thereof; and for continuig and amending an A& passed in the Forty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled An A& for repealing the Duties on the Materials used in making Spread Window Glafs and Crown Glafs, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for the better Collection of the said Duties; which was by an A& made in the Fifty second Year of the Reign aforesaid continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by another A& made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fourteen; and by another A& made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign aforesaid further continued until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued, and shall be, remain and continue in force from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and that all and singular the Duties thereby imposed and made payable shall from the said First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, until the said Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, be payable, and be raised, levied, collected and paid, as directed in and by the said A& as if the same had never expired.*

A& altered, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That this A& may be altered, varied or repealed by any A& or A&ts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. II.

An A& to revive and further continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an A& of the Seventh Year of King *George* the Second, for the free Importation of *Cochineal* and *Indigo*.

[26th February 1816.]

7 G. 2. c. 18.
revived, and fur-
ther continued
till March 25,
1817.

WHEREAS an A& was made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled *An A& for the Revival of an A& made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled An A& for the free Importation of Cochineal during the Time therein limited, and also for the free Importation of Indigo; which was to continue in force from the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand seven hundred and thirty four, for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which by several subsequent A&ts was further continued from the Expiration thereof until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen: And Whereas*
by

‘ by an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty
 ‘ the said Act was revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March*
 ‘ One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and continued in force
 ‘ until Nine Months after the Conclusion of the then present War:
 ‘ And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be again
 ‘ revived and further continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by The
 King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Con-
 sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 That the said Act shall from and after the Expiration thereof be
 revived, and the same is hereby revived, and shall continue in force
 until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred
 and seventeen.

C A P. III.

An Act for continuing to His Majesty certain Duties on Malt,
 Sugar, Tobacco and Snuff, in *Great Britain*; and on Pen-
 sions, Offices and Personal Estates, in *England*; for the
 Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.
 [4th *March* 1816.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**E, Your Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the
 ‘ Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and
 ‘ *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, towards raising the necessary
 ‘ Supplies to defray Your Majesty’s public Expences, have freely
 ‘ and voluntarily resolved to give and grant unto Your Majesty, the
 ‘ Rates, Duties and Impositions hereinafter mentioned;’ And do
 most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be
 it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Autho-
 rity of the same, That within and throughout that Part of *Great*
Britain called *England*, *Wales* and the Town of *Berwick upon*
Tweed, the Duty for and upon all Malt which, in and by One Act
 of Parliament passed in the First Year of His Majesty’s Reign, inti-
 tuled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties*
upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, for the Service of the Year One
thousand seven hundred and sixty one, was granted or continued to
 His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand
 seven hundred and sixty two, and which by several subsequent Acts
 has from time to time been granted and continued to His Majesty
 until the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred
 and sixteen, shall be further continued in like manner, and shall be
 and is by this Act charged for or upon all Malt which shall be made
 within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, *Wales* and the
 Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, from and after the Twenty third
 Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and before
 the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and
 seventeen.

I G. 3. c. 3.
 further con-
 tinued.

II. And be it further enacted, That within and throughout that
 Part of the Kingdom of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, there shall
 be raised, levied, collected, paid and satisfied, unto and for the Use
 of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Malt, the
 Duties to be
 paid in *Scotland*
 for Malt.

the Duty hereinafter mentioned, (that is to say): For and upon every Bushel of Malt which at any time or times from and after the Twenty third Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be made of Barley or any other Corn or Grain in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three pence, and so proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

How the Duties on Malt shall be raised.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, until the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such and the like Allowances and Repayments proportionably, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation and other Powers, in all respects, not otherwise directed by this Act, as are prescribed, mentioned or expressed in the said former Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for or concerning the Duties by them or any of them granted or continued, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament now in force relating to the raising, levying, collecting, securing and managing such Duties; and that the same Act formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as for and concerning the said Duties upon Malt, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter and Thing in them or any of them contained, or thereby referred unto, and now being in force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in force and effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing and accounting for the Rates, Duties and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act; save and except as to so much of the said Acts or either of them, herein mentioned or referred unto, as gave Power to the Commissioners of Excise, or to any other Person or Persons therein named, in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, to compound and agree with any Person or Persons for the Duties of such Malt which should grow due or payable from him, her or them, by the said Acts or either of them; any Thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Former Acts in force.

Save as to compounding for Duties.

For raising a certain Sum of Money in *Scotland*; and in case of Deficiency an additional Duty to be made.

IV. And Whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, that the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, clear of all Charges and Expences of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by a Malt Tax to be raised and levied as in *England*, by a Duty of Three pence per Bushel on all Malt made and consumed in *Scotland*; and in case the said Duty of Three pence per Bushel upon Malt to be charged

Royal Mercy to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Naval Court Martial on Condition of Transportation or Imprisonment, or of being kept to hard Labour for Life, or for any Term of Years, it shall and may be lawful, on a Communication of the Intention of His Majesty from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, or any Three or more of them, for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to notify to any Justice of The King's Bench or Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif, such Intention of Mercy as aforesaid; whereupon the said Justice or Baron shall allow such Offender the Benefit of such conditional Pardon as shall be expressed in such Notification, in the same manner as if a conditional Pardon to the same Effect had passed under the Great Seal for that Purpose; and the said Justice or Baron, and all other Officers or Persons whatsoever, are to make such Order or Orders, and to do and perform all such Acts or Aets for the carrying into effect the Punishment mentioned in such conditional Pardon, as may be required by the said Acts of the Thirty seventh and Fifty fifth Years of His said Majesty, or by any other Act or Acts which may be in force at the time when such conditional Pardon shall be granted for carrying into Execution any Sentence of Transportation or Imprisonment, or to be kept to hard Labour, passed at any Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery in the United Kingdom; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey such Order or Orders, and be assistant in the Execution thereof, and of all such Act or Acts as aforesaid, and be liable to the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interruption of the same, as they would be if the said Offender had been convicted by any Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery, and as if such Order and Orders had been made, and such Act or Acts performed, or required to be performed in pursuance of such Conviction.

in cases of Naval Courts Martial, how carried into Execution.

37 G. 3. c. 140.
§ 2—4.
55 G. 3. c. 156.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to cause any Offender who may be in Prison or Confinement after or under any Sentence of a Naval Court Martial, or after or under any conditional Pardon as aforesaid, to be removed from the Prison or Place of Confinement in which he may at any time be, to such other fit and proper Prison or Place of Confinement being a Public Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, within the United Kingdom, as to His Majesty may seem expedient; and any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a Warrant or other Instrument under his Hand for such Removal, and for carrying into Execution such Part or Parts of such Sentence as may remain unexpired or unsatisfied, or for which His Majesty's Gracious Pardon may not have been granted; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Warrant or Instrument, be assistant in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interruption of the same, as if the said Person were under Sentence of a Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery for such Imprisonment, as in the said Warrant may be specified.

Offenders removed from one Place of Confinement to another.

III. And

13 G. I. c. 30.

such manner as directed by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled *An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.*

Act to relate to
the same Day as
Act 1 G. 3. c. 3.

VI. And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all Cases where the hereinbefore recited Act of the First Year of his present Majesty's Reign did relate to any Day or time within the Year which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June One thousand seven hundred and sixty one, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year commenced from the said Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Malt brought
from Scotland
entered, if not
then forfeited.

VII. And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in *Scotland* not to be consumed there, which at any time or times between the Twenty third Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall be brought into *England, Wales* or the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, shall, in case the same shall be brought by Sea, be entered with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into *England, Wales* or the Town of *Berwick upon Tweed* aforesaid, and the Sum of Sixpence *per* Bushel for the Duties thereof shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced that it hath paid the said Duty of Three pence *per* Bushel in *Scotland*; and if such Certificate be produced, then there shall be paid no more than Three pence *per* Bushel, by virtue of this Act, for such Malt so brought into *England*; and in case the same be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of *Berwick* or *Carlisle*, and there entered with the Officer for the said Duties, in such of the said Towns by or through which such Malt shall be so carried, and the like Duty of Sixpence *per* Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then there shall be paid no more than Three pence *per* Bushel by virtue of this Act, on pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or be brought into *England* without such Entry or Payment of the Duties as aforesaid; and in case any Malt made in *Scotland* shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of *Scotland*, or be brought from thence by Land by or beyond the Towns before mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise for His Majesty's Use, One Moiety of the aforesaid Forfeiture to be and go to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform, seize or sue for the same, or the Value thereof, and to be recovered and levied by such Ways, Means and Methods as any Penalties and Forfeitures are by this or any the former Acts relating to the Malt Duties to be recovered and levied, or by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law or more than one Impar lance, shall be allowed.

Entry.

Duty of Six-
pence per
Bushel.

Malt forfeited,
or Value
thereof.

Allowance to
Maltsters for

VIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June One thousand eight hundred and sixteen,

teen, there shall be allowed to Maltsters and Makers of Malt, for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of Barley or other Corn or Grain which shall be made into Malt for Exportation, in Cases where by Law any Bounty is allowed on the Exportation of Malt, an Allowance of Thirty Quarters after the same shall be dried and made into Malt, and no more, upon the Exportation thereof, though by their steeping, wetting or watering the same, the said Twenty Quarters shall be run out to any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarters.

Grain made into Malt.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if after the shipping of any Malt made to be exported, the Malt so shipped to be exported, or any Part thereof, shall be reloaded in any Part of *Great Britain*, then and in every such Case all the Malt which shall be reloaded, and Treble the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, (that is to say) One Moiety thereof to The King, and the other Moiety to the Person or Persons who shall seize, inform or sue for the same; and such Malt so reloaded shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise.

Malt shipped for Exportation and reloaded forfeited, and Treble Value.

X. And Whereas Maltsters and Makers of Malt for Exportation do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Steepings of Corn or Grain that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, on or as soon as it comes off from the Kiln, by reason whereof the Officers for the Duties on Malt cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof, by which Means great Quantities of each Steeping of such Malt are or may be privately conveyed away, and made use of for Home Consumption, though the same has not been charged with the Duty as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be; Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Maltster or Maltsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and entire Quantity of his, her or their Corn or Grain making into Malt for Exportation, of One Steeping or Wetting, when the same shall be on the Kiln, or after the same shall be taken off the Kiln, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Steeping or Wetting of Corn or Grain, until the same shall have been measured by such Maltsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Steepings of Malt for Exportation kept separate till measured.

Penalty.

XI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all such Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Exportation shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept, of the Hour when he, she or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kiln or Kilns, that such Officer or Officers may attend the Measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately carried on Shipboard, if intended to be then exported, or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse or other Place belonging to such Maltsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Notice to Officers for taking Malt off Kilns.

Penalty.

XII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand

Clandestinely opening Locks of Storehouses.

shall not be granted before the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then all the said Exchequer Bills with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies as at any time or times at or after such Period shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Consolidated Fund (except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf); and such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

How Monies
issued out of
Consolidated
Fund replaced.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Exchequer Bills
to bear Interest
if Provision not
made for Pay-
ment before
April 5, 1818.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Interest shall be payable or paid upon or in respect of the said Exchequer Bills: Provided always, that in case Provision shall not be made by Parliament for Payment of the said Exchequer Bills, so that the same shall be fully paid and discharged on or before the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then and in such case the said Exchequer Bills, or such Part thereof as shall then remain unpaid, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, bear Interest at and after the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum per Annum*; and such Interest is hereby made chargeable and charged upon, and shall be borne and paid by and out of the same Fund as the Principal Money payable in respect of the said Exchequer Bills is by this Act charged and chargeable upon; any thing in this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from *The Cape of Good Hope*.

[22d *March* 1816.]

‘**W**HEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned is near expiring, and fit to be continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to authorize His Majesty during the present War to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from The Cape of Good Hope*; which was revived and continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fifth Day of

49 G. 3. c. 17.
further con-
tinued.

of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [54 G. 3. c. 182.]

C A P. IX.

An Act for charging certain Duties on Foreign Packets or Passage Vessels entering or departing any of the Ports of *Great Britain*. [22d *March* 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Tonnage Duty should be imposed upon *French* Packets or Passage Vessels, on their entering and departing any of the Ports of *Great Britain*, equivalent to the Duty now payable on *British* Packets or Passage Vessels entering and departing the Ports of *France*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, collected, levied and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Tonnage Duty at and after the Rate of Three Shillings and Six pence of good and lawful Money of *Great Britain* for each and every Ton Burthen of every Packet or Passage Vessel belonging to the Subjects of His Most Christian Majesty, which shall lade or unlade any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or take in or set on Shore any Passengers in any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of *Great Britain*, and that the Tonnage of every such Vessel shall, in case of Doubt or Dispute as to the same, be ascertained by the proper Officers of the Customs by Admeasurement, in manner directed by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the further Encouragement and Increase of Shipping and Navigation*.

French Packets,
&c. to pay Duty.

26 G. 3. c. 60.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, to stop and detain any Packet or Passage Vessel liable to the Payment of the said Duty, until the same is paid as aforesaid; and in case Payment thereof shall not be made for the Space of Thirty Days after the Arrival of such Vessel at any such Port, Creek, Harbour or Road in this Kingdom, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, or any Three or more of them, to cause such Packet or Passage Vessel, and her Masts, Apparel and Furniture, to be sold publicly to the best Bidder, and the Produce thereof to be applied, first to the Charges that shall arise by such Detention and Sale, next to the said Duty imposed by this Act, and the Overplus to be paid to the Proprietor of such Packet or Passage Vessel or other Person duly authorized by such Proprietor to receive the same.

Packets not paying
Duty detained
and sold.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Tonnage Duty hereby imposed shall be paid into the Hands of the proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs at the respective Ports or Places where such Duty shall become due and payable; and such Duty shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively.

Duty under
Commissioners
of Customs.

IV. And

39 G. 3. c. 5. *Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven: [And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eleven:] (a) And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by one other Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs**

(a) [The Part of this Section in Brackets appears to be a Repetition of the former Part, but it is so on the Roll.]

payable

and ninety eight, and all and every their Clerks, Agents, Secondaries, Substitutes and other inferior Ministers whatsoever, (such Military Officers who are or shall be in Muster by the Muster Master General of His Majesty's Army, or in Pay in His Majesty's Army or Navy in respect of such Offices only excepted,) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty any Sum not exceeding the Sum at which such Office or Employment was assessed in the Year commencing from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, by virtue of the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting*

38 G. 3. c. 5.

an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; and that all and every Person and Persons, Guilds and Fraternities, Bodies Politic and Corporate, having an Annuity, Pension, Stipend or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *England*, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in *Great Britain*, or payable or secured to be paid by any Person or Persons whatsoever in *Great Britain*, (not being or issuing out of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or charged upon the same, or included in any Assessment made upon Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments mentioned in the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by*

38 G. 3. c. 5.

a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, and not being Annuities or yearly Payments which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made or to be made are or shall be especially exempted from the Payment of Taxes or Aids,) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings by the Year for every such Annuity, Pension, Stipend or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for one whole Year; the said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted to be assessed, imposed, levied and collected, in such manner as hereinafter is mentioned.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the better assessing, ordering, levying and collecting of the several Sums of Money to as last aforesaid limited and appointed to be raised and paid in the aforesaid Part of *Great Britain*, called *England*, *Wales* and *Berwick upon Tweed*, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and for the more effectual putting this Act in Execution, in reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who, in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled

Commissioners of Land Tax appointed.

An Act for appointing Commissioners for carrying into Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, for granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions and Offices in England, and an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight; or in and by one other Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for revising Mis-*

54 G. 3. c. 190.

takes in the Names of the Land Tax Commissioners, and for appointing additional Commissioners, and indemnifying such Persons as have acted without due Authority in the Execution of the Acts therein recited;

55 G. 3. c. 150.

were

38 G. 3. c. 5.

To be Commis-
sioners for this
Act.Meetings of
Commissioners.Commissioners
to inspect Af-
fessments made
by virtue of
38 G. 3. c. 5.Schedule de-
livered,

were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Acts within the several Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places of *England, Wales* and Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, duly qualifying themselves according to the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, in that Behalf, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for all and every the Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments and Places, situate within the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, Divisions and Places respectively.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners last aforesaid shall meet together at the most usual and common Places of Meeting within their respective Hundreds, Lathes, Rapes, Wapentakes, Wards and other Divisions respectively, within *England, Wales* and *Berwick upon Tweed*, within which they are appointed Commissioners, on or before the Thirtieth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall meet afterwards in like manner as often as it shall be necessary, for putting so much of this Act in Execution as is hereby committed to their Care and Charge; and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting or Meetings, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to inspect and examine the Assessments made by virtue of the said recited Act, made in the Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, for the Year ending on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and ascertain the several and respective Sums of Money charged by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, in every Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment or Place, for or in respect of any Estate in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels or other Personal Estate, and also for or in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends as aforesaid, by any Assessment made for the said Year ending on the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and separate, divide and set down in Writing the Amount of the several and respective Sums charged upon Estates in ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, Chattels or other Personal Estate, and also the several and respective Sums charged in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends as aforesaid, from the Monies charged in such Parishes, Constablewicks, Divisions, Allotments or Places by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, upon Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment under their Hands and Seals, fairly written, containing the whole Sum assessed on each Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment or Place, where any Assessment shall have been made upon Personal Estates, or in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends, and also the Christian Names and Surnames of the respective Assessors and Collectors under the Receiver General of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town and Place respectively, where such Assessments shall have been made, or his Deputy, and shall transmit or cause to be transmitted

transmitted a like Schedule or Duplicate into The King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, and this the Commissioners shall cause to be done on or before the Tenth Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, for which Duplicates the Receiver and Remembrancer, or their respective Deputies, shall give to the Person who brings the same a Receipt in Writing, gratis, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered to The King's Use as other Penalties are by this Act recoverable.

and transmitted to King's Remembrancer's Office.

Penalty.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Parish or Place in which any Assessment shall have been or shall be made, under and by virtue of the said last recited Act, on any Person or Persons in respect of any Offices or Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions or Stipends, by any Assessment for the Year ending on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, from and after that time be wholly discharged from so much of the Sums to be levied upon such Parish or Place, according to the Proportions established under the said recited Act.

Places in which Assessments are made discharged.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Powers, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things, which in and by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, are provided and established for ascertaining, raising, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying and managing the Rates and Assessments granted by the said last mentioned Act; and which by the said other Act passed in the same Thirty eighth Year aforesaid, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the Manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, are continued and made perpetual, in relation to the Rates and Assessments charged on Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, until the Redemption and Purchase thereof shall be practised, used and put in Execution in and for the ascertaining, raising, levying, mitigating, adjudging, paying and managing the said last mentioned Rates, Assessments and Sums of Money to be charged, assessed and levied by virtue of this Act, in respect of Personal Estates, and in respect of Offices or Employments of Profit, and Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other Yearly Payments, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Penalties and Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters and Things were particularly repeated and reenacted in this Act.

Penalties imposed by said Act to extend to Act.

XXIII. Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, the Town and County of the Town of *Newcastle upon Tyne* was charged in the Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen Shillings and Four pence, Part whereof has been raised and charged on the Duty hereinafter mentioned: And Whereas by Two Acts, one thereof passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to*

38 G. 3. c. 5.
§ 2.

39 G. 3. c.

contract

‘ *contra* with the Most Noble Charles Duke of Richmond for the
 ‘ absolute Purchase of the Property of the said Duke, and all others
 ‘ interested, in a certain Duty of Twelve-pence per Chaldron on Coals
 ‘ shipped in the River Tyne, to be consumed in England, and to grant
 ‘ a Compensation for the same by way of Annuity, payable out of the Con-
 ‘ solidated Fund; and the other thereof passed in the Thirty ninth and
 ‘ Fortieth Years of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled *An Act*
 ‘ to confirm an Agreement entered into between the Commissioners of
 ‘ His Majesty’s Treasury and the Most Noble Charles Duke of Rich-
 ‘ mond, in pursuance of an *Act* passed in the Thirty ninth Year of His
 ‘ present Majesty, intituled *An Act* to enable the Lords Commissioners
 ‘ of the Treasury to *contra* with the Most Noble Charles Duke of
 ‘ Richmond for the absolute Purchase of the Property of the said
 ‘ Duke, and all others interested, in a certain Duty of Twelve pence
 ‘ per Chaldron on Coals shipped in the River Tyne, to be consumed in
 ‘ England, and to grant a Compensation for the same by way of
 ‘ Annuity, payable out of the Consolidated Fund; and by virtue of
 ‘ the Agreement therein recited, the said Duty, from and after the
 ‘ Twenty second Day of August One thousand seven hundred and
 ‘ ninety nine, was vested in and made payable to His Majesty, his
 ‘ Heirs and Successors, and the same hath ever since been col-
 ‘ lected with and paid as the other Duties of Customs have been
 ‘ collected and paid; and it is therefore just that the said Town
 ‘ and County of the said Town, should from the above Period be
 ‘ exonerated and discharged from the Amount annually charged on
 ‘ the said Duty as aforesaid;’ Be it further enacted, That it shall be
 lawful for the said Commissioners of the said Town and County to
 certify to the Barons of His Majesty’s Court of Exchequer, what
 Sum and Sums of Money have been charged on the Duty in the
 said Two last recited Acts mentioned since the Day of the Surrender
 of the same, by virtue of the said Two last recited Acts, and the
 Agreement therein mentioned; and the said Barons, or any Two or
 more of them, have hereby Power by their Discretions, at any Time
 before the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred
 and sixteen, to discharge or cause to be discharged so much of the
 said Sum of Two thousand five hundred and eighty Pounds Sixteen
 Shillings and Four pence, as shall appear to them to have been charged
 on the said Duty, since the said Twenty second Day of *August* One
 thousand seven hundred and ninety nine; and the said Sums shall or
 may be discharged upon the Duplicates returned or to be returned
 for the said Town and County, and shall be allowed upon the
 Accounts of the Receivers General, and the Inhabitants of the
 said Town and County shall be acquitted against His Majesty, his
 Heirs and Successors, for the Payment of such Sums so discharged
 or ordered to be discharged, by the Barons of the said Exchequer,
 as well for the Assessments heretofore made as for all Assessments
 hereafter to be made; any thing in the said first recited Act to the
 contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners
 of Land Tax for
 Newcastle upon
 Tyne to certify
 what Sums have
 been charged on
 the Duty on
 Coals.

Where Defici-
 encies arise new
 Assessments
 shall be made.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case the Proportions
 set by this Act upon all and every the respective Parishes, Consta-
 bledwicks, Divisions, Allotments, and places in *England, Wales* and
Berwick upon Tweed, in respect of any such Personal Estate as afore-
 said, shall not be fully assessed, levied and paid, according to the
 true Meaning thereof, or if any of the said Assessments, in respect
 of

of such Personal Estate, shall be rated or imposed upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or that through any Wilfulness, Neglect, Mistake or Accident, the said Assessment charged in each Parish or Place as aforesaid by virtue of this Act, happens not to be paid to the Receiver General, his Deputy or Deputies, as in this Act is directed; that then and in all and every such Case or Cases, the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors and Collectors, acting in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Duties on Personal Estates, and the said last mentioned Duties in respect of Offices and Employments of Profit, Annuities, Pensions, Stipends and other yearly Payments, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to assess and reassess, or cause to be assessed and reassessed, levied and paid all and every such Sum and Sums of Money upon the respective Parishes or Places wherein such Deficiencies shall happen, as to such Commissioners, or such Number of them as by this Act are authorized to cause the said First Assessment hereby required to be made, shall seem most agreeable to Equity and Justice; the said new Assessment to be made, collected and paid in such manner and by such means as in this Act or any Act hereby referred to is declared and directed for other Assessments.

Commissioners
to assess and re-
assess such Sums
of Money.

XXV. And in order to ascertain more particularly the Mode of assessing and rating the several Persons who shall be charged with any Rate or Assessment in respect of any Estates in ready Money, Debts, or Personal Estate in *England, Wales* or *Berwick upon Tweed*; Be it further enacted, That every Person who is or shall be rated for or in respect of any Personal Estate to him or her anyways belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Householders, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be taxed at the Place where they shall be resident at the time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person who ought to be taxed in *England, Wales* or *Berwick upon Tweed*, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, at the time of his or her Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment or Place where he or she were last abiding within this Realm.

Persons to be
rated where
resident.

XXVI. Provided always, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places, other than the Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment or Place where he or she shall be resident, or had his or her Residence, it shall be lawful at any Time before the Twenty fourth Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to rate and assess such Person for such Goods, Wares, Merchandize, Chattels or Personal Estate, in any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places where the same shall be: Provided also, that if any Person or Persons by reason of his, her or their having several Mansion Houses, or Places of Residence, or otherwise, shall be doubly charged for any Personal Estate by occasion of this Act, then upon Certificate made by any Two or more of such Commissioners for the County, Riding, City or Place, of his, her or their last Personal Residence, under their Hands and Seals, of the Sum or Sums charged upon him, her or

Personal Estate
to be assessed
where it shall
be, though the
Assessor resides
elsewhere.

Double Charges.

Certificate.

them,

No Fee.
Oath of Certificate.

them, (which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby required to give without Delay, Fee or Reward,) and upon Oath made of such Certificate before any Two such Commissioners who have Authority to put this Act in Execution for the County, Riding, City or Place where the said Certificate shall be made, (which Oath such Commissioners are hereby authorized and required to administer,) then the Person or Persons so doubly charged shall, for so much as shall be certified, be discharged in every other Parish, Constablewick, Division, Allotment or Place in *England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed*.

Discharge.

Proviso for Personal Estate in Scotland, &c.

XXVII. Provided also, That this Act shall not extend to the Inhabitants of *Scotland, Ireland, Jersey or Guernsey*, for assessing any such Personal Estate which they, or any to their Use, have within those Places, for or towards the said Sum hereby authorized to be charged upon any Parish or Parishes, Constablewick or Constablewicks, Division or Divisions, Allotment or Allotments, or Place or Places in *England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed*, as aforesaid; and if any Person that ought to be taxed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his or her Personal Estate, shall, by changing his or her Place of Residence, or by any other Fraud or Covin, escape from the Taxation, and not be taxed, and the same be proved before the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, at any time within One Year next after such Tax made, every Person that shall so escape from the Taxation and Payment, shall be charged, upon Proof thereof, at Treble the Value of so much as he or she should or ought to have been charged at by this Act; the said Treble Value, upon Certificate thereof made into the Exchequer by the Commissioners before whom such Proof shall be made, to be levied on the Goods, Lands and Hereditaments of such Persons.

Fraud on Taxation.

Treble Charge. Into Exchequer.

Houfkeepers not giving an Account of their Lodgers.

XXVIII. And for the better Discovery of Personal Estate intended to be charged by this Act, be it further enacted, That every Houfholder in *England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed*, shall, upon Demand of the Assessors of the respective Parishes or Places, give an Account of the Names and Qualities of such Persons as shall sojourn or lodge in their respective Houses under the Penalty of forfeiting to His Majesty the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner as any other Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be levied and recovered.

Penalty.

Members of Parliament to be rated at their Mansion Houses.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the several Members of Parliament who at the Execution of this Act, during this or the subsequent Session of Parliament, shall abide within the Cities of *London and Westminster*, and the Suburbs of the same, or within the County of *Middlesex*, shall for or in respect of their ready Money or Debts, or any other Tax which may be laid on their Personal Estate or Persons in respect thereof, during this or the next Session of Parliament, be assessed only in the Places where such Members have their Mansion Houses or other Places where they most usually reside during the Intervals of Parliament; and in case any Assessor or Commissioner shall assess, or cause to be assessed, any Member of Parliament contrary to the Provision hereby made, he or they shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with full Costs of Suit; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty.

XXX. Provided always, That where any Person liable to be rated in respect of such Personal Estate, and inhabiting within the City of London, or any other City or Town Corporate in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, hath his Dwelling House in one of the Parishes or Wards therein, and hath any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, in any one or more of the other Parishes or Wards within the same, that then such Person shall be taxed, charged and assessed for such his Goods, Wares and Merchandize, in the Parish or Ward where he dwelleth, and not elsewhere, within the said City and Town Corporate.

Inhabitants of Towns having Personal Estates in one or more Parishes assessed where they reside.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Officers in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and in other the Public Offices, upon Request to them made by the respective Assessors, shall deliver, gratis, true Lists or Accounts of all Pensions, Annuities, Stipends or other annual Payments, and of all Fees, Salaries and other Allowances, payable at the said Receipt, or in the said Public Offices, to any Commissioner or Commissioners, Officer or Officers, for the Execution of this Act, for the better Guidance of the said Assessors in the charging of the same; and that in all cases where any Pensions, Annuities, Stipends or other yearly Payments, or the Fees, Salaries, Wages or other Allowances or Profits charged by this Act, shall be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer, or at any other Public Office, or by any of His Majesty's Receivers or Paymasters in England, Wales and Berwick upon Tweed, the said last mentioned Tax or Payment, which in pursuance of this Act shall be charged for or in respect of such Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, shall and may (in case of Nonpayment thereof) be detained and stopped out of the same or out of any Money which shall be paid upon such Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances or Profits, or for Arrears thereof, and be applied to the Satisfaction of the Rates and Duties not otherwise paid as aforesaid; and the proper Officers in the said Exchequer, and other the Public Offices aforesaid, shall keep true Accounts of all Monies stopped, and (upon Request) shall give Copies of such Accounts to the proper Collectors of such Monies for the respective Parishes or Places where the said Monies are assessed by this Act.

Officers of Exchequer, &c. to deliver Lists of Pensions and Annuities when required.

Tax stopped out of Pensions, &c.

Accounts thereof kept.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person in England, Wales or Berwick upon Tweed, rated or assessed for his Office or Employment, shall be rated and pay for his said Office or Employment in the County, City or Place where the same shall be exercised, although the Revenue or Profits arising by such Office or Employment are payable elsewhere: Provided always, that the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, the Masters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Petty Bag, Examiners, Registers, Clerks of the Inrolments, Clerks of the Affidavit and Subpoena Office, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery, that execute their Offices within the Liberties of the Rolls, shall be there assessed to the said last mentioned Duties for their respective Offices, Salaries and other Profits, and not elsewhere; and the said Masters in Chancery for the Time being, and the said Six Clerks and Registers for the Time being, shall be the Commissioners for putting in Execution, and shall put in Execution this Act with relation to the last mentioned Duties, within the said Liberty, and exercise the

Officers to pay, where employed.

Officers in Chancery to be assessed in the Rolls Liberty.

Powers therein contained; and that all Annuities, Stipends and Pensions, payable to any Officers in respect of their Offices, shall be taxed and assessed to the said last mentioned Duties where such Officers are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not elsewhere; and that all other Pensions, Stipends and Annuities in *England, Wales* and *Berwick upon Tweed*, not charged upon Lands, shall be charged and assessed in the Parishes and Places where they are payable.

Offices executed by Deputy, the Assessment to be paid by him.

‘ XXXIII. And Whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit chargeable by this Act are executed by Deputy, and the principal Officers living in Places remote from the Division, Parish or Place where such Offices or Employments are taxable, the Rates and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty; Be it therefore enacted, That where any Office or Employment of Profit chargeable by this Act is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessment as shall be charged thereon, and deduct the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal or Nonpayment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Distress as by this Act is prescribed against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other Remedies and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be the like Remedies for the recovering the Monies assessed upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and six, and for any subsequent Year not yet satisfied, in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise cleared in the Exchequer.

The Queen or Royal Family not chargeable in respect of Annuities.

XXXIV. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not charge or be construed to charge Her Majesty the Queen, or any of the Royal Family, for or in respect of any Annuities or yearly Payments granted to Her said Majesty, and to their said Royal Highnesses, but that such Sums of Money, Annuities or yearly Payments, and Her said Majesty and their Royal Highnesses, and their Treasurers, Receivers General and Servants for the Time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions, and other Charges whatsoever: Provided also, that this Act, or any of the several Clauses herein contained, shall not extend to charge the Pensions of any Superannuated Commission or Warrant Sea or Land Officer, or the Pensions of Widows of Sea or Land Officers slain in the Service of the Crown; or the Revenue of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Pensions of the Poor Knights of *Windfor*, payable out of the Exchequer only; or to charge a certain Pension of One hundred Pounds granted by the late King *Charles* the Second to the Poor Clergy of the *Isle of Man*; or to charge the Pensions or Salaries of His Majesty's Pages of Honour, or of the Officers and Persons employed or to be employed in collecting the Tolls and Duties payable by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament for making, repairing, or maintaining any Public Roads, by reason of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby.

Superannuated Sea Officers, &c. not chargeable.

Residentiaries not chargeable in certain cases.

‘ XXXV. And Whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Residentiaries of the Cathedral Churches in *England* and *Wales* are

are chargeable to the Land Tax granted and made perpetual as aforesaid, and in some cases the Overplus of the said Rents and Revenues above such Tax, Repairs and other Charges, is to go in Shares for the Maintenance of the said Residentiaries, which Shares are diminished by the said Land Tax; It is hereby provided and enacted, That in such cases the said Residentiaries shall not by this Act, or any of the Clauses therein contained, be further chargeable as enjoying Offices of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues, any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge or to authorize the deducting from or assessing any Person under any of the Provisions of this Act, upon any Annuity, Pension or Stipend, paid to such Person on account of his having been or acted as a Minister or Resident at any Foreign Court.

Pensions to Persons who have acted as Ministers or Residents at Foreign Courts not liable.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained in relation to the said several Sums of Money charged as last aforesaid on Pensions in respect of Public Offices or Employments of Profit, or Annuities, Pensions, Stipends or other Annual Payments before described, shall extend or be construed to extend to charge or to authorize the deducting from or assessing any Person in any case in which the Salary, Wages, Fees, Perquisites or Gratuities payable in respect of such Office or Employment of Profit, or in which the Annuity, Pension, Stipend or other Annual Payment shall have been specially exempted from the Payment of any Aids or Taxes by any Act of Parliament, or in any case in which any Salary, Wages or Stipend of any Office or Employment, or any other Annual Payment which shall be payable to such Person in respect of such Office or Employment, or of his having held any such Office or Employment, shall by any Order of His Majesty in Council, or by any Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, or by any Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be paid Nett or without Deduction, or in any case in which the Sums assessed on any such Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment shall, by like Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, have been directed to be repaid or reimbursed to the Person assessed out of any Part of the Public Revenue of Great Britain: Provided always, that the Authority for the Payment Nett or without Deduction of the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment, or the Repayment of the Duty assessed on the Salary, Wages, Stipend or Annual Payment aforesaid, shall be respectively certified by some principal Officer in the Department to which such Officer or Employment belongs, to be so paid Nett or without Deduction, or to be repaid out of the said Revenue.

Duties not to be charged on Pensions, &c. specially exempted.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Stamp Duty shall be charged or chargeable for any Receipts given by any Receiver General of the Land Tax to any Collector for Payment of Money made by virtue of this Act, any Statute to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Receipt not chargeable with Stamp Duty.

XXXIX. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth*

The Duties on Sugar, Malt and Tobacco, to be further continued.

38 G. 3. c. 60.

39 G. 3. c. 5.

‘ *Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven: [And Whereas

38 G. 3. c. 60.

‘ by the said Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain, as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*, it was enacted, that the several Duties imposed on Sugar by Three Acts of the Twenty seventh, Thirty fourth, and Thirty seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Malt, by an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff, by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, should continue in force until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine and no longer, but should from thenceforth cease and determine, unless the same should be specially continued by Parliament, which said several Duties were by an Act made and

39 G. 3. c. 3.

‘ passed in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty a Duty on Pensions, Offices and Personal Estates, in England, Wales and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and certain Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine*, further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred, and which, by several subsequent Acts, were further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eleven:] (a) And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by one other Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs*

(a) [The Part of this Session in Brackets appears to be a Repetition of the former Part, but it is so on the Roll.]

‘ payable

' payable on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported into Great
 ' Britain, from any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter
 ' granted to the United Company of Merchants of England trading
 ' to the East Indies; and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and
 ' to establish further Regulations for the better Security of the Revenue
 ' on Goods so imported; and to alter the Periods for making up and
 ' presenting certain Accounts of the said Company to Parliament; to
 ' continue in force until the Tenth Day of April One thousand eight
 ' hundred and nineteen; the said several Duties on Sugar imported
 ' from the East Indies were repealed, and other Duties granted on
 ' Sugar so imported in lieu thereof: And Whereas by another Act
 ' passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
 ' intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Excise payable in Great*
 ' *Britain, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain of the said
 ' Duties on Licences to be taken out by Dealers in Tobacco and
 ' Snuff, and certain Duties on Tobacco were repealed, and other
 ' Duties granted in lieu thereof: And Whereas the said Duties on
 ' Sugar, and the said Duties on Malt, Tobacco, and Snuff, together
 ' with the said Duties relating to Licences and Tobacco, were
 ' further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One
 ' thousand eight hundred and sixteen; Be it further enacted, That
 the said several Duties on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff, and the
 said Acts granting and continuing the same, and all the Provisions
 thereof, shall be and the same are hereby severally and respectively
 further continued from and after the Expiration of the Time limited
 as aforesaid, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand
 eight hundred and seventeen, and all the Monies arising thereby,
 which shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall be
 entered separate and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable
 to His Majesty.

XL. And be it further enacted, That there shall be provided and
 kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's
 Exchequer One Book of Register, in which all the Money that
 shall be paid into the Exchequer for the said Rates and Duties
 hereby granted on Sugar, Malt, Tobacco and Snuff; and also the
 Rates and Assessments hereby granted on Personal Estates, and on
 Offices and Employments of Profit, Pensions, Annuities and Stipends,
 herein before mentioned, shall be entered and registered apart and
 distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

Monies paid into
 the Exchequer
 under this Act
 shall be entered
 separate from
 other Payments.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the
 Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, at any time or times, to
 cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out at
 the Receipt of the Exchequer for any Sum or Sums of Money not
 exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three Millions, in the same or
 like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like
 Rules and Directions as are directed and prescribed in and by an
 Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present
 Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of*
Exchequer Bills.

Directing a Sum
 to be raised by
 Commissioners
 of the Treasury.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses,
 Provisoes, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures
 and Disabilities, contained in the said recited Act, made in the Forty
 eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act*
for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills, shall be

Clauses, &c. in
 48 G. 3. c. 1.
 shall apply to
 this Act.

applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said several Clauses or Provisoes had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the body of this Act.

Exchequer Bills
to bear Interest.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Four Pounds *per Centum per Annum* upon or in respect of the whole of the Monies respectively contained therein.

Bank of Eng-
land authorized
to advance a
certain Sum on
the Credit of
this Act.

XLIV. And be it declared and further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Three Millions, any Thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King *William* and Queen *Mary*, intituled *An Act for granting to their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale and other Liquors; and for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, or in any subsequent Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.*

Bills shall be
placed as Cash in
the Exchequer;

XLV. And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to cause such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Teller shall be severally charged with a Proportion of the said Bills which shall be so placed in his Office respectively; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

and shall be if-
suable thereout
in common with
other Monies.

XLVI. And it is hereby also enacted and declared, That the said Exchequer Bills in the Hands of the said Tellers shall be locked up, and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, and shall be taken and esteemed as so much in Part of the Remains, in Real Money, wherewith each of the said Tellers shall from time to time stand charged in common with other the Monies in the said Exchequer, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of the Treasury to issue and apply the same from time to time to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* in this present Session of Parliament.

Exchequer Bills
to be charged
upon the Rates
and Duties
granted by this
Act.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be and the same are hereby made chargeable and charged upon the Rates, Duties and Assessments, granted by this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to direct to be issued to the said Paymasters by way of Imprest, and upon Account, such Sums of Money, and at such Periods as the said Commissioners shall think necessary, for or towards paying off and discharging the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, and for and

towards paying the Interest to become due on the said Bills, and for or towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the same Bills or any of them.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing, to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of the Amount of all Exchequer Bills that shall have been issued by virtue of this Act, and how much thereof shall before that time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged.

Account of Exchequer Bills to be taken

XLIX. And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies so remaining unsatisfied or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall be paid and satisfied out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Money due on Exchequer Bills to be paid out of the next Aids.

L. And be it further enacted, That the Surplus of the Monies arising from the Rates, Duties and Assessments, granted and imposed by this Act, after paying off and satisfying all the Exchequer Bills issued by virtue of this Act, together with the Interest that may become due thereon, and the Charges of exchanging and circulating the same, shall, as the Surplus of any such Monies respectively shall be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Surplus Monies to be carried to Consolidated Fund.

LI. Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed out of the Monies to arise of or for the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, or of or for the Consolidated Fund, from time to time, the necessary Charges of making forth the new Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be necessarily incident, in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof, in relation to the said Bills, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Treasury to allow out of the Consolidated Fund the necessary Charges of making forth new Exchequer Bills ;

LII. Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be issued out of the said Consolidated Fund shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and afterwards to be replaced out of the First Supplies.

LIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts of this present Session of Parliament.

Act altered, &c.

C A P. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Eleven Millions, by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [4th March 1816.]

“ TREASURY may raise 11,000,000*l.* by Exchequer Bills, in manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1.— § 1. The clauses, &c. in recited Act extended to this Act, § 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised, § 3. Exchequer Bills payable out of Supplies for next Session, § 4. Interest $3\frac{1}{2}$ *d. per Cent. per Diem*, § 5. Exchequer Bills current at Exchequer after *April 5, 1817.*— § 6. Bank of *England* may advance 9,000,000*l.* on Credit of Act, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20.— § 7. Act altered, amended or repealed this Session, § 8.

C A P. V.

An Act to extend the Powers of an Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for enabling His Majesty more effectually to grant conditional Pardons to Persons under Sentence of Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Imprisonment under such Sentences. [4th March 1816.]

24 G. 3. Sess. 2.
c. 56.

“ WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners in certain cases, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*: And Whereas by another Act passed in

37 G. 3. c. 140.

the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable His Majesty more easily and effectually to grant conditional Pardons to Persons under Sentence by Naval Courts Martial, and to regulate Imprisonment under such Sentences*, certain Provisions of the said former Act relating to the Transportation of Offenders convicted at Sessions of *Oyer and Terminer* and Gaol Delivery, were extended to the Transportation and Imprisonment of Persons Capitally convicted before Courts Martial, but to whom His Majesty should be graciously pleased to grant a Pardon on Condition of Transportation, or of Imprisonment, or being kept to hard Labour: And Whereas by another Act passed

55 G. 3. c. 156.

in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend the Laws relating to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign has been repealed: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty may not have in part repealed the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign; For Removal whereof and in order to enlarge and extend the Provisions of the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign aforesaid as hereinafter mentioned, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whenever His Majesty shall be graciously pleased to extend His

Benefits of conditional Pardon

Royal

Royal Mercy to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Naval Court Martial on Condition of Transportation or Imprisonment, or of being kept to hard Labour for Life, or for any Term of Years, it shall and may be lawful, on a Communication of the Intention of His Majesty from the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, or any Three or more of them, for One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to notify to any Justice of The King's Bench or Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif, such Intention of Mercy as aforesaid; whereupon the said Justice or Baron shall allow such Offender the Benefit of such conditional Pardon as shall be expressed in such Notification, in the same manner as if a conditional Pardon to the same Effect had passed under the Great Seal for that Purpose; and the said Justice or Baron, and all other Officers or Persons whatsoever, are to make such Order or Orders, and to do and perform all such Act or Acts for the carrying into effect the Punishment mentioned in such conditional Pardon, as may be required by the said Acts of the Thirty seventh and Fifty fifth Years of His said Majesty, or by any other Act or Acts which may be in force at the time when such conditional Pardon shall be granted for carrying into Execution any Sentence of Transportation or Imprisonment, or to be kept to hard Labour, passed at any Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery in the United Kingdom; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendant, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey such Order or Orders, and be assistant in the Execution thereof, and of all such Act or Acts as aforesaid, and be liable to the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interruption of the same, as they would be if the said Offender had been convicted by any Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery, and as if such Order and Orders had been made, and such Act or Acts performed, or required to be performed in pursuance of such Conviction.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to cause any Offender who may be in Prison or Confinement after or under any Sentence of a Naval Court Martial, or after or under any conditional Pardon as aforesaid, to be removed from the Prison or Place of Confinement in which he may at any time be, to such other fit and proper Prison or Place of Confinement being a Public Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, within the United Kingdom, as to His Majesty may seem expedient; and any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State is hereby authorized and empowered to issue a Warrant or other Instrument under his Hand for such Removal, and for carrying into Execution such Part or Parts of such Sentence as may remain unexpired or unsatisfied, or for which His Majesty's Gracious Pardon may not have been granted; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendant, whom it may concern, and all Constables and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Warrant or Instrument, be assistant in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Neglect, Disobedience or Interruption of the same, as if the said Person were under Sentence of a Court of *Oyer* and *Terminer* or Gaol Delivery for such Imprisonment, as in the said Warrant may be specified.

in cases of Naval Courts Martial, how carried into Execution.

37 G. 3. c. 140.
§ 2—4.
55 G. 3. c. 136.

Offenders removed from one Place of Confinement to another.

Pay of Offenders
stopped during
Imprisonment.

III. And be it further enacted, That during the Imprisonment of any Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines in any Gaol or Prison, or other Place of Confinement in pursuance of any such Sentence of a Naval Court Martial, or under any conditional Pardon, or Order or Warrant for Removal as aforesaid, all Pay and Wages of such Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines shall be suspended and stopped, and the Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent, in whose Custody such Officer, Petty Officer or Seaman, or Officer, Non Commissioned Officer or Private of Royal Marines may be, shall receive and apply, in the Subsistence and Support of every such Prisoner, an Allowance of such a Sum of Money *per Diem* as shall at that time be appointed by any Act of Parliament for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, to be paid to any Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison or House of Correction for the Subsistence of any Non Commissioned Officer or Private Marine committed into their Custody under such Act, and which Allowance the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being are hereby authorized and required to cause to be paid by the Treasurer of the Navy or the Paymaster of Royal Marines, as the case may be, to the said Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent accordingly.

Allowance to
Gaoler.

In cases of In-
sanity Prisoners
removed to
Lunatic Asylum.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person, being in Prison or Confinement under any such Sentence, or by virtue of any such Warrant or Instrument as aforesaid, shall become insane, and shall be certified by Two Physicians or Surgeons to be insane, it shall and may be lawful for One of the said Secretaries of State to direct, by a Warrant or Instrument under his Hand, the Removal of such Person to such Lunatic Asylum, or other proper Receptacle for Insane Persons in the United Kingdom, as he may judge proper, for the unexpired Term of any such Sentence or Imprisonment or Confinement; and if any such Person should be in the same manner certified to be of sound Mind, the said Secretary of State may issue a similar Warrant or Instrument for his being removed to such Prison or Place of Confinement as he may deem expedient.

C A P. VI.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in *England*. [22d *March* 1816.]

54 G. 3. c. 175.
continued.

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to explain and amend several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England, for One Year, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Meeting of the then next Session of Parliament*, is near expiring: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be continued; Be it therefore enacted by the The King's Most Excellent

Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

C A P. VII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and amend an Act of the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty, for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* to advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight.

[22d *March* 1816.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the
 ‘ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for em-*
 ‘ *powering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to*
 ‘ *advance the Sum of Three Millions towards the Supply for the*
 ‘ *Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight:* And
 ‘ Whereas another Act passed in the last Session of Parliament to
 ‘ continue and amend the said recited Act: And Whereas the Go-
 ‘ vernor and Company of the Bank of *England* are willing and have
 ‘ agreed to continue the Loan of the said Sum of Three Millions
 ‘ advanced under the Provisions of the said recited Act, until the
 ‘ Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen,
 ‘ without Interest: Now, therefore, We Your Majesty’s most
 dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of
Great Britain and Ireland, in Parliament assembled, do most humbly
 beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by
 The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
 Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank
 of *England* to continue the Advance and Loan to His Majesty made
 in pursuance of the said first recited Act, upon the Credit of Exche-
 quer Bills authorized to be issued and issued under the said Act, of
 the Sum of Three Millions without Interest, until the Fifth Day of
April One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; any thing contained
 in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Exchequer Bills made
 out under the Provisions of the said first recited Act for securing the
 said Advance of Three Millions, shall remain and continue as a Security
 for the Repayment of the said Sum of Money at the Period by
 this Act specified, in like manner in every respect as if new Exche-
 quer Bills were made out for that Purpose, payable on the Fifth
 Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen; and shall,
 together with all Charges incident to or attending the same, be and
 are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid or borne
 by or out of the Aids or Supplies which shall be granted by Parlia-
 ment for the Services of the Year One thousand eight hundred and
 eighteen; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose
 shall

48 G. 3. c. 3.

55 G. 3. c. 16.

Bank to con-
 tinue Loan of
 3,000,000l.
 without Interest.

Exchequer Bills
 issued under
 48 G. 3. c. 3.
 to remain a
 Security for
 Loan, and pay-
 able on April 5,
 1818.

shall not be granted before the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then all the said Exchequer Bills with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies as at any time or times at or after such Period shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the said Consolidated Fund (except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf); and such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

How Monies
issued out of
Consolidated
Fund replaced.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Exchequer Bills
to bear Interest
if Provision not
made for Pay-
ment before
April 5, 1818.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Interest shall be payable or paid upon or in respect of the said Exchequer Bills: Provided always, that in case Provision shall not be made by Parliament for Payment of the said Exchequer Bills, so that the same shall be fully paid and discharged on or before the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, then and in such case the said Exchequer Bills, or such Part thereof as shall then remain unpaid, shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, bear Interest at and after the Rate of Four Pounds Ten Shillings *per Centum per Annum*; and such Interest is hereby made chargeable and charged upon, and shall be borne and paid by and out of the same Fund as the Principal Money payable in respect of the said Exchequer Bills is by this Act charged and chargeable upon; any thing in this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. VIII.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade and Commerce to and from *The Cape of Good Hope*.

[22d *March* 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS the Law hereinafter mentioned is near expiring, and fit to be continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to authorize His Majesty during the present War to make Regulations respecting the Trade and Commerce to and from The Cape of Good Hope*; which was revived and continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fifth Day

49 G. 3. c. 17.
further con-
tinued.

of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [54 G. 3. c. 182.]

C A P. IX.

An Act for charging certain Duties on Foreign Packets or Passage Vessels entering or departing any of the Ports of *Great Britain*. [22d *March* 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Tonnage Duty should be imposed upon *French* Packets or Passage Vessels, on their entering and departing any of the Ports of *Great Britain*, equivalent to the Duty now payable on *British* Packets or Passage Vessels entering and departing the Ports of *France*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be raised, collected, levied and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, a Tonnage Duty at and after the Rate of Three Shillings and Six pence of good and lawful Money of *Great Britain* for each and every Ton Burthen of every Packet or Passage Vessel belonging to the Subjects of His Most Christian Majesty, which shall lade or unlade any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or take in or set on Shore any Passengers in any Port, Creek, Harbour or Road of *Great Britain*, and that the Tonnage of every such Vessel shall, in case of Doubt or Dispute as to the same, be ascertained by the proper Officers of the Customs by Admeasurement, in manner directed by an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the further Encouragement and Increase of Shipping and Navigation*.

French Packets,
&c. to pay Duty.

26 G. 3. c. 60.

Packets not paying
Duty detained
and sold.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Customs, to stop and detain any Packet or Passage Vessel liable to the Payment of the said Duty, until the same is paid as aforesaid; and in case Payment thereof shall not be made for the Space of Thirty Days after the Arrival of such Vessel at any such Port, Creek, Harbour or Road in this Kingdom, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, or any Three or more of them, to cause such Packet or Passage Vessel, and her Masts, Apparel and Furniture, to be sold publicly to the best Bidder, and the Produce thereof to be applied, first to the Charges that shall arise by such Detention and Sale, next to the said Duty imposed by this Act, and the Overplus to be paid to the Proprietor of such Packet or Passage Vessel or other Person duly authorized by such Proprietor to receive the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Tonnage Duty hereby imposed shall be paid into the Hands of the proper Officers of His Majesty's Customs at the respective Ports or Places where such Duty shall become due and payable; and such Duty shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively.

Duty under
Commissioners
of Customs.

IV. And

No Entry taken
till Duty paid.

IV. And, to the Intent that the said Duty may be duly answered and paid, be it further enacted, That no Officer of His Majesty's Customs whatever, at any of the said Ports or Places in *Great Britain* where such Duty shall become due and payable, shall, from and after the said passing of this Act, take or receive any Entry or Report Outwards for any such Vessel liable or subject to the said Duty, nor grant any Cocquet for any Goods, Wares or Merchandize intended to be shipped on board any such Vessel, or shall such Vessel be permitted to depart from any such Port or Place until the said Duty shall be paid pursuant to the Directions of this Act, to the respective Collectors or other principal Officers of His Majesty's Customs authorized to receive the same, and until the Master or Owner of any such Vessel subject to the Payment of such Duty shall shew to such respective Officer a Receipt for the same.

Duty how ap-
plied.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies from time to time arising by the Duties by this Act imposed as aforesaid (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted), shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Permanent Duties imposed by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

VI. And Whereas *British* Packets or Passage Vessels entering or clearing out from the Ports or Harbours of other Foreign Countries are subject and liable to certain Imposts in the Nature of Tonnage Duties, Port Duties, Harbour Dues or otherwise: And Whereas such Imposts are continually varying in Amount; and it is expedient for the Protection of the Navigation of *Great Britain*, that His Majesty should be empowered to levy on the Packets or Passage Vessels of such Foreign Countries similar Duties, and to alter or entirely revoke the same as such Duties may be altered or revoked on *British* Packets or Passage Vessels in such Foreign Countries; Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council to be published from time to time in the *London Gazette*, to direct such Duty or Duties as shall be therein specified, to be levied, collected and paid in the Ports of *Great Britain* on the entering or clearing out of the Packets or Passage Vessels of such Foreign Countries as shall be named in the said Proclamations or Orders in Council, and from time to time, by any such Proclamations or Orders in Council issued or published as aforesaid, to revoke, diminish or increase such Duties to the same Amount as similar Duties may be respectively revoked, diminished or increased on *British* Packets or Passage Vessels entering or clearing out from the Ports or Harbours of such Foreign Countries.

His Majesty
empowered to
fix Duty to be
paid for Packets
of other Foreign
Countries.

Duty managed
as Duty on
French Packets.

VII. And be it further enacted, That on such Duty being so declared as aforesaid, the same shall be collected, managed, paid and recovered in the same manner, and subject and liable to the same Rules and Regulations as the Duty on *French* Packets or Passage Vessels

Vessels are by this Act directed to be collected, managed, paid and recovered.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act, nor any thing herein contained, shall extend or be construed to extend to any Ship or Vessel used only for the Purposes of Pleasure, and which shall not carry any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or any Passengers for Hire or Reward.

Proviso for
Vessels of
Pleasure.

C A P. X.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters.

[22d March 1816.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping a Standing Army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, in time of Peace, unless it be with the Consent of Parliament, is against Law: And Whereas it is judged necessary by His Majesty, and this present Parliament, that a Body of Forces should be continued for the Safety of the United Kingdom, the Defence of the Possessions of His Majesty's Crown, and the Preservation of the Balance of Power in Europe, and that the whole Number of such Forces should consist of One hundred and seventy six thousand six hundred and fifteen effective Officers and Men, exclusive of His Majesty's Forces employed in the Territorial Possessions of the East India Company, the Foreign Corps in British Pay, and the embodied Militia: And Whereas no Man can be forejudged of Life or Limb, or subjected in time of Peace to any Kind of Punishment within this Realm, by Martial Law, or in any other manner than by the Judgment of his Peers, and according to the known and established Laws of this Realm; yet nevertheless, it being requisite for the retaining all the before mentioned Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed, and that Soldiers who shall mutiny or stir up Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person who is or shall be commissioned or in Pay as an Officer, or who is or shall be listed or in Pay as a Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier, shall, at any time during the Continuance of this Act, begin, excite, cause or join in any Mutiny or Sedition in His Majesty's Land or Marine Forces, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall misbehave himself before the Enemy; or shall shamefully abandon or deliver up any Garrison, Fortrefs, Post, or Guard committed to his Charge, or which he shall be commanded to defend; or shall compel the Governor or Commanding Officer of any Garrison, Fortrefs or Post to deliver up to the Enemy, or to abandon the same; or shall speak Words, or use any other Means to induce such Governor or Commanding Officer, or others, to misbehave before the Enemy; or shamefully to abandon

Number of
Forces 176,615.

Officers, &c.
mutinying or
deserting, &c.

or

or shall be found sleeping upon or shall desert his Post, &c.

or shall strike or disobey his superior Officer, shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as a Court Martial may inflict.

or deliver up any Garrison, Fortrefs, Post or Guard committed to their respective Charge, or which he or they shall be commanded to defend; or shall leave his Post before relieved; or shall be found sleeping on his Post; or shall hold Correspondence with, or give Advice or Intelligence to any Rebel or Enemy of His Majesty, either by Letters, Messages, Signs or Tokens, in any manner or Way whatsoever; or shall treat or enter into any Terms with such Rebel or Enemy, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General or Chief Commander; or shall strike or use any Violence against his superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; or shall desert His Majesty's Service; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before mentioned, whether such Offence shall be committed within this Realm, or in any other of His Majesty's Dominions, or in Foreign Parts, upon Land, or upon the Sea, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court Martial shall be awarded.

[Sections 2. to 93. are the same as the like Sections of 55 G. 3. c. 108.]

Recruits discharged previous to March 25, 1816, before Expiration of 24 Hours after Enlistment, not proceeded against as Deserters.

XCIV. And Whereas many Justices and Chief Magistrates have erroneously discharged Recruits before the Expiration of Twenty four Hours after the time of their Enlistment: And Whereas such Recruits are in consequence liable to be treated as Deserters through such Error of the Justice or Chief Magistrate, and without any evil Intention on their own Part; Be it therefore enacted, That no such Recruit who shall have been so erroneously discharged by a Justice or Chief Magistrate previous to the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be liable on that Account to be proceeded against as having absconded or deserted from His Majesty's Service.

[Section 95. is the same as Section 91. of 55 G. 3. c. 108., and Sections 96. to 116. are the same as Sections 95. to 115. of 55 G. 3. c. 108.]

Any Person confessing himself a Deserter, deemed duly enlisted.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person who shall voluntarily surrender or deliver himself up as a Deserter from any Regiment or Corps of His Majesty's Regular or Militia Forces, or of the Forces of the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, or who, upon being apprehended for Desertion or any other Offence, shall, in the Presence of the Magistrate, confess himself to be a Deserter from any such Regiment or Corps, shall be deemed to have been duly enlisted, and to be a Soldier, and shall be liable to serve in any such Regiment or Battalion or Corps of His Majesty's Forces, as His Majesty shall think fit to appoint, whether such Person shall have been ever actually enlisted as a Soldier or not.

[Sections 118. to 158. the same as Sections 117. to 157. and all the Schedules from Schedule (A.) to Schedule (O.) the same as all the Schedules from Schedule (A.) to Schedule (O.) of 55 G. 3. c. 108.]

CAP. XI.

An Act for the regulating of His Majesty's Royal Marine Forces while on Shore. [22d March 1816.]

[This Act is the same as 55 G. 3. c. 21. except as to Dates and as to the Sections that are here retained, and all the Schedules are the same as the Schedules to 55 G. 3. c. 21.]

XI. AND be it further enacted, That whenever His Majesty shall intend any such Sentence of a Court Martial to be carried into Execution, or shall be graciously pleased to extend his Mercy, upon Condition of Transportation, to any Offender liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Court Martial, such Sentence, together with His Majesty's Pleasure upon the same, shall be notified in Writing by the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to any Justice of the King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif, and thereupon such Justice or Baron shall make an Order for the Transportation of such Offender, upon the Terms and for the time which shall be specified in such Notification, and shall also make such other Order or Orders, and do all such other Acts consequent upon the same, as any such Justice or Baron is authorized to make or do by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of making any such Orders in relation to the Transportation of Offenders; and such Order and Orders so to be made, and all such Acts as shall be so done as aforesaid, shall be obeyed and done by such Person in whose Custody such Offender shall at that time be, and all other Persons whom it may concern, and shall be as effectual and have all the same Consequences as any Order made under the Authority of the said Act with respect to any Offender in the said Act mentioned; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendent whom it may concern, and all Constables, and other Persons, shall be bound to obey the aforesaid Order and Orders, be assistant in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Disobedience, or interrupting the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made under the Authority of the aforesaid Act; and every Person so ordered to be transported as aforesaid shall be subject respectively to all and every the Provision and Provisions made by Law, and now in force concerning Persons convicted of any Crime and sentenced to be transported, or receiving His Majesty's Pardon on Condition of Transportation.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts Martial to be held by virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the Holy Evangelists, before the Court and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy, (who are hereby authorized to administer the same,) in these Words; that is to say,

'YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to the Evidence which shall be given in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord The King's Majesty and the Prisoner to be tried: So help you GOD.'

How Order for Transportation shall be proceeded in.

Oaths to be taken by all Members of a General Court Martial.

Oaths.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to an Act of Parliament now in force, for the Regulation of His Majesty’s Royal Marine Forces while on Shore, and according to the Rules and Articles made in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein respectively mentioned, without Partiality, Favour or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise (which is not explained by the said Act of Parliament, or the said Rules and Articles), according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in like cases: And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court, until it shall be approved by the Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*; neither will I, upon any Account at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial unless required to give Evidence thereof as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law. So help me GOD.’

The Judge Advocate to be sworn.

And so soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

The Oath.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I will not upon any Account, at any time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court Martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice, in a due Course of Law. So help me GOD.’

In Sentences of Death what Number of Officers shall concur, &c.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender by any such General Court Martial as aforesaid, unless Nine Officers present, or where the Court Martial shall consist of Seven Members, unless Five Officers present shall concur therein; and if there be more Officers present than Thirteen or Seven respectively, then the Judgment shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon, except in cases which require an immediate Example: Provided also, that all Witnesses duly summoned by the Judge Advocate or the Person officiating as such shall, during their necessary Attendance in such Courts, and in going to and returning from the same, be privileged from Arrest in like manner as Witnesses attending any of His Majesty’s Courts of Law are privileged, and that if any such Witness shall be unduly arrested, he shall be discharged from such Arrest by the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued by which such Witness was arrested; or if the Court out of which the Writ or Process issued be not sitting, then by any Judge of the Court of King’s Bench in *London* or in *Dublin*, or the Court of Sessions in *Scotland*, or Courts of Law in the *West Indies*, according as the case shall require, upon its being made appear to such Court or Judge by Affidavit in a summary Way that such Witness was arrested in going to or returning from or attending upon such Court Martial; and that all Witnesses so duly summoned as aforesaid, who shall not attend on such Court, shall be liable to be attached in the Court of King’s Bench in *London* or

Hours of Trial.

Witnesses during their Attendance privileged from Arrest.

Dublin,

Dublin, or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies respectively, upon Complaint made to the said Courts of King's Bench or Court of Session in Scotland, or Courts of Law in the West Indies, in like manner as if such Witness had neglected to attend on a Trial in any Criminal Proceeding in that Court.

XXII. Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, That no Marine, either Officer or Private Man, being acquitted or convicted of any Offence at any such Court Martial as aforesaid, shall be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or any other Court Martial, for the same Offence; unless in the case of an Appeal from a Divisional to a General Court Martial, and that no Sentence given by any Court Martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than once.

‘ L. And Whereas several Marines, who being duly entered, may afterwards desert and be found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service;’ It is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough or Tithingman, of the Town or Place where any Person who may reasonably be suspected to be such a Deserter shall be found, or if no such Constable, Headborough or Tithingman can be immediately met with, then for any Marine Officer or Marine to apprehend or cause such suspected Person to be apprehended, and to bring or cause him to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who is hereby empowered and required to examine such suspected Person; and if, by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found that such suspected Person is a Marine duly entered, and ought to be with the Company to which he belongs, whether such Company shall be employed on board any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, or quartered on shore, or employed on board any Transport Ship or Merchant Ship or Vessel, such Justice of the Peace shall, without Fee or Reward to himself or Clerk, forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or to the House of Correction or other public Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the *Sewoy*, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the Cities of *London or Westminster*, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, and to the Commandant of the Division to which the said Deserter may belong, to the end that such Person may be proceeded against according to Law; and the Keeper of every Gaol, House of Correction or Prison, shall receive the full Subsistence of such Deserter, during the time he shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of such Deserter; but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward on account of the Imprisonment of any such Deserter; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, if he should think fit, to order the Issue and Payment of any Arrears of Pay, or of the Surplus of such Pay or any Portion thereof, to or on account of such Non Commissioned Officer or Marine during or after the Expiration of his Period of Imprisonment in any Gaol or House of Correction or other public Prison.

None to be tried a Second Time for the same Offence, unless in case of Appeal.

Constables, &c. may apprehend Deserters, and carry them before a Justice;

and transmit an Account to the Secretary of the Admiralty, &c.

Gaol Keeper to receive the Subsistence of Deserters.

Reward for taking up Deserters.

LI. And, for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to secure or apprehend such Defserter, be it further enacted, That such Justice of the Peace shall also issue his Warrant, in Writing, to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Money of the Parish or Township in *Great Britain*, where such Defserter shall be apprehended, or in *Ireland*, to the Collector or Collectors of His Majesty's Revenue in the District where such Defserter shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land Tax Money or Revenue arisen or to arise in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, into the Hands of such Person or Persons who shall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any such Defserter from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Three Pounds, for every such Defserter that shall be so apprehended and committed; which Sum of Three Pounds shall be satisfied by such Collector or Collectors to whom such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account; the Magistrate informing the Commandant of the Division to which such Defserter may belong, that the same may be charged against his Pay and Subsistence.

Recruits discharged previous to March 25, 1816, before the Expiration of 24 Hours after Enlistment, not to be proceeded against as Deserters.

LVI. And Whereas many Justices and Chief Magistrates have erroneously discharged Recruits before the Expiration of Twenty four Hours after the Time of their Enlistment: And Whereas such Recruits are in consequence liable to be treated as Deserters through such Error of the Justice or Chief Magistrate, and without any Evil Intention on their own Part; Be it therefore enacted, That no such Recruit who shall have been so erroneously discharged by a Justice or Chief Magistrate previous to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be liable on that Account to be proceeded against as having absconded or deserted from His Majesty's Service.

False Oaths Perjury.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person taking a false Oath in any case wherein an Oath is required to be taken by this Act shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and being thereof duly convicted shall be liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Laws now in force any Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Furlough extended in case of Sickness, &c.

LIX. And Whereas Marines absent on Furlough granted to them by their Commanding Officers are sometimes prevented by Sickness, or other unavoidable Casualty, from returning to their Duty before the Expiration of the Time limited by such Furlough; and Doubts have arisen whether in such cases the Extension of a Marine's Furlough by a Justice of the Peace be sanctioned by legal Authority, and effectual for preventing such Marine from being apprehended upon Suspicion of his having deserted; Be it further enacted, That any Inspecting Field Officer, stationed on the Recruiting Service, or any Officer of the Rank of Captain or of superior Rank, or any Adjutant of Local Militia within the District; or in case there be no such Officer as aforesaid within a convenient Distance, that any Justice of the Peace may and he is hereby authorized to grant in Writing under his Hand an Extension of Furlough to any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine applying for the same on account of Sickness or other Casualty which shall on due Enquiry appear to render such Extension necessary; and that every such Officer or Justice of the Peace, who shall grant to any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine an Extension of Furlough as aforesaid, shall immediately certify the same, with the Cause of its being

to granted, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and the Commandant of the Division to which the said Marine may belong, and that such Non Commissioned Officer or Marine during the Period to which his Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid shall not be liable to be apprehended or otherwise molested on the ground of his having deserted, or of criminally absenting himself from his Division: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to exempt any Non Commissioned Officer or Marine, whose Furlough shall have been so extended as aforesaid, from being proceeded against and punished according to the Provisions of this Act, should it thereafter appear that such Non Commissioned Officer or Marine had obtained the Extension of his Furlough by false Representation made to such Officer or Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, or in applying for and obtaining the same, had committed any Offence to the Prejudice of good Order and Military Discipline: Provided also, that no such Furlough shall be extended by any Justice of the Peace for any longer Period than One Month, unless with the Approbation of the General Officer commanding the District where such Marine shall be.

Provide.

Provide.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer, or Person whatsoever, who, by virtue or colour of this Act, shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting any Marine Officers or Private Men, shall neglect or refuse for the Space of Two Hours to quarter or billet such Officers or Marines when thereunto required, in such manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Forces; or shall receive, demand, contract or agree for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward whatsoever, for or on account of excusing, or in order to excuse any Person or Persons whatsoever, from quartering or receiving into his, her or their House or Houses, any such Officer or Marine; or in case any Victualler, or any other Person liable by this Act to have any Officer or Marine billeted or quartered on him or her, shall refuse to receive or to afford proper Accommodation to or to victual any such Officer or Marine so quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid; or shall refuse to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of this Act, the several Things hereinbefore respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to Non Commissioned Officers or Marines so quartered or billeted on him or her, as aforesaid, at the Rate which is or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in that Behalf, and shall be thereof convicted, before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City or Liberty within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer), every such High Constable, Constable, Beadle or other Officer or Person so offending, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices, before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall in his or their Discretion think fit); to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be directed to any other Constable within the County, City or Liberty, or to any of the

Penalty on Constables, &c. neglecting to quarter Marines;

or taking Money to excuse any Person from quartering;

and on Victuallers refusing to receive Marines.

Oath administered.

Penalty,

to the Poor.

Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell; and the said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, or to some one of them, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

Service to be to His Majesty's Heirs and Successors.

‘LXXV. And Whereas it is highly expedient, that no doubt should remain as to the Service of Royal Marines by reason of any Omission of His Majesty's Heirs and Successors in any Oath of Attestation;’ Be it therefore declared and enacted, That any Oath and Attestation of Service heretofore or hereafter taken and made to His Majesty, is and shall be deemed and construed to be an Oath of Service to His Majesty's Heirs and Successors as the Sovereign of the Realm for the time being, as fully and effectually, and to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the Words, Heirs and Successors, had been inserted in any such Oath or Attestation.

Apprentices in Scotland, &c.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That no Master in *Scotland* shall be entitled to claim any Apprentice who shall, after the passing of this Act, enlist as a Marine, unless such Apprentice shall have been bound to him for the full Term of at least Four Years by a regular Contract or Indenture of Apprenticeship duly extended, signed, and tested, and binding on both Parties by the Law of *Scotland*, prior to the Period of Enlistment, and unless such Contract or Indenture so duly executed shall within Three Months after the Commencement of the Apprenticeship, and before the Period of Enlistment, have been produced to a Justice of the Peace of the County wherein the Parties reside, and there shall have been indorsed thereon by such Justice, a Certificate or Declaration signed by him, specifying the Date when and the Person by whom such Contract or Indenture shall have been so produced, which Certificate or Declaration such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to indorse and sign, and unless such Apprentice shall when claimed by such Master be under Twenty one Years of Age, and unless such Master shall, within One Calendar Month after such Apprentice shall have absconded or left his Service, go before some Justice of the Peace, and before such Justice of the Peace take the Oath mentioned in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked (B.), and produce the Certificate of such Justice of the Peace of his having taken such Oath, which Certificate such Justice of the Peace is hereby required to give in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed marked (C.); Provided always, that any Master of an Apprentice indentured for the Sea Service shall be entitled to claim and recover any such Apprentice in the Form and Manner above directed, notwithstanding such Apprentice may have been bound for a less Term than Seven Years in *England*, Five Years in *Ireland*, or in the Islands of *Guernsey*, *Jersey*, *Alderney*, *Sark*, or *Man*, or Four Years in *Scotland*.

C A P. XII.

As A&t for exhibiting a Bill in this present Parliament, for naturalizing His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringua, Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld.* [28th March 1816.]

WHEREAS His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Most Sacred Majesty, has, to the universal Joy and Satisfaction of His Majesty's Subjects, judged it proper that an Alliance should be contracted between the Family of His Majesty and His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringua, Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*; and has therefore, in the Name and on Behalf of His Majesty, consented, with the full Agreement of the Parties interested, that a Marriage shall be celebrated between the Most High and Illustrious Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, Daughter of His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales, Regent of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Serene Highness: And Whereas a more grateful Proof of the Esteem and Affection of this Kingdom cannot be given to His Serene Highness, than by an A&t of Naturalization to make him capable of enjoying those Rights and Liberties which are enjoyed in this Realm: And Whereas by an A&t made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of King *James the First*, every Person is required to receive the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper within One Month before any Bill for Naturalization be exhibited, and also to take the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance in the Parliament House, before his or her Bill be twice read: And Whereas by an A&t passed in the First Year of His Majesty King *George the First*, it was enacted, that no Person shall be naturalized unless in the Bill exhibited for that Purpose, a proper Clause or particular Words be inserted to declare that such Person shall not thereby be enabled to be of the Privy Council, or a Member of either House of Parliament, or to take any Office or Place of Trust, either Civil or Military, or to have any Grant of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments from The Crown, to himself or any other Person in Trust for him; and that no Bill should from thenceforth be received in either House of Parliament, unless such Clause or Words be first inserted or contained therein; Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a Bill for the Naturalization of the His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringua, Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, without the Clause or particular Words directed by the said last recited A&t to be inserted, and without his receiving the Sacrament, or taking the Oaths by the first recited A&t required, shall and may be exhibited and brought into this Parliament and twice read; the said recited A&ts, or any other Law, Statute, Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

7 Jac. I. c. 2.

1 G. I. Stat. 2.

c. 4.

Bill exhibited without Clause mentioned in last recited A&t, &c.

C A P. XIII.

An Act for the Naturalization of His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*; and settling his Precedence. [29th March 1816.]

WHEREAS His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, acting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Most Sacred Majesty, has, to the universal Joy and Satisfaction of His Majesty's Subjects, judged it proper that an Alliance should be contracted between the Family of His Majesty and His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*; and has therefore, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, consented, with the full Agreement of the Parties interested, that a Marriage should be celebrated between the Most High and Illustrious Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, Daughter of His Royal Highness The Prince of *Wales*, Regent of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and His Serene Highness: And Whereas a more grateful Proof of the Esteem and Affection of this Kingdom cannot be given to His Serene Highness, than by an Act of Naturalization to make him capable of enjoying those Rights and Liberties which are enjoyed in this Realm; We, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lord's Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*, when and so soon as he shall have taken the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy before the Lord High Chancellor, which Oaths the Lord High Chancellor is hereby authorized to administer, shall be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, deemed, taken and esteemed a natural born Subject of this Kingdom, as if His Highness had been born within this Realm; any Law, Statute, Matter or Thing whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Serene Highness after taking Oaths, deemed natural born Subject.

Certificate recorded in Court of Chancery.

His Majesty to give him Precedence and Rank.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Lord High Chancellor shall, immediately after such Oaths shall have been taken before him, certify the same, and cause such Certificate to be recorded in the High Court of Chancery.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Marriage shall have been celebrated, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to give to the said *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*, for and during the Term of his natural Life, such Precedence and Rank before the Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Lord Chancellor, and all other great Officers, and the Dukes (other than and except the Dukes of the Blood Royal), and all other Peers of this Realm, as His Majesty shall deem fit and proper; any Law, Statute or Custom whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. XIV.

AN Act for empowering the Governor and Company of the Bank of England to advance the Sum of Six Millions toward the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [11th April 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WHEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of England are willing and have agreed to advance, towards the Supply granted to Your Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Six Millions on the Security of Exchequer Bills, to be made payable at the End of Two Years certain from the passing of this Act, and to continue for Three Years longer from such Period, subject to Repayment upon Six Months' Notice, to be given at any time between the Tenth Day of October in any Year and the Fifth Day of April following, either by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to the Bank of England, or by the Bank to the said Lords Commissioners; Now, we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Commons of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in Parliament assembled, being desirous to raise with as much Ease and Advantage as possible to Your Majesty's Subjects the necessary Supplies for the Service of the present Year, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, on or before the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Exchequer Bills authorized to be issued under this Act, the Sum of Six Millions; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; and it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to cause or direct any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out, for any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the said Sum of Six Millions, to bear Date on the Day on which the same shall actually be issued, in the same or like Manner, Form and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as are prescribed in and by an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the issuing and paying off of Exchequer Bills.*

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That during the Period the said Sum of Six Millions, and also the Sum of Three Millions advanced by the said Governor and Company towards the Supply of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight (a), and continued without Interest by several subsequent Acts, shall continue to be advanced by the said Governor and Company, no Alteration shall be made in the Usage established at the Exchequer, of permitting the said Governor and Company to withdraw the Monies in the Receipt of the Exchequer upon the Security of Exchequer Bills or Notes

(a) [48 G. 3. c. 3.]

Bank empowered to lend Six Millions.

Treasury to make out Exchequer Bills.

48 G. 3. c. 1.

No Alteration made in Usage of permitting Bank to withdraw Money in Exchequer on Security of Bills, &c.

of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to the full Amount of such Monies so withdrawn, being deposited in the Chests of the Tellers of the Exchequer by the said Governor and Company; nor shall any of the Accounts now by Law directed to be kept at the Bank of *England*, by any Person or Persons employed either in the Receipt of the Public Revenue, or in issuing or paying the Public Expenditure, or in any other Employment or Department of Government, be withdrawn from thence during the above Period.

48 G. 3. c. 1.
extended to A.Ct.

III. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures and Disabilities, contained in the said last mentioned Act, relating to Exchequer Bills, except as far as the same may be altered by this Act, or be contrary to any of the Provisions thereof, shall be applied and extended to the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been originally authorized by the last mentioned Act, or as if the said several Clauses or Provisions had been particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Interest paid on
Bills.

IV. And be it further enacted, That Interest at the Rate of Four Pounds *per Centum per Annum* shall be payable yearly upon the Exchequer Bills to be made out in pursuance of this Act, out of any Aids or Supplies in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the whole of the said Exchequer Bills with all Interest due thereon shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company at the End of Two Years certain from the passing of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor and Company to continue the Loan of the said Sum of Six Millions for Three Years longer from the Period when the same shall be so payable, subject to Repayment upon Six Months' Notice being given between the Tenth Day of *October* in any Year and the Fifth Day of *April* following, either by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to the said Governor and Company or by the said Governor and Company to the said Lords Commissioners: Provided always, that such Notice shall in no case be given before the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: Provided also, that Interest shall be paid annually upon all the said Exchequer Bills which shall continue and remain due to the said Governor and Company until the final Payment and Discharge thereof.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Exchequer Bills
repaid out of
any Supplies in
the Year;

if sufficient Sup-
plies not grant-
ed, out of Con-
solidated Fund.

V. And be it further enacted, That all such Exchequer Bills, and all Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid or borne by or out of the First Aids or Supplies which shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of the Current Year in which the said Sum of Six Millions shall become due as aforesaid; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose shall not be granted, then all the said Exchequer Bills, with the Charges incident to or attending the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies as at any time or times, at or after such Period, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer of the Consolidated Fund (except such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund as shall then be appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf), and such Monies of the said Consolidated Fund shall and may be issued and applied as soon as the same can be regularly

regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling and discharging such Exchequer Bills and Charges, until the whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Consolidated Fund, shall from time to time be replaced by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted by Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Monies issued how replaced.

C A P. XV.

An Act to carry into effect a Convention of Commerce, concluded between His Majesty and The United States of America. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS a Convention of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between His Majesty and The United States of America: And Whereas it is expedient to give Effect to such Parts of the said Convention as require the Sanction of Parliament; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That upon the Importation, into any Part of the United Kingdom, of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, imported direct from the said Territories, in any Ship or Vessel built in the Countries belonging to the said States, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprizal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by the Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, no higher or other Duties shall be charged or paid, than such as are charged and payable upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of the like Denomination or Description, being the Growth, Production or Manufacture of any of the Territories of the United States of America, and being imported in British-built Ships or Vessels navigated and registered according to Law; any thing contained in an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, or any other Act, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

On Importation of American Goods in American Vessels no higher Duties paid than if imported in a British Ship.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

II. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Territories in Europe, direct to any of the Territories of the United States of America, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said States, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as hereinbefore mentioned, no higher or other Duties shall be paid or payable than such as are charged or imposed upon such Goods,

On Export of American Goods in such Vessels, no higher Duties paid, than if exported in British Vessels.

Goods, Wares or Merchandize, when exported in a *British*-built Ship or Vessel, navigated and registered according to Law.

Like Bounties paid on Goods exported to America in American Vessels, as if exported in British Vessels.

III. And be it further enacted, That upon the Exportation from the United Kingdom of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, the Growth, Production or Manufacture of the said United Kingdom, or any of His Majesty's Territories in *Europe*, in any Ship or Vessel built in the said United States of *America*, or condemned as Prize there, and being owned and navigated as hereinbefore mentioned, the same Bounty or Allowance shall be paid as at the time of such Exportation may be allowed, upon the Exportation thereof, in any *British*-built Ship or Vessel, navigated and registered according to Law.

Duties payable to Corporation of London, &c. not affected.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to repeal or in anywise alter the Duties of Package, Scavage, Baillage or Portage, or any other Duties payable to the Mayor and Commonalty and Citizens of the City of *London*, or to the Lord Mayor of the said City for the time being, or to any other City or Town Corporate, within *Great Britain*; or any other special Privilege or Exemption to which any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, is or are now entitled by Law, but the same shall be continued as heretofore.

Act may be altered, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Continuance of Act.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of *America* shall continue in force.

C A P. XVI.

An Act for better regulating the Offices of Receivers of Crown Rents. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the Honours, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services or other Hereditaments and Possessions of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, within the Ordering, Government and Survey of the Court of Exchequer, have been usually heretofore collected by Persons holding the Offices of Receivers of the Land Revenues, in the several Counties in *England* and *Wales* in which such Possessions are situate, or the Deputies of such Persons: And Whereas the Office or Offices of Receiver General of the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the said Possessions of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the several Counties of *Essex*, *Hertsford*, *Middlesex*, *Norfolk* and *Huntingdon*, and in the City of *London*, is and are now held and enjoyed by *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, for his Life, by virtue of Letters Patent bearing Date the Fifth Day of *June*, in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and the Office or Offices of Receiver General of the Rents, Issues and Revenues of the said Possessions of His Majesty in the several other Counties, is and are held by Persons appointed thereto during the Pleasure of His Majesty: And Whereas many of the said Possessions and Estates are held under Leases from the Crown, and are of considerable annual Value; and it is expedient and necessary that Provision should

• should be made for the better Collection of the said Rents, Issues
 • and Revenues, and more effectual Superintendance of the said
 • Possessions and Estates, and enforcing the due Cultivation and
 • Management thereof, and Observance and Performance of the
 • Covenants and Engagements under which the Lessees or Tenants
 • thereof hold the same: And Whereas it is necessary for carrying
 • into Execution the Purposes aforesaid, that the Appointment so
 • made by the said recited Letters Patent, so far as respects the
 • Office or Offices of Receiver of the Rents, Issues and Revenues
 • of His Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands,
 • Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Posses-
 • sions, in the said Counties of *Essex, Hertford, Norfolk* and
 • *Huntingdon*, and the Appointments of the several other Receivers
 • aforesaid, shall cease, determine and be void, in the manner and at
 • the times specified in this Act; and that Compensation shall be
 • made to the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rocheſter*, in consideration
 • thereof, as hereinafter mentioned: Be it therefore enacted by The
 King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent
 of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
 Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said
 recited Letters Patent, so far as respects the Appointment thereby
 made of the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rocheſter*, then *Walker King*
 Clerk and *Richard Burke* Esquire, since deceased, to the Office and
 Offices of Receiver General of all and singular the Issues, Rents and
 Revenues of all the Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands,
 Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions
 whatsoever of The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and
 Successors, within the Counties of *Essex, Hertford, Norfolk* and
Huntingdon; and all Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages
 and Emoluments thereby appointed to be received, taken and retained
 out of the Rents, Issues and Profits, to be levied, collected and re-
 ceived from and in the said several Counties of *Essex, Hertford,*
Norfolk and *Huntingdon*; and all and every Appointment and Ap-
 pointments made by certain Instruments commonly called a Con-
 ſtitution, under the Hand or under the Hand and Seal of any
 Chancellor or Under Treasurer of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer,
 or by any other Instrument, Warrant, Order, Letter or Authority,
 of or from such Chancellor or Under Treasurer, of any other Person
 or Persons whomsoever, to be Receiver General, Acting Receiver
 or Deputy Receiver of all or any of the Issues, Rents and Revenues
 of any of His Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands,
 Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions
 in all or any of the several other Counties within the Ordering,
 Government, and Survey aforesaid; and all Wages, Fees, Salaries,
 Allowances, Advantages and Emoluments, to be had, received or
 taken from or out of the Rents, Issues and Profits, to be levied,
 collected and received by virtue of any such Appointment or Ap-
 pointments, Office or Offices, shall, from and immediately after the
 Date of any Warrant or Warrants to be granted in pursuance of this
 Act, for the Appointment of any new Receiver or Receivers of the
 same Issues, Rents and Revenues, cease, end and determine.

Bishop of Rocheſter's Ap-
 pointment of
 Receiver as to
 the Counties of
Essex, Hertford,
Norfolk and
Huntingdon, to
 cease from the
 Date of War-
 rants appointing
 new Receivers.

Appointment of
 all other Re-
 ceivers to cease
 from the like
 time.

II. And be it further enacted, That a Compensation and Satis-
 faction shall be made to the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rocheſter*
 from time to time, for the Loss which he will sustain by reason of his
 said

Compensation
 to Bishop of
Rocheſter.

said Appointment being made void and determined as to the said Counties of *Essex, Hertford, Norfolk and Huntingdon*, and of the Loss of the Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages or Emoluments incident thereto, when and as the same shall respectively cease by means of any Warrant or Appointment made in pursuance of this Act; the Quantum or Amount of which Compensation or Satisfaction shall from time to time be referred to and ascertained by such Person as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues (by and with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, to be signified by any Minute of the said Lords Commissioners in Writing, or by Letter from any one of their Secretaries in pursuance of any such Minute), shall for that Purpose nominate and appoint on the Part of His Majesty, and by such indifferent Person as shall be nominated and appointed on the Part of the said *Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester*; and in case the Referees, so to be appointed as aforesaid, shall not agree between themselves touching or concerning the Quantum or Amount of such Compensation or Satisfaction as aforesaid, then the Quantum or Amount of every such Compensation or Satisfaction, so to be made to the said *Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester* as aforesaid, shall be settled, ascertained and determined by such competent and indifferent Person as the said respective Referees shall, before they shall respectively proceed to the Consideration of the Matters so referred to them, by Writing under their Hands nominate and appoint to act as Umpire concerning the Premises, and the Judgment and Determination of such Referees or Umpire therein shall be final, binding and conclusive, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and such Referees and Umpire are hereby respectively empowered to send for Persons and Papers, and to examine Witnesses upon Oath, if necessary; which Oath any one of the Persons so to be nominated a Referee or Umpire as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and empowered to administer.

III. And be it further enacted, That if it shall appear to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to be fit and proper that any Compensation or Satisfaction should be made to any other Receiver, Officer or Officers, whose Appointment shall cease or whose Office shall be discontinued by virtue or in consequence of this Act, for any Loss which he or they shall or may sustain by reason of the Cessation of his or their Appointment or Appointments, or the Loss or Discontinuance of his or their Office or Offices, or of any Wages, Fees, Salaries, Allowances, Advantages or Emoluments in respect thereof, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any three or more of them, to make and allow unto any such Receiver or Officer as aforesaid, such Compensation or Allowance as they shall deem just and reasonable; which Compensation and Allowance, and also such Compensation and Allowance as shall be made to the said *Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester* by virtue of this Act, may be paid by the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury out of the Land Revenues of the Crown, or out of any Monies applicable as Land Revenues of the Crown; but this Act, or any thing herein contained is not to vest in or give to any Receiver, Officer or Officers, other than and except the

Quantum there-
of to be settled
by Referees or
Umpire;

who may exa-
mine Witnesses
upon Oath.

Compensation
may be made to
other Officers, if
Commissioners
see fit.

the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, any Right or Title to claim or demand any Satisfaction or Compensation whatsoever, for or in respect of any of the Matters aforesaid.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, and from time to time thereafter when and as occasion shall require, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, such Consent and Approbation to be signified by any Minute of the said Lords Commissioners in Writing, or by Letter from any One of their Secretaries in pursuance of any such Minute, nominate or appoint such and so many Persons, being by Profession and accustomed to act as Surveyors of Lands or Land Stewards, or otherwise skilled in the Management and Cultivation of Lands, and competent to the Superintendance thereof, as they shall think requisite or necessary to be Receivers of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of all and singular His Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions in the several Counties in *England* or *Wales*, within the Ordering, Government and Survey of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer as aforesaid, (except, that during the Life of the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, no such Appointment shall extend to any of the said Possessions which are situate in the County of *Middlesex*, or in the City of *London*;) so as every such Person so to be nominated and appointed as aforesaid shall be resident within the County, or any one County, (if his Appointment shall extend to Two or more Counties,) or any Hundred, District or Division, in or for which he shall be so appointed to act as such Receiver as aforesaid, and not elsewhere, unless the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General, with such Consent as aforesaid, shall think it expedient to dispense with such Residence; and that every such Appointment shall and may be made by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or under the Hand and Seal of the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified in manner aforesaid, and shall cease and determine in case the Person thereby appointed shall discontinue to reside in the said County, or some one County, Hundred, District or Division, in or for which he shall be so appointed to act as aforesaid, unless such Residence shall be dispensed with in manner aforesaid; and every such Warrant may be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule marked (A.) annexed to this Act, or as near and similar thereto as Circumstances will permit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever; and shall be enrolled within One Calendar Month after the Date thereof, in the Office of the Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor or Auditors, of His Majesty's Land Revenues for the County or Counties, Hundred or District, comprised in the Warrant, who shall receive and be entitled to the usual Fees for enrolling the same; and such Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor

Land Surveyors to be appointed Receivers in future;

such Receivers to be resident in their Districts.

Form of Appointment.

Appointment to be enrolled.

Rental delivered to Receiver.

Auditor

Auditor or Auditors, shall, within One Calendar Month from Date of the Enrolment of such Warrant, deliver or cause to be delivered to the Receiver thereby appointed, a true and perfect Report of the Land Revenue within the Division of Receipt of such Receiver, as such Revenue shall then stand in charge before such Auditor or Auditors, or acting Auditor or Auditors, and shall from time to time thereafter amend and rectify such Rental when necessary, duly give in charge to be collected by such Receiver, and shall charge in Account against such Receiver all Sums of Land Revenue which shall or may in any wise come in Charge before him or them.

Duties of
Receivers.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Receiver so to be appointed as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required once at least every Year to view and survey every Part of the Estate or Estates, Issues, Rents, Revenues or Profits whereof shall be in his Collection or Receipt (save and except such Parts thereof as shall be charged only with the Payment of a Fee Farm or Quit Rent), and to examine and inspect the Field Book or Books, if any, kept by the Lessee, Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants thereof, and which Book every such Lessee, Occupier or Tenant, or other Person having the Custody thereof, is hereby required to produce to every such Receiver upon Demand, and to permit him to inspect and examine the same; and every such Receiver shall and is hereby required, within Two Calendar Months after each such Survey shall be so made or taken as aforesaid, to transmit to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues or to the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, a true and faithful Report in Writing of the actual State and Condition of the Premises, and of the Cultivation and Management thereof at the time of such View and Survey, and how far the Covenants and Agreements under which the same shall be then held by the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants thereof, have been observed and performed, or whether the same have been in any and what Respects broken or infringed, and all such Circumstances relating thereto as shall come to the Knowledge of the said Receiver, or respecting which he shall have obtained Information in the Course of his said Survey or otherwise, together with his Opinion thereon; and if any Alterations in the Mode of cultivating or managing such Estates shall appear to him to be expedient or requisite, he shall state the same in such Report, and his Reasons for thinking the same fit or proper to be adopted.

Receiver to
transmit Report
to Commissioners
of State of
Premises.

Accounts to be
annually made
up and sent to
Commissioners
of Woods, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every such Receiver so to be appointed as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required to make up, or cause to be made up annually, an Account in Writing of all Sums of Money whatsoever which shall have become due and payable unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and which such Receiver, by virtue of such his Office as aforesaid, or any Person or Persons by any Authority from him, or by or with his Privy, Consent or Direction, shall at any time have collected, gotten in or received, in respect of any of the Possessions of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of which he shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, and of all such Payments, Allowances or Deductions as shall have been made thereof by him to any Person or Persons; the First of which Accounts shall be made up to the Tenth Day of October next ensuing the Date of the Warrant of Appointment of such Receiver; and every succeeding

succeeding Account shall begin from the End of the former Account, and be made up to the Tenth Day of *October* in the following Year; and every such Receiver shall transmit such Account within Six Calendar Months after the Expiration of the Day or time to which the same shall or ought to be so made up as aforesaid to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, or at or within such other Period or time as such Receiver shall be required, by Notice in Writing from the said last mentioned Commissioners or the said Surveyor General, to transmit the same.

VII. And be it further enacted, That every such Account, when so transmitted, shall be examined, checked and inspected in the Office of the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or of the said Surveyor General; and when so examined and approved by such Commissioners or Surveyor General, shall be delivered over to the Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies for the time being, or to the acting Auditor or Auditors for the time being of the District in which the Estates and Possessions comprised in such Account shall be situate; or if the Duties now performed by or in the Offices of the Auditors of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred to any other Office, then every such Account shall be delivered over to such other Office; and such Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or acting Auditor or Auditors, or the Person or Persons to whom the Duty of auditing such Accounts and making up the same for Declaration shall then be transferred, shall, and he or they is and are hereby required, within Three Calendar Months after the Receipt thereof, to examine, try and audit every such Account; and when so examined, tried and audited by him or them, to make up, or cause the same to be made up, according to the Form in which the Accounts of the Receivers of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of the Crown have been used and accustomed to be made up by the Auditor or Auditors thereof for Declaration; and when so made up shall be verified by the Oath of every such Receiver, which Oath any one of the Barons of the Court or the Curfitor Baron of the Exchequer, or any Commissioner for taking Affidavits in the said Court of Exchequer, or any one of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenue, shall be and is hereby empowered to administer; and such Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or acting Auditor or Auditors, or the Person or Persons whose Duty it shall then be to prepare and make up such Account for Declaration, shall afterwards present or cause the same Account to be presented to the said Chancellor or Under Treasurer, or any one of the Barons aforesaid, for Declaration; and when so declared, and the Balance thereon (if any shall be found due to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors) shall have been duly paid according to the Directions herein contained, a Quietus or Acquittance from the said Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or such acting Auditor or Auditors, or from the Person or Persons to whom the Duties now performed by or in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred, shall be made out to such Receiver, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, in the usual Form,

Accounts to be checked and examined in Office of Woods.

To be finally passed by Auditor.

Oath taken by the Receiver.

Quietus.

and which Quietus or Acquittance shall be a full and perfect Discharge to such Receiver, for or in respect of all Monies received by him and comprised in such Account.

Punishment for taking false Oath.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Receiver or Accountant shall wilfully forswear himself in regard to any Article, Matter or Thing relating to such Account, then such Receiver or Accountant shall and may be prosecuted for the same; and upon Conviction thereof, shall be subject and liable to such and the same Pains and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are by the Laws in being subject and liable to.

Perjury.

Balances and Sums in Receiver's Hands, in what manner to be drawn out and applied.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all Balances due or to become due to His Majesty on the periodically making up of such Accounts by the Auditor or Auditors thereof, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or the acting Auditor or Auditors as aforesaid, or by the Person or Persons to whom the Duty of making up the same shall be then transferred; and all such Sum or Sums of Money as prior to the ascertaining such Balances shall be from time to time required to be paid on account or in respect thereof, either by any Debenture or Debentures, or Instruments in Writing from the said Auditor or Auditors, or his or their Deputy or Deputies, or the acting Auditor or Auditors, or the Person or Persons to whom the Duties now performed by or in the Offices of the Auditor of the Land Revenue shall be then transferred, by virtue or in pursuance of any Warrant from the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, or by any Order in Writing from the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or from the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall be paid over by such Receiver as aforesaid, to such Person or Persons, at such time or times, Office or Place, and in such manner as he shall be directed or required by any such Debenture, Instrument or Order to pay the same; and in Default of such Direction or Requisition, then to such Person or Persons, and in such manner, and at such time or times, and Office or Place, as the Receivers of His Majesty's Land Revenues were immediately before the passing of this Act, by the Laws and Statutes then in force, and the Usage and Practice in that Behalf, bound or required to answer, render and pay the Monies in their Hands, on the Balances of their respective Accounts.

Receiver's Allowance.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Receiver shall have and be allowed, and shall and may charge, retain and deduct, in making up such his annual Accounts as aforesaid, One twentieth Part of all such Monies as shall by him have been received within the time comprised in such Account, and shall be therein duly accounted for, as and for a Compensation for his Trouble in collecting and receiving the same Monies, and as a full Recompence and Satisfaction for all the Services to be performed by him in pursuance of this Act, or in Execution of any of the Duties of his said Office, or such other Compensation not exceeding such One twentieth Part as aforesaid, as the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, shall, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified in manner aforesaid, from time to time order, direct or allow.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants, of any Estates or Possessions of the Crown, the annual Rent or annual Value whereof shall exceed the Sum of One hundred Pounds, shall be in arrear, or hold in his or her Hands or Custody any Rent or Rents or mesue Profits, or other Profits belonging to the Crown arising from the said Estates or Possessions, for the Space of Three Calendar Months after the same shall have become due, and after he or they shall have been applied to, either personally or by Letter from the Receiver for the Payment thereof, without paying over the same to the Receiver authorized and empowered to receive the same; then and in such case every such Person, liable to the Payment of and who ought to have paid the same, shall be charged and chargeable with Interest for such Arrear, to be calculated after the Rate of Five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds by the Year, upon the Sum or respective Sums so in Arrear, from the Day or time, Days or times, at which each Half yearly Payment of the said Rent so in arrear became due, up to the Day or time at or upon which the same shall be actually paid; and that such Interest shall and may be added to the Rent or mesue Profit so in arrear as aforesaid, and shall be recovered and received by the same Ways and Means as any Rent in arrear is by Law recoverable, together with all Costs and Expences to be sustained or incurred in or about the Recovery thereof.

Lessees and Tenants in arrear to pay Interest.

Five Pounds per Cent. per Annum.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Receiver or Receivers as aforesaid shall at any time have received or got into his or their Hands any Sum or Sums of Money belonging to the Crown, exceeding the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and shall not within One Calendar Month after the Receipt thereof give Notice thereof in Writing to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor General, to the Intent that the same may from time to time thereafter be drawn out, called for or applied as Occasion may require; then and in such case every such Receiver shall be charged and chargeable with Interest for every such Sum after the Rate above mentioned, from the Day or time, Days or times, at which it shall have been so received, until it shall be drawn out of his Hands, or paid over by him to the proper Officer, Commissioners, or other Persons by Law entitled to receive the same.

Receivers keeping Money in Hand, or concealing Receipts of Money charged with Interest.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for every Person who shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, and he is hereby authorized and empowered, by virtue of such his Appointment, alone and without any further Order, Warrant or Authority whatsoever, by himself, or any Person whom he shall for that Purpose depute, to make any Distress or Distresses for any Rent or Rents which shall be due in arrear or unpaid from any Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants, of any of the Estates or Possessions which shall be in the Collection, Receipt, or Management of such Receiver, and the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained, to impound, sell and dispose of; and all Sheriffs, Mayors, Justices, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs and other Officers and Ministers of Justice, as hereby directed and required to be aiding and assisting such Receiver or his Substitute in the making such Distress or Distresses, and the impounding, selling and disposing of the Goods, Chattels or Effects so to be taken or distrained, and in all other Matters relating thereto,

Receivers empowered to distress for Rents in arrear.

Proviso.

thereto, or to the Execution of the said Office, as Occasion shall require: Provided always, that every such Receiver shall, and he is hereby required, in making or causing to be made any such Distress, and in relation to any Question or Questions at Law or otherwise which may arise thereupon, to obey and conform to all such Orders and Regulations as shall be given him in that Behalf by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenue.

Receiver to give Security to account, and for due Execution of his Office.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every such Person so to be appointed Receiver as aforesaid, shall, before he shall exercise or execute the said Office, or anywise intermeddle in the Exercise or Execution thereof, enter into a Bond or Obligation, in such Penalty and with such Sureties as the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified in manner aforesaid, shall direct or require for the faithfully answering and accounting for the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits, to be by him received by virtue of such his Appointment; and for the doing, executing and performing all such Services and Duties as are hereby required, or shall in manner aforesaid by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or by the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or the said Surveyor General, with the Consent of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, to be signified in manner aforesaid, be from time to time, by any Minute, Order or Writing, directed or required to be done or performed in relation to such Office as aforesaid; and every such Bond may be in the Form or to the Effect in the Schedule marked (B.) to this Act annexed, or as near and similar thereto as Circumstances will permit, and shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever, and shall have the Effect of a Statute Staple to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, for the answering and Payment of all and every Sum or Sums to become payable by virtue thereof, and shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the Premises to which the same relates, within the Space of One Calendar Month next after the Date thereof, to whom the usual and accustomed Fees shall be paid for enrolling the same, and shall be deposited and kept in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or of the said Surveyor General for the time being.

Form of Security.

Enrolled.

Proviso for Possessions in the County of Middlesex or City of London, during the Life of Walker Bishop of Rochester.

XV. Provided always, That during the Life of the said *Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester*, this Act or any thing herein contained shall not extend to any of His Majesty's Honors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions or Hereditaments, which are situate within the County of *Middlesex* or the City of *London*, or to determine or vacate the Office of Receiver of the Issues, Rents and Revenues thereof, so held by the said *Walker Lord Bishop of Rochester*, under or by virtue of the said Letters Patent, but that the said Letters Patent and the Appointment thereby made, so far as respects such Honors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, in the said County of *Middlesex*, and in the said City of *London*, and the Rents and Revenues thereof, and the Office of Receiver thereof, shall be and remain as

valid and effectual, and he the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, by himself and his Deputy or Deputies, shall continue to receive the Issues, Rents and Revenues thereof, and to pass his Accounts in regard thereto, in such or the like manner, and to have such and the like Fees, Salaries, Allowances or Emoluments, in respect of such last mentioned Honors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, as if this Act had never been passed; and that no Bond, Obligation or other Security, given or entered into by the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, or any Person or Persons as his Surety or Sureties for the due Execution of his said Office, shall be in any manner vacated, annulled, rendered void or prejudiced by this present Act; but that every such Bond, Obligation or Security shall be, remain and continue in full Force and Effect, with reference to the said Possessions in the said County of *Middlesex* and in the said City of *London*, any thing herein contained or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That from and after the Decease of the said *Walker* Lord Bishop of *Rochester*, all the Regulations, Directions, Powers, Clauses and Provisions herein contained shall extend to comprise and be applicable to the said Honors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Possessions and Hereditaments, in the County of *Middlesex*, and in the City of *London*, and the Rents and Revenues thereof, and the Appointment of all subsequent Receivers thereof, which Receivers may be Surveyors of Lands or of Houses, or other competent Persons, as fully and effectually, and in such and the like manner as if such Honors, Lordships, Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Possessions had been originally included in and subjected to the said Regulations, Directions, Powers, Clauses and Provisions of this Act.

XVII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, or to be done in pursuance hereof, shall not extend or be construed to take away, abridge or diminish any of the Fees, Perquisites or Allowances which the several Auditors of His Majesty's Land Revenues have been used and accustomed to take, receive or be allowed, for the Execution of any of the Duties of their respective Offices before the passing of this Act.

After Decease of Bishop, Regulations of Act to extend to the Possessions in the County of Middlesex and City of London.

Auditor's Fee not to be abridged or taken away by Act.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FORM OF APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER.

By the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues [or, by the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land Revenues].

TO all to whom these Presents shall come, We
 and Two of the Commissioners
 of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, [or, I
 Surveyor General of His Majesty's Land
 Revenues] send greeting: Know ye, that we the said
 and [or, I the said
] reposing especial Trust and Confidence in
 the Care, Skill and Probity of *A. B.* of in
 the County of Land Surveyor, (by virtue and in
 exercise

exercise of the Powers and Authorities vested in us [or, in me] by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled [*here insert the Title of this Act*], by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury,) have nominated, constituted and appointed, and by this our [or, my] Warrant do nominate, constitute and appoint the said *A. B.* to be Receiver of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of all and singular His Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions whatsoever in the [*insert the Counties, Districts, Divisions or Places to which the Appointment is meant to extend*] together with all Arrears thereof: To have and to hold the said Office and Offices unto the said *A. B.* during His Majesty's Pleasure, or until the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, or the said Surveyor General, by any Instrument or Document in Writing shall determine the Appointment hereby made; he the said *A. B.* having, taking and retaining out of the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits aforesaid during his Continuance in the said Office, and for the Performance and Execution of the Duties thereof, [*here insert the Allowance of One twentieth Part, or such other Compensation as shall be agreed to be allowed*]; Provided always, that if the said *A. B.* shall not diligently and faithfully levy, collect and receive the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits aforesaid, and pay and apply the same in the manner directed and required by the said Act, or shall not duly and faithfully account for all such his Receipts within the times thereby appointed or to be appointed in pursuance thereof, for the rendering such Accounts, or if he shall not duly and faithfully execute and perform all other the Duties of the said Office of Receiver [*and if Local Residence be required, then say*] or if he shall cease or discontinue to dwell and reside within the said [*insert the Counties or Districts*] or some or one of them, or if these Presents shall not be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the County or Counties of [*insert the Counties or Districts*] aforesaid, within the Space of next after the Date hereof; then and in either of such cases, these Presents and the Appointment hereby made shall be void and of no Effect. In Witness whereof we the said

and [*or, I the said*]
 our Hands and Seals, [*or, my Hand and Seal*] the Warrant, set
 Day of in the Year of the Reign
 of our Sovereign Lord and in the Year of our
 Lord

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above }
 named
 in the Presence of }

SCHEDULE (B.)
FORM OF BOND.

KNOW all Men by these Presents, That we, *A. B.*
of *C. D.* of
and *E. F.* of
are held and firmly bound to our Sovereign Lord [*insert
the King's Name*] by the Grace of God, of the United
Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, King, Defender
of the Faith, in the Sum of [*insert the Penalty*] Pounds
of lawful Money of the said United Kingdom, current in
Great Britain, to be paid to our said Lord the King,
his Heirs and Successors; for which Payment well and truly
to be made, We bind ourselves, and every of us, jointly and
severally, for and in the whole, our Heirs, Executors and
Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Presents,
sealed with our Seals. Dated the _____ Day of
_____ in the _____ Year of the Reign of the said
King, and in the Year of our Lord

WHEREAS the above bounden *A. B.* hath been recommended
as a proper Person to be appointed Receiver General, and the
Consent and Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His
Majesty's Treasury hath been obtained for appointing the said *A. B.*
to be, and he is accordingly about to be appointed Receiver General
of all and singular the Rents, Issues, Revenues and Profits of His
Majesty's Honors, Castles, Lordships, Manors, Lands, Tenements,
Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions, situate in
the [*here insert the Counties, Districts, Divisions or Places intended
to be comprised in the Appointment*] together with all Arrears thereof,
during His Majesty's Pleasure, or until the Lords Commissioners of
His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three of them, or the Commissioners
of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two
of them, or the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's
Land Revenues, by any Instrument or Document in Writing, shall
determine such Appointment: Now the Condition of the above
written Obligation is such, That if the said *A. B.*
shall and do from time to time, and at all times after such Appoint-
ment shall be made, so long as he shall continue in the said Office,
well and truly collect, get in and receive, or use his best Endeavours
well and truly to collect, get in and receive, all and singular the Rents,
Issues, Revenues and Profits which shall arise or grow due to His
Majesty, or which shall have arisen or grown due and remain in Ar-
rear to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, from or out of or for or
in respect of His Majesty's said Honors, Castles, Manors, Lands,
Tenements, Rents, Services and other Hereditaments and Possessions,
of which he the said *A. B.* shall be so appointed Receiver as
aforesaid; and also if he the said *A. B.* shall and do from
time to time, for and during so long time as he shall continue in the
said Office, well and faithfully make up, or cause to be made up
usually, a true and perfect Account in Writing of all Sums of
Money whatsoever, which shall have arisen or become due and pay-
able unto His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and which he the said
A. B. by virtue of his said Office, or any Person or Per-
sons by any Authority from him, or by or with his Privy, Consent
or Direction, shall at any time have levied, collected or received, in
respect

respect of any of the Estates or Possessions of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of which he the said *A. B.* shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid; and do and shall transmit the same Account to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, at or within such time or times as is or are in and by an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled [*insert the Title of this Act*] directed in that Behalf, or as the said Commissioners or Surveyor General shall, by any Order in Writing, from time to time require, and do and shall pass and verify every such Account in the manner directed by the said Act; and if he the said *A. B.* do and shall well and truly answer and pay all such Balances as shall be or become due to His Majesty upon the periodically making up of every such Account as aforesaid, and all such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be from time to time required to be paid on account thereof prior to the ascertaining such Balances, either by any Debenture or Instrument in Writing from the Auditor or acting Auditor, or by any Order in Writing from the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any two of them, or from the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, to such Person or Persons, at such time or times, and Office or Place, and in such manner as he the said *A. B.* shall be directed or required by any such Debenture, Instrument or Order to pay the same; and in default of such Direction or Requisition, to such Persons, and in such manner, and at such time or times as the Receivers of His Majesty's Land Revenues were immediately before the passing the said Act, by the Laws and Statutes then in force and the Usage and Practice in that Behalf bound or required to answer, render and pay the Balances of their respective Accounts and any Sums of Money on account of such Balances; and if the said *A. B.* do and shall, once at least in every Year so long as he shall continue in the said Office, view and survey every Part of all such Estates of which he shall be so appointed Receiver as aforesaid, as he shall in the Execution of the Duties of his said Office, under the Provisions of the said Act, be required to view and survey, and examine and inspect the Field Books kept by the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, Tenant or Tenants thereof respectively, and do and shall, within Two Calendar Months after every such Survey shall be made or taken as aforesaid, transmit to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, a true and faithful Report in Writing of the State and Condition of the Estates and Premises so surveyed, and of the Cultivation and Management thereof, and how far the Covenants or Agreements under which the same are or shall be held have been observed or performed, or whether the same have been in any and what respects broken or infringed, and all such Circumstances relating thereto as shall have come to the Knowledge of him the said *A. B.* or respecting which he shall have obtained Information in the Course of his said Survey or otherwise, together with his Opinion thereon; and if he the said *A. B.* shall and do within the Space of One Calendar Month after he shall at any time have received or got into his Hands any Sum or Sums of Money belonging to The Crown, exceeding the Sum of Five hundred

dred Pounds, give Notice thereof in Writing to the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or to the said Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues; and also if he the said *A. B.* shall and do, during so long time as he shall continue in the said Office, well and truly execute all such Duties as are required by the said Act to be performed by Persons holding any such Office, and observe, obey, perform and execute all such Orders, Rules and Instructions as he hath received or shall from time to time receive from the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, (to be signified by any Minute of the said Lords Commissioners in Writing, or by Letter from any One of their Secretaries in pursuance of any such Minute,) or from the Chancellor or Under Treasurer of the Exchequer for the time being, or from the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, or from the Surveyor General for the time being of His Majesty's Land Revenues, touching or concerning the Premises or the Execution of the Office or Employment aforesaid; and if he the said *A. B.* shall and do in all other Respects faithfully and truly execute and perform the Duties of the said Office, and all the Trusts which shall be reposed in him as such Officer as aforesaid, then the above written Obligation shall be void, otherwise the same shall be and remain in full Force and Virtue.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the above }
 named
 in the Presence of }

C A P. XVII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, certain additional Duties of Excise in *Great Britain*. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS several of the additional Duties of Excise granted by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, and certain additional Duties of Excise on Tobacco and Snuff imported into Great Britain*, granted by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and the Duties inserted, described and set forth in the Schedule marked (B) annexed to another Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, and certain additional Duties of Excise on Brandy, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Strong Waters, imported into *Great Britain*, granted by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, would have expired at certain limited times after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace had not the same been continued: And Whereas the same were and are by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign continued until and upon the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and it is expedient further to continue the same in manner herein after mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such of

Duties con-
 tinued by

55 G. 3. c. 27.
further con-
tinued till
July 5, 1821.
except Malt.

the said Duties of Excise by the said Acts granted as are not repealed nor made perpetual, and would expire before the said Fifth Day of *July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, and are by the said Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty continued until and upon the said Fifth Day of *July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, shall be and the same respectively are hereby further continued until and upon the Fifth Day of *July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one*, save and except the Duties on Malt made in *England and Scotland*, or brought from *Scotland into England*, granted by the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

C A P. XVIII.

An Act to suspend, until the Fifth Day of *April One thousand eight hundred and twenty*, the Duty on Lead exported from *Great Britain*. [11th April 1816.]

49 G. 3. c. 98.
Sch (A.)

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by one certain Schedule marked (A.) Outwards, annexed to the said Act, a Duty of Customs is to be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in ready Money, of Three Pounds and Ten Shillings upon Lead, cast or uncast, the Ton containing Twenty hundred Weight, exported from *Great Britain*: And Whereas it is expedient to suspend for a limited time the said Duty;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Payment of the said Duty for or in respect of such Lead, on the Exportation thereof from any Part of *Great Britain*, shall be suspended until the Fifth Day of *April One thousand eight hundred and twenty*.

Export Duty on
Lead suspended.

C A P. XIX.

An Act to continue until the Fifth Day of *July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, an Act of the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar exported. [11th April 1816.]

47 G. 3. c. 22.

‘ WHEREAS an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar was granted and allowed by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to allow for Two Years from and after the passing of this Act an additional Bounty on double refined Sugar, and to extend former Bounties on other refined Sugar to such as shall be pounded, crushed or broken*; and to allow for One Year certain Bounties on *British Plantation raw Sugar exported*; and which said additional Bounty on double refined Sugar has been by several subsequent Acts continued until the Fifth Day of *April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said additional Bounty on double refined Sugar should be further continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice

Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said additional Bounty on double refined Sugar shall be and the same is hereby revived and further continued from the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Additional
Bounty on
double refined
Sugar further
continued.

C A P. XX.

An Act to make further Provision for the Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in *Ireland*. [11th *April* 1816.]

WHEREAS the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* respectively, pursuant to the Powers and Authorities in them vested by Law for that Purpose, have been used and accustomed to appoint, in and for the several and respective Districts in *Ireland* (except the District of *Dublin*), a Number of Sub Commissioners for the Purpose of hearing, trying and determining all Complaints and Informations for the Recovery of Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by the several Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to the Revenues of Customs, Excise or Taxes respectively; and Three of such Sub Commissioners or the Majority of them, have been used and accustomed to give Judgment and award Execution thereon: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether in cases where the Sub Commissioners of any District exceed Five in Number the Majority of such Sub Commissioners be not necessary to constitute a competent Court to hear, try and determine any such Complaint or Information: For the removing of the said Doubts, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all Complaints and Informations for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for any Offence against or any Breach of any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in *Ireland*, relating to any of the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or either of them, which shall have been or shall be committed within any District in *Ireland* (except the District of *Dublin*), shall and may be heard, tried and determined before any Three or more of the Sub Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or before any Three or more of the Sub Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes of such District, as the case may be, and that any and every Judgment or Execution which shall be given or awarded by the Majority sitting on the Trial of any such Complaint or Information shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Informations for
Recovery of
Fines (except in
District of *Dub-*
lin) may be de-
termined before
Three Sub
Commissioners.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall take away or in any manner affect the Remedy of Appeal provided for the Party or Parties aggrieved in and by an

Appeal.

Act

14 & 15 Car. 2.
(1.)

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Parties and
Witnesses to be
summoned.

Collectors and
Sub Commis-
sioners may issue
Summons to
Parties and Wit-
nesses to appear
on Trials of In-
formation.

Penalty.

Goods seized
may be claimed
by Consignees
on certain Con-
ditions.

Bond.

An Act made in the Parliament of Ireland in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for settling of the Excise or new Imposst upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted;* or in and by Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, in Ireland;* or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in Ireland.

III. And Whereas in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty Charles the Second, it is amongst other things enacted, that the Sub Commissioners as therein mentioned shall be authorized upon any Complaint or Information to proceed to Examination of the Matter of Fact by summoning or causing Parties and Witnesses to be summoned to appear before them by causing Summonses in Writing under the Hand of the Clerk or other Officer thereunto appointed, to be left at the usual Place of Abode or Habitation of such Party or Witness: And Whereas it is expedient to provide for the more easy and convenient issuing of such Summons or Notice; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector of Customs or Excise, or any Person appointed by such Collectors respectively, or to and for any Sub Commissioner of the respective Districts, to sign and issue any Notice or Summons to Parties and Witnesses to appear on the Trial of any Complaint or Information exhibited in such District, and every such Notice or Summons which shall be so signed and issued shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been issued pursuant to the Directions and Provisions of the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, any Thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any Person who shall be duly summoned to be a Witness as aforesaid shall neglect to appear without reasonable Excuse for such Neglect, or appearing shall refuse to give his, her or their Testimony concerning the Matter in Question, every such Person for every such Neglect or Refusal shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Goods, Wares and Merchandize shall be seized after the landing thereof in Ireland, for any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in Ireland, relating to any Matters and Things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, it shall and may be lawful for the Consignee or Consignees thereof to claim such Goods, Wares and Merchandize on behalf of the Owner or Owners thereof, such Consignee or Consignees making an Affidavit before the Officer empowered to receive such Claim of the Name or Names, Place or Places of Abode of the real Owner or Owners of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and also giving Security by Bond to His Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties to be previously approved of by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by the Collector or other Principal Officer of the Customs for the District within which such Claim shall be entered, in the Penalty of One hundred Pounds, or such further Sum not exceeding Three hundred Pounds, as shall be reasonably deemed sufficient by such Commissioners, Collector or other

other Officers, to answer and pay the Costs which may be occasioned by such Claim, in case of the Condemnation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, such Costs to be taxed by the Chief Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer or his Deputy; any thing in the before mentioned Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Reign, or any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

V. And Whereas under and by virtue of the several Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenues, Matters and Things under the Management of the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively, the several pecuniary Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted or imposed by the said Acts are directed to be payable and to be paid and received in *British* Currency; Be it further enacted, That in suing for any such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, it shall not be necessary to specify, mention or set forth in the Complaint or Information, or in any Judgment given thereon, or in any Warrant to be issued founded upon such Judgment, the Currency in which such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be paid or receivable, but every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied, recovered and paid, according to the Amount thereof in *British* Currency.

Penalties to be levied in British Currency, though not set forth in Complaint.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Goods, Wares or Merchandize which may have been or may be warehoused or otherwise secured without Payment of Duty in *Ireland*, may be permitted and allowed to remain warehoused or otherwise secured beyond the Period now allowed by Law for clearing and taking the same from and out of Warehouse; and that the Period for which any Goods, Wares or Merchandize are allowed by Law to be bonded or warehoused in *Ireland*, may be extended in like manner and under like Regulations in *Ireland*, as are directed and required with respect to Goods warehoused in *Great Britain*, by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for allowing further time for taking Goods out of Warehouse and paying Duties thereon*.

Period allowed for clearing Goods warehoused to be extended.

49 G. 3. c. 106.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in *British* Currency, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by the said recited Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, or in and by the said recited Act made in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein repeated and reenacted, with the like remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

Penalties to be levied in British Currency.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. XXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until Two Years after the Expiration of the Restrictions upon Payments in Cash by the Bank of *England*, an Act for suspending the Operation of an Act of the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for restraining the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Bills of Exchange under a limited Sum, in *England*.

[11th April 1816.]

17 G. 3. c. 30.

‘ WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for restraining for a limited time the Negotiation of Promissory Notes and Inland Bills of Exchange for Twenty Shillings and under Five Pounds: And

27 G. 3. c. 16.

‘ Whereas the said Act was, by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, made perpetual: And

37 G. 3. c. 32.

‘ Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, the said first recited Act, so far as the same relates to the making void of Promissory Notes, Drafts or Undertakings in Writing, payable on Demand to the Bearer thereof, for any Sum less than the Sum of Five Pounds in the whole, and also to the restraining the publishing or uttering and negotiating of any such Notes, Drafts or Undertakings as aforesaid, was suspended until the First Day of *May* then next: And Whereas the said Act of the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty hath by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and amended; and it is expedient that the same should be revived and further continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by the King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Act of the Thirty seventh Year aforesaid, so far as the same suspends the said Act of the Seventeenth Year aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby revived from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be further continued, as amended, from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until Two Years after the Expiration of the Restriction upon Payments in Cash by the Bank of *England*.

37 G. 3. c. 32.
so far as suspends
17 G. 3. c. 30.
further contin-
ued.

C A P. XXII.

An Act for the more effectually detaining in Custody *Napoleon Buonaparté*.

[11th April 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is necessary for the Preservation of the Tranquillity of *Europe*, and for the general Safety, that *Napoleon Buonaparté* should be detained and kept in Custody as is hereinafter provided:’ Be it therefore enacted; and it is hereby enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to detain and keep the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in the Custody of such Person or Persons, in such Place within His Majesty’s

For detaining
Napoleon
Buonaparté in
Custody,

Majesty's Dominions, and under such Restrictions, during the Pleasure of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall from time to time seem fit.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said *Napoleon Buonaparté*, being in such Custody as aforesaid, shall be deemed and taken to be, and shall be treated and dealt with as a Prisoner of War, except only in so far as by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall at any time, or from time to time, be otherwise directed; and that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of One of his or their Principal Secretaries of State, to nominate and appoint such Person or Persons, being His Majesty's Subject or Subjects, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall seem fit, to have the Custody of the said *Napoleon Buonaparté*; and from time to time, by like Warrant to change the Place, and to appoint such other Place, as to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall seem fit, in which the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* shall be detained and kept; and by like Warrant to authorize and empower any Person and Persons to remove the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* from the Place in which he now is, or shall at any time hereafter be so detained and kept, and to convey him to such other Place as shall be so appointed as aforesaid; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Person and Persons so appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, to call to his or their Aid and Assistance all or any Persons, being Subjects of His Majesty, or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, for the detaining and keeping the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in Custody as aforesaid, or for the removing or conveying him as aforesaid, as Occasion may require: And that all and every such Person or Persons so appointed or to be appointed as aforesaid, and all and every Person and Persons who shall be called to his or their Aid and Assistance, shall have full Power and Authority to use all Ways and Means for the detaining and keeping the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in such Custody, and for the Prevention of the Rescue or Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* from and out of such Custody, and for the retaking the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in case he shall be rescued or shall escape from and out of the same, as might be lawfully used for the detaining and keeping in Custody, and for preventing the Rescue or Escape of, and for the retaking any Prisoner of War.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall rescue or attempt to rescue the said *Napoleon Buonaparté*, or shall knowingly and wilfully aid or assist in the Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparté*, or in any Attempt to escape from such Custody as aforesaid, or from any Limits or Bounds wherein he now is or at any time hereafter shall or may be detained and kept in Custody as aforesaid, or in which he shall or may be suffered to go at large within the Limits of any Island or Country, Territory or Place, or within the Limits of any District or Bounds within any Island or Country, Territory or Place, upon Parole or without Parole, all and every such Person and Persons so offending, shall upon being convicted thereof be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy.

IV. And

who shall be treated as a Prisoner of War.

Appointing Persons to have the Custody;

to change the Place;

and to remove him.

For calling in Assistance.

Power to use Means for detaining N. Buonaparté.

Persons rescuing or attempting a Rescue or an Escape.

Death.

For preventing
the further
Escape.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons, being Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall knowingly and wilfully aid, assist or further the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in quitting any Part of any Island, Country, Territory or Place, without the Limits and Bounds of any District of such Island, Country, Territory or Place, within which he may have been confined or suffered to go at large, on Parole or without Parole, after he shall have been rescued, or have escaped or departed from any Place of Custody, or from the Limits and Bounds within which he shall have been committed to go at large, upon Parole or without Parole, he, she or they shall be deemed guilty of aiding the Escape of the said *Napoleon Buonaparté*, under the Provisions of this Act.

Prohibiting any
Assistance of
Escape upon the
High Seas.

V. And be it further enacted that if any Person or Persons, being a Subject or Subjects of His Majesty or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, after the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* shall have been rescued, or have escaped or departed from and have quitted the Island, Country, District or Territory, within which he shall have been detained and kept in Custody as aforesaid, or have been suffered to go at large, upon Parole or without, or after he shall have quitted and departed from any other Country into which he may have escaped or come, shall knowingly and wilfully, upon the High Seas, aid, assist or further the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* in escaping or going to or towards any other Dominions or Place whatsoever, such Person or Persons shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Where Of-
fences may be
tried.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Offences against this Act, wheresoever the same shall be committed, whether within the Dominions of His Majesty or without, or upon the High Seas, may be inquired of, tried, heard, determined and adjudged in any County within that Part of His Majesty's Dominions called *England*, in like Manner, and by a Jury of such County, as if such Offences had been committed within such County; and that in every Information or Indictment for such Offence, such Offence may be laid and charged to have been committed in such County.

For detaining
Persons charged
with Offences.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Persons who shall be apprehended, detained or in Custody, charged with any Offence against this Act, may be detained in Custody and sent to *England*, in order to their being proceeded against and tried for such Offence.

General Issue.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action, Suit, Bill, Complaint, Information or Indictment, shall be brought, sued or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done under or by virtue of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and shall have the Advantage thereof as fully, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the Special Matter had been fully and well pleaded, and in such manner as any Justice of the Peace, Constable or other Officer, questioned for Matters acted by them as Officers, or in the Execution of their Offices, may have the Advantage of the Matter of their Justification upon the General Issue by them pleaded, by any of the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom.

C A P. XXIII.

An Act for regulating the Intercourse with the Island of *Saint Helena*, during the time *Napoleon Buonaparté* shall be detained there; and for indemnifying Persons in the Cases therein mentioned. [11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS *Napoleon Buonaparté* is now detained and kept in Custody in the Island of *Saint Helena*: And Whereas it is requisite and necessary to prohibit all Intercourse and Communication with the said Island of *Saint Helena*, either by His Majesty's Subjects or by any other Person or Persons, except under the Restrictions and according to the Rules, Regulations and Conditions hereinafter set forth and prescribed, during such time that the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* shall be detained and kept, or shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be detained and kept in the said Island of *Saint Helena*; Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for and during such time as the said *Napoleon Buonaparté* shall be detained and kept in Custody, or shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, to be detained and kept in Custody in the said Island of *Saint Helena*, it shall not be lawful for any of His Majesty's Subjects, or for any other Person or Persons whatsoever (except in Ships or Vessels of and belonging to or chartered or employed by the United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, duly ordered to proceed to or to rendezvous at the said Island, by the said United Company, or by the Governor General of *Fort William*, the Governor of *Fort Saint George* or *Bombay*, or by the said Company's Supra Cargoes in *China*;) to trade, go, sail or repair to the said Island of *Saint Helena*, without the Licence of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, signed by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or without the Licence, Consent and Permission of the Governor, or in his Absence, of the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or of the Commander for the time being of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces stationed off or at the said Island; and if any Person or Persons (except as before excepted) other than such as shall be thereunto lawfully authorized by such Licence of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of the Governor, Deputy Governor or Commander, or such Permission or Consent as aforesaid, shall trade, go, sail, repair to or land upon the said Island of *Saint Helena*, he or they shall be deemed guilty of a High Crime and Misdemeanour, and shall and may be prosecuted for the same in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench here in *England*, upon Information exhibited by His Majesty's Attorney General, or upon Indictment found; in which Information or Indictment such Offence may be laid and charged to have been committed in the County of *Middlesex*; and all and every Person or Persons so offending shall on Conviction be liable to such Punishment by Imprisonment and Fine, or either, as the Court shall adjudge or award, any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

During the time Buonaparté shall be in Custody in *Saint Helena*, no Communication to be permitted.

Trading, &c. without Licence of The King or the Governor or Deputy Governor of *Saint Helena*.

Persons offend-
ing may be
seized, and
brought to Eng-
land, to await
their Trial.

II. And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons so offending shall and may be seized and brought to *England* for the Purpose of being so tried; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, and he and they is and are authorized and required to commit all and every such Person and Persons to the next County Gaol, there to remain until sufficient Security be given by natural born Subjects or Denizens, to appear in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Westminster*, to answer any Information or Indictment exhibited or found, or to be exhibited or found, against him or them, and not to go or depart out of Court, or out of this Kingdom, without Leave of the said Court.

Persons landing
(other than Of-
ficers and Sea-
men belonging
to Ships of War)
shall return to
the Ship when
ordered, or be
taken into
Custody.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall arrive at the said Island on board any Ship or Vessel of and belonging to, or chartered or employed by the said United Company as aforesaid, shall land on the said Island from on board the same, or shall land on the said Island from any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, (except the Officers and Seamen of and belonging to such Ship or Vessel of War,) shall not, when thereunto ordered and required by the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being of the said Island, forthwith return to and repair on board such Ship or Vessel from which he shall have so landed as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, to seize and detain every such Person until he or she can be sent, and to send him or her on board the said Ship or Vessel from which he or she so landed as aforesaid; and every Person who shall have so landed from any such Ship or Vessel as last aforesaid, who shall, after the Departure of such Ship or Vessel from the said Island, remain on the said Island without the Licence, Permission and Consent of the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, shall be deemed guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall and may be dealt with, prosecuted and punished in the same manner and form as Persons who shall, without Licence, Permission and Consent as aforesaid, land from any other Ship, Vessel or Boat not belonging to, chartered or employed by the said United Company, or ordered by the said Company, or their Servants as aforesaid, to proceed to or rendezvous at the said Island.

Remaining in
the Island with-
out Licence.
Punishment.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or for the Commander for the time being of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces stationed off or at the said Island respectively, and the Persons acting under his or their Orders and Commands respectively, by all necessary Ways and Means to hinder and prevent any Ship, Vessel or Boat, Ships or Vessels or Boats, (except Ships and Vessels of and belonging to or chartered by the said United Company of Merchants, and also duly licensed by the said Company for that Purpose, as hereinbefore mentioned,) from repairing to, trading or touching at the said Island, or having any Communication with the same; and to hinder and prevent any Person or Persons from landing upon the said Island from such Ships, Vessels or Boats, and to seize and detain all and every Person and Persons that shall land upon the said Island from the same; and all such Ships, Vessels or Boats (except as above excepted) as shall

Vessels (except
Vessels belong-
ing to the Com-
pany, &c.) trad-
ing or touch-
ing at Saint Helena.

shall repair to, or trade, or touch at the said Island, or shall be found hovering within Eight Leagues of the Coast thereof, and which shall or may belong, in the Whole or in Part, to any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty, or to any Person or Persons owing Allegiance to His Majesty, shall and are hereby declared to be forfeited to His Majesty, and shall and may be seized and detained, and brought to England, and shall and may be prosecuted to Condemnation by His Majesty's Attorney General, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in such manner and form as any Ship, Vessel or Boat may be seized, detained or prosecuted, for any Breach or Violation of the Navigation or Revenue Laws of this Country; and the Offence for which such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall be proceeded against shall and may be laid and charged to have been done and committed in the County of *Middlesex*; and if any Ship, Vessel or Boat, not belonging in the Whole or in Part to any Person or Persons the Subject or Subjects of or owing Allegiance to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall repair to, or trade or touch at the said Island of *Saint Helena*, or shall be found hovering within Eight Leagues of the Coast thereof, and shall not depart from the said Island or the Coast thereof when and so soon as the Master or other Person having the Charge and Command thereof shall be ordered so to do by the Governor or Lieutenant Governor of the said Island for the time being, or by the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Force stationed at or off the said Island for the time being, (unless in case of unavoidable Necessity, or Distress of Weather,) such Ship or Vessel shall be deemed forfeited, and shall and may be seized and detained and prosecuted in the same manner as is hereinbefore enacted as to Ships, Vessels or Boats of or belonging to any Subject or Subjects of His Majesty.

Forfeited, seized and brought to England for Prosecution.

Foreign Vessels hovering and not departing on Order,

seized and prosecuted.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel shall happen, by Strefs of Weather, Peril of the Sea, or other inevitable Accident or other urgent Necessity, to be driven or forced to the said Island, and from such Cause to touch thereat, and the Master or other Person having the Command of such Ship or Vessel shall forthwith give Notice thereof, and of the Cause thereof, to the Governor, or in his Absence to the Deputy Governor of the said Island for the time being, or to the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces for the time being, or one of them; and shall, during the time that such Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to remain at the said Island, in all things conform to the Directions and Orders of the said Governor, or in his Absence of the said Deputy Governor for the time being; and the said Ship or Vessel shall quit the said Island, and depart therefrom, with all the Crew and Passengers of and belonging to the said Ship or Vessel, as and when the said Governor, or in his Absence the Deputy Governor for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty's Naval or Military Forces at the said Island for the time being, or either of them, shall direct and require; such Ship or Vessel shall not be subject to Forfeiture, nor shall the Owners or Master or Crew thereof, or any Person or Persons on board the same, who shall so conform to such Directions and Orders as aforesaid, be liable to any of the Pains, Penalties or Punishments hereinbefore mentioned: Provided nevertheless, that the Proof of such Ship or Vessel having been driven or forced to repair to and touch at the said Island, by Strefs of Weather,

Proviso for Vessels driven by Strefs of Weather into Saint Helena.

Such Vessels departing when able not liable to Forfeiture.

Onus probandi on Party claiming Exemption,

ther, Peril of the Sea, or other inevitable Accident or urgent Necessity, and of having quitted and departed from the said Island as hereinbefore mentioned, shall lie upon the Party claiming such Exemption from the Pains, Penalties and Punishments aforesaid; any thing in this Act or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Indemnifying
Persons acting
in detaining
Buonaparté in
Custody.

‘ VI. And Whereas in consequence of *Napoleon Buonaparté* having been detained and kept in Custody in the Island of *Saint Helena*, and in order to the safely and securely detaining and keeping him in such Custody, it may have happened that the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or the Governor of the said Island for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty’s Naval or Military Forces respectively, or other Officers and Persons acting or who have acted in their Aid and Assistance, or under their Advice, Orders or Commands, may from the Urgency of the Occasion have given Orders, done Acts, or used Means for the Purpose, which may not be strictly justified by Law; and in such case it is highly fit that they should be justified and indemnified by Act of Parliament for the same;’ Be it therefore enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, and the Governor of the said Island of *Saint Helena* for the time being, and the Commander or Commanders of His Majesty’s Naval or Military Forces for the time being, and all and every Officer and Officers, Person and Persons, who have acted in their Aid and Assistance, or under their respective Advice, Orders and Commands, shall be and they are hereby indemnified for the same.

General Issue.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits, Indictments, Prosecutions and Proceedings whatsoever, which may have been or which shall be hereafter prosecuted or commenced against any Person or Persons, for or by reason of any Advice, Orders or Commands issued, or for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing advised, commanded, appointed, ordered or done by the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or by the Governor of the said Island for the time being, or the Commander of His Majesty’s Naval or Military Forces respectively, or by any Officer or Officers, Person or Persons, acting in their Aid and Assistance, or under their or either of their Advice, Orders or Commands, at any time before the passing of this Act, be and shall be discharged and made void by virtue of this Act; and that in any Action, Suit, Indictment, Prosecution or Proceeding now commenced, or which shall or may hereafter be prosecuted and commenced, against any of the said Commissioners, Governor or Governors, Commanders, Officers or Person or Persons as aforesaid, for or by reason of any such Advice, Order or Command, or for or by reason of any Act, Matter or Thing, done in such Aid and Assistance, or under such Advice, Order or Command respectively, he, she or they may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence.

Proviso for
Right of East
India Company
to trade with
Saint Helena.

VIII. Provided always, That this Act or any thing herein contained, shall not extend or be construed to extend to restrain or prejudice the Trade or Right of Trade or Navigation of the said United Company of Merchants of *England* trading to the *East Indies*, to the said Island of *Saint Helena*, in Ships of and belonging to or chartered by the said Company, and duly licensed by them for that

Purpose, or to prejudice or infringe the Rights of the said Company to and over the said Island and the Inhabitants thereof, except as is hereinbefore specially enacted and contained.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament. Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. XXIV.

An Act for better enabling His Majesty to make Provision for the Establishment of Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*.

[11th April 1816.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**E, Your Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal Subjects the Com-
 ‘ mons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ire-*
 ‘ *land*, in Parliament assembled, having taken into Consideration the
 ‘ most Gracious Message of His Royal Highness the Prince Regent,
 ‘ acting in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, communi-
 ‘ cating that His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, acting in the
 ‘ Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty, having given the Royal
 ‘ Consent to a Marriage between His Daughter Her Royal High-
 ‘ ness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness *Leo-*
 ‘ *pold George Frederick* Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*, and being
 ‘ fully persuaded that this Alliance could not but be acceptable to
 ‘ all His Majesty’s faithful Subjects, was desirous of making such a
 ‘ Provision with a View to the said Marriage as might be suitable to
 ‘ the Honour and Dignity of the Country; do most humbly, cheer-
 ‘ fully, and unanimously beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted;
 ‘ and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and
 ‘ with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
 ‘ and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Au-
 ‘ thority of the same, That it shall be lawful for The King’s Most Ex-
 ‘ cellent Majesty, in order to provide for the Establishment of Her said
 ‘ Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene
 ‘ Highness *Leopold George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of
 ‘ *Meissen*, Landgrave of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*,
 ‘ upon such Marriage, by any Letters Patent, under the Great Seal
 ‘ of the United Kingdom, to give and grant to Her said Royal High-
 ‘ ness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness *Leopold*
 ‘ *George Frederick* Duke of *Saxe*, Margrave of *Meissen*, Landgrave
 ‘ of *Thuringuen*, Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*, or to such other Per-
 ‘ son or Persons as His said Majesty shall think fit to be named in
 ‘ such Letters Patent, and his and their Heirs, to or to the Use of or
 ‘ in Trust for Her said Royal Highness and His Serene Highness,
 ‘ one Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of *Great*
 ‘ *Britain*; which Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds shall commence
 ‘ and take Effect from the Day of the Marriage of Her said Royal
 ‘ Highness and His said Serene Highness, and continue from thence-
 ‘ forth for and during the Life of Her said Royal Highness, and shall
 ‘ be paid and payable at the Four most usual Days of Payment in the

An Annuity of 60,000l. to be granted during the Life of the Princess Charlotte.

When payable.

Year; (that is to say), the Fifth Day of *January*, the Fifth Day of *April*, the Fifth Day of *July*, and the Tenth Day of *October*, in every Year, by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Quarterly Day of Payment next after the said Marriage, of such Proportion of such Quarterly Payment as shall have accrued between the Day of Marriage and such Quarter Day; and that the said Annuity of Sixty thousand Pounds shall and may by such Letters Patent be directed to be issuing and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain* during the Life of Her said Royal Highness, (after paying or reserving sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) and with a Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

In case His Serene Highness survive the Princess an Annuity of 50,000l. to be granted for his Life.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by any Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, to give and grant unto His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Duke of Saxe, Margrave of Meissen, Landgrave of Thuringuen, Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, in case he shall survive Her said Royal Highness Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, or to such Person or Persons as His Majesty shall think fit to be named in such Letters Patent, and his or their Heirs, to the Use of or in Trust for His Serene Highness, One Annuity or Yearly Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain*, Part of the said Annuity or Sum of Sixty thousand Pounds; which Annuity or Yearly Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof, to commence and take effect immediately from and after the Decease of Her said Royal Highness Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and continue from thenceforth for and during the natural Life of His said Serene Highness, and shall be paid and payable at the Four most usual Days of Payment in the Year; (that is to say), the Fifth Day of *January*, the Fifth Day of *April*, the Fifth Day of *July*, and the Tenth Day of *October*, in every Year by even and equal Portions; the First Payment thereof to be made on the First Quarterly Day of Payment next after the Decease of Her said Royal Highness, of such Proportion of such Quarterly Payment as shall have accrued between the Day of such Decease and such Quarter Day; and that the said Annuity of Fifty thousand Pounds shall and may by such Letters Patent be directed to be issuing and payable out of the said Consolidated Fund during the Life of His said Royal Highness, (after paying or reserving sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made previous to the time of passing this Act,) and with a Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time or times after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund.

When payable.

Annuities to be payable at the Exchequer without Fees.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuities of Sixty thousand Pounds and Fifty thousand Pounds shall respectively be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall and he is hereby required, by virtue of such Letters Patent, to make forth and pass Debentures from time to time for paying, according to the Directions of this Act, the said Annuities respectively as the same shall become due and payable,

able, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same, or any Part thereof; and the said Debentures to be made forth and passed as aforesaid shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said Annuities respectively, according to the Directions of this Act, without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that Behalf.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Annuities of Sixty thousand Pounds and Fifty thousand Pounds, and every Part thereof respectively, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever, imposed or to be imposed by Authority of Parliament or otherwise. Tax free.

C A P. XXV.

An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Butter. [30th April 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Butter, from Foreign Countries into the United Kingdom, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Butter from Foreign Countries shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of April; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several and respective Duties, as the same are inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed marked (A.)

Instead of the Duties repealed, those specified in Table annexed to be paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called England shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in England for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in Scotland for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called Ireland shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Post Duties in Ireland.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, in relation to or made for securing the

Duties levied as other Duties of Customs.

the Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain or Ireland*; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and re-enacted in this Act.

Application of Duties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties in *Great Britain* (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties, called Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act, passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied; and that all Monies arising from the said Duties in *Ireland*, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

Act may be altered, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into *Great Britain* of Butter from Foreign Countries.

	£	s.	d.
BUTTER, Imported in a <i>British</i> -built Ship, the	}	1	—
Cwt.			
- - - , Imported in a Foreign-built Ship, the	}	1	5
Cwt.			

C A P. XXVI.

An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Cheefe.

[30th April 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several and respective Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Cheefe from Foreign Countries into the United Kingdom should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Cheefe from Foreign Countries shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said Fifth Day of April; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of April,

Instead of the Duties repealed, those specified in Table annexed to be paid.

April, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several and respective Duties, as the same are inserted, described and set forth in Figures in the Table hereunto annexed marked (A.)

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in *Scotland* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like Manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures of any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repealed and re-enacted in this Act.

Duties levied as other Duties of Customs.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties in *Great Britain* (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called Permanent Duties, imposed by an Act, passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied; and that all Monies arising from the said Duties in *Ireland*, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Application of Duties.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

TABLE (A.) to which this Act refers.

A TABLE of the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation into *Great Britain* of Cheese from Foreign Countries.

	<i>℥</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
CHEESE, Imported in a <i>British</i> -built Ship, the Cwt. —	10	6	
, Imported in a Foreign-built Ship, the Cwt. —	13	—	

C A P. XXVII.

An Act to amend several Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders; to continue in force until the First Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and twenty one.

[30th April 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 156.

‘ WHEREAS an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Transportation of Offenders, to continue in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Regulations and Provisions of the said Act, and that certain of the Provisions of Two several Acts, passed in the Nineteenth and Twenty fifth Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to the Transportation and Removal of Offenders, should be continued;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament shall be and the same is hereby continued, so far as relates to the Repeal of the said therein recited Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners in certain cases, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*.

19 G. 3. c. 74.

25 G. 3. c. 46.

55 G. 3. c. 156.

§ 1. so far as relates to repeal of 24 G. 3. c. 56. continued.

Provisions of 24 G. 3. c. 56. valid in relation to Proceedings commenced before Act of last Session.

I. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Court or Judge, or Justice or Justices, duly authorized in that Behalf, to carry into Execution the Provision of the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in relation to the Transportation, Removal or Confinement of any Offender, convicted and sentenced before the passing of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or to the continuing of any Proceedings commenced before the passing of the said Act, notwithstanding the Repeal of the said Act of the Twenty fourth Year aforesaid, or to proceed in relation to any such Offender, or in relation to the continuing any such Proceedings under the Provisions of this Act, as to such Court, Judge, Justice or Justices shall seem most expedient; any thing in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or this Act, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons convicted of any Crime punishable by Transportation, may be transported accordingly.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court before which any Person or Persons shall have been or shall be convicted at any Session of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at any Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for any County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place, within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, or at any Great Session to be holden for the County Palatine of *Chester*, or within the Principality of *Wales*, of Grand or Petit Larceny, or any other Offences for which such Person or Persons shall have been or be subject to be transported, to order and adjudge, or any subsequent Court holden at any Place for the same County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Borough, Liberty or Place respectively, with like Authority to order and adjudge, that such Person or Persons so convicted as afore-

aforesaid, shall be transported beyond the Seas for any Term not exceeding the Number of Years or Term for which such Person or Persons is or are or shall be liable by any Law to be transported; and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, to declare and appoint in any other Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, in addition to such as shall have been heretofore declared and appointed by His Majesty for that Purpose, either within His Majesty's Dominions, or elsewhere out of His Majesty's Dominions, to which any such Felons or other Offenders shall be conveyed or transported; and such Court as aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to order such Offenders to be transferred to the Use of any Person or Persons, and his or their Assigns, who shall contract for the due Performance of such Transportation; and when His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall be pleased to extend Mercy to any Offender or Offenders, who hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes for which he, she or they is, are or shall be by Law excluded from the Benefit of Clergy, upon Condition of Transportation to any Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas, either for a Term of Life, or any Number of Years, and such Intention of Mercy shall be signified by one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, it shall be lawful for any Court, having proper Authority, to allow such Offender or Offenders the Benefit of a Conditional Pardon, and to order such Offender or Offenders to be transported for such Term of Life or Years as shall be specified in such Condition of Transportation as aforesaid, and to make such Order of Transfer as aforesaid; and when any Offender or Offenders hath or have been or shall be convicted of any Crime or Crimes for which he, she or they is or are by Law excluded the Benefit of Clergy, the Judge before whom such Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, or any Justice of the King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, of the Degree of the Coif, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall have been tried in any Court of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery in *England*, or any Justice of *Chester* or *Wales*, in case the said Offender or Offenders shall be tried and convicted within any of their respective Jurisdictions, shall, on such Intention of Mercy as aforesaid being signified to him by One of the said Principal Secretaries of State, make an Order for the immediate Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and for such Offender or Offenders to be transferred as aforesaid, in the same manner as if such Intention of Mercy had been signified by one of the said Principal Secretaries of State during the Continuance of the Assizes or Sessions at which such Offender or Offenders was or were condemned; and such Order shall be considered as an Order made at such Assizes or Sessions as aforesaid, and shall be as effectual, and have all the same Consequences as any Order for the Transportation of any Offender or Offenders made by any Justice of Oyer and Terminer, Great Session, or Gaol Delivery for any County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, during the Continuance of the Assizes or Sessions; and such Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, his or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of such Offender or Offenders, for such Term of Life or Years for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported.

His Majesty may appoint Places.

On Intention of Mercy signified,

Judge may make Order for immediate Transportation.

Contractor to have Property in Service of Offender.

Fee to Clerks of
Assize, &c. same
as heretofore.

Persons under-
taking to trans-
port Offenders,
to give proper
Security.

Court may ap-
point Justices to
contract for
Transportation
of Offenders, on
Security by
Bond.

Securities to be
certified by Jus-
tices to the next
Court, and kept
amongst the
Records.

Charges of Con-
tracts paid by
Order of Quar-
ter Sessions.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court, shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough, Town or Place, the same Fee as hath been usually paid, or such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Clerk of the Court is entitled to, for the Order of Transportation of any Offender.

V. And be it enacted, That every Person or Persons to whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be transferred as aforesaid, shall, before any of them shall be delivered over to him or them to be transported, give Security that he or they will transport, or cause to be transported effectually, such Offender or Offenders to such Place or Places, Part or Parts beyond the Seas respectively, as shall be appointed by His Majesty in such manner as aforesaid, and procure such Evidence as the Nature of the Case will admit, of the landing of such Offender or Offenders so transferred as aforesaid, in that Place or Part or those Places or Parts beyond the Seas, whereto he, she or they shall be ordered to be transported (Death and Casualties by Sea excepted); and that he, she or they shall not be suffered to return to *Great Britain or Ireland* by the wilful Default of the Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, or of his or their Assigns.

VI. And be it also enacted, That every such Court as aforesaid may appoint Two Justices of the Peace for the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall have been convicted, who shall have Power, and are hereby required to contract with any Person or Persons who shall be nominated by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State for the Performance of the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders, and to order such Security to be taken as aforesaid; and also to cause such Offender or Offenders to be delivered by the respective Gaolers or Persons in whose Custody he, she or they shall be, to the Person or Persons contracting, or to his or their Assigns; which Contracts and Security shall be certified by the Justices, who shall make and take the same to the next Court to be holden, with the like Authority, for the said County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, to be filed and kept among the Records of such Court; and all Securities for Transportation shall be by Bond in the Name of the respective Clerks of the Peace, or other Clerks of the Court, who shall prosecute such Bonds in their own Names; for which Purpose every such Clerk of the Peace, or Clerk of the Court, and his Successors respectively, shall be deemed a Body Corporate, and shall have and be paid all such Costs as they shall sustain in any such Suit, as the Justices of the Peace shall at their General Quarter Sessions of the Peace direct, out of the Public Stock; and all Monies recovered on such Bonds shall be for the Use of the respective County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place, and be paid to their respective Treasurers, to be Part of the Public Stock; and all Charges in or about making the Contracts, taking Securities, and conveying Felons and other Offenders in order to be transported, shall be borne by each County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Borough or Place for which the Court was held which ordered such Offenders to be transported; and the respective Treasurers shall, by Order of the Justices in Quarter Sessions, pay all such Charges to the Persons employed.

VII. And

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, and to whom any Offender or Offenders shall be delivered in order to be transported, or any Person or Persons directed by the said Justices (empowered to contract as aforesaid) or their Assigns, may, in such manner as they shall think fit, carry and secure the said Offenders in and through any County of Great Britain, towards the Seaport or Place from whence they are to be transported; and if any Person or Persons shall rescue such Offenders or any of them, or assist them or any of them in making their Escape from such Person or Persons as shall have them in their Custody as aforesaid, he, she or they shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Persons contracting to transport Offenders, may carry them through any County to Seaport.

Escape.

Death.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender or Offenders who shall have been or shall be so ordered by any such Court as aforesaid to be transported, or who shall have agreed or shall agree to transport himself or herself on certain Conditions, either for Life or any Number of Years, under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Twenty fourth Year aforesaid, or of the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to any such Place or Places, Part or Parts as shall have been or shall be appointed by His Majesty in manner aforesaid, shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, without some lawful cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender or Offenders shall have been ordered to be transported, or shall have so agreed to transport himself or herself as aforesaid, every such Offender being at large as aforesaid, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death, as in cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy; and such Offender or Offenders may be tried either before the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, for the County, City, Liberty, Borough or Place where such Offender or Offenders shall be apprehended and taken, or from whence he, she or they were ordered to be transported; and the Clerk of the Assize, Clerk of the Peace, or other Officer or Clerk of the Court having the Custody of the Records where such Order of Transportation shall be made, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor, or any other Person on His Majesty's Behalf, make out and give a Certificate in Writing signed by him, containing the Effect and Substance only (omitting the formal Part) of every Indictment and Conviction of such Offender or Offenders, and of the Order for his or her Transportation, to the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer, Great Sessions or Gaol Delivery, where such Offender or Offenders shall be indicted (not taking for the same more than Six Shillings and Eight pence) which Certificate shall be sufficient Proof of the Conviction and Order for the Transportation of such Offender or Offenders; and whoever shall discover and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender or Offenders so being at large as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same as any Person or Persons may be entitled unto for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway: Provided nevertheless, that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, may pardon and dispense

Person found at large before the Expiration of his Sentence.

Death.
Offender where tried.

Certificate containing Substance of Indictment.

Fee.

Reward on Conviction.

Proviso for Pardon.

penfe with fuch Transportation, and allow of the Return of any fuch Offender or Offenders to this Kingdom.

His Majesty empowered to order the Removal of Male Prisoners.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the paffing of this Act, it fhall be lawful for His Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Writing to be notified by one of the faid Principal Secretaries of State, or for any Three or more of fuch of His Majesty's Juftices of the Peace acting in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place in which any Gaol fhall be fituated, as fhall be authorized by His Majesty under His Sign Manual, to direct the Removal of any Male Offender or Offenders who fhall be under Sentence of Death, but reprieved during His Majesty's Pleafure, or under Sentence or Order of Transportation, and who, having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, fhall appear to be free from any putrid or infectious Diftemper, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prifon in which fuch Offender or Offenders fhall be confined, to fuch Place of Confinement within *England* or the Dominion of *Wales*, either at Land or on board any Ship or Veffel to be provided by His Majesty in the River *Thames*, or any navigable or other River, or within the Limits of any Port or Harbour of *England* or *Wales*, as His Majesty, or any Three of fuch Juftices authorized as aforefaid, fhall from time to time appoint, under the Management of a Superintendant and Overfeer to be appointed by His Majesty, or any Three or more of fuch Juftices authorized as aforefaid; and every Offender who fhall be fo removed fhall continue in the faid Place of Confinement, or be removed to and confined in any other fuch Place or Places as aforefaid, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of fuch Juftices authorized as aforefaid, from time to time fhall appoint, until fuch Offender fhall be transported according to Law, or, by the Expiration of the Term of fuch Transportation or otherwife, fhall be entitled to his Liberty, or until His Majesty, or any Three or more of fuch Juftices fo authorized as aforefaid, fhall direct the Return of fuch Offender to the Gaol or Prifon from which he fhall have been fo removed; and the Sheriff or Gaoler having the Custody of any Offender whose Removal fhall be ordered in manner aforefaid, fhall with all convenient Speed, after the Receipt of the Notification of any fuch Order, convey or caufe to be conveyed every fuch Offender to the Place appointed, and there deliver him to fuch Superintendant or Overfeer, together with a true Copy, attested by fuch Sheriff or Gaoler, of the Caption and Order of the Court before which fuch Offender was tried, containing the Sentence of Transportation of each fuch Offender refpectively, by virtue whereof he fhall be in the Custody of fuch Sheriff or Gaoler; and alfo a Certificate containing his Age, and an Account of his Behaviour in Prifon before and after his Trial, and the Gaoler's Observations on his Temper and Difpofition, and fuch Information concerning his Connexions and former Courfe of Life as may have come to the Gaoler's Knowledge; and fuch Superintendant or Overfeer as aforefaid fhall give a proper Receipt in Writing to the Sheriff or Gaoler for the Discharge of fuch Sheriff or Gaoler.

Offender examined by Surgeon.

Offender to remain in Gaol until removed.

On Receipt of Order, Gaoler or Sheriff to remove Offender, and deliver him to Overfeer, together with Copy of Caption.

Fees to be paid as ufual.

X. And be it further enacted, That all fuch Fees, on the delivering out of Custody of any fuch Offender fo ordered to be removed, as have ufually been paid and would have been due to the Sheriff or Gaoler in cafe fuch Offender had been removed in order to have

have been transported, and all reasonable Expences which the Sheriff or Gaoler shall incur in every such Removal, shall be paid by the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place for which the Court in which the Offender was convicted shall have been held; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expences from the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, such Fees and Expences being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace, at their Quarter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in that Behalf.

Expences paid
by County, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That where any Offender shall be brought to any such Place of Confinement as aforesaid, in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he shall be washed, cleansed and purified, and the Clothes in which he shall be then clothed shall be burnt, if necessary, or otherwise shall be preserved and taken care of for him by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement, and redelivered to him upon his quitting it, or sold for his Benefit, and the Produce thereof accounted for to him by the Overseer aforesaid; and when such Offender shall be finally discharged, either at the End or other Determination of his Term, such other decent Clothing, as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Superintendent aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Offender by the Overseer of the Place of Confinement from which he is discharged, and also such Sum of Money for his immediate Subsistence, as the said Superintendent shall think proper, so as such Sum shall not in any case exceed Three Pounds.

For cleaning
and purifying
and clothing
Offenders.

XII. And be it further enacted, That after the Removal of any Offender under this Act, the Superintendent or Overseer who shall have the Custody of him, shall during the Term of such Custody have the same Powers over him as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler, and in like manner be answerable for any Escape of such Offender; and also during such Custody shall see him fed and clothed according to a Scale of Diet and Clothing to be fixed on, and notified in Writing by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to the Superintendent; and shall keep such Offender to Labour, at such Places and under such Regulations, Directions, Limitations and Restrictions, as His Majesty, or any Three or more of such Justices so authorized as aforesaid, shall from time to time, by any Order to be directed to such Superintendent or Overseers for their Instruction, appoint: And it is hereby declared, that the time during which any Offender shall have continued in Gaol under Sentence of Transportation, or being removed under the Provisions aforesaid, shall continue confined by virtue of this Act, shall be taken and reckoned in Discharge or Part Discharge or Satisfaction of the Term of his Transportation.

Overseers to
have the same
Power as
Gaolers.

Time of Im-
prisonment to
be deemed Part
of Term.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender shall during such Custody under this Act be guilty of any Misbehaviour or disorderly Conduct, it shall be lawful for such Superintendent or Overseer having the Custody of such Offender to inflict or cause to be inflicted such moderate Punishment or Correction as may be inflicted by Law on Persons committed to a House of Correction; and if any such Offender shall break from or unlawfully escape from the Custody of such Superintendent or Overseer, or if any Person shall rescue or attempt to rescue, or assist in rescuing any such Offender

Overseers may
inflict moderate
Punishment for
Misbehaviour.

Escape or
Rescue.

Punishment. Offender from such Custody, or shall convey or cause to be conveyed any Disguise, Instrument for effecting Escape or Arms to such Offender, every such Offence shall be punishable in the same manner as if such Offender had been confined in a Gaol or Prison in the Custody of the Sheriff or other Gaoler, for the Crime of which such Offender shall have been convicted.

Superintendent to make Returns of Prisoners. XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Superintendent of the several Places of Confinement to be appointed by virtue of this Act shall from time to time make Returns, specifying the Name of every Person in Custody in each of such Places of Confinement, the Offence of which he or she shall have been guilty, the Court before which he or she shall have been convicted, and the Sentence of such Court, together with his or her Age and bodily State, and his or her Behaviour whilst in Custody; and also the Names of such Offenders who shall have died whilst in such Custody, or shall have escaped or have been lawfully discharged from the same; which Returns shall be made on the First Day of every *Easter* Term, and the First Day of every *Michaelmas* Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Westminster*, on the Oath of the Overseer of such respective Places of Confinement, such Oath to be made before the said Court, or any Commissioner authorized to take Affidavits in the same.

Times of Returns. Appointment of Superintendent. XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint one fit and able Person to be Superintendent of any Place or Places of Confinement, either at Land or on board any Ship or Vessel, to which any such Offenders shall be removed by virtue of this Act; and in case it shall be deemed expedient, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to appoint One fit and proper Person to be Assistant or Deputy to the said Superintendent at each or any of the said Places of Confinement; and to be constantly resident at or near such Place or Places of Confinement; and also One proper Person to be Overseer on board each such Ship or Vessel, who, with a sufficient Number of Officers and Guards, shall constantly reside on board; and such Superintendent shall personally visit and inspect such Places of Confinement Four times in every Year, or oftener if Occasion shall require, and shall distinctly examine into the State of such Places of Confinement, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Assistants or Deputies, Overseers, Officers and Guards, the Treatment and Condition of the Prisoners, and the Amount of the several Earnings, and the Expences attending every such Place of Confinement, and shall make a faithful Report of the same to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall cause such Report to be laid before both Houses of Parliament at the Beginning of every Session; and such Superintendent shall distinguish in such Report the Amount of the Earnings and Expences at each of such Places of Confinement, and shall state the average Number of Prisoners confined therein, and the Number of Days' Labour done by such Prisoners, distinguishing the Work of Artificers from that of Common Labourers, and such Superintendent shall also, in Matters of extreme Necessity, make a Special Report thereof to His Majesty's said Principal Secretary of State, who may, if he shall see fit, submit such Special Report to the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, who are hereby authorized to afford such Redress or provide such Regulations

Report of the Treatment, Earnings of Prisoners, &c. to be laid before Parliament.

tions as they shall deem proper; and such Superintendent, Assistants or Deputies respectively, and Overseers, shall continue in Office during His Majesty's Pleasure, and shall receive such Salaries as His Majesty shall appoint; and such Superintendent shall be paid such travelling and other reasonable Expences as shall be incurred by him in Discharge of his Duty.

Continuance of Superintendent, &c. in Office.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Offender hath already been ordered to be transported to any Part beyond the Seas, or if any Order shall at any time hereafter be made for the Transportation of any Offender, and such Order cannot be conveniently executed with respect to the Place in such Order mentioned, it shall be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, or (in the Vacation time and out of Term) for any Two Justices of the Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas or Barons of the Court of Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif, to order that such Offender shall be transported to any other Part or Place beyond the Seas, which shall have been appointed by His Majesty for the Transportation of such Offenders, in such and the like manner and for the same Term of Years as such Offender is or shall be liable to be transported to the Place mentioned in the original Sentence or Order for his or her Transportation; and such Order shall be considered as made at the same time, and shall be as effectual to every Intent and Purpose, and shall have all the same Consequences in every respect as the original Order for the Transportation of such Offender; and such Offender shall be transferred, conveyed and made over to any Person who will contract for the Performance of such Transportation, and to his or their Assigns, in like manner as if such Offender had been transported to the Place mentioned in the original Order of Transportation; and such Person or Persons so contracting as aforesaid, his or their Assigns, by virtue of such Order of Transfer as aforesaid, shall have a Property in the Service of the said Offender for the Remainder of the Term for which the Offender was originally ordered to be transported; and in case any such Offender so ordered for Transportation shall be afterwards at large within any Part of the Kingdom of *Great Britain*, without some lawful Cause, before the Expiration of the Term for which such Offender shall have been ordered to be transported, every such Offender, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy, and shall be tried before such Judges, and in such manner, and the same Evidence made use of for his or her Conviction, as is or shall be directed by the Laws now in being or hereafter to be made for the Trial of other Offenders who shall be at large within this Kingdom before the Expiration of the Term for which they were ordered to be transported; and whoever shall discover and prosecute to Conviction any such Offender so being at large within this Kingdom as aforesaid, shall be entitled to a Reward of Twenty Pounds for every such Offender so convicted, and shall have such Certificate to receive the same, as any Person may be entitled to for the apprehending and prosecuting to Conviction Persons who have committed any Robbery upon the Highway.

Judges may alter Sentences of Transportation.

Such order to have like Effect as original Order for Transportation.

Offender found at large.

Death.

Reward on Conviction.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Expences of carrying this Act into Execution as far as the same relates to the Removal of Prisoners convicted, and remaining in Custody under Sentence of Death, and repaid during His Majesty's Pleasure, or under Sentence

Account of Expences laid before Parliament.

or Order of Transportation to other Places of Confinement, and who are not otherwise provided for, shall be annually laid before both Houses of Parliament, and shall be provided for in the next Supplies to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

General Issue.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at a Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Actions after Issue joined, or if upon Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and notwithstanding a Verdict shall be given to any Plaintiff in such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

Treble Costs.

Limitation of Actions.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County and Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

19 G. 3. c. 74.
§ 1, 2.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to Transportation Imprisonment and other Punishment of certain Offenders*, as relates to Transportation beyond Seas, and so much of an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Transportation of Felons and other Offenders in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, and to authorize the Removal of Prisoners in certain Cases*, as authorizes the Removal of Offenders to temporary Places of Confinement, which were continued by subsequent Acts of the Twenty eighth, Thirty fourth, Thirty ninth, Forty second, Forty sixth, Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and until the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be and the same is hereby continued for the Term hereinafter mentioned.

25 G. 3. c. 46.
§ 4.

Continuance of Act.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue and be in force until the First Day of May One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, and no longer.

C A P. XXVIII

An Act to enable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury to issue Exchequer Bills, on the Credit of such Aids or Supplies as have been or shall be granted by Parliament for the Service of Great Britain, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [21st May 1816.]

“ TREASURY may issue Exchequer Bills in manner prescribed
“ by 48 G. 3. c. 1.—§ 1. Clauses, &c. in the recited Act relating
“ ”

“ to Exchequer Bills extended to A^ct, § 2. Proviso as to issuing
 “ Exchequer Bills on Credit of 55 G. 3. c. 3. in any other Manner
 “ than they are authorized by this A^ct, § 3. Interest not exceeding
 “ $\frac{3}{4}$ per Cent. per Diem, § 4. Exchequer Bills may, at Expiration
 “ of Four Months after Date, be taken in Payment of the
 “ Revenue, § 5. Bank of England authorized to advance 8,000,000l.
 “ on Credit of A^ct, notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20.— § 6.

C A P. XXIX.

An A^ct to make perpetual certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs, on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and to repeal so much of several A^cts passed in the Forty seventh, Forty ninth and Fifty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, as charge any Loans made for the Service of the Years One thousand eight hundred and seven, One thousand eight hundred and nine, and One thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the War Duties of Customs or Excise, and to charge such Loans on the Duties of Customs made perpetual. [21st May 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS an A^ct passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An A^ct to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, certain Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, whereby certain Duties of Customs therein described were continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Duties should be made perpetual; Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Temporary or War Duties of Customs on the Importation into Great Britain of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, which were by the said recited A^ct of the last Session of Parliament constituted until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be and the same are hereby made permanent and perpetual.*

55 G. 3. c. 33.

Duties continued by recited A^ct made perpetual.

‘ II. And Whereas an A^ct passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An A^ct for charging the Sum of Twelve Millions, Part of the Loan of Twelve millions two hundred thousand Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and seven, upon the Duties of Customs and Excise granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace; and for providing a Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Stocks or Funds thereby created; and another A^ct passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An A^ct for charging the Sum of Eleven Millions raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One thousand eight hundred and nine, and the Sum of Seven millions nine hundred and thirty two thousand one hundred Pounds in Exchequer Bills, raised pursuant to an A^ct of this Session of Parliament upon the Duties granted to His Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain Periods after the Ratification**

47 G. 3. Sess. 1. c. 55. § 2.

49 G. 3. c. 92. § 2.

51 G. 3. c. 61.
§ 2.

‘ of a *Definitive Treaty of Peace*; and another Act passed in the
 ‘ Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An*
 ‘ *Act for charging the Sum of Seven millions five hundred thousand*
 ‘ *Pounds, raised for the Service of Great Britain for the Year One*
 ‘ *thousand eight hundred and eleven, upon the Duties granted to His*
 ‘ *Majesty during the Continuance of the present War, and for certain*
 ‘ *Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace: And*
 ‘ Whereas by the said respective Acts certain Loans made for the
 ‘ Services of the Years One thousand eight hundred and seven, One
 ‘ thousand eight hundred and nine, and One thousand eight hundred
 ‘ and eleven respectively, and in the said recited Acts respectively
 ‘ specified, are charged upon the several Duties of Customs and Excise
 ‘ which were granted during the Continuance of the late War for
 ‘ certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of
 ‘ Peace by several Acts of the Forty third, Forty sixth, and Forty
 ‘ seventh Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the said
 ‘ last recited Acts of Parliament of the Forty seventh, Forty ninth
 ‘ and Fifty first years respectively particularly recited and set forth:
 ‘ And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be repealed;
 ‘ Be it therefore enacted, That so much and such Parts of the said
 ‘ several recited Acts of Parliament of the Forty seventh, Forty ninth,
 ‘ and Fifty first Years respectively, as charge the said Loans therein
 ‘ respectively specified upon the said several Duties of Customs and
 ‘ Excise which were granted during the Continuance of the late War,
 ‘ and for certain Periods after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty
 ‘ of Peace, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

repealed.

Application of
Duties.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by
 the Duties of Customs by this Act made perpetual, the necessary
 Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall be
 carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*,
 and shall be deemed an Addition to the Consolidated Fund of *Great*
Britain for the Purpose of defraying the Charges occasioned by the
 said several Loans made for the Services of the said Years One thou-
 sand eight hundred and seven, One thousand eight hundred and nine,
 and One thousand eight hundred and eleven respectively, and shall be
 deemed to be a Provision for defraying the annual Charges occasioned
 by the said Loans respectively, in lieu and instead of the Provisions
 made for that Purpose by the said recited Acts of the Forty seventh,
 Forty ninth, and Fifty first Years of His Majesty's Reign respec-
 tively.

Act may be
altered, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the
 Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or
 Acts of Parliament to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXX.

An Act for indemnifying the Commissioners of Excise in *Scot-*
land, and all Persons who may have acted under their
 Authority, in relation to certain Orders issued and Things
 done relative to certain Acts regarding the Distilleries in
Scotland.

[21st May 1816.]

25 G. 3. c. 22.

‘ WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty fifth Year of
 ‘ the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for*
 ‘ *repealing so much of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament as*
 ‘ *relates*

relate to the Distillation of Corn Spirits in small Stills in certain Counties or Districts of the Highlands in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for authorizing the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to grant Licences to Persons living in the said Counties or Districts to distil Spirits from Barley, Bear or Bigg, the Growth of the said Counties, and for imposing a Duty on such Licences: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland, and the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and from Scotland to England, for a limited time*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Distilleries in the several Parts of the Highlands of Scotland herein particularly described, for a limited time; and for regulating the Duties on Distilleries in the respective Districts in Scotland*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Excise on Distilleries in Scotland, and on the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for altering, amending and continuing certain Acts of Parliament for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland*; by which several Acts Regulations were made relative to Stills and Distillers in certain Districts of Scotland distinguished from each other by Boundaries in the said Acts respectively particularly described and set forth: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable in Scotland upon Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, imposed by an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, and for enabling His Majesty, by Order in Council, to modify the Operations of the said Act, or reduce the Duties thereby imposed*: And Whereas Doubts have been entertained whether the Distinction of Lowland, Highland and intermediate Districts as described by the Boundary Lines in any of the said Acts made in the Twenty fifth, Thirty third, Thirty seventh and Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years respectively of His Majesty's Reign, were abolished by the said Two last mentioned Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His Majesty's Reign respectively, or were still to be continued and observed; and by reason thereof Questions have arisen whether Spirits could pass from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland: And Whereas the Commissioners and Officers of the Excise in Scotland may have given Directions and issued or refused Permits, and done other Acts, Matters and Things in relation to the said recited Acts and to the Distilleries in Scotland which might be deemed unlawful, and Doubts might arise whether such Commissioners and Officers might not be subject to Suits and Actions by means thereof; and it is therefore necessary that such Commissioners and Officers, and all Persons acting under

33 G. 3. c. 61.

37 G. 3. c. 102.

39 & 40 G. 3. c. 73.

54 G. 3. c. 172.

55 G. 3. c. 155.

Commissioners and others indemnified in relation to Proceedings under the recited Acts.

‘ their Authority or by their Direction, should be indemnified in relation thereto;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Commissioners and Officers of Excise in *Scotland*, and all Persons acting under their Authority, or by their Direction, or in pursuance of any Orders or Instructions given by any such Commissioner or Officer in relation to the Distilleries in *Scotland*, or any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Distilleries of *Scotland*, or the regulating and collecting any Duties of Excise in respect of such Distilleries, shall be and are hereby indemnified for and in respect of all such Orders, Instructions, Directions, Acts, Matters and things, as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Person or Persons acting *bona fide* under their Directions or by their Authority, may have given, executed or done in reference to the said recited Acts; and that no such Commissioner or Officer of Excise or Person aforesaid shall be liable to any Action or Actions, Suits, Indictments or Informations, in consequence of any such Orders, Instructions or Directions, or Acts, Matters or things, which shall have been so done as aforesaid; and in case any Action, Suit, Indictment or Information, shall have been or shall be commenced or prosecuted against any such Commissioner or Officer of Excise, or Person aforesaid, by reason of any such Orders, Instructions or Directions, or Acts, Matters or things as aforesaid, such Commissioner, Officer or Person may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, and shall in every such case, if the Verdict shall be for the Defendant, recover Treble Costs of Suit.

Permits may be granted for carrying Spirits from Highlands to Lowlands.

II. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby empowered to issue Directions for the granting of Permits to any Person or Persons for the carrying or transferring of Spirits from any Part or Parts of the Highlands of *Scotland* to the Lowlands of *Scotland*, pursuant to and in Fulfilment of any Contract which shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Excise to have been made and entered into previous to the First Day of *February* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

C A P. XXXI.

An Act for transferring all Contracts and Securities entered into with or given to the Commissioners for Transports to the Commissioners of the Navy and Victualling.

[21st May 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS by a Commission or Letters Patent passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing Date at *Windsor*, the Fifteenth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, Sir *Rupor George* Baronet, *James Bowen* Esquire, *John Douglas* Esquire, *John Harnes* Doctor of Physic, *Courtney Boyle* Esquire, and *John Forbes* Esquire, were constituted and appointed Commissioners, during His Majesty’s Pleasure, for conducting the Transport Service, and also for the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, as well as for the Care and Custody of Prisoners of War: And Whereas it is expedient

That if His Majesty should be pleased to cancel or revoke the said Letters Patent, all Properties, Estates, Rights and Contracts now vested in the said Commissioners, or their Assigns, on Behalf of His Majesty, should be preserved and conveyed over to such other Commissioners or Persons as His Majesty may be pleased to appoint in that Behalf; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if His Majesty shall be pleased by any Commission or Letters Patent to cancel and revoke the said Commission or Letters Patent bearing Date the said Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen; and by any other Commission, Letters Patent or Order in Council, hereafter to be made, to grant, transfer or commit all or any of the Powers, Authorities and Rights now vested in the said Commissioners, relating to or so far as they may relate to the Conduct and Management of the Transport Service, or other Service respecting the Employment of Ships or Vessels in any other Department of His Majesty's Government, or any thing relating thereto, to the principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy, that from and after such Revocation, and such further Grant, by His Majesty, all Contracts, Covenants and Agreements made and entered into between the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, or any Person on their Behalf, and any other Person or Persons whomsoever, for the Hire of Transport Ships and Vessels, or for any other Purpose connected with the Transport Service, or other Services above mentioned, or in any manner relating thereto; and all Bonds and other Securities entered into by any Person or Persons for the due Performance of such Contracts, Covenants or Agreements, or for the doing or performing of any other Act, Matter or thing whatsoever, relating to the said Transport and other Services, shall be vested in and transferred to the said principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy, and shall continue in force in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Contracts, Covenants and Agreements, Bonds and other Securities, had been entered into with the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, or any of them.

Powers of Commissioners for Transports, so far as relates to the Transport Service, may be transferred to Commissioners of the Navy, &c.

II. And be it further enacted, That if His Majesty shall so as aforesaid be pleased to cancel and revoke the said Commission or Letters Patent, bearing Date the said Fifteenth Day of September One thousand eight hundred and thirteen, and by any other Commission or Letters Patent or Order in Council hereafter to be made, to grant, transfer or commit all or any the Powers, Authorities, and Rights now vested in the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, relating to or so far as they may relate to the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, or any thing relating thereto, or so far as they may relate to the Care and Maintenance of Prisoners of War, or any thing relating thereto, to the Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, that from and after such Revocation and such further Grant by His Majesty, all Contracts, Covenants and Agreements made and entered into between the said Commissioners for conducting the Transport Service, or any Person on their Behalf, and any other Person or Persons whomsoever for the Supply of any Articles or things whatsoever, for the Use of the sick and wounded Seamen in His Majesty's Service or Prisoners of War, or for any other

Such Powers, so far as respects the Care of sick and wounded Seamen, &c. may be transferred to the Commissioners for Victualling.

Purpose connected with the Care of the said Seamen or Prisoners, or in any manner relating thereto, and all Bonds and other Securities entered into by any Person or Persons for the due Performance of such last mentioned Contracts, Covenants or Agreements, or for the doing or performing of any other Act, Matter or Thing whatsoever relating to the last mentioned Services, shall be vested in and transferred to the said Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, and shall continue in force in like manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Contracts, Covenants and Agreements, Bonds and other Securities had been entered into with the Commissioners for victualling His Majesty's Navy, or any of them.

C A P. XXXII.

An Act for fixing the Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers and others on quartering Soldiers. [21st May 1816.]

Ante, c. 10.

§ 65.

§ 66.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, it is enacted, that Officers and Soldiers shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer upon paying and allowing for the same the several Rates that are or shall be established by any Act or Acts of Parliament; and an Option is given to Innholders and others, upon whom Officers and Soldiers are quartered and billeted, to furnish certain Articles gratis, in lieu of Diet and Small Beer; and it is just and expedient that an adequate Allowance shall be made and established for Provision and other Articles furnished to Officers and Soldiers: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Non Commissioned Officer and Private Soldier who shall be furnished with Diet and Small Beer within those Parts of the United Kingdom specified in the said recited Act by the Innholders or other Persons on whom such Non Commissioned Officers or Private Soldiers shall be quartered and billeted by virtue of the said Act, shall pay and allow for the same the Sum of One Shilling *per Diem* until the Twenty fourth Day of April inclusive, and from and after that Day the Sum of Ten pence *per Diem*; and that for such Allowances of One Shilling and Ten pence, the Innholder or other Person shall furnish One Meal; *videlicet*, a hot Dinner if required, in each Day, to each Non Commissioned Officer, Trumpeter, Drummer and Private Soldier, quartered and billeted on him, to consist of such Quantities of Diet and Small Beer as have been or shall be specified and fixed in and by any Regulations made or to be made from time to time by His Majesty in that Behalf, but not to exceed One Pound and a Quarter of Meat previous to being dressed, One Pound of Bread, One Pound of Potatoes or other Vegetables, previous to being cooked, and Two Pints of Small Beer, and Vinegar, Salt and Pepper; and that the Accounts of the same shall be rendered, and Payment thereof made, in like manner as is directed by the said Act.

Allowances for the Diet of Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

Further Allowance of One

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Innholders or other Persons on whom any Non Commissioned Officers or Private Men

Men shall be quartered within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, shall, by virtue of the said Option in the said A&T, furnish such Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers with the Articles therein mentioned in lieu of furnishing Diet and Small Beer, at the Rate prescribed by this A&T, such Innholders or other Persons on whom such Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers are quartered, and by whom the said Articles shall have been so supplied, shall receive in Consideration thereof One Halfpenny *per Diem* for each Non Commissioned Officer and Soldier; which Sum of One Halfpenny *per Diem* shall be accounted for and paid in like manner as is directed touching the Rate aforesaid.

Halfpenny per Diem.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Sum to be paid to the Innholder or other Person within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, on whom any of the Horses belonging to His Majesty's Forces shall be quartered by virtue of the said A&T, for Hay and Straw, shall be One Shilling and Two pence *per Diem* for each Horse until the Twenty fourth Day of April inclusive, and from and after that Day Ten pence *per Diem*.

Horses quartered, Rate per Diem to be paid for Hay and Straw.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Innholders or other Persons on whom they may be billeted, within the aforesaid Parts of the United Kingdom, at the Rate hereinbefore prescribed while on the March, as also on and for the Day of their Arrival at the Place of their final Destination, and on the Two subsequent Days, unless either of the Two subsequent Days shall be a Market Day in and for the Town or Place where such Officers or Soldiers shall be billeted, or within the Distance of Two Miles thereof; in which case it shall be lawful for the Innholder, or other Person as aforesaid, to discontinue on and from such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer, and to furnish in lieu thereof the Articles in the said recited A&T specified, and at the Rate hereinbefore prescribed.

Regulation with respect to dieting Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers on March.

V. Provided always, That if any Victualler or other Person liable by the said recited A&T to have Soldiers billeted or quartered on him or her, shall pay any Sum or Sums of Money to any Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier on the March, in lieu of furnishing in kind the Diet and Small Beer to which such Non Commissioned Officer or Soldier is entitled under the said A&T, every such Victualler or other Person may be proceeded against and fined in like manner as if he or she had refused to furnish or allow according to the Directions of the said recited A&T the several things respectively directed to be furnished to Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid.

Persons paying Money to Non Commissioned Officers or Soldiers on the March in lieu of Diet, &c.

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on the March, shall be halted, either for a limited or indefinite time, at any intermediate Place, the Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers belonging thereto shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from the Persons on whom they shall be billeted at such intermediate Place, for such time only for which they would be entitled to receive the same after arriving at the Place of their final Destination, according to this A&T.

Proviso for Non Commissioned Officers, &c. when halted.

VII. Provided nevertheless, That whenever it shall happen that any Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment, when on their March shall be halted, and it shall appear by the Marching Orders that it is not intended that such Regiment, Troop, Company or Detachment

If Halting only for a Day after Arrival, and that a Market Day, Diet and

Small Beer not discontinued.

tachment shall halt for any longer time than One entire Day after the Day of their Arrival at the Place of Halting, and the Day after such Arrival shall be such Market Day as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for the Innholders or other Persons on whom the Non Commissioned Officers and Soldiers shall be billeted, to discontinue on such Market Day the Supply of Diet and Small Beer to any such Officers or Soldiers; but that all such Officers and Soldiers shall be entitled to receive their Diet and Small Beer from such Innholders and other Persons aforesaid, upon such Market Day as aforesaid, at the Rates hereinbefore prescribed, in like manner as they would have been entitled thereto if such Day had not been a Market Day; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

Regulations as to Recruiting Parties and Recruits on March.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Non Commissioned Officers and Private Men employed in Recruiting, and the Recruits by them raised, shall, while on the March and for Two Days after the Day of their Arrival at any Recruiting Station, be entitled to the same Benefits as are hereinbefore provided in regard to Troops upon the March; but no Recruit enlisted after the Two Days subsequent to the Arrival of the Party at their Recruiting Station, shall be entitled to be supplied with Diet and Small Beer at the Rates herein beforeprescribed, except at the Option of the Person on whom he shall be quartered: Provided also nevertheless, that in case any such Recruiting Party, with the Recruits by them raised, shall remove from their Station, and after a time shall return to the same Place, they and the Recruits by them raised, so returning, shall not be again entitled to the Supply of Diet and Small Beer for such Two Days as aforesaid, unless the Period between the time of their Removal from such Place, and their Return thereto, shall have exceeded Twenty eight Days.

Proviso.

Continuance of A&.

IX. And be it further enacted, That this A& shall have Continuance and be in force from the Twenty fourth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that all Payments which have been made, and all A&s, Matters and things done in pursuance of or in conformity with the Provisions thereof, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if this A& had passed before the said Twenty fourth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Proviso for Payments.

A& may be altered, &c.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That this A& may be altered and varied by any A& to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XXXIII.

An A& to indemnify such Persons in the United Kingdom as have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments, and for extending the time limited for those Purposes respectively, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and to permit such Persons in *Great Britain* as have omitted to make and file Affidavits of the Execution of Indentures of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors to make and file the same on or before the First Day of *Hilary* Term One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

[21st May 1816.]

[This A& is the same, except as to Dates, as 54 G. 3. c. 5.]

C A P.

C A P. XXXIV.

An Act to charge an additional Duty on Corks, ready made, imported into Great Britain. [21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that an additional Duty of Customs should be imposed on all Corks ready made; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Corks ready made imported into Great Britain, an additional Duty of Customs of Three Shillings and Sixpence for every Pound Weight.

Duty on ready made Corks imported.

II. And be it further enacted, That the additional Duty of Customs hereby imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of the like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered.

Managed as other Duties of Customs.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duty, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties called "Permanent Duties," imposed by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, are directed to be appropriated and applied.

Application of Duties.

49 G. 3. c. 98.

IV. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be varied, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. XXXV.

An Act for the more speedy and effectual Collection of the Tonnage Duty upon Ships Inwards; for empowering the Lords of the Treasury to regulate the Hours of Officers' Attendance in the Port of London; and for permitting Ships to commence and complete their loading of Coals before the Delivery of the Fitters' Certificates. [21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for the more speedy and effectual Collection of the Tonnage Duties payable upon Ships and Vessels entering Inwards in Great Britain from Foreign Ports; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Officer of His Majesty's Customs whatsoever, or any Deputy or Clerk of such Officer, shall permit or suffer any Ship or Vessel to break Bulk, or any Part of her Cargo to be discharged, or issue any Order, or grant any Document

Tonnage Duty to be paid before any Vessel is suffered to break Bulk.

document for the unshipping or landing any Goods, Wares or Merchandize brought or imported by any Ship or Vessel subject and liable to the Payment of the Duties of Tonnage, until the said Duties have been fully paid to the proper Officer of the Customs; or in case any Doubt or Dispute shall arise as to the true Tonnage thereof, so that a perfect Entry cannot be passed, then in every such case a sufficient Deposit shall be made of the said Duties with such Officer as aforesaid, previous to any Document being issued or granted for the unshipping or landing any Part of the Cargo of such Ship or Vessel so entering Inwards as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

47 G. 3. Sess. 1.
c. 51.

§ 8.

‘ II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for abolishing Fees received by certain Officers and other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of London, and for regulating the Attendance of Officers and others so employed, to the Outports; and to appropriate the Fees of certain abolished and vacant Offices in the Customs to the Superannuation Fund*; it is provided and enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, whenever and as often as they shall deem it right for the better Security of the Revenue, and the Accommodation of Trade, to alter the Hours during which the Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs at any Port of *Great Britain*, except the Port of *London*, are now by Law required to attend in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and to regulate and direct the Attendance of every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so employed, in such manner and during such times and at such Places as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury shall in their Judgment deem expedient for the public Service; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And Whereas it is expedient that the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury should have the like Power of altering and fixing the legal Hours of Attendance of the Officers in the Port of *London*;^o Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under their Hands, whenever and as often as they shall deem it right for the better Security of the Revenue, and the Accommodation of Trade, to alter the Hours during which the Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Service of the Customs in the Port of *London*, are now by Law required to attend in the Execution of the Duties of their respective Offices or Employments; and to regulate and direct the Attendance of every such Officer, Clerk or other Person so employed in such manner and during such times and at such Places as they the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury shall in their Judgment deem expedient for the public Service; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury may
alter Hours of
Attendance of
Officers of Customs
in London.

‘ III. And Whereas great Inconvenience has been experienced by the Shippers of Coals in consequence of the Ships and Vessels not being permitted to commence lading until the Fitter or Person vending such Coals has delivered to the Officer of the Customs

‘ Certi-

‘ Certificates of the Quantity of Coals intended to be taken on board such Ships or Vessels :’ For Remedy whereof, be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel in which any Coals are intended to be taken on board for the Purpose of being carried Coastwise, or for the Fitter or Fitters or any other Person or Persons vending, selling or intending to ship such Coals, to commence and complete the Loading of any such Ship or Vessel, although the Certificates required by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for better securing the Duties on Coals, Culm and Cinders, and making other Provisions in lieu thereof; and for requiring Ships in the Coal Trade to be measured*, shall not have been delivered to the proper Officers of the Customs; and in every case where the Loading is completed before the Delivery of such Certificates the same shall express the Quantity of Coals actually shipped, and shall be delivered to the proper Officer of the Customs prior to the Ship or Vessel leaving the Port; and if any false Certificate shall be made or given by any such Fitter or Fitters, Coal Owner or Agent, of the Quantity of Coals sold or vended and actually shipped or laden on board such Ship or Vessel, or who shall deliver any such Certificate or Certificates signed by any Person, except himself or themselves, every such Fitter or other Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of in the manner directed by the said recited Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty.

Vessels may be loaded with Coals before Certificate of Quantity delivered to Officer of Customs as required by 52 G. 3. c. 9 § 2.

Delivering false Certificate.

Penalty.

C A P. XXXVI.

An Act to repeal Two Acts passed in the Reign of King Edward the Fourth and King Richard the Third, which prohibit the Importation of Wrought Goods and certain other Articles. [21st May 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it appears no longer necessary or proper to continue the Prohibitions on the Importation of certain Articles contained in an Act passed in the Third Year of the Reign of King Edward the Fourth, intituled *Certain Merchandizes not lawful to be brought ready wrought into this Realm*; and in an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of King Richard the Third, intituled *Certain Merchandizes prohibited to be brought into this Realm ready wrought*; and therefore that the said Acts should be repealed;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Two Acts, and every thing therein contained, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

3 Ed. 4. c. 4.

1 R. 3. c. 12.

Recited Acts repealed.

C A P. XXXVII.

An Act to permit the Importation of Prunes the Produce of *Germany*. [21st May 1816.]

13 & 14 Car. 2.
c. 11. § 23.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles the Second*, intituled *An Act for preventing Frauds and regular Abuses in His Majesty's Customs*, it is amongst other Things enacted, that no Grocery shall be imported into *England or Wales Berwick upon Tweed* from the *Netherlands or Germany*, upon Pretence whatsoever, in any Sort of Ships or Vessels whatsoever upon the Penalty of the Loss of the said Goods, as also of the Ship and Furniture: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal so much of the said recited Act as extends to the Article of Prunes the Produce of *Germany*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said recited Act as relates to Prunes the Produce of *Germany* shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

C A P. XXXVIII.

An Act to empower His Majesty to suspend the Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia. [21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be empowered to suspend any Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by any Order in Council, to direct that no Ballot or Enrolment for the Local Militia shall take place; but that such Ballot and Enrolment shall remain and continue suspended for the Period specified in any such Order of Council, and from time to time, by any like Order or Orders in Council, to continue such Suspension so long as His Majesty shall deem the same expedient; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Suspending
Ballot for Local
Militia.

C A P. XXXIX.

An Act to reduce the Number of Days of Muster or Exercise of Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry. [21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise, necessary to entitle Persons serving in any Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry to be returned or certified as effective Members of such Corps, should be reduced; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise of Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry, to entitle

Six Days' Attendance of
Yeomanry and
Volunteer Ca-

any Person serving in such Corps to be returned or certified as an effective Member thereof, shall be Six in each Year, any thing in an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, relating to Volunteer Corps, to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Act shall be construed, as to all Returns and Certificates of Commanding Officers of such Corps, or others, as if the Number of Days' Attendance at Muster or Exercise, specified in the said Act as necessary to entitle Persons serving in Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry to be returned or certified as effective, had been Six instead of Twelve in each Year; and such Number of Six Days shall in like manner be divided into Two Days or Three equal Parts in each Four Months, instead of Four Days as in the said Act provided, with such Provisions as to making good any Number of Days at different Periods, as are contained in the said Act in relation to the Days of Muster or Exercise specified in the said Act.

valry, to entitle Persons to be returned as effective.

44 G. 3. c. 54. how construed.

II. And be it further enacted, That in any case where a Corps of Yeomanry or Volunteer Cavalry should attend at Muster or Exercise Five Days successively, such Five Days' successive Attendance shall entitle each Individual so attending to be returned or certified as effective, the same as if he had attended the whole Number of Six Days according to the Provisions of this Act.

Five successive Days to entitle Persons to be returned.

C A P. XL.

An Act for further continuing, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, an Act of the Forty fourth Year of His present Majesty, to continue the Restrictions contained in the several Acts of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England.

[21st May 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to continue until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, the Restrictions contained in several Acts, made in the Thirty seventh, Thirty eighth, Forty second, and Forty third Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, on Payments of Cash by the Bank of England*, which Act has by several subsequent Acts been continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is highly desirable that the Bank of England should as soon as possible return to the Payment of its Notes in Cash; but it is expedient that the Provision of the said Act should be further continued, in order to afford time to the Directors of the Bank to make such Preparations as to their Discretion and Experience may appear most expedient for enabling them to resume Payments in Cash without public Inconvenience, and at the earliest Period, and that a time should be fixed at which the said Restriction shall cease: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

44 G. 3. c. 1.

continued.

C A P.

C A P. XLI.

An Act for raising the Sum of Two millions four hundred seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency, by Treasury Bills for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [21st May 1816]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully and voluntarily granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, have resolved that a Sum exceeding Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency be raised by Treasury Bills in *Ireland*, in manner hereinafter mentioned; And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by Your King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, now for the time being, if he or they shall judge it adviseable, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to prepare and make an issue, or cause to be prepared or made and issued, any Number of Bills entitling the Bearer to the Sum or Sums respectively specified therein, (not exceeding in the whole the Amount hereinafter mentioned and directed,) and declaring such Sum or Sums to be payable on such Bills to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, at such time and times as shall be directed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and as shall be expressed in such Bills respectively; and such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*; and the said Bills shall be numbered in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One.

Irish Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear Interest.

Bills issued not to exceed 2,470,000l.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to authorize the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury in *Ireland*, to issue any such Bills under this Act, to any Amount exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency; and that such Bills shall be issued for so much only of the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, at the Instance or by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of *Ireland*, or any Three of them

now or for the time being; and that the Interest on the said Bills, not exceeding Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, shall commence from the Issuing thereof respectively, and shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever; and that every such Bill so to be issued for the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irisb* Currency, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall or may, on or after such time or times as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or by the said Commissioners of the Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by and be current to any Receiver or Collector in *Ireland* of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax in *Ireland*, for and in Satisfaction of any Custom, Excise or any Aid, Revenue or Tax, then or thereafter respectively to become due or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in *Ireland*, and shall be taken, pass and be current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, from every such Receiver or Collector, for or in respect of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax by him collected or received, at or after such time or times so to be appointed as aforesaid.

Bills, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of Revenue in *Ireland*, after such time as Treasury shall appoint,

III. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any of the said Treasury Bills, which shall or may be issued in pursuance of this Act shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon, and the same, when paid by such Receiver or Collector into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, shall be cancelled.

and Interest shall cease.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to be received under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Dublin*, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Money to be carried to the Irish Consolidated Fund.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the said Treasury Bills, and all Interest thereon, or which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irisb* Currency, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Bills to be chargeable thereon.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, or the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of his Exchequer in *Dublin*, or at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *London*, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Amount of Two millions four hundred and seventy thousand Pounds *Irisb* Currency, any Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; so that no greater or higher Sum, by way of Interest, Discount, Gratuity or other Consideration, shall be demanded or taken by such or any of the said Governors and Companies respectively, or by any Person on their Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* for any Money so advanced.

Bank of *Ireland* or Bank of *England* may advance 2,470,000*l.* on Credit of Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer

Interest arising in *England* to

be paid into the
Bank of Eng-
land.

Transmitting
Treasury Bills
to England.

of *Ireland*, do and shall order and direct and cause to be paid the Bank of *England*, without any Fee or Charge, and free from Deductions whatsoever, all Interest which shall become due and payable on such Part of the said Sum as shall be raised or advanced that Part of the United Kingdom called *England*, until such as the Holders of such Treasury Bills shall be paid their Principal Money, with all Interest remaining due thereon, at One entire Payment, at the said Bank of *England*.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* be and they are hereby authorized and required to obey all such Orders, as to the Issue and Delivery of such Treasury Bills as shall be required to be transmitted *England*, as they shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*.

C A P. XLII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [21st May 1816]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**E, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, being desirous of raising the necessary Supplies which we have cheerfully and voluntarily granted to Your Majesty in this Session of Parliament, have resolved that a Sum not exceeding One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency be raised by Treasury Bills in *Ireland* in manner hereinafter mentioned;’ And do therefore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, now or for the time being, if he or they shall judge it adviseable, at any time or times after the passing of this Act, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to prepare and make and issue, or cause to be prepared or made and issued, any Number of Bills entitling the Bearer to the Sum or Sums respectively specified therein, (not exceeding in the whole the Amount hereinafter mentioned and directed,) and declaring such Sum or Sums to be payable, or such Bills to pass current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, at such time and times as shall be directed by the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, and as shall be expressed in such Bills respectively; and such Bills shall bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*;

Irish Treasury
may issue Bills
to a certain Ex-
tent to bear
Interest.

Annus; and the said Bills shall be numbered in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to authorize the said Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury in Ireland, to issue any such Bills under this Act, to any Amount exceeding in the whole the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency; and that such Bills shall be issued for so much only of the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency as shall be actually paid by any Person or Persons into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, at the Instance or by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, and of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury of Ireland, or any Three of them now or for the time being; and that the Interest on the said Bills, not exceeding Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, shall commence from the issuing thereof respectively, and shall be paid to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever; and that every such Bill so to be issued for the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, or any Part thereof as aforesaid, shall or may, on or after such time or times as shall be appointed by the said Lord High Treasurer for the time being, or by the said Commissioners of the Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three of them, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, if not sooner paid off, be received and taken by and be current to any Receiver or Collector in Ireland of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax in Ireland, for and in Satisfaction of any Custom, Excise or any Aid, Revenue or Tax, then or thereafter respectively to become due or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in Ireland, and shall be taken, paid and be current at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, from every such Receiver or Collector, for or in respect of the Customs, Excise or any Revenue, Aid or Tax by him collected or received, at or after such time or times so to be appointed as aforesaid.

Bills issued not to exceed £,700,000.

Bills, if not paid off, shall be taken in Payment of Revenue in Ireland, after such time as Treasury shall appoint,

III. And be it further enacted, That as soon as any of the said Treasury Bills, which shall or may be issued in pursuance of this Act, shall be received by any Receiver or Collector, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, all Interest shall cease from the Day of such Receipt, and shall be no longer payable thereon, and the same, when paid by such Receiver or Collector into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of Ireland, shall be cancelled.

and Interest shall cease.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to be received under or by virtue of this Act shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Dublin, and shall be carried to and form Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Money to be carried to the Irish Consolidated Fund.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the said Treasury Bills, and all Interest thereon, or which shall become payable in respect of the said Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

Bills to be chargeable thereon.

Bank of Ireland
or Bank of Eng-
land may ad-
vance
1,700,000. on
Credit of A^ct.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, to advance to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Exchequer in *Dublin*, the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *London*, any Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Amount of a million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, and or A^ct's to the contrary notwithstanding; so that no greater Sum, by way of Interest, Discount, Gratuity or other consideration, shall be demanded or taken by such or any of the Governors and Companies respectively, or by any Person on Behalf, than at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum* any Money so advanced.

Interest arising
in England to
be paid into
the Bank of
England.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, do and shall order and direct and cause to be paid into the Bank of *England*, without any Fee or Charge, and free from all Deductions whatsoever, all Interest which shall become due and payable on such Part of the said Sum as shall be raised or advanced in that Part of the United Kingdom of *England*, until such time as the Holders of such Treasury Bills shall be paid their Principal Money, with all Interest remaining thereon, at one entire Payment, at the said Bank of *England*.

Transmitting
Treasury Bills
to England.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officers of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* be and they are hereby authorized and required to obey all such Orders, as to the Issue and Delivery of such Treasury Bills as shall be required to be transmitted to *England*, as they shall from time to time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*.

C A P. XLIII.

An Act for making certain Allowances of the Duties payable on Malt and Beer. [31st May 1816]

43 G. 3. c. 81.
Sch. (A.) tit.
Malt.

54 G. 3. c. 73.

55 G. 3. c. 27.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, certain additional Duties were imposed upon Malt which would have expired at a certain limited time after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace had not the same been continued: And Whereas the same were, by a certain Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifteen; and by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were and are further continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and will then expire: And Whereas it is expedient to grant an Allowance of the said additional Duties in the manner hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That

That there shall be paid or allowed to every Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler and Vinegar Maker, for all dry unground Malt which he, she or they shall produce to the Sight of the Officer or Officers of Excise in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession, and which shall be taken an Account of, and the Quantity thereof ascertained by such Officer or Officers in manner hereinafter mentioned, between the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Seventh Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and for which the said Duties shall have been charged or paid, the several Allowances and Sums of Money following; (that is to say),

Allowances for unground Malt produced to Officer between 1st and 7th July.

For every Bushel of dry unground Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, from Barley, or any other Corn or Grain, Two Shillings :

Allowances for Malt.

For every Bushel of dry unground Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, from Barley or any other Corn or Grain, except Beer or Bigg, Two Shillings :

For every Bushel of dry unground Malt ascertained as hereinafter mentioned, made in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, from Beer or Bigg only, without any Mixture of Barley, or any other Corn or Grain therewith, One Shilling and Four pence.

II. And be it further enacted, That no Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall have or be entitled to any such Allowance, unless he, she or they shall respectively give Notice in Writing two Days previous to the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the proper Officer of Excise, of his, her or their Name and Place of Abode, and also of the particular House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place where any dry unground Malt for or in respect of which he, she or they intends or intend to claim any such Allowance, shall be kept, laid or deposited, and unless he, she or they shall also, before the said First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, place all such Malt for or in respect of which he, she or they intends or intend to claim any such Allowance as shall then be actually dried, screened, cleaned and finished, into such Form as shall enable the Officer or Officers of Excise conveniently to gauge, take an Account of, and ascertain the Quantity thereof; and in case any Corn or Grain which shall be in Operation for the making thereof into Malt upon any of those respective Days before mentioned shall be actually made into Malt, dried, screened, cleaned and finished by any Maltster or Maker of Malt before the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise shall first take an Account of the dry unground Malt, in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Maltster or Maker of Malt; or in case any dry unground Malt shall be brought by Water under the Regulations in this Act contained, and shall be delivered into the Stock of any such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, before the Officer or Officers shall have first taken such Account thereof as aforesaid, then and in every such case no such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall have or be entitled to any such Allowance in respect of

Notice to Excise Officer of certain Particulars, and Malt put into such Form as to enable him to take Account thereof.

Notice in
Writing.

such Malt, unless he, she or they shall give previous Notice in Writing by the Space of Twelve Hours to the proper Officer of Excise, of his, her or their Intention to claim such Allowance in respect of such Malt, specifying the Quantity thereof, and of the Place where such Malt shall be kept or deposited, and shall place and keep all such Malt in the like Form, but separate and apart from all other Malt, so that the Officer or Officers of Excise may conveniently take such Account thereof, as is by this Act directed.

Altering Position of Malt.

III. And be it further enacted, That after any Malt, for or in respect of which any such Allowance may be claimed, shall have been placed in such Form as is directed by this Act, no Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall, on any Pretence whatever, alter the Position thereof, until Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account thereof; and that no Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall remove, carry or send away, or cause or procure to be removed, carried or sent away, any such Malt from the House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place in which the same shall have been so gauged, or an Account taken thereof, until Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account thereof; and if any such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall, contrary to the Directions of this Act, alter the Position of any such Malt, for or in respect of which he, she or they shall claim any such Allowance, the Person or Persons so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall remove, carry or send away, or cause or procure to be removed, carried or sent away, any such Malt, contrary to the Directions of this Act, he, she or they shall forfeit the Penalty of Two hundred Pounds, and all Right, Title or Claim to any Allowance which he, she or they might otherwise have been entitled to under or by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of any of the Malt in his, her or their Stock, Custody or Possession: Provided always nevertheless, that all Common Brewers, Distillers, Victuallers and Vinegar Makers, who shall give to the Officer or Officers of Excise, under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, previous Notice in Writing by the Space of Twenty four Hours of his, her or their Intention to make use of any such Malt, so that the Officer may attend and take an Account of and ascertain the true Quantity thereof, specifying in such Notice the Quantity so intended to be used, shall be at Liberty to make use of such Quantity of his, her or their Malt, for or in respect of which he, she or they shall claim any such Allowance without being liable to the Forfeitures last aforesaid, or either of them, any Thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, so as the Residue of such Malt shall be left unaltered, and in such Form and Position as to enable the Officer or Officers of Excise to gauge, take Account of and ascertain the Quantity thereof, in the manner hereinbefore directed.

Removing Malt.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Brewers may make use of Malt on giving Notice, and Officer taking an Account thereof.

Obstrucing Officer in ascer-

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every the Officer and Officers of Excise, at his and

and their free Will and Pleasure, at any time or times in the Day *time*, between the First Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen and the Seventh Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or at any time during the Space of Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account of any such Malt, to enter and go into every House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place respectively, where any such Malt for or in respect of which any such Allowance shall be claimed shall be put, laid or deposited, and to take a true and particular Account, and ascertain the exact Quantity thereof, by Gauge or Measurement, deducting from such Account Twelve *per Cent.* on Brown or Porter Malt and Five *per Cent.* on all other dry unground Malt for the Swell and Increase thereof, over the Quantity of such Malt charged with Duty; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall prevent or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise from entering or going into any such House, Outhouse, Barn or other Place, or from taking such Account, or ascertaining the Quantity of such Malt as aforesaid, or shall mix or lay under, with or amongst any such Malt any Barley, or undried, unscreened or unclean Malt, or any unmalted Corn or Grain or other thing, with Intent to increase the Quantity or apparent Quantity of such dried unground Malt, or shall bring into or put or place with his, her or their Stock, any Malt which has been before taken an Account of under this Act, or any Malt of or belonging to any Person not being a Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, or make use of or practise, or cause to be made use of or practised, any Art, Contrivance or Device whatever, whereby the Officer or Officers of Excise may be obstructed in gauging, taking an Account of or ascertaining the true Quantity of such dry unground Malt, or whereby His Majesty may be defrauded, or shall obstruct or hinder any such Officer or Officers in the taking of such Account, and ascertaining the Quantity of any such dry unground Malt as aforesaid, or in the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities to such Officer or Officers given or granted by this Act, the Person or Persons so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and shall likewise forfeit all Right and Title to any Allowance which he, she or they might otherwise have been entitled to under or by virtue of this Act; and all Malt which shall be found by any Officer of Excise in taking such Account as aforesaid, so mixed as aforesaid, or under, with or amongst which any Barley, or undried, unscreened or unclean Malt, or unmalted Corn or Grain, or other thing is found to be laid or placed with Intent to increase the Quantity or apparent Quantity of Malt dried and unground, or by which His Majesty may be defrauded, and all Malt which shall be brought in by any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, or put or placed with his, her or their Stock which has been before taken an Account of under this Act, or does not belong to some Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

V. And Whereas from the peculiar Construction of certain Grants in which large Quantities of Malt are deposited, it may be difficult

taining exact Quantity of Malt.

Fraudulently increasing the Quantity of Malt, 500l. &c.

Penalty.

Malt forfeited.

Commissioners may direct a further Examination

ation of Malt
contained in
Granaries.

difficult for the Officers of Excise accurately to gauge the Malt contained therein; be it therefore enacted, That in each and every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required to direct further Examination of the Malt contained in such Granaries, in order to ascertain and determine whether any and what further Allowance for Compression should in the Judgement of the said Commissioners be made to the Proprietors of such Malt; the Charge of such further Examination being always at the Expence of the Party desiring the same: Provided always, that Notice in Writing, specifying the Quantity for which such Allowance shall be claimed, shall be given by such Party to the Officers of Excise at the time of such Malt being gauged, and that no such Malt be removed or altered until the Determination of the said Commissioners therein be made and given; provided that no such Allowance shall be made when the Quantity of Malt contained in any such Granaries shall be less than Two thousand five hundred Bushels in the whole.

Malt in Operation not to be charged with the Duty under 43 G. 3. c. 81.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty imposed by the said Act shall not be paid or payable for or in respect of any Corn or Grain actually in Operation for the making thereof into Malt, by any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale at the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise shall take an Account of the dry underground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, under or by virtue of this Act; provided every Part of such Corn or Grain which shall be actually dried, finished and made into Malt by such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, after such Officer or Officers shall have taken such Account as aforesaid, shall be kept separate and apart from all other Corn, Grain or Malt for the Space of Six Days after the Officer shall have first gauged and taken his Account of such Malt, and that it be produced to the Sight of the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, in order that he or they may take an Account and ascertain the true Quantity of such Corn or Grain whenever such Officer or Officers shall think fit so to do before the Expiration of such Six Days, and that no Allowance be claimed or made by virtue of this Act in respect thereof.

Certificate of Quantity of Malt and Amount of Allowance to be given to Maltster, Brewer, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer and Officers of Excise, or some or one of them who shall have finally taken such Account as aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after such Account shall be finally taken and the Quantity of such Malt ascertained as aforesaid, give to every Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, entitled to the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, without Fee or Reward, a Certificate expressing the true Quantity of such Malt after such Deduction as aforesaid, and the Amount of the Allowance for such Malt, and specifying the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons entitled thereto, and whether he, she or they is or are Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Sale, Sellers or Retailers of Malt, Common Brewers, Distillers, Victuallers or Vinegar Makers respectively.

Maltster before shipping Malt for one Port to another to give Notice to Offi-

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, who within Twenty Days next preceding the First Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall have occasion to ship or put on board any Ship, Barge or other Vessel,

any

any Malt which hath been charged with the additional Duty imposed by the said Act for the Purpose of transporting or conveying the same by Water from one Part of this Kingdom to another, shall give Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing to the proper Officer of Excise of his, her or their Intention to ship or put any such Malt on board any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel for the Purpose aforesaid, so that such Officer may attend and take an Account of such Malt, expressing in such Notice the Quantity of such Malt so intended to be shipped or put on board, and the Ship, Barge or other Vessel in which the same is intended to be shipped or put on board; and also the Name of the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and likewise the Name or Names of the Person or Persons to whom and of the Place or Port to which such Malt is consigned, or where the same is intended to be landed; then such Officer or Officers of Excise shall, and is and are hereby required, on being satisfied that the Malt specified in such Notice is really and truly shipped and put on board such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, to give, without Fee or Reward, a Transire or Certificate, specifying the Quantity of Malt so shipped or put on board, the time when and the Place at which the same was so shipped or put on board, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Person or Persons from whom and of the Person or Persons to whom the same is consigned, and the Place at which the same is intended to be landed, and the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, is hereby directed and required, within Twelve Hours (or sooner if demanded) after the Arrival of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel at the Port or other Place to which such Malt is consigned, or where the same is intended to be landed, to deliver such Transire or Certificate to the proper Officer of Excise there.

cer, who shall give Certificate of Quantity to be produced at Port of Consignment.

Certificate given without Fee.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship, Barge or other Vessel having on board any such Malt for or in respect whereof any such Transire or Certificate shall have been granted, shall not arrive at the Port or Place to which such Malt shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Transire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, till after the proper Officer or Officers of Excise shall have taken an Account of the dry unground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of the Person or Persons respectively to whom such Malt is consigned, that then and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper Officer or Officers of Excise, upon due Notice from the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and upon the Delivery of such Transire or Certificate as aforesaid, to attend, gauge or measure, and ascertain the exact Quantity of all such Malt, and thereupon such Officer or Officers of Excise shall with all convenient Speed, and without Fee or Reward, grant and give to the Person or Persons to whom such Malt shall be consigned a Certificate or Certificates, expressing the true Quantity of such Malt, the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons entitled to the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, and whether he, she or they is or are Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Sale, Sellers or Retailers of Malt, Common Brewers, Distillers, Victualers or Vinegar Makers, and the Amount of the Allowance for

Regulations in case Vessel does not arrive at Port of Consignment till after Officer has taken an Account of Stock of Consignee.

Certificate without Fee.

Proviso as to
Malt brought
from Scotland.

for or in respect of such Malt : Provided always nevertheless, that in case any such Malt shall have been brought by Water from any Port or Place in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, into any Port or Place in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and shall not have arrived at such last mentioned Port or Place till after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the additional Duty imposed by the said Act upon the bringing such Malt into such last mentioned Port or Place shall not be charged or payable, nor shall any greater Allowance be made or granted in respect thereof than is hereby directed to be made and granted for Malt made from Beer or Bigg only in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* : Provided also, that no such Certificate as last mentioned shall be delivered, unless the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall make Oath before some of the Commissioners of Excise, or the Person appointed by the Commissioners of Excise, or the major Part of them for that Purpose, or before the proper Collector or Supervisor or Officer of Excise (which Oath the said Commissioners and the Person appointed by them, and the Collectors, Supervisors and Officers of Excise are respectively hereby authorized and empowered to administer), that such Malt is the same Malt as is mentioned in the Tranfire or Certificate then produced, and that such Malt or any Part thereof has not been taken account of under this Act, and that no Allowance has been obtained or demanded for any Part of the same by virtue of this Act : Provided also, that all such Malt which shall be so shipped, put on board and transported as aforesaid, and which shall not arrive at the Place to which the same is consigned, or where the same is to be landed, till after the Officer or Officers of Excise shall have taken the Account and ascertained the Quantity of dry unground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of the Consignee thereof, to whom such Malt shall be sent or delivered, and before the Expiration of Six Days after the same shall have been first taken as aforesaid, shall be kept separate and apart from all other Malt till the Expiration of such Six Days as aforesaid.

Oath by Master
that Malt the
same as men-
tioned in Certi-
ficate.

Proviso.

Malt kept
separate.

Malt landed at
any other Place
than at Port of
Consignment
forfeited.
Persons con-
cerned therein.

X. And be it further enacted, That in case any Malt which shall be shipped or put on board any Ship, Barge or other Vessel, according to the Directions of this Act, and for which such Tranfire or Certificate as aforesaid shall have been granted, shall be unshipped and put on board any other Ship, Barge, Boat or other Vessel, or landed at any other Port or Place than that to which the same shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Tranfire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, (except in case of Distress or other unavoidable Accident or Necessity, of which the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall give immediate Notice to the nearest Officer of Excise,) that then not only all the Malt which shall be so unshipped or landed shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, but the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, and also the Person or Persons concerned in the unshipping or landing of such Malt as aforesaid, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship, Barge or other Vessel in or on board of which any Malt for which such Transire or Certificate as aforesaid shall have been granted, shall have been shipped, shall neglect or refuse to deliver such Transire or Certificate to the proper Officer of Excise within Twelve Hours (or sooner if demanded) after the Arrival of such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, at the Port or Place to which such Malt shall be consigned, or where the same is in such Transire or Certificate expressed to be intended to be landed, that then and in every such case, such Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship, Barge or other Vessel, shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and no Allowance shall under this Act be made for such Malt.

Certificate delivered up within a certain time after Arrival of Ship.

Penalty.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any Certificate by this Act required or directed, or shall knowingly or willingly give any false or untrue Certificate, or shall fraudulently alter or erase, or cause to be fraudulently altered or erased, any Certificate granted by any Officer or Officers of Excise, or shall make use of any Certificate knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited, false, untrue, altered or erased, every such Person or Persons shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and Pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Counterfeiting Certificate.

Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That any such Certificate given by any Officer or Officers of Excise, for any Allowance to be made or granted by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, being produced by such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, or his, her or their Agent or Agents, to the Commissioners of Excise, or to the Person appointed by them or the major Part of them to receive the same, for such Malt as shall be finally taken an Account of, under or by virtue of this Act, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, or to the Collector of Excise of the Collection in which any such Certificate shall be granted for such Malt as shall be finally taken an Account of, under and by virtue of this Act, out of the said Limits, at any time after the Expiration of Four Months, and before the Expiration of Six Months from the time of the granting thereof, and Oath having been made by such Maltster and Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, before any of the said Commissioners of Excise, or the Person appointed by the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them for that Purpose, or before the Collector of Excise of the Collection in which such Malt shall have been taken an Account of, and the Quantity thereof ascertained according to the Directions of this Act, (which Oath the said Commissioners and the Person appointed by them, and the several Collectors of Excise, are respectively hereby authorized and empowered to administer,) that he, she or they believes or believe that the proper Duties have been paid or charged for in respect of the whole Quantity of the Malt specified in such Certificate, and that the said Malt or any Part thereof hath not been taken an Account of for the Purpose of obtaining the Allowance granted by this Act, in any Place or Places save and except in the Stock, Custody or Possession of

On Production of Certificates for Allowance to Commissioners, and making Oath to certain Particulars, Payment made.

Oath.

of the Person or Persons making the said Oath, and claiming the Allowance for or in respect of such Malt, and that the said Malt was the sole Property of the said Person or Persons, or was held by him, her or them, as the Property of, for the Use of some other Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, and that all the Malt which was actually in Operation at the time when the Officer or Officers of Excise took an Account of the dry unground Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, and which in order to exempt the same from the said Duty imposed by the said Act is by this Act required to be kept separate and apart from all other Corn, Grain or Malt, hath been so kept, the said Commissioners of Excise or the major Part of them, or such Collector as aforesaid, being satisfied of the Truth of such Oath, shall forthwith, out of the Money in their Hands respectively on Account of the said additional Duties, if they respectively shall have sufficient Money on such Account, pay to the Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Common Brewer, Distiller, Victualler or Vinegar Maker, or to his, her or their Agent or Agents, entitled to the same, the Sum of Money specified in such Certificate, and if the said Commissioners or Collectors respectively shall not have sufficient Money on such Account in their respective Hands for the Purpose aforesaid, the said Commissioners or Collectors respectively shall pay the said Allowance out of any Money in their respective Hands arising from the Consolidated Duties of Excise.

Payment of Money mentioned in Certificate.

Money paid out of Consolidated Duties to be replaced.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid as aforesaid, out of the Consolidated Duties of Excise, shall be replaced to such Consolidated Duties out of the first Monies that shall arise and be received from and on account of any of the additional Duties of Excise, granted and imposed by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and continued by several other Acts, and lastly by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, in Preference to all other Payments whatsoever.

Duty on Malt consumed in making of Strong Beer between the 8th April and 5th July allowed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to every Common Brewer or Victualler the additional Duties of Excise upon Malt by the said Act first herein recited imposed, by him, her or them actually used and consumed after the Eighth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in the making or brewing of Strong Beer, not exceeding the following Proportions; that is to say,

Beer Allowances.

For every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of April and the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of Great Britain called England, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings:

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer,

Beer, between the Eighth Day of *April* and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings :

And to every Common Brewer or Victualler for every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Barley, or any other Corn or Grain except Beer or Bigg, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of *April* and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings :

And for every Four Barrels of such Strong Beer called Porter, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Beer or Bigg only, without any Mixture of Barley or any other Corn or Grain therewith, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of *April* and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Eight pence :

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Barley, or any other Corn or Grain except from Beer or Bigg, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of *April* and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Sum of Sixteen Shillings :

And for every Three Barrels of such Strong Beer called Ale, which shall be made or brewed by such Common Brewer or Victualler from Malt made from Beer or Bigg only, without any Mixture of Barley or any other Corn or Grain therewith, and which shall be by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise, and be charged with Duty as Strong Beer, between the Eighth Day of *April* and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Eight pence.

XVI. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That no such Allowances shall be claimed, made or allowed in respect of any such Beer which shall be, before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shipped for Exportation or exported upon Drawback, or in respect of more Beer than the Quantity of Strong Beer of sound Quality and fit for Consumption, which shall, on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be found by the proper Officer in the Stock, Custody or Possession of the Common Brewer or Victualler claiming such Allowance.

No Allowances for Beer exported before 5th July, or for more than Quantity found in Stock on that Day.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the several respective Allowances upon Malt actually used and consumed by any Common Brewer or Victualler after the Eighth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in the making or brewing of Beer not exceeding the Proportions aforesaid by this Act given to Common Brewers

Allowances set off out of Money payable for Duty.

Oath. Brewers and Victuallers, shall from time to time be set off and allowed out of the Monies payable by such Common Brewers or Victuallers respectively, for the Duties charged on the Beer by him, her or them respectively made or brewed; Proof being first made by such Common Brewer or Victualler respectively, by Oath (which Oath the said Commissioners, or any of them, or the said several Collectors of Excise, are hereby required and empowered to administer,) of the full and entire Quantity of Malt which he, she or they has or have respectively actually used and consumed in the making or brewing of such Beer, between the said Eighth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that no such Beer has been shipped for Exportation or exported on Drawback; and such Allowances shall be made at the time when such Duties are by him, her or them respectively paid; which said Allowances so to be made and set off as aforesaid, the respective Commissioners of Excise are hereby authorized to make and allow accordingly.

Money so allowed replaced.

XVIII. Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted, That whatever Sum or Sums of Money should be so allowed or set off as aforesaid, to any such Common Brewer or Victualler, shall be replaced to the Duties on Beer out of the First Monies that shall arise and be received from and upon Account of the additional Duties on Malt by the Act herein first recited imposed, in Preference to all other Payments whatever.

43 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 12.

XIX. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*, it was enacted, that during the Continuance of the said Act, all Beer and Ale above the Price of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel (exclusive of the Duties) should be denominated, deemed and taken to be Strong Beer or Ale, and all Beer of the Price of Eighteen Shillings the Barrel or under (exclusive of Duties) should be denominated, deemed and taken to be Table Beer, within the Meaning of an Act of Parliament made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Beer and Ale brewed in or imported into Great Britain, on Malt made in Great Britain, on Hops grown in or imported into Great Britain; and on Spirits distilled in Ireland and imported into Great Britain; for repealing certain Allowances to Brewers of Beer and Ale; and for preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Revenue of Excise, on Beer, Ale and Malt*, and the said Act of the Forty third Year aforesaid, and of all other Acts of Parliament in force relating to Beer or Ale: And Whereas several of the additional Duties granted by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, which would have expired at a certain limited time after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, had not the same been continued, were by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His said Majesty's Reign continued until and upon the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and were and are by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, further continued, until and upon the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen,

42 G. 3. c. 38.

sixteen, and by another Act made in the present Session of Parliament are continued until and upon the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, save and except the Duties on Malt made in England and Scotland, or brought from Scotland into England, granted by the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by the Continuance as aforesaid of the said several Duties, save and except the said Duties on Malt as last aforesaid, the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, so far as relates to such continued Duties, has been and is thereby also continued until and upon the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and twenty one; but Doubts may arise whether the Provision hereinbefore recited be by reason thereof also continued, notwithstanding the said Duties on Malt will cease and expire on the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Now, for the Prevention and Removal of such Doubts, be it declared and enacted, That the said recited Provision in the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty does and shall wholly cease and expire with the said Duties on Malt on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall be no longer of any Force or Effect; any thing in any other Act or Acts in the present or any former Session of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed or created by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Exchequer in Scotland respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them, who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all and every of the Powers, Directions, Rules, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things which, in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights' Service and Purveyance, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in lieu thereof*, or by any other Law now in force relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, are provided and established, shall be practised, used and put in Execution, in and for the Purposes of this Act, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every the said Powers, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things were particularly repeated and reenacted in this present Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the cases in which an Oath is required to be taken by this Act, shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Provision in
43 G. 3. c. 81.
§ 12. respecting
Price of Strong
Beer and Table
Beer, made to
cease.

Penalties how
levied and ap-
plied.

Former Acts
relating to the
Excise in force,
extended to
Act.

Taking false
Oath.

Perjury.

Act may be
altered, &c.

C A P. XLIV.

An Act to repeal the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, on Hard Soap made in *Great Britain* and imported from *Ireland*; and to grant other Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. [31st May 1816.]

Duties to cease.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, now payable in respect of Hard Soap made in *Great Britain*, and of *Irish* Hard Soap imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed, and other Allowances and Drawbacks granted in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all and singular the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise, now payable by Law in respect of Hard Soap made in *Great Britain*, and of *Irish* Hard Soap imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the passing of this Act.

New Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks by this Act repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the several Rates and Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), For every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap, which shall be made in *Great Britain*, to be paid by the Maker thereof, Three pence; for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of *Irish* Hard Cake or Ball Soap, which shall be imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain*, to be paid by the Importer thereof, Three pence: And that the following Allowances shall be made; (that is to say), for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap made in *Great Britain*, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in *Great Britain*, in the making of any Cloths, Serges, Kerseys, Bays, Stockings or other Manufactures of Sheep or Lambs' Wool only, or Manufactures whereof the greatest Part of the Value of the Materials shall be Wool, or in the finishing of the said Manufactures, or preparing the Wool for the same, Two pence Farthing; and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Cake Soap or Ball Soap made in *Great Britain*, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in *Great Britain*, in the whitening of new Linen in the Piece for Sale, Two pence; and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Soap, made in *Great Britain*, which shall be used, employed, spent and consumed in *Great Britain*, in preparing and finishing any Manufactures from Flax or Cotton for Sale (except such as shall be used in whitening new Linen in the Piece, in order to the Sale thereof) One Penny halfpenny: And that a Drawback of the whole of the respective Duties shall be paid for

Drawback.

for every Pound Weight Avoirdupois of Hard Soap made in *Great Britain*, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandize to Foreign Parts.

III. And Whereas Contracts or Agreements may have been made before the passing of this Act, by Dealers in Hard Cake or Ball Soap, upon which Duties are by this Act imposed for such Hard Cake or Ball Soap respectively, to be delivered after the passing of this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That such Dealers delivering such Hard Cake or Ball Soap, made after the passing of this Act, in pursuance of such Contracts or Agreements, shall be allowed to add so much Money as will be equivalent to the Duties by this Act imposed, for or in respect of such Hard Cake or Ball Soap respectively, to the Price thereof, and shall be entitled by virtue of this Act to be paid for the same accordingly.

Dealers may add Duty to Contracts.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Excise.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks shall be respectively raised, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid, in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise respectively hereby repealed were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered, allowed and paid; and the said Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, so by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed, or entitled to the said Allowance or Drawbacks respectively granted by this Act, shall be, and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which such Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Duties of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, were or might be subject and liable; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture, of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatsoever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, and for securing the Revenue of Excise or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the said several Duties of Excise, Allowances and Drawbacks respectively hereby charged, imposed and allowed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Duties how levied.

Former Acts in force applied to Act.

Duties carried
to Consolidated
Fund.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

Act may be
altered, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, varied or repealed, by any Act to be made in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. XLV.

An Act for defraying the Charge of the Pay and Cloathing of the Local Militia in *Great Britain*, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

[31st May 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for defraying the Charge of the Pay, Cloathing and contingent Expences of the Local Militia in *Great Britain*, from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding or Place in *England*, and in every County, Stewartry, City or Place in *Scotland*, where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Secretary at War for the time being is hereby authorized and empowered and required to cause to be issued and paid the whole Sum required for the Local Militia, in the manner and for the several Uses hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say), For the Pay of the said Local Militia at the Rate of Eight Shillings a Day for each Adjutant, where an Adjutant is appointed, and required to be resident at Head Quarters; and at the Rate of Five Shillings a Day for each Quartermaster, required to be resident at Head Quarters, where the Establishment of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he is appointed shall not be less than Three hundred and sixty Private Men; and at the Rate of Three Shillings a Day to such Quartermaster, where the Establishment shall be under that Number; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Sixpence a Day for each Serjeant required to be resident at the Head Quarters of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Sixpence a Week for each Serjeant Major, where a Serjeant Major is appointed; and at the Rate of One Shilling and Two pence a Day for every Corporal retained by Order of His Majesty, and so required to be resident as aforesaid; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Drummer so required to be resident as aforesaid, with the Addition of Sixpence a Day for each Drum Major, where a Drum Major is appointed; Provided always, that when any such Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall be absent on Furlough or Licence, such Serjeant, Corporal or Drummer, shall during such Absence receive Pay at the following Rates, instead of those above mentioned; (that is to say), Every Serjeant the Sum of One Shilling *per* Day every Corporal the Sum of Eight pence *per* Day, and every Drummer the Sum of Sixpence *per* Day

Secretary at
War to issue
Money required
for Pay of Local
Militia.

Rates of Pay.

Proviso.

Rates of Pay
when absent on
Furlough.

Day

Day respectively, and no more: And also for the Cloathing of the Local Militia for such County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, at the Rate of Four Pounds Fourteen Shillings and Ten pence for each Serjeant Major, Three Pounds Nine Shillings and Eight pence for each Serjeant, Two Pounds One Shilling and Ten pence for each Corporal, Four Pounds Six Shillings and Seven pence for each Drum Major, Three Pounds Five Shillings and Two pence for each Drummer, and Two Pounds One Shilling and Four pence for each Private Man, together with the actual Expence of Package and Carriage, and such Charges for altering and fitting the Cloathing as shall have been notified by the Secretary at War; and that such Serjeant Majors, Drum Majors, Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers, who may be retained on constant Pay, and resident at the Head Quarters, shall be cloathed once in Two Years; and that such Serjeants, Corporals and Drummers of Local Militia, beyond the regular Establishment of the permanent Staff thereof, as may be serving on Reduced Pay, under the Provisions of an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend several Acts relating to the Local Militia of Great Britain*, shall be entitled to new Cloathing when their present Cloathing shall have been actually and necessarily worn for two Years: And also at the Rate of Three pence per Man per Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps, for the Period during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall have a Staff retained on permanent Pay at its Head Quarters.

Cloathing.

Contingent Expences.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers of Local Militia serving upon permanent Pay, shall be subject to the Provisions of Two Acts made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign for amending the Laws relating to the Local Militia of England and Scotland respectively, in as far as relates to the Allowance for Necessaries, although they may have been enrolled previous to the passing of the said Acts.

Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers subject to Provisions of 52 G. 3. c. 116, & 68.

III. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, in Addition to his Pay, the Sum of Five Shillings and Three pence per Week for every Hundred Rank and File assembled for Training, for the Expence of the necessary Medicines for the Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men so assembled, and an Allowance of Sixpence per Month for each of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers of any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on Constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers, while such Regiment, Battalion or Corps is not assembled for Training.

Allowance to Surgeon.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Quartermaster of each Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Local Militia, having a Staff retained on permanent Pay at its Head Quarters, or in his Absence the Adjutant, shall have the Charge and Care of the Arms, Accoutrements, Cloathing or Necessaries and other Stores, under the Superintendance of the Colonel or Commandant, and shall, out of the Money hereby directed to be issued and paid for defraying the contingent Expences of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from time to time issue out and pay such Sums of Money as may be necessary

Quartermaster, &c. to have Charge of Arms and Cloathing, and to issue Money necessary for Repairs on an Order signed by Colonel.

Balance to form
a Stock Purse.

Local Militia
entitled to Pay
during Annual
Exercife, &c.

Money for Pay,
&c. issued under
Direction of
Secretary at
War.

Provido for
Right to Chel-
sea Pensions.

Adjutants after
a Service of 30
Years and unfit
for further Ser-
vice, to receive
an Allowance of
6s. per Day.

Provido as to
Persons holding
Offices.

fary for the Repair of Arms, or other usual incidental Expence upon an Order in Writing signed by the Colonel or other Commandant, and after Payment of such Sums as shall be drawn up him by the Colonel or other Commandant as aforesaid, he sh three times in the Year make up Accounts of all such Money, and the Expenditure thereof, and of the Balance remaining in his Hand which said Balance shall form a Stock Purse for the Use of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and shall transmit the said Account the Colonel or other Commandant of such Regiment, Battalion Corps, to be by him examined, allowed and signed, and the said Accounts, so allowed and signed, shall be and are hereby directed to the proper Vouchers and Acquittal of such Quartermaster for Application and Disposal of such Money.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Local Militia when assembled for Training shall be entitled to the same Pay and Allowance as the Regular Militia when drawn out and embodied Provided always, that the said Pay and Allowances shall only extend to such Period or Periods for which the said Local Militia shall be called out for the Purpose of Annual Exercife or Training, or for suppressing Riots or Tumults, with the Addition of the Days of arriving at and Departure from and marching to and from the Place appointed for Exercife; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums of Money granted for the Pay, Cloathing and contingent Expences for the Local Militia as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid under the Direction of the Secretary at War, who is hereby empowered to issue such Regulations as he may deem it expedient to adopt from time to time for that behalf.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Local Militia entitled to receive any Chelsea Pension or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Local Militia.

VIII. And Whereas Persons appointed to act as Adjutants in the Local Militia may by Age or Infirmary be rendered incapable of doing the Duty thereof, and it is expedient that some Provision should be made for them in Consideration of their former Service Be it enacted, That if any Adjutant who shall have served faithfully either in His Majesty's Regular Forces or in the Regular or Local Militia, for the full Term of Thirty Years in the whole, Fifteen Years which he shall have served as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia shall by Age or Infirmary be rendered unfit for further Service, shall on producing to the Quartermaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he shall belong, a Certificate of such Service for Thirty Years as aforesaid, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, together with an Order from the Secretary at War, be entitled to receive, and the Quartermaster aforesaid shall be and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate and Order as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings per Day Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall have served for a less Term than Fifteen

Fifteen Years as an Adjutant of Regular or Local Militia, or who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty: Provided also, that no such Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance as aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

For H. if Pay.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall have already ceased and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings *per Diem* shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or from the time such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: Provided always, that no such Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as last aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no such Person shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such Allowance, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

Reduced Adjutants to receive 4s per Day.

Proviso as to Persons holding Offices.

X. And be it further enacted; That whensoever the permanent Staff of any Regiment, Battalion or Corps shall be entirely reduced, and the Adjutant released from Residence and Duty at Head Quarters, it shall be lawful for His Majesty to place such Adjutant upon the reduced Allowance of Four Shillings *per Diem*, although the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which such Adjutant belongs, shall not have ceased and determined: Provided always, that whenever such Adjutant shall be required to return to Head Quarters to perform Military Duty, he shall again be entitled to the Daily Pay of Eight Shillings as aforesaid; and provided also that no such Adjutant shall be entitled to receive such reduced Allowance who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no such Adjutant shall lose any Right which he may have to Half Pay by reason of receiving such reduced Allowance, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

Adjutants when released from Duty at Head Quarters to be placed on the reduced Allowance of 4s. per Day.

Proviso for Half Pay.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in every County, Riding or Place in *England* where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding or Place respectively, and in every County, Stewartry, City or Place in *Scotland* where the Local Militia is or shall be raised, the Receiver General for *Scotland* shall issue and pay the whole Sums required for the respective Allowances to the Clerks of the General Meetings and Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings in *England*, at the Rates following; (that is to say), to the Clerk of the General Meetings at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting, and to the several Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; and such further Allowance shall be made to such respective General and Subdivision Clerks for their Expences and Trouble in amending the Returns of Persons returned liable to serve in the Local Militia, by taking out the Names of all Persons who may appeal, and whose Appeals or

Receiver General of Land Tax, &c. to pay Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings.

Rates of Allowance.

Claims of Exemption have been allowed, and inserting the Names any Person that shall have been omitted to be inserted, and in numbering the Returns and making out the Tickets for the Ballot, at the Rate of One Pound Fifteen Shillings for every One thousand Names of Persons returned liable to serve, and also for the actual Expences incurred by such respective Clerks, and for Printing a Stationary used for the Purpose of this Act, as to the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants of the respective Counties, Riding Cities or Places shall appear reasonable and proper; and in case the Orders made by the Lord Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants for the Payment of such further Allowances as aforesaid shall be confirmed at a General Meeting consisting of not less than Five Deputy Lieutenants, but not otherwise.

How Payment of such Allowances to Clerks made.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Receiver General in *England* shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance at the Rate of Five Pounds and Five Shillings for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as hereinbefore directed, upon his producing an Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from Three Deputy Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings, and shall also pay to each and every of the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings their several Allowances, at the Rate of One Pound and One Shilling for each Meeting, or such further Allowance as may be made as hereinbefore directed, upon his or their producing an Order or Orders from One or more Deputy Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants assembled in the several Subdivision Meetings; which said Order or Orders, specifying the Day or Days of Meeting, at what Place or Places and for what Purpose or Purposes the said General and Subdivision Meeting or Meetings, have been assembled and held, together with the Clerk's Receipt or Receipts for the Sums so claimed, shall be to the Receivers General in *England* respectively a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances, and be allowed in their Accounts; and that the several Allowances to Clerks of General and Subdivision Meetings for their Trouble and Expences in the Execution of this Act in *Scotland* shall be paid and defrayed in the same Manner in which Schoolmasters, Constables and other Persons employed in the Execution of an Act passed in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to raise and establish a Militia Force in Scotland*, are directed to be paid for their Trouble and Expences.

42 G. 3. c. 91.

Stamp Duty on Commissions repaid.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Agent General of Volunteers and Local Militia, and he is hereby required, to repay any Sum of Money which may have been paid for the Stamp Duty on any Commission of any Officer in the Local Militia, under such Regulations and in such Manner as the Secretary at War shall appoint.

Bills drawn for Pay, &c. may be on unstamped Paper.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all Bills, Drafts and Orders drawn for the Pay or Allowance of the Local Militia under this Act, may or shall be drawn upon unstamped Paper, and no such Bill, Draft or Order shall be void by reason of being so drawn or written on unstamped Paper.

No Fee taken.

XV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid for or upon account of any Warrant, or Sum of Money, which shall be issued in relation to or in pursuance of this Act.

C A P. XLVI.

As An Act for the better Regulation of the Civil List.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of the 22 G. 3. c. 8a.
 Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for enabling*
His Majesty to discharge the Debt contracted upon His Civil List
Revenues, and for preventing the same from being in Arrear for the
future, by regulating the Mode of Payments out of the said Revenues;
and by suppressing or regulating certain Offices therein mentioned, which
are now paid out of the Revenues of the Civil List: And Whereas 23 G. 3. c. 82.
 an Act passed in the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His pre-
 sent Majesty, intituled *An Act for establishing certain Regulations*
in the Receipt of the Exchequer: And Whereas an Act passed in 25 G. 3. c. 61.
 the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in-
 tituled *An Act to authorize the Lord Steward of the Household, the*
Lord Chamberlain, the Master of the Horse, the Master of the Robes,
and the Lords of the Treasury, respectively, to pay Bounties granted
by His Majesty to Persons in low and indigent Circumstances: And 44 G. 3. c. 8a.
 Whereas an Act passed in the Forty fourth Year of the Reign of
 His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better Support of His*
Majesty's Household, and of the Honour and Dignity of the Crown
of the United Kingdom, and for preventing Accumulation of Arrears
in the Payments out of the Civil List Revenues: And Whereas an 52 G. 3. c. 7.
 Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present
 Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain*
Sum for defraying the Expences incident to the Assumption of the
Personal Exercise of the Royal Authority by His Royal Highness
The Prince Regent, in the Name and on the Behalf of His Majesty:
 And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of 52 G. 3. c. 8.
 the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Re-*
gulation of His Majesty's Household, and for enabling Her Majesty
The Queen to meet the increased Expence to which Her Majesty
may be exposed during His Majesty's Indisposition; and for the
Care of His Majesty's Real and Personal Property; and to amend
an Act of the last Session of Parliament, to provide for the Adminis-
tration of the Royal Authority during His Majesty's Illness: And
 Whereas the ordinary Revenues of the Civil List have for many
 Years past been found inadequate to defray the Charges thereon,
 and the Deficiency has been made good by the Application of the
 Funds arising from the Droits of the Crown, or other Extraordi-
 nary Resources, or by special Grants of Parliament: And Whereas
 it is highly expedient that the ordinary Revenues of His Majesty's
 Civil List should be made adequate to the ordinary Charges thereon,
 and that several of the Charges which have heretofore been borne
 upon the Civil List Revenues should in future be made a Charge
 upon and be defrayed out of the Consolidated Fund of Great
 Britain, or otherwise provided for; and it is also expedient that
 distinct and separate Appropriations should be made of certain Pro-
 portions of the Civil List Revenues, for the Payment of certain
 Charges comprised in the several Classes of the Civil List, and that
 further and more effectual Provision should be made for the Regu-
 lation and Controul of the Expenditure thereof; Be it therefore
 enacted

Certain Sums heretofore paid to a Part of the Royal Family out of the Civil List to be hereafter payable out of Consolidated Fund.

Allowances to the Royal Family to be paid at the Exchequer without Fee or Reward.

Clear of Taxes.

enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, a Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Payment of the several Allowances and Sums of Twelve thousand Pounds to His Royal Highness *Frederick* Duke of *York*, of Two thousand five hundred Pounds to His Royal Highness *William Henry* Duke of *Clarendon* and of Four thousand Pounds to each of Their Royal Highnesses the Princesses *Augusta Sophia*, the Princess *Elizabeth*, the Princess *Mary*, and the Princess *Sophia*, heretofore granted by His Majesty and charged upon the Civil List Revenues, shall cease and determine and such Allowances and Sums of Money shall be no longer payable or paid out of the said Revenues; but from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said several Allowances and Sums of Money respectively shall be charged and chargeable upon and issuing and payable out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, during the Joint Lives of His Majesty and Their said Royal Highnesses respectively, as to each of their said respective Allowances and Sums aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said several and respective Allowances, Sums of Money and Annuities as aforesaid, shall be issued and paid out of the said Consolidated Fund, after paying and reserving sufficient to pay all such Sums as shall have been directed to be paid out of the same by any Act or Acts of Parliament made and passed before the passing of this Act, and with Preference to all other Payments which shall or may at any time after the passing of this Act be charged upon and payable out of the said Fund, and shall be paid and payable at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer out of the said Fund, and the Auditor of the said Receipt shall and he is hereby required to make forth and pass Debentures from time to time for paying the said respective Sums, as the same shall become due and payable, without any Fees or Charges to be demanded or taken for paying the same or any Part thereof; and the respective Acquittance or Acquittances, Receipt or Receipts of Their said Royal Highnesses respectively, as to each of the said Allowances, Sums of Money or Annuities aforesaid, or of such other Person or Persons as shall be by them respectively duly authorized and appointed to receive their respective Allowances, Sums of Money or Annuities as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall be good and sufficient Discharges for the Payment thereof respectively; and the said Debentures to be made forth and passed for carrying into Execution the Provisions of this Act shall be a sufficient Authority to the several and respective Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer now and for the time being, for the Payment of the said respective Sums of Money, without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained in that Behalf; and that the said respective Sums of Money so to be paid, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Rates and Assessments, and all other Charges whatsoever.

III. And Whereas an Estimate has been laid before Parliament of the future Annual Charges of the several Classes of His Majesty's Civil List, the Amount of which, for each Class respectively, is specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and it is expedient, for ensuring the regular Payment of the said Charges, arising in each Class

‘ Class respectively, that Appropriations should be made out of the Civil List Revenues, in the manner hereinafter directed;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, at the Commencement of every Quarter, or within a Period not exceeding Thirty Days from the Commencement of each Quarter, by Warrant under their Hands, to direct what Sums shall respectively be set apart and appropriated, in the Receipt of His Majesty’s Exchequer, out of the Quarterly Revenues of the Civil List, for the Purpose of defraying the several Charges upon the respective Classes thereof; but so as that the Sum to be appropriated to the Sixth Class do not exceed One fourth Part of the estimated annual Amount of that Class, as specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed; and so that the Sums to be appropriated to the other of the Classes in any One Quarter be equal to One fourth Part of the estimated Amount of such Class, together with any Saving which may have accrued upon the said Class in the preceding Quarter; and the several and respective Sums, in the said Warrant directed to be set apart and appropriated, shall be so set apart by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty’s Exchequer, and be appropriated to the respective Classes accordingly; and each and every Sum so set apart and appropriated, shall in the First Instance be applied in the Payment of all the unsatisfied Charges of every Description of the Class in respect of which such Appropriation shall have been made, in Preference to any other Charges whatever upon His Majesty’s Civil List Revenues; and no Part thereof shall on any Account whatever be applied for any other Purpose, or in Aid of any other of the Classes of the Civil List, or of any other of the Charges thereon, except in the manner hereinafter provided; any thing contained in the said recited Act of the Twenty second Year aforesaid, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding; but in case the actual Charge of any Class or Classes of the Civil List shall exceed the Sum which may have been appropriated thereto, then such Exceeding shall and may be issued out of any Money in the Exchequer arising from His Majesty’s Civil List Revenues, which may not have been appropriated to any particular Class or Classes of the Civil List.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Saving or Surplus shall arise in any Quarter, in respect of any Money appropriated for defraying the Charges of any particular Class, so as that the Sum appropriated thereto shall be more than sufficient for the full and complete Payment of the Charges thereon, such Quarterly Saving or Surplus shall in every such case be carried forward in the Exchequer to the Account and Credit, and be applied for the Purposes of the Class in which it shall have arisen, until the Fifth Day of *January* in every Year; and in case such Saving or Surplus remaining at that time shall have arisen in the Third Class, then it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, to direct the same to be carried to the Account of the said Consolidated Fund; but in case and whenever any such Saving or Surplus remaining at the End of the Year shall have arisen in any other of the Classes of the Civil List, then it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treas-

Sums appropriated to Payment of respective Classes of Civil List, and to be applied in the First Instance in Payment thereof in Preference to all other Payments.

Treasury may direct Savings in any Class to be applied at the End of the Year, in Aid of the other Classes.

fury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, to direct the same to be applied in Aid of the Charges or Expences of any other Class, or of any other Charge or Charges upon His Majesty's Civil List Revenues, in such manner as may under the Circumstances appear to be most expedient.

' V. And Whereas it is expedient that the Income as well as the Charge of His Majesty's Civil List Revenues should, as far as may be practicable, consist of such Sums as are fixed and certain in their Amount, and that so much of the said recited Act of the Twenty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as enacts, that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall direct the Surplus of the Fees and Gratuities, specified in the said Act, to be carried to the Account of the Monies applicable to the Use of His Majesty's Civil Government and to the Sinking Fund, in the Proportions in the said Act specified, should therefore be repealed; Be it further enacted, That so much of the said Act as is above recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, there shall be applied to the Civil List Revenues, out of the Surplus of such Fees and Gratuities, the Sum of Forty eight thousand Pounds *per Annum*, by even and equal Quarterly Payments; and the Remainder of such Surplus shall go and be carried to the said Consolidated Fund.

Application of Exchequer Fees repealed, and a fixed Sum carried to Civil List Revenue, and Remainder to Consolidated Fund.

50 G. 3. c. 117.
§ 9.

' VI. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to direct that Accounts of Increase and Diminution of Public Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, shall be annually laid before Parliament, and to regulate and controul the granting and paying of such Salaries, Pensions and Allowances*, it is provided, that when any Deficiency of the Fee Fund should be found in the Offices of the Principal Secretary of State, of the Council and of the Treasury, the same should be made good out of the Civil List: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed, and that any Deficiency of the Fee Fund which may arise in any of those Offices should not hereafter be made good out of the Civil List, or be considered as forming any Part of the ordinary Charges thereof, but should be made good out of such other Funds as may be provided by Parliament; Be it therefore further enacted, That so much of the said Act as is above recited, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, the Deficiency of Fees which may be found in any of the said Offices shall not be considered as forming any Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List, but that the same shall be made good out of any Funds which may be granted by Parliament to discharge such Expences, of a Civil nature, as do not form a Part of the ordinary Charges of the Civil List.

repealed.

' VII. And Whereas it may frequently happen that Pensions, Fees and Salaries may be directed to be paid at the Exchequer, in cases where the Parties entitled to such Pensions, Fees and Salaries, may have died previously to the Day up to which such Payments may have been directed, by which the Money becomes appropriated in the Hands of the proper Officers of the Exchequer, and cannot be applied to any Purposes whatever without the Authority of Parliament: And Whereas it is expedient that Authority should be given to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being,

‘ being, to authorize the proper Officers of the Exchequer, who may
 ‘ have been directed to pay, out of His Majesty’s Civil List Revenues,
 ‘ any Sum or Sums to any Person or Persons, for any Pension, Fee
 ‘ or Salary which did not become due or could not be paid in conse-
 ‘ quence of the Death of the Person to whom it was directed to be
 ‘ paid, to pay the said Sum to any other Person or Persons, for the
 ‘ Purpose of the same being again paid into the Exchequer, and ap-
 ‘ plied, if arising upon the Third Class of the Civil List, to the Ac-
 ‘ count of the Consolidated Fund, and if arising in any other of the
 ‘ Classes of the Civil List, to the Account of His Majesty’s Civil
 ‘ List Revenues.’ Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and
 may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the
 Treasury, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby autho-
 rized, from time to time, by Warrant under their Hand or Hands,
 to direct the proper Officers of the Exchequer to pay to any Person
 or Persons who may be named in the said Warrant, any Sum or Sums
 which may have been directed to be paid to any Person or Persons
 for any Pension, Fee or Salary, but which did not become due or
 could not be paid in consequence of the Death of the Person or Per-
 sons to whom the same was directed to be paid before the Day up to
 which such Pension, Fee or Salary, may have been directed to be
 paid; and the Sum or Sums which may be received under such War-
 rant or Warrants shall be repaid into the Exchequer, and applied, if
 arising upon the Third Class of the Civil List, to the Account of the
 Consolidated Fund, and if arising in any of the other Classes of the
 Civil List, to the Account of His Majesty’s Civil List Revenues.

Treasury to direct Officers of Exchequer to pay to Persons named in any Warrant, any Pension, Fee or Salary which did not become due in consequence of Death of Person to whom same was directed to be paid.

‘ VIII. And Whereas it would essentially contribute to the Ex-
 ‘ ercise of a due Economy in the different Branches of the Royal
 ‘ Household, by establishing a more effectual Superintendance over
 ‘ that Part of the Civil List which belongs to the Departments of
 ‘ the Lord Chamberlain, the Lord Steward and the Master of the
 ‘ Horse, if an Officer were appointed specially for the Purpose of
 ‘ examining and auditing the Bills, Expences and Accounts of
 ‘ those Departments respectively;’ Be it therefore enacted, That
 it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners
 of His Majesty’s Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more
 of them, and they are hereby required, to appoint a proper Person,
 who shall be empowered and required to examine and audit all the
 Tradesmen’s Bills, and the Accounts and Expences incurred or to be
 incurred in the Departments of the Lord Chamberlain, Lord Steward
 and Master of the Horse, and to examine into all the Expenditure
 within those Departments during its Progress, and to report thereon
 to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty’s
 Treasury for the time being, so that the same may be, as far as may
 be practicable, in conformity to the previous Estimates thereof, as
 sanctioned and approved by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Com-
 missioners of His Majesty’s Treasury for the time being, or any Three
 or more of them; and the said Officer in the Execution of the said
 Duty shall obey such Orders and Directions as he shall from time to
 time receive from the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His
 Majesty’s Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of
 them; and it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the
 Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury for the time being, or any
 Three or more of them, to grant to such Officer, out of the Civil List
 Revenues,

Treasury may appoint an Officer to audit Civil List Accounts.

Such Officer not to sit in Parliament.

Treasury to prepare Instructions for Guidance of such Officer.

Officer may summon Persons, and require Books, Accounts and Vouchers, and examine upon Oath.

Affirmation of Quakers.

Servants, Tradesmen, &c. offending dismissed, &c.

Fine.

Persons giving false Evidence before Auditor.

Revenues, such Salary as His Majesty may think fit, not exceeding One thousand five hundred Pounds *per Annum*; and the said Officer, during the holding of the said Office shall be and he is hereby declared to be incapable of being elected into or of sitting and voting in Parliament.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and they are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be after the passing of this Act, to prepare a full and complete Code of Instructions for the Guidance of the Conduct of such Auditor in the Execution of his Duties as aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to alter and change such Code of Instructions, or to issue any additional Instructions for the Conduct of the said Officer, in such manner as the Good of His Majesty's Service may from time to time appear to them to require; and such Officer for the time being shall in all cases in the Execution of his Office govern himself in the Performance of his Duties therein by such Instructions, in like manner in every respect as if the same had been inserted and made Part of this Act.

X. And Whereas it may be necessary that the said Officer, in the Execution of the Duty to be reposed in him, should be empowered 'to examine Persons upon Oath;' Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Officer, by and with the Consent and Authority, in each particular case, of the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to be signified by One of the Secretaries of the Treasury, to call before him any of the Officers or Persons holding any Offices, Situations or Places under the Lord Chamberlain, or under the Lord Steward, or under the Master of the Horse, and also any Persons not belonging to any or either of the said Departments, who may have supplied or furnished, or been concerned or employed in the supplying or furnishing any Articles, matters and things in or for the Use of either of the said Departments respectively, or who may be able, in the Judgment of the said Officer, to give any Information relating thereto, and to examine any such Person or Persons as aforesaid upon Oath, or Affirmation (if Quakers), which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby authorized to administer, as to any such Accounts, Expences or Charges, or any matters or things relating thereto, or as to any such Articles or things so supplied or furnished as aforesaid, or touching and concerning any matter or thing necessary for the full, strict and accurate Examination and Audit of any such Accounts or Expences or Charges; and in case of the Failure by any Person to comply with any such the lawful Requisition of the said Officer, every such Person so refusing, if an Officer or Servant or Tradesman employed in any of the said Departments, shall be dismissed from his Situation or Employment, and be incapable of being again employed as such Officer, Servant or Tradesman in the Service of His Majesty; and every such Person shall also be liable to the Payment of such Fine to His Majesty as the Court of Exchequer, on Application made to the said Court by the said Officer, or by His Majesty's Attorney General, shall think fit to set and impose, which Fine the said Court is hereby authorized and empowered to set and impose accordingly.

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person in the Course of any Examination upon Oath or Affirmation before any such

such Auditor under the Provisions of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, such Person so offending, and being thereunto duly convicted, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law now in force Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

Perjury.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer so to be appointed shall, after he has duly examined such Accounts and Vouchers as aforesaid, make up a State or States thereof, in such Manner and Form as shall be required by his Instructions in that Behalf, and deliver the same to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being; and the said Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, are hereby authorized, if they shall see fit, to direct any further Examination of the said Account, or to allow the same in case they shall be satisfied therewith; and such Allowance, and a Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual issued in pursuance of such Allowance, shall be a full and final Discharge for and upon any such Account, to all Intents and Purposes, without any further or other Audit, Account, Allowance or Discharge whatever; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officer, after Examination, to make out States according to Instructions. Treasury may remit for further Examination, or allow any Warrant, &c. to be a final Discharge.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the total Charge upon the Civil List, from the Fifth Day of January in any one Year to the Fifth Day of January in the succeeding Year, shall amount to more than One million one hundred thousand Pounds, an Account stating the Particulars of such Exceeding, and the Cause thereof, shall be submitted to Parliament within Thirty Days after the same shall have been ascertained, if Parliament shall be then sitting; but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then the said Account shall be presented within Thirty Days after the next Meeting of Parliament.

Exceedings, Particulars laid before Parliament.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

ESTIMATE of the probable future Annual Charge on the Civil List.

1 st CLASS .	Pensions and Allowances to the Royal Family	£ 298,000
2 ^d CLASS .	Allowances to the Lord Chancellor, Judges, &c.	32,955
3 ^d CLASS .	Allowances to Foreign Ministers; including Pensions to Foreign Ministers, and Salaries to Consuls	226,950
4 th CLASS .	Bills of His Majesty's Tradesmen	209,000
5 th CLASS .	Salaries to the Department of the Lord Chamberlain, Lord Steward, Master of the Horse, Master of the Robes and Surveyor General of Works; including Compensation and Superannuation Allowances payable within those Departments	140,700
6 th CLASS .	Pensions limited by Act 22 Geo. III. cap. 82.	95,000
7 th CLASS .	Salaries and Allowances to certain Officers and Persons	41,300
8 th CLASS .	Salaries to the Commissioners of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer	13,822
OCASIONAL CLASSES	PAYMENTS, not comprised in any of the foregoing	26,000
		£ 1,083,727

C A P. XLVII.

An Act for raising the Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency, by Treasury Bills, for the Service of *Ireland*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [2cth June 1816.]

“ IRISH Treasury may issue Bills to a certain Extent to bear
 “ Interest, § 1. Bills issued not to exceed 1,200,000l. § 2. Banks
 “ of *Ireland* or *England* may advance 1,200,000l. on Credit of
 “ Act, § 6.
 [In all other respects except Dates this Act is the same as Cap. 41. ante.]

C A P. XLVIII.

An Act to continue, until Three Months after the ceasing of any Restriction imposed on the Bank of *England* from issuing Cash in Payment, the several Acts for confirming and continuing the Restrictions on Payments in Cash by the Bank of *Ireland*. [20th June 1816.]

“ IRISH Act, 37 G. 3. c. 51. continued by 43 G. 3. c. 44. Both
 “ the recited Acts shall have Continuance until the Expiration of
 “ Three Calendar Months next after any Restriction imposed or to
 “ be imposed by any Act made or to be made in this present Session
 “ of Parliament on the Governor and Company of the Bank of
 “ *England* from issuing Cash in Payments shall cease, unless the
 “ Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors and the
 “ Privy Council of *Ireland* shall, by an Order in Council, direct that
 “ the said Restriction on the Governor and Company of the Bank of
 “ *Ireland* shall sooner cease.

C A P. XLIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, for the more easy assessing, collecting and levying of County Rates. [20th June 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 51.
 § 1.

“ WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the
 “ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend*
 “ *an Act of His late Majesty King George the Second, for the more*
 “ *easy assessing, collecting and levying of County Rates*: And Whereas,
 “ by the said recited Act, the Justices of the Peace of the several
 “ Counties, Ridings or Divisions of Counties, Cities, Towns or other
 “ Places, having Commissions of the Peace within themselves, in that
 “ Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, are authorized and empowered
 “ to assess and tax, for the Purposes of the said Act, every Parish,
 “ Township and other Place, whether Parochial or Extra Parochial,
 “ within the respective Limits of their Commissions, according to a
 “ certain Pound Rate of the full and fair annual Value of the Mes-
 “ suages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments rateable to the Relief
 “ of the Poor therein; and Doubts having arisen under the said Act,
 “ whether any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments,
 “ situate within any Extra Parochial or other Place where no Rate
 “ for Relief of the Poor is made and collected, could be made subject
 “ to the County Rate to be raised under the said Act, and it is ex-
 “ pedient that such Doubts should be removed; Be it therefore
 enacted

enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, situate, lying or being in any Extra Parochial Place or other Places, whether rated to the Relief of the Poor or not so rated, although the same may not be deemed rateable to the Relief of the Poor within such Extra Parochial Places, or other Places where no Rate is made for the Relief of the Poor, shall be, and the same are hereby declared to be subject to be assessed, taxed and rated, by and under the Order, Direction and Authority of Justices of the Peace, in such and the same manner as the Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, within any Parishes or Places where a Rate is made for the Relief of the Poor; and the Justices of the Peace shall in all cases, where the same may be necessary, appoint proper Persons within such Extra Parochial or other Places, as directed in and by the said recited Act, for the assessing, taxing and rating such Extra Parochial Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and levying, collecting and paying over such Assessments, Taxes or Rates, under the Provisions of the said recited Act.

Extra Parochial and other Places, though not deemed rateable to the Relief of the Poor, subject to be rated to the County Rate.

11. And Whereas Doubts have arisen and may arise, touching the Boundaries of Counties, Ridings and Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, and touching the Jurisdictions of Justices of the Peace in relation thereto, under the Provisions of the said recited Act; and it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed, and that Boundaries should be ascertained in all such cases, for the Purposes of carrying the said recited Act into Execution; Be it therefore enacted, That the Justices of the Peace of Counties and Ridings, and Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, in that Part of Great Britain called England, assembled at their several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, shall be and they are hereby authorized and required, in any case in which any Question or Doubt does or shall exist, or shall have arisen, or may in the Judgment of the said Justices be likely to arise, as concerning any Boundary between any Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of any County, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which they respectively act as such Justices, to nominate and appoint Two Justices of the Peace of each such County, Riding, Division or Parts of any County, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, between which the Boundary is required to be ascertained, for the Purpose of fixing and determining such Boundary, and the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks and other proper Officer of the several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace at which such Justices shall be appointed shall forthwith give Notice to each other, and to such Justices of such Appointment; and the Justices so appointed shall in every such case, as soon as may be after their Appointment, meet and proceed to ascertain the Boundary, upon such Evidence as can be obtained by them, or as they shall deem necessary for that Purpose, either by Examination of Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath any One of the said Justices is hereby empowered to administer) or of any Maps, Plans, Surveys or any other Records or Documents, or in such other manner as they the said Justices so appointed shall think requisite; and

Justices in General or Quarter Sessions, to appoint Justices to fix and determine Boundaries, between Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction.

Justices, &c.
may enter
Lands, Summon
Witnesses, &c.

Impose Penal-
ties.

What deemed
Boundaries.

Appointment of
new Justices.

In case of Dif-
ference between
Justices, a Re-

and it shall be lawful for such Justices, or for any Persons authorized under the Hand of any Three or more of such Justices, to enter upon any Lands, Grounds or Premises, for the Purpose of examining the same, or making any Measurement, Maps or Plans thereof, for the Purposes aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the said Justices to summon any Witnesses to be examined in that Behalf, and to impose any Penalty or Forfeiture not exceeding Ten Pounds upon any Witness who shall, without reasonable Excuse, refuse or neglect to attend to be examined upon any such Summons, which Penalty or Forfeiture may be recovered as any Penalty or Forfeiture may be recovered under any of the Provisions of the said recited Act; and such Justices shall thereupon fix, ascertain and determine the Boundary so referred to them to be ascertained, and shall cause the Boundary so fixed and determined to be laid down on Two Maps or Plans, to be signed by the said Justices so appointed as aforesaid, which shall be deposited with the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officer, for the Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, between which such Boundary shall be so fixed and determined, and which Maps and Plans shall be kept amongst the Records of their respective Sessions, and shall be received as Evidence of such Boundaries; and such Boundaries, so fixed and determined, shall be and be deemed the Boundaries between the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which the same shall have been so ascertained, for all the Purposes of this and of the said recited Act, and the carrying the Provisions thereof respectively into Execution; any thing contained in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to such Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of such Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any of the Four Justices so appointed as aforesaid, or who shall be appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall, before the Execution of all the Powers and Authorities hereby in them respectively vested, die, decline or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting, the Justices of the Peace of Counties, Ridings, Divisions and Parts of Counties, and other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, assembled at their several and respective General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or at any Adjournment thereof, from which such Justice so appointed or to be appointed shall die, decline, refuse to act or become incapable of acting, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to appoint another Justice in the room of him so dying, declining, refusing to act, or becoming incapable of acting as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as any Justice so to be appointed as last aforesaid shall die, decline or refuse to act, or become incapable of acting; and every Justice to be appointed as aforesaid shall have the like Power and Authority as the Justice in whose Place he shall be appointed was invested with by virtue of this Act; and that Notice shall be given by the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officer, to such Justice of his Appointment, in manner hereinbefore directed.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if it shall happen that the Justices so appointed to fix, ascertain and determine the Boundaries as aforesaid, shall disagree in opinion touching

the Boundary between any County, Riding, Division or Parts of any County, or other Place of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, so referred to them under and by virtue of this or the said recited Act, and here shall be an Equality of Votes, so that the said Justices cannot make any Determination thereon, then and in such case the said Justices, or the major Part of them, shall forthwith appoint under their Hands such Person as they may think proper to act as Referee, which Person so appointed as Referee shall, within Twenty one Days from the Receipt of such Appointment, fix a time and Place to meet such Justices; and at such Meeting the said Person so to be appointed as Referee as aforesaid shall, together with the said Justices to whom any Boundary shall be referred to be ascertained as aforesaid, proceed to fix, ascertain and determine the Boundary about which such Disagreement shall take place amongst them the said Justices, in such and the same manner and with such and the like Powers in all Respects as hereinbefore expressed, and that the Determination and Decision of the said Justices, and of the Person whom they shall appoint as Referee as aforesaid, or of the major Part of them, shall be for ever binding and conclusive; and that the said Justices, and the Person whom they shall appoint as Referee as aforesaid, or the major Part of them, shall cause the Boundary so fixed and determined to be laid down on Two Maps or Plans, to be signed by the said Justices and the Person so appointed as Referee as aforesaid, or by the major Part of them, which shall be deposited with the Clerks of the Peace, Town Clerks or other proper Officer, as hereinbefore directed, and kept amongst the Records of their respective Sessions, and shall be received as Evidence of such Boundaries; and such Boundaries so fixed and determined shall be and be deemed the Boundaries between the respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, for which the same shall have been so ascertained for all the Purposes of this and of the said recited Act, and the carrying the Provisions thereof respectively into Execution, any thing contained in any other Act or Acts of Parliament, relating to such Counties, Ridings, Divisions or Parts of such Counties, or other Places of distinct and separate Jurisdiction, or any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in all cases in which any Appeal or Appeals shall be made under the said recited Act, to any Rate or Assessment made in pursuance thereof, or of this Act, the same shall be made to the next General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, after the Cause of Appeal shall have arisen, and that Fourteen clear Days' Notice in Writing shall be given of the Intention to try such Appeal previous to such General or Quarter Sessions, and that notwithstanding such Appeal or Notice thereof, the Rate or Rates made upon any Parish, Township or Place (whether Extra Parochial or otherwise) under the said recited Act and this Act, shall be paid, and shall and may be levied, recovered and received, in the same manner as if no Appeal had been made or Notice given thereof; and that if upon the hearing of any such Appeal or Appeals, the Court of General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace shall order any Rate or Assessment to be decreased or lowered, and it shall appear to the said Court that any Parish, Township or Place have or hath previously to the hearing such Appeal or Appeals paid

Appeals how
proceeded in.

paid any Sum or Sums of Money in consequence of such Rates Assessments, which ought not to have been paid or charged there then and in every such case the said Court shall order all and every such Sum and Sums of Money to be repaid and returned to the Person or Persons, Parish, Township or Place, having paid the same respectively.

Act not to determine Question of Boundary.

VI. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, or any Proceedings under the same, shall extend or be construed to extend, to determine any Question of Boundary for any Purpose, except for the Purpose of assessing, collecting and levying Rates, according to the Provisions of this Act, and of the said recited Act.

Stat. 55 G. 3. c. 51. extended to Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Clauses and Regulations contained in the said recited Act, shall be deemed and taken to apply to this Act, as if the same were severally and respectively repeated and reenacted in this Act; and this Act and the said recited Act shall be construed as one Act.

C A P. L.

An Act to regulate the Sale of Farming Stock taken in Execution. [20th June 1816]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Execution of legal Process should be so regulated, as to be consistent with good Husbandry, and the Effect and Intent of Covenants and Agreements entered into between the Owners and Occupiers of Lands let to farm; Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Sheriff or other Officer in *England* or *Wales*, shall by virtue of any Process of any Court of Law, carry off or sell or dispose of for the Purpose of being carried off from any Lands let to farm, any Straw threshed or unthreshed, or any Straw of Crop growing, or any Chaff, Colder or any Turnips, or any Manure, Compost, Alhes or Seaweed, in any case whatsoever; nor any Hay, Grass or Grasses, whether natural or artificial, nor any Tares or Vetches nor any Roots or Vegetables, being Produce of such Lands, in any case where, according to any Covenant or written Agreement, entered into and made for the Benefit of the Owner or Landlord of any Farm, such Hay, Grass, or Grasses, Tares and Vetches, Roots or Vegetables, ought not to be taken off or withholden from such Lands, or which by the Tenor or Effect of such Covenants or Agreements, ought to be used or expended thereon, and of which Covenants or Agreements, such Sheriff or other Officer shall have received a written Notice before he shall have proceeded to Sale.

No Sheriff or other Officer shall sell or carry off from any Lands any Straw, Chaff or Turnips, in any case, nor any Hay or other Produce contrary to the Covenant.

Tenant to give Notice of Existence of Covenants;

II. And be it further enacted, That the Tenant or Occupier of any Lands let to farm, against whose Goods any Process of Law shall issue, whereby such Goods may be taken and sold, shall, on having Knowledge of such Process, give a written Notice to the Sheriff or other Officer executing the same, of such Covenants or Agreements whereof he or she shall have Knowledge, and which may relate to the regulate, or are intended to regulate the Use and Expenditure of the Crops or Produce grown or growing thereon, and also of the Nature

and Residence of the Owner or Landlord of such Lands; and such Sheriff or other Officer shall forthwith, on executing such Process, and before any Sale shall have been proceeded in, send a Notice by the General Post to the Owner or Landlord of such Lands, in all cases where such Owner or Landlord shall be resident in any Part of this United Kingdom, and shall have been made known to and ascertained by such Sheriff or other Officer, and also to the known Steward or Agent of such Landlord or Owner, in respect of such Lands, stating to such Owner, Landlord and Agent, the Fact of Possession having been taken of any Crops or Produce hereinbefore mentioned; and such Sheriff or other Officer shall, in all cases of the Absence or Silence of such Landlord or Owner, or his or her Agent, postpone and delay the Sale of such Crops or Produce until the latest Day he lawfully can or may appoint for such Sale.

and Sheriff to give Notice to Owner or Landlord.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer executing such Process may dispose of any Crops or Produce hereinbefore mentioned, to any Person or Persons who shall agree in Writing with such Sheriff or other Officer, in cases where no Covenant or written Agreement shall be shewn, to use and expend the same on such Lands, in such manner as shall accord with the Custom of the Country; and in cases where any Covenant or written Agreement shall be shewn, then according to such Covenant or written Agreement; and after such Sale or Disposal so qualified, it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons to use all such necessary Barns, Stables, Buildings, Outhouses, Yards and Fields, for the Purpose of consuming such Crops or Produce, as such Sheriff or other Officer shall allot or assign to them for that Purpose, and which such Tenant or Occupier would have been entitled to and ought to have used for the like Purpose on such Lands.

Sheriff may dispose of Produce subject to an Agreement to expend it on the Land.

IV. And be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer shall, on the Request of any Landlord or Owner who shall be aggrieved by any Breach of such Agreement, permit such Landlord or Owner to bring any Action or Actions in the Name of such Sheriff or other Officer, for the Recovery of Damages in respect of such Breach, such Landlord or Owner having nevertheless fully indemnified such Sheriff or other Officer against all Costs whatsoever, and all Loss and Damage, before any such Action shall be commenced.

Sheriff to permit Landlord or Owner to bring Action in his Name.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Sheriff or other Officer shall, before any Sale of any Crops or Produce of any Lands let to farm shall be proceeded in, make, by all Ways and Means, due Enquiry within the Parish where such Lands shall be situate, as to the Name and Residence of the Landlord or Owner of such Lands.

Sheriff to enquire as to Name and Residence of Landlord.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Crop or Produce hereinbefore mentioned shall have entered into any Agreement with such Sheriff or other Officer, touching the Use and Expenditure thereof on Lands let to farm, it shall not be lawful for the Owner or Landlord of such Lands to distrain for any Rent on any Corn, Hay, Straw or other Produce thereof, which, at the time of such Sale and the Execution of such Agreement entered into under the Provisions of this Act, shall have been severed from the Soil, and sold, subject to such Agreement, by such Sheriff or other Officer; nor on any Turnips, whether drawn or growing, if sold according to the Provisions of this Act; nor on any Horses, Sheep or other Cattle, nor on any Beast whatsoever, nor

Landlords not to distrain for Rent on Purchasers of Crops severed from the Soil, or other things sold subject to Agreement.

on any Waggon, Carts or other Implements of Husbandry, which any Person or Persons shall employ, keep or use on such Lands, for the Purpose of threshing out, carrying or consuming any such Corn, Hay, Straw, Turnips or other Produce, under the Provisions of the Act, and the Agreement or Agreements directed to be entered into between the Sheriff or other Officer, and the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Crops and Produce, as hereinbefore are mentioned.

Sheriff not to sell Clover, &c. growing with Corn.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff or other Officer shall, by virtue of any Process whatsoever, sell or dispose of any Clover, Ryegrass or any artificial Grass or Grasses whatsoever, which shall be newly sown, and be growing under any Crop of standing Corn.

Proviso for Contracts.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall not extend to any Straw, Turnips or other Articles, which the Tenant may remove from the Farm consistently with some Contract in Writing.

Sheriff not liable for Damages, unless for wilful Omission.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Action shall be brought against such Sheriff or other Officer, for any Breach of or Omission of Compliance with the Provisions of this Act, no Plaintiff shall be entitled to recover any Damages against such Sheriff or other Officer, unless it shall be proved on the Trial of such Action, that such Breach or Omission was wilful on the Part of such Sheriff or other Officer.

Indemnity to Sheriff and others acting under Provisions of Act.

X. And be it further enacted, That no Sheriff or Under Sheriff, nor any or either of their Deputies, Agents, Bailiffs or Servants, nor any Person or Persons who shall purchase any Hay, Straw, Chaff, Turnips, Grass or Grasses, or other Produce and things hereinbefore mentioned, under the Provisions of this Act, nor his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall be deemed or taken to be a Trespasser by reason of his, her or their coming upon or remaining in Possession of any Barns or other Buildings, Yards or Fields, for the Purpose of threshing out or consuming any Straw, Hay, Turnips or other Produce hereinbefore mentioned, under the Provisions of this Act, or for doing any matter or thing whatsoever, fit and necessary to be done for the Purpose of executing the same, and carrying into Effect all Stipulations contained in any Agreement made under such Provisions, though such Acts shall have been done by such Sheriff or other Officer, and by such Person or Persons, his, her or their Servants, after the Return of the Process under which such Sheriff or other Officer shall have acted.

Assignee of Bankrupt, &c. not to take Crop in any other way than Bankrupt would have been entitled to do.

XI. And be it further enacted, That no Assignee of any Bankrupt, or of any Insolvent Debtor's Estate, nor any Assignee under any Bill of Sale, nor any Purchaser of the Goods, Chattels, Stock or Crop of any Person or Persons engaged or employed in Husbandry, on any Lands let to farm, shall take, use or dispose of any Hay, Straw, Grass or Grasses, Turnips or other Roots, or any other Produce of such Lands, or any Manure, Compost, Ashes, Seaweed or other Dressings intended for such Lands, and being thereon, in any other manner, and for any other Purpose, than such Bankrupt, Insolvent Debtor, or other Person so employed in Husbandry, ought to have taken, used or disposed of the same, if no Commission of Bankruptcy had issued, or no such Assignment or Assignments had been executed, or Sale made.

C A P. LI.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America.* [20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to carry into Effect a Convention of Commerce concluded between His Majesty and the United States of America:* And Whereas the said Act does not contain any Provision for permitting Vessels of the said United States of America to clear out from the Ports of the United Kingdom to any of the British Settlements in the *East Indies*: And Whereas it is expedient that Vessels built in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the said Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprizal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by a Subject or Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, should be allowed to clear out from any Part of the United Kingdom for the principal Settlements of the *British* Dominions in the *East Indies*, *videlicet*, *Calcutta*, *Madras*, *Bombay*, and *Prince of Wales's Island*, with any Articles which may legally be exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in *British* built Ships; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, all Vessels built in the Countries belonging to the United States of America, or any of them, or taken by any of the Ships or Vessels of War belonging to the said Government, or any of the Inhabitants of the said States, having Commissions or Letters of Marque and Reprizal from the Government of the said States, and condemned as lawful Prize in any Court of Admiralty there, such Ship or Vessel being owned by a Subject or Subjects of the said States, or any of them, and whereof the Master and Three fourths of the Mariners are also Subjects of the said States, shall be allowed to clear out from any Part of the United Kingdom for the following principal Settlements of the *British* Dominions in the *East Indies*, *videlicet*, *Calcutta*, *Madras*, *Bombay*, and *Prince of Wales's Island*, with any Goods, Wares or Merchandize which may be legally exported from the United Kingdom to the said Settlements in *British* built Vessels, subject to the like Rules and Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as are now by Law imposed upon the Exportation of such Goods to the said Settlements in *British* built Ships; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Vessels built in the United States, &c. may clear out from any Port in this Kingdom to the East Indies.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force so long as the Convention between His Majesty and the United States of America shall continue in force. Continuance of Act.

C A P. LII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange their Parsonage Houses or Glebe Lands, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. [20th June 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 147.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for enabling Spiritual Persons to exchange the Parsonage or Glebe Houses or Glebe Lands belonging to their Benefices for others of greater Value or more conveniently situated for their Residence and Occupation, and for annexing such Houses and Lands so taken in Exchange to such Benefices as Parsonage or Glebe Houses and Glebe Lands, and for purchasing and annexing Lands to become Glebe in certain cases; and for other Purposes*: And Whereas it is expedient to authorize the Incumbents of Benefices, Perpetual Curacies, and Parochial Chapeltries to apply the Monies arising from the Sale of any Timber cut from the Glebe or other Lands of their respective Benefices, Perpetual Curacies, or Parochial Chapeltries, towards the Purposes of the said recited Act: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Incumbent of any Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, with the Consent of the Patron of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, and of the Bishop of the Diocese wherein the same is locally situate, or of the Archbishop or Bishop to whom the Peculiar wherein such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry is situate shall belong, (such Consent to be signified in manner as in the said recited Act is mentioned,) to pay and apply the Monies to arise by Sale of any Timber cut and sold from the Glebe Lands of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, or from any other Land, whether Copyhold, holden under any Manor of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, or otherwise, the Timber whereof belongs to such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, either for Equality of Exchange, or towards and in Part of Equality of Exchange, or for the Price or Purchase Money, or towards and in Part of the Price or Purchase Money of any House, Outbuildings, Yards, Gardens and Appurtenances, or any Lands, or any or either of them, by the said recited Act authorized to be taken in Exchange or to be purchased, and from and after such Exchange or Purchase to be annexed to and to be and become the Parsonage and Glebe House and Glebe Lands and Premises of such Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapeltry, as in the said recited Act is mentioned.

Incumbent with Consent of Patron and Bishop may apply Money arising from Sale of Timber for or towards Exchange or Purchase of Parsonage House or Glebe Lands.

55 G. 3. c. 147. § 16.

II. And Whereas it is by the said recited Act enacted, that the Bishop shall in cases of Exchange and Purchase under the said Act issue a Commission of Inquiry for the Purposes therein mentioned, to be directed to such Persons as are therein described, and of whom One shall be a Barrister of Three Years' Standing at the least, to be named by the Senior Judge of *Nisi Prius* for the County in which

• which the Benefice, Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry,
 • whereto it shall be proposed to annex any Buildings or Land by
 • Exchange or Purchase under the said Act shall be situate; but in-
 • asmuch as the Nomination of such Barrister by a Judge of *Nisi*
 • *Prius* is not applicable to the County Palatine of *Chester* nor to
 • the Principality of *Wales*;' Be it therefore enacted, That where
 any Exchange or Purchase shall be made or be proposed to be made
 under the Authority of the said Act in any Benefice, Perpetual Cu-
 racy or Parochial Chapelry, situate within the said County Palatine
 of *Chester*, or within the said Principality of *Wales*, such Barrister
 shall be named by the Chief Justice for the time being of the said
 County Palatine of *Chester* or by the Justice, or, in case of his Ab-
 sence, the other Justice of the Great Sessions for those Counties within
 the said Principality of *Wales*, within which said County Palatine or
 respective Counties of the said Principality of *Wales* the said Benefice,
 Perpetual Curacy or Parochial Chapelry, shall be situate.

Barrister directed
 by recited
 Act to be
 named by Jus-
 tices of *Nisi*
Prius to be
 named in *Ches-*
ter and *Wales*
 by the Chief
 Justice, &c.
 there.

C A P. LIII.

An Act to amend and render more effectual Three several Acts
 passed in the Forty eighth, Forty ninth, and Fifty second Years
 of His present Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for
 the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities.

[20th June 1816.]

• **WHEREAS** an Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of the
 • Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for enabling*
 • *the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant*
 • *Life Annuities*: And Whereas another Act passed in the Forty
 • ninth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act*
 • *passed in the last Session of Parliament, for enabling the Commissioners*
 • *for the Reduction of the National Debt to grant Life Annuities*:
 • And Whereas another Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the
 • Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for amending Two*
 • *Acts passed in the Forty eighth and Forty ninth Years of His present*
 • *Majesty, for enabling the Commissioners for the Reduction of the Na-*
 • *tional Debt to grant Life Annuities*: And Whereas it is expedient
 • that the said Acts should be amended, and further Provisions made
 • for rendering the same more effectual: Be it therefore enacted by
 The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
 Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That
 it shall be lawful for the Commissioners under the said recited Acts,
 and they are hereby empowered to accept and receive the Transfer
 of any Amount not less than Four Pounds *per Annum* (nor any Frac-
 tional Parts of a Pound) of Annuity, commonly distinguished and
 known by the Name of Long Annuity, in lieu and instead of Three
 Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, as the
 Consideration for the Purchase of Life Annuities, under the Provi-
 sions, Limitations and Restrictions in the said recited Acts contained;
 and the Amount of Long Annuity to be accepted and taken in lieu
 and instead of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced
 Bank Annuities, for any Life Annuity or Annuities, shall be ascer-
 tained and regulated by such Prices and Proportions of Long An-
 nuities to be accepted in lieu of Three Pounds *per Centum* Annuities,

48 G. 3. c. 142.

49 G. 3. c. 64.

52 G. 3. c. 129.

Commissioners
 may accept
 Long Annuities
 instead of 3l. per
 Cents, as the
 Consideration of
 Life Annuities.

as shall be published in the *London Gazette* by the said Commissioners provided that such Amount, and any Change thereof, from time to time shall be published by such Commissioners in the *London Gazette* from time to time, when and so often as they shall deem it expedient and fit.

Certificates of Lives of Nominees abroad, required.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person who shall have been named as a Nominee, on the Continuance of whose Life an Annuity under the said recited Act is to depend, shall, after his or her Nomination, become resident in any Kingdom or State in *Europe* in Amity with His Majesty, or if he or she shall become resident in any other Kingdom, State or Place beyond the Seas, then and in every such case, a Certificate that such Nominee was living on the Day specified therein (being some Day after any Annuity depending upon his or her Life shall have become due) granted under the Hand and Seal of the Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place, or any other Magistrate acting at the time as such, or for and in the Place of any such Chief Magistrate, where such Nominee may be then living, shall be deemed sufficient and effectual for proving the Continuance of the Life of such Nominee, under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, and for the Purpose of enabling the Person entitled to the Annuity dependant upon the Life of such Nominee to receive the same; provided no *British* Minister or Consul, or Governor or Person acting as such, shall be resident in such City, Town or Place, although a *British* Minister or Consul, or Governor or Person acting as such, may be resident in the Kingdom, State or Settlement wherein such Nominee shall be then living, any thing in the said Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Proviso.

Identity to be verified by Affidavit or Affirmation.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That to every such Certificate as aforesaid there shall be annexed an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation, made before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrate in *England* or *Scotland* respectively, or if in *Ireland* before One of the Barons of the Exchequer there, by the Person or Persons entitled to the said Annuity, or by the Person applying to receive the same on his, her or their Behalf, that the Matters contained in such Certificate are, to the best of his or her Belief, true; and that the Person described or certified therein is the Nominee or One of the Nominees on whose Life or Lives the Annuity whereof such Half yearly or other Payment shall be claimed doth depend.

IV. And Whereas Persons who have purchased Annuities under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, upon the Life or Lives of Nominees, may purchase further Annuities on the same Life or Lives, without new Certificates; and it may tend to facilitate the granting Life Annuities under the said Act, if other Persons were also allowed to purchase Annuities upon any such Life or Lives, without new Certificates; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons, upon transferring or causing to be transferred to the said Commissioners either Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, or Long Annuities, to purchase any Annuity, or Annuity on the Life of any One Nominee, or on the Lives of any two Nominees, and the Life of the longer Liver of them, whose Age shall have been already certified and verified under the Provisions of the said recited Acts, without any View, or additional Certificate or Certificates of the Age or Ages of such Nominee or Nominees: Provided always, that in every such case an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation

Any Persons may purchase Annuities on Lives of Nominees already certified without fresh Certificates.

Proviso.

Affirmation as to the Identity of such Nominee or Nominees, shall be made by the Purchaser of the Annuity or Annuities, or by some Person on his or her Behalf, before such and the like Persons as are specified and required in and by the said first recited Act, in cases wherein Copies of the Birth or Baptism of any Nominee or Nominees is or are required to be produced under the Provision of the said Act, any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, in any case in which any Long Annuity shall be accepted and taken as the Consideration for any Life Annuity or Annuities, in lieu and instead of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, to use for the Purpose of carrying the said Acts into Execution the Forms of Declarations and Certificates in the Schedule to the First recited Acts annexed, with such Alterations and Variations as may be necessary to adapt such Forms to the nature of the case, and the Acceptance of Long Annuity as the Considerations instead and in lieu of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, any thing in the said recited Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners may adapt Forms in Schedule to First Act and to cases of Long Annuities being taken as Consideration.

C A P. LIV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Thirteen Millions by Exchequer Bills, for the Service of *Great Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

[20th June 1816.]

“ TREASURY may raise 13,000,000l. by Exchequer Bills, in
 “ manner prescribed by 48 G. 3. c. 1. — § 1. Stat. 48 G. 3. c. 1.
 “ extended to this Act, § 2. Treasury to apply the Money raised,
 “ § 3. Principal of said Bills charged on First Supplies of next
 “ Session, § 4. Interest not exceeding 3½ *per Cent. per Diem*, § 5.
 “ Exchequer Bills may be taken in Payment of the Revenue, after
 “ April 5, 1817, § 6. Bank empowered to advance 9,000,000l. on
 “ Credit of Act notwithstanding 5 & 6 W. & M. c. 20. — § 7.
 “ Act may be altered, amended or repealed this Session, § 8.

C A P. LV.

An Act to amend an Act of the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds for promoting Inland Navigation, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; and to enlarge the Powers vested in the Directors of all Works relating to Inland Navigation in *Ireland*.

[20th June 1816.]

“ WHEREAS by an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*,
 “ in the Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty,
 “ intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Five*
 “ *hundred thousand Pounds, for promoting Inland Navigation in Ire-*
 “ *land, and for the other Purposes therein mentioned, and for autho-*
 “ *rising the raising of the said Sum by Loan, it is amongst other*
 “ *things enacted, that it should and might be lawful for the Lord*
 “ *Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, for*
 “ *the*

40 G. 3. c. 51.

' the time being, from time to time to nominate and appoint Five
 ' Persons to be Directors of all Works relating to Inland Naviga-
 ' tion in *Ireland*, and for the Improvement of the Port and Har-
 ' bour of *Dublin*, who should have full Power and Authority to
 ' order, direct, regulate and appoint all matters and things what-
 ' soever, in any manner relating to the making, furthering and com-
 ' pleting any Canal and Works relating to Inland Navigation, to-
 ' wards the defraying of the Expences of which any public Money
 ' should be applied; and it was by the said recited Act also enacted,
 ' that all such Inland Navigations as had been, before the passing of
 ' said Act, carried on and executed by means of public Grants
 ' alone, or by Tolls arising therefrom, without the Assistance of the
 ' private Property of any Individual, and such as should thereafter
 ' be so carried on, together with all Lands, Tenements, Banks,
 ' Backways and every matter and thing appertaining thereto, and
 ' all the Funds and Tolls belonging to the same, should be, and the
 ' same were thereby vested in the said Directors, and in such Person
 ' and Persons as should successively be appointed Directors in pur-
 ' suance of the said Act: And Whereas several Inland Navigations
 ' have, by virtue of the said recited Act, and otherwise, become
 ' vested in the Directors appointed under and by virtue of the said
 ' recited Act: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said recited
 ' Act, and to enlarge the Powers vested in the said Directors, under
 ' and by virtue of the said Act, and the several other Acts of Par-
 ' liament in *Ireland* relating to Inland Navigation; Be it therefore
 ' enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 ' Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Com-
 ' mons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of
 ' the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors,
 ' and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time,
 ' and at any Place, to make such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye
 ' Laws, as to them shall seem meet and proper, for regulating the
 ' Conduct of all Officers, Workmen and Servants to be employed
 ' by them, and for the well and orderly using and preserving the several
 ' Canals and Navigations and Off Branches thereof, which now are or
 ' at any time hereafter shall be vested in them, and the Banks, Basons,
 ' Reservoirs, Tunnels, Locks, Sluices, Aqueducts and all other Works
 ' thereto belonging, and for regulating the passing and repassing of all
 ' Ships, Boats, Barges, Lighters and other Vessels, and the conveying
 ' of all Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities which shall be
 ' navigated or conveyed thereon, and for the orderly Behaviour of all
 ' Seamen, Boatmen, Watermen, Bargemen and others, who shall navi-
 ' gate such Ships, Boats, Barges, Lighters and other Vessels, upon
 ' any of the said Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch thereof,
 ' or who shall be employed in carrying or conveying any Goods,
 ' Wares, Merchandizes or Commodities thereon, and for the Super-
 ' intendance and Management of the said Canals and Navigations, and
 ' the Off Branches thereof respectively, in all other Respects whatso-
 ' ever; and from time to time, and at any Place, to alter or repeal ail
 ' or any of the Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws now in
 ' force, or to be hereafter made respecting the same, or any of them,
 ' and to make others; and to impose and inflict such reasonable Fines
 ' and Forfeitures upon all Persons offending against such Rules, Or-
 ' ders, Regulations and Bye Laws, or any of them, not exceeding the

Directors em-
 powered to make
 Bye Laws for
 regulating Navi-
 gation and the
 Passage of Vef-
 sels thereon, &c.

Power to alter
 or repeal Bye
 Laws;
 and to inflict
 Fines.

the Sum of Five Pounds for any one Offence, as to the said Directors shall seem meet and expedient; and all Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws, so to be made as aforesaid, shall be reduced into Writing, and shall be submitted for the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being; and when such Approbation shall be signified, all such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws shall be entered in the Books or Minutes of the said Directors, and shall be binding on, and be observed by all Persons using or in anywise concerned or employed in or about the said Canals or Navigations, or any of them, or any Off Branch of any of them; and shall be sufficient in any Court of Law or Equity to justify all Persons who shall be under the same: Provided always, that such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws be not contrary to the Laws of that Part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland called Ireland; and provided also, that such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Bye Laws shall be published at least Three times in the *Dublin Gazette*, and also in some Country Newspaper respectively, if any such Country Newspaper shall be published in any County or Town through which such Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch or Part thereof, shall have been made or carried; and if no Newspaper be published in any County through which the said Canals or Navigations, or any Off Branch or Part thereof, shall have been made or carried, then the same shall be published in the *Dublin Gazette* alone as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Nuisance or Impediment to any Navigation, or any other Offence against or Breach of any Rule, Order, Regulation or Bye Law, made or to be made as aforesaid, shall be continued, or shall not be abated, removed or discontinued after Notice in Writing signed by the said Directors, or by any of their Officers, shall have been served on or left at the usual Place or Places of Abode of the Person or Persons so continuing such Nuisance, Impediment, Offence or Breach, requiring him, her or them to discontinue the same, every such Continuation shall be deemed and taken to be a separate and distinct Offence within the meaning of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors to impose and inflict a Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture for each and every such Continuation.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Penalty or Penalties, Fine or Fines, Forfeiture or Forfeitures, shall be incurred by reason of any Offence or Breach of any Rule, Order or Regulation of the said Directors, or by reason of any Bye Law to be made by the said Directors, under and by virtue of the Powers by this Act vested in them for that Purpose, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, their Officers and Servants, or any of them, to seize, detain and withhold, by way of Distress, any Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, and any Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities in the Possession or under the Care or Management of the Person or Persons incurring such Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture; and if such Distress shall not be redeemed, by paying every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, together with the reasonable and necessary Charges for such distraining, within Sixteen Days after the taking thereof, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County in which

Bye Laws, approved by the Lord Lieutenant, a sufficient Justification to all Persons acting thereunder.

Bye Laws not to be contrary to Laws of the Land.

Published in Dublin Gazette and Country Newspaper.

A Continuance of any Offence against Bye Laws constitutes a Second Offence.

Penalty.

Power to seize and detain Vessels for Payment of Fines and Expences of Distress.

If Distress not redeemed within 16 Days, Two Justices of the Peace may issue Warrant for Sale thereof;

which such Distress shall be made, and they are hereby required, on Information on Oath being made before them of the Detention of such Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Commodities, and of the Imposition of such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture as aforesaid, and that the same had not been redeemed as aforesaid, to issue their Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to some High or Petty Constable of the said County, to levy the Amount of every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, by Sale of the said Distress; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Constable to sell the said Distress, or a sufficient Part thereof, for Satisfaction and Payment of every such Penalty, Fine and Forfeiture, and of the Charges of such Distress and Sale, paying the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners, or Person or Persons having the Care or Management of the Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, or of the Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities so distrained, and restoring to the said Owner or Owners, Person or Persons aforesaid, such Parts of the Property distrained as shall remain unfold (if any); and that no Replevin shall lie, or be granted or executed against such Distress; and the absolute Property of every Thing so sold shall be and remain in the Purchaser thereof.

or a sufficient Part, to satisfy Penalty and Charges.

Overplus (if any) to Owner.

No Replevin.

All Floats, Rafts, or Timber put on Navigations without Permission of Directors, or not being on board Boat, Lighter, &c. forfeited to Use of Directors.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Person or Persons shall, on any Pretence whatsoever, float, navigate or put any Raft of Timber, Planks, Board or Boards, or any Log or Logs of Timber, or Beam or Beams, Plank or Planks, or Board or Boards, not being on board a Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, in or upon any Canal or Navigation, now vested or which shall hereafter be vested in the said Directors, or any Off Branch thereof, without the Permission of the said Directors for that Purpose first had and obtained in Writing; and that every Raft, Log or Piece of Timber, Plank, Beam and Board, which shall at any time hereafter be floated, navigated or put in or upon any such Canal or Navigation, or any Off Branch thereof, not being on board a Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, without such Permission as aforesaid, shall be forfeited and become the Property of the said Directors General, to be by them applied or disposed of for the Use of such Navigation; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors and their Servants to seize and take the same to and for the Use of the said Directors, to be applied or disposed of as aforesaid.

Seizure.

Ships, Boats or Vessels found sunk or damaging the Work of Navigations detained,

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel shall in any manner damage, injure or destroy any Part of any Canal or Navigation, or Off Branch thereof, or be found sunk in any Canal or Navigation now vested, or which at any time hereafter shall be vested in the said Directors, or in any Off Branch or Supply Cut of the same, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, and their Officers and Servants, to detain every such Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge and Vessel, and to keep and detain the same, and all Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities found on board the same, until the reasonable Costs and Expences of weighing and raising the same respectively, and of repairing the Damage which the said Canal or Navigation, or Off Branch or Supply Cut, may have sustained thereby, shall be paid and satisfied to the Collector of Tolls to the said Directors; and in case

until Expences of raising, &c. and repairing Damages paid;

any

any Dispute or Difference shall arise touching the Amount of the said Costs and Expences, then until such Sum of Money as any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County in which the said Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel shall be detained, shall, under his Hand and Seal, award and adjudge to be paid for such Costs and Expences, shall be paid and satisfied to the said Collector.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Commodities so detained as aforesaid, shall not be claimed by or on behalf of the Owner or Owners thereof, or in case the Costs and Expences aforesaid shall not be paid as aforesaid, within Twenty one Days after the said Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel shall be detained as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, and he is hereby required, on Information on Oath made before him, that such Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities, have been seized and detained, as aforesaid, and not claimed within the time aforesaid, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, directed to some High or Petty Constable of the said County, to order and require the said Constable to sell the said Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities, by public Cant or Auction, to the highest and best Bidder for the same (which said Sale the said Constable is hereby licensed, authorized, required and empowered to make, without obtaining any Licence as an Auctioneer); and the said Constable shall, out of the Produce of such Sale, pay the aforesaid Costs and Expences to the said Collector of Tolls of the said Directors; and shall pay over the Residue of the said Produce, after deducting the Expences of such Notices and Sale, to the Owner and Owners of the said Ship, Boat, Lighter, Barge or Vessel, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Commodities; or in case such Owner or Owners shall not be known to the said Constable, then to pay over the said Residue to the said Justice of the Peace for the Use of such Owner or Owners.

VII. And Whereas in many Places the Boundaries and Mearings between the Banks of several Canals and Navigations, or the Off Branches thereof, and the adjoining Lands, have, through Lapse of time and the Neglect of the Persons in whom the said Canals and Navigations and Off Branches thereof have been vested, been effaced and destroyed, so as that the same cannot now be traced and ascertained; and it is necessary for the Preservation of the said Canals and Navigations and Off Branches thereof, that the Banks be fenced in and inclosed from the adjoining Lands; Be it therefore declared and enacted, That in all cases where there is no Boundary or Mearing between any Part of the Bank of any Canal or Navigation and Off Branches thereof, and the adjoining Land, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors as to any Canals or Navigations which are or may become vested in them; and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Navigation in Ireland, with respect to such Canals or Navigations respectively as are not or shall not be vested in the said Directors, to fence in and inclose such Part of any such Bank, provided the Breadth of the Bank so fenced in and inclosed shall not exceed Twenty one Feet, from the Edge of the Water of the said Canal

in case of Dispute, until Sum awarded by Justice paid, Vessel detained.

Vessels may be sold, under Warrant of Justice, by a Constable, though not a licensed Auctioneer.

Expences paid out of Produce of Sale. Residue to Owner.

Where no Boundary, Directors may fence in and inclose Banks.

Not to exceed 21 Feet in Breadth.

Canal

Canal or Navigation or Off Branch, including the Ditch or Fence by which the same shall be inclosed as aforesaid.

Directors, Surveyors, Engineers, &c. may enter upon Lands for Purposes of surveying and laying out new Lines of Navigation.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors, and for the Surveyor or Surveyors, Engineer or Engineers of the said Directors, and for any other Person or Persons employed for that Purpose, and their Servants and Attendants, to survey, measure, take Levels, and lay out any Line intended for a new Canal or Navigation, Off Branch or Cut, or for the altering, widening, extending or improving of any existing Canal or Navigation, Off Branch or Cut, or for any Works relating to Inland Navigation; and for that Purpose to enter upon, traverse and pass and repass through and over any Lands or Grounds, and to do all other matters and things necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, without being deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, and without being liable to any Obstruction whatever; provided such Surveyor or Surveyors, Engineer or Engineers, Person or Persons, shall be accompanied by One or more of the said Directors, or shall produce (if demanded) a Certificate in Writing under the Hands of the said Directors, or under the Hand of their Secretary for the time being, that he or they is or are employed by the said Directors for that Purpose.

Swine found on Canal Banks may be seized, killed or carried away, if not under the Care of a Driver, &c.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors, and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Inland Navigation in *Ireland*, whenever they shall deem it expedient or necessary so to do, to issue Orders in Writing under their Hand and Seal to the several Lock Keepers and other Officers of the several Navigations, now vested or hereafter to become vested in them the said Directors, or in any such Company of Undertakers or Proprietors, to seize, kill, or carry away, and it shall and may be lawful for such Lock Keepers and other Officers, when so thereunto ordered, to seize, kill and carry away all Swine found roaming at large on any Part of the Banks of any Canal or Navigation or Off Branch thereof, vested or to be vested in the said Directors, or in any such Company of Undertakers or Proprietors, unless such Swine shall have One or more Driver or Drivers attending on, or Person or Persons in charge of them, who shall be actually driving the same, and who shall prevent them from doing Mischief to or injuring any such Navigation, or unless such Swine shall have Iron Rings or Staples in their Noses.

X. And Whereas the Banks, Locks and other Works as well of the several Canals and Navigations vested in the said Directors as of other Canals and Navigations in *Ireland* have frequently been maliciously, wantonly or intentionally damaged and destroyed; and it has been found very difficult by Means of Rewards or otherwise to discover and bring to Punishment the Persons guilty of such Offences; Be it therefore enacted, That when and as often as any Bank, Gate, Lock, Sluice, Bridge, Dam or other Work belonging to any Canal or Navigation now vested or hereafter to be vested in the said Directors, or belonging to any other Canal or Navigation in *Ireland*, or any Off Branch or Cut of any such Canal or Navigation respectively, shall be maliciously, wantonly or intentionally damaged, injured or destroyed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors with respect to such Canals and Navigations as are or

Power to sue for Damages done to Navigations, to be presented by Grand Juries, and raised off County, Barony or Town, as Grand Juries may think fit.

may be vested in them, and also for all and every Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any other Canal or Inland Navigation in Ireland, with respect to such Canals or Navigations respectively as are not or shall not be vested in the said Directors, to sue for and recover Satisfaction and Amends for the Injury, Loss or Damage so done as aforesaid, at the next Assizes to be held for the County where such Offence was committed, by presenting a Petition to the Grand Jury impanelled and sworn at such Assizes, praying such Satisfaction and Amends, and setting forth the Extent and Amount of the Injury, Loss and Damage done as aforesaid, and proving to the Satisfaction of the said Grand Jury, that such Injuries and Damages were maliciously, wantonly or intentionally done as aforesaid, and the Extent and Amount thereof; and thereupon the said Grand Jury shall, and they are hereby required to present such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be sufficient to repair and make good the Loss, Injury and Damage so done as aforesaid, to be raised either on the County at large or on the Barony or Baronies, Town or Towns in or near to which such Injury or Damage shall have been committed, or any of them, and in such Proportions as they shall think fit; which Sums, so presented as aforesaid, shall be apportioned, levied, and raised, by such Ways and Means, and in such Manner and Form as Money presented at the Assizes shall be apportioned, levied, and raised within such County, pursuant to the Laws now in force, and shall be paid over to the said Directors.

Presentment by
Grand Jury.

How levied.

Notice of Damage to be given within 10 Days to High Constable, &c.

In what case
Petition preferred and
Presentment at
Assizes next but
one.

Traverse where
Sum presented
shall exceed 50l.

Certiorari.
Prosecution delayed by Traverse.
as

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Directors or the Company of Undertakers or Proprietors of any Canal or Navigation not vested in the said Directors, or some Person or Persons on their Behalf respectively, shall within Ten Days next after such Injury and Damage done and committed as aforesaid, give Notice of such Injury and Damage to the High Constable of the Barony, and to the Churchwardens of the Parish where such Fact shall be alleged to have been committed, if such High Constable and Churchwardens shall respectively reside in such Barony and Parish; and if no High Constable or Churchwardens shall reside in such Barony or Parish respectively, then to Two or more Inhabitants of such Barony or Parish: Provided also, that if such Fact shall be committed so near the time of holding the next Assizes, that Notice cannot be given before the First Day of such Assizes, according to the Direction of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors or Company, or Proprietors, as the case may be, to prefer their Petition, and obtain such Presentment at the next ensuing Assizes after such due Notice shall be given as aforesaid.

XII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall find himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any such Presentment, such Person or Persons, in case the Sum presented to be raised shall exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, but not otherwise, shall or may at the said Assizes traverse such Presentment, which Traverse shall be tried at the same or the next ensuing Assizes, as the Judge or Judges who shall allow the same shall think fit; and if on such Traverse, the Issue shall be found for the Traverser, such Presentment shall be discharged, otherwise the same shall be final and conclusive to all Persons: Provided also, that no such Presentment shall at any time be removed by *Certiorari*, nor shall the raising the Money thereby presented be otherwise delayed than by such Traverse

as aforesaid, and that for such time only as shall be necessary for the Trial of such Traverse; nor shall any such Presentment be at any time quashed for any Informality, Imperfection or Defect in Form whatsoever.

Monies presented not levied till after Assizes ensuing those at which Presentment made.

XIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That the Sum or Sums of Money so presented as aforesaid, shall not be raised or levied until after the Assizes next ensuing the Assizes at which the same shall be presented as aforesaid; and that in case the Person or Persons who shall have committed any such Injury or Damage, or any of them, shall be convicted of such Offence, then and in such case no Sum of Money shall be raised or levied in pursuance of any such Presentment; any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Public Bodies and all Individuals, disabled in Law, empowered to sell Grounds to Directors;

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every Body and Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Ecclesiastical Persons, Tenants in Tail, Tenants for Life, Husbands seized in Right of their Wives, Married Women, Guardians, Trustees and Feoffees in Trust, Committees of Lunatics and Insane Persons, Executors and Administrators, and all other Persons whomsoever, not only on Behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on Behalf of those for whom they are Trustees or Guardians, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Married Women or other Person or Persons, and to and for all Married Women who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested, in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or other Interest, and for every Person and Persons who is, are or shall be in any Way seized, possessed of, or interested in any Lands, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, which the said Directors shall at any time think necessary to occupy, use or take in, for the Purpose of making, enlarging, altering, widening or extending any Canal or Navigation, or any Off Branch or Supply Cut, or any Works thereunto belonging, to contract and agree for, sell and convey the same, and every Part thereof, unto the said Directors; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and all Ecclesiastical and other Persons aforesaid, so conveying as aforesaid, are hereby indemnified for such Acts as they shall respectively do in relation to any such Sale which he, she or they, or any of them, shall make by virtue and in pursuance of this Act; and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, and Assurances of any Lands, Houses, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall be made to the said Directors according to the form following; (*videlicet*)

and indemnified for what they shall do in such Sales.

Form of Conveyance.

‘ I A. B. of
 ‘ the Sum of
 ‘ Directors of all Works relating to Inland Navigation in *Ireland*,
 ‘ do hereby grant, convey and dispose of, to the said Directors, all
 ‘ that and those [*here describe the Premises to be conveyed*] as marked
 ‘ and described in the Map or Survey hereunto annexed, and all my
 ‘ Right, Title and Interest in and to the same, and every Part
 ‘ thereof, to hold to the said Directors and their Successors in the
 ‘ same manner as I hold or might have held the same, for ever, by
 ‘ virtue of and according to the true Intent and Meaning of an Act
 ‘ of Parliament passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His
 ‘ present Majesty, intituled [*here insert the Title of this Act.*] In
 ‘ Witness

Witness whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal, this
 Day of _____ in the Year of our
 Lord One thousand eight hundred _____

A memorial of which said Conveyance shall be duly prepared and lodged in the Office for registering Deeds and Wills in the City of Dublin; and such Conveyance shall have Effect and be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if the Person or Persons so conveying had conveyed the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or Premises therein mentioned, by Fine or Common Recovery, or any formal Conveyance thereof, made and executed according to Law, and the same shall pass thereby and be vested accordingly; and that any such Conveyance, executed and registered as aforesaid by any Tenant for Life in Possession of the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises therein mentioned, shall be binding and conclusive against every Person claiming any Estate in the Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments or Premises, in Remainder after such Tenant for Life, as if the Person or Persons so in Remainder had executed the same.

Memorial of Conveyance lodged in Registry Office in Dublin.

Such Conveyance valid, as if a formal Conveyance according to Laws of Ireland.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the said Registry Office shall, from time to time when required, deliver an attested Copy or Copies of such Memorial or Memorials to any Person or Persons requiring the same; which said attested Copy or Copies shall be admitted and received as Evidence in all Courts of Law and Equity in Ireland.

Attested Copy of Memorial of Registry Evidence.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be paid or agreed to be paid for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or used by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or to any Foffeee in Trust, Executor, Administrator, Husband, Guardian, Committee or other Trustee, for or on Behalf of any Infant, Lunatic, Idiot, Feme Covert, or other Cestuique Trust, or to any Person whose Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments are limited in strict or other Settlement, or to any Person under any other Disability or Incapacity whatsoever, such Money shall, in case the same shall amount to the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in Ireland, to be placed to his Account there. "Es parte the Directors of Inland Navigation in Ireland," to the Intent that such Money shall be applied, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way, by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, in Discharge of any Debt or Debts or such other Incumbrances or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid affecting the same Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested, under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court, in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes,

Application of Compensation if amounting to 200l.

In what case laid out in Purchase of Lands, &c.

and in the same manner as the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined, and capable of taking Effect; and in the mean time and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall by Order of the said Court, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of Government Securities; and in the mean time, and until the said Government Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of such Government Securities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court, to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, so directed to be purchased by virtue of this Act, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Until Purchase,
Money invested
in Government
Securities.

Application of
Compensation if
less than 200l.
and equal to and
exceeding 20l.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed or be equal to the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy, Idiocy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in manner hereinbefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid, at the like Option, to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the said Directors of Inland Navigation in *Ireland* (such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties) in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the case may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the Court of Chancery.

Application of
Compensation if
less than 20l.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where such Money so agreed to be paid as next before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act; or in case of Infancy, Idiocy or Lunacy, then such Money shall be paid to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

In case of not
making out
Titles.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons who shall have agreed to receive any Sum or Sums of Money for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments

ments to be purchased by virtue of this Act, shall refuse to accept the same, or shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises to the Satisfaction of the said Directors, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Directors to order such Sum or Sums of Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments [describing them], subject to the Order, Controul and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery; which said Court of Chancery, on the Application of any Person or Persons making Claim to such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered in a summary way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as to the same Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in the Public Funds, and to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Dividends thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of Ireland, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

Purchase
Money paid into
Bank of Ireland,

subject to Order
of the Court of
Chancery on
Motion, &c.

XX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of Ireland, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right, or Interest in any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Government Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Government Securities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said High Court of Chancery; and the Dividends and Interest of such Government Securities, and also the Capital of such Government Securities, shall be paid, applied, and disposed of accordingly; unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

In what cases on
Question touch-
ing Title to
Money to be
paid, the Persons
who shall be in
Possession of the
Lands, &c at
the time of such
Purchase, deem-
ed entitled
thereto accord-
ing to such
Possession.

XXI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation, entitled to any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money for the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied to the Purchase of other Lands,

Court of Chan-
cery may order
Expences of
Purchases to be
paid by Trustees.

Tenements or Hereditaments, to be settled to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expences of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expences as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Directors out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

General Issue.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall be sued or impleaded for or by reason of any thing done under or by virtue of any Powers given by this Act, or under or by virtue of any Rule, Order, Regulation, or Bye Law, made or hereafter to be made by the said Directors as aforesaid, such Person may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence.

C A P. LVI.

An Act to repeal the several Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and also several Acts for the Collection and Management of the said Duties, and to grant new Stamp Duties in lieu thereof; and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties. [20th June 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 78.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof:*

55 G. 3. c. 79.

And Whereas another Act was passed in the said Year, intituled *An Act to regulate the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Law Proceedings, Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors, and Corporate Officers in Ireland:* And Whereas another Act was

55 G. 3. c. 81.

passed in the said Year, intituled *An Act to repeal the several Acts for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties in Ireland, and to make more effectual Regulations for collecting and managing the said Duties in general:* And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts should be repealed, and that other and increased Duties of Stamps should be granted in lieu of the Duties aforesaid, and that the Regulations hereinafter contained should be established for the Collection and Management of all Stamp Duties in *Ireland:* May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, the said recited Acts, and all Duties by the said Acts, or any of them, granted or imposed, and all Allowances in respect of the said Duties, and all Regulations contained in the said Acts for collecting or enforcing of the said Duties, or any of them, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except so far as the said Acts, or any of them, repeal any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or any Clause, matter or thing therein contained; and save as to the raising, recovering, allowing or paying, after the Commencement of this Act, of any Arrears of Duty or Allowances under the said Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament which shall then remain unrepealed; and save as to any

Recited Acts repealed.

except as to the Recovery of Arrears, &c.

Pro-

Proceeding commenced or to be commenced in any Court, Civil or Criminal, or otherwise, against any Person or Persons for any Fine, Penalty, Forfeiture or Punishment for or in respect of any Crime or Offence committed or to be committed, before the Commencement of this Act, against the said Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of Stamp Duties, which, if committed after the Commencement of this Act, would under the Provisions thereof, or of such other Act or Acts as aforesaid, subject the Offender to the same or a greater Fine, Forfeiture, Penalty or Punishment respectively.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in lieu and instead of the Duties and Allowances by this Act repealed, these shall be granted, raised, levied, collected and paid, in *Ireland*, unto his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and in respect of the several Instruments, Articles, matters and things mentioned, enumerated and described in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Sums of Money and Duties as they are respectively inserted, described and set forth in Words and Figures in the said Schedule, and in each and every Part thereof; and that there shall be allowed and paid for or in respect of all such Articles, matters or things as are inserted, enumerated and described in the said Schedule in that Behalf, the several Allowances inserted, described and set forth in the said Schedule; and that no Sum or Sums of Money shall be paid or given in the nature of Discount or Allowance on the Purchase of Stamps, other than such as is and are expressed and directed in the said Schedule, any thing in any former Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding; and that the said Schedule and every Clause, Regulation, matter and thing therein respectively contained, shall be deemed, taken and considered as Part of this Act.

Duties specified in Schedule annexed to be levied, and the Allowances therein described made.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where any Bond, Receipt, Deed or Instrument of any Nature or Kind whatever, is expressly exempted from any Stamp Duty, by any Act or Acts in force at the time of the passing of this Act, and not expressly repealed by this Act or any other Act, every such Bond, Receipt, Deed or Instrument shall remain so exempted, and shall not be charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty in this Act or the Schedule thereto annexed, any thing in this Act or in the said Schedule to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Bonds, &c. now exempted from Stamp Duty to continue so.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Allowances by this Act and the Schedule thereto annexed granted and made payable shall be under the Government, Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland* for the time being; and that the said Duties, and all other Duties which shall from time to time be under the Care of the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland*, shall be denominated and be deemed and taken to be Stamp Duties.

Duties under Management of Commissioners for Stamps.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Duties and Allowances by this Act granted and made payable, and all Stamp Duties which shall be from time to time payable in *Ireland*, and as to which it shall not be expressly otherwise provided, shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in *British* Currency, except only such of the said Duties as are under the Sum of Sixpence, or between the Sum of Sixpence and the Sum of One Shilling; and which said Du-

Duties paid in *British* Currency, except the Sum under 6d. or between 6d. and 1s.

ties shall be paid and payable according to the Amount thereof in *Irisb* Currency: Provided always, that in all cases where any Duties of Stamps, or any Allowances in respect thereof, are directed to be ascertained by the Amount of any Sum referred to in respect whereof such Duties are imposed, such Amount so referred to shall be taken and deemed to be, and shall be computed in *Irisb* Currency.

Duties paid to the Receiver General, and by him into the Exchequer of Ireland.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the several Stamp Duties in *Ireland* shall be paid from time to time by the several Distributors of Stamps in *Ireland* into the Hands of the Receiver General of Stamp Duties for the time being in *Ireland*, and to no other Person whatever, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said Receiver General shall pay the same (the necessary Charges of raising, paying and accounting for the same being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, at such times and in such manner as is or shall be from time to time by Law directed concerning the several Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and all Money so paid into the said Receipt shall be carried to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Accounts of Part of certain Duties on the Admission of Students to Inns of Court, &c. to be kept separate, and paid over to Treasurer.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland* shall cause to be kept a distinct Account of the Sum of Ten Pounds (Part of the Duty of Thirty Pounds, in the said Schedule mentioned, on the Admission of any Student into the Society of King's Inns, and of Thirty Pounds on the Admission of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister in the Inns of Court); and of the Sum of Seven Pounds (Part of the Duty of Fifty Pounds, in the said Schedule mentioned, upon each Part of Indentures binding an Apprentice to an Attorney); and that the Receiver General of Stamp Duties shall pay the same at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland*; and the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or the Commissioners for executing the said Office for the time being, shall cause the said respective Parts of the said respective Duties of Thirty Pounds, and Thirty Pounds, and Fifty Pounds to be paid to the Treasurer of the said Society of King's Inns, to be applied by him in such manner as shall be directed by the said Society.

Appointment of Commissioners.

VIII. And be it enacted, That His Majesty, or the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, shall have Power from time to time and at all times to appoint Commissioners for the stamping and marking Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and that the said Commissioners shall be called "The Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland*;" and that the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, shall have Power under their Hands and Seals to appoint such inferior Officers in their Department as they shall from time to time think proper; and that every Commissioner, or other Officer so appointed, before he shall proceed to the Execution of His Office under such Appointment, shall take and subscribe the following Oath; (that is to say),

Oath.

‘ I A. B. do swear, That I will, during my Continuance in the Office of _____, faithfully execute the Trust committed to me therein without Fraud or Concealment; and that I will from time to time true Account make of all such Acts as I shall do therein, and deliver the same to such Person or Persons as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other

• other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being;
 • hath or have appointed or hereafter shall appoint to receive such
 • Account; and that I will take no Fee, Reward or Profit, for the
 • Execution or Performance of the said Trust, or the Business relat-
 • ing thereto, from any Person or Persons other than such as shall
 • be paid and allowed by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or
 • by such Person or Persons for that Purpose authorized by His
 • Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or
 • other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being.
 • So help me GOD.

And such Oath shall and may be administered to any such Commis-
 sioner or Commissioners by the Chancellor, Treasurer, Lord Chief
 Baron or any other of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exche-
 quer in *Ireland*, or in their Absence by any of the Justices of any of
 His Majesty's superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*; which said
 Chancellor, Treasurer, Barons and Justices are hereby respectively
 required and empowered to administer such Oath; and any One of
 the said Commissioners or any Justice of the Peace in *Ireland*, with-
 in his proper Jurisdiction, shall and may administer the like Oath to
 any of the inferior Officers aforesaid.

By whom ad-
 ministered.

IX. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which it shall
 not be otherwise directed or provided by any Act or Acts of Parliam-
 ent, all and every Right, Power and Authority, which from time
 to time shall be vested in the said Commissioners, shall and may be
 used and exercised by any Three or more of the said Commissioners,
 as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as the same could
 be used or exercised by all the said Commissioners for the time being;
 and that all and every Powers and Authorities vested in any Com-
 missioners of Stamp Duties, or in any Commissioners for stamping
 Vellum, Parchment and Paper, under whatsoever Name or Title by
 any Act not hereby repealed, shall be vested in the said Commis-
 sioners under this Act to all Intents and Purposes.

Three Commis-
 sioners empow-
 ered to act.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act
 contained shall affect or be construed to affect an Act passed in *Ire-
 land* in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His Majesty's
 Reign, intituled *An Act to regulate the Qualifications of Persons ap-
 pointed to Offices in this Kingdom, wherein Two or more Grantees act
 under one Grant, Commission or Appointment*, but that the said Act
 and every Part thereof shall remain in full force as if this Act had
 not been passed.

Act not to affect
 the Irish Act of
 21 & 24 G. 3.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the several Commissioners
 and inferior Officers heretofore appointed for the marking or stamp-
 ing of Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and managing the Duties
 thereupon, and now actually holding and exercising such Offices re-
 spectively, shall continue to act in the several Offices to which they
 have been so appointed, in like manner, with the same Powers and
 Authorities, and subject to such Restrictions and Limitations as if
 appointed and sworn under this Act; and that every such Com-
 missioner now appointed or hereafter to be appointed shall continue
 to hold and exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be
 removed therefrom by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by
 the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ire-
 land* for the time being; and that every such inferior Officer now
 appointed or hereafter to be appointed shall continue to hold and
 exercise

Commissioners
 and Officers now
 in Office to con-
 tinue to act.

exercise his said Office until he shall die, resign or be removed therefrom by the said Commissioners, with the Consent and Approbation of His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being.

Where Right of Commissioners, &c. of executing any Duty is questioned, Proof that they are so reputed sufficient.

XII. And be it further enacted, That if in any Court whatsoever, on any Indictment, Information, Trial, Proceeding or Occasion whatsoever, and whoever shall be the Parties therein, any Question shall arise concerning the Right or Title of the said Commissioners or inferior Officers, or any of them, or of any Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed by the said Commissioners for the Purpose of executing any Duty whatsoever under any Act imposing any Stamp Duty or regulating the Collection or Management of any such Duty, to hold, exercise or enjoy the said Offices, or to execute, such Duty respectively, then and in every such case it shall be sufficient to prove that such Commissioner or Commissioners or inferior Officer or Officers, or Person or Persons, were or was at the time in question commonly reputed to be such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Officer or Officers, or so appointed or authorized respectively, without producing any Patent, Appointment or Commission, and without giving any Evidence of having performed the several Requisites prescribed by Law so enable them to execute the said Offices or Duties respectively, or any of the said Requisites.

Salaries paid.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, out of the Produce of the Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable in *Ireland*, to cause such Sum and Sums of Money to be expended and paid from time to time for Salaries, and for incident Charges, as shall be necessary in and for the receiving, collecting and levying or managing of the said Duties, any thing in this or any other Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rules observed in Execution of Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners or other Officers heretofore appointed or hereafter to be appointed as aforesaid, and all Officers employed or to be employed or entrusted by or under them as aforesaid, shall from time to time observe such Rules, Methods and Orders in the Execution of their several Offices and Trusts, as they respectively have received or shall receive from time to time from His Majesty, or from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or from the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, or from the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer or any three of them for the time being respectively.

Office kept in Dublin.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties shall keep their Stamp Office in some convenient Place in the County of the City of *Dublin*; and that none of the Duties which shall or may be from time to time under their Management shall be received or collected by or paid to the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any of them.

Commissioners empowered to administer Oaths.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, or any One or more of them, to administer Oaths and Affirmations, and take Affidavits and Affirmations, in all cases where he or they shall respectively think an Oath or Oaths or an Affirmation or Affirmations

ations necessary to be administered or taken for the Purpose of carrying into Effect this Act, or any Part thereof, or any matter or thing relating thereto, or to the Management or Collection of any of the Stamp Duties now payable or hereafter to be payable.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps, by Notice in Writing at any time, to revoke, annul and make void any Licence which the said Commissioners are empowered to grant under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for any Purpose whatsoever.

Licences may be
revoked.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Distributor of Stamps, or Person in Charge as a Distributor of Stamps, shall verify by Affidavit, or (if a Quaker or Quakers) by Affirmation, his, her or their respective Accounts furnished by him, her or them to the said Commissioners; such Affidavit or Affirmation, if made in *Dublin*, to be sworn or affirmed before One of the said Commissioners, and if in the Country, before a Justice of the Peace of the County in which such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor respectively, shall have his Office; and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Commissioners and Justices respectively are hereby required and authorized to receive and take as aforesaid; or if the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, shall by Notice in Writing require the same, then before the Justices of the Peace at a Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County or District in which such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, shall have his Office; and which Affidavit or Affirmation such Justices are hereby required, and authorized to receive and take; and if any such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, shall neglect or refuse to verify any of such Accounts in manner aforesaid, within such reasonable time as he or she shall be called upon by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, so to do, he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Distributors to
verify their
Accounts on
Oath.

Notice.

Penalty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions or Suits commenced or to be commenced against any Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person in charge, or against all or any or either of the Sureties of any such Distributor or Person in charge, or their or any or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, every Acknowledgment in Writing signed by such Distributor or Person in charge as a Distributor, or by any Person duly authorized by any such Distributor, or Person in charge respectively, of the Receipt of any Stamps given or sent to such Distributor, or Person in charge, by or from the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, shall be accepted, taken and allowed, in all Courts of Law and Equity, as Evidence of the Receipt of the several Pieces and Skins of Stamped Paper, Parchment and Vellum in such Acknowledgment stated to have been received by or for such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, and of the Value thereof, and of the Stamps thereon respectively; and that all and every Account or Accounts furnished by such Distributor, or Person in charge, whether verified by Oath or Affirmation or not, shall be accepted, taken and allowed, in all Courts of Law and Equity, as Evidence against such Distributor, or Person in charge as a Distributor, or against the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of such Distributor or Person

Acknowledgments of Distributors to be taken in Evidence.

in charge, or against all or any or either of the Sureties of such Distributor or Person in charge, or their or any or either of their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, of the several Debits in any such Account severally contained; but any such Account, by whomsoever produced, shall not be Evidence of the Credits therein claimed or stated by such Distributor, or Person in charge as Distributor.

Distributors with Consent of Commissioners may appoint Deputies.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, with the Consent of the said Commissioners of Stamps or of any One of them, to appoint, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, any Person or Persons to be his, her or their Deputy or Deputies, or Sub Distributor or Distributors, within his, her or their District, or any Part or Parts thereof that may be specified in such Warrant, and every such Distributor or Distributors shall be answerable for the Conduct of every such Deputy or Sub Distributor in all matters relating to the said Office of Distributor; and every such Deputy or Sub Distributor shall have full Power to sell Stamps for the said Distributor or Distributors, according to the terms of such Warrant, in the same manner as the said Distributor or Distributors might personally do, but not to exercise any other Part of the Business or Office of such Distributor or Distributors; and no such Warrant for appointing any such Sub Distributor shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever.

Premises of Distributors, &c. may be entered and Stamps taken away, a Warrant having been obtained.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons authorized thereto by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or any One or more of them, under Hand and Seal, and with the Assistance of a Magistrate or Peace Officer, to enter in the Day time into the House or Habitation of any Distributor of Stamps, or Person in charge as such, or Sub Distributor, or other Person or Persons acting for or under such Distributor or Person in charge as such, or into the House of any Person having a Licence to sell Stamps, or having had such Licence in Force at any time within Six Calendar Months then last past; and if on Demand and Notice of such Warrant, the Door of the House in which such Distributor or other Person as aforesaid shall dwell, or any Inner Door thereof shall not be opened, then with the Assistance and in the Presence of such Magistrate or Peace Officer to break open the same respectively, and to seize and to take into his or their Possession all stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be found in the House, Custody or Possession of such Distributor or other Person as aforesaid; and all Magistrates and Peace Officers are hereby required, upon the Request of any Person or Persons acting under such Warrant, to aid and assist him and them in the Execution thereof; and it shall be lawful for all and every such Commissioner or Commissioners to grant such Warrant to any Person or Persons whenever and as often as he or they shall think fit.

Doors may be broken open.

Commissioners may grant Warrant.

Acknowledgment given for Stamps seized.

XXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That any Person who shall so execute any such Warrant in the House or Place of Residence of any Person licensed or having been licensed to sell Stamps as aforesaid, shall give to such Person so licensed or having been so licensed, if required, an Acknowledgment of the Number, Particulars and Amount of the Stamps, if any, so seized therein, and shall permit such Person, or any Person or Persons employed by him or her, to inspect the same before the Removal thereof respectively, and to mark the same as he or they shall think proper; and that such Person

Person so licensed or having been so licensed shall be entitled to demand and receive from the Distributor of the District, the full Amount in Value of such of the Stamps so seized as shall be found to be genuine, and of the Paper, Parchment or Vellum whereon the same shall be so impressed, according to the Rates at which the same shall respectively be sold by such Distributor at the time of such Seizure.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps shall have Power from time to time, by Warrant under Hand and Seal, to fine any Distributor or Distributors of Stamps, or any Person in charge as such, for any Breach or Neglect of Duty, or of the Orders of the said Commissioners, or of any One or more of them, in any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for any One Offence, the Amount of such Fine to be paid by such Distributor or Distributors, or Person so in charge as such, to the Receiver General for the Use of Majesty's Revenue, together with his, her or their next Payment, and as Part thereof; and it shall be lawful for such Receiver General, and he is hereby required to apply the next Money that he shall receive from such Distributor or Person so in charge as such, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to the Payment of such Fine, whatever may be the Purpose for which the same may be sent or intended.

Commissioners may fine Distributors 10l. for Neglect of Duty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in levying, collecting or receiving any Stamp Duty or Duties in *Ireland*, shall keep separate and distinct Accounts thereof; and that the several Distributors of Stamps in the County of *Dublin*, or County of the City of *Dublin*, or Persons in charge as such, shall pay all Monies received by them for or by reason or on account of any of the said Stamp Duty or Duties, or of any Stamp Duty or Duties which shall or may from time to time be payable, or of any Penalties imposed by this Act, or by any other Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, and then in the Hands of such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, on every Day, or on such and so many Days in each Week as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners; and the Distributors of Stamps, or Persons in charge as such in any other Parts of *Ireland*, shall on *Wednesday* in every Week, unless the same shall be a Holiday, and then on the next ensuing Day which shall not be a Holiday, or as speedily after such *Wednesday* or other Day as the Distance of such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively shall permit, or as much oftener and at all such times as the said Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall be required by the said Commissioners, or any of them, pay or cause to be paid all Sums received by them in like manner and then in their Hands respectively, to the said Receiver General of Stamp Duties, and the said Receiver General shall on each and every Day, or on such Day or Days in every Week as shall be directed for the Purpose by the said Commissioners, pay all Monies so received by him, and then in his Hands, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland*; and the said Receiver General shall on each Day after his making any such Payment into the said Exchequer, and every Distributor of Stamps, or Person in charge as such, on each Day after his or her making any such Payment

Officers to keep separate Accounts of Duties. Distributors to account in manner herein mentioned.

Receiver General to pay Monies received by him into the Irish Exchequer.

Receiver General detaining Money in his Hands to be charged 12l. per Cent. Interest.

Distributors neglecting to pay in Money to Receiver, First Offence.

Second Offence. Penalty.

Where Monthly Sales of Distributor shall not have exceeded 20l. Commissioners may enrage the time of Payment.

Book kept at Treasury, in which Stamp Duty entered separate from other Monies.

Payment to the said Receiver General, or on the first Opportunity after the said times respectively, give Notice of such Payment, and of the Amount thereof, to the said Commissioners of Stamps; and if such Receiver General shall at any time neglect or omit to pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's said Exchequer the Sums so by him payable as aforesaid, at the time and in the manner aforesaid, or shall detain any Part of the Monies so by him payable, then and for every such Offence he shall be charged with Interest for the Monies so detained in his Hands, after the Rate of Twelve Pounds by the Hundred by the Year, the same to be recovered with Costs of Suit by Action or Information, or by any other of the Means whereby Debts may be recovered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from Public Accountants or Debtors; and if any such Distributor or Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall neglect or omit to pay or cause to be paid to such Receiver General as aforesaid the Sums so by him, her or them payable as aforesaid, or shall detain the Monies by him, her or them so payable as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, then for the First of such Offences he, she or they shall forfeit all and every the Discount, Per Centage or other Fee, Profit or Reward, to which such Person or Persons so offending would or might otherwise be entitled, for or by reason of the Sums so detained or so neglected, or omitted to be paid to such Receiver General; and for the Second of such Offences every such Distributor or Distributors, or Persons in charge as such, shall forfeit the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward, and shall also be charged with Interest for the Money so detained after the Rate of Six Pounds by the Year for every Hundred Pounds; the same to be recovered in the same manner and with like Costs as the Interest is recoverable from the said Receiver General as aforesaid; and the said Discount, Per Centage, Fee, Profit or Reward, so forfeited by such Distributor or Distributors, or Person in charge as such, shall in every of the said cases be paid to such Officer or Officers of the Stamps as shall first discover and inform the said Commissioners of Stamps of such Neglect, Omission or Detention, if the said Commissioners of Stamps, or the major Part of them, shall think proper so to order the same, and if they shall make no Order thereupon, it shall be carried to the Account of the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where the Average of the Monthly Sales of any such Distributor, or Person in charge as such, or of his Predecessor or Predecessors, for Twelve Months next preceding, shall not have exceeded the Sum of Twenty Pounds *per* Month, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time as often as they shall see just and necessary Occasion, by Order under their Hands to enlarge and extend, for any time not exceeding One Month, the time hereby allowed to such Distributors or Persons in charge as such respectively, for paying unto such Receiver General the several Sums by them respectively from time to time received as aforesaid.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That there shall be kept in His Majesty's Treasury in *Ireland*, One Book in which all Monies which shall be paid into the said Treasury in *Ireland*, by virtue of this Act, or of any Act or Acts for imposing of Stamp Duties, or for regulating the Management or Collection thereof in *Ireland*, shall be

be entered apart and distinct from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, on any Account whatsoever; and that neither the Sixpence *per* Pound nor any other Fee shall be payable to or be deducted or received by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Treasury for or on account of the issuing or Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money arising by or which shall be received for or on account of any Stamp Duties or of any Payment to be made by the Receiver General of Stamp Duties in manner aforesaid, but that the same shall be received and duly accounted for to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and all the Money paid into the said Treasury, on the Account of the said Duties, shall be carried to and be made Part of the Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

No Fee.

Money carried to Consolidated Fund of Ireland.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the several Persons who have been or who shall be respectively employed in receiving, collecting or paying any Stamp Duties, shall exhibit their respective Accounts of such Duties to the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts of Ireland for the time being, or the major Part of them, when called on by them, or any One or more of them, for that Purpose; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts are hereby respectively authorized and required from time to time to examine upon Oath the said Persons who shall be so employed in raising, receiving or collecting the said Duties, as to their said Accounts, and as to the Sum or Sums of Money which shall have been by them, or any of them respectively, raised, collected, or received within the time of such their Accounts, and likewise what Part thereof shall have been by them, or any of them, paid to the Receiver General, or into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in Ireland, and at what times respectively; and in accounting before the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, the said Persons shall produce proper Vouchers for any Sum or Sums of Money by them received and paid; and the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required finally to audit and settle such Accounts; which said Accounts, when so audited and settled, shall be signed by the said Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the major Part of them, and shall be at all times, to the Officers therein concerned, a full and sufficient Warrant and Discharge to all Intents and Purposes, according to the true Intent, Meaning and Import thereof respectively.

Accounts of Duties exhibited to Commissioners for auditing Public Accounts when required.

Vouchers to be produced.

Accounts signed by Commissioners of Public Accounts a Discharge.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Types, Marks and Stamps which are already kept or used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, or on Playing Cards or on Dice, the several and respective Duties heretofore granted, or any of them, or which shall hereafter be kept or used at the Stamp Office in Dublin, for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards or on Dice, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable thereon respectively, by Law in Ireland, shall be the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for the stamping and impressing of all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, on which any of the several things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall from time to time be payable, have been or shall be engrossed or written, and for stamping Playing Cards or Dice according to Law; and that if at any time there shall not be any such Type, Mark or Stamp denoting precisely any of the Stamp

The Types and Stamps now or hereafter to be used at the Stamp Office, for denoting the Duties, shall be lawful.

When there is no precise Stamp to denote the

Duty, Two or more Stamps may be used.

Stamp Duties which shall from time to time be payable, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, if they shall think proper, to direct that Two or more of such Types, Marks or Stamps, the Duties denoted whereby shall in the whole amount to the Stamp Duties so payable respectively, shall be used on the same Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, for denoting such Duties, or at their Discretion to cause to be provided new Types, Marks or Stamps for denoting such Duties, or any of them, and to cause all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper chargeable with such Duties to be stamped or marked with the same, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to direct that such Devices, Stamps or Marks shall be used as may express the Amount of the Duty either directly in Words and Figures, or by Reference or Per Centage, or in any other manner whatsoever, whereby the same shall or may be sufficiently denoted.

Devices may be changed or altered, of which Notice shall be given in Dublin Gazette.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Devices or Marks used or to be used for denoting and marking on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, or on Playing Cards, or on Dice, the Stamp Duties which shall be payable from time to time, or any of them, may be discontinued, changed, varied or altered from time to time, and new or other Devices or Marks may be used in lieu of the Devices or Marks so discontinued, as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland* for the time being, shall think fit; provided that whensoever any of the Devices or Marks aforesaid shall be changed, varied or altered, then and in every such case public Notice of every such Change, Variation or Alteration shall be given by Advertisement in the *Dublin Gazette*, and in some other public Newspaper, a convenient time before the Types, Marks or Stamps, on which such new Devices or Marks shall be made, shall be used.

Commissioners to provide such particular Stamps as shall be requisite.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland* shall cause separate and particular Stamps or Marks to be used and provided when requisite, to denote the Duties which shall from time to time be payable, not only on any Article or Articles for which separate or particular Marks or Stamps shall be required from time to time by any Law or Laws, but also on such other Articles, matters and things as to the said Commissioners of Stamps from time to time shall seem requisite and necessary, or as the said Commissioners of Stamps shall be required to use or provide, by His Majesty, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, or by the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being; and all such Articles, matters and things respectively, which shall be issued or granted, made or written, after One Month from the Day on which public Notice shall have been or shall be given in the *Dublin Gazette* by the said Commissioners of Stamps, that such separate or new or particular Stamps or Marks for the same have been or are respectively provided, and which shall be engrossed, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper without such Stamps or Marks, or having any other Stamps or Marks than those so provided or used for the Purposes aforesaid respectively, and also all other Matters in respect whereof any particular or appropriated

Writings not having the proper Stamp to be as if written, &c. on Paper, &c. not stamped.

appropriated Stamp shall be necessary, and which after such Notice shall be engrossed, written or printed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked with any of the said particular Stamps or Marks so appropriated, shall be of no other effect than if the said Matters respectively had been written or printed on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped, although such improper Stamps respectively may be of the Amount by Law required, or of any greater Amount; and all Persons who shall so write or print any such Article, matter or thing on any Paper, Vellum or Parchment having any such improper Stamp or Stamps thereon, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as they would be liable to in case such Article, matter or thing respectively had been written or printed on Paper, Vellum or Parchment, not marked or stamped.

XXXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That as often as the Devices or Marks aforesaid, or any of them, shall be changed, varied or altered, it shall be lawful for all Persons who shall, at the Times respectively of such Alteration or Change, have in their Custody or Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked with the Impression of the Type, Mark or Stamp which shall have been so changed, varied or altered, and upon which none of the matters or things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable, shall have been engrossed or written, to bring or send at any time within the Space of Four Months after the Publication of such Advertisement as aforesaid, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the said Commissioners of Stamps, at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or to any Distributor of Stamps, or to any Person appointed to act as a Distributor of Stamps, and thereupon the proper Officer at such Stamp Office, and such Distributor or Person appointed to act as such respectively, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to deliver or cause to be delivered in lieu thereof, a Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, equal to that which shall have been so brought or sent as aforesaid, with the Impression of such new Type, Mark or Stamp, without demanding or taking directly or indirectly for the same any Money or other Consideration whatsoever, under the Penalty of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the said Stamps or Marks which have been so given or sent in shall in every such case be immediately cancelled; and in case any Person shall neglect or omit within the time aforesaid to bring or cause to be brought and delivered unto the said Commissioners or Officers as aforesaid, any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so marked with any Type, Mark or Stamp, the Use of which shall be so discontinued, and which may be changed, varied or altered for any new Type, Mark or Stamp, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with such old or discontinued Stamp, shall be and is hereby declared to be of no other Effect than if such Vellum, Parchment or Paper had never been stamped, and that all matters and things which shall be engrossed or written thereon, after such time as shall be appointed by such Advertisement as aforesaid, for making use of such new changed or altered Types, Marks or Stamps as aforesaid, shall be of no other Effect than if they had been engrossed or written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not marked or stamped, and all Persons who shall engross or write any matter or thing chargeable with any of the Duties aforesaid, on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, after the said time, shall incur and suffer such Penalty as is

Writing on Paper, &c. not having proper Stamp. Penalty.

When Devices are changed and Notice given, Persons having Stamps in Hand may have them taken in Exchange within Four Months.

Penalty.

After Period of Four Months the old Stamps to be considered of no Effect.

herein

herein directed to be inflicted on Persons writing or engrossing on Vellum, Parchment or Paper not marked or stamped.

Persons evading the Duty to be still liable, and the Court of Exchequer may enforce Payment.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who hath written, printed, engrossed or executed, or who shall print, write, engross or execute any Record, Deed, Instrument, Copy, matter or thing in respect whereof any Stamp Duty is or shall be payable upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, not duly stamped to denote the Payment of such Duty, and also every Person who in any other manner whatsoever is or shall be liable to the Payment of any Stamp Duty, and who by any Contrivance, Neglect or Omission shall have avoided, neglected or omitted to pay any Stamp Duty which, in respect of any Act, matter or thing heretofore done or caused to be done by him, or hereafter to be done or caused to be done by him, shall have been by Law payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall be accountable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Amount of such Duty, and such Duty and the Amount thereof shall be a Debt from such Person to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; and that in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, upon Application to be made for that Purpose on Behalf of the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon such Affidavit or Affidavits as to the Court may appear sufficient, to grant a Rule requiring such Person or Persons to shew cause why he, she or they should not deliver to the said Commissioners of Stamps an Account upon Oath of all such Duties so due, and why the same should not be forthwith paid according to Law, and to make any such Rule of Court absolute in every case in which the same may appear to the said Court to be proper and necessary for enforcing the Payment of any of the said Duties, together with such Costs of Proceedings as the said Court shall think proper to award and direct.

Rule to shew cause granted by Exchequer.

No Deed or Writing to be given in Evidence unless stamped with the proper Stamp.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Courts of Justice and Judges in *Ireland* shall without Allegation or Proof in that Behalf take judicial Notice of the several Types, Marks and Stamps heretofore or now kept or used or to be hereafter kept or used as aforesaid, as and for the only true and lawful Types, Marks and Stamps for denoting the Stamp Duties, which from time to time have been or shall be payable in *Ireland*; and that no Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing whatever, for which the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereon the same is or shall be written or printed, is or shall be, or at the time of writing or printing the same was or shall have been by Law chargeable with any Stamp Duty, though such Law has been or shall have been repealed, shall on any Pretence whatsoever be pleaded or given or received in Evidence in any Court in *Ireland*, or admitted in any Court in *Ireland* to be good or available in Law or Equity, unless the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereon the same hath been or shall be so written or printed, shall be duly marked or stamped with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing or Printing respectively: Provided always, that if any Deed, Instrument or Writing, shall happen to be executed or written on any Stamp of an Amount greater than the Stamp Duty payable for such respective Deed, Instrument or Writing, at the time of the Execution thereof, the same shall be considered as duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes, except only in cases where such Record, Deed,

Deeds, &c. written on a Stamp of a greater Amount, considered as duly stamped: Except where

Deed, Instrument or Writing, shall be of a kind for which separate and particular Stamps or Marks shall have been provided as aforesaid, in which case the same shall not be considered as duly stamped, for or in respect of having thereon any Stamp to any Amount greater than the Stamp Duty then payable thereon, unless such greater Stamp so impressed thereon shall be One of the Stamps or Marks so appropriated to such kind of Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing.

Separate Stamps are provided.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if at any time or on any Occasion whatsoever, in any Court or Courts it shall be alledged by either Party, or if any Judge or Judges of any such Courts shall have any Reason to suspect that any Mark or Stamp, Marks or Stamps appearing on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, whereon shall be written or printed any Record, Deed, Instrument, Writing or Printing, produced before such Court or Courts, is or are or may be forged or counterfeited, it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Judge or Judges, and he or they is and are hereby required to make Enquiry thereupon, and to receive thereupon such Information and Evidence on Oath as shall be offered by either Party, or as it shall be within the Power of such Judge or Judges to obtain, and to decide and determine whether such Stamp or Stamps is or are genuine or forged or counterfeited; and such Determination and Decision shall, as to the Purposes of the Trial or Occasion on which the same shall be made, but no further, be final and conclusive.

Courts to determine in cases where Stamps are alledged to be Forgeries.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of Stamp Duties for the time being shall and may from time to time, as they shall see Occasion, appoint one or more fit Person or Persons to attend in any Court or Courts, Office or Offices in *Ireland*, which Person or Persons shall have full Power and Authority to inspect and examine the Vellum, Parchment and Paper, upon which any of the matters or things in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall at any time be payable shall have been engrossed or written or put, and also the Marks or Stamps thereupon, and also all other matters and things tending to secure the Duties which have been or shall from time to time be payable upon stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in *Ireland*; and that the Judges in the several Courts in *Ireland*, and such others to whom it may appertain, at the Request of the said Commissioners, or of any of them, shall make such Orders in their respective Courts, and do such other matters and things for the better securing of the said Duties as shall be lawfully and reasonably desired in that Behalf.

Commissioners may appoint fit Persons to attend Courts to examine Stamps.

XXXVI. And, for the better Distribution of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper in *Ireland*, and in order that all Persons may have the same with Convenience and at an easy Rate, be it enacted, That the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being shall, as often as he or they shall think proper, set the Prices at which all Sorts of Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper shall be sold; and the said Commissioners of Stamps shall stamp the Prices so set upon every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, and on every Piece or Sheet of Paper so by them to be sold; and that the said Commissioners shall take special Care that the several Parts of *Ireland* shall from time to time be sufficiently furnished with such Vellum, Parchment and Paper, stamped or marked as aforesaid, so that all Persons may have it in their

Prices fixed at which Vellum, Parchment and Paper sold, and Persons may either buy the same, or bring their own to be stamped.

Election to buy the same of the Officers or Persons to be employed by the said Commissioners at the usual Rates above the said Duty, or to bring their own Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped as aforesaid, or to furnish themselves from others who shall be legally entitled to utter, vend or sell the same.

Forging Stamps,
or fraudulently
using them, &c.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in any Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or of any of the Dominions thereto belonging, shall counterfeit or forge, or cause or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Type, Dye, Mark or Stamp at any time heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, any of the Stamp Duties payable under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which has been or shall be at any time in force in *Ireland*, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp may not be kept or used at the said Stamp Office at the time of such forging or counterfeiting; or if any Person or Persons (save and except such Person or Persons as shall be lawfully entitled and authorized to have and to use the same for the Purpose of stamping Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped by or under the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the time being) shall have in his, her or their Possession, any Type, Die or Mark or Stamp made to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp heretofore kept or used, or hereafter to be kept or used at the said Stamp Office, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, any of the said Stamp Duties so payable as aforesaid, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, shall not be then kept or used at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*; or if any Person or Persons shall mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter which heretofore was or hereafter shall be directed to be stamped, any Device, Mark or Impression to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made, marked or impressed at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter or thing so directed to be stamped, any of the said Stamp Duties so payable under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament which shall be or shall have been in force in *Ireland* at or before the time when such Mark, Device or Impression shall have been so used, kept or made, marked or impressed, at the said Office, although such Act or Acts may not be in force, or such Device, Mark or Impression may not be used or kept, marked or impressed at the said Office, at the time of such Offence committed; or if any Person or Persons shall use, utter, vend or sell, or cause to be used, uttered, vended or sold, or shall have in his or her Possession, with Intent to use, utter, vend or sell the same, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter, with any counterfeit Device, Mark or Impression thereon, to resemble or represent, or be mistaken for any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid for the Purposes

Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, although not then used or kept for the said Purposes, or any of them, or although the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*, knowing such Device, Mark or Impression to be counterfeited, or if any Officer or Officers in the Employment of the Commissioners of Stamps, or any other Person or Persons whatever, shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, mark or impress, or cause or procure to be marked or impressed, or be aiding, abetting or assisting in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed any Stamp, Mark or Impression, denoting any of the said Stamp Duties on any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter directed to be stamped, not delivered to him or them by or by the Authority of the said Commissioners of Stamps for the Purpose of being stamped with any Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid, for denoting the charging or marking on Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any of the said Stamp Duties so payable under or by virtue of any Act of Parliament, although such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp shall not be then kept at the said Stamp Office, or the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*; or if any Person or Persons shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, knowingly have in his, her or their Possession any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or other matter required to be stamped, so fraudulently stamped or marked with any Mark or Stamp to denote any of the aforesaid Duties, then and in every of the said cases, any and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for Life.

Felony.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Vellum, Parchment or Paper shall at any time be found in the Possession of any Person licensed to deal in and retail Stamps in *Ireland*, or who shall have been so licensed within Six Calendar months then next preceding, having impressed thereon any counterfeit Device, Mark or Impression to resemble or represent, or intended or liable to be mistaken for any Device, Mark or Impression which has been or shall be used, kept or made at the Stamp Office aforesaid, for the Purposes aforesaid, or any of them, although such Device, Mark or Impression shall not then be used or kept for the said Purposes, or any of them, or although the Duty denoted thereby shall not be then payable in *Ireland*, then and in every such case the Person in whose Possession such Vellum, Parchment or Paper shall be so found shall be deemed and taken to have so had the same in his or her Possession with Intent to use, utter or vend the same with such counterfeit Device, Mark or Impression thereon, unless the contrary shall be satisfactorily proved, and shall also be deemed and taken to have had such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so in his or her Possession, knowing the Stamps, Devices, Marks or Impressions thereon to be forged, false and counterfeited, and such Person shall be liable to all Penalties and Punishments by Law imposed or inflicted upon Persons using, uttering or vending false, forged or counterfeit Stamps, or having such false, forged or counterfeit Stamps in their Possession, knowing the same to be forged, unless such Person shall in all cases satisfactorily prove that such Vellum, Parchment and Paper, and the Stamps thereon, was

Licensed Persons having counterfeit Stamps in their Possession liable to the Penalties of vending forged Stamps, unless it be proved that they were procured at the Stamp Office, or of some Distributor.

or were procured by or for such Person at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or from some Distributor of Stamps in *Ireland*.

Houses of Persons suspected of having forged Dies or Stamps, &c. may be searched.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That on Complaint made before any One Justice of the Peace upon the Oath of One credible Witness, that there is just cause to suspect any One or more Person or Persons of being or having been concerned in making any false or counterfeit Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, or of unlawfully having any such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp in his or her Possession, or of unlawfully marking or impressing any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with any such Device, Mark or Impression, or of unlawfully having in his or her Possession, any Vellum, Parchment, Paper or other matter with any counterfeit Device, Mark or Impression thereon, or of unlawfully or fraudulently marking or impressing, or causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, or of aiding, abetting or assisting in marking or impressing, or in causing or procuring to be marked or impressed, any Stamp, Mark or Impression on any Vellum, Parchment, Paper or other matter, not delivered to him under the Authority of the Commissioners of Stamps, or of knowingly having in his or her Possession any Vellum, Parchment, Paper or other matter as aforesaid, unlawfully or fraudulently stamped or marked contrary to any of the Purposes or Regulations contained in this Act, or in any other Act or Acts relating to the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, then and in each and every or any of the said cases it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice by Warrant under his Hand to cause the Dwelling House, Room, Work Shop, Out House or other Building, Yard, Garden or other Place belonging to such suspected Person or Persons, or where any such Person or Persons shall be suspected to carry on any such marking or counterfeiting, or to secrete any such Type, Die, Mark or Stamp, or any such Vellum, Parchment, Paper or other matter, or any of the Machinery necessary or applicable for or to the making any such Impression as aforesaid, to be searched for any such Type, Die, Mark, Stamp, Vellum, Parchment, Paper, Machinery or other matter or thing whatsoever; and if any of the said several matters and things shall be found in any Place so searched, or in the Custody or Possession of any Person or Persons whomsoever, not having the same by some lawful Authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Person or Persons so finding the same, to seize, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required to seize the same respectively, and to carry the same forthwith to the Justice by whom such Warrant shall be granted, or to any other Justice of the Peace of the County, City, District or Place where the same shall be seized, who shall cause the same to be secured and produced in Evidence against any Person or Persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the Offences aforesaid, in some Court of Justice proper for the Determination thereof, and afterwards all and every the said matters and things so seized, whether so produced in Evidence or not, shall by Order of the Court where such Offender or Offenders shall be tried, or by Order of some Justice of the Peace, in case there shall be no such Trial, be defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of, as such Court or such Justice shall direct.

Premises may be entered and searched.

Vellum, &c. to be stamped before engrossed.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Vellum, Parchment and Paper, whereon any of the matters or things in respect whereof any Stamp

Stamp

Stamp Duty shall be then payable, shall be engrossed or written, shall previous to such engrossing or writing be stamped and marked with the proper Marks or Stamps to denote the Payment of the proper Duty thereon respectively, and the Commissioners of Stamps and their Officers are hereby required upon Demand of any Person or Persons bringing any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, to the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, forthwith without any Fee or Reward to stamp or mark the same with any of the Stamps or Marks which shall be then used at the said Office, and which such Person shall require, (save and except such Marks or Stamps as shall be then confined as hereinafter mentioned, to be impressed only on Paper, having the Water Mark of the said Stamp Office,) such Person or Persons paying to such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed in that Behalf the respective Duties which they shall require to have so stamped or marked on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so brought by him, her or them.

XL I. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioner of Stamps or any Officer of the Commissioners of Stamps shall fix or impress any such Mark or Stamp to or upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be brought to the Stamp Office aforesaid to be stamped or marked, before the Duty or Duties denoted thereby shall be duly answered or paid, (or duly secured to be paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in such cases where such Security may by Law be taken), every such Commissioner of Stamps or Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall also be answerable for all and every such Duty as if such Commissioner or Officer had duly received such Duty or Duties, and shall for that Purpose be deemed and taken to have received the same.

Fixing Stamps
before Duty paid
or duly secured.

XL II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where, under or by the Provisions of this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, any Stamps shall at any time be or become inapplicable to or insufficient for the Purposes for which the same were intended, then and whenever it shall so happen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any of them, upon Request of any Person or Persons producing any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with such Stamp or Stamps, to order, if they shall think proper so to do, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper be stamped with any new or additional or other Stamp or Stamps, denoting such Duties as the Person or Persons requesting the same shall require, the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be given paying the Difference in Amount (if any) between the Stamps which shall have been first impressed or marked on such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and such Stamps as shall be so required to be impressed or marked on the same.

Penalty.

Stamps becoming
inapplicable may
be stamped with
new or additional
Stamps on Dif-
ference being
paid.

XL III. And be it further enacted, That upon Proof on Oath or solemn Affirmation (if by a Quaker) made before the said Commissioners, or any of them, or before any inferior Officer by them in that Behalf appointed, (and which Oath or Affirmation such Officer is hereby empowered to administer,) to the Satisfaction of such Commissioner or Officer, that any Deed or Instrument written or printed upon any stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper, hath not been executed or signed by any Party or Parties, or that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath not been used for any of the Purposes for

Stamps spoiled
from being writ-
ten upon and not
used may be ex-
changed for
others, Oath
being made to
certain Parti-
culars.

which the same was or were intended, and that the Person making such Affidavit or Affirmation hath not, nor hath any other Person on his Account, received, and that such Person will not receive any Money or other Consideration for the Stamp thereupon, and that the said Stamp or Stamps is or are really and truly the Property of the Person making such Affidavit, and have or hath been paid for by such Person to the full Amount of the Duty thereon, and that such Person will be a Loser to such Amount unless such Person shall receive other Stamps in lieu thereof; and upon the Person or Persons who shall produce such Proof delivering such stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper rendered unfit for Use as aforesaid, and delivering at the same time a like Quantity of Vellum, Parchment or Paper to be stamped, then and in every such case the said Commissioners shall cause the same to be stamped or marked with the several and respective Duties stamped, marked or impressed on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper so rendered unfit for Use, or with any other Duties which may be required, the Person so requiring the same first paying the Difference of the Amount (if any) : Provided always, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so stamped, shall be brought to the Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in *Dublin* within Six Calendar months next after the same shall have been so engrossed or written upon, if the same shall belong to any Person or Persons resident in *Dublin*, or within Ten Miles of the Castle of *Dublin*, or within Twelve Calendar months after the same shall have been so engrossed or written upon, if such Stamps shall belong to Persons resident elsewhere : Provided also, that the said Commissioners, or any Officer under their Authority, shall not be required or obliged to impress on any Paper, Parchment or Vellum so brought any Stamp or Mark which shall then be confined to Paper having the Water Mark of the said Stamp Office.

Provido as to time within which Paper, &c. to be brought to Commissioners.

Provido.

Relief for Stamps on Instruments found to be void, &c.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of any such Stamps as shall have been used for or upon any Presentations to Ecclesiastical Benefices which shall not be followed by Institution; or for or upon any Instruments which shall have been signed by any Party or Parties, but which shall have been afterwards found to be absolutely void in Law from the Beginning, or which by reason of any Error or Mistake therein shall have been afterwards found unfit for the Purpose originally intended, or which by reason of the Death of any Person whose Signature shall have been necessary thereto without having signed the same, or by reason of the Refusal of any such Person to sign the same cannot be completed so as to effect the Transaction in the Form proposed, or which for want of the Signature of some material and necessary Party shall have in fact become incomplete and insufficient for the Purpose intended, or which by reason of the Refusal of any Person to act under the same, or by the Refusal or Nonacceptance of any Office or Trust thereby granted shall have failed of their intended Purpose, or which for want of Inrolment within the time required by Law shall have become null and void, or which shall have become useless in consequence of the Transaction therein mentioned being effected by some other Instrument or Instruments duly stamped, so that the Instrument for which an Allowance of Stamps shall be claimed,

claimed, in any of the cases aforesaid, shall be delivered up to the said Commissioners to be cancelled; and provided the Application for the Relief which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give shall be made within Six Calendar months after the Date of the Instrument in question, except where the same shall have become void for want of Inrolment within Six Calendar months from the Date, and in those cases within Six Calendar months next after the same shall so become void; and except where the same shall have been sent abroad, and in those cases within Six Calendar months after the same shall have been received back; and provided no Action shall have been brought or Suit commenced in which such Instrument could or would have been given or offered in Evidence; and provided all the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be duly proved by Oath (or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers) to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners.

Time within which Application must be made.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to cancel and give other Stamps in lieu of all such Stamps as shall have been used for any Bills of Exchange or Promissory Notes, which shall have been signed by or on the Behalf of the Drawers thereof, but which shall not have been delivered out of their Hands to the Payees therein named, or to any Person on their Behalf, or deposited with any Person as a Security for the Payment of Money, or any way negotiated, issued or put in Circulation, or made use of in any other manner whatsoever; and which Bills of Exchange shall not have been accepted by the Drawees, or tendered for such Acceptance, provided that such Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes shall be brought for Allowance and be delivered up to the said Commissioners, at their Stamp Office in *Dublin*, to be cancelled within Six Calendar months next after the Date of such Bills and Notes, or after the signing of the same, if they shall not bear Date; and provided all the Facts upon which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to give Relief shall be fully proved by Oath (or solemn Affirmation in the case of Quakers) to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners.

Stamps may be given in lieu of Stamps used for Bills of Exchange and Notes not delivered out, &c.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to make such Rules and Regulations, and to require Affidavits (or solemn Affirmations in the case of Quakers) of all such Facts and Circumstances, in regard to the Allowance of Stamps in all or any of the cases aforesaid, as they shall in their Discretion judge necessary or expedient for the Purpose of preventing Frauds and Evasions, such Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before the said Commissioners, or any One or more of them, or before any Officer to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners, and such Officers are hereby respectively authorized to take the same, and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose.

Regulations in regard to Allowance for Stamps.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person hath engrossed or written at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, or shall at any time hereafter engross or write, or cause to be engrossed or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper any of the matters or things for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, at the time of such Writing or Engrossment was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty

Writing any Deeds, &c. before duly stamped.

(save and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons) before such time as the said Vellum, Parchment or Paper hath been or shall be marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as was or shall be by Law required for the same, or shall have engrossed or written the same, or caused the same to be engrossed or written, or shall engross or write the same, or cause the same to be engrossed or written upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with any Duty, or stamped or marked for any lower Duty than the Duty payable at the time, in respect of what hath been or shall be so engrossed or written thereon, then and in every such case there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Remainder or the whole of the Amount of the Duty (as the same may be) so payable by Law for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Execution of such Deed, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds, over and above such Duty, or Remainder of Duty, payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, or Remainder of Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

Penalty.

On certain Payments made, Instruments to receive proper Stamp.

Persons unknowingly using a forged Stamp, proving that it was bought at the Stamp Office, &c. may have the Instrument properly stamped, on making certain Payments.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall have engrossed or written, at any time since the Commencement of any Act for imposing Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, or shall at any time hereafter engross or write, or cause to be engrossed or written, any of the matters or things for which Vellum, Parchment or Paper shall be stamped at the time of such Writing or Engrossment was or shall be chargeable with any Stamp Duty upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp or Mark, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons (other than such Person or Persons who shall have engrossed or written or caused to be engrossed or written, or shall engross or write or cause to be engrossed or written, any such matter or thing upon any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, stamped with any forged or counterfeit Stamp, knowing such Stamp to be forged or counterfeited, and other than such Person who shall have impressed any such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or shall have caused the same to be impressed with any such counterfeit Stamp or Mark,) to bring such Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, to be stamped with the Stamps or Marks denoting the Duty payable by Law thereon, and there shall be paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Amount of such Duty so payable by Law, for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, and also the Sum of Ten Pounds, provided the same shall be brought to be stamped within the Space of Five Years from the Execution of such Deed, Instrument or Writing, or at any time after the Expiration of such Term of Five Years, the Sum of Twenty Pounds over and above such Duty so payable as aforesaid; and the proper Officers respectively are hereby required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty, and the Sum of Ten Pounds or Twenty Pounds, as the case may be, to give a Receipt for the same, and to mark and stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper

Paper with the Mark or Stamp that shall be proper for such Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively; provided also that if it shall be made to appear by Testimony on Oath to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Stamps, that such Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having any such counterfeit Stamp or Stamps thereon, and whereon any such matter shall have been so engrossed or written, was bought with such Stamps thereon, at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or from any Distributor or Sub Distributor of Stamps, or from any Person licensed to sell Stamps, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, if they shall think proper so to do, to order the same respectively to be duly stamped with Stamps of the same Description and Amount without the Payment of any Stamp Duty or Penalty whatsoever.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That when any Instrument (save and except a Bill or Note of any Banker or Bankers or other Person or Persons) shall have been engrossed or written on Parchment, Vellum or Paper, not duly stamped, and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon Oath or Affirmation or otherwise, that the same hath happened either by Accident or Inadvertency, or from urgent Necessity or unavoidable Circumstances, and without any Intention in any Party to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, of the Duty chargeable upon such Instruments, then and in any of the said cases, if such Instrument shall, within Sixty Days from the First Execution thereof, be brought to the Stamp Office in the City of *Dublin*, to be stamped, and the Duty chargeable upon such Instrument shall be paid, it shall and may be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think proper so to do, to remit any Penalty payable on stamping such Instrument or any Part thereof so executed without being stamped, and to cause such Instrument to be stamped with the proper Stamp; and every Person concerned in engrossing any such Instrument or executing the same shall be thereupon exempt from all Penalties on account thereof.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, and they are hereby authorized to stamp any Instrument executed out of *Ireland*, upon Payment of the Stamp Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time when such Deed shall be required to be so stamped, without Payment of any Additional Duty or Penalty, within the Space of Six Calendar months from the First Execution thereof respectively, in case of the same being so executed in any Part of the United Kingdom, or within the Space of Two Years from the First Execution thereof, in case of the same being so executed in any Place out of the United Kingdom, Proof being first made to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Instrument was executed out of *Ireland*, and in the United Kingdom, or out of the United Kingdom, as the case may be, and within the times aforesaid respectively.

LI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Stamps in *Ireland*, if they shall think proper so to do, to provide Moulds or Frames for the making of Paper, to be used for any Instrument or Instruments for which Stamps shall be required, and which shall be usually written on Paper, and for which they shall think proper to provide such Paper, and that such Moulds and Frames shall be so constructed as that the Words

Instruments engrossed inadvertently without proper Stamp, brought to Stamp Office within Sixty Days, Commissioners may remit Penalty and cause them to be properly stamped.

Instruments executed out of *Ireland* may be stamped within certain Periods, without Payment of additional Duty.

Commissioners may provide Frames for making Paper with the Words "Stamp Office" visible in the Substance thereof.

"Stamp

"Stamp Office," either alone or with such Figures as the Commissioners shall from time to time think proper, shall be visible in the Substance of such Paper, and to cause such Paper to be by such Person or Persons as shall be for that Purpose authorized and appointed by the said Commissioners under Hand and Seal.

Persons not authorized, making or using Paper marked with the Words "Stamp Office," &c.

or assisting,

LII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person not an Officer, Workman, Servant or Agent for the time being of said Commissioners of Stamps, and authorized and appointed by for that Purpose and for their Use only, shall make or use, or cause or procure to be made or used, or knowingly aid or assist in making or using, or, without being authorized and appointed as aforesaid, shall knowingly have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused, any Frame, Mould or Instrument for the making of Paper in Substance whereof the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words would be visible, or in the Substance whereof any Device or Distinction would be visible peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall from time to time be used by the Commissioners of Stamps as aforesaid; or shall make, or cause or procure to be made, or knowingly aid or assist in making any Paper in the Substance whereof there shall be visible the said Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any such Device or Distinction peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall be so used by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or if any Person, not being authorized or appointed as aforesaid, shall knowingly have in his or her Custody or Possession, without lawful Excuse, the Proof whereof shall be on the Person accused, any Paper whatsoever in the Substance whereof there shall be visible the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any Device or Distinction peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper so from time to time used by the said Commissioners; or any Person, not being authorized or appointed as aforesaid, shall use any Art, Device, Mystery or Contrivance to cause or procure, or knowingly aid or assist in causing or procuring to appear in the Substance of any Paper whatsoever the Words "Stamp Office," or the greater Part of such Words, or any such Device or Distinction peculiar to and appearing in the Substance of the Paper which shall be so used by the said Commissioners of Stamps, every Person so offending in any of the said cases, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall for such Offence be adjudged a Felon, and shall be transported for the term of his or her Life.

Felony.

Writing to cover the Stamps that they may not be applicable to any other Deed.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That all matters and things in respect whereof any of the said Stamp Duties shall be payable, shall be written or printed or written and printed in such manner (and printed or written in Part or entirely before being stamped shall be so stamped) that some Part of the Writing or Printing thereof shall be on the Stamps or Marks which shall in pursuance of any Act or Acts then in force be placed on the Vellum or Parchment or Paper thereof, and such Writing or Printing shall from thence be so continued in the usual Form of writing, printing or engrossing Deeds or Writings, so that no blank Space shall be left whereby such Stamp might be made applicable to any other Deed or Instrument whatsoever, upon Pain that the Person who shall so write, engross or print or stamp, or cause to be written, engrossed or printed or stamped any

any such Writing, matter or thing contrary to the true Intent and meaning hereof, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds. Penalty.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Public Officer shall in any case be entitled to or be allowed Credit in Account either by the Commissioners of Civil or Military Accounts, or in any other way, or on any Occasion whatsoever, for any Sum or Sums whatsoever as paid to or for the Use of any Public Officer, Servant or Pensioner, for or on account of any Salary, Profit, Emolument, Fee, Reward or Pension, unless such Payment shall be vouched by a Receipt for the same duly stamped, where a Stamp shall be required by Law. Payment of Salaries to Public Officers vouched by stamped Receipts.

LV. And be it further enacted, That no Playing Cards or Dice shall be uttered, vended, sold or exposed to Sale, or played with, or shall be kept by any Person with Intent to utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale, or play with the same, which shall not be duly sealed, marked and stamped respectively, according to Law, upon Pain that every Person who shall utter, vend, sell or expose to Sale, or knowingly play with, or have in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, any such Cards or Dice which shall not be so sealed, marked or stamped, shall forfeit for every such Pack of Cards, or for every such Die so uttered, vended, sold or exposed to Sale, or played with, or so in his or her Possession with Intent to utter, vend, sell or play with the same, the Sum of Five Pounds. Cards and Dice exposed to Sale to be duly stamped.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall engross, write or print, or cause to be engrossed, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed upon any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, any Instrument, Writing or thing for which such Vellum, Parchment or Paper ought, according to the Laws which shall be then in force, to have a Stamp or Mark denoting the Payment of any Stamp Duty, or shall utter, issue, accept, receive or knowingly have in his or her Possession, any Vellum, Parchment or Paper, having such Instrument, Writing, matter or thing engrossed, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed thereon, such Vellum, Parchment or Paper being then not duly marked or stamped with such Mark or Stamp as shall be by Law required for such Instrument, Writing, matter or thing, at the time of so engrossing, writing or printing the same, or being marked or stamped for any lower Duty or Duties than the Duty or Duties which shall be then by Law payable thereon in respect of the matter or thing so engrossed, written or printed thereon, or being marked or stamped with any Mark or Stamp which shall have been previously used for any other Purpose, such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and in case any Person or Persons shall at any time file or cause to be filed in any Court of Law or Equity any Pleading, Affidavit or other Proceeding, matter or thing whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, and there shall not be any time expressly allowed by Law for stamping the same after the filing thereof, and that such Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, matter or thing shall not at the time of filing thereof be duly stamped, then and in every such case every Person who shall so file the same, or cause the same to be filed, and also every Officer of such Court who shall receive the same, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Persons not to engross, or have in their Possession, Instruments without the proper Stamps.
Penalty.
Law Proceedings not to be filed without the proper Stamps.
Twenty

Penalty.

Officers entrusted to write Records, &c. defrauding the Revenue.

Twenty Pounds; and in case any Clerk, Officer or other Person who in respect of any Office or Employment is or shall be entitled to make, engross or write any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, which shall be then chargeable a Stamp Duty under or by virtue of any Act or Acts which be then existing or in force in *Ireland*, or to issue any Process, or file any Proceedings, or to do any Act in the Execution of an Office with respect to any Article, matter or thing chargeable by any such Duty, shall be guilty of any Fraud, Practice or Neglect by means whereof His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, may be defrauded of any such Duty by making, engrossing or writing any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, or by causing the same to be made, engrossed or written upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper not duly marked or stamped according to such Laws or Acts shall be then existing and in force, or upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper marked or stamped with any Mark, Stamp or Impression which he shall know to be counterfeited, or by engrossing or writing any such Record, Deed, Instrument or other Writing upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper which shall be marked or stamped for a lower Duty than the Duty which shall be then by Law payable for the same, or by neglecting to do any thing required by him to be done in the Execution of his Office, or by doing any thing contrary to the Duty of his Office in relation to any Stamp Duty or Duties, then and in every such case, such Clerk, Officer or Person so guilty of any such Fraud, Practice or Neglect shall, for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and if any Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing whatsoever, on which any such Stamp is shall be by Law charged and made payable by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, shall, contrary to the true Intent and meaning of this Act, be written or engrossed by any Person or Persons whatsoever, not being a known Clerk or Officer who in respect of an Office or Employment is or shall be entitled to the making, writing or engrossing the same upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or marked or stamped according to Law, or shall be written or engrossed upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked or stamped for a lower Duty than is by Law payable thereon, (except under the Rules, Regulations and Directions in this Act contained,) then and in every such case there shall be due and paid to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every such Deed, Instrument or Writing, over and above the Stamp Duty charged and payable thereon by Law the Sum of Ten Pounds; and no such Entry, Record, Deed, Instrument or Writing shall be pleaded or given in Evidence in any Court, or admitted in any Court, or by any Person, to be good, useful or available in Law or in Equity, until as well such Stamp Duty, as the said Sum of Ten Pounds, shall be first paid to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, and a Receipt produced for the same, under the Hand or Hands of some Officer appointed to receive the Duties of Stamps, nor until the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, on which such Record, Entry, Deed or Instrument or Writing shall be written or made, shall be marked or stamped with the proper Stamp or Mark to denote the Duty payable thereon; and the proper Officer or Officers are hereby enjoined and required, upon Payment or Tender of such Duty and the Sum of Ten Pounds unto him or them, to give a Receipt for the same

Penalty.

Such Records, &c. when written by other Persons than known Officers to pay a certain Sum besides the Duty.

Officer on Payment, &c. of Duty and to give a Receipt.

and to mark or stamp such Vellum, Parchment or Paper with the Mark or Stamp proper for such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing respectively.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer in any Court or Public Office in *Ireland*, who shall usually act in Person in such matters, and the known Deputy of any Officer who shall not usually so act, in whose Office any Pleading, Affidavit, Proceeding, matter or thing shall have been received, shall, as to the Purposes of this Act, be deemed and taken to have received the same; and that every Clerk, Officer or other Person as aforesaid, who shall make, engross or write, or cause to be made, engrossed or written, any such Record, Entry, Deed, Instrument or Writing, upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, marked or stamped with any Mark, or Stamp, or Impression which shall be counterfeited, shall, in any Proceeding for the Recovery of the Penalty in that respect aforesaid, be deemed and taken to have known such Mark, Stamp or Impression to be counterfeited, unless he shall prove that the same was bought at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or at the Office of some Distributor or Sub Distributor of Stamps, or in the Office or Shop of a Person duly licensed to sell Stamps.

Officers in Courts or Offices engrossing Records, &c. on counterfeited Stamps, deemed to have known the same, unless they prove they were bought at the Stamp Office, &c.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, for the Purpose of evading any of the Stamp Duties which shall at any time be payable under any Act or Acts then in force in *Ireland*, execute any stamped Instrument without a Date, or bearing Date prior to such Execution thereof, or shall fraudulently erase or scrape out, or cause to be erased or scraped out the Name or Names of any Person or Persons, or any Date, Sum or thing engrossed or written in such Instrument, matter or thing as aforesaid, or if any Person shall fraudulently cut, tear or take off any Mark or Stamp from any Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, or any Part thereof, with Intent to use such Mark or Stamp for any other Writing, matter or thing in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be then payable, then and in every of the said cases every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds; and any Deed, Instrument or Writing, wherein any of the said Frauds shall have been committed in order to make the same appear to be duly stamped shall be deemed not to have been duly stamped; provided nevertheless, that if any Deed or Instrument shall have been duly executed by any of the Parties thereto, on the Day when the same bears Date, such Deed or Instrument may be lawfully executed at any time afterwards by the other Parties thereto, or any of them, notwithstanding any intervening Change in the Stamp Duty or Duties payable on such Deed or Instrument, if the same shall have been duly stamped at the time of such prior Execution thereof, and such Deed or Instrument shall, in such case, be deemed to be duly stamped.

Evading Duty by falsifying Dates, erasing Names, taking off Stamps.

Penalty. Deeds considered as not stamped. Proviso.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Person who shall apply to be sworn or admitted an Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer in any Court in *Ireland*, in respect of whose Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable; or a Student in the King's Inns, or to the Degree of a Barrister in the said King's Inns, shall, previous to being so sworn or admitted, produce and deliver to the proper Officer, to whom he shall apply to be so admitted, a Certificate, signed under the Hand or Hands of some Person appointed for that Purpose

Certificates of Duty being paid to be produced on Advocates, Attornies, &c. applying for Admissions.

Persons granting
such Certificates
to keep Books.

Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps for the time being, stating that such Person has paid such Duty as shall be then by Law payable on or in respect of such Admission, and stating the Amount of such Duty; which Certificate shall remain in the Custody of such Officer, to be used and disposed of as hereinafter mentioned; and that every such Officer shall keep Two Books, in each of which the Names of all Persons who, after the Commencement of this Act, shall be admitted by him as aforesaid, together with the Amount of the Stamp Duty paid by every such Person, according to such Certificate, shall be fairly written in due and regular Order; and such Officer shall, Four times in every Year, on the Second *Monday* in *January*, the Second *Monday* in *April*, the Second *Monday* in *July*, and the Second *Monday* in *October*, deliver or cause to be delivered, between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon and Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, if such Admission shall take place in the County or County of the City of *Dublin*, to such Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps, and if such Admission shall take place in any other Part of *Ireland*, then to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District such Admission shall take place, at the Office of such Distributor, one of the said Books, with the Names of all Persons so admitted, and the Sums paid by them as aforesaid, so written therein, together with all the said Certificates so delivered by the several Persons, if any, who shall have been so admitted in the Quarter of a Year ending on the Quarter Day preceding the Delivery of such Book; and every such Distributor shall forthwith transmit to the Stamp Office in *Dublin* every such Book, together with the Certificates so delivered to him therewith; and every such Book, which shall be so delivered at or transmitted to the said Stamp Office in *Dublin*, shall be forthwith examined by an Officer appointed for that Purpose, and shall be compared with the Certificates accompanying the same; and if they shall be found to agree, then such Officer shall certify at the Foot of the Names then entered in such Book, the Number of Admissions appearing therein for the last Quarter, and that the proper Stamp Duty has been paid thereon; and thereupon such Books shall be stamped with One or more Stamp or Stamps denoting the Payment of such Duty, and shall be returned without any unnecessary Delay to the proper Officer of such Court.

Distributor to
transmit Books
to Stamp Office
in Dublin.

Duty of Registrar of
Chancery.

LX. And be it further enacted, That in the Court of Chancery the proper Officer for keeping such Books, and for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be the Registrar of the said Court or his Deputy.

Apprentices to
Attornies, &c. to
obtain like Cer-
tificates of Du-
ties having been
paid.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be bound an Apprentice to any Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public in *Ireland*, shall in like manner obtain from some Person appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps a written Certificate of having paid the Duty which shall be by Law payable on such Indenture of Apprenticeship at the time of executing the same, which Certificate shall be lodged with the proper Officer of the Court in which such Indentures shall be enrolled, or of the Court or One of the Courts to which the Master of such Apprentice shall belong, or in case of Notaries, with the Registrar of the Court of Prerogative; and the Officer or Officers of such Court is and are hereby required to take charge of and keep such Certificate, so that the same may and shall be produced and read in open Court before any such Person shall

shall be admitted to be an Attorney, Proctor or Notsry, and shall be produced to a Master of the Court of Chancery in *Ireland* before any such Person shall be admitted and sworn a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery as aforesaid.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That no Person in respect of whose Admission any Stamp Duty shall be payable shall be capable of practising or acting as an Advocate, Proctor, Attorney, Solicitor, Clerk or other Officer in any Court whatsoever in *Ireland*, nor admitted to the Privilege of a Student, or to act as a Barrister, under or by virtue of any Admission made after the Commencement of this Act, nor shall any such Admission be valid or effectual, unless his Name shall appear so written in the said Books required by this Act to be kept as aforesaid, or in such of them as shall from time to time be in the Possession of the proper Officer, and shall be duly stamped as aforesaid; and that no such Officer shall deliver the same Book in Two successive Quarters, but that one of the said Books shall be delivered as aforesaid in *January* and in *July*, and the other of the said Books in *April* and *October*, so as that such of the said Books as shall from time to time remain in the Hands of the proper Officer shall appear to have been inspected and stamped at the Stamp Office in its Turn.

Advocates, Attornies, &c. not permitted to act unless their Names written in Books kept by the proper Officer for granting Certificates.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Books shall be kept so as to agree as nearly as possible with each other, and that whenever any such Book shall be returned from the Stamp Office as aforesaid to the proper Officer, such Officer shall forthwith cause to be fairly and regularly entered therein the Names of all Persons admitted while such Book was out of his Possession, so as to correspond in that respect with the other of the said Books which remained in his Possession; and if any such Officer shall neglect or omit so to deliver or cause to be delivered any such Book as aforesaid, together with such Certificates conformable thereto, at the times and in manner hereinbefore required, or shall omit to make an Entry of any Admission in any such Book as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and if such Officer shall wilfully deface or destroy any such Book, or make any false Entry therein, or shall, without the Order of the Court or other competent Authority, erase or alter any Entry therein, or shall knowingly permit or suffer any of the said matters to be done, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Duty of Officer in keeping such Books.

Penalty.
Erasing, &c.

Penalty.
Attornies to practise only in the Court in which admitted.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Attorney shall practise in his own Name or in the Name of any other Attorney, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Law, or in any Court of Record whatsoever in *Ireland*, in which Attornies are admitted, except only in such Court or Courts in which he shall actually have been admitted and sworn an Attorney, on Pain of the Person so practising being rendered incapable of being sworn or practising as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in *Ireland*; and every Attorney who shall so practise in any Court in which he shall not have been admitted and sworn an Attorney, shall be disabled from recovering the Costs of any Proceedings carried on by him in any Court.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That every Person admitted, sworn, enrolled and registered as a Solicitor or Attorney, or as a Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in any of His Majesty's Courts in *Dublin*, or in any Ecclesiastical Court or in any Court of Admiralty

Attornies, &c. to deliver annually at Stamp Office, a Note of Residence and stating whether

they have been admitted Three Years or not, and on paying Duty entitled to Certificate.

in *Ireland*, or in any other Court in *Ireland* holding Plea, where Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings or more, shall ally, before he shall commence, carry on or defend any Action, or Proceeding whatsoever in any of the said Courts, deliver or to be delivered to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to Officer or Officers appointed by them for that Purpose at the Office in *Dublin*, a Paper or Note in Writing, containing the usual Place of Residence of such Person, and stating whether he has been so admitted Three Years or not; and thereupon and the Payment of the Duties which shall then be by Law imposed on such Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, according to the time he has been admitted, as stated in such Paper or Note in Writing, every such Person shall be entitled to a Certificate duly stamped to denote the Payment of the said Duty by him, describing him on such Certificate according to the Description contained in the Note so given in by him, which Certificate the said Commissioners or such Person or Persons as shall be appointed by them for that Purpose, shall cause to be immediately issued under the Hand and Name of the proper Officer, in such manner and Form as the said Commissioners shall devise.

Such Certificates in force till 6th January.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That every such Certificate issued to any Solicitor or Attorney, Proctor, Agent or Procurator under the Directions of this Act, shall bear Date on the Day on which the same shall be issued, and shall commence and be of force from and from the Day of issuing the same, or on and from the Sixth Day of *January* next following, according as the Person obtaining the same shall desire, and every such Certificate shall cease and determine on the Sixth Day of *January* next after the Day on which the same shall so commence and be of force.

Annual Certificates to be produced in Court and entered in a Book.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That every annual Certificate so to be obtained as aforesaid shall be produced in every Court in which the Person described therein shall be admitted, enrolled, sworn or registered, to some Officer or Officers of the said Court, to be appointed for that Purpose by the Judges of the said Courts respectively, before such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall be permitted to practise as aforesaid, and every such Officer so to be appointed shall, and he is hereby required from time to time upon the Production of such annual Certificate duly stamped, and upon the Payment of the Fee of One Shilling, to enter in its Order alphabetically the Name of the Person described in such annual Certificate, together with the Place of such his Residence, and the time he has been admitted as aforesaid, and the Date of such annual Certificate, and for what time the same is to be in force, in a Book or Roll to be prepared for that Purpose, to all which Books or Rolls in the said Courts respectively, all Persons shall and may at all reasonable times have free Access without Fee or Reward.

Fee.

Access to such Book, &c. without Fee.

No Attorney, &c. to carry on any Proceeding in any Court till annual Certificate is obtained and entered, &c.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall in his own Name, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons sue out any Writ or Process, or commence, prosecute, carry on or defend any Action or Suit or any Proceeding as an Attorney or Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator in any of the Courts aforesaid, without having obtained such annual Certificate which shall be then in force, or without having caused the matters therein stated to be entered in such Court in such manner as hereinbefore is directed,

or shall deliver in to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, or to the Officer to be appointed by them for the Purpose of issuing, granting or registering such annual Certificate, any false or fictitious Place of Residence, or any false or fictitious Statement of his having been admitted an Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, or of the time when he shall have been so admitted, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be and is hereby made incapable to maintain or prosecute any Action or Suit in any Court of Law or Equity, for the Recovery of any Fee, Reward or Disbursement, on account of prosecuting, carrying on or defending any such Action, Suit or Proceeding.

Penalty.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That every Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in whose Name, either singly or together with that of any other Person or Persons, any Writ or Process shall be sued out, or any Action, Suit or Proceeding shall be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended in any of the said Courts, shall on any Trial or Hearing whatsoever for or relating to any Penalty or other matter under this Act, or any Act or Acts in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of Stamp Duties, be deemed and taken to have so sued out such Writ or Process, or to have so commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended such Action, Suit or Proceeding, unless previous to such Trial or Hearing such Writ, Process or Proceeding shall have been set aside by the Court on Examination into the Facts on Oath (which such Court is hereby required to do in such case), and not by Consent as having been so sued out, commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended without the Direction, Privity or Permission of the Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, in whose Name such Writ or Process shall be sued out, or such Action, Suit or Proceeding shall have been commenced, carried on or defended.

Proof of Attorney's acting in Court.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer of any Court whatsoever shall suffer any Writ or Process to be issued or sued out, or any Action or Suit to be commenced, prosecuted, carried on or defended, or any Proceeding had or taken in or from his Office in the Name of any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator, either singly or together with any other Person or Persons, unless such Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent or Procurator shall have previously obtained such annual Certificate as aforesaid, which shall be then in force, and shall have caused the matters therein stated to be entered in such Court as aforesaid, and if any such Officer shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of such Penalty to prove that any such Officer was himself personally concerned in any of the matters aforesaid, but it shall be sufficient that such Offence was committed in his Office or Department.

Officer suffering Writ to be sued out in Name of any Attorney unless he has obtained his Certificate.

Penalty.

LXXI. And be it further enacted, That every Appearance of or for any Defendant or Defendants in the Court of Chancery in *Ireland* shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, in a Book to be there kept for that Purpose; and that any Appearance in any other Office, or in any other manner, shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that such Registrar, as also the proper Officer in whose Office any such Appearance shall be

Appearances for Defendants in Chancery entered by Registrar.

Fee to Registrar and Officer in other Courts where Appearances are entered.

entered in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or in any of the Courts of Common Law or Ecclesiastical Courts in *Ireland*, shall for every such Appearance receive the Sum of Five pence, and no more, and shall thereupon without farther Charge give a Certificate of such Appearance, which Certificate shall be annexed to and filed, together with the First Answer, Plea, Demurrer or other Pleading of what nature or kind soever, which shall be thereafter put in such Cause by or on behalf of the Party so appearing; and if any such Answer, Plea, Demurrer or other Pleading shall be filed without having such Certificate annexed thereto, then any Officer receiving or filing the same shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Conveyances and Deeds to be prepared only by certain Persons obtaining Certificates:

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall, for or in Expectation of any Fee, Gain or Reward, directly or indirectly, draw or prepare any Conveyance of or Deed relating to any Real or Personal Estate, or any Proceedings in Law or Equity, other than and except Serjeants at Law and Barristers, and also Solicitors, Attornies, Notaries, Proctors or Procurators, having obtained regular Certificates as such, and Persons having taken out the Certificates mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, for drawing or preparing any of the said matters in Expectation of any Fee or Reward, and other than and except Persons solely employed to engross any Deed, Instrument or other Proceedings not drawn or prepared by themselves and for their own Account respectively, and other than and except public Officers drawing or preparing Official Instruments applicable to their respective Offices and in the course of their Duty, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Person or Persons drawing or preparing any Will or other Testamentary Paper, or any Agreement not under Seal, or any Letter of Attorney.

Penalty.

Proviso for Persons drawing Wills, &c.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That a Memorandum of every Petition to or in the Court of Chancery, or to the Lord Chancellor, or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal in *Ireland*, in any Cause or matter whatsoever, shall, before delivering the same to the Secretary of the Lord Chancellor or Lords Commissioners of the Great Seal, or to the Person then acting as such Secretary, or on his behalf, be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, for which Entry such Registrar shall receive a Fee of One Shilling, and no more; and such Registrar shall thereupon certify at the Foot of such Petition that the same is so entered; and if such Secretary, or any Person acting as or on behalf of such Secretary, shall receive any such Petition without such Certificate at the Foot thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and any Order made on such Petition shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Memorandums of Petitions in the Court of Chancery to be entered in Registrar's Office.

Fee.

Penalty.

Memorandums of Petitions in the Court of Exchequer to be entered in Philazer's Office.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That a Memorandum of any Petition in or to the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland* shall, before delivering the same to the proper Officer of the said Court, be entered in the Office of the Philazer in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose, for which Entry such Philazer shall receive a Fee of One Shilling and no more; and such Philazer shall thereupon certify at the Foot of such Petition that the same is so entered; and if such Officer, or any Person acting as or on behalf of such Officer, shall receive any such

such Petition without such Certificate at the Foot thereof, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, and any Order made on such Petition shall be null and void to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Penalty.

LXXV. And be it further enacted, That for the entering of any such Petition in either of the said Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, or for any Attendance for the Purpose of such Entry, no Charge whatsoever shall be made by any Six Clerk, Attorney or Solicitor, nor shall any Sum be received for the same, save only the Amount of the Duty actually paid thereon.

No Charge to be made by any Six Clerk, &c. except for Stamp Duty.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Six Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney or Solicitor, or any Proctor in any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court in *Ireland*, or any other Person whatsoever, shall charge to or receive from the Plaintiff or Defendant, Promovant or Impugnant in any Suit, or to or from any other Person whatsoever on any Occasion, the Amount of any Stamp Duty, and shall not have actually made use of, or issued, or filed the Warrant, Writ, Monition, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding for which such Charge shall be made or such Amount shall be received duly stamped with the Duty which shall be payable thereon at the time of so using, issuing or filing the same, such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person shall charge to or receive from any Plaintiff or Defendant, Promovant or Impugnant or other Person, any Sum as and for the Cost, Expence or Charge of or for any Warrant, Writ, Monition, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding, every such Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor or other Person, shall be deemed and taken to have included in such Charge, and to have thereby charged to or received from such Person the Amount of the proper Stamp Duty on such Warrant, Writ, Monition, Process, Pleading, Rule, Order, Record, Instrument or Proceeding.

Charging Stamp Duty and not filing Proceedings for which Charge is made.

Penalty.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Bill of Costs shall be taxed in any of His Majesty's Courts of Chancery or Exchequer in *Ireland*, in which there shall be any Charge or Charges for drawing or for ingrossing on Parchment any Bills, Answers or other Equity Pleadings in the said Courts respectively, which shall be engrossed or written or filed in either of the said Courts, the Officer who shall tax such Bill of Costs shall tax the Charges for drawing and engrossing such Bills, Answers and other Pleadings respectively, so as not to exceed the usual Charge by the Skin, according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on such Pleadings respectively; and such Officer, if the Bill of Costs to be taxed be in a Cause in the Court of Chancery, shall signify at the Foot of such Bill of Costs that the Number and Amount of the Stamps appearing on the Pleadings mentioned therein hath been certified to him by the Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or his Deputy; and if such Bill of Costs be in a Cause in the Court of Exchequer, the Officer who shall tax the same shall signify at the Foot of such Bill that he hath inspected the Engrossments of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs; and in case such Officer respectively who shall tax such Bill of Costs as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to apply to the Clerk of the Rolls for such Certificate

Taxing of Bills of Costs, how to be proceeded in.

Officer offending.

cate as aforesaid, or to inspect the Engrossments of the Pleadings mentioned in such Bill of Costs, or shall neglect or refuse to tax Charges for drawing or engrossing such Bills, Answers or other Pleadings in manner hereinbefore directed respectively, every such Officer so neglecting or refusing respectively as aforesaid shall forfeit every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Ten Pounds; and in case the Master or Keeper of the Rolls of the Court of Chancery, or Deputy, shall neglect or refuse to inspect the Number and Amount of Stamps appearing on every such Pleading as aforesaid, or to certify the same to the proper Officer of such Court, upon being applied to by him for that Purpose, or if any of the Officers aforesaid shall certify any thing false, such Master or Keeper of the Rolls, his Deputy or other Officer, shall for every such Neglect or Refusal or Falsehood, forfeit in like manner the Sum of Ten Pounds; which said several Forfeitures, together with the Costs of recovering the same, shall be enforced in a summary way upon Motion by Order of the said Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, upon Complaint made to them respectively against any Officer who shall be guilty of any such Neglect, Refusal or Misconduct, and shall enure to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Penalty.

Master of the Rolls or Deputy neglecting, &c. to inspect Amount of Stamps and certify same.

Penalty.

Duty on Office Copies of Private Acts, on Bills, Pleadings and Decrees in Chancery, and on Inrolments, how to be paid.

Entry in Book kept at Stamp Office.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Stamp Duties and Duty which shall be payable for and in respect of any Office Copy of any Private Act of Parliament, or of any Bill, Answer or other Pleading, Deposition or Depositions, Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Decree in any Court of Equity in Ireland, of any Inrolment of any Letters Patent, Grant, Deed or other matter whatsoever, which is or shall be inrolled in the Rolls Office in Ireland which shall be issued after the Commencement of this Act, shall be paid and payable in manner hereinafter mentioned, and no other that is to say, such Office Copy shall be written on Paper not stamped with any Stamp whatsoever, and when and as soon as the same shall be ready for Attestation or Delivery respectively, the proper Officer for attesting or delivering out the same respectively shall cause the same respectively to be carried to the Stamp Office, and there delivered to such Person as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Stamps; and thereupon such Person shall carefully examine every such Office Copy respectively, and shall certify on the Back thereof respectively the Amount of the Stamp Duty then payable by Law thereon respectively, and the Double Stamp Duty so payable in the case of Office Copies of any Deposition or Depositions if the same shall be required, and also the Number of Skins, Sheets or Words in every such Office Copy respectively, and in respect whereof so many Stamp or Stamps or Double Stamps shall be so marked, and shall, in a Book or Books to be kept for that Purpose, make Entry thereof to remain in the said Stamp Office, and the Amount of such Stamp Duty shall and may be thereupon paid to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties by the Officer or Person producing such Office Copy at the Stamp Office, and the said Receiver General shall give a Certificate of such Payment, and upon the Delivery of such Certificate to the Person so appointed by the Commissioners of Stamps as aforesaid, he shall cause some Part or Parts of such Office Copy to be stamped with One or more Stamps, expressive of the Amount of Stamp Duty so paid, and shall then send the said Office Copy so stamped

back to the proper Officer for attesting or delivering out any such Office Copy or Copies respectively.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer of any such Court of Equity in *Ireland* shall omit or neglect to send or carry any such Copy to the said Stamp Office, or to deliver or cause to be delivered the same to the Person who shall be so then appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps, or if any such Officer of such Court of Equity shall attest or permit to be attested or delivered out, or permit to be delivered out any such Office Copy of any such Private Act of Parliament, Bill, Answer, Pleading, Deposition or Depositions, Interrogatory or Interrogatories, Decree or Inrolment, which shall not have been so duly stamped, every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Officers not sending such Office Copies to be stamped.

Penalty.

LXXX. And be it further enacted, That every such Officer of every Court of Equity in *Ireland* acting in pursuance of this Act, shall be entitled to an Allowance at the Rate of One Pound Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds out of the Duty so paid by him; and it shall not be lawful for any such Officer, or any Person employed by him, to ask, demand or receive any Fee, Profit or Reward, for or in consideration of any of the said matters so required by this Act to be done by him, or any other Benefit thereon whatsoever, save only the said Per Centage; and if any such Officer or any Person employed by him or acting on his behalf, in any of the said matters, shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Allowance of 1l. 10s. for every 100l. out of the Duty paid by such Officer.

LXXXI. And be it further enacted, That any Charge in any Bill of Costs for drawing, copying or engrossing any Deed or Deeds, executed after the Commencement of this Act, shall be taxed and allowed so as not to exceed the usual Charge by the Skip, calculated according to the Number and Amount of the Stamps actually appearing on the Vellum, Parchment or Paper on which the whole of such Deed or Deeds shall be respectively engrossed; and in order to enable the taxing Officer so to tax any such Charge, there shall be produced to him, at the time of such Taxation, each and every such original Deed, or a Certificate of such Officer as shall be appointed for that Purpose, by the said Commissioners at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or of the Distributor of Stamps of the District in which such Deed shall have been executed, certifying that such Officer or Distributor hath inspected such Deed, and stating the Number and Amount of the Stamp or Stamps actually appearing thereon, and giving in such Certificate such Description of such Deed as shall be sufficient to identify the same, for which Certificate every such Officer or Distributor shall be entitled to the Sum of Sixpence and no more; and if any such Officer or Distributor respectively shall refuse or neglect to grant such Certificate on Demand and Production of such Deed or Deeds, or shall certify any thing false therein, or if any such taxing Officer shall tax the Costs of drawing, copying or engrossing any such Deed in any other manner save as aforesaid, then and in any of the said cases every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

In taxing Bills of Costs Deeds to be inspected by the proper Officer.

Certificate of Officer.

Officer neglecting to grant Certificate.

Penalty.

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to the Charge to be made for engrossing any Bill, Answer or other Pleading in Equity, or any Deed, the whole Contents of which shall not amount

Proviso for certain Pleadings or Deeds.

amount to the number of Two thousand one hundred and sixty Words.

Copies of Affidavits read in Court, how to be reckoned.

LXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the Copy of any Affidavit which shall be read in any Court whatever in *Ireland* shall be engrossed or written in such manner as that the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper shall not be deemed more than One Sheet, according to the manner in which the Officers of the Courts in which such Affidavit shall be respectively filed charge by the Sheet for such Affidavit; and if any Officer of any Court shall charge or demand for the Quantity of Writing contained in any One Sheet or Piece of Paper on which any Copy of such Affidavit shall be written, more than the Fees to which he would be entitled for One Sheet, according to the Course of the Court in which such Affidavit shall be filed, he shall for every such Charge so made or demanded forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds, with Treble Costs of Suit.

Officer charging unduly.

Penalty.

Every Side stamped to be deemed a separate Sheet.

LXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That where more than One Side or Page of any Sheet of Paper shall be stamped or marked with the Duties which shall then be by Law charged on the Paper on which such Copy of an Affidavit shall be written, each Side or Page so marked or stamped shall be deemed a separate Sheet or Piece of Paper within the Intent and meaning of this Act, and of every Act in force from time to time for the Imposing, Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty, unless the contrary shall be expressly declared.

Proceedings in Courts to be written as they have been usually accustomed.

LXXXV. And be it further enacted, That all Records, Writs, Pleadings and other Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity, and Ecclesiastical Courts, Courts of Admiralty, and all other Courts in *Ireland*, and all Office Copies thereof respectively, which shall from time to time be charged with any Stamp Duty, shall be engrossed or written in such manner as they usually have been accustomed to be written, save as is or may be otherwise provided by Law.

Attested Copies of Interrogatories or Depositions given in Evidence on behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendant respectively to be doubly stamped.

LXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That every attested Copy of any Interrogatory or Interrogatories, or Deposition or Depositions in the Court of Chancery or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, shall be signed by the Examiners of the said Courts respectively, and every such Examiner shall state and appoint in Writing at the Foot of every such attested Copy, whether the same is to be read by or on the Part of the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or by or on the Part of the Defendant or Defendants in the Suit in which such Interrogatories or Depositions shall have been taken; and it shall not be lawful for any such Plaintiff to read or give in Evidence any Copy of such Interrogatories or Depositions which shall be so appointed to be read on behalf of any Defendant in such Suit, nor for any Defendant to read or give in Evidence any such Copy which shall be appointed to be so read on behalf of any Plaintiff or Complainant, unless the same respectively shall be stamped with a Second Set of Stamps equal to the First Stamps imposed thereon, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and every such Examiner shall give such attested Copy, doubly stamped, to any Party requiring the same, and offering to pay for the same the Amount of such Second Set of Stamps in addition to the usual Charge.

Officer neglecting Inspection of such Copies.

LXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Deposition shall be entered as read on behalf of any Plaintiff or Defendant respectively

ively until the Officer entering the same shall have inspected the Copy from which the same was so read, and have seen that the same was either doubly stamped or duly appointed as aforesaid to be read for the Party so desiring to enter the same, and if any such Officer shall offend herein he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; and if any Six Clerk in the Court of Chancery, or any Attorney in the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, shall read on behalf of any Plaintiff any Copy so appointed to be read on the Part of any Defendant or Defendants, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, or shall read on behalf of any Defendant any Copy appointed to be read on the Part of any Plaintiff, the same not being doubly stamped as aforesaid, any such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; provided nevertheless, that it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Court that the Party seeking to read any Copy of any such Depositions did *bona fide* take out a Copy of such Depositions duly stamped, but that the same hath been lost or mislaid, it shall and may be lawful for such Court to order that the Copy of the opposite Party may be read, and thereupon such Copy shall and may be read and entered in the same manner to all Intents and Purposes as if such Copy so ordered to be read was doubly stamped.

Penalty.
Six Clerk, &c.
reading same in
Evidence not
being doubly
stamped.

Penalty.

LXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in *Ireland* shall make out, attest or deliver any Office Copy of any Pleading or Proceeding of any Nature or Kind whatever in such Court, such Officer shall, in the Book in which Entry shall be made of such Pleading or Proceeding, mark in Figures the Number of Office Sheets of which such Copy shall consist, and shall in like manner mark on the Back of every such Copy the Number of Office Sheets contained therein; and if such Officer shall neglect or omit so to do, he shall for every such Neglect or Omission forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Office Copies to
have the Number
of Sheets marked
on the Back.

Penalty.

LXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act no Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or of any Public Office in *Ireland*, shall give or deliver, or cause or permit to be given or delivered to any Person or Persons whomsoever, any Copy or Extract of any Record, Pleading, Proceeding or Document filed or remaining in such Court or Office, save and except Copy or Extract written on Vellum, Parchment or Paper duly stamped in such manner as shall be then by Law required for such Copy or Extract; and that no such Officer shall permit any Person whatsoever to write or take down in Writing any Copy of any such Pleading, Proceeding, Record or Document, unless such Person shall so write or take down the same on Paper, Parchment or Vellum duly stamped, in such manner as shall be then by Law required for an Office Copy; and if any such Officer shall give or deliver or attest, or shall knowingly cause or permit to be given or delivered or attested any such Copy or Extract, or permit any such Copy to be written as aforesaid contrary to the Directions of this Act, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

Officer giving a
Copy or Extract
of any Proceed-
ing without the
proper Stamp.

Penalty.

XC. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case it shall happen that any Person shall require that any Copy of any Record, Document, Proceeding, matter or thing whatsoever, which shall have been made and attested by the proper Officer of any Court,

Copies of Pro-
ceedings requir-
ing a Second
Attestation to
have also the
proper Stamp.

Court, shall be again attested by the proper Officer, and in resp of which attested Copy any Stamp Duty shall be payable greater Amount than was paid or payable at the time of such former Atte tion, it shall and may be lawful to and for the proper Officer again to attest such Copy if the same shall have thereon due a lawful Stamps to the Amount of the Duty payable thereon at t time of such Request, although any such Copy may have been b fore attested by the proper Officer for the time being, and althoug such Stamps, or any of them, shall have been on such Copy at th time of such former Attestation, and may have been the Stamps e Stamp in respect whereof such former Attestation was made, an every Copy so attested on Stamps to the proper Amount respect ively shall be deemed to be duly stamped to all Intents and Purposes and if any Copy of any such Record, Document, Proceeding, mat ter or thing, having any Stamps thereon, shall be brought to the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, to be further stamped, then and in every such case, if such Copy shall appear to have been previously attested, and to have had any Stamp or Stamps thereon at the time of such previous Attestation, such other and further Stamps shall be im pressed thereon as shall be required by the Person so bringing the same, such Person first paying the Amount of such Stamps; and in such case the Officer to whom the same shall be produced at the said Stamp Office shall draw a Line across such former Attestation, and shall write the Initials of his Name, and the Date of the Month and Year under the same, and thereupon such Copy shall never after be read or used by virtue of such Attestation; nor until such Copy shall be again attested by the proper Officer at some time subsequent to the same being so stamped; and if such Copy so to be brought to such Stamp Office shall not appear to have been previously attest ed, then such Stamp or Stamps as shall be required by the Person bringing the same shall be impressed thereon, he or she first paying the Amount thereof; and if any such Officer as aforesaid shall impress any Stamp on any such Copy so formerly attested, and shall not in manner aforesaid draw a Line across such Attestation and write his Initials under the same as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XCI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer or Clerk belonging or that shall hereafter belong to the Court of King's Bench, Court of Common Pleas or Law Side of the Court of Exchequer, in *Ireland*, who shall sign any Writ or Process before Judgment, to arrest any Person or Persons thereupon, shall at the time of signing thereof set down upon such Writ or Process the Day and Year of signing the same, which shall be entered upon the Remembrancer's Roll or in the Book wherein the Abstract of such Writ or Process shall be entered, upon pain to forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every Offence or Neglect of such Officer or Clerk as aforesaid.

XCII. And be it further enacted, That when any Person what soever shall desire to have any Judgment marked or any other Entry whatsoever made in or upon any Record, Book or Roll of any Court of Justice in *Ireland*, in respect of which Entry any Stamp Duty shall be payable, (save and except where a Certificate of having paid such Stamp Duty shall be required by Law, and shall be produced accordingly,) such Person shall, over and above the Fee, if any, payable for such Entry of such Judgment or other matter, pay to the Officer whom

Copy of Record, &c. being stamped and brought to the Stamp Office in *Dublin* to be further stamped.

Officer to draw a Line across former Attestation.

Penalty.

Writs to arrest how to be entered.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

Officer to pay over Duty payable on Entries in Records, &c. of Courts of Justice.

whom he shall so require to make such Entry, the Amount of such Duty, and such Officer shall afterwards pay over such Duty in manner hereinafter mentioned; and if any such Officer shall make or suffer to be made any such Entry without Production of such Certificate, when required by Law, or without having received the Amount of such Stamp Duty thereon, where such Officer is to receive such Stamp Duty, such Officer shall be responsible for such Duty, and be bound to pay over the same in manner hereinafter provided, in the same manner in all Respects as if he had actually received such Duty.

Penalty.

XCIII. And be it further enacted, That any Officer who shall have the Custody of any Book wherein Judgments shall be entered in *Ireland*, shall keep and have a Duplicate of every such Book wherein all such Entries of Judgments shall be truly copied, and shall, in consideration thereof, be entitled to have and receive from the Person entering any such Judgment, a Fee of Sixpence over and above all other Fees, if any, chargeable thereon.

Duplicate Book of Entries of Judgments to be kept.

Fee.

XCIV. And be it further enacted, That every Officer of every Court of Justice which shall be held or shall sit in the County or County of the City of *Dublin*, having the legal Custody of the several Records, Rolls or Books belonging to such Court respectively or of any of them, wherein any such Entry whatever shall be made relating to the Rules or other Proceedings, Process or Judgments of such Courts, shall within Ten Days after the First Day of each and every Term, produce and bring every Duplicate Book of the Entry of Judgments required to be kept as hereinbefore mentioned, and every original Record, Roll or Book of any of the said other Entries, to some Person to be appointed for that Purpose by the said Commissioners of Stamps at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, and every such Officer so bringing any such Record, Roll or Book, shall insert therein, immediately after the last Entry therein at the time of producing the same, a Certificate duly signed by him, stating the Number of such Entries made thereon or therein, in the Term and Vacation immediately preceding, as are subject by Law to any Stamp Duty or Duties; and every such Officer shall thereupon pay the full Amount of all such Stamp Duties as shall be then by Law payable for or in respect of all such Entries therein respectively; and every such Record, Roll or Book shall thereupon be stamped respectively with some Stamp or Stamps denoting the full Amount of the whole of the Stamp Duties so then paid in respect of the several Entries so made therein respectively in such preceding Term and Vacation; which Stamp or Stamps shall be as few in Number as can conveniently be, to denote the full Payment of the Amount of the said Duties in Pounds, Shillings and Pence, and shall be placed in the same Page or Place on which the Certificate of such Officer shall be written as aforesaid; and if any Officer of the said Courts shall neglect or omit to bring any such Record, Roll or Book, or to furnish such Certificate therein, or pay such Duties as aforesaid, or shall make any false Entry therein or in the Copy thereof, or omit to make any true Entry or Copy in any such Duplicate Book of Judgments, then and in every such case every such Officer shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and in such case, whenever such Record, Roll or Book shall be produced at the said Stamp Office, if such Certificate shall not appear therein, the

Such Duplicate Book of Entries to be produced in Court every Term to be inspected by the proper Officer.

Certificate.

Duty to be paid and Book stamped.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

proper

proper Officer at the said Stamp Office shall himself make a Certificate; and on Payment of the Duties thereby appearing due, the said Record, Roll or Book shall be duly stamped as aforesaid.

In what way Entries of Judgments shall be made to ascertain the Duty.

Blank left for Amount of Costs.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

XCV. And be it further enacted, That whenever any of any Court shall mark any Judgment not Interlocutory, whether for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs or for the Defendant or Defendants or any of them, the Amount of the Sum, if any to be recovered thereby, whether in respect of Debt, Damages or Costs, shall be stated in the said Entry thereof, so far as the same shall be then ascertained, in order that the Stamp Duty payable in respect thereof may be then calculated and paid, and be afterwards accounted for and paid over by such Officer as aforesaid; and if on any such Judgment whether for Plaintiff or Defendant Costs shall be recovered and the Amount of such Costs shall not then be ascertained, the said Blank shall be left for the Amount of such Costs, whether Simple, Double or Treble, and as soon as the said Costs shall be ascertained, and before any Record shall be made up, or Execution issued on such Judgment, such Blank shall be filled up with the Amount of such Costs, and the Person requiring such Entry, if Costs only shall be recovered in such Judgment, shall pay the Stamp Duty in respect of such Amount; and if Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages, also be made recoverable therein, then such Person shall pay the Difference between the Stamp Duty, if any theretofore paid as aforesaid, in respect of such Debt and Damages, or Debt or Damages, and the Duty payable in respect of the whole Amount adjudged; and if by any means such Stamp Duty shall not have been theretofore paid, then the Person requiring such Entry shall pay to such Officer the whole Stamp Duty payable in respect of the entire Sum adjudged, and such Officer shall in any of the said cases fill up the said Duplicate Book, and account for and pay over the Sums received by him in manner aforesaid; and if any such Judgment shall have been so marked or entered, on or previous to the last Day of the Term immediately preceding the filling up of such Blank, by such Officer when he shall be so required to fill up such Blank, or before he shall fill up the same, shall enter a Memorandum thereon in his Book in the same Place as if such Memorandum were a Judgment entered on that Day, and such Memorandum shall state the Amount of such Costs, and shall refer to the Judgment so previously marked and then about to be filled up, so that the same may immediately be found by such Reference, and a Reference to such Memorandum shall also be made in the Margin of such Judgment; and when such Officer shall afterwards certify in the Duplicate of such Book the Amount of the Stamp Duties for the Term and Vacations next preceding as aforesaid, he shall include therein the Duties payable on the filling up of such Blank as aforesaid; and if any Officer shall mark or enter any such Judgment without stating therein the Amount of the Sum recoverable thereby so far as the same shall be then ascertained, or shall issue or suffer to be issued any Execution on any such Judgment, or shall suffer any Record thereof to be made up before full Entry shall have been made of the Sum to be recovered by such Judgment as aforesaid, or shall omit to make such Memorandum as aforesaid, every such Officer so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

XCVI. A

XCVI. And be it further enacted, That all Procefs which shall be entered or obtained to enforce the Appearance or Appearances of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Law or Equity in *Ireland*, or to enforce the Answer or Answers of any Defendant or Defendants in any Court of Equity in *Ireland*, shall be engrossed and made out upon Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, stamped with the Duty which shall be then payable upon such Procefs; and in case the Officer or Officers who shall enter or cause such Procefs to be entered as aforesaid, shall neglect to have such Procefs made out as aforesaid, he and they shall for every such Neglect forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Ten Pounds, which Sum shall be enforced in a summary way upon Motion, by Order of the Court in which such Procefs shall be entered, together with the Costs of so recovering the same.

XCVII. And be it further enacted, That any Writ of Attachment, Alias, Pluries, Proclamation, Commission of Rebellion, Serjeant at Arms or Sequestration, which shall issue in or from the Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, shall be entered in the Office of the Registrar of the said Court, and that such Registrar, and also the proper Officer for entering such Writs in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, shall receive a Fee of Sixpence and no more, for every such Writ which shall be so entered by him, and shall certify such Entry on the Back of such Writ, and that every such Writ shall be so entered and issued before the Return Day thereof and not afterwards; and that none of the said Writs after the said Writ of Attachment shall be so entered or issued, unless all the preceding Writs in the Order aforesaid shall previously have been actually and duly entered and issued as aforesaid; and that no Order, Decree, or Proceeding shall be made or taken in or by either of the said Courts, grounded on any such Writ or Procefs, nor shall such Court take any notice of the Existence of any such Writ, until such Writ and the Certificate of the Entry thereof shall have been produced and read to such Court: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Officers respectively to issue any such Writ or Writs at any time after the Return or Returns thereof respectively, so as the same shall be done under an Order specially made for that Purpose by the Court, either on Consent of Parties or under the particular Circumstances of the case, and that every such Order shall be liable to a Duty equal to the full Amount of all the Stamp Duties payable on each and every Writ which shall or by Possibility may be issued under the Authority thereof; and that in such case any Writ which shall be afterwards issued under such Order shall have a Memorandum written on the Face of such Writ, referring to such Order as the Authority for issuing the same, and signed by the proper Officer for issuing such Writ, and thereupon such Writ shall not be subject to any Stamp Duty; and if any of the aforesaid Writs shall be issued without having been entered in manner hereinbefore required, or without such Memorandum written on the Face thereof, the same shall be void to all Intents and Purposes; and each and every Person concerned in so issuing the same, and any Person who shall make any Charge for the same in any Bill of Costs or otherwise, and also the Officer from whose Office the same shall be so issued, shall forfeit and pay a Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling.

Procefs for enforcing Appearances or Answers to be written on proper Stamp.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

Writs of Attachment, &c. to be entered in the Office of the Registrar.

Fee.

Writs and Certificates of Entry to be produced in Court, &c.

In what case Writ not subject to Stamp Duty.

Penalty.

XCVIII. And

Using forged
Stamps by Of-
ficers of Court,
&c.

By Attornies,
&c.

By Merchants,
Factors, &c.

Penalty.
Proviso.

Before Enrol-
ment of Deeds,
Stamps to be
examined by
Registrar or
other Officer.

Fee.

XCVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of any Court of Law or Equity, or of any Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Court, or of any Public Office in *Ireland*, shall certify, subscribe, engross or write any Copy or Extract, or any other matter in anywise relating to the Business of such Court or Office, in respect of which any Stamp Duty shall be payable, and which according to the usual Course of Business may or ought to be prepared, written or engrossed by such Officer or his Clerks, and for the writing or engrossing of which, if so prepared, such Officer may be entitled to charge any Fee; and whenever any Six Clerk in Chancery, or any Attorney, Solicitor, Proctor, Agent, Procurator, Notary Public or Scrivener, shall cause any Pleading, Order or Proceeding whatsoever, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable, to be filed in any such Court, or shall, by himself, his Clerks, Agents or Servants prepare, or cause to be prepared, written or engrossed, any Deed, Instrument or Writing, in respect whereof any Stamp Duty shall be payable; or if any Merchant, Factor, Trader or other Person shall cause any Requisition or Request Note for any Permit, or any Certificate of a Permit, which Requisition or Request Note shall be liable to any Stamp Duty, to be prepared, written or printed, or partly written and partly printed, or to be used or delivered for or towards the obtaining of such Permit or Certificate, and the Vellum, Parchment or Paper upon which such Copy or other matter, Pleading, Order or Proceeding, Deed, Instrument or Writing, Requisition or Requests Note shall be written or engrossed, shall be stamped or marked with a false, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, then and in every such case every such Officer, Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor, Agent, Procurator, Proctor, Notary Public or Scrivener, Merchant, Factor, Trader or other Person respectively, shall, for every such false, forged or counterfeited Stamp or Mark, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds *British* Currency, unless he shall prove that the Vellum, Parchment or Paper, so stamped or marked, was bought with the Stamps or Marks thereon at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or of some Distributor or Sub Distributor of Stamps, or of some Person licensed to sell Stamps.

XCIX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Deed or other Instrument which shall be subject to any Stamp Duty whatsoever shall be delivered for Registry to the Registrar or Deputy Registrar for registering Deeds in *Ireland*, or shall be delivered for Enrolment to any Officer of any of His Majesty's superior Courts in *Dublin*, or to any Clerk of the Peace or other Person entrusted to enrol Deeds in *Ireland*, such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person, shall before the same shall be so registered or enrolled respectively, examine carefully such Deed and the Stamp thereon, for which Examination the Person actually making the same, whether Principal or Deputy, shall receive for his own proper Use from the Person so delivering such Deed or Instrument a Sum or Fee of One Shilling and no more over and above all other lawful Fees; and if such Deed shall not be stamped with a proper and legal Stamp to denote the Payment of the Duty which shall appear to be payable thereon, such Registrar, Deputy Registrar or Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person shall not suffer such Deed to be registered or enrolled respectively
until

until the same shall be duly stamped; and if such Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Officer, Clerk of the Peace or other Person, shall offend herein, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

C. And be it further enacted, That no Memorial shall be received for Registry by any Registrar or Deputy Registrar in *Ireland*, unless he shall receive at the same time the Deed or other Instrument required to be registered thereby; and if any such Registrar or Deputy Registrar shall receive such Memorial without such Deed or other Instrument, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

CI. And be it further enacted, That no attested Copy of any final Judgment, which shall have been entered in *Ireland* before the Commencement of the said recited Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to regulate the Collection and Management of the Stamp Duties on Law Proceedings, Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors and Corporate Officers in Ireland*, and which shall have required a Stamp, shall be given or received in Evidence, unless the Officer attesting the same shall certify, not only that the same is a true Copy of such Judgment, but that such Judgment has been duly stamped; and if any Officer shall certify the same falsely, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds.

CII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be arrested by virtue of any Writ or Process of any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*, at the Suit of any common Person, and the Sheriff or other Officer shall take Bail for such Person, against whom such Writ or Process shall issue, the Sheriff or other Officer, at the Request and Cost of the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit, or of his lawful Attorney, shall duly assign to the Plaintiff in such Action or Suit the Bail Bond or other Security taken from such Bail, by Indorsement according to Law, without any Stamp in respect of such Assignment; and also when and so often as it shall become necessary for any Sheriff or other Officer in *Ireland* having Authority to grant Replevins, to assign any Bail Bond of any Plaintiff in Replevin, to the Avowant or Defendant in such Action, then and in such case such Assignment may be made without any Stamp in respect thereof: Provided nevertheless, that no Action shall be brought under any Assignment in any of the said cases until the same shall be first duly stamped with such Stamp as shall be then by Law required for such Assignment; and the said several Assignments shall, on Application at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, at any time before any Action be brought thereupon, be duly stamped in such manner as shall be then required by Law, without Payment of any Penalty or other Sum, save only the Duty which shall be then payable thereon.

CIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, in all cases of the Sale of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim in, to, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property where a Duty is or shall be from time to time imposed on the Conveyance thereof in proportion to the Amount of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein or thereupon expressed, the full Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be directly or indirectly paid or secured,

Penalty.

Receiving Memorial for Registry unless accompanied by Deed.

Penalty.

Attested Copy of Judgment not to be received in Evidence unless certified that Judgment was duly stamped.

Penalty.

Bail Bonds in cases of Arrest may be assigned without any Stamp, &c.

Proviso as to Action on Assignment.

Conveyances to express Consideration Money paid.

secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length in or upon the principal or Deed or Instrument whereby the Land or other thing sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, released, renounced or otherwise conveyed to or vested in the Purchaser or Purchasers, or to or in other Person or Persons, by his, her or their Direction, and where, upon the Sale of any Annuity, Easement, Servitude or of Right, not before in existence, the same shall not be created actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond or Warrant of Attorney, Covenant, Contract or other Security, full Purchase or Consideration Money which shall be directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, shall be truly expressed and set forth in Words at length in or upon the Bond or other Instrument or Instruments by which the same shall be secured; and if in any of the said Cases the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed and set forth in manner hereby directed, the Purchaser and Purchasers, Seller and Sellers, and each and every of them, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds and shall also be charged and chargeable with and be holden liable to the Payment of Five times the Amount of the Duty which should have been payable for such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, in respect of the full Purchase or Consideration Money in case the same had been truly expressed and set forth in or upon such Deed, Bond or Instrument, beyond the Amount of the Duty actually paid for the same, which Quintuple Duty shall be deemed and taken to be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors of and from the Party or Parties respectively hereby made liable to pay the same, and may be recovered by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer, against any such Party, in like manner as any unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament made or to be made in that behalf.

Penalty.

Summarily recovered.

Parties giving Information indemnified and rewarded.

CIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any or either of the Parties hereby made liable to the Payment of such Penalty and Quintuple Duty as aforesaid, shall give Information to the Commissioners of Stamps, whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty, or any Part thereof, shall be recovered from any other Party or Parties liable respectively thereto, the Party or Parties giving the Information shall not only be indemnified and discharged of and from such his, her or their Liability, but also be rewarded by the Commissioners of Stamps out of the Penalty or Quintuple Duty so recovered, to such Extent as the said Commissioners shall think proper, but not exceeding One Half of what shall be so recovered; and where any other Person shall give Information whereby such Penalty or Quintuple Duty shall be recovered, he or she shall be rewarded in the like manner.

Purchasers may recover back from the Sellers so much of the Consideration as shall not be expressed.

CV. And be it further enacted, That where the full Purchase or Consideration Money shall not be truly expressed or set forth in the manner hereby directed, it shall be lawful for the Purchaser or Purchasers, or any of them, or his, her or their Executors or Administrators, to recover back from the Seller or Sellers, his, her or their Executors or Administrators, so much and such Part of such Purchase or Consideration Money as shall not be expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or the whole thereof, if no Part of the same shall be so expressed and set forth, either in an Action for Money had

had and received for the Use of the Party or Parties suing for the same, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*, wherein no *Essoign*, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparlanee shall be allowed, together with Double the Costs of Suit; but such Purchase or Conveyance shall not therefore be affected or impeached for any Want or Inadequacy of Consideration, but the same shall be of the same Force, Validity and Effect as if the Sum so recovered had been expressed in the Deed or other Conveyance as the Consideration or Part of the Consideration thereof, and had been duly paid and retained accordingly.

CVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Attorney, Solicitor or other Person who shall be employed in or about the preparing of any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, in or upon which the full Purchase or Consideration Money is hereby required to be truly expressed and set forth as aforesaid, or who shall be employed for any of the Parties thereto in anywise about or relating to the Transaction therein mentioned, shall knowingly and wilfully insert or set forth, or cause to be inserted or set forth, in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument, any other than the full and true Purchase or Consideration Money directly or indirectly paid or secured, or agreed to be paid for the same, or shall in anywise aid or assist in the doing thereof respectively, every such Attorney, Solicitor or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

CVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Party, Attorney, Solicitor or other Person whosoever shall be liable to any Penalty or Forfeiture whatsoever by reason of the full Purchase or Consideration Money not being truly expressed and set forth in or upon any such Deed, Bond or other Instrument as aforesaid, unless the Duty or Duties actually paid for the same shall be less than would have been payable for the same, in case the full Purchase or Consideration Money had been truly expressed and set forth according to the Directions of this Act.

CVIII. And be it further enacted, That where there shall be Duplicates or Triplicates, or more than One Part made of any Instrument which shall be then by Law charged with any *ad valorem* Duty, and of which One Part only shall be by Law chargeable with any *ad valorem* Duty, One of such Duplicates, Triplicates or Parts shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, and the other or others of them shall be exempted therefrom, but shall nevertheless be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds and Conveyances in general, and the said Commissioners of Stamps, upon all the Parts of such Instruments being produced to them duly stamped as hereby required, shall cause the Duplicates, Triplicates or all other Parts thereof respectively, except that on which the *ad valorem* Duty shall be stamped, to be also stamped with some particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said *ad valorem* Duty, and thereupon, but not before or otherwise, such Duplicate or Triplicate or other Part shall or may be received as Evidence in any Court of Justice.

CIX. And be it further enacted, That no Affidavit made for the Purpose of grounding thereon any Presentment of any Grand Jury for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or for any other Public Purpose,

Attornies, &c. knowingly inserting any other than the full Consideration :

Penalty.

Proviso where Duty paid is not less than otherwise would have been payable.

Duplicates and Triplicates of Instruments how charged.

No Affidavits for grounding Presentments of Grand Jury, &c. to be delivered

unless duly stamped.

Collations, Presentations, &c. to be filed in Registry of Diocese and Certificate obtained that Instruments have been duly stamped, if Stamps are required, &c.

Induction made to the contrary void.

Penalty.

Registrars entitled to Fee for such Certificates.

Registrar offending.

Penalty.

Beneficed Persons to produce and prove such Certificates.

pose, shall be lodged with or received by the Secretary of any Grand Jury, nor shall be entered in any Schedule delivered to any Grand Jury, nor shall any such Affidavit be delivered by him to or laid by him before any Grand Jury, unless such Affidavit shall be written on Paper stamped with the Stamp which shall be then by Law required for the same, nor shall any Affidavit for accounting for any Money presented by any Grand Jury, be laid before any Grand Jury by the Secretary, or be read in Court, or authorize the Court to discharge any Quere, unless it shall be written on Paper duly stamped.

CX. And be it further enacted, That no Collation, Presentation or Donation, to, of or for any Benefice or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in *Ireland*, shall be good, valid or effectual, unless the same shall be in Writing under Hand and Seal, and shall be duly stamped, if a Stamp shall be necessary thereon; and that every such Writing, as also all and every Presentation or Donation under the Great Seal of *Ireland*, shall be deposited with the Registrar of the Diocese, who shall forthwith cause the same to be filed in the Registry of the Diocese, and shall give to the Person so depositing the same a Certificate that the same has been so deposited, and such Certificate shall further state either that such Instrument is duly stamped, or that the same is not by Law subject to any Stamp, and shall also state the Date of such Instrument, and the Day of the Month and Year when such Instrument was so deposited or filed, and no Person shall be inducted into any Benefice or Promotion in *Ireland*, who shall not, previous to and at the time and Place of such Induction, produce such Certificate to the Person or Persons authorized to make such Induction, and if any Induction shall be made contrary to this Provision the same shall be wholly void and of no Effect, and every Person making the same shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds Sterling.

CXI. And be it further enacted, That every such Registrar shall, for so receiving and filing such Instrument, and granting such Certificate thereof, be entitled to receive a Fee of Two Shillings and Sixpence and no more, and a Fee of One Shilling and Sixpence for any new Certificate of the same matter that may be afterwards required; and if any such Registrar shall refuse, neglect or omit to receive and file such Instrument, or to grant any such new Certificate, on reasonable Demand thereof, or shall certify therein any thing which shall not be true, (of the Truth whereof the Proof shall lie on him,) he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds Sterling.

CXII. And be it further enacted, That every Person who, from and after the Commencement of this Act, or of any Act requiring the filing of such Instrument in *Ireland*, shall have received or shall receive any Benefice or Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Promotion in *Ireland*, shall be bound to produce and prove, and shall produce and prove such Certificate as aforesaid, as Part of his Title to such Benefice or Promotion, upon any Trial or Hearing of any Action, Suit or Proceeding for the Recovery of any Tithe or Glebe or other Purpose whatever, before any Court of Law or Equity, or any Ecclesiastical Court, or any summary Jurisdiction whatever, wherein it shall be necessary for him to produce or prove such his Title, and that without the Production and Proof of such Certificate, such Court or Jurisdiction shall deem such Title to be imperfect

perfect and not duly proved, and shall decide accordingly, notwithstanding any Consent or Admission of the Parties or any of them.

'CXIII. And Whereas the Payment of Stamp Duties imposed on the Admission of Fellows into the College of Physicians or Surgeons, and of Freemen and others into other Corporations, Guilds or Companies in *Ireland*, has been and may be evaded;

Be it therefore enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said College of Physicians or Surgeons, and for every Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company in *Ireland*, which shall admit any Person or Persons into any such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, by themselves, or by some Person or Persons employed by such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, and they are hereby required, previously to the Admission of any such Person into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, to demand and receive, for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of and from the Person so admitted, the several and respective Stamp Duties which shall be then by Law payable on the Entry, Minute or Memorandum of Admission of such Person into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company; and the proper Officer of such College, or Body Politic or Corporate, Corporation, Guild or Company, shall make an Entry, Minute or Memorandum of such Admission upon the proper Stamp in some Book, Roll, or Record of such College, Corporation, Guild or Company, within one Month after such Person shall be so admitted into such College, Corporation, Guild or Company; and if such Officer shall neglect or refuse so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every such College, Corporation, Guild or Company shall be answerable for all such Duties without any Proof of the same having been so received, or whether the same respectively shall have been so received or not, and the same shall be a Debt to His Majesty, and recoverable with Costs by a summary Application to the Court of Exchequer as any other unpaid Stamp Duty may be recovered under any Act or Acts in force or to be in force in *Ireland*, for the securing the Payment of the Stamp Duties.

CXIV. And be it further enacted, That any and every Officer of the College of Physicians or Surgeons, or of any Corporation, Guild, Fraternity or Company in *Ireland*, who shall from time to time have in his Custody any Book, File, Record, Remembrance, Docket or Proceeding of or belonging to such College, Corporation, Guild, Fraternity or Company, the Sight or Knowledge whereof may tend to the securing any of His Majesty's Stamp Duties which now are or shall at any time be by Law payable in *Ireland*, or to the Proof or Discovery of any Fraud or Omission in relation thereto, or to any of them, shall at all reasonable times permit any Person thereunto authorized by the Commissioners of Stamps, to try, search, inspect, and view all such Books, Files, Records, Remembrances, Dockets and Proceedings as aforesaid, without Fee or Reward, and to take thereout such Notes and Memorandums as shall be necessary for the Purposes last mentioned, without Fee or Reward; and if any such Officer shall refuse or neglect so to do, upon Demand made by such Person so authorized as aforesaid, such Officer so refusing or neglecting shall, for every such Refusal or Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Duties on Admission of Fellows into College of Physicians, &c. and of Freemen into Corporations secured.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

Books of College, Corporations, &c. relating to Duty, may be inspected by an Officer of Stamps.

Without Fee.

Officer refusing, &c.

Penalty.

Duty on Probates, &c. to be payable only in respect of Value of such Estate as shall be situated in Ireland.

Probate, &c. effectual for recovering Trust Property.

A Affidavit or Affirmation before granting Probate, &c. that Estate and Effects of Deceased are under Value of a specified Sum.

Such Affidavit to be in the Form in the annexed Schedule. Proceedings thereon.

CXV. And be it further enacted, That the several Stamp Duties from time to time imposed by Law in *Ireland*, upon any Probate or Letters of Administration, or Receipts for Legacies, or Shares or Proportions of any Estate or Effects, shall be deemed and taken to be chargeable and charged, and payable and paid, only in respect of the Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects as shall be situated in *Ireland*, and of such Legacies as shall be payable out of Estates and Effects in *Ireland*; and that no Person shall be deemed or taken to have proved any Will in *Ireland* until he shall have obtained Probate thereof from the proper Ecclesiastical Court in *Ireland*.

CXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Probate of the Will of any Person deceased, or the Letters of Administration of the Effects of any Person deceased, heretofore granted or to be hereafter granted in *Ireland*, shall be deemed and taken to be valid and available by the Executors or Administrators of the Deceased for recovering, transferring or assigning any Debt or Debts, or other Personal Estate or Effects, whereof or whereto the Deceased was possessed or entitled, either wholly or partially, as a Trustee, notwithstanding that the Amount or Value of such Debt or Debts or other Personal Estate or Effects, or the Amount or Value of much thereof, or such Interest therein, as was Trust Property in the hands of the Deceased (as the case may be) shall not be included in the Amount or Value of the Estate in respect of which the Stamp Duty is payable on such Probate or Letters of Administration.

CXVII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, no Ecclesiastical Court or Jurisdiction in *Ireland* shall grant Probate of the Will or Letters of Administration of the Estate and Effects of any Person deceased, without first requiring and receiving from the Person or Persons applying for the Probate or Letters of Administration, or from some other competent Person or Persons, an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in the Form of Quakers, in the Form contained in the Schedule hereunto annexed, that the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, for or in respect of which the Probate or Letters of Administration is or are to be granted, are under the Value of a certain Sum to be specified in such Affidavit, to the best of the Deponent's or Affirmant's Knowledge, Information and Belief, and according to the Account to be annexed to such Affidavit, according to which Sum the Stamp Duty shall be ascertained which shall be then required on such Probate or Letters of Administration, which Affidavit or Affirmation shall be made before the Surrogate or other Person who shall administer the usual Oath for the due Administration of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased.

CXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be exempt from Stamp Duty, and shall be in the Form in the said Schedule to this Act annexed directed in that respect, and shall when duly sworn be certified accordingly by the Registrar of the Court, and shall, together with the Copy of the Will or Extract or Account of the Letters of Administration which it shall relate, be transmitted by the Registrar of the Court to the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, if such Court shall be in the City or County of *Dublin*, and if in any other Part of *Ireland*, then to the Distributor of the District in which the

Court shall be, which Distributor shall forthwith transmit such Affidavit to the proper Officer at the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, and each and every Affidavit so received at the Stamp Office from any Registrar or Distributor shall be forthwith filed in the said Stamp Office; and on the Receipt of such Affidavit by the proper Officer at the Stamp Office, if the Court be in the City or County of *Dublin*, or by the Distributor if in any other Part of *Ireland*, and on Payment of the Duty payable in respect of such Probate or Letters of Administration, the proper Officer of the Stamp Office in *Dublin*, or the Distributor of Stamps, as the case shall require, shall forthwith issue and deliver to the Party paying such Duty on Parchment or Vellum stamped with the proper Stamp according to the Amount mentioned in such Affidavit, together with a Certificate of having received such Affidavit and of the Amount of Personal Property mentioned therein, and of the Payment of the proper Duty for the Probate or Letters of Administration in respect thereof; and if any Registrar or other Officer whose Duty it shall be, shall neglect to transmit such Affidavit or Affirmation to the said Commissioners of Stamps, as hereby directed, or shall issue any such Probate or Letters of Administration without having transmitted such Affidavit, and received such Certificate as aforesaid, or upon Vellum or Parchment not stamped with a Stamp of the proper Amount according to such Certificate, then and in every such case every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Officer offending.

Penalty.

CXLIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, where any Person on applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration in *Ireland* shall have estimated the Estate and Effects of the Deceased to be of a greater Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall in consequence have paid too high a Stamp Duty thereon, if such Person shall produce the Probate or Letters of Administration to the said Commissioners of Stamps, within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects have been ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too high a Duty was first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration, and shall deliver to them a particular Inventory and Account and Valuation of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, verified by an Affidavit (or solemn Affirmation, in the case of Quakers); and if it shall thereupon satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners that a greater Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration than the Law requires, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to cancel and expunge the Stamp on the said Probate or Letters of Administration, and to substitute another Stamp for denoting the Duty which ought to have been paid thereon, and to make an Allowance for the Difference between them as in the cases of spoiled Stamps, or to repay the same in Money at the Discretion of the said Commissioners.

Where too high a Duty has been paid for Probate.

Verified by Affidavit.

Relief.

CXX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, where any Person on applying for the Probate of a Will or Letters of Administration, shall have estimated the Estate and Effects of the Deceased to be of less Value than the same shall have afterwards proved to be, and shall in consequence have paid too little Stamp Duty thereon, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps, on Delivery to them of an Affidavit or solemn Affirmation of the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased,

Where the Duty has been paid too little, Probate, &c. to receive the proper Stamp on certain Conditions.

Proviso as to time of Application.

Affidavit, &c.

Relief.

In cases of Letters of Administration on which too little Duty has been paid, Commissioners shall not cause same to be duly stamped, until Administrator has given proper Security.

Probates, &c. paying too little Duty through Mistake, Executors, &c. to apply within Six Months after the Discovery.

† Sic.

Penalty.

Credit to be given of the Duty on Pro-

to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped on Payment of the full Duty which ought to have been originally paid thereon in respect of such Value, and of the further Sum Penalty payable by Law for stamping Deeds after the Execution thereof, without any Deduction or Allowance for the Stamp Duty originally paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration. Provided always, that if the Application shall be made within Six Calendar Months after the true Value of the Estate and Effects shall be ascertained, and it shall be discovered that too little Duty was at first paid on the Probate or Letters of Administration; or if it shall appear by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that such Duty was paid in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of its not being known at the time that some particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonging to the Deceased, and without any Intention of Fraud, or to delay the Payment of the full and proper Duty, that it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to remit the before mentioned Penalty, and to cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped, on Payment only of the Sum which shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been first paid thereon.

CXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in cases of Letters of Administration, on which too little Stamp Duty shall have been paid at first, the said Commissioners of Stamps shall not cause the same to be duly stamped in the manner aforesaid unless the Administrator shall have given such Security to the Ecclesiastical Court or Ordinary by whom the Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as ought by Law to have been given on the granting thereof in case the full Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased had been then ascertained, and also that the said Commissioners of Stamps shall yearly or oftener transmit an Account of the Probates or Letters of Administration upon which the Stamp Duty shall have been rectified in pursuance of this Act, to the several Ecclesiastical Courts by which the same shall have been granted together with the Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased upon which such Ratification shall have proceeded.

CXXII. And be it further enacted, That where too little Stamp Duty shall have been paid on such Probate or Letters of Administration in consequence of any Mistake or Misapprehension, or of its not being known at the time that some particular Part of the Estate and Effects belonged to the Deceased, if any Executor or Administrator acting under such Probate or Letters of Administration shall not within Six Calendar Months after the passing of this Act, or after the Discovery of the Mistake or Misapprehension, or of any Estate or Effects not known at the time to have belonged to the Deceased apply to the said Commissioners of Stamps, and pay what shall be wanting to make up the Duty which ought to have been paid at first on such Probate or Letters of Administration, he or she shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and also a further Sum at the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum* on the Amount of the Sum wanting to make up the proper Duty.

CXXIII. And Whereas it has happened in the Case of Letters of Administration on which the proper Stamp Duty hath not been paid at first, that certain Debts, Chattels, Real or other Effects

' due or belonging to the Deceased, have been found to be of such
 ' great Value that the Administrator hath not been possessed of
 ' Money sufficient either of his own or of the Deceased to pay the
 ' requisite Stamp Duty, in order to render such Letters of Ad-
 ' ministration available for the Recovery thereof by Law: And
 ' Whereas the like may occur again, and it may also happen that
 ' Executors of Persons entitled to take out Letters of Administra-
 ' tion may, before obtaining Probate of the Will or Letters of Ad-
 ' ministration of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, find some
 ' considerable Part or Parts of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased
 ' so circumstanced as not to be immediately got Possession of, and
 ' may not have Money sufficient either of their own or of the
 ' Deceased to pay the Stamp Duty on the Probate or Letters of
 ' Administration, which it shall be necessary to obtain; Be it there-
 fore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it
 shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps, on satisfactory
 Proof of the Fact, by Affidavit or solemn Affirmation in any such
 case as aforesaid, which may appear to them to require Relief, to
 cause the Probate or Letters of Administration to be duly stamped
 for denoting the Duty payable, or which ought originally to have
 been paid thereon, and to give Credit for the Duty, either upon
 Payment of the beforementioned Penalty, or without, in cases of
 Probates or Letters of Administration already obtained, and upon
 which too little Duty shall have been paid, and either with or without
 Allowance of the Stamp Duty already paid thereon, as the case
 may require, under the Provisions of this Act; provided in all such
 cases of Credit, the Security be first given by the Executors or
 Administrators, together with Two or more sufficient Sureties, to
 be approved of by the said Commissioners by a Bond to His Majesty,
 his Heirs or Successors, in Double the Amount of the Duty, for the
 due and full Payment of the Sum for which Credit shall be given,
 within Six Calendar Months, or any less Period, and of the Interest
 for the same at the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum per Annum*,
 from the Expiration of such Period until Payment thereof, in case of
 any Default of Payment at the time appointed, and such Probate or
 Letters of Administration been † duly stamped in the manner aforesaid,
 shall be as valid and available as if the proper Duty had been at
 first paid thereon, and the same had been stamped accordingly.

bates, &c. in
certain cases.

Affidavit or
Affirmation.

Provido

† *Sic.*

Time of Credit
may be extended.

CXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if at
 the Expiration of the time to be allowed for the Payment of the
 Duty on such Probate or Letters of Administration, it shall appear
 to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners that the Executor or
 Administrator to whom such Credit shall be given as aforesaid shall
 not have recovered Effects of the Deceased to an Amount sufficient
 for the Payment of the Duty, it shall be lawful for the said Com-
 missioners to give such further time for the Payment thereof, and
 upon such Terms and Conditions as they shall think expedient.

CXXV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the Pro-
 bate or Letters of Administration, so to be stamped on Credit as
 aforesaid, shall be deposited with the said Commissioners of Stamps,
 and shall not be delivered up to the Executor or Administrator until
 Payment of the Duty, together with such Interest as aforesaid, if
 any shall become due; but the same shall nevertheless be produced in
 Evidence by some Officer of the Commissioners of Stamps, at the

Probate, &c.
when Credit is
given, to be de-
posited with
Commissioners

Expence of the Executor or Administrator, as Occasion shall require.

Duty for which Credit is given to be a preferable Debt.

CXXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Duty for which Credit shall be given as aforesaid, shall be a Debt to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from the Personal Estate of the Deceased, and shall be paid in preference to and before any other Debt whatsoever due from the said Estate; and if any Executor or Administrator of the Estate of the Deceased shall pay any other Debt in preference thereto, he or she shall not only be charged with and be liable to pay the Duty out of his or her own Estate, but shall also forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Letters of Administration de bonis non to be stamped in cases where Credit is given.

CXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if before Payment of the Duty for which Credit shall be given in any such case as aforesaid, it shall become necessary to take out Letters of Administration de bonis non of the Deceased, it shall also be lawful for the said Commissioners of Stamps to cause such Letters of Administration de bonis non to be duly stamped with the particular Stamp provided to be used on Letters of Administration of that Kind, for denoting the Payment of the Duty in respect of the Effects of the Deceased, on some prior Probate or Letters of Administration of the same Effect, in such and the same manner as if the Duty had been actually paid upon having the Letters of Administration de bonis non deposited with the said Commissioners, and upon having such further Security for the Payment of the Duty as they shall think expedient; and such Letters of Administration shall be as valid and available as if the Duty for which Credit shall be given had been paid.

Valid.

Executors, &c. to deliver to Commissioners an Account of Estate of Deceased, and all Payments made.

CXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Executor and Administrator, or other Person or Persons having or taking the Burthen or Execution of the Will or Testamentary Instrument, or the Administration of the Personal Estate of any Person deceased, shall before such Executor, Administrator, or other Person shall retain for their own Use or for the Benefit of any other Person or Persons, or shall transfer, pay, deliver, satisfy or otherwise discharge the Residue of the Personal Estate, and the Residue of Monies arising from the Sale or Mortgage of any Real Estate directed by any Testamentary Instrument to be sold or mortgaged, or any certain proportional Part of such Residue, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, deliver to the Commissioners of Stamp Duties or their Officers a full and just Account of the Personal Estate of the Deceased, and of the Monies arising from the Sale or Mortgage of Real Estate, or the Value of the Real Estate, if not sold, when the same is directed by the Will or other Testamentary Instrument of the Deceased, to be absolutely sold or mortgaged, and of all lawful Payments made out of such Personal Estate, and the Monies arising from the Sale or Mortgage of such Real Estate on the Forms printed for such Accounts by Order of the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, when and as far as such Forms can be made applicable to the Account to be delivered, and when they will not so apply, the Account may be rendered in such Form as shall sufficiently answer the Purposes desired, and the said Commissioners or their Officers shall examine such Account, and if it shall appear to them to be a just and proper Account they shall assess the Duty thereon, but if the Commissioners shall not be satisfied with the Account delivered, it shall be lawful for them to require an Account to be rendered on Oath

In what case Account on Oath.

Oath or Affirmation, which Oath or Affirmation shall be according to the Form prescribed in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and shall be administered by a Justice of the Peace, or Master or Masters Extraordinary in Chancery; and if it shall appear by the Books of the said Commissioners that there are any Outstanding Duties due and payable on Legacies or Annuities, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to require Payment of such Duties within a specified time, and that if after such Requisition the same shall not be paid, or Cause shewn to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners within the time specified why the same should not be paid, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to institute Proceedings in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer against the Executors or Administrators, or Person or Persons taking the Burthen of the Execution of the Will or Administration of the Personal Estate of the Deceased, or acting as Trustee or Trustees, and also against the Legatee to whom the Legacy or Annuity upon which such Duty shall appear to be unpaid shall have been given, if the Circumstances of the case require it, for the Payment of the Duty; and if after such Proceedings shall be instituted it shall be shewn that by reason of the Death of the Legatee or Annuitant in the Lifetime of the Deceased, or of the Legacy not being of the Value of Twenty Pounds, or from any other Cause, no Duty is payable, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such Suit shall be instituted to order all Costs, Charges and Expences attending such Proceedings to be paid by the Person or Persons of whom the said Commissioners shall have required Payment of the Duty, by way of Penalty for not having, after such Requisition, shewn to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners that no Duty was payable on such Legacy or Annuity.

Proceedings may be instituted for Recovery of Outstanding Duties payable on Legacies or Annuities.

Costs paid by way of Penalty.

CXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where it shall be proved by Oath of proper Vouchers, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners of Stamps, that an Executor or Administrator hath paid Debts due and owing from the Deceased, and payable by Law, out of his or her Personal or Moveable Estate, to such an Amount as, being deducted from the Amount or Value of the Estate and Effects of the Deceased, for or in respect of which a Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted after the Commencement of this Act, shall reduce the same to a Sum which, if it had been the whole gross Amount or Value of such Estate and Effects, would have occasioned a less Stamp Duty to be paid on such Probate or Letter of Administration than shall have been actually paid thereon under and by virtue of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners to return the Difference, provided the same shall be claimed within Three Years after the Date of such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid; but where, by reason of any Proceeding at Law or in Equity, the Debts due from the Deceased shall not have been ascertained and paid, or the Effects of the Deceased shall not have been recovered and made available, and in consequence thereof the Executor or Administrator shall be prevented from claiming such Return of Duty as aforesaid within the said Term of Three Years, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Stamps to allow such further time for making the Claim as may appear to them to be reasonable under the Circumstances of the case.

Where proved that Estate of Deceased is reduced by Payment of Debts, and a less Stamp on the Probate would have done, Difference returned.

Time within which Claim to be made.

CXXX. And be it further enacted, That where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall be desirous of transferring or

Executors, &c permitted to

transfer Stocks
or Funds held by
Deceased in
Trust.

or of receiving the Dividends of any Share standing in the Name of Deceased, of and in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stock or Funds transferrable at the Bank of *Ireland*, or of and in Stock and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, or of and in the Stock or Funds of any other Company, Corporation, or Society whatsoever, passing by Transfer in the Book of such Company, Corporation or Society under and by virtue of any such Probate or Letters of Administration as aforesaid, and shall allege that the Deceased was possessed thereof or entitled thereto either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and for any such other Company, Corporation or Society as aforesaid, or their respective Officers, for their Indemnity and Protection to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to permit such Executors or Administrators to transfer the Stock or Funds in question, or receive the Dividends thereof, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Deceased, or Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have occasion to recover any Debt or Debts, or any other Personal Effects, due or apparently belonging to the Deceased, and shall allege that the Deceased was possessed thereof or entitled thereto either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons liable to pay or deliver such Debt or Debts or other Effects to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to pay, deliver or make over the Debt or Debts or other Effects in question to such Executors or Administrators, as they shall direct, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Deceased, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects; and where the Executors or Administrators of any Person deceased shall have occasion to assign or transfer any Debt or Debts due to the Deceased, or any Chattels Real or other Personal Effects whereof or whereto the Deceased was possessed or entitled, and shall allege that the same respectively were or were due to or vested in the Deceased either wholly or partially as a Trustee, it shall be lawful for the Person or Persons to whom or for whose Use such Debt or Debts, Chattels Real or other Personal Effects, shall be proposed to be assigned or transferred, to require such Affidavit or Affirmation of the Fact as hereinafter is mentioned, if the Fact shall not otherwise satisfactorily appear, and thereupon to accept the proposed Assignment or Transfer, without regard to the Amount of the Stamp Duty on the Probate of the Will of the Deceased, or the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects in *Ireland*.

Affidavit or Affirmation being made to the Fact.

Special Affidavit to be made by Executors, &c. in cases of Property held by the Deceased in Trust, &c.

CXXXI. And be it further enacted, That upon any such Requirement as aforesaid, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Deceased, or some other Person or Persons to whom the Facts shall be known, shall make a special Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and Circumstances of the case, stating the Property in question, and that the Deceased had not any beneficial Interest whatever in the same, or had no other beneficial Interest therein than shall be particularly mentioned and set forth (as the case may

may be), but was possessed thereof or entitled thereto either wholly or in part (as the case may be) in trust for some other Person or Persons, whose Name or Names or other sufficient Description shall be specified in such Affidavit or Affirmation, or for such Purposes as shall be specified therein; and that the beneficial Interest of the Deceased (if any) in the Property in question, doth not exceed a certain Value, to be therein also specified according to the best Estimate that can be made thereof, if reverfionary or contingent, and that the Amount or Value of the Estate for which the Stamp Duty was paid on the Probate of the Will of the Deceased, or on the Letters of Administration of his or her Effects, is sufficient to include and cover such beneficial Interest of the Deceased as well as the rest of the Personal Estate, whereof or whereto the Deceased was beneficially possessed or entitled, and for which such Probate or Letters of Administration shall have been granted, as far as the same have come to the Knowledge of such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators, and where the Affidavit or Affirmation of the Facts and Circumstances of the Trusts shall be made by any other Person than the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of the Deceased, such Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators shall make Affidavit or Affirmation that the same are true to the best of his, her or their Knowledge and Belief, and that the Property in question is intended to be applied and disposed of accordingly; which Affidavit or Affirmation shall be sworn or made before a Master in Chancery, Ordinary or Extraordinary, (who is hereby authorized to take the same and administer the proper Oath or Affirmation for that Purpose,) and shall be delivered to the Party or Parties requiring the same, and shall be sufficient to indemnify and protect the Party or Parties requiring the same, and also the Party or Parties acting upon the Faith thereof; and if any Person or Persons making any such Affidavit or Affirmation as aforesaid shall knowingly and wilfully make a false Oath or Affirmation of or concerning any of the matters to be therein specified and set forth, every Person so offending and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject and liable to such Fines and Penalties as Persons convicted of wilful and corrupt Perjury shall then be subject and liable to by or under any Law then in force.

Sworn before
Master in
Chancery.

Perjury.

Limitation of
Actions.

General Issue

CXXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done under the Authority or in pursuance of this Act, or of any Act which shall be then in force in *Ireland*, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, save where otherwise particularly directed, then, and in every such case, the said Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Calendar Months after the Fact committed and not afterwards, and shall be brought in the County or Place where the Cause of Action shall arise, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought, may plead the General Issue, and give the special Matter in Evidence on any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, or such other Acts as aforesaid; and if it shall appear to have so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the time so limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any County, City or Place, other than as aforesaid, then and in every

Treble Coſts.

Penalties payable in Britiſh Currency.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

Penalties incurred by Officers of Court, &c. how recovered.

Regulations where Seizures are made.

every ſuch caſe the Plaintiff in ſuch Action ſhall be nonſuited; and the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ſhall be ſo or otherwiſe nonſuited, or diſcontinue his, her or their Action, or if a Verdict ſhall againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer Judgment ſhall be given againſt the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant Defendants ſhall and may recover Treble Coſts, and have the Remedy for the ſame as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Coſts of Suit in other caſes by Law.

CXXXIII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties which ſhall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which are or ſhall be in force in *Ireland*, in anywiſe relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, ſhall be payable, and received and receivable in *Britiſh* Currency, and otherwiſe expreſſly directed.

CXXXIV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures impoſed or to be impoſed by or under this Act, or any Act or Acts which is or are or ſhall be in force in *Ireland*, in anywiſe relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, may be recovered with Coſts of Suit by His Majesty's Attorney General on behalf of His Majesty, or by the Inſpector General of Stamp Duties, or by any other Inſpector of Stamp Duties or by any other Officer or Perſon thereto authorized by the Commiſſioners of Stamps, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts of Record in *Dublin*, in which no Eſſoign, Protection, or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparlanſe ſhall be allowed; or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Recorder, Chairman or Aſſiſtant Barrifier, within whoſe local Jurisdiction ſuch Offence ſhall have been committed; and that every ſuch Penalty, not particularly directed to be otherwiſe applied, ſhall be paid to the Uſe of His Majesty; provided that in caſe of any ſuch Proceeding by or in the Name of any ſuch Inſpector General, or other Inſpector or Officer, or other Perſon authorized as aforeſaid, it ſhall and may be lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of Stamp Duties in order to be paid to ſuch Inſpector General or other Inſpector, or other Officer or Perſon authorized as aforeſaid, out of the Penalty recovered therein, ſuch Sum, not exceeding One Moiety of ſuch Penalty, as the ſaid Commiſſioners of Stamps ſhall think proper; and that the like Appeal ſhall and may be lawful from the Deciſion on any ſuch Civil Bill, and under the ſame Terms, Regulations and Conditions, as in the caſe of any Civil Bill for any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, in any Action of Debt on a Bond, Bill, or Specialty for Payment of Money only.

CXXXV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Penalties and Penalty for or in reſpect of any Offence to be committed by any Officer of any Court, or any Six Clerk, Solicitor, Attorney, Proctor, Notary Public or Procurator, as ſuch, againſt this Act or any other Act or Acts in anywiſe relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duties or Duty, ſhall and may be recovered and recoverable with Coſts of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction and not otherwiſe.

CXXXVI. And be it further enacted, That in every caſe in which, by or under the Proviſions of this Act or of any other Act or Acts in force, or which ſhall at any time be in force in *Ireland*, relating

lating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, any Seizure is directed or permitted to be made, the Person or Persons making such Seizure shall, within Ten Days from the time of making such Seizure, leave at the Office of the Distributor of the District wherein such Seizure shall have been made, a Note in Writing signed by such Person or Persons, stating the time and Place of such Seizure and the Reason for making the same, which Note shall be immediately filed at the said Office; and in such case it shall and may be lawful to and for the Owner or Owners, or any of the Owners of such Goods so seized, or of any Part thereof, at any time after the filing of such Note, and within Twenty-one Days from the Day of such Seizure, to require and obtain a Copy of such Note, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to leave at such Office a Claim in Writing, signed by such Person or Persons, stating his or her Place of Abode, and claiming such Goods so seized, or any Part thereof, that may be specified therein, as or on behalf of the Owner or Owners, or one of the Owners thereof, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Person or Persons making such Seizure, at any time not exceeding Thirty Days from the making of such Seizure, to require a Copy of such Claim, paying for the same One Shilling and no more, and to make Application to any Justice of the Peace, in and for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town, wherein such Seizure shall have been so made, for a Summons to the Person or Persons so making such Claim, and such Justice of the Peace shall issue such Summons accordingly, thereby requiring every such Claimant to appear before him at a time and place to be therein named, for the Decision of such Claim; and such Summons, being duly served on such Claimant or Claimants, either personally or at his, her or their Place of Abode mentioned in such Claim, and Copies of such seizing Note and Claim, attested by the Distributor of such District, or Person or Persons acting as such, being produced before such Justice of the Peace, he shall and may proceed to hear the Merits thereof; and such Evidence or Admission, if any, as may be produced or made applicable thereto, and shall thereupon, or upon the Nonappearance of either Party, decide on the Merits of such Seizure, and make his Adjudication thereon accordingly: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to and for either Party, against whom such Adjudication shall be made, at any time within Ten Days from the making thereof, to appeal therefrom, in manner hereinafter mentioned, to the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from such Adjudication, who shall, in a summary Way, hear and decide on the same; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices at Sessions as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal, as to him or them shall seem meet.

CXXXVII. And be it further enacted, That if the Person or Persons so making such Seizure shall not leave such Notice in Writing at such Distributor's Office as aforesaid, or in case of such Claim being put in as aforesaid, shall not cause such Summons to be issued and served as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been unlawfully made; and if after

Note of Seizure left at Office of Distributor.

Persons claiming may have Copy of Note.

Persons seizing may have Copy of Claim.

Decision of Claim by whom and how made.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

Seizures without giving proper Notice, void.

after the filing of such seizing Note as aforesaid, such Claim shall not be made as aforesaid, such Seizure shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to have been lawful and just; and if such Summons shall have been issued, then the Adjudication of such Justice, if not effectually appealed from, and in case of such Appeal, the Decision of the Court of Quarter Sessions shall be final and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes.

Appeal.

Recognizance.

CXXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Party desirous of making such Appeal shall within Ten Days from the making such Adjudication enter into a Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties, before the Justice making such Adjudication, or in his Absence, before any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City, in such Sum as such Justice shall think proper, to pay the Costs, if any, which may be adjudged against him, her or them thereon, and if he, she or they shall not so do, such Appeal shall be null and void.

Any Justice may determine Offences where Penalty does not exceed 40*l*.

CXXXIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in *Ireland*, within whose Jurisdiction any Offence, for which the Penalty shall not exceed Forty Pounds, shall be committed against this Act, or against any other Act or Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in *Ireland*, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty, save where the contrary is expressly directed, and every such Justice is hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon any Information or Complaint in Writing in such case, to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses if any, on either Side, and to examine into the Fact, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witness or Witnesses, to give Judgment for such Penalty and Costs to be assessed by such Justice, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for levying such Penalty and Costs on the Goods of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof, in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendering to the Party the Overplus (if any), and where Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty and Costs, such Justice of the Peace, or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County, or County of a City or Town, in which such Conviction shall take place, is hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender or Offenders to Prison, for such time as such Justice shall judge to be proper, not less than One Calendar Month, nor more than Three Calendar Months, unless such Penalty and Costs shall be sooner paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself or herself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, and shall be minded and desirous of appealing therefrom, then and in such case such Person being a Prosecutor shall give sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay such Costs as shall be awarded in case such Judgment shall be affirmed, and in case such Appeal shall be by the Party convicted, then such Party shall give sufficient Security by Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed and the Costs awarded by such Conviction, together with such further Costs as aforesaid, and thereupon it shall be

Warrant for levying Penalty and Costs.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

be lawful for any such Person respectively to appeal to the Justices at the next General Sessions of the County which shall be held after Fourteen clear Days from the Day in which such Conviction shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not so divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party Ten clear Days previous to the First Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively, and such Justices at such Sessions shall summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal; and in case the Judgment of such Justice of the Peace shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for the Justices at such Sessions as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs occasioned by such Appeal, as to such Justices shall seem meet; and the Justices at such Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all Respects as the Justice making such Conviction might or could have done if such Appeal had not taken place; and no Certiorari shall in any case be granted to examine or remove any such Conviction, whether before or after any such Appeal.

Notice of Appeal.

Costs.

Certiorari.

CXL. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be liable to be convicted before any Justice of the Peace for any Offence committed against this Act, or any other Act imposing or in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, unless Complaint shall be made within Twelve Months from the time of committing such Offence.

Complaints within Twelve Months after Offence.

CXLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture, or for summoning any Witness or other Person under this Act, or under any Act or Acts in force from time to time for the Payment of any Stamp Duty or Duties, or for regulating any such Duties or Duty, or the Collection thereof, whether the same shall be by Bill, Pleint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, or by Civil Bill, or by any Proceeding before a Magistrate or Magistrates, or on any Writ of Error or Appeal from any Decision, that the Original, or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants or Person or Persons so to be summoned, or any of them, but it shall in all such cases be sufficient that the same be served at his, her or their then Place or Places of Abode; and if any such Defendant shall be an Officer of any Court of Law or Equity in Ireland, and if such Proceeding shall in anywise relate to the Business of his Office, or any Offence, Act or Neglect therein, then it shall be sufficient to serve such Original or other Process or Summons, or Notice or Order in manner aforesaid, at his Office, on some Person acting or employed in the Business of such Office.

In Proceedings for Recovery of Penalties, what shall be deemed good Service.

CXLII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any of the said cases before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear (the Expence of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered) without a reasonable Excuse to

Witnesses neglecting to appear or refusing to be examined.

be

be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace or Justice or Justices of Sessions respectively; or upon appearing shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of Peace or at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Informers admitted as Witnesses.

CXLIII. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty or Forfeiture under this Act, or under any Act imposing or in anywise relating to the Collection or Management of any Stamp Duty or Duties, whether in any Suit to be instituted in any of the said superior Courts, or by Civil Bill, or before a Justice or Justices, or at Sessions, any Informer or other Person, who, in the Event of a Conviction, would be entitled either by Law, or by any Promise or Agreement, to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, or who may expect the same respectively, shall nevertheless be received and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding; and such Testimony shall if believed be sufficient thereon, to all Intents and Purposes, as far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

Penalties payable to His Majesty to be paid to Receiver General of Stamps.

CXLIV. And be it further enacted, That every Penalty, or such Part, Share and Proportion as shall remain payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, of any Penalty, Forfeiture or Fine, payable or recoverable under this Act, or any Act or Acts which shall in anywise relate to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duties or Duty in *Ireland*; after the Payment of the Inspector General, or other Inspector or other Officer as aforesaid, shall, unless otherwise particularly directed, within One Calendar Month after the same shall be levied or received, be paid by the Person by whom the same shall have been so levied or received, to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, if the same shall have been so levied in the County of *Dublin*, or County of the City of *Dublin*, and if in any other Part of *Ireland*, then to the Distributor of Stamps in whose District the Offence was committed; and if any Person by whom any such Penalty shall have been so levied or recovered, shall neglect or omit so to pay over the same, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Persons recovering Penalty not paying over, Penalty.

Justices, &c. neglecting to carry Act into Execution.

CXLV. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer in *Ireland*, shall neglect or refuse in any Instance to carry into Execution this Act, or any Act or Acts which is or shall be in force in *Ireland*; relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties, or any of the Provisions thereof, upon proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Magistrate, or Peace Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal.

Penalty.

Convictions to be drawn up in manner following.

CXLVI. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence against any Act in anywise relating to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in *Ireland*, shall cause the said Conviction to be made out in manner and Form following; or in any other Form of Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; which Conviction shall be good and effectual to

to all Intents and Purposes, without setting forth the Evidence or stating the case in any more particular manner; (that is to say),

BE it remembered, That on the Day of in Form of Conviction
 the Year of our Lord , A. O. of in the tion.
 County of , (or, County of the City or Town of
 , as the case may be) was convicted before me I. P. One
 of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of
 (or, County of the City, &c.) for that the said A. O. on the
 Day of now last past, at in the said County
 of did (*here state the Offence*) contrary to the Statute
 in that case made and provided; and I do therefore adjudge the
 said A. O. to have forfeited a Sum of , British Currency,
 and for the Costs, which amount together to the Sum
 of . Given under my Hand and Seal the
 Day of .

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written fairly upon Parchment, and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction, to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, or County of a City, or County of a Town (as the case may be), or Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and to remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit Ten Pounds.

CXLVII. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant so to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace for levying any Sum under any such Conviction from the Goods of any such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect; which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; (that is to say),

Warrants for levying Goods to be in following

County of } To M. and N. and each of them, and their and each Form.
 to wit } of their Assistants.

WHEREAS on the Day of now last past,
 A. O. of was duly convicted for that he (*or she*) on
 the Day of then last past, at in
 the County of or County of the City or Town of
 (*as the case may be*) did (*here set out the Offence*), and
 thereupon the said A. O. hath become liable to a Fine or Penalty
 of British Currency, and to Costs, making
 together the Sum of ; I do therefore by these Presents
 authorize and command you and each of you to take into your
 Possession the Goods of the said A. O., or a Sufficiency thereof for
 levying the Sum last mentioned thereout, wherever you shall find
 the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods shall
 not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum within Six Days
 from the Day of taking the same, you are, by public Sale thereof,
 to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said A. O. the Overplus (if
 any); and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to me without
 Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my
 Hand and Seal the Day of One thousand
 eight hundred and .

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders

Offenders in the same Form as the said Warrant last mention the Words ' I do therefore by these Presents,' which Words a from thence to the Words ' disposed of according to Law,' incl shall be omitted, and this Form following, or some other For Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserted in their Plac wit),— ' And Whereas on the Day of

' Warrant was issued to levy the said last mentioned Sum, from ' Goods of the said Offender, and such Goods could not be f ' sufficient to answer the said Sum, I do therefore hereby auth ' and command you, and each of you, to take the Body of the ' A. O. wheresoever you shall find him in the said County, and t ' him before me the said J. P. or any other Magistrate of the ' County.'

And the Form of Committal for committing any such Offender Prison, shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from a after the Words ' I do therefore hereby authorize and comma ' you,' there shall follow these Words, ' to receive into your Cust ' the Body of the said A. O. and him (or her) safely to keep t ' from the Date hereof, unless the said Sum shall be too ' paid. Given under my Hand and Seal this Day of ' One thousand eight hundred and .'

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words the like Effect, respectively, shall be good and valid in the Law, all Intents and Purposes.

Warrants on af-
firming Convic-
tion to be in the
following

CXLVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Co- viction as aforesaid shall be affirmed at the Sessions, the Warrant Warrants, Committal or Committals, for carrying the same in Execution, shall be granted by the Justice or Justices so affirmi the same, or any of them, and shall be in the Forms here followi respectively, or some other Form of Words of the same Import:

Form.

County of } ' To M. and N. and each of them, their and each
to wit } their Assitants.

' WHEREAS on the Day of in th
' Year of our Lord A. O. of was du
' convicted before a Justice of the Peace for the said County, fo
' that he (or she) on the Day of last past, a
' , in the said County, did (here set out the Offence)
' and thereupon the said A. O. became liable to a Fine or Penalty
' British Currency, and to Costs, makin
' together the Sum of : And Whereas the said A. O.
' appealed from the said Conviction to the Sessions, which last
' affirmed the same with Costs, making together with th
' said former Adjudication the Sum of ; these are there
' fore to authorize and command you and each of you to take int
' your Possession the Goods of the said A. O., or a Sufficiency there
' for levying the said last mentioned Sum whereout, wherever yo
' shall find the said Goods in the County aforesaid; and if the sai
' Goods shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum withi
' Six Days from the Day of taking the same, you are, by publi
' Sale thereof, to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said A. O. th
' Overplus (if any); and the said Sum so levied you shall bring t

shall be considered as entitled to, and shall have the Priority any other Proceeding for the same Offence, and shall accorde the Right to the Penalty sought thereby.

Commissioners,
under Direction
of Treasury,
may mitigate
Penalties.

CLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be for the said Commissioners of Stamp Duties, by Order and the Directions of the Commissioners for executing the Office of the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, to mitigate any Fine, Penal Forfeiture which shall be incurred by any Distributor of Stamp Duties, or to mitigate or commute any Forfeiture which shall at any time be adjudged under the Authority of any Justice of the Peace under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in *Ireland*, relating in anywise to the Payment or Regulation of any Stamp Duty or Duties in *Ireland*, so far as concerns the Interest of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, any thing in this or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commence-
ment of Act.

CLII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and the several Clauses, Provisions and Regulations therein contained, shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and not sooner.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE.

PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on **ADMISSIONS** to Offices, &c. ; on Instruments of **CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION** and **SECURITY** for Money, and on **DEEDS** in general.

PART THE SECOND:-

Containing the Duties on **LAW, EQUITY** and other **PROCEEDINGS** :

- I. Proceedings in the Court of Admiralty in *Ireland*.
- II. Proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical Matters in *Ireland*.
- III. Proceedings in the Courts of Law and Equity in *Dublin*, and in all other Courts in *Ireland* holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.

PART THE THIRD:

Containing the Duties on **PROBATES** of Wills and Letters of **ADMINISTRATION** ; on **INVENTORIES** to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in *Ireland* ; and on **LEGACIES** out of Real or Personal Estate ; and on Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestacy.

PART THE FOURTH:

Containing the Duties on **NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS** and **PUBLICATIONS** ; and in respect of **ARTICLES** not stamped on **VELLUM, PARCHMENT** or **PAPER**.

PART THE FIFTH:

ALLOWANCES on the Purchase of **STAMPS**.

SCHEDULE ;—PART THE FIRST:

Containing the Duties on **ADMISSIONS** to Offices, &c. ; on Instruments of **CONVEYANCE, CONTRACT, OBLIGATION** and **SECURITY** for Money, and on **DEEDS** in general.

PART THE FIRST.	Duty.
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Advocate in any of the Ecclesiastical Courts, or in the Court of Admiralty in <i>Ireland</i> ; for the Register or Entry thereof	£. s. d. 30 0 0
ADMISSION of any Person to the Degree of a Barrister at Law in the Inns of Court in <i>Ireland</i> ; for the Register or Entry thereof	30 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.	
	£.	s.	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as an Attorney or Solicitor in any Court in <i>Ireland</i> - -	20	0	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Proctor in any Ecclesiastical Court held in the City or County of the City of <i>Dublin</i> - - -	20	0	
ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Proctor in any other Ecclesiastical Court in <i>Ireland</i> - -	10	0	
ADMISSION of any Person as a Master in Ordinary in Chancery, or as One of the Six Clerks, or One of Curfitors of the Court of Chancery in <i>Ireland</i> , or other Clerk or Officer whatsoever, in any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , who must necessarily be employed to do certain official Business, and whose Emoluments shall be therefore so far fixed and certain ; - -			
Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments of the Office or Appointment shall not amount to 50l. per Annum - - -	2	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum - -	4	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum - -	6	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum - -	12	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum - -	25	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum - -	35	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum - -	50	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum - -	75	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum - -	100	0	0
Where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. per Annum - -	150	0	0
And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. or upwards per Annum - - -	200	0	0
The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for three Years preceding if practicable, and if not, according to the best Information that can be obtained.			
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>			
<i>Where any Officer shall be admitted annually, every Admission after the first shall be free of Duty, provided the proper Duty shall have been paid on his first Admission.</i>			
<i>All Admissions of Officers, proceeding upon any Grants of or Appointments to Offices, which</i>			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>ADMISSION—<i>continued.</i> <i>shall be charged with the Duties hereinafter mentioned.</i> But in all cases not expressly exempted, the proper Duty is to be paid on every Admission of the same Person.</p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>ADMISSION of any Person to act as a Notary Public, See LICENCE.</p>	
<p>ADMISSION of any Student into the Society of King's Inn</p>	<p>30 0 0</p>
<p>ADMISSION of any Person to be a Fellow of the College of Physicians or Surgeons</p>	<p>20 0 0</p>
<p><i>Note.</i>—The said herebefore mentioned Duties on Admissions are, in all cases not expressly provided for, to be charged on the Register, Entry or Memorandum of each Admission, in the Rolls, Books or Records of the Court, College, Inn or Society in which the Admission shall be made.</p>	
<p>ADMISSION of any Person into any Corporation, Guild or Company, in a City, Borough, Burgh or Town Corporate, in <i>Ireland</i>, for the Registry, Entry, Minute or Memorandum thereof, in the Court Book, Roll or Record of such Corporation, Guild or Company ;</p>	
<p>Where the Admission shall be in respect of Birth, Apprenticeship or Marriage</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>And where the same shall be upon any other Ground</p>	<p>3 0 0</p>
<p>Only one of the foregoing Duties to be payable in respect of the Admission of any one Person into the same Corporation.</p>	
<p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p>	
<p><i>The Admission of any Person into a Corporation or Company for the Direction of any Charitable Institution exclusively.</i></p>	
<p>ADMISSION to Ecclesiastical Benefices. — See COLLATION and PRESENTATION.</p>	
<p>AFFIDAVIT, or AFFIRMATION, made in pursuance of any Law for amending or repairing Public Roads, or made before the Trustees of any Turnpike, relative to the Roads or Tolls of such Turnpike, or made for the Purpose of grounding thereon any Presentment of any Grand Jury, or for raising Money for Repair of Roads, or any other Public Purpose, or for accounting for any Public Money, or discharging Queries on Presentments ;</p>	
<p>Where the Amount of the Money to be presented, raised or accounted for, shall not exceed 20l.</p>	<p>0 2 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
AFFIDAVIT — <i>continued.</i>	£. s.
Where such Amount shall exceed 20l. and shall not exceed 50l. - - -	0 3 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l. - - -	0 4 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 100l. and shall not exceed 200l. - - -	0 5 0
Where such Amount shall exceed 200l. - - -	0 6 0
Any Affidavit not otherwise charged; for every Sheet or Piece of Paper, Parchment or Vellum, on which the same shall be written or printed - - -	0 2 0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Affidavits required or authorized by Law, to be made before any Commissioner or Commissioners of any Public Board of Revenue, or any of the Officers appointed or acting under them, or before any other Commissioner or Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by Act of Parliament, or by the Crown.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations relating to Criminal Prosecutions.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations for the Purpose of Registering Freeholds.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations to be made before any Justice or Justices of Peace, or before a Magistrate of any Corporation acting as a Justice of the Peace, unless hereby otherwise charged.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations to be taken before a Magistrate acting in any Court of Conscience, or of summary Jurisdiction, or before any Judge of Assize, Commissioner of Oyer and Terminer, or Recorder, or Assistant Barrister, relative to Prosecutions or Trials of Indictments, or to Civil Bills.</i>	
<i>Affidavits or Affirmations made in pursuance of any Act relative to the Hempen or Linen Manufactures: And Affidavits or Affirmations as to the Payment of Corn Premiums; and Affidavits or Affirmations made before the Dublin Society.</i>	
<i>Affidavits which may be required at the Bank of Ireland to prove the Death of any Proprietor of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds, to identify the Person of any such Proprietor, or to remove any other Impediment to the Transfer of any such Stocks or Funds, or in anywise relating to the Loss, Mutilation or Defacement of any Bank Note or Bank Post Bill.</i>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>AGREEMENT, or Contract, accompanied with a Deposit of Title Deeds, for making a Mortgage, or other Security on any Estate or Property therein comprised. — See MORTGAGE.</p>	<p>ℓ. s. d.</p>
<p>AGREEMENT, or any Minute or Memorandum of Agreement, made in <i>Ireland</i> under Hand only (and not otherwise charged in this Schedule nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty), where the matter thereof shall be of the Value of 20ℓ. or upwards, whether the same shall contain an actual Contract, or be only Evidence of a Contract, or obligatory upon the Parties from its being a written Instrument, together with every Schedule, Receipt or other matter put or indorsed thereon or annexed thereto - - -</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein, after the First - - -</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>Provided always, that where divers Letters shall be offered in Evidence to prove any Agreement between the Parties who shall have written such Letters, it shall be sufficient if any one of such Letters shall be stamped with a Duty of 1ℓ.</p>	
<p><i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i></p>	
<p><i>Memorandum or Agreement for the Hire of any Labourer, Artificer, Manufacturer or Menial Servant :</i></p>	
<p><i>Memorandum, Letter or Agreement, made for or relating to the Sale of any Goods, Wares or Merchandize :</i></p>	
<p><i>Memorandum or Agreement made between the Master and Mariners of any Ship or Vessel, for Wages, on any Voyage Coastways from Port to Port in Ireland :</i></p>	
<p><i>Letters containing any Agreement (not before exempted) in respect to any Merchandize, or Evidence of such an Agreement, which shall pass by the Post, between Merchants and other Persons carrying on Trade or Commerce, in Ireland, and residing and actually being, at the Time of sending such Letters, at the Distance of Forty Miles from each other, or between one or more Merchants in Ireland, and one or more Merchants in any other Country.</i></p>	
<p>ANNUITY, DEED granting any, for a pecuniary Consideration. — See CONVEYANCE and BOND.</p>	
<p>ANNUITY-DEED, if voluntary or gratuitously, or upon any good or valuable Consideration, other than a pecuniary Consideration. — See SETTLEMENT.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

	£.	s.	d.
ANNUITY; Release, or other Conveyance, on the Repurchase of any Annuity or Rent Charge made, on the original Grant thereof, redeemable, or subject to be repurchased, provided the original Grant hath paid the <i>ad valorem</i> Duties chargeable thereon by the Act of the 55th of His present Majesty, intituled "An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in <i>Ireland</i> , and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof," or the <i>ad valorem</i> Duties charged by this Act, on the first Skin thereof	1	0	0
On each and every other Skin	0	10	0
If such original Grant hath not paid such <i>ad valorem</i> Duty, then such Release or Conveyance shall pay the same Duty as on an original Grant of an Annuity; for which see Titles BOND, CONVEYANCE.			
APPOINTMENT, in execution of a Power, of Land or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Use or Interest therein, where made by any Writing, not being a Deed or Will	1	0	0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper after the First <i>If made by Deed.</i> — See DRED.	0	10	0
APPOINTMENT of a Chaplain, operating as a Qualification to hold Two Ecclesiastical Benefices in <i>Ireland</i>	2	0	0
APPOINTMENT to Offices.— See ADMISSION, GRANT.			
APPRENTICESHIP.— Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements, for or relating to the Service of any Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, who shall be put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade or Employment whatsoever; <i>except Articles of Clerkship or Apprenticeship to Attornies and others, hereinafter specifically charged on each Part of such Indentures;</i>			
If the Sum of Money, or the Value of any other matter or thing which shall be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, or be secured to be paid, given, assigned or conveyed, to or for the Use or Benefit of the Master or Mistress, with or in respect of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, or both the Money and Value of such other matter shall exceed the Sum of 10l. and shall not exceed 30l.	0	5	0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 30l. and shall not exceed 50l.	0	10	0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l.	1	10	0
Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 100l. and shall not exceed 200l.	3	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

APPRENTICESHIP—*continued.*

Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 200*l.* and shall not exceed 300*l.* - - -

£. s. d.

6 0 0

Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 300*l.* and shall not exceed 400*l.* - - -

10 0 0

Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 400*l.* and shall not exceed 500*l.* - - -

12 10 0

Where such Sum or Value shall exceed 500*l.* and shall not exceed 600*l.* - - -

20 0 0

And where such Sum or Value shall exceed the Sum of 600*l.* for every 100*l.* of such Excess, a Duty of - - -

3 0 0

Indenture or other Instrument, containing the Covenants, Articles or Agreements for or relating to the Service of any such Apprentice, Clerk or Servant, as aforesaid, who shall be put or placed to or with a new Master or Mistress, either by Assignment or Turnover, or upon the Death, Absence or Incapacity of the former Master or Mistress, or otherwise ;

Where there shall be any such valuable Consideration as aforesaid, moving to the said new Master or Mistress, exclusive of any Part of the Consideration to the former Master or Mistress, which may be returned, or given, or transferred to the new Master or Mistress

Such and the like Duty in Proportion to the Amount or Value of such new Consideration only, as is before charged on any original Indenture of Apprenticeship.

And where there shall be no such new Consideration - - -

0 10 0

Exemptions from the preceding Stamp Duties.

*Indentures or other Instruments where no Apprenti-
ce Fee shall be given, or if any be given,
where such Apprenti-
ce Fee shall not exceed the
Sum of 10*l.**

*And all Assignments of such Apprentices so as be-
fore excepted ; provided there shall be no such
valuable Consideration as aforesaid given to
the new Master or Mistress, other than what
may have been, or shall be, given by any Public
Charity.*

ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture, or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as an Apprentice or Clerk to any Attorney or Solicitor in order to his Admission as an Attorney or Solicitor, in any of His Majesty's Courts in Ireland, on each Part of such Articles or Contract

50 0 0

ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as an Apprentice, in order to any such

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP—<i>continued.</i>	£. s.
Admission as aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated by Consent, or by a Rule of Court, or in any other Event - - - - -	1 10
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - - - -	1 10
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in the Court of Prerogative in <i>Dublin</i>, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - - - -	50 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk, or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor in any other Court in <i>Ireland</i>, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - - - -	5 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, whereby any Person shall first become bound to serve as a Clerk or an Apprentice, in order to his Admission into the Court of Admiralty in <i>Ireland</i>, on each Part of such Articles or Contract - - - - -	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument, for binding a Clerk or an Apprentice to a Notary Public, in order to his becoming a Notary Public, on each Part of such Articles - - - - -	15 0 0
ARTICLES of APPRENTICESHIP, Indenture or other Instrument or Contract whereby any Person shall become bound to serve as a Clerk or Apprentice, in order to his Admission as a Proctor, or as a Notary Public, in any of the Courts aforesaid, for the Residue of the Term for which he was originally bound, in consequence of the Death of his former Master, or of the Contract between them being vacated, or in any other Event - - - - -	1 10 0
And for any Counterpart or Duplicate thereof - - - - -	1 10 0
ASSIGNMENT upon the Sale of any Property. — See CONVEYANCE.	
ASSIGNMENT of any Mortgage, or other similar Security. — See MORTGAGE.	
ASSIGNMENT of JUDGMENTS. — For each Judgment assigned ;	
Where the Penalty of any such Judgment assigned shall not amount to 500l. - - - - -	0 5 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 500l. and shall not amount to 1,000l. - - - - -	0 10 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 1,000l. and shall not amount to 2,000l. - - - - -	0 15 0
Where such Penalty shall amount to 2,000l. and shall not amount to 4,000l. - - - - -	1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

ASSIGNMENT of JUDGMENTS — *continued.*

And where such Penalty shall amount to 4,000l. or upwards

£.	s.	d.
2	0	0

ASSIGNMENT of any Policy of Insurance. — See POLICY of INSURANCE.

AWARD under Hand and Seal, or under Hand only, made in Ireland, and whether the same shall or shall not be enrolled of Record in, or made a Rule of any Court

1	0	0
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BARGAIN and SALE of any Estate, upon the Sale thereof, or by way of Mortgage. — See CONVEYANCE, MORTGAGE.

BARGAIN and SALE, to be enrolled, of any Estate, over and above all other Duties, for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, which the same shall contain

1	0	0
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BILL; viz. INLAND BILL OF EXCHANGE, Promissory Note or other Note, whether of Bankers or otherwise, or Post Bill, or any Draft or Order for the Payment to the Bearer or to Order, either on Demand or otherwise, of any Sum of Money, not otherwise charged or expressly exempted;

Where the Sum therein expressed shall not exceed 10l.

0	0	6
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Where the Sum shall exceed 10l. and shall not exceed 30l.

0	1	6
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Where the Sum shall exceed 30l. and shall not exceed 50l.

0	2	0
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Where the Sum shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 100l.

0	3	0
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Where the Sum shall exceed 100l. and shall not exceed 200l.

0	4	0
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Where the Sum shall exceed 200l. and shall not exceed 500l.

0	5	0
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Where the Sum shall exceed 500l. and shall not exceed 1,000l.

0	8	0
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Where the Sum shall exceed 1,000l. and shall not exceed 3,000l.

0	15	0
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Where such Sum shall exceed 3,000l.

1	5	0
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BILL; viz. INLAND BILL, Draft or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money, though not made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her behalf

The same Duty as on a Bill of Exchange for the like Sum payable to Bearer or Order.

BILL; viz. INLAND BILL, Draft or Order, for the Payment of any Sum of Money weekly, monthly or at any other stated Periods, if made payable to Bearer or to Order, or to the Payee, or some Person on his or her behalf, or which shall be delivered to the Payee, or such Person where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be specified therein, or can be ascertained therefrom

The same Duty as on a Bill payable to Bearer or Order for a Sum equal to such Total Amount.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>BILL—continued.</p>	<p>2. 3.</p>
<p>And where the total Amount of the Money thereby made payable shall be indefinite</p>	<p>{ The same Duty as a Bill for its therein exp only.</p>
<p>And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money, within the Intent and meaning of this Act and Schedule; and of all Acts in anywise relating to the levying, collecting or regulating any Stamp Duty or Duties whatsoever, in <i>Ireland</i>:</p>	
<p>All Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, either in Cash or by a Bill or Bills, or Promissory Note or Notes, or by any Paper, or by Security or otherwise, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Bills, or Note or Notes, Paper Security or other matter, in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money, where such Inland Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders, shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer or to Order, or to the Payee, or if delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her behalf.</p>	
<p>All Receipts given by any Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, for Money received, which shall entitle, or be intended to entitle, the Person or Persons paying the Money, or the Bearer of such Receipts, to receive the like Sum from any third Person or Persons.</p>	
<p>And all Bills, Promissory Notes, Post Bills, Drafts or Orders, for the Payment of any Sum of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be available, or upon any Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed or happen, if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or if the same shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her behalf.</p>	
<p>BILL; viz. Foreign Bill of Exchange, or Bill drawn in <i>Ireland</i>, but payable elsewhere out of <i>Ireland</i>,</p>	
<p>If drawn singly</p>	<p>{ The same Duty as an Inland Bill of the same Amount and Tenor.</p>
<p>If drawn in Sets, according to the Custom of Merchants, for every Bill of each Set, where the Sum made payable thereby shall not exceed 100l.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

BILL—continued.

And where it shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l.

s. s. d.

0 3 0

And where it shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l.

0 4 0

And where it shall exceed 500l. and not exceed 1,000l.

0 5 0

And where it shall exceed 1,000l. and not exceed 2,000l.

0 7 6

And where it shall exceed 2,000l. and not exceed 3,000l.

0 10 0

And where it shall exceed 3,000l.

0 15 0

*Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.**Bank Notes and Bank Post Bills not otherwise charged; Promissory Notes for any Sum not exceeding 2l. 10s. passed on Account of Tithes, or for Money lent by, or payable to, any Society for Charitable Loan, or by or to their Trustees, in Trust for them.**All Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money to the Bearer on Demand, and drawn upon any Banker or Bankers, who shall reside or transact the Business of a Banker, within Ten Miles of the Place where such Drafts or Orders shall be drawn; provided such Place shall be specified in such Drafts or Orders, and provided such Drafts or Orders shall bear Date on or before the Day on which the same shall be issued; and provided the same do not direct the Payment to be made by Bills or Promissory Notes.**All Bills for the Pay and Allowances of His Majesty's Land Forces, or for the Expenditures liable to be charged in the public Regimental or District Accounts, which shall be drawn according to the Forms now prescribed or hereafter to be prescribed by His Majesty's Orders, by the Paymasters of Recruiting Districts, or by the Paymasters of Detachments, or by the Officer or Officers authorized to perform the Duties of Paymastership during a Vacancy, or the Absence, Suspension or Incapacity of any such Paymaster as aforesaid; save and except such Bills as shall be drawn in Favour of Contractors or others, who furnish Bread or Forage to His Majesty's Troops, and who by their Contracts and Agreements shall be liable to pay the Stamp Duties on the Bills given in Payment for the Articles supplied by them.*

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
	£. s. d.
BILL of LADING, which shall be signed of or for any Goods, Merchandize or Effects, to be exported or carried Coastways, upon each and every Part of each Set thereof - - - - -	0 1 0
BILL of SALE absolute.—See CONVEYANCE.	
BILL of SALE as a Security.—See MORTGAGE.	
BOND, or other obligatory Instrument, conditioned for the Payment of any principal Sum, not otherwise particularly charged, not exceeding 100l.	0 10 0
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 200l. - - - - -	1 0 0
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l. - - - - -	1 10 0
Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l. - - - - -	2 0 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1,000l. - - - - -	2 10 0
Exceeding 1,000l. and not exceeding 2,000l. - - - - -	3 10 0
Exceeding 2,000l. and not exceeding 3,000l. - - - - -	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000l. and not exceeding 4,000l. - - - - -	4 10 0
Exceeding 4,000l. and not exceeding 5,000l. - - - - -	6 0 0
Exceeding 5,000l. - - - - -	10 0 0
BOND given as a Security for the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account Current, whether together with, or without any Sum already advanced ;	
Where the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable, shall be uncertain and without any Limit - - - - -	10 0 0
And where the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum - - - - -	
	} <i>The same Duty as on a Bond for such limited Sum.</i>
	} <i>The same Duty as on a Bond for a Sum of Money equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured according to the average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Bond, or if there shall not have been any known Sale on that Day, then on the latest Day preceding on which there shall have been a known Sale.</i>
BOND given as a Security for the Transfer or Retransfer of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks or Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company or Corporation - - - - -	
BOND commonly called a Mortgage, or Annuity Bond, or Bond given as a collateral Security for or in respect of any Mortgage or Annuity - - - - -	0 10 0
BOND entered into by any Person on obtaining a Marriage Licence - - - - -	0 1 0
BOND given as the only or principal Security for the Payment of any Annuity upon the original Creation and Sale thereof.—See CONVEYANCE upon the Sale of Lands, &c.	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND—continued.	<i>£. s. d.</i>
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except upon the original Creation and Sale thereof), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, or Rent reserved, or made payable upon any Lease) for any definite and certain Term, so that the total Amount of the Money to be paid can be previously ascertained -	} <i>The same Duty as on a Bond of the like Nature, for the Payment of a Sum of Money equal to such Total Amount.</i>
BOND given as a Security for the Payment of any Annuity (except as aforesaid), or of any Sum or Sums of Money at stated Periods (not being Interest for any principal Sum, nor Rent reserved or payable upon any Lease), for Term of Life, or any other indefinite Period, so that the whole Money to be paid cannot be previously ascertained ;	
Where the Annuity, or Sums secured, shall not amount to 10l. per Annum - - -	0 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 10l. and not amount to 50l. per Annum - - -	1 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum - - -	1 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum - - -	2 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per annum - - -	2 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 400l. per Annum - - -	3 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 400l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum - - -	3 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum - - -	4 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum - - -	6 0 0
Where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum - - -	7 10 0
Where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum - - -	10 0 0
And where the same shall amount to 2,000l. per Annum or upwards - - -	12 10 0
BOND for indemnifying any Person who shall become bound or engaged as Security or Cautioner for the Payment of any Sum of Money or Annuity, or for the Transfer of any Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned - - -	1 0 0
BOND for the due Execution of an Office, or for the faithful Discharge of any Trust reposed in any Person as a Clerk, and to account for Money received - - -	1 0 0
BOND given pursuant to the Directions of any Act of Parliament, or by the Direction of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any of their Officers, for	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
BOND — <i>continued</i>	ℓ. s.
or in respect of any of the Duties of Customs or Excise, or Taxes, or for preventing Frauds or Evasions thereof, or for any other matter or thing relating thereto	0 10
BOND on obtaining Letters of Administration	1 0
BOND of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Act or Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty	1 0
GENERAL DIRECTIONS respecting BONDS.	
Where any such Bond as aforesaid, together with any Schedule, Receipt or other matter, put or indorsed thereon, shall be written on more than one Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or on more than one Sheet of Paper, there shall be charged for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, as aforesaid, beyond the first, a Duty of	
	0 10 0
Where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment of any Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer of a Share in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, and an Annuity, or for any Two of such Purposes, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of a Sum composed of such Sum of Money, and the Value of such Share and Annuity, or either of them, such Value to be ascertained as herein directed. (<i>See CONVEYANCE.</i>)	
And where any such Bond as aforesaid shall be given as a Security for the Payment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Values, whether consisting respectively of Sums of Money, and Annuities and Shares, in any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, or of any One or Two of such matters, the proper <i>ad valorem</i> Duty shall be charged in respect of each such Transaction separately, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.	
And where any Bond shall be given as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement for the Payment or Transfer of any of the said matters before mentioned, such Bond shall be charged with the same Duty as if the same had been immediately given for the Payment or Transfer thereof.	
And where any Bond for the Payment or Transfer of any of the said matters, or for the Performance of any Covenant for such Payment or Transfer, shall be contained in one and	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

BOND— *continued.*

the same Deed or Writing, with any other matter or thing, in this Schedule specifically charged with any Duty (*except any Declaration of Trust for the Money, Annuity, Stock or Fund secured*) such Deed or Writing shall be charged with the same Duties as would have been chargeable in respect of the said several matters therein, if contained in separate Deeds.

But where a Bond for the Performance of Covenants or Agreements (*other than for the Payment or Transfer of any Sum of Money or Annuity or any Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds*) shall be contained in the same Deed or Writing with any other matter or thing, the same shall not be charged separately, but the whole shall be considered as One Deed, and be charged accordingly under its proper Denomination.

Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.

Administration Bonds, given by the Widow, Child, Father, Mother, Brother or Sister of any Common Seaman, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.

Administration Bond given by any Person, where the Estate to be administered shall not exceed 20l. in Value.

Bonds to procure the Admission of any Child into any Charitable Institution.

CERTIFICATE of having registered a Deputation as a Gamekeeper - - - - -

3 3 0

CERTIFICATE to authorize any Person not being a Gamekeeper to kill Game in Ireland - - - - -

3 3 0

CERTIFICATE to entitle any Person to receive a Drawback of any Duty.— See DEBENTURE.

CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted to practise as a Six Clerk in Chancery; and by every Person admitted as an Attorney or Solicitor in any of His Majesty's Superior Courts in *Dublin*; and by every Person admitted as a Solicitor, Agent, Attorney or Procurator, in any other Court in *Ireland* holding Plea, where the Damage doth exceed Forty Shillings;

If such Six Clerk, Attorney or Solicitor, Agent or Procurator, has been admitted for Three Years and upwards - - - - -

8 0 0

Or if he shall not have been admitted for Three Years - - - - -

3 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person, who in any Character whether as Conveyancer, Draftsman, Land Agent, Steward of an Estate or otherwise, shall for or in Expectation of any Fee, Gain or Reward, draw, fill up or prepare any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument, or Lease, or Agreement for a Lease, of or relating to any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, or any other Deed or Contract whatever, or any Pleadings or Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity</p>	<p>£. s.</p> <p>8 0</p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><i>Exemptions.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Serjeants at Law and Barristers, and also Attornies, Solicitors, Proctors and Notaries Public, and other Persons acting as such by virtue of any Office or Appointment, who shall respectively take out Certificates in those Characters.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Public Officers drawing or preparing Deeds or other Instruments by virtue of their Office, and in the Course of their official Duty only, and not otherwise.</i></p>	
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted as a Proctor in any of the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty Courts in <i>Dublin</i> ;</p> <p>If such Proctor has been admitted for Three Years or upwards - - - - -</p> <p>If he shall not have been admitted for Three Years - - - - -</p>	<p>8 0 0</p> <p>3 0 0</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">The above Certificate to authorize the Party obtaining the same to practise as a Proctor in any Court in <i>Ireland</i>.</p>	
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by every Person admitted, or who shall practise as a Proctor in any Ecclesiastical Court in any other Part of <i>Ireland</i> ;</p> <p>If such Person has been admitted for Three Years or upwards - - - - -</p> <p>Or if he shall not have been admitted for Three Years - - - - -</p>	<p>3 0 0</p> <p>1 0 0</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE to be taken out yearly by any Banker or Bankers, or Person or Persons acting as such, of having registered the Firm of his or their House according to Law ;</p> <p>If such Banker or Bankers, or other Person or Persons, shall issue any Promissory Notes for Money payable to Bearer on Demand, and allowed to be reissued - - - - -</p>	<p>30 0 0</p>
<p>CHARTER PARTY, or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter of any Ship or Vessel, or any Memorandum, Letter or other Writing, between the Captain, Master or Owner, of any Ship or Vessel,</p>	<p>30 0 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
CHARTER PARTY — <i>continued.</i> and any Person for or relating to the Freight or Conveyance of any Money, Goods or Effects, on board of any such Ship or Vessel - - -	1	0	0
CLERKSHIP, Articles or Contract of. —See APPRENTICESHIP, ARTICLES.			
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion, in <i>Ireland</i> , of the yearly Value of 100l. - - -	5	0	0
And for every 100l. of the yearly Value thereof, exceeding the first 100l. a Year, a further Duty of - - -	5	0	0
The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop, Bishop or Vicar General of the Diocese; provided always, that Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be deemed One Benefice only.			
COLLATION by any Archbishop or Bishop to any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Curacy or Promotion whatsoever in <i>Ireland</i> .—See INSTITUTION, LICENCE and PRESENTATION.			
COMPOSITION DEED , or other Instrument of Composition between a Debtor or Debtors and his, her or their Creditors - - -	1	0	0
CONSTAT of Letters Patent.—See EXEMPLIFICATION.			
CONVEYANCE , whether Grant, Assignment, Transfer, Release, Renunciation or of any other Kind or Description whatsoever, upon the Sale, Settlement or Conveyance of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property, Real or Personal, or of any Right, Title, Interest or Claim into, out of or upon any Lands, Tenements, Rents, Annuities or other Property whatsoever, in <i>Ireland</i> , which shall be executed by the Grantor or Grantors or any of them, <i>not otherwise charged in this Schedule</i> ;			
Where the Consideration therein or thereupon expressed shall not exceed 100l. - - -	1	0	0
And where the same shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 300l. - - -	1	10	0
And where the same shall exceed 300l. and not exceed 500l. - - -	2	0	0
And where the same shall exceed 500l. and not exceed 750l. - - -	3	0	0
And where the same shall exceed 750l. and not exceed 1,000l. - - -	4	10	0
And where the same shall exceed 1,000l. and not exceed 2,000l. - - -	6	0	0
And where the same shall exceed 2,000l. and not exceed 3,000l. - - -	12	10	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
CONVEYANCE— <i>continued.</i>	£. s.
And where the same shall exceed 3,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	17 10
And where the same shall exceed 4,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	22 10
And where the same shall exceed 5,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	32 10
And where the same shall exceed 8,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	47 10
And where the same shall exceed 12,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	65 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 15,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	85 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 20,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	120 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 30,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	175 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 40,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	225 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 50,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	275 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 60,000 <i>l.</i> and not exceed 100,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	350 0 0
And where the same shall exceed 100,000 <i>l.</i> - - -	500 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in each Part of such Conveyance, Settlement, Deed or Instrument, after the first Skin, a Duty of - - -	0 10 0
Where the Consideration in any such Deed or any Part thereof may be an Annuity, the Value of such Annuity shall be ascertained by the Tables annexed to an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to secure the Payment of Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in Ireland," and as therein described, every such Annuity to be taken as a Sum to that Amount in ascertaining such <i>ad valorem</i> Duty as above charged.	
And where the Consideration, or any Part of the Consideration, shall be any Stock in any of the Public Funds, or any Government Debentures or Debenture, or Stock of the Bank of <i>Ireland</i> , or any Debentures or Debenture of any Corporation, Company, Society or Persons or Person, payable only at the Will of the Debtor; then the said Duty shall be calculated (taking the same	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

£. s. d.

respectively, whether constituting the whole or a Part only of such Consideration) according to the selling Price thereof respectively on that Day, or on the next preceding Day on which any such Sale shall have taken place: And if such Consideration, or Part of Consideration, shall be a Mortgage, Judgment or Bond, or a Debenture, the Amount whereof shall be recoverable by the Holder, or any other Security whatsoever, whether payable in Money or otherwise; then such Calculation shall be made according to the Sum due thereon, whether for Principal or Interest, or for both.

Note.—The Purchase Money or Consideration is to be truly expressed and set forth in Words at Length, in or upon every such Deed or Instrument of Conveyance.

And where any Equity or Right of Redemption, or any Reversionary Right or Interest, of, in, to or out of any Lands or other Property, in Mortgage, or standing pledged or charged for or with the Payment of any Sum of Money, shall be conveyed or disposed of, either in Consideration of the Money so due on Mortgage, or in Consideration of that and of any further Sum, paid or agreed to be paid, the Conveyance of such Equity of Redemption, or Reversionary Right or Interest shall be deemed and taken to be a Conveyance upon the Sale of Property, and the Money due on such Mortgage shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchase Money or Part of the Purchase Money for the same, as the case may be; and the Conveyance shall be liable to such Duty in respect of the whole of such Consideration, as any other Conveyance upon the Sale of Property is liable to, deducting thereout, nevertheless, such *ad valorem* Duty, if any, as shall have been previously paid on the Execution of such Mortgage, in respect of so much of the Principal Sum lent on such Mortgage, as shall then remain unpaid.

And where any Lands or other Property of different Tenures or Holdings, or held under different Titles, contracted to be sold at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser in separate Parts or Parcels

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

by different Deeds or Instruments, the Purchase Money or Consideration shall be divided and apportioned in such manner as the Parties shall think fit, so that a distinct Price or Consideration for each separate Part or Parcel may be set forth in or upon the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance relating thereto, which shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty, in respect of the Price or Consideration therein set forth.

And where any Lands or other Property contracted to be purchased by Two or more Persons jointly, or by any Person for himself and others, or wholly for others, at one entire Price for the whole, shall be conveyed in Parts or Parcels, by separate Deeds or Instruments, to the Persons for whom the same shall be purchased, for distinct Parts or Shares of the Purchase Money or Consideration, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance of each separate Part or Parcel shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the Sum of Money or other matter therein specified, as the Consideration for the same.

But if separate Parts or Parcels of such Lands or other Property shall be conveyed to, or to the use of or in trust for different Persons, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, then such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty in respect of the aggregate Amount of the Purchase Money or Consideration therein mentioned to be paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, for the Lands or Property thereby conveyed.

And where any Lands or other Property separately contracted to be purchased of different Persons at separate and distinct Prices, shall be conveyed to the Purchaser, or according to the Purchaser's Direction, in and by one and the same Deed or Instrument, such Deed or Instrument shall be charged with the *ad valorem* Duties which shall be then, by Law, payable on Conveyances on the Sale of Property for and in respect of the separate Consideration paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, for such Lands or other Property,

L. s. d.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CONVEYANCE—<i>continued.</i> and not for and in respect of the aggregate Amount thereof.</p> <p>And where any Person having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell to any other Person, and the same shall, in consequence, be conveyed immediately to the Sub Purchaser, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty in respect of the Purchase or Consideration Money therein mentioned to be paid, or agreed to be paid by the Sub Purchaser.</p> <p>And where any Person having contracted for the Purchase of any Lands or other Property, but not having obtained a Conveyance thereof, shall contract to sell the whole or any Part or Parts thereof to any other Person or Persons, and the same shall, in consequence, be conveyed by the original Seller to different Persons in Parts or Parcels, the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance of each Part or Parcel thereof shall be charged with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty in respect only of the Purchase Money or Consideration which shall be therein mentioned to be paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given for the same, by the Person or Persons to whom, or to whose Use, or in trust for whom the Conveyance shall be made; without regard to the Amount of the original Purchase Money or Consideration.</p> <p>And in all cases of such Sub Sales as aforesaid, the Sub Purchasers and the Persons immediately selling to them shall be deemed and taken to be the Purchasers and Sellers within the Intent and meaning of the Provisions and Regulations of this Act.</p> <p>But where any Sub Purchaser shall take an actual Conveyance of the Interest of the Person immediately selling to him, which shall be chargeable with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty in respect of the Purchase Money or Consideration paid or given, or agreed to be paid or given, by him, and shall be duly stamped accordingly, any Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to be afterwards made to him of the Property in question, by the original Seller,</p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

shall be exempted from the said *ad valorem* Duty, and be charged only with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same kind, not upon a Sale.

And where any Lands or other Property shall be sold and conveyed in Consideration only or in Part of any Sum of Money charged thereon by way of Mortgage or otherwise, and then due and owing to the Purchaser, or shall be sold and conveyed subject to any Mortgage, Bond or other Debt, or to any gross or entire Sum of Money to be afterwards paid by the Purchaser, such Sum of Money or Debt shall be deemed the Purchase Money or Consideration, or Part of the Purchase Money or Consideration, as the case may be, in respect whereof the said *ad valorem* Duty is to be paid; deducting thereout nevertheless such *ad valorem* Duty, if any, as shall have been previously paid on the Execution of any such Mortgage or Security, in respect of so much of such Mortgage or other Debt as shall then remain unpaid.

And to prevent Doubts respecting what shall be deemed the principal Deed or Instrument of Conveyance in certain cases, it is hereby declared:

That where upon the Sale of any Annuity, or other Right not before in Existence, the same shall not be created by actual Grant or Conveyance, but shall only be secured by Bond, Warrant of Attorney, Covenant, Contract or otherwise, the Bond or other Instrument by which the same shall be secured, or some one of such Instruments, if there be more than one, shall be deemed and taken to be liable to the same Duty as an actual Grant or Conveyance.

And where, in any case not herein expressly provided for, of several Deeds or Instruments, or Writings, a Doubt shall arise which is the principal, it shall be lawful for the Parties to determine for themselves which shall be so deemed, and to pay the said *ad valorem* Duty thereon accordingly; and if necessary, the other Deeds, Instruments or Writings, on which the Doubts shall have arisen, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Pay-

l. s. d.

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

CONVEYANCE—*continued.*

ment of the *ad valorem* Duty upon all the Deeds or Instruments being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped in other respects.

And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument chargeable with the said *ad valorem* Duty exceeding 2l. one of them only shall be charged therewith, and the other or others shall be charged with the ordinary Duty on Deeds or Instruments of the same kind not upon a Sale; and on the whole being produced, duly stamped as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said *ad valorem* Duty.

And where any Deed or Instrument, operating as a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property, shall operate also as a Conveyance of any other than the Property sold, by way of Settlement, or for any other Purpose, or shall also contain any other matter or thing, besides what shall be incident to the Sale and Conveyance of the Property sold, or shall relate to the Title thereto, every such Deed or Instrument shall be charged, in addition to the Duty to which it shall be liable as a Conveyance on the Sale of Property, and to any Progressive Duty to which it may also be liable, with such further Stamp Duty as any separate Deed, containing the other matter, would have been chargeable with exclusive of the progressive Duty.

And where there shall be several Deeds or Instruments for completing the Title to the Property sold, such of them as are not liable to the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any general or particular Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule.

And in all cases where the contrary shall not be expressly directed, if any Two or more distinct matters shall be contained in the same Deed or Instrument, in respect of each of which matters a Stamp Duty shall be payable, then such Deed or Instrument shall be subject to the same Duties as shall be payable in respect of such distinct matters.

£. s. d.

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>CONVEYANCE—<i>continued.</i> <i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i> <i>Considerations of 5s. or 10s. commonly termed nominal Considerations, in such Deeds or other Instruments, where other bona fide Considerations shall be expressed to be thereon paid.</i> <i>All Transfers of Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, and in the Stocks or Funds of the Bank of Ireland, or of any Company or Corporation in Ireland.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>CONVEYANCE of Lands and Rents belonging to the Crown. — See GRANT.</p>	
<p>CONVEYANCE of any Estate or Property in Trust for Sale which shall be intended only as a Security for Money or Stock. — See MORTGAGE.</p>	
<p>CONVEYANCE, Lease, Release, Indenture, Deed or Instrument of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein</p>	<p>1 0 0</p>
<p>For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>CONVEYANCE of any kind, if to be enrolled. — See RELEASE.</p>	
<p>COPY or EXTRACT of any Will or Codicil, deposited in any Ecclesiastical Court in <i>Ireland</i></p>	<p>0 0 3</p>
<p>For every entire Quantity of 90 Words, over and above the first 90 Words, a further Duty of</p>	<p>0 0 3</p>
<p>COPY of any Memorial, or of the Register of any Memorial, registered pursuant to any Act of Parliament, made or to be made for the public registering of Deeds and Conveyances in <i>Ireland</i>, issued from the Registrar's Office, whether the same be attested or not; for each Memorial</p>	<p>0 3 0</p>
<p>For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Paper, upon which any such Copy shall be written, after the first, a Duty of</p>	<p>0 3 0</p>
<p><i>Exemption from the preceding Duty.</i> <i>Copies of all Memorials included in Searches issued from the Registry Office, called Negative Searches, having the Duty thereon charged.</i> DEBENTURE or CERTIFICATE for entitling any Person to receive any Drawback of any Duty or Duties, or Part of any Duty or Duties of Customs or Excise, or any Bounty payable out of the Revenue of Customs or Excise, for or in respect of any Goods,</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

DEBENTURE—*continued.*

Wares or Merchandize exported, or shipped to be exported, from *Ireland* to any Parts beyond the Seas ;

If the same shall not exceed 100l. - -

£. s. d.

0 3 0

If the same shall exceed 100l. and not exceed 200l. - - -

0 4 0

If the same shall exceed 200l. and not exceed 500l. - - -

0 15 0

If the same shall exceed 500l. - - -

1 10 0

DEBENTURE of any other kind.—See **MORTGAGE.**

Exemption.

All Debentures issued by Government under the Direction of any Act of Parliament.

DECLARATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning any Estate or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will - - -

1 0 0

For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein after the first - - -

0 10 0

DEED of any kind whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duty, for the first Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein - - -

1 0 0

For every other Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper therein - - -

0 10 0

DEED, if the same be enrolled.—See **RELEASE.**

DEEDS;—Extracts or Abstracts from Deeds or other Acts issued from the Office for Registry of Deeds and so forth, called the Registry Office, and commonly called a Common Search ; and whether such Search shall contain the Extract from any Deeds or Deed, or not, and whether the same be signed by or on behalf of any Officer or Clerk belonging to such Office or not ;

For each Sheet or Piece of Paper, on which such Search, Extract or Extracts, Abstract or Abstracts, shall be written - - -

0 3 0

DEEDS;—Searches for Deeds or Abstracts, or Extract from Deeds or other Acts issued from the Office for Registering Deeds, called the Register Office, commonly called a Negative Search ;

For each Copy of any Deed or Memorial, or for each Extract or Abstract from any Deed or Memorial which such Negative Search shall give or contain - - -

0 3 0

On the Officer's Certificate on such Search, over and above all other Duties - - -

0 10 0

DEFEAZANCE DEED, or other Instrument of Defeazance, of any Conveyance or Disposition apparently

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty
DEFEAZANCE DEED — <i>continued.</i> absolute, but intended only as a Security, for Money or Stock.—See MORTGAGE.	£. s
DEPUTATION for any Person to be a Seneschal or Steward of a Manor	2 0
DEPUTATION of a Gamekeeper.—See CERTIFICATE.	
DISCHARGE for Money.—See RECEIPT.	
DISPENSATION for holding Two Ecclesiastical Dignities or Benefices, or a Dignity and Benefice in <i>Ireland</i>	25 0
Dispensation or Faculty from the Lord Archbishop of <i>Armagh</i> , or Master of the Faculties for the time being	25 0
And in all other cases	20 0
DONATION. —See PRESENTATION.	
DRAFT for Money.—See BILL OF EXCHANGE.	
ENROLMENT of Deeds or other Instruments.—See RELEASE.	
EXCHANGE of Lands or other Hereditaments ; Any Deed or Instrument of Exchange where no Sum of Money or only a Sum of 300l. shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange	1 0 0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0 10 0
And where a Sum of 300l. or upwards shall be paid or agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange ;	} <i>The same Duty as a Conveyance on Sale of Lands for Sum of Money equal Amount to the Money paid, agreed to be paid for Equality of Exchange.</i>
If the Exchange shall be effected by separate Deeds or Instruments of Conveyance, there shall be paid for the Principal or only Deed or Instrument of Conveyance to each Party	
And if the same shall be effected by mutual Conveyances, in one Deed or Instrument, there shall be paid for such Deed or Instrument	} <i>The same Duty as a Conveyance on Sale of Lands for Sum of Money Twice the Amount paid for Equality Exchange.</i>
And for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	
EXEMPLIFICATION or Constat, under the Great Seal of <i>Ireland</i> , of any Letters Patent or Grant, made or to be made by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by any of his Royal Predecessors, of any Honour, Dignity or Promotion, Franchise, Liberty or Privilege to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or of any Lands, Office or other thing whatsoever	20 0 0
And on every Skin after the first	1 0 0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
EXTRACTS or ABSTRACTS from Registers and Records in <i>Ireland</i> .— See COPY and DEEDS .			
FURTHER CHARGE .— See MORTGAGE .			
GAME CERTIFICATES .— See CERTIFICATES .			
GRANT or Letters Patent under the Great Seal of that Part of the United Kingdom of <i>Great Britain</i> and <i>Ireland</i> called <i>Ireland</i> ;			
Of the Honour or Dignity of an Archbishop -	150	0	0
_____ a Duke - -	350	0	0
_____ a Marquis - -	300	0	0
_____ an Earl - -	250	0	0
_____ a Viscount - -	200	0	0
_____ a Bishop - -	100	0	0
_____ a Baron - -	150	0	0
_____ a Baronet - -	100	0	0
Of any other Honour, Dignity or Promotion whatsoever, or of any Franchise, Liberty or Privilege, to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate -	20	0	0
And where Two or more Honours or Dignities shall be granted by the same Letters Patent to the same Person, such Letters Patent shall be charged with the proper Duty in respect of the highest in point of Rank only.			
And where any Honour or Dignity, Honours or Dignities, shall be granted to any Person or Persons, in Remainder, the Letters Patent shall be charged with such further Duty, in respect of every Remainder, as would have been payable for an original Grant of the same Honour or Dignity, Honours or Dignities.			
And where any such Grant or Letters Patent shall be contained in more than One Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, then for every Skin, Sheet or Piece thereof, after the first, a further <i>progressive</i> Duty of -	20	0	0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Stamp Duties.</i>			
<i>Commissions of Rebellion in Process.</i>			
<i>Letters Patent, or Briefs for collecting Charitable Benevolences.</i>			
<i>Letters Patent for confirming any Dispensation hereinbefore charged with a Duty</i>			
GRANT , or Warrant of Precedence to take Rank -	50	0	0
GRANT of an Echeatorship - -	20	0	0
Grant of any Land in Fee, Lease for Years, or other Grant for Profit, and not herein particularly charged, that shall pass the Seal of the Exchequer, except Custodiam Leases - -	3	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	
GRANT from His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which shall pass the Great Seal of <i>Ireland</i> , out of the Civil List, or out of any other Fund, not being Part of the Supplies of the Year, or appropriated by Parliament ;			
Of any definite and certain Sum and Sums of Money,			
Not amounting to 100l. - - - -	1	10	
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 250l. - - - -	4	0	
Amounting to 250l. and not amounting to 500l. - - - -	10	0	
Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 750l. - - - -	20	0	0
Amounting to 750l. and not amounting to 1,000l. - - - -	30	0	0
Amounting to 1,000l. and upwards ; for every 100l. thereof - - - -	5	0	0
Of any Annuity or Pension,			
Not amounting to 100l. per Annum - - - -	1	10	0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. per Annum - - - -	4	0	0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 400l. per Annum - - - -	10	0	0
Amounting to 400l. and not amounting to 600l. per Annum - - - -	20	0	0
Amounting to 600l. and not amounting to 800l. per Annum - - - -	30	0	0
Amounting to 800l. and not amounting to 1,000l. per Annum - - - -	40	0	0
Amounting to 1,000l. per Annum and upwards - - - -	50	0	0
But where any such Grant of an Annuity or Pension shall be made in Confirmation or by way of Renewal only, of any former Grant of the like Amount and Description, then only a Duty of - - - -	1	10	0
And where several and distinct Annuities or Pensions shall be granted to or for the Benefit of different Persons by the same Instrument, the proper Duty shall be charged in respect of each Annuity or Pension ; but where the Grant shall be of any Annuity or Pension, to or for the Benefit of Two or more Persons jointly, the Duty shall be charged in respect of the whole.			
GRANT, or Appointment by His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant or other chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being, or by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, of or to any Office or Employment, by Letters Patent, Deed or other Writing ;			

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

GRANT—*continued.*

Where the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining thereto, shall not amount to 50l. per Annum - - - - -

s. s. d.

2 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 50l. and not amount to 100l. per Annum - - - - -

4 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 100l. and not amount to 200l. per Annum - - - - -

6 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 200l. and not amount to 300l. per Annum - - - - -

12 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 300l. and not amount to 500l. per Annum - - - - -

25 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 750l. per Annum - - - - -

35 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 750l. and not amount to 1,000l. per Annum - - - - -

50 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 1,500l. per Annum - - - - -

75 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 1,500l. and not amount to 2,000l. per Annum - - - - -

100 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. per Annum - - - - -

150 0 0

And where the same shall amount to 3,000l. per Annum or upwards - - - - -

200 0 0

The said Fees and Emoluments to be estimated according to the Average Amount thereof for Three Years preceding, where practicable; and in other cases, according to the best Information that can be obtained.

And where any such Grant or appointment shall be made to Two or more Persons jointly, with separate and distinct Salaries, Fees or Emoluments, the same shall be charged with a separate and distinct Duty, in respect of each Person, according to the Amount of the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person.

Provided always, that no Duty shall be charged in respect of any Person to whom any Office or Employment shall be granted anew, upon the Revocation of any former Grant or Appointment, and who shall have paid a Stamp Duty on any former Grant or Appointment, unless the Salary, Fees and Emoluments appertaining to such Person, shall be in any manner augmented; and in that case, a Duty shall be charged, in respect of such Person, only in Proportion to the Amount of the Augmentation.

INDENTURES of Apprenticeship.— See APPRENTICESHIP and ARTICLES.

SCHEDULE, PART I.				Duty.		
<p>INSTITUTION, granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Chancellor or other Ordinary, or by any Ecclesiastical Court, in and to any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity or Promotion in <i>Ireland</i>, provided that an Institution to Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be considered as an Institution to a single Benefice - -</p> <p>Collation by an Archbishop or Bishop to be considered as equivalent to Presentation and Institution, and subject to the Two Duties accordingly. — See COLLATION, LICENCE, and PRESENTATION.</p>				£. s. d.		
				2	0	0
<p>INSTRUMENTS of any kind, if to be enrolled. — See RELEASE.</p>						
INVENTORY. — See SCHEDULE.						
JUDGMENT. — See ASSIGNMENT and MEMORIAL.						
<p>LEASE, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, by any Archbishop or Bishop, or Ecclesiastical Corporation, Aggregate or Sole, for setting or demising Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in <i>Ireland</i>, of the Estates of such Archbishop or Bishop, or Corporation, in Right of their respective Sees for any Term of Years only, and absolute, not exceeding Twenty one Years in Possession, without any Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof, on the first Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, of each and every Part thereof ;</p> <p>Where the annual Amount of the Rent reserved or agreed to be reserved (any penal Rent, or any increased or reserved Rent in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed 10l. And the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed One hundred Pounds - -</p> <p>Where the annual Amount</p>						
				0	5	0
<p>of such Rent or of such Fine or Consideration</p>						
shall exceed	and shall not exceed	shall exceed	and shall not exceed			
£ 10	£ 20	£ 100	£ 150 - -	0	10	0
£ 20	£ 50	£ 150	£ 200 - -	0	15	0
£ 50	£ 100	£ 200	£ 500 - -	1	0	0
£ 100	£ 150	£ 500	£ 750 - -	1	10	0
£ 150	£ 200	£ 750	£ 1,000 - -	2	0	0
£ 200	£ 250	£ 1,000	£ 1,250 - -	2	10	0
£ 250	£ 300	£ 1,250	£ 1,500 - -	3	0	0
£ 300	£ 350	£ 1,500	£ 1,750 - -	3	10	0
£ 350	£ 400	£ 1,750	£ 2,000 - -	4	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.				Duty.		
				£.	s.	d.
LEASE — <i>continued.</i>						
And where the annual Amount of such Rent reserved, or agreed to be reserved, shall exceed the Sum of 400l. or the Fine shall exceed 2,000l. then, for every 100l. of the whole Amount of such Rent, or for every 500l. of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of - -				2	0	0
And where there shall be both Rent and Fine, the Duty only to be paid in respect of such Rent or Fine as shall be liable to the higher Rate of Duty ;						
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article, after the first Skin or Sheet, a Duty of -				0	10	0
LEASE, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, not otherwise charged, for setting or demising Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term not exceeding Three Lives or Thirty one Years, whether with or without a Clause or Covenant for the Renewal thereof, or with a Clause or Covenant of Renewal, which shall contain any Stipulation for the Payment of any pecuniary Fine in any way howsoever ;						
On the first Skin, or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, of each and every Part thereof ;						
Where the annual Amount of the Rent reserved or agreed to be reserved (any penal Rent, or any increased or reserved Rent in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount) shall not exceed 10l. and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 100l. - - - -				0	5	0
Where the annual Amount						
of such Rent		or	of such Fine or Consideration			
shall exceed	and shall not exceed		shall exceed	and shall not exceed		
£ 10	£ 20		£ 100	£ 150 - -	0	10
£ 20	£ 50		£ 150	£ 200 - -	0	15
£ 50	£ 100		£ 200	£ 500 - -	1	0
£ 100	£ 150		£ 500	£ 750 - -	1	10
£ 150	£ 200		£ 750	£ 1,000 - -	2	0
£ 200	£ 250		£ 1,000	£ 1,250 - -	2	10
£ 250	£ 300		£ 1,250	£ 1,500 - -	3	0
£ 300	£ 350		£ 1,500	£ 1,750 - -	3	10
£ 350	£ 400		£ 1,750	£ 2,000 - -	4	0

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>LEASE — <i>continued.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>And where the annual Amount of such Rent reserved, or agreed to be reserved, shall exceed the Sum of 400l. or such Fine or Consideration shall exceed the Sum of 2,000l. then for every 100l. of the whole Amount of such Rent, and for every 500l. of such Fine or Consideration, a Duty of - -</p>	<p>2 0 0</p>
<p>Where there shall be both Rent and Fine, Duty to be paid in respect of each, which may be denoted by either One or more Stamps ;</p>	
<p>For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in any such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article, after the first Skin or Sheet, a Duty of -</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>LEASE, Release or Deed, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, for setting or demising Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in Ireland, for any Term exceeding Three Lives, or Thirty one Years, or for any Term of Lives or Years, with Covenant for Renewal thereof, where no pecuniary Fine shall be reserved or made payable on such Renewal -</p>	<p><i>Double the Amount of the Duty payable on the last foregoing Leases.</i></p>
<p>And for every Skin after the first - - -</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>And in case such Indenture, Lease, Release, Minute, Memorandum or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, shall be executed by the Lessor or Lessors therein, or any of them, by Letter of Attorney for that Purpose, then for every Five Pounds of the annual Amount of such Rent reserved, or agreed to be reserved, and for every Twenty five Pounds of Fine or Consideration, a further Duty in all cases on the first Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, in any of such Instruments, of - - -</p>	<p>0 5 0</p>
<p>LEASE, Release, Deed or Instrument, for demising Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in Ireland, executed by any Master in Chancery, or Officer of the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer, or executed by any Elegit Creditor, or any Lease of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, under Eviction for Nonpayment of Rent, and redeemable, where such Lease shall not exceed the Period during which the same shall continue to be redeemable, on the first Skin or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, where such Rent shall not exceed Two hundred Pounds by the Year, or that Rate for a Portion of a Year - -</p>	<p>0 10 0</p>
<p>Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of Two hundred Pounds by the Year, and shall not</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

LEASE — *continued.*

exceed the Rate of Four hundred Pounds by the Year

£. s. d.
1 0 0

Where such Rent shall exceed the Rate of Four hundred Pounds by the Year, then for every One hundred Pounds of the yearly Rate of such Rent

0 10 0

And every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in every such Indenture, Lease, Release or Deed, Minute or Memorandum, or legal or equitable Article or Instrument, after the first Skin or Sheet

0 10 0

LEGACY. — See RELEASE, and Part the Third of this Schedule.

LETTER, or Power of Attorney, made by any Petty Officer, Seaman or Marine, or Soldier serving as a Marine, for Recovery of Prize Money

0 1 0

LETTER of Attorney for the Sale, Transfer, Acceptance or Release of Dividends of any Government, Parliamentary or other Stocks or Funds

0 10 0

LETTER, or Power of Attorney, of any other kind, not otherwise charged

0 10 0

LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person to receive Rents in *Ireland*, except Letters of Attorney to receive Rents under Custodians or Elegits

5 0 0

LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person or Persons to execute any Lease or Leases of Lands in *Ireland*, on the Part or Behalf of any Lessor or Lessee;

If such Letter of Attorney shall be limited to the executing of any Lease or Leases in which the annual Amount of the Rent reserved, or to be reserved, (any penal Rent, or any increased or reserved Rent, in the nature of a penal Rent, not being included in such Amount,) shall not exceed 5*l.* and the Fine or Consideration for the same shall not exceed 20*l.*

2 0 0

And where such Letter of Attorney shall not be limited

10 0 0

LETTER of Attorney which shall be limited to any larger Rent or Fine, of which shall not specify the Amount of the Rent or Fine to be reserved or received on such Lease

10 0 0

LETTER of Attorney empowering any Person to execute any Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of Lands or Tenements in *Ireland*, where the Consideration of such Conveyance shall not exceed 100*l.*

2 0 0

And where the Amount of such Consideration shall exceed 100*l.* or where the Amount of

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
LETTER — <i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.
the Consideration shall not be expressed in such Letter of Attorney - - -	10 0 0
And if any Letter of Attorney shall empower any Person to perform distinct or different Acts charged by this Schedule with separate Duties, then a Duty shall be payable as herein charged with respect to each such Act contained in such Letter of Attorney.	
LETTER of Licence from Creditor to Debtor - -	0 10 0
LETTERS Patent.—See GRANT .	
LICENCE , Special, for Marriage, to be issued from the Court of Prerogative in <i>Ireland</i> - - -	5 0 0
LICENCE to be granted by any Archbishop, Bishop, Vicar General or other competent Authority in <i>Ireland</i> , for the Non Residence of any Clergyman upon his Living - - -	3 0 0
LICENCE of any kind, <i>not otherwise charged in this Schedule</i> , which shall pass the Seal of any Archbishop, Bishop or other Ordinary, or of any Ecclesiastical Court in <i>Ireland</i> - - -	1 10 0
<i>Exemption from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>	
<i>Licences to Stipendiary Curates, where the annual Amount of the Stipend shall be specified, and also Licences to Parish Clerks and Parish Schoolmasters, whose respective Emoluments shall not exceed 100l. per Annum. And also Licences for Marriage; except Special Licences hereinbefore charged with a Duty of 5l.</i>	
LICENCE to deal in or retail Stamps in <i>Ireland</i> - -	2 0 0
LICENCE to insure against Fire - - -	0 5 0
LICENCE to act as a Notary Public in the City and County of the City of <i>Dublin</i> , or within the City and Liberties of <i>Cork</i> , or within the Cities or Towns of <i>Waterford</i> , <i>Londonderry</i> , <i>Belfast</i> or <i>Newry</i> , or within Five Miles of the said several Cities or Towns respectively - - -	6 0 0
In any other Part of <i>Ireland</i> than those Parts before described - - -	3 0 0
LICENCE to keep one or more Printing Presses or Presses - - -	0 1 0
MARRIAGE LICENCE .—See LICENCE .	
MEMORIAL of any Deed of Conveyance, Will or Devise, which shall be registered or enrolled in the Public Office for registering of such Memorials, or entered in the Courts of Record in <i>Ireland</i> , except those otherwise hereby charged - - -	0 10 0
And for every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper,	

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
MEMORIAL — <i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.
upon which the same shall be written, after the first, a Duty of - - -	0 10 0
MEMORIAL of the Affignment of a Judgment; for each Judgment assigned;	
The Penalty whereof shall not amount to 200l. -	0 5 0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 500l. - - - -	0 10 0
Amounting to 500l. and not amounting to 1,000l. - - - -	0 15 0
Amounting to 1,000l. and not amounting to 2,000l. - - - -	1 0 0
Amounting to 2,000l. and not amounting to 4,000l. - - - -	1 5 0
And where the same shall amount to 4,000l. and upwards - - - -	2 0 0
And for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any such Memorial shall be written, after the first, a Duty of -	0 10 0
MEMORIAL of any Demise, or of any Agreement to demise - - - -	0 2 6
MORTGAGE or other Security of or affecting any Lands, Estate or Property, Real or Personal, whatsoever; also any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, in Trust to be sold or otherwise converted into Money, which shall be intended only as a Security, and shall be redeemable before the Sale or other Disposal thereof, either by express Stipulation or otherwise;	
Except where such Conveyance shall be made for the Benefit of Creditors generally, or for the Benefit of Creditors specified, who shall accept the Provision made for Payment of their Debts in full Satisfaction thereof, or who shall exceed Five in Number.	
Also any Defeazance or Deed for defeating or making redeemable any Conveyance of any Lands, Estate or Property whatsoever, which shall be apparently absolute, but intended only as a Security.	
Also any Agreement, Contract or Bond, accompanied with a Deposit of any Title Deeds for making a Mortgage, or any such other Security or Conveyance as aforesaid, of any Lands, Estate or Property comprised in such Title Deeds, or for pledging or charging the same as a Security.	
Where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Payment of any definite and certain Sum of Money advanced or lent at the time, or previously due and owing,	

SCHEDULE, PART I,	Duty.
MORTGAGE — <i>continued.</i>	£. s. d.
or forborne to be paid, being payable, and shall be executed by the Grantor or Grantors, not exceeding 100l. - - -	0 15 0
Exceeding 100l. and not exceeding 200l. - - -	1 0 0
Exceeding 200l. and not exceeding 300l. - - -	1 5 0
Exceeding 300l. and not exceeding 500l. - - -	1 10 0
Exceeding 500l. and not exceeding 1,000l. - - -	2 0 0
Exceeding 1,000l. and not exceeding 2,000l. - - -	2 10 0
Exceeding 2,000l. and not exceeding 3,000l. - - -	4 0 0
Exceeding 3,000l. and not exceeding 4,000l. - - -	6 0 0
Exceeding 4,000l. and not exceeding 5,000l. - - -	8 0 0
Exceeding 5,000l. and not exceeding 10,000l. - - -	10 0 0
Exceeding 10,000l. and not exceeding 15,000l. - - -	12 0 0
Exceeding 15,000l. and not exceeding 20,000l. - - -	15 0 0
Exceeding 20,000l. - - -	20 0 0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, in such Part of such Mortgage or other Instrument, after the first Skin - - -	0 10 0
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment of Money, to be thereafter lent, advanced or paid, or which may become due upon an Account current, together with any Sum already advanced or due, or without, as the case may be;	
If the total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon, shall be uncertain and without any Limit - - -	20 0 0
But if the Total Amount of the Money secured, or to be ultimately recoverable thereupon shall be limited not to exceed a given Sum -	} <i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage for such limited Sum.</i>
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Transfer or Retransfer of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stocks and Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland, or of any other Company, in Consideration of Stock or Money advanced or lent at the time, or previously due or owing, or forborne to be paid, being payable - - -	} <i>The same Duty as on a Mortgage for a Sum of Money equal to the Value of the Stock or Fund secured, according to the Average Price thereof on the Day of the Date of the Mortgage or other Instrument aforesaid, or on the last preceding Day on which an Average Price can be ascertained.</i>
And where the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Payment of a Sum of Money, and also for the Transfer or Retransfer of a Share in any of the Stocks or	

SCHEDULE, PART I.

Duty.

MORTGAGE — *continued.*

Funds, the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged in respect of each.

And in case the same respectively shall be made as a Security for the Repayment or Transfer, to different Persons, of separate and distinct Sums of Money, or Shares in any of the Stocks or Funds, the said *ad valorem* Duty shall be charged for and in respect of each separate and distinct Sum of Money or Share in any of the said Stocks or Funds therein specified and secured, and not upon the aggregate Amount thereof.

MORTGAGE, &c. Any Transfer, Assignment or Reconveyance of any Mortgage, or of any such other Security as aforesaid, (*except otherwise charged,*) or of the Benefit thereof, or of the Money or Stock thereby secured in all cases where the Person entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion shall not be made a Party to such Transfer, Assignment or Reconveyance, and also where the Persons who originally made the Mortgage or Security shall continue entitled to the Right of Redemption or Reversion, and shall be made a Party to such Transfer or Assignment, provided no further Sum of Money or Stock be added to the Principal Money or Stock already secured; and provided the original Mortgage, or such other Security to be assigned as aforesaid, shall have paid the *ad valorem* Duty granted by this Act, or the *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages granted by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, Chap: 78. intituled "An Act to repeal the several Duties under the Care of the Commissioners for managing the Stamp Duties in *Ireland*, and to grant new Duties in lieu thereof."

Where the Amount of the Sum originally secured shall not amount to 1,000l. - -

1 10 0

Where the Sum shall amount to 1,000l. and upwards - -

2 10 0

And in all other cases such Transfer or Assignment shall be charged with the same Duty as an original Mortgage or other Security.

Provided always, that where several distinct Deeds or Instruments falling within the Description of any of the Instruments hereby charged with the said *ad valorem* Duty on Mortgages, shall be made at the same time for securing the Payment or Transfer of one and the same Sum of Money, or one and the same Share of any Stock or Fund before mentioned; the said

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>MORTGAGE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>ad valorem</i> Duty if exceeding 11. shall be charged only on one of such Deeds or Instruments, and all the rest shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any more general Description of such Deeds or Instruments contained in this Schedule, and if required for the sake of Evidence, all the rest of such Deeds or Instruments shall be also stamped with some particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on all the said Deeds or Instruments being produced duly stamped with the Duties hereby charged thereon.</p> <p>And where there shall be Duplicates of any Deed or Instrument chargeable with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages exceeding 11., one of them only shall be charged therewith, and the other or others shall be charged with the Duty to which the same may be liable under any more general Description in this Schedule; and on the whole being produced, duly stamped, as hereby required, the latter shall also be stamped with a particular Stamp, for denoting or testifying the Payment of the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty.</p> <p><i>Exemptions from the said ad valorem Duty on Mortgages, &c. but not from any other Duty to which the same may be liable.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument made in pursuance and conformably to any Agreement, Contract or Bond, charged with, and which shall actually have paid the said ad valorem Duty, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages granted by the Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign before mentioned.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument made for the further Assurance only of any Estate or Property already mortgaged, pledged or charged as a Security by any Deed or Instrument which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages imposed by the Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, before mentioned.</i></p> <p><i>Any Deed or other Instrument made as an additional or further Security for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Share or Shares of any of the Stocks or Funds before mentioned, already secured by any Deed or Instrument</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>MORTGAGE—<i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>which shall have paid the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, or the ad valorem Duty on Mortgages charged by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be exempt from the said ad valorem Duty hereby charged, so far as regards such Sum or Sums of Money, or such Share or Shares of any of the said Stocks or Funds before secured, in case such additional or further Security shall be made by the same Person or Persons who made the original Security; but if any further Sum of Money or Stock shall be added to the principal Money or Stock already secured, or shall be thereby secured to any other Person, the said ad valorem Duty shall be charged in respect of such further Sum of Money or Stock, or in respect of the principal Money or Stock so secured to any other Person.</i></p> <p><i>And if necessary for the sake of Evidence, the Deeds and Instruments hereby exempted from the said ad valorem Duty, shall be stamped with a particular Stamp for denoting or testifying the Payment of the ad valorem Duty, upon all the Deeds and Instruments relating to the particular Transaction being produced, and appearing to be duly stamped with the Duties to which they are liable.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>MORTGAGE or other Security, with a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion, or other matter in the same Deed; viz.</p> <p>Where any Deed or Writing shall operate as a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, and also as a Conveyance of the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion of any Lands, Estate or Property therein comprised, to or in Trust for, or according to the Direction of a Purchaser, such Deed or Writing shall be charged not only with the said <i>ad valorem</i> Duty on Mortgages, but also with the <i>ad valorem</i> Duty hereinbefore charged on a Conveyance on the Sale of any Property; but where the Equity or Right of Redemption or Reversion shall be thereby conveyed or limited in any other manner, such Deed or Writing shall be charged only as a Mortgage.</p> <p>And in all other cases, where a Mortgage or other Instrument hereby charged with <i>ad</i></p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I,	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
PARTITION — <i>continued.</i>			
For every Sheet or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first	0	10	0
POLICY of Assurance or Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever Name the same shall be called, whereby any Insurance shall be made upon any Life or Lives, or upon any Event or Contingency relating to or depending upon any Life or Lives;			
Where the Sum insured shall not amount to 500l.	0	10	0
And where it shall amount to 500l. and not amount to 1,000l.	1	0	0
And where it shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 3,000l.	1	10	0
And where it shall amount to 3,000l. and upwards	2	0	0
POWER of ATTORNEY.—See LETTER of ATTORNEY. PRESENTATION or Donation, which shall pass the Great Seal of <i>Ireland</i> , or by any other Patron;			
To any Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Admission or Promotion, amounting to the Yearly Value of 100l.	5	0	0
And for every 100l. of the Yearly Value thereof, exceeding the first 100l. a Year, a further Duty of	5	0	0
The Value to be ascertained by Certificate of the Archbishop or Bishop, or Vicar General of the Diocese; provided always, that Two or more Benefices, episcopally united, shall be deemed one Benefice only,			
To any other Ecclesiastical Benefice, Dignity, Admission or Promotion whatsoever in <i>Ireland</i>	10	0	0
PROCEEDING of any kind to be enrolled.—See RELEASE.			
PROCURATION , Deed of, or other Instrument of	0	10	0
For every Skin, or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first Skin or Sheet	0	10	0
PROMISSORY NOTE , whether in the Form of a Bank Note, Bank Post Bill or otherwise, which shall be issued by the Governor and Company of the Bank of <i>Ireland</i> , or by any Banker or Bankers, who shall have registered his or their Name or Names, or Firm, in manner directed by Law, where the Sum therein expressed shall not amount to 5l.	0	0	3
Shall amount to 5l. and not amount to 10l.	0	0	6
Shall amount to 10l. and not amount to 50l.	0	0	8
For Notes amounting to and exceeding 50l.—			
— See INLAND BILL.			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>PROMISSORY NOTE, for the Payment of any Sum of Money by Instalments, or for the Payment of several Sums of Money, at different Days or times, so that the whole of the Money to be paid shall be definite and certain</p> <p>And the following Instruments shall be deemed and taken to be Promissory Notes, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money within the Intent and Meaning of this Schedule; viz.</p> <p>All Notes, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of any Sum of Money, either in Cash, or by a Bill or Bills, or Promissory Note or Notes, or for the Delivery of any such Bill or Note, or Bills or Notes, or both, in Payment or Satisfaction of any Sum of Money, where such Drafts or Orders shall require the Payment or Delivery to be made to the Bearer, or to Order, or to the Payee, or shall be delivered to the Payee, or some Person on his or her behalf.</p> <p>All Notes promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund which may or may not be available, or upon any Condition or Contingency which may or may not be performed or happen if the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and if the same shall be definite and certain, and not amount in the whole to Twenty Pounds.</p> <p>All Receipts for Money deposited in any Bank, or in the Hands of any Banker or Bankers, which shall contain any Agreement or Memorandum importing that Interest shall be paid for the Money so deposited.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Exemptions from the Duties on Promissory Notes.</i></p> <p><i>All Notes, promising the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money out of any particular Fund, which may or may not be available; or upon any Condition or Contingency, which may or may not be performed or happen; where the same shall not be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, and also where the same shall be made payable to the Bearer or to Order, if the same shall amount to Twenty Pounds, or be indefinite.</i></p> <p><i>And all other Instruments, bearing in any Degree the Form or Style of Promissory Notes, but which in Law shall be deemed special Agree-</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;">£. s. d.</p> <p><i>The same Duty as on a Promissory Note, for a Sum equal to the whole Amount of the Sums to be paid.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
PROMISSORY NOTE — <i>continued.</i>				
<i>ments, except those hereby expressly directed to be deemed Promissory Notes.</i>				
<i>But such of the Notes and Instruments here exempted from the Duty on Promissory Notes shall nevertheless be liable to the Duty which may attach thereon as Agreements or otherwise.</i>				
PROTEST of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note for any Sum of Money not amounting to 50l. -		0	5	0
Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 200l. -		0	6	0
Amounting to 200l. and upwards - - -		0	10	0
PROTEST of any other kind - - - -		0	5	0
PURCHASE DEED. — See CONVEYANCE on the Sale of Lands, &c.				
RECEIPT or Discharge for or upon the Payment of Money, or on the Delivery of any Check, Draft, Bill or other Order for any Sum of Money ;				
Amounting to 2l. and not amounting to 10l. -		0	0	2
Amounting to 10l. and not amounting to 20l. -		0	0	4
Amounting to 20l. and not amounting to 50l. -		0	0	8
Amounting to 50l. and not amounting to 100l. -		0	1	0
Amounting to 100l. and not amounting to 200l. -		0	2	0
Amounting to 200l. and not amounting to 500l. -		0	3	0
Amounting to 500l. and upwards - - -		0	5	0
And where any Sum of Money whatever shall be therein expressed or acknowledged to be received in full of all Demands - - -		0	5	0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Duties on Receipts.</i>				
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Agent for Money intrusted to him on Account of the Pay of the Army or Ordnance.</i>				
<i>Receipts or Discharges for Stamp Duties paid to the Receiver General of Stamp Duties, or for Sums paid to such Receiver General by reason thereof.</i>				
<i>Receipts or Discharges given by any Officer, Seaman, Marine or Soldier, or their Representatives respectively, for or on account of the Wages, Pay or Pension, due from the Navy Office, Army Pay Office or Ordnance Office.</i>				
<i>Receipts for any Sum of Money paid for or on account of the Pension of the Widow of any Officer of His Majesty's Land Forces payable in Ireland.</i>				
<i>Receipts or Discharges given for the Consideration Money for the Purchase of any Share in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or the Stock or Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland,</i>				

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>RECEIPT — <i>continued.</i></p> <p><i>and for every Dividend paid on any Share of the said Stocks or Funds respectively.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts given for Money deposited in the Bank of Ireland, or in the House of any registered Banker or Bankers, to be accounted for on Demand, provided the same be not expressed to be received of or by the Hands of any other than the Person or Persons to whom the same is to be accounted for, except when the same is lodged for the Benefit of a Charity.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges written upon Promissory Notes, Bills of Exchange, Drafts or Orders for the Payment of Money duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof, or upon Bills of Exchange drawn out of, but payable in Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given upon Bills or Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Letters by the General Post acknowledging the safe Arrival of any Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes or other Securities for Money.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges indorsed or otherwise written upon, or contained in, any Bond, Mortgage or other Security, or any Conveyance, Deed or Instrument whatever, duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof, acknowledging the Receipt of the Consideration therein expressed, or the Receipt of any principal Money, Interest or Annuity, thereby secured.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges exempted from Stamp Duty by any Act of Parliament not expressly repealed in that respect.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges by Deeds duly stamped according to the Laws in force at the Date thereof.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges given for Drawbacks or Bounties for the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandise from Ireland.</i></p> <p><i>Receipts or Discharges for the Return of any Duties of Customs upon Certificates of over Entry.</i></p>	<p>£. s. d.</p>
<p>RECOGNIZANCE, Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money, Annuity or Annuities, or for the Transfer of any Government or Parliamentary Stock or otherwise</p>	<p><i>The same Duty as on a Bond given for the like Purpose.</i></p>

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant and Statute Staple, entered into as a Security for the Performance of any Covenant, Contract or Agreement, or for the due Execution of any Office, or to account for Money received, or to be received, or for indemnifying any Person or Persons against any matter or thing - -	1	0	0
RECOGNIZANCE , Statute Merchant or Statute Staple, and Entry of Record in any Court or Office, not herein otherwise charged - - -	1	0	0
<i>Exemptions.</i>			
<i>Recognizance taken before any Justice or Justices of the Peace.</i>			
<i>Recognizances on Appeal from a Decree or Dismiss made or pronounced by any Assistant Barrister in any County in Ireland, or the Chairman of Kiltmainham, or by the Recorder of the City of Dublin.</i>			
RECONVEYANCE. —See MORTGAGE.			
REGISTER , or Entry of the Degree of a Barrister at Law.—See ADMISSION.			
REGISTRY of Deeds or other Acts for Searches for same.—See DEED, MEMORIAL.			
RELEASE upon the Sale of any Property.—See CONVEYANCE.			
RELEASE , Conveyance or Surrender of any Grant or Grants, or Office or Offices, and any Release or other Deed or Instrument, or Proceeding whatever, (<i>except Indentures of Apprentices to Attornies or Proffors, and Assignments thereof, and Assignments of Judgments,</i>) which shall be enrolled of Record in any of the Courts in the City of <i>Dublin</i> , or in any Court of Record whatsoever, over and above all other Duties - - -	1	0	0
For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -	1	0	0
RELEASE or Discharge of Lands, or other Property, or otherwise, of and from any Legacy or Legacies, or of and from any Part of a Legacy, or of and from any Residue or Share of Residue of the Estate of any Testator or Intestate, falling under the Provisions contained in an Act of the 54th Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled "An Act to secure the Payment of Stamp Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in <i>Ireland</i> ," given to any Executor or Administrator who shall have complied with the several Provisions required by Law in respect of such Legacy or Legacies or Residue, and where the Duty or Duties payable thereon by Law shall have been duly paid and satisfied, provided a Certificate of the proper Officer for the time being ap-			

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>RELEASE — <i>continued.</i> pointed by the Commissioners of Stamps for the Controlling of Legacy Duties, shall appear endorsed on such Release or Discharge; On the first Skin of such Release, over and above all other Duties - - - On each and every other Skin - - -</p>	<p>£. s. d. 1 0 0 0 10 0</p>
<p>RELEASE or Discharge of Lands or other Property from any Legacy or Legacies, not falling under the Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the 54th Year of His Majesty's Reign - - -</p>	<p>Such Duty or Duties as such Legacy or Legacies were subject to at the time such Legacy or Legacies became payable, notwithstanding the then existing Duties may have been since repealed.</p>
<p>RENT Charge. — See ANNUITY and CONVEYANCE.</p>	
<p>RENUNCIATION upon the Sale of any Property. — See CONVEYANCE.</p>	
<p>REQUEST NOTE, or Requisition for any Permit required to be granted by any Officer of His Majesty's Revenue, or other Person duly authorized to grant the same, relative to any exciseable or other Goods, and on any Request Note or Requisition for any Certificate of any such Permit required by Law - - -</p>	<p>0 2 0</p>
<p>REVOCATION of any Use or Trust, Uses or Trusts, of or concerning Estates or Property, Real or Personal, where made by any Writing not being a Deed or Will - - - For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - -</p>	<p>1 0 0 0 10 0</p>
<p>SETTLEMENT.— Any Deed or Instrument, whether voluntary or gratuitous, or upon any good or valuable Consideration, other than a <i>bona fide</i> pecuniary Consideration, whereby any definite and certain principal Sum or Sums of Money, or any Annuity, (whether charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments, or not; or to be laid out in the Purchase of Lands or other Hereditaments, or not; and if charged or chargeable on Lands or other Hereditaments, whether to be raised at all Events or not;) or any definite or certain Share or Shares in any of the Government or Parliamentary Stocks or Funds, or in the Stock or Funds of the Governor and Company of the Bank of <i>Ireland</i>, shall be settled, or agreed to be settled, upon or for the Benefit of any Person or Persons, either in Possession or Reversion, either absolutely or conditionally, or contingently, or for Life or other partial Interest, or in any other manner whatsoever.</p>	

SCHEDULE, PART I.		Duty.		
		£.	s.	d.
SETTLEMENT — <i>continued.</i>				
If such Sum or Sums of Money, or the Value of such Share or Shares in all or any of the said Stocks or Funds, or of any Annuity or Annuities, or of such One or more of the said Articles as shall be so settled, or agreed to be settled, shall not amount to 1,000l. -		1	15	0
And if the same shall amount to 1,000l. and not amount to 2,000l. -		2	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 2,000l. and not amount to 3,000l. -		3	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 3,000l. and not amount to 4,000l. -		4	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 4,000l. and not amount to 5,000l. -		5	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 5,000l. and not amount to 7,000l. -		7	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 7,000l. and not amount to 9,000l. -		9	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 9,000l. and not amount to 12,000l. -		12	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 12,000l. and not amount to 15,000l. -		15	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 15,000l. and not amount to 20,000l. -		20	0	0
And if the same shall amount to 20,000l. or upwards -		25	0	0
The Value of such Annuity to be ascertained by the Tables appended to the before recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled ' An Act to secure the Payment of Stamp Duties on Probates and Letters of Administration, and on Receipts for Property obtained by Legacy or Intestacy in Ireland,' and as therein described, and any such Annuity to be taken as a Sum to that Amount in ascertaining such <i>ad valorem</i> Duty as above charged.				
<i>Exemptions from the preceding ad valorem Duties on Settlements.</i>				
<i>Bonds, Mortgages and other Securities operating as Settlements if chargeable with the ad valorem Duties on Bonds and Mortgages hereinbefore granted.</i>				
<i>Deeds or Instruments of Appointment or Apportionment, in Execution of Powers given by any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, to or in Favour of Persons specially named or described as the Object of such Powers.</i>				
<i>Deeds or Instruments merely declaring the Trusts</i>				

SCHEDULE, PART I.	Duty.
<p>SETTLEMENT — <i>continued.</i> <i>of any Money or Stock pursuant to any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, or for securing any Gifts or Dispositions made by any previous Settlement, Deed or Will, where such Deed or Settlement shall have paid the ad valorem Duties granted by this Act, or by the said before recited Act of the 55th Geo. III. Wills, Testaments or Testamentary Instruments, and Dispositions Mortis Causâ, of every Description.</i></p> <p>SURRENDER upon the Sale of any Lands or other Property. — See CONVEYANCE.</p> <p>SURRENDER (not otherwise charged in this Schedule, nor expressly exempted from all Stamp Duties), of any Term or Terms of Years, or of any Freehold or uncertain Interest in any Lands or Hereditaments -</p> <p>For every Skin or Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, after the first - - - - -</p>	<p>£. s. d.</p> <p>1 0 0</p> <p>0 10 0</p>

SCHEDULE;—PART THE SECOND.

Containing the Duties on LAW, EQUITY, and other Proceedings.

Which Duties are to be paid and payable for and in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the several Instruments, matters and things herein charged shall be respectively written or printed; except where the Duties are imposed according to the Number of Words therein contained, or are expressly charged in any other manner.

And all the Instruments, matters and things herein charged with a Duty, in respect of every Skin, Sheet or Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, upon which the same shall be written or printed, shall respectively be written or printed upon Vellum, Parchment or Paper, and in such and the same manner and Form, as the like Instruments, matters or things have been heretofore accustomed to be, or are now usually written or printed (*except otherwise directed*).

And where a Court of Law or Equity is mentioned generally, the same shall be taken to mean not only the Four Courts in the City of *Dublin*, but also any other Court in *Ireland*, holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.

PART THE SECOND.	Duty.
<p>I. PROCEEDINGS in the Court of Admiralty in <i>Ireland.</i></p> <p>AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in the said Court</p> <p>ALLEGATION or Petition in the said Court, on each and every Sheet containing any Quantity of Words</p>	<p>£. s. d.</p> <p>0 2 0</p> <p>0 4 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	s.	d.	c.
ANSWER in the said Court, on each and every Sheet containing any Quantity of Words -	0	4	0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any Interlocutory Decree or Order of the said Court -	10	0	0
APPEARANCE, on the Entry of, for each Defendant	0	4	0
ATTACHMENT issuing out of the said Court -	1	2	6
BAIL BOND, or Recognizance, taken in the said Court, or by Commission from the same, where the Sum inserted therein shall not exceed 50l. -	0	5	0
And where the Sum inserted therein shall exceed 50l. and shall not exceed 150l. -	0	10	0
And where the same shall exceed 150l. -	0	15	0
CITATION, Monition, or Warrant issuing out of the said Court, including such Summons as may issue for the Attendance of any Witnesses, on each and every Copy thereof, served on any Party -	0	5	0
COMMISSION issuing out of the said Court -	0	10	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Affidavit filed, read or used in the said Court -	0	0	3
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories, Depositions or Inventory, filed in the said Court, for each and every Sheet, containing any Quantity of Words -	0	1	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence or final Decree made in the said Court -	0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Court, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise -	0	1	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, save those having the Force of a definitive Sentence, made in the said Court -	0	10	0
DECREE, Sentence or Order Interlocutory, having the Force or Effect of definitive Sentence -	1	0	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in the said Court, or by Commission from the same, for each and every Skin of Parchment containing any Quantity of Words -	0	4	0
EXCEPTIONS of any kind whatsoever, upon each and every Sheet of Paper or Skin of Parchment on which the same shall be written, containing any Quantity of Words -	0	4	0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of the said Court, of any Record or Proceeding therein -	0	15	0
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in the said Court, for each and every Skin of Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, containing any Quantity of Words -	0	4	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	s.	d.	c.
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in the said Court -	0	4	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in the said Court -	0	4	0
MONITION issuing out of the said Court -	0	5	0
RECOGNIZANCE.—See BAIL BOND.			
RELAXATION of any Attachment or Inhibition issued out of the said Court -	1	0	0
RELEASE issuing out of the said Court -	0	1	0
RULE or ORDER made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise -	0	1	0
SENTENCE definitive, or final Decree, of the said Court -	1	0	0
SENTENCE Interlocutory -	0	10	0
WARRANT.—See CITATION.			
<i>Exemptions from the preceding and all other Stamp Duties.</i>			
<i>All Process and other Proceedings whatsoever, taken by or on behalf of Seamen, in Suits for Recovery of Seamen's Wages.</i>			
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II. PROCEEDINGS in the Ecclesiastical Courts, and in the High Court of Delegates, in Ecclesiastical matters, in <i>Ireland</i> .			
AFFIDAVIT to be filed, read or used in any of the said Courts -	0	2	0
ALLEGATION in any of the said Courts -	0	4	0
ANSWER in any of the said Courts -	0	4	0
APPEARANCE; on the Entry of each Appearance in the Court of Prerogative, and in the Consistorial Court in <i>Dublin</i> , for each and every Defendant named in such Entry -	0	4	0
APPEARANCE in any other Ecclesiastical Court in <i>Ireland</i> ; on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the Appearance of each Defendant shall be entered, and not on the Entry thereof -	0	2	0
APPEAL from any definitive Sentence or final Decree, or from any interlocutory Decree or Order of the Prerogative Court, or from the Metropolitan Side of any Archiepiscopal Court -	10	0	0
APPEAL from any Diocesan Court, or from the Consistorial Side of any Archiepiscopal Court, except Appeals in Suits for Tithes -	5	0	0
CITATION, primary, issuing out of any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged -	0	7	6
CITATION, not primary, issuing out of any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged -	0	5	0
CITATION in any Suit for Tithes -	0	1	0
COMMISSION issuing out of the said Courts, not herein otherwise particularly charged -	0	7	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Affidavit filed, read or used in any of the said Courts	0	0	3
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts of any Inventory filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts, for each Sheet containing any Quantity of Words	0	5	0
COPY of any Citation, Monition, Mandate, Prohibition, Summons or Requisition, issuing out of any of the said Courts, for Service on any Party Impugnant, or other Party, on any Proctor or other Person on behalf of such Party, except otherwise charged or expressly exempted from Duty	0	5	0
COPY of every Citation in Suits for Tithes	0	1	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any other Process, of what nature or kind soever	0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Libel, Allegation, Answer, Interrogatories or Depositions filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts, for each and every Skin of Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, containing any Quantity of Words	0	1	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of any of the said Courts, of any Interlocutory Decree or Order, or of any definitive Sentence, or final Decree, of any of the said Courts	0	5	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing out of the said Courts, of any Rule or Order made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court or otherwise, and not otherwise charged	0	1	0
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, or any Order Interlocutory, having the Force of a definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts, not otherwise charged	0	10	0
DECREE final, or definitive Sentence, or any Order Interlocutory, having the Force of a definitive Sentence, in any of the said Courts, in Suits for Recovery of Tithes	0	1	0
DEPOSITIONS taken in any of the said Courts, or by Commission from the same	0	5	0
DISMISS	0	7	6
EXCEPTION to Allegation, Libel, Answer, Deposition, Report or other Pleading, upon each and every Sheet of Paper, or Skin of Parchment, containing such Exception or Exceptions	0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION under the Seal of any of the said Courts, of any Record or Proceeding therein	1	10	0
INHIBITION issuing out of any of the said Courts	0	10	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
INTERROGATORIES filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts - - - - -	0	4	0
INVENTORY filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts - - - - -	0	5	0
LIBEL filed or exhibited in any of the said Courts -	0	4	0
MANDATE issuing out of the said Courts - - -	0	5	0
MONITION issuing out of any of the said Courts -	0	5	0
ORDER. — See RULE.			
PETITION, on the Entry of each, in the High Court of Delegates, in the Courts of Prerogative and Con- fessorial Courts in <i>Dublin</i> , except in Suits for Tithes or otherwise - - - - -	0	3	0
PETITION, in any other Ecclesiastical Court, except in Suits for Tithes, on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written - - - - -	0	3	0
PETITION in any Ecclesiastical Court in any Suit for Tithes - - - - -	0	1	0
PROCESS of Contempt for not appearing, or for not answering, on each - - - - -	0	5	0
PROCESS of whatsoever other nature or kind soever, not otherwise charged, that shall issue out of the said Courts - - - - -	0	5	0
RELEASE of any kind relating to any Proceeding carrying on in the said Courts, not otherwise charged - - - - -	0	10	0
RENUNCIATION of any kind - - - - -	0	10	0
REQUISITION - - - - -	0	7	6
RULE or ORDER, on the Entry thereof, made or given on any Petition or Motion in the High Court of Delegates, and in the Court of Prerogative and Confessorial Court in <i>Dublin</i> , whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court, or otherwise -	0	1	0
RULE or ORDER made in any other Ecclesiastical Court, on each Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written - - - - -	0	1	0
SENTENCE Interlocutory - - - - -	0	10	0
SENTENCE Definitive, or Final Decree or Order having the force thereof, of any of the said Courts -	0	10	0
<i>Exemptions from the preceding Stamp Duties. All Proceedings in Suits for Tithes, except where expressly charged in the foregoing Schedule.</i>			
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III. PROCEEDINGS in the Courts of Law and Equity in <i>Dublin</i> , and in all other Courts in <i>Ireland</i> holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings.			
ACTIONS in the Courts of the Lord Mayor and the Sheriffs of <i>Dublin</i> , and in the Courts of all Corpor-			

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
ACTIONS — <i>continued.</i> ations, and in all other Courts in <i>Ireland</i> holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings; on each Action or Plea, except where the Debt or Damage claimed or demanded shall not exceed Forty Shillings	0	1	0
AFFIDAVIT , Affirmation or Deposition, not hereby otherwise charged or expressly exempted, taken before any Person or Persons authorized by Law to take the same	0	2	0
AFFIDAVIT made to enter a Fine, or to ground any Application against a Coroner or Sheriff	0	5	0
ANSWER in any Court of Equity	0	4	0
APPEARANCE (on the Entry of any) in any of the Courts held in <i>Dublin</i> , to any Action or Suit in any such Court, holding Plea where the Debt or Damage exceeds Forty Shillings, by any Six Clerk, Attorney, Solicitor or other Agent, for each and every Defendant named in such Entry	0	4	0
APPEARANCE in any other Court, on the Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the Appearance of each Defendant shall be written	0	2	0
ASSIGNMENT of a Bail Bond by any Sheriff or other Officer	0	4	0
ASSIGNMENT of Judgments. — See GENERAL SCHEDULE, PART I.			
BAIL Common to be filed in any Court of Law	0	1	0
BAIL Special, to be filed in any Court of Law	0	1	0
BAIL BOND taken by any Sheriff or other Officer	0	4	0
BANKRUPT'S Certificate; the Confirmation, thereof, by the Lord Chancellor, or by the Lord Keeper, or Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal	0	2	6
BILL filed in any Court of Equity	0	4	0
CERTIFICATE by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy, of any Default of any Person, in any Suit or Proceeding before them	0	5	0
CERTIFICATE of the Number of Stamps appearing on the Face of any Pleading in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer	0	1	0
CHARGE or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity	0	1	0
COMMISSION to take Affidavits, or Special Bail, out of any Court of Law or Equity	1	5	0
COMMISSION of Bankrupt	0	10	0
COMMISSION of Lunacy	1	0	0
COMMISSION out of any Court of Law or Equity, for the Examination of Witnesses, or taking Depositions	0	10	0
COMMISSION of any other kind, out of any Court of Law or Equity, except Commissions of the Peace	0	10	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
COPY attested of any Charge or Discharge filed in any Court of Equity	0	1	0
COPY attested of any Account or Report filed in any Cause in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer	0	3	0
COPY of any Account or Report filed in Chancery in the matter of any Minor or Lunatic	0	2	6
COPY or Extract, attested or otherwise, of any Accounts issued by the Accountants General of the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, in any Suit or matter whatsoever, on each and every Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same may be written	0	3	0
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of any Affidavit therein filed, which Copy shall be read or used in any Court of Law or Equity, except in Actions or Suits where the Debt or Damage or thing claimed and demanded shall not exceed the Amount or Value of Forty Shillings	0	0	3
COPY attested of any Affidavit made to enter a Fine, or to ground any Application against a Sheriff or Coroner	0	0	6
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office, of any Bill, Answer, Demurrer, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder or other Pleading, or of any Interrogatories or Depositions by Commission or otherwise in any Court of Equity	0	0	4
COPY issuing from any Public Office, of any Declaration in Ejectment or other Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law	0	0	4
COPY of any Record to be furnished to any of the Judges, for hearing of Causes in Error in the Court of Exchequer Chamber, or in the Court of Delegates	0	0	4
COPY, attested or otherwise, issuing from any Public Office of Interrogatories, or the Depositions or Answers thereto, in any Court of Law	0	0	4
COPY issuing from any Public Office, of any Rule or Order, made or given on any Petition or Motion, or otherwise, in any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in <i>Ireland</i> holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall exceed Forty Shillings, whether such Rule or Order shall be made in Open Court, or by any Judge or other Officer of such Courts respectively, by way of a Fiat for an Order	0	1	0
COPY of any Summons whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer to the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Seneschal or Steward of a Manor, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary way by Civil Bill, save and except			

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
COPY — <i>continua.</i> Seneschals or Stewards of a Manor holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage shall not exceed Forty Shillings - - - - -	0	1	2
COPY or Extract, attested or otherwise, made by any Officer or Clerk, in or belonging to any of the Public Offices, of any Record, Report or Proceeding whatever, in any Court of Law or Equity in <i>Ireland</i> , or in any Public Office, and not otherwise charged in this Schedule, except the Certificates of the Entry of Appearances of Petitions, or of the Entry or Satisfaction of any Judgment or Judgments - - - - -	0	1	0
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismission or Order, made in or by the Court of Chancery - - - - -	0	4	6
COPY attested, or otherwise, issuing out of any Public Office, of any Decree, Dismission, Order or Award, made in or by the Court of Exchequer - - - - -	0	4	6
COPY of any Writ, Mandate or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of or pass the Seal of any of the Courts of <i>Dublin</i> for Service on any Party - - - - -	0	0	6
CROWN BONDS , Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Crown Bonds, or any other Bonds lodged in any Public Office, or in any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , issuing from any such Office, against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any such Bond or otherwise ; On the Officer's Certificate subscribed thereto for each Person, as to whom such Search shall be made - - - - -	0	10	0
CROWN BONDS , Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Crown Bonds, or other Bonds issuing from any of the Public Offices belonging to any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , or otherwise, whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any such Bond or otherwise, and whether such Search shall be signed by or on behalf of any Officer or Clerk of such Public Office ; for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made - - - - -	0	3	0
CUSTODIAM under the Seal of the Exchequer, grounded on Outlawry in any Civil Action - - - - -	0	10	0
CUSTODIAM , Search for, the same Duties as on Searches for Crown Bonds.			
DECLARATION in any Court of Law - - - - -	0	4	0
DECREE or Dismission made in or by the High Court of Chancery, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer - - - - -	0	4	6
DECREE or Dismission made in or by the Court of Exchequer, written on Paper and signed by the proper Officer - - - - -	0	4	6

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	s.	d.	c.
DECREE which shall be made or pronounced by, or any Warrant which shall issue under the Hand and Seal, or Hand only, of any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Town Clerk or Seneschal, or by any Judge of Assize, or other Judge whatsoever, in Causes heard by Civil Bill, except Decrees by any Seneschal or Steward of a Manor where the Debt or Damages do not exceed Forty Shillings;			
Where the Sum decreed shall be under 5l. - -	0	2	0
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to 5l. and not amount to 10l. - - -	0	4	6
And where the Sum decreed shall amount to 10l. or upwards - - -	0	7	6
DECREE.—Renewal of a Decree or Dismiss, by whomsoever made, on any Proceeding by Civil Bill, save as aforesaid - - -	0	1	6
DEMURRER in any Court of Law - - -	0	4	0
DEMURRER in any Court of Equity - - -	0	4	0
DEPOSITIONS taken by virtue of a Commission out of any Court of Equity (<i>except the Paper Drafts thereof before the same are ingrossed</i>) - - -	0	4	0
DEPOSITIONS in answer to any Interrogatories in any Court of Law - - -	0	4	0
DISMISS made or pronounced by any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister or Judge of Assize - - -	0	4	0
DISMISS made or pronounced by any Seneschal or Steward of any Manor in any Proceeding by Civil Bill, save as aforesaid - - -	0	1	6
ENROLLMENT of any Proceeding.— See RELEASE in the First Part of this Schedule.			
EXCEPTIONS filed in any Court of Equity, for each Exception, whether alone or joined with any others or other - - -	0	5	0
EXCEPTIONS filed in the matter of any Bankrupt or Lunatic - - -	0	5	0
EXEMPLIFICATION, under the Seal of any Court of Law or Equity whatever, of any Record or Proceeding therein (<i>except Exemplifications under the Great Seal, charged in the First Part of this Schedule</i>) - - -	0	15	0
GRANT of the Custody of the Person or Estate of any Lunatic.— See COMMISSION of LUNACY.			
INDENTURES or Chirograph of a Fine levied in any Court, for each Part or Indenture - - -	0	10	0
INQUISITION taken by or before any Sheriff or his Deputy, or by or before any Coroner or Elisor, in any Action at Law, or under any Act of Parliament - - -	0	10	0
INQUISITION to be enrolled, of any kind, for each Sheet or Piece of Paper or Parchment on which the same may be written or ingrossed - - -	1	0	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Law - - -	0	4	0
INTERROGATORIES in any Court of Equity, or in any matter of Bankruptcy or Lunacy - - -	0	4	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
JUDGMENT Interlocutory, in any Court of Law in <i>Ireland</i>	0	5	0
JUDGMENT (not Interlocutory), on the Entry thereof in any of the superior Courts at <i>Dublin</i> ;			
For any Sum under 100l.	0	6	0
For 100l. and not exceeding 200l.	0	11	0
And for every 100l. after the Sum of 200l. a further Duty of	0	0	6
Where the Sum in such Judgment shall exceed 200l. or any progressive Sum of 100l. each, by any fractional Part of 100l. for such fractional Part	0	0	6
JUDGMENTS, Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Judgments appearing on Record in any Court in <i>Ireland</i> against any Person, issued from any of the Public Offices of any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any Judgment or not, on the Officer's Certificate subscribed thereto, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made	0	10	0
JUDGMENTS, Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Judgments issuing from any of the Public Offices of any Court in <i>Ireland</i> , whether such Search shall contain any Extract of any Judgment or Judgments, or not, or whether such Search shall be signed by or on behalf of any Officer or Clerk of any such Public Office, for each Person against whom such Search shall be made	0	3	0
JUDGMENT.—See ASSIGNMENT and MEMORIAL.			
LETTERS of Guardianship under the Great Seal of <i>Ireland</i>	1	0	0
ORDER or Rule made or given in any of the Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court on Motion, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fiat for an Order, or otherwise, or whether the same be issued or not, except on Petitions ;			
For the Entry of every such Rule or Order in the Book kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer of any Court in <i>Dublin</i> for that Purpose, whether written on One or more Sheets or Leaves	0	1	0
ORDER or Rule made or given in any other Court in <i>Ireland</i> holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth exceed 40s. whether such Rule or Order shall be made in open Court on Motion, or by any Judge of such Courts respectively in his Chamber, by way of Fiat for an Order or otherwise, or whether the same shall be issued or not	0	1	0
Except such as shall be made on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.			

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
PETITION, on the Entry of, in any Suit in any of the Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , as also in all matters of Bankruptcy, of Lunacy, of Minors, and in all other matters presented to the Court of Chancery or to the Lord Chancellor, or to the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal	0	4	6
PETITION in any other Court, not otherwise charged, on each Sheet or Piece of Paper on which the same shall be written	0	3	0
PLEA in any Court of Law	0	4	0
PLEADING of any kind, in any Court of Law or Equity, <i>not otherwise charged in this Schedule</i>	0	4	0
POSTEA	0	10	0
PROCESS, commonly called Process of Contempt, on each, not to contain more than Four Defendants	0	1	0
PROCESS of Contempt, on the Entry of each, and every Process for not appearing, or for not answering, which shall be entered in the Courts of Chancery or Exchequer, for each Defendant	0	2	0
RECORD of <i>Nisi Prius</i>	0	10	0
RECOGNIZANCE conditioned for the Payment of any Money or for the Performance of any Covenant or Agreement entered into during the Progress of any Proceedings in any Court of Law or Equity	0	10	0
RECOGNIZANCE on any Appeal from any Decree or Dismiss, by whomsoever made or pronounced, in any Proceeding by Civil Bill	0	2	6
RECOGNIZANCE, Search for, commonly called a Negative Search for Recognizances appearing on Record in the Court of Chancery, or in the Equity or Revenue Side of the Court of Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i> , against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any Recognizance or Recognizances or otherwise, on the Officer's Certificate subscribed thereto, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made	0	10	0
RECOGNIZANCE, Search for, commonly called a Common Search for Recognizances issuing from the Court of Chancery, or the Revenue or Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer in <i>Ireland</i> , against any Person, whether such Search shall contain any Extract or Extracts of any such Recognizance or Recognizances or otherwise, for each Person as to whom such Search shall be made	0	3	0
REJOINDER in any Court of Law	0	4	0
REJOINDER in any Court of Equity	0	4	0
REPLICATION in any Court of Law	0	4	0
REPLICATION in any Court of Equity	0	4	0
REPORT made by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer in the Court of Exchequer, or his Deputy	0	1	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
RULE or Order.—See ORDER and COPY ORDER.			
RULES to plead and reply, and all other Rules, of any of the said Courts at <i>Dublin</i> , not issued as above mentioned, but which shall be entered in the Books kept by the Clerk of the Rules, or other Officer for that Purpose, for the Entry of every such Rule - -	0	1	0
SEARCHES.—See CROWN BONDS, CUSTODIAMS, JUDGMENTS, RECOGNIZANCES, and the First Part of this Schedule for REGISTERED DEEDS.			
SUBPŒNA.—See WRIT.			
SUMMONS, or Procefs, whereby the Defendant or Defendants shall be required to appear or answer the Plaintiff's Bill, or to appear before any Recorder, Chairman, Assistant Barrister, Seneschal or Steward of a Manor-Court, or other Judge or Officer, in any Proceeding in a summary way by Civil Bill - Save and except Seneschals and Stewards of a Manor holding Plea where the Debt or Damage shall not exceed Forty Shillings. For the Duty on the Copy of the same.—	0	0	2
—See COPY of any SUMMONS.			
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of any of the Superior Courts of Law - - - -	0	2	0
SUMMONS issued by any Judge of a Court of Equity Except such as shall be issued on the Application of any Prisoner or Insolvent Debtor.	0	2	0
WARRANT or Summons issued by any Master of the High Court of Chancery, or by His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer or his Deputy, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Prothonotaries of the Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas, or by the Chief or Deputy Clerk of the Pleas in the Exchequer, or by any of the Chief or Deputy Registrars of the Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer, or by any other Officer or Officers of any Court of Law or Equity, or in any other Court in <i>Ireland</i> , not otherwise charged or expressly exempted from Stamp Duty, for the Purpose of proceeding to settle any Decree or Proceeding on any Order of Reference, or taxing Costs, or any other Purpose for which Summons or Warrants are usually issued by such Officers respectively - - - -	0	1	0
WARRANT to any Attorney to enter up a Judgment or satisfy a Judgment entered of Record in the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer in <i>Dublin</i> , or elsewhere - - - -	0	2	6
WARRANT of Attorney or Consent, or other Writing, to vacate any Recognizance entered into in the Court of Chancery or in the Equity Side of the Court of Exchequer, or any Order obtained to vacate the same - -	0	5	0
WRIT of Appeal - - - -	1	0	0
WRIT of Covenant for levying a Fine - - - -	2	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART II.	Duty.
WRIT of Entry for suffering a Common Recovery -	s. 2 0
WRIT of Error, or Certiorari, on any Appeal in any Civil Case (except from the Court of Admiralty or Prerogative Court, or any Diocesan or Archiepiscopal Court, or from any Dismiss or Decree on any Civil Bill, or from any Manor Court) -	1 0
WRIT of Superfedeeas of a Commission of Bankrupt -	0 2
WRIT of <i>Habere Facias Seisinam</i> or <i>Possessionem</i> , or Writ of Restitution or Possession -	0 10
WRIT, Mandate, Subpœna, Writ of Habeas Corpus, or other Process whatsoever, not otherwise charged in this Schedule, which shall issue out of, or pass the Seal of, any of the Courts in <i>Dublin</i> , whether the same be the superior Courts of Law or Equity, or any of the Ecclesiastical Courts -	0 4 0
<p>GENERAL EXEMPTIONS from all Stamp Duties. <i>All Proceedings for or on the behalf of any Person legally admitted to sue or defend in forma Pauperis.</i></p>	

SCHEDULE ;—PART THE THIRD.

Containing the Duties on PROBATES of Wills and Letters of ADMINISTRATION; on INVENTORIES to be exhibited in the Ecclesiastical Courts in *Ireland*; and on LEGACIES out of Real or Personal Estate; and on SUCCESSIONS to Personal Estates upon Intestacy.

PART THE THIRD.	Duty.
<p>PROBATE of a Will or Letters of Administration to be granted in <i>Ireland</i>, and any Letter of Administration, except Administrations <i>pendente lite</i>, of whatever Number of Skins or Pieces of Parchment or Velum, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper the same may consist ;</p> <p>Where the Estates and Effects, for or in respect of which such Probate or Letters of Administration respectively shall be granted (<i>exclusive of what the Deceased shall have been possessed of or entitled to as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons and not beneficially</i>), shall be of the Value of 30l. and under the Value of 100l. -</p> <p>shall be of the Value of 100l. and under the Value of 200l. -</p> <p>shall be of the Value of 200l. and under the Value of 300l. -</p> <p>shall be of the Value of 300l. and under the Value of 400l. -</p>	<p>s. s. d.</p> <p>0 10 0</p> <p>1 10 0</p> <p>2 0 0</p> <p>3 0 0</p>

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.		
	£.	s.	d.
PROBATE—continued.			
shall be of the Value of 400l. and under the Value of 500l.	4	0	0
shall be of the Value of 500l. and under the Value of 600l.	5	0	0
shall be of the Value of 600l. and under the Value of 700l.	6	0	0
shall be of the Value of 700l. and under the Value of 800l.	7	0	0
shall be of the Value of 800l. and under the Value of 900l.	8	0	0
shall be of the Value of 900l. and under the Value of 1,000l.	9	0	0
shall be of the Value of 1,000l. and under the Value of 1,500l.	15	0	0
shall be of the Value of 1,500l. and under the Value of 2,000l.	20	0	0
shall be of the Value of 2,000l. and under the Value of 3,500l.	35	0	0
shall be of the Value of 3,500l. and under the Value of 5,000l.	60	0	0
shall be of the Value of 5,000l. and under the Value of 7,500l.	75	0	0
shall be of the Value of 7,500l. and under the Value of 10,000l.	90	0	0
shall be of the Value of 10,000l. and under the Value of 12,500l.	110	0	0
shall be of the Value of 12,500l. and under the Value of 15,000l.	135	0	0
shall be of the Value of 15,000l. and under the Value of 17,500l.	160	0	0
shall be of the Value of 17,500l. and under the Value of 20,000l.	185	0	0
shall be of the Value of 20,000l. and under the Value of 25,000l.	210	0	0
shall be of the Value of 25,000l. and under the Value of 30,000l.	260	0	0
shall be of the Value of 30,000l. and under the Value of 35,000l.	310	0	0
shall be of the Value of 35,000l. and under the Value of 40,000l.	360	0	0
shall be of the Value of 40,000l. and under the Value of 45,000l.	410	0	0
shall be of the Value of 45,000l. and under the Value of 50,000l.	460	0	0
shall be of the Value of 50,000l. and under the Value of 60,000l.	550	0	0
shall be of the Value of 60,000l. and under the Value of 70,000l.	650	0	0
shall be of the Value of 70,000l. and under the Value of 80,000l.	750	0	0

SCHEDULE, PART III.		Duty
PROBATE — <i>continued.</i>		<i>£. s.</i>
shall be of the Value of 80,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	850 0
shall be of the Value of 90,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	950 0
shall be of the Value of 100,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 125,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	1,200 0
shall be of the Value of 125,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 150,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	1,400 0
shall be of the Value of 150,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 175,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	1,600 0
shall be of the Value of 175,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	2,000 0
shall be of the Value of 200,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	2,500 0
shall be of the Value of 250,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	3,000 0
shall be of the Value of 300,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	3,500 0
shall be of the Value of 350,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	4,000 0
shall be of the Value of 400,000 <i>l.</i> and under the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i>	- - -	5,000 0
shall be of the Value of 500,000 <i>l.</i> or upwards	-	6,000 0
LETTERS of Administration, <i>pendente lite</i>	-	5 0
<i>Exemptions.</i>		
<i>Letters of Administration, or Probate of the Will, of the Goods, Chattels and Effects of any Non Commissioned Officer, Common Seaman, Marine or Soldier, who shall be slain or die in the Service of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors.</i>		
<i>Letters of Administration, de bonis non.</i>		
<i>Probates that shall be taken out by any Executor, coming after another Executor shall have obtained Probate of the same.</i>		
RECEIPT or Discharge for any Legacy, specific or pecuniary, or of any other Description, given by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and charged upon or given out of any Real or Personal Estate, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, or Monies arising from the Sale of any Real Estate directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument, and which shall be paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged:		
Also for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue of the Personal Estate of any Person dying testate or intestate, or for the clear Residue, or for any Part or Proportion of the clear Residue devised to any Person or Persons of any Monies arising, or that may arise, by the Sale of any		

SCHEDULE, PART III.

Duty.

RECEIPT—*continued.*

Real Estate directed to be sold by any Will or Testamentary Instrument (after deducting all Debts, Funeral Expences, Legacies and other Charges first made payable thereout) if any,

For every 100l. of the Value of any such Legacy or Residue, or Part or Proportion of Residue, paid, delivered, retained, satisfied or discharged, and for any fractional Part thereof, over and above any Sum or progressive Sums of 100l. the Sums following, *viz.*

Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Deceased, a Duty of - - - - -

1 . 5 0

Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of the Father or Mother of the Deceased

2 0 0

Where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Brother or Sister of a Grandfather or Grandmother of the Deceased - - - - -

2 10 0

And where any such Legacy or Residue, or Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of any Person, in any more remote Degree of Collateral Consanguinity to the Deceased than is before described, or to or for the Benefit of any Stranger in Blood to the Deceased, or to any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Public Institutions (save Charitable Institutions) - - - - -

5 0 0

Where any such Legacy or Residue, or any Share of such Residue, shall have been given, or have devolved to or for the Benefit of a Child of the Deceased, or any Descendant of a Child of the Deceased - - - - -

0 10 0

Exemptions.

Legacies and Residues, or Shares of Residue, of any such Estate or Effects as aforesaid, given or devolving to or for the Benefit of the Hus-

SCHEDULE, PART III.	Duty.
<p>RECEIPT—<i>continued.</i> <i>band or Wife of the Deceased, or to or for the Benefit of any of the Royal Family.</i> <i>Legacies given for the Education or Maintenance of poor Children in Ireland, or to be applied in Support of any Public Charitable Institution in Ireland, or for any Purpose merely charitable.</i> <i>Legacies consisting of Books, Prints, Pictures, Statues, Gems, Coins, Medals, Specimens of Natural History, or other specific Articles, which shall be given or bequeathed to or in Trust for any Body Corporate, whether Aggregate or Sole, or any Society, or any endowed School, in order to be kept and preserved by such Body Corporate, Society or School, and not for the Purpose of Sale.</i></p>	<p>£. s.</p>

FORMS OF AFFIDAVITS

to be required and received from Persons applying for Probates of Wills, and Letters of Administration of the Value of the Personal Estate and Effects of the Deceased.

No. 1. FOR EXECUTORS.

A. E. of _____ and B. E. of _____ an Executor [or Executrix, or A. E. and B. E. Executors, or Executor and Executrix, as the case may be] named in the last Will and Testament [or in a Codicil annexed to the last Will and Testament] of C. T. [the Testator] late of _____ who died on the _____ Day of _____ 18 _____ maketh Oath and faith, [or make Oath and say; or in the case of Quakers, do or doth solemnly affirm and declare] that he [she or they] had [or have] made diligent Search and due Enquiry after and in respect of the Personal Estate and Effects of the said Deceased, in order to ascertain the full Amount and Value thereof; and that to the best of his [her or their] Knowledge, Information and Belief, the whole of the Goods and Chattels, Rights and Credits of which the said Deceased died possessed within the Province [or Diocese] of _____ consisting of the Property, Monies, Securities, matters and things, specified in the Account annexed to this Affidavit, are under the Value of £ _____ exclusive of what the Deceased may have been possessed of, or entitled to, as a Trustee for any other Person or Persons, and not beneficially, and without deducting any thing on account of the Debts due and owing from the Deceased: And that according to the Knowledge, Information and Belief of this Deponent [or these Deponents] the said Deceased had also [or had not] other Personal Estate and Effects at the time of his [or her] Decease, within the Province [or Diocese] of _____ [or within any other Province or Diocese in Ireland.]

Sworn, on the _____ Day of _____ [To be signed by A. E. B. E. 18 before me, } the Deponents]

No. 2. FOR ADMINISTRATORS.

B. A. of _____ [and C. A. of _____] in order to the due Administration of the Personal Estate and Effects of D. I. [the Intestate] late of _____ who died on the _____ Day of _____ intestate, maketh Oath and faith, &c. [as in the preceding Form.]

SCHEDULE, PART III.

As ACCOUNT of the ESTATE and EFFECTS of the late

Household Goods, Linen, Wearing Apparel, Books, Plate, Jewels, &c.	Price of Stocks	s. s. d.
Property in the Stocks or Funds transferrable at the Bank.		
Leasehold Property.		
Property in Public Companies.		
Money out on Mortgage and other Securities.		
Real Estate devised to be sold, or Value of Le- gacies charged on Real Estate.		
Stock in Trade, Farming Stock and Implements of Husbandry.		
Other Personal Property not comprised under the foregoing Heads.		

SCHEDULE ; — PART THE FOURTH.

Containing the Duties on **NEWSPAPERS, ALMANACKS and PUBLICATIONS ;** and in respect of Articles not stamped on **VELLUM, PARCHMENT or PAPER.**

PART THE FOURTH.	Duty.
Any Newspaper or Paper containing public News, Intelligence or Occurrences	£. s. 0 0
Any Hand Bill, or Bill for Posting, containing a single Advertisement, except Hand Bills, or Bills for Posting respecting Charities, Robberies, Murders, Loss of Property, and Sales under Distress Warrants, or Executions, or for Rent	0 0 0
Any Almanack or Calendar for any particular Year or for any time less than a Year	0 0 9
Any Almanack or Calendar made to serve for any longer time than a Year, or for several Years	0 7 6
Any <i>Dublin</i> Directory	0 0 6
Any Army List, or any List of Attornies, Solicitors or Conveyancers, duly admitted, and having paid Duty on their Certificates (except such Lists respectively as shall be published with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> for the time being)	0 0 6
Any Account or Bill of Goods imported into or exported from <i>Ireland</i> , printed or published daily, weekly, monthly or at any other time or times, as an Account or Abstract of Account of such Goods; for each Day's Account or Abstract of Day's Account contained therein, whether the same be printed or published separately, or included in or with any other Publication, and in Proportion to the Number of Days' Accounts, or Abstracts of Days' Accounts contained in such Publications, for each and every of such Publications, (except such daily or other Accounts, or Bills of Imports or Exports, as shall be printed or published by some Person or Persons authorized to print the same by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i>)	0 0 1
<i>Articles not stamped on Vellum, Parchment or Paper.</i>	
For every Advertisement to be contained or published in any Gazette, Journal or Daily Accounts, to be published weekly or oftener; or in any other printed Paper or Pamphlet dispersed or made public yearly, monthly or at any other Interval of time, or in any Hand Bill, containing more than One Advertisement; and for every Copy of any Proclamation, Order of Council or Act of State, made by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of <i>Ireland</i> , for	

SCHEDULE, PART IV.

Duty.

Advertisement, &c. — continued.

the time being, or the Privy Council of *Ireland*, which shall be contained or published in any Gazette, Newspaper, Journal or Daily Account, other than the *Dublin Gazette*

£. s. d.

0 2 6

For every Pamphlet or Paper, not exceeding Six Sheets, Octavo, or in a lesser Page, and not exceeding Twelve Sheets in Quarto, or Twenty Sheets in Folio, for every Sheet of any kind of Paper contained in one printed Copy or Impression thereof, a Duty of

0 2 0

Exemptions.

Advertisements published by the Trustees of Hospitals, or other Charitable Institutions, or by Trustees for any other Purpose merely charitable, relative to the Business of such Hospitals, or other Charitable Institutions, or to the Business of such Charities.

Any Act of Parliament, Proclamation, Order of Council, Form of Prayer and Thanksgiving, or any Act of State which shall be ordered by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, to be printed or published; or any Votes or other matters which are or shall be ordered to be printed by either House of Parliament; or any Books commonly used in any of the Schools in Ireland; or any Books containing only matters of Devotion and Piety; or any Weekly Bills of Mortality; or any Daily Accounts or Bills of Goods imported or exported, so as such Daily Accounts or Bills do contain no other matter than Accounts of Goods imported into, or exported from, Ireland, and the Particulars relating to such Imports and Exports, and so as the same shall be printed and published by such Person and Persons as shall be authorized thereto by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Chief Governors of Ireland for the time being.

For any ASSURANCE or INSURANCE, viz.

For any Assurance or Insurance of any Ship or Ships, Goods or Merchandize, or any other Property or Interest whereon Insurance may be lawfully made against Loss in any Voyage or Voyages, or from the Dangers of or other Perils at Sea, where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, actually and *bona fide* paid or contracted for, shall not exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings per Cent.

SCHEDULE, PART IV.	Duty.
ASSURANCE—continued.	ℓ. s. d.
For any Voyage to or from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom of <i>Great Britain and Ireland</i> , or the Islands of <i>Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or Man</i> , from or to any other Place in the said Kingdom or Islands;	
Where the Sum insured shall amount to 100ℓ. or any less Sum	0 1 3
And so progressively for every 100ℓ. so insured	0 1 3
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100ℓ. or any progressive Sums of 100ℓ. each, by any fractional Part of 100ℓ. for such fractional Part	0 1 3
For any other Voyage, where the Sum insured shall amount to 100ℓ., or any less Sum	0 2 6
And so progressively for every 100ℓ. so insured	0 2 6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100ℓ. or any progressive Sums of 100ℓ. each, by any fractional Part of 100ℓ. for such fractional Part	0 2 6
And where the Premium, or Consideration in the Nature of a Premium, for such Insurance, actually and <i>bona fide</i> paid or contracted for, shall exceed the Rate of Twenty Shillings <i>per Cent.</i> for any Voyage, then a Duty in all cases equal to Double the Amount of the foregoing Duties respectively.	
Any Assurance or Insurance for or upon any Sum of 100ℓ. or any lesser Sum that is or shall be insured by any Person or Persons in or by any Policy of Insurance for insuring Houses, Goods, Furniture, Warehouses, Merchandizes or other Property, from Loss by Fire, yearly	0 2 6
And for every 100ℓ. of such Insurance, after the first Hundred, a like Sum of	0 2 6
And where the Sum insured shall exceed 100ℓ. or any progressive Sums of 100ℓ. each, by any fractional Part of 100ℓ. a Duty in Proportion for such fractional Part.	
And so in Proportion for any shorter Period than a Year, in all the said cases of Insurance from Loss by Fire.	
For and upon every Pack of Printed, Painted or Playing Cards, made, manufactured or vended in <i>Ireland</i>	0 2 0
For and upon every Pair of Dice made, manufactured or vended in <i>Ireland</i>	0 15 0

SCHEDULE;—PART THE FIFTH.

ALLOWANCES on the Purchase of STAMPS.

To any Person who shall bring Vellum, Parchment or Paper to the Stamp Office in Dublin to be stamped, or who shall buy any stamped Vellum, Parchment or Paper at the said Stamp Office, the Duties whereof respectively shall amount to Twenty Pounds or upwards, (*Save and except Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped with any Duty of Ten Pounds or upwards, or with any Number of Stamps amounting in the whole to Ten Pounds, on One Piece of Vellum, Parchment or Paper,*) an Allowance after the Rate of One Pound and Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds, upon prompt Payment of the said Duty upon such Vellum, Parchment or Paper so brought or stamped.

To Stationers or Shopkeepers who shall purchase Stamps for Receipts to the Amount, at one and the same time, of Five Pounds, in Consideration of their making no Charge to the Public for the Paper stamped for Receipts, but actually and bona fide selling the same for the Price of the Stamp Duty only, Seven Pounds Ten Shillings for every One hundred Pounds of the Amount of the Duty on such Stamps for Receipts, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Sum not under the Sum of Five Pounds: this Allowance being over and above the Allowance on the prompt Payment of the Stamp Duties to the Amount of Twenty Pounds and upwards.

C A P. LVII.

An Act to grant certain Rates, Duties and Taxes in *Ireland*, in respect of Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Carriages and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes, and to provide for the more effectual Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes. [20th June 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it expedient to repeal the several Rates, Duties and Taxes payable in *Ireland* in respect of Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, under and by virtue of the several Acts hereinafter mentioned, and to grant new Consolidated Rates, Duties and Taxes in lieu thereof, and to amend the Laws now in force for regulating and securing the Collection of all such Rates, Duties and Taxes;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes on Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, granted in and by the several Acts hereinafter recited, or such of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes as were in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act, and all Regulations and Directions contained in or made by the said Acts or any of them, for the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or so much and such Parts of any of them as are or were so in force, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; (that is to say), in and by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes* 47 G. 3. c. 12.

The following Acts, granting Duties on Hearths, Windows, &c. viz.

47 G. 3. c. 22. *Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof, in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes and Drawbacks; and also in and by another Act made in the said Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to provide for regulating and securing the Collection of certain Rates and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Dwelling Houses, Fire Hearths, Windows, Male Servants, Horses, Dogs and Carriages; and also in and by an Act made in the*

48 G. 3. c. 42. *Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of Carriages, Dogs, Fire Hearths, Horses, Male Servants and Windows, in lieu of former Duties and Taxes in respect of the like*

49 G. 3. c. 75. *Articles; and also in and by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled An Act to provide for the better Collection of the Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Servants, Horses and Dogs in Ireland; and also in and by Three several Acts made in the last Session of Parliament, that is to say, One Act, intituled An Act to grant to His Majesty certain increased Rates, Duties and Taxes in Ireland in respect of Windows, Male Servants, Carriages, Horses and Dogs, in lieu of former Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the like Articles; and One other Act, intituled An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Duties and Taxes in Ireland, in respect of certain Male Servants, Carriages and Horses kept to be let to hire; and One other Act, intituled An Act to make further*

55 G. 3. c. 61. *Provisions for the Collection of certain Duties on Male Servants, Carriages and Horses, and in respect of Houses in Ireland; and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes granted in and by the said recited Acts, and the Regulations contained in the said recited Acts, and the said recited Acts and every of them shall be and the same are hereby repealed accordingly, and shall cease and determine, except so far as the said Acts or any of them repeal or repeals any former Act or Acts, and except also so far as the said recited Acts or any of them relate or relates to the charging, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for any Rates, Duties and Taxes or Arrears thereof, or may concern or relate to the prosecuting, suing for and recovering of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, for any Offence against the said Acts or any of them, or for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, which shall have been or shall be committed, on or before the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and except so far as relates to any Suit or Proceeding which may have been commenced or instituted or shall be commenced or instituted at any time after the said Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the passing of this Act, for or in respect of or relating to the Rates, Duties and Taxes mentioned in this Act or the Schedules thereto annexed, and which said Suits or Proceedings shall and may be proceeded on to Judgment and Execution, to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Acts had not been repealed and determined.*

55 G. 3. c. 140. *repealed, except Arrears, &c.*

Duties specified in Schedules annexed to be paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be levied, raised, collected, paid and satisfied, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon and in respect of the several Fire Hearths or other Places used for firing or Stoves, Windows or Lights,

Lights, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, mentioned, specified, described and expressed in the several Schedules marked (A.) (B.) (C.) (D.) (E.) (F.) (G.) (H.) (I.) and (K.) respectively to this Act annexed, the several Amounts, Sums of Money, Rates, Duties and Taxes as they are respectively described and set forth in the said respective Schedules; and that the said several Schedules, and all and every the Rules, Regulations, Exceptions, Exemptions and Abatements therein respectively specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be a Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, and the said Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be in lieu and instead and in full Satisfaction of all Rates, Duties and Taxes granted by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, upon and in respect of the like Articles, matters and things, except such Rates, Duties and Taxes as have been or shall or may be granted or imposed for certain local Purposes in *Ireland*, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, and which Rates, Duties and Taxes are or may be appropriated to such local Purposes, by the Act or Acts by which the same are or shall be granted or imposed, or by any other Act or Acts.

Duties in lieu of former Duties.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Assessment and Charge of the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths, and other Firing Places, or Stoves, and Windows or Lights, Male Servants, and other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, or of any of them which shall have been made, and also every Act or Acts which shall have been done or performed by any Officer in relation to the same, at any time since the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and before the passing of this Act pursuant to the Regulations and Provisions of any Act or Acts hereinbefore recited and repealed, shall be and the same is and are hereby declared to be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same had been made, charged, done and performed after the Commencement and under and pursuant to the Provisions of this Act; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officers and all other Persons duly authorized to act, proceed, do and perform every matter and thing on and in respect of such Assessments, Charges or other Acts done and performed as aforesaid, as if the same had been made, done, charged or performed after the Commencement and under the Provision and the Regulations in this Act for that Purpose contained.

Assessments and Proceedings thereon since Jan. 5, 1816, valid.

Officers authorized to act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act and the several Schedules hereunto annexed, granted and made payable, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable according to the Amount thereof in *British* Currency, and that all and every the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

Duties paid in British Currency, and carried to Consolidated Fund.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers or other Person who now is or are or hereafter shall be appointed by or acting under the Orders or Directions of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, for the charging, assessing, collecting or superintending the charging, assessing or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them at any time in the Day time, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Sunset, to enter into any Houle and into every

Officers may enter Houses to ascertain Number of Hearths and Windows.

every Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, and into the several Apartments and Places therein, and to take Information from his own View and Survey of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places, used for Firing and Stoves therein; and also of the Number of Windows or Lights therein, and such House, Office or Edifice shall be charged accordingly with the Rates and Taxes, in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths and other Places used for Firing and Stoves, and of Windows or Lights therein; and if any such Officer or Officers, or other Person authorized as aforesaid, shall not on Demand of Entrance, by knocking or otherwise, obtain Admittance into any such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, or after Admittance shall not be suffered to enter into all and every the Apartments and other Places therein respectively, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and he is required to leave a Notice at such House with any Person resident therein above the Age of Sixteen Years, setting forth that such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid will attend at such House at a certain Day and Hour, to be specified in such Notice, such Hour to be within the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and requiring to be admitted into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein respectively; and if such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice obtain Admittance into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice, and into every Apartment and Place therein into which he shall require to be admitted, the Occupier of such House or the Person deemed the Occupier within the Provision of this Act, as the case may be, shall for each Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if no Person shall appear at such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice from whom such Officer or other Person as aforesaid can make Demand of Entrance, or on whom such Notice can be served, then such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall and he is hereby required to post such Notice as aforesaid on the Door of such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice; and if such Officer or other Person as aforesaid shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice be admitted into such House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice and into every Apartment and Place therein, then the Occupier thereof shall forfeit the like Sum of Twenty Pounds.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Person who shall attend such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid upon such Survey may refuse to admit such Officer or other Person into any Room or Apartment, except the same be a Kitchen or a Room in an Outhouse, upon such Person who shall so attend consenting that the Tax in respect of One Fire Hearth and of Three Windows shall be charged for such Room or Apartment; and in such case every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall accordingly charge such House with the Tax for One Fire Hearth and Three Windows for every such Room or Apartment, and no more, unless it shall be ascertained by such Officer or other Person as aforesaid, without entering into such Room or Apartment, that the same contains a greater Number of Fire Hearths, Firing Places or Stoves than One, or a greater Number of Windows or Lights than Three, and such Tax shall be paid accordingly.

VII. Pro-

If Admittance be not obtained, Officers to leave Notice.

Occupiers refusing Admittance.

Penalty.

Posting Notice. Officer not admitted.

Penalty.

Admittance to any Apartment (except the Kitchen or Outhouse) may be refused if a Charge for One Hearth and Three Windows be allowed.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any House or any Part thereof is or shall be let in different Apartments to any Person or Persons, the Owner of such House so letting the same or for whose Benefit such letting is made, shall be deemed the Occupier thereof, and shall be charged with and be liable to pay the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of the Fire Hearths and Stoves or other Fire Places, and of the Windows or Lights in such House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto.

Owners of Houses let in Apartments deemed Occupiers.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Fire Hearths, Firing Places and Stoves, and on Windows or Lights, and on Houses in respect thereof, shall be charged on and payable by the Occupiers of such Houses respectively, or the Persons having the Right to occupy the same respectively, and shall and may be levied at any time by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier or Person having the Right aforesaid, during whose Occupancy or Right thereto, such Rates, Duties or Taxes had incurred, and that any Arrear of such Rates, Duties and Taxes not exceeding Two Years' Amount, exclusive of the Rates, Duties and Taxes of the current Year in which a Distress shall be made, and no more, shall and may be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of any subsequent Occupier of such House.

Goods of Occupiers liable to Duties.

Distress.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Occupier of every House in which, with any Outhouse, Office or other Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be Two or more Hearths or Places for Firing, or Stoves, or Seven or more Windows or Lights, shall, when required by any such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, make due and immediate Declaration and Return of the greatest Number of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, and of Windows or Lights respectively, which were in his or her House, with every Outhouse, Office or other Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, on the Sixth Day of *January* then next preceding, or between the said Day and the time of making such Declaration or Return, and shall within Fourteen Days next after any additional Hearth, Fire Place, Stove or Window or Light shall be made or opened, deliver or cause to be delivered to such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, or in his Absence to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such House is situate, a true List or Account in Writing, under his or her Hand, of every such additional Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, and Window or Light respectively; and if any such Occupier shall refuse or neglect to make or deliver such Declaration or Return, List or Account, or shall make any undue or false Declaration or Return, List or Account, such Occupier shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Rate, Duty or Tax which he or she ought otherwise by Law to be charged with in respect of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, as the case may be; and if at any time any greater Number of Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, shall be discovered in any House, or in any Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, or occupied therewith, than the Numbers respectively expressed in such Declaration or Return, List or Account, it shall be taken and received as sufficient Proof of a false or untrue Declaration or Return, List or Account, unless due Proof be made by, such Occupier that the Hearth, Fire Place or Stove,

Occupiers having Two Hearths or Seven Windows or more, to make, when required, a Return of the greatest Number, and afterwards give Notice of additional ones.

Default.

Penalty.

Greater Number of Windows, &c. than stated used.

Proof of false Declaration.

Stove, Window or Light, so exceeding had been made or opened within Fourteen Days next previous to such Discovery.

Duties charged for the whole Year for such Hearths and Windows as shall be in the House on the 6th Jan. and all additional ones.

Evading Duty by stopping up Fire Places or Windows.

Penalty.

What shall be deemed a stopping up.

Persons keeping Carriages, Servants, Horses and Dogs, to deliver a List thereof when required, specifying certain Particulars.

X. And be it further enacted, That the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, shall be charged for the whole Year, commencing on the Sixth Day of *January*, for such Number of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places and Stoves, and Windows or Lights, as shall on the Sixth Day of *January* in any such Year be in any House, or in any Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto, and also for any and every additional Fire Hearth or other Place for Firing or Stove, and Window or Light, which at any time after the Sixth Day of *January* in any Year shall be in or be made or opened in any such House, or in any Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging thereto; and that if any Person, in order to evade the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of Fire Hearths or other Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, payable within such Year, shall stop up, deface, cover or conceal any Hearth, Fire Place or Stove, or any Window or Light chargeable with the said Rate, Duty or Tax, every such Person shall forfeit and pay Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Rate, Duty or Tax for the same respectively: Provided always, that the Proof of the time when any such Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window or Light may have been stopped, shall lie on the Occupier of the House: Provided also, that no Hearth, Fire Place, Stove, Window or Light, shall be deemed to be stopped up, unless such Hearth, Fire Place or Stove be built up with Stones or Bricks, and Mortar made with Lime, so as thereby to be wholly unfit for Use, or such Window or Light be stopped up with the like Materials as the Wall or Roof adjoining thereto respectively is composed of.

XI. And be it further enacted, That every Person in *Ireland* having, keeping, using, retaining or employing, or having had, kept, used, retained or employed, since the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Carriage with Four Wheels, or any Carriage with less than Four Wheels, or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Dog, upon or in respect of whom or which any Rate, Tax or Duty is or may be imposed by this Act, or any Act or Acts at any time hereafter to be in force in *Ireland*; and every Person keeping or having kept, retaining or having retained, since the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Servant, Carriage, Horse, Mare or Gelding to be let to Hire, or letting or having let to Hire any Servant, Carriage, Horse, Mare or Gelding, since the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, upon Demand, or within Ten Days next after a particular Notice for that Purpose shall be served or left, or caused to be served or left at the usual Place of Residence of such Person respectively, by any such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, deliver to such Officer or Person so authorized, a true List or Account in Writing under his or her Hand, of every such Carriage, and of every such Male Servant or other Male Person, and of every such Horse, Mare and Gelding, and of every such Dog which any such Person shall or may have had, kept, used, retained or employed, or shall or may have, keep, use, retain or employ, at any time after the said Fifth Day

Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or at any time after the Fifth Day of *January* in any subsequent Year; and which said List or Account shall contain the Name and Surname of the Person delivering such List or Account, the Name of his or her Residence or Place of Abode, at the time of delivering such List or Account, and of the Place, Parish, Barony, City, Town and County, as the case may be, in which such Residence is situate, and the Description of every such Carriage, and the Name and Surname of every such Servant or other Male Person, and the Capacity in which such Servant or other Male Person was, is or shall be, or shall have been retained or employed, and the Kind and Description of every such Dog, and the Uses and Purposes for which every such Horse, Mare or Gelding was or is or shall be kept or used, setting forth whether any such Carriage, Servant or Horse, Mare or Gelding was hired, or used on Hire, and (if any) the Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Person from or by whom every such Servant, Carriage, and Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall have been or shall be let to Hire, and the Period of each letting to Hire of every such Servant, Carriage, or Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively; and in every such List or Account to be delivered by the Person or Persons keeping, or who shall keep to be let to Hire, or letting, or who shall let to Hire any Servant, or any Carriage, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, such Person or Persons shall specify the Name and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons for whose Use or in whose Service each and every such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall have been or shall be employed on Hire, and the Number of each let to Hire to any such Person, and the Period of every such Letting; and from time to time, as often as any Person shall begin to keep or have any Carriage, or to retain or to employ any Servant or other Male Person, or to keep or use any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, and also from time to time, as often as any Person shall keep or have an additional Carriage, or shall retain or employ any additional Servant or other Male Person, or shall keep or use any additional Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any additional Dog, beyond the Number of the same respectively expressed in any such respective List or Account; then every such Person respectively shall, within Fourteen Days next after such Carriage or additional Carriage shall be kept or come into the Possession of such Person, or after any Male Servant or other Male Person, or additional Male Servant or other Male Person shall be retained or employed, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, or any additional Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, shall be kept or used by such Person, in like manner delivered to the said Officer, or Person authorized as aforesaid, a like List or Account of every such Carriage, Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, and of every such additional Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, as the case may be; and if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to deliver, in manner aforesaid, any such List or Account as is hereinbefore required, or shall make or deliver any undue or false List or Account of the matters and things aforesaid, or any of them, or if at any time any such Person shall keep, retain or employ, or use any greater Number of Carriages or Servants, or Male Persons, or Horses, Mares or Geldings, or Dogs, being respectively liable to Duty, than shall be expressed and mentioned in such List or Account, delivered by

What the List
to contain.

List to contain
Name and Place
of Abode of
the Person in
whose Service
such Servant,
Carriage, &c.
shall be em-
ployed

Additional Car-
riages, &c. em-
ployed.

A like List.

Neglecting, &c.
to deliver List.

Greater Number
of Carriages, &c.
kept than stated
in List.

such

such Person, or shall keep, retain, employ or use any Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, respectively liable to Duty, not expressed or mentioned in such List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Rate or Tax in respect of any such Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, as the case may be, of which such Person shall have neglected or refused to deliver a List or Account in manner required by this Act, or of or in respect to which any such Person shall have delivered or shall deliver any undue or false List or Account.

Penalty.

Duty on Servants, Carriages or Horses let to Hire, to be paid by the Persons using them, unless paid by the Persons letting them.

XII. And be it further enacted, That where any Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be let to Hire, and the Person using such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding on Hire, shall not make such List or Return, as is hereinbefore required, then and in such case the Rates, Duties and Taxes chargeable in respect of each and every such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively, for One Year, shall and may be charged upon, and shall be paid by the Person using such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding on Hire, over and above the Penalty incurred for any Neglect or Omission as aforesaid, unless the Person or Persons by whom such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding shall have been let to Hire, shall have been duly charged for such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding respectively; and in every case where the said Rates, Duties or Taxes shall be chargeable on the Person using such Servant, Carriage and Horse, Mare or Gelding on Hire, and making Default of Return as aforesaid, such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged upon such Person in respect of each such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding so used on Hire, in like manner as if such Servant, Carriage or Horse, Mare or Gelding had not been hired, but had been used, kept, retained or employed by such Person without † have been hired to him or her respectively.

Sic.

Notice affixed on Church Doors, &c. of every Parish, requiring Persons to deliver Lists of Carriages, Servants and Horses, &c. kept by them.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and such Officer or other Person so authorized shall and is hereby required, within Sixty Days after the passing of this Act, and within Sixty one Days after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and in like manner within Sixty one Days after the Fifth Day of *January* in each and every subsequent Year, (or at such other times as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, shall from time to time direct, order and appoint,) to affix or cause to be affixed on the Doors of the Church or Chapel or Market House, or Public School House (if any such there shall be) of every Parish or Place within the respective Walks or Divisions of such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, or in such of the Parishes or Places as shall be prescribed and directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (and if any Parish or Place shall not have a Church or Chapel, Market House, or Public School House, then on the Doors of the Church or Chapel or Market House of the nearest or adjoining Parish,) a General Notice signed by such Officer or other Person in such Form as shall have been or shall be directed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, requiring that all Persons

Persons residing in the said Parish or Place liable to the said Rates, Taxes, or any of them, shall make out and deliver Lists of Carriages, Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Geldings, and Dogs, directed to or for the said Officer, for the said Person authorized as aforesaid, at some House within the said Parish or Place, to be specified in such Notice, within Twenty one Days next after the Date of such Notice, such general Notice shall from time to time, when the same shall be deemed, be deemed a Requisition or Demand upon every Person in such Parish or Place, to deliver such Lists or Accounts within the said Space of Twenty one Days accordingly; and if any Person in such Parish or Place shall neglect or refuse to make out and deliver such List or Account at the House or Place mentioned in the Notice, directed in manner aforesaid, within the said Space of Twenty one Days, or shall make or deliver any undue or false List or Account, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the sum of Ten Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the said Duty or Tax in respect of any Carriage, Servant, Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, as the case may be, of which such Person shall have neglected or refused to deliver a List or Account in manner required by this Act, or of which any Person shall have delivered or shall deliver any undue or false List or Account, and all Persons shall be liable to such Penalty for not complying with such general Notice, whether any particular Notice requiring any such List shall have been delivered or left to or for such Person or not, and if such general Notice so affixed shall be removed or defaced at any time during the said Space of Twenty one Days, every such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid, shall cause a similar Notice to be so affixed, and so from time to time as often as Occasion shall require during the said Space of Twenty one Days; and any Person who shall wilfully tear, deface or obliterate any such Notice so affixed, shall forfeit for every such Offence a Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds, at the Discretion of the Court or Justice before whom such Person shall be convicted of such Offence.

Such Notice deemed a Demand to deliver List.

Neglecting to deliver such Lists or making false Lists.

Penalty.

Removing or defacing Notices.

Penalty.

Notice to be left at Dwelling Houses.

Default in delivering Lists.

Penalty.

Persons keeping Carriages, &c. at more Places

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whether such general Notice shall be posted or not as aforesaid, such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid shall from time to time serve or cause to be served or left, particular Notices at the usual Place of Abode or Residence of every Person in his proper Walk, Division or District, liable or supposed to be liable to the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, or any of them, requiring all such Persons respectively to deliver to such Officer or Person authorized as aforesaid the several Lists and Accounts which such Person is by this Act required to deliver, within Ten Days next after such Notice shall be served or left as aforesaid, and all and every Person making Default in delivering such Lists or Accounts within such Ten Days shall be liable to the Penalties hereinbefore by this Act inflicted, for not complying with such particular Notice, whether any such general Notice as aforesaid shall have been posted or not.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Person who shall deliver any List or Account required by this Act as aforesaid, and who shall

than one to Re-
turn the whole
Number,

and specify
Places where
Carriages, &c.
kept.

Declaration of
Places where
Persons charged
intend to pay,
signed.

Default.

Penalty.

Owners of
Houses to give a
List of the Car-
riages, &c. kept
by their Lodgers.

Penalty.

Notice to be
read to Lodgers
who are to de-
clare whether
they are liable
to the Duty.

shall keep, use, retain or employ any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, in any other Place in *Ireland* than the Place where such List or Account shall be delivered, shall in every such List or Account set forth the whole Number of Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs kept or used, retained or employed by such Person in *Ireland*, in order that such Person may be charged for the same according to the Rate chargeable on the greatest Number retained or kept in the whole, and such Person shall specify the Places with the Parish and Barony, County, Town or City in which the same shall be situate, where each such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, shall be at the time when such Person shall deliver such List or Account, and shall make and sign a Declaration of the Parish or Place in the County, Town or City in which such Person intends to pay for all such Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, and on Proof of Payment by any Person of the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of all such Carriages, Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, in any one Parish or Place, by Production of the Receipt signed by the Collector to whom the Payment shall have been made, or of a Certificate by such Collector, such Person shall be acquitted from the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively, in any other Parish or Place in *Ireland*; and if any Person shall neglect or refuse to set forth such Particulars as are hereby required in such Lists or Accounts, such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

‘XVI. And Whereas Difficulties may arise in discovering ‘Lodgers or Inmates in Houses liable to pay the said Rates, ‘Duties and Taxes, in respect of Carriages, Male Servants and other ‘Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs.’ Be it there-fore enacted, That the Owner of any House letting the same, or any Part thereof, to any Lodger or Lodgers in which any Lodger or Inmate shall reside, who shall keep, retain, employ or use any Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, shall deliver to any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, on Demand, or within Ten Days after Notice served by such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, by leaving or causing to be left the same at the House of such Person as aforesaid, a true List or Account in Writing under the Hand of such Owner expressing the Name and Surname of every such Lodger or Inmate, with an Account of every Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog kept, retained, employed or used by such Lodger or Inmate, to the best of the Knowledge and Information of such Owner; and if any such Owner shall neglect or refuse to deliver such List or Account as aforesaid, or shall wilfully omit or misrepresent any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall make or deliver any undue or false List or Account, every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That every such Owner as aforesaid in whose House any Person liable to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall reside as a Lodger or Inmate, shall for the Purpose of making an accurate List or Return cause the

Contents of the Notice left at his or her House to be read over and made known to each and every such Lodger or Inmate, requiring them respectively to declare to him or her and attest such List or Return to be made, whether such Lodger or Inmate be liable to the said Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any and which of them, or whether such Lodger or Inmate hath another Place of ordinary Residence, where he or she intends to be charged, and every such Lodger or Inmate being thereunto required shall be obliged to make such Declaration; and if any such Lodger or Inmate shall neglect or refuse to make Declaration, or to attest the List or Return to be made thereof, every such Lodger or Inmate shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any such Owner as aforesaid, by whom any such Declaration ought to be required, shall neglect to require the same, or to whom any such Declaration shall be made, shall neglect to insert the same in the List or Return to be made or delivered by such Owner as aforesaid, pursuant to this Act, every such Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.
Owner neglecting.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person occupying or owning any House, subject to any Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of Fire Hearths, Fire Places or Stoves, or Windows or Lights, or keeping, using, retaining or employing any Carriage, or any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding or any Dog, upon or in respect of which any Rate, Duty or Tax is or may be payable as aforesaid, shall be absent from the Place of her or his Abode at the time of the Service or posting of such Notice requiring such List or Account as aforesaid, then a List or Account of the Fire Hearths and Windows in any House belonging to such Person, and of any and every Carriage or Male Servant or other Male Person, or Horse, Mare or Gelding, or Dog, kept, used, retained or employed by such Person, made out and subscribed by the Agent, Steward, Housekeeper or Servant of such Person so absent, and delivered as aforesaid, shall be to all Intents and Purposes of the same Effect as if such List or Account were made out and subscribed and delivered by the Person owning or occupying such House, or keeping, using or employing any such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, as the case may be; and in case such List or Account shall be an undue List or Account, the same shall subject such Occupier, Owner or Person, keeping, retaining or employing such Carriage, Male Servant or other Male Person, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog respectively, to the like Payments and Penalties as if the same had been made and subscribed by himself or herself respectively.

Penalty.
In case of Absence of Persons liable, their Agents or Servants may make and deliver Lists,

to be of the same Effect as if delivered by Owners, and liable to same Penalties.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall not be bound by any List or Account which shall be delivered to them respectively, but shall be at Liberty, if they shall find, upon due Examination, that any Person, Description, Article, matter or thing, which ought to be contained in such List or Account, is or are omitted or untrue stated therein, to make a true Assessment and Charge upon every such Person, according to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, of the real Charge which ought to be imposed on such Person.

Officers not bound by any List delivered which proves defective.

Officers to make Assessments where Lists are neglected to be delivered.

Oath or Affirmation.

† Sic.

Proviso.

Persons on whom Notice shall be served keeping no Carriages, &c. shall sign a Declaration that they do not.

Neglecting.

Penalty.

Officers may surcharge.

Notice.

XX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person neglect or refuse to make out, sign and deliver any such List or Account as is in this Act directed within the respective times in this Act mentioned, then the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall, from the best Information he can obtain, make an Assessment or Charge upon such Person, of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, for and in respect of every Male Servant or other Male Person, Carriage, Horse, Mare, Gelding or Dog, kept, used, or employed by him or her as aforesaid, and every such Assessment or Charge so made upon any such Neglect or Refusal, shall be valid and conclusive upon the Person thereby charged, who shall not be at Liberty to controvert the same, unless such Person shall be able to give due Proof on Oath, or if a Quaker on an Affirmation, that he was not at his or her Dwelling House or Place of Abode at the time of the Delivery of such Notice, nor between that Day and the time limited for delivering such List or Account as aforesaid unless such Person shall allege and prove such other Excuse for having delivered in his or her List or Account, as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them shall in their Judgment think reasonable and sufficient: Provided always, that no such Excuse shall be admitted to be alleged or proved until the Person alleging the same shall have delivered his List or Account as is required by this Act.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person upon whom any such Notice shall be served to return a List or Account of Male Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings, Carriages and Dogs, or of any of them, shall not on the Sixth Day of January preceding the Service of such Notice, if he had, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage or any Dog, or shall not, between that Day and the time of the Service of such Notice, have had, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare, Gelding, or any Carriage, or any Dog, every such Person shall nevertheless make and deliver a Declaration in Writing, subscribed by such Person, setting forth that such Person had not, on the Sixth Day of January preceding the Service of such Notice, kept, retained, used or employed any Male Servant or other Male Person, or any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage, or any Dog; and if any such Person shall neglect or refuse to make and deliver such Declaration within Fourteen Days after the Service of such Notice, every such Person shall, for such Neglect or Omission, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and lawfully be the Duty of every Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid to surcharge any Person with the Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act granted or any of them, beyond the Rates, Duties and Taxes or any of them, with which such Person shall have been previously charged; and such Officer or other Person shall give or cause to be given to the Party surcharged a Notice of such Surcharge, by signing or causing such Notice to be left at the usual Place of Abode of such Party, in the District where such Surcharge shall be made: and such Notice to be signed by such Officer or other Person

shall have made such Surcharge, and to contain the Particulars of such Surcharge and the Amount thereof; and every such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid is hereby empowered to make any such Surcharge at any time during the Year, for the whole of such Year; and if any Person shall think himself or herself respectively aggrieved or overcharged by any such Surcharge, it shall and may be lawful for the Party so surcharged respectively forthwith to make his or her Complaint to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to enquire into the matter of such Complaint, by ordering the same to be investigated by and before such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons, as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall for that Purpose appoint, and such Officer or Officers and other Person or Persons so appointed, are hereby authorized and required to hear such Complaint, and to examine upon Oath as well the Party so complaining as the Officer or other Person who shall have made such Surcharge; and also all such Witnesses as shall be produced by either of the said Parties thereupon, or upon other due Proof, to report to the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, whether such Officer or Officers or other Person or Persons so making such Enquiry are of Opinion that the Party complaining ought to be relieved or not; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to make such Order in the matter as shall appear to them to be just and reasonable; and every such Surcharge, or so much thereof as shall be confirmed by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall stand good and remain Part of the annual Charge and Assessment against the Party so complaining, who shall pay the Amount so confirmed within One Calendar Month after the Confirmation of the same; and if upon the Investigation of such Complaint it shall appear that the Person so complaining is or ought to be further charged to any Amount beyond the Amount contained in such Surcharge, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, to order and direct that such Person shall be further surcharged with and in respect of the matter or thing or the Amount of the Sum omitted, and the Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall charge the same against such Person, who shall pay the Amount within One Calendar Month next after such further Surcharge shall be made; and if any such Person shall make Default of such Payment of any such Surcharge or further Surcharge respectively, every such Person so making Default shall and may be proceeded against in the like manner in every respect and for the like Penalties, as if such Surcharge or further Surcharge respectively, as the case may be, had been the original Charge against such Person, and unpaid by him or her.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Person or Persons required to make or deliver any List or Account under the Provisions of this Act, and claiming to be within any of the Exemptions allowed by Law from any of the said Rates and Taxes, or claiming to be entitled to any Abatement of the same, shall make a due Return thereof, and declare the Cause or Grounds of such Exemption or Abatement, such Declaration to be specified in or annexed to the List or Account to be by such Person or Persons delivered; and if any Dispute or Difference shall in any Instance arise whether the

And Persons aggrieved may complain to the Commissioners.

Examination on Oath.

Commissioners may make Order,

and may direct Surcharge.

Default of Payment.

Proceedings.

Grounds of Exemption from Duty to be declared.

Person or Persons be entitled to such Exemption or Abatement, the Proof thereof, and of the Circumstance of such Exemption or Abatement, shall lie on the Person claiming such Exemption or Abatement, and not on the Officer charging or assessing such Rates and Taxes.

Errors in Charge of Duty may be rectified if Application be made within 12 Months.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in case any Error shall be discovered in any Charge against any Person by a Duty, or a greater Amount of Duty, being charged against such Person, than ought to have been charged, it shall and may be lawful for such Person, within Twelve Calendar Months after the time when such Rates, Duties or Taxes had been or shall have been charged against and ought to have been paid pursuant to such Charge by such Person, and not afterwards, to make his or her Complaint before the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, who are hereby authorized and required to examine into the matter of such Complaint, and upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction, to relieve the Party so complaining of such or so much of such Rates, Duties and Taxes as shall appear to have been unduly charged or overcharged; and if such Rates and Taxes shall have been paid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners to repay the same, or such Part thereof as shall appear to have been unduly charged, or to have been overcharged.

Coachmakers to enter in a Book the Number and Description of Carriages made by them, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall from time to time enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose, by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, the Number and kind of Carriages by him or her built and constructed for Sale; and also the Number and kind of Carriages which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall part with, sell or dispose of at Second Hand on his or her own Account, whether the same shall have been repaired or altered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and also of the Number and kind of Carriages kept by him or her for Sale, although the same may not have been built by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each and if with less than Four Wheels, whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses, and the Number sold, and the Names and Places of Abode of the Persons to whom sold, parted with or disposed of respectively, and the particular Day on which each Carriage was delivered or sent out of the Shop or Warehouse, Yard or other Place of such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages; and every Person selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission shall keep a like Book, and in like manner enter in the same the Number and kinds of Carriages kept for Sale, and sold by such Person, distinguishing the Number of Wheels of each, and the Days on which such Carriages were sold, and to whom they were sold respectively; and every Livery Stable Keeper or other Person receiving any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or any Carriage to stand at Livery, shall also from time to time enter in a Book an Account of every Carriage or Horse so standing at Livery, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person by or on whose behalf such Carriage or Horse had been so sent or delivered, and the time of the sending of the same respectively; all which Books shall at all reasonable times in the Daytime be open to the Inspection of any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid shall have power to enter

Persons selling Carriages by Auction, &c. to keep an Account:

Livery Stable Keepers also to keep an Account:

Which Accounts may be inspected.

into

into the House, Manufactory, Work Shop, Stables and other Buildings and Places of every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages and other Persons respectively as aforesaid, and take an Account of all Carriages there, and of all Horses so at Livery as aforesaid, and to satisfy himself of the Truth of such Entries in any such Books respectively; and every Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages and other Person hereby required to keep such Account respectively, shall monthly (that is to say) within Twenty one Days next after the Fifth Day of each and every Month in each and every Year, deliver to the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of the District in which such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person respectively, shall carry on his or her Business, or to such other Officer or Person as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall direct and appoint to receive the same, deliver a true Copy in Writing of all and every Entry made in such Book or Books respectively within the Month ending on such Fifth Day of the Month, containing the matters and things before directed; and when required so to do by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any One of them, or by the Collector of Excise or other Officer in Charge of the Collection of such District, every such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person, or his or her Chief Servant, Workman or Manager shall make Oath, or being a Quaker an Affirmation, of the Truth of such Account according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, and every such Copy of the Account to be delivered by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, express the Name and Names of every Person required to be entered in such Account, and the Place or Places of his, her or their usual Residence; and if any such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall neglect to keep such Account or to deliver such Copy thereof, or shall wilfully omit any Description which ought to be contained therein, or shall refuse to admit any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, into the House, Manufactory, Workshop, Stable or other Buildings or Place of or used by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person, at a reasonable Hour in the Daytime, for the Purposes aforesaid, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Copy of Accounts of Coachmakers, &c. to be delivered monthly to the Collector of the District.

Oath or Affirmation of Truth of Account.

Coachmaker neglecting to keep Account, &c.

Penalty.

Duties payable by Coachmakers, &c. to be collected by the proper Officer.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Collector of Excise of the District or other Officer in charge of the Collection thereof, or other Officer or Person who shall be directed or appointed as aforesaid to receive such Account; to whom such Account as aforesaid shall be delivered by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Person selling Carriages as aforesaid, shall forthwith transmit to the several Officers or other Persons authorized as aforesaid within his District, an Account of all such Duties as shall be due from any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Persons selling Carriages within the Walk of such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, who is hereby respectively empowered and required to demand, receive and collect the said Duties accordingly, in such manner and with such Power and Authorities to all Intents and Purposes as any other Rates, Duties or Taxes under this Act

may be demanded, received and collected under or by virtue of this Act.

Permit for the Conveyance of Carriage from House of the Coachmaker, &c. to be obtained.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage shall be sold or disposed of by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages by Auction or on Commission, such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or Seller shall, before such Carriage shall be sent out of or from his or her Shop, Warehouse or Concerns, apply to the proper Officer of Excise in the District, by delivering or causing to be delivered a Request Note or Requisition in Writing duly stamped according to Law, for a Permit to Convey such Carriage to the Person to whom the same shall have been parted with, sold or disposed of by such Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages; and such Officer shall forthwith without Delay grant such Permit accordingly without Fee or Reward, stating the nature or kind and Description of the Carriage, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, and of the Person to whom the same is to be conveyed; and if any Carriage so sold or disposed of shall be removed out of or from the Shop, Warehouse or Concern of any such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages, without such Permit duly obtained as aforesaid, such Coachmaker, Maker of Carriages or Seller of Carriages shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Removing without Permit.

Penalty.

Carriages imported to be properly described in the Entry.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Carriage which by this Act is or by any other hereafter to be in force in *Ireland* shall be liable to any Rate, Duty or Tax, under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, shall be imported into *Ireland*, the Entry which shall be made of such Carriage at the Port of Importation shall contain the Description of such Carriage, distinguishing the Number of Wheels, and if with less than Four Wheels whether constructed to be drawn by Two Horses or otherwise, so as to ascertain the said Rate, Duty or Tax payable in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, and also the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person on whose Account such Carriage was imported, and a Copy of such Entry shall forthwith without Delay be sent and delivered by the Officer of the Customs making such Entry to the proper Officer of Excise in such Port of Entry, and such Officer of Excise shall forthwith and without Delay and upon Demand grant a Permit for conveying the same from the Custom House or Place of Entry to the Residence of the Owner thereof, or to such Place as such Owner or some Person on his behalf shall require and direct; and if any such Carriage so imported shall be found without such Permit after the same shall have been removed from the Custom House or Place of Entry, and before it shall have been placed in the Custody of the Owner thereof, or according to his Order or Direction, such Carriage may be seized by any Officer of Excise or Taxes, and shall be forfeited, unless the Sum of Twenty Pounds shall within Twenty one Days next after such Seizure thereof be paid for the same to the Collector of Excise for the District in which the same shall be so seized as aforesaid; One Moiety thereof for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize such Carriage.

Copy of Entry sent to the Customs.

Such Carriage found removing without Permit.

Seizure or Payment of 20l.

XXIX. And

And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall refuse to declare his or her Name and Surname and Addition and Residence, being required so to do by any Owner as aforesaid, any House, in the whole or in Part let to Lodgers, or by Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or by any Seller of Carriages, or by any Livery Stable Keeper, for the Purpose of enabling any Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or Seller of Carriages, or Livery Stable Keeper respectively, to deliver the Lists, Accounts, and to make the Entries which such Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper is by this Act respectively required to deliver and if any Person shall give or declare to any such Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, any false or fictitious Name, Surname, Addition or Place of Residence, every such Person so offending shall for each offence in any of the cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds to be paid to the Owner, Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, Seller of Carriages or Livery Stable Keeper, by whom such Person shall have been required to give and declare his or her Name, Addition and Place of Abode, every such Penalty never to be subject to the same Powers of Mitigation and Reduction as other Penalties in this Act are made subject to.

Lodgers refusing to their N Residen

or give false R

Penalty

Mitiga

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the several Notices by this Act required to be given in respect of the Rates, Duties and Taxes mentioned in this Act, or any of them, and the several Lists, Accounts or Returns to be delivered pursuant to such Notices, and the several Books and Accounts by this Act required to be kept, and the Entries to be made therein, and also the Receipts to be given and delivered by the Officer to the Person paying the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, on such Officer receiving the same, shall and may be in such respective Form or Forms as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any Three of them, may from time to time order, direct and appoint; and it shall be necessary to prove on the Trial of any Complaint or Information touching the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, the particular Order, Direction or Appointment of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, for or of any such Form or Forms respectively; and if any Person who is by this Act required to keep such Book or Books, shall neglect or refuse to keep such Book or Books in such Form or Forms as shall be so ordered, appointed or directed, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Notices and Ac &c. to Form a mission direct.

Not ne prove f rection

Refusin keep B

Penalty

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Stamp Duty on Receipts given by virtue of this Act, whether including the Stamp Duty on Houses not chargeable with any Duty in respect of Windows, or the Duty on Dogs or not, shall be paid by the Party charged with the Rate, Duty and Tax in such Receipt specified, and according to the full Amount of such Receipt, any thing in any Act for the Collection and Management of Stamp Duties payable on Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Receipts and Game Certificates in Ireland, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Stamp receipts to by the charged Duty.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Person is or shall be by Law chargeable for the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, or Stoves or Windows

Duties Hearth Windows paid by charges or

Their Goods, wherever found, and Goods on the Premises liable.

or-Lights, such Person shall pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes on Demand of the proper Officer, made either at the House in respect of which such Rates, Duties and Taxes are chargeable, or at the Dwelling of the Person so chargeable, if the Person so chargeable shall not reside at the House in respect of which any such Rates, Duties or Taxes are chargeable; and all Goods and Chattels of Parties so chargeable, wherever the same shall be found, and all Goods and Chattels in the House or the Outhouses, Offices or Edifices adjoining unto appertaining, in respect whereof such Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be due, subject to the Limitation hereinbefore provided, shall be subject and liable to the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes; and in Default of Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, it shall be lawful for such Officer at any time between Sunrise and Sunset to make Entry into any or either of such Houses, or any Edifices appertaining thereto, and to levy all Sums due for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes in manner hereinafter provided with respect to the levying the other Rates, Duties and Taxes hereinbefore mentioned.

Duty on Carriages, &c. to be paid to Officer.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Officer who now is or shall hereafter be appointed by the Commissioners of Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them for that Purpose, shall and is hereby respectively authorized and empowered to charge, to collect, recover and receive the several Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages and on Coachmakers or Makers of Carriages, and on Sellers of Carriages, and on Male Servants or other Male Persons and Horses, Mares, Geldings and Dogs, and that every Person so chargeable with and liable to pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes respectively, or any of them, shall on Demand made at the House of such Person by any such Officer, pay to such Officer the several respective Rates, Duties and Taxes which such Person shall be liable to chargeable with and liable to, and which shall be then payable or in Arrear; and in case of Refusal or Default in Payment thereof on such Demand, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer at any time in the Daytime, with the Assistance of a Constable or other Peace Officer, or if no such Constable or other Peace Officer shall appear or attend, then without such Assistance, to make Entry into and upon the House, Office or other Premises of the Person chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, and to levy the same and all Arrears thereof by Distress and Sale of any Goods or Chattels of such Person; and in every such case the Distress so taken, to keep for the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of the Party so making Default of Payment; and if the said Party shall not within the said Four Days pay the respective Sums so due for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes and Arrears, and for the Costs and Charges of such Distress and keeping them, the said Distress shall be sold for Payment of the said Sums so due as aforesaid, restoring to the Party the Overplus (if any) of such Money as such Goods shall be sold for, over and above the Rates, Duties and Taxes, and Arrears thereof then due, together with the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges of taking such Distress, and the keeping and Sale thereof; which Costs and Charges shall in no case exceed One fourth Part of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, and Arrears so due.

Default.

Distress.

Costs of Distress, &c.

If Entrance not obtained, Officer may break open

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Officer shall be refused Admittance into any such House, Outhouse or Edifice,

Justice, or shall not on Demand of Entrance by knocking or otherwise obtain Admittance into the same, or if no Person shall attend or appear at such House, Outhouse or Edifice to give Entrance, or from whom such Officer can make demand of Entrance, then in every such case it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Collector of Excise, if any Inspector of Taxes of the District in which such House, Outhouse or Edifice shall be situate, to break open and enter in the time any such House, Outhouse or Edifice, in the Presence of a Justice or other Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, and to levy the several Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, which shall be then due, and the arrears thereof, by Distress and Sale in manner before mentioned.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Goods or Chattels whatsoever belonging to any Person or Persons at any time when any of the said Rates, Duties or Taxes charged on or assessed upon such Person or Persons may become in Arrear, shall be liable to be taken in virtue of any Execution or other Process, Warrant or Authority, by virtue of any Assignment on any Account or Pretence whatever, unless the Party at whose Suit the said Execution or other Process shall be sued out, or Seizure made, or to whom such Assignment shall be made, shall, before the Sale or Removal of such Goods or Chattels, pay the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or cause the same to be paid to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District in which such Goods or Chattels shall be seized, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District; and all Arrears of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, not exceeding One Year's Arrears beyond the Duties which shall be payable for the Year in which such Seizure shall be made; and the said Party at whose Instance such Seizure shall have been made, paying the said Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection as aforesaid, the Arrears due of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes for one whole Year, and for the Year in which such Seizure shall be made, may proceed in such Seizure as such Party might have done if no Rates, Duties or Taxes had been so due and in Arrear; but in case of Nonpayment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, the said Collector, or other Officer in charge of the Collection as aforesaid, is hereby authorized and required to distrain such Goods and Chattels, notwithstanding such Seizure or Assignment, and to proceed to the Sale thereof, according to the Provisions of this Act, in order to obtain Payment of all Arrears of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes then due and payable, together with the necessary and reasonable Costs and Charges attending the Distress, Keeping and Sale of such Goods and Chattels; and every such Collector or other Officer so doing shall be indemnified in virtue of this Act.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That where any Person or Persons chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be under the Age of Twenty one Years, or where any Person so chargeable shall die, in every such case the Parent or Guardian or Guardians of such Minor having Monies or Property of such Minor whereout such Rates, Duties or Taxes may be paid, and the Executor or Executors, or Administrator or Administrators of the Person or Persons so dying, having received Assets sufficient for the Purpose, shall be and is and are hereby made liable to and charged

House, having a Warrant from the Collector of the District.

Distress.

No Goods taken in Execution shall be sold or taken away until Duty in Arrear paid.

Officer indemnified.

Guardians and Executors liable to Duties having Assets in their Hands.

Allowed in
Account.

Duties levied for
the Year; but
Quarterly or
Half Yearly In-
stalments may be
appointed by the
Commissioners
in some Dis-
tricts.

When Commis-
sioners deem it
expedient they
may require
Persons to pay
Duties to Col-
lector of District
at such Places
and by such In-
stalments as shall
be specified in
the Dublin
Gazette.

with the Payments which the said Minor ought to have made the Person so dying was chargeable with for or on account of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and if such Person or Guardian or Guardians, Executor or Executors, Administrators or Administratrix shall neglect or refuse to pay as aforesaid, it shall be lawful to proceed against him, her or them in like manner against any other Person or Persons making Default in Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; and every Parent or Guardian making Payment as aforesaid, shall be allowed therefor in his, her or their Accounts, and every Executor and Administrator shall be allowed to deduct all such Payments out of the Assets of the Person so dying.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be charged for and assessed and levied for the whole Year, commencing the Sixth Day of *January* in each Year and ending on the Fifth Day of *January* then next following: Provided always, that the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be payable and receivable by Quarterly or Half Yearly Instalments in such Districts or Places only as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, shall for that Purpose from time to time direct and appoint, subject to such Orders, Regulations and Directions with respect thereto, and to the taking levying and collecting of the same, as the said Commissioners any Three of them, shall from time to time think fit to make and appoint.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall deem it expedient to authorize and empower all or any Person or Persons to pay to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, in such Places as the said Commissioners shall think fit, the Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any Part thereof, which such Person or Persons shall be chargeable with and liable to pay, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners so to do, and for that Purpose the said Commissioners shall cause Notice to be given under their Hands, or under the Hands of any Three of them, by Publication in the *Dublin Gazette*, that it has been deemed expedient by them to allow the said Rates, Duties and Taxes to be paid to and received by such Collector, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, in such Places as shall be therein specified; and from and after the time that such Notice shall have been given in the *Dublin Gazette* as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Person within the Place or Places so specified to pay to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Person shall reside, the several Rates, Duties and Taxes with which such Person shall be chargeable, or any Instalment thereof, in the Year in which such Notice shall be given; and the Receipt of such Collector or other Officer shall be a sufficient Discharge to such Person for the Rates, Duties or Taxes which he or she shall have so paid, and upon Proof made to the Collector of the Taxes of such Payment, by Production of the Receipt, signed by the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid, to whom such Payment shall have been made, or other sufficient Proof thereof, such Taxes which shall have been paid shall not be levied by the Collector of the Taxes.

XXXIX. A

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person chargeable with and liable to pay any of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them respectively, shall not pay the same to the Officer empowered to collect the same, within One Calendar Month after Notice, in the Name of such Officer, shall have been given to such Person, or left at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, requiring him or her to pay such Rates, Duties or Taxes, every such Person shall for every Neglect or Default forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to double the Amount of the Rates, Duties or Taxes which shall be then due and owing by such Person.

Not paying
Duties within
One Month
after Notice.

Penalty.

XL. And be it further enacted, That any Notice which shall be given or served by any Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, under the Provisions of this Act, shall not be impeached or affected by Reason of any Mistake or Variance in the Christian Name or Surname, or either of them, of any Person liable or chargeable with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or in the Amount of the Rate, Duty or Tax, but that every such Notice shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any such Mistake or Variance, provided that the Person intended to be described shall really be liable to the said Rate, Duty and Tax, or the Rate, Duty or Tax intended to be described shall be chargeable on such Person.

Mistake in
Name not to in-
validate Notice.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, from time to time, as often as they shall think expedient, to call before them any and every Collector and Collectors of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, and to examine him or them upon Oath, or if a Quaker, on solemn Affirmation; and to ascertain the Sum or Sums of Money that shall have been collected and paid to such Collector or Collectors for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes; and also to ascertain the Sum or Sums in Arrear, and the Cause or Causes thereof; and also upon Oath or Affirmation to examine the said Collector or Collectors touching the due Payment over of any Sum or Sums previously collected by him or them, and with respect to the Sum or Sums remaining in the Hand or Hands of such Collector or Collectors, and to make such Order in the Premises as the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, shall judge necessary to prevent any Failure in the Payment of any Part of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

Commissioners
may examine
Collectors on
Oath or Affir-
mation as to the
State of their
Accounts.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That in every case where any Officer or Person appointed to collect the Rates, Duties and Taxes aforesaid, shall not within Ten Days after Demand in Writing signed by any Commissioner of Inland Excise and Taxes served on such Officer or other Person or left at his usual Place of Abode, whether he be then in Commission as a Tax Officer or not, return a full and distinct Account of his Collection of the said several Rates, Duties and Taxes, specifying such as he may have omitted to collect, (if any such there be,) then and in such case the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Places and Stoves, Windows and Lights, Carriages, Servants or other Male Persons, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs, in the Walk, or Parish or Parishes (as the case may be) wherein such Officer shall have been appointed to collect, shall for such Year for which he shall so fail to deliver such Account be

Officer neglect-
ing for Ten
Days to return
an Account of
his Collection,
shall be charged
with Amount of
Duty in the
next or other
preceding Year.

be deemed equal to the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Place Stoves, and Windows and Lights, Carriages, Servants, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs charged in such Walk, or Parish or Parishes, for the Year next preceding, or any other of the last Years, at the Discretion of the said Commissioners, and such Officer or other Person shall be charged with such Rates, Duties and Taxes, payable in the Year for which Account shall not have been returned would have amounted in respect of the Number of Fire Hearths, Fire Places, or Windows or Lights, Carriages, Servants, Horses, Mares, Geldings or Dogs respectively appearing to have been charged in such Parish or Parishes, in such next or other preceding Year, and Officer or other Person shall be liable to and shall pay the same, his Sureties shall be answerable therefore, to the Extent of the Bond or other Security, which such Sureties have entered or shall enter into.

Sureties answerable.

Officer making false Entries.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Person appointed to assess, charge, levy or collect the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall with Intent to defraud His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, make any false or untrue Entry in any Abstract, Ledger or other Book containing the Survey or Collection of his Walk, Division or District, or shall with Intent omit to make an Entry or Entries in any such Abstract, Ledger or Book respectively, or shall give or grant any false or untrue Receipt for the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or shall make any false or untrue Entry in any Duplicate or Triplicate of any such Receipt given or granted by him, or if such Officer or other Person shall knowingly permit or suffer any Officer or Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, for each and every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Inspector, &c. may require Production of last Receipt given for Duty.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector or Supervisor or Collector of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to require any Person charged with the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to produce to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, the last Receipt produced or given to such Person by any Collector of such Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, for and on account of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or such of them as such Person was charged with and liable to pay; and if on Demand made by such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, such Receipt shall not be produced and delivered to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, to be retained by him for such time as shall be sufficient to enable such Officer to take a Copy of the said Receipt, then it shall and may be lawful for such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, and they are hereby respectively required to leave a Notice at the usual Place of Abode of such Person, setting forth that such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector will attend at such usual Place of Abode of such Person, at a certain Day and Hour to be specified in such Notice, and requiring him or her to produce or cause to be produced such Receipt to such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector at the Day and Hour mentioned in such Notice; and if such Person shall not produce such Receipt to such Inspector, Sup

Not producing it after Notice.

visor or Collector, on his attending for that Purpose at the time specified in such Notice, then such Person shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Ten Pounds, unless he or she shall at such time make Oath before such Inspector, Supervisor or Collector, which Oath such Officers are hereby respectively authorized and required to administer without Fee or Reward, that he or she used due Diligence to find or procure the said Receipt, and that he or she hath not been able to find or procure the same.

Penalty.

XLV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Inspector of Taxes, or any other Officer or Officers, who now is or hereafter shall be appointed by or under the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* to collect or superintend the Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, to demand and require from any Person who shall use or keep any Dog, Gun, Net or other Engine for the taking or Destruction of Game, to produce and shew to such Officer the proper Certificate to such Person for Liberty to kill Game, and every such Person shall, upon such Demand and Requisition as aforesaid, produce such Certificate to the Officer so demanding and requiring the same, and shall permit the same to be inspected accordingly; and if any such Person shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce and shew a Certificate in force, issued to him for the Purpose aforesaid, or shall decline to produce or shew the same, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Game Certificate to be produced when required.

Penalty.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take or make any Affidavit or any Oath, or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely therein, every such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in *Ireland*; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or suborn any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Affidavit, Oath or Affirmation, such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or suborning, shall for every such Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities, as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in *Ireland*.

Persons swearing falsely.

Perjury.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That where any Fine or Penalty shall be incurred for any Offence under the Provisions of this Act, or any other Act or Acts, which shall or may from time to time be in force in *Ireland*, in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, the same may be sued for and recovered by any Person who will sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of the Courts of Record in *Dublin*, in which no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more than One Impar lance shall be allowed, or by Civil Bill in the Court of the Recorder, Chairman or Assitant Barrister, within whose local Jurisdiction such Offence shall have been committed; and it shall be lawful for the Court in which any such Fine or Penalty shall be awarded to order the Offender to be committed to Gaol in case of Nonpayment thereof, there to remain until such Fine or Penalty be fully paid and satisfied.

Penalties how recovered.

Nonpayment of Penalties, Imprisonment.

XLVIII. And

Penalties not exceeding 40l. may be recovered before a Justice.

Oath of One Witness.

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

Costs.

Notice of Appeal.

Examination of Witnesses on Oath.

Costs of Appeal.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and lawful for any Justice of the Peace in *Ireland*, within whose jurisdiction any Offence, for which the Penalty shall not exceed Pounds, shall be committed against this Act, or any other Acts in force, or which shall at any time be in force in *Ireland* in anywise to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, and every such Justice hereby authorized, empowered and required, upon Informa Complaint in Writing made in that behalf within Six Months after the Offence committed, in such case to summon the Party accused of such Offence, and also the Witnesses, if any, on either Side to examine into the Fact, and upon Proof thereof made to his Satisfaction, either by the Confession of the Party or Person accused of such Offence, or by the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized to administer, to give Judgment for such Penalty, and thereupon to issue his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for levying such Penalty on the Goods and Chattels of such Offender, and to cause Sale to be made thereof in case the same shall not be redeemed within Six Days, rendered to the Party the Overplus (if any); and where Goods or Chattels sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, such Justice may cause the Peace, or any other Justice of the Peace of the same County or County of a City or Town in which such Conviction shall be made, hereby authorized and empowered to commit such Offender to Prison until such Penalty shall be paid; and if any Person, whether Prosecutor or Party convicted, shall find himself aggrieved by the Judgment of any such Justice of the Peace, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Person (if the Person so appealing shall be the Person convicted), upon giving sufficient Security by Recognizance with Two sufficient Sureties before such Justice, to pay the Amount of the Penalty imposed by such Justice as aforesaid, together with Costs not exceeding Forty Shillings, as such Justice shall appoint, to appeal to the Justices at the next General Quarter Sessions of the County, County of a Town or City, as the case may be, which shall be held within fourteen clear Days from the Day on which such Conviction shall have been made, in the District in which such Offence shall have been committed, if such County shall be divided into Districts, or if not divided, then at the General Sessions of the County, or County of a Town or City, which shall happen next after Fourteen clear Days after such Conviction shall have been made, of which Appeal Notice in Writing shall be given to the adverse Party, Ten clear Days previous to the first Day of such Quarter Sessions respectively; and such Justices at such Sessions shall summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and finally hear and determine such Appeal, and in case the Judgment of such Justice shall be affirmed, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, to award the Person or Persons so appealing to pay such Costs to the Prosecutor occasioned by such Appeal, as to him or them shall seem meet, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Forty Shillings; and such Justice or Justices of the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall and may thereupon proceed in the same manner in all respects, as the Justice making such Conviction might or could have done if such Appeal had not been taken place.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That no Conviction made or ~~leged~~ to be made by any Justice, or before any Justices of the Peace in the Quarter Sessions, nor any Sentence or Order given or made, ~~judged~~ to have been given or made by any such Justice or Justice or by virtue of this Act, shall be removed by Writ of Habeas Corpus out of the County, City, Town or Place wherein such Conviction or Proceeding shall have been had or made, and that no Writ of Certiorari shall supersede Execution or other Proceedings in any Conviction, Order or Sentence made or given in pursuance of this Act, but that Execution and other Proceedings shall be had and made thereupon; any such Writ of Certiorari or Allowance notwithstanding.

Convictions nec removed by Certiorari.

L. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be necessary in any Proceeding for the Recovery of any Penalty under this Act, or for any Act or Acts in force from time to time, for the Payment of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or for regulating any such Rates, Duties or Taxes, or any of them, or the Collection thereof, whether the same shall be by Action of Debt, Bill, Plea or Information, or by Civil Bill, or by any Proceeding before Magistrate or Magistrates, or on any Writ of Error or Appeal in any Decision, that the Original or any other Process or Summons, or any Notice or Order whatsoever should be personally served on the Defendant or Defendants, or any of them; but it shall in all such Cases be sufficient, that the same or a Copy thereof be served or ~~made~~, as the case may be, at his, her or their then Place or Places of Abode.

Personal Service of Process not necessary.

LI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall be summoned as a Witness or Witnesses to give Evidence in any case under this Act before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Justice or Justices at the Sessions, and shall neglect or refuse to appear, the Expence of such Witness or Witnesses, if he, she or they shall be required to go to a greater Distance than Five Miles from Home, being first paid or tendered without a reasonable Excuse to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices respectively, or upon appearing shall refuse to be examined upon Oath, or to give Evidence before such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, and shall not make reasonable Excuse for such Refusal, to be allowed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Justice or Justices at Sessions respectively, then such Person or Persons shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Witnesses neglecting their Duty.

LII. And be it further enacted, That on any Trial or other Proceeding for Recovery of any Penalty under this Act or under any Act relating to the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, any Informer or other Person who in the Event of a Conviction would be entitled to the Penalty to be recovered thereon, or to any Part, Share or Proportion thereof, or to any Fee, Profit, Reward or Emolument whatsoever, shall nevertheless be received, and admitted as a Witness on such Trial or other Proceeding, and such Testimony shall, if believed, be sufficient thereon, to all Intents and Purposes, so far as the same Testimony could be if given by any indifferent Person.

Refusing to be examined.

Penalty.

Informers admitted Witnesses.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Justice of the Peace before whom any Offender shall be convicted of any of the Offences aforesaid, or of any Offence against any Act in anywise relating to the

Convictions to be made in the following

the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, I and Taxes, or of any of them, shall cause the said Conviction made out in manner and Form following, or in any other Form Words to the like Effect, *mutatis mutandis*; which Conviction be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes without further the Evidence or stating the case in any more particular manner (that is to say),

Form. ' BE it remembered, That on the Day of
 ' in the Year of our Lord
 ' A. O. of in the County of
 ' County of the City or Town of [as the case
 ' be], was convicted before me I. P. One of His Majesty's Justices
 ' of the Peace for the said County of
 ' County of the City of, &c.] for that the said A. O. on the
 ' Day of in the Year
 ' in the said County of did [as
 ' state the Offence] contrary to the Statute in that case made and pro-
 ' vided; and I do therefore adjudge the said A. O. to have forfeited
 ' the Sum of British Currency, making the Sum
 ' of Irish Currency. Given under my Hand
 ' Seal the Day of

Conviction to be written and returned by Justice.

Which Conviction the said Justice shall cause to be written upon Parchment, and returned within Ten Days from the Day of such Conviction to the Clerk of the Peace for the County, County of a City, or County of a Town (as the case may be) in that Place where such Conviction was made, to be filed by him, and remain and to be kept among the Records of the same County or Place; and if any such Justice shall neglect or omit so to do, he shall for every such Offence forfeit Ten Pounds.

Penalty. Warrant of Distress to be in the following

LIV. And be it further enacted, That any Warrant so to be issued by any such Justice of the Peace for levying any Sum upon any such Conviction, from the Goods of any such Offender, shall be in the Form following, or in some other Form of Words to the like Effect; which Form shall be good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; (that is to say),

Form. County of } ' To M. and N., and each of them, and their
 to wit. } ' each of their Assitants.

' WHEREAS on the Day of
 ' in the Year A. O.
 ' was duly convicted, for that he [or she]
 ' the Day of in the Year
 ' at in the said County of
 ' or County of the City or Town of [as the case
 ' may be] did [here state the Offence], and thereupon the said A. O.
 ' hath become liable to a fine or Penalty of
 ' British Currency, (amounting to Irish Cur-
 ' rency); I do therefore by these Presents authorize you, and each
 ' of you, to take into your Possession the Goods and Chattels of the
 ' said A. O., or a Sufficiency thereof, for levying the Sum last men-
 ' tioned thereout, wherever you shall find the said Goods and Chat-
 ' tels in the County aforesaid; and if the said Goods and Chattels
 ' shall not be redeemed by the Payment of the said Sum, within
 ' Day

‘ Days from the Day of taking the same, you are, by Public Sale thereof, to levy the said Sum, rendering to the said A. O. the Overplus (if any); and the said Sum so levied you shall bring to me without Delay, to be disposed of according to Law. Given under my Hand and Seal this Day of One thousand eight hundred and

And if Goods sufficient cannot be found to answer such Penalty, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing such Offender or Offenders, in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, to the Words, ‘ I do therefore by these Presents;’ which Words, and all from thence to the Words ‘ disposed of according to Law’ inclusive, shall be omitted, and the Form following, or some other Form of Words to that or the like Effect shall be inserted in their Place; (to wit),— ‘ And whereas on the Day of a Warrant was issued to levy the last mentioned Sum from the Goods and Chattels of the said Offender, and such Goods and Chattels could not be found sufficient to answer the said Sum; I do therefore hereby authorize and command you and each of you to take the Body of the said A. O. wheresoever you shall find him in the said County, and bring him before me the said I. P., or any other Magistrate for the said County :’

If not sufficient Goods, Warrant for Committal.

And the Form of Committal for committing any such Offender to Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that the Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler; and that from and after the Words, ‘ I do therefore hereby authorize and command you,’ there shall follow these Words, ‘ to receive into your Custody the Body of the said A. O., and him [or her] safely to keep until the said Sum shall be paid. Given under my Hand and Seal this Day of One thousand eight hundred and

Form of Committal.

And each and every of the said Forms, or any Form of Words to the like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in the Law to all Intents and Purposes.

Good in Law.

LV. And be it further enacted, That if any such Conviction as aforesaid shall be affirmed at the Sessions, the Warrant or Warrants, Committal or Committals, for carrying the same into Execution, shall be granted by the Justice or Justices so affirming the same, or any of them, and shall be in the Forms here following respectively, or some other Form of Words of the same Import respectively;

Warrant of Committal to be in the following

County of } ‘ To M. and N. and each of them, their and each of their Assistants.

Form.

‘ WHEREAS on the Day of in the Year One thousand eight hundred and A. O. was duly convicted before a Justice of the Peace for the said County, for that he [or she] on the Day of at in the said County, did [here state the Offence], and thereupon the said A. O. became liable to a Fine or Penalty of British Currency, making a Sum of Irish Currency: And whereas the said A. O. appealed from the said Conviction to the Sessions which hath affirmed the same with Costs, making together with the said

' former Adjudication the Sum of _____ ; these are the
 ' to authorize and command you and each of you to take into
 ' Possession the Goods and Chattels of the said *A. O.* or a
 ' ciency thereof, for levying the said last mentioned Sum the
 ' wherever you shall find the said Goods or Chattels in the C
 ' afore said ; and if the said Goods and Chattels shall not be red
 ' by the Payment of the said Sum within Four Days from the
 ' of taking the same, you are by public Sale thereof to le
 ' said Sum, rendering to the said *A. O.* the Overplus (if any) ;
 ' the said Sum so levied you shall bring to us, [or to One of us
 ' to me, *as the case may be*] without Delay, to be disposed of
 ' cording to Law. Given under our Hands and Seals [or unde
 ' Hand and Seal] this _____ Day of _____ .

If not sufficient
 Goods.
 Warrant of
 Committal.

And if Goods and Chattels sufficient cannot be found to as
 such Sum, a Warrant shall be thereupon issued for committing
 Offender in the same Form as the said Warrant last mentioned, to
 Words ' these are therefore to authorize and command you ' w
 Words, and all from thence to the Words ' disposed of accordi
 ' Law' inclusive, shall be omitted, and this Form following, or t
 other Form of Words to that or the like Effect, shall be inserte
 their Place ; to wit, — ' And Whereas on the

' of _____ a Warrant was issued to levy the said
 ' mentioned Sum from the Goods and Chattels of the said
 ' and such Goods and Chattels could not be found sufficient to
 ' swer the said Sum, we [or I] do therefore hereby authoriz
 ' command you and each of you to take the Body of the said
 ' wherefoever you shall find him in the said County, and bring h
 ' fore us [or me] :

Form of Com-
 mittal.

And the Form of Committal for committing any such Offend
 Prison shall follow the Form of such Warrant, save only that
 ' Direction thereof shall be to the proper Gaoler ; and that
 and after the Words We [or I] do therefore hereby authorize
 command you,' there shall follow these Words, ' to take into
 ' Custody the Body of the said *A. O.* and him or her safely to
 ' from the Date hereof until the said Sum shall be paid. Given
 ' our Hands and Seals, [or my Hand and Seal,] this
 ' of _____ :

Good in Law.

And each and every the said Forms, or any Form of Words t
 like Effect respectively, shall be good and valid in the Law to a
 tents and Purposes.

Copy of Con-
 viction furnis-
 hed to Collector,
 and by him
 transmitted to
 Commissioners.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That every Clerk of the I
 in *Ireland* shall within One Calendar Month after any such Convi
 shall have been returned to his Office, furnish to the Collect
 Excise, or other Officer in charge of the District in and for
 County in which such Conviction shall have been made, a Cop
 such Conviction signed by himself, for which he shall receive
 such Collector or other Officer in charge as afore said, the Sum of
 Shilling and no more ; and every such Collector or other Offi
 charge shall forthwith transmit such Copy so signed to the said
 missioners of Inland Excise and Taxes ; and if any such Clerk o
 Peace or Collector or other Officer in charge as afore said, sha
 glect or omit so to do respectively, every Person so offending sha
 every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That such Part, Share and Proportion as shall be payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, out of any Penalty or Fine payable or recoverable under any Act or Acts which shall in any ways relate to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall, unless otherwise particularly provided, within One Calendar Month after the same shall be levied or received, be paid by the Justice of the Peace by whom the same have been so levied or received, to the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Chief Officer in Charge of the District in which the Offence was committed; and if any such Justice of the Peace shall neglect or omit so to pay over the same, he shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

His Majesty's Share of Penalties to be paid over to the Collector of District.

Justice not paying same.

Penalty.

Justices neglecting their Duty.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer in Ireland, shall neglect or refuse any Instance to carry into Execution this Act, or any Act or Acts which is or shall be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, or any of the Provisions of any such Act or Acts, upon proper Application made to him, such Justice of the Peace, Magistrate or Peace Officer shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds for every such Neglect or Refusal.

Penalty.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, or any three of them, to abate, reduce or mitigate any Fine or Penalty which shall at any time be imposed under the Authority of this Act, or under any Act or Acts which shall from time to time be in force in Ireland, relating in anywise to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them; provided that every such Abatement, Reduction and Mitigation, shall be made under and subject to all such Rules and Regulation as by any Act or Acts now or hereafter to be in force in Ireland, any Fine or Penalty incurred for any Offence against any Act or Acts relating to the Revenue of Excise, shall or may be abated, reduced or mitigated.

Commissioners may mitigate Penalties.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines or Penalties which shall be incurred under this Act, or under any Act or Acts which is, are or shall be in force in Ireland, in anywise relating to the Payment, Regulation or Collection of the said Rates, Duties and Taxes, or any of them, shall be paid and payable and received and receivable in British Currency, and that every such Fine or Penalty not particularly directed to be otherwise applied, shall be paid and distributed, One Moiety thereof to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person suffering for the same.

Penalties paid in British Currency.

Application of Penalties.

LXI. And be it further enacted, That the several Rates, Duties and Taxes by this Act, and the several Schedules hereto annexed, made and made payable, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and that all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act, shall and may be sued for, and recovered, levied and applied in such Manner and Form and by such Ways and Means, and with such Officers and Authorities as are prescribed, directed and appointed in any Act of Parliament made in Ireland, in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of late His Majesty King Charles the

Duties, how levied.

24 & 25 Car. 2. (1.)

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impos His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, m and things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Cu and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully effectually, to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes, as if same were particularly mentioned and expressed and reenacted in Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Pa who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts now or hereafter to be in force in Ireland, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise provided.

Commencement of Act.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That this Act and all its Clauses and Provisions herein contained, shall be deemed and taken to have commenced and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Act may be altered, &c.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be amended, altered or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in present Sessions of Parliament.

SCHEDULES to which this Act refers.

SCHEDULE (A.)

FIRE HEARTHES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually for and out of every Dwelling House, in the which which, with every Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be Two or more Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January following the several and respective yearly Rates, Duties and Taxes following that is to say,

				DUTY.	
				Yearly Rate on the House, for the whole Number of Hearths.	Rates for Hearths
				£. s. d.	£. s.
In respect of	4	-	-	0 12 0	0 3
	5	-	-	0 17 6	0 3
	6	-	-	1 4 0	0 4
	7	-	-	1 11 6	0 4
	8	-	-	2 0 0	0 5
	9	-	-	2 9 6	0 5
	10	-	-	3 0 0	0 6
	11	-	-	3 11 6	0 6

Schedule (A.)—continued.

				DUTY.					
				Yearly Rate on the House for the whole Number of Hearths.			Rates for each Hearth.		
				£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
In respect of	12	-	-	4	4	0	0	7	0
	13	-	-	4	17	6	0	7	6
	14	-	-	5	12	0	0	8	0
	15	-	-	6	7	6	0	8	6
	16	-	-	7	4	0	0	9	0
	17	-	-	8	1	6	0	9	6
	18	-	-	9	0	0	0	10	0
	19	-	-	9	19	6	0	10	6
	20	-	-	11	0	0	0	11	0
	21	-	-	12	1	6	0	11	6
	22	-	-	13	4	0	0	12	0
	23	-	-	14	7	6	0	12	6
	24	-	-	15	12	0	0	13	0
	25	-	-	16	17	6	0	13	6
	26	-	-	18	4	0	0	14	0
	27	-	-	19	11	6	0	14	6
	28	-	-	21	0	0	0	15	0
And for and out of every Dwelling House in the whole of which, with every Outhouse, Office and Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be more than 28 Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, in respect of each and every Fire Hearth or Stove, or other Place for Firing, in such Dwelling House, Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall be paid the yearly Sum of				-	-	-	0	15	0

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

Every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House ; and all Hearths, Stoves or Places for Firing in such Outhouse, Office or Edifice shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Hearths in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

And in all cases where there shall be an internal Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other so as that the same shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, Inmates or Lodgers, the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Fire Hearths and Stoves or other Fire Places, shall be rated as if such Houses, with the Outhouses, Offices and Edifices belonging or appertaining

Schedule (A.)—*continued.*

pertaining to each of them were One House with such Out-houses or Edifices belonging thereto.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin, or any House within the City thereof, or any House or Tenement provided for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of the Kingdom of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office; and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been built on and held together with a Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure; and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Out-house or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves, or other Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect thereof from the time when such Dwelling House shall have been first occupied until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Six Years from the time of such first Occupation; provided that such Dwelling House shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm; and in case such House shall not be so occupied together with the same Dwelling House, with every Out-house, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, and the Occupier thereof, shall be chargeable with the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of such Hearths or Stoves, or other Firing Places therein respectively, and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which such Dwelling House shall cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thenceforward shall not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Where any newly built House, or Addition to an House, shall be used or inhabited in Part only, the Remainder thereof being used for Use or Habitation, the Fire Hearths therein to be charged on shall be for and in respect of the Parts thereof that shall be used or inhabited.

Any Oven or any fixed Boiler in any Dwelling House, Office, or Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, shall be exempted from the said Duty on Fire Hearths.

Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin, or within any City or Town, and containing Six Hearths, upwards, in which no Shop shall be kept for the Sale of any Goods or in which no Spirituous or other Liquors shall be sold, and which shall be wholly let for Lodgings, and occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger set to or occupied by one Person or Family, and such Lodging not consisting of more than One Room, shall not be charged with any higher Rate than Two Shillings for each Hearth or Fire Place therein.

Any House situate within the District of the Metropolis of Dublin or within any City or Town, and containing Eight Hearths or upwards, the greater Part of the Rooms in which shall be set to or occupied by Lodgers, each Lodger not subject to a Rent exceeding Five Pounds Yearly for such Lodging, and not being provided

Schedule (B.)—continued.

In respect of	31	-	-	-	-	20	9	1
	32	-	-	-	-	21	6	0
	33	-	-	-	-	22	3	0
	34	-	-	-	-	23	0	0
	35	-	-	-	-	23	16	0
	36	-	-	-	-	24	13	0
	37	-	-	-	-	25	10	0
	38	-	-	-	-	26	7	0
	39	-	-	-	-	27	4	0
	40 to 44	-	-	-	-	28	17	0
	45 to 49	-	-	-	-	31	13	0
	50 to 54	-	-	-	-	34	10	0
	55 to 59	-	-	-	-	37	6	0
	60 to 64	-	-	-	-	39	15	0
	65 to 69	-	-	-	-	42	0	0
	70 to 74	-	-	-	-	44	5	0
	75 to 79	-	-	-	-	46	10	0
	80 to 84	-	-	-	-	48	15	0
	85 to 89	-	-	-	-	51	0	0
	90 to 94	-	-	-	-	53	4	6
	95 to 99	-	-	-	-	55	9	6
	100 to 109	-	-	-	-	58	17	0
	110 to 119	-	-	-	-	63	6	6
	120 to 129	-	-	-	-	67	16	6
	130 to 139	-	-	-	-	72	6	0
	140 to 149	-	-	-	-	76	16	0
	150 to 159	-	-	-	-	81	5	6
	160 to 169	-	-	-	-	85	15	6
	170 to 179	-	-	-	-	90	5	0
	180 or upwards	-	-	-	-	93	2	6
And for every such Dwelling which shall contain more than 180 Windows or Lights, for every Window or Light exceeding the Number of 180		-	-	-	-	0	3	0

RULES for charging the said Rates, Duties and Taxes.

All Windows or Lights in such Dwelling House, with the Appurtenances as aforesaid, and Sky Lights or Windows or Lights in any Stair Case, Garret, Cellar and Passage in any Dwelling House or in any other Part or Place of or belonging to any Dwelling House, to what Use or Purpose soever applied, shall be reckoned and included in the Number of Windows or Lights, in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with Rate, Duty or Tax.

And every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining or belonging to any Dwelling House, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of such Dwelling House; and all Windows or Lights in such Outhouse, Office or Edifice, shall be reckoned and included in the

Schedule (B.) — *continued.*

Number of Windows respectively, in respect of which such Dwelling House shall be charged with the Rate, Duty or Tax.

In all cases where there shall be an internal Communication between any Two or more Houses adjoining each other, so as that the same shall be occupied by One Person, and his or her Family, Inmates, or Lodgers, the Rates, Duties and Taxes in respect of Windows or Lights shall be rated as if such Houses, with the Appurtenances as aforesaid to each, were One House.

When a Partition or Division in any Window or Light, or between Two or more Windows or Lights fixed in any One Frame, shall be of the Breadth or Space of Twelve Inches or more, the Window or Light on each Side of such Partition or Division shall be deemed as a distinct Window or Light, and shall be rated accordingly: Provided always, that every Window in a Frame, which is, or shall be extended into a greater Number of Rooms, Apartments, Landings or Lobbies than One, shall be reckoned and charged for so many separate Windows as there are Rooms, Apartments, Landings or Lobbies into which the same shall be extended.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

His Majesty's Castle of Dublin and any House within the Circuit thereof, and any House or Tenement for the Residence of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or of the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland, or of the Under Secretaries in his Office, and the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, shall be wholly exempt from the said Duties.

Any Warehouse being a distinct and separate Building, and not a Part or Parcel of the Dwelling House, nor Shop, nor occupied in Part nor in the whole as a Dwelling House, but employed solely for the Purpose of lodging Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or for carrying on some Manufacture or Trade, although the same may adjoin to or have internal Communication with the Dwelling House, shall be wholly exempted from the said Duties.

Any Dwelling House which after the Twenty seventh Day of May One thousand eight hundred and eight, and before the passing of this Act, shall have been built on and held together with any Farm in Ireland, containing not less than Ten Acres Irish Plantation Measure, and in the whole of which Dwelling House, with every Outhouse, Office or Edifice appertaining thereto, there shall not have been nor shall be more than Four Fire Hearths or Stoves or other Places for Firing, shall be exempted from any Duty in respect of Windows or Lights from the time when such Dwelling House shall have been first occupied, until the Fifth Day of January next after the End of Seven Years from the time of such first Occupation: Provided, that such Dwelling House shall have been and shall be occupied together with such Farm; and in case such House shall not be so occupied therewith, the said Dwelling House, with any Outhouse, Office or Edifice, appertaining thereto, and the Occupier thereof, shall be chargeable with Rates, Duties and Taxes, in respect of Windows or Lights therein respectively, on and from the Sixth Day of January in the Year in which such Dwelling House shall cease

Schedule (B.) — *continued.*

cease to be occupied with such Farm, and from thence forward not be entitled to any such Exemption.

Where any House or Addition to an House newly built is used or inhabited in part only, the Remainder thereof being for Use or Habitation, the Windows or Lights therein to be charged only for and in respect of the Parts thereof that shall be used or inhabited.

If in any House containing Eight Windows or more, any Rooms shall be occupied by any Lodger or Lodgers, not paying respectively a Rent exceeding Five Pounds Yearly for such Lodging and not being provided by the Person setting or letting such Lodging with Diet or other Accommodation, so much of the Tax on such House in respect of all the Windows or Lights therein, as shall in respect of the Windows or Lights in the Part of such House so occupied, exceed One Shilling for each Window or Light, shall be deducted from the whole Charge of such House.

Any Hospital, House provided for the Reception and Relief of Poor Persons, Charity School, Gaol, Prison, Sessions House, Halls Office or Public Building whatsoever in Ireland, shall not be charged in respect of Windows therein, otherwise than in manner hereinbefore mentioned; that is to say, all the Dwelling Rooms or Apartments in any such Public Building being occupied by any Officer, Madam, Mistress or Superintendant of or belonging to or employed by the same, or by any Servant of such Officer or Person as aforesaid; if all such Rooms or Apartments shall not contain more than Six Windows or Lights, shall be charged with the Tax in respect of such Windows at the Rate of One Shilling for each Window or Light therein; and if all such Rooms or Apartments shall contain more than Six Windows or Lights, then they shall be charged with the said Tax as if they were an entire House, and the Officers or Persons respectively by whom or by whose Servants such Rooms or Apartments are or shall be inhabited, shall be chargeable with and liable to pay the said Taxes as Occupiers of Houses are by Law chargeable with and liable to pay the same.

Where any Window in any Dwelling House shall be occupied with or used for a Loom which shall be standing at such Window and really used in Weaving, no Duty shall be charged in respect of such Window.

Any Dwelling House wholly occupied during the whole of the Year from the Fifth Day of January in such Year to the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, as a Boarding School for the Education of Children, and kept by a Person licensed to keep a School by the Ordinary of the Diocese, or the Justices at Sessions shall not be charged with any higher Rate of Tax than One Shilling for each Window or Light therein; provided that if the Tax shall have been paid according to the said Rate of One Shilling for each Window, and that such House shall cease to be so occupied or kept as aforesaid, within the Year for which such Tax shall have been paid, Credit shall be given for the Sum so paid out of the Charge to which such House shall become liable in consequence of having so ceased to be occupied and kept as above mentioned.

SCHEDULE (C.)

MALE SERVANTS.

SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes payable annually or in respect of every Male Servant retained or employed by any Person or Persons.

NUMBER THEREOF.	Amount of Duty payable for each Servant.
1 such Servant	£. s. d. 2 8 0
2	3 2 0
3	3 16 0
4	4 7 0
5	4 18 0
6	5 3 0
7	5 5 0
8	5 12 0
9	6 2 0
10	6 13 0
11 and upwards	7 13 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person who shall retain or employ such Male Servant or Servants, and shall be paid for every Male Servant who shall be retained or employed by any Person, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, in any of the following Capacities; that is to say, Maître d'Hotel, House Steward, Master of the Horse, Groom of the Chamber, Valet de Chambre, Butler, Under Butler, Clerk of the Kitchen, Confectioner, Cook, House Porter, Footman, Running Footman, Coachman, Groom, Postillion, Stable Boy or Helper in the Stables, Gardener, Park Keeper, Game Keeper, Huntsman or Whipper in, or by whatever Name or Names Male Servants, really acting in any of the said Capacities, shall be called or known, or whether such Male Servants shall have been or shall be retained or employed in one or more of the said Capacities, or in any other Business jointly with any one or more of the same; and for every Servant let to Hire with any Carriage or Horses, the Tax on such Servant so hired shall be charged and chargeable on the Person who so hired such Servant and let him to Hire with any Carriage and Horses as aforesaid.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Servant who shall be really retained or employed for the Purpose of Husbandry or Manufacture, or of any Trade or Calling, by which the Master or Mistress of such Servant shall earn a Livelihood or Profit, and who shall not at any time be employed in any Capacity in respect of which a Tax is payable for any Servant.

Any

Schedule (C.) — *continued.*

Any Servant of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of Ireland for the time being, or any Butler, Cook, Gardener or Porter, of the College of the Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen Elizabeth near Dublin, or any Servant of the Royal Hospital near Kilmainham, or of the Blue Coat Hospital, or Lying-in Hospital in Dublin, or of any Hospital or Charitable Institution.

One Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Horse or Dragoons, under the Rank or not receiving the Pay of a Field Officer, provided such Officer retains no more than one Servant; and any Servant of any Officer serving in any Regiment of Artillery, Infantry or Marines, or Corps of Engineers, such Servant being actually a Soldier in the Regiment or Company to which such Officer shall belong; and any Servant of any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, under the Rank of a Master and Commander in actual Employment, such Servant being borne upon the Books of the Ship to which such Officer shall belong.

Any Boy apprenticed to serve for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, by the Foundling Hospital, the Incorporated Society, the Hibernian School for Soldiers' Children, the Hibernian Marine Society, or any Society or Charitable Institution in Ireland, for the Care and Education of Children, supported in the whole or in Part by Public Money or Assessment.

SCHEDULE (D.)

CLERKS AND SHOPMEN.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for every Male Person retained or employed in the several Capacities after mentioned.

	£.	s.	d.
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade, or exercising any Profession whatever, as a Clerk or Book Keeper, or Office Keeper (except Apprentices, for or with whom no higher Sum than Twenty Pounds has been paid or contracted for as a Fee or Reward), the yearly Sum of - - - - -	2	0	0
For every Male Person employed by any Person in Trade as a Shopman (except Apprentices as aforesaid), for the Purpose of exposing to Sale, or selling Goods, Wares or Merchandize in such Shop or Warehouse, whether by Wholesale or Retail, the yearly Sum of - - - - -	2	0	0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons who shall retain or employ such Male Person or Persons, and shall be paid for every Person who shall be retained or employed in any of the said Capacities, by any Person or Persons, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following.

SCHEDULE (E.)

CARRIAGES.

SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of all Carriages of any of the Descriptions after mentioned.

NUMBER OF CARRIAGES.	Amount of the Duty for each Carriage.
For Carriages with Four Wheels :	
For 1 such Carriage the Annual Sum of - - - - -	12 0 0
2 - - - - -	13 0 0
3 - - - - -	14 0 0
4 - - - - -	15 0 0
5 - - - - -	15 15 0
6 - - - - -	16 8 0
7 - - - - -	17 0 0
8 - - - - -	17 12 0
9 and upwards - - - - -	18 3 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Annual Sum of - - -	6 6 0
For Carriages with less than Four Wheels :	
For every such Carriage drawn by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and no more - - - - -	6 10 0
And for every such Carriage drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Gelding or Mules - - - - -	9 0 0
And for every additional Body successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, the further Annual Sum of - - -	3 3 0
For every Car or Carriage fitted up for carrying Persons, commonly known by the Name of an Outside Jaunting Car, with not more than Two Wheels, and drawn only by One Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule ;	
If kept by any Person not keeping any other Carriage liable to Duty under this Act, the Annual Sum of - - -	3 3 0
If any such Jaunting Car shall be kept by any Person keeping any other Carriage liable to Duty under this Act, then the Annual Sum of - - - - -	6 10 0

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Duties shall be respectively charged for every Coach, Berin, Landau, Chariot, Calash, Chaise Marine, Chaise, Sociable or Caravan, or other Carriage of the like kind, with Four Wheels ; and for every Calash, Chaise Marine, Chaise, Curricule, Chair or Jaunting Car, or Pleasure Car, with less than Four Wheels, or other Carriages of the like kind ; and for any Number of such Carriages respectively, which any Person shall have or keep at any time as Owner thereof, between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January following, and which Rates, Duties and Taxes shall be respectively paid by the Person or Persons having or keeping any such Carriage, and shall be chargeable upon the Body,

or

Schedule (E.)—*continued.*

or if more than one, upon the Bodies of such Carriages respectively, according to the Number thereof successively used on the same Carriage or Number of Wheels, and not in respect of the Wheels thereof, or any other Parts of such Carriages, to which the Wheels shall be attached.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping any Carriage whatever, chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Carriage, shall and may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Carriage in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities, as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Carriage if the same was in the Possession of such Owners, and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Carriage by the Owner thereof, shall be on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person so paying the same for or on Behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Carriage for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid for or on Behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, Hackney Chaises and other Hackney Carriages, Coaches, Chaises and other Carriages kept for Hire by any Innkeeper or Person letting out Horses to travel Post or by the Mile; and such Carriage kept for no other Purpose but to be let for Hire to travel Post or by the Mile, and having the Owner's Name visibly and legibly painted on the Outside of the Door Panel or Shafts of the same, as the case may be.

Carriages kept for Sale by the Makers thereof until the same shall have been sold or used; any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of a Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, and any Person who is or shall be duly licensed to carry on the Trade of selling Carriages by Auction or on Commission, shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax for or in respect of any Carriage in the Custody or Possession of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages respectively *bonâ fide* for Sale; nor shall the Owner or Proprietor of any such Carriage be chargeable; provided that every such Carriage shall have been actually delivered into the Manufactory or Premises of such Coachmaker or Maker or Seller of Carriages, on or before the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and shall have from thence continually remained therein; and that such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, as the case may be, shall make and subscribe an Affidavit, or if a Quaker, a solemn Affirmation, before the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, or Inspector of Taxes in which such Carriage shall be so kept for Sale, which Affidavit or Affirmation such Collector or other Officer

Schedule (E.)—*continued.*

cer as aforesaid or Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered to administer, setting forth the Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Owner or Proprietor of such Carriage, and the kind or Description thereof, and that such Carriage was really and actually delivered into the Custody or Possession of such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, at said Place for Sale, on or before the Fifth Day of January in the Year in which such Affidavit or Affirmation shall be made, stating the Day of such Delivery, and that the said Carriage was not to the Knowledge or Belief of such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, in any manner used from the Day of such Delivery of the same to the time of making such Affidavit or Affirmation; and that it shall and may be lawful for any such Officer or other Person authorized as aforesaid, and he is hereby empowered to require every such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, to make from time to time in the Course of the Year, an Affidavit or Affirmation, as the case may be, to the like Effect; and if any such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, shall refuse or neglect so to do, within Six Days next after being so required, every such Coachmaker, or Maker or Seller of Carriages, shall be chargeable and charged with, and shall pay the Rate, Duty or Tax, for each and every Carriage in respect whereof there shall be a Default in making such Affidavit or Affirmation.

Whenever any Person who shall have paid the Duty or Tax on any Carriage kept by such Person, shall part with such Carriage in the Course of any Year, and shall in lieu thereof receive and keep any other Carriage of the like kind or Description, or any Carriage chargeable with a lower Rate, Duty or Tax, than such Person had paid for the Carriage he or she had to part with, such Person shall not be chargeable with the Rate, Duty or Tax in respect of such second Carriage so received in lieu of such former one, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of January next after the receiving of such second Carriage, any thing in the Act to which the Schedule is annexed, or any other Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided that such Person shall not at one and the same time have had or kept such Two Carriages, such Fact to be verified by the Oath, or if a Quaker, by a solemn Affirmation of such Person, to be made before the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, or any Sub Commissioner or Inspector of Taxes in such District wherein such Person shall reside, which Affidavit or Affirmation such Officers respectively are hereby authorized, empowered and required to administer; provided that in every such Affidavit or Affirmation, the Person making the same shall state the Day of the Month and Year in which he or she parted with such Carriage, and the Name, Addition and Place of Abode of the Person to whom such Carriage shall have been so parted with, and also the Day of the Month and Year when he or she received such Second or other Carriage.

SCHEDULE (F.)

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes on Carriages chargeable or payable by the Makers and Sellers thereof.

For and upon every Carriage chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, which any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages shall make, build or construct for Sale, the several and respective Sums following; that is to say,	£. s. d.
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels the Sum of - - -	1 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels the Sum of - - -	0 10
To be paid by the Coach Maker or Maker thereof.	
For every Carriage chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, which shall be sold by any Person in Ireland by Auction or on Commission, the several and respective Sums following; that is to say,	
For every such Carriage with Four Wheels, the Sum of - - -	1 0 0
For every such Carriage with less than Four Wheels, the Sum of - - -	0 10 0

To be paid by the Auctioneer or Person selling the same, over and above all other Duties on such Sale.

For the Rules for charging the above Duties, see the Act which this Schedule is annexed.

SCHEDULE (G.)

HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rates, Duties and Taxes, payable annually for and in respect of all Horses, Mares and Geldings kept by any Person or Persons, for the Purpose of Riding, or of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty.

NUMBER OF HORSES.		Amount of Duty for each Horse, Mare or Gelding.
For		£. s. d.
1	such Horse Mare or Gelding	2 17 6
2	such Horses, Mares or Geldings	4 14 6
3	- - - - -	5 4 6
4	- - - - -	5 10 0
5	- - - - -	5 11 6
6	- - - - -	5 16 0
7	- - - - -	5 19 6
8	- - - - -	5 19 6
9	- - - - -	6 1 6
10	- - - - -	6 7 0
11	- - - - -	6 7 0
12	- - - - -	6 7 0
13	- - - - -	6 7 6
14	- - - - -	6 7 6
15	- - - - -	6 7 6
16	- - - - -	6 7 6
17	- - - - -	6 8 0
18	- - - - -	6 9 0
19	- - - - -	6 10 0
20	or upwards	6 12 0

RULES

Schedule (G.)—*continued.*

RULES for charging the said DUTIES.

The said Duties shall be payable annually for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, which any Person shall keep or have as the Owner thereof any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year, and the Fifth Day of January in the Year following, for the Purpose of riding, or for the Purpose of drawing any Carriage whatsoever chargeable with Duty; which Duties shall be paid by the Person or Persons so having or keeping such Horse, Mare or Gelding except as is hereinafter mentioned.

Any Person who shall have in his or her Possession, Care or Keeping any Horse, Mare or Gelding whatsoever chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Rates, Duties or Taxes on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, shall or may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Horse, Mare or Gelding, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful for the Officer or Officers to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Horse, Mare or Gelding, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and that the Amount of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax for and in respect of such Horse, Mare or Gelding by the Owner thereof, shall lie on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person so paying the same for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Horse, Mare or Gelding, for the Amount of the Sum which shall have been so paid, for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS.

Race Horses charged in Schedule (H.)

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding, under Three Years old.

Any Horse, Mare or Gelding used truly and without Fraud for the Purpose of Husbandry only, on Land occupied by the Owner of such Horse or other Beast, or for the Purpose of drawing any Waggon, Cart or Carriage (except such Carriages as are liable to be used for carrying Burthens in the Course of the Trade or Occupation of the Person or Persons to whom such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall belong, although such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall be used for Riding on the Occasions and in the manner hereinbefore mentioned; that is to say, when returning from any Place to any Load or Burthen shall have, by such Horse, Mare or Gelding, been drawn or carried, or when going to any Place from any Load or Burthen shall be to be brought back by any Horse, Mare or Gelding, or for the Purpose of procuring Medical Assistance, or for the Purpose of going to and from Market or to or from any Place of Public Worship, or to or from any Election of Members to serve in Parliament, or to or from any Court of Justice, provided such Horse, Mare or Gelding shall not on any Occasion be used for any other Purpose, save as aforesaid.

Schedule (G.)—*continued.*

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Person occupying a Farm and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or making a Livelihood by such Occupation and Trade jointly, or by any Ecclesiastical Person not possessed of an annual Income of One hundred Pounds or upwards, whether arising from any Ecclesiastical Preferment or otherwise, such Persons respectively not having or keeping any other Horse, Mare or Gelding, for Riding, or for driving any Carriage chargeable with any Duty under this Act.

One Horse, Mare or Gelding, used by any Person enrolled or to be enrolled, and serving in any Troop of Yeoman Cavalry in Ireland, who shall have attended on Horseback One Half at least of the Number of Days appointed for him to Exercise or be on Duty in the Year, and who shall produce a Certificate from the Commanding Officer or Permanent Serjeant, of his having done so, and of Pay having been drawn for him for the said Number of Days.

SCHEDULE (H.)

RACE HORSES.

A SCHEDULE of the Rate, Duty and Tax payable annually for and in respect of Race Horses.

For every Horse, Mare or Gelding <i>bonâ fide</i> kept for the Purpose only of racing or running for any Plate Prize or Sum of Money, or other thing, or kept in training for any of the said Purposes, whether in the Stable of the Proprietor or Proprietors or of any other Person or Persons	<i>£. s. d.</i> 2 17 6
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Any Person who shall have in his Possession, Care or Keeping any such Race Horse, the Rate, Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid by the Owner of such Race Horse, shall or may be chargeable and charged with, and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Race Horse, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from every such Person, in the same manner, and with the like Powers and Authorities, as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes of and from the Owner of such Race Horse, if the same was in the Possession of such Owner; and that Proof of the Payment of the Rate, Duty or Tax, for and in respect of such Race Horse, by the Owner thereof, shall lie on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person so paying the same for or on Behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Race Horse for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been so paid by him or her.

SCHEDULE (I.)

SERVANTS let to Hire.

SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for and in respect of SER-
VANTS, CARRIAGES and HORSES let to Hire in Ireland.

	£.	s.	d.
For every Coachman, Groom, Postillion or Helper, kept for the Purpose of being let to Hire for any Period of time less than One Year, the Annual Sum of	2	10	0
For every Carriage with Four Wheels, kept by any Coachmaker or Maker of Carriages, or other Person for the Purpose of being let to Hire, for any Period of time less than One Year, without a Horse or Horses to be used therewith, the Annual Sum of	12	0	0
For every Carriage with Four Wheels, kept by any Postmaster, Inn Keeper or other Person, duly licensed to let Post Horses, for the Purpose of being let to Hire, for any Period of time less than One Year, with a Horse or Horses to be used therewith, the Annual Sum of	10	10	0
For every Carriage with less than Four Wheels, kept by any Person whatever, for the Purpose of being let to Hire, with or without a Horse or Horses, for any Period of time less than a Year ; If drawn by one Horse, Mare, Gelding or Mule, and no more, the Annual Sum of	6	10	0
If drawn by Two or more Horses, Mares, Geldings or Mules, the Annual Sum of	9	0	0
For every Horse, Mare or Gelding, kept for the Purpose of Riding, or of drawing any Carriage chargeable with Duty, and let to Hire for any Period of time less than One Year, the Annual Sum of	2	17	6

RULES for charging the said Duties.

The said Annual Duties shall be paid by any Person who shall employ or shall keep or have in his or her Possession any such Male Servant, or any Carriage or Horse for the Purpose of letting to Hire such Servant, Carriage or Horse respectively, or who shall let to Hire such Servant, Carriage or Horse respectively, at any time between the Fifth Day of January in any Year and the Fifth Day of January following.

EXEMPTIONS and ABATEMENTS.

All Stage Coaches, Hackney Coaches, Hackney Chaises and Cabs and other Carriages kept for Hire by any Person letting out the same to travel Post by the Mile, for the drawing of which no higher Rate of Payment shall be demanded or received than is charged for the Carriages of the same Denomination, travelling Post by the Mile, or from Stage to Stage ; and all Horses, Mares and Geldings used in the drawing such Carriages only.

Any Person who shall employ or keep, or have in his Possession, any Carriage with Four Wheels for the Purpose of letting the same to Hire, for which for travelling Post by the Mile and not by the Day, nor by the Day, nor otherwise than by the Mile, the Duties

Schedule (I.)—continued.

of Twelve Pounds or Ten Pounds Ten Shillings above ment shall have been respectively paid for the Year ending Fifth Ja One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, or for any subse Year, and who shall produce to the Commissioners of Inland and Taxes a Receipt or Receipts from the proper Officer or Police in Dublin, for the Amount of the Local Taxes imposed Dublin on such Carriage for the whole of such Year, shall be tied to an Allowance or Repayment of Seven Pounds out of above Duties of Twelve Pounds, or Ten Pounds Ten Shillings respectively; and such Allowance or Repayment of the said Seven Pounds shall be made to such Person under the Order and Directions of the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes accordingly.

SCHEDULE (K.)

DOGS.

A SCHEDULE of the Duties payable annually for or in respect of Dogs

For every Greyhound kept by any Person, whether the same be his or her Property or the Property of any other Person or Persons	1 0
For every Hound, Pointer or Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, where only One such Dog is kept	0 11
For every Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, and for every other Dog where any Person shall keep Two or more Dogs, of whatever Description or Denomination the same may be, except Greyhounds, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or of any other Person or Persons	0 14
For every Dog not being a Greyhound, Hound, Pointer, Setting Dog, Spaniel, Terrier or Lurcher, kept by any Person having One such Dog and no more, whether the same be the Property of him, her or them, or the Property of any other Person or Persons, the annual Sum of	0 8

Any Person who shall have in his Possession, Care or Keeping Dog whatever chargeable with any Rate, Duty or Tax, the Duty or Tax on which shall not have been charged on or paid the Owner of such Dogs, shall or may be chargeable and charged and if so charged shall pay the Rate, Duty and Tax payable for such Dog, in the same manner as such Owner is or ought to be charged or chargeable for the same; and it shall and may be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes, of and from every Person, in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as it would be lawful to collect and levy such Rates, Duties and Taxes, of and from the Owner of such Dog, if the same were in the Possession of such Owner; and that Proof of the Payment of such Rate, Duty or Tax, for and in respect of such Dog, by the Owner thereof, shall lie on the Person who shall keep or have the same in his or her Possession, and not on the Officer; and the Person to whom

Schedule (K.)—*continued.*

the same, for or on behalf of the Owner as aforesaid, shall have a Lien on the said Dog for the Amount of the Sum that shall have been fo paid for or on behalf of such Owner.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any Dog or Whelp under the Age of Six Calendar Months.

All Dogs kept by any Person who shall, in respect of the several Dogs kept by such Person in each Year, pay the full Sum of Thirty six Pounds British Currency, by way of Composition for all such Dogs, before the Twenty fourth Day of June in each Year.

C A P. LVIII.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquor prepared from Sugar for colouring Porter.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for allowing the Manufacture and Use of a Liquor prepared from Sugar for colouring Porter, and for indemnifying Persons who have manufactured or used such Colouring*, a Duty of Excise of Ten Shillings per Barrel was imposed for and in respect of Liquor commonly called or known by the Name of *Beer Colouring*, prepared or made from burnt Sugar reduced to a Liquid by Solution in Water, to be mixed with Beer, commonly called or known by the Name of *Porter*, for the Purpose of colouring the same; and the Maker and Makers thereof was and were thereby required to take out a Licence and Licences authorizing such Person or Persons to make such Liquor, and to pay for each such Licence the Sum of Five Pounds: And Whereas by another Act, made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain, on Sweets, Tobacco, Snuff and Excise Licences*, an additional Sum of Five Pounds was and is required to be paid by such Maker and Makers on taking out such Licence as aforesaid: And Whereas great Frauds have been and are committed upon the Revenue, and also upon the Brewer and the Public, under Pretence of using such Colouring; and it is expedient to repeal the said Duty and the said Payments so respectively required to be made on taking out such Licence as aforesaid, and also the said Act made in the Fifty first Year aforesaid; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the said recited Duty and the said respective Payments so required to be made, on taking out such Licence as aforesaid, shall cease and determine, and be no longer paid or payable; and that from and after the Day and Year last aforesaid, the said Act, made in the Fifty first Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be and the

51 G. 3. c. 87.

§ 1.

55 G. 3. c. 30.

Sch. (A.)
Tit. Licences.

Duty granted by
51 G. 3. c. 87.
§ 1. and
55 G. 3. c. 30.
Sch. (A.)
repealed.

same is hereby repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

No Material or Preparation of the Description herein mentioned shall be in Possession of any Brewer or Dealer, or used in colouring of Beer,

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, no Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession; or make, or use, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer any Liqueur, Extract, Calx or other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur, Extract, Calx or other Material or Preparation, such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, other than Brown Malt ground or unground, as commonly used in Brewing, or shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or use, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer, any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium or any Article or Preparation whatsoever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops; and if any such Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, shall receive or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or make or use in Brewing, or mix with or put into any Worts or Beer, any Liqueur, Extract, Calx or other Material or Preparation for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liqueur, Extract, Calx or other Material or Preparation such as has been heretofore or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, other than Brown Malt, ground or unground, as commonly used in Brewing, or shall receive, or take into, or have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or shall use, or mix with, or put into any Worts or Beer any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium respectively, or any Article or Preparation whatsoever, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops; all such Liqueur, Extract, Calx, Melasses, Honey, Vitriol, Quassia, Coculus India, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium, Extract, Article and Preparation as aforesaid, and also the said Worts and Beer respectively, shall be forfeited, together with the Casks, Vessels or other Packages containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and such Brewer or Brewers of, Dealer or Dealers in or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, so offending as aforesaid, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

other than Brown Malt.

Such Materials forfeited.

Penalty.
Druggist, &c.
selling such
Colouring to any
Brewer or
Dealer,

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, no Druggist or Druggists, or Vendor or Vendors of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or Chymist or Chymists, or other Person or Persons

sons whatever, shall sell, send or deliver, or cause, procure, permit or suffer to be sold, sent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons for or on account of, or in Trust for, or for the Use of any such Brewer or Brewers, Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers, any Liquor called or known by the Name or Description of or sold as Colouring, from whatever Materials the same may have been made, or any other Material or Preparation other than unground Brown Malt, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liquor or Preparation such as has been heretofore or shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper or Opium, or any Article or Preparation to be used in Worts or Beer, for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively; and if any Druggist or Druggists, or Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs, or any Chymist or Chymists, or any other Person or Persons whatever, shall sell, send or deliver, or cause, or procure, permit or suffer to be sold, sent or delivered to any licensed Brewer or Brewers of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, knowing him, her or them to be so licensed, or to be reputed to be so licensed, or shall sell, send or deliver, or cause or procure to be sold, sent or delivered to any other Person or Persons for or on account of, or in Trust for, or for the Use of any such Brewer or Brewers, or Dealer or Dealers, or Retailer or Retailers of Beer, any Liquor called or known by the Name or Description of, or sold as Colouring, from whatever Materials the same may have been made, or any other Material or Preparation other than unground Brown Malt, for the Purpose of darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, or any Liquor or Preparation such as has been heretofore used, or as shall hereafter be made use of for or in the darkening of the Colour of Worts or Beer, except as aforesaid, or any Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, or any Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium or any Article or Preparation to be used in Worts or Beer for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively, all such Liquor called or known by the Name or Description of, or sold as Colouring, and Material or Preparation for the Purpose aforesaid, and Liquor and Preparation used or which shall hereafter be used for or in the darkening the Colour of Worts or Beer, Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Extract or Preparation of Melasses, Honey, Liquorice, Vitriol, Quassia, Coccus Indiz, Grains of Paradise, Guinea Pepper, Opium and Article or Preparation to be used for or as a Substitute for Malt or Hops respectively, shall be forfeited, and the same respectively shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise, and the Druggist or Druggists, Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Drugs,

other than unground Brown Malt;

or selling any Liquor called Colouring,

other than unground Brown Malt;

such Materials forfeited.

or Chymist or Chymists or other Person or Persons whatever, so offending, shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or created by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Act may be altered, &c.

V. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LIX.

An Act to reduce the Duty of Excise on Malt made in *Ireland*, and certain Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in respect thereof. [20th June 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 62.
§ 2.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain increased Duties of Excise in Ireland on Malt*, a Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence *British* Currency was imposed on every Barrel containing Four *Winchester* Bushels of Malt made in *Ireland*; and by the said recited Act certain Countervailing Duties on Malt and Beer made or Brewed in *Great Britain*, and imported into *Ireland*, and certain Drawbacks on Malt and Beer exported from *Ireland*, were granted, allowed and made payable: And Whereas by the said recited Act it was, among other things, enacted, that whenever it should happen that any Part of the Duties of Excise on Malt granted or made payable in *Great Britain*, by any Act in force at the time of the passing of the said recited Act, should cease or determine, Provision should be made that a like Proportion of the Duty of Excise on Malt in *Ireland*, under the said recited Act, should in like manner cease or determine or be repealed, and the Duty of Excise on Malt made payable by the said Act should be reduced accordingly: And Whereas the Duties on Malt made in *England* and *Scotland*, granted by an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in Great Britain*; and which, by various Acts were continued until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, will cease and determine on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the Sum of Eight Shillings *British* Currency on every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels *Winchester* Measure, which, at any time

§ 6.

43 G. 3. c. 81.
Sch. (A.)

Instead of 17s. 4d. on every Barrel of Malt,

time

time after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be made of Barley or any other Corn or Grain in *Ireland*, (Part of the Duty of Excise of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence on every Barrel of Malt granted by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament,) shall cease and determine; and that for and upon every such Barrel of Malt which, at any time or times after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen shall be made of Barley or other Corn or Grain in *Ireland* by any Person or Persons whomsoever, whether the same shall be or shall not be for Sale, the Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence *British* Currency, and no more, and so proportionably for any greater or less Quantity, shall be paid by the Maltster or Maker thereof respectively, in lieu of all Duty payable thereon under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act.

9s. 4d. shall be paid.

II. And be it further enacted, That for all Dry Malt ground or unground which, on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be in the Stock of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, or Common Brewer or Distiller in *Ireland*, for which the Duties payable by Law shall have been duly charged or paid, and also for all Malt chargeable with Duty in respect of all Corn or Grain which, on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be in Process of being made into Malt in the Malting House or Premises of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, there shall be allowed and paid the Sum of Eight Shillings *British* Currency, on and for every Barrel of Malt charged or chargeable with, or which shall have paid the Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence under the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, in manner and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed.

Allowance of 8s. per Barrel for Dry Malt in Stock.

III. And be it further enacted, That for all Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller in *Ireland* on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or which shall have been warehoused in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in *Ireland* by any Distiller pursuant to Law, at any time before the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and which shall be in the said Warehouses on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and for all Wash, Pot Ale and Singlings in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of *July*, there shall be allowed to the Distiller of such Spirits, or to the Proprietor of such Spirits so warehoused, for every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Four pence *British* Currency; and for all such Wash, Pot Ale and Singlings, a Sum of Four pence *British* Currency, on every Gallon of Spirits which, on a Calculation of One Gallon of Spirits for every Ten Gallons of Wash, or Pot Ale, and of One Gallon of Spirits for every Two Gallons and a Half of Singlings would be the Produce of such Wash, Pot Ale or Singlings, in manner and under the Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed.

Allowance for Spirits and Wash in Stock.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Eight Shillings *British* Currency, on every Barrel of Malt containing Four Bushels *Winchester* Measure made in *Great Britain*, and imported from thence into *Ireland*, (Part of the Countervailing Duty

Instead of 8s. per Barrel on Malt, a Countervailing Duty of 9s. 4d.

Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence on every such Barrel of Malt granted by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament, and of the equivalent Drawback on the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain* of any Malt made in *Ireland*;) shall be repealed and shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be charged for and upon every such Barrel of Malt made in *Great Britain*, and imported from thence, after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, directly into *Ireland*, the Countervailing Duty or Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence *British* Currency, and no more, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever payable on such Malt, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act; and that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain* of any Malt made in *Ireland*, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty by this Act made payable on Malt made in *Great Britain* and imported into *Ireland*.

Instead of 5s. 6d. on every Barrel of Beer, a Countervailing Duty of 6s. 6d. on Exportation from or to *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, on every Barrel of Beer or Ale containing Thirty two Gallons brewed or made in *Great Britain* and imported from thence into *Ireland*, (Part of the Countervailing Duty of Twelve Shillings on every such Barrel of Beer or Ale granted by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, and of the equivalent Drawback on the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain*, of Beer or Ale made or brewed in *Ireland*;) shall be repealed, and shall cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be charged for and upon every such Barrel of Beer or Ale brewed or made in *Great Britain* and imported from thence after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen directly into *Ireland*, the Countervailing Duty or Sum of Six Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, and no more, in lieu and full Satisfaction of all Countervailing Duties whatever, payable on such Beer or Ale, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act; and that upon the Exportation from *Ireland* to *Great Britain* after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen of any Beer or Ale brewed in *Ireland*, there shall be allowed and given a Drawback equal in Amount to the Countervailing Duty by this Act made payable on Beer or Ale made or brewed in *Great Britain* and imported into *Ireland*.

Instead of the Drawbacks now payable the following shall be paid:

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Eight Shillings *British* Currency, (Part of the Drawback or Allowance of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence, made payable by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament,) on every Barrel of Malt made in *Ireland* and exported to any other Place than *Great Britain*, and also the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency (Part of the Drawback or Allowance of Twelve Shillings, made payable by the said Act of the last Session of Parliament) on every Barrel of Beer or Ale made in *Ireland*, and exported to any other Place than *Great Britain*, shall be repealed, and shall cease and determine; and that

that from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, instead of all former Drawbacks on Malt or on Beer or Ale made in *Ireland*, and exported to any other Place than *Great Britain*, there shall be paid to every Person who shall legally export from *Ireland* to any other Place than *Great Britain*, any Malt or any Strong Beer or Ale made or brewed in *Ireland*, the Drawbacks and Allowances following; that is to say, for every Barrel of such Malt containing Four Bushels *Winchester* Measure the Sum of Nine Shillings and Four pence, *British* Currency; and for every Barrel of such Beer or Ale the Sum of Six Shillings and Sixpence, *British* Currency, and no more; and the said Drawbacks shall be paid in like manner and under such Regulations and Directions as are expressed, mentioned and contained in the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament.

VII. And in order to ascertain the Amount of the Allowances by this Act allowed and made payable in respect of Malt and Spirits in the Stock of Maltsters or Makers of Malt for Sale, or Factors or Dealers in Malt, Brewers and Distillers in *Ireland*, be it enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise, in charge of the Malting House, Stores or Warehouses of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, or of any Distillery or Brewery in *Ireland*, shall gauge and take an Account of the Quantity of all Dry Malt ground or unground which shall be in the Stock of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or of any Factor or Dealer in Malt, or of any Common Brewer or of any Distiller in *Ireland*, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall in like manner take an Account of the Quantity of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, which shall be in the Stock, Custody or Possession of any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt in *Ireland*, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer or Officers shall, within Ten Days after taking such Account, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Districts in which such dry Malt, or Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt shall have been, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, of the just and true Quantity of all such Dry Malt in the Stock of every such Maltster or Maker of Malt, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, or Common Brewer or Distiller respectively, and of the Quantity of Malt chargeable in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt respectively, and the Amount of the Allowance of Eight Shillings on every Barrel of Malt, as well for all Dry Malt as for all Malt chargeable with Duty in respect of all Corn or Grain in Process of being made into Malt, in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Maltster or Maker of Malt, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, Common Brewer or Distiller respectively, on the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Maltster or Maker of Malt, or Factor or Dealer in Malt, Brewer or Distiller respectively, or at his or their Malting House, Brewery, Distillery, Store House or Dwelling House respectively, and

Drawbacks of
9s. 4d. per Barrel
of Malt, 6s. 6d.
per Barrel of
Beer.

Officers of Excise to take Account of Stock of Dry Malt and of Malt in Process, in manner herein directed, and make a Return to Collector of District, &c.

Officer to leave Copy of Return with Maltster.

Maltsters charged in Return with the full Duty for the Month ending July 5.

Penalty.

An Account also to be taken of Quantity of Spirits in Stock of Distiller and Return made to Collector, &c.

Officer to leave Copy of Return with Distiller.

Penalty.

Spirits in Warehouse to be taken an Account of in like manner by Storekeeper, and Return made to Collector.

and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*: Provided always, that the Officer of Excise shall in his Return against any Maltster or Maker of Malt, or Brewer or Distiller making Malt for the Month ending the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, charge such Maltster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, with the full Duty of Seventeen Shillings and Four pence *per* Barrel imposed by the said recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, for and in respect of the whole and entire Quantity of Malt with which by Law such Maltster or Maker of Malt, Brewer or Distiller making Malt, shall by Law be chargeable for such Malt, any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, upon pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission in so doing respectively.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller in *Ireland*, shall gauge and take an Account of the Quantity of all Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller in *Ireland* on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and of all the Wash, Pot Ale and Singlings in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of *July*; and every such Officer or Officers shall, within Ten Days after the taking of such Account, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the respective Districts in which such Spirits shall have been on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, of the just and true Quantity of all such Spirits on the said Fifth Day of *July* in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Distiller respectively, and of the Quantity of Spirits which according to the Calculation hereinbefore directed would be produceable from all Wash, Pot Ale and Singlings in the Stock, Custody or Possession of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of *July*, and also of the Amount of the Allowance of Four pence on every Gallon of such Spirits in the Stock, Custody or Possession of every such Distiller, and on every Gallon of Spirits produceable in respect of the Wash, Pot Ale or Singlings, according to the Calculation aforesaid in the Distillery of such Distiller on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand with every such Distiller or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, upon pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission in so doing.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Storekeeper or other Person in charge of any of His Majesty's Warehouses in *Ireland*, in which any Spirits distilled in *Ireland* shall have been warehoused according to Law at any time previous to the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall, within Ten Days after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, take an Account of the Quantity of all Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, which shall be in such Warehouse on the said Fifth Day of *July*, with the Number and Contents of the Casks containing the same, the Name and Addition of the Distiller or Distillers by whom such Spirits shall have been respectively warehoused, and the

Day and Month when such Spirits were first received into such Warehouse, together with all such other Particulars as may from time to time be required by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*; and such Storekeeper or other Person shall, within Ten Days next after taking such Account, make a Return thereof in Writing signed with his Name to the Collector of the District in which such Warehouse shall be situate; and every such Storekeeper or other Person shall and he is hereby required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand with every such Distiller or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and to transmit a Duplicate of such Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission in so doing.

Storekeeper to leave Copy of Return with Distiller.

Penalty.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, upon the Application of any Person or Persons who shall be entitled to claim any Allowance under this Act, for or in respect of any Malt or Spirits as aforesaid, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to make any Order or Orders for the Payment or Satisfaction to such Person or Persons of all such Sum and Sums of Money as, under the Returns required to be made by this Act, shall to the said Commissioners appear to be made payable to any such Person or Persons in respect of such Allowance, either by Payment of the Amount thereof to such Person or Persons by the Collector of the District wherein such Person or Persons shall reside, or by any Allowance or Abatement to any such Person or Persons out of or in respect of any Duty or Duties of Excise which may be or become payable by or due from any such Person or Persons respectively, in such manner and at such times and under such Orders, Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions as the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall from time to time think fit to make for that Purpose.

Allowances how made.

XI. And Whereas according to the Laws in force in *Ireland* for the securing and collecting the Duties on Malt, the Duties of Excise on all Malt made in *Ireland* are to be paid Monthly, and it may be expedient that further time should be allowed in certain cases for the Payment of the said Duties; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, and at any time before the Twenty ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or for the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer, or any Three of them, and he and they is and are hereby authorized, by any Order under his or their Hand or Hands, to allow to any Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale such further and extended time for the Payment of any Duty of Excise chargeable on any such Maltster or Maker of Malt for Sale in respect of any Malt made at any time before the passing of this Act, or which shall be made at any time before the said Twenty ninth Day of *September*, as to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office shall seem fitting and expedient, under such Conditions, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office shall think fit and proper to order and direct in that behalf, and the Duty on all such Malt shall be paid and payable, at such extended time and under such Conditions, Rules, Regulations and Restrictions accordingly;

Treasury may extend time of Payment of Duty on Malt, under such Conditions as they think fit.

If Duty not paid at such extended time, Penalties.

Permit not granted till Duties paid.

Duties, Drawbacks and Penalties levied, paid and re-] covered, as by

14 & 15 Car. 2.
(1.)

46 G. 3. c. 106.
and other Acts in force in Ireland.

Act may be altered, &c.

accordingly; and in default thereof such *Maltster* or *Maker of Malt for Sale* shall be subject and liable to such Penalties and Forfeitures as he would be subject to in case of any Default of paying such Duty or Duties at the time now prescribed by Law for the Payment of the same, as fully to all Intents and Purposes as if such Penalties and Forfeitures were reenacted herein and made applicable to enforce the Payment of the same at the Expiration of such extended time: Provided always, that no Permit shall be granted for the Removal of any such Malt out of the Stock of any *Maltster* or *Maker of Malt* before all the Duties payable thereon shall have been fully paid and satisfied.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the several reduced Duties and Drawbacks by this Act declared to be payable, and all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are appointed, directed and expressed for the raising, collecting, paying, levying, allowing and managing any Duties or Drawbacks, or for the Recovery of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King *Charles the Second*, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein expressed and enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved as in and by the said recited Act made in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King *Charles the Second*, or by any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided; and that all and every Act and Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to the Duties of Excise on Malt, and all Powers, Rules and Regulations, Penalties, Clauses, matters and things therein contained, shall extend and be construed to extend to the raising, levying and collecting the reduced Duties and Drawbacks by this Act declared to be payable, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and reenacted in this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LX.

An Act to authorize the transferring Stock upon which Dividends shall remain unclaimed for the Space of at least Ten Years at the Bank of *England*, and also all Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks or Annuities, which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

[20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is just and expedient that all Capital Stock in respect of which any Annuities constituting any Part of the National Debt are payable at the Bank of *England*, and upon or in respect of which the Dividends shall be due and remain unclaimed for the Space of at least Ten Years, and also all Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks or Annuities, which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, should be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, under certain Restrictions and Regulations, for the Public Service; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That immediately and from time to time after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all the Capital Stock in respect of which any Annuities constituting any Part of the National Debt are payable at the Bank of *England*, and also the Annuities for Years, commonly called *Long Annuities*, and other terminable Annuities, and upon which or in respect whereof no Dividends shall have been demanded for the Period of Ten Years or upwards preceding the last Day upon which any Dividend upon any such Stock or Annuities shall have become due or payable (except where the Payment of any such Dividends shall have been or shall be restrained by the Order or Injunction of a Court of Equity), shall be transferred, in manner hereinafter mentioned, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, from the Account or Accounts, Name or Names, in which the same is and stands in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, unto a new and separate Account to be raised in the Names of the Commissioners for the time being for the Reduction of the National Debt; and immediately after such Transfer, the Name or Names in which such Stock stood immediately previous to such Transfer, and the Residence and Description of the Parties, the Amount transferred, and the Dates of such Transfers, shall be entered upon a List to be kept at the Bank for that Purpose, which List shall be open for Inspection at the usual Hours of Transfer at the Bank.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Transfers to be made in pursuance of this Act shall be made and signed by the Accountant General or the Secretary of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* for the time being, and shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if signed by the Party or Parties

All Stock upon which Dividends have remained unclaimed for Ten Years, to be transferred to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt.

List of Parties in whose Names Stock stood open for Inspection.

Transfers to be made by Accountant General or Secretary of the Bank of *England*, who are indemnified.

Parties in whose Name or Names the Stock or Annuities so transferred shall stand at the time of such Transfer; and the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and the said Accountant General and Secretary of the said Governor and Company, shall be and they are hereby indemnified and saved harmless for making and executing all such Transfers under and by virtue of this Act, and shall not be in any manner responsible or accountable to the Person or Persons entitled or claiming to be entitled to the Stock or Annuities which shall be so transferred, or to his, her or their Executors or Administrators, or to any other Person claiming by, from or under him, her, them or any of them, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever having or claiming any Interest whatsoever therein.

Duplicate Register of Transfers kept in Office of Commissioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That a Duplicate Register of the List so made and kept at the Bank of *England*, of all such Transfers as aforesaid, shall be kept in the Office of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in which an Entry shall be made of every such Transfer, immediately after the same shall have been made.

Dividends on such Stocks invested from time to time, to accumulate for Benefit of Parties, or, if they do not claim, for the Public Service.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Dividends upon the Capital Stock or Annuities so transferred shall from the respective times of the Transfer thereof, and all Lottery Prizes or Benefits which shall have remained unclaimed Ten Years and upwards, and all Balances of Sums issued for paying the Principals of Stocks and Annuities which shall not have been demanded for the same Period, be paid to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the time being, and shall be from time to time invested by the said Commissioners in the Purchase of other like Capital Stock, to be placed to a separate Account, which shall be called "The Account of Unclaimed Dividends," and so from time to time as such Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, Principals of Stocks and Annuities become due and can be so invested; and all such Dividends, and the Capital Stock arising from the Investment thereof as aforesaid, shall be held by the said Commissioners for the Public, subject nevertheless to such Claims as may thereafter be made by the respective Parties entitled thereto, of such Stock, and of the Dividends due thereon.

Bank of England empowered to direct Transfers to any Person establishing a Claim to any such Stock, and pay the Dividends thereon.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Governor or Deputy Governor of the Bank of *England* for the time being, to authorize and direct the Accountant General or Secretary of the said Governor and Company for the time being, to retransfer any such Capital Stock to any Person or Persons who shall shew, to the Satisfaction of such Governor or Deputy Governor, his, her or their Right or Title thereto, and to pay the Dividends due thereon; and also to pay any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, as if the same had not been transferred or paid to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; but in case the said Governor or Deputy Governor shall not be satisfied of the Justice or Legality of any Claim or Claims which shall be made to any Stock, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock or Annuities, so transferred or paid to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, then and in every such case the Claimant or Claimants shall and may, by Petition in a summary Way, state and verify his, her or their Claim to such Stock, Lottery Prizes or Benefits and Principals

Claim stated by Petition.

pals of Stock or Annuities, to the High Court of Chancery or to the Court of Exchequer, and a Copy of every such Petition shall be served upon His Majesty's Attorney General for the time being, and also upon the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; and the Court to which such Petition shall be presented shall and they are hereby authorized and empowered to make such Order thereon, either for the Transfer of the Stock or Annuities to which such Petition shall relate or refer, and for Payment of the Dividends which shall have accrued or become due and payable thereon, or for Payment of such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, or otherwise relating thereto, and to the Costs of such Application, as to such Court respectively shall appear to be just; and all Costs and Expences which shall be incurred by or on behalf of His Majesty's Attorney General or the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in resisting or appearing upon every such Petition (if not ordered by the Court to whom the Application shall be made to be paid out of the Stock or Annuities and the Dividends thereby claimed) shall be paid by the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, out of the Dividends or Annuities to be received by them under or by virtue of this Act, and which shall not be claimed; and in case where any Transfer or Payment shall be made to any such Claimant or Claimants as aforesaid, either with or without the Authority of either of the said Courts, the said Governor and Company shall cause Notice to be given to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, at their Office, of every such Transfer or Payment, within Three Days from the time of making the same.

Copy of such
Petition served
on Attorney
General, &c.

Costs of Attor-
ney General,
&c. how paid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor and Deputy Governor of the Bank of *England*, and the Accountant General and Secretary of the said Governor and Company, shall be and they are hereby indemnified and saved harmless for and in respect of any Transfer or Transfers which shall be made from the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt for the time being of any such Stock or Annuities as aforesaid, and also for Payment of the Dividends due thereon, and also for Payment of any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons claiming such Stock, Annuities and Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities respectively; and that in case any such Stock, Annuities, Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities, or the Accumulations thereof, or any Part or Parts thereof respectively shall, after the Transfer or Payment thereof, be claimed by any other Person or Persons, the said Governor and Company, or the said Governor or Deputy Governor, or the said Accountant General or Secretary respectively for the time being, acting in making such Transfer or Transfers, and in paying the Dividends on the Stock or Annuities thereby transferred, or any such Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stocks or Annuities as aforesaid, or the Accumulations thereof respectively, shall not be answerable or responsible for the same to any such new or other Claimant or Claimants, but such new or other Claimant or Claimants shall have their Recourse against the Person or Persons to whom such Transfer or Transfers of the said Stock or Annuities shall have been made, and the Dividends, Lottery Prizes

Governor and
Deputy Govern-
or and Officers
indemnified in
respect of Trans-
fers made to
Claimants and
Payment of
Dividends.

or Benefits, and Principals of Stock and Annuities and Accumulations thereon respectively paid.

A Second Claimant proving his Right, and unable to obtain Transfer from First Claimant, Court of Chancery, &c. to order Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt to transfer such Stock in their Name as shall be sufficient.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if in any case where such new or other Claimant or Claimants as aforesaid shall have established his, her or their Right and Title to any such Stock Annuities, Dividends, or Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, as shall have been transferred and paid to a First Claimant or Claimants, and shall not be able to obtain the Transfer and Payment thereof from such First Claimant or Claimants to whom the same shall or may have been erroneously transferred and paid, then and in every such case the said Court of Chancery or Court of Exchequer shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered upon Application by Petition of such new or other Claimant or Claimants, verified as such Court shall direct or require, to order the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt to transfer to such new or other Claimant or Claimants such Sum or Sums in Stock, and to pay him, her or them such Sum or Sums in Money as and for the Dividends, Annuities, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, as to such Court shall appear to be just; which Transfers shall be made from Stock transferred into the Names of the said Commissioners under or by virtue of this Act; and the Payment of Dividends, Annuities, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, or Balances as aforesaid, shall be made from Dividends received by such Commissioners upon such Stock transferred into their Names as aforesaid, or the Accumulations thereof, or from the Sale of Stock purchased with such Dividends or Accumulations, or any other Monies at the Disposition of the said Commissioners.

C A P. LXI.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Sum of Money to be raised by Lotteries. [20th June 1816.]

[60,000 Tickets.]

C A P. LXII.

An Act for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of *Dunleary*, within the Port of *Dublin*. [20th June 1816.]

‘ W H E R E A S the Erection of an Asylum Harbour, or Place
 ‘ of Refuge for Ships and Vessels to the Eastward of *Dun-*
 ‘ *leary*, within the Port of *Dublin*, will be of great Advantage as
 ‘ well to the Ships and Vessels trading to the said Port, as to the
 ‘ Ships and Vessels of His Majesty’s Navy which may be in the
 ‘ *Irish Channel*; and will also be of great Utility to the Trade and
 ‘ Commerce between *Great Britain and Ireland*: And Whereas by
 ‘ virtue of an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of His present
 ‘ Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act to authorize the Appointment of*
 ‘ *Commissioners for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of*
 ‘ *Dunleary, within the Port and Harbour of Dublin*, certain Persons
 ‘ were appointed and authorized by the Lord Lieutenant for the
 ‘ time being to carry the said recited Act into Execution, as in the
 ‘ said Act mentioned: And Whereas it is expedient to provide
 ‘ for the Expence of making, improving and completing the said
 ‘ Harbour, and for the due Application of the same, and whatever
 ‘ Sums

‘ Sums may be granted by Parliament, or advanced by His Majesty Government for that Purpose, and for the making and executing the Roads, Quays and Works necessary for the Completion and Improvement of the said Harbour, and the other Charges and Expences attendant thereon;’ May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Persons heretofore appointed by the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland* for the time being, for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the hereinafore recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, and such other Person or Persons as shall or may, from time to time, be appointed or authorized by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act; provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to revoke the Appointment of any such Person or Persons to be so appointed, and from time to time to nominate and appoint such other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners, not exceeding Fifteen in Number, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being shall think fit.

Commissioners
for executing
Act.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners, and each of them, shall take and subscribe the Oath following, before he or they shall take upon himself or themselves the Execution of any of the Powers or Authorities hereby given, other than administering the said Oath :

Commissioners
to take and sub-
scribe Oath.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear that I will, without Favour or Affection, Hatred or Malice, truly and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute and perform all and every the Powers, Authorities and Duties of a Commissioner, reposed in me under and by virtue of an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled *An Act for erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dunleary, within the Port of Dublin* :’

Form.

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners, or any Person named in any Appointment of Commissioners, is hereby authorized and required to administer at the first or any other Meeting, to be held by virtue of this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act for the time being, or any Three of them, from time to time to nominate and appoint such Secretary, Clerk and other Officers, and also from time to time to employ such Engineers and Surveyors, and such Labourers and Workmen, and at such Salaries and Wages as the said Commissioners shall think proper and expedient for the better carrying into Execution the Purposes of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that such Secretary, Clerks and Officer as already have been or shall be hereafter appointed, and each of them, shall take and subscribe the following Oath, before he or they shall take upon him or themselves the Execution of any of the Duties annexed to their said Office :

Commissioners
may appoint
Officers and
make Contracts.

Officers to take
and subscribe
Oaths.

Form.

‘ I *C. D.* do swear that I will well and faithfully, without F
 ‘ or Concealment, do, perform and execute the several Dutie
 ‘ tached to the Office of [*here name the Office,*] to which I have
 ‘ appointed by the Commissioners for erecting an Asylum Harb
 ‘ at *Dunleary*, and that I will not accept or receive, directly o
 ‘ directly, any Monies, Fees, Perquisites or Profits, by way
 ‘ Commission, Premium, Per Centage or otherwise, for or by me
 ‘ of the said Office or any of the Duties annexed thereunto, or
 ‘ reason of any Account, Contract or Payment made or to be ma
 ‘ or in any way relating to the said Harbour, or any of the Harb
 ‘ or Works thereof, save such Payment and Compensation wh
 ‘ shall be paid or allowed to me by the said Commissioners:’

Which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby authori
 and required to administer; and if any such Secretary, Clerk or ot
 Officer, shall be guilty of any Embezzlement, Concealment, Fra
 or other matter, contrary to the true Intent and meaning of the sa
 Oath, and be thereof convicted, he shall for the said Offence suffer t
 Pains and Penalties as for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

Commissioners
 may contract.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law
 for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and emp
 powered to contract and agree with any fit and proper Person
 Persons, Artificers, Workmen and others for the making, doing,
 repairing of all or any of the Quays, Piers, Walls, Erections, Har
 and Works by this Act authorized, or directed to be done and per
 formed, or any Part thereof, or for supplying any of the Mater
 for the same, which Contract shall be signed by the Person or Per
 sons contracting or agreeing to perform such Works respectively
 and also by Three or more of the said Commissioners, or by the Sec
 retary to the said Commissioners, authorized by the said Commis
 sioners or any Three of them for that Purpose, and that all Con
 tracts which shall have been made or entered into, and all Nominati
 ons and Appointments of Engineers, Clerks, Secretary and other Of
 ficers, which shall have been made at any Time before the passing
 this Act, by or on behalf or under the Authority of the Commis
 sioners nominated and appointed in pursuance of the said recited Act
 of the Fifty fifth Year, shall be and the same are hereby declar
 ed good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be en
 forced into effect, and have effect in like manner, as Contracts, Nomin
 ations and Appointments made or to be made under the Authority
 of this Act.

Former Nominations of Officers
 good.

Commissioners
 may bring and
 defend Actions
 in the Name of
 their Secretary.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners
 may sue and be sued in the Name of their Secretary for the
 being, by the Style and Title of Secretary to the Commissioners
 of *Dunleary Harbour*. and that all Actions, Suits, Prosecutions, In
 formations, Appeals and other Proceedings whatsoever, that may
 be necessary or expedient to be brought for the Recovery of any Pen
 alty or Sum of Money due or payable by virtue of this Act, to
 had, taken, prosecuted or defended by or against the said Commis
 sioners shall be had, taken or prosecuted in the Name of their Sec
 retary, and that no Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, App
 or other Proceedings to be had, taken, prosecuted or defended
 or against the said Commissioners in the Name of their Secretary
 shall abate or be discontinued by the Death, Suspension or Remo

of such Secretary, or by any Act or Default of such Secretary, done or suffered without the Consent or Direction of the said Commissioners, but that the Secretary for the Time being shall be always deemed the Plaintiff, Prosecutor, Informant, Appellant, Defendant or Respondent in any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings, (as the case may be,) except in such Action or Actions, Suit or Suits, as shall be prosecuted between the said Commissioners and their Secretary for the time being, in which Action or Suit any One of the said Commissioners shall or may be Plaintiff or Defendant (as the case may be): Provided always, that every such Secretary, in whose Name any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceeding shall be had, taken, prosecuted or defended in pursuance of this or the said recited Act, shall be fully reimbursed, and paid out of the Monies applicable to the Purposes of this Act, all such Costs, Charges, Damages and Expenses as by the Events, or in consequence of any such Action, Suit, Prosecution, Information, Appeal or other Proceedings, he or they shall pay, bear, expend, or be put unto, or become chargeable with or liable for, or be fairly entitled to, by reason of his or their being so made Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Defendant or Defendants, Informant or Informants, Appellant or Appellants, Respondent or Respondents as aforesaid, unless such Action or Suit shall arise in consequence of his own wilful Neglect or Default, or have been brought or commenced, or be defended without the Order of the said Commissioners.

Death &c. of Secretary no Abatement of Action, &c.

Secretary reimbursed Expenses of Action.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall, and they are hereby authorized and empowered to proceed in the making, improving and completing the said Harbour, and in the making and completing a Road and Quay along the Beach and Shore Westward of the said Harbour, and also to make such other permanent and temporary Roads to the said Harbour as they shall think fit and necessary for the Benefit and Advantage of the said Harbour, or for the Conveyance of Materials thereto, or to any of the said Works connected therewith as aforesaid, and also to make and maintain Reservoirs for supplying with Water all Shipping and Vessels as may resort to the said Harbour; and that for the Purposes of this Act, all Quays, Piers, Buildings, Erections and Works whatsoever, heretofore made, erected or built in the whole or in Part at any time before the passing of this Act, and all Ground, Strand, Land, Rocks, Stones and Materials applied to such Purposes at, in or near *Dunleary* aforesaid, by the Public or out of the Public Money, or under the Authority of any Parliamentary Grant, or any Act heretofore made, and all Roads, Piers, Quays, Erections and Buildings whatsoever, which shall or may be made, erected or built at any time after the passing of this Act, and all Ground applied to such Purposes under the Authority of this Act, or of the Commissioners hereby appointed; and also all such Land and Ground, Rock or Soil, Stones and Sand within the said Harbour, as is or are overflowed by the Tide of the Sea, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, until the said Harbour and all such Works as aforesaid shall be fully completed by and under the said Commissioners, and from and after the time when the said Commissioners shall deem the Erection, Completion and Improvement of the said Harbour, and all such other Works as aforesaid completed, testified by their Re-

Commissioners empowered to execute this Act.

Making Roads, &c.

Roads, &c.
vested in Cor-
poration for Im-
proving Port of
Dublin.

presentation to that Effect to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors for the time being, all the said Harbour so erected, completed and improved, and all Roads, Piers, Quays, Works, and other Erections and Buildings so heretofore made, or which hereafter shall be made, erected or built under the Authority of this Act, or of the Commissioners appointed under this Act, and the Ground and Soil on which the same are or shall be erected and built, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be from thenceforth vested, and shall be and remain from thenceforth vested in the Corporation for the preserving and improving the Port of *Dublin*; and all the Powers by this Act or any other Act given to or vested in the Commissioners for the Execution of this Act, shall be from thenceforth vested in and executed by the said Corporation, and the said Corporation shall from thenceforth out of the Funds vested in the said Corporation for the Purpose of preserving and improving the Port of *Dublin*, maintain, support and keep up the said Harbour, and all the Roads, Quays, Works, Erections and Buildings belonging thereunto, and so becoming vested in them under the Authority of this Act, in like manner as they do the other Works of the said Corporation within the Port and Harbour of *Dublin*.

Lands may be
entered to make
Survey and set
out Land for
Works, making
Satisfaction for
Damage.

VII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Agents, Workmen and Servants of the said Commissioners, from time to time to enter upon all Lands or Grounds of any Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, in, upon or through which any of the Roads, Piers, Quays, Works, Erections or Buildings authorized to be made under this Act are intended to be made, in order to survey and take Levels of the same, and to set out and ascertain such Parts thereof as the said Commissioners shall think necessary and proper for the Purposes of this Act, such Agents or Servants making Satisfaction for such Damage as they shall do thereby to the Occupiers of such Lands or Grounds for the time being, in case the same shall exceed One Shilling Sterling.

Powers to Com-
missioners to en-
ter Lands, and
take Materials
for Harbour and
Works.

VIII. And for the making, improving and completing the said Harbour, and making, using and maintaining all such Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Works, Erections and Buildings as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary for that Purpose, and for the Execution of this Act according to the Tenor and Intent of the same, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in, upon and through any Lands or Premises, being the Property of or belonging to The King's Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or of any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and situate within Three Miles of the said Harbour, (not being within Three hundred Yards of any capital Mansion House, nor within any Plantation, Avenue, Pleasure Ground, or Garden attached to any capital Mansion House, planted, made or formed before the passing of this Act, or in any Deer Park inclosed with a Wall, prior to the passing of this Act, and actually occupied at the time with Deer,) to enter and to quarry, dig, remove, take and carry away all such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or any other Materials, (standing Timber only excepted,) in, out of, upon and from such Lands and Grounds, as may be necessary and convenient to be employed for the Purpose of this Act, and also to place, lay, work or manufacture all

such Stone, Limestone, Gravel, Sand or other Materials, which shall be so dug or got as aforesaid, on the Grounds near to the Place or Places where the same shall be so dug or got, or where the Stone shall be used or employed for the Purposes of this Act, and also to make, maintain and use such good and sufficient Roads and Ways as the said Commissioners shall think necessary or convenient for conveying all such Stones, Limestones, Gravel, Sand or other Materials, so cut, dug, quarried or obtained, taken away or removed for the Purposes of this Act, from the Place and Places where the same shall be respectively so cut and dug, and quarried and obtained, to the Places where the same shall be employed for the Purposes of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction to the Owners and Proprietors of all such Lands and Premises, for all Damages by them done or to be done in the Execution of this Act.

To make Roads for conveying Materials.

Satisfaction to Owners for Damage.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners and their Agents, Servants and Workmen, and they are hereby authorized and empowered in and upon any Land or Premises by this Act vested in the said Commissioners, or that they may enter on, take or purchase by virtue of this Act, to make, erect, complete and maintain all and every and other such Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever, as and where the said Commissioners shall think requisite and convenient for the Purposes of this Act; and also to make, erect, complete and maintain such Waterworks, Reservoirs and other Engines and Works as the said Commissioners shall deem necessary and expedient for supplying all such Ships and Vessels, which may resort to the said Harbour, with Water; and for that Purpose to convey and use any Stream or Streams of Water now running or flowing into the Sea at or near the Harbour or Town of *Dunleary*, or within Three Miles thereof as aforesaid; and also to make and do all other matters and things which they the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit, necessary and convenient for making, effecting, extending, improving, preserving, completing and using the said Harbour, and all Roads, Ways, Piers, Docks, Quays, Works, Waterworks, Erections and Buildings relating thereto, in pursuance and within the true Meaning of this Act, they the said Commissioners making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for all Damages and Injuries done to any Lands and Premises which shall be damaged or prejudiced by the taking of any Materials or by the making of any Roads or temporary Roads for the Conveyance of such Materials for the Purposes of this Act, and also making Satisfaction in manner by this Act directed for the Purchase of any Lands and Premises required to be employed, taken or used in making, completing or maintaining any permanent or temporary Roads, or in the making, erecting, completing or maintaining of any Piers, Docks, Quays, Reservoirs, Waterworks Engines, Works, Erections and Buildings whatsoever for the Purposes of this Act; and this Act shall be sufficient to indemnify the said Commissioners and their Servants, Agents and Workmen, and all other Persons whomsoever, for whatever they or any of them shall do by virtue of the Powers hereby granted.

Commissioners may make Roads, Quays and Works on Lands, &c. purchased by them.

Making Satisfaction to Owners for Damage.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for the time being, to treat and agree

Commissioners to treat and agree with In-

heritors of
Ground required
for Purposes of
Act.

agree with all and every or any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, who is, are or may be the Inheritor or Inheritors, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises required for the Purposes of this Act, for the Purchase of such Land or Premises, or relative to and concerning any Compensation or Satisfaction which any such Person or Persons may claim or demand for any Damage or Damages which he, she or they may suffer or sustain by reason of the Execution of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Husbands, Guardians, Tenants in Tail, Trustees and Feoffees in Trust, Committees, Executors, Administrators and all other Trustees whomsoever, not only for or on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for or on behalf of their several Cestuique Trusts, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, married Women, or other Person or Persons, and to and for all married Women who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested in any Lands used or required for the Purposes of this Act, whether entitled in Fee Simple, Fee Tail or otherwise, to contract and agree for, and to sell and convey unto the said Commissioners, or to such Persons as they shall nominate and appoint for the Purposes of this Act, all or any Part of any Lands or Premises which shall from time to time be used or required for the Purposes of this Act, and also to claim and demand, and to contract and agree with the said Commissioners for any Compensation or Satisfaction, for any Damage or Damages which such Body Politic or Corporate, or Person or Persons, or his or their Lands or Premises may respectively suffer by reason of the Execution of this Act; and in case such Treaty or Treaties shall end in an Agreement or Agreements, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to take and accept of a Conveyance or Conveyances of such Lands or Premises as they shall purchase from such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or any of them; and to take and accept of a Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, for such Satisfaction or Compensation as aforesaid, which Conveyance or Conveyances, Release or Releases, Discharge or Discharges, shall be binding and conclusive to and upon the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, executing the same, and all Persons claiming under them, and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate; and all Persons whomsoever so contracting and agreeing are hereby indemnified for what they or any of them shall respectively do by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act; and the Expence of all such Contracts, Agreements, Sales, Conveyances and Assurances, shall be defrayed out of the Money granted for the Purposes of this Act; and such of them as shall be made for the conveying of any Lands or Premises to the Commissioners shall be made according to the following Form, or some other Form to the like Effect; (that is to say)

Discharges for
Compensation.

Expence of Con-
veyance how
defrayed.

Form of Con-
veyance.

‘ I *A. B.* of _____ in Consideration of the Sum of _____
‘ to me paid by the Commissioners
‘ appointed to carry into Execution an Act passed in the Fifty sixth
‘ Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for*
‘ *erecting an Harbour for Ships to the Eastward of Dunleary, within*
‘ *the Port of Dublin*, do hereby grant, convey and dispose to the said
‘ Commissioners all [*describing the Lands or Premises to be conveyed,*]

‘ and

‘ and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of me the said *A. B.*
 ‘ to and in the same, and every Part thereof, to hold the same unto
 ‘ the said Commissioners and their Successors for ever, by virtue of
 ‘ and according to the true Intent and Meaning, and for the Purposes
 ‘ of the said Act of Parliament. In Witness whereof I have here-
 ‘ unto set my Hand this Day of in the
 ‘ Year of our Lord

And that such Conveyance in the Form aforesaid, or any other Form to the same Effect, shall be good and effectual in Law and Equity to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, to convey and vest in the said Commissioners all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the Person and Persons for conveying, and shall be good and effectual against them, their Heirs and Successors (as the case may be).

XI. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners by reason of Nonage, Coverture, Intail, Insanity or other legal Impediment in the Owner or Owners, Occupier or Occupiers of any Land or Premises, used or required for the Purposes of this Act, or from any other Cause or Reason cannot or shall not agree with the Owners and Occupiers of such Land or Premises as aforesaid, relative to the Purchase of any such Land or Premises, or relative to any Satisfaction or Compensation for Damages to such Land or Premises, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested in the Question to be determined by being entitled to any Sum or Sums of Money, claimed to be paid for such Land and Premises, or Damages respectively, or any Part thereof,) from time to time, to issue a Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, under their Hands and Seals, to the Sheriffs of the County of *Dublin*, thereby commanding such Sheriff to impanel and return a competent Number of substantial and disinterested Persons qualified to serve on Juries, not less than Thirty six, nor more than Sixty; and such Sheriff is hereby authorized and required to impanel and return such Jury and Juries from time to time accordingly, under the Penalty of Fifty Pounds for every Default in so doing, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, by such Commissioners or their Secretary, or in default by them, then by any Person who shall sue for same in any Court of Record; and out of such Persons so to be impanelled and returned, a Jury of Twelve Persons shall be drawn by some Person to be named by the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, in such manner as Juries for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Four Courts in *Dublin*, by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the Second*, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of Juries*, are directed to be drawn, which Persons so to be impanelled, summoned and returned as aforesaid, are hereby required to come and appear before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them as aforesaid, at such time and Place, as in such Warrant or Warrants, Precept or Precepts, shall be directed and appointed, and to attend the said Commissioners until discharged by the said Commissioners; and all Parties concerned shall and may have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not be at Liberty to challenge the Array; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested as aforesaid,) are hereby authorized and empowered by Precept or Precepts, Summons or Summonses,

In Default of Agreement Jury summoned to value same.

Sheriff to impanel a Jury.

Penalty.

29 G. 2. (1.)

Commissioners may call and examine Witnesses on Oath.

Commissioners
empowered to
administer Oaths.

Judgment by
Commissioners
for Money
awarded.
Notice of First
Meeting of
Jury.

Judgment bind-
ing.

monies, from time to time as Occasion shall require, to call before them and the said Jury all and every Person and Persons whomsoever who shall be thought proper and necessary to be examined as Witnesses before them and the said Jury, on their Oath or Oaths, touching and concerning the Premises; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, if they shall think fit, shall and may authorize the said Jury to view the Place or Places in question, in such manner as they shall direct, and shall have Power to adjourn such Meeting from day to day as Occasion shall require, and to command such Jury upon their Oaths, (which Oaths, as also the Oaths to such Person or Persons as shall be called upon to give Evidence, the said Commissioners, or any One of them, not being interested as aforesaid, are and is hereby empowered and required to administer,) shall enquire of the Value of such Ground and Premises as shall require to be purchased for the Purposes of this Act, and of the respective Estate, Right, Title, Term and Interest of every Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic and Corporate, seized or possessed thereof, or interested therein, or of or in any Part thereof; and also what Compensation or Satisfaction, if any, shall be awarded and paid to any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for any Damage or Damages, which he or they or any of them may consequently or otherwise suffer or sustain, or have suffered or sustained, by any Act, matter or thing done in the Execution of this Act; and shall assess and award the Sum or Sums to be paid to every such Person or Persons, for the Purchase of such his, her or their respective Estates, Rights, Titles, Terms and Interests as aforesaid, or for any such Damage or Damages as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, (not being interested as aforesaid,) shall and may give Judgment for such Sum or Sums of Money so to be assessed and awarded, which said Verdict or Verdicts, and the said Judgment and Determination thereupon, (Notice in Writing being given to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, interested at least Fourteen Days before the time of the First Meeting of the said Jury, declaring the time and Place of the Meeting, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at his, her or their usual Place or Places of Abode, if then resident within *Ireland*, and if not, then with the known Agent or Receiver of the Rents of such Persons as shall be then absent from *Ireland*, or if a Body Politic or Corporate, then with the ostensible or waiting Officer of such Body Politic or Corporate,) shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, against all and every Person or Persons, Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, claiming any Estate, Right, Title, Trust, Use or Interest, in, to or out of any such Land or Premises, either in Possession, Reversion, Remainder or Expectancy, as well Infants and Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots and Females Coverts, and Persons under any legal Incapacity or Disability, and all other Cestuique Trusts, his, her and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, and against all other Persons whomsoever; and the said Verdicts, Judgments and Decrees, and all other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries to be made, given and pronounced as aforesaid, shall be fairly written on Parchment, and signed by the said Commissioners, who shall pronounce such Judgment.

XII. And

XII. And be it further enacted, That when the Value of any Land or Premises, or the Recompence for any Damage done or to be done in any Land or Premises, shall be submitted to a Jury, such Land or Premises, and the Damage done thereto, shall be valued by such Jury with respect to the actual State, Situation and Value of such Lands and Premises, in like manner as if the said recited Act of the Fifty fifth Year or this Act had not been made, and not according to the additional Value which such Land or Premises shall or may acquire, or be supposed to acquire, by the making, improving and completing of the said Harbour, or by any future Improvements to be made or which might be made in such Land or Premises in consequence of such Harbour, or the Expenditure which shall be laid out for the Purposes of this Act.

Jury shall value Ground according to its actual State.

XIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That in all cases where a Verdict or Assessment shall be given or made for more Money, as a Recompence or Satisfaction for any Lands or Premises, or for any Satisfaction done or to be done to the same than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, all the Expences of summoning such Jury, and of taking such Inquest, shall be defrayed by the said Commissioners out of the Fund provided by this Act; but if any Verdict or Assessment shall be given or made for no more or for a less Sum than had been previously offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, then and in every such case the Costs and Expences of summoning such Jury, and taking such Inquest, shall be borne and paid by the Party to whom such Offer was previously made by such Commissioners: Provided always, that when by reason of Absence, or any Incapacity as aforesaid, any Person or Persons shall be prevented from treating with the said Commissioners, all the Costs and Expences of summoning such Jury, and taking such Inquest, shall be borne and paid by the said Commissioners out of the said Funds.

Expences of Juries how paid.

XIV. Provided also, and be it enacted, That all Persons making Complaints, and requesting such Jury for the ascertaining the Value of any Lands or Premises, or the Amount of any Recompence or Satisfaction for any Damage done or to be done to the same, shall, before the said Sheriff shall be obliged to summon such Jury, first enter into a Bond, with Two Sureties, to the Secretary or Clerk of the said Commissioners for the time being, in the Penalty of Fifty Pounds Sterling, to prosecute his, her, or their Complaint, and to bear and pay the Costs and Expences of summoning such Jury and taking such Inquest, in case a Verdict shall be given for no more or a less Sum than had been offered by or on behalf of the said Commissioners, before summoning and returning the said Jury or Juries, as the Value, or as a Recompence or Satisfaction for any Lands or Premises, or for any Damage as aforesaid: Provided always, that if the Person so requesting such Jury shall refuse to enter into such Bond as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners under this Act to require such Jury to be summoned, and the same shall be summoned accordingly by the Sheriff, and the Expence of summoning such Jury, and of taking the Inquest by them, shall be defrayed in manner and under the Regulations hereinbefore provided, mentioned and contained.

Persons requesting a Jury to enter into a Bond to prosecute.

Expence of summoning Jury how paid.

XV. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money so to be awarded or adjudged to the Person or Persons

Upon Payment of Sums so awarded, Con-

veyances shall be made of said Ground to Commissioners.

Persons to whom the same shall be awarded, for the Purchase of any such Ground or Premises as aforesaid, or for the Purchase of any Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest therein, such Person or Persons shall make, execute or procure to be made and executed, Conveyances to the said Commissioners of such Ground and Premises as aforesaid, or of such Estate, Right, Title, Term or Interest for which such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so awarded, in the Form hereinbefore set forth, or some other Form to the same Effect, and shall procure all necessary Parties to execute such Conveyances, Assignments and Assurances, and shall do all Acts, matters and things necessary and requisite to make a good, clear and perfect Title to the said Commissioners; and such Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be awarded by way of Compensation or Satisfaction for any such Damages as aforesaid, shall give and perfect to the said Commissioners a full and sufficient Release, Acquittance and Discharge from all Claims and Demands for or on account of all Damages for which † Sum shall be awarded as aforesaid.

† *Sic.*

Such Verdicts entered in the Rolls Office of Court of Chancery, and Copies thereof deemed Evidence in all Courts, and on Payment to Owners or into Chancery.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries, as relate to or concern the Premises aforesaid, shall be entered in the Rolls Office of the said Court of Chancery, and the same or true Copies thereof shall be deemed and taken to be good and sufficient Evidence and Proof in any Court or Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever, and immediately on the Entry of such Verdicts, Judgments, Sentences, Decrees, Orders and other Proceedings of the said Commissioners and Juries as aforesaid, and on Payment of the Sum or Sums of Money agreed on or adjudged or awarded, either for the Purchase of any Land or Premises, or as a Satisfaction or Compensation for any Damages to the Proprietor or Proprietors of any Ground or Premises, or to the Person or Persons who shall be entitled to receive such Money, or on Payment of which Money, respecting which any Difficulties, Disputes or Differences shall arise, into the Bank of *Ireland*, in manner and for the Purposes herein mentioned, all the Estate, Right, Title, Term, Interest, Use, Trust, Property, Claim and Demand in Law and Equity, of the Person or Persons to whom or to whose Use such Money shall be paid as aforesaid, into and out of all Ground and Premises which shall be so purchased, shall pass to and be vested in the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, and the said Commissioners shall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Possession of such, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and all and every Person or Persons, Body and Bodies Politic and Corporate, to whom any such Satisfaction and Compensation as aforesaid shall be awarded, shall from thenceforth be for ever barred from claiming any further or other Satisfaction or Compensation whatsoever, for any Damage which they or any of them shall sustain by the means aforesaid.

Premises thenceforth vested in Commissioners.

Conveyances as aforesaid of Estate, &c. effectual.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Conveyance to the said Commissioners of any such Estate and Interest of any Feme Covert, in or to any such Ground or Premises as aforesaid, by Conveyance in the Form hereinbefore directed and prescribed, and enrolled within Six Calendar Months in any of His Majesty's Four Courts in *Dublin*, shall as effectually and absolutely convey the Estate and

and Interest of such Femes Coverts in the Premises as any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries, should or could do if levied or suffered in due Form of Law; and further, that all Conveyances to be made in the Form hereinbefore directed and prescribed, or any other Form to the same Effect, and enrolled as hereinbefore mentioned, of any Ground or Premises which shall be purchased by the said Commissioners by virtue of and for the Purposes of this Act, shall have the like Force, Effect and Operation in Law, to all Intents and Purposes, which any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries whatsoever, would have if levied or suffered by the Bargainor or Bargainors, or any Person seised of any Estate in the Premises in Trust, for or to the Use of such Bargainor or Bargainors in any legal manner and Form whatsoever.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, purchased, taken or used by virtue of the Powers and for the Purposes of this Act, which shall belong to any Corporation, Feme Covert, Infant, Lunatic or Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or seised or possessed of only a particular or determinable Estate or Interest therein, such Money shall, in case the same amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery in *Ireland*, to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Commissioners for executing this Act, to the Intent that such Money may be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands and Hereditaments, towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts, or such other Incumbrances, or Part thereof, as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the same Lands or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing, undetermined and capable of taking Effect, and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made the said Money shall by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be vested by the said Accountant General in his Name, in the Purchase of some of the Government Securities transferrable at the Bank of *Ireland*; and in the meantime, and until the said Government Securities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and Annual Produce of the said Government Securities shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands or Hereditaments so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Application of
Compensation
Money when
exceeding 200l.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed or awarded to be paid for any Lands or Hereditaments purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under Incapacity or Disability as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds,

then

Application
when Compensa-
tion is less than
200l. and ex-
ceeds 20l.

then and in such case the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands and Hereditaments taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the said Bank of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privy of the said Accountant General of the said High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in the manner hereinbefore directed, or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option to Two Trustees to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved of by the Commissioners for executing this Act, such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands of the nominating and approving Parties, in order that such Principal Money, and the Dividends arising therefrom, may be applied in manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the same may be applicable, without obtaining or being required to obtain the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

Application
where Money is
less than 20l.

XX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That where such Money so agreed or awarded to be paid as last before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands and Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall think fit, or in case of Infancy or Lunacy; then to his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

In case of not
making out
Title.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That in case the Person or Persons to whom any Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid, shall not be able to make a good Title to the Premises, to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or shall refuse to execute such Conveyance or Conveyances, or such Release, Acquittance or Discharge as is required by this Act; or in case such Person or Persons, to whom such Sum or Sums of Money shall be so ordered to be paid as aforesaid, cannot be found; or in case it shall not satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners what such Shares and Proportions of any Purchase Money or Recompence for Damages ought to be paid or allowed to any Tenant or other Person having a particular Estate, Term or Interest in any Premises; or if the Person or Persons entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, be not known or discovered, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, to order the said Sum or Sums of Money so awarded to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the said Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account, to the Credit of the Parties interested in the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments (describing them), subject to the Order, Control and Disposition of the said Court of Chancery, which said Court, on the Application of any Person or Persons making claim to any such Sum or Sums of Money, or any Part thereof, by Motion or Petition, shall be and is hereby empowered in a summary Way of Proceeding, or otherwise, as to

Or if Persons
cannot be found,
Purchase
Money paid into
Bank, subject to
Order of Court
of Chancery on
Motion or Petition.

the

the said Court shall seem meet, to order the same to be laid out and invested in Government Securities, or to order Distribution thereof, or Payment of the Interest thereof, according to the respective Estate or Estates, Title or Interest of the Person or Persons making Claim thereunto, and to make such other Order in the Premises as to the said Court shall seem just and reasonable; and the Cashier or Cashiers of the Bank of *Ireland*, who shall receive such Sum or Sums of Money, is and are hereby required to give a Receipt or Receipts for such Sum or Sums of Money, mentioning and specifying for what and for whose Use the same is or are received, to such Person or Persons as shall pay any such Sum or Sums of Money into the Bank as aforesaid.

XXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Person to any Money to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland*, in the Name and with the Privy of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased in pursuance of this Act, or to any Government Securities to be purchased with any such Money, or to the Dividends or Interests of any such Government Securities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to be lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery, and the Dividends or Interest of the Government Securities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Government Securities shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Messuages, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Where any Question shall arise touching Title to Money to be paid, the Person who shall be in Possession of the Lands at the time of such Purchase shall be deemed entitled thereto according to such Possession.

XXIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when by reason of any Disability or Incapacity of the Person or Persons, or Corporation entitled to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be purchased under the Authority of this Act, the Purchase Money of the same shall be required to be paid into the Court of Chancery, and to be applied in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments to be settled to the like Uses in pursuance of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Chancery to order the Expences of all Purchases from time to time to be made in pursuance of this Act, or so much of such Expences as the said Court shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Monies to be received by virtue of this Act, who shall from time to time pay such Sums of Money for such Purposes as the said Court shall direct.

The Court of Chancery may order reasonable Expences of Purchases to be paid by Commissioners.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully obstruct, molest or hinder any Surveyor, Engineer, Workman or Labourer employed by the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, in the Performance of his, her or their Duty or Employment, in the Execution of this Act, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any Person shall wilfully, and to the Prejudice of the said

Damaging the Works or obstructing the Execution of Act.

said Harbour, break, throw down, destroy or in any wise damage or injure any Pier, Dock, Quay, Reservoir, Erection, Machine, Building, Road, Rail Way or other Work whatever heretofore erected or made, or hereafter to be erected or made, by virtue of this Act, or any Part thereof, or shall obstruct, hinder or divert the Course of any Stream of Water which at any time before the passing of this Act ran or flowed into the Sea at the said Harbour, other than as shall be done by or under the Directions of the said Commissioners, or shall do any other wilful Hurt or Mischief to obstruct, hinder or prevent the carrying on, completing, supporting, improving and maintaining of the said Harbour, or of any Water or other Works erected under this Act, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and every such Person so offending, and being lawfully convicted thereof, shall be subject to the like Pains and Penalties as in cases of Felony, and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Law of *Ireland*, or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such lesser Punishment as to such Court shall seem proper.

Felony.

Stealing Ropes,
Materials,
Tools, &c.

XXV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, if That any Person or Persons shall steal, or fraudulently or unlawfully take from on Board any Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel lying within the present Harbour of *Dunleary*, or within the said intended Asylum Harbour, or from or upon the Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways leading to or belonging to the said Harbours, or either or any of them, any Rope, Cable, Anchor, Oar, Spar or any Tackling, Necessary or Material belonging to any such Ship, Wherry, Boat or other Vessel, or any of the Furniture, Cargo or Property belonging to or on Board such Ships or Vessels, or any Goods or Property of any Person or Persons whatsoever, which may be lying at, upon or along such Piers, Quays, Roads or Ways, or any of them, without the Consent of the Owner or Owners, or shall steal or unlawfully take as aforesaid any of the Tools, Implements, Materials or other Goods, Chattels or Property used or intended to be used in the said Asylum Harbour or the Works connected therewith, or belonging thereto, or to the said Commissioners, or to any other Person for the Use of the said Works, that then and in such case the Person or Persons so offending shall, upon Conviction before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Dublin*, by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses, or by the Confession of the Party, or upon Conviction before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, in manner aforesaid, forfeit and pay any Sum not less than Forty Shillings, in the Discretion of such Justice or Commissioners; and in default of Payment thereof, immediately upon said Conviction, then it shall be lawful for the said Justice or Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and required to commit the Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, or Common Jail of the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for any time or term not exceeding Six Months, at the Discretion of such Justice or Commissioners.

Penalty.

Default of Pay-
ment.

Imprisonment.

Duties granted
according to
Schedule an-
nexed.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid upon or in respect of Ships, Vessels or other Bottoms coming into the Port or Harbour of *Dublin*,

Dublin, and upon and in respect of the several Persons, matters and things mentioned, specified and set forth in the Schedule to this Act annexed, the several Duties and Sums of Money mentioned, specified and set forth in the Words and Figures of the said Schedule, in Addition to all other Duties of Customs payable on or in respect of such Ships or Vessels, or such Persons, matters or things respectively, under any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*.

XXVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend to any Ships or Vessels belonging to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, or that shall or may be employed in His Majesty's Service, or in the Service of the Post Office, Excise or Customs.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties by this Act and the Schedule thereto annexed granted on Ships or Vessels in respect of the Tonnage thereof, or by Way of Slippage or City Dues, or Anchorage, and upon Entries, Invoices, Outvoices, Bills of View, Bills of Health, Bonds, Certificates, Affidavits of Registry, Licences to navigate, Debenture and Drawback Papers, and Permits, shall be levied, collected and received, over and above every other Duty now payable thereon, by the Collector or other chief Officer of Customs in the Port of *Dublin*, and that the said Collector and Comptrollers, Receiver of Entries, Surveyors or Searchers, Waiters and all other Officers of the Customs whatever for the time being, or their respective Deputies or Clerks at the said Port or Harbour of *Dublin*, shall not after the Commencement of the Duties by this Act granted, take or receive any Entry or Cocket, or other Discharge or Clearance, or take any Report outward for any Ship or Vessel liable or subject to the said Duties, until all the said Duties shall be paid pursuant to the Directions of this Act, to the Collector of the Customs in the said Port of *Dublin*, nor until the Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, subject to the Payment of any of the said Duties, shall shew and produce a Receipt for all such Duties accordingly to the Officer required to take any such Entry, Cocket, Discharge, Clearance or Report outwards as aforesaid; and that the said Collector or other chief Officer of the Customs in the Port of *Dublin*, shall keep a separate and distinct Account of the Amount of all the said Duties to be received by him under this Act, under the Head of "Duties applicable to *Dunleary Harbour*;" and that the said Duties shall once in every Week be accounted for by the said Collector or other Chief Officer, and shall by him be paid from time to time, in like manner as other Duties of Custom, to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Revenue, to be by him paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland* to be applied to the Purposes of this Act, in manner and according to the Regulations hereinafter mentioned.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That for carrying into Execution the several Purposes of this Act, and the Erection and Completion of the said Asylum Harbour, and for the Protection of the said Works until they shall be completed and finished, and also of all Materials to be used therein, and for the Punishment of all Persons guilty of any Trespas or Injury to the said Works and Materials, the several Persons heretofore appointed, or who hereafter may be appointed Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act, in manner hereinbefore mentioned, shall for the Purpose of carrying this Act

Exemption of His Majesty's Ships.

Duties of Tonnage on Ships, and on Entries &c. received by Collector of Dublin Port, and paid into Treasury for the Purposes of Act.

Collector to keep separate Account of Duties.

Powers of the Commissioners.

Powers of
26 G. 3. (L.)

32 G. 3. (L.)

Applied to Execu-
tion of Act.

Provided.

Lord Lieutenant
may order Ad-
vances to carry
into Effect Plans
approved of by
him and the
Treasurer.

Lord Lieutenant
may advance
further Sums of
Money on Credi-
t of Rates.

† Sic.

into Execution have all such Powers and Authorities as are given to or vested in the Corporation for preserving and improving the Port of *Dublin*, under and by virtue of an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious*; and of another Act made in the Thirty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for repairing and preserving the Walls of the River Anna Liffey in the City of Dublin, and for amending an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled 'An Act for promoting the Trade of Dublin, by rendering its Port and Harbour more commodious*;' and that all such Powers, Authorities and Regulations, contained in the said recited Acts of the Twenty sixth and Thirty second Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and as shall be applicable, requisite and necessary for the carrying this Act into Execution, shall extend and be construed to extend, and shall be applied and made use of in the Execution of this Act, by the Commissioners for executing this Act for the time being, in as full and ample a manner as the said Corporation are enabled to act and do by the said recited Acts or either of them, as if the said Powers, Authorities and Regulations were repeated and reenacted in this Act, as fully to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as far as the same are or can be made applicable to the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that the said Commissioners for the Purposes of this Act shall be subject to all such Rules, Orders, Regulations and Directions as shall from time to time be given to the said Commissioners by the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, for and relating to the Execution of this Act.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners for executing this Act shall from time to time submit all Plans, Surveys and Estimates which they shall think proper to be commenced or carried on for or towards the Erection or Completion of the said Asylum Harbour, and the other Works connected therewith as aforesaid, to the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, for the Approbation of the said Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, and whenever any such Plans, Surveys and Estimates shall be so approved of, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to order the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Treasurer for the time being, to advance and pay to the Commissioners for executing this Act, out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, from time to time, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds Net, to be repaid with Interest at the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, out of the Rates and Duties imposed by this Act on Ships and Vessels entering the said Harbour.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to make such further Advance or Advances from time to time, out of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, towards the Completion of the said Harbour, as † the Amount of the Rates and Duties hereby imposed for the Support thereof will be sufficient to defray the Interest thereof at the Rate
of

of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, and a Sinking Fund of One Pound *per Centum per Annum*, upon the whole Amount of such Sum or Sums as shall be so advanced.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That a separate and distinct Account of all Money which shall be paid into the said Exchequer, on account of the said Duties, shall be kept in the said Exchequer, and so much of the said Money as shall be sufficient to answer and pay all Interest and Sinking Fund due at the Rate aforesaid, upon all Sums which shall be so from time to time advanced, shall on the Fifth Day of *January* in every Year be carried to and made part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, and every such Sum and Sums of Money, arising from the said Duties, as shall exceed the Amount of such Interest and Sinking Fund, shall in like manner be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, towards the Discharge, Repayment and Satisfaction of the principal Sum or Sums so to be advanced, until the whole Amount of such principal Sum and Sums shall be carried to and made Part of the said Consolidated Fund, in Discharge, Repayment and full Satisfaction of all such Principal Sums to be so advanced and in Payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund thereof in the Meantime, and that when the whole of all such Principal Sums and Interest as aforesaid shall be so discharged, repaid and satisfied in manner aforesaid, all the said Duties shall cease and determine, and to be no longer levyable or payable under Authority of this Act.

The Sums to be advanced until Duties are sufficient to pay the Annual Interest, to the Payment of which and the Liquidation of the Principal all the Duties shall be applied annually.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That every Penalty and Forfeiture imposed or to be imposed by virtue of this Act, the Levying and Recovery whereof is not particularly hereinbefore directed, shall and may be recovered on the Conviction of the Offender, by the Oath of One credible Witness, or on his own Confession before the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, or before any One Justice of the Peace for the County or Place wherein the Offence shall be committed, or the Offender shall be, and every such Fine, Penalty and Forfeiture shall and may, in case of Nonpayment thereof, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Effects of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Commissioners or Justice of the Peace, and such Commissioners and Justice are and is hereby authorized and required to examine Witnesses upon Oath, and to hear and determine all Complaints, touching any such Offence or Offences, and every Fine, Forfeiture and Penalty (the Application whereof is not hereinbefore particularly directed) shall be paid into the Hands of the Secretary to the Commissioners, and shall be applied and disposed of to the Purposes of this Act, and the Overplus of the Money raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Expences of such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Effects so distrained; and for want of sufficient Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners or Justice by Warrant under their or his Hand, to commit such Offender to the Common Jail or House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

Recovery of Fines.

Distress.

How applied. Distress.

Want of Distress.

Imprisonment.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Conviction shall be had for any Offence or Offences committed against

Form of Conviction.

against this Act, the form of Conviction shall be in the Words or to the Effect following; (that is to say,)

‘ to wit. } **BE** it remembered, That on this Day of
 ‘ Reign of in the Year of the
 ‘ me [or us] the Mayor, [Magistrate, or Justice or Justices of the A. B. is convicted before
 ‘ Peace,] for the of having [here state the
 ‘ Offence,] contrary to an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the of having [here state the
 ‘ Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled [here of having [here state the
 ‘ insert the Title of this Act,] and I [or we] the said of having [here state the
 ‘ do adjudge him, [her, or them] to [here state the Punishment].
 ‘ Given under my Hand and Seal [or our Hands and Seals] the
 ‘ Day and Year above written.’

Appeal to
Quarter Sessions.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful and for any Person or Persons convicted before the said Commissioners of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions, or General Sessions to be holden for the said County of the City of *Dublin*, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, for being personally present at such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, and for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and for abiding the Determination of the Court therein; and the Justices at such Sessions are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and to make such Determination therein, and either to confirm or quash or annul the said Conviction, and to award such Costs to either of the Parties or otherwise, as they the said Justices shall judge proper; and all such Determinations shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Parties to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Limitation of
Actions.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, until Twenty one Days' Notice thereof in Writing shall have been given to the said Commissioners, nor after a sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party or Parties aggrieved, nor after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action shall be brought in some One of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Dublin*, and shall be laid in the County of *Dublin* and not elsewhere, and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the special matter in Evidence, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act, and if the same shall appear so to be done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought without Twenty one Days' Notice thereof, or shall be brought in any other County or Place, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, that then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict should pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have double Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in any other cases of Law.

General Issue.

Double Costs.

XXXVII. And

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, out of the Funds appropriated for the Purposes of this Act, to reimburse and repay all and every Person or Persons who have heretofore been concerned in forwarding and carrying on the said Plan of an Asylum Harbour, for all such Loss of time, Trouble and Expence, as they may have from time to time been at, in furtherance of such Object, and the Expences of obtaining and passing this Act, and to take Credit for the same in the Accounts accordingly.

Commissioners
empowered to
reimburse.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

	British Currency.		
	£.	s.	d.
For every Foreign Ship or Vessel, or those belonging to Foreigners, which shall enter the Port or Harbour of Dublin, a Duty on the Burthen of the said Ship or Vessel, per Ton, of	0	0	6
For every Ship or Vessel, or Ships and Vessels belonging to Subjects of His Majesty, which shall enter the said Port or Harbour, save those freighted with Coals, and carrying Coastways, a Duty on such Burthen, per Ton, of	0	0	4
For every Ship or Vessel freighted with Coals, and for every Vessel coming Coastways from any Port in Ireland, which shall respectively enter the said Port or Harbour, a Duty on such Burthen, per Ton, of	0	0	2
For all Entries of any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, which shall be made or entered at any Custom House within the Port and Harbour of Dublin, whether such Entry be Inwards or Outwards, for every such Entry, a Duty of	0	1	0
For each and every Invoice, Outvoice, Coast Cocket, Cross-Channel Cocket, General Receipt, Tobacco or any other Receipt, and Luggage Permit, which may be had, got, passed or procured at any such Custom House, a Duty of	0	2	0
For each and every Coast Permit and Cross-Channel Permit, a Duty of	0	2	0
For each and every Bond, whether Inwards or Outwards, save Masters' and Mates' Bond, a Duty of	0	2	0
For each and every Bond called a Master's and Mate's Bond, a Duty of	0	7	6
For Master and Mate's Certificate, and for Certificates of Registry, on each a Duty of	0	7	6
For each and every Ship which shall enter the said Port and Harbour of Dublin, for Anchorage, Slippage and City Dues, a Sum or Duty of	0	7	6
For each and every Bill of View, Store Note, and for the Papers called Debenture Papers and Drawback Papers, and for every Affidavit of Registry and Bill of Health, a Duty of	0	2	6
For every Licence to navigate, a Duty of	0	10	0
For every Transire Certificate, a Duty of	0	10	0

C A P. LXIII.

An Act to regulate the General Penitentiary for Convicts, at *Millbank*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [22d June 1816.]

52 G. 3. c. 44.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the Erection of a Penitentiary House for the Confinement of Offenders convicted within the City of *London* and County of *Middlesex*, and which Act, by the Provisions thereof, was extended also to Offenders convicted in other Parts of *England* and *Wales*, a Penitentiary has been erected at *Millbank*, in the County of *Middlesex*, for the Confinement and Employment of Male and Female Convicts; and the same is now completed for the Reception of a Part of the Number intended to be confined therein: And Whereas under and by virtue of the Powers contained in the said Act, His Majesty in Council has been pleased to appoint a Committee to superintend the said Penitentiary: And Whereas the Number of Convicts who may be confined in the said Penitentiary may conveniently be increased, without any Enlargement of the Building; and it is therefore expedient that Provision should be made for that Purpose: And Whereas it is also expedient that other and further Provisions should be made, for the due Regulation of the said Penitentiary, and of the Convicts to be confined therein; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Provisions in the said Act contained, so far as they relate to the Number of Convicts who may be confined in the said Penitentiary, and to the Confinement, Employment and Management of the Convicts in the said Penitentiary, and the Establishment and Duties of Officers belonging to the same, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

56.

Certain Provisions of recited Act repealed.

Supervisors may make Accommodation for 400 Male and 400 Female Convicts, who may be confined in the said Penitentiary at the same time.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Supervisors appointed under the said recited Act, and they are hereby empowered, to make Accommodation in the said Penitentiary for the Confinement and Employment of Four Hundred Male and a like Number of Female Convicts, making in the whole Eight Hundred Convicts; any thing in the said Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and that any Number of Convicts, not exceeding Four Hundred Male and Four Hundred Female Convicts, may, with the Approbation of His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, be imprisoned at one and the same time in the said Prison or Penitentiary, and confined, employed and managed therein, under the Provisions of this Act.

Committee to remain until another is appointed.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Committee which has been nominated and appointed by His Majesty in His Privy Council to superintend the said Penitentiary, shall remain and continue the Committee for that Purpose until a new Nomination or Appointment shall take place; and that it shall be lawful for His Majesty in His Privy Council from time to time to remove all or any of the Persons composing the said Committee, and to appoint others in their Stead, or in the Stead of any such as shall die or resign: Provided always, that such Committee shall not at any time consist of

Proviso.

of less than Ten nor more than Twenty Persons in Number at the same time.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Committee, or any Three of them, to hold Meetings, and to make Bye Laws, Rules, Orders and Regulations, for the assembling of the said Committee, and for all matters relating to the Meetings of the same, as well as for the Government of the said Penitentiary, and for receiving, separating, classing, dieting, clothing, maintaining, employing, reforming, managing, treating and watching the Convicts during their respective Confinement therein, as to the said Committee shall seem just and proper; provided however that such Bye Laws, Rules and Orders, shall not have force until they shall have been submitted to the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and until such Justices shall have subscribed a Declaration, that they do not see any thing contrary to Law in the said Bye Laws, Rules and Orders, so to be made as aforesaid; and all such Bye Laws, Rules and Orders, shall be afterwards added to or altered, from time to time, as often as the said Committee shall think necessary; and such Additions and Alterations, so far as the same relate to the employing, reforming, managing, treating and watching the Convicts in the said Penitentiary, shall also in like manner be submitted to the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and confirmed in manner aforesaid.

Committee to make Bye Laws, Rules, &c.

and add to or alter them,

submitted to K. B.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for such Committee, or any Three of them, at any of their said Meetings, to appoint any One or more of their said Members to visit the said Penitentiary, during the Intervals between the Meetings of the said Committee, and to delegate, if they shall think fit, Power to such Visitors, or any of them, to make any Order or give any Directions in cases of pressing Emergency within the said Penitentiary, which might be made or given by the said Committee if they were sitting; provided that every such Order or Direction, together with the Circumstances by which the same was occasioned, shall be reported to the said Committee at their next Meeting.

Appointment of Visitors.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for the Regulation and Management of such Penitentiary, and previously to the Opening thereof for the Reception of Convicts, there shall be elected and appointed by the said Committee, a Governor, a Chaplain, a Secretary and Examiner of Accounts, a Surgeon or Apothecary, a Master Manufacturer, a Steward, and also for that Partion of the Penitentiary set apart for Female Convicts, a Matron, together with such Taskmasters and other Officers and Servants, as the said Committee, with the Approbation of the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, shall judge necessary; and every Person elected and appointed by the said Committee to any of such Offices, shall from time to time be removable by any Order of the said Committee, specially summoned for that Purpose, and when any Vacancies shall happen in any of the said Offices other Persons shall be elected and appointed thereto by the same Authority; and such Salaries and other Allowances shall be annexed to the said Offices, as the said Committee, with such Approbation as aforesaid, shall direct.

Appointment of Officers, &c.

Matron for Female Convicts.

Salaries.

VII. Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee from time to time, with such Approbation as aforesaid, to increase, diminish, discontinue or vary

Committee may vary Number of Officers.

Exception.

the Number of Officers and Servants to be appointed for the said Penitentiary in pursuance of the Directions aforesaid; except by taking away or discontinuing any of the Offices of Governor, Matron, Chaplain and Surgeon or Apothecary, to the same.

Committee may require Security from Officer, &c. and in case of Officer, &c. refusing to quit Possession, a Justice for County of Middlesex may by Warrant direct Sheriff to remove him.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee, if they shall deem it necessary, to require any Officers or Persons employed in the said Penitentiary to give such Security to the Governor of the said Penitentiary, for the due Performance of their respective Duties, in such Sums, and with such Sureties, and in such Form or Forms as they shall direct; and if any Person appointed to any Office or Duty in the said Penitentiary, who shall be removed by the said Committee from such his Office or Employment, shall refuse or neglect to quit the said Penitentiary, or to give up the Possession of any House, Building, Premises or Apartment therein or belonging thereto, within such Period as shall be fixed by the Committee in any Order or Notice in Writing given for that Purpose, not being less than Forty eight Hours after the Delivery to such Person of any such Order or Notice, then and in such case it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace acting for the County of *Middlesex*, on Application from any Three or more of the said Committee by any Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to direct the Sheriff of the County to remove such Officer or Person out of the said Penitentiary, and the said Sheriff shall thereupon clear the Possession thereof, so far as relates to any Part of the Penitentiary, or any House, Building, Premises or Apartment therein or belonging thereto, occupied by or in Possession of such Officer, in like manner as upon a Writ of *Habere facias possessionem*.

Governor to be a Body Corporate.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary shall be a Body Corporate, and shall sue and be sued by the Name of "The Governor of the General Penitentiary at *Millbank*, in the County of *Middlesex*."

Governor empowered to contract for Clothing, Diet, &c. necessary for Convicts, with Approbation of Committee.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said Governor shall have Power to make Contracts with any Persons whomsoever, for the Clothing, Diet and all other Necessaries for the Maintenance and Support of the Convicts confined in such Penitentiary, and for Implements or Materials of any Kind or Manufacture, or Trade, in which Convicts confined in such Penitentiary shall be employed, such Contracts being previously approved by the Committee; and also to carry on such Manufacture or Trade in such Penitentiary, and to sell such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as shall be there wrought and manufactured.

Committee to direct how Books shall be kept, &c.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Books and Accounts shall be kept by the Governor or other Officers in such manner as the said Committee may direct from time to time; and the several Entries therein shall be examined by the said Committee, or by such of their Members as may be appointed a Sub Committee for that Purpose, and shall be by them compared with the several Receipts and other Vouchers relating thereto, and shall be verified by such Governor and Officers upon Oath, if required, before such Committee, and shall, when approved by such Committee, be allowed and signed by any Three of them; and if such Committee shall disapprove of any Articles in such Accounts, they shall disallow the same.

XII. And

XII. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall suspect any fraudulent or improper Charges in any Accounts of the said Governor, other Officer or Servant, or any Omission therein, they may examine upon Oath the said Governor, or any other Officer or Servant belonging to such Penitentiary, or any of the Persons employed about the same, or any Persons of whom any Stock, Materials, or other things have been purchased for the Use of such Penitentiary, or any Persons to whom any Stock, Materials or other things belonging to the said Penitentiary, or the Officers thereof, have been sold, or any of the Convicts confined in such Penitentiary, or any other Persons, touching any of the Articles contained in such Accounts, or any Omission therein, or any thing relative thereto; and in case there shall appear in any such Accounts any false Entry knowingly or wilfully made, or any fraudulent Omission therein, or any other Fraud whatsoever, or any Collusion between any Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, belonging to such Penitentiary, or between any such Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, and any other Person or Persons, in any matter relative thereto, then besides the private Satisfaction in Damages which the Parties or Party injured may be entitled to recover by Law, the said Committee may dismiss any such Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, who shall to them appear to have been guilty of any such false Entry, Omission, Fraud or Collusion, and appoint another or others in his, her or their stead; and if the said Committee shall see fit, they shall cause an Indictment or Indictments to be preferred against the Officer or Officers, Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons, so offending, at the next Quarter or other General Session of the Peace to be holden for the County wherein the said Penitentiary is situated, or for any other adjoining County; and in case such Person or Persons so indicted shall be found guilty of such Offence or Offences, he, she or they shall be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, or either of them, at the Discretion of the Court.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That when the said Penitentiary, or a sufficient Part thereof, shall be fitted and completed for the Reception of Convicts, and proper Officers shall be appointed for the Care and Management thereof, the said Committee shall certify, under their Hands and Seals, to His Majesty, through the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, that such Penitentiary is so fitted and completed, and that such Officers have been appointed; and after the making of such Certificate, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by his Order in Writing, to be notified by the said Secretary of State, to direct, that any Person who may be under Sentence or Order of Transportation, for any Offence committed within that Part of the United Kingdom called *England* and *Wales*, and who, having been examined by an experienced Surgeon or Apothecary, shall appear to be free from any putrid or infectious Dis temper, and fit to be removed from the Gaol or Prison in which such Person may be confined, shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, there to remain and continue for and during the Term of Five Years, in case such Convict shall be under Sentence or Order of Transportation for Seven Years only, and for and during the Term of Seven Years, in case such Convict shall be under such Sentence or Order for Fourteen Years; and for and during the

Committee may examine Officers and Servants, &c. upon Oath, and may dismiss and prosecute for Fraud or Collusion.

Indictment against such Officers, &c.

Fine and Imprisonment.

Committee to certify to Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, when Penitentiary shall be fit for Reception of Convicts.

Periods of Confinement.

Term of Ten Years, in case such Convict shall be under such Sentence or Order for Life.

Regulations as to time of Confinement of Convicts sentenced to Transportation, and removed to Penitentiary.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Convict shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for the Term of Seven Years, shall previously to his or her being removed to the said Penitentiary, have been kept confined in some other Gaol or Prison, during a Part of such Term, such Convict shall be confined in the said Penitentiary under this Act, for Five Seventh Parts of the Residue of his or her Term of Seven Years' Transportation, remaining unexpired, when he or she shall be received into the said Penitentiary; excluding nevertheless from the Computation of such reduced Period of Confinement, any fractional Part of a Week which may result from such Reduction; and in case any Convict shall be removed to the said Penitentiary, who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for the Term of Fourteen Years, shall, previously to his or her being so removed, have been kept confined in some other Gaol or Prison during a Part of such Term, such Convict shall be confined in the said Penitentiary under this Act for One Half of the Residue of his or her Term of Fourteen Years' Transportation remaining unexpired, when he or she shall be received into the said Penitentiary; excluding nevertheless from the Computation of such reduced Period of Confinement any fractional Part of a Day which may result from such Reduction; and in the case of any Convict who, having been under Sentence or Order of Transportation for Life, shall be removed to the said Penitentiary for the Term of Ten Years as aforesaid, such Term of Ten Years shall be computed from the time of his or her being received into the said Penitentiary.

Sheriffs or Gaolers to deliver Convicts to Penitentiary without Delay.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Sheriff or Gaoler having the Custody of any Convict, whose Removal shall be ordered in manner aforesaid, shall, with all convenient Speed after the Receipt of the Notification of any such Order, convey or cause to be conveyed every such Convict to the said Penitentiary, and there deliver him to the Governor thereof, together with a true Copy, attested by such Sheriff or Gaoler, of the Caption and Order of the Court before which such Convict was tried, containing the Sentence or Order of Transportation of such Convict, by virtue whereof he shall be in the Custody of such Sheriff or Gaoler, and also a Certificate containing his or her Age, and an Account of his or her Behaviour in Prison, before and after Trial, and the Gaoler's Observations on his or her Temper and Disposition, and such Information concerning his or her Connections and former Course of Life as may have come to the Knowledge of such Gaoler; and the Governor of the said Penitentiary shall give a proper Receipt in Writing to the Sheriff or Gaoler, for the Discharge of such Sheriff or Gaoler.

Governor to give a Discharge.

Expences of Removal paid by County, &c.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all reasonable Expences which the Sheriff or Gaoler shall incur in every such Removal, shall be paid by the County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, for which the Court in which the Party was convicted shall have been holden; and the Sheriff or Gaoler shall receive the Money due for such Expences from the Treasurer of such County, Riding, Division, City, Borough, Liberty or Place, such Expences being first allowed by the Order of the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter

ter or other General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby required to make such Order as shall be just in that behalf.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That after Delivery of any such Convict as aforesaid into the Custody to which he or she shall be so ordered as aforesaid, such Governor, or other Person having the Custody of Convicts under his Direction, shall, during the Term for which such Convict shall be ordered to remain in his Custody, have the same Powers over such Convict as are incident to the Office of a Sheriff or Gaoler; and in case of any Abuse of such Custody, or other Misbehaviour or Negligence in the Discharge of his Office, shall be liable to the same Punishment as a Gaoler is now liable to by Law.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Convict confined in the said Penitentiary shall become insane during such Confinement, and be so reported by the Committee to His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, it shall be lawful for such Secretary of State to order and cause such insane Convict to be immediately removed to some proper Place of Confinement; and upon Recovery to be returned to such Penitentiary, in the same manner as in the case of any Prisoner becoming insane, after and while under Sentence, in any other Gaol or Prison.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That when any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary shall be brought thither in pursuance of the Powers contained in this Act, he or she shall be separately lodged and washed, cleansed and purified, and shall then be examined by the Surgeon or Apothecary, and shall continue in such separate Lodging until it be certified by such Surgeon or Apothecary that he or she is fit to be received among the other Convicts, or until he or she shall be removed to the Infirmary; and the Clothes in which he or she shall then be clothed shall be burnt, if necessary, or otherwise shall be sold and disposed of, at the Discretion of the Governor, and the Produce thereof shall be accounted for to the Committee aforesaid, and shall be by them directed to be carried by the said Governor to the Account of the said Convict in the Books of the said Penitentiary; and such Convict shall not be dismissed at the End or other Determination of his or her Term, if he or she shall then labour under any acute or dangerous Distemper, unless at his or her Request; and when such Convict shall be finally discharged, such decent Clothing, as shall be judged necessary and proper by the Committee aforesaid, shall be delivered to such Convict; and also such Sum of Money for his or her immediate Subsistence, as the said Committee shall think proper, so as such Sum shall not exceed Three Pounds; and if such Convict, at the End or other Determination of his or her Term, shall procure any substantial Housekeeper or other reputable Person, to take him or her into Service, or provide him or her with proper Employment for One Year then next ensuing, the same to be approved by the Committee aforesaid, he or she, having served accordingly, shall be entitled at the End of the Year to such other Sum of Money, not exceeding the like Sum of Three Pounds, as the said Committee shall think fit.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every such Governor of the said Penitentiary shall, during the Term for which such Convict shall remain in such Custody, keep him or her to Labour of such kind

Governor to have same Power over Convicts in his Custody as a Sheriff or Gaoler.

Insane Convicts may be removed from and returned to Penitentiary after Recovery, as in cases of other Prisoners in Gaols.

Convicts when brought to be separately lodged and washed, and examined by the Surgeon.

When discharged to be furnished with decent Clothing.

Allowances.

Keeping Convicts to Labour.

as

as the Committee before mentioned shall direct and appoint; and if the Work to be performed by any such Convicts shall be of such a Nature as may require previous Instruction, proper Persons shall be provided to give the same, by Order of the said Committee, to whom a suitable Allowance shall be made.

Convicts how to be lodged.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That such Convicts as shall be sent to the said Penitentiary shall, during the Hours of Labour, be separated from each other, or shall work together in Companies composed of more or fewer Persons in Number, in such manner as the Bye Laws established as aforesaid by the Committee shall prescribe; and that all Convicts, not confined in the Infirmary, shall during their Hours of Rest be kept entirely separate and apart from each other, and be lodged in separate Rooms or Cells; except in cases in which it may be deemed expedient to place Two or more Prisoners together on account of the Health or State of Mind of One of such Prisoners.

Hours of Work.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That such Convicts shall be employed in Work at the said Penitentiary, every Day in the Year, except *Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, Ascension Day*, and any Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving, and also except such Days when ill Health will not allow of their working; and the Hours of work in each Day shall not exceed Eight Hours in the Months of *November, December and January*, Nine Hours in the Months of *February and October*, and Ten Hours and an Half in the Rest of the Year (exclusive of the time allowed for Meals): Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Committee, by a written Order, to permit any Convict to labour voluntarily for a longer time than is herein mentioned, upon such Conditions as shall in the said Order be expressed.

Provise.

Rewards to Convicts for Diligence, &c.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Committee to allow to any of the Convicts confined in the said Penitentiary, as a Reward and Encouragement, any Part or Portion of the Profits arising from their Labour, not exceeding such Proportion thereof as shall be approved of and allowed by the said Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department; subject to such Conditions and Regulations as the said Committee shall direct and appoint.

Dividing Convicts into Classes.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several Convicts to be sent to the said Penitentiary shall be divided into Two Classes, which shall be called the First and Second Classes; for which Purpose, the time for which such Convicts shall be severally ordered to be confined, shall be divided into Two equal Parts, and during the first Part of the time of the Imprisonment, he or she shall be ranked in the First Class, and during the Second Part of such time, he or she shall be ranked in the Second Class; and the Confinement of such Convicts as shall from time to time be ranked in the First Class shall be more strict, and the Confinement of the Convicts in the Second Class shall be more moderate; which several Degrees of Confinement for each Class shall be settled by the said Committee, by Orders of Regulation to be approved of in manner aforesaid: Provided always, that if the said Committee shall at any time observe, or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the said Convicts who are ranked in the said First Class, it shall be lawful for the said Committee to order such Convict to be transferred

Provise.

transferred to the Second Class, for the remainder of the Term for which he or she was ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary, although such Convict may not have completed the Period of his or her Imprisonment in the said First Class.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if the said Committee shall at any time observe or be satisfactorily informed of any extraordinary Diligence or Merit in any of the Convicts under their Inspection, who shall be ranked in the said Second Class of Convicts, the Committee shall report the same in Writing to the Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, in order that he may recommend such Convict to His Majesty as an Object of the Royal Mercy, on such Conditions as to Him shall seem meet.

Committee to report Convicts, who shall manifest extraordinary Diligence.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That every Convict who shall be ordered to such Penitentiary shall, during the time of his or her Confinement therein, be fed and sustained with a sufficient Quantity of coarse but wholesome Food, and also be clothed with a coarse and uniform Apparel, with any distinguishing Marks which may be deemed useful to facilitate Discovery in case of Escape, the whole to be ordered in such manner as the Committee aforesaid shall from time to time appoint; and no such Convict shall during the time of his or her Confinement be permitted to have any other Food, Drink or Clothing, than such as shall be so appointed.

How Convicts shall be fed and clothed.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That no Person except the Officers, or Servants of the Penitentiary, or such Person or Persons as shall be authorized according to the Regulations established by the said Committee, shall be permitted at any time to enter any of the Apartments or Court Yards allotted to the Convicts, or to hold Conversation or Communication with any of them.

None but Officers and Servants to enter any of the Apartments.

XXVIII. Provided also, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Governor of the said Penitentiary to employ, with the Consent of the said Committee, any of the Convicts aforesaid, who shall be ranked in the Second Class, as Overseers, or Assistants, in the management of the Works, and the Care of their Fellow Convicts, instead of their being confined to such their Daily Labour as aforesaid.

Governor may employ Convicts as Assistants.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Officer or Servant of such Penitentiary shall supply any of the Convicts therein with any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or with any Spirituous or other Liquors whatsoever, except such Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet as the Governor of the Penitentiary shall from time to time permit or direct, and except such Diet and Liquors as the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such Penitentiary shall think proper to order for any such Convict, in case of Illness; and in case any such Officer or Servant shall be found guilty of carrying to any such Convict, or of knowingly permitting to be carried to any such Convict, any Money, Clothing, Provisions or Diet, or Liquors whatsoever, contrary to the Intent of this Act, such Officer or Servant shall immediately be suspended by the said Governor, who shall report the same to the Committee at their next Meeting; and such Committee shall inquire thereof upon Oath, and shall punish such Officer or Servant by Forfeiture of Office, and by any Fine not exceeding Ten Pounds, or by either of such Punishments, as the said Committee shall in their Discretion think proper; and if any other Person or Persons shall willfully supply any such Convict, at any time during the Term of his

Officers or Servants supplying any Convict with Money, Provisions or Liquor, contrary to Act.

Punishment. Fine.

Other Persons offending.

or

or her Confinement with any Food, Drink or Clothing, other than such as shall have been appointed by the Committee as aforesaid, or with any Money, he or she so supplying such Convict shall, for every such Offence, forfeit a Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the said Committee.

Penalty.

Chaplain to read Morning and Evening Prayers, and preach Two Sermons on Sundays, &c.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That the Chaplain shall read Prayers and preach a Sermon both Morning and Evening, in the Chapel of such Penitentiary, on every *Sunday* in the Year, and also on every *Christmas Day*, *Good Friday*, and *Ascension Day*, and on every Day appointed for a General Fast or Thanksgiving; and all the Convicts confined in such Penitentiary, who shall not be disabled by Illness, or whose Attendance shall not be dispensed with by the Committee, shall attend the said Prayers and Sermons, which shall also be attended by the Resident Officers and by the Servants of such Penitentiary, or such of them as can be spared from their several Employments, and shall not be prevented by Illness; and the said Chaplain shall visit such Convicts, under such Regulations as may be prescribed by the said Committee, for their moral and religious Education.

Chaplain may baptize, bury, &c. in Penitentiary.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Chaplain of the said Penitentiary, or such other Person as shall act for or assist him, and no other, to baptize all Children born, and bury all Persons who shall die therein, or in any Buildings or Premises belonging to or making Part of the said Penitentiary, and to perform Divine Service and administer the Sacrament according to the Liturgy of the Church of *England*, within the said Penitentiary; and such Chaplain shall keep an accurate Register of all such Christenings and of all such Burials, and shall Once in each Month transmit a Copy thereof to the Incumbent of the Church of *Saint John the Evangelist* in *Westminster*, or his Curate, in the Absence of such Incumbent, who shall, as soon after the Receipt thereof as can conveniently be, enter the same in the Register of the said Parish; and it shall be lawful for the said Committee to order and direct that an Allowance shall be made to such Incumbent for making each such Entry, according to the Custom in like cases in the said Parish.

To keep Registers and transmit Copy monthly to Incumbent of Parish, who is to enter same in Register.

Allowance for doing.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That the Convicts ordered to be confined in such Penitentiary shall be permitted to walk and air themselves in the airing Yards or Grounds belonging thereto, for such stated time as their Health may require, and the Regulations of such Penitentiary shall permit.

Convicts to walk and air themselves.

Convicts when Sick, to be visited by Surgeon; and if necessary, sent to Infirmary.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Convict shall appear to be sick, he or she shall be visited by the Surgeon or Apothecary attending such Penitentiary, and if the Sickness be found to be real, the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall report the same to the Governor, who shall, if the Sickness be of such a Nature as to require it, order such Convict to be sent to the Infirmary belonging to such Penitentiary, and his or her Name to be entered in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose; and when such Convict shall have so far recovered his or her Health as that the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall judge him or her to be in a proper condition to quit the Infirmary, and to return to his or her Employment, and the said Surgeon or Apothecary shall so report, the said Governor shall order such Convict to be brought back to his or her

Cell,

Cell, and to be again employed in Labour, so far as shall be consistent with the Health of such Convict.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee, at every Meeting at which Three of them at the least shall be present, shall inquire into the State of such Penitentiary, and shall inspect the Accounts of the Governor and other Officers, and also examine into their Conduct, into the Management of such Penitentiary, and into the Behaviour of the Convicts confined therein.

Committee to examine into State of Penitentiary, and inspect Accounts.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of such Penitentiary shall have Power to hear all Complaints touching any of the following Offences committed by any of the Convicts confined therein; (that is to say,) Disobedience of any of the Orders established for the said Penitentiary; Assaults by one Person confined in such Penitentiary upon another, when no dangerous Wound or Bruise is given; profane Curfing and Swearing, or indecent Behaviour; Absence from Chapel, or irreverent Behaviour there; and Idleness or Negligence in Work, or wilful Mismanagement of it, or wanton Damage or Injury to the Prison or Furniture thereof; all which are declared to be Offences by this Act; and the said Governor may examine any Persons touching such Offences, and may determine thereupon, and may punish such Offences by ordering the Offender to close Confinement in a dark Cell, or by keeping him or her upon Bread and Water only, or by both such Punishments, for any Term not exceeding Three Days.

Governor empowered to hear Complaints of certain Offences.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Convict who shall be confined in any such Penitentiary shall, during the Term for which he shall be so confined, be guilty of any Offence which the Governor of such Penitentiary is not hereby authorized to punish, or for which the Punishment which such Governor is hereby authorized to inflict, shall by such Governor be deemed not sufficient, by reason of the Enormity of the Offence, or the Repetition thereof, such Governor may confine such Offender either in his or her own Cell, or in a dark Cell belonging to such Penitentiary, till the next Meeting of the said Committee, and shall in such case report such Offence, with the time and particular Circumstances thereof, and the Name of the Offender, to the said Committee; and such Committee shall have Power to inquire upon Oath, and determine, concerning all such Offences so reported to them as aforesaid, and may order any such Offender to be punished by close Confinement in a dark Cell, with Bread and Water only for Sustenance, for any Term not exceeding One Month, or by removing such Offenders, if ranked in the Second Class, into the First Class, or by both such Punishments; and in case of Removal into the First Class, the Offender shall, from the time of making such Order of Removal, remain in such First Class, until he or she be restored to the Second Class by Order of the Committee, or until the Term of his or her Confinement shall be completed.

Enormous Offenders confined by Governor, and reported to Committee.

Committee may inquire upon Oath.

Punishment.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever by this Act the said Committee, or any Three of them, are empowered or directed to make any Inquiry or receive any Proof upon Oath, any One of the said Committee is hereby authorized to tender and administer such Oath; and any Three of the said Committee may summon or cause to be summoned such Witnesses, as they shall think meet, to appear and give Evidence before them; and if any Person,

Committee may administer Oaths.

being

Persons refusing to be sworn.

being duly summoned, shall refuse or neglect to appear, or being present and competent to be a Witness shall refuse to be sworn, or being sworn shall refuse to give Evidence, such Person shall forfeit any Sum not less than Twenty Shillings, nor more than Ten Pounds, at the Discretion of the said Committee.

Penalty.

Governor to keep regular Books.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Governor of the said Penitentiary shall keep a regular Book or Books, in which shall be entered the Names of all and every the Person or Persons who shall be in his Custody, the Offences of which they shall have been guilty, the Court before which each Person was convicted, the Sentence of the Court, the Age, Bodily Estate, and Behaviour of every such Convict while in Custody; and also the Names of all and every the Person or Persons who shall have died under such Custody, or shall have escaped from such Place of Confinement, or shall have been discharged from thence by Order from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or otherwise; from which Books Returns shall be made of the Particulars mentioned above, on the First Day of every Term, to His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, and shall be verified on the Oath of the Person making the same.

Escape.

Discharge.

Returns to K. B. verified on Oath.

Reports laid before The King in Council, and both Houses of Parliament.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall at the Beginning of every Session make a faithful Report to the King in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, specifying the State of the Buildings, the Behaviour and Conduct of the respective Officers, the Treatment and Condition of the Convicts, the Amount of their Earnings, and the Expences of such Penitentiary, and also in matters of extreme or pressing Necessity, shall and may make a Special Report thereof to the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench.

Bye Laws, Rules, &c. reported to The King in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament.

XL. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee shall report to His Majesty in Council, and to both Houses of Parliament, all Bye Laws, Rules or Regulations, made under the Authority of this Act, and all Alterations therein or Additions thereto, within Thirty one Days after the Commencement of the next Session of Parliament after such Bye Laws, Rules and Regulations, or Alterations or Additions, shall have been confirmed by the Justices of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, as hereinbefore is directed.

Penitentiary exempt from Public and Parochial Taxes.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Penitentiary, and all the Buildings and inclosed Area and Appurtenances belonging thereto and making Part thereof, shall be and they are hereby declared to be wholly freed and exempt from all Public and Parochial Taxes, Rates, Assessments and Charges whatsoever, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, or which may hereafter be passed in relation to any Public or Parochial Taxes, Rates or Assessments, to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that no Person belonging to or employed in the said Penitentiary, and no Child born therein, shall thereby gain a Settlement in the Parish in which the said Penitentiary is situate.

Expences of executing Acts, laid before House of Commons.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That an Account of the Expences of carrying this Act into Execution shall be annually laid before the House of Commons, and after deducting therefrom such Profit as may have arisen from the Earnings of the Convicts, over and above the Expences occasioned by their Labour, and any Allowances which shall have been made to such Convicts, or to the Officers superintending such Labour, by Order of the Committee, the Remainder

mainder shall be provided for in the next Supplies to be granted to His Majesty by Parliament.

XLIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary shall at any time during the Term of such Confinement break Prison, or escape from the Place of his or her Confinement, or in his or her Conveyance to such Place of Confinement, or from the Person or Persons having the lawful Custody of such Convict, he or she so breaking Prison or escaping shall be punished by an Addition of Three Years to the Term for which he or she at the time of his or her Breach of Prison or Escape was subject to be confined; and if such Convict so punished by such Addition to the Term of Confinement shall afterwards be convicted of a Second Escape or Breach of Prison, he or she shall be adjudged guilty of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

Convicts breaking Prison or escaping.

Punishment.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall rescue any Convict who shall be ordered to be confined within the said Penitentiary, either during the time of his or her Conveyance to the said Penitentiary, or whilst such Convict shall be in the Custody of the Person or Persons under whose Care and Charge he or she shall be so confined; or if any Person shall be aiding or assisting in any such Rescue, every such Person so rescuing, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony, and may be ordered to be confined in the said Penitentiary for any Term not less than One Year, nor exceeding Five Years; and if any Person having the Custody of any such Convict as aforesaid, or being employed by the Person having such Custody as a Keeper, Underkeeper, Turnkey, Assistant or Guard, shall voluntarily permit such Convict to escape; or if any Person whatsoever shall, by supplying Arms, Tools or Instruments of Disguise, or otherwise be in any manner aiding and assisting to any such Convict in any Escape, or in any Attempt to make an Escape, though no Escape be actually made, or shall attempt to rescue any such Convict, or be aiding and assisting in any such Attempt, though no Rescue be actually made, every such Person so permitting, attempting, aiding or assisting, shall be guilty of Felony; and if any Person having such Custody, or being so employed by the Person having such Custody as aforesaid, shall negligently permit any such Convict to escape, such Person so permitting shall be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being lawfully convicted of the same, shall be liable to Fine or Imprisonment, or to both, at the Discretion of the Court.

Rescuing or attempting to rescue Convicts.

Felony.

Officers permitting Escape;

supplying Means of Escape.

Felony.

Misdemeanor. Punishment.

XLV. And to the Intent that the Prosecution for Escapes, Breaches of Prison, and Rescues, may be carried on with as little Trouble and Expence as possible, be it further enacted, That any Convict escaping, breaking Prison, or being rescued in manner aforesaid, may and shall be tried before the Justices of Oyer and Terminer or Gaol Delivery, or at the Great Sessions, either for the County where he or she shall be apprehended and retaken, or for the County in which the said Offence shall have been committed; and in case of any Prosecution for any such Escape, Attempt to escape, Breach of Prison, or Rescue, either against the Convict escaping or attempting to escape, or having broken Prison, or being rescued, or against any other Person or Persons concerned therein, or aiding, abetting or assisting the same, a Copy properly attested, of the Order of Commitment to such Penitentiary shall, after Proof made that the Person

Mode of Trial and Conviction.

Evidence of Order of Confinement.

then in question before the Court is the same that was delivered with such Order, be sufficient Evidence to the Court and Jury that the Person then in question was so ordered to such Confinement.

Committee or
Visitors may
direct any Per-
son not being
Officers, Ser-
vants or Con-
victs, to quit
Penitentiary.

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear to the said Committee, or to any Member thereof, who shall be appointed a Visitor as aforesaid, that the Continuance within the said Penitentiary of any Person, not being an Officer or Servant of the said Penitentiary or a Convict confined therein, is inexpedient or objectionable, it shall and may be lawful for such Committee or Visitor, by an Order in Writing to direct such Person to quit such Penitentiary; and in case such Person shall refuse or neglect so to do within Six Hours after the Receipt of such Order, it shall and may be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, acting in and for the County of *Middlesex*, on Application from such Committee or such Visitor, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to authorize and empower any Person to whom such Warrant shall be directed, forthwith to remove such Person from and out of the said Penitentiary.

Other Acts re-
lating to Gaols,
&c. not to apply
to Penitentiary.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Penitentiary shall be regulated by the Provisions in this Act contained; and no other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Gaols, Prisons or Houses of Correction, or any Clauses, Provisions, Regulations, Penalties or Forfeitures, contained in any such Act or Acts, shall extend or be construed to extend to the said Penitentiary, except so far as any such Acts, Clauses, Provisions or Regulations are by this Act referred to and made applicable to the Purposes of this Act, or to the said Penitentiary, or to any Persons belonging to or confined as Convicts therein.

Recovery of
Penalties.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That any pecuniary Penalties created by this Act, for the Recovery of which no Mode is hereinbefore prescribed, shall be recoverable before Two or more Justices of the Peace in the County in which the Offence shall be committed, on Proof of the Offence by the Oath or Oaths of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, or on Confession of the Offender; and One Moiety thereof shall be paid to the Use of the Penitentiary, and the other Moiety to the Informer or Informers prosecuting for the same, and in case of Nonpayment, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of such Justices; and the Overplus of the Money raised, after deducting the Penalty and Expences of the Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner; and for want of sufficient Distress, the Offender shall be sent by such Justices to the Prison of such County, for such Term not exceeding Six Months, nor less than One Month, as such Justices shall think most proper.

Distress.

If insufficient
Distress,

Imprisonment.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions of an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and of all other Acts of Parliament for the rendering Justices of Peace more safe in the Execution of their Offices, shall extend and be construed to extend to all Persons nominated to form Part of the said Committee for superintending the said Penitentiary, and to the Governor thereof, so as that no Action shall be brought against any such Person or Persons for any thing done under this Act, without Notice, to enable him or them to tender

Amends; and if any Suit or Action shall be prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, such Person or Persons may plead the General Issue, and give this Act or the Special matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done by the Authority of this Act; and if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his, her or their Action or Actions after Issue joined, or if on Demurrer or otherwise Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same as any Defendants have by Law in other cases; and though a Verdict shall be given for any Plaintiff in any such Action or Suit as aforesaid, such Plaintiff shall not have Costs against the Defendant, unless the Judge, before whom the Trial shall be, shall certify his Approbation of the Verdict.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

L. And be it further enacted, That all Actions, Suits and Prosecutions to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, shall be laid and tried in the County or Place where the Fact was committed, and shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact committed, and not otherwise.

Limitation of Actions.

LI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered or amended by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. LXIV.

An Act to repeal several Acts relating to the Militia of Great Britain, and to amend other Acts relating thereto.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to render more effectual Two Acts made in this present Session of Parliament, for the more speedily completing the Militia of Great Britain, and for raising an additional Military Force for the better Defence of the United Kingdom*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the speedily completing the Militia of Great Britain, and increasing the same under certain Limitations and Restrictions*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for completing the Militia of Great Britain*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament for completing the Militia of Great Britain, and to make further Provision for completing the said Militia*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty intituled, *An Act to allow a certain Proportion of the Militia of Great Britain to enlist annually into the regular Forces, and to provide for the gradual Reduction of the said Militia*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Acts passed in the Forty third, Forty seventh, Forty ninth, Fiftieth and Fifty first Years respectively of the Reign of His present Majesty, except so much of the said recited Act of

43 G. 3. c. 100. except § 1.

47 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 71.

49 G. 3. c. 53.

50 G. 3. c. 24.

51 G. 3. c. 20.

‘ the Forty third Year aforefaid as relates to ballotted Men refufing
 ‘ to be examined as to their Fitnefs to ferve in the Militia, and fo
 ‘ much of the faid recited A& of the Fifty firft Year of the Reign
 ‘ of His prefent Majefty as relates to the confining the Allowances
 ‘ to the Wives and Families of Militia Men in *England* and *Scotland*
 ‘ raifed after the paffing of the faid A&, to ballotted Men only, fhould
 ‘ be repealed;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Moft Excellent
 Majefty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual
 and Temporal, and Commons, in this prefent Parliament afsembled,
 and by the Authority of the fame, That the faid recited A&s of the
 Forty third, Forty feventh, Forty ninth, Fiftieth and Fifty firft
 Years refpectively of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, except fo
 much of the faid recited A& of the Forty third Year aforefaid as
 relates to ballotted Men refufing to be examined as to their Fitnefs
 to ferve in the Militia, and fo much of the faid recited A& of the
 Fifty firft Year aforefaid as confines the Allowances to the Wives
 and Families of Militia Men in *England* and *Scotland*, raifed after
 the paffing of the faid A&, to ballotted Men only, fhall be and
 the fame are hereby repealed.

except certain
 Provisions, re-
 pealed.

55 G. 3. c. 65.
 § 10.

II. And be it further enacted, That fo much of an A& paffed in
 the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His prefent Majefty, intituled
An A& to amend the Laws relating to the Militia of Great Britain,
 as enacts that no ballotted Man fhall be exempt from ferving in the
 Militia of *Great Britain*, by reafon of being under the Height of
 Five Feet Four Inches, provided fuch Man fhall be of the Height of
 Five Feet Two Inches, fhall be and the fame is hereby repealed.

‘ III. And Whereas it is expedient that His Majefty fhould be
 ‘ empowered to difpenfe with the training and exercifing of the
 ‘ Militia in the prefent Year;’ Be it therefore enacted, That it fhall
 be lawful for His Majefty, by any Order in Council, to fufpend the
 calling out of the Militia of *Great Britain*, in the prefent Year, for
 the Purpose of being trained and exercifed, and to order and direct
 that no training or exercifing of the Militia fhall take place in the
 prefent Year; any thing contained in any A& or A&s relating to
 the Militia, to the contrary notwithstanding.

His Majefty
 may difpenfe
 with calling out
 Militia for the
 prefent Year.

‘ IV. And Whereas another A& paffed in the Fifty fifth Year of
 ‘ the Reign of His prefent Majefty, intituled *An A& to explain and*
 ‘ *amend the Laws relating to the Militias of Great Britain and Ire-*
 ‘ *land*: And Whereas it is expedient that the Provisions of the faid
 ‘ A& as to appointing Courts Martial fhould be extended for the
 ‘ Trial of any Officers, Non Commiffioned Officers and Drummers
 ‘ and Private Men of the Militia retained on Permanent Pay;’ Be
 it therefore enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions,
 Regulations and Claufes in the faid laft recited A& contained, in
 relation to Courts Martial, and to the appointing, afsembling and
 attending of Courts Martial under the faid A&, fhall extend and be
 in full force, and apply to the Trial and Punifhment of Officers, Non
 Commiffioned Officers, Drummers or Private Men of the Militia of
Great Britain, remaining on permanent Pay, while the Militia to
 which they fhall belong fhall be difembodied, for all Offences com-
 mitted againft any Law in force for the Punifhment of Mutiny and
 Defertion, or any Articles of War made in purfuanee thereof, as if
 all fuch Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations and Claufes
 were feverally and feperately repeated and reenacted in this A&.

55 G. 3. c. 16 B.
 § 3, 4. for af-
 fsembling Courts
 Martial, to ex-
 tend to Officers
 and Privates of
 Militia on per-
 manent Pay.

V. And

V. And be it further enacted, That all Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Militia, who shall at any time have deserted from the Militia, shall be liable to be tried and punished for such Desertion at any time thereafter whenever they shall be apprehended, although no Charges shall have been made out or delivered according to the Provisions of the said last recited Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deserters may be tried wherever apprehended.

C A P. LXV.

An Act to explain and amend the Acts for granting Duties on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, so far as extend to the due Assessment and Collection of the Duties for past Years; for confirming certain Abatements already made of the said Duties, and exempting Collectors' Bonds from the Stamp Duties. [22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made in respect of the Duties and Arrears of the Duties charged or to be charged on the Profits arising from Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, granted by certain Acts passed in the Forty third, Forty fifth, Forty sixth and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and continued until and upon the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, on which Day the same expired: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and every the Provisions contained in the said several Acts hereinbefore mentioned, or any of them, or in any other Act or Acts relating to the said Duties, shall continue in force for the Purpose of duly charging the said Duties on all Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and on all Companies, Fraternities or Societies of Persons which shall not have been respectively charged to the said Duties before the passing of this Act; and which ought to have been charged to the said Duties for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or for any prior Year since the passing of the said Acts, and until such Assessments shall be duly made for such Year or Years, and shall be raised and levied as if the said Duties had not expired; and all and every the Clauses, Rules, matters and things, which are contained in any of the said Acts, shall continue to be in full force, and shall be severally applied, practised and put in Execution for the assessing, raising, levying, collecting and paying the said Duties which shall be charged after the passing of this Act for any Year or Years before mentioned; and also for the levying, collecting and paying all and every the Arrears of the said Duties which shall have been charged before the passing of this Act, and which shall be in Arrear and unpaid at the time of passing this Act; and for the suing for, adjudging and recovering any Penalty or Forfeiture which shall have been or may be incurred in respect of any Assessment made or to be made for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; or in respect of any Assessment for any prior Year as aforesaid; and also for applying the Monies arising

43 G. 3. c. 122.
45 G. 3. c. 25.
46 G. 3. c. 65.
55 G. 3. c. 53.

to continue in force to charge those who may have escaped Assessment in former Years;

and for collecting Arrears,

and recovering Penalties.

ing from the said Duties, and which shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer after the passing of this Act, in like manner as is directed by the said Acts.

Provisions for appealing to continue in force.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions contained in the said several Acts relating to the said Duties shall continue in force for the Purpose of hearing all Appeals against Assessments to be made after the passing of this Act for any Year or Years as before mentioned; and also for the Purpose of granting Abatements on Account of any Diminution of Income in such Year, as directed by the said several Acts, or any of them.

Provisions for making all Returns, &c. and for auditing Receivers' Accounts, to continue in force.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Provisions contained in the said Acts shall continue in force for the making all such Returns of Assessments made under the said Acts or in pursuance of this Act, and other matters touching the Execution of the said Acts, or relating to the said Duties, to the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, as are directed to be made by the said Acts; and also for returning Duplicates to the Receivers General and the Officers of The King's Remembrancer; and also for the returning, auditing, examining, passing and declaring the Accounts of any Receiver of the said Duties, as if the said Duties had not expired.

Receivers of Duties not allowed to set insuper any Place for Duties unpaid, unless his Accounts passed within Three Years after April 5, 1816.

IV. And be it further enacted, That no Receiver of the Duties on Property, Professions, Trades and Offices, his Heirs, Executors and Administrators, shall in his or their Account of the Monies raised or to be raised under the said several Acts or any of them, relating to the said Duties for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be allowed or admitted to set insuper or Charge any County, Division or Place in *Great Britain*, for any of the said Duties which shall be unpaid, unless such Accounts shall be declared and passed within Three Years at the furthest after the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; but all Monies in Arrear in respect of the said Duties shall remain a Debt upon such Receiver, to be answered by him and his Securities, his and their Executors and Administrators, Lands, Tenements, Goods and Chattels respectively.

Reassessments to be made on Assessments of 1816.

V. And be it further enacted, That any Arrears of the said Duties, arising from any Default in the Collection thereof, or by the Failure of any Collector, for which any Parish or Place shall be answerable according to the Provisions of the said Acts or any of them, shall be reassessed within and upon such Parish or Place as soon after such Default shall be discovered as conveniently can be done, and shall be charged on the Amount of the last Assessment made for the same Duties under the said last mentioned Act, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, by duly apportioning the Amount of such Arrear amongst the several Persons assessed in that Year, according to the Amount of each Person's Assessment therein, as nearly as the case will admit, and by the like Rules, Methods and Directions, by which the original Assessment was made; to be raised and levied in such manner as any Assessment may by virtue of this Act be raised and levied, under the Regulations of the said several Acts relating to the said Duties.

Schedule of Defaulters to remain with Commissioners Three Calendar Months.

VI. And be it further enacted, That any Schedule of Defaulters relating to the Second Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, assessed or to be assessed for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, which shall be delivered

vered by any Collector of the said Duties to the Receiver General, where such Arrears shall have accrued, shall, after Delivery thereof by the said Receiver General to the Commissioners of the Division, remain with them until the End of Three Calendar months, to be computed from the Day on which such Schedule shall or ought to have been delivered to the said Receiver General, before the Certificate thereof shall be transmitted to the Court of Exchequer at *Westminster* for Process to levy such Arrears, as by any of the said Acts is directed; during which Period of Three Calendar months all and every the Powers and Authorities, Rules, Regulations, Provisions and Directions heretofore exercised, followed and observed, during the Period appointed for any Schedule of Defaulters remaining before such Commissioners, under and in pursuance of the Provisions of the said several Acts, or any of them, shall be in like manner exercised, followed, observed and fulfilled in pursuance of this Act.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person or Persons shall have paid and satisfied One Half Part of the said Second Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, charged on him or them for the said Year ending the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, on or before the Fifth Day of *July* in the same Year, and shall be desirous of extending the time for Payment of the other Half Part of the said Moiety and Remainder of the said Duties, and shall make Application to the Commissioners of the same Division, acting in the Execution of the said Acts and this Act for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, on Proof to their Satisfaction of any reasonable Cause for an Extension of Payment beyond the said Period of Three Calendar months before allowed, to grant time for such Payments until and upon the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, by any Order in Writing, signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners, directed to the Collector or Collectors of the Parish or Place in which the said Duties shall have been assessed for the said Year.

Extension of time for Payment of Second Moiety.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Collector of the said Duties shall deliver a full and complete Schedule of such Defaulters as aforesaid, to the Receiver General for the County or Division where such Arrears shall have accrued, on the First Day appointed for the Receipt by him of the said last Moiety or Remainder of the said Duties, after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as directed by the said Acts, on Pain that every Collector, neglecting or refusing so to do, shall forfeit the like Penalty as is imposed on Collectors by the said several Acts, or any of them, in other cases of Neglect of Duty.

Collector not delivering full and complete Schedule to Receiver General.

Penalty.

IX. And in order to make suitable Provision for suspending the Payment of the Half Year's Duty, which became payable after the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen on Assessments under the said Acts in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; Be it further enacted, That in every case where any Person or Persons shall have fully paid and satisfied, on or before the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all the Duties assessed on him, her or them, under the said Acts, as well for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and all prior Years, as for the Half Year commencing

Time of Payment in Scotland of Duty for remaining Half Year till Jan. 5, 1817, extended.

mencing after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, and shall be desirous of extending the time for Payment of the Remainder of the said Duties, and shall make Application to the Commissioners of the same County, Shire or Borough acting in the Execution of the said Acts and this Act for that Purpose, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, on Proof to their Satisfaction of any reasonable Cause for the Extension of Payment, to grant time therefore until and upon the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, by any Order in Writing, signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners, directed to the Collector of the County, Shire or Borough, or his Deputy, in which the said Duties shall have been assessed for the said Year ending on the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

‘ X. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, certain Provisions were made for the Continuance of the Assessments made under the said Act, passed in the Forty sixth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, during the Term therein limited; and by reason of the great Depreciation in the Price of Grain and other Agricultural Produce, the Rents and annual Value of Lands have been in many cases reduced, and it hath been found expedient in certain Districts to abate from the Assessments in Proportion to such Reduction without Authority of Parliament;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That all Abatements from Assessments made by Commissioners acting for the general Purposes of the said Acts, on due Proof to their Satisfaction that any Lands, duly assessed at the Rent payable in the Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, had been *bona fide* let by a fresh Lease or Agreement at a Rent less than the Amount charged in the Assessment for the said Year, to continue at such reduced Rent, during the Year commencing from the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, or that any Lands in the Occupation of the Owner thereof were assessed for the Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, at the full Rack Rent at which they were then worth to be let to a Tenant, have been since reduced in the annual Value thereof, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be confirmed and valid, and of the like Force as if the same had been made in pursuance and under the Provisions of any Act or Acts of Parliament; and all and every Person or Persons, Commissioners and others, who shall or may have been in any manner concerned in advising, recommending or granting such Abatements, in such cases and in such manner and under the like Circumstances as hereinbefore mentioned, shall be and they and every of them are and is hereby fully and effectually indemnified for so doing

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case where any Lands which were in the Occupation of any Tenant or Tenants at the time of making the Estimates of the Annual Value thereof, for the Purpose of assessing the Duties thereon, for the Year ending the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, shall have fallen into and be in the Hands of the Owner or Owners, on the Failure or Quitting of such Tenant or Tenants, it shall be lawful for the Commissioners, on Proof to their Satisfaction that

Abatements confirmed.

Commissioners, &c. indemnified.

Farms falling into the Hands of Owners assessed.

that the Estimate for the said Year was made on the full Rent reserved, and they are hereby required to assess the said Lands for the subsequent Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or for Part of the said Year, as the case may require, on the actual Rent at which the same were worth to be let to a Tenant at Rack Rent for the Year last mentioned, any thing in any former Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any such Farm shall have been let to the same or to another Tenant or other Tenants at a reduced Rent, either for the whole or Part of the Year ending on the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, on like Proof to their Satisfaction of the actual Rent at which the same shall be so let, to abate the Assessment for that Year to the said reduced Rent from the time of so letting the same, whether for the whole or Part of the said Year last mentioned.

Assessment
abated.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Persons who on or before the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, were Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or were Commissioners for particular or special Purposes in the said Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned, in relation to any Duties payable to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, shall continue to be Commissioners for putting in Execution all and every the Powers referred to or contained in the said several Acts, and the said Commissioners are hereby empowered and required to do all things necessary for putting the said several Acts in Execution, with relation to the Rates and Duties therein mentioned respectively, in the like and in as full and ample a manner as they or any of them are or is or shall be authorized to put in Execution the said several Acts.

Commissioners
under recited
Acts continued.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Bonds which have been entered into before the passing of this Act, by any Collectors of the said Duties, or their respective Sureties, for the due Payment of the Monies collected by the said Collectors, or otherwise relating to their Officers, on unstamped Paper, shall nevertheless be deemed good and valid, and that all Persons concerned therein or Parties thereto, shall be indemnified from all Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures on account thereof; and that all Bonds which shall or may be entered into by any Collector or Collectors of the said Duties after the passing of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby wholly exempted and made free from all Stamp Duties whatsoever, imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force with respect to the said last mentioned Duties, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bonds entered
into by Collec-
tors exempted
from Stamp
Duty.

Indemnity from
Penalties.

C A P. LXVI.

An Act for reducing the Duties payable on Horses, used for the Purposes therein mentioned, for Two Years; and for repealing the Acts granting Allowances in respect of Children. [22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient, for the Purpose of granting temporary Relief to Persons occupying small Farms, that the Duties of Assessed Taxes now chargeable under certain Acts passed

48 G. 3. c. 55.
Sch. F. No. 2.
52 G. 3. c. 93.

Discontinuing
certain Duties,
and imposing
others on a re-
duced Scale.

‘ passed in the Forty eighth and Fifty second Years of the Reign of
‘ His present Majesty, in respect of Horses *bona fide* kept for the
‘ Purposes of Husbandry, should be reduced, as herein after pro-
‘ vided, for a time to be limited ;’ May it therefore please Your
Majesty that it may be enacted ; and be it enacted by The King’s
Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of
the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from
and after the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and
sixteen for the Term of Two Years then next following, the Duties
imposed and chargeable under and by virtue of the said several Acts,
so far as the same relate to the Duties payable for and in respect of
Horses kept for the Purpose of Husbandry, by any Person or
Persons of the Description, or occupying any Farm or Estate of the
Description and Value hereinafter mentioned, shall be discontinued
and suspended ; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of *April*
One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Continuance
of this Act, there shall be substituted, charged and paid to His
Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Rates and Duties following ;
(that is to say) on any Person occupying a Farm as Tenant at
Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than Two hundred
Pounds a Year, and making a Livelihood solely thereby, or any
Person occupying any Estate on any other Tenure than as Tenant at
Rack Rent solely, or such Estate together with a Farm at Rack
Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent
to a Farm at the Rack Rent of Two hundred Pounds a Year,
(reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof,
or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent
to double the Amount of the like Farm at the Rack Rent,) and
making a Livelihood solely by such his own Estate, or by such
Estate and Farm jointly, for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, being
of the Height of Thirteen Hands or more, of Four Inches to each
Hand, *bona fide* kept and used solely for the Purposes of Husbandry,
there shall be charged the annual Sums hereinafter mentioned ; (that
is to say) in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid
to be under the Value of Seventy Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of
Three Shillings for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding ; in respect
of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid, to be of the Value of
Seventy Pounds and under One hundred Pounds *per Annum*, the
Sum of Five Shillings for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding ; and
in respect of such Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid to be of the
Value of One hundred Pounds, and under the Value of One hundred
and fifty Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Seven Shillings and Sixpence
for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding ; and in respect of such
Estate or Farm estimated as aforesaid to be of the Value of One
hundred and fifty Pounds, and under the Value of Two hundred
Pounds *per Annum*, the Sum of Ten Shillings and Sixpence for each
such Horse, Mare or Gelding : Provided always, that nothing herein-
before contained shall be construed to preclude any Occupier of Lands
before described from the Benefit of such reduced Assessment as aforesaid
by reason that he or she may have an Annual Income not exceeding
the Value of Ten Pounds Sterling, arising from any other
Source than as before mentioned, unless such annual Income or some
Part thereof, shall arise by lending or letting the Horses, Mares or
Geldings,

Duties.

Farms of 70l.
and under 100l.

100l. and under
150l.

150l. and under
200l.

Who may have
the Benefit of
reduced Assess-
ment.

Geldings, in respect of which such reduced Assessment shall be made, to Hire, or by using the same in any Trade or Employment for Profit: Provided also, that any Tenant quitting the Occupation of his or her Farm at or after *Midsummer* in any Year may appeal to the Commissioners for executing this Act, and on Proof to their Satisfaction that he or she shall have ceased to keep or use any Horses, Mares or Geldings by him or her used in the Cultivation of the said Farm from the time of his or her quitting the said Farm, shall be entitled to be relieved and discharged from one Moiety of the annual Assessment payable in respect of the said Horses, Mares or Geldings in the Year subsequent to the time of his or her so quitting the said Farm.

Appeal.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Continuance of this Act, any Person occupying a Farm at Rack Rent, the Rent of which shall be less than Fifty Pounds a Year, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, or occupying any Estate as the Owner thereof, or on any other Tenure than as Tenant at Rack Rent, or such other Estate, together with a Farm at Rack Rent, the Value of which in the whole shall be less than equivalent to a Farm at the Rack Rent of Fifty Pounds a Year, reckoning the Value of every Estate occupied by the Owner thereof, or on any Tenure other than as Tenant at Rack Rent, as equivalent to double the Amount of the like Farm at Rack Rent, and making a Livelihood principally thereby, and likewise a Profit by any Trade or Employment, for every such Horse, Mare or Gelding as in this Act is mentioned, *bona fide* used for the Purposes of such Occupation, and of such Trade or Employment jointly, or either of them separately, shall be charged for each such Horse, Mare or Gelding, the annual Sum of Three Shillings.

Horses used on small Farms and Trade jointly :

Duty.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, the Duties chargeable on Horses, Mares or Geldings used for the Purposes of Riding, shall also be discontinued in respect of Horses, Mares and Geldings used by common Carriers, their Waggoners or Drivers, in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, there shall be charged and paid for every Horse, Mare or Gelding, not exceeding the Height of Thirteen Hands, which shall be used by any common Carrier, or his or her Waggoner or Driver, in or for the drawing of any Waggon, or to accompany the same, although the Carrier, Waggoner or Driver having the Care of such Waggon, shall ride on such Horse, Mare or Gelding while driving the said Waggon, the annual Sum of One Pound and One Shilling.

Waggoners' Horses.

Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That any Person chargeable to the said reduced Duties, according to the true Intent of this Act, shall also during the Continuance of this Act, be exempted from the Duties payable under the said several Acts, in respect of One Horse, Mare or Gelding, *bona fide* kept and usually employed for the Purposes of Husbandry on his said Estate or Farm, although the same may be used occasionally for the Purpose of riding thereon.

Proviso for Horses employed in Husbandry occasionally used for Riding.

V. And

Proviso for Horses employed in carrying Fuel.

V. And be it further enacted, That every Person seeking his or her Livelihood by the Carriage or Conveyance of Coal, Wood, Peat or Turf, for Consumption as Fuel in private Houses, and not having any other Employment, nor any Estate which shall yield an annual Income of Ten Pounds or upwards, and keeping not more than Four Horses, Mares or Geldings, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred und sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, be wholly exempted from Duty for the said Four Horses, Mares or Geldings, provided that the said Horses, Mares or Geldings shall truly and without Fraud be wholly used for the Purposes aforesaid, and no other; and provided that such Coal, Peat or Turf be loaded on the Backs of such Horses, Mares or Geldings, or in a Cart or Carts, each whereof shall be drawn singly by One such Horse, Mare or Gelding, and no more.

Mules carrying Ore, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, every Person seeking his or her Livelihood by the Carriage or Conveyance of Ore, Slate or Stone, or Coal or Culm, to or from the Mine or Pit, and keeping any Mule or Mules, being respectively under the Height of Thirteen Hands, for such Purposes, shall be charged for each such Mule the annual Sum of Three Shillings, provided that such Coal, Culm, Ore, Slate or Stone be loaded on the Backs of such Mules, and not otherwise.

Duty.

Certain Mares kept for Breeding.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, during the Period limited by this Act, for all Mares which have been or shall be used wholly for the Purposes of Husbandry, and which at any time during the Continuance of this Act shall be kept for breeding, there shall be charged the like Duties, and no other, as would have been chargeable in respect of the same Mares if they had continued to be used for the said Purposes of Husbandry.

Duty.

Duties how levied.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties hereby substituted for and charged in lieu of the said Duties chargeable under the said several Acts, shall, during the Continuance of this Act, be assessed, charged, raised, levied, collected and applied under the Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Directions and Exemptions contained in the several Acts in force at and immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Assessed Taxes, and in like manner as the several Duties thereby granted, and by this Act discontinued and suspended, are thereby directed to be charged, raised, levied, collected and applied, except as herein is otherwise provided; and the said Duties hereby substituted for and charged in lieu of the said Duties chargeable under the said several Acts, shall be consolidated with and deemed a Part of the said other Duties of Assessed Taxes to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Duties hereby imposed had been granted under the said several Acts.

Rates carried to Consolidated Fund.

IX. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties hereby imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid, together with the said other Duties, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, to the Account of Assessed Taxes, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

‘ X. And

X. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Office Duties on Advertisements, Almanacks, Newspapers, Gold and Silver Plate, Stage Coaches and Licences for keeping Stage Coaches, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*, it was enacted, that from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all such Parts of any Act or Acts of Parliament as authorized the Commissioners of Hackney Coaches to license any Hackney Coaches to be used as Stage Coaches, and as exempted the Owners of Hackney Coaches already so licensed from taking out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps and from the Payment of the Mileage Duties on Stage Coaches, should be repealed, and that the Owners of Hackney Coaches then employed as Stage Coaches should be liable to take out Licences from the Commissioners of Stamps, and be subject to such and the same Duties as the Owners of any other Stage Coaches: And Whereas the Owners of Hackney Coaches were, before the said Act, exempted from certain Assessed Taxes in respect thereof, which Exemption ceased from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March*; and it is expedient that they should not be charged with such Assessed Taxes in respect of the Period between the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* and the Sixth Day of *April* following; Be it therefore further enacted, That all Owners of Hackney Coaches used as Stage Coaches, who have taken out Licences for the same from the Commissioners of Stamps, shall not be charged or chargeable in the current Year ending on the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, with any assessed Tax or Taxes from which they were exempted prior to the passing of the said Act, on account of their having kept and used their said Coaches as Stage Coaches in the Interval between the Twenty fifth Day of *March* and the Sixth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that they shall be freed and discharged from the Obligation imposed by the Acts relating to the Assessed Taxes, of delivering to the Assessors thereof Lists or Notices of their said Coaches as having been kept and used by them as aforesaid, prior to the Sixth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or any other Lists or Notices of their keeping and using such Coaches in the manner aforesaid, than they would have been obliged to do in case they had begun to keep and use the same on the Day after the passing of this Act; and that they shall be indemnified from all Penalties (if any) which they may have incurred in consequence of their not having delivered any such Lists or Notices as aforesaid prior to the passing of this Act.

55 G. 3. c. 185.

§ 11.

Hackney Coaches, licensed as Stage Coaches, exempted from Duty of Assessed Taxes for the Current Year.

Indemnified from Penalties.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, a certain Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to grant certain Allowances out of the Duties under the Management of the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, to Persons in respect of the Number of their Children*; and also a certain other Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the Allowances granted out of the Duties of Assessed Taxes to Persons in respect of the Number of their Children, by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, and for extending*

46 G. 3. c. 84.

52 G. 3. c. 147. granting Allowances of Duty in respect of Children, repealed.

extending the Limitation mentioned in the said Act in proportion to the Increase of the said Duties, shall be and the same are hereby respectively repealed.

Act may be altered, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXVII.

An Act to enable such Officers, Mariners and Soldiers, as have been in the Land or Sea Service, or in the Marines, or in the Militia, or any Corps of Fencible Men, since the Forty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to exercise Trades. [22d June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS there have been and are divers Officers, Mariners, Soldiers and Marines, who have served His Majesty in the late Wars by Sea and Land, some of whom are Men that used Trades, others that were Apprentices to Trades who have not served out their times, and others who, by their own Industry, have made themselves apt and fit for Trades; many of whom, the Wars being now ended, would willingly employ themselves in those Trades which they were formerly accustomed to, or which they are apt or able to follow and make use of for getting their Living by their own Labour, but are or may be hindered from exercising those Trades in certain Cities and Corporations, and other Places within this Kingdom, because of certain Bye Laws and Customs of those Places;’ for Remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all such Officers, Mariners, Soldiers and Marines, as have been at any time employed in the Service of His Majesty since the Twenty second Day of June One thousand eight hundred and two, and have not since deserted the said Service, and also the Wives and Children of such Officers, Mariners, Soldiers and Marines, may set up and exercise such Trades as they are apt and able for in any City, Town or Place within this Kingdom, without any Let, Suit or Molestation of any Person or Persons whatsoever, for or by Reason of the using of such Trade, nor shall such Officers, Mariners, Soldiers or Marines, or their Wives or Children, during the time they shall exercise such Trades, be removable from such respective Place or Places, to his, her or their last legal Place of Settlement by virtue of any Law now in being relative to the Settlement of the Poor, until such Person or Persons shall become actually chargeable to such Parish or Place; and if any such Officer or Officers, Mariner or Mariners, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or any Child of any such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine, shall be sued, impleaded or indicted in any Court whatsoever within this Kingdom for using or exercising any such Trades as aforesaid, then the said Officer or Officers, Mariner or Mariners, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or Child of any such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine, making it appear to the same Court where they are so sued, impleaded or indicted, that they have served His Majesty as aforesaid, or that he, she or they is or are the Wife or Wives, Child

Officers, Mariners, Soldiers and Marines, who have been employed in The King's Service since June 22, 1802, and have not since deserted, and also the Wives and Children of such, may set up and exercise Trades in any Part of this Kingdom, and shall not be liable to be removed from thence to their last legal Place of Settlement, until they become actually chargeable to the Parish; and if sued, upon pleading the General Issue, they shall be acquitted, and be paid Double Costs of Suit.

or

or Children of such Officer or Officers, Mariner or Mariners, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, who shall have so served His Majesty, shall, upon the General Issue pleaded, be found not guilty in any Pleint, Bill, Information or Indictment exhibited against them; and such Person or Persons who, notwithstanding this Act, shall prosecute the said Suit by Bill, Pleint, Information or Indictment, and shall have a Verdict passed against him or them, or become nonsuit therein, or discontinue his or their said Suit, shall pay unto such Officer or Officers, Mariner or Mariners, Soldier or Soldiers, Marine or Marines, or the Wife or Child of such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine respectively, Double Cofts of Suit, to be recovered as any other Cofts at Common Law may be recovered; and all Judges and Jurors before whom any such Suit, Information or Indictment shall be brought, and all other Persons whatsoever, are to take Notice of this present Act, and shall conform themselves thereto; any Statute, Law, Ordinance, Custom or Provision to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town or Place where any such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine shall set up and exercise any Trade as aforesaid, to cause such Mariner, Soldier or Marine, to be summoned before them in the City, Town or Place where such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine shall set up and exercise such Trade as aforesaid, in order to make Oath of the Place of his last legal Settlement, which Oath the said Justices are hereby empowered to administer, and such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine, is hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit so made before them to the Person making the same, in order that he may produce it when required; which attested Copy shall at any time be admitted as Evidence as to such last legal Settlement before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace: Provided always, that in case any such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him formerly taken being produced by him, or by any other Person on his behalf, such Officer, Mariner, Soldier or Marine shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such attested Copy of his Examination, if required.

III. And be it further enacted, That this Act, and every Part thereof, shall extend to all Officers and Soldiers who have personally served in the Militia, or any of the Fencible Regiments, from the said Twenty second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and two, for the Term of Five Years, and have been honourably discharged.

IV. Provided always, That this Act shall not be in anywise prejudicial to the Privileges of the Universities of *Cambridge* and *Oxford*, or either of them, or extend to give Liberty to any Person to set up the Trade of a Vintner, or to sell any Wine or other Liquors within the said Universities, without Licence first had and obtained from the Vice Chancellor of the same respectively.

When any Two Justices shall summon such Persons to give Evidence as to the Place of Settlement, they shall make Oath accordingly.

Attested Copy of Oath given them.

Proviso for Militia Men and Fencibles who have served Five Years.

Proviso for the Two Universities.

C A P. LXVIII.

An Act to provide for a New Silver Coinage, and to regulate the Currency of the Gold and Silver Coin of this Realm.

[22d June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS the Silver Coins of the Realm have, by long Use and other Circumstances, become greatly diminished in Number and deteriorated in Value, so as not to be sufficient for the Payments required in Dealings under the Value of the Current Gold Coins, by Reason whereof a great Quantity of Light and Counterfeit Silver Coin and Foreign Coin has been introduced into Circulation within this Realm; and the Evils resulting therefrom can only be remedied by a new Coinage of Silver Money, to be made and issued under proper Regulations for maintaining its Value and preserving the same in Circulation;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles the Second*, intituled *An Act for encouraging of Coinage*, and also so much of all and every other Act and Acts as provide and enact that whatsoever Person or Persons, Native or Foreigner, Alien or Stranger, should bring any Foreign Coin, Plate or Bullion of Silver, in mass, molten or alloyed, or any Sort or Manufacture of Silver, into His Majesty’s Mint or Mints within the Kingdom of *England*, to be there melted down and coined into the Current Coins of this Kingdom, should have the same there assayed, melted down and coined with all convenient Speed, without any Defalcation, Diminution or Charge for the Assaying, Coinage or Waste in Coinage, so as that for every Pound Troy of Sterling or Standard Silver that should be brought in and delivered by him or them to be assayed, melted down and coined as aforesaid, there should be delivered out to him or them respectively a Pound Troy of the Current Coins of this Kingdom, of Sterling or Standard Silver, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Weight, or more or less, in Proportion to the Excess or Deficiency in Fineness of any such Bullion, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *William the Third*, intituled *An Act for remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom*; and also so much of all and every other Act and Acts as declare, enact or provide, that the Weight and Fineness prescribed by any Indenture theretofore made with His Majesty’s Master and Worker for making of Silver Monies at the Tower of *London*, shall be and remain to be the Standard of and for the lawful Silver Coin of the Kingdom; and also so much of an Act made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coin of this Realm from foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum*, as enacts that any Silver Coin of the Realm, less in Weight than after the Rate of Sixty two Shillings for every Pound Troy, shall be forfeited; and

18 Car. 2. c. 5.
§ 1. in part
repealed.

7 & 8 W. 3.
c. 1. § 2. in
part, and other
Acts as herein
mentioned and

14 G. 3. c. 42.
§ 2. in part
repealed.

of any Act or Acts for reviving or continuing or making perpetual the Provisions of the said last recited Act in this respect, shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is and are hereby repealed.

III. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to revive and continue, until the First Day of January One thousand seven hundred and ninety nine, an Act passed in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Chapter forty two; videlicet, on the Thirteenth Day of January One thousand seven hundred and seventy four, intituled 'An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coin of this Realm from foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum, and to suspend the coining of Silver,* after reciting that His Majesty had appointed a Committee of His Privy Council to take into Consideration the State of the Coin of this Kingdom, and the present Establishment and Constitution of His Majesty's Mint, and that Inconvenience might arise from any Coinage of Silver until such Regulations might be framed as should appear necessary, and that from the then low Price of Silver Bullion, owing to temporary Circumstances, a small Quantity of Silver Bullion had been brought to the Mint to be coined, and that there was reason to suppose that a still further Quantity might be brought, and that it was therefore necessary to suspend the Coinage of Silver for the present, it was enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, no Silver Bullion should be coined at the Mint, nor should any Silver Coin that might have been coined there be delivered, any Law to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: And whereas Regulations with respect to a Coinage of Silver cannot be carried into Effect by reason of the said Enactment in the said last recited Act; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much of the said last recited Act as enacts that no Silver Bullion shall be coined at the Mint, and that no Silver Coin that may have been coined there shall be delivered, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

38 G. 3. c. 59.
§ 2. repealed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Master and Worker of the Mint, at His Majesty's Mint in *London*, to coin or cause to be coined any Silver Bullion, which, at any time before or after the passing of this Act, shall have been or shall be brought to or delivered or deposited at the said Mint, into Silver Coins of a Standard and Fineness of Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights of fine Silver, and Eighteen Pennyweights of Alloy in the Pound Troy, and in Weight after the Rate of Sixty six Shillings to every Pound Troy, whether the same be coined in Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings or Sixpences, or Pieces of a lower Denomination; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament in force in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, immediately before the passing of this Act, or any thing in any Indenture with His Majesty's Master or Worker of the said Mint for the time being, or any Law, Usage or Custom whatsoever to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

The Pound
Troy of Stand-
ard Silver,
Eleven Ounces
Two Penny-
weights fine, &c.
may be coined
into Sixty six
Shillings.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Days and during such Period of time as shall be named and appointed in and by any Proclamation or Proclamations which shall be made and

Old Silver Coin
of the Realm
brought to the
Mint, may be
issued

exchanged for its full nominal Value in new Silver Coin.

issued for that Purpose, by or on behalf of His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to bring and deliver into the said Mint any Silver Coin of this Realm heretofore coined and current, which shall by any Officer or Officers of the Mint to be appointed for that Purpose by the Master of the said Mint, be judged and deemed to be such Silver Coin of the Realm; and that there shall be delivered out from the said Mint, to every Person bringing in and delivering such Old Silver Coin a Sum in New Silver Coins, of Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings and Sixpences, to be coined pursuant to the Directions of this Act, equal to the Amount of the Silver Coins so brought in and delivered as aforesaid, according to the respective Denominations of such Silver Coins; so that every such Person shall have and receive a Sum of Money equal in its Denomination in the New Silver Coinage, to the Sum for which the Old Silver Coin brought in shall have passed, according to the Denomination thereof; and all such Old Silver Coin so to be brought and delivered into and received at the said Mint, shall from time to time be melted down and coined into New Silver Coins of this Realm, according to the Directions of this Act respecting Money to be coined from any Silver Bullion brought into or deposited at the said Mint in manner aforesaid.

Treasury may appoint Persons to receive Old Silver Coin, and exchange same for new, at any Places throughout the Kingdom.

VI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That during the Period mentioned in any such Proclamation or Proclamations, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, to appoint any Number of Persons at any Place or Places throughout the United Kingdom, for the Purpose of receiving all such Old Current Silver Coin of the Kingdom, as shall appear to any Person or Persons who shall be appointed by the Master of the Mint for the Purpose of inspecting the same, to be such Old Current Silver Coin, and for exchanging the same for New Silver Coin, according to their respective Denominations in manner aforesaid; and that such Persons shall give such Security, and shall render such Account, and shall be subject to, and shall obey all such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Directions, as the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall in that behalf order and direct; and that all such Old Current Silver Coin, so to be received by any such Person so to be appointed, shall be transmitted in such manner and at such times as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall direct, to His Majesty's Mint in London, there to be melted down and coined in manner aforesaid.

After the End of the Period appointed for receiving Old Coin of the Realm at the Mint, all Old Coin deficient in Value may be cut by the Person to whom it shall be tendered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of the Period to be mentioned in any such Proclamation or Proclamations as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whomsoever, and all Persons are hereby authorized and required, to cut, break or deface, or cause to be cut, broken or defaced, any Piece or Pieces of Old Silver Coin of this Realm current at any time before the passing of this Act, which shall be tendered to them or any of them in Payment, and which shall be of less Value than the Denomination thereof shall import, and the Person tendering the same shall bear the Loss; but if any such Piece so cut, broken or defaced, shall appear to be of the full Value which its Denomination shall import, the Person who shall cut, break or deface the same, shall

shall and he is hereby required to take and receive the same at the Rate it was coined for; and if any Question or Dispute shall arise whether the Piece so cut be of less Value than its Denomination shall import, such Question or Dispute shall be heard and finally determined by the Mayor, Bailiff or Bailiffs, or other Chief Officer of any City or Town Corporate where such Tender shall be made; and if such Tender shall be made out of any City or Town Corporate, then by some Justice of the Peace of the County inhabiting or being near the Place where such Tender shall be made; and the said Mayor or other Chief Officer and Justice of the Peace respectively, shall have full Power and Authority to summon any Person or Persons to appear and give Evidence before him or them, and to administer an Oath, as he shall see convenient to any Person, for determining any Questions relating to the Value and lawful Currency of any such Piece of Coin.

Evidence on
Oath.

VIII. And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the Loss arising from the Deficiency and Recoinage of the Silver Coin of the Realm; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required to issue and apply or cause to be issued and applied, from time to time as they shall see Occasion, such Sum and Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as shall appear to be the Amount of any such Deficiency or Deficiencies, according to such Accounts to be from time to time delivered to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury, by the Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint, as the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury shall for that Purpose direct and require; and likewise any such Sum and Sums of Money as shall appear to them to be requisite to defray all Charges and Expences in melting down such deficient Money, and casting the same into Ingots and assaying the same; and also to advance such Sum and Sums of Money as they shall see Occasion from time to time, to the Master and Worker of His Majesty's Mint for and towards the several Expences to be incurred in and about the Coinage of Silver Coin under this Act; and also to grant a reasonable Reward to such Persons as shall be appointed as aforesaid throughout the Kingdom, for receiving Old Silver Coin and exchanging the same for New Silver Coin, and to all other Officers, Clerks and Persons employed in and about the several matters relating to this Act; and to discharge all such other incidental Expences as shall occasionally attend the Execution of this Act.

Proviso for Loss
arising from
Deficiency and
Recoinage of
Silver Coin.

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after such Day as shall be named and appointed in and by any Proclamation which shall be made and issued for that Purpose, by or on behalf of His Majesty, by and with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons, Native or Foreigner, to bring any Foreign Coin, or any other Coin, or reputed Coin, Plate or Bullion of Silver, in mass, molten or alloyed, or any Sort of Manufacture of Silver, and to deliver the same at His Majesty's Mint in London, to be there melted down and coined into Current Silver

After a Day to
be appointed by
Proclamation,
Silver Coin and
Bullion may be
brought to the
Mint, to be
coined at the
Rate of Sixty six
Shillings per
Pound Troy of
Standard Silver,
Coins

Eleven Ounces
Two Penny-
weights fine, &c.;

Coins of this Kingdom; and such Silver Coin, Plate, Bullion or Manufacture so brought or delivered, shall be assayed at the said Mint, and melted down and coined with all convenient Speed, into Silver Coins of a Standard in Fineness of Eleven Ounces Two Pennyweights of fine Silver, and Eighteen Pennyweights of Alloy in the Pound Troy, and in Weight after the Rate of Sixty six Shillings to every Pound Troy, whether the same be coined in Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings or Sixpences, or Pieces of a lower Denomination; and that as soon as conveniently may be after any such Silver Coin, Plate, Bullion or Manufacture respectively, so brought to the Mint, shall be melted and assayed, there shall be delivered to the Person bringing in and delivering the same a Sum in Silver Coins, of Crowns, Half Crowns, Shillings or Sixpences, after the Rate of Sixty two Shillings of the Standard Fineness and Weight hereinbefore mentioned, for every Pound Troy of Standard Silver of the Fineness aforesaid, by such Person brought and delivered into the Mint, and so proportionably for a greater or lesser Weight; and that for the Defalcation or Diminution and for the Charge for the Assaying, Coinage and Waste in Coinage of all such Silver so to be brought to the Mint as aforesaid, there shall and may be retained at the said Mint the Sum of Four Shillings of the Standard and Weight aforesaid, for every Pound Troy of such Standard Silver so brought in and delivered, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser Weight, making in the whole after the Rate of Sixty six Shillings for every Pound Troy of such Standard Silver; any thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Great Britain or Ireland*, immediately before the passing of this Act, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

of which Sixty two Shillings per Pound shall be delivered to the Party bringing in the Bullion, and Four Shillings retained for Assaying, Loss and Coinage.

Such Sums of 4s. per Pound applied to Expence of Coinage, and Surplus (if any) carried to the Consolidated Fund.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Account shall be kept at the Mint of the Amount of all Sums of Money arising from the Allowance of Four Shillings for every Pound Troy of Silver to be retained at the said Mint, in manner aforesaid; and that all such Sums so retained shall in the first Place be applied in or towards the Payment of the Expences of the coining of such Silver; and the Surplus thereof (if any) after the Payment of such Expences, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

XI. And Whereas at various times heretofore the Coins of this Realm of Gold and Silver have been equally a legal Tender for Payments to any Amount, and great Inconvenience has arisen from both those precious Metals being concurrently the Standard Measure of Value, and equivalent for Property; and it is expedient that the Gold Coin made according to the Indentures of the Mint should henceforth be the sole Standard Measure of Value and legal Tender for Payment, without any Limitation of Amount, and that the Silver Coin should be a legal Tender to a limited Amount only, for the Facility of Exchange and Commerce; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Gold Coin of this Realm shall be and shall be considered and is hereby declared to be the only legal Tender for Payments (except as hereinafter provided) within the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*; and that the said Gold Coin shall hold such Weight and Fineness as are prescribed by the present Indenture with His Majesty's Master and Worker of the Mint for making Gold Monies at His Majesty's Mint in *London*, and with such Allowance, called the Remedy, as is given to the said Master by the said Indenture; which

Gold Coin declared the only legal Tender;

being the Weight and Fineness of the

ure.

Weight

Weight and Fineness are hereby declared to be and shall remain to be the Standard of and for the lawful Gold Coin of the Realm, so far as relates to Gold Coins of the Denominations at present in use, and specified in the said Indenture; and in case any Gold Coin or Coins of any other Denomination shall hereafter be coined at the said Mint under any future Indenture, such Gold Coin and Coins shall hold the like Standard in Fineness as the Gold Coins of the present Denominations, and shall hold such Weight as shall be proportionate to the Weight of the present Gold Coins, according to the Value for which such Gold Coin or Coins of any new Denomination shall be declared to be current.

' XII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Silver Coin of the Realm should be a legal Tender by Tale, according to its Denomination, to any Amount not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after such Day as shall be for that Purpose named in any Proclamation, which at any time after the passing of this Act shall be made and issued, by or on behalf of His Majesty, with the Advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, so much and such Parts of the Act made in the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to prohibit the Importation of Light Silver Coin of this Realm from Foreign Countries into Great Britain or Ireland, and to restrain the Tender thereof beyond a certain Sum*, as enacts or provides or may be construed to enact or provide, that any Tender in Silver Coin of the Realm shall be legal to the Amount of Twenty five Pounds, or a Tender for any greater Sum, according to its Value by Weight, and also so much of any Act and Acts whereby the said last recited Act is continued, revived or made perpetual, shall be, and the same is and are hereby repealed accordingly: And that from and after such Day as shall be for that Purpose named in any such Proclamation to be made and issued as aforesaid, no Tender of Payment of Money made in the Silver Coin of this Realm, of any Sum exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings at any one time, shall be reputed a Tender in Law, or allowed to be a legal Tender within the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, either by Tale or Weight of such Silver Coin or otherwise howsoever; any thing in the said recited Act of the Fourteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, or any Usage or Custom to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Person shall by any Means, Device, Shift or Contrivance whatsoever, receive or pay for any Gold Coin lawfully current within the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, any more or less in Value, Benefit, Profit or Advantage, than the true lawful Value which such Gold Coin doth or shall by its Denomination import; nor shall utter or receive any Piece or Pieces of Gold Coin of this Realm, at any greater or higher Rate or Value, nor at any less or lower Rate or Value than the same shall be current for in Payment, according to the Rates and Values declared and set upon them pursuant to Law; and that every Person who shall offend herein shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and being thereof convicted by due course of Law, shall suffer Imprisonment for the Term of Six Calendar Months, and shall find Sureties

14 G. 3. c. 42. § 2. and other Acts as herein mentioned, repealed after a Day to be named in The King's Proclamation for that Purpose.

No Tender of Silver Coin legal beyond 40s.

Current Gold Coin shall not be received or paid for more or less than its Value, according to its Denomination.

for his or her good Behaviour for One Year more, to be computed from the End of the said Six Months; and if the same Person shall afterwards be convicted of the like Offence, such Person shall for such Second Offence suffer One Year's Imprisonment, and find Sureties for his or her good Behaviour for One Year more, to be computed from the End of the said last mentioned Year; and if the same Person shall afterwards offend against this Act, and shall by due course of Law be convicted of any subsequent Offence, he or she shall be imprisoned for the Term of Two Years for every such subsequent Offence.

Persons convicted being again guilty, Clerk of the Peace shall certify former Conviction.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall be convicted of receiving or paying any such Gold Coin contrary to this Act, shall afterwards be guilty of the like Offence, the Clerk of the Assize or Clerk of the Peace for the County, City or Place where such Conviction was so had, shall, at the Request of the Prosecutor or any other Person on His Majesty's behalf, certify such Conviction, for which Certificate Two Shillings and Sixpence, and no more, shall be paid; and such Certificate being produced in Court, shall be sufficient Proof of such former Conviction.

Indictments not to be traversed.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Person against whom any Bill of Indictment shall be found at any Assizes or Sessions of the Peace for any Offence against this Act, shall be entitled to traverse the same to any subsequent Assizes or Sessions; but the Court at which such Bill of Indictment shall be found shall forthwith proceed to try the Person or Persons against whom the same shall be found, unless he, she or they shall shew good cause, to be allowed by the Court, why his, her or their Trial should be postponed.

Proviso.

On Prosecution, not necessary to prove Money lawful.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on any Prosecution or Trial of any Offender or Offenders hereafter to be prosecuted or tried for any Offence against this Act, it shall not be necessary to prove that the Gold Coin received or paid or uttered contrary to this Act, is the Current Gold Coin of this Realm, but the same shall be deemed and taken so to be, if received or paid or uttered as such, until the contrary thereof shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge, Justice or Court before whom any such Offender or Offenders shall be prosecuted or tried.

All other Acts relating to Silver Coin extended to this Act.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Act and Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, respecting the Coin of this Realm, or the clipping, diminishing or counterfeiting of the same, or respecting any other matters relating thereto, and all Provisions, Proceedings, Penalties, Forfeitures and Punishments therein contained or directed, not expressly repealed by this Act, and not repugnant or contradictory to the Enactments and Provisions of this Act, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect; and shall be applied and put in Execution with respect to the Silver Coin to be coined in pursuance of the Directions of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were repeated and reenacted in this Act.

Proviso for Payments in Bank of England Notes.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to affect, alter or repeal any Clause, matter or thing in any Act or Acts made or to be made in this present Session of Parliament, whereby it is or may be enacted or provided that the Promissory Notes of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, expressed to be payable to

to Bearer on Demand (called Bank Notes) shall be received for any Period in any such Act mentioned in Payment of all Sums of Money which are or shall become payable for any Part of the Public Revenue, and shall be accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the same, if offered to be so paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XIX. Provided also, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to alter or repeal any Clause, matter or thing in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, whereby it is enacted or provided that all Sums of Money payable in *Ireland*, for any Part of the Public Revenue there, shall be accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue in *Ireland* authorized to receive the same, in Silver Bank Tokens of the Bank of *Ireland*, for Thirty Pence, Ten Pence, or Five Pence respectively, which shall be issued during the Continuance of the Restriction on Payments in Cash by the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, if offered to be so paid; any thing in this Act before contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Proviso for Payments of Revenue in *Ireland*, in Irish Bank Tokens.

C A P. LXIX.

An Act to continue, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, Two Acts of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into *Great Britain*, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof, to continue in force until the Fifth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and seventeen*: And Whereas another Act was passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the present Session of Parliament, for repealing the Duties of Customs on Madder imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said first recited Act, as altered by the second recited Act, should be continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said first recited Act, as amended by the said second recited Act, shall be continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

54 G. 3. c. 26.

54 G. 3. c. 27.

Recited Act continued.

C A P. LXX.

An Act to alter and amend several Acts relating to the Redemption of the National Debt of *Ireland*, and to make further Provision in respect thereof. [22d June 1816.]

37 G. 3. c. 27.
(1.)

42 G. 3. c. 57.

54 G. 3.

‘ **W**HEREAS the total Capital of the Debt of *Ireland*, funded
 ‘ in *Ireland* in perpetual Redeemable Annuities, existing on
 ‘ the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred
 ‘ and ninety seven, amounted to the Sum of Five millions eight hun-
 ‘ dred and twenty nine thousand one hundred and fifty six Pounds
 ‘ Thirteen Shillings and Four pence: And Whereas by several Acts
 ‘ passed in the Reign of His present Majesty; that is to say, an Act
 ‘ passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty seventh Year of
 ‘ the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for vesting a*
 ‘ *certain Fund in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a*
 ‘ *Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt,*
 ‘ *and to direct the Application of additional Funds in case of future*
 ‘ *Loans to the like Purpose;* an Act passed in the Forty second
 ‘ Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, to amend so much of the said
 ‘ recited Act of the Thirty seventh Year as relates to the Commis-
 ‘ sioners for carrying the same into Execution; and an Act passed in
 ‘ the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An*
 ‘ *Act to enable the Lords of the Treasury of Ireland to issue to the Com-*
 ‘ *missioners for the Reduction of the National Debt a Sum equal to One*
 ‘ *per Centum on the Amount of Treasury Bills outstanding in every*
 ‘ *Year (a)*, various Provisions were made for the gradual Reduction
 ‘ of the said Debt existing on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One
 ‘ thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, and of the Public Debt
 ‘ of *Ireland* since contracted: And Whereas by virtue of the said
 ‘ several Acts the Sum of Seven millions eight hundred and ninety
 ‘ two thousand five hundred and thirty Pounds Eighteen Shillings
 ‘ and Sixpence of Funded Capital of the said Debt had on or before
 ‘ the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen
 ‘ been actually purchased by and placed to the Account of the Com-
 ‘ missioners for the Reduction of the said National Debt, and which
 ‘ said Sum so purchased by and placed to the Account of the said
 ‘ Commissioners as aforesaid, exceeds the total Capital of the Per-
 ‘ petual Redeemable Annuities of the Funded Debt of *Ireland*
 ‘ funded in *Ireland*, existing on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One
 ‘ thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, by the Sum of Two mil-
 ‘ lions sixty three thousand three hundred and seventy three Pounds
 ‘ Five Shillings and Two pence, and also produces an Interest or
 ‘ yearly Dividend superior in Amount to the whole annual Charge of
 ‘ the Public Debt of *Ireland* funded in *Ireland* in Perpetual Redeem-
 ‘ able Annuities existing on the said Twenty fifth Day of *March*
 ‘ One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven; And Whereas
 ‘ the Public Burthens may at this Period be greatly alleviated, and
 ‘ the whole of the National Debt of *Ireland* now existing may
 ‘ nevertheless be redeemed within Forty five Years from the Pe-
 ‘ riods of the respective Loans by which the same was created, and
 ‘ the Reduction thereof may be accelerated, if the Provisions of th
 ‘ said recited Acts were altered and amended in the manner herein
 ‘ (a) [53 G. 3. c. 120.]

‘ after

‘ after expressed ;’ Be it therefore enacted and declared by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the Purposes of this Act, an Amount of Public Debt equal to the whole Capital of the Public Debt of *Ireland* in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities existing on the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, shall be deemed to be satisfied and discharged; and that so much of the Capital Stock so purchased by and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, and now standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, as Parliament by any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose shall or may direct, shall be cancelled; and that the Interest or Dividends which shall have been payable on such Stock shall thenceforth cease to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, or to be charged on the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of *Ireland* by way of Loan, or in any other manner for the Service of the present or any future Year; and that from time to time whenever such a further Amount of the Capital Funded Debt of *Ireland* shall have been purchased by and placed to the Account of the said Commissioners as shall be equal to the whole Capital in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities, and shall have produced an Interest or yearly Dividend equal in Amount to the whole annual Charge of each Loan contracted since the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, the said Commissioners shall thereupon from time to time certify and declare the same to the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who shall cause the said Certificate and Declaration to be published in the *London* and *Dublin Gazettes*, and to be laid before Parliament (if Parliament shall be then sitting), but if Parliament shall not be then sitting, then within Fourteen Days after the next Meeting of Parliament; and whenever any such Certificate and Declaration shall have been so made, published and laid before Parliament as aforesaid, the Amount of Public Debt to which such Certificate and Declaration shall relate, shall from time to time be deemed and taken to be wholly satisfied and discharged, and an equal Amount of Capital Stock standing in the Names of the said Commissioners in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* shall be considered to be redeemed by Parliament, and shall from time to time be cancelled as above mentioned, at such times and in such Proportions as shall be directed by any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for that Purpose in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of *Ireland* by way of Loan, or in any other manner, any thing in any Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding: Provided nevertheless, that out of any Capital Stock to be cancelled as aforesaid there shall always be reserved such Sum or Sums as shall produce a yearly Interest or Dividend adequate to make Provision for the Payment of all Life Annuities which may then be payable out of the Sinking Fund

Capital Debt of Ireland existing on March 25, 1797, deemed discharged; and Stock placed to Account of Commissioners for Reduction of National Debt cancelled.

Money formerly applicable to Dividends to become Part of Consolidated Fund. Directions to Commissioners in making further Purchases of Funded Debt.

Certificate published in London and Dublin Gazettes.

Proviso for Life Annuities.

Fund of *Ireland*, in case no sufficient Reservation of Stock shall at any time theretofore have been made for that Purpose.

Until Stock be actually cancelled, Dividends to be applied to Account of Commissioners.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case and whenever any such Capital Stock which may have been declared to be satisfied and discharged as aforesaid, or any Part of such Capital Stock, shall not be actually cancelled in virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament to be passed for such Purpose, then and in every such case the Dividends of all such Capital Stock as may not have been cancelled shall in the meantime and until the same shall be so actually cancelled, continue to be issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, and be placed to the Account of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt at the Bank of *Ireland*, and shall be applied by them in the Redemption of the National Debt in such and the same manner in all respects as the Dividends of any other Capital Stock standing in their Names are applicable for that Purpose.

Commissioners to purchase Public Annuities equal to Debt which existed previous to June 22, 1802, and also redeem subsequent Debts, within certain Periods.

III. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That any such Capital Stock as aforesaid shall never be deemed to be satisfied or discharged or be cancelled by Parliament, in such a manner or to any such Extent as might not leave in the Hands of the said Commissioners a Sum sufficient (together with the other Funds or Sums of Money appropriated to them) to redeem or purchase an Amount of redeemable Public Annuities equal to such Part of the whole of the redeemable Annuities of the Public Debt of *Ireland* as existed previous to the Twenty second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and two, within Forty five Years from the said Twenty second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and two, and to redeem or purchase an Amount of redeemable Public Annuities equal to such Part thereof as hath been or shall be created subsequent to the said Twenty second Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and two, within Forty five Years from the respective Periods of the Creation of such redeemable Public Annuities respectively.

Quarterly Sums issued and applied pursuant to recited Acts, till Public Debt shall be paid within 45 Years from its Creation.

IV. And in order to make more effectual Provision for the Redemption of the Public Debt of *Ireland* within the Period of Forty five Years from the time of its Creation conformably to the Intent and meaning of the said recited Acts and of this Act; Be it further enacted, That all and every the quarterly Sum and Sums which by virtue of the said recited Acts, or any of them, are directed to be issued at the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* on account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, shall from time to time continue to be so issued, and shall be applied by the said Commissioners pursuant to the Directions and under and according to the Restrictions and Provisions of the said recited Acts, either in Payment for the Redemption or in the Purchase of the several redeemable Public Annuities of *Ireland*, until the whole of the Perpetual Redeemable Annuities now or which may hereafter become charged upon the Public Funds of *Ireland* shall have been completely redeemed or purchased within Forty five Years from the Creation thereof as aforesaid, any thing in the said recited Acts, or any of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for discharging certain Arrears of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents in *Ireland*.

[22d June 1816.]

WHEREAS in and by an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for discharging certain Arrears of Quit, Crown and Composition Rents, which have been growing due in Ireland*; it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful for every Person and Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, at any time before the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty one, to prefer his, her or their Petition or Petitions to His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*, thereby setting forth, that all or some of the Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, in *Ireland*, whereof he, she or they is or are seised, is or are subject or liable to some certain Quit Rent, Crown Rent, Composition or other Chief Rent payable to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which hath not been paid for the Space of Twenty Years next immediately preceding the Twenty ninth Day of *September* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and ten, in such manner and Form, and containing such Particulars, as in and by the said recited Act is and are prescribed, directed and appointed; and that if by Examinations in a summary way it shall appear to the Court of Exchequer that no Quit, Crown or Composition Rents, or other Rents as aforesaid, hath been paid or accounted for by the Collector of His Majesty's Revenue out of such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, within the Term of Twenty Years next before the Twenty ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten, and that no Proceedings have been had by or on behalf of His Majesty for Recovery of such Rent within the said Twenty Years, the said Court is by the said recited Act authorized and empowered to make an Order that the said Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned in such Petition, and the Persons who from time to time respectively held and enjoyed the same, should be absolutely freed and discharged of and from all such Rent and Arrears due or in Arrear at any time before the said Twenty ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and ten; but where Proceedings shall have been had for Recovery of such Arrears within the Space of Twenty Years as aforesaid, and before any such Petition shall be preferred, that then such Lands, Rectory, Abbey, Priory, Monastery Lands, Tythes, Fairs, Tenements and Hereditaments, and the Persons who from time to time held and enjoyed the same, shall be discharged of and from all Arrears of such Rents to the Twenty ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and four: And Whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and

51 G. 3. c. 91.
§ 1.

Court of Chancery, in addition to Order to be made under recited Act, to direct Auditor General to enquire whether any Proceedings had been taken for Recovery of Rents, and what Cofts had been incurred, &c. Cofts paid by Petitioners.

and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in addition to the Order which the said Court of Exchequer is in and by the said recited Act authorized and empowered to make, upon any Petition or Petitions filed under the Provisions of the said recited Act, such Court shall and is hereby required to order and direct that the Auditor General or his Deputy shall enquire and certify to the said Court, by a certain Day to be appointed by the said Court, whether any and what Proceedings had been taken by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for Recovery of such Rents, at any time before such Petition or Petitions shall have been preferred as aforesaid, and whether any and what Cofts and Expences had been incurred by or on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for the Recovery of such Rents, a Copy of which Order shall be served on the Solicitor of The King's Rents Ten Days at the least before the Day appointed for the making of such Certificate, and upon the Return of such Certificate the said Court of Exchequer is hereby authorized and required to make an Order on such Petition or Petitions; and that such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, so preferring his or their Petition or Petitions as aforesaid, after such Proceedings shall have been had or taken on behalf of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors as aforesaid, shall in all such cases pay to the Solicitor for His Majesty's Rents all such Cofts and Expences as shall on such Certificate appear to have been incurred on such Proceedings, the same being duly ascertained and taxed by the proper Officers; and such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall pay such Cofts and Expences accordingly, before the said Court of Exchequer shall make any Order on such Petition or Petitions to discharge such Arrears of Quit, Crown or Composition Rents, or other Chief Rents as aforesaid; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. LXXII.

An Act to continue and amend so much of an Act of the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for authorizing the billeting and subjecting to Military Discipline certain Yeomanry Corps, and Officers of Cavalry or Infantry, as relates to such Corps in Ireland. [22d June 1816.]

43 G. 3. c. 121.

‘ WHEREAS an Act was made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for authorizing the billeting of such Troops of Yeomanry and Volunteer Cavalry as may be desirous of assembling for the Purpose of being trained together, in Great Britain and Ireland; and for subjecting to Military Discipline, during the War, such Serjeants serving in any Volunteer or Yeomanry Corps of Cavalry or Infantry as receive constant Pay, and all Trumpeters, Drummers or Bugle Men serving therein, and receiving Pay at any Daily or Weekly Rate; and for the further regulating of such Yeomanry and Volunteer Corps; which Act* was to continue and be in force during the Continuance of the War, and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace with France: And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for continuing

54 G. 3. c. 178.

‘ continuing so much of the said recited Act as relates to such Corps in *Ireland*, the said recited Act was continued until the End of this present Session of Parliament, and it is expedient that the same should be further continued, so far as relates to such Troops or Corps in *Ireland* ;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act of the Forty third Year of His Majesty’s Reign shall be and continue in force, so far as relates to any such Troops or Corps in *Ireland*, from the time of the passing of this Act until the Expiration of One Year next after the passing of this Act, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament ; and that all such Provisions and Regulations in the said recited Act contained, so far as relates to such Troops or Corps in *Ireland*, as by the said Act are applied during War, or during the Continuance of War, or during the Continuance of the War and until Six Months after the Ratification of such Definitive Treaty of Peace, shall be in force, as amended by this Act, during the Continuance of the said recited Act as aforesaid.

Recited Act, so far as relates to Corps in *Ireland*, further continued.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, to make such Orders, Rules and Regulations, and from time to time to alter the same, in relation to the Pay, Clothing and Allowances of such Troops and Corps, or any of them, and also as to any Certificates, Vouchers, Receipts or Orders for the regulating or managing such Pay, Clothing or Allowances, or the Issue of any Public Money from His Majesty’s Treasury in *Ireland*, or from any Fund whatsoever for or on account of any such Pay, Clothing or Allowances, and to require such Proofs or such Affidavits before any Justice or Justices of the Peace relating to the said matters, or any of them, as such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors shall think fit ; every such Order, Rule and Regulation, to be notified in the usual manner by the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or, in his Absence, by the Under Secretary for the Military Department in the said Chief Secretary’s Office.

Lord Lieutenant may make Regulations in relation to Pay, Clothing and Allowances.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Entry of any such Order, Rule or Regulation, in the proper Book to be kept for that Purpose in the said Military Department of the Chief Secretary’s Office, or an examined Copy of such Entry, shall, in all Courts whatsoever, and on all Trials and Occasions whatsoever, be deemed, taken and received as good and sufficient Evidence of such Rule, Order or Regulation, and of the due and regular Notification thereof.

Entry of Regulations in Book of Military Department of Chief Secretary sufficient Evidence.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice and Justices of Peace, and they are hereby required, respectively, to take any Affidavit required to be taken or made by or before a Justice or Justices of the Peace by any such Rule, Order or Regulation ; and if any Person making such Affidavit shall swear falsely therein, every such Person shall for every such Offence be deemed and adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury, and shall suffer such Pains, Penalties and Punishment as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury shall be then by Law liable to.

Affidavits required by such Regulations may be taken before any Justice.

Perjury.

V. And

Continuance of
Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Expiration of the Year next after the passing thereof, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIII.

An Act for removing Difficulties in the Conviction of Offenders stealing Property from Mines. [22d June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS the Minerals, and the Timber, Iron and other Materials used in or for the working of Mines are much exposed to Depredation: And Whereas great Difficulties have been experienced in prosecuting and bringing to Justice Persons who have stolen such Property, by reason of the Rule of Law which at present prevails throughout that Part of Great Britain called *England*, for setting forth in Indictments for Larceny the Names of all the Persons who may be the Owners of or are interested in the Property stolen: And Whereas the Identity of such Property may be ascertained and described as effectually by averring the same in such Indictment to be the Property of some one or more of the Partners in such Mining Concerns, and others his or their Partners or Co Adventurers, without naming such other Partners or Co Adventurers;’ Be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful, and shall be deemed sufficient, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, for the Conviction of any Offender or Offenders charged in any Indictment with Grand or Petty Larceny for or on account of stealing any Minerals, or any Timber, Iron or other Materials used in or for the working of Mines, being the Personal Property of any Company or Adventurers carrying on the same, to alledge and aver that the Minerals, Timber, Iron or other Materials so stolen are the Property of some one or more of the Partners or Adventurers in such Mining Concern, and others his or their Partners or Co Adventurers, without naming such other Partners or Co Adventurers; and that such Form of describing the Property stolen from such Company or Adventurers shall be, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as valid and effectual in Law as if the same were averred to be the Property of all the Owners thereof, and as if the Names of all such Owners were particularly and distinctly set forth in such Indictment; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

What shall be
deemed sufficient
Evidence
for Conviction.

C A P. LXXIV.

An Act for the Purchase of certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments at *Sheerness* and *Chatham*, in the County of *Kent*, for the Use of the Navy. [24th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it is expedient that His Majesty should be enabled to purchase the Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments hereinafter particularly mentioned and described, for the Purpose of the same being added to or used with and for the Purposes and Service of His Majesty’s Dock Yards at *Sheerness* and *Chatham* respectively;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent

cellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful to and for the Lord High Admiral, or any Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, for the time being, from time to time, by any Writing under their Hands, to authorize any Person or Persons to treat and agree with the Owner or Owners, Person or Persons interested, for the absolute Purchase of all that Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground situate and being at a Place called *Blue Town*, in the Parish of *Minster*, in the *Isle of Sheppy*, in the County of *Kent*, bounded on the North by the *High Street*, including the whole of that Street up to the Boundary Fence of His Majesty's Dock Yard at *Sheerness*, as far as the Road leading from the said *High Street* to the Garrison, and in other Part up to the Entrance of the said Road, and the Fronts of Houses and Buildings standing on Ground belonging to His Majesty, lately transferred or given up by the Ordnance to the Navy Department, as far as the East Side of *Chapel Street*; on the South by the Boundary Ditch of certain Lands or Grounds belonging to or occupied by the Board of Ordnance; on the East, by *Chapel Street*, including all such Foot and other Pavement and Ground on the West Side of that Street, and lies to the Westward of a Line to be drawn parallel to the East Side of the same Street from the outermost Edge of the Foot Pavement at the South End, to the outermost Edge of the Pavement at the North End, and thence across the *High Street* to the said Ground and Buildings lately transferred to the Navy Department as aforesaid; on the West, in Part by *West Street*, including the whole of that Street up to the Boundary Fence of the said Dock Yard, in Part, and in other Part by the Embankment of the River *Medway*, together with all and singular the Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, and all other Erections and Buildings erected and built on the said Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground, or any Part thereof; and also all that Pier or Jetty situate at *Sheerness* aforesaid, commonly called or known by the Name of *The Sheerness Pier*, or *Blue Town Pier*, and the Toll House thereto belonging, and all Erections and Buildings whatsoever erected and built thereon; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land, containing by Estimation Eighteen Acres and Thirty nine Perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, with the Two Messuages or Dwelling Houses, and other Erections standing thereon, situate and being in the Parish of *Gillingham*, in the said County of *Kent*, bounding to the Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh next hereinafter mentioned and described, or the Creek or Fleet separating the same from the said Piece of Fresh Marsh Land, towards the North, to Marsh Lands belonging to His Majesty towards the South, to the other Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land hereinafter mentioned and described towards the West, and to the Creek called *Saint Mary's Creek* towards the East, as the same Premises now are or late were in the Tenure or Occupation of *John Bafeden*, or his Under Tenants; and also all that Piece or Parcel of broken Salt Marsh lying and being on the East Side of the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh hereinbefore mentioned and described, and between it and the said Creek called *Saint Mary's Creek*; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh Land, containing

The Admiralty may authorize Persons to treat with Owners for the Purchase of the Lands here- in described.

taining by Estimation Seven Acres, Two Roods and Three Perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, situate and being in the Parish of *Gillingham* aforesaid, bounding to the River *Medway* towards the North, to the Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land before mentioned and described, or the said Creek or Fleet separating the same from the said Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh, towards the South, to Land belonging to His Majesty towards the West, and to the said Creek called *Saint Mary's Creek*, or the Entrance thereof towards the East, as the same is now or late was in the Tenure or Occupation of the said *John Bafeden*, or his Under Tenants; and also the said Creek or Fleet between the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land, and the said Piece or Parcel of Salt Marsh Land hereinbefore mentioned and described; and also all that Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land, containing by Estimation Seven Acres, One Rood and Thirty five Perches, or thereabouts, be the same more or less, with the Sheds and other Erections thereon, situate and being in the Parish of *Gillingham* aforesaid, bounding to the said Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh Land hereinbefore mentioned and described towards the North and East, and to Lands belonging to His Majesty towards the South and West, as the same now are or late were in the Tenure or Occupation of the said *John Bafeden* or his Under Tenants; and also all those Twelve several Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, with the Yards, Gardens, Backsides and Appurtenances to the same severally belonging or appertaining, situate and being at a Place commonly called *Tom-all-alone's* (and sometimes called *Princess Street*) near the said last mentioned and described Piece or Parcel of Fresh Marsh, and in the Parish of *Gillingham* aforesaid, as the same now are or late were in the several Tenures or Occupations of *George Hines*, *Ann Rich* Widow, *Frances Spencer* Widow, *Thomas Hartley*, *John Flew*, *Charles Pleasance*, *Line Purcell*, *Thomas Clark*, *Thomas Elvy* the younger, *George Clark*, *James Clark*, and *Thomas Macleroy*, or by whatsoever other Name or Names, Quantities, Qualities or Descriptions, Abuttals and Boundaries, the said several Pieces or Parcels of Land, Messuages or Tenements, Pier or Jetty, and Premises, or any of them, or any Part thereof, may be better called, known or distinguished, and all Ways, Paths, Passages, Fleets, Creeks, Ditches, Banks, Walls, Fences, Easements, Liberties, Privileges and Appurtenances whatsoever to the said several Pieces or Parcels of Land and Messuages, Tenements or Dwelling Houses, Erections, Buildings, Pier or Jetty, and Premises hereinbefore mentioned, every or any of them, or any Part or Parts thereof belonging or in anywise appertaining.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for all Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and all Feoffees or Trustees for charitable or other public Purposes, and for all Tenants for Life and Tenants in Tail, and for the Husbands, Guardians, Trustees, Committees, Curators or Attornies of such of the Owners or Proprietors of, or Persons interested in any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments aforesaid, as shall be Females Covert, Infants, Lunatics, Ideots or Persons beyond the Seas, or otherwise incapable of acting for themselves, and to and for all and every Person and Persons whomsoever, who are or shall be seized or possessed of or in anywise interested in any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments hereinbefore mentioned or described, or any Part thereof, to contract and

Bodies Politic,
&c. and incapacitated Persons
may contract for
the Sale.

and agree with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid for the absolute Sale of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and to convey, surrender or grant the same unto the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, or any Three or more of them, in Trust for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors accordingly, and all such Contracts, Sales, Conveyances, Surrenders, Grants and Agreements shall be valid and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Contracts valid.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case any such Bodies, or other Persons hereby authorized to contract on behalf of themselves or others as aforesaid, or any other Person or Persons interested in any of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall, for the Space of Fourteen Days next after Notice in Writing subscribed by such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid, shall have been given to the principal Officer or Officers of any such Body, or to such other Persons hereby authorized to contract on behalf of others, or interested themselves as aforesaid, or left at his, her or their usual Place of Abode, refuse or decline to treat or agree, or by reason of Absence shall be prevented from receiving any such Notice, and from treating or agreeing with such Person or Persons authorized as aforesaid or shall refuse to accept such Sum of Money as shall be offered by such Person or Persons, as the Consideration for the absolute Purchase of such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for such Person or Persons so authorized as aforesaid to require Two or more Justices of the Peace, or Three or more Deputy Lieutenants (One of whom shall be a Justice of the Peace of the said County of *Kent*) to put His Majesty's Officers into immediate Possession of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments which such Justices or Deputy Lieutenants are hereby required to do, and shall for that Purpose issue their Warrant under their Hands and Seals commanding Possession to be so delivered; and shall also issue their Warrant to the Sheriff of the said County of *Kent* to summon a Jury, and every such Sheriff for the time being is hereby authorized and required, on Receipt of any and every such Warrant, to summon and return a Jury properly qualified, of the Number of Twenty four, and in the manner required by the Laws of *England*, who shall meet at some convenient time and Place to be mentioned in such Summons, out of whom a Jury of Twelve shall be drawn, in such manner as Juries for the Trial of Issues joined in His Majesty's Courts at *Westminster* are drawn by Law in *England*; and in case a sufficient Number shall not appear, the said Sheriff shall choose others of the Bye Standers, or that can speedily be procured, being qualified as aforesaid, and the said Jurymen may be challenged by the Parties on either Side, but not the Array; and the said Justices or Deputy Lieutenants respectively may summon Witnesses and adjourn any such Meeting if Jurymen or Witnesses do not attend, and the Jury on hearing any Witnesses and Evidence that may be produced, shall, on their Oaths, (which Oaths, as also the Oaths of such Witnesses, the said Justices or Deputy Lieutenants respectively are hereby empowered and required to administer,) find the Compensation to be paid for the absolute Purchase of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments.

In default of treating, Two Justices may put His Majesty's Officers in Possession.

Warrant to Sheriff to summon Jury.

If no sufficient Number than a Jury de circumstantibus.

Compensation to Owners.

Parties dissatisfied with Verdict of Jury, may

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of

apply to Court of Exchequer, who may direct an Inquisition to be had before the Justices of Assize and Nisi Prius, to ascertain Compensation.

Lord High Admiral aforesaid, or any Person interested therein, shall be dissatisfied with the Verdict of any such Jury, it shall be lawful for them or their Attornies to apply to the Court of Exchequer at *Westminster*, in the Term next after the finding of any such Verdict, and to suggest to the said Court that they have reason to be dissatisfied with such Verdict, and forthwith give Notice thereof to the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners, or Party (as the case may be), and thereupon the Proceedings that shall have been had and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned into the said Court of Exchequer, and if it shall appear to the said Court to be proper, a Suggestion shall be entered on such Proceedings as aforesaid, and a Writ shall thereupon, by Rule of such Court, be directed to the Sheriff of the said County of *Kent*, to summon either a Common or Special Jury, according to the Application that shall have been made in that behalf, and as the Court shall allow, and who shall respectively be qualified according to Law to appear before the Justices of Assize and Nisi Prius of the said County of *Kent*, at the next Assizes or Sittings of Nisi Prius, if the same shall not happen sooner than Twenty one Days after such Suggestion, otherwise at the next succeeding Assizes or Sittings, and the Compensation to be paid for the absolute Purchase of such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall at such Assizes or Sittings be ascertained by such Jury in like manner as any Damages may be enquired of upon any Inquisition or Enquiry of Damages by any Jury before any Judge of Assize or Nisi Prius, and the Verdict of such Jury shall be returned to the said Court of Exchequer, and shall be final and conclusive, unless the said Court of Exchequer shall think fit, on any Application made within Four Days after the Commencement of the succeeding Term or Session, to order any new Trial in relation thereto.

Verdict of Jury returned to Court of Exchequer.

Jury also to ascertain the Proportion to be paid to Lessees, &c.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Jury impanelled before any Justice of the Peace or Magistrates, or Deputy Lieutenants, or before any Judge of Assize or Nisi Prius, to ascertain the Compensation to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments under this Act, and they are hereby required to ascertain and settle the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation to any Person or Persons having any Interest as Lessees or Tenants for Years at Will, or otherwise, in any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, and the Proportion to be paid out of such Compensation shall be returned on the Verdict: Provided also, that where any such Enquiry before any Judge of Assize or Nisi Prius shall be had on the Application of any such Lessee or Tenant for Years or at Will, or other Person having any inferior Interest in any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, who may have been dissatisfied with the Proportion or Compensation settled by the Jury to be paid in respect of such Interest, it shall not be lawful for the Jury in any such case to alter the Amount of the entire Compensation awarded by any former Verdict to be paid for such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, but only the Proportion thereof to be paid to the Person or Persons having a separate Interest therein; and it shall not be lawful for any Jury, on any Enquiry had before any Judge of Assize or Nisi Prius as to any such Compensation on the Application of the said Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid, to alter the Proportion that shall have been settled by any such former Jury as to any separate Interest in any such Lands or Hereditaments.

Jury on Enquiry before Judge may alter Proportion.

VI. Pro-

VI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Court making any such Rule to require that the Party on whose Application the same shall be made shall give such Security as shall to such Court seem proper for Payment of Costs, under such Circumstances as shall be specified in any Rule made for that Purpose.

Security for Payment of Costs.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Money shall have been or shall be agreed, or shall have been or shall be found by the Verdict of any Jury to be paid or given for any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments hereinbefore mentioned and described, belonging to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, or absent, or not having the absolute Interest therein, the same shall be paid by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy for the time being into the Hands of the Deputy of The King's Remembrancer of His Majesty's said Court of Exchequer for the time being for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons, and the said Deputy Remembrancer is hereby authorized and required to receive and to give a Discharge for the same, and upon the Receipt thereof to sign a Certificate to the Barons or Judges of the said Courts of Exchequer under his Hand, purporting and signifying that such Money or other Consideration was received by and paid to him in pursuance of this Act, for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons who shall be named and described in such Certificate, and the said Certificate shall be filed in the said Court of Exchequer, and a true Copy thereof signed by the Deputy Remembrancer of such Court shall and may be read and allowed as Evidence for the purposes hereinafter mentioned; and the said Deputy Remembrancer is hereby required upon Receipt of any such Sum or Sums of Money as aforesaid to pay the same into the Bank of England; and immediately upon the filing of such Certificate the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be and become vested in or to the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

Money belonging to incapacitated Persons how disposed of.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Barons or Judges of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, of the Degree of the Coif for the time being respectively, or any Two or more of them, shall be and they are hereby authorized and empowered, in a summary way, upon Motion or by Petition for and on behalf of any Person or Persons interested in or entitled to the Benefit of the Money so paid to and received by the said Deputy Remembrancer, or the Interest or Produce thereof, and upon reading the Certificate directed to be signed by the said Deputy Remembrancer concerning the same as aforesaid, and receiving such further Satisfaction as they shall think necessary, to make and pronounce such Orders and Directions for paying the said Money, or any Part of the same, or for placing out such Part thereof as shall be Principal in the Public Funds, or upon Government, or Real Securities, and for Payment of the Dividends or Interest thereof, or any Part thereof, to the respective Persons entitled to receive the same, or for laying out the Principal, or any Part thereof, in the Purchase of other Lands or Hereditaments, to be conveyed and settled to, for and upon the same Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes as the said Lands and Hereditaments so taken stood settled at the time of the Payment of such Money as aforesaid, or as near as the same can be done, or otherwise, concerning the disposing of the said Money, or any Part thereof, and the Interest of

Court of Exchequer on Application of such Persons for Disposition of such Money may give Directions therein.

the same, or any Part thereof, for the Benefit of the Person or Persons entitled to and interested in the same respectively, or for appointing any Person or Persons to be Trustee or Trustees for all or any of such Purposes as the said Court shall think just and reasonable.

Securities, &c. to vest in Deputy Remembrancer for time being without any Assignment.

IX. And be it further enacted, That upon the Death or Removal of any such Deputy Remembrancer all Stocks and Securities vested in him by virtue of this Act shall vest in the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the Purposes hereinbefore mentioned without any Assignment or Transfer; and all Monies paid into the Bank of *England* in pursuance of this Act, or remaining in the Hands of any Deputy Remembrancer at his Death or Removal, and not vested in the Funds or placed out on Securities as aforesaid, shall be paid over to the succeeding Deputy Remembrancer for the time being.

Where no Deputy Principal to have same Powers.

X. And be it further enacted and declared, That if in any case The King's Remembrancer shall execute the said Office in Person, then and in such case the several Trusts, Powers and Authorities by this Act vested in the said Deputy Remembrancer and his Successors, shall, during such time as no Deputy Remembrancer shall be appointed, be vested in and be executed by the said King's Remembrancer for the time being.

C A P. LXXV.

An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof. [24th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs now payable upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed should be repealed, and that other Duties should be imposed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the Recovery or paying any Arrears thereof which may remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the said First Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and that from and after the said Day, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for every Last of Rape Seed or Cole Seed imported into the United Kingdom the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Instead of the Duties repealed, for every Last of Rape or Cole Seed imported,

New Duty.

Duties under Management of Commissioners of Customs.

II. And be it further enacted, That such of the said Duties as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs in *Scotland* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of the Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland* for the time being.

III. And

III. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*; and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full force and effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if they were at large repeated and reenacted in this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties in *Great Britain*, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, under the Head of Consolidated Customs, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*; and that all the Monies arising from the said Duties in *Ireland*, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same being deducted, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in the present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXVI.

An Act for repealing the several Bounties on the Exportation of Refined Sugar, from any Part of the United Kingdom, and for allowing other Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

[24th *June* 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the several Bounties respectively allowed on the Exportation, from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar in any way refined within the United Kingdom shall be discontinued, and that other Bounties should be granted and allowed in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Bounties on the Exportation, from any Part of the United Kingdom, of Sugar in any way refined within the United Kingdom, allowed under or in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall cease, determine and be no longer paid; and that instead and in lieu thereof there shall be paid and allowed the several Bounties on such Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom as the same are respectively described and set forth in the Table to this Act annexed.

Bounties now payable on Exportation of Refined Sugar, repealed, and those described in Table annexed to be paid.

Bounties subject to former Regulations.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Bounties on Refined Sugar, by this Act granted, shall be paid or allowed in such and the like manner in every Respect, and subject and under and according to the like Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Conditions, Securities, Penalties and Forfeitures, (except where any Alteration is made by this Act,) as any Bounties on Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom were paid or allowed before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Old Bounties on Sugar shipped before July 5, 1816, allowed.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several and respective Bounties on any Sort of Refined Sugar exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, which from and after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, are by this Act repealed, shall be paid or allowed on any such Sugar which shall be actually shipped for the Purpose of Exportation from any Part of the United Kingdom, on or before the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, notwithstanding such Sugar may not be exported until after the said Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Proviso for Deduction from Bounty on Sugar when exported in any other than a British Vessel by
43 G. 3. c. II. § 3.

IV. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter or repeal the Deduction to be made from the Bounty allowed on Sugar when exported from any Part of the United Kingdom, in any other than a British Vessel owned, navigated and registered according to Law, as directed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for discontinuing certain Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Great Britain, and for allowing other Drawbacks and Bounties in lieu thereof, until the Fifteenth Day of January One thousand eight hundred and four*; or by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide more effectually for regulating the Drawbacks and Bounties on the Exportation of Sugar from Ireland, and for allowing British Plantation Sugar to be warehoused in Ireland until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and eight*.

47 G. 3. Sess. I. c. 19. § 4.

Continuance of Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Act may be altered, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be amended, altered or repealed, by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

TABLE to which this Act refers.

	Bounty on Refined Sugar called Bastards, or Refined Loaf Sugar broken in Pieces, or being ground or powdered Sugar.	Bounty on other Refined Sugar in Loaf complete and whole, or Lumps duly refined, or on such Sugar pounded, crushed or broken; and on Sugar Candy.	Additional Bounty on Double Refined Sugar.
Whatever may be the Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar -	3s. the Cwt.	4s. the Cwt.	8s. the Cwt.

C A P. LXXVII.

An Act to repeal certain Duties granted by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for repealing the Provisions of former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the *South Sea Company*. [24th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to repeal the Provisions of former Acts granting exclusive Privileges of Trade to the South Sea Company, and to indemnify the said Company for the Loss of such Privileges*; it is enacted, that there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Goods, Wares and Merchandizes imported into any Port of the United Kingdom from any Place within the Limits of the sole and exclusive Trade heretofore granted to the said Company (except Blubber, Train Oil, Head Matter, or Whale Fins, Seal Skins, and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Seas, taken and caught by the Crews of *British* and *Irish* built Ships or Vessels) a Duty of Customs of Two Pounds upon every Hundred Pounds Value of all such Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, and upon Ships or Vessels according to the Tonnage thereof, entering outwards or inwards at any Port within the United Kingdom to or from any Port or Place within the Limits of the said sole and exclusive Trade so heretofore granted to the said Company as aforesaid, a Duty of Customs of One Shilling and Sixpence upon every Ton Burthen of every such Ship or Vessel: And Whereas it is expedient that Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold and Silver should be imported from any Place within the Limits of the sole and exclusive Trade heretofore granted to the said Company Duty free; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the aforesaid Act as imposes or authorizes the raising, levying or collecting any Duty of Customs upon Bullion and Foreign Coin of Gold and Silver imported from any Ports or Places therein described, shall be and the same is hereby repealed accordingly.

II. And Whereas it is also expedient that the said Duty of Two Pounds upon every One hundred Pounds Value should not be levied, upon or in respect of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, as are warehoused under the Provisions of any Act of Parliament for depositing Goods in Warehouses and thereafter taken out for Exportation; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Duty of Two Pounds upon every Hundred Pounds Value of such Goods, Wares and Merchandize, shall not be raised, levied, collected or paid for or in respect of any such Goods, Wares or Merchandize deposited under the Provisions of the Acts of Parliament for depositing Goods in Warehouses, and which shall thereafter be taken out of the Warehouses for Exportation, and duly exported according to Law, and under such Regulations and Restrictions as are applicable to like Goods taken out of Warehouses for Exportation; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bullion and Foreign Coin imported, repealed.

Duty of 2l. on every 100l. Value of Goods warehoused for Exportation, not to be levied in future:

‘ III. And Whereas by the said recited Act, Blubber, Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, Seal Skins, and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Seas, taken and caught by the Crews of *British* and *Irish* built Ships or Vessels, is excepted from the aforesaid Duty of Two Pounds upon every One hundred Pounds Value on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and it is expedient that the Ships or Vessels importing the said Blubber and other Articles should also be excepted from the aforesaid Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence upon the Ton Burthen of such Ship or Vessel;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Duty of One Shilling and Sixpence shall not be raised, levied, collected and paid upon the Ton Burthen of Ships or Vessels importing only Blubber, Train Oil, Head Matter or Whale Fins, Seal Skins and other Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Seas, taken and caught by the Crews of *British* and *Irish* built Ships or Vessels, and no other Cargo as Merchandize; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Duty of 1s. 6d. per Ton on Ships importing only Blubber, &c. by 55 G. 3. c. 57. § 5. not to be raised in future.

C A P. LXXVIII.

An Act for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper in *Ireland*, and to prevent Frauds therein. [24th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it is expedient to consolidate the Laws now in force for regulating and securing of the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*, and to prevent Frauds therein, and to amend the same;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, Two several Acts made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, One made in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act to secure the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*, and the other made in the Fortieth Year of his said Majesty’s Reign, for amending and continuing the said Act of the Thirty eighth Year of His Majesty’s Reign; and also an Act made in the Parliament of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for the better regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in Ireland, and to prevent Frauds therein*, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same are hereby repealed; except so far as the said recited Acts, or any of them, repeal or repeals any former Act or Acts; and also save and except so far as the said recited Acts, or any of them, relate or relates to the charging, recovering, levying, paying or accounting for any Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*, or any Arrears of such Duties, or any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture relating to the same, or for making or allowing any Abatement of such Duties which shall or may have been incurred or become due, or to which any Person may have become entitled, or as they or any of them relate or relates to any Drawbacks to which any Person may have become entitled on or before the Commencement of this Act; and that all and every the Regulations and Provisions, Powers and Authorities, contained in the said recited Acts, or any of them, shall

Irish Acts, 38 G. 3. and 40 G. 5. and

55 G. 3. c. 112. repealed.

Exception.

shall be and remain in full Force and Effect for the charging, recovering, levying and paying the said Duties and Arrears thereof, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and for making or allowing any such Abatement or Drawback as if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to repeal or affect so much of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His said Majesty's Reign, recited and referred to in the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year aforesaid, as makes perpetual an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of his said Majesty's Reign relating to paper Hangings printed, painted or stained in *Ireland*: Provided also, that so much of the said Act of the Forty fifth Year aforesaid, relating to Paper Hangings printed, painted or stained in *Ireland*, and so made perpetual by the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid, shall, save and except as the same is altered by an Act of the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to make further Provisions for collecting and securing the Duties of Excise on Paper printed or stained in Ireland, to serve for Hangings or other Uses*, be and remain in full Force and Effect to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Paper (other than such Brown Paper as is hereinafter described and mentioned) and not being Glazed Paper for Clothiers or Hot Pressers Use, or Sheating or Sheathing Paper, or Button Paper or Button Board, shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the First Class; and all such Paper herein described to be of the First Class shall be liable to and shall be chargeable with a Duty of Three pence *per* Pound Weight Avoirdupoise thereof, chargeable on Paper made in *Ireland*, in and by an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty certain Inland Duties of Excise and Taxes in Ireland, and to allow certain Drawbacks in respect thereof in lieu of former Duties of Excise, Taxes and Drawbacks*, and shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes to be Paper of the Description therein charged with the said Duty of Three pence *per* Pound; and that all Brown Paper made of Old Ropes or Cordage only or of Old Ropes or Cordage mixed with refuse Materials only without washing or whitening the same, or any of them, and without separating or extracting the Pitch or Tar, or any Part therefrom, or from any of them; and all Button Paper or Button Board shall be respectively denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Second Class, and shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of One Penny *per* Pound, mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty-seventh Year aforesaid, and shall be deemed and taken to all Intents and Purposes respectively to be Paper of the Description therein charged with the said Duty of One Penny *per* Pound; and that all Pasteboard, Millboard and Scaleboard, and Paper commonly called by the Name of Sheating or Sheathing Paper, and all Glazed Paper for Clothiers and Hot Pressers Use, shall be denominated, deemed and taken to be Paper of the Third Class, and such Pasteboard, Millboard and Scaleboard, and Sheating or Sheathing Paper, shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of One Pound *British* Currency for every Hundred Weight mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid; and such Glazed Paper for Clothiers and Hot Pressers shall be liable to and chargeable with the Duty of Five Shillings

Proviso for
47 G. 3. Sess. 1.
c. 38. § 1.
making perpetual

45 G. 3. c. 106.
§ 1—5. relating
to Paper Hang-
ings, save as
altered by
55 G. 3. c. 106.

Paper of the
First Class:

47 G. 3. Sess. 1.
c. 18.
Sch. (A.) tit.
Paper Manu-
facture.

Of the Second
Class:

Of the Third
Class.

Shillings for every Hundred Weight mentioned in the said last recited Act of the Forty seventh Year aforesaid; and that all Paper which shall be made in *Ireland* shall be classed and denominated accordingly.

Before Licence granted, Paper Maker to deliver to Officer of District Account of Mill, Apparatus, &c.

III. And be it further enacted, That every Person in *Ireland* who shall keep a Mill or Mills containing any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil, or Vessel for making Paper, shall make out, sign and deliver to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which the Mill or Mills of such Person shall be situate, an Account in Writing, to be entered and registered in the Office of Excise of such District, containing his or her Name or Names, and Place or Places of Abode, and the Place or Places where such Mill or Mills shall be situate, and specifying every Mill, and every Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place belonging or appertaining thereto, and the Situation thereof respectively, and also specifying the Number and Situation of each and every Engine, and of each and every Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel respectively kept in any such Mill or Mills, and the Number of Cubic Feet in every such Engine, computed in manner as in and by this Act is directed; and if any Paper Maker shall keep any Store or Warehouse for the storing or keeping of any Paper, such Store or Warehouse not belonging to his or her Mill, every such Paper Maker shall also specify in such Account every such Store and Warehouse, and the Place where the same is respectively situated; and in such written Account the Person making the same shall distinguish every such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, and every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, by separate Numbers relating to each, in Arithmetical Progression, beginning with Number One; and upon some visible Part of every such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel and upon the Door of every such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, shall paint or cause to be painted with Oil Colour in Black upon White Ground, or White upon Black Ground, and shall keep them so painted in a visible and legible manner, the Number of each such Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, beginning as aforesaid with Number One, and of each such Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place respectively, in conformity with such Account, beginning in like manner as aforesaid with Number One; and the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District shall file or enter and register such Account in the Office of Excise of the District, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Registry by giving a Copy thereof, signed by him; and before any Licence shall be granted to any Person to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, such Person shall make out, sign and deliver such Account as aforesaid, and such Certificate as aforesaid shall be produced to the Person empowered to grant such Licence.

What to be specified in Account.

Number painted on Engines, &c.

Account registered at Excise Office.

Certificate.

Paper Maker to enter into Bond.

IV. And be it further enacted, That before any Licence shall be granted to any Person or Persons in *Ireland*, to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, the Person or Persons requiring such Licence shall with Two sufficient Sureties execute a Bond to His Majesty in the penal Sum of Three hundred Pounds for each and every Engine intended to be kept by such Person or Persons conditioned to pay all such

such Sum and Sums of Money as, by virtue of this Act or any other Act or Acts in force or to be in force in *Ireland*, such Person shall be chargeable with, and also to pay and satisfy all Penalties to which such Person shall or may become liable under this Act or any other Act or Acts to be in force, relating to the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*; and in every such Licence shall be expressed the Number of Engines intended to be kept by such Person or Persons.

Licence to express Number of Engines kept.

V. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make any Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, or shall make use of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or any Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place, for the making, drying or keeping of any Paper whatever, before such Person shall have made out, signed and delivered such Account as aforesaid, or shall omit to paint or cause to be painted in manner hereinbefore directed, or to keep painted in a visible and legible manner upon each such Mill, Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place respectively, the Number thereof respectively in conformity with such Account, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and that all Paper of every Sort or kind whatever, which shall be found in any Mill, Warehouse, Work House, Drying House, Store House or other Place of which such Account shall not have been made out, signed and delivered, as is by this Act required, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise in *Ireland*; and that if any Person shall keep any such Mill or Mills as aforesaid and shall omit to make out, sign and deliver such Account as is by this Act directed, of each and every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or of the Number of Cubic Feet in each and every Engine, or shall make or deliver any false Account of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or of the Cubic Feet in any Engine, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with each every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil and Vessel, whereof no such Account or any false Account shall have been made.

Using Engine or Utensil before delivering Account to Officer.

Penalty.

Neglecting to mark the Number; or giving in a false Account.

Penalty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall make any Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, or shall make use of any Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel, or any Mill, Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place for making, drying or keeping of any Paper whatever, without such Person having first had and obtained a Licence according to Law to keep a Mill or Mills for making Paper, and having the same in force, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every Engine, Vat, Wet Press, Utensil or Vessel for making Paper, and all Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, and all Materials for making Paper, which shall be found in any Mill for which a Licence in force shall not have been duly granted, or in any Work House, Warehouse, Drying House, Store House or other Place belonging or appertaining to such Mill, or belonging to any Paper Maker, shall be forfeited and may be seized by any Officer of Excise.

Licence to be taken out before making Paper.

Penalty.

VII. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall from time to time intend to alter the Dimension of any Engine of which such Account as aforesaid shall have been delivered, or if any

Notice of Intention to alter Dimensions of Engines, or of

Paper

increasing their
Number.

Paper Maker shall intend to keep or make use of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, Wet Prefs or Wet Prefes, in Addition to or in the Stead or Place of any Engine or Engines, Vat or Vats, or Wet Prefs or Wet Prefes, or any Utenfil or Vessel, or any Work Houfe, Warehouse, Drying Houfe, Store Houfe or other Place of which such Account as aforesaid shall have been delivered, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker so to do upon giving Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and also to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Mill of such Paper Maker, and upon an Account being made out, signed and delivered, in manner aforesaid and registered as aforesaid, and specifying the Number of Cubic Feet contained in any such Engine, and also all such other Particulars as are required as aforesaid, Six Days at the least before such Paper Maker shall make use of any such Engine, Vat or Wet Prefs, Utenfil or Vessel, or Work Houfe, Drying Houfe, Store Houfe or other Place; and such Paper Maker shall in such Notice and Account respectively hereby required to be given of such altered or other Engine, Vat or Wet Prefs, Utenfil or Vessel, or Work Houfe, Warehouse, Drying Houfe or other Place, express that the same is or are, as the case may be, an altered Engine, and also the Number thereof, or an additional Engine, Vat or Wet Prefs, Utenfil, or Vessel, or Work Houfe, Drying Houfe, Store Houfe, or other Place, † is or are intended to be kept or used in the Place and Stead of a former Engine, Vat or Wet Prefs, Utenfil or Vessel, or Work Houfe, Drying Houfe, Store Houfe or other Place; and such additional or other Engine, Vat or Wet Prefs, Utenfil or Vessel, or Work Houfe, Drying Houfe, Store Houfe or other Place, shall be numbered in manner before directed.

† *Sic.*

Notice before
commencing or
recommencing
to work Engine,
to Commis-
sioners and to
Collector, &c. of
District.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall, before commencing to work any Engine at any time after the Commencement of this Act, or at any time within any Year for which such Paper Maker shall be licensed to keep any Mill for the making of Paper, and so in like manner before recommencing to work any Engine after any Discontinuance in such Year as hereinafter provided, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Mill of any such Paper Maker, distinguishing each such Engine by the Number and Content thereof, as the same is described in the Account by this Act required to be made out by such Paper Maker, and setting forth the Day and Hour when such Paper Maker intends to commence or recommence so to work any Engine; and any such Paper Maker who shall make any Paper, or shall have any Stuff or Material in Process for making the same into Paper, without having given such respective Notices in manner by this Act directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and no other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice of Commencement or Recommencement to work any Engine other than the Sixth Day of some Month in the Year; and the Officer shall attend at the Day and time which shall be specified in any such Notice of Recommencement, and shall open the Lock and Fastenings of such Engine.

Penalty.

The Period to
be the Sixth of
the Month.

Engine exceed-
ing Three Cubic
Feet beyond

IX. And be it further enacted, That if the Content of any Engine of which an Account, Return or Notice shall have been so given, shall

shall exceed by Three Cubic Feet the Number of Cubic Feet which shall have been mentioned in such Return, Account or Notice, as being the Content of such Engine, the Paper Maker in whose Mill such Engine shall be found of such greater Content, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and a new and correct Return shall be forthwith given by such Paper Maker; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise whatever, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of any Month in which it shall have been or shall be discovered that such Engine of such greater Content as aforesaid was worked or used, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Mill shall be situate, of all such Sum or Sums of Money as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with in respect of such increased Content of such Engine, for the Period or Periods from the time mentioned in the previous Notice of the commencing or recommencing the working of such Engine to such Fifth Day of the Month on which it shall have been discovered that such Engine was so worked or used, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker, who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable, within Fourteen Days next after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged.

Quantity mentioned in Return.
Penalty.
Charge on increased Content of such Engine.

X. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise at any time in the Day time to enter into any Mill of any Paper Maker, and to measure and take an Account of each and every Engine, Vat and Wet Press in such Mill; and if any Paper Maker, or his or her Servant, shall not on Demand made by any Officer of Excise at such Mill or at the Dwelling House of such Paper Maker admit such Officer and Officers into such Mill, or shall not permit such Officer and Officers to view, measure and take an Account of all and every such Engines, Vats and Wet Presses as aforesaid; or if any Paper Maker shall not on the Demand of any Officer of Excise clear or cause to be cleared all Stuff and Materials out of each and every Engine which such Officer may require so to be cleared in order to enable him to measure the same, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Neglect or Refusal by him or her, or his or her Servant, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds

Penalty.

Officer may enter Mills and take Account of Engines, &c.

Obstruction.

Penalty.

XI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise from time to time and at all times by Day or by Night, but if in the Night, then in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into all and every the Mills, Work Houses, Warehouses, Drying Houses, Store Houses, Rooms or other Places of any Paper Maker, and by Weighing, Tale or otherwise, as to such Officer or Officers shall seem meet, to take an Account of the kinds and Quantities of the Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheathing or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall be found therein, and to make Returns pursuant to this Act.

Account of Paper, &c. may be taken by Officer at all times.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, every Paper Maker in *Ireland* shall for and in respect of each and every Engine kept or used by such Paper Maker for the making of Paper of any Sort or kind whatsoever, or which

Paper Maker for each Engine to pay Monthly after the Rate of 10s. for every which

Cubic Foot of
Content.

which shall be employed in preparing any Stuff for making Paper of any Sort or kind whatever, be charged with and shall pay for each and every Calendar Month in the Proportion and at the Rate or Sum of Ten Shillings *British* Currency for each and every Cubic Foot of the computed Content of each and every such Engine, taken according to the greatest Length, Depth, and Breadth thereof, without any Allowance or Deduction whatever, for or on account of any Peculiarity of Shape or Form of such Engine, or of any Machinery, or other matter or thing which shall or may be contained therein, or on any other Account, and which said Rate or Sum shall be charged and chargeable, and paid and payable as and for the Duty in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Quantity of Paper as may be produced from any such Engine within each such Month as aforesaid.

Officer to make
Return of
Amount of
Monthly Rates,
and also of Sorts
of Paper made
and weighed
within the
Month, and of
Duty thereon.
Charge made on
Paper Maker in
either of those
cases.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of any Paper Mill of any Paper Maker in *Ireland* shall, within Ten Days after the Fifth Day of every Month, while any Engine or Engines of any Paper Maker shall be working, or shall be chargeable as working, make Return to the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Paper Mill shall be situate, of the Amount of the Monthly Rates or Sums hereby directed to be charged, for the Month ending on such Fifth Day of the Month, in respect of all and every Engine or Engines kept or used by such Paper Maker at any time in each and every such Month, and also of the Quantity, Quality, and Weight of all Sorts of Paper, if any, which shall have been weighed at such Mill, and in the Course of such Month, and of the Duty chargeable thereon, in respect of the Quality and Weight of such Paper; and every such Return shall be a Charge on the Paper Maker to the Amount of the Monthly Rate or Sum payable under this Act in respect of all and every such Engine or Engines, in case there shall not have been any Paper of any Sort whatever weighed at such Mill in such Month, or in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of the Paper which shall have been weighed at such Mill in such Month shall be less than the Rate or Sum chargeable as aforesaid for all and every such Engine or Engines for such Month, and every such Paper Maker shall pay the Sum so charged and returned; and in case the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all Paper of every Class, Denomination and kind specified in such Return as weighed within such Month, shall amount to or exceed the Amount of the Rate or Sum payable in respect of all and every such Engines as aforesaid, or in case any Engine shall not be chargeable in any Month, then the Return of the Officer shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker for the Amount of the Duty so chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of said Paper which shall have been so weighed in any such Month respectively as aforesaid, and such Paper Maker shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable, within Three Months after the End of the Month for which such Return and Charge shall have been made; and every such Paper Maker shall, for every Default in Payment of any such Duty, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Amount of the Sum so returned and charged, and which shall be so payable as aforesaid; and every such Officer shall and he is hereby required

Penalty.

required to leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Paper Maker, or at such Paper Mill, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission in so doing.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case in any Month in which any Paper Maker shall have commenced working in any Year, upon such Paper Maker taking out Licence for such Year, there shall not be weighed any Paper in such Month in which such Paper Maker shall have to commenced working, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, to make an Allowance of the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines of such Paper Maker, chargeable as working in such Month, either out of the Excess Duties chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of any Paper weighed in any Month or Months in which the Duty so chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight shall exceed the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines chargeable as working in such Month or Months, or out of the Duties chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of any Paper which shall remain on the Hands of such Paper Maker not weighed or charged with Duty until after the time of such Paper Maker's discontinuing to work: Provided also, that in case in any Month in which any Paper Maker shall have so commenced working as aforesaid, that the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of all the Paper weighed in such Month, shall be less than the Duty chargeable in respect of the Engine or Engines of such Paper Maker chargeable as working in such Month, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them in like manner to make Allowance to such Paper Maker of the Difference between the Duty chargeable in respect of such Engine or Engines, and the Duty chargeable in respect of the Quality and Weight of the Paper weighed in such Month.

XV. And be it further enacted, That every Engine, from the Day mentioned in any Notice for commencing or recommencing to work, shall be presumed to be kept regularly at work from that Day until the End of the Year for which the Paper Maker shall be licensed, and shall be chargeable and charged accordingly, unless the working of any such Engine shall be discontinued in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, if any such Paper Maker shall at any time be desirous of discontinuing the working or using any Engine or Engines in his or her Paper Mill, it shall and may be lawful for such Paper Maker so to do, provided that such Paper Maker shall give Notice in Writing of such Intention to discontinue such working to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Paper Mill is situate, and to the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of such Paper Mill, Six Days at the least previous to the Day mentioned therein for discontinuing the same, distinguishing each such Engine by the Number and Content thereof respectively, as the same shall have been or ought to have been set forth in the Account required to be made out by such Paper Maker under this Act, and specifying the Hour of the Day at which such working is so intended to be discontinued: Provided always, that no other Day shall be mentioned in any such Notice for such Discontinuance,

except

Copy of Return left with Paper Maker. Penalty.

If no Paper weighed within the Month, Commissioners to make an Allowance of Duty chargeable on Engines;

and where Duty chargeable on Quality and Weight shall be less than Duty on Engine, Allowance may also be made.

Notice given of discontinuing to work Engines.

except only the Fifth Day of the Month; and that the Hour of the Day to be specified in such Notice shall be some Hour before Twelve of the Clock at Noon on such Day; and at the Day and Hour specified in such Notice the Officer in charge of such Paper Mill shall attend and see that such Engine is no longer at work; and the Officer in charge of the Paper Mill shall not charge the Paper Maker with any Duty, in respect of such Engine so discontinued as aforesaid, for any Month in which the working of such Engine shall be discontinued in manner aforesaid, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Engines to be fastened and locked at the time specified for Discontinuance.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That at the time specified in any such Notice of Discontinuance it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise, and he is hereby required to fasten and lock each and every Engine, the working of which shall be intended to be discontinued, in such manner as the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, shall have directed and appointed, or shall direct and appoint; and for that Purpose it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, from time to time to make and issue such Orders and Directions as they shall think expedient to the several Paper Makers and Officers for the fastening or locking of any Engine, and all and every such Orders and Directions shall be complied with and obeyed by every such Paper Maker and Officer; and if any Paper Maker shall refuse or neglect to comply with or obey any such Orders or Directions which shall have been or shall be made and issued, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.

Obstruſting Officer.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer shall be prevented by any Person at such Mill from fastening and locking any Engine, the working of which shall be so intended to be discontinued, or in case of such Mill being locked, and no Person appearing to give Entrance to such Officer, or if any such Engine shall in any Event not be fastened or locked in manner aforesaid by Default of such Paper Maker, or if at any time subsequent to the time any such Engine shall have been fastened or locked, any such Engine shall be found not † be fastened and locked pursuant to the Directions of this Act, or if any Roller, Plate, Lighter or Brasses shall be found in any such Engine, unless due Notice shall have been given, pursuant to the Directions of this Act, of the Intention of recommencing to work such Engine, every such Paper Maker shall, in each and every the respective case and cases aforesaid, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Engines afterwards found not fastened.

† *Sic.*

Penalty.

Rollers, &c. of Engines on discontinuing working to be removed, and sent to Excise Office, if required.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Paper Maker shall discontinue the working of any Engine, such Paper Maker shall, before the time specified in any Notice for discontinuing the working of the same, displace and remove or cause to be displaced and removed clear out of each and every such Engine, the Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses belonging to such Engine, and shall, if thereto required by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, by an Order issued by them, send or convey each and every Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses, within such time as shall be limited and appointed by such Order, other than and except such as shall be then in use with any Engine of such Paper Maker which shall be then chargeable as working, to the Ex-

cise

cise Office of the District in which the Mill of such Paper Maker shall be situate, there to be kept until the same shall be returned to the Proprietor thereof, on his or her giving Notice pursuant to this Act of his or her Intention to work such Engine; and if any Paper Maker shall not, before the time which shall be so specified in any such Notice, displace and remove, or cause to be displaced and removed in manner aforesaid, every such Roller, Plate, Lighter and Brasses, or shall not send or convey all and every Roller, Plate, Lighter or Brasses, except as aforesaid, to the Excise Office as aforesaid, within the time which shall be limited and appointed by such Order aforesaid, every such Paper Maker shall for such Default or Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Paper Maker
not removing
Roller, &c.

Penalty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if at any time subsequent to the Day and Hour mentioned in any such Notice of Discontinuance, the Engine, of the discontinuing of the working of which such Notice shall have been given, shall be worked or used in any manner whatsoever in the Process of making of Paper (unless under a Notice of Recommencement of working in manner in this Act mentioned), the Paper Maker in whose Mill the same shall be worked or used shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall also be charged and chargeable with all such Sums of Money and Charges as he would have been liable to have been charged with under this Act in case no such Notice of Discontinuance had been given in manner aforesaid; and it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise whatever, within Ten Days next after the Fifth Day of any Month in which it shall have been or shall be discovered that such Engine was worked or used contrary thereto, to make a Return to the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Mill shall be situated, of all such Sum or Sums of Money as such Paper Maker would be chargeable with for the Period or Periods from the time mentioned in the Notice of the discontinuing the working of such Engine to such Fifth Day of the Month in which it shall have been discovered that such Engine was so worked or used, and such Return shall be a Charge on every such Paper Maker who shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return to be due and payable within Fourteen Days next after such Return shall have been made, or in Default of such Payment shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged.

Working Engine
after time
mentioned in
Notice of Dis-
continuance.

Penalty.

Return of Duty
chargeable on
Paper Maker for
Period from
time of Notice.

Penalty.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker shall from time to time provide such Fastenings or Locks and Keys to each and every Engine in his or her Mill, and shall keep the same in good and sufficient Order, in such manner as shall be approved of by the Surveyor of Excise in charge of such Mill, or shall pay for such Fastening, Locks and Keys, as shall be provided by such Surveyor; and if any such Paper Maker shall neglect to provide, repair or pay for such Fastening, Locks and Keys within such time as shall be required by such Surveyor, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every such Offence.

Fastenings and
Locks to be pro-
vided by Paper
Maker.

Neglect.

Penalty.

XXI. And be it enacted, That all Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board whatsoever, made in *Ireland*, shall be made up by the Maker or Makers thereof in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all such Paper when made shall be immediately made

Directions for
making up Paper
into Quires,
Half Quires and
Reams, and
Pasteboards, &c.
into Parcels.

up into Quires or Half Quires, each such Quire to consist of Twenty four Sheets, and each Half Quire to consist of Twelve Sheets; and such Quires or Half Quires shall immediately afterwards be made up into Reams, each such Ream to consist of Twenty such Quires or of Forty such Half Quires; and all such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, shall be immediately made up into Parcels, and such Parcel containing even Dozens of Sheets, not less than Twenty four nor more than Seventy two Sheets each Parcel; and all Quires and Reams of Paper, and all Parcels of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall within the meaning of this Act be deemed to consist of such Quantities respectively, and of no other; and if any such Maker of Paper shall neglect so to make up, or shall at any time make up any Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board made in *Ireland*, contrary to the Directions aforesaid, such Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and also all the Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, made up contrary to the Directions of this Act.

Penalty.

Notice when Paper is to be weighed.

Paper, &c. to be produced, and tied up in manner herein directed.

Directions not complied with, &c.

XXII. And be it enacted, That every Paper Maker whose Mill or Mills shall be situate in any City or Market Town, or within One Mile thereof respectively, shall give or cause to be given Twenty four Hours' previous Notice in Writing, and every Paper Maker whose Mill or Mills shall be situate in any other Part of *Ireland*, shall give or cause to be given Forty eight Hours' Notice to the Officer in charge of such Mill or Mills respectively of the particular Day and Hour when any Paper of any Sort, Class or Kind whatever shall be to be weighed, and the Officer shall attend accordingly; and when and so soon as such Officer or Officers shall so attend, such Paper Maker, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall produce and bring to such Officer or Officers all the Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Board, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, for or in respect whereof the Duty is then intended to be charged, which Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board shall be brought inclosed or tied up in manner hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, all such Paper of the First Class and all such Paper of the Second Class shall be inclosed and tied up with a String in several Covers or Wrappers, containing One Ream of Paper each, and not more or less; and all Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, shall be tied up with a String in such Parcels as aforesaid, and that the different Parts of such String shall pass over and across the Ends and Sides of such Ream of Paper or Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively; and in case any Paper Maker shall not at the time mentioned in such Notice produce to such Officer or Officers all the Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board for or in respect whereof any Duty is then to be charged, such

such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board refpectively, being tied up, and the proper Clafs and other the matters by this Act prefcribed, marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper of each fuch Ream of Paper, and on each fuch Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board refpectively, according to the Directions of this Act, then every fuch Notice fhall be and the fame is hereby declared to be null and void; and every fuch Paper Maker fhall be obliged to give a fresh and like Notice before fuch Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, fhall be taken an Account of and charged with Duty; and before he or fhe fhall remove, carry or fend away, or fuffer to be removed, carried or fend away any fuch Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, from the Mill where the fame fhall be made.

Notice void.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That on every Cover or Wrapper of any Ream of Paper of the Firft Clafs, or of Paper of the Second Clafs, before any fuch Paper fhall be brought or produced to any Officer of Excife to be weighed, there fhall be marked, written or printed by the Maker thereof, or by his or her Servant in large and legible Characters, and in Words at length, the Name and Surname of fuch Paper Maker, or inftead of fuch Name and Surname there fhall be marked fuch Mark or Device as fhall be from time to time appointed or approved of by the Commiffioners of Inland Excife and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, for diftinguifhing fuch Paper to be the Manufacture of fuch Maker thereof, and the Words "Firft Clafs," or "Second Clafs," diftinguifhing the Clafs of Paper inclofed in fuch Cover or Wrapper, and according to which the Duty in refpect of the fame is chargeable; and upon every fuch Cover or Wrapper fhall alfo be written the Day of the Month and Year denoting the Month and Year in which fuch Paper fhall have been made into Reams; and after fuch Date there fhall be written in Figures the true Number of fuch Ream of Paper according to the Numbers of fuch Reams of each fuch Clafs, fuch Number to be in Arithmetical Progreflion, beginning with Number One, according to the Number of Reams of Paper of each Clafs charged with Duty at each Mill in fuch Month; and that on each Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, there fhall in like manner, before the fame fhall be produced or brought to the Officer to be weighed, be marked, written or printed in large and legible Characters, and in Words at length, the Name and Surname of the Maker thereof, or inftead of fuch Name and Surname, there fhall be marked fuch Mark or Device as fhall be from time to time appointed or approved of by the faid Commiffioners of Inland Excife and Taxes, or any Three of them, for diftinguifhing fuch Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, to be the Manufacture of the Maker thereof, and the Description of fuch Parcel, and whether fuch Parcel is Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, and the Number of Sheets in each fuch Parcel, with the Date of the

How Wrapper of Ream of Paper to be marked and numbered before it is weighed.

Words "Firft Clafs," &c.

Parcels of Pafteboard, &c. to be alfo marked and numbered.

Month and Year in which such Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board shall have been made into Parcels; and after such Date there shall be written in Figures the true Number of such Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according to the Numbers of such Parcels of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, such Number to be in Arithmetical Progreffion, beginning with Number One according to the Number of Parcels of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, charged with Duty at each Mill in fuch Month; and if any Maker of Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall neglect to mark and number the faid Reams or Parcels in manner herein directed, or to caufe the fame to be marked and numbered as aforefaid, every fuch Paper Maker fhall for every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Neglect.

Penalty.

Officer may open
Reams and take
Samples.

Paper found to
be of a different
Clafs.

Forfeiture.

Penalty.

Paper Maker to
provide Scales
and Weights.

Neglect.

Penalty.

Falfe Scales and
Weights; or ob-
ftructing Officer.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That it fhall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excife at all times to untie and open any Ream or Parcel of Paper having any Clafs of Paper denominated, marked, written or printed thereon, or on the Wrapper or Cover inclofing the fame, and to take thereout by way of Sample One or more Sheet or Sheets of Paper, not exceeding One Sheet out of each Quire, paying for fuch Sheet or Sheets of Paper fo taken (if demanded) the Market Price thereof; and if any fuch Officer fhall difcover in any Ream or Parcel of fuch Paper any Paper or Papers of a different Clafs than that which fhall be denominated, marked, written or printed thereon, or on the Cover or Wrapper in which fuch Paper fhall be inclofed, then and in fuch cafe every fuch Ream and Parcel refpectively fhall be forfeited, and fhall and may be feized by any Officer or Officers of Excife, and the Paper Maker in whofe Poffeffion the fame fhall be found fhall for every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That every Paper Maker fhall and he or fhe is hereby required, at his or her own Expence, to provide and keep fufficient and juft Scales and Weights, fubftantially fixed or erected at his or her Mill or Place where he or fhe fhall make or produce to be charged any Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, or fhall keep the fame, or any of them; and alfo to permit and fuffer any Officer or Officers of Excife to ufe the fame for the Purpose of afcertaining the refpective Weight of fuch Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board; and if any Paper Maker fhall neglect to keep fuch Scales and Weights, or either of them, fo fixed or erected at fuch Place or Places aforefaid, or fhall not permit or fuffer any Officer of Excife to ufe the fame for the Purpose aforefaid, he or fhe fhall for each and every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Paper Maker fhall provide or make ufe of, or caufe or procure or fuffer to be provided or made ufe of, any falfe, unjuft, or infufficient Scales or Weights, or fhall praftife or caufe or procure to be praftifed

tified any Art, Device or Contrivance, by which any such Officer or Officers may be hindered or prevented from or deceived in taking the just and true Weight of any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper, and Button Board, then and in every such case such Paper Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with all such false, unjust or insufficient Scales and Weights respectively, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Penalty.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise shall in the weighing and reweighing of all Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, for the Purpose of charging the Duty of Excise thereon, give the Turn of the Scale in Favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof, shall allow the Paper Maker Two Pounds Weight Avoirdupois, upon each and every One hundred Pounds Weight on the Amount of the Weight of such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, respectively, so weighed or reweighed, and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity.

Allowance of 2lb. on every 100lb. for giving the Turn of the Scale.

XXVII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That no Paper Maker shall, in the weighing or re-weighing of any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, for the Purpose of charging the Duty of Excise thereon, make use of, or cause, permit or suffer to be used, any Weight less than a Pound Weight, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance, any thing herein before contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

No Weight less than 1lb. to be used.

XXVIII. And be it enacted, That every Paper Maker shall, so often as he or she shall be thereunto required by any Officer or Officers of Excise, bring or cause to be brought and put into and taken out of the Scale all Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which such Officer or Officers shall be desirous to weigh or to reweigh; and shall also, at the Request of such Officer or Officers, by himself or herself respectively, and with a sufficient Number of his or her Servants, aid and assist, to the utmost of his, her or their Power, such Officer or Officers in weighing and in reweighing all such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, in such manner as such Officer shall think most convenient, on pain of such Paper Maker forfeiting for every Neglect or Refusal thereof the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Forfeit of Allowance.

Paper Maker to assist Officer in weighing Paper.

Penalty.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That no Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be removed or conveyed from the Mill or other Place, where the same shall have been so weighed, by any Officer of Excise, for the Purpose of charging the Duty, before the Expiration of Twenty four Hours next after the same shall have been so weighed; and every Paper Maker shall from time to time keep all such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper, and Button Board respectively, which shall have been so weighed, separate

Paper, &c. not to be removed for 24 Hours after being weighed, and to be kept separate;

if on reweighing, it be found to weigh more, Duty to be paid accordingly.

rate and apart from all other Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, for the Space of Twenty four Hours from the time when the same shall have been so weighed, to the end that an Inspector, Surveyor or other proper Officer of Excise may have an Opportunity to reweigh the same; and if upon the reweighing of any such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, any additional Weight shall be found, such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be liable to and chargeable with the respective Rates and Duties of Excise, by Law imposed, according to such last mentioned Weight; and if any such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be removed contrary to the Intent and Meaning of this Act, or if any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which shall have been weighed, shall not be kept separate and apart from all other Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper, and Button Board respectively, in manner hereinbefore directed, the Paper Maker shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Officer to stamp Wrapper, or affix a Label to denote the Duty, and mark other Particulars thereon.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the Officer of Excise attending to charge such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, shall be satisfied that the several Conditions by this Act specified have been fully complied with according to the Directions of this Act, and shall have also ascertained the true Qualities, Quantities and Weights of all such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, such Officer shall forthwith stamp or mark each and every Wrapper or Cover inclosing Paper of the First Class, and every Wrapper or Cover inclosing Paper of the Second Class, and every such Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, with the proper Stamp or Device, to denote the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, duly charged; or shall affix to each and every such Ream of Paper, or to any such Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, a proper Label to denote the like Duty being so charged; and such Officer shall forthwith also write his Name and Surname on each and every such Wrapper or Cover, and on each and every such Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, together with the Date of the Day, Month and Year on which the Duty was charged for or in respect thereof respectively; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully deface, obliterate or alter any of the respective matters or things hereinbefore prescribed to be denominated, marked, written or printed on

Officer to write his Name on Wrapper.

on the Wrapper or Cover of any Paper, or upon any Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, or any Part thereof, after the refpective Stamps, Marks or Labels fhall have been put thereon by any Officer of Excife, or fhall wilfully deface or obliterate any Impreffion of any fuch Stamp or Mark, or fhall wilfully deface, obliterate or alter the Name or Surname of any fuch Officer, or any Part of fuch Name or Surname, or any fuch Date or any Part thereof, the Perfon or Perfons fo offending fhall for every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

XXXI. And be it enacted, That all Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which fhall have been charged and ftamped, marked and labelled as aforefaid, by any Officer of Excife, fhall at all times be kept feparate and apart from all Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, which fhall not have been charged and ftamped, marked or labelled by any Officer of Excife; and all Paper which fhall have been fo marked, ftamped or labelled, of One Clafs, fhall alfo be kept feparate and apart from all other fuch Paper fo marked, ftamped or labelled, of any other Clafs, on Pain that the Paper Maker fhall for each and every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Paper, &c. fo marked to be kept feparate from the reft, and in their different Claffes.

Penalty.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That no Paper fhall be removed from any Mill in any lefs Quantity than a Ream, nor any Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, in any lefs Quantity than the entire Parcel on which the Duty was charged, upon Pain of the Paper Maker forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every fuch Offence; and all Paper which fhall be removing or removed from any Mill in any lefs Quantity than a Ream, and all Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, which fhall be removing or removed in any lefs Quantity than fuch entire Parcel, fhall be forfeited, and may be feized by any Officer or Officers of Excife.

Paper not to be removed in a lefs Quantity than a Ream; nor Pafteboard lefs than a Parcel;

Forfeiture.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Ream of Paper fhall be found removing or removed without having thereon the Cover or Wrapper in which fuch Paper was charged with Duty, or if any Ream of Paper or Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, fhall be found removing or removed without the Impreffion of the proper Stamp or Label, or without the Officer's Name and Surname, together with the Day, Month and Year when the Duty in refpect thereof was charged, or without having the feveral matters hereinbefore in that behalf prefcribed, marked, written, printed or fixed on fuch Cover or Wrapper, containing fuch Ream of Paper, on fuch Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board refpectively, every fuch Ream of Paper, and every fuch Parcel of Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, together with the Package or Packages containing the fame refpectively, which fhall be fo found remaining or removed contrary hereto, fhall be forfeited, together with the Horfes or other Cattle, Carriages,

Paper or Pafteboard removing without the proper Stamp and Marks.

Forfeiture and Seizure.

riages, Boats, Barges, or other Vessels, used in removing or carrying the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Paper Makers removing from Mill such Paper, &c. until Officer has taken the Account, and weighed and stamped the same, &c.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Paper Maker shall remove, carry or send away, or permit or suffer to be removed, carried or sent away, any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, from the Mill in which the same shall be made, until the proper Officer shall have taken an Account thereof, or until such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall have been duly weighed and charged, and stamped, marked or labelled, as by this Act is directed, or without having the Officer's Name and Surname, together with the Day, Month and Year, when the Duty in respect thereof was charged being written or printed thereon pursuant to this Act, every such Paper Maker shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Paper may be removed to another Mill to be sized, &c. on giving Notice.

XXXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Paper Maker from sending such Paper from the Mill where the same shall be made, upon Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing being previously given to the proper Officer of Excise in charge of such Mill, to any other Mill to be sized or finished fit for Use, in order that such Officer may attend and take an Account thereof, and provided that such Paper be removed with a proper Certificate from such Officer expressing the Class and Quantity of such Paper; and that when such Paper shall have been so removed to the Mill or Place where the same is to be sized or made fit for Use, the same shall be at such Mill or Place under the like Directions, as to stamping, marking or labelling, and all matters and things, as if such Paper had been finished and sized at the Mill where made, and such Maker shall for the Breach of any of the Directions aforesaid, be subject to the like Penalty as he or she would have been subject to if the said Paper had not been removed.

Subject to Penalties as if not removed.

Specimen Papers to be furnished on which Officer shall enter his Visits at the Mill, Notices of weighing, &c; Paper Maker to hang up the same in a conspicuous Part of the Mill.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That Papers called Specimen Papers shall be furnished to every Paper Maker by any Officer of Excise, in order that every Officer of Excise visiting the Mill of such Paper Maker may enter on such Specimen Paper his Visit and Visits at such Mill, and of all Notices given of the weighing of any Paper, and of the Quality and different Classes, Denomination and kind of Paper weighed, stamped, marked or labelled, by the Officer, and of all such other matters and things as the Officer or Officers shall think fit, or be directed to make Entries of; and every Paper Maker who shall from time to time be furnished with any such Specimen Paper shall cause the same to be fixed on a Board conveniently made for that Purpose, and shall cause such Specimen Paper so fixed to be constantly hung, pasted or put up in some public and conspicuous Place in such Mill, and shall preserve and keep such Specimen Paper so hung up, pasted or put up, in such manner that any Officer of Excise visiting such Mill may view such Specimen Paper, and make Entries thereon; and if any such Paper Maker shall not hang up, post, put up or preserve such Specimen Paper in manner therein directed (unavoidable Accident excepted, the Proof whereof shall lie on such Paper Maker), he or she shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty

XXXVII. And

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Officer of Excise shall at any time neglect or omit to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act against any Paper Maker, or shall at any time have committed any Error in any Return as aforesaid, by including or charging in such Return a greater or less Quantity of Paper, or a greater or less Amount of Duty than ought to have been returned or charged by him against any such Paper Maker according to the Directions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Officer, or for any other Officer of Excise, and such Officer is hereby respectively required to make a Return in case no Return shall have been made, or to rectify such erroneous Return as may have been made, as speedily as may be convenient, and to report the same to the Commissioners of Excise; and in case of a Return made by reason of an Omission in the Officer in charge of the Paper Manufactory of such Paper Maker to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, or if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any erroneous Return as aforesaid against any Paper Maker was greater than the same ought to have been, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to make an Allowance forthwith to such Paper Maker of the Amount of Duty so overcharged; and if it shall appear that the Amount of Duty charged in any Return against any Paper Maker was less than the same ought to have been, or in case of a Return made as aforesaid by reason of the Omission of the Officer to make a Return pursuant to the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise, and they are hereby required to give notice to such Paper Maker of the Amount of the Duty contained in such Return so made as aforesaid, by reason of the Omission of a Return in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or of the Deficiency of the Duty in consequence of such erroneous Return; and if such Paper Maker shall not within One Calendar month after such Notice shew sufficient Cause to such Commissioners of Excise why he should not be charged with and pay the Sum contained in such Return or such Deficiency, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of Excise to order a Return to be made to the Collector of the District within which the Mill of such Paper Maker is situate, of the Amount of such Duty or Deficiency, and the Duty specified in such Return shall be a Surcharge on such Paper Maker; and if such Paper Maker shall not upon Demand, or within Ten Days next after pay the full Amount of such Duty so furcharged, such Paper Maker shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, and a Sum equal to Double the Amount of Duty which shall be so returned and furcharged, provided that no such Return shall be a Surcharge on any Paper Maker, unless it shall have been made and the Amount thereof demanded within Nine Calendar months after the Date of the original Return, or after the Expiration of the Ten Days within which the same ought to have been made.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Notice or Notices for any of the Purposes in this Act mentioned, which shall be given or served by or on behalf of any Paper Maker, upon any of the Persons upon whom the same ought to be given or served, shall, according to the true Intent and meaning of such Notice or Notices, be taken to be good and effectual as against such Paper Maker, although such Notice or Notices shall not be in the Form,

Returns to be made when Returns have been omitted.

Erroneous Returns to be rectified.

Allowances for Overcharges.

Deficiencies to be charged. Cause to be shewn.

Penalty for not paying the Surcharge.

Notices not invalidated for want of Form.

Form, or contain the several Particulars, or shall not be given or served on all the Persons, or within the time or times by this Act directed, prescribed, limited and appointed for giving or serving the same, and upon the Trial of any Information, or on any other Proceeding relating to or in any manner touching or concerning any such Notice or Notices, it shall not be competent to or for such Paper Maker, or his or her Sureties, to alledge any Imperfection or Defect in any such Notice or Notices, or in the giving or serving of the same.

Officer to make Charges from the Books of the Person he succeeded.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer in charge of the Paper Mill of any Paper Maker, shall be removed from the same, or shall die, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officer who shall succeed the Officer who shall be so removed or shall die, to make out and return any Charge against such Paper Maker from the Books and Papers kept and Entries made by such Officer who shall be so removed or shall die, relating to such Paper Mill, and to the State thereof, and every such Charge so made out and returned from such Books, Papers or Entries, shall be a Charge on such Paper Maker, who shall pay the Duties so charged and returned, under and subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Penalties, as if such Books, Papers and Entries, were the Books, Papers and Entries of the Officer who shall make such Charge, and as if such Officer had been placed over such Paper Mill at the time such Entries had been made.

Abatement for the time any Engine has been prevented from working.

XL. And be it further enacted, That when any Paper Maker in *Ireland* shall by any Fatality or unavoidable Accident have been prevented from working any Engine kept by such Paper Maker during the whole or any Part of any Month for which such Paper Maker shall by Law be chargeable with Duty, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, on Proof on Oath made to their Satisfaction that the Fatality or Accident was unavoidable and not owing to any Default or Negligence, to make any proportionate Abatement of any Charge of Duty which shall have been returned against such Paper Maker, for and in respect of the Engine which such Paper Maker shall be so prevented from working.

Commissioners to provide proper Stamps, &c.

XLI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, from time to time to provide proper Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels, for stamping or marking all Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively, made in *Ireland*, and they shall cause such Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels, to be distributed to the respective Officers of Excise, for the Purposes of this Act, and the said Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels respectively, or any of them, may be altered or renewed from time to time as the said Commissioners of Excise, or any Three of them, shall think fit, and the same shall be deemed and taken to be the proper and lawful Stamps, Marks, Devices and Labels for the Purposes of this Act.

Stamps, &c. altered, renewed, &c.

Stamps, &c. now in use to be used,

XLII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Stamps, Marks, Devices or Labels in use at the time of the passing of this Act for denoting the charging of the Duties payable on Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing

Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, shall, until the same shall be altered or renewed as aforesaid, continue to be used, and shall be deemed and taken to be the proper and lawful Stamps, Marks, Devices and Labels for the Purposes aforesaid.

until altered.

XLIII. And be it enacted, That if any Person shall counterfeit, or cause to be counterfeited, any Stamp, Mark, Device or Label, provided or directed to be used in pursuance of this Act, or shall counterfeit, forge or resemble the Mark or Impression of any such Stamp, Mark or Device upon any Cover or Wrapper of or belonging to or used with or upon any Label affixed to any Ream or Quantity of Paper, or upon any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or shall have in his or her Custody any such counterfeit Stamp or Device, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall have in his or her Custody or Possession, or shall utter, vend or sell any Paper with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device on the Cover or Wrapper of such Paper, or on any Label affixed thereto, or any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp or Device upon such Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or upon any Label affixed thereto, knowing the same to be counterfeited or forged, or shall upon any Ream or Quantity of Paper which had not been duly entered with the proper Officer and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect of such Paper, knowingly put or place any Cover or Wrapper having thereon such counterfeited or forged Mark or Impression, or any such counterfeit Label, or shall knowingly wrap or cover any Ream or any Quantity of Paper in any Cover or Wrapper used before as a Cover or Wrapper to any other Quantity of Paper, or shall knowingly affix, tie up, put, place or add any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, having thereon the Impression of any such Stamp or Device or any Label, whether such Stamp, Device or Label shall be true or counterfeited, to any Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board which had not been duly entered with the proper Officer and charged with the Duty of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Forging Stamps, &c.

Having in Possession; or using forged Stamps; or any Pasteboard, &c. with counterfeit Stamps.

Or putting Wrapper on Paper, &c. having forged Mark, &c.

Penalty.

XLIV. And be it enacted, That in all cases where any Duties payable by any Paper Maker shall be unpaid at the time when such Duties are or shall be by Law made due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Collector of Excise, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Duty shall be charged and payable, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal to empower any Person or Persons to take and distrain all or any Paper and Materials for making Paper, of or belonging to such Paper Maker, wherever the same may be found, and all or any Engines, Vats, Wet Presses or other Utensils for making Paper, in any Paper Mill or other Place used by any such Paper Maker, and to cause the same to be sold by public Auction, giving Six Days' previous Notice thereof;

Collector may distrain for Duty in Arrear.

Sale.
and

Surplus to Paper
Maker.
Proviso.

and if after the Payment of all Duties and Arrears of Duties due from such Paper Maker, together with the Coſts and Expences of ſuch Taking, Diſtraining and Sale, there ſhall be any Surplus ariſing from the Sale thereof, ſuch Surplus ſhall be forthwith tendered and paid to ſuch Paper Maker or his Representatives: Provided always, that when any of the Articles aforeſaid ſhall be ſo taken and diſtrained, it ſhall and may be lawful for ſuch Paper Maker, or his Representatives, at any time or times before the time appointed for the Sale thereof, to require the ſame to be delivered up to him or them, upon his or their paying to the Collector or Officer in charge as aforeſaid, towards diſcharging the Duties ſo due and payable, together with the Coſts and Expences as aforeſaid, the real Value of ſuch Articles as he or they ſhall deſire to have delivered up, and the ſame may be delivered up accordingly.

Engines, &c. and
Paper found in
Mill,

XLV. And be it enacted, That all Engines, Vats, Wet Preſſes and Utenſils for making any kind of Paper in any Mill, and all Paper, Paſteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, and Glazed Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and all the Materials for making thereof, which ſhall be found in ſuch Mill, or into whoſe Hands ſoever the ſame ſhall come, and by whatever Conveyance or Title the ſame ſhall be claimed, ſhall be liable and ſubject to, and the ſame reſpectively are hereby made chargeable with all Duties in Arrear, and owing by the Paper Maker who uſed ſuch Mill, or which ſhall be in Arrear or owing by ſuch Paper Maker, and ſhall alſo be ſubject and liable to ſatisfy all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred or which ſhall be incurred by every ſuch Paper Maker for any Offence againſt this Act or any Act or Acts in force or to be in force relating to the regulating and ſecuring the Collection of the Duties on Paper made in *Ireland*; and it ſhall and may be lawful in all ſuch caſes to levy ſuch Duties and Penalties on all and every ſuch Engine, Vat, Wet Preſs and Utenſil, Paper, Paſteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board and Materials, or any of them, and to uſe ſuch Proceedings as may lawfully be done, in caſe ſuch Debtor or Debtors, Offender or Offenders was or were the true Owner or Owners of ſuch Engine, Vat, Wet Preſs or Utenſil, Paper, Paſteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or Materials reſpectively.

Liable for Duty
and Penalties.

In Queſtions as
to Claſs to which
Paper belongs,
Proof on Owner.

XLVI. And be it enacted, That if any Queſtion ſhall ariſe whether any Paper is really and *bona fide* of or belonging to the Claſs marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper containing the ſame, although ſuch Paper ſhould appear to have been entered or kept in the Officer's Book or Books as being of or belonging to ſuch Claſs, the Proof of ſuch Paper being really and *bona fide* of and belonging to the Claſs marked, written or printed on the Cover or Wrapper containing the ſame, ſhall lie upon the Owner or Claimer of ſuch Paper, and not on the Officer or Officers.

Paper, &c.
fraudently con-
cealed.

XLVII. And be it enacted, That in caſe any Paper, Paſteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, made in *Ireland*, ſhall be fraudulently depoſited, hid or concealed in any Place or Places whatſoever, with an Intent to defraud His Maſteſty of any of the Duties impoſed thereon, all ſuch Paper, Paſteboard, Millboard, Scale-

Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating and Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board respectively shall be forfeited, together with the Packages containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and to enable such Officer or Officers to discover such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which may be so hid or concealed, if any Officer of Excise shall have Cause to suspect that any such Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be so deposited, hid or concealed, then and in every such case, upon Oath made by such Officer before any Justice of the Peace, setting forth the Ground of his Suspicion, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace before whom such Oath shall be made, if he shall judge it reasonable, by Special Warrant or Warrants under his Hand and Seal, to authorize and empower any Officer or Officers, by Day or by Night, but if in the Night then in the Presence of a Constable or other Officer of the Peace, to enter into every such Place where he or they shall so suspect such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, to be deposited, hid or concealed, and to seize and carry away all such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which he or they shall find so hid or concealed, together with the Packages containing the same; and all such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, together with the Packages containing the same, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by such Officer of Excise; and the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Possession the same shall be found shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Forfeited.

Search under
Warrant of a
Justice.

Oath by Officer.

Search in what
case in Presence
of Peace Officer.Pafteboard, &c.
forfeited.

Penalty.

Stock to be
shewn to Officer.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That as often as any Officer of Excise shall have entered into the Mill, Warehouse, Drying House, Storehouse or other Place belonging to any Paper Maker, such Paper Maker, or some Person employed on behalf of such Paper Maker, shall, on Demand of any such Officer, shew or cause to be shewn to such Officer all the Stock then on Hand of Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and shall give or cause to be given to such Officer a Declaration of the same, that is to say, that the Stock so shewn is all the Stock of Paper, Pafteboard, Scaleboard, Millboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, of or belonging to such Paper Maker; and if such Paper Maker, or some Person on his or her behalf, shall not, on Demand made by any such Officer, forthwith shew or cause to be shewn such Stock, or make such Declaration as aforesaid, or if such Paper Maker, or Person shewing Stock, or making such Declaration, shall make any false or untrue Declaration of such Stock, such Paper Maker shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Officer or Officers of Excise shall upon Search discover any Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, belonging to such Paper Maker, which shall not have been duly shewn or declared, then all such

False Declar-
ation.Penalty.
Paper, &c.
found.

Paper,

Forfeiture.
Seizure.

Stock of Paper
less than Quan-
tity which ought,
by Stock Ac-
count, to be in
Possession.

Penalty.

Paper found
charged with
Duty greater in
Number and
Weight than ap-
pears by Stock
Account, Paper
equal to the in-
crease forfeited.

† Sic.

Stationers not to
receive any
Paper less than a
Ream properly
stamped and
marked.

Penalty.

Wrappers not to
be returned to
Paper Makers
by Stationer ;

Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board so discovered shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That in every case where the Stock of Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall have been stamped, and purporting to have been charged with Duty, in the Possession of any Paper Maker, shall be less than the Quantity of Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which, by the Stock Account of such Paper Maker kept by the Officer of Excise, ought to be in the Possession of such Paper Maker every such Paper Maker, for every time such Decrease shall appear, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings for every Ream of Paper, and for every Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall be so deficient.

L. And be it further enacted, That whenever there shall be found in the Mill of any Paper Maker any Ream or Reams of Paper, or any Parcel or Parcels of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, stamped and purporting to have been charged with Duty greater in Number or Weight than the Number or Weight which, by the Stock Account kept by the Officer of Excise, ought to be in the Possession of such Paper Maker, it shall and may be lawful for any Officer of Excise to seize, out of any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, in the Mill of such Paper Maker, or † Quantity of Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, equal to the Quantity so found increased, and the same shall be forfeited.

LI. And be it enacted, That no Paper Stainer, Stationer or Dealer in Paper, shall receive into his or her Custody or Possession any Paper made in *Ireland*, which shall not at the time of his or her so receiving the same be an entire Ream of Paper duly stamped and marked for denoting the Duty of Excise imposed thereon to have been charged for or in respect of such Paper, nor without the Officer's Name and Surname, together with the Day, Month and Year when such Duty was charged, nor without the Class directed to be marked, written or printed thereon, at the time of such Duty being charged, or any Paper without such Permit for the Removal thereof as by Law required, on Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, together with all such Paper which shall be so received by any such Stationer or Dealer in Paper contrary to the Directions of this Act, and all such Paper shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

LII. And be it enacted, That if any Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or any other Person, shall restore, return, redeliver or send, or procure, permit or suffer to be restored, returned, redelivered or sent to any Paper Maker, or to any Mill, Work House, Storehouse, Room or other Place, to any such Paper Maker belonging, or to any other Place or Places whatever, to or for the Use of any Maker of

of Paper, any Wrapper or Cover which had been before used as a Wrapper or Cover to any Paper, and marked, stamped or labelled with the Mark, Stamp or Label directed by this Act; and if any Stationer or Dealer in Paper shall not upon the opening of any Ream of Paper forthwith destroy or cause to be destroyed the Wrapper or Cover in which such Paper was inclosed, or deface or cause to be defaced the Impression of the Mark or Stamp, or the Label put thereon by the Officer of Excise according to the Directions of this Act, and if any stamped, marked or labelled Cover or Wrapper, which had before contained any Paper, shall be found conveying or conveyed, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and every such Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or other Person, shall for each and every the respective Offences aforesaid forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and if any Paper Maker shall receive, or cause, procure, permit, or suffer to be received, restored, returned, redelivered or sent to him or her, or to be kept or deposited at any Mill, Work House, Storehouse, Room or other Place to him or her belonging, or at any other Place to or for his or her Use, any such Wrapper, Cover or Label, which had been before used, every such Paper Maker shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and every such Wrapper, Cover, Label and all Paper of any Sort or kind which shall or may be conveying or conveyed therein or therewith shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every Carriage in which or on which any such stamped marked Cover, or Wrapper, or Label, which had before contained any Paper, or had been affixed to any Paper, shall be found in the Course of Conveyance, and every Horse or Beast of Burthen attached to any such Carriage, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be deemed to extend to inflict the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds for or on account of the not destroying or returning any Wrapper or Cover which shall have been opened, containing therein the same identical Ream of Paper which was removed, carried or sent away by the Maker thereof, and which shall have been returned to him or her on account of the same being disliked and refused by the Person or Persons to whom the same was sent, or for or on account of the not destroying or returning of any Label affixed to such Wrapper or Cover; any thing herein contained to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

but destroyed.

Penalties.

Makers receiving Wrappers, &c.

Penalty.

Wrapper, &c. seized.

And Horses, Carriages, &c. Provide.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Paper Maker to send or deliver any Ream of Paper, or any Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheeting or Sheathing Paper, or Button Paper or Button Board, out of the Mill or Manufactory of such Paper Maker, without a Permit for the Removal thereof, signed by the Officer in charge of such Mill or Manufactory, or other Officer authorized in that behalf by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, and that every such Permit shall be written or printed in plain legible Characters, and shall contain such Particulars as shall from time to time be directed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, and also the several following Particulars; that is to say, the Date and Number of such Permit, and the District from whence issued, and the Place to which such Paper or

Paper, &c. not to be removed without Permit.

Permit to contain certain Particulars.

Paste-

Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, therein mentioned, are intended to be carried, and shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, Quality and Denomination of Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, so intended to be conveyed under such Permit, and shall likewise contain the real Name and Surname, and Place of Abode, of the Paper Maker, and the Situation of his or her Mill or Manufactory, and the real Name and Surname and Place of Abode of the Person or Persons to whom, and the Place or Places to which such Paper or Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid, is intended to be sent; and in every such Permit shall be expressed and set forth the Date of the Month and Year when such Paper or Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, was weighed and charged with Duty by the Officer; and if any Ream of Paper, or Parcel of Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be conveying or carrying, or carried or conveyed, from the Mill or Manufactory of any Paper Maker, the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, unless the Carrier or Person conveying the same, or the Person in whose Possession the same shall be, shall, on Demand made by any Officer of Excise, produce a Permit under the Hand of the proper Officer of Excise, authorizing the Removal of such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, respectively, and upon the Trial of any Information for the Forfeiture of any such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively, which shall be found conveying or conveyed without such Permit as aforesaid, the Proof of the Person from and to whom, and the Place from and to which such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid respectively, shall be conveying or conveyed, shall lie upon the Claimant or Claimants, and not on the Officer or Person prosecuting such Information; and in case any fictitious Name or Names, or the Name of any Person from or to whom such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid, mentioned in any Permit, shall not be intended to be sent, shall be inserted in any Permit or Permits, or in case such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, as aforesaid, mentioned in such Permit, shall be delivered from or to any other Person or from or at any other Place than from or to the Person or from or at the Place mentioned in the Permit, such Paper, Pasteboard, Scaleboard, Millboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, mentioned in such Permit, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and in every such Permit shall be likewise mentioned some reasonable limited time for such Permit being in force for the Conveyance of the Paper, Paste-

Seizure if Permit be not produced.

Proviso.

On Trial for Forfeiture, Proof to lie on Claimant.

Fictitious Names or Places inserted in Permit; Expiration of time.

Seizure and Forfeiture. Time for Permit to be in force.

Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid therein mentioned, from one Place to another, and after the Expiration of such limited time such Permit shall not be in force for protecting the Conveyance of such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and the same shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise; and every such Permit in which there shall be any Erasure, Interlineation or Alteration, shall be null and void, and the Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board conveying or conveyed, for the Protection of which any erased, interlined or altered Permit shall be produced, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and no such Permit shall be granted by any Officer, unless a Request Note or Requisition in Writing, duly stamped according to Law, and containing such Particulars as hereinafter required, shall have been delivered by or on behalf of the Party requiring such Permit, and every such Request Note or Requisition shall contain the Name and Surname of the Paper Maker, and Situation of the Mill or Manufactory of the Paper Maker sending such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and the Name and Surname of the Person to whom intended to be sent, and specifying the Trade, Occupation or Calling of such Person, and also the Place to which such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid is intended to be sent; and such Requisition or Request Note shall particularly express the Marks, Weight, Package, Quantity and Denomination of such Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, according as the same is commonly and usually called and known, and the Date of the Month and Year the same was respectively weighed and charged with Duty.

Erasure, &c. in Permit void.
Goods forfeited.

Request Note for Permit to be stamped, and to contain certain Particulars.

LIV. And be it further enacted, That on Oath made by the Carrier or Person in whose Possession any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, for which a Permit shall have been granted, of the Loss of such Permit, and by the Paper Maker who shall have sent the same under such Permit, before any Commissioner or Sub Commissioner of Excise, that such Permit was taken out, and was not used or intended to be used to his Knowledge or Belief fraudulently to cover or protect any other Paper or Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board whatever, but was taken out for the particular Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, so seized as aforesaid, for want of Permit, in such case the Entry of such Permit in the Books of the proper Officer, or a Copy thereof duly attested, shall be Evidence of such Permit having been taken out, and such Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall thereupon be restored to the Owner or Proprietor thereof: Provided always, that if the Carriage

What Evidence shall be given if Permit be lost.

Entry or Copy of Permit.

Time of Permit
may be enlarged
on proper
Notice.

riage of any such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall be prevented from being fully performed within the time limited in such Permit by any unavoidable Accident, then on Notice being immediately given by the Owner or Carrier of such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, to any Officer of Excise, and Rest or Stay being made of such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, at or near the Place where such Accident shall happen, the Officer of Excise to whom such Notice shall be given, shall without Delay repair to the Place where such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, shall then be, and if such Officer shall find upon View or Enquiry that such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, were stopped or delayed in their Carriage by Accident, then such Officer shall thereupon by Indorsement on such Permit enlarge the time for the Carriage of such Paper or Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, to the Place of their first Destination; and if any Officer of Excise shall wilfully or negligently omit or refuse to do his Duty therein according to the Directions aforesaid, such Officer shall, on Proof thereof being made to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners of Excise in *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Indorsed on Per-
mit.

Officer neglect-
ing.

Penalty.

Officer granting
or renewing
Permit to ex-
amine on Oath
whether Duty
has been paid.

LV. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer granting or renewing any such Permit, to examine upon Oath, which Oath he is hereby authorized to administer, any Person or Persons applying for such Permit, whether the Duty was actually charged or paid for the Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board for which such Permit shall be so demanded, and as to the Identity of such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, and to all such matters as shall appear to such Officer or Officers necessary to satisfy him or them that the Duties payable on such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board as aforesaid, had been duly charged or paid.

Permit to be de-
livered to Officer
within 48 Hours
after Arrival of
Paper, who shall,
on finding Paper
to correspond
with Permit,
certify same on
Back thereof,
&c.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That every Person being a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or a Paper Stainer, or Manufacturer of Paper, to whom any such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be sent, shall, within Forty eight Hours after the Arrival thereof, or after the Expiration of the time limited in such Permit, repair with such Permit to the Surveyor or Gauger of the Walk in which such Person shall reside, and shall present and deliver the same to such Officer, who shall within Twenty four Hours examine such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, and shall without Fee or Reward, if such Officer shall find

that such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, correspond with such Permit, certify on the Back thereof that such Permit was presented to him, and that, having examined the Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board respectively alledged to have been conveyed under such Permit, he found that such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board to correspond therewith, and such Officer shall sign and date such Certificate, and shall thereupon redeliver such Permit, with such Certificate indorfed thereon, to the Party, and such Permit, with such Certificate thereon, shall be a Protection for such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board; and if any such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board shall be found in the Possession of such Stationer or Dealer in Paper, or Paper Stainer, after the Expiration of such Forty eight Hours respectively as aforesaid from the Arrival of the Goods, or from the Expiration of the time limited in the Permit under which such Goods were conveyed to such Stationer or Dealer in Paper or Paper Stainer, and such Permit, with such Certificate as is thereon herein directed to be indorfed thereon, shall not be produced on Demand of any Officer of Excise, then all such Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, which shall have been so conveyed under such Permit, and which shall be found without such Certificate, which shall be so found, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any such Officer.

Permit and Certificate not produced.

Paper, &c. forfeited and seized.

LVII. And be it enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time counterfeit or forge any Permit or Let-pafs for the Carriage of Paper, Pafteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard or Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, or shall counterfeit any Impression, Stamp or Mark, provided or appointed or to be provided or appointed by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties respectively for the time being, or any Three or more of them respectively, to be put to or upon such Permit or Let-pafs, or shall make use of any such counterfeit or forged Permit or Let-pafs, with such counterfeit Impression, Stamp or Mark, knowing the same to be counterfeited, such Person or Persons being thereof legally convicted shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be transported for the Space of Seven Years.

Forging, or using forged Permits.

Felony.

LVIII. And Whereas it is expedient that an Allowance should be made for Paper used in printing Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books and Books of Common Prayer, by The King's Printer in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* for the time being, upon being satisfied that the Duty of Excise shall have been fully paid for any Quantity of Paper of the First Class hereinbefore mentioned used by The King's Printer in *Ireland*, in the printing of Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books and Books of Common Prayer of the Church of *England* and *Ireland*, to pay and allow to such King's Printers, or to the Person or Persons by them

Drawback of Duty on Paper used in printing Bibles, &c. by King's Printer in *Ireland*, to be allowed on certain Conditions.

Paper to have
Date of Year in
the Water
Mark.

Notice of Quan-
tity of Paper
printed, &c.

Scales and
Weights to be
provided.

Notice when
Impression
printed off.

Officers to at-
tend and inspect,
&c. and give
Certificate.

Oath to certain
Particulars.

respectively authorized to receive the same, a Drawback or Allowance of Three pence *per* Pound Weight for all such Paper so used as aforesaid, under the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned and expressed: Provided always nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to entitle the said King's Printer, or any Person or Persons whatever on his behalf, to any such Drawback or Allowance for or in respect of any such Paper used in the Printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Books of Common Prayer, unless the said Paper shall have visible in the Substance thereof a Mark, commonly called a *Water Mark*, of the Date of the present Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixteen in Figures, or of some subsequent Year of our Lord; nor unless the Manager of the Prefs of such King's Printer shall, at least Forty eight Hours before any such Paper is begun to be prepared for printing, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor of Excise of the District a Notice in Writing of the Intention to print such Paper, specifying in such Notice the Number of Reams or Bundles of such Paper so intended to be printed, and whether the same is to be printed for Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Common Prayer Books, and of what Size the intended Impression or Edition thereof is to consist; nor unless all such Paper shall on the Attendance of such Surveyor or some other Officer of Excise, be produced to such Surveyor or Officer inclosed in the original Covers or Wrappers in which such Paper was charged with Duty with the Impression of the Officer's Stamp, and his Christian and Surname, and the Date of the Charge of the Duty with the Class of such Paper, and the several matters hereinbefore prescribed and directed to be marked, written or printed, remaining on such Covers or Wrappers respectively; nor unless such Chief Manager of the Prefs of such King's Printer shall provide good and sufficient Scales and Weights, and shall permit and assist such Officer to use the same for the Purpose of ascertaining the true Quantity and Weight of such Paper; nor unless the Chief Manager of the Prefs of such King's Printer shall in like manner, within One Month next after the whole of such Impression or Edition shall have been printed off, dried and finished, give or cause to be given to the Surveyor of Excise of the District Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing of such Impression or Edition being printed off, dried and finished, and thereupon such Surveyor or some other Officer of Excise shall attend and inspect, examine and weigh the whole of such Impression or Edition, unbound and in Sheets, and shall thereupon give and deliver to such Chief Manager of the Prefs of The King's Printer a Certificate in Writing of his having so done, specifying therein the Name of such Book, together with the Size thereof, and the Number of Copies of which such Impression or Edition consists, and the Weight of the Paper on which the same is printed; but if such Weight shall exceed the Weight of the Paper actually produced to and taken account of by the proper Officer previous to the printing thereof as aforesaid, then and in such case such Weight, previous to the printing thereof, shall be inserted in such Certificate, and the Allowance shall be made for no greater Quantity or Weight than the Weight specified in such Certificate, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided also, that no such Allowances shall be made for or in respect of any such Paper used in the

the printing any such Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books or Books of Common Prayer, unless the Chief Manager of the Press of such King's Printer shall make and subscribe, on the Back of such Certificate, an Oath in Writing before the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Two or more of them, (which Oath they the said Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to administer,) of the Quantity and Weight of the Paper actually made use of in the printing of any such Impression or Edition of the Bible, Testament, Psalm Book or Book of Common Prayer, as the case may require, and that such Chief Manager of The King's Printer believes that all Duty by Law imposed for or in respect of such Paper used in the printing of such Impression or Edition has been fully paid, and that no Drawback or Allowance has been claimed or paid for or in respect of such Paper or any Part thereof, and that the whole of the Impression or Edition of such Bible, Testament, Psalm Book or Book of Common Prayer, has been printed by The King's Printer at his usual and ordinary Printing House on his or their own Account, under and by virtue of the exclusive Patent, Authority or Privilege belonging to him as such King's Printer, and for his sole and entire Benefit, Profit, Emolument and Advantage.

LIX. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person to export as Merchandize from *Ireland* any Paper made in *Ireland*, upon which Paper all Duties chargeable by Law shall have been duly paid and satisfied, and under, subject and according to such Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, so far as the same respectively are applicable thereto, as are enacted by any Act or Acts for obtaining a Drawback on the Exportation of any Article or thing subject to a Duty of Excise; and such Exporter, or his Clerk or Manager, shall moreover make Oath that he believes that the Duties of Excise imposed on such Paper in respect of the Quality and Weight thereof, or a Sum or Sums equal in Amount to such Duties, have been fully paid for such Paper, and thereupon a Drawback of the Duty so paid shall be allowed, on the said several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as far as the same respectively are applicable thereto, shall be in full Force, and shall be and the same are hereby directed to be observed, practised, applied and put in Execution, upon such Exportation of any such Paper, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same respectively had been reenacted in this Act.

LX. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be deemed to extend to entitle any Person to any such Drawback for any such Paper, unless the Officer of Excise who shall attend to see such Paper packed up in order to be exported, shall then find such Paper inclosed in the Cover or Wrapper in which the same was charged with Duty with the Impression of the Officer's Stamp, and his Name and Surname, with the Date of the Charge of the Duty on such Paper, and the Class thereof, together with the several matters hereinbefore prescribed and directed to be marked, written or printed, remaining on such Cover or Wrapper; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Officer who shall attend to see such Paper packed up as aforesaid, and such Officer is hereby required to take off or to see taken off all and every

Paper made in Ireland may be exported from Ireland.

Drawback.

Drawback not allowed unless Officer find Paper inclosed in Wrappers in which same was charged with Duty, &c.

the Impressions of the Officer's Stamp or Label from every Ream of such Paper intended to be packed up in order to be exported before the same shall be so packed.

Books bound or unbound may be exported.

LXI. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person to export from *Ireland*, as Merchandize, any Books, either unbound, or bound with any Materials respectively liable to any Duties of Excise, and for which the Duties of Excise imposed for or in respect thereof have been paid, and such Books being made up or composed of Paper made in *Ireland* of the First Class, and for all which Paper so to be exported the Duty of Excise shall have been paid, and under, subject and according to such Rules and Regulations, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures as aforesaid, as far as the same or any of them can or may be applied thereto; and such Exporter or his Clerk or Manager shall, in case such Books shall be to be exported, make Oath that he believes the Duty of Excise hath been fully paid for such Paper, and also that he believes that no Drawback hath been before received by any Person for or in respect of such Paper, or any Part thereof; and in case such Books, bound with any Materials as aforesaid, shall be to be exported, then such Exporter or his Clerk or Manager, shall make further Oath that he believes the several Duties of Excise, by any Act or Acts of Parliament imposed for or in respect of the Materials of which the Binding is composed, have been paid, and that a Drawback, equal to the Duty by Law payable by Weight on Paper of the First Class, shall be extended for and in respect of all such Books, under and subject to the said several Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and which Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, so far as the same respectively can or may be applied to the Exportation of such Books, shall be extended to the same respectively, as fully and effectually as if the same respectively had been reenacted in this Act.

Exporter making Oath that the Duty has been paid, to entitle to Drawback.

Foreign Paper on Importation to be stamped.

LXII. And in order to secure the due Payment of the Duties payable upon the Importation of Foreign Paper, be it enacted, That the Officer or Officers of the Customs at the Port or Place where any Foreign Paper shall be imported, shall cause such Paper, whether in a Ream or exceeding a Ream, to be marked, stamped or sealed in such manner as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Port Duties, or any Three or more of them, shall direct; and the said Commissioners shall and they are hereby authorized and required to provide proper Stamps, Marks or Seals, for marking, stamping or sealing all Foreign Paper imported, to denote the charging the Duties thereon, and the same to cause to be distributed to the proper Officers of the Customs for the Purposes in this Act mentioned, which Officers are hereby required and enjoined to mark, stamp or seal the same, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to direct; which Stamps, Marks or Seals to be provided in pursuance of this Act may be altered or renewed from time to time, as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to direct.

Stamps to be provided.

Foreign Paper imported in less Quantity than a Ream, forfeited.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Foreign Paper shall be imported into *Ireland* in any less Quantity than a Ream, each such Ream containing Twenty Quires, and each Quire thereof

Twenty

Twenty four Sheets, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Revenue.

LXIV. And be it enacted, That if any Person shall, with Intent to defraud His Majesty of any of the Duties imposed upon Paper, wilfully cut out, obliterate or deface, or wilfully suffer to be cut out, obliterated, or defaced the Stamp, Mark or Seal put by any Officer of the Revenue upon such Foreign Paper, to denote the charging of the Duty on such Paper, every such Person shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every Ream or other Parcel of Paper on which the Stamp, Mark or Seal put by any such Officer shall be so wilfully cut out, obliterated or defaced.

Defacing Stamp denoting the Duty.

Penalty.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall counterfeit or cause to be counterfeited any Stamp, Mark or Seal provided by the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in pursuance of this Act, or shall counterfeit, forge or resemble the Mark or Impression of any such Stamp, Mark or Seal upon any Paper, or shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession any such counterfeit Stamp, Mark or Seal, knowing the same to be counterfeited, or shall have in his, her or their Custody or Possession, or shall utter, vend or sell any Paper with a counterfeit or forged Mark or Impression of any such Stamp, Mark or Seal thereon, knowing the same to be so counterfeited or forged, or shall, upon any Ream or Quantity of Foreign Paper which has not been duly entered with the proper Officer or Officers of the Revenue, and charged with the Duty payable upon the Importation of such Paper, knowingly put or place the Impression of any such counterfeit or forged Stamp, Mark or Seal, or shall knowingly affix upon any Ream or Quantity of such Paper, any Stamp, Mark or Seal which shall have been before affixed, marked, stamped or sealed, upon any other Ream or Quantity of Foreign Paper, then and in every such case every such Person so offending therein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Forging Stamps, &c.

Having forged Stamp in Custody, or selling Paper, &c. with forged Stamp.

Penalty.

LXVI. And be it enacted, That no Paper imported into this Kingdom fit for or capable of being used for the Purposes of Writing, Printing or Drawing, shall be entered under the Denomination of Card Paper, or Cap Paper, but the same shall be entered by the Pound Weight, and be charged with such Duty as all other Papers so to be entered are or shall be subject to.

Paper imported entered by Pound Weight, and so charged.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That every thing in this Act contained, relating to any Paper or Pasteboard, or to any Paper Maker, shall be deemed and construed to extend, and shall extend to all Paper of every Sort and kind, and to all Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and to every Maker and Manufacturer of every Sort and kind of Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper and Button Board, and that every thing in this Act contained relating to any Paper Mill shall be deemed and construed to extend, and shall extend to every Manufactory and Place in which the making or manufacturing of any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be carried on, or in which any Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard, Glazed Paper, Sheating or Sheathing Paper, Button Paper or Button Board, shall be dried

Act to extend to Paper, &c. of all Sorts, and to all Makers and Mills, &c.

or kept, as fully as if such matters and things had been repeated and expressed throughout the Body of this Act.

Persons taking
false Oaths.

LXVIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person who shall take any Oath or make any Affirmation by this Act required to be taken or made, shall wilfully or knowingly swear or affirm falsely thereon, any such Person being duly convicted thereof shall suffer the Pains and Penalties to which Persons guilty of wilful or corrupt Perjury are or shall be subject by any Law in force in *Ireland*; and if any Person shall corruptly procure or suborn any other Person or Persons to swear or affirm falsely in any such Oath or Affirmation, any such Person being duly convicted of such procuring or suborning shall for every such Offence incur and suffer such Penalties, Forfeitures, Pains and Disabilities as Persons convicted of Subornation of Perjury are respectively liable unto by any Law in force in *Ireland*.

Perjury.
Recovery of
Penalties in
British Cur-
rency.
Application.

LXIX. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures under this Act shall be paid and payable in *British* Currency, and shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, sued for, recovered and applied, in such manner and under such Powers and Authorities, and by such Ways and Methods, and according to such Rules and Directions as are appointed, directed and expressed for the recovering of any Penalties or Forfeitures in and by an Act made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, matters and things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and of the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in and by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenue of Customs and Excise, or either of them, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with the like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties aggrieved, as in and by the said recited Act of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, or any other Act or Acts as aforesaid, is provided.

14 & 15 Car. 2.
(1.)

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Appeal.

Commence-
ment of Act.

LXX. And be it enacted, That this Act shall commence and take Effect from and after the Fifth Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Act may be
altered, &c.

LXXI. And be it enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXIX.

An Act for repealing the Duties of Customs on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Fins, imported into *Great Britain*; and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof.

[25th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it is expedient that the Duties of Customs payable on the Importation of Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except
‘ Whale

‘ Whale Fins, into *Great Britain*, should cease and determine, and ‘ that other Duties of Customs should be imposed in lieu thereof;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act the several Duties of Customs imposed upon the Importation of Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Fins, by an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting certain additional Duties of Customs imported into and exported from Great Britain*, shall cease and determine, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may on the passing of this Act remain unpaid, or to any Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto, which shall have been incurred at any time before the passing of this Act.

Duties imposed on Rape Seed Cakes, &c. by 49 G. 3. c. 98. Sch. (A.) Inwards, and 53 G. 3. c. 33. to cease, except Arrears.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon all Rape Seed Cakes and Linseed Cakes imported into *Great Britain*, a Duty of Customs of Two pence for every Hundred Weight; and upon all Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Fins, so imported, a Duty of Customs of One Pound for every One hundred Pounds of the true and real Value thereof; which Value shall be ascertained according to the Declaration to be made by the Owner or Proprietor or his known Agent, in like manner and Form, and under the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Conditions, and such Goods shall be subject and liable to such and the like Forfeitures and Penalties as are prescribed and directed for ascertaining and collecting Duties to be paid according to the Value by an Act passed in the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs and Excise, and granting other Duties in lieu thereof, and for applying the said Duties, together with the other Duties composing the Public Revenue; for permitting the Importation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Produce or Manufacture of the European Dominions of the French King into this Kingdom; and for applying certain unclaimed Monies, remaining in the Exchequer for the Payment of Annuities on Lives, to the Reduction of the National Debt*; or by any subsequent Act or Acts relative thereto in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

New Duties to be paid.

27 G. 3. c. 13.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Duties of Customs granted by this Act shall and may be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid and recovered in such and the like manner as the Duties on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish, except Whale Fins, hereby repealed, were or might be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, answered, paid and recovered, and the Goods shall be subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Seizures and Forfeitures, as such Goods were subject and liable to by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act.

Duties how levied.

IV. And

Application of
Duties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising from the Duties imposed by this Act, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties of Customs imposed on the like Goods, under the Head of Permanent Duties, were directed to be appropriated and applied.

Act may be
altered, &c.

V. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXX.

An Act to enable the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations to grant Certificates of Stores or Goods, which may be sold by such Officers or Commissioners at such Foreign Stations.

[25th June 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS divers salutary Acts of Parliament have from
‘ time to time been passed for preventing the Embezzlement
‘ of His Majesty's Naval Stores and Goods, marked as is therein
‘ mentioned: And Whereas by the said Acts, or some of them, the
‘ principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy are au-
‘ thorized to sell and dispose of any of the said Stores or Goods so
‘ marked as aforesaid, and to grant Certificates under their Hands to
‘ the Purchasers of such Stores or Goods, as in the said Acts is men-
‘ tioned: And Whereas the principal Officers and Commissioners of
‘ His Majesty's Navy resident on Foreign Stations have frequently
‘ occasion to sell and dispose of such Stores or Goods, and the same
‘ may be brought by the Purchasers thereof into this Kingdom; but
‘ such Commissioners on Foreign Stations not having the Power to
‘ grant Certificates to the Purchasers of such Stores or Goods, of
‘ their having purchased the same, or the Certificates granted by such
‘ Commissioners resident on Foreign Stations not being of such and
‘ the same Force and Effect as such like Certificates granted under
‘ the Hands of Three or more of the said Commissioners in *Eng-
‘ land* are of, the Purchasers and Owners of the said Stores or
‘ Goods may be endangered by the Possession thereof in such Parts
‘ of His Majesty's Dominions to which the said Statutes extend;’
For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent
Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual
and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,
and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing
of this Act it shall and may be lawful to and for all and every or
any One of the principal Officers and Commissioners of His Majesty's
Navy resident on any Foreign Station, to grant Certificates under his
or their respective Hand or Hands for any such Stores or Goods
which shall hereafter be sold by or by the Order of any such princi-
pal Officer or Commissioner at any such Foreign Station, of such and
the same or the like Tenor and Effect, and that the same Certificates
so to be granted as aforesaid shall be in all Places of such and the
same Force and Effect as Certificates under the Hands of Three or
more of the principal Officers and Commissioners of the Navy in *Eng-
land* are of, for any such Stores or Goods sold by or by the Order of
the said Commissioners in *England*.

Principal Offi-
cers and Com-
missioners of the
Navy at Foreign
Stations may
grant Certifi-
cates of Stores
sold by them.

C A P. LXXXI.

An Act to alter the Period during which Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol are to deliver in their Accounts.

[25th June 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for discontinuing the Bounty on Exportation of Oil of Vitriol, and allowing a Drawback of a Proportion of the Duties paid on the Importation of Foreign Brimstone used in making Oil of Vitriol*; it is enacted, that every Manufacturer of Oil of Vitriol, intending to claim any Drawback or Repayment under the above recited Act shall make an Entry of his Name and Place of Abode with the Collector of the Customs of the Port within or nearest to which his Work shall be carried on, and shall once in every Month enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose an Account of the whole Quantity of Foreign Brimstone used and consumed in his Manufactory within the preceding Month; and at the End of the Year, to be computed from the Date of such Entry as aforesaid, shall deliver the said Account to the Collector of the Customs with whom he shall have made such Entry as aforesaid: And Whereas it has been found by Experience that Difficulties arise in delivering such Account at the End of the Year; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol to deliver the Account required by the aforesaid recited Act to the Collector of the Customs with whom they shall have made the Entry as required by the said recited Act, within Six Months after the Expiration of the Year, computed from the Date of the Entry.

50 G. 3. c. 40.

§ 2.

Accounts to be delivered within Six Months after Expiration of Year.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be requisite for the Manufacturers of such Oil of Vitriol after the First Entry of his Name and Place of Abode to make any further Entry of the same unless any Alteration shall take Place in the Firm of such Manufactory, or where more than One Year has been suffered to elapse without manufacturing any such Oil of Vitriol, any thing in the before recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Manufacturers of Oil of Vitriol shall be entitled to the like Drawback on the like Conditions, and shall be liable to the like Forfeitures for delivering false Accounts, as were provided by the aforesaid recited Act.

In what case after First Entry no further Entry necessary.

C A P. LXXXII.

An Act to render valid the judicial Acts of Surrogates of Vice Admiralty Courts abroad, during Vacancies in Office of Judges of such Courts.

[25th June 1816.]

WHEREAS it is requisite that due Validity should be given to the judicial Acts of Surrogates who have executed the Offices of Judges in the Courts of Vice Admiralty established in His Majesty's Plantations and Colonies, during Vacancies occasioned by the Deaths or Resignation or other Removals of the said Judges,

Acts of Surrogates appointed by Judges, or by Governors of Plantations and Colonies, valid.

‘ Judges, or who also shall hereafter execute the same during such ‘ Vacation;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all judicial Acts of Surrogates having been appointed to act as Judges during such Vacancies, either by Judges of the said Courts previously to their Removal, or, in Default of such Appointment, by the Governors of the Plantations and Colonies in which such Courts shall be, shall have the same Force and Validity, and shall be subject to the same Course of Appeal, as if the said Acts had been done by the Authority of Judges regularly appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

C A P. LXXXIII.

An Act for regulating the carrying of Passengers to and from the Island of *Newfoundland* and Coast of *Labrador*.

[25th June 1816.]

43 G. 3. c. 56.

‘ **W**HEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty third Year of ‘ His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for regulat- ‘ ing the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His ‘ Majesty’s Plantations and Settlements abroad, or to Foreign Parts,*

44 G. 3. c. 44.

‘ *with respect to the Number of such Passengers:* And Whereas an ‘ Act was passed in the Forty fourth Year of His said Majesty’s ‘ Reign, to exempt Vessels in the *Newfoundland Trade* from the ‘ Provisions of the above recited Act of the Forty third Year of His ‘ present Majesty’s Reign, whereby the Conveyance of Passengers ‘ from the United Kingdom to *Newfoundland* and *Labrador* is no ‘ longer subject to any legal Provisions: And Whereas it is expedient ‘ to make special Regulations for the Intercourse between the United ‘ Kingdom and the Island of *Newfoundland* and Coast of *Labrador,* ‘ so far as regards the Conveyance of Passengers and the providing ‘ them with proper Accommodation, and an adequate Supply of ‘ Water and Provisions;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That before the sailing of any Ship or Vessel from any Port or Place in the United Kingdom to *Newfoundland* or the Coast of *Labrador,* with Passengers, the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel, and the Owner or Owners thereof, shall enter into Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Five hundred Pounds, with Condition that there shall not be taken on board any such Ship or Vessel any more such Passengers than are hereinafter permitted and allowed; which Bond shall be taken by and deposited with the Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of His Majesty’s Customs at the Port from which such Ships or Vessels shall sail; and the Master or other Person, having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel previous to his leaving the said Port, shall and is hereby required to deliver to the said Collector and Comptroller, or other principal Officer of His Majesty’s Customs at the said Port, a List containing the Number of the said Passengers, with their Names,

Master of Vessels to enter into Bond not to take more Passengers than by Act allowed.

Ages

Ages and Descriptions, for the Purpose of being registered at such Port, together with a Copy of the same, which Copy shall be certified by the said Officers as being correct and true, and deliver to the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel to be by him kept on board the said Vessel, and subject to the Inspection of any of His Majesty's Ships of War or Vessels in the Service of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, during his Voyage to *Newfoundland* and the Coast of *Labrador*; and upon the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel at either of the aforesaid Places, the said Master, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall deliver the aforesaid Copy of the List to the Governor of such Place or other Person acting for him, or to the Naval Officer or Chief Officer of the Customs at the Port of Arrival, or to the nearest Justice of the Peace, who shall be required to examine the Passengers within Twenty four Hours after their Arrival; and no such Passenger as aforesaid shall be allowed to land until such List is compared with the Passengers by the Governor or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose.

List of Passengers delivered to Collector.

On Arrival Copy of List delivered to the Governor.

Landing Passengers.

II. And be it further enacted, That if the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall take or have on board his Ship or Vessel, or if the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel shall engage to take on board more Persons than the Number allowed, they shall respectively forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for each Person so taken or engaged to be taken on board.

Taking more than Number allowed.

Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Ship or Vessel from any Place in the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, or from *Guernsey* and *Jersey*, to carry to any Part of *Newfoundland* or Coast of *Labrador* a greater Number of Passengers than in the following Proportion; that is to say, any *British* Ship or Vessel having a Second Deck may take Passengers at the Rate of One for every unoccupied Space being Six Feet in Length by Two Feet in Breadth, and being of the full perpendicular Height between the Two Decks; or any *British* Ship or Vessel which shall have only One Deck over her Hold may take Passengers at the Rate of One for every Space between the Cargo stowed in the Hold and the Deck, being Six Feet in Length and Two Feet in Breadth, and being the Height of Five Feet perpendicular above the Cargo, and being independent in either case of the Space which may be requisite for the Stowage of the Water and Provisions and Baggage of the Passengers, and the full Space before mentioned shall accordingly be allotted for the Accommodation of each Passenger so taken on board.

Number of Passengers allowed according to Size of Ship.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel shall be furnished at the time of her Departure to commence the Voyage, with at least Ten Weeks' Supply of good and wholesome Water, so as to furnish a Supply of Five Pints of Water *per Day* for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, and the said Supply of Water shall be stowed below the Deck; and every such Ship or Vessel shall also be furnished with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, during the said Period of Ten Weeks, of One Pound of Bread or Biscuit and One Pound of Beef, or Three Quarters of a Pound of Pork

Quantity of Provisions to be on board.

Pork *per* Day, and also Two Pounds of Flour, Three Pounds of Oatmeal, or Three Pounds of Peas or Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound of Butter, weekly; the weekly Allowance to commence on the Day the Vessel puts to Sea.

Master not delivering out Provisions.

Penalty.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions and Water hereinbefore specified, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every such Neglect and Omission.

Abstract of Act exposed in some Part of the Ship.

VI. And be it further enacted, That an Abstract of this Act, stating the Number of Passengers allowed to be taken, and the daily and weekly Allowance of Water and Provisions, shall be exposed in some conspicuous Part of the Ship or Vessel to which the said Passengers have Recourse; in failure of which, the Master, or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Masters of Vessels returning from Newfoundland, &c. to conform to Regulations.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having or taking the Charge or Command of any such Ship or Vessel, engaging to take on board any such Passengers from *Newfoundland* or the Coast of *Labrador*, for the Purpose of returning from thence to the United Kingdom, shall conform to the Regulations above enacted as to the Number of Passengers which it shall be lawful for them to take on board, and shall be liable to the like Penalties for any Breach of such Regulations as are hereinbefore enacted, with respect to Vessels proceeding from the United Kingdom to *Newfoundland* or the Coast of *Labrador*.

Vessels returning from Newfoundland, &c. to be furnished with a certain Supply of Water and Provisions.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every such Ship or Vessel returning from *Newfoundland* or the Coast of *Labrador* to any Port or Place of the United Kingdom with Passengers as aforesaid, shall be furnished, at the time of her Departure to commence the Voyage, with at least Seven Weeks' Supply of good and wholesome Water, so as to furnish a Supply of Five Pints of Water *per* Day for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, and the said Supply of Water shall be stowed below the Deck; and every such Ship or Vessel shall also be furnished with such a Supply of Provisions as will afford an Allowance for every such Passenger, exclusive of the Crew, during the said Period of Seven Weeks, of One Pound of Bread or Biscuit and One Pound of Beef, or Three Quarters of a Pound of Pork, *per* Day, and also Two Pounds of Flour, Three Pounds of Oatmeal, or Three Pounds of Peas or Pearl Barley, and Half a Pound of Butter, weekly; the weekly Allowance to commence on the Day the Vessel puts to Sea.

Not giving out Allowance of Water and Provisions. Penalty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Master or other Person having taken the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, failing to give out the Allowance of Provisions and Water hereinbefore specified, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds of lawful Money for each and every such Neglect and Omission.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred under this Act shall and may be recovered in a summary way on the Oath of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace of any County, County of a City, Riding, Shire or Place in the United Kingdom where such Ship or Vessel shall depart from or come to in or during such Voyage, or in a summary Way in any Surro-

Surrogate Court or Courts of Session, having Jurisdiction in the Island of *Newfoundland*; and such last mentioned Penalties and Forfeitures as shall be recovered in *Newfoundland* shall be paid to the Governor of *Newfoundland* for the time being, or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose; to be applied under the Direction of such Governor or other Person acting for him, or some Person authorized by either of them for that Purpose, for defraying the Passage home of such Persons as ought to be sent to that Country to which they belong.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the Conveyance of any Persons on board of any such Ship or Vessel, whether Fishermen, Youngsters or others, being Hired Servants to be employed on the Establishment of their respective Masters or Hirers in the Prosecution of the Fisheries carried on from *Newfoundland* or the Coast of *Labrador*.

Act not to affect Conveyance of Persons employed on the Establishment.

C A P. LXXXIV.

An Act for the better Accommodation of His Majesty's Packets within the Harbour of *Holyhead*, in the Island of *Anglesea*; and for the better Regulation of the Shipping therein.

[25th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Pier within the Harbour of *Holyhead*, in the Island of *Anglesea*, has been erected at the Public Expence, chiefly for the Accommodation and safe lying of His Majesty's Packets: And Whereas great Inconvenience has arisen, in consequence of the occasionally crowded State of the Harbour, and the Want of Regularity in mooring the Vessels therein; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty's Postmaster or Postmasters General of *Great Britain* (with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer) from time to time, to appoint a Person to act as Harbour Master within the said Harbour, and to remove any Harbour Master so appointed, and to appoint another in his room or stead as they shall see fitting.

Postmasters General may appoint a Harbour Master.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Harbour Master shall have full Power and Authority to direct the mooring, unmooring, moving and removing of all Ships or other Vessels, coming into, lying or being in the said Port or Harbour of *Holyhead*, or any Part thereof, or any Place being within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour; and to appoint and regulate the time or times, and the manner of their Entrance into, lying in or going out of or from such Harbour, save and except in stormy or tempestuous Weather; and to regulate and determine the Position of such Ships and other Vessels; and in case any Owner, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of any such Ship or other Vessel shall refuse or neglect to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove his Ship or Vessel according to such Direction, immediately when Notice to him or them shall be given or left with any Person

Power of Harbour Master.

Obstructing
Harbour Master.

Person or Persons on board of such Ship or Vessel for that Purpose, every such Owner, Master or other Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Harbour Master and his Assistants, and he or his Assistants are hereby required, to moor, unmoor, place, move or remove such Ship and Vessel accordingly; and in case any Master, Commander, Mate, Pilot or other Person or Persons taking charge or command of any Ship or other Vessel, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall obstruct or hinder the mooring, unmooring, placing, moving or removing of any Ship or other Vessel, lying or being in the said Harbour, or being within the Distance of Five hundred Yards of the Entrance or Mouth of the said Harbour, then and in every such case such Person or Persons so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Penalty.
Recovery of
Penalties.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties to be incurred under this Act shall be recovered in a summary manner before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Anglesea*, by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels; and in case no sufficient Distress can be had, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the said County, for any time not exceeding Six Months, or until such Fine shall be paid.

C A P. LXXXV.

An Act to make further Regulations for securing the Collection of the Duties of Customs and Excise in *Ireland*, and for the Importation into *Ireland* of *American Staves*, and of old Plate and Books from *Great Britain*. [26th June 1816.]

‘ W H E R E A S it is expedient to proportion the Rewards to ‘ Officers of the Revenue and others making Seizures of ‘ Spirits, Tobacco and Snuff, in some Degree to the Activity and ‘ Zeal of the Officers, and the Danger and Risk incurred in making ‘ such Seizures;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act more effectually to regulate the Collection of the Duties on Goods, Wares and Merchandize, imported or exported into or from Ireland, and the Payment of Bounties, Allowances and Drawbacks thereon;* and of an Act made in the Forty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and eight, certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Goods, Wares and Merchandize into and from Ireland,* as directs in what manner the Produce arising by the Sale of any Brandy, Rum, Geneva or other Foreign Spirits, or of any Tobacco, which shall be seized and condemned, as being illegally imported into *Ireland*, or attempted or intended so to be, shall be applied, or as gives any Part of such Produce to any Person or Persons who shall seize such Spirits or Tobacco, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

So much of
46 G. 3. c. 87.
and 47 G. 3.
Sess. 2. c. 16.
§ 8. directing in
what manner
Produce of Sei-
zures of Foreign
Spirits or To-
bacco shall be
applied, repealed.

II. And

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them respectively, and they are hereby authorized in cases appertaining to the Customs or Excise respectively, to direct any Foreign Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, which shall be seized, and shall be condemned as forfeited under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to the Revenues of Customs or Excise, to be sold either for Home Consumption or Exportation, if under all the Circumstances it shall appear to the said Commissioners respectively, to be most conducive to the Protection of the Revenue so to do; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners respectively from time to time to give such Directions for the Removal of any such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, and to make such Regulations for the ascertaining the Value of such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, or to fix any average Value thereof, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Rewards to which the Informers or Officers or Persons seizing the same respectively may be entitled, and as to the time and manner of paying the same, as to such Commissioners respectively shall seem fitting, and also to regulate the Amount and Mode of Distribution of Rewards to any Commissioned or Non Commissioned Officer or Private Man of His Majesty's Forces, or any Commissioned Officer, Petty or Warrant Officer, or Seaman of His Majesty's Navy or Marines, as shall appear to be reasonable, and the time and mode of paying the same.

In what manner such Seizures shall be disposed of.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Rewards hereinafter mentioned shall be paid and allowed for and in respect of all Seizures of Foreign Spirits, Tobacco and Snuff, which shall be made from and after the passing of this Act, that is to say, in the case of Seizures of such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff made at Sea, or in any Port or Harbour of *Ireland*, if the Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Persons making such Seizures, shall also arrest, stop and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unlading, removing or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, and shall take or convey, or cause every Person so arrested, stopped or detained, to be taken or conveyed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, or being a Seaman or Seafaring Man found on board such Ship, Vessel or Boat, shall take and carry him to any Ship or Vessel of War in His Majesty's Service, or into the Custody of any Officer employed in His Majesty's Impress Service, then and in any such case such Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person so making Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been respectively estimated or fixed by the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, or by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes respectively, in pursuance of the Powers vested in them by this Act; and in the case of such Seizures of Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff made on Shore, if the Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Person making the same, shall also stop, arrest and detain the Persons or some or one of them from whom the same shall be seized, and shall take

Rewards for Seizures, how apportioned and applied.

Arresting Persons from whom Goods seized.

take or carry, or cause every Person so arrested, stopped or detained to be taken or carried before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace to be dealt with according to Law, then and in such case such Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person so making seizure of Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the full Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in the case of such Seizure of Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, whether on Sea or on Shore, if the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making the same, shall also seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel or Boat on board of which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or the Cattle or Carriages used or employed in moving or conveying the same, but shall not also stop, arrest and detain the Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unloading, removing or carrying away such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, or the Persons, or some or one of them, from whom the same shall be seized and taken, or carry or cause all and every such Persons so stopped, detained or arrested to be taken or carried before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, to be dealt with according to Law, then and in every such case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Third Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco and Snuff shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in case any Officer of Customs or Excise, or other Person, shall make Seizure of any Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, and shall neither seize and prosecute, or cause to be prosecuted, the Ship, Vessel or Boat, Cattle or Carriage, in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco and Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or which shall be used or employed in removing or conveying the same, nor shall stop, arrest and detain the Person or Persons, or some or one of them, who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Vessel or Boat in or on board which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, or in unloading, removing or carrying such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff, or from whom the same shall be seized or taken, or shall not carry and convey, or cause all and every such Person so arrested, stopped or detained before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, then and in such case the Officer of the Customs or Excise, or other Person making such Seizure, shall be entitled to and shall be paid only One Fourth Part of the Value at which such Spirits, Tobacco or Snuff shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid; and in all cases where any such Officers or Persons shall seize, within the Limits of any of the Ports of *Ireland*, or in any Part of the *Irisb* Channel, or elsewhere on the High Seas within One hundred Leagues of any Part of the Coasts of *Ireland*, any Spirits which shall have been funk or concealed under or in the Water within such Limits or Distance, every such Officer and Person so seizing such Spirits shall be entitled to and shall be paid One Moiety of the Value at which such Spirits shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid.

Ship, &c. in which Goods were, seized, &c. and not arresting the Person.

Share of Officer in Seizure.

Seizing Goods, but not taking the Ship or the Person.

Share of Seizure.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said recited Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, whereby it is enacted, that an Allowance at the Scale shall be made of Eight Pounds for Draft of every Package that shall contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight of Tobacco, or more, and Two Pounds for every such Package for Nailage, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act, the proper Customs Landing Waiter and Landing Waiters shall, in the weighing and taking Account of all Tobacco and Snuff respectively, give the Turn of the Scale in favour of the Crown, and in lieu thereof shall allow Two Pounds Weight Avoirdupois, and no more for Draft of every Package which shall contain Four hundred and fifty Pounds Weight, or more, of Tobacco or Snuff respectively, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

46 G. 3. c. 87.
§ 98. repealed.

Allowance.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, to permit the Importation into *Ireland* of Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines or Coffee, at any such Ports or Places in *Ireland* as the said Commissioners shall think fit, under and subject to such Regulations and Restrictions in other Respects as Tobacco, Spirits, Teas, Wines or Coffee may by Law be imported into *Ireland*; provided it shall be made to appear, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, that such Port or Place is, with respect to the Trade and Commerce carried on therein, and from the Nature of its Situation, a Port or Place at which it would be just and reasonable to permit such Importation.

Commissioners of Customs may permit Importation of Tobacco, Spirits, &c. into any Irish Port.

VI. And be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, to permit all Staves of Wood not exceeding One Inch and a Half in Thickness, being of the Growth and Production of the United States of *America*, or of the Growth and Production of *East* or *West Florida*, and imported from thence respectively into *Ireland*, on Payment of One Third Part only of the several Duties of Customs charged on Staves in and by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Rates and Duties, and to allow Drawbacks and Bounties on certain Goods, Wares and Merchandise, imported into and exported from Ireland, in lieu of former Rates and Duties, Drawbacks and Bounties*; and in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to impose certain Duties on the Importation, and to allow Drawbacks on the Exportation of certain Sorts of Wood into and from Ireland, in lieu of former Duties and Drawbacks on the like Sorts of Wood*; and to indemnify Persons who have admitted certain Sorts of Wood to Entry, on Payment of a Proportion only of the Duty imposed thereon, and the Schedules to the said Acts respectively annexed; any thing in the said recited Acts or either of them, or in the Schedules thereto annexed, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Staves not exceeding 1½ Inches thick of the United States, &c. may be imported on Payment of One Third of the Duties under
54 G. 3. c. 129. and
55 G. 3. c. 14.

VII. And, for the better securing the Collection of the Duties payable on Auctions in *Ireland*, be it further enacted, That upon the Trial of any Complaint or Information against any Auctioneer (who shall have delivered or caused to be delivered, or who shall deliver or cause to be delivered any Catalogue of any Sale by Auction, intended to be held by such Auctioneer) for the Recovery of any

Auctioneers to prove no Sale took place under Catalogue in any Auction for Non Delivery of Sale Accounts

under
54 G. 3. c. 82.

Penalty for the Offence of neglecting or omitting to deliver any such Sale Account as such Auctioneer is, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to grant to His Majesty Duties upon Auctions in Ireland, in lieu of former Duties thereon, and to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the said Duties, and to prevent Frauds therein*, required to deliver of the several Articles, Lots or Parcels contained in such Catalogue as aforesaid, every such Auctioneer shall be convicted of such Offence and shall incur such Penalty, unless such Auctioneer shall make due Proof that no Sale whatever by way of Auction had taken place, or was any way opened or begun under such Catalogue.

48 G. 3. c. 56.

§ 4.

' VIII. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for abolishing Fees received by Officers in the Service of the Customs, in the several Ports of Ireland, and for regulating the Hours of Attendance, and the Number of Holidays to be observed by the said Officers and certain Officers of Excise*, it is enacted, that certain annual Payments by way of Compensation shall be made to Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in or holding any Office in the Service of the Customs, at any Port in *Ireland*, who may sustain Loss by the Abolition of Fees directed by the said Act, and that every such annual Payment by way of Compensation to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person shall continue during the time any such Person shall continue to hold such Office or Employment: And Whereas it may happen that such Officers, Clerks or other Persons receiving such Compensation, may be removed to some other Offices or Employments in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emoluments of which may not amount to more than the Salary and annual Allowance by way of Compensation made to such Officer, Clerk or other Person under the said recited Act in respect of the Office from which such Officer, Clerk or other Person may be removed, and which might be detrimental to the Officer, Clerk or other Person so removed; Be it therefore provided and enacted, That in case any such Officer, Clerk or other Person who shall receive any such annual Payment by way of Compensation under the said recited Act of the said Forty eighth Year shall be removed to any other Office or Employment in the Service of the Customs, the annual Salary or other Emoluments of which do not amount to more than the Salary, and the further annual Allowance by way of Compensation made under the said recited Act, to any such Officer, Clerk or other Person, would have amounted to, then and in such case it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, to continue to pay such Officer, Clerk or Person so removed, the Allowance or any Part thereof which may have been granted by way of annual Compensation, for Loss of Fees, to such Officer, Clerk or other Person, by the said Commissioners, by the Direction of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, according to the said recited Act, notwithstanding any such Removal as aforesaid, and notwithstanding any thing in the said recited Act in anywise to the contrary.

Compensation
for Loss of Fees
to Officers of
the Customs.

Plate and Bound
Books, not for
Sale, may be

IX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Customs

and

and Port Duties in *Ireland*, to admit to Entry and Importation from *Great Britain* into *Ireland*, free of Duty, any Gold or Silver Plate, or Printed Books bound, being the Private Property of any Person or Persons in *Ireland*, and being for the private Use of such Person or Persons, and not for Sale, under such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties shall from time to time think fit to make in that behalf; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

imported from
Great Britain to
Ireland, Duty
free.

X. And be it further enacted, That on the Trial of any Complaint or Information, or other Proceeding whatever, for any Penalty or Forfeiture for or on account of any Offence, matter or thing incurred or committed against or concerning any of the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force, or hereafter to be in force, relating to any of the Revenues, matters or things under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or either of them, where it may be necessary to prove any Person acting as a Sub Commissioner, or as an Officer of Customs or Excise, or as an Officer acting under or employed by the said Commissioners respectively, an attested Copy of the Registry or Entry of the Commission or Appointment of such Sub Commissioner or Officer in any of the Books of or belonging to the said Commissioners respectively, or in any of the Books of the Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or of Inland Excise and Taxes for the District within which such Person acted as a Sub Commissioner or other Officer, signed by the Secretary, or Person acting as Secretary, to the said Commissioners respectively, by the Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District, or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District within which such Person acted as aforesaid, or signed by any Person employed by and in the Office of such Collector of Customs and Port Duties, or Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes, or other Officer in charge as aforesaid respectively, shall be admitted as sufficient Evidence that such Person was duly appointed and was a Sub Commissioner or other Officer, without producing the Commission or Appointment by which such Person was appointed; and that when it may be necessary to give in Evidence before any Court in *Ireland*, any Decree, Order or Proceeding of the Commissioners of Appeals in Revenue cases in *Ireland*, a true Copy of any such Decree, Order or Proceeding, attested by their Registrar for the time being, shall be admitted as sufficient Evidence as if the original Decree, Order or other Proceeding of the said Commissioners of Appeal were produced and proved.

Attested Copy
of Registry of
Appointment of
Sub Commis-
sioners or of
Officers of
Customs or Ex-
cise, sufficient
Evidence.

Copy of De-
cree, &c. of
Commissioners
of Appeals, Evi-
dence of Original
Decree, &c.

C A P. LXXXVI.

An Act for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in or resident in this Kingdom, in certain cases, for Two Years from the passing of this Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which the said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting. [26th June 1816.]

‘WHEREAS it is expedient that Provision should be made for establishing Regulations respecting Aliens arriving in this Kingdom, or resident therein, in certain cases;’ Be it enacted

Aliens not departing this Realm, when ordered by Proclamation, &c.

committed to Gaol.

Aliens disobeying Proclamations, &c.

Penalty.

Aliens may be given in charge, by Warrant of a Secretary of State, to be conveyed out of the Kingdom :

But if sufficient Reason be

by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall by his or their Proclamation, or by his or their Order in Council, or Order under his or their Sign Manual, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and the Privy Council, of that Part of this Realm or United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* called *Ireland*, shall by Proclamation or by Order of Council, direct that any Alien or Aliens who may be within this Realm, or who may hereafter arrive therein, shall depart this Realm within a time limited in any such Proclamation or Order respectively, and any such Alien shall knowingly and wilfully refuse or neglect to pay due Obedience to such Proclamation or Order respectively, or shall be found in this Realm, or any Part thereof, contrary to such Proclamation or Order, as the case may be, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, or for any Justice of the Peace, or for any Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City or Place, to cause every such Alien to be arrested, and to be committed to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where he or she shall be so arrested, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he or she shall be taken in charge for the Purpose of being sent out of the Realm under the Authority hereinafter given for that Purpose.

II. And be it further enacted, That every such Alien so knowingly and wilfully refusing or neglecting to pay due Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or being found in this Realm, or any Part thereof, contrary to such Proclamation or Order, and who shall be lawfully convicted thereof in His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench in *Westminster* or in *Dublin*, or in any Court of Oyer and Terminer, Gaol Delivery in *England* or *Ireland*, or Great Sessions in *Wales*, or Court of Justiciary in *Scotland*, may, at the Discretion of such Courts respectively, be adjudged to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding One Month for the First Offence, and not exceeding Twelve Months for the Second and any subsequent Offence.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, in any case in which he or they shall apprehend that any Alien will not pay immediate Obedience to any such Proclamation or Order as aforesaid, or in any case when any Alien shall have been arrested or committed for Refusal or Neglect to obey any such Order, or shall have been convicted of such Refusal or Neglect, and either before or after such Alien shall have suffered the Punishment inflicted for the same, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to give such Alien in charge to One of His Majesty's Messengers, or to any other Person or Persons to whom he shall think proper to direct such Warrant, in order to his or her being conducted out of the Kingdom, and such Alien shall be so conveyed accordingly: Provided always, that where such Alien (not having been convicted as aforesaid) shall alledge any Excuse for not complying with

with such Proclamation or Order, or any Reason why such Proclamation or Order should not be enforced, or why further time should be allowed him for complying therewith, it shall be lawful for the Lords of His Majesty's Privy Council, in *Great Britain or Ireland*, to judge of the Sufficiency of such Excuse or Reason, and to allow or disallow the same either absolutely or on such Conditions as they shall think fit; and where such Alien shall be in Custody under such Warrant of any of His Majesty's Secretaries of State as aforesaid, the Messenger or other Person in whose Custody he shall be, forthwith upon its being signified to him that such Excuse or Reason is alledged by such Alien, make known the same to the said Secretary of State, who, upon receiving such Notification, or in any case in which he shall be informed that any such Excuse or Reason is alledged by or on behalf of any Alien under Proclamation or Order to quit the Realm, shall forthwith suspend the Execution of such Proclamation or Order until the matter can be determined by the said Lords of His Majesty's said Privy Council, and such Alien, if in Custody under any such Warrant, shall remain in such Custody until the said Lords shall have signified their Determination thereon, unless in the mean time the said Secretary shall consent to, or the said Lords shall make Order for the Release of such Alien, either with or without Security.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel which shall arrive in any Port or Place of this Realm, shall immediately on his Arrival declare in Writing to any Inspector of Aliens appointed by His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, resident at or near such Port or Place, or where no such Inspector shall be so appointed and resident, to the Collector or Comptroller or other Chief Officer of the Customs at or near such Port or Place, whether there are or is, to the best of his Knowledge, any Alien or Aliens on board his said Vessel, or who have, to his Knowledge, landed or been landed therefrom at any Port or Place within this Realm; and shall in his said Declaration specify the Number of Aliens (if any) on board his said Vessel, or who have, to his Knowledge, landed or been so landed therefrom, and also specify their Names and respective Rank, Occupation or Description, as far as he shall be informed thereof.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Master or Commander of every Ship or Vessel so arriving as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make such Declaration as aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Pounds for each and every Alien who shall have been on board at the time of the Arrival of such Ship or Vessel, or who shall have, to his Knowledge, landed or been landed therefrom as aforesaid, whom he shall wilfully have refused or neglected to declare as aforesaid; and in case such Master or Commander as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse forthwith to pay such Penalty as he shall be adjudged to pay in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Inspector of Aliens as aforesaid, or for any Officer of the Customs, as the case may be, to detain such Ship, Vessel or Boat, used in landing the same as aforesaid, until the same shall have been paid.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing hereinbefore contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to any

given for not complying with Proclamation, &c. Privy Council may allow same.

Messenger, &c. in such case to suspend the Execution of Proclamation.

Masters of Vessels on Arrival, to declare in Writing to Inspector of Aliens or Officer of Customs, Number of Aliens on board, specifying Names and Descriptions.

Masters neglecting to make such Declaration. Penalty.

Ship, &c. detained.

Proviso for Mariners ces-

tified to be employed in Navigation of Ship.

Mariner whom the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel arriving in any Port or Place in this Realm shall certify to such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, in Writing, subscribed by such Master or Commander, to be actually engaged and employed in the Navigation of such Ship or Vessel, during the time that such Mariner shall remain so actually engaged and employed; and which Certificate in Writing, so subscribed as aforesaid, every such Master or Commander as aforesaid is hereby required to give.

Aliens, on Arrival, and Departure, to declare in Writing, to Inspector or Officer of Customs, Names, Descriptions, and Occupations, &c.

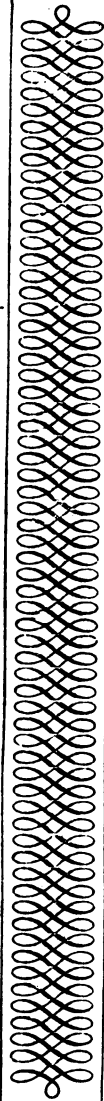
VII. And be it further enacted, That every Alien who shall arrive in this Realm, at any Port or Place therein, after the passing of this Act, shall, immediately after such Arrival, declare in Writing, to such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs as aforesaid, as the case may be, at or near such Port or Place, the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which he or she shall have come to this Country; and every Alien who shall so arrive, and also every Alien who shall depart from any Port or Place of this Realm after the passing of this Act shall, immediately after such Arrival or before such Departure respectively, declare in like manner to such Officer as aforesaid, his or her Name and Rank, Occupation or Description, or if a Domestic Servant, then also the Name, Rank and Description of his or her Master or Mistress, or shall verbally make to such Officer as aforesaid such Declaration, to be by him reduced to Writing, and shall also in like manner declare the Country or Place from whence he or she shall then have come, and the Place to which he or she is then going, his or her Profession or Occupation, and the Name and Place of Abode of the Person to whom (if any) he or she is known; and that every such Alien coming into this Realm, who shall neglect to make Declaration of the aforesaid Particulars, or who shall wilfully make any false Declaration thereof, may for every such Offence, on Conviction thereof in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench at *Westminster* or in *Dublin*, or in any Court of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery in *England* or *Ireland*, or Great Sessions in *Wales*, or Justiciary Court in *Scotland*, be imprisoned for any time not exceeding Three Months, or may at the Discretion of such Court be adjudged to depart out of this Realm, and all other His Majesty's Dominions, within a time to be limited in such Judgment; and if he or she shall be found therein after such time in such Judgment so limited, without lawful Cause, he or she shall, being duly convicted thereof, be imprisoned for any Term not exceeding Twelve Months.

Aliens arriving, neglecting to make such Declaration, or making a false one.

Punishment.

Officer of Customs to register such Declarations.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Inspector of Aliens or Officer of the Customs so appointed as aforesaid, to whom such Declaration shall be made, or Particulars delivered as aforesaid, shall immediately register the same in a Book to be kept by him for that Purpose; in which Book, Certificates shall be printed in Blank, and Counterparts thereof, in the Form following:

Ship's Name.	Alien's Name and Description.	From whence.	Whither going.	Profession, &c.	To whom known.	Remarks.
						
Ship's Name.	Alien's Name and Description.	From whence.	Whither going.	Profession, &c.	To whom known.	Remarks.

And shall insert therein the several Particulars by this Act required, in their proper Columns, in both Parts thereof, expressing such Particulars as shall be inserted in the Column of Remarks, which shall be entered only in One of such Columns; and shall then and there cut off One Part thereof through the Flourish or Device between the Two Parts thereof, and deliver without Fee or other Charge, One Part containing all the Particulars contained, excepting such thereof as shall be contained in the Column of Remarks, to the Alien

Particulars to be inserted in Certificates.

Alien who shall have made such Declaration, or delivered such Particulars, according to the Provisions of this Act; and the Officer keeping or having the Care of such Book, shall also enter or cause to be entered therein an Alphabetical List and Index of the Names of the Aliens, in respect of whom such Entries shall be made therein as aforesaid.

Aliens (except Domestic Servants) within one Week after Arrival, to produce Certificates to Chief Magistrate of the Place, or to a Justice.

Where Certificate lost, to deliver in an Account of Particulars.

Punishment.

Mayors, &c. may detain Aliens, and transmit to Secretary of State an Account of Proceedings.

Reasons for Detention to be stated.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Alien arriving in this Realm after the passing of this Act, except such Domestic Servants as aforesaid, shall, within One Week after his or her arriving at the Place which shall be expressed in the Certificate delivered to him or her as aforesaid, as the Place to which he or she proposes to go, produce such Certificate, if in *London*, at the Aliens' Office in *Crown Street, Westminster*, or to the Chief Magistrate of any other Town or Place in which he or she shall be; and if there be no Chief Magistrate in such Town or Place, then and in such case, to some One of the Justices of the Peace in and for the County, City, Town or District in which such Alien shall be, or to such Person or Persons as shall be authorized to that Effect by such Chief Magistrate or Justice, as the case may be, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal; or in case such Certificate shall be lost, shall deliver a full and true Account of all the Particulars that shall have been contained in such Certificate; and that every such Alien as aforesaid, who shall so neglect or refuse to produce such Certificate as aforesaid, or deliver such Account as aforesaid, or who shall wilfully deliver any false Account respecting any of the Particulars hereinbefore mentioned, on Conviction thereof before any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, City, Town or District in which such Alien shall be, may be adjudged, at the Discretion of such Justices, for the first Offence, to suffer Imprisonment for any time not exceeding One Month.

X. And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lord Mayor and Mayors or any One or more of the Aldermen of the Cities of *London* and *Dublin*, and for any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, Stewartry, City or Place, being specially authorized by One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or by such Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor aforesaid, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or generally authorized by Order of His Majesty in Council, or any Mayor or Chief Magistrate, or other Magistrate or Magistrates of any City, Borough or Town Corporate, so authorized, to cause any Alien whom he or they shall have cause to suspect to be a dangerous Person, to be taken into Custody and examined, and either to discharge or detain such Alien in Custody as shall appear advisable; and if it shall appear fit to detain such Alien in Custody, it shall be lawful for such Mayor, Alderman or Chief Magistrate, or other Magistrate or Magistrates, or such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to order such Alien to be detained in Custody until His Majesty's Pleasure shall be known, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize: Provided nevertheless, in every such case, every such Mayor, Alderman, Chief Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall, and he and they is and are hereby directed and required, forthwith to transmit an Account of his or their Proceedings touching such Alien, and of the Reasons for which he shall have thought fit to detain

detain such Alien, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, in order and to the end that His Majesty, or such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors, may determine what may be fit to be done thereon; and it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Warrant under his Sign Manual, or for such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor, by Order under his Hand, or by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of his Principal Secretaries of State, or the Secretary of such Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor, either to direct that such Alien shall be discharged or ordered out of the Kingdom.

Warrant for Discharge, &c. of Alien.

XI. And be it further enacted, That if any Certificate issued to any Alien by virtue of this Act shall be lost, mislaid or destroyed, and such Alien shall produce to One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, from the Officers of the Customs so appointed as aforesaid, at the Port where such Alien shall have arrived, or from the Office of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from the Office of the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or of the Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, a Copy of the Certificate so lost, mislaid or destroyed, and shall make it appear to the Satisfaction of such Justice, that he or she is the Person named in such Certificate, and that the same has been lost, mislaid or destroyed, without his or her wilful Neglect or Default, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice, and he is hereby required, to grant to such Alien a fresh Certificate, which shall be of the like Force and Effect as the Certificate so lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Justices to grant Certificates in lieu of such as shall appear to be lost, &c.

XII. And be it further enacted, That every such Custom House Officer shall forthwith, and every Magistrate, or Justice to whom any such Certificate or Account shall be produced or delivered as aforesaid, shall forthwith, after the same shall have been so produced or delivered as aforesaid, transmit if in *Great Britain*, to One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and if in *Ireland*, to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, true and exact Copies of all such Entries, Certificates and Accounts respectively, made by or delivered to any such Custom House Officer, Magistrate or Justice respectively, by virtue of this Act.

Officer of Customs and Magistrates to whom Certificates produced, to transmit Copies of Entries and Certificates to Secretary of State, &c.

XIII. And be further enacted, That all Certificates hereinbefore required to be given by any Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs appointed for the Purpose, or by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or other Magistrates respectively, shall be given without any Fee or Reward whatsoever; and every such Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs, or Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, or other Person, who shall take any Fee or Reward, or Sum of Money, of any Alien, for any Certificate, or other matter or thing under this Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every Inspector of Aliens, or Officer of the Customs, appointed for that Purpose as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make any such Entry as aforesaid, or grant any Certificate thereon, in pursuance of the Provisions of this Act, or shall knowingly make any false Entry, or neglect to return the Copies thereof, in manner directed by this Act, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

No Fee for granting Certificates.

Penalty. Officers neglecting to make Entry, or grant Certificates, &c.

Penalty.

XIV. And

Forging, &c.
Certificates.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall wilfully forge, counterfeit or alter, or cause to be forged, counterfeited or altered, or shall utter, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or altered, any Certificate herein directed to be obtained, or shall obtain any such Certificate under any other Name or Description than the true Name and Description of such Alien, without disclosing to the Person granting such Certificate the true Name and Description of such Alien, and the Reason for concealing the same, or shall falsely pretend to be the Person intended to be named and described in any such Certificate; every Person so offending, being lawfully convicted thereof, shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Gaol for any time not exceeding One Year.

Punishment.

Ambassadors, &c.
not deemed
Aliens.

XV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Foreign Ambassador or other Public Minister duly authorized, nor the Domestic Servants of any such Foreign Ambassador or Public Minister, registered as such according to the Directions of the Laws in force for that Purpose, or being actually attendant upon such Ambassador or Minister, shall be deemed an Alien within the meaning of this Act: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall affect any Alien, in respect of any Act done or omitted to be done, who shall make it appear that he or she was not above the Age of Fourteen Years at the time when such Act was so done or omitted to be done: Provided always, that if any Question shall arise, whether any Person alleged to be an Alien, and subject to the Provisions of this Act or any of them, is an Alien or not, or is or is not an Alien, subject to the said Provisions or any of them, the Proof that such Person is or by Law is to be deemed to be a natural-born Subject of His Majesty, or Denizen of this Kingdom, or naturalized by Act of Parliament, or if an Alien is not subject to the Provisions in this Act contained or any of them, by reason of any Exception contained in this Act, or which shall be expressed in any Proclamation or Order in Council as aforesaid, or in any Special Warrant from One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or from the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary as aforesaid, shall lie on the Person so alleged to be an Alien, and to be subject to the Provisions of this Act, some or one of them.

Proviso for
Aliens not more
than 14 Years
old.

Proof whether
any Person is or
is not an Alien,
shall lie on the
Party.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which Power is given by this Act to commit any Alien to Gaol without Bail or Mainprize, it shall and may be lawful for any Justices of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or in *Dublin*, or for any of the Barons in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, being of the Degree of the Coif, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of Justiciary in *Scotland*, if upon Application made he shall see sufficient cause, to admit such Person to Bail, he or the giving sufficient Security for his or her Appearance to answer the matters alleged against him or her.

Justices of the
Courts of West-
minster or Dub-
lin, &c. may ad-
mit Aliens to
Bail;

as may also any
Justice, by Au-
thority of a Se-
cretary of State,
&c.

XVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace to admit any Alien to Bail, who shall have been committed by virtue of this Act, such Justice being authorized so to do by Warrant of One of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, or of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary,

tary, for that Purpose, specifying the Security to be taken by such Justice.

XVIII. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That where any Alien, who shall have been committed under this Act to remain until he or she shall be taken in charge for the Purpose of being sent out of the Realm, shall not be sent out of the Realm within Two Calendar Months after such Commitment, it shall in every such case be lawful for any of the Justices of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in *Dublin*, or for any of the Barons in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, being of the Degree of the Coif, or for the Lord Justice Clerk, or any of the Commissioners of Justiciary in *Scotland*, or for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in any Part of the United Kingdom, upon Application made to him or them by or on the behalf of the Person so committed, and upon Proof made to him or them that reasonable Notice of the Intention to make such Application had been given to some or one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State in *Great Britain*, or to the Lord Lieutenant or Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, according to his or their Discretion, to order the Person so committed to be continued in or discharged out of Custody.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That Aliens abiding in this Kingdom, who have heretofore quitted their respective Countries by reason of any Revolution or Troubles in *France*, or in Countries conquered by the Arms of *France*, shall not be liable to be arrested, imprisoned or held to Bail, or to find any Caution for their forthcoming, or paying any Debt, nor be taken in Execution on any Judgment, nor by any Caption, for or by reason of any Debt or other Cause of Action contracted or arising in any Parts beyond the Seas, other than the Dominions of His Majesty, while such Aliens were not within the said Dominions of His Majesty; and in case any such Aliens shall have been or shall be arrested, imprisoned or held to Bail, or taken in Execution on a Judgment, or by Caption, contrary to the Intent of this Act, such Alien shall be discharged therefrom by Order of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or *Dublin*, or of the Court of Session in *Scotland*, or of any Judge of such Courts in Vacation time.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all pecuniary Penalties by this Act imposed, exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, shall be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or in *Dublin*, or the Court of Great Session in *Wales*, or the Courts of the Counties Palatine of *Chester*, *Lancaster* and *Durham*, or by Action or summary Bill or Information in the Courts of Justiciary or Exchequer in *Scotland*, as the case shall require, wherein no Essoign, Privilege, Protection or Wager of Law, nor more than One Imparance shall be allowed; and all pecuniary Penalties by this Act imposed, not exceeding the Sum of Ten Pounds, shall, on Conviction of the Offender upon Oath before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Stewartry, City, Town or Place where the Offence shall be committed, be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice, rendering to such Offender the Overplus (if any) on Demand, after deducting the Charges of such Distress and Sale; and for want of

In what case when Aliens have been in Custody Two Months, in order to be sent out of the Realm, the Courts, &c. may either continue in Custody or discharge such Aliens.

Aliens having quitted France on account of the late Troubles, not liable to be arrested for Debts contracted beyond Seas, other than the Dominions of His Majesty.

Penalties how recovered and applied.

sufficient Distress, such Justice is hereby required to commit such Offender to the Common Gaol of the County, Riding, Stewartry, City, Town or Place where such Offence shall be committed, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, and that no Writ of Certiorari or of Advocation or Suspension shall be allowed to remove the Proceedings of the said Justice touching the pecuniary Penalties aforesaid, or to supersede or suspend Execution or other Proceeding thereupon.

Parishioners
Witnesses,
though Part of
Penalty be
given to Poor.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of any Parish, Township or Place, shall be deemed and taken to be competent Witnesses, for the Purpose of proving the Commission of any Offence against this Act within the Limits of such Parish, Township or Place, notwithstanding any Part of the Penalty incurred by such Offence is given or applicable to the Poor of such Parish, Township or Place.

Limitation of
Actions.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall at any time be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance or by colour of this Act, or of any matter or thing therein contained, such Action or Prosecution shall be commenced within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months next after the Offence shall be committed, and such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if upon Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or shall discontinue his or their Suit or Prosecution, or if Judgment be given for the Defendant or Defendants upon Demurrer or otherwise, such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Powers given to
Lord Lieutenant,
&c. not to
extend to Aliens
arriving in Great
Britain.

XXIII. Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted, That the Powers and Authority given by this Act to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or his or their Chief Secretary, or to the Privy Council of *Ireland*, shall not extend or be held or deemed to extend to the case of any Alien arriving or being in that Part of this Realm or United Kingdom called *Great Britain*; and that the Powers and Authority given by this Act to any Justice of the Peace, Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Town or Place, shall not extend or be construed to extend to give such Magistrates any Authority to act beyond the Limits of their respective Jurisdictions; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Jurisdiction of
Magistrates.

Continuance of
Act.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall continue in force Two Years from the passing of this Act, and until the End of the Session of Parliament in which the said Two Years shall expire, if Parliament shall be then sitting.

Act may be
altered, &c.

XXV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions therein contained may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. LXXXVII.

An Act to regulate Proceedings of Grand Juries in *Ireland*, upon Bills of Indictment. [26th June 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS a Practice hath prevailed, in many of the Grand Juries in *Ireland*, to find Bills of Indictment without examining Witnesses for the Crown; and it is expedient that this Practice should for the future be discontinued;’ Be it therefore declared and enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act no Bill of Indictment shall be returned a true Bill, by any Grand Jury in *Ireland* unless the same hath been found by the Jurors upon the Evidence of one or more Witnesses for the Crown, sworn in Court and produced before them, with such other lawful Evidence as the Nature of the case may require or admit of.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the present Act contained shall be construed to prevent such Court, at its Discretion, from directing the Informations or Depositions, which such Witness or Witnesses for the Crown may have previously sworn before a Magistrate, to be laid before the Grand Jury; and if upon the Examination of such Witness or Witnesses before the Grand Jury, it shall appear to the said Grand Jury that any of the said Witnesses shall have sworn falsely and corruptly, it shall and may be lawful for the said Grand Jury, and they are hereby required to report the same to the Court; and in case the Court shall thereupon think fit to order a Bill of Indictment for wilful and corrupt Perjury to be preferred against such Person, it shall be competent for any of the said Grand Jurors to give Evidence upon the Finding and Trial of such Indictment, notwithstanding the Oath which he shall have previously taken as a Grand Juror, any thing in this or in any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding; it being hereby expressly declared and enacted, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to have the Effect of rendering such Informations or Depositions Evidence in Support of a Bill before the Grand Jury, except as hereinafter provided.

‘ III. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it was amongst other things enacted, that if any Person who hath given or shall give any Information or Examination upon Oath, against any Person or Persons, for any Offence against the Laws, hath been or shall, before the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination hath been or shall be given, be murdered or violently put to death, or so maimed or forcibly carried away and secreted, as not to be able to give Evidence on the Trial of the Person or Persons against whom such Information or Examination was given, the Information or Examination of such Person, so taken on Oath, shall be admitted in all Courts of Justice in *Ireland*, as Evidence on the Trial or Trials of the Person or Persons respectively against whom such Information or Examination was given;’ Be it further enacted, That so long as the said recited Enactment shall be in force, the Informations or Examinations therein

Before returning Bills of Indictment, Grand Juries to receive Evidence of Witnesses for the Crown.

Depositions made by such Witnesses before Magistrates may be laid before the Court.

50 G. 3. c. 102. § 5.

Informations or Examinations mentioned in

recited Act to
be Evidence to
Grand Juries.

therein mentioned shall be Evidence to the Grand Jury upon the Bill preferred against the Person or Persons against whom such Information or Examination was given: Provided always, that the Information or Examination of a Witness secreted shall not be Evidence to the Grand Jury, unless it shall first be proved to the Grand Jury by Witnesses sworn, or other lawful Evidence, that the Person so secreted has been secreted by the Person or Persons against whom the Bill is preferred, or by some Person or Persons acting for him or her, or in his or her Favour.

C A P. LXXXVIII.

An Act to amend the Law of *Ireland* respecting the Recovery of Tenements from absconding, overholding, and defaulting Tenants; and for the Protection of the Tenant from undue Distress. [26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS Landlords in *Ireland* are often Sufferers by Tenants running away in Arrear, and deserting Tenements demised or agreed to be demised to them; and also by Tenants, after the Expiration of their Terms or Interests, refusing to deliver up the Possession of the Tenements demised or agreed to be demised; and also by Tenants suffering large Arrears of Rent to accrue during the Continuance of their Terms; in all which cases the Landlords or Lessors are obliged to resort to an Ejectment for the Recovery of Possession, the Expence of which in many cases exceeds the Value of the Tenement: And Whereas it is just and reasonable to provide a less expensive Mode for the Recovery of the Possession of Tenements so abandoned by Tenants, and of Tenements of small Value, when the same are held by Tenants against their Landlords, after the Determination of their Terms or Interests; and also in cases of the Tenants of Tenements of small Value suffering Arrears of Rent to accrue during the Continuance of their Terms: And Whereas Causes tried in the Way of Civil Bills before the Chairman of the Session of the Peace for the County of *Dublin*, and Recorder of the City of *Dublin* for the County of the City of *Dublin*, and the Assistent Barristers of the other Counties in *Ireland*, are determined with more Expedition and less Expence than any Proceeding for the Redress of the Evils aforesaid which the Law now allows the Landlord to take; and it is expedient to extend the Jurisdiction of such Assistent Barristers, and of the Chairman of the Session of the Peace in the County of *Dublin*, and of the Recorder in the County of the City of *Dublin*, to the said cases; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *July* next, if any Tenant holding any Tenement in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, who shall be in Arrear for One Half Year's Rent, shall desert the Tenement demised to him, or leave the same uncultivated, or carry off the Stock and Crop, or otherwise abandon the same, so as no sufficient Distress may be had to countervail the Arrears of Rent then due for the same, it shall be lawful for the Landlord or Lessor of the Tenement so deserted, or left unoccupied or uncultivated, to proceed by way of Civil

Assistent Barrister or Chairman at the Sessions, &c. empowered to put Landlords in Possession of Premises in Arrear for Rent.

Civil Bill before the Recorder of the City of *Dublin* if the Tenement shall be in the County of the City of *Dublin*, or before the Chairman of the Session of the Peace for the County of *Dublin* if the Tenement shall be in the said County, and before the Assistant Barrister of any other County if the Tenement shall be in such County, to obtain Possession of the Tenement so deserted or left unoccupied; and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for Two or more Justices of the Peace of the County in which such Tenement shall be, having no Interest in the demised Premises, at the Request of such Landlord or Lessor, his Bailiff or Receiver, to go upon and view the same, between the Hours of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon and Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, and having fully ascertained to their Satisfaction, by Examination of Witnesses or by their own View, that the Premises are so deserted by the Tenant, or left so unoccupied as aforesaid, and without sufficient Distress to countervail the Arrears of Rent then due, to certify to the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, before whom such Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be, under the Hands and Seals of such Justices, that they have together viewed the Premises in question, fully describing the same, and that the same appeared to them deserted or unoccupied, and without any Distress thereon sufficient to countervail the Arrear of Rent ascertained by Affidavit of the Landlord or Lessor, his Bailiff or Receiver, to be due thereon, after all fair and just Allowances; which Certificate, when proved to have been duly executed, shall be sufficient and conclusive Evidence of the Facts therein contained, unless the same shall be disproved by contrary Evidence, to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the case shall come, upon such Civil Bill as aforesaid, or Appeal from such Civil Bill; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Landlord, after obtaining from the said Justices the said Certificate, to serve a Process on such Civil Bill, together with a Copy of such Certificate on the Tenant against whom such Proceeding shall be had if such Tenant can be found; and if not, to affix such Process, and a Copy of such Certificate, upon some notorious Part of the said Tenement, and also upon the Door of the Parish Church, if the same shall be in Repair, and also upon the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if any within the Parish, summoning the Tenant or Tenants who may have so deserted the Premises personally to appear before the Assistant Barrister, or before the Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or the Recorder, as the case may be, on a Day certain, at a Quarter Sessions to be held for the Division of the County in which the Premises or any Part of them shall be, or at a Court to be held before the Recorder, for the hearing and determining of Civil Bills in cases where the Premises shall be situate within the County of the City of *Dublin*, to answer the said Bill of the said Landlord or Lessor; and that it shall be lawful for the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, upon such Civil Bill, and upon Proof of such Certificate by any Person who may have witnessed the Execution of the same, and upon Proof that at least One Half Year's Rent was due to such Landlord or Lessor for the Premises when such Proceeding was commenced; and that the Process on such Civil Bill, and a Copy of such Certificate were served as aforesaid, or that the Tenant could not be found, so that the same could be served, and then upon

View by Justices;

Certificate.

Particulars therein.

Landlord may serve Process on Civil Bill on Certificate obtained, Process fixed on Church Door, &c.

Proof of Certificate. Proceedings.

Proof that such Process and a Copy of such Certificate had been duly affixed upon the several Places before mentioned, pursuant to this Act; and upon hearing the Tenant, in case such Tenant shall appear, and such Evidence as shall be offered on behalf of such Tenant, if any shall be offered, and duly considering the same, to decree the said Landlord or Lessor to be put into Possession of the Premises.

If Delivery of Possession of Premises held by Tenant at a less Rent than 20l. per Annum be withheld after legal Notice,

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Tene-ment shall have been held by any Tenant at a less Rent than Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and the Tenant's Interest in the same shall have determined, and after Demand made by the Landlord or Lessor, his Bailiff or Receiver, a Delivery of Possession of the same shall be withheld, it shall and may be lawful for the said Landlord or Lessor to proceed by Civil Bill against such Tenant, and the said Tenant, and such other Person, if any, as shall be in the actual Possession of the Premises; and thereupon to serve such Tenant, and such other Persons as aforesaid, with Process on such Civil Bill, if such Service can be effected, and if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the case shall come, that such Service cannot be effected, or in case there be not any Person in actual Possession of the Premises, to affix upon some notorious Part of the Premises, and upon the Door of the Parish Church, if the same shall be in Repair, and also upon the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if any shall be in the Parish; by which Process all Persons claiming to have any Interest in the Premises shall be required to appear before the Assis-tant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, on a Day certain, at a Quarter Sessions for the Division of the County in which the Premises or any Part thereof shall be situate, or at a Court to be held before the Recorder for the hearing and determining of Civil Bills, in cases where the Premises are situate within the County of the City of *Dublin*, to answer the Bill of the said Landlord or Lessor praying to be put into Possession thereof; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Assistant Bar-rister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, upon such Civil Bill, and upon Proof of such Service as aforesaid, or, in case of Impossibility or unreasonable Difficulty of Service, to be ascertained in manner hereinbefore provided, or in case there shall be no Person in Possession of the Premises, upon Proof of affixing of the said Process as hereinbefore required, and that the Premises had been held by the Tenant against whom such Proceed-ing shall be, at a Rate not exceeding Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that the Interest of the Tenant had determined, and that Notice to quit in cases where such Notice is by Law necessary had been duly served, and the time for the Delivery of the Possession thereof expired, to decree the said Landlord or Lessor to be put into Possession of the Premises.

Assistant Bar-rister, &c. may decree Landlord to be put in Possession.

How Landlord shall proceed in cases where a Year's Rent shall be due.

III. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any Lands or Premises shall have been held by any Tenant at a less Rent than Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that a full Year's Rent shall be due thereout, whether the same or any Part thereof shall have accrued due prior or subsequent to the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lessor or Landlord to proceed by Civil Bill against such Tenant, and also such Persons, if any, as shall be in actual Possession of the said Premises, and also against Persons having Interest

Interest for valuable Consideration, in cases where the Deeds or Instruments creating such Interests shall have been duly registered, and thereupon to serve such Tenant and such other Persons as aforesaid with Process on such Civil Bill, if such Service can be effected, and if it shall be proved to the Satisfaction of the Judge before whom the case shall come, that such Service cannot be effected, or in case there be not any Person in actual Possession of the Premises, to affix such Process upon some notorious Part of the same Premises, and upon the Door of the Parish Church, if the same shall be in Repair, and also upon the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel, if there shall be any in the Parish, by which Process all Persons claiming to have Interest in the Premises shall be required to appear before the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, on a Day certain, at a Quarter Sessions for the Division of the County in which the Premises, or any Part of them, shall be situate, or at a Court to be held before the Recorder for the hearing or determining of Civil Bills, in cases where the Premises shall be situate within the County of the City of *Dublin*, to answer the Bill of the said Lessor or Landlord praying to be put into Possession thereof; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, upon such Civil Bill, and upon Proof of such Service as aforesaid, or, in case of Impossibility or unreasonable Difficulty of Service (to be ascertained as hereinbefore provided) upon Proof of such affixing of the said Process, and that the Premises were then held by the Tenant at a Rate not exceeding Twenty Pounds *per Annum*, and that a Sum equal to One full Year's Rent at such Rate was due when such Proceeding by Civil Bill was commenced, and still remained due, after all just Allowances to the Tenant, to decree the said Lessor or Landlord to be put into Possession of the said Premises: And in case the Lessee or Lessees, his or their Assignee or Assignees, or other Person or Persons, claiming or deriving under the Lease or Article by which the Premises shall be holden, shall suffer the Decree to be executed, putting the Lessor or Landlord into Possession of the Premises, without paying the Rent and Arrear thereon, with full Costs, and without preferring a Civil Bill for Relief, to the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Session of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, or filing any Bill or Bills for Relief in Equity, within the time now limited by the several Statutes which regulate the Action of Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, after such Execution executed, then and in such case the said Lessee or Lessees, his or their Assignee or Assignees, and all other Persons deriving under the said Lease or Article, shall be barred and foreclosed from all Relief or Remedy in Law or Equity, other than by Appeal from the Decree of the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be; the said Appeal to be brought within the time now by Law limited for bringing of Appeals on Civil Bills: Provided always, that the Tenant or other Person having Right under the several Statutes which regulate the Action of Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, to redeem any Premises, the Possession of which shall at any time hereafter be given to any Lessor or Landlord under the Provisions of this Act, for or by reason of Non Payment of Rent, may at any time after Execution executed, within which he or they are now by Law respectively en-

Lessee after Execution of Decree, may appeal therefrom;

and may tender Rent and Costs, to redeem Possession.

titled, tender the Rent and Coſts for the Purpoſe of redeeming the ſaid Premises; and that in all caſes where he or they would have been entitled under the exiſting Laws to be reſtored to the Poſſeſſion of ſuch Premises, under a Decree of a Court of Equity, if deprived of Poſſeſſion by Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, he and they may hereafter be reſtored to the ſame by a Decree of the Aſſiſtant Barriſter, Chairman of the Sefſions of the Peace, or the Recorder, as the caſe may be, on a Bill preferred for that Purpoſe, and due Proof made of their being reſpectively entitled thereto; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithſtanding.

Remedy for obtaining Arrears of Rent.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every Leſſor or Landlord recovering Poſſeſſion by ſuch Decree as aforeſaid, ſhall and may have the ſame and like Remedy for all Arrears of Rent to the time of Execution of the ſaid Decree, as ſuch Leſſor or Landlord might have had if Poſſeſſion had been obtained under ſuch Decree.

Thirty Days' Notice where Proceſs is directed to be ſerved.

V. And be it further enacted, That in all caſes where any Proceſs upon any Civil Bill is by this Act directed to be ſerved upon any Perſon or to be affixed upon ſome notorious Part of the Premises in queſtion, or on the Door of the Pariſh Church where the ſame ſhall be in repair, or on the Door of the Roman Catholic Chapel in any Pariſh, the ſaid Proceſs ſhall be ſo ſerved or affixed Thirty clear Days at the leaſt previous to the Day therein named for hearing and determining upon ſuch Civil Bill.

How Proceſs ſhall be fixed in Extra Parochial Places.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any Tenement or any Part of any Tenement for which any Proceeding by Civil Bill ſhall be had under the Authority of this Act, ſhall be in any Extra Parochial Place, and there ſhall be any Chapel or Place of Public Worſhip in ſuch Extra Parochial Place, all Proceſs and Copies of Certificates before required to be fixed on the Door of a Pariſh Church or Roman Catholic Chapel in Places not Extra Parochial, ſhall be fixed on the Door of ſuch Chapel or Place of Worſhip in ſuch Extra Parochial Place; and if there ſhall be none ſuch, then the Judge, before whom ſuch Proceeding by Civil Bill ſhall be, ſhall direct in what manner ſuch Proceſs or Copies ſhall be fixed in ſuch Extra Parochial Place for the Purpoſes of this Act.

What the Civil Bill ſhall ſpecify.

VII. And be it further enacted, That in all caſes in which ſuch Proceeding by Civil Bill is authorized by this Act, the Civil Bill ſhall ſpecify the Names of the Landlord or Leſſor, and Tenant or Tenants reſpectively, the Nature of the Tenancy, the Deſcription of the Premises, and the Baronies or Pariſhes wherein the ſame ſhall be reſpectively ſituated, and the Rent at which the ſame ſhall be then or had been laſt holden; and alſo in caſes where the Proceeding ſhall be grounded on Deſertion, the Faſt of Deſertion by the Tenant, and the Amount of Rent due after all fair and juſt Allowances, and the Inſufficiency of Diſtreſs to countervail the ſame; and in caſes where the Proceeding ſhall be grounded on the Tenancy having determined the Faſt of the Determination of ſuch Tenancy, and the Means by which the ſame ſhall have been determined, and Refuſal to deliver up Poſſeſſion, and in caſes where the Proceeding ſhall be grounded on Nonpayment of Rent, the Amount of the Rent due after all fair and juſt Allowances, and when due; and the Truth of the Contents of the ſaid Civil Bill ſhall be verified by the Affidavit of the Landlord or Leſſor, his known Agent or Receiver, the ſaid Affidavit to remain

remain in the Custody of the Clerk of the Peace of the County in which such Bill shall be filed.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the Clerk of the Peace of the County shall enter in a Book to be kept for that Purpose all Decrees in the cases hereinbefore mentioned which shall be made at any Sessions of the Peace for such County, and which Entries shall specify the Names of the Plaintiffs and Defendants, and the Tenements recovered, as the same shall be specified in the Civil Bills concerning the same respectively; which Book every Person shall have liberty to inspect and examine, paying to the Clerk of the Peace for such Inspection and Examination the Fee of One Shilling and Eight pence; and that the said Clerk of the Peace, immediately after the Close of each Sessions of the Peace, shall post on the Door of the Court House where such Sessions were held, a correct List of such Causes in which any Tenements shall have been recovered at such Sessions under this Act, which List shall specify the Parties' Names, and the Description of the Tenements, as set forth in the Civil Bill upon which the same shall have been recovered, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Omission the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt by any Person suing for the same: Provided always, that the said Clause, with respect to such entering or posting, shall be considered as directory to the Clerk of the Peace, and that the Omission to make such Entry or Posting shall not invalidate or in any ways affect any Decree or Recovery of the Possession of any Lands or Premises.

IX. And be it further enacted, That every Defendant who shall think proper to appear on the Trial of such Civil Bill, in any of the cases hereinbefore mentioned, shall be entitled, on the Hearing of such Civil Bill, to every Defence which he may have either in Law or Equity, and also shall have all and every the same Rights of Appeal, under the same Restrictions, Conditions and Limitations as in other cases of Decrees on Civil Bills made by any Assisant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be: Provided however, that Execution shall not be stayed by reason of such Appeal, unless the Tenant shall deposit with the Clerk of the Peace the Amount of Rent proved to be due on hearing of such Civil Bill.

X. And be it further enacted, That for the Execution of the said Decrees, it shall and may be lawful for the Sheriff to grant his Warrant to a Special Bailiff, at the Plaintiff's Nomination, in like manner as for the Execution of any other Decrees of the said Assisant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be; and that it shall and may be lawful for such Special Bailiff to whom such Warrant shall be granted, together with his Assistants, to execute the same by delivering the Possession of the Lands or Premises therein named to the Landlord to whom the same shall be decreed, or to any Person appointed by the said Landlord to receive the Possession on his behalf; and that neither the said Sheriff, nor the said Assisant Barrister, nor the Clerk of the Peace, nor any other Person, shall demand, receive or have, for or on account of the said Proceedings, any greater or other Fees than such as are authorized upon the Execution of Decrees on Civil Bills, by an Act passed in the Parliament of Ireland in the Thirty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the better and*

Clerk of Peace to enter and make public all Decrees made at any Sessions of the Peace, specifying Names of Plaintiffs and Defendants, and Lands and Premises recovered.

Penalty.

Defendants on hearing of Civil Bill, entitled to make Defence.

Appeal.

Execution not stayed.

Sheriff may grant Warrant to special Bailiff, for Execution of Decrees, &c.

Fees.

36 G. 3. (1.)

Attorney may
make charge.

Where Tene-
ment in ques-
tion situate in
Two Counties
Proceedings to
be in One of
them, &c.

Affistant Bar-
rister to sign
Two Copies of
every Decree
made in pur-
suance of this
A&t.

No greater Fee
to be demanded
for Registry of
Decree, than for
Registry of
Deed.

more convenient Administration of Justice, and for the Recovery of Small Debts in a summary Way at the Sessions of the Peace of the several Counties at large within this Kingdom, except the County of Dublin; and so continuing and amending an Act, intituled 'An Act for the better Execution of the Law and Preservation of the Peace within Counties at large;' save only that it shall and may be lawful for any Attorney employed upon the Trial of any Civil Bill which shall be tried under the Provisions of this Act, relative to the Possession of Lands and Premises, to charge and take from the Party by whom he shall be employed the Sum of Twenty Shillings, in addition to the Sums which he is now by Law entitled to charge for his Attendance on the Hearing of any other Civil Bill; and that the same shall be taxed against the unsuccessful Party in case he shall have appeared at the Trial of such Civil Bill.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Tene-ment touching which any Proceeding by Civil Bill shall be had in pursuance of this Act, shall be situate in Two or more Counties, such Proceeding shall be in any one of such Counties; and the Sheriffs of the respective Counties in which any Part of such Tene-ment shall be, and in which such Proceeding shall not be had, shall execute such Decree as shall be made on such Civil Bill, upon Delivery to him of a Copy thereof signed by the Judge who shall have made such Decree, with a Warrant for Execution thereupon signed by the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Quarter Session, or Recorder, as the case may be, acting for the County in which such Decree shall be required to be executed.

XII. And be it further enacted, That in all cases except where the Proceeding shall be grounded on Non Payment of Rent, the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace, or Recorder, as the case may be, shall sign Two Copies of every Decree which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, and also a Memorial Memorial thereof, for the Purpose of Registry in manner hereinafter mentioned, and that his affixing his Signature to one of the said Copies shall be witnessed by some Person present at the time of such Signature; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Landlord or Lessor, if he thinks proper, at any time between the Termination of the Assizes for the County then next ensuing, and the Commencement of the Assizes thereafter next following, to register One Copy of the said Decree in the Office for the Registry of Deeds and Wills in *Ireland*, by lodging a Memorial and proving the Perfection of the same in like manner as is now provided by Law for the registering of Deeds; and that from and after the Registry of the said Decree, it shall have the further Effect of a Conveyance to the said Landlord or Lessor of any Interest which the Tenant, or any Person claiming under him, may or might have in and to the said Lands and Premises, freed and discharged from all Leases, Contracts, Mortgages, Debts, Charges or Incumbrances, which the said Tenant, or any Person claiming under him, may have charged, made or created thereon.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person in the said Office for the Registry of Deeds in *Ireland* shall demand or take any greater Fee, Gratuity or Sum of Money, for or on occasion of the Registry of any of the said Decrees, than he is now by Law entitled to for the Registry of a Deed, he shall forfeit the Sum of One

One hundred Pounds for every such Offence, to be recovered in an Action of Debt by any Person suing for the same.

‘ XIV. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for the more effectual preventing of Frauds committed by Tenants*, it is provided, that no Proceedings by virtue of such Act for Breach of any Condition, shall prejudice the Right or Title of any Infant, Feme Covert, Person being *non compos mentis*, or being out of His Majesty’s Dominions; and by an Act passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the First, to explain and amend the said former Act, it is provided, that the said Act of the Fourth Year of King *George* the First shall not extend to defeat the Estate, Right or Title of Infants, Femes Covert, or Persons of nonsane Memory; and Acts were passed in the Eighth Year of His said Majesty King *George* the First, and in the Fifth and Twenty-fifth Years of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, for further explaining and amending the said former Acts: And Whereas such Provisions have produced great Injustice to Landlords, in some Instances, by preventing the Enforcement of the Payment of Rent justly due to them, and in others by obliging them, after getting into Possession of Lands and Premises by Ejectment for Non Payment of Rent, to account for Mesne Profits for a great length of time;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Provisions in the said Acts of Parliament, so far as relate to saving the Rights of Infants, Femes Covert, Persons being *non compos mentis*, or insane, or out of His Majesty’s Dominions, be and the same are hereby repealed.

‘ XV. And Whereas by a Law passed in the Parliament of *Great Britain*, in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled *An Act for the more effectual securing the Payment of Rents, and preventing Frauds by Tenants*, it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall and may be lawful to and for every Lessor or Landlord, Lessors or Landlords, or his, her or their Steward, Bailiff, Receiver or other Person or Persons empowered by him, her or them, to take and seize as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, all Sorts of Corn and Grass, Hops, Roots, Fruits, Pulse or other Product whatsoever, which shall be growing on any Part of the Estates so demised or holden, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, and the same to make, cut, gather, cure, carry and lay up when ripe, in the Barns or other proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden; and in case there should be no Barns or proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden, then in any other Barn or proper Place which such Lessor or Landlord, Lessors or Landlords, shall have or otherwise procure for that Purpose, and as near as may be to the Premises, in convenient time to appraise, sell or otherwise dispose of the same, towards Satisfaction of the Rent for which such Distress shall have been taken, and of the Charges of such Distress, Appraisalment and Sale, in the same manner as other Goods and Chattels may be seized, distrained and disposed of; and the Appraisalment thereof to be taken when cut, gathered, cured and made, and not before: And Whereas no such Provision exists in the Law of *Ireland*, and it is reasonable that the Remedies of Landlords in *Ireland* should in this Respect be as extensive as they are in *England*;

Be it therefore further enacted,

Landlords, &c.
empowered to
seize Corn, &c.
for Arrears of
Rent.

That from and after the First Day of *July* next, it shall and may be lawful to and for every Lessor or Landlord in that Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* called *Ireland*, or his, her or their Steward, Bailiff, Receiver or other Person or Persons empowered by him, her or them, to take and feize, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent, all Sorts of Corn and Grasse, Hops, Roots, Fruit, Pulse or other Product whatsoever, which shall be growing on any Part of the Estates so demised or holden, as a Distress for Arrears of Rent; and the same to cut, gather, make, cure, carry and lay up, when ripe, in the Barns or other proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden; and in case there shall be no Barn or proper Place on the Premises so demised or holden, then in any other Barns or proper Place which such Lessor or Landlord, Lessors or Landlords, shall hire or otherwise procure for that Purpose, and as near as may be to the Premises, and dispose of the same towards Satisfaction of the Rent for which such Distress shall have been taken; and of the Charges of such Distress and Sale, in the same manner as any other Goods and Chattels distrained for Non Payment of Rent.

‘XVI. And Whereas it is fit and just that Provision should be made for securing the occupying Tenant as far as may be against being called upon for Payment more than Once of the Rent reserved and made payable to his immediate Landlord or Lessor out of the Land which he occupies, in consequence of superior Landlords distressing for the Rents due to them respectively;’ For Remedy thereof, be it enacted, That in all cases where the entire Rent due and payable from the occupying Tenant to his immediate Landlord or Landlords, Lessor or Lessors, shall have been paid, or in any manner satisfied, if, in consequence of the Fraud, Malfeasance or Neglect of such Landlord or Landlords to pay and satisfy the Rent due and owing to any superior Landlord or Landlords, the Lands in the Hands of such occupying Tenant shall be distrained for any such Rent, then it shall be lawful for such occupying Tenant to proceed against such his immediate Landlord (through whose Default or Neglect to make such Payments the Lands in the Possession of such occupying Tenant shall have been distrained), or such occupying Tenant shall have been compelled to pay any Sum of Money to any such superior Landlord, to avoid a Distress for Rent due to such superior Landlord, to recover the Amount of Costs and Damages by him sustained thereby, by Civil Bill before the Recorder of the City of *Dublin*, if the Lands shall be in the County of the said City, or the Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace for the County of *Dublin*, if the Lands shall be in the said County, or before the Assistant Barrister, at the Quarter Sessions of any other County where such Lands shall be, in all cases where the same shall not exceed Fifty Pounds; and that the Amount of such Costs and Damages, when ascertained by the Decree of such Recorder, Chairman of the Quarter Sessions or Assistant Barrister, as the case may be, and the Amount of any Costs and Damages which may be ascertained by the Judgment of any superior Court, upon any Action which may be brought for that Purpose, may be tendered by the occupying Tenant, or his or their Representatives, in Payment of so much of the subsequently growing and accruing Rent as shall thereafter become due and payable, to such his immediate Landlord, and shall be accepted by such Landlord in Payment of the same, or shall be recovered by Process of

How Tenant
shall proceed in
cases of Distress
by the Head
Landlord, where
Rent shall have
been paid to his
immediate
Landlord, and
how and what
Costs and Da-
mages shall be
recovered.

of Execution as the said occupying Tenant so aggrieved shall deem most advisable.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if on such Trial by Civil Bill, before the Assistant Barrister, Chairman of the Sessions of the Peace or Recorder, as the case may be, the Complainant shall prove the Facts of Payment of Rent by Distress or otherwise to his immediate Landlord, and of the subsequent Seizure of his Goods or Stock under Distress by a superior Landlord, or his being compelled to pay any Sum of Money in or towards Satisfaction of Rent due to such superior Landlord to avoid any such Distress, he shall be entitled to recover in Damages, and shall so recover upon such Proof made of the Facts hereinbefore mentioned, without any other or further Proof of Damage sustained, Ten Pounds in the Hundred of the Rent reserved and distrained for, in addition to the whole Sum he shall have paid under such Distress to the superior Landlord, but shall not be precluded from entering upon Proof of other more aggravated or special Damage sustained, if he shall prefer such Mode of Proceeding for Recovery of due and adequate Compensation on such Account.

If Complainant prove Facts of Payment of Rent by Distress, or otherwise he may recover Damages.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Tenement within the Provisions of this Act shall be situate in the whole or in Part within the County of any City or Town which is a County of itself, except the County of the City of *Dublin*, the Assistant Barrister of the County at large, having Jurisdiction for other Purposes within such County of a City or Town, and the Justices of the Peace for such County at large, shall have the same Jurisdiction and exercise the same Powers, with respect to such Tenement, as if the same had been situate in the County at large, any thing in this Act, or any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Assistant Barrister, &c. to have Jurisdiction in a City or Town which is a County of itself.

C A P. LXXXIX.

An Act to provide for the Charge of certain Additions to the Public Debt of *Ireland*, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen. [26th June 1816.]

WHEREAS the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, in Parliament assembled, have resolved that a Sum of Capital Stock, equal to the total Capital of the Public Debt of *Ireland*, funded in *Ireland* in Perpetual Redeemable Annuities existing on the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, hath been satisfied and discharged; and that so much of the Capital Stock purchased by and placed to the Account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of *Ireland*, and standing in their Names in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, as Parliament by any Act or Acts to be passed for that Purpose should or might direct, should be cancelled, and in order to make Provision for the Charge of any Addition to be made to the Public Debt of *Ireland* by way of Loan, or in any other manner, for the Service of the present or any future Year: And Whereas by an Act made in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for raising the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds British Currency by Treasury Bills for the Service of Ireland, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen*, the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of *Ireland* are empowered to issue Treasury Bills to an Amount not exceed-

56 G. 3. c. 42.

ing in the whole the Sum of One million seven hundred thousand Pounds *British* Currency, bearing an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Five Pounds *per Cent. per Annum*: And Whereas the Commons of the said United Kingdom in Parliament assembled have resolved, that towards raising the Supply granted to His Majesty, the Sum of One million two hundred thousand Pounds *Irish* Currency should be raised by Treasury Bills for the Service of *Ireland* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas the Charge of the said several Sums will amount to the Sum of One hundred and eighty two thousand five hundred Pounds: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provision for such Charge in manner by this Act herein before directed; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty ninth Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of One million eight hundred and fifty two thousand and seventy two Pounds, Five Pounds *per Cent.* Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland* in the Names of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt in *Ireland*, shall be cancelled; and that from and after the Twenty fifth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Sum of Two hundred and ninety four thousand five hundred Pounds, Four Pounds *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, and the Sum of Two million two hundred and thirty one thousand nine hundred and fourteen Pounds, Three Pounds Ten Shillings *per Cent.* Annuities, standing in the said Books of the Governor and Company in the Names of the said Commissioners, shall in like manner be cancelled, and the said several Sums are hereby declared to be cancelled from the said Days respectively; and that from and after the said Days respectively the Interest or Dividends which would have been payable respectively upon the said several Sums so cancelled shall cease to be issued from the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, or to be charged upon the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland*, and the Money which would have been applicable to the Payment thereof shall remain and be a Part of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund of *Ireland* for the Purpose of defraying the Charge occasioned by any Addition made or to be made to the Public Debt of *Ireland* in the present Year.

1,852,072l. Five
per Cent. Con-
sols.

294,500l. Four
per Cent. Re-
duced; and
2,231,914l.
3l. 10s. per
Cent. Annuities,
in the Names of
Commissioners
for Reduction of
National Debt,
cancelled, and
the Money for-
merly applicable
to Dividends to
become a Part of
Consolidated
Fund.

C A P. XC.

An Act to defray the Charge of the Pay, Cloathing and Contingent Expences of the Disembodied Militia in *Great Britain*, and of the Miners of *Cornwall* and *Devon*; and for granting Allowances, in certain cases, to Subaltern Officers, Adjutants, Surgeons' Mates and Serjeant Majors of Militia, until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. [26th June 1816.]

[This Act, except as to Dates and the Sections that are retained, is the same as 55 G. 3. c. 165.]

IV. AND be it further enacted, That the Officers and Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Regular Militia, shall

Militia when
called out for

shall for the Period or Periods during which they shall be called out for the Purpose of annual Exercise or Training, be entitled to the same Pay and Allowances as the Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of the Militia when embodied.

Training or Exercise entitled to Pay.

‘ V. And Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of *Great Britain* while disembodied, under certain Regulations; Be it further enacted, That the following Allowances shall be made and paid, to the Amount, under the Restrictions, and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate who held or shall hold a Commission in the Militia of *Great Britain*, and was or shall be serving therein, when the Corps was or shall be disembodied; that is to say,

Allowances to Subalterns and Surgeons' Mates,

To a Lieutenant, Two Shillings and Sixpence *per Diem* :

To an Ensign, Two Shillings *per Diem* :

And to a Surgeon's Mate, Two Shillings and Sixpence *per Diem* :

Provided always, that all Officers of the Militia serving with the Rank of Captain-Lieutenant, shall be deemed to be Lieutenants, and all Officers serving with the Rank of Second Lieutenant shall be deemed to be Ensigns for the Purposes of this Act : And provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for the Days during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Officers belong, is assembled for Training and Exercise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates of the Militia who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the United Kingdom, in the Words or to the Effect following; (*videlicet*)

Oath to be taken to entitle to such Allowances.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I belonged to the
 ‘ of Militia when the same was disembodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that time until the Day
 ‘ of inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's
 ‘ Mate, (*as the case may be,*) and that I was not in my own Right
 ‘ or in Right of my Wife during the said Period in the actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of
 ‘ Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of such an annual Value
 ‘ above Reprizes, as would qualify me to hold a Commission of
 ‘ Captain of a Company in the Militia; that I have not during
 ‘ the above Period held the Appointment of Adjutant, Surgeon,
 ‘ Paymaster or Quartermaster, in any Regiment, Battalion or
 ‘ Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any
 ‘ Person for me hold or enjoy during the said Period any Office
 ‘ or Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Half Pay as
 ‘ So help me GOD.’

Form of Oath.

Which Oath so taken and subscribed shall be produced to the Paymaster of the Regiment of Militia by the Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming the Allowance.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate of the Militia who shall be entitled or claim to be entitled to the Benefits of this Act, shall regularly attend the annual Exercise and Training of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he belongs, during the whole of the Time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and shall during the said Time punctually

Subalterns and Surgeons' Mates to attend annual Exercise, &c.

Commanding
Officer may
grant Leave of
Absence.

Reason and Dur-
ation of Absence
specified.

If Regiment not
called out before
Day fixed for the
Half Yearly
Payment, Al-
lowance to be
paid on taking
Oath before a
Justice, without
Certificate of
Attendance.

Paymasters to
pay Allowances
on 24th Decem-
ber and 24th
June.

do and perform his Duty as a Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, on pain of forfeiting the said Allowance as well as the Rest of his Pay, and every Part thereof, which may be due for the current Year in which he shall neglect or refuse to attend, and Certificates of his having so attended and performed his Duty signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps to which he may belong, shall be furnished by the said Commanding Officer to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia to which the Officer shall belong: Provided always, that in case any such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate claiming to be entitled to such Allowance shall by his Commanding Officer be permitted or suffered for any special Cause or unavoidable Necessity to be absent during the whole or any Part of such annual Exercise, for which Purpose it shall be lawful for such Commanding Officer to grant such Leave of Absence, then and in such case it shall be lawful for such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate who may be so permitted to be absent and have such Leave in Writing, to demand and receive the said Allowance and every Part thereof, in like manner as if he had attended during the whole of the said annual Exercise: Provided always, that the Reason for such Absence as well as the Duration thereof shall be carefully and truly specified in Certificates (in lieu of those before mentioned), to be signed by the Commanding Officer, and to be furnished as soon as conveniently may be to the Paymaster of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, wherein such Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate shall be serving.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia after the disembodiment thereof, and before the respective Days hereinafter fixed for the Half Yearly Payment of the said Allowances, shall not be called out for the annual Exercise and Training thereof, every Subaltern Officer and Surgeon's Mate belonging to any such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, and coming within the Description of this Act, who shall have taken and subscribed the Oath hereinbefore mentioned before any such Justice of the Peace as aforesaid, shall be entitled to the said Allowance as if such Subaltern Officer or Surgeon's Mate had regularly attended the annual Exercise and Training of such Regiment, Battalion or Corps during the whole of the time by Law appointed for that Purpose, and as if a Certificate of such Attendance signed by the Commanding Officer of the Regiment, Battalion or Corps had been furnished to the Paymaster of the Regiment.

X. And be it further enacted, That upon such Oaths and Certificates as aforesaid, or where any Regiment of Militia shall not have been called out to their annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon the said Oaths being produced to the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officers and Surgeons' Mates, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Surgeon's Mate, the Allowance above mentioned for Six Months or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of *December* next, and the other proper Proportion of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Oaths and Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

XIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered, to receive and take the Pay and Allowances by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quartermasters, Surgeons and Surgeons' Mates, when assembled for annual Training, and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quartermaster, Surgeon or Surgeon's Mate, shall not prevent such Person on Half Pay or being entitled to any such Allowance from receiving his Half Pay or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace, who is hereby empowered to administer the same.

Persons on Half Pay, or entitled to Allowance as having served in the Army or Navy, empowered, if serving in Militia, to receive Pay and Allowances, on taking the following Oath.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, I had not between the
 ‘ and the any Place or Employment
 ‘ of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my Allow-
 ‘ ance of Half Pay as a Reduced
 ‘ in His Majesty's Navy, [*or in the Marines, or in*
 ‘ late Regiment of], or Allowance as
 ‘ in late Troop of Horse Guards, or [
 ‘ Regiment of Horse reduced], save and ex-
 ‘ cept my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain, Lieu-
 ‘ tenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster, Quarter Master, Surgeon
 ‘ or Surgeon's Mate, [*as the case may be*] for serving in the
 ‘ Militia of the County of .’

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Adjutant, Quartermaster, Non Commissioned Officer, Drummer or Private Man in the Regular Militia, entitled to receive any *Chelsea* Pensions or Allowance, shall forfeit or lose his Right to the same by reason of his serving and receiving Pay in the Regular Militia, when assembled for Training, nor shall any Subaltern or Surgeon's Mate forfeit or lose his Right to receive any such *Chelsea* Pension or Allowance by reason of his receiving the Allowance of Two Shillings and Sixpence or Two Shillings a Day granted by this Act to Subalterns or Surgeons' Mates when disembodied.

Adjutants, &c.
 Non Commissioned Officers or Privates, not to lose their Right to *Chelsea* Pensions, &c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That there shall be granted to the Surgeon of each Regiment of Regular Militia, when disembodied, a Sum of Money in addition to his Pay, after the Rate of One Guinea for every One hundred Men of each such Regiment, for the Expence of necessary Medicines for the Sick Non Commissioned Officers, Drummers and Private Men of such Regiment during the Period or Periods of Assembly for annual Exercise or Training; and also an Allowance of Sixpence *per* Month for each of the Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers of each Regiment on constant Pay at Head Quarters, for the Expence of necessary Medicines and Attendance given to the said Non Commissioned Officers and Drummers while such Regiment is not called out for annual Training and Exercise.

Allowance to Surgeons for Medicines in addition to Pay.

XVIII. And

Reduced Adjutant to receive 4s. per Day, till March 24, 1817.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Regiment, Battalion or Corps of Militia shall have already ceased and determined, or been reduced in its Establishment, or shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment during the Continuance of this Act, the Sum of Four Shillings *per Diem* shall be paid to such Person as has actually served as Adjutant to such Regiment, Battalion or Corps, from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, or from the time such Regiment shall cease and determine, or be reduced in its Establishment, as the case may be, to the Twenty fourth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid, who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military under His Majesty, but no such Reduced Adjutant shall lose any Right he may have to Half Pay, by reason of receiving such Allowance as last aforesaid, but shall be entitled to receive such Half Pay as well as such Allowance.

39 & 40 G. 3. c. 44. granting Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors, revived from March 25, 1816, and continued till March 25, 1817.

XIX. And Whereas it is expedient, that an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting, until the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand eight hundred and one, certain Allowances to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors of Militia, disembodied under an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled 'An Act for enabling His Majesty to accept the Services of an additional Number of Volunteers from the Militia, under certain Restrictions;*' which has been revived and continued by several subsequent Acts until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, should be again revived and further continued, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors; Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Act, and the Allowances therein granted and mentioned, to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors, and all the Provisions relating thereto, shall be revived from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and be further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, so far as the same relates to Adjutants and Serjeant Majors: Provided always, that the Allowance to each Adjutant disembodied as aforesaid shall, from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be issued by the Receivers General of Counties at the augmented Rate of Four Shillings *per Diem*.

Allowance to Adjutants to be 4s. per Diem.

C A P. XCI.

An Act to regulate the Trade of the Colonies of *Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo*; to allow the Importation into, and Exportation from, such Colonies, of certain Articles, by Dutch Proprietors of the *European* Dominions of His Majesty the King of the *Netherlands*; and to repeal an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for permitting a Trade between the *United Provinces* and certain Colonies in His Majesty's Possession. [26th June 1816.]

28 G. 3. c. 6.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Colonies* and

‘ and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty’s said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies: And Whereas it is expedient that the Colonies of Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo, situated in the Province of Guiana in South America, should be placed upon the same footing, in relation to Regulations of Trade, as the British West India Islands;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act all the Benefits, Privileges and Advantages, and all the Rules, Regulations and Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, in the said recited Act contained and provided, with respect to His Britannic Majesty’s Colonies and Plantations in North America and in the West India Islands, and the Countries belonging to the United States of America, and between His Majesty’s said Subjects and the Foreign Islands in the West Indies, shall extend and apply, and be in full Force and Effect as to the said Colonies of Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were reenacted in and separately and severally repeated in this Act as to the said Colonies of Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo; any Act or Acts of Parliament, or Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Regulations of North American Colonies, to extend to Demerara, &c.

‘ II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for increasing the Duty on Rum and other Spirits, imported into Newfoundland from the British Colonies and Plantations on the Continent of America, and charging a Duty on Spirits imported into Newfoundland from His Majesty’s Colonies in the West Indies*, a Duty of Sixpence was imposed on every Gallon of Rum or other Spirits imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from any British Colony or Plantation in the West Indies: And Whereas it is expedient that Rum imported into the said Island from the aforesaid Colonies of Berbice, Demerara and Essequibo, should be placed on the same Footing as Rum imported from the other British Colonies;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid, upon every Gallon of Rum imported into the said Island of Newfoundland from the aforesaid Colonies of Berbice, Demerara and Essequibo, the Sum of Sixpence for every Gallon, and no more; such Duties to be sued for, recovered and applied in the like manner and under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are provided by the aforesaid recited Act.

52 G. 3. c. 106.

Rum imported into Newfoundland from Demerara, &c. to pay 6d. per Gallon.

‘ III. And Whereas a Convention of Commerce and Navigation has been concluded between His Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Netherlands: And Whereas it is expedient to give effect to such Parts of the said Convention as require the Sanction of Parliament;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any of the Subjects of His said Majesty the King of the Netherlands, being Dutch Proprietors in such Colonies, to import from the Netherlands into the Colonies of Demerara, Berbice and Essequibo, in the Province of Guiana in South America, all the usual Articles of Supply for their Estates in the said Colonies, such Articles being necessary and requisite as Supplies

Subjects of the Netherlands may import into Demerara, &c. the usual Articles of Supply, but not for Trade.

Supplies for the Cultivation of the Estates, or the Clothing, Maintenance and Comfort of the Residents thereon, and not to exceed what may be deemed necessary for the Supply of the particular Estates for which they are to be imported, and to be actually applied to the Purposes of such Supply, and not for Trade; and in case of Seizure by any Officer of the Customs of any Importations of such Articles, on the ground of their being imported in the Way or for the Purposes of Trade, and not as Supplies, the Proof that such Articles are Supplies, and imported under the Conditions of the Convention, shall lie on the *Dutch* Proprietor importing the same; and in case of such Proof being made and given, in consequence of any Dispute arising thereupon before the Collector or Principal Officer of the Customs, who is hereby empowered to administer an Oath or take Affidavit for the Purposes of any such Examination and Proof under this Act, the Goods shall be admitted to Entry: Provided always, that the Importer, before such Entry shall be allowed, shall enter into Bond, with Two Sureties, in a sufficient Sum, to abide the Decision of the Board of Customs in *England*, upon such Seizure: Provided also, that Wine, as a Medicine and necessary Article of Supply, may be so imported to such a limited Extent as may be necessary for the Purposes of such Supply as a Medicine, and shall be liable to the Duty of Ten Shillings *per* Ton, and no more.

Wine to pay a
Duty of 10s. per
Ton.

Dutch Proprietors to export
Produce of their
Estates.

Who are to be
considered as
Dutch Proprietors.

Proviso as to
Dutch and British
Subjects.

Importation and
Exportation to
be in Ships be-
longing to Sub-
jects of the Ne-
therlands, &c.

IV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any of the Subjects of His Majesty The King of the *Netherlands*, being *Dutch* Proprietors in such Colonies, to export from the said Colonies of *Demerara*, *Berbice* and *Essequibo*, to the *Netherlands*, the Produce of their Estates.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Subjects of His Majesty The King of the *Netherlands*, resident in His said Majesty's *European* Dominions, who were at the Date of the Signature of the said Convention Proprietors of Estates in the said Colonies, and all Subjects of His said Majesty who may hereafter become possessed of Estates then belonging to *Dutch* Proprietors therein, and all such Proprietors as being then resident in the said Colonies, and being Natives of His Majesty's Dominions in the *Netherlands*, may have declared within Three Months after the Publication of the aforesaid Convention in the said Colonies, that they wish to continue to be considered as such; and all Subjects of His said Majesty The King of the *Netherlands*, who may be the Holders of Mortgages of Estates in the said Colonies, made prior to the Date of the Convention, and who may under their Mortgage Deeds have the Right of exporting from the said Colonies to the *Netherlands* the Produce of such Estates, shall be deemed *Dutch* Proprietors under the Provisions of this Act; provided that where both *Dutch* and *British* Subjects have Mortgages upon the same Property in the said Colonies, the Produce to be assigned to the different Mortgagees shall be in proportion to the Amount of the Debts respectively due to them.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all such Importation from the *Netherlands* into the said Colonies for the Supply of Estates therein as aforesaid, and Exportation of the Produce of such Estates to the *Netherlands*, may be carried on in any Ships being the Property of Subjects of His Majesty The King of the *Netherlands*, wherever built, and without any Restriction or Limitation as to the Mariners

Mariners navigating the same for the Space of Five Years, commencing from the First Day of *January* last : Provided always, that the Master of every such Ship shall produce to the proper Officer of His Majesty's Customs in the said Colonies respectively, satisfactory Proof of the said Vessel's being owned by a Subject of His Majesty The King of the *Netherlands* : Provided also, that His said Majesty The King of the *Netherlands* may at any time before the Expiration of the said Five Years, if he should think proper, order and direct that such Trade shall be carried on only in such Ships as are *Dutch* built, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Crew are the Subjects of His said Majesty : And provided always, that after the Expiration of the said Five Years no such Trade shall be carried on, except in Vessels *Dutch* built, and whereof the Master and Three Fourths of the Crew are Subjects of His said Majesty.

Priviso for Orders of the King of the *Netherlands*.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all such Importations and Exportations shall be subject to the same Duties as are payable by His Majesty's Subjects on Importations and Exportations of the like Articles, and shall be subject to the same Rules, Regulations and Restrictions for the due landing of any such Produce as aforesaid in the *Netherlands*, as are provided by any Act now in force for the landing of the like Articles in *Great Britain*, so far as the same are or can be made applicable.

Duties the same as payable by British Subjects.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons who by virtue of this Act may be entitled to trade between the said Colonies and the Dominions of His Majesty The King of the *Netherlands*, to export the Produce of the before mentioned Estates within the said Colonies of *Demerara*, *Essequibo* and *Berbice*, to any Part of the United Kingdom, or to any other of His Majesty's Dominions in *Europe*.

Persons entitled to trade between Colonies and *Netherlands* not to export Produce to this Country, &c.

IX. And Whereas immediately after the signing of the aforesaid Convention, certain Vessels may have left the *Netherlands*, and the Officers of His Majesty's Customs in the aforesaid Colonies, on being apprized of the aforesaid Convention, may have, by the Authority or Order of the Governor or otherwise, been induced to act upon such Convention upon the Emergency of the Occasion as if the same had been confirmed by Law ; and it is expedient that all Importations and Admissions to Entry allowed under the Articles of the said Convention shall be confirmed and rendered valid ;' Be it therefore enacted, That all Importations and Admissions to Entry, so made in pursuance or in consequence of any of the Articles of the said Convention, shall be and are hereby declared to be lawful, and as good, valid and effectual as if the same had been made in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament, or this Act ; and all Persons concerned therein shall be and are hereby indemnified in respect thereof.

Importations under the Convention to be deemed lawful.

X. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for permitting a Trade between the United Provinces and certain Colonies now in His Majesty's Possession*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

54 G. 3. c. 72. repealed.

C A P. XCII.

An Act to enable His Majesty to authorize the Exportation of the Machinery necessary for erecting a Mint in the United States of *America*. [26th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS the Government of the United States of *America* are desirous of erecting and establishing a Mint, and of procuring and exporting the Machinery necessary for that Purpose, from this Kingdom : And Whereas Doubts may arise, whether any Person in this Kingdom can execute the same without being subject to certain Penalties and Forfeitures ;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State, by Writing or Warrant under his Hand and Seal, under such Restrictions and Conditions, and in such manner as His Majesty shall think proper, to license and authorize all and every Person and Persons whom the President of the said United States, or any Person authorized by him for that Purpose, shall think fit to employ for such Purposes, to have in his or their Power, Custody or Possession with Intent to export, and to collect, obtain, make, apply for or cause or procure to be made, with Intent to export, and to export and to do or cause to be done, all or any Acts whatsoever in or for or towards the exporting, or which shall be necessary to enable him or them to make, obtain, have or procure for exporting, and to enable him or them to export any Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements or other things, of what Nature soever, or any Parts thereof, or any Models or Plans, or Parts thereof, for the effectually enabling such Persons as aforesaid erect and establish, or cause to be erected and established, such Mint as aforesaid, and all Acts, matters and things, which shall be done in pursuance of and according to such Licence and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of His Majesty’s Customs, and they are hereby required to take Entries, and sign Cocquets, Warrants and Sufferances, and to do or cause to be done all Acts necessary for the entering outwards, shipping or exporting such Machinery, Tools, Utensils, Implements, Models, Plans and things as aforesaid, or any Parts thereof respectively, and that the same or the Packages thereof, or the Goods packed therewith, shall not be liable to Seizure by such Officers or others ; and also that it shall be lawful for all Captains and Masters of Ships, Vessels, Lighters or Boats, to take the same on board thereof for the Purpose of exporting the same, and in their said Ships, Vessels, Lighters and Boats, to export the same, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as any other Goods or Merchandize may now by Law be exported.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons whom he shall name for that Purpose, to encourage, persuade, contract and agree with such Artificers and Workmen, and others, as
he

Secretaries of State authorized to license Persons to export Machinery for erecting a Mint in the United States.

Officers of the Customs to take Entries.

Secretaries of State to authorize Persons to engage Artificers,

he or such Person or Persons shall think it necessary to employ for the Purpose of erecting and establishing such Mint as aforesaid, or for any Purpose relative thereto, to go out of this Kingdom for any such Purpose, and all Acts done by such Person and Persons, and such Workmen, Artificers and others in conformity to such Licence and Authority, shall be deemed and taken to be lawful Acts, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

‘ IV. And for the better enabling any such Person or Persons to undertake and execute such Work as aforesaid, ’ Be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty’s said Principal Secretaries of State, by such Writing or Warrant as aforesaid, to license and authorize any Person or Persons to do, or cause to be done, any other matter, Act or thing not herein specified, which it shall appear necessary or expedient to such Secretary to license or authorize for the enabling such Person or Persons or the Persons employed by him or them, to execute such Work as aforesaid, and all Acts, matters and things done in conformity to such Licence and Authority, shall be and be deemed and taken to be lawful, any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding; and in case any Question shall arise, whether any Act, matter or thing, done or procured to be done by any such Person relative to such Work as aforesaid, hath been done, or procured to be done, in conformity to any such Licence or Authority as aforesaid, or according to the Intent and Meaning thereof, it shall be lawful for any of His Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State, upon Application made by any such Person or on his behalf, by Writing under his Hand and Seal, to declare whether the same hath been done in conformity thereto, or according to such Intent and Meaning; and the Declaration of His Majesty’s said Secretary so made that the same hath been so done, shall be final and conclusive Evidence that the same hath been so done, and shall be received in all cases as such final and conclusive Evidence.

and to do every thing necessary to execute the Work.

Declaration of Secretary of State that every thing has been done in conformity to Licence, Evidence thereof.

C A P. XCIII.

An Act for enabling the Officers of the Customs at Creeks, Harbours and Basins of *Great Britain*, to take Entries of Ships and Goods arriving from and bound to *Ireland*.

[26th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it is expedient that the Officers of His Majesty’s Customs at Creeks, Harbours and Basins of *Great Britain*, should be authorized to take the Entries of Goods imported in Ships or Vessels arriving from *Ireland*, or intended to be laden on board Ships or Vessels bound to *Ireland*, so far as respects such Produce of the United Kingdom as is permitted by Law to pass from one Country to the other without Payment of Duty; ’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Customs in *England* for the time being, or any Four or more of them, or for the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Customs in *Scotland*, or any Three or more of them, whenever and so long as they may deem it proper, to authorize the Principal

Commissioners of the Customs may authorize the Principal Officers at Creeks and Harbours, to take

Entries of certain Goods.

Coast Officer or Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Customs at any Creek, Harbour or Basin of *Great Britain*, to take the Entries of Goods imported in any Ship or Vessel from *Ireland*, or intended to be laden on board any Ship or Vessel bound to *Ireland*, so far as respects such Produce of the United Kingdom as is permitted to pass from one Country to the other without Payment of Duty.

Documents as valid as if taken at Custom House.

II. And it is hereby further enacted, That every Document, Act and Deed, in respect thereof, taken by and in the Presence of such Officers, shall be deemed and taken to be as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, and subject and liable to all Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures, as if taken at the Custom House by and in the Presence of the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs at the Port to which such Creeks, Harbours and Basins belong; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

C A P. XCIV.

An Act to allow Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid to take crushed Rock Salt, Duty free, for making such Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, for bleaching Linen and Cotton.

[26th June 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 66.
§ 1.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for (amongst other things) allowing Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid to take Salt, Duty free, for making such Acid or Oxymuriate of Lime, for bleaching Linen and Cotton; any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, in *Great Britain*, may receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine, Salt Pit, or Salt Work, or Salt Refinery, for making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, for the sole Purpose of bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such bleaching as aforesaid, upon such Bond or Security as is prescribed and directed by that Act: And Whereas it is expedient to permit such Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose aforesaid, to receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, any crushed Rock Salt, for the sole Purpose aforesaid, upon such Bond as aforesaid;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, in *Great Britain*, to receive and have delivered to him, her or them, from and out of any Warehouse belonging and adjoining to any Salt Mine or Salt Pit, Salt Work or Salt Refinery, crushed Rock Salt for making Oxygenated Muriatic Acid for the sole

Crushed Rock Salt may be delivered to Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid for Bleaching under the Regulations prescribed by recited Act.

sole Purpose of bleaching Linen or Cotton Cloth, or Linen and Cotton Cloth, or Linen or Cotton Yarn or Twist, or other Goods manufactured of Linen or Cotton, or to be used, employed, spent or consumed in the making of Oxymuriate of Lime, for the sole Purpose of such bleaching as aforesaid, under and subject to the several Provisions and Regulations prescribed and contained in the said Act with respect to the Salt so received and delivered as aforesaid, as fully and effectually, as if the same were repeated and contained in the present Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That all Salt to be received and delivered to any Maker or Makers of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, or Oxymuriate of Lime, under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall before such Delivery and after such Salt shall have been weighed for that Purpose, be thoroughly mixed in the Presence of the Officer with Powder of Black Manganese in the Proportion of Five Pounds of such Powder of Black Manganese with every Bushel of such Salt; and that the Officer shall, in the Permit to be given for the Removal of such Salt, express the Quantity of Salt only, specifying that such Salt has been mixed with Powder of Black Manganese in the Proportion aforesaid; and that the Officer who shall afterwards attend the mixing of such Salt with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese and Water, as prescribed by the said Act, for the making of Oxygenated Muriatic Acid, shall permit such Salt so mixed as aforesaid to be used in lieu of genuine merchantable Salt, otherwise called Muriate of Soda, unmixed with any Dirt, Rubbish or other extraneous Material or Ingredient whatsoever, and fit and proper for salting Provision for the Food of Man, and shall deduct Five Pounds Weight of Manganese from the Weight of Manganese directed by the said Act to be then mixed with every Fifty six Pounds Weight of Salt, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and such Certificate of mixing shall be granted in respect of such Salt as is directed by the said Act, in respect of mixing genuine merchantable Salt; and no such Maker or Makers shall be subject in respect of such Mixture of Powder of Black Manganese with such Salt before the Delivery thereof as aforesaid to the Penalty imposed by the said Act upon any such Maker or Makers, who shall before the making of any Salt intended to be mixed with Vitriolic Acid, Manganese and Water, or with Vitriolic Acid and Manganese, under or by virtue of the said Act, clandestinely add to such Salt any extraneous or adulterating Material or Materials, or Substance or Substances whatsoever, any thing in the said Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

III. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or in this Act contained, shall prevent, or be construed to prevent, any Maker or Makers of Paper, from using in the bleaching of Rags to be employed by such Maker or Makers of Paper in the Manufacture of Paper, any Oxymuriate of Lime or Bleaching Liquor, made and prepared in the manner and according to the Directions, and by the Persons entitled to make the same, in and by the said recited Act and this Act made, mentioned and prescribed.

Salt to be mixed in Presence of Officer with Powder of Black Manganese.

Such mixed Salt to be used in lieu of the Salt used under recited Act in preparing the Oxygenated Muriatic Acid.

Paper Makers not prevented from using Oxymuriate of Lime in bleaching Rags.

C A P. XCV.

An Act to authorize such Person as His Majesty shall appoint to transfer a certain Sum in Three Pounds *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, now standing in the Name of the dissolved College of *Hertford*, in the University of *Oxford*; and also to receive Dividends due upon such Annuities.

[26th June 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS by the Laws in being, relative to the Transfer
 ‘ of Annuities transferrable at the Bank of *England*, Books
 ‘ are directed to be kept by the Accountant General of the Go-
 ‘ vernor and Company of the Bank of *England* for the time being,
 ‘ wherein all Assignments or Transfers of such Annuities shall be
 ‘ entered and registered, and such Entries are to be conceived in
 ‘ proper Words for that Purpose, and to be signed by the Parties
 ‘ making such Transfers, or, if such Party be absent, by his or
 ‘ their respective Attorney or Attornies thereunto lawfully autho-
 ‘ rized, in Writing under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and
 ‘ Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; and it
 ‘ is also declared, that no other Method of assigning and transferring
 ‘ such Annuities shall be good or available in Law: And Whereas
 ‘ by an Inquisition taken at the City of *Oxford*, on the Fourth Day
 ‘ of *May* last, by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal of
 ‘ *Great Britain*, it was (amongst other things) found that *Hert-*
 ‘ *ford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, on the Twenty eighth
 ‘ Day of *June*, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and five,
 ‘ became and was dissolved, and that the said dissolved College at the
 ‘ time of its Dissolution was possessed of One thousand Pounds
 ‘ Capital Stock in the Three *per Cent.* Reduced Bank Annuities,
 ‘ standing in the Names of the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford*
 ‘ *College, Oxford*, in the Books of the Governor and Company of
 ‘ the Bank of *England*; and that since the Dissolution of the said
 ‘ dissolved College the Dividends on the said Sum of One thousand
 ‘ Pounds Three *per Cent.* Reduced Bank Annuities had been, and
 ‘ still were in arrear and unpaid; and that the said Stocks, Funds,
 ‘ Monies and Securities had escheated and devolved, and did then
 ‘ belong to His Majesty, by virtue of His Prerogative Royal, and
 ‘ the same were, by the Commissioners in the said Commission named,
 ‘ seized into the Hands of His Majesty; but by reason of the Laws
 ‘ aforesaid there are no Means of making a Transfer of such An-
 ‘ nuities, or of receiving the Arrears of Dividends due thereon,
 ‘ without the Authority of Parliament;’ Be it therefore enacted
 ‘ by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice
 ‘ and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 ‘ in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 ‘ same, That it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs
 ‘ and Successors, by Warrant under His or their Royal Sign Manual,
 ‘ to appoint and empower any Person or Persons to assign and transfer
 ‘ the said Sum of One thousand Pounds Capital Stock of Three *per*
 ‘ *Cent.* Reduced Annuities, into the Name of any other Person or
 ‘ Persons, and also to receive all such Dividends as are or shall be
 ‘ due and in arrear upon the said Capital Stock, and to give proper
 ‘ Receipts and Discharges for the same; and such Person or Persons

His Majesty
 may empower
 any Person to
 transfer the
 1000l. Three
 per Cent. Re-
 duced Annuities
 now standing in
 the Name of the
 dissolved College

fo

fo appointed and empowered as aforefaid may and fhall, and he and they is and are hereby authorized to affign and transfer the faid Sum of One thoufand Pounds Capital Stock, now ftanding in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, from the Name of the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College, Oxford*, into the Name of any other Perfon or Perfons; and alfo to receive and give proper Receipts and Difcharges for all fuch Dividends upon the faid Capital Stock, as are or fhall be due and in arrear; any Law, Ufage or Cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

of Hertford, into the Names of any other Perfons, and receive the Dividends.

II. And be it further enacted, That the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, and their Succelfors, fhall be, and they are hereby held harmlefs and indemnified from and againft all Claims and Demands of or by any Perfon or Perfons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for or by reafon or in confequence of the Transfer of the faid Sum of One thoufand Pounds Three *per Cent.* Reduced Annuities, hereinbefore authorized and directed to be transferred, or in any manner refpecting the fame, or for or by reafon or in confequence of the Payment by the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, of the Dividends hereinbefore directed to be received; and the faid Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* fhall not be required to fee to the Application of the faid Dividends, nor be in any manner refponsible for the Mifapplication or Nonapplication thereof.

Bank indemnified.

C A P. XCVI.

An Act for eftablifhing an Agreement with the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, for advancing the Sum of Three Millions, for the Service of the Year One thoufand eight hundred and fixteen. [26th June 1816.]

‘ Most Gracious Sovereign,

‘ **W**HEREAS the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* are willing and contented to advance the Sum of Three Millions Sterling for the Public Service, in the manner and upon the Terms and Conditions hereinafter mentioned, upon the faid Governor and Company being authorized and empowered by Parliament to increafe their Capital Stock, which now confifts of Eleven millions fix hundred and forty-two thoufand four hundred Pounds to Fourteen millions five hundred and fifty-three thoufand Pounds, and that the propofed Encreafe of Two millions nine hundred and ten thoufand fix hundred Pounds may be appropriated amongst the Proprietors of Bank Stock at the Rate of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Bank Stock which they refpectively held on the Twenty-third Day of *May* One thoufand eight hundred and fixteen, and, until Repayment to the faid Governor and Company of the faid Sum of Three Millions, upon the Promiffory Notes of the faid Governor and Company, expreffed to be payable to Bearer on Demand, being received in Payment of all Sums of Money which now are or fhall become payable for any Part of the Public Revenue, and being accepted by the Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the fame if offered to be fo paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted; and that in confideration of the above propofed Encreafe of the Capital

of Bank Stock, and of the Notes of the said Governor and Company being received in Payment of every Branch of the Public Revenue as aforesaid, the said Governor and Company shall advance the said Sum of Three Millions Sterling for the Public Service, to be paid on such Days during the present Year, and in such manner as Parliament shall direct and appoint, the Repayment thereof to be secured with Interest at the Rate of Three *per Cent.* *per Annum* payable annually, and to be repaid at such Period as Parliament shall direct and appoint, not beyond the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and thirty three, and to be charged and chargeable upon and to be repaid out of the Consolidated Fund, unless otherwise provided for by Parliament: Now we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* in Parliament assembled, being desirous to raise with as much Ease and Advantage as possible to Your Subjects the necessary Supplies, and to encourage the said Governor and Company to advance the said Sum of Three Millions, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Governor and Company, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, on or before the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, to advance and lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, upon the Credit of the Consolidated Fund, the Sum of Three Millions Sterling at an Interest of Three Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, such Interest to be payable annually to the said Governor and Company at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to advance
3,000,000l. at
Three per Cent.

Interest to be
paid yearly.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Repayment of the said Sum of Three Millions and the Interest thereof at the Rate aforesaid, be and the same is hereby charged and made chargeable upon the Consolidated Fund, unless otherwise provided for by Parliament, and that such Interest shall be paid annually to the said Governor and Company, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; the First annual Payment thereof to commence and be made within Ten Days after the Expiration of One Year from the time when the said Sum of Three Millions shall have been advanced by the said Governor and Company as authorized and directed by this Act; and that the said Sum of Three Millions with all Arrears of Interest thereon shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company at such time or times as Parliament shall direct or appoint, but so as such Repayment of the said Principal Sum with all Arrears of Interest thereon shall be made and completed on or before the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and thirty-three.

Time of Repay-
ment of Prin-
cipal.

Capital Stock of
the Bank en-
creased:

III. And be it further enacted, That in consideration of the said Advance of Three Millions for the Public Service as aforesaid, the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company be and the same is hereby increased and extended from the Sum of Eleven millions six hundred and forty two thousand four hundred Pounds, of which the same now consists, to the Sum of Fourteen millions five hundred and fifty three thousand Pounds, making an Increase or Addition of

Two millions nine hundred and ten thousand six hundred Pounds Capital Stock, and that the said Sum of Two millions nine hundred and ten thousand six hundred Pounds Capital Stock shall be appropriated and divided amongst the several Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, who were Proprietors of Bank Stock on the Twenty third Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at the Rate of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds of Bank Stock which such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, were then respectively Proprietors of or had standing in their respective Names in the Books kept by the said Governor and Company for the Entry and Transfer of such Stock, and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Sum, and such Division and Appropriation shall be placed to the Credit of the respective Names of such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, in the Books of the said Governor and Company accordingly; and all such Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, shall from the time of such Division and Appropriation be lawfully entitled to the additional Sum of Bank Stock so placed in or to the Credit of their respective Names, and shall respectively be entitled to be paid the same Rate of Dividend thereon, and to possess and enjoy the same Profits, Privileges and Advantages in respect thereof, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as they were entitled to be paid, possess and enjoy in respect of the Bank Stock which stood in their respective Names on the said Twenty third Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

IV. And be it further enacted, That until Repayment to the said Governor and Company of the said Sum of Three Millions and all Interest to become due thereon, the Promissory Notes of the said Governor and Company, expressed to be payable to Bearer on Demand (called Bank Notes), shall be received in Payment of all Sums of Money which now are or at any time hereafter shall become payable for or in respect of any Part of the Public Revenue, and shall be accepted and received accordingly by all Collectors, Receivers and other Officers of the Revenue authorized to receive the same if offered to be so paid, fractional Parts of Twenty Shillings only excepted.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* so increased as aforesaid shall be assignable and transferrable in the same manner as the original Capital Stock of the said Governor and Company was assignable and transferrable before the making of this Act, and together with the Produce thereof shall be free from Parliamentary Taxes, Charges and Impositions, and all other Taxes, Charges and Impositions whatsoever; and the Transfers or Assignments of Stock or additional Stock in the Books of the said Company shall not hereafter be or be made liable to any higher or greater Stamp or other Duties than are now payable for the Transfers or Assignments of their present Stock, or any Part thereof; any thing in this Act contained or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

To be divided among the Proprietors, after the Rate of 25*l.* for every 100*l.* Bank Stock.

Bank Notes to be received in Payment of the Public Revenue.

Increased Capital Stock to be transferred in same manner as the Original.

C A P. XCVII.

An Act to authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, a Proportion of the Balance that shall remain from time to time in the Bank of *England* for the Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed. [26th June 1816.]

Most Gracious Sovereign,

48 G. 3. c. 4.

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty eighth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to authorize the advancing, for the Public Service, upon certain Conditions, a Proportion of the Balance remaining in the Bank of England for Payment of Unclaimed Dividends, Annuities and Lottery Prizes; and for regulating the Allowances to be paid for the Management of the National Debt*; it was among other things enacted, that the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* should pay into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, out of the Balances in their Hands of Sums issued for the Payment of Dividends due and not demanded, and of unclaimed Lottery Prizes or Benefits, the Sum of Five hundred thousand Pounds, for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eight: And Whereas the said Governor and Company duly paid the said Sum in pursuance of the said Act: And Whereas a considerable Balance now remains in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, for the Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt, for Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities remaining unclaimed; and it is just and expedient that a Part of the said Balance should be advanced for the Service of the Public, on condition that if at any time the said Balance shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, then and in that case so much of the Monies advanced by the said Governor and Company as shall be equal to the Sum by which the said Balance shall be less than the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds, shall be repaid to the said Governor and Company; Therefore we, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* in Parliament assembled, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within Thirty Days after the Expiration of every Quarter an Account shall be taken of the lowest Amount of the Balances in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, of Sums issued for the Payment of Dividends and Terminable Annuities on account of the National Debt due and not demanded, and for the Payment of Lottery Prizes or Benefits not claimed, and also of Sums which shall have been issued for the Payment of Principals of Stocks or Annuities remaining unclaimed; and it shall be lawful for the said Governor and Company to retain a Balance of One hundred thousand Pounds from and out of the lowest Sum to which the Dividends, Terminable Annuities, Lottery Prizes and Principals of Stocks

An Account shall be taken Quarterly of Amount of Balances for Payment of Dividends on account of the Public Debt. Balance to be retained.

Stocks aforesaid, due and remaining unclaimed, shall appear by such Account to have been reduced at any time in such Quarter; and the whole of the Amount which shall remain due and unclaimed, deducting therefrom such Sum as may be due and payable to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt by virtue of an Act of this Session of Parliament, over and above such Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds as aforesaid, shall, upon the Fifth Day of *July*, the Tenth Day of *October*, the Fifth Day of *January*, and the Fifth Day of *April*, in every Year, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and applied to such Services as shall be directed by Parliament, without any Interest for the same; and if at any time hereafter the Monies remaining in the Hands of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, which have been issued to them for the Payment of any such Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities, due and remaining unclaimed, shall be reduced to a less Sum than One hundred thousand Pounds, the said Governor and Company shall forthwith transmit a Certificate of the same, signed by One of their Cashiers, to the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, and also to the Auditor of the Exchequer for the time being, containing a true Statement of the Amount to which the said Monies shall then be reduced; and that forthwith on the same Day on which any such Certificate containing such Statement as aforesaid shall be presented to the said Auditor at the Receipt of the Exchequer, the said Auditor shall make out a proper Debenture, directing the Payment of such Sum of Money as it shall appear by such Certificate the said Balances shall be reduced under One hundred thousand Pounds, which said Sum of Money shall, in case the said Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* shall demand the same, be issued and paid out of any Money in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty, for the Service of the current Year or of any preceding Year, or out of any Monies arising from the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund which may remain at the End of any Quarter for the Disposition of Parliament; and every such Debenture, being carried to the Clerk of the Pells, shall be forthwith recorded in the usual Method in which Debentures are by him recorded; and thereupon the Teller or Tellers on whom any such Debenture shall be charged, shall, upon the same being presented to him or them, immediately pay or cause to be paid to the said Cashier or Cashiers, for the Use of the said Governor and Company, the Sum contained in such Debenture accordingly; and in case, after the Repayment of any Part of the Monies which shall have been advanced under this Act, the said Balances shall at any time be again further reduced, in such case, as often as the same shall happen, such a further Sum shall in like manner be repaid to the said Governor and Company, as shall keep a Balance in the Hands of the said Governor and Company, for the Payment of any Annuities or Dividends, Lottery Prizes or Benefits, and Principals of Stocks and Annuities, due and not demanded as aforesaid, of One hundred thousand Pounds.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in every case in which any such Money shall not be immediately issued to the said Governor and Company, or their Cashier, upon such Certificate as aforesaid, Interest at and after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum*

Remainder of Unclaimed Dividends to be paid into the Exchequer.

If Balance be reduced, Deficiency to be made good.

Certificate,

Proceedings when it appears that Balance reduced under 100,000l.

Interest to be paid for Money not immediately issued.

per

per Annum shall be charged by and paid to the said Governor and Company upon such Sum, until the same shall be issued and paid to the said Governor and Company.

C A P. XCVIII.

An Act to unite and consolidate into One Fund all the Public Revenues of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*; and to provide for the Application thereof to the General Service of the United Kingdom. [1st July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it hath become expedient, for further carrying
 ‘ into effect the Provisions and Purposes of Two several Acts
 ‘ for the Union of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, (the One made in the
 ‘ Parliament of *Great Britain* in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth
 ‘ Years of His Present Majesty’s Reign, and the other made in the
 ‘ Parliament of *Ireland* in the Fortieth Year of His said Majesty’s
 ‘ Reign,) that all the Public Revenues of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*
 ‘ should be consolidated and applied to the Service of the United
 ‘ Kingdom;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excel-
 lent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
 Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament
 assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after
 the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen,
 all Rates, Duties, Taxes, Receipts, Sums of Money and Revenues,
 of what nature or kind soever, which, under or by virtue of any
 Act or Acts in force in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively at the
 time of the passing of this Act, and immediately before the said Fifth
 Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall or
 may constitute or form Part of, or be directed to be carried to the
 several Funds called the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain* and the
 Consolidated Fund of *Ireland* respectively, shall be carried to, and
 shall be and become, and shall form and constitute One General
 Fund, to be called the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom
 of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*; and that the said Consolidated Fund
 of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, whether the
 same or any Part thereof shall be in the Exchequer of *Great Britain*
 or in the Exchequer of *Ireland*, shall, in the First Place, be charged
 and chargeable with, and shall from time to time be applied in-
 discriminately to the Payment of the whole of the Interest of the
 National Debts of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and the Sinking
 Funds applicable to the Reduction thereof, as One joint Consoli-
 dated National Debt, Interest and Sinking Fund; and in the next
 Place, the said Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom shall
 in like manner be charged and chargeable with, and shall be applied
 to the Payment of the Salaries and other Charges of His Majesty’s
 Civil List Establishments in *Great Britain* and *Ireland*; and in the
 next Place, the said Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom
 shall be in like manner charged and chargeable with, and shall be
 applied in Payment of all other Charges whatsoever, made payable
 out of the Consolidated Funds of *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respect-
 ively, under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately
 before the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred
 and seventeen, and after Payment and Satisfaction of all the afore-
 said Charges, the said Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom
 shall

Consolidated
 Funds of Great
 Britain and Ire-
 land shall be-
 come One Gene-
 ral Consolidated
 Fund.

shall be in like manner indiscriminately applied to the Service of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or any Part thereof, as shall be directed by Parliament, and shall be issued and applied accordingly, in manner and under the Authority hereinafter mentioned and directed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Offices of Lord High Treasurer of *Great Britain* and Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* shall be united into One Office, and the Person holding the same shall be called Lord High Treasurer of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*; and that whenever there shall not be any such Lord High Treasurer, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, to appoint Commissioners for executing the Offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of *Great Britain* and Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; and that such Commissioners shall be called Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, and that the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers and Authorities in and through the whole of the said United Kingdom, with respect to the Collection, Issuing and Application of the whole Revenues of the United Kingdom, as at the time of the passing of this Act, and immediately before the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, are or shall or may be vested in the Commissioners of the Treasury in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, or by any Law, Usage or Custom in force in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* respectively, by whatever Names or Descriptions such Commissioners of the Treasury shall or may have been at any time known or described; save and except in so far as any such Powers or Authorities may be altered or amended by this Act; and that all Officers and other Persons concerned or employed in the Collection or Management of the Revenues in and through every Part of the United Kingdom, shall be in all respects subject to the Orders and Controul of the said Lord High Treasurer or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*; and shall be liable to all such Penalties and Punishments for Disobedience of such Orders as they are or would be subject or liable to under and by virtue of any Acts, Laws, Usages or Customs, with respect to the Powers of the Commissioners of the Treasury in force in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively at the time of the passing of this Act and immediately before the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever in this Act, or in any Act to be made at any time after the passing of this Act, the Words "Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury," or the Words "Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*," are or shall be used, the same shall be construed to extend and apply to the Commissioners for executing the Offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of *Great Britain* and Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, whenever such Commission shall be in force; and that all and every Act and Acts which at any time shall or may have been done or executed, or shall or may be done or executed by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury in *Great Britain* or *Ireland* or the United Kingdom respectively, under or by virtue

Offices of Treasurer of Great Britain and Ireland united, and may be executed by Commissioners.

Officers of the Revenue subject to Orders of the Treasury.

The Words "Commissioners of Treasury," &c. to apply to Commissioners for executing the Offices of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain and Treasurer of Ireland.

virtue or Authority of any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom, in force before the passing of this Act, shall be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding any Error or Omission in the Names or Descriptions whereby any such Commissioners of the Treasury shall or may have been at any time known, or named or described.

A Vice Treasurer appointed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That (for the Purposes of issuing out of the Exchequer of *Ireland* all Sums which shall be paid into the same, under or by virtue of the several Acts which now are or hereafter may be in force in *Ireland* for that Purpose, or which shall be paid into the same out of the General Revenue of the United Kingdom, under the Orders of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*;) it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, from time to time, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of *Ireland*, to appoint a Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, with a yearly Salary not exceeding Two thousand Pounds *British* Sterling a Year, to be paid to such Person for the executing of the said Office, payable out of the Revenue appropriated to His Majesty's Civil List Establishment in *Ireland*.

Salary.

Vice Treasurer to take Oath before the Chancellor of *Ireland*.

V. And be it further enacted, That such Vice Treasurer for *Ireland* to be appointed in manner aforesaid shall take such Oath before the Lord High Chancellor of *Ireland*, or before the Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Ireland*, as was accustomed to be taken by the Vice Treasurer of *Ireland*, before the passing of an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Receipts and Issues of His Majesty's Treasury*; and for repealing an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of Henry the Seventh, intituled *'An Act authorizing the Treasurer to make all Officers as the Treasurer of England doth;'* and that it shall and may be lawful for such Vice Treasurer for *Ireland* to appoint any Person to be his Deputy to act during his Absence or Incapacity from Sickness; and that all Acts done by such Deputy shall be as good and valid to all Intents and Purposes as if they were done by such Vice Treasurer in his own proper Person; and that such Vice Treasurer shall be answerable and responsible for all Acts done by such Deputy in the Execution of the Duty of his Office; and that it shall be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* from time to time, by his or their Warrant to the said Vice Treasurer, to order the Issue and Payment out of the said Exchequer of any such Sum or Sums of Money for the annual Establishment and incidental and contingent Expences attendant upon the said Office of Vice Treasurer, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* shall from time to time order and direct.

35 G. 3. (1.)

Vice Treasurer empowered to appoint a Deputy.

Payment for the annual Establishment and Expences of the Office.

Money shall be issued out of the Treasury of *Ireland* on the Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, countersigned by the Vice Treasurer.

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, no Money shall be issued out of the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, otherwise than by the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, under the Authority of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, in manner hereinafter mentioned; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall not issue, nor cause to be issued, out of the said Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, any Sum or Sums of Money what-

whatsoever (except as hereinafter mentioned), until such Vice Treasurer shall have received a Warrant, under the Hand of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors, directed to the said Vice Treasurer for that Purpose; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall countersign all such Warrants of such Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*; and that after such Counter Signature upon such Warrant, such Warrant shall be entered and marked by any Officer or Person thereto authorized by the said Vice Treasurer, and whereof Notice shall be given by the said Vice Treasurer to the Auditor General of the said Exchequer; and such Warrant, so being duly entered and marked, shall be a sufficient Authority to the said Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, for the Issue by the said Auditor General of his Order for Payment on the Teller of the said Exchequer: Provided always, that there shall be a sufficient Authority for all such Payments under some Grant from His Majesty, or some of his Royal Predecessors, or under some Act or Acts of Parliament in that behalf, and not otherwise; and that all such Payments shall not exceed the Amount authorized under the respective Acts by virtue of which such Issues shall be made, or the annual Grants of Parliament, as the same shall be specified in the Appropriation Acts of each Session.

Authority for
such Payments.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Warrants which shall have been signed by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, bearing Date on or before Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, and which shall then remain in the Office of the Auditor General of the Exchequer, unsatisfied and unpaid, or partly unsatisfied or unpaid, shall be good, full and sufficient Authority to the said Auditor General for the Issue of his Order to the Teller of the Exchequer for Payment, until the full Amount of such Warrants be satisfied and paid; any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Warrants prior
to Jan. 5, 1817,
to be paid.

VIII. And, in order that no Annual Grants of Parliament may be exceeded, be it further enacted, That all Grants under the Great or Privy Seal or Sign Manual of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, King's Letters or King's Warrants, directing the Issue of any Money for Services in *Ireland* out of such Annual Grants, shall be entered and recorded in the Office of the Auditor of the Exchequer in *Great Britain*, who shall cause the Entry thereof to be certified thereon, and the same to be forthwith returned to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in order to their being transmitted to the Lord Lieutenant of *Ireland*.

Issues for Ireland
to be recorded in
the Exchequer
of Great Britain.

IX. And Whereas great Inconvenience would arise to the Public Service if the Issues from the Exchequer in either Part of the United Kingdom, for the Payment of Interest and Sinking Fund of the National Debt, and of such Charges as, according to the Practice heretofore prevailing in the said Exchequers respectively, have usually been paid immediately before or after the Close of every Quarter, were delayed until the respective Quarterly Accounts of the Exchequers of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* were made up and settled; For preventing of such Inconvenience, be it enacted, That in regard to the Exchequer in *Great Britain*, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury

Issues may be
made from the
Exchequers in

Great Britain and Ireland, for Payment of Interest and Sinking Fund of National Debt, &c. without waiting for Quarterly Accounts.

Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or any Three or more of them for the time being; and, with regard to the Exchequer in *Ireland*, it shall be lawful for the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, under Warrant of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, in manner by this Act provided, to direct the Issue of all such Sums as may be necessary for the Payment of the Interest and Sinking Fund of the National Debt, which shall be payable in either Part of the United Kingdom, and of all such Charges as have heretofore usually been defrayed out of the Consolidated Funds thereof respectively, immediately before or after the Close of every Quarter, although the Accounts of the respective Exchequers shall not have been made up and settled; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Quarterly Accounts of Consolidated Fund in Great Britain and Ireland shall be transmitted from each Country to the other, and deposited in the several Exchequers.

X. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Quarterly Accounts of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom shall have been made up in the respective Exchequers of *Great Britain and Ireland*, a Copy of the Account of such Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, as shall have arisen in *Great Britain* within the preceding Quarter, shall be drawn out and certified by the Auditor of the Exchequer there, and be transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* for the time being, who shall cause the same to be transmitted to the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, with Directions to him to cause the same to be deposited in the Office of the Receipt of the Exchequer in *Ireland*, for the Information of the proper Officers there; and a Copy of the Account of such Part of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom as shall have arisen in *Ireland* within the preceding Quarter, shall in like manner be drawn out and certified by the Auditor General of the Exchequer there, and be transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, who shall order the same to be deposited in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer in *Great Britain*, for the Information of the proper Officers there.

Treasury may direct the Issue of any Part of the Quarterly Surplus of Consolidated Fund in either Exchequer, for the Purpose of Remittance to the other.

XI. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Surplus of Consolidated Fund remaining in the respective Exchequers of *Great Britain or Ireland* at the Close of any Quarter, shall have been ascertained and certified as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, or any Three or more of them, by Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, as the case may be, to order and direct that all or any Part of such Surplus remaining in the Exchequer of either Part of the United Kingdom, shall be issued to such Person or Persons as in such Warrant may be named, for the Purpose of being remitted and transferred to the Exchequer of the other Part of the United Kingdom, as the Exigencies of the Public Service of the United Kingdom may appear to them to require.

Issues may be made in Ireland out of Consolidated Fund, for current Services

XII. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to prevent any Issues being made from the Exchequer in *Ireland* out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund arising from time to time in that Part

of the United Kingdom, for the necessary current Services thereof according to the invariable Course and Practice which hath heretofore prevailed there; such Issues, nevertheless, to be made in the Form and manner directed by this Act: Provided always, that on or before the First Day of *February* in every Year, an Account shall be made up in the Exchequer of *Ireland*, of all Sums which shall have been issued out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund, arising there during the respective Quarterly Periods commencing and ending as aforesaid, for defraying the current Services of *Ireland*, specifying in such Account the Heads of Service for which such Issues were made; which Account shall be certified by the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer there, and shall be forthwith transmitted by the Vice Treasurer to the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*; and such Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners, or any Three or more of such Commissioners, as the case may be, shall thereupon, by a Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands, order and direct that out of any of the Aids or Supplies of the Year remaining in the Exchequer in *Great Britain*, applicable to the Discharge of such Sum or Sums respectively, a Sum or Sums equal to such certified Amount of the Issues made out of the growing Produce of the Consolidated Fund, arising in *Ireland* for defraying the current Services there, shall be carried and placed to the Account and Credit of the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom within such Quarter, and the same shall thereupon be carried and placed to such Account and Credit by the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Great Britain*, and by the Auditor General of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland*.

as heretofore,
and the Amount
to be made good
in the British
Exchequer.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That so much of an Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland*, intituled *An Act for vesting a certain Fund in Commissioners at the End of every Quarter of a Year, to be by them applied to the Reduction of the National Debt, and to direct the Application of additional Funds in case of future Loans to the like Purposes*; or of any Act for amending the same, as directs that certain Persons shall be Commissioners for carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said Act, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of *Great Britain* shall be and become Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom; and that the said Commissioners shall have all such Powers and Authorities as are or may be given in and by any Act or Acts in force in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, relative to the Reduction of the National Debt of *Great Britain* or the National Debt of *Ireland*; and that the several Sums which under and by virtue of several Acts in force in *Great Britain* and *Ireland* respectively, are required to be set apart at the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Great Britain* and the Receipt of the Exchequer of *Ireland* respectively, on account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of *Great Britain* and of the National Debt of *Ireland*, shall continue to be so set apart; and that all such Sums so set apart, or any Part or Parts thereof, shall and may be issued and paid from time to time into the Bank of *England* or into the Bank of *Ireland*, as shall be directed and required by the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury

So much of
37 G. 3. (1.)
as appoints Com-
missioners for the
Reduction of
National Debt in
Ireland, re-
pealed:

British Commis-
sioners shall be
Commissioners
for the Reduc-
tion of the Na-
tional Debt of
the United
Kingdom.

Orders of Commissioners for U. K. sufficient Authority to the Banks of England and Ireland for paying Money.

Two additional Commissioners of the Treasury to be appointed for Irish Business.

6 Ann. c. 7.

Sanction of Lord Lieutenant equivalent to that required heretofore by Irish Treasury (except in Revenue cases).

jury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland* for the time being, and shall be from time to time applied, under the Direction of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in the Purchase of such Capital Stock, Funds, Debentures or Annuities, or towards any public Loan either in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, as shall seem most expedient to the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom; and that the Orders of the said Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom shall at all times be sufficient Authority to the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England* and of the Bank of *Ireland*, for paying any Part of the Money from time to time remaining in the Bank of *England* or Bank of *Ireland*, on account of the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt of the United Kingdom, to any Person or Persons, in order to its Remittance from one Part of the United Kingdom to the other, for the Purposes of this Act; and also for the Application of any such Money to the Purchase of any Stock, Funds, Debentures or Annuities, or towards any Public Loan in *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in consequence of the Increase of Business which will result from the Provisions of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty to nominate and appoint Two Persons to be Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, and to sit and act as such, with and in addition to the Number of Commissioners which may now by Law be appointed for the executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of *Great Britain*, with a yearly Salary not exceeding for each of such Commissioners such Salary as is now received by each of the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of *Great Britain*, to be paid to such Two Commissioners out of the Revenues appropriated to His Majesty's Civil List Establishment in *Ireland*; any thing in an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for the securing of Her Majesty's Person and Government, and of the Succession to the Crown of Great Britain in the Protestant Line*, or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, in all cases not otherwise specially provided for by this Act, where, under the Provisions of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act, any Warrant, Licence, Order or Document, has been required to be signed by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* (except in cases relating to the Revenue of *Ireland*) a Warrant or other proper Document, as the case may be, signed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, shall be of like Validity, Force and Effect, as any such Warrant, Licence, Order or Document of such Commissioners, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that in all cases where by any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, the Approbation of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* has been required or made necessary (except as aforesaid), the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, signified by his or their

their Chief Secretary, or in the Absence of such Chief Secretary, by the Under Secretary for the Civil or Military Department, as the case may require, shall be of like Validity, Force and Effect as the Approbation of such Commissioners to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Appointment of any Person, to be Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, nor the Appointment of any Person or Persons to be Commissioner or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, shall not, nor shall any such Appointment be deemed or taken to be an Appointment or Appointments to a new Office or new Offices, or Place or Places of Profit under The Crown; and that any Person so to be appointed Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, or One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, shall not, nor shall any of them be thereby disabled from sitting or voting as a Member of the House of Commons, nor shall he be thereby rendered incapable of being elected a Member of the House of Commons; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Vice Treasurer and Commissioners of the Treasury may sit in Parliament.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Appointment of any Person, being One of the Commissioners of the Treasury of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, to be One of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, shall not make void the Election of any such Person respectively, nor shall any new Writ issue for a new Election in consequence of the Acceptance of any such Appointment; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

Appointment of a Commissioner of Treasury of G. B. to be one for U. K. shall not vacate Seat.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Provisions, Rules, Regulations and Directions contained in the Act made in the Parliament of *Ireland* in the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the better Regulation of the Receipts and Issues of His Majesty's Treasury; and for repealing an Act of Parliament passed in the Tenth Year of Henry the Seventh, intituled 'An Act authorizing the Treasurer to make all Officers as the Treasurer of England doth,'* shall be and remain and continue in full Force and Effect, except only so far as any of the said Provisions, Rules, Regulations and Directions are altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act: Provided always, that in all cases where any Powers or Authorities are by the said recited Act given to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, such Powers and Authorities shall be vested in and exercised by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*.

Powers of 35 G. 3. (I.) for regulating Receipts and Issues of Irish Treasury, continued, except as altered by this Act.

Powers of Irish Treasury to be exercised by Treasury of U. K.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Quarterly Accounts of the Receipts, Issues and Remains of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, as prepared by the Auditor General of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, and heretofore examined and signed under the Provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, shall, from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be examined and signed by the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*; and that certified Abstracts of all such Accounts shall be by him from time to time regularly transmitted to the Lord

Quarterly Accounts of Auditor General to be examined and signed by Vice Treasurer, and certified by him to Treasury of U. K.

High Treasurer, or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*.

Weekly Abstract from Auditor General, Clerk of the Pells, and Bank of Ireland, to be transmitted to Vice Treasurer; and Duplicates thereof, with all other Returns and Abstracts, transmitted to Treasury of U. K.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the several Weekly Abstracts or Certificates of Receipts, Issues and Remains in the Treasury of *Ireland*, required by the said recited Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to be made by the Auditor General, Clerk of the Pells and Teller of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, to the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or to the Commissioners for executing the said Office, and also the Weekly Declaration or Abstract of the Receipts and Payments on account of the Teller of the Exchequer, required by the said Act to be made out by the Governor and Company of the Bank of *Ireland*, and transmitted to the said Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners for executing the said Office, shall from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be made out and transmitted Weekly to the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*; and that Copies or Duplicates of all the aforesaid Weekly Abstracts, Certificates and Declarations, together with all other Returns, Certificates, Abstracts, Accounts or Declarations, which by the said recited Act are directed to be furnished or transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, or to the Commissioners for executing the said Office, shall from and after the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be made out and transmitted to the Lord High Treasurer, or to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, at and for such Periods as are required and directed in and by the said recited Act, with respect to all such Abstracts, Accounts or Declarations respectively.

Vice Treasurer may order Payment of Local Duties, &c.

XXI. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland* for the time being, by Warrant under the Hand of such Vice Treasurer, directed to the Auditor General of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, to order the Issue and Payment out of the said Exchequer of all such Duties or Taxes as shall have been actually paid into the said Exchequer for any Local or Special Purposes in *Ireland*, under or by Authority of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, and such Issue and Payment shall be made to all Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other Persons authorized by Law to receive the same accordingly.

Certain Public Accounts to be laid annually before Parliament.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland* for the time being shall annually cause an Account of the Total Income of the said United Kingdom, including all Duties of Customs, Excise, Stamps and Incidents in *Great Britain and Ireland* respectively, and all other the ordinary Revenues and extraordinary Resources of the said United Kingdom, to be prepared and made out for One Year, ending on the Fifth Day of *January* in each Year, together with an Account of the Income of the Consolidated Fund of the said United Kingdom, for every such Year; and also of the actual Payments thereout within the said Year, and of the future annual Charge upon the said Fund as the same stood on that Day; and also an Account of the Net Produce of all the permanent Taxes of the said United Kingdom within the said Year; and also an Account of the Arrears and Balances due from all public Accountants on the said Fifth Day of *January* in each Year; and also

an Account of the Exports and Imports of the said United Kingdom, and of the Shipping registered in or belonging to the several Ports of His Majesty's Dominions within the said Year; and also an Account of the Public Expenditure of the said United Kingdom within the said Year; and also an Account of the Public Funded Debt of the said United Kingdom, and the Reduction thereof; and also an Account of the Unfunded and Outstanding Debt of the said United Kingdom, as the same stood respectively on the Fifth Day of *January* in each Year; and also an Account shewing how the Monies given for the Service of the said United Kingdom for the Year preceding the said Fifth Day of *January* have been disposed of, and that the said Commissioners shall in each Year cause such Accounts to be laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *March* in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not then be sitting, within Fourteen Days after the next Sitting of Parliament.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland* for the time being shall annually cause an Account to be prepared and made out for One Year, ending on the Fifth Day of *January* in each Year, shewing the Amount of all Warrants which have passed through his Office in the Course of such Year, distinguishing the same under the several Heads set forth in the Accounts of Public Expenditure, required by Law to be annually laid before Parliament; and that the said Vice Treasurer shall cause such Accounts to be laid before both Houses of Parliament on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *March* in each Year, if Parliament shall be then sitting, or if Parliament shall not be then sitting, within Fourteen Days after the next Sitting of Parliament.

Annual Account to be laid before Parliament by Vice Treasurer.

XXIV. And Whereas the Chancellor of the Exchequer of *Ireland* for the time being is by virtue of his Office a Governor, Visitor, Member or Constituent Part of several Colleges, Corporations and Charitable and other Public Societies or Institutions in *Ireland*;

Be it enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Vice Treasurer of *Ireland* shall, in virtue of his Office, be and become a Governor, Visitor, Member and Constituent Part of all such Colleges, Corporations and Charitable and other Public Societies and Institutions in *Ireland*, of which the Chancellor of the Exchequer of *Ireland* hath at any time heretofore been a Governor, Visitor, Member or Constituent Part, in Right of his Office under any Act of Parliament, Charter, Bye Law, Usage or Custom whatsoever, in force in *Ireland* immediately before the passing of this Act; and it shall be lawful for the said Vice Treasurer for the time being to send and receive Letters and Packets by the Post, free from the Duties of Postage within the United Kingdom, in the same manner and under such Restrictions as the Chancellor of His Majesty's Exchequer in *Ireland* has been authorized by the Laws now in force to send and receive Letters and Packets free from Postage.

Vice Treasurer shall be deemed a Governor of all Corporations.

May frank and receive Letters free.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That all Rules, Orders and Directions, which at the time of the passing of this Act, or at any time before the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, shall have been made or issued by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, with respect to the Receipt or Payment, Issue or Remittance of any Public Money,

Existing Orders of Irish Treasury declared valid, until revoked by Lord Lieutenant or Treasury of U. K.

Books and Records of the Irish Treasury shall remain with the Vice Treasurer.

Money, or with respect to any matter or thing within the Jurisdiction of the said Commissioners, shall be and remain in full force until the same shall be revoked or altered by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, or by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*; and that all Records, and all Minute Books and Entries of the Proceedings of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, and all other Books, Deeds and Papers whatsoever, now belonging to or in the Custody of the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*, shall be delivered over to, and shall remain in the Custody of the Vice Treasurer for *Ireland*, for the time being, under the Orders and at the Disposition, nevertheless, of the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, for the time being, in the Offices in the Castle of *Dublin*, now occupied by the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; and the Business of the Department of the said Vice Treasurer shall, from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be transacted and carried on in the said Offices and in the Apartments thereunto belonging.

Treasury and Revenue Accounts, &c. in *Ireland*, and all Accounts to Parliament, to state Amount of Sums therein in British Currency.

‘ XXVI. And Whereas it is expedient by producing Uniformity in all Returns and Statements to Parliament, with respect to the Public Revenues and Expenditure of the United Kingdom, that the Amount of such Revenues and Expenditure shall be made to appear in *British* Currency, in whatever Part of the United Kingdom such Revenues or Expenditure shall have arisen or taken place;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, all Accounts of all Receipts and Payments which shall be made out of any of the Public Revenues, Duties or Taxes in *Ireland*, and also all Accounts of all Payments into and Issues out of the Receipt of the Exchequer in *Ireland*, shall be kept in such Form and Manner, that the total Amount of all Sums under each respective Head of Account, in all Accounts and Papers relating to Accounts to be laid before Parliament, shall be stated in *British* Currency; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland* for the time being, at any time after the passing of this Act, and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, at any time after the said Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, to give such Orders and Directions as to them shall seem fitting and expedient for accomplishing the Purposes hereby intended to be carried into Effect.

Acquittal of Public Account.

‘ XXVII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Mode of discharging Persons being Public Accountants in *Ireland*, in respect of Money issued to them out of the Treasury of *Ireland* or otherwise, whose Accounts have been audited by the Commissioners of Public Accounts, or the Commissioners of Military Accounts in that Part of the United Kingdom, and it is proper and necessary that Provision should be made for that Purpose;’ Be it therefore enacted, That in all cases where the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts in *Ireland*, or the Commissioners of Military Accounts

counts in *Ireland*, shall have audited and certified, or shall hereafter audit and certify any Account whatsoever of any Public Accountant; and it shall satisfactorily appear to the said Commissioners respectively; upon such Examination and Proof as to them shall seem expedient, that such Accountant is even and quit with the Public on such Account, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, and for the said Commissioners of Military Accounts, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, under their Signature, to acquit and discharge, and grant a Quietus to such Public Accountant; and such Acquittance, Discharge or Quietus, shall be good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, and shall be taken and received by any Court of Law or Equity in the United Kingdom, in bar of any Suit or Process against such Public Accountant who shall have received the same for any matter or thing touching the Period of Account, with respect to which such Acquittal, Discharge or Quietus shall have been granted.

ants for Money
issued to them
from Treasury,
&c.

Quietus.

XXVIII. And, in order that all Public Accountants shall be fully apprised of and prepared with the necessary Documents or Proofs to entitle them to demand and receive such Acquittal, Discharge or Quietus from the said Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts, or the said Commissioners of Military Accounts respectively; be it enacted, That the said Commissioners shall respectively, as soon after the passing of this Act as may be, determine upon the Nature and Form of the Documents and Proofs required to be produced to them respectively for the Purposes aforesaid; and that the said Commissioners shall, by public Advertisement under their Hands, to be inserted in the *Dublin Gazette*, in Three succeeding Publications thereof, and in any other manner which they shall think fit, notify and declare the Nature and Form of such Documents and Proofs to all Public Accountants under their respective Departments; and it shall not be lawful for the said Commissioners to alter or change the Nature or Form of any such Documents or Proofs so required, until the Expiration of Three Calendar Months after the Nature and Form of such new Documents and Proofs shall have been notified and declared by Public Advertisement in the *Dublin Gazette*, and otherwise in manner aforesaid.

Commissioners
shall notify the
Nature and
Form of the
Documents to
be produced for
obtaining such
Quietus.

C A P. XCIX.

An Act to vest the *Elgin* Collection of ancient Marbles and Sculpture in the Trustees of the *British Museum* for the Use of the Public. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Second, intituled *An Act for the Purchase of the Museum or Collection of Sir Hans Sloane, and of the Harleian Collection of Manuscripts; and for providing one general Repository for the better Reception and more convenient Use of the said Collections, and of the Cottonian Library, and of the Additions thereto*, the Archbishop of *Canterbury*, the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, the Lord Treasurer of *Great Britain*, or the First Commissioner of the Treasury, the Lord President of the Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord High Ad-

26 G. 2. c. 22.

' miral of *Great Britain*, or the First Commissioner of the Admiralty,
 ' the Lord Steward of His Majesty's Household, the Lord Cham-
 ' berlain of His Majesty's Household, the Bishop of *London*, each
 ' of the Principal Secretaries of State being a Peer or Lord of Par-
 ' liament, the Speaker of the House of Commons, each of the Prin-
 ' cipal Secretaries of State not being a Peer or Lord of Parliament,
 ' the Chancellor of the Exchequer, the Lord Chief Justice of the
 ' Court of King's Bench, the Master of the Rolls, the Chief Justice
 ' of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at *Westminster*, His
 ' Majesty's Attorney and Solicitor General, the President of the
 ' Royal Society, and the President of the College of Physicians
 ' severally for the time being, and certain other Persons named or
 ' described in the said Act, or to be appointed under the Powers
 ' therein contained, were appointed Trustees, and incorporated by
 ' the Name of "The Trustees of the *British Museum*," for put-
 ' ting the said Act into Execution, with such Powers and under
 ' such Directions as are therein expressed; and particularly it was
 ' thereby enacted, that within the Cities of *London* or *Westminster*,
 ' or the Suburbs thereof, one general Repository should be erected
 ' and provided for the Reception of the Collections and Libraries
 ' therein mentioned, and of such other Collections and Libraries as
 ' with the like Approbation should be admitted into the same;
 ' which several Collections, Additions and Libraries so received
 ' into the said general Repository should remain and be preserved
 ' therein for Public Use to all Posterity: And Whereas under the
 ' Provisions of an Act of the Twenty eighth Year of His late
 ' Majesty King *George* the Second, intituled *An Act for vesting*
 ' *Montagu House* in Trustees, and their Heirs, freed and discharged
 ' from all Estates, Uses and Agreements, to which it at present stands
 ' limited and appointed, upon Trust to convey the same to the Trustees
 ' of the *British Museum*, for a general Repository, and upon such other
 ' Trusts as therein are mentioned, the Capital Messuage or Mansion
 ' House heretofore called *Montagu House*, situate in *Great Russell*
 ' *Street* in the Parish of *Saint George Bloomsbury*, in the County of
 ' *Middlesex*, and the Outhouses, Buildings and Gardens belonging to
 ' the same, were duly conveyed and assured unto and to the Use of
 ' the Trustees of the said Museum, by Indentures of Lease and Re-
 ' lease, bearing Date respectively the Fourth and Fifth Days of *April*,
 ' in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty five, and made
 ' between the Right Honourable *George Dunk* Earl of *Halifax* and
 ' *William Folkes* Esquire (Trustees under the said last mentioned
 ' Act for carrying the Trusts thereof into Execution) of the one
 ' Part, and the Trustees of the said Museum of the other Part; and
 ' since that time the said Capital Messuage or Mansion House, and
 ' its Appurtenances, has been generally called or known by the
 ' Appellation of *The British Museum*: And Whereas the Right
 ' Honourable *Thomas* Earl of *Elgin* hath with great Knowledge,
 ' Judgment and Care, and at a great Expence, made a most valuable
 ' Collection of ancient Marbles and Sculpture, and is willing that
 ' the same should be possessed by the Public: And Whereas the said
 ' Earl hath agreed to sell the same for the Sum of Thirty five thou-
 ' sand Pounds, on Condition that the whole of the said Collection
 ' should be kept together in the *British Museum*, and open to In-
 ' spection, and called by the Name of "*The Elgin Marbles*;"
 ' and

28 G. 2.

and that the said Earl and every Person who should attain the Rank of Earl of *Elgin* should be added to the Trustees of the *British Museum*: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Lord High Treasurer of *Great Britain*, or the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, shall and he or they is and are hereby authorized and empowered, out of any of the Aids or Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament for the Service of *Great Britain* for the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, immediately after the passing of this Act, to issue and advance the Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds to the Trustees of the *British Museum*, or any Person to be appointed by the said Trustees to receive the same, which Money shall be paid without any Fee or other Deduction whatever, and shall be applied in the Purchase of the said Collection; and that the Trustees of the *British Museum* shall, on or before the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, require the Delivery of the said Collection; and if the same shall be then delivered to them, and they shall be satisfied that the several Statutes and other Articles forming the said Collection are then conformable to the Catalogue thereof delivered in to a Committee of the House of Commons, they the said Trustees shall, on the Delivery of the same into their Custody, pay the said Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds to the said *Thomas* Earl of *Elgin*, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns.

Treasury to issue 35,000l. to the Trustees of the British Museum, to be applied in the Purchase of the Elgin Collection of Marbles.

II. And be it further enacted, That on Payment of the said Sum of Thirty five thousand Pounds, the said Collection shall be vested in the Trustees for the time being of the said *British Museum*, and their Successors, in perpetuity, for the Purposes of the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George* the Second.

On Payment of Purchase Money Collection vested in Trustees,

III. And be it hereby further enacted, That the said Collection shall be preserved and kept together in the said *British Museum* whole and entire, and distinguished by the Name or Appellation of "The *Elgin* Collection."

to be kept in British Museum.

IV. And be it enacted, That the said *Thomas* Earl of *Elgin* during his Life, and after his Decease each and every Person who shall successively attain to the Rank and Dignity of Earl of *Elgin*, shall and may as and when they shall respectively be of full Age, be added to and associated with the Trustees for the time being of the *British Museum*, and shall and may act in the Execution of the Trust now reposed or hereafter to be reposed in the said Trustees, as fully and effectually as the other Trustees of the said Museum are or shall be authorized and empowered to act in the same.

Earl of Elgin to be added to Trustees.

C A P. C.

An Act for more effectually securing the Liberty of the Subject. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Writ of *Habeas Corpus* hath been found by Experience to be an expeditious and effectual Method of restoring any Person to his Liberty, who hath been unjustly deprived thereof:

31 Car. 2. c. 2.

Irish Act,
21 & 22 G. 3.

Judges to issue,
in Vacation,
Writs of Habeas
Corpus return-
able immedi-
ately, in cases
other than for
criminal mat-
ter, or for Debt.

Non Obedience
to such Writ, to
be a Contempt
of Court.

thereof: And Whereas extending the Remedy of such Writ, and enforcing Obedience thereunto, and preventing Delays in the Execution thereof, will be advantageous to the Public: And Whereas the Provisions made by an Act passed in England in the Thirty first Year of King Charles the Second, intituled *An Act for the better securing the Liberty of the Subject, and for Prevention of Imprisonment beyond the Seas*, and also by an Act passed in Ireland in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for better securing the Liberty of the Subject*, only extend to cases of Commitment or Detainer for criminal or supposed criminal matter; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where any Person shall be confined or restrained of his or her Liberty (otherwise than for some criminal or supposed criminal matter, and except Persons imprisoned for Debt or by Process in any civil Suit) within that Part of Great Britain called England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey or Man, it shall and may be lawful for any One of the Barons of the Exchequer, of the Degree of the Coif, as well as for any One of the Justices of One Bench or the other; and where any Person shall be so confined in Ireland, it shall and may be lawful for any One of the Barons of the Exchequer, or of the Justices of One Bench or the other in Ireland; and they are hereby required, upon Complaint made to them by or on the behalf of the Person so confined or restrained, if it shall appear by Affidavit or Affirmation (in cases where by Law an Affirmation is allowed) that there is a probable and reasonable Ground for such Complaint, to award in Vacation time, a Writ of *Habeas Corpus ad subjiciendum*, under the Seal of such Court, whereof he or they shall then be Judges or One of the Judges, to be directed to the Person or Persons in whose Custody or Power the Party so confined or restrained shall be, returnable immediately before the Person so awarding the same, or before any other Judge of the Court under the Seal of which the said Writ issued.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Person or Persons to whom any Writ of *Habeas Corpus* shall be directed according to the Provision of this Act, upon Service of such Writ, either by the actual Delivery thereof to him, her or them, or by leaving the same at the Place where the Party shall be confined or restrained, with any Servant or Agent of the Person or Persons so confining or restraining, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to make a Return or pay Obedience thereto, he, she or they shall be deemed guilty of a Contempt of the Court, under the Seal whereof such Writ shall have issued; and it shall be lawful to and for the said Justice or Baron, before whom such Writ shall be returnable, upon Proof made by Affidavit of wilful Disobedience of the said Writ, to issue a Warrant under his Hand and Seal, for the apprehending and bringing before him, or before some other Justice or Baron of the same Court, the Person or Persons so wilfully disobeying the said Writ, in order to his, her or their being bound to The King's Majesty, with Two sufficient Sureties, in such Sum as in the Warrant shall be expressed, with Condition to appear in the Court of which the said Justice or Baron is a Judge, at a Day in the ensuing Term to be mentioned in the

the said Warrant, to answer the matter of Contempt with which he, she or they are charged; and in case of Neglect or Refusal to become bound as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Baron to commit such Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing, to the Jail or Prison of the Court of which such Justice or Baron shall be a Judge, there to remain until he, she or they shall have become bound as aforesaid, or shall be discharged by Order of the Court in Term time, or by Order of one of the Justices or Barons of the Court in Vacation; and the Recognizance or Recognizances to be taken thereupon shall be returned and filed in the same Court, and shall continue in force until the matter of such Contempt shall have been heard and determined, unless sooner ordered by the Court to be discharged: Provided, that if such Writ shall be awarded so late in the Vacation by any one of the said Justices or Barons, that, in his Opinion, Obedience thereto cannot be conveniently paid during such Vacation, the same shall and may, at his Discretion, be made returnable in the Court of which the said Justice or Baron shall be a Justice or Baron, at a Day certain in the next Term; and the said Court shall and may proceed thereupon, and award Process of Contempt in case of Disobedience thereto, in like manner as upon Disobedience to any Writ originally awarded by the said Court: Provided also, that if such Writ shall be awarded by the Court of King's Bench, or the Court of Common Pleas, or Court of Exchequer, in the said Countries respectively, which last mentioned Court shall have like Power to award such Writs as the respective Courts of King's Bench and Common Pleas in each of the said Countries now have in Term, but so late that, in the Judgment of the Court, Obedience thereto cannot be conveniently paid during such Term, the same shall and may, at the Discretion of the said Court, be made returnable at a Day certain in the then next Vacation, before any Justice or Baron of the Degree of the Coif, or if in *Ireland*, before any Justice or Baron of the same Court, who shall and may proceed thereupon, in such manner as by this Act is directed concerning Writs issuing in and made returnable during the Vacation.

III. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all cases provided for by this Act, although the Return to any Writ of *Habeas Corpus* shall be good and sufficient in Law, it shall be lawful for the Justice or Baron before whom such Writ may be returnable, to proceed to examine into the Truth of the Facts set forth in such Return, by Affidavit or by Affirmation (in cases where an Affirmation is allowed by Law) and to do therein as to Justice shall appertain; and if such Writ shall be returned before any One of the said Justices or Barons, and it shall appear doubtful to him on such Examination, whether the material Facts set forth in the said Return, or any of them, be true or not, in such case it shall and may be lawful for the said Justice or Baron to let to bail the said Person so confined or restrained, upon his or her entering into a Recognizance with One or more Sureties, or in case of Infancy or Coverture, or other Disability, upon Security by Recognizance, in a reasonable Sum, to appear in the Court of which the said Justice or Baron shall be a Justice or Baron, upon a Day certain in the Term following, and so from Day to Day as the Court shall require, and to abide such Order as the Court shall make in and concerning the Premises; and such Justice or Baron shall transmit into the same Court the

Punishment.

Judges to make Writs of Habeas Corpus, issued in Vacation, returnable in Court in the next Term.

Proviso.

Courts to make Writs issued in Term, returnable in Vacation.

Judges to inquire into the Truth of Facts contained in Return.

Judge to bail on Recognizance to appear in Term, &c.

Court to examine into the Truth of Facts set forth in Return.

Court may convert Truth of Return.

Writ may run into Counties Palatine, Cinque Ports and privileged Places, &c.

Process of Contempt may be awarded in Vacation against Persons disobeying Writs of Habeas Corpus in cases within Stat. 31 Car. 2. c. 2.

the said Writ and Return, together with such Recognizance, Affidavits and Affirmations; and thereupon it shall be lawful for the said Court to proceed to examine into the Truth of the Facts set forth in the Return, in a summary Way by Affidavit or Affirmation (in cases where by Law Affirmation is allowed), and to order and determine touching the discharging, bailing or remanding the Party.

IV. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the like Proceeding may be had in the Court for controverting the Truth of the Return to any such Writ of *Habeas Corpus*, awarded as aforesaid, although such Writ shall be awarded by the said Court itself, or be returnable therein.

V. And be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a Writ of *Habeas Corpus*, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, may be directed and run into any County Palatine or Cinque Port, or any other privileged Place within that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, Dominion of *Wales* and Town of *Berwick upon Tweed*, and the Isles of *Jersey*, *Guernsey* and *Man*, respectively; and also into any Port, Harbour, Road, Creek or Bay upon the Coast of *England* or *Wales*, although the same should lie out of the Body of any County; and if such Writ shall issue in *Ireland*, the same may be directed and run into any Port, Harbour, Road, Creek or Bay, although the same should not be in the Body of any County; any Law or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

VI. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Provisions made in this Act, touching the making Writs of *Habeas Corpus*, issuing in time of Vacation, returnable into the said Courts, or for making such Writs awarded in Term time, returnable in Vacation, as the cases may respectively happen, and also for making wilful Disobedience thereto a Contempt of the Court, and for issuing Warrants to apprehend and bring before the said Justices or Barons, or any of them, any Person or Persons wilfully disobeying any such Writ, and in case of Neglect or Refusal to become bound as aforesaid, for committing the Person or Persons so neglecting or refusing to Jail as aforesaid, respecting the Recognizances to be taken as aforesaid, and the Proceeding or Proceedings thereon, shall extend to all Writs of *Habeas Corpus* awarded in pursuance of the said Act, passed in *England* in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of King *Charles the Second*, or of the said Act passed in *Ireland* in the Twenty first and Twenty second Years of His present Majesty, and hereinbefore recited, in as ample and beneficial a manner as if such Writs and the said cases arising thereon had been hereinbefore specially named and provided for respectively.

C A P. CI.

An Act for enabling the Officers in His Majesty's Navy, and their Representatives, to draw for and receive their Half Pay; and for transferring the Duty of making certain Payments from the Clerks of the Cheque at His Majesty's Dock Yards to the Clerks of the Treasurer of the Navy at the same Yards. [1st July 1816.]

31 G. 2. c. 10.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the Second*, intituled *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen employed in the* Royal

Royal Navy, and for establishing a regular Method for the punctual, frequent and certain Payment of their Wages, and for enabling them more easily and readily to remit the same for the Support of their Wives and Families, and for preventing Frauds and Abuses attending such Payments; and by another Act passed in the Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to enable Petty Officers in the Navy, and Seamen, Non Commissioned Officers of Marines, and Marines, serving in His Majesty's Navy, to allot Part of their Pay for the Maintenance of their Wives and Families; and by another Act passed in the said Thirty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for establishing a more easy and expeditious Method for the punctual and frequent Payment of the Wages and Pay of certain Officers belonging to His Majesty's Navy; and by another Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for improving the Funds of the Chest at Chatham, and for transferring the Administration of the same to Greenwich Hospital, and for ameliorating the Condition of the Pensioners on the said Funds; and by another Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for the more convenient Payment of Pensions to Widows of Officers of the Navy; and by another Act passed in the said Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act for more conveniently paying of Allowances on the Compassionate List of the Navy, and of Half Pay to Officers of the Royal Marines; and by another Act passed in the said Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to amend the several Acts respecting the Payment of Wages and Prize Money and Allotment of Wages to Persons serving in His Majesty's Royal Navy; and by another Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled An Act to repeal several Acts relating to the Execution of Letters of Attorney and Wills of Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, in His Majesty's Navy, and to make new Provisions respecting the same; certain Provisions and Regulations were made respecting the Mode of Officers in His Majesty's Naval Service receiving their Half Pay, and respecting Remittances, Allotments and Payments of certain Wages, Pay, Allowances, Pensions and Bounty Money in the said Act respectively mentioned, the Payments whereof are by the said Act respectively in certain cases therein specified, authorized and directed to be made (among other Persons) by the Clerks of the Cheque at His Majesty's Dock Yards: And Whereas it would tend to the Convenience and Advantage of the Commissioned and Warrant Officers in His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay, and of Persons receiving Pensions on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy, the Bills for which are made out at the Navy Office, if they were enabled to draw for such Half Pay and Pensions by Bills of Exchange on the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, instead of being paid the same by Remittance Bills, in the manner now used: Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, if any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who shall be entitled to receive

Half Pay and Pensions may be paid by Bills of Exchange.

any

any Sum of Money for or on account of his Half Pay, or any Persons receiving Pensions on the Ordinary Estimate of the Navy, the Bills for which are made out at the Navy Office, shall be desirous of drawing a Bill of Exchange for the same upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Navy, instead of receiving the same by Remittance Bill, and shall signify such Desire by Letter to the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, the proper Officer in the Navy Pay Office (first satisfying himself of the Amount of Half Pay due from the Half Pay Book in the Navy Pay Office, and of the Pension due from the Bill made out by the Commissioners of the Navy), shall certify the same upon an Order to draw (according to the Form in the Schedule hereunto annexed), which Order shall be signed by the Commissioners of the Navy, attending the Naval Payments at the Navy Pay Office, and shall be then dispatched from the said Office to the Officer so desiring Payment, and such Order and Bill, when returned duly filled up to the Commissioners of the Navy, upon whom it shall be drawn, shall be assigned for Payment on the Treasurer of the Navy by Three of the said Commissioners, and shall be paid in the same manner as Officers' Quarterly Bills are now paid, and these Bills so assigned shall, when paid, be a sufficient Voucher and Discharge to the said Treasurer for such Payment in his Annual Account.

Representatives of deceased Officers may receive Half Pay as Officer himself might have done.

II. And be it further enacted, That if the Executors or Administrators of any deceased Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who at the time of his Death was entitled to any Half Pay, or the Executors or Administrators of any deceased Person receiving a Pension payable by Bill made out at the Navy Office, shall be desirous of receiving such Half Pay or Pension by Remittance Bill, Bill of Exchange or Extract, either in the manner hitherto used or by this Act provided, for the Payment of such Half Pay or Pension, and shall signify such his, her or their Desire by Letter to the Treasurer of the Navy, requesting Payment thereof by any of the Modes aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurer of the Navy to pay or cause the same to be paid to such Executors or Administrators in the manner required, and that all and every the Clauses, Provisoos, Pains, Penalties and Regulations contained, and now in force, in any former Act or Acts or in this Act, as to the Payment of such Half Pay or Pension by any of the Modes aforesaid, shall be applied to such Payments, to such Executors and Administrators in such and the same manner as the same are now or have been hitherto applicable to any such Payments, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were herein and hereby repeated and reenacted.

Former Acts applied.

III. And Whereas it may in some cases be more convenient to Officers in His Majesty's Navy on Half Pay residing near any of His Majesty's Dock Yards, that they should be enabled to receive the same by Extract in the manner hereinafter mentioned, instead of being paid the same by Remittance Bill, or by Bill of Exchange to be drawn as hereinbefore mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That after the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, if any Officer in His Majesty's Navy, who shall be entitled to receive any Sum of Money for or on account of Half Pay, shall be desirous of having his Half Pay paid to him by Extract at any of His Majesty's Dock Yards where Clerks for the Payment of

Officers may receive their Half Pay by Extract, in manner herein mentioned.

of Wages for the Navy shall reside, instead of receiving the same by Remittance Bill, or Bill of Exchange, it shall and may be lawful to and for every such Officer to apply either to the proper Clerk at the Navy Pay Office in *London*, or at the Pay Office at such Dock Yard, signifying such his Desire; and thereupon in case any such Application shall be made at any of the said Dock Yards, such Clerk shall take a Note thereof, and shall at such Periods as may be necessary make out and transmit to the Commissioners of the Navy Lists of the Names of such Officers as aforesaid, and the Particulars of the Half Pay claimed by them respectively, together with the usual Affidavit required in such case, which the Officer, upon his Application for Payment, shall furnish to the said Clerk; and the said Commissioners of the Navy, as well on receiving such Lists as in the Event of such Application as aforesaid having been made at the Navy Pay Office in *London*, are hereby authorized and required to transmit to the proper Clerk at the Dock Yard, where the Payment is required to be made, an Extract from the Half Pay Book of Officers in His Majesty's Navy, similar to the Extracts now sent from Ships' Books, upon the Receipt whereof Payment shall be made to such Officer of the Sum due to him, and the Amount so paid shall be brought to Account and allowed in the Monthly Certificate in the same manner as Payments upon Extracts from Ships' Books are allowed.

IV. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall falsely make, forge or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged or counterfeited, or willingly act or assist in the false making, forging or counterfeiting of any such Authority or Certificate, or Bill of Exchange or Assignment as aforesaid, or shall utter or publish as true any such false, forged or counterfeited Authority or Certificate, Bill of Exchange or Assignment, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, with intent to defraud any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, every such Person so offending shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and being thereof lawfully convicted shall suffer Death as a Felon without Benefit of Clergy.

Forging Certificates, Powers, &c.

Death.

V. And Whereas it is expedient that the Duty of making certain of the Payments as are by the said recited Acts authorized and directed to be made by such Clerks of the Cheque as relate to Allotments, Remittances of Half Pay to Seamen's Wages, to Pensions payable by Bill, to Widows' Pensions, to *Greenwich* Pensions, to Payments on the Compassionate List, and to King's Bounty to the Widows and other Relations of those slain in Fight, should be transferred to and be made by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy at the said Dock Yards respectively; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Six Months from and after the passing of this Act, the Duty of making the aforesaid Payments which by the said Acts or any or either of them, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament are authorized and directed to be made by the Clerks of the Cheque at His Majesty's Dock Yards, shall be transferred to and shall hereafter be made by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy at the same Dock Yards respectively; and that the Allotments, Remittance Bills, and all other Payments aforesaid, which under or by virtue of the said Acts or any or either of them are

Payments now made by Clerks of the Cheque to be made by Clerks of the Treasurer of the Navy.

Former Acts in force.

authorized to be directed (among other Persons) to such Clerks of the Cheque, shall, instead thereof (as to the said Clerks of the Cheque) be directed to the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy, at the same Dock Yards respectively; and that all and every the Clauses, Provisions, Pains, Penalties and Regulations contained and now in force in the aforesaid Acts, with respect to such Allotments and Remittance Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by the said Clerks of the Cheque, shall be applied to such Allotments and Remittance Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by the Clerk or Clerks of the Treasurer of His Majesty's Navy at any of the said Dock Yards, in such and the same manner as the same are now applicable to such Allotments and Remittance Bills as aforesaid, and the Payment thereof by such Clerks of the Cheque, as fully and effectually as if the same were herein and hereby repeated and reenacted; and that such of the said Payments as come under the Head of Allotments shall be checked as is now done at the Navy Office in London, and brought to account and allowed in the Monthly Certificate, and that those coming under the Head of Remittances of Half Pay and Remittances of Seamen's Wages shall be brought to account and allowed in the same manner as Payments upon Extracts from Ships' Books.

No Bill subject to Stamp Duty.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Bill of Exchange, which shall be drawn under or by virtue of this Act, shall be subject or liable to or charged or chargeable with any Stamp Duty whatever.

Who to have Benefit of Act.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Persons residing out of His Majesty's Dominions shall be entitled to any of the Privileges and Benefits given or intended by this Act.

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

FORM of the CERTIFICATE or Order for drawing a BILL for Half Pay or Pension, and of an Assignment thereof, under the Authority of the Act of the Fifty sixth Year of His Majesty King George the Third.

HALF PAY OR PENSION.

being entitled to the Sum of
(on account of Half Pay, as a _____ in the Royal
Navy, or Pension, *as the case may be,*) between the
and _____ is hereby authorized to draw the
following Bill upon the Commissioners of the Navy for the said Sum.

N. B. This Bill is not to be separated from the Authority for drawing it.

Certified *C. D.*
Treasurer's Clerk.

(Signed) *A. B.*
Commissioner of the Navy.

Gentlemen,

18 .

THREE Days after Sight, please to pay to
or Order, the Sum of _____ being the Amount of
(Half Pay due to me as a _____ in the Royal Navy,
or Pension, *as the case may be,*) for the time above mentioned.

To the Honourable the Commissioners of His }
Majesty's Navy, Somerset Place.

Navy

Navy Office,

Day of

18 .

No.

To be paid by the Treaſurer of His Maſteſty's Navy, out of Monies received under the Head of (Wages, or of General Services, *as the caſe may be*).

E. B. E. S. P. F.

BY virtue of the Act Fifty ſixth *George* the Third. — N. B. The forging of this Bill or procuring any other Perſon to forge the ſame, in order to receive the whole or any Part of the Half Pay or Penſion therein mentioned, is made Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

C A P. CII.

An Act to amend the Act of the Fifty third Year of His preſent Maſteſty, intituled *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors in England*; and to give further Powers to the Court appointed by the ſaid Act. [1ſt July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act paſſed in the Fifty third Year of His preſent Maſteſty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors in England*; and it is expedient to amend the ſaid Act, and to diſtinguiſh between the caſes of ſuch Inſolvent Debtors who ſhall have been guilty of groſs Injuſtice towards their Creditors, and the caſes of thoſe who ſhall not have ſo conducted themſelves; Be it therefore enacted and declared by The King's Moſt Excellent Maſteſty, by and with the Advice and Conſent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, and by the Authority of the ſame, That from and after the paſſing of this Act if it ſhall appear to the Court eſta- bliſhed by virtue of the ſaid recited Act, upon the Examination of any Priſoner, or otherwiſe, that ſuch Priſoner has acted with groſs Injuſtice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, either in contract- ing any Debts, or entering into any Engagements, without any fair Proſpect or probable Means of paying ſuch Debts or fulfilling ſuch Engagements, or by ſquandering or otherwiſe improperly diſpoſing of his or her Monies, Effects or other Property, which he or ſhe might have applied in paying ſuch Debts or fulfilling ſuch Engagements, either wholly or in Part, ſuch Priſoner ſhall not be entitled to his or her Diſcharge by virtue of the ſaid recited Act, unleſs the whole of the Creditors of ſuch Priſoner ſhall conſent to his or her Diſcharge, or ſuch Priſoner ſhall have been confined within the Walls of any Priſon for the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the time when ſuch Priſoner ſhall have applied for his or her Diſcharge.

In caſe Priſoner has acted with groſs Injuſtice, &c. he ſhall not be entitled to his Diſcharge, unleſs the whole of the Creditors con- ſent.

II. And be it further enacted, That in every Notice directed to be given by the ſaid recited Act, by any Priſoner, to his or her Creditor or Creditors, ſuch Priſoner ſhall declare that he or ſhe is ready and willing to ſubmit to be fully examined touching the Juſtice of his or her Conduct to his or her Creditor or Creditors.

Declaration by Priſoner.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the paſſing of this Act it ſhall not be lawful for the ſaid Court to order that any Priſoner ſhall be examined at any Seſſion of the Peace for the Counties of *Middleſex* or *Surrey*, or for the Cities or Liberties of

Order by the Court for Examination of Priſoner.

London and Westminster, or by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, out of Session, for any County, Riding, Division or Place whatsoever.

Quarter Sessions
to examine
Prisoner;

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Court established by virtue of the said recited Act, and the Courts of Quarter Sessions, shall examine each and every Prisoner touching the Justice of his or her Conduct towards his or her Creditor or Creditors.

and declare in
open Court
whether he has
acted with In-
justice or not.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Courts of Quarter Sessions for any County, Riding, Division or Place, at which any Prisoner shall be examined, shall declare in open Court whether such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, or not, and shall also certify their Determination thereon to the Court established by virtue of the said recited Act.

Prisoner not to
be examined but
at Quarter Ses-
sion of which he
shall have given
Notice to his
Creditors.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Prisoner hereafter shall be entitled to be examined under the Provisions of the said recited Act at any Quarter Sessions except at such Quarter Sessions for such County, Division, Riding or Place, and at such time whereof he shall have given Notice to each and every of his or her Creditors; and no Prisoner who shall not appear to be examined pursuant to such Notice shall be brought up before any Court to be examined without having given the like Notice at least Six Months previous to the time at which he or she shall appear in order to be examined.

Not to repeal
former Acts, ex-
cept as herein
excepted.
54 G. 3. c. 23.

VII. Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to repeal or alter any of the Powers or Provisions of the said recited Act, or of another Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His Majesty's Reign, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in England*, further than any of the Powers or Provisions in the said Acts are hereby expressly repealed or altered respectively.

C A P. CIII.

An Act for further securing the Duties on Paper and Pasteboard; and for repealing the Countervailing Duty upon Pasteboard imported from *Ireland*, and the Drawback upon Pasteboard exported; and granting other Countervailing Duties and Drawbacks in lieu thereof. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS the Regulations by Law established for securing the Duties payable on Paper made in *Great Britain* have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it has therefore become necessary to make further regulations for the better Collection of the said Duties;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard in *Great Britain*, shall from Day to Day enter or cause to be entered in a Book or Books, or on a Paper or Papers, to be delivered to him, her or them for that Purpose by the proper Officer of Excise, and kept by such Maker or Makers in some public and open Part of his, her or their
entered

Entry to be
made of Quan-
tity of Paper,
Pasteboard, &c.
turned out of
Moulds daily.

entered Premises, of the Number of Sheets of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard, distinguishing the kinds or Sorts of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, made or turned out of Moulds daily, such Number of Sheets of Paper being in such Account reduced by Calculation into Reams and Odd Quires, and such Number of Sheets of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard into Dozens and odd Sheets, with their respective estimated Weight, reckoning Twenty six of such Sheets of Paper (Two of them being allowed for waste or damaged Paper) for a Quire consisting of Twenty four Sheets when dried and finished; and shall make or cause such Entries of each Day's Work at his, her or their Mills or Manufactories, to be made and completed before Twelve of the Clock at Noon of the following Day; which Entries shall, at or after the End of every Six Weeks or Forty two Days, be delivered to the proper Officer by and verified by the Oath of such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard respectively, or his, her or their Chief Workman or Foreman employed in the Manufactory (which Oath the several Collectors and Supervisors of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer); and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, shall neglect or refuse to make any such Entry as aforesaid, or shall knowingly make, or cause or permit or suffer to be made, in any such Book or Paper as aforesaid, any false Entry, or shall remove, conceal or destroy any such Book or Paper so delivered to him, her or them as aforesaid, or fail to keep the same in some open or public Part of his, her or their entered Premises, or withhold or keep the same from the Inspection of any Officer or Officers of Excise surveying his, her or their Manufactory, or by any Means hinder, obstruct or prevent such Officer or Officers from freely examining the same, and comparing the Entries therein with his, her or their Stock, or shall erase, deface or alter any of the Entries therein or thereon, or shall upon Demand refuse or neglect to deliver in a perfect State any such Book or Paper in which any such Entries shall have been made or ought to have been made as aforesaid, at or after the End of the Six Weeks or Forty two Days for which such Book or Paper shall have been delivered to him, her or them as aforesaid, or to verify the same by such Oath as aforesaid, such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Entries to be delivered every Six Weeks, verified on Oath.

Makers making false Entries, refusing Inspection, or obstructing Officers, &c.

Penalty.

Paper, Pasteboard, &c. to be kept separate according to their respective Classes, that the Officer may take an Account without removing the same.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Officers of Excise, when Occasion shall require, or they may think fit, to inspect or take an Account of the Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard respectively, and of the kinds, Sorts and Quantities of each, in the Custody or Possession of all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard; and all and every such Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, shall at

Makers to assist
Officers in taking
Account.

Obstructing
Officer or refus-
ing him Assist-
ance.

Penalty.

The Edges of
Paper, Paste-
board, &c. may
be cut before
tied up.

But if Paper be
divided each
Piece to be
deemed a Sheet,
and Reams dis-
tinguished on
Labels with the
Words "Cut
Paper," and
kept separate
from the uncut.

all times place and keep his, her and their Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard respectively, distinct and separate, according to their respective Class or Denomination, Sort or kind, and in such manner that any Officer or Officers surveying the Mill or Manufactory may at all times, with the Assistance of such Maker and Makers, or a sufficient Number of his, her or their Servants, which Assistance they the said Maker and Makers are hereby required on the Request of such Officer or Officers to give to the utmost of his, her or their Power, correctly and without Difficulty take Account of the Number of Reams or Parcels of each Class or Denomination, Sort or kind of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard respectively, and be able, without the Necessity of removing or disturbing any of the Reams of such Paper, to distinguish the Words, matters and things directed to be printed, written or stamped upon the Wrapper, Cover or Label of each Ream of such Paper; and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in inspecting or taking such Account as aforesaid, or shall at any time refuse or neglect, when required, to give to any Officer or Officers such Assistance as aforesaid, or shall at any time neglect or refuse to keep his, her or their Stock of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard in such manner as aforesaid, or hide or conceal any Part thereof, all and every such Maker or Makers, or Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, severally forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of *October* it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, to cut the Edges of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, before the same is tied up in Reams or Parcels respectively in the manner hereinafter mentioned: Provided always, that if any Paper be divided with a Knife or other Instrument before such Paper shall be tied up in Reams or Parcels (except by cutting the Edges of such Paper), each separate Piece into which such Paper shall be so divided shall be deemed a Sheet of the Ream into which it shall or is to be tied up; and that all and every Maker and Makers of Paper shall distinguish each and every Ream of such divided Paper, by marking, writing or printing in large legible Characters and Words at Length on the Label thereof, hereinafter mentioned, the Words "Cut Paper," and the Number of Pieces into which each original Sheet has been divided, and shall place and keep such Paper separate and apart from all uncut Paper, and from all Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard; and if any Maker or Makers of Paper shall neglect or refuse to distinguish such Paper so divided as aforesaid by the Words "Cut Paper," and by the Number of Pieces into which each original Sheet has been divided as aforesaid, being so marked, written or printed thereon by him, her or them respectively as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to keep all such Paper separate

and apart from all uncut Paper, and from all Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, and Pafteboard, he, she or they so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Penalty.

Directions for tying up.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, in tying up any Ream or Parcel of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, shall make use of only one entire and unknotted String, and that such String shall pass over the Length and across the Middle of each Ream of Paper, so that the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of such String shall be on the Middle of One of the Sides of such Ream; and that such String shall pass over the Length, and Twice at equal Distances across the Breadth of each Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, so that the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of such String shall be in the Middle of One of such Crossings, and on One of the Sides of such Parcel; and all and every Ream and Reams of Paper and Parcel and Parcels of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, which shall be found by any Officer or Officers of Excise tied up otherwise than as aforesaid shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Reams or Parcels tied up contrary to Directions forfeited.

V. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, shall mark, write or print, or cause to be marked, written or printed in large and legible Characters upon the Label hereinafter mentioned, affixed on every Ream of Paper, and upon every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, the Weight of such Ream or Parcel respectively; and if any such Maker or Makers of Paper shall refuse or neglect to mark, write or print, or cause to be marked, written or printed as aforesaid, on the Label of every Ream of Paper, and of every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, hereafter mentioned, the Weight of such Ream or Parcel, or if any such Ream of Paper, or Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, shall at any time, on being reweighed by any Officer or Officers of Excise, be found to weigh less or more than Five *per Cent.* under or over the Weight so marked, written or printed on such Ream or Parcel by such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Maker or Makers of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, shall forfeit and lose the Penalty of Fifty Pounds.

Makers to mark the Weight on the Label affixed to every Ream of Paper or Parcel of Pafteboard.

Makers refusing, or if Paper found of undue Weight.

Penalty.

Directions for affixing a Label as soon as the Paper, &c. shall be tied up;

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, shall as soon as any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, has been made and tied up, as is by Law in that behalf directed, and before it is produced to the proper Officer of Excise to be weighed and stamped to denote the Charge of Duty,

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firmly and permanently fix or cause to be fixed with warm Paste, made of Glue, Flour and Water only, a Label made of a certain kind of Paper called Tissue Paper, of at least Four Inches square, and of a different Colour from the Cover or Wrapper of the Ream, to and upon One of the Sides of the Cover or Wrapper of each and every Ream of Paper, and over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof; and shall firmly and permanently fix or cause to be fixed as aforesaid, on each and every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard, a Label made of the said Paper called Tissue Paper aforesaid, of at least Nine Inches square, over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof, and to and upon another larger Piece of Paper of a different Colour placed on the Top or Bottom of such Parcel, and beneath such Knot, and between the String and outer Sheet of such Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard respectively; and shall write or print, or cause to be written or printed, on each and every such Labels respectively, in distinct and legible Characters, immediately after the same has been so affixed as aforesaid, and has become perfectly dry, the progressive Number of the Ream or Parcel, and in Words at Length the Class or Denomination and Sort or kind of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, and if the Paper has been so divided as aforesaid, the Number of Pieces into which the original Sheet shall have been divided as aforesaid, and the Weight of such Ream or Parcel as aforesaid; and shall also write, print or mark thereon the Number or Letter by which the Mill at which such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard has been manufactured, shall be distinguished by the Book or Paper delivered to such Maker or Makers and then in use as hereinbefore mentioned; and on which Label, when perfectly dry but not before, shall also be impressed by the Officer, after he has weighed such Paper, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, Part of the Stamp to denote the Charge of Duty, the other Part thereof being impressed upon the Wrapper of the Ream of Paper, or upon the larger Piece of Paper to which such Label is affixed, upon each Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard as aforesaid; and if any Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, shall not, as soon as any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, has been made and tied up as is by Law in that behalf directed, and before it is by him, her or them produced to the proper Officer of Excise to be weighed and stamped to denote the Charge of Duty, firmly and permanently so fix or cause to be so fixed with warm Paste, made of Glue, Flour and Water only, such Label as aforesaid to and upon One of the Sides of the Cover or Wrapper of each and every Ream of Paper, and over the Knot formed by tying together the Two Ends of the String thereof, or shall not firmly and permanently so fix or cause to be so fixed as aforesaid, on each and every Parcel of Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pasteboard, such Label as is before in that behalf mentioned, over the Knot formed by tying together the

and the Number of the Ream or Parcel, the Class, and other Particulars to be written thereon.

Makers neglecting to do so.

the Two Ends of the String thereof, and to and upon another larger Piece of Paper of a different Colour placed on the Top or Bottom of such Parcel, and beneath such Knot, and between the String and outer Sheet of such Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, or shall not write or print, or cause to be written or printed on such Labels respectively, immediately after the same shall have been so fixed and become perfectly dry as aforesaid, in distinct and legible Characters, the progressive Number of the Ream or Parcel, and in Words at Length the Class or Denomination and Sort or kind of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, of which such Ream or Parcel consists, and if such Paper has been so divided as aforesaid, the Number of Pieces into which the original Sheet shall have been divided as aforesaid, and the Weight of such Ream or Parcel, and also the Number or Letter by which the Mill at which such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard has been manufactured, shall be distinguished as aforesaid, every such Maker and Makers respectively so offending shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, or Pafteboard, shall, when and so often as he, she or they shall receive or have delivered at or on his, her or their entered Premises any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, which has been made or charged with Duty at any other Mill or Manufactory, or which has been returned to him, her or them, from any Customer or Customers, or other Person or Persons, mark, write or print on and distinguish every such Ream or Parcel of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard respectively, with the Number or Letter by which the Mill is distinguished as aforesaid, and at which the same was manufactured, and from whence received, or with the Words "Returned Paper" respectively, as the case may happen to be, and shall keep all such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard, separate and apart from each other, and from all other Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard, on pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard, shall once in every Six Weeks make a true Entry in Writing at the Office of Excise within the Limits whereof such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, and Pafteboard respectively shall be made, of all Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard, charged on such Maker or Makers respectively within such Period of Six Weeks, in which Entries the Number of Reams and Parcels of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard respectively, separated into and distinguished by the different Classes, Denominations, Sorts and kinds of each, and the total Weight of each Day's Charge respectively, shall be inserted

Penalty.

Makers on receiving Paper, &c. which has been made at any other Mill, or which has been returned, shall distinguish and keep same separate.

Penalty.

Entries to be made at the Excise Office every Six Weeks of all Paper, &c. charged within that Period, and stating other Particulars, to be verified on Oath.

and stated Day by Day as the same is or are stamped by the Officer, to denote the Charge of Duty, and such Entries shall be verified upon Oath by the Makers of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard respectively, or his, her or their chief Workman or Servant employed in making the same; and such Maker or Makers shall thereupon further make Oath that no other Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard respectively, than is mentioned therein, has been within such Period of Six Weeks (except such as may have been previously taken an Account of and charged with Duty) by him, her or them removed, carried or sent, or caufed, suffered or known to be removed, carried or sent from his, her or their Premises, (which Oaths the several Collectors or Supervisors of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer,) on pain of forfeiting for each and every Refusal or Neglect to keep or make such Entry or such Oath as aforesaid, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; provided that no such Maker or Makers shall be obliged to go further than the Market Town next to the Place where such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard respectively, shall have been made for the making of such Entries as aforesaid.

Penalty.
Makers traveling to make Entries.

If Quantity contained in such Entries added to uncharged Stock be Five per Cent. under Account kept daily, Deficiency charged with Duty.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard, contained and inserted in such Entries, added to the uncharged Stock of such Maker or Makers respectively, shall at any time from and after the Tenth Day of *October* be found to be less than Five *per Cent.* under and below the Account entered and kept of the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pafteboard, which shall have been daily made, and of which an Account is so to be kept as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to charge such Maker or Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard respectively, with the Duties on such Deficiency of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pafteboard respectively, as shall be below Five *per Cent.* as aforesaid, according to the Average Weight of the Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper, or Pafteboard so missing and uncharged.

X. And Whereas a certain Drawback or Allowance is by Law made and payable, on certain Terms and Conditions, of the Duty charged or chargeable on Glazed Paper and Prefs Papers, actually and *bona fide* used, employed and consumed in the pressing of Woollen Cloths or Stuffs; Be it further enacted, That such Drawback or Allowance as aforesaid shall not be made or paid, except for so much of such Papers as shall at the time of making the Oath in that behalf required of the Use and Employment of such Paper, have been produced to the Officer of Excise attending, on Forty eight Hours' Notice in Writing, specifying the Day, Hour and Place for such Attendance and Quantity of such Paper, given to him for that Purpose by the Person claiming such Allowance, and which shall, after an Account taken of such Paper by the said Officer, have been burnt in his Presence.

Glazed Paper and Prefs Paper used in pressing Woollen Cloths to be produced to Officer, to obtain Drawback.

XI. And

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no Maker or Makers of Paper, or other Person or Persons, shall carry on the Trade or Business of a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard, at any Paper or Pasteboard Mill respectively, nor shall any Maker or Makers of Paper carry on the Business of a Stationer or Dealer in Paper, in or on any Premises within the Distance of Two Miles of any Mill or Manufactory for the making of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pasteboard respectively, on pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence respectively the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and such Maker or Makers shall also forfeit and lose the Value of all the Paper by him, her or them made or manufactured during the time of carrying on such Trade of a Stationer or Dealer as aforesaid.

Makers not to carry on the Business of a Stationer at any Mill, or within Two Miles thereof.

Penalty.

XII. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties on Paper, Pasteboard, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, a Drawback of the Duties upon Paper is allowed to the Universities of *Oxford* and *Cambridge*, and to the King's Printers in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, upon all Paper used in the printing of Bibles, Testaments, Psalm Books, Books of Common Prayer of the Church of *England*, the Book commonly called or known in *Scotland* by the Name of *The Confession of Faith*, or *The Larger or Shorter Catechism of the Church of Scotland*, upon certain Conditions, and upon taking and subscribing an Oath as therein prescribed, which Oath is to be taken by the Chief Manager of the Press in the Universities, and by the King's Printers in *England* and *Scotland* respectively; And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Oath prescribed by the said Act is to be taken and subscribed by all and every Patentee of the said Offices of King's Printer respectively; Be it therefore enacted, That the Oath of the acting Patentee of the Offices of King's Printer in *England* or *Scotland* respectively shall be deemed sufficient, within the true Meaning of the said recited Act, for all the Purposes of the said recited Act.

34 G. 3. c. 20.

§ 39.

§ 41.

Oath of the acting Patentee of the Office of King's Printer sufficient, under recited Act.

XIII. And Whereas it is by the said Act made in the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty enacted, that no Pasteboard shall be made in *Great Britain*, of or from any Material or Materials whatever, save and except Paper which shall have been charged with the full Duties of Excise payable thereon, and which shall not have been written or printed on, or previously used for any Purpose whatever; and that before any Maker or Makers of Pasteboard shall begin to make any Paper into Pasteboard, he, she or they shall produce to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise all such Paper as shall by him, her or them be intended to be made into Pasteboard in the original Covers or Wrappers in which the same was charged, and having the Excise Duty Stamp fair and legible on each Ream thereof, and shall take the said Covers or Wrappers from the said Paper in the Presence of such Officer, who shall thereupon take Account of such Paper, and of the Quantity and Weight thereof, and shall destroy the Duty Stamp on each and every of the said Covers or Wrappers; and

42 G. 3. c. 94.
§ 11.

‘ to the Intent that such Officer may be enabled to attend and examine and take Account of such Paper, every and all such Maker or Makers of Pafteboard shall give to the proper Officer of Excife Twenty four Hours’ Notice in Writing of his Intention to produce such Paper, and shall specify in such Notice the true Quantity of Paper intended to be produced, and the Day and Hour when he intends fo to produce the fame : And Whereas it is expedient to confine the faid recited Provisions to Makers of Pafteboard, not being Makers or concerned or interefted in the Trade or Bufinefs of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Sheathing Paper ;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thoufand eight hundred and fixteen, the faid recited Provisions shall extend and apply to fuch Maker or Makers only of Pafteboard as is not nor are or shall be a Maker or Makers or concerned or interefted in the Trade or Bufinefs of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Sheathing Paper ; and it shall and may be lawful for all and every Maker and Makers of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper, to make at his, her or their entered Paper Mill any Pafteboard, fubject and liable to the Payment of the Duties refpectively hereinafter mentioned, according to the Quality thereof, from or with Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper made by him, her or them at fuch Mill, before the fame shall have been charged with the Duty impofed on fuch Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, or Sheathing Paper refpectively, any thing in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Refpecting Materials from which Pafteboard is to be made to apply only to Makers of Pafteboard.

Makers of Paper, &c. may make Pafteboard at their Mills fubject to Duties after mentioned.

Duty on Pafteboard imported from Ireland repealed.

Duties on Pafteboard.

Paid by Makers.

Allowance to Makers of Pafteboard from Paper which has paid Duty.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thoufand eight hundred and fixteen, the Duty of Excife payable upon Pafteboard imported from *Ireland* into *Great Britain* shall be and the fame is hereby repealed, fave and except as to any Arrears thereof ; and that there shall be raifed, levied, collected and paid unto His Majefty, his Heirs and Successors, the feveral Duties of Excife hereinafter mentioned ; that is to fay, for every One Hundred Weight of all Pafteboard which shall be made in *Great Britain* or made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, from Paper wholly of the Second Clafs or Denomination, Fourteen Shillings, and fo in proportion for any greater or leffer Quantity ; for every One Hundred Weight of all Pafteboard, which shall be made in *Great Britain* or made in *Ireland*, and imported from thence into *Great Britain* wholly or in part, from any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper, other than Paper of the Second Clafs or Denomination, One Pound Eight Shillings, and fo on in proportion for any greater or leffer Quantity ; which faid Duties refpectively shall be paid by the Makers of fuch Pafteboard.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* there shall be paid and allowed to all and every Maker and Makers of Pafteboard, not being a Maker or Makers or interefted or concerned in the Trade or Bufinefs of a Maker of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper, who shall make any Pafteboard, and be charged with the aforefaid Duties thereon refpectively, from or with Paper, Millboard,

Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper, for which the Duties shall have been charged and paid thereon respectively, and which shall have been produced and taken account of by the Officer as aforesaid before the making thereof into such Pasteboard, so much of the Duties charged and paid in respect of such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper respectively, as shall be equal to and not more than the Amount of the Duty charged and paid by such Maker or Makers of such Pasteboard, upon Oath being first made by such Maker or Makers, or his, her or their Principal Workman engaged in the said Manufactory, which Oath the several Collectors and Supervisors of Excise are hereby respectively authorized to administer, that such Pasteboard has been wholly made from such Duty paid Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper respectively, so previously produced to and taken account of by the Officer as aforesaid.

Oath by Makers.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* the Drawback payable upon the Exportation of Pasteboard shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except as to all Arrears thereof, and that there shall be in lieu of the Drawback on Pasteboard hereby repealed be† allowed the following Drawbacks; for every One Hundred Weight of all Pasteboard which shall be made in *Great Britain* from Paper, or made in *Ireland* and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, wholly of the Second Class or Denomination, and for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, Fourteen Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity; for every One Hundred Weight of all Pasteboard which shall be made in *Great Britain*, or made in *Ireland* and imported from thence into *Great Britain*, wholly or in part from any Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper or Sheathing Paper, other than Paper of the Second Class or Denomination, and for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported as Merchandise to Foreign Parts, One Pound Eight Shillings, and so in proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity.

Drawbacks on Pasteboard repealed, and in lieu thereof Drawbacks herein mentioned to be paid.

† *Sic.*

XVII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being.

Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Duties of Excise, and the said several Drawbacks of the Duties of Excise upon Pasteboard, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged and mitigated in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandise, matters and things of the same Sorts or kinds respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged and mitigated; and all Pasteboard and such Duties and Drawbacks respectively therein, shall be and the same is and

Duties and Drawbacks on Pasteboard how to be levied and paid.

Former Acts in force.

and are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, and to all and every the Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares or Merchandize respectively, were subject or liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any Nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise, and Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, hereby charged and allowed, in as full and ample manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Makers to place their uncharged Stock yearly in such manner as to enable the Excise Officers to make an annual Balance of Quantity of Paper, &c. made and charged with Duty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That for the Purpose of enabling the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to make an annual Balance of the whole Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pastedboard respectively, made by any Maker or Makers of Paper in the preceding Year, and of the Quantity thereof respectively charged with Duty, every such Maker or Makers shall, on the Fifth Day of *July* in each Year, or at such time or times as any such Maker or Makers shall decline or leave off Business, or assign or transfer such Business to any other Person or Persons not being a Partner with such Maker or Makers, on Notice being for that Purpose given by the proper Officer or Officers of Excise to such Maker or Makers, Seven Days at the least before such Account as is hereinafter mentioned shall be taken, and such Balance made, lay and place the whole of his, her or their uncharged Stock and loose Paper reduced into Reams and odd Quires as first hereinbefore mentioned, and Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pastedboard, in Dozens and odd Sheets, in such manner or Order that the same may be conveniently numbered, weighed or otherwise taken account of by such Officer or Officers of Excise; and all and every such Maker or Makers shall and are hereby required, with his, her or their Servants or Workmen, to give all needful and requisite Aid and Assistance to such Officer or Officers in numbering, weighing or otherwise taking account of such uncharged or loose Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or Pastedboard respectively, as by such Officer or Officers may be found necessary for making such Balance as aforesaid; and that such Account of the Quantity of Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and Pastedboard respectively, and of the kinds, Sorts and Quantities of each in the Custody or Possession of all and every such Maker or Makers as aforesaid, shall, upon such Notice as aforesaid, be first taken account of by such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, on the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and if any such Maker or Makers, or
any

any other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall oppose, molest, obstruct or hinder any Officer or Officers of Excise in taking such Account as aforesaid, or shall refuse or neglect to lay, place and keep his Quantity of uncharged or loose Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper and PASTEBOARD in such manner or Order as aforesaid, or shall refuse or neglect, when thereto required, to give to any such Officer or Officers such Aid or Assistance, or shall hide or conceal any such Paper, Millboard, Button Board, Button Paper, Glazed Paper, Sheathing Paper or PASTEBOARD, from the Sight and Inspection of such Officer or Officers, or shall use any Art, Means or Contrivance, to prevent any such Officer or Officers from taking a just and true Account thereof, every such Maker or Makers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Obstructing
Officer.

Penalty.

‘ XX. And Whereas by an Act made in the Thirty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties on Paper, PASTEBOARD, Millboard, Scaleboard and Glazed Paper, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*; and every Stationer and Stationers or Dealer and Dealers in Paper, are respectively required, upon opening any Ream or Bundle of Paper, forthwith to destroy or cause to be destroyed the Wrapper or Cover in which such Paper was inclosed: And Whereas by reason of the Stamp or Impression directed by this Act being put upon a Label only, it is not requisite for Security of the Duty on Paper to destroy the Wrapper or Cover in which any such Paper was inclosed;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October*, so much of the said Act as is lastly hereinbefore recited shall be and the same is hereby repealed, save and except as to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, incurred by any Person or Persons whatsoever in respect thereof, or relating thereto, before or on the Day last aforesaid.

So much of
34 G. 3. c. 20.
§ 25. as requires
the destroying of
Wrappers on
opening Bundles,
repealed.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

Recovery and
Application of
Penalties.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and the said Money, so paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid, shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

Duties carried to
Consolidated
Fund.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be convicted of wilfully taking a false Oath in any of the cases in which an Oath is required to be taken by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, in order to obtain any Drawback or Allowance

Taking false
Oaths.

Perjury.
Act may be
altered, &c.

ance by this Act granted, shall be liable to the Pains and Penalties to which Persons are liable for wilful and corrupt Perjury.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CIV.

An Act for the making more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling, and rewarding Officers and Persons making Seizures and capturing Smuggling Vessels; for licensing Luggers employed in the *North Sea* Fishery; and obliging Exporters of Exciseable Goods on Drawback to give Notice of Shipment. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient, for the Protection of the Revenue and more effectual Prevention of Smuggling, that additional Powers should be given to Officers of Customs and Excise respectively to make Seizures, and that Officers on Half Pay should be authorized and empowered to make Seizures, and that further Encouragement should be given to Officers and Persons employed in preventing Smuggling, and to Persons giving Information relating thereto, and that the Laws relating to licensing Vessels should be amended:’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Officer of Customs shall have, use and exercise all such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Examination, Seizure, Detention, Removal and Prosecution of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart or other Carriage, Horse or Cattle, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever, forfeited under any Law or Laws of Excise, as are or shall hereafter be granted, or shall or may be used or exercised in that behalf by any Officer of Excise; and that every Officer of Excise shall have, use and exercise all such and the like Powers and Authorities for the Examination, Seizure, Detention, Removal and Prosecution of any Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart or other Carriage, Horse or Cattle, or Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever, forfeited under any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty’s Customs as are or shall hereafter be granted, or shall or may be used or exercised in that behalf by any Officer of Customs; any thing in this or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Officers of Customs to have the like Powers as Excise Officers in cases of Forfeitures under the Laws of Excise; and in cases of Forfeitures under the Laws of Customs, Excise Officers to act as Officers of Customs.

Officers of the Army or Navy on Half Pay, authorized by the Treasury or the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise, may make Seizures, pursuant to their Warrant.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of the Army or Navy on Half Pay, who shall be authorized for that Purpose by Warrant or other Instrument under the Hands of the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or by a Deputation from any Three or more of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in *England, Scotland or Ireland* respectively, to seize, within any such Limits as shall be specified in any such Warrant or Instrument, any Wine, Spirituous Liquors, Tea or Tobacco, or any prohibited *East India* or *French* Goods, or any other Goods specified

in any such Warrant or Instrument which may be subject to Seizure, under any Law or Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs or Excise respectively, or any Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriages used or employed in the Importation or Removal of such Prohibited or Run Goods; and all the Powers, Provisions and Authorities contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament in relation to the making of any Seizure of any such Goods, or of any such Vessel, Boat, Horse, Cattle or Carriage for being used or employed in the Importation or Removal of any such Goods by any Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise, and to the arresting or detaining any Men liable to be arrested or detained under any Act or Acts of Parliament passed for the Prevention of Smuggling, shall extend and be construed to extend to all such Officers so authorized as aforesaid, and as to all Goods or Articles which they are respectively empowered to seize, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the several Clauses, Powers, Authorities and Directions, relative thereto, were repeated and reenacted in the Body of this present Act, as to all such Officers respectively.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer on Half Pay, Military or Naval, so authorized as aforesaid, shall make any collusive Seizure, or shall deliver up, or shall make any Agreement to deliver up, or not to seize any Ship or Vessel, Boats, Horse, Cattle or Carriage, or any Goods liable to Seizure, or shall directly or indirectly take or receive any Bribe, Gratuity, Recompence or Reward for the Neglect or Nonperformance of his Duty, in relation to any such Goods or Articles, or Seizure thereof, every such Officer therein offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and be rendered incapable of serving His Majesty in any Office or Employment, Civil or Military; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall give, offer or promise to give, any Bribe, Recompence or Reward to, or make any such collusive Agreement with any such Officer, every such Person or Persons shall, for each and every such Offence; whether the same Offer, Proposal, Promise or Agreement be accepted or performed or not, forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

IV. And be it further enacted, That every such Seizure shall be prosecuted, recovered and disposed of, under the Direction of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise in *England* and *Scotland* respectively in the same manner as if made by an Officer or Officers of the Customs or Excise; and all Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament, relative to the Seizure of the like Description of Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, by Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively; and all Powers, Authorities, Exemption and Exceptions, and all Privileges and Protections as to maintaining or defending any Suit or Action and Pleading therein, or any Costs thereon, in relation to any Acts, matters or things done or that may be done by any Officers of the Customs or Excise respectively, shall extend and be deemed, construed and taken to extend, and shall apply to all such Officers on Half Pay so authorized as aforesaid, and to all Seizures made by them respectively under the Authority of this Act, in pursuance of any Warrant or Instrument given under the Provisions thereof, in as full and ample a manner to all Intents and Purposes as if the said Penalties, Clauses, matters, things, Powers, Authorities, Exemp-

Former Acts relating to Seizures extended to such Seizures.

Such Officers making collusive Seizures or taking Bribes, and offering Bribes.

Penalty.

Such Seizures to be prosecuted under Direction of Commissioners of Customs or Excise; and the Powers, &c. given in cases of Seizures by Officers of Customs and Excise shall extend to such Half Pay Officers.

Exemptions, Exceptions, Privileges and Protections were repeated and reenacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof.

Provido as to Half Pay Officers seizing Ships liable to Forfeiture under Navigation Acts.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to give to any such Officer on Half Pay as aforesaid, any Power or Authority to feize any Ships, Goods or Commodities whatever, liable to Forfeiture under any Act or Acts of Parliament made for the Encouragement and Increase of Shipping and Navigation.

In lieu of the Rewards now payable, the Rewards herein mentioned shall be paid for Seizures.

VI. And be it further enacted, That for the further Reward and Encouragement of Officers of the Army, Navy or Marines, or Officers acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain and Ireland*, and of such Officers on Half Pay as aforesaid, and of all Officers acting under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise of *England, Scotland or Ireland* respectively, for the Prevention of Smuggling, and of other Persons giving Information of any smuggling Transaction, the Rewards hereinafter mentioned shall, in lieu of the Rewards now payable, be paid and allowed for and in respect of all Seizures of Ships, Boats or other Vessels, Goods, Wares or Merchandize under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise now in force at Sea, or for being unshipped or landed without Payment of His Majesty's Duties of Customs or Excise respectively payable on the legal Importation of such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, or the Importation of which shall be wholly prohibited; that is to say, if any such Officer or Officers making any such Seizure at Sea shall also arrest, stop and detain all the Persons who shall be or shall have been employed in navigating the Ship, Boat or other Vessel in or on board of which such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be or shall have been brought, found or seized, and shall also feize and secure such Ship, Boat or other Vessel; or making such Seizure on Shore shall also arrest, stop and detain the Person who shall be unloading, removing, carrying or concealing such Goods, Wares or Merchandize, landed without Payment of Duty or wholly prohibited as aforesaid, and also feize and secure the Cart or other Carriage, and Horse or Horses or Cattle used for removing and carrying the same; and such Officer or Officers as aforesaid shall take or convey, or cause every such Person so arrested, stopped or detained as aforesaid to be taken or conveyed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, so that he or they may be dealt with according to Law; or shall deliver every such Person who shall be fit for and liable to be employed in His Majesty's Navy to some Commander in or on board of One of His Majesty's Ships of War, then and in every such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid the whole of the Value, after deducting all such Costs and Expences as aforesaid, at which such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be respectively estimated or fixed by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively ordering and directing the Prosecution; and in case some or one only of such Persons as aforesaid shall be seized, arrested or detained, and brought before such Justice or Justices, or delivered over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, and the rest shall unavoidably escape, and such Ship, Boat or other Vessel shall also be seized and secured as aforesaid, such Officer or Officers making such Seizure

as aforesaid shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deduction as aforesaid, Three Fourth Parts or Shares of such Value as aforesaid; and in case such Officer or Officers as aforesaid, making any such Seizure as aforesaid, shall also seize and secure such Ship, Boat or other Vessel as aforesaid, or the Cart or other Carriage or Carriages, Horse or Horses, or Cattle as aforesaid, but shall not also stop, arrest and detain, and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, any of the Persons aforesaid, or shall stop, arrest, detain and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, such Persons as aforesaid, or some or one of them, but not seize and secure such Ship, Boat or other Vessel, Cart, Carriage, Horse or Cattle as aforesaid, then and in such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deduction as aforesaid, Two Third Parts of such Value as aforesaid; and in case any such Officer or Officers shall make Seizure of any such Goods, Wares and Merchandize as aforesaid, and shall neither seize and secure the Ship, Boat or other Vessel aforesaid, or arrest, detain and produce before the Justice or Justices, or deliver over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy as aforesaid, any of the Persons aforesaid, then and in such case such Officer or Officers making such Seizure of such Goods, Wares or Merchandizes only shall be entitled to and shall be paid, after such Deduction as aforesaid, One Half Part of the Value at which such Goods, Wares or Merchandize shall be so estimated or fixed as aforesaid: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, upon Proof being made to their Satisfaction that the Failure of any such Officer or Officers upon making any such Seizure as aforesaid, in arresting all or any of the Persons aforesaid, and producing them or him before such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, or delivering them or him over for the Use of His Majesty's Navy, or seizing and securing such Ship, Boat or other Vessel, was not owing to any Want of Exertion on the Part of such Officer or Officers, but was solely occasioned by Resistance, or from the Violence of the Sea, Darkness of the Night or other insurmountable Obstacles, to grant to such Officer or Officers such further Part of the Value of such Seizure as aforesaid, as by them may be deemed expedient in that behalf.

VII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, or for the Commissioners of Customs or Excise, under their Direction, to order so much of the Reward, Part or Share of any such Seizure, or of the Value thereof as aforesaid, as is by this Act given or granted to the Officer or Officers making any such Seizure as aforesaid, as they may deem proper, to be paid to the Person or Persons by whose Information or through whose Means and Assistance such Seizure may be or may have been so made; and that every such Reward, or Part or Share of any such Seizure, or of the Value thereof, as shall under or by virtue of this or any other Act be payable to any Officer or Officers, Non Commissioned Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen or Privates of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for

Proviso where Evidence to Satisfaction of Treasury that the Failure of Arrest or Seizure was not owing to want of Exertion on the part of the Officer.

Reward to Informers.

Shares of Seizures payable to Officers and Men of the Army and Navy to be distributed according to Proclamation.

executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be divided and distributed in such Proportions, and according to such Rules, Regulations and Orders, as His Majesty shall, by his Order or Orders in Council, or by his Royal Proclamation in that behalf, be pleased to direct or appoint.

Vessels liable to Examination not bringing to when required may be shot at (first firing a Signal Gun); and the Captain, &c. of His Majesty's Ship, &c. shall be indemnified, having the proper Pendant and Ensign hoisted.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That in case any Ship or Vessel, liable to Seizure or Examination by this or any other Act of Parliament in force, shall not bring to on being required so to do, or being chased by any Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Navy, having the proper Pendant and Ensign of His Majesty's Ships hoisted, or by any Ship or Vessel employed in the Prevention of Smuggling under the Authority of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, or the Commissioners of the Customs or Excise, having a Pendant and Ensign hoisted of such Description as His Majesty, by any Order in Council, or by his Royal Proclamation, under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall from time to time in that behalf order and direct, it shall and may be lawful for the Captain, Master or other Person having the Charge or Command of such Ship or Vessel in His Majesty's Navy, or employed as aforesaid, (first causing a Gun to be fired as a Signal,) to shoot at or into such Ship or Vessel so liable as aforesaid; and such Captain, Master or other Officer, and every Person acting in his Aid and Assistance, or by his Direction, shall be and he is hereby indemnified and discharged from any Penalties or Actions for Damages for so doing; and in case any Person or Persons shall be wounded, maimed or killed, by means of such firing, and the said Captain, Master or other Person acting in his or their Aid or Assistance, or by his or their Direction, shall be sued, molested, or prosecuted, or shall be brought before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or other Justices or Persons having competent Authority, for or on account of such Wounding, Maiming or Killing as aforesaid, all and every such Justice or Justices, Person or Persons, is and are hereby authorized and empowered, enjoined and required to admit every such Captain, Master or other Person or Persons so brought before him and them as aforesaid, to Bail; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Masters of Vessels not being in the Service hoisting such Pendant or Ensign. Penalty.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Ship or Vessel not being in the Service of His Majesty's Navy, or employed as aforesaid, shall carry or hoist any such Pendant or Ensign as is hereinbefore respectively mentioned, the Master or Person having the Charge or Command of every such Ship or Vessel shall forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied in such manner as any Penalty or Forfeiture is directed to be recovered and applied in and by an Act passed in the Twenty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intitled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling in this Kingdom.*

24 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 47.

One Half of the Rewards to be paid on Condemnation of Seizure, and the other on Accounts being adjusted.

X. And be it further enacted, That One Half Part of all such Rewards as aforesaid, after such Deduction as aforesaid, shall be paid by the Commissioners of Customs or Excise respectively by whom the Prosecution shall be directed to such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid who shall be entitled to the same, immediately upon the Condemnation of any such Seizure as aforesaid, and the other Half Part thereof upon the Account or Accounts relating to such Seizure being finally made up and adjusted.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Coſts and Expences attending the Seizure, Detention, Cuſtody, Removal, Proſecution, Condemnation and Sale of any Ship, Boat or other Veſſel, Carriage, Horſe, Cattle, Goods, Wares or Merchandize reſpectively, forfeited under any Law or Laws of Cuſtoms or Excife, ſhall, except in the caſes hereinafter mentioned, be paid out of the groſs Proceeds ariſing from the Sale of ſuch Seizure whenever ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize reſpectively are ſold; and in caſe any ſuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize ſhall not be ſold, but be deſtroyed or otherwiſe diſpoſed of by any Order of the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treafury for the time being, or any Three of them as aforeſaid, all ſuch Coſts and Expences ſhall be paid out of His Majeſty's Share of Cuſtoms or Excife Seizures which ſhall or may be ſeized or condemned.

Expences to be paid out of groſs Proceeds of Sale; or if Seizure not ſold, then out of The King's Share of Seizures.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That, in all caſes where any Ship, Veſſel, Boat, Horſe, Cattle, Cart, Carriage or Goods of what kind ſoever ſhall be ſeized as forfeited under or by virtue of any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majeſty's Revenue of Cuſtoms or Excife, it ſhall be lawful for the reſpective Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Excife, or any Three or more of them reſpectively, under the Direction of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treafury, if they in their Diſcretion and Judgment ſhall deem it expedient ſo to do, to order the whole or any Part of the Coſts, Charges and Expences ariſing either from the Seizure, Cuſtody, Removal, Detention or Proſecution of any ſuch Ship, Veſſel, Boat, Horſe, Cattle, Cart, Carriage or Goods, whether the ſame ſhall be condemned or not, and alſo of the Coſts, Charges and Expences ariſing from the Condemnation thereof, if the ſame ſhall be condemned, and of the Sale thereof, if ſold, whether the Produce ariſing from the Sale thereof ſhall be ſufficient to answer the ſaid Coſts, Charges and Expences or not, to be paid out of His Majeſty's Share of the Produce ariſing by the Sale of Cuſtoms or Excife Seizures, which have been or ſhall be ſeized and condemned, and ſhall pay or diſtribute to and amongſt the Officer or Officers who ſhall have made any ſuch Seizure as aforeſaid, and the Informer or Informers, if any, by whoſe Information, or through whoſe Means or Aſſiſtance ſuch Seizure ſhall be or ſhall have been made, a Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Part, Share or Proportion of ſuch Seizure, or the Value thereof, or the Reward for making ſuch Seizure directed by Law to be paid or allowed to the Informer, or Officer or Perſon making any ſuch Seizure reſpectively, in full, without deducting therefrom the ſaid Coſts, Charges and Expences, or any Part thereof, and the Reſidue of ſuch Produce ſhall be paid and applied to ſuch Uſes and Purpoſes as His Majeſty's Share of the Produce of ſuch Seizures is by Law applicable unto.

Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Excife may pay Expences in firſt Inſtance out of The King's Share of Seizures, and alſo diſtribute a Sum among the Officers, &c. not exceeding the Value of Reward appointed for Seizure, without deducting Expence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in any Proſecution carried on in His Majeſty's Court of Exchequer at *Weſtmiſter*, or His Majeſty's Court of Exchequer at *Edinburgh*, under or by virtue of any Order of the Commiſſioners of Cuſtoms or Excife in *England* or *Scotland* reſpectively, it ſhall be lawful for the ſaid reſpective Commiſſioners, or any Three or more of them reſpectively, under the Direction of the Lords Commiſſioners of the Treafury, if they in their Diſcretion and Judgment ſhall deem it expedient ſo to do, to order the whole or any Part of the Coſts, Charges and Expences of ſuch

Expences of Proſecutions may be paid out of The King's Share of Penalties.

such Prosecution, (whether the Money which shall be recovered and paid either by way of Penalty or Composition from the Defendant or Defendants shall be sufficient to answer such Costs, Charges and Expences or not,) to be paid out of His Majesty's Share of the Penalties arising by Customs or Excise Prosecutions, and to allow the Officer or Officers concerned in such Prosecution, or Person or Persons through whom Information or by whose Means or Assistance such Offences were defeated, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding a Moiety of the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be so recovered and paid as aforesaid; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

49 G. 3. c. 65.

§ 2.

repealed, and Two Justices empowered to determine in all cases of Seizure under Laws of Customs as they now do under Laws of Excise.

‘ XIV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for (amongst other things) giving Jurisdiction to Justices of the Peace to hear and determine Prosecutions for Penalties incurred by any Offence against the Laws relating to the Revenue of Customs, it is provided and enacted, that nothing in that Act should extend or be construed to extend to empower the said Justices to examine into, hear or determine any Prosecution for any Penalties incurred by any Offence against that or any Act or Acts then in force, or thereafter to be made, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, in any case wherein the same should in the whole exceed the Sum of Fifty Pounds, unless they should be so empowered by any other Act or Acts of Parliament then in force, or thereafter to be made: And Whereas it is expedient to repeal the said recited Provision, and to give to His Majesty's Justices of the Peace the same Jurisdiction in respect of Forfeitures incurred under any Act or Acts now in force, or which shall hereafter be made relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs, as they now have by Law in respect of any Forfeitures incurred under any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise; Be it therefore enacted, That the said recited Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passing of this Act it shall be lawful for any Two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for any County, Riding, City, Division or Liberty, to examine into, hear and determine all Prosecutions for the Condemnation of any Seizure made under or by virtue of any Act or Acts relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Customs; and the said Justices are hereby authorized and required, upon Information exhibited before them, for the Condemnation of any such Seizure or Seizures as aforesaid, to proceed thereon in the same manner and with the like Powers and Authorities as are given to them by any Law or Laws of Excise now in force with respect to Forfeitures for the Breach of any Law or Laws of Excise; any thing in the said recited Act, or in any other Act or Acts now in force to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

No Action to be brought for the Recovery of Penalties, &c. unless by Order of the Commissioners, or in the Name of the Attorney General.

XV. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever to commence, prosecute, enter or file, or cause or procure to be commenced, prosecuted, entered or filed, any Action, Bill, Plaint or Information against any Person or Persons for the Recovery of any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures incurred under or by virtue of any Act or Acts now in force, or which shall hereafter be made, relating to either of His Majesty's Revenues of Customs or Excise, or to issue or cause to be issued any Writ or Writs of Appraisement for the Con-

Condemnation of any Ship or Ships, Boat or Boats, or other Vessel or Vessels, or any Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever seized as forfeited under or by virtue of any such Act or Acts, unless the same be commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or issued by Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs or Excise, or by or in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General; and if any Action, Bill, Complaint, Information or Writ of Appraisement is commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or issued by or in the Name of any Person or Persons whatsoever, except upon such Order as aforesaid, or by or in the Name of His Majesty's Attorney General, the same and all Proceedings thereupon had shall be null and void, and the Court or Courts, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, where or before whom such Action, Bill, Complaint, Information or Writ of Appraisement is or shall be so commenced, prosecuted, entered, filed or issued, shall not permit or suffer any Proceeding or Proceedings to be had thereupon.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all Foreign Brandy, Rum, Geneva and other Spirits which shall be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or Officer acting under the Orders of the Lord High Admiral, or of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, or under the Orders of the Commissioners of Customs or Excise in *England*, *Scotland* or *Ireland* respectively, or by Officers on Half Pay, Military or Naval, authorized as aforesaid, at Sea or on Shore, or having been unshipped or landed without Payment of His Majesty's Duties of Customs or Excise payable on the lawful Importation of such Spirits respectively, shall after the Seizure thereof be lodged with the proper Officer of Excise, and secured and gauged and taken and kept account of; and after the Condemnation thereof respectively, upon Prosecution thereof by Order of the Commissioners of Excise, shall be forthwith conveyed to such respective Places as are mentioned or provided in an Act made in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, and there redistilled, under the Orders of the Commissioners of Excise, for the Purpose of making the same of a proper import Strength, and shall afterwards be sold or otherwise disposed of, as directed by the said Act, and by another Act made in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*, and by this Act, under the Orders of the Commissioners of Excise.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That no Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatsoever, condemned as forfeited under any Law or Laws of Customs or Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom of *Great Britain* or *Ireland*, shall be sold at a less Price than shall be equal to the Amount of the Duties of Customs and Excise respectively payable upon such Goods, Wares or Merchandize respectively, when imported or taken out for Home Consumption; and that all condemned Goods, Wares or Merchandize, for which on public Sale a Price shall not be offered equal at the least to the Price aforesaid, and all condemned Goods, Wares and Merchandize, the Importation whereof is or shall be wholly prohibited, shall be forthwith destroyed or sold for Exportation, or applied and disposed of to such Public

Brandy and other Spirits seized by Officers of the Army and Navy, &c. to be lodged with proper Officer of Excise, and after Condemnation conveyed to Places provided under 45 G. 3. c. 121. § 13. and there redistilled and afterwards disposed of as directed by 47 G. 3. Sess. 2. c. 66. § 29.

No forfeited Goods shall be sold at a less Price than equal to the Duties, &c.

Use as shall be ordered by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them.

55 G. 3. c. 118.
§ 4.

‘XVIII. And Whereas an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to regulate the Clearance of Vessels and Delivery of Coast Bonds at Creeks and Harbours in Great Britain; for exempting certain Ships and Vessels from being licensed by the Commissioners of Customs; for authorizing Officers of the Customs to seize Spirits removing without Excise Permits; and for preventing Frauds in overloading Keels and other Carriages used in conveying Coals for Exportation, or to be carried Coastwise*: And Whereas it is expedient that the said recited Act should be amended,’ Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said recited Act as enacts, that no Licences shall be required from the Commissioners of the Customs in *England, Scotland or Ireland*, for navigating certain Ships or Vessels therein particularly described, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

repealed.

‘XIX. And Whereas it is expedient to permit the Navigation of square rigged Ships and Vessels of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards, without requiring the Owners thereof to take out Licences for that Purpose from the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England, Scotland or Ireland*;

Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act no Licence shall be required from the Commissioners of the Customs in *England, Scotland or Ireland*; for navigating any square rigged Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons or upwards by Admeasurement; and no such Ship or Vessel shall be deemed liable to Seizure or Forfeiture under any Act of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, on account of her Length, Built, Construction, Denomination or Description: Provided nevertheless, that every such Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, which shall be armed or intended to be armed for Resistance, or be navigated or intended to be navigated with any greater Number of Men than is allowed by Law in proportion to the Number of Tons of her Admeasurement, shall be liable to Seizure or Forfeiture under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force relating to licensing of Ships or Vessels, unless the Owner or Owners of every such Ship or Vessel shall take a Licence for the navigating thereof, in the same manner as if this Act had not been made.

No Licence required for navigating square rigged Vessels of 200 Tons Burthen or upwards.

No Vessel liable to Seizure on account of her Construction; but armed Vessels or navigated with a greater Number of Men than allowed, liable to Seizure, &c.

‘XX. And Whereas it is expedient that certain Ships and Vessels, other than and except square rigged Ships or Vessels of Two hundred Tons Burthen and upwards, should have Licences for navigating the same;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every Ship or Vessel belonging in the whole or in any Part to any of His Majesty's Subjects, whereof One Half of the Persons on board are Subjects of His said Majesty (and being a square rigged Ship or Vessel of the Burthen of Two hundred Tons and upwards, the Difference of whose Draught of Water forward and aft shall exceed One Inch and One Quarter of an Inch for every Foot of the Breadth of such Ship or Vessel) such Draught of Water to be ascertained by a straight Line along the Rabbit of the Keel, adding to such Draught of Water, forward and aft, the Depth of the Main Keel in the Middle of the said Ship or Vessel, on the Outside, and the Draught of Water to be taken when the said Ships or Vessel,

Vessels of the Description herein mentioned found within the Limits of any Port, or within 100 Leagues of the Coast, not licensed.

Vessel, whether light or loaded, shall be in sailing Trim, which shall be found in the Limits of any Port of this Kingdom, or within any Part of the *British* or *Irish* Channels, or elsewhere, within One hundred Leagues of the Coast of this Kingdom, for which a Licence shall not have been procured from the Commissioners of Customs for navigating the same, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise.

Forfeited and seized.

‘ XXI. And Whereas it is expedient for the Prevention of Smuggling, that no open Vessel or Boat whatsoever should be permitted to go to Foreign Parts, or to take or receive any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes at Sea from any Vessel coming from Foreign Parts without a Licence for that Purpose;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, every open Vessel or Boat, belonging in the whole or in part to His Majesty's Subjects, which shall be found or discovered to have been in Foreign Parts, or shall be found with or discovered to have taken on board at Sea any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes from any Ship, Vessel or Boat coming from Foreign Parts, unless such open Vessel or Boat shall have gone into any Foreign Port, or take such Goods to preserve the same from Necessity or Distress, of which Proof shall be made before the Collector or other Chief Officer of the Customs, immediately upon the Arrival of the said Vessel or Boat in a Port of this Kingdom, unless such Boat or Vessel shall be licensed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Three or more of them, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of His Majesty's Army, Navy, Marines or of the Customs or Excise; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Every open Vessel or Boat discovered to have been in Foreign Parts, or to have taken on board at Sea any Goods from any Vessel coming from Foreign Parts, without Licence, forfeited and seized.

‘ XXII. And Whereas it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England*, *Scotland* or *Ireland*, or any Three or more of them respectively, should be empowered to restrict and limit the Operation of Licences with respect to the Employment or Navigation of Ships, Vessels or Boats licensed in such manner as they may deem proper and fit for the Security of the Revenue, and the Prevention of Smuggling;’ Be it therefore enacted, That, from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs in *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland* respectively, or any Three or more of them respectively, to grant any Licence which shall be required for the Navigation of any Ship, Vessel or Boat, upon such Condition as to the Navigation, Trade and Employment of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat, and for such Limits as to Distance from the Coast of the United Kingdom, or otherwise, as the said Commissioners may deem necessary or expedient or proper, for the Security of the Revenue and the Prevention of Smuggling; and every Ship or Boat, having any such conditional or limited Licence, which shall trade, navigate or be employed in any manner not authorized by the Licence, shall be forfeited and liable to Seizure, in like manner in any respect as if no Licence whatever had been granted for such Ship, Vessel or Boat; any thing contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Licences, or this Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Licences to be granted under such Conditions as shall be deemed necessary for Prevention of Smuggling.

Ships trading, &c. contrary to Licences, forfeited and seized.

On granting Licences, Owners to give Security in Treble the Value of Vessel.

Security to be approved.

Commissioners of Customs may grant Licences for Navigation of Luggers not exceeding 65 Tons Burthen to be employed in North Sea Fishery; but no Luger to proceed beyond the Distances herein mentioned.

Owner of Luger to give Se-

‘ XXIII. And Whereas it is expedient to increase the Amount of Security for Ships, Vessels and Boats, requiring to be licensed;’ Be it therefore enacted, That Security shall be given by the Owner or Owners of every Ship, Vessel or Boat, for which a Licence shall be required, in Treble the Value thereof instead of in Double the Value, such Security to be given under the same Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures as provided and enacted by the Laws in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, as far as the same are applicable thereto; and the Owner or Owners of any such Ship, Vessel or Boat for requiring a Licence, shall give the necessary Security for the same at the Port to which such Ship, Vessel or Boat shall belong, and no other, and the Persons who are to become such Security for the same shall be Persons approved by the Collector and Comptroller of the Customs, sufficient and responsible and residing at or near the same Port; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

‘ XXIV. And Whereas by the Laws in force every Vessel belonging in the whole or in part to His Majesty’s Subjects, or whereof One Half of the Persons on board shall be Subjects of His Majesty, exceeding the Burthen of Fifty Tons by Admeasurement, which shall be rigged or fitted as a Luger, is, together with her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle and Apparel, subject to Forfeiture, and may be seized by any Officer of His Majesty’s Army, Navy or Marines, or of the Customs or Excise: And Whereas, in consequence of such Limitation of Tonnage, great Inconvenience has been experienced by Persons carrying on the *North Sea Fishery*, upon the *Yorkshire* and *Norfolk Coast*;’ For Remedy whereof be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* and *Scotland*, or any Three or more of them respectively, to grant Licences for the Navigation of Luggers, not exceeding the Burthen of Sixty five Tons, by Admeasurement, intended to be solely employed in the Fishery carried on in the *North Seas*, between *Saint Abbs Head* on the Coast of *Scotland*, and the *South Foreland* on the Coast of *Kent*, provided that no such Luger shall proceed beyond the respective Distances from the Coast hereafter mentioned; (that is to say), when any such Luger is employed in the Fishery to the Northward of a due East Line from *Lowestoffe Light House*, and to the Southward of a due East Line from *Saint Abbs Head*, it shall not be lawful for such Luger to proceed beyond the Distance of Twenty Leagues from the Coast; when any such Luger shall be employed in the Fishery to the Southward of the said due East Line from *Lowestoffe Light House*, and to the Northward of a due East Line from the *North Foreland*, it shall not be lawful for such Luger to proceed beyond the Distance of Six Leagues from the Coast; and when employed in the Fishery to the Southward of the said due East Line from the *North Foreland*, and to the Northward of a due East Line from the *South Foreland*, it shall not be lawful for her to proceed beyond the Distance of Four Leagues from the Coast; and if any Luger licensed under the Provisions of this Act shall be found beyond the Limits and Distances hereinbefore mentioned, every such Luger shall be seized and prosecuted in the same manner she would have been if this Act had not been made: Provided always, that the Owner and Owners of every Luger,

Lugger, licensed under the Provisions of this Act, shall, before any such Lugger proceed to Sea, or sail out of any Port, Harbour or Creek of this Kingdom, give Security by Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Treble the Value thereof, in the manner required by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Forty third Year of His present Majesty, for permitting certain Articles to be warehoused in Great Britain, to other Articles not therein mentioned; and to alter the Condition of the Bond directed to be given by an Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty, by the Masters and Owners of Vessels and Boats licensed by the Lords of the Admiralty*, with respect to certain Vessels and Boats for which the Owner or Owners are required to give Security by Bond as directed by that Act.

XXV. And Whereas the Regulations by Law established for the Prevention of Frauds on the Shipment of Goods for Exportation, in respect of which a Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise is or are payable, have been found insufficient to answer the good Purposes thereby intended, and it has therefore become necessary to make further Regulations in respect thereof, Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and every Person and Persons intending to export any Goods in respect of which any Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise shall or may become payable, shall give to the proper Officer or Officers of Excise of the Port where the same shall be shipped, Six Hours at the least before such Shipment shall be made, a Notice thereof in Writing, in which Notice shall be specified the Number of Packages intended to be so shipped, with their respective Marks and Numbers, and the Quantity and Quality of the Goods contained in each such Package, and Rate and Amount of Duty which have been paid thereon, and shall also specify the Quay or Place where such Package or Packages and Goods are lying, and from which such Goods are intended to be shipped, and the time when such Shipment is intended to take place, and the Name of the Ship or Vessel in which the same are intended to be shipped and exported, and of the Master or Commander thereof, and of the particular Port or Place to which such Goods are intended to be exported, and also the Place or Situation of the Port in which such Vessel shall then lie and may be found; and that if any Goods shall be shipped for Exportation, without such Notice as aforesaid being so given and delivered as aforesaid, or without such Officer having been allowed an Opportunity of inspecting and examining the same in consequence of such Notice, or if such Person or Persons shall not, after the Expiration of such Six Hours, or after the said Officer has finished and completed his Examination of the said Goods, with all due Diligence, and without any unnecessary Delay, ship the same and every Part thereof, no Drawback or Drawbacks of Excise shall be paid or payable thereon or in respect thereof.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon the Examination of any Goods, or any Package or Packages specified in such Notice as aforesaid, by any Officer or Officers of Excise, any of such Goods, Package or Packages shall be found to vary from the Description

curity in Treble its Value in manner required by 46 G. 3. c. 137. § 2.

Regulations to be observed on the Shipment of Goods for Exportation where Drawbacks of Excise are allowed. Notice.

Goods shipped without Notice, &c.

No Drawback.

If on Examination such Goods shall be found to vary from Description given, and a

greater Draw-
back would have
been claimed
than of Right
due, Goods
forfeited.

Entering such
Goods for Ex-
portation.

Penalty.

Description thereof respectively contained in such Notice, so that a higher or greater Sum of Money than of Right due shall have been claimed, or would according to such Description, in case such Discovery or Detection had not been made, have been, on the Exportation of such Goods or Package or Packages respectively, deemed payable as a Drawback or as Drawbacks of Excise in respect thereof, or His Majesty in any respect defrauded therein, all and every such Goods or Package or Packages, and the Goods contained therein respectively, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons who shall have entered the same for Exportation, knowing thereof, shall, over and above all other Penalties, forfeit and lose for each and every such Offence Treble the Value of such Goods, including the Duty or Duties paid or payable thereon, or the Sum of One hundred Pounds for each and every such Package, at the Election of the Commissioners of Excise, to be signified in and by the Information to be filed or exhibited for the Recovery thereof.

45 G. 3. c. 121.

47 G. 3. Sess. 2.
c. 66.

Persons detained
under recited
Acts liable to
serve in the
Navy.

XXVII. And Whereas Doubts may arise whether any Person or Persons who hath or have been, or who hereafter shall or may be arrested and detained under or by virtue of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Smuggling*, or of another Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to make more effectual Provision for the Prevention of Smuggling*; and who, under or by virtue of the said Acts or either of them, is, are or would be liable to be impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service, now is, are or may be liable to be kept and detained in the said Service, by reason that there may not be any Person or Officer employed in His Majesty's Impress Service, or authorized or empowered by Warrant to impress Seamen into the said Service; Be it therefore enacted and declared, That all and every Person and Persons who now is or are or hereafter shall or may be arrested or detained under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, and who, under or by virtue of the said Acts or either of them, is, are or would have been liable to be impressed into His Majesty's Naval Service, is, are and shall be liable to serve His Majesty in the said Service, and to be kept and detained in the said Service, in such and the same manner, and for such and the same Period of time as in the said Acts, or either of them, is mentioned; and that all and every Persons and Person, Officers and Officer, who by the said Acts or either of them might or would have been authorized or empowered to receive, keep and detain any such Person or Persons as in the said Acts or either of them is or are mentioned, are, is and shall be, and are and is hereby declared to be authorized and empowered so to do, in such and the same manner, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if all and every such Persons or Person, Officers or Officer, had been authorized and empowered so to do by any Impress Warrant issued for that Purpose.

C A P. CV.

An Act to amend and continue, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for regulating the Trade in Spirits between *Great Britain* and *Ireland* reciprocally; and to grant and allow new countervailing Duties and Drawbacks on Spirits imported and exported between *England* and *Scotland* and *Ireland* respectively. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to regulate, until the End of the next Session of Parliament, the Trade in Spirits between Great Britain and Ireland reciprocally*; and which said Act was and is continued by another Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, until the End of the present Session of Parliament; and it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued, except so far as the same may be altered by this present Act, and except so far as relates to the Drawbacks made payable under the said Act on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, and exported from thence to any other Place than *Great Britain*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said recited Act, except as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby further continued, from and after the End of this present Session of Parliament, and shall remain and continue in force from thence until the End of the next Session of Parliament.

54 G. 3. c. 149.
continued by

55 G. 3. c. 132.

(except as here-
in excepted) fur-
ther continued.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the following Drawbacks in respect of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of Spirits made or distilled in *England* or *Scotland* respectively from Corn or Grain, and which shall after that time be exported to *Ireland*, shall be allowed and paid in lieu of the Drawback granted in the said Act hereby continued; that is to say,

Drawbacks for
Spirits distilled in
England or
Scotland and ex-
ported to Ire-
land.

Upon every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, and so exported after the said Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, a Drawback of Four pence Farthing at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four, or Twenty five per Centum over Hydrometer Proof:

And upon every Gallon of such Spirits made or distilled in *Scotland*, and so exported after the said Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, a Drawback of Three pence Farthing at the Strengths respectively as aforesaid.

III. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, upon the Exportation of any Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland*, from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, which shall have been or shall be warehoused in *Ireland*, in manner required by Law, and which shall be exported from thence to any Part of *Great Britain* after the said

Drawback for
Spirits distilled in
Ireland and ex-
ported to G. B.
instead of Draw-
backs by

54 G. 3. c. 149.
Fifth § 8.

Fifth Day of *July*, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be allowed and paid a Drawback of Four pence Farthing, and no more, upon every Gallon of such Spirits, for and in respect of the Duty paid on the Malt used and consumed in the making of such Spirits, in lieu and instead of all Drawbacks allowed or made payable on such Spirits by the said Act hereby continued, and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise in Ireland upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain.*

55 G. 3. c. 139.
§ 5.

Instead of Countervailing Duties on British or Irish Spirits now payable, the following to be paid.

Countervailing Duties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the several countervailing Duties on *British* or *Irish* Spirits mentioned in the said Act hereby continued, or in any other Act or Acts, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, during the Continuance of this Act, the several countervailing Duties following; that is to say,

For every Gallon *Irish* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Great Britain*, and which at any time after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be imported, or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into *Ireland*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Four, or Twenty five *per Centum* over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Ten pence Farthing *British* Currency; and so in proportion for any less Degree of Strength, not being less than that of One to Ten or Ten *per Centum* over Hydrometer Proof:

For every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and which at any time after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Nine Shillings and Sixpence Three Farthings; and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength, not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof:

For every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland* between the Tenth Day of *October* and the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Eight Shillings and Four pence Farthing; and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof:

And that from the time of passing this Act, for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence under or by virtue of this Act, or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, and which shall, before or upon the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, be imported and brought from *Scotland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of One Shilling and Two pence Halfpenny:

And

And for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence after the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, under and by virtue of this Act or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Five Shillings and Nine pence Farthing, and so in proportion for any greater Degree of Strength not exceeding that of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof:

And for every Gallon *English* Wine Measure of Spirits which shall be made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported or brought from thence after the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, under or by virtue of this Act, or the said Act hereby continued, into *Scotland*, and from *Scotland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, at a Strength not exceeding that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, an Excise Duty of Three Shillings and Nine pence Halfpenny.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the several countervailing Duties imposed by the said Act hereby continued on Spirits made or manufactured in *Ireland*, and imported from thence under the said Act into *England* or *Scotland*, shall respectively remain and continue payable for and in respect of all such Spirits so imported before or upon the said Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

VI. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of the Strength of any such Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom by the Hydrometer called *Sikes's (a) Hydrometer*, when and so soon as the same shall be by Law established and brought into use, the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this and the said Act first hereinbefore recited; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid Twenty two *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's (a) Hydrometer*, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Four over Hydrometer Proof mentioned in this and the said Act first hereinbefore recited; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or either of them, for or by reason of their being respectively of a higher Degree of Strength than One to Ten or One to Four over Hydrometer Proof respectively as aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said Spirits being respectively of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Strength of Eight *per Centum* or Twenty two *per Centum* above Proof respectively as aforesaid.

(a) [*Spelt Sykes, cap. 106. post. § 29.*]

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Distiller or Distillers of Spirits in *Scotland* for Exportation to *England*, nor any Distiller or Distillers in *England* for Exportation to *Scotland*, or for Home Trade or Consumption, shall make or brew any Wort or Wash for Distillation from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any Mixture with the same, between the Fifth Day of *July* and the First Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and if any such Distiller or Distillers shall between the Fifth Day of *July* and the First Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, make or brew any

Worts

Countervailing Duties under 54 G. 3. c. 149. § 3. on Spirits made in Ireland to continue on Spirits imported before 10th Oct.

Trials of Strength of Spirits by Sikes's Hydrometer.

In what case Spirits, &c. subject to Forfeiture under this Act, and 54 G. 3. c. 149. § 7. to remain so.

No Wort or Wash from Malt, &c. to be brewed for Distillation between July 5 and Oct. 1, 1816.

Worts or Walk from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any Mixture with the same, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

Duties to be under Management of Commissioners of Excise.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in that Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*.

Duties and Drawbacks how to be levied and paid.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties and Drawbacks by this Act imposed and granted shall respectively be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid, in such and the like manner and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the former Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively were or might be raised, levied, collected, recovered and paid, and the said Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, so by this Act respectively made liable to the Payment of or chargeable with the said Duties imposed or entitled to the said Drawbacks respectively granted by this Act, shall be and the same are hereby made subject and liable to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which such Persons, Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities were generally or specially subject and liable by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act respecting the Duties of Excise, or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise in *England* and *Scotland*, and of Customs and Port Duties in *Ireland*, respectively, were or might be subject or liable; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on and immediately before the passing of this Act, for securing the Revenue of Excise, or other Duties under the Management of the said Commissioners of Excise respectively, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution for and in respect of the said several Duties and Drawbacks of Excise respectively hereby charged and imposed, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Former Acts in force.

Duties carried to Consolidated Fund.

X. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties by this Act imposed (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law

Law or Laws of Excise, or by any Actiō of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* or *Ireland* respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered; amended or repealed by any Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament. Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. CVI.

An Act to repeal the Duties payable in *Scotland*, upon Wash and Spirits and Distillers' Licences; to grant other Duties in lieu thereof; and to establish further Regulations for the Distillation of Spirits from Corn for Home Consumption in *Scotland*, until the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing so much of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, as relates to the Distillation of Corn Spirits in small Stills, in certain Counties or Districts of the Highlands in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; and for authorizing the Commissioners of Excise in Scotland to grant Licences to Persons living in the said Counties or Districts to distil Spirits from Barley, Bear or Big, the Growth of the said Counties, and for imposing a Duty on such Licences: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland, and the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and from Scotland to England, for a limited time: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty additional Duties on Distilleries in the several Parts of the Highlands of Scotland, herein particularly described, for a limited time; and for regulating the Duties on Distilleries in the respective Districts in Scotland: And Whereas another Act was passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties of Excise on Distilleries in Scotland, and on the Exportation of British made Spirits from England to Scotland, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof; and for altering, amending and continuing certain Acts of Parliament for the Regulation of Distilleries in Scotland; by which several Acts Regulations were made relative to Stills and Distilleries in certain Districts of Scotland, distinguished from each other by Boundaries, in the said Acts respectively particularly described and set forth: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the Duties payable in Scotland, upon Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof: And Whereas another Act was made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen,******

25 G. 3. c. 22.
33 G. 3. c. 61.
37 G. 3. c. 102.
39 & 40 G. 3. c. 73.
54 G. 3. c. 172.
55 G. 3. c. 155.

the

' the temporary Fourth Part of the Duties payable in Scotland upon
 ' Distillers' Wash, Spirits and Licences, imposed by an Act of the
 ' Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty; and for enabling His
 ' Majesty, by Order in Council, to modify the Operations of the said
 ' Act, or reduce the Duties thereby imposed: And Whereas Doubts
 ' have been entertained, whether the Distinction of Lowland, High-
 ' land and intermediate Districts, as described by the Boundary
 ' Lines in any of the said Acts made in the Twenty fifth, Thirty
 ' third, Thirty seventh and Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years respect-
 ' ively, of His Majesty's Reign, were abolished by the said Two last
 ' mentioned Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of His
 ' Majesty's Reign respectively, or were still to be continued and
 ' observed; and by reason thereof Questions have arisen, whether
 ' Spirits could pass from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland;
 ' and it is necessary that Spirits should be allowed to be carried by
 ' Permit from any one Part to any other Part of Scotland: And
 ' Whereas it is expedient that the Duties imposed by the said recited
 ' Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present
 ' Majesty, upon Wort or Wash brewed or made from Malt, Corn,
 ' Grain or Tilts, or any Mixtures therewith, and upon Spirits
 ' extracted therefrom, and upon Licences to be taken out by
 ' Distillers and Rectifiers in Scotland, should be repealed, and that
 ' other Duties should be substituted in lieu thereof; and that further
 ' Regulations should be made with respect to the Distillation and
 ' Manufacture of Spirits from Corn for Home Consumption in
 ' Scotland: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be
 ' enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty;
 ' by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
 ' Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and
 ' by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Tenth Day
 ' of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all and singular
 ' the Duties of Excise on Worts or Wash brewed or made from Malt,
 ' Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any Mixture therewith, in any Part of
 ' Scotland, for extracting Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland;
 ' and all and singular the Duties on Spirits made or distilled in Scotland
 ' from Malt, Corn, Grain, Tilts or any Mixture therewith, for Con-
 ' sumption in Scotland, and upon Licences to be taken out by Distillers
 ' and Rectifiers in Scotland (a), shall be and the same are hereby
 ' repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the recovering,
 ' allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which shall at
 ' that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines,
 ' Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have
 ' been incurred at any time before or on that Day. (a) [See the
 ' Terms on which former Duties repealed, 54 G. 3. c. 172. § 1.]

Expedient to
 repeal Duties of
 54 G. 3. c. 172.
 § 2.

Duties repealed.

Exception.

Instead of Duties
 repealed, the
 Duties herein
 mentioned to be
 paid.

II. And be it enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day
 of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in lieu and
 place of the said Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied
 collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the
 several Duties of Excise hereinafter mentioned; that is to say, For
 every Gallon of Wort or Wash, brewed or made in any Part or
 Place in Scotland, from any Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any
 Mixture with the same, for extracting Spirits for Consumption in
 Scotland, Eight pence; For every Gallon of Spirits of the Strength
 of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, which shall be made or
 distilled

distilled from any Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, or any Mixture therewith, in any Part or Place in *Scotland*, for Consumption in *Scotland*, Nine pence; The said Duties to be paid by the respective Makers or Distillers of such Wort, Wash or Spirits respectively: For every Licence to be taken out by any Distiller or Maker of Low Wines or Spirits in any Part or Place in *Scotland*, for Sale therein or for Exportation therefrom, the Sum of Ten Pounds; For every Licence to be taken out by any Rectifier of Spirits in any Part or Place in *Scotland*, the Sum of Five Pounds; The said Duties for Licences to be paid by the respective Distillers and Rectifiers taking out such Licences respectively.

III. And be it enacted, That the said Duties granted by this Act shall be under the same Management, and shall be raised, levied, collected, secured and paid, in the same manner, and by the same ways and means, and under and subject to all the Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Provisions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, and with and subject to such and the like Powers, Authorities and Declarations, as are provided by the said recited Act, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Management, Collection and Recovery of the Duties thereby granted.

Management
and Collection
of Duties.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the Duties granted by this Act (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

Appropriation of
Duties.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Fourth Part of the several Duties granted by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, which were continued by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, to the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be, and the same Fourth Part of the said several Duties is hereby further continued from the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall remain and continue in force until the Ninth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and the same, with the other Duties granted by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, shall be raised, levied, collected, secured and paid, and be appropriated and applied in the manner directed by the said last recited Act.

The temporary
Fourth Part of
the Duties
granted by
54 G. 3. c. 172.
and continued by
55 G. 3. c. 155.
§ 1. further con-
tinued till Nov.
9, 1816.

VI. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, all Distinctions between the High and Lowland and intermediate Districts in *Scotland*, as described in the said hereinbefore recited Acts, or any other Act or Acts relating to the Distilleries in *Scotland*, and all such Boundaries and Distinctions between any such different Parts or Districts of *Scotland*, and all Limitations and Restrictions relative thereto, shall be and the same are hereby repealed and abolished; save and except as in the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid is provided in relation to the Size and Capacity of the Stills, and subject to the Provisions of this Act.

Distinction of
Districts in Scot-
land relative to
Stills and Distil-
lers, and
Boundary Lines,
abolished.
54 G. 3. c. 172.
§ 6, 7.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction,

Treasury em-
powered to al-
low Use of
Stills of inferior
Size.

54 G. 3. c. 172.
§ 6, 7.

Treasury also empowered to permit Position of Vessels or Utenfils now existing to remain.

signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being, by any Licence or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to permit any Distiller or Distillers in *Scotland* to make use of Stills of inferior Size and Capacity to those respectively prescribed by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year aforesaid, not being less than Forty Gallons, under such Conditions, Limitation, Regulations and Restrictions, as the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing contained in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being, by any Licence or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to permit and suffer any fixed Vessel or Utenfil of any Distiller, which has been fixed or placed before the First Day of *October*. One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, contrary to the Regulations now in force, in relation to the fixing and placing of Vessels or Utenfils in the Distilleries for Home Consumption in *Scotland*, to continue or direct the whole or such Part or Parts of such Vessels or Utenfils as are now fixed or placed, to be altered to such Extent and in such manner as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think proper, under such Limitations, Regulations, Conditions, Modifications and Restrictions, as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing contained in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty respectively, or of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury empowered to give an Extension of Credit.

IX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being, by any Licence or Authority in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them, to allow such time as they shall think fit for the Payment of the Duties by this Act imposed, not exceeding Fourteen Days from the time the same shall respectively become due and payable, and to take such Security or Securities for the Payment thereof as the said Commissioners of Excise shall think proper; subject to such Limitations, Conditions and Restrictions as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think fit; any thing in the said recited Acts of the Fifty fourth and Fifty fifth Years aforesaid, or in any Act or Acts relating to the Distillery, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury empowered to reward Officers.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, by any Warrant, Order or Instruction, signed by any Three or more of them, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being, by any Order or Warrant, signed by any Three or more of them, to grant such Rewards to

Officers, to be paid out of any Duties of Excise in *Scotland*, for Services performed by them in preventing illicit or fraudulent Distillation, as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall think proper; subject to such Rules, Directions, Conditions and Modifications, as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury shall prescribe; in order to make it the Interest of such Excise Officers that no illicit or fraudulent Distillation whatever shall take place within their respective Districts.

XI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, every Distiller for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall be charged with and pay the Duties imposed by this Act, at and after the Rate of Fourteen Gallons of Spirits, of the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, for every One hundred Gallons of Wort or Wash prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, of the Gravity hereinafter mentioned.

Of Malt Spirits
14 Gallons to be
produced for
every 100 Gal-
lons of Wash :

XII. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall, from the Commencement to the Termination of his, her or their Licence, or when such Distiller shall previously cease working for the Season, extract, make, distil or produce from Wort or Wash prepared or made from Malt, Corn, Grain or Tilts, any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of Fourteen Gallons for every Hundred Gallons of such Worts or Wash so distilled into Spirits as aforesaid, every Distiller shall pay Duty for all such Spirits exceeding the Proportion aforesaid, at and after the Rate of Four Shillings and Nine pence for every Gallon of such Excess, computed at the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, over and above all other Duties on Worts, Wash or Spirits whatsoever.

Excess to pay
the Duty herein
mentioned.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That after the Worts, liable to the Duties imposed by this Act, shall have been drawn off from the Mesh Tun, it shall not be lawful for any Distiller or other Person to throw into or mix therewith any Mixture called Lob, or any other Mixture or Substance whatsoever, by which the Gravity of such Worts may be increased; and that if, after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, any Distiller or other Person shall throw into or mix with any such Wort or Worts, after the same shall have been drawn off from the Mesh Tun, any such Mixture called Lob, or any other Mixture or Substance whatever, by which the Gravity of any such Wort or Worts, or the Wash made therefrom, or any Part thereof, shall be increased; or shall mix all or any Part of such Wort with any other Wort, after the Gravity thereof has been ascertained and taken account of as hereinafter mentioned, or all or any Part of such Wash with any other Wash, except in the Jack or Under Back hereinafter mentioned; or convey away or conceal any Part of such Wort or Wash; every such Distiller or Person guilty of such Offence, or on whose Premises any such Offence shall be committed, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Gravity of
Worts after
being drawn
from the Mesh
Tun, not to be
increased.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the whole Quantity of such Worts that are to be placed in any Wash Batch, Tun or Vessel, for Fermentation, shall be collected therein within the Space of Twelve Hours from and after the Commencement of running or conveying any Part of the said Worts from the Coolers or other Vessels; and all

Penalty.

Gravity of
Wash by the
Saccharometer.

Distiller offend-
ing.

and every Distiller or Distillers shall, within such Twelve Hours, make and deliver to the proper Officer a Declaration in Writing, that such Worts so collected as aforesaid are of a Gravity not exceeding Seventy five, as indicated by the Instrument hereinafter mentioned, called a Saccharometer, directed by this Act to be provided and used for this Purpose; and if any Distiller or Distillers shall refuse or neglect so to collect all such Worts within the time aforesaid, or shall ferment or mix such Worts with any Yeast, or any matter or thing for or occasioning Fermentation, without making and delivering such Declaration as aforesaid, or which after being so collected as aforesaid, shall exceed the Gravity aforesaid, every such Distiller or Distillers shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

No fixed Means
of Communica-
tion from one
Vessel to an-
other to be used.

XV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for any Distiller for Home Consumption in *Scotland*, to have or use any fermenting Tun or Vessel in which the Worts or Wash are set to ferment, which has a Communication, by Means of a Tube or Pipe or by any other fixed Means of Communication, with any other fermenting Tun, or any Vessel whatsoever; and if any such Distiller shall, after such Period, have or use any such fermenting Tun or Vessel, which has such Communication with any other fermenting Tun or Vessel, every such Distiller shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Wash necessary
to charge Still to
be conveyed to a
Jack Back.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Wash used or made by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall, before it is put into the Still for Distillation into Low Wines, be conveyed in an open Trough or Trunk from each fermenting Tun or Vessel in which it shall have been fermented, into a circular or oval Vessel called a Jack Back or Under Back, which shall be placed in the Still House as near as conveniently may be to the Wash Still, and shall be of a Size sufficient to contain all the Wash necessary to charge the Still; and no more Wash shall be conveyed into such Jack Back at One time than is sufficient to charge the Still; and such Charge of Wash shall be so conveyed into such Jack Back before the Still shall be unlocked for the Purpose of being charged; and the whole Quantity of Wash conveyed into such Jack Back, after being gauged by the Officer, shall be pumped up into an open Shute or Trunk, from whence it shall be conveyed into the Still; and if any Wash used or made by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall not, before it is put into the Still for Distillation into Low Wines, be conveyed into an open Trough or Trunk from each fermenting Tun or Vessel into which it shall have been fermented, into such Jack Back so placed in the Still House or as near as conveniently may be to the Wash Still; or if more Wash be conveyed therein at one time than is necessary to charge such Wash Still, every Distiller so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and if the Wash, or any Part thereof, shall be removed or conveyed from such Jack Back, before the proper Officer shall have taken an Account thereof in such Jack Back, or shall be kept or concealed from such Officer in any manner whatsoever; or if the whole Quantity so conveyed shall not, after such Account thereof has been taken, be pumped into the Still in the manner herein directed, every such Distiller shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Penalty.

XVII. Pro-

XVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any such Distiller, whose Works are already constructed, wherein the Wash has been conveyed by fixed or close Tubes from the fermenting Tuns into the Jack Back, shall be desirous of continuing the Use of such fixed or close Tubes; it shall and may be lawful for such Distiller to continue the Use thereof; provided that every such fixed or close Tube shall be placed higher than the Top of the Jack Back, and that upon such fixed or close Tube there shall be no Stop Cock or Interruption whatever, which may prevent the whole Wash therein from running into the Jack Back; and provided further, that upon every Discharge Cock communicating from any Wash Tun with such fixed or close Tube, there shall be a sufficient Lock and Fastening, to be provided by the proper Supervisor, at the Expence of such Distiller; and that the same shall be and remain always locked and sealed, excepting when the same shall be opened at the Sight of the proper Officer, who shall attend when thereunto required by such Distiller, for the Purpose of allowing the Wash in any such Wash Tun to run into such fixed or close Tube, to be thereby conveyed into the Jack Back; and if any such Distiller shall use any fixed or close Tube, or Discharge Cock, which shall not be of the Description aforesaid, or shall open, break or injure any Lock or Fastening to be provided for any such Discharge Cock, every such Distiller shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Works already constructed for conveying the Wash to be continued on certain Conditions.

Penalty.

Jack Back to be gauged.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That before the Wash so conveyed into the Jack Back as a Charge for the Still, shall be pumped into the same, if the Officer shall, upon gauging and taking account thereof in such Jack Back, find that the Quantity of Wash so conveyed into such Jack Back or Vessel is greater than the Quantity of Wash which was previously ascertained to have been in the fermenting Vessel or Vessels from whence the same shall have been so conveyed; then the Duty imposed by this Act shall be paid for any Excess of Wash so found in such Jack Back, in addition to the Duty charged upon such Quantity in such fermenting Vessel or Vessels.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to take a Sample or Samples of any Wort at any time or times after the same shall have been drawn from off the Mesh Tun, as often as may be necessary, for the Purpose of ascertaining the Gravity thereof; and in like manner it shall be lawful for any Officer of Excise to take a Sample or Samples of any Wash at any time or times after the same shall have been put in any Tun or Vessel, Tuns or Vessels for the Purposes of Fermentation, or in the Jack Back for pumping the same into the Still; and every Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall fix or cause to be fixed in every fermenting Tun or Vessel, within Thirty Inches from the Bottom thereof, a Brass Cock of sufficient Size, to enable any Officer of Excise to draw off, without Inconvenience or Delay, a Sample or Samples of the Wash contained therein; and any such Distiller who shall neglect or delay so to do, after being thereunto required by any Excise Officer, or shall hinder or prevent such Officer from taking any such Sample or Samples as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Samples of Wort, &c. may be taken.

Penalty.

Saccharometer to be provided

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Instruments to be used in order to ascertain the Gravity of Wort or Wash, as directed by

to ascertain the
Gravity of
Worts.

by this Act, shall be those made in the manner of a certain Instrument called a Saccharometer, invented by Doctor *Thomson*, but described, from the Maker's Name, *Allen's Saccharometer*; and it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland*, by and with the Approbation of the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and they are hereby required to provide a sufficient Number of such Saccharometers to be used by the Officers of Excise acting in the Execution of this Act.

One Saccharo-
meter to remain
at Excise Office
and shewn.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That one of the Instruments known by the Name of *Allen's Saccharometer*, to be provided by the Commissioners of Excise as aforesaid, shall be and remain at their Office in the City of *Edinburgh*, and shall be shewn to any Distiller who shall desire to see the same, during the Hours of Eleven in the Morning and Three in the Afternoon.

On Increase of
Gravity.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if, upon making trial of or taking an Account for ascertaining the Gravity of the Wort or Wash in any Vessel by the said Instrument called a Saccharometer, it shall appear that the Wort or the Wash made therefrom shall have increased in Gravity since the last preceding Trial of the same with the same Instrument, to the Extent of Five Degrees, as indicated on that Instrument, the Wort or Wash in any and every such Vessel shall be deemed and taken to have been fraudulently altered or charged, and the whole Quantity of Wort or Wash therein shall be charged with Double the Duty imposed by this Act upon Wort or Wash.

Double Duty.

Position of Tuns,
&c. not to be
altered.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* to alter in any respect the Size, Situation or Position of any Tun, Vessel, Jack Back, Still or other fixed Utensil whatsoever, used by him for the Purposes of Distillation, or in the Preparation of any Material for Distillation, without giving Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise of his Division; and if any Distiller or other Person shall in any respect alter the Size, Situation or Position of any such Tun, Vessel, Jack Back or fixed Utensil, without such Notice, or shall place any Substance, matter or thing at, in or upon the Dipping Place or Places of any Tun or other Vessel used by him; or shall make any Alteration in such Dipping Place or Places; or shall do any Act, matter or thing by which the Officer may be prevented or hindered from taking true Dips and Gauges of any Wort or Wash therein; every such Distiller so offending, or in whose Premises any such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Low Wine
Pump and
Charging Cock
of Low Wine
Still to be locked.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Low Wine Pump, and also the Charging Cock of the Low Wine Still, used by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland*, shall be locked and sealed, and opened by the Excise Officer in the same manner that the Wash Pump and Charging Cock of the Wash Still used by such Distiller are locked and sealed and opened by the Excise Officer; and proper Locks and Keys shall be provided by every such Distiller for this Purpose; and if any Person shall by any Means open any such Low Wine Pump or Charge Cock, after the same shall have been so locked or secured by the Excise Officer, or shall wilfully damage the same, or the Lock or Fastenings,

Opening Lock,
&c.

Fastenings thereof, every such Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Spirit Cask or Receiver, into which the Spirits are required to be run or conveyed from the Low Wines produced from each Charge of the Wash Still or Stills used by any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland, shall be placed by every such Distiller as near to the Discharge of the Worm of the Low Wine Still as conveniently may be, and not hid or concealed from open View; which Spirit Cask or Receiver shall be sufficient to contain the whole Produce of Spirits to be run from each Charge of such Still; and if every such Spirit Cask or Receiver shall not be placed in the manner, and be of the Size herein directed, every Distiller or Person offending in this respect shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.
Spirit Cask or Receiver to be placed near to the Worm, and to be of sufficient Capacity to hold the Charge.

XXVI. And Whereas the distilling Feints with Wash is injurious to the Quality of the Spirits; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Tenth Day of November One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, no Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in Scotland shall mix any Feints with any Wash or Low Wines, or put any Feints into any Back or other Vessel, or into any Still in which any Wash or Low Wines shall then be, or any Wash into any Back or other Vessel, or into any Still where any Feints shall be, but shall, and every such Distiller is hereby required to provide a proper Feint Cask sufficient to contain the whole Quantity of Feints necessary for One Charge of the Low Wine Still used by any such Distiller or Distillers; and every such Distiller shall, immediately on the extracting thereof, run and convey all the Feints which shall be produced from each Charge of his or her Still or Stills directly from such Still or Stills into such Feint Cask, to be kept therein under the Lock of the Officer; and all Feints to be produced by any such Distiller shall be kept and continued in such Feint Cask, under such Lock as aforesaid, until the same amount in Quantity to such Charge as aforesaid, and shall be pumped into the Low Wine Still as hereinafter mentioned; and the proper Officer of Excise shall and may, from time to time during such time as aforesaid, take a true Gauge and try the Strength of all Feints in such Feint Cask, and cast and compute the same at the Rate of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, and keep an exact Account thereof: Provided always, that no such Distiller shall collect or keep at any one time a greater Quantity of Feints than is sufficient for One Charge of the Low Wine Still used by him or her; and that so soon as such Quantity of Feints shall be so collected as aforesaid, every such Distiller shall and he and she is hereby required to give Notice to the proper Officer that such Feints are so collected, and of his or her Intention to charge his or her Low Wine Still therewith, and upon the Officer's attending pursuant to such Notice, to pump all such Feints, in the Presence of such Officer, from and out of such Feint Cask into the Low Wine Still used by such Distiller, and to run the Produce thereof from such Low Wine Still into the Spirit Receiver; and any Distiller offending in any of the above Particulars shall for every Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.
Feint Cask to be provided to contain Feints necessary for one Charge, &c.

Officer may gauge Feints.

Notice to Officer of Feints collected.

Penalty.
Entry of Vessels for Bub or other Mixtures.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That before making or using a Composition or Mixture called Bub, or any other Composition or Mixture for inducing or increasing the Fermentation of Wort or Wash,

Wash, any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* shall make entry of every Vessel used by him for the Purpose of making or keeping any such Composition or Mixture, describing the same, and specifying the Use to which each such Vessel is to be applied; and every such Distiller shall also give Notice to the Officer of Excise, at least Six Hours before beginning to make any such Composition or Mixture, and the Officer of Excise shall take an Account thereof in such Vessels respectively, and shall and may at all times be at Liberty to take a Sample or Samples thereof, and to ascertain the Gravity thereof by the said Instrument called the Saccharometer; and if the Gravity thereof, or any Part thereof so ascertained, shall not any time be greater than the Gravity of the Worts made by such Distiller, so limited and so taken account of as aforesaid, such Composition or Mixture shall be deemed and taken to be Wash, and the Duty hereby imposed on Wort or Wash shall be charged thereon; and if the same, or any Part of such Mixture or Composition, shall at any time be found of any greater Gravity than aforesaid, the same shall be forfeited, together with every Cask or Vessel containing the same, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and if any such Distiller shall not make entry, or shall not give Notice in the manner herein directed, or if the Officer shall be prevented or obstructed in taking an Account thereof, or Samples as above prescribed, as often and at such times as he may think necessary, to ascertain the Gravity thereof, or if such Distiller shall refuse or neglect to remove and put all such first mentioned Mixture or Composition unto his or her fermenting Tuns, and mix the same with the Wort therein as aforesaid, every such Distiller so offending in any of the above Particulars, or in whose Premises any such Offence shall be committed, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: Provided always, that if any such Distiller shall, within Thirty Hours after such Composition or Mixture shall have been begun to be made, remove and put the whole thereof unto his or her fermenting Tun or Tuns, and mix the same therein with the Wort or Wash in such Tun or Tuns, in the Presence of the proper Officer of Excise, or if such Officer shall afterwards find any Increase of Wash in the fermenting Tun or Tuns into which such Distiller or Distillers shall declare such Composition or Mixture to have been put within such time as aforesaid, equal to the Amount thereof and arising therefrom, the same shall be charged with Duty therein as Part of the Wash made in such Tun or Tuns respectively, and not distinctly and separately therefrom.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller of Spirits for Home Consumption in *Scotland* to sell and send out, accompanied with a true and lawful Permit, to any Person or Persons, not being a Rectifier or Compounder of *British* Spirits, any Quantity of Spirits in any Cask or Package not containing less than Nine Gallons of Spirits of a Strength not exceeding One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, nor less than One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, on pain of forfeiting all Spirits sold or sent out contrary hereto, with the Casks or other Packages containing the same, and all Horses, Cattle, Carriages and Boats made use of in removing such Spirits, which may be seized by any Officer of the Customs or of Excise.

XXIX. And

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of Strength of any Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise under this Act, by the Hydrometer called *Sykes's* (a) Hydrometer, when and so soon as the same shall be by Law established and brought into use, the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this Act; and that the Strength of Seventeen *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, shall be substituted and taken for the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in this Act.

Adjusting the Strengths of Spirits by Hydrometers.

(a) *Spelt Sikes, cap. 105, ante, § 6.*
XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller or Distillers shall work or charge any Still or Stills on the Lord's Day commonly called *Sunday*; (that is to say), if any Still or Stills shall not be completely discharged and worked off at or before Eleven of the Clock on *Saturday* Night, and shall not continue uncharged until One of the Clock on *Monday* Morning following; or if any Still or Stills shall be found charged or at work, or filled with any thing other than Water, between the Hours of Eleven of the Clock on *Saturday* Night and One of the Clock on *Monday* Morning, then every such Distiller or Distillers in whose Premises such Offence shall be committed shall forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, besides being liable in every other Pain or Penalty in Law for breaking the Lord's Day.

Stills not to be worked on Sundays.

Penalty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act imposed shall be sued for, mitigated, recovered, levied and distributed, in the manner in which Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures are directed to be sued for, mitigated, recovered, levied and distributed, by the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

XXXII. And be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller for Home Consumption in *Scotland* to make entry in the manner directed by Law, and apply for a Licence under the Authority of this Act, at any time not exceeding Ten Days preceding the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and upon such Licence being granted to such Distiller, it shall and may be lawful for him or her to prepare Worts and Wash for Distillation in the manner directed by this Act, but not to begin to distil any Part of such Worts or Wash until the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided always, that if such Distiller so applying for such Licence shall have obtained a Licence pursuant to the said recited Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, it shall be made manifest to the said Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland*, or to the Person or Persons authorized by them to grant such Licences, that all the Worts or Wash prepared by any such Distiller under his current Licence, shall have been distilled into Spirits, before any Licence shall be granted to such Distiller under the Authority of this Act.

Licence under this Act may be granted Ten Days preceding 10th Nov. next.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Distiller to apply for a Licence under the Authority of this Act at any time of the Year after the said Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; but every Licence granted under the Authority of this Act shall expire on the

Every Licence to expire on the 9th of Nov.

Ninth

Ninth Day of *November* immediately subsequent to the Day of the Commencement of such Licence.

54 G. 3. c. 172.
to remain in
force.

XXXIV. And be it enacted, That the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty shall remain and continue in force, and be in all respects applicable and applied for raising and paying the Duties hereby imposed, excepting so far as the said Act is hereby altered, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same were repeated and contained in this present Act.

Commencement
and Continuance
of Act.

XXXV. And be it enacted, That this Act shall commence upon and from the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and shall continue in force until the Tenth Day of *November* One thousand eight hundred and eighteen.

Act may be
altered, &c.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act to be passed in this present Session of Parliament.

C A P. CVII.

An Act to amend an Act of the last Session of Parliament relating to Stamp Duties in *Great Britain*, so far as relates to Inventories to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in *Scotland*. [1st July 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 184.
Sch. Part the
Third, tit.
Inventory.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings, and other written or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Fire Insurances, and on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestacies, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, certain *ad valorem* Duties were imposed upon Inventories to be exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in *Scotland*, of the Estate and Effects of Persons who shall have died after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and eight: And Whereas it is expedient to relieve certain additional Inventories from such *ad valorem* Duties; Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, where Inventories of the Personal or Moveable Estate and Effects of Persons deceased shall have been exhibited and recorded in any Commissary Court in *Scotland*, prior to the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, pursuant to the Directions of and duly stamped as required by the Act passed in the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for repealing the Stamp Duties on Deeds, Law Proceedings and other written or printed Instruments, and the Duties on Legacies and Successions to Personal Estate upon Intestacies, now payable in Great Britain, and for granting new Duties in lieu thereof*; and in consequence of the subsequent Discovery of other Effects belonging to the same Persons, additional Inventories thereof shall hereafter be exhibited and recorded pursuant to the Directions of the same Act, all such additional Inventories shall be exempted from the said *ad valorem* Duties granted by the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of His Majesty’s Reign, and that such of the said additional Inventories

Certain additional Inventories exhibited in the Commissary Courts in *Scotland* exempted.

Inventories as would not have been liable under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in case the same had been exhibited and recorded prior to the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to a Stamp Duty of greater Amount than the Duty already paid upon any former Inventories exhibited and recorded of the Estate and Effects of the same Persons, shall be wholly exempted from Stamp Duty; and that for and in respect of such of the said additional Inventories as would have been liable under the said Act of the Forty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, in case the same had been exhibited and recorded prior to the First Day of *September* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen, to a Stamp Duty of greater Amount than the Duty already paid upon any former Inventories exhibited and recorded of the Estate and Effects of the same Persons, there shall be raised, levied and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, such and the same Duty only as such additional Inventories would have been subject and liable to under the said last mentioned Act.

Additional Inventories liable under 48 G. 3. c. 149. to pay a greater Duty, shall be charged with that Duty only.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Duties hereby granted shall be under the Care and Management of the Commissioners of Stamps in *Great Britain*, which said Commissioners and the major Part of them are hereby empowered and required to provide proper and sufficient Stamps or Dies for expressing and denoting the said Duties hereby granted, or the Amount thereof respectively, upon the Vellum, Parchment or Paper chargeable therewith, and to alter and renew the same from time to time as Occasion shall require, and also to employ such Officers and Persons under them, and to do all such other Acts and things as shall be thought necessary or expedient for effectually raising and collecting the said Duties hereby granted, and for putting this Act into Execution, in the like and in as full and ample manner as they or any former Commissioners are or have been authorized to do for the raising and collecting of any former Stamp Duties, or for putting into Execution any Act or Acts of Parliament relating thereto.

Duty under Commissioners of Stamps.

III. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Forfeitures, Pains and Penalties contained in and imposed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to any Stamp Duties, shall be of full force and effect with respect to the Duties hereby granted as far as the same are or shall be applicable, and shall be observed, applied, enforced and put in Execution, for the raising, levying, collecting and securing of the said Duties hereby granted and otherwise relating thereto, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same had been herein repeated and specially enacted with reference to the said Duties hereby granted.

Powers of former Acts relating to Stamps to extend to this Act.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies to arise from the Duties granted by this Act shall be paid, applied and disposed of in the same manner as the Duties from which the said Leases and Inventories are hereby exempted would have been payable and applicable in case this Act had not been made.

Application of Duty.

C A P. CVIII.

An Act to repeal certain Drawbacks and Countervailing Duties of Excise on Beer and Malt; to alter the Drawbacks on Plate Glafs, and to prevent Frauds therein.

[1st July 1816.]

43 G. 3. c. 81.
Sch. (B.)

‘ W H E R E A S by an Act made in the Forty third Year of the
‘ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting*
‘ *to His Majesty, until Twelve Months after the Ratification of the*
‘ *Definitive Treaty of Peace, certain additional Duties of Excise in*
‘ *Great Britain*, a Drawback is granted and allowed of Four Shil-
‘ lings and Eleven pence for every Barrel of Strong Beer or Ale
‘ brewed or made in *Great Britain*, above Eighteen Shillings the
‘ Barrel exclusive of the Duty, and not being Two penny Ale,
‘ mentioned and described in the Seventh Article of the Treaty of
‘ Union with *Scotland*, which shall be duly exported to Foreign
‘ Parts as Merchandize, and which shall be proved to have been
‘ brewed after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred
‘ and three: And Whereas several of the Duties imposed by the
‘ said Act were by subsequent Acts continued until the Fifth Day
‘ of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen (a), and several
‘ of such Duties have been and are further continued, but the Duty
‘ on Malt thereby imposed will cease and expire on the Fifth Day of
‘ *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and Doubts may
‘ arise whether by the Continuance of such Duties as aforesaid, the
‘ said Drawback in respect of the Exportation of Beer is also con-
‘ tinued;’ For the Prevention and Removal of such Doubts, be it
‘ declared and enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and
‘ with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
‘ and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Au-
‘ thority of the same, That the said Drawback in respect of the Ex-
‘ portation of Beer does and shall wholly cease and expire on the
‘ Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and
‘ shall be no longer paid or payable, any thing in any other Act or
‘ Acts of Parliament in the present or any other Session of Parliament
‘ to the contrary notwithstanding. (a) [55 G. 3. c. 27.]

Drawback un-
der recited Act
to cease.

43 G. 3. c. 81.
Sch. (A.) tit.
Irish Beer, Ale
or Mum.

‘ II. And Whereas by the said recited Act a Countervailing
‘ Duty of Excise of Four Shillings and Eleven pence is imposed for
‘ every Barrel consisting of Thirty six Gallons *English* Beer Mea-
‘ sure, of *Irish* Beer, Ale or Mum, which shall be imported into
‘ *Great Britain*, directly from *Ireland*, and the said Duty has been
‘ since continued and is now in force: And Whereas by a certain
‘ other Act made in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign aforesaid, inti-
‘ tuled *An Act for allowing the Exportation of British and Irish made*
‘ *Malt from One Part of the United Kingdom to the other*, a Coun-
‘ tervailing Duty of Excise of Four Shillings and Four pence is
‘ imposed for every Bushel of Malt unground made in *Ireland* and
‘ imported directly from thence into that Part of *Great Britain* called
‘ *England*; and another Countervailing Duty of Excise of Three
‘ Shillings and Eight pence and Ten Twentieths of a Farthing is also
‘ by the said last mentioned Act imposed for every Bushel of such
‘ Malt made in *Ireland* and imported directly from thence into that
‘ Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*; and by the said last men-
‘ tioned

50 G. 3. c. 34.
§ 2.

§ 3.

tioned Act a Drawback of Four Shillings and Four pence is allowed for every Bushel of Malt made in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been fully paid and exported from thence to *Ireland* unground; and another Drawback of Three Shillings and Eight pence and Ten Twentieths of a Farthing is allowed for every Bushel of Malt made from Barley or any other Corn or Grain except Beer or Bigg in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for which all the Duties imposed for or in respect thereof shall have been paid and exported from thence to *Ireland* unground: And Whereas in consequence of the Cessation of the Duty of Excise upon Malt made in *Great Britain*, imposed by the said Act made in the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, it is expedient to repeal the said Countervailing Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, imposed on *Irish* Beer, Ale or Mum imported into *Great Britain*, and also Two Shillings per Bushel of the said several Countervailing Duties respectively imposed by the said Act of the Fiftieth Year of the Reign aforesaid, on Malt imported into *England* or *Scotland* respectively from *Ireland*, and Two Shillings per Bushel of the Drawbacks respectively, granted and allowed by the last mentioned Act, in respect of Malt exported from *England* or *Scotland* respectively to *Ireland*: Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said Countervailing Duty imposed by the said Act of the Forty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, imposed on *Irish* Beer, Ale or Mum imported into *Great Britain*, and also Two Shillings per Bushel of the said Countervailing Duties respectively imposed by the said Act of the Fiftieth Year of the Reign aforesaid, on Malt imported into *England* or *Scotland* respectively from *Ireland*, and Two Shillings per Bushel of the said Drawbacks respectively granted and allowed by the last mentioned Act in respect of Malt exported from *England* or *Scotland* respectively to *Ireland*, shall be and the same is and are hereby respectively repealed, save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

III. And Whereas Drawbacks of Excise are payable by Law amounting to Six Shillings and Sixpence Halfpenny for every Square Foot superficial Measure of Plate Glass made in *Great Britain*, from Materials or Metal or other Preparations for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity: And Whereas it is expedient to limit the Payment of such Drawbacks on Plate Glass, to such Plate Glass only as shall be ground and polished and of a certain Size and Thickness; Be it therefore enacted, That no Drawback shall be allowed or paid for or in respect of the Exportation of any Ground or Polished Plate Glass made in *Great Britain*, unless such Ground and Polished Plate Glass be exported in rectangular Plates of the Size of Six Inches in Length by Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness throughout of

Countervailing Duty on *Irish* Beer imported into *Great Britain* imposed by 43 G. 3. c. 81. and the Countervailing Duties imposed by 50 G. 3. c. 34. on Malt, and also the Drawbacks, repealed, except Arrears.

No Drawbacks to be allowed on Exportation of Ground or Polished Glass, unless exported in rectangular Plates of a cer

One

tain Size and
Thickness, &c.
Shipping con-
trary hereto.

One Eighth of an Inch at the least, and unless each and every Plate of such Ground and Polished Plate Glafs be free from Stains and Blisters, and be perfect and fit for immediate Use, as and for Ground and Polished Plate Glafs; and that if any Person or Persons shall pack or ship for Exportation on Drawback, any Plate or Plates of Plate Glafs as and for Ground and Polished Plate Glafs made in *Great Britain* which is not Plate Glafs, or has not been ground and polished, or which shall be Foreign Glafs, or of less Dimension or Thickness throughout than aforesaid, or shall be stained, or blistered, or imperfect, or not immediately fit for Use as and for Ground and Polished Plate Glafs, or any other Sort of Glafs with or amongst any Ground and Polished Plate Glafs, the same, together with the Package in which such Plate or Plates may be contained, and all the Glafs therein shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and lose for each and every such Case or Package the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Seizure and
Penalty.

In lieu of the
Drawbacks now
payable, there
shall be paid for
Unground or
Unpolished Plate
Glafs exported
in rectangular
Plates of certain
Dimensions, the
Drawbacks here-
in mentioned.
Shipping con-
trary hereto.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the Drawbacks aforesaid, and of all other Drawbacks of Excise, there shall be paid and allowed for every Hundred Weight of Unground or Unpolished Plate Glafs made in *Great Britain*, in respect of which the full Duties imposed on Plate Glafs shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported in rectangular Plates of perfect merchantable Glafs, and of the Dimensions of Six Inches in Length and Four Inches in Breadth at the least, and of the Thickness of One Quarter of an Inch and not more than Half an Inch, the Sum of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings only, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity; and that if any Person or Persons shall pack or ship for Exportation on Drawback any Unground or Unpolished Plate Glafs of less or greater Dimensions in Thickness, or of less Dimensions in Size than as last aforesaid, or any foul, imperfect or unmerchantable Unground or Unpolished Plate Glafs, or shall pack or ship any Unground or Unpolished Plate Glafs in any case or other Package with or amongst any other kind or Sort of Glafs, the same, together with the Package in which any such Glafs shall be contained, and all the Glafs therein, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and the Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and lose for each and every such Case or Package the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Seizure.

Penalty.

Makers of
Plate Glafs may
break in Pieces
any Number of
Plates of Un-
ground and Un-
polished Glafs in
Presence of Su-
pervisor, &c. of
District.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Maker or Makers of Plate Glafs in the Presence of the Supervisor or Surveyor and Surveying Officer of the District in which his, her or their Glafs House shall be situated, to break to pieces to the Satisfaction of such Supervisor or Surveyor and other Officer, so that the same be thereby rendered wholly useless, except for being remaked, any Number of Plates of Unground and Unpolished Plate Glafs, provided the same shall be so broken after the same shall have come from the Kiln and been annealed, and before being removed from the Glafs House where it shall have been annealed into any Warehouse, and so as each and every of such Plates be respectively good and merchantable Plate Glafs, and of the original Size in which the same were made, and not less than Six Inches in Length and Four Inches in Breadth, and a Quarter of an Inch or more than Half an Inch in Thickness, and shall thereupon be allowed out
of

of the Duties growing and becoming due and payable from such Maker or Makers respectively for Plate Glafs, after the Rate of Four Pounds Eighteen Shillings for every Hundred Weight of such Glafs so broken in Pieces, and so in proportion for a greater or less Quantity: Provided also, that such Maker or Makers respectively shall give Six Days' previous Notice in Writing to such Supervisor, Surveyor or Officer, of his Desire and Intention so to break such Glafs, and specify therein the Number of Plates and Weight of such Glafs, and the Day and Hour when the same shall be so broken, and shall during such Six Days lay, place and keep the same, so that the Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer, shall be able readily and correctly to take an Account thereof, and shall permit such Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer, to take any One of such Plates before being broken, or any Part of any of such Plates after being broken, by way of Sample, he or they paying for the same at the Rate of Two pence *per* Pound; and shall keep and use true and correct Scales and Weights for weighing the same, and aid and assist by his Servant and Workman such Supervisor or Surveyor and other Officer in weighing and taking Account thereof; and if any such Maker or Makers shall obstruct such Supervisor, Surveyor or other Officer therein, or produce for being weighed any Plate or Plates of Glafs other than as aforesaid, or on the Materials of which the Duty shall not have been charged, or which shall have been made or manufactured from foul, bad or unmerchantable Metal or Glafs, or from any Part of the Glafs required by Law to be left in the Bottom of any Pot or Pots, or keep, produce or use any false Scales or Weights for the weighing of any such Glafs as aforesaid, or use, or cause or suffer to be used, any Art, Means or Contrivance, to deceive or prevent such Supervisors, Surveyor or other Officer taking an Account of or weighing such Glafs, from taking a true Account thereof, or by which His Majesty may be defrauded, such Maker or Makers shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Crown Glafs, or German Sheet Glafs, or Broad or Spread Window Glafs, shall be made in the United Kingdom of greater Thickness in the Foot, superficial and exclusive of the Centre or Bullion and Selvage or Rim thereof, than One Ninth Part of an Inch, except the Metal or Glafs shall, before the same or any Part thereof be begun to be manufactured into Wares, be declared by the Maker thereof, by Notice in Writing to be delivered by him, her or them to the proper Officer of Excise, to be made for Plate Glafs, and the Duty imposed upon Plate Glafs be charged thereon; and that if any such Glafs respectively, except as aforesaid, shall be made of any greater Thickness than One Ninth Part of an Inch, the same shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said several Drawbacks on Plate Glafs by this Act allowed and granted shall and may be respectively paid and allowed in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the General or Special Means, Ways or Methods by which the Drawbacks of Duties of Excise respectively upon Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities of the same Sorts or kinds respectively, are or may be paid or allowed except so far as the same

Allowance after the Rate of 4l. 18s. for every Cwt.

Conditions.

Obstructing Officers.

Penalty.

No Crown Glafs, &c. to be made of greater Thickness than herein mentioned.

Drawbacks on Plate Glafs how to be paid.

are altered by this Act, and the Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, so by this Act respectively entitled to Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities in general, and also to all and every the Special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities respectively were subject and liable except as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in Breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Drawbacks of Duties of Excise on Plate Glass, hereby allowed and granted, in as full and ample a manner to all Intents and Purposes whatever, except as aforesaid, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Penalties for Offences against the Laws of Excise extended to Drawbacks of Duties on Plate Glass.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, imposed by this Act, shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. CIX.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty, for granting an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of *Great Britain*. [1st *July* 1816.]

46 G. 3. c. 110.

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient that an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for granting, during the Continuance of the present War and until Six Months after the Ratification of a Definitive Treaty of Peace, an additional Bounty on the Exportation of the Silk Manufactures of Great Britain*, should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be continued until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Recited Act further continued.

C A P.

C A P. CX.

An Act for the further Regulation of the Trades of Tanners and Curriers.

[1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Drawbacks of Excise payable by Law upon the Exportation of Hides and Skins, tanned, tawed or dressed in *Great Britain*, and Leather made or manufactured into Goods or Wares in *Great Britain*, from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts, as Merchandize, and to grant and allow other Drawbacks of Excise in lieu thereof; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the several Drawbacks of Excise now payable by Law, upon the Exportation of Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dressed in *Great Britain*, and of Leather made or manufactured into Goods or Wares in *Great Britain*, from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts, as Merchandize, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks now payable on dressed Hides and Leather repealed,

except Arrears.

II. And be it further enacted, That in lieu and instead of the Drawbacks of Excise hereby repealed, there shall be allowed and granted the following Drawbacks; (that is to say),

In lieu thereof the following

For all Hides and Kips, and Calf Skins, Sheep and Lamb Skins, and Seal Skins, Hog Skins and Dog Skins, tanned or tawed in *Great Britain*, and duly marked; and also for all such Hides and Skins as shall be cut in Pieces, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts as Merchandize:

Drawbacks to be paid.

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Leather tanned in *Great Britain*, and chargeable by Law to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, Two pence Halfpenny:

For all Hides and Calf Skins, Sheep and Lamb Skins, Hog and Seal Skins, tanned in *Great Britain*, and afterwards curried and duly marked, and also for all such Hides and Skins so curried, as shall be cut in Pieces, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts as Merchandize, Four pence:

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Goat Skins tanned with Shumach, in *Great Britain*, and for every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Sheep Skins, tanned in *Great Britain*, for Roans, being after the Nature of Spanish Leather, and exported as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, Eight pence:

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Boots and Shoes made in *Great Britain* of tanned Leather, and exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Parts beyond the Seas, other than *Ireland*, Sixpence:

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Gloves or other Manufactures made in *Great Britain* of any kind of tanned, tawed or curried Leather, chargeable by Law to pay a Duty by Weight, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of Boots or Shoes made in *Great Britain*, the Upper Leathers, Vamps and Boot Legs of which are made of Morocco Leather, Spanish Leather or Kid Skins, for which the Duties in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be duly exported from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts as Merchandize, Eight pence :

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight of all Buck, Deer and Elk Skins dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, One Shilling :

For every Pound Weight of all other Skins, except Sheep and Lamb, Buck, Deer and Elk Skins, and of all Hides dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, and duly marked, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and which shall be exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of all Buck, Deer, and Elk Skins dressed in *Great Britain*, and made into Goods and Wares other than Gloves, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize, One Shilling and Three pence :

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of all Gloves made of Leather dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize to Foreign Parts, One Shilling and Sixpence :

For every Pound Weight Avoirdupoise of all Sheep and Lamb Skins dressed in Oil in *Great Britain*, and made into Goods and Wares (other than Gloves), for which the Duties imposed in respect thereof shall have been paid, and duly exported from *Great Britain* as Merchandize, Nine pence.

Drawbacks subject to Regulations herein mentioned.

Former Regulations and Penalties in force.

III. And be it further enacted, That the said several Drawbacks by this Act allowed and granted shall and may be respectively paid and allowed in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Drawbacks hereby repealed, or the Drawbacks of Duties of Excise respectively, upon Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities of the same Sorts or Kinds respectively, were or might be paid or allowed, except so far as the same are altered by this Act ; and the Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities, so by this Act respectively entitled to Drawbacks of Duties of Excise, shall be and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures to which Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities in general, and also to all and every

every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Goods, Wares, Merchandize or Commodities respectively were subject and liable, except as aforesaid, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture of any Nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation and Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Drawbacks of Duties of Excise hereby allowed and granted, in as full and ample a manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatever, except as aforesaid, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

IV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the 9 Ann. c. 11.
 Reign of Her Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for laying* § 12.
certain Duties upon Hides and Skins tanned, tawed or dressed, and
upon Vellum and Parchment, for the Term of Thirty two Years, for
profecuting the War and other Her Majesty's most necessary Occasions,
 and which Act was afterwards made perpetual, it is enacted, that
 if any Tanner or other Person or Persons shall, from and after the
 said Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand seven hundred and
 eleven, shave or cause to be shaved any Hide or Calf Skin what-
 soever before the same be thoroughly tanned, whereby such Hide or
 Skin shall be impaired, and Her Majesty's Duty thereby diminished,
 every such Hide or Skin, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited,
 One Moiety to the Queen, and the other Moiety to him or them
 that will inform or sue for the same: And Whereas it is expedient
 to repeal the said recited Provision of the said Act; Be it therefore
 enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, the same shall
 be and is hereby repealed, save and except as to the Recovery of any
 Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, incurred
 in any Respect relating thereto before or upon that Day; and that
 from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for
 any entered Tanner or Tanners to take out of the Wooze and shave
 any Hide or Skin, or to cut and separate therefrom the thin Parts
 thereof: Provided always, that every such Tanner or Tanners shall
 give Six Days' previous Notice in Writing to the Officer of Excise
 under whose Survey he, she or they shall then be, of his Intention or
 Desire so to do, specifying in such Notice the Day and Hour when
 he, she or they will take any such Hides or Skins out of the Wooze,
 and the Number of such Hides or Skins respectively to be taken out,
 and whether the same are to be so taken out for the Purpose of being
 shaved, or for the thin Parts to be cut off and separated as aforesaid;
 and if any Tanner or Tanners shall take any Hides or Skins, or Parts
 or Pieces of Hides or Skins out of the Wooze for either of the Pur-
 poses aforesaid respectively, or for any other Purpose, except by
 shifting the same into other Wooze in the same entered Premises, or
 shall remove or conceal any Hide or Skin, or any Piece or Part
 thereof, not being the shaving thereof, from the Sight or View of the

Provision in re-
 cited Act pro-
 hibiting the
 Shaving of Hides
 repealed.

Tanners may
 take out of the
 Wooze and
 shave Hides, &c.
 Notice to be
 given to the
 proper Officer.

Tanners remov-
 ing or concealing
 Hides from View
 of Officer.

the Officer, so that the Duties payable thereon shall not be duly charged, accounted for and paid, the Tanner or Tanners respectively so offending shall for each and every such Offence forfeit and lose the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Curriers using Sumack in currying Hides, &c. except for colouring Leather, Penalty.

Hides taken out of Wooze to be hung up separate from others till Account taken,

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any Currier or Curriers, or other Person or Persons not being an entered Tanner, to use Sumack in or about the currying of any Hide or Skin, or in the Preparation or Dressing of any Leather, except only for the Purpose of colouring such Leather, upon pain of forfeiting for each and every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

VI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Tanner, Tawer or Dresser of Hides or Skins, or Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins, shall hang up such Hides or Skins, or Parts or Pieces of Hides or Skins, which he, she or they shall take out of the Wooze for that Purpose, separate and apart from all Hides or Skins, and Pieces or Parts of Hides or Skins, hung up to dry, or taken out of the Wooze for that Purpose, on any former Day, and shall keep and continue the same, and every of them, so separate and apart, until the Surveying Officer shall have taken an Account thereof; and if any such Tanner, Tawer or Dresser shall refuse or neglect so to do, he, she or they shall, for each and every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Penalty.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this Act shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated, by such Ways, Means or Methods as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* respectively; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

C A P. CXI.

An Act to repeal Part of the Duty on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, to reduce the Drawback on such Spirits exported to Foreign Parts, and to make further Regulations for the Collection of the said Duties, and the Duties on Licences for retailing Spirituous and other Liquors in *Ireland*. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient that Part of the Duty of Excise on Spirits made from Corn or Grain in *Ireland* should be repealed, and that the Drawbacks on such Spirits exported from *Ireland* to any Place except *Great Britain* should be reduced; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Excise Duty of Sixpence granted and made payable upon every Gallon of Aqua Vitæ, Strong Waters or Spirits made or distilled in *Ireland* from Corn or Grain malted or unmalted, under and by virtue of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant an additional Duty of Excise in Ireland upon Spirits made or distilled from Corn or Grain*, shall cease and determine, and shall be and the same is hereby repealed,

Duty of 6d. per Gallon on Spirits granted by 55 G. 3. c. 139. § 2. repealed.

repealed, for and in respect of all such Spirits which shall be made or distilled from Corn or Grain in *Ireland*, or which having been secured in any of His Majesty's Warehouses pursuant to Law, shall be taken out of any such Warehouse for Home Consumption in *Ireland* at any time or times from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

II. And be it further enacted, That on all Spirits distilled from Corn in *Ireland*, and exported from thence to any Place except *Great Britain*, after the said Fifth *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, there shall be paid and allowed the several Drawbacks following; (that is to say,) on all such Spirits which shall have been secured in any of His Majesty's Warehouses, and which shall be exported directly from and out of such Warehouse, the Sum of Four pence Farthing *British* Currency for every Gallon of such Spirits, for and in respect of the Duty on the Malt used in the making and distilling of such Spirits; and on all such Spirits as shall not be exported from such Warehouse, and as shall have paid all Duties imposed by Law thereon, the Sum of Five Shillings and Ten pence Farthing *British* Currency for every Gallon of such Spirits of a Strength not less than that of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof; and the said Drawbacks shall be in lieu of all former Drawbacks on such Spirits respectively under or by virtue of any Act or Acts in force immediately before the passing of this Act.

Drawbacks to be paid on Spirits exported (except to *Great Britain*) in lieu of former Drawbacks.

III. And be it further enacted, That the several Drawbacks or Allowances by this Act allowed and made payable on the Exportation of Spirits, shall be paid and satisfied under and subject to all such Rules and Regulations as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* respecting Drawbacks; and that every Person claiming such Drawback or Allowance shall perform all such Requisites, and comply with such Regulations and Restrictions as are required to be performed and observed by Persons exporting any Article whereon any Drawback is payable for obtaining the same.

Drawbacks subject to former Regulations.

IV. And be it further enacted, That for all Spirits distilled from Corn or Grain in *Ireland*, which shall be in the Stock of any Distiller licensed to keep a Still, exceeding One hundred Gallons Content in *Ireland*, on the Morning of the *Monday* immediately preceding the said Fifth Day of *July*, there shall be allowed to the Distiller of such Spirits for every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Sixpence *British* Currency; and that upon all Spirits which shall be distilled or chargeable on and after such *Monday* there shall be charged upon every Gallon of such Spirits the Sum of Five Shillings and Sixpence *British* Currency, and no more; and the Officer in Charge of such Distillery shall make his Return and Charge of Duty accordingly.

Allowance for Spirits in Stock of Distiller licensed to keep a Still exceeding 100 Gallons.

Duty for Spirits distilled after a certain Day.

V. And be it further enacted, That the Officer or Officers of Excise in charge of the Distillery of any such Distiller shall, within Fourteen Days after the said Fifth Day of *July*, make a Return in Writing to the Collector of Excise of the District in which such Distillery shall be situate, of the just and true Quantity of all Spirits in the Stock of such Distiller upon the Morning of the *Monday* next immediately preceding the said Fifth Day of *July*; and also of the Amount of the said Allowance of Sixpence upon every Gallon of such Spirits; and every such Officer shall leave a true Copy of such Return in Writing under his Hand, with every such Distiller, or at the Distillery of such Distiller, and shall transmit a Duplicate of such

Officer to make Returns of Stock to Collector.

Copy to be left with Distiller, and one transmitted to Commissioners.

Return

Penalty.

Commissioners to order Payment of Allowance.

Return to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, upon Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every Neglect or Omission of so doing; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, upon the Application of such Distiller, and the said Commissioners are hereby required to make an Order or Orders for the Payment or Satisfaction to such Distiller of all such Sum or Sums of Money as under the Return of the said Officer shall to the said Commissioners appear to be payable to such Distiller in respect of such Allowance of Sixpence *per* Gallon of such Spirits, either by Payment of the Amount of such Allowance to such Distiller by the Collector of the District, or by any Allowance or Abatement to such Distiller out of or in respect of any Duty of Excise on Spirits which may be or become payable or due from such Distiller, in such manner, and at such times, and under such Orders, Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Restrictions, as the said Commissioners shall from time to time think fit to make for that Purpose.

So much of any Act as regulates the Number of Charges of Low Wines, &c. repealed.

Distillers to pay Duties for such Quantities of Spirits as might be produced from Number of Charges of Low Wines specified in Table annexed.

Further Duty in respect of Stills for as much more Spirits as might be produced.

Distiller keeping Still of a certain Content to give

VI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, so much of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, at the time of the passing of this Act, as regulates or defines the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits producible wherefrom any Distiller is chargeable with Duty in respect of any Still or Stills used by such Distiller, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Commencement of this Act every Distiller in *Ireland* shall for every Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still or Stills in the Distillery of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working under the Regulations or Provisions of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*, be charged with and shall pay Duty for such respective Quantities of Spirits as might be produced according to the Rates specified in any Act or Acts in force from the several Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, severally set forth in the Table to this Act annexed, for and in respect of each and every such Still being of the several Contents in the said Table specified and contained, in lieu of the former Charges in respect of such Stills, and that the said Table, and all and every the matters therein specified and contained, shall be deemed and taken to be Part of this Act to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and that every such Distiller shall over and above such several Quantities respectively be charged with and shall pay Duty in respect of each and every such Still or Stills for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the Rates in the said Acts specified, from all Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, which such Distiller shall actually distil within every such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above such several Quantities respectively, and the Officer or Officers of Excise shall make a Return of the Quantities of such Spirits, and of the Duties thereon accordingly, and such Distiller shall pay the Duty so charged and returned, under such Rules, Regulations and Directions, Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, as are contained in any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for the regulating or securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever any Distiller licensed to keep a Still or Stills under One thousand

Gallons Content, and exceeding One hundred Gallons Content, shall insert in the Notice which he is bound by Law to give to the Collector, Surveyor and Gauger before he commences or recommences to work a Still, or shall give Notice in like manner, Six Days before the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still shall be chargeable as working, that such Distiller purposes to work any Still or Stills in his Possession during the next succeeding Period with Turf only not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, such Distiller shall for every such Period, during which any such Still or Stills shall be worked with no other Fuel than Turf not charred, be charged with and pay Duty for such Quantity of Spirits as might be produced (according to the Rates aforesaid) from Five Sevenths of the Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, to which such Still would otherwise be liable, and also with Duty for as much more Spirits as might be produced according to the said Rates, from all Wash, Pot Ale, Singlings or Low Wines, which such Distiller shall actually distil within such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, over and above the Quantity produceable from such reduced Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines as aforesaid: Provided always, that every such Distiller shall also, Six Days previous to the Commencement of any Period during which such Distiller purposes to work any Still or Stills in his Possession with Turf only not charred, and not with Coal or other Fuel than Turf not charred, give Notice of such his Intention to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and in default of giving every such respective Notice, the Still or Stills of such Distiller so making default shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines for the whole of such Period.

Notice when he intends to work with Turf not charred only.

Duty in such case how charged

Notice also to Commissioners.

Penalty.

VIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Still in the Possession of any Distiller shall at any time during any Period in which the Distiller shall have given Notice of working any such Still or Stills with Turf only, be worked with any Coal, Coke, charred Turf, or other Fuel than Turf not charred, every such Still shall be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines for the whole of such Period, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Working with Coal, &c. after such Notice, Still subject to full Number of Charges.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distiller shall have given such Notice that he purposes to work any such Still or Stills in his Possession, during any Period with Turf only as aforesaid, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller to have or keep within his Distillery or any Premises connected therewith, at any time during such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Turf not charred; and if, during any such Period, any Coal or any other Fuel than Turf not charred shall be found within the Distillery of such Distiller, or within any Premises connected therewith, all such Coal or other Fuel shall be forfeited and may be seized, and the Distiller within whose Distillery or other Premises such Coal or other Fuel shall be found, shall forfeit the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; and such Distiller shall also be subject and liable to the full Number of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines, for the said Period, for and in respect of every Still in his Distillery, which shall by Law be considered as working without any Allowance whatever, for or in

Coals, &c. found on Premises, after Notice of working with Turf only, forfeited.

Penalty.

respect of the Use of Turf therein, and as if every such Still had been worked with Coal during such Period.

Where an Office for granting Permits is not established, Commissioners shall order Spirits to be warehoused.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, from time to time to order and direct that all Spirits distilled in the Distillery of any Distiller in *Ireland*, in such Cities, Towns or Places, wherein an Office for granting Permits shall not be established, and as shall be mentioned and specified in any Order to be made by the said Commissioners for that Purpose, shall be deposited in His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores, and that no Spirits distilled in such Distillery shall be sent out of such Distillery to any Place whatever except to His Majesty's Warehouse or Stores, and that no such Spirits shall be sold, disposed of or delivered by such Distiller to any Person or Persons, until the same shall be warehoused in such Warehouse or Stores, under the Regulations required by Law, or such other Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall from time to time make for that Purpose; and that from and after the time when such Order or Direction of such Commissioners shall be so made, it shall not be lawful for such Distiller to send any Spirits out of his Distillery or Stores contrary to such Order, on Pain of Forfeiture of all such Spirits, and of the Casks or Vessels in which the same shall be contained, and the same shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and it shall not be lawful for any Officer to grant any Permit for the Removal of such Spirits from the Distillery or Stores of such Distiller, except to such Warehouse, any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding.

In what case only Permit to be granted for Removal of such Spirits.

XI. And Whereas it is expedient, for the further Encouragement of Distillers licensed to keep Stills of or under One hundred Gallons Content, that Spirits distilled in any such Still should be allowed to remain in His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores for a longer Period than Four Calendar Months, without Payment of any Sum of Money after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum*, on the Amount of the Duties on such Spirits; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Spirits which shall have been or shall be made or distilled in any Still of or under One hundred Gallons Content, and which shall have been or shall be warehoused pursuant to Law in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in *Ireland*, shall and may remain in any such Warehouses or Stores for any Period without Payment of any such Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum* aforesaid, for or in respect of such Spirits upon the taking of the same out for Home Consumption; and that it shall not be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, to order any such Spirits to be sold at the Expiration of such Period of Four Months; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Distiller or other Proprietor of any such Spirits to take such Spirits out of Warehouse for Home Consumption, in any Quantity not less than One hundred Gallons, any thing in any Act or Acts in force to the contrary notwithstanding.

Spirits distilled from Stills of or under 100 Gallons to remain in Warehouse for any Period without Payment of 10 per Cent. of Duty.

In what Quantities Spirits may be taken out for Home Consumption.

Spirits from Stills exceeding 100 Gallons may remain in Warehouse beyond

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, and they are hereby respectively authorized, upon Application made to them

them for that Purpose, to allow any Spirits which shall have been or shall be made or distilled in any Still exceeding One hundred Gallons Content, and which shall have been or shall be warehoused pursuant to Law, in any of His Majesty's Warehouses or Stores in *Ireland*, to remain in any such Warehouse or Stores, for any Period of time beyond such Period of Four Calendar Months, as to the said Commissioners shall seem fitting or expedient, and without Payment of any such Sum after the Rate of Ten Pounds *per Centum* aforesaid, for or in respect of such Spirits upon the taking of the same out for Home Consumption.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person whatever in *Ireland* shall have in his or her Custody or Possession at any time after the Expiration of One Calendar Month next after the passing of this Act, any Spirits in any Quantity whatever, the full Duties chargeable whereon shall not have been paid, or any Spirits in any Quantity exceeding One Gallon, which shall not have been duly and legally permitted and attended with a proper Permit or Permits to him, her or them, every such Person aforesaid shall for each and every such Offence forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and upon the Trial of any Information for the Recovery of the said Penalty, the Defendant or Defendants in such Information shall be convicted, unless due Proof shall be made by such Defendant or Defendants, that the full Duty on such Spirits had been duly paid, or that such Spirits were bought by or for such Defendant or Defendants, and received from a licensed Distiller, or some Person licensed to sell Spirits, or that the same were attended with proper Permit or Permits to such Defendant or Defendants, any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That every Distiller before he shall commence the working of any Still or Stills in any Year, and so in like manner before he shall recommence the working of any Still or Stills after any Discontinuance thereof, shall in addition to the respective Notices which he is by Law required to give of so commencing or recommencing to work, to the Collector of the District, and the Surveyor and Gauger in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller, give Six Days' Notice in Writing to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, setting forth the Day and Hour when such Distiller shall intend to commence or recommence to work any such Still respectively, as the case may be, and any Distiller who shall commence or recommence the working of any Still without having given such Notice to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, shall for each such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

XV. And Whereas in and by an Act passed in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, and the Warehousing of such Spirits for Exportation*, it is amongst other things enacted, that if any Distiller who shall have discontinued the working of any Still in manner mentioned in the said Act, shall intend to set at work again such Still so discontinued, such Distiller shall give the several and respective Notices directed and appointed by the said Act, specifying the Day and Hour on which he intends so to recommence the working such Still, and that such Day shall be on some *Monday*

the Period of Four Months without such Payment.

Persons having Spirits in Possession for which Duty has not been paid, or having any Quantity exceeding a Gallon without a Permit. Penalty.

Distillers before commencing the working of any Still to give Six Days' Notice to Commissioners.

Penalty.
46 G. 3. c. 88.

§ 45.

Commissioners may permit Distillers to recommence the Working of Stills any Monday provided there are Four Weeks previous to the 29th September.

‘ not less than Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontin-
 ‘ tinance of the Working of such Still: And Whereas it may be
 ‘ expedient in certain cases to allow Distillers to recommence the
 ‘ working of any Still on some other *Monday*;’ Be it therefore
 enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commis-
 sioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, or any Three of them, to per-
 mit or allow any Distiller to recommence the working of any Still
 upon any *Monday*, although such *Monday* may not be Four Weeks
 distant from the time of the last Discontinuance of the working of
 such Still, provided that such *Monday* shall be the Commencement of
 some whole Period of Four Weeks previous to the Twenty ninth
 Day of *September* in any Year, and provided also that special Ap-
 plication shall be for that Purpose made by such Distiller to the said
 Commissioners Ten Days at least before the Day of such Recom-
 mencement, and upon good and sufficient Cause shewn, and that such
 Distiller shall give Six Days’ Notice of his Intention of his being de-
 siring of so recommencing to work to the Collector or other Officer
 in charge of the Collection of the District, and to the Surveyor and
 Gauger in charge of the Distillery of such Distiller; and it shall and
 may be lawful for such Distiller after having obtained the Permission
 or Allowance of the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, for
 that Purpose, and having given such Notice as aforesaid to the Col-
 lector, Surveyor and Gauger as aforesaid (but not otherwise), to
 recommence the working of any Still or Stills accordingly on the *Mon-
 day* mentioned in such his Application and Notice as aforesaid, and
 no other Day shall be mentioned in any such Application or Notice
 than some *Monday* which shall be the Commencement of some whole
 Period of Four Weeks previous to the Twenty ninth Day of *Sep-
 tember*, and every such Distiller shall in such case be charged and
 chargeable, and shall pay Duty in all respects as if such *Monday* of so
 recommencing to work had been Four Weeks distant from the time of
 the last Discontinuance to work such Still, any thing in the said re-
 cited Act of the Forty sixth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act to
 the contrary notwithstanding.

Recommencing in less than Four Weeks from Discontinuance without Permission.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall re-
 commence the working of any Still on any Day which shall be less
 than Four Weeks distant from the time of the last Discontinuance
 of such Still, unless and until such Distiller shall have first had and
 obtained such Permission or Allowance aforesaid for that Purpose
 from the said Commissioners, or any Three of them, every such Dis-
 tiller who shall so recommence contrary hereto shall for every such
 Offence forfeit the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Distillers not to work Stills beyond Four Weeks charged.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall happen
 that any Still in the Distillery of any Distiller shall be chargeable as
 working under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for the regulating
 the Distillation of Spirits, and securing the Duties on Spirits distilled
 in *Ireland*, for any Period of Four Weeks ending on the First Day
 of *September*, or on any Day subsequent to the said Day, and before
 the Twenty ninth Day of such Month of *September* in any Year, it
 shall not be lawful for the Distiller to continue to work such Still
 at any time beyond the End of such Period of Four Weeks, but the
 working of such Still shall be discontinued at the End of such Period
 of Four Weeks, whether any Notice shall have been given for that
 Purpose or not; and it shall be lawful for the Officer of Excise in
 charge

Officer to fasten Head of Stills.

charge of such Distillery to strap down and fasten the Head of every such Still; and to proceed in all other respects as if Notice of the Discontinuance of the working of such Still had been given by the Distiller in manner required by Law in all cases of discontinuing the working of any Still; and if at any time after the End of the said Period of Four Weeks, and before the said Twenty ninth Day of *September*, any such Still or Stills shall be found at work in the Distillery of such Distiller, such Distiller shall be charged and chargeable with the Duty payable in respect of the said Still for a full Period of Four Weeks next ensuing the Day upon which the working of such Still ought to have been discontinued as aforesaid, and the Officer in charge of such Distillery shall make such Weekly Return or Returns during such Part of the said Period of Four Weeks as shall elapse at any time previous to the Twenty ninth Day of such Month of *September*, as is required by Law in cases where any Still shall be chargeable as working; and such Officer shall also, within Ten Days next after the Twenty ninth Day of such Month of *September*, make a Return to the Collector of the District of a Charge upon such Distiller of all such Quantities of Spirits, and the Duties thereon, as, with the Quantities comprised in any such previous weekly Return or Returns, shall amount to the full Quantity of Spirits for which such Distiller shall be chargeable with Duty in respect of such Still, for a full Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days; and such Distiller shall pay the Duty appearing by such Return and Charge to have become due and payable within Six Days after such Return and Charge shall have been made, or shall for any Default forfeit Twenty Pounds, together with a Sum equal to Double the Duty so returned and charged, although it may happen that the Licence of such Distiller may have expired on the said Twenty ninth Day of *September*, and although such Still shall not have been actually at work at any time after such Twenty ninth Day of *September*.

Stills found at Work after such Period of Four Weeks to be charged with the Duty.

Penalty.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, from time to time to make such Regulations as they shall think fit, to ascertain and authorize the Amount of the Allowance or Deduction to be made out of any Charge of Duty arising from the Decrease of any Wash or Pot Ale, for or in respect of any Quantity of Low Wines or Singlings which may remain on Hand in the Distillery of any Distiller at the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks, or Twenty eight Days, during which any Still of such Distiller shall be chargeable as working in proportion to the Content of any such Still respectively; and that it shall not be lawful for any Officer to make any Allowance or Deduction whatever from any such Charge of Duty on any Distiller for or in respect of any Quantity of Low Wines or Singlings which may remain on Hand at the Expiration of any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, during which the Still of any Distiller shall be chargeable as working, nor shall any Distiller be entitled at any time to any such Allowance or Deduction from any such Charge of Duty, other than such Allowance and Deduction as shall be so ascertained and authorized by the said Commissioners, from time to time, in proportion to the Contents of the Still as aforesaid, except as is hereinafter provided with respect to the weekly Charges on such Distiller.

Allowances in respect of Decrease of Wash and of Low Wines in Hand at Expiration of Four Weeks.

XIX. And

Spirits exceeding Proportions herein stated to pay full Duty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Distiller shall make, distil, extract or produce any Quantity of Spirits exceeding the Proportion of One Gallon of Spirits for every Ten Gallons of Wash or Pot Ale decreased, or exceeding the Proportion of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of, Low Wines or Singlings decreased, every such Distiller shall be charged with and shall pay the full Excise Duty for all such Spirits so produced exceeding the respective Proportions aforesaid.

How Allowance made in respect of Decrease of Wash and Singlings in Hand.

XX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Officer of Excise, in making up the Charge against any Distiller for any Week of any Period of Four Weeks (save and except the Charge for the last Week of any such Period) upon the Decrease of Wash or Pot Ale, to make an Allowance to such Distiller for or in respect of the Quantity of Singlings remaining on hand at the Expiration of such Week, (save such last Week as aforesaid,) by deducting from the Charge of such Wash or Pot Ale the Amount of a Quantity of Spirits calculated after the Rate of Two Gallons of Spirits for every Five Gallons of such Singlings so remaining on hand as aforesaid.

Officer to make Charges from Entries of Officer he succeeded.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Officer in charge of the Distillery of any Distiller shall be removed from the same, or shall die, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Officer or Officers who shall succeed the Officer who shall be so removed, or shall die, to make out and return any Charge against such Distiller, from the Books and Papers kept and Entries made by such Officer who shall be so removed or shall die, relating to such Distillery, and to the State thereof, and every such Charge so made out and returned from such Books, Papers or Entries, shall be a Charge on such Distiller, who shall pay the Duties so charged and returned, under and subject to the like Rules, Regulations and Penalties, as if such Books, Papers and Entries were the Books, Papers and Entries of the Officer who shall make such Charge, and as if such Officer had been placed over such Distillery at the time such Entries had been made.

So much of any Act as relates to Delivery of Account of Malt mashed, or as requires the Use of a Quantity of Malt in proportion to a Quantity of Spirits, &c. repealed.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, so much and such Parts of any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, at the time of the passing of this Act, as relates to or requires any Distiller to produce and deliver an Account of the Quantity of Malt mashed or brewed by such Distiller, or to verify the same on Oath or Affirmation, or as requires any Distiller to use a Quantity of Malt in proportion to the Quantity of Spirits with which he shall be chargeable in any Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, or as imposes any Penalty against such Distiller, for any Deficiency of such Quantity of Malt, or as relates to the Application of any such Penalty, or to the Payment of any Sum or Duty for or in respect of any such Deficiency by any Distiller, shall be and the same is and are hereby repealed, save and except so far as may concern the prosecuting, suing for, recovering or levying any Fine or Penalty which shall have been or may be incurred under the said Acts, or any of them, at any time before the passing of this Act; and save and except such Parts of such Act or Acts as repeals or repeal any Provision or Provisions in any former Act or Acts relating to any such Account, or to the Use of any such Quantity of Malt, or to any Penalty in respect thereof, or to the Payment of any

any Sum or Duty for or in respect of any such Deficiency by any Distiller.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the Fifth Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, it shall and may be lawful for any Person who shall be duly licensed to keep an Hotel within the City of *Dublin*, or within One Mile of the said City, to have and obtain at his Desire, a Licence to sell by Retail Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, within such Hotel, and to be used and consumed therein only, upon Payment of the Sum of Seven Pounds only and no more; subject nevertheless to the several Rules and Regulations with respect to the obtaining such Licence, as are contained and directed in and by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Exciseable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences, and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of such Licences, and to discourage the immoderate Use of Spirituous Liquors in Ireland*, or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for the amending the said last recited Act, or for regulating the granting of such Licences: Provided always, that no Keeper of such Hotel, who shall be so licensed on the Payment of Seven Pounds only, shall sell or deliver any such Liquors to any Person for Sale, in any other manner than to be used and consumed within such Hotel by the Lodgers or Inmates of such Hotel, and shall not be entitled to vend or sell, nor shall vend, sell or send out any such Spirituous or other Liquors to any Person not being a Lodger or an Inmate of such Hotel, upon pain that every Person so licensed and so vending, sending out and selling such Spirituous or other Liquors contrary to this Act, shall be deemed an unlicensed Retailer of Spirituous Liquors, and shall be liable to all Penalties and Forfeitures to which any Person or Persons are subject under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for retailing Spirituous or other Liquors without Licence.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for every Person to have and obtain at his Desire, a Licence to sell Spirituous Liquors, Wine, Beer, Ale or Porter, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead, by Retail, within the Town of *Ballinasloe*, and within One Mile of the Market House or Market Place therein, on Payment of the Sum of Eleven Pounds only, and no more, any thing in the said last recited Act of the last Session of Parliament, or in the Schedule thereunto annexed, or in any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, for amending the said Act, or for regulating the granting of such Licences, to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding, subject nevertheless to the several Rules and Regulations with respect to the obtaining such Licence, as are contained and directed in and by the said recited Acts or any of them.

XXV. And Whereas by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to grant certain Duties of Excise upon Licences for the Sale of Spirituous and other Liquors by Retail, and upon Licences to Persons dealing in Exciseable Commodities in Ireland, in lieu of the Stamp Duties payable upon such Licences, and to secure the Payment of such Excise Duties, and to regulate the issuing of*

Hotel Keepers in Dublin may take out a Licence to retail Spirits, Wine, Beer, &c. paying 7l.

55 G. 3. c. 19.

Sale of Liquors limited to the Inmates of the Hotel.

Penalty.

Licences may be taken out for Sale of Liquors in Ballinasloe, on Payment of 11l.

55 G. 3. c. 19. § 47.

Meaning of the Words "Market Town" explained.

Justices may summon before them Persons charged with selling Liquors without Licence.

Conviction.

Penalty.

Penalty not paid,

Imprisonment.

Former Acts relating to the Collection of Duties on Spirits extended to Act.

' of such Licences, and to discourage the immoderate Use of Spirituous
' Liquors in Ireland; it is among other things enacted, that it shall
' be lawful for any Person in any Place in Ireland, where the
' Duty on Licences to retail Spirituous and other Liquors is Ele-
' ven Pounds only, (such Place not being situate within any Market
' Town, or within One Mile thereof,) to obtain such Licence on
' Payment of the Sum of Seven Pounds: And Whereas Doubts
' may arise as to the Meaning and Extent of the Words "Market
' Town;" Be it declared and enacted, That the said Provision in
the said recited Act shall extend to such Towns only in which a
Weekly Market is actually holden throughout the Year; and that
in Places situate within any Town where a Weekly Market is not
so actually holden, such Licence may be granted on Payment of the
said Sum of Seven Pounds in the said Act mentioned.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be law-
ful for any Justice of the Peace in Ireland, within his Jurisdiction, to
summon any Person charged with having sold any Spirituous Li-
quors, Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder or Perry, Metheglin or Mead by
Retail without Licence, and to require, by the Summons to be
issued, the Person summoned to bring with him or her, and to pro-
duce a Licence in force to such Person for selling such Spirituous
and other Liquors by Retail; and in case such Person so summoned
shall not appear, upon Proof on Oath made of the Service of such
Summons, or if such Person shall appear and shall not produce a
proper Licence authorizing him or her to sell by Retail such Spiritu-
ous and other Liquors, then such Justice shall examine on Oath
such Witness or Witnesses as shall appear before him, which Oath
such Justice is hereby authorized and empowered to administer; and
if Proof shall be made before such Justice, or if it shall appear by the
Confession of the Party that such Person did sell Spirituous Liquors,
or any of such Liquors aforesaid, at any time within Two Months
previous to the issuing of such Summons, then such Justice shall
convict the Person charged with having sold such Spirituous or other
Liquors of such Offence, and such Person shall be liable and subject
to a Fine or Penalty not exceeding Ten Pounds, and not less than
Forty Shillings, at the Discretion of such Justice, (exclusive of any
other Penalty or Forfeiture to which such Person may by Law be
liable to, or subject for such Offence,) and such Justice shall adjudge
such Person so convicted to forfeit such Sum accordingly, One
Moiety thereof to be paid to the Informer, and the other Moiety to
the Churchwardens of the Parish where such Offence shall have been
committed, for the Use of the Poor therein; and in case such Pe-
nalty or Sum which such Person shall be so adjudged to have for-
feited shall not be paid by the Offender immediately upon such Con-
viction, such Offender shall be committed to Gaol by such Justice,
for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months, and not less
than One Calendar Month, at the Discretion of such Justice.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Clauses,
Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties, Forfeitures and Modes of
Recovery, prescribed, mentioned and contained in any Act or Acts
of Parliament in force in Ireland for the regulating or securing the
Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in Ireland, shall be ap-
plied and put in practice in the Execution of this Act, as fully and
effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if all the
Clauses,

Clauses, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions, Provisions, Penalties and Forfeitures contained in the said Acts, or any of them, had been expressly repealed and reenacted in this Act, and made applicable to the Provisions herein contained, except so far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act, or any other Act or Acts, and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, so far as the same are compatible or consistent with each other, and as the said Acts are amended and altered by this Act.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That all and every the Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted by this Act shall be paid and recovered in *British* Currency, and shall and may be sued for and recovered, levied and applied, except as herein otherwise is provided, in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, intituled *An Act for settling of the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted*; or in and by an Act made in the Forty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to provide for the better Execution of the several Acts relating to the Revenues, matters and things, under the Management of the Commissioners of Customs and Port Duties, and the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in Ireland*; or in or by any other Act or Acts in force in *Ireland*, relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, as fully and effectually to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed and reenacted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Acts, or any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, is provided.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That this Act, so far as the same relates to or concerns the Charges imposed on any Still or Stills by this Act, shall commence and take effect on the *Monday* Three Weeks next after the passing thereof, with respect to all Stills as to which such *Monday* shall be the Commencement of some Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which any such Still or Stills shall be chargeable by Law as working; but where such *Monday* Three Weeks next after the passing of this Act shall not be the Commencement of such Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days for which any Still or Stills shall be chargeable as working, then this Act shall commence and take effect with respect to such Still or Stills on the first or next *Monday* after the *Monday* Three Weeks next after the passing of this Act, which shall be the Commencement of a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, for which any such Still or Stills shall be chargeable by Law as working.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall, save and except as herein otherwise provided, commence and take effect from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That this Act may be altered, amended or repealed by any Act or Acts to be made in this present Session of Parliament.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

14 & 15 Car. 2. (1.)

46 G. 3. c. 106.

Charges on Stills when to commence.

Commencement of Act.

Act may be altered, &c.

TABLE

TABLE referred to by this Act.

NUMBER of Charges of Singlings or Low Wines for the Quantity of Spirits produceable wherefrom any Distiller in *Ireland* shall be chargeable with Duty, within a Period of Four Weeks or Twenty eight Days, in respect of every Still of such Distiller being of the several Contents following; that is to say,

CONTENTS OF THE STILL.		Number of Charges.
3,000 Gallons and upwards	-	100
3,000 not less than	2,750	103
2,750	-	105
2,500	-	110
2,250	-	115
2,000	-	118
1,750	-	123
1,500	-	130
1,250	-	140
1,000	-	156
750	-	172
500	-	198
400	-	222
300	-	248
200 and exceeding	100	276
Not exceeding 100 and exceeding	-	65
Not exceeding 65 and not less than	-	44
		120

C A P. CXII.

An Act to make certain Provisions for modifying the several Acts for imposing and levying of Fines, in respect of unlawful Distillation of Spirits in *Ireland*. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to make certain Provisions for regulating the imposing Fines in respect of illicit Distillation of Spirits in *Ireland*; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall not be lawful for any Person in *Ireland*, other than a Person duly licensed as a Distiller or Brewer, to have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Worts, Wash or Pot Ale (except for the Purpose of being made into Beer for the private Use of such Person, Proof of which shall lie on such Person), nor for any Person other than a licensed Distiller, to have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Low Wines or Singlings whatever; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person to be Owner or Proprietor, or Part Owner or Proprietor, of any Still, other than such Person as shall be a licensed Distiller or Partner of such licensed Distiller, or a Brazier duly licensed to make or repair Stills, or Person otherwise duly authorized by Law; and that it shall not be lawful for any Person to have, receive

Unlicensed Persons having Wash or Singlings, and being Owners, &c. of unlicensed Stills.

receive or derive any Benefit, Use, Profit or Advantage, of or from any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still kept, used and worked in any Place not being the Distillery of a Distiller duly licensed, or of or from any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Singlings or Spirits, made, brewed, fermented or distilled in any Place not being the Distillery of a Distiller duly licensed; and if any Person shall at any time after the passing of this Act have or keep in his or her Custody or Possession any Worts, Wash, Low Wines or Singlings, or shall be Owner or Proprietor, or Part Owner or Proprietor of any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still, or shall have, receive or derive any Benefit, Use, Profit or Advantage of or from any Still, Still Head or Worm of a Still, or of or from any Worts, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines, Singlings or Spirits contrary to the Provisions of this Act, every such Person shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of a Misdemeanor, and it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace within his Jurisdiction, on Information on Oath of any such Offence, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Person or Persons, and on Examination into the Complaint, to commit such Person to Gaol, there to remain until delivered by due Course of Law; and in case any Indictment shall be found against such Person or Persons, he, she or they shall plead thereto without having time to traverse the same; and it shall be lawful for the Court before whom such Person or Persons shall be tried and convicted, to inflict such Punishment on such Person or Persons, for the first Offence, as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanor, and for the Second Offence, to sentence such Person so convicted to be transported for the Term of Seven Years, or instead thereof it shall be lawful for the said Court to inflict either for the first or further Offence such Punishments as are respectively hereinafter provided.

Misdemeanor.

First Offence.

Punishment.

Second Offence.

Punishment.

‘ II. And Whereas from the great Number of dissolute and disorderly Persons who have been convicted and imprisoned for the Offence of carrying on illicit Distillation, many of the Gaols in *Ireland* are so crowded as not only very much to endanger the Health of the Prisoners, but also to increase the Depravity of their Morals; and it is therefore expedient under certain Regulations to provide other Places of Confinement for them: And Whereas it will tend to avoid the crowding of Gaols, and also to the Reformation of such Offenders, that they should be employed, under certain Regulations, on Works for the Benefit of the Rivers and Harbours of *Ireland*;’ Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Person shall be convicted of a Misdemeanor under this Act, or any other Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Ireland*, or shall be convicted of any Offence under this Act, or any of the said Acts, for which he shall be liable to be transported, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom any such Person shall be so convicted, if such Court shall think fit, in the Place of any other Punishment for such Misdemeanor, or in the Place of such Punishment by Transportation, to order and adjudge that such Offender, appearing to be of competent Age and free from any bodily Infirmity, shall be punished by being kept for such Term, not exceeding Two Years, in cases of any First Offence, and not exceeding Five Years in cases of any Second or further Offence, as such Court shall think fit, to

Persons convicted of Offences against Acts for Suppression of illicit Distillation may be confined on board Hulks, and employed in cleaning the Rivers and Harbours.

Second Offence.

order and adjudge on board any Ship, Hulk or Vessel, properly accommodated for the Security, Employment and Health of the Persons to be confined therein, and by being employed in hard Labour in the raising Sand, Soil and Gravel from, and cleansing any River in *Ireland* navigable for Ships of Burthen, or any Port, Harbour or Haven in *Ireland*, such River, Port, Harbour or Haven being previously approved and appointed for that Purpose by Order of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, and His Majesty's Privy Council of *Ireland*, or in any other Service for the Benefit of the Navigation of any such River, Port, Harbour or Haven, or in any other public Works upon the Banks or Shores of any such River, Port, Harbour or Haven, under the Management and Direction of such Superintendent or Superintendants as shall be appointed for that Purpose by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, and under such Rules, Regulations and Directions as shall from time to time be made by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, and His Majesty's Privy Council of *Ireland*, for the carrying such Punishment into effect.

Where Offenders convicted on Evidence of Inhabitant, Court to impose One Half only of the Fine.

III. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Person shall be convicted at any Assizes of any Offence declared by this Act; or any other Act or Acts in force for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Ireland*, to be a Misdemeanor, upon the Evidence of any Inhabitant (not being an Officer of Customs or Excise) of the Townland, District, Division or Place where such Offence was committed, the said Inhabitant (or any other such Inhabitant) having previously given Information on Oath before a Justice of the Peace of the County where such Offence was committed, at any time before the First Day of such Assizes, the Court before whom such Conviction shall be had shall fine such Townland, District, Division or Place in one Half only of the Sum which by Law such Townland, District, Division or Place would be subject to, provided that such Conviction shall be had at the same Assizes at which the Fine shall be sought to be imposed on such Townland, District, Division or Place; and such Court shall in such case also suspend the levying of such Half of such Fine for the Term or Space of Twelve Calendar Months next after the First Day of such Assizes; and in case no Fine shall be imposed on such Townland, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any Offence committed against any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation of Spirits in *Ireland*, within such Twelve Calendar Months next after the First Day of such Assizes, then such Half of such Fine so imposed and suspended as aforesaid shall be altogether remitted, and shall not be levied off such Townland, District, Division or Place; any thing in any Act or Acts to the contrary in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that if any Fine shall be imposed on such Townland, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any such Offence which shall be committed within such Twelve Calendar Months as aforesaid, then and in such case such Half of the Fine which shall have been so imposed, and the levying of which shall have been suspended as aforesaid, shall and may be forthwith levied in the same manner and with the like Powers in all Respects, as any Fine may be levied under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illegal Distillation, in cases where no Applotment shall have been made under such Act or Acts.

Provido.

And suspend the levying thereof, which shall be wholly remitted if the Townland, &c. shall not be fined for any future Offence committed within a Year after. Provido where Townland, &c. fined within Twelve Months.

IV. And

IV. And be it further enacted, That if on any Trial or Proceedings at any Assizes, for the Purpose of or relative to the imposing of any Fine on any Townland, District, Division or Place, for or on account of any unlicensed Still, or any Part of a Still, or any Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, having been found or used respectively in any Place within such Townland, District, Division or Place, in case it shall be satisfactorily made to appear to such Court by due Proof, that Information in Writing on Oath was given to the Justice of the Peace, or Officer of Excise or Customs respectively, residing nearest the Place where the Offence shall have been committed, by an Inhabitant (not being an Officer of Customs or Excise) of such Townland, District, Division or Place, which Information the said Justice and Officer are hereby authorized to take, of such unlicensed Still, or Part of a Still, or Appendage to a Still, or Worm, or Utensil for distilling Spirits, or Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, having been found or used respectively in such Place within such Townland, District, Division or Place, in consequence of which Information such Still or any Part of a Still, or any Appendage to a Still, or any Worm or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, shall have been seized, and such Trial or Proceedings shall have been instituted; or if it shall also in like manner be made to appear to such Court, that the Offender was tried and convicted of such Offence on the Information and Evidence of such Inhabitant, or of some other such Inhabitant of such Townland, District, Division or Place, then and in such case it shall not be lawful for such Court at the said Assizes to impose any Fine whatever on such Townland, District, Division or Place, for or on account of such Offence respecting which such Information shall have been given, and such other Proceedings and Conviction had as aforesaid, any thing in this Act or in any other Act or Acts to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

No Fine shall be imposed on any Townland, where Information of Offence is given by Inhabitant, and Still, &c. seized and Offender convicted thereon.

V. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for the Court at any Assizes to proceed to try or determine any Information for any Offence, on account whereof any Townland, District, Division, Place or House shall be liable to the Payment of any Fine under any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, on the Commission Day or First Day of such Assizes; any thing in any such Act or Acts to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that every such Court shall and they are hereby required to try and determine all such Informations, and all Issues and Traverses, matters and things relating to or concerning such Informations, at some time during the Continuance of such Assizes.

Informations for Still Fines not to be tried on the First Day of Assize.

VI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Officer of Customs or Excise shall find or discover any unlicensed Still, or any Part of a Still, or any Appendage to a Still, or any Worm, or any Utensil for distilling Spirits, or any Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings, for or in respect whereof the Person who shall use or have the same would be subject to any Penalty or Punishment, or the Townland, District, Division or Place within which the same shall be found or used would be subject to any Fine or Penalty, every such Officer shall and he is hereby respectively required, within Six Days after

Officer seizing any illegal Still, &c. to give Notice to Collector of Excise in District, who shall proceed in manner herein directed.

Collector to transmit Schedules of Notices to the Collector of Grand Jury Cefs, and give public Notice of Contents thereof.

such Finding or Discovery as aforefaid, to give Notice thereof in Writing to the Collector of Inland Excife and Taxes of the Diftrict in which any fuch unlicenfed Still or Appendage to a Still, or Worm or Utenfil for diftilling Spirits, or fuch Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings fhall have been fo found or difcovered, fpecifying the particular Articles, and the time of the Finding or Difcovery of the fame, and fetting forth the Name of the Parifh, Townland, Diftrict, Division or Place in which the Place fhall be fituate, where fuch unlicenfed Still or Appendage to a Still, or Worm or Utenfil for diftilling, or fuch Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings fhall have been found or difcovered, and defcribing the Situation in fuch Parifh, Townland, Diftrict, Division or Place, and the particular Place in which fuch unlicenfed Still or Appendage to a Still, or Worm or Utenfil, Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings fhall have been found or difcovered; and every fuch Collector who fhall receive fuch Notice fhall Twice in every Month, that is to fay, on or before the Second and Fourth *Wednesday* in each Month, tranfmit or caufe to be tranfmitted, to the Collector of the Grand Jury Cefs in each Barony or Half Barony, or County of a Town or City, within which the Place fhall be fituate where fuch unlicenfed Still, or Part of or Appendage to a Still, or Worm or Utenfil for diftilling, or Wash, Pot Ale, Low Wines or Singlings fhall have been found or difcovered, an Abftract or Schedule of all fuch Notices relating to any fuch Finding or Difcovery, had within fuch Barony or Half Barony, County of a Town or City, which fuch Collector of Inland Excife and Taxes fhall have received up to the *Saturday* next preceding fuch *Wednesday*; and fuch Collector of Grand Jury Cefs fhall, on the *Saturday* next after fuch Second and Fourth *Wednesday* refpectively, give public Notice of the Contents of fuch Abftract, by poffing a Copy thereof, or caufing the fame to be poffed on or at the Church, Chapel, Meeting Houfe, Market Houfe or Market Place within the Barony or Half Barony, or County of a City or Town within which the Place fhall be fituate, and which fhall be neareft to the Place where fuch Offence was committed; and fuch Collector of Grand Jury Cefs fhall alfo from time to time, on Demand, produce fuch Abftract to any Inhabitant of any fuch Barony or Half Barony, County of a Town or City, liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cefs therein, who fhall require to fee and perufe the fame, at any reasonable time in the Day time, at the ufual Dwelling Place of fuch Collector.

Defect in refpect of Notices fhall not vitiate Proceedings on Trials for Fines.

VII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That on the Trial of any Information or other Proceedings for any Fine or Penalty againft any Townland, Diftrict, Division or Place, or for any Offence againft any Act or Acts for the Suppreffion of illicit Diftillation of Spirits, it fhall not be neceffary to prove or give in Evidence, that any fuch Notice had been given by the Officer of Customs or Excife to the Collector of Inland Excife and Taxes, or that fuch Collector had tranfmitted an Abftract or Schedule of fuch Notice to the Collector of Grand Jury Cefs, nor fhall any Omiiffion or Neglect in the giving any fuch Notice, or in tranfmitting any Abftract or Schedule of the fame, or in making the Contents of fuch Abftract or Schedule known and public, nor fhall any Defect in any fuch Notice or Abftract or Schedule, which fhall be given or tranfmitted, or any Variance between the fame, and any Information or other Proceeding for

for or relating to any such Fine or Penalty, in any manner vitiate or affect such Information or other Proceeding, but every such Information or other Proceeding shall and may be tried, had and determined in all respects, as if the Regulations herein contained relating to such Notice, Abstract or Schedule had not been made.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of Grand Jury Cefs shall neglect or omit in any Instance to make known and public the Contents of any such Abstract or Schedule which shall have been transmitted to and received by him, by posting a Copy thereof in manner aforesaid, or shall wilfully neglect or refuse to produce such Abstract to any Inhabitant of any Barony or Half Barony, or County of a Town or City, liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cefs therein, on Demand of such Inhabitant at a seasonable time in the Day time, at the usual Dwelling Place of such Collector, every such Collector shall for every such Neglect or Refusal, or Omission, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered by Civil Bill at the Quarter Sessions of the Justices of the Peace, in the proper County, County of a Town or City in *Ireland*, by any Person who shall sue for the same, and the Money recovered by such Civil Bill shall be applied to the Use of the Person suing for the same.

Collector of
Grand Jury Cefs
neglecting his
Duty.

Penalty.

IX. And Whereas in and by an Act made in the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to consolidate and amend the Regulations contained in several Acts of Parliament, for imposing and levying of Fines upon Parishs, Townlands and other Places, in respect of the unlawful Distillation of Spirits in Ireland*, the Parishioners in Vestry assembled are authorized to elect One or more Person or Persons for the Purpose of discovering or prosecuting all Offences against any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for the regulating and securing the Collection of the Duties on Spirits distilled in *Ireland*: And Whereas it may tend towards effectuating the Purposes aforesaid if additional Powers were given to the Person or Persons so elected; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, if they shall deem it expedient so to do, upon the Representation of the Churchwardens of any Parish in *Ireland*, to grant and issue, with the Approbation of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, a Commission commonly called a Preventive Commission, to each and every Person who shall have been or shall be so elected for the Purposes aforesaid; and every such Person shall have full Power and Authority to act under such Commission; and all and every the Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, matters and things contained in any Act or Acts, for the Protection of the Officers of the Revenue, shall extend to and shall be applied to and put in practice with respect to each and every such Person acting in the Performance or Execution of his Duty under such Commission, as fully and effectually in all respects as if such Clauses, Regulations, Provisions, matters and things were herein repeated and reenacted with regard to such Person or Persons.

Preventive
Commission may
be issued by
Commissioners
of Excise, with
Consent of Lord
Lieutenant, to
Persons ap-
pointed by
Parishes as In-
spectors under
54 G. 3. c. 150.
to prosecute for
illegal Distil-
lation.

X. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful in all cases for the Court before whom any Person shall be tried and convicted of any Offence against any Act or Acts in force in *Ireland* for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, to order, upon the Request of the Prosecutor, the Treasurer of the County, County of a City

On Conviction
of Offender,
Court may or-
der Prosecutor
to be paid his
Expences.

Fee to Clerk of
The Crown.

Grand Jury to
present such
Expences, to be
levied off Town-
land, &c.

Illicit Spirits
feized conveyed
to Excise Stores,
and there spilled
in Presence of
Collector and an
Inspector of Ex-
cise.

Reward to seiz-
ing Officer.

Persons keeping
Kilns or Mills
for drying or
grinding Corn or
Malt to deliver
Account thereof
to Collector,
who shall re-
gister same.

or County of a Town in which the Offence shall be committed, to pay unto such Profecutor such Sum of Money as to the said Court shall seem reasonable, for the Expences and Loss of time of such Profecutor, which Order the Clerk of the Crown is hereby directed and required forthwith to make out and deliver to such Profecutor, upon being paid for the same the Sum of One Shilling, and no more; and the Treasurer of the said County, Town or City is hereby authorized and required forthwith to pay to such Profecutor or other Person authorized to receive the same, such Sum of Money as afore-
said, and shall be allowed the same in his Accounts; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Grand Jury at each and every Assizes and Presenting Term, and they are hereby required to present all such Sums as shall have been so paid by the Treasurer of the County, County of a City or County of a Town, under any such Order, and which shall not have been previously presented; such Sums to be presented, raised and levied off the Townland, District, Division or Place in which the Offence shall have been committed, in such manner as any Presentment of a Grand Jury may be raised and levied.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Spirits which shall have been or shall be feized, as having been illicitly made or distilled, shall, immediately upon the Seizure thereof, be conveyed to and deposited in the Stores of the Collector of Inland Excise and Taxes of the District in which the same shall have been feized, or in the like Stores of the next neighbouring District to which the same can be conveniently conveyed; and the Strength and Quantity of such Spirits having been ascertained and taken an Account of, such Spirits shall, after Condemnation thereof, be spilled and effectually destroyed in the Presence of the Collector or other Officer in charge of the Collection of such District respectively, and of an Inspector General of Excise, or other Officer to be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, or any Three of them, under such Rules and Regulations as the said Commissioners shall in that behalf order or direct; and that the Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons feizing any such Spirits, shall receive such Recompence or Reward for feizing the same as the said Commissioners shall order and direct.

XII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Three Calendar Months next after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall keep any Kiln for the drying of any Corn, Grain or Malt, shall, within One Calendar Month after beginning or continuing to keep such Kiln or Mill respectively, make out, sign and deliver a Return or Account in Writing to the Gauger or other Officer in charge of the Walk in which such Kiln shall be situate; and that every Person who shall keep any Mill for the grinding of Corn or Grain or Malt, shall make out, sign and deliver a Return or Account in Writing to the Collector of the District in which such Mill shall be situated, specifying and describing in such Return or Account respectively the Name and Place of Abode of such Person, and the Place where such Kiln or Mill is respectively situated; and every such Person shall cause to be painted in Oil Colour, in Black upon a White Ground, or in White upon a Black Ground, on the Outside of the Door of or Place of Entrance to every such Kiln or Mill respectively, or on a Board to be affixed or erected on some conspicuous

conspicuous Part of the Outside of such Kiln or Mill respectively, in legible Letters, at least Three Inches in Length, the Name and Surname of the Owner or Proprietor of such Mill or Kiln; and every such Gauger or Officer and Collector who shall receive any such Return or Account respectively shall register the same, and shall grant a Certificate of such Account and Registry, by giving a Copy thereof signed by him; and if any Person shall keep any Kiln for the drying of any Corn or Grain or Malt, or shall keep any Mill for the grinding of any Corn or Grain or Malt, without having made out, signed and delivered such Account as is by this Act required; every such Person who shall keep any such Kiln shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds; and every Person who shall keep any such Mill shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and all Corn or Grain or Malt which shall be found in or on any such Kiln or Mill respectively shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of Excise; and if upon any such Kiln or Mill the Name and Surname of the Proprietor thereof respectively shall not be and remain so painted and legible as aforesaid, the Person to whom such Kiln or Mill respectively shall belong shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That before any such Return or Account of any such Mill shall be received, entered or registered by such Collector, the Person who shall keep such Mill shall, with One or more sufficient Surety or Sureties, enter into a Bond to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, in the Penalty of Fifty Pounds, conditioned to pay all such Fines or Penalties as such Person shall or may by Law be subject or liable to, for or on account of such Person having in his Mill any Malt for which such Person shall not have or produce a proper Permit for the Removal thereof to such Mill as by Law required; and also conditioned that such Person shall not receive or grind, or suffer to be received or ground in such Mill any Malt which shall not be attended by a proper Permit or Permits for the Removal thereof to such Mill.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for any Officer or Officers of Excise, at any time in the Day time to enter and search any Mill for the grinding of any Corn or Grain or Malt, situate in any District in *Ireland*, mentioned in any Notice which shall have been or which shall or may from time to time be given by the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, of the putting into Execution in such District the Provisions of the Laws for the Suppression of illicit Distillation; and if such Officer or Officers shall not on Demand, within a reasonable time after such Demand made at the Place of Abode of the Person keeping such Mill, obtain Admittance into such Mill, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer or Officers in the Presence of a Constable or other Peace Officer, who is hereby respectively authorized and required to be aiding and assisting therein, to break open and enter such Mill, and every Store and Room therein, and make search for any Malt which such Officer or Officers shall or may have reasonable or probable Cause to suspect to be concealed or fraudulently deposited therein.

XV. And be it further enacted, That no Gauger employed in the Service of the Excise shall be entitled to receive his Salary, or any Part thereof, at any time from and after the Tenth Day of *October* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, unless and until such Gauger shall

Officer to give Certificate of Registry.

Keeping Kiln or Mill without delivering Account.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Name not painted on Kiln or Mill.

Penalty.

Persons keeping Mills to enter into Bond to pay Penalties for having Malt without Permit.

If refused Admittance, Officers may break open Mills and search.

No Gauger to receive his Salary, until he shall have sworn that he had not

known or has Information of any Offence in his Walk, of which Notice has not been given, and which has not been proceeded against.

shall have made Oath, before the Collector of Excise or other Officer in charge of the Collection of the District in which such Gauger shall be employed, which Oath every such Collector or Officer is hereby authorized to administer, that from the time of the last previous Payment of Salary to such Gauger, such Gauger hath not known, or hath not had or received any Information of any Spirituous Liquors having been sold by Retail without Licence in any House within the Walk of such Gauger; and that he hath not known, or hath not had or received any Information against any Person distilling, having or selling any Spirits which shall have been unlawfully made or distilled in *Ireland*, or that if such Gauger hath known or had Information of any such Offences, he hath duly communicated the Particulars of such his Knowledge or Information to some one of his superior Officers, and that he hath also on his own Part endeavoured or used his utmost Exertions to detect and punish the Person or Persons guilty or supposed to be guilty of any of the Offences aforesaid.

Notice to be given of Sale of Distress for Townland Fines.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any Distress shall be taken or made on the Goods, Chattels or Effects of any Inhabitants or Inhabitant of any Townland, District, Division or Place in *Ireland*, for or on account of any Fine or Fines, or for any Sum or Sums of Money apportioned on any such Inhabitant or Inhabitants, in respect of any Fine or Fines imposed on such Townland, District, Division or Place, under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation, the Person or Persons who shall have taken and made such Distress shall keep the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained, until Twelve o'Clock at Noon of the Fourth Day next following the Day on which such Distress shall be made, before the same shall be sold and disposed of, unless such Distress shall be sooner redeemed by the Payment of such Fine, or such Part thereof for which such Distress shall have been made; and such Person or Persons shall give or cause to be given public Notice in Writing of the time and Place of the Sale of such Distress, specifying and describing in such Notice the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained and intended to be sold; and such Notice shall be posted on the Door of the Church, Chapel or Meeting House in and nearest to the Place where such Distress shall have been made, Two Days at least before the Day of Sale; and the reasonable Expences of keeping and detaining such Distress, and of giving such Notice, shall be paid out of the Produce of the Goods, Chattels and Effects so distrained: Provided always, that it shall and may be lawful to sell and dispose of any such Goods, Chattels or Effects so distrained, during the time of any Fair or Market which shall be holden on any Day on which such Distress may be made, or which may intervene between the Day of such Distress and the Expiration of Four Days next afterwards, and although no Notice of Sale shall have been given as aforesaid.

Proviso for Goods distrained during Fair or Market.

' XVII. And Whereas it is among other things enacted, by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, that Notice shall be posted for the Purpose of requiring all Persons liable to Grand Jury Cefs in any Townland, Place, District or Division, to meet to applot any Sum or Sums in which any such Townland, Place, District or Division shall have been fined, within Ten Days after such Townland, Place, District or Division shall have been so fined; and it is expedient that the time for posting such Notice should be enlarged; Be it therefore enacted, That from

from and after the passing of this Act such Notice shall and may be posted at any time not less than Twenty Days, and not more distant than Thirty Days, after the Towmland, Place, District or Division shall have been so fined, and that such subsequent Proceedings shall be had upon and after such Notice for the applotting and levying of any such Fine, as by the said Act are directed or required to be had, upon and after such Notice required to be posted within Ten Days by the said recited Act.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, whenever any Person shall appear at any Assizes or Presenting Term, to offer to controvert or prove any Fact allowed by Law to be controverted or proved, for the Purpose of preventing any Fine from being imposed on any Townland, Place, District or Division by way of Traverse, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or any other Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation; it shall and may be lawful for the Clerk of the Crown and every other Officer of the Court, or Judge at such Assizes or Presenting Term, to ask, demand, take or receive such Fees, as such Clerk of the Crown and other Officer or Officers of the Court, or Judge, is or are by Law entitled to ask, demand, take and receive in cases of Traverse on any Indictment for Misdemeanor, and no greater or other Fees; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act, so much of any Act or Acts made in the last Session of Parliament for amending the several Acts relating to Fines in respect of unlawful Distillation in *Ireland*, whereby it is enacted or provided that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland* to appoint any Person or Persons for the collecting and levying of such Fines in all or any of the Counties, Counties of Cities or Towns in *Ireland*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the Expiration of Ten Days next after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, whenever it shall appear expedient to him or them so to do, at his or their Discretion, to appoint any Person or Persons for the collecting and levying such Fines in all or any of the Counties, or Counties of Cities or Towns in *Ireland*, and to order that Notice shall be given by the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, by Publication in the *Dublin Gazette*, that it has been deemed expedient by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, to appoint such Person or Persons for the levying and collecting of such Fines, and to require the Treasurer or Treasurers of any such Counties, Counties of Cities or Towns, which shall be mentioned in such Notice; and all and every Collectors and Collector, and all and every Persons and Person who shall have been empowered by such Treasurer or by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, to deliver up, within such time as shall be mentioned in such Notice, all and every Warrant and Warrants which shall not at such time have been fully executed, to the Person or Persons who shall be so nominated and appointed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors to receive and execute such Warrants; and upon Demand made to him or them for that

Notice for Applotment of Fines may be posted between 20 or 30 Days after they are imposed.

Of Traversers under 54 G. 3. c. 150. Fees to be taken as in cases of Misdemeanor.

Power to Commissioners to appoint Collectors of Fines, repealed.

Regulations for the Appointment of Persons to collect Fines by Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Collectors empowered by Commissioners to deliver up Warrants to Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant.

Penalty.

Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant empowered to proceed.

Penalties of 200l. how recovered, &c.

Lord Lieutenant empowered to revoke Appointment made by Commissioners.

Collectors appointed by Lord Lieutenant to be instead of the other Collectors.

Commissioners of Excise, with Consent of Treasury, may relieve Persons from Fines on Townlands.

that Purpose by the Person or Persons, or any of them so nominated and appointed by the said Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors, every such Treasurer, Collector or other Person shall deliver up all such Warrants accordingly, upon pain of forfeiting the Sum of Two hundred Pounds for each Warrant which such Treasurer or Collector or other Person shall not, on such Demand made, so deliver up; and every such Person and Persons so nominated and appointed to receive and execute the said Warrants, shall and they are hereby respectively authorized, empowered and required to levy all and every the Fine and Fines which shall be mentioned in any such Warrant or Warrants, and to execute or complete the Execution of the said Warrant or Warrants, with like Powers and Authorities, and in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as the Collectors of Grand Jury Cefs, or other Person to whom such Warrants had been granted or delivered, were empowered to exercise and might or could have executed the same, and with all the like Remedies in case of Nonpayment thereof or of any Part thereof as are prescribed by Law with respect to any Money to be levied under any Presentments of a Grand Jury; and every such Fine, Penalty or Sum of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record in *Ireland*, or by Civil Bill in the Court of proper Jurisdiction (and which Court is hereby fully authorized to take Cognizance of the same) by any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and in such Proceedings no Effoin, Protection, Wager of Law nor more than One Imparlance shall be allowed; and the Money recovered by such Action or other Proceeding shall be applied, as to the One Half thereof, to and for the Use of the Person suing for the same, and the other Half to and for the Use of the Infirmary of the County, or County of the City or Town, as the case may be; and in case it shall seem expedient to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, to revoke or annul any Appointment which shall have been made by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes of any Person or Persons to collect and levy any such Fines as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for such Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors so to do, without appointing any other Person or Persons for that Purpose.

XX. And be it further enacted, That every Person so to be appointed by the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland*, for the Collection of such Fines, shall stand in the Place and Stead of the Persons appointed by the said Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes, and shall have all such Powers and Authorities as the Persons so appointed by the said Commissioners.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes in *Ireland*, (by and with the Consent and Approbation, and under the Directions of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*;) upon the Application of any Person or Persons liable to the Payment of Grand Jury Cefs, in any Townland, Place, District or Division in *Ireland*, on which any Fine shall have been imposed under any Act or Acts for the Suppression of illicit Distillation in *Ireland*, to grant such Relief to such Person or Persons against the Payment of such Fine, or any Part thereof, as to the Commissioners of Inland Excise and Taxes shall seem fitting and

and expedient, and as shall be approved of by the said Commissioners, for executing the Office of Lord High Treasurer of *Ireland*; and, under such Directions and Regulations as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall make in that behalf.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That all the Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, and also all the Clauses, Authorities, Rules, Regulations and Provisions contained in Two several Acts passed in the last Session of Parliament for amending the said recited Act of the Fifty fourth Year, shall be applied in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same were repeated and reenacted in this Act, except so far as the same are repealed or altered by this Act, or by any other Act or Acts, and that the said Acts and this Act shall be construed together as one Act, so far as the same are compatible and consistent with each other; and that the Penalties and Forfeitures imposed or inflicted by this Act shall and may (in all cases not otherwise provided for) be sued for, recovered, levied and applied in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means, and with such Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, directed and appointed in and by an Act of Parliament made in *Ireland* in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles* the Second, intituled *An Act for settling the Excise or new Impost upon His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, according to the Book of Rates therein inserted; or by any other Law or Laws relative to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise or Customs in force in Ireland*, as fully and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same were particularly mentioned and expressed, and reenacted in this Act, with like Remedy of Appeal to and for the Party or Parties who shall think him, her or themselves aggrieved or injured, as in and by the said Act of Excise, or any Law or Laws relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in *Ireland*, is provided.

Former Acts
extended to Act.

14 & 15 Car. 2.
(1.)

C A P. CXIII.

An Act for repealing the Duties payable for Licences for retailing Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits in *Great Britain*, and for imposing other Duties in lieu thereof.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient to repeal the several Duties and Sums of Money now payable by Law for Licences for retailing Beer or Ale, and Cyder, Perry or Spirits in *Great Britain*, and that several other Duties and Sums of Money should be imposed and made payable in lieu thereof;’ Be it therefore enacted, by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties and Sums of Money now payable by Law for or in respect of Licences for retailing Beer or Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; save and except in all cases relating to the recovering, allowing or paying any Arrears thereof respectively, which may at that time remain unpaid, or to any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures relating

Duties on Licences for retailing Beer, Spirits, &c. repealed;

relating thereto respectively, which shall have been incurred at any time before or on that Day.

and instead thereof the following Duties.

II. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in lieu of the Duties and Sums of Money payable as aforesaid, and hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid throughout *Great Britain*, to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, for and upon all Licences to be taken out according to the Laws in each case made and provided by Retailers of Beer or Ale, Cyder, Perry or Spirits within *Great Britain*, to be paid by such Retailers respectively, the several annual Sums of Money hereinafter mentioned; that is to say,

On Beer Licences,

Every Person who shall sell Beer or Ale by Retail, or who shall sell Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed in his, her or their House or Premises, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid,

If the Dwelling House in which such Person shall, at the time of taking out such Licence, reside or retail Beer or Ale, or sell Cyder or Perry to be drunk or consumed as aforesaid, shall not, together with the Offices, Courts, Yards and Gardens therewith occupied, be rated under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament for granting Duties on inhabited Houses at a Rent of Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Two Pounds and Two Shillings :

If rated as aforesaid at Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty Pounds, Three Pounds and Three Shillings :

If at Twenty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Four Pounds and Four Shillings.

and on Spirits Licences.

And every Retailer of distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters in *Great Britain*, not being a Retailer of plain *Aqua Vitæ* only, made or distilled from *British* Materials in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*, for every Licence to be taken out as aforesaid,

If the Dwelling House in which such Retailer shall reside or retail such distilled Spirituous Liquors or Strong Waters, at the time of taking out such Licence, shall not, together with the Offices, Courts, Yards and Gardens therewith occupied, be rated under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament, for granting Duties on inhabited Houses, at a Rent of Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Five Pounds and Five Shillings :

If rated as aforesaid, at Fifteen Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty Pounds, Six Pounds and Six Shillings :

If at Twenty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Twenty five Pounds, Eight Pounds and Five Shillings :

If at Twenty five Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Thirty Pounds, Eight Pounds and Seventeen Shillings :

If at Thirty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Forty Pounds, Nine Pounds and Nine Shillings :

If at Forty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, and under Fifty Pounds, Ten Pounds and One Shilling :

If at Fifty Pounds *per Annum* or upwards, Ten Pounds and Thirteen Shillings.

Duties to be under Manage-

III. And be it further enacted, That such of the Duties by this Act imposed as shall arise in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*

land shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *England* for the time being; and such thereof as shall arise in *Scotland* shall be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise in *Scotland* for the time being.

ment of Commissioners of Excise.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the several Duties and Sums of Money above mentioned, and hereby imposed and made payable as aforesaid, shall and may be respectively raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered and adjudged in such and the like manner, and in or by any or either of the general or special Means, Ways or Methods, by which the former Duties of Excise respectively, of the same kinds respectively, were or might be raised, levied, collected, answered, paid, recovered, adjudged, mitigated or allowed, and the Retailers and Persons respectively before mentioned shall be, and the same are hereby made subject to all and every the Conditions, Regulations, Rules, Restrictions and Forfeitures, to which such Persons in general, and also to all and every the special Conditions, Rules, Regulations, Restrictions and Forfeitures respectively, to which the like Persons respectively were subject or liable, by any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act relating to the Duties of Excise; and all and every Pain, Penalty, Fine or Forfeiture, of any nature or kind whatever, for any Offence whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Excise, or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof; and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall and are hereby directed and declared to extend to, and shall be respectively applied, practised and put in Execution, for and in respect of the several Duties of Excise and Sums of Money hereby charged and made payable respectively, in as full and ample manner, to all Intents and Purposes whatever, as if all and every the said Acts, Clauses, Provisions, Powers, Directions, Fines, Pains, Penalties or Forfeitures, were particularly repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act.

Duties how levied.

V. And be it further enacted, That all the Monies arising by the Duties and several Sums of Money by this Act imposed and made payable as aforesaid, the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted, shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and the said Money so paid into the Receipt of Exchequer as aforesaid shall be carried to and made Part of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*.

Duties carried to Consolidated Fund.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this Act or any of the Provisions thereof may be altered, varied or repealed by any Act or Acts to be passed in this Session of Parliament.

Act may be altered, &c.

C A P. CXIV.

An Act to regulate the Conveyance of Passengers from the United Kingdom to the United States of *America*, in *British* Vessels. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for regulating the Vessels carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom to His Majesty's Plantations and Settlements Abroad or to Foreign Parts, with respect to the Number of such Passengers*; it was enacted, 43 G. 3. c. 56.
‘ that

§ 11.

‘ that it shall not be lawful for any Master or other Person taking or
 ‘ having the Charge or Command of any Ship or Vessel, other than
 ‘ a *British* Ship or Vessel clearing out from any Port or Place in
 ‘ the United Kingdom, to have or take on board a greater Number
 ‘ of Persons, including the Crew, than in the Proportion of One
 ‘ Person for every Five Tons of the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel :
 ‘ And Whereas it is expedient to extend such Provision of the said
 ‘ Act, and also all other Regulations contained therein relative to
 ‘ the Conveyance of Passengers in Foreign Vessels, to *British* Vessels
 ‘ conveying Passengers from the United Kingdom of *Great Britain*
 ‘ and *Ireland* to the United States of *America*, in lieu and instead of
 ‘ the Regulations now by Law established :’ Be it therefore enacted
 by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
 Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament, and by the Authority of the same, That from and
 after the passing of this Act, all the Regulations, Restrictions, Ob-
 ligations and Penalties, in the said recited Act contained and provided
 with respect to Foreign Ships or Vessels carrying Passengers, and no
 other, shall be and the same are hereby made applicable to *British*
 Ships or Vessels carrying Passengers from *Great Britain* and *Ireland*
 to the United States of *America*, as fully and effectually to all Intents
 and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were severally and separately
 repeated and reenacted in the Body of this Act ; any thing in the
 said recited Act or any other Act or Acts of Parliament to the con-
 trary notwithstanding.

Regulations in
 recited Act with
 respect to
 Foreign Vessels
 carrying Passen-
 gers made appli-
 cable to British
 Vessels carrying
 Passengers from
 this Kingdom to
 the United
 States.

C A P. CXV.

An Act for ratifying the Purchase of the *Claremont* Estate, and
 for settling the same as a Residence for Her Royal High-
 nesses the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His Serene Highness
Leopold George Frederick Prince of *Cobourg* of *Saalfeld*.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS for the providing a suitable Residence for Her
 ‘ Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* and His
 ‘ Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick* Prince of *Cobourg* of
 ‘ *Saalfeld*, upon their late auspicious Marriage, Articles of Agree-
 ‘ ment, bearing Date the Fifteenth Day of *June* in this present Year
 ‘ One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, have been made and
 ‘ entered into between *Charles Rose Ellis* of *Claremont* in the County
 ‘ of *Surry*, Esquire, of the First Part ; the Right Honourable
 ‘ *William Huskisson*, *William Dacres Adams*, and *Henry Dawkins*,
 ‘ Esquires, Commissioners of His Majesty’s Woods, Forests and
 ‘ Land Revenues (for and on behalf of His Majesty) of the Second
 ‘ Part ; and The King’s Most Excellent Majesty of the Third Part ;
 ‘ in Substance or to the Effect following ; (that is to say,) the said
 ‘ *Charles Rose Ellis* for himself, his Heirs, Executors and Admini-
 ‘ strators, for and in consideration of the Sum of Sixty six thousand
 ‘ Pounds of lawful Money of *Great Britain* to be paid to him at
 ‘ the times and in the Proportions thereafter mentioned, has thereby
 ‘ promised and agreed to and with The King’s Most Excellent Majesty,
 ‘ his Heirs and Successors, to sell and dispose of, and the said Com-
 ‘ missioners Parties thereto, for and on behalf of The King’s Most
 ‘ Excellent Majesty, have thereby agreed to purchase and buy of and
 ‘ from

Agreement
 dated June 15,
 1816, for the
 Purchase of the
 Manors of *Elther*
 and *Milbourne*
 and the Mansion
 House called
Claremont, &c.
 for 66,000*l*.

‘ from the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs and Assigns, all those
 ‘ the Manors of *Esber* and *Milbourne*, or *Waterville Esber*, in the
 ‘ County of *Surry*, together with all Courts Leet, Courts Baron,
 ‘ Customary and other Courts, Profits and Perquisites of Courts,
 ‘ Fines, Heriots and all Rights, Royalties, Privileges and Appur-
 ‘ tenances to the said Manors or either of them incident, appertaining,
 ‘ or in anywise belonging, and all Right of Soil and other Rights
 ‘ of him the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns, of and
 ‘ in all Waste Lands and Commons, situate within, or being Part or
 ‘ Parcel of the said Manors, or either of them (save and except the
 ‘ Land called *Milbourne Hold*, belonging to the said *Charles Rose*
 ‘ *Ellis*, which was by the said Articles of Agreement expressly
 ‘ agreed not to be deemed Waste or Common of the said Manors or
 ‘ either of them), and all Timber, Timber like and other Trees,
 ‘ growing or being in or upon such Waste Lands or Commons, or
 ‘ any of them: And all that capital Mansion or Dwelling House
 ‘ situate at or near *Esber* called *Claremont* otherwise *Claremount*,
 ‘ with the several Lodges, Summer Houses, ornamental Buildings,
 ‘ Coach Houses, Stables, Brewhouse, Laundry and other Offices,
 ‘ Hot Houses, Green Houses, Ice Houses, Cottages, Farm House
 ‘ and Farm Buildings, and other Out Houses to the said capital Man-
 ‘ sion House or Premises belonging, or in anywise appertaining; and
 ‘ all that Park with the Woods, Plantations, Waters, Pleasure
 ‘ Grounds, and Gardens thereto belonging, containing together by
 ‘ Estimation (including the Scite of the said Buildings) Three hundred
 ‘ and thirty two Acres, One Rood, and Thirteen Perches, (the whole
 ‘ of such Lands being Freehold, except One Acre or thereabouts,
 ‘ situated in the said Park, which is Copyhold of Inheritance,) and
 ‘ all Timber and other Trees growing or being in the said Park,
 ‘ or in any of the Pleasure Grounds, Woods or Plantations within
 ‘ the same, and all the Household Goods, Furniture, Fixtures, Orna-
 ‘ ments, Brewing Utensils, and all Chattels and other Articles of
 ‘ whatever Denomination or Description, belonging to the said
 ‘ *Charles Rose Ellis*, and being in or about the said Mansion House,
 ‘ Out Houses and Offices, Gardens, Pleasure Grounds and Premises
 ‘ (save and except certain Articles in the said Agreement specified),
 ‘ and also all that Messuage or Dwelling House called *Milbourne*
 ‘ *House*, situated at or near *Esber* aforesaid, with the Coach Houses,
 ‘ Stables and other Out Houses and Offices, Yards, Gardens, Plant-
 ‘ ations and Pleasure Grounds thereto belonging; and also all those
 ‘ several Closes, Pieces or Parcels of Land to the said last mentioned
 ‘ Messuage or Dwelling House and Premises belonging or in anywise
 ‘ appertaining; all which last mentioned Premises contain together
 ‘ by Estimation Forty nine Acres and Thirty one Perches or there-
 ‘ abouts, the said Messuage, or Dwelling House and Premises, with
 ‘ Part of the Lands being in Hand, and the Residue thereof let on
 ‘ Lease at the Yearly Rent of Forty eight Pounds, which Lease
 ‘ will expire in the Year One thousand eight hundred and twenty,
 ‘ and all Timber and other Trees growing or being on the said last
 ‘ mentioned Premises or any Part thereof; and all the Fixtures and
 ‘ other Articles of every Sort in or about the said last mentioned
 ‘ Dwelling House, Offices, Out Houses and Premises, or the Gardens
 ‘ or Pleasure Grounds thereto belonging (except such Articles and
 ‘ things as in the said Articles of Agreement are excepted;) and
 ‘ also all that Messuage, Dwelling House or Cottage called *Warren*
 ‘ *House*,

' *House*, and all those Plantations and other Lands thereto belonging,
 ' containing by Estimation One hundred and thirty two Acres or
 ' thereabouts, and all the Timber and other Trees growing or being
 ' thereon; and all that Spring of Water rising in the last mentioned
 ' Grounds, and all the Conduits, Aqueducts, Pipes and Reservoirs
 ' used for conveying or conducting the Water arising from such
 ' Spring to the Mansion House called *Claremont*, for the Supply
 ' thereof, and the Offices and Grounds thereto belonging; and also
 ' all that Piece or Parcel of Land called the *Highfield*, containing
 ' by Estimation Three Acres Three Roods and Five Perches, situate
 ' near the said Park; and also all such Pew or Pews, or Part or
 ' Parts of a Pew or Pews, in the Parish Church of *Esber*, as belong
 ' to the said *Charles Rose Ellis*; and all Waters, Fishings, Ways,
 ' Roads, Paths, Easements, Rights, Members, Privileges and Ap-
 ' purtenances whatsoever, to the said Manors, Mansion House, and
 ' other Houses and Premises, or any of them belonging or in anywise
 ' appertaining: And the said Commissioners, Parties thereto, by the
 ' said Articles of Agreement have, for and on the behalf of His
 ' Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, covenanted, promised and agreed;
 ' to and with the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs, Executors;
 ' Administrators and Assigns, to pay the said Sum of Sixty six thou-
 ' sand Pounds, the Purchase Money for the said Premises, in the Pro-
 ' portions and at the times hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say,)
 ' the Sum of Twelve thousand Pounds, Part thereof, on the Delivery
 ' of the Possession of the said Premises, or on the Title thereto being
 ' approved of by the Counsel of the Purchasers, whichever should
 ' first happen, and the Residue thereof to be paid by Four equal
 ' annual Payments, the First of such Payments to be made on the
 ' Thirty first Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen,
 ' the Second, on the Thirty first Day of *May* One thousand eight
 ' hundred and eighteen, the Third, on the Thirty first Day of *May*
 ' One thousand eight hundred and nineteen, and the Fourth and
 ' last, on the Thirty first Day of *May* One thousand eight hundred
 ' and twenty, together with lawful Interest for the same, or the In-
 ' stalments from time to time remaining unpaid from the Date of
 ' the said Articles of Agreement, such Interest to be paid annually
 ' on the same Days as the Instalments of the Principal: And it is by
 ' the said Articles of Agreement, amongst other things, further
 ' provided and agreed that the said *Charles Rose Ellis* should within
 ' One Month from the Date thereof make out and deliver to the said
 ' Commissioners, Parties thereto, a complete Abstract of and make
 ' out a good Title to the said Manors, Hereditaments and Premises,
 ' and to the Inheritance thereof in Fee Simple, free from all In-
 ' cumbrances, save such as are therein and hereinafter mentioned;
 ' and that he and they and all other necessary Parties should and
 ' would, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of *December* next, by
 ' such good and sufficient Conveyances, Surrenders and Assurances,
 ' as Counsel shall advise, convey and assure the said Manors, Man-
 ' sion House, and all and singular other the Houses, Lands, Here-
 ' ditaments and Premises so contracted to be sold as aforesaid, with the
 ' Appurtenances, to the Use of the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, or of some
 ' Person or Persons to be named by him or them, and his and their
 ' Executors, Administrators and Assigns, for a Term of Five hundred
 ' Years, for securing the Payment of the said Purchase Money, or so
 ' much thereof as should remain unpaid at the time of the Execution
 ' of

of such Deeds, together with lawful Interest for the same, at the times and in manner aforesaid, and subject thereto, to the Use of such Person or Persons, and upon such Trust or Trusts, and in such manner and Form as the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, or the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall direct or appoint, free from all Charges and Incumbrances whatsoever, except the Land Tax, and save and except the said Premises, being subject and charged with the Expences and Repairs of *Esber* Bridge, and save and except certain Fee Farm and Customary Rents, Heriots, Services and Rights of Common in the said Articles of Agreement particularly mentioned, and to which certain Parts of the said Premises are subject; and the said *Charles Rose Ellis* agreed to assign and set over all the Furniture, Goods, Chattels and other Personal Effects by the said Articles of Agreement agreed to be sold, to such Person or Persons as the said Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall direct or appoint, either for his or their own Use and Benefit absolutely or in Trust for any other Person or Persons, Uses or Purposes: And it is by the said Articles of Agreement further agreed, amongst other things, that the Fee Farm Rents and all Taxes and Out Goings for or in respect of the said Premises, should be borne, defrayed and paid by the said *Charles Rose Ellis* up to *Midsummer Day* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and that His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, should have Possession of the Parts in Hand, and receive all Rents, Issues and Profits of the Remainder of the said Premises as and from that Day; and it is in and by the said Articles of Agreement expressly provided and declared, that if the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury should refuse or decline to ratify that present Agreement, or if an Act of Parliament should not be passed in this present Session of Parliament for confirming such Agreement, and to enable the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury to advance the Sums requisite to pay the several Instalments of the Purchase Money as they respectively become due, and to authorize the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues to sell Crown Lands in order to provide for the Repayment of the Monies so to be advanced, then and in either of such cases, that Agreement and the Contract thereby made, and every thing therein contained, should cease, determine and be wholly void: And Whereas it is expedient to make Provisions for enabling the said Commissioners, Parties to the said Articles of Agreement, to make good the Contract thereby entered into on behalf of His Majesty, and to carry the same into Effect: And Whereas by an Act passed in the Thirty eighth Year of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making perpetual, subject to Redemption and Purchase in the manner therein stated, the several Sums of Money now charged in Great Britain as a Land Tax for One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight*; and another Act passed in the Forty second Year of His said present Majesty, intituled *An Act for consolidating the Provisions of the several Acts passed for the Redemption and Sale of the Land Tax into One Act, and for making further*

38 G. 3. c. 60.

42 G. 3. c. 116.

§ 133.

‘ *Provision for the Redemption and Sale thereof; and for removing Doubts respecting the Right of Persons claiming to vote at Elections for Knights of the Shire, and other Members to serve in Parliament, in respect of Messuages, Lands or Tenements, the Land Tax upon which shall have been redeemed or purchased; the Surveyor General of the Land Revenues of the Crown for the time being was empowered to contract for the Sale from time to time, of such or so much of the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, Waste Lands or other Hereditaments belonging to the Crown, within the Survey or Receipt of the Exchequer in England, as would raise a Sum sufficient for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Land Revenues of or belonging to the Crown: And Whereas under the Authority of the said recited Acts certain Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown have been sold in order to raise Money for the Redemption of the Land Tax charged on the Crown Estates, and the Monies which have arisen therefrom have been invested in the Purchase of Three Pounds per Cent. Consolidated Bank Annuities, of which Annuities certain Parts are now standing in the Names of the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England; and such Annuities, or considerable Parts thereof, are not immediately wanted for the Purposes of the said recited Acts of the Thirty eighth and Forty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty; and in order to carry into Effect the Provisions of this Act with as little Inconvenience as possible, and to have a Fund ready for the Payment of the several Instalments of the said Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, it is expedient that the Commissioners of His Majesty’s Treasury should be authorized and empowered to sell a competent Part of the said Bank Annuities from time to time, in order to raise the Monies which will be requisite to pay the said Instalments as they shall become payable, and to apply the Monies so to be raised in the Payment thereof accordingly; and that the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty’s Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, should be authorized and empowered to sell and dispose of certain Parts of the Possessions and Land Revenues of the Crown, and apply the Money arising from such Sales in making good and replacing the Bank Annuities which shall have been so sold, or in purchasing Three Pounds per Cent. Reduced Bank Annuities in lieu thereof:’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said hereinbefore in Part recited Articles of Agreement, bearing Date on the said Fifteenth Day of June in this present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, and made valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.*

Agreement confirmed.

The Claremont Estate vested in Commissioners of Woods and Forests in Trust for the Princess and the Prince.

II. And be it further enacted, That at the time mentioned in the said Articles of Agreement for the conveying the said Estate and Premises, the said *Charles Rose Ellis* shall by proper Conveyances and Assurances in the Law convey the same, and the Fixtures thereto belonging, to the Use of him the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, or of some Person or Persons

to be by him or them for that Purpose nominated for a Term of Five hundred Years, for securing the Payment of the said Purchase Monies and Interest at the times and in the manner in the said Articles of Agreement mentioned; and subject thereto, to the Use of the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for ever; and that from and immediately after such Conveyance shall be made and executed, all those the said Manors of *Esber* and *Milbourne*, or *Waterville Esber*, and the said Mansion or Dwelling House called *Claremont* otherwise *Claremount*, with the Parks, Woods, Plantations, Pleasure Grounds and Gardens thereto belonging, and all other the Messuages or Houses, Farms, Cottages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments hereinbefore and in the said Articles of Agreement particularly mentioned and described, and the several Fixtures thereto belonging, by the said Articles of Agreement contracted and agreed to be sold and disposed of, shall be settled upon and vested in, and the same are hereby settled upon and vested in the Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for ever, but subject and without Prejudice to the Leases now subsisting in the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments and Premises, or any Parts thereof, and subject and without Prejudice to the said Term of Five hundred Years, to be created according to the said Articles of Agreement for securing the Payment of the said Sum of Sixty six thousand Pounds and Interest; but nevertheless upon the Trusts and for the Purposes hereinafter expressed and declared of and concerning the said Estate and Premises; that is to say, upon Trust that they the said Commissioners for the time being of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, shall suffer and permit Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta*, and His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, during their joint Lives, and shall suffer and permit the Survivor of them, during her or his Life to hold, use, occupy, possess and enjoy the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Premises, and all Fixtures thereto belonging, so to be conveyed and assured under and in pursuance of the said Articles of Agreement, and to take, have, collect and receive the Rents, Issues and Profits, coming, growing and arising therefrom, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner as if the same were absolutely vested in them, but without any Power to sell, convey, dispose of, mortgage or otherwise alienate or incumber the same or any Part thereof.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That on the Death of Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* or His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, which ever shall be the Survivor, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and the several Fixtures thereto belonging, shall vest in and become Part of the Land Revenue of the Crown, and shall be settled and administered to the same Uses and in the same manner as His Majesty's Land Revenues now are or hereafter may be settled and administered.

IV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if Her Royal Highness the Princess *Charlotte Augusta* shall succeed to the Crown of the United Kingdom in the Lifetime of His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, then and in such case immediately after the Decease of His Serene Highness, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and

On the Death of the Survivor the Estate to become Crown Property;

on Princess succeeding to the Crown in the Lifetime of His Highness, and after His Decease;

the Fixtures thereto belonging, shall become Part of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and be settled and administered to the same Uses and in the same manner as such Land Revenues now or hereafter may be settled and administered.

and also in case of the Princesses surviving and coming to the Crown; Estate to become Crown Property.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if Her Royal Highness the *Princess Charlotte Augusta* shall survive His Serene Highness *Leopold George Frederick Prince of Cobourg of Saalfeld*, and after the Decease of His Serene Highness succeed to the Crown of the United Kingdom, then and in such case and immediately upon such Accession of Her Royal Highness to the Crown of the United Kingdom, the said Manors, Mansion House, Estate and Hereditaments, and the Fixtures thereto belonging, shall become Part of the Land Revenues of the Crown, and be settled and administered to the same Uses, and in the same manner as such Land Revenues now are or hereafter may be settled and administered.

Commissioners of the Treasury to sell out so much Stock as shall be necessary to pay the Instalments as they become due.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, and he and they is and are hereby authorized and required from time to time, as the Instalments of the said Purchase Money and the Interest thereon shall respectively become due, to sell and dispose of so much of the Three *per Cent.* Consolidated Annuities, standing in the Names of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in the Books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, which have been purchased with Monies raised under the Provisions of the said recited Acts of the Thirty eighth and Forty second Years of His Majesty's Reign, as will be sufficient to pay and discharge such respective Instalments of the said Purchase Money as they shall respectively become due, and the Interest then payable to the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns, and by and with the Produce of the Sale of such Bank Annuities to pay and discharge such Instalments of the said Purchase Money accordingly, and the Interest then payable to the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns.

Treasury may sell and transfer the Stock by Power of Attorney.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Three Pounds *per Cent.* Consolidated Bank Annuities hereby authorized and required to be sold and disposed of for the Purposes aforesaid, by the said Commissioners of the Treasury, shall and may be sold, transferred and disposed of by any Person or Persons to be appointed by them, or any Three or more of them, by Letter of Attorney, under their Hands and Seals attested by Two or more credible Witnesses.

Commissioners of Woods and Forests may sell Crown Lands to raise Money to replace the Stock sold.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Two of them, and they, or any Two of them, are hereby authorized and empowered to contract and agree with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of, and absolutely to make Sale of such or so many or so much of the Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes or Waste Lands or other Hereditaments, or any other Revenues of or belonging to the Crown within the Survey of the Exchequer in *England* (for the best Prices or Considerations in Money which the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues shall, under the Direction and with the Approbation of the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three

or more of them, be able to procure for the same), as will raise a Sum sufficient to purchase so much Stock in the Three Pounds *per Cent.* Bank Annuities hereinafter mentioned, as shall be equal, or as nearly equal as conveniently may be, to the whole Amount which shall have been sold out of the said Consolidated Bank Annuities under the Provisions of this Act, for the Payment of any such Instalment or Instalments of the Purchase Monies so to be paid to the said *Charles Rose Ellis*, his Heirs or Assigns as aforesaid, and the Interest so to be paid to him or them as aforesaid; and that the Purchase Monies to be paid for the same shall be paid into the Bank of *England*, to the Account of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, and shall be laid out by the Order of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Two of them, (who are for that Purpose hereby authorized to make Drafts on the Bank for the same,) in the Purchase either of Three Pounds *per Cent.* Consolidated Bank Annuities, or Three *per Cent.* Reduced Bank Annuities, in the Name of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, in like manner in all Respects as is prescribed in the said recited Acts of the Thirty eighth and Forty second Years of the Reign of His present Majesty with relation to Purchases of Three Pounds *per Cent.* Consolidated Bank Annuities, under those Acts respectively; and the Capital or Stock so to be purchased therewith, and the Dividends and Interest arising therefrom, shall be applicable to the same Purposes, and shall be applied in the same manner, and under the same Rules, Regulations and Provisions in all Respects, as the Bank Annuities which shall be so sold for the Purpose of raising such Instalments as aforesaid, and the Dividends and Yearly Interest arising therefrom, would have been subject and applicable to if this Act had not been passed.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no such Contract shall be made, unless by Special Warrant to be issued for that Purpose by the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Sales of any Manors, Lordships, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tithes, Mines, Minerals, Collieries, Woods, Wood Grounds, Fens, Marshes, Waste Lands or other Hereditaments, or any other Revenues to be made by virtue of this Act, shall be made by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues, or any Two of them, for the time being, under the like Rules, Regulations and Provisions as directed by the said recited Act of the Forty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same may be applicable thereto; and that whenever such Commissioners shall have contracted with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, for the Sale of any Lands or Premises, by virtue of this Act, they shall grant to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof a Certificate in the Form and in manner directed by the said last mentioned Act, or as near and similar thereto as the Circumstances will permit; and the Cashiers of the Bank shall, on Production of such Certificate, accept and receive the Purchase Monies, and carry the same to the Account therein specified, and at the Foot or on the Back of such Certificate acknowledge the Receipt thereof, without Fee or Reward, in like manner as by such last mentioned Act is directed, which Certificate and Receipt shall be inrolled and attested in the manner required by the said last mentioned Act; and from and im-

The Money to be paid into the Bank and laid out in Three per Cent. Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities.

Bank Annuities so purchased applicable to same Purposes, and applied in same manner as Stock sold out.

No such Contract made unless by Warrant of Treasury.

Sales under this Act to be made in the manner directed by
42 G. 3. c. 116.

mediately after such Inrolment, and thenceforth for ever, the respective Purchasers, their Heirs, Successors or Assigns shall by force of this Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seisin and Possession of the Premises so by them respectively purchased, and shall hold and enjoy the same peaceably and quietly, freed and discharged of and from all Claims and Demands of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or of any Person or Persons claiming under Him or them, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes as His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, might or could have held or enjoyed the same if such Sale had not taken place.

Neglect in not paying Purchase Money into Bank within time limited.

Penalty.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any such Certificate as aforesaid shall be granted, shall neglect to pay into the Bank the Consideration Money therein to be specified for the Space of Thirty one Days after the Date of such Certificate, or shall neglect to inroll such Certificate, and the said Cashier's Receipt for the Money for the like Space of time, then every such Certificate shall be null and void, and the Consideration Money, if paid into the Bank, shall be forfeited, unless the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being shall for any reasonable Cause to them shewn for the Omission of such Inrolment, order the same Certificate and Receipt to be inrolled *nunc pro tunc*, and which upon such Cause being shewn they are hereby authorized and empowered to do.

Commissioners of Woods to certify in their Report to The King and Parliament what Sales have been made under this Act.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, shall in every Report which shall be made by them to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching or concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, so long as the Power of Sale given by this Act shall continue in force, certify and report what Part or Parts of the Land Revenue of the Crown shall have been sold under and by virtue of the Provisions of this Act since the time of the making their last preceding Report, and what Sum or Sums of Money shall have been raised by Means of every such Sale, and in what manner the same shall have been applied and disposed of; and that when and as soon as all the Monies required for the Purposes of this Act shall have been raised, the said Commissioners shall certify the same in their then next Report; and when and as soon as the same shall be so raised, all the Powers of Sale hereby given to them shall cease and be no further exercised.

Power of Sale to cease when Money required for Purposes aforesaid is raised.

Deeds, &c. to be exempted from Stamp Duty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Deed or Writing, Conveyance, Mortgage, Assignment or other Instrument, which shall be made, executed or signed by any Person or Persons in pursuance of the said recited Articles of Agreement, or for carrying the same into Execution, nor any Certificate or Receipt to be given or granted to any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Manors, Lordships, Messuages or other Hereditaments hereby authorized to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be subject or liable to any Stamp Duty whatsoever imposed by any Act or Acts of Parliament now in force, nor to any Stamp Duty to be imposed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament, unless the same be specially subjected thereto and specifically charged therewith in and by such future Act or Acts of Parliament.

C A P. CXVI.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Abolition of Gaol and other Fees connected with the Gaols in England.* [1st July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Abolition of Gaol and other Fees connected with the Gaols in England*: And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the Judges of Assize have Power under and by virtue of the said Act, to grant to certain Officers who before the passing of the same were entitled to certain Fees abolished by the said Act, a Certificate for the Purpose of enabling the said Officers to receive Compensation for such Fees so abolished as aforesaid: And Whereas it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed;’ Be it therefore declared and enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act it shall and may be lawful for the Judges of Assize, who have gone the several Circuits since the passing of the said Act, as well as future Judges of Assize, respectively, to grant such Certificate as is required by the said Act; and the said Judges of Assize are hereby authorized and required to receive from every such Officer as, previous to the passing of the said Act, was lawfully entitled to any Fees abolished by the said Act, an Account in Writing of what they severally claim to be due to them for such abolished Fees, which Account shall be verified upon the Oath of the Party claiming the same, in like manner as is provided by the said Act in respect to the Clerks of Assize and Clerks of the Peace.

Judges of Assize may grant Certificate to certain Officers to receive Compensation for abolished Fees;

II. And be it further enacted, That the Amount of every such Account, after being verified as aforesaid, shall be paid in the same manner as is provided in and by the said Act, in respect to the Clerks of Assize and Clerks of the Peace.

to be paid in same manner as is provided by recited Act.

‘ III. And Whereas Doubts have arisen whether the said Act extends to Prisoners confined in Gaols and Prisons under Civil Process for Debt only, and whether Prisoners confined in the Gaols and Prisons of Liberties and Franchises under Civil Process for Debt, and the Gaolers and Keepers of such Gaols and Prisons, are within the Meaning and Purview of the said recited Act: And Whereas it is expedient that such Doubts should be removed;’ Be it therefore further declared and enacted, That the said recited Act and the Provisions therein contained shall be deemed and construed to extend and shall extend to all Prisoners, as well Civil as Criminal, whether confined for Debt or Crime in any of the Prisons in *England*, except as to the said Prisons in the said Act excepted; and that the Gaolers and Keepers of all such Gaols and Prisons, except as aforesaid, and their Servants, as well within Liberties as without, shall have Compensation for their Fees or Gratuities abolished by the said recited Act or this Act, as in the said recited Act is mentioned.

Recited Act to extend to Prisoners for Debt.

IV. And be it enacted, That the Allowances made to the Bodar or Keeper of the Prison of *Dover Castle*, in lieu of Fees and Gratuities paid or payable by any Prisoner on his or her Entrance, Commitment or Discharge to or from such Prison, and also the

Allowances to Gaoler of Dover Castle Prison, &c. how to be paid.

† *Sic.*

54 G. 3. c. xxvii.

Compensation to the Registrar of the Cinque Ports and Clerk of *Dovor Castle* for the *Liberati* granted to any Debtor or † his or her Discharge, shall be paid out of the Funds raised by virtue of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the Relief of Poor Debtors and others confined within the Gaol of Dovor Castle*: Provided always, that such Allowance and Compensation shall be verified, allowed and paid in the same manner as the Relief to such Poor Debtors, and Payment for the same is directed to be allowed, verified and paid by the said recited Act.

C A P. CXVII.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty for the safe Custody of Insane Persons charged with Offences.

[1st July 1816.]

39 & 40 G. 3.
c. 94. § 1.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the safe Custody of Insane Persons charged with Offences*, it is enacted, that in certain cases, therein specified, it shall be lawful for Courts of Justice to direct Insane Persons to be kept in safe Custody, in such Place and in such manner as to such Court shall seem fit, until His Majesty’s Pleasure shall be known; and that it shall thereupon be lawful for His Majesty to give such Order for the safe Custody of such Persons, during his Pleasure, in such Place and in such manner as to His Majesty shall seem fit: And Whereas it is expedient that Provision should be made for the due Care of Persons who may, after Conviction for any criminal Offence, become Insane;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person having been duly convicted of any Offence, who after such Conviction and during his or her Imprisonment or Continuance in any Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, under Sentence of Transportation or Imprisonment, shall become Insane, and it shall be duly certified by Two Physicians or Surgeons that such Person is Insane, it shall be lawful for One of His Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State to direct, by Warrant under his Hand, that such Person as aforesaid shall be removed to such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle for Insane Persons in the United Kingdom, as His Majesty’s said Principal Secretary of State may judge proper and appoint; and every such Person so removed as aforesaid shall remain under Confinement in such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle as aforesaid, or in any other Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle, to which such Person may be removed by any like Order, until it shall be duly certified to His Majesty’s said Principal Secretary of State, by Two Physicians or Surgeons, that such Person has become of sound Mind; whereupon His Majesty’s said Secretary of State is hereby authorized, if such Person shall still remain subject to Imprisonment or to be continued in Custody, to issue his Warrant to the Keeper or other Person having the Care of any such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle as aforesaid, directing that such Person shall be removed

Offenders becoming Insane, during Confinement, may be removed to any Lunatic Asylum.

back

back from such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle, to the Gaol, Prison, Hulk, Penitentiary House or House of Correction, from whence the said Person or Persons shall have been taken, for the Purposes of being confined in such Lunatic Asylum or other proper Receptacle as aforesaid during the time of their being Insane; or, if the Period of Imprisonment or Custody of such Person had expired, that such Person shall be discharged.

C A P. CXVIII.

An Act for admitting Oil and Blubber from the *British* Colonies in *North America*, upon Payment of the like Duty as Oil and Blubber from *Newfoundland*. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS it is expedient that the Duties now imposed by Law upon Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught in the Gulf of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Shores of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America*, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, should be repealed, and that in lieu thereof the same should be liable to the like Duties as are now by Law imposed upon Oil and Blubber being the Produce of the *Newfoundland* Fisheries; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the Duties now payable upon the Importation into this Kingdom of Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught in the Gulf of *Saint Lawrence*, or on the Shores of any *British* Colony or Plantation in *North America*, or the Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects usually residing in any of the said Colonies or Plantations, and carrying on such Fishery from thence, shall be and the same are hereby repealed; and in lieu and instead thereof such Oil and Blubber shall be subject and liable to the like Duties as are now by Law imposed upon the Importation into this Kingdom of Oil and Blubber being the Produce of Fish or Creatures living in the Sea, taken and caught on the Banks and Shores of the Island of *Newfoundland*, and Parts adjacent, wholly by His Majesty's Subjects carrying on such Fishery from that Island and residing therein, and imported directly from thence, on the like Proofs and Certificates as are required on the Admission of Oil and Blubber of the *Newfoundland* Fishery as before recited, to the Duty imposed thereon by Law; and such Duties shall be raised, levied, collected, paid and applied in the same manner and under the like Rules, Regulations and Restrictions as the former Duties were.

Duties now payable on Oil and Blubber from British Colonies in North America repealed, and in lieu thereof like Duties as are imposed on Oil and Blubber the Produce of Fish taken in Newfoundland Fishery.

C A P. CXIX.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament for punishing Mutiny and Desertion in relation to the Transportation of Offenders. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the present Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*: And

Ante, c. 10.

Whereas

Orders made by any Judge in relation to Transportation of Offenders tried by Courts Martial to be obeyed by all Persons concerned.

‘ Whereas it is expedient to explain and amend the Provisions of the said Act in relation to the Transportation of Persons sentenced to Transportation by Courts Martial, or of Persons sentenced to Death by Courts Martial, to whom His Majesty shall graciously extend his Mercy upon Condition of Transportation;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Order made by any Justice of The King’s Bench, Common Pleas or Baron of the Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif, under any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time of making any such Order in relation to the Transportation of Offenders, for the Transportation of any Offender sentenced to Transportation by any Court Martial, or being liable to the Punishment of Death by the Sentence of a Court Martial, to whom His Majesty shall have been graciously pleased to extend or shall be graciously pleased to extend his Mercy, upon Condition of Transportation, and every Act consequent upon any such Order, shall be obeyed and done by the Person in whose Custody such Offender shall at the time be, and all other Persons whom it may concern, and shall be as effectual and have all the same Consequences as any Order made or Act done under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time in relation to the Transportation of Offenders with respect to any Offender in any such Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned; and every Sheriff, Gaoler, Keeper, Governor or Superintendant whom it may concern, and all Constables or other Persons, shall obey every such Order, and be Assistent in the Execution thereof, and be liable to the same Punishment for Disobedience or interrupting the Execution of the same, as they would be if the same had been made under the Authority of any such Act or Acts of Parliament in force at the time in relation to the Transportation of Offenders; any thing in the said recited Act of this Session of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

C A P. CXX.

An Act to procure Annual Returns of Persons committed, tried and convicted for Criminal Offences and Misdemeanors in *Ireland*. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS it is expedient that regular Returns should be made of the Commitments of Persons charged with Criminal Offences in *Ireland*, and the subsequent Proceeding thereon;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the several Clerks of Assizes, Clerks of the Crown, Clerks of the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, Clerks of the Peace and Town Clerks in *Ireland*, shall, within the First Fourteen Days of the Month of *January* in each Year, return and transmit to the Chief Secretary of the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, at the Office of such Chief Secretary in *Dublin Castle*, Accounts of the Number of Persons, Male and Female, committed to the several Gaols in *Ireland* for Trial, and tried

Clerks of Assizes &c. shall yearly transmit to Chief Secretary Accounts of the Number of Persons committed, distinguishing the Offences, &c. according to Schedule annexed.

tried or discharged at the several Assizes, Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, General Sessions, Quarter Sessions and other Sessions at which they respectively act as such Clerks as aforesaid, which shall have been holden within the preceding Year; distinguishing particularly the Crimes with which all such Persons were severally charged upon their Commitment, the Crimes of which such of them as were indicted were respectively indicted, and the Crimes of which such of them as were convicted were respectively convicted; and distinguishing under each Head of Offence the Numbers convicted, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them and discharged by reason of no Prosecution, and the Sentences of such as were convicted, and also stating under each Head of Offence the Numbers of those capitally convicted who have been executed; and all such Accounts shall be made out and returned according to the Form contained in the Schedule to this Act annexed, or in such Form and manner and with any such additional Particulars as shall from time to time be ordered and required by such Chief Secretary in that behalf, and such Accounts shall be signed by every such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Crown or other Clerk as aforesaid respectively; and every Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Crown or other Clerk as aforesaid, who shall refuse or neglect to make or transmit any such Return or Account in the manner and Form prescribed, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Information or Action at the Suit of His Majesty in any Court of Record in *Ireland*.

Clerk of Assize,
&c. refusing.

Penalty.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, shall, between the Twenty fourth Day of *January* and the Twenty fourth Day of *February* in each Year, if Parliament shall be sitting during any Part of such Period, or if Parliament shall not be sitting during any Part of such Period, then within Fourteen Days after Parliament shall meet after the said Twenty fourth Day of *February* in each Year, cause all such Accounts and Returns to be laid before Parliament.

Returns to be
laid before
Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Grand Juries assembled at the respective Spring Assizes for the several Counties and Counties of Cities and Towns in *Ireland*, and at the Presenting Term for the County and County of the City of *Dublin* next after such Returns shall be made by such Clerks of Assize, Clerks of the Crown and other Clerks respectively in each and every Year, † settle and ascertain the Allowances to be paid to the Clerks of Assize, Clerks of the Crown and other Clerks as aforesaid, acting at the respective Assizes and Sessions, for their Care, Pains and Trouble in making such Returns; and it shall be lawful for such Grand Juries respectively, and they are hereby required to present the Amount of such Allowances to be raised off the County at large, or County of the City or Town, as the case may be, to which such Returns respectively relate or apply; and such Amount when raised shall be paid by the Treasurer of such County, or County of a City or Town, to such Clerk of Assize, Clerk of the Crown or other Clerk respectively, † also shall be entitled to the same under the Provisions of this Act.

Allowances to
Clerks of Assize,
&c. to be settled
by Grand
Juries.

† *Sic.*

† *Sic.*

SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

IRELAND, [*Name of the Circuit Place from whence the Return is made.*]

A RETURN of the Number of PERSONS committed to the different GAOLS in the several Counties within the Circuit [*or, the Gaol of* *as the case may be*] for Trial at the Assizes [*or, Session of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter or General Session of the Peace, or other Session, holden for* *as the case may be*] in the Year 18 ; distinguishing particularly the Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment, the Crimes of which such of them as were indicted were severally indicted, and the Crimes of which such of them as were convicted were severally convicted ; and distinguishing, under each Head of Offence, the Numbers convicted, acquitted, discharged by reason of no Bill being found against them, and discharged by reason of no Prosecution ; and the Sentences of such as were convicted, and the Numbers of those capitally convicted who have been executed.

Crimes with which they were severally charged upon their Commitment.	Crimes of which they were indicted.	Crimes of which such of them as were convicted were severally convicted.	Acquitted by Verdict of Jury.	Discharged by reason of no Bill being found.	Discharged by reason of no Prosecution.	Total Number of Persons committed.
Total Number of Persons committed.	Number of Persons indicted Not indicted Total	Number of Persons convicted Acquitted by Verdict of Jury No Bill found against No Prosecution of Total	(Signed)	C. A. (Clerk of the Assizes) <i>or,</i> (Clerk of the Peace, &c. <i>as the case may be.</i>)		

Crimes and Sentences of Prisoners convicted.

CRIMES.	Total Number of Persons convicted.	SENTENCES.										Number of Persons capitally convicted who have been executed.	
		Transporation.			Imprisonment.			Whipping.	Fine.	Other Judgment.	Judgment respited.		
		14 Years.	7 Years.	Years.	1 Year.	6 Months and under.							

C A P. CXXI.

An Act for defraying, until the Twenty fifth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the Charge of the Pay and Clothing of the Militia of *Ireland*; and for making Allowances in certain cases to Subaltern Officers of the said Militia during Peace. [1st July 1816.]

[*This Act the same as 55 G. 3. c. 167. except as to Dates and the Sections here given, and Section 16. which is added.*]

Allowances to Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons.

‘ VII. AND Whereas it is expedient to grant Allowances to certain Officers of the said Militia Forces of *Ireland* while disembodied under certain Regulations;’ Be it further enacted, That the following Allowances shall be made and paid to the Amount, under the Restrictions and in the manner hereinafter expressed, to every Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon, now bearing a Commission, and serving in the Militia of *Ireland*, who shall have continued faithfully to serve until the Disembodiment thereof; that is to say, to a Lieutenant Two Shillings and Sixpence a Day, to an Ensign Two Shillings a Day, and to an Assistant Surgeon Two Shillings and Sixpence a Day: Provided always, that such Allowances shall not be received for the time during which the Regiment, Battalion or Corps, to which such Officers belong, is assembled for Training and Exercise, or when called out for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults.

Provido.

Exceptions.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who is or shall during the Continuance of this Act become possessed of such an Estate or Income, as would by Law entitle him to hold a Captain’s Commission in the Militia of a County at large in *Ireland*, or who is or shall be appointed Adjutant or Surgeon in any Regiment or Battalion of the said Militia, nor any Officer on Full Pay of the Navy, Army or Marines, who shall also hold the Commission of a Subaltern or Assistant Surgeon in the said Militia, shall have or be in anywise entitled to the said Annual Allowance or any Part or Share thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Subalterns claiming Allowances to take the following Oath.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the Subaltern Officers and Assistant Surgeons of the said Militia, who shall claim under the Authority of this Act to receive any Part of the said Allowances, shall, previous to receiving the same, and in order to entitle themselves thereto, take and subscribe an Oath before some One of His Majesty’s Justices of the Peace for any County in the United Kingdom in which they shall respectively be, in the Words or to the Effect following; (*videlicet*),

Oath.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I belonged to the
‘ of the Militia of *Ireland*, when the same was dis-
‘ embodied, and that I have continued to serve therein from that
‘ time until the Day of
‘ inclusive, as a Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant
‘ Surgeon, (*as the case may be*); and that I was not in my own
‘ Right, or in Right of my Wife, during the said Period, in the
‘ actual Possession and Enjoyment or Receipt of the Rents and
‘ Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, of such an annual
‘ Value above Reprizes, as would qualify me to hold a Commission

‘ of Captain of a Company in the Militia of a County at large in
 ‘ *Ireland*; that I have not, during the above Period, held the Ap-
 ‘ pointment of Adjutant or Surgeon in any Regiment, Battalion
 ‘ or Corps of Militia; that I did not hold or enjoy, nor did any
 ‘ Person for me hold or enjoy, during the said Period, any Office
 ‘ or Income whatsoever from the Public, except my Half Pay as
 ‘ .
 ‘ So help me GOD.’

Which Oath so taken and subscribed, shall be by the said Justice forthwith certified and transmitted, and he is hereby required to certify and transmit the same to the Paymaster of the Regiment or Battalion of Militia in which such Subaltern Officer or Assistant Surgeon shall be then serving.

Justices to transmit Oaths to the Paymaster.

XII. And be it further enacted, That upon such Certificates as aforesaid of such Justice of the Peace and Commanding Officer as aforesaid, or where any Regiment or Battalion of Militia shall not have been called out to their Annual Exercise as aforesaid, upon a Certificate of any such Justice of the Peace only being produced to or received by the respective Paymasters, it shall be lawful for such Paymasters, and they are hereby authorized and required to pay to the said Subaltern Officer and Assistant Surgeon, according to their respective Commissions of Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, the Allowance above mentioned for Six Months, or other proper Period, on the Twenty fourth Day of *December* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the other Proportion of the same on the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, without any Deduction whatsoever; the Certificates before mentioned to be by them preserved and produced among the Vouchers for the Payments from time to time made by them in pursuance of this Act.

Allowances to be paid Half-yearly without Deductions.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That whenever any supernumerary Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, of any Regiment of Militia in *Ireland*, which shall have been augmented during War, and which shall have been reduced to its original Establishment, shall have succeeded or shall succeed to any Vacancy which shall have occurred or shall occur in any such Regiment respectively, such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, shall, from the time of his so succeeding, be entitled to such Pay and Allowances under this Act, and in like manner and to the like Amount, and under the like Restrictions and Regulations as any Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, who shall have been serving on the original Establishment of such Regiment at the time of the disembodiment thereof; and such Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon, so succeeding, shall be deemed to have belonged to such Regiment when the same was disembodied, and to have continued to serve therein from that time, and shall in all Respects, from and after his so succeeding, be subject to the Regulations in this Act contained, with respect to any Lieutenant, Ensign or Assistant Surgeon of the said Militia who shall claim and receive the Pay and Allowances under this Act.

Supernumerary Lieutenant, &c. succeeding to Vacancy, entitled to Pay and Allowances.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person being on Naval or Military Half Pay, or being entitled to any Allowance, as having served in any of His Majesty's Forces, or Navy or Marines, and serving in the Militia, shall and may, and he is hereby empowered to receive and take the Pay and Allowances by this Act directed to be paid to Field Officers, Captains, Lieutenants,

Persons on Naval or Military Half Pay, or entitled to Allowances as having served in His Majesty's Forces, &c.

servings in the Militia, may receive the same on taking the following Oath.

nants, Ensigns, Adjutants, Paymasters, Quarter Masters, Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons, when assembled for annual Training, or for the Suppression of Riots or Tumults; and the receiving and taking any such Pay and Allowances by any such Field Officer, Captain, Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Quarter Master, Surgeon or Assistant Surgeon, shall not be deemed receiving or taking of Pay, so as in any manner to prevent such Person on Half Pay, or being entitled to any such Allowance, from receiving his Half Pay, or such Allowance; and such Person shall take the following Oath before some Justice of the Peace who is hereby empowered to administer the same:

Oath.

‘ I *A. B.* do swear, That I had not between the
 ‘ and the any Place or Employ-
 ‘ ment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, besides my
 ‘ Allowance of Half Pay as a reduced in His
 ‘ Majesty’s Navy (or in the Marines, or in late
 ‘ Regiment of) or Allowance as
 ‘ in late Troop of Horse Guards
 ‘ (or, Regiment of Horse reduced),
 ‘ save and except my Pay or Allowance as a Field Officer, Captain,
 ‘ Lieutenant, Ensign, Adjutant, Paymaster or Quarter Master, Sur-
 ‘ geon or Assistant Surgeon (as the case may be), for serving in
 ‘ the Militia in the County of :’

And the taking the said Oath shall be sufficient to entitle such Person to receive his Half Pay or the said Allowance without taking any other Oath; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Surgeons after
 20 Years’ Ser-
 vice to receive
 6s. per Day.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Surgeon of the said Militia, having faithfully served either in His Majesty’s regular Forces or in the Militia for the full Term of Twenty Years, shall by Age or Infirmity be rendered unfit for further Service, he shall, on producing to the Paymaster of the Regiment a Certificate of such Service of Twenty Years in the whole, Ten of which he shall have served as a Surgeon of Militia, from the Commanding Officers of the different Corps to which he shall have belonged, be entitled to receive, and the said Paymaster shall be, and he is hereby authorized and required to pay to such Person producing such Certificate as aforesaid, an Allowance at the Rate of Six Shillings *per* Day: Provided always, that no Person shall be entitled to receive such Allowance as aforesaid who shall hold any Office or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty; but no Person receiving such Allowance shall, by reason thereof, forfeit his Right to any Half Pay to which he may be entitled.

C A P. CXXII.

An Act to make Provision for securing, for a Time to be limited, the Profits of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas of His Majesty’s Court of Exchequer in *Ireland*. [1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS the Office of Clerk of the Pleas in His Majesty’s
 ‘ Court of Exchequer in *Ireland* is an ancient Office, to which
 ‘ divers Fees and pecuniary Profits do belong: And Whereas the
 ‘ said Office lately became vacant by the Death of the Right
 ‘ Honourable *Robert* late Earl of *Buckinghamshire*, who held and
 ‘ enjoyed

enjoyed the same for many Years, under an Appointment to the said Office made by His present Majesty : And Whereas His Royal Highness The Prince Regent, in the Name and on the behalf of His Majesty, purposes and intends to make a Grant of the said Office, subject nevertheless to such Regulations touching the Fees and Emoluments arising and to arise from the same, since such Vacancy as aforesaid, or received or to be received, or belonging to the same, or under colour of belonging to the same, as may be thought expedient : And Whereas also the Chief Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, claiming the Right of appointing to the said Office, hath executed an Instrument purporting to appoint *Waller O'Grady* Esquire to the said Office ; and the said *Waller O'Grady* hath executed an Instrument purporting to appoint *John Pollock* Esquire Chief or First Deputy Clerk of the Common Pleas of the said Court of Exchequer ; and hath also executed One other Instrument purporting to appoint *Joseph Farran* Esquire to be Second Deputy Clerk of the Common Pleas of the said Court of Exchequer ; and the said *Waller O'Grady* and the said *John Pollock* have openly in the said Court taken the Oaths required by Law to be taken by the Principal in the said Office, and by the Chief or First Deputy respectively ; and the said *Joseph Farran* hath also taken the Oaths required by Law to be taken by the Second Deputy before the Chief Baron or One other of the Barons of the said Court ; and the said *Waller O'Grady*, *John Pollock*, and *Joseph Farran*, or some or one of them, have or hath since executed or assumed to execute the Duties of the said Office, and received and taken all Fees and pecuniary Profits thereof, by themselves or by certain other Persons in their Employment, and holding the Places or Situations after mentioned under the Appointment of the said *Waller O'Grady*, *John Pollock* and *Joseph Farran*, or some or One of them, that is to say, Clerk of the Satisfactions and Plaintiffs Judgments Book, Filacer and Clerk of the Pleadings, Clerk of the Attachments, Clerk of the Rules, Clerk of the Writs and Clerk of the Alphabets : And Whereas a Suit hath been instituted to bring to a judicial Decision the Claim so made by the Chief Baron of the said Court of Exchequer, and the Right of appointing to the said Office, and other Suits may be instituted respecting the Right of a Grantee of His Majesty to the said Office, or to the Fees and Emoluments thereof ; and it is therefore just that the Fees and pecuniary Profits of the said Office should be secured, for a time to be limited, in manner hereinafter mentioned ; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That within Ten Days after the First Day of *August* in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the said *Waller O'Grady*, *John Pollock* and *Joseph Farran*, and the several Persons who shall from time to time hold or be in the Places or Situations of Clerk of the Satisfactions and Plaintiffs Judgments Book, Filacer and Clerk of the Pleadings, Clerk of the Attachments, Clerk of the Rules, Clerk of the Writs and Clerk of the Alphabets, shall deliver and transmit to the Auditor General of the Exchequer of *Ireland*, at his Office in *Dublin*, One or more Account or Accounts, signed with their Names and in their proper Hand Writings respectively, wherein they shall,

The Persons herein mentioned and their Clerks shall within Ten Days after 1st August 1816, deliver to Auditor General an Account of the several Fees taken by them since the Decease of the Officer either

last appointed by
The Crown;

either jointly or severally as they shall think proper, state all and every Sum and Sums of Money received by them respectively, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons, for their Use, or by or under their Authority, or with their Privy or Permission respectively, or for which they or any Person or Persons on their behalf respectively shall have given Credit, for or on account or by reason of the Fees or pecuniary Profits of or by or under colour of the said Office of Clerk of the Pleas, or of the Places or Situations before mentioned, or any of them, from the Day of the Death of the said Earl of *Buckinghamshire*, to the said First Day of *August* inclusive; and if any other Person or Persons shall, on or before the said Day, claim to be such Officer, or such Chief or First or Second Deputy, or any such Clerk as hereinbefore mentioned, and act as such respectively, and receive or give Credit for any of the Fees or pecuniary Profits aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Person shall in like manner, within Ten Days after the said First Day of *August*, deliver or transmit to the said Auditor General an Account, signed by him, her or them as aforesaid, and stating as aforesaid; and every Person, who at any time after the said First Day of *August* shall claim to be such Officer or Deputy or Clerk holding any of the Places or Situations hereinbefore enumerated, shall within Ten Days after every First Day of *November*, First Day of *February*, First Day of *May* and First Day of *August* in every Year during the Continuance of this Act, in like manner deliver or transmit to the said Auditor General, at his Office as aforesaid, an Account, signed by him or them respectively, in his or their proper Hand Writings respectively, wherein they shall respectively state all and every Sum and Sums of Money received by them, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons for their Use, or by or under their Authority, or with their Privy or Permission respectively, or for which they shall have given Credit respectively to any Person or Persons, for or on account or by reason of the Fees or pecuniary Profits of the said Office of Clerk of the Pleas, or Clerk holding any of the Places or Situations before mentioned, for or during the Quarter or Three Calendar Months ending on such First Day of *November*, First Day of *February*, First Day of *May* and First Day of *August* respectively.

and quarterly
afterwards, with-
in Ten Days
after 1st Nov.
1st Feb. 1st May
and 1st Aug.

In case of Death
of Persons here-
in mentioned,
Executors to
account.

II. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Decease of the said *Waller O'Grady*, *John Pollock* or *Joseph Farran*, or of any of the Persons who shall from time to time hold or be in any of the Places or Situations hereinbefore mentioned, the Executors or Administrators of the Party so deceasing shall, within Three Months after the Decease of such Party, deliver and transmit to the said Auditor General an Account signed by such Executors or Administrators, or One of them, of all Money received by such Party, or for the Use or under the Authority or with the Privy or Permission of such Party, or for which such Party shall have given Credit for or on account of such Fees as aforesaid, up to the Day of the Decease of such Party, so far as such Executors or Administrators shall be enabled to obtain any Knowledge thereof by the Books, Papers or Accounts of such Party, or by any other Information within the Power of such Executors or Administrators, or any of them.

III, And

III. And be it further enacted, That every Account, before the same shall be so delivered as aforesaid, shall be verified by each and every Person whose Name shall be so subscribed thereto, by Affidavit at the Foot thereof, to be sworn before One of the Barons of His Majesty's Exchequer of *Ireland*, (which Oath any such Baron is hereby authorized and required to administer,) and which Affidavit shall state that the Account to which the same relates is a full, true and just Account according to the Import thereof, to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of the Person or Persons whose Name or Names shall be subscribed thereto.

Account to be verified on Oath before a Baron of the Exchequer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That each and every Person who shall deliver in such Account as aforesaid, or, in any other manner under the Provisions of this Act, shall, within Three Days after the Date of such Affidavit, pay or cause to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland* to an Account to be kept in the Books of the said Bank, and to be intituled, "In the Matter of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas in the Court of Exchequer," the full Amount of all and every Sum and Sums of Money which each and every Person shall in such Account admit to have been so received by him, or by his Testator or Intestate, or by any Clerk or Clerks, or other Person or Persons for his Use, or by or under his Authority, or with his Privity or Permission, or for which he, or any Person or Persons on his behalf, shall have so given Credit; subject nevertheless to any such Deduction as is hereinafter provided to be made from time to time.

All Sums admitted by such Accounts to have been received, to be paid into the Bank of *Ireland* to Account of the Clerk of the Pleas.

V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person who shall make such Affidavit as an Executor or Administrator shall be at Liberty to add thereto a Statement of the Amount in value of the Assets of the Testator or Intestate which have come to his, her or their Hands or Power, and whether any and what Part thereof is in Money or Bank Notes, and what is the Nature of such Part thereof as may not then be in Money or Bank Notes; and also a Statement of the Sum, if any paid thereout, for Funeral Expences; and such Executor or Administrator shall thereupon bring into the said Bank within the said time, in Priority to all other Demands, the Balance of so much of the said Assets as shall then be in Money or Bank Notes, after deducting what shall have been so paid for Funeral Expences, and the Residue shall be a Debt recoverable by Extent in manner hereinafter provided.

Proviso for Executors paying on account of their Testators, &c.

VI. And be it further enacted, That if any of the Persons aforesaid shall refuse, neglect or omit so to deliver in or verify such Account, or to make such Payment thereon, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds Sterling; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Court of Exchequer, on Application duly made by His Majesty's Attorney General, to compel, by summary Order and Attachment, and Sequestration thereon, if necessary, the delivering and verifying of such Account as aforesaid, at such time as such Court shall direct; and if at any time after Three Days from the Date of the Affidavit at the Foot of any Account furnished under this Act, it shall be made appear to any Baron of the Exchequer in *Ireland*, by an attested Copy of such Account and by Affidavit, that any Sum due under such Account, whether so due by a Principal Deputy or Clerk, or by any Executor or Administrator, remains

Refusing to deliver Account.

Penalty.

Delivery thereof may be compelled by Attachment, &c.

Extent may be issued for compelling Payment of Sums due.

Money levied
paid into the
Bank.

Money so paid
into the Bank to
be invested in
Government
Securities.

Deputies not
compellable to
pay into the
Bank any
Money paid to
W. O'Grady be-
fore passing of
this Act.

Falſe Oaths.

Perjury.

Remuneration
for diſcharging
the Duties of
the Office.

Money paid into
the Bank to re-
main till Appli-
cation provided
for by Par-
liament.

unpaid, then ſuch Baron ſhall immediately make an Order for an Extent to levy the ſame as a Debt to the Crown, which Extent ſhall accordingly iſſue in the uſual Form as againſt an original Debtor or an Executor or Adminiſtrator reſpectively; and the net Money levied thereon ſhall in like manner be paid into the ſaid Bank in the ſaid Matter of the Office of Clerk of the Pleas in the Court of Exchequer.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Money which ſhall be paid into the ſaid Bank to the Account in the ſaid Matter ſhall, under the Orders of the ſaid Court of Exchequer, be laid out and inveſted in the Purchaſe of ſuch *Iriſh* Government Stock as the ſaid Court ſhall direct, to the Credit of the ſaid Account in the ſaid Matter; and the Intereſt of ſuch Stock, and all Accumulations thereon, ſhall, in like manner and under the like Orders, be from time to time ſo laid out and inveſted.

VIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That neither the ſaid *John Pollock*, nor the ſaid *Joſeph Farran*, nor any of the Clerks hereinbefore mentioned ſhall, nor ſhall any of them be compelled or compellable under the Proviſions of this Act, to pay into the ſaid Bank any Sum or Sums of Money, on any of the Accounts aforeſaid, which at any time before the paſſing of this Act ſhall have been *bona fide* paid by the ſaid *John Pollock* or *Joſeph Farran*, or by any of the ſaid Clerks reſpectively, to the ſaid *Waller O'Grady*, or to any Perſon or Perſons by his Authority, but the ſaid *Waller O'Grady* ſhall be compellable ſo to pay the ſame.

IX. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon ſhall in any ſuch Affidavit as aforeſaid ſwear any thing falſe, he ſhall, on being convicted thereof, be adjudged guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury; and Proof of the Hand Writing of the Perſon by whom any ſuch Affidavit ſhall purport to have been ſworn, and of the Perſon or Perſons by whom the ſame ſhall purport to have been adminiſtered as aforeſaid, and of his or their having at the time in queſtion been reputed to fill the Office or Offices by virtue of which the ſaid Oath ſhall purport to have been adminiſtered by him, ſhall in all caſes be ſufficient Proof that the ſame was ſo duly ſworn, and ſhall be concluſive thereof againſt any Perſon who ſhall have ſo ſubſcribed the ſame.

X. Provided always, and be it enacted, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Lord Lieutenant, or other Chief Governor or Governors of *Ireland* for the time being, from time to time to authorize and permit the Perſons who for the time being ſhall actually perform, exerciſe and diſcharge the Duties of the ſaid Office of Clerk of the Pleas, to deduct out of the Payments ſo required to be made into the Bank of *Ireland* as aforeſaid, or after ſuch Payments ſhall have been made into the ſaid Bank, to receive and to be paid thereout ſuch Sum or Sums of Money as ſhall by the ſaid Lord Lieutenant be deemed a ſufficient and adequate Remuneration to ſuch Perſons for diſcharging the Buſineſs and Duties of the ſaid Office, after paying the Salaries and Allowances of the Under Clerks therein employed, and defraying the Expences of the ſaid Office.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all Sums which ſhall be ſo paid into the ſaid Bank of *Ireland*, under the Proviſions of this Act, ſhall, notwithstanding the Expiration or Repeal of this Act, remain in the ſaid Bank until Proviſion ſhall be made by ſome other Act or Act;

Acts of Parliament to be passed for the Purpose of directing and authorizing the Payment and Application of the same, and to be paid and applied in such manner as shall or may be directed or authorized by such Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be and continue in force for Two Years from the passing thereof, and from thence until the End of the then next Session of Parliament. Continuance of Act.

C A P. CXXIII.

An Act to continue, until the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty fourth Year of His present Majesty, for explaining and amending several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in *England*.

[1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to explain and amend several Acts relating to Spiritual Persons holding of Farms, and for enforcing the Residence of such Persons on their Benefices, in England, for One Year, and from thence until Six Weeks after the Meeting of the then next Session of Parliament*: And Whereas the said Act was continued by an Act of this Session of Parliament, until the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby further continued until the Fifth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen. 54 G. 3. c. 175.
further continued.

C A P. CXXIV.

An Act to continue, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, Two Acts of the Fiftieth and Forty fifth Years of His present Majesty, allowing the bringing of Coals, Culm and Cinders to *London and Westminster*.

[1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to allow, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and eleven, the bringing of Coals, Culm and Cinders to London and Westminster, by Inland Navigation*, which was continued by Two Acts of the Fifty first, Fifty third, and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty's Reign until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and it is expedient that the Act should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall be and the same is hereby continued from the First Day 50 G. 3. c. 110.
Recited Act further continued,

of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

45 G. 3. c. 128.

‘ II. And Whereas by an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for allowing, under certain Restrictions, until the First Day of August One thousand eight hundred and six, the bringing a limited Quantity of Coals, Culm or Cinders to London and Westminister by Inland Navigation,* certain Duties were imposed on all Coals, Culm or Cinders brought along the *Grand Junction* or *Paddington* Canals nearer to *London* than the Stone or Post thereby required to be erected and maintained, on or near to the Towing Path of the said *Grand Junction* Canal, at or near the North East Point of *Grove Park*, and contiguous to the Wharf then in the Possession and Occupation of the Earl of *Clarendon*: And Whereas the Amount of the said Duties was altered by Three Acts of the Forty sixth, Forty seventh and Forty eighth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty: And Whereas by Schedule A. annexed to an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Duties of Customs chargeable in Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof,* other Duties are imposed in lieu thereof upon the said limited Quantity of Coals, Culm and Cinders, under the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions of the said first recited Act: And Whereas the said recited Acts were further continued by Three Acts of the Fifty first, Fifty third and Fifty fifth Years of His present Majesty, until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Acts should be further continued; Be it therefore enacted, That the said first recited Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, so far as the same relates to the Conditions, Regulations and Restrictions under which the said limited Quantity of Coals, Culm and Cinders may be brought within One Year by the said *Grand Junction* and *Paddington* Canals nearer to *London* than the said Stone or Post, and the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty regarding the Amount of the Duties chargeable thereon and the Appropriation thereof, shall be and the same are hereby further continued until the First Day of *August* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

46 G. 3. c. 104.
47 G. 3. Sess. I.
c. 34.

48 G. 3. c. 95.
49 G. 3. c. 98.
Sch. (A.) Coast-
wise.

45 G. 3. c. 128.
so far as relates
to Coals being
brought by the
Canal, and
49 G. 3. c. 98.
respecting the
Duty, further
continued.

C A P. CXXV.

An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons riotously destroying or damaging Buildings, Engines and Machinery, used in and about Collieries and other Mines, Waggonways, Bridges and other Works, used in conveying and shipping Coals and other Minerals; and for enabling the Owners of such Property to recover Damages for the Injury sustained.

[1st July 1816.]

1 G. 1. Stat. 2.
c. 5.

9 G. 3. c. 29.

‘ WHEREAS an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the First, intituled *An Act for preventing Tumulis and riotous Assemblies, and for the more speedy and effectual punishing the Rioters*: And Whereas an Act passed in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King

George the Third, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of such Persons as shall demolish or pull down, burn or otherwise destroy or spoil any Mill or Mills; and for preventing the destroying or damaging of Engines for draining Collieries and Mines, or Bridges, Waggonways or other things used in conveying Coals, Lead, Tin or other Minerals from Mines, or Fences for inclosing Lands, in pursuance of Act of Parliament: And Whereas an Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Punishment of Persons destroying the Properties of His Majesty's Subjects, and enabling the Owners of such Properties to recover Damages for the Injury sustained: And Whereas it is expedient and necessary that more effectual Provisions should be made for the Protection of Property not within the Provisions of the said Acts: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if, after the passing of this Act, any Person or Persons unlawfully, riotously and tumultuously assembled together in Disturbance of the Public Peace, shall unlawfully and with Force demolish, pull down, destroy or damage, or begin to demolish, pull down, destroy or damage any Fire Engine or other Engine, erected or to be erected for making, sinking or working Collieries, Coal Mines or other Mines, or any Bridge, Waggonway or Trunk, erected or made, or to be erected or made for conveying Coals or other Minerals from any Colliery, Coal Mine or other Mine, to any Place, or for shipping the same, or any Staith or other Erection or Building for depositing Coals or other Minerals, or used in the Management or conducting of the Business of any such Colliery, Coal Mine or other Mine, whether the same Engines, Bridges, Waggonways, Trunks, Staiths, Erections and other Buildings or Works shall be respectively completed and finished, or only begun to be set up, made and erected, that then every such demolishing, pulling down, destroying and damaging, or beginning to demolish, pull down, destroy and damage, shall be adjudged Felony, without Benefit of Clergy; and the Offenders therein shall be adjudged Felons, and shall suffer Death as in case of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.**

52 G. 3. c. 130.

Demolishing or destroying Engines, Erections or other Works, belonging to Collieries, &c.

Death.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons injured or damaged by such demolishing, pulling down, destroying or damaging, or beginning to demolish, pull down, destroy or damage any such Property hereinbefore specified, shall be entitled to and may and are hereby empowered to recover the Value of such Property hereinbefore specified, so demolished, pulled down, destroyed or damaged as aforesaid; and the Amount of the Damage done to the same as aforesaid; and such Value or Damage shall and may be recovered, levied, raised and reimbursed in such manner and Form, and by such Ways and Means as are particularly provided, directed or referred to in the said recited Act of the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, in respect of the several Descriptions of Buildings therein mentioned.

Persons injured may recover Value of Property destroyed under 1 G. 1. Stat. 2. c. 5.

III. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever any Person or Number of Persons shall so unlawfully assemble together in Disturbance of the Public Peace as aforesaid, the Person

Owners of Engines and Works, &c. to give Notice to Magis-

trates of unlawful Assemblies; and after sustaining Damage, to give Notice within Two Days after to some Inhabitants of Town, &c.

† Sic.

Examinations upon Oath to be had before a Justice within Four Days as to a Knowledge of the Offenders.

Limitation of Action for Damages.

In Scotland Notice to be given to Sheriff, &c.

or Persons who is or are the Owner or Proprietor or Owners or Proprietors of any of the Engines, Works, Buildings, or other Property hereinbefore particularly specified, shall, as soon as conveniently may be after such unlawful Assembly shall take place, by himself or themselves, or by his or their Servants, give or cause to be given due Notice and Information of such Assembly having taken place, to some or one of the nearest Magistrates, and to the Constable or some one of the resident Housekeepers of the Towns, Villages or Hamlets near to the Place where any such Assembly shall take place; and that no Person or Persons shall be enabled to recover any Damages by virtue of this Act, unless he or they shall have given such Notice and Information as aforesaid, by himself or themselves or by his or their Servants, within Two Days after such Damage or Injury done him or them by any such Offender or Offenders as aforesaid, † shall give Notice of such Offence done and committed, unto some of the Inhabitants of some Town, Village or Hamlet near unto the Place where any such Fact shall be committed; and shall within Four Days after such Notice give in his or their Examination upon Oath, or the Examination upon Oath of his, her or their Servant or Servants, that had the Care of his, her or their Property hereinbefore specified, so destroyed or damaged as aforesaid, before any Justice of the Peace of the County, Liberty or Division where such Fact shall be committed, inhabiting within the said Hundred where the said Fact shall happen to be committed, or near unto the same, whether he or they do know the Person or Persons that committed such Fact, or any of them; and if upon such Examination it be confessed that he or they do know the Person or Persons that committed the said Fact, or any of them, that then he or they so confessing shall be bound by Recognizance to prosecute such Offender or Offenders, by Indictment or otherwise, according to the Law of this Realm: Provided also, that no Person who shall sustain any Damage by Reason of any Offence to be committed by any Offender contrary to this Act, shall be thereby enabled to sue or bring any Action against any Inhabitants of any Hundred where such Offence shall be committed, except the Party or Parties sustaining such Damage shall commence his or their Action or Suit within One Year next after such Offence shall be committed: Provided nevertheless, that the Notice hereby required may and shall be given in *Scotland* to the Sheriff or Stewart Depute, or Substitute of the County or Stewartry where such Fact shall happen to be committed, in order that such Measures may be taken as the Law of *Scotland* prescribes in such cases.

C A P. CXXVI.

An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in *Ireland*.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors in Ireland*, and it is expedient to amend the said Act, and to distinguish between the cases of such Insolvent Debtors who shall have been guilty of gross Injustice towards their Creditors, and the cases of those who shall not have so conducted themselves;

‘ selves ;’ Be it therefore enacted and declared, by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, in every Notice directed by the said recited Act to be given by any Prisoner to his or her Creditor or Creditors, such Prisoner shall declare that he or she is ready and willing to be fully examined touching the Justice of his or her Conduct to his or her Creditor or Creditors, and that the Court or Judge to whom any Prisoner shall apply under the said recited Act or any Act for amending the same to be discharged under the Provisions of the said Acts, shall examine each and every such Prisoner touching the Justice of the Conduct of such Prisoner towards his or her Creditor or Creditors ; and if it shall appear to the said Court or Judge upon the Examination of any Prisoner, or otherwise, that such Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice towards his or her Creditor or Creditors, either in contracting any Debts, or entering into any Engagements, without any fair Prospect or probable Means of paying such Debts, or fulfilling such Engagements, or by squandering or otherwise unjustly disposing of his or her Monies, Effects or other Property, which he or she might have applied in paying such Debts or fulfilling such Engagements, either wholly or in Part, such Prisoner shall not be entitled to his or her Discharge by virtue of the said recited Act, or of any Act for amending the same, unless the whole of the Creditors of such Prisoner shall consent to his or her Discharge, or such Prisoner shall have been confined within the Walls of any Prison for the Space of Five Years, to be computed from the time when such Prisoner shall have applied for his or her Discharge.

Prisoner to give Notice that he is willing to be examined touching the Justice of his Conduct.

In case Prisoner has acted with gross Injustice, &c. not entitled to his Discharge, unless the whole of the Creditors consent.

II. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to alter or repeal any of the Powers or Provisions of the said recited Act, or of any Act to amend the same, further than any of the Powers or Provisions in the said Act or Acts are hereby expressly repealed or altered respectively.

Proviso for former Acts

C A P. CXXVII.

An Act to reduce the Duty on the Exportation from *Great Britain* of Small Coals of a certain Description.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS it would tend to encourage the Employment of *British* Shipping and *British* Mariners, if Coals which had been screened through a Riddle or Screen, the Meshes of which were of small Dimensions, were allowed to be exported from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts, subject only to the Duties payable on the Exportation of Culm from *Great Britain* ;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, the several Duties of Customs payable by Law upon the Exportation from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts, of Coals the Pieces whereof shall be of a Size capable of passing through a Riddle or Screen the Bars of which shall not

In lieu of the Duties repealed, the like Duties as are payable on Culm to be paid on Export-

ation of Small
Coals.

in any Part thereof be more than Three eighth Parts of an Inch asunder, shall, under the Conditions and Regulations hereinafter mentioned, cease and determine; and that from and after the said Fifth Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, in lieu and instead of the Duties hereby repealed, there shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, upon the Exportation from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts of any Coals which shall have been screened through a Riddle or Screen the Bars of which not being in any Part thereof more than Three eighth Parts of an Inch asunder, and stamped in the manner hereinafter directed, such and the like Duties and no other, as are or may be charged and payable on Culm exported from *Great Britain* to Foreign Parts.

Coals not admitted to Entry, unless Certificate produced of Quantity, and that they have passed through a Riddle or Screen of certain Dimensions.

II. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Coals whatever shall be admitted to Entry on Payment of the Duty due and payable on Culm under the Provisions of this Act, unless a Certificate under the Hand of an Owner or Proprietor of the Mine or Pit from which such Coals shall have been raised, or of the principal and known Agent of such Owner or Proprietor, shall be delivered to the Collector of the Customs at the Port of Exportation, which Certificate shall specify the real Quantity of Coals so to be admitted to Entry, and that all such Coals have actually passed through a Riddle or Screen of the Dimensions hereinbefore described, and which Riddle or Screen stamped as by this Act directed; and such Certificate shall also contain the Name and Residence of the Owner or Proprietor of such Coals, with the Description of the Situation of the Mine or Pit from which such Coals were raised.

Mine Owners to provide Riddles or Screens, to be stamped as Commissioners shall direct.

III. And be it further enacted, That the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of any Coal Pit or Mine from which it may be intended to ship for Exportation any Coals of the Sort and Dimensions hereinbefore described, shall at his or their Expence provide or cause to be provided such a Number of Riddles or Screens of the Dimensions hereinbefore described as shall be necessary and sufficient for the Purpose of ascertaining that the Coals intended to be shipped are of the Dimensions required by this Act in order to entitle them to be exported to Foreign Parts on Payment of the Duty as Culm: Provided always, that all such Riddles or Screens shall be stamped in such manner as the Commissioners of the Customs in *England* and *Scotland* respectively, or any Three or more of them, shall from time to time direct; such Stamps to be provided and affixed at the Expence of the Owners or Proprietors of the Mines or Pits from which such Coals shall be intended to be shipped: Provided always, that all Coals being of a larger Size or Dimensions than is hereinbefore mentioned and described, shall on the Exportation thereof from *Great Britain* be charged with the Duty on Coals so exported, in such and the like manner in every respect as if this Act had not been made.

Riddles to be stamped.

Coals of a larger Size, on Exportation, charged with Duty as heretofore.

Shipping Coals of a larger Dimension, &c. at reduced Duty.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Coals shall be entered or shipped for Exportation to Foreign Parts on which the Duty payable on Culm shall have been paid under the Provisions of this Act, which shall be of larger Dimensions than is allowed by this Act to be so entered, or which shall not have passed through a stamped Riddle or Screen of the Description by this Act directed to be used, the Owner or Proprietor of any such Coals,

or the Person who in his behalf signed the Certificate hereby required to be delivered to the Collector of the Customs at the time of the Entry of any such Coals, and the Person entering or shipping any such Coals, shall be subject and liable to a Penalty of Ten Pounds for every Chaldron, *Newcastle* Measure, of such Coals so improperly entered or shipped. Penalty,

V. And be it further enacted, That the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs at the Port where any Coals shall be entered for Exportation to Foreign Parts on Payment of the Duty as Custom, shall, whenever and as often as it conveniently can be done, attend at the screening of any Coals so entered; and in any case when he or they have not been able so to attend, the Owner or Proprietor or the Shipper of such Coals shall, whenever required by any such Officer, cause any such Coals to be rescreened in the Presence of such Officer or Officers; and if it shall appear that such Coals or any Part thereof are not of the Dimensions required by this Act, or have not passed through the Screen described and directed by this Act to be used, the Owner or Proprietor of such Coals, and the Person who may have signed the Certificate required by this Act to be delivered to the Collector of the Customs, shall be subject and liable to the Penalties directed by this Act. Officer to attend screening of Coals so entered.

If unable to attend, he may cause the Coals to be rescreened.

Penalties.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the Duties by this Act imposed shall be managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, in such and the like manner as any Duties of Customs of a like Nature are managed, ascertained, raised, levied, collected, paid and recovered, and under and subject to the several Powers, Conditions, Regulations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures now in force in relation to or made for securing the Revenue of Customs in *Great Britain*, and all Pains, Penalties, Fines and Forfeitures for any Offences whatever committed against or in breach of any Act or Acts of Parliament in force on or immediately before the passing of this Act, made for securing the Revenue of Customs or for the Regulation or Improvement thereof, and the several Clauses, Powers and Directions therein contained, shall be in full Force and Effect as to the said Duties, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if they were at large repeated and reenacted in this Act. Duties how levied.

VII. And be it further enacted, That all Monies from time to time arising from the said Duties (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same respectively excepted) shall from time to time be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at *Westminster*, and shall be appropriated and applied in the same manner as the Duties on Custom exported from *Great Britain* are directed to be appropriated and applied. Application of Duties.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act to amend Two Acts, made in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for opening a more convenient Communication from *Mary le bone Park* to *Charing Cross*; and for paving the Streets to be made in *Mary le bone Park*; and to enable His Majesty to grant small Portions of Land as Scites for Public Buildings, or to be used as Cemetaries within the Bills of Mortality. [1st July 1816.]

53 G. 3. c. 121. ' WHEREAS an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the
Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making*
' *a more convenient Communication from Mary le bone Park, and the*
' *Northern Parts of the Metropolis in the Parish of Saint Mary le*
' *bone to Charing Cross, within the Liberty of Westminster, and for*
53 G. 3. c. lxii. ' *making a more convenient Sewage for the same*: And Whereas

another Act passed in the same Session of Parliament, intituled
' *An Act for paving and otherwise improving certain Streets, public*
' *Passages and Places, which are or shall be made upon certain Pieces*
' *of Ground belonging to His Majesty, in the several Parishes of Saint*
' *Mary le bone and Saint Pancras, in the County of Middlesex, called*
' *Mary le bone Park*: And Whereas it is necessary and expedient
' that further Provision should be made in relation to the Houses and
' Buildings to be erected in the Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways,
' Courts and Passages, to be erected and made under the Provisions
' of the said first recited Act, and the paving, lighting and watching
' the same, and that certain Parts, therefore, of the said first recited
' Act should be repealed, and the Powers and Provisions therein con-
' tained, amended and enlarged: And Whereas some of the Provi-
' sions of the said last recited Act require to be amended; May it
therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it
enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Autho-
rity of the same, That so much of the said first recited Act as
relates to the paving, lighting and watching any of the Streets,
Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or Passages, comprised within the
Provisions of the said first recited Act, and to any Powers and Au-
thorities given in the said Act relating thereto, shall be and the same
are hereby repealed.

Provisions of
former Act, as
to paving, &c.
repealed.

Appointment of
Commissioners.

II. And be it further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, and the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, and such other Person or Persons as shall be elected and appointed in manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby appointed Commissioners for paving, lighting, watching and otherwise regulating and improving the several Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, or such Parts thereof respectively as are or shall be made upon any Land within the Limits mentioned and described in the said first recited Act, which now belongs, or shall at any time hereafter belong to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors.

III. And

Power to appoint additional Commissioners.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, or any Three or more of them, at any Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act, by any Writing under their Hands and Seals, to elect and appoint any other Person or Persons to be a Commissioner or Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution; and every Person or Persons who shall be so elected and appointed, is and are hereby vested with the same Powers and Authorities as if he or they had been named in this present Act, and had been hereby appointed a Commissioner or Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution.

Qualification of Commissioners.

IV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Person who shall be so elected and appointed, shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, unless he shall be in his own Right, or in Right of his Wife, in the actual Possession or Receipt of the Rents and Profits of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments of the clear yearly Value of Fifty Pounds, or possessed of or entitled to a Personal Estate of the Value of Two thousand Pounds.

Commissioners acting without being qualified, or being concerned in any Contract under Act.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person hereafter to be elected a Commissioner for the Purposes of this Act, not being so qualified, shall presume to act in the Execution of this Act, or being so qualified shall, during such time as he shall hold any Place or Office of Profit, or be any way interested or concerned in any Contract to be made by virtue of this Act, or any Work or Business to be done under the same, presume to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, together with full Costs of Suit, to any Person who shall sue for the same, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt or on the case or otherwise; and the Person so sued shall prove that he is qualified as aforesaid, or that he did not hold any such Place or Office of Profit, or was not interested or concerned in any such Contract, Work or Business as aforesaid (as the case may happen), or otherwise, shall pay the said Penalty without any other Proof or Evidence being given on the Part of the Plaintiff, than that such Person had acted as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or whilst holding any such Place or Office, or being interested or concerned in any such Contract, Work or Business as aforesaid.

Penalty.

Meeting of Commissioners.

VI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall meet at such time and Place as any Three or more of them shall appoint, by Notice to be signed by them, and affixed on the Church Doors of the Parishes of *Saint James in the Liberty of Westminster, Saint Mary le bonz, Saint Martin in the Fields and Saint George Hanover Square*, at least Eight Days before such Meeting, in order to put this Act in Execution; and shall and may then, and from time to time afterwards, adjourn themselves to any Place within or near the Limits of this Act; and if at any time there shall not appear at any such Meeting a sufficient Number of the said Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act to act in the Execution of the same, any One of the said Commissioners present may adjourn the Meeting to another Day; and in case of any Neglect or Omission to adjourn, any Three of the said Commissioners or their Clerk, shall and may call a Meeting at the Place where the last Meeting

Adjournment.

ing

ing of the said Commissioners was appointed to be held or was held by Notice or Summons to be delivered at the usual Place of Abode of all such Commissioners, at least Three Days before such Meeting; and that at all Meetings to be held in pursuance of this Act, the said Commissioners shall defray their own Expences (except for the Use of the Room or Apartment where such Meetings shall be held, which shall be paid out of the Rates or Assessments hereinafter directed to be made and levied); and no Act of the said Commissioners shall be valid, unless made or done at some Meeting to be held by virtue of this Act (except the calling of Meetings as aforesaid); and that all the Powers and Authorities by this Act granted to or vested in the Commissioners appointed or to be appointed by or by virtue hereof, shall and may from time to time be exercised by the major Part of them present at their respective Meetings to be holden as aforesaid, the Number of Commissioners present at such Meeting not being less than Three, for the Purpose of borrowing Money, granting Annuities, or making Contracts, and not being less than Two in any other case, unless where herein otherwise particularly provided; and in all cases where the Number of Votes upon any Question shall be equal, (including the Chairman's Vote,) the Chairman shall have the casting Vote; and at every Meeting to be held under or in pursuance of this Act, the first Business shall be the Election of a Chairman to preside at the same: Provided nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners appointed and to be appointed by or by virtue of this Act, and they are hereby authorized to hold any Special Meeting between their then last Meeting and the Day to which any subsequent Meeting shall have been adjourned, so that such Meeting shall be required by Two or more of the said Commissioners, and Notice thereof given as last aforesaid, at least Three Days before the time to be appointed for the same, and so as that such Notice shall be signed by the Clerk or the said Commissioners, and specify the Cause or Causes of such Special Meeting.

Number of
Commissioners
present.

Special Meet-
ings may be
held.

Restriction as to
revoking Orders.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Order made by the said Commissioners, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall be revoked or altered, unless at some Special Meeting to be required as aforesaid, of which Three Days' Notice shall be given as last aforesaid, expressing the Occasion of such Meeting; and also, unless a greater Number of Commissioners shall attend such Meeting, to revoke or alter the same, than were present when such Order was made.

Proceedings of
Commissioners
to be entered.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That Entries shall be made in a Book or Books to be provided for that Purpose of all the Acts, Orders and Proceedings of the said Commissioners, and of the Names of the Commissioners who shall be present at the respective Meetings; and One or more of the said Commissioners who shall be present, shall subscribe his or their Name or Names at the End of the Proceedings of the respective Meetings; and all such Entries being so signed shall be deemed Originals, and shall be allowed to be read in Evidence in all cases, Suits and Actions touching any thing done in pursuance of this Act; and that such Book shall at all reasonable times be open to the Inspection of all Persons rated or assessed for the Purposes of this Act.

Evidence.

Officers to be
appointed, and
to give Security.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners shall from time to time, by Writing under their Hands, appoint a Treasurer,

surer, Clerk and Surveyor, and also a Collector of the Rates or Assessments to be made as hereinafter mentioned, and such other Officers and Persons as they shall think necessary, and may remove any such Officers or other Persons as they shall think proper, and appoint others in their Stead, and pay such Salaries and make such Allowances to all such Officers or Persons as they the said Commissioners shall think reasonable; and the said Commissioners are hereby required to take Security from every such Treasurer or Collector as they shall think proper.

X. And be it further enacted, That every such Treasurer and Collector shall, under their respective Hands (at such time or times, and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall direct) deliver to the said Commissioners, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint, a true and perfect Account in Writing of all such matters and things as may be committed to their Charge, and of all Monies which shall have been by them received, by virtue and for the Purposes of this Act, and how much thereof hath been paid and disbursed, and for what Purposes, together with the proper Vouchers for such Payments, and all such Collectors shall pay all such Money as shall remain in their respective Hands; and if any such Collector as aforesaid shall at any time or times hold or keep in his own Hands for the Space of Three Days together, any larger Sum of Money to be received by him under this Act, than the Sum of Fifty Pounds, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay to the said Commissioners any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, within the Space of Ten Days next after he shall be called upon by them or their Treasurer to pay such Penalty; and every such Collector shall, when thereunto required by the said Commissioners, assembled at any such Meeting as aforesaid, produce a Book containing an Account of the Rates and Assessments laid by virtue of this Act, which shall be in arrear and unpaid, and the Names of the Persons by whom the same ought to be paid, with the Sums by them respectively owing, and the time when the same became due; and every such Treasurer and Collector so accounting shall upon Oath, if thereunto required by the said Commissioners, (which Oath any One of the said Commissioners is hereby empowered to administer,) verify such their respective Accounts; and if any such Treasurer or Collector shall refuse or wilfully neglect to make and render, or shall refuse to verify upon Oath any such Account, or to produce or deliver up the Vouchers relating to the same, or to make Payment as aforesaid; or in case the Clerk of the said Commissioners, or any such Treasurer or Collector, shall not deliver to the said Commissioners, or to such Person as they shall appoint, within Fourteen Days next after being thereunto required by Notice in Writing, signed by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, and given to or left at the last or usual Place of Abode of such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector, all Books, Papers and Writings in their respective Custody or Power, relating to the Execution of this Act, or Duplicates thereof respectively, or give Satisfaction to the said Commissioners respecting the same, and Complaint shall be made thereof on the behalf of the said Commissioners, to any Justice of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex* or City of *Westminster*, such Justice is hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector to be brought before him, and upon his appearing

Treasurer and
Collector to
account.

Unduly keeping
Money in Hand.

Penalty.

Refusing to
account.

Clerk of Com-
missioners,
Treasurer and
Collector to de-
liver to Commis-
sioners or their
Appointee on
Notice of Four-
teen Days.
Books, &c. relat-
ing to Act or
Duplicates.

appearing or not being to be found, to hear and determine the matter of such Complaint in a summary Way; and if upon the Confession of the Party, or by the Testimony of any credible Witness upon Oath, (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer,) it shall appear to such Justice that any of the Monies which shall have been collected and raised by virtue of this Act, shall be in the Hands of any such Treasurer or Collector, such Justice is hereby authorized and required upon Non Payment thereof, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, to cause such Money to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person; and if no such Goods or Chattels can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the Money and the Charges of distraining and selling the Distress, or if it shall in manner aforesaid appear to such Justice, that any such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector had refused or wilfully neglected to render and give such Account, or to verify the same as aforesaid, or to produce the Vouchers relating thereto, or that any Books, Papers or Writings relating to the Execution of this Act, shall be in the Custody or Power of any such Treasurer, Clerk or Collector, and he shall have refused or neglected to deliver up or give Satisfaction respecting the same as aforesaid, then such Justice shall commit him to the Common Gaol or House of Correction, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, until such Person, being Treasurer or Collector, shall make and give a true and perfect Account and have paid such Money as aforesaid, or shall have compounded for such Money with the said Commissioners, and have paid such Composition in such manner as they shall appoint, which Composition the said Commissioners are hereby empowered to make and receive, and until such Person, being Treasurer, Clerk or Collector, shall deliver up all such Books, Papers and Writings, or Duplicates of the same as aforesaid; but no Person who shall be committed on account of his not having sufficient Goods or Chattels as aforesaid, shall be detained in Prison for any longer Term than Six Calendar Months.

Monies remaining in the Hands of Collector.

Distress.

Treasurer, &c. refusing, &c. to give Accounts, &c.

Imprisonment till Account rendered, &c.

Commissioners to pave and repair Streets, &c.

Altering Pavement, &c. without Consent.

XI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time, to cause the several Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other Public Passages and Places, or such Parts thereof as shall be made and set out within the Limits of their Jurisdiction, under the Provisions of this Act, both in the Carriage and Footways to be paved, and such Pavements to be from time to time amended and kept in good Repair, upon such Levels, and in such manner, and with such Sorts and kinds of Materials as they shall judge necessary and proper; and also to cause the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, to be cleaned, lighted, watched and watered, and the Sides thereof or other Places, which shall be made or set out, to be fenced or inclosed with Iron or other Rails, in such Parts and Places and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall think proper; and all Encroachments, Obstructions, Nuisances and Annoyances therein, to be removed, and Drains, Sinks, Gutters or Watercourses, to be made, for conveying the Water from the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, in such manner as they shall think proper; and that no Person shall, without the Consent of the said Commissioners, alter the Form, or break up the Ground or Pavement of the Carriage or Footways within any Part

Part of such Limits, or make the same otherwise than as shall be directed by the said Commissioners, upon pain of forfeiting any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds for every such Offence, and such Person so offending shall also pay all the Expences of restoring such Ground or Pavement to its former State.

Penalty.

' XII. And Whereas several Persons have already paved, or may hereafter at their own Expence pave certain Squares, Passages and Places, within the Limits of this Act, for which it is reasonable some Allowance should be made ;' Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from and out of the Monies to arise under and by virtue of this Act, to make and pay to such Persons, as to the said Commissioners shall appear to be entitled thereto, such Payments or Allowances for or in respect of such Pavement made and done, or which shall hereafter be made and done by them as aforesaid, as to the said Commissioners shall appear fair and reasonable.

Commissioners to make Allowances to such Persons as may have paved at their own Expence.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to purchase the Pavements and Footways, or the Materials of which the old Streets may have been paved or made, in all or any of the Streets, Squares, Ways, Courts, Passages or other Places under the Jurisdiction of any Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees before the passing of this Act, which shall be taken, blocked up, widened or altered under the Provisions of this Act; or such Parts thereof as shall be within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and all Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts and other Materials belonging to any such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, within such Limits, and also to make Compensation to any such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, for any Loss or Damage which they or their respective Parishes may sustain by reason of any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, being put or placed under the Commissioners for carrying this Act into Execution; and also to purchase, take or hire any Piece or Pieces of Ground, for the Purposes of digging Gravel for the better paving such Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places as aforesaid, and for the Purposes of depositing Materials thereon, for or on account of such Paving, or for the Purpose of erecting a Watch House or Watch Houses thereon, or to rent any Building to be made use of as or for any other of the Purposes of this Act, as shall appear to them to be necessary, for such Sum or Sums of Money, yearly Rent or Rents, and for such time, as to them shall appear reasonable, which Sum or Sums of Money, yearly Rent or Rents, shall be respectively paid out of the Monies to arise by virtue of this Act; and also to erect any Watch House or Watch Houses, and any Number of Watch Boxes, for the Purposes of this Act, in such Place or Places as they may think proper, and likewise to buy or hire such Horses, Carts, Teams or Carriages, as may be necessary for the Purpose of carting such Gravel, or for cleansing or watering such Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places as aforesaid, or for any other Purpose directed by this Act; and also to hire such Persons, buy such Materials and make such Regulations for the better Execution of any such Purposes, as they the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall in their Discretion think proper.

Commissioners may purchase Materials of old Streets, &c. or purchase or hire Ground for getting Materials, and for building Watch Houses, &c.

Damages to be assessed, in case of Disagreements, by a Jury.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Femes Covert, or any other Person or Persons interested in any Pavement, Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts or other Materials, or in any Ground or Hereditaments which the said Commissioners for executing this Act are hereby empowered to purchase, take and use for the Purposes of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to treat, or shall not agree in the Premises, or by reason of Absence or Disability shall be prevented from treating with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or their Agents, for the Sale and Disposal thereof; or if such Proprietor or Proprietors, or other Person or Persons interested, cannot be found or known, or shall not produce and evince a clear Title to the Premises so to be purchased, or to the Interest, he, she or they shall respectively claim therein, to the Satisfaction of the said Commissioners, or if the Persons entitled to be compensated for any such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, shall not agree with the Commissioners for executing this Act in regard thereto, then and in every or any such case, the Sheriff of the said County of *Middlesex*, or his Under Sheriff, or the High Bailiff of the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, or his Deputy, as the case may be; or in case such Sheriff or Under Sheriff, High Bailiff or his Deputy, shall be anyways interested in the Matter in question, then some of the Coroners of the said County, not interested therein, shall, upon the Warrant of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to be issued in the manner hereinafter mentioned, and he and they is and are hereby required and authorized to cause it to be inquired into and ascertained, upon the Oaths of a Jury of Twelve indifferent Men of the said County of *Middlesex*, or City and Liberty of *Westminster*, (which Oaths the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff or Deputy, or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered and required to administer,) what Recompence and Satisfaction ought to be made to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners, Occupiers or other Person or Persons interested therein, for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, or for the Value of such Pavement, Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts or other Materials, Piece or Pieces of Ground or Hereditaments; and of the proportionable Value of the respective Estates and Interests of every Person or Persons seized or possessed thereof, or interested therein, or of or in any Part or Parts thereof, and shall assess and award the Sum or Sums of Money to be paid to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees or other Person or Persons respectively for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, for the Purchase of their respective Rights, Estates and Interests therein; and in order thereto, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered and required from time to time, as occasion shall require, to summon and call before the said Jury and examine upon Oath, all and every Person or Persons whomsoever, who shall be thought necessary and proper to be examined as a Witness or Witnesses, touching or concerning the Premises (which Oath the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered to administer); and such Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner respectively, shall order and cause the said Jury to view the Materials or Places in question, if there be occasion, and use all other lawful ways and

Sheriff, &c. empowered to administer Oaths.

Witnesses examined on Oath.

means, as well for his and their own as for the said Jury's better Information in the Premises, as the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall think fit; and after the said Jury shall have inquired of, ascertained and settled such Recompence and Satisfaction, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall thereupon order the Sum or Sums of Money so assessed by the said Jury to be paid by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to the said Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Owners or Occupiers of, or other Persons interested therein, according to such Verdict or Inquisition of the said Jury, which said Verdict or Inquisition and Order, so had and made, shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes, upon and against all Parties and Persons whomsoever; and for the summoning and returning of such Jury or Juries, the said Commissioners for executing this Act are hereby empowered to issue their Warrant or Warrants to the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, to summon, impanel and return, at some convenient Place in the said County of *Middlesex*, or City of *Westminster*, as the case may be, a Jury of not less than Thirty six nor more than Forty eight honest and indifferent Men, qualified according to Law to be returned for Trials of Issues in His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, to appear before the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, at such time and Place as in such Warrant shall be appointed, and Fourteen Days' Notice at the least in Writing, under the Hands of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or under the Hand of their Agent duly appointed, of the time and Place at which such Jury so required to be returned are to meet, shall be given to such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Corporations or any other Person or Persons interested in the Premises, before the time of the Meeting of the said Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Dwelling House of such Person or Persons, or at the Dwelling House of the Clerk or Clerks to the said Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen or Trustees, or of the Head Officer of such Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or with some Tenant or Occupier of the Premises respectively intended to be valued; and the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, is and are hereby empowered to impanel, summon and return such Number of Persons accordingly; and out of the Persons so impanelled, summoned and returned, or out of such of them as shall appear upon such Summons, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall swear or cause to be sworn Twelve, who shall be the Jury for the Purposes aforesaid; and in default of a sufficient Number of Jurymen, the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, shall return other honest and indifferent Men of the Standers by, or that can be speedily procured, to attend that Service (being qualified as last aforesaid) to the Number of Twelve; and it shall be lawful for all Persons concerned, by themselves, their Counsel, Solicitors and Agents, to attend and be heard, and to adduce Evidence before the said Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner respectively; and such Persons shall also have their lawful Challenges against any of the said Jurymen when they come to be sworn, but shall not challenge the Array.

Sheriff to order
Sum assessed by
Jury to be paid.

Return of Jury.

Notice of Meeting of Jury to
Commissioners
of Pavement,
&c.

Jury sworn.

Parties may attend by themselves and Agents.

Sheriff, Jury and
Witnesses for
Neglect of Duty.

XV. And be it further enacted, That if the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, so directed to summon and return a Jury as aforesaid, shall make default in the Premises, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and if any Person so summoned and returned as aforesaid upon such Jury, shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be sworn, or to give his Verdict, or shall in any other manner wilfully neglect his Duty, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; or if any Person so summoned as a Witness shall not appear, or appearing shall refuse to be examined or to give Evidence, any Person so offending, having no reasonable Excuse to be allowed by the Justices hereinafter mentioned, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, which several and respective Penalties shall and may be levied by virtue of any Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex* or City of *Westminster*, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Persons so offending, rendering to him or her the Overplus, after such Penalties and the Charges of such Distress and Sale shall be deducted.

Penalty.

Expences of
Juries how paid
when Verdict
for more Money
than offered by
Commissioners.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Jury to be summoned and sworn pursuant to the Authority of this Act shall give in a Verdict or Assessment for more Money as a Recompence, Compensation or Satisfaction, for the Right, Interest or Property of any Person or Persons in any such Pavements, Rails, Gates, Lamp Posts and other Materials, Ground and Hereditaments, or for such Loss or Damage as aforesaid, than shall have been agreed to be given and offered for the same by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, before the summoning and returning of such Jury, then and in every such case, all the reasonable Costs, Charges and Expences of causing and procuring such Recompence, Compensation or Satisfaction, to be assessed by a Jury, shall be settled by the Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner, before whom such Claim shall have been tried, and shall be paid by the said Commissioners out of the Monies which shall arise by virtue of this Act; but if any Jury so summoned and sworn as aforesaid shall give in a Verdict or Assessment for no more or for less Money, as such Recompence, Compensation and Satisfaction as aforesaid, than shall have been agreed to and offered by the said Commissioners for the same, before the summoning and returning of the said Jury; or where the causing and procuring such Jury to be summoned shall have arisen from a Refusal to treat or agree with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, by such Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or by any Person or Persons whomsoever, who is or are, by the Provisions of this Act or otherwise, legally empowered to treat, then all such Costs, Charges and Expences (to be settled by such Sheriff, Under Sheriff, High Bailiff, Deputy or Coroner in manner aforesaid) shall be paid to the Commissioners for executing this Act, by the said Commissioners of Pavement, Vestrymen, Trustees, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, or other Person or Persons so claiming such Compensation, or refusing to treat and agree, as before mentioned respectively, save only and except where, by reason of Absence or other like Cause, any Person shall have been prevented from treating or agreeing as aforesaid, in which

How paid when
Verdict for less;

where the sum-
moning a Jury
has arisen from a
Refusal to treat
with Commis-
sioners.

which Case no Coſts, Charges or Expences, ſhall be allowed to either Party as againſt the other; and all Coſts, Charges and Expences hereby directed to be paid to the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing this Act, ſhall and may be deducted and retained by them out of the Money ſo adjudged or aſſeſſed to be paid by them, as ſo much Money advanced to and for the Uſe of the Perſon and Perſons entitled to ſuch Money ſo adjudged, and Payment or Tender of the Remainder of ſuch Money ſhall be deemed and taken to be a Payment or Tender of the whole Sum or Sums ſo adjudged or aſſeſſed; or in caſe no Money, or no ſufficient Sum of Money ſhall be awarded or aſſeſſed to be paid by the ſaid Commiſſioners, whereout ſuch Coſts, Charges and Expences can be deducted, then the ſame ſhall and may be recovered by ſuch Ways and Means as are hereinafter provided for the Recovery of Penalties, Forfeitures and Fines by this Act impoſed or authorized to be impoſed.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That all the ſaid Judgments and Verdicts ſhall be recorded in the Office of the Auditor of His Majesty's Land Revenue ariſing in the County of *Middleſex*; and a Minute or Docket thereof ſhall be entered and preſerved in the Office of the Commiſſioners of His Majesty's Woods, Foreſts and Land Revenues; and all ſuch Judgments and Verdicts ſhall be afterwards deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, to be kept and preſerved by him amongſt the Records of the Quarter Sessions of the ſaid County, and ſhall be deemed to be Records to all Intents and Purpoſes whatſoever, and the ſame, or true Copies thereof, ſhall be allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatſoever; and all Perſons ſhall have Liberty to inſpect the ſame, paying for ſuch Inſpection the Sum of One Shilling, and to take Copies thereof, paying for every Copy the Sum of Sixpence for every One hundred Words, and ſo in proportion for any leſs Number of Words.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That upon Payment or Tender of the Sum or Sums of Money, Recompence and Satisfaction, which ſhall be agreed for, awarded or aſſeſſed as aforeſaid, to the Parties or Perſons reſpectively entitled thereto, or to their Agents, Treafurer or Treafurers, the ſaid Commiſſioners of Pavement, Veſtrymen, Truſtees or other Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, intereſted in ſuch Pavement, Rails, Gates, Lamp Poſts and other Materials, Ground and Hereditaments, ſhall from thenceforth be diveſted of all Right, Title, Claim, Intereſt and Property therein or thereunto, and the ſame ſhall thenceforth be veſted in the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing this Act, who ſhall be deemed in Law to be in the actual Seiſin and Poſſeſſion thereof, to all Intents and Purpoſes, freed and diſcharged from all former and other Eſtates, Rights, Titles, Intereſts, Claims and Demands, and the ſame ſhall and may be at any time thereafter made uſe of and employed according to the Directions of the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing this Act, for any of the Purpoſes of this Act, and under the Regulations herein contained.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That the Property of and in all the Pavements of the Carriageways and Footways, and alſo the Ballaſt or Gravel to be brought or laid in the ſaid ſeveral Streets, Squares, Circuſſes, Ways, Courts and other public Paſſages and Places, already or hereafter to be ſet out or made within the Limits aforeſaid, and

No Coſts.

Coſts directed to be paid to Commiſſioners to be retained by them out of Money aſſeſſed to them;

or if in Money awarded them, recovered as Penalties.

Verdicts to be recorded.

Power to enter and take Poſſeſſion of Pavement, &c. on Payment or Tender of Purchase Money.

Property of Pavements, &c. veſted in Commiſſioners.

Actions may be brought in the Name of Treasurer or Clerk.

Damaging any of the Works.

Penalty.

Occasioning Annoyances.

Lamps to be set up, and Streets, &c. to be named, and Houses numbered.

of and in the Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Irons, Posts, Rails and other Materials and things, which now are and which shall be made, set up, and be fixed thereon, and in the said Inclosures or the Fences round the same, and also of and in all Watch Houses, Watch Boxes, Pumps and Wells, which shall be erected, fixed, sunk or made, and all Materials, Implements and other things which shall be purchased or gotten by virtue or for any of the Purposes of this Act, are hereby vested in the said Commissioners for executing this Act; which Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered to bring or cause to be brought any Action or Actions in the Name or Names of any One or more of them, or in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk, or to prefer or order and direct the preferring of any Bill or Bills of Indictment, against any Person or Persons who shall steal, take or carry away, all or any Part of such Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Irons, Lamp Posts, Rails or other Materials and things as aforesaid; and in all such Actions and Bills of Indictment respectively it shall be deemed and taken to be sufficient to state generally, that the Article or Articles, thing or things, for or in respect of which the said Action or Actions shall be brought, or Bill or Bills of Indictment preferred, is or are the Property of the Commissioners for executing this Act, without particularly stating or specifying the Name or Names of all or any of the said Commissioners; and if any Person or Persons shall wilfully or maliciously break, pull down, destroy or otherwise injure, damage or spoil, any of the said Iron Rails, Gates, Lamp Irons, Lamp Posts, Rails, Plants, Materials and things, or any of the Works which are or shall be carrying on, made, done or executed within or about the said Inclosures in the said Squares, and the said several Streets, Circusses, Terraces, Roads, Highways or other public Passages or Places, already or hereafter to be set out or made as aforesaid in pursuance of this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, every Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and also make full Satisfaction to the said Commissioners for any Damage done by him, her or them as aforesaid; and that if any Person shall cause any Nuisance or Annoyance within the said Inclosures, or any of them, either by beating or dusting of Carpets, or laying or casting any Filth, Ashes, Dung, Dust or Rubbish therein, or in any other manner whatsoever; he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time to cause such Lamp Irons or Lamp Posts to be put or fixed upon or against the Walls or Pallisadoes of any of the Houses, Tenements or Buildings, and Inclosures, or in such other manner within the said intended Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, as they shall think proper; and also to cause such Number of Lamps of such Sizes and Sorts to be provided and affixed, or put upon such Lamp Irons and Lamp Posts, as they shall think necessary for lighting all or any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places; and also to cause the said Lamps, and also the several Houses within the said several Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways and Courts, and other public Passages and Places, to be numbered; and also to cause to be painted, engraved or described,

in

in or upon Stone, Wood or otherwise, and to be fixed in a conspicuous Part of One or more House or Houses, Building or Buildings, at or near each End, Corner or Entrance of such Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways and Courts, and other public Passages and Places, the Name by which each respective Street, Square, Circus, Lane, Way, Court, Yard, Mews, Passage and Place, is to be properly called or known, in such manner as they shall judge most proper for distinguishing the same; and if any Person shall wilfully break, throw down, take away, spoil or damage any Watch House or Watch Box, Lamps or any of the Irons, Posts or other Furniture thereof, or wilfully extinguish the Light of any such Lamp, or deface or obliterate any such Name or Number, or any Part thereof, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, whereof One Moiety shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Commissioners acting under and by virtue of this Act, to be by them applied for the Purposes thereof; and such Offender shall also pay to the said Commissioners, or to such Person as they shall appoint to receive the same, such Sum of Money as shall be a full Satisfaction for the Damage so done; and in case any Person shall carelessly, negligently or accidentally break, throw down, or otherwise spoil or damage any of the said Lamps, or the Irons, Posts or other Furniture thereof, and shall not, upon Demand, make Satisfaction for the Damage done thereto, it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, or the City of *Westminster*, upon Proof thereof made by the Oath of any credible Witnesses, or on the Confession of the Party, to award such Sum of Money by way of Satisfaction for such Damage, as such Justice shall think reasonable, not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Lamp, Lamp Iron, or Lamp Post, or in default of Payment thereof, upon Demand, to cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Person who shall have done such Damage, rendering the Overplus (if any) after deducting the Charges of prosecuting such Complaint, and of such Distress and Sale, to the Owner of such Goods and Chattels upon Demand.

Damaging Watch House, Lamps, &c.

Penalty.

Carelessly damaging Lamps, &c.

Penalty.

Distress.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That the Occupier of every House and Tenement now erected or to be erected within the Limits of this Act, shall once in every Day, before the Hour of Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon of each Day, scrape, sweep and cleanse, or cause to be scraped, swept and cleansed, the Footway all along and opposite to the whole Front and Flank Wall, if any, of his, her or their respective Houses or Tenements, or in default thereof every such Occupier shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Shillings; and if any such House or Building be let furnished or in separate Apartments to Inmates, then and in every such case, the Person or Persons so letting the same shall, for the Purpose aforesaid, be deemed and taken to be the Occupier or Occupiers thereof.

Persons to sweep the Footway opposite their Houses once a Day.

Penalty.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to cause all or any of the Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and public Places within the Limits of this Act, to be watered when they or any of their Surveyors for the time being shall think proper, and for that Purpose to cause such Number of Wells and Pumps to be dug, sunk and made in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, as

Commissioners may Water Streets.

Wells may be dug.

they

they shall think necessary, and from time to time to alter and repair the same, as there shall be Occasion, and to defray the Expences thereof out of the Monies to be raised by virtue of this Act; provided that no such Well or Pump shall be sunk or made so as to injure any House or other Building in, or any Vault or Cellar under any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Terraces or other public Passages or Places.

Commissioners
may contract
for performing
Works.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall and may, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time, at any of their said Meetings, as Occasion shall require, to contract and agree with any fit Person or Persons for doing and performing all or any of the Works by this Act authorized or directed to be done and performed by them, or for supplying any of the Materials for the same, for or watering the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, or any of them, which Contract or Contracts shall specify the several Works to be done, and the Prices to be paid for the same, and the time or times when the same Works shall be completed, and the Penalties to be suffered in case of Non Performance thereof, and shall be signed by Two or more of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and also by the Person or Persons contracting to perform such Works respectively, which Contract or Contracts, or a Copy or Copies thereof, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners; but previous to the making of any such Contract, Fourteen Days' Notice at the least shall be given in One or more of the public Newspapers published in *London* or *Westminster*, expressing the Intention of entering into such Contract, in order that any Person or Persons willing to undertake the same may make Proposals for that Purpose, to be offered and presented to the said Commissioners at a certain time and Place in such Notice to be mentioned.

Commissioners
may employ
Surveyors, and
sue and com-
pound for Breach
of Contracts.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause all and every the Works to be done in pursuance of this Act to be inspected by their Surveyor or Surveyors, or by such other Person or Persons as they shall for that Purpose appoint; and in case the same shall not be well and sufficiently performed, according to the Terms, Intent and Meaning of such Contract or Contracts, or shall not be finished and completed at or within the time or times specified in such Contract or Contracts, then the said Commissioners for executing this Act may cause an Action to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, against any such Contractor, for any Penalty contained in his Contract; and on Proof of the signing of the said Contract or Contracts, and of the Non Performance thereof at the time or times for that Purpose to be therein mentioned, the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall be entitled to and shall recover the full Penalty contained in any such Contract, which, when recovered, shall be applied for the Purposes of this Act: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, if they shall think fit, to compound and agree with any Contractor, for any Penalty incurred by him for the Breach or Non Performance of any such Contract, for such Sum of Money as they the said Commissioners shall think proper, not being less than the Injury or Damage sustained by the
Breach

Breach or Non Performance of such Contract, and all Coſts, Charges and Expences that ſhall be occaſioned thereby.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Perſon or Perſons (other than the Perſon or Perſons contracting with the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing this Act, for cleaning the Streets, Squares, Ways, Courts and other public Paſſages and Places under their Direction, or thoſe employed under ſuch Contractor or Contractors) ſhall on any Pretence whatſoever go about to collect or gather, or ſhall aſk for, receive or carry away any Duſt, Dirt, Cinders or Aſhes, from any Houſe or other Premises in any Street, Square, Circus, Way, Court, or other public Paſſage or Place under the Management of ſuch Commiſſioners, it ſhall and may be lawful for any Perſon or Perſons who ſhall ſee ſuch Offence committed, to ſeize, and alſo for any other Perſon or Perſons to aſſiſt in ſeizing the Offender or Offenders, together with the Horſes, Carts, Wheelbarrows or other Carriages or Implements made uſe of for carrying away the ſame, and, by the Authority of this Act, and without any other Warrant to convey him, her or them before ſome Juſtice of the Peace for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City of *Westmiſter*, and ſuch Juſtice ſhall, and he is hereby authorized to examine upon Oath the Perſon or Perſons apprehending ſuch Offender or Offenders, and any Witneſs or Witneſſes who ſhall appear to give Information touching ſuch Offence; and if the Party or Parties ſhall be convicted of going about to collect or gather, aſking for, receiving or carrying away any Duſt, Dirt, Cinders or Aſhes, from any Houſe or other Premises in any Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road, Highway or other public Paſſage or Place under the Management of the ſaid Commiſſioners for executing this Act, not being the Perſon or Perſons ſo contracting with ſuch Commiſſioners, or acting under his or their Authority, he, ſhe or they ſhall for every ſuch Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and One Moiety of every ſuch Penalty ſhall be paid to the Perſon or Perſons who ſhall apprehend the Offender or Offenders, and the other Moiety to the ſaid laſt mentioned Commiſſioners; and if ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall not immediately on Conviction pay the ſaid Penalty or Penalties, ſuch Juſtice is hereby required to direct ſuch Horſes, Carts, Wheelbarrows or other Carriages or Implements which ſhall have been ſo ſeized to be appraiſed and ſold; and after deducting out of the Monies to ariſe by ſuch Sale, the Penalty or Penalties incurred, together with the reaſonable Charges and Expences of ſuch Diſtreſs and Sale, the Overplus thereof ſhall be returned to the Party or Parties whoſe Horſes or other things ſhall be appraiſed and ſold; and in caſe there ſhall have been no ſuch Seizure as aforeſaid, or if the Horſes, and other things which ſhall be ſo appraiſed and ſold, ſhall not produce a ſufficient Sum of Money to pay the ſaid Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expences, then if ſuch Offender or Offenders ſhall not immediately upon Conviction pay the Penalty or Penalties, or ſuch Part or Parts of the ſaid Penalty or Penalties, Charges and Expences which ſhall remain over and above the Produce of the Horſes and other things ſo ſeized and ſold, then ſuch Juſtice is hereby required to commit ſuch Offender or Offenders to the Common Gaol or Houſe of Correction for the ſaid County of *Middleſex*, or City of *Westmiſter*, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Forty Days, unleſs ſuch Penalty or Penalties

For preventing Aſhes being taken away by any Perſon but the Contractor for cleaning.

Penalty.

If not paid, Horſes, Cart, &c. ſeized and ſold,

and if no Seizure, or not ſufficient, and Penalty not paid.

Imprifonment.

Proviso for Owners of Dust removing it.

Penalties be sooner paid and satisfied: Provided nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent or hinder the Owner or Owners of such Dust, Dirt, Cinders or Ashes, from carrying away the same for his, her or their own use, to be applied to any Manufactory of any such Owner or Owners, or to the manuring of any Ground occupied by him, her or them.

Householders making Complaint of defect in Pavement or Lighting. Surveyor to view it, and if defective to give Notice to Contractor.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That if any Householder within the Limits of this Act shall by Writing under his or her Hand, to be left at the usual Place of Abode of the Surveyor or Inspector for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, make Complaint of any Defect of lighting or cleansing, or Want of Repair in the Pavement, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, the said Surveyor or Inspector in every such case shall inquire into and examine the Matter of Complaint and Report thereupon to such Commissioners at their next Meeting; and if by such Report it shall appear that the Pavement complained of is bad and defective, unless it shall arise from a Defect relating to the Water Pipes lying under such Pavement, the said last mentioned Commissioners shall give Notice to their Contractor or Pavior to repair the same within such time as the same Commissioners shall judge necessary, which time shall be specified in such Order; and if the Contractor or Pavior to whom such Order shall be given shall not repair and amend such Pavement within the time directed by such Order, he shall in every such case forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every Day that the said defective Pavement shall remain unrepaired after the time limited by such Order, and One Moiety of every such Penalty shall be paid to the Inhabitant so making Complaint, and the other Moiety shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to be applied by them for the Purposes of this Act; and if it shall appear by such Report that the Contract for cleansing or lighting shall not be duly performed, the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall forthwith give Directions for recovering the Penalty under such Contract.

Pavior neglecting to repair Pavement.

Penalty.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That all Signs, Sign Posts, Gutters and Screens, which now are, or at any time hereafter shall be placed against any of the Houses or other Buildings now erected or erecting, or hereafter to be erected or built within the several Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places aforesaid, shall be fixed close to the Fronts of the Houses, Shops, Warehouses and Buildings to which they shall respectively belong, and not otherwise, and that the respective Occupiers of any such Houses or other Buildings as aforesaid, shall at their own Charges, within such time and in such manner as the said Commissioners shall from time to time, by Notice in Writing under the Hands of any Three or more of them (to be delivered to such respective Occupiers, or left at their respective Dwelling Houses) order and direct, cause all Signs which may belong to and shall not be fixed or placed upon such respective Houses or other Buildings in manner aforesaid, to be taken down and fixed or placed flat on the Fronts thereof, and all Signs, Irons, Sign Posts and other Posts, Pent Houses, Screens, Spouts, Steps, Shop Windows and Cellar Windows and other Encroachments, Obstructions, Projections and Annoyances which may hereafter be made by any such Occupiers or other Persons, in, upon or near, or attached to any such respective Houses or other Buildings, contrary

For preventing Encroachments by Signs, Gutters, &c.

Notice to remove Signs, &c.

contrary to the Meaning of this Act, to be removed, altered or reformed, and also to cause the Water to be conveyed from the Roofs, Cornices and Pent Houses which belong to such respective Houses or other Buildings, by proper and sufficient Pipes or Trunks, to be affixed to the Sides of such Houses and other Buildings respectively, and from thence by proper Drains into the Common Drains or Sewers; and in case any such Occupier shall neglect or refuse so to do, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to cause the same to be done; and if such Occupier shall refuse to pay the Costs and Charges attending the same, the said last mentioned Commissioners shall cause such Costs and Charges to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Occupier, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of any Justice of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, (which Warrant such Justice is hereby required and authorized to grant,) rendering the Overplus (if any) when demanded, to the Person whose Goods and Chattels shall be so distrained and sold; and if the Tenant in Possession of any such House or other Building shall remove, alter or reform any such Encroachments, Obstructions, Projections or Annoyances as aforesaid, according to the Directions of the same Commissioners (except such as shall be put up or occasioned by such Tenant) it shall be lawful for every such Tenant to deduct and retain the Charges and Expences thereof out of his or her Rent, and the Landlord of every such House or other Building is hereby required to allow the same accordingly: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to authorize the said Commissioners to stop up any Cellar Window where there shall be no other Way from the Street or other public Passage or Place into such Cellar, unless the said Commissioners shall make or provide some other commodious Way into such Cellar; and in case the Pallisado, Fence or Railing for separating the Area of any House or other Building from the Way or Passage shall be broken down or out of Repair, and the Owner or Occupier of such House or other Building shall not forthwith (being thereunto required by Writing, signed by the Surveyor or Clerk of the said Commissioners for executing this Act for the time being) set up, amend or repair such Pallisado, Fence or Railing, it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners from time to time to cause the same to be set up, amended and repaired or altered, in such manner as they shall judge necessary, and levy the Charges and Expences attending the same upon or from the Owner or Occupier of every such House or other Building by Distress and Sale, in like manner as any Penalty or Forfeiture is by this Act authorized to be levied.

Occupier refusing.
Costs levied by Distress.

Stopping up Cellar Windows by Commissioners.

‘ XXVIII. And Whereas it may be expedient that Porticos, Arcades, Colonades or other covered Ways, should be allowed to extend over the Footways of some of the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, and that Bow Windows, Shop Windows, Alcoves, Balconies and other ornamental Projections should be allowed to be advanced to the Fronts of the Areas, provided such Porticos, Colonades, Arcades or other covered Ways, Bow Windows, Alcoves, Balconies or other ornamental Projections, be made of Brick, Stone, Metal or other incombustible Materials;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to authorize

Commissioners may allow Porticos, Colonades,

&c. to project
over Footways
under certain
Regulations.

rize and permit the building or erecting and making of any Porticos, Arcades and other covered Ways, projecting from any Buildings or Houses, which shall or may be built on the Sides of the said New Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, extending over any Footways of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, provided the same do not obstruct or incommode the Foot Passengers, and that the Footways under the same be at least Nine Feet broad in the Clear between the Columns, Piers or other Supports of such Porticos, Colonades, Arcades or other covered Ways, in the new Street leading from *Pall Mall* to the New Road, and Six Feet broad at the least in the other Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, and the railing of the Areas of the Houses or other Buildings before which the same are placed; and provided such Colonades, Arcades, Porticos and covered Ways, be built of Stone, Brick or Metal, or Stucco or Cement laid on Brick or Stone, except the Joists and Bearers which form the Covering over the said Footpath, which may be of Wood, covered with Plaster or Stucco or other uninflamable Composition, and so as that all such Porticos, Colonades, Arcades and other covered Ways, shall be made in such manner, and upon such Plans, and of such Dimensions, as shall be ordered and directed or authorized and allowed by the said Commissioners in that behalf; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Houses or Buildings in the Cities of *London* or *Westminster* to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners
may authorize
Projections,
Virandas, &c.

XXIX. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to authorize and permit the erecting or making, or continuing or suffering to remain, the Fronts of any Houses or Buildings in the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, in such manner as that some Fronts may recede behind or advance before others, and with Bow Windows or other Projections, and with Virandas, Alcoves, Balconies, Pilasters, Columns and Shop Windows, or other Projections; provided that no Front of any such House or Building, or any such Viranda, Alcove, Balcony, Pilaster, Column or Shop Window, or other Projections, advance beyond the Area of the House or Building to which it shall belong, and that the same be built of Stone, Brick, Metal or Stucco, or other Cement laid on Brick or Stone, except Shop Windows, with their Shutters and Decorations, which may be of Wood; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament relating to Buildings or Houses, or Bow Windows, or other Projections to the contrary notwithstanding.

‘XXX. And Whereas the Avenues to and from the Opera House, and the Accommodation of the Public resorting thereto, will be greatly improved, if the whole of the said Building is surrounded with a Stone or Iron Colonade, extending over the Footpaths in *Pall Mall*, *Charles Street*, the *Hay Market* and *Market Lane*; to effect which it will be necessary to stop up so much of *Market Lane* as extends from *Pall Mall* to *Charles Street*, as a Street or Way for Carriages, and to convert it into an open Arcade or covered Way: And Whereas the whole of the Houses on the West Side of that Part of *Market Lane* required to be stopped up being already taken down, and the East Side thereof being appropriated to the Opera House, no Carriage Road is required in that Part of *Market Lane* ;’ Be it therefore enacted,
That

That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to stop up so much of *Market Lane* as lies between *Pall Mall* and *Charles Street*, and abutting East on the Opera House, as a Carriage Way, and to make and pave the same as a Way for Foot Passengers only; and it shall also be lawful for such Commissioners to inclose the same at each End with Iron Gates, to be open at all times to the Occupiers of the Houses on each Side of the Footway, but shut to the Rest of the Public at such Hours or times as the said last mentioned Commissioners shall order and direct in that behalf; and also wholly to stop up, shut and close the small Court called *Union Court*, leading out of the *Hay Market* into the Opera House, at or near the South End of the Opera House.

Market Street
may be made
only a Footway.

Union Court
may be shut up.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall run, drive or place, or cause to be run, driven or placed any Coach, Carriage or Waggon, Dray, Truck, Sledge, Wheelbarrow or any Carriage whatsoever, upon or over any of the Foot Pavements within the Limits of this Act, or shall wilfully ride, drive or lead any Horse or other Beast or Cattle, along or upon any of the said Foot Pavements, or shall within any Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road or Highway, or other public Passage or Place within the Limits of this Act, slaughter, dress or cut up any Swine or other Beast, or hoop, cleanse or scald any Cask, or hew or saw any Stone, Wood or Timber, or bind or make the Wheel of any Carriage, or shoe or bleed, dress or carry (except in cases of Accident) any Horse or other Beast, or drive any Carriage or Carriages for the Purpose of breaking any Horse, Mare, or Gelding, or ride any Horse, Mare or Gelding for the Purpose of airing or exercising the same, or for trying or shewing the same for Sale in any such Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road, Highway or public Passage (otherwise than by passing through the same), or set, place or expose to Sale any Goods, Wares or Merchandize, either in the Footway or Carriageways belonging or to belong to any of the said Streets, Squares, Circuses, Terraces, Roads, or Highways or other public Passages or Places, every Person so offending in any such case shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and also that if any Person or Persons shall sift, screen or slack any Lime (except within such Hoard or Inclosure as hereinafter is mentioned in any such Street, Square, Circus, Terrace, Road or Highway, Passage or Place, or cause the same to be so done, he and they shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

Occasioning
Nuisances.

Penalty.

Penalty.

Hoards may be
erected.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall hinder or prevent any Person from erecting or building any Hoard or other thing by way of Inclosure, for the Purpose of making Mortar, or depositing Bricks or Stone, or making or working up any Lime, Sand or other Materials for making, building, altering or repairing any House, Wall or other Building, within the Limits of this Act, or subject him to any Penalty on account thereof; but so nevertheless, as that every such Person shall previously have and obtain a Licence for that Purpose, under the Hand of the Surveyor to the said Commissioners; which Licence such Surveyor is hereby required forthwith to grant to any Person applying for the same, and for which he shall receive the Sum of One Shilling, and no more; which Licence shall specify the Length and Breadth of every such Hoard, and the time it is to continue for such Purposes

Licence.

Fee.

as aforesaid; and if any Person shall erect any Hoard or Inclosure of greater Dimensions than shall be specified in, or shall suffer such Hoard or Inclosure to remain for any longer time than shall be allowed by such Licence, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Shillings for every Day of Twenty four Hours that such Hoard or Inclosure, or any Part thereof, shall be continued, after Notice shall have been given by the Surveyor to take down and remove the same.

Penalty.

Leaving Carriages, &c.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage shall be left to stand or remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, with or without Horses, for any longer time than shall be necessary for the loading and unloading thereof; or if any Stage Coach, Post Chaise, or other Carriages let to hire, shall be left to stand or remain in any such Street, Square, Circus, Way, Court, Passage or Place, with or without Horses, for any longer time than shall be reasonable and necessary for taking up or setting down Passengers, for loading or unloading their Baggage or other Loading (except for Repair in case of Accident); or if any Hackney Coach or Hackney Chariot shall stand therein in order to procure Fares or obtain Hire, or longer than shall be reasonable and necessary for taking up or setting down Passengers; or if any Horse or other Cattle shall be suffered to stand at the Door or House of any Person, so as to obstruct or incommode the Passage of any of the said Footways; or if any Timber, Bricks, Stones, Wood, Goods or other thing, shall be laid or placed and left to remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, for any longer time than shall be necessary for removing or housing the same; or if any Dung or Ashes (except in time of Frost) or any Dust, Dirt or other Nuisance or Annoyance, shall be thereon cast or laid in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, and suffered to remain for any longer time than shall be necessary for removing the same, then and in every such case the Owner or Driver of every such Carriage, and the Owner of such Timber or other things as aforesaid, and the Person who shall throw, cast or lay any Dung, Ashes, Dust, Dirt or other Nuisance or Annoyance as aforesaid, or otherwise offend in the Premises, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and if any such Timber or other things, or such Dung, Ashes, Dust, Dirt or other Nuisance or Annoyance, shall be suffered to remain in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other public Passages or Places, longer than shall be necessary as aforesaid, the Surveyor to be employed by the said Commissioners is hereby authorized and empowered to cause the same to be removed to such Place as he shall think proper, and the Expence thereof shall be paid by the Person liable to the Payment of the said Penalty, and shall and may, in case of Non Payment on Demand, be recovered in a like manner as any Penalty is hereby authorized and directed to be recovered.

Throwing Dust, &c. into the Streets.
Exception.

Penalty.

Commissioners may remove Dust, &c. laid in Street, and charge Expences on Person laying the same there.

Dirt not to be swept into any Common Sewer, or within a certain Distance of any Gutter or Channel.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That no Scavenger or other Person shall sweep, rake or place, or cause to be swept, raked or placed, any of the Mud, Dirt, Dust, Ashes, Filth or Soil, to be found in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses or other public Passages or Places, or brought therein into any Common Sewer, Drain

Drain or Tunnel thereunto belonging; but every such Person shall place, sweep or rake the same together, so as to lie at the Distance of Ten Feet at the least from each of the Grates belonging or to be placed over such Common Sewers, Drains or Tunnels, and at the Distance of Three Feet at the least from the Channel, where the Width of the Street, Lane or Place will admit thereof; and that no Person shall use or employ any Cart or other Carriages, in or about the cleansing or watering any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts or other Passages or Places, or in carrying any Dirt, Dust, Cinders or Ashes out of the same, unless the Fellies of the Wheels of such Cart or other Carriage shall be of the Breadth or Gauge of Six Inches at the least; and if any Person shall offend in any of the cases aforesaid, every such Person shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, One Moiety thereof to go and be paid to the Informer, and the other

Penalty.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall begin to empty any Privy, or to take or carry away any Night Soil, or bring or place any Carts for removing the same, from any House, Place or Building, already erected, now erecting or hereafter to be erected, built or made within the Limits of this Act, before the Hour of Twelve in the Night, or shall continue to take away the same after the Hour of Five in the Morning, between *Michaelmas* and *Lady Day*, or after the Hour of Four in the Morning, between *Lady Day* and *Michaelmas*, and that no Person shall put or cast, or cause to be put or cast, any such Night Soil out of any Cart, Tub or otherwise, within the Limits of this Act; and if any Person shall offend herein, he shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, One Moiety whereof to go and be paid to the Informer.

Regulation as to
Night Soil.

Penalty.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Persons contracting with the said Commissioners for executing this Act, for cleansing the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages or Places as aforesaid, shall once in every Fourteen Days, or oftener if such Commissioners shall so direct, between the Hours of Three in the Morning and Eight in the Evening, attend in all and every the Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places within the Limits of this Act, and shall give One Day's Notice at least in Writing to the Surveyor to such Commissioners, specifying the particular Day in every Week when they are to attend in each of the said respective Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, public Passages or Places, for the Purposes aforesaid, of which the said Surveyor shall in any Entry make a Book, and such Surveyor shall on that Day inspect the said Streets and other Places, to see if the Work is properly performed, and shall make an entry thereof in the same Book; and the Person so contracting shall also, upon the Request of any of the Inhabitants, or their Servants or Lodgers, go into all and every the Houses and other Places where any Dirt, Dust, Cinders or Ashes shall be deposited, and take and carry away the same; and if any Person so contracting, or any of the Persons to be employed by him, shall neglect or refuse so to do, he shall forfeit and pay for every Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, One Moiety

Scavengers'
Duty.

Notice by Scavenger to Surveyor.

Penalty.

whereof

whereof shall be paid to the Person complaining, and the other Moiety be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

Regulations for
repairing Water
Pipes.

XXXVII. And be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Pipe belonging or to belong to any of the Water Companies who now furnish or shall hereafter furnish any of the Inhabitants within the Limits of this Act with Water, shall happen to burst or be out of Repair, in any of the Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places within the Limits of this Act, the Surveyor to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any other Person or Persons to be by them appointed for that Purpose, shall forthwith cause the Pavement to be taken up, and open the Ground at or near the Place where the Water shall or may issue by reason of the bursting or breaking of any such Pipe; and when, upon taking up the Pavement and opening the Ground, it shall appear to what Water Company such Pipe shall belong, then the Surveyor of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or such other Person or Persons appointed as aforesaid, shall give Notice to the Pavior of such last mentioned Company, or leave the same at his last or usual Place of Abode; and the Pavior of the Company to whom such Pipe shall belong is hereby required to repair or cause to be repaired such Water Pipe, and to fill in the Ground over the same, in such manner as the Surveyor to the said Commissioners for executing this Act for the time being shall direct, within Two Days next after such Notice shall be so given or left as aforesaid; and in case the Pavior to the Company to whom such defective Pipe shall belong, shall refuse or neglect to amend or repair such Pipe, and fill in the Ground, in such manner as the said Surveyor shall direct as aforesaid, for the Space of Two Days next after such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid, then and in every such case the Person guilty of such Neglect shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any Pipe (other than such as shall belong to any such Water Company) shall happen to break or burst in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, the Owner or Owners thereof shall cause the Ground to be opened, and such Pipe to be repaired, within the time hereinbefore respectively limited for such Purposes, and also shall forthwith give Notice to the Surveyor of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or such other Person or Persons so appointed by them as aforesaid, to relay the Pavement so broken or taken up, on pain of forfeiting for every such Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; or if any Pavement shall be broken or taken up by the Commissioners of Sewers, or any other Person or Persons, for the Purpose of making, repairing or altering any Sewer or Drain, or for any other Purpose whatsoever, the Surveyor for the time being to such Commissioners of Sewers, or any other Person or Persons so breaking or taking up the said Pavement, shall forthwith give Notice thereof to the Surveyor or Paving Contractor or Contractors, appointed or employed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act, to relay or repair the Pavement so broken or taken up as aforesaid, upon pain of forfeiting for every such Neglect or Refusal any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and if the said Surveyor to or for whom such Notice shall be given or left as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse to acquaint the Paving Contractor or Contractors appointed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act,

Neglect in re-
pairing Pipes
and Pavement.

Penalty.

Notice to Sur-
veyor to relay
Pavement.

Penalty.

And to repair
Pavement.

Penalty.
Neglecting to
acquaint Con-
tractor with
Notice.

with

with such Notice, or if such Contractor or Contractors shall not, within Two Days next after such Notice from such Surveyor or other Person or Persons respectively, relay or repair the same, then and in every such case the Person or Persons so respectively offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings, and the further Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Day such Pavement shall continue without being relaid or repaired, after the Expiration of the said Two Days. Penalty.

XXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Pavement of any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Passages, Ways, Courts or Places shall be taken up for the Purpose of laying, altering or repairing any Water Pipe or Plug, the said Pavement shall with all convenient Speed be relaid and repaired by the Pavior or Paviers contracting with or employed by the said Commissioners for executing this Act; and the Expence of taking up, relaying and repairing such Pavement, shall be borne and paid by the Company or Companies, Person or Persons to whom such Pipe or Plug shall belong; but if for the Purposes of this Act it shall at any time be found necessary to rise, sink or otherwise alter the Position of any of the Pipes or Plugs laid down or placed by any of the said Companies, or to alter any Sewers, Drains, Gully Holes or Grates, within the limits of this Act, the same shall be done with as little Detriment or Inconvenience to the Company or Companies, Person or Persons to whom the same shall belong, as the Circumstances of the case will admit of; and the Expence thereof shall be defrayed by the said last mentioned Commissioners, out of the Monies arising by virtue of this Act. Pavement taken up for repairing Water Pipes, to be relaid.

XXXIX. And be it further enacted, That the Person or Persons who now is or are, or shall hereafter be appointed Pavior or Paviers, Turncock or Turncocks to the said respective Water Companies within the Limits of this Act, shall and they are hereby required, within the Space of Forty Days after the passing of this Act, or within the Space of Seven Days next after he or they shall be appointed Pavior or Paviers, Turncock or Turncocks to such Company or Companies, to give Notice in Writing to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, for the time being, or to such other Person or Persons as shall be by them appointed for that Purpose, which Notice shall contain the Name and Place of Abode of every such Pavior or Turncock, as also to what Company he is a Pavior or Turncock; and in what District he has the Care of the Pipes belonging to such Company or Companies; and in like manner the Surveyor or Surveyors for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, within the respective times aforesaid, give Notice to the respective Paviers or Turncocks of the said several Water Companies, and also to the Surveyor or Surveyors to the Commissioners of Sewers, of his or their own Place or Places of Abode, and likewise of the Names and Places of Abode of such Paving Contractor or Contractors, or Person or Persons employed as Pavior or Paviers by the said Commissioners for executing this Act; and every Person neglecting or refusing to give such Notice as aforesaid, within the times before respectively specified, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence. Paviors and Turncocks to give Notice of their Abodes to Surveyors.

Surveyors to give Notice of their Abodes to Paviers and of Abodes of Contractors.

Commissioners
of Sewers to re-
pair Drains un-
der their Direc-
tion.

XL. And be it further enacted, That when and so often as any Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, which shall or may be under the Direction of the said Commissioners of Sewers, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall require to be repaired, altered, cleansed or emptied, or any new or additional Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, shall be necessary to be made, or any new or additional Grate to be put and placed over any Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, or any old Grates over the same shall require to be repaired, removed or altered, then and in every such case the said Commissioners of Sewers shall within Three Days next after Notice given or left for their Surveyor for the time being, at his last or usual Place of Abode, signed by the Surveyor to the Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, cause such Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain to be repaired, altered, cleansed or emptied, and such new and additional Grates to be made and put down, and such old Grates to be repaired, removed or altered; and in default thereof it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for putting this Act into Execution, or their Surveyor, to cause such Sewer, Gully Hole or Drain to be repaired, altered, cleansed or emptied, or such new and additional Grates to be made and put down, or such old Grates to be repaired, removed or altered, as the case may require, or so much of the said Works to be completed as shall remain unfinished: Provided always, that the Charges and Expences of relaying or repairing the Pavements which shall be broken or taken up for the Purpose of repairing or amending any Pipe, shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and that the Charges and Expences of making, repairing, altering, cleansing or emptying any such Sewer or Drain, and of making or putting down any such new or additional Grates, and altering or repairing such old Grates, and of relaying and repairing the Pavement so broken or taken up for any of the Purposes aforesaid, shall be paid to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or to such Person or Persons as they shall, at any such Meeting as aforesaid, appoint to receive the same, by the Treasurer or Clerk to the said Commissioners of Sewers, or by the Person or Persons who shall take or cause the said Pavement to be taken up for the Purposes aforesaid; and in case the Owner or Owners of such Pipe as aforesaid, or the Treasurer or Clerk of the said Commissioners of Sewers, or other Person or Persons as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay what shall have been so laid out or disbursed for the Purposes aforesaid, within Ten Days next after Notice thereof in Writing, signed by the Clerk to the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution, and left at their respective Dwelling Houses, or last or usual Place of Abode, together with a Bill annexed thereto (which Bill shall contain an Account of such Charges and Expences), then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to bring or cause to be brought an Action against any or either of the respective Persons aforesaid, for the Recovery of such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall have so laid out and expended for the Purposes aforesaid.

Owners of Pipes
to pay the Ex-
pences of re-
pairing them.

Neglecting to
pay the same.

Commissioners
may bring Ac-
tions.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution may, and are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time to appoint such Number of Watchmen and Patroles, to be employed within the Limits of this Act, for so long time in the Night, under such Regulations and for such Wages, as they shall think proper, and to provide them with proper Arms, Ammunition, Weapons and Clothing, for the Discharge of their Duty; and if any Watchman or Patrole appointed as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to perform his Duty, or shall in anywise misbehave himself in the Execution of his Office, he shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds for every such Offence.

Watchmen to be appointed.

Neglect of Duty.

Penalty.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Watchmen to be appointed as aforesaid shall, during the time of their being upon Duty, use their utmost Endeavours to prevent any Mischief by Fire, and also any Burglaries, Robberies, Affrays or other Outrages and Disorders, within the Limits of this Act; and that it shall be lawful for the said Watchmen, or any of them, and they are hereby respectively authorized and required, while on Duty, to apprehend and secure all Malefactors, Rogues, Vagabonds and other disorderly Persons, within the Limits of this Act, who shall disturb the public Peace, or whom they shall have cause to suspect of any evil Designs, and to secure and keep in safe Custody every such Person, in order that he or she may be conveyed as soon as conveniently may be, before some Justice of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex* or City of *Westminster* to be examined and dealt with according to Law; and if any Victualler or Keeper of any Public House shall knowingly harbour or entertain any Watchman to be employed within the Limits of this Act, or permit or suffer any Watchman to be and remain in his House during any Part of the time appointed for his being on Duty, every such Victualler or Keeper of every such Public House shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Duty of Watchmen.

Victuallers harbouring Watchmen.

Penalty.

XLIII. And for raising Money to enable the said Commissioners appointed and to be appointed by virtue of this Act to carry the several Purposes of this Act into Execution; be it further enacted, That one or more Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, shall for the Purpose of paving, cleansing, lighting, watering and watching the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, which shall be within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and for carrying the several Purposes of this Act in relation thereto into Execution, shall be laid, rated and assessed by the said last mentioned Commissioners once in every Year if they shall judge it needful, upon all and every Persons and Person who do or shall inhabit, hold or occupy any Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stable, Cellar, Vault, Building or Tenement, in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, in such Sum or Sums of Money as such Commissioners shall order and direct, and that one or more Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, shall for the Purpose of forming, making, enclosing, planting, ornamenting and embellishing the Centres or Areas of the said Squares and Circusses, be in like manner laid, rated and assessed, upon all and every Persons and Person who shall inhabit, hold or occupy any House and Building erected and built, or to be erected and

Rates to be laid on Houses, &c.

built,

Rates.

built, and encompassing the said Squares and Circusses, in such Sum or Sums of Money as the said Commissioners shall order or direct, but so nevertheless as that such Rate or Rates, Assessment or Assessments, do not exceed in the whole in any one Year the several Sums of Money next hereinafter mentioned; (that is to say) for paving, repairing, cleaning, watching and lighting the said several Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, the Sum of Two Shillings in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses, Shops, Warehouses, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Buildings and Tenements, which are or shall be situate within the Limits of this Act; and for watering such Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, the Sum of Sixpence in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses and Buildings as are or shall be erected and built in or about such Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places which shall from time to time be watered in pursuance of the Directions of this Act, and for forming, making, enclosing, ornamenting and embellishing the Centres, Areas or Middle Spaces of the said Squares and Circusses which shall be laid out and made within the Limits of this Act, and for supporting and maintaining the same, after the Rate of Two Shillings in the Pound, according to the yearly Rent or Value of such Houses and Buildings as are or shall be erected in such respective Squares, Circusses or Places; in the making of which said several Rates or Assessments, the Stables, Coach Houses, Erections and other Buildings, which shall belong to or be respectively held and occupied with any of the Houses erected or to be erected or situate in any of the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, shall be respectively rated together and along with such Houses, and not as separate Buildings; and that the said Commissioners shall cause separate and distinct Accounts to be kept of the Produce of the said respective Rates and Assessments, and the Application of the same respectively.

Stables, &c.
how rated.How the yearly
Value of Houses,
&c. is to be as-
certained.Commencement
of Rates.

XLIV. And be it further enacted, That the Annual Value of all such Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Buildings and Tenements, so to be respectively rated and assessed as aforesaid, shall be settled and ascertained according to the real Rack Rent or full yearly Value thereof; and the First Year, for which such Rates or Assessments as aforesaid shall be made, shall commence for or in respect of such Houses or other Buildings as now are, or shall be then erected, built and tiled, slated or covered in, within the Limits of this Act, and paved in Front thereof, from the Twenty fourth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for and in respect of all such Houses or Buildings hereafter to be erected or built within the Limits of this Act, which shall not be tiled, slated or covered in, and paved in Front thereof as aforesaid on the said Twenty fourth Day of *June*, shall commence from the next Quarter Day after the same shall be so tiled, slated or covered in, and the Pavements made in Front thereof as aforesaid; and the Money so rated and assessed, under or in pursuance of this Act, shall from time to time be paid to the Collectors to be appointed as aforesaid, at such time and times in every Year, and in such manner as the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall order and direct, and shall be paid over by such Collectors into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Commissioners.

XLV. Pro-

XLV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when any of the said Houses or other Buildings shall, at the time of making any of the said Rates or Assessments, be empty or unoccupied, then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act to rate and assess such Premises respectively at One Half of such Rates and Assessments, and no more, during the time only such Premises shall be empty or unoccupied; and also in case such Premises, after the making of any such Rate or Assessment, shall become empty or unoccupied, One Half only of such Rates or Assessments shall be charged on such Premises respectively, for and during so long time as the same shall continue empty and unoccupied; and then and in every such case the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, shall be paid by the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to such Premises, or by the First or any other Tenant or Occupier thereof, but such Tenant or Occupier shall not be liable or compellable to pay more than One Year's Rates or Assessments due at the time of his entering thereon in respect of such Premises; and every such Tenant or Occupier shall and may and is hereby authorized to deduct and retain the same out of his or her Rent, and the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to such Premises is and are hereby required to allow such Deductions; and that where any House, Building or Tenement, in respect whereof any Rate or Assessment shall be made as aforesaid, shall be let to more than One Tenant, any One or more of such Tenants shall be deemed the Occupier or Occupiers thereof for the Purposes of this Act: Provided also, that in all cases where any Person shall remove from or quit any House, Building or Tenement, which shall be rated or assessed by virtue of this Act, such Person shall be liable to pay such Rate or Assessment in proportion to the time that he or she occupied the same; and in all cases where any Person shall come into or occupy any House, Building or Tenement, rated or assessed as aforesaid, out of or from which any other Person who shall have been rated or assessed for the same shall be removed, or which at the time of making any Rate or Assessment was empty or unoccupied, the Person coming into or occupying the same shall be liable to pay such Rate or Assessment in respect thereof, in Proportion to the time that he or she occupied the same, which said respective Proportions, in case of Dispute, shall be settled or ascertained by the said Commissioners for executing this Act.

XLVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Rates or Assessments to be made and laid by virtue of this Act upon or in respect of any Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School or other public Building, or any Wall or void Space of Ground, shall be ascertained according to the Number of Square Yards of Pavement paved or repaired, cleaned, lighted, watched or watered, under or by virtue of this Act, belonging to such Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School or other public Building, Wall or void Space of Ground, measuring the same from such Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School, Building, Wall or void Space of Ground, to the Middle of the Street, Square or Place, on which the same shall respectively abut, and the same shall never exceed in any One Year the Sum of Nine pence for every such Square Yard; and such Rates or Assessments to be made and laid upon such Chapel, Meeting House, Hospital, School or other public Building, Wall or void

Empty Houses
to be charged
with Half Rates.

Proportions of
Rates to be paid
by Persons removing.

How settled.

Public Buildings
to be rated according to the
Number of
Square Yards of
Paving belonging
thereto.

Space of Ground, shall be paid by the Chapelwardens, Trustees or Owners or Proprietors thereof respectively; but so, nevertheless, as that no Rate or Assessment shall by virtue of this Act be laid upon, or collected or received for or in respect of any Wall or void Space of Ground, unless the same shall abut upon or front some Street, Lane or Place, to be paved, cleaned or lighted as aforesaid.

Rates of Houses let to Ambassadors, &c. to be paid by Landlord.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That every Rate or Assessment which shall be laid or assessed by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of any House, Building, Coach House, Stable or Tenement, which any Ambassadors, Resident Agent, or other public Minister, of any Foreign Prince or State, or the Servant of any such Ambassador, Resident Agent, or other public Minister, or any other Person not liable by Law to pay such Rate or Assessment, shall hereafter inhabit, shall be paid by and recoverable from the Landlord or Proprietor of every such House, Building, Coach House, Stable or Tenement, who shall for that Purpose be deemed the Occupier thereof.

Lessee subject to Rates of Houses let to Lodgers.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Lessee, Landlord or Owner of every House, within the Limits of this Act, which is or shall or may be let out ready furnished to a Lodger or Lodgers, shall be deemed and taken to be the Occupier thereof, and shall be liable and subject to the Rates or Assessments directed by this Act to be made, raised and levied, according to the yearly Value of the Premises, and that every Person renting or occupying any such ready furnished House as aforesaid shall be liable and compellable to the Payment of the said Rates or Assessments, to be recovered in manner herein directed; but such Person so renting or occupying any such ready furnished House as aforesaid shall not be liable and compellable to the Payment of the said Rates or Assessments beyond the Rent actually due by him or her in respect of the said Premises, and that every such respective Occupier or Occupiers who shall pay any such Rate or Assessment, or from whom the same shall be recovered in pursuance of this Act, shall and may deduct the same from and out of the next Rent due and payable from him, her or them, to such respective Lessee or Landlord, or Owner, and the Receipt for such Payment shall be a sufficient Discharge for such Tenant or Tenants, Occupier or Occupiers, to his, her or their respective Landlord, for so much Money as he, she or they shall pay, or shall be levied on him, her or them by virtue of this Act.

Receipt to Landlord discharge to Tenant.

Houses partly within and partly without the Limits of Act.

XLIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any House or Premises shall be situate partly within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and partly in any Street or Place not within such Limits, such House or Premises shall be assessed to the Rates to be raised by virtue of this Act, for a proportionable Part only of the Rent thereof; and it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any Person appointed by them at some Meeting to be holden for that Purpose, and they or he are or is hereby respectively authorized and required to apportion and settle at how much and what Part of the Rent of such House and Premises the same shall be assessed.

Houses rated under this Act, not liable to like Rates under other Acts.

L. And be it further enacted, That no Land, House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stable, Cellar, Vault, Building, Tenement or Premises, of any Sort, Kind or Description whatever, within the

the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners under this Act, and the Occupier or Owner whereof shall be rated and assessed in respect thereof by the said Commissioners, under the Provisions of this Act, shall after the making of such Rate be liable to any Rate or Assessment for the like Purpose, under any other Act or Acts of Parliament; any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

LI. And for the better enforcing the Payment of the Rates or Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act, be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons liable to pay any of the said Rates or Assessments shall refuse or neglect to pay the Money rated or assessed upon him, her or them, and all Arrears due thereon; or if any Person or Persons liable to pay any of the said Rates or Assessments shall at any time begin to remove his, her or their Goods or Furniture from the House or Premises in his, her or their Occupation within the Limits of this Act, or to sell or dispose of such Goods or Furniture therein by Public Auction, or sell, dispose of or carry away his, her or their Goods or Furniture as aforesaid, without paying all Arrears then due or rated in respect of such House, (in which the current Quarter shall be considered as due,) that then and in every of the said cases, it shall be lawful for the Collector for the time being to the said Commissioners for executing this Act to collect and levy such Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, and the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter wherein such Removal or Sale shall begin to be made as aforesaid, although previous to the time for Payment of the Rate or Assessment for such Quarter, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex* or City of *Westminster*, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party so neglecting or refusing, or beginning to remove, take away, or sell any such Goods or Furniture as aforesaid; and if within Five Days next after such Distress shall be made, the said Rates or Assessments, and all Arrears due thereon, together with the reasonable Charges of taking and keeping the said Distress, shall not be paid, the said Collector shall cause the said Goods and Chattels to be appraised and sold, or such Part thereof as shall be sufficient to pay such Rates or Assessments, together with all Arrears due thereon, and the reasonable Charges of making such Distress, and of keeping and selling the same, returning the Overplus (if any) to the Owner or Owners of such Goods and Chattels respectively.

Arrears of Rates, how to be recovered.

Distress.

LII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, if they shall think it more expedient, to bring or cause to be brought, in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk, or of any One of them the said last mentioned Commissioners, any Action or Actions of Debt, or Special Action on the case, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, for all or any of the Rates or Assessments so to be made by virtue of this Act as aforesaid, in which Action or Actions it shall be sufficient for the Plaintiff to declare, that the Defendant is indebted to the Plaintiff in such Sum of Money as the Plaintiff shall suppose to be due; and if the Plaintiff shall recover such Sum so declared for, or any Part thereof, he shall have full Costs, to be levied and recovered as other Monies upon Judgments are now by Law levied and recovered; in which Action or Actions no Essoign,

Commissioners may bring Actions for Rates.

Protection or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

Rate Books to be admitted Evidence.

LIII. And be it further enacted, That the Books of Rates to be delivered by the Collector or other Officers to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and all Entries afterwards made therein, or examined Copies thereof respectively, shall be received in Evidence of the Rates imposed by virtue of this Act, and the Payment of such Rates, or such of them, or such Part thereof, as shall by such Entries appear to have been paid to such Collectors.

Commissioners may borrow Money.

LIV. And for the more speedily raising Money for the Purposes of this Act, be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby empowered from time to time, to borrow and take up at Interest any Sum or Sums of Money, upon the Credit of the Rates or Assessments hereinbefore granted; and by Writing under their Hands and Seals to mortgage or assign over the said Rates or Assessments, or any Part thereof, to the Person or Persons who shall advance or lend such Monies, or his or their Trustee or Trustees, as a Security for the Money so to be borrowed, together with Interest for the same; and every such Mortgage or Assignment may be according to the Form following; (*videlicet*,)

Form of Mortgage.

‘ BY virtue of an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled [*set forth the Title of this Act*] We being of the Commissioners appointed by virtue of the said Act, for paving, cleansing, lighting, watering and watching the Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, within the Limits mentioned in the said Act, in Consideration of the Sum of advanced and lent by *A. B.* to *C. D.* (the Treasurer appointed in pursuance of the said Act) upon the Credit of the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of the said Act for the Purposes aforesaid, do grant and assign unto the said *A. B.* his Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, such Proportion of the said Rates or Assessments, as the said Sum of doth or shall bear to the whole Sum which is or shall be borrowed upon the Credit of the said Rates or Assessments to be had and holden from this Day, until the said Sum of with Interest of *per Centum per Annum* for the same, to be paid Half Yearly, shall be repaid and satisfied. In Witness whereof, We have hereunto set our Hands and Seals, this Day of

And every such Assignment shall be good, valid and effectual in the Law.

Money may be raised by Annuities.

LV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall think it advisable to raise all or any Part of the Money necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, by the granting of Annuities for the Life or Lives of any Person or Persons, then it shall be lawful for such Commissioners, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, by any Writing or Writings under their Hands and Seals, to grant any Annuity or Annuities to any Person or Persons who shall contribute, advance and pay into the Hands of the Treasurer to the said Commissioners for executing this Act any Sum or Sums of Money for the absolute Purchase

Purchase of any Annuity or Annuities, to be paid and payable during the natural Life of every such Contributor, or the natural Life of every such Person or Persons who shall be nominated by or on the Behalf of such Contributor, at the time of the Payment of his or her Contribution or Purchase Money; so that no such separate Annuity do exceed the Rate of Ten Pounds for every One hundred Pounds for a Year.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause a Bond or Note, or other Security, under the Hands and Seals of Three or more of them, to be delivered to every Person advancing any Part of the said Monies for Payment of such Annuities in respect thereof; which Bonds, Notes or other Securities, shall be assignable by Indorsement; and which said several Annuities so to be purchased shall be and are hereby charged upon, and shall be paid out of the Rates or Assessments hereinbefore mentioned, and shall be made payable and paid Quarterly during the natural Lives of such Contributors respectively, or the natural Life or Lives of such other Person or Persons as shall be nominated by such respective Contributors, and a proportional Part of such Annuity shall be paid from the last Quarter Day of Payment preceding the Death of the Annuitant, or his *cestui que vie*, up to the Day of his Decease.

Commissioners may cause Bonds or other Securities to be given for Payment of Annuities.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and they are hereby authorized and empowered from time to time to grant unto their Chief Clerk or Secretary for the time being, any Bond or Bonds, under the Hands and Seals of any Three or more of them, each Bond to be conditioned for the Payment of the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and which Bonds shall be likewise charged upon and paid out of the Rates and Assessments to be made by virtue of this Act for the Purposes aforesaid, and the Monies to be raised by Means thereof, with Interest for the same, after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*.

Commissioners may grant Bonds to their Clerk or Secretary.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Chief Clerk or Secretary for the time being, by and with the Direction of the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any Three or more of them, from time to time to make sale and dispose of all and every or any such Bond or Bonds so to be granted to such Chief Clerk or Secretary as aforesaid, either by Public Sale or Private Contract, unto any Person or Persons, for the best Price or Prices in Money that can be reasonably had or obtained for the same, and to apply the Money thence arising for or towards the carrying this Act into Execution: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be deemed, construed, taken or extend to make the said Commissioners who shall sign, execute or give any of the Bonds, Assignments or other Securities, so hereby authorized or directed to be given, personally or their respective Estates, Lands or Tenements, Goods and Chattels, liable to the Payment of any of the Monies so to be borrowed, or Annuities so to be granted, in pursuance of this Act, by reason of their giving or executing any such Bonds, Assignments or other Securities as aforesaid: Provided nevertheless, that no greater Sum in the Whole than Sixty thousand Pounds shall be raised by Loan or Mortgage, or by the Sale, or granting of any such Bonds or Annuities as aforesaid, for any of the

Power to sell such Bonds.

Commissioners not personally liable.

Money borrowed not to exceed 60,000l.

the Purposes aforesaid; and that before any such Money shall be borrowed, or any such Bond sold, or Annuity granted, Fourteen Days' Notice at the least shall be given in some Newspapers published in London or Westminster, signifying the Intention of borrowing such Money, or granting such Annuities.

Mode of transferring Securities.

LIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Persons entitled to any of the Securities or Orders for the Monies borrowed, or for the Annuities granted and ordered to be paid as aforesaid, by Writing under their Hands indorsed thereon, to transfer the same respectively to any Person or Persons, according to the Form following;

Form of Transfer.

‘ I A. B. do hereby assign the within Mortgage
 ‘ [or, Bond for the Payment of the within mentioned Annuity]
 ‘ and all my Right and Title in and to the Principal Money and
 ‘ Interest [or, Annuity, and all Arrears now due thereon by virtue
 ‘ of the within written Bond] thereby secured unto C. D. his Executors, Administrators and Assigns. Dated the
 ‘ Day of

Entries or Memorials of all Mortgages, &c. to be entered in a Book.

And Entries or Memorials of all Mortgages or Assignments, and Bonds for the Payment of Annuities, which shall be made in manner aforesaid, and of all Transfers thereof, expressing in Words at length the Names, Additions, Places of Abode and other proper Descriptions of all such Persons as shall from time to time be entitled to the Principal Money and Interest, or the Annuities thereby respectively secured, shall be entered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose by the Clerk to the said Commissioners for executing this Act; to which Book any Person interested shall at all reasonable times have Access, and shall have free Liberty to inspect the same, without Fee or Reward; and for the Entry of every such Transfer or Assignment the said Clerk shall be paid Five Shillings and no more; and every such Transfer or Assignment, after such Entry thereof as aforesaid, shall entitle the Person or Persons to whom the same shall be made, and his, her or their Executors, Administrators and Assigns, to the Benefit of the Security thereby transferred; and all Persons to whom such Mortgages or Assignments, or Bonds for any Annuities, shall be made, or who shall be entitled to the Money or Annuities thereby secured, shall be, in proportion to the Sums therein respectively mentioned, Creditors on the said Rates or Assessments equally One with another, without any Preference in respect to the Priority of advancing such Money, or the Dates of any such Mortgages, Assignments or Bonds respectively.

Fee. for Entry.

Application of the Money arising from Rates.

LX. And be it further enacted, That all the Money to arise by or from the said Rates or Assessments, and which may be borrowed or advanced upon or received for the Purchase of any Annuities on the Credit or Security thereof, shall be applied in paying and discharging the Expences attending the obtaining and passing this Act, and afterwards from time to time in paying the Interest of the Principal Money to be borrowed, and the Annuities to be granted as aforesaid, and in paying and discharging the several Purchase Monies, and in making the several Compensations and Satisfaction hereinbefore directed, and in making such Allowances to the several Persons who shall have paved any of the said Streets, Squares or other public Passages or Places, and in defraying the Expences of forming, inclosing, making, railing in, ornamenting and embellishing the said Centres

or

or Areas of the said Squares and Circusses, and of paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting, watching and watering the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts and other public Passages and Places, and of carrying this Act into Execution in relation thereto, and in paying off the said Principal Money, in such manner as the said Commissioners shall think proper.

LXI. And, in order that no undue Preference may be given to any of the Persons entitled to the Principal Monies which shall be borrowed and secured on the Credit of the said Rates or Assessments, in discharging such Principal Money in pursuance of this Act; be it further enacted, That when and so often as the Money to be raised by the said Rates or Assessments shall amount to a Sum sufficient to discharge One Fortieth Part of the Principal Money so to be borrowed or advanced as aforesaid, (over and above what shall be necessary to pay the growing Interest upon the said Principal Money, and the Annuities which may be secured or granted upon the aforesaid Rates or Assessments in pursuance of this Act, and the Expences hereinbefore provided for,) the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause the Number of all the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities to be granted or made, and then in force for securing the Principal Monies borrowed, of which Part shall be then intended to be paid off, to be written upon distinct Pieces of Paper of an equal Size, and all such Papers to be rolled up in the same manner as near as may be, and put into a Box or Glass, and One Number of the said Mortgages, Assignments or Securities shall be drawn out of the said Box or Glass by the Clerk to the said Commissioners, in the Presence of Three or more of such Commissioners: Provided always, that if it shall happen that any Mortgage, Assignment or Security, the Number whereof shall be drawn out as aforesaid shall be for a greater Sum than One hundred Pounds, no more than One hundred Pounds shall be discharged in consequence of such Number being so drawn.

Creditors to be paid by Ballot.

LXII. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall cause a Notice signed by their Clerk, to be given to or left at the usual Place of Abode of the Person or Persons whose Principal Money shall be intended to be paid off, which Notice shall express the Sum to be paid off, together with the Interest due thereon, and that the same will be paid at the Place to be mentioned in such Notice at the Expiration of Six Calendar Months from the Day of giving or leaving such Notice as aforesaid, and the Interest of the Principal Money so to be paid off shall, from and after the End of the said Six Calendar Months, cease, and be no longer paid or payable, unless such Principal Money shall be demanded, pursuant to such Notice, and not paid, but the Principal Money in respect whereof such Notice shall be given, and also the Interest thereof, to the End of the said Six Calendar Months, shall nevertheless be payable on Demand.

Notice to Persons whose Money is to be paid off.

LXIII. And be it further enacted, That in case the said Commissioners for executing this Act can at any time borrow or take up any Sum or Sums of Money, at a lower Rate of Interest than the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities which shall be then in force shall bear, it shall be lawful for the said last mentioned Commissioners, from time to time, to charge the said Rates or Assessments, in manner aforesaid, with such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall think proper,

Power to borrow Money at lower Interest to discharge Securities at higher.

per, and the Interest thereof, at such lower Rate as aforesaid, and to pay off and discharge the Mortgages, Assignments or Securities bearing a higher Rate of Interest.

Commissioners annually to make out Account of Receipts and Disbursements.

LXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioners for executing this Act shall, at their Second Meeting in every Year, cause an Account of the Monies received and disbursed in the preceding Year, and the Amount of the Arrears of Rates then due, and of the Balance of Cash in Hand, to be made out, which Account it shall be lawful for all Persons rated or assessed under and by virtue of this Act to the Rates or Assessments aforesaid, and all Persons interested therein, at all seasonable times to inspect.

Recovery of Penalties.

LXV. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures hereinbefore imposed (the manner of recovering which is not hereby otherwise directed) shall be levied and recovered by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County or Place wherein the Offender or Offenders shall be or reside, which Warrant such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to grant, upon Confession of the Party, or upon the Information of any credible Witness upon Oath; and such Penalties and Forfeitures (or such of them, or such Part thereof, as are or is not directed to be otherwise applied by this Act) shall be paid to the Treasurer to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, and applied for such of the Purposes aforesaid, as such Commissioners shall think proper; and in case sufficient Distress shall not be found, or such Penalties or Forfeitures shall not be forthwith paid, such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and required, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals, to cause the Offender or Offenders to be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction within such County or Place, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Penalties or Forfeitures, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid and satisfied.

If not sufficient Distress.

Imprisonment.

Commissioners in Commission of the Peace may act as Justices.

LXVI. And be it further enacted, That all such Commissioners as are or shall be Justices of the Peace may act as Justices in all Matters under the Authority of this Act, notwithstanding their being Commissioners; and that in all cases where any Justice or Justices of the Peace is or are authorized by this Act to examine any Person or Persons on Oath or Affirmation, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices, and he and they is and are hereby required to administer such Oath, or to take any Affirmation.

Inhabitants may give Evidence.

LXVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions, Prosecutions, Informations, Causes and Proceedings whatsoever, relating to or concerning the Execution of this Act, no Person residing within the Limits of this Act shall be deemed incompetent to give Evidence, by reason of such Person being charged with and liable to pay any Rate or Assessment by virtue of this Act; and that the said Commissioners for executing this Act may sue or be sued in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk; and that no Action to be brought by or against the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or any of them, by virtue of this Act, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of any such Treasurer or Clerk; but that the Treasurer or Clerk for the time being to such Commissioners shall always

Commissioners to sue or be sued in the Name of their Treasurer or Clerk.

always be deemed the Plaintiff or Defendant in such Action, as the case shall be.

LXVIII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace, before whom any Persons shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form, or in any other Form to the same Effect, as the case shall happen; that is to say,

to wit. } ' BE it remembered, That on
 ' [time of Conviction] at [Place of Conviction] A. B.
 ' [Name of Offender] of [Addition of Offender] was duly convicted
 ' before me [or, us] [Name and Style of convicting Justice or Jus-
 ' tices] for that the said A. B. [Name of Offender] on [time of
 ' committing Offence] at [Place of committing Offence] did [here
 ' state the Offence against the Act according to the Fact] contrary to
 ' the Form of the Statute made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign
 ' of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled, [here set forth
 ' the Title of this Act] and I, or We, do therefore declare and ad-
 ' judge, that the said A. B. [Name of Offender] has forfeited for
 ' the same Offence, the Sum of [Fine] or, shall be committed to
 ' [Place of Imprisonment] for the Space of [time of Imprisonment.]
 ' Given under my Hand and Seal, [or, our Hands and Seals]
 ' the Day and Year first above written.'

LXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any such Rate or Assessment as aforesaid, which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, he or she having first paid the said Rate or Assessment, may appeal to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, at their next Meeting to be holden after the Payment of such Rate or Assessment; and such Commissioners are hereby authorized and empowered, if they shall think such Persons aggrieved, to give such Relief in the Premises as to them shall seem reasonable; and if any such Person shall be dissatisfied with the Determination of the said Commissioners therein, or if any Person shall think himself or herself aggrieved by any other matter or thing to be done in pursuance of this Act as aforesaid, every such Person may appeal to the Justices at any General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be holden for the County, City, or Liberty, where the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, within Four Calendar Months next after the Cause of Complaint shall have arisen, such Appellant first giving Fourteen Days' Notice at the least in Writing of his or her Intention to make such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Clerk to the said Commissioners, and within Five Days after such Notice entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for the said County, City or Liberty, with Two sufficient Sureties conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Order of and pay such Costs as shall be awarded by the Justices at such Sessions; and the Justices at such Sessions shall hear and finally determine the Cause and Matter of such Appeal in a summary Way, and award such Costs to the Party appealing or appealed against as they shall think proper, and their Determination thereon shall be final, binding and conclusive to all Parties, to all Intents and Purposes.

LXX. And be it further enacted, That no Rate or Assessment, or any Proceeding to be had touching any Order made, or other matter

quashed for want
of Form.

Certiorari.

Plaintiff shall
not recover after
Tender of suf-
ficient Amends.

Distress not un-
lawful for want
of Form.

Limitation of
Actions.

Treble Costs.

Rates under
53 G. 3. c. lxi.
to be made upon

matter or thing to be done or transacted, in or relating to any Complaint or Appeal, or any Order or Determination thereon as aforesaid, shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed or removable into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

LXXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff shall recover in any Action for any Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding, made or committed in Execution of this Act, if sufficient Tender of Amends shall be made by or on the behalf of the Party or Parties who shall have committed or caused to be committed any such Irregularity, Trespass or wrongful Proceeding before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Actions, by Leave of the Court where such Action shall depend, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he or they shall see fit, whereupon such Proceedings or Order and Judgment shall be had, made or given by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

LXXII. And be it further enacted, That where any Distress shall be made for Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall afterwards be done by the Party or Parties distraining; but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage only in an Action on the case.

LXXIII. And be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing to be done in pursuance of this Act, until Twenty eight Days' Notice thereof shall be given to the Clerk to the said Commissioners for executing this Act, or after such sufficient Satisfaction or Tender thereof hath been made to the Party aggrieved, or after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed; and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County of *Middlesex*, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant in every such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty eight Days' Notice thereof shall be given as aforesaid, or after sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time hereinbefore limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find a Verdict for the Defendant, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff shall become Nonsuit, or discontinue his or her Action or Suit after the Defendant shall appear, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff, then the Defendant shall recover Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases of Law.

LXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Rates and Assessments authorized and allowed to be made, laid and assessed by the Commissioners under the last recited Act passed in the Fifty third Year

Year aforesaid, shall be laid and assessed upon all and every the Persons and Person who shall inhabit, hold and occupy the Houses, Buildings, Premises, Shops, Warehouses, Coach Houses, Stables, Cellars, Vaults, Buildings or Tenements, rated and assessed under the Provisions of the said last recited Act, (except where any other or special Provision is made in the said Act in relation to the Payment of Rates,) and shall and may be demanded and taken, allowed and recovered, from and upon such Tenants and Occupiers as aforesaid; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and received of
Occupiers.

LXXV. And Whereas it may happen that some of the Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees, hereinbefore mentioned, may have entered into and be under some Contract or Agreement which may be subsisting, and may not have expired at the time of passing this Act, with certain Scavengers, Paviers or other Persons, for the doing and performing some of the Works within their respective Districts which are by this Act authorized or directed to be hereafter done and performed by the Commissioners for executing this Act, or the Persons employed by them, or for the supplying some of the Materials for the same, or for watering the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages or Places, or some of them, and as such Works and Services will hereafter be performed, and such Materials provided by the Commissioners for executing this Act, so far as the same relate to the said Streets, Squares, Circusses, Ways, Courts, Passages and Places, which shall be within the Limits of their Jurisdiction under the Provisions of this Act, or by Persons by them employed, it is just and reasonable that a proportionate Deduction or Abatement should be made to such Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees, by the Person or Persons who have so contracted with them respectively, to perform such Works or Services, or to supply such Materials in respect of such Parts of the said Contracts as will cease to be performed by them from and after the passing of this Act; Be it therefore enacted, That in every such case the Person or Persons who shall have so contracted to perform such Works or Services, or to supply such Materials, shall abate and allow unto the said Commissioners of Pavement, Committeemen, Vestrymen or Trustees with whom every such Contract shall be made, out of the Monies thereby contracted to be paid to him or them, a fair and reasonable Sum or Sums in respect of such of the said Works and Services which are hereafter to be done and performed, and of such Materials which are hereafter to be provided by the Commissioners for executing this Act, or the Persons to be employed by them as aforesaid, as such Contractor or Contractors would otherwise have been found to have done, performed or provided, under or by virtue of such Contract or Contracts if this Act had not been passed; which Sum or Sums so to be abated or allowed shall bear the same Proportion to the whole Sum or Sums which would otherwise have become due or payable under the said Contract or Contracts to any such Contractor or Contractors for the whole of the Works or Services which would have been done and performed, and for all the Materials which would have been provided by him or them in respect of the whole District or Limit comprised in such Contract or Contracts, as the Surface or superficial Quantity of such Part of the Land or Ground comprised

Where Contracts have been made with Commissioners of Pavement, &c. for Works which will hereafter be done by the Commissioners under this Act, the Contractors shall make an Abatement in respect of the Works left unfinished or not performed by them.

prised within the Limits of such Contract or Contracts as is hereby put under the Jurisdiction of the Commissioners, appointed or to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall bear to the whole Surface or Superfical Quantity of the Land or Ground comprised in, or over, or to which such Contract or Contracts shall extend; and all such Commissioners, Committeemen, Vestrymen and Trustees, are hereby authorized and empowered to retain and make such Deduction or Abatement accordingly, from and out of the Sum or Sums of Money which they would otherwise have had to pay or allow to any such Contractor or Contractors under or by virtue of any such Contract or Contracts as aforesaid.

Paving the Streets, &c. in Saint Mary le bone still subject to the Vestrymen of that Parish.

LXXVI. And be it further enacted, That such of the Streets, Circusses, Ways, Places, Courts or Passages comprised within the Provisions of the said first recited Act as are situate or lie within the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* shall, notwithstanding any of the Provisions of this present Act, remain and be subject to the Order, Controll and Jurisdiction of the Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*; and that the Duty, Power and Authority of paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the same Streets, Circusses, Ways, Courts or Passages shall be and remain vested in the Vestrymen of the said Parish for the time being, who shall cause the same Streets, Circusses, Ways and Places to be well and effectually paved over, both in the Carriage and Footways, with the Materials of the present Pavement, so far as the same will extend, and with such Quantity of new Materials as shall be requisite for that Purpose, and shall and will relay, repair and make good every Part of such last mentioned Streets, Circusses, Ways, Courts and Passages which shall be disturbed or altered in carrying the said first recited Act into Execution, to the good Liking and Satisfaction of the Commissioners for the time being, for carrying the said first recited Act and this Act into Execution.

Watch Boxes and Lamps to be provided by the Commissioners, and afterwards kept in Repair by the Vestrymen of St. Mary le bone.

LXXVII. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioners to be appointed under and by virtue of this Act shall erect, provide, place and affix such and so many good and substantial Watch Boxes for the Watchmen, and such and so many proper and substantial Lamp Posts, Lamp Irons, with Lamps and Burners for lighting the same Circusses, Streets and Places, of such Dimensions and Quality, and at such Distances from each other, and to be painted and finished in such manner as shall accord and correspond with the Pavements, Lamp Posts, Lamp Irons and Watch Boxes which shall be made or set up in the other Parts of such intended New Street, or as near and similar thereunto as Circumstances will permit; and that the several Watch Boxes, Lamp Posts, Lamp Irons, with Lamp Burners, shall for ever after the Erection thereof, by the said Commissioners so to be appointed under or by virtue of this Act, be kept in repair by such Vestrymen, or by and at the Expence of the Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*; and that the sole Right and Property of all Pavements, Stones, Lamp Posts, Lamp Irons and Watch Boxes now or at any time hereafter to be laid, erected, set up and fixed in such of the said Streets, Circusses, Ways, Courts or Passages comprised within the Provisions of the said first recited Act, as are or shall be situate within the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, shall belong to and be and continue to be vested in the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* for the time being, any thing in the

the said first recited Act or in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

LXXVIII. And be it further enacted, That towards reimbursing the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* the Expence to be incurred in new paving, or in relaying and paving the said Streets, Circusses, Ways, Courts or Passages so to be paved by the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Vestrymen for the time being of the said Parish to charge and assess all and every Person or Persons who do or shall inhabit, hold, use, occupy or enjoy any Dwelling House, Shop, Warehouse, Coach House, Stables, Cellar, Vault, Building, Tenement or other Hereditament, the Street or Ground in front of which shall be so new paved, with such Part of the Costs, Charges and Expences of providing and laying down or relaying such Pavement, by way of Composition for the same, as is usual and customary to be charged upon or taken by Composition from any other Inhabitants of the said Parish, for or in respect of any newly erected Houses or other Buildings in the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, for or towards the Expences of paying the Street opposite such Houses or other Buildings, but not to or with any greater or other Part, Share or Proportion of such Costs, Charges or Expences, and to levy and raise the same by every such Ways and Means as any other Rates or Assessments or Composition can or may be levied or raised by such Vestrymen, by any Power or Authority in them vested under any Act or Acts of Parliament or otherwise.

LXXIX. And Whereas such of the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments which are intended to be taken and used under the Provisions and for the Purposes of the said first recited Act as are situate in the Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, or are rated to that Parish, do now stand assessed and rated in the Books of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, for or towards the paving, lighting and watching the Streets and other Places in the said Parish, as being altogether of the Yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds; and in order to prevent any Loss or Diminution to the said Parish in such Rental, by reason of the carrying the said first recited Act into Execution, or any additional Burthen being imposed by the said Parish, in respect of any Increase in the Rental by the Buildings and Improvements which may be made in the Execution of the said Act, it hath been agreed, that for all the Purposes of rating and assessing the same to the several Rates and Assessments for paving, lighting, watching, cleansing and repairing the several Streets and Squares within the said Parish, or rated thereto, the said Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments so to be taken and used as aforesaid, and the Buildings hereafter to be erected, shall be permanently considered, deemed and taken to be of the said Yearly Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the actual Rental thereof shall be more or less: Now therefore be it further enacted, That all the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments so to be taken and used as aforesaid, and also the Houses and Buildings to be erected on the said Lands, shall for ever hereafter, in making any Rates or Assessments for the paving, repairing, watching, lighting and cleansing the several Streets and other Places in the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, be charged and assessed, or rated thereto, as

Vestrymen authorized to levy a Rate on Occupiers of Houses, &c. to defray Expence of paving, &c.

The Houses, &c. in the Parish of St. Mary le bone intended to be placed under the Provisions of 53 G. 3. c. 121. being now rated

in the Parish Books at 6,084l. per Annum, shall continue to be so rated for the Paving, &c. under this Act.

being altogether and in the Whole of the Yearly Rent or Value of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, and no more; and the same shall, from and after the passing of this Act, and for ever thereafter, be charged and assessed at the said Yearly Rent of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the Rents or Values of the same shall be more or less, and that such Yearly Rent or Value shall be assessed and divided rateably and proportionably upon all the Houses, Buildings, Lands and Hereditaments so to be taken and used for the Purposes aforesaid, situate within the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, or rated thereto, or upon the Owners or Occupiers thereof; and that no greater Rate or Sum shall be at any time hereafter charged upon any such Houses, Buildings, Lands or Hereditaments, or upon any new erected Buildings or Improvements to be made thereon, or upon any Persons for or in respect thereof, who do or shall inhabit, hold, occupy or enjoy the same, for or towards the paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the several Streets and other Places in the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone*, or rated thereto, than a Pound Rate, bearing the same Proportion to the said Annual Sum of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds as shall be charged upon the other Inhabitants of the said Parish, in reference to or in respect of the Yearly Rent or Value at which their respective Houses shall be rated and assessed in the Books of the said Parish, to the several and respective Rates aforesaid, but that the said Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered, from time to time from the passing of this Act, to rate and assess all such Houses, Buildings and Hereditaments so to be taken or used by the said Commissioners; and all Houses and Buildings hereafter to be erected and built as aforesaid, or the Owners or Occupiers thereof, for the paving, repairing, cleansing, lighting and watching the same, at the Annual Rent or Sum of Six thousand and eighty four Pounds, whether the same shall be of that actual Rent or Value or not; and that the said Vestrymen shall have the same Powers and Authorities for raising, receiving and levying the same as they now have for levying and raising the several Rates within the said Parish, under and by virtue of the several Acts of Parliament for the Management and Regulation of the said Parish.

Vestrymen to have the same Powers to levy Rates.

Proviso for Acts relating to St. Mary le bone, except where hereby altered.

LXXX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to alter, lessen or weaken any of the Powers, Clauses, Provisoes, Enactments or Authorities contained in the several Acts of Parliament for regulating the Affairs of the Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* in the County of *Middlesex*, except so far as the same are by this Act altered or varied, but that the same several Powers and Authorities shall remain and be in full Force and Effect as if this Act had not passed, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Langham Place Pavement to be vested in the Vestrymen of St. Mary le bone.

LXXXI. And Whereas several Persons in that Part of the New Street called *Langham Place* have already paved so much of the said new Streets as lies in front of their respective Houses and Grounds thereto belonging; Be it enacted, That all the Pavement so laid down shall be and become the Property and vested in the Vestrymen of the said Parish of *Saint Mary le bone* for the time being, upon their paying to the said respective Persons the Difference between the Composition usually taken by the said Vestrymen for paving the Streets within the said Parish, and the Sum already expended on the same.

LXXXII. Pro-

LXXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall operate, extend or be construed to abridge, take away, prejudice or affect any Jurisdiction, Power or Authority which is by Law now vested in the Commissioners of Sewers of the Districts in which the said Premises are situate; but that all such Jurisdiction, Power and Authority, shall and may be exercised by such last mentioned Commissioners, in such and the like manner as if this Act had not been passed.

Proviso for Rights of Commissioners of Sewers.

LXXXIII. And Whereas many Bodies Corporate and other public Bodies and many Persons formed into Societies for the Promotion and Advancement of the Arts, or of Literature and Knowledge, or for Charitable or other useful Purposes, are frequently desirous of erecting Buildings for the transacting and carrying on the several useful Purposes in which they are engaged, and are unable to obtain convenient Spots of Ground or Scites for such Buildings, or for Easements and Accommodations thereto; and it would be very beneficial to the Public if His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, was and were enabled to grant and vest in any such Bodies Corporate or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, and their Successors, Heirs, Executors or Administrators respectively, sufficient Spots and Parcels of Land for the erecting such Buildings thereon, or for Curtilages, Accesses or other Conveniences, Easements or Accommodations to any Buildings erected or to be erected for the Purposes aforesaid, and also for Cemeteries or Burial Grounds; Be it therefore enacted, That The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall have full Power and Authority to give and grant to and vest in any Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, all or any Part of the Estate, Interest or Property of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, in any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within the Survey of the Court of Exchequer in *England*, situate within the Bills of Mortality, in order to be appropriated as a Scite or Scites for erecting thereon any Building or Buildings for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or to be used as or for a Curtilage or Curtilages, or for an Access or Accesses to any Building or Buildings erected or to be erected for any of the Purposes aforesaid, or to be used for any Convenience, Easement or Accommodation thereto; or connected therewith, or for Cemeteries or Burial Grounds, and such Body or Bodies Corporate, or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons, and their Heirs, Successors, Executors or Administrators, shall have full Capacity and Ability to receive, take, hold and enjoy the same; and whenever it shall be the Pleasure of His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to make a Grant for any such Purpose as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or any Three of them, to issue a Warrant under his or their Hand or Hands to any such Body or Bodies Corporate or other public Bodies, Societies or Persons as aforesaid, which Warrant shall be exempt from any Stamp Duty whatever, and shall be enrolled in the Office of the Auditor of the Land Revenue for the Division or County within which the Premises therein specified shall be situate, and also in the Office of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues; and such Auditor and such Commissioners having enrolled the said Warrant shall

His Majesty empowered to grant to Bodies Politic, &c. and Societies, Land for erecting Buildings thereon for the useful Purposes in which they are engaged.

Immediately after Enrolment of Grant, Grantees taken to be in the actual Seisin of Premises specified in the Warrant.

shall certify such Enrolment at the Foot or on the Back thereof, under his or their Hand or Hands, and return the said Warrant to the Grantee or Grantees of such Lands and Premises, and from and immediately after such Enrolment thereof the respective Grantees named in such Warrant, and their Heirs, Successors, Executors or Administrators, shall by force of this Act be adjudged, deemed and taken to be in the actual Seisin and Possession of the Premises in the said Warrant specified, and shall hold and enjoy the same either absolutely and in Perpetuity, or for such limited Estate, Term or Interest, and under and subject to such Reservations of Rent or other Acknowledgements or Restrictions in relation to the Buildings to be erected thereon, and the Form, Elevation or Design thereof, the Line on which the same shall range, or the Uses or Purposes to which the same shall be applied, or any other Regulations, Restrictions or Provisions in regard thereto, as to The King's Most Excellent Majesty shall seem meet, and in such Warrant shall be specified, inserted, directed or contained; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Commissioners of Land Revenue in their Report to certify all such Grants.

LXXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenues for the time being, shall, in every Report which shall be made by them to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, and to both Houses of Parliament, touching or concerning the Land Revenue of the Crown, from and after the passing of this Act, certify and report every Grant which shall have been made under and by virtue of the Provisions of this Act, since the time of the making their last preceding Report, and to whom and for what Purpose the same shall have been made, and what Land or Ground shall be comprised therein, and all other Particulars relating thereto.

C A P. CXXIX.

An Act to repeal certain Provisions in Local Acts for the Maintenance and Management of the Poor.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS divers Local Acts of Parliament have lately passed, containing Enactments relative to the Maintenance and Regulation of the Poor, varying the general Law with respect to particular Districts, Parishes, Townships or Hamlets; and it is expedient that some of such Enactments should be repealed;’
 Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Enactments and Provisions, contained in any Act or Acts of Parliament since the Commencement of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the First*, whereby any poor Person or Persons, other than such as shall actually apply for and receive Parochial Relief, are compelled or made compellable to go or remain in any House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any poor Person or Persons may be detained or kept in any House of Industry or Workhouse; at the Discretion of the Governors or Directors thereof, or of the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of any District, Parish, Township or Hamlet, after such Persons are capable of maintaining them-

Certain Enactments in Local Poor Acts, passed since the Commencement of the Reign of Geo. I. as to compelling poor Persons to go to Houses of Industry, &c. repealed.

themselves; or whereby any poor Person or Persons may be compelled to remain in any House of Industry or Workhouse, until the Charges and Expences to which any District, Parish, Township or Hamlet may have been put or become liable or chargeable for the Maintenance or Support of such poor Person or Persons, or any of his or her Family, shall be repaid or reimbursed or satisfied by the Earnings or Labour of such poor Person or Persons; or whereby any poor Child or Children whomsoever is or are rendered liable to be apprenticed to any Governor, Director, or Master of any such House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any Parish, Township or Hamlet, at a greater Distance than Ten Miles from such House of Industry or Workhouse, shall hereafter be empowered or authorized to become Contributors to, or to take the Benefit of such House of Industry or Workhouse; or whereby any Directors, Governors, Guardians or Masters of any such House of Industry or Workhouse, are authorized or empowered to hire out any poor Person or Persons of full Age, or to contract or agree with any Person or Persons to have and take the Profit of the Labour of such poor Person or Persons; shall be wholly and severally, and the same are hereby wholly and severally, repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful for any Governor, Director, Guardian or Master, of any House of Industry or Workhouse, on any Pretence, to chain, or confine by Chains or Manacles, any poor Person of sane Mind.

Confining the Poor by Chains or Manacles unlawful.

C A P. CXXX.

An Act to repeal an Act made in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled 'An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons; and to Houses of Correction;'* and to make other Provisions in lieu thereof. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS the Laws now in force have been found insufficient to prevent idle and disorderly Persons from going out armed in the Night time for the Destruction of Game: And Whereas such Practices are found by Experience to lead to the Commission of Felonies and Murders: For the more effectual Suppression thereof, may it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Act made in the Thirty ninth and Fortieth Years of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of King George the Second, intituled 'An Act to amend and make more effectual the Laws relating to Rogues, Vagabonds and other idle and disorderly Persons; and to Houses of Correction;'* be repealed.

39 & 40 G. 3. c. 50. repealed.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall, after the passing of this Act, unlawfully enter into or be found

Persons going armed or disguised in the

Night time, with
apparent Intent
to kill or destroy
Game, may, on
Conviction, be
transported, &c.

Returning.

Transportation
for Life.

Such Persons
may be apprehended and con-
veyed before a
Justice, who in
Default of Bail
may commit
them.

in any Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground in the Night time, that is to say, between the Hours of Eight of the Clock at Night and Seven in the Morning, from the First Day of *October* to the First Day of *March*, or between the Hours of Ten at Night and Four in the Morning, from the First Day of *March* to the First Day of *October*, in each and every Year, having any Gun, Net, Engine or other Instrument, for the Purpose and with the Intent to destroy, take or kill, or shall wilfully destroy, take or kill any Hare, Rabbit, Pheasant, Partridge, Heath Fowl commonly called Black Game, or Grouse commonly called Red Game or any other Game; or if any Person or Persons shall be found with any Gun, Fire Arms, Bludgeon or with any other offensive Weapon, protecting, aiding, abetting or assisting any such Person or Persons as aforesaid, every Person so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of a Misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for any Term not exceeding Seven Years, or shall receive such other Punishment as may by Law be inflicted on Persons guilty of Misdemeanors, and as the Court before which such Offenders may be tried and convicted shall adjudge; and if any such Offender or Offenders shall return into *Great Britain* before the Expiration of the Term for which he or they shall be so transported, contrary to the Intent and Meaning hereof, he or they so returning, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be adjudged guilty of Felony, and shall be sentenced to Transportation for the Term or Terms of his or their natural Life or Lives.

III. And for the more easy and speedy bringing the Offenders against this Act to Justice, be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Ranger and Rangers, and to and for the Owner and Owners, Occupier and Occupiers, of any such Forest, Chase, Park, Wood, Plantation, Close or other open or inclosed Ground, and also for his, her or their Keeper and Keepers, Servant and Servants, and also for any other Person or Persons to seize and apprehend, or to assist in seizing and apprehending such Offender or Offenders by virtue of this Act, and by the Authority of the same to convey and deliver such Offender or Offenders into the Custody of a Peace Officer, who is hereby authorized and directed to convey such Offender or Offenders before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where such Offence shall be alleged to have been committed; or in case such Offender or Offenders shall not be so apprehended, then it shall and may be lawful for any such Justice, on Information before him, on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, to issue his Warrant for the Apprehension of such Offender or Offenders; and if upon the Apprehension of any such Offender or Offenders, it shall appear to such Justice on the Oath of any credible Witness or Witnesses, that the Person or Persons so charged hath or have been guilty of any or either of the said Offences, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice to admit such Person or Persons so charged to Bail, and in Default of Bail to commit such Person or Persons to the County Gaol until the next General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, or the next General Commission of Gaol Delivery to be holden for the same County or Place, there to be tried and dealt with as by this Act is directed.

C A P.

C A P. CXXXI.

An Act to revive and continue, until the Fifteenth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding. [1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled *An Act for the more effectual Preservation of the Peace, by enforcing the Duties of Watching and Warding, until the First Day of March One thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in Places where Disturbances prevail or are apprehended*: And Whereas it is expedient that the same should be revived and continued; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be and the same is hereby revived and continued until the Fifteenth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Recited Act revived and continued.

C A P. CXXXII.

An Act for enlarging the time for making the Award respecting His Majesty's Allotments under an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for inclosing *Windfor Forest*; and for extending the Provisions of the said Act.

[1st July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of Windfor Forest in the County of Berks; and for inclosing the Open Commonable Lands within the said Forest*, it was, amongst other things, enacted, that the Commissioner therein appointed on the behalf of His Majesty for the Purposes of the said Act, and the Commissioner to be appointed for and on the behalf of the several Proprietors of Land in the several Parishes therein mentioned, should in their respective Parishes appoint, ascertain and set out the Public Carriage Roads and Highways therein mentioned, over the Lands and Grounds to be allotted and set out to His Majesty; and that all such Public Carriage Roads and Highways which should be so ordered by the said Commissioners as aforesaid, with all necessary Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences thereto, should be made and for ever thereafter repaired and maintained at the proper Costs and Charges of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors: And Whereas for the better making and keeping in Repair the several Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences which by the said recited Act are directed to be made and kept in Repair by and at the Expence of His Majesty, it is expedient that Provision should be made for ensuring the making and repairing such Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences according to the true Intent and Meaning of the said recited Act; Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent

Two Justices certifying that the Roads and Bridges, &c. directed to be made and kept in Repair by His Majesty under the recited Act, are not made, or out of Repair, Complaint to be made to Quarter Sessions, if not made or put in Repair within Three Months.

Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any Two Justices of the Peace acting in and for the said County of *Berks*, to view all or any of the Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences thereto, which, in and by the said recited Act, His Majesty is liable to make or repair, and by a Certificate and Notice in Writing under their Hands, to certify that any such Road or Roads, Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges or Fences thereto, by the said recited Act directed to be made or repaired by His Majesty, is or are in their Judgment not made or out of Repair, and to what Extent, and in what Particulars, and in what Parish or Parishes the same is or are situate, and that the same ought to be made or repaired by and at the Expence of His Majesty; and in case such Certificate and Notice shall be delivered to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for the time being, or any or either of them, or their Secretary or known Officer, at the Office of the said Commissioners or Surveyor General for the time being, and the Road or Roads, or Highways, Drains, Watercourses, Arches, Bridges and Fences thereto, by the said Certificate and Notice certified to be necessary to be made or repaired by and at the Expence of His Majesty, shall not be well and effectually made or repaired to the Satisfaction of such Justices who shall have signed such Certificate, or any Two other Justices acting in and for the said County of *Berks*, within the Space of Three Calendar Months from the time of the Delivery of such Certificate and Notice to the said Commissioners or Surveyor General for the time being, or such their Officer as aforesaid, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons whomsoever, to present a Petition or Petitions to the Justices of the Peace, at their next or any subsequent Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held for the said County of *Berks*, representing that any Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence thereto, by the said recited Act directed to be made or repaired by or at the Expence of His Majesty, has not been made, or is or are out of Repair, and to what Extent, and in what Particulars, and in what Parish or Parishes the same is or are situate, and the said Justices at such their Quarter Sessions, or any Adjournment thereof, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the matter of every such Petition, and in case they shall thereupon find that such Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence thereto so complained of, is not made or not in sufficient Repair, to make such Order upon the Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for the time being, for the making or repairing such Road, Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence thereto, within a time to be limited in such Order; and in case the same Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence thereto so complained of, shall not be made or sufficiently repaired within the time limited by such Order, then it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Justices in Quarter Sessions assembled, to order such Sum and Sums of Money for the making or Repair of the said Road or Highway, Drain, Water-

And Quarter Sessions may order Money to be

Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence thereto so complained of, as the said Justices shall deem reasonable, to be paid by the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the Surveyor General of His Majesty's Woods and Forests for the time being, to the Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways within the Parish or Parishes in which such Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge and Fence thereto so complained of, shall be situate, to be by them applied in or about the making or Repairs of the Road or Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence thereto so complained of, and which Sum or Sums the said Commissioners or Surveyor General are hereby authorized and required to advance out of any Money in their or his Hands arising from the Land Revenue of the Crown not specifically appropriated by or under the Authority of any Act or Acts of Parliament; and which Sum or Sums such Surveyor or Surveyors of the Highways is and are hereby also required to lay out accordingly: Provided always, that no Proceedings shall be had on any such Petition, unless it shall appear to the said Justices that a true Transcript or Copy thereof shall have been delivered to the said Commissioners of Woods, Forests and Land Revenue, or the said Surveyor General for the time being, or one of them, or their Secretary or known Officer, at the Office of the said Commissioners or Surveyor General for the time being, Twenty one Days at least before the First Day of any Quarter Sessions at which the matter of the said Petition shall be heard, and the like Notice shall in all cases be given previous to any subsequent Proceeding on the Matter of any such Petition.

paid by Commissioners of Woods and Forests for making and repairing Roads, &c.

No Proceedings unless Copy of Petition delivered to Commissioners 21 Days before Quarter Sessions.

II. And for the better enabling such Justices in Quarter Sessions to determine the Matter of any such Petition, be it enacted, That every Person and Persons who shall be required by any Subpœna or other legal Process to attend any Court of Quarter Sessions aforesaid as a Witness or Witnesses, to testify the Truth touching the matter in Dispute respecting the making or repairing any such Road, Highway, Drain, Watercourse, Arch, Bridge or Fence thereto, in manner aforesaid, shall attend in obedience to every such Subpœna or other legal Process; and in case of Nonappearance of any such Witness or Witnesses pursuant to such Subpœna or other legal Process, he, she or they shall be subject and liable to such and the like Pains and Penalties as any other Witness or Witnesses making default is or are liable to by Law, in cases of the like Nature, in which such Court of Quarter Session shall have competent Jurisdiction or Authority.

Witnesses to attend Quarter Sessions.

Default.

Penalty.

III. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall in any Examination, Affidavit, Deposition or Affirmation to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act, in or before any Court of Quarter Session as aforesaid, or in or before any Court of Law or Equity whatsoever, knowingly or wilfully swear or affirm any matter or thing which shall be false or untrue, every such Person so offending shall on Conviction thereof be deemed guilty of Perjury, and shall suffer the like Pains and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are now subject and liable to.

Swearing falsely.

Perjury.

IV. And Whereas by an Act made in the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty for vesting in His Majesty certain Parts of Windsor Forest in the County of Berks, and for*

55 G. 3. c. 122. § 2.

inclosing

‘inclosing the open Commonable Lands within the said Forest, it was among other things enacted and provided, that *John Nash* and *John Davies*, the Commissioners named in the said first recited Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reigu of His present Majesty, and their Successors, should make and execute their Award under the said last mentioned Act within the Space of Twelve Calendar Months from and after the passing of the said Act of the Fifty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in the same Manner and Form, and under the like Regulations in all Respects as in the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty is directed: And Whereas it is expedient that the Time for making the said Award should be further extended, and that such other Provisions be made as hereinafter mentioned;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That the time for making the said Award by and under the Authority of the said first recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty shall be and is hereby further extended to the Twelfth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and the said Commissioners and their Successors, by and under the said first recited Act are hereby authorized and required to make their said Award in the same manner and Form, and under the like Regulations in all Respects as in the said first recited Act is directed, on or before the said Twelfth Day of *March* one thousand eight hundred and seventeen.

Time for making Award under recited Acts extended.

Marquis of Downshire's Claim of Exemption from the Laws of the Forest in respect of his Manor and Park of Easthampstead.

‘V. And Whereas in and by the said first recited Act it is, amongst other things recited, that the Most Honourable *Arthur Marquis of Downshire* is seized to himself and his Heirs of the Manor and Park of *Easthampstead*, in the said County of *Berks*, and in respect thereof is entitled to the Soil of the Waste Lands in the said Manor; and after further reciting that the said *Arthur Marquis of Downshire* insisted that the said Manor, and also the said Park, to which he derived his Title through and under certain Grants made by His Majesty's Royal Predecessor, and other Assurances, were exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown, in respect thereof, and consequently that His said Majesty was not entitled to any Allotment of Land within the said Manor or Parish, it was therefore enacted, that it should be lawful for His Majesty, by His Attorney General, to proceed to a Trial at Law at the then next Spring Assizes for the County of *Berks*, in a feigned Action or Actions for that Purpose, to be commenced in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, Common Pleas, or Exchequer at *Westminster*, against the said *Arthur Marquis of Downshire*, his Heirs or Assigns, or the Person or Persons entitled to the said Manor for the time being, in manner therein mentioned; and if at the Trial of any such Issue or Issues, it should appear that His Majesty was not entitled to any Forestal Right or Interest within the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead*, for which a Compensation ought to be made, then such Jury or Juries by whom such Issue or Issues should be tried, should find for the Defendant or Defendants, in which case the said Act or any thing therein contained should not apply to or affect the same Manor and Parish, or any Part thereof; but if it should appear to such Jury or Juries that His said Majesty was entitled to such Forestal Rights or Interests within the same Manor and Parish, as were claimed by and belonged to His Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within the

‘ Regard of the said Forest, then such Jury or Juries should find for
‘ the Plaintiff, and then and in such case the said Manor and Parish
‘ should be deemed to be within the Provisions of the said Act, and
‘ the Commons and Waste Lands thereof should be subject to such
‘ Provisions and Regulations as to the Proportion thereof to be
‘ awarded to His Majesty, as were in the said Act contained in
‘ relation to the said Parishes and Manors, and Wastes and Commons,
‘ within the Regard of the said Forest ; but if it should appear to the
‘ said Jury that His Majesty was entitled to Forestal Rights within
‘ the same Manor and Parish, but that such Rights had been dimi-
‘ nished or restricted by Grants or Charters, or other Means, so as
‘ that such Forestal Rights of His Majesty were not so extensive in
‘ the said Manor and Parish as in the other Parishes and Manors
‘ mentioned in the said Act, then and in such last mentioned case such
‘ Jury or Juries should find and declare by their Verdict, that His
‘ Majesty had only limited Forestal Rights in the said Manor and
‘ Parish which should be indorsed on the Postea ; and then the said
‘ Jury or Juries, in addition to the Verdict or Verdicts given in the
‘ Issue or Issues joined, should assess and award what Proportion of
‘ the Soil of the Waste and Open Lands within the same Manor and
‘ Parish would be a just and fair Compensation for such His said
‘ Majesty’s Forestal Rights therein : And Whereas the said Issue was
‘ tried before a Special Jury at the Summer Assizes in the Year One
‘ thousand eight hundred and fourteen, holden for the said County of
‘ *Berks*, when such Jury trying the same (among other things) found
‘ by their Verdict, that the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead*,
‘ continually from time immemorial, had been and were within the
‘ Metes and (except the said Park) Parcel of the said Forest, and
‘ that the said Park was, up to and until the Second Day of *June*
‘ in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *Charles*
‘ the First, also within the Metes and Parcel of the said Forest, and
‘ that the said Park of *Easthampstead* was situate within the said
‘ Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead*, and that His present Majesty
‘ was not entitled to any Forestal Right or Interest within the said
‘ Park ; but that the same Park was exempt from all the Laws of
‘ the said Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof ;
‘ and the said Jury also found that His said present Majesty, and His
‘ Predecessors, Kings and Queens of *England*, had continually, from
‘ time immemorial, within the same Manor and Parish (except in the
‘ said Park, from the said Second Day of *June* in the Twelfth Year
‘ of the Reign of His said late Majesty King *Charles* the First) ex-
‘ exercised such Forestal Rights and Interests as were claimed by and
‘ belonged to His Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within
‘ the Regard of the said Forest, and that before and on the Twenty
‘ seventh Day of *February* in the Twentieth Year of the Reign
‘ of the late King *Henry* the Third the said Manor and Parish were
‘ within the Regard of the said Forest, but whether or not His said
‘ present Majesty was entitled to any Forestal Right or Interest
‘ within the said Manor and Parish of *Easthampstead* out of the said
‘ Park, for which a Compensation ought to be made under and by
‘ virtue of the said Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His
‘ said present Majesty, the said Jury said they were ignorant, and
‘ therefore by a Special Verdict referred the same to the Barons of
‘ His Majesty’s Court of Exchequer, in which Court the said

Action

' Action was brought: And Whereas the Barons of the said
 ' Court have lately adjudged and determined upon the said Special
 ' Verdict, that His present Majesty was entitled to such Forestal
 ' Rights and Interests within the said Manor and Parish of *Eastbamp-*
 ' *stead* out of the said Park as were claimed by and belong to His
 ' Majesty in and over the Parishes and Places within the Regard of the
 ' said Forest: And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to what Propor-
 ' tion of the Wastes within the said Manor and Parish (after such
 ' Verdict and Judgment as aforesaid) His said Majesty is entitled, and
 ' in order to obviate the said Doubts it hath been proposed by the
 ' said Marquis that it shall be referred to *Robert Gifford* Esquire
 ' Barrister at Law, as well on the Part of His Majesty as on the
 ' behalf of the said Marquis, to ascertain and determine whether the
 ' Forestal Rights and Interests of His Majesty in and over the said
 ' Manor and Parish are diminished or restricted, and if he shall deter-
 ' mine that they are, then to award how far and in what Proportion
 ' the same are diminished or restricted in consequence of the said Park
 ' being found to be situate within the said Manor and Parish, and to
 ' be exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the Rights
 ' of the Crown in respect thereof; which Proposal hath been assented
 ' and agreed unto on the behalf of His Majesty; Be it therefore
 ' enacted, That it shall be and hereby is referred to the said *Robert*
 ' *Gifford* to ascertain and determine whether the said Forestal Rights
 ' and Interests of His Majesty in and over the said Manor and Parish
 ' are diminished or restricted, and if he shall determine that they are,
 ' then to determine and award how far and in what Proportion the said
 ' Forestal Rights and Interests of His Majesty in and over the said
 ' Manor and Parish are diminished or restricted, in consequence of the
 ' said Park being found to be situate within the said Manor and Parish,
 ' and to be exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest, and all the
 ' Rights of the Crown in respect thereof; provided that the said *Ro-*
 ' *bert Gifford* shall and do within Four Calendar Months from and after
 ' the passing of this Act, make his Award in Writing upon the Sub-
 ' ject hereby referred to him, and cause the same to be delivered at the
 ' Office of His Majesty's Surveyor General of Woods and Forests for
 ' and on the Part of His Majesty, and unto the said Marquis, his Soli-
 ' citor or Agent; which Award so to be made and delivered of and
 ' concerning the Premises, shall be binding and conclusive, as well
 ' upon His said Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, as upon the said
 ' Marquis, his Heirs and Assigns.

Reference to
 ascertain whe-
 ther the Forestal
 Rights of His
 Majesty over the
 said Manor are
 diminished or
 restricted, and
 Award to be
 made thereupon.

Proceedings af-
 ter such Award
 shall be made.

VI. And be it further enacted, That after the making and Deli-
 very of such Award as last aforesaid, if the said *Robert Gifford* shall
 award that His Majesty's Forestal Rights and Interests are diminished
 or restricted, then the said Commissioners and their Successors, or the
 Umpire to be appointed by them in pursuance of the Power con-
 tained in the said first recited Act, shall and they are hereby required
 and directed to deduct from the said Nine thirty second Parts such
 Proportion as the said *Robert Gifford* shall, in manner aforesaid, deter-
 mine and award, ought to be deducted therefrom in consequence of
 the said Park being found to be exempt from all the Laws of the said
 Forest, and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof, and shall
 proceed to set out, allot and award unto and for His Majesty, his
 Heirs and Successors, the Remainder only of the said Nine thirty
 second Parts, after such Deduction therefrom as aforesaid, Quantity,
 Quality

Quality and Situation considered, in satisfaction of His Majesty's Forestal Rights and Interests in and over the said Manor and Parish; but if the said *Robert Gifford* shall not make his Award on or before the time herein appointed for that Purpose, or if he shall award that His Majesty's Forestal Rights and Interests in the said Manor and Parish are not diminished or restricted in consequence of the said Park being found to be exempt from all the Laws of the said Forest and all the Rights of the Crown in respect thereof, then they the said Commissioners shall set out, allot and award, unto and for His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, so much of the Open and Waste Lands within the said Manor and Parish as, Quantity, Quality and Situation considered, shall be equal to Nine thirty second Parts of the whole of the Waste Lands in the said Manor and Parish, in satisfaction of His Majesty's Forestal Rights and Interests in and over the said Manor and Parish, any thing herein or in the said recited Acts contained to the contrary hereof in anywise notwithstanding.

C A P. CXXXIII.

An Act for making Provision to defray the Annual Charge of any Loan of this Session of Parliament. [1st July 1816.]

‘**W**HEREAS it is necessary that Provision should be made for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made under the Authority of any Act passed in the present Session of Parliament;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That, from and after the Fifth Day of July One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, out of the Monies to arise by the Duties granted by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Butter*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Nineteen thousand seven hundred and eighty seven Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by another Act made in this Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act for charging certain Duties on the Importation of Cheese*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Fifteen thousand eight hundred and Seven Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by another Act of the same Session, intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks of Excise on Hard Soap made in Great Britain and imported from Ireland, and to grant other Duties, Allowances and Drawbacks in lieu thereof*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Six hundred and twenty nine thousand seven hundred and sixty Pounds; and out of the Monies to arise by Two other Acts of the same Session, intituled *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs upon the Importation into the United Kingdom of Rape Seed and Cole Seed, and to grant other Duties in lieu thereof*, and *An Act to repeal the Duties of Customs on Rape Seed Cakes, Linseed Cakes, Bones of Cattle and other Animals, and of Fish (except Whale Fins) imported into Great Britain, and for granting other Duties in lieu thereof*, there shall be set apart the yearly Sum of Three thousand nine hundred and sixty six Pounds; and after setting apart the said several Sums, being the aggregate Amount of the respective Duties on the said several Articles for Two Years last past, the Remainder of the Monies

Certain Sums to be set apart arising under the following Acts, viz.

c. 25. ante.

c. 26. ante.

c. 44. ante.

c. 75. ante.

c. 79. ante.

After setting apart the Sums herein mentioned, the Remainder shall be an Addition to the Public Revenue for defraying the Charge of any Loan of this Session.

to

to be paid into the Exchequer at *Westminster* by virtue of the said Acts shall be deemed an Addition made to the Public Revenue of *Great Britain*, for the Purpose of defraying the increased annual Charge occasioned by any Loan made by virtue of any Act passed in this Session of Parliament.

C A P. CXXXIV.

An Act for allowing a Drawback of the Duty on Coals consumed in Lead Mines in *Cornwall*. [1st July 1816.]

51 G. 3. c. 83.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty’s Reign, intituled *An Act for allowing the like Drawback of Duty paid on Coals used in certain Mines and Smelting Mills in Devonshire, as is now allowed in the County of Cornwall*, a Drawback of the Duty is allowed upon all Coals used for Fire Engines in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores within the County of *Devon*: And Whereas it is expedient that a like Drawback should be allowed upon all Coals so consumed in Lead Mines in the County of *Cornwall*;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act for all Coals that shall be used for Fire Engines in Mines of Lead, or for calcining or smelting Lead Ores within the County of *Cornwall*, and for which Duties have been first answered and paid, a Drawback shall be allowed and made of all such Duties, upon Proof by Oath made before the Collector of the said Duties, (which Oath he is hereby empowered and required to administer,) that such Coals have been so used and applied; and the Amount of the Duties so drawn back shall be returned and paid by the Collector of the said Duties to the Person so making Proof as aforesaid.

Drawback of the Duty on Coals used in Lead Mines to be allowed.

‘ II. And Whereas it is expedient that previously to the Drawback being paid upon Coals consumed in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwall*, Proof should be made that the Duties upon the same have been actually paid, and that the said Coals were *bona fide* consumed in the said Mines, and that no Part of the same has been or shall be used or sold for domestic Purposes, or as Culm for burning Lime, or for any other Purposes not contemplated by Law;’ Be it therefore enacted, That, previously to any Drawback being paid upon Coals used or consumed in Mines of Tin, Copper or Lead, in the Counties of *Devon* and *Cornwall*, Proof shall be made on Oath by the Proprietor or managing Owner of the Mine before the Collector or Comptroller of the Customs (which Oath they are hereby authorized and required to administer) at the Port where the Drawback shall be paid, that he verily believes the Duties upon the said Coals have been actually paid, and that the said Coals were *bona fide* consumed in the said Mines, and that no Part of the same has been or shall be used or sold for domestic Purposes, or as Culm for burning Lime, or for any other Purposes not contemplated by Law.

Oath to be made that the Duty on the Coals used in the Mines of *Devon* and *Cornwall* has been paid, &c.

C A P. CXXXV.

An Act for authorizing the Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* to order the Payment of a certain Sum of Money to be applied in completing the *Crinan Canal*.

[1st July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the Thirty third Year of the 33 G. 3. c. 104.
 ‘ Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making*
 ‘ *and maintaining a Navigable Canal from Loch Gilp to Loch Crinan*
 ‘ *in the Shire of Argyll*, the several Persons therein named
 ‘ were incorporated by the Name of The Company of Proprietors
 ‘ of the *Crinan Canal* for the Purpose of making and completing
 ‘ the said Canal and other necessary Works; which Act was amended 39 G. 3. c. xxvii.
 ‘ and rendered more effectual by an Act passed in the Thirty ninth
 ‘ Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for*
 ‘ *amending and rendering more effectual an Act passed in the Thirty*
 ‘ *third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled ‘ An Act for*
 ‘ *making and maintaining a Navigable Canal from Loch Gilp to*
 ‘ *Loch Crinan in the Shire of Argyll:’* And Whereas a large Sum
 ‘ of Money having been subscribed, before the passing of the said
 ‘ first recited Act, great Progress was thereafter made in carrying
 ‘ on the said Work; but many of the Subscribers having failed to
 ‘ make good their Subscriptions, the said Undertaking, which is of
 ‘ great National Importance, must have been abandoned if the Sum
 ‘ of Twenty five thousand Pounds had not been advanced to the
 ‘ said Company by the Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the
 ‘ Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, by virtue of another Act passed 39 G. 3. c. lxxi.
 ‘ in the said Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Ma-
 ‘ jesty, intituled *An Act for empowering the Company of Proprietors*
 ‘ *of the Forth and Clyde Navigation, to repay into the Court of*
 ‘ *Exchequer in Scotland the Sum advanced to them, for the Purpose*
 ‘ *of completing the said Navigation; for repealing so much of an*
 ‘ *Act of the Twenty fourth Year of His present Majesty as relates to*
 ‘ *the said Company; and for enabling the Barons of the said Court*
 ‘ *of Exchequer to advance Part of the Sum so to be received, to the*
 ‘ *Company of Proprietors of the Crinan Canal, on certain Conditions:*
 ‘ And Whereas, pursuant to the Directions of the said last recited
 ‘ Act, all the Tolls and Rates arising from the said Canal, and also
 ‘ the Canal itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of
 ‘ the said Company in and to the same, and all Quays, Houses,
 ‘ Lands or other Property purchased for the Purposes of the said
 ‘ Canal, have been assigned and made over by the said Company to
 ‘ the Lord Chief Baron or other Barons of the said Court of Ex-
 ‘ chequer, until the said Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, to-
 ‘ gether with the Interest for the same after the Rate of Five Pounds
 ‘ *per Centum per Annum*, shall be completely paid or satisfied: And
 ‘ Whereas the said Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds was ap-
 ‘ plied towards completing the said Canal, but unforeseen Difficulties
 ‘ having arisen in carrying on the said Work, and the great Rise in
 ‘ the Price of Labour and Materials having augmented the Expence
 ‘ so as greatly to exceed the Estimates, the said Canal remained un-
 ‘ finished, and the Public were thereby deprived of the great Advan-
 ‘ tages which would arise therefrom to Commerce, to the Fisheries
 ‘ and

45 G. 3. c. 85.

‘ and to the Improvement of the Western Islands and North West
 ‘ Coast of *Scotland*, and the Money which had been advanced would
 ‘ have been lost if the farther Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds
 ‘ had not been advanced to the said Company for completing the
 ‘ same, out of the Aids or Supplies granted for the Service of *Great*
 ‘ *Britain*, for the Year One thousand eight hundred and five, by
 ‘ virtue of an Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of
 ‘ His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for authorizing the Com-*
 ‘ *missioners of His Majesty’s Treasury in Great Britain to advance*
 ‘ *a certain Sum of Money, to be applied in completing the Crinan Can-*
 ‘ *nal*; and pursuant to the said Act, the Rates and Duties arising
 ‘ from the said Canal, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest
 ‘ of the said Company in and to the same, and the Quays, Houses,
 ‘ Lands and other Property aforesaid, remain vested in the said Lord
 ‘ Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scot-*
 ‘ *land*, until not only the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five
 ‘ thousand Pounds and all Interest for the same, but also the said
 ‘ further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds advanced under the
 ‘ Provisions of the said Act, together with Interest for the same at
 ‘ and after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, shall be
 ‘ completely satisfied and paid in the same manner and as fully and
 ‘ effectually as if another Assignment thereof had been made: And

51 G. 3. c. 117.

‘ Whereas by an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of the Reign of
 ‘ His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty*
 ‘ *certain Sums of Money out of the Consolidated Fund of Great Bri-*
 ‘ *tain, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Ser-*
 ‘ *vice of the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven, and for*
 ‘ *further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parlia-*
 ‘ *ment*, a Sum not exceeding Five thousand Pounds was granted to
 ‘ His Majesty towards completing the Repairs which were then
 ‘ necessary in consequence of an Inundation of the said Canal in
 ‘ the Year One thousand eight hundred and eleven; and the Sum
 ‘ of Five thousand Pounds having been soon afterwards received
 ‘ accordingly from the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, the
 ‘ Tolls and Rates arising from the said Canal, and also the Canal
 ‘ itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Com-
 ‘ pany, of, in and to the same, and all Quays, Houses, Lands or
 ‘ other Property purchased for the Purposes of the said Canal, have
 ‘ been assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of
 ‘ the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, until the said Sum of Five
 ‘ thousand Pounds, together with Interest for the same at the Rate
 ‘ of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, shall be completely paid
 ‘ or satisfied: And Whereas the said last mentioned Sum of Twenty
 ‘ five thousand Pounds, and the said Sum of Five thousand Pounds,
 ‘ have been applied towards the Completion and Repair of the said
 ‘ Canal and other Works; but this great National Undertaking must
 ‘ yet be abandoned, and the Money which has been advanced will
 ‘ be lost without the further Aid of Parliament; May it therefore
 ‘ please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted
 ‘ by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice
 ‘ and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
 ‘ in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the
 ‘ same, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Lord Chief
 ‘ Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*,
 ‘ and

Barons of Ex-
 chequer in Scot-
 land on Applica-

and they are hereby directed, upon the Application of the Commissioners appointed by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting to His Majesty the Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, towards defraying the Expences of making an Inland Navigation from the Eastern to the Western Sea by Inverness and Fort William, and for taking the necessary Steps towards executing the same*, to issue their Warrant to the Receiver General of *Scotland*, for Payment out of any Public Money then in his Hands of the Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds, which Money shall be paid to the said Commissioners without any Deduction whatever, and after Payment thereof of the Charges and Expences of obtaining this Act shall be applied in completing and repairing the said *Crinan* Canal and other Works in such manner as the said Commissioners shall appoint, and until the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds shall from time to time be applied in manner aforesaid, it shall be lawful to and for the said Commissioners to invest the same or such Part or Parts thereof as they shall think proper in Exchequer Bills.

II. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds shall be paid to the said Commissioners, the Tolls and Rates arising from the said *Crinan* Canal, and also the Canal itself, and all the Estate, Right, Title and Interest of the said Company in and to the same, and all Quays, Houses, Lands or other Property, which, pursuant to the Directions of the said last mentioned Act of the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, were assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, as a Security for the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and the Interest for the same, and which, pursuant to the said Act passed in the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, remain vested in the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons until the said further Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds and all Interest for the same be satisfied and paid in manner aforesaid, and which were likewise assigned to the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons as a Security for the said Sum of Five thousand Pounds and the Interest for the same as aforesaid, shall immediately thenceforth be and remain vested in the said Lord Chief Baron and other Barons of the said Court of Exchequer in *Scotland*, until not only the said first mentioned Sum of Twenty five thousand Pounds, together with the said further Sums of Twenty five thousand Pounds and Five thousand Pounds so already advanced as aforesaid, and all Interest for the same respectively, but also the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds which shall be so paid to the said Commissioners under the Provisions of this Act, together with Interest for the same at and after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, shall be completely paid or satisfied in the same manner and as fully and effectually as if another Assignment thereof had been made; and which Interest for the said Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds, shall be paid Half yearly by the said Company of Proprietors of the *Crinan* Canal into the said Court of Exchequer at the End of every Six Months from the Day of the Advance of such Sum of Nineteen thousand four hundred Pounds.

III. And be it further enacted, That a Statement of all the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, and a general Account of the

tion of Commissioners under 43 G. 3. to order Payment of 19,400*l.* for completing the *Crinan* Canal.

When paid, Canal to remain vested in the said Barons till the Money borrowed is repaid.

Statement to be laid before Parliament annually.

Money received and disbursed by them, or under their Direction, by virtue of this Act, shall be annually, before the First Day of *June*, laid before both Houses of Parliament, together with the Annual Statement or Report of the said Commissioners relative to the *Calendonian Canal*.

C A P. CXXXVI.

An Act to enable His Majesty to grant certain Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, escheated and devolved to His Majesty by the Dissolution of *Hertford College*, in the University of *Oxford*, and the Site of the said College and Buildings thereon, to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, for the Purpose of their removing to such Site; and to enable the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, to do all necessary Acts for such Removal. [1st July 1816.]

Charter of Incorporation of *Hertford College*, by Letters Patent, 5th Sep. 14 G. 2. recited.

WHEREAS His late Majesty King *George* the Second was graciously pleased by Letters Patent, under the Great Seal of *Great Britain*, bearing Date at *Westminster*, the Fifth Day of *September*, in the Fourteenth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, to will and grant, that within *Hart Hall* in the University of *Oxford*, and within the Bounds, Circuits and Precincts of the same in *Oxford*, and within the same University of *Oxford* and the Liberties and Precincts of the same, there should be from thenceforth for ever one Perpetual College for Students of Divinity, the Civil and Canon Law, Physic and other good Arts and Languages; and that the same College, consisting of a Principal, Four Senior Fellows or Tutors, and Eight Junior Fellows or Assistants, might be for ever called *Hertford College* in the University of *Oxford*; and further to will and grant, that the Principal and Fellows of the College and their Successors for ever, should and might be one Body Corporate and Politic by the Name of the "Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College* in the University of *Oxford*:" And Whereas the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* in the said University of *Oxford* are seised in Fee of a certain Piece of Land, constituting Part of the Site of the said College called *Hertford College*, of which they granted a Lease to the Principal and Fellows of the same College, bearing Date the Sixth Day of *December* in the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety six, for the Term of Forty Years from the Date thereof, under a reserved annual Rent of Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings and One Penny: And Whereas the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, are seised in Fee of certain Pieces of Land, constituting other Part of the Site of the said College called *Hertford College*, of which they granted a Lease, bearing Date the Twenty seventh Day of *February* in the Year One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight, to the Principal and Fellows of *Hertford College*, to hold to them and their Successors for the Term of Forty Years from the Feast of the Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin *Mary*, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and

Leaf of Lands, Part of Site of *Hertford College*, recited.

ninety seven, under the several yearly Rents of Ten Shillings and
 One Shilling and Eight pence: And Whereas the Rector and
 Fellows of *Exeter College* in the said Univerfity are entitiled to an
 annual Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four
 pence, iffuing and payable from and out of fome Part or Parts of
 the Site of the faid College called *Hertford College*: And Whereas
 Two feveral Commissions of Efcheat under the Great Seal of
Great Britain, bearing Date at *Weftminfter* the Twenty ninth Day
 of *April* in the Fifty fixth Year of His prefent Majefty's Reign,
 lately iffued, directed to certain Commiffioners therein named,
 authorizing and empowering them or any Three or more of them
 to enquire, amongst other matters and things, whether at any time
 and when the faid College called *Hertford College* had become
 and was diffolved, and whether the faid College before and at the
 time of the Diffolution thereof was feifed in Fee Simple of or of
 any other and what Eftate, or poffeffed of any and what Term or
 Terms for Years of and in divers and what Meffuages, Lands,
 Tenements and Hereditaments, fituat in the feveral Counties of
Oxford and *Berks*, and whether by reafon of the Diffolution
 thereof the fame Hereditaments, Term and Terms for Years, had
 efcheated and devolved to His Majefty: And Whereas by an In-
 quifition indented and taken at the City of *Oxford* in the County
 of *Oxford* on the Fourth Day of *May* laft, before Three of the
 Commiffioners in the faid Commissions named, upon the Oaths of
 Twelve good and lawful Men of the faid County of *Oxford* in the
 faid Inquifition named, it was found that the faid College called
Hertford College in the Univerfity of *Oxford*, on the Twenty
 eighth Day of *June* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and
 five, became and was and is diffolved; and that the faid diffolved
 College was at the time of the Diffolution thereof feifed in its
 Demefne as of Fee of and in a certain Piece of Land, containing
 by Admeafurement One thousand nine hundred and eighty two
 fquare Yards (a little more or lefs); bounded on the Weft Side
 thereof partly by a certain Street called *Cat Street*, and partly by
 the Land of one *James Stone* and one *Widow Gillett*; and on the
 North Side thereof partly by a certain Street leading from a Gate,
 anciently called *Smith's Gate*, to *New College*, and partly by the
 Land hereinbefore and hereinafter mentioned, of the faid Chan-
 cellor, Mafters and Scholars of the faid Univerfity, and of the
 faid Prefident and Scholars of the faid College of *Saint Mary*
Magdalen in the faid Univerfity; and on the Eaft Side thereof
 partly by *New College Lane*, and partly by the Stables of *New*
College; and on the South Side thereof by the Land and Build-
 ings of *All Souls College*; together with all Meffuages, Erec-
 tions and Buildings on the fame Piece of Land erected, ftanding
 and being, fituat in the Parifh of *Saint Peter in the Eaft*, and the
 Parifh of *Saint Mary the Virgin*, in the City and County of *Ox-*
ford; one Parcel of which faid firft mentioned Piece of Land was
 found to be fubject to the faid Rent of One Pound Thirteen
 Shillings and Four pence payable yearly to the Rector and Fellows
 of *Exeter College*, and a certain other Parcel of the faid firft men-
 tioned Piece of Land to be fubject to a certain Rent of Four pence
 payable yearly to the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church
 of *Chrift* in *Oxford*; of the Foundation of King *Henry* the Eighth:

Two Commiffioners of Efcheat to enquire whether *Hertford College* was diffolved, recited.

By Inquifition dated 4th May, 1816, found that *Hertford College* became diffolved on 28th June 1805, and was at the time of fuch Diffolution feifed of certain Lands defcribed.

' And it was further found, that the said first mentioned Piece of
 ' Land was holden by the said dissolved College, at the time of its
 ' Dissolution, of His Majesty, in free and common Socage in right
 ' of His Royal Crown, but not subject to any Rents or Services in
 ' respect thereof, except Fealty: And it was further found, that the
 ' said dissolved College was at the time of its Dissolution possessed
 ' of the said Pieces of Land, whereof the said Chancellor, Masters
 ' and Scholars, and the said President and Scholars respectively are
 ' so seized as aforesaid for the Residue of the several Terms before
 ' mentioned to have been granted by them respectively, together
 ' with all Messuages, Erections and Buildings on the same Pieces
 ' of Land standing, erected and being: And it was further found,
 ' that the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments,
 ' and Terms for Years, had escheated and devolved, and did then be-
 ' long to His Majesty by virtue of His Prerogative Royal; and
 ' the said Commissioners had, in obedience to the said Commission,
 ' seized the same into the Hands of His Majesty: And by an In-
 ' quisition indented and taken at *Grandpound*, in the Parish of *Saint*
 ' *Aldate*, in the County of *Berks*, on the said Fourth Day of *May*,
 ' before Three of the Commissioners in the said Commissions named,
 ' upon the Oaths of Twelve good and lawful Men of the said County
 ' of *Berks*, in the said last Inquisition named it was found, that
 ' the said College called *Heriford College*, in the University of *Ox-*
 ' *ford*, on the said Twenty eighth Day of *June* in the Year One
 ' thousand eight hundred and five, became and was and is dissolved;
 ' and that the said dissolved College was at the time of the Dissolu-
 ' tion thereof seised in its Demesne as of Fee of and in Fourteen
 ' Acres and Three Rods by Estimation of Arable Land, and One
 ' Acre and a Half of Meadow Ground, more or less, lying dispersed
 ' in the Common Fields and Meadows of *North Morton* in the said
 ' County of *Berks*, with the Appurtenances; and that the said
 ' Lands and Hereditaments were at the time of the Dissolution of
 ' the said College held of His Majesty by the said College in free
 ' and common Socage, in right of His Royal Crown, but not subject
 ' to any Rents or Services in respect thereof except Fealty, and
 ' had become escheated to His Majesty by virtue of His Prerogative
 ' Royal; and the said Commissioners had in obedience to the said
 ' Commission seized the same into the Hands of His Majesty:
 ' And Whereas the Buildings of the said dissolved College having
 ' since the said Dissolution thereof for the most Part been unoccupied
 ' and neglected, the same have gone gradually into Decay, and are
 ' in a very ruinous and dilapidated State, and there is no Fund ap-
 ' plicable to putting them into Repair: And Whereas *Magdalen*
 ' *Hall* is contiguous to *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, and there is
 ' an ancient School for the Education of Sixteen Choristers of the
 ' same College, which forms Part of the Buildings of the said Hall;
 ' and the Freehold of the Site of the said Hall and School is vested
 ' in the said President and Scholars of the said College: And
 ' Whereas the said President and Scholars are about to improve and
 ' considerably enlarge the Buildings of *Magdalen College*, for which
 ' Purpose they have caused Plans to be drawn, which cannot be ef-
 ' fectually carried into Execution unless the said Hall and School be
 ' taken down and removed, in which Event they intend to erect or
 ' provide another School equally convenient to the College: And
 ' Whereas

‘ Whereas the Removal of the said Hall and School being necessary
 ‘ to the Completion of the intended Improvements at *Magdalen*
 ‘ *College*, and if carried into Effect being likely to conduce to the
 ‘ general Improvement and Ornament of the University, the said
 ‘ President and Scholars, with the Concurrence and Approbation of
 ‘ the Principal of *Magdalen Hall*, and with the Consent of the
 ‘ Right Honourable Lord *Grenville*, Chancellor of the said Uni-
 ‘ versity of *Oxford*, as Visitor and Patron of the said Hall, on the
 ‘ Twenty fourth Day of *May* in the Year One thousand eight hun-
 ‘ dred and fifteen, proposed to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars
 ‘ of the University, in Convocation assembled, to transfer the Esta-
 ‘ blishment of the said Hall to the Site of the said dissolved Col-
 ‘ lege of *Hertford*, the said President and Scholars engaging to
 ‘ put the whole of the Buildings thereof into a State of complete
 ‘ Repair, to relinquish for the Use of the Principal and other Mem-
 ‘ bers of *Magdalen Hall*, all the Right and Title of the said Presi-
 ‘ dent and Scholars to that Part of *Hertford College* so as afore-
 ‘ said held by Lease under them, and to be at the sole Expence of
 ‘ carrying the said Arrangement into Effect; which Proposal was
 ‘ agreed to by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars; but for-
 ‘ asmuch as the several Purposes aforesaid cannot be effected with-
 ‘ out the Aid and Authority of Parliament:’ Wherefore Your
 Majesty’s most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the President and Scholars
 of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, in the said University, and *John*
David Macbride Doctor of Laws, Principal of *Magdalen Hall*
 aforesaid, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, that it may be
 enacted; and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty,
 by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
 Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and
 by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for
 The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to
 grant the Site of the said dissolved College, and all or any Part of
 the said other Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, so escheated to
 His Majesty as aforesaid, to the said Chancellor, Masters and Schol-
 ars, and their Successors, for ever, in Trust for the Use of the
 Principal and other Members for the time being of *Magdalen Hall*
 aforesaid, as and when to His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors,
 shall seem meet, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof notwith-
 standing.

Proposal that
 Establishment of
 Magdalen Hall
 should be trans-
 ferred to Site of
 dissolved Col-
 lege of Hertford,
 recited.

His Majesty to
 grant the Site of
 dissolved Col-
 lege, &c. to
 Chancellor,
 Masters, &c. in
 Trust for Prin-
 cipal, &c. of
 Magdalen Hall.

II. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing
 of this Act, it shall and may be lawful to and for the President and
 Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, at their sole Expence to
 engage and employ any Builder, Workmen and others, and for such
 Persons when so engaged and employed to make and do all and
 every such Alterations, Reparations and Improvements, in and to
 the several Buildings, Chambers and other Parts of the said dissolved
 College, as may be necessary and suitable for the Reception and
 comfortable Occupation of the Principal of *Magdalen Hall*, and
 other Members thereof; and for that Purpose to take down and re-
 build, with like or other Materials of as good a Quality and in a
 substantial and workmanlike manner, such Part or Parts of the said
 dissolved College as in the Judgment of the Vice Chancellor and
 Delegates of Estates of the said University, cannot be well and
 effectually repaired.

President and
 Scholars of Mag-
 dalen College
 may repair the
 dissolved Col-
 lege.

‘ III. And Whereas it is expedient that the Ground and Buildings now forming Part of the said dissolved College, which are held by Lease under the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, may hereafter be permanently enjoyed by the Principal and other Members of the said Hall;’ Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said President and Scholars, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, without any Consideration in Money, to grant and convey the Fee Simple and Inheritance of the said Ground and Buildings comprized in the said Lease, with their Appurtenances, unto and to the Use of the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of *Oxford*, and their Successors for ever, freed and discharged from the said annual Rent of Three Pounds Fifteen Shillings and One Penny, or any other Rent or Charge whatever; upon Trust for the Principal and other Members of the said Hall for the time being, and to the Intent that the same may become a competent Part of the said Hall, and be used and enjoyed accordingly.

Premises held by Lease under Magdalen College to be permanently enjoyed by the Principal and other Members of Magdalen Hall.

When repaired, Principal and other Members of Magdalen Hall to remove to dissolved College of Hertford.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as the said Buildings, Chambers and other Parts of the said dissolved College, shall have been put into such a State of complete Repair as shall be approved by the Vice Chancellor and Delegates of Estates of the said University for the time being, and the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* shall have made such Grant and Conveyance as herein before mentioned, it shall and may be lawful to and for the then Principal of the said Hall, and for all and every the Members thereof, and they and each and every of them are hereby required to surrender and give up the Possession of the same Hall and every Part thereof, and to relinquish all Right and Title to the future Occupation and Enjoyment of the same, and of every Part thereof, unto the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*; and the said Principal and other Members of the said Hall shall thenceforth remove to and become established at the said dissolved College, which shall from and after the same shall have been put into such Repair as aforesaid, and taken Possession of by the said Principal and other Members be called *Magdalen Hall in the University of Oxford*; and the said removed Establishment of the said Hall, shall, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, continue and be deemed, taken and reputed to be the same Establishment, as if the same had continued at and had not been removed from the present and ancient Site thereof.

Removal not to affect Rights, &c. of Principal and other Members of the Hall, or of the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars.

V. And be it further enacted, That the said Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall shall not in any Respects or Respect whatsoever, prejudice, diminish, vary, alter or affect the Powers, Immunities, Advantages, Rights and Privileges, belonging or appertaining to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal, or any other Members or Member thereof, or belonging or appertaining to the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, in, over or otherwise touching or relating to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal or other Members or Member thereof; but from and after such Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall, all and every the Powers, Immunities, Advantages, Rights and Privileges whatsoever, belonging or appertaining to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Member or Members thereof, or belonging or appertaining to the said Chancellor, Masters and

and Scholars, in, over or otherwise touching or relating to the said Hall, or to the present or any future Principal, or other Member or Members thereof, shall be and continue such and the same in all respects whatsoever, as if the Removal of the Establishment of the said Hall had not taken Place.

VI. And Whereas the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars are desirous that the Ground and Buildings forming Part of the said dissolved College, which are comprized in the hereinbefore mentioned Indenture of Lease of the Twenty seventh Day of February One thousand seven hundred and ninety eight may become a component Part of the said intended Hall, and be permanently enjoyed by the Principal and other Members thereof for the time being, freed and discharged from the said annual Rents of Ten Shillings and One Shilling and Eight pence: Be it therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars and their Successors, and they are hereby authorized and empowered whenever they shall think proper, by any Deed in Writing under their Common Seal, to release and extinguish the said several annual Rents of Ten Shillings and One Shilling and Eight pence, and to declare by the same or by any other Deed under their Common Seal, that they the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars and their Successors, for ever, shall stand seised of the said Ground and Buildings comprized in the said Lease, in Trust for the Principal and other Members of the said Hall for the time being, freed and discharged from the said annual Rents.

Chancellor, Master and Scholars of University empowered to release and extinguish certain annual Rents.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the President and Scholars of Saint Mary Magdalen College, and their Successors, shall yearly and every Year, as and when the said yearly Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence to the Rector and Fellows of Exeter College shall become payable, pay the same into the proper Hands of the Principal of the said Hall for the time being, or unto such Person or Persons as may be authorized or entitled to receive the same, to the intent that the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence may be regularly paid to the Rector and Fellows of Exeter College, and that the Principal of the said Hall may be indemnified in respect thereof.

President and Scholars of Magdalen College to pay the Rent Charge of 1l. 13s. 4d. to Exeter College.

VIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That nothing in this Act contained shall prejudice the Right, Title, Claim or Entry of the Rector and Fellows of Exeter College, in respect of the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence, so issuing and payable out of some Part or Parts of the said dissolved College; but on the contrary the said Rector and Fellows and their Successors shall have, use, exercise and enjoy all Powers and Remedies for raising, recovering and obtaining Payment of the same, in as full, ample and beneficial a manner as if this Act had not passed.

Right of Entry, &c. of Exeter College in respect of the Rent Charge of 1l. 13s. 4d. not to be affected.

IX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in case the said President and Scholars and their Successors shall at any time or times neglect or refuse to pay the said Rent Charge of One Pound Thirteen Shillings and Four pence as and when the same shall become due and payable, it shall and may be lawful for the Principal of the said Hall for the time being, or for the Person or Persons entitled to such Payment, to sue for and recover the same from the said President

Neglect or Refusal to make before mentioned Payments.

Remedy.

dent and Scholars and their Successors, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by an Action of Debt for Money paid.

After Removal of Principal, &c. of Magdalen Hall, to dissolved College, and a School provided, the Hall, &c. may be taken down.

X. And be it further enacted, That immediately from and after the Removal of the Principal and other Members of the said Hall to the said dissolved College, and after a suitable School shall have been erected or provided for the said Choristers, it shall and may be lawful to and for the President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College* to cause the said Hall and the said School adjoining thereto, to be taken down, and to use or dispose of the Materials thereof, in such manner as they may deem proper; and also to erect any Buildings on the Site thereof, or otherwise to inclose and annex the same to the said College, it being intended by this Act that the Site of the said Hall and School shall for ever afterwards be united to and form Part and Parcel of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*.

XI. And Whereas the Site and Buildings of the said dissolved College may be greatly improved and made more ornamental, and the Occupation of the same by its intended Possessors rendered more convenient and desirable, if the Front of the said dissolved College and also certain Houses at the North and South Ends thereof, with a House in the Occupation of *Richard Paine* leading to *New College Lane* were taken down; and it is therefore expedient that Power should be given for that Purpose; Be it therefore enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, to treat and agree with the Owners and Occupiers of and with all other Persons interested in the Houses and other Buildings and Ground now in the several Occupations of *Ann Bailey*, *Edward Hutton*, *Robert Bateman Herbert*, *Edward Leader*, *James Stone*, and *Dorothy Barker*, at the North and South Ends of the Front of the said dissolved College, and in the House, Buildings and Ground, now in the Occupation of the said *Richard Paine*, leading to *New College Lane*, and in the Schedule of this Act more particularly described, for the Purchase of the same, and to become seised and possessed thereof, without being subject or liable to any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statutes of Mortmain, and to pay for the same out of any Money that shall come to their Hands for that Purpose, either by Subscription, or public or private Donation or Bequest; and that the Monies to be paid for the Purchase thereof shall be certified for Payment by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, or by the Delegates of Estates of the said University, and shall be by them paid out of the Monies which shall come to their Hands for that Purpose, to the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, entitled thereto; or shall be laid out and disposed of in the Bank of *England*, in the manner by this Act directed, as the case may be; and upon Payment of the Money required to be paid for the Purchase of such Houses and other Buildings and Ground, to the Person or Persons entitled thereto, or on depositing the same in the Bank of *England* in manner by this Act directed, as the case may require, such Premises shall thereupon vest absolutely in the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, for the Purposes of this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and for all Cor-

Power given to Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University to purchase certain Houses.

Bodies Politic, &c. and Persons under any Dis-

Corporations, whether Aggregate or Sole, Spiritual, Eleemosynary or Lay, and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Husbands, Guardians, Committees of or for Lunatics, and all other Trustees whomsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, but also for and on behalf of their *Cestuique* Trusts respectively, whether Infants or Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Females Covert, or other Person or Persons under any Disability of acting for himself, herself or themselves; and also to and for all Females Covert who are or shall be seised in their own Right, and to and for all Persons, whether Tenants for Life, in Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, and to and for all and every Person and Persons whomsoever who are or shall be seised, possessed of or interested in any of the said Houses and other Buildings and Ground mentioned and comprised in the said Schedule hereunto annexed, to treat and agree with the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, for the absolute Sale thereof, or of any Part or Parts thereof, and to convey the same to the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and their Successors, for the Purposes mentioned in this Act; and that all Contracts, Agreements, Sales and Conveyances which shall be so made by virtue and in pursuance of this Act, shall, without any Fine or Fines, Recovery or Recoveries, be good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, not only to convey the Estate and Interest of the Person or Persons conveying or intending to convey the same, but also to convey all Right, Title, Estate and Interest, Use, Property, Claim and Demand whatsoever, of the several and respective *Cestuique* Trusts, and all other Persons claiming or to claim by, from, or under them; any Law, Statute, Usage or any other matter or thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof notwithstanding; and all Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, Spiritual, Eleemosynary or Lay, and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Husbands, Guardians, Committees, Trustees and all other Persons whomsoever, are and shall be hereby indemnified for what they shall do by virtue of or in pursuance of this Act.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Money shall be agreed to be paid for any Tenements or Hereditaments purchased by virtue of the Powers of this Act for the Purposes thereof, which shall belong to any Corporation, Female Covert, Infant, Lunatic or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity, such Money shall in case the same shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, with all convenient Speed be paid into the Bank of *England*, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, to be placed to his Account *ex parte* the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the University of *Oxford*, to the Intent that such Money shall be applied under the Direction and with the Approbation of the said Court, to be signified by an Order made upon a Petition to be preferred in a summary Way by the Person or Persons who would have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the said Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, in the Purchase of the Land Tax, or towards the Discharge of any Debt or Debts or such other Incumbrances or Parts thereof as the said Court shall authorize to be paid, affecting the same Tenements or Hereditaments, or affecting other Tenements or Hereditaments standing settled therewith, to the same or the like Uses, Intents or Purposes; or

ability, empowered to treat with the Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, for Sale of Premises,

Application of
Purchase
Monies:

or where such Money shall not be so applied, then the same shall be laid out and invested under the like Direction and Approbation of the said Court in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be conveyed and settled to, for and upon such and the like Uses, Trusts, Intents and Purposes, and in the same manner as the Tenements or Hereditaments which shall be so purchased, taken or used as aforesaid, stood settled or limited, or such of them as at the time of making such Conveyance and Settlement shall be existing undetermined and capable of taking Effect; and in the meantime and until such Purchase shall be made, the said Money shall, by Order of the said Court of Chancery, upon Application thereto, be invested by the said Accountant General in his Name in the Purchase of Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated, or Three Pounds *per Centum* Reduced Bank Annuities, and in the meantime and until the said Bank Annuities shall be ordered by the said Court to be sold for the Purposes aforesaid, the Dividends and annual Produce of the said Consolidated or Reduced Bank Annuities, shall from time to time be paid by Order of the said Court to the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, so hereby directed to be purchased, in case such Purchase or Settlement were made.

Where less than
200l. and not
under 20l.

XIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Money so agreed to be paid for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased, taken or used for the Purposes aforesaid, and belonging to any Corporation, or to any Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity as aforesaid, shall be less than the Sum of Two hundred Pounds, and shall amount to or exceed the Sum of Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall, at the Option of the Person or Persons for the time being entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used, or of his, her or their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, in case of Infancy or Lunacy, to be signified in Writing under their respective Hands, be paid into the Bank in the Name and with the Privity of the said Accountant General of the High Court of Chancery, and be placed to his Account as aforesaid, in order to be applied in the manner hereinbefore directed; or otherwise the same shall be paid at the like Option of Two Trustees, to be nominated by the Person or Persons making such Option, and approved by the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, such Nomination and Approbation to be signified in Writing under the Hands and Seals of the nominating and approving Parties respectively, in order that such Principal Monies, and the Dividends arising thereon, may be applied in any manner hereinbefore directed, so far as the case be applicable, without obtaining, or being required to obtain, the Direction or Approbation of the said Court of Chancery.

Where less than
20l.

XV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That when such Money so agreed to be paid as last before mentioned shall be less than Twenty Pounds, then and in all such cases the same shall be applied to the Use of the Person or Persons who would for the time being have been entitled to the Rents and Profits of the Tenements or Hereditaments so purchased, taken or used for the Purposes of this Act, in such manner as the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars shall think fit; or in case of Infancy or Lunacy, then to his, her or their

their Guardian or Guardians, Committee or Committees, to and for the Use and Benefit of such Person or Persons so entitled respectively.

XVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Question shall arise touching the Title of any Corporation, or any Person or Persons, to any Money to be paid into the Bank of *England*, in the Name and with the Privity of the Accountant General of the Court of Chancery, in pursuance of this Act, for the Purchase of any Tenements or Hereditaments, or of any Estate, Right or Interest in any Tenements or Hereditaments as aforesaid, or to any Bank Annuities to be purchased with any such Money, or the Dividends or Interest of any such Bank Annuities, the Person or Persons who shall have been in Possession of such Tenements or Hereditaments at the time of such Purchase, and all Persons claiming under such Person or Persons, or under the Possession of such Person or Persons, shall be deemed and taken to have been lawfully entitled to such Tenements or Hereditaments, according to such Possession, until the contrary shall be shewn to the Satisfaction of the said Court of Chancery; and the Dividends or Interest of the Bank Annuities to be purchased with such Money, and also the Capital of such Bank Annuities, shall be paid, applied and disposed of accordingly, unless it shall be made appear to the said Court that such Possession was a wrongful Possession, and that some other Person or Persons was or were lawfully entitled to such Tenements or Hereditaments, or to some Estate or Interest therein.

Proviso respecting disputed Titles.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as full Satisfaction shall have been made by any of the Means aforesaid to all Persons interested in such Houses, Buildings and Ground, it shall and may be lawful for the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, and they are hereby empowered to cause the same to be taken down, and to add so much of the Site or Ground thereof to the Site of the said dissolved College as may be necessary for the intended Improvements of the same, for the Use and Benefit of the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*, and shall and may sell and dispose of the Remainder thereof, with the Materials of the said Houses and Buildings, in such manner as the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars, or the said Delegates of Estates, shall think proper, and apply the Produce thereof in the making the said Improvements or Repayment of any Money expended therein.

Satisfaction being made, Houses, &c. to be taken down.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall extend or be deemed or construed to extend to take away, diminish or impede the Exercise of any Privilege or Right whatsoever of the said University, or of any of the Magistrates, Officers, Ministers or Servants thereunto belonging.

Proviso for Privileges of University.

XIX. Saving always to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and to all and every other Person and Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and his and their Heirs, Successors, Executors and Administrators, (other than and except the said Chancellor, Masters and Scholars of the said University, and the said President and Scholars of *Saint Mary Magdalen College*, and the Principal and other Members of *Magdalen Hall*), all such Estate, Right, Title and Interest, as they, every or any of them, could or ought to have had or enjoyed, in case this Act had not been made.

General Saving.

The

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

OCCUPIERS.	DESCRIPTION.	OWNERS.
Ann Bailey -	A Dwelling House - - }	Thomas Preston, under a beneficial Lease from the City of Oxford.
Edward Hutton	A Dwelling House - - }	Edward Hutton, under a similar Lease.
Robert Bateman } Herbert - }	A Dwelling House and } small Court Yard - - }	Jane Vowles.
Edward Leader	Ditto - - -	Ditto.
James Stone - }	A Dwelling House, Shop } under Hertford College } Library, and a small } Garden and Court Yard - }	James Stone.
Dorothy Barker }	A Dwelling House and small } Court Yard - - }	The Reverend Mr. Dere.
Richard Paine - }	A small Public House, and } Court Yard - - }	Edward Michlem, under a beneficial Lease from the City of Oxford.

C A P. CXXXVII.

An Act to extend the Provisions of an Act of the First Year of the Reign of King *James* the First, intituled *An Act for the better Relief of the Creditors against such as shall become Bankrupts.* [2d July 1816.]

1 Jac. I. c. 15.
§ 14.

‘ **W**HEREAS in and by an Act passed in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *James* the First, intituled ‘ *An Act for the better Relief of the Creditors against such as shall become Bankrupt,* it was amongst other things enacted, that no ‘ Debtor of a Bankrupt should be thereby endangered for the Pay- ‘ ment of his or her Debt truly and *bona fide* to any such Bankrupt, ‘ before such time as he should understand or know that he was ‘ become Bankrupt: And Whereas the Provisions of the said ‘ Statute have been found to be beneficial, and it is also expedient ‘ to make such Provisions respecting the Delivery of Goods, Wares, ‘ Merchandizes and Effects as are hereinafter contained:’ May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, having in his, her or their Possession or Custody any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects belonging to any Person or Persons who shall be or become Bankrupt, shall be endangered for or by reason of the Delivery of any such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects truly and *bona fide* to such Person or Persons, or to his, her or their Order, before such time as the Person or Persons, Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock

Persons not endangered by Delivery of Goods or Effects to Bankrupts, not having a Knowledge of such Bankruptcy.

or

or other Company, having such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects in his or their Possession or Custody, shall understand or know that the Person or Persons to whom such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects do or shall belong, is or are become Bankrupt.

II. Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted, That in all cases in which it shall be proved that the Person or Persons acting on the behalf of any Body Politic or Corporate, Joint Stock or other Company, in the paying or causing or directing the Payment of any Debt, or in the delivering or causing or directing the Delivery of any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects, to any Person or Persons, understood or knew that the Person or Persons or any of them to whom such Debt was paid, or such Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Effects were delivered, was or were or had become Bankrupt, such Body Politic or Corporation, Joint Stock or other Company, shall be deemed and taken to have understood and known the same.

Bodies Politic, &c. deemed to know Bankruptcy if Person acting on their behalf knew it.

C A P. CXXXVIII.

An Act to abolish the Punishment of the Pillory, except in certain cases. [2d July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS the Punishment of the Pillory has in many cases been found inexpedient and not fully to answer the Purpose for which it was intended; Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act Judgment shall not be given and awarded against any Person or Persons convicted of any Offence, that such Person or Persons do stand in or upon the Pillory, except for the Offences hereinafter mentioned; any Law, Statute or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided that all Laws now in force whereby any Person is subject to Punishment for the taking any false Oath, or for committing any manner of wilful and corrupt Perjury, or for the procuring or suborning any other Person so to do, or for wilfully, falsely and corruptly affirming or declaring, or procuring or suborning any other Person so to affirm and declare, in any matter or thing, which if the same had been deposed in the usual Form would have amounted to wilful and corrupt Perjury, shall continue and be in full Force and Effect; and that all Persons guilty of any of the said several Offences shall incur and suffer the same Punishment, Penalties and Forfeitures as such Persons were subject to by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or any of them, before the passing of this Act and as if this Act had not been made.

Judgment of Pillory to be awarded for certain Offences only.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Punishment of the Pillory has hitherto formed the whole or a Part of the Judgment to be pronounced, it shall and may be lawful for the Court before whom such Offence is tried, to pass such Sentence of Fine or Imprisonment, or of both, in lieu of the Sentence of Pillory, as to the said Court shall seem most proper: Provided that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any manner to change, alter or affect any Punishment whatsoever which may now be by Law inflicted in respect of any Offence, except only the Punishment of Pillory, in manner as herein above is enacted.

Court may fine or imprison Offenders.

Not to change any Punishment for Offences, except the Pillory.

C A P.

C A P. CXXXIX.

An Act to regulate the binding of Parish Apprentices.

[2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS many Grievances have arisen from the binding of poor Children as Apprentices by Parish Officers to improper Persons, and to Persons residing at a Distance from the Parishes to which such Poor Children belong, whereby the said Parish Officers, and the Parents of such Children, are deprived of the Opportunity of knowing the manner in which such Children are treated, and the Parents and Children have, in many Instances, become estranged from each other; and also from the Permission given to Apprentices, by the Persons to whom such Apprentices have been bound, to serve others without a formal Assignment, whereby the Discretion to be exercised by Magistrates in placing out Apprentices to suitable Persons, is frequently rendered of no avail: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of *October* in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, before any Child shall be bound Apprentice by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish, Township or Place, such Child shall be carried before Two Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division or Place wherein such Parish, Township or Place shall be situate, who shall enquire into the Propriety of binding such Child Apprentice to the Person or Persons to whom it shall be proposed by such Overseers to bind such Child; and such Justices shall particularly enquire and consider whether such Person or Persons reside, or have his, her or their Place or Places of Business within a reasonable Distance from the Place to which such Child shall belong, having regard to the Means of Communication between such Places, or whether any Circumstances shall make it fit, in the Judgement of such Justices, that such Child should be placed Apprentice at a greater Distance; and if the Father or Mother of such Child shall be living, and shall reside in or near the Place to which such Child shall belong, such Justices shall (if they see fit) examine such Father or Mother, or either of them, and shall particularly enquire as to the Distance of the Residence or Place of Business of the Person or Persons to whom it shall be proposed to place such Child, and the Means of Communication therewith; and such Justices shall also enquire into the Circumstances and Character of such Person or Persons; and if such Justices shall, upon such Examination and Enquiry, think it proper that such Child should be bound Apprentice to such Person or Persons, such Justices shall make an Order, declaring that such Person or Persons is or are fit Person or Persons to whom such Child may be properly bound as Apprentice, and shall thereupon order that the Overseer or Overseers of the Place to which such Child shall belong, shall be at liberty to bind such Child Apprentice accordingly; which Order shall be delivered to such Overseer or Overseers, as the Warrant for binding such Child Apprentice as aforesaid, and such Order shall be referred to by the Date thereof, and the Names of the said Justices

How Parish Apprentices shall be bound.

Justices to enquire into certain Matters,

may examine the Parents.

In what case Justices to make an Order that Overseers bind the Child Apprentice.

Justices in the Indenture of Apprenticeship of such Child; and after such Order shall have been made, such Justices shall sign their Allowance of such Indenture of Apprenticeship, before the same shall be executed by any of the other Parties thereto: Provided always, that no such Child shall be bound Apprentice to any Person or Persons residing or having any Establishment in Trade, at which it is intended that such Child shall be employed out of the same County, at a greater Distance than Forty Miles from the Parish or Place to which such Child shall belong, unless such Child shall belong to some Parish or Place which shall be more than Forty Miles from the City of *London*, in which case it shall be lawful for the Justices who shall authorize the apprenticing of such Child to make a special Order for that Purpose, in which Order such Justices shall distinctly specify the Grounds on which they shall think fit to allow of the apprenticing of such Child to a Person or Persons residing, or having an Establishment in Trade, at a greater Distance than Forty Miles from the Parish or Place to which such Child shall belong.

Provido as to employing Apprentice out of the County where bound.

II. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Residence or Establishment of Business of the Person or Persons to whom any Child shall be bound, shall be within a different County or Jurisdiction of the Peace, from that within which the Place by the Officers whereof such Child shall be bound shall be situated, and in all other cases where the Justices of the Peace for the District or Place within which the Place by the Officers whereof such Child shall be bound shall be situated, and who shall sign the Allowance of the Indenture by which such Child shall be bound, shall not have Jurisdiction, every Indenture by which such Child shall be bound at any time after the said First Day of *October* shall be allowed as well by Two Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which the Place by the Officers of which such Child shall be bound shall be situated, as by Two Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which the Place shall be situated wherein such Child shall be intended to serve: Provided always, that no Indenture shall be allowed by any Justice of the Peace for the County into which such Child shall be bound, who shall be engaged in the same Business, Employment or Manufacture in which the Person to whom such Child shall be bound is engaged; and Notice shall be given to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish or Place in which such Child shall be intended to serve an Apprenticeship, before any Justice of the Peace for the County or District within which such Parish or Place shall be, shall allow such Indenture; and such Notice shall be proved before such Justice shall sign such Indenture, unless One of such Overseers shall attend such Justice, and admit such Notice.

Indenture to be allowed by Two Justices of the County into which Apprentice is to be bound, as well as by Two Justices of the County from which he is bound.

Notice to Overseers before Indenture allowed.

III. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That the Allowance of Two Justices of the Peace for the County, within which the Place in which such Child shall be intended to serve an Apprenticeship shall be situated, shall be valid and effectual, although such Place may be situated in a Town or Liberty within which any other Justices of the Peace may in other respects have an exclusive Jurisdiction.

Allowance by County Magistrates, valid in Places having exclusive Jurisdiction.

IV. And Whereas there are several Cities and Boroughs which are Counties of themselves, and several Districts situated without the Limits of the County to which such Districts respectively belong;

Distance to which Apprentices bound not limited to Cities which are Counties of themselves.

No Settlement gained unless Directions complied with.

Overseers binding Apprentices contrary hereto.

Penalty.

Children not to be bound till they have attained Nine Years.

In cases of Masters' Removal, &c. how Apprentices shall be disposed of.

Notice of Removal.

' belong ;' Be it enacted, That the Distance to which Parish Apprentices may be bound, shall not be construed to be limited to such Cities and Boroughs being Counties, but shall extend to the County in which any such City and Borough, and any such District, though belonging to another County, shall be locally situated.

V. And be it further enacted, That no Settlement shall be gained by any Child who shall be bound by the Officers of any Parish, Township or Place, by reason of such Apprenticeship, unless such Order shall be made, and such Allowances of such Indenture of Apprenticeship shall be signed, as hereinbefore directed.

VI. And be it enacted, That in case any Overseer or Overseers shall bind an Apprentice to any Person or Persons, without having obtained such Order and such Allowances as hereinbefore required, and in case any Person or Persons shall receive any such Apprentice as so bound, without such Order and Allowances having been first obtained, the said Overseer or Overseers, and the said Person or Persons, shall each respectively forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, for each Apprentice so bound, to be recovered as the Penalties herein-after given are directed to be recovered.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the said First Day of *October* it shall not be lawful for any Parish Officers to bind out any Child as Parish Apprentice, until such Child shall have attained the Age of Nine Years, any thing in any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons to whom any Child shall be bound Apprentice by the Overseers of the Poor of any Parish or Place, shall after the said First Day of *October* remove his, her or their Residence or Establishment of Business, out of the same County or Forty Miles from the Parish or Place wherein the same was when such Child was bound Apprentice, such Person or Persons shall, at least Fourteen Days previous to such Removal, give a written Notice thereof to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Place where such Apprentice shall then reside, unless such Person or Persons shall reside in such Place under Certificate; and in that case such Persons shall give the like Notice to the Churchwardens or Overseers of the Poor of the Place where such Apprentice shall then be legally settled, and which Churchwardens and Overseers, and also the Master or Masters, Mistress or Mistresses of such Apprentice, shall cause such Apprentice to appear before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County or District within which such Apprentice shall be then serving, who shall enquire whether it may be fit and proper that such Apprentice should continue in the Service of such Person or Persons, or be discharged therefrom, or bound or assigned over to any other Person or Persons, and shall thereupon make order, either for the Continuance of such Apprentice with such Person or Persons, or for the Discharge of such Apprentice, or for the binding or assigning of such Apprentice to any other Person, as to them in their Discretion shall seem meet, and if they shall see fit, shall also require the Person or Persons so giving Notice of Removal, to pay the Amount of the Premium received with such Apprentice, or such Portion of it as to them shall seem meet, for the Expence of assigning or binding such Apprentice to any other Person, to be approved by the said Justices; and the Person or Persons to whom such

such Apprentice shall be so bound or assigned, shall be subject to the same Rules and Regulations as the Person or Persons to whom such Apprentice shall be originally bound; and in case any such Master or Masters, Mistress or Mistresses, shall remove as aforesaid, and shall take any such Apprentice to any other Place, without such Order as aforesaid, or shall wilfully abandon and leave any such Apprentice, without giving such Notice as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds for every such Apprentice, to the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the Parish, Township or Place, wherein, at the time of such Removal or Taking, the Apprentice shall have been legally settled, for the Use of the Poor of the same Parish, Township or Place; provided an Information shall be exhibited for such Offence within Three Calendar Months next after the Commission of the same.

IX. And Whereas it may be expedient, that those to whom Parish Apprentices are bound or assigned should be empowered to place out or assign over such Apprentice to others, and it is proper that such placing out or Assignments should in all Instances be under the Inspection and Controul of the Magistrates; and it is fit that the Person to whom such putting out or Assignment shall be made, and also the Apprentice, shall be made subject to the ordinary Jurisdiction of Justices of the Peace, with respect to Masters and Parish Apprentices; and it is inexpedient that any Master or Mistress should in any way discharge or dismiss from his or her Service, any Parish Apprentice without the Consent of such Justices; Be it therefore enacted, That from and after the First Day of *October* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, it shall not be lawful for any Master or Mistress to put away or transfer any Parish Apprentice to any other, or in any way to discharge or dismiss from his or her Service any Parish Apprentice without such Consent of Justices, as is directed in an Act passed in the Thirty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for the further Regulation of Parish Apprentices*; and that no Settlement shall be gained by any Service of such Apprentice, after such putting away or Transfer, unless such Service shall have been performed under the Sanction of such Consent as aforesaid.

X. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons, who, after the First Day of *October* in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall put away or transfer any Parish Apprentice to another; or who shall in any way discharge or dismiss from his or her Service any Parish Apprentice without such Consent as aforesaid, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, for every Apprentice so transferred.

XI. And Whereas the salutary Provisions enacted by an Act passed in the Forty third Year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen *Elizabeth*, intituled *An Act for the Relief of the Poor*, are frequently evaded in the binding out of Poor Children, and the Premium of Apprenticeship, or a Part thereof, is clandestinely provided by Parish Officers, who are thus enabled to bind out such Poor Children without the Sanction of Justices of Peace; Be it further enacted, That after the said First Day of *October*, no Indenture of Apprenticeship by reason of which any Expence whatever shall at any time be incurred by the Public Parochial Funds, shall be valid and effectual, unless approved of by Two Justices of the

Masters, &c. removing and taking Apprentices without Order.

Penalty.

Provisions of 32 G. 3. c. 57. enforced with respect to assigning or discharging Apprentices. 32 G. 3. c. 57.

Discharging Apprentices without Consent of Justices.

Penalty.

43 El. c. 2.

Indentures not valid unless approved by Two Justices.

Peace, under their Hands and Seals, according to the Provisions of the said Act and of this Act.

Penalties how recovered.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Penalties and Forfeitures hereby imposed for any Offence against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Information before any Two Justices of the Peace of the County or District where such Offence shall be committed.

Justices empowered to dispose of Penalties.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices before whom any such Penalty shall be recovered, to direct such Penalty, after deducting the necessary Costs and Charges attending any Information, and the Proceedings thereon, to be paid, applied and distributed, either to the Person or Persons giving Information of the Offence for which such Penalty shall be incurred or to the Overseer of the Poor of the Parish or Township in which such Offence shall have been committed, or by the Officers whereof such Apprentice shall have been bound, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish or Township, or in the binding of the Apprentice, respecting whom such Offence shall be committed, to any other Person, or to be distributed and applied for any One or more of such Purposes, as to such Justices shall seem meet.

Recovery of Penalties.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That in case of Nonpayment of any Penalty hereby imposed, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattels, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the Justices before whom such Offender shall have been convicted, or of any other Two Justices of the Peace of the same County or District; and for want of such Distress, such Offender shall be committed to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for any Period not less than One, nor more than Six Months, to be appointed by the Justices before whom such Offender shall be convicted.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Conviction of all Offences against this Act, shall be in the Form following; that is to say,

Form of Conviction.

‘ **B**E it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of Our Lord _____ is convicted before us _____ of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of _____ upon the Information of _____ for that [here state the Offence] contrary to the Form of the Statute passed in the Fifty sixth of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Third, intituled *An Act to regulate the binding of Parish Apprentices*, and for which *Act* to regulate the binding of Parish Apprentices, and for which Offence we do adjudge that the said _____ shall forfeit and pay the Sum of _____ to be paid and applied as follows [here state the Application of the Penalty] and in case such Penalty shall not be paid by the said _____ or levied by Distress upon _____ Goods and Chattels, within _____ Days from the Date of this Conviction, we adjudge that the said _____ shall be imprisoned in _____ for the Space of _____ .
 ‘ Given under our Hands and Seals the Day and Year first above mentioned.’

Not paying Penalty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That in case any Person convicted for any Offence against this Act shall not pay the Penalty imposed by such Conviction within One Calendar Month next after such Conviction shall take place, it shall be lawful to and for the Justices

Justices making such Conviction, or for any Two other Justices of the County or District, to issue their Warrant for the apprehending and imprisoning of such Offender, notwithstanding such Offender may have Goods or Chattels whereby such Penalty might have been levied. Imprisonment.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons who shall be dissatisfied with any Act done by any Justice or Justices of the Peace in the Execution of this Act, may appeal against the same to any Court or General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the County within which such Act shall have been done, within Three Calendar Months after the Fact so complained of, upon giving Notice in Writing to such Justice or Justices, and also to the Person or Persons who shall be interested in such Appeal, within Twenty one Days next after the Act so appealed against shall have taken place; and in case such appeal shall be against any Conviction, entering into a Recognizance, with Two sufficient Sureties, before any Justice of the Peace of the County or District within which such Conviction shall have taken place, to appear at such General or Quarter Sessions to abide the Judgment of the Court upon such Appeal, and to pay the Costs which may be awarded thereon; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices at such Sessions to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and to award Costs therein, as they in their Discretion shall think fit; and all such Appeals shall be to the Sessions of the County within which the Act appealed against shall have taken place, and not to any District or Liberty within the same. Appeal.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Provisions and Penalties herein contained respecting Overseers of the Poor, shall be deemed to extend to all Churchwardens having the Power and Authority of Overseers of the Poor; and that all the Provisions herein mentioned and contained respecting any Parish or Place, shall extend to any incorporated or other District for the Maintenance of the Poor; and that the Officers of any such District, having Power to bind Apprentices, shall be subject to all the Rules, Regulations and Penalties herein mentioned and contained respecting Overseers of the Poor. Power of Overseers extended to Churchwardens.

C A P. CXL.

An Act for establishing the Use of an Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, in ascertaining the Strength of Spirits, instead of *Clarke's* Hydrometer. [2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS by an Act made in the Forty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, among other things, for making perpetual so much of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to ascertaining the Strength of Spirits by *Clarke's* Hydrometer, it was enacted, that so much of an Act made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for making Allowances to the Dealers in Foreign Wines for the Stock of certain Foreign Wines in their Possession at a certain time, upon which the Duties on Importation have been paid, and for amending several Laws relative to the Revenue of Excise*, as directed that all Spirits should be deemed and taken to be of the Degree of Strength at which the Hydrometer, commonly called *Clarke's* Hydrometer, should

41 G. 3. c. 97.
§ 8.
27 G. 3. c. 31.
§ 17.

' should upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of Excise, denote
 ' any such Spirits to be, which was to continue in force until the
 ' Fifth Day of *April* One thousand seven hundred and eighty eight,
 ' and which by several subsequent Acts was continued until the First
 ' Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and one, should be
 ' made perpetual: And Whereas, since the passing of the said Acts,
 ' an Hydrometer called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, hath with great Care
 ' been completed, and hath by proper Experiments made for that
 ' Purpose been ascertained to denote as Proof Spirit that which at
 ' the Temperature of Fifty one Degrees by *Fahrenheit's* Thermo-
 ' meter, weighs exactly Twelve thirteenth Parts of an equal Measure
 ' of distilled Water; and also to determine the Strengths of all
 ' other Spirits, in Proportion to the Quantity of such Proof Spirit
 ' which is contained therein, or which can be made from them, with
 ' a Degree of Accuracy never before attained; and it is expedient
 ' to establish the same, in lieu and instead of the said Hydrometer,
 ' called *Clarke's* Hydrometer, which still remains in Use in *Great*
 ' *Britain*, under and by virtue of the said Act; and it is also expedient
 ' to repeal the said recited Clause of the said Act, made in the
 ' Forty first Year of the Reign aforesaid; and also an Act made in
 ' the Forty second Year of the Reign aforesaid, intituled *An Act to*
 ' *authorize the Lord High Treasurer or Commissioners of the Treasury*
 ' *in Great Britain, and the Lord High Treasurer or the Commissioners*
 ' *of the Treasury in Ireland, to order the Use of the Hydrometers now*
 ' *employed in the Management of the Revenues, to be discontinued, and*
 ' *other Instruments to be used instead thereof;*' Be it therefore
 enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Au-
 thority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of *January*
 One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, the said recited Clause,
 and also the said Act made in the Forty second Year aforesaid, shall
 be and the same are hereby respectively repealed.

42 G. 3. c. 97.

Recited Clause
 in 41 G. 3. c. 97.
 and the Act
 42 G. 3. c. 97.
 repealed.

All Spirits to be
 deemed of the
 Strength of
 which *Sikes's*
 Hydrometer
 shall denote
 them.

II. And be it further enacted, That in and throughout the United
 Kingdom of *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, from and after the said Fifth
 Day of *January* One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, all
 Spirits shall (save and except in the several cases hereinafter expressly
 mentioned and otherwise provided for) be deemed and taken to be of
 the Degree of Strength at which the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's*
 Hydrometer, shall, upon Trial by any Officer or Officers of the
 Customs or Excise, denote such Spirits to be, any thing in the said
 Acts, or in any other Act or Acts, to the contrary thereof in any-
 wise notwithstanding; and all Rules, Regulations, Provisions, Penalties,
 Forfeitures, Clauses, matters and things, in any Act or Acts
 contained, and not hereby expressly controuled or altered, nor repugnant
 to the Provisions of this Act, relating to the ascertaining the
 Degree of Strength of any Spirits, or to the Degree of Strength
 of any Spirits, for any Purpose whatever, relating to the Revenues
 of Customs and Excise, or either of them, by the said Hydrometer
 called *Clarke's* Hydrometer, or by any other Hydrometer, in that
 Part of the United Kingdom called *Ireland*, shall be in full Force,
 and applied in all Respects as to the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's*
 Hydrometer, as fully and effectually as if the same were hereby parti-
 cularly reenacted as to such last mentioned Hydrometer.

' III. And

III. And Whereas the Strengths of Spirits denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature thereof, have been set down in a Table, intituled, "A Table of the Strengths of Spirits denoted by *Sikes's* Hydrometer," and which said Table has been and is subscribed with the Hand of the Right Honourable *Nicholas Vanflitart*, Chancellor of the Exchequer of *Great Britain*; and Three accurate Scales or Sliding Rules have been also constructed and prepared, to be used with the said Hydrometer, for the more convenient and ready Calculation of the Quantity of Spirits of certain Strengths, specified by the said Scales or Sliding Rules, respectively contained in or which can be made from any Quantity of Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirits, may be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer; one of the said Scales or Sliding Rules shewing the Quantity of Spirits *per Centum* of the Strength of Proof contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirits, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirits; another of such Scales or Sliding Rules shewing the Quantity of Spirits *per Centum* of the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirits, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirits; and another of such Scales or Sliding Rules shewing the Quantity of Spirits *per Centum* of the Strength of Twenty eight *per Centum* under Proof, contained in or which can be made from Spirits of any other Strength, which, upon Trial of such Spirits, shall be denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, according to the Temperature of such Spirits; and it is expedient to make such Provision for and in respect thereof as is hereinafter mentioned; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Strengths of Spirits so set down in the said Table, shall, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, be deemed and taken to be true and just; and the said Scales or Sliding Rules respectively shall also, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, be deemed accurate and just; and the said Table and Scales or Sliding Rules respectively shall, on all necessary or convenient Occasions, be used by the Officer and Officers of His Majesty's Revenues of Customs and Excise respectively, in and throughout the said United Kingdom, for the Purposes in that behalf aforesaid; and the Results of such Use shall on all such Occasions be deemed and taken to be accurate and just Results.

Establishment of the Table of Strengths and Sliding Rule for *Sikes's* Hydrometer.

IV. And be it further enacted, That in all Trials of the Strength of any Spirits by any Officer or Officers of Excise, with the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, in any Part of the said United Kingdom, the Strength of Nine *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Nine over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in an Act of the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King *George* the Third, among other things, for the better Regulation of the making and vending *British* Spirits, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, in force immediately before the passing of this

Regulating the Strength of Spirits, &c.

26 G.3. c. 73.
§ 60.

Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their being of a higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited, for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Strength of Nine *per Centum* above Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One to Ten over Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign; or in another Act, made in the Twenty eighth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, among other things, for better regulating the Exportation of *British* made Spirits from *England* to *Scotland* and from *Scotland* to *England*; or of another Act, made in the Thirtieth Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, among other things, to continue Two Acts made in the Twenty eighth and Twenty ninth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty therein mentioned; or of another Act made in the Fifty second Year of His said present Majesty's Reign, among other things, for regulating the Warehousing of Spirits distilled from Corn in *Ireland* for Exportation, without Payment of the Duty of Excise chargeable thereon; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise in any Part of the United Kingdom, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Eight *per Centum* above Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Fifteen *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall in like manner be substituted for the Strength of One to Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, among other things, for better regulating and encouraging the Exportation of *British* made Spirits; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Seventeen *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall in like manner be substituted for the Strength of One in Six under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year aforesaid; or in another Act made in the Thirty third Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things, for regulating the Duties on Distilleries in the respective Districts in *Scotland*; or in another Act made in the Thirty ninth Year of the Reign aforesaid, among other things, for regulating the Duties on Distilleries in the respective Districts in *Scotland*; or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty third Year aforesaid, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited, for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree

26 G. 3. c. 73.

§ 26, 27. 31.

28 G. 3. c. 46.

§ 48.

30 G. 3. c. 37.

§ 3.

52 G. 3. c. 30.

§ 1.

2 G. 3. c. 5.

§ 24.

26 G. 3. c. 73.

33 G. 3. c. 61.

§ 16.

Forfeitures under 33 G. 3. c. 61. together with Casks, &c. and all Spirits made subject to

Degree of Strength than the said Seventeen *per Centum* under Proof; and also that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of any other of the said last mentioned Acts, for or by reason of their lower Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited for and by reason of the said Spirits being of a lower Degree of Strength than the said Seventeen *per Centum* under Proof; and that in all such Trials as aforesaid, the Strength of Twenty *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer, called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall be substituted for the Strength of One in Five under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said Act of the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Revenue of Excise, in force immediately before the passing of this Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Acts, or any or either of them, for or by reason of their higher Degree of Strength than last aforesaid, shall, together with the Casks and Packages containing the same, be and remain forfeited, for or by reason of the said Spirits being of a higher Degree of Strength than the said Twenty *per Centum* under Proof; and that in all Accounts taken under or by virtue of the said Act, made in the Thirtieth Year aforesaid, by any Officer or Officers of Excise, of the Stock of *British* Brandy, rectified *British* Spirits, raw *British* Spirits, Compounds or other *British* Spirits, of any Rectifier or Rectifiers, or Compounder or Compounders of Spirits (whether a Maker or Makers of Spirits or not), all and every such Stock and Stocks shall be taken and computed at the Strength of Twenty eight *per Centum* under Proof, denoted by the said Hydrometer called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, in lieu and instead of casting and computing the same at the Strength of One in Three and Three fourths under Hydrometer Proof, mentioned in the said last mentioned Act; and that all Spirits made subject to Forfeiture under or by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, for or by reason of any such Stock added to the Quantity of Spirits, for which Permits shall have been granted since the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock, being found to exceed the Quantity of Spirits found by the Officer or Officers of Excise in such Stock, at the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock by the Officer or Officers of Excise, added to the Quantity since received or made, as in the said last mentioned Act is mentioned, with the Allowance in the said last mentioned Act in that behalf mentioned, shall be and remain forfeited for or by reason of such Stock being found to exceed the Quantity of Spirits found by the Officer or Officers of Excise in such Stock at the time of taking the last preceding Account of such Stock, casting or computing the same in manner directed by this Act; and that all *British* Spirits of a greater or higher Degree of Strength than Forty three *per Centum* above Proof, denoted by the same Hydrometer called *Sikes's* Hydrometer, shall be deemed and taken to be Spirits of Wine, within the Meaning of the said Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty: Provided always, that if the Strength of any Spirits manufactured and imported from that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland* into that Part of *Great Britain* called *England* as aforesaid shall upon Trial, by any Officer or Officers of Excise in *England*, by the said Hydrometer, called

Forfeiture under last mentioned Acts, to remain so for Offences against this Act.

Forfeiture of Spirits when discovered to exceed the Quantity found in Stock at the time of taking the preceding Account.

28 G. 3. c. 46. Proviso, that Spirits made in Scotland for Exportation to England, shall not be forfeited

for Importation into England, unless they exceed Eight per Centum above Proof.

Recovery and Application of Penalties.

A^t may be altered, &c.

Continuance of A^t.

Sikes's Hydrometer, be denoted to be greater than that of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, and such Excess shall not exceed Three *per Centum* over and above the said Strength of Eight *per Centum* above Proof, then and in such case the said Spirits shall not be forfeited, but shall be charged with a further Duty, proportioned to their said Surplus Strength.

V. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures imposed by this A^t shall be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by such Ways, Means or Methods, as any Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture may be sued for, recovered, levied or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by A^tion of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or in the Court of Exchequer in *Scotland* respectively, and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall be to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them who shall inform, discover or sue for the same.

VI. And be it further enacted, That this A^t, or any of the Provisions thereof, may be varied, altered or repealed by any A^t or A^{cts} to be made in this Session of Parliament.

VII. Provided always, That this A^t shall have Continuance until the First Day of *August* which will be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and eighteen, and no longer.

C A P. CXLI.

An A^t for enabling Ecclesiastical Corporate Bodies, under certain Circumstances, to alienate Lands for enlarging Cemeteries or Churchyards. [2d July 1816.]

‘ **W**HEREAS Cemeteries, Churchyards or Burying Grounds, are in various Places found to be too small, and the same cannot be conveniently enlarged, without appropriating for Consecration some Part of the Lands belonging to Corporations or Spiritual Persons, not authorized by Law to alienate such Land for any Purpose whatsoever;’ Be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this A^t it shall and may be lawful for any Spiritual or Ecclesiastical Body Corporate or Spiritual Person, being a Corporation Sole, possessing any Land adjacent to any Cemetery, Churchyard or Burying Ground, to sell, by Indenture of Bargain and Sale, enrolled in the High Court of Chancery within Six Calendar Months, for the Purpose of Consecration, such Portion thereof as may be deemed necessary for enlarging any such Cemetery, Churchyard or Burying Ground, not exceeding One Acre.

II. Provided always, That in case of any Spiritual Person, being a Corporation Sole, the Consent of the Lord Bishop of the Diocese or Ordinary, and of the Patron of the Living held by such Corporation Sole, shall be testified by their being Parties to the Alienation of the said Land; and that previously thereto the Value of such Land shall be ascertained, and, together with a Description thereof, be committed to Writing by some competent Person, to be named and appointed by the Ordinary; which Person so appointed shall verify the same on Oath, before some One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for

Bodies Corporate may sell Portions of Land adjoining Cemeteries for enlarging thereof:

With certain Consents.

Value of the Land to be ascertained.

for the County, Town or District in which such Land is situated; which Oath the said Justice is hereby empowered to administer; and in case the Value shall appear to exceed One hundred Pounds, that other Lands, of at least an equal Value, estimated and verified in manner aforesaid, shall be well and legally conveyed to and for the same Uses as the Lands conveyed by the said Spiritual Persons or Corporations Sole, and as the Consideration thereof; and in case the Value shall appear not to amount to One hundred Pounds, but shall exceed Twenty Pounds, such Value shall be paid to the Governors of the Bounty of Queen *Anne*, for the Augmentation of the Maintenance of the Poor Clergy, to be by them used and applied for the Benefit of such Spiritual Person or Corporation Sole, in the same manner as they are now empowered by Law to use and apply other Sums of Money coming into their Hands; and in case the Value shall not amount to Twenty Pounds, the said Value shall be paid in Money to such Spiritual Person or Corporation Sole, to be by him applied at his own Discretion.

If Value above 100l. other Lands to be conveyed.

Application of the Money if under that Value.

III. Provided always, That no Alienation made by virtue of this Act shall be questioned after the Expiration of Twenty Years from the time of such Alienation, on account of any Want of Compliance with the Forms prescribed by this Act.

Time within which Alienations may be questioned.

IV. And be it further enacted, That all Ground which has been or shall be consecrated as Burial Ground shall, after Twenty Years from the time of such Consecration, be considered as discharged from all adverse Titles, Claims and Demands whatsoever, and as absolutely vested in the Trustee or Trustees, if any, thereof; and if there should not be any such Trustee or Trustees, then in the Vicar or Perpetual Curate, if any, for the time being; and if there should not be any Vicar or Perpetual Curate, then in the Rector for the time being of each Parish in which such Burial Ground is or shall be situate.

Burial Ground discharged of adverse Titles, &c. after 20 Years from Consecration thereof.

C A P. CXLII.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a certain Sum out of the Consolidated Fund of *Great Britain*, and for applying certain Monies therein mentioned for the Service of the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

[2d July 1816.]

§ I.	£.3,000,000	o o	Surplus out of Consolidated Fund
II.	18,694,100	o o	Part of Monies in the Exchequer to complete Aids for 1815.
III.	5,663,755	o o	Surplus of the Grants for 1815.
IV.	599,916	3 6	Being $\frac{1}{17}$ Parts of 679,905l. arisen from Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores
V.	43,247	3 11 $\frac{1}{2}$	Issued prior to 5th January 1810. and remaining as Out Cash in the Chest of the Four Tellers of the Exchequer

VI.	<p>Provided that whenever the Payment of the whole or any Part of the said Sum of 43,247<i>l.</i> 3<i>s.</i> 11½<i>d.</i> remaining as Out Cash in the Chest of the Four Tellers as aforesaid, shall be demanded at the Exchequer, the Treasury shall Discharge the same.</p>		
VII.	<p>£.13,205 5 3½</p>	<p>Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th <i>January</i> 1816. for Payment of certain Annuities for Terms of Years which expired <i>Annis</i> 1792. 1805. 1806 and 1807. -</p>	
VIII.		<p>Provided that whenever Payment of the whole or any Part of the said Sum of 13,205<i>l.</i> 5<i>s.</i> 3½<i>d.</i> remaining for Payment of certain Annuities for Terms of Years as aforesaid, shall be demanded at the Exchequer, the Officers of the Receipt to Discharge the same.</p>	<p>Granted to make good the Supply for <i>Great Britain</i> for 1816.</p>
IX.	<p>6,326 0 9¾</p>	<p>Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th <i>July</i> 1815. and charged upon the Consolidated Fund for Services which cannot now be claimed - - -</p>	
X.	<p>72,973 15 3</p>	<p>Remaining in the Exchequer on the 5th <i>January</i> 1816. on the Funds for Payment of Annuities on Lives granted <i>Annis</i> 1745. 1746. 1757. 1778 and 1779. on which the Lives have expired since the 5th <i>January</i> 1802. - - -</p>	
XI.	<p>6,545 5 4</p>	<p>Being the Amount of Money paid by the Receivers General of the Land Tax, to the Governor and Company of the Bank of <i>England</i>, on Account of the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces, pursuant to 37 <i>G. 3. c. 4.</i> - - -</p>	
XII.	<p>3,500,000 0 0</p>	<p>Arising by 56 <i>G. 3. c. 17.</i> -</p>	
XIII.	<p>79,988 16 6</p>	<p>Arising from the Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores - - -</p>	<p>For Service of <i>Ireland.</i> See § XXVII.</p>

XIV. Monies raised by Exchequer Bills by 56 G. 3. c. 3. not exceeding 3,000,000*l.* viz.

£.11,000,000	0	0	By Exchequer Bills 56 G. 3. c. 4.	-	
6,000,000	0	0	Advanced by the Bank under 56 G. 3. c. 14. so much of the Monies coming into the Exchequer by Contributions for Lotteries granted by 56 G. 3. c. 61. as shall remain after paying One Third Part of the Profits that shall arise from such Lotteries, for the Service of <i>Ireland</i>	-	
3,000,000	0	0	Advanced by the Bank under 56 G. 3. c. 96.	-	
Money arising from unclaimed Dividends under 56 G. 3. c. 97. viz.					
13,000,000	0	0	By Exchequer Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 54.	-	
599,916	3	6	(granted above, § IV.)	-	
43,247	3	11½	(granted above, § V.)	-	
11,205	5	3½	(granted above, § VII.)	-	
6,326	0	9¼	(granted above, § IX.)	-	
72,973	15	3	(granted above, § X.)	-	
6,545	5	4	(granted above, § XI.)	-	
18,694,100	0	0	(granted above, § II.)	-	
3,500,000	0	0	Arising by 56 G. 3. c. 17. being the Surplus of the Grants for 1815. granted out of the Monies that shall arise of the Surplus of the Consolidated Fund.	-	
5,663,755	0	0	Surplus of the Grants for 1815.	-	
3,000,000	0	0	of the Consolidated Fund of <i>Great Britain</i>	-	

Appropriated to Uses hereinafter expressed. See § XVI. &c.

XV. Money coming into the *Irisb* Exchequer in *Ireland* from Treasury Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 42.

From Treasury Bills under 56 G. 3. c. 41.	-	-	-	
From Lotteries	-	-	c. 61.	-
From Treasury Bills	-	-	c. 47.	-
79,988	16	6	Arisen from the Sale of Old Naval and Victualling Stores	-

Appropriated to Uses hereinafter expressed. See § XVI. &c.

XVI. 10,114,345 11 7 For Naval Services ; that is to say, £. s. d.

761,475	0	0	For Wages of 33,000 Men,		
1,077,862	10	0	For Victuals,	} At per } Man per } Month,	} 1 15 6 } 2 10 3 } 2 3 0 } 0 7 0
922,350	0	0	For Wear and Tear of Ships,		
150,150	0	0	For Ordnance for Sea Service,		
59,723	16	7	For Salaries and Contingencies of the Admiralty		
82,619	18	6	For the Navy Office	-	
43,864	12	6	For the Navy Pay Office	-	
49,195	3	4	For the Victualling Office	-	
27,533	2	2	For Deptford Yard	-	
33,061	7	0	For Woolwich Yard	-	
35,450	2	10	For Chatham Yard	-	
25,453	6	6	For Sheerness Yard	-	
60,728	5	0	For Portsmouth Yard, &c.	-	

For 13 Months.

£.47,496	9	1	For <i>Plymouth</i> Yard	-
6,791	3	5	For the Out Ports	-
57,462	18	7	For the Foreign Yards	-
54,423	7	6	For Victualling Yards	-
141,121	0	3	For Officers and Men of Vessels in Ordinary	-
3,467	10	0	For Bounty to Chaplains	-
132,960	7	6	For Victuals for Officers and Men of Vessels in Ordinary	-
113,149	0	0	For Expence of Harbour, Mooring and Rigging	-
535,589	0	0	For the Ordinary Repairs of Ships, Docks and Buildings in the several Yards and Offices	-
1,177,841	7	6	For Half Pay, Superannuation Allowances and Pensions to Officers of His Majesty's Navy and Royal Marines, their Widows and Relatives	-
72,707	3	4	For Superannuation Allowances to Commissioners, Secretaries, Clerks and others, in the Civil Department of the Admiralty, and of Allowances in lieu of Half Pay to Naval Officers formerly in Civil Departments	-
2,102,563	0	0	For the Building, Rebuilding and Repairs of Ships of War in His Majesty's and the Merchants' Yards, and other extra Works over and above what are proposed to be done, upon the Heads of Wear and Tear and Ordinary	-
479,156	0	0	For the Purchase of Provisions for Foreign Stations and Rations of Troops, to be embarked on board of Ships of War and Transports	-
61,303	15	3	For Salaries and Contingent Expences of the Transport Office and for Sick and Wounded	-
1,611,041	2	4	For the Transport Office	-
69,820	0	0	For Prisoners of War	-
112,904	6	7	For Sick and Wounded Seamen	-
3,080	15	10	For Superannuations in the Transport Service	-

For the Year 1816.

XVII.	£.60,000	0	0	For Preparations for the Marriage of the Princess <i>Charlotte Augusta</i> .
XVIII.	12,044,333	18	8	For Land Forces and other Services; that is to say,
	385,276	9	6	For Household Troops - -
	333,693	11	6	For the Regiments of Dragoon Guards and Dragoons, and the Royal Waggon Train, proposed to be stationed in <i>Great Britain</i> - -
	514,288	7	4	For the Corps of Infantry of the Line proposed to be employed in <i>Great Britain</i> , and in the Islands in the Channel - -
	142,872	1	2	For the Regiments of Cavalry proposed to be stationed in <i>Ireland</i> - -
	718,188	9	8	For the Corps of Infantry of the Line, proposed to be stationed in <i>Ireland</i> - -
	1,539,707	10	4	For the Corps of Regular Cavalry and Infantry, proposed to be employed on Stations Abroad, (excepting the Corps stationed in France, and in the Territorial Possessions of the <i>East India Company</i>) - -
	462,760	0	0	For Miscellaneous Charges for Regiments on the <i>British</i> Establishment - -
	119,856	18	6	For Miscellaneous Charges for Regiments of the Line to be stationed in <i>Ireland</i> - -
	20,835	5	5	For Five Troops of Dragoons and Twelve Companies of Foot stationed in <i>Great Britain</i> , for the Purpose of recruiting the Corps employed in the Territorial Possessions of the <i>East India Company</i> - -
	550,000	0	0	For the embodied Militia of the United Kingdom - -
	182,727	1	2	For General Officers not being Colonels of Regiments - -
	114,302	6	7	For the Pay of Supernumerary Officers - -
	460,890	7	7	For Half Pay to reduced Officers of the <i>British Ame-</i>

From
25th Dec. 1815. to
24th Dec. 1816.

For the Year 1816.

				<i>rican Forces and Scotch Brigade</i>
£.19,677	15	4		For Military Allowances to reduced Officers of the <i>British American Forces</i>
910,316	6	7		For In and Out Pensioners of <i>Chelsea and Kilmainham Hospitals</i>
93,899	5	8		For Pensions to Widows of Officers of Land Forces and Marines
370,669	18	5		For Foreign Corps in the Service of the United Kingdom
17,550	19	11		For Allowances to retired Chaplains, and to Clergymen officiating with Forces at Home and Abroad, including the Expences of the Office of Chaplain General and Contingencies
64,424	0	3		For Allowances on the Compassionate List to Children of deceased Officers of the Land Forces and to Widows of Officers of the said Forces not entitled to the Pension, including Allowances as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty to several Officers and to Relatives of deceased Officers
189,406	10	11		For Commissariat Department in <i>Ireland</i>
178,857	16	10		For Barrack Department in <i>Ireland</i>
35,000	0	0		For Pay to <i>British</i> Officers in the <i>Portuguese Army</i>
106,063	8	4		For recruiting on the <i>British</i> Establishment
39,904	14	7		For recruiting the Forces in <i>Ireland</i>
17,964	0	8		For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the Nature of Superannuation or Retired Allowances to Civil Officers, in several public Departments in the United Kingdom, in respect of their having held any public Offices or Employments of a Civil nature

From
25th Dec. 1815. to
24th Dec. 1816.

£.1,234,596	13	6	For the Land Forces stationed in <i>France</i> - - -	
277,885	10	1	For General and Staff Officers and Officers of the Hospitals serving with Forces, and the Charge of Garrisons - - -	
183,062	4	3	For Allowances to the Principal Officers of several public Departments in the United Kingdom, their Deputies, Clerks and Contingent Expences - - -	
110,113	8	2	For Volunteer Corps in the United Kingdom - - -	
90,000	0	0	For the Local Militia in <i>Great Britain</i> - - -	
53,013	4	7	For Medicines and Surgical Materials, for the Land Forces and other Hospital Contingencies - - -	
127,863	2	0	For Exchequer Fees in <i>Great Britain</i> , and of Poundage Pells and Hospital Fees in <i>Ireland</i> , upon Issues to be made for Army Services - - -	
44,800	0	0	For Storekeeper General's Department - - -	
405,240	9	10	For the Commissary in Chief's Department, exclusive of any Purchases of Specie - - -	
178,626	0	0	For Barrack Department in <i>Great Britain</i> - - -	
150,000	0	0	For the Disembodied Militia of <i>Great Britain</i> , including the Royal Corps of Miners of <i>Devon</i> and <i>Cornwall</i> , for various Periods in 1816. - - -	For the Year 1816.
100,000	0	0	For the Disembodied Militia of <i>Ireland</i> for various Periods in 1816. - - -	
1,500,000	0	0	For Extraordinary Services of the Army during the present Year - - -	
XIX.	989,220	7	10	For Ordnance for Land Service - - -
	67,205	9	10	For Expence of Services of Office of Ordnance for Land Service for <i>Great Britain</i> , and not provided for in 1814.
	16,851	13	4	For Expence of Services of Office of Ordnance for Land Service for <i>Great Britain</i> , and not provided for in 1815.

£.158,240	13	o	For Charge of Office of Ordnance for <i>Great Britain</i> on Account of Allowances to Superannuated, Retired and Half Pay Officers, to Officers seconded and to Officers for good Services, to Superannuated and Disabled Men, also for Pensions to Widows and Children of Deceased Officers, late belonging to the several Ordnance Military Corps	
31,474	14	9	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in <i>Great Britain</i> , in respect of their having held any Public Offices or Employments of a Civil nature, and also the Charge of Widows' Pensions	For the Year 1816.
200,000	o	o	For Expences of Reduction in the Office of Ordnance Land Service in <i>Great Britain</i>	
186,003	9	o	For Ordnance Military Corps employed with the Army of Occupation in France	
198,837	7	3	For Ordnance in <i>Ireland</i>	
19,384	12	3	For Ordnance for <i>Ireland</i> not provided for in 1815.	
11,976	9	7	For Charge of Office of Ordnance in <i>Ireland</i> on account of Pay of Retired Officers of the late <i>Irish</i> Artillery and Engineers, and of Pensions to Widows of deceased Officers of the same	
2,993	15	o	For Allowances, Compensations and Emoluments in the nature of Superannuated or Retired Allowances to Persons late belonging to the Office of Ordnance in <i>Ireland</i> , in respect of their having held any Public Office or Employment of a Civil nature, and also for the Charge of Widows' Pensions	For the Year 1816.

XX.	£.11,024,100	o	o	For discharging Outstanding Exchequer Bills under 55 G. 3. c. 4.	
XXI.	4,500,000	o	o	Ditto, ——— c. 148.	
XXII.	1,500,000	o	o	Ditto, ——— c. 149.	
XXIII.	18,694,100	o	o	Ditto, charged upon Aids of 1815.	
XXIV.	6,000,000	o	o	Ditto, under 55 G. 3. c. 196.	
XXV.	Civil Establishments; viz.				
	3,301	10	o	<i>Bahama Islands.</i>	
	1,023	o	o	<i>Bermudas or Somers Islands.</i>	
	600	o	o	<i>Dominica.</i>	
	10,865	o	o	<i>Upper Canada.</i>	
	13,440	o	o	<i>Nova Scotia.</i>	
	6,196	10	o	<i>New Brunswick.</i>	
	2,194	o	o	<i>Cape Breton.</i>	
	3,826	o	o	<i>St. John now Prince Edward Island.</i>	
	5,485	o	o	<i>Newfoundland.</i>	
	12,423	10	o	<i>New South Wales.</i>	
	15,660	o	o	<i>Sierra Leone.</i>	
XXVI.	2,000,000	o	o	For discharging Interest on Exchequer Bills - - -	
	260,000	o	o	Being $\frac{1}{100}$ part of 26,000,000 of Exchequer Bills charged last Session upon Aids granted by present Session, by Quarterly Payments, to be placed to Account of Commissioners of National Debt - - -	For the Year ending 1st Feb. 1817.
	39,185	17	2	For the Military Asylum at <i>Chelsea</i> - - -	From 25th Dec. 1815. to 24th Dec. 1816.
	33,819	17	2	For the Royal Military College - - -	
	174,681	2	6	For discharging on 5th April 1816. certain Annuities under 37 G. 3. c. 9. and 42 G. 3. c. 8.	
	43,151	2	o	For discharging on 10th October 1816. certain Annuities under the said Acts.	
	787,400	o	o	For discharging on 5th April 1816. certain Debentures under 53 G. 3. cc. 41. 53.	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
	19,685	o	o	For Half Year's Interest on the Monies raised by the said Debentures - - -	
	500,000	o	o	For Deficiency or Loss from Recoinage of Silver, and Charges and Expences of melting, &c.	
	945,491	13	4	To the <i>East India Company</i> for Expences incurred by them in the Public Service	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
	75,217	o	o	For confining, maintaining and employing Convicts at home - - -	
	80,000	o	o	For probable Amount of Bills drawn or to be drawn from <i>New South Wales</i> - - -	For the Year 1816.

£.42,000	0	0	For building a Penitentiary House at <i>Millbank</i>	}	For the Year 1816. to be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
40,000	0	0	For Clergy and Laity of <i>France, Toulonse and Corsican Emigrants, Saint Domingo Sufferers and Dutch Naval Officers, and Clergy and Laity of France who have not been enabled to return to their own Country</i>		
35,000	0	0	For Purchase of the <i>Elgin Marbles</i>	}	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
4,895	6	0	For Superintendence of Aliens.		
13,830	0	0	For Building and Repairs at the new Mint, paid without Fee, &c.		
10,000	0	0	For Law Charges.		
4,000	0	0	For Prosecutions, &c. relating to the Coin.		
680	0	0	For Superannuation Allowances to Retired Officers of the Mint	}	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
1,850	0	0	For the like to retired Clerks and other Officers of the Commissioners for auditing the Public Accounts		
266	13	4	For the like to <i>Joseph Planta Esq.</i> formerly One of the Paymasters of Exchequer Bills	}	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
299	0	0	For the like to retired Officers of the Lottery Office		
15,000	0	0	For <i>American Loyalists</i>		
3,000	0	0	For the National Vaccine Establishment		
2,955	4	0	For Repairs of King <i>Henry VIIth's Chapel</i>		
6,071	19	8	For Supplemental Charge for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons for Session of 1813.		
5,128	10	6	For Deficiency of Grant of last Session for Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons in Session 1815.		
16,000	0	0	For Printing Bills, Reports and other Papers by Order of the House of Commons during the present Session.		
2,500	0	0	For Printing Votes of the House of Commons during the present Session.		
891	3	11	For Deficiency of Grant of 1815. for Printing 1,750 Copies of Vol. 68. of Journals of the House of Commons.		
2,500	0	0	For Printing in 1816. 1,750 Copies of Vol. 69. of Journals of the House of Commons, being for the Session of 1813-14.		

£.6,000	o o	For Reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons in 1816.	
19,000	o o	For Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, for the Sheriffs, Clerks of the Peace and Chief Magistrates throughout the United Kingdom, and for the acting Justices throughout <i>Great Britain</i> ; also for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords for 1816.	
3,015	18 4½	For Deficiency of Grant in last Session for Printing Acts of Parliament for the Two Houses of Parliament, and Sheriffs, &c., as above, and for Printing Bills, Reports, Evidence and other Papers and Accounts for the House of Lords.	
3,208	12 10½	For Deficiency of Grant for 1815. for Reprinting Journals and Reports of the House of Commons.	
185,000	o o	To replace to Civil List Sums become chargeable thereon, or issued thereout since 5th <i>January</i> 1816. in respect of those Services which, in pursuance of the Measures now before Parliament in regard to the Civil List, are hereafter to be otherwise provided for.	
300,000	o o	For such Expences of a Civil nature as do not form a Part of the Ordinary Charges of the Civil List.	
116,450	o o	To the Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, serving under the Command of Admiral Lord <i>Keith</i> , while Commander in Chief on the Coasts of <i>Spain</i> and <i>France</i> , for Captures taken from the Enemy and appropriated to the public Service - -	
150,000	o o	To the Officers, Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines, under the Command of Captain <i>Robert Campbell</i> at the Capture of <i>Naples</i> , 13th <i>May</i> 1815. for Ships and Stores then taken from the Enemy and restored to the Neapolitan Government - -	To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.
100,000	o o	To the Governors of Queen <i>Anne's</i> Bounty - -	
10,253	19 6	To the Trustees of the <i>British</i> Museum to carry on the Trusts reposed in them by Parliament.	
800	o o	For removing the <i>Elgin</i> Marbles to the <i>British</i> Museum.	
1,700	o o	For erecting a temporary Building at the <i>British</i> Museum for the Reception of the <i>Elgin</i> Marbles.	

£.50,000	o	o	For Foreign and other Secret Services for 1816.		
20,000	o	o	For making Roads and building Bridges in the Highlands of <i>Scotland</i> .		
75,000	o	o	For making an Inland Navigation from the <i>Eastern</i> to the <i>Western</i> Sea by <i>Inverness</i> and <i>Fort William</i> for 1816.		
7,500	o	o	For the Establishment of the Penitentiary House, from 24th <i>June</i> 1816. to 24th <i>June</i> 1817.		
5,000	o	o	Towards building a Penitentiary House at <i>Millbank</i> , and for providing Furniture for the Apartments of the Officers for 1816.		
2,583	o	o	For completing the Embanking the River <i>Thames</i> , in front of the Penitentiary House at <i>Millbank</i> for 1816.		
23,000	o	o	For maintaining and repairing the <i>British</i> Forts on the Coast of <i>Africa</i> for 1816.		
3,764	5	o	For Works at the King's Bench Prison	} To be paid without Fee or other Deduction.	
10,000	o	o	For repairing the Roads between <i>London</i> and <i>Holyhead</i> by <i>Chester</i> and <i>London</i> , and <i>Bangor</i> Ferry by <i>Shrewsbury</i> , for 1816.		
16,490	o	o	For carrying on in 1816. the Improvements at <i>Holyhead</i> Harbour		
8,424	15	o	Towards Erection of an Asylum for Criminal Lunatics, and for the Maintenance and Government of such Lunatics		
3,000	o	o	To Mr. <i>Aaron Graham</i> for the various Services he performed beyond those of Inspector of Convict Hulks		
10,000	o	o	For Works carrying on at the College at <i>Edinburgh</i> in 1816.		
3,000	o	o	For the Board of Agriculture for 1816.		
300,000	o	o	To the <i>Portuguese</i> Government, in pursuance of a Convention signed at <i>Vienna</i> 21st <i>January</i> 1815.		
5,000	o	o	For Improvements at <i>Westminster</i>		
2,181	o	o	For Repairs and Alterations at the Royal Military Asylum at <i>Chelsea</i>		
XXVII.	<i>Irish</i> Currency.		[In <i>Ireland</i> .]		
1,250	o	o	For several Public Officers for their extraordinary Trouble in 1816.		
XXVIII.	24,783	14	5	For Printing, Stationery and other Disbursements for the Chief and Under Secretaries' Offices and Depart-	} Paid, &c. without Fee, &c.

			ments, and other public Offices in <i>Dublin</i> Castle, &c. and for Riding Charges and other Expences of the Deputy Pursuivants and extra Messengers at- tending the said Officers, also Superannuated Allow- ances in the said Chief Secretary's Office - - }	For One Year end- ing 5th <i>Jan.</i> 1817.
£. 3,726	5	o	For Printing 1,290 Copies of a compressed Quarto Edition of the Statutes of the United Kingdom, for the Use of the Magistrates of <i>Ireland</i> , and also 250 Copies of a Folio Edition thereof bound, for the Use of the Lords, Bishops and public Officers.	
10,500	o	o	For publishing Proclamations, and other Matters of a public Nature, in the <i>Dub- lin</i> Gazette and other Newspapers - - }	For One Year end- ing 5th <i>Jan.</i> 1817.
25,000	o	o	For Criminal Prosecutions, and other Law Expences	
2,500	o	o	For apprehending public Of- fenders - - }	
9,297	o	o	For completing the Sum necessary for the Support of the Non Conforming Ministers.	
3,951	o	o	For the Seceding Ministers from the Synod of <i>Ulster</i> }	For One Year end- ing 25th <i>March</i> 1817.
2,112	o	o	For Salaries of Lottery Of- fices - - }	For One Year end- ing 24th <i>June</i> 1816.
1,047	10	2	For Pratique of the Port of <i>Dublin</i> - - }	For the Year ending 25th <i>Dec.</i> 1816.
1,086	o	o	For clothing Heralds, &c. }	For Three Years from 17th <i>March</i> 1816.
740	o	o	For clothing the Battle-Axe Guards - - }	For 18 Months, from 1st <i>June</i> 1816.
31,117	10	o	For the Board of Works -	For 1816.
40,000	o	o	For Civil Contingencies - }	For the Year ending 5th <i>Jan.</i> 1817.
46,000	o	o	For Works for <i>Howth</i> Har- bour - - }	For 1816.
6,000	o	o	For constructing Fountains in the Liberties of <i>Dublin</i> , and for supplying the Poor with Water.	
XXIX.	300	o	For additional Allowance to Chairman of the Board of Inland Navigation.	
10,000	o	o	For building Churches and Glebe Houses and purchas- ing Glebes - - }	
21,600	o	o	For the Trustees of the Lin- en and Hempen Manu- factures, to be by them ap-	

			plied as shall appear to them to be most conducive to promote the said Manufactures	
£.19,000	o o		For making wide and convenient Streets in <i>Dublin</i> , 14,336 <i>l.</i> 12 <i>s.</i> 2 <i>d.</i> Part of the said 19,000 <i>l.</i> to be applied in Payment of Balance of Awards remaining unpaid, for Premises on the North Side of <i>Lower Abbey Street</i> , between <i>Sackville Street</i> and <i>Beresford Place</i>	For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1817.
53,110	5 4		For completing the Royal Canal from <i>Coolnabay</i> to <i>Tormunbury</i> , under Direction of Directors General of Inland Navigation.	
50,000	o o		For building, repairing and enlarging of Churches and Chapels, the building of Glebe Houses and procuring Glebes as Trustees shall think fit.	
504	o o		For Hospital of Incurables at <i>Dublin</i>	For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1817.
769	o o		For the Annual Expenditure of the Royal <i>Irish Academy</i> for 1816., and repairing the Buildings of the said Academy.	
1,500	o o		For the <i>Belfast Academical Institution</i>	For the Year commencing 6th Jan. 1816.
XXX.	41,539	o o	For the Protestant Charter Schools	
	32,725	o o	For the Foundling Hospital, <i>Dublin</i>	
	41,210	o o	For House of Industry, Hospitals and Asylums for industrious Children in <i>Dublin</i>	
	28,281	o o	For the <i>Richmond Lunatic Asylum</i>	
	8,932	o o	For the <i>Hibernian Society</i> for Soldiers' Children in <i>Dublin</i>	
	3,094	o o	For the <i>Hibernian Marine Society</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
	3,437	o o	For the Female Orphan House in the Circular Road near <i>Dublin</i>	
	9,010	o o	For the <i>Westmorland Lock Hospital</i> in <i>Dublin</i>	
	3,411	o o	For the Lying-in Hospital in <i>Dublin</i>	
	777	o o	For completing the Works of the Commissioners for building Sir <i>Patrick Dun's Hospital</i> at <i>Dublin</i>	

£.1,590	o o	For probable Expenditure of Dr. <i>Stevens's</i> Hospital -	} For One Year ending 5th Jan. 1817.	
5,000	o o	For House of Recovery and Fever Hospital in <i>Cork Street, Dublin</i> , calculated to meet the Expence for maintaining and relieving 4,000 Patients, for 1816.		
9,673	o o	For <i>Roman Catholic</i> Seminary -		
6,000	o o	For enabling Society for promoting the Education of the Poor of <i>Ireland</i> to provide and distribute proper Books at reduced Prices, and to introduce an improved Method of Instruction in the different Parts of <i>Ireland</i> -		
8,410	o o	For Association incorporated for discountenancing Vice, and promoting the Knowledge and Practice of the Christian Religion -		
500	o o	For the Commissioners of charitable Donations and Bequests -		
113	o o	For the Green Coat Hospital of <i>Cork</i> -		
10,000	o o	For the probable Expences of the <i>Dublin</i> Society -		
4,918	o o	For the probable Expences of the Farming Society -		
2,500	o o	For the <i>Cork</i> Institution -		
XXXI.		Supplies to be applied for the Purposes aforesaid		} As in 55 G. 3. c. 187. § 31-35.
XXXII.		Rules for Application of Half Pay -		
XXXIII.		Half Pay to Officers of <i>Manx</i> Fencibles -		
XXXIV.		Chaplains of Regiments, although in possession of Ecclesiastical Benefices -		
XXXV.		Application of Overplus of Sum under 55 G. 3. c. 187. -		

LOCAL AND PERSONAL ACTS,

DECLARED PUBLIC,

AND TO BE JUDICIALLY NOTICED.

N. B.—*The Continuance of such of the following Acts as are Temporary will be known (where it is not expressly stated) by referring to the following List, according to the corresponding Letter at the End of the Title.*

- (a) *For 21 Years, &c. [i. e. to the End of the next Session] from a Day named in the Act.*
- (b) *For 21 Years, &c. from the passing of the Act.*
- (c) *For 21 Years, &c. after the End of the Term under former Acts.*

The following are all PUBLIC ACTS; to each of which is annexed a Clause in the Form following :

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed
“ and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken
“ Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without
“ being specially pleaded.”

Cap. i.

- 5 G. 3. c. lxxx. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Chapel on the Heath*, in the County of *Oxford*, to *Bourton on the Hill*, in the County of *Gloucester*. [22d March 1816.]

Cap. ii.

- 34 G. 3. c. cxxvii. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Saint Martin Stamford Baron* to *Kettering*, and from *Oundle* to *Middleton Lane*, in the County of *Northampton*. [22d March 1816.]
[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. iii.

- 12 G. 3. c. 26. An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, so far as the same relate to the Road from *Carrier's Bridge*, in the Parish of *Chatteris*, within the *Isle of Ely*, in the County of *Cambridge*, to the *Forty Feet Bridge*, in the Parish of *Ramsay*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. [22d March 1816.]

Cap. iv.

- An Act to amend an Act of the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty, for confirming certain Articles of Agreement between the
Company

Company of Proprietors of the Grand Junction Canal and certain Persons, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Parish of *Paddington*, and the Parishes and Streets adjacent, in the County of *Middlesex*. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. v.

An Act for the better assessing and collecting the Poor and other Parochial Rates, in the Parish of *Mitcham*, in the County of *Surrey*. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. vi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from *Dewsbury* to *Leeds*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. [28th March 1816.]

Cap. vii.

An Act for taking down the Parish Church of *Clifton*, in the County of *Gloucester*, and for building a new Church, and providing an additional Cemetery for the Use of the said Parish. [29th March 1816.]

Cap. viii.

An Act to provide for the repairing and maintaining of a certain Part of several Roads or Ways, leading from *Woodford* to *Ilford*, in the County of *Essex*, and for shutting up certain other Parts of the said several Roads or Ways: [11th April 1816.]

Cap. ix.

An Act for enlarging, improving and repairing the Parish Church of *Woodford*, in the County of *Essex*, and for enlarging the Church Yard or Burial Ground of the said Parish. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. x.

An Act for lighting with Gas the City and County of the City of *Exeter*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. xi.

An Act to amend Two Acts of His present Majesty for erecting a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the City of *London* to the opposite Bank in the County of *Surrey*. [11th April 1816.]

• **W**HEREAS an Act was passed in the Fifty first Year of the 51 G. 3. c. clxvi.
 • Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for erecting*
 • *a Bridge over the River Thames from or near the Three Cranes,*
 • *in the Parishes of Saint James Garlick Hythe, and Saint Martin*
 • *Vintry, in the City of London, to the opposite Bank of the said*
 • *River, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the County of Surrey, and*
 • *for making proper Streets and Avenues to communicate therewith,*
 • whereby the *Southwark Bridge Company* were incorporated for
 • the Purpose of building the said Bridge, and certain Powers and
 • Authorities were thereby given to and vested in the said Company
 • for that Purpose: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty 53 G. 3.
 • third Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, intituled *An Act to c. lxxvii.*
 • amend an Act passed in the Fifty first Year of His present Majesty,
 • for erecting a Bridge over the River *Thames* from the City of *Lon-*
 • don to the opposite Bank, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, in the
 • County

‘ County of Surrey, whereby the said first recited Act, and the
 ‘ Powers and Authorities thereby given to the said Company, were
 ‘ altered, varied, amended and enlarged: And Whereas the said
 ‘ Company have, since the passing of the said last recited Act, sub-
 ‘ scribed the Sum of Three hundred thousand Pounds in manner re-
 ‘ quired by the said first recited Act, before they should proceed to
 ‘ take any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements or Premises for the
 ‘ Purposes of the said first recited Act, or to proceed with the
 ‘ Works therein authorized to be made, and have raised the greater
 ‘ Part thereof, and have invested the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds
 ‘ in the Bank of *England*, in manner by the said first recited Act
 ‘ directed: And Whereas there remains to be raised of the several
 ‘ Sums authorized by the said first recited Act the further Sum of
 ‘ Two hundred thousand Pounds: And Whereas the said Company
 ‘ have proceeded in the Erection of the said Bridge, and in Exe-
 ‘ cution of the Powers and Authorities of the said recited Acts;
 ‘ but it is expedient that further Powers should be given to them,
 ‘ and that the said recited Acts should be altered, amended and en-
 ‘ larged:’ May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be en-
 ‘ acted; and be it enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by
 ‘ and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tem-
 ‘ poral, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by
 ‘ the Authority of the same, That the said Company shall have Power
 ‘ and Authority to raise the said Sum of Two hundred thousand
 ‘ Pounds, and every Part thereof, by the Sale and Disposal of such
 ‘ Number of Shares in the said Undertaking as shall be requisite and
 ‘ necessary for that Purpose; and such Shares, when so sold and
 ‘ disposed of, shall be deemed to be of the Value of One hundred
 ‘ Pounds each, and shall be entered in the Register Book kept by the
 ‘ said Company; and the Holders of such new Shares shall be deemed
 ‘ and considered, and shall be Proprietors of and in the said Under-
 ‘ taking, and shall be entitled in respect of such new Shares to the same
 ‘ Rights and Privileges, and shall have the same Powers and Autho-
 ‘ rities, as the Proprietors of the present Shares; and all the Clauses,
 ‘ Provisions, Penalties, Restrictions and Provisions, in the said two
 ‘ recited Acts, or either of them, relating to or concerning the Shares in
 ‘ the said Undertaking, shall extend and be construed to extend, and
 ‘ be in full Force and Effect, with respect to the said new Shares and
 ‘ the Proprietors thereof.

Power to raise
200,000l. by
Sale of Shares.

Interest to be
paid on Monies
advanced upon
new Shares.

II. And be it further enacted, That the several Parties and Per-
 sons, to whom any such Share or Shares as are hereinbefore autho-
 rized to be disposed of shall be issued, shall respectively be entitled
 to Interest after the Rate of Five Pounds *per Centum per Annum*
 upon the respective Sum or Sums of Money which they shall ad-
 vance to or pay to the said Company, for or in respect of any such
 Share or Shares, in the same and the like manner as the Subscribers
 to and Proprietors of the original Shares in the said Undertaking,
 which Interest shall commence and be computed from the time or re-
 spective times of Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money until the
 said Bridge shall be opened for the Passage of Horses or Carriages
 over and across the same.

Power to raise
Money on
Promissory
Notes.

III. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful
 to and for the said Company, if they or their Committee or Courts
 of Direction shall think it meet and expedient, to borrow the whole
 of

of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, upon Promissory Notes under the Common Seal of the said Company, which Notes shall express the manner and time or times at which the same shall be payable, and also such legal Rate of Interest as shall have been agreed on between the Holders thereof and the said Committee or Court of Direction; and all such Notes shall be made with or without a Power in the respective Holders thereof to have an Option of becoming a Proprietor of One Share of One hundred Pounds in the said Undertaking in lieu of every One hundred Pounds of the Principal Money by such several Promissory Notes to be secured, or so much or such Part thereof as the said Committee or Court of Direction, and the Person or Persons advancing such Money on the Security of the said Notes shall jointly agree upon, and such Notes shall express accordingly whether they are made with or without such Option, and the said Principal Sums so borrowed, and the Interest thereof, shall be deemed a Lien upon the Tolls authorized to be taken by the said first recited Act, and be paid and discharged in the like manner as Money raised on Mortgage under the said first recited Act, and the Interest thereof, are thereby directed to be paid and discharged.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to raise the whole of the said Sum of Two hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part or Parts thereof, by all or any of such Ways and Means as are by the said first recited Act authorized in respect of the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds therein mentioned.

General Power
to raise Money.

V. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall have full Power and Authority, if they shall deem it expedient, out of any Surplus Monies or otherwise, to buy up any Shares which may be offered for Sale by any of the said Proprietors, and thereupon either to direct that any such Share so bought shall merge in the said Undertaking, or that the same shall be transferred to the Clerk of the said Company in Trust for the said Company, and such Shares may, in such case, at any time thereafter, be sold for the Benefit of the said Company, and for the raising of any Sum of Money which may be wanted for the Purpose of carrying the said Two recited Acts and this Act into Execution.

Surplus Money
may be applied
in buying up
Shares.

VI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that every Question which should be proposed or considered in any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors should be determined by the Majority of Votes then present, such Majority not being less than Two thirds of the Votes then present, computing the Votes as therein mentioned, not exceeding Five Votes in the whole for each Proprietor, provided that the Members present be possessed of not less than One hundred and fifty Shares; and it is also thereby enacted, that all Acts, Orders or Determinations of any Special General Assembly of the said Company of Proprietors, or the Majority of them, met together at every such Special General Assembly, provided that the Proprietors present and represented by Proxy shall be possessed of at least Two hundred and fifty Shares in the said Undertaking, shall be as valid with respect to the Matter specified in the Notice for such Special General Assembly as if the same had been done at

Majority of
Two thirds of
General Meet-

ing required to carry Questions repealed.

Future General and Special General Assemblies.

Provision respecting Proxies for more than Five Shares repealed.

Proxies may be given for Five Votes.

Committee elected in the Room of those going out of Office by Rotation to be in Office Three Years.

Acts of Directors elected by Committee valid.

any stated General Assembly: And Whereas the said Provisions have been found inconvenient; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provisions shall be, and the same are hereby repealed.

VII. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any General or Special General Assembly of the said Company which shall have been convened in manner directed by the said first recited Act, shall be competent to proceed to the Discussion and Determination of any Question, Matter or thing which shall be duly brought forward, without Reference to the Number of Shares possessed by the Members present, either as Principals or Proxies, any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and that every Question, Matter or thing which shall be proposed, discussed or considered at such General or Special General Assembly of the said Company, shall be determined by the Majority of Votes and Proxies then present, computing the Votes in the Proportions as to the Number of Shares directed by the said first recited Act.

VIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that no Person shall give or deliver in Proxies for more than Five Shares: And Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

IX. And be it further enacted, That at all future General or Special General Assemblies of the said Company, any Proprietor may give in Proxies for Five Votes and no more.

X. And be it further enacted, That whenever any of the said Committee or Court of Direction shall go out of Office and cease to be upon the Committee or Court of Direction of the said Company, the Persons who shall from time to time be elected in their Room or Stead shall continue in Office for the full Term of Three Years, (except in case of Death, or Refusal to act, or ceasing to be qualified in manner by the said first recited Act directed, or being removed or displaced by the said Company at any General Assembly or Special General Assembly convened for that Purpose,) and no longer; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XI. And be it further enacted, That all the Acts and Proceedings of the Person or Persons appointed by the Committee or Court of Direction, by virtue of the said first recited Act, to be a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction in the Room or Stead of any Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, who shall die or refuse to act in the Execution of the said recited Acts and this Act, or who shall cease to be qualified in manner by the said first recited Act directed, or shall hold any Place, Office, Employment or Contract under the said Company, shall be and be deemed to have been valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes, notwithstanding the Election of such Person or Persons shall not be confirmed by the said Company of Proprietors at their next General or Special General Assembly after such Election by the said Committee or Court of Direction.

XII. And Whereas Doubts have arisen as to the Validity of the Election of certain Members of the Committee or Court of Direction, and of certain Proceedings of the said Company and their Committee or Court of Direction, in consequence of the Omission

to

‘ to hold One of the General Assemblies of the said Company, directed by the said first recited Act;’ For removing whereof, be it declared and enacted, That all the Acts and Proceedings of the said Company, and of the said Committee or Court of Direction, done and executed in other respects in pursuance of and in conformity with the several Powers and Directions of the said Two recited Acts, and the Election of any Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction, and all other Matters whatsoever, shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes, as if such General Assembly as aforesaid had been duly held, and such Proceedings taken place as are directed in and by the said first recited Act; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Proceedings under former Acts declared valid.

‘ XIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that if any Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction should for the Space of Three Months neglect or refuse to attend a Meeting of the said Committee or Court of Direction, such Member so not attending should cease to be of the said Committee or Court of Direction: and Whereas the said Provision has been found inconvenient;’ Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be, and the same is hereby repealed.

Provision respecting Directors not attending repealed.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Member or Members of the said Committee or Court of Direction shall be deemed or taken to have been absent from, or to have refused or neglected to attend a Meeting of the said Committee or Court of Direction for the Space of Three Months, so as to be deemed and taken to have ceased to be of the said Committee or Court of Direction by virtue of the said first recited Act, unless such Absence for the said Space of Three Months shall have been without the Leave, Concurrence, or Approbation of the said Committee or Court of Direction; any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that in case any Person shall have ceased to be a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction, in consequence of such Absence, from a Neglect or Refusal to attend the Meetings of the said Committee or Court of Direction, without such Leave, Concurrence or Approbation of the said Committee or Court of Direction as aforesaid, such Person shall be eligible to be immediately nominated and appointed a Member of the said Committee or Court of Direction.

Absence from Committee for Three Months to be without Leave in order to disqualify.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Direction shall have full Power and Authority over the several Persons appointed or to be appointed Officers of the said Company, and it shall be in the Discretion of the said Committee or Court of Direction to settle and determine what Number and Description of Officers shall from time to time be requisite and necessary for the Purposes of the said Company, and to dispense with such as they in their Judgment shall deem no longer to be requisite, and to discharge them accordingly; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Officers to be under Control of Committee.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Direction shall have full Power and Authority to do and execute any Act, Matter or thing by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be done by the said Company, save and except such

General Power of Committee to manage Concern.

such only as shall be expressly directed to be done and executed at a General or Special General Assembly of the said Company.

Directing further Proceedings in Actions for Calls.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That in all Actions to be brought or commenced by the said Company against any Person or Persons for any Call or Calls heretofore, or which shall be hereafter made upon the Shares in the said Undertaking, the Production of the Register Book directed to be kept by the said first recited Act shall be Evidence upon the Trial that the Defendant or Defendants in such Action was or were the Owner or Owners, Proprietor or Proprietors of such and so many Share or Shares as in the said Register Book shall be expressed, and on such Trial it shall not be necessary to prove the Appointment of the Committee or Court of Direction who made such Call or Calls, or any other Matter whatsoever than is required by the said first recited Act to be proved; and that in all such Actions, if a Verdict shall be found for the said Company, the said Company shall be also entitled to recover the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Share held by such Defendant or Defendants for and in respect of each and every Call for which such Verdict shall be found, over and above the Amount of the said Calls, as and for the Forfeiture for the Non Payment of the said Calls mentioned and imposed in and by the said first recited Act.

XVIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that before any Lands, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs or Hereditaments shall be purchased or taken by virtue of the Powers of the said Act, and before the said Bridge, Streets or Accesses thereto should be begun to be erected, widened or made, the said Company should invest in the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Bank Annuities, in the Names of certain Trustees, the Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, for the Purposes therein mentioned: And Whereas the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds has been invested according to the Directions of the said Act: And Whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that when it should appear to the said Trustees that the said Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith, should be so far erected and made, that the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, and the Accumulations thereof, would be sufficient to finish the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Trustees should transfer the same to the said Company to be applied for that Purpose: And Whereas the said Provision may prove highly inconvenient to the said Company; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said Act as directs, that when and as soon as it should appear to the Satisfaction of the Trustees for the time being, or the Majority of them, that the said Bridge and Streets, and the Works connected therewith, should be so far erected, built and made, that the said Sum of Money so invested in the Three Pounds *per Centum* Consolidated Bank Annuities, as thereinbefore directed, together with the Accumulations, would be sufficient to finish and complete the said Bridge, Streets and Works, then the said Trustees should, and they were thereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company of Proprietors, or as they should direct to be applied for that Purpose, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Provision respecting investing 30,000l. repealed.

As to the Return of the Sum of 30,000l.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That when and as soon as it shall appear to the Trustees in the said first recited Act mentioned, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, or the Majority of them, that the

the said Sum of Thirty thousand Pounds, together with the Accumulations thereof, will be sufficient to finish and complete the said Bridge, then the said Trustees, or the Survivors or Survivor of them, shall, and they are hereby authorized and required to transfer the same to the said Company, or as they shall direct, any thing in the said first recited Act to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding; and the said Sum when so transferred by virtue of this Act, or a competent Part thereof, shall be forthwith applied in finishing and completing the said intended Bridge, and no Part thereof shall be laid out or expended in the Streets and other Works authorized by the said recited Acts and this Act, or in the Purchase of Houses, Lands or Hereditaments for that Purpose, or otherwise howsoever, until and unless the said intended Bridge, and every Part thereof, shall be fully completed and finished.

XX. And be it further enacted, That so much of the said first recited Act as requires the said Company to construct convenient Stone Stairs and Plying Places on each Side of each End of the said Bridge for the Use of the Watermen and Wherry-men rowing on the River *Thames*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Clause as to Two Plying Places at each End of Bridge repealed.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall, and they are hereby required to construct at each End of the said Bridge, One convenient Plying Place or Flight of Stone Stairs, of not less than Sixteen Feet in Width, for the Use of the said Watermen and Wherry-men; but nothing herein contained shall extend to prevent the said Company from constructing such Stone Stairs or Plying Places on each Side of each End of the said Bridge, if they shall deem it proper and advisable so to do.

Company required to construct One Plying Place at each End of Bridge.

XXII. And Whereas the Width of the Access to the said Bridge on the North Side thereof, from *Thames Street* in the City of *London*, is not specified and directed in the said first recited Act, and it is expedient that the same should be made broad and convenient; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and they are hereby required, within the Period limited for the Completion of the said Bridge, Streets and Works by the said first recited Act, to make and construct the said Access of the full Width of Sixty six Feet for the Length of One hundred and forty Feet, to be measured from the North Abutment of the said Bridge, and of the full Width of Fifty three Feet from the End of such One hundred and forty Feet to *Thames Street* aforesaid.

Width of Street.

XXIII. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that Satisfaction should be made for the Value of Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be sustained by the making and completing the Works therein directed and authorized to be made, either in gross Sums or by annual Rents, (except in cases of Spiritual Persons, to whom Compensation for Glebe and Tythes should be made in manner therein directed,) as should be agreed upon between the said Company of Proprietors and the Parties interested: And Whereas it is expedient that so much of the said first recited Act as authorizes the Payment of such Recompense or Satisfaction by annual Rents should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted, That so much of the said first recited Act as authorizes any Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, and Tenant and Tenants for Life, and Tenant and Tenants in

Repealing Provision for making Satisfaction for Damages, &c. by annual Rents.

in Fee Tail, General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, whether in Possession, Remainder, Reversion, Expectancy or otherwise, and all Feoffees in Trust, Executors, Administrators, Femes Covert, Husbands, Guardians, Committees, Trustees and all and every other Person or Persons, who shall be seised, possessed of or interested in any Lands, Grounds, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, through, in or upon which the said Bridge and the Streets and Avenues thereto, and other Works, are thereby authorized to be built, made and constructed, to accept and receive Satisfaction for the Value of such Lands, Grounds, Buildings, Houses, Tenements, Wharfs and Hereditaments, and for the Damages to be sustained by the making and completing the Works thereby authorized to be made, by annual Rents in manner thereby directed, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Three Directors may give Receipts for Purchase Money of Lands resold.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That in all cases when the said Company shall sell and dispose of any Lands, Grounds, Erections, Buildings, Houses, Wharfs, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall not be wanted for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, it shall be lawful for any Three of the said Committee or Court of Direction to sign and give Receipts for the Money for which the same shall be sold; and such Receipts shall have the like Force and Effect as if the same had been signed by the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being to the said Company of Proprietors by virtue of the said first recited Act.

Power to lease Tolls for not more than Three Years.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall have full Power and Authority, after giving Fourteen Days' Notice in Writing, to be affixed on all the Turnpike Gates which shall then be erected by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, and advertising the same Twice in some Newspaper, published or circulated in the City of London, from time to time, to lease and demise the Tolls granted by the said first recited Act and this Act, or any Part or Parts thereof, for any Term or Terms of Years not exceeding Three Years at any one time, for the best Price that can be gotten for the same, payable at such times and under such Covenants as they the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall think fit, they the said Company having a Counterpart of such Lease or Leases, Demise or Demises, and taking such other sufficient Security from the Person or Persons to whom any such Tolls shall be leased or demised, for Payment of the Rents and Performance of the Covenants to be reserved and comprised in such Lease or Leases, Demise or Demises, as the said Company, or their Committee or Court of Direction, shall think fit.

XXVI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that no Person having Occasion to pass through any Turnpike or Toll Bar, where Toll should be taken by virtue of the said Act, with any Coach or other Carriage, Horse or other Cattle, and who should return the same Day through the same Turnpike or Toll Bar, with the same Coach or other Carriage, Horse or other Cattle, for which such Toll shall have been paid, be liable to pay on his, her or their Return the said Toll at such Turnpike or Toll Bar: And Whereas it is expedient that the said Provision should be repealed; Be it therefore enacted, That the said Provision shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Repeal of Clause for Tolls to be paid once a Day.

XXVII. And

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Committee or Court of Direction shall have full Power and Authority to contract or agree with any Person or Persons for his, her or their free Passage over the said Bridge, for any time or times not exceeding Three Years at any one time, for such Sum as to the said Committee or Court of Direction shall seem meet, and thereupon to issue one or more Ticket or Tickets to such Person or Persons to enable him, her or them to pass Toll-free over the said Bridge for the time for which such Contract shall have been made; and if any such Person or Persons shall lend or transfer such Ticket for the Use of any other Person or Persons, and whereby such other Person or Persons shall under Colour of such Ticket pass over the said Bridge Toll-free, such Person or Persons so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, for the Use of the said Company.

Committee may agree for Passage of Persons, and issue Tickets.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall and they are hereby directed and required to cause Notice to be given, by a Board to be constantly affixed on all the Turnpikes or Toll Houses to be erected on or near the said Bridge, in large legible Characters, that the Payment of Toll at any One Turnpike or Gate shall free and exempt the Person or Persons paying the same from Payment at any other Turnpike or Gate for and in respect of passing once over the said Bridge; and if any Person or Persons shall deface or obliterate any Part of the Notice on such Board, he, she or they shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

Notice of Payment of Toll to be given on a Board.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That all and every Toll Collector appointed either by the said Company of Proprietors, or by any Lessee or Lessees under them, to collect the Tolls payable at any Turnpike or Toll Gate, to be erected by virtue of the said Act, shall and he is hereby required to place his Christian and Surname, painted on a Board in legible Characters, in the Front or on some other conspicuous Part of the Toll House or Toll Gate, immediately upon his coming on Duty, and shall continue the same so placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty; and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as aforesaid, and keep the same there during the time aforesaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person or Persons than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of the said Act or this Act, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof and claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or suffer, or shall in anywise hinder any Person or Persons from reading such Christian or Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same or having paid the said Tolls, or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names on such Demand, or shall make use of any scurrilous or blasphemous Language to any Person or Persons travelling over the said Bridge, or shall, without sufficient Cause, detain or delay any Person or Persons travelling thereon, then and in every such case every such Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

Toll Collectors to put up their Names.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall happen about the Amount of Toll due, or the Charges of keeping or selling any Distress, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Person distraining

Disputes concerning Toll to be settled by a Justice.

distraining to retain the same, or the Money arising by the Sale thereof, (as the case may happen,) until the Amount of such Toll, and the Charges of making such Distresses, and of keeping and selling the same, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace of the County, Town or Place wherein such Dispute shall happen, who, upon Application to him made for that Purpose, shall examine the matter upon the Oath of the Parties or other Witness or Witnesses, (which Oath such Justice is hereby authorized to administer,) and shall determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and it shall be lawful for such Justice to assess and award such Costs to be paid by either of the Parties to the other as he shall think fit and reasonable; and in case of Non Payment thereof on Demand, such Costs shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party liable to pay the same by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice.

XXXI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that the said Company of Proprietors, or their Committee or Court of Direction, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, should pay or cause to be paid to the Commissioners appointed for carrying into Execution an Act passed in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of *Southwark*, otherwise called *The Clink* or *Bishop of Winchester's Liberty* in the Parish of *Saint Saviour, Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, and for other the Purposes therein mentioned, such annual Sum and Sums of Money as are expressed in and by the said first hereinbefore recited Act, as an Equivalent for the Loss the said Commissioners might sustain by the Non Payment of the Rates or Assessments in the said first recited Act mentioned: And Whereas since the passing of the said first recited Act, the said Act of the Twenty sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign has been repealed, and another Act was passed in lieu and stead thereof, in the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, intituled *An Act for better paving, cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets, Lanes and other public Passages and Places within the Manor of Southwark, otherwise called The Clink, or Bishop of Winchester's Liberty, in the Parish of Saint Saviour, Southwark, in the County of Surrey;* Be it therefore enacted, That all Sum and Sums of Money directed by the said first recited Act to be paid to the said Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution of the Twenty sixth Year of His said Majesty's Reign, shall be paid and payable to the Commissioners appointed to carry into Execution the said Act of the Fifty second Year of the said Reign, or to the Collector or Receiver, or Collectors or Receivers duly appointed under and by virtue of the said last mentioned Act, as an Equivalent and in lieu of such Rates or Assessments, in like manner to all Intents and Purposes as the same are payable to the said first mentioned Commissioners; and that the said Commissioners for carrying the said Act of the Fifty second Year of the said Reign into Execution, and their Collector or Receiver, Collectors or Receivers, shall have the same Powers and Authorities for demanding, recovering and receiving the said Sum and Sums of Money as are vested in the said first mentioned Commissioners in and by the said first recited Act of Parliament.

Compensation to the Commissioners of the Clink Pavements confirmed.

XXXII. Pro-

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in the said recited Act or this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed or construed to extend, to give to or invest the said Company of Proprietors, or any Person or Persons whomsoever, with any Right, Power or Authority which may at all interfere with the Rights, Powers, Authorities or Provisions heretofore granted and contained by and in the said Act passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty; but all the Rights, Powers and Authorities vested in the several Commissioners for carrying the said Act into Execution shall be as good, valid and effectual as if the said recited Acts and this Act had not been made; save and except as in and by the said recited Acts and this Act is and are particularly otherwise declared and enacted.

Saving the Rights of the Commissioners of the Clink Pavements.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts, and all and every the Tolls, Duties, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, matters and things whatsoever therein contained, so far as the same are not hereby repealed, shall extend and be construed to extend to operate and be in full Force and Effect with respect to all matters and things to be done, or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same and every of them, and every Part thereof, were repeated and reenacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the said recited Acts and this Act shall as to all matters and things whatsoever (except as aforesaid) be construed as One Act.

Extending the Provisions of the former Act to this Act.

XXXIV. And be it further enacted, That the Charges and Expences of obtaining and passing this Act shall be defrayed by the said Company, in preference to all other Payments.

Expences of the Act.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

Cap. xii.

An Act for altering, amending and extending the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Towns of *Manchester* and *Salford*, in the Parish of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.

49 G. 3. c. xciii.
53 G. 3. c. xx.

[11th April 1816.]

Cap. xiii.

An Act to enable *Temple West* Esquire, sole Proprietor of *The Royal Circus* or *Surrey Theatre*, situate in the Parish of *Saint George*, in the County of *Surrey*, to continue the same open, for public Amusement, for a limited time.

[11th April 1816.]

WHEREAS *Temple West* Esquire is the sole Proprietor of the Theatre called *The Royal Circus*, otherwise *The Surrey Theatre*, situate in the Parish of *Saint George, Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, which Theatre has been licensed annually for many Years for public Music and Dancing, pursuant to an Act passed in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the Second*, intituled *An Act for the better preventing Thefts and Robberies, and for regulating Places of public Entertainment, and punishing Persons keeping disorderly Houses: And Whereas His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County*

25 G. 2. c. 36.

of *Surrey*, at the last *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions for the said County, granted their Licence to the then Tenants or Occupiers of the said Theatre, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act, for public Music and Dancing in the said Theatre for One Year; but the said Tenants or Occupiers' Interest in the said Theatre expiring on the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, in the present Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, and the said Theatre then coming into the Possession of the said *Temple West*, the said Tenants or Occupiers cannot use the said Licence after that Day: And Whereas the said Tenants or Occupiers have refused to transfer the said Licence to the said *Temple West*, or to allow him to use the same from the said Twenty fifth Day of *March* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, till the next *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions for the said County of *Surrey*: And Whereas by the said Act a Licence under the same, for the Purposes therein mentioned, cannot be granted by the Justices of the Peace for the said County at any other time but at the *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions: And Whereas it will be attended with great Loss and Inconvenience to the said *Temple West*, if the said Theatre be not opened for the ensuing Season, whereby his Property in the same will become of considerable less Value, and much deteriorated; It is therefore expedient that the said *Temple West* should be allowed to keep open the said Theatre, for public Music and Dancing only, for the time hereinafter mentioned; but, by reason of the Circumstances aforesaid, and of the Restrictions contained in the said Act, the same cannot be done without the Aid and Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, at the next or any subsequent Quarter Sessions to be holden in and for the said County, or for any Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County, at the next or any subsequent Petty Sessions to be holden in and for the said County, or for the Liberty or Division in which the said Theatre is situate, at their Discretion to grant a Licence to the said *Temple West* to keep open the said Theatre, called *The Royal Circus* or *Surrey Theatre*, situate in the said Parish of *Saint George, Southwark*, in the said County of *Surrey*, for public Music and Dancing, from the Day of the Date of such last mentioned Licence until the next *Michaelmas* Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden in and for the said County of *Surrey*, in such and the same Manner, and subject to the same Rules, Regulations, Conditions and Penalties, as if the said Theatre were kept open for public Music and Dancing under and by virtue of the said Licence first hereinbefore mentioned.

The Theatre to be kept open for a limited time.

Public Act.

II. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xiv.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Preston Candonover* to *Basingstoke*, and from thence to *Alton*, in the County of *Southampton*. 35 G. 3. c. cxxxviii.

[11th April 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap. xv.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the Town of *Nantwich*, to *Wheelock Wharf*, in the Township of *Sandbach*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. [11th April 1816.]

[Additional Tolls on Sunday.]

Cap. xvi.

An Act for making and maintaining a Turnpike Road from the High Street in the Town of *Stourbridge*, in the County of *Worcester*, to the Boundary Stone between the Parish of *Worfield* and the Liberties of the Borough of *Bridgnorth*, in the County of *Salop*.

[11th April 1816.]

Cap. xvii.

An Act for more effectually repairing and improving the Road from *Stockport*, in the County of *Chester*, to the End of *Guide Lane*, in the County of *Lancaster*, and other Roads therein mentioned in the said Counties, and in the County of *York*; and for making a new Road from the said Road in *Bredbury*, to the Bridge over the River *Mersey* at *Portwood*, near the Town of *Stockport*. (a) 44 G. 3. c. xxiv. repealed.

[11th April 1816.]

[One Toll and One half Toll on Sundays, except for Milk.]

Cap. xviii.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from the Twenty Mile Stone, on *Egham Hill*, in the County of *Surrey*, to a Place called *Basingstone*, near the Town of *Bagshot*, in the Parish of *Windlebam*, in the same County. (a) 1 G. 2. Stat. 2. c. 6.
12 G. 2. c. 16.
3 G. 3. c. 47.
31 G. 3. c. cxxxiv. repealed.

[11th April 1816.]

[These Four Acts are previously repealed by 49 G. 3. c. lviii.]

Cap. xix.

An Act for erecting a new Gaol and Court House in the Burgh of *Ayr*, in the Shire of *Ayr*. [30th April 1816.]

Cap. xx.

An Act for the Incorporation of *The Highland Society of London*; for the better Management of the Funds of the Society; and for rendering its Exertions more extensive and beneficial to the Public.

[21st May 1816.]

‘ WHEREAS in the Year One thousand seven hundred and seventy eight, many Noblemen and Gentlemen connected with the Highlands and Islands of *Scotland*, with the View of establishing and supporting Schools in the Highlands, and in the Northern

Northern Parts of *Great Britain*; for relieving distressed High-landers at a Distance from their Native Homes; for preserving the Antiquities, and rescuing from Oblivion the valuable Remains of *Celtic Literature*, and for promoting the Improvement and general Welfare of the Northern Parts of *Great Britain*, formed themselves into a Society, called *The Highland Society of London*: And Whereas the said Society has raised a considerable Sum of Money by Subscription, and has applied the same agreeably to the Plan of their Institution, and by such Subscription have acquired sufficient Funds to carry into Effect the Purposes aforesaid: And Whereas those Purposes cannot be fully effected, nor the Funds be properly secured and applied, without the Authority of Parliament: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That His Royal Highness *Frederick Duke of York and Albany*, His Royal Highness *Edward Duke of Kent and Strathearn*, His Royal Highness *Augustus Frederick Duke of Susses* and Earl of *Inverness*, *Archibald Duke of Hamilton and Brandon*, *Charles William Duke of Buccleugh and Queensberry*, *Alexander Duke of Gordon*, *George William Duke of Argyll*, *John Duke of Atholl*, *James Duke of Montrose*, *George Marquis of Tweeddale*, *George Marquis of Stafford*, *John Marquis of Bute*, *Alexander Lord Dutton* commonly called *Marquis of Douglas and Clydesdale*; *George Lord Gordon* commonly called *Marquis of Huntly*; *Hugh Earl of Eglintoun*, *Archibald Earl of Cassilis*, *Francis Earl of Moray*, *John Earl of Strathmore*, *Thomas Earl of Kellie*, *Thomas Earl of Kinnoull*, *George Earl of Dalhousie*, *Thomas Earl of Selkirk*, *William Earl of Northesk*, *Alexander Earl of Balcarras*, *George Earl of Aboyne*, *John Earl of Breadalbane*, *George Earl of Aberdeen*, *George Earl of Dunmore*, *George Earl of Glasgow*, *Charles Earl of Harrington*, *William Earl of Mansfield*, *James Earl of Fife*, *Francis Earl of Moira*, *James Earl of Rosslyn*, *William Earl Cathcart*, the Right Honourable *Archibald Hamilton* commonly called *Lord Archibald Hamilton*; the Right Honourable *John Douglas Edward Henry Campbell* commonly called *Lord John Douglas Edward Henry Campbell*; the Right Honourable *Frederick Campbell* commonly called *Lord Frederick Campbell*; the Right Honourable *James Murray* commonly called *Lord James Murray*; the Right Honourable *George William Coventry* commonly called *Viscount Deerbury*; the Right Honourable *Thomas Cochrane* commonly called *Lord Cochrane*; the Right Honourable *John Campbell* commonly called *Viscount Glenorchy*; *James Ocbonear Lord Forbes*, *Alexander George Lord Saltoun*, *Robert Walter Lord Blantyre*, *Eric Lord Reay*, *Alexander Lord Elibank*, *Charles Lord Kinnaird*, *Thomas Lord Dundas*, *John Lord Cawdor*, *Alexander Lord Macdonald*, the Honourable *William Maule of Pannure*, the Honourable *Alexander Duff*, the Honourable *Peter Robert Drummond Burrell*, the Right Honourable Sir *William Grant Knight*, Master of the Rolls; the Right Honourable Sir *John Sinclair of Ulyster*, Baronet; the Right Honourable Sir *Archibald Macdonald of East Sbeem*, Baronet; the Right Honourable Sir *Charles Stuart*, Knight; the Right Honourable Sir *William Drummond of Logieatmend*, Knight; the

Corporation instituted for the Purposes of this Act.

the Right Honourable *William Dundas*, the Right Honourable *William Adam*, *William Macleod Bannatyne* Esquire, one of the Senators of the College of Justice; the Honourable *Hugh Arbuthnot*, the Honourable *Warwick Lake*, the Honourable *William Frazer*, Major General the Honourable *Godfrey Bosville*, the Honourable *Archibald Macdonald*, the Honourable *Dudley Macdonald*, Lieutenant General the Honourable *Sir John Abercrombie*, Knight; *Sir James Cockburn* of *Langton*, Baronet; *Sir Hugh Munro* of *Foulis*, Baronet; *Sir John Gordon Sinclair* of *Stevenson* and *Murkle*, Baronet; *Sir Neil Menzies* of that *Ilk*, Baronet; *Sir William Cunningham* of *Caprington*, Baronet; *Sir Alexander Grant* of *Dalvey*, Baronet; *Sir John Sinclair* of *Dunbeath*, Baronet; *Sir James Myles Ryddell* of *Ardnamurchan* and *Sunart*, Baronet; *Sir John Macpherson* of *Reny*, Baronet; *Sir John Murray Mac Gregor* of *Lanrick*, Baronet; *Sir Walter Farquhar* of *Gilmercroft*, Baronet; *Sir Alexander Macdonald Lockhart* of *Lee* and *Carnwath*, Baronet; *Sir William Frazer* of *Leadclune*, Baronet; *Sir Æneas Mackintosh* of that *Ilk*, Baronet; Lieutenant General *Sir Thomas Histop* of *Totbill*, Baronet; *Sir Ewen Cameron* of *Fasfern*, Baronet; General *Sir George Beckwith*, Knight; Major General *Sir Alan Cameron* of *Erracht*, Knight; Major General *Sir William Inglis*, Knight; Major General *Sir Denis Pack*, Knight; Major General *Sir Colquhoun Grant*, Knight; Colonel *Sir John Maclean*, Knight; Colonel *Sir Neil Campbell* of *Duntroon*, Knight; Colonel *Sir Colin Campbell*, Knight; *Sir Alexander Mackenzie* of *Avoch*, Knight; *Sir William Paxton*, Knight; the Honourable *Sir Thomas Strange* of *Madras*, Knight; Lieutenant Colonel *Sir George Elder*, Knight; *Sir John Downie*, Knight; *Andrew Adair* Younger of *Balbail*, Esquire; Major *Agnew*, *Madras Army*; *Grant Allan* of *Gower Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Grant Allan* the Younger of *Gower Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *William Charles Alston*, *William Anderson* of *Ruffel Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *George Arbuthnot* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Nathaniel Atcheson* of *Chapel Place*, *Duke Street*, *Westminster*, Esquire; General *James Balfour*, *James Balfour* of *Blunian*, Esquire; Captain *Balmain*, *Madras Army*; *Æneas Barkly* of *Lime Street Square*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Thomas Bell*, Esquire, one of the Sheriffs of the City of *London*; *John Hepburn Belsches* of *Invermay*, Esquire; *John Binny* of *Madras*, Esquire; *John Binny* of *Madras*, Esquire, Junior; *Phineas Bond* of *Baker Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Douglas Brodie* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Alexander Brodie* of *Arnhall*, Esquire; *Isaac Hawkins Browne* of *South Audley Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant General *Archibald Browne*, *John Brown* of *John Street*, *Adelpbi*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Brown* of *Upper Grovesnor Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Patrick Crauford Bruce* of *Glenelg*, Esquire: *P. Bruce* of *Madras*, Esquire; Captain *Thomas Buchanan*, *East India Service*; *John Burnett* of *Countesswells*, Esquire; *Adam Cameron* of *Surinam*, Esquire; *Donald Cameron* of *Lochiel*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *Duncan John Cameron*, *Tunbridge*; Lieutenant *John Cameron*, *Madras Army*; Captain *John Cameron*, *East India Service*; *Peter Cameron* Younger of *Fasfern*, Esquire; Major General *William Neville Cameron*; General *Alexander Campbell* of *Menzie*; *Alexander*

ander Campbell, Esquire, *Edinburgh*; *A. D. Campbell* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Archibald Campbell* of *Blytheswood*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *Archibald Campbell*, Lieutenant Colonel *Archibald Campbell*, Eighty fourth Regiment; Rear Admiral *Donald Campbell*, Lieutenant General *Duncan Campbell* of *Lochnell*, *Duncan Campbell* of *Tavistock Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Campbell* of *Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*, Esquire; *John Campbell* of *Red Lion Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Campbell* Esquire, Master in Chancery; Captain *Patrick Campbell*, Royal Navy; *Robert Campbell* of *Ardchattan*, Esquire; *Robert Campbell* of *Argyll Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Thomas Campbell* of *Sydenham*, Esquire; *Thomas Caw* of *Great Coram Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Chisholm* of that *Ilk*, Esquire; Colonel *Archibald Christie*; *Thomas Cockburn* of *Devonshire Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *James Cochrane* of *Madras*, Esquire; Colonel *Colebrook* of *Madras* Army; Lieutenant Colonel *James Conway* of the *Grove*, *Horn-dean*, in the County of *Southampton*; Lieutenant Colonel *Charles Cunningham*, *David Cunningham* of *Great Winchester Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *Dalrymple*, *Madras* Army; *Kirby Dalrymple* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Alexander Gray Davidson* of *Earl's Court Road*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant General *Alexander Dirum*; *Henry Davidson* of *Tulloch*, Esquire; *Humphrey Donaldson* of *Whitehall*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Douglas* Younger of *Castle Douglas*, Esquire; *Robert Downie* of *Forres*, Esquire; General *Andrew John Drummond* of *Strathallan*; *James Drummond* Younger of *Strathallan*, Esquire; *George Harley Drummond* of *Drumtochty Castle*, Esquire; *John Duff* of *Drummuir*, Esquire; *James Beveridge Duncan* of *Damside*, Esquire; *James Beveridge Duncan* Younger of *Damside*, Esquire; the Right Honourable *Hugh Elliot* of *Madras*; Captain *Elliot*, *Madras* Army; Captain *Augustus Frederick D'Este*, *Mac Morbar Innerneis*; *John Farquharson* of *Haughton*, Esquire; *William Farquharson* of *Monaltrie*, Esquire; *John Fleming* of *Gloucester Place*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Doctor of Physic; *James Flemying* of the City Chambers, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Robert Stewart Flemying* of *Killichasse*, Esquire; *Bartholomew Forbes* of *Change Alley*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; Major General *Benjamin Forbes*, *Charles Forbes* of *Auchmedden*, Esquire; *John Forbes* of *New*, Esquire; *Michie Forbes* of *Fitzroy Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Rear Admiral *Alexander Fraser*, *Alexander Fraser* of *Lincoln's Inn Fields*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Charles Fraser* of *Inveralochy* and *Castle Fraser*, Esquire; *Duncan Fraser* of *Fingask*, Esquire; Lieutenant *Frederick Alexander Fraser*, Seventy eighth Highlanders; *George Fraser* of the New City Chambers, in the City of *London*, Esquire; Colonel *Hastings Fraser*, Eighty sixth Regiment; Lieutenant Colonel *Hugh Fraser*, *Madras* Army; *James Fraser* of *Belladrum*, Esquire; *John Fraser* of *Acnagairn*, Esquire; *John Fraser* of *Aiton Place*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Hutchinson Fraser* of *Finnellan*, Esquire; *Simon Fraser* Younger of *Belladrum*, Esquire; Captain *Thomas Fraser*, *Madras* Army; *Thomas Fraser* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Thomas Fraser* of *Newton*, Esquire; Captain *Fraser*, Town Major of *Madras*;

Madras; *William Frazer*, Younger of *Leadclune*, Esquire; *Charles Fullarton* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Robert Fullarton* of *Madras*, Esquire; *John Galt* of *Lindsay Terrace, Chelsea*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Borthwick Gilchrist*, Doctor of Laws, *Edinburgh*; *Mungo Gilmore* of *Stamford Hill*, Esquire; *John Goldie* of *Madras*, Esquire; *George Gordon* of *Park Street, Westminster*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Brigade Major *John Gordon*, *Madras Army*; *Robert Home Gordon* of *Embo*, Esquire; *Alexander Cray Grant* Younger of *Dalvey*, Esquire; *Alexander Grant* of *Serjeants' Inn*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Alexander Grant* of *Fleet Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; Captain *Alexander Grant*, *East India Service*; Captain *Charles Grant*, *Royal Navy*; *Charles Grant* of the Island of *Jamaica*, Esquire; Colonel *Colquhoun Grant*, *David Macdowall Grant* of *Arndilly*, Esquire; *Francis A. Grant* of *Madras*, Esquire; *George Grant* of *Mark Lane*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *James Grant* of *Corriemony*, Esquire; Captain *James Ludovick Grant*, *East India Service*; *James Robert Grant*, of *Mulachard*, Esquire; *John Peter Grant* of *Rotbiemurchus*, Esquire; Lieutenant *John Grant*, Eighty sixth Regiment; Colonel *Lewis Grant*, Seventieth Regiment; *Peter Grant*, Esquire; *Peter Grant* of the Island of *Jamaica*, Esquire; Major *Robert Grant*, Fifty sixth Regiment; *Robert Innes Grant*, Esquire; Major General *William Grant*; *S. H. Greig* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Charles Hamilton* of the City of *York*, Esquire; *James Hamilton* of *Hunter Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Colonel *John Hamilton* of *Queen Square, Bloomsbury*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant General *George Vaughan Hart*; *George Hay* of *Madras*, Esquire; *Robert Hay* of *Tavistock Place*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Captain *William Hay*, *East India Service*; *William Henderson* of *Great Saint Helen's*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *D. Hill* of *Madras*, Esquire; *William Horsfeman* of *Madras*, Doctor of Physic; *Thomas Hofsason* of *Harley Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Hofsason* of the Island of *Jamaica*, Esquire; *J. R. Hume*, Esquire; *Thomas Hutcheon* of *Warnford Court*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Hugh Innes* of *Lochalsh*, Esquire; Colonel *James Innes*, *Madras Army*; *John Innes* of *Broad Street Buildings*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *John Innes* of *Coptball Court*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Charles Ker* of *Sloane Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Doctor of Physic; Lieutenant General *John Manners Ker*, *George Kinloch* of *Brunswick Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *James Kinloch* of *Jermyn Street* in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Knox*, Esquire; *Alexander Lamb* of *Princes Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *James Lindsay* of the *Albany*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Captain *Low*, *Madras Army*; Major General *Keith Macalister*, Captain *Heñor Macalister*, *Dunoon Mac Arthur* of *Deal*, Doctor of Physic; *John Mac Arthur* of *Hinton Lodge*, in the County of *Hants*, Doctor of Laws; *John Joseph Alphonso Mac Arthur* of *Lincoln's Inn*, Esquire; *John Mac Arthur* of *New South Wales*, Esquire; *Duncan Mac Cullum* of *Bishopgate Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Robert Mac Conochie* of *Madras*, Esquire; Colonel *Alexander Macdonald* of *Lyndale*, Major *Alexander Macdonald*, Seventy sixth Regiment; *Alexander Macdonald* of *Broad Street Buildings*, in the

City

City of London, Esquire; *Angus Macdonald of Pall Mall Court*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Donald Macdonald*, Esquire, Brother of *Clanronald*; *James Macdonald*, Younger of *East Sbeem*, Esquire; *James Macdonald of Inverness*, Esquire; *John Macdonald of Montreal*, Esquire; *John Macdonald of Kennington Common*, Esquire; Colonel *John Macdonald*, Bengal Artillery; Lieutenant Colonel *John Macdonald of Queen Anne Street East*, in the County of *Middlesex*; Lieutenant Colonel *John Macdonald Younger of Scalpa*; *John Macdonald of Bury Court, Saint Mary Axe*, in the City of London, Esquire; *John Macdonald of Forres*, Doctor of Physic; General *John Macdonald, Bengal*; *Reginald George Macdonald of Clanronald*, Esquire; Colonel *Alexander Macdonell of Glengarry*, Reverend *Alexander Macdonell of Upper Canada*, *E. Macdonell of Madras*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *James Macdonell*, Coldstream Guards; Lieutenant Colonel *Macdonell, Madras Army*; *Simon Mac Gillivray of Suffolk Lane*, in the City of London, Esquire; *William Mac Gillivray of Montreal*, Esquire; Major *Duncan Mac Gregor*, Seventy eighth Highlanders; *Charles Mackintosh of Bombay*, Esquire; Captain *John Mackintosh, East India Service*; Captain *Mackintosh, Madras Artillery*; Major General *John Macintyre, John Macintyre of Jamaica*, Esquire; *John Macintyre of Bengal*, Esquire; *Duncan Mackay of Demerara*, Esquire; *Heñor Mackay of Jamaica*, Esquire; Captain *John Mackellar*, Royal Navy; Lieutenant General *Alexander Mackenzie of Fairbairn*; *Alexander Mackenzie of Queen Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Colin Alexander Mackenzie of the Albany*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Daniel Mackenzie*, Esquire, *Canada*; *Duncan Mackenzie*, Esquire, *Keppoch*; *Henry Mackenzie*, Esquire, *Canada*; Colonel *Jabez Mackenzie*; *John Mackenzie*, Esquire; Paymaster Rifle Brigade; *John Mackenzie of Bishopsgate Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Mackenzie*, Esquire, *Bengal*; *Kenneth Mackenzie of Portland Place*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Kenneth Mackenzie of Torridon*, Esquire; *Thomas Mackenzie of Queen Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Reverend *William Mackenzie of Smarden*, Captain *Wedderburn Mackenzie*, *John Mackerrrell*, Esquire, *Madras*; *Robert Mackerrrell of Watling Street*, in the City of London, Esquire; *John Mackie of Mill Hill*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Donald Mackinnon of John Street, Adelphi*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Doctor of Physic; Lieutenant Colonel *Daniel Mackinnon*, Coldstream Guards; *William Alexander Mackinnon of that Ilk*, Esquire; Captain *Archibald MacLaine*, Eighty sixth Regiment; *Alexander Macleay of Queen Square, Westminster*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Kenneth Macleay of Newmore*, Esquire; Lieutenant *Alexander Maclean*, Eighty sixth Regiment; Lieutenant *Duncan Maclean*, Eighty sixth Regiment; Captain *Thomas Maclean, Madras Army*; *Archibald Norman Macleod*, Esquire, *Canada*; Captain *C. Macleod, Madras Army*; Captain *Donald Macleod, East India Service*; *Donald Macleod of Geanies*, Esquire; *James Crauford Macleod*, Younger of *Geanies*, Esquire; Colonel *John Macleod of Colbeck*, *J. M. Macleod*, Esquire, *Madras*; Reverend *Roderick Macleod of St. Ann's Sobo*, Doctor of Divinity; Colonel *William Macleod, Parson's Green*; *Buchannan Macmillan of Bow Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *James Macnair*, Esquire; *Roderick Macnair*, Younger

Younger of *Barra*, Esquire, Captain Twenty third Dragoons; *Duncan Macpherson* of *Cluny*, Esquire; *James Macpherson* of *Belleville*, Esquire; Major General *Lachlan Macquarrie*, Governor of *New South Wales*; *Malcolm Macqueen* of *Ridgmont*, in the County of *Bedford*, Esquire; *Thomas Potter Macqueen*, Younger of *Ridgmont*, Esquire; *Alexander Macrae*, Esquire, of *Clarendon, Jamaica*; *Alexander Macrae*, Esquire, of *Demerara*; Major *Colin Macrae*, late of the Seventy fifth Regiment; *Colin Macrae*, Esquire of *Demerara*; *Colin Macrae* of *Furnival's Inn*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *John Macrae*, Esquire, *Bengal*; *Kenneth Murchison Macrae* of that *Ilk*, Esquire; *William Mactaggart*, Esquire, *Madras*; Colonel *Alexander Mair*, Deputy Governor *Fort Saint George*; *Neil Malcolm* of *Pottalloch*, Esquire; *Marmaduke William Constable Maxwell* of *Nithsdale*, Esquire; *David Milligan* of *Wimpole Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Robert Milligan* of *Wimpole Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Alexander Milne* of *Whitehall Place*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *William Mitchell* of *Harley Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; General *James Montgomerie*; Major *Alexander Morrison*, *Gunnerybury House, Brentford*; *John Morrison* of *Anchintoul*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *William Morrison*, *Madras Army*; *Robert Muir* of *Milden Hall*, in the County of *Suffolk*, Esquire; Lieutenant *Donald Munro*, Eighty sixth Regiment; *George Gun Munro* of *Grenada*, Esquire; *Hugh Munro* of *Tanninich*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *Robert Munro* of *Livingstone*, Colonel *Thomas Munro*, *Madras Army*; *Walter Ross Munro* of *Seymour Place*, Esquire; *William Munro* of *Thames Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; Colonel *Murray*, *Madras Army*; Colonel *Alexander Mac Gregor Murray*, *Evan John Mac Gregor Murray* of *Glencairnraig*, Esquire; Honourable *L. G. H. Murray*, *Madras*; Colonel *Robert Mac Gregor Murray*, *William Murray*, Esquire, *Barbadoes*; Colonel *Ogg*, *Madras Army*; *James Ogilvie*, Esquire; *John Ogilvie*, Esquire, *Canada*; *John Hugh D. Ogilvie*, Esquire, *Madras*; Captain *Patullo*, *Madras Army*; Lieutenant *Archibald Paxton*, Eleventh Dragoons; Major *Prendergast*, *Madras Army*; *Charles Rait* of *Fenchurch Street*, Esquire; *Andrew Reid* of *Russell Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant *Riddell*, *Madras Army*; *Andrew Robertson*, of *Gerrard Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Colin Robertson* of *Russell Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Divie Robertson* of *Bedford Square*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Lieutenant Colonel *Donald Robertson*, *Ebenexer Robertson* of *Lincoln's Inn Fields*, Esquire; *Francis Robertson* of *Lincoln's Inn Fields*, Esquire; Colonel *W. Philip Colyear Robertson*, Captain *John Rose*, *East India Service*; *Alexander Ross* of *Cromarty*, Esquire; *Gilbert Saltoun*, Esquire, *Bermuda*; *Andrew Scott*, Esquire, *Madras*; Captain *Hugh Scott*, *Madras Army*; Captain *John Scott*, *Madras Army*; *Angus Shaw*, Esquire, *Quebec*; *Geddes Mackenzie Simson* of *Tower Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; *Alexander Sinclair*, Esquire, *Madras*; Captain *Alexander Skene*, *Royal Navy*; *Andrew Smith Skene*, Esquire; *William Smith*, Esquire; *John Spottiswoode* of that *Ilk*, Esquire; *Alexander Stewart* of *Bonsheid*, Esquire; *Alexander Stewart*, Esquire, *Madras*; Major *Alexander Stewart*, Colonel *David Stewart*, *Garth*; *Robert Stewart*, Esquire, *Haddington*; *Robert Stewart*, Esquire,

Esquire, *Iste of Man*; *William Stewart of Piccadilly*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Esquire; Honourable *James Strange, Madras*; *Hugh Stuart*, Esquire, Foreign Office; *R. S. Stuart of Alderston*, Esquire; Lieutenant General *Robert Stuart of Raith*; *J. Sutherland*, Esquire, *Bombay*; *William Tate* of the *Old Jewry*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *Thomas Telford*, Esquire; *Richard Townsend the Younger*, of *Lime Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *John Tullob*, Esquire, *Bengal*; Colonel *Charles Turner of Seymour Street*, in the County of *Middlesex*; *Walter Urquhart of Warles*, Esquire; *Robert Warden*, Esquire; *A. Watson*, Doctor of Physic, *Madras*; *John Watson of Mincing Lane*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; *John Wedderburn of Leadenhall Street*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; General *Wemyss of that ilk*; *Benjamin Webb*, Esquire, President of the Royal Academy; *George Young of Aulfin Friars*, in the City of *London*, Esquire; together with all and every Person who shall be admitted into the said Society as a Member thereof, in manner herein mentioned, shall be One Body Corporate, by the Name of *The Highland Society of London*; and that by the same Name they shall have perpetual Succession, and a Common Seal, with Power to change, alter, break, and make new the same, when and as often as they shall judge the same to be expedient; and that they and their Successors, by the same Name, may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered, in all or any Court or Courts of Record, and Places of Judicature within this Kingdom; and that they and their Successors, by the Name aforesaid, shall be able and capable in Law to have, hold, receive, enjoy, possess and retain, for the Ends and Purposes of this Act, and in trust, and for the Benefit of the said Society, all such Sum and Sums of Money as have been paid, given, devised or bequeathed, or shall at any time or times hereafter be paid, given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well disposed Person or Persons, to and for the Ends and Purposes in this Act mentioned; and that they and their Successors, by the Name aforesaid, shall and may at any time hereafter, without Licence, in Mortmain, purchase, take or receive, hold and enjoy, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Estate or Interest therein, for the Purposes of the said Charity, not exceeding Five Thousand Pounds in Value.

Common Seal,
&c.

Society may take
Lands in Mort-
main.

Appointment of
Officers.

II. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Royal Highness *Frederick Duke of York and Albany* shall be, and he is hereby appointed President of the said Corporation; and that the Right Honourable *James Murray*, commonly called Lord *James Murray*; the Right Honourable *Alexander George Lord Saltoun*; the Right Honourable Sir *Archibald Macdonald of East Sheen*, Baronet; General Sir *George Beckwith*, Knight, Grand Cross of the most Honourable Order of the Bath; and Colonel *Alexander Macdonell of Glengarry*, shall be, and are hereby appointed the Vice Presidents of the same; and that *David Cunningham*, Esquire; *John Galt*, Esquire; *William Henderfon*, Esquire; *Alexander Lamb*, Esquire; *James Lindsay*, Esquire; *Alexander Macleay*, Esquire; *Donald Mackinnon*, Doctor of Physic; *Kenneth Murchison Macrae*, Esquire; *William Munro*, Esquire; *Andrew Robertson*, Esquire; *Geddes Mackenzie Simson*, Esquire; and *George Young*, Esquire, shall be, and they are hereby appointed a Committee of Directors for the Management of the Affairs and Business of the said Corporation, whereof Five at the least may proceed to transact the said Affairs; and that

that *Simon Mac Gillivray*, *Divie Robertson*, and *James Hamilton*, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed the Treasurers of the said Corporation; and that *Simon Mac Gillivray*, and *James Hamilton*, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Secretaries of the same; and that *Grant Allan*, *Alexander Grant*, and *Colin Robertson*, Esquires, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Auditors of the same; and that *Colin Macrae*, Esquire, shall be, and he is hereby appointed the Deputy Secretary of the same; and that the Reverend *William Mackenzie* and *Roderick Macleod*, Doctor of Divinity, shall be, and they are hereby appointed Chaplains of the same; and that the said several Officers shall continue in their respective Offices until the Twenty first Day of *March*, which shall be in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen; and that the said President, or in his Absence One or more of the Vice Presidents, or of the Treasurers, with any Twelve or more of the Members of the said Corporation; or in the Absence of the President, all the Vice Presidents and Treasurers, any Fifteen or more of the Members of the said Corporation, shall compose a General Court; and that the First General Court shall be holden on the Third *Saturday* in *May*, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and sixteen, at such House or Place as the said Corporation shall then occupy or use for carrying on the Business of the same, and shall then, and from time to time, be adjourned to such House or Place as, for the time being, shall be so occupied or used, or to such other Place as they shall deem expedient, (due Notice being given thereof as hereinafter mentioned,) at such time or times as the said Court shall think necessary, for the due Execution of this Act; and that a General Court of the said Corporation shall be holden Four times at least in every Year, that is to say, on the Third *Saturday* in the Month of *February*, the Twenty first Day of *March*, the Third *Saturday* in the Month of *April*, and the Third *Saturday* in the Month of *May*; and, in case the said Twenty first Day of *March* should happen to fall on a *Sunday* or *Good Friday*, then, and in that case, the said General Court shall be holden on the Twenty second, the Day immediately following; and Notice of each such General Courts shall be given in Two of the Public Newspapers, Ten Days at least before the holding of every such Court; and whenever Occasion shall require, a Special General Court shall be holden by Order of the Committee of Directors, or the major Part of them assembled at any of their Meetings, or upon the Requisition of any Nine of the Members, signified in Writing to any One of the Secretaries for the time being, and subscribed by such Members, upon the like Notice thereof being given Ten Days at least before the holding of the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That all Persons desirous of becoming Members of the said Society, shall be proposed at one of the General or Special General Meetings of the same, or at any Meeting of the Committee of Directors, and at no other time, by Two Members of the said Society, who shall insert in a Book, to be kept for that Purpose, the Name and Place of Abode of such Person, together with their own Name; and that each of the Persons so proposed, shall be severally put in Nomination at the next ensuing General or Special General Court; and that the Members then present, shall proceed to a Ballot, and such Persons shall be declared to be duly elected as shall appear to be approved of by Three Parts in Four of the

Who may compose a General Court.

First General Court.

General Courts.

Special General Courts.

Members to be proposed at General or Special General Courts;

and to be elected by Ballot.

Ballot, by Consent, dispensed with,

Honorary Members may be chosen.

Election of President, Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors, Directors, Secretaries, Deputy Secretary and Chaplains.

General Courts may delegate Powers to Committee of Directors; order and dispose of Common Seal; make Bye Laws, and revoke and alter the same.

the Members balloting, and shall before his Admission, pay into the Hands of One of the Treasurers of the said Society, the Sum of Twenty six Pounds Five Shillings: Provided always, that if in any case it shall be the unanimous Desire of the Members present at such Election, that the Ballot should be dispensed with, and that the Person then in Nomination should be elected a Member of the said Society, such Person so elected, shall be deemed and taken to have been elected by Ballot, and shall be admitted a Member of the said Society, on Payment of the Sum aforesaid.

‘ IV. And Whereas certain Persons have been chosen Honorary Members of the said Society, and it may be expedient that others should be chosen in future ;’ Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Number of such Members may be chosen in manner aforesaid, not exceeding Twenty such Members.

V. And be it further enacted, That at the General Court that shall be holden on the Third *Saturday* in *February*, in the Year One thousand eight hundred and seventeen, there shall be chosen a President, Five Vice Presidents, Three Treasurers, Three Auditors, Twelve Directors, Two Secretaries, One Under Secretary and Two Chaplains, to serve for the Space of One Year only, to commence from the Twenty first Day of *March* next ensuing; and that the like Election of the Officers aforesaid, shall be made at the said General Court Yearly, and in every Year; and in case any of the Offices aforesaid shall become vacant by Death, Resignation or otherwise, another Person shall from time to time be chosen to serve in the Place of such Officer, during the Remainder of the Term for which the Person whose Office shall have become vacant, was chosen, and no longer; and the President and Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors and Secretaries for the time being, shall be Members of the said Committee over and above the Twelve Directors to be elected as aforesaid; and also all such Members as shall have served the Offices of President, Vice President, Treasurer or Secretary of the said Society; and the Members of the said Corporation, assembled at any such General Court as aforesaid, or the major Part of them so assembled, shall have full Power and Authority, in the Name of the said Corporation, and on their Account, to apply and dispose of the Monies and Funds already given, and which shall from time to time be contributed and given by any Person or Persons, on account of the said Society, and all other Monies and Funds belonging, or to belong to the said hereby created Corporation, to and for the Purposes aforesaid, and to or for any other Purpose, Matter or any thing relating to the same, and for the Benefit thereof, at their Discretion; and with and under their Common Seal, to enter into any Covenants and Contracts for the Purposes aforesaid, and for any other Purpose or Purposes for the better effecting and carrying on the Uses and Designs aforesaid; and to do, manage, transact and determine all such other matters and things, as shall to them, at any such Court, appear to be necessary or proper for effecting and carrying on the Purposes aforesaid; and shall and may delegate such Power and Authority to the said Committee of Directors, as they shall think necessary for the more speedy, easy and effectual Execution of this Act; and it shall and may be lawful to and for the Members of the said Corporation, in a General Court assembled only, or the major Part of them, so as aforesaid, to order and dispose of the Custody of the said Common Seal, and the

Use and Application thereof; and to make, ordain and constitute such and so many Bye Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances, as to them, or the greater Number of them then and there present, shall seem necessary and convenient, touching or in anywise concerning the Affairs and Business, and the better governing, regulating, ordering and managing of the said hereby erected Corporation, and of the Officers, Servants and Persons employed in and about the Affairs thereof; and for auditing the Accounts of the said Corporation; and the same Bye Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances so made, to put in use and enforce accordingly, and at their Will and Pleasure to revoke, change and alter the same or any Part of them; which said Bye Laws, Constitutions and Ordinances which shall be so made as aforesaid, shall be duly kept and observed, provided that the same be reasonable, and not contrary or repugnant to the Statutes, Customs or Laws of the United Kingdom, or to any thing in this Act contained.

VI. Provided nevertheless, That no such Bye Law, Rule, or Ordinance shall be binding, or have any Force or Effect, until the same shall have been agreed to and confirmed by the next succeeding General Court, whether Quarterly or Extraordinary, and that the same Method shall be observed in altering or repealing any such Bye Laws, Rules, Orders or Ordinances.

VII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons in whose Name or Names any Sum or Sums of Money, Stocks, Funds, Annuities, Mortgages, Securities for Money or other Effects whatsoever, shall at the time of passing this Act stand, or be secured, the beneficial Interest wherein respectively shall belong to the said Society hereby incorporated, shall forthwith, after the passing of this Act, transfer and assign the same respectively, so and in such manner as that the same shall be vested in the hereby erected Corporation, by the Name, Style and Title hereinafore mentioned and enacted.

VIII. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Treasurers for the time being of the said hereby erected Corporation, and they are hereby authorized and required from time to time, by and with the Consent and Approbation of the Committee of Directors thereof for the time being, or the major Part of such Committee present at any of their Meetings, to lay out and invest all or any such Sum or Sums of Money as have or hath been, or shall hereafter be given, devised or bequeathed by any charitable or well disposed Person or Persons, to and for the said Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned, or any Part thereof, other than and except such and so much thereof, as the Exigencies of the said Corporation shall call for the immediate Application or Expenditure of, in any of the Public Funds, in the Name of the said hereby erected Corporation.

IX. And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the Dividends, Interest and Annual Proceeds, which shall from time to time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging, or which shall at any time belong to the said hereby erected Corporation, shall from time to time be applied to and for the Uses, Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned.

X. And be it further enacted, That all Questions upon the Proceedings of the said Corporation at any General Court or Committee

No Bye Law binding unless confirmed by a General Court.

Persons in whose Names Monies are invested, &c. to transfer and assign the same to the Corporation.

Power to Treasurers, with Consent of Committee, to invest Monies in the Funds.

Dividends to be applied for the Purposes of this Act.

Questions to be decided by Vote, except in the

Election of
Members.

of Directors, shall be decided by Vote; and in case of an Equality of Voices, the President or Chairman shall have the Casting Vote, save and except in the Case of the Election of Members, as herein mentioned.

Power to General Court to fill up Vacancies.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Members of the said Corporation, at a General Court, or the major Part of them present at such General Court, shall have Power from time to time, and at all times, to fill up any Vacancy or Vacancies of President, Vice Presidents, Treasurers, Auditors, Directors, Secretaries, Deputy Secretary and Chaplains, and appoint such other Officers, Servants and other Persons, as they shall think necessary to employ for the Purposes, and in the Execution of this Act; and from time to time, suspend or remove all such Servants, or other Persons, or any or either of them, as they shall think fit, and appoint others in case of Death, or such Suspension or Removal; and may out of the Monies to be received for the Purposes of this Act, make reasonable Allowances to all such Servants, and other Persons, for their Services; and that all and every such Officers, and Servants, and other Persons of every Description, shall from time to time, when thereunto required by the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, make and render to the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, a true, exact and perfect Account in Writing under their respective Hands, of all Monies which he, she or they, and every of them respectively, shall to that time have received, paid and disbursed, by virtue of this Act, or by reason of their respective Offices; and in case any Money so received, shall remain in their, or any of their Hands, the same shall be paid to the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint to receive the same; and in case any such Officer or other Person shall not make and render, or shall refuse to verify any such Account, or to make any such Payment as aforesaid, then any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, or for the City of *London*, or for such County as the said Society shall for the time being be situated in, shall and may, upon Complaint to them, make Enquiry of and concerning such Default in a summary way, (as well by Confession of the Parties themselves as by the Testimony of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, upon Oath or Affirmation, which the said Justices are hereby empowered and required to administer); and if it shall appear to such Justices, that any of the Monies that shall have been received for the Purposes of this Act, shall remain due from such Officer or Servant, such Justices may, and are hereby authorized and required, upon Non Payment thereof, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to cause such Money to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Servant; and if no Goods or Chattels of such Officer or Servant can be found sufficient to answer and satisfy the said Money, and the Charges of distraining and selling the said Goods and Chattels of such Officer or Servant, or if it shall appear to such Justices, that such Officer or Servant shall have refused, or wilfully neglected to render or give such Account, or to verify the same as aforesaid, or to produce the Vouchers relating thereto, or that any Books, Papers or Writings relating to the said Corporation shall be in the Custody or Power of such Officer or Servant, and he shall have refused, or wilfully neglected to deliver or give Satisfaction respecting the

Committee may suspend or remove Officers and Servants.

Officers to account, &c.

Officer not accounting or refusing to verify Accounts, Two Justices of Peace may enquire thereof on Oath of Witnesses and levy Money remaining due from such Officer by Distress.

the same, then and in each and every such case, such Justices shall upon Conviction, commit the Party offending, to the Common Gaol of the County of *Middlesex*, or the City of *London*, or of such County as the said Society shall for the time being be situated in, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize until he, she or they, shall have made a true and perfect Account and Payment as aforesaid, or until he, she or they, shall have compounded and agreed with the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, and until he, she or they, shall have paid such Composition Money, which Composition the said Committee, or any Five or more of them, are hereby empowered to make and receive: Provided always, that no Officer or Person who shall be so committed for want of sufficient Distress, shall be detained in Prison by virtue of this Act for any longer Space of time than Six Calendar Months.

Imprisonment.

Proviso as to Duration of Imprisonment.

XII. Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurers for the time being of the said Corporation, shall give in their Accounts from time to time, when required either by the Committee of Directors at any of their Meetings, or at a General Court, there to be examined and allowed or disallowed; and shall pay over all the Monies remaining in their Hands, and transfer all or any Funds which may at any time be standing in their Names as Treasurers as aforesaid, to the Treasurers immediately succeeding them, on Demand by such succeeding Treasurers, with the Authority of the Committee, or of the General Court at which succeeding Treasurers shall be elected or appointed.

Treasurers to account to the Committee, or at a General Court.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall think himself, herself or themselves aggrieved by any Order, Judgment or Determination of any Justice or Justices of the Peace acting in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons may appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the First General Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the County, City or Place within which the Matter of Appeal shall arise, next after the Expiration of One Calendar Month from the time such Matter of Appeal shall have arisen; the Person or Persons appealing having first given Ten Days' Notice at least, of his, her or their Intention to bring such Appeal, and of the Matter thereof, to the Person or Persons appealed against; and forthwith after such Notice, entering into a Recognizance before some Justice of the Peace for such County, City or Place, with Two sufficient Sureties, conditioned to try such Appeal, and abide the Award and Order of the said Court thereon; and the said Justices at such Session, upon due Proof of such Notice having been given, and Recognizance entered into, are hereby authorized and required to hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal in a summary way, and to make such Determination therein; and to award such Costs to either of the Parties or otherwise, as they the said Justices shall judge proper; and all such Determinations of the said Justices shall be binding, final and conclusive to and upon all Parties to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Appeal.

Costs.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Action shall be brought, or Suit commenced, against any Person or Persons, for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Premises, or any of them, every such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought within Six Calendar Months next after the Cause of such Suit or Action shall have arisen, in the County where the Cause of such

Limitation of Actions.

General Issue.

Action shall have arisen, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Actions, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if such Action or Suit shall not be brought within the time before limited, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or if upon Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs, and shall have such Remedy for recovering the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs in other cases by Law.

Public Act.

XV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xxi.

An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes in the County of *Middlesex*, lying between the Parish of *Saint Luke Chelsea*, and the Mouth of the River *Colne*, near *Staines*; and also between *Limehouse Hole* and the Mouth of the River *Lee*, near *Blackwall*; and also within the several Parishes in the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, adjoining to both Banks of the River *Lee*, and the Branches thereof, between the River *Thames* and *Edmonton*. [21st May 1816.]

47 G. 3. Sess. 2.
c. 68. § 78—90.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Acts for regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent, and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same*, certain Land Coal Meters were continued or appointed for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals within the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and for that Part of the Duchy of *Cornwall* adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary-le-bone*, and such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew Holborn*, as is in the County of *Middlesex*; and also for the City of *London*, and between *Tower Dock* and *Limehouse Hole*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and also for the several Parishes of *Egham*, *Thorpe*, *Chertsey*, *Weybridge*, *Walton on Thames*, *West Moulsey*, *Thames Ditton*, *Kingston*, *Richmond*, *Mortlake*, *Barnes*, *Croydon*, *Mitcham*, *Putney*, *Wandsworth*, *Battersea*, *Lambeth*, *Christchurch*, *Newington*, *Saint George in the Borough of Southwark*, *Saint Saviour’s*, *Saint Olave*, *Saint Thomas*, *Saint John*, *Saint Mary Magdalen*, *Bermondsey*, and *Saint Mary Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*, and certain Regulations were thereby made respecting the Vend and Delivery of Coals sold within the same Places respectively: And Whereas the Regulations contained in the said Act have proved very beneficial to the Consumers of Coals within the Places aforesaid,

' said, by preventing the Commission of Frauds in the Vend and
 ' Delivery thereof; and it is apprehended that it would be of great
 ' Benefit to the Inhabitants of the several Parishes in the County of
 ' *Middlesex*, lying upon, or adjoining to the North Side or Bank of
 ' the River *Thames*, between the Parish of *Saint Luke Chelsea*, and
 ' the Mouth or Entrance of the River *Colne* near *Staines*; and also
 ' between *Limehouse Hole* and the Mouth or Entrance of the River
 ' *Lee* or *Bow Creek*, near *Blackwall*, and of the several Parishes in
 ' the Counties of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, lying upon, or adjoining to
 ' the River *Lee* or *Bow Creek*, and to the various Branches and
 ' Streams thereof, on both Sides or Banks thereof, between the
 ' River *Thames* and the Parish of *Edmonton*, in the said County of
 ' *Middlesex*, if Provisions were made to prevent Frauds in the Ad-
 ' measurement and Delivery of Coals sold within the same: May it
 therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it
 enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of the same, That from and immediately after the First of *June* next,
 there shall be provided or continued at or near to *Hammer-smith* in
 the said County of *Middlesex*, One Public Office, which shall be
 deemed and taken to be the principal Land Coal Meter's Office
 for the several Parishes, Hamlets and Places, in the County of *Mid-*
dlesex, lying upon and adjoining to the North Side or Bank of the
 River *Thames*, between the Parish of *Saint Luke, Chelsea*, and the
 Mouth or Entrance of the said River *Colne* near *Staines*; and also
 between *Limehouse Hole*, and the Mouth or Entrance of the said River
Lee or *Bow Creek*; and also for the several Parishes in the Counties
 of *Middlesex* and *Essex*, lying upon or adjoining to the said River
Lee or *Bow Creek*, and of every Stream or Branch thereof, on both
 Sides or Banks thereof respectively, situate between the said River
Thames, and the said Parish of *Edmonton*; that is to say, the several
 Parishes, Hamlets and Places of *Saint Luke, Fulham, Hammer-smith,*
Chiswick, Ealing, Brentford, Hanwell, Isleworth, Twickenham,
Teddington, Hampton, Sunbury, Shepperton, Laleham, Staines, Saint
Anne Limehouse, (except so much thereof as is situate between *Tower*
Dock and *Limehouse Hole*,) *Poplar* and *Blackwall*, in the Parish of
Stepney, Saint Leonard Bromley, Saint Mary Stratford Bow, Saint
John at *Hackney*, and *Tottenham*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and
All Saints, West Ham, and *Leyton*, in the County of *Essex*; and there
 shall also be provided and continued Three subordinate Offices at the
 respective Places following; (that is to say), One at *Stratford-le-*
bow, in the County of *Essex*, and One at *Brentford*, and another at
Stamford Hill in the said County of *Middlesex*; which said principal
 and subordinate Offices shall respectively be kept open every Day
 (*Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day*, and *Fast* or *Thanksgiving*
Days by Proclamation only excepted) from the Twenty fifth Day of
March to the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, yearly, from the
 Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Even-
 ing; and from the Twenty ninth Day of *September* to the Twenty
 fifth Day of *March*, yearly, from the Hour of Six in the Morning
 until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if any Principal Meter
 shall refuse or neglect to open or keep open any principal or subor-
 dinate Office as aforesaid, he shall for every such Offence forfeit
 and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Officers ap-
pointed.

Principal Meter
not keeping
Offices open.
Penalty.

Principal Meter appointed.

II. And be it further enacted, That *Abraham Sanderfon*, of the Parish of *Stepney*, in the County of *Middlesex*, Gentleman, shall be; and is hereby nominated and appointed the Principal Land Coal Meter for executing the Provisions of this Act, and the Manager of the several Offices to be provided as aforefaid (save and except he shall die or be removed from such Office by His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, which Removal His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, is and are hereby empowered to make) until the First Day of *June* which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven; and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

His Majesty to appoint Principal Meter upon any Vacancy.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case and when and as often as the said *Abraham Sanderfon*, or any other Principal Land Coal Meter to be from time to time appointed for the Purposes of this Act shall die, or shall be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or shall be removed therefrom as aforefaid, or the time limited for the Execution of such Office shall expire, then it shall be lawful for His Majesty, his Heirs or Successors, to nominate and appoint any other Person as Principal Land Coal Meter in the Room or Stead of every such Principal Land Coal Meter who shall die, be so dismissed, removed or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or whose time limited for the Execution of his Office shall expire, and so *toties quoties* as often as any such case shall happen; and every such Person so to be nominated or appointed as aforefaid, shall be, remain and continue Principal Meter for the Execution of this Act, until the said First Day of *June*, One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, unless he shall be sooner removed or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office.

Principal Coal Meter neglecting Duty.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and they are hereby authorized and required to inquire into, and hear and determine any Complaint of Fraud or Misbehaviour of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being for the Execution of this Act, in the same manner as they are by Law authorized to inquire into, hear and determine Misdemeanors; and if such Principal Coal Meter shall be found guilty of any Fraud, Neglect or Misbehaviour, he shall forfeit and pay for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, such Fine as such Court, before whom such Complaint shall be made, shall think fit, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; together with such Costs as such Court shall think proper to award and direct, and such Principal Coal Meter shall be liable to be removed as hereinbefore mentioned.

Penalty.

Principal Meters may be re-elected when their time expires.

V. Provided always, and be it enacted, That whenever the Term for which any such Principal Land Coal Meter shall have been appointed shall expire, then and in such case nothing herein contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any such Principal Land Coal Meter, whose Term limited for the Execution of his Office shall so expire, from being renominated or reappointed to his Office of Principal Meter.

Principal Land Coal Meters to take an Oath

VI. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as Principal Land Coal Meter, in the Execution of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed before Two or more

of

of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Middlesex*, an Oath, (which Oath such Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer,) in the following Words:

for due Performance of their Duty.

' I do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter, for the Parishes comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled [*here set forth the Title of this Act.*] So help me GOD.'

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being shall, and he is hereby directed and required, from time to time and at all times, to nominate, appoint and employ a sufficient Number of Labouring Land Coal Meters, for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals, and for executing such other Duties as are by this Act required to be done by Land Coal Meters, and from time to time to suspend or dismiss the same Labouring Land Coal Meters, as he shall think fit.

Principal Meters to appoint Labouring Meters.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Labouring Land Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act until he shall have taken and subscribed before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Middlesex*, or for the said County of *Essex*, an Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the Words following:

Labouring Coal Meters also to take an Oath.

' I do swear, That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters for the Parishes comprised in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled [*here insert the Title of this Act*] and that I will truly and impartially inspect and measure, or see measured or loaded, all such Coals between Buyer and Seller, and execute such other Duties as are by Law required to be done by a Labouring Land Coal Meter, without Favour or Hatred. So help me GOD.'

Form of Oath.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said several Labouring Land Coal Meters, and every of them, shall, and they and he are and is hereby required to attend at the several Wharfs, Warehouses, and other Places, at which he or they shall be stationed from time to time by the said Principal Land Coal Meter, each and every Day (*Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day, and Fast or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted*) in each and every Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* to the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening, and from the Twenty ninth Day of *September* to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if upon Notice being given to any such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters so stationed, or Notice being left in Writing at his or their Office or Offices, or Place or Places of Abode, to attend at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, within the Limits of his or their Station or Stations for the time being, in order to measure, or see measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required by this Act to be done by a Land Coal Meter at any such Wharf,

Labouring Coal Meters to attend their Stations.

Hours of Attendance.

Notice to be given to Meter to attend, &c.

Warehouse or other Place, or if Notice requiring the Attendance of a Labouring Coal Meter or Meters at a Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, for the Purpose of measuring or to be measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required of Labouring Meters by this Act, shall be given at the Office of the said Principal Land Coal Meter; and such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters shall not attend pursuant to any such Notice within the Space of Two Hours from the giving of the same, and do his or their Duty according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such case every such Labouring Coal Meter, and the said Principal Land Coal Meter, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Not attending.

Penalty.

Labouring Meters subject to the Control of Justices.

X. And be it further enacted, That each and every Labouring Coal Meter, Deputy, Agent or Servant of the Principal Land Coal Meter, for the Execution of this Act, shall be subject to the Power, Jurisdiction and Control of the said Justices of the Peace for the County of *Middlesex*, or for the County of *Essex*, within their respective Jurisdictions, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and shall and may be dismissed and suspended by such General or Quarter Sessions respectively, from the Execution and Emoluments of their said respective Offices, on Complaint and Proof of any Fraud, Default, Neglect or other Misbehaviour in the Management or Execution thereof, all which Complaints shall and may be heard and determined by the said Courts in a summary Way.

Coal Meters not to be interested in the Sale of Coals.

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or any of the Persons to be employed under him, shall at any time or times hereafter, during his or their respective Continuance in Office or Employment as aforesaid, be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatsoever, otherwise than in the Discharge of his or their said respective Offices, such Principal Land Coal Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and such Deputy Coal Meter, and Labouring Coal Meter respectively, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and being thereof respectively convicted before the said Court of Quarter Sessions for the said County of *Middlesex* or *Essex* (according to the Jurisdiction), shall be dismissed from his or their said respective Office or Employment, and be for ever disabled from holding or executing the same or any other under this Act.

Penalty on Principal Meter.
Penalty on Deputy Meter.

Land Coal Meters may demand from Vender or Wharfinger a Sight of the Ship's Certificate.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever, sold and to be sent in any Waggon, Cart or other Land Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, and also all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent by Gang Labour, from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Meter shall be stationed, situate within such Limits or District, shall, previously to such Coals being so sent away, be carefully inspected and examined by the Principal or One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters, in order that such Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being sent away in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage), are of the Sort or Description mentioned in the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Venders and Vender of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof,

thereof, or may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being to be delivered by Gang Labour) are of the Sort or Description as and for which the same shall be sold; and such Meter is hereby authorized and required to demand of the Vender or Venders, or of the Wharfinger or other Person with whom the Ship Certificate of any of such Coals shall be left at any Wharf or Place for the Sale of any such Coals, such Ship Certificate, for the Purpose of perusing and inspecting the same, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to countersign such Ticket or Tickets, if such Meter shall be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort they are described to be in such Ticket or Tickets, but shall not countersign the same without being so satisfied, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby also authorized and required, when the whole Quantity of Coals contained in any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereout, to write or indorse on the Back of the Certificate of such Coals, the Word "Delivered;" and if any such Vender or Venders, Wharfinger or other Person shall refuse or neglect to produce and deliver to any such Meter such Ship Certificate on Demand, then and in every such case every such Vender or Venders, Wharfinger or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any such Meter shall countersign any such Ticket or Tickets, without having first inspected such Coals, and also such Ship Certificate, and without having reasonable Ground to be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort described in such Vender's Ticket, or if any such Meter shall not immediately after the whole of the Coals contained in any such Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereout, demand or call for such Certificate of such Coals, or shall not immediately on such Certificate being produced indorse the same in manner aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

And to indorse the Word "Delivered" on such Certificate.

Penalty.

Meter countersigning Ticket without having inspected Coals, &c.

Penalty.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, and to be sent in any Cart, Waggon or Carriage, from any Wharf or Place within the Limits of this Act, shall be loaded, in Sacks in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters of the District, which Labouring Meter is hereby authorized and required to watch and inspect the filling or loading of the Sacks wherein such Coals shall be loaded, and it shall be lawful for such Meter to measure the Dimensions of all or any of such Sacks used in any such Loading before such Sacks shall be filled or loaded; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby authorized and required when any Room or Rooms of Coals in any Lighter, Barge or Craft, are or is to be sold and sent from any such Wharf or other Place as and for Pool Measure by any Land Carriage, to see that the Coals so loaded and sent are in fact taken out of the particular Room or Rooms so sold, and likewise that the whole of the Coals contained in any such particular Room or Rooms so sold are in fact entirely emptied out of such Room or Rooms, and loaded and sent away to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the Coals contained in such Room or Rooms; and in case such Meter shall find any Sack or Sacks used for the loading of any such Coals is or are of less Dimensions than required by this Act, or in case it shall appear to such Meter, ac-

Regulation with regard to Coals sold by Pool Measure.

ording to the best of such Meter's Judgment, that any Sack or Sacks used in loading any such Coals do not contain when loaded each the Quantity of Three Bushels of Coals, or in case such Meter shall observe that any such Coals sold as the Coals of any particular Room or Rooms, shall not in fact be taken out of such particular Room or Rooms so sold or to be sold, or that the whole of the Coals contained in such particular Room or Rooms shall not be entirely emptied out of the same, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Meter to refuse to countersign the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vender and Venders of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; and if any Wharfinger, Coal Porter or other Person or Persons, shall in any manner obstruct, hinder or prevent such Meter in or from the Performance of any such Duty or Duties so required of such Meter by this Act, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Wharfinger, &c.
obstructing
Meter.

Penalty.

Pool Measure
Coals when sent
by Waggon.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That all and every Venders or Vender of, or Dealers or Dealer in any Coals sold, sent or taken away, as and for Pool Measure from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage shall be shot or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

Form of the
Vender's Ticket
to be sent there-
with.

‘ **M**R. *A. B.* [*Here insert the Name of the Purchaser*] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, for inspecting the Loading and Quality of which Coals you are, on the Receipt of this Ticket, in Conformity to an Act of Parliament, made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, to pay the undersigned *E. F.* [*Here insert the Name of the Vender*] the Sum of [*Here insert the Amount of the Compensation directed by this Act to be given to such Principal Meter for the Inspection of such Coals, calculating the same as by this Act directed*] being at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat sold to, and to be received by you herewith; and by the same Act this Ticket is directed to be delivered to you before any of the Coals are shot out of the Cart or Waggon, and that a Bushel Measure is in such Cart or Waggon, by which the Carman is directed to measure *gratis*, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, the Coals contained in any One Sack, which the Purchaser, or his Servant or Servants may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Height of such Cone to be at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Measure to be the Extremity of the Base of such Cone, and, that in case of your being dissatisfied with the Coals now sent, you are entitled by the same Act to have the
‘ same

‘ same remeasured by the Bushel Measure, provided you immediately, and before any more of the Coals than One Sack shall be shot or delivered from the Cart, Waggon or Carriage in which the same are brought, send Notice in Writing of your Desire to have the same remeasured to any of the Land Coal Meters’ Offices appointed by or by virtue of the said Act of the Forty seventh Year, or the said Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, also to the Vender or Venders of such Coals. *C. D.* [*Here insert the Name of the Vender*] *E. F.* [*Here insert the Name of the Meter, and the Office and Place where the Office is situated*] Dated [*Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed.*’]

And in case such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, Coals, shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, and so countersigned by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Vender or Venders shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given, by or by the Directions of the Vender or Venders, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having first received the same from the Vender or Venders, or any Person by the Order of the Vender or Venders) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

XV. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals, sold as and for Pool Measure, and sent in any Cart, Waggon or other Land Carriage from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, or any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, and delivered by Gang Labour from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Meter shall be stationed, situate within such Limits; or the Occupier or Occupiers of any such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, from or over which any such Coals shall be so sent, shall and such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or Occupier or Occupiers is and are hereby required and directed to pay to the Principal Meter for the Execution of this Act, at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat so bought and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, as and for a Compensation for the Trouble of inspecting or superintending the Loading and sending away such Coals, and such Money shall be repaid by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals to the Vender or Venders thereof.

XVI. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Coals, sold as and for Pool Measure, from sending such Coals to the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, or to any Landing Place which such Purchaser

Vender not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty.
Carman not delivering Ticket.

Penalty.
What Sum of Money to be paid to the Meter for inspecting Coals sold by Pool Measure.

Enabling Purchasers of Coals sold by Pool Measure to have such Coals delivered without

or

the Intervention
of a Meter.

or Purchasers shall appoint, (provided such Landing Place or Premises be not a Coal Wharf, or Place where any Meter shall by virtue of this Act be stationed) or from having such Coals unloaded and delivered at such Premises or Landing Place, either by Gang Labour or in any other manner, except in or by Means of any Cart, Wagon or other Land Carriage, without the Presence, Intervention, or Inspection of any Land Meter, and without being subject or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever to any Land Meter for or in respect of such Coals; but in case such Landing Place shall be within the Limits of this Act, and such Purchaser or Purchasers shall require the Care or Attendance of a Land Meter, then he, she or they shall have and be entitled to such Attendance, upon sending Notice of such his, her or their Desire to the said Principal or any other Land Meter's Office appointed by virtue of this Act; and in such case such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay and be charged for the Attendance of such Meter, at and after the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat of such Coals.

Purchasers of
Coals sent by
Water may have
the same remea-
sured, in case
Fraud be sus-
pected.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Purchaser of any Coals sold and sent to such Purchaser by any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, from any Place within the Limits of this Act, or of the said recited Act, shall think or suspect that the full and lawful Measure of any such Coals has not been sent, and shall, before the Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of such Lighter, Barge or other Craft shall have delivered up to the Purchaser, or to his, her or their Servant, such Lighter, Barge or other Craft, and quitted the Charge thereof, and before Bulk shall be broken of such Coals, signify his or her Desire to have such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Lighterman or other Person sent with the Lighter, Barge or Craft in which the said Coals shall be brought, shall either continue at the Landing Place or Premises of the Purchaser of the said Coals, with the said Lighter, Barge or other Craft, until such Coals are remeasured, or shall leave such Lighter, Barge or other Craft properly fastened and made secure at such Landing Place or Premises, or as near thereto as can be, and permit the same so to remain there until such Coals are remeasured, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds on the Owner and Proprietor, and Forty Shillings on the Lighterman or other Person sent with such Lighter, Barge or other Craft; and the said Purchaser shall immediately send or cause to be sent to the Vender of the said Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are going to be remeasured, and also send Notice in Writing thereof to any One of the Offices of the Land Coal Meters appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or by the said recited Act, and thereupon a Principal Meter, or one of the Labouring Meters for the Execution of this Act or the said recited Act, as the case may be (not being the Meter under whose Inspection any such Coals may have been originally loaded) shall, within Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at the Office of any such Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said recited Act, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left to remeasure the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same with the Bushel Measure in the Presence of the Vender and Purchaser of the said Coals, or their Agents or Servants, if any of them shall attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals re-

Lighterman, &c.
not leaving
Lighter for that
Purpose.

Penalty on the
Owner.
Penalty on
Lighterman.
Notice of re-
measuring by
Purchaser, and
thereupon Me-
ter to attend.

measured;

measured; and in case it shall appear upon the Remeasurement of such Coals by such Principal or Labouring Coal Meter, as shall attend for the Purpose of remeasuring of such Coals, that such Coals do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then and in every such case, if such Coals have been sold as and for Pool Measure, the Vender of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat of Coals so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Forty Shillings, and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat so remeasured, then and in such case such Vender of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; but in case any such Coals so remeasured and found deficient shall have been sold or delivered as and for Wharf Measure, then and in such case the Vender of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel so found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof.

If Deficiency appear, Penalty in Proportion.

XVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Labouring Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, and of the said recited Act, so remeasuring, shall be paid the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured by him, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, and if upon any such Remeasurement the whole of the Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then and in such case the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, pay the Expences of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then and in such case such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

By whom Expences of Remeasurement are to be paid.

XIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend, to require any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure to be measured by the Bushel Measure previously to such Coals being loaded and sent away in any Cart, Waggon or other Land Carriage from the Vender's Wharf or Place of Sale, unless by the Desire of the Purchaser of any such Coals.

Coals sold by Pool Measure not to be measured by Bushel, unless at Desire of Purchaser.

XX. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, in Quantities exceeding Eight Bushels, at or from any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall be measured in the Presence of One of the said Labouring Coal Meters to be appointed by virtue of this Act, by the Bushel Measure heaped up as by this Act is directed, and the said Labouring Coal Meters, and every of them, shall and may, and they and he are and is hereby authorized and required to fill up any Bushel or Bushels of any such Coals as shall appear to him or them deficient or wanting in Measure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Person or Persons so vending or contracting for the Sale of the said Coals, or so loading any such Coals for Sale.

Coals sold by Wharf Measure to be measured in the Presence of a Land Coal Meter.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That if any such Labouring Coal Meter shall wittingly or willingly suffer any Coals exceeding Eight

Meters suffering Wharf Measure Coals to be sent

out without
being measured.

Eight Bushels, which shall be fold or loaded to be fold as and for Wharf Measure, to be sent from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of his Office, without such Coals being measured in the manner herein directed, and shall not give Information thereof to the Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, within Two Days next after such Coals shall have been measured, then and in every such case such Labouring Coal Meter shall for ever thenceforth be rendered incapable of acting as a Labouring Coal Meter, and forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Fee to Coal
Meters for
Wharf Measure
Coals, and by
whom paid.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals which shall be fold and delivered as and for Wharf Measure, at any Wharf, Warehouse or Place within the Limits of this Act, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or Place from which such Coals are taken, or by the Seller or Vender of such Coals to the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, and thereupon such Principal Land Coal Meter is hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to every Seller of such Coals, or the Carman who shall cart, lead, drive or carry away the same, a Paper Writing, or Ticket, signed by the Principal Land Coal Meter, and countersigned by the Labouring Coal Meter attending, and delivering the same, in which shall be contained the Christian and Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vender or Venders, and also either the Christian and Surname or Names, or only the Surname or Names of the Purchaser or Purchasers, Consumer or Consumers of the said Coals, and the Quantity of such Coals, and the Day of the Week, Month and Year of the Delivery, and Admeasurement, and Amount of the Metage Charge, and the Names of the Carman or Persons employed to cart, lead, drive or carry the same Coals, and also shall contain a Notice to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, that if he, she or they is or are dissatisfied with the Measure thereof, and shall desire to have all such Coals remeasured, such Dissatisfaction must be expressed to the Carman, before more than One Sack of such Coals is shot or unladen from the Waggon, Cart or other Carriage conveying the same; and that if such Purchaser or Purchasers shall be so dissatisfied, and shall desire to have all or any of the particular Sacks remaining in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage remeasured, so as to ascertain the Contents of each or any of such particular Sacks, then that such Desire must be expressed to the Carman before any of the Sacks of Coals which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall desire to have remeasured, shall be shot or unladen from the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in which the same shall be sent; which said Ticket, being thus made complete, and Metage paid, shall be delivered unaltered by the Labouring Coal Meter, countersigning the same without Delay to the Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, drive or lead the Coals described in such Ticket, to the Purchaser or Consumer therein named, which said Ticket unaltered, the said Carman or Person therein named to be employed to cart, carry, lead or drive the Coals in such Ticket described, shall and he is hereby required to deliver to the respective Consumers or Purchasers therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals described in such Ticket for the Use of such Purchaser or Consumer,

Ticket to
Carman.
Contents
thereof.

Delivered to
Carman by La-
bouring Coal
Meter.

Consumer, and thereupon he, she or they is and are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in such Ticket, the Metage therein specified, and if the Labouring Coal Meter counterfigning such Ticket shall after Payment or Tender of the Metage charged in pursuance of this Act, refuse to deliver such Ticket as hereinbefore directed to the Carman or Person employed to cart, lead, drive or carry the Coals therein described, such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and if such Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, lead or drive the Coals described in such Ticket, shall, after the same Ticket shall have been so delivered to him by the Labouring Coal Meter counterfigning the same, either alter or neglect, or refuse to deliver the same Ticket to the Purchaser or Consumer therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals described in such Ticket, such Carman or Person employed to cart, lead or drive the Coals described in such Ticket, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Labouring Meter refusing to deliver Ticket to Carman.

Penalty. Carman not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Wharfinger or Dealer in Coals shall directly or indirectly give or offer, or cause to be given or offered to the Principal or any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above Sixpence *per* Chaldron herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Charges and Metage of Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat of Coals sold by Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Wharfingers giving Bribes to Meters.

Penalty.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That if any Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter appointed or to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall deliver or cause to be delivered a false or counterfeited Ticket to any Dealer, Vender, Consumer, Carman or other Person, with Intent to prejudice or defraud any Person or Persons whomsoever, or shall take or receive from any Dealer in or Vender of Coals any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Sixpence *per* Chaldron herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Metage Charge for Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Chaldrons and One Vat of Coals sold by the Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, or if such Principal Land or Labouring Coal Meter shall willingly permit or suffer to be made false Measure of any Coals, or shall deliver a Meter's Ticket for any Quantity of Coals, the Whole of which he shall have not seen measured, or shall counterfign any Vender's Ticket for any Coals, without having inspected such Coals, or without seeing and taking Care that the whole of the Coals contained, sold in, and to be delivered out of any particular Room or Rooms of any Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been first completely emptied out of and loaded from such particular Room or Rooms so sold, then and in every such case every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever serving thereafter in the Office of a Coal Meter.

Meters receiving Bribes, or delivering false Tickets.

Penalty.

XXV. And

Vender not delivering a Meter's Ticket with Wharf Measure Coals.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That if any Quantity whatsoever of Coals exceeding Eight Bushels sold, or to be sold, as and for Wharf Measure, shall be sent or driven in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or carried by Gang Labour, from any Wharf, Warehouse or Place, situate within the Limits of this Act, without having been measured by such Bushel Measure as is directed and described by the said recited Act, or without such Meter's Ticket as aforesaid so signed and countersigned as aforesaid having been first obtained, or if such Ticket as aforesaid shall not be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers of any such Coals, before any Part of such Coals are shot or delivered upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Sacks to be sealed and marked.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That no Sack shall be made use of in the Delivery of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of *Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex*, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange, except such Sack shall be made of Linen, and shall have been first sealed and marked with White Paint in Oil, at Guildhall, London, or at the Exchequer Office, Westminster, by the proper Officer there, and shall at the time of making use of such Sack measure in the Inside thereof at least Four Feet and Two Inches in Length, by Two Feet and One Inch in Breadth; and no Sack shall be sealed or marked which shall not, at the time of the marking or sealing thereof, measure in the Inside thereof Four Feet and Four Inches in Length, and Two Feet and Two Inches in Breadth; and if any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals, shall use, or cause to be used, any Sack or Sacks for delivering or carrying Coals within the several and respective Cities, Liberties and Parts aforesaid, not sealed or marked as aforesaid, or of less Length at the time of using the same than Four Feet and Two Inches at the least, in the Inside thereof, or of less Breadth than Two Feet and One Inch at the least, in the Inside thereof, then and in every such case every such Vender of, or Dealer in or Carrier of Coals, shall for every such Sack so unmarked, or deficient in Length or Breadth, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, nor less than Twenty Shillings; and the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place shall cause every such Sack found unmarked or deficient, either in Length or Breadth, to be destroyed: Provided always, that the Coals to be delivered by Gang Labour may be conveyed without the Use of such Sacks; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Dimensions of Sacks.

Vender, &c. using Sacks not sealed, &c. and not of proper Dimensions.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Meter permitting Sacks to be used of too small Dimensions.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal Meter to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall use, or knowingly permit or suffer any Sack or Sacks to be made use of for the measuring or carrying of Coals, of less Dimensions than such Sacks as are directed to be used for that Purpose by this Act, at any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, then and in every such

such case every such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That no Bushel shall be kept or made use of for or in the Admeasurement of any Coals sold within the said Port of *London*, or within the said respective Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of *Middlesex*, *Surrey*, *Kent* and *Essex*, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, which shall not be such Bushel as is described in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen *Anne*, intituled *An Act for the speedy and effectual preserving of the Navigation of the River of Thames, by stopping the Breach in the Levels of Havering and Dagenham, in the County of Essex, and for ascertaining the Coal Measure*, and which shall not have been first stamped or marked by the proper Officer at the Exchequer Office at *Westminster*, or at the Guildhall *London*, previously to the same being so kept or used, and that every such Bushel, previously to being so stamped or marked, shall be fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper Hoops, and shall be so stamped or marked with a Steel Instrument on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop, and that every such Bushel shall be kept without any Alteration or Diminution; and that in making use of such Bushel all Coals shall be duly heaped up in such Bushel in the Form of a Cone, such Cone to be of the Height of at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Bushel to be the Extremity of the Base of such Cone, and that each and every Chaldron of Coals shall consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped, and so in Proportion for any lesser Quantity; and if any Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals within such Limits as aforesaid, shall keep or make use of, or cause to be kept or made use of, any Bushel in the Admeasurement of any Coals other than such Bushel as aforesaid, and so stamped as aforesaid, or shall in anywise decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamped as aforesaid, or shall permit his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any Person or Persons whomsoever to do, then and in every such case such Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds; and if any such Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of any Dealer or Dealers, or Vender or Venders, shall make use of in admeasuring of any Coals any Bushel other than such Bushel as aforesaid stamped as aforesaid, or if any such Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever shall in any manner decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamped as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Servant or Servants, or such other Person or Persons respectively for every such Offence shall be committed to the House of Correction, by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City, County, Town or Place where such Offence shall be committed, there to be kept to hard Labour for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

XXIX. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold as and for Wharf Measure shall be dissatisfied with the Measurement which shall have been made of any such Coals at any Wharf, Warehouse or other

Penalty.

What Bushel Measure to be made use of.

12 Ann. Stat. 2.

c. 17. § 11, 12.

To be stamped.

Vender, &c. using Bushel not stamped.

Penalty.

Diminishing Bushel.

Imprisonment.

Venders, &c. of Coals sold as Wharf Measure, if dissatisfied, may have them remeasured.

other Place of Sale within the Limits of this Act, by or under the Inspection of the Labouring Land Coal Meter stationed or attending at such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, before such Coals are sent away from such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale, to send, or cause to be sent, to the Office of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, Notice in Writing, signifying the Desire of such Vender or Venders, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, to have such Coals remeasured, and then and in such case such Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters of or from such Office, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at such Office, attend to remeasure the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same, Sack by Sack, by the Bushel Measure, in the Presence of such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, or Agents or Servants, and for such Remeasurement such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Principal Coal Meter the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured; and in case it shall appear, upon such Remeasurement, that the Coals so remeasured shall exceed the Quantity for which the same were sold, then and in such case, if such Excess shall be equal or amount to or exceed Two Bushels in any Chaldron so remeasured, the Meter who first measured such Coals shall for every Bushel so exceeding such Quantity as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings, together with all the Expences of such Remeasurement.

Notice of Desire of Remeasurement.

Fee for Remeasurement.

Excess of Quantity.

Penalty.

Carman to carry a Bushel Measure in his Cart.

To be provided by Vender, &c. Carman not having such Bushel.

Penalty on Carman and Vender. Proviso for Coals carried in Bulk.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals from any Ship, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London and Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the respective Counties of *Middlesex, Kent, Surrey and Essex*, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall not have placed on some conspicuous Part of his Cart, Waggon or Carriage, a perfect Bushel Measure of the Form, Size or Dimensions, and so stamped or marked as hereinbefore directed, (which Measure shall be provided by the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals,) then and in every such case every such Carman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, not having such Bushel Measure so placed therein or thereon, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that Coals which shall be carried or conveyed in Bulk, or in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage belonging to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, may be so carried or conveyed without the Carman being obliged to carry a Bushel Measure therewith, or any Person or Persons being subject or liable to

to any Penalty or Penalties in respect thereof, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, sold and sent as and for Wharf Measure, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of London, or within the said respective Cities of London or Westminster, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent or Essex, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof from any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he and they is and are required to deliver or cause to be delivered, a printed Ticket or Paper, and such Carman, Driver, or other Person shall and is required to deliver or cause to be delivered, the same Ticket so received from such Vender to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall be shot or delivered therefrom, and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following :

Venders to deliver Tickets of Coals sold by Wharf Measure.

VENDER'S TICKET.

MR. A. B. [*Here insert the Name of the Buyer*] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals; and that by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, the Carman is directed to deliver this Ticket, before he shoots any of the Coals out of his Cart or Waggon, and that a Bushel Measure is in such Cart or Waggon, by which the Carman is directed to measure gratis (under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds) the Coals contained in any One Sack which the Purchaser or his Servant may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Outside of the Measure being the Extremity of the Base thereof. C. D. [*Here insert the Name of the Vender.*] E. F. [*Here insert the Name of the Labouring Meter, in case of the Coals being sent from within either of the Districts of the said respective Offices.*] Dated [*Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed.*]

And in case any such Vender or Venders shall not deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Ticket as aforesaid to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Vender or Venders shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver of or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Direction of the Vender, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vender or any Person by the Vender's Orders) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket as aforesaid to the Buyer or Buyers of such Coals, or

Vender not delivering Ticket.

Penalty. Carman not delivering such Ticket to Purchaser.

to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Carman required to measure One Sack gratis in each Cart.

XXXII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by the Vender or Venders, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of *London*, or within the said respective Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the respective Counties of *Middlesex*, *Surrey*, *Kent* and *Essex*, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall, and he is hereby directed to measure gratis, if he shall be required so to do, the Coals contained in any one of the Sacks contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, which may be chosen by the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or his or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting on the behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers, with such Bushel Measure as aforesaid, in order that such Purchaser or Purchasers may be better enabled to judge of the Necessity of having the whole of such Coals remeasured in manner directed by this Act.

Carman driving Coals away without measuring the Sack.

XXXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart or Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers by the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the said Port of *London*, or within the said respective Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, or the respective Liberties thereof, or within such Part or Parts of the said respective Counties of *Middlesex*, *Surrey*, *Kent* and *Essex*, as is or are situate within the Distance of Twenty five Miles from the Royal Exchange aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to measure by the said Bushel Measure, such Sacks of Coals in manner herein directed, when thereunto required by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or by his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of such Purchaser or Purchasers to be measured, or if any such Carman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer the said Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be driven away without measuring in manner herein directed the said Sack of Coals, or shall hinder, obstruct or otherwise prevent the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever from measuring the said Bushel Measure, or all or any Sack or Sacks in such his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, then and in every such case every such Carman or Driver so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds nor less than Five Pounds; and the Vender or Venders of, or the Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, nor less than Five Pounds.

Penalty on Carman and on Vender.

XXXIV. Pro-

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall be dissatisfied with the Measure of any Coals sold or to be delivered within the Limits of this Act, or of the said recited Act, and sent to him, her or them, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall signify to the Carman, or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, his, her or their Desire to have the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or any Part of such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Carman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, in which such Coals shall be brought, shall, and he is hereby required to continue and remain at the House, Lodging or other Premises of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, with such Coals, and the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, until such Coals are remeasured; and if any such Carman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer to be driven away, any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, before the Coals contained therein shall be remeasured, without the Consent of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, then and in every such case such Carman or Driver shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Coals sent by Land Carriage to be remeasured if desired by the Purchaser.

Carman driving away before Re-measurement.

Penalty.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, so desiring such Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be remeasured, shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required to send or cause to be sent to the Vender or Venders of the said Coals, or to his, her or their Wharf, Warehouse or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be remeasured, and such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required forthwith to send Notice in Writing to any One of the Offices of the said Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or of the Offices of the Principal Land Coal Meters appointed by virtue of the said recited Act, of his, her or their Desire to have such Coals remeasured, and thereupon a Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or of the said recited Act, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Two Hours next after such Notice in Writing, left at the Office of any such Principal Land Coal Meter aforesaid, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left at the House, Lodgings or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers as shall be expressed in such Notice, for the Purpose of remeasuring the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same in the Presence of the Vender or Venders, and Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or of his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, if they or any of them shall attend to see the same remeasured; and in case such Vender or Venders, or Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, shall not attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals so remeasured, then such Meter shall proceed on the measuring of such Coals in his, her or their Absence, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required, at the Option of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, to remeasure such Coals either by the distinct Sacks, so as to ascertain the Contents of each partic-

Purchasers to send Notice to Meter's Office, if desirous to have Coals remeasured.

Labouring Meter to attend.

Vender or Purchaser not attending, Meter may proceed.

particular Sack of such Coals which shall remain in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or else to remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and in case the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall not either before or immediately upon the Arrival of such Meter signify or cause to be signified to such Meter his or their Option or Desire as to which of the said Two Ways he or they would wish such Remeasurement to be taken or made in, then and in every such case such Meter shall proceed to remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and for such Remeasurement such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meters of and from the Office to which Notice shall have been sent as aforesaid, Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured; and in case, upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals which shall be so remeasured as to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack thereof, it shall appear to the Meter so remeasuring the same, that any Sack or Sacks of such Coals shall not contain Three Bushels, then and in every such case the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall for every Sack of Coals that shall be so found deficient on such Remeasurement forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals as aforesaid which shall be remeasured in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks wherein the same shall have been sent taken together, it shall appear to such Meter as aforesaid that the Coals thus remeasured do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then if such last mentioned Coals shall have been sold as and for Wharf Measure, the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals found deficient the Sum of Five Pounds, and also forfeit every Chaldron of Coals so found deficient or wanting in Measure to and for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Coals shall be so remeasured, and the Labouring Meter under whose Inspection the Coals were first measured shall, for every Bushel so deficient, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings; and the Coal Porters who shall have first measured such Coals for the Vender or Venders thereof shall, for every Bushel of Coals so wanting, forfeit and pay the Sum of Two Shillings and Sixpence; but if any such Coals so remeasured in the manner last mentioned, and so found to amount to less than the Quantity for which the same were sold shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure, then the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels, and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat so remeasured, then and in such case such Vender or Venders of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat the Sum of Five Pounds: Provided nevertheless, that no such Coals so sold and sent shall be remeasured so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals taken together, after more than One Sack of such Coals shall have been shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage

Fee for Remeasurement.

If Deficiency appear.

Penalty on Vender.

Penalty on Vender.

Penalty on Meter.

Penalty on Coal Porters.

Penalty on Vender in proportion to Deficiency.

How far no Remeasurement if more than One Sack shot.

riage into or upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Remeasurement of any Coals sold and sent as and for Pool Measure by any Waggon, Cart or other Land Carriage, and which Remeasurement shall have been made in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, the Coals so remeasured shall be found to be less or more than at the Rate of Three Bushels for each Sack, according to the Number of Sacks specified in the Vender's Ticket of such Coals, then the Meter who countersigned such Vender's Ticket of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency or Excess shall exceed Four Bushels in any Five Chaldrons and One Vat of such Coals so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so exceeding or so deficient in every such Five Chaldrons and One Vat, the sum of Twenty Shillings.

In case of any Coals sold for Pool Measure proving deficient on such Remeasurement.

Penalty on Meter.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon any such Remeasurement, which shall be so made so as to ascertain the whole Quantity contained in all the Sacks sent taken together, of any such Coals sold and sent as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, the whole of such Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then the Vender or Venders of such Coals, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expences of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals; and if upon any such Remeasurement, which shall be made so as to ascertain the Quantity contained in each and every of the particular Sacks sent, of any Coals sold as and for Wharf or Pool Measure it shall be found that One fourth Part or more of the Number of the Sacks of such Coals sold and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, do not contain the Quantity of Three Bushels each respectively, then the Vender or Venders of such Coals shall repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expences of the Remeasurement thereof; but if the Number of such particular Sacks so found deficient shall not amount to One fourth Part of the whole Number of the Sacks of such Coals so sold and sent, then and in such case such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

By whom the Expences of such Remeasurement are to be paid.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That after any such Notice as by this Act directed shall have been given by or on the behalf of any Purchaser or Purchasers, at any of the said Principal Land Meter's Offices, appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said recited Act, requiring the Attendance of any Meter from any of such Offices, for the Purpose of remeasuring any Coals, sold either for Wharf or Pool Measure, then, and in every such case, the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being at any of such respective Office or Offices, where such Notice shall have been given or sent, is and are hereby authorized and required to send a Labouring Meter or Meters, from his or their Office or respective Offices, for the Purpose of making the Remeasurement; and such respective Labouring Meters, or Labouring Meter shall, and are, and is hereby required and authorized to remeasure any such Coals which they or he shall be so sent to remeasure, whether the Purchaser or Purchasers

Principal Meters not sending a Labouring Meter to measure the Coals.

of such Coals shall, or not, be desirous of having such Remeasurement proceeded in, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters, appointed by or by virtue of this Act, or the said recited Act, after having received any such Notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse, within the Space of Two Hours after the Receipt of such Notice, to send a Labouring Meter or Meters to the House, Lodging or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers accordingly; or if any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall refuse or neglect to remeasure such Coals, then, and in every such case, any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters, and Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters, so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any such Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, shall prevent, obstruct or interrupt, or attempt to prevent any such Remeasurement being proceeded in and made by such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters, sent by any such Principal Land Coal Meter or Meters in consequence of any such Notice, then, and in every such case, such Purchaser or Purchasers, or other Person or Persons, so offending, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Upon Notice,

or Labouring
Meter not at-
tending.

Penalty.
Purchaser ob-
structing Re-
measurement.

Penalty.

Carmen to be
paid for being
kept.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage shall be stopped or detained for the Purpose or under Pretence of readmeasuring the Coals, or any Part laden thereon, the Owner of every such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall be entitled to the Sum of Three Shillings *per* Hour, for every Hour the Cart shall be so detained, and so in proportion for any Fraction of an Hour over and above the usual Cartage of such Coals, which Three Shillings *per* Hour shall be paid by the Vender of the said Coals, in case the same or any Part thereof shall upon the Remeasurement thereof be found deficient in Measure, or by the Purchaser of such Coals, in case the same shall not be remeasured, or shall upon such Remeasurement be found to amount to the Quantity for which such Coals were sold.

Regulations as to
Coals sold by
Weight.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight, at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be sent in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, shall be sold or weighed by the Hundred Weight, each Hundred Weight consisting of One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupoise Weight, and Twenty such Hundred Weight shall be and be deemed and taken to be One Ton; and all such Coals so to be sold shall be weighed and loaded at such Wharf or Warehouse or other Place of Sale, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Meters to be appointed pursuant to this Act, and such Labouring Meter is hereby authorized and required to superintend and inspect the weighing and loading of all such Coals so sold by the Weight, in order that such Meter may see and be satisfied that in every such loading the full Weight of Coals is actually given, which shall be expressed in the Vender's Ticket, and such Meter may refuse to countersign the Vender's Ticket of any such Coals, in case such Meter shall not see that the full and proper Weight shall be given, according to the Quantity which shall be expressed in such Vender's Ticket, but such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to countersign the same, in case the proper

Labouring Me-
ter to attend the
weighing, &c.

In what case
Meter to coun-
tersign Ticket.

proper Weight shall be given according to such Quantity of Coals expressed in such Vender's Ticket ; and for such Inspection of such Coals so sold by Weight there shall be paid by the Vender or Venders thereof, or by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or other Place from whence such Coals shall be sent, to the principal Land Coal Meter appointed by or by virtue of this Act, Sixpence for every Ton of Coals so weighed under the Meter's Inspection, and so in proportion for any greater or less Quantity than One Ton, and such Sum of Money shall be repaid to such Vender or Venders by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

Fee to Principal Meter.

XLII. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals so sold by Weight within the Limits of this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, immediately on the Arrival of the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in which such Coals shall be sent, and before any of such Coals shall be unloaded, a Paper or Ticket in the Form following ; that is to say,

Vender's Ticket to be sent with Coals sold by Weight.

MR. A. B. [*Here insert the Name of the Buyer.*] Take Notice, That you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*] Tons [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, for inspecting which Coals you are, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, to repay me the undersigned [*Here insert the Name of the Seller*] the Sum of [*Here insert the Amount of the Inspection Charge*] being at and after the Rate of Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold to and to be received by you herewith.

(Signed) C. D. [*Here insert the Name of the Seller.*]
 (Counterfigned) E. F. [*Here insert the Name of the Meter.*]

And in case such Vender or Venders do not deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Ticket as aforesaid, and so counterfigned by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals are unloaded, every such Vender shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds ; and in case the Carman, Driver or other Person attending any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals to whom any such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Orders of the Vender, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vender or any Person by the Direction of the Vender) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be unloaded, such Carman, Driver or other Person so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Vender not delivering Ticket.

Penalty. Carman not delivering same to Purchaser.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold within the Limits of this Act, save and except only such Coals as shall be sold by Weight in manner aforesaid, shall be sold either by the Chaldron, such Chaldron to consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped up as aforesaid, or else by such Bushel as aforesaid, or by the Half Bushel, Peck or Half Peck, provided such smaller Measure shall be some aliquot Part of such Bushel Measure, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty. Coals to be sold either by Weight, or by the Chaldron or Bushel.

The storing up of different Sorts of Coals in a Warehouse not to be prevented, provided such Sorts be kept in different Parcels, &c.

Vender, &c. selling by undue Measure such Coals.

Penalty.

Provisions respecting Coal Sheds or Warehouses where Coals are sold in Quantities not exceeding Half a Chaldron.

Mixing Coals.

Proviso.

Proviso for the Sale of Coals already mixed.

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend or be taken or construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from laying or storing up for Sale in any Warehouse or Repository, or other convenient Place, any Quantities whatsoever of Coals of as many Sorts, Names or Descriptions as he, she or they shall respectively think fit, provided such different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals be respectively laid and kept in such Warehouse or other Repository in separate and distinct Parcels, and wholly unmixed; and provided no such Coals be sold by any other than Wharf Measure, or without the true Name or Names of every or any of such Sorts of such Coals as shall be sold and sent from any such Warehouse or other Repository being expressed in the Vender's Ticket to be sent therewith to any Purchaser or Purchasers; and if any such Vender or Venders, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall sell or cause to be sold by any other than by Wharf Measure any Coals out of any such Warehouse or other Repository in which Two or more different Sorts of Coals may be stored or deposited, or shall not insert or cause to be inserted in the Vender's Ticket to be sent with such Coals the true Name or Names of each and every Sort of such Coals as shall be sent from or out of any such Warehouse, Repository or other Place, to any Purchaser or Purchasers, then, and in every such case, every such Vender or Dealer so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, who shall keep any Coal Shed, Shop or Warehouse, where Coals shall be sold in Quantities not greater than Half a Chaldron, and where no Coals shall ever be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, from mixing or heaping up together, or causing to be mixed or heaped up together in such Shed, Shop or Warehouse, any Quantity or Quantities whatsoever, of any and as many different Sorts, Names, or Descriptions of Coals, as he, she or they, shall respectively think fit, or from selling or causing to be sold, such Coals when so mixed: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals, when so mixed, shall be sold as, for and by the Name of 'Mixed Coals,' and shall not be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, nor shall be sold at any other Place than at the Shop, Shed or Warehouse, where the same shall have been so mixed.

XLV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing contained in the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this Act, shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from selling or causing to be sold, any Mixed Coals whatsoever, which shall have been mixed at any time before the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals shall be sold as, and for, and shall be described in the

Vender's

Vender's Ticket to be sent therewith, as, and for, and by the Name of 'Warehouse Coals.'

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act, or by virtue of the Powers and Authorities thereof imposed (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise hereby directed), not exceeding Twenty Pounds, shall be sued for within One Calendar Month after the Offence or Offences committed; and all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall be levied and recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the County, City or Place where the Offence shall be committed, and such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders, at the time and Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any one or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer), such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices, and the Overplus of the Money (if any) raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for want of Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County, or City, or Place where the Offence shall be committed, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid, and One Moiety of all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, when paid, shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or shall be applied in such manner for carrying this Act into Execution, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place shall direct.

Penalties not exceeding Twenty Pounds to be recovered before Justice of the Peace.

XLVII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace as before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions to be holden for the County, City or Place where such Conviction shall be made, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Determination of the Court therein, and such Justices in such General Quarter Sessions or General Sessions, shall hear and determine the Matter of such Appeal, and may either confirm, or quash and annul, the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party, as to them the said Justices shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed

Appeal to the Quarter Sessions.

Certiorari. quashed or vacated for want of Form only, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster* or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

**Summoning
Witnesses.**

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be sued for, to summon before him or them any Person or Persons who shall in or by the Complaint or Information made to him or them appear to be a necessary Witness as to the Matters thereby charged, to appear before him or them at a time and Place to be specified in the Summons, and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear according to such Summons, then upon due Proof of the Service of such Summons in manner aforesaid, such Person so summoned and not appearing in Compliance therewith, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner and by such Ways and Means as is hereinfore directed as to other Penalties; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to cause such Person to be apprehended by Warrant, under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of such Justice or Justices, and to be brought before him or them, and thereupon, whether such Person shall appear upon Summons as aforesaid, or shall be apprehended as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices shall and may proceed to examine him or her upon Oath, as to the Matter of such Complaint or Information, and in case such Person shall refuse to be sworn or to answer, or to give Evidence therein, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person so refusing to be sworn, or to answer or to give Evidence as aforesaid, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the City, County or Place in or for which such Justice or Justices shall then act, there to remain for any Space of time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

**Witness not
appearing.
Penalty.**

**Witness re-
fusing to be
sworn, &c.**

Imprisonment.

Perjury.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons upon his, her or their Examination upon Oath, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, acting in Execution of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, touching any matter or thing relating to this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall take or make any false Oath or Affidavit, with respect to any matter or thing relating to this Act, every such Person so offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be, and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties, as by any Law in Force and Effect Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

**Penalties above
Twenty Pounds
how to be re-
covered.**

L. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures, exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds, by this Act imposed for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no *Essoin*, Protection, Wager of Law, or any more than One *Imparlance* shall be allowed, by the Person or Persons who shall inform and sue for the same within Three Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences shall be committed, and One Moiety of all such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be to and for the Use of His Majesty,

Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof (together with Double Costs of Suit) shall be to and for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same. Double Costs.

LI. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, on account of any Defect or want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress or the Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the special Damage sustained in any Action on the case. Distress not unlawful for want of Form.

LII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *videlicet*, Form of Conviction.

‘ BE it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ in the Year of our Lord _____ A. B. is convicted before me, _____ One of His Majesty’s Justices of the Peace for the _____ [Here specify the Offence, and the time and Place when and where committed, as the case may be] contrary to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, intituled [Here insert the Title of this Act.] Given under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first above written.’

LIII. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action, to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Twenty one Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action, if Tender of sufficient Amends hath been made to him, her or them, or his, her or their Attorney, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceeding, Order and Judgment shall be made and given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court. Plaintiff not to recover after Tender of Amends.

LIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the County where the Cause of Action shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty one Days’ Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made Limitation of Actions.

made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited or discontinued his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Double Costs, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Costs of Suit in other cases by Law.

Double Costs.

A~~ct~~ not to alter or repeal
47 G. 3. Sess. 2.
c. 68.

LIV. Provided always, and be it enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal, alter or vary any Part or Parts of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but that the said Act, and all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained, shall be as good, valid and effectual to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made.

Commence-
ment of Act.

LVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take place from and after the First Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and sixteen.

Public Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. xxii.

51 G. 3. c. 195.
53 G. 3. c. 34.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for constructing an Harbour at *Portbleven*, in *Mount's Bay*, in the County of *Cornwall*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxiii.

14 G. 3. c. 38.

An Act to enlarge, amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act of His present Majesty, for paving and lighting the City of *Hereford*, and removing Nuisances therein; and for enabling the Corporation of the said City to sell and apply the Produce of certain Messuages and Lands in establishing Market Places, and otherwise improving the said City. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxiv.

51 G. 3. c. 200.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Church in and for the Parish of *Newry*, in the Counties of *Down* and *Armagh*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxv.

An Act for paving, lighting, cleansing and otherwise improving the Town of *West Cowes*, in the *Isle of Wight*, in the County of *Southampton*; and for establishing a Market within the said Town. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxvi.

An Act for paving and improving the Footways, and for cleansing, lighting and watching the Streets and other Public Passages and Places in the Town of *Melksham*, in the County of *Wilts*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. xxvii.

An Act to repeal a certain Part of an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled *An Act to amend an Act of His present Majesty, for establishing a Ferry across the River Thames at Woolwich, in the County of Kent.* [21st May 1816.]

55 G. 3. c. 18.
as limiting the
Distance for car-
rying Passengers,
&c. across the
River to Two
Miles, repealed.

Cap. xxviii.

An Act for repairing and altering the Parish Church of *Saint George the Martyr*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for making further Provision for the Rector of the said Parish. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxix.

An Act for making and maintaining a Railway or Tramroad from *Peak Forest* to *Beard*, and from *Peak Forest* aforesaid, to or near to *Woodlands*, all in the County of *Derby*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxx.

An Act for making and maintaining a Road from near *Gatton Lodge*, in the County of *Surrey*, to *Povey Cross*, in the said County. (b) [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxi.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Fortieth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Roads leading from the Town of *Leominster*, in the County of *Hereford*. (a) [21st May 1816.]
[Additional Trustees. One Toll to cease, and Two full Tolls granted.]

40 G. 3. c. 65.
continued.

Cap. xxxii.

An Act for repairing and improving the Road from the *Lyme Turnpike* Road in the Parish of *Gittisham*, to *Sidmouth*, in the County of *Devon*. (b) [21st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxiii.

An Act to rectify a Mistake in an Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Bowes*, in the County of *York*, to join the Great North Road, near *Sunderland Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. [21st May 1816.]

53 G. 3. c. 25.

Cap. xxxiv.

An Act for more effectually repairing the Road leading from *Farnborough*, in the County of *Kent*, to *Riverhill* in the Parish of *Sevenoaks* in the said County. (b) [21st May 1816.]

22 G. 2. c. 4.
13 G. 3. c. 92.
36 G. 3. c. 128.
repealed.

Cap. xxxv.

An Act for altering and amending several Acts in regard to the Duty of Two Pennies *Scots* upon every Pint of Ale and Beer sold in the City of *Edinburgh* and Places adjacent. [31st May 1816.]

3 G. 3. c. 5.
9 G. 1. c. 14.
25 G. 2. c. 9.
38 G. 3. c. 54.

Cap.

Cap. xxxvi.

17 G. 2. c. 21.
7 G. 3. c. 90.
34 G. 3. c. 91.
continued for
25 Years, &c.

An Act to continue the Term and enlarge the Powers of several Acts for imposing and continuing a Duty of Two Pennies *Scots*, or the Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every *Scots* Pint of Ale and Beer which shall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped or sold within the Town of *Borrowstownness* and Liberties thereof, in the County of *Linlithgow*, and for extending the same over the Parish of *Borrowstownness*; for repairing the Harbour of the said Town; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxvii.

6 G. 1. c. 7.
7 G. 2. c. 5.
9 G. 3. c. 57.
continued 21
Years, &c. after
Expiration of
35 G. 3. c. 42.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts for laying a Duty of Two Pennies *Scots*, or One sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Pint of Ale or Beer vended or sold within the Town of *Montrose*, and Privileges thereof; for supplying the said Town with Fresh Water; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxviii.

35 G. 3. c. 77.
36 G. 3. c. 33.
45 G. 3. c. 72.
so far as not
herein repealed
to remain.

An Act for amending several Acts of His present Majesty, for improving the Drainage of the *Middle* and *South Levels*, Part of the *Great Level* of the Fens called *Bedford Level*, and other Lands therein mentioned; and for improving the Navigation of the River *Ouze*, in the County of *Norfolk*, and of the several Rivers communicating therewith.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xxxix.

An Act for building a new Parish Church and a Parochial Chapel in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*, and for other Purposes relating thereto.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xl.

An Act for building a Church or Chapel of Ease in the Parish of *Huddersfield*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xli.

An Act to enable the Lord Provost, Magistrates and Council of the City of *Edinburgh* to carry into effect certain Purposes in regard to the Erection of a Chapel at the West End of *Prince's Street*, and for effecting certain Improvements in the Neighbourhood thereof, and in other Parts of the extended Royalty of the said City.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xlii.

53 G. 3. c. 77.
54 G. 3. c. 170.

An Act to alter and amend Two Acts of the Fifty third and Fifty fourth Years of His present Majesty, for erecting and maintaining a new Gaol and other Buildings for the County and City of *Edinburgh*; and to alter and amend Two Acts of the Forty third and Forty ninth Years of His present Majesty, in regard to the Statute Labour of the Middle District of the said County.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. xliii.

An Act for supplying with Water the Inhabitants of the Town of *Keighly*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xliv.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for improving the Port, Harbour and Town of *Whitehaven*, in the County of *Cumberland*; and for better supplying the said Town with Water.

[31st May 1816.]

7 Ann.
20 Ann.
13 G. 2. c. 14.
1 G. 3. c. 44.
2 G. 3. c. 87.
28 G. 3. c. 61.
32 G. 3. c. 75.
46 G. 3. c. 115.
52 G. 3. c. 149.
53 G. 3. c. 72.

Cap. xlv.

An Act for altering, amending and explaining Two Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for widening and improving the Street leading from *Tower Hill* to the Street called *Upper East Smithfield*, in the County of *Middlesex*.

[31st May 1816.]

Cap. xlvi.

An Act for the better repairing the several Roads leading into and from the City of *Worcester*. (a)

[Additional Trustees.]

[31st May 1816.]

12 G. 1. c. 14.
10 G. 2. c. 5.
7 G. 3. c. 65.
28 G. 3. c. 88.
repealed.

Cap. xlvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing and widening the Road from *Aldermaston* to *Basingstoke*, and several other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Southampton*. (b)

[31st May 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted.]

12 G. 3. c. 78.
34 G. 3. c. 148.

Cap. xlviii.

An Act for amending the Road from *Dudley Hill* through *Beckwithshaw* to *Killingball*, and from *Beckwithshaw* to the South west Corner of *Harrogate* Inclosures, and for making and maintaining a Branch therefrom to *Bradford*, all in the West Riding of the County of *York*. (b)

[31st May 1816.]

[Additional Trustees.]

26 G. 2. c. 83.
17 G. 3. c. 73.
38 G. 3. c. 21.
repealed.

Cap. xlix.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Darlastone Bridge* to the most Northern Part of *Talk-on-the-Hill* in *Butt Lane*, in the County of *Stafford*, and also the Road branching out of the said first mentioned Road to *Shelton Wharf*, in the said County.

[31st May 1816.]

[Additional Trustees.]

19 G. 3. c. 119.
31 G. 3. c. 129.

Cap. l.

An Act for altering and amending an Act of the Forty-fifth Year of His present Majesty, for making and maintaining a Road leading from the Limits of the Counties of *Edinburgh* and *Lanark*, into the Burgh of *Lanark*, with a Branch towards *Ravenstruther*, in the County of *Lanark*. (b)

[31st May 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease and New Tolls granted.]

45 G. 3.

Cap. li.

- 13 G. 1.
21 G. 2. c. 20.
12 G. 3. c. 110.
27 G. 3. c. 73.
- An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts, so far as the same relate to the Roads from *Birmingham* through *Wednesbury*, to *High Bullen*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Warwick*, *Worcester* and *Stafford*.
[31st May 1816.]

Cap. lii.

- 11 G. 1. c. 20.
9 G. 2. c. 9.
10 G. 3. c. 83.
30 G. 3. c. 103.
31 G. 3. c. 96.
repealed.
- An Act for more effectually repairing the Road from *Biggleswade* to *Alconbury Hill*, and other Roads therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Bedford* and *Huntingdon*. (a) [31st May 1816.]

Cap. liii.

- 25 G. 2. c. 22.
29 G. 2. c. 93.
28 G. 3. c. 112.
- An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for repairing the Roads from *Shrewsbury* through *Ellesmere* in the County of *Salop*, and *Overtown* in the County of *Flint*, to *Wrexham* in the County of *Denbigh*, and other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, so far as relates to the *Ellesmere* District of the said Roads. (b.)
[31st May 1816.]
[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. liv.

- 2 G. 3. c. 58.
- An Act to amend an Act of the Second Year of His present Majesty, for the better Relief and Employment of the Poor of the Parish of *Saint James*, within the Liberty of *Westminster*, and another Act of the First Year of King *James* the Second, for erecting the said Parish.
[20th June 1816.]

Cap. lv.

- 22 & 23 Car. 2.
c. 2. repealed as respects the Amount of the Sum paid by Rate.
- An Act to enlarge the Powers of an Act passed in the Twenty-second and Twenty-third Years of the Reign of His Majesty King *Charles* the Second, for making the Manor of *Paris Garden* a Parish, and to enable the Parishioners of *Saint Saviour's Southwark* to raise a Maintenance for Ministers, and for Repairs of their Church; and for other Purposes relating thereto.
[20th June 1816.]

Cap. lvi.

- An Act for enlarging the Church Yard of the Parish of *Saint George the Martyr*, in *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*; and for other Purposes relating thereto.
[20th June 1816.]

Cap. lvii.

- 40 G. 3. (1.)
as to making the Rates repealed.
- An Act to explain and amend an Act of His present Majesty, for paving, cleaning, lighting and otherways improving the Town of *Belfast*, in the County of *Antrim*, and for better effecting those Purposes.
[20th June 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lviii.

An Act for amending an Act of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for inclosing Lands in the Townships of Crowle, Eastoft and Ealand, in the Parish of Crowle, in the County of Lincoln, and extending into the West Riding of the County of York*; and for draining or warping the said Lands, and Lands in the Parishes of *Luddington, Belton and Adlingfleet*, and for making Drains in the Parish of *Althorpe*; all in the said Counties of *Lincoln and York*. [20th June 1816.]

53 G. 3.
c. clxvii.

Cap. lix.

An Act for building a new Gaol in the City of *Bristol*, and for other Purposes. [20th June 1816.]

32 G. 3. c. 82.
repealed.

Cap. lx.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts passed for rebuilding and repairing the Piers of *Bridlington* otherwise *Burlington*, in the East Riding of the County of *York*; and for granting further Powers for those Purposes. (b) [20th June 1816.]

8 & 9 W. 3.
c. 29.
1 G. 1. c. 49.
5 G. 1. c. 10.
7 G. 1. c. 16.
26 G. 2. c. 10.
29 G. 3. c. 23.
49 G. 3. c. 25.

Cap. lxi.

An Act for amending and enlarging the Provisions of an Act of the Forty-ninth Year of His present Majesty, for better supplying the Inhabitants of the Town of *Rochdale* and the Neighbourhood with Water. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxii.

An Act for building a Bridge across the River *Irwell*, from the Township of *Salford*, in the Parish of *Manchester*, to *Strangeways*, in the Township of *Cheetham*, all in the County of *Lancaster*; and for making proper Avenues thereto. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxiii.

An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River *Thames*, from the Precinct of the *Savoy*, or near thereunto, in the County of *Middlesex*, to the opposite Shore; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith in the County of *Surrey*; and also for making a new Road in lieu of Part of the Road or Street called *Narrow Wall*, in the said County of *Surrey*; and for making an Archway over Part of such new Road; and for denominating the said Bridge *The Waterloo Bridge*. [20th June 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for building a Bridge over the River Thames, from the Precinct of the Savoy, or near thereunto, in the County of Middlesex, to the opposite Shore*; and for making convenient Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith in the County of *Surrey*, whereby the Company of Proprietors of the *Strand Bridge* were incorporated for the Purpose of building the said Bridge, and completing the Roads and Works therein mentioned: And Whereas the said Company have

49 G. 3. c. 191.

53 G. 3. c. 184.

invested the Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds Sterling in the Purchases of Reduced Bank Annuities, in the Names of the Trustees mentioned in the said recited Act: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for altering, enlarging and extending the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for building a Bridge over the River Thames, at the Precinct of the Savoy, or near thereunto; and making Roads and Avenues to communicate therewith, in the Counties of Middlesex and Surrey*: And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Execution of the several Works by the said recited Acts authorized, and have completed the Arches of the said Bridge: And Whereas it is expedient for the Purposes of the said Acts, that Part of a certain Road or Street called *Narrow Wall*, near the Abutment of the said Bridge, in the County of *Surrey*, should be stopped up, and that a more direct Communication should be made from or near a certain Street or Road called the *Commercial Road* lying on the Eastern Side of the intended Road from the said Bridge, to the Obelisk in *Saint George's Fields*, in the said County of *Surrey*, to that Part of the said Street or Road called *Narrow Wall*, which lies on the Western Side of a certain House, Slaughter House and Yard, in the Occupation of *Alexander Everard*, by a new Road to be made by the said Company for that Purpose, and also that the said Company should have Power to make an Archway over Part of the said new Road; and it is also expedient that some of the Provisions of the said Acts, or one of them, should be altered and amended: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty as enacts, that nothing therein or in the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty contained, should extend or be deemed or construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up or obstruct the Way or Street called *Narrow Wall*, in the Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the County of *Surrey*, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

53 G. 3. c. 184.
§ 21.
repealed.

Power to stop
up Part of
Narrow Wall.

II. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to stop up that Part of the present Road or Way called *Narrow Wall*, which lies between the Eastern End of the intended new Road by this Act authorized to be made, and the Western End or Side of the Premises belonging to or occupied by *Alexander Everard*: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize, empower or enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up, obstruct or alter any Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, except only such Part as is herein particularly mentioned and specified, and within the Limits prescribed by this Act, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to stop up that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, hereinbefore mentioned, until the Road

Road or Way hereinafter authorized to be made and constructed in lieu thereof shall be passable for Carriages and Passengers along the same.

III. And be it further enacted, That when and so soon as that Part of the said Road or Way called *Narrow Wall*, hereinbefore described, shall be stopped up by virtue of the Provisions of this Act, in respect thereof, that Part of the same, which will lie on the West Side of the intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk, shall be and become vested in His Grace the Archbishop of *Canterbury*, and shall be thenceforth Part and Parcel of the Possessions of the See of *Canterbury*, but subject to be occupied by the Lessees of the adjoining Lands until the Expiration of their Leases; and that Part of the same which shall lie on the South Side of so much of the Wharf called *Hearne's Wharf*, as lies Eastward of the said Bridge, shall be and become vested in the said Archbishop, and shall be thenceforth Part and Parcel of the Possessions of the said See, but subject as aforesaid, and also with, under and subject to all such and the same Powers and Provisions as the same would have been subject to under or by virtue of the said recited Acts or either of them, in case the same had been included in the Schedule to the said first recited Act; and that Part of the same which shall lie on the Site of the said intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk, and on the South Side of the Wharf belonging to the Company, formerly the Property of *Jerroise Clerk Jerroise*, shall thenceforth be and become vested in the said Company, and the Residue thereof shall be conveyed by the said Company to and become vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales* as Duke of *Cornwall*, and shall thenceforth be Part and Parcel of the Estate of the Duchy of *Cornwall* called *Prince's Meadows*, pursuant to the Provisions of this Act.

Road to be stopped up how to be disposed of.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority, by virtue of this Act, to make and construct (in lieu of that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall* by this Act authorized to be stopped up) a Road or Way of the Width of Thirty Feet and no more, from or from near to a certain Road called the *Commercial Road*, at or near where the said Road adjoins the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, on the Eastern Side of the intended Road leading from the said Bridge to the Obelisk in *Saint George's Fields*, to or near that Part of the said Street or Way called *Narrow Wall*, on the Western Side of the said intended Road from the said Bridge to the Obelisk aforesaid, which adjoins or is near to the Western Part of the said House, Slaughter House and Yard, in the Occupation of *Alexander Everard*, in manner described and delineated in the Map or Plan hereinafter mentioned; and it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, to take and use the several Lands, Grounds, Houses, Tenements and Hereditaments mentioned and specified in the Schedule to this Act annexed, for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, and for completing the several Works in the said recited Acts and this Act mentioned, first making Compensation for the same in manner directed by the said first recited Act or this Act, and subject to the Provisions and Regulations concerning the Purchase of Lands and Hereditaments contained in the said first recited Act, except so far as the said Provisions and Regulations are repealed or altered by this Act;

Power to make a New Road, and take Lands.

and it shall also be lawful for the said Company, and for their Engineer, or Surveyor or Surveyors, and Workmen, from time to time to enter upon the Lands and Premises through which or whereupon such Road or Alterations is or are intended to be made or pass, and also upon any adjoining Lands or Grounds, and to stake out such Road or Alterations, in such manner as the said Company, or their Engineer or Surveyor, shall think necessary or proper, without being deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, and without being subject or liable to any Fine, Penalty or Punishment for entering or continuing upon such Lands or Premises respectively, for any of the Purposes of this Act; and if any Person shall pull up, remove or destroy, any of the Stakes or other Marks used in laying out such Road or Alterations, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

‘ V. And Whereas a Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, describing and delineating the intended new Road from the *Commercial Road to Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and the Premises mentioned and contained in the said Schedule to this Act annexed, have been deposited with the Clerk of the Peace for the said County of *Surrey*;

Road to be made according to Plan, &c. lodged with the Clerk of the Peace.

Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Map or Plan, and Book of Reference, shall remain in the Custody of the said Clerk of the Peace, to the end that all Persons interested therein may at all reasonable times have Liberty to inspect and peruse the same, and take Copies or Extracts thereof, at their Will and Pleasure, paying to such Clerk of the Peace the Sum of One Shilling for every such Inspection, and after the Rate of Sixpence for every two Words of such Copies or Extracts of the said Book of Reference; and that the said Company in making the said Road shall not deviate more than Five Yards of Three Feet each from the Line described in the said Map or Plan, without the Consent and Approbation in Writing of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, through whose Lands or Premises such Deviation shall be made.

Mistakes in Schedule not to affect the Purposes of this Act.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to make and construct the said Road hereby authorized to be made, and may purchase and take Possession for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, of any of the Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments set out or mentioned and described in the said Plan and Book of Reference, or in the Schedule to this Act annexed, notwithstanding the Name or Names of any Person or Persons shall or may have been omitted or mistated, or incorrectly spelt in the said Book of Reference or Schedule, in case it shall appear to any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Surrey*, and be certified by Writing under their Hands that such Error, Omission or incorrect Description proceeded from Mistake.

Compensation for Buildings required for New Road.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall make Compensation to the Owners and Occupiers of the several Buildings required to be taken down for the Purpose of making the said New Road herein authorized, in lieu of the said Part of *Narrow Wall* to be stopped up, for the Value of such Buildings only; and also for any incidental Damage to be sustained by the taking and using thereof, in manner directed by the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty, in respect of Houses, Buildings

Buildings and Premises required to be taken and used for the Purposes of the same Act; and upon Payment or Tender of the Amount of such Compensation for such Buildings, and the said Damage, the same, and every Part thereof, together with so much of the Site thereof as shall be necessary and sufficient for making and constructing such New Road, shall be and become vested in and be the Property of the said Company.

VIII. And Whereas by the said Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, after reciting, that in the making and constructing of the Road, leading from the South Foot of the said intended Bridge, a small triangular Slip or Piece of Ground would intervene between the said Bridge Road and the Estate of His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales* as Duke of *Cornwall*, called *Prince's Meadows*; and that His said Royal Highness had consented to give up and agreed to assign to the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, all the Land which should be required out of the said Estate for the making and constructing the intended Road leading to *Stamford Street*; without receiving any Compensation or Payment for the Value of the same, in consideration that the said Company of Proprietors should purchase the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land which would so intervene between the said first mentioned Road and the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and assign the same, without any Compensation or Payment for the Value thereof, unto His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors. Dukes of *Cornwall*; it was further enacted, that the said Company of Proprietors should and might, and they were thereby authorized and empowered to purchase the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land thereinbefore mentioned, being of the Length of Nine hundred and sixty four feet, or thereabouts, on the West Side thereof, and of the Breadth of One hundred and sixty Feet, or thereabouts, at the North End thereof; and to assign the same and every Part thereof unto His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, thenceforth to be and remain for ever Part and Parcel of the Duchy of *Cornwall*: And Whereas since the passing of the said recited Act His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales* hath entered into a Contract for the granting of One Lease or several Leases of the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, for several Terms for Years in the said Contract mentioned, of the Parcels respectively: And Whereas the said Company of Proprietors, in pursuance of such Agreement, and under the several Authorities in the said recited Acts contained, have purchased of the Principal, Fellows and Scholars of *Jesus College* of Queen *Elizabeth's* Foundation, within the City and University of *Oxford*; and of *John Hanbury Beaufoy* and *Thomas James*, their several Estates and Interests of and in the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, and other Land adjoining thereto; and they have also, under the like Authorities, purchased of *Jerroise Clerke Jerroise Esquire*, a certain Wharf fronting the River *Thames*, and have given Notice of their Intention to purchase a Messuage or Tenement and Yard, both adjoining to the said Estate called *Prince's Meadows*, and extending from the said triangular Slip of Land to the River *Thames*; and the said Company of Proprietors are at the Time of passing

this Act in the actual Possession or Occupation of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land, and of the said other Land adjoining, as also of the said Wharf so respectively purchased of the said Principal, Fellows and Scholars, and of the said *John Hanbury Beaufoy*, and *Thomas James*, and *Jerroise Clerke Jerroise Esquire* as aforesaid: And Whereas a Part of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land will be required for the making and constructing the intended New Road mentioned in this Act, from the Road called the *Commercial Road to Narrow Wall* aforesaid; and it will also be convenient and necessary that the said Company of Proprietors should retain a certain other Part of the said triangular Slip, of the Breadth of One hundred and eleven Feet Six Inches from East to West, extending from the North End thereof to the said intended New Road, from the *Commercial Road to Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and that the same should be vested in the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors; and the said Company of Proprietors have proposed to convey to His said Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, in exchange for the Land so to be retained by them as aforesaid, certain Parts of the said Wharf so purchased of the said *Jerroise Clerke Jerroise Esquire*, and of the said Messuage or Tenement and Yard, which they have given Notice of their Intention to purchase as aforesaid, containing Forty three Feet and Six Inches in Breadth from East to West; and also the Site of that Part of the said Street or Way abutting thereon called the *Narrow Wall*, to be stopped up as aforesaid, to be vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, to be and remain Part and Parcel of the said Duchy of *Cornwall*, as an Equivalent for those Parts of the said triangular Slip of Land, so to be vested in the said Company of Proprietors as aforesaid, to which Proposal of Exchange His said Royal Highness, with the Advice of his Council, hath agreed;

Be it therefore further enacted, That His said Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales* as Duke of *Cornwall* or his Successor for the time being, shall and may and he is hereby authorized and empowered, in consideration of the said Exchange, Transfer and Assignment hereinbefore mentioned, to assign and transfer to the said Company of Proprietors and their Successors all such Parts of the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land as may be required for making and constructing the said intended New Road from the said *Commercial Road to Narrow Wall* aforesaid, and for any other Purposes of the said Company; and the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and empowered to retain to the said Company of Proprietors, and their Successors, out of and from the said triangular Slip or Piece of Land so agreed to be vested in His Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, so much and such Parts thereof as are hereinbefore mentioned and proposed to be so retained; and the said Company of Proprietors shall and may and they are hereby authorized and required to purchase, convey, assign and transfer to His said Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, to be and remain thenceforth for ever Part and Parcel of the said Duchy of *Cornwall*, and subject to the like Reverter, Estate and Interest in or to the King or Queen for the time being, and his or her Heirs and Successors, so much and such Part of the said Wharf

Company may exchange certain Lands with the Duchy of Cornwall.

Wharf of the Breadth aforesaid; and also the Site of that Part of the said Street or Way called the *Narrow Wall*, hereinbefore described, abutting thereon as aforesaid; and also so much and such Part of the said Messuage or Tenement and Yard as aforesaid: Provided always, that the said several Parcels of Land so to be transferred and assigned to and retained by the said Company of Proprietors respectively, shall be freed and discharged of and from all Contracts or Agreements entered into by His said Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, and the said Land so to be conveyed and assigned to His said Royal Highness in lieu thereof shall be liable to and charged with all Contracts or Agreements entered into by His said Royal Highness, to which the said Lands so to be assigned to or retained by the said Company of Proprietors are now liable.

IX. And be it further enacted, That His said Royal Highness the Prince of *Wales*, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, shall and may and he and they is and are hereby empowered to make Leases and Grants, or to enter into any further Contract or Contracts, for granting One or more Leases of all such Parts of the said triangular Slip as shall not be transferred and assigned to and retained by the said Company of Proprietors; as also of the said Wharf and Land so to be purchased, conveyed and assigned to His said Royal Highness as aforesaid; and His said Royal Highness, his Heirs and Successors Dukes of *Cornwall*, and the King or Queen for the time being shall have the same and the like Powers and Authorities in respect to the said Ground or Site so vested in him and them by force of this Act, as he now hath, or he or they shall or may have, under and by virtue of all or any of the several Acts of Parliament made and passed, one in the Thirty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to make Leases, Copies and Grants of Offices, Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same, and for the other Purposes therein mentioned*; another, made and passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to enable His Royal Highness George Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called Prince's Meadows, in the Parish of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, for the Purpose of building thereon*; and the other, passed in the Fifty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and intituled *An Act for amending and enlarging the Powers of an Act, passed in the Fiftieth Year of His present Majesty, to enable His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to grant Leases of certain Lands and Premises called Prince's Meadows, in the Parish of Lambeth, in the County of Surrey, Parcel of His said Royal Highness's Duchy of Cornwall, for the Purpose of building thereon*.

X. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act or in the said recited Acts contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said Company to take or use any Lands or Hereditaments belonging to the See of *Canterbury*, until they shall have made Compensation for the same in manner directed by the said recited Acts or this Act, save and except only in such manner and for such Purposes as the said Company may lawfully take and use the same, or any Part thereof, by virtue of any Lease or Leases already granted or hereafter to be granted by the said See.

Enabling the Prince of Wales to grant Leases of the Lands, &c. taken in exchange.

Lands belonging to See of *Canterbury* not to be used until Compensation be made, &c.

‘ XI. And Whereas it is by the said first recited Act enacted, that nothing therein contained should extend or be construed to extend to enable the said Company of Proprietors to take or use or otherwise to intermeddle with any Wharf, Road, Houses, Buildings, Grounds or Premises in the said Parish of *Saint Mary Lambeth*, in the said County of *Surrey*, then in the Occupation of *Samuel Phelps, Richard Troward, and Abraham Bracebridge*, trading under the Firm of *Phelps and Company*, without the Consent in Writing of the said *Samuel Phelps, Richard Troward and Abraham Bracebridge*, first had and obtained for that Purpose: And Whereas the said Company of Proprietors have obtained the Consent in Writing of *Sir William Paxton, Knight, Sir Charles Cockerell, Baronet, and Charles Greenwood, Esquire*, (in whom the same Premises have become vested for all the Estate and Interest, late of the said *Samuel Phelps, Richard Troward and Abraham Bracebridge* therein,) authorizing them the said Company of Proprietors to take and use for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act, so much and such Part of the said Houses, Buildings, Grounds and Premises as are mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, and also all that Piece or Parcel of Ground formerly called *Hearne’s Wharf*;

Premises late of Messrs. Phelps and Company may be taken.

Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority to take and use so much of the said Houses, Buildings, Grounds and Premises, as are mentioned in the said Schedule to this Act, and that the said Piece or Parcel of Ground formerly called *Hearne’s Wharf* shall be subject to such and the same Powers and Provisions as the same would have been subject to, under or by virtue of the said recited Acts, or either of them, in case no such Consent as aforesaid had been made requisite by the said first recited Act: Provided always, that the said Company of Proprietors shall not be subject or liable to take or use any greater Part of the said Houses, Buildings, Grounds and Premises, than as aforesaid.

Satisfaction to be made in gross Sums.

XII. And be it further enacted, That Satisfaction for any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall be used or taken for the Purposes or under the Authority of the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, or for any Injury or Damage that shall be done or occasioned in carrying the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, into Execution, shall be made in the manner directed by the said first recited Act, with respect to any Lands taken or used, or any Injury or Damage done in the Execution of the same Act, except only that the Satisfaction to be made for any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, which shall hereafter be taken or used for the Purposes or under the Provisions of the said recited Acts and this Act, or any or either of them, shall always be made by the Payment of a Sum of Money in gross, and not otherwise; and that so much of the said recited Acts, or either of them, as directs such Compensation to be made by an Annual Rent or Annual Payment, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Incapacitated Persons empowered to convey Lands to the Company by Consent.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That in case it shall appear to the said Company of Proprietors, that it will be more convenient and advisable to vary, alter or improve any Part of the Roads by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be made, or the Accesses or Approaches to the said Bridge, or either of them, or any Roads

or

or Streets communicating therewith respectively, in such manner that any Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments, may be wanted, which are not contained in the Schedules to the said recited Acts or this Act annexed, or any or either of them, or in any or either of the Maps or Plans in the said recited Acts or this Act mentioned, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered to carry into Effect such Variations or Alterations, upon their obtaining the Consent of the several Owners and Occupiers, and other Persons or Parties interested in the said last mentioned Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements or Hereditaments respectively, and all and every Body or Bodies Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Corporations Aggregate or Sole, and all Tenants for Life, and Tenants in Fee Tail General or Special, or for Years determinable on any Life or Lives, whether in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, Expectancy or otherwise, and all Husbands, Guardians, Trustees or Feoffees in Trust for charitable and other Purposes, Committees, Executors and Administrators, and all other Trustees and Persons whomsoever, not only for and on behalf of themselves, their Heirs and Successors, but also for and on behalf of their Cestuique Trusts, whether Infants, Issue unborn, Lunatics, Idiots, Femes Covert or other Person or Persons, and all Femes Covert who are or shall be seized, possessed of, or interested in their own Right, or entitled to Dower or other Interest therein; and all other Person or Persons under any Disability or Incapacity whatsoever is and are hereby fully authorized and empowered to give such Consent, and thereupon to sell and convey the same, and every Part thereof, to the said Company, in like manner as if such Lands, Grounds, Houses, Buildings, Tenements and Hereditaments had been contained in the said Schedule to this Act annexed.

‘ XIV. And Whereas several Parts of the Lands and Hereditaments which are or will be required for the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act are of Copyhold or Customary Tenure, and Doubts have arisen as to the manner in which such Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments should be conveyed to the said Company of Proprietors;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That any such Lands or Hereditaments which are of Copyhold or Customary Tenure may be surrendered into the Hands of the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies of the Manor or Manors of which the same are respectively holden, to the Use of the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns; and the said Company of Proprietors or their Successors shall, if they shall think fit, be thereupon admitted to hold the same unto the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, according to the Custom of the said Manor or Manors, any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, that if the said Company of Proprietors, or their Successors, or the Lord or Lords, Lady or Ladies for the time being of such Manor or Manors, shall be desirous that such Copyhold or Customary Lands and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, shall be enfranchised, Satisfaction shall be made in respect thereof; and such Lands and Hereditaments shall be conveyed to the said Company of Proprietors, their Successors and Assigns, in Fee Simple, in the same or the like manner as any other Lands or Hereditaments to be taken or used for the Purposes of the said Acts.

Conveyance of Copyholds.

Proviso for Enfranchisement.

‘ XV. And

Power to make
an Archway over
the New Road.

‘ XV. And Whereas in order to make a gradual Ascent to the
‘ said Bridge on the South Side thereof, without destroying or in-
‘ commoding the free Passage of Persons, Horses and Carriages along
‘ the said intended Road hereby authorized to be made from the said
‘ Road called the *Commercial Road to Narrow Wall* aforesaid, it
‘ will be necessary that an Arch should be constructed or erected
‘ over the said intended Road, and under the ascending Avenue
‘ or Road to the said Bridge on the South Side thereof;’ Be it
therefore further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and
for the said Company of Proprietors, and they are hereby autho-
rized and empowered, at their own proper Costs and Charges, to
make or cause to be made an Arch or Archway over or upon the said
intended Road, of a Width not being less than Twenty six Feet at
the Bottom or widest Space thereof, and of a Height being not less
than Twenty four Feet above the Level of certain Lands called
Prince’s Meadows, in the Parish of *Lambeth*, in the County of
Surrey.

Committee may
agree for Passage
of Persons for
Three Years,
and issue Tic-
kets.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the Committee of the
said Company of Proprietors shall have full Power and Authority to
contract or agree with any Person or Persons for his, her or their
free Passage over the said Bridge, and along the said Roads, for any
time or times not exceeding Three Years, at any one time for such
Sum as to the said Committee shall seem meet, and thereupon to issue
One or more Ticket or Tickets to such Person or Persons, to enable
him, her or them to pass Toll free over the said Bridge, and along
the said Roads, for the time for which such Contract shall have been
made; and if any such Person or Persons shall lend or transfer such
Ticket for the Use of any other Person or Persons, and whereby
such other Person or Persons shall under colour of such Ticket
pass over the said Bridge, or through any Turnpike or Toll Bar
upon any of the said Roads Toll free, such Person or Persons so
offending shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence any Sum not
exceeding Forty Shillings, for the Use of the said Company.

Lending
Tickets.

Penalty.

Notice of Pay-
ment of Toll to
be given on a
Board.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the said Company shall
and they are hereby directed and required to cause Notice to be
given by or upon a Board, to be constantly affixed on the Front of
all the Turnpikes or Toll Houses to be erected on or near the said
Bridge, in large legible Characters, that the Payment of Toll at any
one Turnpike or Gate shall free and exempt the Person or Persons
paying the same from Payment at any other Turnpike or Gate, for
or in respect of passing once over the said Bridge; and if any Person
or Persons shall deface or obliterate any Part of the Notice on such
Board, he, she or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any
Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

Defacing Notice.

Penalty.

Toll Collectors
to put up their
Names.

XVIII. And be it further enacted, That every Toll Collector
appointed either by the said Company of Proprietors, or by any
Lessee or Lessees under them, to collect the Tolls payable at any
Turnpike or Toll Gate to be erected by virtue of the said recited
Acts or this Act, shall and he is hereby required to place his Chris-
tian and Surname, painted on a Board in legible Characters, in the
Front or on some other conspicuous Part of the Toll House or Toll
Gate, immediately after his coming on Duty, and shall continue the
same so placed during the whole time he shall be upon such Duty;
and if any Collector of the said Tolls shall not place such Board as
aforesaid,

Collectors of-
fending.

aforsaid, and keep the same there during the time aforsaid, or shall demand or take a greater or less Toll from any Person or Persons than he shall be authorized to do by virtue of the Powers of the said recited Acts or this Act, or shall demand and take a Toll from any Person or Persons who shall be exempt from the Payment thereof, and claim such Exemption, or shall refuse to permit or shall in anywise hinder any Person or Persons from reading such Christian or Surname, or shall refuse to tell his Christian or Surname to any Person or Persons who shall demand the same on having paid the said Tolls, or any of them, or shall give a false Name or Names on such Demand, or shall make use of any scurrilous or blasphemous Language to any Person or Persons travelling over the said Bridge, or shall without sufficient Cause detain or delay any Person or Persons travelling thereon, then and in every such case every such Collector shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings for every such Offence.

Penalty.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Dispute shall happen about the Amount of Toll due, or the Charges of keeping or selling any Distress, it shall be lawful for the Collector or Person distraining to retain the same, or the Money arising by the Sale thereof, (as the case may happen,) until the Amount of such Toll, and the Charges of making such Distress, and of keeping and selling the same, shall be ascertained by some Justice of the Peace of the County, Town or Place wherein such Dispute shall happen, who, upon Application to him made for that Purpose, shall examine the Matter upon the Oath of the Parties, or other Witnesses or Witnessess, (which Oath such Justice is hereby empowered to administer,) and shall determine the Amount of the Tolls due, and it shall be lawful for such Justice to assess and award such Costs to be paid by either of the Parties to the other as he shall think fit and reasonable; and in case of Non Payment thereof on demand, such Costs shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party liable to pay the same by Warrant under the Hand of such Justice.

Disputes concerning Toll to be settled by a Justice.

Distress..

XX. And Whereas the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, with the Accumulations thereof, is sufficient to complete the said Bridge, and it is by the said recited Act of the Fifty third Year of His present Majesty enacted, that the same or a competent Part thereof shall be applied in finishing the said Bridge, and that no Part thereof shall be laid out or expended in the making of Roads, or in any other of the Works authorized to be executed by the said Company, until and unless the said Bridge and every Part thereof should be fully completed and finished: And Whereas it will tend to facilitate the Completion of the said Bridge if the said Trustees were empowered to transfer the said Sum, and the Accumulations thereof, for the Purpose aforsaid; Be it therefore further enacted, That the said Trustees shall and may and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered to transfer the said Sum of Fifty thousand Pounds, and the Accumulations thereof, from time to time as the same shall be required for the Purpose of defraying the Expences of finishing and completing the said Bridge; any thing in the said first recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Transferring the Sum of 50,000l.

XXI. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to authorize or empower the said

Saving Rights of Commissioners said

of Sewers for certain Limits in Kent.

said Company of Proprietors to stop up, alter, vary or intermeddle with any Sewer or Drain without the Leave and Consent of the Commissioners of Sewers for the Limits extending from *East Moulsey* in the said County of *Surrey*, to *Ravensborne* in the County of *Kent*, for that Purpose first had and obtained.

‘ XXII. And Whereas the said Bridge when completed will be a Work of great Stability and Magnificence; and such Works are adapted to transmit to Posterity the Remembrance of great and glorious Achievements: And Whereas the said Company are desirous that a Designation shall be given to the said Bridge which shall be a lasting Record of the brilliant and decisive Victory achieved by His Majesty’s Forces, in conjunction with those of his Allies, on the Eighteenth Day of *June* One thousand eight hundred and fifteen;’ Be it therefore further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act the said Bridge shall be called and denominated *The Waterloo Bridge*, and shall cease to be called by the Name of *The Strand Bridge*; and the said Company shall also, from and after the passing of this Act, be called by the Name and Style of ‘ The Company of Proprietors of *The Waterloo Bridge*,’ and by that Name shall have perpetual Succession and a Common Seal, and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued, and also shall and may have full Power and Authority to purchase Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to them, their Successors and Assigns, for the Use of the said Bridge, Roads or other Works by the said recited Acts and this Act authorized to be made, and for the several other Purposes in the said recited Acts and this Act mentioned, without incurring any of the Penalties or Forfeitures of the Statutes of Mortmain; and also to sell any of the Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments purchased for the Purposes aforesaid, to all Intents and Purposes as if they had been originally named and stiled in the said first recited Act, ‘ The Company of Proprietors of *The Waterloo Bridge*,’ and shall, from and after the passing of this Act, cease to be called ‘ The Company of Proprietors of the *Strand Bridge*,’ and shall cease to sue and be sued by the Name of ‘ The Company of Proprietors of the *Strand Bridge*.’ Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to annul or affect, or be construed to annul or affect, any Act or Acts heretofore done by the said Company, or any Suit or Suits brought by or against the said Company, or any Purchase or Sale of Lands by the said Company by such Alteration of their Name and Style; but that all Proceedings whatever commenced or pending in their original Name and Style may be continued in such Name and Style, notwithstanding the Provision hereinbefore contained for the Alteration thereof, or in the Name and Style hereafter to be used by the said Company, by virtue of this Act, as to the Committee of the said Company shall seem meet.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That Sir *Joseph Sydney Yorke Knight*, *James Brogden Esquire*, Sir *Benjamin Bloomfield Knight*, and the Reverend *John Rusb*, shall be, and they are hereby constituted Commissioners for executing the several Powers in and by the said recited Act of the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty specially provided and directed to be executed, in addition to the Commissioners nominated and appointed by the same Act; and the said Commissioners hereby nominated shall be and they are hereby invested

The Bridge to be called ‘ The Waterloo Bridge,’ and the Company to be stiled ‘ The Company of Proprietors of the Waterloo Bridge.’

And shall cease to be called and sued as The Company of Proprietors of the Strand Bridge.

Appointing additional Commissioners.

invested with all the Functions, Powers and Authorities by the said recited Act given to the said Commissioners therein mentioned, and shall be subject to all the Restrictions, Clauses, Provisoes and Enactments in the same Act contained in relation to the said Commissioners.

XXIV. And be it further enacted, That the said recited Acts of the Forty ninth and Fifty third Years of His present Majesty, and all and every the Tolls, Duties, Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, matters and things whatsoever therein contained, so far as the same were in force at the time of passing this Act, and also so far as the same are not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall extend and be construed to extend and operate, and be in full Force and Effect, with respect to all matters and things to be done, or which may arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually as if the same and every of them were repeated and reenacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the same recited Acts and this Act shall, as to all matters and things whatsoever, except as aforefaid, be construed as One Act.

49 G. 3. c. 191.
53 G. 3. c. 184.
and this Act to be construed as one Act.

XXV. And be it further enacted, That the Expences of obtaining and passing of this Act shall be paid by the said Company out of the first Monies arising or to arise by virtue of the said recited Acts or of this Act, or any of them, or now in the Hands of the said Company.

For defraying Expences of Act.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Public Act.

The SCHEDULE to which this Act refers.

Parish and County.	Number on Plan.	DESCRIPTION of PROPERTY.	OWNERS.	OCCUPIERS.
SAINT MARY, LAMBETH, in the County of SURREY:	1.	Shed - - -	Strand Bridge Company -	} Strand Bridge Company.
	2.	Yard, &c. - - -	--- Ditto - - -	
	3.	Sewer - - -	- - -	- - -
	4.	Lately a Shed, now pulled down, lately Messrs. Phelps and Co. - - -	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockerell, and Charles Greenwood Esquire, Leaseholders - - }	Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockerell, and Charles Greenwood Esquire.
	5.	Yard extending northward to Narrow Wall } - - -	--- Ditto - - -	--- Ditto.
	6.	Shed - Ditto - - -	--- Ditto - - -	Thomas Vince.
	7.	Small Dwelling House - - -	--- Ditto - - -	James Bone.
	8.	Public House and Yard, White Swan -	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Whitbread and Co. Leaseholders }	George Pitman.

SCHEDULE—*continued.*

Parish and County.	Number on Plan.	DESCRIPTION of PROPERTY.	OWNERS.	OCCUPIERS.
SAINT MARY, LAMBETH, in the County of SURREY :	9.	Public House and Yard, Salutation	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Barclay and Perkins, Leaseholders }	Widow Brown.
	10.	Small Dwelling House	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Executrix of the Rev. Joshua Winter, deceased, Jordan Kempster, and Maria Wright, Leaseholders }	Strand Bridge Company.
	11.	----- Ditto -----	----- Ditto -----	----- Ditto.
	12.	----- Ditto -----	----- Ditto -----	Edward Frith.
	13.	----- Ditto -----	----- Ditto -----	Mary Coates.
	14.	Narrow Wall	-----	-----
	15.	Lime Tree Court	-----	-----
	16.	Small Dwelling House	----- Ditto -----	Empty.
	17.	House, Shop, Slaughter House, and Yard	----- Ditto -----	{ Alexander Everard.
	28.	Dwelling House and Garden	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Strand Bridge Company, Leaseholders }	Strand Bridge Company.
29.	Yard and Ground, and late Phelps and Co.	{ Archbishop of Canterbury; Sir William Paxton, Sir Charles Cockerell, and Charles Greenwood Esquire, Leaseholders }	Unoccupied.	

Cap. lxiv.

An Act for improving the Port and Harbour of *Waterford*, and for other Purposes relating thereto. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxv.

An Act for establishing a New Church, called the Church of *Saint Mark*, situate in the Town and Parish of *Liverpool*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxvi.

22 G. 3. c. 83. An Act for the better Relief and more effectually employing the Poor of the Township of *Sbardlow* and *Wilne*, in the County of *Derby*, and the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned in the said County, and in the Counties of *Leicester* and *Nottingham*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxvii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of certain Acts for repairing several Roads in the Counties of *Worcester* and *Warwick*, so far as relate to the Road leading from the Town of *Broomsgrave* to the Town of *Dudley*, in the County of *Worcester*, and for making a more commodious Road near the Town of *Dudley*. (a)

13 G. 1. c. 15.
15 G. 2. c. 7.
13 G. 3. c. 106.
34 G. 3. c. 136.
continued.

[20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls to cease, and new Tolls granted. Half Toll over on Sunday. Additional Trustees.]

Cap. lxxviii.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers of several Acts, for amending the Road from the End of the Town Cloſe, in the County of the City of *Norwich*, to the Chalk Pits near *Thetford*, in the County of *Norfolk*. (a)

7 & 8 W. 3.
c. 26.
7 Ann. c. 4.
12 G. 1. c. 22.
20 G. 3. c. 16.
7 G. 3. c. 76. 32 G. 3. c. 111. continued.

[20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxix.

An Act for continuing the Term and altering and enlarging the Powers of several Acts of His late and present Majesty, for repairing the Road from the North End of the Town of *Derby*, in the County of *Derby*, to *Sheffield*, in the County of *York*, and from *Duffield* to *Wirkſworth*, in the County of *Derby*. (a)

29 G. 2. c. 82.
16 G. 3. c. 83.
35 G. 3. c. 154.
continued.

[20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls between Duffield and Sheffield repealed, and new Tolls granted. New Trustees.]

Cap. lxx.

An Act for making and maintaining Highways, Roads, Bridges and Quays, and for regulating Ferries in the Shire of *Argyll*; and for altering and repairing certain Military and other Roads, Bridges and Quays in the said Shire, and in the Parish of *Arrochar*, and Shire of *Dumbarton*. (a)

15 G. 3. c. 63.
39 & 40 G. 3.
c. 52.
repealed.

[20th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxi.

An Act for altering and improving Part of the Turnpike Road, leading from the City of *Dublin*, to the New Packet Harbour of *Hosuth*, for the Conveyance of His Majesty's Mails; and for amending the several Laws relating to the said Road.

26 G. 3. c. 30.
28 G. 3. c. 48.
29 G. 3. c. 24.
31 G. 3. c. 50.
32 G. 3. c. 37.
33 G. 3. c. 26.
38 G. 3. c. 41.
45 G. 3. c. 43.
46 G. 3. c. 134.

[20th June 1816.]

[New and additional Tolls.]

Cap. lxxii.

An Act for continuing and amending Four Acts passed in the Reigns of their late Majesties King *George* the First and King *George* the Second, and of His present Majesty, for repairing the Roads from *Luton* to *Westwood Gate*, in the County of *Bedford*, and from *Luton* to *Saint Albans*, in the County of *Hertford*. (a)

13 G. 1. c. 17.
16 G. 2. c. 23.
17 G. 2. c. 42.
13 G. 3. c. 72.
35 G. 3. c. 163.
continued.

[20th June 1816.]

[Former Tolls repealed, and new Tolls granted.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxiii.

An Act for establishing and regulating a Fund for the Widows, Children and Relatives of Officers or Persons belonging to the Department of Customs in *England*. [22d June 1816.]

‘**W**HEREAS the Establishment and Regulation of a Fund for the conditional Benefit and Relief of the Widows and Children or other Relatives of the established Officers, Clerks or other Persons employed in the Department of the Customs in *England* would be highly beneficial; but the same cannot be effectually made without the Aid of Parliament;’ Be it therefore enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the established Officers, Clerks and other Persons permanently employed in the Department of the Customs in the Port of *London*, who shall have signed a Notice in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked A., signifying that they accede to the Contribution of Poundage authorized by this Act, in aid of the general Purposes of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund, and shall have delivered such Notice to the Person to be appointed by the Commissioners of the Customs to receive the same, shall meet on some Day and at some Time and Place to be appointed for that Purpose by the Commissioners of the Customs, and which the said Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, are hereby required to appoint within Fourteen Days after the passing of this Act, and to cause Seven Days’ Notice to be given of such Day, Time and Place, in such manner as they shall deem expedient and sufficient; and the senior Officer in the Department present at such Meeting shall be the President and Chairman of such Meeting, and have the casting Voice in case of Equality of Votes at such Meeting; and the Officers and Persons present at such Meeting shall elect and nominate Twelve Persons superintending in the said Department, or being Principals of Offices, and not being Clerks, as a Committee for the Formation of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund; which said Committee shall elect and nominate a President or Chairman, and shall forthwith proceed to consider and make and arrange such Rules and Regulations for the Establishment and Formation of a Fund for the Benefit of the Widows and Children or other Relatives of the Established Officers, Clerks other Persons belonging to or employed in the Department of the Customs in *England*, and the regulating the Conduct and Management of the said Fund, and raising, collecting and receiving the Subscriptions and Contribution of Poundage necessary for forming such Fund, and paying all Annuities and Claims thereout, and making Tables of Rates of Subscription to and Payments out of such Fund for that Purpose, and also the Number and Description of Directors, Trustees, Auditors, Secretary or other Officers necessary for managing and conducting the said Fund, and the Collection and safe Custody of the Monies from time to time to be raised and subscribed, and the Interest and growing Produce arising therefrom, and paying all Sums to be paid thereout according to such Rules, Regulations and Tables; and it shall be lawful for the said Committee in such Rules and Regulations to specify the respective Powers,

Certain Officers of Customs to elect a Committee for the Formation and Regulation of the Fund.

Committee to elect a Chairman.

Committee in Rules to specify the Power of the Directors, &c.

Powers, Authorities and Duties of such Directors, Trustees, Auditors, Secretary or other Officers respectively, and the Mode of appointing new Director, Trustee, Auditor, Secretary or other Officer, to supply any Vacancies or otherwise; and all Questions which may arise at any such Meeting of the said Committee shall be decided by the Majority of Persons present at the Meeting; and in case of Equality of Votes, the President or Chairman, or in case of his Absence the Officer or Person appointed by him to be his Deputy at such Meeting of the Committee, shall have the casting and second Vote.

II. And be it further enacted, That as soon as such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription and Payment, together with a Statement of the Number and Description of Officers necessary to manage the said Fund shall have been made by the said Committee, and approved by the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, and thereafter ratified and confirmed by some Judge of either of His Majesty's Courts of King's Bench or Common Pleas, or Baron of the Exchequer, such Rules, Regulations and Tables shall be taken and deemed to be, and shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription and Payment of the said "Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund," and for the Management and Regulation thereof, and shall be of the same Force and Effect as if they had been particularly enumerated and enacted in this Act.

After the Rules, &c. are approved by Commissioners, and ratified by a Judge, they shall have the same Force as this Act.

III. And Whereas it is expedient that the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund should be published as speedily as possible to the Officers, Clerks and other Persons employed in the Department of the Customs in London and in the Out Ports, and Creeks and Places attached thereto; Be it therefore enacted, That within Fourteen Days at the farthest after the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been ratified and confirmed as aforesaid, the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, or any Four or more of them, shall and they are hereby required to cause the same to be made public, for the Information of all established Officers and Persons belonging to or in the Employment of the Department of Customs under their Controul and Superintendance, in such manner as they shall see fit, and for that Purpose to communicate or cause to be communicated the same to the Collector and Comptroller of each and every of the Out Ports, with such Directions as they shall think fit, for the making the same public as aforesaid; and the said Collectors and Comptrollers are hereby authorized and required, within such Periods as shall be specified for that Purpose, to communicate and make public the same to all Officers, Clerks and other Persons, at their respective Ports, and the Creeks and Places attached thereto.

Rules, &c. to be made public and transmitted to Collector and Comptroller of each Out Port.

IV. And be it further enacted, That a Contribution of Poundage in aid of the general Purposes of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund shall be raised, levied and collected, in the Port of London, and remitted from the Out Ports in such manner, and by such Persons as the Rules and Regulations, approved and ratified as aforesaid, shall authorize and direct, either by Deduction or otherwise, out of the Quarterly established and incidental Salaries due and payable to all the Officers, Clerks or other Persons of every Rank, Situation or Denomination whatsoever, who shall not signify that they decline

Two pence in the Pound for Eight Quarters, and 1d. in the Pound for every succeeding Quarter, to be deducted out of the Salaries.

to make such Contribution, in manner directed by this Act; and such Contribution shall be assessed for the first Eight Quarters, to be reckoned from the Commencement of such Contribution, or thenceforth from the First Assessment of every Officer, Clerk or other Person as aforesaid, appointed after the passing of this Act, to the said Department of Customs, in respect of whom the said Contribution of Poundage is hereby declared to be, and thereafter to continue to be compulsory, at the Rate of Two pence in every Pound Sterling, and in every fractional Part of a Pound Sterling, and for every succeeding Quarter, the Sum of One Penny in every Pound Sterling, and in every fractional Part of a Pound Sterling: Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to authorize the taking any such Contribution of Poundage out of the Day Pay Allowance of any Person or Persons whatever, employed in the Department of the Customs, or to the Salary or Sum awarded by way of Compensation or Superannuation to any Officers, Clerks or other Persons, who belong or may have belonged to the said Department; and the First Contribution shall be raised, levied, collected and deducted out of the Salaries payable at the Quarter next ensuing and immediately after the Ratification and Confirmation of such Rules, Regulations and Tables, as aforesaid; and all such Money, which shall be so collected, shall be paid over to such Person or Persons, or to such Account as shall be specified in such Rules and Regulations, in relation to Contribution of Poundage to such Fund; and thereafter all such Contribution to such Fund shall be raised, collected, paid over, laid out, accounted for and applied according to such Rules and Regulations.

‘ V. And Whereas certain Officers, Clerks or other Persons who may have belonged to the said Department, before the passing of this Act, may object to the said Quarterly Contribution of Poundage;’ Be it therefore enacted, That every Officer, Clerk or other Person who may object and decline to make such Quarterly Contribution of Poundage shall and is hereby required to give Notice thereof in the Form in the Schedule to this Act annexed, marked B., which Notice shall be signed by him; and if the said Officer, Clerk or other Person shall be employed in the Port of *London*, he shall address the said Notice to the Secretary or other Officer of the said Fund appointed to receive the same, within One Calendar Month at the farthest after the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been approved and ratified as aforesaid; and if the said Officer, Clerk or other Person shall be employed at an Out Port, or Creek, or Place attached thereto, he shall address the said Notice to the Collector or Comptroller at the Out Port to which he shall or may be attached, within Two Calendar Months at the farthest after the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been approved and ratified as aforesaid, which Notice the Collector and Comptroller, so receiving the same as aforesaid, shall forthwith transmit to such Secretary, or other Person as aforesaid; and in Default of such Notice being so duly given by such Officer, Clerk or other Person either in *London* or the Out Ports, he shall be deemed, and adjudged to be, and thereafter to continue liable to such Quarterly Contribution of Poundage to the said Fund as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted, That every Officer, Clerk or other Person so giving Notice, and declining the said Quarterly Contribution

Poundage not to extend to Day Pay, Compensation or Superannuation Allowance.

Officers, &c. giving Notice, may decline the Contribution of Poundage.

Officers, &c. declining Contri-

of

of Poundage to the said Fund, shall be and is hereby declared to be wholly incapable of becoming a Subscriber to the said Fund at any future Period, save and except according to the Terms and Conditions contained in the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription approved and ratified as aforesaid.

bution incapable of becoming Subscribers, except according to Rules, &c.

VII. And be it further enacted, That the Costs, Charges and Expences arising out of or incident to the passing of this Act, shall be paid from time to time out of the first Monies which shall be raised, levied and collected for such Contribution of Poundage as aforesaid, together with all such Sums as may have been advanced, or may be due and owing for any such Costs and Expences, in case any such Money shall have been advanced, or may be due and owing.

Expences paid out of Poundage.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall and may, if they shall deem it expedient, admit any Person to be a Subscriber, and to participate in the Benefits of the said Fund, who may hold the Situation of a Supernumerary Officer or Clerk in the said Department; and the respective Nominees of every Supernumerary Officer, Clerk or other Person so admitted as aforesaid, shall, and are hereby declared to have, and thereafter to continue to have, to all Intents and Purposes, the same and the like Interest in the said Fund, and in the Advantages thereof, as if the said Supernumerary Officer, Clerk or other Person had been permanently established in the said Department, under and subject in every respect to the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription approved and ratified as aforesaid.

Directors may admit Supernumerary Officers or Clerks.

IX. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall and may, if they shall deem it expedient, admit any Person or Persons to be the Nominee or Nominees of any Subscriber to the said Fund who may not be a Relative or Relatives of the said Subscriber; and the said Nominee or Nominees so admitted as aforesaid shall, and are hereby declared to have, and thereafter to continue to have, to all Intents and Purposes, the same and the like Interest in the said Fund, and in the Advantages thereof, as if the said Nominee or Nominees had been a Relative or Relatives of the said Subscriber, under and subject in every respect to the Rules and Regulations approved and ratified as aforesaid.

Directors may admit Nominees of Subscribers, though not Relatives.

X. And be it further enacted, That an Order for Payment of Money addressed to the Receiver General of His Majesty's Customs, or to the Collector and Comptroller of any Out Port for the time being, by any Officer, Clerk or other Person employed in the said Department, and under his Hand and Signature, shall be a sufficient Order, Warrant and Authority to the said Receiver General, and Collector and Comptroller, and who are hereby thereupon required to pay, from time to time, the Sum declared and specified in Words at length in such Order, as the Quarterly Amount of Subscription, or the Amount of other Monies due and owing by the said Officer, Clerk or other Person, to and on the behalf of the said Fund; and the said Sum, so declared and specified in such Order, shall be deducted from the Salary due and payable to the said Officer, Clerk or other Person at the Quarter or Quarters as set forth in the said Order, and shall be paid over to such Person or Persons, or to such Account as shall be specified in such Rules and Regulations, approved and ratified as aforesaid; provided that the said Order or Orders shall be delivered to the said Receiver General, Collector and Comptroller, Three Days

Order on Receiver General and Collector, and Comptroller, sufficient Authority to them for Payment.

at the least prior to the Day on which the said Quarterly Salary shall be due and payable.

‘ XI. And, in order to ensure to the Widows of the Subscribers, or any other Claimants on the said Fund, the full Benefit intended by this Act, as alimentary Provision for the Widows or other Claimants entitled thereto ;’ Be it further enacted, That no Annuity or Sum of Money payable to any Widow or other Claimant under any of the Provisions of this Act shall be assignable, except with the Permission and Approbation of the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, or liable to be affected by Arrestment, or otherwise attachable by any Creditor, or be subject to the *jus mariti* of any Husband with whom any such Widow or other Claimant may intermarry, or be subject in any manner to any Debts, or Deeds, or Controul of any such Husband, but the same shall be paid to each Widow or other Claimant entitled thereto, upon her own Receipt only, notwithstanding such Arrestment, Attachment or Marriage.

XII. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors may sue and be sued for or concerning any thing to be done by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, or of the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription, approved and ratified as aforesaid, in the Name of their Secretary for the time being ; and that no Action or Suit to be brought or commenced by the Command of or against the said Directors, in the Name of their Secretary, shall abate or be discontinued by the Death or Removal of any such Secretary, nor by the Act of such Secretary, without the Consent of the said Directors, or any Three or more of them, but that the Secretary for the time being to the said Directors shall be deemed to be the Plaintiff or Defendant, as the case may be, in every such Action.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Subscriber to the said Fund, under the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription, approved and ratified as aforesaid, shall cease to belong to the said Department of Customs, from whatever Cause arising, provided the said Subscriber shall continue to pay Quarterly the said Contribution of Poundage to the Amount due and payable at the time of his ceasing to belong to the said Department of Customs, under the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription, the said Subscriber so leaving the said Department shall, without any Hindrance whatever, retain his Interest in the said Fund, and continue to be a Subscriber to the said Fund, and be deemed to belong to the same, and his Widow, Children and other immediate Relatives, as the case may be, shall enjoy all such and the like Benefit therefrom, according to their respective Claims, under the said Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription, as fully in any respect as if he had continued to belong to the Department of Customs.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That the Profits, Dividends, Interests and annual Proceeds which shall from time to time arise from the Funds and Securities belonging, or which shall at any time belong to the said Fund, shall from time to time be applied to and for the Uses, Ends, Intents and Purposes in this Act mentioned, or according to the Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription approved and ratified as aforesaid, and to or for no other Use, Interest or Purpose whatsoever.

XV. And be it further enacted, That a Report of the Accounts of the said Fund shall on or before the First Day of September in every

Annuities not to be assignable, or attachable, or liable to the *jus mariti* of any Husband a Widow or other Claimant may marry.

Directors to be sued in the Name of their Secretary.

If a Subscriber leaves the Customs, and continues to pay his last Rate of Poundage, and his rated Subscription, to continue a Member.

Profits and Dividends to be applied to Benefit of Fund only.

Directors, &c. to make a Report

every Year be deposited in some convenient Place at the Custom House in the Port of London, which the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, are hereby required to appoint to be the Office of the Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund, for the Perusal of each and every Subscriber who may demand the same at any convenient or appointed Hour, for the Space of One Calendar Month from the said First Day of September.

on 1st September in every Year.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That the said Directors shall, and they are hereby declared to have the full, entire and exclusive Controul and Management of and over the said Fund, and every thing relating thereto, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, under and subject to such Provisions, Directions, Regulations and Restrictions, as may have been made in that behalf; and it shall be lawful for such Directors, if they shall at any time after any such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription shall have been made think it necessary, from time to time to alter any such Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription, and to make any new and additional Rules, Regulations and Tables of Rates of Subscription which may appear to be essential or expedient for the better Regulation, Management and Controul of the said Fund: Provided always, that no such Alterations of any Rule, Regulation or Table of Rates of Subscription already established, or new Rule, Regulation or Table of Rates of Subscription shall be valid or effectual or enforced, until the same shall have been approved by such Subscribers to the said Fund as may be qualified for that Purpose, and in the manner set forth in the Rules and Regulations in force at the time, and by the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Four or more of them, and ratified and confirmed by such Judge or Baron as aforesaid.

Directors to have full Management of the Fund; and to alter and make new Rules, &c. upon certain Conditions.

Proviso.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Act to be a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

I *A. B.* do hereby certify to you, That I accede to the Quarterly Contribution of Poundage authorized by an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in aid of the general Purposes of the "Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund."

A. B.

Dated 18 .

SCHEDULE B.

I *A. B.* do hereby certify to you, That I decline acceding to the Quarterly Contribution of Poundage authorized by an Act of the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in aid of the general Purposes of the "Customs Annuity and Benevolent Fund."

A. B.

Dated 18 .

Cap. lxxiv.

- 52 G. 3. c. clxxii. An Act for amending an Act of the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty for regulating the Police of the City of *Edinburgh* and the adjoining Districts, and for other Purposes relating thereto. (b) [22d June 1816.]

Cap. lxxv.

- 21 G. 3. c. 79.
39 & 40 G. 3.
c. lxxiii. An Act for more effectually repairing and maintaining the Road from *Borrowbounness* by the West of *Linlithgow*, and by *Torbichen*, *Batgate* and *Whiteburn*, to the Confines of the County of *Linlithgow*, at or near *Hallhouseburn*; and for making and maintaining a certain Road from *Borrowbounness* to the River *Avon*. (b) [24th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxvi.

- An Act for the more speedy and easy Recovery of Small Debts, in the City and County of the City of *Bristol*, and the Liberties thereof, and in the several Parishes and Places therein mentioned, in the Counties of *Gloucester* and *Somerset*. [25th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxvii.

- 13 G. 3. c. 15. An Act for altering and enlarging the Powers of an Act of the Thirteenth Year of His present Majesty, for improving the Town and Parishes of *Gravefend* and *Milton*, in the County of *Kent*, and for the better Assessment and Collection of the Poor Rates and other Rates within the Parish of *Gravefend*. [26th June 1816.]

Cap. lxxviii.

- An Act for preventing Frauds in the Admeasurement and Delivery of Coals within the several Parishes lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of *Kent*. [26th June 1816.]

47 G. 3. Seff. 2.
c. lxxviii.

§ 82.

‘ WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for repealing the several Acts for regulating the Vend and Delivery of Coals within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and in certain Parts of the Counties of Middlesex, Surrey, Kent and Essex, and for making better Provision for the same*, certain Land Coal Meters were continued or appointed for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals within the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and for that Part of the Duchy of *Cornwall* adjoining thereto, and for the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary le Bone*, and such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew, Holborn*, as is in the County of *Middlesex*; and also for the City of *London*, and between *Tower Dock* and *Limehouse Hole*, in the County of *Middlesex*; and also for the several Parishes of *Eggham, Thorpe, Chertsey, Weybridge, Walton on Thames, West Moulsey, Thames Ditton, Kingston, Richmond, Mortlake, Barnes, Croydon, Mitcham, Putney, Wandsworth, Battersea, Lambeth, Christchurch, Newington, Saint George* in the Borough of *Southwark*, *Saint Saviour’s, Saint Olave, Saint Thomas, Saint John, Saint Mary Magdalen, Bermondsey, and Saint Mary, Rotherhithe*, in the County of *Surrey*, and certain Regulations were thereby made respecting the Vend and Delivery of Coals sold within the same
‘ Places

• Places respectively: And whereas the Regulations contained in
 • the said Act have proved very beneficial to the Consumers of Coals
 • within the Places aforesaid, by preventing the Commission of Frauds
 • in the Vend and Delivery thereof; and it is apprehended that it
 • would be of great Benefit to the Inhabitants of the several Parishes
 • lying contiguous to the Water Side in the County of *Kent*, if Pro-
 • visions were made to prevent Frauds in the Admeasurement and
 • Delivery of Coals sold within the same: May it therefore please
 Your Majesty, that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by The
 King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Con-
 sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this
 present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
 That from and immediately after the passing of this Act, there shall
 be provided and continued at *Saint Mary Woolwich*, in the County
 of *Kent*, One Public Office, which shall be deemed and taken to
 be the Principal Land Coal Meter's Office for the several Parishes
 of *Saint Paul's* and *Saint Nicholas Deptford*, *Saint Alphege Green-
 wich*, *Saint Luke's Charlton* next *Woolwich*, *Saint Mary Woolwich*,
Plumstead, *Erith*, *Dartford*, *Stone*, *Swainscombe*, *North Fleet*,
Gravesend, and *Milton* next *Gravesend*, in the Town of *Gravesend*,
 and the Parish of *Denton*, lying contiguous to or adjoining the Water
 Side in the said County of *Kent*, and there shall also be provided and
 continued one subordinate Office at *Gravesend* in the said County of
Kent, under the Appointment of the Principal Land Coal Meter
 for the time being, which said principal and subordinate Office shall
 respectively be kept open every Day (*Sundays*, *Good Friday*,
Christmas Day and *Fast* or *Thanksgiving Days* by Proclamation only
 excepted) from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* to the Twenty
 ninth Day of *September* yearly, from the Hour of Five in the Morn-
 ing until the Hour of Nine in the Evening; and from the Twenty
 ninth Day of *September* to the Twenty fifth Day of *March* yearly,
 from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the
 Evening; and if any Principal Meter for the time being shall refuse
 or neglect to open or keep open any principal or subordinate Office
 as aforesaid, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any
 Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Offices ap-
 pointed.

Principal Meter
 not keeping Of-
 fice open.

Penalty.

Principal Meter
 appointed.

II. And be it further enacted, That *Thomas Mankin*, of the
 Parish of *Saint Mary Newington*, in the County of *Surrey*, Gentle-
 man, shall be and is hereby nominated and appointed the Principal
 Land Coal Meter for executing the Provisions of this Act, and the
 Manager of the several Offices to be provided as aforesaid (save and
 except he shall die or be removed from such Office) until the First
 Day of *July* which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand
 eight hundred and thirty seven, and from thence to the End of the
 then next Session of Parliament.

III. And be it further enacted, That in case of the Death,
 Neglect, Misconduct or Incapacity of the said *Thomas Mankin* before
 the Expiration of the said term or time for which he has been no-
 minated and appointed as aforesaid, then upon and from and after
 such Death, Neglect, Misconduct or Incapacity of the said *Thomas
 Mankin*, and also from time to time, and at all times thereafter, when
 and as often as any Principal Land Coal Meter for the said several
 Parishes hereinbefore enumerated shall die, neglect or misconduct
 himself, or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or
 the

After Death of
 present Principal
 Meter, Church-
 warden of dif-
 ferent Parishes
 shall have Elec-
 tion and Ap-
 pointment of
 Principal Met-
 ters.

the time limited for the Execution of such Office shall expire, then upon the happening of any such Vacancy, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Churchwardens as hereinafter mentioned, or the major Part of them, in manner hereinafter directed, to elect, nominate and appoint any other Person to be and act as Principal Land Coal Meter in the Room or Stead of every such Principal Land Coal Meter who shall die, neglect or misconduct himself, or become incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office, or whose time limited for the Execution of his Office shall expire, and so *toties quoties*, as often as any such case shall happen; and every such Person so to be nominated and appointed Principal Land Coal Meter for such Limits in the said County of *Kent*, in the Room or Stead of any such other Principal Meter, shall be elected, nominated and appointed by such Persons, and in manner and Form following; that is to say, the Churchwardens of the several and respective Parishes within the Limits of this Act, shall, by Notice in Writing, specifying the Occasion, and signed by Two or more of the Churchwardens of the said Parishes, and left at the Dwelling House or usual Place of Abode of each such Churchwarden, as soon as the same can be done after any such Vacancy shall happen, be summoned to meet and assemble at the said Principal Land Coal Meter's Office, or at the said subordinate Office appointed by the said Principal Land Coal Meter, at Twelve of the Clock at Noon on a Day to be mentioned in the said Notice not exceeding Seven Days from the Date thereof, at which Meeting some Person shall be chosen and appointed to succeed to the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter for the Limits aforesaid, and such Person shall at the Hour of One of the Clock of that Day be elected by the Majority of Persons, being Churchwardens of the said Parishes, as shall be then and there assembled, and such Person when so elected shall be and is hereby declared to be Principal Land Coal Meter for putting this Act in Execution within the several Parishes aforesaid; and every such Person so to be elected, nominated or appointed as aforesaid, shall be, remain and continue Principal Land Coal Meter for the said several Parishes until the first Day of *July* One thousand eight hundred and thirty seven, unless he shall sooner die, or be incapable of acting in the Execution of his Office.

Manner of Election.

Principal Coal Meter punishable by Justices in Sessions for Neglect.

IV. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and they are hereby authorized and required to inquire into, and hear and determine any Complaint of Fraud or Misbehaviour of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being for the Execution of this Act, in the same manner as they are by Law authorized to inquire into, hear and determine Misdemeanours; and if such Principal Land Coal Meter shall be found guilty of any Fraud, Neglect or Misbehaviour, he shall forfeit and pay for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, such Fine as such Court, before whom such Complaint shall be made, shall think fit, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, together with such Costs as such Court shall think proper to award and direct; and in case of a second Offence, the said Justices shall be empowered to remove the said Principal Land Coal Meter, and to order the Appointment of another in his Stead, to be elected in manner directed by this Act.

Penalty.

Labouring Meters subject to

V. And be it further enacted, That each and every Labouring Land Coal Meter, Deputy, Agent or Servant of the principal Land

Coal Meter for the time being, shall be subject to the Power, Jurisdiction and Controul of the said Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, in General or Quarter Sessions assembled, and shall or may be dismissed or suspended by the said Court from the Execution and Emoluments of their said respective Offices, on Complaint and Proof of any Fraud, Default, Neglect or other Misbehaviour in the Management or Execution thereof, all which Complaints shall and may be heard and determined by the said Court in a summary way.

Controul of Justices.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That whenever the Term for which any such Principal Land Coal Meter shall have been appointed shall expire, then and in such case nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to hinder or prevent any such Principal Land Coal Meter, whose Term limited for the Execution of his Office shall so expire, from being renominated or reappointed to his Office of Principal Meter.

Principal Meters may be re-elected when their time expires.

VII. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as Principal Land Coal Meter, in the Execution of this Act, until he shall have taken and subscribed before One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, an Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the following Words :

Principal Land Coal Meter to take an Oath for the due Performance of his Duty.

‘ I do swear, (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do affirm,) That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, according to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of Principal Land Coal Meter, for the Limits comprized in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled [here set forth the Title of this Act.] ‘ So help me GOD.’

VIII. And be it further enacted, That the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the time being, shall, and he is hereby directed and required, from time to time and at all times, to nominate, appoint and employ a sufficient Number of Labouring Land Coal Meters, for the Purpose of admeasuring Coals, and for executing such other Duties as are by this Act required to be done by Land Coal Meters, and from time to time to suspend or dismiss the same, as he shall think fit.

Principal Meter to appoint Labouring Meters.

IX. And be it further enacted, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Labouring Land Coal Meter in the Execution of this Act until he shall have taken and subscribed before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, an Oath or Affirmation (which Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and required to administer) in the Words followng :

Labouring Coal Meters also to take an Oath.

‘ I do swear, (or, being one of the People called Quakers, do affirm,) That I will honestly, truly, faithfully and impartially, to the best of my Skill and Judgment, execute the Office of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters for the Parishes comprized in an Act passed in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King *George* the Third, intituled [here insert the Title of this Act]; and that I will truly and impartially in-

Form of Oath.

‘ spect and measure, or see measured or loaded, all such Coals between
 ‘ Buyer and Seller, and execute such other Duties as are by Law
 ‘ required to be done by a Labouring Land Coal Meter, without
 ‘ Favour or Hatred. So help me GOD.’

Labouring Coal
Meters to at-
tend their Sta-
tions.

X. And be it further enacted, That the said several Labouring Land Coal Meters, shall and they are hereby required to attend at the several Wharfs, Warehouses and other Places, at which he or they shall be stationed from time to time by the said Principal Land Coal Meter, each and every Day (*Sundays, Good Friday, Christmas Day* and Fast or Thanksgiving Days by Proclamation only excepted) in each and every Year from the Twenty fifth Day of *March* to the Twenty ninth Day of *September*, from the Hour of Five in the Morning until the Hour of Nine in the Evening; and from the Twenty ninth Day of *September* to the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, from the Hour of Six in the Morning until the Hour of Six in the Evening; and if upon Notice being given to any such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters so stationed, or Notice being left in Writing at his or their Office or Offices, or Place or Places of Abode, to attend at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, within the Limits of his or their Station or Stations for the time being, in order to measure or see measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required by this Act to be done by any Land Coal Meter at any such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, or if Notice requiring the Attendance of a Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters at a Wharf, Warehouse or other Place to be named in such Notice, for the Purpose of measuring or to see measured any Coals, or to execute any other Duty required of Labouring Land Coal Meters by this Act, shall be given at the Office of the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or at the said subordinate Office; and if such Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall not attend pursuant to any such Notice within the Space of Four Hours from the giving of the same, and do his or their Duty according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, then and in every such case every such Labouring Land Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Notice.

Not attending,
&c.

Penalty.

Coal Meters not
to be interested
in Sale of Coals.

Penalty.

Punishment.

Land Coal Me-
ters may de-
mand from Ven-

XI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or any of the Persons to be employed under him, shall at any time or times hereafter, during his or their respective Continuance in Office or Employment as aforesaid, be directly or indirectly interested or concerned in the Sale of any Coals whatsoever, otherwise than in the Discharge of his or their said respective Offices, such Principal Land Coal Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding One hundred Pounds, and such Deputy Coal Meter, and Labouring Coal Meter respectively, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Fifty Pounds, and being thereof respectively convicted before the said Court of General or Quarter Sessions, shall be dismissed from his or their said respective Office or Employment, and be for ever disabled from holding or executing the same or any other under this Act.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent or taken away in any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage,

riage, from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, and also all Coals whatsoever sold and to be sent by Gang Labour, from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Coal Meter shall be stationed, situate within such Limits as aforesaid, shall, previously to such Coals being so sent or taken away, be carefully inspected and examined by the Principal or One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters, in order that such Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being sent or taken away in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage) are of the Sort or Description mentioned in the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vender and Venders of such Coals to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or may see and be satisfied that such Coals (in case of such Coals being to be delivered by Gang Labour) are of the Sort or Description as and for which the same shall be sold; and such Meter is hereby authorized and required to demand of the Vender or Venders, or of the Wharfinger, or other Person with whom the Ship Certificate of any of such Coals shall be left at any Wharf or Place for the Sale of any such Coals, such Ship Certificate, for the Purpose of perusing and inspecting the same, and such Meter shall and he is hereby required to countersign such Ticket or Tickets, if such Meter shall be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort they are described to be in such Ticket or Tickets, but shall not countersign the same without being so satisfied, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby also authorized and required, when the whole Quantity of Coals contained in any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereout, to write or indorse on the Back of the Certificate of such Coals, the Word "Delivered;" and if any such Vender or Venders, Wharfinger or other Person shall refuse or neglect to produce and deliver to any such Meter such Ship Certificate on Demand, then, and in every such case, every such Vender or Venders, Wharfinger or other Person so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and if any such Meter shall countersign any such Ticket or Tickets, without having first inspected such Coals, and also such Ship Certificate, and without having reasonable Ground to be satisfied that such Coals are of the Sort described in such Vender or Venders' Ticket, or if any such Meter shall not immediately after the whole of the Coals contained in any such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been delivered thereout, demand or call for such Certificate of such Coals, or shall not immediately on such Certificate being produced indorse the same in manner aforesaid, then, and in every such case, every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That no Sack shall be made use of in the Delivery of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, within the Limits aforesaid, except such Sack shall be made of Linen, and shall have been first sealed and marked with White Paint in Oil at Guildhall, London, or at the Exchequer Office, Westminster, by the proper Officer there, and shall at the time of making Use of such Sacks measure in the Inside thereof at least Four Feet

der or Wharfinger a Sight of the Ship's Certificate.

Meter may demand of Vender the Ship Certificate.

Vender refusing.

Penalty. Meter unduly countersigning.

Penalty. Dimensions of the Sacks.

and Two Inches in Length by Two Feet and One Inch in Breadth; and no Sack shall be sealed or marked which shall not, at the time of the marking or sealing thereof, measure in the Inside thereof Four Feet and Four Inches in Length, and Two Feet and Two Inches in Breadth; and if any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals, shall use or cause to be used any Sack or Sacks for delivering or carrying Coals within the several and respective Limits aforesaid, not sealed or marked as aforesaid, or of less Length at the time of using the same than Four Feet and Two Inches at the least in the Inside thereof, or of less Breadth than Two Feet and One Inch at the least in the Inside thereof, then and in every such case every such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals shall, for every such Sack so unmarked or deficient in Length or Breadth, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place, shall cause every such Sack found unmarked, or deficient either in Length or Breadth, to be destroyed: Provided always, that the Coals to be delivered by Gang Labour may be conveyed without the Use of such Sacks; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Vender, &c.
using Sacks of
improper Di-
mensions.

Penalty, &c.

Coals delivered
by Gang Labour
need not be put
into such Sacks.

What Bushel
Measure to be
made use of.
12 Ann. Stat. 2.
c. 17. § 11, 12.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That no Bushel shall be kept or made use of for or in the Admeasurement of any Coals sold within the Limits aforesaid, which shall not be such Bushel as is described in and by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled *An Act for the speedy and effectual preserving of the Navigation of the River of Thames, by stopping the Breach in the Levels of Havering and Dagenham, in the County of Essex, and for ascertaining the Coal Measure, and which shall not have been first stamped or marked by the proper Officer at the Exchequer Office at Westminster, or at the Guildhall, London, previously to the same being so kept or used; and that every such Bushel, previously to being so stamped or marked, shall be fitted for Work and Use with Iron or Copper Hoops, and shall be so stamped or marked with a Steel Instrument on the uppermost Iron or Copper Hoop; and that every such Bushel shall be kept without any Alteration or Diminution; and that in making use of such Bushel all Coals shall be duly heaped up in such Bushel in the Form of a Cone, such Cone to be of the Height of at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Bushel to be the Extremity of the Base of such Cone; and that each and every Chaldron of Coals shall consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped, and so in proportion for any lesser Quantity; and if any Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals within such Limits as aforesaid, shall keep or make use of, or cause to be kept or made use of, any Bushel in the Admeasurement of any Coals other than such Bushel as aforesaid, and so stamp as aforesaid, or shall in anywise decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamp as aforesaid, or shall permit his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any Person or Persons whomsoever so to do, then and in every such case such Dealer or Dealers in, or Vender or Venders of Coals so offending, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and if any such Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of any Dealer or Dealers, or Vender or Venders, shall make use of, in admeasuring of any Coals, any Bushel other than*

Dealers, &c.
using other
Bushel.

Penalty.
Servants, &c. of
Dealer using
other Bushel.

than such Bushel as aforesaid, stamp as aforesaid, or if any such Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, shall in any manner decrease or diminish any such Bushel stamp as aforesaid, then and in every such case such Servant or Servants, or such other Person or Persons respectively, for every such Offence, shall be committed to the House of Correction by any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, there to be kept to hard Labour, for any time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

Imprisonment,
&c.

XV. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold, sent, taken or carried away as and for Pool or River Measure, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, and to be sent in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, from any Wharf or Place within the Limits of this Act, shall be loaded in Sacks, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters of the District, which Labouring Land Coal Meter is hereby authorized and required to watch and inspect the filling or loading of the Sacks wherein such Coals shall be loaded, and it shall be lawful for such Meter to measure the Dimensions of all or any of such Sacks used in any such Loading before such Sacks shall be filled or loaded; and such Meter shall, and he is hereby authorized and required, when any Room or Rooms of Coals in any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or Craft, are or is to be sold and sent or taken away from any such Wharf or other Place as and for Pool Measure by any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, to see that the Coals so loaded and sent or taken away are in fact taken out of the particular Room or Rooms so sold, and likewise that the whole of the Coals contained in any such particular Room or Room so sold are in fact entirely emptied out of such Room or Rooms, and loaded and sent or taken away to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the Coals contained in such Room or Rooms; and in case such Meter shall find any Sack or Sacks used for the loading of any such Coals is or are of less Dimensions than required by this Act, or in case it shall appear to such Meter, according to the best of his Judgment, that any Sack or Sacks used in loading any such Coals do not contain when loaded each the Quantity of Three Bushels of Coals, or in case such Meter shall observe that any such Coals sold as the Coals of any particular Room or Rooms, shall not in fact be taken out of such particular Room or Rooms so sold or to be sold, or that the whole of the Coals contained in such particular Room or Rooms shall not be entirely emptied out of the same, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Meter to refuse to countersign the Ticket or Tickets by this Act directed to be delivered by or on the behalf of all and every Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; and if any Wharfinger, Coal Porter or other Person or Persons, shall in any manner obstruct, hinder or prevent such Meter in or from the Performance of any such Duty or Duties so required by this Act, then and in every such case every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Regulation with
regard to Coals
sold by Pool
Measure.

When Room of
Coals sold, Me-
ter to see that
Coals are duly
taken out.

Finding Sacks of
undue Dimen-
sions;

or Coals not duly
taken out of
Rooms, &c.
Meter may re-
fuse countersig-
ning Ticket.

Wharfinger, &c.
obstructing, &c.
Meter.

Penalty.

XVI. And be it further enacted, That all and every Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold, sent or taken away as and for Pool Measure from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the

Pool Measure
Coals when sent
by Waggon.

the Limits of this Act, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he, she and they is and are hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, a Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage shall be shot or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

Form of Vender's Ticket to be sent therewith

‘ **M**R. *A. B.* [*Here insert the Name of the Purchaser*] Take Notice, that you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*]
 ‘ Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals [*Here insert the Number*]
 ‘ Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals [*Here insert the Number*]
 ‘ Sacks of Coals, [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, for inspecting the Loading and Quality of which Coals you are, on the Receipt of this Ticket, in Conformity to an Act of Parliament, made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, [*Here set forth the Title of this Act*] to pay the undersigned
 ‘ *E. F.* [*Here insert the Name of the Vender*] the Sum of [*Here insert the Amount of the Compensation directed by this Act to be given to such Principal Meter for the Inspection of such Coals, calculating the same as by this Act directed*] being at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldron and One Vat sold to and to be received by you herewith; and by the same Act this Ticket is directed to be delivered to you before any of the Coals are shot out of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, and that a Bushel Measure is in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, by which the Carman is directed to Measure *gratis*, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, the Coals contained in any One Sack, which the Purchaser or his Servant or Servants may require, which Sack is to contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Height of such Cone to be at least Six Inches, and the Outside of the Measure to be the Extremity of the Base of such Cone, and that, in case of your being dissatisfied with the Coals now sent, you are entitled by the same Act to have the same remeasured by the Bushel Measure, provided you immediately, and before any more of the Coals than One Sack shall be shot or delivered from the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in which the same are brought, send Notice in Writing of your Desire to have the same remeasured to either of the Land Coal Meters’ Offices appointed by virtue of the said Act, also to the Vender or Venders of such Coals.
 ‘ *C. D.* [*Here insert the Name of the Vender*]. *E. F.* [*Here insert the Name of the Meter and the Office, and Place the Office is situated*].
 ‘ Dated [*Here insert the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket was signed*].’

Vender, &c. not delivering Ticket counter-signed by Meter to Purchaser, &c.

And in case such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid, and so counter-signed by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, then and in every such case every such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver or other

Penalty.

other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with any such Coals as aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given, by or by the Directions of the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall, (having first received the same from the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or any Person by the Order of the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or de-delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Carman, &c. not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

XVII. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, and sent in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, or any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure, and delivered by Gang Labour from or over any Wharf or other Place where any Land Coal Meter shall be stationed, situate within such Limits; or the Occupier or Occupiers of any such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, from or over which any such Coals shall be so sent or taken away shall, and such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or Occupier or Occupiers, is and are hereby required and directed to pay to the Principal Meter for the Execution of this Act, at and after the Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldron and One Vat so bought and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, as and for a Compensation for the Trouble of inspecting or superintending the loading and sending away such Coals, and such Money shall be repaid by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals to the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers thereof.

Penalty.

What Sum of Money to be paid to Meter for inspecting Coals sold by Pool Measure.

Fee to Principal Meter.

XVIII. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to hinder or prevent any Purchaser or Purchasers of any Coals, sold as and for Pool Measure, from sending such Coals to the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, or to any Landing Place which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall appoint, (provided such Landing Place or Premises be not a Coal Wharf, or Place where any Meter shall by virtue of this Act be stationed,) or from having such Coals unloaded and delivered at such Premises or Landing Place, either by Gang Labour or in any other manner, except in or by Means of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, without the Presence, Intervention or Inspection of any Land Coal Meter, and without being subject or liable to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money whatsoever to any Land Coal Meter for or in respect of such Coals; but in case such Landing Place shall be within the Limits of this Act, and such Purchaser or Purchasers shall require the Care or Attendance of a Land Coal Meter, then he, she or they shall have and be entitled to such Attendance, upon sending Notice of such his, her or their Desire to the said Principal Land Coal Meter's Office or to the said subordinate Office, and in such case such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay and be charged for the Attendance of such Land Coal Meter, at and after the aforesaid Rate of One Shilling for every Five Chaldron and One Vat of such Coals.

Enabling Purchasers of Coals sold by Pool Measure to have such Coals delivered without the Intervention of a Meter.

Fee for Attendance of Meter.

XIX. And

Carman to carry
a Bushel Mea-
sure in his Cart.

Stamped, &c.

Penalty on
Carman.
Penalty on
Vender.
Proviso.

Venders to de-
liver Tickets of
Coals sold by
Wharf Measure.

XIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, loaden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, by any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of Coals from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, shall not have placed on some conspicuous Part of his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, a perfect Bushel Measure, of the Form, Size or Dimensions, and so stamped or marked as hereinbefore directed, (which Measure shall be provided by the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals,) then and in every such case every such Carman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, not having such Bushel Measure so placed therein or thereon, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds, and the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in, or Carrier or Carriers of such Coals, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds: Provided always, that Coals which shall be carried or conveyed in Bulk, or in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage belonging to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, may be so carried or conveyed without the Carman being obliged to carry a Bushel Measure therewith, or any Person or Persons being subject or liable to any Penalty or Penalties in respect thereof, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, sold and sent as and for Wharf Measure, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, and to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, from any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall, and he and they is and are required to deliver or cause to be delivered a printed Ticket or Paper, and such Carman, Driver or other Person shall and is required to deliver or cause to be delivered the same Ticket so received from such Vender to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall be shot or delivered therefrom; and every such Ticket or Paper shall be in the Words and Form following:

VENDER'S TICKET.

‘ Mr. *A. B.* [*Here insert the Name of the Buyer.*]

Form.

‘ TAKE Notice, That you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the*
‘ *Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals [*Here*
‘ *insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals
‘ [*Here insert the Number*] Sacks of [*Here insert the Name of the*]
‘ Coals; and that by an Act made in the Fifty sixth Year of the
‘ Reign of King *George* the Third, [*Here set forth the Title of this*
‘ *Act*] the Carman is directed to deliver this Ticket before he shoots
‘ any of the Coals out of his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage; and
‘ that a Bushel Measure is in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage,
‘ by which the Carman is directed to measure *gratis*, under the
‘ Penalty of Twenty Pounds, the Coals contained in any One Sack
‘ which the Purchaser or his Servant may require, which Sack is to
‘ contain Three Bushels heaped up in the Form of a Cone, the Out-
‘ side

side of the Measure being the Extremity of the Base thereof.
 ' C. D. [Here insert the Name of the Vender] E. F. [Here insert
 ' the Name of the Labouring Meter in case of the Coals being sent
 ' from within the District of the said Office.] Dated [Here insert
 ' the Day of the Month, and the Month and Year when such Ticket
 ' was signed.]'

And in case any such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, shall not deliver or cause to be delivered such Ticket as aforesaid to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver of or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals aforesaid, to whom such Ticket shall have been given by, or by the Direction of the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or any Person by the Vender's or Dealer's Orders) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket as aforesaid to the Buyer or Buyers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, every such Carman, Driver or other Person aforesaid, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Vender not delivering Ticket,

Penalty.

Carman not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty.

Carman required to measure One Sack, gratis, in each Cart.

XXI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof by the Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, within the Limits aforesaid, shall and he is hereby directed to measure *gratis*, if he shall be required so to do, the Coals contained in any One of the Sacks contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, which may be chosen by the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting on the behalf of such Purchaser or Purchasers, with such Bushel Measure as aforesaid, in order that such Purchaser or Purchasers may be better enabled to judge of the Necessity of having the whole of such Coals remeasured in manner directed by this Act.

XXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Carman or Driver of any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with Coals for Sale, or to be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers by the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, from any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, or from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to measure by the said Bushel Measure such Sack of Coals in manner herein directed, when thereunto required by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or by his, her or their Servant or Servants, or other Person or Persons acting by or under the Authority of such Purchaser or Purchasers, to be measured, or if any such Carman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer the said Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be driven away without measuring, in manner

Carman driving Coals away without measuring the Sack.

herein directed, the said Sack of Coals, or shall hinder, obstruct or otherwise prevent the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, from measuring the said Bushel Measure, or all or any Sack or Sacks in such his Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, then and in every such case, every such Carman or Driver so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Purchasers of Coals sent by Water may have the same remeasured.

Lighterman leaving or not securing Craft.

Penalty on Owner.
Penalty on Lighterman.
Purchaser to send Notice to Meter's Office of remeasuring.

Meter to attend.

Deficiency found on Remeasurement.

Penalty on Vender.

XXIII. And be it further enacted, That if any Purchaser of any Coals sold and sent to such Purchaser by any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, from any Place within the Limits of this Act, shall think or suspect that the full and lawful Measure of any such Coals has not been sent, and shall, before the Lighterman or other Person having the Care or Management of such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, have delivered up to the Purchaser, or to his, her or their Servants, such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, and quitted the Charge thereof, and before Bulk shall be broken of such Coals, signify his or her Desire to have such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Lighterman or other Person sent with the Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or Craft in which the said Coals shall be brought, shall either continue at the Landing Place or Premises of the Purchaser of the said Coals, with the said Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, until such Coals are remeasured, or shall leave such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft properly fastened and made secure at such Landing Place or Premises, or as near thereto as can be, and permit the same so to remain there until such Coals are remeasured, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds on the Owner and Proprietor, and Forty Shillings on the Lighterman or other Person sent with such Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft; and the said Purchaser shall immediately send or cause to be sent to the Vender or Dealer of the said Coals, or to his or her Wharf, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are going to be remeasured, and also send Notice in Writing thereof to the Office of the said Principal Land Coal Meter, or to the said subordinate Office, and thereupon the Principal Land Coal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters, as the case may be, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection any such Coals may have been originally loaded,) shall, within Four Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at either of the said Offices, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left to remeasure the said Coals; and shall accordingly remeasure the same with the Bushel Measure in the Presence of the Vender or Dealer and Purchaser of the said Coals, or their Agents or Servants, if any of them shall attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals remeasured, and in case it shall appear upon the Remeasurement of such Coals, by such Principal or Labouring Coal Meter as shall attend for the Purpose of remeasuring of such Coals, that such Coals do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then and in every such case, if such Coals have been sold as and for Pool Measure, the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels, and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldron and One Vat of Coals so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every Five Chaldron and One Vat any Sum not exceeding

Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldron and One Vat so remeasured, then and in such case such Vender or Dealer of such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so found deficient any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof; but in case any such Coals so remeasured and found deficient shall have been sold or delivered as and for Wharf Measure, then and in such case the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel so found deficient any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and shall moreover forfeit all such Coals to the intended Purchaser or Purchasers thereof.

Penalty.

Penalty.

XXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the Principal Land Coal Meter or Labouring Coal Meter to be appointed by virtue of this Act, so remeasuring, shall be paid the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured by him, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron; and if upon any such Remeasurement the whole of the Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then and in such case the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, pay the Expences of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then and in such case such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

By whom Expences of Remeasurement are to be paid.

XXV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to require any Coals sold as and for Pool Measure to be measured by the Bushel Measure previously to such Coals being loaded and sent away in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage from the Vender's or Dealer's Wharf or Place of Sale, unless by the Desire of the Purchaser of any such Coals.

Coals sold by Pool Measure not to be measured by Bushel, unless at Desire of Purchaser.

XXVI. And be it further enacted, That all Coals sold, or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, in Quantities exceeding Eight Bushels, at or from any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, shall be measured in the Presence of One of the said Labouring Coal Meters to be appointed by virtue of this Act, by the Bushel Measure heaped up as by this Act is directed; and the said Labouring Coal Meters, and every of them, shall and may, and they and he are and is hereby authorized and required to fill up any Bushel or Bushels of any such Coals as shall appear to him or them deficient or wanting in Measure, out of the Stock of Coals of the Person or Persons so vending or contracting for the Sale of the said Coals, or so loading any such Coals for Sale.

Coals sold by Wharf Measure to be measured in Presence of Land Coal Meter.

XXVII. And be it further enacted, That if any such Labouring Coal Meter shall wittingly or willingly suffer any Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, which shall be sold or loaded to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, to be sent from any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of his Office, without such Coals being measured in the manner herein directed, or shall not give Information thereof to the Principal Land Coal Meter appointed by virtue of this Act, or to the said subordinate Office, within Four Days next after such Coals shall have been measured, then and in every such case such Labouring Coal Meter shall for ever thenceforth be ren-

Meters suffering Wharf Measure Coals to be sent out without being measured.

dered incapable of acting as a Labouring Coal Meter, and forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Coal Meter's
Payment for
Wharf Measure
Coals.

Principal Meter
to deliver to
Vender, &c. a
Ticket.

The Contents of
such Ticket.

If Purchaser de-
sire to have par-
ticular Sacks re-
measured, Pro-
ceedings.

In what case
Metage to be
paid to Vender.

XXVIII. And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals which shall be sold and delivered, as and for Wharf Measure, at any Wharf, Warehouse or Place within the Limits of this Act, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than a Chaldron, shall be paid by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or Place from which such Coals are taken, or by the Seller or Vender of such Coals to the said Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, and thereupon such Principal Land Coal Meter is hereby required to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to every Seller of such Coals, or the Carman who shall cart, lead, drive or carry away the same, a Paper Writing, or Ticket, signed by the Principal Land Coal Meter, and counter-signed by the Labouring Coal Meter attending and delivering the same, in which shall be contained the Christian and Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, and also either the Christian or Surname or Names of the respective Seller or Sellers, Vender or Venders, and also either the Christian or Surname or Names or only the Surname or Names of the Purchaser or Purchasers, Consumer or Consumers of the said Coals, and the Quantity of such Coals, and the Day of the Week, Month and Year of the Delivery, and Admeasurement, and Amount of the Metage Charge, and the Names of the Carman or Persons employed to cart, lead, drive or carry the same Coals, and also shall contain a Notice to the Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, that if he, she or they is or are dissatisfied with the Measure thereof, and shall desire to have all such Coals remeasured, such Dissatisfaction must be expressed to the Carman, before more than One Sack of such Coals is shot or unladen from the Waggon, Cart or other Carriage conveying the same; and that if such Purchaser or Purchasers shall be so dissatisfied, and shall desire to have all or any of the particular Sacks remaining in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage remeasured, so as to ascertain the Contents of each or any of such particular Sacks, then that such Desire must be expressed to the Carman before any of the Sacks of Coals which such Purchaser or Purchasers shall desire to have remeasured, shall be shot or unladen from the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in which the same shall be sent; which said Ticket, being thus made complete, and Metage paid, shall be delivered unaltered by the Labouring Coal Meter, counter-signing the same without Delay to the Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, drive or lead the Coals described in such Ticket, to the Purchaser or Consumer therein named; which said Ticket unaltered, the said Carman or Person therein named to be employed to cart, carry, lead or drive the Coals in such Ticket described, shall, and he is hereby required to deliver to the respective Consumers or Purchasers therein named, or to their Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals described in such Ticket for the Use of such Purchaser or Consumer, and thereupon he, she or they is and are hereby required to pay to the Seller named in such Ticket, the Metage therein specified, and if the Labouring Coal Meter counter-signing such Ticket, shall after Payment or Tender of the Metage charged in pursuance of this Act, refuse to deliver such Ticket as hereinbefore directed to the Carman or Person employed to

to cart, lead, drive or carry the Coals therein described, such Labouring Coal Meter shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if such Carman or Person employed to cart, carry, lead or drive the Coals described in such Ticket, shall, after the same Ticket shall have been so delivered to him by the Labouring Coal Meter countersigning the same, either alter or neglect, or refuse to deliver the same Ticket to the Purchaser or Consumer therein named, or to the Agent or Servant who shall attend to receive the Coals described in such Ticket, such Carman or Person employed to cart, lead or drive the Coals described in such Ticket, shall forfeit and pay, for every such Offence, any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Carman refusing to deliver Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty.

XXIX. And be it further enacted, That if any Wharfinger or Dealer in Coals shall directly or indirectly give or offer, or cause to be given or offered to the Principal or any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters any Sum or Sums of Money, or other Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever over and above Sixpence *per* Chaldron herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Charges and Metage of Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Chaldron and One Vat of Coals sold by Pool Measure for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, every such Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

Wharfingers giving Bribes to Meters.

Penalty.

XXX. And be it further enacted, That if any Principal or Labouring Land Coal Meter appointed or to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, a false or counterfeited Ticket to any Dealer, Vender, Consumer, Carman or other Person, with Intent to prejudice or defraud any Person or Persons whomsoever, or shall take or receive from any Dealer in or Vender of Coals any Sum or Sums of Money, Fee, Reward or Gratuity whatsoever, over and above the Sixpence *per* Chaldron herein allowed to be demanded and taken for the Metage Charge for Coals measured by the Bushel, or over and above the One Shilling for every Five Chaldron and One Vat of Coals sold by the Pool Measure, for the Inspection thereof, or over and above the Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold by Weight, or if such Principal Land or Labouring Coal Meter shall willingly permit or suffer to be made false Measure of any Coals, or shall deliver a Meter's Ticket for any Quantity of Coals, the whole of which he shall have not seen measured, or shall countersign any Vender's or Dealer's Ticket for any Coals, without having inspected such Coals, or without seeing and taking care that the whole of the Coals contained, sold in, and to be delivered out of any particular Room or Rooms of any Ship, Vessel, Lighter, Barge or other Craft, shall have been first completely emptied out of and loaded from such particular Room or Rooms so sold, then, and in every such case, every such Meter so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, and be rendered incapable of ever serving thereafter in the Office of a Coal Meter.

Meters receiving Bribes, or delivering false Tickets.

Or permitting false Measure to be made, &c.

Penalty.

XXXI. And be it further enacted, That if any Quantity whatsoever of Coals exceeding Eight Bushels, sold or to be sold as and for Wharf Measure, shall be sent or driven in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or carried by Gang Labour from any Wharf, Warehouse

Vender for not delivering a Meter's Ticket with Wharf Measure Coals.

house or Place, situate within the Limits of this Act, without having been measured by such Bushel Measure as is directed and described by this Act, or without such Meter's Ticket as aforesaid, so signed and counterfigined as aforesaid, having been first obtained, or if such Ticket as aforesaid shall not be delivered to the Purchaser or Purchasers of any such Coals, before any Part of such Coals are shot or delivered upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Penalty.

Meter permitting Sacks to be used of too small Dimensions.

XXXII. And be it further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal Meter to be appointed pursuant to this Act, shall use, or knowingly permit or suffer any Sack or Sacks to be made use of for the measuring or carrying of Coals of less Dimensions than such Sacks as are directed to be used for that Purpose by this Act, at any Place or Places within the Limits of this Act, then and in every such case, every such Labouring Coal Meter shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

Penalty.

Venders of Coals sold as Wharf Measure, if dissatisfied, may have them re-measured.

XXXIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in any Coals sold as and for Wharf Measure shall be dissatisfied with the Measurement which shall have been made of any such Coals at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale within the Limits of this Act, by or under the Inspection of the Labouring Land Coal Meter stationed or attending at such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place, then in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, before such Coals are sent away from such Wharf, Warehouse or other Place of Sale, to send, or cause to be sent, to the Office of the Principal Land Coal Meter for the Execution of this Act, or to the said subordinate Office, Notice in Writing signifying the Desire of such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, to have such Coals re-measured, and then and in such case such Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters of or from such Office, not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured, shall, within the Space of Four Hours next after such Notice in Writing left at such Office, attend to re-measure the said Coals, and shall accordingly re-measure the same, Sack by Sack, by the Bushel Measure, in the Presence of such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, or Agents or Servants, and for such Remeasurement such Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the said Principal Coal Meter the Sum of Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so re-measured, and in case it shall appear upon such Remeasurement that the Coals so re-measured shall exceed the Quantity for which the same were sold, then and in such case if such Excess shall be equal or amount to or exceed Two Bushels in any Chaldron so re-measured, the Meter who first measured such Coals shall for every Bushel so exceeding such Quantity as aforesaid, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings together with all the Expences of such Remeasurement.

Notice by Vender.

Meter to attend, &c.

Fee for Remeasurement.

Excess.

Penalty.

Coals sent by Land Carriage to be re-measured, if desired,

XXXIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall be dissatisfied with the Measure of any Coals sold or to be delivered

delivered within the Limits of this Act, and sent to him, her or them, in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall signify to the Carman, or other Person attending such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, his, her or their Desire to have the Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or any Part of such Coals remeasured, then and in every such case the Carman or Driver of such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, in which such Coals shall be brought, shall, and he is hereby required to continue and remain at the House, Lodging or other Premises of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, with such Coals, and the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, until such Coals are remeasured; and if any such Carman or Driver shall drive away, or permit or suffer to be driven away, any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, before the Coals contained therein shall be remeasured, without the Consent of the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, then and in every such case, such Carman or Driver shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XXXV. And be it further enacted, That such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, so desiring such Coals contained in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to be remeasured shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required to send, or cause to be sent, to the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in the said Coals, or to his, her or their Wharf, Warehouse or Place of Abode, Notice in Writing that the said Coals are to be remeasured, and such Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Servant or Servants, shall, and he, she or they is and are hereby required forthwith to send Notice in Writing to any One of the Offices of the said Principal Land Coal Meter of his, her or their Desire to have such Coals remeasured, and thereupon the Principal Meter, or One of the Labouring Meters, (not being the Meter under whose Inspection the said Coals were originally measured,) shall within the Space of Four Hours next after such Notice in Writing, left at either of the said Offices, attend from such Office where such Notice shall be so left at the House, Lodging or other Premises, of such Purchaser or Purchasers as shall be expressed in such Notice, for the Purpose of remeasuring the said Coals, and shall accordingly remeasure the same in the Presence of the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers and Purchaser or Purchasers of the said Coals, or of his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, if they or any of them shall attend to see the same remeasured; and in case such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, or Purchaser or Purchasers, or his, her or their Agent or Servant, Agents or Servants, shall not attend for the Purpose of seeing such Coals so remeasured, then such Meter shall proceed on the measuring of such Coals in his, her or their Absence, and such Meter shall, and he is hereby required, at the Option of the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, to remeasure such Coals either by the distinct Sacks, so as to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack of such Coals which shall remain in such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, or else to remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together; and in case the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall not either before or immediately upon the Arrival of such Meter signify or cause to be signified to such

by the Purchaser.

Carman driving away before Coals remeasured.

Penalty.

Purchasers to send Notice to Meter's Office, if desirous to have Coals remeasured.

Meter to attend, &c.

Vender not attending to see Coals remeasured, Proceedings.

Meter his or their Option or Desire as to which of the said Two Ways he or they would wish such Remeasurement to be taken or made in, then and in every such case such Meter shall proceed to remeasure such Coals in such manner, and so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, and for such Remeasurement such Purchaser or Purchasers shall pay, or cause to be paid, to the Principal Land Coal Meter or Coal Meters, of and from the Office to which Notice shall have been sent as aforesaid, Sixpence for every Chaldron of Coals so remeasured; and in case, upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals which shall be so remeasured as to ascertain the Contents of each particular Sack thereof, it shall appear to the Meter so remeasuring the same, that any Sack or Sacks of such Coals shall not contain Three Bushels, then and in every such case the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall for every Sack of Coals that shall be so found deficient on such Remeasurement forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case, upon the Remeasurement of any such Coals as aforesaid, which shall be remeasured in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks wherein the same shall have been sent taken together, it shall appear to such Meter as aforesaid that the Coals thus remeasured do not amount to the Quantity for which they were sold, then if such last mentioned Coals shall have been sold as and for Wharf Measure, the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals found deficient any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, and also forfeit every Chaldron of Coals so found deficient or wanting in Measure to and for the Use of the Poor of the Parish where such Coals shall be so remeasured, and the Labouring Meter under whose Inspection the Coals were first measured shall for every Bushel so deficient forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings; and the Coal Porters who shall have first measured such Coals for the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers thereof, shall for every Bushel of Coals so wanting forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Two Shillings and Sixpence; but if any such Coals so remeasured in the manner last mentioned, and so found to amount to less than the Quantity for which the same were sold, shall have been sold as and for Pool Measure, then the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency shall exceed Four Bushels and not exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldron and One Vat so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every Bushel of Coals so found deficient in every such Five Chaldron and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings; and in case such Deficiency shall exceed Ten Bushels in any Five Chaldron and One Vat so remeasured, then and in such case such Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so deficient in every such Five Chaldron and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds: Provided nevertheless, that no such Coals so sold and sent shall be remeasured so as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals taken together, after more than One Sack of such Coals shall have been shot or delivered from such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage into or upon the Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXVI. And

XXXVI. And be it further enacted, That if upon such Remeasurement of any Coals sold and sent as and for Pool Measure by any Waggon, Cart or other Carriage, and which Remeasurement shall have been made in such manner as to ascertain the whole Quantity of such Coals contained in all the Sacks taken together, the Coals so remeasured shall be found to be less or more than at the Rate of Three Bushels for each Sack, according to the Number of Sacks specified in the Vender's or Dealer's Ticket of such Coals, then the Meter who counter-signed such Vender's or Dealer's Ticket of such Coals shall, in case such Deficiency or Excess shall exceed Four Bushels in any Five Chaldron and One Vat of such Coals so remeasured, forfeit and pay for every such Bushel so exceeding or so deficient in every such Five Chaldron and One Vat any Sum not exceeding Twenty Shillings.

In case Coals sold for Pool Measure proving deficient on Remeasurement.

Penalty on Meter.

XXXVII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if upon any such Remeasurement, which shall be so made so as to ascertain the whole Quantity contained in all the Sacks sent taken together, of any such Coals sold and sent as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, the whole of such Coals so remeasured shall be found less than the Quantity for which the whole of such Coals shall be sold, then the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals, in case such Deficiency shall amount to or exceed One Bushel, repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expences of such Remeasurement; but if such Deficiency shall not amount to One Bushel, then such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals; and if upon any such Remeasurement, which shall be made so as to ascertain the Quantity contained in each and every of the particular Sacks sent, of any Coals sold as and for Wharf or Pool Measure, it shall be found that One Fourth Part or more of the Number of the Sacks of such Coals sold and sent to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, do not contain the Quantity of Three Bushels each respectively, then the Vender or Venders of, Dealer or Dealers in such Coals shall repay to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals the Expences of the Remeasurement thereof; but if the Number of such particular Sacks so found deficient shall not amount to One Fourth Part of the whole Number of the Sacks of such Coals so sold and sent, then and in such case such Expences shall be paid and borne by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

By whom Expences of Remeasurement are to be paid.

XXXVIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if after any such Notice as by this Act directed shall have been given by or on the behalf of any Purchaser or Purchasers, at either of the said Principal or Subordinate Offices, requiring the Attendance of any Meter from either of such Offices, for the Purpose of remeasuring any Coals, sold either for Wharf or Pool Measure, then and in every such case a Meter or Meters shall be required to attend from the said Office, for the Purpose of making the Remeasurement, and such respective Labouring Meter or Labouring Meters shall, and is, and are hereby required and authorized to remeasure any such Coals which he or they shall be so sent to remeasure, whether the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals shall or not be desirous of having such Remeasurement proceeded in, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and if any such Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, after having received any such

Principal Meters not sending a Labouring Meter to measure Coals.

Notice

Notice as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse, within the Space of Four Hours after the receipt of such Notice, to send a Labouring Meter or Meters to the House, Lodging or other Premises of such Purchaser or Purchasers accordingly, or if any Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters shall refuse or neglect to remeasure such Coals, then and in every such case the Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, or Labouring Land Coal Meter or Meters, so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds; and if any such Purchaser or Purchasers, or any other Person or Persons, shall prevent, obstruct or interrupt, or attempt to prevent any such Remeasurement being proceeded in and made by such Labouring Coal Meter or Meters, sent by the said Principal or Subordinate Land Coal Meter, in consequence of any such Notice, then and in every such case such Purchaser or Purchasers, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds.

Or Labouring
Meter refusing
to remeasure.

Penalty.

Purchaser ob-
structing Remea-
surement.

Penalty.

Carmen to be
paid for being
kept.

Rate of Pay-
ment.

XXXIX. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That when and as often as any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage shall be stopped or detained for the Purpose or under Pretence of remeasuring the Coals, or any Part laden thereon, the Owner of every such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, shall be entitled to the Sum of Three Shillings *per* Hour, for every Hour the Cart shall be so detained, and so in Proportion for any Fraction of an Hour, over and above the usual Cartage of such Coals, which Three Shillings *per* Hour shall be paid by the Vender of or Dealer in the said Coals, in case the same or any Part thereof shall upon the Remeasurement thereof be found deficient in Measure, or by the Purchaser of such Coals, in case the same shall not be remeasured, or shall upon such Remeasurement be found to amount to the Quantity for which such Coals were sold.

Regulations as to
Coals sold by
Weight.

XL. And be it further enacted, That all Coals which shall be sold by Weight, at any Wharf, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of this Act, and to be sent in any Cart, Waggon or other Carriage to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, shall be sold or weighed by the Hundred Weight, each Hundred Weight consisting of One hundred and twelve Pounds Avoirdupoise, and Twenty such Hundred Weight shall be deemed and taken to be One Ton; and all such Coals so to be sold shall be weighed and loaded at such Wharf or Warehouse, or other Place of Sale, in the Presence of One of the Labouring Land Coal Meters to be appointed pursuant to this Act, and such Labouring Land Coal Meter is hereby authorized and required to superintend and inspect the weighing and loading of all such Coals so sold by Weight, in order that such Meter may see and be satisfied that in every such Loading the full Weight of Coals is actually given, which shall be expressed in the Vender's or Dealer's Ticket, and such Meter may refuse to countersign the Vender's or Dealer's Ticket of any such Coals, in case such Meter shall not see that the full and proper Weight shall be given, according to the Quantity which shall be expressed in such Vender's or Dealer's Ticket, but such Meter shall, and he is hereby required to countersign the same, in case the proper Weight shall be given according to such Quantity of Coals expressed in such Vender's or Dealer's Ticket; and for such Inspection of such Coals so sold by Weight, there shall be paid by the Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers thereof,

Inspection of
Coals.

Fee to Principal
Meter for in-
spection of
Coals.

thereof, or by the Occupier or Occupiers of the Wharf, Warehouse or other Place from whence such Coals shall be sent, to the Principal Land Coal Meter, Sixpence for every Ton of Coals so weighed under the Meter's Inspection, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Quantity than One Ton, and such Sum of Money shall be repaid to such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers by the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals.

XLI. And be it further enacted, That the Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in such Coals so sold by Weight within the Limits of this Act, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Purchaser or Purchasers thereof, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, immediately on the Arrival of the Cart, Waggon or other Carriage in which such Coals shall be sent, and before any of such Coals shall be unloaded, a Paper or Ticket in Form following; (that is to say),

' Mr. A. B. [*Here insert the Name of the Buyer.*]

' TAKE Notice, That you are to receive herewith [*Here insert the Number*] Tons [*Here insert the Name of the*] Coals, for inspecting which Coals you are, in conformity to an Act of Parliament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George the Third, [*Here set forth the Title of this Act*] to repay me the undersigned [*Here insert the Name of the Seller*] the Sum of [*Here insert the Amount of the Inspection Charge*] being at and after the Rate of Sixpence for every Ton of Coals sold to and to be received by you herewith.'

(Signed)

C. D. [*Here insert the Name of the Seller.*]

(Counterfigned)

E. F. [*Here insert the Name of the Meter.*]

And in case such Vender or Venders, Dealer or Dealers, do not deliver, or cause to be delivered, such Ticket as aforesaid, and so counterfigned by a Meter as aforesaid, to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals are unloaded, every such Vender or Dealer shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and in case the Carman, Driver of, or other Person attending any such Cart, Waggon or other Carriage, laden with any such Coals to whom any such Ticket shall have been given by or by the Orders of the Vender or Dealer, in order to be delivered to the Purchaser, shall (having so first received the same from the Vender, Dealer or any Person by the Direction of the Vender or Dealer,) refuse or neglect to deliver such Ticket to the Purchaser or Purchasers of such Coals, or to his, her or their Servant or Servants, before any Part of such Coals shall be unloaded, such Carman, Driver or other Person so offending, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Five Pounds.

XLII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That all Coals whatsoever sold within the Limits of this Act, save and except only such Coals as shall be sold by Weight in manner aforesaid, shall be sold either by the Chaldron, such Chaldron to consist of Thirty six of such Bushels so heaped up as aforesaid, or else by such Bushel as aforesaid, or by the Half Bushel, Peck or Half Peck, provided such smaller Measure shall be some Aliquot Part of such Bushel Measure, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

XLIII. Pro-

Vender's Ticket to be sent with Coals sold by Weight.

Form.

Vender not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty. Carman not delivering Ticket to Purchaser.

Penalty.

Coals to be sold either by Weight or by the Chaldron or Bushel.

The storing up of different Sorts of Coals in a Warehouse not to be prevented, provided such Sorts be kept in different Parcels.

Such Coals not to be sold otherwise than by Wharf Measure, and with the Names of each Sort expressed in the Ticket.

Penalty.

Provisions respecting Coal Sheds or Warehouses where Coals are sold in Quantities not exceeding One Half Chaldron.

Proviso for Coals to be sold by the Name of "Mixed Coals."

Act not to prevent Sale of Coals already mixed.

Such Coals to be described as Warehouse Coals.

Fines and Penalties not exceeding Twenty Pounds to be recovered before

XLIII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be taken or construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any such Vender or Venders of, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from laying or storing up for Sale in any Warehouse or Repository, or other convenient Place, any Quantities whatsoever of Coals of as many Sorts, Names or Descriptions as he, she or they shall respectively think fit, provided such different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals be respectively laid and kept in such Warehouse or other Repository in separate and distinct Parcels, and wholly unmixed; and provided no such Coals be sold by any other than Wharf Measure, or without the true Name or Names of every or any of such Sorts of such Coals as shall be sold and sent from any such Warehouse or other Repository being expressed in the Vender's Ticket to be sent therewith to any Purchaser or Purchasers, and if any such Vender or Venders, or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, shall sell or cause to be sold by any other than by Wharf Measure any Coals out of any such Warehouse or other Repository in which Two or more different Sorts of Coals may be stored or deposited, or shall not insert or cause to be inserted in the Vender's or Dealer's Ticket to be sent with such Coals the true Name or Names of each and every Sort of such Coals as shall be sent from or out of any such Warehouse, Repository or other Place, to any Purchaser or Purchasers, then and in every such case every such Vender or Dealer so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds.

XLIV. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, so as to hinder or prevent any Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals, within the Limits of this Act, who shall keep any Shed, Shop or Warehouse, where Coals shall be sold in Quantities not greater than One Half Chaldron, and where no Coals shall ever be sold in any Quantities exceeding One Half Chaldron, from mixing or heaping up together, or causing to be mixed or heaped up together in such Shed, Shop or Warehouse, any Quantity or Quantities whatsoever, of any and as many different Sorts, Names or Descriptions of Coals, as he, she or they shall respectively think fit, or from selling or causing to be sold, such Coals when so mixed: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals, when so mixed, shall be sold as, for and by the Name of "Mixed Coals," and shall not be sold in any Quantities exceeding Half a Chaldron, nor shall be sold at any other Place than at the Shop, Shed or Warehouse, where the same shall have been so mixed.

XLV. Provided also, and be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend so as to hinder or prevent any Vender or Venders of or Dealer or Dealers in Coals within the Limits of this Act, from selling or causing to be sold any Mixed Coals whatsoever, which shall have been mixed at any time before the passing of this Act: Provided nevertheless, that such Coals shall be sold as and for, and shall be described in the Vender's or Dealer's Ticket to be sent therewith as and for and by the Name of "Warehouse Coals."

XLVI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures by this Act imposed, (the manner of levying and recovering whereof is not otherwise hereby directed,) not exceeding Twenty-Pounds, shall be sued for within One Calendar Month next after

after the Offence or Offences committed; and all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures shall be levied and recovered before any Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent*, and such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered and required, upon Information or Complaint to him or them made, to grant a Summons or Warrant to bring before him or them such Offender or Offenders, at the time and Place as shall be in such Warrant specified; and if on the Conviction of the Offenders respectively, either on his, her or their Confession, or on the Evidence of any One or more credible Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, (which Oath such Justice or Justices is and are hereby empowered to administer,) such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender or Offenders, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Justice or Justices, and the Overplus (if any) raised by such Distress and Sale, after deducting the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and the Costs and Charges of making such Distress and Sale, shall be rendered to the Owner of the Goods and Chattels so distrained; and for want of Distress, or in case the Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture shall not be forthwith paid, it shall be lawful for such Justice or Justices to commit every such Offender to the Common Gaol or House of Correction for the said County of *Kent*, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize, for any time not exceeding Six Calendar Months, unless such Fine, Penalty or Forfeiture, and all reasonable Charges attending the Recovery thereof, shall be sooner paid; and One Moiety of all such Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures, when paid, shall go to the Informer, and the other Moiety shall go to His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, or shall be applied in such manner for carrying this Act into Execution, as the Justice or Justices before whom such Conviction shall take place shall direct.

Justice of the Peace.

Distress.

Want of Distress. Imprisonment.

XLVII. Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Mayor and other His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the time being acting in and for the Corporation of *Gravefend* and *Milton*, shall have Authority in all things arising within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Corporation, in like manner as the Justices of the Peace for the said County of *Kent* have Authority within the said County; and that nothing herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend in any way to affect, change, lessen, annul, prejudice or destroy any Rights, Privileges, Immunities, Grants, Advantages or Authorities hitherto vested in or enjoyed by the Mayor, Jurats and Inhabitants of *Gravefend* and *Milton* aforesaid, but that they and their Successors shall and may hold, use and exercise the same in as full, ample and beneficial manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had not been passed.

Proviso for Rights of Corporation of Gravefend and Milton.

XLVIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons so convicted by any Justice or Justices of the Peace, as before mentioned, of any Offence or Offences against this Act, to appeal to the Justices of the Peace assembled at the next General or Quarter Sessions to be holden for the said County of *Kent*, on giving immediate Notice of such Appeal, and finding sufficient Security to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices for prosecuting the said Appeal with Effect, and abiding the Determination of the Court therein, and such Justices in such General or Quarter Sessions shall hear and determine the matter of such

Appeal to Quarter Sessions.

Costs.
Appeal.
Final.

Certiorari

Summoning
Witnesses.

Not attending.

Penalty.

Such Persons
may be appre-
hended,

and examined on
Oath.

Refusing to be
sworn, &c.

Imprisonment.

Perjury.

Penalties above
20l. how to be
recovered.

such Appeal, and may either confirm or quash and amend the said Conviction, and award such Costs to either Party as to them the said Justices shall seem just and reasonable, and the Decision of the said Justices therein shall be final, binding and conclusive; and no Proceedings to be had or taken in pursuance of this Act shall be quashed or vacated for Want of Form only, or be removed by *Certiorari*, or any other Writ or Process whatsoever, into any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, or elsewhere, any Law or Statute to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

XLIX. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Justice or Justices of the Peace before whom any such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be sued for, to summon before him or them any Person or Persons who shall in or by the Complaint or Information made to him or them appear to be a necessary Witness as to the matters thereby charged, to appear before him or them at a time and Place to be specified in the Summons, and in case such Person so summoned shall not appear according to such Summons, then upon due Proof of the Service of such Summons in manner aforesaid, such Person so summoned and not appearing in Compliance therewith, shall forfeit and pay any Sum not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such manner and by such Ways and Means as is hereinbefore directed as to other Penalties; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices to cause such Person to be apprehended by Warrant, under the Hand and Seal or Hands and Seals of such Justice or Justices, and to be brought before him or them, and thereupon, whether such Person shall appear upon Summons as aforesaid, or shall be apprehended as aforesaid, such Justice or Justices shall and may proceed to examine him or her upon Oath as to the matter of such Complaint or Information; and in case such Person shall refuse to be sworn or to answer, or to give Evidence therein, then and in every such case it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person so refusing to be sworn, or to answer or to give Evidence as aforesaid, to the Common Gaol or House of Correction of the County or Place in or for which such Justice or Justices shall then act, there to remain for any Space of time not exceeding Three Calendar Months.

L. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons upon his, her or their Examination upon Oath, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, acting in Execution of this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence touching any matter or thing relating to this Act, or if any Person or Persons shall take or make any false Oath or Affidavit, with respect to any matter or thing relating to this Act, every such Person so offending, and being duly convicted thereof, shall be and is hereby declared to be subject and liable to such Pains and Penalties as by any Law in Force and Effect, Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are subject and liable to.

LI. And be it further enacted, That all Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures exceeding the Sum of Twenty Pounds by this Act imposed for any Offence or Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, wherein no Essoign, Protection, Wager of Law or any more than One Impar lance shall be allowed by the Person or Persons who shall inform and

and sue for the same within Three Calendar Months after the Offence or Offences shall be committed, and One Moiety of all such Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures shall be to and for the Use of His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof (together with Treble Costs of Suit) shall be to and for the Use of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same.

LII. And be it further enacted, That when any Distress shall be made for any Sum or Sums of Money to be levied by virtue of this Act, the Distress itself shall not be deemed unlawful, nor shall the Party or Parties making the same be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers; on account of any Defect or Want of Form in the Summons, Conviction, Warrant of Distress or other Proceedings relating thereto, nor shall the Party or Parties be deemed a Trespasser or Trespassers, *ab initio*, on account of any Irregularity which shall be afterwards committed by the Party or Parties distraining, but the Person or Persons aggrieved by such Irregularity, shall and may recover full Satisfaction for the Special Damage sustained in an Action on the Case.

Distress not unlawful for want of Form.

LIII. And, for the more easy and speedy Conviction of Offenders against this Act, be it further enacted, That every Justice of the Peace before whom any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, shall and may cause the Conviction to be drawn up according to the following Form; *videlicet*,

Form of Conviction.

‘ **B**E it remembered, That on the Day of
 ‘ in the Year of our Lord
 ‘ *A. B.* is convicted before me, One of His
 ‘ Majesty’s Justices of the Peace for the
 ‘ [*Here specifying the Offence, and the Time and Place when and*
 ‘ *where committed, as the case may be*] contrary to an Act of Par-
 ‘ liament made in the Fifty sixth Year of the Reign of King George
 ‘ the Third, intituled [*Here insert the Title of this Act*]. Given
 ‘ under my Hand and Seal, the Day and Year first above written.’

LIV. And be it further enacted, That no Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall recover in any Action to be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, unless Notice in Writing shall have been given to the Defendant or Defendants Twenty one Days before such Action, signed by the Attorney for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, specifying the Cause of such Action; nor shall the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs recover in any such Action, if Tender of sufficient Amends hath been made to him, her or them, or his, her, or their Attorney, by or on the behalf of the Defendant or Defendants before such Action brought; and in case no such Tender shall have been made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, at any time before Issue joined, to pay into Court such Sum of Money as he, she or they shall think fit, whereupon such Proceeding, Order and Judgment shall be made and given in and by such Court, as in other Actions where the Defendant is allowed to pay Money into Court.

Plaintiff not to recover after Tender of Amends.

L.V. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act after Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and every such Action or Suit shall be brought and tried in the said County where the Cause of Action shall

Limitation of Actions.

Notice.

shall arise; and if any such Action or Suit shall be brought before Twenty one Days' Notice shall have been given, or after a sufficient Satisfaction made or tendered as aforesaid, or after the time limited for bringing the same as aforesaid, or shall be brought in any other County or Place than as aforesaid, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, and upon such Verdict, or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be nonsuited or discontinued his, her or their Action or Suit, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, or if upon Demurrer Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, then the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Cofts, and have such Remedy for recovering the same as any Defendant hath for Cofts of Suit, in other cases by Law.

Treble Cofts.

A&t not to alter
or repeal
47 G. 3. Sess. 2.
c. lxxviii.

LVI. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to repeal, alter or vary any Part or Parts of the said recited Act of the Forty seventh Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, but that the said Act, and all the Powers, Provisions, Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures therein contained, shall be as good, valid and effectual, to all Intents and Purposes as if this Act had not been made.

Commencement
of Act.

LVII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall commence and take place from and after the passing thereof.

Public Act.

LVIII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

Cap. lxxix.

35 G. 3. c. 136.
continued.

An Act for continuing the Term, and altering and enlarging the Powers, of an Act of the Thirty fifth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing the Road from *Horsely Upright Gate*, leading down *Bowden Hill*, in the County of *Wilts*, to the Top of *King'sdown Hill*, in the Parish of *Box*, in the said County, and several other Roads near or adjoining thereto. (a)

[26th June 1816.]

[Additional Trustees.]

Cap. lxxx.

10 G. 3. c. 100.
33 G. 3. c. 138.
54 G. 3. c. cxx.
continued.

An Act to continue the Term, and alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts of His present Majesty's Reign, for repairing the Highways from *Speenhamland*, in the County of *Berks*, to *Marlborough*, in the County of *Wilts*, and other Roads therein mentioned, so far as relates to the *Speenhamland* District of the said Roads. (a)

[26th June 1816.]

[Additional Trustees. Former Tolls to cease, new Tolls granted.]

Cap. lxxx.

33 G. 2. c. 35.
29 G. 3. c. 21.
repealed.

An Act for the more effectual Security and Improvement of the Harbour of *New Shoreham*, in the County of *Suffex*.

[1st July 1816.]

Cap.

Cap. lxxxii.

An Act to amend an Act passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for Paving, Lighting, Watching and otherwise improving the several Streets and other Public Places upon certain Lands near *Battle Bridge*, in the Parish of *Saint Pancras*, in the County of *Middlesex*. [1st July 1816.]

54 G. 3.
c. clxxxiii.

Cap. lxxxiii.

An Act for improving the Road from the City of *Glasgow* to the City of *Carlisle*. (b) [1st July 1816.]

Cap. lxxxiv.

An Act for erecting Buildings for the Accommodation of the Court of Chancery. [2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS under and by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act to facilitate the Administration of Justice*, and of the several Acts therein mentioned or referred to, and by virtue of divers Orders of the High Court of Chancery made for that Purpose, in pursuance of the said several Acts, divers Sums of Money have been from time to time taken out of the common and general Cash belonging to the Suitors of the said Court, which lay dead and unemployed in the Bank of *England*, and placed out in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, on Government or Parliamentary Securities, and such Government and Parliamentary Securities have been carried to an Account, intituled ‘Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery,’ and the Interest and Dividends arising therefrom have in like manner been laid out and carried to an Account, intituled ‘Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery:’ And Whereas under and by virtue of the above recited Act of the Fifty third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, Sir *Thomas Plumer*, Knight, hath been duly appointed Vice Chancellor of *England*, and hath hitherto held his Sittings, out of Term, as such Vice Chancellor, in the Council Chamber of the Honourable Society of *Lincoln’s Inn*, in the County of *Middlesex*; but the same is not a convenient or proper Place for that Purpose, and such Use and Occupation thereof is very Inconvenient to the said Society; and it would be of advantage and an Accommodation to the Public if a proper and convenient Court for the said Vice Chancellor, with or without a proper Communication between the said Court and *Lincoln’s Inn Hall*, was erected and built for holding the Sittings of the said Court, and for the Accommodation of the Suitors thereof: And Whereas the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln’s Inn* have consented and agreed to grant a Piece or Parcel of Land or Ground at the West End of and adjoining the Council Chamber of the said Society, for the Purpose of Building such new Court thereon, on condition that the Fee Simple of such Piece of Land or Ground, and all Buildings to be erected and built thereon, shall be and

53 G. 3. c. 24.

Society of Lincoln’s Inn has granted a Piece of Ground for Building a new Court.

' remain for ever vested in the said Society, in Trust for the Use and
 ' Accommodation of the said Court of Chancery, and to and for no
 ' other Use, Intent or Purpose whatsoever: And Whereas *Robert*
 ' *Greenhill Russell* of *Lincoln's Inn* aforesaid, Esquire, is entitled to an
 ' Estate for his own Life, with the Power of assigning the same
 ' upon the Terms and according to the Rules and Regulations of
 ' the said Society, of and in a certain Set of Chambers over the
 ' said Council Chamber of the said Society, and certain Rooms or
 ' Chambers over the same; and the said Society are entitled to the
 ' Reversion and Inheritance thereof, subject to such Estate and In-
 ' terest of the said *Robert Greenhill Russell* therein; and it will be
 ' proper that such Chambers and Rooms should be delivered up to
 ' the said Society; and that proper Compensation should be made to
 ' the said *Robert Greenhill Russell* for his Estate and Interest therein,
 ' and for the Loss and Inconvenience he will be put to by being
 ' obliged immediately to remove therefrom, and to give up the
 ' Possession thereof to the said Society; and it is reasonable that the
 ' said Society should be reimbursed all Charges and Expences which
 ' they have or may be put to for Plans and Estimates for the Build-
 ' ings for the said Court, and in the necessary Alterations of their
 ' said Council Chamber, or otherwise, in consequence thereof: '

May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and
 be it enacted by The King's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with
 the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of the same, That the Sheriff of the County of *Middlesex* shall forth-
 with, and he is hereby empowered and required to impanel, summon
 and return not less than Twelve nor more than Twenty four sub-
 stantial and indifferent Persons of his Bailiwick, qualified to serve on
 Juries; and the Persons so to be impanelled, summoned and re-
 turned as aforesaid are hereby required to come and appear before
 the said Sheriff at his Office in *Bedford Row*, in the Parish of *Saint*
Andrew, Holborn, in the said County, at such time as shall be spe-
 cified in such Warrant, and to attend the said Sheriff or his Deputy
 at the said Place until discharged by the said Sheriff or his Deputy;
 and out of such Persons so to be impanelled, summoned and re-
 turned, a Jury of Twelve Men shall be drawn by the said Sheriff or
 his Deputy, in such manner as Juries for Trials of Issues joined in
 His Majesty's Courts at *Westminster* are by Law to be drawn; and
 in case a sufficient Number of Jurymen shall not appear at the time
 and Place appointed as aforesaid, the said Sheriff or his Deputy shall
 return other honest and indifferent Men of the Bye Standers, or of
 others who can be speedily procured to attend that Service, being so
 qualified as aforesaid, to make up the said Jury to the Number of
 Twelve, and all Parties concerned may have their lawful Challenge
 against any of the said Jurymen, but shall not challenge the Array;
 and the said Sheriff or his Deputy is hereby empowered and required
 to summon and call before him any Witnesses touching the matters in
 question, and may, if he shall think fit and see Occasion, or shall be
 thereto required, order and authorize the said Jury, or any Two or
 more of them, to view the Place or Places, matters or things in
 controversy, and such Jury shall upon their Oath (which Oath as
 well as the Oaths to such Witnesses the said Sheriff or his Deputy is
 hereby empowered and required to administer) enquire of, assess and
 ascertain,

Sheriff to im-
 pannel a Jury to
 assess the Pur-
 chase Money to
 be paid for the
 Premises herein
 mentioned.

Witnesses to be
 summoned.

ascertain, and give a Verdict for the Sum or Sums of Money which shall be to be paid to the said *Robert Greenhill Russell*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, for the Purchase of all his Estate and Interest in the said Set of Chambers, and the Rooms over the same, and by Way of Compensation and Satisfaction for the Loss, Expence and Inconvenience he shall or may be put to or sustain in being deprived of the Possession thereof, together with all reasonable Costs and Expences of and attending such Enquiry, and the said Sheriff shall give Judgment for such Purchase and Compensation Money so assessed by such Jury; which said Verdict and the Judgment thereupon shall be signed by the said Sheriff or his Deputy, and shall be filed in the Report Office of the said High Court of Chancery with the Records of the said Court, and shall be deemed to be a Record of the said Court to all Intents and Purposes; and the same or an Office Copy thereof shall be held and allowed to be good Evidence in all Courts whatsoever, and shall be binding and conclusive to all Intents and Purposes upon all Persons whomsoever: Provided that Seven Days' Notice in Writing at least, of the Hour and Place at which such Jury are so required to be returned, be given to the said *Robert Greenhill Russell*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, and to the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, before the time of the Meeting of the said Sheriff and Jury, by leaving such Notice at the Chambers of the said *Robert Greenhill Russell* in *Lincoln's Inn* aforesaid, and at the Steward's Office of the said Society in the said Inn.

II. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall in any Examination to be taken upon Oath by virtue of this Act wilfully and corruptly give false Evidence, or otherwise forswear himself or themselves before such Sheriff and Jury, in the Execution of this Act, such Person or Persons shall and may be prosecuted for the same, and upon Conviction thereof shall be subject and liable to such and the same Pains and Penalties as Persons guilty of wilful and corrupt Perjury are, by the Laws in being, subject and liable to.

Perjury,

III. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intituled 'Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery,' and out of the Interest and Dividends of the Government or Parliamentary Securities carried to the said Account, intituled 'Account of Securities purchased with Surplus Interest arising from Securities carried to an Account of Monies placed out for the Benefit and better Security of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery,' there shall be paid, by virtue of any Order or Orders of the said Court of Chancery (but subject and without Prejudice to the Payment of all Salaries and all other Payments and Sums of Money, by any former Act directed or authorized to be paid thereout, or to be hereafter ordered to be paid under the Authority of any former Act) to the said *Robert Greenhill Russell*, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, the Sum so assessed and awarded by the said Sheriff and Jury, upon his making a good Title to and executing a proper Conveyance of all his Estate, Right, Title and Interest of and in the said Set of Chambers, with the Rooms or Chambers over the same, free from Incumbrances, to the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, and delivering up the Possession thereof to the said Society, as directed

Court of Chancery may order Sums not exceeding 9,000l. to be paid out of the Interest of Monies belonging to the Suitors of the Court for erecting and fitting up convenient Courts of Justice in *Lincoln's Inn*.

by the said High Court of Chancery, and also to the Treasurer of the said Honourable Society for the time being, for the Use and on the Account of the said Society, such Sum or Sums of Money as they shall prove to the Satisfaction of the said Court to have been paid, laid out or expended by them for Plans or Estimates for the said Court, and in the Alterations in their said Council Chamber, necessary and consequent to such intended new Building or otherwise, in relation thereto; and also such Sum or Sums of Money, and at such time or times, as the Lord High Chancellor of *Great Britain*, or the Lord Keeper or Lords Commissioners for the Custody of the Great Seal of *Great Britain* for the time being, shall in his and their Discretion deem necessary, and not exceeding the Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, to be applied under the Direction of the said Court, in erecting, building and completing a proper and convenient Court of Justice in *Lincoln's Inn* aforesaid, for the said Vice Chancellor of *England*, upon a Plan to be approved of by the said Society, wherein the Business of the said Court may be transacted and carried on; and in fitting up the said Court with proper Furniture, Necessaries and Conveniences, and for transacting the Business thereof; and also such further Sum or Sums of Money, either yearly or in gross, over and above the said Sum of Nine thousand Pounds, as shall be necessary for keeping the same in Repair, and for insuring and keeping the same insured from Loss or Damage by Fire, at such Insurance Office or Offices, and in such manner, and in such Name or Names, and for such Sum or Sums, as the said Court shall from time to time order and direct.

Courts, &c. to be vested in the Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, in Trust.

IV. And be it further enacted, That the said Court, and the Rooms and Cellars thereunto belonging, shall continue vested in the Trustees for the said Honourable Society of *Lincoln's Inn*, and their Successors, for ever, in Trust nevertheless for the Use of the said Court; and that the same shall be used for the public Purposes by this Act directed in respect of the same, and to or for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever, except that in case at any time hereafter the same shall cease to be used for the Purposes aforesaid, then the same shall revert to and become the absolute Property of the said Society.

Expences of the Act.

V. And be it further enacted, That out of the Interest and Dividends of the said Government or Parliamentary Securities, purchased and to be purchased as aforesaid, standing in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, to the several Accounts hereinbefore mentioned, or either of them, the Expences incurred in procuring and passing this Act, and the Costs, Charges and Expences of all Proceedings had or to be had in consequence thereof, shall be paid by the Governor and Company of the Bank of *England*, by virtue of an Order or Orders of the High Court of Chancery to be made for that Purpose.

If Suitors' Money be wanted, the Money taken to become a Debt due from the Public.

VI. Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared, That if at any time hereafter the whole or any Part of the Money to be laid out and expended in pursuance of this Act shall be wanted to answer any of the Demands of the Suitors of the High Court of Chancery, or any Salaries, Payments or Sums of Money payable or ordered or granted, or to become payable or ordered or granted, under or by virtue of any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or by virtue of any Order or Orders made or to be made under the Authority of any

any such Act or Acts heretofore passed, and the Stocks and Funds and Cash then standing in the Name of the Accountant General of the said Court, to the several Accounts before mentioned or either of them, shall not be sufficient to answer and satisfy the same, that the same Money taken from the said Fund for the Purposes and by virtue of this Act, shall be and be considered a Debt due from the Public, and shall be answered and made good by Parliament accordingly.

VII. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded. Public Act.

Cap. lxxxv.

An Act for altering and amending an Act made in the Fifty second Year of His present Majesty, for making a Canal from the Grand Junction Canal in the Parish of *Paddington* to the River *Thames*, in the Parish of *Limehouse*. 52 G. 3. c. cxv.
[2d July 1816.]

Cap. lxxxvi.

An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of several Acts passed in the Parliament of *Ireland*, for repairing and improving the Roads leading from the City of *Dublin* to *Ratoath* and *Curragha*. (b) 37 G. 3. c. 29.
(L)
39 G. 3. c. 46.
[2d July 1816.]

Cap. lxxxvii.

An Act to alter and enlarge the Powers of Two Acts of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers to the Gas Light and Coke Company. [2d July 1816.]

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the Fiftieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for granting certain Powers and Authorities to a Company, to be incorporated by Charter, to be called The Gas Light and Coke Company, for making inflammable Air, for lighting of the Streets of the Metropolis, and for procuring Coke, Oil, Tar, Pitch, Asphaltum, Ammoniacal Liquor and Essential Oil from Coal, and for the Purposes relating thereto*: And Whereas His Majesty, by his Royal Charter bearing Date the Thirtieth Day of *April* One thousand eight hundred and twelve, did incorporate the said Company in pursuance of and subject to the Provisions of the said Act, by the said Name of *The Gas Light and Coke Company*: And Whereas an Act was passed in the Fifty fourth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled *An Act for enlarging the Powers of an Act of His present Majesty, for granting certain Powers and Authorities to the Gas Light and Coke Company*: And Whereas the said Company have proceeded in the Execution of the Powers and Authorities of the said recited Acts and the said Charter, and have established large and extensive Works, and have afforded a Supply of Gas to a considerable Part of the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*: And Whereas the Inhabitants of various Parts of the said Cities are desirous to be supplied with Gas for their private Use, and have made Application to the said Company to extend their Works for that Purpose: And Whereas, in order to enable the said Company to increase their

50 G. 3. c. cxliii.
Charter, 30th
April 1812.

54 G. 3. c. cxvi.

‘ Works, so as to afford such a Supply of Gas as will enable them to
 ‘ comply with the Applications aforesaid, it is necessary and expedient
 ‘ that they should be authorized and empowered to raise a further
 ‘ Sum of Money, and also that the Powers and Authorities of the
 ‘ said Company, and also the Provisions of the said recited Acts, or
 ‘ some of them, should be enlarged, altered and amended.’ May
 it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it
 enacted by The King’s Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
 Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
 of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said
 Company shall be and continue one Body Politic and Corporate, by
 their said Name of *The Gas Light and Coke Company*, for and during
 and unto the full End and Term of Thirty Years, to be computed
 from the Expiration of the said Charter, and by that Name shall
 have Succession during the Period hereinbefore limited, and a common
 Seal, and by that Name shall and may sue and be sued.

Company to
 continue a Cor-
 poration for 30
 Years after the
 Expiration of
 the Charter.

Power to raise a
 further Sum of
 Money, not ex-
 ceeding
 200,000l.

II. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful
 to and for the said Company to raise and contribute among them-
 selves, or by the Admission of new Subscribers, for the Purposes
 of the said recited Acts and this Act, in addition to the Money
 which they were authorized and empowered to raise by and under the
 Powers of the said first recited Act for the Purposes thereof, any
 Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the whole the Sum of
 Two hundred thousand Pounds, in such Proportions as they shall
 think fit; which said Sum when raised shall be laid out in carrying
 the Purposes of the said recited Acts and this Act into Execution,
 and shall be divided into Shares of Fifty Pounds each; and such new
 or additional Shares so to be created by virtue of this Act, and the
 several Shares made or created by virtue of the said recited Acts,
 or either of them, shall to all Intents and Purposes be, and they
 are hereby declared to be consolidated, and to be one and the same
 joint Stock and Property; and all Persons, Bodies Politic, Cor-
 porate and Collegiate, and Parties whomsoever, their several and re-
 spective Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who
 have severally subscribed or shall hereafter subscribe for one or more
 Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be called
 for or demanded under and by virtue of the said recited Acts, or
 either of them, and who shall severally subscribe for One or more
 Share or Shares, or such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be called
 for or demanded under and by virtue of this Act, for the Purposes
 of the said recited Acts and this Act, shall respectively be entitled to
 and receive the entire and net Distribution of an equal proportionate
 Part, according to the Money so by them respectively paid, and the
 time or times at which the same shall have been so paid, of the Profits
 or Advantages that shall or may arise or accrue from the said Under-
 taking; and every Body Politic, Corporate or Collegiate, and Persons
 having such Shares as aforesaid, shall bear and pay a proportion-
 able Sum towards carrying on the said Works respectively, in manner
 directed by the said recited Acts and this Act.

III. And be it further enacted, That each and every Proprietor
 of each and every Share, which shall or may be created by virtue of
 this Act, shall be entitled to such and the same Powers, Privileges and
 Advantages, and shall be subject to such and the same Rules, Regu-
 lations,

New Shares to
 be subject to the
 Provisions of
 former Acts as
 to Old Shares.

lations, Restrictions, Penalties and Forfeitures as in and by the said recited Acts, or either of them, are expressed and contained of and concerning the Shares created by virtue thereof, and now vested in the several and respective Proprietors of and in the said Undertaking; and the Admission of all and every Person and Persons to any such new Share or Shares, by any Order or Resolution of the said Company, or their Court of Directors, shall be and be deemed to be a good and effectual Title to such Person or Persons, and his, her or their respective Executors, Administrators or Assigns, on his, her or their paying to the said Company, or their Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being, the Sum or Sums of Money required to be paid for such Shares respectively, within the time limited in such Order or Resolution for that Purpose: Provided always that no Person shall be entitled to vote at any General or Special Meeting of the said Company, in respect of any Shares created by virtue of this Act, until he or she shall have been possessed thereof for the Space of Three Calendar Months.

IV. And be it further enacted, That when any Share or Shares in the said Undertaking shall be the Property of more than one Person, the Owner or Proprietor whose Name shall have been entered first in Order in the Books of the said Company, shall for all the Purposes of the said Company be deemed and taken to be the Owner or Proprietor of such Share or Shares; and all Notices required by the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, to be given to the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares in the said Company, shall and may be given to or served upon such Person whose Name shall so stand first in Order in the Books of the said Company; and such Service upon such Person shall be deemed and taken to be a Service upon all the Owners or Proprietors of such Share or Shares, for all the Purposes for which such Service is intended to be made upon the Owner or Proprietor of any Share or Shares by the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them.

Shares standing in the Names of more than one Person, the Person whose Name stands first shall for all the Purposes of this Act be deemed the Owner.

V. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passing of this Act, any Proprietor of Two or more Shares in the said Company's Stock, entitled to vote in respect of such Shares at any General or Special Meeting of the said Company, shall have full Power and Authority to give his or her Vote or Votes at such General or Special Meetings as aforesaid, either in Person or by Proxy, every such Proxy being a Proprietor in the said Undertaking: Provided nevertheless, that no Person shall deliver in Proxies for more than Ten Proprietors, and the Appointment of such Proxies may be made in the Form following; *videlicet*,

Empowering Proprietors of Shares to vote by Proxy.

‘ I *A. B.* of _____ one of the Proprietors Form.
 ‘ of and in the Gas Light and Coke Company do hereby no-
 ‘ minate, constitute and appoint *C. D.* of _____
 ‘ to be my Proxy, in my Name and in my Absence, to vote or
 ‘ give my Assent to or Dissent from any Business, matter or thing
 ‘ relating to the said Undertaking, that shall be mentioned or pro-
 ‘ posed at any General or Special Meeting of the said Company, in
 ‘ such manner as he the said *C. D.* shall think proper, according
 ‘ to his Opinion and Judgment, for the Benefit of the said Under-
 ‘ taking, or any thing relating thereto. In Witness whereof I have
 ‘ hereunto set my Hand the _____ Day of _____

Power to light
up Houses, &c.
from the Mains.

VI. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby fully authorized and empowered, in such cases as to them shall seem meet and convenient, to carry, fit up and furnish any Pipe or Pipes, Cocks or Branches, or other necessary Apparatus, from any main Pipe laid in any Street, Highway, Road, Lane, Passage or Place by the said Company, by virtue of the said recited Acts or this Act, or any or either of them, in, to or through any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, for the Purpose of lighting the same, or any public or private Lamp, from any such Main, with the Consent of the Owner or Occupier of such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, but not otherwise: Provided always, that the said Company, in carrying into Execution the Power hereby granted, in respect of fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, shall employ or appoint such Manufacturers of, or Dealers of the Materials to be used, as to the said Company shall seem meet and proper, and such Manufacturers or Dealers shall execute the same under and subject to the Superintendance, Controul and Direction of the said Company: Provided also, that the said Company shall not, on any Account or upon any Pretence whatever, employ or set to work, in fitting up any such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, any Workman or Servant or any other Person in the Pay or Employ of the said Company; nor shall the said Company themselves manufacture, sell or vend any of the Materials requisite, except Stop Cocks and Burners, nor directly or indirectly take or derive any Emolument, Advantage or Profit from such Works, upon pain of forfeiting for every Offence the Sum of Fifty Pounds, with full Costs of Suit, to the Party who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt or on the Case, Bill, Complaint, Suit or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, in which no Effoin, Protection, Wager of Law, nor more than one Impar lance, shall be allowed.

Power to employ Manufacturers and Dealers of the Materials to be used in lighting up Houses, under the Controul of the Company.

Penalty.

Power to lay Mains, and to erect Machinery requisite for securing a competent Supply of Gas to Dwelling Houses, &c. and to alter or amend imperfect Work; but not to break up Pavements, &c. without Consent of Commissioners or Trustees.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That the said Company shall have full Power and Authority to lay any Main requisite for the Supply of any Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, and to erect and set up, by themselves or their Agents, Servants and Workmen, any Machine or other Apparatus necessary or requisite for securing to such Dwelling House or Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, a proper and competent Supply of Gas, or for measuring and ascertaining the Extent of such Supply, and also to alter or amend any bad or imperfect Work which shall have been placed in such Dwelling Houses, Manufactories, public or private Buildings, any thing in the said recited Acts or this Act, or any or either of them, to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained shall extend or be construed to extend to permit or authorize or empower the said Company, or any Officer or Person now or hereafter appointed or employed by the said Company, or any other Person or Persons whomsoever, at any time or times hereafter to break or take up or remove any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement in or of any Streets, Roads or public Places whatsoever or wheresoever, in order to lay down main Pipe or

or Pipes to convey Gas, without the Consent of the Commissioners, Trustees or other Persons having the Superintendence or Controul or Property of or in such Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any such Streets, Roads or public Places, or a competent Number of them, from time to time in Writing first obtained, but that nothing in this Clause contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to prevent the said Company from repairing such main Pipes after such Consent obtained as aforesaid, or from breaking or taking up or removing any Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement in or of any Streets, Roads or public Places whatsoever, for the Purpose of laying down or repairing any service Pipe or Pipes leading from such main Pipes, after such Consent so obtained as aforesaid.

VIII. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to or for the said Company, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, to break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of the Pavements or Ground in any of the Streets, Roads or public Places within the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, the Borough of *Southwark*, and the Suburbs, Precincts and Liberties thereof respectively, for the Purpose of making or laying down or repairing any Main or Mains of Pipes, or any Pipe or Pipes, or of altering the Position of or repairing any Pipes, Stop Cocks, Valves or Syphons, or other Works, or for any other Purpose, unless Notice in Writing of their Intention to break or take up such Pavement or Ground, signed by the Principal Clerk or Secretary, or Inspector or Surveyor to the said Company, specifying the Street, Road or public Place, and the particular Part of such Street, Road or public Place in which such Pavement or Ground is intended to be broken or taken up, shall have been given to a Surveyor of the Pavements or Roads for the time being, (duly appointed and notified in pursuance of any Act of Parliament now or hereafter in force for that Purpose,) of the parochial or other District or Place wherein such Street, Road or public Place, the Pavement, Ground or Soil whereof is so intended to be broken or taken up shall be situate, or shall have been left for him at his Dwelling House or Office within such parochial or other District or Place, for the Space of Three Hours at the least, before such Pavement or Ground or any Part thereof shall be so broken or taken up, except in all cases of sudden Emergency, in which such Notice as aforesaid shall be given to such Surveyor of Pavements or Roads as soon as possible after such Pavement or Ground, or any Part thereof, shall be broken or taken up; and that the said Company shall not break or take up or disturb or cause to be broken or taken up or disturbed, the Pavement or Ground in any Street, Road or public Place within the Limits aforesaid, for the Purpose of laying down any Mains or Pipes, except service Pipes of a Diameter not exceeding One Inch in the Bore, without the Consent in Writing of the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Controul of the Pavements or Roads, Ground or Soil, in any parochial or other District or Place, signified under the Hand or Hands of their Clerk or Clerks, or other proper Officer or Officers, first obtained; and that if the said Company, or any Person or Persons acting by or under their Authority, shall break or take up, or cause to be broken or taken up, any of such Pavement or Ground without such Notice being given or left as aforesaid (except

Restrictions respecting breaking up Pavements.

Notice of break-up Pavement, &c.

Company breaking up Pavement without Notice, &c.

(except as aforesaid), or shall break or take up, or disturb or cause to be broken, taken up or disturbed, any of such Pavement or Ground, for the Purpose of laying down any Mains or Pipes (except service Pipes as aforesaid) without such Consent as aforesaid, then and in every such case the said Company shall forfeit and pay to the Commissioners or Trustees or other Persons having the Controul of the Pavements or Roads within the parochial or other District or Place in which such Pavement or Ground so broken or taken up or disturbed shall be situate, or to their Treasurer, Clerk or Surveyor, or to such other Person as they may appoint, the Sum of Twenty Pounds for every square Foot of Pavement or Ground which shall be so broken or taken up without such Notice or Consent as aforesaid, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Plaint, Suit or Information, wherein no Effoin, Protection, Wager of Law or more than One Impar lance shall be allowed: Provided always, that the said Company shall not be subject or liable to the Payment of more than one Penalty, or to more than one Action, Suit or other Proceeding in respect of any one Offence committed, whether by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament, now or hereafter in force, any Law, Statute, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding.

Penalty.

Requiring Company to reinstate Pavements, &c. after Pipes, &c. have been laid down.

IX. And be it further enacted, That whenever and so often as the said Company shall have lawfully broken up or removed the Stones, Ground, Soil or Pavement, in or of any Street, Road, Highway or public Place, or any Part thereof, the said Company shall and they are hereby required immediately then after to reinstate and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement, in as good sound State and Condition as the same was or were in at the time of being so broken up, to the Satisfaction of the Surveyor of the Commissioners or Trustees of such Pavement, Soil or Ground respectively; and the said Company shall carry away all surplus Earth, Filth and Rubbish occasioned thereby, at their own Costs and Charges; and that during the Works of the said Company, and reinstating such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, the said Company shall provide proper Watchmen, with necessary Lamps, and otherwise secure and guard the said Works, so as to prevent any Damage or Inconvenience happening to Passengers, Cattle or Carriages; and in case the said Company shall neglect and make Default in making good and reinstating such Ground, Soil or Pavement as aforesaid, within Twenty four Hours next after Notice given to or left for the said Company at their House or Office, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners or Trustees to reinstate and make good such Ground, Soil or Pavement; and the Charges and Expences thereof shall be reimbursed and repaid by the said Company, or their Treasurer, to the said Commissioners or Trustees, or their respective Treasurer; and in Default of Payment thereof within Seven Days next after Demand thereof in Writing shall have been made by the Clerk of the said Commissioners or Trustees, such Sum or Sums of Money so paid by them shall and may be recovered of and from the said Company or their Treasurer, Clerk or Agent, by Action of Debt, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at *Westminster*; and in which Action or Actions, no Effoin, Protection or Wager at Law, or more than one Impar lance, shall be allowed.

Company not reinstating Pavement, and not repaying Commissioners the Expences.

Action.

X. And

X. And be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall wilfully and maliciously, and to the Prejudice of the said Company or of their Undertaking, break, throw down, destroy, take away, damage or injure any or any Part of any Pipe, Trunk, Valve, Syphon, Machine, Erektion or Building laid, placed, erected or set up by the said Company, by virtue of the said recited Acts and this Act, or either of them, for the Purpose of carrying into Execution the several Powers and Authorities given to and vested in the said Company, every such Person shall be adjudged guilty of Felony; and every such Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be subject to the like Punishment and Penalties as in cases of Grand Larceny; and the Court by or before whom such Person shall be tried and convicted, shall have Power and Authority to cause such Person to be punished in like manner as Felons are directed to be punished by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; or in Mitigation of such Punishment, such Court may award such Sentence as the Law directs in cases of Petty Larceny.

Destroying
Works.

Punishment.

XI. And be it further enacted, That the Court of Directors of the said Company shall, and they are hereby required, within One Calendar Month after every Half Yearly General Meeting of the said Company, or oftener if required by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being, to transmit to the said Secretary of State a Report in Writing, signed by the Governor, Deputy Governor or one of the Directors of the said Company, of the State of the said Company and of their Works, and the Means possessed by the said Company for securing the Continuance of their Operations, and such other matters relating to the Works and Proceedings of the said Company as the said Secretary of State shall from time to time require.

Report of
Works to be
sent to the Se-
cretary of State
for the Home
Department,
Half Yearly at
least.

XII. And be it further enacted, That all the Stations and Works of the said Company shall be open at all convenient times for the Inspection and Examination of such Person or Persons as the said Secretary of State for the Home Department for the time being shall appoint from time to time for that Purpose; and the said Company shall, and they are hereby required, to conform to such Regulations and Proceedings in the several Parts of their Works and Operations, as well in respect of those already erected or executed, as of such as shall hereafter be erected and executed, as the said Secretary of State shall consider necessary and proper, and shall direct to be adopted, for the better and more effectually lighting the several Parts of the Metropolis and the Suburbs, Liberties and Precincts thereof, where the Mains and Pipes of the said Company shall lie, and for more effectually securing a proper and permanent Supply of Gas for lighting the public Lamps therein, and for assisting and advancing the Benefits to be derived from an active and efficient Police, and for such other Purposes as to the said Secretary of State shall seem meet and proper for the Advantage of the Public.

Stations and
Works to be
open at all times
to Inspection of
Persons ap-
pointed by the
Secretary of
State.

XIII. And be it further enacted, That all the Powers, Authorities, Provisions, Regulations, Directions, Privileges, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Restrictions, matters and things whatsoever contained in the said recited Acts, so far as the same were in force at the time of passing this Act, and so far as the same are not expressly altered or repealed by this Act, shall extend and be construed

50 G. 3. c. clxix.
and
54 G. 3. c. cxvi.
and this Act to
be construed as
one Act.

to

to extend and operate, and be in force with respect to the Sum of Money allowed to be raised, and to the additional Shares to be made or created under this Act, and also with respect to all matters and things whatsoever, which may happen or arise in the Execution of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes as if the same and every Part thereof were repeated and reenacted in this Act, and were made Part thereof; and the said recited Acts and this Act shall, as to all matters and things whatsoever, except as aforesaid, be construed as one Act.

Public Act.

XIV. And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a public Act, and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices and others, without being specially pleaded.

PRIVATE ACTS,

PRINTED BY THE KING'S PRINTER,

AND WHEREOF THE PRINTED COPIES MAY BE GIVEN IN EVIDENCE.

N. B. To each of these Acts is annexed a Clause in the Form following:

“ And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be printed by the several Printers to The King's Most Excellent Majesty, duly authorized to print the Statutes of the United Kingdom, and that a Copy thereof, so printed by any of them, shall be admitted as Evidence thereof by all Judges, Justices and others.”

Cap. 1.

AN Act for allotting Lands in the Parish of *Alwinton*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [4th March 1816.]

Cap. 2.

An Act for inclosing the Common or Waste Ground, called *Halton Mofs* or *Moore Mofs*, within the Manor and Township of *Moore*, in the County Palatine of *Chester*. [22d March 1816.]

Cap. 3.

An Act for ratifying and confirming certain Exchanges made under an Act of the Forty fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Blidworth*, in the County of *Nottingham*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. 4.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Thorp Arch* and *Walton*, in the County of the City of *York*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. 5.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Newburn*, in the County of *Northumberland*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. 6.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Township of *Heaton*, in the Parish of *Leek*, in the County of *Stafford*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. 7.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Ripon*, in the County of *York*. [11th April 1816.]

Cap. 8.

An Act for vesting several Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments, belonging to the Free Grammar School of King *Edward* the Sixth, in the Town or Borough of *Grantham*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for applying the Money to arise by such Sale in the Purchase of other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled upon the Trusts on which such Messuages, Lands and Hereditaments are held. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. 9.

An Act for confirming and effectuating a Partition of a Messuage, Farm and Lands, called *Westbourn*, otherwise *Westbury Farm*, in the Parishes of *Paddington*, *Kensington* and *Chelsea*, or some or one of them, in the County of *Middlesex*, in which the Very Reverend *William Beaumont Busby*, Doctor in Divinity, and *William Hervey* Esquire, have undivided Moieties. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. 10.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Ecchinswell*, and especially within the Tything of *East Woodhay* otherwise *Wydbey*, in the County of *Southampton*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. 11.

An Act to commute for a Corn Rent the Tythes and Dues payable to the Vicar of the Parish and Parish Church of *Saint Michael upon Wyre*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [21st May 1816.]

Cap. 12.

An Act for effecting an Exchange of an Estate devised by the Will of the Reverend *Henry Zouch* for an Estate belonging to *John Lowther* Esquire, in Fee Simple. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 13.

An Act for vesting certain Estates in the Parish of *Leeds*, in the County of *Tork*, Part of the Estates devised by the Will of *Christopher* late Lord Bishop of *Bristol*, in Trustees, to be sold, and for laying out the Money arising by such Sale in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 14.

An Act for vesting Parts of the settled Estates of *Samuel Aldersey* Esquire, in the County of *Chester*, in a Trustee, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 15.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Township of *Borwick* and Parish of *Warton*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 16.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Alton*, in the Parish of *Rock*, in the County of *Worcester*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 17.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Wellington*, in the County of *Somerſet*. [31ſt May 1816.]

Cap. 18.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Aſkrigg*, in the Parish of *Aiſgarth* and County of *York*. [31ſt May 1816.]

“ Allotment to The King for Right to Stone and Right of Soil in “ *Aſkrigg* Paſture and *Newbiggen* Paſture, § 16. Allotment to “ The King as Lord of Manor for Right of Soil of the other “ Lands to be divided, &c. under this Act, § 18. Extract of ſo “ much of Award as relates to His Maſteſty. Allotments to be “ tranſmitted to Land Revenue Office, § 38.

Cap. 19.

An Act for enclosing Lands in the Hamlet of *Homesfield*, in the Parish of *Dronfield*, in the County of *Derby*. [31ſt May 1816.]

“ Allotment and Compensafion for Tithes, § 21.

Cap. 20.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Briſtawifle*, in the Parish of *Thornhill*, in the Weſt Riding of the County of *York*.

[31ſt May 1816.]

Cap. 21.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Cchurch Stretton*, *Wiſt-anſlow* and *Edgton*, in the County of *Salop*. [31ſt May 1816.]

Cap. 22.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor and Parish of *Londsborough*, in the Eaſt Riding of the County of *York*.

[31ſt May 1816.]

“ Allotment and Compensafion for Tithes, § 21.

Cap. 23.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Whiſton*, in the County of *York*. [31ſt May 1816.]

“ Allotment and Compensafion for Small Tithes, § 20. Great “ Tithes abſolute in the Manors of *Whiſton* and *Morthen*, § 23. “ Allotment and Compensafion for Great Tithes and Moduſſes in the “ Manor of *Morthen*, § 28.

Cap. 24.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Stainland*, in the Parish of *Huliſax*, in the County of *York*. [31ſt May 1816.]

“ Proviſo for His Maſteſty's Right to Tithes, § 56.

Cap. 25.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Parish of *Saggart*, in the County of *Dublin*. [31ſt May 1816.]

Cap. 26.

An Act for inclosing *Weſt Sedgmoor* in the County of *Somerſet*.

[31ſt May 1816.]

Cap. 27.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Feckenham*, in the County of *Worcester*. [31st May 1816.]

Cap. 28.

An Act for selling certain Lands and Heritages in the Shire of *Berwick*, entailed by *Neil* late Earl of *Rosebery*, deceased, for Payment of the Balance of the Price of certain other Lands purchased and entailed by him; and for purchasing and entailing other Lands more convenient to the Family Estates. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 29.

An Act for vesting certain Estates devised by the Will of *Nathan Hyde* Esquire, deceased, in Trustees, in Trust, to be sold, and for laying out the Monies arising from such Sales in the Purchase of other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses as the Estates so sold. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 30.

An Act for making the Trustees of *Prisca Coborn's* Charity a Body Corporate, and for enabling them to sell Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to apply the Money arising therefrom in manner therein mentioned, and to grant Building Leases of other Part of the Estates belonging to the said Charity, and to appoint new Trustees of such of the Copyhold Estates belonging to the said Charity as are not to be sold. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 31.

An Act for uniting the Rectory of *Great Birch*, in the County of *Essex*, with the adjoining Rectory of *Little Birch*, in the same County, after the next Avoidance of either Benefice. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 32.

An Act for effecting an Exchange between the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Worcester*, and *John Knight* Esquire, of certain Lands in the County of *Worcester*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 33.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parishes of *Newcastle under Lyme*, *Trentham*, *Woolstanton* and *Stoke upon Trent*; in the County of *Stafford*. [20th June 1816.]

“ Sale of The King's Allotment in *Knutton Waste*, before or after
 “ Award, § 70. Tithes of Common Fields in *Newcastle* Parish extinguished, § 89. Regulation as to Compensation for such
 “ Tithes, and varying the Tithe Rents, § 95—101. Proviso for
 “ Mines to His Majesty within the Copyhold Part of the Common
 “ Fields, § 114.

Cap. 34.

An Act for inclosing and exonerating from Tithes Lands in the Parish of *Dalham*, in the County of *Suffolk*. [20th June 1816.]
 “ Allotment in Part Compensation for Tithes, § 26. Annual Rents
 “ in lieu of Tithes ascertained, § 43. When Tithes to cease, § 47.

Cap.

Cap. 35.

An Act for inclosing Lands within the Manors, Townships or Divisions of *Strickland Kettle* and *Nether Stavely*, in the Parish of *Kirkby in Kendal*, in the County of *Westmorland*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 36.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Sonning*, in the Counties of *Berks* and *Oxford*. [20th June 1816.]

“ Proviso for Rights of Tithe Owners, § 47. Allotments in respect of Tithe free Lands to be Tithe free, § 48. Corn Rents “ in lieu of Tithes to Vicar ascertained, § 49—51. 53. Tithes “ payable till Award of Commissioners shall otherwise direct, § 52.

Cap. 37.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Manor of *Arusfley*, in the County of *Montgomery*. [20th June 1816.]

Cap. 38.

An Act for vesting certain Lands belonging to the Reverend *Henry Chatfield*, in the Rector for the time being of the Parish of *Balcombe* in the County of *Suffex*, in Exchange for the Parsonage House of *Balcombe*, and the Glebe Lands belonging to the said Parish; and for enabling the said *Henry Chatfield* to build a new Parsonage House upon the first mentioned Lands.

[22d June 1816.]

Cap. 39.

An Act for establishing and effectuating an Exchange made between the Reverend *Egerton Robert Newe*, Rector of *Middleton Stoney*, in the County of *Oxford*, and the Most Noble *John Duke of Bedford*, and *George Bainbridge* Esquire, of Glebe and other Lands in *Middleton Stoney* aforelaid.

[22d June 1816.]

Cap. 40.

An Act for rendering valid the Sale of certain Estates in the County of *Argyll*, and a Salmon Fishing in the County of *Inverness*, of *George Marquis of Tweeddale*, made under the Authority of an Act passed in the Forty ninth Year of His present Majesty.

[25th June 1816.]

Cap. 41.

An Act for vesting Part of the Settled Estates of the Reverend Sir *Charles John Anderson* Baronet in the County of *York*, in Trustees, to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates, to be settled to the same Uses.

[25th June 1816.]

Cap. 42.

An Act for inclosing Lands in the Parish of *Corsham*, in the County of *Wilts*.

[26th June 1816.]

Cap. 43.

An Act for vesting the undivided Parts or Shares of *Robert Boyd* the Younger, *John Boyd* and *Uriah Boyd*, Infants, of and in certain settled Estates in the Parishes of *Charlton* and *Woolwich*, in

the County of *Kent*, in Trustees for Sale, and for investing the Monies thence arising in the Purchase of other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. [1st July 1816.]

Cap. 44.

- 19 G. 3. c. 48. An Act for vesting Part of the settled Estates of Sir *Francis Boynton* Baronet, in Trustees, to be sold, and for applying the Produce in or towards the Discharge of the Incumbrances on the said Estates. [2d July 1816.]

Cap. 45.

- 49 G. 4. c. 163. An Act for effecting an Exchange of certain Settled Estates of *John Wharton* Esquire, for certain other Estates belonging to him in Fee Simple, situate in the Counties of *Tork*, *Westmoreland* and *Durham*. [2d July 1816.]

Cap. 46.

- An Act for vesting in new Trustees the Trust Estates devised by the Will of *Philip Burton* Esquire, deceased. [2d July 1816.]

Cap. 47.

- An Act for vesting a certain Settled Estate of *Ann Sylvester* and others, in *Westcott over Westcott* and *Nether Westcott*, in the County of *Gloucester*, in Trustees, to be sold for paying off Incumbrances thereon, and for purchasing other Estates to be settled to the same Uses. [2d July 1816.]

INDEX

TO THE
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* Signifies that the Act relates exclusively to Ireland.

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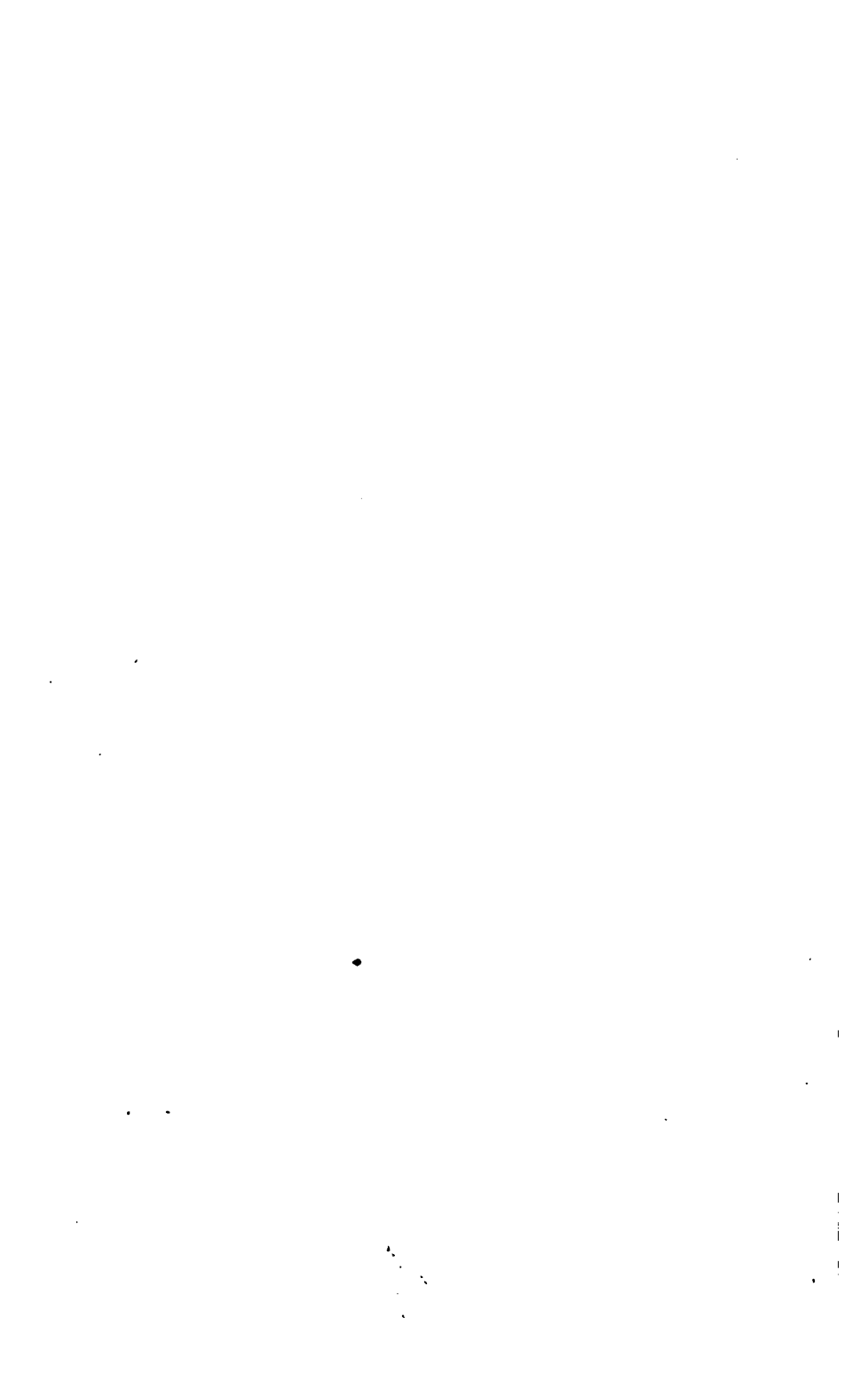
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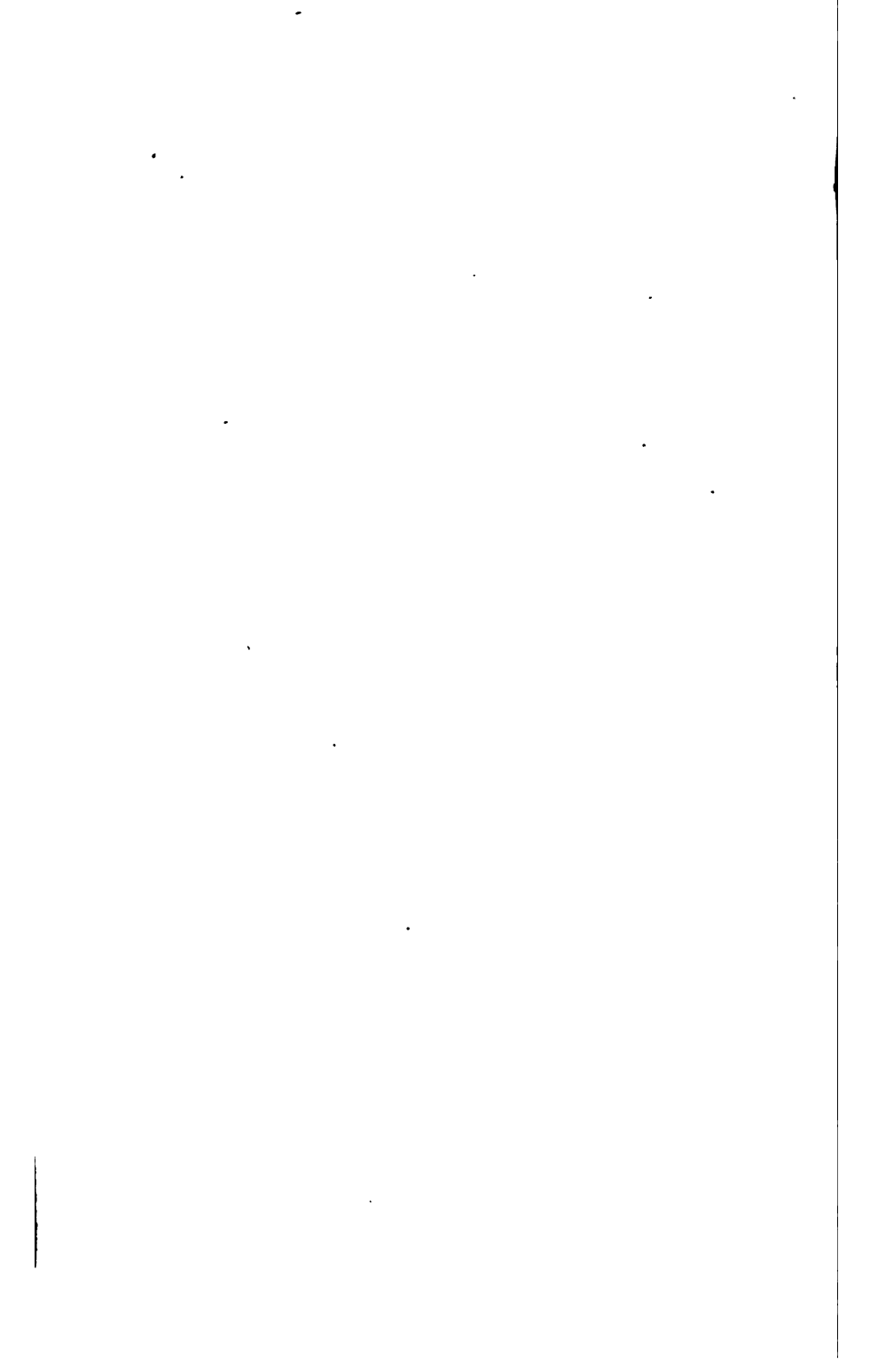
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