THE DAILY BEE.
PUBLISHED BY
G. P. WEISSE & CO.
P. WEISSE, S. HARRY,
G. P. KREGER, H. DUFOUR.
[illegible] paper (one year in advance).....$12
[illegible] paper, semi-weekly.....
[illegible] cases, subscribers must give one week's notice in writing before they can be allowed to discontinue.
Any person receiving the paper from the carriers, or otherwise, will be considered to be a subscriber, and obliged to pay, unless due notice is given that he takes it off the office.

The New Orleans Bee.

OFFICE, 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 20, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXI—WHOLE NO. 10,624.

THE DAILY BEE.

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 20.

[illegible] Northern Mail failed yesterday from [illegible] Charleston. The mail due the day [illegible] came through.

THE LATE SESSION.

[illegible] Legislature of the State adjourned at [illegible] on Thursday in a sober and dignified manner, a circumstance to be chiefly [illegible] the abandonment of that vile [illegible] sitting on the last day of the [illegible] night, indulging in a reckless [illegible] of drunkenness and debauchery. It [illegible] a pleasure to notice this new custom [illegible] part of our Legislature, and we trust [illegible] be considered in future as fixed [illegible]

There is also ground of complaint against [illegible] of the General Assembly. It is [illegible] that at the opening of the annual session [illegible] were evinced, symptoms of a political [illegible] majority in the House, by an [illegible] with several members of the [illegible] of the Democracy, had for [illegible] assumed a preponderance of members [illegible] have succeeded in electing [illegible] that body but for the desertion of their opponents, who [illegible] run, and in the interim [illegible] of the recals, and persuaded [illegible] to the fold. The difficulty [illegible] rancorous or revenge[illegible] wed, and we are bound in [illegible] to acknowledge that the dominant [illegible] with exceeding justice and [illegible] throughout the session there [illegible] the absence of partisan ex[illegible] or even an effort at partisan [illegible] Even the famous Army bill—[illegible] way, after a tremendous display [illegible] pressly as it was—did not [illegible] create a passing and harmless [illegible] The majority studiously abstained [illegible] endeavors to force through [illegible] obnoxious to the [illegible] that the bar [illegible] franchise was rarely dis[illegible]

[illegible] has been accomplished by the [illegible] we can justly afford it the negative [illegible] bitter, and this is really [illegible] present day when the mania [illegible] has become a virulent epidemic [illegible] a single important [illegible] a general character passed [illegible] The bill to authorize the [illegible] apprentices from Africa [illegible] there was a majority in [illegible] the friends of the bill [illegible] agreement on the reasonable [illegible] opinion ought to be conceded [illegible] a momentous a topic. We [illegible] let the press speak out, and [illegible] the people be clearly manifest. The Legislature at the next [illegible] enabled to act understandingly [illegible] nonsing rambling was like [illegible] which there appeared to be a [illegible] favor of its adoption. It [illegible] nearly without opposition, [illegible] readings in the House, [illegible] engrossed for its final [illegible] Such a favorable time was hastening [illegible] of final adjournment appeared [illegible] would not be reached, [illegible] questionable expedient [illegible] which it had assumed [illegible] imperfect. If gaming is to [illegible] it should be done boldly and manfully [illegible] which prohibit [illegible] gambling [illegible] on a gigantic scale, where [illegible] speedily engulfed, and [illegible] high play, or paradyzing [illegible] fraud, could alone enable [illegible] pay the amount assessed [illegible]

[illegible] did not greatly harass or [illegible] offer which let us be [illegible] they did use the signal favor [illegible] and we believe adopted [illegible] affecting her interests, [illegible] excellent bill amending [illegible] municipal taxes—an [illegible] was furnished at the time of [illegible] The draining project of Mr. [illegible] the multifarious amendments [illegible] presented by that gentleman, [illegible] to no the clerk's table. [illegible] the Legislature is entitled [illegible] did some good, and [illegible] any harm.

[illegible] The lateness of [illegible] the addresses of counsel, [illegible] last night in the most [illegible] compelled our reporter to [illegible] than he would have [illegible] been any prospect of his [illegible] even a brief summary [illegible] of all the counsel on both [illegible] this was out of the question, [illegible] some of the arguments [illegible] the less necessary be[illegible] had all the evidence [illegible] them, the real [illegible] be enhanced or detracted, however fervid [illegible] verdict of the jury, [illegible] agreeing on one, will [illegible] each board to-day.

[illegible] Our musicloving [illegible] be delighted at the [illegible] the lyric drama, [illegible] interpreter. There is [illegible] that this accom[illegible] splendid actress. Her [illegible] expression and fire; her [illegible] grace, lead inevitably [illegible] in that she will excite a [illegible] opera than she did in [illegible] atmosphere of a con[illegible] Orleans Theatre will cer[illegible] during the short engagement [illegible]

[illegible] THEATRE.—Miss Avonia Jones [illegible] night at the St. Charles [illegible] appearance as Lucy Ashton in the [illegible] afternoon," a dramatic version [illegible] Scott's novel and also as Amina [illegible] in the opera of "Honey Moon." [illegible] the accomplished actor, has [illegible] his services on the occasion [illegible] part of Edgar Ravenswood [illegible]

[illegible] MUSICAL EXAMINATIONS.—[illegible] accuracy of examination [illegible] the actual condition of a [illegible] spoken of in Mrs. Mason's [illegible] in another column, [illegible] those interested to be [illegible] Mr. M. may be consulted at [illegible] and at her free lecture to [illegible] Fellows' Hall, Monday noon, [illegible] the same advertisement, the [illegible] successful practice and pe[illegible] of teaching will be spoken of.

[illegible] THE FAIRY STEAMER.—The fine and fast [illegible] steamer *Fairy* leaves our port for [illegible] this evening at 4 o'clock. Let all [illegible] who are bound for the shores of Ken[illegible] have passage on board of her.

[illegible] NEW ORLEANS AMUSEMENTS.—The [illegible] fairy spectacle, "The Naiad Queen," [illegible] the Mazeppa Juvenile, will be given to-[illegible] Spalding & Rogers's Amphitheatre [illegible] and [illegible] this evening.

[illegible] Miss L. White, 105 Canal street, has just received a lot of new and interesting models and books of travel. See [illegible] advertisement in another column.

[illegible] acknowledge the courtesy of an invitation [illegible] the annual commencement [illegible] Medical and Law Departments of the [illegible] Louisiana, which will be held at the [illegible] Hall, on Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

THE WEEKLY EUROPE AND ASIA.—Accounts from Rio state that for the first time in this century the river Po has been [illegible] at Ferrara for some time, admitting the constant passage of man and beast. The unusual severity of the winter in that part of Italy has caused great mortality.

From a letter dated Constantinople, Feb. 21, we [illegible] the following:

[illegible] has fallen until yesterday without [illegible] interruption for fifteen days. There has [illegible] a winter of equal severity for more than twenty years. The snow has extended [illegible] and the adjacent district of Asia Minor, and even the Greek islands are [illegible] white, an appearance most unusual and remarkable. The sufferings of the [illegible] are very acute; their habits and [illegible] are not prepared to resist so inclement a season. Many of the poorest dwellings have [illegible] down from the weight of snow [illegible] for they are little more substantial than castles of card board, and [illegible] the weather-tight.

A [illegible] from Asia Minor describes snow-storms, in one of which a Greek monastery was [illegible] and the five monks had to be excavated by the Turks. At Malta the snow, which had not fallen since the Russian campaign of 1-12, was some feet high, and accompanied with hail and tempests.

NEW YORK, March 12.—An arrival from the River Platte furnishes advices from the surrounding country to the 18th February.

The war was continued at Montevideo, but without vigor. The city was besieged, although communication was free with the country, except for soldiers.

BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

Reported to the New Orleans Bee.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—*Senate.*—Mr. Gwin's resolution of inquiry concerning the massacre of California emigrants in Utah passed.

The bill providing for five regiments of volunteers. The ministerial organs evidently did not expect such a result, and are much taken aback. Their language has lost something of its vain-glorious style. In official quarters no trifling bewilderment is apparent, and even people who are not over-friendly towards England admit that matters have been carried too far with her. There is a pretty general feeling that a series of unfortunate blunders has been committed. It is difficult for ordinary men to explain, unless on suppositions of the strangest kind, mistakes which a novice in government could hardly have committed. R. de Murray's address, the military addresses, and, what is as great a blunder as either, M. Walewski's famous dispatch. Some regret the fall of Lord Palmerston, but nearly all concur in condemning the causes which led to it. Few can recall without indignation the language of the Colonels, or without shame the statement of a French Minister, that in England the doctrine of assassination is openly preached. The Commissioner of to-day has this passage in an article on the Sardinian government proposing a law on conspiracies against foreign sovereigns:

"England has voted, on a first reading, its bill on foreigners; Belgium is about to revise its penal code; Switzerland removes to the interior the political refugees who demanded an asylum; and finally, Piedmont contemplates increasing the severity of her laws."

The French law relative to measures of general security passed in the Legislative body on Friday, by a majority of 217 to 34. Several deputies abstained from voting. After receiving the sanction of the Senate, it will be promulgated in the *Moniteur*.

Count Walewski's Dispatch.

The following important document has been communicated to both Houses of Parliament:

[Ext Coming to the Earl of Clarendon.]
(Received February 11.)

On the occasion of his examination, Judge Hunt called up the witness and demanded his reasons for his absence yesterday. They appeared to satisfy his Honor.

Mr. Levy, sworn, says: On the afternoon of the 1st August last, between three and four o'clock, saw Wright on Canal street, between Commons and Gravier, who told him he had got into a bad difficulty—had cut a man who was probably dead by that time. Asked witness if he would have this witness to surrender himself, to which he assented with alacrity; Blackwood told him he was dogged by two men; witness replied he had no fear of his being taken; witness then asked Sypher if he was a police officer, who replied that he was not; they then went to the office of Messrs. Hughes & Hunt, in lieu of B. surrendering himself; they found no one there; Blackwood here sought to conceal his name; he was advised by witness to use no concealment; afterwards prosecutor threw the knife behind a book-case in the office; went to Randolph's to see relatives; Blackwood then stated he was arrested by two police officers—witness telling them that he was then on his way to the Mayor's office; witness subsequently returned, procured the knife, and gave it to Lieut. Hunt; recognizes the knife now produced in Court as the one Blackwood had; does not recognize the sheath; the knife is in the same condition now that it was then, save that there is rust now where there was blood then.

Dr. Rosewald called and sworn—Resides in this city; did so on the 1st of August last; on that day, in the afternoon, had come down town in the horse-cars; near the corner of Canal and Dauphin streets saw Wright coming towards Canal street, when he was met by Blackwood, who, after speaking to Wright, struck him and knocked him down; he got up and ran a short distance, when Blackwood stabbed him twice; heard Blackwood use some such words as "Ah, you damned son of a b——!"

Cross examined.—Was in about the middle of Canal street when Wright came out of the Commons and was approaching Dauphin; they appeared to converse; witness had reached the first post before Blackwood struck Wright the second time with his fist; Wright, in the middle of Canal street, the latter went into the street and picked it up; Blackwood retiring towards Canal street; Wright then put his hand behind his back as if he had something in his hand out in front he had something—witness does not know what—is sure he approached his bagnonette on which Blackwood was standing, and the latter drew his knife and stabbed him twice. Mr. Moise here announced the evidence closed for the prosecution.

The Grand Jury here entered the Court, and brought in a true bill against John Reynolds, for the murder of James Reynolds on the 11th of December last.

Dr. Rosewald, recalled by Mr. Durant: Had no previous acquaintance with Blackwood; had seen Wright some days previously at Toby's Express office, in relation to a trunk of his which had been sent there from Mobile; he had just come down from Mobile. A discussion here arose between the Attorney-General and Mr. Durant in relation to the admissibility of certain evidence in regard to a conversation between the deceased and Dr. Rosewald, of which Blackwood was alleged to have been a witness, and in which threats are alleged to have been used by Wright against Blackwood. After much reading of authorities and forcible and able argument by Mr. Moise, the Judge ruled the evidence inadmissible, and Mr. Durant gave notice that he would file a bill of exceptions.

A question was here put by a juror to Dr. Rosewald in relation to the relative position of Blackwood and Wright after the latter had been knocked down the second time, and brought forth an answer, the exact purport of which escaped us.

Mr. Durant having asked the Court for a few minutes' leave of absence, Mr. Moise suggested that he have a few minutes' absence of ten minutes, which was accordingly ordered.

On the reassembling of the Court and jury Mr. Durant addressed them, giving a succinct account of the nature of the evidence on which the defense intended to rely—the principal point being that Wright could not be proved by some of the most respectable people in New Orleans. Born in a chivalric state, he had lived in high political circles, and being a member of one of the most virtuous and respectable families in that State, he was incapable of committing the cowardly, dishonorable, and his whole life utterly at variance with the theory of wilful murder put up by the prosecution. Mr. D. dwelt at length on the interview between deceased and the prisoner at Toby's Express office, on Canal street; there a conversation ensued, the opprobrious epithets there used by Wright, and his declaration that he wanted no difficulty in that place, but intimated that he would meet him at his boarding-house if he wanted him. He claimed that Blackwood, instead of lying in wait for Wright, was on his way to his residence on Dauphin street, near Canal street, near St. Louis. After reciting the history of the case, Mr. Durant referred to the untoward fact that Blackwood, being intoxicated, was locked up in his cell—unfortunately every man in his circumstances must be considered drunk. He was—if not actuated by the sympathy of the community—at least entitled to its justice; but a rabble had sought to drag him out to execution without trial. The newspapers, too, forgetting their high mission, had suggested, in pointed articles, the establishment of a vigilance committee.

J. F. Dillhoner called and sworn—Employed in the Post-Office; was here on the 1st of August last, and visited the scene of the murder, corner of Dauphin and Canal streets; saw blood there; saw some one pick up a knife from the gutter, and call for an officer; could not identify the knife. [A knife was here shown witness, but he could not swear whether it was the same or not.] Mr. Moise here stated that his witness had not seen had been left in Court labeled "Wright's knife," but where it came from, or who left it there, he could not say. The witness's business was to stand at the Post-Office window; he had seen a man moving rapidly through the Post-Office building, followed by another man, who cried, "stop that man, he is a murderer;" or something to that effect.

Rev. Dr. Leacock called and sworn: Is pastor of Christ Church on Canal street; has known prisoner since 1843; has always known him as a most peaceable and well-disposed man; was astonished and could scarce believe it was the same Blackwood he had known so favorably who was charged with this murder.

J. K. Sprague called and sworn: Is local mail agent in the Post-Office; was present when Mr. Osborne, a previous witness, on the afternoon of 1st August last, when the knife was picked up at the corner of Canal and Dauphin streets; thinks the knife produced is Lieut. Hunt's, or some other police officer; it was hard to draw from the sheath; never may mistake strength in Court.

Eleanor Lewis sworn: Knows the prisoner; he boarded at her house; had conversation with Blackwood in regard to Wright; had told Blackwood that Wright had used very abusive language against him. [The Attorney-General here objected to the introduction of the demonstrative language used by Wright, and communicated to Blackwood by Mrs. Lewis. The Court sustained the objection, holding that nothing but the threats, if any, which Wright had used, and she had related to Blackwood, was legal evidence.] The witness then imparted that she had not told Blackwood that Wright had made any threats against him on the question being repeated in another form, she again distinctly denied having made any such statement to Blackwood; Wright was in witness's house on the Wednesday previous to his murder; he was accompanied by some gentlemen. (A question as to the language used by Wright on that Wednesday evening was objected to by Mr. Moise, the Court sustaining the objection.)

James B. Dixon, sworn—Knew Wright, and Blackwood; saw the latter on Friday night, coming out of the house; Mr. Blackwood about 7 o'clock; that afternoon, and until 10 or 11 o'clock that night, Wright had used in regard to him on Wednesday evening; witness does not recollect if he had Blackwood that Wright had used threats against him; was acquainted with Wright; always thought him peaceable and quiet.

Henry F. Baldwin sworn—Has known Blackwood for five years; always knew him as a quiet, gentlemanly man; witness has been a clerk in the store of J. Burnside & Co. for four years; thinks Blackwood knew both Burnside and his store, and had visited him there; knows that the prisoner had a room on Dauphin street, on the right hand side going down, and a couple of squares from Canal street.

E. B. Azon sworn—Has known Blackwood about ten years; was present at the interment of Wright's deceased father; Blackwood at Toby's Express office; witness had brought about that interview; it was on Saturday, August 1, 1857.

Mr. Moise announced the evidence closed for the prosecution.

The Attorney-General objected to any line of question going to show a pre-existent quarrel between the parties, the theory of the prosecution being that no previous bad language used by the deceased can take from the transaction the character of willful murder, as charged in the indictment, and that, therefore, its introduction is irrelevant. The objection was sustained by his Honor.

Here Mr. Moise withdrew his objection, with the view of affording the defense every facility, not incompatible with his duty, of justifying their case, and the Court graciously assented.

Mr. Moise Continued.—Blackwood asked Wright if he had called him a son of a b——; Wright replied, Yes, sir, and any man who would make that remark of a lady is a son of a b——; Wright then said he did not wish to be disturbed, as he was engaged with gentlemen present, and perhaps more, but two were all that witness saw; Wright said meet him anywhere; I don't want any difficulty here; did not think Wright a weak man; he had not much flesh on him, but was a large man; his impression was that Wright was physically superior to Blackwood; Wright's manner was that of a man who appeared to wish for a difficulty; the interview did not last more than five minutes; B. had asked witness for advice, which the latter refused to give; he then turned to another friend, who also declined to advise him; Blackwood appeared to be angry; he went up Camp to Gravier, and down Gravier towards the Commons; did not see him from that time until he saw him here in Court.

Charles Nash sworn—First became acquainted with prisoner in Charleston, in 1849, and has since known him in this city; has always known him as an amiable, peaceable man.

R. Bonnet sworn—Has known prisoner for five years; has had him in his employment for twelve months; has always known him as a quiet, peaceable man.

Charles H. Churchill sworn—Testified also to the general quietness and gentleness of the prisoner.

Benjamin H. Green sworn—Also testified to the general good character of prisoner.

H. Zacharie, being sworn, also bore testimony to the quiet, inoffensive character of prisoner as a quiet, peaceable and gentlemanly man.

R. H. Whitcomb was sworn, but Mr. Durant objected to his testimony, as being in a quiet, peaceable and gentlemanly man.

R. H. Whitcomb was sworn, but Mr. Durant objected to his testimony, as being in form, as the testimony he expected to elicit from him had already been ruled out.

John Kneesady sworn—Had not known Blackwood long, and was therefore permitted to go without further question.

Mr. Moise here announced the Last summer let furnished rooms on Dauphin street near the engine house; Blackwood rented a room from Mrs. Lewis; saw Blackwood on Sunday previous to the 1st of August; on that day Blackwood came to his room about 3 o'clock; it was his daily custom to go to his room at some part of the day; did not notice any excitement in his manner more than usual; he had always been noted by witness for his quiet and gentle demeanor; never had any cause of complaint against him.

J. B. Kindrick, sworn—Was in the city on the 1st August last; knew Blackwood. (A question which Mr. Durant proposed to ask witness, having been objected to by Mr. Moise, was withdrawn by the Attorney-General.)

The question was whether on the day of the murder of Wright, Blackwood had sought the witness's assistance in the amicable adjustment of a difficulty with Wright. The question having been withdrawn, Mr. Durant announced the evidence on the part of the defense closed, and the Court adjourned till 5 o'clock, it being now half-past 3.

EVENING SESSION.

On the reassembling of the Court at 35 minutes past five o'clock, Mr. Foote led off for the prosecution, reading all the law applicable to the case, and reviewed it in a clear and forcible manner.

He was followed by Colonel Seymour, of South Carolina, in a powerful speech, whose address was principally directed to the feelings and imaginations of his auditors. Considering the material he had to go upon, we must confess he approached his task with ability. Blackwood, standing at the bar, the latter drew his knife and stabbed him twice. Mr. Moise here announced the evidence closed for the prosecution.

[The lateness of the hour, and the impossibility of reproducing the proceedings in the morning's paper, compelled us to leave in the middle of Mr. Durant's address to the jury, and deprived us of the pleasure of hearing or saying better words. The substance of what we cannot doubt was an able and exclusive address in behalf of the Attorney-General.]

P. S. The jury retired at ¼ to 12 o'clock.

[Saturday Morn's Courier, Couple Edition.]

The jury in the Blackwood case, which was yesterday committed for trial before the First District Court on the charge of having killed a people of Wright, on Canal street, on 1st August, 1857, from the Florida Landing. The cotton belonged to W. A. Bowen, of the schooner Ocean Wave, and was being carried to New Orleans to be sold at 17 cents a pound, was the occasion of his arrest.

Mr. J. B. Rodman was required to furnish bail in $1000 to appear for examination on the charge of taking his meals at the City Hotel without paying for them.

D. R. Costonla gave bail to answer to the charge of stealing a lot of copper pans from one of the rooms in Odd Fellows' Hall. The accused, who keeps a fashionable eating-house establishment in the building, was also held to answer to the charge of selling liquor without a license.

RECORDER FARRAR'S COURT.—Charles Fry yesterday gave bail to answer to the charge of having received from John Olivier a piece of copper plate valued at $10, knowing it to have been stolen. Olivier himself was arrested and sent to prison to await his examination. The property belonged to B. Laterrade.

Francois Rouche, residing at the corner of St. Philip and Condé streets, was arrested and committed for trial before the First District Court on a charge of murder, in having, several days ago, shot dead a boy of his slave by Jourdan, by cruel and inhuman treatment. Many respectable witnesses testified to the good character of Rouche, which extended over a period of several years. The Coroner's inquest attributed Jourdan's death to the injuries thus received. Rouche's wife, who was charged as an accessory to the crime, was discharged.

RECORDER ADAMS'S COURT.—Jacob Hightman yesterday surrendered himself, as he had heard that a warrant was out for his arrest, charging him with having several times offered to bribe a man to poison his wife, and with having repeatedly threatened to kill her.

Tom, a slave of Mrs. Hoffman, was sentenced to twenty lashes on the morrow, being privy to the concealment of a lot of jewelry which had been stolen from the residence of Mrs. Fisher.

Inquest.—An inquest was held yesterday on the body of John McCabe, found dead on the Gentilly Road, near Michoud's plantation. Verdict, "Died of intemperance and exposure." Deceased was about 60 years of age.

FRENCH JACONETS, DRILLS, MARSEILLES HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.—The attention of city and country buyers is called to the unprecedented sale of two bales of the above goods, just received from Havre, and now opening, comprising the finest and most fashionable goods imported for the season, and which we have imported direct from the manufacturers, Messrs. Bonnet, Bouvier & Co., Havre, Nos. 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

BELST'S
Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,
and the cure is
CERTAIN CONFIDENCE.

Among the diseases that the Physician is so frequently called on to treat, there is none perhaps that so much needs some help beyond medicine as Diseases of the Urinary Organs, and in consequence of the multitude of instances, notwithstanding the most scientific treatment, it is lamented and generally acknowledged that no remedy yet discovered answers, leaving to these debilitating diseases the victim, until, in many instances, the disease consumption, physical weakness and mental imbecility, the result of impaired nervous power, if such they are the results of unnatural drains of the chronic under consideration, how especially important, and it is to meet that of the thousands of advertising and ill-educated empirics that are to be found everywhere, and at once set about making a positive solution of remedies known, and important in the taking of them.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WISNER & CO.,
21 and 131 Chartres street.

General Agents for the South, and to whom all orders should be addressed. mh19 1t 20

Office Merchants' Mutual Insurance Co.
NEW ORLEANS, March 20, 1858.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors of this Institution will take place on Monday, the 5th of April next, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2 P. M.

JOHN PERGERSON,
mh20 1ap6 Secretary pro tem.

A Word to Dr. Goodall, No. 6 Gaslonde st.

I DECLARE that Dr. J. G. Goodall, No. 6 Gaslonde street, has conducted himself towards me in a delicate manner by assisting in every possible manner, in my behalf, the Dr. Hunter, who has shown that instrumental one. In spite of the double insult offered me by the lady concerned, he is truly preferred the shield of charity extended to him, and I remain that when he preferred them he was deceiving or trying to deceive the gentlemen before whom they were uttered. Such conduct is unworthy of a man, and especially of a man calling himself a gentleman. Dr. Hunter, I remain, yours, &c.

"The most widely talked of publication of the year."

IN style, arrangement, and interest of the most very of no claim in the whole range of American literature.

(Mr. Stephens's New Monthly.

"One of the very best specimens of historical biography with which we are acquainted."

"Ought to be read by every Christian who would know the history of his own country."

(North American Review.

"Of peculiar and intense interest."

(Boston Transcript.

"It is a poor compliment to say that this life is interesting as a novel—it is more than a novel."

"A work of almost unequaled interest."

(Mr. Prescott's New Monthly.

"Surpasses most events in our biographic and the d'ers extract some interest."

(Reviewed in Courier des State Unis.

Published by MASON BROTHERS,
mh19 1t New York.

TOBACCO.
La Belle Creole 10c and 5c.
ESSENCE DE MIEL.

THESE cutes fine and celebrated 10c and 5c are always on hand at the Cigar Store of

FAYNIE & SMITH,
Corner Bienville and Chartres sts.
mh20 1t

EIGHTH EDITION.

The Life and Times
OF
AARON BURR,

Lieut. Colonel in the Army of the Revolution, Vice-President of the United States, etc.

BY PARTON.

With Portraits on steel, and tinted cuts. 102 pp. octavo 12c. Price, in cloth, $1 75; half-calf, $2 50; half-morocco, $2 50. This work has been announced for years, and has sold in two months, and fifty copies have been ordered to reviews and notices of it in the newspapers of the country.

"The most widely talked of publication of the year."

IN style, arrangement, and interest of the most very of no claim in the whole range of American literature.

(Mr. Stephens's New Monthly.

"One of the very best specimens of historical biography with which we are acquainted."

"Ought to be read by every Christian who would know the history of his own country."

(North American Review.

"Of peculiar and intense interest."

(Boston Transcript.

"It is a poor compliment to say that this life is interesting as a novel—it is more than a novel."

"A work of almost unequaled interest."

(Mr. Prescott's New Monthly.

"Surpasses most events in our biographic and the d'ers extract some interest."

(Reviewed in Courier des State Unis.

Published by MASON BROTHERS,
mh19 1t New York.

TOBACCO.
La Belle Creole 10c and 5c.
ESSENCE DE MIEL.

THESE cutes fine and celebrated 10c and 5c are always on hand at the Cigar Store of

FAYNIE & SMITH,
Corner Bienville and Chartres sts.
mh20 1t

To the Notaries of the City and of the Country.

THE undersigned begs leave to inform the Notaries of the city and of the country that they have now on hand the largest assortment of BLANKS in use in this city, viz:

Blanks in English.
" " French.
" " without ".
" " in English.
" " in French.

General Transcriptions, Protests.
Notices of Protest.
Bottom Bills with and without interest, large assortment.
Plain Bank Notes, in English and French.
Bills of Exchange, Drafts, Protests, some recent pages, and will be sold at cost low prices by

P. BURKE, Jr. & CO.,
Stationers, Printers and Binders,
32 Chartres street.

Joevin Gloves.

A LARGE assortment of JOUVIN GLOVES, [illegible] in quality, for sale at $1 a pair, by

J. ATWOOD,
mh6 corner Bienville and Chartres sts.

DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,
150.....CANAL STREET.....150

STRONG classes from the world. (Pro-Quadrupedes, Book Keeping, Business, etc. Terms, Circulars, etc., at the College.

Lessons, Private Lessons, Day and Evening Classes, Penmanship, Drawing, Arithmetic, Grammar, Geography, Composition, Correspondence, Commercial Calculations, Commercial Law, Lectures, Business Practice, Phonography, Phonetic Writing, Telegraphy, Navigation, Surveying, Mathematics, Mechanics, Mechanical Drawing, Perspective, Architecture, Modeling, Engraving, Chemistry, Assaying, Mineralogy, Geology, Botany, Physiology, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Electricity, Galvanism, Magnetism, Electrotype, Daguerreotype, Photography, Photo-Lithography, Photo-Engraving, Photo-Glyphic Engraving, Photo-Zincography, Photo-Galvanography, Photo-Galvanic Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Stereotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype, Photo-Galvanic Electro-Stereotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electrotype Engraving Printing Electr