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The New Orleans Bee.

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NEW ORLEANS:
THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 25.

SUBSCRIPTIONS BY THE WEEK.

The carriers of the BEE are authorized to receive subscriptions to our paper, at the rate of 25 cents a week, payable in all cases to the carriers themselves.

Sales at Auction To-Day.

By E. Roger & Co., at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street; boots, shoes, brogans, hats, umbrellas, &c.; also, superior carpeting.

By G. Lemmont, Blache & Co., at 10 o'clock, at No. 20 Chartres street, books, pamphlets, engravings, &c.

By M. Bonnett, Jr., at 10 o'clock, at the corner of St. Louis and Chartres streets, china, porcelain and plated ware.

By D. E. Mooney, at half-past 10 o'clock, at No. 11 Gravier street, choice Havana cigars.

THESE DOUBLE-DEALING.

The shortcomings of the Breckinridge men, as well South as North, are quite sufficient to convict them of insincerity and double-dealing. They boast that they are the exclusive depositaries of true and genuine Democracy; that they alone fully understand and manfully sustain Southern rights; that under their guidance and leadership only can the cause of Black Republicanism be defeated and its champion overthrown, and that BRECKINRIDGE, of all the competitors for the Presidency, is the only one that maintains the principles of the South. Now let us see, how far the practices of these noble and self-denying patriots correspond to their professions.

There are in the North a considerable number of papers which support BRECKINRIDGE and LANE as the true National Democratic candidates. It might be expected as a matter of course that, circulating in the free States, these journals would avail themselves of every possible opportunity to injure the cause of LINCOLN and HAMLIN; that they would denounce Northern sectionalism; would expose the fatal consequences of anti-slavery fanaticism, and would appeal constantly, earnestly and zealously to the conservatives of the North to combat the vile heresy of Black Republicanism. Such should be the policy by which they ought to be governed. But in reality these treacherous organs, and pretended friends of nationality, never direct their assaults against the Black Republicans. As far as their columns are concerned, it might be imagined that anti-slavery had no representatives in the field. Do you wish to know who are the objects of the attacks of the Northern Breckinridge sheets? Why DOUGLAS and BELL—especially the former. They have no censure for LINCOLN; they seem almost to ignore his existence. Nay, they rather favor the rail-splitter. In Indiana and Ohio the partisans of BRECKINRIDGE voted for the Lincoln candidates. But DOUGLAS is a million-fold more odious to them than LINCOLN. They would infinitely rather witness the election of a Black Republican President than of the Little Giant. In short the Northern Breckinridge journals are anti-Douglas, not anti-Lincoln. The pre-eminent service they render to the South consists in helping to put down the only man in the North whom LINCOLN fears, in running independent tickets to augment LINCOLN'S chances and success, and in speaking, writing and voting against STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. This is Northern Breckinridgeism, and such is the signal manner in which it displays its love for the South, its desire to defeat LINCOLN, and its ardent wish to perpetuate the Union. So perfectly well understood and so clearly appreciated is its course, that the Black Republicans treat Mr. BRECKINRIDGE with extreme lenity. GIDDINGS says he prefers him to the other candidates after LINCOLN, because BRECKINRIDGE is no slaveholder, while JOHN WENTWORTH advises the formation of a Breckinridge ticket in every Northern State as the surest means of electing LINCOLN. The Black Republicans evidently regard the Northern Breckinridgers as efficient allies, and invariably speak of them in a most kindly spirit.

In the South the Breckinridge party are not so unprincipled. We have no doubt that, with the exception of the Disunion leaders, the mass of that party are sincerely opposed to LINCOLN, and would be willing even to take DOUGLAS rather than the Black Republican aspirant. But they are continually making false issues and are guilty of double-dealing. They all affirm the dogma of Congressional protection to slavery, and insist that BRECKINRIDGE and LANE are advocates of that doctrine. With respect to the first they know that his own words prove the contrary, and demonstrate beyond contradiction that in 1856 he made speeches in favor of Squatter Sovereignty from the same stamp as did STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS. As for General LANE, he even at the present time adheres to the non-intervention theory, and proclaims that the election of LINCOLN will not justify secession. A week or two ago JOE LANE delivered a speech at Indianapolis. He was asked what course ought to be pursued if LINCOLN should be elected. "Well," he answered, "should he be elected by his sectional party, and on his sectional platform, we must content ourselves with the thought that four years will soon pass." Again, what signifies Lane's protection in the Territories. "To the charge that we favor a slave code let me say a few words. If they who make this charge will read Mr. BRECKINRIDGE'S letter of acceptance, they will there see clearly defined the doctrine of non-intervention with the subject of slavery on the part of Congress. We believe there has already been too much legislation—yes, and too much agitation on this subject." He says further: "I have battled and always will battle against any interference on the part of Congress with the subject of slavery. It is a subject with which Congress has nothing to do."

How is it that JOE LANE'S speech has never seen the light in a Southern Breckinridge journal? and what is more, it never will. His Southern supporters are not at all willing to let the people know that while they are swearing that the South ought to secede if LINCOLN triumphs, their candidate for Vice-President holds that in such an event we have only to reflect that four years will soon pass—that while they are proclaiming Congressional protection to slavery as the very quintessence of Democracy, old JOE LANE tells them he has always fought against Congressional interference with slavery. How can they stand up for a candidate who is essentially on the Douglas platform? Why don't the Breckinridgers allow the people an opportunity of listening to Gen. JOSEPH LANE? Are they afraid lest the inconsistency between his and their political principles should be detected? JOE LANE wants neither Protection nor Disunion. He is clearly an intruder in the Breckinridge ranks. What business has this Squatter Sovereign, this Submissionist, on the Presidential ticket of the fire-eaters? Answer us that, Master BRODY!

PROPOSED UNION OF TICKETS.—A very large meeting of all parties was held at Atlanta, Georgia, on the 17th inst., at which Hon. B. H. Hill made a speech and urged the formation of a common electoral ticket, with instructions to the electors to vote for the candidate who may prove himself able, with the aid of Georgia, to beat Lincoln. A resolution was offered that the three State Executive Committees arrange a common electoral ticket out of the three now in the field, with the instructions above indicated. Some of the Breckinridge leaders opposed the resolution, but after an animated discussion it was adopted by all parties with marked enthusiasm. This is an important movement, and may lead to unexpected results.

THAT BET.—The Montgomery Confederation of Saturday says: A telegraphic dispatch reached this city night before last, signed by four reliable gentlemen of Mobile, authorizing a prominent citizen of this place to take up the bet then was offered in the Mail a few days ago. We believe it was two or three thousand dollars that Breck would beat both Douglas and Bell [illegible]. We can only tell the Disunion [illegible] are foolish enough to make such a rash bet on this, that they can be accommodated to any extent of money they would wish [illegible] in Mobile. The idea of Breckinridge beating Bell and Douglas in this State! What foolish men! Why Breckinridge won't beat [illegible] them. If there are any more gentlemen who want to lose money on the same bet, we advise them to let it be known at Mobile.

The steamship Cahawba, Captain Smith, sails at 8 o'clock this morning for New York, via Havana, with the following passengers:
For New York—Mrs Captain Smith and [illegible], Mrs Chapman.
For Havana—[illegible] D Coleman, [illegible].

PERIODICALS.—Our thanks are due Bloomfield, No. 7 Exchange Place, for the following periodicals:

Harper's Monthly for November.—A remarkably choice number. The illustrated biography of Captain John Smith, and Thackeray's George IV. are prominent features in it.

Frank Leslie's New Illustrated Magazine. The November number of this periodical maintains its high reputation.

All the Year Round, by Charles Dickens. Always full of interest and variety.

CARPETING, &c.—One of the finest assortments of carpeting to be found in New Orleans [illegible] is seen at the extensive establishment of J. D. Dameron & Co., No. 134 Canal street. A [illegible] variety of tissues and styles [illegible] attraction to purchasers. Moreover, Messrs. Dameron & Co. have received a large supply of curtain materials, oil cloth, window shades, &c. Persons in need of such articles cannot do better than [illegible] 134 Canal street.

WALL PAPER.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Frank Newhall, No. 69 Canal street, is in receipt of a large [illegible] assortment of French and American [illegible], which he offers for sale at [illegible].

LATER FROM MEXICO.

ARRIVAL OF THE TENNESSEE.

The steamship Tennessee, Thos. Forbes, master, arrived yesterday from Vera Cruz, which she left on the 21st inst. The following is a list of her passengers:

Mr Haverland and wife, Mrs Dubos, F Fournier, Solomon and brother, Mr C Le Douz, [illegible], (secretary of the [illegible] of Vera Cruz) Mr [illegible].

The Tennessee brings $43,359 in specie, consigned as follows:

E. de Gotzmein	[illegible]
Jesus Flina	[illegible]
Caballero & Bessuido	[illegible]
F. Camerden	[illegible]
Avendano Bros	[illegible]
A C Bregnino	[illegible]

By this arrival we have received our files of papers to the latest dates. The affairs of Mexico seem unchanged. The siege of Guadalajara by the Liberals under Ortega continues, without any marked advantage on either side. In the meanwhile Marquez, at the head of 3000 troops, has left the capital, doubtless with a view of harassing the Liberals as much as possible. The latter are censured for having neglected, after the victory at Silao, to march directly upon Mexico. Within that city violence and spoliation run riot. The new Chief of Police, Lagarde, is represented as a perfect fiend of cruelty, punishing the slightest misdemeanor with relentless ferocity, and governing the capital with an iron hand. Numerous stories of atrocities committed by him are related by the correspondents of the *Trait d'Union*.

The Mexican papers swarm with accounts of the progress of the civil war, but in reality they amount to little of importance. On the one hand it is said that the garrison at Guadalajara is reduced to the last extremity, that six hundred soldiers have deserted, and that the city must soon surrender or be carried by assault. On the other we are told that Ortega has been repulsed with heavy loss. Both sides exaggerate so recklessly that it is next to impossible to arrive at the exact truth.

Mr. McLane reached Vera Cruz on the 16th inst.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.—The purser of the Tennessee has kindly furnished us with the following marine news:

Arrivals in Port of Vera Cruz.—U. S. steamer Pawnee, from Pensacola, on 15th; Br. brig Zephyr, from Liverpool, on 20th.

Departures.—19th, Br. brig Selina Jane, for Coatzacoalcos; U. S. steamer Susquehanna, for Key West; 19th, U. S. steamer Saginaw, for New York.

Left in the port of Vera Cruz, and anchored in the harbor, the following vessels:

U. S. flag steamer Powhatan, Captain Mercer, flag officer Pendergrast; U. S. steamer Pawnee, Capt. Heistone; U. S. steamer Pocahontas, Capt. Hazard; U. S. frigate Sabine, Capt. Adams; U. S. storeship Supply, Captain Dunn; Sp. war steamer Petronilla, Sp. war steamer Isabella Catolica; Fr. war brig Mercure.

Passengers by the Tennessee report that on the day she left the news of the capture of Guadalajara, after a very obstinate resistance, had been received. It is said that the garrison and inhabitants were reduced to the last extremity before surrendering.

Bond and Powder.

I recently met, in one of the papers, a heart-rending narrative, demonstrating the folly of stifling one's inward promptings, and yielding to external influences. I cannot recall names or locality, but the appalling details will never cease to stir my deepest sympathies. They were, in substance, these: A man laboring under *delirium tremens* having declared his determination to "kill some one," was arrested and placed in charge of the manager of the almshouse, who instead of confining him in the appropriate quarters, ordered him to take a seat in his own house, in a room where his daughter was nursing her child, about a year old. An interval of lucidity having succeeded the preceding paroxysm, the poor victim seemed captivated by the innocence and vivacity of the child, and caressed it tenderly. Soon he solicited the favor of taking in his arms the little representative of the "kingdom of heaven," but the mother shuddered at the startling proposition. Subsequently, however, yielding to irresistible persuasion, she rashly handed her darling to its apparent friend. Owing, perhaps, to his preceding mental strain, he had no sooner taken the little one than the desire to "kill some one" returned, with accumulated force, and he instantaneously *dashed out its brains*. The mother stood a moment, utterly paralyzed with horror, then screamed "murder!" and sank in a swoon. Others, hearing the alarm, rushed into the room just in time to rescue her from the grasp of the maniac.

Stretch the imagination as we may, we cannot fathom the depth of anguish that must unceasingly corrode the heart of that mother and [illegible].

While shuddering at this heart-rending event, and in the deepest sincerity sympathizing with those whose bereavement was attended with unspeakably agonizing circumstances, we may, if wise, read in their bitter experience a salutary lesson, as I will endeavor to show.

A venerable friend of mine, while sojourning last summer at a hotel in Mississippi City, listened to the remarks of several Mississippi Disunionists who temporarily became his companions, and the programme which they presented to me generally, if not unanimously, received by those of their own political faith as orthodox, startled him prodigiously, rendering him, if possible, still more anxious to witness the triumph of the Union ticket. It was substantially this: Should Lincoln be elected, immediate steps toward Disunion would be taken, and those Southerners refusing to participate in the proceeding would be deemed inimical to the South, and *all their property would therefore be confiscated*!

Is the South prepared for the revival of the Inquisition? If not, those who are courageous enough to obey the dictates of *their own consciences*, spurning the counsels of these political fanatics, will indignantly resist such an atrocity as that of robbing them of their property. None but cowards will hesitate to do so; consequently, civil wars will desolate our once happy country should those men who would be consistently carry out their programme, succeed in attaining to the ascendancy, for their measures would necessarily result in the consolidation of the Union; we shall attain an eminence unparalleled in history.

And shall we blindly blast this brilliant prospect by consulting our interests to the keeping of political maniacs? The delirium produced by alcohol is no worse than that engendered by fanaticism. In either case frenzy has usurped the throne of reason, thus disqualifying the unfortunate, deluded victim to act rationally.

Every Union man who, by supineness or by throwing away his vote upon an impracticable candidate, shall follow the fatally injudicious example of the grief-stricken mother of whom I have spoken, will be ten thousand-fold more censurable than she is, since she imperilled only one life by her indiscretion, while *thousands* of lives may be sacrificed should political maniacs be permitted to attempt the enforcement of their nefarious designs.

Every Southern Disunionist is said to be in favor of Breckinridge, although many, if not all of them, are convinced that he cannot be elected, and support him in the hope of thus facilitating the election of Lincoln, and their subsequent effort to precipitate a revolution. If, therefore, the former *could* be elected, would not his success endanger the Union? Having received the unanimous vote of the CONSERVATORS, would he not deem himself obligated to heed their counsels? He, probably, is not a voluntary Disunionist, but may we not infer that he would, by outside pressure, *be forced into that atrocious heresy*? He evidently lacks firmness and independence, or he would not have avowed every effort to elicit the expression of his opinion upon the expediency of dissolution in the event of Lincoln's election. Seeing that he *dare* not run the risk of offending his revolutionary friends, by openly disclaiming all sympathy in their treasonable designs, can we reasonably suppose that, if elected, he would resist and rebuke their efforts to use him as their tool? None but an independent man who will promptly and fearlessly utter his sentiments on that momentous subject, as did Douglas, should be trusted when our national existence is at stake.

Does any well informed and unprejudiced man believe that either Northern or Southern nationalists would be disappointed during Bell's term, should he be elected? Do such believe that either Douglas or Breckinridge can be elected by the people? Is it not at least probable that Bell can be elected, should all conservative men, of all parties, unite in his support? What, then, is the dictate of common sense and patriotism? Clearly, that all who deprecate the irretrievable ruin of our beloved country should, with one accord, combine their efforts in behalf of that ticket, the success of which would, as it were by magic, dissipate the clouds that already envelope our commercial interests, threatening to undermine the foundation of our existence and sweep us from the catalogue of independent nations. I sincerely believe the foregoing to be true and reasonable. I would scorn to serve my party by a resort to deception and fallacy. I am aware that such instrumentalities are extensively employed by violent and unscrupulous partisans, but such I have never been. Although firm in my political views, I have never been influenced by the dictates of party machinery. Should any doubt the fidelity of the Disunion programme I have described, such can verify its accuracy by interrogating my informant, who is known to the editor of this paper.

In conclusion, I would invite those who may do me the compliment to peruse the foregoing, to resist all *external instrumentalities*, and, appreciating the dignity of their position as *Genuine AMERICAN CITIZENS*, to interrogate *their own conscience* for information concerning the duties that devolve upon them in view of the gigantic issue soon to be solved by their potent weapon of freedom, the ballot box.

CONSERVATIVE.

RARE POLITICAL MAGNANIMITY.—A few days ago a large Union mass meeting was held at Salisbury, North Carolina. Among the speakers on the occasion was the venerable George E. Badger, who in the course of his address made a noble and [illegible] declaration, which is thus reported by the Raleigh Register:

As—[illegible] signed the Hon. Geo. E. Badger commenced a speech which, from beginning to end, showed that, though the frosts of [illegible] have whitened his locks, his great intellect remains in all its vigor, and his heart was warm with the fires of an ardent patriotism. We regret that there was no reporter on the ground, and that while we will not do Mr. Badger the injustice to attempt a sketch of his speech, there was one part to which we cannot refrain from calling attention. Speaking of John Bell, he said: "*Fellow-citizens, I intend to do justice to John Bell, although I do it at my own expense. John Bell, with a statesmanlike sagacity and foresight which I did not possess, voted against the Kansas-Nebraska bill. I voted for it. John Bell did right, and I gave the worst vote I ever gave in my life.*" This honest, frank and manly declaration was received by the meeting with an almost wild enthusiasm, and cheer after cheer attested that [illegible] of [illegible] intellect and [illegible] which [illegible] to the heart of the people [illegible].

BY TELEGRAPH.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

Four Days Later from Europe—The City of Washington off Cape Race—The Cotton Market Firm—Breadstuffs Quiet—Provisions Dull.

St. Johns, N. F., October 24.—The steamship City of Washington, Capt. Jeffrey, from Liverpool on Wednesday, the 10th, via Queenstown the 11th inst., passed Cape Race last night and was boarded by the news yacht of the press.

The news by the City of Washington is four days later than previously received.

Steamship Arrived Out.—The steamship Arabia, from Quebec, with advices to the 29th ult., had reached Londonderry.

Commercial Intelligence.

Liverpool Cotton Market.—Liverpool, October 10.—The sales of Cotton in Liverpool on Monday and Tuesday amounted to 22,000 bales; 7500 to speculators and for export.

The market closed generally firm at extreme prices. Prices have an advancing tendency.

Manchester Trade.—Liverpool, October 10. The advices from Manchester are favorable.

The market for manufactured goods and yarns closed firm, and prices have slightly advanced.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.—Liverpool, October 10.—The Liverpool market for Breadstuffs closed with a declining tendency. All qualities are slightly lower.

Indian Corn ruled steady at previous quotations.

Provisions are dull and generally unchanged.

London Money Market.—London, October 10.—Consols closed to-day at 93¾.

[By Telegraph to Queenstown.]

Latest from Liverpool.—Liverpool, October 11.—The Cotton market was buoyant yesterday, and the sales embraced from 15,000 to 20,000 bales.

To-day's business will probably amount from 12,000 to 15,000 bales. The market is buoyant, and full prices are obtained.

Breadstuffs and Provisions.—Liverpool, October 11.—The market for Breadstuffs is quiet. Provisions are dull.

Important from Europe—By the City of Washington—Great Battle on the Volturno—Complete Defeat of the Neapolitans—Continued Success of Garibaldi—State of the Markets.

St. Johns, N. F., October 24.—By the arrival of the steamship City of Washington off Cape Race we have Liverpool dates to the 11th inst., via Queenstown.

She brings the following additional commercial news:

Commercial Intelligence—Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—Liverpool, October 10.—Richardson, Spence & Co., Wakefield, Nash & Co., and others, say the Flour market closed dull, and that prices are a 6d. lower.

They report a decline of 1 to 2d. in Wheat, and a dull market.

Liverpool Produce Market.—Liverpool, October 10.—Various Liverpool correspondents say the transactions in Sugar since the sailing of the last steamer have been fair, and that the market maintains a steady aspect.

Coffee was firm at unchanged rates.

Linseed Oil was sold at 31s. 6d. to 31s. 9d.

London Money Market.—London, October 10. The London Money market has continued quiet and scarcely steady at former rates.

European Political Intelligence—The Revolution in Naples—Defeat of the Royal Troops on the Volturno—Five Thousand Prisoners Taken.

The City of Washington brings highly important and interesting details of the great battle fought on the Volturno between Garibaldi's forces and the Neapolitan troops.

The reports of the battle say that the Neapolitans, estimated at 30,000 strong, attacked the Garibaldians first under a thick mist, and then temporarily drove back the Garibaldians with about half their numbers after a desperate fight of eight hours duration. Garibaldi being forward, pistol in hand, cheering on his men. The Neapolitans were broken, routed and pursued close to the walls of Capua.

A brigade of Germans was cut off from the main body of the Neapolitans and driven to the mountains.

The Garibaldians took 5000 prisoners. It was estimated that the Neapolitans had 3000 killed and wounded. The loss to the Garibaldians was between 1000 and 1500.

The Royalists made a sortie from Capua to assail the German brigade, but were repulsed. The King of Naples and his brothers were present at the battle.

A report was current that Capua had surrendered, and another that the bombardment before that city was progressing. These statements, however, lack confirmation.

The line of the Volturno was still strongly protected. It is said that the Neapolitans were prepared to defend their positions.

Garibaldi has asked the King of Sardinia to go to Naples, and send him 7000 men immediately.

It is reported that three of the great European powers have protested against the entry of Sardinian forces into the Neapolitan territory.

Guiseppe Mazzini has left the city of Naples.

Piedmontese troops have entered the Neapolitan territory and it is said that some assist the Garibaldians in battle.

Domestic Intelligence.

Steamer Fred Tron Sunk.—Memphis, October 24.—The steamer Fred Tron, bound from Memphis for Cincinnati, having on board 900 [illegible] bales of cotton, sank near Island No. 16. The boat is a total loss.

Laying of a Telegraph Cable.—Memphis, October 24.—Mr. Henry A. Montgomery, the Superintendent of the Central Pacific Telegraph Company, has successfully laid a mile of submarine telegraph cable across the Mississippi river at this point.

Senator Douglas in Memphis.—Memphis, October 24.—Senator Douglas arrived in this city yesterday, and met with a warm reception.

He delivered an address to-day to a large assemblage.

Sailing of the Steamship Africa.—New York, October 24.—The Cunard Royal mail steamship Africa sailed to-day for Liverpool via Queenstown, taking $14,000 of treasure on freight.

Northern Breckinridge Leaders Affiliating with the Republicans—The Hon. Jesse D. Bright Nailed to the Counter—He has Joined the Republican Party.

[From the Louisville Democrat.]

We have learned that J. D. Bright voted the Republican ticket. It is not denied by men of any party in Jeffersonville. *Bright himself has denied it. He did worse than vote the ticket*—a thousand-fold worse. He advised it in a public speech. The following correspondence will show. This will show to the Breckinridge men of Kentucky what sort of friends they are hugging to their bosoms. Friends of the South! Behold her implacable enemies! Will not Kentuckians, at least, cut loose from such men, and consign them to the scorn and contempt they deserve? Read this correspondence:

"*Wm. M. French, Editor Jeffersonville Republican*:

"DEAR SIR—As we are advised you were present and heard the Hon. Jesse D. Bright's speech at Ewing Hall, in this city, on Monday night last, will you be so good as to state if Mr. Bright did or did not use this language in his speech:

"'We must beat this anti-Lecompton Douglas Democratic party! You may begin to-morrow, if you please, but it must be done!'

"The most of us were present, and remember the excellent language in substance. We wish to hear from you as you understood it.

"J. H. B. NOWLAND,
"WILLIAM LEE,
"W. H. LULLEY,
"E. D. BAILEY."

"REPUBLICAN OFFICE,
Jeffersonville, Oct. 14, 1860.

"*To J. H. B. Nowland, Wm. Lee, and others*:

"GENTLEMEN—Your letter, propounding a question relative to the speech made by the Hon. J. D. Bright on the evening preceding the State election, is before me. I heard the speech to which you refer. I was one of the honorable Senator's attentive hearers, and am very clear on the point to which you have directed your inquiry. In speaking of the Douglas party, he said that it would be defeated, and added: 'When shall we begin the work? To-morrow, if you please. You can find no better time.'

W. M. FRENCH."

Mr. Everett on John Brown.

December 2, 1859, Edward Everett addressed a large audience in Faneuil Hall, in Boston, in the midst of the wild fanaticism of the meaner species of Abolitionism, and rebuked the sympathy attempted to be created in favor of John Brown.

After giving in that speech a brief history of the bloody events of the St. Domingo massacre, he proceeded to give a picture of the South, and uttered the following beautiful sentiments:

Upon this community, thus composed, it was the design of Brown to let loose the hell-hounds of a servile insurrection, and to bring on a struggle which, for "magnitude," atrocity and horror would have stood alone in the history of the world. And these eight or nine millions, against whom this frightful war was levelled, are *our fellow-citizens, entitled with us to the protection of that compact of government which regulates their relation to the colored race—[illegible] which every sworn officer of the Union [illegible] of the States is bound by oath to support!* [illegible] them is a fair proportion of men and [illegible] education and culture—of moral and [illegible] lives and characters—virtuous fathers, [illegible] sons and daughters, persons who [illegible] any station of society—men who [illegible] same Bible that we do, and in the [illegible] same Master kneel at the throne of the same God—being a class of men from whom have gone forth some of the greatest and purest characters—Washington, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, Marshall, in the single State of Virginia, against which the first blow had been struck. These are the men, the women, for whose bosoms pikes and rifles are manufactured in New England, to be placed in the hands of an inferior subject race, supposed, most wrongfully, to recent events have shown, to be waiting only for an opportunity to use them! I have been admitted to the confidence of the domestic circle in the South, and I have seen there touching manifestation of the kindest feelings by which the circle in all its members, [illegible] law, master and servant, can be bound together; and when I contemplate the horrors that would have ensued had the tragedy on which the curtain rose at Harper's Ferry been acted out, through all its scenes of fire and sword, of lust and murder, of rapine and desolation, to the final catastrophe, I am filled with emotions to which no words can do justice.

As Mr. Fleming said in his speech a few days ago, the man who affirms that Edward Everett can't be trusted by the South, on the slavery question, can't be trusted himself. There is no truer or sounder man in the land than the "old man eloquent" of Massachusetts.

The Paris correspondent of the New York Albion furnishes the following gossip, operatic and other:

Each café has its frequenters, and often its special celebrities. At the Café Cardinal, at the corner of the rue Richelieu, during the first fortnight of September, are gathered all the artist singers, disengaged or enjoying their vacation. I saw there, the other day, the veteran Badiali, who is soon to appear on the Italian stage of Paris; George Roncani, so long and so justly applauded in London; the tenors Mirate and Carrion, and Carolina Alaimo, with the splendid black eyes, and Giuseppe, who is about to leave us for Lisbon. I think, too, I recognized M. Ullman. He was going from one to the other singer, augmenting or diminishing his doubts, as was required by his part of *secretario*, and as the skillful doctor that he is. The European voyage of your Italian opera director will probably supply you soon with new and celebrated artists, and perhaps with the most remarkable among those of whom I have been speaking. After the *cafés*, that which attracts my attention chiefly is not the luxury and magnificence of the shops that line the Boulevard des Italiens; it is the windows of the dealers in photographs. What a collection of portraits! What portrait-visiting cards, above all! Among them I see a prodigious number of feminine names—the most romantic, the most eccentric, the softest, the commonest! And those at the side, costing a franc apiece, are Mesdames of *petites dames*. Do not ask who, or at least what these are.

You may see them pass every afternoon. There she is, alone in an open carriage; her face besmeared with white and red; her eyes fixed, and made to look larger at the corner of the lids by aid of a blackened pin, and her hair frizzled over her brow in the delicious mode that is justly called *à la chienne*. That the crowd looks at these *petites dames* as they drive by, I do not wonder, but that such plastered, painted, wrinkled, and brazen faced creatures should be taken as models for the toilette by the most respectable women of Paris—this does surprise me greatly. In other days, the women *comme il faut* took pains to distinguish themselves from the women *comme il n'en faut*. To-day I scarcely perceive any external difference between the best and the worst of the Parisian society. It is pretended that this sad change is owing to the Revolution of 1848, and the invasion of democratic notions. I believe rather that we must attribute the transformation in the manners of France to the general use of the cigar and the universal worship of gold. At any rate, on the Champs Elysées and in the Bois de Boulogne, as on the Boulevards, men smoke prodigiously, and adopt a free and easy deportment, in the worst possible taste. The public here is far removed from that of Hyde Park or Kensington Gardens, at the hours of fashionable promenade.

Of George Sand and her latest work, the correspondent just quoted says:

Though she approaches sixty, this remarkable woman possesses an imagination more ardent and more glowing than ever. The *Revue des Deux Mondes* has just concluded, in its last number, the publication of *La Marquis de Villemer*, a work in which George Sand seems to have desired to give a Jane Eyre to France. The heroine of her book is also a governess; but she finds herself placed between two brothers equally formidable, and by force of good sense, a certain "charm," her character, and her principles, she succeeds in protecting herself from the seductions of a libertine Duke, and in subduing his brother, the Marquis—too much disposed, it seems to me, toward democratic ideas, not to be predestined to a *mésalliance*. One may take exception to some discordant notes in this last production of George Sand, and regret the declamatory and semi-socialistic tone of the lover scene that ends the romance; but in spite of this reservation and of my predilection for the "Jane Eyre" of Charlotte Bronte, I no less place the author of *La Marquis de Villemer* and *Jean de la Roche* in the first rank of French novelists and of the great post-painters of Europe.

NAVAL.—A correspondent of the New York *Times* furnishes the following list of United States war vessels, now sailing vessels, which have been recommended by the Board of Examiners as suitable for conversion into steam frigates:

Alabama, Franklin, Pennsylvania, Columbus, Delaware, New York, North Carolina, Vermont, Ohio, Virginia, and, probably, New Orleans—or every line-of-battle ship in the service. You will observe that no frigate or corvette has passed muster. The cause of this is, that they have not beam enough, and are, to use a maritime phrase, "too dead" to undergo the operations incident to conversion. If Congress approve of commencing the proposed change early in the coming year, look out for lively times at the navy yards, particularly at those of Norfolk and Boston.

PARRICIDE IN FRANCE.—A dreadful murder was committed a short time since at Senailly, near Dijon, by a young woman named Lecis Mignlot, on the person of her father. It appears from the confession of the murderess, who is twenty years of age, that she and her father had quarreled on the previous night, respecting her projected marriage with a man of whom her father altogether disapproved. Irritated by this opposition to her wishes, she came to the desperate resolution of murdering her father, and accordingly, having waited till he was in bed and fast asleep, she took a chopper and struck him repeatedly on the head; then, suddenly relenting, she drew her victim out of bed to the top of the stairs, near an open window, but finding no signs of life, she removed the body back again to the bed and screamed for help. When the neighbors came, she acknowledged her guilt, and was taken into custody. On the following day she contrived to elude the vigilance of the gendarme who had her in charge, and threw herself into a well. She was, however, got out almost unhurt, and afterwards lodged in the prison of Semur.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Rumsey and Newcomb Troupe.—The popularity of these admirable artists is continuous and undoubted. The crowds that go nightly to please the car with good music, the eye with dancing, and the love of fun with wit and burlesque, leave after performance in good humor with themselves and mankind in general. Fun is the elixir of youth, after all, for it relieves and enlivens the mind, while laughter is the great lever of the physique, and a good-natured, laughing man is always [illegible] in his smiles, no matter how silvery may be his locks. By the way, we observe that John Dulay, the well-known burnt-cork comedian, makes his first appearance this evening at the Academy of Music as "Brudder Bones," and in Negro Assurance. Newcomb is to give his inimitable and laughter-provoking representation of the gawky boy, Johnny Dobbs, and other attractions are on hand, as usual.

The Campbells at the St. Charles.—One cannot fail to observe, by noting the faces seen nightly at the St. Charles Theatre, that those who go once to see the Campbell Minstrels are apt to go pretty often. The constant change of the programme here enables them to be always bringing out some new feature, and giving an additional interest to the performance. There is one thing evident at this place, that the management understand very thoroughly the difficult art of catering to the public taste. Strangers visiting our city should not lose the only opportunity they may ever have of seeing Eph. Horn, the great Ethiopian delineator, who has starred it for years with such great success as to build up a reputation beyond that of the celebrated E. P. Christy.

An Expected Distinguished Arrival.—While the Prince of Wales is crossing such a furbish at the North, we shall have in our city by the next steamer from New York a real live prince, not of a civilized [illegible] of a wild race native to Africa; not one [illegible] by enlightened public functionaries by his neatly [illegible] compliments, and susceptible young ladies by his [illegible] dancing, but one who has roamed through his native forests defiantly as a tyrant, and who has been a mortal terror to those who fell within the range of his rage. After visiting London, via Egypt, he crossed the Atlantic; but without having his name heralded in the city of New York, where he found Albert Edward engrossing public attention, he took the first steamer for New Orleans. His real name is Hipp Op-ot-amus, and he scorns dropping his princely title for a Bowery thing. He will be the guest of Messrs. Spalding & Rogers during his stay here.

The Robberies at Mioton's Store—Examination of Vincent Girod.—Recorder Blache yesterday examined the case of Vincent Girod, the dishonest storehouseman of E. F. Mioton & Co's. large crockery store, at the corner of Conti and Chartres streets, who stole enough goods from his employers to start himself in business in Texas with a fine stock, as he intended doing. The testimony of Mr. E. F. Mioton and that of his confidential clerk, Charles Lagrimo, who detected Girod, was amply sufficient to warrant the Recorder in committing Girod for trial before the First District Court. This evidence was as follows:

E. F. Mioton, sworn—Vincent Girod has been in my employ for the last two years. On the 27th of September last, while one of my clerks was watching Girod from within a box, I was waiting in Exchange Alley, and saw Girod pass me on his way to dinner, at half-past three o'clock, from Chartres to Royal street. One of the clerks, Mr. Hebert, ran to me from the store and told me that the man was discovered. I went after Girod immediately, and caught him in front of Peychaud's drug store, on Royal street. I charged him with being a thief, and on our way back to the store he promised to tell me all about it. In the store he told me that he was the only guilty party, and when I asked him the names of those who had received goods from him, he refused to answer. He admitted having taken a great quantity of all sorts of goods, and from all I can judge I think the amount stolen cannot fall short of $5000. For the last four months I have suspected some of my employés from robbing such extensive disappearances. While he was in prison, but without threats or promises, he admitted having disposed of goods at certain places. He told me there were some in a crockery store at the corner of St. Louis and Burgundy streets, in another grocery corner of Barracks and Chartres, in a house on Rampart street, between Orleans and St. Peter, at the corner of Customhouse and Marais, at the corner of Elysian Fields and Morales, in a coffee-house at the corner of Toulouse and Bourbon, in a room on Bourbon, between St. Philip and Dumaine, on Royal street, between Toulouse and St. Peter, on Bourbon, between Toulouse and St. Peter, at the corner of Toulouse and Bourbon, at a pawnbroker's, and some at a house in a corner on St. Louis street, between Burgundy and Dauphine. In giving this information he gave me not only the places but the names of the parties. I went to some places, and identified my goods. I found my property in all the places designated, except at two of the crockery stores, one on Royal, between Toulouse and St. Peter, and the other on Bourbon, between the same streets. I found my private marks on most of these goods. My clerks have sold goods to some of the above places, but not the kind of goods identified by me as having been stolen. The goods I found in Girod's room were worth $400. I never sold them to him. He confessed having stolen them.

Charles Lagrimo, clerk at E. F. Mioton & Co.'s, sworn—When it came to my knowledge that a series of robberies were suspected to have been committed in the store, I told Mioton and Mahon that I would undertake to catch the thief. For that purpose I concealed myself in a box in the loft or garret of the store. On the afternoon of the 27th of last September, while ensconced in my box, I saw Girod come up, with a box full of fruit [illegible] and cut glassware. He left the box in the garret at half-past three o'clock to go to dinner. This garret is only used for storing empty boxes, and we were ordered by Girod to mark goods there or bring up goods from there, as Girod did. He confessed in my presence that he had stolen the goods and intended carrying them away. Girod was about two hours altogether in filling up the box, and during all that time I was watching from within the box the goods were worth $4 50 to $5 per dozen. Girod was the chief warehouseman, and he was always sent to the other warehouses. It was after the discovery I made that Girod was arrested and made his confession. I have been in the employ of E. F. Mioton & Co. since the 26th of January last.

Cyprien Dufour, Esq., appeared for the prosecution, and Judge Cotton for the defense.

The Robbery at Gregor's Store.—At half-past seven o'clock yesterday morning special officers Boylan and Beard arrested James Taylor as he came into the Merchants' Hotel. Taylor is the young man who accompanied Bolte in his visit to G. W. Gregor & Co's store Tuesday night. He boarded at the Merchants' Hotel, but did not go there at all during the night. He denies any knowledge of the missing watch, but is supposed of having disposed of it in some way, though he had but twenty-five cents on him when arrested. Bolte pleads that he was drunk all day Tuesday, and that he cannot remember any of his acts, but he did a pretty cheap trick for a drunken man. They were both imprisoned in default of giving $500 bail.

Fire.—At six o'clock last evening a two-story frame dwelling building at the corner of Camp and Josephine streets, was set on fire, and destroyed, together with a double frame house belonging to James C. Aldrich, slater. The former building, worth $1600, belonged to Wm. Davis, Jr., a sugar-broker, and was not insured. The other property was worth $2500, and was insured for $1500.

The Killing of Wm. Dailey—Coroner's Investigation and Verdict of Manslaughter Against Frank Garretty.—Coroner Beach held the inquest in this case yesterday, and after a careful consideration of the evidence, the jury rendered a verdict of manslaughter against Frank Garretty, although there is little doubt but that he will be finally acquitted by a jury, unless further and better evidence is brought against him.

The Shooting of Denny Murphy.—John Price was remanded yesterday by Recorder Emerson to await the result of Murphy's wound. Thomas Dunham had to pay a fine of twenty dollars for his share of the obstreperous conduct on the streets. We have no particulars of interest to add to the full account we published yesterday, unless through a spirit of justice we give the conversation of his friends who were with him, that he carried no weapon upon him Tuesday evening, his only one, a pistol, having been taken away from him by a friend during the day. The Chief was probably mistaken in thinking he had a knife.

Further Incendiarism.—The alarm of fire at five o'clock yesterday was caused by the discovery of an incendiary attempt in the Salt Warehouse at the foot of St. Mary street, which was discovered in time to be averted. In a tin pan, near the wall, was found a ball of yarn saturated with either camphene or turpentine, over which was a carefully arranged pile of shavings, splintered cigar boxes and pine knots, all in a blaze, while the roof had been fired in another place. No clue was obtained to the perpetrator of this diabolical act.

A Confidence Man.—A man of good appearance and address, fashionably attired, and with all the accessories a portly frame so naturally gives, passed off a forged check drawn upon a firm in Wheeling, Va., on the clerk of the steamer City of Memphis on her last down trip in payment for his passage, and his fellow borrowed money, which he lost playing cards. When the boat got in last Saturday he obtained the trunks of another passenger by sending a forged order for them, and has succeeded in eluding the police thus far, as it is supposed he took rails not to remain here very long.

Stabbed by an Unknown Man.—Dominick Cummins was stabbed, but not dangerously, in the hip and shoulder, by a man he does not know, with whom he got into a fight, at the corner of Delord and Magazine streets, about one o'clock yesterday morning.

Recorder Blache's Court.—The case of the two fighting butchers of the Second District Beef Market came up for arbitration on the charge made by Paul Deverde against Pierre Berges, of assault and battery. It being made apparent that the charge was frivolous one, the prosecutor was fined $5.

John Clark was held to answer the charge of assaulting an assault and battery upon Child [illegible], in the room of the latter, on Old Levee street, between Barracks and Hospital.

Rose Dunbar gave $250 bail to answer the charge of going to Jean Dunbar's butcher-stand, No. 9 Beef Market, and abusing him unwarrantably.

SALE ON ACCOUNT OF LIQUIDATION.—*Stock of Mr. A. Paye.*—We call the attention of buyers to the sale of the stock of books, pamphlets, engravings, gold pens, French gold jewelry, &c., to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Mr. A. Paye's store, No. 20 Chartres street, through G. Lemmont, Blache & Co., auctioneers. Terms cash.

CREDIT SALE—BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS AND CARPETINGS.—The particular attention of buyers is called to the large credit sale of boots, shoes, brogans and carpetings to take place this day, at 10 o'clock, at the salerooms of E. Roger & Co., Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street. Terms, over $200, 90 days' credit.

Buyers of Havana cigars will find it to their interest to attend the auction sale this day, at 11 o'clock, at the store of the importer, Jos. M. Loborde, No. 11 Gravier street, corner of Tchoupitoulas.

CP DURING THE SUMMER that has just passed away, thousands of sufferers from dysentery and diarrhea have been relieved by the use of Hostetter's Bitters, a medicine which is everywhere acknowledged to be an excellent preparation for such complaints. Bilious diarrhea is one of those diseases which baffle the skill of the physician. The medicine they administer to act upon the bowels never seems to reach the source of the evil. The difficulty is to get a remedy that will reach all the digestive organs, and give them simultaneously a rush of vigor to rid themselves of this disease. This problem is solved by the Bitters, which never fails to conquer the worst cases. It is only fair to say that, during the season just closed, this medicine has achieved more cures than any other ever presented to the public, and during the fall, when that terrible scourge, the Fever and Ague, is so prevalent, the Bitters will gain fresh fame.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally everywhere.

Wet Nurse Wanted.
A WET NURSE, without child, speaking French and well recommended, will obtain a good situation by applying immediately at No. 11 Bourbon street, between Canal and Customhouse streets. oct25 3t

FRENCH VINEGAR—Received per John Carver, from Bordeaux—20 barrels French White Wine Vinegar, in store and for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts.

FRENCH MUSTARD—Received per ship John Carver, from Bordeaux—20 cases (of 2 dozen each) French Mustard, for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts. oct25

FRUITS IN JUICE—Received per ship John Carver, from Bordeaux—30 cases Lafargue's assorted Fruits, in do. do. Strawberries, 20 do. Peaches & Pineapples, and Canned's do. do. for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts.

SPANISH OLIVES—In store, just received, 40 cases Spanish Olives, for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts. oct25

SPICES, SALMON—Just received, 5 cases (of 2 dozen) superior Spiced Salmon, for sale by DUNTZE & CO., corner Royal and Conti sts. oct25

WALL PAPER.
ON hand, a splendid assortment of FRENCH and AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS, of every description, and of the latest importation. For sale on reasonable terms by FRANK NEWHALL, 69 Canal street, corner Old Levee, up stairs.
P. S.—Competent workmen sent to any part of the city or country. oct24 3m

To Rent.
A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE situated at the corner of Third and Magazine streets. Apply to A. DUCATEL, Notary Public, No. 46 Toulouse st. oct24 1w

To Rent,
FROM 1st November, the large Brick Building and Yard on Customhouse street, between Levee and Clouet streets, Third District, well adapted for a Cotton Factory, Oil or Soap Manufactory, &c. Rent moderate. Apply to J. DE LIZARDI & CO., 21 Bienville st. oct24 3t

D. H. Spotts's Celebrated Tuscaloosa Whisky.
WE have continually on hand a large stock of this favorite brand, to which we offer for sale to the trade and consumers at the most reasonable prices. QUETROUZE & LANDSDORFF, Nos. 9 and 11 Bienville st.

LAMENTEY PRESERVES—100 cases, 50 half boxes each; 100 quarter do. 100 cases of 15 each, fruits, 10 cases fruit, 40 quarter boxes black truffles; 10 cases, [illegible] truffles; 10 cases tomato, [illegible] sardines in oil. For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. oct24

CHAMP—GREEN PEAS—100 cases Holland cheese; 100 do. 50 half boxes each, green do. peas; 10 hogsheads Gruyere cheese. Landing ex ship Nuremberg, from Havre, and for sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. oct24

BOTTLES—CURACAO JUGS—MARASCHINO BOTTLES—100 hampers empty wine bottles; 50 cases curacao jugs; 50 do. maraschino bottles. For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. oct24

ALMONDS—WALNUTS—FILBERTS—100 bales soft shell almonds; 100 do. English walnuts; 100 do. Sicilian filberts. For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. oct24

CITRON—PRUNES—PEANUTS—[illegible] cases, 100 boxes each, citron; 100 drums prunes; 100 do. peanuts. For sale by LANATA BROS., 9 and 11 Jefferson st. oct24

MACKEREL—200 packages mackerel, in barrels, half and quarter do., and kits. For sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. oct24

SPICE—35 bales cloves; 200 do. black pepper; 100 do. allspice; 25 do. cassia. Just received and for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. oct24

REFINED SUGAR—200 barrels Lovering's crushed sugar; 300 do. Lovering's pulverized do.; 100 half boxes Lovering's loaf do.—in store and to arrive. For sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. oct24

WINCHESTER SOAP—300 boxes Winchester soap. Just received and for sale by E. J. HART & CO., 77 and 79 Tchoupitoulas st. oct24

J. S. KNAPP, D. D. S., Is ready to receive his patients at No. 13 Baronne street, near Canal street. oct25 7t

DENTISTRY'S REMOVAL.
CASADAVANT, SURGEON DENTIST, 134 Canal street, over the Union Bank (NEAR THE CLAY STATUE.)
In order to accommodate his numerous clients, he has removed to a more commodious house and central situation. His reputation and success being so well known in Louisiana, for several years, he needs no other recommendation. Consultations in French, Spanish and English. oct11

Drs FORMENTO (Father and Son) HAVE removed to their former residence, on Bienville street, No. 189, between Dauphine and Burgundy. Office hours, from 1 to 3 P. M. oct6 1m

IN STORE—40 casks Pauillac Medoc claret; 100 do. Chateau St. Estephe; 50 do family claret, 1856; 50 do. superior St. Lambert; 40 half casks Cantenac Medoc; 20 do. Vertheuil Medoc; 20 do. Haut Sauterne white wine; 11 casks do do; 20 do. Canta claret; 20 do. Cotes de Bourg; 300 boxes Chateau St. Julien; 200 do St. Estephe Medoc; 250 do. Pauillac Medoc; 300 do. Cantenac Medoc; 100 do. Castac Medoc; 100 do. Chateau Latour; 50 do. Chateau Larose; 200 boxes Haut Sauterne white wine; 100 do. Chateau Lafitte; 50 do. Margaux; 100 do. Chateau Leoville; 100 do. Mascat wine, Jour dan Grive Ste. cloak; 100 do vermouth, Nolly, Prat & Co.; 100 baskets Jas. Plagniol oil, 22 ounces; 25 do do do, 11 ounces; 20 boxes assorted liqueurs, Chanrel & C.; 10 do do, Marie Brizard & Roger; 20 do oil; 10 do do do vanille; 10 do rum punch; 10 cases, 25 baskets each, absinthe, Chauvet fils, 4 do do do, Marie Brizard & Roger; 100 hampers empty bottles. For sale by N. LAMBERT, 52 (late 82) Magazine st. oct20

HAVANA CIGARS—101,100 Havana cigars just landing from brig Venus, comprising an assortment of Londres, Regalias, Panetelas, Regalia Britanica and Prensado, of the celebrated brands El Globo, Bitica and Gutierrez; for sale by CABALLERO & BASUALDO, 48 Old Levee st., bet. Customhouse and Bienville sts. oct18

LANDING ex ship John Carver, from Bordeaux—20 quarter pipes Brandy, Fils, Godard & Co.; 5 quarter and five-eighths do., A. Lavenage & Co.; 5 quarter and 10 eighths do. A. Delamain & Co.; 10 casks Claret, B. Rechard, St. Julien; 20 do. do. Chateau Latour; 50 do. do. Medoc, No. 1; 25 do. do. No. 2; 20 do. Pauillac; 20 boxes Claret, St. Julien; 300 do. White Wine, Haut Sauterne, for sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO., 25 & 19 St. Louis st. oct15

LANDING ex ship John Carver, from Bordeaux—20 casks Ch. Malvezin claret; 50 do St. Julien Medoc; 50 do. do. Bareillier; 50 do. Chateau; 25 do. do. Nouvelle; Medoc, Lavedelle & Fils; 25 do. Chateau Medoc; 20 do. Grand St. Lambert, do.; 20 do. Chateau Lafitte; 20 do old St. Julien; 6 do Sauterne white wine; 150 boxes Brandy fruits; 25 do. Chateau Margaux; 20 do brandy prunes. For sale by J. R. CURIEN, No. 33 Poydras st. oct15

CHATEAU SIGOGNAC—100 cases in quarts and pints, Pepestop & crew, for sale by V. D. CERTIAA & CO., 38 Customhouse st. oct15

LANDING ex ship John Carver, from Bordeaux; 150 boxes assorted Brandy Fruits, Lafargue; 25 boxes Brandy Peaches, 25 do. Brandy Prunes; 25 do. Apricots, Lafargue; 25 boxes assorted Fruits, in Juice, Lafargue; 25 boxes Sardines; 20 boxes Vinegar; Medoc Wine, 25 do. Moutier's Mushrooms; 25 boxes Chanrel, Lafargue; 50 boxes Lafargue's Sardines; 20 baskets empty Bordeaux Bottles. For sale by HENRY VAIRINN & CO., 27, 29 and 31 Bienville st. oct15

CLARET AND WHITE WINE IN BOXES—25 boxes Claret Wine, St. Julien Medoc; 100 boxes White Wine, Haut Sauterne, landing ex ship Royal Carver, from Bordeaux, and for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, 21 and 23 Gravier st.

CLARET—[illegible] St. Julien claret, good ordinary, landing ex ship [illegible] Carver, from Bordeaux, and for sale by FREAU & COUTURIE, 21 and 23 Gravier st.

PONTCHARTRAIN RAILROAD.
[illegible]
WINTER ARRANGEMENT—Commencing Thursday, October 25th, 1860. Fare to and from the Lake (same day) only 25 cents. Buy tickets at the office, under the Depot.

FROM THE CITY.		FROM THE LAKE.	
4½ A. M.	Horse Car.	5 A. M.	Steam Train.
6 "	Steam Train.	6 "	"
7½ "	"	8 "	"
9 "	"	9½ "	"
10½ "	"	11½ "	"
12 M.	"	1 P. M.	"
1 P. M.	"	3 "	"
3½ "	Mail.	4 "	"
4½ "	"	5½ "	"
5½ "	"	6 "	"
6½ "	"	7 "	"
7½ "	"	8 "	Horse Car.

Extra or special trips, when required at night, by notifying the Conductor. Fare 50 cents per trip.
The Steam Trains will stop at Gentilly Station when notified, except, however, on mail trips. Fare 15 cents each way. Conductor must be notified before the train starts.
Omnibuses leave Canal street every five minutes for the Depot. oct25 G. BARBELY, Superintendent.

Notice.
CP Mr. E. G. GOTTSCHALK is a candidate for the Legislature from the Fifth Representative District Election, MONDAY, 29th inst. oct20 1d

DEMOCRATS,
Rally! Rally!! Rally!!!
A MASS MEETING of all voters favoring the election of DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON will be held in Carrollton on SATURDAY, October 27th, at 7 o'clock, P. M.
The Clubs of the parish of Orleans are respectfully invited to attend. A boat will leave the foot of Jackson street at 6½ o'clock, precisely, stop at Jefferson City, and will bring the visitors back free of charge.
Hon. Pierre Soulé and other distinguished speakers will address the meeting.
By order of the Club. ARTHUR WIRE, Secretary. oct25

Constitution Club.
"OUR NAME WE WILL SUSTAIN."
A SPECIAL meeting of this Club will be held THIS EVENING, (Thursday) 25th October, at 7 o'clock, at their Hall corner of ST. LOUIS STREET and EXCHANGE ALLEY.
Members will please be punctual, as the Club will leave the Hall at 7½ o'clock, precisely.
By order of the President, G. DUPLANTIER.
B. C. CORSA, Secretary. oct25 1t

Notice, Notice, Notice!
A MEETING of the MOUNTED SQUATTER SOVEREIGNS will be held on THURSDAY, October 25th, 1860, at 7½ o'clock, P. M., above the Gem, on Royal street. The members are expected to be punctual, as matters of very great importance will be transacted.
By order of R. DAVENPORT, President.
Jos. P. DEVROS, Secretary. oct25 1t

J. D. DAMERON & CO,
134..........CANAL STREET..........134
Offer to the public a choice assortment of all new styles of
VELVET, WILTON and BRUSSELS CARPETING, IMPERIAL 3-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETING, together with RUGS, BAIZES, DOOR-MATS, &c.
FLOOR OIL-CLOTH, 3 to 24 feet wide, of the best and medium qualities.
CURTAIN MATERIAL—Brocatelle, Silk, Wool and Worsted, Damask, Fringes, Gimps, Cords, Tassels, &c.; all qualities of Embroidered Lace and Muslin Curtains, from $3 to $75 per pair
WINDOW SHADES—We have the largest stock to be found to select from, of all sizes and newest patterns.
CP No establishment in the country can offer a better assortment of Carpeting and Curtain Material than we now have open for the inspection of housekeepers. oct24

U. LAROUSSINI & CO,
127..........CANAL STREET..........127
Respectfully call the attention of country and city buyers to their large and varied stock of seasonable goods, which have been selected in the North and in Europe, under the careful supervision of one of the firm, and which they now offer to their customers and the public generally at
EXTREMELY MODERATE PRICES.

Dress Goods.
IRISH POPLINS—at 50c. per yard
" " at 75c.
Printed DE LAINES—from 15c to $1 per yard.
Scotch Plaids—at 50c.
And a complete assortment of other goods, too numerous to mention.

Embroideries.
Valenciennes, Application, Brussels, Muslin and Jaconet COLLARS.
Valenciennes, Application, Brussels, Muslin and Jaconet SETS.
Infants' BODIES.
Infants' ROBES.
Embroidered MUSLIN ROBES, Flounced.
MARRIAGE VEILS
And a complete assortment of EMBROIDERIES.

The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies to their large assortment of
White and Black Goods,
being one of the largest ever offered in the New Orleans market, and comprising in part the following articles:

White Goods.
Swiss Muslins, Jaconets, Plain, Striped and Plaid; Tarletans, White and Colored; Bishop and Victoria Lawns, Dimities, Nainsooks, Mulls, Book Muslins, White and Colored Piques, &c.

Black Goods.
Black Cashmeres, Black Barege, " Tamises, " Grenadines, " Bombazines, " De Laines, " Bombazettes, " Alpacas, Black Serpeurs, &c., &c.

Cloaks, Shawls, etc.
The undersigned offer one of the largest and most varied assortments of the above goods ever imported, and at extremely low prices, viz.:
Black Silk BOURNOUS for Ladies and Children.
Black and Colored Cloth CLOAKS for Ladies and Children.
Black Velvet CLOAKS and MANTILLAS.
Infants' and Children's Pique CLOAKS and TALMAS.
Woolen SHAWLS—a great variety of the latest styles and patterns.

House-Furnishing Goods.
French and English BED BLANKETS—all sizes and qualities.
French and English CRIB BLANKETS—all sizes and qualities.
White and Colored Marseilles COUNTERPANES—all sizes and qualities.
Linen Sheetings, Pillow-Case Linens, Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Linen and Damask Napkins, Linen, Huck and Diaper Towels, White and Colored D'Oyleys, Linen and Damask Cloths, Muslin and Lace Curtains, Curtain Damasks, Jacquard and Damask Muslins, Linen and Bobbinet Nettings, Table and Piano Covers, etc.
HOSIERY, GLOVES, SHIRTS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VELVETS, etc., etc.
A large assortment of
Plantation Goods.
—Such as—
Linseys, Jeans, Blankets, Lowells, Osnaburgs, Stripes, Checks, etc., etc., etc.
A call is requested before purchasing elsewhere.
U. LAROUSSINI & CO., No. 127 Canal street, Touro Buildings. oct23 6t

Situation Wanted.
BY an experienced man, in a store or warehouse, in any capacity. Writes a good hand, and is competent with business in general. Address A. J. B., Bee Office. oct23 3t

Wet Nurse to Hire.
THE girl TITINE, fully guaranteed. Apply at the shoe store corner Royal and Dumaine streets. oct23

For Rent.
A TWO-STORY Brick Dwelling-House on Thalia street, between Prytania and Magazine streets. Possession given on the first of November. For terms apply to X. LAMBERT, No. 82 (late 62) Magazine st. oct20

HAVANA CIGARS—50,000 Londres, Know Nothing, landing ex steamship Cahawba, from Havana, for sale by ALVAREZ, FERNANDEZ & CO., 52 Old Levee. oct20

IN STORE—20 bales regular cork, half dozen 10 do do. No. 7, Ross; 20 do painted do. half dozen 100 boxes absynth, Ed. Pernod; 20 do kirsch, Sauvajot & Bresson and Ed. Pernod; 3 quarter pipes Lyons cassis; 5 pipes Holland gin, Swan; 10 quarter casks Madeira wine; [illegible]. St. Croix rum; 30 barrels Louisiana rum; 100 do Monongahela and Bourbon whisky; 100 do brandy and gin, 40 quarter pipes imitation brandy. For sale by X. LAMBERT, No. 82 (old No. 62) Magazine street. oct20

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS—An extensive assortment of Canada, French and Northern Boots, Shoes and Brogans, manufactured expressly for the Southern market, for sale by BLANCAND & GUITEY, corner Royal and Dumaine sts. oct20

WHITE SATIN SHOES—Received by late arrivals from Europe, 2000 pairs, with or without heels, for sale, wholesale and retail, by BLANCAND & GUITEY, corner Dumaine and Royal streets. oct20

RUBBER SHOES—[illegible] gum, for sale on favorable terms by BLANCAND & GUITEY, corner Royal and Dumaine sts. oct20

WOODEN SHOES—[illegible], received by late arrivals from Europe, for sale by BLANCAND & GUITEY, corner Royal and Dumaine sts.

EMPORIUM OF LIGHT,
6..........Chartres Street, near Canal..........6
THE BEST (colorless and inodorous) COAL OIL ever imported, producing (without the slightest odor, smoke, or danger,) the most BRILLIANT, MELLOW and ECONOMICAL LIGHT in the world.
At $1 25 per Gallon.
Also, the largest, most elegant and complete assortment of KEROSINE and COAL OIL LAMPS in the South. Together with SUGAR-HOUSE and PLANTATION LANTERNS, (unequaled for the purpose) and Gas Fixtures. For sale, wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, at No. 6 Chartres street. H. C. COVERT, Successor to Artemon Hill. oct20 1m

NEW
Stationery Establishment,
76..........CAMP STREET..........76
T. FITZWILLIAM,
STATIONER, PRINTER
—AND—
Account Book Manufacturer!
I respectfully invite the attention of my Friends and the Mercantile community generally to the new and complete Stock of STATIONERY AND BLANK BOOKS which I have just opened.
My Blank Books
Have all been made to order from first-class American and English Paper, expressly for the New Orleans city trade, each full bound book being stamped with my name.
Cotton Sampling Paper,
Also made expressly for New Orleans, of the best material. It is extra heavy, and the very best color for the purpose.
Writing Papers,
All kinds and qualities—from the heaviest English Kent made to the highest French and American. Wove and Laid—Ruled and Plain—Blue and White.
Copying Presses,
All Qualities, and at prices varying from $7 50 to $75 00.
Copying Letter Books,
All Qualities and Styles of Binding, and at prices to suit.
Copying and Fluid Inks,
Arnold's, Maynard and Noyes's, and a variety of new and improved qualities.
Foley's Celebrated Gold Pens.
These Pens are unequaled for elasticity and fineness, and are used in counting-houses in New York to the exclusion of all others. Every Pen warranted to give satisfaction.
Fairchild's Gold Pens.
Too well known to require recommendation.
Steel Pens.
All Qualities and Prices—Gillott's and Perry's—warranted Genuine.
BANKERS' NOTE CASES
TIN CASH and DEED BOXES.
FANCY WRITING-DESKS and PORTFOLIOS.
FANCY and PLAIN INKSTANDS
And all articles used in Counting-Houses, Banks, Insurance Companies, &c.
Diaries for 1861.
Particular attention given to orders for all styles of PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING, CHECKS, NOTES, DRAFTS, ACCOUNT SALES, BILLS OF EXCHANGE, BILL HEADS, NOTE and LETTER HEADINGS, &c.
Shall always be on hand to attend to the wants of my customers, and no pains shall be spared to give satisfaction.
T. FITZWILLIAM, Stationer, Printer and Account Book Manufacturer. oct23 2t1p 76 Camp street.

A Card to the Public.
SEWING MACHINE FACTS!
Mr. ZECK, Agent for Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, having, in an advertisement in the Picayune, stated that the publication of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company that they took the Premium of the State Fair of Tennessee OVER the Wheeler & Wilson Machine "is entirely erroneous, and without any foundation in truth," we would now call the particular attention of the public to the following report of the Committee, from which it will be seen that the
GROVER & BAKER
DID TAKE THE PREMIUM
Over the Wheeler & Wilson
COMPLICATED LEATHER PAD SEWING MACHINES.
REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE
UPON
FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
Appointed by the Tennessee State Fair, 1860.
NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept 15, 1860.
The Committee appointed by the State Bureau of the Seventh Annual State Fair of Tennessee to examine and mark award for the best Family Sewing Machine, find on exhibition the following named Machines in competition, viz. The I. M. Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, A. B. Howe, and the Grover & Baker.
The first three named, although differing in construction and capacity, still, so far as the stitch is concerned, all embrace the same point, making what is called and known as the SHUTTLE STITCH, each using a shuttle, or shuttle and bobbin, on to which all the lower thread, or thread used underneath, is required to be respooled. The Shuttle Machine may be used upon some classes of family sewing with a degree of satisfaction; but we conceive from their construction, operation and stitch, their principal adaptation is to the purposes of manufacturers.
The points we conceive most necessary and important to meet the wide range of requirements in a machine for family sewing, we find more fully combined in the GROVER & BAKER, viz.: EXTENT OF CAPACITY, SIMPLICITY OF CONSTRUCTION, EASE OF MANAGEMENT, ADVANTAGE OF USING THREAD FROM TWO SPOOLS WITHOUT REWINDING, STRENGTH OF WORK, ELASTICITY, DURABILITY AND REGULARITY OF STITCH, AND QUIETNESS OF MOVEMENT. We, therefore, mark award to
THE GROVER & BAKER.
JOHN HERIGES, Chairman.
J. W. HORTON,
J. W. WILSON,
C. H. WHITE,
JAMES A. WOODS,
Committee.
I hereby certify that the above is a true copy of the original decision and award of the Committee upon Family Sewing Machines appointed by the Tennessee State Fair for 1860.
L. P. WILLIAMS,
Secretary Tennessee State Agricultural Bureau. oct23 1f

Arabian Bitters.
THESE BITTERS, the excellent effects of which have been duly appreciated by the public, and which are one of the cordials most in demand in coffee-houses, are for sale at the following named places:
General Depot—F. SANCHO'S, 229 Old Levee, between St. Philip and Dumaine streets.
Also—At W. RAYMOND'S, 71 Camp street; at A. CALONGNE'S, corner Royal and Dumaine streets; and at J. J. LLAMBIAS'S, corner Spain and Casacalvo streets.
Used with water and sugared, the Arabian Bitters make a very pleasant and cool beverage. oct23 3m

Arrival of Negroes for Sale.
I HAVE just arrived with ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY NEGROES from Virginia and Maryland, such as mechanics, house servants, cooks, washers and ironers, and field hands. I will also receive during the season (every fifteen days) large supplies, exclusively from those States. I am determined to sell at prices to suit the times, for cash or approved city acceptances. They can be seen at my yard, corner of Baronne and Gravier streets, New Orleans. [oct23 6m] J. M. WILSON.

CONTENTS OF THE
Store No. 3 St. Ann street,
Pontalba Buildings, opposite Jackson Square,
FOR SALE ON ACCOUNT OF ILL-HEALTH.
THE stock comprises Perfumery, Hosiery, Cutlery, Children's Toys and Fancy Articles. Prices very low. The public are invited to make their choice at an early period, inasmuch as the above articles will soon be disposed of at auction. The Fixtures consist in Glass Presses and 110 feet of Shelves with Glass Doors. Possession will be given immediately. Apply on the premises.

FURNITURE.
86 & 88....BIENVILLE ST....86 & 88
MR. DEBRUILLE
HAS always in store a large stock of FINE FURNITURE OF EVERY PATTERN, also of second-hand Furniture which he offers at THE MOST REDUCED RATES. Let the public come and examine his store. Mr. DEBRUILLE repairs at the lowest prices every kind of Furniture. oct23 1m

TO THE LADIES.
Dress, Mantilla and Children's Clothing Store.
MRS. TOURNEBY, having just received the latest PARISIAN NOUVEAUTES, begs leave to inform her city and country customers that she has removed to Customhouse street, No. 128, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets, where she has opened her establishment for the season.
Every order in her line promptly and satisfactorily attended to as heretofore. oct22 1m

TO SHOEMAKERS.
GOODYEAR'S
CONGRESS ELASTIC
Has arrived again at LEON PIERRE & CO'S, Leather Store, 71 Chartres st. oct23 3m

To Let.
TWO splendid Offices, on the second floor, No. 71 Carondelet street. Apply at the house. oct22 2d

Colza Oil.
RECEIVED per ships Bamberg and Johannisberg, 50 barrels Colza Oil. For sale wholesale and by LION & ANDRIEU, Corner Royal and Bienville streets.

Notice.
MR. PIERRE SALET hereby informs the public [illegible].

NATIONAL UNION TICKET.
FOR PRESIDENT
JOHN BELL, of Tennessee.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
EDWARD EVERETT, of Massachusetts.
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS FOR LOUISIANA
First Electoral District.
RIVIERE GARDERE, of St. Bernard, Elector.
G. DeFERRIET, of Orleans, Alternate.
Second Electoral District.
Hon. RANDELL HUNT, of New Orleans,
JULES LAVERGNE, of New Orleans, Alternate.
Third Electoral District.
CHRISTIAN ROSELIUS, of Jefferson, Elector.
DUNCAN S. CAGE, of Terrebonne, Alternate.
Fourth Electoral District.
J. O. FUQUA, of East Feliciana, Elector.
H. M. FAVROT, of West Baton Rouge, Alternate.
Fifth Electoral District.
THOMAS H. LEWIS, of Opelousas, Elector.
VALSIN FOURNET, of St. Martin, Alternate.
Sixth Electoral District.
JOHN RAY, of Ouachita, Elector.
HENRY L. HODGE, of Caddo, Alternate.
Each voter at the Polls casts his vote for SIX ELECTORS, each one of which must reside in a separate District. oct14 to

NATIONAL DEMOCRACY.
ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, New Orleans, La.
FOR PRESIDENT
STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS, of Illinois.
FOR VICE-PRESIDENT
HERSCHEL V. JOHNSON, of Georgia.
Presidential Electors:
First District—Col. MAUNSEL WHITE, Plaquemines, Elector.
CHS. BIENVENU, St. Bernard, Substitute.
Second District—Hon. PIERRE SOULE, Orleans, Elector.
W. G. MULLEN, Orleans, Substitute.
Third District—Hon. GUSTAVE LEROY, Jefferson, Elector.
DESIRE LEBLANC, Assumption, Substitute.
Fourth District—Hon. J. DUNCAN STUART, East Baton Rouge, Elector.
W. F. KERNAN, East-Feliciana, Substitute.
Fifth District—Hon. JOSHUA BAKER, St. Mary, Elector.
W. W. WHITTINGTON, Rapides, Substitute.
Sixth District—Col. R. D. COLEMAN, Madison, Elector.
J. N. T. RICHARDSON, Morehouse, Substitute.
By authority of the "Democratic State Executive Committee."
G. W. MUNDAY, Chairman.
GEO. A. FOSDICK, Vice-President.
LOUIS DUFAU, Secretary.
August 11th, 1860. oct8 tnov6

For Representative.
CP Please announce ARTHUR ARROYO as a candidate to represent the Fifth Representative District of New Orleans in the State Legislature.
Election 29th October, 1860.
oct22 t29 MANY VOTERS.

Union Guard—Second District.
THIS CLUB meets every FRIDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the ORLEANS Ball Room, on Orleans st., between Royal and Bourbon. All persons favoring the election of John Bell for President and Edward Everett for Vice President, are respectfully invited to attend and join said Club.
By order R. D. HUBBARD, Secretary. oct22 to

HEADQUARTERS
STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE
OF THE
Constitutional Union Party!
AUGUST 8TH 1860.
MASS MEETINGS will be held throughout the city previous to the Presidential election as follows:
Eighth Ward (Algiers) Saturday, 27th October.
First District, Clay Statue, (Canal street) Monday 5th November.
CP Distinguished Speakers will address the several meetings.
CP The various Clubs attached to the Constitutional Union, or Bell and Everett party, are respectfully invited to turn out, and to the public generally, irrespective of party, a cordial invitation is extended.
By order of the Committee.
M. MUSSON, Chairman.
Thos. Curry, Secretary. aug8 tnov

Notice of Election for a Representative of the Fifth Representative District.
PURSUANT to a Writ of Election bearing date the seventeenth (17th) day of October eighteen hundred and sixty (1860), to me directed by his Excellency Thomas O. Moore, Governor of the State of Louisiana, the qualified voters of the Fifth Ward of the city of New Orleans are hereby notified that an Election will be held on MONDAY, the twenty-ninth (29th) day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty (1860) for One Representative to the General Assembly of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of the Honorable James L. Lamothe.
The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct in said Ward from the hours of eight (8) o'clock A. M. to four (4) o'clock P. M. on the said day, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of said Ward, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law.
The Election to be conducted and triplicate returns to be made to the undersigned returning officer according to law.
Sheriff's Office, October 19th, 1860.
oct20 E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.
PURSUANT to a Writ of Election, bearing date the eighth (8th) day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty (1860), to me directed by his Excellency Thomas O. Moore, Governor of the State of Louisiana, the qualified voters of the Fourth Ward of the City of New Orleans are hereby notified that an Election will be held on MONDAY the twenty-ninth (29th) day of October, eighteen hundred and sixty (1860), for One Representative to the General Assembly of this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. Blache.
The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct in said Ward from the hours of eight (8) o'clock A. M., to four (4) o'clock, P. M., on the said day, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of said Ward, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law.
The Election to be conducted and triplicate returns to be made to the undersigned returning officer according to law.
Sheriff's Office, October 15th, 1860.
oct16 E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

Notice of Election.
PURSUANT TO A PROCLAMATION of His Excellency THOMAS O. MOORE, Governor of the State of Louisiana, bearing date 7th September, 1860, the qualified voters of the Parish of Orleans are hereby notified that an Election will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of choosing Six Electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, as follows, to wit:
One Elector from the First Electoral District, composed of the Parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bernard, the Third District of the city of New Orleans and the Faubourg Tremé.
One Elector from the Second Electoral District, composed of the Second District of the city of New Orleans, (with the exception of the Faubourg Tremé) and the First District of the city of New Orleans.
One Elector from the Third Electoral District, composed of the Fourth District of the city of New Orleans, that part of the Parish of Orleans lying on the right bank of the Mississippi, the Parishes of Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James, Ascension, Assumption, Lafourche and Terrebonne.
One Elector from the Fourth Electoral District, composed of the Parishes of St. Tammany, Washington, Livingston, St. Helena, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee, East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge and Iberville.
One Elector from the Fifth Electoral District, composed of the Counties of Attakapas and Opelousas, and the Parishes of Rapides and Avoyelles; and
One Elector from the Sixth Electoral District, composed of the counties of Natchitoches, Ouachita and Concordia, and the Parishes of Catahoula and Franklin.
The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct from the hours of Eight o'clock, A. M., till Four o'clock, P. M., on the said 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of the Parish of Orleans, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law. The Election to be conducted and triplicate returns made to the undersigned returning officer, according to law.
Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, September 29, 1860.
oct1 E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

NOTICE OF ELECTION.
PURSUANT to a Proclamation of His Excellency THOMAS O. MOORE, Governor of the State of Louisiana, bearing date 21st September, 1860, the qualified voters of that portion of the Parish of Orleans east of the Mississippi river are hereby notified that an election will be held on TUESDAY, the 6th day of November, 1860, for one Commissioner of the Board of Public Works for the First District.
The Polls will be opened in each Election Precinct, from the hours of eight o'clock, A. M., till four o'clock, P. M., on the said 6th day of November, 1860, for the purpose of receiving the votes of the qualified voters of that portion of the Parish of Orleans aforesaid, under the superintendence of the Commissioners and Clerks to be appointed by the authorities designated by law; the election to be conducted and triplicate returns made to the undersigned, returning officer, according to law.
Sheriff's Office, Parish of Orleans, Oct. 1, 1860.
oct2 td E. T. PARKER, Sheriff.

N. O. Typographical Union.
THE following are the officers of the N. O. T. U. for the present term of six months:
A. P. BENNETT, President.
EUGENE A. POIN, Vice-President.
T. S. DRAPER, Rec. Sec.
H. J. NEVILLE, F. Sec.
H. L. KELSEY, Treasurer.
HENRY J. DREYFUS, Doorkeeper. oct3 tjan

Notice to State Tax Payers of the Second District.
NOTICE is hereby given to the tax payers of the Second District, city of New Orleans, that the State Assessment Rolls of 1860 are now in my possession. All persons finding themselves aggrieved are requested to call at No. 42 St. Ann street, between Royal and Chartres streets, where the rolls are now exposed for public examination, from 10 o'clock, A. M., until 2 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted) during thirty days, commencing from the 1st day of October.
ANATOLE BLACHE, Recorder of the Second District. oct1 30t

Notice to State Tax Payers.
THE Assessment Rolls of the Seventh, Eighth and Ninth Wards, Third District, will be exposed for examination and correction in the Recorder's office, on Elysian Fields street, near Greatmen street, for thirty days, from and after the 1st of October, 1860, daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M.
WEBSTER LONG, Recorder of the Third District. oct1 30t

Notice to City Tax Payers.
THE Board of Supervisors of Assessment will meet in the City Hall, room 15, at 12 o'clock, M., on MONDAYS, the 1st, 8th, 15th, 22d and 29th of October, 1860, and on the 5th of November following, to review the action of the Board of Assessors, and to receive applications for relief from parties who were absent from the city during the time the assessment rolls were exposed for examination and correction by the Board of Assessors, in August and September of the present year.
The undersigned will be in attendance daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M., at the above room, for thirty days, from and after the 1st day of October, 1860, to exhibit the assessment rolls and to receive such applications for relief as may be made.
JAMES A. WATKINS, Secretary of the Board of Supervisors of Assessment.
New Orleans, September 28, 1860. oct29 30t

Notice to Tax Payers.
THE Assessment Rolls of the First, Second and Third Representative Districts, (First Municipal District) will be exposed for examination and correction at Room No. 18, City Hall, for thirty days, from and after the 1st day of October, 1860, daily, from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 2 o'clock, P. M.
oct1 30t W. EMERSON, Recorder.

Citizens' Mutual Insurance Co.
NEW ORLEANS, October 17, 1860.
THE annual election for Directors of this Company will be held on MONDAY, the 5th November next, at the office, No. 3 Carondelet street, from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.
By order. A. SCHREIBER, Secretary. oct17 td

MECHANICAL STAR BAKERY,
THALIA STREET,
Depot—No. 3 Tchoupitoulas street.
N. F. RIGH..........Proprietor.
[illegible]

Mayors of the Great Cities.
Les Maires des Grandes Villes.
WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, MAYORS, hereby certify that the Druggists, Physicians, and Apothecaries of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that the Remedies of Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., of Lowell, (AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, PILLS, AGUE CURE and CHERRY PECTORAL) have been found to be medicines of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.
NOUS, LES SOUSSIGNÉS, MAIRES, certifions par les présentes que les Pharmaciens, Médecins et Apothicaires de nos différentes villes, ont signé un document par lequel ils certifient que les remèdes du Dr. J. C. AYER & CO. de Lowell, (SALSEPAREILLE, PILLULES, REMÈDE CONTRE LE FRISSON et le CHERRY PECTORAL) sont d'une incomparable excellence et dignes de la confiance du public.
HON. GERARD STITH, MAYOR OF NEW ORLEANS.
HON. JAMES COOK, MAYOR OF LOWELL.
HON. ALVIN BEARD, MAYOR OF NASHUA, N. H.
HON. E. W. HARRINGTON, MAYOR OF MANCHESTER, N. H.
HON. JOHN ABBOTT, MAYOR OF CONCORD, N. H.
HON. A. H. BULLOCK, MAYOR OF WORCESTER, MASS.
HON. NATH'L SILSBEE, MAYOR OF SALEM.
HON. F. W. LINCOLN, MAYOR OF BOSTON, MASS.
HON. WM. M. RODMAN, MAYOR OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.
HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE, MAYOR OF NORWICH, CONN.
HON. J. N. HARRIS, MAYOR OF NEW LONDON, CONN.
HON. CHAS. F. RODIER, MAYOR OF MONTREAL, C. E.
HON. D. F. TIEMANN, MAYOR OF NEW YORK CITY.
HON. H. M. KINSTREY, MAYOR OF HAMILTON, C. W.
HON. ADAM WILSON, MAYOR OF TORONTO, C. W.
HON. R. M. BISHOP, MAYOR OF CINCINNATI, O.
HON. I. H. CRAWFORD, MAYOR OF LOUISVILLE, KY.
HON. JOHN SLOAN, MAYOR OF LYONS, IOWA.
HON. JAMES McFEETER, MAYOR OF BO[illegible]VILLE, C. W.
HON. JAMES W. NORTH, MAYOR OF AUGUSTA, ME.
HON. HENRY COOPER, JR., MAYOR OF HALLOWELL, ME.
HON. JAMES S. BEEK, MAYOR OF FREDERICKTON, N. B.
HON. WILLARD NYE, MAYOR OF NEW BEDFORD, MASS.
HON. J. C. BLAISDELL, MAYOR OF FALL RIVER, MASS.
HON. W. H. CRANSTON, MAYOR OF NEWPORT, R. I.
HON. FRED. STAHL, MAYOR OF GALENA, ILL.
HON. JOHN HODGDEN, MAYOR OF DUBUQUE, IOWA.
HON. THOS. CRUTCHFIELD, MAYOR OF CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
HON. ROBERT BLAIR, MAYOR OF DETROIT, MICH.
HON. LAVI DONNELL, MAYOR OF COLUMBUS, MISS.
HON. JOHN C. HAINES, MAYOR OF CHICAGO.
HON. THOS. FRENCH, MAYOR OF BURLINGTON, IOWA.
HON. WILLIAM LEIGHTON, EX-MAYOR OF KEOKUK, IOWA. MAYOR OF TUSCALOOSA, ALA.
HON. R. D. BAUGH, MAYOR OF MEMPHIS, TENN.
HON. HERMAN L. PAGE, MAYOR OF MILWAUKEE, WIS.
HON. W. W. VAUGHN, MAYOR OF RACINE, WIS.
HON. A. FARR, MAYOR OF KENOSHA, WIS.
HON. M. J. A. HEATH, MAYOR OF SELMA, ALA.
HON. A. J. NOBLE, MAYOR OF MONTGOMERY, ALA.
HON. W. S. HOLYBAD, MAYOR OF COLUMBUS, GA.
HON. A. HENRY, MAYOR OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
HON. W. W. SWAN, MAYOR OF BALTIMORE, MD.
HON. R. F. MAURY, MAYOR OF WASHINGTON, D. C.
HON. A. B. BROMLE, MAYOR OF TOLEDO, OHI.
HON. C. H. BUHL,
Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them
Certifient que les pharmaciens résidants leur ont assuré
Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them
Certifient que les pharmaciens résidants leur ont assuré
Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Que la Salsepareille de Ayer
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Que la Salsepareille de Ayer
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.
est un excellent remède et digne de la confiance du public.
is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.
est un excellent remède et digne de la confiance du public.
is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,
FOR SPRING DISEASES,
POUR PURIFIER LE SANG,
FOR SCROFULA OR KINGS EVIL,
POUR LES TUMEURS ET ULCÈRES,
FOR ERUPTIONS AND PIMPLES,
POUR ÉRUPTIONS ET CLOUS,
FOR ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE OR ERYSIPELAS,
POUR LA TEIGNE ET LES DARTRES,
FOR SCALDHEAD AND RINGWORM,
POUR LES CANCERS,
FOR SORE EYES, SORE EARS AND HUMORS,
POUR LES MALADIES DE FEMME,
FOR SUPPRESSION AND IRREGULARITY,
POUR LES MALADIES DE FOIE,
FOR DISEASES OF THE HEART.
The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact of almost all the cities on this Continent, have signed this document, to assure the people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space here will only admit a portion of them.
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,
FOR COUGHS, COLDS AND CONSUMPTION,
POUR TOUX, RHUMES ET CONSOMPTION.
AYER'S PILLS,
FOR ALL PURPOSES OF FAMILY PHYSIC,
POUR MEDECINE DE FAMILLE EN GENERAL.
Ayer's Ague Cure.
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
Lowell, Mass.,
AND SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Notice.
SINCE the first of August last, Messrs. C. W. Mast[illegible] and Charles T. [illegible] have [illegible].
New Orleans, 20th September, 1860.

AMUSEMENTS.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
SPALDING & ROGERS..........Proprietors
C. G. CHEMLEY, Manager. D. S. CALDER, Treasurer.
THURSDAY and FRIDAY, October 25 and 26, 1860—RUMSEY & NEWCOMB'S MINSTRELS—First night of Mr. JOHN DULEY, the popular Ethiopian Comedian, who will appear as "Brudder Bones," and in NEGRO ASSURANCE. First night of LA JOTA ARRAGONESE. THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS—Newcomb as Johnny Dobbs. WHO STRUCK BILLY PATTERSON. The entire troupe in New Acts. CP Saturday noon performance discontinued. ADMISSION 50 cents. Doors open at 6½; Concert rises at 7½ o'clock. Office open from 9 A M to 3 P. M. oct25 P. A. CLARK, Agent.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE.
Mr. BEN DeBAR..........Lessee
Mr. H. CONSI..........Acting Manager
MINSTREL PRICES OF ADMISSION.—Dress Circle and Parquette, 50c.; Second Circle and Gallery, 25c.; Lessee Box Tickets, Negro [illegible].
SECOND Week of the true and original CAMPBELL MINSTRELS, whose performances have been nightly witnessed by crowded and delighted audiences, comprising the musical, [illegible] as well as the beauty and fashion of the city. MONDAY EVENING, October 22, 1860—A great bill will be presented, including a new and brilliant MUSICAL MELANGE—Favorite Gems, Portraitures of ETHIOPIA—OPERATIC BURLESQUES—DRAMATIC TRAVESTIES, and a genuine POT-POURI of the cream of Minstrel Performances, including Ballet and Pantomime Representations—the particulars of which see bills of the day. oct22 P. OLFASON, Treasurer.

VANNUCHI'S MUSEUM.
167 St. CHARLES STREET, Nearly opposite the St. Charles Theatre.
GREAT ATTRACTION.—JAPANESE AMBASSADORS, THE THREE PRINCES, TOMMY and the rest.
This celebrated MUSEUM will be opened SATURDAY MORNING, the 20th instant, with new and original attractions. Prominent among its curiosities are the JAPANESE AMBASSADORS, representing their reception at Washington, May 17th by President Buchanan. The artist went North during the visit of the Embassy, where he had ample opportunity to make, on the spot faithful likenesses of the Orientals. He gives now to the public the most perfect specimens of wax statuary in the world. The features of the Ambassadors are faithfully preserved, as are their respective heights, while the figures wear the identical clothes, decorations and weapons used by them, and bought from them in New York by Signor Vannuchi. A superb and life-like statue of the PRESIDENT at the moment of the Federal reception completes the group. Nearly one hundred and fifty figures are to be seen in the Museum. Admission, 50 cents, children, half-price. oct19 1m

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
19 Chartres Street.
WE are receiving by constant arrivals additions to our extensive assortment of CARPETING, such as MEDALLIONS, WILTON, VELVET, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY, THREE-PLYS, &c., &c. FLOOR OIL CLOTH, of all widths, colors and prices. TABLE and PIANO COVERS, COCOA MATTING, WINDOW SHADES in great variety, CANTON MATTING—all of which we offer at the lowest market prices. oct28 1w A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

To Sugar and Cotton Planters.
YOU are invited to call and see my large and IMPROVED LANTERNS, with an eight inch Glass Reflector, for burning coal or kerosene oil, and well adapted for Sugar and Gin Houses, and superior to any in use. For sale at the Lamp Store of ARTEMON HILL, No. 6 Chartres street. oct13 1m

OYSTERS OYSTERS!
—AT—
SAMPS SALOON,
101..........ST. CHARLES STREET..........101
THIS establishment is now open and ready to SHELL OUT as fine a quality of OYSTERS as can be had from Southern waters. oct19 1m

CHEAP ICE.
IN consequence of the large quantity of ice on hand and expected to arrive, the subscribers, Authorized at the Commerce, Poydras, Chartres, Railroad and Rebuy Ice Houses, will, on the 24th October, commence the sale at Fifty Cents the hundred pounds, without delivery at places of residence or business for quantities less than one ton, and for two quantities delivered the same price.
M. DOWNEY,
J. LUCIHE,
L. BUTEL,
P. M. JACOBS,
T. SHEERIN.
oct4 1m

Copartnership.
THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of Chaudet & Neel, for the sale, on commission and importation, of Wines, Cognacs, Cordials, Olive Oils, and generally all goods from Bordeaux and Marseilles. L. CHAUDET, L. L. NEEL.
Royal street, Nos. 147 and 149, between Conti and St. Peter.
New Orleans, October 15th, 1860. oct17

Notice.
THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of ANTONIO COSTA & CO., is dissolved since the 20th of August last, by limitation of contract. The liquidation of the late firm will be attended to by both partners. ANTONIO COSTA, ANT. BOVIRA.
New Orleans, October 16, 1860. oct15

Classic, Scientific and Religious Book Store.
CHURCH ORNAMENTS.
CH. GUERINEAU, Agent,
167 Corner Royal and Orleans sts. 167
RECEIVED, by late arrivals from France, an extensive selection of splendid Pearl Crowns (Emperor Eugenie) and other goods for All Saints' Day, for which [illegible] at 10 cents per package. French books. "Reponses courtes et familieres aux objections les plus repandues contre la religion," by Mgr de Segur, at 10 cents. Le Bon Jardinier pour 1860. Les Portraits [illegible] Romans, Mlle. de [illegible], new book, very cheap. Les Tresors de Cornelius a Lapide, 4 vols., bound. La Somme Theologique de St. Thomas, 6 vols. Religious Engravings, Canons d'Autel and Statues of the Cross, framed. Artificial Flowers and Stationery—a large quantity for sale on very moderate terms, at the above well-known cheap store oct17

NEW STORE.
TAILORS' GOODS.
DUMAS BROTHERS,
136..........Chartres Street..........136
Beg leave to inform the public that they have formed a commercial establishment in this place, under the firm of DUMAS BROTHERS, for the purpose of transacting the
Fancy Goods Business for Gentlemen.
COMPRISING
CLOTHS, from the best manufacturers in Europe.
BLACK DOESKIN,
CASSIMERES, DOUBLE MILLED,
PANTALOON STUFF,
SILK AND WOOLEN VESTING,
CASHMERE CLOTH,
MERINO CLOTH,
READY-MADE SHIRTS
And a complete assortment of ARTICLES for Tailors, which they will sell at the lowest market prices.
CP Orders from the country will be promptly attended to. oct3 3m 2aw 3mo

Rheumatism and Diarrhea.
Being desirous of convincing the citizens of Louisiana of the efficacy of the remedies for RHEUMATISM and DIARRHEA heretofore advertised, the proprietor makes himself of the short and simple method of publishing two out of the many certificates in his possession attesting the excellent effects of these remedies. Numerous other certificates may be seen on applying at No. 117 St. Ann street.
CERTIFICATES.
"I certify that Mrs. [illegible] was afflicted during a whole year with rheumatic pains which had reduced her strength and her health so greatly that she was unable to perform the lightest work. All the usual remedies used in her case had proved utterly ineffectual. Having heard of the remedy to be found at No. 117 St. Ann street, she was induced to procure it, and by using it regularly in less than fifteen days she entirely recovered her health.
"New Orleans, June 25, 1860.
"Wm. [illegible], No. 115 D[illegible]."
"After the remedies prescribed by doctors had proved useless I became the victim of the diarrhea [illegible] I found that at No. 117 St. Ann street [illegible] to be had. I went there and took of it, which cured me the first day. I certify this, by affixing my name as the full truth. F. MARX, Magazine st., No. 5[illegible], near Magazine Horse Stables.
"New Orleans, June 29, 1860." oct17 3tawr 3trew

Bi-Sulphite of Lime.
THE undersigned having been appointed Agent of the Manufacturer of the Clara Street Bi-Sulphite of Lime Manufactory, successor to Messrs. Marcelin & Rodie, is prepared to supply the same pure and superior Bi-Sulphite of Lime as heretofore manufactured by them, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage of planters and merchants.
Orders to be addressed to the undersigned, at the manufactory's depot, No. 28 Conti street.
sept24 P. MARCELIN, Agent.

PRACTICAL School,
Under the Direction of MR. CHAS. CARROL,
On Dauphine street, No. 192, between St. Ann and Dumaine streets.
PECULIAR METHOD
DAY CLASSES from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. French and English, Vocal Music, Drawing.
EVENING CLASSES—From 7 to 9 P. M. English, French, Book-keeping and Mathematics. sept17 1m

COLLEGE,
DRYADES ST., BETWEEN CLIO AND ERATO
Conducted by Chs. Lavender.
MR. LAVENDER has the honor of informing his friends and pupils that his classes will recommence on MONDAY, 3d September.
For copies of the prospectus, apply at the College, or to Mr. CAMMACK, at the Citizens' Bank.

CARONDELET REFINERY
AND
BI-SULPHITE OF LIME WORKS.
THE undersigned, SOLE AGENTS for the above establishment, are now fully prepared to supply their friends and customers with this well-known brand of BI-SULPHITE OF LIME, and request all orders to be sent at an early date to their office, No. 7 Front Levee street, between Customhouse and Bienville sts. AUGUSTIN & THIBAULT. sept1

Removal.
LOUIS FALK, tailor, informs his customers and the public that he has removed from No. 196 Royal street to No. 30, same street, between Bienville and Conti streets.

Removal.
THE undersigned have removed from No. 11 Front Levee to Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee, between Conti and Bienville streets. F. A. GONZALES & CO. oct5

Wanted.
A LAD about 15 or 16 years of age to work in a Dry Goods store. Apply to TURCOTTE & BLANCARD, corner of St. Ann and Chartres sts. oct11

Wanted.
A YOUNG MAN speaking French and English, writing a good hand—in a retail drug store. Apply with references, at Box No. 31, P. O.

Removal.
PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr., have removed from No. 29 Conti street to their new stores, Nos. 85 and 87 OLD LEVEE STREET, between Conti and Bienville streets.

PIANOS!
The undersigned respectfully invite the public to call and examine their
SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF PLAIN GRAND CONCERT PIANOS,
HALF-GRAND PIANOS,
OBLIQUE PIANOS,
PICOLOS.
The above instruments are guaranteed in every respect, and will be sold at unprecedented low prices.
SOURDES & CHASSAIGNAC,
Sold Store 9 CHARTRES STREET.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE copartnership heretofore existing in this city under the firm of Romagosa & Mace, is from this date dissolved, by mutual consent. F. ROMAGOSA will continue the same business, and will liquidate the affairs of the late firm, and [illegible].
New Orleans, July 6th, 1860.