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A C C O U N T

War Penn's

TRAVAILS

IN

HOLLAND and GERMANY.

Anno MDCLXXVII.

For the Service of the Gospel of Christ, by way of Journal.

Containing also Divers Letters and Epistles writ to several Great and Eminent Persons whilst there.

London, Printed and Sold by T. Sowle, near the Meeting-House in White-Hart-Court in Grace-Church-Street, and at the Croked-Billet in Holywell-lane near Shoreditch, 1694.

ALLS MINDLE AND ALLOWER MANAGEMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF T The same Se introck W.

THE Preface to the Reader.

His Ensuing Journal of My Travels in Holland and Germany, in the Service of the Gospel of my Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, was written for my own and some Relations, and perticular Friends Satisfaction, as the long time it hath lain silent doth lhow: But a Copy that was found among It the late Countels of Connaway's Papers, falling into the Hands of a Person that much frequented that Family, he was earnest with me, both by himself and others to have leave to Publish it for a Common Gool: Which upon, perusal, I have found a willingness to comp y

The Preface

comply with, hoping that the Lord will make the Reading of it Effe-Etual to some into whose Hands it may Fall; as well those who have received a Dispensation of the same Ministry, for Their Encouragement in their Publick Service for God, as those who are under the same Ministry, unto Zeal and Faithfulness. For it is the Glorious Gospel-Day in which God is Exalting his Dear Son, as Prophet, Priest, and King, in the Hearts of his People. Oh, that the Nations would hear him, their only Saving Health, and Israels great Shep. herd! who takes care of his Sheep, that hear his Voice, and gives unto them that follow him, in the daily Cross, unto Regeneration, Eternal Life: And who hath sent, and is Jending

to the Reader.

sending forth his Servants to ga. ther home the Sheep that are gone astray in all Nations, that so there may be but One Shepherd and One Sheepfold, according to the Glorious Promise made to these latter Times; In which he would be the Teacher of his People himself: For he is Teaching thousands, by the Light, Spirit and Grace of his Son Christ, in whom he is well pleased. To this, God hath Sent forth his Servants in this Day, to turn all People, as God's Call and Visitation to the Nations: And bleffed are all those that Hearken to this Testimony, both Mediately and Immediately. For God is awakening Men to the Knowledge of his Glory in the Face or Appearance of Christ, by his Spirit in their Hearts and A 2 Con=

The Preface

Consciences, which reveals to Men the Father; yea, the deep things of

God.

Oh, that they would Hear, and Fear, and Learn the things that make for their Eternal Peace! For if the Righteous scarcely are saved, where, O where, shall they appear that neglect so great Salvation! A Salvation that comes to neer them, as to knock at the door of their Hearts; that searches them and trys their Reins, and tells unto them their most inward Thoughts; and brings a line of Judgment over all their Words and Works. Tois is Christ fesus the Light of the World, that was given of God for Salvation to the ends of the Earth. He has Enlightned all, and Shines to all, and Calls all, that they

to the Reader.

they should see their Sins and be sore ry for them, and for sake them, and take up his dayly Cross and follow. him whom Gol hath given for an Example as well as a Propitiation for our Sins. And none can know him to be their Propitiation that rejest him as their Example and Leader in their Lives and Conver-Jations. Wherefore, Reader, be Serious, Inward and Inquisitive for thy Souls Sake. What Faith halt thou? One that over-comes the World, or one that the Spirit of the World over-comes, which is not the Faith of God's Elect, without which we cannot please God. For that Faith works by love. Such a love to God as will not offend him, but seeks his Glory through a most willing Obedience to his Holy Will. Bleffed

The Preface

Blessed are the Souls in which this love dwells. For such have none in Heaven but God, nor in the Earth in comparison of him: As they receive all good from him, so they resign all up to him; and tho it be through many Tribulations that they must attain the rest of God, yet as nothing can seperate them from his love, so neither can any thing deprive them of their Remard in the End.

Wherefore, Reader, be thou perswaded to take thy Lot among that blessed Number, if thou art not yet one of them. Thou seest the way to that Divine Priviledge; walk in it; for the End Crowns all: If one of that number, that have chosen God for their Portion, be Diligent, Zealous, and servent in the Work

to the Reader.

Work and Service of God. Redeem thy Time and Kunthy Race, with care and constancy; looking to Jeius the Author, that he may be the Finisher of thy Faith. Remember who said, there are many Mansions prepared for the Faithful. Do we beleive and look for another World? Let us not then live in this as if there were no other. Let our Eyes be upon our better World, and live here as Strangers that are but on our way to our Eternal Home; that so we may Answer the End of God's Love by working out the Salvation. of our own Sou!s (by his Power) with fear and Trembling; knowing God will Judge all, by Christ Jesus, according to the Deeds done in the Body.

Reader,

to the Reader, &c.

Reader, this Journal is of Religious Voyage, and has som passages in it that may Engage thy Soul to Seriousness, and let ti see how Good God is to those th. go of his Holy Errands. May thou be heartily affected with th Testimony of his Love and Present with his Péople; and feel good de fires raised in thee to serve the Lord also, according to his bleffed will i thy day, that Peace thou may know to thy Soul when time here shall be no more. I am

Thy affured Friend

Augst

in the Best Things,

W. Penn.

(1)

ACCOUNT

OFMY

JOURNEY

INTO

Holland and Germany.

EING the First Day of the 22d. Week, I left my Dear Wife London. and Family at Worminghurst in Suffex, in the Fear and Love of God, and came well to London that Night. The next day I Emploied my felf on Friends behalf that were in Suffer-

ings, till the Evening, and then went to my own Mothers in Essex.

24th . Colchefer.

The next Morning I took my Journey to Colchester, and met George Wats of London upon the Way, who returned with me, and came well to that Town that Evening. We lodged at John Furly's the Elder, but had a Bleffed Meeting at Jonathan Furly's House that Night.

The next Morning early I left Col-Harwich chester, and came to Harwich about
Nine, accompanied with George Wats and John Furly the Elder, William Tallcoat, and J. Whiterly of Colchester, where we found dear G. F. at J. Vandermali's House, with many more Friends.

After Dinner we went all to the Meeting, where the Lord gave us a Blessed Earnest of his Love and Prefence that should be with us in this Voyage; for his overcoming refreshing Power did open all our Hearts; and many of our Mouths in Ministry, Prayer and Praises, to the Magnifying of his own Name, and Truth in that

Place. The Meeting done, we returned to John Vanderwall's House, where we took our leave of Friends, that is to fay, of the Friends of that place, with others that came with us, or met us there; and fo we went on Board of the Pacquet-boat, where (by the special Favour of the Master of the Pacquets to me, having formerly ferved under my Father) we had the best Accommodation given to us: Many of the Friends accompanied us to the Ship, not leaving us till all was fixt, and then we parted in the Fellowship of Jesus. Those that came over were G. Fox, G. Keith, R. Barclay, G. Wats, J. Furly, W. Tallcoat, E. Keith, My felf, with two of our Servants. We fet Sail about Three in the Morning, being 326th. the fifth day of the Week, and got the Sixth day at Night within half a 27th. League of the Briel; we had good Service those two daies in the Ship with feveral Passengers French and Dutch, and though they feemed at first to be Shy of us, and to Slight us, yet at

last their Hearts were much Opened in kindness towards us, and the uni-

versal Principle had place.

23th. Briel.

The next Morning Friends were fetcht on Shore by a Boat of Rotterdam, with some Friends of that City that came to the Briel to meet us; the Friends that came were A. Sonneman, B. Furly and J. Johnson, Tetterkeuken, with three Young Men that live at B. Furly's House.

Rotterdam.

After we had Eaten, we took Boat immediately for Rotterdam, where we arrived about Noon, and where many Friends came to fee us, among whom we were comforted.

29th.

The next day being the First day of the Week, we had two Meetings at B. Furly's House, whither resorted a great Company of People, some of them being of the considerablest Note of that City. And Oh, bleffed be the true Word of Life that never failed them that rest upon it, and abide in it! The Gospel was Preached, the Dead was Raised, and the Living Comforted, and God even our God

bore Heavenly Record to his only begotten Son in us; and Truth is honourable in the Eyes of feveral of that

place.

The next day being the Second day of the Week, we spent in visiting Friends from House to House, not in one Company, being lodged in several quarters of the City. All our Visits were Precious Meetings, for indeed for that end God brought us into this Land. Several of us Dined and Supped that day at two great Men's Houses, where we had blessed Opportunities to make known unto them what was the Hope of our Glory, that Mystery, which to the Gentiles is now revealing, even Christ Jesus the Light of the World manifested in us.

The next day being the Third day of the Week, G. F. J. F. W. T. and my felf, after having broken our Fast at A. Sonneman's, took Boat for Leyden, where we came that Night in Order to be at Leyden. Haerlem next day at a Meeting appointed by G. F. and my felf from

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Rotterdam, being accompanied by J. Bocliffs, J. Arents and J. Claus that came from Amsterdam on purpose to conduct us thither.

At Haerlem we arrived about the Haerlem. 11th. Hour, and went to the House of a good Old Man, that had long waited for, and is now come to behold the Consolation and Salvation of Israel. After we had a little refresht our felves, we went to the Meeting, where the Lord gave us a bleffed Opportunity, not only with respect to Friends, but many fober Baptists and Professors that came in, and abode in the Meeting, to the End; Bleffed be the Name of the Lord.

dam.

The Meeting done, we went to Amsterdam in Company with severa Friends of that City, and of Alchman and Embden, who met us at the Mer ing at Haerlem, and we were lodge at Getrueydt Dirck's House. G. K and his Wife, and R. B. stayed ove the Fourth day's Meeting at Rotterdan and fo came not till the next day which was the day of the gener Mce Meeting of Friends in this Country.

The Fifth day of the Week at 12th.

G. D's House the general Meeting was 6 Month, held both of Men and Women. And the Lord who is fetting up his own Kingdom by his own Power, owned us with his own bleffed Presence, and opened us in that Wisdom and Love, that all things Ended with Peace, great Concord and Comfort, many things being Spoken, especially by our Dear. Friend G. F. that were of good Service; and I hope will dwell with them for ever. These several things being agreed upon, being of good Savour, and Report, I think fit here to infert them.

At the General Meeting of Friends at Amsterdam, the 12th. of the 6th. Month, 1677.

power of God, the Gospel, is the Authority of all our Mens and Womens Meetings, and every Heir of that Power is an Heir of that Authority, and so becometh a living Member of right of either of those Meetings, and of the Heavenly Fellowship and Order in which they stand, which is not of Man, nor by Man.

2. That each Monthly Meeting have a Collection apart; and also that there be another Collection quarterly at Amsterdam from each Meeting for general Services, and that it be disposed of but by the consent of the

faid Quarterly Meeting.

3. It is Agreed upon, that henceforth a Yearly Meeting be held here at Amsterdam, unto which Friends in the Palatinate, Hambrough, Lubeck and Frederickstadt, &c. be invited, of which Meeting there shall be given Notice to the Friends of the Yearly Meeting at London, to be kept always on the first day of that Week, which is fully the third Week following after the Yearly Meeting at London.

4. It is also Agreed upon, that henceforth this General Meeting is to be changed into a Quarterly Meeting, and that the first Quarterly Meeting hereafter shall be held on the second first day of the ninth Month following, and so forth every Quarter on the second first day of the Month; this second of the nine Month is to be this first Quarterly Meeting.

5. It is also Agreed, that henceforth a Monthly Meeting in Vriesland should be Established, as also at Rotterdam, and that on the second second day of each Month, and at Harlingen upon the third third day of the Month.

6. Further, that in the interim, the Friends of Alchmaer and Haerlem and Waterland, are to have their Monthly

Meeting

Meeting with Friends at Amsterdam, and to begin the said Meeting the sixth, seventh Month, and so forth alwaies upon the first second day of the first week of the Month at the Eighth Hour.

7. And further concerning Gospelorder, though the Doctrine of Christ Jesus requireth his People to admonish a Brother or Sister twice, before they tell the Church, yet that limiteth none, so as that they shall use no longer forbearance before they tell the Church, but that they shall not less than twice admonish their Brother or Sifter before they tell the Church; and it is defired of all, that before they publickly complain, they so wait in the Power of God to feel if there is no more required of them to their Brother or Sister, before they expose him or her to the Church. Let this be weightily confidered.

8. And farther, when the Church is told, and the party admonishe by the Church again and again, and he or she remain still unsensible or unrecon-

ciled.

ciled, let not final Judgment go forth against him or her, till every one of the Meeting hath cleared his or her Conscience, that if any thing be insisted upon any farther to visit such a Transgressour, they may clear themselves, if possibly the party may be reacht and saved, and after all clear of the Blood of such an one. Let the Judgments of Friends in the Power of God go forth against him or her, as moved for the Lord's Honour and Glory's Sake, that no reproach may come or rest upon God's Holy Name, Truth and People.

o. As much as possible can be, let all Disserence be ended by some honest Friends, and trouble not the Monthly or Quarterly Meetings with them; and if that will not doe, proceed to your particular Monthly Meetings; but if they be not there ended neither, then take aside six honest Friends out of the Quarterly Meeting, and let them hear and determine the matter; and in case any Person or Persons be so obstinate as that they resulte the Sense and Love of Friends, and will not comply with them,

them, then to proceed towards them according to the way of Truth in fuch Cales.

10. That all fuch as behold their Brother or Sifter in a Transgression, go not in a Rough, Light, or upbraiding Spirit to reprove or admonish him or her, but in the Power of the Lord and Spirit of the Lamb; in the Wisdom and Love of the Truth which fuffereth thereby to admonish such an Offender, fo may the Soul of fuch a Brother or Sifter be feafonably and effectually reach'd unto, and overcome, and have cause to bless the Name of the Lord on their behalf, and so a blesfing may be rewarded into the Bofom of the Faithful and tender Brother or Sister that so admonisheth.

ri. And be it known unto all, we cast out none from among us; for if they go from the Light, and Spirit, and Power, in which our Unity is, they cast out themselves; and it has been our way to admonish them, that they may come to the Spirit and Light of God which they are gone from,

and so come into the Unity again. For our Fellowship standeth in the Light, that the World hateth, and in the Spirit, that the World grieveth, vexeth and quencheth; and if they will not hear our Admonitions, the Light condemneth them, and then goeth our

Testimony out against them.

go farther than the Transgression is known, and if he or she return and give forth a Condemnation against him or her self, (which is more desireable than that we should do it) this is a Testimony of his or her Repentance and Resurrection before God, his People and the whole World. As David when Nathan came to admonish him, Psalm 51.

13. That no Testimony by way of Condemnation be given forth against any Man or Woman (whatever crime they commit) before Admonition, and till such time as they have had Gospel-order according to Christ's Do-

Strine.

14. And if any Brother or Sister hear any Report of any Brother or Sister, let him or her go to the Party, and know the Truth of the Report; and if true, let the thing be judged; if false, go thou to the Reporter, and let him or her be judged, and if any should report it at a fecond or third hand, without going to the party of whom the Report go-eth, let fuch be brought to Judgment, for thou shalt neither raise nor suffer a false Report to lie upon my People, faith the Lord, for they are to be Holy as he is Holy; and Just as he is Just.

Weakness should appear in either Mens or Womens Meeting, let it not be told out of your Meetings, because such Speeches tend to the defaming of such Persons and Meetings, and to the Hurt of the common Unity, and Breach of the Heavenly Society and

Privilege.

This is an account of what passed in

that Meeting.

Next day (notice being already given) we had a large publick Meet-6 Months ing, in which the found of the everlasting Gospel, Testament and Covenant went forth, and the Meeting ended with a sweet and weighty Sense; that Evening we had a more select meeting of Friends than the day before, in which the Nature of Marriage, and the practice of Friends relating to it, and other things were very weightily and closely discoursed; the Resolutions were these following.

the Magistrate about Marriage, being proposed and discoursed of in the sear of God among Friends in a Select Meeting, it was the universal and unanimous sense of Friends, that joining in Marriage is the work of the Lord only, and not of Priest or Magistrate; For 'tis God's Ordinance and not Man's, and therefore Friends cannot consent that they should join them together; for we Marry none; 'tis the Lord's Work and we are but Witnesses.

2. But yet if a Friend through ten-derness have a desire that the Magistrate should know it before the Marriage be concluded, they may publish the same, after the thing hath by Friends been found clear, and after the Marriage is performed in a publick Meeting of Friends and others, according to the Holy Order and Practice of Friends in Truth throughout the World, (the manner of the holy Men and Women of old) to go and carry a Copy of the Certificate to the Magistrate, they are left to their freedom herein, that if they please they may Register it. But for Priests or Magistrates to marry, or join any in that Relation, it's not according to Scripture; and our Testimony and Practice have been alwaies against it. It was God's work before the Fall, and it's God's work only in the Reftoration.

3. If any Friend have it upon him to reprint any Book already Printed and approved either in England or here, they may do it upon their own Charges.

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4. It is also agreed that the care of reading and approving Books be laid upon some of every Meeting, to the end no Book may be Publisht but in the Unity, yet any other faithful Friends not so Nominated, are not thereby excluded, though in all these cases it is desired, that all would avoid unnecessary Disputes about words, which profit not, but keep in the love that Edisieth.

5. It is farther concluded that the general Stock of the Quarterly Meeting be not disposed of, but by the consent of the Quarterly Meeting; but if be-twixt times there should be a pressing necessity concerning the Publick, let that monthly Meeting, where it shall fall out, lay down the Money, and give in an Account at the next Quarterly Meeting in Order to their Relief, if it appear that they are thereby over-charged; and let all things be done without Favour, Affection, Relation, or any respect to Persons, even for the Lord's Sake and his bleffed Everlafting Truth, that God may blefs and pro-C fper

fper his People. And let all things be written down, both as to your monthly and quarterly meeting Collections, what you Receive, what you Disburfe, that all may be fair and clear to the fatisfaction of all that defire to fee and Examine the Books. And the Lord's Fear and Life and Power was over all, in which the Lord God preferve his for ever.

14th. 6 Month.

The next day (being the Seventh day of the Week) was imploied in visiting of Friends, and preparing our selves for a further Journey, that is to say, G. K. R. B. B. F. and My self. Finding Letters here from the Friends of Dantzick, complaining of their heavy Sufferings they underwent, informing us also that the King of Peland was there, asking advice about an Address to Him, it fell upon me to write the sollowing Letter in the Name of the Friends of Dantzick.

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TOTHE

KING POLAND.

Great Prince,

A Ctions of Justice, Mercy and Truth are worthy of all Men, but in a most excellent manner of the serious consideration of Kings and Princes. We certain Inhabitants of the City of Dantzick have been long great Sufferers, not for any Wickedness committed against the Royal Law of God, or any Breach of those Civil Laws of this City that relate to the well Government of it in all Natural and Civil things; but purely and only for the cause of our Tender Consciences towards God. This severity being by us represented to the Magistrates of this City, we could not as yet receive from them any Relief, some expressing, as if easing the Burthen of our Oppressions C 2 Should

should give thee, O King, an occasion of Dissatisfaction against them, who art our acknowleged Protector. Being thus necessitated, and in a manner driven to make this address unto Thee, take it not amiss, that we with that Humility and Patience, that becometh the Servants and followers of Jesus, and with all manner of Christian respect and sincerity of Mind, briefly relate to Thee, the most Fundamental Principles most surely believed by us, which we hope Thou wilt believe deserve not those Punishments, that are inslicted upon us as evil doers.

i. We do reverently believe that there is one God and Father, one Lord Jesus Christ, and one Holy Spirit, and these

three are one, Eph. 4. 6.

2. We believe the Scriptures of the Old and New Testament to have been given forth by Divine Inspiration, and that they are prositable for Doctrine, for Reproof, for Correction, for Instruction in Righteousness, able to make the Man of God wise unto Salvation through Faith which is in Christ Jesus, 2 Tim. 3. 15, 16.

3. That

3. That these Holy Scriptures are not to be understood, but by the Discoveries, Teachings and Operations of that Eternal

Spirit from whence they came.

4. We beleive that all Mankind through Disobedience to the Spirit of God are fallen short of the Glory of God, and in that State are under Condemnation; but that God out of his infinite Goodness and Kindness, hath sent his Son a Light into the World, that whosoever believeth and obeyeth this Light should not abide in Darkness, but have the Light of E-

ternal Life.

5. We believe this Gift of Light and Grace through Jesus Christ to be Universal, and that there is not a Man or Woman upon Earth, that hath not a sufficient measure of this Light, and to whom this Grace hath not appeared to revove their ungodly Works of Darkness, and to lead them that obey it to Eternal Salvation. And this is the great Condemnation of the World at this Day, under all their great professions of God, Christ, Spirit and Scriptures; that though Christ ath calightned them, yet they will not bring

bring their Deeds to the Light, but hate the Light, and love their dark Cu-froms and Practices rather than the Light,

becaule their Deeds are Evil.

6. We do believe in the Birth, Life, Doctrine, Miracles, Death, Refurrection and Ascension of Jesus Christ our Lord, and that he laid down his Life for the Ungodly, not to continue so, but that they should deny their Wickedness and Ungodliness, and live Soberly, Righteously and Godlikely in this present evil World, as the Saints of old did, that were redeemed from the Earth, and sat in Heavenly places.

Sat in Heavenly places.

7. We do believe, that as the Devil through Man's Disobedience brought sin into Man's Heart, so Christ Jesus, through Man's Belief in, and Obedience to his Holy Spirit, Light and Grace, cleanseth the Heart of Sin, destroyeth the Works of the Devil, sinisheth Transgression and bringeth in everlasting Righteousness; that as the Devil hath had his Kingdom of Darkness in Man, so Christ may have his Kingdom of Light, Life, Righteousness, Peace and

Joy in the Holy Ghost in the Heart of Man, and not that Christ Jesus saveth Men from Wrath and not from Sin; for the Wages of Sin is Death in whose heart soever it liveth, but the Gift of God is Eternal Life to all that believe and obey through Jesus

Christ.

8. We do believe that all true Ministry and Worship only stand in the experimental Sense, Operations and Leadings of this Holy Light, Spirit, or Grace, that is shed abroad in the Hearts of Men and Women, to conduct them in the Holy way of Regeneration unto Life Eternal; this was the Ancient Apostolical Doctrine, they spoke what they had seen, Tasted and Handled of the Word of God. And this is our Faith, Doctrine and Practice in this day. And be not displeased with us, O King, we intreat thee, if we give this for the reason of our absenting our selves from the publick and common Ministry or Worship, Namely, that we have no Taste or Relish, no Sense or Evidence that their Ministry and Worship are Authorized and

and performed by the Apostolical Power and Spirit of Jesus, but rather that they are the Inventions, Studies and Powers of Man's Nature, all which are but Strange Fire, and therefore cannot kindle a true and acceptable Sacrifice to God, for it is not Man's Spirit and degenerate Nature, Speaking and Professing the Words of God's Spirit that giveth acceptance with the Lord, or adminstreth. Heavenly Edification to Men, nor can we believe, that where Envy, Passion, Wrath, Malice, Persecution, Envy and Strife, Lusts, Vanity, Wantonness and Worldly Mindedness have such Sway and Power, that the true Christian Spirit, Life and Doctrine can be heartily received and followed.

And as this is the Reason in the sight and presence of that God that made Heaven and Earth, and will Judge the Quick and Dead, wherefore we cannot join in the common and publick Worjhip of these parts, so doth the same Light and Spirit of God lay an Holy necessity upon us with a Meek and Quiet Spirit to come together after the man-

ner of the Ancient Christians, that were the true Followers of Jesus; and with Godly fear and a retired Mind to wait upon God, and Meditate in his Holy Law of Life, that he hath writ in our Hearts according to his New Covenant-Promise that he may Feed us, Teach us, Strengthen us, and Comfort us in our inward Man; and as by this Holy Spirit according to the Practice of the Churches of Old, any are inclined or moved to Reprove, Exhort, Admonish, Praise, or Pray, we are found exercised in these Holy Practices.

Now, O Prince, give us poor Christians leave to Expostulate with Thee. Did Christ Jesus or his Holy Followers endeavour by Precept or Example to set up their Religion with a Carnal Sword? Called he any Troops of Men or Angels to defend him? Did he encourage Peter to dispute his escape with the Sword? But did he not say put it up? Or did he countenance his over zealous Disciples, when they would have had Fire from Heaven to destroy those that were not of their Mind? No, but did not Christ rebuke

rebuke them, saying, ye know not what Spirit ye are of? And if it was neither Christ's Spirit, nor their own Spirit that would have Fire from Heaven? Oh! what is that Spirit that would kindle Fire on Earth, to destroy such as peaceably dissent upon the account of Conscience; if we may not wish that God would smite Men of other judgments, because they differ from us, (in which there is no use of Carnal Weapons) can we so far dcceive our selves, as to esteem our selves Christians and Followers of Christ, whilst we incourage Men with Worldly Weapons to persecute such as dissent from us? O King! When did the true Religion Persecute? When did the true Church offer Violence for Religion? Were not her Weapons, Prayers, Tears, and Patience? Did not Jesus conquer by those Weapons, and vanquish Cruelty by Suffering? Can Clubs, and Staves, and Swords, and Prifons, and Banishments reach the Soul, convert the Heart, or convince the understanding of Man? When did violence ever make a true Convert? Or bodily punishments a sincere Christian? This maketh

iaketh void the end of Christ's coming, hich is to save Men's lives and not to estroy them, to perswade them and not force them; yea it robbeth God's Spiit of its Office, which is to convince the Vorld, that is, the Sword by which the Ancient Christians overcame: It was he Apostle's Testimony, that their Weaons were not Carnal but Spiritual, but he Practice of their pretended Successors proveth, that there Weapons are not Spiritual, but Carnal: Suppose we are Tares, as the true Wheat hath alwaies been called, yet pluck us not up for Christ's Sake, who faith, Let the Tares and the Wheat grow together until the Harvest, that is, till the End of the World; let God have his due as well as Casar; the judgment of Conscience belongeth to bim; and mistakes about Religion are best. known to him. And here give us leave to mind thee of a noble Saying of one of. thy Ancestors, Stephen King of Poland, I am King of Men, not of Confciences; King of Bodies, not of Souls; and there have been found and still are: among the Emperors, Kings, Princes and

and States of the World, some that have had that noble Spirit of indulging their Conscientious dissenting Subjects, and not only with Gamaliel and Gallio not to persecute, but also eminently to protect and defend them from the Hatred and Violence of their Enemies. Be not then less Noble than they, consider how Quietly and Comfortably our Friends live under other Governments. And indeed we conceive it to be the Prudence of the Kings and States of the World; for if the wife Man say true, The Glory of a Prince is in the Multitude of his People; but this Practice saith, No, the Glory of a Prince is in the Conformity of the People to the Canons of the Clergy; which seemeth to strike at all Civil Society, which conlesteth in Men of Virtue, Parts, Arts and Industry. But let Men have never such excellent Abilities, be never so Henest, Peaceable and Industrious, all which render them good and profitable Subjects to the Prince, yet they must not live within their Native Country, unless they will sacrifice the Peace of their Consciences by an Hypocritical Submission to

the Canons and Fashions of the Church: Is not this, O Prince, to set the Church above the State? The Bishop above the King? to waste and give away the

Strength and Glory of a Kingdom.

O that thou mayest be wise even in thy Generation, and use the Power that God hath given thee, for God and Truth and Righteousness, that therein thou mayest be like unto God, who Peter telleth us, Accepteth of all that fear him and work Righteousness throughout the World, whose Sun shineth upon all,

whose Rain cometh upon all.

And least any should be so injurious to us, as to render us Enemies to Civil Government; Be it known unto thee, OK ing, that we Honour all Men in the Lord, not with the vain invented Honours of this World, but with the true and solid Honour that cometh from above; but much more Kings, and those whom God hath placed in Authority over us; for we believe Magistracy to be both Lawfull and refull for the Terrifying of all Evil Downs, and the Praise and Encouragement of those that do well.

The Premises duely Considered; we is treat thee, O Prince, to take our suffering Case into thy serious Regard, and that Power and Influence thou hadst withe Magistrates of this City to recommend our suffering Condition to their strough Consideration, that we may no longer lie under these not only Unchrist an, but Unnatural Severities, but receive that speedy and effectual Relief which becometh Christian Magistrates to girt to their own sober and Christian People.

The first day of the Week being the Month come, the Meeting began about the Eleventh Hour, and held till about the Fourth Hour in the Afternoon There was a mighty Concourse of People from several places of this Country, and that of several Perswasions Baptists, Presbyterians, Socinians, Seekers, &c. and God was with his People, and his Word of Life and Power of Wisdom and Strength covered them; yea the hidden things both of Esau and Jacob, the mystery both of Iniquity and Godliness were opened

and declared in the Demonstration of the Eternal Spirit that day; and, O Bleffed and Magnified be the Name of the Lord that hath not only not left nimfelf, but also his Servants not without a Witness! Oh, he is worthy to e Lov'd and Fear'd, and Obey'd, and Reverenced for ever!

The next day G. K. R. B. B. F. and my felf, having taken our leave of dear G. F. and Friends, took Boat or Naerden, where we Arrived about Naerden. he Second Hour in the Afternoon, and fter having Eaten, we took our leave f those Friends that had Accompanid us hither, and begun our Journey n the common Post-waggon to Ofna-Cfnabrug-urg, where we came the Fourth day ollowing in the Evening.

We past through a very dark Counry to that place, yet I felt not so reat a weight and suffering in my pirit as six Years ago, when I went

hrough the same places.

At Osnabrug we had a little time vith the Man of the Inn, where we ay, and left him feveral good Books 16th.

18th.

of Friends in the Low and Hig Dutch Tongues to Read and to dispos

The next morning (being the fift, 6 Month. day of the Week) we fet forward t Herwerden, and came thither at Night This is the City where the Princel Elizabeth Palatine hath her Court whom and the Countess in Company with her, it was especially upon us to Visit, and that upon several Ac compts.

1. In that they are Persons seeking

after the best things.

2. That they are actually Lovers and Favourers of those that separate themselves from the World for the fake of Righteousness.

For the Princess is not only a private supporter of such, but gave protection to De Labadie himself and his Company, yea when they went under the reproachfull Name of Quakers about seven Years since.

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This Man was a Frenchman, that difatisfied with the loofness and deadess of the French Protestants, even t Geneva it self, left them and came or Holland, and fo vehemently delaimed against the Apostacy of the riefts and People there, that the llergy were inraged and stir'd up the Magistrates against him; and the raher because many followed him, and everal Women of great Quality: Upon this the Princess giveth them an inritation, and they came and were proected by her, but fince some miscar-iages falling out in that place, she hereupon in good measure withdrew ner Favour from them, and they renoved into another place.

I was moved to Visit this Man and his Company six years ago, and did see him and his two great Disciples, but they would not suffer me to see the People which I laboured for; I in that day aw the airiness and unstableness of the Man's Spirit, and that a Sect-master was his Name, and it was upon me oth by Word of Mouth and Writing

to let them know, that the Enem would prevail against them to dra them into inconvenient things, if the came not to be stay'd in the Light Jesus Christ, and to know the Ho Silence, and that at last they wou come to fall out one with another as moulder away; which is in some me sure come to passas I fear'd; for I clean fure come to passas I fear'd; for I clea Iy perceived, that though they had a ceived fome Divine Touches, a dang there was they would run out withem, and spend them like Prodiga not knowing then where to stay the Minds for daily Bread; yea thou they were fomething Angelical as like to the Celestial Bodies, yet they kept not their Station, the would prove fallen Stars; they move not in the motion of him that had ve fited them, but were fill'd with gro Mixtures, and thereby brought for mixt Births: That is to fay, thin not Natural but Monstrous. In fithey were Shy of us, they knew not; yet I believed well of some of the People, for a good thing was stirring (35)

in them, and in this Case was the Countess commendable, in that she left all to have joined with a People, that had a pretence at least to more Spirituality and Self-denial than was found in the National Religion she was bred up in; for God had reacht her as she told me about Nine Years ago, and that by an extraordinary way. Now it feemed great pity to us, that Persons of their Quality in the World, should so willingly expose themselves for the false Quaker, the reprobate Silver, the Mixtures, and that they should not be acquainted with the Life and Testimony of the true Quakers.

Now about a Year since, R. B. and

Now about a Year lince, R. B. and B. F. took that City in the way from Frederickstadt to Amsterdam, and gave them a Visit, in which they informed them somewhat of Friends Principles, and recommended the Testimony of Truth to them, as both a nearer and more certain thing than the utmost of De Labadie's Doctrine. They lest

tender and loving?

Soon after this Getrueydt Dircks an Elizabeth Hendricks from Amsterdan visited them, and obtained a Meeting with them, improving that little, was God by his Providence had made mor closely to press the Testimony, and though they, especially the Countess made some Objections, in relation to the Ordinances and certain Practices o Friends, yet she seemed to receive a that time satisfaction from them These Visits have occasioned a Corre fpondence by way of Letter betwix them and feveral of us, wherein the Miftery of Truth hath been more clear ly opened to their Understandings, and they have been brought nearer into a waiting Frame by those Heavenly Directions they have frequently received by way of Epistles from several of us

This Digression from the present History, I thought not altogether un-

nessary or unpleasing.

But to Return, being arrived at that City, part of which is under her Government, we gave her to understand it, desiring to know what time next day

day would be most proper for us to Vifit her. She fent us word, she was glad that we were come, and should be ready to receive us the next Morning a-

bout the Seventh Hour. The next morning being come to the week) 6 Months

we went about the time she had appointed us, and found both her and the Countess ready to receive us, which they did with a more than ordinary Expression of Kindness. I can truly fay it, and that in God's fear, I was very deeply and reverently affected with the Sense that was upon my Spirit, of the great and notable day of the Lord, and the breakings in of his Eternal Power upon all Nations, and of the raifing of the slain Witness to judge the World, who is the Treasure of Life and Peace, of Wisdom and Glory to all that receive him in the Hour of his Judgments and abide with him. The Sense of this deep and fure Foundation which God is laying, as the Hope of Eternal Life and Glory for all to Build upon, fill'd my Soul with an Holy Testimony D 3

to them, which in a living Sense was followed by my Brethren, and so the Meeting ended about the Eleventh Hour.

The Princess intreated us to stay and Dine with her, but with due regard both to our Testimony and to her at that time we refused it; desiring if she pleased another opportunity that day, which she with all chearfulness yielded to; She her felf appointing the Second Hour. So we went to our Quarters, and some time after we had Dined we returned. The Meeting foon began, there were feveral present besides the Princess and Countess; it was at this Meeting that the Lord in a more eminent manner began to appear, the Eternal Word shewed it self a Hammer at this day, yea sharper than a two edged Sword dividing asunder between the Soul and the Spirit, the Joints and the Marrow; yea this day, was all Flesh Humbled before the Lord; it amazed one, struck another, broke another, yea, the noble Arm of the Lord was truly awakened, and the

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weight and work thereof bowed and tendered us also after an unusual and extraordinary manner, that the Lord might work an Heavenly Sign before them and among them, that the Majefly of him that is rifen among the poor Quakers might in some measure be known unto them, what God it is we ferve, and what Power it is we wait for and bow before, yea they had a Sense and Discovery that day what would become of the Glory of all Flesh, when God shall enter into Judgment. Well, let my right hand forget its Cunning, and my Tongue cleave to the roof of my Mouth, when I shall forget the loving kindness of the Lord, and the fure Mercies of our God to us his Travelling Servants that day. O Lord, fend forth thy Light and thy Truth, that all Nations may behold thy Glory. Thus continued the Meeting till about the Seventh Hour, which done, with Hearts and Souls filled with Holy Thanksgivings to the Lord for his abundant Mercy and Goodness to us, we departed to our Lodging; defiring to know

know whether our coming the next day might not be uneafie or unseasonable to her with respect to the Affairs of her Government, it being the last day of the Week, when we were informed the was most frequently attended with Addresses from her People; but with a loving and ready Mind she replyed, That she should be glad to see us the next Morning, and at any time when we would.

The next Morning (being the Se-Month venth day) we were there betwixt Eight and Nine, where R. B. falling into some discourse with the Princes, the Countess took hold of the Opportunity, and Whispered me to withdraw to get a Meeting for the more inferiour Servants of the House, who would have been Bashful to have prefented themselves before the Princess; and bleffed be the Lord, he was not wanting to us, but the same blessed Power that had appeared to Visit them of High, appeared also to Visit them of Low Degree, and we were all fweetly tender'd and broken togeher, for Vertue went forth of Jesus hat Day, and the Life of our God was shed abroad amongst us as a sweet, avour, for which their Souls bowed before the Lord, and confess'd to our restriction, which did not a little blease that Noble Young Woman, to find her own report of us, and her great care of them so effectually answered. Oh, what shall we say, is there any God like our God? Who is glorious in Holiness, fearful in Praises, working Wonders! To his Eternal Name, Power and Arm be the Glory or Ever.

The Meeting done, the Princess came to us expressing much Satisfaction, that we had that good opportunity with her Servants, telling us she much desired they should have a true and right Character of us, and that therefore she chose to with-draw, that hey might have freer access, and that they might look like their own Act, or Words to that Purpose, The Twelsth Hour being come we returned to our ann, letting them understand, we purposed.

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posed (the Lord willing) to Visithem some time that Afternoon.

I must not here forget, that we found at our Inn the first Night a Supper, a Young Merchant of a sweet and ingenious Temper, belonging to the City of Bremen, who took occasi-on from that Night's Discourse, the fixth day at Dinner and Supper, and the Seventh day also, to feek all opportunities of conference with us, and (as we have reason to be believe) he stay. ed Twenty Four Hours in that City on our Account. We opened to him the Testimony of Truth; I know not that in any one thing he contradicted us. At last he plainly discovered himself unto us to be a Follower of a certain Minister in Bremen, that is even by his Fellow-ministers and Protestants reproached with the Name of Quaker, because of his singular sharpness against the formal lifeless Ministers and Christians in the World. We laid fast hold upon this, and askt him, in cafe any of us should Visit that City, if he would give us the opportunity of a Meeting

Meeting at his House? which he reaily granted us: So we gave him some books, recommending him to the true nd blessed Testimony of Christ Jesus he Light and Judge of the World, and life of them that receive him and be-

leve in him, and so we parted.

It being now about Three in the Ifternoon we went to the Princes's, vhere being come, after some little ime, the Princess and Countess put me n Remembrance of a Promise I made hem in one of my Letters out of Engand, namely, that I would give them n account (at some convenient time) f my first Convincement, and of hose Tribulations and Consolations which I had met withal in this way of he Kingdom, which God hath brought ne to. After some pause I found my elf very free and prepared in the Lord's ove and fear to comply with their reuest, and so after some Silence, began: But before I had half done, it was Supper time, and the Princess would by no neans let us go, we must Sup with her, which importunity not being well able

to avoid, we yielded to, and fat down her to Supper; among the rest, present a these Opportunities, it must not be for gotten, that there was a Countels, Si ster to the Countess, then come in to Vi fit her, and a French Woman of Quality, the first behaving her self very decently, and the last often deeply broken, and from a light and slighting Carriage towards the very Name of a Quaker, she became very intimately and affectionately kind and respectful to us. Supper being ended, we all returned to the Princess's Chamber where making us all to fit down with her, she with both the Countesses and the French Woman prest from me the Continuance of my Relation, but none more than the Counters's Sifter which (tho' late) I was not unwilling to oblige them with, because I knew not when, the Lord would give me fuch an opportunity, and I found them affected. It continued till about Ten at Night, yet many particulars omitted, partly through forgetfulness, and partly for want of time; howbeit, I nust needs say, they heard me with in Earnest and Tender Attention, and hope and believe the Lord hath made

t profitable unto them.

This done, some discourse they had apon it, and afterwards we spoke about a Meeting for the next day, being the first day of the Week, and that we might have not only as many of her own Family, but as many of her Town as would willingly be there, he yielded to it, and appointed the Meeting to begin at the Second Hour, to we parted being near the Eleventh Hour at Night.

The next Morning we had a Meet-22th ng among our felves in our Chamber, wherein the Lord refresht us, and here was a great Travail upon our Spirits, that the Lord would stand by us hat day and magnise the Testimony of his own Truth by us, that he might have a Seed and People in that place to ift up a Standard for his Name.

At Dinner there were several Strangers that came by the Post-Waggon that day, among whom there was a

Young?

Young Man of Bremen, being a Stradent of Duysburgh, who informed to of a feber and feeking Man of great Note in that City of Duysburgh; to him we gave fome Books. There was on more who was tender and inquiring, to whom also we gave fome Books.

The Second Hour being at Hand w went to the Meeting, where were for veral as well of the Town as of the Fa mily; the Meeting began with weighty Exercise and Travel in Pray er, that the Lord would glorifie hi own Name that day, and by his own power he made way to their Consciences, and sounded his wakening Trumpet in their Ears, that they might know that he was God, and that there is none like unto him. Oh, the day of the Lord livingly dawned upon us, and the fearthing Life of Jesus was in the midst of us! Oh! the word that ne ver faileth them that wait for it, and abide in it, opened the way and un-fealed the Book of Life, yea the quickning Power and Life of Jesus wrought and reacht to them, and vertue from him im in whom dwelleth the God-head bodily, went forth, and bleffedly diffilld upon us his own Heavenly Life, weeter than the Spices with pure Frankincense, yea than the fweet inelling Myrrh that cometh from a ar Country, and as it began, fo it was arried on, and so it ended; Blessed be he Name of the Lord, and confided in be our God for ever. Assoon as the Meetng was done, the Princess came to me nd took me by the hand (which she fually did to us all coming and going) nd went to speak to me of the Sense he had of that Power and Presence of God, that was amongst us, but was opt, and turning her self to the Winow brake forth in an extraordinary affion, crying out, I cannot Speak to ou, my Heart is full, claping her lands upon her Breast; it melted me ito a deep and calm tenderness, in hich I was moved to Minister a few vords foftly to her, and after fome time f Silence, she recovered her felf, and I was taking my leave of her, she terrupted me thus, Will ye not come hither

hither again? Pray call here as ye re turn out of Germany: I told her we were in the Hand of the Lord, and be ing his, could not dispose of our selves but the Lord had taken care, that we should not forget her and those with her, for he had raised and begotten ar Heavenly Concernment in our Soule for her and them, and that we loved them all with that love wherewith God had loved us; with much more to that purpose. She then turned to the rest of the Friends, and would have had us all gone down to Supper with her, but we chose rather to be excused we should Eat a bit of her Bread and Drink a glass of her Wine if she pleas ed in the Chamber where we were At last we prevailed with her to leave us. The Countefs, the French Wo man, and the Countes's waiting Woman stay'd with us, and we had a very retir'd and feafonable Opportu nity with them. After the Princes had Supt, we went all down and tool our Solemn leave of her, the Countes her Sifter, the French Woman, with

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he rest of the Family, whose hearts were reach'd and opened by our Teftinonies; recommending unto them Holy, Silence from all Will-worship, and the Workings, Strivings and Images of heir own Mind and Spirit, that Jesus night be felt of them in their Hearts, nis holy Teachings witnessed, and folowed in the way of his Bleffed Cross hat would crucifie them unto the World, and the World unto them; hat their Faith, Hope and Joy might tand in Christs in them the Heavenly Prophet, Shepherd and Bishop, whose voice all that are truly Sheep will hear nd follow, and not the voice of any tranger whatever. So we left them n the Love and Peace of God, praying hat they might be kept from the Evil f this World. So we returned to our odging, having our Hearts filled with weighty Sense of the Lord's appearnce with us in that place, and being ite (towards the Ninth Hour) we repared to go to Rest.

The next Morning (being the Se- 6 Mentil.

ond day of the Week) G. K. B. F.

and

and my felf got ready to begin our Journey towards Franckfort, w by the way of Cassel is about 200 English Miles. R.B. prepared himself to return by the way we came directly back to Amsterdam. But before we parted, we had a little time together in the Morning in our Chamber, whither came one of the Princes's Family, and one of the Town. The Lord moved me to call upon his great Name, that he would be with them that stayed, and with them that returned also, and with us that went forward in wild and untrodden places, and his bleffed Love and Life over-shadowed us, yea he filled our Cup together, and made us drink into one Spirit, even the Cup of Bleffings in the Fellowship of the everlasting Seed, in which we took leave of one another, and after having Eaten, it being about the Seventh Hour, we departed the City.

We came to Paderborn that Night, fix German Miles, which are about thirty fix English, it is a dark Popish Town, and under the Government of

Paderborne. (51)

a Bishop of that Religion; howbeit, the Woman where we lodged was an Ancient, Grave and Serious Person, to whom we declared the Testimony of the Light, shewing her the difference betwixt an outside and an inside Religion, which she received with much kindness. We left some Books with here

which she took readily.

There was also with us at Supper a Lutheran that was a Lawyer, with whom I had very good Service in opening to him the great loss of the power of Godliness, as well among hem who separated from Rome; as in he Roman Church: which he confesed: I directed him to the Principle of ight in his Conscience, that let him see he lifeless State of the false Christians; nd if he turned his mind to that Priniple and waited there for Power, he vould receive Power to Rule and Goern himself according to true Godliess, and that it was the loss of Christenom that they went from this Principle, which the Power standeth, that conormeth the Soul into the Image and

Likeness of the dear Son of God, and thither they must come again, if ever they will have the true knowledge or God, and enjoy Life and Salvation with much more to that purpose, al which he received lovingly.

The next Morning we set forwards

14th. 24 6 Month.

toward Cassel, but through great foul ness of Weather, having only naked Carts to Ride in, the Waters being also high with the Rains: We got not to Cassel till the next day, which was the Fourth day of the Week. It being late we made little inquiry that Night, being also wearied with the soulness of

the Ways and Weather.

16 25th

15th.

Cassel.

But the next day we made our usual Inquiry, viz. who was worthy in the City, and found some that tenderly and lovingly received us, to whom we declared the Visitation of the Light and Love of God. Among the rest was Dureus our Countryman, a Man of Seventy Seven Years of Age, who had learned in good Measure to forget his Learning, School Divinity, and Priest's Craft, and for his approaches towards

towards an inward Principle is reproachfully faluted by some with the honest Title of Quaker; 'tis much better than Papist, Lutheran or Calvinist, who are not only ignorant of, but Enemies to Quaking and Trembling at the Word of the Lord, as Moses and others did.

Upon the Sixth day of the fame week about Noon, we fet out towards 27 the Franckfort, having left feveral Books 6 Month. behind us, which hath been our Pra-

ctice in our Journey.

At Franckfort we Arrived the Second day about Noon, being just a fort. Week from Herwerden, and having from thence and Cassel made known our intentions of coming to that City, two considerable Persons came and met us about half a German Mile from the City, informing us of several well affected in that Town; upon which we told them the end of our coming, and desired to have a Meeting with them in the Afternoon, which we easily obtained at the House of a Merchant, one of the two that met us. The persons

E 3 that

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that reforted thither were generally People of considerable Note, both of Calvinists and Lutherans, and we car fay, they received us with gladness of Heart, and embraced our Testimony with a broken and reverent Spirit thanking God for our coming amongst them, and praying that he would pro fper this work in our Hands; this in gaged our hearts to make some longer stay in this City.

We therefore defired another Meet-We therefore uchied they cheer fully affented to, where feveral came fully affented to the day before. that were not with us the day before, and the Lord that fent us into the Land was with us, and by his Power reached to them, infomuch that they confessed to the Truth of our Testimony, Of these Persons there were two Women, one a Virgin, the other a Widow, both Noble of Birth, who had a deep Sense of that power and presence of God that accompanied our Testimony, and their hearts yearned strongly towards us; the Virgin giving us a particular Mon. invitation to her House the next Morn-

ing, where we had the most blessed Opportunity of the three, for the Lord's power so eminently appeared, that not only those that had been with us before were most effectually reacht, but a certain Student residing in the House of a Lutheran Minister (sent for by that Young Woman) was broken to pieces, and magnissed that blessed power which appeared. Also there accidentally came in a Doctor of Physick, who unexpectedly was affected, and confessed to the Truth, praying God to prosper us. This was the blessed Issue of our Visit to Franckfort.

But there is one thing more not unfit to be mentioned. Among fome of those that have Inclinations after God, a fearful Spirit together with the shame of the Cross hath entred, against which our Testimony in part striking, we took Notice it was as Life to these noble Women, for that was it as they told us, which had long oppress them, and obstructed the work of the Lord amongst them. Therefore said the Young Virginour, Quarters are free for

you, let all come that will come, and lift up your Voices without fear, for (faid she) it will never be well with us till Perfecution come, and some of us be lodged in the Stadthouse, that is the Prison. We left the Peace of Jefus with them, and the same Afternoon we departed out of that City, being the fourth day of the week.

Here I writ an Epistle to the Churches

of Fesus.

TO





TO THE

CHURCHES

JESUS

Throughout the

WORLD.

Gathered and fettled in his Eternal Light, Power and Spirit, to be one Holy Flock, Family, and Houshold to the Lord, who hath Redeemed them from among all the Kindreds of the Earth.

Godly Zeal, Wisdom, Power, Perseverance and Victory, with all Heavenly Blessings, be multiplied among you in the Name of the Lord.

william Penn.

Printed in the Year. 1677.

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TO THE

JESUS

Throughout the

VVORLD,

Gathered and settled in his Eternal Light, Power and Spirit, to be One Holy Flock, Family, and Houshold to the Lord, &c.

Dear Friends and Brethren,

H O have been visited with the Fatherly Visitation from on High, and have received God's Eternal Word and Testament in your Hearts, by which you have been gathered home to Christ Jesus, the true Shepherd, from all the Idol-Shepherds, and their barren Mountains, and unprofitable Hills, where you have been scattered in the Dark and Gloomy

Gloomy Day of Apostacy, and by he Light, Spirit and Power have been con vinced of Sin, Righttousness, and Judg ment, and can fay, The Prince of the World is judged by his Holy, Righteous and powerful Appearance in you, unt. whom all Judgment in Heaven and Eartl is committed; who is the bleffed Lami of God, the Light and Saviour of the World; who is King of Salem, and Prince of Peace: My Soul loves you with everlasting Love, even with the Love with which my God and your God, my Father and your Father hath loved me, and visited my Soul and your Souls; in this do I dearly falute and embrace you all, in this the day of the fullfilling of his glorious Promifes to his Church in the Wilderness, and Witnesses in Sack-cloth. And, O magmagnified be his Name, and everlaft-ingly praifed and renowned be his holy Power and Arm, by which he hath reached unto us, and brought Salvation near us! For he hath found us out, and hath heard our Solitary Cries, the deep and mournful Supplications of our bowed

med Spirits, when we were as the ttle filly Dove without its Mate, and ie lonely Pelican in the Wilderness; then we were ready to cry out, Is iere none to save, is there none to help! when (hall the Time and Times and half Time be finisht! when shall the One bousand, Two Hundred and Sixty Days accomplisht! and when shall the Aboination, that stands in the Holy Place. cast out! when shall the Captivity of re People be turned back! O when shall abylon come into Remembrance before od; the Dragon, Beast, and False Prohet be cast into the Lake! And when shall e Law go forth out of Sion, and the Vord of the Lord out of Jerusalem! Then shall Sion become the Joy, and Jeisalem the Praise of the whole Earth! 'nd when shall the Earth be covered with ve Knowledge of the Lord, as the Wars cover the Sea!

Friends, The Lord of Heaven and arth hath heard our Cries, and the ill time is come, yea, the appointed me is come, and the Voice of the Ernal Spirit in our Hearts hath been

heard

heard on this wife many a time, Awa, thou that sleepest, and I will give th Life: arise out of the Dust, and shin for thy Light is come, and the Glory. the Lord is risen upon thee. And th Lord God hath given us that Light b which we have comprehended th Darkness in our felves and in th World: And as we have believed i it, dwelt in it, and walked in it, w have received Power to overcome th Evil One in all his appearances in ou felves; and Faithfully and Boldly t testifie against him in the World. An the Blood of Jesus in this Holy wa of the Light have we felt in our Soule to cleanse us from Unrighteousness and given us to know the Mystery o the Fellowship of the Gospel one with another, which stands in Life and Im mortality. And here we become a Holy Housbold and Family unto Goa that live in his Presence Day and Night to do his Will, as becometh hi Redeemed and Ranfomed Children by the most precious Blood of hi Son, and no more to return to Folly And

And, Friends, let it never pass out of our remembrance, what our God bath done for us, since he hath made us r People: Hath any Weapon formed against us, prospered? hath he called us, and not protected us? hath he given Power to conceive, and nor to bring forth? hath he not sheltered us in many a Storm? did he ever leave us under the Reproaches and Contradictions of Men? nay, hath he not spoken Peace to us? were we ever cast out by Men, and he for sook us? No, the Lord hath taken us up: Were we ever in Prison, and he visited us not? hungry, and he fed us not? naked, and he clothed us not? or have we been fick, and he came not to see us? When were the Jails To close, that he could not come in? and the Dungeons fo dark, that he caused not his Light to shine upon is? O nay; he hath never left us, nor forfaken us; yea, he hath provided richly for us; he hath brought us into the Wilderness, not to starve us, but to try us; yet not above our measure:

measure: For he fed us with Mannal from on high, with pure Honey and Water out of the Rock, and gave his good Spirit to sustain us: By Night he was a Pillar of Fire to us, to comfort us; and by Day a Pillar of Cloud, to hide and shelter us. He was a Shadow of a mighty Rock, that followed us; and we never wanted a Brook by the way to refresh us. Was God good to Ifrael outward? Much more hath he abounded to his spiritual Israel, the proper Seed and Off-spring of himself. O the noble Deeds and valiant Acts that he hath wrought in our Day for our Deliverance! He hath caused One to chase Ten, and Ten an Hundred, and an Hundred a Thousand many a Time. None hath been able to fnatch us out of his Hands, who abode in his Truth. For though the Winds. have blown, and the Sea hath raged, yet hath he rebuked the Winds and the Sea for his Seed's fake: He hath faid to the Winds, Be still; and to the Sea, Thus far shalt thou come, and Vay for his Ransomed to walk in, in plain, that though a Fool he shall not err therein. This is the Light, in which all Nations of them that re saved must walk for ever.

And therefore, Friends, let us stay ur Minds in the Light of the Lord or ever; and let the Awe, Fear and Dread of the Almighty dwell in us; nd let his Holy Spirit be known to e a Covering to us, that from the pirit of this World we may be chafty kept and preserved unto God, in he holy Light and Self-denying Life f Jesus, who hath offered up himelf once for all, leaving us an Exmple that we should also follow his teps; that as he our dear Lord and Mafter, so we his Servants, and riends, and Children, might by the ternal Spirit offer up our selves to God in Body, in Soul and in Spirit, which are his; that we may be his Workmanship, created in Christ Jeus unto good Works, to the Praise f him that hath called us; which F 2 Calling

Calling is an high and an holy Calling, by the eternal Light and Spirit in our Consciences. O that it might for ever remain in high Estimation with us; and that it may be the daily Watch and Travel of us all, in the Presence of the Holy and Living God, that hath called us, to make our great Call and Election fure, which many have neglected to do, (who have been convinced by the blessed Light and Truth of Christ Jesus revealed in their Hearts, and who for a time have walked among us) have been overcome by the Spirit of this World, and turned their Hands from the Plough, and deferted the Camp of the Lord, and gone back into Egypt again, whereby the Heathens have blasphemed, and the Way and People of the Lord greatly have Suffered.

Therefore, O my dear Friends and Brethren, in the Sense of that Life and Power, that God from Heaven so gloriously hath dispensed among us, and by which he hath given us multi-

multiplied Affurances of his Lovingkindness unto us, and crowned us together with heavenly Dominion, and in which my Spirit is at this time broken before the Lord, do I most earnestly entreat you to watch continually, lest any of you, that have tasted of the good Word of God, and the Powers of the World to come, fall by Temptation; and by Carelesness and Neglect tempt the living God to withdraw his fatherly Visitation from any of you; and finally to desert such: for the Lord our God is a jealous God, and he will not give his Glory unto another. He hath given to Man all but Man himself, and him he hath reserved for his own peculiar Service, to build him up a glorious Temple to himfelf; so that we are bought with a Price, and we are not our own.

Therefore let us continually watch, and stand in awe, that we grieve not his Holy Spirit, nor turn his Grace into Wantonness: But all of us let us wait, and that in a holy travail of

F 3 Spirit

Spirit, to know our felves fealed by the Spirit of Adoption, unto the Day of our compleat Redemption; when not only all our Sins, but all Sorrows, Sighings and Tears shall be wiped away from our Eyes; and everlasting Songs of Joy and Thanksgivings shall melodiously fill our Hearts to God, that sits upon the Throne, and to his blessed immaculate Lamb, who by his most precious Blood shall have compleatly redeemed us from the Earth, and written our Names in the Book of Life.

Friends, The Spirit of the Lord hath often brought you into my Remembrance, fince I have been in this defolate Land, and with Joy unutterable have I had fweet and precious Fellowship with you in the Faith of Jesus, that overcometh the World: For, though absent in Body, yet prefent in him that is Omnipresent. And I can truly say, you are very near and very dear unto me; and the Love that God hath raised in my Heart unto you, surpasses the Love of Women.

And

And our Testimony, I am well satisfied, is sealed up together. And I am well assured, that all that love the Light shall endure to the End throughout all Tribulations, and in the End obtain Eternal Salvation.

And now, Friends, as I have been travelling in this dark and folitary Land, the great Work of the Lord in the Earth has been often presented unto my view, and the Day of the Lord hath been deeply upon me, and my Soul and Spirit hath frequently been possessed with an holy and weighty Concern for the Glory of the Name of the Lord, and the spreading of his everlasting Truth, and the Prosperity of it through all Nations, that the very Ends of the Earth may look to him, and may know Christ the Light to be given to them for their Salvation: And when the Sense of these things hath been deeply upon me, an holy and strong Cry God hath raised in my Soul to him, That we, who have known this fatherly Visitation from on High, and and who have beheld the Day of the Lord, the Rising of the Sun of Righteousness, who is full of Grace and full of Truth, and have beheld his Glory, and confessed it to be the Glory of the only begotten Son of God; and who by Obedience to his appearance are become the Children of Light, and of the Day, and as the First-Fruits to God after this long Night of Apostacy, might for ever walk and dwell in his holy Covenant, Christ Jesus, the Light of the World; because in him we have always Peace, but out of him comes all the Trouble.

And whilst this heavenly Sense rested with me, the Lord God, that made me, and called me by his Grace unto Salvation, laid it upon me, to visit you in an holy Exhortation. And it is the Exhortation of my Life at this time, in the earnest and fervent Motion of the Power and Spirit of Jesus, to beseech you all, who are turned to the Light of Christ, that shineth in your Hearts, and believe in it, That you carefully and faithfully walk in it, in the same Dread,

Dread, Awe and Fear, in which you began; that that holy Poverty of Spirit, that is precious in the Eyes of the Lord, and was in the Days of your first Love, may dwell and rest with you; that you may daily feel the same heavenly Hunger and Thirst, the same Lowliness and Humility of Mind, the same Zeal and Tenderness, and the same Sincerity and Love unfeigned; that God may fill you out of his heavenly Treasure with the Riches of Life, and crown you with holy Victory and Dominion over the God and Spirit of this World: That your Alpha may be your Omega, and your Author your Finisher, and your first Love your last Love; that so none may make Shipwrack of Faith, and of a good Conscience, nor faint by the Way. And as in this State we are kept in holy Watchfulness to God, as in the beginning, the Table which our heavenly Father spreads, and the Bleffings with which he compasseth us about, shall not become a Snare unto us, nor shall we turn the Grace

Grace and Mercies of the Lord into Wantonness; but we shall eat and drink in an holy Fear, apparel our felves in Fear, buy and fell in Fear, visit one another in Fear; keep Meetings, and there wait upon the Lord in Fear: yea, whatsoever we take in hand to do, it stall be in the holy Fear of God, and with an holy Tenderness of his Glory, and Regard to the Prosperity of his Truth: yea, we shall deny our selves not only in the unlawful things, but in the things that are even lawful to us, for the Sake of the many Millions that are unconverted to God.

For my Friends and Brethren, God hath laid upon us (whom he hath honoured with the beginning of his great Work in the World) the Care both of this Age, and of the Ages to come; that they may walk, as they have us for Examples: yea, the Lord God hath chosen you to place his Name in you; the Lord hath entrusted you with his Glory, that you might hold it forth to all Nations;

and that the Generations unborn may

call you Blessed.

Therefore, let none be Treacherous to the Lord, nor reward him Evil for Good; nor betray his Cause directly by wilful Wickedness, nor indirectly by Negligence and Unfaithfulness: But be zealous and valiant for Truth on Earth; let none be flothful or careless: O remember the flothful Servant's State. And let the loving-kindness of the Lord overcome every Soul to Faithfulness; For with him are Riches and Honour, and every good thing: And whither should any go? he hath the words of Eternal Life. O, let none loose their Testimony; but hold it up for God; let thy Gift be never fo small, thy Testimony never so little. Through thy whole Conversation bear it for God; and be true to what thou art convinced of: And wait all upon the Lord, that you may grow in your heavenly Testimony; that Life may fill your Hearts, your Houses, and your Meetings; that you may daily wait (76)

wait to know, and to receive Power to do the Will of God on Earth, as it is in Heaven.

And O! that the Cross of Jesus may be in high and honourable Esteem with every one; that the Liberty of all may stand in the Cross, which alone preserveth: for it is the Power of God, that crucifieth us to the World, and the World to us. And through Death, way is made unto Life and Immortality; which by this bleffed Cross, the Gospel, the Power is brought to Light: So shall the Seed of Life that God bath fown in our Hearts, grow; and in that Seed shall we all come to be Blessed, unto whom God hath appointed the Dominion over us: and it is good for all to live under the Holy Government of it; for the Ways of it are the Ways of Pleasantness, and all its Paths are Peace; and all that are born of it, can say, Thy Scepter is a Scepter of Righteousness. And O! That all Friends every where, may continually bow unto his righteous Scepter,

and keep to his holy Law, which is written in their Hearts; that it may be a Light to their Feet, and a Lanthorn to their Paths. So shall they come to witness that holy Promise made good unto them, That the Spi-Isa. 59. rit, which I have given unto him, the 21. Seed; and the Words, which I have put into his Mouth, shall not depart from him, nor from his Seed, nor from his Seed's Seed unto all Generations.

Wherefore, Friends, redeem the Time, because the Days are Evil; God hath given you to see they are so: and be ye separated more and more, yea, persectly disentangled from the Cares of this World. And be ye not cumbred with the many things; but stand loose from the things that are seen, which are Temporal.

And you that are Poor murmur not; but be Patient, and trust in the Lord, and submit to his Providence, and he will provide for you, that which is convenient for you, the Days of your appointed Time. And you that are Rich, keep in the Moderation, and strive not to multiply earthly Treasure, nor to heap up uncertain Riches to your selves; but what God hath given you more than what is convenient for your own Use, wait for his Wisdom, to employ it for his Glory; that you may be faithful Stewards of this World's Mammon; and the Lord God shall reward you into your Bosoms, of the Riches of that Kingdom that shall never have an End.

O my Friends and Brethren, whether Rich or Poor, in Bonds or at Liberty, in whatfoever State you are, the Salutation of the universal Life of Jesus is to you. And the Exhortation is, to bow to what is made known unto you; and in the Light, by which ye have received in measure the Knowledg of God, watch and wait diligently to the farther Revelation of the Mind and Will of God unto you, that ye may be endued from on High with Power and Might in your inward Man, to answer the call and requirings

requirings of the Lord; that ye may be enabled to make known to the Nations, what is the Riches of the Glory of this bleffed Mystery in the Gentiles; which is Christ Jesus the Light of the World, in you the Hope of Glory. For this I have to tell you in the Vision of the Almighty, that the Day of the breaking up of the Nations about you, and of the founding of the Gospel-Trumpet unto the Inhabitants of the Earth, is just at the Door: And they that are worthy, who have kept their Habitation from the beginning, and have dwelt in the Unity of the Faith that overcometh the World, and have kept the Bond of Peace: The Lord God will impower and spirit you to go forth with his Everlasting Word and Testament to awaken, and gather Kindreds, Languages, and People to the Glory of the rising of the Gentiles Light; who is God's Salvation unto the Ends of the Earth.

And I must tell you, that there is Breathing, Hungering, Seeking People,

People, folitarily scattered up and down this great Land of Germany, where the Lord hath fent me; and I believe it is the like in other Nations: And as the Lord hath laid it upon me, with my Companions, to feek some of them out, so have we found feveral in divers Places. And we have had many bleffed Opportunities amongst them, wherein our Hearts have greatly rejoiced; having been made deeply sensible of the Love of God towards them, and of the great openness and tenderness of Spirit in them to receive the Testimony of Light and Life through us. And we have a stedfast belief, that the Lord will carry on his Work in this Land effectually; and that he will raise up those, that shall be as Ministers of his eternal Testament amongst them. And O! our desire is, that God would put it into the Hearts of many of his faithful Witnesses, to visit the Inhabitants of this Country, where God hath a great Seed of People to be gathered; that his Work may may go on in the Earth, till the whole Earth be filled with his Glo-

ry.

And it is under the deep and weighty Sense of this approaching Work, that the Lord God hath laid it upon me, to write to you to wait for the farther pourings out of the Power and Spirit of the Lord; that nothing that is Careless, Sleepy, Earthly, or Exalted, may get up, whereby to displease the Lord, and cause him to withdraw his sweet and preserving Presence from any that know him. But let all keep the King of Righteousness his Peace, and walk in the Steps of the Flocks of the Companions: For Withering and Destruction shall come upon all fuch as defert the Camp of the Lord, or with their murmuring Spirit disquiet the Heritage of God; for they are greater Enemies to Sion's Glory, and Jerusalem's Peace, than the open Armies of the Aliens.

And it is a Warning to all, that make mention of the Name of the

G Lord

Lord in this Dispensation he hath brought us to, That they have a care how they let out their Minds in any wise to please the Lusts of the Eye, the Lusts of the Flesh, and the Pride of Life; which are not of the Father, but of this World, lest any be exalted in a Liberty, that maketh the Cross of Jesus of none effect, and the Offence thereof to cease: for such will become as Salt that hath lost its Savour, and at last will be trod under the Feet of God and Men. For the Lord will withdraw his daily Presence, and the Fountain will come to be fealed up, and the Well of Salvation be stopped again.

Therefore, as all would rejoice in the Joy of God's Salvation, let them wait for the faving Power, and dwell in it; that, knowing the Mystery of the Work of Regeneration, Christ formed in them the Hope of their Glory, they may be able in the motion of him, that hath begotten them through Death to Life, to go forth and declare the Way of Life and Salvation.

And all you, that are young, convinced of the Eternal Truth, come into it, and then you will feel the Virtue of it: And so, you will be Witnesses, otherwise Vain Talkers, Wells without Water, Clouds without Rain; for which State is reserved the

Blackness of Darkness for ever.

Wherefore gird up the Loins of your Minds, and be fober, and tempt not God; but receive the Day of your Visitation, and walk worthy of so great Love, and delight to retain God in your Knowledg; and grieve not his Holy Spirit, but join to it, and be led by it, that it may be an Earnest to you of an Eternal Inheritance.

And take up your daily Cross and follow Christ, and not the Spirit of this World. He was meek and lowly, he was humble and plain; he was few in Words, but mighty in Deeds: He loved not his Life unto Death, even the reproachful Death of the Cross; but laid down his Life, and became of no Reputation, and that

for the Rebellious. O the Height, and the Depth, the Length, and the Breadth; yea, the Unsearchableness of the Love

of God in Christ Jesus.

Wherefore, while it is to Day, hear-ken to his Voice, and harden not your Hearts; and make no Bargains for your Self, neither confult with Flesh and Blood: But let the Lord be your Light, and your Salvation; let him be the Strength of your Life, and the Length of your Days. And this know assuredly, that none ever trusted to the Lord, and were consounded.

Wherefore hold up your Testimony for God; as ye would enjoy the Increasings of his Life and Love: And let your Light shine, and confess him before the whole World. Smother not his Appearance, neither hide thy Candle, God hath lighted in thee, under a Bushel; for Christ walketh among his Candlesticks of pure and tried Gold: Wherefore set thy Light upon a Candlestick, and shew forth thy good Conversation in Meekness

and godly Fear, that thou mayest become a good Example; and others beholding thy good Works, may glorify God. But for the Rebellious, the Fearful, and the Unbelieving, the Day hastens upon such, that the things that belong to their Eternal Peace, shall be hid from their Eyes for ever.

And all you my dear Friends and Brethren, who are in Sufferings for the Testimony of Jesus, and a good Conscience; look up to Jesus, the Author and Finisher of your Faith; who for the Joy that was set before him, endured the Cross, and despised the Shame; and is sat down at the Right Hand of the Father in the heavenly Place: into which, if you faint not, you shall all be received, after the Days of your Pilgrimage shall be at an End; with a Well done, good and faithful Servant.

And though these Afflictions seem not joyous, but grievous for the present; yet a far more exceeding weight

of Glory stands at the Door.

G 3 Where-

Wherefore count it all Joy, you fall into these Trials, and persevere to the End; knowing that he that shall come, will come, and will not tarry, and that his Reward is with him. Remember the Martyrs of Jesus; that loved not their Lives to the Death for his Name's-sake, that had called them. And Jesus himself, that made a good Confession before Pontim Pilate; who hath confecrated through his Blood a new and living Way for all, that come unto God by him, who is made a high Priest, higher than the Heavens, one that can be touched and moved; and is daily touched and moved with our Weakness and Infirmity; that through him we may be made strong in the Lord, and more than Conquerors through him that hath loved us.

Wherefore let it not seem, as if some strange thing had happened to you, for all these things are for the Trial of your Faith; which is more precious than the Gold that perisheth. 'Tis the old Quarrel, Children of this World,

World, against the Children of the Lord; those that are born after the Flesh, warring against those that are born after the Spirit: Cain against Abel, the Old World against Noah, Sodomites against Lot, Hagar against Sarah, Ishmael against Isaac, Esau against Jacob, Egyptians against Israelites, the false Prophets against the true Prophets, as Isaiah, Jeremiah, &c. the Jews under the Profession of the Letter of the Law against Christ, that came to fulfil the Law, and all his spiritual Followers and Disciples: And all the false Apostate Christians against the true and Spiriritual Christians and Martyrs of Tesus.

So, your Conflict is for the Spiritual Appearance of Christ Jesus against those that profess him in Words, but in Works and Conversations every day deny him; doing Despight to the Spirit of Grace in themselves, and those that are led by it. But though Gog and Magog shall gather themselves together to lay waste the City

G 4 0

of God; yet the Lord hath determined their Destruction, and he will

bring it to pass.

Wherefore rejoyce, O thou little Hill of God, and clap thy Hands for Joy; for he that is Faithful and True, Just and Righteous, and able to deliver thee, dwells in the midst of thee: Who will cause thee to grow and increase, till thou becomest a great Mountain, till thou becomest the Praise of the whole Earth, and the whole Earth be filled with thy

Glory.

And to you all, who are the followers of the Lamb of God, who was dead, but is alive, and lives for evermore; who is rifen in your Hearts, as a bright shining Light, and is leading you out of the Nature and Spirit of this World, in the Path of Regeneration. I have this to fay by way of holy Encouragement unto you all; the Lord God Eternal that was, and is, and is to come, hath referved for you the Glories of the last Days: and if so be, that the Followers and Martyrs of Jesus in Ages past, when

when the Church was going into the Wilderness, and his Witnesses into Sackcloth, were notwithstanding so Noble and Valiant for the Truth on Earth, that they loved not their Lives unto the Death, and fuffered joyfully the Spoiling of their Goods for the Testimony of Jesus, how much more ought you all to be encouraged unto Faithfulness, who are come to the Resurrection of the Day, which shall never more be eclipsed; in which the Bride-groom is to come, to fetch you his Spoule out of the WILDER NESS, to give you Beauty for Ashes, and the Garment of Praise for the SPIRIT of HEA-VINESS; who will cover you with his Spirit, and adorn you with his fine Linen, the Righteousness of the Saints. Lean upon his Breast for ever; and know your joyning in an Everlasting Covenant with him, that he may lift up the Light of his Countenance upon you, and delight to do you Good; that in bleffing he may bless you, increase you and multiply you you in all spiritual Blessings now and for ever; that to God through him you may live all the Days of your appointed Time: to whom be Glory and Honour, Praises and Thanksgivings in the Church throughout all Ages, and for ever.

I am,

In the Faith, Patience, Tribulation and Hope of the Kingdom of Jesus, your Friend and Brother,

William Penn.

My Companions in the Labour and Travel of the Testimony of Jesus, G. Keith and B. Furley, salute you all in the Love of our God. We have passed through several Cities of Germany, and are now at Franckfort, where the Lord hath given us Three blessed Opportunities with a serious and seeking People; whereof, as in other places of this Country, many of them are Persons of great Worldly Quality. Blessed be the Name of the

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he Lord, to whom be Glory be for ever.

Franckfort, the 22d of the 6th Month, 1677.

W. 19.

The fifth Day we arrived by the 5. 23. way of Worms at Crisheim in the 6 Month. Paltzgrave's Country, where we found, to our great Joy, a Meeting of tender and faithful People: But it seems the Inspector of the Calvinists hath injoined the Vooght, or chief Officer, not to suffer any preaching to be among our Friends; who (poor Man) fearing the Indignation of the Clergy, came next Day to defire Friends not to fuffer any preaching to be amongst them, lest he should be turned out of his Place. To whom we defired Friends to fay, that if he pleased he might apprehend us, and carry us to the Prince, before whom we should give an Account of our Testimony. But, blessed be the Lord, we enjoyed our Meeting

Meeting quietly and comfortably of which a Coachful from Worms made a part, amongst whom was a Governour of the Country, and one of the chief Lutheran Priests.

It came upon me in this Place to salute the Princess and Countess with this following Epistle.

A Salutation to Elizabeth Princess Palatine, and Anna Maria d' Hornes Countess of Hornes, at Herwerden in Germany.

My worthy Friends,

SUCH as I have, such I give unto you, the dear and tender Salutation of Light, Life, Peace and Salvation, by Jesus Christ the blessed Lamb of God, with the unspeakable Joy of which he hath replenished my Soul at this time, that my Cup oversloweth; which is the Reward of them that chearfully drink his Cup

Cup of Tribulations, that love the Cross, and triumph in all the Shame, Reproaches and Contradictions of the World that do attend it: My God take you by the Hand, and gently lead you through all the Difficulties of Regeneration; and as you have begun to know and love his fweet and tender Drawings, so resign the whole Conduct of your Lives to him; dispute not away the precious Sense that you have of him, be it as small as a Grain of Mustard-seed, which is the least of all Seeds, there is Power in it (if you do but believe) to remove the greatest Mountains of Opposition. O pretious is this Faith, yea more pretious than the Glory and Honour of this World that perish: It will give Courage, go with Christ before Caiaphas and Pilate; yea, to bear his Cross without the Camp, and to be crucified with him, knowing that the Spirit of God and of Glory shall rest upon them: to the Inheritors of this Faith is referved the eternal Kingdom of Peace and

Joy

Joy in the Holy Ghost. O be you of that little Flock unto whom Jesus said, Fear not, for it is my Father's good pleasure to give you a Kingdom: And to be of this Flock, you must become as Sheep; and to be as Sheep, you must become harmless; and to become harmless, you must hear and follow the Lamb of God: as he is that bleffed Light which discovereth and condemneth all the unfruitful Works of Darkness, and maketh harmless as a Dove; which word, All, leaveth not one Piccadillo or Circumstance undiscovered or unjudged; and the word Darkness taketh in the whole Night of Apostacy; and the word Unfruitful, is a plain Judgment against all those dark Works: Wherefore out of them all come, and be you separated, and God will give you a Crown of Life, which shall never fade away.

O! the lowness and meanness of those Spirits that despise or neglect the Joys and Glories of Immortality, for the sake of the things which are

feen

feen that are but Temporal, debasing the Nobility of their Souls, abandoning the Government of the Divine Spirit, and embracing with all ardency of Affection the sensual Pleafures of this Life; but such as persevere therein, shall not enter into God's Rest for ever. But this is not all that hindereth and obstructeth in the holy Way of Blessedness; for there is the World's Fear as well as the World's Joy that obstructeth many, or else Christ had not said, Fear not, to his little Flock. The Shame of the Cross is a Yoke too uneasy, and a Burden too heavy for Flesh and Blood to bear, 'tis true; but therefore shall Flesh and Blood never enter into the Kingdom of God. And not to them that are born of the Flesh, but to those that are born of the Spirit through the Word of Regeneration, is appointed the Kingdom, and that Throne which shall judg the twelve Tribes of Israel, and all the World. The Lord perfect what he hath begun in you, and give you Dominion

over the Love and Fear of this World. And, my Friends, if you would profit in the Way of God, despise not the Day of small things in your felves: Know this, that to desire and fincerely to breathe after the Lord, is a bleffed State; you must seek before you find. Do you believe? make not haste, extinguish not those small Beginnings by an over-earnest or impatient desire of Victory. God's time is the best time; be you faithful, and your Conslict shall end with Glory to God, and the Reward of Peace to your own Sorls. Therefore love the Judgment, and love the Fire; start not aside, neither slinch from the scorchings of ir, for it will purify and refine you as Gold seven times tried; then cometh the Stamp and Seal of the Lord upon his own Vefsel, Holiness to him for ever; which he never gave nor will give to reprobate Silver, the state of the Religious Worshippers of the World. And herein be comforted, that Sion shall be redeemed through Judgment, and her

her Converts through Righteousness; and after the appointed time of Mourning is over, the Lord will give Beauty for Ashes, the Oil of Joy for Mourning, and the Garment of Praise for the Spirit of Heaviness: then shall you be able to say, Who is he that condemneth us? God hath justified us; there is no Condemnation to us that are in Christ Jesus, who walk not after the Flesh, but after the Spirit. Wherefore, my dear Friends, walk not only not after the fleshly Lusts, but also not after the fleshly Religions and Worships of the World: for that that is not born of the Spirit, is Flesh; and all Flesh shall wither as the Grass, and the Beauty of it shall fade away as the Flower of the Field before God's Sun that is risen and rising; but the Word of the Lord in which is Life, and that Life the Light of Men, shall endure for ever, and give Life Eternal to them that love and walk in the Light. And I entreat you, by the Love you have for Jesus, have a care how you

touch with fleshly Births, or say Amen, by Word or Practice, to that which is not born of the Spirit: for God is not to be found of that, in your felves or others, that calleth him Father, and he hath never begotten it in them; that Latitude and Conformity is not of God, but secretly grieveth his Spirit, and obstructeth the growth of the Soul in its Acquaintance and intimate Communion with the Lord. Without me, faith Jesus, you can do nothing; and all that came before me are Thieves and Robbers: If so, O what are they that Pray, Preach and Sing without Jefus, and follow not him in those Duties, but even in them crucify him? O that I may find in you an Ear to hear, and an Heart to perceive and embrace these Truths of Jesus. And I can fay, I have great cause to hope, and patiently to wait till the Salva-tion of God be further revealed to you, and the whole Family; with whom (I must acknowledg) I was abundantly refreshed and comforted,

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n that God in measure made known he Riches of his Grace, and Operaion of his Celestial Power to you; nd his Witness shall dwell with ou, (if we never see you more) hat God magnified his own Strength n our Weakness. With him we eave our Travels, affectionately reommending you to his holy Spirit f Grace, that you may be conormed to the Image of his own dear on, who is able and ready to preerve you: O stay your Minds upon im, and he will keep you in perect Peace, and abide with you for ver. The Almighty take you into is holy Protection now and for ever.

> I am, Your true Friend ready to serve you, with servent Love in the Will of God, William Penn.

Ay dear Companions G. K. and B.F. do with me give you the dear Salutation of unfeigned Love, and H 2 those

those in the Family that love and defire to follow the Lord Jesus in Sincerity and Truth without wavering.

P.S. We are this Evening bound towards Manheim, the Court of the Prince Palatine, and travell'd about twelve English Miles on foot.

thall.

7. 25. 6th Month. Manheim.

Francken- That Night we lodged at Franckenthall, and got the next Morning, being the seventh Day of the Week, to Manheim; but were disappointed of our Defign, which was to speak with the Prince, for he was gone the Day before to Heydelbergh his chief City, about fifteen English Miles from that Place: and confidering tha by reason of the Meeting next Day with Friends at Crisheim already ap pointed, we could neither go for ward, nor stay till he returned; and yet being not clear to come away, a if we had never endeavoured to visi him, it was upon me to write hin this following Letter, to let hin know we had been there, and briefl our End in coming.

To the Prince Elector Palatine of Heydelbergh.

Great Prince,

T would feem strange that I. both a Stranger and a Subject, should use this freedom of Address to a Prince, were he not one whose Actions shew him to be of a free Disposition and easy Access to all; would to God all Princes were of that mind: But I have not chosen this way of Application, I am driven to it by the disappointment thy absence from this Court gave me, and the necessity I am under to expedite my Return. And though I cannot fo fully, and consequently not so clearly, express by Letter the Grounds inducing me to attempt this Visit; yet this being all the way that is left me, I thall declare them as well as I can.

In the first place I do, with all fincere and Christian respect, acknowledg and H 3 com-

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commend that Indulgence thou givel to all People professing Religion, dissenting from the National Communion: for it is in it self a most Natural, Prudent and Christian thing. Natural, because it preserves Nature from being made a Sacrifice to the favage Fury of fallible yet proud Opinions, outlawing Men of Parts, Arts, Industry and Honesty, the grand Requisites of Humane Society; and expoling them and their Families to utter Ruine for meer Nonconformity, not to Religion, but to Modes and Fashions in Religions. Christian, since the contrary expresly contradicteth both the Precept and Example of Christ, who taught us to love Enemies, not to abuse our Friends, and triumph in the destruation of our harmless Neighbours. He rebuked his Disciples, when they called for Fire from Heaven upon Dissenters, it may be Opposers: Certainly then he never intended that they should kindle Fire on Earth to devour Men for Conscience. And

if Christ (to whom all Power was given) and his Apostles refused to employ. Humane Force and Artifice so much as to conserve themselves, tis an Arrogancy every way indefenfible in those that pretend to be their Followers, that they affume an Authority to supercede, controul and contradict the Precepts and Examples of Christ and his Apostles; whose Kingdom not being of the nature of this ambitious violent World, was not erected or maintained by those Weapons that are Carnal, but Spiritual and Intellectual, adequate to the Nature of the Soul, and mighty through God to cast down the Scrong-holds of Sin, and every vain Imagination exalted in Man above the lowly meek Fear of God, that ought to have the preeminence in the Hearts of the Sons of Men. Indulgence is Prudent, in that it preserveth Concord: No Kingdom divided against it self, can stand; It encourageth Arts, Parts & Industry, to show and improve themselves, which

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indeed are the Ornaments, Strength and Wealth of a Countrey: It encourageth People to transplant into this Land of Liberty, where the Sweat of the Brow is not made the Forfeit of the Conscience. And, laftly, it rendereth the Prince peculiarly Safe and Great. Safe, because all Interests, for Interest-sake, are bound to love and court him. Great, in that he is not govern'd or clogg'd with the Power of his Clergy, which in most Countries is not only a Coordinate Power, a kind of Duumvirateship in Government, Imperium in Imperio, at least an Eclipse to Monarchy, but a Superior Power, and rideth the Prince to their Defigns, holding the Helm of the Government, and seering not by the Laws of Civil Freedom, but certain Ecclesiastick Maxims of their own, to the Maintenance and Enlargement of their Worldly Empire in their Church: And all the Villany acted under the facred, peaceable and alluring Name of Christ, his Ministry and

and Church; though as remote from their Nature, as the Wolf from the

Sheep, and the Pope from Peter.

The next thing I should have taken the liberty to have discours'd, would have been this; What Encouragement a Colony of vertuous and industrious Families might hope to receive from Thee, in case they should transplant themselves into this Country, which certainly in it self is very excellent, respecting Taxes, Oaths, Arms, &c.

Further, to have represented the condition of some of our Friends, and thy own Subjects; who though they are liable to the same Tax as Mennists, &c. (not by part the Case of other Dissenters) yet the Vaught of the Town where they live, came yesterday to forbid all preaching amongst them, which implies a fort of Contradiction to the Indulgence given.

And in the last place, for as much as all Men owe their Being to something greater than themselves, to

which

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which 'tis reasonable to believe they are accomptable, from whence sollow Rewards or Punishments.

I had an earnest defire to have spoken of the Nature of Truth, Use, Benefit and Reward of Religion, and therein as to have discours'd what is Christian Religion in it self, (freed from those unreasonable Garbs some Men make it to wear, so justly offenfive to wife and thinking Men) foro have proved the Principle and Life of the People, in scorn called Quakers, to have been sutable to the true Followers of Holy Jesus. But as the Particulars would swell a Letter to a Book, I shall take the Freedom to present thee upon my Return with some Tracts treating upon all these Subjects.

Prince, my Soul is filled with Love and Respect to thee and thy Family; I wish you all true and lasting Felicity, and earnestly desire that you may never forget your Afflictions, and in the remembrance of them be dehorted from those Lusts and Impieties,

pieties, which draw the Vengeance of Heaven upon the greatest Families on Earth, that God may look upon you with the favourable Eye of his Providence: And bleffed is that Man, whose God (by profession) is the Lord in reality, viz. that is ruled and governed by the Lord, and that lives in subjection to his Grace, that having a Divine Sense of God in his Heart, delights to retain that Sense and Knowledg of him, and be meditating in his Noble Royal Law, that converts the Soul to God, and redeems Man from the sensual Pleasures of this World, to the true Satisfaction of the Intellectual and Divine Life. O the meanness and lowness of their Spirits, that abandon themselves to the Government of Sense, the animal Life, thereby debasing their Natures, rejecting the Divine Light, that shineth in their Hearts, saying, Let us eat and drink, for to morrow we shall die; forgetting whence they are descended, and not considering the Peace and Joy of the Vertuous!

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I defire that the Lord would put it into thy Heart to think of thy latter End, and with the Light of Christ in thy Conscience examine how it stands with thy Soul, that thou mayest know, and diligently watch to do those things that belong to thy eternal Peace.

One thing more give me leave to recommend to thee, and that is, to be very careful of inculcating generous, free and righteous Principles into thy Son, who is like to fucceed thee, that when thou art gone, the Reputation of the Country may not fink by contrary Practices, nor the People of divers Judgments (now thy Subjects) be disappointed, distressed or ruined. Which, with sincere desires for thy temporal and eternal Good, conclude this,

From Manheim 25th of 6th Mo. 1677. Thy unknown, but fincere Friend,

William Penn.

Which being done, and having re- 1. 26. 6th Month. night by the Rhine to Worms, from Worms. whence we the next Morning (being the first day of the Week) walked on Foot to Crisbeim, which is about fix Crisheim. English Miles from Worms. We had a good Meering from the tenth till the third Hour, and the Lord's Power sweetly opened to many of the Inhabitants of the Town that were at the Meeting; yea, the Vaught or chief Officer himself stood at the Door behind the Barn, where he could hear and not be feen, who went to the Priest and told him, that it was his Work, if we were Hereticks, to discover us to be fuch, but for his part he heard nothing but what was good, and he would not meddle with 115.

In the Evening we had a more retired Meeting of the Friends only, very weighty and tender; yea the Power role in high operation among them, and great was the Love of

God

God that rose in our Hearts at the Meeting to visit them; and there is a lovely, sweet and true Sense among them: we were greatly comforted in them, and they were greatly comforted in us. Poor Hearts, a little handful surrounded with great and mighty Countries of Darkness; 'tis the Lord's great Goodness, and Mercy to them, that they are so finely kept, even natural in the Seed of Life; they were most of them gathered by dear William Ames.

2. 27. 6th Month.

Worms,

The next Morning we had another Meeting, where we took our leave of them, and so came accompanied by several of them to Worms; where having refresh'd our selves, we went to visit the Lutheran Priest, that was at the Meeting the fixth Day before at Crisheim; he received us very kindly, and his Wise, not without some sense of our Testimony. After we had discours'd about an Hour with him of the true and heavenly. Ministry and Worship, and in what they stood, and what all People must come

nto if ever they will know how to vorship God aright, we departed, nd immediately sent them several sood Books of Friends in High-Dutch.

Immediately we took Boat about he third Hour in the Afternoon, and 3. 28. ame down the River Rhineto Mentz, Mentz. where we arrived about the fifth Hour in the Morning, and immediately took an open Chariot for Frank-Frankfort. Frankfort, where we came about the first Hour in the Afternoon.

We presently informed some of hose People that had received us the Time before, of our return to that City, with desires that we might have a Meeting that Asternoon; which was readily granted us by the Noble Women, at whose House we met, whither resorted some that we had not seen before. And the Lord did, after a living manner, open our Hearts and Mouths amongst them, which was received by them as a farther confirmation of the coming of the Day of the Lord unto them; yea,

with much joy and kindness they received us.

The Meeting held till the ninth Hour at Night; they constrained us to stay and eat with them, which was also a blessed Meeting to them: before we parted, we desired a select Meeting the next Morning at the same Place of those that we felt more inwardly affected with Truth's Testimony, and that were nearest unto the State of a filent Meeting; which they joyfully affented to.

We went to our Lodging, and the 6th Month. next Morning we returned unto them, with whom we had a bleffed and heavenly Opportunity, for we had room for our Life amongst them; it was as among faithful Friends, Life ran as Oil, and fwom a-top of all.

We recommended a filent Meeting unto them, that they might grow into an holy [Silence] unto themselves; that the Mouth that calls God Father, that is not of his own Birth, may be stop'd, and all Images confounded, that they may hear the fost

Voice

voice of Jesus to instruct them, and eceive his sweet Life to feed them

nd to build them up.

About the ninth Hour we departed rom that Place, and went to Vander Valls, where the Meeting was the lime before, and there we had a nore publick Meeting of all that leased to come: The Lord did so a-undantly appear amongst us, that ney were more broken than we had sen them at any time, yea they were xceeding tender and low, and the love of God was much raised in their learts to the Testimony. In this ensible frame we lest them, and the lessings and Peace of our Lord Jesus Christ with and among them.

And after having refresh'd our lives at our Inn, we took Boat down he Main to Mentz, where we ar-Mentz. ved about the fifth Hour: 'tis a reat City, but a dark and superstious Place, according to the Popish Yay, and is under the Government of a Popish Bishop; we stayed not onger there, than till our Boat was

ready, which might be better than half an Hour. From Mentz we went on our way down the Rhine fix German Miles, and came that Night to Hampack. Hampack; from thence the next

5. 30. Morning we went by Bacherach, Coblentz, and other places upon the Rhine, to Trefy that Night, being about eleven German Miles.

6. 31. Cullen.

Trefy.

Next day (being the fixth Day of the Week) we got to Cullen, a great Popish City, about the third Hour in the Afternoon.

We gave notice to a fober Mer chant in that Town, a serious Seeke after God, that we were there arri ved; who prefently came to us. W fat down, and had a living and pret ous Opportunity with him, opening to him the Way of the Lord, as to 1 it had been manifested; intreatir him, if he knew any in that City who had defires after the Lord, of that were willing to come to a Meek ing, that he would please to infor them of our being here, and of of defire to meet with them: He al **fwere**

wered, That he would readily do it.

This night when we were in Bed, ame the Resident of Several Princes (a serious and tender Man) to find us out; we had some discourse with im, but being late, promised to see is the next Day.

The next Morning came the afore- 7. 1. aid Merchant, informing us, that it 7th Month. vas a busy Time, several preparing or the Mass or great Fair at Frankort; yet some would come, and he lesired it might be at his House in the

Afternoon about Three.

In the Morning we were to visit hat Resident, whom we met coming o fee us; but he returned and rought us to his House. We had a good Time with him, for the Man san antient Seeker, opprest with the Cares of this World, and he may be ruly faid to mourn under them: his feart was opened to us, and he blefed God, that he had lived to see us. Ve gave him an Account, how the ord appeared in the Land of our Naivity, and how he had dealt with us,

which

which was as the cool and gentle Showers upon the dry and scorched Desart. About Noon we returned Home; after we had eaten, we went to the Merchant's House to the Meeting; where came four Persons, one of which was the Presbyterian Priest, who preach'd in private to the Protestants of that Place, for they are no ways allowed in that City. Surely the true Day and Power of the Lord made known it felf to the Consciences of them present; yea, they felt that we were fuch as had been with Jesus, and that had obtained our Te. stimony through the Sufferings and Travels of the Cross. They were tender: the Resident and Merchan conducted us to our Inn, and from thence to the Boat, being about sever at Night. We set out towards the City of Duysburgh of the Calvinis Way, belonging to the Elector o Brandenburgh, in and near to which we had been informed there were

7th Month. retired and seeking People.
Duysburgh We arrived there next Day abou

Noon, being the first Day of the Week; the first thing we did after we came to our Inn, was to inquire out one Dr. Mastricht a Civilian, for whom we had a Letter to introduce us from a Merchant of Cullen: Whom quickly finding, we informed him what we came about, desiring his Asfistance; which he readily promised us. The first thing we offered was an Access to the Countess of Falchensteyn and Bruch: He told us she was an extraordinary Woman, one in whom we should find things worthy of our Loye; that he would write to her to give us an Opportunity with her; that the fittest time was the prefent time, in that we might find her at the Minister's of Mulheim, on the other side of the River from her Father's Castle; for that she used to come out the first Day Morning, and not return till Night: That we must be very shy of making our selves pubick, not only for our own fakes, but for hers, who was severely treated by ner Father for the Sake of those Reli-

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gious Inclinations that appeared in her, although her Father pretended to be of the Protestant Religion.

We therefore dispatched towards Mulheim, having received his Letter, and being also accompanied by him about one third of the way; but being fix English Miles, and on foot, we could not compass the Place before the Meeting was over, for it was past three before we could get out of Duysburgh; and following that way which led to the back-fide of the Greaf's Castle and Orchard, which was also a common way to the Town, (tho if we had known the Country we might have avoided it) we met with one Henry Smith, Schoolmaster and Catechifer of Speldorp; to whom we imparted our Businels, and gave the Letter of Dr. Mastricht of Dnysburgh to introduce us to the Countels. He told us, he had just left her, being come over the Water from the Worship, but he would carry the Letter to her, and bring an Answer suddenly, but notwithstanding staid near an Hour: When he came he gave us this Answer, viz. that she would be glad to meet us, but she did not know where; but rather inclined that we should go over the Water to the Minister's House whither, if she could. she would come, but that a strict hand was held over her by her Father. After some more serious Discourse with him, concerning the Witness of God in the Conscience, and the Discovery, Testimony, and Judgment of that true Light, unto which all must bow that would be Heirs of the Kingdom of God; recommending him to the fame, we parted, he returning homewards, and we advancing to the Town: but being necessitated to pass by her Father's Castle, who is Seignour of the Country, it so fell out, that at that very instant he came forth to walk: And seeing us in the Habit of Strangers, sent one of his Attendants to demand who and from whence we were, and whither we went, calling us to him, and asking us the same Questions. We answered,

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Mulheim.

that we were Englishmen come from Holland, going no further in these Parts than his own Town of Mulheim. But not showing him, or paying him that worldly Homage and Respect which was expected from us, some of his Gentlemen ask'd us, if we knew whom we were before? and if we did not use to deport our selves after another manner before Noble-men, and in the presence of Princes? We answered, we were not conscious to our selves of any Disrespect or unseemly Behaviour: one of them sharply replied, Why don't you put off your Hats then? is it respect to stand covered in the presence of the Soveraign of the Country? We told them it was our practice in the presence of our Prince, who is a great King, and that we uncovered not our Heads to any but to the Almighty God. Upon which the Graef called us Quakers, saying unto us, We have no need of Quakers here; get you out of my Dominions, you shall not go to my Town. We told him, that we were an innocent People

ple that feared God, and had goodwill towards all Men; and that we had trueRespect in our Hearts towards him, we would be glad to do him any real Good or Service; and that the Lord had made it Matter of Conscience to us, not to conform our felves to the vain and fruitless Customs of this World, or words to this purpose. However he commanded some of his Souldiers to see us out of his Territories, (to whom we also declared somewhat of the Reason and Intention of our coming to that Place in the Fear and Love of God) who were civil to us. We parted with much Peace and Comfort in our Hearts; and as we passed through the Village where the Schoolmaster dwelt, (yet in the Dominions of the Graef) we called upon him, and in the sense of God's Power and Kingdom open'd to him the Message and Testimony of Truth, which the Man received with a weighty and ferious Spirit. For under the Dominion of the Graef there is a large Congregation

tion of Protestants called Calvinists, of a more religious, inward and zealous frame of Spirit, than any Body of People we met with or heard of in Germany. After we had ended our Testimony to him, we took our leave, desiring him not to fear, but to be of good Courage, for the Day of the Lord was hastning upon all the Workers of Iniquity; and to them that feared his Name, wherever scattered throughout the Earth, he would cause the Sun of Righteousness to arise and visit them, with Healing under his Wings; and to remember us with true Love and Kindness to the Countess, Daughter to this Greaf, and to desire her not to be offended in us, nor to be dismayed at the Displeasure of her Father, but eye the Lord that hath visited her Soul with his holy Light, by which she feeth the Vanity of this World, and in some measure the emptiness and deadness of the Religions that are in it; and he would preserve her from the Power of the Wrath of Men, that worketh not the Righteousness ousness of God: So we left the Peace of Jesus with him, and walked on towards Duysburgh, being about fix English Miles from thence, and near the eight Hour at Night. The Lord was with us, and comforted our Hearts as we walked (without any outward Guide) through a tedious and folitary Wood (about three Miles long) with the Joy of his Salvation, giving us to remember, and to speak one unto another of his bleffed Witneffes in the Days past, who wandred up and down like poor Pilgrims and Strangers on the Earth, their Eye being to a City in the Heavens, whose Builder and Maker is God. Betwixt nine and ten, we reached the Walls of Duysburgh; but the Gates were shut, and there being no Houses without the Walls, we laid us down together in a Field, receiving both natural and spiritual Refreshment, blessed be the Lord. About three in the Morning 2. 3. we rose, sanctifying God in our hearts, 7th Month, that had kept us that Night; and walked till five, often speaking one to another

of the Lord dawning upon Germany,

and of several Places of that Land that were almost ripe unto Harvest. Soon after the Clock had struck sive, they opened the Gates of the City, Duysburgh and we had not long got to our Inn, but it came upon me with a sweet, yet fervent Power to visit this prosecuted Countess with a Salutation from the Love and Life of Jesus, and to open unto her more plainly the Way of the Lord; which I did in this following Epistle.

And then followeth a Letter to her Father, the Graef of Bruch and

Falckensteyn.

To the Countess of Falckensteyn and Bruch at Mulheim.

My dear Friend,

JESUS, the Immaculate Lamb of God, (grieved and crucified by all the Workers of Iniquity) illuminate thy Understanding, bless and be with thy Spirit for ever.

Tho unknown, yet art thou much beloved for the fake of thy Defires and Breathings of Soul after the living God: The Report whereof from some in the same State, hath made deep impressions of true Kindness upon my Spirit, and raised in me a very singular and fervent inclination to visit thee; and the rather, because of that Suffering and Tribulation thou hast begun to endure for the sake of thy Zeal

Zeal towards God, my felf having from my Childhood been both a Seeker after the Lord, and a great Sufferer for that Cause from Parents, Relations, Companions, and the Magistrates of this World: the remembrance whereof hath fo much the more endeared thy Condition unto me; and my Soul hath often in the fweet Sense and Feeling of the holy Prefence of God, and the precious Life of his dear Son in my Heart, with great tenderness implored his Divine Assistance unto thee, that thou mayst both be illuminated to do; and made willing to fuffer for his Name's fake, that the Spirit of God and of Glory may rest upon thy Soul. And truly I can say, I felt the good Will of God, his holy Care and heavenly Visitations of Love to extend unto thee. But one thing more especially lay upon my Spirit to have communicated unto thee, which made me the more preffing for an Opportunity to speak with thee, and that was this; That

That thou shouldest have a true, right nd distinct Knowledg of thy own state, and what that is which hath isited thee, and in what thy Faith, Parience, Hope and Salvation stand; where to wait, and how to find the Lord, and distinguish between that which is born of God, and that which is not; both with respect to thy self in all the Motions and Conceptions of thy Heart, and with respect to others in their Religious Worships and Performances, to the end that thou mayest not be deceived about the things relating to God's Kingdom, and thy Eternal Peace; this is of greatest weight. Now know certainly, that which hath discovered unto thee the Vanities of this World, the Emptiness and the Fading of all earthly Glory, the Bleffedness of the Righteous, and the Joy of the World that is to come, is the Light of Christ Jesus, wherewith he hath enlightned thy Soul; for in him was Life, and that Life is the Light of Man-

kind, John 1. 4, 9. Thus God promiseth by the Prophet Isaiah, to give him, viz. for a Light to lighten the Gentiles, and for his Salvation to the ends of the Earth. So that Christ the Light is God's Gift, and eternal Life is hid in him; yea, all the Treafures of Wisdom and Knowledg, who is the Light of the Gospel-Temple, true Believers, Rev. 21. And all that receive this Light into their Hearts, and bring their Deed to it, to fee in what ground they are wrought, whether in God or in the evil One, and make this Bleffed Light the Guide of their Life, fearing with a holy Fear to do any thing that this Light manifests to be evil, waiting and watching with a godly Care to be preserved blame-less before the Lord: I say, all such become Children of Light, and Witnesses of the Life of Jesus. O bles. fed wilt thou be for ever, if in the way of this Holy Light thy Mind walks to the end.

Let this that hath visited thee lead. thee, this Seed of Light and Life which is the Seed of the Kingdom; yea, 'tis Christ the true and only Seed of God that visited my Soul even in my young Years, that spread my Sins in order before me, reproved me, and brought godly Sorrow upon me; making me often to weep in folitary Places, faying within my Soul, O that I knew the Lord as I ought to know him; Othat I served him as I ought to serve him: yea, often was there a great Concernupon my Spirit about my eternal State, mournfully desiring that the Lord would give my Soul rest in the great Day of Trouble. Now was all the Glory of the World as a Bubble; yea, nothing was dear to me that I might win Christ: for the Love, Friendship and Pleasure of this World was a Burden unto my Soul. And in this seeking-state I was directed to the Testimony of Jesus in my own Conscience, as the true shining Light, giving me to discern the Thoughts

and Intents of my own Heart; and no fooner was I turned unto it, but I found it to be that which from my Childhood had visited me, though I distinctly knew it not: and when I received it in the Love of it, it shewed me all that ever I did, and reproved all the unfruitful Works of Darkness, judging me as a Man in the Flesh, and laying Judgment to the Line, and Righteousness to the Plummet in me: And as by the brightness of his coming into my Soul, he discovered the Man of Sin there upon his Throne, fo by the Breath of his Mouth, which is the two-edged Sword of his Spirit, he destroyeth his Power and Kingdom; and having made me a Witness of that Death of the Cross, he hath also made me Witness of his Refurrection. So that in good meafure my Soul can now fay, I am justified in the Spirit; and though the State of Condemnation unto Death was glorious, yet Justification unto Life was and is more glorious. In

this state of the new Man all is new; behold new Heavens and a new Earth, old things come to be done away, the old Man with his Deeds put off. Now new Thoughts, new Desires, new Affections, new Love, new Friendship, new Society, new Kindred, new Faith, even that which overcometh this World through many Tribulations; and new Hope, even that living Hope that is founded upon true Experience, which holds out all Storms, and can fee to the Glory that is invisible (to carnal Eyes) in the midst of the greatest Tempest. Now 'tis the same blessed Seed of Light, Life and Grace, that from God the Father is fown in thy Heart, and hath moved and wrought there that Change which thou hast witnessed from the Spirit of this World: turn to it, watch in it, that by it thou mayest be kept from all that it discovers to be contrary to God; especially from thy felf, from thy own runnings, willings and strivings: for what soever is not born of the Spirit

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is Flesh, and that inherits not the Kingdom of God; and all that fow to it, shall inherit Corruption. By this thou wilt come to feel, not only all Sin to be a Burden, but all thy own Righteousness, yea, all Man's Righteousness to be a Burden. Thou wilt see the difference betwixt the Duties and Prayers which thou begettest, and the Duties and Prayers which in thy true silence from all felf-activity of Mind the Lord begets in thee. Othat thou mightest know the Mystery of the new Birth, and what that is that can truly call God Father, even that that is begotten of him, which liveth and breatheth, and hath its Beginning and Being in that Life which is hid with Christ in God, and by which it hath been quickened to the Knowledg and Worship of Christ and God; and this thou shalt not fail to know and enjoy, as thou patiently sufferest the Lord to work his own Work in thee by his own blessed Spirit. And that which

which will give thee to favour and discern the right Motions and Con-ceptions, Duties and Performances in thy felf, from the false, will give thee to favour and discern that which is right in others, from that which is falle; that which is of God, from that which is of Man. Have a Care of gathering of Sticks, and kindling a Fire of thy own, and then compassing thy self about the Sparks of the Fire which thou hast kindled; for the end of this State is to lie down in Sorrow, because the heavenly Fire is absent, which maketh the Sacrifice acceptable; 'yea, the Lord may stir in thy Heart, and thou mayest bring forth: but he that gives to conceive, he brings to the Birth, and he giveth Power to bring forth, for without Christ we can do nothing; and blesfed are they that stir not before the Angel moveth the Waters, and go not before Christ, but are led by him, and that awaken not their Beloved till he please, in whose Hand the Times Times and the Seasons are. O bleffed are they, whose Eyes are opened to see him always present, a God always nigh at Hand, whose Hearts are stayed upon his holy Appearance in them, and they are thereby translated into his Likeness, whose Faith and Hope is in Christ, in them the

Hope of Glory.

My dear Friend, weigh these Things with a serious, retired, sweet and tender frame of Spirit; and the God that hath called me and thee, by the Light of his dear Son, open thy Understanding to perceive the Truth as it is in Jesus, and what is the Mystery of the Fellowship of the Saints in Light. So to the Lord I recommend thee, the Watchman and Keeper of Israel: the Lord be thy Strength and holy Comfort, and speak Peace to thee, and never leave thee nor forfake thee till he hath conducted thee through all Tribulations to his everlasting Kingdom of Rest and Glory.

O dear Heart, be valiant, and stay thy self upon Christ Jesus the Everlasting Rock, and feel him a Fountain in thy Soul; feel his Blood to cleanse, and his Blood to drink, and his Flesh to eat; feed upon him, for God hath given him for the Life of the World.

I had feen thee had not thy Father's strange fort of severity hindred: I confess I do not use to be so treated in my own Country, where the Lord hath raised up many hundreds of Witneffes, that he hath gathered out of all Sects and Professions, to worship im, not in their Spirits or Wills, but in his Will, Spirit and Truth: and we are generally, after much Affiction and Suffering, in good Esteem, even with the great Ones of this World. And this let me add for thy particular Comfort, that though I have been a Man of great Anguish and Sorrow, because of the Scorn and Reproach hat hath attended my separation rom the World, (having been taught

of Jesus to turn my back upon all for the fake of that Glory that shall be revealed) yet to God's Honour I can fay it, I have an hundred friends for one, yea, God hath turned the Hearts of my Enemies towards me; he hath fulfilled his Promise, to turn the Hearts of the Parents unto the Children. For my Parents that once disowned me for this blesfed Testimony's sake, (of the Jew, Christian, Circumcision, and Baptism inward, against the fleshly Christian) have come to love me above all, and have left me all, thinking they could never do and leave enough for me. O how good is the Lord, yea, the Ways of his Mercy are even past finding out.

Wherefore, my dear Friend, trust in the Lord for ever; and the God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, the God of the Prophets and of the Apostles, the God of all the Holy Martyrs of Jesus, illuminate, fortify and preserve thee

thee stedfast, that in the end thou mayest receive the Reward of Life and Eternal Salvation; to whom be Glory, and to the Lamb that sits upon the Throne, one God, and one Lord, blessed and magnified for ever and ever, Amen.

Thy great and faithful Lover for the bleffed and holy Truth's sake:

Duysburgh 13th of 7th Month S. N. 1677.

W. Penn,

P. S. My dear Breathren and Companions G. K. and B. F. with me falute thee in the dear Love of God. The enclosed I received from a religious young Woman at Frankfort: We have a blessed Opportunity in this Town with some that have a desire after the Lord, in which we are abundantly comforted. We have just now received thy Message and Salutation from H. S. which hath exceeding

ecedingly Refreshed and revived us, for our trouble was not for our felves, but for thee, and we hope our Love will not turn to thy Disadvantage, for we mentioned nothing of thy Name, nor the Name of any other Person, onely that we desired to speake with the Minister of Mulheim, and that was only to the Souldier. The Lord made us a good Bed in the Fields, and we were very well fatisfied. We are going this Afternoon out of the Town towards Wesel, from thence to Cleve, and thence to Herwerden (the Lord willing) fo farewell in the Lord.

To the Graef or Earl of Bruck and Falckensteyn.

Friend,

Wish thy Salvation, and the Lord reward thee Good for the Evil that thou shewedst unto me and my Friends the last night, if it be his Will. But since thou art a mortal Man, one that must give an Account, in common with all,

to the Immortal God, let me a little ex-

By what Law on Earth are Men, not Candalous, under no Proscription, harmless Strangers about lawful Occasions, and Men not Vagabonds, but of good Quality in their own Country; stopt, menaced, sent back with Souldiers, and that at Sun-set, exposed to the Night in an unknown Country, and therefore forced to lie in the Fields: I say, by what Law are we judged, yea, thus puiished before heard: Is this the Jus. Gentium or Germanicum, Naturale or Christianum? Oh! Where's Nature? Where's Civility? Where's Hospitality? But where's Christianity all this while?

Well, but we are Quakers; Quakers, What's that for a Name? Is there a Law of the Empire against that Name? No: Did we own it? No; but if we had, the letters of that Name neither make up Drunkard, Whore-master, Thief, Murderer nor Traitor: Why so odious then? What harm hath it done? Why could Jews poss just before us, that have crucified Christ, and not Quakers that never crucified him; but Ignorance is as well the Mother of Persecution as Devotion; and the false Christian, and the false Jew have but one Father.

But, Argumentum ad hominem, my Friend bear with me a little: Art thou a Christian? How canst thou be rude, uncivil, and persecute then? Thou art to love Enemies, not abuse Friends, harmless Strangers. Well, but this Life is dead, this Doctrine antiquated, Jesus Christ turn'd out of doors, I perceive: What art thou for a Christian? A Lutheran? Ies; Canst thou so lately forget the Practises of the Papists, and with what Abhorrence thy Ancestors declared against such sort of Entertainment? Were

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not they despised, mocked and persecuted? And are their Children treading in the steps of their old Enemies? Friend, 'tis not reformed Words, but a reformed Life that will stand thee instead. 'Tis not to live the life of the Unregenerate; Worldly-minded and Wicked, under the Profession of the Saint's Words, that will give an Entrance into God's rest. Be not deceived, such as thou Sowest; such must thou Reap in the Day of the Lord. Thou art not come to the Berean-state that tried all things, and therefore not Noble in the Christian sense: The Bereans were nohle, for they judged not before Examination. And for thy saying, We want no Quakers here, I say, under favour, you do; for a true Quaker is one that trembleth at the Word of the Lord; that worketh out his Salvation with fear and trembling, and all the Days of his appointed Time waiteth in the Light and Grace of God till his great Change com= eth, and that taketh up the daily Cross to his Will and Lusts that he might do the Will of God manifested to him by the Light of Jesus in his Conscience, and according

cording to the holy Precepts and Ex amples in the holy Scriptures of Truth laid down by Jesus, and his followers, fo the Ages to come. Tea, he is one tha loveth his Enemies, rather than feareth them; that Blesseth those that Curse him and prayeth for those that despitefull treat him; as God knoweth we do for thee. And O that thou wert such . Quaker! Then wouldst thou Rule for God and act in all things as one that mul give an account to God for the Deeds doni in the Body, whether Good or Evil. Then would Temperance, Mercy, Justice Meekness, and the Fear of the Lord dwel in thy Heart, and in thy Family and Country. Repent, I exhort thee, and consider thy latter End, for thy Days are not like to be many in this World, therefore mind the things that make for the Eternal Peace, least Distress come upor thee as an armed Man, and there be none to deliver thee. I am

Duysburgh 3d. 7th. m. 1677. S.V.

Thy Well-wishing Friend

W. P.

This

This having done, we went to Dr. Mastricht's to inform him of what had past, who tho' of a kind Disposition, and very friendly to us, yet feemed Surprized with fear (the Disease of this Country) crying out, What will become of this poor Countess! Her Father hath called her Quaker a long time, behaving himself very severely to her, but now he will conclude she is one indeed, and he will lead her a lamentable Life: I know (faid he) you care not for suffering, but she is to be pittied: We told him that we both loved her, and pittied her, and could lay down our Lives for her, as Christ hath done for us, in the Will of God, if we could thereby do her good, but that we had not mentioned her Name, neither was the Letter, that he gave us to her, so much as seen or known of her Father. But still he feared that our Carriage would incense the Graef so much the more against both his Daughter, and all those serious and inquiring People up and down the Country: We answered with an earnest-

ness of Spirit, That they had minded the Incensings and Wrath of Men too much already, and true Religion would never spring or grow unde such sears, and that it was time so all that felt any thing of the Worl of God in their Hearts to cast away the slavish fear of Man, and to come forth in the boldness of the true Chri stian life; yea, that Sufferings break and make way for greater Liberty and that God was wifer and stronge than Man. We askt him if there were any in that City who enquired more diligently after the way of the Lord, he recommended us (as we had already been informed in ano ther place) to the Family of the Præ tor, or chief Governour of the Town whose Wife and Sister more especial ly were feeking after the best things So we parted with him in love, and by the help of his Daughter, were conducted to this Family. We had not been long there before a School master of Dusseldorp, and also a Minister, came in enquiring after us, ha ving ving heard of us at Mulheim, where he preached the day before to the People, or else by the way of our attempt to visit that place, and the Entertainment we received at the hands of the Graef: He fat down with us, and tho' we had already a fweet opportunity, yet feeling the Power of God to rise, the Meeting renewed: And, O magnified be the Name of the Lord, he witnessed to our Testimony abundantly in all their Hearts and Consciences, who were broken into much tenderness, and certainly there is a blessed Power and Zeal stirring in that young Man, yea he is very near the Kingdom: So we took our Leave of them, leaving the Lord's Peace and Blessing upon them. It was now something past the 12th. Hour of the Day. In the way to our Lodging we met a Messenger from the Countess, a pretty young tender Man, near to the Kingdom, who faluted us in her Name with much love, telling us, That she was much grieved at the Entertainnent of her Father towards us, ad-L 4

viling us not to expose our felves to fuch Difficulties and Hardships, for it would grieve her Heart, that any that came in the Love of God to vifit her, should be so severely handled: for at some he fets his Dogs, upon others he puts his Souldiers to beat them: But what shall I say, That it self, must not hinder you from doing good, said the Countefs. We answered him, that his Message was joyful to us, that she had any regard to us, and that she was not offended with us: We defired the Remembrance of our kind Love unto her; and that he would let her know that our Concern was not for our felves, but for her: We invited him to eat with us, but he told us he was an Inhabitant of Meurs, and was in haste to go home; so we briefly declared our Principle and Meffage, recommending him to Christ the true Light in his Conscience, and parted: So we went home to Dinner, having neither eaten nor drank fince first-day Morning, and having lain out all Night in the Field. We had no fooner got to our Inn, but the Man was constrained to come after us, and fat down with us, and enquired concerning our Friends; their Rife, Principles and Progress, and in all things that he defired fatisfaction about, he declared himself satisfied. Dinner being done, and all cleared, we departed that City, being about the fourth Hour in the Afternoon, and for want of Accommodation were forced to walk on foot & English Miles to a Town called Holton, where we rested that Night.

Holton.

The next Morning we fet out for 7th. Wesel and got thither at Noon. The Month. 3.4. first thing we did (as had been our West. Custom) was to enquire who was worthy, particularly for two Persons recommended to us by the Countess of Hornes, that lives with the Princess Elizabeth. But upon enquiry, we found one of them was gone to Amsterdam with his Wife, who had been formerly a Preacher, but being conscienciously dissatisfied with his own Preaching, laid it down, and is now

in a feeking State. But in lieu of him we found out three more, with the other Person that had been recommended to us. We bespoke a Meeting amongst them after Dinner, which accordingly we had at a Woman's House of good Note in the Town; who told us, That she had been long in a solitary Estate, distatisfied with the Religions generally profest in that Country, waiting for Salvation, and she hoped that now the time was come, and that we were the Messengers of it.

The Lord was with us in the Meeting, and their Hearts were opened by the Word of God, to receive our Testimony as glad Tidings of Salvation. Meeting being done, we immediately returned to our Lodging, desiring we might see them together in the same place the next Morning Month. to take our Leave of them, to which

4.5. they readily affented.

Next Morning we came, and had a precious Meeting with them, and there were fome present that were not there the Night before: So we left them them in much Love, and went to our Inn; where, after having refresht our selves, we went to Rees, where we Rees, met with a Counsellor of Gelderlandt, with whom we had a good Opportunity to declare the Testimony of Jesus, who received it, and parted with us in much kindness.

From thence we went to Emrick, Emrick. and there called upon an eminent Baptist-teacher, recommended to us by one of Wesel; we spent some time with him, opening to him the way of Life, as in the Light it is manifested to all that love and obey the Light, and of that more spiritual and pure Ministry that from the Living Word of God is received by many true Ministers in this Day: The Man was somewhat full of Words, but we felt the living Visitation of the Love of God reacht to him, and so we left him, making all the haste we could to get to Cleve that night, which ac-cleve: cordingly we did, though late, being forced to walk one third-part of the way on foot.

That

That Night, notwithstanding, one of us went to a certain Lady, to whom we had Recommendations from the Princess, and that was particularly known to one of us, informing her that we were come to that City, desiring to know what time next day we might give her a Visit; she appointed Eight in the Morning. About Month. that time we went to fee her, she re-5. 6. ceived us (confidering her Quality and Courtship) far from any appearance of Offence at our Deportment: We told her our Message and Visit was to those of that City, that had any Inclinations or Defires, Hunger or. Thirst after the true and living Knowledge of God; for that end we had left our own Country, and had wandred up and down in feveral parts of Germany; she told us, That some there were that fearched after God, but The feared the Name of Quaker would make them shy, because they were called Quakers themselves by People of the same Profession, only for being more ferious and retired in their

Con-

Conversation. We replied, That it was an honour to the Name, that all Sobriety throughout Germany wascalled by it; this ought to make the Name less odious, yea it will make the way easier for those that are truly called fo, or that are Quakers indeed; it will take off much of the wonder, and, it may be, of the Severity of the places where we come, that the Name is gone before us, and hath received a Dwelling-place in their Towns and Cities. In fine, to all fuch God had committed to us the Word of Life to preach, and fuch we feek out in all places where the Lord bringeth us; and hitherto we can fay it to the praise of our God, he hath vindicated our Service and Testimony, by his own bleffed Power, fhed abroad in their hearts to whom we have been sent.

So she told us she would send for an Attorney at Law, one that was more than ordinarily eminent, having deserted the Church, and being therefore reproached with the Name of Quaker.

In

In this Interval we had close difcourse with her, a Woman certainly of great Wit, high Notions, and very ready Utterance; so that it was hard for us to obtain a true silence, a state in which we could reach to her. But through some travel of Spirit more than ordinary, we had a sweet time of refreshment, and the Witness was raised in her, and we really and plainly beheld a true Nobility, yea, that which was sensible of our Testimony, and did receive it.

By this time the person she sent for came, and a blessed sweet time we had; for the power and presence of the Lord our staff and strength, unto which our eye hath been throughout all our travels, that we might onely be acceptable in that, plenteously appeared amongst us (the Lord have the glory of his own work) both confessing to the truth of what had been said, and the Attorney to the living sense in which the truth had been declared. We would

vould have returned to our Inn to at, according as we had appointed n the morning; but she laid a kind f violent hands upon us, and neeffitated us to stay and eat with her. which we did. And we had no fooner at down, but her Brother in Law, a Man of quality and employment in hat Court of the Elector of Brandenurg came in, who dined with us. As ve fat at Meat, we had a good meetng, for the time was much taken p about the Things of God, either n answering their questions, or our ninistring to them about the true Christian nature and life; in all which her Brother behaved himfelf with great sweetness and respect. Ifter Dinner we took our Christian eave of them in the fear of God, reommending unto them the Light of Christ Jesus, that brings all that reeive it into the one Spirit, to live in oly Peace and Concord together, articularly and alone speaking to he Lady, and the Attorney what vas upon us to their States.

And

And so we departed, and soon as Nimwes ter took Waggon for Nimwegen, where arriving about the 7th hour that night, we immediately took Waggon Utrecht, for Utrecht, and got thither about 7th, the 10th hour next morning. We Month, hear there is a People in that City but had not now time to visit them referring it to another opportunity.

About the first hour in the afternoon G. K. and B. F. took Waggor for Rotterdam, and I took Waggor Amster-for Amsterdam, where I came safely that night about fix in the evening dam. and I found Friends generally well though it is a fickly time in this Country. The Meeting-house is much enlarged, and there is a fresh enquiry among many people after Truth, and great defires to hear the Testimony and Declaration of it. also understand that dear G. F. i returned from Frederickstadt and Hamburgh into Frieslandt, whe ther T. R. and I. T. are gon from this City to meet with him e hath had a hard time of travel with espect to the Weather, yet I hear is good health through the Lord's ower that hath kept him.

This day at night (being the fe-7th. enth day of the week) came John 7.8.

Till from Frieslandt to the House of

. D. in Amsterdam:

The next day (being the first day 7th, of the week) we had a blessed and Month. 1. 9: arge Meeting, larger then ordinary, ecause a great addition of room ince our Journey into Germany; inleed there was a great appearance of sober professing people, yea seveal of the chief of the Baptists, as Gaenus and Companions the Lord's heaenly Power was over all, and the Meeting bleffedly ended about the ourth hour.

That night after Supper, having aken my leave in a sweet little Meeting among Friends, I took Boat or Horn (P. Hendrick's accompanyng me) about the feventh hour at light, and got thither about two in he morning; where lying down till Month.

Horn:

about fix, we took Waggon for Enck Enokhuy- huyjen, we came thither a little after eight in the morning; where having refresht our selves, about the 9th hou Workum. We took Ship for Workum in Uriel landt, and arrived about one; and thence immediately took Waggon fo Harlin- Harlingen, where we arrived abou fix, there we met with dear G. F

FT. IT. TR. 7 C. and his Wife.

The next day we had two bleffed Month meetings; one amongst Friends, be ing the first monthly meeting that was setled for Frieslandt, Groninger and Embden; the other a publick meeting, where reforted both Baptists, Collegians and others; and among the rest, a Doctor of Physick and a Presbyterian Priest, all fate with great attention and fobriety, but the Priest and Doctor more especially: The Priest having a Lecture-Sermon to Preach that evening, went away; but notwithstanding speedily returned, G.F. still speaking; but as a Man in pain to be gone, yet willing to stay, fate at the door till G. F. had done, nd then stood up, and pulling off his Hat, looking up to Heaven, in a olemn manner, and with a loud voice, pake to this purpose: The Almighty, be All-wise, the Omnipotent great God; nd his Son Fesus Christ, who is blessed or ever and ever, confirm his Word bat hath been spoken this day: Apoloizing, that he could not longer stay, or that he was a Minister of the Rebrmed Religion, and was now gong to Preach, where all that would ome, should be welcome; and so left he Meeting. The Physician also vas called away, but returned and ayed till the Meeting ended: Just s the Meeting ended, came the riest again, who said in the hearing f some Friends, That he had made is Sermon much shorter than ordinary, bat he might enjoy the rest of the Meetg. At night came the Physician to e me, who, after a serious and Christian discourse, expressing great itisfaction in most things relating to riends, left me; withall telling me, hat if I had not been to go the 4th M 2

hour next morning, he would either har stayed longer with me, or come again He also remembred the Priest's Lov to us, and told me, That if it ha not been for fear of giving offence, c coming too much under the Observatio of the People, he would have come i have seen us; adding, That it we great pity, that this People had no printed their Principles to the World To which the Doctor answered, That he had some of our Books, and k would lend him them. Blessed be th Lord his precious Work goeth or and his Power is over all: It bein now the tenth hour at night, I tool my leave of G. F. and Friends.

This day it came upon me to writ a Letter to Joanna Eleonora Mar lane, the noble young Woman a Franckfort.

Dear Friend J. E. M.

God hath raised in my Hear.

hy his living Word to all Mankine
(but

but more especially unto those in whom e hath begotten an holy hunger and birst after him) saluteth thee: and mongst those of that place where thou ivest, the remembrance of thee, with by companions, is most particularly and minently at this time brought before ne; and the sense of your open-heartedsess, simplicity and sincere love to the estimony of Jesus, that by us was delivered nato you, hath deeply engaged my beart towards you, and often raised in my soul heavenly breathings to the God of my life, that he would keep you in the daily sense of that divine life, which then affected you; for this know, it was the life in your selves that so sweetly vihted you by the Ministry of life through us. Wherefore love the Divine Life and Light in your selves; be rétired and still; let that holy seed move in all heavenly things before you move; for no one receiveth any thing (that truly profiteth) but what he receiveth from above; thus said John to his Disciples. Now that, that stirreth in your hearts, draweth you out of the World, Rayeth vou

you to all the vain-glory, and pleasur and empty worships that are in it; th. is from above the heavenly seed of Goa pure and incorruptible, that's com down from Heaven to make you heavenly, that in heavenly places you may dwell and witness with the Saints o old, this heavenly Treasure in earther vessels. O stay your minds upon the appearance of Fesus in you, in whose light you shall see light; it will make you of a weighty considering spirit more and more, that you may see how the mystery of iniquity bath wrought, and how mankind is corrupted in all things, and what part you jet have, that belongeth not to the paradise of God, that you may lay it all down at the feet of Fesus and follow him, who is going up and down, doing good to all that believe in his Name. So possess your Souls in the sensible feeling of his daily divine visits, shinings and breathings upon your spirits, and wait diligently and watch circumspectly, lest the enemy surprize you, or your Lord come at unawares upon you, and you be unprepared to receive his

weet and precious visitations; that so hose holy beginnings, which thou art a vitness of with thy companions, may not re lost, or as if they had never been, but bat you may from day to day feel the crowth of his light, life, power and kingdom in your souls, that you may be able to Say, the kingdom of God is come, yea t is given to the Saints. And what I ay unto one, I say unto all that received our Testimony in that City, to whom thou nayest give, if thou pleasest, the remembrance of my dear Love, who travel in the Spirit for their redemption, that they may be brought into the glorious liberty of the Sons of God: particularly salute me the young Woman, that met with us at thy Lodging. The Lord Jesus Christ the Prince of Peace, dwell amongst you, keep your hearts steadfast in his holy Light, without wavering, all the days of your appointed time, until your great and last change shall come, when he will receive his own Sheep into his own everlasting Kingdom from the power of the Foxes aisd Wolves, and all the devouring Beasts and Birds of prey, when he will M 4

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will wipe away all tears from their eyes and fighing and sorrowing shall be no more, and when it shall be said, There is no more death, no more night, no more time.

So dear I. E. M. know, that the Lora hath brought us well to Amsterdam, not without good service by the way; for at Cullen we had a pretious Meeting, and were received with much gladness of heart: We also went to Duysburg, and from thence towards Mullheim, being the first day of the week, hoping to get an opportunity with the Countess of Bruch, and to deliver thy Letter; but her Father (who is a cruel and severe Man) meeting us near his Castle, stopt us; and after some little time, finding what we were, said, There wanted no Quakers there, and sent us with some of his Souldiers ont of his Territory; it was about Sun-set, so that we were forced to return towards Duysburg; but the Gates of the City being skut, and there being no Houses without it, we were forced to lye in the Fields all night, where the Lord made us a good and comfortable Bed;

Bed; we told the Graef at parting, we were Men that feared the Almighty God, we defired the good of all Men, and we came not thither for any evil design, but be would not hear; the Lord, if he pleateth, forgive him. Nevertheless we had a good Meeting at Duysburg, where we had our heart's desire, the blessed power and life of God making its own way in the hearts of those that heard our Testimony: I also writ a large and tender Letter to the Countess, and received a sweet and loving Message from her; and I have great hopes that all things will work for the best.

From Duysburg we went to Wesel, wesel, where we inquired out who was worthy, where we found four or sive separated from all Congregations, waiting for the Consolation of Israel, with whom we had two precious Meetings; and leaving the peace of Jesus with them, went to Emcick, where we visited the chief Bapetist-teacher, who consessed to our Testimony, and received us lovingly: We directed him to that gift of God in himeself, that pure and eternal Word in the heart.

heart, that he might know the pure Ministry of that, from the Ministry of Man's Spirit, which cannot profit or give life to the Soul. From thence we went to Cleve, where at a Lady's House belonging to the Court, we had a precious Meeting, and we found some that had deserted the publick Ministry, as not being anointed of God to preach, neither knowing by a true experience the way and travel of the new birth, but are made and maintained by Men, we Sounded the joyfull Gospel amongst them. And from thence by the way of Nimmegen and Utrecht we came the last fixt day to Amsterdam, which was the 7th of the 7th Month. This last first day I had a great and blessed Meeting at Amsterdam almost of every Quality and Religion; the Lord's heavenly Power (that is quickning People into a living sense of him, that they may say the Lord liveth, and he liveth in me) reigned that day over all. In the Evening I took Boat for Horn, and from thence came last night (being the second day of the Week) to this City of Har-

lingen, where we met with some of our Brethren, that had been up at Hamburgh and Frederickstadt; and this day we are to have two Meetings in this City, the one among our Friends, the other publick for the Town. It is upon me to visit de Labadie's People, that they might know him in themselves, in whom their Salvation Standeth; for these simple people are to be pittied. From thence I think to visit Leeuwaerden, Groningen, Embden, Bremen, Herwerden, Wesel, Emrick, Cleve, Utrecht, and so to return to Amsterdam, the Lord enabling me by his Power.

This ariseth in my Heart to thee, give not thy Bread to Dogs, spend not thy Portion, seed not the Serpent, neither bearken to him; abide with Jesus, and he will abide with thee, that thou mayest grow in Wisdom and in Righteousness brough the Cross that crucifieth thee to the World, and the World to thee. So in the Love, which over-cometh the World, that is divine and from above, and leadeth all thither that receive it into

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into their hearts, I take my leave of thee, with thy Companions, and all the rest of that City known to us, remaining

Harlingen 11.7th. Month, 1677.

Thy faithful Friend, and the Lord's Day-labourer.

W. P.

Next Morning about the 4th hour I took Boat for Leeuwaerden, J. Claus who had been at Frederickstadt with G. F. went with me. G. F. J. T. and T. R. with P. Hendricks returned that day towards Amsterdam.

erden.

At Leeuwaerden we came about 9 and began the Meeting about 10: which we enjoyed with peace and refreshment, several being there (as ir other places) that were never at a Meeting before.

The Meeting being done, and having refresht our selves with food, we

Wiewart, took Waggon for Wiewart, the Mansion-house of the Family of the Somerdykes, where De Labadie's Company resideth, it being strong upon my Spirit to give them a Visit. We

ot thither about 5, and as we were walking over a Field to the House. we met a young Man of that Company who conducted us in. I aske or Ivon the Pastor, and Anna Maria Schurmans: Ivon presently came with his Co-pastor who received us very civilly, however they seemed shy of letting me speak with A. M. S. objecting her Weakness, Age, taking Phyfick, &c. but putting them in mind how unhandsomely I was used at Herwerden six Years a-go, by de Labadie their Father, who, though I came a great Journy to visit him and his People, suffered me not to speak with them; they presently complied, and went in to let her know, that fuch a Person desired to speak with her, and quickly returned, defiring me to come in: But fore-seeing my time would be too short for my Message, the Sun being near fetting, and having 2 English Miles of unknown way to our Lodging on foot, desired them that they would give an Opportunity the next Morning, which they readi-

ly

readily complied with. So I took my leave of them, who in a Friendly manner brought us a little on our way. That night a great weight was upon my Spirit, and especially the next Morning, yet my Faith was in the power of God, and I had a plain sight, that I should have a good fervice among them, however I should clear my Conscience, and my Peace should rest with me.

7:h. The next Morning I returned to

Month. them, and John Claus along with me;
5.13. fo foon as we came, we were brought
into A. M. Shurman's Chamber, where
also was with her one of the three

Somerdikes.

This A. M. S. aforefaid is an ancient Maid, above 60 Years of Age, of great Note and Fame for Learning in Languages and Philosophy, and hath obtained a confiderable place among the most learned Men of this Age. The Somerdikes are Daughters to a Noble-man of the Hague, people of great Breeding and Inheritances.

These, with several other Persons, be-

ing affected with the zealous Declanation of de Labadie, against the dead and formal Churches of the World, and awakenedto feek after a more fpiitual Fellowship and Society, separaed themselves from the common Calvinist Churches, and followed him in he way of a refined Independency. They are a ferious, plain People, and re come nearer to Friends; as in Sience in Meetings, Women-speaking, Preaching by the Spirit, Plainness in Garb, and Furniture in their Houses han formerly, and more than any oher People I know. With these two ve had the Company of the two Pators, and a Doctor of Physick: After ome silence, I proposed this Questin to them, What was it that induced hem to separate from the common Way bey formerly lived in? I defired them hat they would be pleased to be plain nd open with me, as to the ground f their separation, for I came not to avil, but in the Christian Spirit to e informed.

Upon this Ivon the chief Pastot gave us the History of de Labadie's Education, how he was bred among the Jesuites and Deserted them, and embraced the Protestant Religion, and finally of his great Satisfaction with the Protestant Churches of France, and that if God would not give them a purer Church, they three would set down by themselves, resolving never more to mix themselves among the Babylonish Assemblies of the World, adding several solemn Appeals concerning the Simplicity and Integrity of their Hearts in these things.

Ivon having done, A. M. Shurman, began in this manner, I find my self constrained to add a short Testimony. She told us of her former life, of her pleasure in Learning, and her love to the Religion she was brought up in but she confessed she knew not Goo or Christ all that while; and though from a Child God had visited her at times, yet she never felt such a powerful Stroke as by the Ministry of de Labadie: She saw her learning to be Vanity.

anity, and her Religion like a Body of Death; she resolved to despise the hame, desert her former way of Living and Acquaintance, and to join her elf with this little Family that was extired out of the World, among whom he desired to be found a living Sacrice, offer'd up entirely to the Lord. She poke in a very serious and broken ense, not without some trembling; These are but short hints of what she haid.

After she had done, One of the Sox herdikes began, in a very reverent and reighty frame of Mind, and in a ense that very well suited her Conempt of the World: She told us ow often she had mourned from her oung Years because she did not now the Lord, as she defired; ofen saying within her self, If God ould make known to me his Way, I ould trample upon all the Pride and flory of the World. She earnestly ex-rest the frequent Anguish of Spirit ne had because of the Deadness and ormality of the Christians she was

bred among, faying to her felf, (the Pride, O the Lusts, O the vain plea fures in which Christians live! Can thi be the way to Heaven? Is this the way to Glory? Are these followers of Christ. O no! O God, Where is thy little Flock Where is thy little Family that will live intirely to thee, that will follow thee. Make me one of that number; and when the Servant of the Lord de Labadii came into Holland, I, among others, back a curiosity to hear him, and, among se veral others, was deeply affected by him He spoke the very Thoughts of my heart me-thought my heart was pricked when. heard him, and I resolved by the grace of God to abandon all the Glory and Pride of this World to be one of thos that should set down with him in a se paration from the vain and dead Wor ships of this World. I count my self hap py that I ever met with him, and thef Pastors, who seek not themselves but the Lord; and we are a Family that !iv. together in love; of one Soul, and on Spirit, intirely given up to serve the Lord; and this is the greatest fox in the World. Afte After her du Lignon, the other Paftor, gave us also an account of his Inducement to embrace J. de Labadie;

but not fo lively.

After him the Doctor of Physick, that had been bred for a Priest, (but voluntarily refused that Calling) exbrest himself after this manner: I can also bear my Testimony in the presence of Sod, that the I lived in as much Repuation at the University, as any of my Collegues or Companions, and was well reuted for Sobriety and Honesty, yet I never felt such a living sense of God, as vhen I heard the Servant of the Lord de Labadie; adding, The first Day I heard im, I was so struck and affected, that I an truly say, through the good Grace of iod, and the Conduct of the Holy Spiit, it was to me as the Day of my Salvation, he did so lovingly touch my eart with a sense of the true Christian Vorship: Upon which I forsook the Uniersity, and resolved to be one of this family; and this I can say in the fear f the Lord:

N 2 P. Ivon

P. Ivon concludeth, This is what w have to fay concerning the Work o

God amongst us.

All this while I minded not formuch their Words, as I felt and has Unity, with a measure of divine Senf that was upon them: Certainly the Lord hath been amongst them; year I had a living Sense in my heart that somewhat of the Breath of Life has breathed upon them; and though they were in great mixtures, yet that God' love was towards them.

After some silence I began on thi wise: I come not to judge you, bu to visit you; not to quarrel or dispute but to speak of the things of God' Kingdom, and I have no prejudice but great love and regard in my hear towards you: Wherefore hear me wit Christian pacience and tenderness. do confess and believe that God hat touched your hearts with his divin singer, and that his work is among you; that it was his Spirit that gav you a sight of the vanity and folly this World, and that hath made yo

enfible of the dead Religions that are n it. 'Tis this Sense I love and hoour; and I am fo far from undervauing or opposing this tender sense I eel upon you, that this is it I am come to visit, and you for the love of t: And as for the reproachés that may attend you on the score of your separation, with all the Reports that therefore go concerning you, they are what I respect you for, being well acquainted with the nature and practife of this World towards those that retire out of it. Now fince I have, with patience, and I can truly fay with great fatisfaction, heard your account of your Experiences, give me the like Christian freedome to tell you mine, to the end you may have some sense of the Work of God in me: For those who are come to any meafure of a divine Sense, they are as looking-glasses to each other, seeing themselves in each other, as face answereth face in a glass.

Here I began to let them know, how and when the Lord first appea-

red unto me, which was about the 12th. Year of my Age, Anno 1656. How at times, betwixt that and 15, the L'ord visited me; and the divine Impressions he gave me of himself: Of my Persecution at Oxford; how the Lord fustained me in the midst of that hellish darkness and debauchery; of my being banisht the College, the bitter Usage I underwent when I returned to my Father; whipping, beating and turning out of doors in 1662, of the Lord's dealings with me in France, and in the time of the great Plague in London: In fine, the deep sense he gave me of the Vanity of this World, of the Irreligiousness of the Religions of it: Then of my Mournful and Bitter Cries to him that he would show me his own way of Life and Salvation, and my Refolutions to follow him whatever Reproaches or Sufferings should attend me, and that with great reverence and brokenness of Spirit. Howafter all this the glory of the world over-took me, and I was even ready to give up my felf unto, it, seeing no fuch

uch thing as the Primitive Spirit and Church on the Earth, and being realy to faint concerning my hope of the estitution of all things; and that it was at this time that the Lord visited ne with a certain found and testimoay of his eternal Word, through one of those the World calls a Quaker. I related to them the bitter Mockings and Scornings that fell upon me, the Displeasure of my Parents, the Invectiveness and Cruelty of the Priests, the strangeness of all my Companions, what a Sign and Wonder they made of me; but, above all, that great Cross of refifting and watching against my own Inward vain Affections and Thoughts. Here I had a fine opportunity to speak of the Mystery of Iniquity and Ungodliness in the Root and ground, and to give them an ac-count of the Power and Presence of God, which attended us in our publick Testimonies and Sufferings; after an indirect manner censuring their Weaknesses, by declaring and commending the contrary practifes a-N 4 mong

mong Friends, too large to be here related. And notwithstanding all my Sufferings and Tryals by Magistrates, Parents, Companions, and, above, all from the Priests of the false Religions in the World, the Lord hath preferved me to this day, and hath given me an hundred fold in this World, as well as the assurance of Life everlasting: Informing them of the tenderness of my Father to me before, and at his death, and how, through patience and long-fuffering, all opposition was conquered: Then beginning my Exhortation unto them, which was on this wife.

That therefore fince God had given me and them a divine Sense of him, our Eye might be to him, and not to Man, that we might come more into a silence of our selves, and a growth into that heavenly Sense. That this was the Work of the true Ministry, not to keep People to themselves, ever teachingthem, but to turn them to God, the new Covenant-teacher, and to Christothe great Gospelteacher.

teacher. Thus John did, and thought it no dishonour, that they lest him to go to Christ. Behold the Lamb of God, saith he, that taketh away the Sins of the World! And even John's Disciples left him to follow Christ: Nay, Fohn testifies of himself, That he was to decrease, and Christ was to encrease, Wherefore I prest them to have their eye to Christ that taketh away the Sin, that is from Heaven, heavenly; to fee that he increase in them. Yea, that henceforward they should know no Man after the Flesh, no, not Christ himself. That their knowledge of, and regard and fellowship one with another, would stand in the Revelation of the Son of God in them, which is God's great Prophet by whom God speaketh in these latter days: And if their Ministers be true Ministers, they will count it their glory to give way to Christ, and that they decrease, and Christ encrease; that the instrument giveth way to him that useth it, the Servant to the Lord; which though it seemeth to detract from the Mini+

Ministers, yet it was and is the glory of a true Minister, that God and Christ should be all in all, and that his Will should be fulfilled: For the day of the Lord God was come, and all People must look to him for Salvation: That all People must now come to keep God's great Sabbath, to rest from meer Man, and the Spirit of Man, and all Men's thoughts, words and works; and that if they were true Believers, they were, at least, entring into their rest. I closely recommended that to them, that they might not be of those that begin in the Spirit, and end in the Flesh; for that those that should do so, and thereby break God's Sabbath-day, should be stoned to death by the Stone which is cut out of the Mountain without hands; yea, that should fall upon them as a Milstone and grind them to Powder. Therefore let Christ have his honour, let him preach and speak among you, and in you, and you in him, and by him only to figh, groan, pray, preach, fing, and not otherwise, least Death

come

ome over you; for thereby the Apostay came in, by their going before Christ, nstead of Christ going before them. And wait in the Light and Spirit of ludgment that hath visited you, that all may be wrought out that is not orn of God, so will you come to be orn of the incorruptible Seed of the Word of God that liveth and abideth for ever. That you may be a holy Priesthood, that offers up a living Sacrifice with God's heavenly fire, that God may have his honour in you all and through you all by Christ Jesus. And turning my felf towards the Somerdikes, with a ferious and tender Spirit I thus exprest my self: That you should be Pilgrims in the Inheritance of vour Father, I have a deep and reverent sense of: O that you might dwell with him for ever, and exalt him that hath so vifited you, with whom are the Rewards of Eternal Blessedness!

So I left the bleffing and peace of Jesus among them, departing in the love and peace of God; and I must needs say, they were beyond expectation.

pectation tender and respectfull to us; all of them coming with us but the ancient A.M.S. (who is not able to walk) to the outward Door; giving us their Hands in a friendly manner, expressing their great satisfaction in our Visit; and being come by the Porch, and meeting feveral persons of the Family, I was moved to turn about, and to exhort them, in the presence of the rest, to keep to Christ, that had given them a sense of the Spirit of this World, and had raised desires in them to be delivered from it, and to know no Man after the Flesh, but to have their Fellowship in Christ, Union and Communion with God, and one with another, that all their Worship and Performances might stand in him, that he might be all in all; desiring that the Lord might keep them in his fear all the days of their appointed time, that so they might serve him in their generation in his own universal Spirit to his glory, who is bleffed for ever.

The two Pastors and the Doctor came with us a Field's length, where we took Waggon; and the chiefest of them took occasion to ask me, If the Truth rose not first amongst a poor, illiterate and simple fort of people; I told him yes, that was our comfort, and that we owed it not to the Learning of this World: Then, faid he, let not the Learning of this World be used to defend that which the Spirit of God hath brought forth; for Scholars now coming among you, will be apt to mix School-learning amongst your simpler and purer Language, and thereby obscure the brightness of the Testimony: I told him it was good for us all to have a care of our own Spirits, Words and Works, confessing what he faid had weight in it; telling him, it was our care to write and speak according to the divine Sense, and no humane Invention.

The Lord comforted my Soul in this service; yea, all that is within me magnified his holy Name, be-

cause of his blessed Presence that wa with us! O let my Soul trust in! th Lord, and confide in him for ever; (let me dwell and abide with him tha is faithfull and true, and bleffed fo ever-more! So in a very fober and ferious manner we parted, being a bout the 12th. hourat noon: This night Lippen about ten we got to Lippenhujen

where there is a little Meeting of Friends, being about 25 English Miles.

The next morning we had a blef-Month fed Meeting among Friends, many of 6. 14. the World came in, were very ferious and well-affected; one whereof was a Magistrate of the Place: The Lord pleads his own Caufe, and crowns his own Testimony with his own Power. There is like to be a fine Gathering in that place.

After Dinner we took Waggon for Gronin-the City of Groningen, where we arrived at eight at night, being about

25 English Miles.

The next morning we had a Meet-7. 15. ing among Friends of that City, whether

her reforted, both Collegiant and Calvinist Students, who behaved hemselves soberly; the Lord's Power vas over all, and his Testimony tands. When Meeting was ended, hey went out; and as I was concluling an Exhortation to Friends, came n a flock of Students to have had ome Conference with us; but having fet the time of our leaving the City, we recommended them to the Universal love of God, promising hem some Books of our Principles; with which they exprest themselves fatisfied, and civilly parted from us.

After Dinner we took Boat for Delfzyl, and came there about fix at Delfzyl.

night.

The next morning about feven we took Boat for Embden, which is a Month bout three Leagues: On Board of 1.16. that Vessel it came upon me to write a Letter to Friends in England concerning the present Separatists, and their Spirit of Separation, which hath several times been opened unto me, and

and had remained some days upon my spirit. The Letter followeth.

This came upon me in the Ship, between Delfzyl and Embden, upon the the 16th of the 7th. Month, 1677, to fend amongst you.

To Friends every where concerning the present Separatists, and their Spirit of Separation.

Friends and Brethren,

I a mighty Hand, and by an outfretched Arm, hath the Lord God everlasting gathered us to be a People, and in his own Power and Life hath he preserved us a People unto this Day; and praises be to his Eternal Name no weapon that hath yet been formed as gainst us, either from without, or from within hath prospered. Now this I say unto you, and that in his Counsel that hath visited us, whoever goeth out of the Unity with their Brethren, are first gone out of Unity with the Power and Life of God in themselves, in which the Unity of the Brethren standeth, and the least

Iember of the Body in the Unity staneth on the top of them, and hath a udgment against them, unto which Judgent of both great and small amongst the ving Family that in the Unity are prerved they must bow, hefore they can me into the Unity again; yea, this they ill readily do, if they are come into Inity with the Life and Power of God themselves, which is the holy Root, hat beareth the Tree, the Fruit and the eaves all receiving Life and Virtue om it, and thereby are nourished un-God's praise.

And let all have a care how they eaken that, or bring that under their caltation and high imagination that it revealed against: For I feel that unly Spirit is tormented under the stroke ad judgment of the Power, and in its btilty is seeking occasion against the Inruments, by whom the Power gave it orth: Let all have a care how they touch ith this Spirit in those Workings, for y being one with this Spirit in judging hose that have been faithful, according the Gift of Wisdom they have recei-

wed from God, they will feed it and for tifie it, and in the end come to be on with them against the power it self, and at last run out and become open Enemie. and Despisers, for whom is reserved the blackness and darkness for ever.

Wherefore all that labour for the Refloration of those that are out of Unit with the Brethren, let them be such a are of a sound mind themselves; Else. What will they gather from? Or, What will they gather to? And let them labour in the Simplicity, Integrity, Love and Zeal of the Power that first gathered us to God. For that which is rightly gotten will endure, but that which is obtained by the Contrivance, Interest and Perswashons of Men, getteth no farther than Man, and is of the Flesh, and what is of the Flesh is sleshly, and shake never inherit the Kingdom of God.

Therefore let none look out of the Seed for help, for all Power is in it, and there the true Light and Judgment stand for ever; and that Seed hath God ordained to bruise the Serpent's head. They that would save it, and those that would bruis.

by any other thing, are Breakers of od's great Ordinance, and fly to Egypt For this David, the Striping, that shall be too hard for Goliali be Giant, and that not by Saul's Aryour, but with God's living littlestone ut out of the Mountains without hands, ithout Man's Invention and Contriance. O this bath wrought all our nighty Works in us, and for us to this ay! Wherefore let us be still, and trust nd confide therein for ever. Let none ook back, faint or confult, for if they o, they will darken their pure eye, and ose their way, and into the Eternal Rest of the Flocks of the Companions will ever come.

Brethren, the Judgment given forth gainst this Spirit (and all those that ave resisted our love and forbearance hat are joined to it) must stand, and all that are out of Unity with the Judgment are judged by it; therefore as all yould stand before the Lord, and his People, let not this Spirit be reasoned withal; enter not into Proposals and Arricles with it, but feed it with Judgment.

ment, that is God's Decree, so may the Souls that are deceived come by the righ Door into the heavenly Unity. My Bre thren, look forwards, and lift up you Eyes, for the Fields are even white un to harvest up and down the Nations, re member the great Name of the Lord and behold the great Work that he is do ing before all People; whose saving healts is visiting the World, and whose eternal Word and Testament must from us g forth to gather the Nations; let that that will be unjust, be unjust still, let the Dead bury the Dead, to whose appearance the King and Kingdom of the Gentiles shall bring their glory: Let us al who have received the Gift from God wait in deep humility, to be raised up and impowered by him more and more to eye and prosecute his universal Service in the World; which noble Work had those that are gone into the Sepation but laid deeply to heart, they would never have sat at home murmuring, fret. ting and quarrelling against the comely and godly Order and Practice of their Brethren: But Love, Peace and Joy haa filled

filled their hearts, and not the troubler and accuser of the Brethren; who hath opened an evil Eye in them, and begotten them into a discontented self-separating mind, and this Image they bear, and the pure Eye sees it. O let none tempt the Lord! let none provoke the eye of his jealouse; let us all dwell in that divine sense, that he hath begotten in us: Where our love as a fresh and pure stream will always flow to God and one another. Here all his ways are pleasantness, and all his paths are peace; for where he keepeth the House who is Prince of Peace, he will keep all in his heavenly peace. We are but as one Family, and therefore we have but one Lord and Master, we are but as one Flock, and we have but one heavenly Shepherd to hear, who goeth before us, and giveth us eternal like to follow him: And if any are offended in him or in his, it is their own fault; if faint and grow weary we are truly sorry, if through unwatchfulness the Enemy hath enter'd, begotten coldness to the Brethren, and carelessness of embracing the opportunity by which the Unity is renewed and increa-

sed, so that what's done by the Brethren without them, is lookt upon, first with a Sleight eye, and then with an evil eye, which begets distance, and this distance in a time separation, and separation continueth enmity, and this enmity death it self: We are in our Spirits truly griev'd for them, however the Judgments of God must stand against them, and that Spirit which leadeth them, in which they gather not to God but to themselves, and woe to there, that strengthen their bands and despise counsel, they will have much to answer for before the Lord. I feel a Slighting, Scornful, laughing Spirit often flying at me with its venemous Sting, but the Seed of Life is over it, and the Lord God will destroy it. Wherefore Friends, in all places where the Spirit hath entrance keep sound Judgment upon it, if you will keep your Garments clean, and enter not into Disputes and Contests with it, tis that it seeketh and loveth; but go on in your Testimony and bufiness for the Lord, in the Lord's peaceable Power and Spirit, and his blessing and presence of Life shall be with you, and

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and in multiplying he shall multiply you, for no good will he withhold from you, we can say it of a truth, God is good to Israel, and to all that are of an upright heart. And let us he of good chear, for 'tis God's determination, that the House of David shall grow stronger and stronger, and his Branch shall encrease and spread, and of his Government, Kingdom and Dominion there shall be no end.

Your faithful Friend and Brother in the fervice of our dear Lord

God's bleffed work encreafeth and prospereth in these Lands, magnified be his everlasting Name.

W. P.

From on Board the Passage, between Delfzyl and Embden, 16. of 7th. Month, 1677.

We arrived at *Embden* about the *Embden*.

11th hour. This is the City, where
Friends have been so bitterly and barbarously used, the like hath scarcely been known in any place, where Truth hath broke forth in our day, they having here been banished some 30, and some 40 times and above. The first

first Family that received truth in this City was Doctor John William Haef. baert and his Wife, at whose house also the first Meeting was set up a mong Friends to wait upon the Lord by way of publick Testimony: they are now both Dead, but the Memory of their Fidelity is a precious Oint. ment among the Righteous; they were with me at a Meeting fix years ago in this City, and I remember the power had that operation upon them, that I faid to B F, and T R, then with me, it will not be long before they will publickly own and bear testimony in this place; and about three months after he came forth, and the about a year after him; and from their fidelity and integrity, notwith-standing all the fore and bitter tempest of Persecution, a fine Meeting sprang, but at this day they are scattered, being still fent away as fast as they return! We visited his Mother's Family, where we found three of his Sisters in the love of Truth, his fourth Sifter being also a Friend, and is Wife

Wife of John Claus living at Amsterdam. We had a little sweet comfortable Meeting with them. After it, returning to my lodging, as I was writing to Doctor Andrews, President of the Counsel of State (who is reported to have been the Author of this cruelty to our Friends) a burden came upon me, my writing would not serve turn, but I must go my self, and in the fear and name of the Lord to plead the innocent and fuffering cause of our Friends with him: So away we went to his house, he was at first astonished to see what manner of Men we were; but after a little time he comported himself with more kindness than we expected at his hand: I askt him if He and the Senate had not received a Letter in Latine from an English-man about two years fince concerning their Severity towards the People called Quakers? He told me he had: I replyed, I was the Man, and I was constrained in Conscience to visit him on their behalf; and I could not fee how he,

being a Common-wealth's-man and a Protestant, could persecute; I plead ed with the Unnaturalness, the Inchristianity and Imprudence of such proceedings, and prest our Reasons earnestly, but tenderly upon him he affaulted us with several Objections, but, biefled be the Lord, they were mostly fictitious, and therefore eafily removed and answered: He also promised me, That if I would write to the Senate a Remonstrance of the Case of our Friends, and express my Request therein, and inclose it to him, he would both present it and get it to be read, and make it appear, that he was not so much our enemy as we lookt upon him to be: I promised to send him some Books containing a Defence of our Principles, which were accordingly put into the hands of Eliza. Haesbert to deliver him in my name. Having taken our leave of the Old Woman and her Daughters, and a Man-friend residing in that City, and left the bleffings and peace of our God amongst them.

We took Ship for Lier, where we rrived the next morning; thence we ook Waggon for Bremen, where we Bremen. ame fafe, through the Lord's goodess the next day, where we met our Friends and Companions G. Keith nd B. Burly, who were come hither ome hours before us from Amsterlam. In this City there is a work of the Lord begun, though yet obcurely: We had a travel upon our pirits, that the bleffed and precious Truth of our dear Lord and Master night find a place to rest its foot ipon; to that purpose we wrote to wo Ministers under some Suffering rom their Brethren, because of their great zeal against the formality and leadness of the so called reformed Churches: This we fent by a Merchant, who we formerly met at Herverden: With some difficulty we got to them, but the person chiefly struck it was shy to speak with us, his reaon was this, it was known that we were in Town, and it was one of the occusations against him, that he was

Lier. 17th. 7th: Month. 3. 18.

a Fosterer of all the strange Religions that came through the Town: Also he was then actually under Process, and that the People that had heard of the innocency of his cause conceived a prejudice against our Name, though it might be without cause; he could not at present confer with us, and faid he was forry for it with all his heart, but what we should fay to his Brother should be the same as if it been faid to him, to whom he referred us, however I took hold of his Arm and faid, I have this Message to deliver to thee, that I may disburden my felf before the Lord, which was this: Mind that which hath touched thy heart, let that guide thee, do not thou order that, confult not with Flesh and Blood, how to maintain that cause, which Flesh and Blood in thy enemies perfecuteth thee for. He answered, rather than I will betray that cause or desert Christ, by Gods strength they shall pull my flesh of my bones: So he left us in his house, and truely we had a good time with his ComCompanion the other Minister about three hours testifying unto him, that the day was come and coming in which the Lord would gather out of all Sects (that stand in the oldness of the Letter) into his own Holy Spirit, Life and Power, and in this the Unity of Faith and Bond of Peace should stand, and therefore that he and all of them should have an eye to the principle of God, that being turned to that, they might speak from it, and that therein they would Glorifie God and be edified. So we parted leaving the man in a fensible and favoury frame. We visited the Merchant twice and had a very good time with him, the man is of a loving and simple Spirit, and the Love of God opened our hearts to him often.

We also visited Doctor Johan Sophrony Cozack, an odd Compositum of a man, he had great and strange openings, he hath writ several hundred tracts, some of them are now printed at Amsterdam, he is a great enemy to the Priests, and in society with none,

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of a merry yet of a rough disposition, without any method or decency in his Cloaths, Food, Furniture and Entertainments; he wants but three of fourscore, yet of a wonderful Vigor and pregnancy, we were twice with him, and we have reason to think he was as loving to us as to any body, and truly he did show at parting some serious and hearty kindness; but we could fasten little upon him as to God's Power, or any inward sense of us or our testimony, yet we had little to object against what we had said, nay, some things were very extraordinary.

From him we went to Doctor Belingham, an English Physitian a man of a lowly and tender spirit, who received us in much love, lamenting when we left him, that he had no more time with us. At the Inn we had frequent opportunity to declare the way of Truth, and we must needs say, we were heard with patience and Sobriety, particularly of a Doctor of Law who lodged at the house, and an ancient Man of Kiel in Holstein, we left

left Books amongst them all, and in the Love and Fear of God we took our leave of them on the fifth day after dinner, and begun our journey 7th. North. Princess, where we arrived on the Se-den. venth day in the morning every way 7. 22. well, through the Mercies of the Lord. We fent to inform her of our arrival, and to know what hour it would be convenient for us to visit her, who returned us this answer, that being then imployed in the business of her Government, it would be the 2d. hour in the afternoon before she could be at leafure. The time being come we went to visit her, and found her and the Countess ready to receive us, which they did with much love and tenderness: I observed them to be much lower than ever, and that our former bleffed opportunities had had a bleffed effect upon them. That afternoon was imployed in the narrative of our travels, which they heard with great attention and refreshment, the whole discourse ended with a precious little

meeting

meeting. The house being clear o Strangers, they both earnestly press us to sup with them, which being not well able to decline we fubmitted to At Supper the Power of the Lord came upon me, and it was a true fupper to us, for the hidden Manna was manifested amongst us, yea a bleffed Meeting it proved to us : O the reverent tenderness and lowly frame of Spirit that appeared this Evening both in the Princess and Countess. The French-woman we found greatly improved both in her Love and Underflanding, yea, she is very zealous and very broken, she was always with us on these occasions. After supper we returned to the Princesse's Chamber, where we stayed till it was about 10. at Night, at parting I defired the Princess would give us such another opportunity next day, being the first day of the Week, as we had the last time we were with her; she answered me, With all my heart, But will ye not come in the Morning too? I replied, Tes willingly, What time wilt thou be ready to receive us, she answered, at 7.

About 7 the next Morning we came, about eight the Meeting began and held till Eleven, several Persons of the City, as well as those of her own Fanily being present, The Lord's powr very much affected them, and the Countess was twice much broken as we spoke. After the People were zone out of the Chamber, it lay upon ne from the Lord to speak to them wo, the Princess and the Countess, vith respect to their particular conlitions, occasioned by these Words rom the Countess; I am fully conninc'd, but O my Sins are great. Whilst was speaking, the glorious Power of the Lord wonderfully rose, yea, aser an awful manner, and had a deep ntrance upon their Spirits, especialy the Countesse's, that she was broten to pieces, God hath raised, and hope fixt his own Testimony in hem.

7th. Months 8. 23:

We returned to our Inn, and after inner we came back to the fecond feeting on that day, which began bout the fecond Hour in the after-

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noon

noon: And truly the Reverent, Bleffed, Sure Word of Life was divided aright, the precious sense of Truth was raised in the Meeting; There came more of the City than in the morning, and we were much comforted in the Lord's power that was with us. For the Truth had passage, and the hungry were fatisfied, and the fimple-hearted deeply affected: This day at both Meetings was one of the Princess's Women, that never was at Meeting before, and she (though very shy of us the last time) became tender and loving to us, she was truly reacht. O, magnified be the Name of the Lord, whose presence was with us, and whose arm stood by us. After Meeting the Princess prest us to stay and sup with her, pleading the quietness of the Family, and that they were alone; At Supper (as the night before) it was upon me to commemorate the Goodness of the Lord, his daily Providences, and how pretious. he is in the Covenant of Light to the dear Children, and Followers of the Light.

Light. Great was the reverence and tenderness that was upon the Spirits of both Princels and Countels at that instant. After Supper we returned to the Princess's Chamber, where we spent the rest of our time in holy silence or discourse, till about the tenth hour, and then we repaired to our

Next morning about eight we re- 2.24 urned to the Court, where the Prines and Countess were ready to rezeive us. The morning was imployed in very, ferious Conference, relaring to the affairs, practice and fufferings of Friends in England, with which they feemed greatly affected: When about the Eleventh Hour a ratling of Coach interrupted us. The Couness immediately stept out to see what was the matter, and returned with a countenance somewhat uneasie, teling us, that the young Princes, Nebhews to the Princess and the Graef of Donaw, were come to visit her; ipon which I told them, we should withdraw, and return to our Lodg-

ing; but intreated, that for as much as we were to depart that night with the Post-Waggon, we might not be disappointed of a farewell Meeting with them; and the rather, for that I had a great burden upon my Spirit, which they readily complied with, telling me, these persons would onely dine and be gone. As we went to the door, the Countess stept before us, and opened it for us; and as I past by, she lookt upon me with a weighty countenance, and fetcht a deep figh, crying out, O the cumber and entanglements of this vain World! they hinder all good; Upon which I replied, looking her steadfastly in the face, O come thou out of them then.

After we had dined in our Lodging, fomething being upon me to write to the Professors of that Country, I went up to my Chamber that I might be the more retired; just as I was about the conclusion of the Paper, cometh the Steward of the House to the Princess, with this Mes-

fage, That the Princess intreated us to come to her, for the Graef of Denaw had a great desire to see us, and to speak with us; this brought a fresh Weight and Exercise upon us; but committing all to the Lord, and casting our care upon him, we went.

Being arrived, the Graef approacheth us in French; at first took no great notice of our inceremonious behaviour, but proceeded to inquire of us our fuccess in our Journey, and what we found answering our Journey and Inclinations. Then we fell to points of Religion, and the Nature and End of true Christianity, and what was the way that leadeth to the Eternal Rest. After some short debate about compleat fatisfaction in this life, we both agreed that Selfdenial, Mortification and Victory was the Duty, and ought to be the endeavour of every fincere Christian.

From this I fell to give him some account of my Retreat from the World, and the inducements I had thereto, and the necessity of an inward work,

P 3 with

with which he feemed much pleafed After this he fell to the Hat, &c. Thi choaketh; and the rather, because i telleth tales; it telleth what people are; it marketh Men for Separatists it's blowing a Trumpet, and vifibly croffing the World, and that the feat of Man (greatly prevalent with too many ferious people in that Land cannot abide, starteth at, and runneth away from him; howbeit the Lord enabled me to open the thing to him, as that it was no plant of God's planting, but a weed of Degeneracy and Apostacy, a carnal and earthly Honour, the effect, feeder and pleaser of pride and of a vain mind, that no advantage redounded to mankind by it; and how could they that ought to do all to the glory of God, use that vain and unprofitable custom, which cannot be done to the glory of God. I intreated him ferioully to confider with himself the rise and end of it, whence it came, whom it pleased, and what that was that was angry that it had it not? I alfo

alfo told him of the fincere and ferviceable respect which Truth substituteth in place thereof, and exhorted him to Simplicity and Poverty of Spirit, to believe that Jesus he professed to be his Saviour, whose outside as well as Doctrine pleased not the Jews, and fo we parted; he took his leave of the Princess, and then of

us with great Civility.

After he was gone, the Princels desired us to withdraw to her Chamber, and there we began our farewell Meeting; the thing lay weighty upon me, and that in the deep dread of the Lord: and eternally magnified be the Name of the Lord that overshaddowed us with his Glory; his heavenly, breaking, dissolving Power richly flowed amongst us, and his ministring Angel of Life was in the midst of us : Let my Soul never forget the Divine Sense that overwhelmed all, at that bleffed farewell I took of them much opened in me of the Hour of Christ's Temptation, his Watchfulness, Perseverance and P 4 Victory: Victory: about the ten Virgins, what the true Virgin was, the true Oyl and Lamp; what the Bridegroom, his Door, Chamber and Supper: and in conclusion, that torrent of heavenly melting Love that we were all deeply affected; I fell on my Knees, recommending them unto the Lord, crying with strong Cries for their Preservation, and beseeched the Lord's Presence with us, and so ended.

After some pause, I went to the Princess and took her by the hand, which she received and embraced with great figns of a weighty kindness, being much broken, I spoke a few words apart to her, and left the Blessing and Peace of Jesus with and upon her. Then I went to the Countess, and left a particular Exhortation with her, who fervently befeeched me to remember and implore the Lord on her behalf. From her I went to the French-woman, and bid her be faithful and constant to that which she knew; she was exceedingly broken.

ken, and took an affectionate and reverent Leave of us.

Then I spoke to the rest, and took leave severally of them; my Companions did all the like. They sollowed us to the outward Room, and there it was upon me to step to the Countess, and once more to speak to her and take my leave of her, which she received and returned with great Sense, Humility and Love. So turning to them all, my Heart and Eye to the Lord, I prayed that the Fear, Presence, Love and Life of God, with all heavenly Blessings, might descend and rest with and upon them then and for ever.

Home we went for our Lodging, 7th. Month. clear'd the House, exhorted the Fa-3. 25. mily, left Books, and then took 4. 26. Waggon for Wesel about 200 English Miles from Herwerden, we rid three Nights and Days without lying down on a Bed, or sleeping, otherwise than in the Waggon, which was only covered with an old ragged Sheet; the Company we had with

us made Twelve in number, which much streightned us; they were often, if not always Vain, yea, in their re-ligious Songs, which is the fashion of that Country, especially by Night, they call them Luther's Songs, and fometimes Pfalms: We were forced often to reprove and testify against their Hypocrify, to be full of all vain and often prophane Talk one hour, and fing Pfalms to God the next; we shewed them the Deceit and Abomination of it. We passed through feveral great Towns by the way, as Lipstad, Ham, &c. many Discourses we had of Truth, and the Religion and Worship that was truly Christian, and all was very well; they bore what we faid. But one thing was remarkable that may not be omitted. I had not been fix hours in the Waggon, before an heavy weight and unusual oppression fell upon me, yea, it weighed me almost to the Grave, that I could almost say, My Soul was sad even unto Death; I knew not at present the Ground of this

this Exercise, it remained about 24 hours upon me; then it opened in me that it was a travel for the Seed, that it might arise over all in them I had left behind, and that nothing might be loft but the Son of Perdition. O the strong Cries and deep Agonies, many Tears and sincere bowings and humblings of Soul before the Lord, that this holy fense which was raifed in them, might be preserved alive in them, and they for ever in it, that they might grow and spread as heavenly Plants of Righteoufness to the glory of the Name of the Lord.

The Narrative from the 27th of the 7th Month inclusive, to the 10th of the 8th Month exclusive, is inserted in the following Letter to the Countess of *Hornes*, beginning in P. 220. and ending with P. 244.

Deplete district Synan

For Anna Maria de Hornes, st led Countess of Hornes, s Herwerden in Germany.

My dear Friend,

That thou mayest for ever dwel in the sweet and tender Sense o that divine Love and Life which hat visited thy Soul, affected and overcome thy heart: O tell me, hath it not some times raised thy Spirit above the World and fill'd thee with fervent and passo. nate desires, yea, holy resolution to follow Jesus thy blessed Saviour; who hath given his most precious Blood for Thee, that thou shouldest not live to thy self, but to him that hath so dearly purchased thee. Othe Retired, Humble, Reverent Frame that I have beheld thee in, when this blessed life hath drawn thee into it Self, and adorned and seasoned thee with its own heavenly Vertue; beautifying thy very Countenance beyond all the vain and foolish Ornaments of the wanton Daughters of Sodom and Egypt, (for therein are Charms not known to the Chilhildren of this World) O that this ho-, and chast Life may be always pretious ith thee, and that thou mayest be for ver chastly kept in the Love and Fellowhip of it: That out of this World's naure, spirit and practice thou mayest be edeemed by him who is the Way, the ruth and the Life, who as thou watch-It with thy holy vigilance will not only aily manifest the Devices of the Enemy o thee, but save thee from him. For hrist's work in thee is thy sanctificatin, as it is in him his Father's Will, as e said of old to his Disciples, This is he Will of God even your Sanctificaion. O my dearly beloved Friend! be edfast, immoveable, without wavering, nd work out thy great Salvation with ear and trembling, and lose not that weet and precious Sense that the Lord rath begotten in thee, it is soon lost, at east weakened, but hard to recover, vherefore let not the Spirit of the World n any of its appearances, vain Company, innecessary Discourse or Words, or worldy Affairs prevail upon the civility of thy Nature,; for they will oppress the inno-

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cent Life, and bring grievous weights and burdens upon thy Soul, and prolong the coming of the Lord, whom thou lookeft for; and put the Day of thy Redemption a far off. O beware of this compliance! Let me put thee in mind of that sensible resolution so frequently and so passionately repeated, Il faut que je rompe, Il faut que je rompe. Ah this speaketh a weight, this weight a sense, and this sense a strong Conviction. Now be assured, that till Obedience be yielded to that present manifestation and conviction, the good things desired and thirsted after can never be Enjoyed.

Wherefore, my dear Friend, be faithful, and watch against the Workings of the Spirit of this World in thy self; that the Nature and Image of it in all things may be crucified, that thou mayst know an entire Translation with holy Enoch, and walk with God. Jesus the holy Light, is this Cross and Power of God, that killeth and maketh alive, and he is the heavenly Vine too, if thou abidest in him, thou wilt bring forth fruit, but if thou abidest not in him, thou wilt not bring

ing forth that fruit, in which his heaenly Father only can be glorified. e what the mind dayly abideth in. O y Soul is even ravisht with the sence that holy and quiet habitation. In e, saith he, you shall have peace, but the World trouble, however be of ood cheer I have overcome the orld, I am not of the World: as if bad Said, I am not of the Worlds ways, orships, Customs nor Fashions, for what, er is of the nature and spirit of this orld hath no part in me, and as I am t of this World, neither are you of this rld, for I have chosen you out of the rld, out of the invention, out of the rships and fashions, of the world; you e to leave them-all, to come out of em all, and live and walk as Pilims in the world, that is Strangers: what? To the life and practice of the orld, not using but renouncing the vain stoms and Ceremonies, yea, the whole nversation of the World, remembring it the friendship of this World is Enty with God, and what if the World e you, it hated me first, and the Dis-

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ciple is not greater than his Master, not the Servant than his Lord; if you were of the World, the World would love you and not reproach and persecute you; for the World loveth its own. O my dear Friend, mayst thou be perfectly sensible what it is not to be of this World. But there is yet a farther mystery in these Words, not discerned even of many, in whom some tenderness and inquiry is begotten, much less of the worldly Christians. This World hath a false Earth and a false Heaven, a false Foundation, and a false Ioy; not only gross Wickedness, but Iniquity in a Mystery inwardly and outwardly. The Whore, false Prophet and Dragon, and all their Offspring are here concerned: This is their World, that must be burnt with fire, that Christ is not of, nor his true Disciples. O the Light of Jesus discovereth it! And he is that spiritual Solomon that giveth true judgment, and that saveth the living Child, the true Birth, giving it to the right Mother, and not to the false pretender. And all that hear his voice and follow him, shall receive receive true Light, discerning and Judgment, to whom all Judgment is given: They shall know his Voice from Man's.

There are two Trees of differing Natures that have contrary Fruits and Leaves, the one is the Tree of Life, that is Christ, the other the Tree of Death, and that is Satan, the fruit of the one iveth life, the fruit of the other bringth Death; the leaves of the first Heal, he leaves of the last Poison, many that liscern the Tree cannot clearly distinuish the Branches: And those that see nany Arms and Branches cannot distinctv behold the fruit, much less the leaves, bis cometh by the gradual Discoveries nd Revelations of the Light of Jesus, be Word of God, as it is daily received, nd daily obeyed; yea, and that Word the Ax and Sword of the Almighty to it it down, daily feel the strokes of this ernal searching Light and Word at the ery root of this corrupt Tree, this evil one, ed his corrupt Nature, Works and Effects, r which end Jesus Christ is come, and erefore is called a Saviour, which is tle known in truth to the Christians of. this

this World. Ah, my dear Friend, tho knowest this Word, yea, thou hast fee it, O hide it in thy heart! Treasure i up it up in thy Soul and love it, and a bide with it for ever. Alas! Whethe shouldst thougo? This hath, and is the the Word of Eternal Life, daily there fore watch and wait that thou mayest b grafted more and more into it, that tho mayest live and grow by the virtue and life of it, and that it may grow in th heart, as it grew among the first Chri Stians, the holy followers of the persecu ted Jesus; and when it searcheth th Wound, and cutteth away thy dead flesh yea, when it separateth between the Sou and the Spirit of this World, and divi deth between Joints and Marrow, whe it cutteth off the right hand, and pluck eth out the right eye. O watch unt Prayer, and pray that thou mayest en dure! O keep the holy patience of thi pure and living Word, and this ver Word will keep thee in the hour of th sharpest Trials and sorest Tribulations O all virtue is in it! O'tis a trie. Word, a sure resuge, the Staff and strengti f the Righteeus in all Ages. 'Twas David's Teacher and Buckler, a Light o his feet, and a Lanthorn to his Paths; Walk thou in the Light thereof, and thou shalt not sumble; in this word is life, as in the root, and this life is the Light of Men: They that receive and love the Light of it; will therein receive divine Lije from it to live to God, this is the bread of God; that cometh from God, and feedeth and leadeth up to God, by this only that which is born of God liveth; and is nourished; this is that Carcass to which the wife Eagles gather, see thou gatherest to no other, nor feedest on no other. This is that hidden Manna that cometh from heaven that feedeth God's Israel; the World hath a Manna but it perisheth, but this endureth for ever, for 'tis not of Man nor from Man but immortal and from God, kid from the knowledge of all the vain Christians in the World: So that the Israel of God can say to the Children of this World, and that in Truth and Righteousness, we have a Bread you know not of. For this Manna wait daily that thou mayst be Q 2 Strength:

strengthened in thy wilderness-travel to the Land of Eternal Rest. Wherefore labour not for the Bread that perisheth that is the Bread of Man's inventing and making, which cometh from below, and profiteth not, because it giveth not life eternal. But labour thou (my dear Friend) for the Bread that never perisheth, that endureth for ever, and that giveth life eternal to all that feed upon it. O cast thy care upon this Word, love it, and dwell with it, wait daily upon it, kear its Voice only and follow it, for it bringeth the Soul to the eternal Habitation of rest and glory. Tea, when all Flesh wither, and the beauty thereof fade away, this Word, and they that are grafted in shall abide for ever. O that this may be thy choice, and it shall be thy Diadem, and thy Eternal Crown and Glory.

These are the servent desires, and these the daily prayers of my Soul to the God of my Salvation for thee, not only that nothing in thee may be lost besides the Son of Perdition: But that thou mays cast off every weight and burden,

and that Sin that doth so, easily be-set thee, that grieveth, boweth and oppresseth thee: Under the heavy weight of which thou groanest and sighest that the Redeemer would come from Zion to deliver thee. O give not heed to the Enemy, the false accuser, that seeketh to devour that which is begotten of God in thee, neither look upon thy own Sins, Burdens, or Weaknesses, but lift up thy bead and look to Jesus, the Author of thy bleffed Visitatiou, and wholly hunger and thirst after him, the spiritual brazen Serpent that healeth and relievth all that in Faith and full Assurance ook to him. Want of looking to him, pearing and obeying him, and having rue faith in him, is the cause both of ell the Presumption and Despair that are t this day. He did no mighty things f old in those places where they believed not. O faint not, look not back, renember the holy Ancients, the holy Pilrims of Faith, the Royal Generation of Heaven, Heb. 11. Thou believest in iod, believe also in him for the Work's ake that he has already wrought in thee:

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He will minister to thee, as he was ministred unto by his Father's Angel in the Hour of his Abasement and great Temptation. O watch and he faithful, and thou shalt he a noble Witness for the Lord.

Once more let me expostulate with thee, would thou overcome the Enemies of thy Soul's peace, and enjoy the delightful presence of the Lord with thee, then keep nothing back, let nothing be withheld that be calleth for, remember that Saul of old lost his Kingdom, for keeping that alive, which he should have Slain: Thou knowest what befel Ananias and Saphira outwardly. But be thou like the poor Widow of old, that theres fore gave more into the Treasury than all the rest, because they referved the greatest part to themselves, but she gave all she had. O blessed are they that make no Bargains for themselves, that have no referves for Self, neither confult with Flesh and Blood, nor in any Sense conform to the least Ceremony which is born of them: But that submit their Wills in all things to the Lord's, that they they may be made perfect through Sufferings as Christ was. Read me in the mystery of Life, I speak not of deserting or flinging away all outward Substance, but that thy Heart may reign above all Visibles, and make God its Treasure, and never rest in any thing of this lower World, or short of Christ the Eternal Rest of all the Seed of Faith.

Here beginneth the Narrative.

Wesel on the fift day after we Month. left Herwerden, having some Service Wesel. by the way: At Wesel we had a good time with Dr. Schuler and Rosendale, and the Woman we mentioned to thee, but the Taylor was shy and fearful of coming to us at the Doctor's.

The next day we went towards 28th.

Duysburgh, we visited the Schult or Duysburgh.

Chief Governour that Night, whom we found at home, he received us with much Kindness. His Wife and Sifter.

Sister, we fear, have been shaken in their good belief of our Testimony, fince we were last there, some Fowls of the Air have devoured the Seed that was fown. O that sweet and tender frame in which we left them the time before! however the entrance we had upon the Spirit of the Schult, a little consolated us. Hence we fent Maria, Martha's Friend, a Letter, defiring him to let us have his Answer the next Night at Dusteldorp, inclosed to Neander, when and where we might fee him, either at Dusseldorp, Mulheim, or Duysburgh, and if it were possible, we would gladly visit the Countess of Bruch.

29th. Dusseldorp.

We got early to Dusseldorp, next day, being the last day of the Week: but Neander was gone to Mulkeim, in order to Preach on the Morrow; so that we were disappointed of our Intelligence.

8. 30. Geulen.

Next Morning we went towards Ceulen, and there arrived that Evening.

The next day we had a good opportunity with van Durando and Docemius at the House of the latter, Duseldorp. and that Afternoon took Boat for Duffeldorp. Where arriving next Morning we presently sent for Neander, who came to us, and three more in company; we had a bleffed meeting with them, and one of the three that came with him, our Souls were exeedingly affected with. The Meetng done, they went away, but Neinder returned, and first of our Leter to Mulheim, we found by him as also at our return to Duysburgh) hat Kuper was so far from endeaouring our visit to the Countess, hat he would not meet us himself either at Dusseldorp, Mullheim, nor Duysburgh: nay, it did not please im to fend us an Answer, much less ny the least Salutation, I confess it rieved us. Now for Neander, the Toung Man hath a Zeal for God, nd there is a Visitation upon him, ny Soul defireth that it may not be reffectual: but I have a great fear

upon me, for this I know certainly from the Lord God that liveth for ever, and I have a Cloud of Witnesses to my Brethren, that Retire. ment and Silence before God, is the alone way for him to feel the heavenly gift to arise, and come fortl pure and unmixt; this only car preach for God, pray to God, and beget People to God, and nothing else. But alas, his office in that Fa mily is quite another thing; namel to perform Set Duties of fixt times Pray, Preach, and Sing, and that i the way of the World's Appoint ments. His very office is Babylonish namely, a Chaplain; for 'tis a Popil Invention: In the good old time Godly Abraham that was a Princ and Joshua a great General, and D vid a King, with many more, i structed their Families in the know ledge and fear of God: But no People are too Idle or too Gre to pray for themselves, and so the worship God by Proxy. How c a Minister of the Gospel be at t be beck of any Mortal living, or give his Soul and Conscience to the time and appointment of another? the thing in it felf is utterly wrong, and against the very Nature and Worship of the new and everlasting Covenant. You had better meet to read the Scriptures, the Book of Martyrs, &c. if you cannot fit and wait in filence upon the Lord, till his Angel move upon your Hearts, than to uphold fuch a formal, limited and ceremonious Worship: this is not the Way out of Babylon. And I have a deep fense upon my Soul, that if the Young Man strive beyond the talent God hath given him to answer his Office and fill up his Place, and wait not for the pure and living Word of God in his Heart to open his Mouth, but either studieth for his Sermons or speaketh his own Words, he will be utterly ruined. Wherefore, O Dear Friend, have a care thou art no Snare to him, nor he to thee: Man's Works smother and stifle the true life of Christ, what have you to do but

to look to Jesus the Author of the holy defires that are in you, who himself hath visited you, tempt not the Lord, provoke not God, what should any Man Preach from, but Christ? and what should he Preach people too, but Christ in them the hope of Glory? Consider nothing feedeth, that which is born of God, but that which cometh down from God, even the Bread of God which is the Son of God, which giveth his life for the World, feel it and feed on it, let none mock God nor grieve his eternal Spirit that is come to feal them up from the mouth of Man that hath deceived them: that Jesus the anointing may teach them and abide with them for ever. Be stedfast and immoveable, and this will draw the Young Man near to the Lord, and empty him of himself and purge away mixtures, and then you will all come to the Divine Silence: and when all Flesh is filent before the Lord, then is it the Lord's time to Speak, and if you will hear your your Souls shall live. O my Soul is in great pain, that you may be all chastly preserved in that divine Sense begotten in your Hearts by the eternal Word of God that abideth for ever, that nothing may ever be able to extinguish it. But more especially thou, my Dear Friend, mayest be kept in faithfulness: for the Lord is come very near to thee and thou must begin the Work, the Lord God expecteth it at thy hand: if one Sheep reak through the rest will follow; vherefore watch, O watch, that thou nay'ft be strengthned and confirmed, nd strengthen all that is begotten of God in that Family, by thy weighty, avoury and circumspect life. O how s my Soul affected with thy present ondition! it is the fervent Suppliation of my heart, that thou may'ft hrough the daily obedience of the Cross of Jesus, conquer and shine s a bright and glorious Star in he Firmament of God's eternal lingdom: So let it be, Lord Jesus. Imen.

We

We tenderly, yet freely spoke our hearts to him before we parted, which done, in God's love we took our leave of him and Dusseldorp, Duysburgh and got that Night to Duysburgh being the third Day of the Week We first visited Dr. Mastricht, a Mar of a good natural Temper, but a rigid Calvinist. I perceived by him that they held a Consultation abou feeing us at Bruch; but they al concluded, it was best to decline meeting with us, because of the Graef, he being ready to fling ou Name in reproach upon them is his displeasure, and this would con firm him in his Jealousies of them This might excuse the Countess but by no means Kuper, and if had any sense, Mastricht was ther with them, upon design to frustrat the hopes we had conceived c meeting with her. We from tha descended to other things of weight and in love and peace parted.

From his House we returned to our Inn, and after Supper we vi

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ited the Schult, who with much civility and some tenderness received us: his Sister also came to us, and we had a good little Meeting with them, and our God was with us, and his pure and tender life appeaed for our Justification, and pleaded our innocent Cause in their Consciences, and so we parted with them, leaving our Master's Peace

amongst them.

The next day we came to Wefel, being the 4th day, where we under-Good by Dr. Schuler that thy Sister Wesel. defired, that we would be so kind as to fee her when we returned; upon that we went and visited her, she received us very kindly. Thy Brother in Law's two Sisters were present, we stayed with them at least two Hours. Many Questions she put to me, which I was glad to have an Opportunity to Answer, for it made way for a Meeting; she intreated us to come again if we stayed, and told us, our Visit was very grateful to her;

adding, That because we past her by the last time, she concluded with herself we had no hopes of her; with more to that effect. From thence we went to Dr. Schuler's, who freely offered us his House for a Meeting next day; and indeed, the Man is bold after his manner.

The next day about Seven, I writ a Billiet in French to thy Sister, to inform her of the Meeting to begin about Eight. She came and her two Sisters with her, there was Rofendale, Colonel Copius and his Wife, and about three or four more, and to our great Joy the Lord Almighty was with us, and his holy Power reached their Hearts, and the Doctor and Copius confessed to our Testimony.

The Meeting lasted about three Hours, being done, we took our leave of them in the Spirit of Jefus, and so returned to our Inn. The Taylor all this while asraid of coming to our Inn, or to the

Doctor's

coctor's to the Meeting: great ears have overtaken him, and the oor Man liveth but in a dry and: After Dinner, we visited Cocus and Rosendale, and at Copius's the had a blessed broken Meeting, e, his Wife, Rosendale, his Wife, and another Woman (Wife to one of Willick's Brother) present, they were extreamly affected and overcome by the Power of the Lord, was like one of our Herwerden Meetings; indeed, much Tenderness was upon all their Spirits.

This done, and having left Books oth there and with thy Sifter, we left Wefel with Hearts full of Joy and Peace: and let me fay this, that more kindness, more openness, we have scarcely found in all our travels. O that this blessed Sense hay dwell with them. A Seed there is in that place God will gather; tea, a noble People he will find out: And I doubt not but there will be a good Meeting of Friends

R

in that City before many Years go about; my love is great to that place. O how God is our dear Lord to us, who helpeth our Infirmities and carrieth through al Opposition, and feedeth us with his Divine Presence in which is Life his Candle hath hitherto rested or our Tabernacle, and he hath made us glad in his own Salvation; Eternal Glory to his excellent Name.

8th.
Month.
6. 5.
Cleve.

We immediately took a Post-Carr and came next day about two in the Asternoon to Cleve, where we had a very pretious Meeting at an honest Procurator's House, who received us with much love; sour or five more were present, all Grave and Tender, our Hearts were greatly affected with their love and simplicity; We also visited the Lady Hubner, who was kind to us.

8th. Month. 7. 6. Useacht. Next Morning we fet out for Nimeguen, and thence immediately to Utrecht, where we arrived that Night, and took the Night-boat for

Amster .

Amsterdam; because of a pressure upon my Spirit to be next day at the Meeting, and the rather having intimated as much from Ceulen.

We arrived in the Morning at Amsterdam, where we found our dam. dear Friends generally well, the City much Alarm'd, and great Curiosity in some, and Desires in others to come to the Meeting; we had a very great Meeting, and many People of note resorted. God's Gospel Bell was rung, the great Day of the great God sounded, and the Dead was raised, and much tenderness appeared in several. O blessed be the Name of the Lord, whose Work and Testimony prospereth.

The next day was spent in di- 2.8.5:

vers Affairs relating to the Truth.

The day following we had a 3.9. Meeting with Galenus Abrahams (the great Father of the Socinian Mennifts in these Parts) accompanied with several Preachers and others

R 2.

of

of his Congregation, divers of ou Friends were also present. It continued about five Hours, he affirmed in opposition to us, That there was no Christian Church, Ministry, or Commission Apostolical now in the World but the Lord assisted us with his Wisdom and Strength to consounchis Attempts.

Here endeth the Narrative.

I intend a Visit to the Hague, to the Lady Overkirks, Sister of the Somerdikes, and some others that have sober Characters of Truth and Friends; and thence to Rotterdam, where I have much to do, both with respect to Meetings and the Press, G. K. and B.F. go with me.

Thus, my Dear Friend, have I given thee a tedious Narrative, yet I hope not altogether unpleasant; perhaps the brevity of my Letters here-

hereafter may best Apologize for the length of this: However, I consider two things; one is, That thou hast time enough one time or other to look over it: And next, That I have plentifully, as were thy requests, demonstrated, I have not forgotten thee. O Dear Friend, let us live and remember one another (now absent) in that Divine Sense in which the Lord God dissolv'd our Spirits when together. Othe Unity of this Faith, the Purity of this Love, and the Bond of this Peace. The Lord Jesus be with thy Spirit, and keep thee in this the Hour of thy Temptation; that thou mayest come forth as Gold feven times tryed; fo shall thy Testimony shine for the God that hath called thee, and he will reward thee with Honour, Glory, and Eternal Life. Amen.

Thus, saith the Lord, I remember thee, the kindness of thy South, the love of thine Espousals, when thou wentest after me in the Wilderness,

3

in a Land that was not sown. Jerem 2.2.

Dear Friend, consider this yet a gain, The way of the just is Upright ness, thou most upright do'st weigh the Paths of the Just, yea, in the Way of thy Judgment, O Lord, have we waited for thee, the desire of our Soul is to thy Name; and to the Remembrance of thee.

With my Soul have I desired thee in the Night; yea, with my Spirit within me will I seek thee early, so when thy Judgments are in the Earth the Inhabitants of the World will learn

Righteousness.

Lord thou wilt ordain Peace for us for thou hast wrought all our Works

O Lord our God, other Lords besides thee have had Dominion over us but by thee only we make mention of

thy Name.

Lord in trouble have they visited thee, they poured out a Prayer when thy chastning was upon them,

Like

Like as a Woman with Child that draweth near the time of her Delivery is in Pain, and cryeth out in her Pangs, so have we been in thy Sight, O Lord.

We have been with Child, we have been in Pain, we have as it were brought forth Wind, we have not wrought any Deliverance in the Earth, neither have the Inhabitants of the-World fallen.

Thy dead Men shall live together with my dead Body shall they arise; awake and Sing ye that dwell in the Dust, for thy Dew is as the Dew of Herbs, and the Earth shall cast out the dead.

Come my People, enter thou into thy Chamber, and shut thy door about thee; hide thy self as it were for a little moment, until the Indignation be overpast.

For behold, the Lord cometh out of his place to punish the Inhabitants of the Earth for their Iniquities; the Earth also shall disclose her Blood,

R 4 and

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and shall no more cover her Slain
Isa. 26. 7, 8. to 21. So come Dear
Lord Jesus that was dead, but is
alive and liveth for ever. Amen.

Very dearly Farewell.

Thy Friend that faithfully

Travelleth for thy Redemption,

Amsterdam. 10th. of the 8th. Month, 1677.

W. P.

8th. Month. 4. 10.

The same day we had a blessed Publick Meeting never to be forgotten, O the Majesty, Glory and Life that the Lord attended us with, our Hearts were deeply affected with his Presence; great Reverence and Brokenness was over the Meeting, more than I had feen. The Meeting done, we were opposed by a Preacher, who was closely encountred and pursued by feveral Merchants, &c. (not of us) that cryed he was Rude and Ignorant, and that they had a Testimony for us, who offered to Dispute in our Defence; but the Priest run away, they followed him till they housed him, &c.

It was upon me this day to engage Galenus Abrahams to a second Conference, that we might more fully debate and confute his grand Objections against the present Dispensation of Truth, and the heavenly Ministry witnessed among Friends: he resused not my offer

of a fecond Meeting; but fent me word, his Business would not give him leave to let it be any time this day, npon which the next was fixt for the Conference to begin at Eight, which accordingly it did, and held till One. The most impartial account of both these Conferences that I am briefly able to give followeth.

The Meeting ended, and having refresht our selves, after a solemn leave taken of our dear Friends at Amsterdam, G. F. and I, went that Night to Leyden,, accompanied by Leyden. B. Furly; coming there late at Night, we forbore to inquire after any wor-

thy in that place.

8th. Month. 6. 12. But the next Morning we found out two, one a German of, or near Darmstad, who not only express'd much love to the Principle of Truth, and unto us the Friends thereof; but also informed us of a retired Person of great Quality that liveth about two hours back again towards

towards Amsterdam, at a Village called Nortwyck. Our Resolutions of being that Night at Rotterdam, and having the Hague to Visit by the way, made our return at that time unpracticable; however the Relation of the German concerning the good Inclinations of the great Man and his Wife, their disdain of the World, voluntary retreat from the Greatness and Glory of it rested strongly upon our Spirits. This Person presently conducted us to the House of one who had formerly been a Doctor in the University, and there left us: To this Person both G. F. and my self were more than ordinarily open, he was of a fweet, yet quick, wife, yet very loving and tender Spirit; there were few Strangers we felt greater love to; He affented to every thing we faid, and truly his Understanding was very clear and open to the things that lay upon us to declare, and express'd his firm

firm Belief of great Revolutions at hand, and that they should terminate in the fetting up of the glo-rious Kingdom of Christ in the World. What shall I say, the Man felt our Spirits and therefore loved us, and in the fresh sense of that love, writ a Letter by us to a retired Person at the Hague like himfelf; which in feveral places of Germany was the way whereby we found out several of the retired People we visited: After near two Hours time with him, we took Waggon for the Hague, leaving the Peace of God upon him.

Hague.

The first thing we did there was to enquire out the Lady Overkirk a Person of a retired and religious Character, separated from the publick Worship of that Country: She was at home, but her Husband with her, being a great Man of the Army of another Disposition and Way of Living, hindred our Access at that time.

The next Person we went to was a Judge at the Law of Chief Court of Justice in that Republick, he received us with great Respect, and a more than ordinary desire to know the truth of our Faith and Principles: We declared of the things most furely believed amongst us in the Power and Love of God: He made his Observations, Objections, and Queries upon feveral things we spake, to whom we replied, and explained all Mattters in question, insomuch that he declared himself satisfied in our Confessions, and his good Belief of us and our Principles: We took a solemn and sensible leave of him, and we felt the Witness reacht, and his Spirit tendred, which filled our hearts with dear love to him; he brought us to his Streetdoor, and there we parted.

From him we went to visit that Person for whom we had a Letter from the Dr. at Leyden, but he was not at home. We immediately took

Waggon

Delft: Waggon for Delft, and from thence Rotterdam, an Express-Boat for Rotterdam, where we arrived well about Eight at Night.

8th. Month. 7. 13. The next day was mostly spent in visiting of Friends, and the friendly People in that place, which consisted of several Persons of worldly Note.

8th. Month. 1. 14. The next day being the first Day of the Week, we had a large and blessed Meeting, wherein the deep Mysteries of the Kingdom of Christ and Antichrist were declared in the power of an endless Life. Several of divers Religions were there, but no Disturbance and Contradiction, but a profound Silence and reverent Attention were over the Meeting.

That Night I had a blessed Meeting at my Lodging with those Perfons of Note, that at sometimes visited our publick Meetings, as at that day, and have a Convincement upon them: The Lord's Love, Truth and Life preciously reached towards

them,

hem, and they were very sweetly afected.

Next day I bestowed in perfect- 2. 15. ng and correcting feveral publick Letters, which I was moved to write ooth in my first and second Journey in Germany, and after my return to these Low-Countries: They are eft behind to be Translated and Printed; they are omitted here, because they are large and likely to be nereafter printed in English. The Titles whereof follow,

- I. A Summons to Christendom n an earnest Expostulation with her, o prepare for the great and notable. Day of the Lord that is at the door.
- II. To all those who are sensible f the Day of their Visitation, and and who have received the Call of he LORD by the Light and Spirit f his Son in their Hearts, to partake

take of the great Salvation, whereever scattered throughout the World; but more especially in the High and Low-Dutch Nations. Faith, Hope and Charity which over-come the World be multiplied among you.

III. To all those Professors of Christianity, that are Externally separated from the visible Sects and Fellowships in the Christian World, (so called) wherever hidden or scattered; true Knowledge, which is Life Eternal from God the Father by Christ Jesus.

IV. A tender Visitation in the Love of God that over-cometh the World, to all People in the High and Low-Dutch Nations, who hunger and thirst after Righteous-ness.

hip God in Truth, and in Sinceriy, containing a plain Testimony to the Ancient and Apostolical Life, Way and Worship that God is reviving and exalting in the Earth in his Spirit and Truth.

Apicol, otta a martyl

The fense of the serious retreat of this great Man we heard of at Leiden was so strong upon me, that I could not see my self clear to leave the Country, before I had given him a Visit. I purposed therefore the next Morning to set forward to the Hague, from thence to Leiden, and so to Nortwyck.

I arrived there in the Evening Nonth. with B F. A Sonnemans and M Sonne-Nortwyck. mans, and immediately made known our coming, and the end of it to him and his Wife, by the means of the young German, who was got thither before us to visit them. An

Invi-

Invitation came to us all at our Inn, and immediately we repaired to his House, which was very stately, and yet plain; he prefently came to us, took us by the hand, and bid us heartily welcome. We immediately fate down, and after some time of retirement, I spoke something of what was upon me, yet not before he had given us a fober and pathetical Account of his Life, and of the present frame and disposition of his Spirit. All this was in the absence of his Wife; but so soon as I had finisht what was then upon me to speak of the Witness of God, and of its Work in Man, upon the occasion of the History he gave us of his Life; he led us into another Room, where his Wife was, he told her here were some Christian Friends come to visit her, she saluted us very kindly.

We all far down, and after some silence, the heavenly Power of God did in a living and tender manner

open

open their States and Conditions to me, and opened my Mouth to them; he substance of my Testimony was o this purpose, That Death reigned from Adam to Moses, Moses was ill the Prophets, the Prophets till John, and John till Christ: What Christ's day was, how few feethis day; and whilft People are talking of being in Christ under Grace, and not under the Law, Death reigneth over them, and they are not come to Mos les, nor the shaking Mountain, the Thundrings, Lightnings and Whirlwinds, and what it was that led to Christ, and what it was to be in him, and under the Government of his Grace; directing them to the bleffed Principle of Light and Truth and Grace, which God had shed abroad in our hearts. I declared the nature and manner of the appearing and operating of this Principle, and appealed to their own Consciences for the truth of what was faid: And I can truly fay the holy Life of Jesus was revealed amongst us and like Oil swom at the top of all In this I was moved to kneel down and pray, great brokenness fell up on all, and that, that was before the World began, was richly manifested in us and amongst us. The Meeting done, the great Man and his Wife blest us, and the work of God in our hands, saying, with tears it his eyes, My house is blessed for your sakes, and blessed be God that I ever lived to see you.

And thus we left them, though with much difficulty, for they prest us wit hareat carnestness both to eat and to lodge with them, and were hard to bear our refusal. They said it we was a Scandal to their house, that they should let such good people as were to go out of it; or suffer us to lodge in any other place: But we declared our pre-engagement elsewhere, and that it was not for want of true kindness towards them. One passage I had almost forgot to mention.

on, I was (said he) once at table rith the Duke of Holsteyn at Fredeickstadt, when the Magistrates came o complain against a people called Duakers in that City. The Duke vas ready to be prejudiced against hem, but at the very naming of hem I conceived a more than ordiary kindness in my mind towards hem. I askt the Magistrate what hey were for a People, he told me hat they would not pull off their ats to their Superiors; I askt him whether they would pull off their ats to God, he said, yes; said I, hat may be the reason why they vill not pull them off to Man. Do hey live peaceably? Yes, Do they ay their Taxes? Yes, Do they rub heir hats in your eyes? No, Do hey do any harm with them? No, Why what is your Quarrel then; ot they meet in silence, and they will peak or pray unless they be moved y the Spirit; why, that is according o the Doctrine of Scripture: If this be to be a Quaker, I would I were a Quaker too, but, faid he, I never faw one before, but I bless God fee you now. He very much inveighed against the false Christianity that is in the World, and greatly magnified a tender, mortisted and retired Estate. I have great hopes he and his Wife will eye the truth. We returned to our Inn to supper, and to bed.

8th. Month. 4. 17. Hague.

Next morning we took Waggor for the Flague, where we met with Docemius, the King of Denmark's Resident at Ceulen, who had been at Rot. terdam to feek us, and came back thither with hopes to meet us. We had some service there with a Law. yer, but were again disappointed vifiting the Lady Overkirk, because of her Husband's prefence; and the o ther retired Man before-mentioned was again from home, the Judge would gladly have received us, but a great Cause then depending com-manded his arrendance. That As ternoon

ternoon we took Boat for Delft, and Delft. To to Rotterdam, where we all arri-Rotterdam. ved well. Month

It was my defire to have been the next day at a Meeting at Dort, but it feems that Way that we hoped had been open for us was shut, insomuch that we were prevented of that fervice. However I applied my felf to the perfecting of what yet wanted to be compleated in those Writings, I left

behind me to be printed.

The next day being the fixth day 6. 19. of the Week, we had a very bleffed publick Meeting, taking therein our leave of the Country; and after that was done we had another amongst Friends, recommending to them the peaceable, tender, righteous Truth, defiring that they might live and grow in it, and be a People to the Lord's praise; so should his Work prosper, his Dominion enlarge and encrease among them. In the Evening I had also a Meeting at my Lodging among the great People of

that place, of which I have before made mention, and magnified be the Name of the Lord, his Power did fweetly visit him, and effectually reacht them, that at their departure some of them fell upon our Necks, and with Tears of Love prayed that they might be remembred by us, and that they might have strength to answer our great Travel for them. We recommended them unto the Lord, and the pure Word of his Grace in their hearts.

8th. Month. 7. 20. The next day the generality of Friends of that place met at Sim. Johnson's house early in the Morning, where we took our leave of one another in the Love and Power of the Lord, feeling his living Presence with them that stayed; and with us that went.

Briel.

Several accompanied us to the Briel, we arrived about Noon, there accompanied us the King of Denmark's Resident, who had been with us at those Meetings at Rotterdam, P. Hen-

dricks

dricks and Corn. Roeloffs of Amster+ dam, and A. Sonnemans, B. Furly, M. Sonnemans and Sim. Fohnson, with feveral others of Rotterdam.

The Pacquet-boat not being come we were necessitated to lie there that

night.

That Night it was upon me in the earnest Love of God to salute the Princess and Countess, with a few farewell-lines, as followeth.

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-julian in the first of the con-

TO THE

Princess Elizabeth, &c.

Salvation in the Cross, Amen.

Dear and truly refpected Friend,

I Soul earnestly desireth thy Temporal and Eternal Felicity, which standeth in thy doing the Will of God now on Earth, as 'tis done in Heaven. O dear Princess do it, say the Word once in Truth and Righteousness, not my Will, but thine be done, O God. Thy Days are few, and then thou must go to Judgment, then an Account of thy Talent God will require from thee; what improvement hast thou made, let it prove and shew its own excellency, that it is of God, and that It leadeth all that love it to God: O that thou mayest be able to give an Account with joy.

I could not leave this Country, and not testifie the Resentments I bear in my mind of that humble and tender Entertainment thou gavest us at thy Court; the Lord Fesus reward thee, and sure he hath a Blessing in store for thee. Go on, be stead ast, over-come, and thou skalt inherit, do not despond, one that is mighty is near thee, a present help in the needfull time of trouble. O let the defire of thy Soul be to his Name, and the remembrance of him. O wait upon the Lord and thou shalt renew thy Strength, the Touth Shall faint, and the young Men shall fail, but they that trust in the Lord shall never be confounded. I wish thee all true and solid Felicity with my whole Soul: The Lord God of Heaven and Earth have thee in his keeping, that thou mayest not loose, but keep in that Divine Sense, which by his Eternal Word he hath begotten in thee. Receive, dear Princess, my sincere and Christian Salutation, Grace, Mercy and Peace be multiplied among you all that

love the Lord Jesus.

Thy Bufiness I shall follow with all the diligence and discretion I can, and by the first give thee an Account, after it shall please the Lord to bring me safe to London. All my Brethren are well, and present thee with their dear love, and the rest (that love Jesus the Light of the World) in thy Family. Thou hast taught me to forget thou art a Princess, and therefore I use this freedom, and to that of God in thee am I manifest, and I know my integrity. Give, if thou pleasest, the Salutation of my dear Love to A.M. de Hornes, with the inclosed. Dear Princess, do not hinder but help her, that may be required of her, which (considering thy Circumstances) may not yet be required of thee: Let her stand free, and her freedom will make the passage easie unto thee; Accept what I say, I intreat thee, in that pure and heavenly love and respect in which I write

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write so plainly to thee. Farewell my Dear Friend, and the Lord be with thee. I am more than I can say,

Thy Great Lover and

Respectful Friend

W. P.

I referr thee to the Inclosed for Passages. We visited Giltall and Hoostman, and they us, they were at one or two of the Meetings at Amsterdam. Vale in externum.

For ANNA MARIA de Hornes,

stiled Countess of Hornes.

fefus be with thy Spirit. Amen.

Deloved and much Esteemed for the sake of that love which is raised in thy Heart to the Eternal Truth of God, the increase of which I earnestly desire, that thou mayst be more than Conqueror, through the powerful Workings of that divine Love in thy Soul, which casteth out all fear and overcometh the World. In this eternal Love it is, that I love thee, and would be loved of thee, blessed are they that hold their fellowship in it: It is Pure, Harmless, Patient, Fervent and Constant. In fine, it cometh from God, and leadeth all that receive it to God, indeed it is God, and they that live in God, live in Love. If we keep and abide in him that hath visited

s, we shall always feel his love as fountain, and Wonderful are the
iffects of it. O it can lay down ts Life for its Friend, it will break brough all Difficulty, and hath Power conquer Death and the Grave. his transcendeth the Friendship of be World, and the Vain-glorious Hoours of the Courts of this World. this kindness is inviolable! our crest Faith worketh by this Love. O ne Tenderness of that Soul in which is Love liveth and hath place; e Humility and Compassion that alays keeps it Company, and who can vely enough describe the lovely Iage it giveth, the attracting and gaging Conversation it bath : but is discerned and greatly valued the Children of Love, who are rn of it, which all the Children of ight are. What shall I say, it is e great Command and keepeth all e Commands, Love pure and unfiled, it fulfilleth the Law and ospel too: Blessed are they that el any of this Love shed abroad in

their Hearts; with this Love it is that God loved us, and by the Power of this Love Christ Jesus hath died for us. Tea, 'tis this Love that quickeneth us to Jesus, that enflameeth our Souls with pure and ardent Love to him and Zeal for him; Tea, 'tis this boly Love, that forsaketh Father and Mother, Sister and Brother, Husband, Wife and Children, House and Land, Liberty and Life for the Sake of Jesus, that leaveth the Dead to bury the Dead, and followeth Jesus in the narrow Way of Regeneration: that can trust him in the Winds, and in the Earthquakes, in the Fire, and in the Waters; yea, when the Floods come in even unto the Soul, this despondeth not, neither murmureth; and as it cannot despair, so it never presumeth, yea, it can triumphantly say, What shall be able to separate me from the Love of God that is in Christ Jesus; Shall Principalities or Powers? Things present, or Things to come? Shall Life or Death? Ono, neither Time nor Mortality. My (273)

My Dear Friend; let this noble Plant of Paradise grow in thy Heart, wait upon the Lord that he would Water it; and Shine upon it; and make an Hedge about it; that thy vhole Heart may be replenished with the heavenly increase and fruits of it. O that thou mayst grow in thy nner Man; in Wisdom; Strength, and i pure Understanding; in favour with God, and with all Feople that are in he same Nature and Image; for the World only loveth its own:

I hoped not to have been so quick ipon my last long Letter; but God's pure Love (that hath redeemed me from the Earth; and the earthly Nature and Spirit) moved fervently pon my Spirit to Visit thee once nore before I leave this Land: 1 leferr'd it to this Extremity, and being not clear to go hence, I send hee my Christian Salutation in this oure Love; that many Waters cannot wench; distance cannot make it forret; nor can time wear it out: My Soul reverently boweth before the God

and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, that it would please him to preserve thee. Fear him and thou needest not fear, for the Angel of the Lord encampeth about those that trust in his Name. The Angel of his Eternal Presence guard thee, that none of the Enemies of thy Soul's Peace may ever prevail against thee. Perseverance and Vistory be thy Portion in this World, and a Crown of endless Glory be thy Reward in that which is to come. Amen.

since my last (being the next day after the Date thereof) we had a meeting with Galenus Abrahams and his Company (for they are the most virulent and obstinate Opposers of Truth in that Land) the success thou may be perhaps see suddenly in Print, and therefore I may defer the Narrative, only in general our Dear Lord, our Staff and Strength was with us, and Truth reigned over all.

That Night we went to Leyden,

where we vifited some.

Thence next day to the Hague, where ulso we had a little Meeting

O the Lust and Pride of that place; thou camest into my Mind as I walked in the Streets, and I said in my self, Well, she hath chosen the better part. O be faithful, and the Lord will give thee an eternal Recompence.

Thence we came to Rotterdam, where the Lord hath given us several heavenly Opportunities in Private

and Publick.

We are now come to the Briel and wait our Passage, the Lord Jesus be with you that stay, and with us that go, that in him we may live

and abide for ever.

Saluté me to my French Friend, bid her be Constant: I wish thy Servants felicity, but thine as mine own, God Almighty overshadow thee, hide thee under his Pavillion, be thy Shield, Rock and Sanctuary for ever. Farewell, Farewell.

Thy Friend and the

Lord's Servant

Briel 30. 8th: Month
S. N. 1677.

W. P.

T 2 Next

Next morning the Pacquet-boat ar
Month.

1. 21. rived, and about Ten we went on
board, having first taken our solemn
leave of our Friends that accompanied us thither.

We immediately fet fail with a great number of Passengers, but by reason of contrary and tempessuous Weather we arrived not at *Harwich* till the third day about the 6th hour. Whence next Morning I writ this following salutation and Account to the Friends of *Holland* and *Germany*.

A Letter from Harwich to Friends in Holland and Germany, containing the Passages from Holland to England.

Let this be sent to Friends in High and Low-Dutch-Land.

My Soul magnifieth the Lord, and my Spirit rejoiceth in God my Saviour, who hath rebuked the Winds and the Seas, and made us to drink of his Salvation upon the great Deeps. Tea

we could not but praise him in the Tempest, for all things are full of his Majesty. Blessed is the eye that seeth, and the heart that dependeth upon him at all times; there is not another God; he is the Lord alone that the holy Ancients trusted in, and were not confounded, what shall my Soul render unto the Lord. We are full of his Mercy, he hath made us Witnesses of his care: We can say in righteousness, they are blessed whose God is the Lord, and that serve all the day long no other Master than our God.

Friends, this is an endeared Salutation to you all in High and Low Dutch-land, in the deep and fresh sense of the Lord's preserving Power, O that you may abide in that sense of him which he hath begotten in you, and in the reverent know-ledge of him according to the manifestation which you have received of him in the light of his dear Son, O that you may be faithful and servent for the Lord, that his glorious life and power may break thro' you. And these Lands long dry and barren, as the Wilderness may spring and blossom as the Rose. For

what

what have we to do here, but to exalt him that hath visited and loved us, yea, saved us in great measure. Ah he is worthy, my Spirit reverenceth him, my Heart and Soul do bow before him, eternal Blessings dwell for ever with him.

Dear Friends, my love followeth to you as a fountain, God, even my God, and your God hath made you dear to me, yea, dearer than all natural Kindred. Tou are Flesh of Flesh indeed, Sea nor Land, Time nor Place can never separate our Joy, divide our Communion, or wipe out the remembrance that I have of you; yea, the living Remembrance that my God often giveth me of you in the life of his Son abideth; which breaketh my heart to pieces, and I can say I have left most of my heart behind me, and the Lord only could have outwardly separated me so soon from you. O this Love that is stronger than Death, more excellent than the love of Women that endureth for ever; this Privilege have all the Saints. Jesus the light of the World that saveth from the World, be with you, Amen.

We got well-last night about Seven to Harwich, being three days and two Nights at Sea: Most part of the time was a great Storm of Wind, and Rain, and Hail, the Weather was against us, and the Vessel so leaky, that two Pumps went night and day, or we had perisht, 'tis believed that they pumpt twice more water out than the Vessel could contain, but our peace was as a River, and our joy full. The Seas had like to have washt some of the Seamen overboard, but the great God preserved all well. Frights were among the People, and Despondencies in some, but the Lord wrought deliverance for all, we were mightily throng'd, which made it the more troublesome.

But it is observable that though the Lord so wonderfully delivered us, yet some vain People soon forgot it, and returned quickly to their wanton Talk and Conversation, not abiding in the sense of that hand which had delivered them, nor can any do it as they should, but those that are turned to his appearance in their hearts, who know him to be a

T 4

God nigh at hand, which may it be your Experience and Porticu for ever.

And the Lord be with you, and refresh and sustain you; and in all your Temptations never leave you nor forsake you, that Conquerors you may be, and in the end of Days and Time Itand in your Lot among the Spirits of the Just made persect. Amen, Amen.

Harwich 24. of the 8th Month, 1677 Yours in that which is Eternal

W. P.

Here I left dear G. F. G Diricks and her Children, that came over with us, to follow me in Coach, who having a defire to be that day at Colchefter Meeting, went early away on horse-back: G. K. accompanying me, we got the Meeting, and were well refresht in Friends.

Meeting at J. Furly's house, where we lay, many being there of the Town, that would not come to a publick Meeting; and indeed the Lord's divine

Colchester.

divine Power and Presence was in the Affembly. The regard and the

Next day we had a great Meeting at a Marriage, where we had good fervice for the Lord. Afternoon about four we took horse for London. G. F. &c. through miscarriage of a Letter about the Coach, not being come to Colchester: That night we lay at I. Ravens, eight miles on our Way; there we mer Giles Barnadiston and Willam Bennet, with whom, and fome other Friends thereabout, we were comforted in the Life and Power

8th. Month: 5. 25.

of the Lord.

The day following we took our 6. 26. journey for London, came there in London. good time that Evening, where I found all things relating to Friends in a good condition, bleffed be the Name of the Lord. I stayed about a week in Town, both to visit Friends at Meetings, and to be ferviceable to the more general Affairs of Truth.

The first day of the next week I Month, went to Worminghurst, my house in Worming-Suffex, harft.

Suffex, where I found my dear Wife, Child and Family all well, bleffed be the name of the Lord God of all the families of the Earth. I had that Evening a fweet meeting amongst them, in which God's bleffed Power made us truly glad together; and I can say truly bleffed are they, who can chearfully give up to serve the Lord: Great shall be the encrease and growth of their Treasure, which shall never end.

To Him that was, and is, and is to come, the eternal, blessed, righteous, powerful and faithful One, be glory, honour and praises, Dominion and a Kingdom for ever and ever. Amen.

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William Penn.

TO THE

Children of Light

GENERATION,

Called of God to be Partakers of Eternal Life in JESUS CHRIST, the Lamb of God and Light of the World.

My Endeared Friends and Brethren,

Any Days and Weeks, yea, some Months hath my Heart been Heavy, and my Soul unusually Sad for the sake of this Nation, the Land of our Nativity! For I have not only long beheld with a grieved Eye the many Abominations and gross Impieties that reign therein, the Lusts, Pleasures, Wantonness, Drunkenness, Whoredoms, Oaths, Blasphemies, Envy, Treachery and Persecution of the Just, but

for some time I have had a deep Sense, that the Overflowing Scourge of God's Wrath and Indignation was just ready to break out upon the People, Confusion Amazement and Misery! The Weight of which hath caused me to Cry within my felf, Who shall Save us! Who shall Deliver, us! Is there none to stay the Stroke, to blunt the Edge, to stop the Fury, and intercede for the People, and mediate for this poor Land, that the Lord may not utterly depart, and take his Glory and his Name from it, and make it a Desolation for the Wild Beasts of the Field and Fowls of the Air; a Land of Judgment and Hague. not of Promise; of Curses, and not of Bleffings.

10 My Friends, whilst the Sense of this Diffress, that is coming as a Dreadful Vifitation from the Hand of the Displeased God upon this Ungodly Land to Stain its Glory, Bring down its Pride and Punish its Forgetfulness of the Lord and his many Deliverances, lay so Heavy upon my Spirit, the Lord presented before me all the Truly Con*scientious*

Scientious and Well-inclined People in these Nations; and more especially Tou, his Despised but Chosen Generation, for whose sake he would yet have Mercy. And in the midst of his Judgments: This I received for you from the Lord, as his Holy Will and Counfel, and it often sprung in my Heart with a very Fresh and Strong Life;

TO THY TENTS, O ISRAEL!
TO THY TENTS, O ISRAEL!
God is thy TENT: To thy God,

O Ifrael!

PREPARE, O Friends, to stand in this Day before the LORD (that is in the first place) for ye shall also have your Exercise. Yea, Great is that Work, which we have to do for the Lord by his Powerful, but very Peaceable Spirit; for God will by all these Hurries, Confusions and Vexations, that are at the Door, drive People from their False Gods, and bring them home to HIMSELF. He will throw down Wickedness, and establish Righteousness; he will waste Sin, but Truth shall grow. He will debase the Mountain

of Empty Profession; but the Mountain of his Holiness shall be Exalted. He hath determined to raise up and tenown the Seed of Light, Life and Truth in the Hearts of People; Holy Patience, Meekness, Wisdom, Love, Faith, Purity and Perseverance (so much wanting in the World) shall be feen to dwell in it, and only to come from it. And my witness is, that ye are the People, through whom this Heavenly Seed of Righteoujness must Clearly and Stedfastly so shine unto others in these Uneven and Rough Times, that are Come and Coming, as that your Heavenly Father may be Glorified by you.

Wherefore in the Name of the Lord be ye all dis-incumbred of the World and discharged of the Cares of it; Fly as for your Lives from the Snares therein, and get you into your Watch-Tower, the NAME of the LORD! Which is not a Dead Name, or a meer Literal Name; but a Living Spiritual and very Powerful Name: A Strong Tower indeed,

yea, an Invincible Fortress; where, dwell ye with God, and in him who speaketh Peace to his Children, and ordains Quietness for them that trust in him. He will make you to lie down Safely, even then when Darkness and Confusion shall be thick about you; yea, ye shall live in the Fire, that will Consume the Stubble of the World, and your Garments shall not be so much as Singed: for the Son of God, whom the Flames, as well as Winds and Seas obey, will be in the Midst of you.

Next Friends, this know, We are the People above all others, that must stand in the Gap, and Pray for the putting away of the Wrath, so as that this Land be not made an Utter Desolation; and God expects it at our Hands. PREPARE ye therefore to Meet and Sanctifie the Lord in his Coming and Judgments! Why stand any of you Gazing? Let none Gaze or Look out, I besech you, that is the Enemy's Work to veaken you within; but be ye Retired

tired, be ye Centered in the Eternal One, and Meditate upon the Lord and his Living, Pure Law, that ye may be Wise in Heart, and travel in Spirit for this Poor Land, and that for Enemies as well as Friends. The Lord is ready to hear you for this people, when ye are ready to Intercede; and I testifie Abraham is amongst you, God's Friend, and his Just Lot too; yea, Jacob, that Prevailed: and One, that is Greater than them all, JESUS, the Lamb of God, whose Blood speaketh better things; than that of Abel, in whom is the Mediation and Attonement. Be therefore encouraged to wait upon the Lord, and to bow before thim, and humbly to Meditate in the Life of JESUS with him: I know, he will put it into your Hearts fo to do, if ye wait upon him. For he will not cast off this Land, as he did Sodom; he hath a Right Seed, a Noble People in it, that he hath and yet will gather: many Sheep there be not yet of our Fold, whom he will bring bring in, and the foul Weather and the Storms will but help to drive them Home to JESUS, the Living and True Witness and Light within, that he whom God hath ordained to Reign, may be Great in them.

And Lastly, my Dear Friends and Brethren, by how much this Day draws Nigh, by fo much the more do ye Stand loose in your Affections to the World, but falt in the Faith. And Assemble your selves together, and let God Arise in you, and his Power and Spirit of Life among you, that ye may not only Wrestle, but in the End Prevail; That it may be feen, that SALVATION is of the Jews, the Jews Inward, in Spirit and in Truth: And truly, the time hastens, that Ten shall take hold of the Skirt of fuch a Jew, and they shall be saved. But Wo to the Hypocrite in that Day, the Formalist, the Jew Outward, the Cirsumsission in the Flesh and Fleshly Christian, that cannot Resist the Temp-U tations

tations of this World, the Temporizer, one that Runs with the Tide, he will be Divided. For there will be more Tides, more Interests on Foot at once, than One; wherefore Perplexity will take hold on him, his Policy will be Confounded. He will not know what to do to be Safe, nor what to Joyn with; this Doubleminded Man will be Unstable in his Counfels and in his Actions, his Sandy Foundation will be Shaken. Therefore, as I faid, Wo to the Hypocrite, and to the Covetous Man too, for his Gods will fail him; the Thief, the Moth and Rust will invade his Baggs and furprise his Treasure: his Anguish will be Great in this Day! But my Dear Brethren, as the Power and Spirit of our Lord God will Preferve and Establish us, if we Sincerely and Entirely confide therein, and that above our Sollicitation or Need of Carnal Confultations or Contrivances, which we have therefore laid afide; so shall it Vindi-

cate us in Due Time in the Eyes of all Nations, and present us a People owned, beloved and protected of God, in whom we have firmly believed. Nor is this Presumption, as fome may think, who being not so well acquainted with that Entire Resignation and Supreme Faith (of which Jesus is the Author, that removes Mountains into the Sea) conclude from meer Natural and Human Confiderations against us; yet we know him in whom we have. believed: and the fame, that hath Cured us of our Diseases, the same faid unto us, Arise and Walk in this Way of Faith; Trust in me, and not in another. And truly, this is much of that Wonder, which Men shall have in their Minds and Mouths about us in those Latter Days, In Troubles not to be dejected, and in Feopardies not to be concerned to make to our selves Defences; but as the Lillies, that neither toil nor spin, yet feed and grow, fo we may both

be preserved and become Vistorious without Worldly Force or Projections. For we must shew our selves to be that Little City and Hill of God, that hath only his Salvation for our Walls and Bulwarks; by whom he will renown his Arm, and magnisse his Power above the Arts and Contrivances of Men. Our Weapons and our Armour is Spiritual; it hath prevailed, and it will prevail, if we keep in the Faith, which was first delivered to us: a blessed Shield, by which the Just live.

And therefore, My Dear Friends, let us be Careful not to mingle with the Crowd, lest their Spirit enter us instead of our Spirit entering them, and we thereby come to fall into the same Temptations they are liable to, of Fear and Flying to the Hills and Mountains to protect them, considing in the Arm of Flesh to deliver them; no, no! they must come to us, we must not go to them. Yet can we not be Unsensible

fible of their Infirmities, as well as we shall not be free from some of their Sufferings; we must make their Case as our own, and travail alike in Spirit for them, as for our felves. Let us stand in the Counsel of our God, and he will make us Preachers-forth to them of the Works of his Divine Power, and the Virtue of that Faith which comes from Heaven; yea, he will make us as Saviours to the People, that they may come to know the Holy Law and Word of the Lord (their Creator) in their Hearts, and have their Minds and Souls turned to him, and stay'd upon them, that Iniquity may no more abound, nor Ungodliness find a place: but that in Truth, Righteousness and Peace they may be establisht, and the Land keep its SABBATH to the Lord for ever! Then shall God lift up the Light of his Countenance upon us, and water us from Heaven, and bless us with all Temporal and Spirital Blessings;

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Blessings; and we shall be yet called, THE ISLAND SAVED BT THE LORD! Amen, Amen!

This was upon my Soul from God to you; I could not Visit you all with a Distinct Message upon many Accounts: besides, the Time is Short, and the Confusion appears to me to be at hand. Therefore have I fent it by way of Epistle, with the Brotherly Salutation of Unfeigned and Unalterable Love to you all in your Respective Meetings and Families. And the Lord God of our Visitation and Redemption stir you up to these things, and keep us all in his Holy Fear, Wisdom, Love and Fatience through all those Travails and Exercises to the End of our Days; that having finisht our Testimonies, our Heads may go down to our Graves in Peace, and our Souls be received into the Rest, which is reserved for the Righteous (295)

Righteous with God, and with his Blessed Lamb forever! I am

Your Brother and Companion through the many Tribulations of our Day and Testimony

Worminghurst in Sussex, the 4th of the 9th Month, 1678.

William Penn.

I defire, that this *Epiftle* may be read in the Fear of the Lord in your feveral Meetings.

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