VII. Some Microfcopical Obfervations of vaft Numbers of Animalcula feen in Water by John Harris, M. A. Kector of Winchelfea in Suffex, and F.R.S.

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\text { Fuly the } 9 \text { th, } 1694^{\circ}
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IExamined a fmall Drop of Rain Water, that had ftood in a Gally-por in my Window for about two Months. I took it (with the head of a fmall Pin) from the difcoloured Surface of the Water, and in it I obferved four forts of Animals. In the clear part of the Drop were two Kinds, and both very fmall. Some were of the Figure of Ants Eggs; thefe were in continual Motion, and that very fwift: And I find that this kind of Oval Figure is the moft common to the Animalcula found in Liquors. The other fort that were in the clear part of the Drop, were much more oblong; about three times as long as broad; thefe were exceeding numerous, but their motion was llow, in comparifon of the former.
2. In the thick part of the Drop (for the Water from whence I took it had contracted a thickifh skum) 1 found alfo two forts of Animals, as a kind of Eels, like thofe in Vinegar ; but much fmaller, and with their extreams more harp; thefe would wriggle out inso the clear part, and then fuddenly betake themfelves back again, and bide in the thick and muddy part of the Drop, much like common Eels in the Water. I faw here allo an Animal like a large Maggor, which would contract it felf up into a Spherical Figure, and then ftretch itfelf out again ; the end of its Tail appeared with a Forceps, like that of an Ear.wig; and I could plainly fee it open and fhut its Mouth, from whence Air bubbles,
bubbles, would frequently be difcharged. Of thefe I could number about four or five, and they feemed to be bufie with their Mouths as if in Feeding.

Thefe four Kinds of living Creatures I found afterwards alfo in many other Drops of the fame corrupted water, (i.e.) in its Film or Skum, which was on the Surface, for under that, in the lower parts of the Water I could never find any Animals at all, unlefs when the Water was difturbed, and the Surface fhaken down into, and mingled with the lower parts.
April 27th, 1696.
3. With a much better Microfcope I examined fome Rain Water that had ftood uncovered a pretty while, but had not contracted any fuch thick and difcoloured Skum, as that before-mentioned had. In this, where it was clear, I could not find any Animals at all; but a little thin white Skum, that like Greafe began to appear, in the Surface I found to be a Congeres of exceeding fmall Animalcula of different fhapes and fizes, much like thofe produced by fteeping Barley in Water.
4. At the fame time I look't on a fmall Drop of the Green Surface of fome Puddle-water, which food in my Yard, this I found to be altogether compofed of Animals of feveral Shapes and Magnitudes; But the moft remarkable were thofe which I found gave the Water that Green Colour, and were Oval Creatures, whofe middle part was of a Grafs Green, but each end Clear and Tranfparent. They would contraet and dio late themfelves, tumble over and over many times together, and then thoot away like Fifhes: Their Head was at their broadeft end, for they ftill moved that way. They were very Numerous, but yet fo large, that I could diftinguith them very plainly, with a Glafs that did not magnify very much. Among thefe were interferfed

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fperfed many other fmaller and tranfparent Animals, like thofe mentioned but now, as found in the whitioh skum that was on fome Rain-water, which had ftood a while uncovered.

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\text { April the 29th, } 1696 .
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5. I found another fort of Creatures in the Water (fome of which I had kept in a Window, in an open Glais) They were as large as three of the other, with the Green border about their Middies, but thefe were perfectly clear and colourlefs.
6. Then alfo examining more accurately the Belts or Girdles of Green that were about the Animals, mentianed above, I found them to be compofed of Globules, fo like the Rowes or Spawn of Fifhes, that I could not but fancy they ferved for the fame ufe in thefe little Crea. tures: For I found now fince April27. many of them without any thing at all of that Green Belt or Girdle; others with it very much, and that unequally diminilhed, and the Water filled with a valt number of fmall Animals, which before I faw not there, and which I now looked on as the young Animated Frye, which the old ones had fhed. I continued looking on them at times, for two Days, during which time the number of the Old ones, with the green Girdles, decreafed more and more; and at laft I could not fee one of them fo encompaffed, but they were all clear and colourlefs from end to end.

## May the $\mathbf{1 8 t h}, 1696$.

7. I look't on fome of the Surface of Puddle-water, which was blewifh, or rather of a changeable Colour, between Blew and Red : In a large quantity of it I found prodigious numbers of Animals, and of fuch various bigneffes, that I could not but admire their great number and variety; but among thofe were none with thofe Girdles before-mentioned, either of Green, or any other Colour.

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8. I then alfo examined the Surface of fome other Puddle-water, that lookt a little greenifh; and this I found ftockt with fuch infinite Numbers of Animals, that I yet never faw the like any where but in the Genitura Ma/culiná of fome Creatures. Among thefe there were very many of a greenifh Colour ; but they all moved about fo ftrangely fwift, and were fo near to each other, that tho' I tired my Eyes, I could not diftinguilh whether the green Colour were all over their Bodies, or whether it were only round their middles in Girdles, as before, but from the roundnefs of their Figure and their fmallnefs, I judge that they chiefly confifted of the young animated Spawn of that kind of Animals I mentioned (p.4.) I found that the point of a Pin dipt in Spittle would prefently kill them all; as I fuppofe it will other Animalcula of this kind.
9. The fame Day alfo I look't on the Surface of fome Mineral (Chalybeate) water, which had food in a Viol unftopt for about three Weeks: In it I faw two kinds of Animals; one exceeding fmall, and the other very large : which latter fort had on the Tail fomething that lookt like Fins: There were but very few of either fort.

The compounded Salt or Vitriol of the Water was fhot into pretty Figures, but all irregular. They look't like a fmall heap of little Sticks, laid acrofs each other at all Angles and Pofitions, only they were tran'parent, and a little greenih as Chryftals of a Chalybeate nature ufe to be.
10. I have infufed whole Pepper Gorus, Bay berries, Oats, Barley and Wheat in Water, whofe Skum, after two or three Days hath afforded Animals, as hath been often already found by others, at leaft as to form. of them: But 1 found the greateft Numbers and varcey in

Wheat and Barley.water, and the feweft in that wherein Bay-berries had been fteeped.

How fuch vaft Numbers of Animals can be thus (as it were at pleafure) produced, without having recourfe to Equivocal Generation, feems a very great difficulty to account for. But tho' the folving of it that way makes fhort work of the matter (for'tis eafie enough to fay they are bred there by Putrefaction) yet the afferting Equivocal Generation, feems to me to imply more abfurdities and difficulties, then perhaps may appear at firft fight: I wifh therefore, that this matter would a while imploy the thought of fome ingenious and inquifitive Man. In the mean time I've Conjectured, that thefe Animalcula may be produced by one or both of the following ways.
r. I have thought that the Eggs of fome exceeding fmall infects, which are very numerous, may have been layed or lodg'd in the Plice or Ruge of the Coats of the Grain, by fome kinds that inhabit on thofe Seeds, as their proper places. For that Infects of the larger kinds, do frequently thus depofite their Eggs, on the Flowers, and Leaves of Plants, are often experimented; and 'tis very probable, that the fmaller or Microfcopical Infects do the fame. Now thefe being wafhed out of the Seeds, by their immerfion in Water, may rife to the Surface, and there be hatcht into thofe Animals which we fee fo plentifully to abound there.
2. Or the Surface of the Water may arreft the ftragling Eggs of fome Microfcopical Infects, that perhaps were about in the Air, and Being fitted and prepared for this purpofe, by the Infufion of proper Grain, or a proportionable degree of Heat may compofe fo proper a Nidus for them, that they may, by the warmth of the Sun be eafily hatched into living Creatures; which its probable
probable [like the ftrange Water Infect, from whence a Gnat is produced, mentioned by the Learned Dr. Hook in his Micrograpbia, whofe Metamorphofis I have often with pleafure feen] may afterwards turn into Flies or winged Infects of the fame fpecies with the Animal Parent. And perhaps fometimes both thefe Circumftances, and others of the like Nature, concur for their Production.

## Account of a BOOK.

Parochial Antiquities, Attempted in the Hiftory of Ambrofden, Burcefter, and otber adjacent Parts in the Counties of Oxford and Bucks. By Wbite Kennet, Vicar of Ambrofden. At the Theatre in Oxford, in 1695 , in $4^{\circ}$.

THIS Book is the firft of the Kind that has been Publifhed, either in our own Language, or in any other that I know of. The Author (who has formerly Publifhed Somner's Life) has purfued the following Method.
I. He has given us an Account of what Footfeps he could difcover of the feveral Inhabitants of this Illand, before the Norman Conqueft, within the Bounds of thole Parifhes, which he propos'd to treat of. As of the Britains, Chap.

Romans, 2. Garrifons, 3 -
Coins 4. High-ways5. Cufoms 6. Saxons—— 7. Danes - 8. Saxons reftored 9. Qq 2
II. From

