NEW-ORLEANS BEE.

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"Truth is omnipotent and Public Justice is omnipresent."

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES,

HENRY CLAY.

NEW-ORLEANS:
SATURDAY MORNING, FEBY. 11, 1843.

CLAY BALL.

A Ball will be given by the Citizens of New-Orleans, in the Bon. HENRY CLAY, at the St. Louis Exchange, on Wednesday evening next, the eve of his departure for home.

THE MAYORALTY.

Every whig in the city of New Orleans will have an opportunity this evening of expressing his preferences in regard to the individual to be run upon the whig ticket for mayor. Meetings are to be held in each municipality, that the convenience of all may be consulted, and the wishes of each section of the city expressed without interference or molestation from the others. No arrangement could have been adopted better calculated to secure a free, full and impartial expression of public opinion, and we hope that every member of the party who feels any solicitude as to the nominee, will avail himself of his equal chance of having his wishes respected.

A nomination made upon the plan proposed will so certainly reflect the will of the majority, that no one ought to feel the slightest chagrin or heart-burning at the result. It behooves all good whigs, all who have the advancement of the cause of good government and the permanency of our free institutions, at heart, to yield a cheerful acquiescence in the will of the majority and sustain the choice of the convention, as though it was his own individual nomination. No other course can maintain an organization equal to the exigencies that are before us, or prevent us from being prostrated by the foe upon every field of battle.

We have as yet, heard no one express an objection to the mode of nomination adopted. It is so perfectly fair, so free from any thing like dictation or trickery, that no one can urge a reasonable opposition to it. The interests of each and every section is provided for with such exact justice, that none can complain. The action of the Convention ought, therefore, to be sustained by every whig, and each individual should make up his mind in advance to give, to the nomination a cordial, willing, and zealous support.

We will not enlarge, at this time, upon the importance of this election; we believe our friends are fully awakened upon that head. But we cannot refrain from upon urging upon all who have a desire to take a part in the formation of the ticket, to attend the meetings this evening, in their respective municipalities, and having performed their duty to themselves, resolve to do it towards their party and their country.

The meetings will be held at 7 o'clock.

1 1 Municipality meets at the St. Louis Bell Room.
2d " " " Banks' Arcade.
3d " " " Franklin Coffee-house.

DISTRICTING THE STATE.

During the progress of the Congressional District bill through the Lower House, we took occasion to point out the unusual justice and fairness of the plan reported by the committee—a plan so uniformly equitable, that it met even the approbation of several locofoco members, and was adopted without a solitary amendment. Since the subject has been presented to the Senate, we perceive that one of the committee of that body has reported a bill containing a proposition, which to our mind, is inequitable, not to say preposterous, and which, when presented in the shape of an amendment to the House bill, was rejected by an overwhelming majority. The amendment alluded to is nothing less than to take away the parishes of St. Martin and St. Mary from the 4th District, to which they naturally belong, and tack them on to the 2d District, attaching them by hook or by crook, to the various parishes which connected with the 2nd Municipality, constitute the 2d District. The two parishes of St. Martin and St. Mary contribute in a great degree to make up the present whig majority in the Western District. Take them away and the district is rendered hopelessly locofoco. At the Congressional Election, these parishes gave Mr. Moore something like 300 majority. The second District in the bill of apportionment will be whig beyond a peradventure, and the object of the Senate bill seems to be to crowd every available whig parish in the State, into this same second district, so as to render it whig by some 1500 or 2000 majority, and leave the 3d and 4th districts incontinently to the locofocos. Under this arrangement our adversaries would have two districts certain, and a fair chance for another, while the whigs who have been beaten in Louisiana once in five years, and who are even now in possession of the Legislature, must fain content themselves with a solitary member of Congress.

We have too much confidence in the good sense of the Senate to believe that this proposition has the slightest chance of being adopted, and we only comment upon it to show what the whigs have to expect from the tender mercies of locofocoism.

THE LATE ORCHESTRA IN the New American Theatre, have published a Card in the *Herald*, which they have done us the honor to address to the *Editors of the Bee*. We might have forborne a recognition of so distinguished a mark of consideration, had not a Postscript appeared to the public that we refused to insert the Card as an act of justice to the Orchestra, though we had the day before published a paragraph prejudicial to them. When the Card was brought to us, we distinctly told the individual (whom we took to be a member of the Orchestra) who had it in charge, that if the members of the Orchestra desired to state the reasons why they disappointed the audience on Wednesday night, and broke up the performances by absenting themselves from the Theatre, we would publish their Card without charge, but that we would not insert a writing impeaching the integrity of the manager, either with or without charge. The individual seemed satisfied with this, and left the office with a paper, upon which such a statement of the case was made as covered the inquiry as to their proceedings in the matter, drawn up in a form we were willing to publish. We thought he intended to return upon getting the signatures of his comrades to it. He did not return however, but had the Card refused us, as published in the *Herald*, which it it reconciles the public to the disappointment of last Wednesday, will go far to establish the good humor of a New Orleans audience.

THE MERMAID WAR is waxing hot in Charleston. The *Courier* and *Mercury* for the nonce, seem to have dropped all other bile engendering matters. At first we thought the quarrel a very pretty one, but it is growing too serious, and as the question is scarcely of sufficient importance to hazard a set battle about, we propose a mediation. The *Patriot*, whose venerable editor looks upon all things with a shrewd and knowing eye, we propose as umpire between the parties.

The TYLER party assert that HANNEGAN (recently elected U. S. Senator from Indiana by DAN KELSO, *Traitor*) is of their kidney, whilst the VANITES put in a claim for him in the most exclusive form. We have not heard of CALHOUN's friends urging any pretensions to him—perhaps they know the man. If they do, they know he is not worth having.

F. A. D. WILLIAMS has been removed from the office of Postmaster at Unadilla, Otsego county, and *Geo. H. Noble* appointed in his stead. The crime of Mr. Williams is that of voting and exerting himself for our Mr. Tyler President, while Mr. Noble and his backers did their utmost to defeat him, and now openly revile and ridicule him at home while they fawn around and cheat him at Washington. Mr. Williams, by close attention to his duties, has increased the revenue of the office 30 to 40 per cent. within the eighteen months he has held it.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

THIRD MUNICIPALITY NOTES.—The Council of the Third Municipality has adopted, at its last sitting, the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Treasurer be and he is hereby authorized, conjointly with the finance committee, to issue notes payable to bearer, in exchange of Bank of this Municipality *at par*. That said notes shall be made payable at *one, two, and three years* from date—the first note at three months, and the two other bearing an interest of *five per cent per annum*. Provided, that such settlements shall never be made for sums under one hundred dollars.

CONGRESSIONAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE BEE.

Washington City, February 1, 1843.

In the Senate this morning, the Post Office bill for the suppression of private expresses carrying letters or packages in opposition to the regular mails, was further detailed, Messrs. Porter and Woodbridge joining in opposition to the provision subjecting rail road commissioners, and owners of steamboats, vehicles, &c. to penalties for carrying persons conveying such expresses.—Mr. Merrick defended the bill. The discussion was, however, interrupted by the special order being called, which brought up the Oregon bill. Mr. Rives was entitled to the floor and spoke for an hour and a half, justifying the principles and object of the bill, but taking the same exceptions to the provision for a grant of lands that other senators had then—mainly, that it would be an infraction of the existing treaty. He therefore would vote for the recommitals, to have that provision stricken out, and that being done he would give the rest of the bill his hearty support.

Some difficulty arose as to the recommittal. At last it was proposed by Mr. Archer, at the suggestion of the friends of the bill, to modify his motion so as to make the recommittal to a Select Committee instead of the Committee on Foreign Relations, as at first proposed. This he assented to, and so modified his motion. Mr. Benton then obtained the floor, but, on motion of Mr. Buchanan, the subject was passed over informally and the Senate went into executive session.

In the House of Representatives, a motion was made to take the subject of the claims for French spoliations prior to 1800 out of Committee of the Whole, and let it take its place on the calendar. The main question on the motion stands over till to-morrow. The attention of the House for the remainder of the day was given to territorial business. At three o'clock the House adjourned.

Medical Cure.—Mr. Gerrard, of New Orleans, has received from Messrs. [illegible] a quantity of medicines and [illegible] of the Mexican [illegible] bound from [illegible] and invoices signed by [illegible] ARRANGOIZ, Mexican Consul.

Dreadful Fire.—On Thursday last, about two o'clock, in the house, containing 3 grist-mills, of the plantation of Mr. L. H. THISTLE, about 30 miles above this place, on the Louisiana side of the river, was discovered to be on fire. There were 100 bales cotton, 1 cotton screw, 1 thousand bushels corn, hogs, and numerous other farming utensils in the house, all of which were consumed in twenty minutes. Loss estimated at about $10,000. Mr. T. feels assured it was the work of an incendiary.

It is only about six weeks since, Mr. Thistle lost by fire, on his place on this side of the river, 8 miles above this, a corn crib, and a considerable quantity of corn, two fine saddle-horses, a carriage, &c. &c., which loss he estimated at $300.—*Natchez Courier.*

LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

OFFICIAL REPORT
OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Friday, February 10, 1843.

The House met agreeably to adjournment. The roll being called, thirty-nine members answered to their names.

On motion of Mr. Perkins, Dr. Walker was excused from sitting on the Committee on the Wharfage Tax, on account of his ill health. Mr. Voorhies was appointed in his stead.

The Speaker laid before the House a petition from the inhabitants of Carrollton, praying to be incorporated. Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Wadsworth offered a joint resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their exertions to procure a measure hereby the expenses of litigation in the U. S. District Court may be reduced.—The resolution was read twice and adopted, with an addition requesting the Governor to transmit copies to our Senators and Representatives.

On motion of Mr. Boudousquié, the clerk was directed to carry the various messages to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Brewer, leave of absence, for few days, was granted to Mr. Ratliff.

Mr. Taylor called up the resolution relative to the contested election of the Orleans Delegation. The motion was lost.

Reports of Standing Committees.

Mr. Voorhies reported as adverse to the act to increase the number of police jurors in W. Feliciana.

Reports of Select Committees.

Mr. Newport, from the committee to whom was referred the petition of the citizens of Baton Rouge, reported a bill to separate the clerks of the different courts of East Baton Rouge.

Mr. Phillips, from the Joint Committee on the part of the House, to whom was referred the resolution on the subject of public buildings for the officers of the State, submitted a report. The report states that the buildings now occupied by those functionaries are in a dilapidated condition and unfit for occupancy, and recommends that the Commercial and State Library, &c. be properly repaired and furnished, and assigned to the officers in questions. The report recommends the withdrawal of the annual appropriation of $1,000 to the State Library, and is accompanied by a bill to carry into the effect the objects proposed.

Mr. Morgan, from the committee on the memorial of the citizens of Baton Rouge, expressing their dissatisfaction at the unexpected adjournment of the Penitentiary, reported a resolution appointing a joint committee of both Houses to enquire into the matter.

The members of the Standing Committee on the Penitentiary, Messrs. Newport, Philips and Clark, all spoke in favor of the resolution, in order that no suspicion of neglect of duties might rest upon them. They had examined the subject entrusted to their care, and were anxious that if any abuses did exist in the Penitentiary, they might be pointed out.

The resolution was adopted, and the speaker appointed Messrs. Brashear and Wilson the committee on the part of the House.

Mr. Taylor, on leave, presented a petition relative to the recent inundation of Red River, and the obstruction of the raft, and praying the establishment of a public ferry at some point below the raft, and the appointment of commissioners to designate the same. Mr. T. presented a resolution in accordance with the prayer of the petition. After some conversation, Mr. Boudousquié moved to lay the resolution on the table, subject to call, on the ground that the commissioners might not at year ask for compensation.

Mr. Taylor was willing to insert a provision in the resolution, that the commissioners should have no claim for remuneration upon the State. The amendment was accepted, and the resolution adopted.

Bills and Notices of Bills.

Mr. Benjamin, agreeable to notice, presented an act to extend the duties of the Recorder of births and deaths of the parish of Orleans.

Mr. Culbertson gave notice of an act to incorporate the New Orleans Sacred Music Society.

On motion, the House took up the amendment of the Senate to the bill relative to the revenue derived from the tax on the agents of Foreign Insurance Companies. The amendment provides that any agent of Foreign Insurance Company dealing in Exchange, shall be subject to the tax. The House concurred.

On motion of Mr. Birkhead, the House took up the act for the relief of the parish of Washington, and adopted the same with several amendments. The House having disposed with its rules, the bill was read a third time and passed.

Mr. Voorhies reported from the Enrolling Committee, that he had submitted to the Governor, for his signature, a number of bills and resolutions. On motion of Mr. Bayliss, the House took up the bill providing for the publication of judicial advertisements in the country.

Mr. Bayliss said the bill did not originally propose to dispense with judicial publications, provided they were required by law. But the section as it stood was obnoxious to censure. Mr. B. should now be satisfied if the section of Louisiana named at the time on the 9th day of January A. D. 1815, by the Secretary of State, to be published quarterly, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

(Signed) C. DERBIGNY
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) FELIX GARCIA,
President of the Senate.

Approved February 9th, 1843.
(Signed) A. MOUTON,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

No. 18.
AN ACT

To amend an act entitled: "An act relative to Roads and Levees," approved February seventh, eighteen hundred and twenty nine.

Sec. 1st Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That if any Inspector of Roads and Levees appointed under the 3d section of the act to which this is an amendment, or any Commissioner of Roads and Levees appointed under the Police Regulations made in pursuance thereof, shall not have caused the Levees within his district to be repaired or made according to the true intent and meaning of said act, on the first of January last, or shall be guilty of any other neglect of duty in the year of his appointment, or shall be guilty of the same in any other year of his shall be the duty of the Inspectors appointed in each same Parish and for the Police District, to cause the said repairs of new Levees, as the case may be to be made, and they are hereby invested for these purposes with all the powers vested by the Police Regulations of the Parish, in the aforesaid act, and subjected to the same penalties for all further omissions.

Sec. 2d. *Be it further enacted &c.* That if there are no two Inspectors in the Parishion the same side of the River, or if they are absent, or do not act, any Planter of the Parish on the same side of the River may notify the Parish Judge, that he undertakes to act as Inspector for Levees in repairing, and he shall be authorized to act, and shall be invested with all the powers vested in the Inspectors of Roads and Levees by the above act.

Sec. 3rd. *Be it further enacted &c.* That all repairs and New Levees shall be made in strict conformity with the Code of Roads and such section of the act to which this is an amendment.

Sec. 4. *Be it further enacted &c.* That this act shall be in force from the day of its passage.

(Signed) C. DERBIGNY
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
(Signed) FELIX GARCIA,
President of the Senate.

Approved February 10th, 1843.
(Signed) A. MOUTON,
Governor of the State of Louisiana.

BY AUTHORITY.

No. 17.
AN ACT

To the relief of John Gordon

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the state of Louisiana, in General Assembly convened, That the Auditor of public accounts be and he is hereby directed to credit John Gordon, late Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, the sum of $22,500 (twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.)

Description of property as given in the Judicial Conveyance, viz:

The lots of ground numbered 1, 2, 9, 10, 23 and 24, of a certain portion of ground situated in the faubourg Delond, bounded by the Bayou Sauvage, Delond, Rosseau and the property of Joseph Roffignac, as per plan drawn by John Schreiber, on 31st January, 1837. Said lots 1, 2, 9 and 10, measuring each twenty-five feet in inches front on Magazine street, by one hundred and thirteen feet six inches in depth, lot No. 1 forming the corner of Magazine and Delord; and Nos. 23 and 24, the corner of Delord and Fourchon streets.

W. F. WAGNER,
feb 11—3t to 30 de Dep. Clerk.

Succession of Victor Dereux.

SALE BY THE REGISTER OF WILLS.

WEDNESDAY, fifteenth March, 1843, at one o'clock p. m., at the City Exchange fronting on St. Louis street, between Chartres and Royal streets, by virtue of and in obedience to an order rendered by the honorable Court of Probates in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, dated 9th February, 1843, will be sold for account of the succession of the late Victor Dereux, the following named slaves, viz:

Adele alias Abby, negress, aged about — years, somewhat of a cook and washer, a runaway and sickly.

Lucile, negress, aged about 18 years.

Terms—cash.

N. B.—The sale of sale at the expense of the purchaser Lucien F. Grima, Esq., notary.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
Register of Wills.

SALE BY THE REGISTER OF WILLS.

Succession of Joseph Antoine Saulis Valle.

FRIDAY, twenty-tenth February, 1843, at 4 o'clock, P. M., at the Register of Wills' office, 49 Royal street between Conde and Royal streets, by virtue of and in obedience to an order rendered by the honorable Court of Probates in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, dated 10th February, 1843, will be sold for account of the succession of Joseph Antoine Saulis Valle, deceased:

The moveable effects belonging to said succession, and consisting of old gold, silver jewelry, a good watch, &c. &c.

Terms, cash.

W. F. C. DUPLESSIS,
Register of Wills.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURE OF THE ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

FROM ENGLAND		FROM BOSTON.
Acadia,	March 1	March 1
Columbia,	March 4	April 1
FROM ENGLAND.		FROM NEW YORK.
Caledonia,	Feb. 1	March 16
G. Western,	Feb. 15	March 16

EXPORTS.

Liverpool—Per ship United States—297 bales cotton.

Havre—Per ship Mary Kingland—293 bales cotton, 318 bris lard, 8 do tallow, 25 bales moss, 217 bdls hides.

Havre—Per ship Edmund Perkins—307 bales cotton, 10 do hops, 500 bdls hides.

New York—Per ship St. Louis—90 bales cotton, 9014 bris pork, 199 bris ass 4 kegs lard, 56 bris lard, 38 do grease, 436 casks hams.

Philadelphia—Per barque J. Emlen—118 bales cotton, 17 hhds tobacco, 400 do boxes, 180 do sugar, 50 brls pork, 500 pigs lead, 560 kegs lard, 100 bris molasses, &c.

Gibraltar—Per barque Maria—100 hhds and 480 bales tobacco, 400 do staves.

Balize and a Market—Per schr Ceylon—1,37 sacks corn 99 brls flour, and sundries.

RECEIPTS FROM THE INTERIOR.

Rodney—Per steamer Baton Rouge—453 bales cotton, 10 do cheese & Stanton (12 Duncan, McAllister & co; 92 Frank lin & Henderson; 62 Ringgold, Farriday & co; 49 Bayley, Beck & co; 40 J Goslin & co; 32 J J Ross & co; 20 Dunlap, Tate & Nalle; 18 A Ledoux & co; 17 J C Ricks & co; 4 Burke, Watt & co;—total 666 bales.

Natchez—Per steamer Tippecanoe—171 bales cotton, Dick, McLean & Hill; 100 Kelly, Cunningham; 14 Nicholson, Trotter & Perrault; 79 C W & R Hickman; 9 Fearn, Donegan, Crenshaw & Moon; 66 J Goslin & co; 181 Backus Cook & co; 41 K Ordway; 31 Minter, Chisholm & co, 152 B D Pitts; 15 J C Ricks & co; 12 Andrews & Bro; 4 Buckner & Stanton; 2 Dunlap, Alexander & Dunlap; 28 Lambeth, Thompson & co; 36 Goodwin & co 39 Arthur, Sutton & co; 61 A Rivards & co; 25 Curtis & Wailes—total 1042 bales cotton.

Vicksburg—Per steamer Sultana 8 bales cotton, Lambeth, Thompson & co; 15 J D Incogro; 18 A Ledoux & co; 148 Payne & Harrison; 67 Lum & Turner, 16 M White & co 6 Franklin & Henderson; 54 Ruff & Newman; 28 R McDowell & co; 73 Bayley & Beck; 64 Burke, Watt & co; 27 Ward, Moffett & co; 15 J A Smith; 18 A Martin, Pleasants & co; 48 Ringold, Farriday & co; 15 V Galloway & co; 56 W Bell & co; 23 Bayley & Beck; 64 J C Ricks & co; 40 J H Leverich & co; total 820 bales—18 sks cotton seed, to Lambeth, Thompson & co; 76 sides and 19 hides tron, Gardiner, Morris & co.

Cincinnati—Per steamer Importer—8 bris hemp, shuffle, Sled and A Leech; 4 hhds tobacco, E & D Fahnan; 1 do chloe, Layton & co; 40 hhds tobacco, J S Pickett; 10 do, 25 bales do and 50 bris whiskey, Shepherdson & Kilmaker 291 bris ass ad, N Polk; 24 hhds tobacco, Layton & co; 1 hhd Gardorff, 100 bris lard, J P Ward; 51 bdls whiskey, S Broadwell; 41 kegs lard, 19 bris clover seed, H Isaacs; 1 do do, Lewis; 1 do do, Lewis; 1 do do, Curtis & Hollister; 1 do do,