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The privilege of changing Advertisements is given to Annual Advertisers strictly with the business character of their business and to extent to one square every other day. No subscription taken for less than one year. Subscription to advertising will cease if the parties concerned are not punctually paid, unless at the option of the proprietors.

OFFICE 83 CHARTRES ST. NEW ORLEANS, WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 29, 1858. VOL. XVII—NEW SERIES. VOL. XXXII—WHOLE NO. 10,851.

THE DAILY BEE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DEC. 29.

THE MEXICAN PROBLEM.

The "sick man" on the American continent is unanimously decided to be Mexico, and from the latest accounts he seems to be getting no better very fast. Is it possible to cure him, or must he die, leaving his remains to be torn to pieces by the unclean vultures of Europe? Metaphor apart, the Mexican question is the political problem of the day, and we of the United States are bound by our own interest and security to solve it ourselves, and not leave the task to others.

Mexico has committed a thousand acts of oppression and outrage upon our citizens. If she has not hitherto been brought to a reckoning, her escape is due partly to our own misplaced considerations of magnanimity and forbearance, and partly to the anomalous and distracted condition of her government. At this particular juncture the affairs of Mexico seem almost hopelessly involved. It is hardly possible to demand indemnity and atonement for wrong inflicted from a government that possesses only a nominal existence. Which is the government of Mexico? Is it the Zuloaga administration, which does not pretend to exercise authority over a rood of land beyond the immediate domination of its soldiers, or is it the Juarez administration, which holds a city one day, and is expelled from it the next; which issues decrees without force, and plays the ruler alternately at Guanajuato or Vera Cruz, or any other spot temporarily occupied by the Constitutional forces. Before undertaking to expostulate with Mexico, it strikes us that the more reasonable plan would be to discover in whom the jurisdiction of her political affairs is vested.

The impossibility of obtaining satisfaction from Mexico, and, indeed, of entering upon any train of negotiations with a government whose tenure is so uncertain, so precarious, no doubt operated materially in inducing President Buchanan to recommend the establishment of military posts in Sonora and Chihuahua as a protection to our territory of Arizona, and a measure of reprisal towards Mexico herself. The proposition appears to meet with little favor, either in Congress or out of it. We dislike this halting, half way policy, and would infinitely prefer that the United States should at once take possession of the Mexican provinces, and hold them in satisfaction of our claims against Mexico. This would be a definite and intelligible course, and would compel Mexico to meet the issue, either by consenting to the alienation of Sonora and Chihuahua, by agreeing to adjust our past injuries, or by war. We do not see a preferable or any other remedy. The protectorate recommended by Gen. Houston is a farce from both its parts. To send a fleet to Vera Cruz and make a demonstration of hostilities, is equivalent to a declaration of war, and we do not believe the American people are willing to press poor, miserable, and convulsed Mexico unfeelingly. To send a special commissioner to Mexico, as we see proposed, is just the height of absurdity. What could such an effort accomplish? The Mexicans have managed to drive a Minister Plenipotentiary out of the country. Is it at all likely they would be more favorable to a special commissioner? And if he were allowed to penetrate into the interior of the republic with whom would he negotiate? With Zuloaga, who seldom much more extends beyond the limits of the federal district, or with JUAREZ, who is President only of the spot of earth upon which his soldiers happen to stand?

The fact is, the situation of Mexico is enough to perplex a wiser head than any that adorn the councilors of the President and his Cabinet. It is embarrassing to have to deal with a country, with its rulers, and with a people with whom the reason is almost disappeared. Mexico, indeed, is advanced by the Spanish proverb, "Mexico is a flowing pitcher from Heaven, which all the thousand appetites of the same port, of her territory, [illegible] Something, nevertheless, must be done, and that speedily, else one of these fine mornings we shall find Europe and England taking the question off the hands, and settling it in accordance with their interests.

CITY RAILROADS.

As the present city railroad, railroads in our city, are not satisfactory, at a great cost of time lessens, at the time, it may be as well to state that these enterprises have proved a failure in all cities elsewhere. The New York *Herald* of the 3d, alluding to the expedient of a reduction of fare, says—

"Cheap as the city rail and omnibus fares are, yet, with the single exception of the Second Avenue Company, which has the reputation of being the best, although it pays no dividends, all the other lines in the city, and even the Second Avenue Company has declared as high as fifteen per cent, per annum; and, in the midst of the financial panic of last year, the stock was in demand at 125. The other city lines only yield eight and ten per cent dividends, and their stock is in demand at high prices.

Erastus Brooks, Jr. Hall's second lecture was delivered in Monroe (Thursday) evening, at Odd Fellows' Hall. As this is the last lecture in the week we trust that the learned Professor will be recompensed for his pains, which are, we understand, small. We may promise in advance a most interesting and charming entertainment.

The Hunter-Lee Rifles, Jr., has had its rifle much obligations for important and valuable supplies, [illegible]

COAL OIL AND COAL LAMPS.—The numerous claims, as well as the use of the coal oil and lamps, which Mr. Adam Hall, No. 25 City Circus, Canal street, will be glad to learn that he has just received a fresh supply of supplies, and likewise a new assortment of parlor lamps of various sizes and prices. The coal oil lamp is certainly, for illuminating purposes, one of the cheapest and most suggestive we have ever tried.—We read the pamphlet, and we have tried it. We speak from experience, having tried them. To persons who are impelled to read or write in the evenings, we can confidently recommend one of these lamps, with the shade accompanying it.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—We understand that the New Orleans stockholders are very generally exercising upon their 50 cents a share on their Regular Southern Pacific Railroad stock. We think it both the duty and interest of every stockholder to pay promptly the fifty cents a share, which is to be considered by the company as a loan. This contribution on the part will, with other money raised in other places, redeem the company from all its embarrassments.

HARPER FOR JANUARY.—Our thanks are due the publishers for the January number of Harper's Monthly Magazine—and a magnificent number it is.

WASHINGTON, December 28.—Father Boyle, of St. Patrick's Church, of Washington, opened the Senate with prayer, in his priestly dress, the surplice and cross sack. This, the first occasion since the foundation of the government, that the entire reaffirmed of the Roman clergy have been worn in either chamber of Congress. Father Boyle read from the Roman Catholic Church a prayer for those in authority. The Senate chamber happened to be crowded at the time, and much interest and curiosity was manifested, with every appearance of devotion, both in Senators and visitors.

Among the many bills introduced during the session of the House to-day, was one by Mr. Beach, of North Carolina, appropriating $1,000,000 to enable the President to negotiate with Spain a treaty of amity, and for a settlement of differences, including the cession of Cuba, to be used by him, if he thinks fit, in advance of the ratification of such treaty by the Senate. If there is not at the time when payment are required so much money in the Treasury available, the President is authorized to borrow it. The bill was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Lieut. Col. De Russey was yesterday assigned to the command of the Corps of Engineers, and to the charge of that Bureau of the War Department.

In connection with the naval restorations yesterday in the senate, that body, after reopening its doors, passed a joint resolution creating temporarily the rank of grade of Admiral in the United States navy, with the view to confer it on Captain Charles Stewart, the oldest officer in the service, as a recompense for having been harshly treated by the action of the Retiring Board. On his death the rank shall be abolished by a joint resolution, which has already passed the Senate.

The time within which the creditors of Texas must present their claims at the Treasury is extended until January 1, 1862.

ESCAPED AGAIN.—The *Courier of the Teche* has the following:

Memphis Gazette.—This prisoner, who made his escape from our parish jail one week before last, had it seems, taken lodgings in the New Orleans jail, and, by the kind attention of the officer of that town. On learning this, the Deputy Sheriff having shown to the satisfaction of the District Judge that our jail was an unsafe place for prisoners, he granted an order for removing Gautreau to the parish jail of St. Mary. But yesterday morning, when about to execute the order, the officer learned that Gautreau had broken from the jail in New Iberia, and again has fled to parts unknown.

By Telegraph.

[TRANSMITTED TO THE NEW ORLEANS BEE.]

FURTHER BY THE ASIA.

The War in India—Terrible Shipwreck—English Ministry Defeated—Cochin-China Blockaded.

NEW YORK, December 29.—The Asia's mails contain some further items of interest.

The accounts received in England by telegraph report that Lord Clyde attacked and took possession of Amethii, in India, on the 11th November.

The Sepoys fled from Gervarre on the approach of the British forces, and the town was captured without opposition.

SHIPWRECK AND LOSS OF LIFE—ONE HUNDRED BODIES FOUND.

Very severe and destructive storms had been experienced on the Andalusian coast, causing the wreck of a large number of vessels.

More than a hundred bodies had been washed ashore and picked up along the coast.

The recent heavy rains had caused destructive inundations in the vicinity of Seville.

DEFEAT OF THE MINISTRY.

The English Ministry had been defeated on the bill for increasing the income tax.

VENETIAN ARSENAL.

The number of workmen had been doubled in the arsenal at Venice, and great activity prevails in all the military departments.

Numerous arrests had been made at Milan. Seventeen students had also been arrested at Pavia.

THE CUNARD STEAMERS.

The steamship Jura, an extra steamer of the Cunard steamship line, sails for New York on the 1st of January.

THE FRENCH IN CHINA.

The Admiral in command of the French fleet in the Chinese seas declares Cochin-China to be in a state of blockade.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, Saturday noon, December 11.—The funds to-day are buoyant and firm.

Consols for account sx dividend 97¼ to 97¾, and in some cases 97¼.

There is a good demand for money. Applications for discount are numerous.

LATEST FROM LIVERPOOL.

LIVERPOOL, Saturday noon.—The cotton market is quiet to-day; prices unchanged.

The estimated sales of the day are 6000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS AND PROVISIONS.

The Breadstuffs market continues very dull. Provisions are also very dull.

THE AMERICAN SHIP WORTH.

LIVERPOOL, December 11.—The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council in the case of the ship Worth, which was damaged by a collision with an American vessel, declares that both the latter were blamable for the accident.

THE EXCHANGE MARKET.

Exchange on London is firm at thirteen per cent premium, unchanged quotation.

Exchange on New York, Boston and Philadelphia, outside quotation, 18 3-4 per cent. premium.

Exchange on New Orleans, 3-4 per cent. premium.

No news of general interest is re; orted.

Whisky, 21c. Western Mess pork $17 50, with more sellers than buyers.

The receipts of hogs during the week were 22,000.

The total number received here this season is 135,000, against 204,000 during the same period last year.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, December 11.—Richardson, Spence & Co.'s report Lard closed dull, prices unchanged.

Sugar steady at previous quotations. Coffee quiet.

Tea closed very firm. Rosin steady. Spirits of Turpentine dull at 30s to 30s 6d. Pot ashes at 29s 6d. to 29s. Pearl ashes 31s. 6d. to 32s.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, December 11.—Baring Brothers & Co., London, report Welsh rails free on board at £6 6s. to £6 10s.

The market for sugar closed quiet but steady at the quotations by the Arabia. Coffee closed quiet. Tea closed with an upward tendency. Spirits Turpentine they quoted at 30s. Yellow Oils, 34s. Rosin, Rice closed steady at previous quotations.

LATER FROM HAVANA—ARRIVAL OF THE PHILADELPHIA.

SOUTHWORTH, December 28.—The steamship Philadelphia, Captain G. Harrison, from New York via Havana, crossed the Bar at Southwark this evening. She brings advices from Havana to the 24th instant.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

HAVANA, December 23.—The sugar market is dull. Transactions have been limited, but the market is firm at 2¾ reals per arroba for No. 12.

The stock of sugar at this port and at Matanzas is 22,000 hds.

Clarified molasses is quoted at 4½ reals. Kegland is rather dull at $17 50 per quintal.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

THE FILIBUSTER SCHOONER SUSAN—CONTRADICTORY RUMORS.

WASHINGTON, December 28.—Contradictory reports are in circulation in regard to the filibuster schooner Susan.

One report says that the schooner Susan proceeded to the mouth of the Colorado river, but was prevented from landing by the vessel of war there, and returned from there without having effected a landing on any part of the coast of Nicaragua.

Another report reports that the Susan landed her filibusters on the coast of Nicaragua without opposition (as we reported last week) and had returned to Pensacola, where the government had ordered her to be detained.

From the conflicting and indefinite nature of these reports, it is thought they are mere rumors.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, December 28.—The Cotton market closed dull, with a moderate enquiry, and prices were easier, without quotable change. The sales of the day were limited to 500 bales. Sugar quiet. Molasses is quoted at prices ranging from 30 to 35c.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, December 27.—Western Mess Pork, $17 50. Whisky, 21c. Sugar firm—prime is selling at 9½c. Molasses, 32a to 35c. Coffee steady—sales of 700 bags at 11¼ to 12c.

CINCINNATI, December 28.—The Flour market is steady at $4 90 to $4 95 for superfine. The stock of lard in port is 700 barrels and tierces 1500 kegs.

STEAMBOATS PASSING.

VICKSBURG, December 28.—The steamer H. R. W. Hill passed down at 12 o'clock last night.

The Queen of the West passed down at 4, the John Walsh at 9, the Hiawatha at 10 o'clock this morning.

The Natchez passed down at 3 o'clock this evening.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

ST. LOUIS, December 28.—The steamers Illinois and Jack and have arrived here from New Orleans.

The steamers A. T. Lacey and Maria Denning left here for New Orleans to-day.

ST. LOUIS, December 28.—The steamer Alonzo Child has arrived here from New Orleans. The J. C. Swon has left for New Orleans.

STATE OF THE RIVERS.

ST. LOUIS, December 28.—The river at this point is falling slowly, with twelve feet of water in the channel.

The river is clear of ice as far as Keokuk. The Missouri river is open as far as Kansas City, with five feet of water in the channel.

LOUISVILLE, December 28.—The river here is falling, with seven feet of water over the falls.

TELEGRAPHIC.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Somerville, N. J., December 21.—Cornelius H. Vanderveer, a respectable citizen of this place, was instantly killed today, by being accidentally run over by two trains of cars on the New Jersey Central Railroad, which left here at noon. Mr. V. was walking on the track in the same direction with the trains and stepped from the first rail to the south track just ahead of the engine. Being deaf, he must not have been aware of the approach of the train. A passenger train of thirteen cars, and a coal train of fifty cars, (which was immediately following) passed over his body, and it was literally mangled.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—St. Louis, December 21.—The steamboat Aubrey met with an accident a few miles above St. Louis, last night, causing the loss of four or five lives. The boat ran on the wreck of a sunken steamer, thus causing the steampipe, connecting with the mud receiver, to burst. A panic ensued among the passengers, who, rushing *en masse* into the yawl, upset it, by which several were drowned. Their names are unknown.

RAILROAD STOPPED.—Toronto, December 21.—The Government Inspector has ordered the stoppage of the Northern Railway as unsafe for passengers, but freight, with a passenger car with a coach attached, continue to run at a reduced speed. Considerable excitement exists about the matter.

CERTIFICATES REFUSED.—Albany, December 22.—The State canvassers have decided to refuse certificates of election to six Congressmen, recently elected from New York city, because the returns read "for members of Congress" instead of "Representatives in Congress."

The well informed Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Times* writes as follows:

Intelligent Mexicans, here, and other gentlemen who are familiar with the Mexican character, express the apprehension that the President's openly avowed proposition for the seizure of Sonora and Chihuahua as security for American claims, will have the effect of uniting many of the factions in Mexico against a policy which they consider looks to the disintegration of their territory, and will thus make it more difficult than it otherwise would have been, to carry out the plan proposed. Possibly, however, we may get some foreign aid in the scheme. England, for instance, may act upon the hint which our President has given, and seize upon Mexican territory for the measurement of her claims. Such a contingency would afford an excellent opportunity for pushing the proposition for an American Protectorate over the whole of the Mexican republic, in her extremity. Mexico will necessarily look to the United States for a loan with which to loosen the relentless claws of the British lion, and we might extend the required gold upon condition that we secure our loan by a treaty providing for the protectorate, and thus insuring to herself the peace and permanence indispensable to commercial, industrial and financial prosperity. Quien sabe?

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, December 23.—*Senate.*—Mr. Crittenden introduced a bill to regulate the manner of the election of United States Senators, which was referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Mr. Stuart, of Michigan, attempted to bring up the Agricultural College bill.

Mr. Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, Mr. Iverson, of Georgia, and Mr. Bright, of Indiana, objected, and the Senate refused to take up the bill by a vote of 20 yeas to 18 nays.

The bill allowing a pension to the widow and family of Col. Turnbull was taken up, and warmly advocated by Mr. Crittenden.—Passed.

The Senate adjourned to the 4th January, 1859.

House.—Mr. Comins, of Massachusetts, introduced a bill regulating the duties on imports, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Cochrane, of New York, submitted a resolution tendering the thanks of Congress to Captain S. C. Read, for having designed the present flag of the United States. Referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Geo. Taylor, of New York, a special committee of five members was ordered to be appointed to investigate the accounts of the late Superintendent of Public Printing, with power to send for persons and papers, and to report at any time.

Messrs. Ritchie and Morris, of Pennsylvania, severally made unsuccessful efforts to introduce propositions relating to the alteration of the present tariff, with a view to the establishment of protection and specific duties.

Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania, asked but failed to obtain leave to introduce a bill fixing the annual meeting of Congress on the second Monday in November.

Mr. Philips, of Pennsylvania, introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to confer the title of Captain in Chief for eminent naval services. Referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Bocock, of Virginia, a resolution was adopted calling on the President to inform the House whether any measures have been recently taken to procure a reduction of duties by foreign governments on American tobacco.

Mr. Cavode, of Pennsylvania, asked leave to introduce a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five members to inquire into the charge made by the President of the United States, contained in a letter to the President of the Centennarian Committee of Pittsburg, that money had been thrown into Pennsylvania to influence the State and Congressional election, in opposition to his wishes, and to report the names of the persons implicated.

The introduction of this resolution was objected to, amid laughter.

On motion of Mr. Taylor, of La., the Committee on Ways and Means was instructed to inquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the act of 1857 as relates to debasing of the silver half dollar and other coins, and making them a legal tender in sums not exceeding five dollars. He also introduced a bill authorizing the State of Louisiana to impose tonnage duties for the improvement of rivers and channels.

Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, introduced a bill to repeal the English act for the admission of Kansas into the Union. Referred to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. Seiter, of Ohio, introduced a bill authorizing the people of Territories to elect all their officers. Referred to the same committee.

Mr. Blair, of Missouri, asked but did not receive the consent of the House to introduce a resolution declaring the Supreme Court decision in the Dred Scott case extra judicial, illegal and void, and asserting that Congress should vindicate its right to legislate on slavery in the Territories.

Mr. Phelps, of Missouri, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported the Naval, Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills.

Mr. Bingham, of Ohio, introduced a bill that the present mileage system be abolished after the present Congress, and that the members be allowed only their actual traveling expenses. Referred to the Committee on Mileage.

Mr. Morrill, of Illinois, introduced a bill for the admission of sugar and salt duty free, and also a bill giving the citizens of the Organized Territories the right to elect their governors and all other officers.

Mr. Washburn, of Illinois, introduced a bill for laying out a post route from Leavenworth city, thence by the Smoky Hill Fork of the Platte river, near Pike's Peak.

Mr. Farnsworth, of Illinois, endeavored to introduce a resolution instructing the Committee on Naval Affairs to inquire and report what further measures are necessary to carry out the articles in the Ashburton treaty for the suppression of the slave trade.

Mr. Parrott, of Kansas, introduced a bill to reduce the quantity of land now included in the Military Reservation at Leavenworth, and to change the boundary line of the Territory.

A large number of bills and resolutions on a variety of subjects were introduced and referred to the appropriate committees.

The House then, on motion, adjourned over to the 4th of January, in accordance with the joint resolution.

The Monroe Doctrine.

The *National Intelligencer* has a long and elaborate history of the Monroe doctrine, concluding thus:

We have thus endeavored to lay before our readers a faithful history of a much mooted topic in American politics. Let us briefly recapitulate the points we have, as we think, established beyond all reasonable controversy:

1. That the Monroe declaration of 1823, in both its phases, had its origin in the changed relations and the wonderful revolutions of the several States of the American Continents arising especially from the emancipation of the Spanish colonies, and resulting in conducive to the interest of all that the American Continents should not be subject to future colonization by any European power as waste and unoccupied territory, and that no foreign State or States should be allowed to intervene in the domestic affairs of any American people for the purpose of suppressing republican institutions.

2. That the Monroe declaration, in so far as it related to the threatened intervention of the Holy Alliance in the concerns of the Spanish American States, was intended to meet a particular exigency of a variety, but of ONE DOES NOT SUIT THEM ON TRIAL, IT WILL BE EXCHANGED, AND ANY OTHER FURNISHED IN ITS PLACE; so that no customer need buy a Machine which proves, on trial, to be unsuited to their work.

For PLANTATION USE, WEED'S PATENT stands first and foremost, being so simple that a servant of ordinary capacity can learn its use. It will do work in half the time and with half the labor required by any other machine. The Shuttle carries a quantity of thread equal to two common shuttles, and has the same appearance on both sides of the goods. It is beautifully ornamented and very attractive in its appearance, and is acknowledged to be the most complete and perfect WORK of any machine ever offered in the market.

FOR LIGHT FAMILY WORK, SLOAT'S IMPROVED MACHINE is unrivaled. It sews the most rapidly of any machine ever invented, and runs much easier than any other. It is also acknowledged universally acknowledged to be superior to any machine for LIGHT WORK that has ever been invented.

☞ Remember that 28 CAMP STREET is the place to purchase any kind of SEWING MACHINE. If you buy elsewhere I CANNOT BE EXCHANGED for another manufacture, as no one else in this city keeps a variety to suit their customers.

dec18 1mdw M. S. BEDRICK, Agent.

☞ Look out for imitations of Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce. See advertisement of John Duncan & Sons.

LANDING ex ship Westminster from Bordeaux—
24 Cases Barsac Claret;
8 do White Wine;
9 tierces do.
For sale by K. DEVERGES,
dec29 21 St Louis st

IN store and for sale by the undersigned—6 casks Dublin porter, 18 6, 30 quarter pipes Cognac, Vve Leconq 1825; 1/2 quarter pipes Cognac, Leconq, Fins Bois, 1830; 4 pipes Holland gin, 150 gallons Holland gin, in 8 gallon demijohns.
PAUL LACROIX,
dec29 13 Toulouse st

CHAMPAGNE—Direct importation—We have 150 baskets, quarts and pints, of this celebrated wine landing from ship Golden Age, direct from Havre.
JOS. H. A. I. N. MARKS,
dec29 43, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

MACKEREL—300 bbls pickled shore and large, No. 1, 2 and 3; 240 half do do, do do; 300 quarter do do, do do, 300 kits do do, do do.
COD FISH—25 drums or blocks and extra 50 half do do, 60 quarter do do do; 150 boxes do do do.
HERRING—100 bbls No. 1, Roe; 50 half do do do; 100 boxes Megdelen and scaled.
SRAD—50 k. in mess.
TONGUES AND SOUNDS—25 half bbls.; 25 quarter do, 75 kits.
HALIBUT FINS—50 kits No. 1.
In store, landing and for sale by
JOS. H. A. I. N. MARKS,
dec29 43, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

HONEY—10 tierces of one bee, Cuba honey, just received per brig A A Chapman, from Havana, in store and for sale by AROBIE & XIQUES,
dec29 89 New Levee st, opposite Exchange Alley

FIGS—6 tierces new Smyrna, for sale by
JOSEPH H. A. I. N. MARKS,
dec29 43, 45 and 47 New Levee st.

LAMON—85 bags Lagudoc, 5c do Sicily, and 100 bbls Sicily, Marseilles and Tarragona. For sale by JOS. H. A. I. N. MARKS,
dec29 43, 45 and 47 New Levee.

LANDING ex ship Westmin ster, from Bordeaux—
1250 Barsac Claret Wine, St Julien Medoc;
200 do do St Estephe do;
10 quarter pipes Cognac, Cognardey, 1830;
5 do do do 1826;
2 octaves brandy Colonge;
10 quarter casks Cognac, A. Lenbrie;
50 hampers of 100 empty claret Bottles each.
For sale by X. LAMBERT,
dec29 No. 62 Magazine st

CANADA PEAS—A few barrels landing from ship Mediator
BEANS—A few barrels northern Kidney, landing from ship Mediator.
RED BEANS—A few barrels landing from ship Mediator.
POTATOES—400 barrels prenine New York and Foning Pinkeyes, selected expressly for seed, landing and in store.
ONIONS—204 sacks choice Iowa Reds, landing from steamer W B Kennedy.
For sale by A. CHOPARD & CO.,
dec29 14 Poydras st

TWO arrive per ship Louisa, from Marseilles—
200 boxes Limpid Vermouth, Nolly, Prat & Co.;
300 baskets sup Red, Bonnin Forrue, Nice; for sale by
GRATIAA, COMMAGERE & CO.,
dec29 20 Customhouse st

DELIJOHNS—In store and landing ex ship Bertha Thayer, from Havre 2503 1, 2, 3 and 5 gallon Demijohns, for sale by
GRATIAA, COMMAGERE & CO.,
dec29 20 Customhouse st

LANDING ex ship Southampton, from Bordeaux—
108 packages supply, pints of the Vineyard Proprietors of the Jarlin, 28 cases good ordinary claret; 50 hampers, 100 empty bottles each; 20 bbls superior white wine vinegar. For sale by
GRATIAA, COMMAGERE & CO.,
dec29 20 Customhouse st

LANDING ex ship Westmoreland, from Bordeaux—
10 hogsheads Claret, Medoc and Julien claret.
For sale by GRATIAA, COMMAGERE & CO.,
dec29 20 Customhouse st

TO CONTRACTORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, Syndic for the Fourth District, Jefferson Parish, right hank, will sell at public auction, in the village of Gretna, on the 3d of January, 1859, at the hour of 12, m., at the Police Jury Sitting Room, corner of Front street and Lafayette Avenue, the contract for a wooden brace Work to be erected in front of the levee on the plantation of J. M. Bell Esq.
Specifications to be seen at the Police Jury Sitting Room.
C. MILLAUDON,
dec29 41 Syndic Fourth District.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE firm of MATHEW THOMAS & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Both parties will attend to the liquidation.
SOLOMONE THOMAS,
J. J. KIER,
New Orleans, Dec. 29, 1858. 20 Carondelet st.
dec29 1m

College of New Orleans,

CORNER ESPLANADE AND BURGUNDY STS.

FOUNDED IN 1843, AND INCORPORATED IN 1851.

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Hon. Robert Dawson, L. E. D. P., Professor of International and Constitutional Law.
J. J. Cogevin, late Captain in U. S. T., Professor of German.
P. Lucani, Professor of Piano Voilin and Vocal Music.
D. W. Conroy, Professor of Dancing.
D. Canova, Professor of Drawing and Painting.

Study opens from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., with a recess of 60 minutes at M and at 2 P. M.

Terms

For tuition in the Seventh Class, per month,	$6
Sixth, Fifth and Fourth classes,	9
Third, Second and First	12
For boarding,	25
Half boarders	11

JOHN F. TAYLOR, President.
Rev. PAUL MAURY, Prefect of New Discipline.
New Orleans, December 1, 1858. dec24

New Year's Gifts! New Year's Gifts!

PERRON'S CHOCOLATES,

(PER TABLE.)

THIS new sweetmeat, far superior to cream chocolate, composed of fruits and nonpareils, is a delicious food, and a most delicious article.

Connoisseurs are highly praised by amateurs of confectionery and gourmands, for its peculiar taste, and nearly taken, without any danger to the stomach, by persons of ALL AGES. The shape and perfume of chocolates are very fine, and the price is suitable both for deserts and evening parties.

Received per ship Bertha Thayer, from Havre, 250 boxes Perron's Chocolates, for sale at the depot of
EDOARD GUILHOT,
dec29 No. 138 Royal street.

Benevolent Association of the Sons of Louisiana.

THE regular monthly meeting of the Association will be held on MONDAY NEXT, January 3d, 1859, at 12 o'clock, at Hotel Dieu, Hospital Ward. Members are requested to be punctual. Strangers will be introduced.
By order of the President
AUG. LAROE,
dec29 Secretary.

Card.

New Orleans, December 20th, 1858.

MR. BURKHARDT, Keeper for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, will be at his residence, Charles Hotel, from 9 to 2 o'clock this evening to receive contribution recommended by the Convention.

JAMES MACLIN,

Hoot and Shoe Manufacturer, and

DEALER IN TRUNKS, TRAVELING BAGS AND VALISES,

No 4 Charles street.

STRANGERS and Citizens are invited to call, under the above Hotel, and see for themselves the best of materials and workmanship.
dec18 6m

Vinegar for the Voice.

WHEN speaking or singing becomes necessary, a clear voice is the all-in-all to them all, particularly to professional amateur singers.

The Cayenne vinegar has been of great service for both their purposes and strengthens the organs by which they are enabled to sing or speak.

Prepared vinegar in a piece of tepid water, and gargling with it the same day, all night, before going to bed, is a sure cure.

Manufactured and for sale by
H. DEVERGES,
dec28 76 Chartres st. No. 76

Wanted.

SITUATION by a white man and his wife, the former as an ostler and the latter as a Chambermaid. Address at the office of the Bee, or WASHINGTON HOUSE.

Also, to hire out a boy of 14 years of age.
dec18 ALEXANDER SLOGAR

English Cannel Coal

210 TONS very fine English CANNEL COAL, large and small sizes, equally good for Blacksmiths, for sale by
SPENCER FIELD & CO.
dec29 1m

Electric Oil ..... Electric Oil.

Many respectable dealers in various parts of the country have been by wanting to sell them off some other vendor's spurious imitation of the Electric Oil, and such dealers are making every effort to prevent the people from procuring an expensive remedy to make. The price, however, is invariable at the trade.

Prepared by DELAHA & Co. of Philadelphia, have just received a letter from a nephew in the country, stating that the wonderful virtues of the Electric Oil had saved his life. Nobody permitted to publish the Book of the Fair. Only office, No. 2 Carondelet street, Merchants Exchange, Philadelphia, directly in the centre of the city.

The above will be sold low
CH. DANREE,
dec29 Corner Conde st. and Exchange Alley.

Fifty Dollars Reward.

WILL be paid for information which shall lead to the detection of the person who cut the thoroughfare Bands off the Bales of Cotton on the night of the 17th instant, which was standing in front of the hotel, Bands used, passengers and steamboat engage.
dec 26 m HALL & HILDRETH.

FOR SALE.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY RESIDENCE, near Bonnet Carré, Lake Pontchartrain, on the Spanish Fort Railroad, adjoining to Bayou St. John; together with a very large bed of ground for Greens, &c. Apply to
dec29 1m 121 Exchange Alley.

Further Reduction in Looking-Glasses, Engravings, Frames, &c.

FORTY PER CENT. ON ALL GOODS.

G. DUPUY,

61 ROYAL STREET, NEAR BIENVILLE.

His entire stock, fully guaranteed choice in every respect, is offered at the above reduction, and the price of each article is marked in plain figures, so as to enable purchasers to ascertain whether the reduction has been justly made.

With a view of affording connoisseurs an opportunity of selecting New Year's gifts, I have the honor to inform them that I have just received the most splendid assortment of Lithographs and Engravings, colored and plain ditto, ever imported here. A portion of the Paintings are from the Exhibition of last year's new style.

Mantel Looking-Glasses, Stores, Pompadour Medallions, Regence and Renaissance Gilt Tables, with marble tops; Hall Stands with brackets; all styles of Frames, Mouldings and Moulding Gilding for travelers.

Pins, Clasps, Tassels; German Locking Glasses, all prices and sizes.

Paintings cleaned and repaired.

On consignment, a case of Stereoscopic Views which will be disposed of at 20 per cent. below market prices.

G. DUPUY.
dec29

WHISKY.

WHISKY—100 bbls Wilshire's, for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO,
dec29 15 Tchoupitoulas st

CHEESE—600 boxes Western, for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO,
dec29 15 Tchoupitoulas st

BEEF—100 bbls Domestic's Extra Mess, for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO,
dec29 15 Tchoupitoulas st

POTATOES—600 bbls, landing ex ships Union, Pacific and Universe, for sale by
VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO,
dec28 15 Tchoupitoulas st

CIDER VINEGAR—50 bbls Cookins's pure. For sale by VOORHIES, GRIGGS & CO
dec28 15 Tchoupitoulas st

SMOKED SHINE SALMON—Received per steamship Louisiana, via New York, a small lot of the celebrated Shinnon salmon, put up in boxes of different sizes. For sale by DUNTZE & CO,
dec 28 Royal and Conti streets

FRUITS IN JUICE—Landing and in store, 100 cases assorted fruits in juice for sale by
dec28 DUNTZE & CO cor. Royal and Conti sts

SAGO, TAPIOCA, &c.—We have just received from France an assortment of Tapioca, Rice Flour and Potato starch, put up in one pound packages, for family use for sale by DUNTZE & CO,
dec28 corner Royal and Conti.

CONSERVES—Just received from Bordeaux 500 qr boxes Conserves of Violets, Roses, Truffles, 500 qr and 600 half do mushrooms; 300 half boxes green peas; 150 do truffled sausages, goose legs, &c. 100 do salmon in oil, etc. For sale by
DUNTZE & CO,
dec28 corner Royal and Conti sts

CLARET—100 cases claret, St Julien, St Estephe, St Laurent and St Emilion. 500 boxes St Julien claret, 12 bottles each, landing ex ship South America, from Bordeaux, and for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO,
dec27 17 and 19 St Louis st.

SARDINES IN OIL—30 boxes superior oil, half and qr boxes, A Canus, La Rochelle; landing ex ship South America, from Bordeaux, and for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO
dec27 17 and 19 St Louis st.

FRENCH BLANKETS—6 boxes green woolen blankets, 4½ pairs each; landing ex ship South America, from Bordeaux, and for sale by
EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO,
dec27 17 and 19 St Louis st.

BRANDY—20 qr pipes and 20 eighth pipes Ch. Rivière, 4th proof, and landing ex brig Westminster, from Bordeaux.
For sale by EUG. ROCHEREAU & CO,
dec27 17 and 19 St Louis street.

LIQUORS, &c.—100 boxes extra Liquors, A. Delmas; 20 boxes do do Cognac; 200 baskets extra Chauvet; 150 do do do, Delmas; 200 boxes absynth, Y. L. and E. P.; 60 do Kirschwasser, do do; 2 do do Vermouth, Nolly Prat & Co; 250 do pickles, olives, capers, &c. landing ex brig Gaviotta, and for sale by PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr.,
dec29 29 Conti street.

SUNDRIES—28 bbls extra Goshen butter; 100 baskets Heidsieck Piper champagne; 400 qr drums Smyrna figs; 200 eighth drums Smyrna figs; landing ex ship Escort, from Bordeaux, and for sale by
PIAGGIO & VIOSCA, Jr, 29 Conti st

POTATOES—410 barrels choice northern Mesbaches, Dykemans, Mountain Jones, and Pinkeyes, landing ex ship Atlantic, and for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, by DONNELLY