

# Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 22.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1896.

No. 141

## Spectacles!

We carry a full line of Fine Glass and Pebble Spectacles. Eye Glasses in Steel, Nickel Alloy or Gold. For best quality of Goods give us a trial.

Prices Are Very Moderate.

**Challoner & Mitchell,**

Jewellers, 47 Government Street.

## The Best Way

When the inquisitive owner of the camel asked that patient quadruped "would you rather go up hill or down?" the camel was Yankee enough to answer the question by asking another. "Pray, master, is the level way across the plain about up?" So with us, we have travelled no dubious route to popularity. Straight bargains, straight prices, and straight methods have been enough for us.

### Here's What it Does:

50 pairs 70x58 in. Blankets at \$1 per pair. 1,000 yds. Dress Ginghams, at 8c. per yd. 500 doz. Brooks' 6-cord best quality spool cotton (200 yds.) at 25c. per doz. After all.

### The Best Advertisement

Is a well pleased customer. Just now we would rather make customers than money—rather have a big crowd and a small profit than a big profit and a small crowd. Eventually we know, like Constantine, BY THESE SIGNS WE SHALL CONQUER.

### The Westside.

**J. Hutcheson & Co.**

Victoria, 24 February, '96

## HALL, GOPEL & CO.,

100 Government Street.

Fire Agency—  
Marine Agency—  
Life and Accident—  
Agents—  
Agents—  
Offices—

The Liverpool & London & Globe Insce. Co. Losses settled without reference to Head or other branch office.  
The Fireman's Fund Insce. Co'y, Lloyds Underwriters, London.  
The Travelers Insce. Co'y.  
The Union Pacific Railway Co'y.  
Atlantic Steamship Lines. Berths reserved by wire. Orders from Europe issued at lowest rates.  
THE WELLINGTON COAL YARD.  
Best Wellington Household, Nut, and Coarse Steam and Blacksmith Coal, constantly on hand, delivered in quantities to suit.

## The Devil Has Little Chance



Against a strong stomach and healthy mind—the result of using our Tea and Coffee. Our blend at 50c. is a great favorite and growing more famous every day. Our special blend at 50c. is a great drawer for 5 o'clock teas and kettle drinks. Asama, Ceylon, Hyson, young and old, are cupbearers of Temeity—that's the T.  
Our 40c. Coffee, best in town, no grounds for complaint.  
Rolled Oats? Well, just for fun, 7 lbs. for 40c. to 7 lbs. for 25c. Just for instance we will give you 10 lbs. for 25c.

**DIXI H. ROSS & CO.**

**GEO. POWELL & CO.,**  
Cheapside.

### The Oxford Range

Leads them all in Style, Economy and Price. Just the Range you want.  
Our Lines of Tinware, Glassware, Crockery and Hardware are complete.  
Carpenters Tools a Specialty.

**CHEAPSIDE, 127 Government St.**

## Curling Iron Heaters

We have just received the nicest assortment of these goods ever shown here. Also a full line of Curling Irons.

**John Cochrane,**  
Prescription Druggist, N. W. cor. Yates and Douglas streets.

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**STRAYED**—On Thursday, bay horse, about 17 hands high; white stripe on face and hind legs, and slight mark of white on foreleg. Had a leather halter on. The party giving information will be rewarded. S. A. Stoddart, Jeweller, 38 Yates street. fe14-2

**WANTED** to sell or exchange large well bred white gander for a large well-bred goose. Apply 138 Pembroke st. fe14

**WANTED** to sell or exchange four-year-old trotting bred mare for cow stock. Apply 138 Pembroke street. fe14-1

**YOUNG LADY** who has learned the spectacle and eye-glass business in England, wishes to obtain a similar situation. Apply Spectacles, Times office. fe14-2

**LOST**—Fireman's waterproof coat, on Friday forenoon. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving same at Times office. fe14-2

**DRY WOOD FOR SALE** at current rates; prompt delivery in any part of the city; also steam sawing done. A. C. Howe, fe14-2

**NEW WALL PAPER**—J. W. Mellor, Fort street, above Douglas. fe14-2

**CREOSOTE OIL**, for shingles; 45c. per gallon. J. W. Mellor. fe14-2

**MIXED PAINTS**—\$1.50 per gallon. J. W. Mellor. fe14-2

**DO YOU WANT TO KEEP WARM**—Buy Wellington coal at lowest market rates. Apply Munn, Holland & Co., 26 1/2 Broad street (opposite Driard). fe14-2

**NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS**—'Changes' for standing advertisements must be handed in at the office before 11 a.m. of the day the 'Change' is desired to appear.

### Notice of Assignment.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Haughton, of the city of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, Merchant, and Alfred E. Wescott, of Victoria, aforesaid, Merchant, carrying on business in partnership under the firm name of Thomas Haughton and Company, have by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1896, assigned all their personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized or sold under execution, and all the real estate of them and either of them, to John Leander Beckwith, of the city of Victoria aforesaid, Commission Merchant, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said Thomas Haughton and Alfred E. Wescott.  
The said deed was executed by the said Thomas Haughton and Alfred E. Wescott, and John Leander Beckwith on the 14th day of February, 1896.  
All creditors are requested to send full particulars of their claims to the trustee on or before the 31st day of March, 1896. Dated the 14th day of February, 1896.  
H. G. HALL,  
Solicitor for the Trustee.

### CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the Creditors of the said Thomas Haughton and Alfred E. Wescott, will be held at my office, No. 49 Johnson street, Victoria, on Saturday, the 22nd day of February, 1896, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.  
J. L. BECKWITH,  
Trustee. fe14-1m

### Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

FOR...  
**HONOLULU,**  
**CHINA and JAPAN.**

S. S. ABLON, 4300 tons dead weight, due 24th February.  
MOUNT LEBANON, 3000 tons dead weight, due 20th March.

**POCKET SOUND & CENTRAL AMERICA S.S. COY**  
S. S. TRANIT—Sailing monthly for Central America ports.

For freight and particulars apply to  
**F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.**

### F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

Commission Merchants and Shipping Agent,  
IMPORTERS OF...

Japanese Rice, Silk and General Merchandise.  
Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

### VICTORIA THEATRE.

**TO-NIGHT.**

## SOUSA'S

Peerless Concert Band.

Fifty Eminent Musicians.

AMERICA'S MARCH KING.

**JOHN PHILIP SOUSA,**  
CONDUCTOR.

Brilliant Assisting Artists:

MISS MYRTA FRENCH... Soprano.  
MISS CURRIE DUKE... Violinist.  
MR. ARTHUR PRYOR... Trombone.

Matinee prices—1.50 and \$1.00; gallery 50c. Evening—\$2.00, \$1.50 and \$1.00; gallery 75c.

## THE FIGHT POSTPONED

**Peter Maher's Eyes Fall Him, and the Contest is Adjourned to Next Monday.**

**Fitz in the Pink of Condition—Stuart is Confident of Non-Interference.**

**The League of American Wheelmen Abolish Class B—General Sporting News.**

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 14.—The fight has been officially postponed until next Monday on account of Maher's sore eyes.

El Paso, Feb. 14.—There is likely to be no fight to-day. Johnny Murphy's trainer, Conroy, tells a peculiar tale about the trouble with Maher's eyes. He was asked if Peter's eyes were as bad as reported. "His eyes are slightly inflamed," he replied, "but they're plenty good enough to fight." "If that is so, what is wrong?" "I'll tell you confidentially: Maher is afraid of the authorities. Wednesday night our training quarters were surrounded by a hard looking set of men on horseback, with rifles, who patrolled within fifty yards of the house all night, and had the life scared out of everybody. We learned from Deputy Jim Beardson, who was at the house, that they thought we were going to pack up and leave for the battle ground, and they were ready to trace us up. Neither Maher nor anybody else in our camp is ready to die with his boots on, and unless Stuart can guarantee protection neither Maher, Marshall nor Murphy will fight."

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 14.—Peter Maher's eyes were better this morning, but there is no telling yet whether he will be able to enter the ring on Monday. The opinions of physicians still differ, some maintaining that he will be about in three days, others giving him at least a week to remain in a room. Even if Maher is able to enter the ring on Monday, he will not be able to do himself justice. He has been practically out of training for a week, and will certainly be able to do nothing between now and Monday if the fight comes off on that day. Fitzsimmons' chances are very greatly improved. He is in splendid condition. This morning Maher was still locked in the little room in which he was placed last night with the shades drawn and every ray of light carefully excluded. Hot bandages were applied to his eyes frequently during the night, and when he finally dropped off to sleep toward morning the poultice was still applied. Maher is greatly worried lest the public should think he has backed down, and that the sore eyes are merely a subterfuge to enable him to avoid going into the ring. Anybody seeing Maher's condition, however, could not maintain such an idea for a minute. Not only is he utterly unable to see, but he is so helpless that he cannot care for himself. Connelly, his trainer, said this morning: "If Peter rounds to by Monday there will be a fight, as far as we are concerned. We are sure our man can win even if he has been compelled to let up training. He is dead game and more than willing to fight. If he can see when Monday comes around he will get into the ring."

Stuart says he is ready to pull off the fight at any time when the men are ready. "We would have been on the way to the battle ground by now," he added, "if Maher had been in any shape at all. I was prepared to pull the fight off today. I am ready to pull it off any time the principals are ready. There will be no fluke on my part when the time comes." The spot where the battle ground will be is still a secret.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 14.—Peter Maher was taken back to Las Cruces this morning, a doctor accompanying the pugilist. He would express no positive opinion as to his patient being able to fight within the specified time. "There seems to be a little less inflammation this morning," Dr. White said, looking at the eyes just before the start. "Maher may be able to enter the ring on Monday and make a fight." Six Texas rangers kept guard about Maher's room last night. Two were planted at the foot of the stairs, two across the way and one at each side of the entrance. Fitzsimmons came over from Juarez in the theatre last night. During the performance two rangers entered the box and told Fitzsimmons that he was under arrest. The Australian was frightened, but was told to see the show and go home, as he was not to be taken to jail. After the show Fitzsimmons was escorted to the river by the rangers.

**DEAN & HISCOCKS,**  
CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS,  
Corner of Yates and Broad sts.

E. H. Hiscocks, late with Langley & Co., and a Chemist and Druggist by examination of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain.

To Rent or Lease  
**THE SIDNEY SAW MILL**

Equipped with all modern improvements. For Terms and further information apply to  
**HEISTERMAN & CO.,**  
25 Government St.

## LIBERALS ARE SOLID

**No Kickers in Mr. Laurier's Ranks—French Liberals With Their Leader.**

**Debate on the Budget Still Dragging Along, Creating but Small Interest.**

**Reference to the Supreme Court on the Life of the Present Parliament.**

**A Big Montreal Wholesale House Gone Under, and Will be Wound Up.**

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—There is no truth in the report that certain French Liberals are not in accord with the policy of Mr. Laurier on the school question. Mr. Beausoleil, who returned from Montreal, laughs at the idea that he is kicking.

Lord Aberdeen sent for the Shortis papers to-day, and is going to prepare a copy of them for the colonial office.

The Foresters' bill passed the banking and commerce committee to-day. Members are allowed under it to insure for \$5000.

(Press Dispatch.)—The proceedings in the house yesterday were duller than usual. Mr. McDonald, Liberal Union, resumed the speech on the budget and had the floor for four hours and a half. He was followed by Mr. Craig, Conservative, East Durham.

His Excellency has signed an order in council granting certain reservations of land in the Northwest to Father LaCombe, for the purpose of a half-breed settlement.

It is more than probable that the question as to the date at which parliament will legally expire will be referred to the Supreme Court for an opinion.

Ottawa, Feb. 14.—The Montreal Gazette editorially to-day says that the position of Prior and Wood is very peculiar. It says that they sit as individuals in the cabinet, holding no portfolios in the administration and making no recommendations to the council as ministers. That was not what was contemplated by the act. It asks that the law be changed.

Toronto, Feb. 14.—There are over 50 applications for the position of superintendent of the general hospital at Kingston.

Halifax, Feb. 14.—Hon. Geo. H. Murray, the recently defeated Liberal candidate in Cape Breton, was banquetted in this city last night.

Hamilton, Feb. 14.—The council has passed a by-law authorizing the payment of \$40,000 bonus to the Hamilton Iron and Steel Company.

Listowel, Feb. 14.—Yesterday morning about 12:30 fire broke out in the English church and left the building a complete wreck. The fire is supposed to have started from a stove.

Montreal, Feb. 14.—James McDougall & Co., wholesale woollen merchants, of this city, have offered their creditors 30 cents on the dollar, which has been refused. The liabilities are placed at \$80,000, with assets in the neighborhood of \$45,000. A number of Toronto houses are interested to a small extent. The estate will probably be wound up.

### WORLD'S FAIR WINDING UP.

Expected That Business Will Be Closed by in a Month.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The World's Fair board of control here are winding up business relating to the Chicago exposition. One of their duties is to promulgate the award of 23,000 to 25,000 medals and diplomas to exhibitors at the fair. It is expected that everything will be done in less than a month.

### ACCIDENT TO F. S. MARION.

She Puts in At Callao With Defective Engines.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—News has been received by private letter, dated Panama, which stated that the United States man-of-war Marion put in at Callao a few days before the Alert left that port, with the valve gear of the engines broken. It is estimated that ten or twelve days will be consumed making the necessary repairs. The Marion left here several months ago, after undergoing a thorough overhaul and extensive repairs at Mare Island navy yard.

### A SUBSTITUTE FOR STEEL.

Edison Thinks He Can Harden Aluminum to Answer the Purpose.

New York, Feb. 14.—Edison in his experiments with the Roentgen rays in photography believes that he has accidentally hit upon a process of hardening aluminum that will make it a substitute for steel in all the uses of that metal, from ship to bicycles. This means a revolution in the iron work. This discovery was made by the retired last night. In happening to stick one of the aluminum disks for the cathode electrode in the source of his experiments he tried to bend it, but found that its nature had changed and that it was as stiff as steel.

**ROYAL Baking Powder.**  
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report



GOMEZ GAME STILL

In Spite of His Recent Wound and His Seventy Second Year.

He Manages His Fiery Horses and Stands Exposure Like a Youngster.

New York, Feb. 14.—A special to the World from the headquarters of Gen. Carlos Gomez, near San Antonio de Cas Banos, says: General Gomez' wound, received January 14, has not proved serious. In spite of his hurt and of his 72 years of age, and thirteen years of war (ten of them continuous exposure in the last Cuban rebellion), his rugged constitution enables him to manage his fiery horses and endure the exceptional fatigue of long marches like a youngster. He was struck by a Mauer bullet, which passed through his right leg from the front. Although causing no fracture of the bone, the wound is painful. He has personally directed his forces in their daily marches and almost daily skirmishes. In answer to the question: "How will the substitution of General Weyler for General Campos affect the Cuban chances, General Gomez said: "I regard these good soldiers as being in the same state in which the grand army of France was found, or rather lost itself upon the departure of Napoleon I. I regard General Weyler as an honorable but cruel soldier. In his military ability, however, I do not think he can for a moment be compared with Campos. In the last movements of his command he was notably only for his unrelenting cruelty towards defenseless non-combatants, which action he now claims was in obedience to superior authority. "The government of the republic of Cuba has been loath to order me to destroy the cane of American estates. I do not like to have to destroy any property, but it was deemed necessary to strike a blow at the finances of Spain. This has been done and our enemy will not receive the \$18,000,000 with which to carry on war against us that she would have received as import duties upon articles brought into Cuba in exchange for the sugar crop. All the plantations have been treated alike, American, German Spanish, even those owned by patriotic Americans have been prevented from making sugar this year. "Are Cubans still willing to purchase their independence?" After some thought Gen. Gomez answered: "Of course owing to the rapid increase of the growth of the rebellion this course would not be so easily approved by the Cubans as at first. Moreover, it is a question for our government to decide, but I think I am warranted in answering 'yes' to the question. The Cubans will now offer for their freedom \$100,000,000 or perhaps more, to be paid within one year from this time. To secure the loan I believe the government of the republic would go as far as to allow the government of the United States, should the loan be placed there, to administer the finances and retain the revenues of Cuba until such time as the full amount should have been repaid."

A special to the Herald from Havana says: Madrid dispatches received here say that Martinez Campos, since the recent demonstration at the Spanish capital, has declined to assume the presidency of the supreme council of war to which he has been appointed, and has signified his purpose of leaving the country, having, he says, to accompany an invalid son who goes to Germany to recuperate his health. Madrid, Feb. 14.—Dispatches received here from Havana say that the Spaniards, under Gen. Cornell and Col. Hernandez, defeated the insurgents under Gen. Antonio Maceo north of Pinar del Rio, capital of the province of that name. The dispatches add that the insurgents lost 24 men killed, while the Spaniards had only two killed and seven wounded, including General Cornell, who is slightly injured. It is further stated that Maximo Gomez is still in the vicinity of Havana.

WILHELM GETS THE NEWS. But It Is Conveyed In a Rude Way.—Germany's Policy. Berlin, Feb. 14.—A gross insult was offered his majesty, Emperor William, this afternoon as he was riding in an open carriage through Brandenburg gate. The sidewalks were crowded at the time. Some miscreant, who evidently had knowledge that the Emperor was out for a drive and would pass through the gate, threw a package of newspapers at the Kaiser. It struck his majesty on the left shoulder. Beyond causing the Emperor to suddenly grow pale and give a quick order to drive faster, no harm was done. Despite the fact that special officers rode as a body guard behind the Kaiser's carriage and that several policemen were near the gate, the thrower of the package was not detected. When the package was taken to the police headquarters and opened it was found to contain a number of copies of a recent edition of the Vorwaerts, which was bristling with attacks on the government. It had a lengthy editorial containing radical suggestions about the big tailors' strike now in progress, another one on the unprovoked persecutions of socialists, the suppression of socialist newspapers and unwarranted imprisonment of their editors, besides a condemnation of evil anticipations resulting from a continuance of the autocratic policy of the present ruler of Germany. In the Reichstag to-day Baron von Biberstein, minister of foreign affairs, repudiated the insinuation that Germany had designs against the independence of the Transvaal, adding, "such a policy would be swept away before the indignation of the people."

A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

MRS. DAVIDSON TO LECTURE.

With the Rev. Dr. Brown's Frailties as Her Subject.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—Instead of languishing behind prison bars, Mrs. Mary A. Davidson may blossom out as a rostrum orator, with the alleged frailties of Rev. C. O. Brown as a subject of public lectures. It all remains with Mrs. Davidson. A syndicate of local theatrical capitalists, headed by Archibald Levy, the theatrical agent, and Cliff Phillips, is ready to furnish the necessary bond to release the woman from the county jail provided she will consent to tell a curious public, at the rate of 50 cents a head, her side of the famous church scandal. Levy and Phillips think they could "star" the alleged defamer of Dr. Brown to pecuniary advantage. At any rate, they are willing to risk money in the venture.

PATSY HARRIS' VALENTINE.

Hanged in Washington Jail To-Day for Wilful Murder.

Washington, Feb. 14.—John, alias "Patsy," Harris, a negro murderer, was hanged in the District of Columbia jail at 11:37 this morning. The crime for which Harris was hanged in Washington to-day, was committed on the afternoon of July 4th last, in that portion of Georgetown known as Boston. Matthew Spruell, the murdered man, and Harris, both negroes, lived in the same house together with their families. On the day of the murder Harris came home under the influence of liquor. Understanding his wife to say that Spruell had refused to speak to her, he immediately started out looking for trouble. He found Spruell in a barber shop and fired at the wall of the room, merely, he said, "to scare him." Spruell, becoming frightened, ran into the street, pursued by Harris, who fired upon him with fatal effect. There was little or no provocation for the murder, although Harris claimed on the witness stand that Spruell first made an assault upon him with a razor. Harris was 23 years of age and leaves a wife and child.

SHADOWING THE PRINCE.

An Anarchist in the Bay City Follows in Prince Luigi.

San Francisco, Feb. 14.—The Italian colony in this city is considerably agitated over the discovery that Pietro Gori, the anarchist who was said to have incited Santo Caserio to murder President Carnot, is shadowing Prince Luigi, a nephew of King Humbert of Italy, who arrived here last week on the warship Christoforo Colombo. Since the arrival of the prince he has attended a number of social functions given in his honor, and on each occasion a tall, dark-complexioned man was noticed when the identity of the stranger was learned the prince asked to see the anarchist. When the tall young man was pointed out to him the prince watched him with a tinge of well bred curiosity. Gori says he has no particular motive in following the prince about and attended the balls at which King Humbert's nephew was present for the purpose of seeing the king. He admitted that he taught Carnot's slayer the principles of anarchy, and was himself a later of royalty, but denied that he had any evil motive in seeking the company of Prince Luigi.

THE MODERN BABYLON.

Some Samples of the Private and Public Corruption of Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—John Koehler is in jail in this city accused of attempting to have an assassin kill his entire family. The alleged plot, it is claimed, was frustrated by three men. These are John Meade, a miner, of West Superior, Wis., a tramp by force of circumstances; Capt. Schuttler, of Sheffield avenue police station, and Detective John Banner, of the same station, who disguised himself as a tramp and, it is said, was hired to commit the murder. Koehler broke down when arrested, and was so limp that the officers had to carry him to the patrol wagon.

Koehler as an Alsatian, 40 years old, and has amassed a small fortune in Chicago where he has lived for fifteen years. Four months ago he married a Mrs. Frederika Tuebbaek, who had besides a handsome face and form, a four story brick house on Clybourne avenue, from which she derived a snug income by taking boarders. The wife, it is said, had a whip, and enforced, as a condition of the union, that in case of death of either the combined property should revert to their survivor. The affections of the couple began to cool off soon after marriage, and it was not a month before quarrels became frequent. Many disputes finally led to separation and then, it is charged, the plot to murder the woman and her children followed.

Chicago's committee of safety, which numbers 100, has begun its war against the combination in the council. The committee regards the condition of the city as desperate, and believes that Chicago is disgraced in the eyes of the nation by the personal and official conduct of its aldermen.

THROW AWAY HIS CANES.

Mr. D. Wiley, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly affected with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He said this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 75 cents a bottle by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

THEY CLOG JUSTICE.

Some Telling Truths About the Respectable Classes of Society.

New York Tribune: It is not the slims that make the city vile. It is not the boss alone who makes politics dishonest. It is not the foreign element that makes the light against vice and crime sometimes seem almost hopeless. It is the solid resistance of the mass of respectable citizens, who felicitate themselves on their virtue, and that always prevents the perfection of any reform at the point where the doing away of any evil threatens indirectly some vested interest, some perhaps honest but essentially selfish private scheme. At-

tempt to enforce an excise law and the highly respectable and benevolent brewer, who would not dream of smothering a loaf from a drunkard's wife or of selling a drink unlawfully, at once becomes the partisan of lawbreakers. Try to clear the sidewalks in the wholesale district and note the business men, who groan so under the evils of mis-government, protesting that there is such a thing as carrying reform too far. Drive an investigation of the old police corruption much below the surface and see the bankers and merchants, who have received favors from public servants, whose business secrets—perhaps entirely proper business secrets—are known to officials, rally quietly but effectively to keep their old friends from being annoyed. Seek to stop the killing of people reckless motorists, and the power of stockholders whose children may be endangered stand in the way. Start to compel the owners of a franchise to give adequate compensation for their privileges, or to restrict their activity any for the public good, and a corporation lawyer will arise, eloquently directing attention to the more pressing need of stopping poker games. Let any movement be started for the purification of the mayor, and the foundation of the power of machines and bosses will be found not in the bribe takers and petty traders who are so disgustingly apparent, but in the attorneys, the bankers, the insurance men, whose interests may be helped or hurt by legislation. They may know perfectly well that the men they are protecting are corrupt, but nothing can induce them to risk incurring the anger of them, who by some chance might still for a time remain in power. So they go on supporting them, paying blackmail to them, and innocent themselves of desires for plunder, become partakers of corruption.

Some of these men who thus support evil are themselves rascals, who, cloaked in respectability are engaged in deliberate and intentional robbery of their fellow citizens. Not so the majority of them. The majority mean to be honest. They deal fairly in a real estate transfer and give full measure in a ton of coal. Unimpeachable in their honor, judged by conventional standards. Unfortunately, they have forgotten that conventional standards do not measure a man's responsibilities in life. They talk glibly of pure government, and themselves do more than anybody else to debauch it. They talk against crime and extend their own hands to criminals. They do not mind unskillful administration, and are themselves kept immobile by selfishness. They will not realize that wrong is not less wrong because committed indirectly, that cowardice is not the less cowardly because named under the veil of business prudence, that dirty money is not less dirty because it has passed over many palms. So, calm in the conviction of their own respectability, and much concerned for the cleansing of the masses, they themselves go through the world with dirty hands.

The little daughter of Mr. Fred Webber, Holland, Mass., had a very bad cold and cough which he had not been able to cure with anything. I gave him a 75 cent bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, says W. P. Holden, merchant and postmaster at West Brimfield, and the next time I saw him he said it worked like a charm. This remedy is intended especially for acute throat and lung diseases, such as colds, croup and whooping cough, and it is famous for its cures. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains nothing injurious. For sale by all druggists, Langley & Co., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

ROENTGEN'S DISCOVERY.

How the "X" Rays Were Hit Upon by the German Professor.

As Prof. Roentgen's discovery of an heretofore unknown light will no doubt excite a great deal of interest, and is so widely written about, without any explanation being given to the public of what the discovery really is, the writer of this communication offers a few remarks on the subject which he has gathered from scientific German papers, which remarks, although, or perhaps because, void of all scientific profundity, may answer the purpose of giving the average reader an idea of what the new discovery is.

The experiments made for a number of years by Prof. Hertz and others led to the discovery of the by-product of light led Prof. Geissler of Germany to devote his attention to the light produced by the electric current in a glass tube filled with this very gas, and provided on both ends with platinum wire (electrodes), the ends of which penetrate into the tubes. These are the Geissler tubes.

Mr. Hittorf, another German professor, went a little further, and had a small piece of straight, or slightly curved sheet metal (called cathode) fastened to that electrode through which the positive electricity entered the tube. If the gas in the tube had been rendered especially thin, the electricity when turned on would not light it up, as in the Geissler tube, but would opposite the cathode on the glass wall of the tube a fluorescent spot showing a yellow, green or blue light, according to the chemical composition of the glass. In other words, the cathode threw off rays of light that were not visible, but produced a strong fluorescence at the point where they meet the sides of the glass tube. It was also noticed that there was another body in the tube opposite the cathode, it would more or less absorb the rays and throw a shadow on the wall of the tube.

These tubes were called Hittorf's tubes, or in England, where Prof. Crookes took up the experiment with them, they were called after the latter. With these tubes Prof. Roentgen, of Wurzburg, Germany, had repeatedly labored and successfully produced the strange fluorescent light, when one day, in order to better observe the same, in order to detect his own work, he directed the tube with a piece of black cardboard, which was of such a thickness that a strong electric arc light could not shine through it. In the neighborhood of this tube he placed a shade, covered with barium platin cyanure, which is commonly used in the experiments with cathode rays, because under their influence the substance forming the cover exhibits a strong fluorescence of a white colored light.

As soon as Prof. Roentgen had turned on the electric current he saw that

No Hoops. No Seams. (That is, the gait hasn't.) E. B. EDDY'S INDURATED FIBREWARE TUBS AND PAILS are the most perfect and lasting in existence. They don't taint milk or other contents, but are always sweet and pure.

FUNK & WAGNALLS' Standard Dictionary. It is the Latest and Most Complete. Contains 701,893 words, many thousands more than any other dictionary ever published. More than 800,000 were expended in its production. 247 Specialists and Editors were engaged in its preparation. Its Definitions are Clear and Exact. President Milne, of New York State Normal College, says its definitions are best to be found anywhere. Scores of critics say the same. Its Etymologies are Sound. They are especially commended by the Atlantic Monthly, Boston, the Westminster Gazette, London, Sunday School Times, Philadelphia, and scores of others. It is a Government Authority. It is used in all the departments of the United States Government at Washington, and all the departments of the Dominion of Canada. Government experts give it the preference on all disputed points. It is adopted in the Public Schools. It is the Latest and Most Complete. It is in use in all the departments of the United States Government at Washington, and all the departments of the Dominion of Canada. Government experts give it the preference on all disputed points. It is adopted in the Public Schools. It is the Latest and Most Complete. It is in use in all the departments of the United States Government at Washington, and all the departments of the Dominion of Canada. Government experts give it the preference on all disputed points. It is adopted in the Public Schools.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES. Can be Obtained from your Chemist. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. Don't forget, these Remedies have been PUBLICLY TESTED and proved to be superior to any other. Sold by all Chemists and direct from Langley & Co.

"LOOK IT UP." Yes, dear reader, they have been "looking it up," and now that the HOUSES ARE LET, EXCEPT THE BIG ONE, we are turning our attention to the arable acreage that we offer at prices to defy competition. Yes, MOUNT TOLMIE ESTATE, values have suffered, but by a favorable financial arrangement we are meeting the drop in prices. We must pay our past due taxes or be "SOLD UP." \$25.00 REWARD. Call for map and get particulars of FIVE and TEN acre plots, all ready for the plow, that will produce anything that will grow on Vancouver Island. J. H. BROWNLEE, Financial Agent. Rooms 38 and 39, Board of Trade Building.

LEGAL NOTICES. Notice. Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer to James Williams, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors upon the premises known as the Mirror Saloon, and situate on the corner of Broad and Yates streets, Victoria City. W. C. BURNS. Dated this 11th day of February, 1896. Notice. Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer to George Trine and Henry J. O'Leary, of Victoria, of my license to sell wines and liquors upon the premises known as the New York Hotel Bar, situate on Lot 428 on the south side of Yates street, Victoria City. JAMES A. JOHNSON. Dated this 27th day of January, 1896. Notice. Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for the City of Victoria for a transfer of the license held by us to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Regent Saloon," situate on the south-west corner of Johnson and Douglas streets, Victoria, Frederick M. Axtell, of the City of Victoria. Victoria, B.C., Jan. 14th, 1896. SWITZER & McCLUSKEY.

Notice. Notice is hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, I shall apply for a transfer of the license now held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at The Hall, situate at No. 129 Fort Street, to Joseph J. Carpentier. JAMES McCARDLISH. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 9, 1896. UNDERTAKERS. CHAS. HAYWARD (Re-established 1867.) Funeral Director and Embalmer. Government Street, Victoria. SOCIETIES. R. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Meares Block, Broad Street, is open daily from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. VETERINARY. S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON. Graduate Ont. Vet. Col. Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V.R., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Reg's Livery, 109 Johnson street. Telephone 152; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B. C. SCAVENGERS. JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Mann, corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone, 130. JEWELERS, ETC. WALTHAM WATCHES, \$7. In solid silver cases, guaranteed for five years. S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68 1/2 Yates Street. Clean Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Parts Staffs, \$1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

WANTED.—At Beaver Lake, 50 men; resident preferred; board optional. feb-17 WANTED.—Farmers and builders to leave their orders at Moore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street. feb-17 FOR SALE.—New and second hand sailing boats, anchor and chain, water casks, stove and set stern davits. Apply at Grant's wharf. feb-16 LOST OR FOUND. FOUND on the street, good coat and vest. Apply at 29 Second street. feb-12 LOST.—A seal-tooth pin, with gold setting. Reward at Times office. feb-17 MISCELLANEOUS. SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS, set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m. PIANOFORTE TUNING, regulating and repairing.—Old pianos made equal to new. All kinds of musical instruments properly regulated and repaired. The undersigned having had many years of practical experience in this business, purchased all the Goodwin piano materials for making pianos; can be found at his workshop, No. 80 1/2 Government street, up stairs. All orders put on my plate will be carefully attended to, or at Lambart's or Fletcher's music stores, James Sheridan. feb-16 A RARE TREAT for the people of Victoria. The celebrated painting "Christ Before Pilate," by St. A. Prims, now on exhibition in A. O. U. W. hall, Yates street, every afternoon and evening from 4 o'clock until 9 p. m. Painted on canvas 21 feet long, 4 feet high. At five size figures. Descriptive lecture every half hour. Admission 25c. feb-16 PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS. Sell Ruggers and Thimble. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooling Stoves, Range, etc. Shipping supplied at reasonable rates. Broad street, 75 a. B. C. Telephone call 159.



PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

FOURTEENTH DAY.

Thursday, Feb. 13th, 1896.

Mr. Booth, Speaker pro tem, took the chair shortly after 2 o'clock. Prayers were read by Rev. W. Leslie Clay.

Mr. Hunter introduced a report of the private bills committee recommending that the petition of the promoters of the Sandoz water works company for a private act be received, notwithstanding that some question existed as to the notice given.

QUESTIONS OF PRIVILEGE. Mr. Rithet rose to a question of privilege in connection with the reply of the hon. the minister of finance yesterday to Mr. Sward's question in reference to the loan of £420,000.

Mr. Helmecken said that the report of this morning's Colonist, upon the resolution of the senior member for Vancouver (Mr. Williams) it was stated: "Mr. Helmecken spoke against making it compulsory for a supreme court judge to reside at any place other than the judicial centre of the province."

Mr. Walker asked the Attorney-General if any steps had been taken to obtain the returns relative to the fees of the small debts court.

Hon. Mr. Eberts said the department was doing all in its power to obtain the figures.

Mr. Helmecken introduced an act to amend the district for rent act, 1885.

Mr. McGregor introduced an act to incorporate the Sandoz water works, and an act to incorporate the Rossland water works and Light company.

Mr. Braden introduced an act to incorporate the Alberni Electric and Telephone company.

These bills were read a first time and set down for second reading at the next sitting of the house.

Mr. Sward moved that an order of the house be granted for a return showing: (a) The amount received as fees for log scaling up to 31st December, 1895; (b) The localities where such logs were scaled, and the names of the scalers in each case.

Mr. Walker asked the hon. the minister of mines why was Nanaimo omitted in the scheduled list of lectures by the provincial mineralogist?

Hon. Col. Balfour replied: "The delay of the arrival in the province of the provincial mineralogist, and the limited time at his disposal before he entered upon his office duties necessitated the abandonment of the intention that he should visit Nanaimo."

It was also found that Mr. Pelley Harvey could not spare the time to lecture beyond the limits of Vancouver and New Westminster.

THE HOUSE WENT INTO COMMITTEE ON THE CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS BILL, to which several amendments were added and the committee reported progress.

The county courts act was committed, with Mr. Adams in the chair, and the bill was reported, read a third time and passed, and the same course was followed with the homestead act.

After having agreed to take up the school lands bill to-day, the house adjourned.

NOTICES OF MOTION. Mr. Hunter—On Monday next, that the house at its rising do stand adjourned until Thursday next, at 2 p.m.

Mr. Sward—For a return containing any report received from S. Perry Mills, who acted as court of revision in Victoria on the provincial assessment roll, with any reasons he may have given for any statements made in the amounts assessed.

Mr. Kidd—For a return showing the amount of arrears of taxes on the 31st December, 1895, under the following heads: 1. Real property; (a) wild lands; (b) improved land; 2. Personal and on which taxes are in arrears on leases; 3. Any other holding of land not in use by the crown; 4. The names of owners of lands whose holdings are four hundred and eighty acres or more, and in which taxes are in arrears on the 31st December, 1895; the location of each such holding, the amount for which it is now assessed, the description of the land and the years in which arrears accrued.

QUESTIONS TO BE PUT. Mr. Sward—What precautions have the departments taken to secure that laws on which royalty is leviable are measured by the official scales?

Mr. Soward—Did the government or any member thereof receive a report of the state of the road between Honey and Popcorn from Mr. \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Kickup during the year 1895?

By Book Post.

It is pleasant to receive a volume of stories by that veteran authoress Mrs. Catherine Parr Trill, "Cot and Cradle Stories" has been edited by Mrs. Trill's granddaughters, Mary Agnes Fitzgibbon, herself a writer of repute. The interesting statement is made in the preface "that this volume from Mrs. Trill's pen, containing as it does, stories written in 1818 and in 1895, represents a broad space of 78 years of active literary life."

The personality of the authoress is vividly impressed on contemporary Canadian history. Member of a family which has made constant and valuable contributions to our literature, she is, at 94 years of age, a picturesque figure in our national life.

A scholarly and interesting work, an "Introduction to the Study of English Fiction" has been recently issued. Its author, Professor Simonds, is a well known authority on higher criticism and the study of methods in English composition.

It is a flowing toy to receive a new book by Anthony Hope, flowing because it is over so very soon—although I see that the author intends to write longer stories in future—and because there is really no reason why one should read it over again except out of sheer frivolity.

It is not up to the Dolly Dialogues of course. We shall keep on saying that of Anthony Hope's books for some time. But it is sufficiently entertaining. The widow endears her self, much as a certain Becky did, to the not bad, merely morally irresponsible, humpy-god-lucky. There is plenty of bright conversation in the book, and the plot—the identification of the charming heroine with a bye-gone thief, by her fiancé's cousin—is happily worked out.

I should strongly advise any writer who has grievances with publishers or editors to possess himself or herself of the "Authors' Journal," a monthly magazine published in New York, and write to the editor thereof. The Journal is fearless in its denunciation of unscrupulous editors, and there are many such. The February issue is full of useful hints.

The Argonaut of February 10th has two able editors, one against the tying up of large estates in trust, in which it is pointed out that the leaving of estates in trusts is detrimental to the interests of the commonwealth; the other a comment on the new plan for the amelioration of household cares, which is in effect the drawing up of uniform rules to which the servant subscribes and the fixing of a scale for

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Cot and Cradle Stories by C. P. Trill. Wm. Briggs, Toronto; price \$1.00.

Introduction to the Study of English Fiction by Prof. Simonds, Boston. The Author's Journal, 1 William Street, New York, \$1.00 a year.

The Discussion Between Senator McInnes and Premier Bowell.

An Ottawa dispatch of February 12th says: In the senate Senator McInnes called attention to the telegram sent by the Premier during the election contest in Victoria to Col. Prior, Lieut-Governor Dewdney and the secretary of the Conservative association, Victoria, and which was published in the Colonist newspaper respecting Col. Prior's position in the cabinet.

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NEW CANNERIES.

Not Many Will be Erected on the Other Side of British Columbia.

The disposition shown among Fraser river canners to establish branches on the American side of the line is becoming more and more marked, says the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, by Mr. W. H. Worlock, who is interested in the Federation cannery, located at the mouth of the Fraser river, in what is known as the Sturgeon hotel district, was seen at the Arlington hotel Tuesday night, and gave an interesting talk on cannery interests in general on the other side of the line.

"Our chief market is England," he said, "and to that market we can ship canned salmon by way of Cape Horn at a cost of about 45 cents a case. Australia gives us some business, and since the establishment of a line of steamers to that country, in connection with the Canadian Pacific railroad two years ago we can ship there directly, the freight rate being the same as to England. Before the steamers were put on every can of salmon for Australia went first to England. The consumption in Canada is very light, for," he said, with an apologetic smile, "there are only 5,000,000 people in the whole country, and the freight on a case of canned salmon as far as Montreal is \$2."

"The English are very particular in demanding red color in salmon, and will take nothing else. This is the real reason why so many canners are putting branch plants on this side, for we have only six weeks, from the middle of July to August 24, that we are allowed to fish for the sockeye salmon. This is the only species exported, as the early spring salmon and humpbacks, with their pale hues, find but scanty favor in England. So worthless are the humpbacks considered that last season I saw thousands of them destroyed by the fishermen on the Fraser, who, flogging them in their nets, knock them on the head and throw them into the water. As a matter of fact, the humpback is superior to any other grade of fish for the table, either fresh or canned, but the popular taste has not recognized the fact."

"The Columbia river salmon is undoubtedly the finest in the world, and it is strange how a salmon spawned in one river returns to that same river the following season to spawn, thus making a distinct species in the different waters. We are expecting a light catch this season, and consequently this will be a good season for experiments on the American side."

In explaining this, he said that every four years a poor run is had. The last heavy season came in 1893, two medium runs in 1894 and 1895, and this is the year for a poor catch. Past experience has shown this rule to be infallible.

Mr. Worlock does not think the number of canneries locating on this side will be very extensive, and says he only knows of a few of the thirty or thirty-five canneries on the Fraser river who are contemplating such a step.

A Woman who is weak, nervous and sleepless, and who has cold hands and feet, Carter's Iron Pills, which regulate the circulation, remove nervousness and give strength and rest.

Get your carpets beaten by Weller Bros; their "machine" process is a great improvement on the old method.

Pocket knives, scissors, etc., a specialty at Shore's Hardware.

Well—Mr. Sopsitope said I was a perfect picture.

Helle—Yes; he asked me where you bought your color.

Get the Real Fibre Chamois. The Name is on Each Yard.

Frequent Clearing Out Sales among Dry Goods Merchants have not yet resulted in Free Dry Goods; but it has placed first-class materials within the reach of all. So with

Book Binding. You can now obtain first-class Bindings at less than half the former prices. No necessity to let your magazines or books become destroyed for want of a cover, when a few cents will give a cheap and serviceable binding. Now is the time and 32 Langley St. the place.

Phil R. Smith, PRINTER, BOOK BINDER and MANUFACTURING STATIONER.

Medium. Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. D. L. Mearns.

ESTABLISHED 1884. VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, 133 GOVERNMENT ST. MONEY TO LOAN

On an approved security. Business strictly confidential. Private entrance, Pandora street.

F. Landsberg, Prop. P. O. Box 606.

LIBERAL PLATFORM

NATIONAL LIBERAL CONVENTION, OTTAWA, JUNE, 1893.

We, the Liberal party of Canada, in convention assembled, declare:

1.—FREE TRADE—REDUCED TAXATION. That the customs tariff of the Dominion should be based, not as it is now, upon the protective principle, but upon the requirements of the public service;

2.—DEMAND STRICTEST ECONOMY—DECREASED EXPENDITURE. We cannot but view with alarm the large increase of the public debt and of the controllable annual expenditure of the Dominion and the consequent undue taxation of the people under governments that have been continuously in power since 1878, and we demand the strictest economy in the administration of the government of the country.

3.—FOR RESPONSIBLE GOVERNMENT—INDEPENDENCE OF PARLIAMENT. That the convention regrets that by the action of the ministers and their supporters in parliament, in one case in which serious charges were made against a minister of the Crown, investigation was altogether refused, while in another case the charges preferred were altered and then referred to a commission appointed upon the advice of the minister, contrary to the well settled practice of parliament; and this convention affirms:

That it is the ancient and undoubted right of the house of commons to inquire into all matters of public expenditure, and into all such charges of misconduct in office against ministers of the Crown, and the reference of such matters to royal commissions created upon the advice of the minister is at variance with the due responsibility of ministers of the house of commons, and tends to weaken the authority of the house over the executive government, and this convention affirms that the powers of the people's representatives in this regard should on all fitting occasions be upheld.

6.—THE LAND FOR THE SETTLER—NOT FOR THE SPECULATOR. That in the opinion of this convention the sales of public lands of the Dominion should be to actual settlers only, and not to speculators, upon reasonable terms of settlement, and in such areas as can be reasonably occupied and cultivated by the settler.

7.—OPPOSE THE DOMINION FRANCHISE ACT—FAVOR THE PROVINCIAL FRANCHISE. That the Franchise Act since its introduction has cost the Dominion treasury over a million of dollars, besides entailing a heavy expenditure to both political parties;

That each revision involves an additional expenditure of a further quarter of a million;

That this expenditure has prevented an annual revision, as originally intended, in the absence of which young voters entitled to the franchise have, in numerous instances, been prevented from exercising their natural rights;

That it has failed to secure uniformity, which was the principal reason assigned for its introduction;

That it has produced gross abuses by partisan revising barristers appointed by the government of the day;

That its provisions are less liberal than those existing in many provinces of the Dominion, and that in the opinion of this convention the act should be repealed, and we should revert to the provincial franchise.

8.—AGAINST THE GERRYMANDER—THE COUNTY BOUNDARIES SHOULD BE PRESERVED. That by the Gerrymander Acts, the electoral divisions—for the return of members to the house of commons have been so made as to prevent a fair expression of the opinion of the country at the general elections, and to secure to the party now in power a strength out of all proportion greater than the number of electors supporting them warrant. To put an end to this abuse, to make the house of commons a fair exponent of public opinion, and to preserve the historic continuity of elections, it is desirable that in the formation of electoral divisions, county boundaries should be preserved, and that in no case parts of different counties should be put in one electoral division.

9.—THE SENATE DEFECTIVE—AMEND THE CONSTITUTION. The present constitution of the senate is inconsistent with the federal principle in our system of government, and is in other respects defective, as it makes the senate independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country, and should be so amended as to bring it in harmony with the principles of popular government.

10.—QUESTION OF PROHIBITION—A DOMINION PLEBISCITE. That where the attention is at present attracted to the consideration of the most serious evils of intemperance, it is desirable that the mind of the people should be clearly ascertained on the question of prohibition by means of a Dominion plebiscite.

That the convention deprecates the gross corruption in the management and expenditure of public moneys which for years past has existed under the rule of the Conservative party, and the resolutions of which by the different parliamentary committees of inquiry have brought about disgrace upon the fair name of Canada.

The government, which profited politically by these expenditures of public

Street Skirts. That are easy to walk in and never lose their proper rippling folds and firm hem, can be made by using light weight No. 10.

Fibre Chamois. all through them. But out it across the throat and tuck it frequently to the lining and put a narrow band of heavy weight No. 30, around the bottom for extra stiffness.

Get the Real Fibre Chamois. The Name is on Each Yard.

Are you in trouble? Do you need assistance and advice? If so call on Mrs. D. L. Mearns.

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FEBRUARY.						
S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
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**JOSHUA DAVIES**  
AUCTIONEER,  
Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

**The Daily Times.**

**VERY UNPROFESSIONAL.**

As a matter of course the Colonist thinks that it is "unprofessional" to charge that its columns are controlled by "influences" outside of the sanctum, and that its very excellent editors are but the proxies of those who in reality control the paper and shape its policy. There is, very probably, something "unprofessional" about such a condition of things, but we are inclined to think it will be found to lie in the facts as they exist and not in a mere statement of the truth. The charge is that the Colonist is not a public newspaper in the proper sense of the term—that it is not independent of certain powerful private influences outside of the walls of its office, and that articles are inserted or omitted in deference to the views of the irresponsible bosses who have the "pull" for the time being. That is the "unprofessional" phase of the question. To illustrate: the Colonist was requested to publish a communication on statute revision. The letter attacked no person, was temperate and instructive, but inferentially reflected upon the present revision by Chief Justice Davis and its excessive cost as compared with former revisions. Of course the Colonist dare not publish such a letter.

And why not? Simply because whatever benefit it might be to the public, there could be none to either the Chief Justice or the government in giving the letter publicity.

**INVESTIGATE.**

It is needless for the Times to assert that it has complete confidence in the chief engineer of the fire department, and that it has no sympathy with the agitation to make that office elective. It is because we believe that the department has been well managed, and that the responsible duties devolving upon its head have been performed faithfully and well, that we think the fire wardens ought to see that there is nothing to fear from a complete investigation of the charges preferred by Mr. Campbell. It is a matter of little moment whether the complainant is a ratepayer or not, or whether his orthography is good, bad or indifferent. The primary object of the council should be to preserve the good name of its officials and its own reputation for good government, impartially administered. Mr. Campbell is well known as a leader among a number of citizens who seem to think that there is something wrong with the working of the fire department. These citizens have been active for a year or so in agitating for a change, and some time ago presented to the council a very largely signed petition in support of their demand. They keep up the fight with untiring energy and an evident determination to accomplish their object. Why encourage them by refusing an investigation, and especially by refusing it on the grounds set forth by the committee? As the fire wardens have no doubts that a full and complete investigation would result in the vindication of the chief and the confusion of his enemies, there would appear to be no good reason for refusing one. As a matter of fact, the more promptly such matters are taken up and finally disposed of the better, for they are almost certain to increase—and possibly gain sympathizers—by anything like official disinclination to listen to them. The very fact that there is more behind this crusade than appears in Mr. Campbell's charges—rather than the charges themselves—is a reason why Chief Deasy should insist upon a full inquiry into the management of the fire department.

**AGAINST JINGOISM.**

One would hardly look to a distinctively New England publication for an emphatic condemnation of President Cleveland's Venezuela message and the outbreak of jingoism for which it gave the signal. Yet one of the strongest protests against these appears in the editorial department of the New England Magazine for February, a protest that must be assumed to represent the best feeling of cultured Boston and the surrounding territory. The editor of the New England begins by quoting a passage from the speech delivered by Senator Hear at the Plymouth celebration of Forefathers' day, which contained an eloquent plea for friendship between the great Anglo-Saxon nations and condemned the spirit of jingoism. Passages of similar import are quoted from speeches and sermons of Nathan Matthews, ex-mayor of Boston, William Everett, Rev. Charles G. Ames, Prof. Francis G. Peabody of Harvard, and the historian John Fiske. Finally, after noting the sentiments in the Christmas day address of the leading English men of letters to their brethren in the States the New England's editor concludes: "From every American man of letters, from every earnest man, let the word be echoed back in one great chorus."

Let England know that America feels as truly and as deeply as she can feel that any interruption of fraternal relations between the two great English-speaking peoples would be a blow to civilization, and that it is the duty of every patriotic citizen to seek to bind the nations more closely together than ever before in the cause of international reason and peace."

**A POLICE INVESTIGATION.**

The essence of Rev. Mr. Trotter's indictment of the immoral practices of the city is that the law is not enforced. That prostitution prevails and gambling is practised in Victoria as in other cities, was known to every citizen long before this audacious young clergyman set so many tongues wagging about the terrible impropriety of dealing with such subjects from the pulpit. Every person knew it—clergymen, magistrates, police and citizens generally—but every person would not take the subject up and force it upon the attention of the authorities and of the citizens generally.

It was left to Mr. Trotter, and he performed his self-imposed task pretty effectively. He succeeded in stirring up a hornets' nest, and for some time to come will experience the usual effects of such a foolhardy enterprise. But now that Mr. Trotter has specifically charged incompetency and collusion against the police, what, we might ask, are the authorities going to do about it? Some action must be taken. It will not do to ignore the impeachment; there must be a hearing, a trial and a verdict.

It is unfortunate, thanks to the Davis administration, that our police have a sort of dual head. A board of Commissioners, still incomplete, is supposed to govern the police, while the council provides the money to pay for their maintenance. The commissioners control the police and the mayor and council are expected to enforce the by-laws of the city. Authority is divided and responsibility does not seem to rest anywhere in particular. This is one of the legacies left us by the Davis government.

The council has declined to investigate, believing that it is legally the province of the commissioners to do so. The commissioners are the mayor and the police magistrate, and thus we have the curious spectacle of one of the accused being one of the judges, for it must follow that if the charges are sustained Police Magistrate Macrae, as a judge, will be called upon to censure Commissioner Macrae as an executive officer.

The same formalities, it would seem, are being demanded in this case as in the Campbell charges against the fire department. Every charge, it appears, must be formulated in writing and signed. Such precautions are no doubt proper in many cases, but it is to be hoped that they will not be rigidly insisted upon. What the public want to know is whether the police connive at open and flagrant violations of the law, as charged in the Trotter indictment. Every facility should be given to Mr. Trotter, or to anyone else, to either prove or disprove the charges, for the truth must be known.

**A BACK NUMBER.**

Doubtless much of the lack of enthusiasm displayed in the Conservative ranks over Sir Charles Tupper's return to public life is due to the fact that in "knifing" his old colleague in so dastardly a manner he weaned away from himself the affections of the many who despise ungenerous conduct. During his Cape Breton tour Sir Charles assumed the leadership, declaring that he was "the lion" in the path of the Liberals, and in every way did his best to discredit and belittle Sir Mackenzie Bowell. After the late contest, in which Sir Charles failed to increase the Tory majority in a party stronghold appreciably, jubilation gave way to apathy and the reception he received at Montreal and Ottawa was as cold as ice. Neither the Premier nor Hon. Mr. Oulmet took part in the capital affair and the hurrah was turned into a lament. With characteristic recklessness Sir Charles has made assertions which prove that even in sight of the grave he cannot be truthful. Speaking at Halifax, for instance, he declared that the Liberals had sent \$20,000, gathered from all parts of the Dominion, into Cape Breton in order to defeat him. Attorney-General Longley neatly tripped up "the great stretcher" by announcing that outside of \$1000 subscribed for necessary campaign purposes Hon. Mr. Murray had met all the demands upon him out of his own pocket! It will be interesting to watch the turn events take now that the wishy-washy remedial bill has been introduced. How those opposed to separate educational systems can support it, and how those who think otherwise can lend it their countenance in view of the fact that it contains no provision to compel the government of Manitoba to enforce it, is something difficult to understand. Premier Greenway and his cabinet will laugh it to scorn and the minority will find themselves in exactly the same position as before. In trying to please everybody the cabinet has failed to please anybody.—Vancouver World.

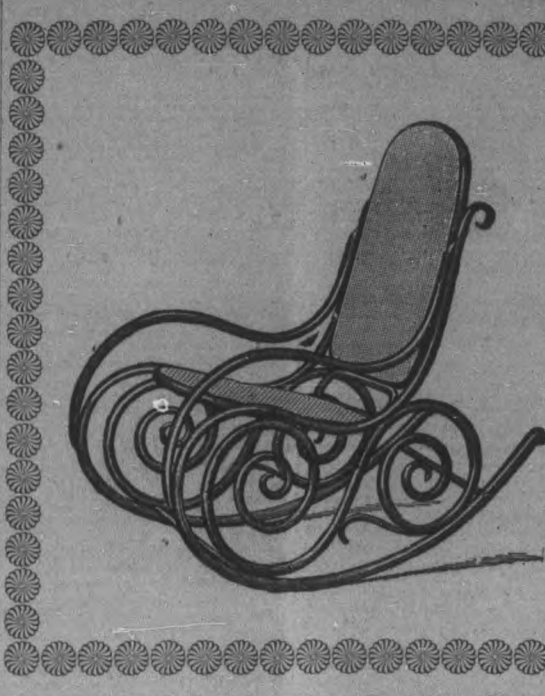
**A DISCLAIMER.**

To the Editor: I wish to correct any rumor in circulation that I am in any way connected with the sermons recently delivered in this city. The reports that any information was furnished by me are untrue. JOHN SMITH, Ex-Police Officer. Victoria, Feb. 14.

—The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp of dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

—Sheffield cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Gardening tools at Chespeide.



**Certainly, Madame**

We carry the very best grades and latest styles in

**Fine Furniture**

As well as a large stock of the cheaper grades Call and let us show you through our immense warerooms.

**B. C. Furniture Co., Government Street.**  
**JACOB SEHL, Manager.**

**A NOTABLE MAN.**

Characteristics of the Transvaal President.

The man in whom the Transvaal republic puts its trust at this moment has ruled with a power almost absolute since he was elected president after the conclusion of the treaty of 1881, by which the Boers obtained control of all internal affairs. There is an executive council which has the right of veto on all laws passed by the lower house, and of this "Oom Paul," as his countrymen call him, is practically the ruling spirit, he having been elected president three times in succession. It was he who signed the treaty by which practical independence was secured for the Transvaal, and it is on him that the Boers rely for resolute action in such an emergency as the present. Whether his powerful sway has been for the good of the republic and whether it has developed in spite of arbitrary laws by which the Boers have endeavored to hold all settlers in subjection to the governing race are questions by which there may be considerable difference of opinion. There can be none, however, as to the vigor and ability with which he has, according to his views, carried out the mission intrusted to him.

Born at Rustenburg in 1825, he spent his early life as most Boers of his generation did, in pursuits that were calculated to promote physical strength and sound health. He is related of him as a youth he could keep pace with a horse, and now at 70 he shows little signs of having lost any of the force, mental or physical, to which he owes so much of his influence. The small dark eyes are still keen when he warms to a debate, and the mouth does not indicate the sort of temperament that softens with the advance of years. When a boy he had many experiences of that scant mercy that Zulus meted out to Boer settlers, and the memories of those days probably did not tend to make him merciful to the natives.

He is still a child of the Veldt, rough, unpolished and uncouth, but he has given many evidences of real statesmanship, and probably among the Boers there are few who have been more sincerely desirous of establishing friendly relations with this country. Recent events, however, have gone rather against his views of the means by which that end was to be obtained. As to the charge of arrogant assumption of the strength of a Boer victory over British troops he once said to a distinguished interviewer:

"People say that we think we conquered the English. I'll tell you what we do think—and not one man or two men, but all the men in the republic—we think that the English did not know what were the wishes of our people when they took our country away from us. Then we said: 'We shall show them that we do love our country. We knew that England was much stronger, but we said: 'Sooner than have our country taken away from us unjustly, we will fight until we die.' Then the English people saw that they were wrong, so that they gave us back our country. You can tell the English people that this is what we think."

Then, at any rate—and it was little more than two years ago—President Kruger expressed himself as willing to work with England cordially if England would work with him to promote the interests of the country. Perhaps a foreboding that, after all, the Boers were doomed to be crowded out or absorbed by developments more irresistible than the force of arms, has tended to make him resolute in his endeavor to resist at any rate—and it was more than any others, has kept the Boers together as rulers of the Transvaal for fifteen years can hardly be doubted.

He fitted himself for affairs of state by steadfast work on the executive council during ten years preceding the war of 1881. In the following year he became president for the first time, and since he has been twice re-elected, so that the younger generation of Boers have come to look upon him as their leader for life. His influence has always been more toward the maintenance for the Boers of the pastoral life in which he was brought up. Towards that life they were by all associations and traditions inclined, so that they have left the mineral wealth and resources of the country to be developed by the energy of others, with the result that they now hold power only in virtue of the laws formulated and enforced by such strong men as President Kruger.—Edinburgh Scotsman.

If sick headache is misery, what are Carter's Little Liver Pills if they will positively cure it? People who have used them speak frankly of their worth. They are small and easy to take.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.

**Great Mortgage Sale**

The mortgagees having taken possession of the **Manchester House,** Yates Street, formerly conducted by Messrs T. Haughton & Co., the store is now closed, but a Great Bonafide Clearance Sale will commence on **Saturday, 15th inst., at 9:30 a.m.** And will continue until the mortgage has been satisfied.

**AMUSEMENTS**

**VICTORIA THEATRE.**  
THREE NIGHTS  
Commencing Monday, Feb. 17th  
America's Representative Tragedian  
**Mr. Louis James**

And his Excellent Supporting Company in Shakespeare's Repertory  
Monday Night, "Hamlet"  
Tuesday Night, "Macbeth"  
Wednesday Night, "Othello"

PRICES—Orchestra chairs, \$1.50, orchestra circle and dress circle, \$1.00; gallery, 50c.  
Sale of seats open Saturday morning, February 15th, at 9 o'clock, at Jamieson's.

**AUCTION SALES.**

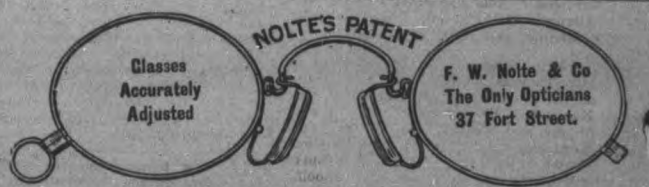
**JOSHUA DAVIES**  
AUCTIONEER.

Will Sell by Public Auction on  
**Saturday, April 11th, 1896.**

At his Salesroom, Bastion Square, at 12 o'clock noon, all the property and franchises as a going concern of the

**Victoria Electric Ry & Lighting Company,**  
LIMITED.

For full particulars apply to MESSRS. McPHILLIPS, WOOLTON & BARNARD, SOLICITORS, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Feb. 14-1896.



**AUCTION SALES.**  
**AUCTION**  
On Saturday, February 15th at 2 p.m.

**TEAMING OUTFIT.**  
I have been instructed by the executors of the late R. B. ANDREWS, to sell at my Salesroom, 22 Yates Street, A FINE GREY DRAUGHT HORSE. Weighs about 1,400 lbs., staunch and gentle.  
1 Dump Cart, 1 Dray, A good Strong Express Wagon, with cover.  
Lot of Harness, Chaff Cutter, Etc., Etc.  
G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

**AUCTION**  
**FARM IN LAKE DISTRICT.**  
Monday, February 24th, at 11 a.m.  
Re Samuel Ricketts, Deceased.

I have been instructed by the Executors to sell at my salesroom, Yates street, that well known property, Section XXII, in Lake District, partly bordered by Prospect Lake Road, and adjoining Mr. R. Porter's property. There are about 15 acres under cultivation; the balance is good grazing land. Improvements consist of a good dwelling house, barn, sheds, stable, granary, chicken house, fencing, etc.  
TITLE GOOD. Terms of sale, cash.  
G. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

**Notice.**  
Belleville Street, between McClure Street and Birdcage Walk is closed to Public traffic.  
E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

**Wall Paper!**

The Finest Line of Wall Decorations in the Province.  
We have a stock which comprises all grades, and think we can satisfy you, if you will only look through our Sample Book.

**WALL PAPERS**

Reception Rooms, Drawing Rooms, Dining Rooms, Bedrooms, Kitchens, Offices, Halls, Etc.

**Weiler Bros.,**  
Fort Street.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.



Walk Right In

Our door is never locked. A licensed pharmacist always on hand to attend to your wants.

BOWEN, the Dispensing Prescriptions.

Beside the Postoffice, 100 Gov't St. Telephone 425.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Twenty meals for \$4 at The Wilson.

We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

A fruit social and concert will be held this evening in the Methodist Chinese Mission on Esquard street.

The Sons and Daughters of St George will give their fourth annual ball in the A. O. U. hall this evening.

Tuesday's Pacific express was six hours late in arriving at Vancouver, consequently no mail was brought over by the Charnier.

Yesterday's Gazette contained notice of the incorporation of the Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T., under the Benevolent Societies Act.

Mr. H. W. Heal and Miss Sarah A. Williams, both of Saanich were married at Sidney yesterday by the Rev. Mr. Christmas.

Mr. Herbert Carmichael last evening delivered the last of a series of lectures on mining, illustrating the practical methods of assaying.

A concert in aid of St. Barnabas church was held in Odd Fellows' Hall, Spring Ridge, last evening. A pleasant evening was spent by those present.

The literary society of St. Saviour's church gave an excellent entertainment in the school room last evening. The programme as already published was satisfactorily carried out.

F. J. Williams won first place in the J. B. A. A. whist tournament last evening with a score of 12 out of 14 games. A. T. Samuels won the consolation prize with a score of three.

R. M. Palmer, provincial inspector of fruits, will hold meetings with fruit-growers and farmers at Cheam, Chilliwack, Langley, Abbotsford and other points in New Westminster district.

The society of Valhalla gave a successful masquerade ball last evening. About fifty handsomely dressed couples were present. Miss Lees secured first prize as best dressed lady, while J. Droob secured the gentleman's prize.

To protect fruit trees against aphid and other insects, Mr. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, recommends the use of a spray made of lime, sulphur, and salt wash, which should be applied to the trees as soon as the first fine weather comes.

A concert and dance was given in the Okland's fire hall last evening by the volunteer firemen and their friends. Ald. Wilson was chairman at the concert. Refreshments were served by the ladies and dancing was kept up to an early hour.

The sale of seats for the performance to be given at the Victoria Theatre by Louis James next week, opens at James' to-morrow morning. Mr. James will be seen on Monday night in Hamlet, Tuesday night in Macbeth, and Wednesday night in Othello.

The funeral of the late Richard Bennett took place from Hayward's undertaking parlors at 10:30 this morning. Rev. Dr. Campbell conducted the services. The pall-bearers were Wm. Adams, M.P.P., Geo. Webb, Allan Graham, and Alex. McArthur.

Miss Elizabeth Newby, relict of the late Thomas Newby, died last evening at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Kermode. The deceased was 74 years of age and leaves four children, Mrs. Kermode, Capt. Newby and two sons absent in the Old Country. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon.

Notice of incorporation is given in yesterday's Gazette of the French Creek Gold Mining Company and the Iron Mask Gold Mining Company, both foreign. The former is composed of Milwaukee capitalists, and has a capital stock of \$200,000, while the latter is a Spokane company with a \$500,000 stock. Notice of incorporation is also given of the British Columbia Syndicate of Rossland. The provisional trustees are D. M. Linnard, Rossland; W. G. Johnson and D. G. Marshall, Vancouver.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Company, limited, was held at their offices on Wednesday, February 12th. Hon. J. H. Turner, president of the company, reviewed the last twelve months' working of the firm and spoke of the great success of the company's various manufactures, and the necessity of maintaining the high standard of quality at present prevailing. Hon. J. H. Turner, Messrs. G. A. Kirk

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, DR.

PRICES' CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

and W. H. Price were unanimously elected directors for the current year, the latter to be managing director. The meeting closed with a cordial vote of thanks to the directors for their services during the past year.

Every grocer in Victoria sells Okell & Morris' pure preserves.

The members of Sousa's band arrived from the Sound this morning.

A great bona fide clearance sale of dry goods commences to-morrow at the Manchester House.

The Tyrolean club will give their usual dance to-morrow evening, Saturday, at Oliver's hall.

The boat stolen from Mr. Nicholls of the railway bridge boat house was recovered at Oak Bay yesterday.

John Lewis, who has been living at Cedar Hill with relatives, will to-morrow be sent to the provincial home at Kamloops.

There was a large audience this afternoon at the Sousa band concert, which fully came up to expectations. The band is promised even a larger audience to-night.

Mr. Carlyle's lectures on mining will be published in the British Columbia Mining Record for March. Mr. Pellet-Harvey's and Mr. Carmichael's lectures will be published in subsequent issues of the Record.

A meeting of the Municipal Reform Association is to be held at 8 o'clock this evening at the Board of Trade rooms. Proposed amendments to the Municipal Act and general affairs of the association will be discussed.

A meeting of the Victoria Teachers' Association was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms this afternoon. Donald Dallas gave an interesting paper on "Influence," which evoked considerable discussion. At 4 o'clock the teachers were discussing matters in connection with the recent cut in salaries.

In answer to a requisition signed by thirty odd residents, Mayor Beaven has decided to call a public meeting for the purpose of discussing the recent action of the board of education in imposing a tuition fee on all pupils attending the high school. The meeting will be held early next week.

The following Victoria passengers sailed from San Francisco per steamer Unatilla: E. Polkxten, Arthur Malina, Mrs. McCandless, Miss Gilmore, Mrs. Kitty Stickney, V. C. McCord, Pauline Smith, R. J. McMillan, Miss A. Miller, Mrs. S. Bennett, Miss Burke, Mrs. K. Hymer, Miss Addie Miller, Miss Clifton, Miss Lovelace, Miss Winter, J. H. Cunard.

A murder, which very much resembles the Mattie Crowe case, was committed at San Francisco on Monday morning. Mamie McDermott, a young woman, was strangled to death in her house on Morton street. The murderer left the body and room in the same condition as Mattie Crowe's, body and room were found. Similar murders were committed in Denver in 1894. It looks very much as though the same party had committed them all.

The legislative committee of the city council this morning had a conference with Messrs. Ribbet, Helmcken and Braden, city members of the legislature, regarding the changes in the municipal act recommended by Mayor Beaven. The mayor recommended that the act be so amended as to give the cities the personal property and income taxes and the fees collected in the small debts court. The members promised to lay the recommendations before the government.

Inquiries are frequently made as to the exact date for the opening of the trout-fishing season. The regulation dealing with this matter states that "no one shall fish for, catch, kill, buy, sell or possess any brook trout of any kind or speckled trout between the 15th day of October and the 15th day of March, both days inclusive." In past boys and enthusiastic fishermen have been in the habit of fishing on the 15th day of March. The fisheries department will this year prosecute anyone caught fishing before the 16th.

A new transcontinental tariff goes into effect on the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads on the 22nd inst. It will place the cities of the Northwest, including Victoria, on the same basis as San Francisco. The rates on drygoods and cotton piece goods, boots and shoes, carpets, mats, clothing, oilcloth, linoleum, etc., from the Atlantic seaboard, will be on the same level as the Southern Pacific rates. It is a fight to protect the northern road's business, and is 50 per cent. cheaper than has been charged in the past.

There is considerable uneasiness among the Italian fishermen over the non-arrival from the fishing grounds of the little two-ton fishing boat Philadelphia, No. 91. She left here eighteen days ago for the fishing grounds between Race Rocks and the Cape, and has not been heard of since, although several boats which went out at the same time have returned. The Philadelphia was in command of her owner, Constantine, who was assisted by another fisherman, Antone. They took provisions for only seven days, so it is feared they have been drowned.

Last evening at the residence of the bride's parents, 90 Pandora street, Ernest Alexander Klingler, a prominent wholesale merchant of Port Townsend, and Miss Louisa Bailey, were united in marriage by Rev. Percival Jems. Miss Katie McCurdy acted as bridesmaid, while J. H. Mansell supported the groom. The pleasing ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends. Amid the usual showers of rice, the newly-wedded couple left on the Charnier for Vancouver. Mr. and Mrs. Klingler will visit the Mainland and Sound cities before returning to their home in Port Townsend.

Board and room by the day, week or month at The Wilson.

Coal beds at Chesapeake.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.

In New Quarters

We are now located at 64 Yates Street, next door to Dalby & Claxton. We make a specialty of Manufacturing and Repairing.

Pennock & Lowe, 64 Yates Street, Manufacturing Jewelers.

BROKE THE RECORD.

The American Ship Elwell Makes a Fast Trip Between Frisco and Nanaimo.

Steamer Island Belle Purchased by J. H. Todd & Son—Other News.

The American ship Elwell has again broken the round trip record between San Francisco and Nanaimo, and the mark of 17 days 6 hours which she made will very likely not be equalled in some time to come. She left San Francisco January 24th and made a very quick trip up the coast, reaching Nanaimo on January 30th. She was loaded in two days and only a fair passage home she would almost have equalled the record, but she was favored by fair winds, and at 11:30 o'clock Monday morning passed Point Reyes. A tug was sent out after her, and in 17 days 6 hours from the time she left she was back in San Francisco again. She beat the record of the Rufus E. Wood by almost two days. Previous to the performance of the Elwell, which made the trip in 19 days 5 hours, the Elwell held the record with a trip of 19 days 11 hours.

The Anacortes Packing Co., Ltd., in which J. H. Todd & Son are interested, has purchased the steamer Island Belle, which for a time plied between Whatcom and Sidney. She will be used in connection with the company's cannery at Anacortes. The Island Belle is a comparatively new vessel 101 feet in length, 26 foot beam and a 7 foot hold.

Hark Nonantum, Captain Newhall, has arrived at Honolulu with coal from Sydney, New South Wales. She will load lumber at Burrard Inlet for Australia.

New York, Feb. 14.—The steamer Monmouthshire, from Yokohama, reported overdue, arrived here today.

TO FIGHT THE COMBINE.

Report that the Chemalms Mill Will Be Opened Shortly.

The Victoria Lumber Company are going to re-open their mill at Chemalms and, according to report, will fight the newly organized Central Lumber Combine. The Seattle Times says of the report: "From a report received from San Francisco it is not going to be the smooth sailing and no fighting for the new central lumber organization recently perfected, and which takes in nearly every big mill on the coast. A big mill on Vancouver Island, not in the organization, is going to start up soon. Evidently the owners, who are Americans largely, see an opportunity to get in and do some business, with fair chance of success. W. H. Phipps, general land agent of the Northern Pacific railroad, and ex-Senator Spooner, of Wisconsin, are largely owners of the mill. The plant is known as the Victoria lumber company, and is located at Chemalms. Ex-Senator Spooner is now in California, probably with the business of starting up the mill in view.

Although the mill is on the Canadian side, its principal stockholders are Americans. Among those who are largely interested are ex-Senator Spooner, W. H. Phipps, land agent of the Northern Pacific; J. A. Humbird of St. Paul; Major William Gregory, of Chicago, and W. J. Macaulay, formerly of St. Paul, but now of Victoria.

The company owns 150,000 acres of timber land, most of which was purchased from the late Robert Dausmuir, he having acquired it by grant from the British Columbia legislature, when he built the island railway. The mill has been shut down for nearly three years, and will take two months' time and an expenditure of \$50,000 to put it in order. The cut will be limited to 100,000 feet per day until a trade is created."

THE RICHEST MAN IN ENGLAND.

It is claimed that the Duke of Westminster is the richest man in the world, but the same claim has been set up by others as well. He is by long odds the richest man in England. The bulk of the Duke's wealth is in real estate, business blocks, market places, houses and farms. He is interested, however, in many commercial enterprises and in railroads and other corporations. His income ranges from \$4,000,000 to \$5,000,000 annually. It is not so great as that of several Americans, whose aggregate wealth is much less than that of Westminster, but if their returns are larger their risk is greater. The Duke's belongings, real and personal, amount to about \$175,000,000.

Resides being possessed of great wealth, Westminster is very popular, particularly among his tenants and retainers. He is a great sportsman and is regarded as the best judge of a horse in the United Kingdom, and is not wholly theoretical in his information. He can sit a racing plate to a horse's foot with the skill of a master smith. His horses are the pride of his life. His stud farm and country seat, Eaton Hall, are not far from Hawarden, the home of Gladstone. The Duke of Westminster was once owner of Ormonde, the famous racer, now the property of W. O' B. McDonough of San Francisco.

See the prize puzzle in the window at Shore's Hardware, 57 Johnson St.

Pocket knives, scissors, etc., a specialty at Shore's Hardware.

TO VALENTINE. I do not ask that Heaven bestow On me, sweet Valentine, A gift so rare and passing fair As that dear heart of thine. And yet, beloved, the day shall be When I will ask that gift of thee.

PERSONAL. H. T. Ceperley, of Vancouver, is at the Hotel. Chas. Butler, of Port Townsend, is in the city. A. N. Werum, Okland, is registered at the Oriental. J. B. Lovell, returned from Vancouver last evening. Mrs. B. Smith, of Nanaimo, is a guest at the Oriental.

A. McT. Campbell, of Winnipeg, is a guest at the Oriental. R. B. Halbed, Shawanigan, is registered at the New England. F. W. Paterwick was a passenger last evening from Vancouver. Geo. Bartlett, McPherson's, is registered at the New England. B. P. Paterwick, and J. A. McFarlane, Vancouver, are guests at the Oriental. C. T. O. Hall, leaves in the morning for England via the C. P. R. and steamship Nuniidan. J. W. Casey, travelling passenger and freight agent of the C. M. & St. P. railway, is in the city. E. J. Palmer, returned from the Sound on the City of Kingston, and left for Chemalms on the morning train.

PASSENGERS. Per City of Kingston from the Sound—V. Courad, J. Fricke, C. Wadsworth, Miss Duke, J. Langan, M. Marchese, A. Mantua, F. Stinger, D. Boudin, J. Wolfe, P. Dougherty, F. Whitaker, T. Shannon, F. Krueger, B. Moersmans, D. Bouchiched, Z. Hatzeky, G. Goricko, F. Thode, J. P. Soona, L. Lange, C. Fryer, G. Lawton, F. Hargis, P. Beufel, F. Baumgartle, F. Priess, H. McKnight, Miss French, T. Lyon, F. Norritz, G. Giovinetti, G. Northington, A. De Blays, A. Schults, W. Williams, T. Smith, P. Griffin, J. Burke, B. Messenger, S. Schlar, P. Flemming, J. Walker, F. Richter, G. Garstendler, A. Weidnerlich, G. Groeskericht, T. Gromoul, O. Gerieko, G. M. Clough, A. N. Campbell, N. Lowenthal, E. J. Palmer, J. Major, Chas. Butler, J. White, C. Williams, F. Williams, W. A. Holtman. Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—C. Pickers, J. Bellman, F. J. Bailey, J. Sheehan.

CONSIGNEES. Per steamer Charnier from Vancouver—J. A. Mariani, J. M. Handley, Mrs. Newman, John B. Lovell, T. W. Patterson, T. Mulligan, D. W. Gillies, H. F. Page, H. T. Ceperley, Miss Walker, C. R. Gordon, Mrs. Gordon. Per City of Kingston from the Sound—F. Y. E. H. K. O. L. F. C. K. 7 C. W. O. Y. E. H. K. O. L. F. C. K. Albion Iron works, Blasinger & Co. Spratt & Gray, J. Horner, Ames Holden Co., Wilson Bros., Wall & Co., J. Hutchison, Lewis & Leiser, Langley & Co., J. H. Baker, Weller Bros. Mrs. C. C. Russell, W. Knox, J. P. Kelly, H. Mansell, Turner B. & Co., B. & K. M. Co., S. Leiser, R. H. Jameson, Chief Deasy, E. G. Prior & Co., J. T. Knott, Wm. Harrison, Clarke & P. Victoria, Chemical Works, R. A. Brown, Wood & Orr, John Bros., S. Shore, A. & W. Wilson, Cunningham & H. D. R. Pottinger, J. Colbert, M. Strauss, R. J. Watt, T. Scarle, Dem. Co.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Wm. Wilby, J. P. Kelly, Thos. Earle, Dentley & Co., Hall Ross & Co.

We have a line of Lunch Baskets to hand; they are neat, compact and suitable for shopping purposes as well. Weller Bros.

CEYLON. The Purest, Cleanest, Healthiest, Most Delicious TEAS. WE SELL THEM. Victoria Tea House, 70 Government St.

Honesty Is the Best Policy. When you have a discount sale you sometimes hit the nail; yet it goes through people's minds like a slave. But selling off at cost is what people laugh at most. For they know that every trader has to live. We never had a sale. Yet we think we've hit the nail—Honest goods with living profits is our aim. Our shoes they give you wear, our prices are but fair. So come along if value is your game. Just received a lot of Goods at prices which cannot be equalled for same class of goods. INSPECTION INVITED. Old Country Boot Store, 91 Johnson street, between Broad and Douglas street.

Billiard Supplies of All Kinds -AT- WATT'S, 64 Government St.

The People Have Been Astonished. To read the offers that have been made lately in Clothing. What will they think when they see this? If you have wondered at what we have done before, prepare to wonder more. Good Working Suits, \$4.00. Fine Navy Blue All-Wool Suits, \$5.50. Fine Tweed All-Wool Suits, \$6.00. All-Wool Tweed Suits, dark and light patterns, \$7.50. Black Worsted Morning Coats and Vests, \$1.00. Strong Tweed Pants, \$1.00, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.25. Extra Fine Worsted Pants, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00 and \$3.25. CAMERON, The Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street.

Whole Fruit Preserves. The Preserves made by us, and BEARING OUR LABEL, are of the same High Quality as those supplied to His Excellency the Governor-General, at his request. We make ONE QUALITY, THE BEST. Always ask for the Preserves of the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Victoria, B. C.

Wet Feet, Eh? No need of that. We announce a Special Clearance Sale in Cork Soled Boots. REDUCED FROM \$5.00 to \$3.50, \$4.50 to \$3.75. We are also disposing of all Felt Goods at Cost. J. Fullerton, 103 Government Street.

What You Like WHICH IS IT. Best Brandon Rolled Oats, 8 lbs. for 25c. Yankee Ft. Dodge Rolled Oats, 8 lbs. 25c. Brackman & Ker's Rolled Oats, 8 lbs. 30c. Breakfast Gem, Pettibone's, per pkg. 15c. Brackman & Ker's Wheat Flakes, 2 pkgs. for 25c, single package, 15c. Hominy, per package, 20c. Pancake flour, per package, 15c. Germ. Meal and whole Green Peas. Hungarian Flour, \$1.15 and \$1.20. Rolled Oats, cheapest per 90 lb. sack (fresh 1st). Pratt's Best Oil, \$1.45 per can (keep no other). Pender's Electric Soap (name on wrapper), 20 bars for 50c. Beardsley's Shredded Codfish, per pkg., 10c. HARDRESS CLARKE, Cor. Yates and Douglas Streets.

Hello! Here We Are! THE WORKINGMAN'S FRIEND. Has just received 350 dozen of Manufacturer's Samples Which consist of Shirts, Drawers and Overshirts. We have bought them for Spot Cash for one-third of the actual cost of manufacturing them, and each and every one of these goods does not cost less than from \$1.00 to \$1.50. We are going to put them on a special sale for Only 25c. and 50c. Remember that such a thing has never been known in Victoria, a shirt cheaper than \$1.00, now for the special sale only, at 25 cents. Avoid the rush and come early, as we are starting the sale for MONDAY, January 27th, at 3 p.m. REMEMBER THE PLACE H. FREEMAN, 109-111-115 Government St.

A. Gregg & Son, TAILORS, 62 Yates St. Victoria.



HUNTING ELK ON SKIS.

The Men Lasso Them and Thus Capture Them Alive.

Helena Independent: Mule staking the elk with rifle is the method best known by sportsmen. It is by no means the most venturesome or exciting; in fact the elk hunters of Montana, who take the animals alive, probably count any sking men in skill and daring. The winter in Montana coats the mountains, valleys and plains with deep snow, and the elk are mostly found in deep valleys and cañons of the ranges, where they are protected from the wind and find ample forage, and it is when in this fanciful security that the skiers hunt them.

One crew consisting of a little party might have been seen preparing for an elk hunt in front of a typical mountain cabin. It has been estimated that about one man in a thousand will make a good sking hunter on the skis, hence the three men who had gathered for the hunt were objects of no ordinary interest. The party was organized, as a rancher had decided to take a number of elk alive to make up a herd, and had sent for the best and most successful skiers for that purpose in the Montana mountains. The men were trying on their skis, rubbing on "olefin," supposed to make them swifter and increase the polish, and discussing the prospects. Finally the party was ready and the start made; three men moving along easily on the skis and others on ordinary snow shoes; the former armed with lariats—an important feature in the hunt. Elk had been missing in a snow about two miles away several days before, and since then there had been a heavy storm and freeze such that the elk were piled deep with snow, over which was a hard crust that gleamed and glistened in the sunlight.

The little cavalcade travelled away slowly, the regular snow shoes men walking clumsily along, while the skiers tried rushing down impassable places and far up the other side with incredible velocity.

The plan of the hunt was to start along the crest of the hills and mountains until a herd of elk was sighted in the valley below, then at the word start, slide down the mountain, dash into the herd at full speed, and rope the elk with their lariats before they could recover from their astonishment.

After travelling some distance the hunters finally reached the ravine, where the elk had been seen, and carefully following along the edge, which was lined with snow covered brush. They had gone nearly a mile when the leader suddenly stopped and pointed ahead. Through an opening in the brush down in the cañon, at the base of the steep slide, the dark forms of numerous elk were seen. The men estimated that it was at least two miles from the open country, and that it would be almost impossible for the elk to make much headway up the sides of the ravine, owing to the deep drifts of snow.

Lariats were now taken in hand and made ready, and the three skiers began to examine the slope for a favorite place to take the slide. This was an important matter, as if a tree or some obstruction that could not be jumped was struck, it would end the hunt, so far as the skier was concerned.

The slope of the mountain was dotted with large pines, about which the snow was piled so that many looked as if the tops were projecting from the snow. Some distances on trees were seen, and it was evidently early in the winter there had been a slide, and trees and brush had been carried down in the run, leaving a comparatively smooth run which would bring them directly in the path of the herd. The edge was approached carefully, and then the word was given to start, and the skiers rushed on like the wind itself, the snow-shoe party witnessing the marvellous sight from the ridge. The elk saw the skiers rushing down the slope upon them, and for a second stood rigid with amazement, then rushed ahead, some to the opposite slope, others plunging down the cañon. On came the skiers with a rapidity that was incredible, their single false step would have sent them whirling headlong over the icy snow.

The elk made desperate efforts to escape but before they could make any headway one of the hunters dashed into the herd and whirling his lariat, sent the rope over the branching horns and slightly rounded side of the infuriated animal, that half buried in the snow, struck at his captor and endeavored to trample him under foot. Another rider came whirling into the herd almost simultaneously and threw his lariat over the head of a doe, while the third, after dashing down the ravine and up some distance on the other side, returned and successfully roped a fine buck, which had been stalled in the deep snow of the mountain side.

To describe the excitement and appearance of this rush of 200 or 400 feet down an icy mountain is impossible, and one does not wonder that so few skiers are adapted to it. The speed in some instances is probably equal to a fast railway train. Obstacles have to be jumped, and a tree cannot be avoided, and the skier must throw off his skis and, aided by his pole, if he has one, or by skill try and avoid it. If the skier does not have the chance, he will go flying down the mountain on his back. In short, the skiers are steady, taking the risk at right angles to the side of the mountains.

So successfully have certain hunters been known to capture elk in the Sierra Nevada of California, and in the Sierra Nevada of Columbia Falls, Mont., who, with O. Christiansen, take all their elk on skis. The elk are caught not to kill, but to domesticate, and it is believed that these fine animals can be domesticated without any difficulty. This is an important consideration, and may save the elk from extinction.

Do not take any substitute when you ask for the one true blood purifier, Hood's Sarsaparilla. Insist upon Hood's and only Hood's.

ART IN ADVERTISING.

Means By Which Small Establishments Become Great.

The development of the art of advertising during the last four or five years has been remarkable. The newspaper advertisement has changed radically, both in form and character. It is no longer a dry and uninteresting feature of the newspaper, but has become an interesting feature of the journal that compels everybody's observation.

This is because the advertisements of all extensive advertisers are now prepared more carefully and skilfully with regard to both their literary construction and their typographical display. They are better written, and they are more artistic in appearance. They present more attractive and strikingly the peculiar features and advantages of the business or the articles advertised. They give information available to the public in a form and in a manner that make it readable also. Advertising space is coveted by all newspapers in which it is worth while to advertise, and consequently, such business announcements contain only the words necessary to produce the desired impression. There is no redundancy in them. Every word is made to tell, and therein is the secret of the most effective writing. The expression of many of these advertisements nowadays is so far picturesque that they attract the reader simply by their literary art. In typographical form, too, they are made to command attention. No reader of a newspaper can pass them by. They force themselves on his notice, and he is likely to read them as any other contents of the paper.

The result is that the games and situation of New York business houses which are large and regular advertisers in the leading journals, are better known to the people than many of the most important public buildings, and their fame extends throughout the Union, and even reaches to foreign countries. So far as mere publicity goes, they are the equals of the statesmen and generals of the widest distinction. Everybody knows them, and of the departments of trade and manufacture in which they are engaged. Strangers in towns visit their establishments from curiosity, if not also with the original purpose of making purchases. Residents here, who formerly gave little or no heed to business advertisements, are now guided

Now Ready Times Annual

And Encyclopædia of Useful Information

... For 1896 ...

400 Pages. Price 25 cents. Now Ready for Delivery.

Subscribers to the Twice-a-Week Times, who have paid for 1896, and subscribers to the Daily Times who pay for two months in advance, will receive copies free. As the supply is limited, subscribers who wish to receive copies of this valuable reference book, should comply with the conditions at once.

First Come First Served.

Address

The Times,

Victoria, B. C.

almost wholly by those announcements in buying supplies. There is much complaint among small dealers that a merely neighborhood trade that these great establishments are drawing away their business. Of course it is so; but the reason why such concerns are monopolizing trade is not that they are using any unfair means to absorb the patronage of their petty rivals. They have no monopoly of the method by which they draw to themselves the trade formerly distributed among greater numbers of little shops. There is no secret about the cause of their vastly larger volume of business. The way to it is open to everyone else. The profitable distinction they enjoy was secured by advertising, except for it, every one of them would now be doing a comparatively, and even an actually, petty trade. Their names would be unknown beyond a limited neighborhood, and by a small number of customers. Their gain, also, thus obtained, has been for the public advantage, for the concentration of business, brought about by advertising, has tended directly to the lowering of prices. They are able to control the trade, therefore, and it is contrary to the public interest, to attempt to resist this tendency to concentration and absorption. The houses that secure fame for their business by conspicuous and persistent advertising, will go on absorbing the trade of their competitors who do not advertise. The houses that secure fame by the widely circulated and influential newspaper as a means of securing publicity for all business enterprises are only beginning to be appreciated, and the art of advertising has only lately begun to receive the careful cultivation its importance demands.—New York Sun.

None But Ayer's at the World's Fair. Ayer's Sarsaparilla enjoys the extraordinary distinction of having been the only blood purifier allowed on exhibit at the World's Fair, Chicago. Manufacturers of other sarsaparillas sought by every means to obtain a showing of their goods, but they were all turned away under the application of the rule forbidding the entry of patent medicines and nostrums. The decision of the World's Fair authorities in favor of Ayer's Sarsaparilla was in effect as follows: Ayer's Sarsaparilla is not a patent medicine. It does not belong to the list of nostrums. It is here on its merits.

Rattan Goods.—An assortment of the latest designs, including Baby Carriages, at Welles Bros.

Men's Mackintosh coats \$12. Gilmore & McCandless.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25 cents.

—We have just received another line of handsome piano lamps, together with a few wrought iron table lamps. Welles Bros.

—Wool door mats in crimson, white and gold at Welles Bros., also a line of sheep and goat skin rugs.

Dominion Election.

OPPOSITION CENTRAL COMMITTEE ROOMS, No. 22 BROAD ST.

All persons opposed to the present Dominion Government, and who are willing to assist by their votes and influence in effecting a change of administration, are invited to call at the above address and leave their names with the secretary. Open day and evening.

\$10 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons breaking the glass of the window of any unoccupied house or other, in the City of Victoria, or damaging in any way any portion thereof, or of the premises appertaining thereto, or removing therefrom any articles belonging to the said premises, or defacing, injuring or destroying any street sign or other property belonging to the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, O.M.O.

TRANSPORTATION

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN, L. P. LOCKE, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as freight and passengers may offer.

Lv. Victoria... Tuesday, 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m. Lv. Comox for Nanaimo... Friday, 7 a.m. Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

TRANSPORTATION.

From London For Victoria Direct

The Four Masted Bark DRUMROCK

3182 Tons Gross Register. Will be dispatched from London for this port during the month of February. Cargo may be engaged at favorable rates on application to R. P. RITHEY & CO., LTD.

LONDON TO VICTORIA

The Fine British Iron Ship DRUMCLIFF,

2468 Tons Register. Will sail from London about the middle of February. For rates of freight and other particulars apply to

ROBT. WARD & CO., LTD., Temple Building.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 4 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS. Leave Victoria at 7 a.m., 2 p.m. Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

POINTS ON PUGET SOUND.

SS. "ROSALIE"

Leaves Victoria Daily at 8:30 p.m. except Sunday. Arriving at Victoria Daily except Sundays at 5 p.m. Leaves Seattle at 10 a.m. Daily except Sundays. For tickets and information call on J. K. DEVLIN, Agent, 75 Government Street.

TRANSPORTATION. CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Passengers taken through WITHOUT CHANGE

To all Points. EAST AND SOUTHEAST.

Through First-Class Sleepers and Tourist Cars

BOSTON, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG & ST. PAUL.

For particulars regarding rates, etc., apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.

(LIMITED) TIME TABLE NO. 27, Taking effect June 21st, 1895.

VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE. Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 2 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P. R. train No. 2 going east Monday.

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. For Pender and Moresby Islands Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper's Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock. For Pender Island and Moresby Island Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTHERN ROUTE. Steamships of this company will leave for Vancouver and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

BARCLAY SOUND ROUTE. Steamer Mande leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager, G. Carleton, General Agent.

ATLANTIC Steamship Agency

THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM ALL EUROPEAN POINTS. At Lowest Rates.

Saloon fares from \$40 to \$80, according to locality. Second cabin \$30 to \$40. Steerage, \$24.50.

Parties sending for their friends in Europe will receive the benefit of a great reduction by purchasing their tickets here. For location of berths, sailing lists, etc., apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General Agent, Victoria. Cor. Fort and Government streets.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 25. To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Monday, Oct. 28th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH. Daily Sat'dy A. M. P. M. Lv. Victoria for Nanaimo and Wellington... 8:00 3:30 Ar. Nanaimo... 11:40 6:38 Ar. Wellington... 12:01 6:53

GOING SOUTH. Daily Sat'dy A. M. P. M. Lv. Wellington for Victoria... 8:30 3:20 Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria... 8:49 3:45 Ar. Victoria... 12:20 7:00

For rates and information apply at the Company's offices. JOSEPH HUNTER, President. H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Supt. Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY. ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Stocan Point.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY. Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7 A.M. Lv. Spokane... Ar. 5:30 P.M. Commencing January 8th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m., same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m., same days.

PACIFIC COAST S.S. CO'Y Dispatch a Steamer Every 5 days for San Francisco Carrying Her Majesty's Mails FROM OUTER WHARF AT 2 P.M. WALLA WALLA FEB. 17 R. P. RITHEY & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION. Smoke, read

and write, amid comfort and luxury in the Buffet Smoking Library Coach on "North-Western Limited" via "The North-Western Line" leaving Minneapolis every night 7:30.

St. Paul 8:10 arriving Chicago 9:30 a.m. This Coach has been truly termed "a club room on wheels," and besides having a library of the best standard works and all the latest periodicals, has equipment for serving light refreshments. Your Home Agent will sell you tickets via this first class line. For further information and Illustrated Folder, Free, please address T. W. Teasdale, General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

F. W. Parker, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

HONOLULU, BY O. & S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial routes, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Polson st., San Francisco.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change. The splendid, new 3,000 tons steel screw steamer Moseval, Thursday, March 5, at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the English mail.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY S. S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, March 10th, 1896, at 10 a.m.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery street. For freight apply to 327 Market St. J. D. SPIECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents, Honolulu, Hawaii.

R. P. RITHEY & CO., Agents, Victoria.

St. Paul, Duluth, Grand Forks, Winnipeg, Minneapolis, Fargo, Crookston, Helena.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and All Points East and South. Also to China and Japan via Northern Pacific S.S. Co.

For full information, time cards, maps, etc., call on or address

R. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agt., Victoria, B. C. A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 225 Morrison St., Portland, Ore.

Puget Sound Points.

TAKE THE FINE STEAMER "City of Kingston"

Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

9:00 am Lv. Victoria... 11:00 am Ar. 4:15 am 11:45 am Lv. Seattle... 7:00 pm Ar. 12:30 pm 3:40 pm Lv. Seattle... 8:15 pm Ar. 4:45 pm Ar. 11:00 Tacoma... 12:15 pm Ar. 7:30 pm

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

\*Daily except Monday. \*\*Daily except Sunday.

R. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. Victoria, B. C.

All Eyes

Will be turned toward British Columbia during the next few years. Your friends in the East or the Old Country who want information about it. The easiest and best method of furnishing this desired information is by forwarding them regularly the

Twice-a-Week Times

Subscribe Now.

Sample Copies Free for the Asking.



Chase & Sanborn's



Seal Brand Coffee

Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World.

The only Coffee served at the WORLD'S FAIR.

CHASE & SANBORN, BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

GLASGOW PHILANTHROPY.

Improved Houses Better the Condition of the Poor.

At the meeting of the Glasgow Philanthropic Society last night...

The inception of the Glasgow City Improvement Trust, he said, was partly coincident with, and partly consequent on, the growth of public sentiment in the direction of sanitary and hygienic reform...

It was not until 1865 that the corporation moved in the matter, and in the following year the city improvement trust bill was passed into law.

The building of tenements by the trust was in a manner a last resort. The sites as cleared by the trust were not taken up by builders, and the trust was thus forced into building itself, and exclusive of tenements in course of erection, it now owned considerably over 1,000 dwellings...

It was said that they were merely shifting the very poor and vicious from one part to another. That was not true. In sweeping the breeding styes of vice away they had given health of body and cleanliness of life which previously did not exist...

The trust had expended altogether on lands and buildings £1,955,506, and on the erection of buildings £231,000, giving a total of £2,186,506, and deducting land sold or fenced, amounting to £1,072,000, this left a balance of £1,114,506.

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THE LOCOMOTIVE WHISTLE.

When locomotives were first built and began to trundle their small loads up and down the newly and rudely constructed railways of England, the public roads were, for the greater part, crossed at grade, and the engine driver had no way of giving warning of his approach except by blowing a tin horn.

But this, as may be imagined, was far from being a sufficient warning. One day, in the year 1833, so runs a story of the origin of the locomotive whistle, a farmer named Thornton was crossing the railway track on one of the country roads with a great load of eggs and butter. Just as he came out upon the track a train approached. The engine man blew his tin horn lustily, but the farmer did not hear it.

Eighty dozen of eggs and fifty pounds of butter were smashed into an indistinguishable, unidentifiable mass, and mingled with the kindling wood to which the wagon was reduced. The railway company had to pay the farmer the value of his fifty pounds of butter, his 900 eggs, his horse and his wagon. It was regarded as a very serious matter, and straightway a director of the company went to Atton Grange, where George Stephenson lived, to see if he could not invent something that would give a warning more likely to be heard.

Stephenson went to work, and the next day had a contrivance which, when attached to the boiler, and the steam turned on, gave out a shrill, discordant sound. The railway directors, greatly delighted, ordered similar contrivances to be attached to all the locomotives, and from that day to this the voice of the locomotive whistle has never been silent.

Cassier's Magazine.

Mrs. Chas. Smith, of Jiltes, Ohio, writes: I have used every remedy for sick headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

VANCOUVER.

Vancouver, Feb. 14.—John Tapley shot himself through the heart yesterday morning at his home here.

His mother tells the following story of the affair: "He came to my rooms and said he wanted to stay with me. I gave him my bed and slept on the lounge. This morning he called me to his bedside. He then told me several matters of great privacy which he wanted me to write to his wife, who had deserted him."

This information Mrs. Tapley would not disclose. He then said: "I love Flossie (his wife) yet, though she has ruined my life." His mother tried to soothe him, but he said, "It is too late now for me to start afresh in business; my wife and children are gone. Be prepared; for something is going to happen, write and tell Flossie about it all. Then he deliberately put a pistol over his heart and fired. He did not speak after the shot was fired."

Though it would appear that his wife's conduct had driven him to suicide, other reasons are alleged. A year ago Tapley had a prosperous business and his wife kept a lodging-house. The first trouble was the elopement of his daughter with one of the boarders. Then domestic infidelities followed, and Mrs. Tapley deserted her husband, taking her two daughters with her to San Francisco, where she now resides. Tapley became discouraged, neglected his business and got into financial difficulties.

He got a fresh start from a friend, being appointed manager of a large bakery and confectionery store. But his reverses were too much for him and he deliberately planned to put himself out of misery. The deceased was known throughout the province and was one of Vancouver's pioneers.

CHEMAINUS.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Chemainus, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Conway and Mrs. Palmer returned from San Francisco yesterday, after having a very enjoyable trip on the City of Everett. Mrs. J. S. Gibson and her daughter accompanied them back and will spend some time with the latter here.

Since it was decided to start the mill again many of the old residents, who have been employed elsewhere, are returning with their families, and a number of new comers are also seen on the streets.

The mill company have a crew of men busily engaged making necessary repairs and getting everything in readiness to start the mill as soon as possible.

Harry Evans left here yesterday to join the steamer Quadra, where he was employed last season.

Capt. C. D. Bucknam, of the City of Everett, passed through here yesterday to join his ship at Departure Bay.

Quite a heavy gale struck here this morning, but with the exception of felling a few trees, no damage was done.

China new year has been duly celebrated by the few Chinese residing here, the citizens coming for a share of presents.

Geo. Lewis passed through here yesterday with his logging team, as he has a contract to get out piles for the lumber company.

NANAIMO.

From Our Own Correspondent.

Nanaimo, Feb. 14.—Marie Wainwright was taken ill shortly after her arrival here yesterday, and the performance of her play had to be abandoned.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade last evening, Mr. Williams resigned the chairmanship on account of his position as bank manager. W. K. Leighton was elected to succeed him, J. H. Pleace being elected vice-president. The committee appointed to consider Ralph Smith's proposal to agitate the Chinese question reported the time inopportune, because of pending litigation and consideration in the legislature.

STORIES ABOUT OLD SONGS.

How "Woodman, Spare That Tree" Came To Be Written.

Many readers will remember the time when "Cheer, Boys Cheer," "The Good Time Coming," "To the West," and similar songs were all the rage. These songs possess a merit to which we are afraid many of the ditties popular since can hardly lay claim. They are at least sensibly and most of them are characterized by an inspiring, if not inspiring, tone, which will be looked for in vain in many of the insipid and silly jingles of later days.

It is one of the finest choruses ever composed. The Handel and Haydn Society, of Boston, are always presenting it as one of their stock pieces. "The Handel and Haydn Society, did you say? Yes." "Well, I've heard of the house before, and I believe them to be a most respectable firm—so I calculate you may play it when you like."

It was about this time that the idea of composing his own songs first occurred to Mr. Russell. He set to music Mackay's "Wind of the Winter Night, Whence Comest Thou?" which turned out a great success, and from that day song-composing became the serious object of his life.

Some of his compositions originated in a curious way. Take "Woodman, Spare That Tree," for instance. He was out driving in the vicinity of New York one day with George P. Morris, the poet, and they went to visit a stately old tree that had been planted by the poet's grandfather, and which was associated with the old Morris homestead.

As they found an old man about to cut the tree down for firewood. They asked him how much it would be worth, and he said "About ten dollars." A bargain was struck, the money paid, and the daughter of the woodman pledged her word that the tree should stand as long as she lived. The incident made a deep impression upon Russell, and he suggested it to Morris as a fine subject for poetic treatment.

"Woodman Spare That Tree" was the result, and after Russell had set the words to music it caught on with startling rapidity.

Years afterward, Mr. Russell was singing the song at Newcastle-on-Tyne, when a gentleman got up and cried out: "Was the tree spared, Sir?" "It was," was the reply. "Thank God for that!" was the response, with a sigh of heartfelt relief.

During his wanderings in the United States, Mr. Russell was for a time, it is interesting to note, the guest of Fenimore Cooper at his home. There he met Longfellow, William Cullen Bryant, N. P. Willis, and other famous men. One of his most popular songs then was, "Carlo, the Newfoundland Dog,"—a song which he always prefaced by telling the story of its origin.

A mother allowed her child, a boy of three, with whom she was playing on the beach, to let an Atlantic liner, to fall into the water. A Newfoundland dog present took in the situation in a moment, and jumped overboard, kept the child afloat until both were rescued. On one occasion, in Niblo's Garden, New York, Mr. Russell had finished the song when "Two men rose in the gallery which surrounded the hall, and one of them, clearing his throat, addressed me as follows: 'Good evening, Mr. Russell; this is my friend, Joe Taylor,' introducing his companion, who bowed to me and then said, 'Excuse me, sir, he continued, 'was that dog yours?' 'No, it was not,' I replied. 'Did he save the child?' 'He did.' 'Well,' he exclaimed, with the air of a man who was asking a great favor, 'I should like a pup. Could you get us one?'"

Many other stories might be quoted. We cannot, however, do better than close with an appeal which the veteran musician makes, and which, it is to be hoped, may not be altogether in vain. Mr. Russell regrets to see the absence of any honest-hearted musician who is content to provide for and elevate the musical taste of the middle and working classes of the great English-speaking public. This, he thinks, is what the modern music hall might and must do, and he adds:—

"It is easy to see that the more highly intellectual and cultivated forms of the art of music in this country are entrusted to the care of able men, but I regret to say that no such men are as yet to the fore in the preservation of the moral tone of the words and music for the masses. And, may I ask, is the tastes of the masses to be despised? Has it occurred to any thoughtful man that the young fellows who are to be seen crowding the music halls, joining in the choruses of degrading songs, laughing and applauding the pictures of cheating, drinking and lust that those songs portray, and reveling in the general ridicule of truth and virtue; that these same individuals are to be the fathers of our future generation; are to choose the mothers of their children and maintain the moral tone of their homes?"

"Then I say to some young musician of the rising generation, step forward from your studies of harmony, counterpoint, and fugue; leave for a short time your useless efforts to imitate masters that genius may create; have done with your classic striving to an impossible end, and seek out some man with a basis of thought; ask him to write verses that express a meaning, put them to music that conveys his words, and then sing them yourself, or get someone to sing them that articulates distinctly his words, and who leaves his audience the better, the wiser, and happier for the song he has sung. This is an object worthy of any man."

Wise words from one who, in his day and generation, did so much to elevate and keep pure the popular musical taste.

—Any tendency to premature baldness may be promptly checked by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. Don't delay until the scalp is bare and the hair-roots destroyed. If you would realize the best results, begin at once with this invaluable preparation.

—Baby's Raggy must be the best we can secure for the money. Weiler Bros. is the place to secure them.

BUILDING WITH 200 STORIES.

Most Extraordinary Sky-Scraper to Be Built in New York.

Harding & Gooch, the architects, have drawn plans for the most tremendous skyscraper on earth, a structure 200 stories high.

A capitalist of this city submitted the plan of this building to the Board of Health, and the latter, after a long and careful examination, concluded that their part of the work was practical and feasible; that a 200-story building could be erected, provided the vast sum of money necessary to construct it was forthcoming.

second and Twenty-third streets. It will, of course, be built of steel, just as the buildings that are now considered tall are built of steel. The framework of these buildings is like those of a bridge. The bridge is placed on end and surrounded by an outer shell of granite. The bridge is the 200-story building; the bridge will be longer, that's all.

Compared to this building, the twenty-three story pile of the American Surety Company will be as a mushroom sprouting at the foot of a tall flagpole.

The King building will have 120,000 square feet of space on the 200 floors. It will contain 100,000 separate offices and suites.

It will accommodate 400,000 people under one roof.

The question that will be answered in planning for this sky-piercing structure was: "How will people reach the upper stories?"

The answer is: "By electric elevators." Frank J. Sprague is a pioneer in the construction of electric railways and of electric passenger elevators. Mr. Sprague is confident that the development in the construction of electric elevators will keep pace with any possible progress in architecture and building. Manufacturers of passenger elevators have been consulted. They are positive that it will be as easy to build elevators in a 200-story building as in a 20-story building.

In the King building there will be express elevators. The express elevators will stop, say at the twenty-fifth, fiftieth, seventy-fifth and hundredth floors, and so on in the top of the building. It has been calculated that the express elevators will make the journey from the top to the bottom in less than the word "trip" scarcely describes it—will make the journey from basement to roof in two and a half minutes. The way elevators will stop at each story where passengers await them, making an ordinary journey in ten minutes. There will be at least fifty elevators.

It is the purpose of the projectors of the building to gather on its cornered floors 200 distinct communities of business men. On one floor will take jewelers, an architect and hardware dealers, on another the harness makers, and so on. So the conduct of great interests will be simplified and the work can be done in that building in four hours than can be accomplished elsewhere in an ordinary work day of eight or ten hours.

In the building will be retail clothing stores, haberdashers' shops, barber shops, restaurants, a physician's office and a drug store. In fact, it will be a city under a roof.

It is proposed to lay out that vast roof as a garden in summer, and to enclose it with some invaluable meteorological knowledge will be obtained by means of the observations taken by the United States signal service at such a tremendous height. The King building will be the first of this kind of free-roof structures that will be built in New York below Twenty-third street.

In the plans as drawn by Messrs. Harding & Gooch it has been determined that the thickness of the lower walls of the building will be nearly sixteen feet, gradually diminishing toward the upper stories. New York World.

conditions

In some conditions the gain from the use of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil is rapid. For this reason we put up a 50c. size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold or useful as a trial for babies and children.

In other conditions gain must be slow, sometimes almost imperceptible, health can't be built up in a day. For this Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment, food rather than medicine, food prepared for tired and weak digestions.

Scott & Bowas, Chemists, 50c. and \$1.00

BY-LAW

Respecting the Assessment Roll.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. It is hereby declared that a distinction for the purpose of assessment shall be made between land and improvements situate within the municipal limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

2. Land situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at its actual cash value, as it would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

3. Improvements situate within the said limits shall be estimated for the purpose of assessment at fifty per cent. of their actual cash value, as they would be appraised in payment of a just debt from a solvent debtor.

4. The Assessor shall begin to make the assessment on or before the fifth Friday in January, and complete the same on or before the third Tuesday in April, and the assessment shall be made on the said third Tuesday in April in each year.



CURE SICK HEADACHE

Sick Headache and relief of the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Browsiness, Distress after eating, Pains in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure!

ACHE

is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it. Like others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Sun Life Assurance Co., OF CANADA.

Policies non-forfeitable and incontestable. Largest profits to policy holders. Money to loan on business blocks, improved farms and high class residential property.

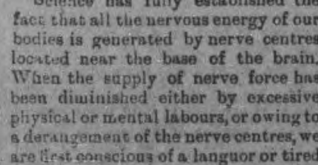
A. H. HARMAN & CO. Agents for Victoria and District, 30 Broad Street, Victoria.

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

FULL OF ENCOURAGEMENT FOR ALL WOMEN.

In Bed 5 Months—Had Given Up All Hope of Getting Well—A Remedy Found at Last to which "I Owe My Life."



Science has fully established the fact that all the nervous energy of our bodies is generated by nerve centres located near the base of the brain. When the supply of nerve force has been diminished either by excessive physical or mental labours, or owing to a derangement of the nerve centres, we are first conscious of a languor or tired and worn-out feeling, then of a mild form of nervousness, headache, or stomach trouble, which is perhaps succeeded by nervous prostration, chronic indigestion, and dyspepsia, and a general sinking of the whole system.

In this day of hurry, fret and worry, there are very few who enjoy perfect health; nearly everyone has some trouble, an ache, or pain, a weakness, a nerve trouble, something wrong with the stomach and bowels, poor blood, heart disease, or sick headache; all of which are brought on by a lack of nervous energy to enable the different organs of the body to perform their respective work.

South American Nerve Tonic, the marvellous nerve food and health-giver, is a satisfying success, a wondrous boon to tired, sick, and overworked men and women, who have suffered years of discouragement and tried all manner of remedies without benefit. It is a modern, a scientific remedy, and in its wake follows abounding health.

It is unlike all other remedies in that it is not designed to act on the different organs affected, but by its direct action on the nerve centres, which are nature's little batteries, it causes an increased supply of nervous energy to be generated, which in its



Why Waste Time and Money making experiments with other baking powders, when

WHITE STAR has become a DEMONSTRATED SUCCESS. Medal Awarded, 1895.



JOHN MESTON BLACKSMITH, ETC. Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

FOR SALE BY Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.



Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## ROENTGEN'S RAYS.

**Astonishing Developments Made by Professors of Surgical Science.**

**Second Instance of Locating and Extracting a Bullet From the Hand.**

Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—A novel and wonderful experiment with the Roentgen rays have been made by Arthur W. Godspeed, professor of physics in the University of Pennsylvania, Henry W. Cattell, demonstrator of anatomy in the same institution, and W. F. Magie, professor of physics in Princeton College. Their astonishing results will be set forth in papers written by those gentlemen, which will appear in next Saturday's issue of the Medical News of New York. Among the pictures taken by Dr. Cattell are a hand of a cadaver showing two bullets and a piece of glass embedded in the palm; a piece of rib covered with cirrhotic liver one centimetre thick; a small intestine containing a cent, a lead pencil and gall stones; six pins in the centre section of the liver, one centimetre thick, and the blade of a penknife covered by lung tissue.

### PLEA FOR SILVER.

The Congressional Debate on the Free Coinage Bill.

Washington, Feb. 14.—In the house the public and private galleries were thronged to-day in anticipation of the closing debate on the senate free coinage substitute for the gold bill. The attendance on the floor was also very large. Under the arrangement made yesterday, one hour was allowed each side for closing. Mr. Crisp quoted Baron Rothschild's statement that prices were regulated by the aggregate amount of the circulation of gold and silver. Prices were fixed by the amount of primary money in the world. If the standard in England was gold, in France silver, in China silver, the measure of values would be the combined amount of both gold and silver circulating as money. Money was the thing for which all contended, and the sum of the demand for money was equal to the demand for all things else on earth. If a metal were made by law, the demand for that metal would be created among all people, and its value would necessarily increase with the increased demand. He read Mr. Balfour's speech of the 11th inst., in the English parliament, attributing the decline of agriculture in gold countries to the appreciation of gold and the artificial advantages it gave to silver countries. Mr. Balfour also declared that the obstacles to reform came not from abroad, but were put forward at home. Continuing, Mr. Crisp affirmed the existence of a well-defined purpose by those in authority, both here and abroad, to depress the price of silver in order to prevent its re-coinage. Then he directed his attention to the manner in which the purity between the metals had been maintained. Every obligation of government bonds, greenbacks and treasury notes was payable in coin. If that was true and they were gold obligations, why did not those who believed that have the courage to say so and save the tax-ridden people millions on interest. In February 1895, congress could have saved the people \$16,000,000 interest by authorizing gold bonds.

### SALVATION ARMY.

The Close of the Big Midland Congress Held at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Feb. 14.—The telegram that Commander Ballington Booth would be unable to attend the Midland Congress of the Salvation Army, now in session here, caused a feeling of disappointment in the ranks of the Army. Brigadier Fielding, of Chicago, has arrived, and will take the part on the programme assigned to Booth. Public meetings, which the visiting officers of the army conducted, have been held all week, but the event of the congress was the wedding which occurred last night. Elaborate preparations had been made for the marriage of Capt. Emma Harmon, of Denver, and Ensign Austin Chapman, a local soldier. The ceremony, which was according to the Salvation Army ritual, was performed on the stage by Brigadier General Fielding. The congress then closed its St. Louis session with an address by Brigadier General Fielding on "The advance of the Salvation Army in America."

**ROYAL Baking Powder** has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

## PEARL BRYAN'S MURDER.

A Desperate Attempt to Lynch the Accused Is Hinted at.

Indianapolis, Feb. 14.—A special to the Sentinel from Muncie, Ind., says: A letter received in this city disclosed a plot to lynch Scott Jackson, Alonzo Walling, William Wood and the Gasker brothers, who are accused of being implicated in the Bryan murder. It says at least three thousand men will take part. The new live in Muncie families formerly residing in the moonshiners' districts of Kentucky and Western Virginia. They are members of the Moonshiners' organization, which it is said has over three thousand members. This morning these men received a letter instructing them to come to Kentucky and take part in the lynching. The letter stated that the mob would be furnished with Winchester rifles, also that a paper had been secretly circulated in Newport, Ky., and 1500 men signed it, signifying willingness to join the moonshiners. It is further said that unless the murderers were taken to Kentucky a mob of four thousand would bear down on Cincinnati jail, armed with Winchesters, and lynch the men.

## VICTIMS OF THE TURKS.

Distressing Narrative of the Doings in an Armenian Village.

Milwaukee, Feb. 14.—Ciragos Tomayan is a young Armenian of this city who has just received sad news from home. The young man is almost prostrated by a letter which he received from his uncle, Khatjian Tomayan, written on Dec. 21, 1895, in the village of Ouzoumbat, Palau, province of Dairalbeir, Armenia. The letter says: "I write of horrible happenings, which are unequalled in the history of our village. Brother, they have struck our quiet villages, burned our churches and our homes and robbed us of everything. They have killed nearly everyone. Those left have changed their religion and have become Mohammedans. But this is not all. Let me relate about your home. Your brother's wife and your little boy were killed. Your wife and mother threw themselves into the Euphrates in order to save themselves from Turkish outrages. Your sister is living, but I wish she might have been killed with the rest, for they have taken her, married her to a Kurd, and have changed her religion to Mohammedanism. The massacre continued three days. Very few of us are now left in the village."

## MUST RIDE THE WHEEL.

An English paper says that it is a significant fact that mothers who are now advertising for governesses require that the instructress shall know how to ride the bicycle, so that they may accompany their charges when they go wheeling. The passion for bicycling may open a new employment for impecunious women, that of bicycle chaperon. It is, of course, clearly impossible for the fat and elderly mamma who sit around the walls at balls to accompany the athletic daughters when they make a century run, or indulge in a little scorching, and so the bicycle chaperon is probably one of the occupations of the future. The bicycle was all right and never needed a chaperon until society took up it and made it fashionable. Now those who see how the wheels go around think they need looking after. At the same time the wheel has worked in a revolutionary way with chaperons. The old lady who goes to oversee must keep up with the procession.

## VENEZUELA COMMISSION.

Work Done at the Weekly Gathering of Its Members.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Venezuelan commission is hard at work to-day, with all the members present at the weekly meeting. The geological survey, through Mr. Baker, reported that the physical map of the country in dispute was finished. He exhibited the work already done. It is proposed to have this map divided into sections, which will be enlarged, then a number of lithographic copies struck off. These will be made up and these enlargements notes may be made. In this way each member of the commission may make independent studies of the situation, from every standpoint. By comparison, these studies in turn valuable results will be attained. The commission is highly gratified at the position taken by Great Britain in responding favorably to its request to be supplied with information relative to the location of the boundary line. The commission to-day ratified the appointment of Percy Allen, late private secretary to Justice Harlan, to be assistant secretary.

## One Honest Man.

Dear Editor:—Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, particulars of a genuine, honest, home cure, by which I was permanently restored to health and many vigor, after years of suffering from nervous debility, sexual weakness, night losses and weak shrunken parts. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, and thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and wish to make this certain means of cure known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, but being a firm believer in the universal brotherhood of man, I am desirous of helping the unfortunate to regain their health and happiness. Perfect secrecy assured. Address with stamp, L. A. Edwards, Jarvis, Ont.

"Byzants has his own way in this house."

"Yes; but his wife always tells him what it is going to be beforehand."

—Single meals 25c. at The Wilson.

—Carpenter tools at Chespeide.

Extra copies of the Times Annual are now ready. Get one. 400 pages. 25cents.

### A PRESSING INVITATION.

From Sir Charles, Jr. to Sir Charles, sr.  
Oh! father come back and come right away.  
The time is now ripe, you must not delay.  
I've led poor old Mack by the nose, as you know,  
And he's down in the hole as far as he'll go;  
So come out at once and lend me your aid  
To finish the plot I've so carefully laid.

Now, father, dear father, do not delay,  
But pack up your traps and come right away.

They say that I'm young, and for office I'm fit;  
But I know a few things, which you will admit;  
For I made out the order, drew up the bill,  
Which sent them all rolling down Parliament hill.

The time is now ripe, so do not delay,  
But find some excuse to come right away.  
They call our old policy utterly rank,  
And say that our platform needs a new plank;  
So just look around and before you depart,  
Find something to give us a little more heart.

Our needs are so urgent, do not delay,  
Nothing on earth should keep you away.

It is true that you're old, and not very strong;  
It's true that you've had a long life, and not long;  
But the place you'll keep warm till older I grow,  
And when you give up, then in I will go.

It is Tupper who calls Tupper, I say,  
Your own flesh and blood who calls you away.

You will can afford to leave London a-while,  
As you've managed while there to gather your pile;  
And you've had the best place that ever befel  
A man like yourself, who can serve himself well.

Just say it's a visit—not for a staff;  
Your coming out here, but come right away.

We will worry old Howell and send him  
And then we will make our political shift;  
Until the time comes when I'll take the lead,  
After you have stepped out and finished the deed.

So, father, let nothing stop in the way,  
The empire can share you a short holiday.

What matter if Howell should find himself  
When we manage to squeeze him out in the cold;  
So long as a Tupper steps into his shoes,  
For none but a Tupper can lead the true blues.

Now, father, dear father, you hear what I say,  
Leave London delights and come right away.

You will talk federation and wave the old flag,  
Speak of steamships and cables in order to bag;  
Those folks who are foolish enough to believe  
That whatever you promise they will surely receive.

Cram carpet-bag full when you come away  
With all sorts of things to use when you stay.

We'll start up a cry which'll take with the crowd,  
Of "closer relations" we talk very loud,  
In trade with Great Britain and make it appear  
That her people she'll tax to please us out here.

You'll have a good time while you are away,  
On your visit out here—so do not delay.

You can stretch ev'ry point, for ev'ry one  
Your a king among stretchers, and we don't suppose  
That you'll stick to the truth whatever you say,  
So come and enjoy yourself in your own way.

Just make it appear when you come away,  
You're on a big mission—not for a stay.

Sir John knew you well, but he's not in the scene;  
His mantle in shreds and not fit to be seen,  
Has been used and abused, completely worn out,  
So bring on your own cloak to wrap you about.

Father, dear father, what more can I say?  
Except to implore you to come right away.  
—Gen. Rac, in Toronto Globe.

### THE MARKET.

New York, Feb. 14.—3 p. m. Money on call easy, 3 to 5 per cent; last loan 5; closed 5. Prime mercantile paper 5 1/2 to 7 per cent. Sterling exchange quiet; actual business in bankers' bills, for demand \$4.87 1/2 to \$4.87 3/4; 60 days \$4.86 1/4 to \$4.86 1/2. Posted rates \$4.87 to \$4.88 and \$4.88 1/2 to \$4.89; commercial bills \$4.85 1/2; bar silver 67 1/2.

Cuba.  
Havana, Feb. 14.—A dispatch from Santiago de Cuba says the insurgent leader Felix Denis has been killed in an engagement with the Spanish troops and that 92 of his followers surrendered to the authorities.

Wellington Coal!  
From the Old Wellington Collieries, and weighed on E. & N. K. scales. Sold in any quantity by  
W. WALKER,  
Store St., Opp. Telegraph Hotel.  
Orders may be left at Parker's Market, Fort Street. Telephone 485. fl-1m

## George Marsden

General News Agent

Is now located in the

## ADELPHI BLOCK

A Choice Stock of

## Tobacco and Cigars.

All Coast Papers on sale.

## Re-Opened

Under New Management.

## THE VICTORIA HOTEL

Is now ready for the reception of guests.

The Victoria will be conducted as a first-class FAMILY HOTEL.

Rates reasonable—quoted on application.

First-class bar in connection.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Proprietor.

## Steamer Mary Hare.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock, 20th inst., for the purchase of the wreck of this steamer, together with Engines, Boiler, Machinery and Apparel, as she now lies on Reed Island, about nine miles from Chemainus.

Any tender not necessarily accepted.

ROBERT WARD & COMPANY, Ltd., Agents, Western Assurance Co., Temple Building, Victoria, B. C.

## THE GARRICK'S HEAD,

Easton Street, has been reopened by the undersigned, where he will dispense the best of wines, liquors and cigars. OYSTERS COCKTAILS a specialty. Visitors can depend upon polite service.

R. J. JOHNSON, Victoria, Feb. 5, 1896.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral  
Highest Awards at World's Fair.  
Ayer's Pills the Best Family Physic.

W. H. Wood.  
A LIFE SAVED  
BY TAKING  
AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

"Several years ago, I caught a severe cold, attended with a terrible cough that allowed me no rest, either day or night. The doctors pronounced my case hopeless. A friend, learning of my trouble, sent me a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. By the time I had used the whole bottle, I was completely cured, and I believe it saved my life."—W. H. WOOD, 5 Quimby Ave., Lowell, Mass.

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W. WALKER,  
Store St., Opp. Telegraph Hotel.

Orders may be left at Parker's Market, Fort Street. Telephone 485. fl-1m

## Cheap Clothing

We have decided to reduce our stock of men's suits and probably give up this branch of our business. We intend to devote more attention to Boys' clothing, Gent's furnishings, etc. Here is a sample of our reductions:

Men's Prince Albert, Black Worsted Suits, Reduced from \$30 to \$18.

Men's Dress Suits, Black Worsted, Reduced from \$30 to 20.

Men's Fine Beaver Suits \$24 to \$16.

75 Tweed Suits, Frock Coats, Half Price.

200 Tweed Suits, Sac Coats, from \$4 to \$12, (Regular Price, \$7.50 to \$22).

We have a large stock of extra sizes in suits and pants, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48 and 50 inch. Drop in and see us.

## Gilmore & McCandless

35 & 37 Johnson St.

## A RARE CHANCE

For a Man With Moderate Capital.

\*To be sold as a going concern, on account of advertiser having other large interests away from Victoria;

A Profitable Manufacturing Business,

With plant complete, located in the city. A long lease can be had at a very low rental. Liberal terms. Address "X. Y. Z.," Times office. ja30-1f

## George Marsden

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Is now located in the

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# To Live Well Is Half the Battle.

It does not require a lifetime to know that we carry the Finest Line of Groceries in the city. Our Teas are unexcelled at Moderate Prices. Our Coffee is admitted as being VERY SUPERIOR. We carry all kinds of delicacies as well as Staples. We DO NOT carry INFERIOR GOODS FOR VERY CHEAP TRADE. Our reputation is at stake. Our goods are the best, and our prices very moderate. Regular Shipments of Oysters in Shell and Tin by every steamer. Verify our statements by sending us your orders.

## Erskine, Wall & Co.,

Leading Grocers, Government St.

# Read

"A Province I will give thee."—ANT. & CLERO.

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# To-Morrow.

For sale at all news stands and at the Province Office.

TO THE PUBLIC

Our Best

## DOUBLE SCREENED New Wellington Coal

Put up in sacks in any quantity at the rate of

per ton \$5.00 per ton

at SPRATT'S WHARF, Delivery Extra.

SPRATT & MACAULAY, Agents.

## Hen Food

Are Your Hens Lucrative? If No, Feed Them.

Grd. Shells, 5c. per lb.

Grd. Bone, 5c. per lb.

(Large quantities 4c. per lb.)

FOR SALE BY:  
R. H. JAMESON, 33 Fort St.

### TENDERS.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until Saturday, the 15th day of February, instant, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purchase of the whole or any part of the machinery, engine, chains, iron and personal property whatsoever now situated on the wharf at the foot of Monks street, James Bay, and known as Prevost's wharf.

Terms cash.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated this 7th day of February, 1896.

DHAKK, JACKSON & HELMCKEN, 7c-1d

## The Wilson Hotel

and Dining Room now being under one management in better prepared than ever to accommodate the public to the satisfaction of all.

McGARR & IRVING, Proprietors.

### Notice.

THE FISH AND FRUIT MARKET,  
No. 44 1-2 Government St.

Opposite the office of E. M. Johnson, has been purchased by me. I beg to solicit the patronage of all old customers and as many new ones as possible to this market. It will be my aim to keep on hand a nice supply of FISH, GAME, FRUITS AND POULTRY, as reasonable and of first quality, at moderate prices to suit the times.

J. P. SARANTIS,  
Victoria, B. C., Jan. 22, 1896.