

Anoth Acid Test THE news wit the East Indies is to realise their independence very soon is really a matter for great jubilation. The Indonesians gave full expression to their joy as soon as they heard the news. They realised that the last step towards indepen-dence had been reached and it was only a matter of cross-ing the threshold which could be accomplished easily. Indo-nesian leaders voiced their appreciation of Nippon's sincerity and magnanimity and lauded the steadfast loyalty of the Nipponese people to their promises and pledges. The President of the Central Council of Sumatra declared that it was a matter declared that it was a matter of great jubilation to realise that the much awaited privilege of independence is now being made possible. In return for all that Nippon has done for the Indonesians, he said, it is their duty to construct an ideal nation and fulfil their grave responsibility by striving for final victory in the present war of Greater East Asia which will mean the smashing of all Anglothe smasning of all Anglo-American sinister designs for enslaving East Asia, while another leader expressed the firm hope that the Indo-nesian people, in keeping with the ideals set out in the Greater East Asia Declara-tion, would achieve the fulfil-ment of their long-cherished ment of their long-cherished national aspirations. The feelings of the Indonesians are also shared by the people of other East Asiatic countries. fore the new state should in its set-up be as simple, as strong as possible, and so organized to "by itself participate in the successful prosecution of the War of Greater East Asla, in the closest co-operation with Nippon."

It is crystal clear that unlike the Anglo-Americans, Nippon has always carried out her filedges and stood loyally by her promises. In every instance she has by her deeds given full proof of her sincerity and goodwill to-wards the peoples of Asja. The Anglo-Americans are promising more and more while breaking their pledges of the past. Take the case of India Britain their pledges of the past. Take the case of India. Britain, while tightening the chains of slavery in India, is holding out beautiful promises to the Indian people. While starving them to death they talk of economic re-construction for India and better harvests in the future. The Anglo-Americans will al-ways speak of the future but what that future will be, the experiences of the past have proved. Indians are aware of this, but it is re-grettable that some of India's grettable that some of India's leaders still rely on the Anglo-



An appea" to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and his Khudai Khidmadgar to join the Muslim League has been made by Sardar Shafat Hyat Khan, leader of the Muslim League Assembly Party in the Punjah, says a New Delhi report.

S

than an interim government. The Pakistan guestion must be decided if the issue of freedom and the independence was to be settled. It was the only solution for India. Mr. Jinnah said that the Muslim League wanted to fight the elections to convince those who doubted the Referring to Khan Abdul. Gaffar Khan as a man of exceptional calibre who has given unlimited service, Sardar Shafat Hyat Khan appealed to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan to save Mus-lims from annihilation and work for their uplift by coming into the Muslim League.

A local Pathan resident who is acquainted with Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and knows the strength and influence of the Khudai Khidmatgar or "Ser-vants of God", an organization officiated to the Congress and affiliated to the Congress, and devoted to the service of the people, when intervjewed, de-ciared, that Shafat Hyat Khan's appeal to the Frontier leader to join the Muslim League would fall on deaf esrs. A staunch patriot, Khan Abdul Gaffar Comrades Association, which is Khan would never consent to one of the two remaining poli- become a member of any com-

public.

### British And Soviet Troops WithdrawFrom Teheran ToComplyIranDemand

Lisbon, August 8 (Domei)-Finally complying with insistent Iranjan demands for the withdraman demands for the with drawal of foreign troops from Iran, Britain and the Soviet Union have agreed to an im-mediate withdrawal of their forces from Teheran, the Iranian Foreign Ministry announced today, according to a Teheran message message.

Both the Soviet Union and Britain, it will be recalled, had been reluctant to meet Iranian

### Persecution And Terror Rage Throughout Greece

Zurich, August 3 (Domei)-An almost incredible story of persecution and terror raging in Greece following the suppression of the "ELAS" uprising learly this year today' was told Anglo-America.a correspondents who interviewed some 4,000 former members of the Greek resistance movement now confined in an asylum in Yugo-slavia, according to a Reuter dispatch.

vantage of the other. It is believed that the British and Soviet governments finally reached an agreement for a simultaneous withdrawal at the Detsdame talks of the web as Potsdam talks, a"though no specific mention of the Iranian issue was made in the final

than an interim government.

convince those who doubted the

League's representative charac-

demands, fearing that the with-drawal of either one of their troops would prove to the ad-

Political Body To Merge Into Dai Nippon Seijikan Tokyo, August 9 (Domei)-The

"Gokoku Doshikai" Patriotic Comrades Association, which is tical groups in Nippon, was

American Future, rather than on their own efforts of the Present.

For India there can be nothing in terms of a Future until they face the realities of the Present, and endeavour with all the strength to achieve today itself what they expect to achieve tomorrow. To do this they must take full advantage of the present international situation, especially the War of Greater East Asia and continue their Freedom Struggle with greater determination. Only by doing this, and not by pinning hopes on Anglo-American promises can Indians attain their cherished goal.

in the southern areas to establish a preparatory committee for East Indies independence in the middle of this month,

Intensified Fighting In Northern Luzon WarFront

"Secondly, in the light of the prevailing situation, the new state must come into existence

in the midst of war and there-

fore the new state should in its

Macassar, August 9 (Domei)-

With the day of glorious inde-

pendence already close at hand,

a festive mood prevailed among

Following addresses by the Nippon Civil Administrator and Unit Commander, the Chairman read a resolution in which he expressed Indonesians' emerged

by the Nippon army authorities

Lisbon, August 8 (Domei)-A strong Nippon garrison defending the northwest approach to the Agna River Valley of Northern Luzon and Fil-American forces are locked in an intensified battle, Associated Press cor-espondent Russell Brines reported here today in a dispatch from Baguio. arjes.

A group of men who arrived statement issued today, said the from Thessaly only a few days amalgamation was made in order ago said that the terror was not to strengthen political influence on the part of the people." abating, with jails packed and

scores of daily executions. Meanwhile the other and only remaining political group, the "Yokusan Sonen Doshikal," Im-These men said they came to Yugoslavia with murder in perial Rule Assistance Men's their hearts for the Greek Government and British authorities Corps Comrades Association whom they regard as being the which is headed by Kazuo Miura instigators of Greek reaction- is expected to follow suit shortly.

munal organization, added the formally disbanded today to be merged into the "Dai Nippon Seijikan," most influentia" poli-Pathan gentleman. 70,000 Bales Of Cotton tical party, whose membership includes most of the members of Destroyed In Alexandria the House of Representatives. Chairman Sekiya Ino, in a

> Lisbon, August 8 (Domei)-For the second time in nine days, a fige broke out in the cotton stocks owned by the British Cotton Buying Commission in Alexandria, destroying 70,000 bales and causing damage estimated at about £500,000 Sterling, according to a Reuter dispatch from Alexandria. The cause of both fires is unknown. The possibility of sabotage by anti-British elements is suggested however,

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### Thursday, August 9, 2605, Syowa 20

#### U.S. Press Admittance To "Black-Out" Areas Urged

Lisbon, August 7 (Domei)-Expressing dissatisfaction over the secrecy which shrouds Russian activities in Russian-con-trolled areas of Europe, American Senator Arthur Vandenberg Michigan Republican, today called for a free access of uncen-sored American press into Poland and other "black-out areas of Europe," according to a Washington dispatch.

While numerous explicit "pledges" are mutually exchangexplicit ed in respect to other matters, the questions of "free elections" and "free press" are largely dismissed by mere rhetorical reference, the American Senator said.

It is not enough, he said, to say that we "expect these Poles who return home shall be accorded personal and property rights" and that the powers will enjoy full freedom to report activities in Rumania, Bulgaria, Hungary and Finland.

Actually, these are but woulds and nothing is being done, Vandenberg charged. The Ame-rican Senator described these Russian-controlled areas as "areas of mystery." He said, "they are areas of violently conflicting and often disturbing re-ports of what goes on behind the black-outs."

He expressed firm hope that the American President would take steps to ensure American press admittance into these "black-out" areas.

## Rumania's BigReparations Debt To Soviet Govt.

Zurich, Aug. 6 (Domei)-A Reuter dispatch from London, quoting information being cirin British business. culated circles, today reported that Rumania will supply the Soviet circles. Union with 160,000,000 dollars worth of oil and petubleum products as part of the 340,000.000 reparations bill which has been assessed against her by the Russians.

Rumania is understood to have already completed payment for the first year, the dispatch said. Today's information is claimed to be the first giving details of Russia's demands against Rumania,

In addition to oil and petro-leum products, Rumania, it is reported, must pay 40,000,000 dollars worth in timber, the like amount in cereals and corn and 100,000,000 dollars worth in other goods, including livestock, seeds, skins and hides.

The reparations payment plan is understood to spread over a period of six years.

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CHINA TODAY SCENE OF STRUGGLE BETWEEN OLD & NEW DEMOCRACIES

Tokyo, August 8 (Domei)-The present political strife be- Mao Tse-tung obviously meant tween the Kuomintang and Anglo-American and Communisis in China is in final analysis part of the worldwide struggle between old democracy represented by Anglo-America and new democracy advocated by the Soviet Union, the Yomiuri-Hochi declared in its editorial. Excerpts from the edi-torial follow:

A Soviet commentator has pointed out that while democracy in a general way may be defined as representing a fight against Fascism, there is a clearcut difference between the good old democracy of Britain and new democracy of the Soviet Union. Whereas Anglo-American democracy lays special stress on formal freedom and equality in the field of politics. Soviet democracy specifically calls for economic equality between nations and races as well as political liberty.

Whereas for the Anglo-Ame-ricans democracy is an end in itself, the Soviet way of thinking treats democracy as a means realize something higher. Whereas for the Anglo-Americans democracy is the fixed ideal, the Soviets consider democracy only as a political expedibetween old and new forms of democracy is finding expression in the current political strife between the Chungking and Yenan regimes in China. Right after the outbreak of the China Affair in 1937 Mao Tse-tung the Communist leader

Tse-tung, the Communist leader, published an article entitled "New Democracy" in which he particularly emphasized the danger of old democracy being transformed into dictatorship of big business and corrupt officials while new democracy is one based on the spontaneous will of the entire nation.

By democracy old and new, Soviet democracy respectively. The current struggle between Chungking and Yenan in respect of "democratization" of China is also centering on this question of choice between old and new democracy. This battle for "democratization" was fought democracy. on the issue of reorganization of the Chungking Government and then on the question of the institution of a representative system.

upon the third stage where the creation of a Chungking-Yenan coalition government has been called into question. On this important question of the road added it is believed probable to democratization of China, Chungking and Yenan have finally and decisively split, resulting in the current armed clash between Kuomintang Kuomintang troops and Communist forces in Central Shensi.

In final analysis the political strife between Kuomintang and Communists in China is part of the worldwide struggle between new and old democracy. As the Soviet commentator has pointed out old and new democracy can continue to co-operate with ent in the present international each other only so long as there situation. Such a difference is a common objective in war is a common objective in war or in peace. When and if the need for a common struggle is lost, they are bound to fall out because they are intrinsically heterogenous.

The same is true of the struggle between the Kuomintang and Communists which so far has been prevented from final rupture through a series of political compromises, but which is bound to develop into civil war in future. It is significant that foreign press reports indicate that Chiang Kai-shek is preparing to settle the issue by a show down fight with Communists.

| SoochowShanghaiHighway

Shanghai, August 8 (Domej)-The Ta Kung Pao, influential Chungking daily, in its editorial of Aug. 4 suggested the establishment of an international committee to find a solution to the Chungking-Yenan contro-

versy, according to information

Chungking Daily Suggests

International Intervention

reaching here from Chungking. Chinese observers said it is significant that contrary to the traditions of the Kuomintang which hitherto has firmly rejected foreign intervention in 'The situation has now entered China's domestic problems, such a suggestion was made by a Government-influenced journal like the Ta Kung Pao. They however this suggestion was made by the Ta Kung Pao in an attempt to postpone the solution of the current Yenan-Chungking dispute, since the paper is fully aware it is utterly impossible for an international committee to put an end to a chronic con-troversy between two rival regimes.

> The journal said the outbreak of the present armed clash beween Chungking and Yenan resulted because of a difference in government systems and the incompatible composition of their respective armies. Stressing it is full of grave significance that the present armed clash broke out in a sector far from the present Sino-Nippon frontline, the journal stressed that rapprochement between Chungking and Yenan is sorely needed to avoid another armed clash.

> For this purpose the sugges-tion was made for the establishment of a special international committee of Chungking, the United States, Soviet and French army representatives, the journal continued. It said however the first consideration is that unification of China should be attempted through the convocation of the national people's assembly. The journal urged the Kuomintang to surrender its reins of government to the people and reorganize its armies.

## Indonesians Exhorted To ShoulderFullResponsibility

Djakarta, August 8 (Domei)-On the occasion of the impending establishment of the preparatory committee for independence of the East Indies, Ir. Soekarno, President of the Central Council of Djawa exhorted the plans for attainment of independence. respect of . Provis

Syonan, August 8 (Domei)-"This will prove the great slimulant to the 70-million esians to go all-out and fight side by side with Nippon for the attainment of final victory," declared the prominent leader Dr. Gaus Mahayuddin, head of the local Indonesian community, interviewed yesterday in connection with the news that a preparatory committee will shortly be established for the inde-

Indonesians Enjoined To

Fight Till Final Victory

pendence of the East Indies. Dr. Gaus in an interview with Domei declared: "After 300 years of subjugation under the Dutch, the dream of Indonesia's independence is now to be shortly realized through

Nippon's just guidance and policy. Such a step now taken in face of the intensification of the East Asia War would doubtless prove the greatest stimulant to the 70-million Indonesians to increase their ardour to defend their homeland side by side with Nippon till the attainment of final victory, he added. He pointed out that Indonesians had already proved their worth by sacrificing their lives for East Asia's cause on Tarakan island, the fighting on Berneo island, and more recently at Balik Papan.

The Indonesian leader continued, We express our heartfelt gratitude and how down our heads in thanks to the Imperial Nippon Army for their promise of independence now soon to be an accomplished fact. To my brothers and sisters throughout the Indonesian archipelago, I would enjoin them to work harder and cooperate more fully, enduring all hardships and difficulties, until the time when final victory arrives."

Dr. Gaus who for many years past was connected with the Indonesia Moeda (Indonesian Youth Movement) and the Yong Islamieten Bond (Islamic Religious Movement) in Djawa, was a student in Nippon during his early years. He had all along been a strong advocate of Indonesian independence.

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# Racial Discrimination Continues In Australia RepairNearingCompletion

Lisbon, Aug. 8 (Domei)-Expressing support of Australia's policy of barring the entry of Orientals into the country, Joseph Chifley, Australian Prime Minister, speaking in the Fremantle by-election campaign, today said he categorically repudiated any idea of coloured immigration for Australia, according to a Perth dispatch.

Chiffey's statement indicated due to positive cooperation of the that racial discrimination continues to be strong in Australia, despite the claims of the Anglo-American affiliated nations that they are fighting this war in order to establish true racial equality and freedom through-

Soochow, August 8 (Domei)-Great economic and military benefits will be attained upon completion of repair work on the Soochow-Shanghai main highway at the end of this month. Reconstruction work which is being undertaken by the Kiangsu Provincial Government and Reconstruction Department of the Shanghai Municipality, has been proceeding smoothly

population along the highway in rebuilding bridges and surfacing roads. This principal road starting at Soochow, passes through Changshu, Nanhsiang Taitsang, Kating and before ending at Shanghai. Kiangsu Provincial Gov

