

AIRCRAFT ACTION REPORT

C O N F I D E N T I A L
(OMIT THIS SHEET IF NO ATTACK WAS MADE)

RESTRICTED
(Reclassify when filled out)

REPORT No. 9-45

XI. ATTACK ON ENEMY SHIPS OR GROUND OBJECTIVES (By Own Aircraft Listed in II Only).

(a) Target(s) and Location(s) FOX TARE CHARLIE 122-45 E ^{36-55 N} (b) Time Over Target(s) 1220 I (Zone)
(FOR SHIPS INCLUDE ALL IN AREA UNDER ATTACK)

(c) Clouds Over Target None
(BASE IN FEET, TYPE AND TENTHS OF COVER)

(d) Visibility of Target Clear (e) Visibility 20 mi
(CLEAR, HAZY, PARTIALLY OBSCURED BY CLOUDS, ETC.) (MILES)

(f) Bombing Tactics: Type Level Bomb Sight Used Seaman's Eye
(LEVEL, GLIDE OR DIVE) (TYPE)

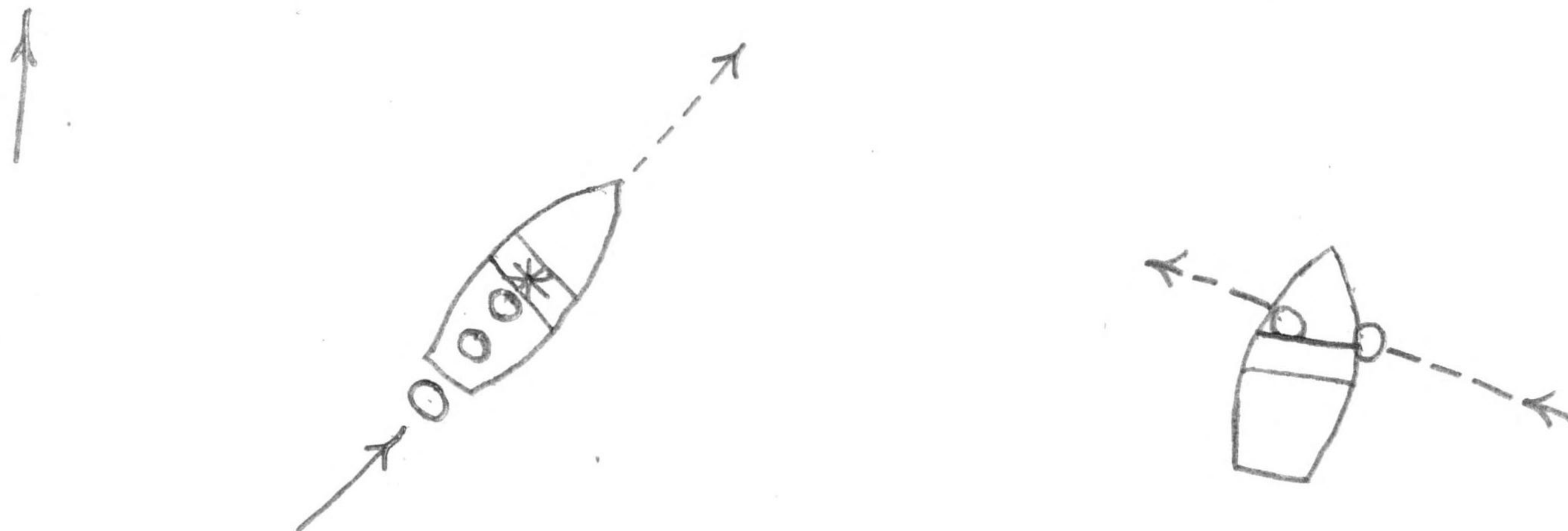
Bombs Dropped per Run See below Spacing 20-25 ft Altitude of Bomb Release 100 ft
(NUMBER) (FEET) (FEET)

(g) Number of Enemy Aircraft Hit on Ground: Destroyed None Probably Destroyed None Damaged None

Runs	(h) AIMING POINT	(i) DIMENSIONS OR TONNAGE	(j) NO. A/C ATTACKING (k) SQUADRON	(l) BOMBS AND AMMUNITION EXPENDED. EACH AIMING POINT	(m) NO. HITS On Aiming Point	(n) DAMAGE (None, slight, serious, destroyed or sunk)
1	Fox Tare Charlie	2000 GT	154v464	3 x 100 GP and 1 x Incd.cluster	25ft 3	Serious
2	Same	Same	54v	2 x 100 Incd.cluster 2 x 100 GP, 25 ft.	2	Serious
3	Same	Same	154v	2 x 100 GP, 25 ft.	0	
4	Same	Same	54v	4 x 100 GP, 20 ft.	10 ft near miss	Slight
5	Same	Same	154v	1 x 100 GP,	0	
6						
7						
8						
Ship Was Seen To Sink						

(o) RESULTS: (For all hits claimed on ship targets and for land targets of special interest, draw diagram, top or side view or both, as appropriate, showing type and location of hits. For all targets give location and effect of hits, and identify by numbers above. Use additional sheets if necessary).

N Run 1, Lt. CLEWS Run 2, Lt. HOFFMAN



(O)-GP Bomb
(*)-Incendiary

(p) Were Photographs Taken? Yes Photographs of Damage, When Taken, Should Be Attached By Staple.

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XII. TACTICAL AND OPERATIONAL DATA. (Narrative and comment. Describe action fully and comment freely,

ENGAGEMENT WITH ENEMY

OWN AIRCRAFT

- Disposition
- Altitudes
- Speeds
- Approach Tactics
- Use of Cover, Deception
- Angles of Attack and Their Effectiveness
- Distance of Opening Fire
- Defensive Tactics and Their Effectiveness

ENEMY AIRCRAFT

- Method of Locating, Distance
- Disposition
- Altitudes
- Speeds
- Approach Tactics
- Use of Cover, Deception
- Angles of Attack
- Distance of Opening Fire
- Defensive Tactics

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Own Weaknesses
- Enemy Weaknesses
- Offensive Tactics, Own
- " " , Enemy
- Defensive Tactics, Own
- " " , Enemy
- Flexible Gunnery, Own
- Escort Tactics
- Fighter Direction
- Use of Radar
- Night Fighting
- Recognition, Aircraft

ATTACK

OWN TACTICS

- Method of Locating Target
- Approach to Target
- Altitudes, Speeds
- Approach
- Dive
- Pull-Out
- Dive Angle
- Strafing
- Retirement
- Defensive Tactics
- Use of Jamming

DEFENSE, ENEMY

- Evasive Tactics, Ships
- Concealment
- Searchlights
- Night Fighter Tactics
- Use of Jamming

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- Bombing Tactics
- Torpedo Tactics
- Effectiveness of Bombs, Torpedoes
- Selection of Targets
- Fuzing
- Strafing Tactics
- Defensive Tactics
- Use of Radar
- Reconnaissance
- Photography
- Briefing

OPERATIONAL

- Navigation
- Homing
- Rendezvous
- Recognition, Ships
- Communications
- Flight Operations
- Search and Tracking
- Base Operations
- Maintenance

following applicable items in check list at left. Use additional sheets if necessary.)

Lt. Robert C. Hoffman and Lt. J.A. Clews, of VPB 26, as PPC's took off from Kerama Retto on a two plane search flight on the morning of 26 June 1945, bound for the Shantung Peninsula. They found a Freighter Transport (Fox Tare Charlie), size about 2000 Gross Tons, off the SE tip of the Peninsula, at 36-55 N, 122-45 E, proceeding on a northeasterly course, at a speed of 6 knots.

Lt. Clews made the first run, at a speed of 160 knots and an altitude of 100 feet, dropping a stick of 3 one hundred pound GP bombs and one incendiary cluster, spaced a 25 feet, on a run straight from stern to bow. The first bomb was short, but the remaining bombs hit the deck and superstructure.

Lt. Hoffman then came in on abeam run, squarely across from the starboard side, at 100 feet and 150 knots. He used 2 incendiary clusters and 2 GP 100 lb bombs, spacing them 20 feet apart. The incendiaries were short, but the first bomb hit the side of the vessel and went below deck where it exploded. The second bomb hit on deck. The first bomb went off in a vital part of the ship, undoubtedly doing great damage, as shown by the smoke that billowed up and the slowing down of the ship, after which it soon began to sink. Subsequent runs by both planes became less effective. Lt Clews next dropped 2 GP 100 pounders on another stern to bow run, missing on the starboard side. Lt Hoffman made another beam run and missed with 4 x 100 GP bombs, spaced at 20 feet, getting a ten foot near miss with the last bomb of the stick.

Meanwhile the ship was sinking, ~~xxxxxx~~ the stern well down, as Lt. Clews came in for a final run. He again tried a run straight from the stern to bow, missing with a one hundred pounder which fell about 20 feet off the port beam. Strafing had accompanied every run.

Further bombing was unnecessary, since the vessel was afire and sinking rapidly. The last glimpse of the ship showed it slipping beneath the water - definitely sunk.

Tactics. It is believed that on undefended targets, a bombing run squarely abeam is the best approach, since it gives bombs a chance to skip into the vessel, in case they are short. Furthermore, a bomb skipped or thrown through the side of the vessel, where it can reach the bowels of a ship, will ordinarily do more damage than one which falls on the deck.

The disadvantage of a run straight from stern to bow is the chance of dropping to either side, missing the vessel entirely. If hits are obtained, more bombs can frequently be placed on the target, but missing on one side or the other is very frequent. The PBM bomb bays are some 25 feet apart, which makes accuracy a still greater problem on this type of run.

If the target is defended, ordinarily a run from the stern will subject the plane to less fire, assuming that some of the guns are forward. But it is believed a quartering run, from an angle of about 15 or 20 degrees off the stern, would not subject the attacking plane to greater fire, and would give greater chances of a hit on the target.

In the attack set out in the foregoing narrative, the advantages and disadvantages of a straight stern to bow run, and of a straight beam run on an undefended target, are well illustrated.

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ARMAMENT

- Guns, Gunsights
- Turrets
- Ammunition
- Bombs, Torpedoes
- Bomb Sights
- Bomb Releases

COMMUNICATIONS

- Radio, Radar
- Homing Devices
- Visual Signals
- Codes, Ciphers

RECOGNITION

- IFF
- Signals
- Battle Lights
- Procedures

PROTECTION

- Armor; Points and Angles
of Fire Needing Further
Protection
- Leak Proofing

EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT

- Parachutes
- Life Belts, Life Rafts
- Safety Belts
- Emergency Kits
- Rations, First Aid

NAVIGATIONAL EQUIPMENT

- Compasses
- Driftsights
- Octants
- Automatic Pilots
- Charts
- Field Lighting

INSTRUMENTS

- Flight
- Power Plant

OXYGEN SYSTEM

**CAMOUFLAGE AND
DECEPTION DEVICES**

STRUCTURE

- Airframe
- Control Surfaces
- Control System
- Dive Flaps
- Landing Gear
- Heating System
- Flight Characteristics
At Various Loadings

POWER PLANT

- Engines
- Engine Accessories
- Propellers
- Lubricating System
- Starters
- Exhaust Dampers

HYDRAULIC SYSTEM

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

- Auxiliary Plant
- Lights

FUEL SYSTEM

FLIGHT CLOTHING

MAINTENANCE

BASE FACILITIES

- Plane Servicing Equipment
- Personnel Facilities

NO COMMENT.



REPORT PREPARED BY:
Frank Guitard
FRANK GUITTARD, Lt., USNR - ACI Officer

APPROVED BY:
R. S. Null
R. S. NULL, Lt.Cdr., USNR - Cd'g.

7-19-45

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RANK AND DUTY

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