

CUT GLASS...

OUR STOCK OF CUT GLASS IS LARGER AND BETTER THAN EVER

See the Vases and Bon-Bon Dishes.

Challoner & Mitchell

47 GOVERNMENT STREET. JEWELLERS

See our Window of 50c. Blouses

More in Showroom Up-stairs.

The Hutcheson Co., Ltd.

THE WESTSIDE. 25th JULY, 1899.

A CAUCUS

that everyone comes from with a smiling countenance, and there is no resignation from the fact that they have secured wonderful bargains at money-saving prices.

DON'T FORGET OUR SATURDAY SNAPS

Flake Barley (not heating), 4 lbs. for 25c
Johnston's Fluid Beef (1 lb. bottles), \$1.00
Pure Lime Juice 25c bottle
Claret 25c bottle

Water Ice, Imperial and Maizena Wafers
And a full line of Christie's Biscuits.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO

Demanding the Best.....

The most progressive builders demand the best hardware for their work. The most intelligent come to us. They know we give them the best goods and make the prices right for them. They are satisfied that we do better for them than any other dealer and are glad to show they value our methods by coming to us.

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad streets, Victoria, B. C.

50 Dozen Straw Hats..

REDUCED TO 50 CENTS EACH

Former price \$1.00 to \$1.50 each.

B. Williams & Co.

57 JOHNSON STREET.

Use Mellor's Mixed Paints

Guaranteed Absolutely Pure Paint. \$1.50 PER GALLON. Guaranteed Imperial Measure.

J. W. MELLOR, 76-78 FORT ST.

Screen Doors from \$1.25 up

BREAD

Something New in Bread.

Smith's Machine Roller Bread. Try it. For sale by all grocers, or leave orders for wagon to call.

M. R. SMITH & CO.

WILLIAM F. BEST

ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

(Helmberg and Leipzig). Late analyst for the Province of New Brunswick. Office, 25 Broad street, opposite Deland Hotel, Victoria.

TO LET Hotel Brunswick,

Corner Yates and Douglas Sts.

Furnished or unfurnished
96 rooms, exclusive of dining room, office, etc.

B.C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY,

40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Ice Cream Soda

The best in the city.
Large Glasses 10c
Any Flavor.

JOHN COCHRANE,

CHEMIST,
N.W. Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

Let Us Fill Your Prescription.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Old copper, brass, zinc, lead, scrap-iron, rope, canvas, and sacks; highest prices given. Apply Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street. B. Aaranson, Agent. 2,000 potato sacks and 1,500 coal oil cans for sale.

SALVAGE SALE—Saturday the last day; everything must be cleared out by Saturday night. Corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

WANTED—Teacher for Clavajant public school; married person with family preferred. Apply at once to Trustees, G. A. Mahay, Sec. Board of Trustees.

MINING ENGINEERS, Assayers and Miners will find a full line of the publications on mining and metallurgy published by the Scientific Publishing Company, of New York, at publisher's prices at the Victoria office of the Engineering and Mining Journal, Room 3, Williams Block, Broad street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS, single or en suite; modern conveniences; good dining room. Sample rooms for commercial use. M. Wall, The Vernon, 68 Douglas street.

LUMP COAL, NUT COAL, SACK COAL, SLACK COAL. Telephone 684. Broad, Holland & Co. Province and Broad street.

COAL AND WOOD—Baker & Colston, wharf and office, Belleville street, James Bay; telephone 407; city office, Swinerton & Oddy's, telephone 491.

COAL \$5.50 PER TON—New Wellington Collieries, Kipling & Co., agents; office, 41 Fort street; telephone call 647.

KODAKS from \$3.00 to \$37.50; also plates and supplies; new stock, at John Barnley & Co., 115 Government street.

JUST ARRIVED FROM THE PERTSHIRE HILLS

A large shipment of

Dewar's Scotch Whisky

"EH, MON, IT'S GRAND."

Hudson's Bay Co

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

HASTIE'S FAIR

FOR—
Tin and Enamelware.

77 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Why Pay Rent

When you can purchase homes so cheap. An 8 roomed house and lot, north end, "nearly new," price, \$1,000; \$250 cash, 1/2 lot and cottage, James Bay, good locality, for \$500. 1/2 lot and cottage, Johnson street; price, \$475. Large lot and cottage, Johnson street; price, \$1,100. Lot and 6 roomed house, Chatham, street, near of Blanchard street; price, \$800. Lot and a good 1 1/2 story cottage, Third street; price, \$1,500. Lot and cottage, Fernwood road, good buy; \$900. Lot and house, S. Pandora street; \$1,200; easy terms. House and lot, James Bay, in good repair; \$725. Offering some choice acreage in east end very cheap, and on very easy terms. Also building lots, almost given away.

P. C. MACGREGOR,

Real Estate and Fire Insurance Agent, 92 Government street.

GAS FOR COOKING

THE GAS COMPANY are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.

Fuel Gas, \$1.25 per M. cubic feet.

Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government street, and at L. Blanks', old Post Office building, Government street.

AUCTION

SALE AT 43 STORE STREET

AT—
2 P.M. SATURDAY

Contents of Second-hand Store

The whole stock will be sold without reserve; a good chance for dealers in second-hand goods.

Note Time and Place.

W. JONES, Auctioneer.

Removed to New and Larger Premises

John Barnsley & Co.

NOW 115 GOVERNMENT ST.

Kodaks, Bicycles, Fire Arms, Ammunition, Fishing-Tackle, Cricket and Tennis Goods, etc., in large variety.

Fulfilled His Promise

Hon. Mr. Martin Resigns the Position of Attorney-General.

Promise to Mr. Semlin and Action of the Caucus Made This Inevitable.

Notwithstanding the pledge of secrecy given by the supporters of the government who attended the caucus on Wednesday evening, the result of the proceedings can now be announced, for yesterday afternoon Mr. Joseph Martin sent in his formal resignation of the portfolio of Attorney-General to Hon. Premier Semlin. Mr. Semlin received the letter of resignation this morning, and says it was a formal and polite note conveying the information that as a result of the action of the caucus, Mr. Martin resigned his position in the cabinet. This, it will be remembered, is in accordance with the promise contained in Mr. Martin's letter of the 5th inst., to the following effect: "I think it is absolutely necessary now that our supporters should be called together to determine whether your course in calling for my resignation is in accordance with their wishes. If it is I am prepared at once to resign, but I protest against your right to ask for my resignation."

Thus, notwithstanding the reticence still maintained by the gentlemen who were present at the caucus, the decision arrived at by a majority of the government supporters is made clear.

Hon. Mr. Semlin was seen by a Times reporter this morning, and while he has nothing at present to make public regarding the possible successor of his late colleague, he makes one statement which goes far to disprove the assertions of the opposition press regarding the probability of an early dissolution. The premier says he has received ample assurance from the government members that no defection will occur as a result of Mr. Martin's retirement from the cabinet.

Hon. Mr. Semlin is prepared for opposition from Mr. Martin personally, both in and out of the house, but that the ex-Attorney-General will be able to command a following in the legislature is now in view of the assurances Mr. Semlin has received, altogether improbable.

The Times preserved yesterday that reticence in regard to the proceedings at the caucus which was rendered necessary by the pledge of secrecy given by the members who attended. Now that the result is known there appears no longer any reason for maintaining the attitude of reserve, and while it may be said that some of the guesses, as for instance, that Mr. Martin, Mr. Semlin and Mr. Cotton spoke, were correct, they were so because speeches from those gentlemen were inevitable. As was prophesied by many of those who were well informed in regard to Mr. Martin's relations with his colleagues, the Lower Fraser delegation proved strongly opposed to the ex-Attorney-General. Perhaps the surprise of the caucus was a speech made by Mr. Thomas Forster, the member for Delta. Mr. Forster's utterances had great effect, and it is admitted by some of those who were present that any wavering which may have existed up to then was dissipated by Mr. Forster's address.

It is agreed, and with this Mr. Martin is in accord, that the action of the caucus was a surprise to the ex-Attorney-General. He had confidently relied upon persuading at least a majority of those present that his retention in the cabinet was absolutely essential to the government's continued success. What reasons he may have had for this sanguineness can only be surmised, for it was very evident that but few of the members of the government party would go the length of supporting Mr. Martin in declared opposition to Mr. Semlin.

No vote was taken, the feeling of the caucus being too plainly evidenced to render one necessary. Mr. Martin accepted the verdict with good grace, although he said that this was not, as some of his opponents might think, the end, in bidding good-bye to the employees in his department yesterday Mr. Martin said that although he was leaving them he "was not done for yet," and in answer to the expression made use of by one of them to the effect that it was a surprise, he said no one was more surprised than he, adding "you will see me again."

There is nothing yet to be said as to Mr. Martin's successor. Mr. Semlin told a Times man to-day that although negotiations are in progress it would be a serious breach of etiquette to say anything on that subject at present. Rumors are in circulation which make free use of the names of Mr. W. W. B. Melnes,

Notes From the Capital

The Prorogation of the House Will Take Place Next Week.

Death Sentences on Felici Pasto Commuted to Imprisonment for Life.

A Frenchman in a Rage

Vents His Spleen on Great Britain and the United States.

Says They Have Done Their Utmost to Make Peace Conference a Failure.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, July 28.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced in the House to-day that prorogation will take place next week. He said that the Senate reform resolutions will be dropped.

Sir Charles Tupper said he would do what he could to assist in closing, and did not see why prorogation should not take place next week.

Imprisonment for Life.
Felici Pasto was sentenced to be hanged at Nelson, B.C., on August 10th next for the murder of Ryan, who had a number of aliases. His case has been reported upon by the Department of Justice, and the cabinet has decided to commute Pasto's sentence to imprisonment for life in New Westminster, B.C., asylum.

CANADIAN FISHERMAN SHOT.

At Point Roberts To-day Because He Refused to Go Outside the Guard Line.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, July 28.—A New Westminster special says:
Charles Crockett, a fisherman, was shot dead at Point Roberts to-day by a salmon trap guard because the former refused to get outside of the guard line of police when ordered to do so.

It is inferred that a serious clash is pending.

THE PEACE CONFERENCE.

(Associated Press.)
The Hague, July 28.—The committee charged with the duty of drafting the final acts of conference met this morning, with all principal delegates in attendance.

The impossibility was admitted of arriving at an immediate understanding as to the form in which the powers not signing the convention might adhere to the decisions of the conference.

The committee decided to accept the proposal of M. Bozaris, of the French delegation, that the question be left to be settled by subsequent negotiations, and that the arbitration convention remain open pending the settlement of the form of adhesion.

The plenary conference met this afternoon for the final acceptance of the arbitration convention with the preamble. The signatures will be appended to-morrow after the closing of the sitting of the conference.

HAYTIAN SITUATION.

Creditors Are Determined to Alleviate for an American Protectorate.

(Associated Press.)
Kingston, Jamaica, July 28.—Private advices received by mail from Hayti state that a conference between the Haytian minister of finance and the creditors of the state was held on Tuesday, and the latter refused the proposals for the consolidation of the debt, because they despaired of accomplishing a permanent basis of financial prosperity. It is added that the creditors are determined to agitate for an American protectorate, to which end they are willing to drive the country into hopeless bankruptcy, and invite the necessary American capital to extricate the country from its embarrasment.

PLAGUE ATTACKS EUROPEANS.

At Poona on Wednesday There Were 131 Cases and 121 Deaths—Crops Are Being Destroyed.

(Associated Press.)
Bombay, July 28.—There were 161 cases and 121 deaths from the plague at Poona on Wednesday. The cases include four Europeans. The rains hold off and the crops are withering.

AMERICANS AT OXFORD.

(Associated Press.)
London, July 28.—The members of the Harvard-Yale athletic team, which took part in the contests with the Oxford-Cambridge men at Queen's Club on Saturday last, visited Oxford University to-day on the invitation of Mr. C. N. Jackson, Hartford College, and manager of the Oxford, Cambridge team. Mr. Jackson met the Americans at the station and drove with them to several colleges, including Magdalen, Christchurch, St. John's and Wadham. The party lunched at Hartford college. In the afternoon the Americans were taken to the University cricket ground, where they were entertained at tea in the pavilion, returning to London in the evening.

RAISING THE PRICE OF COAL.

(Associated Press.)
New York, July 28.—Anthracite companies announce that all orders for coal at prices prior to July 1st, not filled July 28th, will be cancelled and an advance of 25 cents per ton will then go into effect.

TRANSVAAL DEBATE.

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman Thinks War Would Be One of the Direct Calamities Possible.

(Associated Press.)
London, July 28.—In the House of Commons to-day the Colonial Office vote furnished the Liberals with an opportunity for a debate upon the government policy in the Transvaal.

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman, Liberal leader, said he thought that, in view of the negotiations pending, reticence and reserve must rule in the debate. While he did not sympathize with the Boer opposition to the franchise extension, he saw nothing from the beginning to the end of the story to justify armed intervention. War in South Africa with one of the states would be one of the direct calamities possible. The speaker pleaded for further friendly and prudent action through the Dutch sympathizers at the Cape. He saw no reason why this should not

Achieve Conspicuous Success, as such a course had done in Canada in time past.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, opened his speech in reply, by declaring that Sir Campbell-Bannerman's language was calculated to embarrass the action of the government. The grievance of the Uitlanders, Mr. Chamberlain said, were admitted on all hands to be serious, but the most serious part was the outrageous treatment to which they were subjected and which was part of a settled policy pursued by the Boers. The situation was a danger to imperial interests. As regards the racial feud coming out of war, racial antagonism existed and was

Poisoning the Community.

The danger of dissatisfaction in Cape Colony and the Orange Free State was merely due to the action of the Transvaal. It was not a question of a five or seven years' franchise, but of the power and authority of the Empire and of the position of Great Britain in South Africa.

Referring to the offers of colonial help, Mr. Chamberlain said it matters were happily arranged, it would always be a satisfaction to think that in time of necessity the country might count upon the loyalty of the colonies.

FEVER EPIDEMIC OVER.

(Associated Press.)
Washington, July 28.—The following is from General Brooke at Havana re yellow fever: "General Wood reports on the 26th that no more cases were reported among troops or government employees and that the sanitary conditions of the city were excellent. It is intensely hot, I think we can safely consider the present epidemic over."

EXCURSION TO DUNGAN

By the E. & N. railway

IN AID OF THE B.C. PROTESTANT ORPHANS' HOME

—ON—
Tuesday, August 1st.

Trains leave Victoria at 2 o'clock p.m. sharp, leaving Dungen at 5 o'clock sharp. Return tickets 50 cents each. Refreshments by the ladies of the Home. The total gross proceeds go to the Orphanage.

SPARKLING ARCTIC SODA

ANY FLAVOR 5c

HALL & CO.

Dispensing Chemists,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets
Ice Cream Soda, etc.

ELDERS CARRIED OFF.

By a Number of Armed Men Who Objected to Them Seeking Converts for the Mormon Church.

(Associated Press.)
Atlanta, Ga., July 28.—The Constitution has a special from Covington, Ga., which says a mob of 50 masked men have made away with three Mormon elders who have been proselytizing in Jasper county.

The story is to the effect that three elders visited the home of William Cunnard, near Newton factory yesterday, and endeavored to persuade Mrs. Cunnard to join the church. While there 50 masked men on horseback came up and asked the elders to accompany them. They refused, and while parleying Mr. Cunnard procured a rifle and aided the mob in taking the Mormons. Several shots were exchanged, and in the excitement Mrs. Cunnard's jaw was shattered. The mob finally secured the elders and rode off with them, and nothing has been seen of them since.

TOURISTS KILLED.

Cable Car Dashed Down the Side of a Mountain.

(Associated Press.)
Vienna, July 28.—A frightful catastrophe is reported from Merano, the Austrian Tyrol health resort, where Crown Prince Alfred of Baxe-Coburg, grandson of Queen Victoria, met his death last spring. A party of tourists was going up the side of Schneeburg, when the cable, by which the car is moved, broke when the car was near the summit. The car, which was filled with passengers, was precipitated a distance of 600 feet and dashed to pieces in the valley below. One passenger, Prof. August Herbert, the violinist, was instantly killed. George von Ompsted, a popular German novel writer, was so badly injured that he cannot recover. Five passengers were fatally injured, while others are suffering from broken limbs and bruises.

RAISING THE PRICE OF COAL.

(Associated Press.)
New York, July 28.—Anthracite companies announce that all orders for coal at prices prior to July 1st, not filled July 28th, will be cancelled and an advance of 25 cents per ton will then go into effect.

Insect Powder.

HAVE YOU USED DUST? IF NOT, TRY IT.

THE TRUE PYRETHRUM CINERARIA FOLIUM.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

Campbell's Prescription Store,

Cor. Fort and Douglas Sts.

Victoria, B.C.

CAPTURE OF CALAMBA.

Particulars of the Sharp Fighting on the Shore of Laguna Bay.

Manila, July 27.—There was sharp fighting in Calamba, on the shore of Laguna Bay yesterday, before the town was captured. Four American soldiers were killed and twelve wounded.

An expedition comprising four hundred of the Washington volunteers, 60 of the 1st Infantry, 150 of the 4th Cavalry and two guns of the 1st Artillery, under Brigadier General R. H. Hall, with the headquarters assembled opposite Calamba on Wednesday afternoon.

Natives escaping from Calamba in canoes said a hundred insurgents held the town. A force under Captain Macgrath of the 21st Infantry, and Captain Eltonford landed east of the town but found a river intervening. Captain Macgrath and Lieutenant B. B. Smith, with the 21st Infantry and twenty Mauser rifles, having crossed the stream the officers procured a canoe to ferry the troops over. The insurgents retreated through the town shooting from houses and bushes as they fled to the hills. The members of the Washington regiment waded from the canoes through swamps, often shouldered deep, and were shooting at them until the naptha launch turned her 14-pounder and Gatling guns on the stacks for a few minutes.

The Philippines left three dead.

The Philippines having met reinforcement, and thinking that the Americans had evacuated the town, descended from the hills to-day, intending to re-occupy Calamba. General Hall soon drove them back. General Hall will leave a garrison at Calamba.

THE TRANSVAAL QUESTION.

London, July 27.—The Transvaal question seems to have arrived at a deadlock. The Blue Book issued yesterday, which brings the history of the case down to July 23, is chiefly interesting as showing that the Cape mission approved by the cabinet, and the Transvaal refused friendly consultation with the British government before passing and promulgating the franchise bill. It is understood that negotiations have passed since this period between the British government and the Transvaal.

The firm speech of A. J. Balfour in a double debate to impress President Kruger with the necessity of further concessions, and to silence the rumor of a lack of solidarity in the British cabinet on the subject.

TO MAINTAIN PEACE IN SAMOA.

Berlin, July 27.—The National Zeitung publishes an article, containing information as to the proceedings of the commission appointed to consider and decide upon the most equitable proposal which it says "The English wanted to establish a force of 900 men, under English command, to maintain order. The commission was unable to agree to the proposition, but consented to establish a peace force of 1,000 men, drawn equally from the native parties, under command of the officers most concerned in the recent events. In accordance with this agreement, an English and a German lieutenant will each have charge of 500 men, under the superintendence of an American captain."

THE ARBITRATION CONVENTION.

The Hague, July 27.—The committee engaged in drafting the definitive acts spent the entire day in attempting to reconcile the demands of Sir Julian Pauncefote that non-statutory powers be entitled to adhere to the arbitration convention, only by the unanimous consent of the signatory powers. The attempts, however, were without result. The arbitration scheme awaits Great Britain's acceptance of and accession to the plan.

SPEECH OF OUR FOREFATHERS.

What It Was and How It Was First Reduced to Writing.

Speech seems to come so naturally, to us, that we forget he must have been thousands of years in acquiring it and that his first efforts are completely lost. No language that is spoken to-day, and none of those dead languages that are preserved in written form, resemble at all the speech of our remote forefathers. What that speech was, and how it was first reduced to writing, M. T. Obalski attempts to tell us in an article in La Science Française, in the light of some of the most recent investigations. Says M. Obalski:

"When we compare the designs by means of which certain savage tribes of North America represent men, animals, and plants, we are struck with their resemblance to the rudimentary figures traced by children.

"An instinct for imitation leads men to reproduce the forms of surrounding objects, and in the invention of the graphic art he has striven to materialize his thoughts and give them form and substance by his wish to supply the place of the absent word, and even to depict it to the eye in the present and in the future.

"From the identity of object springs the identity of the means used to attain it, and writing thus becomes

One of the Most Powerful Instruments of civilization.

"It is generally admitted that writing was at first ideographic and solely by means of pictures, and it is yet among certain Indian tribes of North America it is then become phonetic, then syllabic, and finally alphabetic, thus reaching its apogee.

Certain of the letters of the alphabet themselves have a very pronounced pictorial origin. The first letters of the

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Meat of a Session Wasted in Washing Dirty Lutes—Yukon Territory Act Amended in the Senate.

Ottawa, July 22.—The morning and the bulk of the afternoon sitting of the House of Commons yesterday were taken up with a discussion of the Yukon charges and charges of party corruption, which had absolutely no relevancy to the business before the House.

Resuming at three o'clock, Mr. Fielding replied to the accusations of Mr. Foster as to corrupting methods in vogue by members of the government party, and taunted the opposition with a long record of corruption from the days of the Pacific scandal down. Of that record the people of Canada were aware, and would be so no matter how much Mr. Foster himself was a man who had run away from the charges that awaited him in 1891 as to the way in which his election had been won, and it became him to refer in this unseasonably way to the West.

Mr. Foster entered a disclaimer to this message, but Col. Donville assured the House that he could give the name of the place where the telephone had been used. To this he added another charge that Mr. Foster, while moving in the temperance interests, had liquor supplied to constituents. Mr. Foster once more rose to a denial.

Dr. Sprone ridiculed the idea of Mr. Preston's taking anyone into court to clear his skirts in view of his last experience in the courts.

In committee of supply Colonel Prior urged strongly the claims of British Columbia to direct representation in the cabinet, and to largely increased expenditure on public works, particularly specifying the need for improving Victoria Harbor. Mr. Fielding was sure the Premier would in due time recognize fully British Columbia's claims to cabinet representation.

Items for harbors and rivers in Quebec were passed, but a vote of \$10,000 for a wharf at Maria, in Bonaventure, to cost \$70,000, was held over for further discussion.

IN THE SENATE.

In the Senate yesterday Senator Ferguson drew attention to the necessity of the government issuing agricultural statistics. He stated that the export of agricultural products last year amounted to \$76,394,765, or more than all the products of other industries put together.

The Hon. Mr. Mills knew Mr. Fisher had been giving great attention to this matter, and to the making of experiments at the Hayes and stations. He knew that the Americans had spent a year or more in this way, and he was aware that there had been complaints in the Dominion during late years because of the absence of reliable statistics of this kind. He did not know that there would be much advantage in the Federal government expending money to duplicate work already done by the provincial governments.

Senator Ferguson called attention to the fact that one of the county judgeships in Prince Edward Island had been vacant for some time, and asked if it was the intention of the government to fill it at once. The Hon. Mr. Mills thought the late government had all the vacancies of this kind to remain vacant for a longer period than three months. He hoped to have the position filled at an early date.

The Senate then went into committee on the bill to amend the Yukon Territory Act, which gives the government power to issue and regulate shop and tavern licences, to legislate for the preservation of health, and to permit the judge or judges to retire from the commission as they might be called upon to form laws which they would be afterwards called upon to administer.

Senator Power pressed for some arrangement for local representation on the board of commissioners. The Hon. David Mills was in favor of giving the British residents the right of electing one or two members of the council. He thought the number should be limited to two, and that the provision should only be brought into effect by proclamation. The committee rose and reported the bill as amended, and the Senate adjourned.

THE QUEEN'S BREAKFAST.

E. M. Jessop, describing "The Queen's Private Apartments at Windsor" in the August Pall Mall Magazine, says: Close by the Aviary and the Dairy in the grounds of Frogmore is the Queen's Tea House, a simple little bungalow surrounded by a veranda and surrounded by a red tiled roof. It is connected by an open passage with a smaller building which contains the kitchen. The furniture of the Tea House is all of plain oak, and the walls are covered by an old-fashioned French chintz.

Two hundred telegraph messenger boys employed by the companies in Philadelphia struck work yesterday for higher wages. They now receive 2 cents a message and the night shift 30 cents a night in addition. No payment is made on message undelivered. The boys want to be paid for the latter, and demand 1 cent a message and 40 cents for night work.

The breakfast equipage is of silver, and contains some favorite pieces, notably the salt-cellar presented by Lady Alice Stanley, and the "chicken egg cup" one saw in Burton Barber's picture of "Marco," the Queen's pet dog, hung in the Royal Academy in 1893. The Queen's breakfast is, in common with all her living, of the very simplest. At

BRITISH SLAVES.

Slavery is the Dominion of the Sultan of Zanzibar—The Country to be Administered by Imperial Officials.

Rev. W. G. Howe, general superintendent of the United Methodist Free church, Ribe, writing in the London Morning Leader, says:

Slavery still exists in that portion of the dominions of the Sultan of Zanzibar which forms part of the British East Africa Protectorate, a country administered by British officials, who are in the pay and under the direct control of the British Foreign Office.

The Sultan's flag flies from the fort; treaties entered upon and decrees published by him before the commencement of the Protectorate administration have force in the native courts, and his government officers are presided over by the venues of the Protectorate. But he has no control whatever over the administration. Her Majesty's order-in-council or any proclamation issued in virtue of powers conferred by such order, has direct and immediate effect. Most of the native courts are "Zanzibar courts," those with the very lowest powers are presided over by British subjects directly appointed by the British Foreign Office.

The System of Slavery. Summons are issued in the Queen's name calling upon fugitive slaves to appear and show cause why they should not return to their masters. Persons failing to appear in answer to such summons are liable to arrest and imprisonment for contempt of court. In June, 1893, three persons who had lived for ten years in practical freedom on the mission station of the United Methodist Free Churches at Ribe were, by order of a Protectorate court at Mombassa, restored to their owner. One of them was a young girl just advancing into womanhood. She had come to the mission station as a child, and had recently been baptized and received as a member of the church by the present writer. The other two were the parents of this girl, and appeared in court solely in her defence.

Part of the official explanation now given is that these three persons were willing to return to their owner on account of the famine then prevalent at Ribe, and had agreed to do so, the master bringing them into court merely to obtain a legal declaration of his rights of possession. This is utterly untrue. In the correspondence which passed at the time between the officials of the court and the writer there is no mention whatever of famine. The slaves afterwards

Re-escaped From Their Owner and returned to the mission station at a time when the famine had reached a far more acute stage than when they had left in June, 1893. They are now earning their own living receiving no pecuniary assistance whatever from the missionaries.

In the same year, a month or two earlier, a member of the same mission station was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by a Protectorate court at Melindi for "stealing or deceiving the slaves of loyal Arab subjects," which means that he was endeavoring to assist slaves to escape from the bondage of their masters to the freedom which he himself had long enjoyed. Would any judicial authority, whatever date to inflict upon a British subject a like punishment for a similar offence?

At an earlier date a member of the same society's mission at Mombassa was sentenced to imprisonment for harboring a fugitive slave. It may have been called kidnapping in the formal charge. It was kidnapping of such a kind that it was known of and approved by the missionary in charge of the station. The person imprisoned for this offence

Died While Undergoing His Sentence. In the year 1890 a decree of the Sultan was published with the consent of Her Majesty's government, the second article of which says that "the status of all slaves lawfully possessed on this date shall be unchanged." And again, in 1890, a pledge was given by Her Majesty's government that the law of Islam should be maintained. But the Attorney-General in June, 1892, declared that:

A British subject anywhere, in whatever service or employment he may happen to be engaged, or otherwise, is not storing to his master, or otherwise, in depriving any person of his liberty, on the sole ground that he is a fugitive slave, is breaking the British law and exposing himself to penalties.

The local authorities, however, set upon the view expressed in a judgment by Mr. Craufurd, the judge in the provincial court in Mombassa, that nothing in the Attorney-General's declaration alters or modifies the existing local law, and that:

At the time of the debate the Attorney-General had not been put into possession of full information as to the actual laws in force in this country, and the obligation of Her Majesty's government to administer such laws.

Again in the correspondence arising out of one of the cases above referred to, Mr. Craufurd says:

The officers have to carry out the law current in these dominions, even when it entails upon them the disagreeable duty of pronouncing the legality of a state of slavery between the Sultan's subjects."

If the law be as stated by Mr. Craufurd, and as actually enforced in the local courts, the continuance of the present system is

An Iniquity. The responsibility of which rests immediately upon the shoulders of the British government, and the people. Are we bound by the promises of 1890 and 1892 to maintain a system which is in itself immoral? So long as we merely influenced the Zanzibar government from the outside, we might perhaps be justified in consenting to measures which meant the gradual extinction of the system, but when we practically bound the Sultan from his mainland dominions and took over the direct administration of the territory, we took over also the whole moral responsibility, and it should be ours to see that such a system ceases at the earliest possible moment.

Undoubtedly a large number of slaves, perhaps the greater proportion of them, are held illegally. By the decree of 1873 the importation of slaves into the islands of Zanzibar and Pemba were forbidden, and by a recent decision no slaves

EARLY ANGLERS.

The Pictorial Art Has Advanced But Little Since Primeval Days.

There are in existence but very few specimens of the fish-hooks used by prehistoric man in his angling expeditions, as, of course, they were made of less durable material than the implements employed in the capture of larger game.

In Greenland, however, fish-hooks composed of flint or chalcidony and bone have been found.

The invention of rude implements to facilitate the catching of fish would not require the exercise of any great ingenuity or mechanical skill. From watching the fish snap at or swallow objects thrown in the water the idea of tying a string to the end of a bone, and throwing it into the water to be seized and swallowed by the fish, which could then be pulled out by means of the string, would be very simple.

From this to the earliest known attachment for making the capture of the fish more certain was very easy.

A cord made of braided grass, fifteen or eighteen inches long, is looped round the groove in the bone, and fastened to a trawl line, kept extended by anchor buoys.

The bone being baited with small fish, into which the implement is inserted, and the trawl lines are placed near the breeding places of the fish, and would be easily effective in the capture of certain kinds of fish.

As man gained experience and advanced in knowledge other forms of implements would be evolved better suited for the purpose, but with the exception of superior material being used in the manufacture of the hook, and the civilized nations of to-day are but little in advance of those used by savage races and prehistoric peoples.

Prehistoric fish-hooks of bronze and other metals from the ruins of the wild have been found in the Swiss lakes.

LOOK NATURAL IN PICTURES.

A Woman Should Puff Her Hair and Put On an Evening Gown. It is the exceptional woman who knows how to make up properly for a picture. She will put on her "best dress," arrange her hair and then, by herself to the photographer.

The proofs are seldom up to her expectations. She sees a prematurely aged woman, with sparse locks and a strained expression, in the place of the fairly good looking matron she believed herself to be. All this is disheartening. In fact, she is seldom as bad looking as the pictures make her appear. She has, perhaps, a bad habit of venting her hair plastered down on the sides. If she wants to look pretty, she must give her hair special attention. Let it blow at the side, and curl it in waves, being careful not to touch the lock. If possible, have the picture taken in evening dress. There is nothing more becoming to a woman. Soft, wavy lines are desirable in a picture. Plainness will never give a pretty effect. The domestic woman should remember this, and not be afraid of attempting graceful lines.

Every bill posted on the boardings in France has to bear a revenue stamp, the value of which varies according to the size of the poster. A country advertiser recently was unfortunate enough to affix a stamp of 15 centimes value to a bill for which 6 centimes only should have been paid. The irregularity resulted in a summons, and fine of 125 francs.

A woman is just about as sure to cry at the right time as she is to laugh at the wrong one.—New York Press.

A Maiden's Dream.

Thousands of young women dream day-dreams of the youthful hero and the girl who is to lead them to the altar of wedded bliss.

A maid is more apt to cry at the altar than the bride. A woman who is to come true because of the mad with the mad, and the mad rather than the mad.

Young hero now-a-days are to the great and the mad, and the mad rather than the mad.

It does away with the pains of the period of expectancy and makes baby's advent easy and almost painless. It frees maternity of any and every trouble. Several chapters are devoted to the reproductive physiology of women. For a paper-covered copy send 30 cent stamps, to cover postage and mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth binding, 50 stamps.

HOSE having occasion to pick or put up for market or for storage BUTTER, HONEY, JAM, BERRIES, or anything else of a perishable nature should USE

EDDY'S ANTISEPTIC WARE.

it preserves the contents in a FRESH, CLEAN and HEALTHY condition an indefinite length of time.

JAPAN AND CHINA

Mattings

For Summer Furnishings. We have all the latest and best patterns in the world, which we put direct in large quantities. Samples set free anywhere outside the city. Mattings shown on second floor.

Weiler Bros. New Showrooms, Government Street.

brought into the coast district since 1870 are lawfully held. Moreover, a recent proclamation has decided that all children born since 1880 are free—the result of a pledge never published in a local decree, in a treaty between Her Majesty's government and the Sultan. The decree of 1890 confirmed all previous decrees, and made it unlawful to buy, sell or transfer slaves, and declared slave property uninheritable except in the direct line, so that if a man dies without children, all his slaves are free. A great number of their kindred are now held, and to see that the terms of these treaties and decrees are strictly adhered to. This would give liberty to no small proportion of the present slave population.

A PARSEE FUNERAL. Describing a Parsee funeral at Bombay, a recent traveller writes:

"There is a strange, almost mystical, solemnity about the gardens surrounding the Towers of Silence, in which, at sunrise, I stood for a time alone gazing at the towers from a distance of thirty yards, beyond which none must pass who would return to the abodes of men. (This rule is so rigorously observed that ugly stories are naturally rife of persons coming to life on the tower, only to be slain by the carriers of bodies themselves forever separated from the outside world.) As soon as a body is dead it becomes the possession of Ahirman. A demon tenant of his occupies it. The dying are deserted by the holders of this uncanny creed in a heartless way. A chant is heard and presently a group of men in snow white garments and turbans entered the gateway, bearing their shrouded burden. They passed silently and very quickly upward toward the towers. Presently there appeared, twenty yards behind them, another group of men in white robes, chanting as they rapidly moved their chant being very different from any usually heard about Hindu temples. It was entirely from minor or whipping notes.

"Everything about this funeral was light, quick and cheerful. It is forbidden every Parsee to weep for one dead. The singers speedily returned to the garden, where they formed a regular group, and intoned their conversation, occasionally breaking into a chant, in which they extolled the virtues of the deceased and chanted hymns of the Avesta. The body had been deposited at the top of the tower, and its limbs fastened, face upward, to the sun. Already at its coming, a circle of vultures had descended to perch around its parcel, where they sat perfectly still during the presence of the corpse carriers. The large, lazy, ancient scavengers bore a quaint resemblance to gowned and supplied figures that had once been human. The moment when the body was abandoned by its bearers was reported by the slow and dignified disappearance of these birds, which presently rose into the air, each bearing some last contribution of a mortal to the immortal Cosmos. Somehow this scene impressed me more than the burning pyres of the Ganges. There I felt how much pleasanter to the imagination it would be to contemplate in one's last moments according to that 'Bury thyself to cloth and other; here I felt that Parsee had a more poetic prospect of mingling in the currents of organic life, smiling flowers, singing in the throats of birds, swelling again in human love-lines."

Eleven members of the Yukon field force will be returned to their respective corps at once.

Damage to the extent of \$25,000 was done by a fire which broke out in a large building occupied by Holmes & Arter, box manufacturers, D. Gagnon, sash factory, and J. F. Behlman, planing mills, Montreal.

To get relief from indigestion, biliousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purging the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

You Are Sure

CRESCENT

STEEL AGATE WARE. It is on every piece you buy! We guarantee them to be absolutely pure, and very durable. They won't burn or chip and fruit acids have no effect on them. Your dealer has them or will get them for you.

Stoddart's Jewelry

68 YATES STREET. Stoddart's Watches. Prices lower than ever.

NEW MARKET M. VASELATES

Fruits, Produce, Confectioners Also Ice Cream Parlors. Give us a call. We receive fruit by every steamer from all points. Call and see our prices. Cor. Johnson and Douglas streets.

ATLIN MINES.

Reliable information can be had by applying to RANT & JONES, Mineral and Mining Agents, ATLIN, B.C.

Palo Alto Gold Mining Company.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING. Notice is hereby given that the annual general meeting of the shareholders of the above named company will be held at the office of Messrs. Manson & Bradburn, Nos. 15 and 16 Five Sisters' Block, Government street, Victoria, B. C., at five o'clock in the afternoon of Tuesday, the 1st day of August, 1895.

Vancouver Island Building Society

Semi-annual general meeting of the members of the above Society will be held in the William Wallace building, 411 Water street, on Monday, the 31st of July, 1895, at 8 p. m. Business: To receive the financial statements of the Secretary and Treasurer, to conduct the 11th drawing for an appropriation, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting. See that your shares are in good standing. By order, B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Victoria Building Society.

The semi-annual meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace hall, Broad street, on Friday, the 28th July, 1895, at 8 p. m. To receive the Secretary's half-yearly statement and balance sheet and such other business as may be brought before the meeting, after which the 7th drawing for an appropriation will take place. See that your shares are in good standing. By order, A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.

Conflict at Cape Nome

United States Soldiers Break Up a Miner's Meeting Here

Grave Charges Are Made by Miners Against United States Officials

Seattle, July 28.—Serious trouble is said to be imminent at Cape Nome between the United States troops stationed in the new gold camp and the miners. This is the news brought down by the steamer Lakia and Eilhu Thomson, which arrived from St. Michaels yesterday.

Practically at the point of the bayonet, it is said, a squad of soldiers commanded by Lieut. Spaulding broke up a miners' mass meeting held at Cape Nome on the evening of July 10. The miners had met for the purpose, it is stated, of adopting local customs laws which would not recognize claim locations made by power of attorney.

The meeting had been called regularly after five days' notice to protest against the illegal practice that has been followed in locating claims. The miners declared that a clique or ring had been formed to gobble up all the good properties in the country.

The same of Shepard is particularly associated in this matter. Not only is heard according to the government recorder at Avul City. The conditions are in such a confused shape that nothing is being done. Hundreds of contests have been filed, but that is as far as the men can go.

A great many miners who would otherwise remain in that country became thoroughly disgusted as soon as they saw how matters were going, and are moving out.

At Nome and Avul cities another ring or clique is said to have gotten into work, and is trying to absorb all the townsite property. The townsites are being manipulated by the transport companies.

The principal grievance which the miners met to discuss when they were dispersed by the soldiers appeared to be that hundreds of claims had been staked in that district by power of attorney, and that the locations were made, as they allege, in the interests of non-resident capitalists and syndicates.

The Thompson brought down 115 men, mostly strangers, from Dawson and upriver there are from 150 to 200. Many of the ship being a freighter, has no license for carrying passengers. The ship's officers say that the men came on board and refused to go ashore.

There were a large number of Cape Nome passengers on board. Among them were B. F. Beard, B. Nelson and W. B. Reardon, who camped there from Dawson City. They were at Avul City for nearly a month.

The Canadian laws at Dawson, of which American miners have complained of so long, are nothing compared with the official interference at Cape Nome. This protest will be sent out on one of the first boats down after it is signed.

A Rennes telegram says the illness of Capt. Dreyfus was slight, and he has recovered. His friends say his mental and bodily condition is excellent.

To "er is human," but to continue the mistake of neglecting your blood is folly. Keep the blood pure with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

ONE WHOLE WEEK

Next week the Jessie Shirley company of 20 people are due for a week engagement at the Victoria theatre, and they come most highly recommended. They have a high class repertoire, including such well-known plays as Trilby, Moths, La Belle Marie, Lady of Lyons, Under Two Flags and several others.

MORE ERUPTIONS

Alaska Has a Fiery Mountain as Well as Hawaii. Reports have reached here from Sitka that small craft arriving from the west coast of Alaska report Shishaldin volcano on Unimak island, in the Aleutian chain, at its regular intervals.

COLLEGIATE ATHLETICS

Annual Sports Held Yesterday Provided Excellent Entertainment. In glorious weather, which although pronounced "exceedingly warm" by the three hundred ladies and gentlemen who constituted the crowd, well pleased spectators, assembled just the thing for the boys.

1. Broad jump (under 10) presented by T. N. Hibben & Co.—H. Marshall, 15 feet 9 inches.

2. Broad jump (over 10) presented by J. Fortaque—Poulkes—W. W. Alexander, 15 feet 11 inches.

3. High jump (over 10) presented by A. C. Flumerfelt—W. L. Alexander, 4 feet 11 inches.

4. Hop, step and jump, presented by W. Clark—W. L. Alexander, 35 feet 3 inches.

5. Throwing the cricket ball, presented by Bishop of Columbia and Miss Perrin—W. L. Alexander, 85 yards.

6. Three-legged race, presented by D. E. Campbell—W. L. Alexander and C. E. Osborne.

7. 100 yards handicap (under 10), presented by Mr. Justice Martin—A. Spencer.

8. Quarter-mile handicap (over 10), presented by E. B. C. Hamilton, M.D.—W. L. Alexander.

9. 100 yards handicap (under 10), presented by H. D. Helmecken, M.P.P.—H. J. Marshall.

10. Pole jump, presented by Capt. Finnis, R.N.—W. L. Alexander, 8 feet 6 inches.

11. 500 yards handicap (under 10), presented by Mr. Justice Martin—S. Patton.

HOTEL DAWSON

Lighted by electricity. First-class service. Centrally located. Cars pass the door to all parts of the city. Newly furnished and refitted throughout. Free Bell.

The Tennis Tournament

Entries and Drawing for Preliminary Round in the Open Tourney

Yesterday's Play—J. F. Foulkes Meets Defeat—Club Tourney Unfinished

The open tennis tournament commencing on Monday on the Belcher street courts, will, without doubt, be the largest and most important contest ever held in British Columbia, and will rival the contests held in much more populous centres.

George A. Hurd, Seattle L.T.C. By. H. A. Goward, Bye. H. B. Bell, Bye.

George A. Hurd, Seattle L.T.C. By. H. A. Goward, Bye. H. B. Bell, Bye. H. Campdon, Seattle L.T.C. Bye.

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George A. Hurd, Seattle L.T.C. By. H. A. Goward, Bye. H. B. Bell, Bye. H. Campdon, Seattle L.T.C. Bye.

and Miss Musgrave, Cowichan

L.T.C. B. J. Tye and Miss Devereaux. R. H. T. Drake and Miss E. Tyrwhitt Drake.

George A. Hurd and Mrs. Hurd, Seattle L.T.C. B. J. Tye and Miss Devereaux. R. H. T. Drake and Miss E. Tyrwhitt Drake.

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he would very likely benefit his hard

lot and pine for his own ineluctable and inhospitable wilderness, and if in his manner a Pacific Gilbertian were to be promoted to say Pall Mall—which, without wishing to speak disrespectfully of the equipage, we maintain to be the more desirable abode of the two—he also would no doubt soon break his heart longing for the delights of the sweltering but in Micronesia.

But of the three predilections race it is which is the strangest and most inconsequential. Anglo-Saxons and their Celtic brethren vary their manners and customs while abroad to a less extent probably than people of any other nationality and yet in spite of this they make the best colonists.

There is no human being in existence who can appreciate the charm of a home more exquisitely than the Celtic-Anglo-Saxon, and yet he is to be met with in every corner of the world. He loves his own native place beyond words, but he can endure enforced expatriation without giving in to nostalgia.

The fact is he recognizes the futility of kicking against the pricks and so makes his mind up to sacrifice portions of his life, or even, if the worst come to the worst, the whole of it, for postulates we must turn to some other tribe.

When all is said they remain a narrow-minded crew whose mental processes run in grooves. They may call their falling by the high name of patriotism, but such it is not.

Nostalgia is the cat's complaint, a purely selfish disorder, whereas love of country can flourish anywhere and takes no account of self. And so after all our masters in medicine are perfectly right in their exclusion of nostalgia from a list of the shocks that Anglo-Saxon flesh is heir to.—The Lancelot.

LORD KELVIN IN HIS CLASS ROOM. A writer in Cassier's Magazine gives the following interesting picture of Lord Kelvin in his class-room at the University of Glasgow, where he has occupied the chair of natural philosophy since the year 1846.

Eggs, jellies, shoemaker's wax, treacle, all sorts of stuff, are used to illustrate the lectures, and homely experiments are recommended to the student, even the humble teaspoon, "so ill-adapted to the purpose for which it is intended," being presented into the services.

In the famous egg experiment he shows how Columbus might have gained his object without breaking the egg. When boiled and set, spinning on a table, the egg rises and spins on its end. Unboiled eggs, owing to the fluidity of the interior, do not rise, but in set spinning, and then suddenly stopped and immediately released, they continue their motion for a little time. Once the result of a student's plot, raw eggs were substituted for the boiled ones, but science could discriminate, and the verdict was unspontaneously given: "None of them boiled."

He revels in experiments, and is always at home and serenely happy, whether among forests or organ pipes and tuning forks or in a sea of bottles and vessels for experiments on capillarity, or surrounded by globes and tops to illustrate astronomy. From the close of the prayer, with which, according to the ancient custom, the lecture is opened, until the end of the hour, his body, as well as his mind is never at rest.

With restless energy he will dart off to the blackboard to illustrate what he has been talking about, his hands, streaming out behind him. Loud applause greets his efforts as he wrestles with gyrodials, or works energetically at the brake wheel to illustrate the principle of rope dynamometry.

The appearance of the ballistic pendulum is always hailed with delight by the class, for one of the classical experiments is to be performed—the determination of the velocity of a bullet by firing it into the heavy wooden bob of the pendulum and noting the displacement produced. Armed with an old Jacob rite, with which, when a volunteer, he used to practice, Lord Kelvin comes to the front of the lecture table, kneels, takes deliberate aim, amid great amusement and excitement, pulls the trigger, and before the smoke has subsided, is busy at the blackboard with the calculations.

His students are proud of him, admiring his energy and enthusiasm, respecting him for his profound knowledge and his grand work, loving him for his gentle, unassuming nature.

TRICKS OF SELF-DEFENCE. Ways in Which Skill is Made to Tell Against Superior Strength and Numbers. "There is a lot of talk about new methods of self-defence," said an old sportsman, "but it seems to me that it is only an elaboration of what almost every man who followed the game in past days had to know or go under."

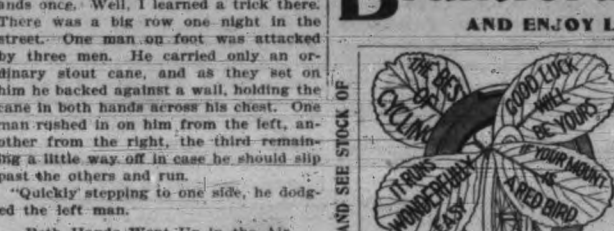
CAUTION

This is the Can that is imitated



Its wonderful popularity causes the imitations. Beware of them. Get the original "SEAL BRAND" Coffee. ALL GOOD GROCERS. Chase & Sanborn, Montreal and Boston.

RIDE A Brantford AND ENJOY LIFE.



We have the finest stock in the city. Bicycles and sundries. Call and see stock of.

ONIONS & PLIMLEY

For the Next 30 Days. We offer the remainder of our large stock of BICYCLES AT COST.

M.W. WAITT & Co. 60 GOVERNMENT ST. Agents for Columbia, Cleveland and Crescent Bicycles.

Point Comfort Hotel

Plumbers Pass, Mayne Island, B.C. This hotel is situated on one of the most beautiful islands in the Gulf of Georgia.

FOR SALE

6-roomed house and 1/2 acre, about 1/2 acre clear and 1/2 acre washed; soil first class (15 years) nice position, about 2 1/2 miles from town. SWINERTON & ODDY, 105 Government Street.

Removal Notice

HENDERSON BROS. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. Have removed to their new premises, No. 8 Yates Street.

NOLTE

CLASSIC ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE. FORT ST. ANDREW SHERET, Plumber. Prompt treatment with Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in such cases as Cold, Catarrh, Diarrhoea.

For Sale—Point Ellice Bathhouse.

Owner leaving the country, good paying business, small capital required. Good site, no rough water, no shipping, being close to the Arm. Only best house this end of the city. Will accept any reasonable offer. Apply B. A. GREEN, Proprietor, Point Ellice Bath House, Victoria, B. C.

FOR THE COMPLEXION. Garfield Tea IS UNRIVALED. Restores to the skin that freshness that belongs to youth.

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co. Limited. Supply from their Naamans, Foothill and Protection Island Collieries. Steam Gas House. Coal of the following grades: Double Screened Lump, Run of the Mine, Washed Nuts and Screenings.

The Daily Times. Published every day (except Sunday) by the Times Printing & Publishing Co. W. Templeman, Manager. Offices: 26 Broad Street. Telephone: 123. Subscription price: Daily, one month, by carrier, \$7.50; Daily, one week, by carrier, \$1.50; Two-Week Times, per annum, \$25.00.

PROTECT OUR FISHERMEN. Another strong proof that the position taken by this paper as to the urgent necessity of placing a special fishery protection cruiser in these waters, was correct when several Canadian fishermen at Point Roberts were seen in violation of the fishing limits.

Much indignation is felt on the Mainland at the action of the captain of that United States vessel, and considering the circumstances there is little wonder a feeling of that kind prevails there. It is a matter of regret that the Dominion government steamer Quadra could not have been detached for duty at Point Roberts for a week or two during the present fishing season.

The conduct of the United States officer in seizing those men and their property on so flimsy a pretext is to be deplored, but it only shows that the interests of the Canadian fishermen cannot be properly protected without the aid of a government vessel, provided with all the necessary powers.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AT PARIS. When the great exposition at the French capital is thrown open next spring, there is good reason to believe that the exhibit bearing the name of this province will be found to be one of the finest ever sent to a European exhibition.

list of photographs of the specimens of the province. It is also getting ready a fine exhibit of the fishes of British Columbia; this will be one of the prettiest of the exhibits in the section devoted to Canadian hunting and fishing and sporting appliances.

It is expected that the section already mentioned, that in which the attractions for the sportsmen are to be set forth, will excite the greatest interest, and perhaps lead to even more important results than any other portions of the display.

It is true that the American soldiers in the Philippines "are unanimous in their opposition to and dislike of the present war," the task General Otis is attempting to perform is practically hopeless.

A correspondent at Duncan writes to say that the weirs across the Cowichan river, of which complaint was made in an editorial article in the Times on Wednesday, are of open framework, and that the Indians and others are not shooting game out of season.

An American exchange says, regarding the effect of trusts on towns: "This wiping out of small industries in a large number of towns is only one of the evils of trusts, but it is one which will not fall to rest powerfully in the organization of that public opinion which is now being arrayed against the colossal centralizations of industry."

Manitoba Free Press condemns Sir Charles Tupper's inflammatory language in the Commons respecting the United States, and calls that speech mischievous. And even the Tories are disgusted with the want of tact shown by the ex-leader.

Toronto Lord's Day Alliance is going to try to stop the sale of ice cream in that city on Sundays, and the local papers say the Alliance will not be able to do it.

CRAGFLOWER ROAD CASE. To the Editor: I was surprised to read in your issue of to-day's date that I threatened "to close the road," belonging to me, along which the car line passes.

They Use Comox Coal. Seattle Paper Wants American Ships to Use the Inferior Seattle Coal.

The Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, under the caption "American ships will hereafter buy American coal," says: "In accordance with an important decision of the Quartermaster-General Leungton received yesterday by the local office of the Quartermaster's department, all government vessels hereafter requiring a supply of coal from this quarter of the world will give the preference to the American product instead of going to Canadian ports for their fuel.

BACK FROM LIBERIA. American Negroes Return From the "Promised Land." Among the steerage passengers to arrive at Quebec last week were three colored women returning from Liberia, on the west coast of Africa, to their homes in Georgia, Mississippi, and Tennessee.

As pretty good proof of this it is cited that merchant vessels of all classes and of foreign nations are constantly calling at the Seattle bunkers. Ships sailing under British charters do this in the Northern Pacific line, which has recently carried out the celebrated Weir flag, along with coal at Tacoma.

Now, however, all this is to be changed. From this time forth, other things being equal, American vessels taking on government supplies of coal in the Pacific Northwest will give the preference to American mines.

While there are many elements that have conspired to bring about this change, and while honor is due the Chamber of Commerce and others for taking an interest in calling the attention of the department to it, yet it is not invidious to say that the chief credit is due Capt. W. W. Robinson, jr., assistant quartermaster, who, in a carefully prepared letter addressed to the department, presented facts that could not be ignored.

A missionary, Mr. W. T. Lopp, led the Eskimos, who, during the winter of 1897, drove a herd of reindeer, of seven hundred miles, to provide food for sailors whose ship had been wrecked on the coast of Point Barrow, Alaska.

When, in 1851-52, Lieut. Ray, U.S.A., was placed in charge of the international polar expedition at Point Barrow, a turret was built at one corner of his house and armed with cannon to protect his party from the natives.

They Use Comox Coal. Seattle Paper Wants American Ships to Use the Inferior Seattle Coal.

The Post-Intelligencer of Seattle, under the caption "American ships will hereafter buy American coal," says: "In accordance with an important decision of the Quartermaster-General Leungton received yesterday by the local office of the Quartermaster's department, all government vessels hereafter requiring a supply of coal from this quarter of the world will give the preference to the American product instead of going to Canadian ports for their fuel.

BACK FROM LIBERIA. American Negroes Return From the "Promised Land." Among the steerage passengers to arrive at Quebec last week were three colored women returning from Liberia, on the west coast of Africa, to their homes in Georgia, Mississippi, and Tennessee.

As pretty good proof of this it is cited that merchant vessels of all classes and of foreign nations are constantly calling at the Seattle bunkers. Ships sailing under British charters do this in the Northern Pacific line, which has recently carried out the celebrated Weir flag, along with coal at Tacoma.

Now, however, all this is to be changed. From this time forth, other things being equal, American vessels taking on government supplies of coal in the Pacific Northwest will give the preference to American mines.

While there are many elements that have conspired to bring about this change, and while honor is due the Chamber of Commerce and others for taking an interest in calling the attention of the department to it, yet it is not invidious to say that the chief credit is due Capt. W. W. Robinson, jr., assistant quartermaster, who, in a carefully prepared letter addressed to the department, presented facts that could not be ignored.

A missionary, Mr. W. T. Lopp, led the Eskimos, who, during the winter of 1897, drove a herd of reindeer, of seven hundred miles, to provide food for sailors whose ship had been wrecked on the coast of Point Barrow, Alaska.

When, in 1851-52, Lieut. Ray, U.S.A., was placed in charge of the international polar expedition at Point Barrow, a turret was built at one corner of his house and armed with cannon to protect his party from the natives.

Destiny Changed. The "Slater Shoe" is closely watched during the process of manufacture. Every shoe undergoes a careful examination after leaving the hands of each operator.

Province Publishing Co., Ltd. In the Old Church, but with new machinery. British Columbia Printing & Engraving Corporation, Limited.

Beauty is Natural. Wilson's Invalids' Port. But give nature a chance. Bright eyes and rosy cheeks come from good blood, good nerves and a well-toned body.

Henderson Bros., Victoria. VICTORIA THEATRE. ONE WEEK of Solid Fun. Beginning Monday, Evng. JULY 31st. MISS JESSIE SHIRLEY. Monday Night, "La Belle Marie".

5th Regiment Band. BANNER SHOW OF THE SEASON. Initial appearance, America's greatest Female Baritone, OLA HAYDEN. America's Society Sketch Team, HAYDEN and HETHERTON.

GOLDSTREAM PARK. FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP 25c. GEO. L. COURTNEY, Traffic Manager E. & N. Ry. Victoria & Sidney Railway. SPECIAL EXCURSION. Presentation of Medals—Grand Orchestra Concert.

RAILROADS IN FORESTS. Routes Now Surveying From the Congo to the Central African Lakes. When we hear that the railway routes are surveying through the dense forest of equatorial Africa in regions that have never been penetrated by white man except when Emin Pasha pushed through them just before he was murdered, it is easy to see that great changes are occurring in Africa.

THE CONGO RAILROAD. The success of the Congo railroad, which has been opened just a year and is already earning good dividends, has made African enterprises very popular in Belgium. In the month of May its receipts for freight and passengers were \$252,000 and in the first eleven months of its operation its gross earnings were \$1,690,138.

WANTED—A lady for the position of manageress of the new Victoria Cafe. Apply 35 Fort street.

WANTED—A male principal for Tolmie school. Apply to Robt. Hetherington, Secretary, Strathcona Board, lot later than August 1st. Address Maywood P. O.

FOR SALE. KEEP OUT THE FLIES—Cheap screen doors, sash, and meat safes, at Moore & Whittington's, Carpenters, 106 Douglas street.

SOCIETIES. VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p.m.

REWARD—Lost a diamond stud. Apply 123 Quadra street.

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EVEN SUPPOSE

Even suppose that I could forget What you were, I should know you yet; Even suppose (and my hope is this) That bathed in the tides of an exquisite bliss.

Even suppose I might choose to be Friend of an Angel, it seems to me Heart's choice is once, though the flesh forgets; Not knowing why, I should choose you yet.

JOHN BULL AT TABLE

The Britisher is notoriously attentive to the wants of "the inner man," which may be one reason for his physical and mental superiority.

Culinary inefficiency is responsible for more domestic unhappiness than one who has not studied the subject would imagine. This is on the authority of one who has paid more attention to the weakness for tasty things which John Bull has ever manifested.

But there has now been gathered by a statistician hard facts, which show that the average Englishman eats almost twice as much as a German, while an Italian is satisfied with less than half the food of an Englishman consumes.

A NEW FISH STORY

A gentleman walking one evening in the park at Durham, the seat of the Earl of Stamford and Warrington came to a pond where fish intended for the table were temporarily kept.

The English eviscerated the fish appeared most horrible. It rushed to the bottom, and boring its head in the mud, whirled around with such velocity that it was almost from sight for a short interval.

It appeared at first a good deal relieved, but in a few minutes it again darted and plunged about until it threw itself out of the water a second time.

Next day the doctor took some young friends down to see the fish, which he found to him as before, and at length he actually taught the pike to come to him at his whistle and feed out of his hands.

HIS CLAIM

The Outlook gives the following illustration of the simplicity of savage ideas of right and title. Some years ago a dispute between two Maoris over the title to a piece of land was brought before one of the magistrates in a newly opened district in New Zealand.

WHI but increase my pain. If you have thrown away money for medicine that did not and could not cure, why should you not now begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the medicine that never disappoints? Thousands of people who were in your condition and took Hood's Sarsaparilla saw it was the best medicine they ever made, for it brought them health.

Thousands are drinking Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea now everyone will drink it after a while.

DU MAURIER AND TRILBY.

Apropos of money "Kiki" Du Maurier began making a fortune most unexpectedly just a very few years before his sudden premature decease.

"Oh, I'll never give up Punch," he exclaimed, cheerily. "As long as I can draw, I'll always do something, if it's only a quarter page now and then."

OLDEST OF LIVING TONGUES.

Some of the Difficulties of Learning to Speak Good Chinese. The oldest spoken language now existing upon the earth is the Chinese.

The grammar of the language is so simple as to be almost non-existent. The names, practically, are the same as in English.

From Calgary, N. W. T., comes this record of a remarkable cure of itching piles, Mr. W. D. Thornton, blacksmith, of that town, tells the facts of his case as follows:

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

From Calgary, N. W. T., comes this record of a remarkable cure of itching piles, Mr. W. D. Thornton, blacksmith, of that town, tells the facts of his case as follows:

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give more than temporary relief.

WHI but increase my pain. If you have thrown away money for medicine that did not and could not cure, why should you not now begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the medicine that never disappoints? Thousands of people who were in your condition and took Hood's Sarsaparilla saw it was the best medicine they ever made, for it brought them health.

A missionary once informed his audience that the Savior, when on earth, "went about eating cake." He intended to say "healing the sick," but an aspirate wrongly placed changed the healing into eating, while the error in tone made cake out of the sick.

LIFE IN A SOLITARY CELL.

My first movement was to approach the window, which was placed so high that I could scarcely reach it with my lifted hand. It was a broad, low opening, cut in a wall five feet thick, protected by an iron grating and a double iron window frame.

FOR ALASKA.

Queen, July 14, 25. City of Topeka, July 9, 21; August 8, 23. Cottage City, August 13, 23.

A FEW INTERESTING FACTS. When people are contemplating a trip, whether on business or pleasure, they naturally want the best service obtainable so far as speed, comfort and safety are concerned.

Suffered More THAN I CAN TELL

With Torturing, Itching Piles—Had Fifteen Tumors Removed—No Cure Until I Used

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Canadian Development Co., Ltd. H. MATTLAND KIRBY, Managing Director. BENNETT LAKE AND UPPER YUKON ROUTE. THROUGH TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING. Atlin, Dawson and Yukon.

The Boscowitz Steamship Co., Ltd. STR. BOSCOWITZ. Will leave Spratt's wharf on FRIDAY, THE 28TH JULY AT 10 P.M.

For Naas River and Way Ports VIA VANCOUVER. For freight and passage apply at the company's office, Janion block, Store street, Victoria, B.C.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co. For San Francisco. The company's elegant steamships Queen, City of Puebla, Walls, Walls and Emerald, carrying H.B.M. mails, leave VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR ALASKA. LEAVE SEATTLE 6 A.M. Queen, July 14, 25. City of Topeka, July 9, 21; August 8, 23.

A FEW INTERESTING FACTS. When people are contemplating a trip, whether on business or pleasure, they naturally want the best service obtainable so far as speed, comfort and safety are concerned.

SS. HUMBOLDT SAILS FOR Dyea and Skagway. Direct every ten days. No stops. No delays. Round trip in seven days.

ALASKA STEAMSHIP CO. For Alaska and Gold Fields. STEAMERS "Dirigo" and "Rosalie" EVERY THURSDAY.

SS. "CITY OF SEATTLE". Sails from Outer Wharf. THURSDAY, JULY 20TH. FRIDAY, JULY 21ST. SATURDAY, JULY 22ND.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES. and you will make direct connections at St. Paul for Chicago, Milwaukee and all points East.

Charles Hayward, (Established 1857). Victoria for Nanaimo, Thursday, 6 a.m. Nanaimo for Texada, Friday, 7 a.m.

STR. CLAYQUOT. WILL LEAVE Victoria for Nanaimo, Thursday, 6 a.m. Nanaimo for Texada, Friday, 7 a.m.

Spokane Falls & Northern Nelson & Fort Sheppard Red Mountain Railways. The only all rail route without change of cars between Spokane, Roseland and Nelson.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE. STORE STREET, VICTORIA, B.C. OPEN FROM 8 P.M. TO 10 P.M.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED). WHARF STREET, VICTORIA. Time Table No. 43—Trips to Seattle, July 1, 1890. VANCOUVER ROUTE. Victoria to Vancouver—Daily, Monday, at 11 o'clock a.m., Sunday, 11 p.m.

C. P. N. Co., Ltd., Steamers. Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co.'s wharf for DYE, SKAGWAY, WRANGEL. Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

"ALPHA". Will leave Turner, Beaton & Co.'s wharf for DYE, SKAGWAY AND WRANGEL. WEDNESDAY, JULY 12.

HUMBOLDT STEAMSHIP CO. LIGHTNING EXPRESS TO DYE AND SKAGWAY IN 65 HOURS.

SS. HUMBOLDT SAILS FOR Dyea and Skagway. Direct every ten days. No stops. No delays. Round trip in seven days.

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THE White Pass and Yukon Route. THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC RAILWAY AND NAVIGATION CO. BRITISH COLUMBIA YUKON RAILWAY CO. Our Tracks are completed to Lake Bennett, B. C. Shipments Receive Prompt Despatch.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS TO AND FROM All Points in Europe. Via Montreal, Quebec, Boston or New York, and all steamship lines. For all information as to sailings, rates, etc., apply B. W. GREER, Agent.

Canadian Pacific Ry. SOO PACIFIC LINE. 4 DAYS Across the Continent By the "Imperial Limited". The fastest and best equipped train crossing the continent.

STR. UTOPIA. FROM SEATTLE DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAY). Lv. Seattle 8:30 a.m. Ar. Port Townsend 12:30 p.m. Ar. Victoria 12:30 p.m.

THE NORTH-WESTERN'S Fast Mail. THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE. Have added two more trains (the Fast Mail) to their St. Paul-Chicago service, making eight trains daily.

Agency Atlantic S.S. Lines. ORDERS ISSUED FOR PASSAGE FROM GREAT BRITAIN OR THE CONTINENT. HALL, GOEPEL & CO., 100 Government Street.

THE GREAT NORTHERN. FOR Hawaii, Samoa, New Zealand and Australia. SS. MOANA to sail Wednesday, Aug. 9, at 10 p.m.

Provincial News

Three shooting scrapes helped to liven Princeton early in the month. One Indian shot another in the hand, inflicting an ugly wound. A white man took a point-blank shot at another in a gambling dive, but missed, and the third affair took place in the same dive, a row over a game of cards resulting in another party being shot in the shoulder.

H. J. Pyman, a well known young man in the city, was buried here on Saturday. The New Denver brass band, of which deceased was a member, accompanied the body to the grave. The townspeople now get their water supply from the new system just put in. The price has been raised to 35 cents per barrel.

C. F. Nelson has lumber on the ground for a cottage on Eighth street. J. Irwin has been appointed school teacher vice C. E. Strickland, resigned.

On Tuesday afternoon, at the Presbyterian manse, Rev. A. E. Velt united in marriage August Lindegaard and Mrs. Margaret Fosness, both of Vancouver. All danger from an overflow of the Fraser seems to have passed. For over a week the water has been gradually subsiding, notwithstanding the warm weather, a drop of over a foot being recorded at Chilliwack, since Sunday last.

The Colonial Cold Storage & Packing Company made its first large shipment of frozen salmon on Wednesday. This was a carload of Fraser river spring salmon, each one of which was encased in a double coating of ice.

An Indian fisherman died at one of the down river rancheries on Tuesday. His body was conveyed to his home at Chilliwack.

With the steady approach of the railroads and the opening-up of the season Trout Lake is putting on a very busy air. Most substantial progress has been made toward the appearance of the town already this season. Sidewalks have been built along the principal streets and two new streets have been opened up.

The steamer is now making regular trips up and down the lake and the saw-mill has got in over 100,000 feet of logs and will continue working in the course of a few days. These logs are in addition to the 1,500,000 feet cut during the early part of spring.

The ranches contiguous to the town are looking exceedingly well and bountiful crops are expected. Several new buildings, both business and residential, have been constructed and more are in contemplation.

For the past two weeks serious bush fires have been raging along the Crow's Nest Pass railway from below Michel to Coal Creek, and at one time last week it looked as if the fire was going to be wiped out at once. Several buildings were set on fire and only prompt action prevented the flames from spreading. The C.P.R. has already lost thousands of feet of cut logs. Millions of feet of fine-standing timber have been destroyed.

Mr. Geo. Mitchell has resigned his position as freight clerk at the C.P.R. station here and taken a position as book-keeper with the Crow's Nest Trading Co.

The Rev. J. Hogan, of Fort Simpson, B.C., has been appointed as clergyman in residence to the Church of England at Fernie.

A new railway station is to be built this summer on the corner of Hanson street and Baker avenue. It will be a large and commodious station.

The coal company have commenced to open up a new seam at Michel creek about two miles west of their previous workings, and will at once build a number of miner's cottages at that point. The coal coals well and is in every respect equal to that being worked at Fernie.

REVELSTOCK. The Revelstoke swimming bath opened on Monday afternoon with a swimming tournament.

A. E. Phipps, acting manager of the Imperial Bank, returned on Monday evening from Golden where he has completed arrangements to open up a branch of the Imperial Bank there. The branch office will be open in the course of a few days.

A little boy, Frank McMahon, son of Thomas McMahon, a C. P. R. employe, was sitting on the seat of F. McCarty's delivery wagon on Monday last, when the team took fright and started off. The boy was thrown off the seat and broke his arm and hurt his head in the fall.

Mineral News

Activity Around New Denver. A change for the better has set in for the lower lake country, furnishing more lift and activity than has been noticed in the camp for years. The several creeks are being inspected by experts, seeking openings for the investment of capital.

The general activity in centering upon Springer and Lemon creeks, and fully a dozen claims have been bonded during the month.

Four men are employed on the Mabou, above the Enterprise. A shaft is being sunk on the recent strike which is also being traced on the Ohio.

The ground staking on the Mineral Mountain, on the Ten-mile summit, showed up very rich foot, assays from which gave upwards of 20 ounces silver. The vein is believed to be identical with that of the Speculator.

Staking on the Weymouth, opposite the Enterprise, has uncovered a promising ledge, with a six-inch paystreak.

The crosscut tunnel on the Gaitneau and Simcoe, to the east of the Enterprise, is now in fifty feet. The footwall has been passed by at least twelve feet, and it is expected twenty feet more be driven to catch the hanging wall, ore from which has just been given a second assay value of 304 ounces of silver. Work is to be pushed ahead on this property.

C. Heine and M. Davis have a fine-looking prospect on the Mollie, to the east of Brindle creek, Ten-mile. A few days ago their tunnel cut into a three-inch paystreak of galena, which gives good values in silver and lead, with indications of copper.

The Necopwa, Ten-mile has been inspected by several parties of late. Two men are working on the strike made during the spring, and they are taking out rich ore.

Over on the Arlington, on Springer creek, fourteen men are employed in three eight-hour shifts. The main shaft is now 120 feet and has cut through the ledge, exposing a magnificent showing of ore. A station has been cut out and preparations made for drifting on the vein, as well as in the level further up the hill. Active development will be pushed for some months, then a new level will be commenced further down towards the creek. If this demonstrates the continuance of the ore bodies a big concentrator is to be erected and all the vein matter run through the mill. As it is now everything goes over the dumps awaiting the installation of the mill.

R. Cooper has just completed assessment on the Burlington Fraction, adjoining the Arlington. He has the same ledge as the Speculator.

Considerable work is to be done at once on the Bird claim, being just below the Dalhousie, on Ten-mile.

A Mill for the Yellowstone. Mr. J. L. Parker, M.E., has returned to Rossland from a visit to Salmo, and reports that there is considerable activity in that vicinity. While in Salmo he learned that a combination had been formed by the owners of the Yellowstone and other properties for the purpose of constructing a wagon road to the properties of the Yellowstone and elsewhere, a distance of about eight miles. The intention of the Yellowstone is understood to be, as soon as this wagon road is completed, to put in a 40-stamp quartz mill with which to reduce its ores. There is now a small hoisting engine on the property which is being used for exploratory work. In addition to this there is a small compressor plant. There are between 70 and 80 men employed on the development of the Yellowstone, and it is a property of more than ordinary merit. A tunnel is now under construction. There is a mineral country of a great deal of merit in that vicinity. Mr. Parker thinks, and there are some properties on which considerable work has been done. This is notably the case with the properties of the Salmo Consolidated company.

ARTIFICIAL COAL. A workman named Montag, living at Mannheim, in Baden, has, it is reported, succeeded in manufacturing artificial coal. Trials with small and large quantities of the new fuel made under expert supervision have succeeded admirably. The heat produced was very great, while the ash remaining per kilogramme (2.205 lb.) of burned fuel weighed only 9 dwts. A company has been formed for the exploitation of this striking discovery, and is at present negotiating for the purchase of an extensive tract of land in the suburbs of Mannheim for the erection of manufacturing works.

The new fuel has, it is stated, three times the heating power of the best Silician or Scotch coal, while its cost is only half. The exact composition of the new fuel is, of course, a secret, but past-moss and a special clay play an important part. It contains also some mineral substances.

A renewed examination of the soil near Mannheim, shows that most of these substances are contained in it. The ground belongs to the town, and is about 300 acres in extent, part of it lying on the railway line.

DUTCH CLEANLINESS A MYTH! Dutch cleanliness! Another common fallacy! True enough, scrubbing and washing appear to be the sole occupation of the Dutch housewife; women and children are always spotless in their attire, bright and clean as far as their persons are exposed to the public eye; but in Volendam at least—I will not vouch for the rest of Holland—this cleanliness is only on the surface, so much so that artists are positively afraid of taking a model to their studio. That sea-water could be used for bathing, never seems to strike the intelligence of the natives; at least, I do not think that the dread of water is merely due to their fear of getting in direct touch with the unpleasant things which are floating on the surface of the Zuyder Zee, amongst which rotten cabbage-leaves are certainly not the most objectionable. And what is the use of washing and cleaning linen and household utensils from morning to night,

Barbaric Jewels

Massive Bracelets and Heavily Linked Chains. Bracelets and anklets, as burdensome in appearance as shackles and heavily-linked chains are accepted as the latest mode in jewelry by well-gowned women, says the Chicago Record. They first came out in Paris last spring, and were worn exclusively on the ankles, with the short bicycle-skirts that were there fashionable. They were then imported to this country. It is said on good authority that several women have already been measured for them. The most beautiful ones are undoubtedly those that are enameled, or the dull gold ones that are studded with uncut stones. But one is admissible, and it should be worn on the left foot.

This tendency for massive, barbaric jewelry is also noticed in the bands of gold of exquisite Etruscan workmanship which are worn low on the forehead with dinner or evening gowns; and in the heavy chains that fall in thick masses around the throat. Suspended at the end of them is often a small single eye-glass, a diminutive fan or an odd little notebook. The revival of this fashion of wearing chains, it is interesting to reflect, originated in Rome at a fashionable banquet for the benefit of a convent when three long chains of cut jets were strung by the name and offered for sale. They were bought by two New York women and one French woman. Afterward a large demand for them was made in Paris, and the inventive city was soon taxing its powers to present them in various forms and styles. Those made of gem metal with pearls at regular intervals are now regarded as one of the newest and best styles to wear.

At present it is also a fad to collect semi-precious stones, such as amethysts, aquamarines, moonstones, topazes, Mexican turquoise, to have set in a long gold chain. Frequently they are beaded up very cheaply at odd curio shops. About 50 of them are necessary to fill in properly a chain of moderate length. Besides the cost of the chain itself, the stones, at least \$12 apiece, are a heavy load for the setting of them. The size, shape and color of the stones make the chain very interesting.

A boy named George Little was shot at Perth on Wednesday night by a tramp. He will recover.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says Mr. W. B. Cooper of El Paso, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

"TIS LOVE THAT MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUND." Some people think money is a greater power than love. What a mistake! See how the great money kings are controlled by the little boy Cupid! See how the great soldiers and men of power are twisted around his little fingers!

A woman who is weak or diseased in the special organs of her sex is deprived of the power and prestige which naturally belong to her. Such troubles are not a necessity. Perfect health and strength of the feminine organism is insured by proper care and the aids afforded by enlightened medical science. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all weaknesses and diseases of woman's special organism. For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. No other physician has had more extensive practice or greater success in the treatment of women's diseases. No other such perfect and scientific remedy for these ailments has ever been devised. It has restored health, strength and womanly power to tens of thousands of women.

Any woman consulting Dr. Pierce, either personally or by letter, will receive, free of charge, the professional advice of a skilled specialist. No mere nurse, however excellent she may be, has the knowledge or skill to prescribe remedies for complicated diseases, and no sensible woman will risk her life with so unsafe a guide.

Since my last child was born, thirteen years ago, I had suffered from uterine trouble. I consulted Dr. DeWitt, of Lowell, Campbell Co., Tenn. "I consulted several doctors, and took much medicine, but failed to find any relief. I had very bad health for twelve years. Every month I was in bed a week before the monthly period and a week after, and when I was not in bed I was so weak and bed-ridden, I was obliged to keep the bed four months last summer. I lost twenty-six pounds in four months. I was consuming so much I thought I was in consumption. I wrote you a letter stating in my book I was suffering severely from pains in my back, bearing down pains in womb, chills and cold sweats. You were so kind in giving me good advice to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and his 'Golden Medical Discovery' for my cough. I commenced the medicines the same day. I also used the Fountain Syringe, as you advised, until cured. Now I feel the benefit of all. The first month I did not have any chills, and the pain was less severe.

"After I took four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' my bad coughing stopped. After taking six bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' the periods became regular, and were passed without pain. Now I am fleshy, more so than ever before. All my neighbors are surprised to see me in such good health after having been so long so low."

"I would like to add my testimony to the great benefit derived from using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. H. Mason, of Strykersville, Wyoming Co., N. Y. "I commenced using it about three months before confinement. With Pierce's Favorite Prescription I felt greatly while this was comparatively easy, owing, I feel confident, to the use of the 'Favorite Prescription.' I gladly recommend it to all prospective mothers."

Women who would understand their own powers and possibilities should read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is the most interesting and enlightening book of the kind ever published. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing only. Cloth-bound copies are sold at 50 cents per copy. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Local Interest

Some of the European languages the English is the richest so far as the number of words is concerned, and it is also the one which has added to its vocabulary the largest number of words within the last half century. The latest English dictionaries contain not less than 50,000 different words. Next in rank comes the German language, with 30,000 words, and then come in succession the Italian, with 25,000; the French, with 20,000; and the Spanish with 20,000 words. Among the languages the Arabic is the most copious, its vocabulary being even richer than that of the English language.

In the Chinese languages there are 10,000 syllables or roots, out of which it is possible to frame 40,000 words. Another notable language is the old Indian Tamil, which is now spoken in the South of India, and which contains, according to the latest calculations, 87,842 words. In the Turkish language there are 22,520 words, and thus it is richer than the Spanish and some other European languages.

A singular fact is that aborigines, as a rule, have very limited vocabularies. The Kafirs of South Africa have at their disposal not more than 1,000 words, and the natives of Australia use only 2,000 words.

Infants is the help man can yield to man. Carlyle.

"THE LOVE THAT MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUND."

Some people think money is a greater power than love. What a mistake! See how the great money kings are controlled by the little boy Cupid! See how the great soldiers and men of power are twisted around his little fingers!

A woman who is weak or diseased in the special organs of her sex is deprived of the power and prestige which naturally belong to her. Such troubles are not a necessity. Perfect health and strength of the feminine organism is insured by proper care and the aids afforded by enlightened medical science. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all weaknesses and diseases of woman's special organism. For nearly 30 years Dr. Pierce has been chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. No other physician has had more extensive practice or greater success in the treatment of women's diseases. No other such perfect and scientific remedy for these ailments has ever been devised. It has restored health, strength and womanly power to tens of thousands of women.

Any woman consulting Dr. Pierce, either personally or by letter, will receive, free of charge, the professional advice of a skilled specialist. No mere nurse, however excellent she may be, has the knowledge or skill to prescribe remedies for complicated diseases, and no sensible woman will risk her life with so unsafe a guide.

Since my last child was born, thirteen years ago, I had suffered from uterine trouble. I consulted Dr. DeWitt, of Lowell, Campbell Co., Tenn. "I consulted several doctors, and took much medicine, but failed to find any relief. I had very bad health for twelve years. Every month I was in bed a week before the monthly period and a week after, and when I was not in bed I was so weak and bed-ridden, I was obliged to keep the bed four months last summer. I lost twenty-six pounds in four months. I was consuming so much I thought I was in consumption. I wrote you a letter stating in my book I was suffering severely from pains in my back, bearing down pains in womb, chills and cold sweats. You were so kind in giving me good advice to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and his 'Golden Medical Discovery' for my cough. I commenced the medicines the same day. I also used the Fountain Syringe, as you advised, until cured. Now I feel the benefit of all. The first month I did not have any chills, and the pain was less severe.

"After I took four bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery' my bad coughing stopped. After taking six bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' the periods became regular, and were passed without pain. Now I am fleshy, more so than ever before. All my neighbors are surprised to see me in such good health after having been so long so low."

"I would like to add my testimony to the great benefit derived from using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. H. Mason, of Strykersville, Wyoming Co., N. Y. "I commenced using it about three months before confinement. With Pierce's Favorite Prescription I felt greatly while this was comparatively easy, owing, I feel confident, to the use of the 'Favorite Prescription.' I gladly recommend it to all prospective mothers."

Women who would understand their own powers and possibilities should read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It is the most interesting and enlightening book of the kind ever published. A paper-bound copy will be sent absolutely free to any one sending 31 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of customs and mailing only. Cloth-bound copies are sold at 50 cents per copy. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Local Markets

The market shows little fluctuation this week, the price of fruit showing a little with the disappearance of some varieties and the advent of others. Gooseberries are now almost out of the market, while blackberries are beginning to come in. Potatoes, however, have fallen in price somewhat, being quoted at \$1.50 and \$2.00, oats have fallen slightly. Following are the quotations:

Four-Ogden's Hungarian, per bush 5.50
Lake of the Woods, per bush 6.50
Lamb's, per bush 5.50
O.K., per bush 5.00
Saskatchewan, per bush 5.50
Saskatchewan, per bush 5.50
Saskatchewan, per bush 5.50
Saskatchewan, per bush 5.50
Saskatchewan, per bush 5.50

Wheat, per ton 20.00
Corn (white), per ton 18.00
Corn (red), per ton 18.00
Oats, per ton 15.00
Rough feed (H. & K.), per ton 10.00
Rough feed (B. & K.), per ton 10.00

Feed (baled) per ton 10.00
Straw, per bale 5.00
Middlings, per ton 25.00
Hemp, per ton 20.00
Ground feed, per ton 20.00

Vegetables: Potatoes (new), per 100 lbs. 1.50
Watermelon, per bush 4.00
Cabbage, per bush 1.00
Cauliflower, per bush 1.00
Lettuce, 3 heads for 1.00
Lettuce, 4 lbs. for 1.00
Onions, per bush 3.00
Chickens, per lb. 800
Lamb, per lb. 1.00
Beans, per bush 1.00
Peas, per bush 1.00
Cucumbers, Cal. per doz. 2.00
Radishes, 2 bunches for 1.00
Raspberries, per bush 1.00
Carrots, per bush 1.00
Turnips, per bush 1.00

Meats: Ham (American), per lb. 12
Ham (Canadian), per lb. 12
Bacon (American), per lb. 12
Bacon (Canadian), per lb. 12
Lard (rolled), per lb. 12
Beef (long clear), per lb. 12
Soybeans, per bush 1.00
Mutton, per lb. 12
Veal, per lb. 12
Pork, per lb. 12

Fruit: Apples, white, per bush 10
Cherries, red, per bush 10
Strawberries, per bush 10
Raspberries, per bush 10
Pineapples, each 10
Cocoanuts, each 10
Lemons (small), per 100 10
Oranges (California seedling), per 100 10
Apples, per bush 10
Pears, per bush 10
Apricots, per bush 10
Grapes, per bush 10
Blackberries, per bush 10
Currants (red), per bush 10
Currants (white), per bush 10
Raspberries, per bush 10
Pears, 3 lbs. for 10

Foultry: Ducks (per pair), 1.50
Dress, per pair 1.50
Turkeys (per lb. live weight) 200
Duck, dressed, each 10

Palpitation of the heart, nervousness, tremblings, nervous headache, cold hands and feet, pain in the back and other forms of weakness are relieved by Dr. Pierce's Pink Pills, especially for the blood, nerves and complexion.

USE ALBERT SOAP.

If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY.

Addressing the taxpayers of England, Mr. Archibald S. Hurd asks, in Cassell's Magazine for July, "What does the navy represent as a national asset?" Before he answers the question Mr. Hurd proceeds to give in detail the strength of the navy, in which he contends every Englishman has a share. There are now 480 ships, large and small, in the British navy. From 1869 to 1885 England spent on an average \$7,500,000 per year for her navy. In the past eleven years Great Britain has spent \$350,000,000 on new warships, and has devoted to the navy during the twelve years that ended last March \$895,000,000. To-day England has a fleet of 480 ships, which have a total displacement of 1,500,000 tons. Of these ships, 100 are of the Dreadnought class, and the rest are of the older type. The Admiralty are spending \$10,000,000 on new war vessels in addition to the \$8,000,000 devoted to repairs and alterations of old vessels.

Mr. Hurd dwells on the astounding fact that in the past eleven years Great Britain has spent \$350,000,000 on new warships, and has devoted to the navy during the twelve years that ended last March \$895,000,000. To-day England has a fleet of 480 ships, which have a total displacement of 1,500,000 tons. Of these ships, 100 are of the Dreadnought class, and the rest are of the older type. The Admiralty are spending \$10,000,000 on new war vessels in addition to the \$8,000,000 devoted to repairs and alterations of old vessels.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit, made payable to the undersigned, to the full amount of the amount of the tender, and a security for the amount of the contract, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. The cheques of unsuccessful tenders will be returned to them upon the execution of the contract.

Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signature of the tenderer. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. S. GORE, Deputy Commissioner of Lands & Works, Lands and Works Department, Victoria, B. C., 21st July, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the 31st day of July, 1899, is the last day for paying rent due for the year 1899, under the provisions of the Rent Act, 1897. In default of payment at my office, City Hall, by the said 31st day of July, the said rent will be collected by warrant under the provisions of the Rent Act, 1897. CHARLES KENT, Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company with power to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from Beechy Bay or Peedee Bay, Vancouver Island, to a point at or near Langford Station, on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway in the District of Esquimalt, to and over wharves and bridges, and to construct, maintain and operate an extension of the said line of railway to and along the West Coast of Vancouver Island, and to build wharves, and telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and the extension thereof, and to acquire and appropriate lands and receive bonuses and concessions from individuals, governments and municipalities, with power to make traffic or other arrangements with other railway or steamship companies, and with other powers, rights and privileges which may be conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 14th day of July, 1899. FRANK HIGGINS, Solicitor for the applicants.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada, at its next session, for an Act incorporating a company with power to establish, maintain and operate a line of railway between said Peedee Bay or Beechy Bay and Langford Station, on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway, and to construct, maintain and operate an extension of the said line of railway from said Langford Station, or some point contiguous thereto, to and along the West Coast of Vancouver Island, and to build wharves, and telegraph and telephone lines in connection with the said railway and the extension thereof, and to acquire and appropriate lands and receive bonuses and concessions from individuals, governments and municipalities, with power to make traffic or other arrangements with other railway or steamship companies, and with other powers which may be conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them. Dated at Victoria, B. C., the 14th day of July, 1899. FRANK HIGGINS, Solicitor for the applicants.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Registrar-General of the Province of British Columbia for a Certificate of Incorporation for the purpose of forming a company to be known as the Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price. Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price.

Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price. Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price.

Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price. Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price.

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USE ALBERT SOAP. If your fancy is for a Tar Soap you will find the best in our MASTER MECHANIC'S EXTRAORDINARY. Sold at all Drug Stores.

JOHN MESTON Carriage Maker, Blacksmith, Etc. BROAD ST., BETWEEN PANDORA AND JOHNSON.

Notice to Contractors. COURT HOUSE, ROSSLAND, B.C. Sealed tenders, properly indorsed, will be received by the Honorable the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, Victoria, B. C., up to 12 noon of Monday, the 21st August next, for the purchase and completion of a Court House at Rossland.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE. Sewers Rental. Notice is hereby given that the 31st day of July, 1899, is the last day for paying rent due for the year 1899, under the provisions of the Rent Act, 1897. In default of payment at my office, City Hall, by the said 31st day of July, the said rent will be collected by warrant under the provisions of the Rent Act, 1897. CHARLES KENT, Collector of the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

CARE SICK HEADACHE. Carter's Little Liver Pills. In the hands of so many lives that have to where we make our great boast. Our pills cure who suffer from indigestion, constipation, biliousness, and all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. Who suffer from indigestion, constipation, biliousness, and all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. Who suffer from indigestion, constipation, biliousness, and all the ailments of the stomach and bowels.

LAND REGISTRY ACT. In the Matter of the Application of The Kookish Quarry Company, Limited, for a Certificate of Incorporation for the purpose of forming a company to be known as the Small Pils. Small Dose. Small Price.

UNIVERSAL BROTHERHOOD. New Century (weekly), \$1.50 yearly. Editor, Katherine L. Wagner. Universal Brotherhood Magazine (monthly), \$2 yearly. Editors, Katherine A. Tingley and E. A. New-chomer. Publications devoted to the aims of Brotherhood on the broadest basis. Key to Theosophy, by E. P. Blavatsky, \$1.50. Key to Theosophy, by W. G. Woodhead, \$1.50. For information of the work and book list, address B. A. Newchomer, 144 Madison Avenue, New York.

SHIPPING NEWS

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT.

After a long passage from St. Michael, the steamer Lakme gladdened the hearts of her owners by arriving at Seattle on Wednesday evening, for they had become anxious because of her delay. She had hardly been in port four hours though when she was found to be on fire. The Lakme brought 229 passengers from St. Michael. She was unloaded quickly, and being short of coal, went to the south side of the north wharf of the Pacific coast coal bunkers. She was tied up about 6 o'clock, and the crew went ashore, or most of them did. The chief engineer states positively that the fire was drawn and well wet down, and every precaution possible against another fire similar to that which cost the owner of the Lakme \$30,000 about six months ago was taken. The fire was discovered by Capt. Webber on returning from his owner's office. He noticed a queer smell and on looking into the engine room saw that under the heavy iron grating red flames were dancing. He gave the alarm and the fire boat and shore brigade soon arrived and three hundred and hundreds of gallons of water into the hold with several hoses were used to beat it down. The Lakme is in a serious condition, and it will be necessary to pump her out and then tow her to a drydock. From the engine room, near the stern, she is gutted forward. The flames reached from the hold below to the top of the third deck, and in their relentless course wiped out the personal property of 22 Steamer Elithu Thomson, which has just returned to Seattle from St. Michael, is in the hands of shipwrights, being overhauled for the Honolulu line, to replace the Port Arthur, chartered by the United States government. New masts are to be put in her, and her passenger department is to be thoroughly overhauled and improved. The ship is to be repaired throughout. She has already freight enough for a full cargo.

The big barge Skookum, which was built for the Alaskan trade, to-day reached Vancouver from Tacoma with 28,000 sacks of 50 tons of flour for shipment to Hongkong by the Empress of India. In September the Skookum will carry to Skagway a large cargo of lumber, hay, grain and railroad material. Steamer Walla Walla arrived at 1 o'clock this morning from San Francisco. She brought 229 passengers, 131 cabin and 98 steerage. Of these 62-40 cabin and 22 steerage were landed here. She brought 15 tons of freight for Victoria merchants. The list of the consignees is given in another column. Steamer Boscovits will sail this evening for Naas and northern British Columbia ports. A number of passengers are booked to sail by her.

Further advice received from Australia tell of the loss of the sailing ship Carlisle City from the Clyde for Fremantle off Rockingham on the coast of Western Australia during a heavy storm. She was thrown on the rocks and as no trace was found of the crew, it was feared that all have perished. She soon broke up. The Carlisle City was built in 1874 and was 184 gross tons, built over thirty years ago, was owned by Mr. James Robertson, of London. She was commanded by Captain Lindsay, of Aberdeen, and had a crew of twenty-one men, nearly all British subjects, shipped at Liverpool. The names are as follows: James Lindsay, master; Frederick Houston, Andrew Eagarstein, Wm. Yaxley, Ron. Rankine, R. Wilson, Andrew McFarlane, Thomas McLean, Duncan Dewar, John Telford, Todd, A. Jameson, Thomas McMillan, Edward Stokes, Andrew Guyan, Peter Macdonald, Francis Mowbray, Andrew Anderson, Wm. Bowles, Oscar Andersen, P. Gorman and John Warwick. The heavy storm which wrecked the Carlisle City was also responsible for the wreck of the British ship City of York, from San Francisco to Fremantle. She went ashore on Rottnest Island. Of her crew of 26, eleven were drowned. The captain was among the saved.

A. Finley, third officer of the steamship Garonne, now under charter to the government to be used as a transport in carrying horses to Manila; yesterday resigned his position and will leave in a few days for his old home in England. It was a surprise to those who are acquainted with Officer Finley to learn that he has fallen heir to an estate in England valued at nearly a million dollars. Yesterday afternoon he cashed the first instalment amounting to several thousand dollars and will leave at once for his old home to settle up the estate. While Mr. Finley knew some months ago that he had been taken care of in the estate of his father, he kept the matter very quiet and worked at his profession as in days before his fortune was sure. Not even those with whom he was associated were taken into his confidence, and the matter only leaked out with his resignation.

News was brought from Dutch Harbor by the steamer Lakme that the steamer George W. Elder with the Hartman party of scientists on board, reached there on July 16th. The United States revenue-cutter Corwin sailed from Dutch Harbor July 17 for the Kuskokwim to investigate the manner of death of members of the Jesette expedition. The Lakme's Klondike passengers say the river steamer Rideout, which was towing an immense barge loaded with some 800 Cape Nome stampered down the Yukon, landed high and dry on a sand bar a few miles below Circle City. From their observation they think she had some difficulty in getting off again. The barge passengers were being taken to St. Michael for a \$10 fare.

Steamer Faaloon on her last trip North gave a good exhibition of how far a vessel can pull up on the rocks and get off again without loss of life or serious damage. Sunday evening, when pulling out from the wharf at Port Wrangell through what was termed a confusion of reefs, she ran on a reef, exposing a good portion of her keel, while her stern dropped well down into the water. In this position she hung for eight or ten hours, until a high tide came in and lifted her off. A number of passengers were transferred to the City of Seattle, which came along en route North, while the rest remained and completed the journey with the Parallon. The damage sustained by the Parallon is said to have been no more serious than the loss of a few feet of her shoe.

The bark Colorado, now undergoing repairs in the upper harbor, will go to Departure Bay in a few days to load coal for San Francisco. She will be towed to the Bay City by the tug Pilot.

Coal on the West Coast

Steamer Queen City Brings News of a Big Seam Found Near Quatsino.

The Steamer Burns Some of the Newly Found Coal as a Test.

Steamer Queen City, which returned from "New Copenhagen" and way ports of the west coast this morning, brought news of a new coal strike which promises to add to the rapidly growing industries of the coast, a mine capable of making big shipments monthly. The coal was found near Quatsino, on the property of the West Vancouver Commercial Company, and about four miles from their present workings. A six foot seam of likely looking coal has been found about six feet down. It is close to the salt water and runs from a short distance above high water to some distance below. A number of men are taking out coal there for the company. The find is not a new one, for some sinkings were made there before. The officers of the Queen City gave the new found coal a test, and they speak very highly of it. Fifteen tons of the surface pickings were loaded and used on the voyage down. It gave every satisfaction to the engineers, who hope for great things from the coal mine. There was little smoke from it and comparatively little ash. Philip Howe, manager of the West Vancouver Commercial Company, says the properties at Quatsino, was a passenger down by the steamer.

Another passenger was A. J. Clyde, of the Quatsino Mining & Milling Company, which has some promising mining properties near Quatsino. A shipment of 250 sacks of coal was brought down from their mines for treatment at the Puget Sound Reduction Company's works at a test. No further news comes from Wreck Bay, although there were two passengers on the steamer from there. Neither had anything to say of the black and white. The ship is to be repaired throughout. She has already freight enough for a full cargo.

When informed of the death of President Heurax, preparing to return home. (Associated Press.) Cape Haytien, July 28.—The funeral of President Heurax, of Santo Domingo, took place at 5 o'clock last evening in Santiago de Las Caballeros. The population was panic-stricken, but there was no disorder. News of the president's death was hardly credited here by the people generally until last evening when undoubted confirmation was received, then there was great rejoicing among Dominican exiles, many of whom live in and around Haytien. These exiles, who were driven out of their country by Heurax, are now preparing to arm themselves to depose Santo Domingo, where they expect their chief, Don Juan Isidore Jimenez, to join them. The Dominican government is making preparations on a large scale to maintain itself.

U. S. Gunboat For San Domingo. Washington, July 28.—A vessel is to be sent immediately to San Domingo. Secretary Hay made the request that Secretary Long take this action and the Maches, now at San Juan, and only a day's run from San Domingo, will proceed at once to that island to protect American interests, should it be necessary.

A Successful Plot. Kingston, Jamaica, July 28.—Advice for San Domingo, describes the existence of a plot to assassinate the president by the adherents of Jimenez, to depose President Heurax, which was thought sure to succeed. The assassination of President Heurax is regarded here as an indication of the success of the plot.

American Losses in Philippines. (Associated Press.) Paris, July 28.—The Figaro to-day prints a letter written from Hongkong by an Hesse, its colonial editor, who has been three weeks in the Philippines. Hesse says the American losses in Luzon are heavier than have been reported. The 42,000 men who were on duty have been reduced to 30,000. He expresses amazement at the small territory which General Otis holds. The American soldiers, says the writer, are adventurers engaged at low wages with full permission to pillage.

Lawyer's Suicide. (Associated Press.) Rochester, N. Y., July 28.—Josiah Sullivan, a well known lawyer of this city, who was arrested on Saturday night last, charged with forgery, has committed suicide. It is surmised that he jumped overboard from the steamer Puritan, which plies between New York and New Haven, during the evening of July 25th. A passenger registering as Josiah Sullivan was missing on July 25th, and in his stateroom a letter was found stating he was deeply involved financially, and that he had resolved to end his life. He was a native of Montreal.

Let friendship creep gently to a bright; if it rush to it it may soon run itself out of breath.—Fuller.

Sporting News.

YACHTING. (Associated Press.) London, July 28.—The departure of the Shamrock from the Clyde for New York is fixed for Tuesday. The outfitting of the American Cup challenger will be finished on Monday, and her competitor will be adjusted for an early start on the following day. Capt. Archie Hogarth will sail her. The strengthening of the hull has been a complete success, making her thoroughly seaworthy.

THE SHAMROCK'S CHANCE. London, July 27.—A long article on the Shamrock's chances in the Cup races appears in the Yachting World. Starting upon the assumption that the Vigilant, of the west coast this morning, brought news of a new coal strike which promises to add to the rapidly growing industries of the coast, a mine capable of making big shipments monthly. The coal was found near Quatsino, on the property of the West Vancouver Commercial Company, and about four miles from their present workings. A six foot seam of likely looking coal has been found about six feet down. It is close to the salt water and runs from a short distance above high water to some distance below. A number of men are taking out coal there for the company. The find is not a new one, for some sinkings were made there before. The officers of the Queen City gave the new found coal a test, and they speak very highly of it. Fifteen tons of the surface pickings were loaded and used on the voyage down. It gave every satisfaction to the engineers, who hope for great things from the coal mine. There was little smoke from it and comparatively little ash. Philip Howe, manager of the West Vancouver Commercial Company, says the properties at Quatsino, was a passenger down by the steamer.

THE FIRST CRUISE. The fleet of the Victoria Yacht Club will leave tomorrow for Albert Head on a cruise, the senior officer taking command. Some of the boats will leave at 7 p. m. on the balance of the day. Those arriving first will light a fire on the rocks as a beacon for those coming late. A good number of singers and musical instruments will be along with the fleet, and a good time is expected. The fleet will leave Albert Head on Sunday morning and a short race will take place, running out towards Race Point and back again. After spending an enjoyable day the fleet will leave for home about 4 p. m., reaching Victoria about 5 p. m. An interesting ceremony will take place some day next week when the prizes will be presented to the winners of the series of races which will be the next attraction. SEAWANAKA CUP CONTEST. Montreal, July 28.—In the race for the Seawanaka Cup, the Constance won by 2 minutes and 15 seconds.

CRICKET. TOURNAMENT AT WINNIPEG. Winnipeg, July 27.—The Manitoba team to-day defeated Chicago in a single innings game, by 134 to 57. Omaha defeated Minnesota in a single innings, by 100 to 42. The Manitoba team became the champions of the Northwestern Association having three wins and two losses, and Minnesota the straight losers. The international match between teams picked from the United States and Canada opens to-morrow.

LACROSSE. INTERMEDIATE GAME TO-MORROW. The James Bays and the Victoria Wests play the second league game for the Memorial Cup at the stadium ground to-morrow afternoon at 3 p. m. This game promises to be well contested, as both teams have been considerably strengthened by the addition of several new players, and have been practicing hard for the coming match. The Bays will line up as follows: Simpson, goal; Lorimer, point; Northcott, cover point; Mills, left defence; Cox, left defence; Medina, 3rd defence; McMillan, centre; Kennedy, 3rd defence; McDonald, 2nd home; Welsh, 1st home; Finlayson, outside home; Jesse, inside home; McCannell and McDonald, spare men.

BASEBALL. MAPLE LEAFS FOR NANAIMO. To-morrow the baseball players of the Maple Leaf club will have gratified an ambition they have cherished for some months to arrange a game with the Victoria team. The game will be held at the Victoria ground, and will be under the patronage of the Governor-General of Canada. This means that it will be practically the greatest social event of the year, as the doings of the vic-regal court are followed with much interest. The arrangements being made for the reception of the excellencies are of the most elaborate character, and the opening day will be a gala one. Judging from present advice and enquiries for accommodation over forty thousand strangers will be in Montreal during "wheel week."

THE MIPLE. FOURTH LEAGUE MATCH TO-MORROW. At Claver Point range to-morrow the fourth match in the Military Rifle League series will be shot off. The forenoon's firing will commence at six o'clock, continue until eight o'clock, and will be under the direction of Corps Fitcher. Capt. Binchard will direct the shooting in the afternoon, which will take place from two o'clock until six o'clock.

THE OAR. ARGONAUTS RETURN. New York, July 28.—The representative oarsmen of the Argonaut Club, of Toronto, who took part in the Henley race, arrived here today. All are in good health, and greatly enjoyed the trip across the ocean. They leave to-night for Toronto.

The Question of Lynching

Decision of Georgia Justices May Increase the Number of Cases. (Associated Press.) Chicago, Ill., July 28.—A special from Atlanta, Ga., says it is feared a decision rendered by the Supreme Court of Georgia will result in an increase of lynching in the state. The case was that of Dorsey vs. the State, and came up from Carroll county. The Supreme Court split up on the decision, the justices refusing to affirm the sentence of 20 years by the lower court for the following reasons: First, in order to secure a conviction for criminal assault evidence must show beyond all reasonable doubt an assault; second, the intent, and third, a purpose to carry into effect this intent with force, if either of those elements are lacking the offence is not made out.

Justice Lumpkin, who spoke for the dissenters, said: "Evidence warranting a lynch in finding that a negro who had conveyed himself by the side of the public road at a lonely point thereupon at late hour in the afternoon, suddenly sprang up with a pistol in hand and rudely accosted an unappreciated white woman who was passing, with the words 'I have you where I have? wanted you for a long time,' whereupon she immediately turned and fled, and he pursued her till within reach of aid, was sufficient to support a verdict of criminal assault; and where such a verdict had been returned upon evidence of this character and approved by the trial judge, the Supreme Court ought not to set it aside."

It will be difficult to secure the performance of the three conditions named, thence the belief that lynching will increase. Four Negroes Executed. Baltimore, Md., July 28.—Four negroes, Cornelius Gardner, John Meyer, Charles James and Joseph Bryan, were hanged in the jail yard to-day. The trap was sprung at 9.48. Cornelius Gardner, Charles James and John Meyer were convicted of criminal assault; Annie Bailey, colored, 13 years of age at her home in Vine street on April 23rd. The crime was particularly revolting. Joseph Bryan was convicted of the murder on April 23rd last of his common law wife, Mary Pack, colored.

Personal. F. S. Taggart is staying at the Driad. Kang Yu Weid and sister are holidaying at Sider. John Wilson, of Ashcroft, is a guest at the Oriental. Jas. W. Mussey, of Red Bluff, Ind., is at the Occidental. Senator Tompleman returned from Ottawa last evening. T. D. Conway, of Chatham, is in the city and is at the Victoria. E. P. Davis, C. C. came over from Vancouver on yesterday's Islander. E. C. Allen, of Dawson, and Geo. W. Parker, of Vancouver, are at the Dominion. Dr. Paul Higgins left yesterday morning for an extended visit to the Kootenay country. F. J. Wheeler, of the G. N. R., Vancouver, was a passenger from the Mainland yesterday. Allan Cameron, assistant general freight agent of the C. P. R., came over from Vancouver yesterday and is at the Driad. Chas. W. Averill, who is staying at the Dominion, has just come from Dawson and is visiting Victoria for recuperative purposes. W. B. Newport, of Spokane, returned this morning from a tour of investigation on behalf of a Spokane syndicate up the West coast. H. A. Lenton, of Spokane, and Lulu A. Reid, of Moscow, Idaho, are at the Dominion. They are making a pleasure trip of the coast. C. A. Vaughan, of San Francisco, and W. W. Hibbard, of Denver, Col., are mining men with their temporary headquarters at the Dominion. J. H. Senkler, of Vancouver, was a passenger by yesterday's Islander from the Mainland to join Mrs. Senkler who is holidaying at the Mount Baker hotel. A party of tourists, Mrs. English, Miss English, J. English, and R. English, of New Westminster, en route to San Francisco, are staying at the Dominion. W. Giles and wife, direct from Birmingham, England, are staying at the Dominion. They are touring for pleasure and express themselves delighted with Victoria and its surroundings. H. Stanley Atherton, the English mining man who has been examining properties on the West Coast, returned from there by the Queen City and is in his old quarters at the Dominion. Barclay Bonthon, the well known mining man, returned on the Queen City from the Rose Marble mines on the West Coast. Mr. Bonthon says every thing is progressing favorably on the property. Mrs. E. A. Carve-Gibson, who recently returned from a visit to England, has severed her connection with the provincial civil service, and will engage in business in Cariboo. Mr. Carve-Gibson has organized a syndicate which has acquired the extensive interests of Messrs. Veith & Bonland at the 150-Mile House. J. J. McArthur, of Ottawa, and his assistant, Ed. Grandeville, are at the Driad. Mr. McArthur will superintend the construction of the government telegraph line to Dawson. At the Dominion there is a party of 34 men, in charge of Mr. G. E. Berthelms, who will accompany Mr. McArthur north to work on the line. The Queen City this morning brought down a number of business and mining men from the West Coast. Among them is Aivla Engvik, bookkeeper in the cannery at Chyokout, who is staying at the Victoria; W. K. Harris, of Alberni, who is also at the Victoria; W. B. Newport, of

The Dawson Fire.

A LESSON TO BE LEARNED. Before concluding any arrangement for shipping your freight from Bennett to Dawson, please write or give us a call. By using our barges you can carry your freight for very much less than what steamboats would charge you. Two thousand tons were shipped during the season of 1898 without loss or accident. Cattle shipped in this way arrive without loss of weight and in the best possible condition for making good beef. On your arrival at Dawson you have your own dwelling, and you can move your goods when you are ready and not before. This may save you hundreds of dollars for teaming, storage &c., while at the same time you run no risk from fire, insurance on route or cargo may be done at our office if you so desire. If you wish to make rapid time we will arrange a tow for you past the lakes. Verify these facts before shipping your freight and it will save you money. Number, boats and merchandise of all kinds constantly on hand at our mill at Bennett Lake.

VICTORIA-YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd. MILLS AT BENNETT, B. C. HEAD OFFICE, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C. BRANCH OFFICE, DAWSON, N. W. T.

Spokane and A. J. Clyde, the latter two being guests at the Queen's. E. H. Metcalf and wife, James B. Gallagher and W. H. Sweet, all of Seattle, came back from a trip to the West Coast by the Queen City. It was thought the gentlemen of the party were on mining plans, but in conversation with a Times man they said they had not intended the trip for pleasure only and had enjoyed it very much. D. and J. McDonald are gentlemen from Dawson who have created envy among those who observed them last night carrying two valises filled with gold, from the Utopia to the Victoria. The gentlemen are interested in Eldorado and Bonanza claims and have brought down the result of the season's clean-up, passing through Seattle to Victoria, preferring the Canadian to the United States banking establishments as the depository of their few days' earned wealth. After spending a few days here they will make a trip East to the Yukon, where they will be returning to Dawson later in the year. Robert Jaffray, of the Toronto Globe, and Senator Geo. A. Cox, interested with Mr. Jaffray in the Crow's Nest Pass mines, are at the Driad. They have been through Kootenay and Boundary countries looking over their extensive interests there and are now in Victoria for the purpose of awaiting the arrival of H. M. S. Wasp, when they will meet Admiral Beaumont and impress upon him the desirability of using the Crow's Nest coal in the fleet. It will be remembered that the Times published a few days ago a favorable report made by Admiral Palliser on the coal.

Wholesale Dry Goods. VICTORIA, B. C. NEW VANCOUVER GOAL CO., Ltd. NANAIMO, B. C. SAMUEL M. ROBINS, Superintendent. Goal Mined by White Labor. Best Protection Island Nut Coal \$4.25 Per ton, delivered. Good fuel for cooking stoves. Best Protection Island Lump Coal \$5.50 Per ton, delivered. KINGHAM & CO., 44 FORT STREET, Sole Agents for Victoria for the New Wellington Collieries. Telephone Co. No. 647. Wharf, Store St. (Sprink's Wharf).

We have the Best Values. In houses and lots in the city, and offer the easiest terms. If You Want a Bargain. We have it for you. Money to loan in sums to suit at low rate of interest. F. G. RICHARDS & CO., Real Estate and Insurance Agents, P. O. Box 462, 15 Broad Street.

Per steamer Utopia from the Sound—T. Lane, Miss Arnold, J. Wandell, W. S. Hasley, J. Skinner, Mrs. Sklener, J. Cook, Mrs. Cook, A. D. Oliver, S. Whitte, Mrs. Whitte, Miss Hanko, K. Tyson, Mrs. Kroy, Jno. Hilbert, Mrs. Hilbert, T. S. Bennett, J. J. Jenett, W. J. M. Sandles, G. E. Moss, J. Stockton, T. H. Morris, J. M. Hill, David Lattimer, Capt. H. H. Hart, E. E. Kellon, Mrs. Kellon, Miss E. Cleary, Miss C. Banks, J. M. Cocking, Mrs. Cocking, A. H. Ames, H. M. Evans, Mrs. Evans, Jas. Donald, L. P. Hudson, Miss Christenson, Miss Johnston, Miss A. Ren, Miss J. Ren, M. O. Menton, Mrs. Lennox, A. Eddy, Mrs. Eddy, Mrs. Von Doltan, Miss Van Doltan, Frank J. Mof S., E. M. Molander, Mrs. G. Pink, J. M. Hill, David Lattimer, Mrs. D. Banks, Miss M. L. Banks, Chas. Cleary.

Per steamer Utopia from the Sound—Clark & Stewart, J. H. Todd, P. McQuade & Son, E. B. Marvin, E. Lester & Co., B. C. Market Co., Berry & Thurston, E. G. Tingle & Co., G. H. Maynard, H. Jackson, H. Young & Co., D. Spencer, W. H. Adams, L. Goodwin, O. H. & Morrie, B. T. Cooper, L. A. Gadsby, Albion Iron Works, Braden Bros. C. Castine, Brown & Co. L. Blank, A. W. Knight, O. B. Ormrod, C. Mackay, Book & News Co., Mining Record, J. Johnston, Bank of B. N. A., J. Barnsley & Co., B. A. Morris.

Personal.

Hard drinks have slain their thousands, but soft drinks have, nevertheless, contributed to the list of fatalities. Instances in proof of the danger which lies in wait for the unwary absorber of the latter class of potations are not wanting in recent revelations of the news columns. Not long ago a man departed this life in an eastern city because he was inordinately intemperate in the use of tea. An incautious colored man in Atlanta took a sip or two of a domestic concoction of alum and water. Shortly afterward he took a fit and gave up the ghost in great agony. A more recent case is that of the New York young man who died after a "pop" debauch. What small boy is a stranger to the many-lined delights of "pop"? It effervesces and tastes like branched water inadequately sweetened, but it has bubbled for long years without being suspected of homicidal tendencies. Until the fatal case of the New York young man his record for harmlessness was unbroken. This victim of the insidious "pop," it is claimed, filled his internal vacuum with seventy bottles of the dangerous fluid per day. And he kept on loading up at this rate for seven days in succession. Of course when such a strain as this was put upon his system containing capacity something had to pop; and so the "pop" drove the life out of him and he went hence. Such is the fate of those who have not the strength of mind to defy the tempter when he comes clad in the seductiveness of soft drinks.

Not all have the physical strength to resist the thronds of the inordinate fascinating to which these apparently innocuous beverages subject the human organism. If temptation come to the thirsty to drink immoderately of tea, pop, lemonade or the colorful "pop," it should be stubbornly and persistently resisted, else the end will be certain and the denouement sad.—St. Louis Republic.

Superfluous hair removed by electrolysis. Electric Parlors, 114 Yates street.

PASSENGERS. Per Walla Walla from San Francisco—Mrs D. H. Wynman, Mrs C. Bowman, Mrs T. J. Jackson, Miss McNear, E. S. Arnold, W. Parrott, A. Mule, T. Bell, Mrs T. J. Field, E. J. Pyles, Mrs A. W. Stanley, C. Vaughn, W. W. Hubbard, G. H. Harris, Mrs Moncrieff, Mrs E. W. Hamilton, Mrs E. J. Johnson, Mrs E. A. Edwards, Mr Edwards, Miss A. McKenale, H. H. Hall and wife, Mrs J. Robinson and child, Miss B. Kingston, Mrs De Ville, Mrs Bathing, J. Gosette, C. Clements, J. Clements, J. Burgess, J. Galbraith, R. Bryce, A. W. Stanley, D. L. Keener, Mrs Williams, F. B. Williams, Miss Moss, Miss Morse. Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—B. McPherson, J. S. Giles, Mrs Giles, Mrs Johnson, Miss English, J. Barnes, Miss Dearing, H. Holland, Mrs Moxon, R. English, Miss Terrie, S. Hunt, A. E. Ewart, Mrs McCloskey, F. J. Wheeler, H. Bryce, Senator Tompleman, H. Barnes, F. G. T. Poor, Mrs Henderson, D. W. Hall, E. T. Poor, G. A. Winch, H. S. Wilcox, Miss Gray, A. E. Lovell, E. A. Spencer, H. Ogilby, Jno E. Todd, J. S. Todd, P. J. McDonald, Mrs Armstrong, Chas Harris, E. C. Ardson, Mr Carrington, Mrs English, J. English, Miss Piper, Mrs E. Lee, A. S. Ives, H. M. Pellet, Mr Taggart, Geo G. Cox, Mrs Mackan, Miss New-

Per steamer Utopia from the Sound—Clark & Stewart, J. H. Todd, P. McQuade & Son, E. B. Marvin, E. Lester & Co., B. C. Market Co., Berry & Thurston, E. G. Tingle & Co., G. H. Maynard, H. Jackson, H. Young & Co., D. Spencer, W. H. Adams, L. Goodwin, O. H. & Morrie, B. T. Cooper, L. A. Gadsby, Albion Iron Works, Braden Bros. C. Castine, Brown & Co. L. Blank, A. W. Knight, O. B. Ormrod, C. Mackay, Book & News Co., Mining Record, J. Johnston, Bank of B. N. A., J. Barnsley & Co., B. A. Morris.