

Choice Canes

In order to get our Gold and Silver Headed Canes at Jobbers' prices we found it necessary to buy in very large quantities. These goods have just arrived and now we have as good an assortment as any wholesale house in Canada. Prices are at the very lowest notch. We would also call attention to our UMBRELLAS. We are now showing some specially good.

Challoner & Mitchell,
JEWELLERS, Phone 675 47 Government Street

Ladies' Shirt Waists

We carry the best garments to be had and sell them for less money than many stores charge for inferior articles. Our showing of Shirt Waists is the largest and most stylish assortment in B.C. Prices from 50c.

During this month the balance of our Ladies' Jackets, Capes and Costumes Will be sold at Greatly Reduced Prices.

N.B.—Statements in our advertisements are verified at the counter.

The Hutchison Co., Ltd.
The Westside, June 7.

We Are Talking Rolled Oats



Have been after them for a long time, and now can supply you with

"QUAKER" Rolled Oats... 2 pkgs. 25c
Do. 90lb. sk. \$3.00
Do. 45lb. sk. 1.60
Do. 22 1/2 lb. sk. 85c
Do. 7 lbs. 25c

These goods are the product of THE AMERICAN CEREAL COMPANY, None better.

Dixie H. Ross & Co.

A SPADE IS A SPADE

and there's nothing gained in calling it anything else. But there are

Spades and Spades

Nicholles & Renouf, Ltd.

Cor. Yates and Broad Sts., Victoria, B.C.



BICYCLE SUITS

\$4.50 - \$5.00 - \$6.75 - \$8.75

Bicycle Knickers
\$1.00 1.50
\$1.75 2.50



Bicycle Hose
50c. 75c.
\$1.00 1.25

FIFTY DOZEN BICYCLE CAPS JUST OPENED.
B. Williams & Co.,
Hatters, Clothiers and Outfitters, 97 JOHNSON STREET

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS

A carload of fine **WALL PAPER** just arrived. A large assortment of the latest designs. Some Handsome Friezes and Ceilings FOR INQ'N PAPERS.
J. W. NELLOR, 76-78 Fort Street, Victoria

WILLIAM F. BEST ASSAYER AND ANALYTICAL CHEMIST

ORIENTAL BAZAR
Bamboo and Wooden Furniture Made to Order
Furniture Repairing.
Branch Store, 120 Govt St, next Victoria Hotel, 90 DOUGLAS ST

FOR SALE—Lot 30x120 and two-storey brick building on Johnson Street, below Government; a bargain; easy terms. One acre corner Menzies St. and Dallas Road; long term; low rate of interest. Cottage and full lot, Chatham street, near Cook; cheap; easy terms.

TO LET—Fine Store corner Yates and Douglas streets; lately occupied as grocery; possession July 1st. (This is the only vacant store on our list.)
B. C. LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY
40 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Spring Tonic

Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites contains the best known tonics for the Blood, Nerves and Muscles. 125 doses for \$1.00.
JOHN COCHRANE,
CHEMIST, N.W. Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
Let Us Fill Your Prescription.

OPENED For Business Again

and shall be pleased to have my old patrons and the public generally call and list their properties. Inspect the bargains I offer, in both business and residential realty. Fire and life insurance solicited. Best household coal for sale.
To Close an Estate.
I offer to-day VERY CHEAP a modern 9-roomed house; choice site; terms easy; immediate possession.

P. C. MACGREGOR,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc., 92 GOVERNMENT STREET (in Ormond's).

VICTOR BICYCLES.

The highest grade possible to make. At the same price as low grade makes.
VICTOR full gear \$65.00
STEAM " " 50.00
Imperial " " 40.00
First-class repair work.

JOHN BARNESLEY & Co.
119 GOVERNMENT STREET.

GAS FOR COOKING

THE GAS CO. are loaning and connecting FREE OF CHARGE Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves.
Fuel Gas, \$1.25 per M. cubic feet.
Stoves can be seen at the Gas Works, Lower Government Street.

AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, JUNE 8
At City Auction Mart, 73 Yates Street.

Furniture and Effects
Parlor Suite, Bedroom Sets and Bedsteads, Wire and Box Mattresses, Pictures, Oak, Bamboo, Arm and other Chairs; large and small Tables; Hanging and other Lamps; Five-o'clock Tea Service; Smith Incubator; Scales; Curtain Poles and Rings; Child's Crib, Desks, Books, Garden Chairs, Wash-frames, Bedside Cabinets; Crockery, Mantels, Stoves, Baby Buggies, Cutlery; Ladies' Jackets, Umbrellas, and other articles too numerous to mention.
Terms Cash.
W. JONES, Auctioneer.

SPARKLING ARCTIC SODA

ANY FLAVOR 5c
HALL & CO., Dispensing Chemists,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets
Ice Cream Soda, etc.

New Ice Cream Parlors

107 JOHNSON ST., BETWEEN BROAD AND DOUGLAS
Neatest and best in the city. Try our Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda. You'll call again if you do.
T. SARANTIS, Proprietor.

BREAD Something New in Bread.

Smith's Machine Baked Bread. Try it. For sale by all grocers, or leave orders for waggon to call.
M. R. SMITH & CO.

CUBANS TAKE PAY.

(Associated Press.)
Havana, June 7.—Colonel Randall paid 193 Cuban soldiers yesterday at Jururane. This makes 1,437 Cubans paid by Randall so far.

TRAIN WRECKED.

(Associated Press.)
Atchison, Kas., June 7.—An east-bound train on the central branch of the Missouri Pacific was wrecked a mile east of God's last night. Between 20 and 30 passengers were injured.

TELEGRAPHIC ITEMS.

(Associated Press.)
Columbus, Ohio, June 7.—The attendance at the American Medical Association was largely increased to-day. Surgeon-General Sternberg, United States army, is to give an address on hospital and hospital ships of the Spanish-American War. He will present Archbishop-elect Christy with a congratulatory address on his appointment and on Friday evening the congregation will also present an address to His Grace together with a handsome gold chain and cross.
This fair should be patronized by all who enjoy a real good time.

The Crisis in France

Senators and Deputies Now Regard the Present Situation as Threatening.

Premier Dupuy To Be Asked to Announce the Government Policy

(Associated Press.)
Paris, June 7.—The Matin says the government has taken steps to demand the extradition of Esterhazy.

Extradition of Esterhazy Demanded—Removal of Military Governor of Paris.

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THE FANCY FAIR.

Institute Hall Transformed into a Scene of Bazaar and Banquet.

It seemed in keeping with the eternal fitnesses that the Institute Hall, scene of so many gorgeous functions, should be re-opened after its removal from the long-occupied site to the new one, with a fête, and the ladies of the Roman Catholic congregation, under the able generalship of His Grace the Archbishop, were just the people to undertake the work and to make it a task of pleasure and of profit. That they succeeded admirably was fully demonstrated by the expressions of admiration given utterance to by the people who thronged the fair last night and this afternoon, and indeed no prettier scene could well be imagined.

PRISONER'S GOOD FORTUNE.

Ex-Officer of the German Army While Serving a Term in Jail for Theft, Learns of a Windfall.

(San Francisco, Cal., June 7.—Richard Davenport, who is now serving a term in the county jail for stealing 30 cents from the poor box of St. Joseph Catholic church, will find himself \$7,000 to his credit in the National Holland Bank when released two weeks from to-day. He took 30 cents because, on the verge of starvation, he was too proud to beg. After his conviction his wife and children left him, returning to their former home in Germany. Several days ago the German consul here received a letter from Lachapelle making pressing inquiry for Richard Davenport, once a staff officer of Von Moltke, and stating that an inheritance of about \$7,000 part of the estate of a maternal aunt, Mrs. Schleicher, awaited the lucky heir's pleasure. The latter was from a sister of the missing man. He was found in prison and taken by two officers to the consulate, where he established his identity as Captain Davenport, son of one of the best and most wealthy families of Arnheim, Holland. He joined the German army on the outbreak of the Franco-Prussian war and made a good record.

HEAT WAVE IN EUROPE.

Too Warm for a Commercial Traveller Who Committed Suicide.

(Associated Press.)
London, June 7.—A heat wave similar to one which is now affecting New York prevails over Europe. Here, the continuing of the hot weather so early in June almost breaks all records. Thermometers in this city have been registering 88 in the shade at the hottest time of the day for five days past, and there have been several deaths from heat. A commercial traveller committed suicide yesterday, saying: "I must get out of the world; I will suffocate."

ACCUSED OF MURDER.

(Associated Press.)
Philadelphia, June 7.—The arrest of Samuel McKinney yesterday on a charge of cruelty to his wife led to statements from his wife that McKinney is a murderer and a robber. Mrs. McKinney told the police that in 1874, while living in New York, her husband planned to rob a country house on the Hudson near Irvington. When trying to get away with the booty he was surprised and killed the owner of the house. He continued his career as a burglar, she said, and was quite successful. His biggest haul was made in New York over three years ago when 2,000 negotiable securities and cash were taken from the residence of John Wendell, 42 Fifth avenue, New York.

LABOR TROUBLES IN COLORADO.

(Associated Press.)
Silverton, Col., June 7.—Owing to the strike at the Durango Smelter, the Iowa Tiger and Silver Lake mines have been closed, throwing five hundred men out of work. It is predicted that operations will be stopped at every mine in San Joaquin county within a week. The town has stopped at Wedge mine, in miners and operatives to agree on the terms of the eighth hour law, which becomes effective on June 15.

SHERIFF KILLED

In a Fight With the Union Pacific Train Robbers.

(Associated Press.)
Cheyenne, Wyo., June 7.—Sheriff Hazen, of Converse county, and a posse in pursuit of the Union Pacific robbers, had another fight with the bandits late yesterday, and the sheriff was killed.

COMMERCIAL CABLE COMPANY.

(Associated Press.)
New York, June 6.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Commercial Cable Company, held here to-day, the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. was declared, payable July 1st. The transfer books will be closed on June 20, and reopened on July 3rd.

The Reply to Laurier

Telegrams Exchanged Between Victoria and Ottawa on Anti-Japanese Bill.

(Special to the Times.)
Ottawa, June 7.—The following telegrams were exchanged between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Premier Semlin, of British Columbia, in regard to the disallowance of "The Labor Regulation," and "Tramway Incorporation Act."

Semlin Had No Suggestions to Make to the Dominion Government.

(Special to the Times.)
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PERRIER'S CONDITION.

The New Westminster Murderer, Who Yesterday Attempted Suicide, Is Not Badly Hurt—Deadman's Island Case.

(Special to the Times.)
Vancouver, June 7.—Sheriff Armstrong is here to-day. Interviewed he said: "Perrier is not badly hurt. I do not think he intended to kill himself, but used the knife only to create sympathy. How he got it is a mystery, but I have good clues, and have every reason to think that I will discover the person who gave it in a day or so. He is attended on his life by made me more careful, and I have now three guards on duty. They watch for four hours each, and then have eight hours off. A guard is in the cell all the time and there is a regular guard outside. Perrier is weak and the doctor will not allow him solid food. A most careful watch is being kept so that Perrier will not pull off the bandages and bleed to death. In case he must be hanged I am keeping Radcliffe until the end of the month."

AMERICAN OFFICER'S SUICIDE.

(Associated Press.)
Washington, June 7.—Fred Pearce, who committed suicide at Manila, was appointed a cadet from Orange Mills, Ark., in June, 1882, and graduated in 1887. He was assigned to the sixth artillery in March, 1898, as second lieutenant. His father was N. P. Pearce, who was a graduate from the Military Academy in 1848, but retired from the army in 1858. He became a brigadier-general in the confederacy during the civil war.

VISITING THE ISLANDS.

(Associated Press.)
Manila, June 7.—4:45 p.m.—Professor Robinson, of the United States-Philippine commission, sailed from here to-day on board the United States gunboat Bennington for a three weeks' trip among the southern islands. The professor will visit Iloilo, Zebu, Negros and Sulu. He expects to investigate the local governments and have talks with the leading natives.

MURDER EXECUTED.

(Associated Press.)
Lancaster, Pa., June 7.—Ralph W. Wirebank, the murderer of David Landis, was hanged in the presence of several hundred people to-day. This was the first execution in this county since 1858. Landis was president of the Centenary National Bank, and the murder committed in April, 1898, was the outcome of a dispute relating to occupation of a house owned by Landis.

RAILWAY FATALITY.

(Associated Press.)
Hamilton, Ohio, June 6.—Chief of Police Peter A. Clare, of this city, with his wife and daughter, Margaret, attempted last night, to drive across the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad track, four miles south of here.

Carriage Smashed to Pieces by a Locomotive Chief of Police and His Daughter Killed.

(Associated Press.)
The locomotive struck the carriage, smashing it to pieces. Clare was instantly killed and the child was so seriously injured that she died in the hospital a few hours later. The wife can not survive.

NUN OF KENMARE DEAD.

(Associated Press.)
London, June 7.—Sister Margaret Anne Cusack, known as the Nun of Kenmare, died to-day at Leamington, near Warwick.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

(Associated Press.)
New York, June 7.—Seven deaths from the heat were reported during the 24 hours ending at noon to-day.

Kruger's Demands

He Wants Differences Between Britain and Transvaal Submitted to Arbitration.

Imperial Authorities Still Refuse to Consider Proposals—Failure of Negotiations

(Associated Press.)
Brussels, June 7.—Dr. Ledys, European representative of the Transvaal, has received an official despatch from Pretoria confirming the report of the failure of President Kruger and British High Commissioner Miller to reach an agreement at the conference just held at Bloemfontein.

SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

(Associated Press.)
Washington, June 7.—All of the information the state department has received relative to the progress of the Samoan commission at Apia, save a brief statement that the natives were disarming, has come through the press despatches. No information has come from any official source to the effect that the three consuls and the chief justice were to be relieved. The intentions of the British and German governments to take their own consuls are known only at London and Berlin, but so far as Mr. Osborne, United States consul, is concerned, there is no intention on the part of our own authorities to remove him. As to Chief Justice Chambers, the Samoan commission so far has had no power to remove him.

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TRY
Campbell's
Invisible
Rose Leaf
Face Powder.

Pure and harmless.
Is the Best.
Corner Fort and
Douglas Sts.



OUR
Prescription
Department
Is
Up-to-Date.

We are Reasonable.
We are Prompt.
We are Careful.
We Buy the Best.

Dominion Parliament

Alaskan Boundary Dispute - Statement by Premier Regarding Bone of Contention.

Misleading Report's Going Rounds of the Press Denied - Legal Rate of Interest.

Ottawa, May 30.—It was announced in the House last evening that the government has in course of preparation a bill to provide for the appointment of a railway commission, the measure to be introduced as soon as drafted to the satisfaction of the Minister of Railways, who has the matter in hand.

The Prime Minister, in reply to a question across the particulars concerning the proposition, and conditions offered by Canada in connection with the Alaskan boundary arbitration, Sir Wilfrid denied incidentally a misleading press report from Washington, in the same connection.

It had been expected that Mr. Flint's prohibition resolution would have been proceeded with during the afternoon; but owing to the time consumed by the opposition in objecting to the form of an answer given by the Minister of the Interior, regarding Yukon matters, the matter was not reached during the afternoon, and the order of business changing at six o'clock, the resolution will not be reached before Monday next.

Yukon Matters.
At the opening of the House, yesterday, the Minister of the Interior observed that he had received the report of Mr. William Ogilvie upon alleged irregularities in connection with the administration of the Yukon. It will be his duty to examine the report, which will be understood, remedied if the evil complained of.

The Tidal Survey.
Replying to a question by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, the Minister of Marine stated that a petition, widely signed, was received in 1880, from parties purporting to be practical seamen, captains of steamers, and others, seeking for a survey of the tides and currents in Canadian waters. Sir Louis Davies, in reply to a further question, asserted that Captain Moore, of the Allan liner Californian, had told him that he attached no value whatever to the tidal survey.

A Mistaken Report.
The Postmaster-General, in the course of a reply to Mr. Quinn, denied the report appearing in the press of a number of two-cent stamped envelopes being printed in a purple color by mistake, and then recalled after distribution to the various post offices.

Must Drop the Side Line.
Mr. Monk had a question on the order paper as to George Pequin, employed on the Chamby canal, who is accused of keeping a general store. He was informed that Mr. Pequin will have to drop his store if he desires to retain his appointment.

Boundary of Alaska.
Lieut.-Col. Prior (Victoria) quoted the Washington despatch appearing in yesterday's papers which alleged that Canada had refused to accept the arbitration award in the Alaska boundary case.

Canada Eastern Railway.
Mr. Foster put a question to the government respecting its intentions in the matter of the purchase of the Canada Eastern railway, which included a statement from the Minister of Railways that no promise has been made or given either directly or indirectly, to purchase the Canada Eastern railway. In answer to addresses which have been presented to the public and privately, by boards of trade in New Brunswick, during the taking over of the Canada Eastern railway in the interest of the government and of the government railways, I have stated publicly and privately that while not authorized to speak for the government otherwise than for myself individually, I had come to the conclusion that I would personally favor the acquisition of that railway if the same could be had on proper terms, and that upon an appropriate occasion I would take up the subject with my colleagues and submit the same for their consideration. I have not made any promise or statement other than the above to anybody connected with or interested in the Canada Eastern railway.

Mistaken Kindness.
Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper learned on inquiry that Mr. William Ogilvie has no connection with the British Canadian gold fields of the Klondike. The government was aware that the prospectus of the company, refers to Mr. Ogilvie as asserting: "That to his personal knowledge there is at least \$1,000,000 worth of gold in sight," and he wrote to the founders of the company that he had furnished them with a private map upon which he had marked places not yet taken up where he knew gold to exist, and advised "that claims upon them, were a waste of money, and that he would be glad to advise them as to the situation of other unclaimed mineral deposits."

The government was also aware that this prospectus states that the company proposes that "an exploration party" shall be despatched to certain districts with regard to which Mr. Ogilvie has given the founders exclusive information and to there secure possession of the most desirable properties already indicated by him.

Bone of Contention.
In reply to the question of Col. Prior, the Prime Minister stated that he was not in a position at this moment to give any information with regard to the contentions maintained by Canada on the Alaskan boundary question. Without making any definite promise, he was in hope that the negotiations on this point may be held before parliament during the present session, including the views entertained by the commission and the point upon which they had disagreed. Without revealing any secret he might say that according to the Canadian construction of the treaty of 1825, the boundary line should follow the crest of the mountains nearest the coast passing over bays and creeks and inlets, which are territorial waters. The American contention, on the other hand, has all along been that the line should be placed as a straight line from the mouth of the strip of territory given to Russia under the treaty of 1825, beyond and above all head waters. The differences being such that it was difficult to come to an understanding, an effort was made to reach a settlement by compromise. This was found to be impossible, and a conclusion was accordingly reached that the only thing to be done was to refer the question to arbitration. Briefly, the position assumed by the Canadian representatives was that the arbitration should proceed upon the precise lines of the Venezuelan precedent. All statements that this was coupled with any other conditions were absolutely erroneous. This was the settlement of the case which he had to make, and he hoped that it would be sufficiently clear to be understood by everybody.

Sir Charles Tupper.
Sir Charles Tupper felt sure that the House was obliged to the leader of the Opposition for his explanation. It seemed to him that it was a serious matter to drive to the Venezuelan precedent, as the British government had agreed in that case to surrender any portion of the Venezuelan territory that could not be shown to have been in the possession of Britain for over fifty years.

Railway Commission.
Mr. Postock (Yale and Cariboo) resumed the debate on Mr. Rutherford's resolution for the appointment of a board of railway commissioners clothed with full powers to enforce the provisions of the Railway Act and to prescribe and enforce such regulations as may be necessary in the public interest.

Sir Charles Opposes the Idea.
Sir Charles Tupper came out flat against the commission idea. The government had had enough experience of government ownership of railways in controlling its \$28,000,000 worth of railways without being asked, as some members have suggested, to pay the \$401,000,000 worth of railways in the country. The system as it exists seemed to him satisfactory enough. He moved that the debate be adjourned.

The Premier.
The Prime Minister replied that he did not thank the leader of the Opposition for the advice which he claimed to give the government in this matter, and no doubt a railway commission chosen as it is in England would be able to deal to advantage with such questions as discrimination in rates and the sidetracking of trains, etc. He pointed out the reductions which have been made in freight rates in that country.

Drainage Across Railways.
Mr. Cassey's bill respecting drainage across railway properties, was referred to a special committee nominated by Mr. Blair, and which that gentleman thought would be acceptable to the various interests.

Two Montreal Bills.
Mr. Penny secured the second reading of his bill to amend the General Inspection Act, and explained that it was a corollary to another act, the second reading of which is down on the paper to further amend the General Inspection Act. He explained that his object was to make specific market quantities, especially in regard to Montreal, where commodities came in, under various guises. The bill was read a second time, with a second one to define the size of small fish packages.

D. C. R. and I. C. R. Connections.
The Minister of Railways gives notice of a resolution to confirm a ninety-nine years lease for March last of that portion of the Grand Trunk line from St. Rosalie to Montreal for the use of the Intercolonial Railway for payment of an annual rental of \$140,000. This piece of line will form the connecting link between the Drummond County road and the new I. C. R. terminus in Montreal.

Manitoba Election Frauds.
A return was laid on the table of the House of Commons yesterday in connection with the Manitoba election frauds, which shows the following taxations: Archibald Hogg, account rendered, \$3,000; taxed at \$2,700; P. C. Wade, account rendered, \$1,200; taxed at \$900; C. H. Clarke, account rendered, \$1,000; taxed at \$1,178; Richard and Markham, account rendered, \$1,020; taxed at \$754; W. E. Pardee, account rendered, \$541; taxed at \$318.

The total of the accounts rendered was \$10,325, and the amounts paid, \$5,700.
In the Senate.

Ottawa, May 30.—In the Senate yesterday afternoon, Senator Dandurand moved the second reading of his bill respecting usury. Speaking to the motion, he said that in 1897 an act was introduced fixing a minimum rate of interest. That bill was the result of the exposure of a case of usury, in which a loan of \$250 was made at the rate of five per cent. per month. Sir Oliver Mowat, in the bill of 1897, fixed the rate of interest at eight per cent., but that was thought tyrannical and too far-reaching, aiming at the restoration of the usury laws. Public opinion in the House of Commons, at any rate, was not ripe for such a measure, and Sir Oliver wiped out everything except that the rate of interest should be stated on the face of the instrument, so as to bring the borrower face to face with his indebtedness. The hope was expressed at the time that this would be sufficient to prevent cases of usury, but it has not.

Views of the Senators.
The Hon. David Mills said the bill dealt with a very important subject. It was one which had received attention in the United Kingdom, where the bill had been introduced by Lord James. Senator Dandurand had called his attention to the existence of the usury law in Montreal, so that in proposing the bill they were not adopting local legislation, but were moving towards the suppression of an existing evil. He recognized that the bill was not an attempt to restore the old usury laws. The old defence for high rates of interest was that the lender ran great risks, and consequently had to charge high rates. He noticed that one money lender, before the British Commission, swore that he was only netting five per cent.—The only excuse for interfering with the freedom of contract was that certain individuals had reached such a financial condition as not to have the liberty of contract. It was on this ground that Mr. Gladstone had defended the Landlord and Tenant Act. He thought Senator Dandurand had shown cause for the remedy proposed. The bill, as framed in the bill seemed high, but it was not really so high as the law allowed to pawnbrokers. It might, in order to meet obligations, and to avoid a suit, be advantageous to borrow money at even twenty per cent. This point, he thought, however, could be brought out in committee.

Senator Bellrose thought the bill was necessary. For years it had been well known that there were great abuses in every part of Canada. He was prepared to support the principle of the bill, but he thought it was not wise to pass the bill as it was, but to wait until the bill might do very well for Montreal, but would not suit the country districts. When a young man borrowed money at a hundred and twenty per cent. the lender was no better than a thief. There were, however, farmers who had to have money at times even if it cost ten per cent., or be ruined. The usurer did not generally want to be known as a man who robbed his neighbor and would prefer a law which allowed him to charge twenty per cent. to the existing law. The usurer would be allowed to cheat the farmer and ruin him under the law as far as the farmer could afford to pay more than ten per cent. Parliament should not allow that. The man who took a hundred and twenty per cent. from his neighbor even under cover of the law ought to be imprisoned. He had other criticisms to make, but would make them at the committee stage of the bill. He did not favor the remedy being left to the courts, as judges themselves had sometimes taken money at pretty heavy rates of interest. If a usurer had to go to court after this bill became law he would be made to make arrangements with the man he was going to rob.

Needed in Manitoba.
Senator Bernier thought the object of the bill was good, but the evil which was intended to be cured by the bill was general. It had many victims in Manitoba. The rate of twenty per cent. was too high. Senator Dandurand admitted this when he made the rate after judicial ten per cent. He thought eight per cent. should be the maximum limit. He suggested that a fine as well as imprisonment be included in the penalty under clause three. He suggested that the bill should go to a special committee.

Senator Primeau thought the bill was well-natured and should go to the committee on banking and commerce where it could be thoroughly considered.
Senator Macdonald, P. E. I., said there was no need of the bill in Prince Edward Island. He thought young men who were such idiots as to contract to pay a hundred per cent. were not much loss to the country. He was not prepared to consent to the maximum rate of interest being placed at twenty per cent.

Headache
Is often a warning that the liver is torpid or inactive. More serious troubles may follow if it is not cured. Hood's Pills are a reliable cure of Headache and all liver troubles, take

Hood's Pills
While they rouse the liver, restore full, regular action of the bowels, they do not irritate or inflame the internal organs, but have a positive tonic effect. See at all druggists or mail order. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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LIPTON'S CEYLON TEA
RICH, PURE, FRAGRANT. The finest money can buy.
Over 1,000,000 packages Lipton's Teas sold weekly in Great Britain alone.

In 1/4, 1/2 and 3/4 lb. canisters. Put up by the grower.

THOS. EARLE, Victoria, Wholesale Agent.

Eddy's Matches
AND GET THE MOST OF THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY PROPORTIONATELY

CARTER'S LIVER PILLS
CURE SICK HEAD
ACHE

Blackheads and relieve all the troubles that attend a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pains in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in cases of SICK HEADACHE, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, Colic, and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, and thus prevent and regulate the bowels. Even if you only need

EXPORTING BRIDES.
France is attempting to promote the colonization of Madagascar with Frenchmen by sending marriageable girls to the pioneers in the island. Each girl who consents to go will be given a \$90 wedding outfit, \$25 spending money, and a ticket to her destination. No doubt many young women will be found who will prefer to take their chances in finding a desirable life partner in Madagascar to starving in the streets or garrets of Paris.—Minnesota Tribune.

The Doctor Certifies
That Mr. Major owes his life to the use of DR. CHASE'S Kidney-Liver Pills
A Miraculous Cure After Twenty Years' Suffering with Back-ache and KIDNEY DISEASE.

Physicians have learned to recognize the difference between patent medicines and the great private prescriptions of Dr. A. W. Chase, and do not hesitate to endorse and prescribe Dr. Chase's family remedies for the diseases for which they are recommended.

Dr. Gauthier is perfectly familiar with the marvelous recovery of Mr. Major after twenty years of intense suffering with backache and kidney disease, and certifies that Mr. Major owes his life to the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Dr. J. T. A. Gauthier, of Valleyfield, Que., writes: "I, the undersigned, certify that the contents of this letter, in regard to the cure of Mr. Isadore Major, by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, is correct."

Mr. Isadore Major, Valleyfield, Que., writes: "After 20 years of suffering from backache and kidney disease, I owe my life to Dr. A. W. Chase. I had tried an endless variety of remedies to no avail, and on the recommendation of a friend began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Two pills that night and two next morning gave great relief, and I continued their use, until now I am completely cured. My friends are surprised and pleased to see me well again, for I spent hundreds of dollars in vain trying to get cured. Before using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills my back ached so I could not put on my shoes and couldn't lift twenty pounds. My shoulders were sore. I had headaches and a bad taste in the mouth. These troubles are now entirely gone and what I say I am ready to prove. I have told my friends of my wonderful cure, and many have been greatly benefited by using these pills."

It is such wonderful cures as these that have given Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills claim to the title of "the world's greatest kidney cure." 25 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

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GLASSES ADJUSTED. EYES TESTED FREE.
FORT ST.

J. N. S. WILLIAMS, ENGINEER,
Is prepared to supply and erect in working order Mining, Milling and Metallurgical Machinery by the best makers; Hand, Pover and Diamond Rock Drills a specialty. Office: 14 Board of Trade build.

CARPETS CLEANED AND COLORS RESTORED.
Furniture removed and packed for shipment. Works over Louvre Saloon, 9 Johnson street. Postal orders promptly attended to.

GEORGE EDMONDS.

ANDREW SHERET, Plumber
192 FORT ST.
Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitting.

REMOVAL.
The San Francisco Baths remove on Monday from Government street to No. 9 Twente avenue. Mr. Geiger, who thanksgiving his clients for their past patronage would be pleased to have them transfer it to his successor at the new stand.

FOR SALE - AT A BARGAIN
Three shre claims in Sooke district. For particulars apply to
D. CAMPBELL, Esq., 101 B. C.

New System in Schools

Equalization of Teachers' Burdens To Be Secured—More Classes.

Schools to Close June 23rd—No Per Capita Grant For Holidays.

The Board of School Trustees held their regular meeting yesterday afternoon in the board room at the City Hall, there being present at the commencement Trustees Mrs. William Grant, and Messrs. Marchant, Belyea, the Hall, Secretary Eaton being also in attendance. In the absence of Chairman McMicking, Mr. Belyea was chosen to preside and the first business was the reading of the minutes of the last meeting which were duly adopted.

The batch of correspondence opened with the following important announcement from the Superintendent of Education:

"The per capita grant of \$10 per head made to the city districts under the provisions of section 2 of the Public School Act, and based upon the average actual daily attendance for the half-year preceding the payment, shall in future be based upon the average daily attendance, as determined by the division of the total actual daily attendance by the number of days during the half-year that each division of a school should have been in session as required by the rules and regulations for the government of the public schools, an exception being made where any school has been closed on account of the prevalence of an epidemic."

Trustee Marchant moved that the letter be received and spread on the minutes, and in view of the importance of the matter mentioned that a copy be supplied to each member of the board. Carried.

Miss McLean, of the South Park school, applied for leave of absence for the remaining two weeks of the term on account of ill health. Secretary Eaton explained that Miss McLean had amplified the letter to him, and anticipating the consent of the board he had arranged for Miss Marchant to act as substitute for Miss McLean. Trustee Hall moved that the request be granted and the motion carried without discussion.

The janitor of the South Park school made a modest request for two lanterns for use in the basement, those in use being in an unserviceable condition. To the supply committee.

Miss Agnes Deans-Cameron, principal of the South Park school, again called attention of the board to the request made by her for an equalization of her salary with that paid the principal of her services are not satisfactory, she would respectfully but urgently ask that the reasons for dissatisfaction be plainly stated. If her services were acceptable she urged that she should receive the same salary as that paid to another for equal service.

Trustee Dr. Hall moved that the communication be received and filed and that Miss Cameron be informed it is not the intention of the board to make any change in salaries at present. Dr. Hall said so far as he was personally concerned he had no fault to find with Miss Cameron's work and he believed she understood there was no complaint.

Trustee Marchant briefly seconded the motion and Trustee Belyea, in the chair, said he did not read the letter as a whole, a very proper one. It would seem that Miss Cameron takes it for granted that unless the board increases her salary they are not satisfied with her work. On the contrary it should be understood that if the board were dissatisfied with the services of a principal, such principal would not be continued in the position.

Chairman McMicking entered at this stage and apologizing for being late took the chair and put the motion which duly carried.

The attendance report for the month read as follows:

School	Actual Attendance	Actual Average	Punctuality	Complaints
High	132	109.04	0	0
West	256	216.67	0	2
Boy's	280	309.09	0	4
Girls	413	391.15	1	4
Spring Ridge	152	131.49	4	4
South	370	333.33	0	0
North	574	516.25	1	11
	2376	2060.39	8	29

Attendance percentage, 88.
Punctuality percentage, 96.7.

The report was ordered to be entered on the minutes.
Dr. Hall asked if there was any communication from the department of public instruction relative to the use of the school buildings for the examination of pupils and teachers? If not how did the department obtain permission to use them?

The secretary said there was no communication bearing on the subject.

Dr. Hall said that whether it had been customary or not for the department to make application to the board for the use of the property of the board. Supposing any damage be done to the building who is to be responsible?

Mr. McMicking said this was a continuation of the old system, but Trustee Marchant thought it was the custom in other times for the department to ask permission, and he supposed that the janitor would do his duty and keep the building locked up until instructions are received by him from the board to grant the use of it.

Mrs. Grant could not remember that any request for the use of the buildings had ever been made, but Trustee Belyea thought that last year was the first time the buildings were so used.

The chairman brought up the question of allowing the city to take the earth from the side of the schoolhouse near the Yates street fire hall, for use in filling up the sidewalk at the fire hall. It was finally left with the buildings and

May Be War in the East

The Massacre of Eleven Japanese by Russians May Mean War.

Sanguinary Encounters Between German Soldiers and Chinese Rioters.

France Wants Land For Destruction of Her Missions—Britain in Kowloon.

According to news received from the Orient by the Empress of Japan the already strained relations between Japan and Russia are not improved by a recent happening. The arrest and summary execution by Russians—without the faintest suspicion of a trial—of eleven Japanese alleged by their captors to be spies, which is reported from Toshang, a garrison town on the Liaotung peninsula, has so wrought up the Japanese government and vernacular press, that although not yet ready for an answer, they may ally the dogs of war and the waters of the Pacific will witness even more sanguinary naval fights than that of Yaloo Bay.

The eleven Japanese who were executed were—

as spies, are said by the Japanese press to have been a party engaged in scientific explorations. According to the details of the affair which were reaching Japan in fragmentary fashion when the Empress sailed on May 29th, the Japs were landing from a small sloop a few miles from Toshang, when they were captured. They had just pulled the sloop up on the beach and were securing it when a number of armed Russians appeared from behind a clump of rocks, and seized them, handing them as a baggage smasher would a new trunk. Some surveying instruments and scientific apparatus and several cameras, which the Japs had with them were instantly confiscated. Some cases with a lot of data and plans were taken from the sloop. The prisoners were chained together, marched to Toshang and imprisoned in the barracks. Their confinement, however, was of short duration, for next morning, soon after sunrise they were marched out on to the parade ground and stood up in the face of a bluff, about twenty paces from a squad of Russians with their Krags-Jorgensen's loaded ready for the slaughter.

The Japs pleaded earnestly for their lives, but the only answer couched their captives, was the rattle of the firearms of the Russians, and the eleven Japanese lay dead, murdered, for trial was not even spoken of.

The Japanese press is greatly excited over the massacre, and calls upon the Japanese government to avenge the dead scientists.

It seems from reports in the Japanese press from Chinese sources that the Germans are not finding matters so smooth as they would wish in the vicinity of their new fortress town of Kiaochow. News is given of—

A Sanguinary Encounter.

which occurred to the south of Kiaochow on May 18th, between a vast army of 20,000 or more Chinese rioters and a regiment of armed Teutons. The trouble is said to have originated over the demolition of a temple by a foraging party of Germans. This has caused the people of the southern districts that rose. One Kiai, a rebel leader, who has before achieved notoriety, raised his standard, and his anti-foreign proclamations brought him an army of 20,000 or more. The Germans went to disperse this assemblage, and the Chinese moved some old brass cannons into position and prepared for battle. But one round was fired, when a German charge captured the batteries and routed the Chinese. Reports vary as to the casualties. Some say the Chinese numbered 200 and some 300. Three Germans are reported to have been killed.

It is thought that Germany will make the pretext for more land grabbing. The vicinity of Kiaochow is seemingly not the only place where Celestial and Teuton met lately in strife. Advice received from Tokio by the Empress says: Several telegrams have reached the government concerning the reported—

Outrage Committed by Germans at Jihao.

Various rumors are in circulation about the matter, and the real facts cannot be obtained as usual in China, where communications are very inadequate. It appears that two or three German sailors committed an outrage on the outskirts of the town, and being surrounded by a Chinese mob, had a narrow escape. Next day a number of German soldiers appeared in the same place with the object of retaliation, and as the result of a conflict some Chinese were murdered. The Chinese officials in Peking believe that the first disturbance arose through the Germans attempting to violate a Chinese woman.

Another account states that since Jihao was occupied by the Germans, a heavy tax was imposed on the Chinese and led to a disturbance. It seems beyond doubt, however, that the Germans committed an outrage on some Chinese on the day previous to the disturbance.

Nearly all the Tokio journals, says the Japan Mail, give publicity to this more apparent emanating from Shanghai, to the effect that China has approached the Japanese government with a request for aid to get Germany out of Shantung. The suggestion is that the Peking authorities have at last been roused to the importance of the dangers threatening the Chinese empire, and to the certainty of its disruption unless some step is put to the unscrupulous demands now constantly preferred by Western States Germany being regarded as the leader in the game of aggression, and Shantung possessing special sanctity in Chinese eyes as the birth-place of Confucius, there is a double reason for the desire to get Germany out of the field.

France Also Finds a Chance for territorial expansion because of the

destruction of the French missionary station in Eschuan, some time ago by Japanese rebels. The French government, in addition to an indemnity of 1,300,000 taels, claims forty square miles of territory in the vicinity of Chungking.

Great Britain, too, is not free from trouble. Rebellions have broken out in the Kowloon hinterland, her late territorial acquisition at the back of Hongkong Island. Great crowds of the dissatisfied have gathered in Waichow and Chinchow, and the authorities have not come out altogether on-top in the meetings up to date. A number of proclamations have been found by the police agents, calling upon the people to rise and "drive the foreign devils into the sea."

Mr. Granville Sharp, a Hongkong merchant who makes periodical visits to this country, in an interview on the Empress, said there was not the slightest danger of the "foreign devils" being driven into the sea. The so-called rebellions, he says, are not representative of the Chinese people. The masses are with any faith. The trouble is occasioned by the Chinese authorities who see their revenues passing from them, as they will no longer be able to squeeze the taxes from the people, while the British flag flies over them.

The Chinese vernacular papers say two mandarins who were sent by the viceroy to enquire into the origin of the disturbances in the Kowloon new territory and to interview the English authorities, have returned to Canton and have reported to the viceroy that the rebellion has been suppressed and that there is no fear of any further outbreak. The report is not published in full, and what the delegates had to say as to the origin of the disturbance does not appear. It is further stated that three hundred Chinese soldiers remain in the new territory for the preservation of order, but what is presumably meant is that there are Chinese troops stationed on the other side of the frontier.

The Universal Gazette says that a mob of Chinese recently demolished some missionary buildings at Tai ping district in Taichow. The trouble was instigated by a local military graduate who had a grudge against one of the missionaries. The mob hoisted flags with the characters Pao Ching-mieh, Chiao, meaning "protect the Chinese dynasty and destroy all missionaries." The missionaries being at a distance from the town, the mob set out to quell further disturbance. What steps have been taken since have not yet been made known, but it is reported that the high officials have decided to compel all who took part in the disturbance to make good the damage.

Revolt in Kwangtung.

A local rising has occurred in Feng-shi, Kwangtung, from 1,000 to 5,000 men, mostly Chowchow men, having gathered against the authorities. Several villages outside the district have been plundered, and the rebels are only held in check by the village volunteers. On May 8th a battalion of troops sent from Canton arrived at Shanhai. They will reinforce all the districts and the rebels' strongholds.

IT MERITS ATTENTION.

A New Preparation Which Cures Dyspepsia and Stomach Trouble.

Remarkable Curative Properties.

A new remedy, which may revolutionize the treatment of stomach troubles, has recently been prepared. It is a simple, safe, and effective preparation, which cures all forms of indigestion, heartburn, and other troubles, with which nine-tenths of our nation are afflicted.

The remedy is in the form of pleasant tasting tablets or lozenges, containing vegetable and fruit essences, pure and simple. It is free from all impurities, and is a safe and effective preparation, which cures all forms of indigestion, heartburn, and other troubles, with which nine-tenths of our nation are afflicted.

Many interesting experiments made with these tablets show that they possess remarkable digestive power, and are able to thoroughly digest 3,000 times its own weight of lean meat, eggs, oatmeal or similar wholesome foods; these tablets do not act on the bowels like after-dinner pills, nor in fact do they act upon any particular organ of the body, but they simply perform the work of digestion, thus giving the weak stomach the power to digest its food, and to recover its normal strength. This is the reason why many pretended cures have signally failed; they do not furnish the digestive power which is the one thing above all others that the stomach lacks, and unless that lack is supplied, it is waste of time to attempt to restore the enfeebled stomach by means of "tonics," "stomach bits," and "pills" no permanent good can result from their use.

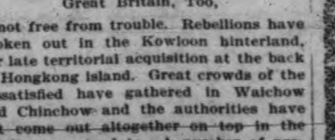
If the stomach can be rested and assisted in the work of digestion it will very soon recover; this is the secret and the whole secret of the remarkable success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, a remedy practically unknown a year ago and now the most popular, widely used dyspepsia remedy, everywhere, success being obtained entirely on its merits, as it has never been extensively advertised.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are now sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents per package; if he hasn't them in stock he will order them for you, through the wholesale house. They are made by the F. A. Stuart Co., chemists, Marshall, Mich., who will be pleased to send information and testimonials from every state in the Union.

The Moors of Arabia and Spain were the first to display colored globes in chemists' windows.

There is no one article in the line of medicine that gives so large a return for the money as good chemical Plasters, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Bachelache Plasters.

ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT A COMPETITOR.



The Superior Qualities of the CLEVELAND are apparent even to the least observant.

1899 MODELS

ABSOLUTELY WITHOUT A COMPETITOR.

CLEVELAND BICYCLES

1899 IDEAS

FITTED WITH

New Skeleton Car Case, New Ball and Roller Bearing, New Light Weights, New Direct Ball Head Spokes, New Handle Bars and other distinctive improvements place them in A SPHERE OF THEIR OWN.

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Montserrat

LIME FRUIT JUICE

No other brand of Lime Juice can compare with "Montserrat" for purity. It has many imitations but no equals. Some other brands have even gone so far as to collect old "Montserrat" bottles and fill them with their inferior article in order to get sale for it.

High class grocers everywhere sell and recommend "Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice above all other brands.

ALWAYS ASK FOR "MONTSERRAT."

A Decade of Exile

T. Hope Simpson of the Indian Service on His Way Home.

He Describes His Varied Life in the Northwestern Provinces.

Among the passengers on the Empress who gazed curiously at the surroundings at the quarantine station last night was T. Hope Simpson, a Liverpool man, who for ten years has lived and labored among the Hindoos of the northwestern provinces of India. When spoken to by a Times man, he was meditatively watching the antics and profuse gesticulations of an ancient but agile Jap who seemed to exercise a great deal of influence over his fellow countrymen.

"That Jap," he remarked, indicating the man mentioned, "is the smartest juggler and acrobat I have ever seen in my life, and I have been in a district where fakirs and jugglers are indigenous. He is the manager of a troupe of Japanese acrobats who intend touring America, and I venture to say that he has no peer in this country. I watched him on the voyage while engaged in rehearsal and he seems to be minus a backbone."

Mr. Simpson is still a young man, with the square bull-dog chin of a typical Englishman, and resolution written on every lineament of his countenance. To all appearance he is still on the sunny side of thirty; but he has seen life in some of its most stirring forms.

Ten years ago while just out of his teens Mr. Simpson left Liverpool, shipping via Suez for Calcutta. There after a short residence he entered the employ of the Indian government in a civil capacity and was sent as district officer to administer affairs in one of the northwestern provinces. Here he was charged with magisterial duties in a country thickly populated with natives and where there were only three Europeans. Two years ago the frontier was broke out, and although not actually on the ground the young administrator was closely enough in touch with the front to give him a vivid idea of the fighting in which many natives from his district fell.

Closely following the war came the famine, with all its horrors, and the executive talent of the young Englishman was sorely taxed in the labor of issuing food, providing hospital accommodation for the starving and diseased natives, and repressing the symptoms of discontent and revolt which accompanied the famine among the natives. Listening to his description of it the hearer could not fail to be struck with the similarity of his office and work to that of the hero of Kipling's "William the Conqueror."

Patiently and assiduously, sometimes for twenty hours a day, the young officer worked. The Indian government spent money on the suffering district with a hand which similar misfortunes have trained to lavishness. And they were not alone in their munificence. From the Old Country came generous contributions which mounted up steadily until the one million pounds sterling mark was reached, and passed. It was in this spontaneous generosity on the part of the conquering people to the conquered that Mr. Simpson sees one of the greatest factors in the reconciliation of the Hindoo to his conquerors, and the philanthropy of having experienced the horrors of the famine, and seeing the suffering people in distress they accepted their rule with much better grace, when better times came, and to-day there is no more loyal and contented subjects in the Empire encircled by the seven seas than the inhabitants of the northwestern provinces.

Another reason for content, according to the traveller, is that Britain affords

Bargains.

Our Sale will be continued until everything is removed.

Great Bargains in Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Etc.

WEILER BROS.

No. 51 to 55 Fort Street.

ample opportunity for the enlistment with the colors of the military natives who are fiery, lusty, and always, fighting men.

"They are bound to fight periodically under any condition," said Mr. Simpson, "and the frontier wars which rage at frequent intervals over there, act as a sort of safety valve, allowing this belated tendency to be expended without damage, and with distinct benefit to the Empire."

The ironical couplet:

"We don't want to fight,
But by Jingo! if we do,
Will stay at home at ease ourselves
And send the mild Hindoo"
is in his opinion unwarranted, for a "row" is the very thing the Hindoo must have to preserve his normal temperature. During the famine, a number of American journals and magazines, among them the Cosmopolitan, sent artists and writers to the stricken district to describe the terrors of the distress for their publications. These were, in almost every instance, overdrawn. Great as the suffering undoubtedly was, only the most extreme cases were dealt with by the correspondents and these are referred to as representative of the general state. A somewhat exaggerated account of the suffering was in consequence given to the world.

Mr. Simpson is now returning to Liverpool for a vacation, the route by the Straits and Japan having been selected for the longer journey it involves, and for change of scene. Although he admits that life in his district is rather monotonous he intends returning after a brief holiday at home, and renewing his labors among the natives of the northwestern provinces.

THE SPRING MONTHS

Are most likely to find your blood impure and lacking in the red corpuscles which enable it to carry nourishment to the nerves and other organs. Therefore you feel weak, listless and listless, and are troubled with spring humors. Relief is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies, enriches and vitalizes the blood.

Hood's Pills cure biliousness. Mailed for 25 cents by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself it is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, the slightest fellow will wait until necessity compels, it and then run his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out 25 cents, the other is out a hundred dollars and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he is getting poorer. For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

On the docket of the criminal court of Atlanta are the names of 27 uncaught murderers.

The Court of Appeals at Albany, N. Y., yesterday affirmed the judgments in four murder cases. The murderers are John Kennedy (colored), of Buffalo; Lewis Pullerson (colored), of New York; Oscar Elias (white), of Westfield; and Michael Melvold, of New York.

Anna Escholtz, the six-year-old girl who has been missing from New Britain, Conn. since Sunday afternoon, was found yesterday afternoon in a clump of trees about one mile from the place where she was last seen.

A floor in Moffatt's brewery, Buffalo, Neb. was yesterday and two men, Gus Zabel and Andrew Louder, were precipitated into a huge vat of boiling beer. Before they could be gotten out they were almost boiled. They will probably both die.

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THE DAILY TIMES IS ON SALE AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES IN VICTORIA:
CASHMORE'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 105 Douglas street.
ERORY'S CIGAR STAND, 23 Government street.
KNIGHT'S STATIONERY STORE, 73 Yates street.
MRS. MULLIGAN'S STATIONERY STORE, 46 1/2 Government street.
VICTORIA BOOK AND STATIONERY COMPANY, 61 Government street.
T. N. HIBBEN & COMPANY, 69 Government street.
F. CAMPBELL, Tobacconist, 92 Government street.
GEORGE MARSDEN, News Agent, corner Yates and Government.
H. W. WALKER (Switch Grocery), Esquimalt road.
W. WILBY, 91 Douglas street.
MRS. CROOK, Victoria West post-office.
GEO. J. COOK, Victoria West.
E. HEADING, Craigflower road, Victoria West.

THE DISMISSAL
It may soothe the agitated nerves and wounded vanity of the apologist-in-chief for Turnerton "and all that sort of thing," to learn that no one really believes the strange affair of the blank warrants was a deliberate attempt on the provincial treasury. What has been contended all along is that it looked painfully like it. The explanation as to how they came there at all is not yet considered by the public to be perfectly satisfactory—taking one thing with another, and especially remembering the sudden and extraordinary collapse of the case for the defence, which was being handled in rather a spiritless way by the Colonist.
The Colonist practically gave up the case at the critical moment, greatly to the disgust, we are assured by persons who have "enjoyed opportunities," of the gentlemen who had so generously fed to the ungrateful organ the excellent quality of pap which was kept in stock around the bay before the debacle.
As for the late Attorney-General's singular method of reading the law to His Honor, it is not a nice subject to revive, and for the sake of the ex-Attorney-General and the Colonist, it had better be allowed to slumber. All that the critic can say now is that if Mr. Eberts did not wish to mislead His Honor there never was on earth a man whose motives and conduct were more cruelly and shamefully misunderstood. And never did five senses of any man play tricks so shabby upon their owner as those of the Lieutenant-Governor on that memorable occasion at the late lamented Carey Castle.
Now the morning paper draws attention to the "fact" that the present advisers of the Lieutenant-Governor have not yet stated and defended in the legislature the action of His Honor in dismissing Messrs. Turner and Company. There has been no occasion for it. And the Colonist has the admirable hardihood to assert at this date that the late election in this city was fought on the constitutional question. A more courageous perversion of the truth has not appeared in the Colonist this week.

That election was fought upon personal dislike of the Turner clique of the Hon. Joseph Martin, and that alone, by means of the most atrocious aspersions of that gentleman's character, by playing on the fears of the voters that Mr. Martin was going to "kill" Victoria and make Vancouver the capital, by resorting to methods which we had thought belonged to a hygienic form of American politics "the Turner faction" (it is nothing more, and never was), did carry Victoria, but Victoria now sees its folly. The constitutionality question had as much to do with the result of that election as the Lewis dispatches about the health of President Kruger.
"No one," says the Colonist, "can honestly say that if the government of the province had been left in the hands of Mr. Turner, matters would not have been in a far more satisfactory condition than they are to-day." The same unfortunate organ also says:
"The province is suffering daily be-

cause its affairs have been placed in the hands of men wholly unfit to manage them."
Count rabid, unreasoning partisanship go farther than those extravagances? This province was never at any time in its history so prosperous and safe a condition. The Premier has practical knowledge of government; the finance minister is a financier of unquestioned ability, and his heaviest task has been the rectifying of the blunders of his predecessor, who is one of the nicest old men this province ever saw, but no more fitted for a finance minister than a parson is fit to superintend a distillery. The Attorney-General has the singular qualification, unique or almost so in British Columbia, of being a lawyer. Unlike most of his predecessors, he is learned in the law, and the late Attorney-General is the man who can write out a certificate to that effect, as he learned more law during the late session, under the direction of Mr. Martin, than the latter has forgotten in his entire career.
It is a business government; they don't care a button for style, or high feeding in the restaurant during the session, or for the film-fam at the opening or shutting of the House, or for red-tape or any other kind of official millinery, by, under and for which the Turner government lived, and moved and had its being. They are the antithesis of the late unbusiness-like administration, and a greater compliment could not be paid to any government.

SHOCKING INHUMANITY.
No story of suffering that has been published in recent times, and the press has been kept busy with such late, can compare with the narrative contained in the report of Mr. R. C. Clute, of the commission to enquire into the death of Macdonald and Fraser on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, last winter.
Already the Times has expressed its opinion of the barbarous treatment accorded to the unfortunate men who found themselves at the mercy of a lot of unscrupulous task-masters, far out on the prairie, beyond the reach of legal protection, but the later details furnished by this report of Mr. Clute, show that the whole story had not been told. Probably it never will be, as there was no Steevens in overalls or Kipling on the tie-gang to freeze the people's blood with harrowing details of the camp life, and rouse public indignation to white heat against the persons responsible for the atrocities.
The history of the Macdonald-Fraser case is too lengthy for publication in a newspaper, but the main facts are quite bad enough. The poor fellows, after laboring in the worst weather and under conditions sufficient to break the heart of a mule, found that their wages were sliced down to three or four dollars on account of dues of one kind and another, such as medical attendance, which they never got, and board which they would have been better without, it was so vile. The den in which the men had to sleep was unventilated till after the death of the two men mentioned; the stink inside was so awful that able-bodied men would not stay in it if they could possibly continue their journey to other camps; it was considered a great kindness by the "walking boss" to allow Macdonald to remain in camp when he was ill, instead of bounding him east to his labor; the drying man sat with-out any attention. He grew worse, and although the dull man could see that he was very ill not a thing was done to help him. "No attempt had been made to send for a doctor, or to isolate the men, or to give them any special attention." It was at length decided to send the men to the hospital. The story of that fearful drive bears a sheer horror anything in the pages of romance, one is puzzled to know which to be most astonished at, the stupidity and callous indifference of the persons who had charge of the removal of the men, or the marvelous endurance of the patients under difficulties so distressing. The crowd was so intense that even the hardy driver of the team conveying the men to the hospital said he could hardly stand it. The cutting wind which found its way through his comfortable wrappings blew the thin blankets off the sufferers in the bottom of the wagon, and left them exposed to the full inclemency of the weather. Here is one of the concluding paragraphs of the report:
"From the time the men were taken sick until their death they had no chance for their life. At no time, in no place, did they receive that reasonable care and attention, having regard to their condition and the nature of the case, that they were entitled to. All the doctors are unanimous that their journey to 7th Sid-ing, and their lack of proper treatment on the road and when they arrived there, accelerated, if it did not cause, their death. Why was the doctor not sent for? Why were they sent out without a doctor's certificate, or at all? Why was not a doctor summoned at Bull's Head, and why were they sent forward without the doctor's order? Why the utter lack of proper care and treatment when they arrived at 7th Sidling? They had paid for medical service at a rate fixed by the company. Why, in their utmost need, had they not received it?"

The commissioner says that the C.P.R. afforded every facility for the investigation, and promptly complied with all requests for the production of papers and documents bearing upon the matter. This is the only humorous statement in a very sad report. The recommendations of the commissioner that the government rigidly supervise the operations of those large and irresponsible corporations, and compel them to treat men humanely, to provide necessary hospital accommodation, and see to it that the common laws of

decency are observed in the camps, will meet with the hearty endorsement of the people of Canada. It was indeed time that those bullying contractors and the soulless monopolists who engage them were made to feel that there is a power greater than their own in this country. It is no exaggeration to say that somebody ought to have been hanged for the death of those two poor men. In place of the hanging there should be henceforth a stern grip maintained upon the companies and corporations which have large bodies of workmen under their care.
Regarding the attitude of the American press and people toward the Alaska boundary dispute, it will greatly help our readers to understand it to remember that to the vast majority of our neighbors Alaska proper begins where the State of Washington ends; that by thousands they believe is believed to belong to the States, and that the contention of Great Britain as to the boundary is quite new and is without any other foundation than a desire for more territory. The utter ignorance of the average American as to the facts in the Alaska boundary dispute is unquestionable, but fortunately the gentlemen who are representing the American people in the matter are profoundly informed on the subject, and if they are true to their consciences and would rather do right than gain a kingdom unjustly, Canada has nothing to fear as to the issue.
Captain Clyde P. Wooley should be informed at once there is no room for doubt the warlike preparations of Japan are being made with the intention of attacking this province, especially the Attorney-General, for his anti act. Captain Wooley should be called home instantly to take command the Chloride of Lime Fusiliers or the second battalion of the Corrosive Sublimite Dragoons. What a confounding nuisance it would be, too, if the Japs should strike us now and knock out that magnificent scheme of kloos and winter-gardens. Wooley's place is certainly at the head of his gallant Grenadiers, not writing unmitigated political punk from the gallery of the Commons to a paper that does not know how to display it with due pyrotechny, worthy of the matter's literary splendor and lofty intrinsic merit.
Perhaps the morning paper will be good enough to explain (1) what it thinks is to be gained by the newspapers discussing the Alaska boundary question; (2) what effect one way or the other any amount of such discussion will have; and (3) why it thinks the "notion" propounded by the Times to the effect that the newspapers should refrain from showing their ignorance on the subject, is "astounding."

We are persuaded the settlement of the Alaska boundary question will be achieved without the slightest aid from the press, and without the slightest regard to the press. After the settlement the question will present an excellent field for comment ad libitum.
All who desire to see the faithful body of workers who labor from dawn till dark (practically) in the city streets, get a chance to participate in the pleasures which Victoria has to offer of a summer afternoon, will hope that the meeting to-night will decide for early closing, with a weekly half-holiday. The movement has failed in Vancouver and New Westminster, but that should not affect the issue here.
"No one," says an admirer of the United States navy in an interesting article in the June Self Culture Magazine, "has any right to quarrel with Russia for seeking ports on the Pacific." Right, but is that all Russia is seeking? May she not be after the Pacific, itself?
Henry Norman, the celebrated correspondent and journalist, has become disenchanted with newspaper work, and having bought a farm in the New Hampshire hills, he will till it with his own hands, and try to forget that there is such a thing as a newspaper in creation.
Japan's insistence upon the recognition of her people as civilized beings, not for a moment to be compared with the Chinese, will leave the Imperial authorities no alternative but to demand from this and other provinces of the empire sacrifice of local to Imperial interests.
Eighty novels a day was the output for the English-speaking race during 1898. Is it any wonder, asks a literary review, that so many really good novels die with the bad and make no sign?
PAPER MONEY FOOD FOR ANTS.
Hence Old Coin Will Hereafter Be Sent to Troops in Philippines.
Paper money cannot be used in the Philippines, for there is a variety of ants in the islands which eat almost everything and are particularly fond of paper. In a recent shipment of money for the troops was \$1,000,000 in paper money of small denominations. Preparations were being made to send more paper in the next shipment when a warning was given that hereafter nothing but gold and silver coin must be sent to the islands. It was stated that ants got into the boxes, which were saved from destruction only by the greatest care.
As far as officials in Washington know of the money was actually destroyed, the damage done being probably no more serious than the eating away of the edges of notes or perhaps making holes through some of them.
Mr. P. Ketchum, of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

OBSERVATIONS.
The New York Journal says if Canada does not accept the terms of the United States for the settlement of the Alaska boundary question a commercial war will be inaugurated which will soon bring the Kanucks to their senses. The first shot will probably be an effort to exclude Canadian business from the Yukon goldfields entirely for the benefit of the American merchants on the Pacific coast. As the news was first published in the Journal it probably isn't so.
The Canadian expansion policy has begun. The government of Jamaica has decided to establish a trade agency at Ottawa and will subsidize a line of steamers running from some port in Canada to Kingston. The acquisition of Cuba and Porto Rico by the United States has made it necessary for the West Indians to find a new market for their tropical products, and this move has been made with that object in view. A petition for annexation to Canada is even talked of, and even if such a result is not accomplished it will probably not be long before all British possessions on the eastern coast will be bound together in commercial bonds, which will undoubtedly prove quite as strong as political ties.
The losses of the American troops in the Philippine campaign up to a week ago were as follows:
Killed 223
Died of wounds 66
Died of disease 229
Total deaths 518
Wounded 1,585
Captured and missing 18
Grand total 1,985
It will be noted that the prediction that more men would fall from disease than before the guns of the enemy has proved correct; and the end is not yet, for the wet season is at hand.

The London Daily Chronicle condemns the home government and commends that of British Columbia in the following short article:
"Great Britain should be grateful. Poor as we are, we must be thankful for kind assistance. The Imperial Government, as Mr. Chamberlain has just shown, is so hard up, in spite of the suspension of sinking funds, that we cannot afford to take a share in the ownership of the all-British Pacific cable, but are obliged to make conditions which amount to asking for a good deal of offering nothing British Columbia, however, will not see the British Government thus disgraced by its poverty, and comes to the rescue, promising two-eighths of the total cost, in addition to the five-eighths already promised by the Dominion Government. All joking apart, this magnanimous and patriotic offer really shames Lord Salisbury's ministry. The Conservative papers, we are glad to see, express the same disappointment to which we gave utterance yesterday, and we believe the country as a whole will disapprove of a country which would refuse and refuse to join in the ownership of a colonial cable."
The Tuppens have transferred their curses from Major Walsh to Mr. Sifton's wife's uncle. The Tory leader and his son are undoubtedly endowed with remarkable lung and jaw power, and yet if they were to talk all summer they could not convince ten people that William Ogilvie had been guilty of one single act that could be called dishonorable or that was incompatible with his position as administrator of the Yukon.
Does not this read like one of Tennyson's poems written in prose:
"..... Under the shadow of a haystack two lovers as constant as ever were found in romance—beneath a spreading bush. The name of the one (let it sound as it will) was John Hewet; of the other Sarah Drew. John was a well-set man, about five and twenty; Sarah a brave woman of eighteen. John had for several months borne the labor of the day in the same field with Sarah; when she milked, it was his morning and evening charge to bring the cows to her pails. Their love was the talk, but not the scandal, of the whole neighborhood, for all they aimed at was their wedding clothes; and John was now matching several kinds of poppies and field flowers, to make her a present of knots for the day. While they were thus employed it was on the last of July, a terrible storm of thunder and lightning arose that drove the laborers to what shelter the trees or hedges afforded. Sarah, frightened and out of breath, sank on a haycock; and John, who never separated from her, sat by her side, having raked two or three heaps together to secure her. Immediately there was heard so loud a crash, as if heaven had burst asunder. The laborers, all solicitous for each other's safety, called to one another; those that were nearest our lovers, hearing no answer, stepped to the place where they lay; they first saw a little smoke; and after this faithful pair—John, with one arm, about his Sarah's neck and the other held over her face, as if to keep her from the lightning. They were struck dead, and already grown stiff and cold in this tender posture. There was no mark or discoloring on their bodies—only that Sarah's eyebrow was a little singed and a small spot between her breasts. They were buried the next day in one grave."
This was written about two hundred years ago by a man who has since been acknowledged to be one of England's greatest poets, and Thackeray said it was one of the most delicious little morsels in the English language. The poet's name was Pope.

BEFORE THE WIND.
A writer in the Spectator says that a goodly fleet of sailing vessels yet survives, and that in order to see the majestic creatures at their best, it is necessary to be on board one on a voyage to or from the Far East. Their hindrances are many until they reach the southern parallels, where after a spell of "southerly" varying with the season, they pick up those brave west winds, before which they may fly, provided canvas, hemp, and steel are strong enough, and the skipper's heart be stout. A typical instance is the trip of the five-thousand-ton four-masted sailing ship Corythona, in the latitude of Cape Fin, on her thirty-fifth day from London.
The skipper paced the poop, his eye lingering on the horizon, lingering for a sign of the "westeries." His eager gaze was at last rewarded by the vision of a southerly arch of lower clouds, appearing its grim argument above the setting sun. The first south-easterly airs gradually sank, leaving the sea glass and reefal, and a long, regular swell came rolling eastward, in rhythmic march. By four bells the summit of the climbing clouds forming that arch in the west was right overhead, while the sky was obscured by a thin veil, hiding the stars from view. Suddenly a chill breath touched the ear of the mate left to watch while the skipper slept. He stood alert, erect, every nerve tense, ready for action. "Stand by the watch!" he roared; and in response a few dark figures slouched into the shadowy corners where they had been dozing. Then a cool stream of air came stealthily flowing from the mysterious centre of the gloom about "Square the mast-yard," shouted the mate again.
The order was hardly executed before, with a rush and a scream, out leaped the west wind from his lair, while with many a slam resounded the opening of gear being drawn into its grooves. The huge fabric obeyed the compelling impulse and began her three-thousand-league stretch to the eastward.
By midnight it blew a gale, and the skipper was called, so that on his shoulder rest resplendently, blazing himself on the extreme weather quarter, he fixed his eyes on the upper sails with a look of supreme content, although to the inexperienced gaze the canvas would have seemed on the point of bursting into shreds. Still the wind increased, and faster drove the ship, until by daylight she was going full six-knot knots, about the maximum possible under sail.
The first cheerless gleams of the new day revealed an awe-inspiring view. Far as could be seen the ocean surface was torn into snowy foam by the raging wind.
"Fine breeze, sir!" chuckled the mate, rubbing his hands with delight.
"Only hope it'll hold!" replied the skipper, peering keenly aft. Into the eye of the mate, to a landsman, the sight was ominous.
"Ours, appalling. Dense masses of distorted cloud came hurling out of the gloom, which seemed to grow blacker and more menacing every hour. So through the howling day—the big ship—had—searched—straggled—straight as an ice-yaught over Lake Michigan."
At last, so fierce grew the following storm, that the task of reducing sail became absolutely necessary. All hands were called, and sped aloft to the mizzenmast. Scourged by the merciless blast, battered by the thrashing sails, they strove for dear life through two terrible hours of that stern night. A feeble cry was heard, a faint splash. Only a man dropped from the main topgallant-yard. Through a hundred and twenty feet of darkness he went, into the roasty smother beneath, and ere the news reached the deck he was calm and peaceful below the tumult more than a mile astern. And onward, like a meteor, sped the flying ship, "running her easting down."
AN ELEPHANT FIGHT.
From its great bulk and immense strength, the elephant is a formidable fighting animal, and its tusks are terrible weapons. The late Colonel Sanderson—without doubt the "Peter Pan" of Kipling—formerly the head of the Kedah Department in Mysore, once saw the last rounds of a fight between two wild tuskers.
He had come upon a herd, and, while stopping to watch them, with a view to their possible capture, a shaft of lightning and the crashing of bamboo broke the stillness. He and his gun-bearer ran towards the spot, but all they could see was the swaying of bamboos, as the monsters bore each other backwards and forwards in their tremendous struggles. Like the hooped mammals—buffaloes, deer, and goats—elephants charge. The deck of the steamer must be trampled on account of their vast size, and from the fact that, when infuriated, they set up a very creditable rate of speed. The object, of course, is to get the opponent broadside on, so that the tusks may be used with effect.
While the two men stood on an emu-

BABY'S OWN SOAP
I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP COV.
PUNCTUALITY
IN BUSINESS.
How disappointing to find that work is not ready as promised.
OUR NEW RULE, June 1, 1899.
Any one ordering work from us and finding it not ready sharp when promised will receive the work as a gift. We will fine ourselves the amount.
The Province Publishing Co., Ltd.,
Printers, Binders and Engravers,
Near New Post Office.
We don't give trading stamps, but will knock ten per cent. off your bill for cash when you leave order, because we don't need to enter it up then.

ANOTHER CASE OF CANCER CURED.
Let us send you the particulars. Our painless method of treating cancers and tumors is curing many very critical cases. We court full investigation. STOTT & JULY, Bowmanville, Ont.
THE CITY MARKET.
The dealers' stalls have assumed a much fresher appearance during the last few weeks from the fact that the spring fruits are beginning to come in. Strawberries are as yet imported from California, but local producers report that in the course of a week the first of the island crop will begin to come in. The interest of the season has delayed the ripening of the fruit to a much later period than last year, dealers saying that there is at least three weeks difference in the date of marketing the luscious fruit. At present fresh berries retail at 25 cents a box. The apples are still scarce and only a few shipments have been received. Cherries have fallen to 20 cents. Fresh peaches, plums and apricots are offered this week and gooseberries at six cents have plenty of interest. Fresh cucumbers and peas are also features of the stalls.
Fresh potatoes are now plentiful, but the price has advanced considerably. Fish is scarce owing to many of the fisheries going north to the canneries.
The following prices this week follow:
Four—
Ogilvie's Hungarian, per bbl. \$ 5.00
Lake of the Woods, per bbl. 4.50
Lefebvre, per bbl. 5.00
O. K., per bbl. 5.00
Snow Flake, per bbl. 5.00
XXX Hungarian, per bbl. 5.50
XXX Enderly, per bbl. 5.00
Grain—
Wheat, per ton 26.00/30.00
Corn (white), per ton 25.00/28.00
Corn (red), per ton 27.00/30.00
Oats, per ton 25.00/30.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs 4.00
Rolled oats (B. & K.), 70 sack 30
Feed—
Hay (baled) per ton 10.00/12.00
Straw, per bale 5.00/7.50
Middlings, per ton 25.00/27.00
Brass, per ton 25.00/28.00
Ground feed, per ton 25.00/28.00
Vegetables—
Potatoes, per 100 lbs 2.50/3.00
Potatoes (new), per lb 5
Water cress, per bunch 5
Cabbage, per lb 10/15
Cauliflower, per head 10/15
Celery, per head 10
Lettuce, 4 lbs for 10
Onions, per lb 2/4
Onions (pickling), per lb 3/4
Gherkins, per lb 3/4
Tomatoes, per lb 15/20
Beans, per lb 15
Peas, per lb 15
Cucumbers, each 15
Radishes, 2 bunches for 5
Salmon (smoked), per lb 20
Salmon (fresh), per lb 12 1/2
Oysters (large), per doz 10
Oysters (small), per doz 10
Cod, per lb 0/6
Haddock, per lb 1/8
Herring, per lb 1/8
Smelt, per lb 1/8
Flounders, per lb 5/8
Crabs, 3 for 10
Farm Produce—
Eggs (Magdalen), per doz 25/30
Eggs (French), per doz 25/30
Butter (Delta creamery), per lb 25/30
Butter (Delta), per lb 25/30
Butter (Cowichan creamery), per lb 25/30
Cheese (Canadian), per lb 15/20
Lard, per lb 12 1/2/15

THE PROVINCE PUBLISHING CO., LTD.
Printers, Binders and Engravers,
Near New Post Office.
We don't give trading stamps, but will knock ten per cent. off your bill for cash when you leave order, because we don't need to enter it up then.

WANTED
WANTED—A first-class waiter at the Richmond Club. Apply with references, on Friday, June 9, at 10 a. m.
WANTED—A boat. Apply Box 50, P. O.
GOOD FITS GUARANTEED: general sewing solicited; \$1.00 per day; 179 Cook street.
A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER wants a situation, either whole or part time; highest city references, and can furnish security if required. Address F. S., Times office.
TO LET.
TO LET—Five roomed cottage, with garden. Apply 5 James street, James Bay.
TO LET—Well furnished suites; also single rooms; electric light and all conveniences. M. Wait, the Verden, 66 Douglas street.
TO RENT—Office in the Times building, ground floor. Apply at Times office.
FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—Tennis outfit, including poles, net, marker and four rackets for tennis. Geo. H. Jackson, 57 Government street, city.
AT A BARGAIN—The fruit and confectionery business at 125 Douglas in every paying business established. Reasons for selling on application to T. Sarant, 101 Johnson street.
FOR SALE—Brand new bicycles, gent's and lady's;—\$35. John Brox, Douglas street.

BOARD AND ROOMS.
WIDOW LADY, with two small children in support, would like to get two respectable boarders. Apply M. M., Times office.
MISCELLANEOUS.
A. & W. WILSON, Plumbers and Gas-Fitters, Bell Hangers and Plumbers; Dealers in the best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc.; shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 138.
SOCIETIES.
VICTORIA THURSDAY LODGE, No. 1, meets first Thursday in every month at Masonic Temple, Douglas street, at 7:30 p. m.
FRATERNAL ORDER EAGLES—The Victoria Aerie No. 12 F. O. E. hold their regular weekly meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock, Workman Hall, Yates street.
SCAVENGERS.
JULIUS WEST, General Scavenger, successor to John Dougherty—Yards and cesspools cleaned; contracts made for removal earth, etc. All orders left with James Fell & Co., Fort street, grocery; John Cochrane, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver street. Telephone 130.
VETERINARY.
S. F. TOLMIE, Veterinary Surgeon—Office "Bray's" residence, 100 Johnson street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417.

SAVOY
THEATRE.
JACKSON & McDONELL, PROPRIETORS
VICTORIA.
PETER H. SMITH, GEORGE WALSH,
Stage Manager Musical Director
Performers will please address all mail to SAVOY THEATRE, VANCOUVER, B. C. P. O. Box 352.
Programme
For week commencing June 9:
MARCH MILITAIRS and FEMALE SWORD COMBAT.
Metears of the Air—3 DECORATOR.
The Lyric Queen—BEATRICE LORRIE.
The Favorites—CARMETTA SISTERS.
Parlor Acrobats—PRIS COMELLA and BLANCHE LE CLAIRE.
The clever song and dance artists—6 PERI SISTERS.
Empress and Empress of Sketch Teams—SMITH and ELLIS.
Queen of the Air—BLANCHE LE CLAIRE.
The Charming Balladist—KITTY HEUSTON.
The Electric Marvel—KATHINKA.

To the Public.
We wish to take this opportunity of thanking our many customers and friends for their patronage and of informing them and the public generally that we have opened up
84 Yates St., Next to the Fire Hall
where we are prepared to supply their wants with every thing in the bakery line from a bride's cake to a ginger nut, and we trust that by giving strict attention to business and by serving first-class goods we will continue to merit their confidence and support as in the past.
Note the address.
McMILLAN BROTHERS,
84 Yates street, between Broad and Douglas.

TALKING MACHINES.
Just to hand, a large assortment, including the
Eagle, Columbia, Edison.
Prices from \$12.00 upwards.
Large assortment of Records at 50 cents each; per dozen, \$6.00.
Call and Hear Some Talking.
M. W. WAITT & Co
AGENTS.
Notice to Contractors.
Tenders for the erection of two houses on Rockland avenue will be received up to noon on Monday, 12th Inst. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. S. MACLURE, Architect.
Room 5 Five Sisters Block.

A chance to secure bargains may not occur again as at Weller Bros. removal sale. Everything in our Fort street premises reduced.
Some one has ascertained that most of the great men of the world have had blue eyes.

Women Tell Women... English Lavender Flowers... BOWEN'S DISPENSARY PRESCRIPTIONS

WEATHER BULLETIN... Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department... Victoria, June 7, 6 a.m.

Forecast... For 36 hours ending 5 p.m. Thursday... Victoria and vicinity—Moderate to fresh

CITY NEWS IN BRIEF

Use Blue Ribbon Flavoring Extracts... Washing machines at R. A. Brown & Co.'s, 80 Douglas street.

HOUDI is commanding attention... Rev. Percival Jenks yesterday afternoon united in marriage Mr. Charles Casford, of Tbos. Earle & Co's office,

The increasing traffic to the Yukon and Atlin goldfields and the expansion of all branches of trade in those regions have raised an important aspect of business which calls for serious reflection.

R. L. DRURY, Manager for B. C. The Ontario Mutual Life... The Ontario Mutual Life is a guarantee that next week there will be a musical function of exceptional merit.

Smoke union made cigars... Superficial hair removed by electrolysis. Electric Parlors, 115 Yates street.

Lawn mowers and garden tools in variety at R. A. Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

Atwood's Cough Cure has no equal. Try it; 25c and 50c a bottle. For sale by all druggists.

The Verdlet Fawcett's Ice Cream Soda is the best in town. The New-Drug Store, 49 Government street.

The local cycle of Eagles hold a special and important meeting this evening in A. O. U. W. Hall at 8 o'clock.

Get your bicycles fixed up by the old reliable firm, Onions & Plimley, the only practical bicycle-makers in city; 42 and 44 Broad street.

For Soups: Lentil, Bean, Pea, Barley, Rice and Nut, in meal form, quickly prepared.—Health Food Store, near the Post Office.

Newbigging & Anderson, practical machinists, 105 Douglas street. All kinds of repair work promptly executed.

A bicycle gymkhana will be held at the Work Point barracks grounds on Saturday afternoon. Should the weather continue as at present the success of the affair is assured.

The Provincial government are offering \$100 reward for the arrest and conviction of Garriet Leitch, charged with the murder of Fred, Baur at Atlin on May 4th. Leitch escaped from custody at Atlin, on May 11th.

Lee Yung Kwong, of Canton, who has been engaged as teacher of the new Chinese school here, arrived last night on the Empress, and after a fortnight's rest will open the institution. He has been engaged for a term of two years.

The finance division of the celebration committee met last evening to wind up the business, and all the accounts received were passed for payment. Quite a number of accounts are still unrepresented, and these must be received before the next meeting to be held in a few days, otherwise they will have to stand over until next year.

Among those at the Victoria to-day are Donald H. Smith, who has been city passenger agent at Portland for the Burlington route, and who ships for St. Michaels by the Garonne, Geo. R. Williams, of Milwaukee, is also at the Victoria. He is returning to St. Michaels, where he will act as representative of the Milwaukee-Alaska Gold Dredging & Mining Company. He is taking seven men in with him.

Will those who are so kindly helping to distribute the circulars in aid of building a new rectory at South Saanich extend the date to September 30th.

Town Topics, the Vancouver weekly, is to be established in Victoria next week. The paper will be enlarged to sixteen pages, and the Victoria edition will be made a speciality of. Town Topics has been creating quite a sensation in the Terminal City by its exposure of the gambling rooms. Mr. J. R. Bowne, lately of the Province staff, is the editor.

So popular have the weekly excursions up the E. & N. line become that next Sunday Manager Courtney announced two special excursions, each with a number of features at each of them. At Goldstream the Fifth Regiment band will give a programme of sacred music, and for Shawkan the Nanaimo Silver Cornet band has been engaged. The fare to Goldstream is 25 cents return, and to Shawkan 75 cents return, 40 cents for children.

A man driving a heavy team attached to a brick wagon had a wonderfully narrow escape from serious injury last night from death on Wharf street this morning. The team got control of the driver and rushed down Yates street at full speed, turning into Wharf street, where they collided with another loaded wagon. The driver was thrown off and his head was just grazed by the wheels, the spectators rushing to his assistance in the expectation of finding him seriously hurt. No damage was done.

The annual vestry meeting of St. John's Church was held last evening, when the financial report was duly adopted, and the officers for the ensuing year appointed as follows: Rector's warden, Mr. Edward Pearson; people's warden, Mr. Henry Schneider; almoner and church committee, Messrs. R. Sparbrook, B. C. Mess, D. R. Ker, A. Plum-croft, J. Holland, A. S. Potts, A. G. Reddie and A. Tubb. The ladies of St. John's Church were awarded a vote of thanks and the retiring wardens were similarly honored. A committee of ways and means was appointed and the meeting ended.

HOUDI doesn't need a stick in it. Express Service to Dawson.—The Canadian Development Company are sending forward a shipment of express material to Dawson by the steamer Kossuth, sailing from Victoria on Thursday, June 1st, and thereafter will forward shipments sent weekly on the steamers of the Alaska Steamship Company and the C. P. N. Company. Regular service, first-time, careful handling, and prompt delivery are guaranteed. The company also undertake the delivery in Dawson of letters enclosed in their regular express message envelopes. Rates and further particulars as to the service are obtainable at the general office of the company, 52 Post street, Victoria.

Clarence Murray, of North Park street, was riding on a bicycle down Herald street shortly after noon, and came into collision with a Chinaman, who was crossing the street. Murray was thrown off and sustained a broken arm, the Chinaman escaping without injury. The injured man was unconscious for about twenty minutes, and was conveyed by Chief Deasy to Dr. Fraser's office, where the broken arm was set. Mr. Murray was subsequently taken to his home. The accident is attributed to the indecision displayed by the mongolian, who couldn't make up his mind, lumbered as he was with two large baskets, whether to go forward or backward.

Lipton's teas at Hardress Clarke's.

HOUDI is a delicious beverage... How to get printing for nothing. See our advt. Province Publishing Co., Limited Liability.

Come to the opening of Hastie's Fair to-morrow, 77 Government street, opposite Bank of Montreal.

The charge brought against Wing Hing for infraction of the wash house by-law, came up this afternoon, but was adjourned until the 15th to allow the Chinaman to comply with the law.

Prompt and efficient action by the fire brigade yesterday afternoon averted what might have been a very destructive fire. About 5 o'clock a milkman named Clark, passing the exhibition grounds, noticed three boys coming out of the office to the left of the main entrance, and returning about fifteen minutes later saw smoke issuing from the building. He went to the isolation hospital and called up the brigade, which was quickly on the scene and promptly went to work with the chemical engine. A couple of tanks of chemical were used and the fences around the office torn down, thus saving the spread of the flames to the large refreshment booth on the Bowker ground adjoining. The office is about 60 feet away from the main building, but had the flames communicated with the main building they would very soon have spread to the larger structure. Two men were left on guard until 10 o'clock to prevent a possible re-ignition. The building destroyed was valued at \$300, fully insured. A 17-year-old boy was this morning arrested for complicity with the crime of incendiarism, but his youth renders it unlikely that any proceedings will be taken.

GOT HIS DIVORCE. Mr. Justice Walkem heard an interesting trial on marriage law this morning, and in his judgment declared null and void the ceremony of marriage entered into between Stephen Pook and his wife Johanna. The ceremony took place at Twin Butte, near Revelstoke, in November, 1897, with the Roman Catholic priest officiating. No license was obtained, no banns were published, and, according to section 10 of the marriage act, the religious ceremony of marriage can only be performed after a license has been obtained or after the publication of banns, and it was because the parties had not complied with the law in this respect that the marriage was declared no good. In England, the requirement has to a large extent been done away with as mere non-publication of banns will not violate a marriage, but it must be shown that the omission was made knowingly and willfully. The evidence was by affidavit. Arthur Day appeared for the plaintiff, the husband.

A PIONEER OF '88. Mr. Peter Leech, the Well-Known Civil Engineer, Died Yesterday.

After a very short illness and very suddenly, Mr. Peter Leech, one of the best known and most highly-respected citizens of Victoria, died last evening at the Jubilee Hospital. Mr. Leech had been suffering from pneumonia for a few days, but was sufficiently well to be out on Monday. In the evening of that day his sufferings increased and it was deemed wise to remove him to the Jubilee Hospital. The disease increased with remarkable rapidity and death supervened as stated.

Mr. Leech has been a resident of British Columbia since 1858, coming from England with the Royal Engineers under Colonel Moody. He remained with the command until its disbandment in 1862, and then engaged in the practice of his profession as an engineer and surveyor. When the overland telegraph line was projected he was one of the party of surveyors, and when that was abandoned on the completion of the laying of the Atlantic cable, he entered the Hudson's Bay Company's service, taking charge of the Esquimaux post. In the eighties he was appointed city engineer of Victoria, a position which he retained until 1892, when he was succeeded by Mr. E. A. Wilton.

Mr. Leech has been identified with many of the most important works in the province, and his great age and wide experience made him an authority on engineering work. The remains will be interred in Ross Bay cemetery on Saturday afternoon.

A TRAVELING SALESMAN Gives Light Prais to the Cooks on the Road.

Soon after the Spains Grocery Co. of Atchison, Kans., for whom I travel, put Postum Cereal Food Cakes in stock, I was attracted to it and left off the use of coffee and began using Postum. Of course, I had trouble to get it properly made, for most cooks make coffee in a shipshod kind of a way, and Postum is good only when it has been boiled a long time, for it doesn't have the right taste unless it is properly boiled, then any one who knows anything about a good cup of Postum, recognizes its flavor.

I was formerly very seriously troubled with indigestion and frequent attacks of sick headache. I had thought for a long time that the trouble was caused by coffee, but never could exactly bring myself to get away from it. However, the Postum takes its place so beautifully that I never have missed the coffee, but have been very glad to miss the trouble. I am delighted to say I have not had a spell of sick headache since I began using Postum, and have naturally talked it hard to my customers and others whom I meet on the road. L. H. Thompson, Pratt, Kans.

Radam's Microbe Killer CURES INDIGESTION

51 King's Road, Victoria, B. C., October 15th, 1898. I was a sufferer from indigestion for several years and nothing gave me any relief. A friend recommended me to try Radam's Microbe Killer, which I obtained immediately. I find also that its curative powers for burns, scalds, cuts, etc. are truly wonderful. In fact I consider no home complete without a bottle of Microbe Killer.—A. ALLNUTT. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

JOHNS BROS., AGENTS, DOUGLAS STREET

TO SMOKERS Large Plugs of "T. & B." Smoking Tobacco at 25c. Each.

FRANK CAMPBELL'S, Old Post Office, Government St.

Changes at Manila

The Old Customs Being Driven Out by Growing Americanism.

The Escalata To Be Torn Down—Gold Found in the interior.

Among those who arrived here on the R.M.S. Empress of Japan was Hector McLean, a Scottish engineer, who has been working for the Osaka Navigation Co. of Japan, for some time and who now, after a holiday tour of the Orient, is bound home to the Clyde after an absence of ten years. About a month ago he was at Manila and, he said, found things there flourishing. The place has undergone such a reformation since he was running there during the Spanish regime that he scarcely knew it. Every shade that comes in brings a big crowd of American civilians, and new business houses are being opened everywhere. Professional men, lawyers, doctors and dentists are establishing themselves on all sides. They are in and need of assistants though, all require clerks and assistants. It is said that a dentist who went from Singapore to Manila a few months ago has made \$2,000 a month.

The town proper is being thoroughly Americanized. The old Escalata, where Spanish officers roamed up and down smoking cigarettes and looking wise, where an old bob-tail car dragged by a pair of worn-out mules went slowly along at a snail's pace has passed, and now an enterprising American syndicate is bidding for the Escalata with the intention of tearing down the present buildings and erecting rows of new ones. The finish of the mule-drawn street car is also in sight for a scheme is afoot for the establishment of electric railways. When Mr. Dutton was there quite a gold excitement was on. Some volunteers arrived at Manila with news of big gold finds in the recently captured interior districts, and many desertions occurred, the soldiers allowing the gold fever to get the better of them. Without doubt the islands are rich in gold and there will be no doubt, when the news of the finds are noised abroad, be a big rush of prospectors and miners.

Mr. Dutton was in the engine room of the Chinese war ship Chen Yuen at the battle of the Yalor and he tells an amusing incident of the "bravery" of Admiral Ting. When the battle was at its height the brave admiral was found down in the bowels of the ship, lying, with an utter disregard for his long blue silken gown, on a pile of coals, sobbing bitterly. An engineer near by, a fellow Scotman, Dutton said, rendered himself liable to court martial by placing his feet somewhat roughly against the prostrate admiral. Mr. Dutton gave an interesting description of the big sea fight—but that is ancient history.

In Japan, present foreigners are somewhat excited over the new treaties. Japan evidently expects many foreign criminals to come in when the country is thrown open. All over the Empire extensive changes are being made in the prisons. The cells are being enlarged and fitted with bunks. A number of sanitary wardens have recently been appointed. Arrangements have been made for the release of prisoners on bail and for committal for immediate trial.

Mr. A. Stevens and family and Mrs. Dunbar were passengers by this morning's steamer from Vancouver en route to Boston. L. Wakefield, the business agent of an opera company which will shortly appear at the Victoria, is at the Victoria hotel. F. F. Porter, of Amherst, N.S.; J. A. Wright, Montreal, and E. Campagna and wife, Paris, are recent arrivals at the Grand.

While moving to our new store we have decided to continue our great reduction sale of last week. All all is reduced. Welles Bros., Port street.

Miss Mary McLennan, of Vancouver, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. MacLaughlin. Mrs. L. Tull was a passenger by yesterday's steamer for the Sound en route to Collingwood, Ont. W. M. McKenna and wife, of Vancouver, are spending the first days of the honeymoon at the Dominion. William Farrel, James Atherton and John Peppy are a party of Nanaimo residents staying at the Occidental. L. H. Gray, of the White Pass & Yukon route, came over from Seattle yesterday and is spending the day at the Grand. Walter Oakes, the well known railway man of Portland, Ore., is a guest at the Grand, having arrived in the city last evening.

Empress of Japan. Reaches Port With a Large Crowd of Passengers on Board.

A Number of Notables Arrive by Her From Oriental Points.

R. M. S. Empress of Japan, Capt. Lee, reaching the quarantine station yesterday afternoon with a crowd of passengers on board that would have populated a village. The summer travel is now on in earnest, and her upper deck was thronged with the usual assortment of saloon passengers. There were 280 in the saloon, made up of returning ambassadors and diplomats, Britishers whose business lies in the Orient, globe trotters, returning United Service men, bound home on furlough, home coming missionaries and the usual array of travellers that make up the population of the big white floating villages on each important trip. In the intermediate cabin she had 38 and in the stowage 445 Asiatics, 250 Japanese and 193 Chinese. Of her saloon passengers the most notable were Consul General Schuncker, who represents the court of Vienna and Biele-Poeth at Shanghai, and who, accompanied by Mrs. Schuncker, is now bound home on a holiday.

Probably the best known traveller to British Columbia was J. Bell-Brigg, of the big shipping house of Jardine-Matheson of Hongkong. He is, at brother of H. O. Bell-Brigg, of Vancouver, and is bound to England after a short visit to his brother. Before leaving Hongkong he was presented with a handsome silver watch, by the St. Andrew's Society, of which he was president. Among the United Service men were Major R. S. McLogan, of the Royal Engineers at Hongkong. The major departed here and is en route at the Durand. He visited Esquimaux today. Surgeon-General Hamilton, who is returning home to England; Capt. D. Baird and Capt. A. D. C. Shelly were other army men on board. Surgeon-General Hamilton was recently at Manila, but was unable to give any late news from the seat of the present strife. Mrs. Hamilton accompanies him. Mr. Granville Sharp, a Hongkong merchant, made his sixth trip over on the Empress. G. C. Master, a Hongkong lawyer, arrived on his way to England. He will go up into the interior of the province on a sporting expedition before going east. Dr. Stedman and Mrs. Stedman are on a honeymoon tour around the globe.

Other passengers are Mrs. the Misses and Master Jackson, the wife and family of the manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank; Mr. Hepworth, a Hongkong chemist, and Mrs. Humphrey and children. A. S. Anton, of the Shanghai bank, who goes to Liverpool to be married. L. H. Wise, a millionaire Eastern Yankee, wife and children, who have been "doing" China. Mr. Allen, Mr. J. F. Anderson, Mr. H. Best, Mr. Raphael le Brun (who is in the foreign diplomatic service), Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Westworth-Falcomer, Mr. H. W. Fraser, Mr. Goddard, Mr. O. E. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, Le Comte de Jaucourt, Mr. and Mrs. Swan and Mr. Bigby Watson and family, the latter a millionaire sheep rancher of Australia.

Mr. W. Fraser, Mr. Goddard, Mr. O. E. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, Le Comte de Jaucourt, Mr. and Mrs. Swan and Mr. Bigby Watson and family, the latter a millionaire sheep rancher of Australia. Mr. W. Fraser, Mr. Goddard, Mr. O. E. d'Avigdor Goldsmid, Le Comte de Jaucourt, Mr. and Mrs. Swan and Mr. Bigby Watson and family, the latter a millionaire sheep rancher of Australia.

News was received by the R. M. S. Empress of Japan of the narrow escape of a Panama and Oriental liner—the Paranaise—from destruction by a big falling meteorite. According to the story told by her officers on reaching Hong Kong, when the big steamer was on her way from Singapore to Hong Kong she encountered a heavy storm. Soon after passing the Paranaise she ran into a heavy squall, with high winds and rain. The northern wind caused a heavy swell and the ocean raced along as though a mill-stream had broken loose, throwing big waves over the steamer's decks. The great downpour of rain continued for hours and during the early morning vivid flashes of lightning danced overhead and loud thunder was heard. At eleven o'clock in the morning there was a loud explosion and a big black substance was seen racing downward. With a roar it plunged into the rolling sea about a hundred yards from the big liner, exploding as it struck the water. Yielding to the force of the impact, the liner rolled and the water played for some time, seeming to be of a distinctly blue color, and almost blinding. This followed a second later by deafening peals of thunder, which seemed as though the clouds just above the ship were rent. Portions of the meteorite were thrown on board the steamer.

News is given of a serious accident which occurred recently at Manila. A boat belonging to the United States cutter, Charlotte, fell from the deck on to a launch, killing one Chinaman and injuring four sailors. Mr. J. Miers, the representative of Babst beer, was seriously injured.

News comes of the opening of Nanjing to foreign trade on May 1st. Arrangements are also being made for the opening of Pingyang in Korea, to trade. The Korean government, however, is still trying to avoid it, and proposed instead to throw open Seikellu, about six ft from Pingyang. The Tansul-Pooshow cable, which was lately laid by Japan after its purchase from the Chinese government, cannot still be opened to the public on account of the neglect on the part of the Chinese government, which gives due notice to the Great Northern and Great Eastern Telegraph Companies. As the communication department in Tokio is now negotiating on the matter with the Chinese government and the two telegraphic companies, the telegraphic communication on the line is expected to be opened to the public at no remote day.

Reports are published in the Japan Advertiser that on the 18th May a contract for a railway loan amounting to £1,000,000 was signed between the Chinese government and the Hong Kong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, associated with the Government Asiatic Bank—the money is question being for the purpose of building the Tientsin-Peking line.

The Russian fleet in Chinese waters is to be retailed by Vice-Admiral Gilbert, now in charge of the Russian fleet at St. Petersburg.

Do not delay, but come at once, and have the choice of the largest stock of goods in British Columbia at greatly reduced prices. Welles Bros., 51 to 55 Post street.

Try Our Men's Shoes. I do not promise to sell \$3.00 shoes for \$1.50, but I am careful to know that every \$3.00 shoe I sell at \$3.00 is worth \$3.00. JAMES HAYNARD, 100 Douglas St., C. P. City Hall.

A NAME TO CONJURE WITH HOUDI

It stands for all that is best in Ceylon Tea. Use it and you use a standard of excellence.

REMOVED To 97 Douglas Street

We are carrying a very large stock of Ready-made Clothing, Underwear, Dry Goods, Lace, Notions, Silks, Jewelry, etc., all direct from the makers, and we are therefore able to sell at very low prices, as we are satisfied with small profits.

HERE ARE A FEW SAMPLE PRICES: Ladies' Wrappers from 75c up. Blouses from 50c up. Men's Suspenders from 5c up. Lace Curtains, 2 1/2 yards, 40c pair. Alpaca Top Shirt, \$3.00. Lustrous Skirts, \$2.50. Knitted Skirts, 50c. Silver Watch with Nickel Waltham Movement, \$6 50.

THE SYRIAN STORE 97 Douglas Street

SPRING SUITINGS The Latest Designs. The Newest Shades. HAVE JUST ARRIVED.

J. T. BURROWS & CO., Tailors, 85 Douglas Street

Late News of the Far East

A Liner in a Storm—A Meteorite Narrowly Misses Her.

A Big Chinese Railway Loan—Opening Korean Ports to Trade.

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The Russian fleet in Chinese waters is to be retailed by Vice-Admiral Gilbert, now in charge of the Russian fleet at St. Petersburg.

Do not delay, but come at once, and have the choice of the largest stock of goods in British Columbia at greatly reduced prices. Welles Bros., 51 to 55 Post street.

Try Our Men's Shoes. I do not promise to sell \$3.00 shoes for \$1.50, but I am careful to know that every \$3.00 shoe I sell at \$3.00 is worth \$3.00. JAMES HAYNARD, 100 Douglas St., C. P. City Hall.



Watches and Jewelry. STODDART'S CHEAPEST HOUSE in the City. 65 YATES STREET.

Wedding Cakes FOR JUNE BRIDES. Matropolitan Bakery, Telephone 101, 39 Fort Street.

Lakeside Hotel COWICHAN LAKE. The Noted Fishing and Summer Resort of the Island.

For Sale. Corner Store, well located, \$1,500. Two cottages, \$300 each; one cottage, \$450 and one at \$400. EASY TERMS GIVEN. Swinerton & Oddy, 100 Government Street.

CANNED GOODS. CORN, per can 10c. PEAS, " 10c. BEANS, " 10c. TOMATOES, 3 cans for 35c. SALMON " 35c. ELLEN BANK DELTA BUTTER, the most popular butter, 25 cents per pound. BELL'S LARD, No. 1, 25 cents per pound. CEYLON BLEND COFFEE, 40 cents per pound. Grape-Nuts, Grape, Wheat Flakes and best Cereal Foods.

HARDRESS CLARKE, OLD POST OFFICE, GOVERNMENT STREET.

SHIPPING NEWS

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY ALONG THE WATERFRONT

The big four-masted American ship Lancing, which left Departure Bay with coal for San Francisco about a week ago, came near to being wrecked on Point Diablo on Thursday.

and later reported "all well" to another schooner. Steamer City of Puebla is back at San Francisco from the Philippines.

Sporting News

THE TURF

Big Prices For Trotters

Matters in the turf world appear to average themselves all right, writes A. Austin in the Boston Herald. The millionaire breeder lavishes a fortune in his paddocks and sells a colt for \$125,000.

July 4-Double Events, Lawrence, Rea, zation and Independence Steeplechase. Port Erie-June 25 to July 10.

July 28-The Canadian Derby, \$2,500. July 1-Canadian Sportsman Handicap, \$1,000. July 4-The Weland Stakes, \$1,000.

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Bennings, D. C.-November 11 to 30. Principal English Events. Ascot Week-June 13 to 16.

Princess of Wales (\$50,000)-June 23. Eclipse Stakes (\$50,000)-July 14. Goodwood Cup-July 27. Doncaster St. Leger-September 6.

Jockey Club Stakes (\$50,000)-September 20. Caswell-October 11. Middle Park Plate-October 15. Cambridgehire-October 25.

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The Dawson Fire.

A LESSON TO BE LEARNED.

Before concluding any arrangement for shipping your freight from Bennett to Dawson, please write or give us a call. By using our bargains you can carry your freight for very much less than what steamboats would charge you.

VICTORIA-YUKON TRADING CO., Ltd., MILLS AT BENNETT, B. C. HEAD OFFICE, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK.

\$2,000 to loan on Chattie Mortgage or other collateral security. Vents Phoenix Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford. Money to loan on Mortgage.

F. G. RICHARDS & CO., No 15 Broad street, next Dr Ford Hotel.

Outfitting for Klondyke

WILSON BROS.

Have the best goods obtainable for money, and are ready to sell them at a reasonable profit. We have had a large experience in this business, and it will pay you to call on us.

Nos. 76-79 and 80 Wharf St., Victoria.

EVIDENCE IS THE ARGUMENT OF ASSURANCE.

Those whom we fitted out last Spring and Summer with Business or Dress Suits are here again. We have just as good value as we did last season and have a much larger stock of all the latest shades and novelties to choose from.

GREIGHTON & CO. THE TAILORS, No. 15 BROAD STREET

J. PIERRY & CO. Wholesale Dry Goods

Spring stock in Underwear, Silk, Wool and Cotton, Prints, Zephyrs, Fancy Flannelettes, Muslins, Lace Curtains, Dress Goods, etc.

25, 27, 28 and 29 Yates St., VICTORIA, B. C.

HELLO!

If you want anything in my line it would pay you to call on me, or send a postal card for estimates. All work guaranteed. Prices moderate.

WM. P. TURNER,

The most practical and experienced DESIGNER, DRAUGHTSMAN and ENGRAVER on Wood and Metal; Die-Sinker, Embosser, Rubber Stamp Maker and Photographer on the Pacific Coast and in Canada.

Office-No. 15 Lefferts Block, (Cor. Hastings and Seymour Sts.) VANCOUVER.

JUST ARRIVED. Wade's Butcher's Razors

Also Table Cutlery, Pocket Knives, &c. Each Warranted FOX'S, 78 GOVERNMENT ST. N. B.-We guarantee our cutlery 1st class.

NEW VANCOUVER

GOAL CO., Ltd. NANAIMO, B. C.

Best Protection Island Lignite Coal \$4.25

Per ton, delivered. Good fuel for cooking stoves.

Best Protection Island Lignite Coal \$5.50

Per ton, delivered.

KINGHAM & CO.,

44 FORT STREET, Sole Agents for Victoria for the New Wellington Collieries.

Now is the Time

To buy bedding plants, cut flowers, roses and carnations, and plants in bloom, big and choice assortment. Headquarters for floral work.

WM. DODDS, 207 Fort St. NOTICE. The annual general meeting of the Ancient Order of United Workmen Building Association, Limited Liability, will be held at No. 36 Fort Street on Friday, June 9th, at 8 p.m.

J. D. WAHREN, Secretary.

BALD HEADS prevented by using DORE'S DANDRUFF CURE. BARBER SHOPS give trial treatment at no cost. JONES BROS. & CO., Toronto.

The Merchants' Exchange of San Francisco, which has the message of First Mate Patterson of the lost Pelican, which was picked up by the schooner Hermann of San Francisco, has received from the Northern Pacific Steamship Company a genuine signature of M. S. Patterson, first officer of the steamer Pelican, which according to a message picked up on the shores of Portage Sound to China.

Steamer Utopia will land at Breckman & Ker's wharf at 7 p.m. sailing from her own wharf at 8 p.m.

Steamer Islander left Vancouver at 1:30 p.m., connecting with the train from the East.

Steamer Elinor Thomson will sail from Seattle to-day for the Yukon mouth.

R.M.S. Warrimoo is due a week from to-morrow from the South Seas.

Steamer Cottage City is due on Saturday from Alaska ports.

Steam freighter Bonanza arrived last night from Vancouver.

Steamer Nell arrived last night from Port Simpson.

MODERN ARTILLERY.

Modern explosive agents are much more powerful than those formerly in use. Consequently, it has become possible not only to burst a shell in the air at the point of greatest advantage for the dispersal of the bullets it is filled with, but owing to the increased propelling power driving the shell through the air, each of these bullets carries further and strikes harder than formerly.

MYSTIFYING THE POPE.

One of the most famous magicians of the eighteenth century was a French nobleman, the Comte de Grid, whose father lost his life while defending Louis XVI. at the storming of the Tuilleries.

As a conjuring feat he borrowed the cardinal's watch, dropped it on the floor, and accidentally set his heel upon it. The cardinal turned pale, and the assembly was in great confusion.

Some of the passengers who arrived yesterday by the steamer Willapa report that the Indians near Clayouquot brought in a report shortly before the steamer sailed that some vessel was lost up the coast.

A cablegram from Melbourne says it is reported here that the disabled British steamer Forthshire from Sydney, N.S.W., April 26 for Bluff, N.S.W., has been towed to Auckland. She was spoken 60 miles east of Sydney with her tail shaft broken.

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